JACKSONVILLE REPUBLICAN.

ESTABLISHED 1837. JACKSONVILLE, CALHOUN COUNTY, ALA., SATURDAY, DECEMBER 1, 1894.

THE LEADING BUSINESS HOUSES OF ANNISTON.

BELL & WIER,

ANNISTON, ALABAMA,

Corner 15th and Railroad Streets.

Every line of Goods handled in larger enough quantities to make it easy for us to give you the lowest wholesale prices or less. All country produce bought and paid for in cash.

7 pounds of good Soda for 25c.
A 10 qt. Bucket for 13c.
All wool filling Jeans for 9c a yard.
Best cotton checks for 3, 4 and 5c a yard.
One box Sardines for 4c.
One plug of good Tobacco for 4 cents.
For 12 cents you get 2 good Lead Pencils.
The best Shoes for 60c and up.
The best Hats for 32c and up.
The best Caps for 9c and up.

In fact in every line of goods our prices are down to

SUIT YOUR FIVE CENT COTTON.

ULLMAN BROS.,

Holiday Announcement

CHRISTMAS PRICES AND NEW-YEAR RESOLUTIONS.

AS TO

Great Bargains in Every Department.

As we are now making every effort to enable the people to buy

HOLIDAY PRESENTS.

We shall from now on offer the greatest array of array of goods at prices that simply defy competition. We have now

For the Ladies.

38 inch all wool Suiting at 33c worth 50c.

54 inch Ladies Cloth at 48c, worth 65c.

All wool mixed Cheviot Suiting 40c, worth 50c.

Wool and silk mixed fancy suiting 75c worth 90c.

A special assortment of dress goods 20c, 25c and 30c.

Wraps and Cloaks.

A nice stylish Cape as low as $1.75 and up to 16.50.

Special inducements in Capes and walking Jackets, $5.00 to $7.50.

For the Little Folk.

Everything in the way of Wraps, Gloves, Underwear, Hosiery and Handkerchiefs.

FOR THE BOYS.

A special inducement. An extra pair of Pants and a Cap with each suit These suits are from $3.00 to $4.50. Double Knee and Seats, Boys Suits from $2.50 to $5.00.

FOR THE MEN.

Black Cheviot woolen suit for 5.00, seal value 7.50.

An elegant black or colored all wool suit, frock or sack, from 7.50 to 10.00

The very best in business or dress suit, long cut, latest styles, 12.50 to 16.50.

OVERCOATS.

Special inducement for 5.00.
Excellent coat for 6.50 to 9.00.
Extra quality coat, long cut from 10.00 to 16.00.

HOLIDAY GOODS

Ladies Gloves, Handkerchiefs, Hosiery, Table Cloths and Napkins.
Bed Linens and Blankets, Domestics and Towels.
Everything for Ladies and Children.

HOLIDAY GOODS.

In Gents Neckwear, Shirts and Furnishings, Gloves and Handkerchiefs, Collars, Cuffs and Hats.
Everything for men and boys
Hemp, Ingrain and Tapestry Carpets and a beautiful line of Rugs at low prices.

Holiday Goods at Bargain Prices

THE business men of Anniston know a good thing when they see it, and have learned that it pays to advertise in the REPUBLICAN.

WE predict that all will pass off quietly in Montgomery, and that no lives will be lost over the inauguration of the Governor.

THE doubting Thomases are even beginning to realize that John T. Morgan is more beloved by the people of Alabama than any other living man.

THE controversy between Judge Crook and Wickes as to the Wickes' notes will be answered next week by extracts from the records of the court.

IF the Democratic congress does nothing else before the fourth of March, it should arrange to complete the Nicaragua canal and have it under the control of this government.

THE Montgomery Advertiser made a bad break in its fight against John T. Morgan for the United States Senate. But fortunately no one was hurt by it except the Advertiser.

BROTHER SMITH has improved the typographical appearance of the Hot Blast for the past few weeks very much. It is now as neatly printed as any paper in the State.

ONLY a few days until the people will learn through his message to congress what President Cleveland has to say in reference to his new financial policy.

THE REPUBLICAN is furnishing the news, and the people are showing their appreciation by subscribing for it. It adds new names to its subscription list nearly every day.

THOSE who have not already availed themselves of the opportunity to secure the Jacksonville REPUBLICAN and the Atlanta Constitution one year for the low price of $1.25, should do so at once.

THE present legislature should pass a good state bank law so as that Alabama may be in position to reap the benefit of it if congress repeals the prohibitory ten per cent on state banks during its session this winter.

LET the Democrats in the General Assembly in Alabama take the lead in making the amendments to our election law suggested by Governor Jones in his message. Party expediency demands that they do this.

THE people of the county are divided in their opinion as to whether it is best to so change the manner of electing county commissioners as to have each commissioner voted for all over the county instead of their respective districts as at present.

THE Democratic party needs to get back to the old land marks. It needs to close up it's file, get together and fight for the same principles for which the party fought when led by Jefferson and Jackson. It has nothing to gain by changing it's position on the question of finance. The old time Democracy was good enough for our farther, and it is good enough for us.

SAYS The Talladega Mountain Home: "At Pell City Saturday evening D. Carr, John Hays and John Brown, three white men, were on a spree and at about 8 o'clock started for their homes near Easonville. When about one mile from Pell City they had an altercation, when Hays shot Carr through the heart killing him instantly. Brown is in jail in St. Clair, but Hays made his escape from the sheriff Sunday night and up to this time has not been captured."

LAST week in his speech of acceptance of the nomination for the United States Senate, General Morgan had this to say of Alabama's iron interest: "I can mention that single element of power which is supreme—above that of any State in the world. In the iron mines alone, to say nothing of your cotton, timber, cereals and fruits, there would be beyond all contradiction a supremacy in the control of the value of iron the world over. You have in your State industries unexcelled anywhere in the world."

IN addition to the changes suggested by Gov. Jones to the election law, it should be so amended that any voter on the day of election who makes affidavit that he has lost his registration certificate, or that it has been destroyed, shall have issued by the beat registrar a duplicate certificate. Or probably it would be better to authorize the Probate Judge to issue duplicate certificates on filing of proper affidavit in his office. Some provision should also be made by which an elector can vote when he moves from one beat to another after he has registered. These amendments together with the change giving each party having candidates to be voted for the right [illegible]

ADVERTISING PAYS.

No doubt of it, Our last weeks ad of CAPES, proves it. We have had numbers of calls for them, making several sales. They are our "OWN MAKE," and each is trimmed different.

Last week were received new lines of CORSETS and TRUNKS which will be sold cheap and on easy terms.

We have a big stock of RUBBER BOOTS and SHOES.

Our 25c bordered Gingham Aprons now sell at 15c each.
Boys' Waists from 15c up.
Mens' Overshirts 25c up.
Cotton Checks 4c per yard.
Domestic 4c per yard.
Calico 5c per yard.
Bleaching 5c per yard.
Outing 8c per yard.
Needles, 2 papers for 5c.
Pins, 2 papers for 5c.

Bonnets from 10c up.
A lot of Muslin Underwear at 20c.
Men's Drill Drawers at 25c.
Cotton Flannel 5c per yard.
Gingham 5c per yard.
Sea Island 5c per yard.
Drilling 7c per yard.
Thread 2 spools for 5c.
Thread 6 balls for 5c.
Dress Buttons 5c a dozen.
Lace Curtains 75c a pair.

Always on hand, full lines of wool DRESS GOODS, WORSTEDS, LINDSEYS, WATERPROOF, VELVETS, PLUSHES, EMBROIDERIES, LACES, RIBBONS, SHOES, HATS, UMBRELLAS, etc. It will pay you to see us before buying.

LIPPMAN'S,
Mfrs of Bonnets, Muslin Underwear, Etc.
Anniston, Ala.
nov17tf

RUND'S

REMOVAL SALE.

Finding our present quarters too small, we have leased the adjoining building which, after being remodled will be occupied by us after the Holidays and in order to clear up and reduce our present stock we offer our entire line of

Millinery, Woolens, Cotton Checks, Blankets, Dress Goods, Sheetings, Hosiery, Comforts.

In fact our entire Stock. This includes a good line of Ladies and Children Shoes, they must be sold regardless of losses. An endless Variety of

HOLIDAY GOODS

at popular prices to please the little ones. When in the city would be pleased to see you at

RUND'S,
THE PEOPLES' FIRM,
1028 Noble St., Anniston, Ala.

WINTER

Is fast approaching and with the change you will lay aside your

STRAW HATS AND

SUMMER CLOTHING,

and the place to make the change—and the change get the best—is what you should give some thoughts to. Now we have what you need in suits for

MEN.

BOYS AND CHILDRENS'

Dress, Business or Knock-About.

Cut in the Latest Styles.

MADE IN THE BEST MANNER AND

UP-TO-DATE FABRICS.

HATS,

We show an attractive line in Soft, Alpine and Stiff, and in quality can accommodate your purse.

Come to see us. We can please you in

FIT, QUALITY AND PRICE.

C. A. GAMMON & CO.,

Clothiers, Furnishers and Hatters for Men, Boys and Children.

IF the legislature of Alabama will carry out the recommendations of Governor Jones as to the changes in our election laws we believe that it will not only secure fair elections, but will put an end to all this cry of fraud in elections.

THE best way is to act honestly and fairly, so let the present legislature of Alabama amend our election law so as that all parties will have proper representation at every voting place in the state, and so as that our elections can be made absolutely fair.

THE Democracy of Piedmont is to be congratulated on the splendid municipal ticket it has nominated, which is as follows:

For mayor, Emmett W. Ledbetter; for councilmen, W. J. Brock, R. F. Hughes, W. M. Elgin, M. Hardon, Charlie Thompson and John Craig.

HON. GASTON A. ROBBINS, after spending a few days in Anniston, left the first of this week for Washington, where he goes to look after the interest of his constituents in the fifty-third and fifty-fourth congress. If he makes as good record in the future as he has made in the past, he will have a record against which no man can find a fault. Up to now he has properly represented his district.

WHILE in Anniston last Friday, we found the business men of that city hopeful as to the future of the Model City and this section of the South. They are not sitting around grumbling, but have gone to work earnestly to secure a sufficient amount of trade from the country to make up for what they lost by by the temporary shutting down of the industries in Anniston. They are active, enterprising men, and know how to build up a trade.

MR. J. D. HUNTER has been employed by the commissioners court to prepare a new map of Calhoun county showing perfectly the location of all beat lines, streams, towns, postoffices and large landed interests. It has been many years since a map of this kind was published, and so many changes have necessitated the preparation of a new one. Owing to the dull times the court has contracted for the work at an unusually low figure.—Hot Blast.

WE have entirely too many elections in Alabama, and we are in favor of so changing the date of our State election as to have it held on the same day as the national election. Then the full vote will be polled. It was clearly shown in the recent congressional election that the people cannot be gotten to the polls when no one is to be voted for except a congressman. Let the present legislature enact this change, and two years from now we will vote to fill every office from constable up to and including the presidency.

BLACK and Watson have settled their controversy in the Tenth Georgia District by agreeing to have a new election. The following is Major Black's proposition, which Watson accepted:

"I will take my commission as a member of the fifty-fourth congress. But I will resign it, the resignation to take effect March 4, 1895, whenever Mr. Watson will agree, within the time allowed by law for notice of contest, to refer the matter back to the people to determine by a new election who shall represent them in the fifty-fourth congress. I name that date, to-wit: March 4, 1895, for three reasons: 1. My term would not commence till then; 2. It is desirable to postpone a new election as long as possible to let feeling subside and in view of a municipal election in Augusta in December and of county elections all over the district in January; 3. It is probable that by that date a new and more satisfactory election law than the present may be enacted."

THE best plan for the assessment of property for taxation has always been a difficult problem to solve. This problem is now before the Alabama Legislature for its solution. It is conceded on all sides that our present plan of assessment is not a success. Under the plan of returning property by the tax payer to the assessor the result is clearly shown that in many instances farming lands in one community is returned for not more than one-half the value placed on the same grade of lands in other communities; and the total value of the property of the state is returned far below the amount for which it should be assessed. But the adoption of a plan of assessment which will be less objectionable than the present plan, is the question with which our law makers are grappling. The most practical bill which has been introduced so far provides for a commission of three in each county, one member to be elected by the commissioners, one to be appointed by the Governor, and the third to be the county tax assessor. The objection to this bill is the creation of two new officials in every county in the state to be paid out of the county treasury. But it is true that if they could succeed in having all the property returned at a reasonable valuation, the counties could well afford to pay the expense of the two extra [illegible]

CLOTH

FOR

EVERYBO

Never in the history of our busine[ss] been as cheap as now.

Clothing Especia[lly]

You will be astonished at the prices we are away below what you have been to paying. Prices are strictly in with the low prices of cotto[n]

Would you have the most for your money?

Would y[ou] full valu[e] you

Then Come to See

We are offering some extraordinary barg[ains] Guaranteed all wool Cheviot Suit (all si[zes] 10.00, worth 10.00 to 15.00.

Boys' Combination

Coat with 2 Pair Pants and Ca[p]

$3.50 TO $5.00

ALL THE LATEST

STYLES AND C[LOTH]

OVERCOA[TS]

All sizes, grades and prices from 5.00 u[p]

We carry the largest stock o[f]

Underwear and Furnishi[ngs]

in the City and can suit you both in qua[lity and price]

Our guarantee goes wi[th] thing. Your money ba[ck if not] satisfactory.

COME TO SEE

THE FA[IR]

The Republican.

By T. WEAVER.

SATURDAY, DEC. 1, 1894.

The Republican Enlarged.

With this issue the REPUBLICAN is enlarged from a seven to an eight column paper.

This enlargement is made necessary on account of the increased patronage which has been steadily and constantly increasing for the past three months.

While the advertising patronage has wonderfully increased, it has not increased in a greater proportion than has the subscription list. The REPUBLICAN, under its present management has furnished the people all the local news of the county, and the important state and general news, and it has been very gratifying to have the people show their appreciation by coming forward and subscribing for it.

As the subscription list increases it becomes more valuable as an advertising medium, and business men are not slow to recognize a good thing when they see it. Hence the liberal patronage which is extended to its advertisers.

The outside of the REPUBLICAN is printed first, and for this reason we place much of the advertising matter on the first and fourth pages in order that we may have more space on the inside of the paper, so as to give all the latest news.

It is our purpose to make such improvements in the paper from time to time as its patronage will justify, and we hope the friends of the paper in the different portions of the county will continue to manifest an interest in its welfare by helping to add new names to its subscription list.

The Anniston City Court.

We learn from private letter from Montgomery that Senator Porter, has introduced bill in the legislature to give the Anniston City Court jurisdiction over all the beats in the county.

This is a measure in which all the people of the county are interested, and they should have an opportunity to be heard before any action is taken upon it, and we insist that, in all fairness the bill should be allowed to remain in the hands of the committee until after the recess of the legislature. This will give the people of the county an opportunity to say whether or not they desire to have the jurisdiction of this court increased so as to include all the beats of the county.

It was generaly understood during the recent canvass in this county that no legislation would be had during this session further than the passage of a bill to allow all the beats in the county which desired to do so, to go into the jurisdiction of the city court by petition, and we learn that Hon. W. C. Searbrough will oppose any bill which goes further than this.

Certainly the beats which do not desire to go into the city court jurisdiction should not be forced in without having an opportunity to be heard, as this question was not an issue in the last State election.

COUNTIES expecting to have new road laws enacted during the present session of the legislature will not make a mistake to adopt a plan for working their roads similar to the one now in operation in Calhoun county. This law has been tried for several years, and under its operation our roads have been so much improved, and it has worked so admirably, if there is a man in the county who is opposed to it or desires to have it changed we are not aware of it. The roads in this county are probably the best in the state, and are being improved yearly.

BIRMINGHAM is having a bitter contest over the election of her municipal ticket. The Age-Herald is supporting the Democratic nominees, and the Evening News the independant ticket. Election comes off next Tuesday, and the indications are that the vote will be close.

BISOP HAYGOOD in a card to the Atlanta Constitution in favor of fair election, says: "If platforms were perfect and candidates ideal men, corrupt elections will corrupt the people and destroy our institutions. Another thing is true, also. No party can continue to live that wins by fraud."

THE sale of the Chattanooga Southern has again been postponed until the 20th of December, 1894. With General Burke as reciever, this road is in good hands, and we hope even after it is sold, General Burke will continue as manager of the road.

If the Democratic party expects to win in 1896 it must redeem the pledges made in the Chicago platform. The Democratic Senators and Representatives should at once enact the necessary laws to redeem the pledges the party has made.

THE Montgomery Journal in the most unwarrantable manner makes a malicious charge against Hon. [illegible] and branded him as a [illegible] slanderer and falsifier.

[illegible] will be back to congress next [illegible] The people are anxious [illegible] to recommend [illegible] Atlanta Constitution.

Calhoun Schools.

The article published in the REPUBLICAN last week from Hon. D. D. Miller, our efficient county school superintendent, has caused us to give some thought and attention during the present week to our educational interests in Calhoun county, and we find that in the county more interest is being taken now in the education of the children than for years.

In some localities, the schools are the equal of any in the state, and the educational interest is indeed on a boom; while in other localities little interest is being manifested in the education of the children and practically no school taught except for the time paid by the public school fund.

In Oxford, the college there under the management of Prof. Dodson, is the equal of almost any school in Alabama, and has probably sent out more graduates who have made a success of life, than any similar school in the State.

As to Anniston,—when it comes to schools and churches, she is truly the Model City of the South. There we find the Southern Female University with an attendance representing nine states; the Noble Institute for Girls and the High School for boys, two most excellent schools founded by Mr. Samuel Noble; a splendid system of public schools under the superintendency of that excellent, talented and cultured gentleman, Prof. Abercrombie; several very superior private schools. In short, Anniston's educational advantages are such that she can well afford to be proud of them.

At Piedmont, we find the Piedmont Seminary, snugly located in one of the handsomest little buildings in the State, and with an earnest and able corps of teachers, who are building up a school, the success of which is surpassing their expectations.

At White Plains has during the last year been located the Annis ton District High School, and the people of that community, and the Methodist people of the district, have gone to work with a determination to build up a fine school there, and are succeeding nicely.

At Jacksonville is located one of the State Normal Schools, the value of its work being shown by the great demand for its graduates as teachers. They are now filling many of the most important places in Alabama and other States. No better place for a young man or woman to graduate who expects to teach than at this school.

In addition to these large schools, we find other splendid schools in the country. Prominent among these is the school at Alexandria being taught by Prof. Glass. There is no reason why Alexandria should not have one of the largest and best schools in the county, and we believe the people in that valley have now gone to work to build a school the equal of any in the county. Then there is a fine school being taught at Peaceburg by Prof. Persons, who is one of the ablest and most successful teachers in the county. Then at Weavers Prof. Alexander has a school which ranks among the very best in this section. There are at least a dozen other good schools to which we would like to call attention, but space forbids.

While the county is to be congratulated for her educational interest as a whole, yet there are many places in the county where the people need to be aroused upon the importance of education. There is much room for work on this line, and the REPUBLICAN will cheerfully give the use of its columns in an effort to more thoroughly arouse parents to the importance of educating their sons and daughters.

GEN. J. W. BURKE, receiver of the Chattanooga Southern Railway, returned yesterday from New York. "The organization company of the Chattanooga Southern," said he, "have made financial arrangements to buy in the road when it will be sold December 26th, and I don't think there will be any more postponements.

"The matter of improving the equipment, purchasing new cars, engines, etc., will come up immediately after the sale.

"Of course," continued Gen. Burke, "it will take several months to dispose of all the questions now in the courts and to reorganize the property as a railroad corporation."
—Chattanooga Times, 23d.

THE Democratic party certainly has enough unbroken pledges to carry, and the Democracy of Calhoun county cannot afford to have her representatives do a thing which the people understood from them during the recent canvass that they would not do. This is not the time to break faith with the people. If the Democratic representatives of this county do not keep the pledges made the people, then there is no use of talking Democratic organization in Calhoun county. It will be a thing of the past.

As the question of the extension of Anniston City Court is now before the legislature, beats which do not desire to be put in its jurisdiction, should make the fact known by petition to Calhoun's representatives. Those which desire to go into its jurisdiction, should also make it known.

JUDGE CROOK

FIRES HOT SHOT

INTO THE MAN WHO WRITES FOR THE PIEDMONT INQUIRER.

He Attempts To Dodge No Question Raised, But Meets Them All Like an Honest, Brave Man.

EDITOR REPUBLICAN:—

The Washington end of the Piedmont Inquirer has been heard from. He still declines to father his article. The self constituted brave man who can laugh(?) in peoples faces with impunity, but too cowardly to vent his personal spleen over his own name. This cowardly slanderer who hurls his insinuations from ambush howls long and loud, and with great gusto and a flourish rehashes old exploded campaign lies upon which the people two years ago placed their seal of condemnation. He is profuse with his gratuitous advice. I never go to a goats house for wool nor to a political corpse for advise. He need not refer me to Capt. Kolb as an illustration of a political wreck, but can refer me to himself, a less important personage, but a more complete wreck, repudiated by his congressional district, repudiated by his county, and the unkindest cut of all, repudiated by the precinct that gave him birth. No gentleman would deal in lying insinuations, and he knew that when prowling in my office for carion to pick, in order to vent himself upon me for an imagiuary wrong, the records were open for him, and one of the clerks in this office assisted him, and when he says that I ever locked up or denied the record to any body, he lies wilfully and maliciously. On asking Mr. Hall for certain papers, when told by Mr. Hall that he did not know exactly where to find them, intimated that he had rather not find them. Now why was this, because he had rather lie about it as in the case of the record and say they were denied him? I repeatedly told Mr. Hall and Mr. Clemmons to give him all the assistance he asked for, because he had repeatedly said that he intended injuring me on account of a personal difficulty between us, and because I made him leave my presence and forbade his ever speaking to me again, and I wanted him to have all the information asked for. Every act of mine since I have been Probate Judge is of record, and speaks for itself, and not one of them do I object to the public knowing.

He pours out his ruth upon the Probate Judge and his "henchmen" and when cornered, with the facts, backs like a crawfish, and attempt to exonerate two of the commissioners, and condemn the others. Why is two of them not guilty, and two are guilty for doing a thing on which the court was unanimous? If one is guilty, all are guilty, and this attempt of yours to divide the court will fail, because they see through your flimsy exoneration, and you will find the court still "unanimous" in its condemnation of your dirty attempt to blacken their good names. This self asserted brave man who wants to fight, but when his face was slapped on more than one occasion in the town of Jacksonville, did not resent it, but took it like a cowardly cur. This brave man who sings his own praises, when scathed as never man was scathed before, by the Hot Blast the past summer for a vindictive attack upon a friend of that paper, took it like a little man, never opened his mouth. Oh yes, a brave man to shoot and run, this bully and street fighter who "laughs in people's faces"(?) and then walks the street loaded down with an arsenal to protect him from "boogers" and "sights" originating from an over excited and diseased brain.

The only part that I ever took in the contract for the county printing was to insist upon the court allowing you to keep it, and it was through my effort that the bids to which you allude were never opened. I insisted that the court could not break its contract, and that the contract did save money to the county, and for this kindness to you I received your hatred and ingratitude. I have heard it said that a man conscious of having done another a great wrong always hates the man he thus wrongs, and you have illustrated the truth of that saying. I prefer your "contempt" to your friendship, for there is sincerity in the first, and nothing but deceipt in the latter.

I never made any Kolb man or Jones man any promise except that I would do my duty in the future as I had done in the past, and you see the confidence the people had in me. If I "straddled Jones and Kolb" in the canvass two years ago, I made a more successful ride than you did on the same team. I did sell my bank stock, in payment of an honest debt just as you was made to pay one fifth part of the proceeds of your paper. I did at the personal solicitation of Mr. Ide, the cashier of the bank, and by his advancing me the money, buy other stock that the bank might have the necessary number of local directors as required by law. Thank God, that when I was an humble country boy and asked the people for an office, I was not "discovered" by you, and when I again ran I had your personal opposition, and you made every effort to defeat me, but you failed, and in your own town out of 461 votes cast I received 415. You did not "discover" me then, but you have since discovered [illegible] you [illegible] I have [illegible] with the people [illegible] I have [illegible] bought a piece of land in which [illegible] in my life, but I did buy a piece from the State of Alabama in 1887, and you commended me for it in a long article in your paper, but now you change fronts and endeavor to injure me by insinuating that it belonged to a poor man, who was not able to pay his taxes, when you knew it was the Woodstock Iron Co, a rich corporation as you said at the time.

I never arranged with any merchant or any body else for Dr. Ayers to get the money to buy your paper, but my understanding is that a merchant in Jacksonville had an account against you for several hundred dollars, and bought the paper to collect his debt which he was doubtful of getting any other way, and when you went to sign the transfer and discovered this intention, you refused to sign and walked out, but being informed later that the sale must be closed before night you did just before dark sign the bill of sale. I had nothing to do with it. I did tell Dr. Ayers and Mr. Brothers when approached upon the subject by them, that I would continue to patronize the paper if either of them bought it. I was glad when I heard that an honorable, high minded gentleman had purchased the Republican, and I was glad when the venom was extracted from the reptile who hissed and struck at every body who incurred his displeasure. I did not think that you would ever admit that I "froze you out." That was a job performed by the people of Calhoun County, an honor I do not claim. It is certainly laughable, to hear a dead man threatening to attend my political funeral. The people of Calhoun County through Dr. Anniston administered the dose that made you a political corpes, and they will be highly amused at your presumption in threatening to use them for any purpose, and especially politically. A dead man dancing at a funeral, how absurd! Decency would admonish you to keep silent, even though you hide out under the name of another. I have nothing against poor little Wickes, it is a case of the spider and the fly, he walked into your little net. I guess my article did remind you of your first composition when you was a boy, for in reply you were particular to brag and boast of your great courage. This sounds like a school boy, for no man of courage was ever heard to boast of his bravery.

You take for your text the fact that I went to Piedmont on the occasion mentioned by you when the court met the commissioners of Cherokee to arrange preleminaries for building the bridge, and harp upon the fact that I was paid my per diem for the days work, but you failed to tell the people that I was instructed to remain here the next morning to prepare the contract, in duplicate, between the two counties, and meet the court in Piedmont on the 12 o'clock train with the contracts to be signed by the two courts, and that I did prepare the contracts, and paid my own expenses to and from Piedmont on county business, and that I gave the entire day to said work, and that I received only the per diem allowed me by law, and that these facts were attainable by you had you been disposed to be honest and not commit the monkey act. Now don't you fret about the estates of Calhoun County, since you are no more, they are safe. The fees of the Republican have been reduced since you ran the paper, and you can address the present owner in regard to his charges. Your article was such a flemsy excuse for an answer to my exoneration of the court that it did not deserve a reply, but I wanted the public to know who this political corpes was, who mad at himself, and every body else attempts to vent his spleen upon certain county officials whom he could not bulldoze into doing his biddings. Now, young man, take a dose of liver medicine, keep your nose clean, and maby your corpes will be able to dance at my funeral.

Very truly,
EMMETT F. CROOK.

P. S.

MR. EDITOR:—I had just put a period to this communication when some of my friends came in and told me that they had this (Monday) evening received extra copies of the Piedmont Inquirer, and that a lot of them had been sent to this office for promiscuous distribution. How funny! What a spectacle of consuming egotism! This professional but impotent scribbler and accomplished mountebank after wielding the tripod for nearly a third of a century, reveling week after week in the imaginary luxury of scrappy editorials and wooing a halting future for distinction that will eclipse all worldly grandeur, suddenly realizes in consternation, that his empire and influence is broken in the home of his birth, that his scepter has departed, and at once seeks refuge in the classic shades of the national capital. From the dizzy heights and inspiring surroundings of a fifth rate clerkship or historical copyist in a department of the Government, he writes him a little piece, sends it to the little paper he left behind him, and orders the little editor who worships at his shrine, to send the issue containing this article broadcast over the country, as the deliverance of an oracle of wisdom. If this dethroned monarch(?) of the quill could know the ridicule, contempt, and denunciation his hide and seek tactics had provoked from even some of his quondam friends, he would give himself in the future exclusively to his little office as a "thing of beauty and a joy forever." Some one has said that "none are so blind as those who will not see." So I will dismiss this [illegible] [illegible] [illegible]

Under Leading Business Houses

The Tariff Makes a Difference

IN THE PRICES

OF OUR DRESS GOODS.

Among the many special values we will mention 38 and 40 inch Pure Wool Flannel Suitings. These goods moved well last year at 45c. This year we offer a full line of colors at 35c.

Bargain Sales Every Tuesday

38 INCH

all wool Serges in Black and Colors. We carried this line last year and found them good sellers at 60c. This year they go at 45c.

38 AND 40 INCH

Scotch mixtures in all wool and raw Silk. The styles are fashionable and attractive.

PRICE 50C.

Our line of higher cost goods is very complete. Black goods are especially good this season and we have them.

SAMPLES SENT ON APPLICATION.

AGENT FOR BUTTERICK'S PATTERNS.

W. T. WILLSON,

Anniston, Alabama.

oct20

Three Fine Presents

TO BE GIVEN

Away Christmas.

Each cash purchaser of 50 cents, will be entitled to a ticket.

1st. Diamond and Ruby Ring.

2nd. Handsome Guitar.

3rd. Fine Gold Pen.

Call and see them. New Goods. Prices right. Fine watch work, engraving and manufacturing.

HENRY ROBINSON,

Jeweler and Optician.

Old Security Bank, Cor. Noble and 11th streets. Anniston, Ala.

Ansley Pays the Freight.

Ansley Pays the Freight.

ON ALL

SHOES AND HATS

Bought of him by the people of Jacksonville and vicinity.

Try me with an order, or call in person when in Anniston and examine my stock.

Goods Sent Upon Approval.

O. E. ANSLEY.

M. F. DOERING,

(SUCCESSOR TO DOERING & ROBINSON.)

Leading Jeweler.

Watches, Clocks, Jewelry, Silverware, Spectacles, Glasses.

Fine Watch and Jewelry Repairing dan Engraving

SEND ME YOUR WORK

My prices are lower than elsewhere.

nov24tf 1110 Noble Street, Anniston, Ala.

D. G. HALL,

Watchmaker and Jeweler,

ANNISTON, ALA.

Prepared to do all kind of watch and clock work. Makes a specialty of Fine Watches and French Clocks. Thoroughly familiar with the complication of the French Clock. All work guaranteed.

oct20-6m.

POSTPONED SALE.

NOVEMBER 24, 1894.

Guardian Sale of Land.

Pursuant to an order of the Probate Court of Jackson county Ala. I will as guardian of R. H. and E. C. Matthews, minors, sell at public outcry to the highest bidder, at the Court house door of Calhoun county Ala., on Saturday the 3rd day of November 1894, the one-eighth undivided joint interest of said minors in the following described lands situated near Jacksonville in said county of Calhoun to-wit: S E ¼ of Sec 20, T 14, R 8 E, except 53 acres off the east end of said tract and off of a tract of 6¾ acres heretofore sold; also the S ½ of N E ¼ S 40, T 14, R 8 E, containing 6¾ acres. Also the E ½ of N W ¼ S 9, T 14, R 8 E, containing in all 200 ½ acres.

Terms of sale: one-half cash, balance on credit until first day of January 1895.

MATTIE G. MATTHEWS

oct 18 Guardian.

Fire Insurance

The Republican

RATES OF ADVERTISING.

Transient advertisements $1 per square, and one inch makes a square.

Local notices 10 cents per line.

Advertisements must be handed in Thursday or before to insure insertion.

SUBSCRIPTION.

One year, One Dollar.
Six Months, Seventy-five Cents.
Three Months, Forty Cents.

Subscription must invariably be paid in advance. No name will be booked unless money accompanies the order.

Don't you expect to get A present for somebody this Christmas? For young men we have presents that can be given a lady friend without being the least suggestive, but if you really wish the ring, then we have a new catalogue which shows beautiful designs at low prices. Young ladies, you certainly will not let

CHRISTMAS

go by without some little memento recognizing the many courtesies that your "best friend" has shown you during the past year. A

PRESENT

bought from us does not cost much. Send for our catalogue before the rush of holiday trade commences. We have nice things, too, that a gentleman can give his wife, or a lady her husband. Drop us a postal asking for our catalogue, now; don't delay. It is sent

FREE.

J. P. Stevens & Bro., Jewelers and Wedding Stationers, 47 Whitehall St., Atlanta, Ga.

LOCAL AND PERSONAL.

Capt. E. V. Caldwell of Alpine, was a visitor to Jacksonville a few days since.

J. T. Nunnelly has opened a shop at his old stand near the furniture store of J. J. Skelton.

For sale cheap—One thorough bred registered Jersey heifer. Inquire at this office.

Rev. J. H. Leslie left for Athens last Monday to attend the session of the North Alabama Conference.

Thanksgiving day was generally observed in Jacksonville, and a number of our people had elegant dinners.

For sale cheap—Several high grade ¾ Jersey milch cows. Inquire at this office.

Mary Pope a negro girl from Piedmont, was sent from here a few days ago to asylum at Tuskaloosa.

We learn that Thos. W. Francis will move back to his mill after Chitmas.

Capt. and Mrs. Haines returned from Montgomery last Thursday.

For sale cheap —One new hammerless safety bird gun, double barrel. Inquire at this office.

Maj. Peyton Rowan has been kept at home this week by a psrained ankle.

Hon. James Crook went over to Columbus, Ga., last Tuesday to spend Thanks giving day with his relatives there.

Local talent will give Chirstmas night one of the best entertainments ever given in Jacksonville.

Very few people from Calhoun have gone to Montgomery to be present at the Oates-Kolb inauguration to-day.

For sale cheap—One solid oak, roller top office desk, and office chair to match. Inquire at this office.

Thanksgiving day was generaly observed in Jacksonville. All the stores closed. There was service at the Episcopal church.

Notice the attractive advertisement of Ullman Bros. in this issue. They continue to improve their stock and to sell at the lowest figures.

For sale cheap.—One beautiful oak folding bed, with french plate glass mirror front. Inquire at this office.

A new hydrant has been put in at the corner near Dr. Arnold's office, which affords a needed protection against fire.

Brick are now being laid on the main building of the cotton seed oil mill, and the manager expects to be making oil early in January.

The proposed extension of the jurisdiction of the Anniston City Court has been the theme of conversation for the past few days.

Many people say to us just what our Anniston correspodent says this week— "The REPUBLICAN grows more popular every week.

Prof. A. D. Glass of Alexandria, was in to see us Saturday. He is pleased with the opening of his school at Alexandria, and with the splendid people of that valley.

The show brought quite a large crowd of people to town last Monday. The verdict of those who attended was that is was a very good show for the price of admission.

Miss Hannah Crook returned from Selma last Saturday, and left Monday for Chester, S. C., where she goes to attend the marriage of her cousin, Miss Newton McCraw.

Let the friends of the REPUBLICAN remind their neighbors of the fact that they can have sent them one year the Jacksonville REPUBLICAN and the Atlanta Constitution for $1.25. This is the best offer ever made on newspapers in this county, and we want it to bring us the next few months.

This is a welcome record for people who make it a rule to own their homes and such a man can get with many crimes. It is better to punish according to law.

The free balloon ascension advertised for last Monday was nothing less than a fraudulent scheme to draw a crowd to attend Cooper & Co's show.

The new hose for the fire company has arrived, and if it had a new reel it would be pretty well equipped for fighting fire. Cant some arrangement be made to furnish our company with a new reel?

Miss Hattie Graham, who has been visiting the family of Mr. Henry W. Graham, returned last Wednesday to her home in New Jersey.

Rev. Wash Wilkes, D. D., who was well known to many of the people of this county as an able and devout Baptist minister, died at Cullman last Saturday, and was buried in Sylacauga last Monday.

When it is convenient for them to do so, we will be glad to have county correspondents write every week. This department of the REPUBLICAN is highly appreciated by the people.

Miss Griswold, of Shorter College, was here last Tuesday and Wednesday on a visit to the Misses Lane. She is indeed a most lovely woman, and while here last summer made many friends who will always be glad to see her.

We desire to call the attention of the readers of the REPUBLICAN to the prices quoted in this issue by Bell & Wier, Anniston. They retail goods at wholesale prices, and as a result their store is always crowded. Go and buy your goods from them and save money.

The Anniston Hot Blast pays the soldier boys of Jacksonville the following nice compliment:

The Jacksonville detatchmen of the Guards is in a most flourishing condition and comprises some of the best soldiers in the State.

Last Saturday the calaboose in Jacksonville was occupied for the first time in several months. It is unusual to see a drunk and noisy man on the streets of Jacksonville. The people of this community are noted for their sobriety and peacefulness.

Two men connected with Cooper & Co's show contributed to the treasury of Calhoun county last Tuesday morning. They were arrested by Deputy Sheriff Rowland. One was charged with using abusive language, which cost him $25. The other charged with resisting an officer, which cost him $65.

The people of Anniston speak in the most complimentary terms of Capt. McKleroy for the plan he adopted in furnishing the Calhoun hotel. He bought every article to be found in the building from the business men of Anniston. This was a much better policy than to have sent away from home to have made his purchases.

IF YOU NEED a good medicine to purify your blood, give nerve strength and build up your entire system, take Hood's Sasaparilla.

It prevents sickness by making pure blood.

HOODS PILLS cure nausea, sick headache, indigestion and billiousness.

While in Anniston a few days since we stopped at the Calhoun, and found it one of the neatest little hotels in this section of Alabama. To say that its management is in the hands of I. W. Gasser, is to say that it is as well kept as any hotel in the State. The people of Jacksonville are glad our friend Gasser is again in charge of a hotel in Anniston, and will all stop with him when they go there. This is not a paid notice either in money or free lash, but is because we like Gasser and was pleased with the hotel.

Do you want a bargain in your purchases during the next few weeks? If so, read the advertisement of S. J. Rund in this issue. While in Anniston a few days ago we looked through his large and elegant stock, and were astonished by the bargains he offers. He has cut the price on every article kept, and can save you money. If you want to save money, go and see him.

Newt Williams, col., was tried before Judge Crook last Monday charged with burning a barn at the Weaver place on the Alexandria road. He was acquitted.

At the same time, Prince and Walter Brockman, two negroes from White Plains, were tried on a charge of cotton stealing. The evidence against them was not sufficient to convict and they were released.

Any one who has children will rejoice with L. B. Mulford, of Plainfeild, N. J. His little boy, five years of age, was sick with croup. For two days and nights he tried various remedies recommended by friends and neighbors. He says "I thought sure I would lose him." I had seen Chamberlain's Cough Remedy advertised and thought I would try it as a last hope and am happy to say that after two doses he slept until morning. I gave it to him next day and a cure was effected. I keep this remedy in the house now and as soon as any of my children show signs of croup I give it and that's the last of it." For sale by druggists.

COUNTY NEWS

FROM ALL SECTIONS OF CALHOUN

GATHERED BY THE REPUBLICAN'S ABLE CORPS OF CORRESPONDENTS.

Failure in Oxford—Diphtheria in Anniston—Boy Shot in Piedmont—Death at Merrelton—Fine Schools at White Plains and Weavers.

ANNISTON.

Thursday was observed as Thanksgiving Day by our people. Appropriate exercises were held at the various churches, and the schools were given holiday. The needy were looked after by those charitably inclined, and all classes are better for having devoted the day to the service of the Giver of every good and perfect gift.

Many of our people, especially the parents, have felt somewhat uneasy for the past week over the appearance of diphtheria in our city, but the Board of Health has taken the necessary precaution, and the disease will probably not spread to a considerable extent.

Our public works that are in operation are running to their full capacity, and it is thought that the opening of the new year will find almost all of our manufacturing enterprises in operation. Then Anniston will take on her pristine go-ahead-a-tive-ness.

The city court is moving along nicely. Judge Lapsley and Solicitor Agee are able, conscientious, energetic officers, and push the business of the court as rapidly as is consistent with the demands of justice and fairness. Our lawyers, too, are excelled nowhere, and, being officers of the court, contribute much to its progress.

The interest in our coming municipal contest, mention of which was made last week, has abated to some extent. No new candidate has been suggested for an entire week, and we greatly fear that some unseen agency is at work in our midst.

Our military companies left yesterday to attend the gubernatorial inauguration, which takes place at Montgomery today. Gov. Oates will make us an able, faithful, popular, and fearless chief executive. After Oates, Jos. F. Johnston will be our next governor. Mark yo this!

We have not yet learned how much cotton Alf Truitt gathered from his trial patch, but it appeared to be good cotton well matured.

The running of all the trains into the union depot, is a great convenience to our people and the travelling public.

Anniston now has two as fine hotels as can be found anywhere, and Gilmore's restaurant is hard to beat.

Congressman Robbins passed through the city a few days ago en route to Washington, to look after our interests in Congress.

The new tariff bill passed by the Democrats, is causing business to improve. Good times are in sight.

It is said that wedding bells will ring merrily and often till the new year comes.

The Republican grows more popular every week.

ALEXANDRIA.

Mrs. Annie Draper of Oxford, is visiting the family of her brother, Mr. Ed Clark.

Mrs. Linder of Jacksonville, spent a day or two with her daughter, Mrs Wilkins, last week.

The family of Mr. Edgar Wilkins has moved to town.

Mrs. Ragan, who has been visiting in Davisville and Lincoln, has returned.

Mr. Holland Wakefield and family of Anniston, spent a day or two of last week here the guests of Mr. and Mrs Berry Lumpkins.

Mr. and Mrs. Al Stuckey of Oxford, spent Sunday in our town.

The friends of Prof. Glass will be glad to know that he has a school of fifty pupils and expects still more.

Mr. Frank Wakefield has improved the appearance of his place by the addition of a new front porch.

BRUNER.

Several citizens of this community speak of going to Texas this winter.

There were forty-three bales of cotton shipped from Hank's Ferry last week. When the river is navigable to this point we will probably see more than this shipped in a day.

DEARMANVILLE.

There never was such a feeling of unrest as exists at present among the people of this section. Not so much on the account of politics or the result of the recent election for a large number of the better class of citizens were neutral.

Good crops have been raised in this valley, but the prices are so much lower than was anticipated the farmers will all come out behind, and consequently are terribly demoralized. The present condition of affairs is worse on the disposition of the people than an aggravated case of dyspepsia.

Yet amid all this unprecedented despondency, there is consolation in the philosophy that good can come out of evil, and there is a bright side to the present situation.

The health of this section was never better, and it is attributable largely to the wholesome effect of sorghum as a diet instead of so much western bacon. Besides plenty of sorghum, an abundance of corn has been raised, and there is no danger of famine in the land.

Sorghum made by the present evaporator process is not only wholesome, and, I may add medicinal, but is more palatable than the adulterated syrups made in the ribbon corn regions, and the yield to the acre is greater than anything else that can be planted.

MERRELTON.

Miss Luna Mahan has opened her school at Piedmont Springs church. Mrs. Reid has also commenced her school at Salem church. They are well qualified for the duties devolving upon them, and are worthy the support of the patrons of these schools, and should have it.

Mrs. Thomas Littlejohn died on the night of the 22nd of November, 1894. She had been afflicted for several years, but bore her suffering without complaining. She had been a faithful member of the Baptist church since childhood, and was always ready to speak for the Master's cause. Truly a good devoted Christian woman has gone to reap her reward.

This community is keeping up a tri-weekly prayer meeting that seems to be doing good. We need more praying people in the world. If we had more of the spirit of Christ our politics would be purer.

NANCES CREEK.

The farmers are about through gathering their crops.

Have read the controversy between Judge Crook and J. C. Wickes. The people are with the Judge. I am a Crook man first, last and all the time, and will certainly support him if he offers for Probate Judge again.

The Jeffersonians and Populists seem to think no relief can be expected from the Democratic party, and that it is responsible for the present panic. But the records of congress for the last thirty years clearly show that the Democratic party is not responsible for the legislation that has caused the depressed condition of the country. The Republican party is responsible, and all know that the evils of thirty years growth cannot be remedied in two years.

I do not question the sincerity of the populists when they say many of us regret to leave the old party. It is not strange that they should be made sad to leave the good old Democratic ship, when for a century she has carried us and our ancestors who helped to build her, safely over the waves sheltering us from every storm. This same old ship holds out the only reasonable hope of landing us and our posterity in an harbor of political safety. So, boys, let us not leave the old ship to embark on a frail third craft to us unknown and untried. If she has sprung a leak, let us stay on the inside and stop it and keep her afloat. If she is weather beaten, let us repair and repaint her. If she is commanded by bad men, help displace them with better ones. If she encounters enemies, help defend her against them rather than join her enemies.

All who leave this grand old Democratic ship will regret it until with them

The stormy voyage of life is over,
Their all its scenes forget,
Sunset and flowers fade no more,
They know no more regret.

OXFORD

The Knights of Pythias are preparing to give an entertainment as soon as their hall is finished. Oxford has some first class stage talent, and we anticipate a first class entertainment.

Rev. G. H. Smith of White Plains High School, preached a most eloquent sermon on last Sunday night at the Methodist church.

Rev. T. G. Slaughter, the Presiding Elder of the Anniston District for the past four years, will be moved from us this year and Oxford will miss him as a good citizen and the District will miss him as a pure minded, noble, devout christian.

Rev. H. S. Hamilton has been with us for two years, and the relation of pastor and people has been very pleasant.

Messrs. T. K. Thompson & Co. are in charge and report business good.

Mr. Ansley has moved his shoe and hat store to the Noble street corner.

Mr. Allen Bowers has moved to Anniston to work in the cotton seed oil mill.

Mr. Allen Bowers has moved to Anniston to work in the cotton seed oil mill.

The town council met last night and passed on the petition to issue bonds for water works and public school purposes.

Mr. and Mrs. L. C. Humphries have gone to Florida for the winter.

Messrs. L. C. Humphries and Co. and Yoe, Norton & Co. have gone into business together, and will run a general supply store for another year.

PEERS, ITEM.

Farmers are about through gathering their crops, and are now sowing wheat and oats, and turning stubble.

Rev. O. A. Allday preached his last sermon here for the conference year last Sunday. We regret to learn that he will move to Texas, as he is a good man and an able preacher.

Mr. Watson, formerly of Weavers, but now of Anniston, was here yesterday in the interest of the hustler, Alf. Truitt.

J. F. Skipperd made a flying business trip to Talladega a few days ago.

Mrs. J. M. Gray is visiting her sister, Mrs. Martin, of Gadsden.

PIEDMONT.

Thanksgiving morning clear and cold. Services at the Presbyterian, Episcopal and Methodist churches. Let us praise the Lord for all His goodness, and return our thanks for all His mercies. It is all we can do, and how small it seems!

Mr. Thomas Randall and Miss. Annie Randall of Rockmart, Ga., have been visiting relatives in our town.

Tom Ledbetter has withdrawn the light of his countenance from us for awhile, and departed on business for the shoe factory, and his best girl is inconsolable.

On last Monday Caleb Daniel, carelessly handling an old pistol, shot his younger brother, Millard. The boy is in a critical condition and will have a close pull for his life. The old people have the sympathy of this community in their trouble. They had four sons when they came here a few years since. The oldest was killed by Sam Rhea at a disreputable house; another son died of pneumonia; Caleb married a notorious woman, Hattie Abels, and has given his parents much trouble. He has now accidentally shot the youngest boy,—perhaps fatally.

Master Reggie, son landlord Harris, is quite low with typhoid fever, but hopes are now entertained of his recovery. Miss. May Harris was recalled from a visit to Kentucky by news of his illness, and is now at his bedside. Mr. Earnest Harris is also here.

On Saturday last our marshal received a telegram from Cedartown asking him to look for a gentleman of the colored persuasion wearing a silk hat and gold rimmed glasses,—said glasses being stolen.

Mr. Craig located the man and the glasses and took both into custody. The theft was admitted, the glasses given up, and Mr. Craig agreed to let the man go if he would pay costs. This he was willing to do, but had not the amount. He said he was going to preach the next day, and would take up a collection. Did so. All satisfactory.

The show came, but the balloon! oh where was she? All the country cousins came to town, and brought all the little ones, even the babies, the free show, and found it all a fake. Some were so disgusted because the old balloon had busted, that they went straight back home. Others staid and took in the show. It was some consolation to see a woman wrestle with a den of snakes; to see the boy contortionist twist himself until they knew that back bone he had none, and to hear the educated goose squawk.—Some consolation to find that they were not the only geese in the world.

The town council was pretty tight on the show crowd, and the police force kept right after them, but altogether everything went off very well, and in good spirits. Ardent spirits I might say.

Two of our citizens, in need of a job, went off with the show folks. Not as actors though. One was an old man named Baxter, and the other a young man, Will Camp, who having left his wife, had no ties to bind him here.

WEAVERS.

Prof. Alexander's school opened last Monday with flattering prospects. He thinks by next week he will enroll 75 pupils. This school is doing well, and the community is blessed in having the services of Mr. Alexander.

Mr. Birmingham of Clay county, who will move here about Jany. 1st. will bring several pupils from Clay.

Our part of the county is so very healthy it has made two of our doctors sick, and the third has gone away. Dr. Montgomery has gone to Rock Run, Dr. Williams has been suffering with rheumatism, and Dr. Evans has had the grippe.

We are going to have a hog killing time over here when it turns cold.

Overseer Poland tells us that he will soon have the new road completed to the top of the mountain. Says it will be a great improvement. Hurry up your side. We don't want to have to wait on you.

We are sowing a larger wheat crop than usual, and will plant less cotton next year.

We "ant a going" to Montgomery next Saturday to seat "nobody neither, now."

WHITE PLAINS.

Last Sunday Rev. T. G. Leslie preached his last sermon here for the conference year.

Prof. Smith is attending the North Alabama Conference at Athens.

The school is progressing nicely. Prof. Smith gives us some very scientific lectures to the school, to which the patrons and friends are admitted. They are indeed highly entertaining and instructive. The Professor is a fine lecturer as well as teacher. While he is away we will say that White Plains has one of the very best teachers in North Alabama. He has few equals and no superiors. It is with pleasure we note the indications for quite an increase in the number of pupils right soon.

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We "ant a going" to Montgomery next Saturday to seat "nobody neither, now."

Electric Bitters.

This remedy is becoming so well known and so popular as to need no special mention. All who have used Electric Bitters sing the same song of praise.—A purer medicine does not exist and it is guaranteed to do all that is claimed. Electric Bitters will cure all diseases of the Liver and Kidneys, will remove Pimples, Boils, Salt Rheum and other affections caused by impure blood.—Will drive Malaria from the system and prevent as well as cure all Malarial fevers.—For cure of Headache, Constipation and Indigestion try Electric—Entire satisfaction guaranteed, or money refunded.—Price 50 cts. and $1.00 per bottle at all the Drugstores. 5

BARGAIN IN AN ORGAN.

To get my organs introduced I will for the next 60 days sell a good new organ with seven stops, couplers, three sets of reeds, black walnut case, about six feet high, for $45. Send for catalouge at once. I will sell on easy payments. I will ship on trial, and if you are not pleased will pay the freight both ways. Don't think that I cannot save you money on everything in the music line because I am in a small city. Write me and I will tell you more.

Sewing machines for $20. All kinds of needles. E. E. Forbes,

Anniston, Ala.

Oct 27 2 mos.

Mr. Ira P. Wetmore, a prominent real estate of San angelo, Texas, has used Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhœa Remedy in his family for several years as occasion required, and always with perfect success. He says: I find it a perfect cure for our baby when troubled with colic or dysentery. I now feel that my outfit is not complete without a bottle of this Remedy at home or on a trip away from home. For sale by dealers.

Closing Out—Going to Texas.

I have for sale two mules, two buggies, corn, fodder, cattle, hogs, household goods, etc., which I will sell at a bargain. Come at once and see

T. J. PLEXICO.

The seed room for the cotton seed oil mill has been completed and is rapidly being filled with seed. The main building of the mill will be built just as soon as possible after the weigh-scales arrive, which will be [illegible]

For rheumatism I have found nothing equal to Chamberlain's Pain Balm. I have used it and soon as applied it relieved the pain. W. Young, West Liberty, W. Va. For sale by druggists.

Notice of Application to Pardon Daniel Mitchael.

STATE OF ALABAMA,
Calhoun County

To all whom this may concern:

Take notice that the undersigned will, on or before the 11th day of December A. D. 1894, make application to the Governor of Alabama, to pardon Daniel Mitchael of the offense of Grand Larceny, of which offense the said Daniel Mitchael was convicted in the Circuit Court of Calhoun county at the fall term of said Court on the 1st day of November 1894.

W. H. MANGHUM.

nov10 30d

Chamberlain's Eye and Skin Ointment. A certain cure for Chronic Sore Eyes, Granulated Eyelids, Sore, Nipples, Piles, Blotches, Tetter, Salt Rheum and Scald Head. 25 cents per box. For sale by druggists.

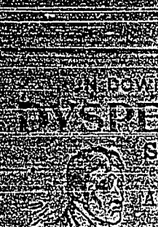
TO HORSE OWNERS.

For putting a horse in a fine healthy condition, use Dr. Hess Powders. They will prevent disease, cure [illegible]

DR. DOWAY'S

DYSPEPSIA

STOMACH
LIVER
AND HEART



AFFECTED.
Almost in Despair.
But Finally
CURED
By Taking
AYER'S PILLS

For fifteen years I was a great sufferer from indigestion and its worst forms. I tested the skill of many doctors, but grew worse and worse, until I became so weak I could not walk fifty yards without having to sit down and rest. My stomach, liver and heart became affected, and I thought I would surely die. I tried Ayer's Pills and they helped me right away. I continued their use and am now entirely well. I don't know of anything that will so quickly relieve and cure the terrible suffering of dyspeptics as Ayer's Pills.—THOS. C. PRITCHARD, Brodie, Warren Co., N. C.

AYER'S PILLS

Received Highest Awards
AT THE WORLD'S FAIR

Delicate
Or
Debilitated
Women
SHOULD USE
BRADFIELD'S
Female Regulator.

Every ingredient possesses superb Tonic properties, and exerts a wonderful influence in toning up and strengthening her system by driving through the proper channel all impurities. Health and strength are guaranteed to result from its use.

My wife, who was bedridden for eighteen months, after using BRADFIELD'S FEMALE REGULATOR for two months, is getting well.—M. JOHNSON, Malvern, Ark.

Sold by all Druggists at $1.00 per bottle.

BRADFIELD'S REGULATOR CO., Atlanta, Ga.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The best salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by all druggists.

MONEY.

Loans at three (3) per cent per annum on approved real estate security—no loans taken on unproductive property—for particulars address,

THE DEBENTURE CO.,
1630 Masonic Temple,
Oct13-9m Chicago, Illinois.

ANNUAL SETTLEMENT.

STATE OF ALABAMA,
Calhoun County.

In Probate Court of said County Special Term 16th day of Oct. 1894.

This day came G. C. Williams Administrator of the estate of Caleb G. Morgan deceased, and filed his account and vouchers for an annual settlement of his administration of said estate. It is therefore ordered that the 14th day of November A. D. 1894 be and is hereby appointed a day upon which to examine, pass upon, and allow said account and to make said settlement, and that notice thereof be given, by publication for three successive weeks in a newspaper published in said County, as a notice to all persons concerned to appear in this Court on said 14th day of November A. D. 1894 and contest said settlement if they think proper.

EMMETT F. CROOK,
oct-20-3t. Judge of Probate.

Final Settlement.

STATE OF ALABAMA,
Calhoun County.

In Probate Court of said County Special Term 22 day of October 1894.

This day came W. C. Acker, guardian of the estate of Mollie Weaver, Virgil Weaver, and Sallie Weaver, minors, and filed his account and vouchers for a final settlement as his administration of said estate of Mollie Weaver, and a partial settlement as to Virgil and Sallie Weaver.

It is therefore ordered that the 13th day of Nov. A. D. 1894 be and is hereby appointed a day upon which to examine, pass upon, and allow said account and to make said settlement, and that notice thereof be given, by publication for three successive weeks in a newspaper published in said County, as a notice to all persons concerned to appear in this Court on said 13th day of November A. D. 1894 and contest said settlement if they think proper.

EMMETT F. CROOK,
oct27-3t Judge of Probate.

PARTIAL SETTLEMENT.

STATE OF ALABAMA,
Calhoun County

In Probate Court of said County Special Term 15th day of Oct. 1894.

This day came R. N. Donovan guardian of the estate of Eva Bell Harrison minor and filed his account and vouchers for a partial settlement of his administration of said estate. It is therefore ordered that the 19th day of November A. D. 1894 be and is hereby appointed a day upon which to examine, pass upon, and allow said account and to make said settlement, and that notice thereof be given, by publication for three successive weeks in a newspaper published in said County, as a notice to all persons concerned to appear in this Court on said 19th day of November A. D. 1894 and contest said settlement if they think proper.

EMMETT F. CROOK,
oct-20-3t. Judge of Probate.

Annual Settlement.

STATE OF ALABAMA,
Calhoun County.

In Probate Court of said County Special Term, 22 day of October 1894.

This day came W. C. Acker, guardian of the estate of Virgil Weaver, and Sallie Weaver, minors, and filed his account and vouchers for an annual settlement of his administration of said estate. It is therefore ordered that the 13th day of Nov. 1894 be and is hereby appointed a day upon which to examine, pass upon, and allow said account and to make said settlement, and that notice thereof be given, by publication for three successive weeks in a newspaper published in said County, as a notice to all persons concerned to appear in this Court on said 13th day of November A. D. 1894 and contest said settlement if they think proper.

EMMETT F. CROOK,
oct27-3t Judge of Probate.

ANNUAL SETTLEMENT.

STATE OF ALABAMA,
Calhoun County.

In Probate Court of said County Special Term 15th day of Oct. 1894.

This day came Milton Harrison the administrator of the estate of Miles Harrison, deceased, and presents to this court his petition in writing and under oath and in form required by law praying for an order and decree of this court, to sell certain real estate described in said petition, for the purpose of paying the debts upon the grounds that the personal property is not sufficient to pay the debts of said estate, which said petition is examined by this Court and placed on file for the inspection of all concerned. It is therefore ordered and decreed by the court that the 3 day of Jan. A. D. 1895 be, and it is hereby appointed as a day for the hearing and consideration of said petition, and that notice of the filing and nature of said petition, and the day set to hear and determine the same, be given by publication for three successive weeks in the Jacksonville Republican, a newspaper published in said county, notifying all persons interested to be and appear before this court on said 3d day of Jan. A. D. 1895, then and there to show cause, if any, why said petition should not be granted.

EMMETT F. CROOK,
nov-24-3t Judge of Probate.

TAX COLLECTOR'S APPOINTMENTS.

I will attend the following appointments for the purpose of collecting the State and county taxes of Calhoun county, Alabama, for the year 1894:

All tax is Delinquent and subject to the penalty fixed by law after December 31st 1894. I will be in Jacksonville the last 10 days of the year for the purpose of receiving tax from all parts of the county.

SECOND ROUND.

Beat 1, Jacksonville Thursday November 1.

Beat 3, Four Mile Spring, Friday, November 2nd.

Beat 3, Weavers Saturday November 3rd.

Beat 8, Greens School House, Monday November 5th.

Beat 7, Landers School House, Tuesday November 6th.

Beat 7, Hollingsworth, Wednesday November 7th

Beat 19, Dukes Thursday November 8

Beat 2, Alexandria, Friday and Saturday November 9-10th.

Beat 10, Polling Place, Monday November 12.

Beat 11, White Plains, Tuesday November 13.

Beat 12 Iron City, Wednesday November 14.

Beat 12, Choccoloco, Thursday November 15.

Beat 17, DeArmanville, Friday November 16.

Beat 5, Polkvill, Monday November 19.

Beat 14, Sulphur Springs, Tuesday November 20.

Beat 14, Boiling Springs Wednesday November 21.

Beat 18, Ohatchie Thursday November 22.

Beat 6, Peeks Hill, Friday November 23.

Beat 19, Reads, Saturday November 24.

Beat 16, Ladiga, Monday November 26.

Beat 16, Greenwoods School House Tuesday November 27.

Beat 9, Piedmont Wednesday and Thursday November 28-29.

Beat 13, Oxford Monday and Tuesday December 3-4.

Beat 13, Oxanna Wednesday December 5.

Beat 4, Bynums Thursday December 6

Beat 4, Ganaways School House, Friday December 7.

Beat 15, Anniston, Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday, and Friday December 11-12-13-14.

D. Z. GOODLETT.
nov-3-6t. Tax Collector.

PARTIAL SETTLEMENT.

STATE OF ALABAMA,
Calhoun County.

In Probate Court of said County Special Term 20th day of Nov. 1894.

This day came W. L. Lusk, admr, estate of J. A. Posey deceased, and filed his account and vouchers for a partial settlement of his administration of said estate. It is therefore ordered that the 17th day of December A. D. 1894 be and is hereby appointed a day upon which to examine, pass upon, and allow said account and to make said settlement, and that notice thereof be given by publication for three successive weeks in a newspaper published in said County, as a notice to all persons concerned to appear in this Court on said 17th day of December A. D. 1894 and contest said settlement if they think proper.

EMMETT F. CROOK,
nov24-3t. Judge of Probate.

Estray Notice.

To all whom this may concern:

Take notice, that on or about the 10th day of November 1894, a certain sorrel mule found estray, was taken up by B. P. Hardin, the value of which animal has been duly appraised according to law, by two disinterested householders, summoned by A. F. Tomlin, a Justice of the Peace of said county, and duly sworn by him; and that said appraisers have duly certified to said Justice the value of said animal to be thirty dollars, together with the following particulars or description: A sorrel mule, about 18 years old, with collar and saddle marks and about four and a half feet high. Call on B. P. Harden near Piedmont, Ala., prove the property, pay the cost and get your mule.

EMMETT F. CROOK,
nov.17-3t Judge of Probate.

Annual Settlement.

STATE OF ALABAMA,
Calhoun County.

In Probate Court of said County Special Term 7th day of Nov. 1894.

This day came H. L. Stevenson, Admr of the estate of Thos. A. Walker deceased, and filed his account and vouchers for an annual settlement of his administration of said estate. It is therefore ordered that the 24th day of Nov. A. D. 1894 be and is hereby appointed a day upon which to examine, pass upon, and allow said account and to make said settlement, and that notice thereof be given, by publication for three successive weeks in a newspaper published in said County, as a notice to all persons concerned to appear in this Court on said 28th day of Nov. A. D. 1894 and contest said settlement if they think proper.

EMMETT F. CROOK.
nov10-3t Judge of Probate.

CASTORIA

for Infants and Children.

THIRTY years' observation of Castoria with the patronage of millions of persons, permit us to speak of it without guessing. It is unquestionably the best remedy for Infants and Children the world has ever known. It is harmless. Children like it. It gives them health. It will save their lives. In it Mothers have something which is absolutely safe and practically perfect as a child's medicine.

Castoria destroys Worms.
Castoria allays Feverishness.
Castoria prevents vomiting Sour Curd.
Castoria cures Diarrhœa and Wind Colic.
Castoria relieves Teething Troubles.
Castoria cures Constipation and Flatulency.
Castoria neutralizes the effects of carbonic acid gas or poisonous air.
Castoria does not contain morphine, opium, or other narcotic property.
Castoria assimilates the food, regulates the stomach and bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep.
Castoria is put up in one-size bottles only. It is not sold in bulk.
Don't allow any one to sell you anything else on the plea or promise that it is "just as good" and "will answer every purpose."
See that you get C-A-S-T-O-R-I-A.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. is on every wrapper.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

AN EXPLANATION.

My advertisement has previously appeared in the form of an acerostic. I now come before you in language more comprehensive with a simple statement—that my stock of Family and Fancy Groceries is complete and at prices to suit the times. A liberal share of the Public patronage is solicited.

C. E. BONDURANT.

John Ramagnano,

AT HIS

OLD STAND,

Has in stock one of the finest assortment of wines and Liquors to be found in the South.

Sour Mash Lincoln County, direct from Bonded warehouse; Pure, Sweet Mash Corn whiskey, best quality; Old Rye, Old Kentucky Sour Mash Bourbons, finest high grade, blends in bulk or cases. Imported Sherries, Clarets, Ports, Brandies, Gins, and Cordials of the best European brands. Also domestic wines and brandies. Whiskies and wines by the gallon for family use sold at closest figures. Also sacramental wines.

Imported bottled beer and cool fresh larger beer always on ice. Best and most popular brands of five and ten cents cigars. All goods bought direct from United States warehouse. Will fill orders promptly, and at as low price as if bought in person.

The Medical College of Alabama.

This Institution, located at Mobile, offers unrivaled facilities for Medical study. The building is commodious, the museum unsurpassed and the equipment complete. The curriculum has been carefully and systematically graded. Instruction by lectures, recitations, clinics, demonstrations and laboratory work in Chemistry, Bacteriology and Operative Surgery. Practical Anatomy rooms, large and well ventilated. Medical and Surgical clinics held daily at the City Hospital. ☞ The next session will begin October 12, 1894.

☞ For catalogue and information address,

GEO. A. KETCHUM, M. D., Dean,
No. 7 N. Conception St. Mobile, Ala
sept8-4t

SOUTHERN RAILWAY CO

Western System.

Time Table

IN EFFECT NOVEMBER 18, 1894

North Bound—Read Down.			South Bound—Read Up.		
Leave	4:00 p m		Meridan	12:30 p m	Arrive
"	5:22 "		York	11:10 a m	"
"	6:35 "		Demopois	9:57 "	"
"	8:10 "		Uniontown	8:41 "	"
Arrive	10:30 "		Marion Junction	6:00 "	Leave
Leave	10:40 "		Selma	5:30 "	Arrive
"	12:52 a m		"	3:02 "	"
"	2:29 "		Calera	1:04 "	"
"	3:22 "		Talladega	12:05 Night	"
"	3:47 "		Anniston	11:38 p m	"
"	4:14 "		Jacksonville	11:10 "	"
Arrive	5:10 "		Piedmont	9:35 "	Leave
"	8:00 "		Rome	7:10 "	"
"	10:25 "		Ooletwah Junct.	4:42 "	"
"	2:15 p m		Chattanooga	1:00 "	"
"	7:22 "		Chattanooga	7:50 a m	"
"	4:40 a m		Ooletwah Junct.	11:55 p m	"
"	5:40 "		Cleveland	11:00 "	"
"	7:53 "		Knoxville	8:23 "	"
Arrive	10:55 "		Bristol	6:00 p m	Leave

For any information as to Routes, Rates, and Scheldule apply to any Agent of the Company of the undersigned.

C. A. BENSCOTER, A. G. P. Agt. Knoxville, Tenn.
L. A. BELL, D. P. A. Selma, Ala.
C. H. HUDSON, Gen. Mgr. Knoxville, Tenn.
W. A. TURK, G. P. Agt. Washington, D. C.

STATE NORMAL SCHOOL,

Jacksonville, Alabama.

The School offers exceptional advantages to the young men and women of, the state for obtaining a thorough Teacher's Education.

The course of instruction is thorough, the requirements for graduation rigid, the character of work done by students excellent. Those who are willing to do earnest and conscientious work in their studies may expect the full co-operation of the faculty. No others are desired.

Tuition per term of three months:

Normal course,	Free.
Collegiate Department,	$5.00
Intermediate Department,	4.00
Primary Department,	2.00
Music, (Instrumental or Vocal) per month,	4.00

For further information write for catalogue, to

JACOB TURNEY, A. M.

Hypochondrical, despondent, nervous, "tired out" men—those who suffer from backache, weariness, loss of energy, impaired memory, dizziness, melancholy and discouragement, the result of exhausting diseases, or drains upon the system, excesses, or abuses, bad habits, or early vices, are treated through correspondence at their homes, with uniform success, by the Specialists of the Invalids' Hotel and Surgical Institute, of Buffalo, N. Y. A book of 136 large pages, devoted to the consideration of the maladies above hinted at, may be had, *mailed securely sealed from observation, in a plain envelope*, by sending 10 cents in one-cent stamps (for postage on Book), to the World's Dispensary Medical Association, at the above mentioned Hotel. For more than a quarter of a century, physicians connected with this widely celebrated Institution, have made the treatment of the delicate diseases above referred to, their sole study and practice. Thousands, have consulted them. This vast experience has naturally resulted in improved methods and means of cure.

E. M. REID J. P.

MORRISVILLE, ALA.,

Keeps alarrtage Licenses to sale Courts the 1st and 3rd Wednesday in each month.

Insurance.

AN ANSWER TO PROF. Some Augustan Thinks Can Help Black Stand Not Re-

A NEW SOUTH CONGRESSMAN HURT BADLY.

He Congressman Black Is Said to Hold His Office Honestly or Natat All—A Surrender—Interest of Peace.

Augusta, Ga., November 23. (Special)—The people of Augusta are very much divided over the wisdom of Congressman Black's course in resigning his seat in congress in order that there may be another and fair election.

Nobody here claims that the recent election was a fair and honest one, but the active political workers do claim that there was as much fraud on one side as on the other and they claim that Mr. Black does not show the proper consideration for the men who did the work in his declination of the election.

Many of the ward workers say they will not exert themselves again. Then the business men regret Mr. Black's course very much, because elections are very damaging to the business interests, and another one in March or April will disturb the condition of business seriously and may lead to renewed prejudice of the country people against the city. This prejudice has jumped the pasture fence of politics and gone over into the field of business. The business men, therefore, say it would have far better for the people of the district and of the state had Mr. Black left the matter to congress for settlement, for congress has power to settle all contests, and it is presumed to do it upon grounds of justice.

PREFERS HONESTY TO OFFICE.

On the other hand, Mr. Black, after long consultations with his friends here and those from other counties in the district, decided upon the course which he has taken. He felt that there was an aroma of fraud—a taint of dishonesty—surrounding the title to his seat which would embarrass him and prove embarrassment to the district and the state when aired in the halls of congress. He felt that in his election there was fraud, and an abundance of it. His friends became wild and over did the business. There was just as glaring fraud in Watson's vote, and it was recognized throughout the country that the election was a sort of a go-as you please and vote as-you please contest, which would not only be a serious reflection upon him personaly, but would extend its aroma to all the other contested cases from southern states and prove an injury to the southern wing of the democratic party.

Another cause of his resignation was to protect his friends, who, in their enthusiasm went wild at the polls, from the embarrassment of being cross-examined in the contest which Mr. Watson was to bring.

After long consultation and full discussion, Mr. Black decided to resign and allow the matter to be referred back to the district for settlement. Of course, that will mean other nominating conventions of both parties and another election.

IN THE INTEREST OF HARMONY.

Of course, it is the current opinion that Mr. Black will be renominated. It seems that it will have to be that way. Yet there are a few who think Mr. Black should not be. The Evening Herald, of this city, which has always been a strong admirer of Mr. Black, comes out in a leading article calling upon both Mr. Black and Mr. Watson to retire in the interest of business harmony in the district.

It suggests that each party put out a new candidate and have the race a new one.

TO WHAT CONGRESS SHOULD DO.

The Finance Tariff Legislation Should Give Place to Financial Affairs.

Senator Pugh has returned to Washington. When asked his views concerning the probable measures upon which the coming session of congress will act, he replied, that in his judgment, but little will be done this session, beyond the passage of the regular appropriation bills.

"What we need now," said the senator, "is a complete overhauling of our financial and currency systems. At the same time, I do not believe there is hope for free coinage of silver even a more generous use of silver during the present administration. I do not doubt that there will be a great deal of discussion this season, however, on the silver question, and possibly sooner or later legislation may grow out of it. As to the tariff, that is not the issue now. I believe the people will demand that it be left alone for awhile. The great subject now is the finances and the currency. I think there is very little prospect of any one of the pop gun bills passed by the house in the closing days of last session, ever getting through the senate. The public is not interested in them now, anyway.

Senator Pugh was asked his opinion of the manifesto issued by Mr. Kolb, in the governorship of Alabama. Mr. Pugh said he anticipated no trouble, for the reason that Gov. Jones was not a man to be trifled with. Such conduct as that in which Kolb is engaging, he regarded as treason, and should be dealt with as such.

The caucus of the democratic members of the general assembly Friday night performed the highest duty which ever devolves upon men holding representative positions, that of giving full and effective expression to the will of the people of Alabama, when it nominated Senator Morgan as his own sucessor in the senate of the United States. That Senator Morgan possesses to a greater degree than any other public man in Alabama, the confidence and esteem of the people of this state has long been admitted, but he has just received the highest exhibition of that fact; because of his triumph over the opposition which owes its origin not only to malice and ingratitude, but to the ambition of mediocre men; all of these elements of opposition were sharpened and intensified by the power of the machine urged on by the appetite for spoils. The victory of Senator Morgan is not only a well earned compliment to a veteran statesman, but to an illustrious citizen of Alabama; but also to an honest man and a true and fearless democrat. It is a crowning glory to a long life of faithful public service rendered to his state in war and in peace; to a well rounded life in public and private station. This act of the democratic caucus is but the first step in the policy of conciliation and harmony which will again unite the democratic party in this state as it was before the evil influence of bossism and the machine disrupted it. During the next six years, after the 4th of March 1894, no matter what party is in power Senator Morgan will still hold a position on the senate committee on foreign affairs, whereon he can be of the greatest benefit to Alabama and the whole country. His influence on that committee will do much to make a reality of the Nicaragua canal, thus opening up a market for the coal and other products of Alabama and for all sections of this great country. His efforts have long been directed in this way, and the legislature did well not to interrupt a career of usefulness, which has brought this great enterprise so near to full consummation; but to permit the senator for the interest of the country, and the finishing touch to complete this great work; and to re-establish unity in the ranks of the democratic party of this state by the overthrow of all those who for small and selfish ends have plotted its destruction; those who would rule or ruin, those who think that the people have no rights which the machine is bound to respect; those who are more devoted to hero worship rather than to obedience of the people's will.—Montgomery Journal.

Morgan's Triumph.

The vilest conspiracy that has been hatched against the popular will in Alabama for many years has fallen still-born.

The Montgomery Advertiser's efforts to debauch the state legislature has proven abortive.

Failing in open warfare against him the Montgomery organ's attempted assassination of Senator Morgan at the last moment, has failed.

The poisoned arrow of personal spite petty malice engendered by disappointed selfish greed lies harmless and broken at the feet of its intended victim.

John T. Morgan has been, by the votes of all except five of the democratic members of the legislature nominated to succeed himself in the United States Senate.

This is as it should be. It is as the people wanted it to be. It is as the democratic party in Alabama demanded that it should be.

Morgan's defeat would have been a crime against the people; treason against the party, and a death blow to democracy in Alabama.—Selma Times.

NOT WHAT WE SAY BUT WHAT OUR PATRONS SAY.

GOOD SUITS!

Pocket Physician

Is more than your name—serious and fatal diseases result from trifling ailments neglected. Don't play with Nature's greatest gift—health.

Brown's Iron Bitters

It Cures

Dyspepsia,	Kidney and Liver
Neuralgia,	Troubles,
Constipation,	Bad Blood
Malaria,	Nervous ailments
Women's complaints.	

Get only the genuine—it has crossed red lines on wrapper. All others are substitutes. On receipt of two 2c. stamps we will send set of Ten Beautiful World's Fair Views and book—free.

BROWN CHEMICAL CO. BALTIMORE, MD.

Jas. S. Kelly

Notary Public and Ex-Officio

JUSTICE OF THE PEACE.

OFFICE in the stor of A. L. Higginbottom Oxford, Ala.

Courts Second Monday in each month. Marriage license kept on hand at all times.

NO MORE EYE-GLASSES,

No More Weak Eyes!

MITCHELL'S EYE-SALVE

A Certain Safe and Effective Remedy for

SORE, WEAK and INFLAMED EYES,

Producing Long-Sightedness, and Restoring the Sight of the old.

Cures Tear Drops, Granulation, Sore Tumors, Red Eyes, Matted Eye Lashes,

AND PRODUCING QUICK RELIEF AND PERMANENT CURE.

Also, equally efficacious when used in other maladies, such as Ulcers, Fever Sores, Tumors, Salt Rheum, Piles, or wherever inflammation exists. MITCHELL'S SALVE may be used to advantage.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS AT 25 CENTS.

NOTICE NO. 15496.

Land office at Montgomery, Ala., November 13th, 1894.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Clerk of the Circuit Court at Jacksonville, Ala., on December 22nd, 1894, viz: Elijah N. Abbott, Homestead Entry No. 20,945, for the sw¼ of ne¼, se¼ of nw¼, Sec. 1, T. 15, south, R. 6, east

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon cultivation of said land, viz:

George Bradley, of Colvins, Ala., Gilliam S Boozer, Wesley Boozer, D. Alex. McCollum, of Mink, Ala.

H. PURCELL,
nov17-6t Register.

Administrator's Sale.

Under and by virtue of an order and decree of the Probate Court of Calhoun county, Alabama, the undersigned, administrator of the estate of Ansell McCollum, deceased, will sell at public outcry, before the court house door, in Jacksonville, Ala., to the highest bidder, on Saturday the 15th day of December 1894 for one-third cash, and the balance in one and two years, with note and two approved securities, the following described lands towit: N½ of the ne¼ of Sec. one (1) and the e½ of the ne¼ of Sec 3, all of T. 15, R. 8, in Calhoun county, Alabama.

S. D. G. BROTHERS,
nov17-3t Administrator.

Administrator's Sale.

Under and by virtue of an order and decree of the Probate Court of Calhoun county, the undersigned, administrator with the will annexed of the estate of J. P. Laney, deceased, will sell at public outcry, on the premises, at McPall, Ala., on Monday, the 3rd day of December 1894, between the legal hours of sale, to the highest bidder, for one-third cash, and the balance in equal payments of one and two years, with at least two approved securities, the following described real estate, viz: Beginning at a point 93 feet north of the right of way of the G. P. Railroad, and 10 feet from the public road as now established by law; thence north 40 feet; thence west to the centre of Plum Spring branch; thence down said branch forty (40) feet; thence east to the beginning point, in the se¼ of se¼ of Sec. 25, T. 16, R. 6. Also the lot of land known as the Tanyard lot, viz: Two-thirds interest in the following, to-wit: Commencing at a Sweet gum tree about 24 feet north of a poplar tree on the east banks of Plum spring branch; thence east 114 feet to the public road; thence north along said road, 240 feet; thence west 120 feet to the centre of Plum Spring branch; thence south, along the centre of said branch, 239 feet to the point of beginning, all in Sec 29, T. 16 R. 6; also the sw¼ of ne¼ and se¼ of nw¼ of Sec 33, T. 15, R. 6. Eighty acres more or less.

MRS. C. V. LANEY,
Adm'r with will annexed.
nov10-3t

NOTICE NO. 15449.

Land Office at Montgomery, Ala.) Nov. 5, 1894.)

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Clerk of the Circuit Court at Jacksonville, Ala., on December 17th, 1894, viz: Belzorah A. Couch, widow of Henry L. Couch, Homestead Entry No. 21774, for the sw¼ of ne¼, ne¼ of sw¼, of se¼, Section 1, T. 13, south R. 8, east.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: Reuben Brooks, Samuel G. Holder, Jas. Couch, Geo. Couch, all of Jacksonville, Ala.

H. PURCELL,
nov10-6t Register.

EXCURSION RATES.

Jacksonville Republican

AND

FARMERS' GUIDE

AND

HOME COMPANION FOR $1.00.

TO ALL CASH SUBSCRIBERS.

JACKSONVILLE REPUBLICAN

AND

Atlanta Constitution

ONE YER FOR $1.25.

$2,000 in Csh Prizes!

To those who take advantage of this clubbing offer The Constitution will distribute Two Thousand Dollars in Cash Prizes, by the following plan: We have placed in a sealed envelope in the keeping of the Treasurer of the State of Georgia, and locked in the great vaults of the State, a legal tender note, which like all federal paper currency is numbered, each note of every denomination issued by the government having its own number. The number on this particular note is composed of eight figures, and on the arrangement of these figures as they appear on the note depends the distribution of the two thousand dollars in prizes offered.

The following figures compose the number of the note.

5-3-4-0-1-0-7-8

though of course they are not given here in the order in which they appear on the note.

Per on who gives number of note will get $1,000 in cash.

[illegible] numbers $100 and so on

JACKSONVILLE REPUBLICAN.

ESTABLISHED 1837. JACKSONVILLE, CALHOUN COUNTY, ALA., SATURDAY, DECEMBER 8, 1894. VOL. [illegible] NO. [illegible]

THE LEADING BUSINESS HOUSES OF ANNISTON.

BELL & WIER.

ANNISTON, ALABAMA.

Corner 15th and Railroad Streets.

Every line of Goods handled in large enough quantities to make it easy for us to give you the lowest wholesale prices or less. All country produce bought and paid for in cash.

7 pounds of good Soda for 25c.
A 10 qt. Bucket for 13c.
All wool filling Jeans for 20c a yard.
Best cotton checks for 3, 4 and 5c a yard.
One box Sardines for 4c.
One plug of good Tobacco for 4 cents.
For 2 cents you get 2 good Lead Pencils.
The best Shoes for 60c and up.
The best Hats for 32c and up.
The best Caps for 9c and up.

In fact in every line of goods our prices are down to

SUIT YOUR FIVE CENT COTTON.

ULLMAN BROS.,

Holiday Announcement

CHRISTMAS PRICES AND NEW-YEAR RESOLUTIONS.

AS TO

Great Bargains in Every Department.

As we are now making every effort to enable the people to buy

HOLIDAY PRESENTS.

We shall from now on offer the greatest array of in ray of goods at prices that simply defy competition. We have now

For the Ladies.

38 inch all wool Suiting at 33c worth 50c.

54 inch Ladies Cloth at 48c, worth 65c.

All wool mixed Cheviot Suiting 40c, worth 50c.

Wool and silk mixed fancy suiting 75c worth 90c.

A special assortment of dress goods 20c, 25c and 30c.

Wraps and Cloaks.

A nice stylish Cape as low as $1.75 and up to 16.50.

Special inducements in Capes and walking Jackets, $5.00 to $7.50.

For the Little Folk.

Everything in the way of Wraps, Gloves, Underwear, Hosiery and Handkerchiefs.

FOR THE BOYS.

A special inducement. An extra pair of Pants and a Cap with each suit These suits are from $3.00 to $4.50. Double Knee and Seats, Boys Suits from $2.50 to $5.00.

FOR THE MEN.

Black Cheviot woolen suit for 5.00, seal value 7.50.

An elegant black or colored all wool suit, frock or sack, from 7.50 to 10.00

The very best in business or dress suit, long cut, latest styles, 12.50 to 16.50.

OVERCOATS.

Special inducement for 5.00.
Excellent coat for 6.50 to 9.00.
Extra quality coat, long cut from 10.00 to 16.00.

HOLIDAY GOODS

Ladies Gloves, Handkerchiefs, Hosiery, Table Cloths and Napkins.

Red Linens and Blankets, Domestics and Towels.

Everything for Ladies and Children.

HOLIDAY GOODS.

In Gents Neckwear, Shirts and Furnishings, Gloves and Handkerchiefs, Collars, Cuffs and Hats.

Everything for men and boys Hemp, Ingrain and Tapestry Carpets and a beautiful line of Rugs at low prices.

Holiday Goods at Bargain Prices at ULLMAN BROS. ANNISTON

THE man who shoots into the commissioners court of Calhoun County stirs up a hornet's nest and may expect to get stung.

CONGRESS is now in session and the Democrats still have an opportunity to redeem the pledges made in the Chicago platform.

BOTH Oates and Kolb have been sworn in as Governor. So both Democrat and Populist ought now to be satisfied and quit quarreling.

THE Gadsden papers pronounce Hon. John M. Caldwell a success as a lecturer. His lecture on "John" was highly appreciated by the Gadsdenites.

FOR originality of expression Commissioner Coker takes the cake. Who ever before heard of a man not being fit for anything except to "suck buzzard eggs?"

ONE of the most important measures to be considered by the present congress is the construction of the Nicaragua canal. The completion of this canal would give the South more prosperity than any thing that could possibly be done.

WHEN congressman Black resigns his seat in March in order to have a new election, it said that he will be opposed by one of Augusta's prominent citizens for the nomination. Some of his friends are mad because he agreed to resign.

THE Oxford Enterprise has been very much improved under its present management. It is now one of our best local papers, and will prove a valuable aid in attracting the attention of the outside world to the natural resources of Calhoun county.

ALABAMA with her unequaled resources is predestined to forge to the front in all that is unique and progressive, and now leads her sister states by having two real live Governors at the same time. Great is Alabama, and great are her two Governors in the hearts of their respective supporters.

THE people of Alabama will now have an opportunity of keeping an eye on both the proceedings of our state and national law makers. Let us hope that in the wisdom of the two assemblies we will receive a sound state bank law which will enable us to increase the amount of money now in circulation, and give us a better system of finance than we have at present.

THAT there have been frauds and irregularities in the management of elections on the part of Democrats, as well as of the other parties in Alabama, no man can afford to deny; and the man who believes it is treason to the Democratic party to make this confession and insist that our elections should be honestly conducted in the future, does not understand the Democratic party and people of Alabama. The great army of Democrats in this State favor honest methods in elections, and Governor Jones properly represented the Democratic people when he insisted on such changes in our election law as will insure fair elections.

THE Cherokee Sentinel, populist, in its issue of last week, copied an editorial from the Jacksonville Republican, in regard to the "frauds" that have been committed by the democratic party, endorses heartily what it says upon the subject, and its comments compliments that heretofore staunch old democratic journal for its honesty and candor in admitting and confessing the truth! Now, while the Inquirer believes that fraud has been committed by all parties in hotly contested elections and while it condemns all such practices in any and every party, it does not believe nor will it admit that the democratic party is any more guilty of such a crime than those who oppose it, and, in fact not as much so; and compliments from such a source as the Sentinel, and for such sentiments as it approves in a democratic paper, are not coveted by the Inquirer, which never expects to merit them!—Piedmont Inquirer.

The REPUBLICAN has never said that the Democratic party alone committed fraud in the management of elections: but as a Democratic newspaper it has insisted that the Democratic members of the General Assembly should take the lead in legislation to secure honest elections in Alabama.

As a Democrat, what we have had to say in reference to the changes suggested by Gov. Jones to our present election law has been directed to the Democratic members of the legislature.

All that we have had to say in condemning fraud in the management of elections, and in favor of a pure ballot, we repeat, and do no object to having the Cherokee Sentinel, or any other paper in the State of Alabama, endorse our efforts in favor of fair and honest elections.

The time has come when party expediency demands that the Democratic party allow no other party to be more earnes in its efforts to secure fair elections. The Democrats started the reform two years ago when they enacted the present election law, and they should now carry forward the reform commenced by making the amendments suggested by Governor Jones.

ADVERTISING PAYS

No doubt of it, Our last week's ad. of CAPES proves it. We have had numbers of calls for them, making several sales. They are our "OWN MAKE," and each is trimmed different.

Last week were received new lines of CORSETS and TRUNKS which will be sold cheap and on easy terms.

We have a big stock of RUBBER BOOTS and SHOES.

Our 25c bordered Gingham Aprons now sell at 15c. each.
Boys' Waists from 15c. up.
Mens' Overshirts 25c up.
Cotton Checks 4c. per yard.
Domestic 4c. yer yard.
Calico 5c. per yard.
Bleaching 5c per yard.
Outing 8c. per yard.
Needles, 2 papers for 5c.
Pins, 2 papers for 5c.

Bonnets from 10c up.
A lot of Muslin Underwear at 20c.
Men's Drill Drawers at 25c.
Cotton Flannel 5c. per yard.
Gingham 5c per yard.
Sea Island 5c. per yard.
Drilling 7c. per yard.
Thread 2 spools for 5c.
Thread 6 balls for 5c.
Dress Buttons 5c. a dozen.
Lace Curtains 75c a pair.

Always on hand, full lines of wool DRESS GOODS, worsteds, Lindseys, waterproof, velvets, plushes, EMBROIDERIES, LACES, RIBBONS, shoes, HATS, umbrellas, etc. It will pay you to see us before buying.

LIPPMAN'S,
Mfrs of Bonnets, Muslin Underwear, Etc.
Anniston, Ala.
nov17tf

RUND'S

REMOVAL SALE.

Finding our present quarters too small, we have leased the adjoining building which, after being remodled will be occupied by us after the Holidays and in order to clear up and reduce our present stock we offer our entire line of

Millinery, Woolens, Cotton Checks, Blankets, Dress Goods, Sheetings, Hosiery, Comforts.

In fact our entire Stock. This includes a good line of Ladies and Children Shoes, they must be sold regardless of losses. An endless Variety of

HOLIDAY GOODS

at popular prices to please the little ones. When in the city would be pleased to see you at

RUND'S,
THE PEOPLES' FIRM,
1028 Noble St., Anniston, Ala.

WINTER

Is fast approaching and with the change you will lay aside your

STRAW HATS AND

SUMMER CLOTHING,

and the place to make the change—and the change get the best—is what you should give some thoughts to Now we have what you need in suits for

MEN.

BOYS AND

CHILDRENS'

Dress, Business or Knock-About.

Cut in the Latest Styles.

MADE IN THE BEST MANNER AND

UP-TO-DATE FABRICS.

HATS,

We show an attractive line in Soft Alpine and Stiff, and in quality can accommodate your purse.

Come to see us. We can please you in

FIT, QUALITY AND PRICE.

C. A. GAMMON & CO.,

Clothiers, Furnishers and Hatters for Men, Boys and Children,

928 Noble st. Anniston, Ala.

THE death of Hon. Jos. E. Brown in Atlanta last week closed the career of one of the most remarkable men Georgia has ever produced. His biography reads like a romance. Starting out into life without money or family influence, he amassed one of the largest private fortunes of any man in Georgia, and Georgia in all her history honored few of her illustrious citizens as she did this man who started into the world unknown to fame or fortune. He was first honored with a place in the State Senate, and afterwards successively to the superior court bench, to the Governorship for four successive terms, chief justice of the supreme court of Georgia, and finally sent to the United States Senate.

For the incouragement of young men who are struggling to secure an education, we copy the following from the biography of ex-Governor Brown:

At the age of eighteen he emigrated with his father to Union county, Georgia. In the heart of a beautiful valley, enclosed by the Blue Ridge mountains, they settled at Gaddistown, a place that was destined to figure among the historic villages of the state and to appropriate the distinction that it subsequently gained of being the home of Georgia's political hero and phenomenon.

Penniless, at this period of his life, his only capital at the beginning of his career in Georgia was granite will, a definite purpose and a genius supplemented by a Roman's honor. Before reaching his maturity he obtained his father's consent to extend his education. The latter, however, was too poor to gratify his son's ambition by contributing to this end and his slender means permitted him to go no further than to provide him with a lot of home-made clothing and a yoke of oxen.

Thus equipped he set out from his home in the mountains to begin the struggle of life and first of all, to complete his education.

Perhaps the most striking picture presented in the long and eventful career of Senator Brown is the unique appearance of this simple yet resolute and determined county lad, as he mounts his team of oxen and begins the journey of life on the steep declivities of the Blue Ridge!

The objective point of his journey was the Calhoun academy, in Anderson district, South Carolina. Reaching his destination, he traded his oxen for eight months' board and obtained his schooling on credit. At the expiration of this time he returned to Georgia for the purpose of feeding his resources and, by teaching for three months, he provided himself with enough money to resume his studies at the academy. On account of his slender means he was not able to avail himself of a college education, but remained at the academy as long as he was permitted by his resources to enjoy the privileges of that modest institution of learning.

In 1844 he returned to Georgia and opened an academy at Canton. In this way he realized enough money to pay off the debt incurred by his education. Beginning with only six pupils, the school continued to grow in popularity until sixty scholars were enrolled by the end of the year. After school hours the young preceptor took up the study of law and faithfully applied himself to the acquisition of such knowledge as might aid him materially in laying the foundation of his life's profession.

Giving up his school he continued his studies, at the same time securing the position of tutor to the children of Dr. John W. Lewis, in consideration of his board. The friendship existing between Dr. Lewis and Senator Brown continued through life, and the senator made frequent provision for his old friend, making him superintendent of the state road and afterwards appointing him to the office of senator during the confederacy.

During the summer of 1845 Mr. Brown was admitted to the bar. He passed a thorough examination and was warmly congratulated by the presiding judge of the circuit. At this term of the court he delivered his maiden speech and earned his first laurels as a young practitioner. His style was clear, lucid and simple and his manner perfectly cool and self-poised. He possessed the oratory of common sense, and his speech was full of the eloquence of reason. He understood the feelings of the people and knew how to address a jury of plain, honest and simple countrymen. His speech impressed the court as well as the jury box and the fame of the young lawyer was securely established among his friends and neighbors.

A WASHINGTON telegram says: It is understood that Mr. George W. Wilson, Deputy Commissioner of Internal Revenue, will soon be superceded by a Democrat. The appointment is said to have been offered to Mr. M. L. Wood of Selma, Ala. Mr. Wilson is one of the last of a number of prominent Republicans who are holding over from the Harrison administration, and has proved himself an efficient and valuable public official, whose place is not easily filled.

IF the upper and lower portion of Calhoun are to have a little wrestle over the extension of the Anniston City Court, let it be a friendly contest. It does no good to get mad and stir up bad blood over a question of this character.

CLOTHING

FOR

EVERYBODY

Never in the history of our business have goods been as cheap as now.

Clothing Especially.

You will be astonished at the prices we offer, for they are away below what you have been accustomed to paying. Prices are strictly in keeping with the low prices of cotton.

Would you have the most for your money?

Would you have full value for all you pay?

Then Come to See Us.

We are offering some extraordinary bargains now.

Guaranteed all wool Cheviot Suit (all sizes) for 6.50 to 10.00, worth 10.00 to 15.00.

Boys' Combination Suits,

Coat with 2 Pair Pants and Capt to Match

$3.50 TO $5.00.

ALL THE LATEST

STYLES AND CUTS.

OVERCOATS.

All sizes, grades and prices from 5.00 up.

We carry the largest stock of

Underwear and Furnishing Goods

in the City and can suit you both in quality and price.

Our guarantee goes with everything. Your money back if not satisfactory.

COME TO SEE US.

THE FAMOUS,

Clothiers and Hatters

Co. Noble & 10th sts. Anniston, Ala.

The Republican

J. W. AYERS.

SATURDAY, DEC. 8, 1894.

The President's Message.

We publish on the fourth page of the REPUBLICAN President Cleveland's message to Congress.

The most important feature of the message is the change suggested in our system of finance.

To the surprise of many of the southern and western Democrats in congress, President Cleveland and Secretary Carlisle have suggested a system of finance which is believed will increase the per capita circulation about fifteen dollars, and will cause banks to spring up all over the South and west where they do not now exist.

The reform proposed is to repeal the ten per cent tax on state banks, and also to repeal all laws providing for the deposit of government bonds to secure circulation, and permits both national and state banks to issue 75 per cent of the paid up capital, requiring that they deposit in greenbacks or treasury notes 30 per cent of the amount of notes they propose to issue.

In addition to the guarantee fund of 30 per cent, it is proposed to provide a safety fund for the redemption of circulating notes of failed banks. This fund is to be raised by imposing a small tax upon the average circulation of each bank, say one-half of one per cent until the fund amounts to five per cent of the total circulation outstanding.

As a further security, an individual liability is fixed upon the stockholders of a bank.

The proposed plan requires that each bank shall redeem its own notes.

It is proposed in Mr. Cleveland's plan to issue no national bank note below the denomination of $10. This leaves an opening to be filled by silver and silver notes.

We believe the plan which he suggests is a wonderful improvement over our present system, and hope our national law makers will take up the matter and promptly enact a law in line with the suggestions made.

The Inauguration.

The inauguration in Montgomery last Saturday passed off without the least disturbance. Outside of the military companies from the different portions of the State, not a large number of people were in Montgomery to witness the inaugural program.

Governor Oates was inaugurated in front of the capitol building in the presence of a large assemblage of people. The oath of office was administered by Chief Justice Brickell of the Supreme Court.

In his inaugural address Governor Oates said that he was satisfied beyond a doubt that he was legally elected by a large majority, or he would not accept the office. He said the people of Alabama are in favor of fair elections, and if our election law is defective it should be amended, and made wise, just and fair.

Captain Kolb was on hand and took the oath of office. He was sworn in by Justice J. W. Powell in the office of the latter.

The following account of what occurred in reference to his inauguration we take from report given by the associated press:

About 10:30 o'clock it spread through the crowd that Kolb had taken the oath before a justice of the peace down town, and was merely coming up to the capitol to make his speech. About 11 o'clock he appeared walking up the half-mile ascent to the grounds. He and his party were readily passed through the gates by the guards, but upon ascending the steps leading up to the stone walk approaches, the police told them, as they had everybody else, that they must proceed to the right or left upon the grounds. Kolb and his party proceeded around to the right of the building upon the grass.

Kolb came and saw Governor Jones and asked if he would be allowed to make a speech on the capitol grounds, who replied that Colonel Oates had been declared elected governor by the only power in the state competent to do so—the assembly—and that he, as the executive, would not permit any one to enter the capitol building for any inaugural ceremony except Colonel Oates, and that if Kolb attempted to make an inaugural address in the grounds he would certainly have him arrested. Kolb then asked if there was any objection to his speaking in the street outside.

Governor Jones told him there was none whatever. Accordingly Kolb and his followers left the grounds.

Outside the grounds Kolb and followers proceeded to the sidewalk opposite. There a country wagon was pressed into service, and Kolb with several of his leaders mounted it. The most liberal estimates do not place the white men who gathered around at 200, and many of those democrats. There were also 100 or 200 of curious local negroes. No arms were seen upon any person.

Kolb delivered a very short address in which he declared that he was not attempting to excite passion or to advise any unlawful proceeding. He asserted that he had been lawfully elected, and had been defrauded; that he had pursued this course simply to perpetuate the position of himself and party against the usurpation of his office. He stated that if a fair and honest contest was passed by the present general assembly, that would settle all trouble and he sat down to let the people as well as [illegible]

THE WICKES NOTES.

THE WHOLE TRANSACTION FULLY EXPLAINED.

Judge Crook Proves That He Had to Collect Them Through the Courts.

EDITOR REPUBLICAN:—

Regardless of Mr. Wickes great effort to muddy the water, there is and has been but one question in dispute between him and me. Did I pay the Wickes bank notes, or did I not? I said that I did pay the $200.00, and Mr. Wickes says that is untrue. With flaming head lines and a most unjust and unkind distortion of the card of the ex-mayor and city council of Piedmont, he announces that "Judge Crook has attempted to ruin the character of a young man." Now if Mr Wickes character was hurt by his not paying his bank notes when due, and his leaving his accommodating endorser to pay them, who injured his character, the man who endorsed for him, and saved his notes from protest by paying them like a friend, or the man himself who got the money for his bank notes, used it, and when his notes fell due would not even go to the bank to try and arrange the matter, but left his friend to do the best he could? And the meanest act of all was when this man who had proven a friend on more than one occasion, was personally assailed, and used the fact of having paid his notes, simply and alone as an illustration of his friendship, to deny it, and say his friend was lying, and attempting to ruin him, and asking the public what it thought of a man in Judge Crook's position who would stoop so low. This was gratitude with a vengeance. I also stated that I got my money at the end of a law suit. Mr. Wickes says the notes were paid by some gentlemen in Piedmont, and attempts to construe their card to mean that, but read what they say in their card hereto attached. I call your particular attention to Mr. Wickes three letters below. In the first letter he admits the execution, and says President Smalley will settle it before court. Why such a letter if his notes were paid? He never owed me a dollar in his life except the bank notes I paid for him. He says he is sorry this has happened. What is he sorry for. did I really pay his notes to the bank? He closes this letter by admitting that I had shown him many favors. Mr. Smally did not pay his indebtedness to me, but at the October court I got judgement, and his second letter is asking me to give him time to sell his paper that the execution might not be made public, and I gave him time as his third letter shows. In this third letter he thanks me for waiting on him, and giving him a chance to straighten up his matters. Now what more do you want to satisfy you that what I said was true? I give you the card of the ex-Mayor and city council which truthfully says they did not pay the notes, but they paid the judgement of the court. That is just what I said and we do not differ one particle. They spoke the truth, and Mr. Wickes knew it to be true when he was distorting their card so unjustly to them. I give you the card of my attorney, Mr. Brothers. I give you the card of Mr. Ide, the Cashier of the bank.

I give you the transcript of the circuit court. And every one, Mr. Wickes himself in his letter written at the time, bear me ont fully in what I said. Mr. Wickes in all his letters shows that I have been his friend, and then in his perfidy and ingratitude, allows himself used by a monster in human form, to vent his persoual spleen upon me. I care nothing for the charge made, but the base ingratitude of one whom I had befriended so many times was a shock to me. I was not accustom to such acts. Now read carefully please.

Piedmont, Ala., Nov. 29th, 1894

We the undersigned members of the city council and Mayor of Piedmont for the year 1893, did not intend to convey the impression that we paid off the notes executed to the Tredegar National Bank by J. C. Wickes and endorsed by Judge Crook, but that we paid the judgment rendered by the circuit court on said notes, and had the judgment transfered to the city council. Nor did we intend to convey the idea that the notes were protested, as we are informed they were not.

A. F. Tomlin, Mayor.
W. J. Brock,
J. J. Eubank,
G. W. Alexander,
T. M. Sharp,
L. Ferguson.

Members of city council when said judgment was paid.

State of Alabama, Calhoun County, Circuit Court.

To any Sheriff of the State of Alabama: Greeting,

You are hereby commanded to summon J. C. Wickes to appear at the next term of the Circuit Court to be held for said County at the place of holding the same, then and there to answer the complaint of Emmett F. Crook. Witness this 28th day of June, 1893.

JOHN P. WEAVER, Clerk.

COMPLAINT.

Emmett F. Crook, Plaintiff Vs. J. C. Wickes Defendant.

The Plaintiff claims of the Defendant two hundred dollars by two promissory notes made by the Defendant each for $100.00 and one of said notes drawn still eights of exemption as to any personal property under the Constitution and laws of Alabama

S. D. & E. Brothers
Atty for Plaintiff.

Filed on the 28th day of June, 1893. Jno. P. Weaver Clerk
JACKSONVILLE, ALA. Feby 20, 1893.

Two months after date I promise to pay to the order of E. F. Crook one hundred dollars at the Tredegar National Bank. Value received And all right to claim any exemption under the laws of the State of Alabama as against the debt are expressly waived by the maker and indorser hereof, and we agree that if this note is not paid at maturity, and is placed in the hands of an attorney for collection to pay 10 per cent as a fee for collection.

No. 1608 Renewal J. C. Wickes
Endorsed by E. F. Crook.
Protest waived
E. F. Crook.

$100.00 JACKSONVILLE, ALA., March 25th, 1893.

Ninety days after date I promise to pay to the order of E. F. Crook, One hundred dollars at the Tredegar National Bank, Value received. And all right to claim any exemption under the laws of the State of Alabama, as against this debt, are expressly waived by the maker and indorser hereof, and we agree that if this note is not paid at maturity, and is placed in the hands of an attorney for collection, to pay 10 percent as a fee for collecting. Renewal No. 1697. J. C. Wickes.
Endorsed by E. F. Crook.
Protest waived
E. F. Crook.

The State of Alabama, Calhoun County. Circuit Court.

To any Sheriff of the State of Alabama, Greeting.

Whereas E. F. Crook hath complained on oath to me Jno. P. Weaver Clerk of the Circuit Court of Calhoun County, that J. C. Wickes is justly indebted to him the said E. F. Crook in the sum of Two hundred dollars and the plaintiff having made affidavit and giving bond as required by law in such cases. You are hereby commanded to attach so much of the estate of the said J. C. Wickes as will be of value to satisfy the said debt and cost accruing to the complaint; and such estate unless replevied, so to secure that the same may be liable to further proceedings thereon, to be had at the next term of the Circuit Court for the County of Calhoun to be held at the Court house thereof. When and where you shall make known to the said Court how you have executed this writ.

Witness this 28th, day of June, 1893.

Jno. P. Weaver, Clerk.

Received this 28th day of June, 1893. E. G. Caldwell, Sheriff.

Executed this 1st. day of July, 1893, by levying this writ on one nine column Campbell printing press and taking replevy bond for same.

Ed G. Caldwell, Sheriff.
By A. S. Stewart, Deputy.

E. F. Crook Vs J. C. Wickes—814. On Oct. 30th, 1893 came the plaintiff by attorney and the defendant being solemnly called came not but made default. It is therefore considered by the Court that the plaintiff have and recover of the defendant Two hundred twenty eight and 80-100 dollars as claimed in his complaint together with all cost in this behalf expended for which let execution issue. Against this judgment no personal property of the Defendant shall be exempt from levy and sale. It is further ordered by the Court that the following described property towit: One Nine Column Campbell printing press levied upon under an attachment issued in this case be and the same is hereby condemned to be sold for the satisfaction of the judgment and costs in this case, for which let ven. Ex issue.

E. F. Crook Vs. J. C. Wickes. Judgment rendered Oct. 30-1893. amount of judgment $228.80. Kind of judgment, waiver. Total clerk cost $7.90, total Sheriff cost $7.45 total cost $15.35. For value received I hereby transfer and assign above judgment to the city of Piedmont. This Dec. 9th, 1893.

E. F. Crook.

The State of Alabama, Calhoun County, I John P. Weaver, Clerk of the Circuit Court in and for said County and State, hereby certify that the foregoing pages from one to four inclusive contains a true and exact transcript of the Summons and Complaint Copies of notes sued on and endorsements thereon, writ of attachment and Sheriffs return thereof, judgment entry, statement of judgment and costs and transfer of the judgment made by plaintiff in a certain cause lately pending in this Court wherein E. F. Crook was plaintiff and J. C. Wickes defendant. Given under my hand and seal this December 1st, 1894.

Jno. P. Weaver, Clerk.

The two notes executed to this bank by J. C. Wickes and endorsed by E. F. Crook, for $100.00 respectively, and due respectively April 20th, and June 25th, 1893, were paid by Judge Crook. I notified Mr. Wickes when the notes fell due but so far as I am informed he made no effort to pay them. What Judge Crook said in his article in the Republican of November 24th, as to the payment of said notes so far as the same refers to this bank and myself, is correct.

Very truly,
GEO. P. IDE,
Cashier Tredegar Nat. Bank

The two notes referred to in the transcript of the circuit court executed to the Tredegar National Bank and endorsed by E. E. Crook, and turned over to me as his attorney for collection. I brought suit on the notes and obtained judgment, and on Dec. 9th the judgment was a part of five the Mayor

Statement in the Republican of Nov 24th is correct.

Very truly,
S. D. & E. BROTHERS.

Piedmont, Ala., Sept 22nd, 1893.

Hon. Judge Crook,
Jacksonville, Ala.

My Dear Sir:—I have just returned from the North where I visited Mr. W. F. Smally, President of the Land Co., here, in reference to the attachment of $200.00 you hold against me, and he informed me that he would settle the amount before court. Judge, I am sorry that this has happened, but I could not help it, as I have sunk several hundred dollars in endeavoring to keep up, what every body calls the best paper in Calhoun County. Appreciating the many kind favors you have shown me in the past, I am,

Very truly,
J. C. WICKES.

Piedmont, Ala., Nov. 13th, 1893.

Hon. Judge Crook,
Jacksonville, Ala.

My Dear Sir:—As I am endeavoring to sell my paper to Mr. Witherspoon, I would like to know if you will grant me the favor to give me the benefit of the twenty days that the law allows from the time court adjourned, in order that I can make said trade, and prevent the execution from being made public. I remain,

Very truly,
J. C. WICKES.

My best recollection is that I wrote Mr. Wickes that as I had the matter in a shape where I was safe that I would not press him. This in reply to his request of Nov. 13th, 1893, and on Dec. 7th Mr. Wickes wrote me as follows:

Piedmont, Ala., Dec. 7th, 1893.

Hon. Judge Crook,
Jacksonville, Ala.,

My Dear Sir:—I wish to extend to you my many thanks for waiting on me, and giving me a chance to straighten out my affairs, and as I have secured aid from some of the citizens here by which I will be enabled to appear with my paper again on the 16th of this month, I thought I would appeal to you in reference to lending me all the aid possible in the way of advertisements. Anything in this line will be appreciated very much. I remain,

Very truly,
J. C. Wickes.

Now read all this with Mr. Wickes letters expressing his thanks for my many kindnesses, and say whether he acted as a friend in the assault made upon me so unjustly, and untruly, when, as a friend, he could have ascertained the groundlessness of the charge. I had a right, a reasonable right, to think hard of Mr. Wickes, but it has all passed away, and I feel kindly towards him, and only ask that he not allow himself so easily used to injure a friend, at the bidding of an enemy in the future. I beg the publics pardon for thus inflicting upon it matters personal, and unpleasant to it and me

Very truly,
EMMETT F. CROOK.

We believe the people nearly all agree that there are many changes needed to the present constitution of Alabama; but it is very questionable as to whether now is the proper time to hold it. In the first place, to hold a convention would require a considerable sum of money, and the State treasury now has a large deficit. And then, the division, the restlessness, and lack of confidence one in another which now exists, makes this an unfavorable time for framing fundamental laws to govern the State. But it is true that there are important questions which can never be satisfactorily settled under our present constitution, and that a new convetion will have to be held at some time in the future. Under the bill now pending in the senate to call convention next summer, both sides of this question will be considered, and no doubt our law makers will do what is best.

CAPT. KOLB, who now calls himself Governor by right, has written a message to the General Assembly and the people of Alabama. He starts out by claiming that he was elected Governor, and calls on the Legislature to enact a contest of election statute. He advises his supporters to organize clubs to assist the general object of his appeal for their rights. He advises his friends and supporters to pay no tax money to any collector of state taxes for awhile. He also advises all tax collectors in sympathy with him to delay all payments of state taxes into the state treasury until an impartial hearing be had under a fair and honest contest law.

A Quarter Century Test.

For a quarter of a century Dr. King's New Discovery has been tested, and the millions who have received benefit from its use testify to its wonderful curative powers in all diseases of Throat, Chest and Lungs. A remedy that has stood the test so long and that has given so universal satisfaction is no experiment. Each bottle is positively guaranteed to give relief or the money will be refunded. It is admitted to be the most reliable for Coughs and Colds. Trial bottles free at the drug stores. Large size 50c and $1.00. 6

Scrofula

Miss Della Stevens, of Boston, Mass., says: I have always suffered from hereditary Scrofula, for which I tried various remedies, and many reliable physicians, but none relieved me. After taking 6 bottles of S.S.S. I am now well. I am very grateful to you, as I feel that it saved me from a life of untold agony, and shall take pleasure in speaking only words of praise for the wonderful medicine, and in recommending it to all.

Treatise on Blood and Skin Diseases mailed free.

S.S.S.

Cured

SWIFT SPECIFIC COMPANY, ATLANTA, GA.

COMMISSIONER COKER.

Tells About the Last Named Member of Above Firm Wanting to Increase Commissioners Salaries.

TO MESSRS. WIX AND WAX.

EDITOR REPUBLICAN:—Allow me space in your "protected" paper to reply to some unprotected lies I have seen in that unprotected paper,—the Piedmont Inquirer.

I wish to say in the beginning, that I had hoped that it would never be necessary for me to again have a newspaper controversy.

I have been holding still to learn who is the partner of Mr Wix. He has been smoked out until I think I know who he is. I shall call the firm Wix and Wax.

In the first place, Wix and Wax say the whole court attended the barbecue at Piedmont at the expense of the county. That is nothing less than a free Negroe lie. We had fixed that day to look after bridge near Piedmont long before the barbecue was ever spoken of. We went to Piedmont that day according to previous arrangement, and paid our expenses to and from Piedmont, and our conveyance to and from bridge did not cost Calhoun county one cent. After we had transacted the business which carried us there, we did attend barbecue. Wix and Wax speak of the barbecue as a great Democratic barbecue. So far as I am concerned, I had as soon not been there. Some portions of the speeches heard at the barbecue I endorse as good Democratic doctrine, but not the part which endorsed the financial policy of Grover Cleveland. If that is what Wix and Wax call Democracy, then I don't wish any of it in mine. I am not that kind of a Democrat.

Wix and Wax say the commissioners ride around inspecting the roads at a cost of $3.50 per day. That is another falsehood. We only draw $2.25 per day when on road duty, that price being fixed by the court. Such charges show that Wix and Wax are extremely economical with the truth when they want to injure the commissioners.

Why is not Mr. Wax honest enough to tell the dear people, whom he would make it appear are being robbed by the dips of the commissioners court into the treasury, that while a member of the State Senate he wanted to increase the per diem of the commissioners to five dollars per day, and that I told him not to do it, for it was too much? I also told our representative, Hon. W. P. Cooper, when he was at home during the recess of the legislature, not to increase the per diem of the commissioners. He, Wax, then wanted to increase our pay to five dollars, while he now howls about $3.50 per day. Why this change? I suppose he imagined we would jump at this proposed increase, and that by working it through the legislature, he could then take the court by the nose and use it as he saw proper. But when he saw we would not walk into his little baited trap what a mighty change came over him. Poor fellow! For once he got the wrong sow by the ear.

He speaks of the commissioners court dipping into the county treasury. Now, tell me, pray, who has dipped into the treasury of this county as much as Mr. Wax and his father before him.

When the Calhoun commissioners met the commissioners of Cherokee to build the bridge near Piedmont, that same little, lying sheet, the Inquirer, puffed us to the skies. We were the best commissioners that could be found. We were bully boys with glass eyes; but when Wix did not get the contract to do the printing for the county, we then became as set of frauds and robbers. Now I wish to say any man who will change in such a manner for personal greed, is not fit for anything except to suck buzzard eggs.

Now as to the contract for the county printing. Judge Crook took no undue stand in the matter. He was always frank to say the court could do as it saw proper. I do not wish to be understood as taking Judge Crook's fight further than what is right. He is able to take care of himself, and needs no help; but I can cheerfully say, as I have often said, having been associated with Judge Crook for over six years I have always found him open and frank to do what he thought was to the interest of Calhoun county, irrespective of what people would say.

When at Piedmont the day of the barbecue, Wickes said to me that his paper was likely to suspend publication at any day. Would it have been wise for the commissioners to have made contract with paper that was expected to die at any time?

And again, if the commissioners court has no right to make contract for the printing for which the county pays, why did Wix send in a bid for it? Did he not by this act recognize the right of the court to make such contract?

Wix & Wax had much to say of the commissioners taking the tax payers money for nothing. Now, Mr. Tax-payer, I will tell you what a good financier Wix is, and how he looks after the interest of your treasury. He is a daisy to sit on guard of your public treasury. Here is one of his ways of guarding it: Before the last State election, without any legal authority to do so, he published notice of the election, and afterwards sent in bill for publishing same. DeArman and I protested against its payment, but he was allowed to dip into the treasury all the same, through the sympathy of the other members of the court. How do you like that for high on the part of the man who now constitutes himself the watch dog of the treasury. I have heard that he came down here from Delaware. For aught I know, he came direct from a lunatic asylum.

Who has appointed Wix emperor over the affairs of this county? Who gave him authority to dictate what the commissioners shall or shall not do?

If I have to have a guardian, I want one who at least has common sense.

Now, Mr. Wix, you have let Mr. Wax use your paw like the monkey did the cat, and it is well blistered. You remember that Webster said experience was a dear school, but fools would learn in no other, and your experience is somewhat dear, I hope you will improve by it, and not jump on another set of innocent men who have never done you any harm, just to satisfy some one who thought he had been treated wrong.

Hoping you may yet repent, Mr. Wix, and learn some common sense at least, I am, Respectfully,

M. N. COKER.

JAKE SAYS NO.

BUT THINKS MR. WICKES PRETTY GOOD ON TRICKS.

Tells How Wickes Got $25 for Printing Which He Was Not Authorized to Do.

EDITOR REPUBLICAN.—Will you please publish the following for me:

I notice in the Piedmont Inquirer that the celebrated Mr. Wickes has jumped on me with both feet, and I want to say a few words in self defense.

While I have not learned to be much of a writer, I have long since learned to say NO, and that's what's the matter with Mr. Wickes.

Wickes has been nosing around the commissioners court for several years trying to get us to pay him for different things which he had no legal authority to publish. In such cases I have always said No, and that's what the matter with Mr. Wickes.

The law makes it the duty of the of the Probate Judge to give notice of the appointments of inspectors of elections in some newspaper published in the county, and as we had a contract with Mr. Grant to do the printing for this county, Judge Crook gave the REPUBLICAN the order for publishing notice of appointment of inspectors and returning officers for August election, for which we paid Mr. Grant seventy-five dollars.

Without any legal authority or request to do so, Mr. Wickes copied the election notice in the Piedmont Inquirer.

At the first meeting of the commissioners court after publication of this notice, Mr. Wickes was on hand nosing around. He took me out privately and asked me if I would vote to pay him for publishing said notice of election. I said No; and that's what's the matter with Mr. Wickes.

I did not see or hear anything more of him or his bill, until the close of our session when the minutes of the meeting of the commissioners court was read. I then learned that a county warrant for twenty-five dollars had been issued Mr. Wickes for publishing said election notice. (He asked, I think, for fifty dollars.) I asked the court by whose authority the warrant was issued. Mr. Coker said he knew nothing of it. The other two commissioners made no reply. So you see why Mr. Wickes says two of the commissioners are allright. I think they are myself; but they have not yet learned to say that little word—No; and that's what pleases Mr. Wickes.

Now if all the papers in the county should adopt the precedent which this man set, then instead of the county paying one paper for its legal advertising, it would pay six for publishing the same thing.

And yet he puts himself up to guard the financial interest of the county. It is all right when the money is going to Wickes but all wrong when it is going to some one else.

In his conversation with me, to which he alludes in the Inquirer, he said the commissioners had no right to make the contract it made with the REPUBLICAN. That each paper had a right to its share of the public printing. He said the commissioners had no law for making such a contract. I told him I thought we had the law on our side: and if we had no right to let out the printing at a discount, we had no right to make any other contract for the county; such as letting bridges, alms house, roads, etc.

Mr. Wickes certainly must have thought the commissioners court had the right to make contract for the county printing, when he made a bid on it.

In the conversation alluded to, Wickes said a great many things, and so did I, and if I said anything unkind of the people of Piedmont, he provoked me to say it. I am sure that I have some good friends in Piedmont, and I think as much of them as I do of the people in other portions of the county, and I regret the effort of Mr. Wickes to array them against me.

I want to say a word about Judge Crook. I have been with him for six years, and have watched his official acts closely, and I pronounce him a Christian gentleman, and I am confident that he has guarded the interest of Calhoun county to the best of his ability.

I hope no one will be offended at what I have said, not even Mr. Wickes, for I have only said what I have in self defense.

T. P. DEARMAN.

NOT WHAT [illegible] what Hood's [illegible] that tells the [illegible] cess! Remember HOOD'S CURES

Carrie Orene King

Save the Children

By Purifying Their Blood

Hood's Sarsaparilla Makes Pure Blood, Cures Scrofula, Etc.

"My experience with Hood's Sarsaparilla has been very effective. My little girl, five years old, had for four years a bad skin disease. Her arms and limbs would break out in a mass of sores, discharging yellow matter. She would scratch the eruptions as though it gave relief, and tear open the sores.

Two Bottles of Hood's Sarsaparilla caused the eruptions to heal and the scabs peeled off, after which the skin became soft and smooth. As a family medicine

HOOD'S Sarsaparilla CURES

we believe Hood's Sarsaparilla has no equal and I recommend it." W. L. KING, Bluff Dale, Tex.

Hood's Pills are the best family cathartic, gentle and effective. Try a box. 25 cents.

CONSUMPTION

SO PRONOUNCED

By the Physicians

SEVERE COUGH

At Night

Spitting Blood

Given Over by the Doctors!

LIFE SAVED BY

AYER'S CHERRY PECTORAL

"Seven years ago, my wife had a severe attack of lung trouble which the physicians pronounced consumption. The cough was extremely distressing, especially at night, and was frequently attended with the spitting of blood. The doctors being unable to help her, I induced her to try Ayer's Cherry Pectoral, and was surprised at the great relief it gave. Before using one whole bottle, she was cured, so that now she is quite strong and healthy. That this medicine saved my wife's life, I have not the least doubt."—E. MORRIS, Memphis, Tenn.

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral

Received Highest Awards

AT THE WORLD'S FAIR

School Shoes!

Good news to wearers of School Shoes. I have the best shoe for children that I have ever seen. There is no need to leave Jacksonville to be suited now. I am in a position to supply the needs of all those wanting good, first class shoes at prices to suit the cotton. I am knocking the bottom out on Groceries and Hardware. Flour 2.50 per barrel, Soda 5c. My motto: "Sell 'em low and let 'em go.

C. J. PORTER.

YOUNG MOTHERS

We Offer You a Remedy Which Insures Safety to Life of Mother and Child.

"Mothers' Friend"

Robs Confinement of Its Pain, Horror and Risk.

After using one bottle of "Mothers' Friend" I suffered but little pain, and did not experience that weakness afterward, usual in such cases.—MRS. ANNIE GAGE, Baxter Springs, Kan.

Sent by Mail or Express, on receipt of price, $1.00 per bottle. Book to Mothers mailed free. Sold by all Druggists.

BRADFIELD REGULATOR CO., Atlanta, Ga.

Shoes! Shoes!!

Another large Stock of Shoes just received. We are selling so cheap, it is the first time in years we have had to buy a second fall stock. You can get the best outfit for your family for the least money here.

Don't buy until you examine our stock.

CROW BROS.

Fir Insurance.

R. E. DEARMAN, Agent, Jacksonville, Ala.

100 Dollars Reward.

One hundred Dollars Reward will be paid upon the delivery under arrest of each or either of the following:

WILL ABLES

AND

G. I. Hancock,

late residents of the vicinity of Hokes Bluff, Etowah county, Alabama, they having sold us Mortgage Cotton and fled.

Coosa Mfg Co.,

Piedmont,

Ala.

Sheriff's Sale.

Under and by virtue of an execution in hand from the Circuit Court of Calhoun county in favor of F. E. Francis vs. A. J. Farmer, deceased et. als., I will proceed to sell on Monday the 24th day December 1894 in front of the court house door in the town of Jacksonville, Ala., during the legal hours of sale to the highest bidder for cash, the following described property to-wit: One fourth interest in lot No. 50 in the Francis addition, in the town of Jacksonville Ala., Forney Survey, as the property of A. J. Farmer, deceased. Said lot fronts 130 feet on Francis Ave., and runs back 140 feet. Levied on as the property of A. J. Farmer, to satisfy said execution in my hands, Nov. 30, 1894

E. G. CALDWELL,
dec. 1-3. Sheriff.

REGISTER'S SALE.

Under and by virtue of a decree of the Chancery court for the 9th District of the Northeastern Chancery Division of Alabama, rendered at the October Term 1894 of said court in the case of Maggie Wilson vs. J. J. & J. C. Wilson, I will as Register of said court sell to the highest bidder for cash before the court house of said county, within the legal hours of sale on Monday the 31st day of December 1894, the following described real estate to wit: The N W ¼ of Sec. 1, and the N E ¼ of Sec. 2, in T. 13 east, R. 10 east, in Calhoun county, Ala., lying west of Terrapin creek. Said land will be sold to satisfy said decree against said defendants, J. J. & J. C. Wilson.

W. M. HAMES,
dec1-4. Register.

PARTIAL SETTLEMENT.

STATE OF ALABAMA }
Calhoun County. }

In Probate Court for said County Special Term Nov. 26th, 1894.

This day came E. P. Heffner, guardian of the estate of Lillian Heffner, a minor, and filed his account and vouchers for a partial settlement of his administration of said estate. It is therefore ordered that the 24th day of December A. D. 1894 be and is hereby appointed a day upon which to examine, pass upon, and allow said account and to make said settlement, and that notice thereof be given, by publication for three successive weeks in a newspaper published in said County, as a notice to all persons concerned to appear in this Court on said 24th day of December A. D. 1894 and contest said settlement if they think proper.

ISAAC PRICE, Judge.
dec 8-3t Judge of Probate.

MONEY

Loans $1 to $3 per cent per annum on approved real estate security for parties in Calhoun county.

THE PEOPLES BANK & TRUST CO.

Any one who has children that rejoice with L. B. Mulford, of Plainfield, N. J. His little boy five years of age was sick with croup. For two days and nights he tried various remedies recommended by friends and neighbors. He says "I thought sure I would lose him. I had seen Chamberlain's Cough Remedy advertised and thought I would try it as a last hope and am happy to say that after two doses he slept until morning. I gave it to him next day and a cure was effected. I keep this remedy in the house now and as soon as any of my children show signs of croup I give it to them, and that is the last of it." 25 and 50 cent bottles for sale by dealers.

HAWKES' CRYSTALIZED LENSES TRADE MARK.

BUY NONE BUT THE GENUINE.

3,000 Merchants sell Hawkes' Spectacles with great Success. 2,000 of them handle other Spectacles without Success.

Showing the Great Popularity of Hawkes' Glasses over all others. Every pair warranted. These Famous Glasses are fitted to the eye at J. M. Crook's, Jacksonville, Ala.

Anniston's Leading Business Houses

The Tariff Makes a Difference

IN THE PRICES

OF OUR DRESS GOODS.

Among the many special values we will mention: 38 and 40 inch Pure Wool Flannel Suitings. These goods moved well last year at 45c. This year we offer a full line of colors at 35c.

Bargain Sales Every Tuesday.

38 INCH

all wool Serges in Black and Colors. We carried this line last year and found them good sellers at 60c. This year they go at 45c.

38 AND 40 INCH

Scotch mixtures in all wool and raw Silk. The styles are fashionable and attractive.

PRICE 50C.

Our line of higher cost goods is very complete. Black goods are especially good this season and we have them.

SAMPLES SENT ON APPLICATION.

AGENT FOR BUTTERICK'S PATTERNS.

W. T. WILLSON,

oct20 Anniston, Alabama.

Three Fine Presents

TO BE GIVEN

Away Christmas.

Each cash purchaser of 50 cents, will be entitled to a ticket.

1st. Diamond and Ruby Ring.
2nd. Handsome Guitar.
3rd. Fine Gold Pen.

Call and see them. New Goods. Prices right. Fine watch work, engraving and manufacturing.

HENRY ROBINSON,

Jeweler and Optician.

Old Security Bank, Cor. Noble and 11th streets. Anniston, Ala.

Ansley Pays the Freight.

Ansley Pays the Freight.

ON ALL

SHOES AND HATS

Bought of him by the people of Jacksonville and vicinity.

Try me with an order, or call in person when in Anniston and examine my stock.

Goods Sent Upon Approval.

O. E. ANSLEY.

M. F. DOERING,

(SUCCESSOR TO DOERING & ROBINSON.)

Leading Jeweler,

Watches, Clocks, Jewelry, Silverware, Spectacles, Glasses.

Fine Watch and Jewelry Repairing and Engraving

SEND ME YOUR WORK

My prices are lower than elsewhere.

nov24tf 1110 Noble Street, Anniston, Ala.

D. G. HALL,

Watchmaker and Jeweler,

ANNISTON, ALA.

Prepared to do all kinds of watch and clock work. Makes a specialty of Fine Watches and French Clocks. Thoroughly familiar with the complication of the French Clock. All work guaranteed.

oct20-6m.

Final Settlement.

STATE OF ALABAMA,
Calhoun County.

In Probate Court of said County Special Term 31 day of December 1894.

This day came W. D. Gladden Administrator of the estate of Robt. Gladden, deceased, and filed his account and vouchers for a final settlement of his administration of said estate. It is therefore ordered that the 27 day of December A. D. 1894 be and is hereby appointed a day upon which to examine, pass upon, and allow said account and to make said settlement, and that notice thereof be given by publication for three weeks in a newspaper published in said County, as a notice to all persons concerned to appear in this Court on said 27th day of December A. D. 1894 and contest said settlement if they think proper.

EMMETT F. CROOK,
dec8-3t. Judge of Probate.

Notice of Application to Pardon Daniel Mitchael.

STATE OF ALABAMA,
Calhoun County

To all whom this may concern:

Take notice that the undersigned will, on or before the 1st day of December A. D. 1894, make application to the Governor of Alabama, to pardon Daniel Mitchael of the offense of Grand Larceny, of which offense the said Daniel Mitchael was convicted in the Circuit Court of Calhoun county Ala., at the fall term of said Court on the 1st day of November 1894.

W. H. SANDHUM.

nov29-30d

Chamberlain's Eye and Skin Ointment is a reliable cure for Chronic Sore Eyes, Granulated Eye Lids, Sore Nipples, Piles, Eczema, Tetter, Salt Rheum and Scald Head. 25 cents per box. For sale by druggists.

TO HORSE OWNERS.

For putting a horse in a few healthy condition buy Dr. Cady's Condition Powders. They tone up the system and regulate every function of the body. Relieve Scratches, Mange, Worms, Coughs, Heaves, Distemper, Indigestion, Loss of Appetite, Costiveness, Founder, Inflammation of the Kidneys, Expel Worms, Purify the Blood, Improve the Wind, Give Smooth and Glossy Skin. Cost but a trifle for a case. Sold everywhere, or sent by mail for 25 cents in stamps. Book about horses sent free. Address DR. CADY, Cleveland, O.

H. M. REID, J. P.

MORRISVILLE, ALA.

Real Estate Agent, Notary Public and Conveyancer.

Correspondence solicited.

The Republican.

RATES OF ADVERTISING.

Transient advertisements $1 per square, and one inch makes a square.

Local notices 10 cents per line.

Advertisements must be handed in Thursday or before to insure insertion.

SUBSCRIPTION.

One year.....One Dollar.
Six Months.....Seventy-five Cents.
Three Months.....Forty Cents.

Subscription must invariably be paid in advance. No name will be booked unless money accompanies the order.

Don't you expect to get

A

present for somebody this Christmas. For young men we have presents that can be given in any friend without being the least suggestive, but if you really wish the ring, then we have a new catalogue which shows beautiful designs at low prices. Young ladies, you certainly will not let

CHRISTMAS

go by without some little memento recognizing the many courtesies that your best friend has shown you during the past year.

A

PRESENT

bought from us does not cost much. Send for our catalogue before the rush of holiday trade commences. We have nice things, too, that a gentleman can give his wife, or a lady her husband. Drop us a postal asking for our catalogue, now; don't delay. It is sent

FREE.

J. P. Stevens & Bro., Jewelers and Wedding Stationers, 47 Whitehall St., Atlanta, Ga.

LOCAL AND PERSONAL.

See list of Tax Assessor's appointments in this issue.

Dr. Rowan returned from New York last Monday.

John Jelks has been a visitor to Montgomery this week.

Miss Jennie Wyly is visiting friends and relatives in Anniston.

There will be preaching at the Baptist church Sunday morning.

Dr. Lane's subject will be the most important pursuit.

Rev. Geo. D. Harris of Piedmont, was a visitor to Jacksonville last Saturday.

Mrs. T. J. Cason of Anniston, was up on a visit to her parents Friday of last week.

We are gratified to learn that Mr. Treadaway has made a splendid new boat as county treasurer.

J. M. House, the photographer who has been in Jacksonville for the past few weeks, has gone to Talladega.

Henry Skelton, son of Commissioner Skelton, has been quite sick in Texas for several weeeks, and will return home in a few days.

We commend Rev. J. H. Leslie to the good people of Oxford as an elder worthy of their confidence, respect and support. We regret to give him up.

Miss Lucy Woodruff is teaching a school near Pink Lanford's. She is well qualified as a teacher, and we are glad to learn that she has a good school.

S. R. Wilkerson leaves today for Texas to attend the trial of his brother who is charged with murder. From what we gather of the facts in the case, his brother will almost certainly be acquitted.

Col. John H. Caldwell and H. L. Stevenson, Esq., have been in Montgomery this week to represent the upper portion of the county in protesting against increasing the jurisdiction of the Anniston City Court so as to include all the beats in the county.

Married in Jacksonville last Wednesday evening, Mr. Fred Stripes of Ohio, to Miss Eddie McCluskey. The ceremony was performed by Rev. Thomas Nisbet. The wedding was attended by a large number of the relatives and friends of the bride and groom. The REPUBLICAN extends best wishes.

We had a very pleasant call last week from Mr. H. G. Lamar, the business manager of the Southern Female University. While here he left an advertisement for his most excellent school, which appears in this issue of the REPUBLICAN. Mr. Lamar has a most excellent school, Jacksonville has some most excellent girls, and Mr. Lamar will be in Jacksonville soon to see if he can't arrange for our excellent girls to attend his excellent school.

The North Alabama Conference adjourned last Tuesday. The churches which for the past four years composed the Anniston District were again placed back in the Talladega District, and the following appointments made for the district:

J. W. Newman, presiding elder. Talladega station, J. F. Sturdivant; Plantersville circuit, J. W. Aiken; Fayetteville circuit, T. P. Roberts; Columbiana circuit, T. M. Wilson; Wilsonville circuit, W. A. Montgomery; Harpersville circuit, W. McD. Howell; Coosa Valley circuit, J. Warren; Talladega circuit, J. C. Pessinger; Anniston station, F. P. Culver; Glenn Addie and West Anniston, L. A. Holmes; Oxford and Oxanna, J. H. Leslie; Alexandria circuit, W. O. Horton; Jacksonville and White Plains, M. N. Morris; Heflin circuit, T. O. Jones; Munford circuit, J. T. Wilkins; Chandler Springs mission, supplied by J. H. D. Clanton; agent orphans' home, S. P. West.

The following are the appointments made for some of the preachers who are well known to the people of the county:

S. R. Emerson, Pratt City; F. A. Rogers, Guntersville Station; A. West, Decatur Station; H. S. Hamilton, Athens Station; F. T. J. Brandon, Gadsden District; J. W. Bradford, Piedmont; T. W. Rayen, St. John Birmingham; Fayette Station; J. T. Morris; Oliatchee circuit, supplied by R. L. Whitehead; S. Dobbs, Tuskaloosa District; Sipsey Circuit, Cane Hill circuit, J. W. Spencer, Hazard's circuit, [illegible]

COUNTY NEWS

FROM ALL SECTIONS OF CALHOUN.

GATHERED BY THE REPUBLICAN'S ABLE CORPS OF CORRESPONDENTS.

Weavers.

The continued beautiful weather is encouraging to the farmers. Notwithstanding the low price of cotton, with a self-sustaining effort they may yet recover their independences.

The land is in fine condition for preparing for another crop. The gathering of corn and cotton is about finished, and a good yield it was.

The farmers are selling a large proportion of their cotton seed to the oil mills, which may make planting seed scarce next spring. This would be well in one sense,—plant less and get a better price.

Hog killing is the order of the day at Weavers.

Miss Conner was married at the home of her father near Glover's switch last Sunday. Did not learn the name of the other contracting party.

Rev. T. K. Trotter filled his appointment here last Saturday and Sunday to the pleasure of his congregation. He will also preach here on the fifth Sunday and Saturday before, of this month.

Rev. W. G. Horton has returned from conference, and informs us that he will preach for us on this circuit another year,—of which we are all glad.

The health of our community is generally good; though Mr. J. B. McElreath is still in a critical condition.

Alexandria.

Mrs Susan Wood spent a day or two this week with her son, J. P. Wood.

Miss Lillie Montgomery of Jacksonville, has been the guest of her aunt, Mrs Edgar Wilkins, this week.

S. W. Crook of Anniston, spent Sunday with his parents here.

Mr. J. V. Liles is in attendance on the Conference at Athens.

Mrs. Henry Gleun an aged lady living near here died on the 28th and was buried at Post Oak church.

The ladies of the Baptist church contemplate having a supper for the benifit of their church during the holidays.

The family of Mr. J. A. Lanford have gone to make their home in Texas.

Jenkins.

Times are right lively now around town.

Farmers have no money to buy with, and they have to barter their corn, cotton seed, chickens and eggs for goods. Every body is trying to get a new dress or something for Christmas.

Farmers are done gathering and sowing wheat.

A. B. Mosley expects to start a saw mill soon. Our whole community needs lumber. Some for houses and some for fences.

Choccoloco.

The people are delighted to see the improvement that has been made in the Republican, and especially in its editorials.

We like the Republican's trial, the jurisdiction of the Anniston City Court should not be extended over the county except by a petition from each beat. While I personally am in favor of our boat going into the city court jurisdiction, I am not in favor of going in only by a majority of the voters being in favor of it and petitioning for it.

I think that we as Democrats should carry out our pledges to the people as far as we can, and if we do not, our party will be divided worse than ever.

Bill Week's son was driving up the hill near A. B. Scarbrough's house last Friday night with a two-horse wagon, and a negro, Will Bell, was driving down the hill very fast in a one-horse wagon. Bill ran his horse against Week's team, and one of the shafts struck one of Week's horses in the breast inside collar, and the horse died in less than five minutes.

Eba Scarbrough has bought out part of S. K. Cunningham's land; paying 17½ dollars per acre. He also bought from Dr. Davis and W. W. Bennett the place known as the Cobb lands.

Linsay Scarbrough and Mallory Davis joined the Oxford Rifles and went to Montgomery to the inauguration of Gov. Oates. The boys look rather worsted. They say they had [illegible] Montgomery, and fasted from Saturday eve until they reached home Sunday at noon.

Rev. M. G. Milligan has gone to Fort Payne to attend the session of the Cumberland Presbyterian church.

Mrs. Amy Kelly has been visiting in Oxford several days.

Mr. Oden with a [illegible] for Eba Scarbrough's [illegible]

Miss Pet DeArman last Tuesday.

Miss Nannie Whitesides of White Plains, spent Sabbath visiting in our community.

Ladiga.

Miss Mary Cone of Piedmont, visited friends here last week.

Mr. J. B. Smith and wife, Mr. Jepp Smith and wife, Mr. Jon O'Briant and wife, and Miss L. C. O'Briant, all of Randle, spent last Sunday at the residence of J. D. Amberson.

D. C. Graham was over in Cherokee county this week on business. He reports having seen plenty of big hogs, corn, and sorghum.

Misses Mary, Margerate, and Eula Stewart of this place, were in Piedmont shopping this week.

J. C. Graham left last Sunday for a visit to Anniston, Gadsden, and Huntsville.

A good many of our people went to Piedmont to take in the Cooper show. I think most of them came home thoroughly disgusted with it.

Mr. M. T. Naugher and family of near Goshen, were visitors at S. D. Savage's last Sunday.

Mr. Love Stewart and family of this place, spent Sunday last in Goshen valley with relatives.

Mrs. D. C. Graham has been visiting in Piedmont this week.

Merrellton.

Miss. Eva Wells died last Sunday morning after being confined to her bed about four months.

Owing to the dry fall, wheat that has been sown has not germanated well.

We were shown the other day by Mrs. Henry Smith some ancient wearing apparel. One ladies dress which the cotton used in making was hand picked before the invention of the cotton gin. The cloth was made at home. The dress is in elegant state of preservation, and has been in the family for generations. It is made of better cloth than we get now.

We have also been shown the Meerchaum pipe which Santa Anna was smoking at the time of his capture in the Mexican war. Mr. N. W. McLaine of beat 7 has the pipe in his possession.

Speaking of cloth reminds me that many of our good house keepers have made this fall quite a large amount of jeans, and other cloth for winter wear.

Tariff or no tariff, the brown jeans pants of fifty years ago had more money in their pockets than the fine store pants carry now.

The populists in this section do not seem to care much about the extension of the Anniston City Court. They say they have always been opposed to its extension over all the beats, but as their men were not sent to the legislature, they think it the business of the other side to fight the extension.

All the Populists prefer that the commissioners districts remain as they are at present.

DeArmanville.

The marriage of Miss Pet DeArman of this place to Mr. Colonel Wright of Iron City, at the Methodist church last Thursday evening, was an event that will long be remembered by the large number of friends of the contracting parties who attended. It was indeed a brilliant affair.

Mr. W. R. Weeks, a worthy citizen on Mrs. Blackmon's place, had his only horse accidentally killed by being run into by a one horse wagon after dark on the road near Harmony church.

Quite a number of cars of cotton seed have been shipped out of this valley to the oil mills in Atlanta and Rome, and more will be shipped. There is enough seed in this vicinity to run a considerable oil mill.

Nearly all the land in this section has been rented for another year. Mr. David Long with his interesting family will move back in this valley from Cleburne county. John Bobo, who has been here for many years, will move to Alexandria valley.

Many of our citizens are having a regular hog killing time.

A large number of Koln men are sowing oats this year.

We have enough rain to settle the dust, but many wells are still dry.

NOTICE.

We desire all who owe us to come and settle, as we desire to close up this year's business.

CROW BROTHERS.

It May Do as Much for You.

Mr. Fred Miller, of Irvine, Ill., writes that he had a severe Kidney trouble for many years, with severe pains in his back and also that his bladder was affected. He tried many so-called Kidney cures but without any good result. About a year ago he began the use of Electric Bitters and found relief at once. Electric Bitters is especially adapted to cure of all Kidney and Liver troubles and often gives almost instant relief. Only 50c for large bottle. At all the druggists. 6

THE most remarkable cures of scrofula on record have been accomplished by Hood's Sarsaparilla. This medicine is unequalled for diseases of the blood. Take only Hood's.

Hood's Pills are the best family cathartic and liver medicine. Gentle, reliable, sure. 25c.

EDUCATION.

The Spring Term of the Southern Female University and Conservatory of Music and Art, of Anniston, Ala., will begin January 1st, 1895. Write for terms.

Misses E. & C. Janes, Principals. H. G. LAMAR, Business Manager.

SOUTHERN DYEING AND CLEANING COMPANY.

BACON & MOORE Agents.

CLEANING, DYEING AND REPAIRING

LADIES' AND GENTS' CLOTHING.

207 North Twentieth Street, BIRMINGHAM, ALA.

We pay charges one way on goods sent by Express.

dec1-1y

ALABAMIANS

Who Have Expressed Opinions During the Month of October.

Mr. Thomas W. Haisten, Buck Horn, Ala., October 2, 1894: "We are still pleased with the Electropoise which has been in use in our family now more than three years."

Mrs. Fannie C. Starke, Perote, Ala., October 1, 1894: "I still use the Electropoise and receive great benefit from it, and we do not have any doctors bills to pay now."

Mr. T. H. Hobart, Decatur, Ala., October 1, 1894: "I indorse every thing that I have heretofore said about the Electropoise, and am always telling some one what it has done in my family."

Rev. L. A. Darsey, Decatur, Ala., October 2, 1894: "The Electropoise is a grand discovery. I have two and never intend to give them up."

Mrs. W. P. Nelson, Sunshine, Ala., October 4, 1894: "I have never failed to effect a cure in every case of disease I have ever treated, and they have been numerous. The electropoise has no more ardent admirer than I."

Mr. C. A. J. Hollingsworth, Mink, Ala., October 18, 1894: "I still think the Electropoise is a great curative agent, and use it for all ailments in my family, and recently cured a severe attack of dysentry in two days with it."

Mr. J. McKee Gould, Boligee, Ala., October 1, 1894: "After four years experience with the Electropoise my faith in it is unshaken."

For full particulars and testimonials of reliable people write to DuBois & Webb, 223 North Twenty-first street, Birmingham, Ala., for their book, mailed free to any address.

☞ Electropoise rented four months for $10.

NO MORE EYE-GLASSES.

No More Weak Eyes!

MITCHELL'S EYE-SALVE

A Certain Safe and Effective Remedy for

SORE, WEAK and INFLAMED EYES,

Producing long-sightedness, and Restoring the Sight of the old.

Cures Tear Drops, Granulation, Sore Tumors, Red Eyes, Matted Eye Lashes, AND PRODUCING QUICK RELIEF AND PERMANENT CURE.

Also, equally efficacious when used in other maladies, as in Ulcers, Fever Sores, Tumors, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, or wherever inflammation exists. MITCHELL'S SALVE may be used by all persons.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS AT 25 CENTS.

Notice of Application for Special Act.

Notice is hereby given that the present Legislature of Alabama will be petitioned to pass a special act for the relief of Mary A. Nance for lands sold at tax sale by the Tax Collector of Calhoun county and bought by the county at said sale, and for the taxes paid on same by said D. H. Talladega special act of the Alabama Legislature of 1894-95.

Mary A. Nance.

There will be a meeting of the stock holders of the Jacksonville Oil Mill company at the Tredegar National Bank in Jacksonville, Alabama, at ten o'clock A. M. on Monday the 3rd day of Dec. 1894, for the purpose of voting a mortgage of twenty-five thousand dollars on the property of the said Company. Nov. 3 rd 1894.

H. MARSHALL,
Pres. & Manager.

PARTIAL SETTLEMENT.

STATE OF ALABAMA,
Calhoun County.

In Probate Court of said County Special Term 20th day of Nov. 1894.

This day came W. L. Lusk, adm'r estate of J. A. Posey deceased, and filed his account and vouchers for a partial settlement of his administration of said estate. It is therefore ordered that the 17th day of December A. D. 1894 be and is hereby appointed a day upon which to examine, pass upon, and allow said account and vouchers for a partial settlement of his administration of said estate. It is therefore ordered that the 17th day of December A. D. 1894 be and is hereby appointed a day upon which to examine, pass upon, and allow said account and to make said settlement, and that notice thereof be given by publication for three successive weeks in a newspaper published in said County, as a notice to all persons concerned to appear in this Court on said 17th day of December A. D. 1894 and contest said settlement if they think proper.

EMMETT F. CROOK,
nov24-3t. Judge of Probate.

Probate Court Notice.

STATE OF ALABAMA,
Calhoun County.

In Probate Court Calhoun County Special Term November 22, 1894.

Milton Harrison
vs.
Heirs Miles Harrison.

This day came Milton Harrison the administrator of the estate of Miles Harrison, deceased, and presents to this court his petition in writing and under oath, and in form required by law, praying for an order and decree of this court, to sell certain real estate described in said petition, for the purpose of paying the debts upon said decedent, the personal property is not sufficient to pay the debts of said estate, which said petition is examined by this Court and placed on file for the inspection of all concerned. It is therefore ordered and decreed by the court, that the 3 day of January, 1895 be and it is hereby appointed as a day for the hearing and consideration of said petition, and notice of the filing and nature of said petition, and the day set to hear and determine the same, be given by publication for three successive weeks in the Jacksonville Republican a newspaper published in said county, notifying all persons interested to be and appear before this court on said 3d day of Jan A. D. 1895 then and there to show cause, if any, why said petition should not be granted.

EMMETT F. CROOK,
nov-24-3t Judge of Probate.

TAX COLLECTOR'S APPOINTMENTS.

I will attend the following appointments for the purpose of collecting the State and County taxes of Calhoun county, Alabama, for the year 1894.

All tax is Delinquent and subject to the penalty fixed by law after December 31st 1894. I will be in Jacksonville the last 10 days of the year for the purpose of receiving tax from all parts of the county.

SECOND ROUND.

Beat 1, Jacksonville Thursday November 1.

Beat 3, Four Mile Spring, Friday, November 2nd.

Beat 3, Weavers Saturday November 3rd.

Beat 5, Graves School House, Monday November 5th.

Beat 7, Landers School House, Tuesday November 6th.

Beat 7, Heflingsworth, Wednesday November 7th

Beat 10, Dukes Thursday November 8.

Beat 2, Alexandria, Friday and Saturday November 9-10th.

Beat 10, Polling Place, Monday November 12.

Beat 11, White Plains, Tuesday November 13.

Beat 12 Iron City, Wednesday November 14.

Beat 12, Choccoloco, Thursday November 15.

Beat 17, DeArmanville, Friday November 16.

Beat 5, Polkville, Monday November 19.

Beat 13, Sulphur Springs, Tuesday November 20.

Beat 14, Boiling Springs Wednesday November 21.

Beat 15, Ohatchie Thursday November 22.

Beat 6, Peaks Hill, Friday November 23.

Beat 9, Reads, Saturday November 24.

Beat 16, Ladiga, Monday November 26.

Beat 16, Greenwoods School House Tuesday November 27.

Beat 9, Piedmont Wednesday and Thursday November 28-29.

Beat 13, Oxford Monday and Tuesday December 3-4.

Beat 3, Oxanna Wednesday December 5.

Beat 4, Bynums Thursday December 6.

Beat 4, Canaways School House, Friday December 7.

Jacksonville, Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday, and Friday December 11-12-13-14.

D. Z. GOODLETT,
Tax Collector.

I have mammoth Brouze Turkeys to sell at $3.00 per pair from now until the 1st of Dec. After then they will be worth more.

Miss Ida Dickinson.

Final Settlement.

STATE OF ALABAMA,
Calhoun County.

In Probate Court of said County, Special Term 3d day of December 1894.

This day came S. D. G. Brothers, Executor of the estate of William Gray, deceased, and filed his account and vouchers for a final settlement of his administration of said estate. It is therefore ordered that the 27th day of Dec. A. D. 1894 be and is hereby appointed a day upon which to examine, pass upon, and allow said account and to make said settlement, and that notice thereof be given, by publication for three successive weeks in a newspaper published in said County, as a notice to all persons concerned to appear in this court on said 27th day of December A. D. 1894 and contest said settlement if they think proper.

EMMETT F. CROOK,
dec8-3t. Judge of Probate.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

Bargain In A Piano.

For the next 60 days I will sell a good new Upright Piano, with three pedals, full size, warranted for five years, for $225, ¼ cash ¼ in 12 months, and balance in two years on installment. I will ship on 15 days trial, if not satisfactory I will pay freight both ways.

Write for catalogue. Sheet music and all kinds of music books cheap.

E. E. FORBES,
Anniston, Ala.

Mr. Ira P. Wetmore, a prominent real estate of San angio, Texas, has used Chamberlain Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy in his family for several years as occasion required, and always with perfect success. He says: I find it a perfect cure for our baby when troubled with colic or dysentery. I now feel that my outfit is not complete without a bottle of this Remedy at home or on a trip away from home. For sale by dealers.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The best salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by all druggists.

For rheumatism I have found nothing equal to Chamberlain's Pain Balm. I rub it in as soon as applied.—J. W. Young, West Liberty, W. Va. The prompt relief it affords is alone is worth many times the cost to any one who is subject to rheumatic pains, not to mention the permanent cure it effects. For sale by druggists.

For sale cheap—One beautiful Oak folding [illegible] French plate [illegible] Enquire at this office.

For sale—Fifty [illegible] relief [illegible] claim for [illegible] Enquire at this office.

Administrator's Sale.

Under and by virtue of an order of the Probate Court of Calhoun County, Alabama, sitting in Term 15th day Oct. 1894, the undersigned Administrator of the estate of Caleb [illegible] deceased, will sell at public outcry, to the highest bidder, on Saturday the 17th day of November A. D. 1894, at the court house door in Jacksonville, Ala., on a credit of twelve months, the following described real estate, viz: Beginning at a point 93 feet north of the right of way of the G. P. Railroad, and 16 feet from the public road as now established by law, thence north 40 feet; thence west to the centre of Plum Spring branch, thence down said branch forty (40) feet; thence east to the beginning point, in the se¼ of se¼ Sec. 25, T. 16, R. 6. Also the lot of land known as the Tanyard lot, viz: Two-thirds interest in the following, to-wit: Commencing at a Sweet gum tree about 24 feet north of a poplar tree on the east banks of Plum spring branch; thence east 114 feet to the public road; thence north along said road, 240 feet; thence west 120 feet to the centre of Plum Spring branch, thence south, along the centre of said branch, 240 feet to the point of beginning, all in Sec 29, T. 16 R. 6; also the sw¼ of ne¼ and se¼ of nw¼ of Sec 33, T. 15, R. 6. Eighty acres more or less.

MRS. C. V. LANEY,
Adm'r with will annexed.
nov10-3t

NOTICE NO. 15419.

Land Office at Montgomery, Ala.,
Nov. 5, 1894.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Clerk of the Circuit Court at Jacksonville, Ala., on December 22nd, 1894, viz: Elijah N. Abbott, Homestead Entry No. 20,945, for the sw¼ of ne¼, se¼ of nw¼, Sec. 1, T. 13, south, R. 8, east.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon cultivation of said land, viz: George Bradley, of Colvins, Ala., William S. Boozer, Wesley Boozer, D. Alex McCollum, of Mink, Ala.

H. PURCELL,
nov11-8t Register.

Final Settlement.

STATE OF ALABAMA,
Calhoun County.

In Probate Court of said County
Special Term 22 day of October 1894.

This day came W. C. Acker, guardian of the estate of Mollie Weaver, Virgil Weaver, and Sallie Weaver, minors, and filed his account and vouchers for a final settlement as his administration of said estate of Mollie Weaver, and a partial settlement as to Virgil and Sallie Weaver.

It is therefore ordered that the 13th day of Nov. A. D. 1894 be and is hereby appointed a day upon which to examine, pass upon, and allow said account and to make said settlement, and that notice thereof be given by publication for three successive weeks in a newspaper published in said County, as a notice to all persons concerned to appear in this Court on said 13th day of November A. D. 1894 and contest said settlement if they think proper.

EMMETT F. CROOK,
oct27-3t Judge of Probate.

Annual Settlement.

STATE OF ALABAMA,
Calhoun County.

In Probate Court of said County
Special Term, 22 day of October 1894.

This day came W. C. Acker, guardian of the estate of Mary E. McDaniel a non compos mentis and filed his account and vouchers for an annual settlement of his administration of said estate. It is therefore ordered that the 12th day of Nov. 1894 be and is hereby appointed a day upon which to examine, pass upon, and allow said account and to make said settlement, and that notice thereof be given by publication for three successive weeks in a newspaper published in said County, as a notice to all persons concerned to appear in this Court on said 12th day of Nov. A. D. 1894 and contest said settlement if they think proper.

EMMETT F. CROOK,
oct27-3t Judge of Probate.

IN QUITY.

STATE OF ALABAMA,
Calhoun County.

In Chancery at Jacksonville.

Mary Ann Williams, Complainant,
vs.
Thomas Williams, Defendant.

It appearing to the satisfaction of the undersigned Register that the defendant Thomas Williams is not a resident of this State, but resides in the State of Georgia, it is ordered that publication be made in the Jacksonville Republican, a newspaper published in Calhoun county, Alabama, requiring said defendant to appear before me at my office in Jacksonville, Alabama, on the first Monday in December next, and plead, answer or demur to the bill of complaint filed in this cause, or the same will be taken as confessed.

H. PURCELL,
Register.
oct20-4t

CASTORIA

for Infants and Children.

MOTHERS, Do You Know that Paregoric, Bateman's Drops, Godfrey's Cordial, many so-called Soothing Syrups, and most remedies for children are composed of opium or morphine?

Do You Know that in most countries druggists are not permitted to sell narcotics without labelling them poisons?

Do You Know that you should not permit any medicine to be given your child unless you or your physician know of what it is composed?

Do You Know that Castoria is a purely vegetable preparation, and that a list of its ingredients is published with every bottle?

Do You Know that Castoria is the prescription of the famous Dr. Samuel Pitcher. That it has been in use for nearly thirty years, and that more Castoria is now sold than of all other remedies for children combined?

Do You Know that the Patent Office Department of the United States, and of other countries, have issued exclusive right to Dr. Pitcher and his assigns to use the word "Castoria" and its formula, and that to imitate them is a state prison offense?

Do You Know that one of the reasons for granting this government protection was because Castoria had been proven to be absolutely harmless?

Do You Know that 35 average doses of Castoria are furnished for 35 cents, or one cent a dose?

Do You Know that when possessed of this perfect preparation, your children may be kept well, and that you may have unbroken rest?

Well, these things are worth knowing. They are facts.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

AN EXPLANATION.

My advertisement has previously appeared in the form of an acrostic. I now come before you in language more comprehensive with a simple statement—that my stock of Family and Fancy Groceries is complete and at prices to suit the times. A liberal share of the Public patronage is solicited.

C. E. BONDURANT.

John Ramagnano,
AT HIS
OLD STAND,

Has in stock one of the finest assortment of wines and Liquors to be found in the South.

Sour Mash Lincoln County, direct from Bonded warehouse; Pure, Sweet Mash Corn whiskey, best quality; Old Rye, Old Kentucky Sour Mash Bourbons, finest high grade, blends in bulk or cases. Imported Sherries, Clarets, Ports, Brandies, Gins, and Cordials of the best European brands. Also domestic wines and brandies. Whiskies and wines by the gallon for family use sold at closest figures. Also sacramental wines.

Imported bottled beer and cool fresh larger beer always on ice. Best and most popular brands of five and ten cents cigars. All goods bought direct from United States warehouse. Will fill orders promptly, and at as low price as if bought in person.

The Medical College of Alabama.

This Institution, located at Mobile, offers unrivaled facilities for Medical study. The building is commodious, the museum unsurpassed and the equipment complete. The curriculum has been carefully and systematically graded. Instruction by lectures, recitations, clinics, demonstrations and laboratory work in Chemistry, Bacteriology and Operative Surgery. Practical Anatomy rooms, large and well ventilated. Medical and Surgical clinics held daily at the City Hospital. ☞The next session will begin October 12, 1894.

☞For catalogue and information address,
GEO. A. KETCHUM, M. D., Dean,
No. 7 N. Conception St. Mobile, Ala
sept8-4t

SOUTHERN RAILWAY CO

Western System.

Time Table

IN EFFECT NOVEMBER 18, 1894

North Bound—Read Down.			South Bound—Read Up.		
Leave	4:45 a m	Meridian	10:20 p m	Arrive	
"	5:57 "	York	9:09 p m	"	
"	7:02 "	Demopois	8:07 "	"	
"	7:43 "	Uniontown	7:22 "	"	
"	8:50 "	Marion Junction	6:46 "	Arrive	
Arrive	9:00 "	Selma	6:15 "	Leave	
Leave	9:10 "	"	6:00 "	"	
"	11:20 "	Calera	3:50 "	"	
"	12:52 p m	Talladega	2:19 "	"	
"	2:09 "	Anniston	1:10 p m	"	
"	2:27 "	Jacksonville	12:45 "	"	
"	2:55 "	Piedmont	12:20 p m	Arrive	
Arrive	4:25 "	Rome	10:55 "	Leave	
Leave	4:30 "	"	10:46 "	Arrive	
Arrive	6:27 "	Ooletwah Junct.	8:55 "	"	
"	7:10 "	Chattanooga	8:15 a m	Leave	
Leave	5:45 "	Chattanooga			
"	6:32 "	Ooltewah Junct.	11:03 a m	Arrive	
Arrive	7:00 "	Cleveland	10:30 "	"	
"	10:00 "	Knoxville	7:45 a m	"	
"	4:50 a m	Bristol	11:30 p m	Leave	

For any information as to Routes, Rates, and Schedule apply to any Agent of the Company of the undersigned.

C. A. BENSCOTER, A. G. P. Agt. L. A. BELL, D. P. A.
Knoxville, Tenn. Selma, Ala.
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Knoxville, Tenn. Washington, D. C.

STATE NORMAL SCHOOL,

Jacksonville, Alabama.

The School offers exceptional advantages to the young men and women of the state for obtaining a thorough Teacher's Education.

The course of instruction is thorough, the requirements for graduation rigid, the character of work done by students excellent. Those who are willing to do earnest and conscientious work in their studies may expect the full co-operation of the faculty. No others are desired.

Tuition per term or three months:	
Normal course	Free.
Collegiate Department	$6:00
Intermediate Department	4:00
Primary Department	2:00
Music (Instrumental or Vocal) per month	4:00

For further information write for catalogue to

JACOB FORNEY, A. M.
PRESIDENT.

GROVER CLEVELAND

The President's Long Message Reading Congress.

OUR PRESENT FINANCIAL SYSTEM.

He Makes a Number of Suggestions Regarding Reform of the Laws Now Existing—Talks About Banks and These Gold Bonds.

The message of President Cleveland has been read in congress.

This report contains the main features of the paper. Only the reference to the report of cabinet officers, that have been printed and matters of less importance have been eliminated.

Message to Congress of the United States:

The assemblage within the nations legislative halls of those charged with the duty of making laws for the benefit of a generous and free people impressively suggests the exacting obligation and inexorable responsibility involved in their task at the threshold of such labor now to be undertaken by the congress of the United States, and in the discharge of an executive duty enjoined by the constitution, I submit this communication containing a brief statement of the condition of our national affairs and recommending such legislation as seems to me necessary and expedient.

The history of our recent dealings with other nations and our peaceful relations with them at this time additionally demonstrate the advantage of consistently adhering to a firm but just foreign policy free from cavious or ambitious aims, scheming and characterized by entire honesty and sincerity.

During the past year, pursuant to a law of congress, commissioners were appointed to the Antwerp Industrial exposition. Though the participation of American exhibitors fell far short of completely illustrating or national ingenuity and industrial achievements yet it was quite creditable in view of the brief time allowed for preparation.

I have endeavored to impress upon the Belgium government the needlessness and positive harmfulness of the restrictions upon the importation of certain of our food products and have strongly urged that the rigid supervision and inspection under our laws are amply sufficient to prevent the importation from this country of diseased cattle and unwholesome meats.

The termination of the civil war in Brazil has been followed by a general prevalence of peace and order. It appearing at an early stage of the insurrection that its course would call for unusual watchfulness on the part of this government, our naval force in the harbor of Rio Janerio was strengthened. This precaution I am satisfied tended to restrict the issue to a simple trial of strength between the Brazilian government and the insurgents and to avert complications, which at times seemed imminent. Our firm attitude of neutrality was maintained to the end. The insurgents received no encouragement of eventual asylum from our commanders, and such opposition as they encountered was for the protection of our commerce and was clearly justified by public law.

A serious tension of relations having arisen at the close of the war between Brazil and Portugal by reason of the escape of the insurgent Admiral DaGama and his followers. The friendly offices of our representatives to those countries were exerted for the protection of the subjects of either within the territory of the other, although the government of Brazil was only notified that the commercial arrangement existing between the United States and that country based on the 5th section of the Tariff law of 1890, was abrogated on August 28, 1894, by the taking effect of the tariff law in force that government subsequently notified us of its intention to terminate such arrangement on the first day of January, 1895. In the exercise of the right reserved in the arrangement between the two countries. Attention is called to the correspondence between the secretary of state and the Brazilian minister on this subject.

The commission organized under the convention which we had entered into with Chili for the settlement of the outstanding claims of each government against the other adjourned at the end of the period stipulated for its continuance, leaving undetermined a number of American cases which had been duly presented. These claims are not barred and negotiations are in progress for the submission to a new tribunal.

On the 17th of March last a new treaty with China in fourth regulation of emigration was signed at Washington, and on August 12th it received the sanction of the senate. Ratification on the part of China and formal exchange are awaited to give effect to this mutually beneficial convention.

A gratifying recognition of the uniform impartiality of this country towards all foreign states was manifested by the co-incident request of the Chinese and Japanese governments that the agents of the United States should within proper limits afford protection to the subjects of the other during the suspension of diplomatic relations due to a state of war. This delicate office was accepted, and a misapprehension which gave rise to the belief that in affording this kindly unofficial protection our agents would exercise the same.

Authority which the withdrawn agents of the belligerents exercised was promptly corrected, although the war between China and Japan endangers no policy of the United States, it deserves our greatest consideration by reason of its disturbance of our growing commercial interests in the two countries and the imminent dangers which may result to our citizens domiciled or sojourning in the interior of China acting under a stipulation in our treaty with Korea. (The first concluded with a western power.) I felt constrained at the beginning of the controversy to tender our good offices to induce an amicable arrangement of the initial difficulty growing out of the Japanese demands for an administrative reform in Korea but the unhappy precipitation of actual hostilities defeated this kindly purpose. Deploring the destructive war between the two most powerful of the eastern nations and anxious that our commercial interests may be preserved and that the safety of our citizens there shall not be jeopardized, I would not hesitate to heed any intimation that our friendly aid for the honorable termination of hostilities would be acceptable to both belligerents.

A convention has been finally concluded for the settlement by arbitration of the prolonged dispute with Ecuador grown out of the proceedings against Emilie Santos, a naturalized citizen of the United States.

Our relations with the republic of France continue to be such as should exist between nations so long bound together by friendly sympathy and similarity in their form of government.

The recent cruel assassination of the president of this sister republic called forth such universal expression of sorrow and condolence from our people and government as to leave no doubt of the depth and sincerity of our attachment.

The resolutions passed by the senate and house of representatives on the occasion have been communicated to the widow of President Carnot.

Acting upon the reported discovery of Texas fever in carcoss of American cattle, the German prohibition against importations of live stock and fresh meats from this country has been received. It is hoped that as Germany will soon become convinced that the inhibition is needless as it is harmful to mutual interests.

The German government has protested against that provision of the customs tariff act which imposes a discriminating duty of one tenth of one cent a pound on sugar coming from countries paying an export bounty thereon, claiming that the exaction of such duty, is in contravention of articles 5 and 9 of the treaty of 1828 with Prussia. In the interests of the commerce of both countries and to avert even the accusation of treaty violation I recommend the repeal of so much of the statute as imposes that duty, and I invite attention to the accompanying report of the secretary of state containing a discussion of the questions raised by the protests. Early in the present year an agreement was reached with Great Britain concerning instructions to be given to the naval commanders of the two governments in Bering sea and the contiguous north Pacific ocean for their guidance in the execution of the award of the Paris tribunal arbitration and the enforcement of the regulations therein prescribed for the protection of seal life in the waters mentioned. An understanding has also been reached for the payment by the United States of $425,000 in full satisfaction of all claims which may be made by Great Britain for damages growing out of the controversy as to fur seals in Behring Sea or the seizure of British vessels engaged in taking seal in those waters. The award and findings of the Paris tribunal, to a great extent determined the facts and principles upon which these claims should be adjusted and they have been subjected by both governments to a thorough examination upon the principles as well as the facts which they involve. I am convinced that a settlement upon the terms mentioned would be an equitable and advantageous one and I recommend that provision be made for the prompt payment of the stated sum.

Great Britain and France have declined their willingness to adhere to the regulations established under the award of the Paris tribunal of arbitration.

Preliminary surveys of the Alaskan boundary and a preparatory examination of the question of protection of the food fish in the contiguous waters of the United States and the Dominion of Canada are in progress.

The boundary of Africa claims treaties in dispute between Great Britain and Portugal and Zenzibar respecting the early settlement on some just basis of the claims of the latter powers, is in the line of recently published correspondence from the two governments all causes of difference between them in that quarter of Africa have been happily composed by the recent agreement between Great Britain and Germany which has been communicated to the congress. Great Britain has also conferred valuable favors upon the United States and its representatives in protecting the rights of our citizens in Samoa and in the judicial proceedings which have been instituted there. Our consul has been directed to express the appreciation of this government of the friendly spirit which has been manifested by the British consul and other representatives of Great Britain in Samoa.

The government of Salvador being overthrown by an abrupt popular outbreak, certain of its military and civil officers, while hotly pursued by infuriated insurgents, sought refuge on board of the United States warship Benninatons, then lying in a Salvadorn port. Although the practice of asylum is not favored by this government, yet in view of the imminent peril which threatened the fugitives, and solely from consideration of humanity, they were afforded shelter by our naval commander and then afterwards demanded under our treaty of extradition with Salvador for trial on charges of murder, arson and robbery. I directed that such of them as had not voluntarily left the ship be conveyed to one of our nearest ports where a hearing could be had before a judiciary officer in compliance with the terms of the treaty. On their arrival at San Francisco such a proceeding was promptly instituted before the United district judge, who held that the acts constituting the alleged offenses were political and discharged all the accused except Cienfuegos, who was held for attempt to murder. Thereupon I was constrained to direct his release for the reason that an attempt to murder was not one of the crimes charged against him, and upon which his surrender to the Salvadorean authorities had been demanded.

Unreasonable and unjust fines imposed by Spain on the vessels and commerce of the United States, have descended from time to time, during the last twenty years, earnest remonstrance on the part of our government. In the immediate past exorbitant penalties have been imposed upon our vessels and goods by customs authorities of Cuba and Porto Rico for clerical errors of the most trivial character in the manifests or bills of lading. In some cases fines amounting to thousands of dollars have been levied upon cargoes or the carrying vessels when the goods in question were entitled to free entry.

Fines have been exacted even when the error had been detected by the Spanish authorities before the arrival at the goods in port.

This conduct is regretted as being at variance with considerate and liberal treatment extended to Spanish vessels and cargoes in our ports in like cases. No satisfactory settlement of these vexatious questions has yet been reached. The Mora case, referred to in my last annual message, remains unsettled. From the diplomatic correspondence on this subject, which has been laid before the senate, it will be seen that this government has offered to conclude a convention with Spain for the appeal by application of outstanding claims between the two countries, except the Mora claim, which having been considered and decided not only on its merits but as stipulated and of course it could not be included in the proposed convention. It was hoped that the treaty would remove such unnecessary obstacles as may yet be in the way of the speedy settlement of this settled claim. It has been unwillingly that I have found occasion in my last annual message to advert to the claim on the part of Turkey of the right to expel as persons undesirable and dangerous, Americans naturalized in the United States and returning to Turkish jurisdiction. Numerous questions in relation thereto arise.

While this government acquiesces in the asserted right of expulsion it will not consent that Americans may be imprisoned or otherwise punished for no other reason than having acquired without imperial consent American citizenship. Three of the assistants of Miss Melton, an American teacher in Mosul, have been convicted by the Ottoman courts, and I am advised that an appeal against the acquittal of the remaining five has been taken by the Turkish prosecuting officers. A convention has been concluded with Venezuela for the settlement of the long pending claim growing out of the seizure of certain vessels, the property of citizens of the United States.

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In my last annual message I referred briefly to the unsatisfactory state of affairs in Samoa under the operation of the Berlin treaty as signally illustrating the impolicy of entangling alliances with foreign powers, and on May 9, 1894, in response to a resolution of the senate I sent a special message and document to that body on the same subject, which emphasized my previously expressed opinions. Later occurrences, the correspondence in regard to which will be laid before congress further demonstrates that the government which was devised by the three powers and forced upon the Samoans against their inveterate hostility can be maintained only by the continued presence of foreign military force and at no small sacrifice of life and treasure. The suppression of the Matafa insurrection by the powers, and the subsequent banishment of the leader and eleven other chiefs, as recited in my last message, did not bring lasting peace to the islands. Formidable uprisings continued and finally a rebellion broke out in the capitol island.

The king again appealed to the powers for help and the combined British and German naval forces reduced the Atuans to apparent subjection not however without considerable loss to the natives. A few days later Yamasese and his adherent, fearing the ships and the marines, professed submission. Reports received from our agents at Apia do not justify the belief that the peace thus brought about will be of long duration. It is their conviction that the natives are at heart hostile to the present government; that such of them as profess loyalty to it do so from fear of the power and that it would speedily go to pieces if the warships were withdrawn. In reporting to his government on the unsatisfactory situation since the suppression of the late revolt, by foreign armed forces, the German consul at Apia stated that peace will be lasting if it is hardly to be presumed. The lesson given by firing on Atua was not sufficiently sharp and incisive to leave a lasting impression on the forgetful Samoan temperament. In fact conditions are existing which show that peace will not last and it is not seriously intended. Lisiten, the king, and his chief are convinced that the departure of the warships will be a signal for a renewal of war. The circumstances that the representatives of the villages of all the districts which were opposed to the government have already withdrawn to Atua to hold meetings and that both Atua and Aana have forbidden inhabitants of those districts which fought on the side of the government to return to their villages and have already partly burned down the latter indicates a real conciliation of the parties is still far off." And in a note of the 16th he is inclosing a copy of that report for the information of this government, the German ambassador said: "The contents of the report awakens in the imperial governments apprehension that under existing circumstances the peace concluded with the rebels will afford no assurance of the lasting restoration of tranquility in the islands.

The present government has utterly failed to correct, if indeed it has not aggrevated, the very evils it was intended to prevent. It has not stimulated our commerce with the the islands. Our participation in its establishment against the wishes of the natives was in plain defiance of the conservative teachings and warnings of the wise and patriotic men who laid the foundations of our free institutions, and I invite an expression of the judgment of congress in the propriety of steps being taken by this government looking to the withdrawal from all engagements with the other powers on some reasonable terms not prejudicial to any of our existing rights.

The secretary of the treasury reports that the receipts of the government from all sources of revenue during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1894, amounted to $372,802,456.29 and its expenditures to $383,021,258, leaving a deficit of $10,203,240.58. There was a decrease of $15,552,574.66 in the ordinary expenses of the government as compared with the fiscal year 1893. There was collected from customs $131,818,250.09 and from internal revenue $147,168,149.73. The balance of the income for the year amounting to $93,815,817.97 was derived from the sales of lands and other sources.

The balance of our total dutiable imports amounts to $228,915,620, being $145,376,665 less than during the preceding year and the importations free of duty amounted to $370,763,536, being $66,715,675 less than during the preceding year. The receips from customs were $73,854,488.11 less and from internal revenue $15,336,852.97 less than in 1893. The total tax collected from distilled spirits was $85,250,154.28, on manufactured tobacco $8,817,886.62 and on fermented liquors $31,414,788.01. Our exports of merchandise domestic and foreign, amounted during the year to $892,140,572, being an increase over the preceding year of $44,185,372.

The report of the attorney general notes the gratifying progress made by the supreme court in overcoming the arrears of its business and in reaching a condition in which it will be able to dispose of cases as they arise without any unreasonable delay. This result is of course very largely due to the successful working of the plan of inaugurating circuit courts of appeals. In respect to these tribunals the suggestion is made in quarters entitled to the highest consideration that an additional district judge for each circuit would greatly strengthen these courts and the confidence reposed in their adjudications. And that such an addition would not create a greater force of judges than the increasing business of such courts requires. I commend the suggestion to the careful consideration of the congress. Other important topics are adverted to in the report, accompanied by recommendations, many of which have been treated at large in previous messages, and at this time therefore need only be named. I refer to the abolition of the fee system as a measure of compensation to federal officers. The enlargement of the powers of the United States commissioners at least in the territories, the issuance of writs of error in criminal cases on behalf of the United States and the establishment of degrees in the crime of murder. A topic dealt with by the attorney general of much importance is the condition of the Indian Territory. The permanent solution of what is called the Indian problem is probably not to be expected at once, but meanwhile such ameliorations of present conditions as the existing system will admit of ought not to be neglected. I am satisfied there should be a federal court established for the territory with subordinate judges, and that this court should sit within the territory and have the same jurisdiction as to territorial affairs as is now vested in the federal courts sitting in Arkansas and Texas.

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During the year 630 additional domestic money order offices were established. The total number of these offices at the close of the year was 13,284. There were 14,022,091 money orders issued during the year, being an increase of [illegible] over the preceding year. The value of these orders amounted to $133,76,572.43, an increase of $11,917,145.84. Three new offices also paid during the year resulting in amounting to $12,669,091.85. During the year 39 international money order offices were added to those already established, making a total of 67 such offices in operation June 30th, 1894. The number of international money orders issued during the year was 321,[illegible], a decrease in number of 17[illegible] and their value was $3,[illegible], a decrease in amount of $1,547,382.15. The number of orders paid was 858,197, an increase over the preceding year of [illegible] and their value was $[illegible], an increase of $[illegible].

The receipts of the postoffice department for the year amounted to $[illegible], and its expenditures for the same period to $[illegible], leaving a deficiency of $[illegible], which was met by appropriations from the treasury. The special delivery stamps issued during the year amounted to $291,[illegible], leaving a balance in favor of the special delivery account of $[illegible]. The postage on second class matter amounted to $[illegible], leaving a balance against the postoffice department on account of this item of $[illegible].

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The total deficiency for the year was $[illegible], which was met by appropriations from the treasury.

The estimates for the service of the postoffice department for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1896, are $[illegible], which is $[illegible] less than the appropriations for the present year. The decrease is largely due to the abolition of the franking privilege, which will be accomplished by the operation of the law of August 1, 1894, and to the reduction of the compensation of railway postoffice clerks from $800 to $[illegible] per annum, which will be effected by the operation of the law of July 28, 1894.

The postmaster general renews the suggestion made in a previous report that the department organization be increased to the extent of creating a direct supervision of all postal affairs, and in this suggestion I fully concur.

There are now connected with the postoffice establishment 32,601 employes who are in the classified service. This includes many who have been classified upon the suggestion of the postmaster general. He states that another year's experience at the head of the department serves only to strengthen the conviction as to the excellent working of the civil service law in this branch of the public service.

Attention is called to the report of the secretary of the navy, which shows very gratifying progress in the construction of ships for our new navy. All the vessels now building, including the three torpedo boats authorized at the last session of congress excepting the first-class battleship, Iowa, will probably be completed during the coming fiscal year.

The estimates for the increase of the navy for the year ending June 30, 1895, are large, but they include practically the entire sum necessary to complete and equip all the new ships not now in commission so that unless new ships are authorized the appropriations for the naval service for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1897, should fall below the estimates for the coming year by at least $12,000,000.

The secretary presents with much earnestness a plea for the authorization of three additional battle ships and ten or twelve torpedo boats. While the unarmored vessels heretofore authorized, including those now building, on completion, will constitute a fleet, which it is believed is sufficient for ordinary cruising purposes in time of peace, we have now completed and in process of construction four first-class battle ships and but four torpedo boats. If we are to have a navy for warlike operations offensive and defensive, we certainly ought to increase both the number of battle ships and torpedo boats.

I recommend that provision be made for the construction of additional battleship and torpedo boats. The secretary recommends that the manufacture not only of a reserve supply of ordnance and ordnance material for ships of the navy but also a supply for the auxiliary field. Guns and their appurtenances should be provided and kept on hand for both these purposes. We have no today a single gun that could be put upon the ships of our Navy. York of the international navigation company or any other ship of our reserved navy. The manufacturer of guns at the Washington navy yards is proceeding satisfactorily, and none of our new ships will be required to wait for their guns or ordnance equipments. An important order has been issued by the secretary of the navy, co-ordinating the duties of the several bureaus concerned in the construction of ships. This order it is believed will secure to a greater extent than has heretofore been possible the harmonious action of these several bureaus and make the attainment of the best results more certain. During the past fiscal year there has been an unusual and pressing demand in many quarters of the world for vessels to guard American interests. In January last during the Brazilian insurrection a large fleet was concentrated in the harbor of the Rio de Janeiro. The vigorous action of Rear Admiral Benham in protecting the personal and commercial rights of our citizens during the disturbed conditions afforded results which will, it is believed, have a far reaching and wholesome influence wherever in like circumstances it may become necessary for our naval commanders to interfere in behalf of our people in foreign ports.

The war now in progress between China and Japan has rendered it necessary or expedient to dispatch eight vessels to those waters.

The report of the secretary of the interior exhibits the situation of the numerous and interesting branches of the public service connected with his department. I comm

Probate Office

JACKSONVILLE REPUBLICAN.

ESTABLISHED 1837. JACKSONVILLE, CALHOUN COUNTY, ALA., SATURDAY, DECEMBER 15, 1894. VOLUME 58.

THE LEADING BUSINESS HOUSES OF ANNISTON.

BELL & WIER.

ANNISTON, ALABAMA,

Corner 15th and Railroad Streets,

Every line of Goods handled in large enogh quantities to make it easy for us to give you the lowest wholesale prices or less. All country produce bought and paid for in cash.

7 pounds of good Soda for 25c.
A 10 qt. Bucket for 18c.
All wool filling Jeans for 20c a yard.
Best cotton checks for 3, 4 and 5c a yard.
One box Sardines for 4c
One plug of good Tobacco for 4 cents.
For 2 cents you get 2 good Lead Pencils.
The best Shoes for 60c and up.
The best Hats for 32c and up.
The best Caps for 9c and up.

In fact in every line of goods our prices are down to

SUIT YOUR FIVE CENT COTTON.

ULLMAN BROS.,

Holiday Announcement

CHRISTMAS PRICES AND NEW-YEAR RESOLUTIONS.

AS TO

Great Bargains in Every Department.

As we are now making every effort to enable the people to buy

HOLIDAY PRESENTS,

We shall from now on offer the greatest array of array of goods at prices that simply defy competition. We have now

For the Ladies.

38 inch all wool Suiting at 35c -worth 50c.

54 inch Ladies Cloth at 48c, worth 65c.

All wool mixed Cheviot Suiting 40c, worth 50c.

Wool and silk mixed fancy suiting 75c worth 90c.

A special assortment of dress goods 20c, 25c and 30c.

Wraps and Cloaks.

A nice stylish Cape as low as $1.75 and up to 16.50.

Special inducements in Capes and walking Jackets, $5.00 to $7.50.

For the Little Folk.

Everything in the way of Wraps, Gloves, Underwear, Hosiery and Handkerchiefs.

FOR THE BOYS.

A special inducement. An extra pair of Pants and a Cap with each suit These suits are from $3.00 to $4.50. Double Knee and Seats, Boys Suits from $2.50 to $5.00.

FOR THE MEN.

Black Cheviot woolen suit for 5.00, seal value 7.50.

An elegant black or colored all wool suit, frock or sack, from 7.50 to 10.00

The very best in business or dress suit, long cut, latest styles, 12.50 to 16.50.

OVERCOATS.

Special inducement for 5.00.
Excellent coat for 6.50 to 9.00.
Extra quality coat, long cut from 10.00 to 16.00;

HOLIDAY GOODS

Ladies Gloves, Handkerchiefs, Hosiery, Table Cloths and Napkins.

Bed Linens and Blankets, Domestics and Towels.

Everything for Ladies and Children.

HOLIDAY GOODS.

In Gents Neckwear, Shirts and Furnishings, Gloves and Handkerchiefs, Collars, Cuffs and Hats.

Everything for men and boys

Hemp, Ingrain and Tapestry Carpets and a beautiful line of Rugs at low prices.

Holiday Goods at Bargain Prices at ULLMAN BROS., ANNISTON

A BILL has been introduced in the legislature by Mr. Beeson to abolish the city court of Gadsden.

MOBILE now has a Democratic postmaster. Col. John L. Rapier of the Register, was appointed to that position by the President last week.

PLEASE do us the favor to tell your neighbor that he can get the Jacksonville REPUBLICAN and the Atlanta Constitution one year for the low price of $1.25.

THE Woodstock Iron Company has been reorganized, and we hope it will not be long before the fires will be rekindled in all the industries in the Model City.

WHEN Alabama reduces the constitutional area of square miles to the county to four hundred, then many of the towns which want court houses can be accomodated.

THE people from all sections of the Union are expressing an interest in the Nicaragua canal bill now before the United States Senate, and all regard Senator Morgan as the best authority on all questions involved in the construction of this canal.

THE Southern and Western men in both the House and Senate, are disposed to take Mr. Carlisle's plan and enact a new currency law, but the eastern men do not look upon it with so much favor. After this week a pretty clear idea can be had as to what legislation will be had on the financial question.

SMALLER counties, more county sites, will wonderfully enhance the value of property in Alabama, and will bring new men and new money from other States. We are heartily in favor of the bill which has passed the Senate reducing the constitutional area of square miles to the county in Alabama to four hundred instead of six hundred.

LET all classes of men in the county lend their influence toward putting Calhoun on an agricultural boom for 1896. While the organization of the Agricultural Society next month is for the benefit of the farmers, yet the lawyers, the merchants, the doctors, the bankers, the teachers, the real estate agents, the preachers, the manufacturers, the State and county officials, the editors, can all help to make it a success and by next fall have a nice little county fair.

THE Populists of Calhoun county are taking rather a singular position in reference to the proposed increased jurisdiction of the Anniston City Court. They are circulating and signing the following petition addressed to Senator Porter and Representatives Kelly and Starbrough:

We your petitioners of the Populist party, ask of you to have passed the bill you introduced to extend the jurisdiction of the Anniston City Court, and to have the county commissioners elected by the entire vote of the county. We make this request for the reason we told the Democrats you would do these things before you were elected. They said, No sir, they will not for they have promised not to do it if we elect them. The passage of these bills will show all the Democratic party makes promises for is to get into office, and will verify our prediction.

WE are requested to state that there will be a meeting of the farmers of Calhoun county in the court house in Jacksonville on the first Saturday in January, 1895, at 10 o'clock A. M., for the purpose of organizing an Agricultural Society for Calhoun county.

All the farmers in the county who feel an interest in this organization, and who desire to improve the agricultural and stock interests of the county, are requested to attend.

There is no question but great good can be accomplished by such an organization. Every farmer can derive benefit by an exchange of opinion with other farmers as to the best mode of improving land, planting and raising crops and taking care of stock.

At the different experiment stations in the South, discoveries are being made annually that are of the greatest benefit to the farmers; and unfortunately but few of these discoveries are being made known to the masses. Through the means of the proposed agricultural society, the people can keep posted on the experiments made at these stations.

One of the questions which will no doubt be discussed early in the organization of the society is the question of terracing, which is of vital interest in saving and improving the lands of this section. By proper management, our farming lands instead of being gradually worn out, can be improved, and the yield per acre increased annually.

The time has come when we in this section need to pay less attention to booming corner lots, and to give more of our time and attention to improving our agricultural interests.

It shall be the pleasure of the REPUBLICAN to disseminate the information furnished through the Agricultural Society to the people of the county.

FRESH NEW GOODS.

Instead of running our stock off as is usual at this season of the year, we are compelled to keep goods coming all the time.

Every department is brightened up this week by the addition of NEW GOODS. If you want fresh, bright goods, just from the mills, come to us.

It goes without saying prices must be right, or we would not not be doing the business.

We are not undersold by any one and in nine cases out of ten we undersell all our competitors.

Everything in the READY MADE line is made in our store, we guarantee qualtty, sizes and prices.

Every in Dry Goods, Shoes, Hats, Trunks, etc., is kept at

LIPPMAN'S,

Mfrs of Bonnets, Muslin Underwear, Etc.

nov17tf Anniston, Ala.

RUND'S

REMOVAL SALE.

Finding our present quarters too small, we have leased the adjoining building which, after being remodled will be occupied by us after the Holidays and in order to clear up and reduce our present stock we offer our entire line of

Millinery, Woolens, Cotton Checks, Blankets, Dress Goods, Sheetings, Hosiery, Comforts.

In fact our entire Stock. This includes a good line of Ladies and Children Shoes, they must be sold regardless of losses. An endless Variety of

HOLIDAY GOODS

at popular prices to please the little ones. When in the city would be pleased to see you at

RUND'S,

THE PEOPLES' FIRM,

1028 Noble St., Anniston, Ala.

WINTER

Is fast approaching and with the change you will lay aside your

STRAW HATS AND

SUMMER CLOTHING,

and the place to make the change—and the change get the best—is what you should give some thoughts to Now we have what you need in suits for

MEN.

BOYS AND CHILDRENS'

Dress, Business or Knock-About.

Cut in the Latest Styles.

MADE IN THE BEST MANNER AND

UP-TO-DATE FABRICS.

HATS,

We show an attractive line in Soft, Alpine and Stiff, and in quality can accommodate your purse.

Come to see us. We can please you in

FIT, QUALITY AND PRICE.

C. A. GAMMON & CO.,

Clothiers, Furnishers and Hatters for Men, Boys and Children.

928 Noble st., Anniston, Ala.

CAPT KOLB has issued certificate of election to Warren S. Reese to the United States Senate.

WALL street is again withdrawing gold from the treasury in order to create the necessity for an other issuance of bonds.

THE joint resolution to reduce the area of counties to four hundred square miles passed the senate by a vote of 20 to 10.

IF you have not already taken advantage of the very liberal offer of a years subscription to the Jacksoville REPUBLICAN and the Atlanta Constitution for $1.25, you should do so at once.

THE REPUBLICAN is "protected" from dirt and trash in its office by twin devils. Probably this is the unusual "protection" to which some of its neighbors have recently referred

OUR congressmen must certainly know that a do-nothing plan for several months will not help the Democratic party in 1896. We had too much of that kind of foolishness last year.

FROM what we can gather, a majority of the people of Calhoun county are opposed to the proposed change in the election of county commissioners. The present plan has worked well, and we think if let alone it will continue to prove satisfactory to the people of the county. This is the wrong time for too many local innovations.

THE Democrats in Congress should certainly realize that this is no time for quarreling or unnecessary delay. They should get together at once and enact a currency law that will afford financial relief to the country. If they can't agree on the free and unlimited coinage of silver, then adopt such a modification of Mr. Carlisle's currency plan as they can agree on, and enact it into law at once.

SINCE the last issue of the REPUBLICAN Hon. R. B. Kelly has introduced the following bills in the legislature:

To amend section 2640 of the code relating to venue in civil cases.

To make the husband or wife of the defendant a competent witness for the defendant in criminal prosecutions.

To constitute the town of Oxford a separate school district.

To authorize an issue of bonds by the town of Oxford.

WE question very much as to whether any better disposition can be made of the convicts than to keep them in the mines. It is all very nice to talk about moving them out of the mines so as that they will not come in contact with free labor, but it is not so nice to think of taking the hard earned money of tax payers to support criminals. We are in favor of working the convicts so as to make them self-supporting, and it is impossible to do this without bringing them in contact to some extent with free labor.

The working of them in the mines has been a financial success, and while the free negro object seriously to this plan, yet it is simply impossible to adopt any plan by which they will be self supporting to which some class of laborers will not object. We think our law makers should consider well before making any change in the management of the convicts in this State.

THE bill now pending before the General Assembly of Alabama to prohibit the sale of any patent medicine in the State unless it has its formula printed on every bottle, if passed will afford no protection to the medical profession or the people.

Of all the humbugs in the way medicines offered to the public over the counters of drug stores, there is none greater than those known as non secret preparations. These are manufactured by some shrewd concerns whose names do not appear on the bottle, but have printed on them the names of the retail druggist who orders them for sale; making it appear that the preparation is manufactured by the local druggist, thus bearing a lie on the face of every bottle.

They also have printed on the wrapper what is said to be the formula of the non-secret preparation, But no reputable physician can be found who will dare risk one of these preparations even if it is said it contains just the agents he desires compounded.

If the bill now before the legislature becomes a law, the effect will simply be that these non-secret nostrums will take the place of the patent medicines, and of the two, the patent medicines are preferable.

We think the legislature should defeat the bill pending. If it wants to bring about a genuine reform in the use of medicines, let it pass a bill prohibiting the sale of any compounded preparation except on the prescription of a physician. Nothing less than this is of any value as a protection to the people. In fact, we believe the bill introduced by Mr. Whitten would, if passed, prove hurtful to both the medical profession and the people by substituting the non secret preparations instead of the patent medicines. In our opinion, the latter is much preferable to the former.

CLOTHING FOR EVERYBODY.

Never in the history of our business have goods been as cheap asnow.

Clothing Especially.

You will be astonished at the prices we offer, for they are away below what you have been accustomed to paying. Prices are strictly in keeping with the low prices of cotton.

Would you have the most for your money?

Would you have full value for all you pay?

Then Come to See Us.

We are offering some extraordinary bargains now.

Guaranteed all wool Cheviot Suit (all sizes) for 6.50 to 10.00, worth 10.00 to 15.00

Boys' Combination Suits,

Coat with 2 Pair Pants and Capt to Match

$3.50 TO $5.00.

ALL THE LATEST

STYLES AND CUTS.

OVERCOATS.

All sizes, grades and prices from 5.00 up.

We carry the largest stock of

Underwear and Furnishing Goods

in the City and can suit you both in quality and price.

Our guarantee goes with everything. Your money back if not satisfactory.

COME TO SEE US

THE FAMOUS,

Clothiers and Hatters

Cor Noble & 10th sts, Anniston, Ala.

The Republican.

BY T. W. AYERS.

SATURDAY DEC. 15, 1894.

Smaller Counties.

Very few propositions have been presented to the General Assembly which would be worth more to the State of Alatama than to reduce the constitutional area of counties to four hundred square miles.

In the first place, it would be worth much to the people as a convenience by placing them nearer their county sites, so as they could attend their courts and have access to the records with less travel and expense than at present.

Then it would enhance the value of all property in and around every town where a county site was located and public buildings erected.

As soon as a new county site was located, it would bring new men from other states who would buy property and engage in business.

In every place selected as a county site the schools and churches would be improved, and in this way the educational and moral interests of the state would be elevated.

The small counties and large number of county sites have aided materially in giving the State of Georgia the proud distinction of being the empire State of the South, and we think the time has come when Alabama should follow in the footsteps of the mother State and divide up her counties into smaller areas than at present.

We see much to be gained to the State by taking this step, and nothing to be lost.

No county in the Southern States has resources and advantages which are superior, and probably none the eqnal, to Calhoun county. Here our mineral and timber wealth is unequaled, and our agricultural advantages unsurpassed. All who live inside our borders know these statements to be true. But the thing needed is to demonstrate the truthfulness of these assertions to the outside world.

The cotton States and International exposition in Atlanta next year offers us an opportunity to advertise to the world our very superior resources and advantages which may not be presented again for years.

Calhoun, by a cooperated effort on the part of her citizenship, can make an individual display which will beyond all question attract the attention of capitalists and settlers.

The State of Alabama should certainly make an exhibit as a State at this great exposition. We are all in favor of a State exhibit.

But it is the county exhibits which pay, and Calhoun should not be found lagging in this effort.

It may be said that the financial depression is too great just now to undertake a special display for this county. But the scarcity of money with us is just the reason why we should make it. We have the resources, and need attract the men with money to come and help develop them.

By the proper effort Calhoun can make a display which will be creditable, and which will prove profitable.

Will not the press of the county fall in line and help arouse the people to the importance of making this display?

It is very probable that a bill will be passed by the present legislature to appropriate fifteen thousand dollars for the purpose of buying or erecting a suitable mansion for the Governor of Alabama.

We fully agree that State pride demands that the State furnish its Governor a mansion, but the condition of the treasury makes this the wrong time to purchase it. With the deficiency which exists, no new appropriations should be made which are not absolutely necessary.

By an agreement between our Representatives, no action will be taken on the bills introduced in the legislature to extend the jurisdiction of the Anniston City Court until the reassemblage of the legislature in January. This gives all portions of the county an opportunity to make their wishes known in reference to the extension.

Since publishing article which appears on first page of this issue in reference to Mr. Whitten's bill to require all patent medicines to have printed on lable or package a formula of the contents, the bill has been defeated in the house, as it should have been.

The Dwight Manufacturing Company, of Boston, will soon commence the building of a $500,000 cotton mill near Gadsden. If Boston has another company which wants to build a mill in the South we can make room for them in Jacksonville.

Calhoun can make the best display of her natural resources at the Cotton States and International exposition of any county in the South, and should certainly arrange to make the show.

The indications now suggest that the next Presidental battle will be between Tom Reed as the nominee of the Republican party, and Adlai Stevenson as the nominee of the Democratic party.

It is believed among the knowing ones in Washington that President Cleveland will appoint William L. Wilson of West Virginia, to the first vacancy on the supreme bench.

The Secretary of State has issued a writ of election to Sheriff Maddox of Montgomery county, ordering an election to be held on the 18th inst. to fill the vacancy caused by the death of Sheriff Maddox with a number of contest in the Rome district.

A Card.

I notice in the last issue of the Piedmont Inquirer a statement to the effect that Judge Crook had charged on his books an advertising account against D. W. Thomas so as to make it appear $8. in favor of the present manager of the REPUBLICAN, instead of $3. each to the former and present manager of the REPUBLICAN, as handed in by Mr. Grant.

After my purchase of the REPUBLICAN there was an understanding between Mr. Grant and me that I was to charge up the amount of all unpaid advertisements then running in the paper, and mark amount due him in connection with the entry.

Among other advertisements running at time I took charge of paper, was an administrator's sale of D. W. Thomas. This sale made four squares, and was to be published 3 times.

The regular price of which was one dollar a square for first insertion, and fifty cents a square for each subsequent insertion; which made four dollars for the first insertion and four dollars for the last two insertions,—a total of eight dollars.

The advertisement was charged up by me at $8. and entry made that $4. of this amount was due Mr. Grant, as it had been published once before I took charge of paper.

A statement for the amount of $8. was handed Judge Crook by me with the request that it be entered upon his fee book.

This is all there is in this little transaction, and certainly no blame can be attached to Judge Crook.

The rate of one dollar a square for the first insertion and fifty cents a square for each subsequent insertion is the price which the REPUBLICAN has charged for years for advertising sales of land.

I notice also in the last issue of the Piedmont Inquirer a communication in which it is asserted if the legal printing of the county was let to the lowest bidder it would save the county two or three thousand dollars.

Certainly the writer of that article has never investigated to see what advertising the county pays for and the amount it pays.

The fact is, the only notices for which the county pays is notices of election, tax assessor's and collector's notices, treasurer's report, notice of the letting of paupers' home, of the building of bridges, etc. For the publication of these notices, the cost to the county does not exceed three hundred dollars a year.

The commissioners have made no effort to control for the REPUBLICAN sheriff sales, tax collector's sales, administrators sales, notice Probate office as to settlement of estates, etc.

I think the people understand the contract which the commissioners have made with the REPUBLICAN, and the motives which have prompted those who have censured them for making the same contract with the writer that the county has had with the REPUBLICAN for years and if they do understand it, they will certainly agree that much noise is being made over a very small matter.

T. W. AYERS.

The bill introduced by Mr. John of Jefferson, for a contest law provides that any elector may contest the election of any state officer for any state office for any of the following causes:

1. Malconduct, fraud or corruption on the part of any inspector, clerk, returning officer or board of supervisors.

2. When the person whose election to such office is contested, was not eligible at the time of such election.

3. On account of illegal votes.

4. On account of the rejection of legal votes.

5. Anything calculated to prevent a fair election.

It must be shown that enough illegal votes have been counted for the contestee to bring his legal vote below that of the contestants before can be deprived of his office.

The bill then provides the manner of procedure on the part of the contestants. All contests must be commenced within thirty days after the election.

The person contesting must give sufficient sureties to cover the cost of the contest in such sum as the speaker may deem sufficient. At least ten days before the contest, the contesting party must give the contestee notice of the grands he proposes to allege. The bill requires probate judges to give copies of the poll lists to either party upon application, on being paid the fees therefor. On the trial of the contest, the precinct inspectors shall be required to produce the original poll lists and ballots filed and kept by them for examination, which shall be prima facie evidence that the parties named in the poll list voted. Any person may be required to answer whether he voted or not. Any witness who fails to appear on summons issue to proceeded against as other defaulting witness. The witness shall receive the same fees as witness in the state courts receive. The general assembly in joint session shall constitute the court of trial. The bill was referred to the judiciary committee.

Senator Goodwyn has introduced a bill in the senate to authorize the contest of the election held in August, 1894, and of election hereafter held in this State for State officers.

The Alabama Chatauqua has selected Talladega as its permanent home, and its annual sessions will hereafter be held in that city.

Ex-Governor Ben Tillman of South Carolina, was last Tuesday elected by the United States Senate by a vote 131 to 21 for Senator Butler.

Governor Oates' Message.

The first message of Governor Oates to the General Assembly is as practical and wise as any State paper ever written in Alabama. Indeed, he, in our opinion, recommends to the legislature just the things now needed to be enacted into laws in this State.

Take our election law, he recommends precisely the changes which the REPUBLICAN has advocated since it has been under its present management.

After stating that our election law should be amended so as to provide for the contest of the election of Governor and other State officers, his message has this to say in reference to needed amendments:

"Your familiarity with the working of the election law enables you to judge as well as myself whether it needs amendment and what amendments there to are necessary.

If it is not fair and satisfactory to the people amend it and make it so. I am of the opinion that an amendment is necessary giving each party who has a ticket to be voted for the right to nominate a marker, at each polling place, who should take an oath to mark only the name called by the illiterate voter and not to suggest or indicate to such voters, by word, sign, gesture or otherwise the name of any person, and not to disclose the name voted for by any voter under heavy penalty.

It seems to be but fair that the officers whose duty it is to appoint the inspectors or managers of election to allow each party entitled to be represented to nominate the said officials one of such inspectors to be appointed by them. These two amendments to the law would secure perfect fairness and should give satisfaction to all parties.

I also invite your attention to the bad features of registration in our election law. The time allowed is too brief, and it is unbending in its provision. If a voter is necessarily absent from the State until the period for registration expires, or if he registers before election day loses his certificate, he can not vote.

If he be confined to a bed of sickness until the period of registration has passed he cannot vote that year.

The registration is in May: if the voter moves to another county, though he may reside therein three months, as required by the Constitution, before the November election, he cannot vote.

It is therefore of doubtful constitutionality in this respect and should be amended".

The Governor is also right in the opinion that we have entirely too many elections in Alabama, and recommends that our State elections be held in November at the same time of congressinal election.

One of the most important suggestions in the Governors message is the office of Chancellor be abolished, and the judicial circuits increased to twenty. He states the expense of feeding prisoners last year was $105,000, and the salaries of the additional judges would be more than saved in the reduction of the jail fees.

He recommends that the carrying of concealed weapons can only be stopped by making the offense a felony.

He recommends that a state bank law be passed in view of the possibility of the repeal of the 10 per cent by the present congress.

Republicans Want to Lead.

The support which the Populists gave the Republicans in the last congressional election has caused the Republicans of Alabama to decide that they do not propose to again be the tail end of the kite, but they now insist that the Populists come square over and join the Republican party.

The last issue of the Birmingham Times, Bob Moseley's paper, had the following to say on this subject:

Whether or not Colonel Oates is a usurper, he is certainly occupying the position of governor of Alabama, and judging by the peaceful manner in which he took his seat it looks quite probable that he will continue to occupy it unless Providence interferes. We would now suggest in all earnestness that the different factions of the opposition to organized Democracy come square over and join the greatest of all parties, the Republican party, and lets place some brilliant young Republican to the front, and thoroughly organize our combined forces by the next campaign and he will lead us to victory. Let's select one of pure character and a native of Alabama. If we are defrauded and counted out, we will have a higher court of appeal than the legislature of Alabama.

The Republican party can lead better than it can follow. Twice it has been the tail to the kite, and failed both times. Now, why not step to the front with some smart young leader of brave and undaunted spirit and take the lead in the coming campaign. It is only two years off and will be a very interesting one. There is a great deal to do, and it will take a good deal of time to organize and make a strong and combined fight to win. The organized have shown us that a Populist shall have no hand in governing Alabama, and now we will show them that no free silver Republican can be elected governor, and will be seated without asking Oates, Jones or Morgan, either.

In his able argument in favor of the construction of the Nicaragua canal last Monday, Senator Morgan held the closest attention of both the senate and the galleries for several hours.

Thos P. Savage, Esq., of Piedmont, was admitted to the practice of law in Cherokee county recently, and made his maiden speech in justice court in Piedmont last Tuesday.

JUDGE CROOK.

ANSWERS CLEARLY EVERY CHARGE MADE AGAINST HIM.

He Paid Both Principal and Interest on Notes to Rounsaville and Grant.

EDITOR REPUBLICAN:—The people hateth "A false witness that speaketh lies, and he that soweth discord among brethren." The little fellow who writes slang for the Inquirer has hollowed "calf rope" and as I have no desire to pommel a fallen foe I will content myself by correcting three charges made by him, the falsity of which I have in writing, and then I will accept the advise of that wise man who many centuries ago said "answer not a fool according to his folly, lest thou also be like unto him."

The advertising fee in the Thomas estate stands on my fee book self explanatory. This good(?) man had entered upon my fee book in his name a fee. Shortly thereafter Dr. Ayers, of the Republican, came into my office and handed me an account for the notice of sale of the Thomas land, 4 squares. 3 times, $8.00, which was correct, but I told Dr. Ayers that a fee had been entered in the name of this good man for the same notice, and he replied that Mr. Grant had arranged with him as to the advertisements running in the Republican at the time it changed hands, and that he had entered Mr. Grant's fee on his account book according to their agreement, and asked that I run my pen through Mr. Grants name, and credit the entire fee to him as it would prevent confusion. I ran my pen through Mr. Grant's name and credited Dr. Ayers with the $8.00. There was no attempt to scratch out the entry, but I ran my pen through it that the fee might not be collected but once. Now, where is there anything wrong in this matter? It looks very much like he is mad because I did not collect his fee, and then let Dr. Ayers collect it as per their agreement, thereby "pilfering" the estate for a double fee for him, but I was too sharp for him that time, and I ran my pen through one fee as I knew he was not entitled to but one for the same work. Now who was committing the wrong, he in trying to collect his fee through two sources, or me in preventing him by running my pen through his fee on my book?

Again, he says that he shaved my notes to me. I never owed him but two notes. They were for boom lots, at boom prices, and I paid his notes through the Tredegar National Bank dollar for dollar with interest from date, to day of payment. He knew every body in town was making a discount on these boom notes, but to keep from doing the same, and not look hoggish, he went and cashed my notes, and I learn others, with the Tredegar Bank, and I paid them in full, and now he comes and as usual falsely says he discounted my notes to me. I have the notes, and the evidence of their payment dollar for dollar with interest, and he knew it when he made that assertion; but he thought I had destroyed the notes, etc. I keep every transaction I make on file, and am ready at all times to produce the papers. Now, aren't you hard pushed for some falsehood with which to vent your spleen? I paid you every dollar in good money, and I got nothing for it, but you are mad and I am satisfied.

Again, you say that you never commended me for buying the Woodstock land and ask why I did not publish the article? Well, here it is:

"A FORTUNATE PURCHASE"

"Judge Crook some months ago, agreed with the Auditor of State to look up all the cases in this county in which the State had become owner of lands purchased at tax sale and straighten out matters. When it was all finally adjusted, it was found that the State owned only one tract of forty acres in the county. The Judge wrote to the Auditor that for the purpose of closing the entire matter up and in order that every foot of land in Calhoun might be again subject to taxation, he would put in his application to buy this particular forty acres held by the State. The Auditor replied that under the law, thirty days would have to expire before he could sell, after application. At the end of this time the Auditor wrote Judge Crook that he and the Governor and Attorney General had looked into the matter thoroughly and that twenty dollars would cover all cost to the State and that he could buy the land for that sum. Judge Crook knowing that any kind of land in any part of Calhoun was a bargain at fifty cents an acre, forwarded the money to the Auditor and in due time received a deed from the State. He then for the first time thought of looking up his property, and to his astonishment he found it was located in the corporate limits of Anniston, just east of the fine residence of Mr. John Noble and adjoining the property of that gentleman. It appears that the Woodstock Iron Company became possessed of the land prior to 1874 at some time, but never gave it in for taxes by oversight or for some reason. It was sold for taxes of the years 1871 and 1875 and bid in by the State. Under an Act of the Legislature of 1879 it was reassessed and again sold in 1881 and bid in by the State. It was neither redeemed or given in for taxes for two years and became absolutely the property of the State. When the Anniston City Land Company was formed this property was sold to it by the Woodstock Iron Company, or the Anniston Land and Improvement Company, and since that time the Anniston City Land Company has been giving it in for taxes; but the State being the owner, the Anniston City Land Company could acquire no title by payment of taxes. The land being the property of the State was not subject to taxation. It is understood that the Anniston City Land Company has been asking over one thousand dollars an acre for this land, and has sold off probably four acres of it. The Anniston City Land Company holds possession and Judge Crook has sued for possession as well as for damages for detainer, or for any of the property disposed of by the Anniston City Land Company. The law in reference to the assessment, decree for sale, advertisement and sale of the property having been scrupulously complied with throughout, and Judge Crook having his title from the State under all due and legal form, he is naturally confident that he will succeed in his suit. Judge Crook is to be congratulated on this windfall growing out of a LAUDABLE DESIRE to have Calhoun stand clear on the books of the State. He little expected so liberal reward when he made the purchase; but HE IS WORTHY OF WHATEVER GOOD FORTUNE HAS BEFALLEN HIM. Forty thousand dollars is not picked up every day on a twenty dollar investment."—L. W. Grant in Jacksonville Republican of January 14th, 1888.

Now, fellow citizens, what do you think of a man who thus writes, and says Judge Crook is worthy of this good fortune, and that at a time when he was sucking the pap of the Judge's office, and when the tit is withdrawn flatly denies writing the article, and accuses the Judge of an attempt to rob some poor man of his land sold at a tax sale? Remember it was then the great Woodstock Iron Co., a rich incorporation; now it is some poor man because he thinks it sounds better for his purpose, to injure, to slander, to vent his personal spleen, and when his attention was called to the article did not possess the manhood to acknowledge the error, but says I never wrote any such article, and why did you not publish it? The old legal phrase, "false in one thing false in all," certainly applies to this wholesale slanderer and falsifyer.

As to his denial of his personal difficulty with me, if he can stand such a flat denial after making the fact known the day of its occurrance, by trotting all around town and telling it, and attempting to employ an attorney to search the records in my office and prepare an article for him to abuse me, if he can stand the denial, I can.

The paper he says he shaved to me, was notes given for Jacksonville lots at boom prices, and I paid Mr. Grant in full with interest, and have the notes with the original checks with which they were paid. Not one cent did he take off, but everybody else was discounting these notes largely, but as he says he knew that I would pay them, and while he was insisting that we had all been fooled, and had gotten into it and should lose part, he was very particular to demand every cent owing him. Right here I might ask him some very pertinent questions, but I only write this to correct his charges, as he says me is through with me, too romantic for him to deal with. I care nothing for his denials.

Now as to his last charge that I borrowed money from Mess. Rounsaville Bros. and by a tight squeeze they got back about fifty cents in the dollar. The debt he refers to is one I owed Mess. Rounsaville Bros. when I merchandised at Alexandria, and before he "discovered" me, and when I was unfortunate in loosing everything I had by fire, except the debts I owed, and having just received a large lot of winter goods, I was left heavily in debt. I was not able just then to pay my debts, but just as fast as I could collect I paid them off, and never stopped paying until I had paid every dollar I owed with interest from the creation of the debt until paid. Not one dollar was discounted of the principal or interest of any debt I owed.

Please read this from Mess. Rounsaville Bros:

Rome, Ga., Dec. 10th, 1894.

Hon. E. F. Crook,

Jacksonville, Ala.,

Dear Sir:—In reply to your letter we say that you paid us in full, and do not, and have not been indebted to us for several years.

Very truly,

Rounsaville Bros.

I desire to say that since my article appeared two weeks ago, in conversation with Mr. Hall he states that he did not understand my instruction to give Mr. Grant all the aid he asked in an investigation of the records, and on one occasion he was unable to find the minutes of commissioners court, and so informed Mr. Grant.

Now in bidding you farewell, allow me to say that your abuse, misrepresentation, condemnation and vituperation are the highest compliments you could bestow upon me. It is positive proof that I have done my duty to the people, and have not allowed you to use me for your personal ends. I thank you for leaving a few feathers to mark the place where I once sat, and in not allowing me to relieve your fate of being buried in the sea of political oblivion with not a ripple to show where your political corpse went down. Peace to your ashes and may your political corpse never be disturbed until the day of final resurrection.

Emmett F. Crook.

REAL MERIT is the characteristic of Hood's Sarsaparilla. It cures even after other preparations fail. Get Hood's and ONLY HOOD'S.

Fire Insurance,

S. H. DILLMAN, Agent, Jacksonville, Ala

Represents ten most prominent companies in the United States.

KOLB AND GOODWYN.

It is Said, Do Not Now Speak as They Pass By.

A Montgomery special to the Nashville Banner of yesterday says: "The Populist are generally disturbed over the disclosure of the secret of their caucus held Saturday night. It was thought the facts of the caucus would be kept secret and their anxiety to discover the person who made the facts public led to further disclosures today, which have come to the knowledge of the Banner correspondent. They are sensational in their character. The discussion as to how far they sustain Kolb in his dual government led to a heated discusion between Kolb and one of his heretofore staunchest supporters, Senator A. T. Goodwyn, chairman of the Kolbite State Executive committee. Goodwyn opposes anything tending to trouble and hopes for a peaceful solution, while Kolb and a few others proposed to adopt extreme measures. Some members of the caucus favored a shot gun solution, and declared it rank cowardice to await or expect any other; that no party ever willingly surrendered its power. It was only after one of the most heated and excited caucuses ever held by the Populist in this State that a compromise resolution was adopted, agreeing to await the action of the legislature and if it failed to pass a contest law by which Kolb could get justice, to adopt extreme measures. Goodwyn, however, it is said, left the caucus in a huff, and he and Kolb do not speak now as they pass by.

Four Big Successes.

Having the needed merit to more than make good all the advertising claimed for them, the following four remedies have reached a phenomenal sale. Dr. King's New Discovery, for consumption, Coughs and Colds, each bottle guaranteed—Electric Bitters, the great remedy for Liver, Stomach and Kidneys. Bucklen's Arnica Salve, the best in the world, and Dr. Kew Life Pills, which are a perfect pill. All these remedies are guaranteed to do just what is claimed for them and the dealer whose name is attached herewith will be glad to tell you more of more of them. Sold at all drug stores. 1

SALE OF UNCLAIMED FREIGHT.

East Tennessee, Virginia & Georgia Railway.—Samuel Spencer Receiver.

Jacksonville, Ala., Dec. 10th, 94.

Unless freight and charges are paid and freight removed before Jan. 5th, 1895 we will sell at our freight house, Jacksonville, Ala., the following articles for freight and charges.

Jas. Reed, Jacksonville, Ala., 1 table, charges, 50cts.

Jno. Ramaginand Jacksonville, Ala., 1 box w. glass charges 2.72.

J. B. Price Jacksonville, Ala., 1 folding desk, charges, 1.82.

W. B. Green Jacksonville, Ala., 1 box cotton ties and buckles, charges, 1.08.

J. TIPTON, Frt. Claim Agt.
G. W. McGAUGHEY, Agent.
3t.

Christmas Gift!

I said it first. So pay up, by coming to my store and buying your Christmas goods.

If you have the blues my Christmas goods and my prices will cure you. So come, buy, and be happy.

My Christmas motto: Honest goods at shoddy prices.

The sweet things I have for Christmas will tickle the taste with a toothsome touch and please the delecate palate of the most fastidious. Come to see me.

C. J. PORTER.

BEFORE I could get relief from a most horrible blood disease, I had spent hundreds of dollars TRYING various remedies and physicians, none of which did me any good. My finger nails came off, and my hair came out, leaving me perfectly bald. I then went to

HOT SPRINGS

Hoping to be cured by this celebrated treatment, but very soon became disgusted, and decided to TRY S.S.S. The effect was truly wonderful. I commenced to recover after taking the first bottle, and by the time I had taken twelve bottles was entirely cured by S. S. S. when the world-renowned Hot Springs had failed.

WM. S. LOOMIS, Shreveport, La.

Our Book on the Disease and its Treatment mailed free to any address.

SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., Atlanta, Ga.

NO MORE EYE-GLASSES,

No More Weak Eyes!

MITCHELL'S EYE-SALVE

A Certain Safe and Effective Remedy for SORE, WEAK and INFLAMED EYES,

Producing Long-Sightedness, and Restoring the Sight of the old.

Cures Tear Drops, Granulation, Stye Tumors, Red Eyes, Matted Eye Lashes, AND PRODUCING QUICK RELIEF AND PERMANENT CURE.

Also, equally effectious when used in other maladies.

For sale by druggists, or by mail on receipt of price. Full directions for use in every language. Price 25 cents per box. Address MITCHELL EYE SALVE CO., Atlanta, Ga. Agents may be used to advantage.

SOLD BY All DRUGGISTS AT 25c. CENTS.

16 Boils at Once

Hood's Sarsaparilla Purifies the Blood and Restores Health.

Mr. F. W. Stowell
Wilmot, S. Dak.

"C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.:

"About four years ago my wife was troubled with salt rheum. Although we tried nearly everything it got worse instead of better and spread over both of her hands so that she could hardly use them. Finally she commenced to use Hood's Sarsaparilla and when she had taken two bottles her hands were entirely healed and she has not since been troubled. In December, 1892, my neck was covered with boils of a

Scrofulous Nature.

There were sixteen of them at once and as soon as they healed others would break out. My neck finally became covered with ridges and

Hood's Sarsaparilla Cures

scars. I then commenced taking Hood's Sarsaparilla, and after taking four bottles the boils had all healed and the scars have disappeared. I recommended Hood's Sarsaparilla to all suffering from any disorder of the blood." F. W. STOWELL, Wilmot, South Dakota.

Hood's Pills act easily, yet promptly and efficiently, on the liver and bowels. 25c.

EXPECTANT MOTHERS.

That our wonderful remedy "MOTHERS FRIEND" which makes child-birth easy may be within the reach of all we have reduced the price to ONE DOLLAR per bottle.

...BEWARE of frauds, counterfeits and substitutes. Take nothing but . . . . . .

Mothers Friend.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

Write for book "TO MOTHERS" mailed free.

THE BRADFIELD REGULATOR CO., Sole Proprietors, ATLANTA, GA.

Shoes! Shoes!!

Another large Stock of Shoes just received. We are selling so cheap, it is the first time in years we have had to buy a second fall stock. You can get the best outfit for your family for the least money here. Don't buy until you examine our stock.

CROW BROS.

Tax Assessor's Notice.

FIRST ROUND.

I will attend the following appointments for the purpose of assessing the State and County taxes for the year 1895, in Calhoun county, Alabama:

Beat 17. DeArmanville, Tuesday January 1st.

Beat 12. Choccoloco, Wednesday January 2nd.

Beat 12. Iron City, Thursday January 3rd.

Beat 11. White Plains, Friday January 4th.

Beat 10. Jenkins, Saturday January 5th.

1. Jacksonville, Monday January 7th.

Beat 8. Green's, Tuesday January 8th.

7. Lander's School House, Wednesday January 9th.

6. Hollingsworth, Thursday January 10th.

Beat 15. Duke, Friday January 11th

Beat 2. Alexandria, Saturday January 12th.

Beat 5. Peeks Hill, Monday January 14th.

Beat 18. Ohatchie, Tuesday January 15th.

Beat 5. Polkville, Wednesday January 16th.

Beat 14 Sulphur Springs, Thursday January 17th.

Beat 4. Gaunaway's School House, Friday January 18th.

Beat 16 Greenwood's School house January 22nd

Beat 9. Piedmont, Wednesday and Thursday January 23rd and 24th.

Beat 3. Four Mile, Saturday January 26th.

Beat 13. Oxford, Tuesday and Wednesday January 29th and 30th.

Beat 12. Oxanna, Thursday January 31st.

Beat 15. Anniston, Friday and Saturday February 1st and 2nd.

Tax payers will please meet me with proper numbers of their lands and itemized lists of their taxable property.

B. G. McCLELEN,
Tax Assessor Calhoun Co., Ala.
dec5-6t

REGISTER'S SALE.

Under and by virtue of a decree of the Chancery court for the 9th District of the Northeastern Chancery Division of Alabama, rendered at the October Term 1894 of said court in the cause of Maggie Wilson vs. J. J. & J. C. Wilson, I will as Register of said court sell to the highest bidder for cash before the court house of said county, within the legal hours of sale on Monday the 31st day of December 1894, the following described real estate to wit: The NW¼ of Sec. 1, and the NE¼ of Sec. 2, in T. 13 east, R. 10 east, in Calhoun county, Ala., lying west of Terrapin creek. Said land will be sold to satisfy said decree against said defendants, J. J. & J. C. Wilson.

W. M. HAMES,
Register.
dec1-4t

Any one who has children will rejoice with L. B. Mulford, of Plainfeild, N. J. His little boy, five years of age, was sick with croup. For two days and nights he tried various remedies recommended by friends and neighbors. He says "I thought sure I would lose him. I had seen Chamberlain's Cough Remedy advertised and thought I would try it as a last hope and am happy to say that after two doses he slept until morning. I gave it to him next day and a cure was effected. I keep this remedy in the house now and as soon as any of my children show signs of croup I give it to them and that is the last of it." 25 and 50 cent bottles for sale by dealers.

HAWKES CRYSTALIZED LENSES TRADE MARK.

BUY NONE BUT THE GENUINE.

3,000 Merchants sell Hawkes' Spectacles with great Success. 2,000 of them handle other Spectacles without Success.

Showing the Great Popularity of Hawkes' Glasses over all others. Every pair warranted. These Famous Glasses are fitted to the eye at J. M. Crook's, Jacksonville, Ala.

100 Dollars Reward.

One hundred Dollars Reward will be paid upon the delivery under arrest of each or either of the following:

WILL ABLES
AND
G. I. Hancock,

late residents of the vicinity of Hokes Bluff, Etowah county, Alabama, they having sold us Mortgage Cotton and fled.

Coosa Mfg Co.,
Piedmont,
Ala.

Probate Court Notice.

STATE OF ALABAMA,
Calhoun County.

In Probate Court Calhoun County Special Term November 22, 1894.

Milton Harrison
vs.
Heirs Miles Harrison.

This day came Milton Harrison the administrator of the estate of Miles Harrison, deceased, and presents to this court his petition in writing and under oath, and in form required by law, praying for an order and decree of this court, to sell certain real estate described in said petition, for the purpose of paying the debts of said estate, which said petition is examined by the Court and placed on file for the inspection of all concerned. It is therefore ordered and decreed by the court, that the 3 day of January D. 1895 be, and it is hereby appointed as a day for the hearing and consideration of said petition, and that notice of the filing and nature of said petition, and the day set to hear and determine the same, be given by publication for three successive weeks in the Jacksonville Republican a newspaper published in said county, notifying all persons interested to be and appear before this court on said 3d day of Jan A. D. 1895 then and there to show cause, if any, why said petition should not be granted.

EMMETT F. CROOK,
nov-24-3t Judge of Probate.

PARTIAL SETTLEMENT.

STATE OF ALABAMA,
Calhoun County.

In Probate Court of said County Special Term 20th day of Nov. 1894.

This day came W. L. Lusk, adm'r estate of J. A. Posey deceased, and filed his account and vouchers for a partial settlement of his administration of said estate. It is therefore ordered that the 17th day of December A. D. 1894 be and is hereby appointed a day upon which to examine, pass upon, and allow said account and to make said settlement, and that notice thereof be given by publication for three successive weeks in a newspaper published in said County, as a notice to all persons concerned to appear in this Court on said 17th day of December A. D. 1894 and contest said settlement if they think proper.

EMMETT F. CROOK,
nov24-3t Judge of Probate.

Notice of Application to Pardon Daniel Mitchael.

STATE OF ALABAMA,
Calhoun County

To all whom this may concern:

Take notice that the undersigned will, on or before the 31st day of December A. D. 1894, make application to the Governor of Alabama, to pardon Daniel Mitchael of the offense of Grand Larceny, of which offense the said Daniel Mitchael was convicted in the Circuit Court of Calhoun county Ala., at the fall term of said Court on the 1st day of November 1894.

W. H. MAXWELL.
nov10-30d

Anniston's Leading Business Houses

FOR HOLIDAY GIFTS.

We offer great variety in

Fine Dress Goods,
Cloaks and Capes,
Carpets,
Rugs,
Curtains,
Oriental Curtains and hangings,
Japanese Screens,
" Easels,
" Fine Porcelains,
" Lacquer Ware,
Art Linens, all shapes and styles,
Fine Kid Gloves, Handkerahiefs
Umbrellas.

W. T. WILLSON,
ANNISTON ALA.

Three Fine Presents
TO BE GIVEN
Away Christmas.

Each cash purchaser of 50 cents, will be entitled to a ticket.

1st. Diamond and Ruby Ring.
2nd. Handsome Guitar.
3rd. Fine Gold Pen.

Call and see them. New Goods. Prices right. Fine watch work, engraving and manufacturing.

HENRY ROBINSON,
Jeweler and Optician.
Old Security Bank, Cor. Noble and 11th streets. Anniston, Ala.

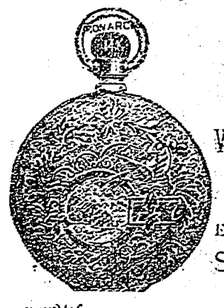
Ansley Pays the FREIGHT.

Ansley Pays the FREIGHT.

ON ALL
SHOES AND HATS

Bought of him by the people of Jacksonville and vicinity.
Try me with an order, or call in person when in Anniston and examine my stock.

Goods Sent Upon Approval.
O. E. ANSLEY.



M. F. DOERING,
(SUCCESSOR TO DOERING & ROBINSON.)
Leading Jeweler,
Watches, Clocks, Jewelry, Silverware, Spectacles, Glasses.
Fine Watch and Jewelry Repairing dan Engraving
SEND ME YOUR WORK
My prices are lower than elsewhere.
nov24tf 1110 Noble Street, Anniston, Ala.

D. G. HALL,
Watchmaker and Jeweler,
ANNISTON, ALA.

Prepared to do all kind of watch and clock work. Makes a specialty of Fine Watches and French Clocks. Thoroughly familiar with the complication of the French Clock. All work guaranteed.
oct20-6m.

SALT RHEUM often appears in cold weather, attacking the palms of the hands and other parts of the body. Hood's Sarsparilla, the great blood purifier, cures salt rheum.

HOODS PILLS are the best after-dinner pills, assist digestion, cure headache. 25c

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NOTICE.

We desire all who owe us to come and settle, as we desire to close up this year's business.
CROW BROTHERS.

For sale cheap—One solid oak, roller top office desk, and office chair to match. Inquire at this office.

I have mammoth Bronze Turkeys to sell at $3.00 per pair from now until the 15 of Dec. After then they will be worth more.
Miss Ida Dickinson,
Mack, Ala.

E. M. REID J. P.
MORRISVILLE, ALA.
Keeps Marriage Licenses for sale. Courts the 1st and 3rd Wednesday in each month. tf.

The Republican.

RATES OF ADVERTISING.

Transient advertisements $1 per square, and one inch makes a square.
Local notices 10 cents per line.
Advertisements must be handed in Thursday or before to insure insertion.

SUBSCRIPTION.

One year, - - - One Dollar.
Six Months, - - - Seventy-five Cents.
Three Months, - - - Forty Cents.

Subscription must invariably be paid in advance. No name will be booked unless money accompanies the order.

TOO LATE.
TOO LATE.
TOO LATE.

Don't wait until too late and the stocks are all picked over before you buy your Christmas presents. Don't delay another day, but send for our Catalogue, which we will forward free.

J. P. STEVENS & BRO.
Jewelers,
47 Whitehall St. Atlanta, Ga.

LOCAL AND PERSONAL.

Since the heavy rains this week there will not be such a scarcity of well water.

W. H. Standifer, Esq., of Gadsden, was here last Tuesday on legal business.

Henry Edwards had the misfortune to have one of his fine mules die last Sunday.

Ed. C. Watson of Birmingham, was here this week entertaining our business men.

Hon. James Crook and Rev. M. H. Lane, D. D., have been visitors to Atlanta this week.

Rev. W. L. Mellichampe will preach at the Episcopal church next Sunday morning.

Owing to a change my business soon, I will not extend any more accounts.
MRS. KATE JELKS.

The work on and around the new cotton seed oil mill presents quite a scene of activity.

Misses Minnie and Lillie Weems went down to Anniston last Saturday on a visit to their sister.

Mrs. M. H. Lane has returned from a very pleasant visit to relatives and friends in Sparta, Ga.

The new road from here to White Plains will soon be completed, and we learn will be one of the best roads in the county.

We want to call your attention to our Bicycle Hose for Boys, Girls and Ladies the best in the market for the money, at Mrs. Kate Jelks.

Look over the Jacksonville REPUBLICAN and the Atlanta Constitution and then send in $1.25 and get the two papers for one year.

If you have not already accepted the proposition to get the REPUBLICAN and Constitution one year for $1.25, then do so at once.

MRS. KATE JELKS has all wool nice black Dress goods and colors that we are selling very cheap for cash only.

In looking over The Chimes, the class paper of Shorter College, we notice that one of its finest contributions is from the pen of Miss Louise Lane.

Last Wednesday morning there were eight car loads of cotton seed standing on the side track at the Southern depot for the Jacksonville Oil Mill Co.

At MRS. KATE JELKS, you will find all shades in Zephyrs, cheaper than ever before. Also, closing out Saxony and knitting wool.

Only a little more than a week until Christmas. It is time the little ones were getting their stockings darned so as that they will hold the sweet things Santa Claus brings.

Rev. J. H. Leslie and family moved down to Oxford last Thursday. We regret to have them leave Jacksonville, and are glad that they are to be so near us for another year.

A nice line of plain and hand painted Flower Pots, very cheap to go next week, at Mrs. Kate Jelks.

The REPUBLICAN job office is now printing the minutes of the Calhoun County Baptist Association, and they will be sent out to the different churches as soon as completed.

Rev. Mr. Liston after a two weeks pleasant visit to Montgomery and Green county returned last Saturday and filled his appointment at the Presbyterian church last Sunday.

We are informed by Agent McGaughy that the business at the Southern depot in Jacksonville for the month of November was larger than for any three combined months for the past three years.

You know that we sell Millinery cheaper than any house in the country. AT MRS. KATE JELKS.

Mr. J. A. Gaboury spent a few days with his friends here this week. He reports that he is progressing nicely with his contract in Macon. His friends all hope that he will clear a nice sum of money off of his contract.

We learn that Messrs John Lane and Frank Burke were boarding at the Southern hotel in Chattanooga at the time of the fire and had their entire ward-robe consumed by the flames. Not only did they lose all their clothing, but all the sweet letters they had saved from their best girls.

Jos. H. Francis of New York, is in Jacksonville to spend Christmas with friends and relatives.

We learn from the Hot Blast that ex-Representative Cooper is seriously ill at his home in Oxanua.

Mr. J. A. Gaboury was called back to Macon last Wednesday by a telegram announcing the illness of Mrs. Gaboury.

Mrs. Kate Jelks is selling Capes and children Cloaks very low and Ladies Jackets for less than they cost as we will not handle such goods any longer than this season.

Mrs. John M. Caldwell and children of Anniston, have been spending the week here with the family of Col. John H. Caldwell.

Mr. C. D. Martin, after being away several weeks railroad building for the Chattanooga Southern, returned to Jacksonville last Thursday.

Those who want to apply to the county commissioners for work on the public roads will do well to read notice in this issue giving date when the roads will be let.

Misses Minnie and Lillie Weems, two charming young ladies of Jacksonville, are visiting their sister, Mrs. T. J. Cason, on East Thirteenth street.—Hot Blast.

Rev. J. W. Newman, D. D., the new Presiding Elder for this District, was formerly a pastor in Anniston, and is well known to many of the people in this county.

Mrs. G. G. Frank returned last Thursday from an extended visit to Birmingham. She was accompanied by her sister, Miss Montgomery, will spend some time in Jacksonville.

Lippman of Anniston, is constantly receiving and making new goods. His goods are of the best quality and are sold at the lowest prices. He can save you money in your purchases.

Go to Mrs. Kate Jelks to get your X-mas Goods Saturday. We will have in a half wagon load of Dolls, from 5 to 50c apiece, and many other things that we cant mention.

Thos. W. Francis is his own miller. B. E. Sutley who has had charge of his mill for the past year will soon take charge of the old Forney mill, owned by Rev. F. M. Treadaway.

Rev. M. N. Morris will fill his first appointment at the Methodist church next Sunday. He comes through the country from Alexandria. His family will arrive about the 29th of this month.

We direct attention to the change in the advertisement of W. T. Willson, Anniston. He keeps one of the finest stocks of goods in Alabama and when shopping in Anniston you should not fail to call and see him.

Let all the farmers in the county who want to make as much on one acre of land as they now make on three, attend the organization of the Agricultural Society in the court house in Jacksonville on the 3rd Saturday in January next.

The Southern hotel of Chattanooga, which was leased for three years by W. A. Camp, was destroyed by fire last Monday evening. Since Mr. Camp went to Chattanooga from Anniston he had succeeded in working up a good business for the Southern, and the burning is a great loss to him.

For rheumatism I have found nothing equal to Chamberlain's Pain Balm. It relieves the pain as soon as applied. J. W. Young, West Liberty, W. Va. The prompt relief it affords is alone is worth many times the cost, 50 cents. Its continued use will effect a permanent cure. For sale by dealers.

Miss Emma Linder has returned home after a pleasant visit of several months to Jacksonville, Ala., and Columbus, Ga. Miss Linder reports a very pleasant visit; is enjoying superb health, and her friends say that her charming personality is greatly improved.—Hartwell Sun.

Mr. John Tatum and Miss Eppie Pruett, of Jacksonville, were united in marriage at White Plains last Sunday by Rev. J. F. Potter. After the marriage they left on a visit to the father of Mr. Tatum in Walker county. They are most excellent young people, and the REPUBLICAN wishes for them a life of prosperity and happiness.

Rev. M. N. Morris, who will serve the Methodist churches of Jacksonville and White Plains during the next twelve months, is not an entire stranger to the people of his new charge. He assisted in the protracted service here last summer in the Methodist church and made a very favorable impression. We extend to him as a citizen of Jacksonville a most hearty welcome.

Several weeks ago we commenced the publication of a very interesting continued story.—The Lone Inn.—but on account of the crowded condition of our columns were forced to discontinue it. Since then several subscribers have asked us to continue it, and in this issue we republish the first chapter of the serial, and will print from two to three columns of it every week until completed.

A Million Friends

A friend in need is a friend indeed, and not less than one million people have found just such a friend in Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Coughs, and Colds. If you have never used this Great Cough Medicine, one trial will convince you that it has wonderful curative powers in all diseases of Throat, Chest and Lungs. Each bottle is guaranteed to do all that is claimed or money refunded. Trial bottles free at all the drug stores. Large bottles 50c and $1.00.

COUNTY NEWS

FROM ALL SECTIONS OF CALHOUN.

GATHERED BY THE REPUBLICAN'S ABLE CORPS OF CORRESPONDENTS.

Choccolocco.

As times are hard, I would like to offer a few suggestions to farmers, being a farmer myself.

I think this the time above all times when farmers should organize.

In the first place, we should organize against King cotton. Cotton has been King so long that it is hard to keep him from lording over us. We should show him that he is no longer King, but a servant to us.

In the second place, we should organize against guano, or boycott this gentleman altogether, unless he shall reduce his price so as to come on a level with the price of cotton.

In the third place, we should organize against politics. Politicians and demagogues make a tool of us and cause us to neglect our best interest. I believe farmers should be organized and have their stated meetings as do other organizations, and I think we should leave politics out of our organizations as do lawyers, doctors and editors in their organizations. They meet and discuss the interest of their profession, and we should meet and discuss our interest as farmers.

I tell you, brother farmers, if we will come together and have our organization and discuss the interest of our vocation, we will be the most independent people in this country. But as long as we go groveling along in our blindness we will be slaves.

I venture the assertion that there are not six farmers in the county who have kept books against their farms, or can tell what their cotton, corn, hogs, or other farm products have cost them. This is not true with other avocations. They can tell you whether they are making or loosing money.

Too many are like one of my neighbor farmers. He said he made ten bales cotton and thought he came out very well. I suggested that we figure and see. His ten bales, averaging five hundred pounds, at five cents per pound, brought $250. He used seventeen sacks guano which cost $12.50. He paid one-third rent. He hired a hand which cost him $85. He hired his cotton picked at 35 cents per 100 lb. He had 200 bush. cotton seed. After adding value of cotton and seed, and deducting his expense,—not counting anything for his labor or expense of living—he had $17.50 left, and what little corn he made to pay for feeding two horses and for his year's labor. He is as good worker too as there is in the valley.

We are nearly all in the same condition of this farmer. We do not know our whereabouts.

Now let's organize and try and understand our business. If we cannot organize, let's then write and give our views as how to make more cotton, corn, oats, sorghum, turnips, etc., to the acre. I am confident the editor of the REPUBLICAN will take pleasure in printing anything that will help the farmers of this county.

Weavers.

The long dry spell has been broken at last and the rain-service is good.

Comparatively little cotton has been left this year here, but what did get came at the right time to make crops and leave the soil in good condition for another crop.

If we can only manage to satisfy old obligations, then with diligence and economy, we may yet be independent. Let us hope and take new courage.

Many of the sweet potatoes in this vicinity have recently rotted.

More people are moving and will move this winter than usual.

Several farmers have lost hogs recently with quinsy or cholera. No remedy sage as to relieve them.

A few hogs well taken care of are better than a big lot poorly cared for. The same rule applies to all stock.

Mercellus.

Married, on the 9th inst., at the residence of J. H. Smith, William Moore of Weavers, and Miss Fannie Herred, Esquire Bowdell officiating.

Also, at the residence of the bride's parents, on the 9th inst., E. B. Stephens of Civiles Gap, to Miss Dela Sewell, Rev. Thos. Smith officiating.

On the night of the 8th inst. the store of W. D. Nixon of this place, was burglarized. A considerable amount of goods taken from the store. The post office and express office were in the same building, and about eight dollars in stamps was taken from the post office, also a watch from the express office. The entire losses will amount to fifty dollars. No clue as to the thieves has been discovered as yet.

The ordination of Rev. Thos. Nisler to the ministry will take place on the first Sunday at Friendship church. He is a young man who has made good use of opportunities in the ministry.

The farmers of this county will kill their own hog meat for next year, having corn to make it next season.

Oxford.

Our townsmen Josh and James Draper are in South Carolina at the bedside of their sister, Mrs. Wood, who is not expected to live.

The frosty mornings of last week caused several of our citizens to butcher their hogs, and now the warm rainy weather threatens to destroy it.

Messers P. K. Thompson & Co., who assigned the first of the month, have reopened their doors and are selling for the assignee.

Dr. B. D. Williams, who has been at home for several days, returned to his Minnesota home Monday.

The low price of cotton has caused our merchants to take corn on collections and they are sacking and shipping it as there is more than is needed for home use in this section.

Mr. Geo. Orr, a pupil in Oxford College, returned to his home in Acworth, Ga., this week and in a few days will lead to Hymen's Alter one of Acworth's fairest daughters.

Mr. W. D. Wright of Silver Run, who moved his family to Texas last fall and who was here on a visit, took sick with pneumonia and died this week. His sons, Walter of Louisville, Ky., and Elbert of Louisville, Ga., and his wife of Texas, were at his bedside when he died.

Jenkins.

To-day of all days for a long time is the rainiest. Many who were out of water are rejoicing over it, while others are lamenting. Those who are out on the road moving in open wagons are to be pitied. There were two ox wagons of that description passed through here this morning.

Mr. John Tatum and Miss Pruett came over on Sunday last to get married by Rev. J. F. Potter.

Your worthy townsman, Mr. F. A. Weems was at Jenkins yesterday.

Mr. Ira P. Wetmore, a prominent real estate of San angio, Texas, has used Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy in his family for several years as occasion required, and always with perfect success. He says: I find it a perfect cure for our baby when troubled with colic or dysentery. I now feel that my outfit is not complete without a bottle of this Remedy at home or on a trip away from home. For sale by dealers.

Notice.

All notes and acc ounts due A. L. Stewart must be settled by cash or secured before the first day of Janu, 1895, or the same will be put in the hands of an attorney for collection.

Respectfully,
tf A. L. Stewart.

Mr. W. L. Burns, of Jacksonville, had a little shooting affray a few days since near Hoke's Bluff which came very near sending him his life.

He was in that section selling a patent medicine. He stopped over night with a man who was not on friendly terms with the sheriff of his beat, who informed Mr Burns that he learned the bailiff sought he to arrest him on a charge of horse stealing, and if he could flee off his pistol a few times he could frighten off the bailiff and save the annoyance of being arrested.

When the bailiff arrived and notified Burns that he had come to arrest him on a charge of horse stealing, Burns corrected out the direction of his beat and fired his pistol to frighten off the bailiff. The bailiff was accompanied by several of his friends and opened fire on Burns with his pistol. Several shots were then exchanged before a shot was made. The bailiff received a slight wound on the hand. Burns received a very painful wound in the right shoulder, the ball ranging downward, and it was feared at one time that it would prove fatal.

At last accounts Burns was getting well and is expected home in a few days.

The suspicion against Burns was brought about by the fact that a short while ago a man passed through Cullman City selling patent medicine who hired a horse and buggy which he never returned.

As Burns was a stranger in the settlement and was selling patent medicine, the bailiff easily suspected that he was the man wanted.

THE STATE OF TEXAS,
County of Comanche, }

Before the undersigned authority on this day, personally appeared A. M. Ramsey, who after being duly sworn, says on oath that the foregoing statement made by him relative to the virtues of P. P. P. medicine is true.

A. M. RAMSEY.

Sworn to and subscribed before me this, August 9th, 1894.

J. M. LAWRENCE, N. P.
Comanche Co., Texas.

DALLAS, TEXAS, 1894.

Messrs. LIPPMAN BROS., Savannah, Ga.

GENTS—I've used nearly four bottles of P. P. P. I was suffering from the cramp of my foot in the sole of my foot. Now P. P. P. has cured difficulty of breathing and smothering, palpitation of the heart, and relieved me of all pain; one wonderful remedy. Yours truly,
J. M. LAWRENCE.

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J. M. LAWRENCE.

EDUCATION.

The Spring Term of the Southern Female University and Conservatory of Music and Art, of Anniston, Ala., will begin January 1st, 1895. Write for terms.
Misses E. & C. Janes, Principals. H. G. LAMAR, Business Manager.

AN EXPLANATION.

My advertisement has previously appeared in the form of an accrostic. I now come before you in language more comprehensive with a simple statement—that my stock of Family and Fancy Groceries is complete and at prices to suit the times. A liberal share of the Public patronage is solicited.

C. E. BONDURANT.

P. P. P.
PRICKLY ASH, POKE ROOT AND POTASSIUM

Makes Marvelous Cures in Blood Poison Rheumatism and Scrofula

PIMPLES, BLOTCHES AND OLD SORES
CATARRH, MALARIA,
KINDLY TROUBLES
and [illegible]

P. P. P. purifies the blood, builds up the weak and debilitated, gives strength to weakened nerves, expels by sweat or the natural channels of the body the poisonous matter that causes aches, gloomy forebodings, and fearful results. It is a valuable tonic, and for all blood poisoning, mercurial diseases, rheumatism, scrofula, skin diseases, like pimples, old sores, carbuncles, eczema, ulcers, boils, erysipelas, itch, scaly skin, and all diseases of the blood, whether inherited or contracted, P. P. P. is the best remedy known. It is the safest and most reliable blood purifier and permanent cure

[illegible] stoma are poisoned [illegible] Mo., Aug. 11th, 1893. [illegible] the highest terms of [illegible] from personal [illegible] was rendered almost helpless with rheumatism for [illegible] P. P. P., and can [illegible] has done me more [illegible] Yours truly, [illegible] Springfield, Green County, Mo.

Abere[illegible] Ga., [illegible]
Gents: [illegible]
To all whom it may concern: [illegible]

Skin Cancer Cured.

Testimony from the Knight of Labor, [illegible]

Seguin, Tex., January 14, 1893.
Messrs. Lippman Bros., Savannah, Ga.: Gentlemen—I have tried your P. P. P. for a disease of the skin, usually known as skin cancer, of thirty years standing, and found it at once to purify the blood and remove all irritation from the seat of the disease, and prevents any spreading of the sores. I have taken five or six bottles and feel confident that one more bottle will effect a cure. It has also relieved me from indigestion and stomach troubles. Yours truly,
CAPT. W. M. RUST,
Attorney at Law.

Book on Blood Diseases Mailed Free.
ALL DRUGGISTS SELL IT.
LIPPMAN BROS.
PROPRIETORS,
Lippman's Block, Savannah, Ga.

ALABAMIANS

Who Have Expressed Opinions During the Month of October.

Mr. Thomas W. Haisten, Buck Horn, Ala., October 2, 1894: "We are still pleased with the Electropoise which has been in use in our family now more than three years."

Mrs. Fannie C. Starke, Perote, Ala., October 1, 1894: "I still use the Electropoise and receive great benefit from it, and we do not have any doctors bills to pay now."

Mr. T. H. Hobart, Decatur, Ala., October 1, 1894: "I indorse every thing that I have heretofore said about the Electropoise, and am always telling some one what it has done in my family."

Rev. L. A. Darsey, Decatur, Ala., October 2, 1894: "The Electropoise is a grand discovery. I have two and never intend to give them up."

Mrs. W. P. Nelson, Sunshine, Ala., October 1, 1894: "I have never failed to effect a cure in every case of disease I have ever treated, and they have been numerous. The Electropoise has no more ardent admirer than I."

Mr. C. A. J. Hollingsworth, Mack, Ala., October 18, 1894: "I still think the Electropoise is a great curative agent, and use it for all ailments in my family, and recently cured a severe attack of dysentry in two days with it."

Mr. J. McKee Gould, Bolger, Ala., October 1, 1894: "After four years experience with the Electropoise my faith in it is unshaken."

For full particulars and testimonials of reliable people write to Dr. Hobbs & Wood, 223 North Twenty-first street, Birmingham, Ala., for its 64 page book, mailed free to any address.

The Electropoise rented four months for $10.

Notice of Application for Special Act.

Notice is hereby given that the present Legislature of Alabama will be petitioned by the undersigned for the passage of a special act to establish a road in Calhoun county, at Jenkins, and to be known as the Jenkins road, and to be under the supervision of the Commissioners Court of said county, and to be worked under the laws of the State, which said laws and the amendments thereto, and to be governed in all respects as the laws of the State of Alabama now are, or may hereafter be amended, relating to county roads, special act of the General Assembly of Alabama approved February 11 '83.

MARY A. NANCE

Notice.

There will be a special meeting of the Board of Revenue of Calhoun county on Monday January 14th, 1895, for the purpose of letting the public roads for said year 1895, and I intend to let no other business for

[illegible] roads and for turnishing [illegible] sums [illegible] in this notice on or [illegible] said day. [illegible] the right to reject [illegible] Court House this [illegible]

ANNUAL SETTLEMENT.

STATE OF ALABAMA, }
Calhoun County. }

In Probate Court of said County Special Term 12th day of Dec., 1894.

This day came J. A. Gaboury, Administrator of the estate of Mrs. Alice Gaboury deceased, and filed his account and vouchers for an annual settlement of his administration of said estate. It is therefore ordered that the 7th day of January A. D. 1895 be and is hereby appointed a day upon which to examine, pass upon, and allow said account and to make said settlement, and that notice thereof be given, by publication for three successive weeks in a newspaper published in said County, as a notice to all persons concerned to appear in this Court on said 7th day of January A. D. 1895 and contest said settlement if they think proper.
EMMETT F. CROOK,
dec15-3t. Judge of Probate.

NOTICE NO. 15690.

Land Office at Montgomery, Ala., Dec. 10, 1894. }

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Clerk of the Circuit Court, at Jacksonville, Ala., on January 21st, 1895, viz: Richard H. Gidley, Homestead entry No 21047, for the SE¼ of SW¼, S½ of SE¼, Sec. 2, T. 14, south R. 9 east.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: Johnathan Pruitt, James Pruitt, Mark Wilkerson, Ollie Williams, all of Jacksonville, Alabama.

H. PURCELL,
dec15-6t Register.

Final Settlement.

STATE OF ALABAMA, }
Calhoun County. }

In Probate Court of said County Special Term, 16th day of Dec., 1894.

This day came Jule Lumpkin, administrator of the estate of John Easterwood deceased and filed his account and vouchers for an annual settlement of his administration of said estate. It is therefore ordered that the 31st day of Dec., 1894 be and is hereby appointed a day upon which to examine, pass upon, and allow said account and to make said settlement, and that notice thereof be given, by publication for three successive weeks in a newspaper published in said County, as a notice to all persons concerned to appear in this Court on said 31st day of Dec. A. D. 1894 and contest said settlement if they think proper.
EMMETT F. CROOK,
dec15-3t. Judge of Probate.

Sheriff's Sale.

Under and by virtue of an attachment in my hands from the Circuit Court of Calhoun county in favor of P. Rowan vs. J. B. Coker, I will proceed to sell on Thursday the 20th day of December, 1894 to the highest bidder for cash the following described property to wit: One hundred and fifty bushels of corn, two thousand bundles of fodder, more or less; one set blacksmith's tools at the farm known as the Jack Clark place. I will also in front of the court house in the town of Jacksonville Ala., sell two gray horses and one bay mule, property of J. B. Coker to satisfy said attachment. Levied upon this 7th day of December, 1894.

H. PURCELL,
dec15-3t Sheriff.

PECULIAR in combination, proportion and preparation of ingredients, Hood's Sarsaparilla possesses great curative value. You should TRY IT.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

BARGAIN IN AN ORGAN.

To get my organs introduced I will for the next 60 days sell a good new organ with seven stops, couplers, three sets of reeds, black walnut case, about six feet high, for $45. Send for catalogue at once. I will sell on easy payments. I will ship on trial and if you are not pleased will pay the freight both ways. Don't think that I cannot save you money on everything in the music line because I am in a small city. Write me and I will tell you more.

Sewing machines for $26. All kinds of needles. E. E. Forbes,
Anniston, Ala.
Oct 27 2 mos,

For sale cheap.—One beautiful oak folding bed, with french plate glass mirror front. Inquire at this office.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

The Republican.

By T. W. AYERS.

SATURDAY DEC. 15, 1894.

Smaller Counties.

Very few propositions have been presented to the General Assembly which would be worth more to the State of Alabama than to reduce the constitutional area of counties to four hundred square miles.

In the first place, it would be worth much to the people as a convenience by placing them nearer their county sites, so as they could attend their courts and have access to the records with less travel and expense than at present.

Then it would enhance the value of all property in and around every town where a county site was located and public buildings erected.

As soon as a new county site was located, it would bring new men from other states who would buy property and engage in business.

In every place selected as a county site the schools and churches would be improved, and in this way the educational and moral interests of the state would be elevated.

The small counties and large number of county sites have aided materially in giving the State of Georgia the proud distinction of being the empire State of the South, and we think the time has come when Alabama should follow in the footsteps of the mother State and divide up her counties into smaller areas than at present.

We see much to be gained to the State by taking this step, and nothing to be lost.

No county in the Southern States has resources and advantages which are superior, and probably none the equal, to Calhoun county. Here our mineral and timber wealth is unequaled, and our agricultural advantages unsurpassed. All who live inside our borders know these statements to be true. But the thing needed is to demonstrate the truthfulness of these assertions to the outside world.

The cotton States and International exposition in Atlanta next year offers us an opportunity to advertise to the world our very superior resources and advantages which may not be presented again for years.

Calhoun, by a cooperated effort on the part of her citizenship, can make an individual display which will beyond all question attract the attention of capitalists and settlers.

The State of Alabama should certainly make an exhibit as a State at this great exposition. We are all in favor of a State exhibit.

But it is the county exhibits which pay, and Calhoun should not be found lagging in this effort.

It may be said that the financial depression is too great just now to undertake a special display for this county. But the scarcity of money with us is just the reason why we should make it. We have the resources, and need attract the men with money to come and help develop them.

By the proper effort Calhoun can make a display which will be creditable, and which will prove profitable.

Will not the press of the county fall in line and help arouse the people to the importance of making this display?

It is very probable that a bill will be passed by the present legislature to appropriate fifteen thousand dollars for the purpose of buying or erecting a suitable mansion for the Governor of Alabama.

We fully agree that State pride demands that the State furnish its Governor a mansion, but the condition of the treasury makes this the wrong time to purchase it. With the deficiency which exists, no new appropriations should be made which are not absolutely necessary.

By an agreement between our Representatives, no action will be taken on the bills introduced in the legislature to extend the jurisdiction of the Anniston City Court until the reassemblage of the legislature in January. This gives all portions of the county an opportunity to make their wishes known in reference to the extension.

SINCE publishing article which appears on first page of this issue in reference to Mr. Whitten's bill to require all patent medicines to have printed on lable or package a formula of the contents, the bill has been defeated in the house, as it should have been.

THE Dwight Manufacturing Company, of Boston, will soon commence the building of a $500,000 cotton mill near Gadsden. If Boston has another company which wants to build a mill in the South we can make room for them in Jacksonville.

CALHOUN can make the best display of her natural resources at the Cotton States and International exposition of any county in the South, and should certainly arrange to make the show.

THE indications now suggest that the next Presidential battle will be between Tom Reed as the nominee of the Republican party, and Adlai Stevenson as the nominee of the Democratic party.

IT is believed among the knowing ones in Washington that President Cleveland will appoint William L. Wilson of West Virginia, to the first vacancy on the supreme bench.

THE Felton has served Judge Candler with a notice of contest in the Rome district.

A Card.

I notice in the last issue of the Piedmont Inquirer a statement to the effect that Judge Crook had charged on his books an advertising account against D. W. Thomas so as to make it appear $8. in favor of the present manager of the REPUBLICAN, instead of $3. each to the former and present manager of the REPUBLICAN, as handed in by Mr. Grant.

After my purchase of the REPUBLICAN there was an understanding between Mr. Grant and me that I was to charge up full amount of all unpaid advertisements then running in the paper, and mark amount due him in connection with the entry.

Among other advertisements running at time I took charge of paper, was an administrator's sale of D. W. Thomas. This sale made four squares, and was to be published 3 times.

The regular price of which was one dollar a square for first insertion, and fifty cents a square for each subsequent insertion; which made four dollars for the first insertion and four dollars for the last two insertions,—a total of eight dollars.

The advertisement was charged up by me at $8. and entry made that $4. of this amount was due Mr. Grant, as it had been published once before I took charge of paper.

A statement for the amount of $8. was handed Judge Crook by me with the request that it be entered upon his fee book.

This is all there is in this little transaction, and certainly no blame can be attached to Judge Crook.

The rate of one dollar a square for the first insertion and fifty cents a square for each subsequent insertion is the price which the REPUBLICAN has charged for years for advertising sales of land.

I notice also in the last issue of the Piedmont Inquirer a communication in which it is asserted if the legal printing of the county was let to the lowest bidder it would save the county two or three thousand dollars.

Certainly the writer of that article has never investigated to see what advertising the county pays for and the amount it pays.

The fact is, the only notices for which the county pays is notices of election, tax assessor's and collector's notices, treasurer's report, notice of the letting of paupers' home, of the building of bridges, etc. For the publication of these notices, the cost to the county does not exceed three hundred dollars a year.

The commissioners have made no effort to control for the REPUBLICAN sheriff sales, tax collector's sales, administrators sales, notice Probate office as to settlement of estates, etc.

I think the people understand the contract which the commissioners have made with the REPUBLICAN, and the motives which have prompted those who have censured them for making the same contract with the writer that the county has had with the REPUBLICAN for years; and if they do understand it, they will certainly agree that much noise is being made over a very small matter.

T. W. AYERS.

THE bill introduced by Mr. John of Jefferson, for a contest law provides that any elector may contest the election of any state officer for any state office for any of the following causes:

1. Malconduct, fraud or corruption on the part of any inspector, clerk, returning officer or board of supervisors.

2. When the person whose election to such office is contested, was not eligible at the time of such election.

3. On account of illegal votes.

4. On account of the rejection of legal votes.

5. Anything calculated to prevent a fair election.

It must be shown that enough illegal votes have been counted for the contestee to bring his legal vote below that of the contestants before can be deprived of his office.

The bill then provides the manner of procedure on the part of the contestants. All contests must be commenced within thirty days after the election.

The person contesting must give sufficient sureties to cover the cost of the contest in such sum as the speaker may deem sufficient. At least ten days before the contest, the contesting party must give the contestee notice of the frauds he proposes to allege. The bill requires probate judges to give copies of the poll lists to either party upon application, on being paid the fees therefor. On the trial of the contest, the precinct inspectors shall be required to produce the original poll lists and ballots filed and kept by them for examination, which shall be prima facia evidence that the parties named in the poll list voted. Any person may be required to answer whether he voted or not. Any witness who fails to appear on summons must be proceeded against as other defaulting witness. The witness shall receive the same fees as witness in the state courts receive. The general assembly in joint session shall constitute the court of trial. The bill was referred to the judiciary committee.

SENATOR GOODWYN has introduced a bill in the senate to authorize the contest of the election held in August, 1894, and of election hereafter held in this State for State officers.

THE Alabama Chatauqua has selected Talladega as its permanent home, and its annual sessions will hereafter be held in that city.

EX-GOVERNOR BEN TILLMAN of South Carolina, was last Tuesday elected to the United States Senate over vote Ex. to 21 for Senator Butler.

Governor Oates' Message.

The first message of Governor Oates to the General Assembly is as practical and wise as any State paper ever written in Alabama.

Indeed, he, in our opinion, recommends to the legislature just the things now needed to be enacted into laws in this State.

Take our election law, he recommends precisely the changes which the REPUBLICAN has advocated since it has been under its present management.

After stating that our election law should be amended so as to provide for the contest of the election of Governor and other State officers, his message has this to say in reference to needed amendments:

"Your familiarity with the working of the election law enables you to judge as well as myself whether it needs amendment and what amendments there to are necessary.

If it is not fair and satisfactory to the people amend it and make it so. I am of the opinion that an amendment is necessary giving each party who has a ticket to be voted for the right to nominate a marker, at each polling place, who should take an oath to mark only the name called by the illiterate voter and not to suggest or indicate to such voters, by word, sign, gesture or otherwise the name of any person, and not to disclose the name voted for by any voter under heavy penalty.

It seems to be but fair that the officers whose duty it is to appoint the inspectors or managers of election to allow each party entitled to be represented to nominate the said officials one of such inspectors to be appointed by them. These two amendments to the law would secure perfect fairness and should give satisfaction to all parties.

I also invite your attention to the bad features of registration in our election law. The time allowed is too brief, and it is unbending in its provision. If a voter is necessarily absent from the State until the period for registration expires, or if he registers before election day loses his certificate, he can not vote.

If he be confined to a bed of sickness until the period of registration has passed he cannot vote that year.

The registration is in May: if the voter moves to another county, though he may reside therein three months, as required by the Constitution, before the November election, he cannot vote.

It is therefore of doubtful constitutionality in this respect and should be amended".

The Governor is also right in the opinion that we have entirely too many elections in Alabama, and recommends that our State elections be held in November at the same time of congressinal election.

One of the most important suggestions in the Governors message is the office of Chancellor be abolished, and the judicial circuits increased to twenty. He states the expense of feeding prisoners last year was $105,000, and the salaries of the additional judges would be more than saved in the reduction of the jail fees.

He recommends that the carrying of concealed weapons can only be stopped by making the offense a felony.

He recommends that a state bank law be passed in view of the possibility of the repeal of the 10 per cent by the present congress.

Republicans Want to Lead.

The support which the Populists gave the Republicans in the last congressional election, has caused the Republicans of Alabama to decide that they do not propose to again be the tail end of the kite, but they now insist that the Populists come square over and join the Republican party.

The last issue of the Birmingham Times, Bob Moseley's paper, had the following to say on this subject:

Whether or not Colonel Oates is a usurper, he is certainly occupying the position of governor of Alabama, and judging by the peaceful manner in which he took his seat it looks quite probable that he will continue to occupy it unless Providence interferes. We would now suggest in all earnestness that the different factions of the opposition to organized Democracy come square over and join the greatest of all parties, the Republican party, and lets place some brilliant young Republican to the front, and thoroughly organize our combined forces by the next campaign and he will lead us to victory. Let's select one of pure character and a native of Alabama. If we are defrauded and counted out, we will have a higher court of appeal than the legislature of Alabama.

The Republican party can lead better than it can follow. Twice it has been the tail to the kite, and failed both times. Now, why not step to the front with some smart young leader of brave and undaunted spirit and take the lead in the coming campaign. It is only two years off and will be a very interesting one. There is a great deal to do, and it will take a good deal of time to organize and make a strong and combined fight to win. The organized have shown us that a Populist shall have no hand in governing Alabama, and now we will show them that a free silver Republican can be elected governor and will be seated without asking Gates, Jones or Morgan, either.

IN his able argument in favor of the construction of the Nicaragua canal last Monday, Senator Morgan held the closest attention of both the senate and the galleries for several hours.

THOS P. Savage, Esq., of Piedmont, was admitted to the practice of law in Cherokee county recently, and made his maiden speech in justice court in Piedmon last Tuesday.

JUDGE CROOK.

ANSWERS CLEARLY EVERY CHARGE MADE AGAINST HIM.

He Paid Both Principal and Interest on Notes to Rounsaville and Grant.

EDITOR REPUBLICAN:—The people hateth "A false witness that speaketh lies, and he that soweth discord among brethren." The little fellow who writes slang for the Inquirer has hollowed "calf rope" and as I have no desire to pommel a fallen foe I will content myself by correcting three charges made by him, the falsity of which I have in writing, and then I will accept the advise of that wise man who many centuries ago said "answer not a fool according to his folly, lest thou also be like unto him."

The advertising fee in the Thomas estate stands on my fee book self explanatory. This good(?) man had entered upon my fee book in his name a fee. Shortly thereafter Dr. Ayers, of the Republican, came into my office and handed me an account for the notice of sale of the Thomas land, 4 squares, 3 times, $8.00, which was correct, but I told Dr. Ayers that a fee had been entered in the name of this good man for the same notice, and he replied that Mr. Grant had arranged with him as to the advertisements running in the Republican at the time it changed hands, and that he had entered Mr. Grant's fee on his account book according to their agreement, and asked that I run my pen through Mr. Grants name, and credit the entire fee to him as it would prevent confusion. I ran my pen through Mr. Grant's name and credited Dr. Ayers with the $8.00. There was no attempt to scratch out the entry, but I ran my pen through it that the fee might not be collected but once. Now, where is there anything wrong in this matter? It looks very much like he is mad because I did not collect his fee, and then let Dr. Ayers collect it as per their agreement, thereby "filching" the estate for a double fee for him, but I was too sharp for him that time, and I ran my pen through one fee as I knew he was not entitled to but one for the same work. Now who was committing the wrong, he in trying to collect his fee through two sources, or me in preventing him by running my pen through his fee on my book?

Again, he says that he shaved my notes to me. I never owed him but two notes. They were for boom lots, at boom prices, and I paid his notes through the Tredegar National Bank, dollar for dollar with interest from date, to day of payment. He knew every body in town was making a discount on these boom notes, but to keep from doing the same, and not look hoggish, he went and cashed my notes, (and I learn others,) with the Tredegar Bank, and I paid them in full, and now he comes and as usual falsely says he discounted my notes to me. I have the notes, and the evidence of their payment dollar for dollar with interest, and he knew it when he made that assertion; but he thought I had destroyed the notes, etc. I keep every transaction I make on file, and am ready at all times to produce the papers. Now, arn't you hard pushed for some falsehood with which to vent your spleen? I paid you every dollar in good money, and I got nothing for it, but you are mad and I am satisfied.

Again, you say that you never commended me for buying the Woodstock land and ask why I did not publish the article? Well, here it is:

"A FORTUNATE PURCHASE."

"Judge Crook some months ago, agreed with the Auditor of State to look up all the cases in this county in which the State had become owner of lands purchased at tax sale, and straighten out matters. When it was all finally adjusted, it was found that the State owned only one tract of forty acres in the county. The Judge wrote to the Auditor that for the purpose of closing the entire matter up and in order that every foot of land in Calhoun might be again subject to taxation, he would put in his application to buy this particular forty acres held by the State. The Auditor replied that under the law, thirty days would have to expire before he could sell, after application. At the end of this time the Auditor wrote Judge Crook that he and the Governor and Attorney General had looked into the matter thoroughly and that twenty dollars would cover all cost to the State and that he could buy the land for that sum. Judge Crook knowing that any kind of land in any part of Calhoun was a bargain at fifty cents an acre, forwarded the money to the Auditor and in due time received a deed from the State. He then for the first time thought of looking up his property, and to his astonishment he found it was located in the corporate limits of Anniston, just east of the fine residence of Mr. John Noble and adjoining the property of that gentleman. It appears that the Woodstock Iron Company became possessed of the land prior to 1874 at some time, but never gave it in for taxes by oversight or for some reason. It was sold for taxes of the years 1874 and 1875 and bid in by the State. Under an Act of the Legislature of 1879 it was reassessed and again sold in 1881, and bid in by the State. It was neither redeemed or given in for taxes for two years and became absolutely the property of the State. When the Anniston City Land Company was formed this property was sold to it by the Woodstock Iron Company, or the Anniston Land and Improvement Company, and since that time the Anniston City Land Company has been giving it in for taxes; but the State being the owner, the Anniston City Land Company could acquire no title by payment of taxes. The land being the property of the State was not subject to taxation. It is understood that the Anniston City Land Company has been asking over one thousand dollars an acre for this land, and has sold off probably four acres of it. The Anniston City Land Company holds possession and Judge Crook has sued for possession as well as for damages for detainer, or for any of the property disposed of by the Anniston City Land Company. The law in reference to the assessment, decree for sale, advertisement and sale of the property having been scrupulously complied with throughout, and Judge Crook having his title from the State under all due and legal form, he is naturally confident that he will succeed in his suit. Judge Crook is to be congratulated on this windfall growing out of a LAUDABLE DESIRE to have Calhoun stand clear on the books of the State. He little expected so liberal reward when he made the purchase; but HE IS WORTHY OF WHATEVER GOOD FORTUNE HAS BEFALLEN HIM. Forty thousand dollars is not picked up every day on a twenty dollar investment."—L. W. Grant in Jacksonville Republican of January 14th, 1888.

Now, fellow citizens, what do you think of a man who thus writes, and says Judge Crook is worthy of this good fortune, and that at a time when he was sucking the pap of the Judge's office, and when the tit is withdrawn flatly denies writing the article, and accuses the Judge of an attempt to rob some poor man of his land sold at a tax sale? Remember it was then the great Woodstock Iron Co., a rich incorporation; now it is some poor man because he thinks it sounds better for his purpose, to injure, to slander, to vent his personal spleen, and when his attention was called to the article did not possess the manhood to acknowledge the error, but says I never wrote any such article, and why did you not publish it? The old legal phrase, "false in one thing false in all," certainly applies to this wholesale slanderer and falsifyer.

As to his denial of his personal difficulty with me, if he can stand such a flat denial after making the fact known the day of its occurrance, by trotting all around town and telling it, and attempting to employ an attorney to search the records in my office and prepare an article for him to abuse me, if he can stand the denial, I can.

The paper he says he shaved to me, was notes given for Jacksonville lots at boom prices, and I paid Mr. Grant in full with interest, and have the notes with the original checks with which they were paid. Not one cent did he take off, but everybody else was discounting these notes largely, but as he says he knew that I would pay them, and while he was insisting that we had all been fooled, and had gotten into it and should lose part, he was very particular to demand every cent owing him. Right here I might ask him some very pertinent questions, but I only write this to correct his charges, as he says he is through with me, too romantic for him to deal with. I care nothing for his denials.

Now as to his last charge that I borrowed money from Mess. Rounsaville Bros, and by a tight squeeze they got back about fifty cents in the dollar. The debt he refers to is one I owed Mess. Rounsaville Bros, when I merchandised at Alexandria, and before he "discovered" me, and when I was unfortunate in loosing everything I had by fire, except the debts I owed, and having just received a large lot of winter goods, I was left heavily in debt. I was not able just then to pay my debts, but just as fast as I could collect I paid them off, and never stopped paying until I had paid every dollar I owed with interest from the creation of the debt until paid. Not one dollar was discounted of the principal or interest of any debt I owed.

Please read this from Mess. Rounsaville Bros:

Rome, Ga., Dec. 10th, 1894.
Hon. E. F. Crook,
Jacksonville, Ala.,

Dear Sir:—In reply to your letter we say that you paid us in full, and do not, and have not been indebted to us for several years.

Very truly,
Rounsaville Bros.

I desire to say that since my article appeared two weeks ago, in conversation with Mr. Hall he states that he did not understand my instruction to give Mr. Grant all the aid he asked in an investigation of the records, and on one occasion he was unable to find the minutes of commissioners court, and so informed Mr. Grant.

Now in bidding you farewell, allow me to say that your abuse, misrepresentation, condemnation and vituperation are the highest compliments you could bestow upon me. It is positive proof that I have done my duty to the people, and have not allowed you to use me for your personal ends. I thank you for leaving a few feathers to mark the place where I once sat, and in not allowing me to receive your fate of being buried in the sea of political oblivion with not a ripple to show where your political corpse went down. Peace to your ashes, and may your political corpse never be disturbed until the day of final resurrection.

Emmett F. Crook.

REAL MERIT is the characteristic of Hood's Sarsaparilla. It cures even after other preparations fail. Get Hood's and ONLY HOOD'S.

Fire Insurance,

B. H. DENMAN, Agent, Jacksonville, Ala

Represents the most prominent companies in the United States.

KOLB AND GOODWYN.

It is Said, Do Not Now Speak as They Pass By.

A Montgomery special to the Nashville Banner of yesterday says: "The Populist are generally disturbed over the disclosure of the secret of their caucus held Saturday night. It was thought the facts of the caucus would be kept secret and their anxiety to discover the person who made the facts public led to further disclosures today, which have come to the knowledge of the Banner correspondent. They are sensational in their character. The discussion as to how far they sustain Kolb in his dual government led to a heated discussion between Kolb and one of his heretofore staunchest supporters, Senator A. T. Goodwyn, chairman of the Kolbite State Executive committee. Goodwyn opposes anything tending to trouble and hopes for a peaceful solution, while Kolb and a few others proposed to adopt extreme measures. Some members of the caucus favored a shot gun solution, and declared it rank cowardice to await or expect any other; that no party ever willingly surrendered its power. It was only after one of the most heated and excited caucuses ever held by the Populist in this State that a compromise resolution was adopted, agreeing to await the action of the legislature and if it failed to pass a contest law by which Kolb could get justice, to adopt extreme measures. Goodwyn, however, it is said, left the caucus in a huff, and he and Kolb do not speak now as they pass by.

Four Big Successes.

Having the needed merit to more than make good all the advertising claimed for them, the following four remedies have reached a phenomenal sale. Dr. King's New Discovery, for consumption, Coughs and Colds, each bottle guaranteed—Electric Bitters, the great remedy for Liver, Stomach and Kidneys. Bucklen's Arnica Salve, the best in the world, and Dr. Kew Life Pills, which are a perfect pill. All these remedies are guaranted to do just what is claimed for them and the dealer whose name is attached here with will be glad to tell you more of more of them. Sold at all drug stores.

SALE OF UNCLAIMED FREIGHT.

East Tennessee, Virginia & Georgia Railway.—Samuel Spencer Receiver.

Jacksonville, Ala., Dec. 10th, 94.

Unless freight and charges are paid and freight removed before Jan. 5th, 1895 we will sell at our freight house, Jacksonville, Ala., the following articles for freight and charges.

Jas. Reed, Jacksonville, Ala., 1 table, charges, 50cts.

Jno. Ramaginand Jacksonville, Ala., 1 box w. glass charges 2.72.

J. B. Price Jacksonville, Ala., 1 folding desk, charges, 1.82.

W. B. Green Jacksonville, Ala., 1 box cotton ties and buckles, charges, 1.08.

J. TIPTON, Frt. Claim Agt.
G. W. MCGAUGHEY, Agent.

31.

Christmas Gift!

I said it first. So pay up, by coming to my store and buying your Christmas goods.

If you have the blues my Christmas goods and my prices will cure you. So come, buy, and be happy.

My Christmas motto: Honest goods at shoddy prices.

The sweet things I have for Christmas will tickle the taste with a toothsome touch and please the delecate palate of the most fastidious. Come to see me.

C. J PORTER.

BEFORE I could get relief from a most horrible blood disease, I had spent hundreds of dollars TRYING various remedies and physicians, none of which did me any good. My finger nails came off, and my hair came out, leaving me perfectly bald. I then went to

HOT SPRINGS

Hoping to be cured by this celebrated treatment, but very soon became disgusted, and decided to TRY SSS. The effect was truly wonderful. I commenced to recover after taking the first bottle, and by the time I had taken twelve bottles I was entirely cured—Hot Springs had failed. Thank the world-renowned SSS.

WM. S. LOOMIS, Shreveport, La.

Our Book on the Disease and its Treatment mailed free to any address.

SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., Atlanta, Ga.

NO MORE EYE-GLASSES,

No More Weak Eyes!

MITCHELL'S EYE-SALVE

A Certain, Safe and Effective Remedy for

SORE, WEAK and INFLAMED EYES,

Producing Long-Sightedness, and Restoring the Sight of the old.

Cures Tear Drops, Granulation, Stye Tumors, Red Eyes, Matted Eye Lashes, AND PRODUCING QUICK RELIEF AND PERMANENT CURE.

Also, equally efficacious when used in other maladies, such as Ulcers, Fever Sores, Pimples, Salt Rheum, Burns, Bruises, or wherever Inflammation exists. MITCHELL'S SALVE may be used to advantage.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS AT 25 CENTS.

16 Boils at Once

Hood's Sarsaparilla Purifies the Blood and Restores Health.

Mr. F. W. Stowell
Wilmot, S. Dak.

"C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.:

"About four years ago my wife was troubled with salt rheum. Although we tried nearly everything it got worse instead of better and spread over both of her hands so that she could hardly use them. Finally she commenced to use Hood's Sarsaparilla and when she had taken two bottles her hands were entirely healed and she has not since been troubled. In December, 1892, my neck was covered with boils of a

Scrofulous Nature.

There were sixteen of them at once and as soon as they healed others would break out. My neck finally became covered with ridges and scars. I then commenced taking Hood's Sarsaparilla, and after taking four bottles the boils had all healed and the scars have disappeared. I recommended Hood's Sarsaparilla to all suffering from any disorder of the blood." F. W. STOWELL, Wilmot, South Dakota.

Hood's Sarsaparilla Cures

Hood's Pills act easily, yet promptly and efficiently, on the liver and bowels. 25c.

EXPECTANT MOTHERS.

That our wonderful remedy "MOTHERS FRIEND" which makes child-birth easy may be within the reach of all we have reduced the price to ONE DOLLAR per bottle.

...BEWARE of frauds, counterfeits and substitutes. Take nothing but . . . . . .

Mothers Friend.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

Write for book "TO MOTHERS" mailed free.

THE BRADFIELD REGULATOR CO., Sole Proprietors, ATLANTA, GA.

Shoes! Shoes!!

Another large Stock of Shoes just received. We are selling so cheap, it is the first time in years we have had to buy a second fall stock. You can get the best outfit for your family for the least money here. Don't buy until you examine our stock.

CROW BROS.

Tax Assessor's Notice.

FIRST ROUND.

I will attend the following appointments for the purpose of assessing the State and County taxes for the year 1895, in Calhoun county, Alabama:

Beat 17. DeArmanville, Tuesday January 1st.

Beat 12. Choccolocco, Wednesday January 2nd.

Beat 12. Iron City, Thursday January 3rd.

Beat 11. White Plains, Friday January 4th.

Beat 10. Jenkins, Saturday January 5th.

1. Jacksonville, Monday January 7th.

Beat 8. Green's, Tuesday January 8th.

7. Lander's School House, Wednesday January 9th.

7. Hollingsworth, Thursday January 10th.

Beat 19. Duke, Friday January 11th

Beat 2. Alexandria, Saturday January 12th.

Beat 6. Peeks Hill, Monday January 14th.

Beat 18. Ohatchie, Tuesday January 15th.

Beat 5. Polkville, Wednesday January 16th.

Beat 14 Sulphur Springs, Thursday January 17th.

Beat 4. Ganaway's School House, Friday January 18th.

Beat 16. Greenwood's School house January 22nd

Beat 9. Piedmont, Wednesday and Thursday January 23rd and 24th.

Beat 3. Four Mile, Saturday January 26th.

Beat 13. Oxford, Tuesday and Wednesday January 29th and 30th.

Beat 15. Oxanna, Thursday January 31st.

Beat 15. Anniston, Friday and Saturday February 1st and 2nd.

Tax payers will please meet me with proper numbers of their lands and itemized lists of their taxable property.

B. G. McCLELEN,
Tax Assessor Calhoun Co., Ala.
dec8-6t

REGISTER'S SALE.

Under and by virtue of a decree of the Chancery court for the 9th District of the Northeastern Chancery Division of Alabama, rendered at the October Term 1894 of said court in the case of Maggie Wilson vs. J. J. & J. C. Wilson, I will as Register of said court sell to the highest bidder for cash before the court house of said county, within the legal hours of sale on Monday the 31st day of December next, the following described real estate to wit: The NW¼ of Sec. 1, and the NE¼ of Sec. 2, in T. 13 east, R. 10 east, in Calhoun county, Ala., lying west of Terrapin creek. Said land will be sold to satisfy said decree against said defendants, J. J. & J. C. Wilson.

W. H. HAMES,
Register.
dec1-4t

Any one who has children will rejoice with L. B. Mulford, of Plainfeild, N. J. His little boy, five years of age, was sick with croup. For two days and nights he tried various remedies recommended by friends and neighbors. He says "I thought sure I would lose him. I had seen Chamberlain's Cough Remedy advertised and thought I would try it as a last hope and am happy to say that after two doses he slept until morning. I gave it to him next day and a cure was effected. I keep this remedy in the house now and as soon as any of my children show signs of croup I give it to them and that is the last of it." 25 and 50 cent bottles for sale by dealers.

HAWKES CRYSTALIZED LENSES TRADE MARK

BUY NONE BUT THE GENUINE.

3,000 Merchants sell Hawkes' Spectacles with great Success. 2,000 of them handle other Spectacles without Success.

Showing the Great Popularity of Hawkes' Glasses over all others. Every pair warranted. These Famous Glasses are fitted to the eye at J. M. Crook's, Jacksonville, Ala.

100 Dollars Reward.

One hundred Dollars Reward will be paid upon the delivery under arrest of each or either of the following:

WILL ABLES
AND
G. I. Hancock,

late residents of the vicinity of Hokes Bluff, Etowah county, Alabama, they having sold us Mortgage Cotton and fled.

Coosa Mfg Co.,
Piedmont,
Ala.

Probate Court Notice.

STATE OF ALABAMA,
Calhoun County.

In Probate Court Calhoun County Special Term November 22, 1894.

Milton Harrison
vs.
Heirs Miles Harrison.

This day came Milton Harrison the administrator of the estate of Miles Harrison, deceased, and presents to this court his petition in writing and under oath, and in form required by law, praying for an order and decree of this court, to sell certain real estate described in said petition, for the purpose of paying the debts upon the grounds that the personal property is not sufficient to pay the debts of said estate, which said petition is examined by this Court and placed on file for the inspection of all concerned. It is therefore ordered and decreed by the court, that the 3 day of Jan. A. D. 1895 be, and it is hereby appointed as a day for the hearing and consideration of said petition, and that notice of the filing and nature of said petition, and the day set to hear and determine the same, be given by publication for three successive weeks in the Jacksonville Republican a newspaper published in said county, notifying all persons interested to be and appear before this court on said 3d day of Jan A. D. 1895 then and there to show cause, if any, why said petition should not be granted.

EMMETT F. CROOK,
nov-24-3t Judge of Probate.

PARTIAL SETTLEMENT.

STATE OF ALABAMA,
Calhoun County.

In Probate Court of said County Special Term 20th day of Nov. 1894.

This day came W. L. Lusk, admr estate of J. A. Posey deceased, and filed his account and vouchers for a partial settlement of his administration of said estate. It is therefore ordered that the 17th day of December A. D. 1894 be and is hereby appointed a day upon which to examine, pass upon, and allow said account and to make said settlement, and that notice thereof be given by publication for three successive weeks in a newspaper published in said County, as a notice to all persons concerned to appear in this Court on said 17th day of December A. D. 1894 and contest said settlement if they think proper.

EMMETT F. CROOK,
nov24-3t Judge of Probate.

Notice of Application to Pardon Daniel Mitchael.

STATE OF ALABAMA,
Calhoun County

To all whom this may concern:

Take notice that the undersigned will, on or before the 1st day of December A. D. 1894, make application to the Governor of Alabama, to pardon Daniel Mitchael of the offense of Grand Larceny, of which offense the said Daniel Mitchael of the offense of Grand Larceny, of which offense the said Daniel Mitchael was convicted in the Circuit Court of Calhoun county Ala., at the fall term of said Court on the 1st day of November 1894.

W. H. MANGHUM.
nov10-30d

Anniston's Leading Business Houses

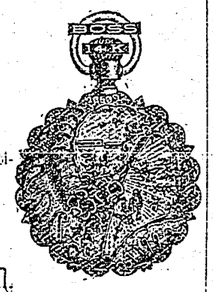
FOR HOLIDAY GIFTS.

We offer great variety in

Fine Dress Goods,
Cloaks and Capes,
Carpets,
Rugs,
Curtains,
Oriental Curtains and hangings,
Japanese Screens,
" Easels,
" Fine Porcelains,
" Lacquer Ware,
Art Linens, all shapes and styles,
Fine Kid Gloves, Handkerahiefs
Umbrellas.

W. T. WILLSON,
ANNISTON ALA.

Three Fine Presents
TO BE GIVEN
Away Christmas.



Each cash purchaser of 50 cents, will be entitled to a ticket.

1st. Diamond and Ruby Ring.
2nd. Handsome Guitar.
3rd. Fine Gold Pen.

Call and see them. New Goods. Prices right. Fine watch work, engraving and manufacturing.

HENRY ROBINSON,
Jeweler and Optician.
Old Security Bank, Cor. Noble and 11th streets. Anniston, Ala.

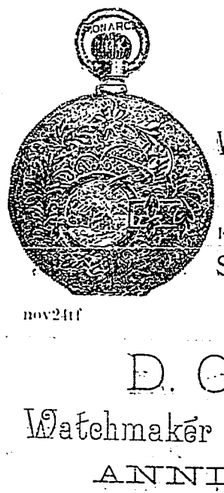
Ansley Pays the FREIGHT.

Ansley Pays the FREIGHT.

ON ALL SHOES AND HATS

Bought of him by the people of Jacksonville and vicinity.
Try me with an order, or call in person when in Anniston and examine my stock.

Goods Sent Upon Approval,
O. E. ANSLEY.



M. F. DOERING,
(SUCCESSOR TO DOERING & ROBINSON.)
Leading Jeweler,
Watches, Clocks, Jewelry, Silverware, Spectacles, Glasses.

Fine Watch and Jewelry Repairing dan Engraving

SEND ME YOUR WORK

My prices are lower than elsewhere.
nov24tf 1110 Noble Street, Anniston, Ala.

D. G. HALL,
Watchmaker and Jeweler,
ANNISTON, ALA.

Prepared to do all kind of watch and clock work. Makes a specialty of Fine Watches and French Clocks. Thoroughly familiar with the complication of the French Clock. All work guaranteed,
oct20-6m.

SALT RHEUM often appears in cold weather, attacking the palms of the hands and other parts of the body. Hood's Sarsaparilla, the great blood purifier, cures salt rheum.

HOODS PILLS are the best after-dinner pills, assist digestion, cure headache. 25c

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NOTICE.

We desire all who owe us to come and settle, as we desire to close up this year's business.
CROW BROTHERS.

For sale cheap—One solid oak roller top office desk, and office chair to match. Inquire at this office.

I have mammoth Bronze Turkeys to sell at $3.00 per pair from now until the 15 of Dec. After then they will be worth more.
Miss Ida Dickinson,
Mack, Ala.

E. M. REID J. P.
MORRISVILLE, ALA.,
Keeps Marriage Licenses for sale Courts the 1st and 3rd Wednesday in each month. tf

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When Baby was Sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

BARGAIN IN AN ORGAN.

To get my organs introduced I will for the next 60 days sell a good new organ with seven stops, couplers, three sets of reeds, black walnut case, about six feet high, for $45. Send for catalouge at once. I will sell on easy payments. I will ship on trial, and if you are not pleased will pay the freight both ways. Don't think that I cannot save you money on everything in the music line because I am in a small city. Write me and I will tell you more.

Sewing machines for $20. All kinds of needles. E. E. Forbes,
Anniston, Ala.
Oct 27 2 mos.

For sale cheap.—One beautiful oak folding bed, with french plate glass mirror front. Inquire at this office.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria

The Republican.

RATES OF ADVERTISING.

Transient advertisements $1. per. square, and one inch makes a square.
Local notices 10 cents per line.
Advertisements must be handed in Thursday or before to insure insertion.

SUBSCRIPTION.

One year, - - - One Dollar.
Six Months, - - - Seventy-five Cents.
Three Months, - - - Forty Cents.
Subscription must invariably be paid in advance. No name will be booked unless money accompanies the order.

TOO LATE.
TOO LATE.
TOO LATE.

Don't wait until too late and the stocks are all picked over before you buy your Christmas presents. Don't delay another day, but send for our Catalogue, which we will forward free.

J. P. STEVENS & BRO.
Jewelers,
47 Whitehall St. Atlanta, Ga.

LOCAL AND PERSONAL.

Since the heavy rains this week there will not be such a scarcity of well water.

W. H. Standifer, Esq., of Gadsden, was here last Tuesday on legal business.

Henry Edwards had the misfortune to have one of his fine mules die last Sunday.

Ed. C. Watson of Birmingham, was here this week entertaining our business men.

Hon. James Crook and Rev. M. H. Lane, D. D., have been visitors to Atlanta this week.

Rev. W. L. Mellichampe will preach at the Episcopal church next Sunday morning.

Owing to a change my business soon, I will not extend any more accounts.
MRS. KATE JELKS.

The work on and around the new cotton seed oil mill presents quite a scene of activity.

Misses Minnie and Lillie Weems went down to Anniston last Saturday on a visit to their sister.

Mrs. M. H. Lane has returned from a very pleasant visit to relatives and friends in Sparta, Ga.

The new road from here to White Plains will soon be completed, and we learn will be one of the best roads in the county.

We want to call your attention to our Bicycle Hose for Boys, Girls and Ladies the best in the market for the money, at Mrs. Kate Jelks.

Look over the Jacksonville REPUBLICAN and the Atlanta Constitution and then send in $1.25 and get the two papers for one year.

If you have not already accepted the proposition to get the REPUBLICAN and Constitution one year for $1.25, then do so at once.

Mrs. KATE JELKS has all wool nice black Dress goods and colors that we are selling very cheap for cash only.

In looking over The Chimes, the class paper of Shorter College, we notice that one of its finest contributions is from the pen of Miss Louise Lane.

Last Wednesday morning there were eight car loads of cotton seed standing on the side track at the Southern depot for the Jacksonville Oil Mill Co.

At Mrs. KATE JELKS, you will find all shades in Zephyrs, cheaper than ever before. Also, closing out Saxony and knitting wool.

Only a little more than a week until Christmas. It is time the little ones were getting their stockings darned so as that they will hold the sweet things Santa Claus brings.

Rev. J. H. Leslie and family moved down to Oxford last Thursday. We regret to have them leave Jacksonville, and are glad that they are to be so near us for another year.

A nice line of plain and hand painted Flower Pots, very cheap to go next week, at Mrs. Kate Jelks.

The REPUBLICAN job office is now printing the minutes of the Calhoun County Baptist Association, and they will be sent out to the different churches as soon as completed.

Rev. Mr. Liston after a two weeks pleasant visit to Montgomery and Green county returned last Saturday and filled his appointment at the Presbyterian church last Sunday.

We are informed by Agent McGaughy that the business at the Southern depot in Jacksonville for the month of November was larger than for any three combined months for the past three years.

You know that we sell Millinery cheaper than any house in the country. AT MRS. KATE JELKS.

Mr. J. A. Gaboury spent a few days with his friends here this week. He reports that he is progressing nicely with his contract in Macon. His friends all hope that he will clear a nice sum of money off of his contract.

We learn that Messrs John Lane and Frank Burke were boarding at the Southern hotel in Chattanooga at the time of the fire, and had their entire ward-robe consumed by the flames. Not only did they lose all their clothing, but all the sweet letters they had saved from their best girls.

Jos. H. Francis of New York, is in Jacksonville to spend Christmas with friends and relatives.

We learn from the Hot Blast that ex-Representative Cooper is seriously ill at his home in Oxanna.

Mr. J. A. Gaboury was called back to Macon last Wednesday by a telegram announcing the illness of Mrs. Gaboury.

Mrs. Kate Jelks is selling Capes and children Cloaks very low and Ladies Jackets for less than they cost as we will not handle such goods any longer than this season.

Mrs. John M. Caldwell and children of Anniston, have been spending the week here with the family of Col. John H. Caldwell.

Mr. C. D. Martin, after being away several weeks railroad building for the Chattanooga Southern, returned to Jacksonville last Thursday.

Those who want to apply to the county commissioners for work on the public roads will do well to read notice in this issue giving date when the roads will be let.

Misses Minnie and Lillie Weems, two charming young ladies of Jacksonville, are visiting their sister, Mrs. T. J. Cason, on East Thirteenth street.—Hot Blast.

Rev. J. W. Newman, D. D., the new Presiding Elder for this District, was formerly a pastor in Anniston, and is well known to many of the people in this county.

Mrs. G. G. Frank returned last Thursday from an extended visit to Birmingham. She was accompanied by her sister, Miss Montgomery, will spend some time in Jacksonville.

Lippman of Anniston, is constantly recieving and making new goods. His goods are of the best quality and are sold at the lowest prices. He can save you money in your purchases.

Go to Mrs. Kate Jelks to get your X-mas Goods Saturday We will have in a half wagon load of Dolls, from 5 to 50c apiece, and many other things that we cant mention.

Thos. W. Francis is his own miller. B. E. Sutley who has had charge of his mill for the past year will soon take charge of the old Forney mill, owned by Rev. F. M. Treadaway.

Rev. M. N. Morris will fill his first appointment at the Methodist church next Sunday. He comes through the country from Alexandria. His family will arrive about the 20th of this month.

We direct attention to the change in the advertisement of W. T. Willson, Anniston. He keeps one of the finest stocks of goods in Alabama and when shopping in Anniston you should not fail to call and see him.

Let all the farmers in the county who want to make as much on one acre of land as they now make on three, attend the organization of the Agricultural Society in the court house in Jacksonville on the first Saturday in January next.

The Southern hotel of Chattanooga, which was leased for three years by W. A. Camp, was destroyed by fire last Monday evening. Since Mr. Camp went to Chattanooga from Anniston he had succeeded in working up a good business for the Southern, and the burning is a great loss to him.

For rheumatism I have found nothing equal to Chamberlain's Pain Balm. It relieves the pain as soon as applied. J. W. Young, West Liberty, W. Va. The prompt relief it affords is alone is worth many times the cost, 50 cents its continued use will effect a permanent cure. For sale by dealers.

Miss Emma Linder has returned home after a pleasant visit of several months to Jacksonville, Ala., and Columbus, Ga. Miss Linder reports a very pleasant visit; is enjoying superb health, and her friends say that her charming personality is greatly improved.—Hartwell sun.

Mr. John Tatum and Miss Eppie Pruett, of Jacksonville, were united in marriage at White Plains last Sunday by Rev. J. F. Potter. After the marriage they left on a visit to the father of Mr. Tatum in Walker county. They are most excellent young people, and the REPUBLICAN wishes for them a life of prospecty and happiness.

Rev. M. N. Morris, who will serve the Methodist churches of Jacksonville and White Plains during the next twelve months, is not an entire stranger to the people of his new charge. He assisted in the protracted service here last summer in the Methodist church and made a very favorable impression. We extend to him as a citizen of Jacksonville a most hearty welcome.

Several weeks ago we commenced the publication of a very interesting continued story.—The Lone Inn.—but on account of the crowded condition of our columns were forced to discontinue it. Since then several subscribers have asked us to continue it, and in this issue we republish the first chapter of the serial, and will print from two to three columns of it every week until completed.

A Million Friends

A friend in need is a friend indeed, and not less than one million people have found just such a friend in Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Coughs, and Colds. If you have never used this Great Cough Medicine, one trial will convince you that it has wonderful curative powers in all diseases of Throat, Chest and Lungs. Each bottle is guaranteed to do all that is claimed or money refunded. Trial bottles free at all the drug stores. Large bottles 50c and $1.00.

COUNTY NEWS

FROM ALL SECTIONS OF CALHOUN.

GATHERED BY THE REPUBLICAN'S ABLE CORPS OF CORRESPONDENTS.

Choccolocco.

As times are hard, I would like to offer a few suggestions to farmers, being a farmer myself.

I think this the time above all times when farmers should organize.

In the first place, we should organize against King cotton. Cotton has been King so long that it is hard to keep him from lording over us. We should show him that he is no longer King, but a servant to us.

In the second place, we should organize against guano, or boycott this gentleman altogether, unless he shall reduce his price so as to come on a level with the price of cotton.

In the third place, we should organize against politics. Politicians and demagogues make a tool of us and cause us to neglect our best interest. I believe farmers should be organized and have their stated meetings as do other organizations, and I think we should leave politics out of our organizations as do lawyers, doctors and editors in their organizations. They meet and discuss the interest of their profession, and we should meet and discuss our interest as farmers.

I tell you, brother farmers, if we will come together and have our organization and discuss the interest of our vocation, we will be the most independent people in this country. But as long as we go groveling along in our blindness we will be slaves.

I venture the assertion that there are not six farmers in the county who have kept books against their farms, or can tell what their cotton, corn, hogs, or other farm products have cost them. This is not true with other avocations. They can tell you whether they are making or loosing money.

Too many are like one of my neighbor farmers. He said he made ten bales cotton and thought he came out very well. I suggested that we figure and see. His ten bales, averaging five hundred pounds, at five cents per pound, brought $250. He used seventeen sacks guano which cost $12.50 He paid one-third rent. He hired a hand which cost him $85. He hired his cotton picked at 35 cents per 100 lb. He had 200 bush of cotton seed. After adding value of cotton and seed, and deducting his expense,—not counting anything for his labor or expense of living—he had $17.50 left, and what little corn he made, to pay for feeding two horses and for his year's labor. He is as good a worker too as there is in the valley.

We are nearly all in the same condition of this farmer. We do not know our whereabouts.

Now let's organize and try and get under and our business. If we cannot organize, let's then write and give our views as how to make more cotton, corn, oats, sorghum, turnips, etc., to the acre. I am confident the editor of the REPUBLICAN will take pleasure in printing anything that will help the farmers of this county.

Weavers.

The long dry spell has been broken at last and the weather is glorious.

Comparatively little rain has fallen this year here, but what did fall came at the right time to make crops make and leave the soil in good condition for another crop.

If we can only manage to satisfy old obligations, then with diligence and economy, we may yet be independent. Let us hope and take new courage.

Many of the sweet potatoes in this vicinity have recently rotted.

More people are moving and will move this winter than usual.

Several farmers have lost hogs recently with quensy or cholera. No remedy seems as to relieve them.

A few hogs well taken care of are better than a big lot poorly cared for. The same rule applies to all stock.

Merrellton.

Married, on the 9th inst., at the residence of J. H. Smith, William Moore of Weavers, and Miss Fannie Herrod, Esquire Dowdell officiating.

Also, at the residence of the bride's parents, on the 9th inst., E. B. Stephens of Colvins Gap, to Miss Dela Sewell, Rev. Thos. Smith officiating.

On the night of the 8th inst. the store of W. D. Nixon of this place was burglarized. A considerable amount of goods taken from the store. The post office and express office were in the same building, and about eight dollars in stamps was taken from the post office and a watch from the express office. The entire loss is estimated at fifty dollars. No clue to the thieves has been discovered as yet.

The ordination of Rev. Thos. Nisbet to the ministry will take place on the first Sunday at Friendship church. He is a young man who has much promise of usefulness in the ministry.

The farmers of this community will kill their own hogs next year, having corn plenty for next season.

Oxford.

Our townsmen Josh and James Draper are in South Carolina at the bedside of their sister, Mrs. Wood, who is not expected to live.

The frosty mornings of last week caused several of our citizens to butcher their hogs and now the warm rainy weather threatens to destroy it.

Messers P. K. Thompson & Co., who assigned the first of the month, have reopened their doors and are selling for the assignee.

Dr. B. D. Williams, who has been at home for several days, returned to his Minnesota home Monday.

The low price of cotton has caused our merchants to take corn on collections and they are sacking and shipping it as there is more than is needed for home use in this section.

Mr. Geo. Orr, a pupil in Oxford College, returned to his home in Acworth, Ga., this week and in a few days will lead to Hymen's Alter one of Acworth's fairest daughters.

Mr. W. D. Wright of Silver Run, who moved his family to Texas last fall and who was here on a visit, took sick with pneumonia and died this week. His sons, Walter of Louisville, Ky., and Elbert of Louisville, Ga., and his wife of Texas, were at his bedside when he died.

Jenkins.

To-day of all days for a long time is the mildest. Many who were out of water are rejoicing over it, while others are lamenting. Those who are out on the road moving in open wagons are to be pitied. There were two ox wagons of that description passed through here this morning.

Mr. John Tatum and Miss Pruett came over on Sunday last to get married by Rev. J. F. Potter.

Your worthy townsman, Mr. F. A. Weems was at Jenkins yesterday.

Mr. Ira P. Wetmore, a prominent real estate of San angio, Texas, has used Chamberlai'n Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy in his family for several years as occasion required, and always with perfect success. He says: I find it a perfect cure for our baby when troubled with colic or dysentery. I now feel that my outfit is not complete without a bottle of this Remedy at home or on a trip away from home. For sale by dealers.

Notice.

All notes and accounts due A. L. Stewart must be settled by cash or secured before the first day of Janu, 1895, or the same will be put in the hands of an attorney for collection.
Respectfully,
A. L. Stewart.

Mr. W. L. Burns of Jacksonville, had a little shooting affray a few days since near Hard's Bluff which came very near costing him his life.

He was in that section selling a patent medicine. He stopped over night with a man who was not on friendly terms with the bailiff of his beat, who it formed Mr. Burns that he learned the bailiff would be to arrest him on a charge of horse stealing and if he would fire off his pistol a few times he could frighten off the bailiff and save the annoyance of being arrested.

When the bailiff arrived and notified Burns that he had come to arrest him on a charge of horse stealing, Burns carried out the instruction of his host and fired his pistol to frighten off the bailiff. The bailiff was accompanied by several of his friends and opened fire on Burns with his pistol. Several shots were then exchanged between the two men. The bailiff received a slight wound on the hand. Burns received a very painful wound in the right shoulder, the ball ranging downward, and it was feared at one time that it would prove fatal.

At last accounts Burns was resting well, and is expected home in a few days.

The suspicion against Burns was brought about by the fact that a short while ago a man passed through Cullman City selling patent medicine who hired a horse and buggy which he never returned.

As Burns was a stranger in that settlement and was selling patent medicine, the bailiff simply suspected that he was the man wanted.

THE STATE OF TEXAS, }
County of Comanche, }

Before the undersigned authority on this day, personally appeared A. M. Ramsey, who after being duly sworn, says on oath that the foregoing statement made by him relative to the virtues of P. P. P. medicine is true.

A. M. RAMSEY.

Sworn to and subscribed before me this 7 August 10, 1894.

J. M. LAWRENCE, N. P.
Comanche Co. Texas.

DELEON, TEXAS, 1894.

MESSRS. LIPPMAN BROS., Savannah, Ga.

GENTS—I've used nearly four bottles of P. P. P. I was afflicted from the crown of my head to the soles of my feet. Now P. P. P. has cured difficulty of breathing and smothering, palpitation of the heart, and relieved me of all pain; one mental was dead for ten years. Now I can breathe naturally.

I have not slept on either side for two years, in fact, dreaded to see night come, now I sleep soundly in any position at night.

I am 50 years old, but expect now to be able to take the lead of the plow broad-horse. I feel proud I was lucky enough to get P. P. P. and I hereby recommend it to any friend on the public generally. Yours respectfully,

A. M. RAMSEY.

EDUCATION.

The Spring Term of the Southern Female University and Conservatory of Music and Art, of Anniston, Ala., will begin January 1st, 1895. Write for terms.
Misses. E. & C. Janes, Principals. H. G. LAMAR, Business Manager.

AN EXPLANATION.

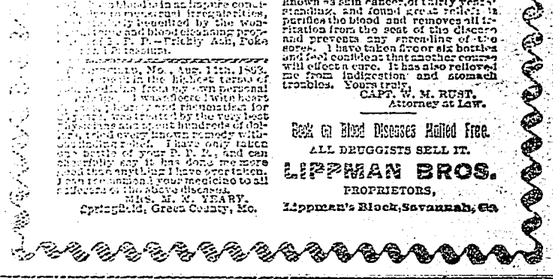
My advertisement has previously appeared in the form of an acrostic. I now come before you in language more comprehensive with a simple statement—that my stock of Family and Fancy Groceries is complete and at prices to suit the times. A liberal share of the Public patronage is solicited.

C. E. BONDURANT.

P. P. P.
PRICKLY ASH, POKE ROOT AND POTASSIUM

Makes Marvelous Cures in Blood Poison Rheumatism and Scrofula

PIMPLES, BLOTCHES AND OLD SORES, CATARRH, MALARIA, KIDNEY TROUBLES and BLOOD DISEASES



P. P. P. purifies the blood, builds up the weak and debilitated, clears the skin of pimples, blotches, eruptions, and all scrofulous humors, cures scrofula and all other blood poisons, mercurial diseases, boils, carbuncles, sores, ulcers, tetter, salt rheum, scaly and blotchy skin, itching humors, blood taints, pustular eruptions, and all diseases caused by bad blood, vitiated humors, or low state of the system, like chronic blood poisons, rheumatism, scrofula, kidney troubles, etc. P. P. P. is a powerful, safe, and reliable tonic, without fear of injury from any climate or change of diet, and makes permanent cures

[illegible] Mo., Mar. 11th, 1892. [illegible] the highest terms of [illegible] P. P. P. [illegible] Rheumatism, Scrofula, Blood Poisoning, Kidney Troubles, Nervousness, Catarrh, Malaria, Pimples, Blotches, Sores, Ulcers, Boils, Carbuncles, Eruptions, Tetter, Salt Rheum, Scaly and Blotchy Skin, Itching Humors, Blood Taints, Pustular Eruptions, and all diseases caused by bad blood, vitiated humors, or low state of the system, like chronic blood poisons, rheumatism, scrofula, kidney troubles, etc. P. P. P. is a powerful, safe, and reliable tonic, without fear of injury from any climate or change of diet, and makes permanent cures

[illegible] Ga., Nov. 11th, 1892. [illegible] P. P. P. [illegible] Rheumatism, Scrofula, Blood Poisoning, Kidney Troubles, Nervousness, Catarrh, Malaria, Pimples, Blotches, Sores, Ulcers, Boils, Carbuncles, Eruptions, Tetter, Salt Rheum, Scaly and Blotchy Skin, Itching Humors, Blood Taints, Pustular Eruptions, and all diseases caused by bad blood, vitiated humors, or low state of the system, like chronic blood poisons, rheumatism, scrofula, kidney troubles, etc. P. P. P. is a powerful, safe, and reliable tonic, without fear of injury from any climate or change of diet, and makes permanent cures

[illegible] Ga., Nov. 11th, 1892. [illegible] P. P. P. [illegible] Rheumatism, Scrofula, Blood Poisoning, Kidney Troubles, Nervousness, Catarrh, Malaria, Pimples, Blotches, Sores, Ulcers, Boils, Carbuncles, Eruptions, Tetter, Salt Rheum, Scaly and Blotchy Skin, Itching Humors, Blood Taints, Pustular Eruptions, and all diseases caused by bad blood, vitiated humors, or low state of the system, like chronic blood poisons, rheumatism, scrofula, kidney troubles, etc. P. P. P. is a powerful, safe, and reliable tonic, without fear of injury from any climate or change of diet, and makes permanent cures

Abercorn, Ga., Nov. 11th, 1892.
Capt. S. [illegible]

To all whom it may concern: I have been afflicted for [illegible] with a skin disease, which [illegible] by scratching [illegible] P. P. P. for [illegible] and am now entirely cured.
(signed by) J. D. [illegible]
Savannah, Ga.

Skin Cancer Cured.

Testimony from the Mayor of Rogers, Ga.

ROGERS, TEX., January 14, 1893.
MESSRS. LIPPMAN BROS., Savannah, Ga.: Gentlemen—I have tried your P. P. P. for a disease of the skin, usually known as skin cancer, of thirty years' standing, and found great relief in it. It purifies the blood and removes all irritation from the seat of the disease, and prevents any spreading of the sores. I have taken five or six bottles and feel confident that a few more bottles will effect a cure. It has also relieved me from indigestion and stomach troubles. Yours truly,
CAPT. W. M. RUST,
Attorney at Law.

Book on Blood Diseases Mailed Free.
ALL DRUGGISTS SELL IT.
LIPPMAN BROS.
PROPRIETORS,
Lippman's Block, Savannah, Ga.

Springfield, Green County, Mo.

ALABAMIANS

Who Have Expressed Opinions During the Month of October.

Mr. Thomas W. Haisten, Buck Horn, Ala., October 2, 1894: "We are still pleased with the Electropoise which has been in use in our family now for more than two years."

Mrs. Fannie C. Starke, Peroto, Ala., October 1, 1894: "I still use the Electropoise and find it great benefit from it, and we do not have any doctors bills to pay now."

Mr. T. H. Hobart, Decatur, Ala., October 1, 1894: "I indorse every thing that I have heretofore said about the Electropoise, and am always telling some one what it has done in my family."

Rev. L. A. Darsey, Decatur, Ala., October 2, 1894: "The Electropoise is a grand discovery. I have two and never intend to give them up."

Mrs. W. P. Nelson, Sunshine, Ala., October 4, 1894: "I have never failed to effect a cure in every case of disease I have ever treated, and they have been numerous. The Electropoise has no more ardent admirer than I."

Mr. C. A. J. Hollingsworth, Mink, Ala., October 16, 1894: "I still think the Electropoise is a great curative agent, and use it for all ailments in my family, and recently cured a severe attact of dysentry in two days with it."

Mr. J. McKee Gould, Boligee, Ala., October 1, 1894: "After four years experience with the Electropoise my faith in it is unshaken."

For full particulars and testimonials of reliable people write to Dobbs & Webb, 2221 North Twenty-first Street, Birmingham, Ala., for their book, mailed free to any address.

The Electropoise rented four months for $10.

Notice of Application for Special Act.

Notice is hereby given that the present Legislature of Alabama will be petitioned to pass a special act for the relief of Mary A. Mangforde, dead at Tax Sale by the Probate Court of Calhoun county, at term by the State, which said lands had been assessed to the U. S. and on same by Calhoun Co., Ala. taxes for county purposes [illegible] of the General Assembly. Ala. same represented [illegible] by [illegible].

MARY A. NAYLOR.

Notice.

There will be a special meeting of the Commissioners Court of Calhoun county on Monday January 14th, 1895, for the purpose of letting public contracts for said year 1895, and repairing any other business for the county. All bids for working roads and for carpenter's work must be filed in this office on or before said 14th day of January, and the Commissioners reserve the right to reject any and all bids. Witness my official signature this Dec. 15th, 1894.
J. C. TERRY,
Judge of Probate.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria

ANNUAL SETTLEMENT.

STATE OF ALABAMA, }
Calhoun County. }

In Probate Court of said County Special Term 12th day of Dec., 1894.

This day came J. A. Gaboury, Administrator of the estate of Mrs. Alice Gaboury deceased, and filed his account and vouchers for an annual settlement of his administration of said estate. It is therefore ordered that the 7th day of January A. D. 1895 be and is hereby appointed a day upon which to examine, pass upon, and allow said account and to make said settlement, and that notice thereof be given, by publication for three successive weeks in a newspaper published in said County, as a notice to all persons concerned to appear in this Court on said 7th day of January A. D., 1895 and contest said settlement if they think proper.
EMMETT F. CROOK,
dec15-3t Judge of Probate.

NOTICE NO. 15690.

Land Office at Montgomery, Ala.,
Dec. 10, 1894.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Clerk of the Circuit Court, at Jacksonville, Ala., on January 21st, 1895, viz: Richard H. Gidley, Homestead entry No 21047, for the SE¼ of SW¼, S½ of SE¼, Sec. 26, T. 14, south R. 9 east

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: Johnathan Pruitt, James Pruitt, Mark Wilkerson, Ollie Williams, all of Jacksonville, Alabama.
H. PURCELL,
dec15-6t Register.

Final Settlement.

STATE OF ALABAMA, }
Calhoun County. }

In Probate Court of said County Special Term, 10th day of Dec., 1894.

This day came Jule Lumpkin, administrator of the estate of John Easterwood deceased and filed his account and vouchers for an annual settlement of his administration of said estate. It is therefore ordered that the 31st day of Dec., 1894 be and is hereby appointed a day upon which to examine, pass upon, and allow said account and to make said settlement, and that notice thereof be given, by publication for three successive weeks in a newspaper published in said County, as a notice to all persons concerned to appear in this Court on said 31st day of Dec. A. D. 1894 and contest said settlement if they think proper.
EMMETT F. CROOK,
dec15-3t Judge of Probate.

Sheriff's Sale.

Under and by virtue of an attachment in my hands from the Circuit Court of Calhoun county in favor of C. Rowan vs. J. B. Coker, I will proceed to sell on Thursday the 20th day of December, 1894 to the highest bidder for cash the following described property to wit: One hundred and fifty bushels of corn, two thousand bundles of fodder, more or less; one set blacksmith's tools at the farm known as the Jack Clark place. I will also in front of the court house in the town of Jacksonville Ala., sell two gray horses and one bay mule, property of J. B. Coker to satisfy said attachment. Levied this 7th day of December 1894.
F. G. CALDWELL,
dec15-3t Sheriff.

SECULIAR in combination, proportion and preparation of ingredients, Hood's Sarsaparilla possesses great curative value. You should TRY IT.

ANNUAL SETTLEMENT.

STATE OF ALABAMA,
Calhoun County.

In Probate Court of said County Special Term 25th day of Oct. 1894.

This day came G. C. Williams Administrator of the estate of Caleb G. Morgan deceased, and filed his account and vouchers for an annual settlement of his administration of said estate. It is therefore ordered that the 14th day of November A. D. 1894 be and is hereby appointed a day upon which to examine, pass upon, and allow said account and to make said settlement, and that notice thereof be given, by publication for three successive weeks in a newspaper published in said County, as a notice to all persons concerned to appear in this Court on said 14th day of November A. D. 1894 and contest said settlement if they think proper.

EMMETT F. CROOK,
oct-20-3t. Judge of Probate.

Administrator's Sale.

Under and by virtue of an order and decree of the Probate Court of Calhoun county, the undersigned, administrator with the will annexed of the estate of J. P. Laney, deceased, will sell at public outcry, on the premises, at McFall, Ala., on Monday, the 3rd day of December 1894, between the legal hours of sale, to the highest bidder, for one-third cash, and the balance in equal payments of one and two years, with at least two approved securities, the following described real estate, viz: Beginning at a point 93 feet north of the right of way of the G. P. Railroad, and 10 feet from the public road as now established by law; thence north 40 feet; thence west to the centre of Plum Spring branch; thence down said branch forty (40) feet; thence east to the beginning point, in the se¼ of se¼ of Sec. 28, T. 16, R. 6. Also the lot of land known as the Tanyard lot, viz: Two-thirds interest in the following, to-wit: Commencing at a Sweet gum tree about 24 feet north of a poplar tree on the east banks of Plum spring branch; thence east 114 feet to the public road; thence north along said road, 240 feet; thence west 120 feet to the centre of Plum Spring branch; thence south, along the centre of said branch, 219 feet to the point of beginning, all in Sec 29, T. 16 R. 6; also the sw¼ of ne¼ and se¼ of nw¼ of Sec 33, T. 15, R. 6. Eighty acres more or less.

MRS. C. V. LANEY,
Adm'r with will annexed.
nov10-3t

NOTICE NO. 15449.

Land Office at Montgomery, Ala.,
Nov. 5, 1894.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Clerk of the Circuit Court, at Jacksonville, Ala., on December 17th, 1894, viz: Belzorah A. Couch, widow of Henry L. Couch, Homestead Entry No 21274, for the sw¼ of ne¼, n½ of se¼, of se¼, Section 1, T. 13, south R. 8, east.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: Robert Bradley, Samuel G. Holder, Mack Johnson, Edley M. Doss, all of Jacksonville, Ala.

H. PURCELL,
nov10-6t Register.

Administrator's Sale.

Under and by virtue of an order and decree of the Probate Court of Calhoun county, Alabama, the undersigned, administrator of the estate of Ansell McCollum, deceased, will sell at public out cry, before the court house door, in Jacksonville, Ala., to the highest bidder, on Saturday the 15th day of December 1894 for one-third cash, and the balance in one and two years, with note and two approved securities, the following described lands to-wit: n½ of the ne¼ of Sec. one (1) and the e½ of the se¼ of Sec. 3, all of T. 13, R. 8, in Calhoun county, Alabama.

S. D. G. BROTHERS,
nov17-3t Administrator.

NOTICE NO. 15496.

Land office at Montgomery, Ala.,
November 13th, 1894.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Clerk of the Circuit Court at Jacksonville, Ala., on December 22nd, 1894, viz: Elijah N. Abbott, Homestead Entry No. 20.945, for the sw¼ of ne¼, se¼ of nw¼, Sec. 1, T. 13, south, R. 8, east

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon cultivation of said land, viz:

George Bradley, of Colvius, Ala., Gilliam S Boozer, Wesley Boozer, D. Alex. McCollum, of Mink, Ala.

H. PURCELL,
nov17-6t Register.

Final Settlement.

STATE OF ALABAMA,
Calhoun County.

In Probate Court of said County Special Term 22 day of October 1894.

This day came W. C. Acker, guardian of the estate of Mollie Weaver, Virgil Weaver, and Sallie Weaver, minors, and filed his account and vouchers for a final settlement as his administration of said estate of Mollie Weaver, and a partial settlement as to Virgil and Sallie Weaver.

It is therefore ordered that the 13th day of Nov. A. D. 1894 be and is hereby appointed a day upon which to examine, pass upon, and allow said account and to make said settlement, and that notice thereof be given, by publication for three successive weeks in a newspaper published in said County, as a notice to all persons concerned to appear in this Court on said 13th day of November A. D. 1894 and contest said settlement if they think proper.

EMMETT F. CROOK,
oct27-3t Judge of Probate.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The best salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price, 25 cents per box. For sale by druggists.

CASTORIA

for Infants and Children.

THIRTY years' observation of Castoria with the patronage of millions of persons, permit us to speak of it without guessing. It is unquestionably the best remedy for Infants and Children the world has ever known. It is harmless. Children like it. It gives them health. It will save their lives. In it Mothers have something which is absolutely safe and practically perfect as a child's medicine.

Castoria destroys Worms.
Castoria allays Feverishness.
Castoria prevents vomiting Sour Curd.
Castoria cures Diarrhœa and Wind Colic.
Castoria relieves Teething Troubles.
Castoria cures Constipation and Flatulency.

Castoria neutralizes the effects of carbonic acid gas or poisonous air.
Castoria does not contain morphine, opium, or other narcotic property.
Castoria assimilates the food, regulates the stomach and bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep.
Castoria is put up in one-size bottles only. It is not sold in bulk.
Don't allow any one to sell you anything else on the plea or promise that it is "just as good" and "will answer every purpose."
See that you get C-A-S-T-O-R-I-A.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

SOUTHERN DYEING AND CLEANING COMPANY.

BACON & MOORE Agents.

CLEANING, DYEING AND REPAIRING LADIES' AND GENTS' CLOTHING.

207 North Twentieth Street. BIRMINGHAM, ALA.

We pay charges one way on goods sent by Express.
dec1-tf

John Ramagnano,

AT HIS

OLD STAND,

Has in stock one of the finest assortment of wines and Liquors to be found in the South.

Sour Mash Lincoln County, direct from Bonded warehouse: Pure, Sweet Mash Corn whiskey, best quality: Old Rye, Old Kentucky Sour Mash Bourbons, finest high grade, blends in bulk or cases. Imported Sherries, Clarets, Ports, Brandies, Gins, and Cordials of the best European brands. Also domestic wines and brandies. Whiskies and wines by the gallon for family use sold at closest figures. Also sacramental wines.

Imported bottled beer and cool fresh larger beer always on ice. Best and most popular brands of five and ten cents cigars.

All goods bought direct from United States warehouse. Will fill orders promptly, and at as low price as if bought in person.

The Medical College of Alabama.

This Institution, located at Mobile, offers unrivaled facilities for Medical study. The building is commodious, the museum unsurpassed and the equipment complete. The curriculum has been carefully and systematically graded. Instruction by lectures, recitations, clinics, demonstrations and laboratory work in Chemistry, Bacteriology and Operative Surgery. Practical Anatomy rooms large and well ventilated. Medical and Surgical clinics held daily at the City Hospital. ☞ The next session will begin October 12, 1894.

☞ For catalogue and information address,

GEO. A. RETCHUM, M. D., Dean,
No. 7 N. Conception St. Mobile, Ala
sept8-4t

SOUTHERN RAILWAY CO

Western System.

Time Table

IN EFFECT NOVEMBER 18, 1894

North Bound—Read Down.			South Bound—Read Up.		
Leave	4:45	a m	Meridian	10:20	p m Arrive
"	5:57	"	York	9:09	p m "
"	7:02	"	Demopolis	8:07	" "
"	7:13	"	Uniontown	7:22	" "
"	8:30	"	Marion Junction	6:46	" Arrive
Arrive	9:03	"	Selma	6:15	" Leave
Leave	9:10	"	"	6:00	" "
"	11:20	"	Calera	3:50	" "
"	12:52	p m	Talladega	2:19	" "
"	2:09	"	Anniston	1:10	p m "
"	2:27	"	Jacksonville	12:15	" "
"	2:55	"	Piedmont	12:20	p m Arrive
Arrive	4:25	"	Rome	10:55	" Leave
Leave	4:30	"	"	10:46	" Arrive
Arrive	6:27	"	Ooltewah Junct.	8:55	" "
"	7:10	"	Chattanooga	8:15	a m Leave
Leave	5:15	"	Chattanooga		
"	6:32	"	Ooltewah Junct.	11:03	a m Arrive
Arrive	7:09	"	Cleveland	10:30	" "
"	10:09	"	Knoxville	7:45	a m "
"	4:50	a m	Bristol	11:30	p m Leave

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THE LONE INN

By Fergus Hume.

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CHAPTER I.

If there be aught in presentiments, I was well warned by that first glimpse of the inn. The moustrous bulk of gables, sloping roofs and lean chimneys hunched blackly against the sky would have scared a bolder spirit than mine. All day I had walked under blue sky, between green hedgerows, with light heart and whistling lip. Confronted in the twilight by so sinister a scene, I felt qualmish. Ragged clouds dropped their fringes over sullen western red, around spread the salt marshes, evil in their desolation, and I, with chilled blood, stared at the lonely mansion dominating the outlook. Here, thought I, an adventure awaits me. The hour, the house, the scene, hint at romance, and, that of the strangest.

So much were my spirits dashed by these ominous environments that it was in my mind to walk the farther 10 miles and shelter for the night at Marshminster. Yet some fate compelled my unwilling feet toward that inhospitable door, and almost before I knew my own mind I was knocking loudly. It opened while my hand was still raised for the final rap, and a handsome woman presented herself to my astonished eyes. What beauty did among the tombs I know not, yet there she smiled. Though handsome, she was not a lady and lacked the undefinable stamp of birth. At the same time she was above the commonality. Not a lady, not a servant, but something between the two. Her appearance confirmed the promise of romance.

"I have walked from Eastbury," said I, cap in hand, "and wish to put up here for the night."

"Marshminster is only 10 miles away," answered she, in nowise disposed to admit me.

"And for that reason I want a bed here. Twenty and more miles walking under a hot sun has wearied me considerably."

"I am sorry we cannot accommodate you, sir."

"This is an inn," I said, glancing at the sign.

"The Fen inn, sir," she replied, still smiling, "and full of guests for the time being."

"Full of guests in this locality! You must then entertain waterfowl, for I have seen no human being for the last 12 miles."

She made no direct answer, but shook her head and prepared to close the door. Piqued by the discourtesy and still more by the mystery of this reception, I was about to insist upon admission when my attention was attracted to a face at the near window. I recognized it as that of a college friend and waved my stick in greeting.

"Hello, Briarfield!" I shouted lustily. "Come and help me to a night's lodgings."

The girl was surprised by my remark, and, as I thought, changed color. She stepped aside to let Briarfield pass and exhibited further astonishment at the urbanity of our greeting.

"What wind blows you here, Denham?" asked Briarfield, shaking my hand.

"I am on a walking tour," I answered, "and hoped to have reached Marshminster tonight, but as it is 10 miles away and I feel weary I wish to sleep here. This young lady, however, says the inn is full of guests and"——

"Full of guests!" interrupted Briarfield, looking at the girl. "Nonsense, Rose. I am the only guest here!"

"We expect others, sir," said Rose obstinately.

"You can't expect a sufficient number to fill the house," he retorted. "Surely Mr. Denham can have a bed!"

"I shall ask my father, sir!"

When she disappeared, Briarfield turned to me with a smile and asked a strange question.

"Now, I'll be bound," said he, "that you don't know my first name!"

"Felix."

"No! You are wrong. I am not the rich Felix, but the poor Francis."

"You see the result of being one of twins," said I impatiently. "If at college I could not distinguish between you, how can you expect me to do so now? I haven't seen either you or your brother for at least two years. Where is Felix?"

"At Marshminster."

"And what are you doing here?"

"Ah, that's a long story! If you"——

"Please to walk in, sir," interrupted Rose at this moment. "My father desires to speak with you."

"I have, then, to submit myself to the approval of the landlord," said I and forthwith entered the house, followed by Francis Briarfield.

The landlord, a lean, saturnine man above the common height, saluted me with a sour smile. In appearance and demeanor he was quite in keeping with that dreary inn. About him lurked a Puritanic flavor not ill suited to his somber attire and unctuous speech. He was less like an innkeeper than a smug valet. I mistrusted the man at first sight.

"I can give you supper and a bed, sir," said he, bending his body and rubbing his hands, "neither, I regret to say, of the first quality."

"Never mind," I answered, unstrapping my knapsack. "I am too tired and hungry to be particular."

"We have only lately taken up this house, sir," he continued, still bowing, "and things are a trifle disordered."

I glanced around. Despite the cheerful blaze of a fire, the room had a mildewed look, as though long uninhabited. Traces of hasty cleansing were visible in all corners, and in the dim light filtered through dusty panes the apartment had a singularly uninviting aspect. Again that premonition of misfortune came over me.

"I wonder you took up the house at all," said I. "You won't make your fortune in this locality."

The landlord made no reply, but muttering something about supper left the room. His daughter had already departed, presumably in the direction of the kitchen, and I found myself alone with Francis Briarfield. He was absently looking out at the window and started when I addressed him directly. I angured mystery therefrom.

"What's the meaning of these mysteries?" I asked abruptly. The horror of the place was already influencing my spirits.

"What mysteries?" demanded Briarfield in a listless manner.

"This inn has been established for some considerable period. A suspicious looking rascal and his pretty daughter have taken up their abode here with no possible chance of getting customers. I stumble on this castle grim in the twilight and find you here—you of all men—whom I believed to be in South America. Don't you call these mysteries?"

"If you put it that way, I admit the mysteries, replied Francis, coming toward the fire. "I know little about the inn, still less about the landlord and his daughter. As to myself, I am here by appointment, to meet my brother, Felix, from thence to this inn."

"Why meet him in this murderous looking house?"

"He named the place of meeting himself."

"And you?"

"I only arrived this month in England from South America. I wrote him from London, asking to see him. He appointed this inn as neutral ground for us to meet, so here I am."

"Why neutral ground? Have you quarreled?"

"Bitterly."

"You did so at college," said I, looking steadily at him. "Strange that such ill blood should exist between twin brothers."

"The inevitable woman," said Francis in a harsh tone, quite at variance with his usual soft speech.

"Oh! And her name?"

"Olivia Bellin!"

"I know her. Do you mean to say, Briarfield, that"——

"Hush!" he said, rapidly indicating the door, and there stood the girl Rose listening to our conversation. Her face was pale, and it was evident that the mention of the name had powerfully affected her. Seeing our eyes were on her, she apologized in a low, nervous voice.

"Your pardon, gentlemen," she said, placing a tray on the table. "I did not intend to interrupt your conversation. Allow me to lay the table for supper."

"First, show me my room," said I, picking up my knapsack. "I am dusty and wish to give myself a brush up."

Rose nodded and preceded me out of the apartment. I glanced back and saw that Francis had returned to his old post by the window. Evidently he was watching for the arrival of his brother.

"When does Mr. Felix Briarfield arrive?" I asked Rose as we ascended the stairs.

"I don't know the name, sir," she said, with an obvious effort.

"You don't know the name?" I repeated, seeing she was lying, "yet Mr. Francis Briarfield is here to meet his brother."

"It may be so, sir. But I know nothing about it. Mr. Briarfield is a stranger to me, like yourself."

"It is to be hoped you received him more willingly than you did me."

My words fell on the empty air, for after her last remark she hastily departed. I mechanically attended to my wants and wondered what could be the meaning of the girl's attitude.

"She knows Miss Bellin and Felix Briarfield," I thought, "perhaps not personally, but at least their names. She knows of Felix's visit to this place. I must find out from Francis the reason of that visit, and it may throw some light on the demeanor of Rose. I am glad I came here tonight, for that landlord is scarcely a person to be trusted. Certainly my presentiment of romance is coming true."

When I descended to the dining room, I found supper laid and Francis impatiently awaiting my arrival. A lamp was lighted, and for the first time I saw his face plainly. The alteration in his looks and demeanor since our college days was astonishing. Felix had always been the graver of the twins, and it was the distinguishing mark between them. Now the lighter spirits of Francis had calmed down to a sobered gravity which made the resemblance between them still greater. We seated ourselves at the table in silence, and he colored as he caught my earnest look.

"You find me altered?" he asked, with manifest discomposure.

"Very much altered and more like Felix than ever."

"I haven't seen him for over a year," said Briarfield abruptly, "so I don't know if the resemblance is still strong."

"It is stronger," I answered emphatically. "I saw Felix two months ago, and now I look at you tonight I can scarcely believe it is Francis and not Felix seated before me."

"We are alike to outward view, Denham, but I hope our natures are different."

"What do you mean?"

"Felix," said he, with marked deliberation, "is a thief, a liar and a dishonorable man."

"You speak strongly."

"I have reason to."

"The before mentioned reason, Briarfield," said I, alluding to the feminine element.

"Yes. By the way," he added feverishly, "you said Miss Bellin was known to you."

"In a casual way only. She is a society beauty, and I have met her once or twice; also her very silly mother. The latter is as remarkable for folly as the former is for beauty. Well, Briarfield, and what about Miss Bellin?"

"I was engaged to her."

"You are engaged to her?"

"I said 'was,'" he replied, with emphasis. "Now she is engaged to my brother."

"Of her own free will?"

"I don't know," said Briarfield. "I really don't know. When I went to Chile, I was her affianced lover. Now I return and learn that she is to marry my brother."

"What explanation does he make?"

"None as yet. Tonight or tomorrow morning he comes here to explain."

"But why here, of all places?"

"Miss Bellin is in Marshminster. Felix is staying there also, and in his letter asked me to see him at the Fen inn, as he wished to explain his conduct fully before I met Olive again."

"And you agreed?"

"As you see."

"In your place," said I meditatively, "I should have gone at once to Marshminster and confronted both. There is some trickery about this."

"You think so?"

"I am by nature suspicious," I answered. "Perhaps too much so. Yes, I think there is some trickery."

Francis frowned and glanced at his watch.

"It is now 8 o'clock," he said, replacing it in his pocket, "too late to go to Marshminster."

"Besides which," I added, "our worthy landlord has doubtless neither trap nor horse."

By this time we had finished supper, and Rose came in to clear away. Thoughtfully filling my pipe, I watched her closely. Undeniably she was a very beautiful woman and ill suited to her present occupation. Why a girl so handsome should bury herself in this lonely inn was a mystery to me. I felt sure that there was a purpose connected with her presence here, and that inimical to Briarfield. The landlord did not make his appearance, which was to me a matter of some relief. I disliked the fellow greatly.

Francis, smoking hard, sat staring at the fire and took no heed of Rose. Once or twice she glanced in his direction and looked as though about to address him. Catching my eye, she bit her lip and desisted. Finally she disappeared from the room, with manifest anger at not having accomplished her design.

"Strange," said I, lighting my pipe. "What is strange?" asked Briarfield, looking up.

"That girl knows your brother."

"It's not impossible," he answered carelessly. "Felix always had an eye for pretty faces, and as he appointed this inn as a meeting place he has probably been here before. Rose, Strent no doubt draws him hither by her beauty."

"That is not a compliment to Miss Bellin."

"I know it. Felix is a profligate scamp and will make her a bad husband. He shall not marry her," added Briarfield angrily. "I say he shall not marry her and make her life miserable. I'll kill him first."

"Man, man, think of what you are saying—your own brother!"

"My own brother—my twin brother," scoffed Francis, "is that any reason why he should take away from me the woman I love?"

"She is not worth regretting if she forgets you so soon."

"She has not forgotten me," he said earnestly. "I assure you, Denham, she loves me still. The last letter I received from her gave no hint that she wearied of me. As you say, there is some trickery about it. I'll have an explanation from Felix," continued he, striking the table with his fist, "or, by heaven, I'll kill him!"

"Where did you meet her?" I asked, ignoring this last remark, which was but idle.

"In town over a year ago," he replied, calming down. "She is, as you know, very beautiful, and her mother wished her to make a great match. I am comfortably off, but have not a title; therefore Mrs. Bellin would not sanction the engagement. Then I had to go to South America on business connected with my property. Before I left she promised to become my wife and swore that nothing should part us or render her false to me. See, here is the ring she gave me," he added, stretching out his hand, "this pearl ring. I was to be back in six months, and our engagement was to be made public. I am back in six months, and the first thing I hear is that she is to marry Felix."

"Did she write and tell you so?"

"No. But Felix did and asked me to meet him here before seeing her."

"Now, I wonder if this apparent treachery of Miss Bellin has anything to do with your twinship!"

"What do you mean?" asked Briarfield, starting up.

"You are so like in appearance," said I, "that no one could tell you apart. You have lived constantly together save for the last six months and know every action of each other's lives. It may be that Felix has passed himself off to Miss Bellin as you."

"Impossible! She would detect the deception."

"I doubt it, save by intuition. I assure you, Briarfield, that the resemblance between you is most perplexing. There is not the slightest difference. You dress the same; you have the same gestures; you almost think the same. It is scarce possible to tell which is which when apart. I thought tonight that you were Felix."

"It cannot be; it cannot be," he muttered feverishly. "Her own heart would tell her the truth."

"Did you tell Felix of your engagement?" I asked abruptly.

"Yes. I told him all."

"And when did you hear last from Miss Bellin?"

"Some three months ago. It was because she did not reply to my letters that I came back so soon."

"To whom were your letters sent?"

"To her, of course."

"Care of Felix?" said I, with instinctive suspicion.

"Why, yes," he said, with a sudden frown. "I did not want Mrs. Bellin to know of our engagement, so did not dare to write openly. Felix undertook to deliver the letters."

"He may have undertaken to do so, but," I added forcibly, "he did not."

"Denham!"

"The whole case is as clear as day," said I. "Felix was in love with Miss Bellin and wished to marry her. Knowing she was in love with you, he was well aware he had no chance, so started to trickery. When you left for Chile, he gave her your letters for three months, then, saying he was going abroad, ostensibly left England, but really staid and presented himself as you."

"As me?"

"Yes. He has traded on the marvelous resemblance between you. He knows all your life, all your love affairs, and I have no doubt that Miss Bellin believes that he is Francis Briarfield, her lover, returned from South America in three months instead of six."

"If I thought so," muttered Francis, biting his fingers, "if I thought so"——

"I am sure it is so. Now you see why it is imperative that he should interview you before you meet Miss Bellin. He wishes to reveal the deception and throw himself on your mercy."

"He'll get no mercy from me if this is so," said Briarfield in a somber tone. "Oh, fool that I was not to write direct to Olivia when I came back to England! But it is not too late. When he comes here, I'll learn the truth and denounce him to Olivia. Then our troubles will be over."

"A man capable of such a trick is capable of worse," said I sententiously. "I advise you to be on your guard against Felix."

"Do you think he'll kill me?"

"I don't go as far as that," I replied cautiously, "but your meeting will be productive of trouble. Just now you expressed a wish to kill him."

"And I shall if he has tricked me as you say."

"Nonsense, Briarfield, you talk wildly. This matter can surely be settled in a less melodramatic fashion. I am glad I am here, as perhaps you will permit me to be present at the interview."

"Willingly. I know how clever you are, Denham. You may assist me to unmask Felix."

"Do you think he'll come tonight?" said I, going to the window.

"His letter said tonight or tomorrow."

"Then it will be tomorrow. Felix wouldn't risk meeting you at night if he had thus betrayed you. Let us go to bed and tomorrow settle the matter."

At first Francis was unwilling to retire, but when the landlord came to lock up for the night and laughed at the idea of any one coming there from Marshminster he fell in with my desire. Together we went up stairs and parted on the threshold of his room. It was five or six doors away from mine.

"Lock your door," said I as we parted.

"What, do you think I'll be murdered in my sleep?"

"No, but I don't like the inn, and I dislike the face of Strent, the landlord. Besides," I continued, tapping Briarfield's breast, "that girl Rose."

"What about her?"

"She knows Miss Bellin. Good night."

With that, I departed, notwithstanding his desire for an explanation of my last words. So wearied was I that despite my suspicions of the inn I speedily fell asleep.

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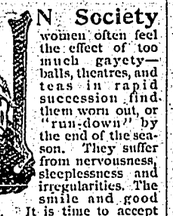

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PARTIAL SETTLEMENT.

STATE OF ALABAMA,
Calhoun County.

In Probate Court for said County Special Term Nov. 26th, 1894.

This day came F. P. Heifner, guardian of the estate of Lillian Heifner, a minor, and filed his account and vouchers for a partial settlement of his administration of said estate. It is therefore ordered that the 24th day of December A. D. 1894 be and is hereby appointed a day upon which to examine, pass upon, and allow said account and to make said settlement, and that notice thereof be given, by publication for three successive weeks in a newspaper published in said County, as a notice to all persons concerned to appear in this Court on said 24th day of December A. D. 1894 and contest said settlement if they think proper.

EMMETT F. CROOK,
dec8-3t. Judge of Probate.

REGISTER'S SALE.

Under and by virtue of a decree of the Chancery court for the 9th District of the Northeastern Chancery Division of Alabama, rendered at the October Term 1894 of said court in the case of Maggie Wilson vs. J. J. & J. C. Wilson, I will as Register of said court sell to the highest bidder for cash before the court house of said county, within the legal hours of sale on Monday the 31st day of December 1894, the following described real estate to wit: The NW¼ of Sec. 1, and the NE¼ of Sec. 2, in T. 13 east, R. 10 east, in Calhoun county, Ala., lying west of Terrapin creek. Said land will be sold to satisfy said decree against said defendants, J. J. & J. C. Wilson.

W. M. HAMES,
dec1-4t Register.

Final Settlement.

STATE OF ALABAMA,
Calhoun County.

In Probate Court of said County Special Term 3d day of December 1894.

This day came S. D. G. Brothers, Executor of the estate of William Gray, deceased, and filed his account and vouchers for a final settlement of his administration of said estate. It is therefore ordered that the 27th day of Dec. A. D. 1894 be and is hereby appointed a day upon which to examine, pass upon, and allow said account and to make said settlement, and that notice thereof be given, by publication for three successive weeks in a newspaper published in said County, as a notice to all persons concerned to appear in this court on said 27th day of December A. D. 1894 and contest said settlement if they think proper.

EMMETT F. CROOK,
dec8-3t. Judge of Probate.

Sheriff's Sale.

Under and by virtue of an execution in hand from the Circuit Court of Calhoun county in favor of F. E. Francis vs. A. J. Farmer, deceased et. als., I will proceed to sell on Monday the 24th day December 1894 in front of the court house door in the town of Jacksonville, Ala., during the legal hours of sale to the highest bidder for cash, the following described property to-wit: One fourth interest in lot No. 36, in the Francis addition, in the town of Jacksonville Ala., Forney Survey, as the property of A. J. Farmer, deceased. Said lot fronts 110 feet on Francis Ave., and runs back 110 feet. Levied on as the property of A. J. Farmer, to satisfy said execution in my hands, Nov. 20, 1894.

E. G. CALDWELL,
dec.1-3t Sheriff.

Sheriff's Sale.

Under and by virtue of an execution in my hands from the Circuit Court of Calhoun county in favor of National Fertilizer Co. vs. J. B. Patterson et. als., I will proceed to sell on Tuesday the 11th day of December 1894 in front of the court house door in the town of Jacksonville, Ala., during the legal hours of sale to the highest bidder for cash the following described property to wit: One bay horse mule named Jack, the property of J. B. Patterson to said execution in my hands. Levied the 30th day of November, 1894.

E. G. CALDWELL,
dec8-1t Sheriff.

Final Settlement.

STATE OF ALABAMA,
Calhoun County.

In Probate Court of said County Special Term 3d day of December 1894.

This day came W. D. Gladden Administrator of the estate of Robt. Gladden, deceased, and filed his account and vouchers for a final settlement of his administration of said estate. It is therefore ordered that the 27 day of December A. D. 1894 be and is hereby appointed a day upon which to examine, pass upon, and allow said account and to make said settlement, and that notice thereof be given, by publication for three successive weeks in a newspaper published in said County, as a notice to all persons concerned to appear in this Court on said 27th day of December A. D. 1894 and contest said settlement if they think proper.

EMMETT F. CROOK,
dec-8-3t Judge of Probate

Notice of Application to Pardon Daniel Mitchael.

STATE OF ALABAMA,
Calhoun County

To all whom this may concern:

Take notice that the undersigned will, on or before the 8th day of December A. D. 1894, make application to the Governor of Alabama, to pardon Daniel Mitchael of the offense of Grand Larceny, of which offense the said Daniel Mitchael was convicted in the Circuit Court of Calhoun county Ala., at the fall term of said Court on the 1st day of November 1894.

W. H. MANGHUM.
nov10-30d

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B. M. DENNAN, Agent, Jacksonville, Ala. Represents the most prominent companies in the United States.

Probate Office

JACKSONVILLE REPUBLICAN.

ESTABLISHED 1837. JACKSONVILLE, CALHOUN COUNTY, ALA., SATURDAY, DECEMBER 22. 1894. VOLUME 58.

THE LEADING BUSINESS HOUSES OF ANNISTON.

BELL & WIER.

ANNISTON, ALABAMA,

Corner 15th and Railroad Streets,

Every line of Goods handled in large enogh quantities to make it easy for us to give you the lowest wholesale prices or less. All country produce bought and paid for in cash.

7 pounds of good Soda for 25c.
A 10 qt. Bucket for 13c.
All wool filling Jeans for 20c a yard.
Best cotton checks for 3, 4 and 5c a yard.
One box Sardines for 4c
One plug of good Tobacco for 4 cents.
For 2 cents you get 2 good Lead Pencils.
The best Shoes for 60c and up.
The best Hats for 32c and up.
The best Caps for 9c and up.

In fact in every line of goods our prices are down to

SUIT YOUR FIVE CENT COTTON.

ULLMAN BROS.,

Holiday Announcement

CHRISTMAS PRICES AND NEW-YEAR RESOLUTIONS.

AS TO

Great Bargains in Every Department.

As we are now making every effort to enable the people to buy

HOLIDAY PRESENTS.

We shall from now on offer the greatest array of array of goods at prices that simply defy competition. We have now

For the Ladies.

38 inch all wool Suiting at 33c worth 50c.

54 inch Ladies Cloth at 48c, worth 65c.

All wool mixed Cheviot Suiting 40c, worth 50c.

Wool and silk mixed fancy suiting 75c worth 90c.

A special assortment of dress goods 20c, 25c and 30c.

Wraps and Cloaks.

A nice stylish Cape as low as $1.75 and up to 16.50.

Special inducements in Capes and walking Jackets, $5.00 to $7.50.

For the Little Folk.

Everything in the way of Wraps, Gloves, Underwear, Hosiery and Handkerchiefs.

FOR THE BOYS.

A special inducement. An extra pair of Pants and a Cap with each suit These suits are from $3.00 to $4.50. Double Knee and Seats, Boys Suits from $2.50 to $5.00.

FOR THE MEN.

Black Cheviot woolen suit for 5.00, seal value 7.50.

An elegant black or colored all wool suit, frock or sack, from 7.50 to 10.00

The very best in business or dress suit, long cut, latest styles, 12.50 to 16.50.

OVERCOATS.

Special inducements for 5.00.
Excellent coat for 6.50 to 9.00.
Extra quality coat, long cut from 10.00 to 16.00;

HOLIDAY GOODS

Ladies Gloves, Handkerchiefs, Hosiery, Table Cloths and Napkins.

Bed Linens and Blankets, Domestics and Towels.

Everything for Ladies and Children.

HOLIDAY GOODS.

In Gents Neckwear, Shirts and Furnishings, Gloves and Handkerchiefs, Collars, Cuffs and Hats.

Everything for men and boys Hemp, Ingrain and Tapestry Carpets and a beautiful line of Rugs at low prices.

Holiday Goods at Bargain Prices at ULLMAN BROS., ANNISTON

THE REPUBLICAN wishes a Merry Christmas and a Happy New Year to all its readers.

You can give your family no other New Year's gift for the same money which will be so valuable to them as the Jacksonville REPUBLICAN and the Atlanta Constitution one year for $1.25.

IT is stated that Governor Turney will contest the recent election in Tennessee. The returns show Evans, the Republican candidate, to have been elected by six hundred votes. The Democrats charge the Republicans with all kinds of frauds and mismanagement.

ANNISTON will soon have a large tannery, which will afford the farmers of this county a market for their bark and hides. We are always glad to see such an industry located in the county. No doubt but the location of this tannery will soon be followed by an other large shoe factory in the county.

IT is predicted that when the Hon. Ben Tillman is installed as a Senator he will create as much sensation in the United States Senate over certain measures as he had in South Carolina over his dispensary law. The Hon. Ben is a hustler, and the country will watch his movements in the Senate with much interest.

A NUMBER of our Anniston advertisers have sent us word recently that they were having a good county trade, and that their advertisements in the REPUBLICAN were paying them handsomely. This is gratifying to us, for we want all our advertisers to reap an hundred fold in profits for every dollar they invest in advertising in the REPUBLICAN.

CALHOUN can and should make a fine exhibit at the Cotton States Exposition in Atlanta next year. As Anniston has the only commercial organization in the county, we suggest that her commercial association take the lead in working up an exhibit for this county. We can make an exhibit which will attract the attention of capitalists and immigrants and should not fail to make it.

THE bill which passed the senate to reduce the constitutional area of square miles of counties in Alabama to four hundred, was defeated in the house before the recess of the legislature. We regret that this bill was lost, for we believe that the State would be greatly benefited by having a larger number of county sites. We hope when the legislature reconvenes this bill will again be taken up and passed.

CALHOUN'S two leading valleys are now discussing the question of stock law. From a notice elsewhere in this issue, it will seem that Choccolocco beat is to hold another election on this question. That beat held an election on this issue a year ago. The result of the election was a majority in favor of the stock law, but there was much dissatisfaction over the vote cast, and now those who are opposed to the stock law have had another election ordered.

Those who favor the stock law in Alexandria valley are now circulating a petition in favor of it for that beat.

WE are requested to state that the Calhoun County Alliance will meet with the sub-alliance at Four Mile, beat three, on the 11th and 12th of January next.

We hope to see new life thrown into the agricultural feature of the alliance this year, and such interest manifested in the improved methods of farming as will not only prove profitable to those who belong to the alliance, but to all the farmers in the county.

We would be glad to see this organization give one open day's session exclusively to a discussion of the improved methods of farming and stock raising, to which all the farmers of the county would be invited to attend and participate in the discussions

We believe that such a plan would result in much good to the agricultural interests of the county.

LAST Saturday W. P. St. John, president of the Mercantile National bank of New York, went before the house committee on banking and currency, and made an appeal for the free and unlimited coinage of silver. He said the burning issue to-day is our primary money, and urged that congress restore the coinage system, founded with the mint, maintained for eighty years, without complaint and withdrawn unobservedly at a time when neither gold nor silver was our current money. He stated that with the free and unlimited coinage of silver there would be no necessity for anyother financial legislation.

We fully concur in these statements, and believe that it is only a question of time when this country will be forced to resume the coinage of silver; but as there seems little hope for a silver bill to pass the present congress, we favor the next best thing,—the currency plan suggested by Mr. Carlise. There can be no question but it will afford much relief from our present system of finance, and we hope our present congress will take it up promptly and enact it into law.

FRESH NEW GOODS.

Instead of running our stock off as is usual at this season of the year, we are compelled to keep goods coming all the time.

Every department is brightened up this week by the addition of NEW GOODS. If you want fresh, bright goods, just from the mills, come to us.

It goes without saying prices must be right, or we would not not be doing the business.

We are not undersold by any one and in nine cases out of ten we undersell all our competitors.

Everything in the READY MADE line is made in our store, we guarantee quality, sizes and prices.

Every in Dry Goods, Shoes, Hats, Trunks, etc., is kept at

LIPPMAN'S,
Mfrs of Bonnets, Muslin Underwear, Etc.
Anniston, Ala.

nov17tf

RUND'S

REMOVAL SALE.

Finding our present quarters too small, we have leased the adjoining building which, after being remodled will be occupied by us after the Holidays and in order to clear up and reduce our present stock we offer our entire line of

Millinery, Woolens, Cotton Checks, Blankets, Dress Goods, Sheetings, Hosiery, Comforts,

In fact our entire Stock. This includes a good line of Ladies and Children Shoes, they must be sold regardless of losses. An endless Variety of

HOLIDAY GOODS

at popular prices to please the little ones. When in the city would be pleased to see you at

RUND'S,
THE PEOPLES' FIRM.
1028 Noble St., Anniston, Ala.

WINTER

Is fast approaching and with the change you will lay aside your

STRAW HATS AND

SUMMER CLOTHING,

and the place to make the change—and the change get the best—is what you should give some thoughts to Now we have what you need in suits for

MEN.

BOYS AND

CHILDRENS'

Dress, Business or Knock-About.

Cut in the Latest Styles.

MADE IN THE BEST MANNER AND

UP-TO-DATE FABRICS.

HATS,

We show an attractive line in Soft, Alpine and Stiff, and in quality can accommodate your purse.

Come to see us. We can please you in

FIT, QUALITY AND PRICE.

C. A. GAMMON & CO.,

Clothiers, Furnishers and Hatters for Men, Boys and Children.

928 Noble st., Anniston, Ala.

IN order that the printers may enjoy the pleasures of the holidays, there will be no paper issued from this office next week other than an advertising sheet to legalize the advertisements which are now running.

WE have no doubt but the children in the large numbers of families visited by the REPUBLICAN will appreciate the Holiday Supplement sent out with this issue. It is the REPUBLICAN'S Christmas gift to the children.

THE legislature will reassemble on the 22nd day of January, and then will take up the contest bill, election bill, bill to provide for a more complete assessment of the taxable property of the state, and other bills which were not acted upon before the recess.

WE most sincerely hope when the legislature reassembles that it will not fail to pass the bill which has been introduced to regulate the management of primary elections. The plan of nominating candidates by primary election is yearly becoming more popular, and they should certainly have thrown around them the same restrictions as our State elections.

THE bill to change the manner of electing county commissioners in Calhoun county passed the senate just before the recess of the legislature, and hereafter one commissioner from each district will be elected by the entire vote of the county. While we did not favor this bill, since it is now a law, we are in favor of giving it a fair trial, and see if it can be made to work more satisfactorily than the former law.

DALLAS county is having quite a warm discussion over the proposition to issue bonds to work the roads of that county. Brother Nunnelly had better get the two sides to compromise by adopting Calhoun's road law. By levying a very small tax yearly for a few years Dallas can soon have as good highways as is necessary for any county to have. But we do not wish to be understood as favoring or opposing the issuance of bonds in Dallas. That is not our fight.

LET the farmers of the county remember the meeting for the organization of the Calhoun County Agricultural Society, in the court house in Jacksonville, on the first Saturday in January.

The farmers of this county up to now have not taken that interest in studying plans for the improvement of their land and the improved methods of farming, that they should, and we hope to see them on the first of next year turn over a new leaf, come together, and do all in their power to hereafter have in Calhoun county three bales of cotton grow where one now grows; to have one acre produce forty bushels of corn, where it now only produces from ten to fifteen.

These results are not only possible, but have been accomplished in many places during the past few years, and by the proper effort the same increase in the production of the land can be accomplished in Calhoun county.

The lands in this county are such as can be brought up to as high state of production as in any section, and all they need is to be properly terraced, manured, planted, and their products properly cultivated.

It is possible for an agricultural society and the county alliance to accomplish great things for the agricultural interests of Calhoun county this year, and we hope to see the two by an earnest and cooperative effort put Calhoun on an agricultural boom.

IT seems that Mexico is comparatively a safe place of refuge to those who flee from this country, as the authorities over there pay but little attention to extradition papers.

The following from the Hot Blast shows the difficulty under which an Anniston official labored over there:

Dr. McCurry came back to Anniston from Monterey, Mex., with Chief Prather of his own accord.

The papers were never fixed up so the chief could get the doctor and probably never will be. They are in the City of Mexico yet as far as is known. The way of the Mexican is about as mystifying as that of the heathen Chinee and why the Mexican government dallied so long with the extradition papers of this now famous case will probably remain a mystery.

Dr. McCurry was released by the Monterey authorities Tuesday and he immediately hunted up Chief Prather and told him that he was ready to come back to Anniston of his own accord if the chief would pay his way, as he was financially strapped. This the chief agreed to do and back they came, leaving Monterey at 3:30 o'clock Wednesday morning.

It was understood that McCurry should be arrested on his arrival here and this was done by Sheriff Ed. Caldwell, whose custody he is now in.

Dr. McCurry made no trouble on the trip but had he done so Chief Prather had the president's warrant in his pocket and could have locked him up. He takes the situation coolly, denies having committed the crime charged and says he don't anticipate any trouble in the matter.

CLOTHING

FOR

EVERYBODY.

Never in the history of our business have goods been as cheap asnow.

Clothing Especially.

You will be astonished at the prices we offer, for they are away below what you have been accustomed to paying. Prices are strictly in keeping with the low prices of cotton.

Would you have the most for your money?

Would you have full value for all you pay?

Then Come to See Us.

We are offering some extraordinary bargains now.

Guaranteed all wool Cheviot Suit (all sizes) for 6.50 to 10.00, worth 10.00 to 15.00

Boys' Combination Suits,

Coat with 2 Pair Pants and Capt to Match

$3.50 TO $5.00.

ALL THE LATEST

STYLES AND CUTS.

OVERCOATS.

All sizes, grades and prices from 5.00 up.

We carry the largest stock of

Underwear and Furnishing Goods

in the City and can suit you both in quality and price.

Our guarantee goes with everything. Your money back if not satisfactory.

COME TO SEE US

THE FAMOUS,

Clothiers and Hatters

Cor Noble & 10th sts. Anniston, Ala.

The Republican

By T. W. AYERS.

SATURDAY, DEC. 22, 1894.

CHRISTMAS.

The Christmas chimes are pealing, softly pealing; the joyous sounds are ringing, ever louder and clearer, ever nearer and nearer, like a sweet-toned benediction falling on the ear. Glad ringers are pulling the ropes, and in one grand swell of the melody Christmas, with its old yet ever new and marvellous mysteries, bursts triumphantly upon the world once more.

The cattle have turned their heads to the east and knelt down to worship the king cradled in the manger; the houses are decked with holly; the yule-log burns brightly; the gray shadows sweep away; the sun is up and the bright-eyed children, who have lain awake all night listening for the patter of old Saint Nick's tiny steeds on the roof, only to fall asleep at the eventful moment, wake hurriedly to find the stockings running over with toys and sweetmeats.

Beautiful and right it is that gifts and good wishes should fill the air like snowflakes at Christmastide. And beautiful is the year in its coming and in its going—most beautiful and blessed because it is always the Year of Our Lord.

I do not know a grander effect of music on the moral feelings than to hear the full choir and the pealing organ performing a Christmas anthem in a cathedral, and filling every part of the vast pile with triumphant harmony.

WASHINGTON IRVING.

LAST spring at a state convention of negroes held in Montgomery, a committee was appointed to devise plans for bettering the condition of the race in the State. Just before the recess of the legislature this committee sent a petition to Governer Oates asking executive consideration along the following lines:

1. That a law be speedily passed for the prevention of lynching.
2. That the railroads be compelled to provide first-class accommodations for negro passengers.
3. That the school fund of the state be so apportioned as to give the colored school a better part.
4. That a colored man be appointed assistant chaplain to administer to the spiritual needs of the colored convicts.
5. That a house of correction be established for prisoners of immature years.
6. That a negro be appointed on the board of prison inspectors.
7. That the authorities of the various counties be encouraged to appoint a fair proportion of negro jurors.

IT is very probable that the legislature at its session in January will increase the number of circuit courts to twenty, and abolish all the city and county courts in the State.

The Hot Blast suggests that such a change will probably be made in this county, as to abolish the Anniston City Court and that the judge of this judicial circuit will hold court twice a year each in Anniston and Jacksonville.

The Talladega Mountain-Home says the Senator and Representatives from Talladega have agreed to abolish the city court of Talladega and to substitute in lieu thereof a circuit court composed of the counties of Clay, Shelby and Talladega, with four terms a year in each county, to have chancery jurisdiction and to have only two grand juries each year.

IT is said Deason will contest Howard's seat in congress from the Seventh District, and that a large number of congressmen, both Republicans and Democrats, will be glad of an opportunity to fire Howard on account of the manner in which he portrayed a number of congressmen as lecherous beasts in his book, entitled "If Christ Should Come to Congress."

WOULD you once more be a happy man? If so, remember that it is more blessed to give than to receive, and let your benevolence enter the home of the unfortunate and penniless during the next few days. We always have the poor with us, but this year in large numbers, and you can have an opportunity of remembering them.

HON. GASTON A. ROBBINS has been formally served with notice of contest by W. F. Aldrich. The notice alleges fraud in every beat in Dallas county, and in several beats in other counties. It is stated that the main point in the notice is an effort to have the returns from Dallas county thrown out entirely.

ALDRICH in his notice of contest charges fraud in nearly every beat in Dallas; fraud and intimidation in Anniston; fraud in Talladega city, Sylacauga and Childersburg; fraud at one box in Chilton; fraud and intimidation at his home box, Montevallo. He is represented in his contest by P. G. Bowman.

WHILE times are not what we would like to have them this year, yet we hope that old Santa is not dead broke, and that he will be able to make his usual rounds and add sunshine and happiness to the hearts of the little ones in all the homes of this country.

AS Mr. Cleveland is having such a fine time in shooting ducks in South Carolina, we move that he take up his permanent abode over there, engage in duck killing business and turn over the affairs of the Government to Adlai Stevenson.

Change of Elections.

When the Legislature reassembles in January it will be called upon to so change the time of holding our State election as to have it hereafter occur the same day as the congressional election.

This change will be urged on the grounds that it will be less expensive to the state, and that when no other election is held in connection with the congressional election that it is impossible to secure a full vote.

These positions are sustained by indispatable facts, and we think are sufficient reasons why the proposed change should be made.

While we favor the plan of holding only one election in the State every two years, yet we are impressed with the suggestion made by a correspondent in the Age-Herald last Tuesday. He suggests that our county elections be held on a seperate day from our state elections, and that we hold elections for state and federal elective officers on the same day. In support of this suggestion he says:

"In my humble opinion if the white people of Alabama are restored to unity among themselves the entire system of registration and elections must be remodeled. This result can be very easily gained.

To begin with the beginning, let us so alter both our organic and statute laws that each county shall have the privilege of controlling its county elections as an issue in themselves, separate from the state and federal elections. This suggestion is in direct line with Mr. Jefferson's views upon county government. The force of the suggestion in the case of Alabama is discovered in the fact, apparent to all, that as long as elections must be conducted in a certain way in the black belt to keep the whites in power in the county offices elections will be conducted in that way. The black belt counties will not have negro judges of probate, clerks of court, sheriffs, etc., and no human force or ingenuity can compel them to surrender their government to the negro numerical majority.

From this initial all effort to restore harmony in the state must proceed.

Through what procedure must a high statecraft operate in the premises?

Let us take up Mr. Jefferson's fundamental theory of self-government—the county government. Let all county elections be held on a separate day from state elections, so that politics shall be wholly disengaged from county politics. One step more—let each county have authority to relegate its government to appointees of the governor; or to resort to the ballot box to provide its officers as it may in its wisdom determine its own interest.

Remove the disturbing element of county government from state elections and hold elections for state and federal elective officers on the same day and elect senators in congress by the people on that day.

The following special sent the Atlanta Constitution last Sunday from Macon will be of interest to the friends of Messrs Gaboury and Noble in Calhoun, who hope that they will finish up their contract in Macon and clear a pocket full of money:

—The indications are that there will be a suit between the sewer cotractors and the mayor and council of Macon. There have been some differences between Messrs. Gaboury & Noble, the cotractors to build Macon's system of sanitary sewers, and City Engineer Wilcox. The engineer has required the contractors to adhere closely to the requirements of the contract, and the engineer has been sustained in his rulings by the mayor and council and the sewer advisory committee. The contractors think the engineer has been too strict in his construction of the contract. The engineer has always maintained that he, as the employed servant of the city, has only sought to carry out written instructions, directions and stipulation. It is said that the suit will be for dammages, and that the suit will be brought in the United States court, as the cotractors are nonresidents of Georgia. They reside in Alabama. Hardeman, Davis & Turner are their attorneys. There has been considerable delay in one way and another in the construction of the sewers, and it will be several months before they are completed. Gaboury & Noble contracted to build them for $100,000. Macon expected them to cost $200,000. They will cost about $150,000. When completed Macon will have a fine system of sanitary sewers. City Engineer Wilcox has rendered the city splendid service in his close and efficient attention to the building of the sewers.

QUARTERLY MEETINGS.

The First Round Prepared for the Talledega District.

Talladega station, Dec. 16 and 17.
Oxford station, Dec. 22 and 23.
Columbiana circuit, Dec. 29 and 30.
Munford circuit, January 5 and 6.
Jacksonville and White Plains, January 12 and 13.
Alexandria circuit, January 19 and 20.
Fayetteville circuit, January 26 and 27.
First church, Anniston, February 3 and 4.
Glen Addie and West Anniston, February 2 and 3.
Heflin circuit, February 9 and 10.
Chandler Springs Mission, February 13.
Talladega circuit, February 16 and 17.
Plantersville circuit, February 23 and 24.
Harpersville circuit, March 2 and 3.
Wilsonville circuit, March 9 and 10.
Cross Valley circuit, March 16 and 17.

J. W. NEWMAN, P. E.

CHRISTMAS PRESENTS.

[Written for Every-Where.]

I.

THE great palace of a "store" in which August Lillienheim made fortune after fortune, never looked more interesting than to-day; for Christmas was approaching; was really in sight, as one might say when looking about this place. There were enough people present to crowd one of the larger buildings of the World's Fair. Splendors changed hands every minute. Miniature trolley-cars skipped through the air, along railroad lines of wires, stretched from pillar to pillar, and carried with them interesting bills of lading and loads of dollars, by the ones, tens, and hundreds; and at the cashier's desk where all these miniature railroads had their termini, it literally "rained money."

Mrs. Wilber, a petted wife-beauty, was sitting upon one of the convenient little sofas scattered about, enjoying the opulent scene.

"Isn't it ever and ever so grand!" she remarked, to an acquaintance, Mrs. Mason, who happened to be sitting near her. Mrs. Mason was a few years older; and was now taking a rest, between two arduous bargain-making tournaments.

"Yes, it's something of a sight," she answered, with a long and somewhat weary respiration, "but it makes me sad, to think of all the money that is spent here, for trifle, when there are so many people that need the necessaries of life."

Mrs. Wilber with difficulty repressed a yawn at this tongue-worn remark, but replied amiably, "I am beginning to think so, too," she said, holding two neatly gloved hands side by side in her lap, as if to decide which was the smaller. "I don't buy half—not a third as many Christmas presents as most people do."

"I am glad you feel as I do about it," replied Mrs. Mason, glancing over at a certain counter which she intended to make the next point of attack.

"Perhaps not exactly the same, though," rejoined Mrs. Wilber, who never liked to agree with any one too cheaply. "I don't object to getting presents. Do you know I have a shower of them, every year."

"Without giving any back?" inquired Mrs. Mason, who, during business hours, was sometimes addicted to rather direct questions.

"That's as it happens," answered Mrs. Wilber, blushing slightly: "I couldn't begin to return all that come to me; I have so many dear, absurd friends who will insist on remembering me"——

"If they did that to me, and I couldn't reciprocate, I should box those presents up, and send 'em right back," interrupted Mrs. Mason, who had an eye for eye and a tooth for a tooth in her nature.

"But that might hurt their feelings," calmly replied Mrs. Wilber, without the least offense; for she never objected to advice that she was not obliged to follw. "There's brother Tom—a sort of missionpreacher, in the outskirts of Denver, he is—I was always his favorite—and his wife—my goodness, how that sister-in-law of mine does love me! The very day Tom married her, she put her arm around me, and whispered, 'Now let's always love each other'—and then burst into tears. Of course I consented. How could I do otherwise, after that?"

"And she always sends you Christmas presents!" asked Mrs. Mason, in a tone whose very lack of expression was expressive.

"Always," replied the other. "And something for each one of the children. And something for husband. We get to quite expect them, and to wonder what the dear too-lovely-for-anything little goose will send next time."

"I should think you'd feel kind of queer, too," said Mrs. Mason, with still less expression and still more expressiveness,

"Oh, I do!" replied Mrs. Wilber, vivaciously, shedding the remark without accident. "But how can I help it? She will send them. And then there's Papa. Dear, sweet old Pop!—sends me—what do you think?—a new, crisp hundred-dollar bill, every Christmas!"

"That's a good deal of money to put into a letter," replied Mrs. Mason. "Or does he send it by express?"

"Always in a registered letter," replied the cherished daughter. "He has been doing that for years. The things I buy with that hundred dollars! Why, I have it really spent, sometimes a month before it arrives. I'm going to get away with a good share of the next one, today."

Mrs. Mason presented a silence that was more expressive than all the things she had said, put together. But nobody else's stillness ever disturbed Mrs. Wilber; it gave all the more room for her own pleasant, prattling little sentences; and she was really an amiable, well-meaning woman, with a great deal of heart: which, however, was so encrusted with the base metal of selfishness, that its true glitter could be seldom seen.

II.

Rev. Frank R. Stacey and his wife, Grace Newhall Stacey, were sitting in their little parlor in the outskirts of Denver. It was very late in the evening.

"Oh dear," said the wife, taking one of his hands in both her own, and leaning her head lightly upon his shoulder, "I hope the last one for to night has gone! So many of them—constantly coming for help and advice, and comfort—and then, you poor, overworked boy, you stop your own life short for them, and open your heart, and your perimonnaie, too, sometimes, and help them all, some way or other."

"Just as you want me to do, and wouldn't like me if I didn't," replied her husband, smiling.

"Yes, but it's tiresome, too," persisted the wife, listening a moment directly afterward, to decide if that was the baby crying, up stairs. "And they come on such absurd reasons, and for such nonsenical things. Now, if more of them would enter here for the purpose of being joined in the holy bonds of matrimony"—

"In which case the thrifty young helpmeet of the officiating clergyman always manages to wed herself to the fee," said the husband, laughingly.

"And needs it, I'm sure," said Grace, with a little sigh, which she checked, exactly in the middle. "You know Christmas is almost in sight, and that means"——

"All sorts of presents for all sorts of people, said the clergyman, glancing at a dainty bit of embroidery. "And a certain young married lady whom I know, cutting and trying and slaving herself nearly sich to get the treasures ready in time to send."

"The golden Christmas time is the glittering key to our hearts," quoted Mrs. Stacey, in as deep and impressive a tone as her feminine vocal organs would command. She was prone to preach little convenient bits of her husband's sermons back at him, once in a while.

"But I don't like the idea of its opening just one set of doors," persisted the young clergyman, who was always half proud and half vexed to hear his sermons quoted against him, in so sweet a voice. "I don't like to keep giving Christmas presents, and having them disappear, like—like—sticks in the mud."

"Why, Frank! how homely you're getting in your illustrations!" replied the little lady. "You mean like flowers in a bed of flowers."

"No, I mean just what the words do," insisted Frank. "That it puts into one the worst kind of 'that tired feeling,' when he keeps giving and giving presents, and receives none back again."

Mrs. Stacey again braced and deepened her pretty voice to the ministerial tone.

"What we do for others should not be in order to procure our own pleasure, but theirs. We must never perform a gracious deed as fishermen throw a line—in order to get something back"——

"No, not for the express purpose of getting something back," interrupted her husband, "But I might have added, and ought to have: 'Givers have rights, as well as receivers;' a right to expect at smallest a certain amount of appreciation form those to whom they give."

"Well," said Mrs. Stacey, rather soberly, "some people don't get the pleasure out of giving, that others do—that's sure; but I hardly think it's because they are stingy. Some people don't know how to make Christmas presents; never were trained to it, as one might say."

"Some people were never trained to give any presents at all, and take mighty good care not to improve their neglected education," retorted Mr. Stacey, with a little dryness in his tone.

"They never know how much they miss," said his wife.

"Why give presents at any particular time!" said Mr. Stacey. "Why not give them at any time?"

"That would be all right, if we would do it," said his wife. "But the time would go on, and on, and—we—wouldn't. We would forget it—neglect it—let it go by. Oh, it's a great piece of good fortune that we have the grand, glowing Christmas to remind us to be generous, as God was generous on that first Christmas day!"

The discussion came to an end, as most of the discussions of this congenial couple did, by the unmistakable sound of the baby's voice, up stairs; and Mr. Stacey was left alone.

III.

"We are selling a very fine lot of literature, this year," said the bookstore man, to old Mr. Stacey, father of two and father-in-law of one of the preceding characters. "We are adopting a new method, you see. Put together a number of books, for instance, and call it 'The Longfellow Library.' Of course, the works therein represented, aren't all by the creator of Hiawatha; but those that are not, are by his kindred authors—his favorite sources of inspiration, the describers of his best loved haunts—the commentators upon his works, etc. We have a similar set concerning Whittier. Another of Lowell. Another of Tennyson. Others of others. And so on. And this whole set"—he lowered his voice, although there was no one within hearing, as people do sometimes when they try to appear confidential: "this whole set, worth at least a hundred and fifty dollars, we put all together, in a beautiful rosewood bookcase, with silver trimmings, add a fine picture of the author, and sell the whole for a hundred dollars!"

Old Mr. Stacey had a weakness for books, and wanted everybody else to love them as well as he did.

He had always been sorry that his daughter, Mrs. Wilber, did not take to them as readily.

He considered a moment, and, perhaps unfortunately, aloud.

"I have been in the habit of sending my daughter a hundred dollars, every Christmas," he said. "I have always wanted her to take more interest in Whittier—as our great national poet of the heart. Perhaps this would be an opportunity"——

"Why indeed it would be an opportunity," murmured the bookseller, in a fall set of his most carefully modulated tones. "Indeed it would. Dollars, although, of course, very pleasant to have, grow monotonous, when it comes to gifts. A hundred dollar bill is—well, it is a hundred dollar bill, and that's all there is of it. Dollars are too much alike, for a good present. And—they vanish yes, all too quickly, they vanish. But these books—they will remain through all the years, to gladden your dear daughter's life, and make her think of you again and again"—etc. etc. etc.

IV.

And so it happened, that, on the 24th of December that year, when Mrs. Wilber received the usual letter from her father, and she arranged her lap daintily, and opened the missive carefully, so that the new crisp hundred dollar bill should fall into said lap instead of upon the floor, behold! no bank note appeared. She shook the letter, and bulged the envelop and peeped into it, and ran her jewelled fingers through it. Still no money.

"He didn't register it, and some one has picked it out ahead of me!" she mused, breathlessly.

And then she read, among other things:

"Dear daughter, you know I have always wanted to make you read, study, and love, our great American poet, Whittier. I now think I can hope to do so. You will receive by express to-morrow morning, instead of my usual Christmas present, books that are really worth a hundred and fifty dollars, and all connected, in some way, with the good and gentle Quaker poet. Daughter"——

But Daughter read no father. She doubled up the letter very irregularly, and was just about to shy it in a petty rage at the kind face of her father, that smiled from a frame upon the wall near by, when something held her arm, and told her what a terrible hideous impulse of sin and ingratitude was possessing her.

She felt it still more deeply in a few weeks, when that same good face lay before her in a heavily draped casket. All her father's kindness came back to her, and each one added a weight to her heart. How he had always loved her—borne with her—caressed her—cherished her; and how little she had done in return! Now and then a scant little token of remembrance—occasionally a few decorous but rather chilly words of thanks!

An awful sense of her great selfishness came upon her. Could she only trim one Christmas for him—only make one of those days bright and sweet and full of her love for him—it seemed as if she would be willing to die, when that day was over. But there could be no more Christmasses on earth between them

And then her mind took a swift journey of only a few instants' duration—but it seemed so long to her!—among other friends who had been kind and loyal and loving with her, year after year; and she realized how little she had done for them—how careless she was with the hearts that really made life worth living.

And from that day, Ethel Wilber never neglected to let her friends know that she remembered them, either in joy or sorrow. The ice of selfishness that had chained her heart, was now broken into fragments and swept away; and the natural affections of her heart gushed forth. The house of the mission preacher at Denver, fairly gleamed with the presents she sent out there; the baby upstairs often forgot to cry, in solemn contemplation of the beautiful gifts she had included for him; and all her friends noticed the change; and felt that she had grown "more liberal." But no; she had become clearer-sighted and wider-hearted; and from a mere pleasure-lover, she grew to be a loving and happy woman.

Guaranteed Cure.

We authorize our advertised druggist to sell Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Coughs, and Colds, upon this condition. If you are afflicted with a Cough, Cold or any Lung, Throat or Chest trouble, and will use this remedy as directed, giving it a fair trial, and experience no benefit, you may return the bottle and have your money refunded. We could not make this offer did we not know that Dr. King's New Discovery could be relied on. It never disappoints. Trial bottles free at the drug stores. Large size 50c and $1 2

BONDURANT.

THE

GROCER.

Keeps always on hand fresh Groceries and Confections, and his store is the place for Santa Claus to get his Christmas sweets.

He now sells luxuries at poor man's prices, and there is nothing foxy about his way of doing business. Everything as represented.

He sells bigger bundles for less money than ever; so call to see him and bring your wagon.

MALARIAL POISON

Results from atmospheric conditions, unclean premises, imperfect ventilation and more frequently from the deadly SEWER GAS. A general rundown and impoverished condition of the blood ensues, and if not corrected, Catarrh, Bronchitis, and even Consumption may be the result. S. S. S. promptly corrects all these evil effects.

Mr. J. A. Rice, Ottawa, Kan., writes: For three years I was troubled with Malaria, which caused my appetite to fail, and I was so reduced in flesh, that life lost its charms. I tried mercurial and potash remedies, but could get no relief. I then decided to try S. S. S. A few bottles of this wonderful medicine made a complete and permanent cure, and I now enjoy better health than ever.

Our Treatise on Blood and Skin Diseases mailed free to any address.

SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., Atlanta, Ga.

THE cotton mills of this country are coming to the cotton fields, and it is useless for New England to worry over it unnecessarily.

Mrs. S. A. Lefeber
Rossmoyne, Ohio.

Terrible Misery

Helpless With Rheumatism and Without Appetite

Tired Feeling and Pains Dispelled by Hood's Sarsaparilla.

"I was in terrible misery with rheumatism in my hips and lower limbs. I read so much about Hood's Sarsaparilla that I thought I would try it and see if it would relieve me. When I commenced I could not sit up nor even turn over in bed without help. One bottle of Hood's Relieved Me so much that I was soon out of bed and could walk. I had also felt weak and tired all the time; could not sleep, and obtained so little rest at night that I felt all worn out in the morning. I had no appetite to eat anything, but Hood's Sarsaparilla restored my appetite so that I could eat without any distress, and I have gained rapidly in strength. I have taken five bottles of Hood's Sarsaparilla and I am as well as ever." MRS. S. A. LEFEBER, Rossmoyne, O.

Hood's Sarsaparilla Cures

Hood's Pills cure liver ills, constipation, biliousness, jaundice, sick headache, indigestion.

EXPECTANT MOTHERS.

That our wonderful remedy "MOTHERS FRIEND" which makes childbirth easy may be within the reach of all we have reduced the price to ONE DOLLAR per bottle.

...BEWARE of frauds, counterfeits and substitutes. Take nothing but . . . . . .

Mothers Friend

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

Write for book "TO MOTHERS" mailed free.

THE BRADFIELD REGULATOR CO., Sole Proprietors, ATLANTA, GA.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The best salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by all druggists.

Notice.

All notes and accounts due A. L. Stewart must be settled by cash or secured before the first day of Jany 1895, or the same will be put in the hands of an attorney for collection.

Respectfully,
3t A. L. Stewart.

Ullman Bros.,

ANNISTON, ALA.,

Grand Reduction Sale.

20 Per Cent

ON ALL

Woolen Dress Goods,

Dress Flannels, Waterproof, Red and White Flannels, 20 per cent. Reduction on Men and Boys Suits.

Overcoats, Pants, and all Woolen Underwear for Ladies, Men and children. We are determined to reduce our stock so we will sell until January 1st 1895:

$8.00	Men Suits & Overcoats,		$6.40
10.00	" " "	"	8.00
12.00	" " "	"	10.00
15.00	" " "	"	12.00
20.00	" " "	"	15.00
2.00	Boy Suits for		1.60
2.50	" " "		2.00
3.00	" " "		2.40
4.00	" " "		3.20
5.00	" " "		4.00
6.50	" " "		5.00

This means for money only, so if you want to save money call on us and we will sell you the above named goods as advertised.

Respectfully,
ULLMAN BROS.

Notice to the Public.

We, the undersigned, have suffered enough from depredations on stock and timber and hereby notify all parties that any one hunting, fishing or in any wise trespassing on our lands will be prosecuted to the full extent of the law.

J. C. Francis, J. H. Francis,
H. T. Francis, R. C. Haynie,
W. A. Reid, D. D. Bryant,
J. D. Bryant, D. H. Love,
J. W. Ford.

NOTICE NO. 13630.

Land Office at Montgomery, Ala., Dec. 10, 1894.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Clerk of the Circuit Court, at Jacksonville, Ala., on January 21st, 1895, viz: Richard H. Gidley, Homestead entry No 21047, for the S½ of SW¼, S½ of SE¼, Sec. 20, T. 14, south R. 9 east

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: Johnathan Pruitt, James Pruitt, Mark Wilkerson, Ollie Williams, all of Jacksonville, Alabama.

H. BURRELL, Register.

dec15-6t

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

Christmas Gift!

I said it first. So pay up, by coming to my store and buying your Christmas goods.

If you have the blues my Christmas goods and my prices will cure you. So come, buy, and be happy.

My Christmas motto: Honest goods at shoddy prices.

The sweet things I have for Christmas will tickle the taste with a toothsome ouch and please the delecate palate of the most fastidious. Come to see me.

C. J PORTER.

SALE OF UNCLAIMED FREIGHT.

East Tennessee, Virginia & Georgia Railway.—Samuel Spencer Receiver.

Jacksonville, Ala., Dec. 10th, 94.

Unless freight and charges are paid and freight removed before Jan. 5th, 1895 we will sell at our freight house, Jacksonville, Ala., the following articles for freight and charges.

Jas. Reed, Jacksonville, Ala., 1 table, charges, 50cts.

Jno. Ramaginand Jacksonville, Ala., 1 box w. glass charges 2.72.

J. B. Price Jacksonville, Ala., 1 folding desk, charges, 1.82.

W. B. Green Jacksonville, Ala., 1 box cotton ties and buckles, charges, 1.08.

J. TIPTON, Frt. Claim Agt. for Receivers.
G. W. McGAUGHEY, Agent.
3t.

Shoes! Shoes!!

Another large Stock of Shoes just received. We are selling so cheap, it is the first time in years we have had to buy a second fall stock. You can get the best outfit for your family for the least money here. Don't buy until you examine our stock.

CROW BROS.

Final Settlement.

STATE OF ALABAMA, Calhoun County.

In Probate Court of said County Special Term 15th day of Dec, 1894.

This day came J. B. Henderson, Adm'r of the estate of Geo. B. Henderson dec'd, and filed his account and vouchers for a final settlement of his administration of said estate. It is therefore ordered that the 12th day of Jan. A. D. 1894 be and is hereby appointed a day upon which to examine, pass upon, and allow said account and to make said settlement, and that notice thereof be given, by publication for three successive weeks in a newspaper published in said County, as a notice to all persons concerned to appear in this Court on said 12th day of Jan. A. D. 1894 and contest said settlement if they think proper.

EMMETT F. CROOK,
dec22-3t Judge of Probate.

Bargain In A Piano.

For the next 60 days I will sell a good new Upright Piano, with three pedals, full size, warranted for five years, for $225, ½ cash ½ in 12 months, and balance in two years on installment. I will ship on 15 days trial, if not satisfactory I will pay freight both ways.

Write for catalogue. Sheet music and all kinds of music books cheap.

E. E. FORBES,
Anniston, Ala.

THE STATE OF TEXAS, County of Comanche.

Before the undersigned authority on this day, personally appeared A. M. Ramsey, who after being duly sworn, says on oath that the foregoing statement made by him relative to the virtue of P. P. P. medicine is true.

A. M. RAMSEY,
Sworn to and subscribed before me this, August 4th, 1891.

J. M. LAMBERT, N. P.,
Comanche Co., TEXAS.

DELEON, TEXAS, 1891.
MESSRS. LIPPMAN BROS., Savanah, Ga.

GENTS: I've used nearly four bottles of P. P. P. I was afflicted from the crown of my head to the soles of my feet. Your P. P. P has cured difficulty of breathing and smothering, palpitation of the heart, and relieved me of all pain; one nostril was closed for ten years, now I can breathe through it readily.

I have not slept on either side for two years, in fact, dreaded to see night come, now I sleep soundly in any position all night.

I am 59 years old, but expect soon to be able to take hold of the plow handles; I feel proud I was lucky enough to get P. P. P. and I heartily recomend it to my friends and the public generally. Yours respectfully,

A. M. RAMSEY.

Any one who has children will rejoice with L. B. Mulford, of Plainfeild, N. J. His little boy, five years of age, was sick with croup. For two days and nights he tried various remedies recommended by friends and neighbors. He says "I thought sure I would lose him. I had seen Chamberlain's Cough Remedy advertised and thought I would try it as a last hope and am happy to say that after two doses he slept until morning. I gave it to him next day and a cure was effected. I keep this remedy in the house now and as soon as any of my children show signs of croup I give it to them and that is the last of it." 25 and 50 cent bottles for sale by dealers.

Southern Educational Association—Galveston, Texas, December 24th, to 28th.

On December 22nd, 23rd, and 24th, the Southern Railway Company (Western System) will sell Round Trip Excursion tickets to Galveston Texas, on account of the Southern Educational Association, at extremely low rates. Tickets will be good to return 11 days from date of sale, and will be sold from all Coupon Stations at following rates:

From Anniston, Ala	$ 29.85
" Birmingham, Ala.	27.30
" Talladega, Ala.	20.55
" Calera, Ala.	27.65
" Selma, Ala.	24.50
" Montgomery, Ala.	25.15
" Rome, Ga.	31.85

To secure tickets and any further information, call on the nearest Southern Railway agent, and see that your tickets read via this line.

L. A. Bell, D. P. A. Selma, Ala.
J. J. Farnsworth, D. P. A. Birmingham, Ala.
C. A. Benscoter, A. G. P. A. Selma, Ala,
W. A. Turk, G. P. A. Washington, D. C.

100 Dollars Reward.

One hundred Dollars Reward will be paid upon the delivery under arrest of each or either of the following:

WILL ABLES AND G. I. Hancock,

late residents of the vicinity of Hokes Bluff, Etowah county, Alabama, they having sold us Mortgage Cotton and fled.

Coosa Mfg Co.,
Piedmont,
Ala.

Notice of Application for Special Act.

Notice is hereby given that the present Legislature of Alabama will be petitioned to pass a special act for the relief of Mary A. Nance for lands sold at Tax Sale by the Tax Collector of Calhoun county, and bought by the State, which said lands had been assessed to and the taxes paid on same by Anderson Dill, in Talladega county under a special act of the General Assmbly of Alabama approved February 14 1854.

MARY A. NANCE.
dec3-3t.

Final Settlement.

STATE OF ALABAMA, Calhoun County.

In Probate Court of said County Special Term, 10th day of Dec., 1894.

This day came Jule Lumpkin, administrator of the estate of John Easterwood deceased and filed his account and vouchers for an annual settlement of his administration of said estate. It is therefore ordered that the 31st day of Dec., 1894 be and is hereby appointed a day upon which to examine, pass upon, and allow said account and to make said settlement, and that notice thereof be given, by publication for three successive weeks in a newspaper published in said County, as a notice to all persons concerned to appear in this Court on said 31st day of Dec. A. D. 1894 and contest said settlement if they think proper.

EMMETT F. CROOK,
dec15-3t. Judge of Probate.

ANNUAL SETTLEMENT.

STATE OF ALABAMA, Calhoun County.

In Probate Court of said County Special Term 12th day of Dec., 1894.

This day came J. A. Gaboury, Administrator of the estate of Mrs. Alice Gaboury deceased, and filed his account and vouchers for an annual settlement of his administration of said estate. It is therefore ordered that the 7th day of January A. D. 1895 be and is hereby appointed a day upon which to examine, pass upon, and allow said account and to make said settlement, and that notice thereof be given, by publication for three successive weeks in a newspaper published in said County, as a notice to all persons concerned to appear in this Court on said 7th day of January A. D., 1895 and contest said settlement if they think proper.

EMMETT F. CROOK,
dec-15-3t. Judge of Probate.

Anniston's Leading Business Houses

FOR HOLIDAY GIFTS.

We offer great variety in

Fine Dress Goods,
Cloaks and Capes,
Carpets,
Rugs,
Curtains,
Oriental Curtains and hangings,
Japanese Screens,
" Easels,
" Fine Porcelains,
" Lacquer Ware,
Art Linens, all shapes and styles,
Fine Kid Gloves, Handkerahiefs
Umbrellas.

W. T. WILLSON,
ANNISTON ALA.

Three Fine Presents
TO BE GIVEN
Away Christmas.

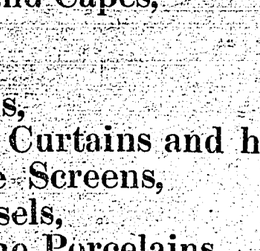
Each cash purchaser of 50 cents, will be entitled to a ticket.

1st. Diamond and Ruby Ring.
2nd. Handsome Guitar.
3rd. Fine Gold Pen.

Call and see them. New Goods. Prices right. Fine watch work, engraving and manufacturing.

HENRY ROBINSON,
Jeweler and Optician.
Old Security Bank, Cor. Noble and 11th streets. Anniston, Ala.

Ansley Pays the FREIGHT.



Ansley Pays the FREIGHT.

ON ALL
SHOES AND HATS

Bought of him by the people of Jacksonville and vicinity.
Try me with an order, or call in person when in Anniston and examine my stock.

Goods Sent Upon Approval,
O. E. ANSLEY.

M. F. DOERING,
(SUCCESSOR TO DOERING & ROBINSON.)
Leading Jeweler,
Watches, Clocks, Jewelry, Silverware, Spectacles, Glasses.

Fine Watch and Jewelry Repairing dan Engraving

SEND ME YOUR WORK

My prices are lower than elsewhere.
nov24tf 1110 Noble Street, Anniston, Ala.

D. G. HALL,
Watchmaker and Jeweler,
ANNISTON, ALA.

Prepared to do all kind of watch and clock work. Makes a specialty of Fine Watches and French Clocks. Thoroughly familiar with the complication of the French Clock. All work guaranteed.
oct20-6m.

TO THE PUBLIC!

I have a large and well assorted stock of the best Whisky, Wines, Tobaccos, Cigars, etc., and respectfully invite the

PEOPLE OF CALHOUN COUNTY

to call and see me when in Anniston. Place of business just across the street from Bell & Wier.

R. B. PERKINS, Agent,
ANNISTON, ALABAMA.

W. F. HANDLEY,
PRACTICAL TAILOR.
SUITS & PANTS TO ORDER,
FIT GUARANTEED.
Cleaning and Repairing a Specialty.

We dye, clean or repair men's suits and overcoats, ladies' dresses, capes, cloaks, walking jackets, feathers, gloves and ribbons, miscellaneous, scarfs, fine laces portierres, carpets, in fact, everything at the very lowest prices for trustworthy work. We make a specialty of cleaning evening dresses. Work guaranteed. Call on or address W. F. Handley, Columbian building, Anniston, Ala.

The Republican.

RATES OF ADVERTISING.

Transient advertisements $1 per square, and one inch makes a square.
Local notices 10 cents per line.
Advertisements must be handed in Thursday or before to insure insertion.

SUBSCRIPTION.

One year, One Dollar.
Six Months, Seventy-five Cents.
Three Months, Forty Cents.

Subscription must invariably be paid in advance. No name will be booked unless money accompanies the order.

TOO LATE.
TOO LATE.
TOO LATE.

Don't wait until too late and the stocks are all picked over before you buy your Christmas presents. Don't delay another day, but send for our Catalogue, which we will forward free.

J. P. STEVENS & BRO.
Jewelers,
47 Whitehall St. Atlanta, Ga.

LOCAL AND PERSONAL.

CHRISTMAS.

[From Boston Transcript.]

Ring, bells, once more in your steeples!
And tell the old story again;
The beautiful hope for the dying,
The balm to the spirit in pain;
The help to the feeble that stumble,
The pardon to sinners that fall.
But oh! for the "dumb, driven cattle"
Ring clearest of all!

For man can cry out in his trouble,
And tear drops may bent as they flow,
But they, in sad silence must suffer,
With never a voice for their woe;
In cold of the pitiless winter,
In heats of a mid-summer sun,
There's never an end to their labor
Till life's work is done.

Dear bells, as you swing in your steeples,
Above all the jar of the earth,
Sing low of the ox by the manger,
And in the pause of *the lowly;*
And sing of the sheep on the hill-sides,
The poor patient ass in his stall;
For all the beast that must perish,
Sing clearest of all!

Oh, man! looking up to the Father!
With trust in his infinite grace,
Look down, in your turn, on his creatures
That know but the light of *your* face,
That know but the warmth of *your* loving,
That wince at a word or a blow;
Ah! all of the depths of their anguish
No mortal may know.

—MARY RIDDELL CORLEY.

A Merry Christmas.

And a Happy New Year.

To every reader of the REPUBLICAN.

See the advertisement of R. B. Perkins in this issue.

Mr. W. H. Dean spent last week in the city of Birmingham.

Sunday hours will be observed at the post office on Christmas day.

J. H. Boyd spent part of this week at his old home in Hokes Bluff.

Prof. Glass has moved his family to Alexandria and is occupying C. H. Cooper's residence.

The next regular issue of the REPUBLICAN will be Saturday, January 5th, 1895.

Fred Williams has come over from Birmingham to spend Christmas in Jacksonville.

Messrs Jonn S. Lane and Frank Burke came down from Chattanooga and spent Sunday in Jacksonvill.

Mr. D. G. Hall and Master William Davidson King, of Anniston, were visitors to Jacksonville last Saturday.

Mrs. Lawson Weaver has moved to the country and her residence on Depot street is now occupied by James T. Nunnelly

Read the advertisement of W. F. Handley. If you have any clothing to be cleaned or dyed, send them down to him.

Messrs. Joe H. Privett and Jim Tom Doster, two popular commercial tourists, have been among their friends here this week.

Miss. Fatie Coker, who has been in Rome for several months taking a course in stenography, has returned, to the delight of her friends.

Rev. W. N. Morris filled his first appointment at the Methodist church last Sunday. His family has arrived and occupy the parsonage.

Thos. Head, of Anniston, who has a host of friends in Jacksonville, was married in Anniston last Monday morning to Miss Della Stokes.

The machinery for the new cotton seed oil mill is being received. It is the latest improved, and the equipment of the mill will be equal to any in this county.

The ladies of the Methodist church have improved their parsonage by recovering it, hanging new blinds to the windows, and calsomining the walls.

A conveyance has been sent to Hokes Bluff to bring W. L. Burns home, and he is expected to arrive to-day. His wound is still very painful, but he is said to be able to be brought home.

The burglars who have been getting in their work in this community for the past few weeks, will yet get a load of shot in their persons if they do not stop their meanness.

Major Rowan's store was burglarized last Sunday night. The burglar entered at a window in the rear of the store by prizing off the iron bars. While he probably got a number of things, they could not be missed from the stock.

Messrs. James Monahan and Whitlock have moved to Jacksonville. Only one other vacant house in town. So if you want to live in the most delightful place in Alabama, you had better come at once.

There will be preaching at the Presbyterian and Baptist churches Sunday morning.

You know that we Sell Millinery cheaper than any house in the country, AT MRS. KATE JELKS.

We regret to learn of another bereavement in the home circle of Commissioner Coker. One of his daughters, a young lady, died last Wednesday. We have heard nothing of the particulars of her sickness or death. We extend our most sincere sympathy.

The services at the Baptist church Sunday morning will be of unusual interest and appropriate. The subject of Dr Lane's sermon will be, "Will God indeed dwell on the Earth?"

I have just received a new lot of Stoves, which I am offering unusually cheap.

J. J. SKELTON.

Cards are out for the wedding of Mr. Daniel R. Methyin, of Senoia, Ga., and Miss Kittie, the accomplished and popular daughter of Commissioner and Mrs J. T. DeArman, of this city, which occurs at their residence on East Tenth street on Thursday, Dec. 27, at 7:30 o'clock a. m. Mr. Methvin is a nephew of Col. John F. Methvin and on recent visits to him made many friends in Anniston. —Hot Blast.

A nice line of plain and hand painted Flower Pots, very cheap to go next week, at Mrs. Kate Jelks.

We direct attention of the card in this issue from Shorter college. This school is one of the very best in the South for the education of girls. The discipline is the equal of any school, and while on a visit there recently, the writer was impressed with the fact that all the boarding pupils are contented and happy. They appear as if one large happy family. You can find no better school to send your daughter.

Married, at the residence of Rev. F. M. Treadaway, Wednesday, Dec. 19th, 1895, by Rev. W. O. Horton, Miss Cora Treadaway to Mr. John Cunningham.

The bride is a noble, Christian young woman, and the groom is to be congratulated on the prize he has won.

The bridal party left Thursday morning for the home of the groom near Gaylesville, Cherokee county.

At MRS. KATE JELKS, you will find all shades in Zephyrs, cheaper than ever before. Also, closing out Saxony and knitting wool.

At a meeting of the council of Jacksonville last Monday the retail liquor license for 1895 was fixed at $750.

The Jacksonville Cotton Seed Oil Mill was exempt from city tax for a period of ten years.

The East and West railroad was given the right to extend its trade from its former terminus to the cotton seed oil mill.

Mrs. KATE JELKS has all wool nice black Dress goods and colors that we are selling very cheap for cash only.

Mrs. G. P. Cason of Anniston, is up to spend the holiday with her parents, Capt. and Mrs. Hames. After the holidays. Mr. and Mrs. Cason will go to Selma, where they will make their future home. Mr. Cason is an honorable, straight forward gentleman, a good workman, and as such we take pleasure in recommending him to the good people of Selma.

Owing to a change my business soon, I will not extend any more accounts.

MRS. KATE JELKS.

It will pay you to take Hood's Sarsaparilla. With pure blood you need not fear the grip, pneumonia, diphtheria or fevers. Hood's Sarsaparilla will make you strong and healthy.

Hood's Pills are purely vegetable, carefully prepared from the best ingredients. 25c.

We want to call your attention to our Bicycle Hose for Boys, Girls and Ladies the best in the market for the money, at Mrs. Kate Jelks.

Cards have been received by a number of the Jacksonville friends of Mr. and Mrs. W. C. Crow, announcing the marriage of their daughter Miss Mame Crow to Mr. Fred Bregman, in Kendrick, Idaho, Wednesday evening, January 2nd, 1895.

The friends of Miss Mame wait their best wishes to her far off home in the north west.

Mrs. Kate Jelks is selling Capes and children Cloaks very low and Ladies Jackets for less than they cost as we will not handle such goods any longer than this season.

My price for pure Cora Whiskey is two dollars per gallon, and up, depending upon the quality and age. Will sell it as cheap as the same grade of whiskey can be bought elsewhere.

JOHN RAMAGNANO.

Go to Mrs. Kate Jelks to get your X-mas Goods Saturday We will have in a half wagon load of Dolls, from 5 to 50c apiece, and many other things that we cant mention.

Wanted.

An agent to canvass Calhoun and adjoining counties for the Jacksonville REPUBLICAN and Atlanta Constitution. A liberal commission paid. Address the REPUBLICAN, Jacksonville, Ala.

Mules on Time.

I will be in Jacksonville on the 28th and 29th of December with drove mules, which will sell on time where approved papers can be given.

J. M. SULLIVAN.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

COUNTY NEWS

FROM ALL SECTIONS OF CALHOUN.

GATHERED BY THE REPUBLICAN'S ABLE CORPS OF CORRESPONDENTS.

Peck's Hill.

Married, on the 13th inst., at the residence of S. S. Holt, Esq., Mr. Oliver Thompson to Miss Exa Hindman. They have the wish of this community for a life of joy and prosperity.

Prof. Watson will have an enjoyable day at his school on Christmas day. Will have an all-day speaking and dinner on the ground.

The health of this community is good, and the people are forgetting the hard times, and are preparing for a good crop of corn and plenty of hogs for another year. The farmers all say that the cotton acreage will be greatly reduced in this settlement for 1895.

Every man in the county should be a subscriber to the Jacksonville REPUBLICAN.

DeArmanville.

Mr. Tim Sharp, was quietly married to a daughter of Mr. John Bobo last Sunday evening by Rev. Asa Allen, at the home of Mr. Allen, near this place. Mr. Sharp is a popular and worthy young man, and the bride, possesses all the characteristics of suitable helpmate for her deserving husband.

The assessor will be here,
The first of next year,
And of his coming there is not any dread,
Soon the collector will follow
And asks for the dollar
Tis then that we all scratch the head.

There is more land being cleared here now than has been for many years and many of the waste places will be taken in.

Choccolocco.

Dr. Scoot did not fill his appointment here this month, being called to Heflin to preach the funeral of Miss Ellen Diamon, who was related to Mrs. Crawford of your city.

The Baptist Sunday School at Harmony will have a Christmas tree on the night of the 24th, and Hon. John Caldwell and Judge Carthel are invited to speak on that occasion.

The Union Sabbath School will have Christmas entertainment.

Mr. Sam Borders had several horses sick last week, with some disease not known to him, and lost his fine mare which cost him over $300.

Mrs. Lawrence of our town had a dwarf orange bush three years old which had over 20 ripe oranges on it.

Miss. Jessie Davis is visiting in Anniston.

Misses. Nannie Whitesides of White Plains, and Callie Milligan, spent Saturday and Sunday in Oxford.

Miss. Mallory of Anniston, is visiting here.

Mr. Parker and family have moved to Cleburne.

Mrs. Kelly, the mother of our Representative, is visiting in Oxford and Anniston.

Tampa.

Mr. T. C. Carrel of Cedartown, has moved his family to Tampa.

Miss Fannie Cross is visiting her sister, Mrs. Chas-Grace, near Rome, Ga.

Mr. Baxter West met with a painful accident a few days ago, an explosion of gunpowder burnt his left eye severely.

Miss Persons is in charge of our winter school, and I venture to say it is one of the most pleasant little schools to teach in the county. The children seem well pleased with their new teacher, and are interested in their studies.

One of the greatest hinderances to progress in the country school is changing teachers so often.

The Sunday School expects to have a Christmas tree at Angels Grove church Christmas eve.

Weavers.

Several fine hogs have been slaughtered here this week.—One by Rev. W. O. Horton, 339 lbs; one by Dr. Ison, 226 lbs. If a man can preach and practice medicine and raise such hogs as these, what should a regular farmer do?

Mr. W. D. Weaver and wife of West Virginia, are visiting their parents.

Jas. Harrelson is ahead this fall killing wild turkeys. He has killed fifteen.

Mr. J. R. McElreath is still very low, and at times has but little mind.

Rumor says that Mr. Ed Hubbard and Miss Ida Young will be married to-day—Wednesday. We cannot say that we wish Miss Ida to always remain Young, but hope she and Mr. Ed will live long and be happy.

THE BEST is what the People buy the most of. That's Why Hood's Sarsaparilla has the largest sale OF ALL MEDICINES.

Anniston.

After an intermission of two weeks, Anniston begs readmission to the county news columns of the REPUBLICAN. Since our last letter, the Model City has been quite busy buying, displaying, and selling holiday goods, and from the volume of business being done in this line, one would conclude that "hard times" will soon be a thing of the past. Our merchants are doing a better business, by far, than they did at this time last year.

The Woodstock Iron Company has been reorganized, and good, progressive, able men have been chosen as officers. Two hundred and fifty thousand dollars worth of first mortgage bonds will be floated for the purpose of putting the machinery in working order and establishing a working fund. After this is done, as soon as the iron market will justify it, the furnaces will be blown in, and Anniston will put on her old-time hum and hustle.

It is reported upon good authority that the United States Car Company, commonly called the Rolling Stock, will start up in a few days for the purpose of repairing some cars. It is hoped and believed that, if it once starts, other orders for new cars will be received, and that it will finally be found profitable to run at the full capacity. With the Rolling Stock and the Woodstock running at their full capacity, our city would enter upon an era of unprecedented prosperity.

Mr. Tom Head and Miss Della Stokes were married at the home of the bride, early Monday morning. Mr. Head is one of Anniston's most popular and progressive business men, and Miss Stokes was one of our most cultivated and charming young ladies. May peace, joy and happiness crown their married life, is the wish of their hosts of friends both here and elsewhere.

Capt. T. G. Bush has returned from a trip to England, whither he went in the interest of the Mobile & Birmingham railroad.

Gov. Oates has commissioned Mr. H. L. Cater as First Lieutenant of the Woodstock Guards, to which position Mr. Cater was recently elected.

Mr. P. B. Brown attended the State Convention of the Baptist Young Peoples Union, at Montgomery, last week.

Most of our schools will adjourn this week till after the holidays.

City Clerk, Gen. Geo. T. Anderson, wants bids for feeding city prisoners for 1895.

The diphtheria epidemic has completely subsided.

But few business changes will be made here with the new year.

Alexandria.

There will be an elegant supper given at the school-house in this place on Christmas night for the purpose of furnishing the school with desks.

We are glad to know that our former townsman, Hon. W. P Cooper of Oxford, who has been quite ill, is improving.

Mrs. Murdock Martin, who has been in ill health for some time, died last week, and was buried at the Baptist Church at this place.

A party of gentlemen, accompanied by Mr. Randolph of Anniston, have been prospecting in our valley this week, with a view of buying farming land.

Mr. O. S. Crook and mother spent Sunday with relatives in this place.

The L. & N. pay train passed down the road Monday, to the delight of the employees

Our people are very much pleased that Mr. Horton has been returned to us as pastor of the Methodist church for another year.

The sale of Mr. J. A. Lanford was largely attended.

Mr. J. F. Wood is on a business trip to Floyd Spring, Ga.

Prof. Dodson has been looking after his interest here this week.

PROGRESS.

People who get the greatest degree of comfort and real enjoyment out of life, are those who make the most use of their opportunities. Quick perception and good judgment lead such promptly to adopt and make use of those refined and improved products of modern inventive genius which best serve the needs of their physical being. Accordingly, the most intelligent and progressive people are found to employ the most refined and perfect laxative to regulate and tone up the stomach, liver, and bowels, when in need of such an agent—hence the great popularity of Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets. These are made from the purest, most refined and concentrated vegetable extracts, and from forty-two to forty-four are contained in each vial, which is sold at the same price as the cheaper made and more ordinary pills found in the market. In curative virtues, there is no comparison to be made between them and the ordinary pills, as any one may easily learn by sending for a free sample, (four to seven doses) of the Pellets, which will be sent on receipt of name and address on a postal card.

ONCE USED THEY ARE ALWAYS IN FAVOR.

The Pellets cure biliousness, sick and bilious headache, dizziness, costiveness, or constipation, sour stomach, loss of appetite, coated tongue, indigestion, or dyspepsia, windy belchings, "heart-burn," pain and distress after eating, and kindred derangements of the liver, stomach and bowels. Put up in glass vials, therefore always fresh and reliable. One little "Pellet" is a laxative, two are mildly cathartic. As a "dinner pill," to promote digestion, take one each day after dinner. To relieve distress from over-eating, they are unequaled. They are tiny, sugar-coated granules; any child will readily take them.

Accept no substitute that may be recommended to be "just as good." It may be better for the dealer, because of paying him a better profit, but for *you* it is not the one to be used. Address for free sample, WORLD'S DISPENSARY MEDICAL ASSOCIATION, 663 Main Street, Buffalo, N. Y.

Shorter College
FOR
YOUNG LADIES,
ROME GA.

A. J. BATTLE, D. D. LL. D., President.
IVY W. DUGGAN, M. A. Business Manager.

January 1st is a favorable time for entering. The Second Term begins February 1st, 1895.

Advantages.

Its high and healthful situation, its elegant and substantial buildings, its beautiful scenic surroundings, its superb equipments, its thorough curriculum, its accomplished faculty, its sweet and genial home influence make Shorter College

THE IDEAL COLLEGE
FOR
YOUNG LADIES.

Write the President for rates.

EDUCATION.

The Spring Term of the Southern Female University and Conservatory of Music and Art, of Anniston, Ala., will begin January 1st, 1895. Write for terms.

Misses. E. & C. Janes, Principals.
H. G. LAMAR Business Manager.

P. P. P.
PRICKLY ASH, POKE ROOT AND POTASSIUM
Makes
Marvelous Cures
in Blood Poison
Rheumatism
and Scrofula

P. P. P. purifies the blood, builds up the weak and debilitated, gives strength to weakened nerves, expels from the system the patent health and [illegible] sickness, gloomy [illegible] and hastens first prevailed.

[illegible] secondary and tertiary [illegible] for blood poisoning, mercurial [illegible], malarial, dyspepsia, and [illegible] blood and skin diseases, like [illegible] pimples, old chronic ulcers, [illegible] head, boils, erysipelas, [illegible] to say, without fear of [illegible] that P. P. P. is the best [illegible] in the world, and makes [illegible] and permanent cures [illegible]

[illegible] systems are poisoned [illegible] impure blood, [illegible] constitutional irregularities, [illegible] caused by the worn-[illegible] of the very best [illegible] P. P. P.—Prickly Ash, Poke [illegible] Potassium.

[illegible], Mo., Apr. 13th, 1893.
[illegible] for some years I [illegible] from [illegible] rheumatism, [illegible] I contracted with scrofula [illegible] and rheumatism for [illegible] of the very best [illegible] and spent hundreds of dollars [illegible] doctors, [illegible] I have only taken [illegible] of your P. P. P., and can [illegible] that I have done more [illegible] than I have ever taken [illegible] and I recommend it to all [illegible] of the above diseases.
MRS. M. M. YEARY,
Springfield, Green County, Mo.

PIMPLES, BLOTCHES AND OLD SORES
CATARRH, MALARIA,
KIDNEY TROUBLES
and DYSPEPSIA

Are entirely removed by P. P. P.—Prickly Ash, Poke Root and Potassium, the greatest blood purifier on earth.

ABERDEEN, O., July 21, 1891.
MESSRS. LIPPMAN BROS., Savannah, Ga.: DEAR SIRS:—I bought a bottle of your P. P. P. at Hot Springs, Ark., and it has done me more good than three months' treatment at the Springs. Send three bottles C. O. D.
Respectfully yours,
JAS. M. NEWTON,
Aberdeen, Brown County, O.

Capt. J. D. Johnston.

To all whom it may concern: I hereby testify to the wonderful properties of P. P. P., for eruptions of the skin. I suffered for several years with an unsightly and disagreeable eruption on my face. I tried every known remedy but in vain, until P. P. P. was used, and am now entirely cured.
(Signed by) J. D. JOHNSTON,
Savannah, Ga.

Skin Cancer Cured.

Testimony from the Mayor of Sequin, Tex.

SEQUIN, TEX., January 14, 1893.
MESSRS. LIPPMAN BROS., Savannah, Ga.: *Gentlemen*—I have tried your P. P. P. for a disease of the skin, usually known as skin cancer, of thirty years' standing, and found great relief; it purifies the blood and removes all irritation from the seat of the disease and prevents any spreading of the sores. I have taken three or six bottles and feel confident that another course will effect a cure. It has also relieved me from indigestion and stomach troubles. Yours truly,
CAPT. W. M. BUST,
Attorney at Law.

Book on Blood Diseases Mailed Free.
ALL DRUGGISTS SELL IT.
LIPPMAN BROS.
PROPRIETORS,
Lippman's Block, Savannah, Ga

ALABAMANS

Who Have Expressed Opinions During the Month of October.

Mr. Thomas W. Haisten, Buck Horn, Ala., October 2, 1894: "We are still pleased with the Electropoise which has been in use in our family now more than three years."

Mrs. Fannie C. Starke, Perote, Ala., October 1, 1894: "I still use the Electropoise and receive great benefit from it, and we do not have any doctors bills to pay now."

Mr. T. H. Hobart, Decatur, Ala., October 1, 1894: "I indorse every thing that I have heretofore said about the Electropoise, and am always telling some one what it has done in my family."

Rev. L. A. Darsey, Decatur, Ala., October 2, 1894: "The Electropoise is a grand discovery. I have two and never intend to give them up."

Mrs. W. P. Nelson, Sunshine, Ala., October 4, 1894: "I have never failed to effect a cure in every case of disease I have ever treated, and they have been numerous. The electropoise has no more ardent admirer than I."

Mr. C. A. J. Hollingsworth, Mink, Ala., October 18, 1894: "I still think the Electropoise is a great curative agent, and use it for all ailments in my family, and recently cured a severe attack of dysentry in two days with it."

Mr. J. McKee Gould, Baligee, Ala., October 1, 1894: "After four years experience with the Electropoise my faith in it is unshaken."

For full particulars and testimonials of reliable people write to DuBois & Webb, 222 North Twenty-first street, Birmingham, Ala., for their book, mailed free to any address.

☞ Electropoise rented four months for $10.

Cure for Headache.

As a remedy for all forms of Headache Electric Bitters has proved to be the very best. It effects a permanent cure and the most dreaded habitual sick headaches yield to its influence. We urge all who are afflicted to procure a bottle, and give this remedy a fair trial. In cases of habitual constipation Electric Bitters cures by giving the needed tone to the bowels, and few cases being recommend the use of this medicine. Large bottles only fifty cents at the drug store.

Stock Law Election.

STATE OF ALABAMA, Calhoun County. Probate Court.

This day, December 12th, comes sundry citizens of Precinct No. 12, Choccolocco Ala., and file their petition of fifty or more free-holders and house-holders of said Precinct No. 12 of said Calhoun county, asking that an election be held in said precinct to determine "whether in said precinct stock shall be permitted from running at large."

Now, therefore, in pursuance of an Act of the General Assembly of Alabama approved December 9th, 1890, entitled "an Act to amend Section 1 of an Act to prevent stock from running at large in the several beats of Randolph and Calhoun counties, and to authorize elections thereon approved Feb. 27, 1883, I, Emmett F. Crook, Probate Judge of said county, order that an election be held in said Precinct No. 12, at Iron City and Choccolocco at the places of voting in said Precinct, on Tuesday the 15th day of January, A. D. 1895, as provided by said act. Those favoring the running at large of stock shall have on their ballots "Stock at Large," and those opposing shall have on their ballots "No Stock at Large."

I hereby appoint J. J. Young and J. D. English as managers of said election at Choccolocco, and J. W. Riddle returning officer, and J. W. Riddle and John Hughes, challengers, and I appoint Waddy Thompson and Ott Jones managers at Iron City, and W. H. Davis returning officer, and Lon Pendergrass and James Hughes challengers. It is ordered that notice of said election be given by publication for three weeks in the Jacksonville Republican a newspaper published in said county.

Given under my hand at office in Jacksonville, Ala., this the 12th day of December, 1894

EMMETT F. CROOK,
dec15-3t Judge of Probate.

Notice.

There will be a special meeting of the Commissioners Court of Calhoun county on Monday January 14th, 1895, for the purpose of letting the public roads for said year 1895, and to attend to any other business for the county. All bids for working the roads and for furnishing teams must be filed in this office on or before said 14th day of January, and the Court reserves the right to refuse any or all bids. Done in my office in Jacksonville, this Dec. 11th, 1894.

EMMETT F. CROOK,
dec15-3t Judge of Probate.

Administrator's Sale.

Under and by virtue of an order and decree of the Probate Court of Calhoun county, the undersigned administrator with the will annexed of the estate of J. P. Lavey, deceased, will sell at public outcry, on the premises, in McPail, Ala., on Monday, the 3rd day of December 1894 between the legal hours of sale, to the highest bidder, for one-third cash, and the balance in equal payments of one and two years, with at least two approved securities, the following described real estate, viz: Beginning at a point 98 feet north of the right of way of the G. P. Railroad, and 10 feet from the public road as now established by law; thence north 40 feet; thence west to the centre of Plum Spring branch; thence down said branch forty (40) feet; thence east to the beginning point, in the se¼ of se¼ of Sec. 25, T. 16, R. 6. Also, the lot of land known as the Tar yard lot, viz: Two-thirds interest in the following, to-wit: Commencing at a Sweet gum tree about 24 feet north of a poplar tree on the east banks of Plum spring branch; thence east 11½ feet to the public road; thence north along said road, 240 feet; thence west 120 feet to the centre of Plum Spring branch; thence south, along the centre of said branch, 219 feet to the point of beginning, all in Sec 29, T 16 R. 6; also the sw¼ of ne¼ and se¼ of nw¼ of Sec 33, T. 15, R. 6. Eighty acres more or less.

MRS. C. V. LANEY,
Adm'r with will annexed.
novl0-3t

Administrator's Sale.

Under and by virtue of an order and decree of the Probate Court of Calhoun county, Alabama, the undersigned, administrator of the estate of Ansell McCollum, deceased, will sell at public outcry, before the court house door, in Jacksonville, Ala., to the highest bidder, on Saturday the 15th day of December 1894 for one-third cash, and the balance in one and two years, with note and two approved securities, the following described lands to wit: N½ of the ne¼ of Sec. one (1) and the E½ of the ne¼ of Sec. 3, all of T. 13, R. 8, in Calhoun county, Alabama.

S. D. G. BROTHERS,
nov17-3t Administrator.

NOTICE NO. 15496.

Land office at Montgomery, Ala.,
November 13th, 1894.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Clerk of the Circuit Court at Jacksonville, Ala., on December 22nd, 1894, viz: Elijah N. Abbott, Homestead Entry No. 20,945, for the sw¼ of ne¼, se¼ of nw¼, Sec. 10, T. 13, south, R. 8, east

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon cultivation of said land, viz: George Bradley, of Colvins, Ala., Gilliam S Boozer, Wesley Boozer, D. Alex. McCollum, of Mink, Ala.

H. PURCELL,
nov17-6t Register.

REGISTER'S SALE.

Under and by virtue of a decree of the Chancery court for the 9th District of the Northeastern Chancery Division of Alabama, rendered at the October Term 1894 of said court in the case of Maggie Wilson vs. J. J. & J. C. Wilson, I will as Register of said court sell to the highest bidder for cash before the court house of said county, within the legal hours of sale on Monday the 31st day of December 1894, the following described real estate to wit: The nw¼ of Sec. 1, and the ne¼ of Sec. 2, in T. 13 east, R. 10 east, in Calhoun county, Ala., lying west of Terrapin creek. Said land will be sold to satisfy said decree against said defendants, J. J. & J. C. Wilson.

W. M. HAMES,
dec1-4t Register.

Tax Assessor's Notice.

FIRST ROUND.

I will attend the following appointments for the purpose of assessing the State and County taxes for the year 1895, in Calhoun county, Alabama:

Beat 17. DeArmanville, Tuesday January 1st.
Beat 12. Choccoloco, Wednesday January 2nd.
Beat 12. Iron City, Thursday January 3rd.
Beat 11. White Plains, Friday January 4th.
Beat 10 Jenkins, Saturday January 5th.
1. Jacksonville, Monday January 7th.
Beat 8. Green's, Tuesday January 8th.
7. Lander's School House, Wednesday January 9th.
7. Hollingsworth, Thursday January 10th.
Beat 19. Duke, Friday January 11th
Beat 2. Alexandria, Saturday January 12th.
Beat 6. Peeks Hill, Monday January 14th.
Beat 18. Obatchie, Tuesday January 15th.
Beat 5. Polkville, Wednesday January 16th.
Beat 14 Sulphur Springs, Thursday January 17th.
Beat 4. Ganaway's School House, Friday January 18th.
Beat 16. Greenwood's School house January 22nd
Beat 9. Pied mont, Wednesday and Thursday January 23rd and 24th.
Beat 3. Four Mile, Saturday January 26th.
Beat 13. Oxford, Tuesday and Wednesday January 28th and 29th.
Beat 13. Oxanna, Thursday January 31st.
Beat 15. Anniston, Friday and Saturday February 1st and 2nd.

Tax payers will please meet me with proper numbers of their lands and itemized lists of their taxable property.

B. G. McCLELLEN,
Tax Assessor Calhoun Co., Ala.
dec8-6t

Notice of Application to Pardon Daniel Michael.

STATE OF ALABAMA,
Calhoun County

To all whom this may concern:

Take notice that the undersigned will, on or before the 10th day of December A. D. 1894, make application to the Governor of Alabama, to pardon Daniel Michael of the offense of Grand Larceny of which offense the said Daniel Michael was convicted in the Circuit Court of Calhoun county Ala., at the fall term of said Court on the 1st day of November 1894.

W. H. MANGHUM.
nov10-30d

Jas. P. Kelly

Notary Public and Ex-Officio
JUSTICE OF THE PEACE.

Will practice in all the courts of Calhoun county. Also in the Supreme Court of Alabama by each [illegible]

CASTORIA

for Infants and Children.

MOTHERS, Do You Know that Paregoric, Bateman's Drops, Godfrey's Cordial, many so-called Soothing Syrups, and most remedies for children are composed of opium or morphine?

Do You Know that opium and morphine are stupefying narcotic poisons?

Do You Know that in most countries druggists are not permitted to sell narcotics without labeling them poisons?

Do You Know that you should not permit any medicine to be given your child unless you or your physician know of what it is composed?

Do You Know that Castoria is a purely vegetable preparation, and that a list of its ingredients is published with every bottle?

Do You Know that Castoria is the prescription of the famous Dr. Samuel Pitcher. That it has been in use for nearly thirty years, and that more Castoria is now sold than of all other remedies for children combined?

Do You Know that the Patent Office Department of the United States, and of other countries, have issued exclusive right to Dr. Pitcher and his assigns to use the word "**Castoria**" and its formula, and that to imitate them is a state prison offense?

Do You Know that one of the reasons for granting this government protection was because Castoria had been proven to be **absolutely harmless?**

Do You Know that **35 average** doses of Castoria are furnished for **35 cents**, or one cent a dose?

Do You Know that when possessed of this perfect preparation, your children may be kept well, and that you may have unbroken rest?

Well, these things are worth knowing. They are facts.

The fac-simile signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher.* is on every wrapper.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

SOUTHERN DYEING AND CLEANING COMPANY.

BACON & MOORE Agents.

CLEANING, DYEING and REPAIRING LADIES' AND GENTS' CLOTHING.

207 North Twentieth Street. BIRMINGHAM, ALA.
We pay charges one way on goods sent by Express.
dec1-1f.

John Ramagnano,

AT HIS

OLD STAND,

Has in stock one of the finest assortment of wines and Liquors to be found in the South.

Sour Mash Lincoln County, direct from Bonded warehouse; Pure, Sweet Mash Corn whiskey, best quality; Old Rye, Old Kentucky Sour Mash Bourbons, finest high grade, blends in bulk or cases. Imported Sherries, Clarets, Ports, Brandies, Gins, and Cordials of the best European brands. Also domestic wines and brandies. Whiskies and wines by the gallon for family use sold at closest figures. Also sacramental wines.

Imported bottled beer and cool fresh larger beer always on ice. Best and most popular brands of five and ten cents cigars.

All goods bought direct from United States warehouse. Will fill orders promptly, and at as low price as if bought in person.

The Medical College of Alabama.

This Institution, located at Mobile, offers unrivaled facilities for Medical study. The building is commodious, the museum unsurpassed and the equipment complete. The curriculum has been carefully and systematically graded. Instruction by courses, recitations, clinics, demonstrations and laboratory work in Chemistry, Histology and Operative Surgery. Practical anatomy taught. Rooms low and well ventilated. Medical and Surgical cases [illegible] at the City Hospital. The next session will begin October 12, 1894.

For catalogue and information address,

GEO. A. RITCHUM, M. D., Dean,
No. 7 N. Conception St. Mobile, Ala
apr6-1

SOUTHERN RAILWAY CO

Western System.

Time Table

IN EFFECT NOVEMBER 18, 1894

North Bound—Read Down.			South Bound—Read Up.		
Leave	4:15 a m		Meridian	10:20 p m	Arrive
"	5:41 "		York	9:09 p m	"
"	7:02 "		Demopolis	8:07 "	"
"	7:43 "		Uniontown	7:22 "	"
"	8:20 "		Marion Junction	6:46 "	Arrive
Arrive	9:03 "		Selma	6:15 "	Leave
Leave	9:10 "		"	6:09 "	"
"	11:20 "		Calera	3:50 "	"
"	12:52 p m		Talladega	2:19 "	"
"	2:06 "		Anniston	1:10 p m	"
"	2:27 "		Jacksonville	12:45 "	"
"	2:55 "		Piedmont	12:20 p m	Arrive
Arrive	4:25 "		Rome	10:55 "	Leave
Leave	4:39 "		"	10:46 "	Arrive
Arrive	6:27 "		Cedartwah Junct.	8:55 "	"
"	7:10 "		Chattanooga	8:15 a m	Leave
Leave	7:15 "		Chattanooga		
"	6:32 "		Cedartwah Junct.	11:05 a m	Arrive
Arrive	7:00 "		Cleveland	10:20 "	"
"	10:00 "		Knoxville	7:15 a m	"
"	4:30 a m		Bristol	11:30 p m	Leave

For any information as to Routes, Rates, and Schedule apply to any Agent of the Company of the undersigned.

C. A. BENSCOTER, A. G. P. Agt. Knoxville, Tenn.
L. A. BELL, D. P. A. Selma, Ala.
C. H. HEDDEN, Gen. Mgr. Knoxville, Tenn.
W. A. TURK, G. P. Agt. Washington, D C.

STATE NORMAL SCHOOL,

Jacksonville, Alabama.

The School offers exceptional advantages to the young men and women of the state for obtaining a thorough Teacher's Education.

The course of instruction is thorough, the requirements for graduation rigid, the character of work done by students excellent. Those who are willing to do earnest and conscientious work in their studies may expect the full co-operation of the faculty. No others are desired.

Tuition per term of three months.

Normal course, - - -	Free.
Collegiate Department - - -	$6.00.
Intermediate Department, - - -	4.00.
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THE LONE INN

By Fergus Hume.

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CHAPTER II.

It was close on 10 o'clock when I awoke next morning. My long tramp of the previous day had tired me more than I thought. Nevertheless I was annoyed at oversleeping myself and astonished that Francis had not called me earlier. I knew how anxious he was about the proposed meeting with his brother and fancied that his impatience would have drawn him to my room at dawn. Apparently he was less curious concerning the interview than I thought. Yet, leaving him out of the question, I ought certainly to have been roused by Strent or his daughter and determined to reprove them for such neglect. After all, an inn is an inn, and one has a right to attentions for which one pays. Judging from the landlord's looks, I did not think my bill would err on the side of cheapness.

These thoughts passed through my mind as I hastily dressed myself. Opening the window, I looked out on the marshes golden in the sunshine. A keen wind was blowing from the sea, and the smell of brine struck into the heavy atmosphere of my bedroom. An absolute stillness prevailed both inside and out. I felt as though I had awakened in the spellbound palace of the sleeping beauty. An inn of all places should be full of bustle and noise, but there was something uncanny in the silence which reigned in this marsh locked hostel. It hinted trouble, and I felt uneasy.

In no very good temper I descended to the dining room, with the intention of apologizing to Francis for my tardy appearance and of rating the landlord for his negligence. To my astonishment, neither Francis nor any one else was to be seen, and the room was in precisely the same condition as on the previous night. The fire was unlighted, the table not set out for breakfast; even the window blinds were down. For the moment I was sick with apprehension, as it was impossible to conjecture the reason of this neglect and absence of human life. The stillness was as absolute as had prevailed up stairs, and when I rang the bell it echoed through the house as though mocking my efforts to summon landlord, maid or friend.

Twice, thrice, I pulled the bellrope without result; then, somewhat unnerved by the silence in which I found myself, went to the back part of the premises. Here the condition of things was the same as in the dining room. The kitchen was empty, nor were there any signs of fire or of food. I explored the whole of the ground floor and found nobody. The conclusion forced itself upon me that Strent and his daughter had left the inn during the night.

What was the meaning of this sudden flight? What reason could be sufficiently powerful to force them to vacate the premises? Asking myself these questions, I entered room after room, but in none of them did I find any answer. The front door was bolted and barred, the back entrance was in the same condition, and there was no key in either lock. I considered the features of the case and saw that the air was full of mystery, perhaps of—but, no; in that lonely house I could not bring myself to utter the terrible word.

I knew not what had happened during my sleep, but felt certain that some event had taken place. Otherwise there could be no reason for this state of things. Almost against my will I searched the house again, but could discover neither Strent nor his daughter Rose. I was alone in the house. But Francis——

"Francis," said I, repeating my thoughts aloud, "are, Francis. I wonder if he has left the inn also or whether he has overslept himself and is still in his room." To make sure I went up stairs to his bedroom. Pray observe that all this time I had not connected these things with crime. It is true I had a faint suspicion that there might possibly be some foul play, but as there was nothing to confirm such a belief I abandoned the idea. I declare that when I knocked at the door of Briarfield's room I had no more idea of the horrible truth than the babe unborn. My premonitions pointed to mystery, but not to murder. Yet from the conversation of the previous night I might have guessed what had happened. The house was as accursed as the palace of the Atride, and Ate bided on the threshold stone.

Not until I had thrice knocked without receiving any answer did my suspicions begin to form. Then they took shape in an instant. I tried the door. It was locked. The ominous silence still hinted at unspeakable horrors. My knocking echoed jarringly through the stillness. At that moment there flashed before my eyes the picture of two figures flying across a red horizon against which blackened the beams of a gallows. It was the shadow of the future. I knocked, I called his name, and finally in desperation at the continued silence set my shoulder against the crazy door. It yielded with a tearing sound, and I entered the room amid a cloud of fine dust.

He was lying on the bed stiff and cold. I had no need to call, to touch his shoulder, to place my hand on his heart. He was dead. With the clothes drawn up smoothly to his chin lay the man with whom I had conversed the previous night. The right arm lay outside the counterpane. On the hand glistened a pearl ring. I looked at that bauble. I glanced at the waxen face. The matter was beyond all doubt. Francis Briarfield was dead.

Before I could further examine the body or the room I was forced to run for my brandy flask. For the moment I was deadly sick, and it needed a long draft of the fiery spirit to speed the stagnating blood through my veins. The strange circumstance was a sufficient apology for such qualmishness. This lonely inn set on a handbreadth of living ground amid quaking bogs, this dead body of what had once been a friend, this solitude by which I found myself environed, these were sufficient to shake the strongest nerve. It looks in a manner prosaic on black and white, but think of the horror of the actual experience.

For the moment I could formulate no ideas on the subject. That my friend should be dead was sufficient to stun me. When reason came back, I asked myself how he died and who was responsible for the crime. The landlord, the maid, the brother, one of these three had murdered Francis Briarfield. But in what way?

I examined the body. It was clothed in a nightgown, and the clothes lay folded up on the chair by the bedside. The face was calm; there were no marks of violence on the throat or on the frame. Only on the violet lips lingered a slight curl of foam. The smooth bedclothes drawn up to the chin forbade the idea of a struggle. I looked at the right arm lying on the counterpane, at the hand, and there in the palm was a ragged wound from thumb to little finger. It was discolored at the edges and looked green and unwholesome. This livid appearance made me think of poison, but I was not sufficiently a doctor to diagnose the case correctly. Yet I was certain of one thing—that Francis Briarfield had come by his death in some foul fashion, and that at the hands of—whom?

Ay, there was the rub! So far as I knew, the landlord had no motive to commit such a crime. Suspicion pointed toward the maid who had wished to speak with the dead man after supper. Yet why should she desire his death? From the lips of Francis himself I had heard that he knew neither Strent nor Rose, nor indeed aught of the Fen inn. Hither he had been brought by his brother's letter to keep an appointment and was as ignorant of the inn, of its inmates, of its surroundings as I.

Could Felix have committed this crime? True, if my theory were correct and he had passed himself off to Olivia Bellin as Francis, there were some grounds for believing he wished his brother out of the way. Francis would undoubtedly refuse to permit the deception to be carried on, so it was just possible that Felix, in a frenzy of wrath and terror at the idea of his treachery being exposed, might have slain his brother. Yet all this fine theory was upset by the fact that Felix had not arrived on the previous night to keep the appointment. He therefore must be guiltless.

If so, what of the landlord and his daughter? Certainly they had no reason to slay a stranger who had sheltered under their roof for the night. Yet their flight looked suspicious. If they were innocent, why did they leave the inn?

He was lying on the bed stiff and cold.

Another question pregnant with meaning was the reason of their being alone in the inn. I had seen no servants either indoors or out. Father and daughter appeared to do all the work, yet it was beyond all reason that they should have no assistance. Where was the cook, the waiter, the hostler, the chambermaid? The house was a large one. Two people with all the will in the world could not thoroughly attend to the domestic economy of so great a mansion. Moreover, the girl had looked mused to work. That in itself was suspicious.

"Can it be?" thought I. "Can it be that these two hired this inn to compass the death of Francis Briarfield, and that he was drawn here as into a snare by his brother's letter? On the face of it, it looks absurd, and yet in what other way can I explain the absence of servants, the mildewed aspect of the rooms? Now Francis is dead, and they, without a word to me, have departed."

I could not solve the mystery. Far from doing so, the more I thought, the more I examined the surroundings, the deeper grew the mystery. The door had been locked, and I could find no key. The window also was locked, and even had it not been no one could have entered thereby, so considerable was the height from the ground. How, then, had the assassin gained admittance? Yet sure was I that Briarfield had been murdered, but by whom it was hard to say—nay, impossible.

I did indeed think that he had committed suicide, but this was too wild an idea to entertain even for a moment. When I parted from him on the previous night, he was in the best of health, looking forward to meeting Miss Bellin, and was passably content with his life. There was no hint of self destruction either in speech or action. The thought that his brother had deceived him would not have engendered such an idea. Rather was he determined to unmask the traitor and regain his promised wife by force. Murder it might be. Suicide was out of the question.

Thus far I thrashed out the matter, yet arrived at no logical conclusion. As there seemed no signs of landlord and maid, it behoored me to consider what I should do. According to Francis, his brother was due at the meeting place that morning, so I deemed it advisable to wait until he arrived and then explain the circumstances to him. If he was in league with Strent to murder his brother, he would hardly be able to disguise his joy at hearing the success of his plot. I therefore determined to watch his face during the interview, and if I saw therein any signs of guilt to there and then, in that lonely inn, accuse him as a second Cain. By thus terrorizing his soul with such accusation and with the sight of his victim I might force him into confession.

If he were guilty, I guessed the plea behind which he would shelter himself—that he had not been near the place on the previous night. This I would counter by the accusation that his emissaries had carried out his orders and then sought safety in flight. It might be that I suspected Felix wrongly, yet after the story told me by Francis I could not but think he was connected in some unseen way with the death of the latter. But, after all, these suspicions were yet vague and aimless. All I knew for certain was that Francis Briarfield was dead. I swore on the instant to devote myself to finding out and punishing his detestable assassin.

Having come to this resolution, I propped up the openidoor, so as to close the entrance to the chamber of death, and descended to the lower regions. Finding victuals and fuel in the kitchen, I cooked myself a meal and made a sufficiently good breakfast. Then I lighted my pipe and took my seat at the front door to watch for the coming of Felix Briarfield. Whether my suspicions would be dispelled or confirmed by his demeanor I was of course unable to say until the interview took place. But I was most anxious to know.

All that morning I looked down the winding road to Marshminster, but saw no one coming therefrom. Not a soul was in sight, and if I did for a moment think that Strent and his daughter might return and declare themselves innocent the thought was banished by a few hours' outlook. The inn, as I said before, was on a slight rise, and I could see far and wide. No human being was to be seen, and as the hours passed I grew almost horrified at the gruesome solitude. To be alone with a dead body in a lonely house in a lonely moor is hardly healthy for the mind.

Toward noon I took a resolution.

"If," said I, "the mountain won't come to Mohammed, why, then, Mohammed must go to the mountain."

The interpretation of this was that I intended to see Felix Briarfield at Bellin Hall, Marshminster. Face to face with him, and I would force him to explain why he had not kept the appointment. It seemed to me a suspicious circumstance. Perhaps Strent had told him Francis was dead, and therefore it would be useless for him to ride to the Fen inn. If this were so, he would go a long way toward implicating him in the crime.

I re-entered the house, locked up everything, and strapping on my knapsack took my departure toward Marshminster. Down way down the road I looked back at the ruin and saw it loom more grim and ghastly than ever. Even in the bright sunshine it could not appear otherwise than eerie, and it was with great pleasure that I left it behind. Yet under those sloping roofs Francis Briarfield lay dead, and it was to discover his assassin and avenge his death that I set my face toward Marshminster.

CHAPTER III.

Late in the afternoon I tramped into Marshminster. It was by no means my first visit to that sleepy provincial town. Under the shadow of the cathedral tower dwelt relatives with whom I had aforetime spent school and college holidays. Their house was the goal of my pilgrimage, and a week's rest was to recoup me for the toils of the walking tour. The tragic occurrence at the Fen inn altered all my plans. With an assassin to be tracked there was no time for comfortable idleness. Francis Briarfield had been my friend, and I owed it to his memory to avenge his death. It was no easy task I had set myself. I recognized that from the first.

In place, therefore, of seeking the center of the town and my maiden aunt's I turned off at the outskirts and made for Bellin Hall. According to the story of Francis, his brother was staying with the Bellins, and it was necessary that I should see him at once about the matter. My acquaintance with Mrs. Bellin and her daughter was confined to casual conversation at crowded "at homes" during the season. I had hardly the right to thrust myself on them uninvited, but my business brooked no delay. The sooner Felix knew the truth the better it would be for him. If he were guilty, I could punish him for his crime by denouncing him at once to the authorities; if innocent, he need lose no time in hunting down those who had slain his brother. Besides I wished to put Olivia on her guard against the man masquerading as Francis Briarfield. That I intended to do in any case, whether he was innocent or guilty.

Bellin Hall was a grotesque specimen of architecture, built by Jeremiah Bellin, who had made his money out of blacking. It was uncommonly like a factory, but perhaps the deceased Jeremiah liked something to remind him of the origin of his fortune and keep him from thinking his ancestors came over with William the Conqueror. He married the daughter of a baronet and then took his departure to the next world, leaving his widow well provided for and his daughter an heiress in her own right.

Mrs. Bellin was a pretty woman, with no brains and a giggling laugh. Her daughter had the beauty of her mother and the brains of her father, so she was altogether a charming girl. How she could tolerate her silly dolly of a mother I could never understand. Perhaps 23 years of constant forbearance had inured her to the trial.

On arriving at the front door I learned that Mr. Briarfield was within and sent up my card, requesting a private interview. For the present I did not wish to see Olivia, as it was my intention to warn Felix that I was cognizant of his trickery. My theory was proved correct by the following dialogue:

Myself—Is Mr. Briarfield within?

Footman—Yes, sir. Mr. Francis Briarfield has just returned from town.

After which question and answer I was shown into a room. Observe that I had said "Mr. Briarfield," and the footman answered "Mr. Francis Briarfield." Now, as I well knew that the man bearing that name was lying dead at the Fen inn, it was conclusive proof that Felix, to gain the hand of Olivia, was masquerading as his brother. I had just argued this out to my complete satisfaction when Felix made his appearance.

The resemblance between the brothers was extraordinary. I had some difficulty in persuading myself that the man before me was not he whom I had seen dead that morning, the same pale face, dark hair and jaunty mustache, the same gestures, the same gravity of demeanor and actually the same tones in the voice. There was not the slightest difference between Felix and Francis. The one duplicated the other. I no longer wondered that Olivia was deceived. Despite my acquaintance with the brothers, I should have been tricked myself. As it was, I stared open mouthed at the young man.

"This is a pleasant surprise, Denham," he said, looking anxiously at me. "I did not know you were in this part of the world."

"Nor was I until yesterday. I am on a walking tour and last night slept at the Fen inn."

"The Fen inn," he repeated, with a slight start. "What took you to that out of the way place?"

"I came by the marshes, and as I was belated had to take the shelter that offered."

"But, man alive," said Felix, raising his eyebrows, "the inn is empty!"

This time it was my turn to be astonished. If Felix thought the inn was empty, why did he appoint it as a meeting place for his brother? He either knew too much or too little, so it behooved me to conduct the conversation with the utmost dexterity.

"It was not empty last night at all events," I retorted, keeping my eyes fixed on his face.

"Indeed! Are gypsies encamped there?" he said coolly.

"Well, not exactly," I answered, emulating his calm. "It was in charge of a man called Strent and his daughter."

"This is news to me. I was always under the impression that the Fen inn was quite deserted."

"You have not been near it lately?"

"No. Nobody goes near it. They say it is haunted."

"Pshaw," I answered angrily, "an old wife's tale! And yet," I added after a moment's thought, "it may well be haunted after what took place there last night."

"This begins to grow interesting," said Felix. "Had you an adventure?"

"Yes. I met with your brother."

"Impossible! My brother Felix is in Paris."

"I am talking of Francis."

"Francis," he repeated, with a disagreeable smile, "Francis? Well, Denham, I am Francis."

"I think you are making a mistake, Briarfield," said I coldly. "Your brother Francis slept at the Fen inn last night."

"I slept in this house."

"I quite believe that. But you are Felix!"

"Oh," said Briarfield, bursting into a harsh laugh, "I see you are making the inevitable mistake of mixing me up with my brother. It is pardonable under the circumstances; otherwise I might resent your plain speaking."

The assurance of the man was so complete that I wondered if he knew that his secret was safe by the death of his brother. Such knowledge would account for his complacency. Yet it was quite impossible that he could know of the death, as he certainly had not been to the inn. I knew that from my own [illegible]

"If you are Francis," said I slowly, "you are engaged to Miss Bellin."

"I am," he answered haughtily, "but by what right you"——

"One moment, Mr. Briarfield. Miss Bellin gave her lover Francis a pearl ring. I do not see it on your finger."

He glanced down at his hand and grew confused.

"I lost it," he muttered—"I lost it some time ago."

"That is not true!"

"Do you dare to"——

"I dare anything in connection with what I know to be a fraud. You are passing yourself off as your brother Francis."

"By what right do you make this mad assertion?"

"From what Francis told me last night."

"But I tell you I am Francis," he said savagely. "Don't I know my own name?"

"If you are the man you assert yourself to be, where is the pearl ring?"

"I lost it."

"You did not. You never had it. I saw it on the finger of Francis no later than last night."

"I think you are mad, Denham!" said Felix, white with passion, "or else you must be talking of Felix, who is in Paris."

"That untruth will not serve," I said coldly. "Felix is before me, and Francis is lying dead at the Fen inn."

"What! Francis dead?" he cried unguardedly.

"Ah, you admit it is Francis?"

"No, I don't," he retorted quickly. "I only re-echoed your words. What do you mean by saying such a thing?"

For answer I rose from my seat and made for the door. The farce wearied me.

"Where are you going, Denham?" he asked, following me up.

"For the police," I answered, facing him. "Yes, I am determined to find out the mystery of Francis Briarfield's death. You, his brother, decline to help me, so I shall place the matter in the hands of the authorities."

"Upon my soul, Denham," said Felix, detaining me, "you are either mad or drunk. I declare most solemnly that I am Francis Briarfield. From this story of yours I should think it was my brother Felix who is dead, did I not know he is in Paris?"

"A fine story, but it does not impose on me," I answered scoffingly. "Listen to me, Briarfield. Your brother Francis went out to South America some six months ago. Before he went he was engaged to Miss Bellin. The mother would not hear of the marriage, so the engagement was kept quiet. You alone knew of it and took advantage of such knowledge to suppress the letters sent to Miss Bellin through you by Francis and represent yourself to Olivia as her lover returned three months before his time. You, I quite believe, are supposed to be in Paris, so that you may the more easily carry out the game."

"This is mere raving."

"It is the truth, and you know it. As Miss Bellin did not answer his letters, Francis thought something was wrong and returned home. Afraid lest he should find out your plot, you asked him to meet you at the Fen inn, and there either intended to throw yourself on his mercy or—to murder him."

"Murder him!" he repeated fiercely. "It is false!"

"That will be for the police to determine."

"But surely, Denham, you don't intend to inform the police?"

"I am going to do so now."

Felix seized me by the arm and dragged me back to my seat. He was now much agitated, but made every effort to restrain his emotion.

"Sit down," he said in a hoarse tone. "You do me wrong, Denham—on my soul you do me wrong. I was engaged, I am engaged, to Olivia Bellin. Her mother consented to our engagement after I returned to England three months ago. Felix, I believe, is in Paris. I don't know whom you met at the inn last night. It was not I—it could not have been Felix. There was no appointment between us. I am not masquerading as Francis because I am Francis."

"I don't believe you."

"You must! I can bring forward witnesses to prove my identity!"

"They may be misled by the resemblance. Remember, you and Francis are twins."

"I said before, and I say it again, you are mad!" he cried, roughly casting me off. "Whoever heard of an appointment being made at a ruined inn? No one has lived there for months. Ask any one in Marshminster, and they will tell you so."

"Strent and his daughter Rose"—I began, when he cut me short.

"Who are they? I never heard of them. They are figments of some dream. You went into that ruined inn last night and dreamed all this."

"You don't believe my story?"

"Not one word," said Felix coolly, looking me straight in the face.

"Then I don't believe one word of yours," I cried, jumping up. "Let us place the matter in the hands of the authorities and see who will be believed."

"What are you going to say, Denham?"

"Say? That Francis Briarfield has died in the Fen inn."

"You won't believe that I am Francis?" he said, evidently making some resolve.

"No. You are Felix!"

"One moment," he said, going to the door. "I shall prove my identity and in a manner that will admit of no denial."

With that he vanished, and I waited to see what further evidence he would bring forward to back up his imposture.

"Sit down," he said in a hoarse tone.

(To Be Continued.)

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PARTIAL SETTLEMENT.

STATE OF ALABAMA,
Calhoun County.

In Probate Court for said County Special Term Nov. 26th, 1894.

This day came F. P. Heifner, guardian of the estate of Lillian Heifner, a minor, and filed his account and vouchers for a partial settlement of his administration of said estate. It is therefore ordered that the 24th day of December A. D. 1894 be and is hereby appointed a day upon which to examine, pass upon, and allow said account and to make said settlement, and that notice thereof be given, by publication for three successive weeks in a new-paper published in said County, as a notice to all persons concerned to appear in this Court on said 24th day of December A. D. 1894 and contest said settlement if they think proper.

EMMETT F. CROOK,
dec5-3t. Judge of Probate.

Final Settlement.

STATE OF ALABAMA,
Calhoun County.

In Probate Court of said County Special Term 3d day of December 1894.

This day came S. D. G. Brothers, Executor of the estate of William Gray, deceased, and filed his account and vouchers for a final settlement of his administration of said estate. It is therefore ordered that the 27th day of Dec. A. D. 1894 be and is hereby appointed a day upon which to examine, pass upon, and allow said account, and to make said settlement, and that notice thereof be given, by publication for three successive weeks in a newspaper published in said County, as a notice to all persons concerned to appear in this court on said 27th day of December A. D. 1894 and contest said settlement if they think proper.

EMMETT F. CROOK,
dec5-3t. Judge of Probate.

Sheriff's Sale.

Under and by virtue of an execution in hand from the Circuit Court of Calhoun county in favor of F. E. Francis vs. A. J. Farmer, deceased et. als., I will proceed to sell on Monday the 24th day December 1894 in front of the court house door in the town of Jacksonville, Ala., during the legal hours of sale to the highest bidder for cash, the following described property to-wit: One fourth interest in lot No. 30, in the Francis addition, in the town of Jacksonville Ala., Forney Survey, as the property of A. J. Farmer, deceased. Said lot fronts 120 feet on Francis Ave., and runs back 110 feet. Levied on as the property of A. J. Farmer, to satisfy said execution in my hands, Nov. 20, 1894

E. G. CALDWELL
dec.1-3t Sheriff.

Final Settlement.

STATE OF ALABAMA,
Calhoun County.

In Probate Court of said County Special Term 3d day of December 1894.

This day came W. D. Gladden Administrator of the estate of Robt. Gladden, deceased, and filed his account and vouchers for a final settlement of his administration of said estate. It is therefore ordered that the 27 day of December A. D. 1894 be and is hereby appointed a day upon which to examine, pass upon, and allow said account and to make said settlement, and that notice thereof be given, by publication for three successive weeks in a newspaper published in said County, as a notice to all persons concerned to appear in this Court on said 27th day of December A. D. 1894 and contest said settlement if they think proper.

EMMETT F. CROOK,
dec-8-3t. Judge of Probate

Supplement to THE JACKSONVILLE (ALA.) REPUBLICAN.

JOYFUL GREETINGS

1894. OUR HOLIDAY SUPPLEMENT 1895.

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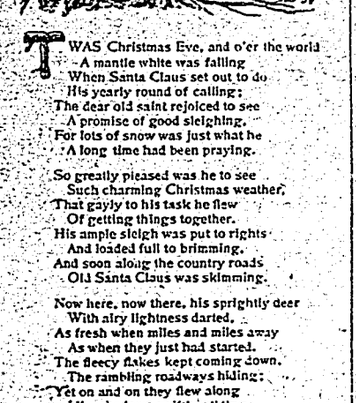
T. J. Nicholl

"IT IS THE BLESSED CHRISTMAS-TIDE; THE CHRISTMAS LIGHTS ARE ALL AGLOW."—WHITTIER.

SNOW-BOUND.



'TWAS Christmas Eve, and o'er the world
A mantle white was falling
When Santa Claus set out to do
His yearly round of calling;
The dear old saint rejoiced to see
A promise of good sleighing,
For lots of snow was just what he
A long time had been praying.

So greatly pleased was he to see
Such charming Christmas weather,
That gayly to his task he flew
Of getting things together.
His ample sleigh was put to rights
And loaded full to brimming,
And soon along the country roads
Old Santa Claus was skimming.

Now here, now there, his sprightly deer
With airy lightness darted,
As fresh when miles and miles away
As when they just had started.
The fleecy flakes kept coming down,
The rambling roadways hiding;
Yet on and on they flew along
Like shadows swiftly gliding.

But ere his journey was quite o'er
St. Nick met trouble dire;
The roads kept filling up apace,
The snow kept piling higher,
And from his sight the earth was hid
By flakes so thickly flying,
He could not find the road at all,
But still he kept on trying.

Here was indeed for Santa Claus
An awkward situation,
And one that for the moment filled
His mind with consternation;
The kindly soul was sad with fear
That on the morrow morning
Some disappointed little friends
His absence would be mourning.

Still trusting that kind Providence
Would help him in his trouble,
St. Nick his faithful reindeer steeds
Their efforts urged to double;
And often with a cheering word
The jaded beasts he aided,
While on ahead through snowdrifts deep
To find the road he waded.

At length, amid the flying flakes,
By chance old Santa sighted
Not far away a signpost tall,
Whereat he was delighted.
The sign upon the post contained
The welcome information
That close at hand the road ran straight
Unto his destination.

With hope renewed the good old saint
Along the roadway struggled;
And soon he reached a sleeping town
Which in a valley snuggled.
Here ended Santa's Christmas calls
And here his sleigh he lightened,
Then homeward quickly off he sped
Ere Sol the landscape brightened.

FRANK B. WELCH.

A MERRY CHRISTMAS.

Do Some Act to Make It a Happy One for Your Neighbor.

Scarcely less wonderful than the mystery of the first Christmas night is the mystery of the perpetuation of the festival. It is a far cry enough from the shepherds who tended their flocks on the hillside of Judea, and the believing kings who followed the star from the east, to, let us say, the average American citizen, and the modern rulers of kingdoms. Reverence and simple faith are not exactly the prevailing characteristics of the former, nor do the latter betray sufficient keenness of interest in things supernal to warrant the supposition that they would leave their kingdoms and go forth laden with treasure, to follow a mysterious sign in the heavens. Yet withal Christmas brings its message to these as well as to their widely different prototypes of nearly two thousand years ago. The echo of the angelic voices that sang of peace on earth, good will to men, still resounds in the heavens on Christmas night, and brother is reconciled to brother, old enmities are laid away, past sins forgiven, and the bonds of friendship and family affection drawn tighter over the Christmas board and round the cheerful hearth. The rich and powerful still open their coffers and, with large-handed liberality, scatter their goods among the poor, thereby imitating the Magi of old; for is it not written: "Whatsoever ye shall do unto the least of My brethren, ye shall do unto Me?" Thus, in spite of the evil forces with which modern materialism and infidelity are seeking to subvert the influences of Christianity, the Star of Bethlehem is still in the ascendant, and Christmas is the greatest and most joyous festival known to the civilized world.

A Merry Christmas, then, let it be to all! A divine religion is not a sad one. It brings peace to the heart, and joy is an exuberance of peace. Therefore let the bells ring out, and hang out the mistletoe, and bring on the smoking turkey, and gather round the fireside, and join in the frolics of the youngsters—anything, everything, so that the day be merry, and all hearts rejoice because Christ the Lord was born. Forget for a time the cares of business, the pressure of hard times, the threatening future. Lock up the family skeleton and, with it, all frowns and harsh words and the petty tyrannies and jealousies of common days. If you can lose the key of the closet, so much the better. If not, even the brief respite from ugly cares will leave its benediction in your heart, and quicken your longing for the return of the festival of peace.

If you have no fireside of your own to enliven, seek out the desolate hearth of some unfortunate brother. There are many forlorn little ones to whom an orange and a picturebook would be a foretaste of Heaven. Play Santa Claus to such, and you will find your Merry Christmas in the reflection of their innocent delight; or carry your greeting and your gift to some aged and lonely creature whose last Christmas it will be on earth, and earn a blessing that will repay your efforts a hundredfold. There is, happily, no monopoly of the joys of Christmas. If they do not come to us, we can go to them. We have but to open our hearts and stretch out our hands, and the messengers of peace will come gladly trooping toward us. It will be our own fault if we have not each and all a Merry Christmas.—Once a Week.

A TAX on incomes: Christmas.—Philadelphia Record.

WHAT DOES IT MEAN?

A Happy New Year! What does it mean? Are not these words often thrown out as a greeting without thought or depth of meaning? Is it a year in which to ourselves come wealth and health, prosperity and friendship? One spent in the pursuit of fleeting pleasure and filled with self-centered interest? No! Rather let the wish be to each and all, as the New Year dawns with all its opportunities, that the days of 1895 may be well spent—filled with thought and sympathy for those around, and that in self-forgetting and kindly deeds the happiness of others may be ever sought, and then most truly will each act rebound again in joy and blessing to the heart from which it springs.—Christian at Work.

SANTA CLAUS will be just as well pleased if you distribute a few stockings instead of filling quite so many this year.

A MEMORY

WITHIN the quiet house of God
This winter morning fair,
The organ music softly thrills
Upon the listening air;
Then, mingling with the organ notes,
The choir's sweet voices sound:
"While shepherds watched their flocks by night
All seated on the ground."

And straightway, from that blessed place
My wandering fancies roam,
Once more a little child am I,
Within my childhood's home;
I hear again my mother's voice,
Her dear arms clasp me round,
She sings how angel hosts "came down
And glory shone around."

The moonlight falls across the floor
In bars of silver light,
And many a merry sleighbell breaks
The silence of the night,
My head upon her loving heart
In childish trust is laid,
The while she sings of that blest Babe,
"In meanest garb arrayed."

The pealing organ notes are still,
The Christmas hymn is sung,
I sit in my accustomed place,
The reverent throng among;
But sweet and low within my heart,
There echoes all day long
The memory of my mother's voice
And of the angels' song.

—E. M. Griffith, in N. Y. Observer.

ODD NEW YEAR CUSTOMS.

Queer Ways of Giving Presents in the Olden Times.

There used to be a custom in vogue many years ago in placing all the New Year's gifts on the floor in a dark room where the recipients scrambled for them on their knees, and if they brought out other than their own they were fined a certain sum which was to be expended in addition to the good cheer. Bags of bran and baskets of shavings were used to conceal the gifts in, and the whole process was made as difficult and amusing as possible. The custom of giving New Year's presents dates back to the Saxons, who kept the festival with great ceremony and feasting. In the fifteenth century gloves were the most appreciated of any presents, being of the finest quality and handsomely decorated with gold and silver embroidery. A neat surprise was a sum of money inclosed in the gloves. A lord chancellor of England, Sir Thomas Moore, had won a difficult suit for a lady client, and she remembered him on New Year's day with a pair of gloves which had forty gold pieces sewed into them. Sir Thomas kept the gloves, but returned the money, saying that such lining made him uncomfortable.—Detroit Free Press.

Poor Man.

One of the most melancholy sights in nature is a man trying to buy a Christmas present for a woman. He knows in a vague way that the present must not be a pair of suspenders or a shaving set, but when he comes to particularize the poor man lapses into perfect imbecility, and gives his sister the money and tells her to buy the present.—Boston Globe.

Christmas Eve.

Little bits of stockings,
Hung up in a row,
Always make Kris Kringle
Down the chimney go.

—Detroit Free Press.

A FEARFUL CHARGE.

Dilly (in horrified whisper)—Mamma, Willy is an infidel.

Mamma—An infidel?

Dilly—Yes; he said he don't believe there's any Santa Claus.—Puck.

A DISTINGUISHED ARRIVAL.

"There's a new face at the door, my friend,
A new face at the door."

—Chicago Record.

WHAT YOU WOULD DO.

F ALL the presents in the world—
The wealth of the Christmas cheer,
All the stores of beautiful toys
For dear little girls and jolliest boys,
All that ever were sung or told,
Could into a one big gift be rolled—
All the holly and evergreen too—
I'd bring the bundle to you, my dear,
The whole of it straight to you.

Selfish—to wish it all for one,
The gathered beauty of all the year!
Never, never!—for when it was done,
What would you do, my dear?
Ah, ah! how swiftly your thoughts would go
Out to the little ones far and near,
Who never have seen and never can know
The taste of holiday cheer.
Think of the million wistful eyes
That soon would brighten with glad surprise
When I should bring it to you, my dear,
To do as you pleased to do.

Woolly wee dogs and china kittens,
All the rackets and balls and bats,
Ban, ban lambs and purring cats,
Scarlet mufflers and worsted mittens;
All the doilies in all the world,
Blue-eyed, brown-eyed, frizzled and curled:
All the books with pictures, rhymes,
Telling of merriest Christmas times—
All the story of peace on earth,
Coming to us with a Saviour's birth.

Yes, I will bring it all to you,
The crown of the closing year,
And when the little beseeching hands
Were held to you from lands and lands,
Your bundle would melt so fast, so fast,
That soon we should reach the very last.
So now, have I answered right, my dear,
Guessing what you would do?
—Sydney Dayre, in Our Little Ones.

WHAT HAPPENED LAST CHRISTMAS.

AST Christmas was the jolliest one I ever saw. I guess what makes me think so is because it was such a good one to Aunt Mildred and Uncle George—though he was not my uncle yet, then—and they say if it hadn't been for me they wouldn't have had such a good Christmas. And I reckon if I hadn't been so anxious to work and earn something, things never would have happened just as they did. My pa died when I was just a little fellow, and my Aunt Mildred earned nearly everything we had after that, teaching music, for my ma was sick nearly all the time. While my pa lived we had plenty, but everything he had was invested in a bank, and the bank failed soon after he died. People said that if he had lived the bank wouldn't have failed; and they think the man that was in with him cheated my ma out of what ought to have been hers.

For the last three or four years I have been earning a nickel whenever I could by carrying parcels or running errands, or something of that sort; but last winter I just made up my mind that a great big boy eleven years old could do something harder than that; so when a big snow fell a week or two before Christmas I started out to shovel snow for people. There was Mrs. Bronson, living upon Fourth street, that had always been mighty good about giving me little jobs to do, and I went to her first. She let me shovel the snow off of all the walks for her, and paid me a good price for it; and then she went and brought out an overcoat of Mr. Bronson's that she said he would not wear any more, though it was real good, all but on the sleeves and on the edge of it, and wanted to know if my ma could not cut it down for me. I knew ma could do it, for she had made lots of things for me out of pa's old clothes, and I needed an overcoat, too; but I hated to take such a thing from a stranger, and my face burned like fire. But she offered it in such a nice way, like she was afraid of hurting my feelings, and her face looked like it was burning, too, so I thought maybe I'd better take it, and told her I would take it if she would let me do something to pay for it—I didn't feel like I could take it for nothing, it seemed so much like a beggar—and she told me all right, I might go down cellar and rick up the stove wood that had been hauled and thrown in there, so it would not be so much in the way. I went and piled up the wood, and she wrapped up the coat in a big paper, so no one could see what it was—I thought that was nice of her—and I took it home with me. When I took it to ma and told her about it she cried a little, but she said I did right to take it, and she went right to work ripping it up to make over for me. She was ripping away on it, when all at once she said: "Why, Harry, here is a letter addressed to Mr. George Bronson, that has worked its way down out of the pocket between the lining and the outside. You must go right back to Mrs. Bronson and take the letter to her, and tell her how we found it."

We talked a little more about it and then I hurried back with it, though it did not look as though it could be of much importance, for it seemed to have been written years ago, and didn't look like a business letter, either. It was in a woman's handwriting, and ma and I both thought it looked a little like Aunt Mildred's handwriting, only smaller. But I think all women's and girl's handwriting looks a good deal alike.

When I gave the letter to Mrs. Bronson she said George was her brother-in-law that used to board with them when they lived in Palmville, and she reckoned her husband must have put the letter in his pocket and forgot to give it to his brother. She said, for it must have been in there for four or five years, George Bronson left their house and went off to some western city to practice law before they left Palmville, and that was over three years ago. She said she would send the letter to him and explain about it. The evening before Christmas I was helping around in Mr. Paton's store and didn't get home till about eight o'clock. I went up to the kitchen window and peeped in and saw that ma and Elsie—that's my little sister—were in there, so I thought I'd go around to the little front room we called the parlor and get Aunt Mildred to help me hide the presents I had got for them, till the next morning. When I went in, there was a great big, tall man with his arms around Aunt Mildred, holding her fast. She gave a little sort of a scream and tried to get away from him when I came in, and I yelled out: "Burglars! Help!" and picked up the poker and ran at him; but Aunt Mildred said: "Stop, stop, Harry." Then he let her go, and she sort o' laughed and blushed and said: "Harry, this is not a burglar, but a man that is going to be your uncle before long."

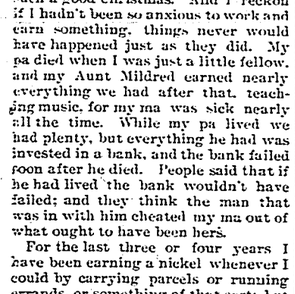
You see, it was this way: They got to be sweethearts five years ago when Aunt Mildred was at boarding school, and Mr. Bronson—Uncle George it is now—was tending law school in the same place. They wanted to marry, but grandpa said Aunt Mildred was too young to marry, but he let her correspond with Uncle George after they both left school. But when Uncle George's brother forgot to give him that letter he waited and waited, and then he thought Aunt Mildred had quit writing to him and he went off out west. He had never told his folks anything about having a sweetheart, and they didn't know what was the matter with him. His brother had taken the letter out of the office and put it in his pocket with other letters, and when it slipped down out of sight he never thought of it again.

Aunt Mildred was just like Uncle George; she thought he had quit writing to her, and she never said anything about him. Grandpa died about that time, and she came to live with us, and all the money she had was put into the bank with pa's, and lost the same way.

Well, you see when Mrs. Bronson got hold of that letter she sent it to her brother-in-law—that's Uncle George, you know—and told him how a boy named Harry Floyd had found it in her husband's old coat; and when he got the letter he saw just how it all was, and as my name is Floyd, he thought I must be some kin to Aunt Mildred; so he came back here as quick as he could and found out where we lived, and came and found Aunt Mildred here. And that's how I happened to be the cause of him and Aunt Mildred having such a merry Christmas last year.

Uncle George is a pretty sharp lawyer, I tell you, and he has brought some sort of suit against the man that cheated us out of our money, and he thinks he is pretty sure of getting it back for us.—Martha S. White, in Good Housekeeping.

UNDER THE MISTLETOE.



He—"Did I but dare, what bliss were mine
To press those lovely lips divine!
Did I but dare!"

She—"The stupid chump, to stand and stare
As though his feet were planted there.
The stupid chump!"—Judge.

HIS ARM WAS AROUND AUNT MILDRED.

Her Gift.

"Pray, give me something new for Christmas day.
I have more scarfs than I can ever wear;
For slippers, let me say, I do not care.
Though a good book is never in the way
I have no time for reading. Give me, pray,
No more cigars. I have cigars to spare.
Give me no fountain-pens—they make me swear;
No knives before my tortured eyes display."
Ah! pretty Stella overheard my plaint,
And knowing well I loved her, blushing, said:
"How very deep, it seems, is your despair.
Your troubles, sure, would aggravate a saint.
And so I think"—and here she bowed her head—
"I'll give you just myself; so take me. There!"
—Nathan M. Levy, in Judge.

His Reason.

It was drawing near to a very interesting season of the year. Willy was getting ready for bed. His mother looked happy.

"My dear," she said, "I am glad to see that you do not hurry through your prayers as you used to."

"No, ma'am," said Willy. "Christmas is week after next, and I have a good many things to ask for."—Inter Ocean.

That Would Not Suit.

"Let's be married on Christmas, darling," said the impetuous young lover after Miss Fosdick had said yes.

"No, indeed!" replied the far-sighted young girl. "I'd lose one set of presents."—Judge.

CHRISTMAS MORNING.

Bobby—Come to breakfast, sister!

Little Sister (with her new Christmas doll)—No, thank you, Bob; I had my breakfast yesterday morning!—Harper's Bazar.

The Christmas Girl.

The snow has drifted to her brow,
The holly bud has dyed her cheek,
Her eyes, like stars on Christmas eve,
Shine out with glances, coyly, meek.
There's Christmas radiance everywhere
In wreaths of green and berries red;
But, best of all, I gladly note
There's mistletoe above her head.
—Lurana W. Sheldon, in Life.

Wally Reasons.

"I don't see why you don't let me eat all my candy," whined Wally on Christmas morning. "It didn't hurt my stockin' to be full of it, and I'm bigger than it."—Harper's Young People.

It Filled the Requirements.

"George," said Mrs. Cawker to her husband, "why did you ask Carrie what she wanted for a Christmas present, and when she replied that she wanted a sealskin sack, why did you go off and get her a cheap glove-buttoner?"

"Why, my dear," replied Cawker, "the essential thing about a Christmas gift is that it shall be a complete surprise."—Harper's Bazar.

Easy to Be Happy.

Mrs. Nexdoor—Aren't you always worried half to death when it comes to buying a Christmas present for your husband?

Mrs. Sunshine—My, no! I buy my husband something I want for myself, and he buys me something he wants for himself, and then we trade.—N. Y. Weekly.

A Philosophical Dissertation on "Why We Kiss Under the Mistletoe."

FOR THE BEST OF REASONS.

There are some men who can develop a very light and agreeable subject into a very heavy and disagreeable magazine article with an ease that implies little effort—except on the part of the reader.

I was moved to this reflection by seeing in an old number of an English periodical a ponderous explanation by some benighted Britisher of the reason: "Why We Kiss Under the Mistletoe."

Of course the explanation had nothing to do with the case.

It had reference to the death of the chief, or king, of a primitive tribe and the saturnalian license of the interregnum, and ingeniously supplied the two or three missing links necessary to connect the mistletoe with these occurrences.

Ye gods and little fishes! Why should a man disturb the ashes of a primitive king to find a better reason than the one right before his eyes. It is a wonder that some eminent savant doesn't endeavor to make Dionysius of Halicarnassus responsible for the ancient and honorable custom of calling on one's best girl seven nights in the week.

When we discover a pair of bright eyes sparkling with saucy invitation, a soft cheek, crimson with a demurely unconscious blush, and ripe, red lips forming themselves into an acquiescent pout, we are not obliged to go poking around in savage graveyards to find out "why we kiss under the mistletoe!"

We kiss under the mistletoe for the same reason that we kiss on the back-parlor sofa, in the swiftly gliding cutter, or under the hall lamp, just as we are saying "Good night—" if we are sure that her mother isn't looking over the balusters.

On this side of the water we hold primeval precedents of little value. We prefer to hold living realities. We kiss without reference to Druid, Goth or Celt; to magna charta or the court of chancery.

And when the merry Christmas bells ring crisply on the air we kiss the girls under the mistletoe, not, as may be meanly suggested, because they expect it and we are too courteous to disappoint them, but simply and solely because we can't help it.

And we wouldn't if we could!—Harry Romaine, in Puck.

Christmas Giving.

You know, and I know, that to thousands of us Christmas has become a season of the year the coming of which we actually dread. Years ago our forefathers looked to it with delight. They thought of it months before. We do, too, only in a different spirit. Our main idea of the coming of Christmas nowadays seems to be what it is going to cost us. Christmas-giving, once regulated by the heart, is in great danger of being very soon almost entirely regulated by the means—if it has not already reached that deplorable state. We have made an actual business of Christmas-giving. Formerly it was considered a pleasure to give; now we sit down and think out our presents as a matter of duty. We have to give; we consider it an obligation to give so-and-so a certain present at Christmas. Not that we want to do so; we simply feel that we must. "She will give me something, and, of course, I must give her something," is the way we coldly calculate the matter. And then when we receive the present the first thought, in nine cases out of ten, is whether we have received as much as we gave. If we have not we feel provoked at our own generosity, and coolly make a mental conclusion that next year we will give less.—Ladies' Home Journal.

Economy.

"Why don't you propose to Miss Squires, if you like her so much?"

"I'm waiting for Christmas. Then, you see, I can make the engagement ring serve for a Christmas present."—Chicago Record.

May This Be So!

In this New Year
Let every heart God's higher comfort share!
Climbing to all the holier heights above—
Hiding dark hate beneath the wings of Love!
And in despite of storm and stress and strife,
Living the larger and the lovelier life!
—Atlanta Constitution.

Guile.

Dix—If my wife asks you my brand of cigars between now and Christmas, tell her these, and say—

Dealer—Yes.

Dix—Don't charge her over a dollar a box; I'll pay the balance.—Truth.

A Timely Question.

"I can understand how Santa Claus comes *down* the chimney," remarked Edgar, "but I wonder how he goes *up*."—Harper's Young People.

THE PASSING YEAR.

Y DOOR stands open wide to-night,
In token of a parting guest,
Who twelve months since, with keen delight,
I welcomed to my homely nest.

He stands there now, wan, wasted, old,
His race quite run, his mission o'er,
And when the midnight hour is tolled
We part, to meet no more.

He came to me in merry guise,
With hopes and promises not few;
Ah! who could look within those eyes
And deem that they were all untrue?

But expectations all have fled,
The promises are broken, too,
The hopes lie withered, crushed and dead—
Not one of all but proved untrue.

And there he stands, decrepit, wan,
Who came to me a merry elf;
A few sands more he will be gone,
And with him gone part of myself.

So come and go the passing years
That bear us to the silent sea,
But bright with smiles or dim with tears,
They come in love, dear Lord, from Thee.
—Christian at Work.

Sweet Bells of Christmastide.

Christmas bells, chime out triumphant
Over land and over sea!
Send your happy tidings floating
On sweet waves of melody;
Softly tell your tender story,
O'er and o'er and o'er again,
"Glory in the highest, glory,
Peace on earth, good will to men."

To some doubting, weary spirit,
Bring a gentle, holy calm;
May your notes, on hearts sore-wounded,
Fall like consecrated balm.
To some life's storm troubled waters
May they whisper Peace, be still!
And our sleeping souls awaken
With a glad, exultant thrill.

On your wings of music, sweet bells,
Bear our thoughts to Him above,
Teach our hearts to time their pulses
To the rapturous psalm of love.
Oh! fling out all strife and malice,
With the story of His birth,
Ring in Faith, and Hope, and Love,
And peace on earth!
—Claudia Tharin, in Good Housekeeping.

CHRISTMAS IN DARKTOWN.

Parson Jackson—Ephrim, it says in de good book: "Thou shalt not steal."

Ephraim Johnson—I know that, sah, but I've been so lucky I thought I'd gib you one.

Parson Jackson—"The Lawd lubs a cheerful giver."—Judge.

Christmas Time.

I must own that all this fussing's
Rather trying on the nerves:
For a week back I've been running
To the cellar for preserves.
To the loft to bring the hams down,
To the barn for eggs; you see
All our young folks are a-coming
Home to mother and to me.

Dick is coming home from college.
He has holidays just now.
He is going to be a preacher
(He could never learn to plow);
Lucy's coming from the high school,
Ben and Harry from the town,
And we've made Eliza promise
To bring all her children down.

Mother's in a pesky fidget,
And she's fretting all day long
Lest with all her roasts and puddings
Something may perhaps go wrong;
But I just keep on a humming
An old-fashioned Christmas glee,
For the young folks are all coming
Home to mother and to me.
—P. McArthur, in N. Y. Sun.

Is or Are.

Ah! Santa Claus, come in, come in,
Your welcome is beyond all measure,
We're glad to have you come and stay,
Your Christmas { presents are / presence is } a pleasure.
—Detroit Free Press.

Enjoyed It.

Dinwiddie—"Did your children enjoy Christmas?" Larimer—"I should think they did. Had to call in two doctors."—Pittsburgh Chronicle Telegraph.

Footprints in the Sands of Time.

—Exchange.

The Festivity Not Yet Complete.

Tommy—Come on out an' play.

Eddy—I can't.

Tommy—Why not?

Eddy—I got some Christmas things wot I ain't broke yet.—Chicago Record.

POLLY:
HERE'S such a lot that Santa Claus
Must 'tend to when he b'gins,
I feel a little anxious, cause
He might forget we're twins.

S'posen he'd peek in at our bed
'Bout 'leven or half-past ten,
And say: "There's Dolly Brookses' head,
And—Dolly Brooks again!"

And then he'd pull our stockings down,
And shake his head, and say,
With such a dreadful stingy frown:
"She can't fool me that way!"

DOLLY:
Poor Polly wouldn't have a thing,
How terr'ble that would be!
For every single toy he'd bring
He'd s'pose would b'long to me.

Polly: let's take our picture books
Before we go to bed,
Marked "Polly Brooks" and "Dolly Brooks,"
And hang them overhead.

Then, when old Santa comes our way,
He'll smile the biggest grins,
And tiptoe 'round the bed, and say:
"What have we here? Ah, twins!"
—Outlook.

CHIP'S CHRISTMAS CHEER

STACKS of money all around! Stout little canvas sacks bulging full of gold and tied together at the neck with strong cord; neat little paper rolls of silver dollars piled up in pyramid form, and heaps and heaps of packages of bills counted and done up in little paper bands! Some of these packages were of one-dollar bills and some of fives and some of tens; others of twenties and fifties and one-hundreds. They were stacked up at the back of the desk where Thomas Tippy was at work in the bank, for he was a teller of some sort, or underteller, or something which entailed a great deal of work and very little pay, as positions of responsibility often do. As one looked through the little brass-barred window at "Tommy," as everybody in the bank called him, he appeared to be a veritable money king. Wealth was all around. Besides being all over the two standing desks between which he worked, it was stowed away in drawers, I have no doubt, and piled up on the floor.

Tommy was hard at work. It was the day before Christmas, and people had been making deposits, and drawing money, and getting drafts, and doing all sorts of things which they will insist on putting off till the last minute. He was writing in an effort to close up affairs for the day, and his arm rested as he wrote on a package of one-hundred-dollar bills when he glanced up and saw at the little grating through which he had to look at the public a pair of big, greedy eyes set in a very small and very wan face. The face itself barely reached above the window-ledge, and Tommy couldn't tell whether it belonged to a boy or a girl, it was so pinched, and hungry, and dirty. The eyes of the face were devouring the money, as the eyes of the poor are prone to do, and the owner of the face seemed lost in contemplation of the gorgeous sight.

Then the eyes saw that Tommy was looking at them and shifted to meet his own. Tommy noted that they were singularly beautiful eyes of brown, with long, curving lashes. He must have been looking into them with a very kindly gaze, for they seemed to read in his look a friendliness that made their owner bold.

"Please, mister," said a small voice, which evidently came from the owner of the eyes, "can't I go on an errun', er something, so's to earn a little Chris'mus stake?"

The owner of the eyes evidently took Tommy for the owner of all the wealth around him, and of the whole institution as well, and had a notion that if he chose he could hand out a bag of gold coin or two or three of the thick slabs

"BEEN A-WAITIN' FER YE."

of greenbacks which were scattered around so promiscuously. This abiding confidence in his greatness on the part of the owner of the small, wan face so flustered Tommy that he could do nothing for a moment but stare at the big brown eyes and grow red in the face. Finally he said:

"Why, you see—ahem—it's—it's—"

And here the watchman came along and, seeing the ragged little owner of the face, hustled him out with some scornful remarks about beggars. As the little fellow disappeared through the door and down the outside steps Tommy saw a slight figure tattered and shivering. And then the doors swung shut and Tommy turned to his work, with all of his own troubles crowded out of mind and only sympathy for the poor little waif occupying his thoughts.

He forgot all about the load of obligation that was on him and his hopeless struggles to extricate himself from the quicksand of debt into which he had floundered in his efforts to care for his poor old mother and a helpless invalid sister in a little Wisconsin town. The load had been made infinitely heavier by a sad accident to his mother, which had resulted in a broken limb and which had necessitated nurses and increased doctors' bills and no end of expense during the fall, and Tommy had been obliged to borrow money from a private Shylock in the bank and pay a ruinously-usurious interest per month for the same. He had had to send home the big end of his small salary, too, each month, and, what between this and the borrowed money he had run behind in his board, and was in about as desperate a financial fix as a hard-working, honest and faithful employe ever was. Only the extreme kindliness of the little old lady with whom Tommy boarded in a little old cottage on a little by-street on the West side enabled him to keep his head above water at all. But he was one of those stout-hearted fellows of whom the great world rarely hears, and wouldn't let himself get sour or cross.

When at last he had straightened everything up and had packed away the bundles of bills, and the bags of gold, and the paper rolls with the silver dollars inside, and had run over in his mind all the good he might do if only a small portion of all this money was his own, he took down his shabby overcoat from its peg, shook himself into it, put on his hat, and went out of the bank. He noticed that the streets were full of happy, hurrying throngs of people, most of whom had some package or bundle, but he wasn't envious, though he wished for a moment that he might have been able to send to his mother and sister some of the many pretty things he had seen through the shop windows as he walked homeward each evening.

He started west at a brisk walk for he couldn't afford to ride, and it was crisply cold. He hadn't gone far when he noticed a small figure trotting along by his side. He looked at it and caught two big brown eyes glancing up into his own.

It was the boy who had wanted to earn the "Christmas stake."

Tommy stopped short, so did the boy.

"Hello!" said Tommy, cheerily. "Where did you come from?"

"Been a-waitin' fer ye," piped the small voice, with equal cheeriness. "Tought mebbe you might want a errun' run som'ers."

"What's your name?" asked Tommy, in an admiring tone, his face beaming.

"Chip."

"Anything else?"

"Nop. Nothin' but Chip. Ye see, I'm a hustlin' fer myself, an' I hain't had no time to think up names. A little feller like me don't ketch on very easy, you know."

Tommy had started on and this last speech had come from the small figure as it trotted along. He looked down and saw the big brown eyes looking up at him. They were beautiful to look into, and the voice was such a cheery little voice, without a trace of a whine in it, that Tommy felt immensely refreshed.

"And what made you pick me out?" asked Tommy.

"Well, I liked your looks, and—why, you own the bank, don't you, an' all that money, an' ever'thing?"

Tommy looked down again and laughed. Chip looked up and laughed. It was right jolly to chum along that way, and they both felt first-rate. Then Tommy said:

"Well, I don't exactly *own* the bank. I've only got an interest in it. Say! To-morrow's Christmas! Know that?"

"Bet I do!" said Chip; "that's why I'm a hustlin'. I want to be in with the other good people. I want to eat turkey."

"Well, I tell you," said Tommy, "I don't want any errands done, and I don't know of anything I can give you to do, Chip—"

Here the wan little face looked up bravely and the big brown eyes steadied themselves a bit till Tommy had finished.

"But I'll take you home with me, if you like, and you can share my Christmas dinner with me, whatever it may be. How's that; eh, old man?"

The big brown eyes in the little pale face glistened with the tears that touches of unexpected kindness always produce in sensitive natures, but the voice made a great effort to be as brave and cheery as ever when it replied between shivers:

"I call that—'way up in G. an'—you're a pr—prince o' the blood—you are!"

"Put it there," said Tommy, as he stepped under a gas lamp and held his hand to the little great soul by his side. The cool little hand snuggled confidently in his and the eyes looked back into his own and the bond of intimacy and warm friendship was complete.

Thereafter Tommy held Chip's hand as they tramped along west, and when they reached the side street in which he lived, Tommy lifted the thin little figure in his arms and with Chip's hands clasped round his neck walked into the presence of kind old Mrs. Bloomer. It was meager fare they had that night, considered from the standard of high livers, but Tommy was used to it and it was simply luxurious to Chip.

But the next day, after Tommy had chummed with Chip all forenoon and got friendly and learned all about him—which wasn't much, he hadn't a friend in the world—and after Mrs. Bloomer had taken him in hand and scrubbed him up and fitted him into a back-number jacket and trousers which her own boy had worn years and years ago, before he ran off on a lake schooner and got drowned—then it came dinner time, and oh, dear! what a feast that dinner was to Chip. There wasn't any turkey, but there was the tenderest and best stewed chicken that ever Mrs. Bloomer had cooked, and the gravy was simply delicious. Then there were nice, warm biscuit to split in half and smother with this gravy; and mashed potatoes and homemade bread and butter; and to top off with there was the thickest, and juicest, and sweetest apple pie that ever was baked. And Chip had two glasses of real milk.

And how his big brown eyes sparkled and his pale cheeks brightened! What a merry little fellow he proved to be, with his quaint sayings and his extravagant admiration of Tommy! And when dinner was over and Chip was happy as he could be Tommy got out his harmonica and played dead marches till Chip was "mighty nigh to bustin'," as he himself expressed it.

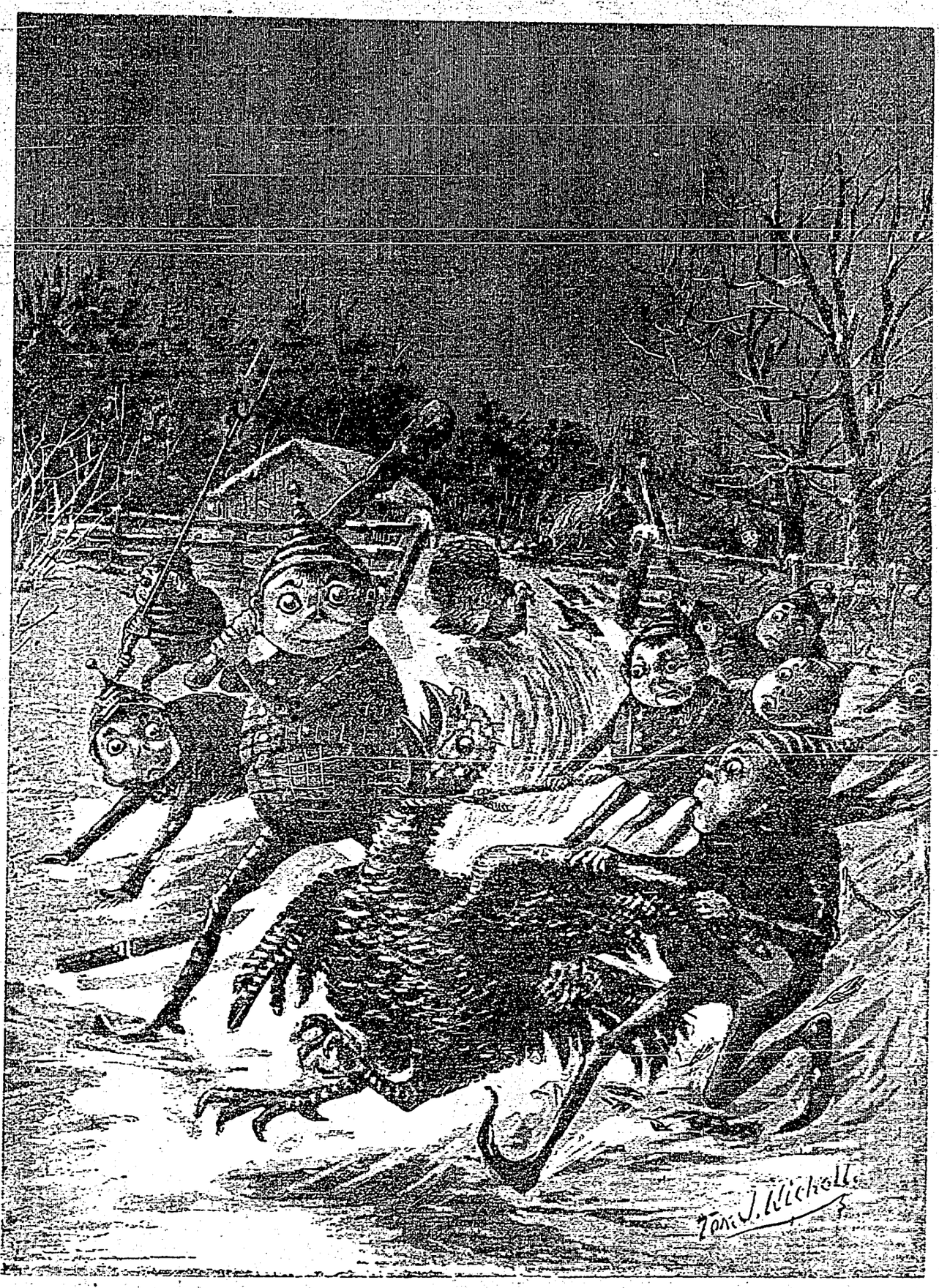
In the evening Tommy took Chip to the theater and sat up in the twenty-five cent gallery, and they had the best time in the world, and wouldn't have changed places with the swell people in the first-floor boxes, not on any account. And when they had gone home and to bed and Chip had snuggled down by his side, Tommy asked:

"What are you thinking about, Chip, old man?"

A small, thin arm stole up over Tommy's breast and hugged his shoulder warmly.

"I was jist a offerin' a bet to myself," said Chip, sleepily, "that you wasn't nothin' less'n own brother to Santy Claus. Ain't ye?"

But before Tommy could answer happy little Chip was far afloat on dreamland's delightful sea and was living over again the pleasures of the day, while in Tommy's heart there crooned a soothing song more sweet and comforting than any millionaire in all the great big city could ever hope to hear.—Kirk La Shelle, in Chicago Mail.



A RACE FOR A HOLIDAY DINNER.

WE SAT beside the old-time fire, and in its ruddy gleems.
We talked about the old-time things, and dreamed the old-time dreams;
And wife was at her knittin,' while I was smokin' slow,
But both of us was thinkin' of a Christmas long ago.

We old folks—well, we ain't so much on Christmas nowadays,
Although the Lord has led us 'long on all our wanderin' ways;
But, sittin' by the old fireplace, the bright flames seem to glow
And light a little face we loved one Christmas—long ago!

A little face—the sweetest face of all the village girls,
Like spring's red roses blossomin' rimmed 'round with golden curls;
A face we've kissed—a face we've missed for many a weary year;
(How sweet the Christmas time would be if that dear face was near!)

We didn't think John good enough for Mary, but you see,
Her mother—she was always jes' so much too good for me.
That though they took and run away—and though it seemed a crime,
I said I'd look it over if they'd come back Christmas time.

The house, it seems so lonesome, with only wife an' me;
An' Christmas ain't like Christmas now, an never more will be;
An' though we thank the Lord for all, we can't keep back the sighs,
An' through the sunshine of the years the rain falls 'round our eyes!

* * * * * *

They sat beside the flickering fire, and in its ruddy gleams
They talked about the old-time things, and dreamed the old-time dreams;
The Mary of the golden curls, and one who loved her best,
And sweetly dreamed a little one upon the mother's breast.

THEY SAT BESIDE THE FLICKERING FIRE.

And looking in the face of him who leaned above her there,
And kissed her cheek, and tenderly smoothed down her golden hair,
She said: "We've been so long away from mother, that I know
She's lonely in the home we left so many years ago!"

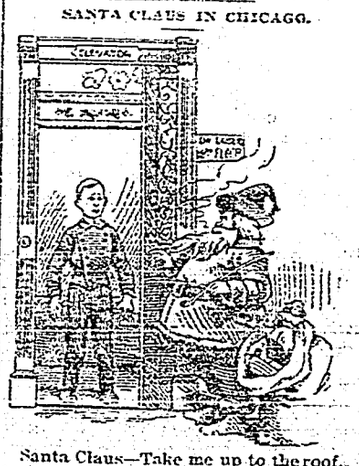
No other words she said, but he kissed back the tears that came,
And whispered: "If they loved you then, they love you still the same;
The old home must be lonely, though the fire is blazing bright—
The little one shall plead for us—they'll kiss him Christmas night!"

And so it was that, while afar o'er the remembered dells
Still brightly beamed each Christmas star and pealed the Christmas bells,
The wanderers went home, and in its loveliness and light
They found a welcome, and a kiss for baby, Christmas night!
—Frank L. Stanton, in Atlanta Constitution.

Definite and Specific.

Our resolutions for the new year should be definite and specific. Do not say simply that you will be more liberal, but say just how liberal you will be. Do not say that you will be more faithful, but say just what duties, neglected in the past, you will engage to perform in the future. Do not promise that you will give more of your time to the service of the Master, but decide upon the proportion of your time which you will give. A promise may be almost or altogether worthless because of indefiniteness. Let us deal honestly and reverently with Him whom we serve. Vow and pay.—United Presbyterian.

SANTA CLAUS IN CHICAGO.



Santa Claus—Take me up to the roof, boy. I tried to get there in my usual way, but it was no use—my team isn't equal to it!—Puck.

THREE new dolls
sat on three
little chairs,
Waiting for
Christmas
day;
And they wondered, when she saw them,
What the little girl would say.

They hoped that the nursery life was gay;
And they hoped that they would find
The little girl often played with dolls;
And they hoped that she was kind.

Near by sat an old doll neatly dressed
In a new frock, black and red;
She smiled at the French dolls—"As to that,
Don't feel afraid," she said.

The new dolls turned their waxen heads,
And looked with a haughty stare,
As if they never had seen before
That a doll was sitting there.

"Oh, we're not in the least afraid," said one,
"We are quite too fine and new;
But perhaps you yourself will find that now
She will scarcely care for you."

The old doll shook her head and smiled:
She smiled, although she knew
Her plaster nose was almost gone,
And her cheeks were faded, too.

And now it was day; in came the child,
And there, all gay and bright,
Sat three new dolls in little chairs—
It was a lovely sight.

She praised their curls, and noticed, too
How finely they were dressed;
But the old doll all the while was held
Clasped close against her breast.

—Katharine Pyle, in St. Nicholas.

IT WAS on the last evening of '92 that the Van Decker girls gave their leap-year party. At eight o'clock that evening Miss Margarethe Van Decker stood before the glass in the front chamber of the old Van Decker house buttoning her gloves. She was short and plump and almost eighteen, and if she was not exactly pretty she made most people think she was, but Miss Van Decker, or Meg, as she was familiarly called, had a grievance.

"I wouldn't care if it were anybody but Al," she was saying, "but he is always getting the best of me, and last time when he wished me 'A Happy New Year' first he bet a pound of candy he would do it this year. Why, just think," continued this small person, as she snapped the last button into its buttonhole, "he has said 'Happy New Year!' to me first every time since I was twelve years old. It seems silly to care, but he does it to tease me: he knows I mean to get ahead of him, and then forget it every time."

The little nose which was inclined to snub went up with a sniff as Meg shook out her red skirts and looked over her shoulder at the place where her train would have been if she had been old enough to wear one. "And boys are so conceited, anyway!" she continued. "If we didn't take pains and outwit them once in awhile they would be simply unendurable. Al shall not be first this time, for I think," she added, firmly, "that when I have once made up my mind to do a thing I can carry it out as well as Al Van Decker or anybody else in the Van Decker family."

"Come, Meg! Hurry up, Amy!" called Bess Van Decker. "The boys will be here in a jiffy, and we must be ready to receive them."

"Come on, Amy, we shall be the last down, as usual," and Meg gave another touch to her crinkly brown hair, flew downstairs and landed with a skip and a twirl at the bottom.

Meg Van Decker was one of the Van Decker cousins, and so was Amy, and so was Bess and Sarah, and all the rest of the forty-one of the younger generation of the Van Deckers who lived at the corner. The family formed the principal part of the small suburban settlement and quite ruled it in a social way. Indeed, at this little party there was hardly a guest who was not a cousin, or who did not expect to be a cousin some time.

Of all the dances of '92 there were none gayer than this leap-year dance, and as the girls, after it was over, were going upstairs Amy said: "Oh, I wish this weren't Saturday night—I don't wan't to go home—I know I shall never have another waltz like that last one with Al."

The room was in full chatter, for all the girls were crowded into it, trying to find their wraps. But high above the babel rose the voice of Miss Sarah: "Girls, you must hurry! It's twenty minutes to twelve now, and Aunt Annie said if grandma let us have the party here we must all be home and in our beds at twelve. After twelve it's the Sabbath."

"Where's my other gaiter?" cried Meg. 'I've got to see Al home myself before Sunday morning. Carriages?" she continued, "did you girls all engage carriages? I didn't. It doesn't pay just to take Al round the corner. Couldn't afford it anyway."

A moment later, when there was a lull, Meg called: "Amy, Amy Van Decker, won't you come here a minute? I want to ask you something."

Amy came, buttonhook in hand, and seating herself on a footstool, began buttoning her boots. Meg lowered her voice: "Have you that old brown dress that you wore at the masquerade last fall, and the hat?" Amy nodded her head, stamping her left foot firmly into the boot.

"Well, I want to borrow them to-morrow morning."

"What for?"

"Oh, it's a joke on Al that has just popped into my head. You know that he bet me that pound of chocolates he would wish me a 'Happy New Year!' first again this year. He doesn't expect to see me until the big family dinner to-morrow, and by that time I dare say that I shall be talking so fast I shall forget all about it, as usual. But I am going to dress up so he won't know me, and then in the morning, when the poor children go to his house for the New Year's cakes I am going to get in with a crowd of them and just wish him a 'Happy New Year!' For once I am glad I live in a Dutchy New York town, else there wouldn't be any poor children going around asking for cakes."

Amy laughed and agreed, and Meg tied a gauze scarf under her chin and said: "Now, I think I'm ready. And Amy, you take Harry up to the house, and I will take Al, and then we will meet at the corner and go home together. Mind, now, that you don't let Harry go home with you."

"Come, girls," called Cousin Sarah. "The carriages have been here for ever so long." The girls trooped downstairs to the hall, where the boys were waiting, and with some blushing and much laughter each girl escorted her charge to the carriage, or walked with him, as the case might be.

If Al Van Decker had any idea of taking a slow promenade with Meg, he was soon disabused of the notion, for she started him away at a great pace, saying: "I can't dawdle. It's nearly midnight and we should have been home half an hour ago." And in less than five minutes Mr. Albert Van Decker had arrived at his own door.

"Now, Cousin Meg," he said, "it's my turn."

"Nonsense! There is Amy now. Auf Wiedersehen!" And away sped little Miss Van Decker across the street.

"It didn't take long, did it?" said Meg, as she slipped her arm in Amy's. "That is a girl's way of doing things—right to the point. But I want to be sure about the old gown; have it ready by eight o'clock. I want to go over about nine. Al will come to the door; he always likes to give away the cakes."

"Yes," said Amy. "He did it when he was little; yet suppose he shouldn't answer the bell."

Meg thought a moment. "I'll tell you, Amy. You run over before breakfast and see Aunt Annie. She dearly likes a joke, you know, and she will help us manage it. She'll be sure then to have him at the door. You shall have half the candy. You won't forget, will you?"

"Oh, Al Van Decker, how did you come here?"

"Thought I'd stroll around and see that you and Amy got here all-right, and I was just taking the short cut home. And," he added, as the last stroke of twelve from the old town clock died away: "I wish you a very

"Ya-ah-ha-ha! Crismus Gif'!"
Christmas in the Sunny South.

"Well, the things are up in the garret, and eight o'clock is pretty early to get up, but if you really want them—yes, I will. Good night. Happy dreams!"

Meg turned from Amy's door and

EACH GIRL ESCORTED HER CHARGE.

walked back to the crossing; but just before she reached it she saw some one vault the low fence that ran around the lawn. She started, and then stood still.

"Don't be frightened," said a well-known voice, "it's only me."

"Happy New Year!"—Florence W. Scoville, in St. Louis Republic.

Easy Enough.

"What I don't understand," said small Jacky, "is that Santa Claus can understand the letters that I write to him when I don't know how to write."

"Ho!" jeered Mollie. "That's easy enough. Santy Claus can read scribblin' as well as writin'."—Harper's Bazar.

AT THE CLOSE OF THE YEAR.

A Time to Seriously Think of Our Faults, Failures and Mistakes.

The close of the year is always a time for serious thought and reflection. The past crowds upon us at such a time with far more than usual intensity, and especially forces upon our attention our faults, failures and mistakes. Let us look them squarely in the face and profit by them. The wise man always does this, but the fool never. The latter goes on committing the same follies and making the same mistakes, never profiting by his experience, to say nothing of the experience of others. Every man makes mistakes. It may not be his fault the first time, but it is if he makes the same mistakes a second time. We believe that the secret of success with those who succeed, and the cause of failure with those who fail, will be found largely in the ability and disposition to study the causes of both success and failure, not only in one's own experience but in that of others. The farmer now has leisure to review the operations of the year, and he should do it candidly and critically. Make a complete analysis of every important operation. Find the weak places in it and trace them to their origin. Nothing will prepare one so thoroughly for the operations of the year to come as this kind of searching investigation.

And while we are about this business we should look just as carefully into our record of moral responsibility. We should be far more anxious to improve character, mind and morals than to improve our farms. Serious study of our weak points and of means to strengthen them is a very profitable business at any time, and if pursued assiduously will strengthen and develop all that is good and admirable in our natures, and make us better, stronger, nobler men and women as the years go by. And the time will come in the life of every one when such a record of honest, earnest, persistent effort to improve will afford far greater satisfaction than anything else in his account with this world. We can wish no better thing for all our readers than that they begin the new year animated by a firm resolve to turn all its experience into profit for themselves, mentally, morally, socially and materially, and then to faithfully carry out the resolution.—Ohio Farmer.

The Old and the New.

The Old Year laid upon the portals of the past
A trembling hand,
And said: "Oh, let me die and be at rest
Within thy misty land!"
Then all the years that lived and died before
Reached forth, and drew the wanderer safe within the door.

The New Year laid upon the portals of to-day
A firm young hand,
And said: "Oh, let me come and live and work
Within thy shining land!"
Then all the years that are to be replied:
"This is your world," and drew the youth inside.

—Kathleen R. Wheeler, in Lippincott's.

The Best One.

Editor—I want an original Christmas story. Can you write it?

Writer—Of course not. You'll find the original Christmas story in the New Testament.—Detroit Free Press.

Christmas Bells.

O happy bells! through coming years
We hear, in your glad sending,
The message still of peace, good-will—
All jarring discords blending.

O bells of God! ring on, our souls
To grander action nerving,
Till all our days are Christmas days
Of living and of serving.

—Caroline A. Dugan, in Home.

Will Receive Calls.

"Do you expect to receive calls on New Year day?" asked Willie Hicollar.

"Yes," answered Mamie Hollerton; "I'll have to. The telephone exchange where I work wouldn't give me the day off. Isn't it mean?"—Washington Star.

IF ALL the old
year's days
could speak,
I wonder what
they'd say—

The snowy days, the blowy days,
The flowery days of May;
The summer days, when shady ways
Were made for children's feet;
Vacation days, when for their plays
The country was so sweet!

If all the old year's days could speak—
Just think of it awhile—
Would their reports bring bitter tears,
Or the sunshine of a smile?
Ah! could they speak from week to week
Of honest work well done,
Of well-used powers in study hours,
Of fairness in the fun?

Of thankful thought for kindness wrought
When homes are rich and glad;
Of tender care to give or share
Where homes are poor and sad;
Of pleasant ways in dark, dull days;
Of little, gentle deeds;
Of earnest hours among heart's flowers
In plucking hurtful weeds?

Can the year speak of patience meek
Where grief has stopped awhile,
Of courage bold, for weak and old
A loving word or smile?
Methinks the year must seem most dear
If thus its speech can be;
O'erfull of joys for girls and boys—
A year of jubilee.

—Mrs. M. F. Butts, in N. W. Christian Advocate.

His Cunning Scheme.

Mr. Dreffleshort—Sophronia, I wish you would look at that paper again and tell me the exact date when that train robbery took place on the Missouri Pacific.

Mrs. Dreffleshort—Why, what are you doing, James?

Mr. Dreffleshort (who is busily writing letters to various relatives out west)—I want to locate a lot of bundles of costly Christmas gifts—that we didn't send—on that particular train.—Chicago Tribune.

Some New Year Advice.

Don't wait for the wagon while the walking is good.

Don't grieve over spilt milk while there's one cow left in the pasture.

Don't say the world is growing worse when you are doing nothing to make it better.

Don't tell the world your troubles. You can't borrow ten dollars on them.

Don't let the grass grow under your feet. The cows can't get at it there.—Atlanta Constitution.

Old Skinflint's Generosity.

"My dear," said old Skinflint to his wife, "we ought to do something for the poor people around here this Christmas."

"I think so, too. What do you propose to do?" asked Mrs. S.

"Suppose we have our Christmas dinner at night and leave the dining-room shades up, so that they can see our plum-pudding?"—Harper's Bazar.

His Reason.

"How did Charlie come to give up smoking so suddenly?"

"He was afraid it was going to make him disregard the truth."

"How do you mean?"

"He knew he would have to say he was pleased with those his wife would give him Christmas."—Inter Ocean.

Encouraging.

"Grace," he began, tenderly, on New Year's eve, "I—I—" when she interrupted him.

"Wait until twelve o'clock," she whispered. "I had enough proposals last year to suit anyone, but I want '95 to beat it—so please wait."—Harper's Bazar.

Thinks His Wants Are Covered.

"I've written a letter to Santa Claus," said Willie. "And I think it covers everything I want."

"That's good," said mamma. "What did you ask for?"

"Two toy shops and a candy store," said Willie.—Harper's Bazar.

Remembering the Widow.

"I don't know much about the fatherless," mused Oldsport, reflectively, "but I guess this Christmas season is a good time to remember the widow."

Having arrived at this decision he went down-town and ordered a diamond bracelet.—Detroit Tribune.

Enlightened Philanthropy.

Primus—Jobson is a philanthropist.

Secundus—What does he do?

Primus—He's so sorry for poor children who have no Christmas that he spends the year telling them that Santa Claus is a myth.—Puck.

A New Year's Wish.

A Happy New Year to you, little one,
Whose Happy New Years are just begun!
And may your life be as sweet and true
As the wishes, to-day, that are wished for you!

—Youth's Companion.

JACKSONVILLE REPUBLICAN.

ESTABLISHED 1837. JACKSONVILLE, CALHOUN COUNTY, ALA., SATURDAY, DECEMBER 29. 1894. VOLUME 58.

THE LEADING BUSINESS HOUSES OF ANNISTON.

BELL & WIER.

ANNISTON, ALABAMA,

Corner 15th and Railroad Streets,

Every line of Goods handled in large enogh quantities to make it easy for us to give you the lowest wholesale prices or less. All country produce bought and paid for in cash.

7 pounds of good Soda for 25c.
A 10 qt. Bucket for 13c.
All wool filling Jeans for 20c a yard.
Best cotton checks for 3, 4 and 5c a yard.
One box Sardines for 4c
One plug of good Tobacco for 4 cents.
For 2 cents you get 2 good Lead Pencils.
The best Shoes for 60c and up.
The best Hats for 32c and up.
The best Caps for 9c and up.

In fact in every line of goods our prices are down to

SUIT YOUR FIVE CENT COTTON.

ULLMAN BROS.,

Holiday Announcement

CHRISTMAS PRICES AND NEW-YEAR RESOLUTIONS.

AS TO

Great Bargains in Every Department.

As we are now making every effort to enable the people to buy

HOLIDAY PRESENTS.

We shall from now on offer the greatest array of array of goods at prices that simply defy competition. We have now

For the Ladies.

38 inch all wool Suiting at 33c worth 50c.

54 inch Ladies Cloth at 48c, worth 65c.

All wool mixed Cheviot Suiting 40c, worth 50c.

Wool and silk mixed fancy suiting 75c worth 90c.

A special assortment of dress goods 20c, 25c and 30c.

Wraps and Cloaks.

A nice stylish Cape as low as $1.75 and up to 16.50.

Special inducements in Capes and walking Jackets, $5.00 to $7.50.

For the Little Folk.

Everything in the way of Wraps, Gloves, Underwear, Hosiery and Handkerchiefs.

FOR THE BOYS.

A special inducement. An extra pair of Pants and a Cap with each suit These suits are from $3.00 to $4.50. Double Knee and Seats, Boys Suits from $2.50 to $5.00.

FOR THE MEN.

Black Cheviot woolen suit for 5.00, seal value 7.50.

An elegant black or colored all wool suit, frock or sack, from 7.50 to 10.00

The very best in business or dress suit, long cut, latest styles, 12.50 to 16.50.

OVERCOATS.

Special inducement for 5.00.
Excellent coat for 6.50 to 9.00.
Extra quality coat, long cut from 10.00 to 16.00.

HOLIDAY GOODS

Ladies Gloves, Handkerchiefs, Hosiery, Table Cloths and Napkins.

Bed Linens and Blankets, Domestics and Towels.

Everything for Ladies and Children.

HOLIDAY GOODS.

In Gents Neckwear, Shirts and Furnishings, Gloves and Handkerchiefs, Collars, Cuffs and Hats.

Everything for men and boys

Hemp, Ingrain and Tapestry Carpets and a beautiful line of Rugs at low prices.

Holiday Goods at Bargain Prices at ULLMAN BROS.

ANNISTON.

Final Settlement.

STATE OF ALABAMA, Calhoun County.

In Probate Court of said County Special Term 20th day of Dec. 1894.

This day came W. B. Nabors and D. D. Nabors Executors of the estate of Benjamin Nabors deceased, and filed their account and vouchers for a final settlement of their administration of said estate. It is therefore ordered that the 14th day of January A. D. 1895 be and is hereby appointed a day upon which to examine, pass upon, and allow said account and to make said settlement, and that notice thereof be given, by publication for three successive weeks in a newspaper published in said County, as a notice to all persons concerned to appear in this Court on said 14th day of January A. D. 1895 and contest said settlement if they think proper.

EMMETT F. CROOK,
dec.-29-3t Judge of Probate.

NOTICE NO. 15837.

Land office at Montgomery, Ala., December 24th, 1894.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Clerk of the Circuit Court at Jacksonville, Ala., on February 4th, 1895, viz: William T. Meaders, Homestead Entry No. 20,931, for the NE¼ of NE¼ of Sec. 31, T. 13, south, of R. 9 east. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: John C. Chambers, George Anderson, Martin S. White, Richard Love, all of Nance's Creek, Ala.

H. PURCELL,
dec29-6t Register.

NOTICE NO. 15849.

Land Office at Montgomery Ala., December 26th 1894

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Clerk of the Circuit Court at Jacksonville, Ala., on February 5th, 1895, viz: Stephen B. Cole, Homestead entry, No. 23970, for the lots Nos. 9, 14 and 15 sec. 35 Tp. 12 s R S east.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of, said land, viz: Thomas A. Doss, William R. Kendall, Samuel G Holder, James H. Argo, all of Jacksonville, Ala.

H PURCELL,
dec-29-6t. Register.

NOTICE NO. 15836.

Land Office at Montgomery, Ala. December 24 1894

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Clerk of the Circuit Court at Jacksonville, Ala., on February 5th, 1895 viz: Thomas A Doss, Homestead entry No. 22,158, for the Fractions A, B, and C, Sections 35 Tp. 12 S R S east.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of, said land, viz: William R. Kendall, S. Brooks Cole, Samuel G. Holder, of Jacksonville, Ala., James H. Argo, Reaves, Ala.

H. PURCELL,
dec-29 6t. Register.

NOTICE NO. 15838.

Land Office at Montgomery, Ala. December 24 1894.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Clerk of the Circuit Court at Jacksonville, Ala., on February 6th, 1895, viz: James C. Bonds, Homestead entry, No 22,471, for the E½ of NE¼, E½ of SE¼, Section 12 Tp. 15 S R S east.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of, said land viz: Green B. Skelton, William M. Parker, Joseph B. Johnson, of Jacksonville, Ala., Thomas J. Ford, of Weaver's Sta., Ala.,

H. PURCELL,
dec-29-6t. Register.

Tax Assessor's Notice.

FIRST ROUND.

I will attend the following appointments for the purpose of assessing the State and County taxes for the year 1895, in Calhoun county, Alabama:

Beat 17. DeArmanville, Tuesday January 1st.
Beat 12. Choccolocco, Wednesday January 2nd.
Beat 12. Iron City, Thursday January 3rd.
Beat 11. White Plains, Friday January 4th.
Beat 10. Jenkins, Saturday January 5th.
1. Jacksonville, Monday January 7th.
Beat 8. Green's, Tuesday January 8th.
7. Lauder's School House, Wednesday January 9th.
7. Hollingsworth, Thursday January 10th.
Beat 19. Duke, Friday January 11th
Beat 2. Alexandria, Saturday January 12th.
Beat 6. Peeks Hill, Monday January 14th.
Beat 18. Ohatchie, Tuesday January 15th.
Beat 5. Polkville, Wednesday January 16th.
Beat 14 Sulphur Springs, Thursday January 17th.
Beat 4. Ganaway's School House, Friday January 18th.
Beat 16. Greenwood's School house January 22nd
Beat 9. Piedmont, Wednesday and Thursday January 23rd and 24th.
Beat 3. Four Mile, Saturday January 26th.
Beat 13. Oxford, Tuesday and Wednesday January 29th and 30th.
Beat 13. Oxanna, Thursday January 31st.
Beat 15. Anniston, Friday and Saturday February 1st and 2nd.

Tax payers will please meet me with proper numbers of their lands and itemized lists of their taxable property.

B. G. McCLELEN,
Tax Assessor Calhoun Co., Ala.
dec8-6t

Fir Insurance.

B. H. DENMAN, Agent, Jacksonville, Ala. Represents the most prominent companys in the United States.
29tf

FRESH NEW GOODS.

Instead of running our stock off us is usual at this season of the year, we are compelled to keep goods coming all the time.

Every department is brightened up this week by the addition of NEW GOODS. If you want fresh, bright goods, just from the mills, come to us.

It goes without saying prices must be right, or we would not not be doing the business.

We are not undersold by any one and in nine cases out of ten we undersell all our competitors.

Everything in the READY MADE line is made in our store, we guarantee qualtty, sizes and prices.

Every in Dry Goods, Shoes, Hats, Trunks, etc., is kept at

LIPPMAN'S,

Mfrs of Bonnets, Muslin Underwear, Etc.

nov17tf Anniston, Ala.

RUND'S

REMOVAL SALE.

Finding our present quarters too small, we have leased the adjoining building which, after being remodled will be occupied by us after the Holidays and in order to clear up and reduce our present stock we offer our entire line of

Millinery, Woolens, Cotton Checks, Blankets, Dress Goods, Sheetings, Hosiery. Comforts.

In fact our entire Stock. This includes a good line of Ladies and Children Shoes, they must be sold regardless of losses. An endless Variety of

HOLIDAY GOODS

at popular prices to please the little ones. When in the city would be pleased to see you at

RUND'S,

THE PEOPLES' FIRM,

1028 Noble St., Anniston, Ala.

WINTER.

Is fast approaching and with the change you will lay aside your

STRAW HATS AND

SUMMER CLOTHING.

and the place to make the change—and the change get the best—is what you should give some thoughts to Now we have what you need in suits for

MEN.

BOYS AND

CHILDRENS'

Dress, Business or Knock-About.

Cut in the Latest Styles.

MADE IN THE BEST MANNER AND

UP-TO-DATE FABRICS.

HATS,

We show an attractive line in Soft, Alpine and Stiff, and in quality can accommodate your purse.

Come to see us. We can please you in

FIT, QUALITY AND PRICE.

C. A. GAMMON & CO.,

Clothiers, Furnishers and Hatters for Men, Boys and Children.

928 Noble st., Anniston, Ala.

Stock Law Election.

STATE OF ALABAMA, Calhoun County. Probate Court.

This day, December 12th, comes sundry citizens of Precinct No. 12, Choccolocco Ala., and file their petition of fifty or more free-holders and house-holders of said Precinct No. 12 of said Calhoun county, asking that an election be held in said precinct to determine "whether in said precinct stock shall be permitted from running at large."

Now, therefore, in pursuance of an Act of the General Assembly of Alabama approved December 9th 1890, entitled "an Act to amend Section 1 of an Act to prevent stock from running at large in the several beats of Randolph and Calhoun counties, and to authorize elections thereon approved Feb. 27, 1889, I, Emmett F. Crook, Probate Judge of said county, order that an election be held in said Precinct No. 12, at Iron City and Choccolocco at the places of voting in said Precinct, on Tuesday the 15th day of January, A. D. 1895, as provided by said act. Those favoring the running at large of stock shall have on their ballots "Stock at Large," and those opposing shall have on their ballots "No Stock at Large."

I hereby appoint J. J. Young and J. D. English as managers of said election at Choccolocco, and J. W. Riddle returning officer, and J. W. Riddle and John Hughes, challengers, and I appoint Waddy Thompson and Ott Jones managers at Iron City, and W. H. Davis returning officer, and Lou Pendergrass and James Hughes challengers. It is ordered that notice of said election be given by publication for three weeks in the Jacksonville Republican, a newspaper published in said county.

Given under my hand at office in Jacksonville, Ala., this the 12th day of December, 1894

EMMETT F. CROOK,
dec15-3t Judge of Probate.

PARTIAL SETTLEMENT.

STATE OF ALABAMA Calhoun County.

In Probate Court for said County Special Term Nov. 26th, 1894.

This day came F. P. Heifner, guardian of the estate of Lillian Heifner, a minor, and filed his account and vouchers for a partial settlement of his administration of said estate. It is therefore ordered that the 24th day of December A. D. 1894 be and is hereby appointed a day upon which to examine, pass upon, and allow said account and to make said settlement, and that notice thereof be given, by publication, for three successive weeks in a newspaper published in said County, as a notice to all persons concerned to appear in this Court on said 24th day of December A. D. 1894 and contest said settlement if they think proper.

EMMETT F. CROOK,
dec8-3t. Judge of Probate.

Final Settlement.

STATE OF ALABAMA, Calhoun County.

In Probate Court of said County Special Term 3d day of December 1894.

This day came S. D. G. Brothers, Executor of the estate of William Gray, decessed, and filed his account and vouchers for a final settlement of his administration of said estate. It is therefore ordered that the 27th day of Dec. A. D. 1894 be and is hereby appointed a day upon which to examine, pass upon, and allow said account and to make said settlement, and that notice thereof be given, by publication for three successive weeks in a newspaper published in said County, as a notice to all persons concerned to appear in this court on said 27th day of December A. D. 1894 and contest said settlement if they think proper.

EMMETT F. CROOK,
dec8-3t. Judge of Probate.

REGISTER'S SALE.

Under and by virtue of a decree of the Chancery court for the 9th District of the Northeastern Chancery Division of Alabama, rendered at the October Term 1894 of said court in the case of Maggie Wilson vs. J. J. & J. C. Wilson, I will as Register of said court sell to the highest bidder for cash before the court house of said county, within the legal hours of sale on Monday the 31st day of December 1894, the following described real estate to wit: The NW¼ of Sec. 1, and the NE¼ of Sec. 2, in T. 13 east, R. 10 east, in Calhoun county, Ala., lying west of Terrapin creek. Said land will be sold to satiify said decree against said defendants, J. J. & J. C. Wilson.

W. M. HAMES,
dec1-4t Register.

Administrator's Sale.

Under and by virtue of an order and decree of the Probate Court of Calhoun county, the undersigned, administrator with the will annexed of the estate of J. P. Laney, deceased, will sell at public outcry, on the premises, at McFall, Ala., on Monday, the 3rd day of December 1894, between the legal hours of sale, to the highest bidder, for one-third cash, and the balance in equal payments of one and two years, with at least two approved securities, the following described real estate, viz: Beginning at a point 93 feet north of the right of way of the G. P. Railroad, and 10 feet from the public road as now established by law; thence north 40 feet; thence west to the centre of Plum Spring branch; thence down said branch forty (40) feet; thence east to the beginning point, in the SE¼ of SE¼ of Sec. 28, T. 16, R. 6. Also the lot of land known as the Tanyard lot, viz: Two-thirds interest in the following, to-wit: Commencing at a Sweet gum tree about 24 feet north of a poplar tree on the east banks of Plum spring branch; thence east 114 feet to the public road; thence north along said road, 240 feet; thence west 120 feet to the centre of Plum Spring branch; thence south, along the centre of said branch, 210 feet to the point of beginning, all in Sec 29, T. 16 R. 6; also the SW¼ of NE¼ and SE¼ of NW¼ of Sec 33, T. 15, R. 6. Eighty acres more or less.

MRS. C. V. LANEY,
Adm'r with will annexed.
nov10-3t

Chamberlain's Eye and Skin Ointment

Is a certain cure for Chronic Sore Eyes, Granulated Eye Lids, Sore Nipples, Piles, Eczema, Tetter, Salt Rheum and Scald Head, 25 cents per box. For sale by druggists.

TO HORSE OWNERS.

For putting a horse in a fine healthy condition try Dr. Cady's Condition Powders. They tone up the system, aid digestion, cure loss of appetite, relieve constipation, correct kidney disorders and destroy worms, giving new life to an old or over worked horse. 25 cents per package. For sale by druggists.

CLOTHING FOR EVERYBODY

Never in the history of our business have goods been as cheap asnow.

Clothing Especially.

You will be astonished at the prices we offer, for they are away below what you have been accustomed to paying. Prices are strictly in keeping with the low prices of cotton.

Would you have the most for your money?

Would you have full value for all you pay?

Then Come to See Us.

We are offering some extraordinary bargains now. Guaranteed all wool Cheviot Suit (all sizes) for 6.50 to 10.00, worth 10.00 to 15.00

Boys' Combination Suits.

Coat with 2 Pair Pants and Capt to Match

$3.50 TO $5.00.

ALL THE LATEST

STYLES AND CUTS.

OVERCOATS.

All sizes, grades and prices from 5.00 up.

We carry the largest stock of

Underwear and Furnishing Goods

in the City and can suit you both in quality and price.

Our guarantee goes with everything. Your money back if not satisfactory

COME TO SEE US

THE FAMOUS,

Clothiers and Hatters

Cor Noble & 10th sts, Anniston, Ala.

D. C. HALL,

Watchmaker and Jeweler,

ANNISTON, ALA.

Prepared to do all kind of watch and clock work. Makes a specialty of Fine Watches and French Clocks. Thoroughly familiar with the complication of the French Clock. All work guaranteed.

oct20-6m

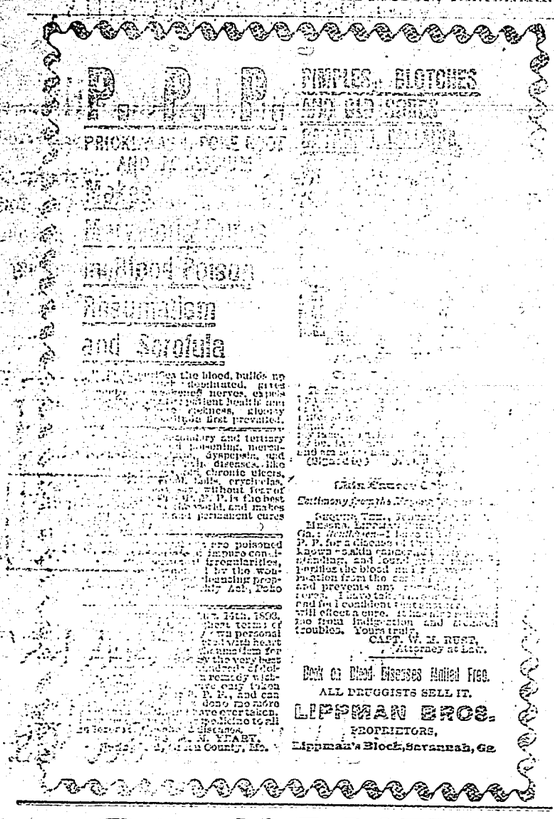
TO THE PUBLIC!

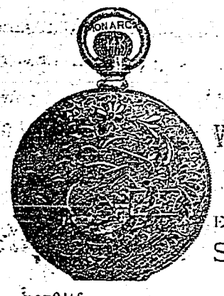
I have a large and well assorted stock of the best Whisky, Wines, Tobaccos, Cigars, etc., and respectfully invite the

PEOPLE OF CALHOUN COUNTY

to call and see me when in Anniston. Place of business just across the street from Bell & Wier.

R. B. PERKINS, Agent,
ANNISTON, ALABAMA.





M. F. DOERING,

(SUCCESSOR TO DOERING & ROBINSON.)

Leading Jeweler.

Watches, Clocks, Jewelry, Silverware, Spectacles, Glasses.

Fine Watch and Jewelry Repairing dan Engraving.

SEND ME YOUR WORK

My prices are lower than elsewhere.

nov24tf 1110 Noble Street, Anniston, Ala.

Ansley Pays the FREIGHT. Ansley Pays the FREIGHT.

ON ALL

SHOES AND HATS

Bought of him by the people of Jacksonville and vicinity. Try me with an order, or call in person when in Anniston and examine my stock.

Goods Sent Upon Approval.

O. E. ANSLEY.

Three Fine Presents

TO BE GIVEN

Away Christmas.

$2500 Each cash purchaser of 50 cents, will be entitled to a ticket.

1st. Diamond and Ruby Ring.
2nd. Handsome Guitar.
3rd. Fine Gold Pen.

Call and see them. New Goods. Prices right. Fine watch work, engraving and manufacturing.

HENRY ROBINSON,
Jeweler and Optician.
Old Security Bank, Cor. Noble and 11th streets. Anniston, Ala.

W. F. HANDLEY,

PRACTICAL TAILOR.

SUITS & PANTS TO ORDER,

FIT GUARANTEED.

Cleaning and Repairing a Specialty.

We dye, clean or repair men's suits and overcoats, ladies' dresses, capes, cloaks, walking jackets, feathers, gloves and ribbons, miscellaneous, scarfs, fine laces portierres, carpets, in fact, everything at the very lowest prices for trustworthy work. We make a specialty of cleaning evening dresses. Work guaranteed. Call on or address W. F. Handley, Columbian Building, Anniston, Ala.

CASTORIA

for Infants and Children.

MOTHERS, Do You Know that Paregoric, Bateman's Drops, Godfrey's Cordial, many so-called Soothing Syrups, and most remedies for children are composed of opium or morphine?

Do You Know that opium and morphine are stupefying narcotic poisons?

Do You Know that in most countries druggists are not permitted to sell narcotics without labeling them poisons?

Do You Know that you should not permit any medicine to be given your child unless you or your physician know of what it is composed?

Do You Know that Castoria is a purely vegetable preparation, and that a list of its ingredients is published with every bottle?

Do You Know that Castoria is the prescription of the famous Dr. Samuel Pitcher. That it has been in use for nearly thirty years, and that more Castoria is now sold than of all other remedies for children combined?

Do You Know that the Patent Office Department of the United States, and of other countries, have issued exclusive right to Dr. Pitcher and his assigns to use the word "Castoria" and its formula, and that to imitate them is a state prison offense?

Do You Know that one of the reasons for granting this government protection was because Castoria had been proven to be absolutely harmless?

Do You Know that 35 average doses of Castoria are furnished for 35 cents, or one cent a dose?

Do You Know that when possessed of this perfect preparation, your children may be kept well, and that you may have unbroken rest?

Well, those things are worth knowing. They are facts.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

SOUTHERN DYEING AND CLEANING COMPANY.

BACON & MOORE Agents.

CLEANING, DYEING AND REPAIRING LADIES' AND GENTS' CLOTHING.

207 North Twentieth Street, BIRMINGHAM, ALA.

We pay charges one way on goods sent by Express.

dec1-tf

John Ramagnano,

AT HIS

OLD STAND,

Has in stock one of the finest assortment of wines and Liquors to be found in the South.

Sour Mash Lincoln County, direct from Bonded warehouse; Pure, Sweet Mash Corn whiskey, best quality; Old Rye, Old Kentucky Sour Mash Bourbons, finest high grade, blends in bulk or cases. Imported Sherries, Clarets, Ports, Brandies, Gins, and Cordials of the best European brands. Also domestic wines and brandies. Whiskies and wines by the gallon for family use sold at closest figures. Also sacramental wines.

Imported bottled beer and cool fresh larger beer always on ice. Best and most popular brands of five and ten cents cigars. All goods bought direct from United States warehouse. Will fill orders promptly, and at as low price as if bought in person.

The Medical College of Alabama.

This Institution, located at Mobile, offers unrivaled facilities for Medical study. The building is commodious, the museum unsurpassed and the equipment complete. The curriculum has been carefully and systematically graded. Instruction by lectures, recitations, clinics, demonstrations and laboratory work in Chemistry, Bacteriology and Operative Surgery. Practical Anatomy rooms, large and well ventilated. Medical and Surgical clinics held daily at the City Hospital. ☞The next session will begin October 12, 1894.

☞For catalogue and information address,

GEO. A. KETCHUM, M. D., Dean,
No. 7 N. Conception St. Mobile, Ala
septs-4t

SOUTHERN RAILWAY CO

Western System.

Time Table

IN EFFECT NOVEMBER 18, 1894

North Bound—Read Down.			South Bound—Read Up.		
Leave	4:45 a m		Meridan	10:20 p m	Arrive
"	5:57 "		York	9:09 p m	"
"	7:02 "		Demopois	8:07 "	"
"	7:43 "		Uniontown	7:22 "	"
"	8:30 "		Marion Junction	6:46 "	Arrive
Arrive	9:00 "		Selma	6:15 "	Leave
Leave	9:10 "		"	6:00 "	"
"	11:20 "		Calera	3:50 "	"
"	12:52 p m		Talladega	2:19 "	"
"	2:00 "		Anniston	1:10 p m	"
"	2:27 "		Jacksonville	12:45 "	"
"	2:55 "		Piedmont	12:20 p m	Arrive
Arrive	4:25 "		Rome	10:55 "	Leave
Leave	1:30 "		"	10:46 "	Arrive
Arrive	6:27 "		Ooltewah Junct.	8:55 "	"
"	7:10 "		Chattanooga	8:15 a m	Leave
Leave	5:15 "		Chattanooga		
"	6:32 "		Ooltewah Junct.	11:03 a m	Arrive
Arrive	7:00 "		Cleveland	10:30 "	"
"	10:00 "		Knoxville	7:45 a m	"
"	4:50 a m		Bristol	11:30 p m	Leave

For any information as to Routes, Rates, and Schedule apply to any Agent of the Company of the undersigned.

C. A. BENSCOTER, A. G. P. Agt. Knoxville, Tenn.
L. A. BELL, D. P. A. Selma, Ala.
C. H. HUDSON, Gen. Mgr. Knoxville, Tenn.
W. A. TURK, G. P. Agt. Washington, D. C.

STATE NORMAL SCHOOL,

Jacksonville, Alabama.

The School offers exceptional advantages to the young men and women of the state for obtaining a thorough Teacher's Education.

The course of instruction is thorough, the requirements for graduation rigid, the character of work done by students excellent. Those who are willing to do earnest and conscientious work in their studies may expect the full co-operation of the faculty. No others are desired.

Tuition per term of three months.

Normal course,	Free.
Collegiate Department	$6.00.
Intermediate Department,	4.00.
Primary Department,	2.00
Music, (Instrumental or Vocal) per month	4.00

For further information write for catalogue to

JACOB FORNEY, A. M.
PRESIDENT.

Notice of Application to Pardon Daniel Mitchael.

STATE OF ALABAMA,
Calhoun County.

To all whom this may concern:

Take notice that the undersigned will, on or before the 11th day of December A. D. 1894, make application to the Governor of Alabama, to pardon Daniel Mitchael of the offense of Grand Larceny, of which offense the said Daniel Mitchael was convicted in the Circuit Court of Calhoun county Ala., at the fall term of said Court on the 1st day of November 1894.

W. H. MANGHUM.

nov10 30d

Jas. S. Kelly

Notary Public and Ex-Officio JUSTICE OF THE PEACE,

OFFICE in the rear of A. L. Higginbottom Oxford, Ala.

Courts Second Monday in each month. Marriage license kept on hand at all times.

PROGRESS.

People who get the greatest degree of comfort and real enjoyment out of life, are those who make the most out of their opportunities. Quick perception and good judgment, lead such promptly to adopt and make use of those refined and improved products of modern inventive genius which best serve the needs of their physical being. Accordingly, the most intelligent and progressive people are found to employ the most refined and perfect laxative to regulate and tone up the stomach, liver, and bowels, when in need of such an agent—hence the great popularity of Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets. These are made from the purest, most refined and concentrated vegetable extracts, and from forty-two to forty-four are contained in each vial, which is sold at the same price as the cheaper made and more ordinary pills found in the market. In curative virtues, there is no comparison to be made between them and the ordinary pills, as any one may easily learn by sending for a free sample, (four to seven doses) of the Pellets, which will be sent on receipt of name and address on a postal card.

ONCE USED THEY ARE ALWAYS IN FAVOR.

The Pellets cure biliousness, sick and bilious headache, dizziness, costiveness, or constipation, sour stomach, loss of appetite, coated tongue, indigestion, or dyspepsia, windy belchings, "heart-burn," pain and distress after eating, and kindred derangements of the liver, stomach and bowels. Put up in glass vials, therefore always fresh and reliable. One little "Pellet" is a laxative, two are mildly cathartic. As a "dinner pill," to promote digestion, take one each day after dinner. To relieve distress from over-eating, they are unequaled. They are tiny, sugar-coated granules; any child will readily take them.

Accept no substitute that may be recommended to be "just as good." It may *be better for the dealer*, because of paying him a better profit, but *he* is not the one who *needs* help. Address for free sample,

WORLD'S DISPENSARY MEDICAL ASSOCIATION, 663 Main Street, Buffalo, N. Y.

NO MORE EYE-GLASSES,

No More Weak Eyes!

MITCHELL'S EYE-SALVE

A Certain Safe and Effective Remedy for SORE, WEAK and INFLAMED EYES, Producing Long-Sightedness, and Restoring the Sight of the Old.

Cures Tear Drops, Granulation, Sore Tumors, Red Eyes, Matted Eye Lashes.

PRODUCING QUICK RELIEF AND PERMANENT CURE.

[illegible] sent free to any address.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS AT 25 CENTS.

Notice.

There will be a special meeting of the Commissioners Court of Calhoun county on Monday January 14th, 1895, for the purpose of letting the public roads for said year 1895, and to attend to any other business for the county. All bids for working the roads and for furnishing teams must be filed in this office on or before said 14th day of January, and the Court reserves the right to refuse any or all bids. Done in my office in Jacksonville, this Dec. 11th, 1894.

EMMETT F. CROOK,
dec15-3t Judge of Probate.

BONDURANT.

THE

GROCER.

Keeps always on hand fresh Groceries and Confections, and his store is the place for Santa Claus to get his Christmas sweets.

He now sells luxuries at poor man's prices, and there is nothing foxy about his way of doing business. Everything as represented.

He sells bigger bundles for less money than ever; so call to see him and bring your wagon.

MALARIAL POISON

Results from atmospheric conditions, unclean premises, imperfect ventilation and more frequently from the deadly SEWER GAS. A general rundown and impoverished condition of the blood ensues, and if not corrected, Catarrh, Bronchitis, and even Consumption may be the result. S. S. S. promptly corrects all these evil effects.

Mr. J. A. Rice, Ottawa, Kan., writes: For three years I was troubled with Malaria, which caused my appetite to fail, and I was so reduced in flesh, that life lost its charms. I tried mercurial and potash remedies, but could get no relief. I then decided to try S. S. S. A few bottles of this wonderful medicine made a complete and permanent cure, and I now enjoy better health than ever.

S.S.S.

Our Treatise on Blood and Skin Diseases mailed free to any address.

SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., Atlanta, Ga.

E. M. REID J. P.

MORRISVILLE, ALA.,

Keeps Marriage Licenses for sale. Courts the 1st and 3rd Wednesday in each month. dec15-6t

Mrs. S. A. Lefeber
Rossmoyne, Ohio.

Terrible Misery

Helpless With Rheumatism and Without Appetite

Tired Feeling and Pains Dispelled by Hood's Sarsaparilla.

"I was in terrible misery with rheumatism in my hips and lower limbs. I read so much about Hood's Sarsaparilla that I thought I would try it and see if it would relieve me. When I commenced I could not sit up nor even turn over in bed without help. One bottle of Hood's Relieved Me so much that I was soon out of bed and could walk. I had also felt weak and tired all the time; could not sleep, and obtained so little rest at night that I felt all worn out in the morning. I had no appetite to eat anything, but Hood's Sarsaparilla restored my appetite so that I could eat without any distress, and I have gained rapidly in strength. I have taken five bottles of Hood's Sarsaparilla and I am as well as ever." MRS. S. A. LEFEBER, Rossmoyne, O.

Hood's Sarsaparilla Cures

Hood's Pills cure liver ills, constipation, biliousness, jaundice, sick headache, indigestion.

EXPECTANT MOTHERS.

That our wonderful remedy "MOTHERS FRIEND" which makes child-birth easy may be within the reach of all we have reduced the price to ONE DOLLAR per bottle.

...BEWARE of frauds, counterfeits and substitutes. Take nothing but . . . . . .

Mothers Friend.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

☞Write for book "TO MOTHERS" mailed free.

THE BRADFIELD REGULATOR CO.,
Sole Proprietors, ATLANTA, GA.

Wanted.

An agent to canvass Calhoun and adjoining counties for the Jacksonville REPUBLICAN and Atlanta Constitution. A liberal commission paid. Address the REPUBLICAN, Jacksonville, Ala.

Notice.

All notes and accounts due A. L. Stewart must be settled by cash or secured before the first day of Janv. 1895, or the same will be put in the hands of an attorney for collection.

Respectfully,
3t A. L. Stewart.

Ullman Bros.,

ANNISTON, ALA.,

Grand Reduction Sale.

20 Per Cent

ON ALL

Woolen Dress Goods,

Dress Flannels, Waterproof, Red and White Flannels, 20 per cent. Reduction on Men and Boys Suits.

Overcoats, Pants, and all Woolen Underwear for Ladies, Men and children. We are determined to reduce our stock so we will sell until January 1st 1895:

8.00	Men Suits & Overcoats,			$6.40
10.00	"	"	"	8.00
12.00	"	"	"	10.00
15.00	"	"	"	12.00
20.00	"	"	"	15.00
2.00	Boy Suits for			1.60
2.50	"	"	"	2.00
3.00	"	"	"	2.40
4.00	"	"	"	3.20
5.00	"	"	"	4.00
6.50	"	"	"	5.00

This means for money only, so if you want to save money call on us and we will sell you the above named goods as advertised.

Respectfully,
ULLMAN BROS.

Notice to the Public.

We, the undersigned, have suffered enough from depredations on stock and timber and hereby notify all parties that any one hunting, fishing or in any wise trespassing on our lands will be prosecuted to the full extent of the law.

J. C. Francis,	J. H. Francis,
H. T. Francis,	R. C. Haynie,
W. A. Reid,	D. D. Bryant,
J. D. Bryant,	D. H. Love,
J. W. Ford.	

NOTICE NO. 15660.

Land Office at Montgomery, Ala., Dec. 10, 1894.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Clerk of the Circuit Court, at Jacksonville, Ala., on January 21st, 1895, viz: Richard H. Gidley, Homestead entry No 21047, for the SE¼ of SW¼, S½ of SE¼, Sec. 20, T. 14, south R. 9 east.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: Johnathan Pruitt, James Pruitt, Mark Wilkerson, Ollie Williams, all of Jacksonville, Alabama.

H. PURCELL,
Register.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

Christmas Gift!

I said it first. So pay up, by coming to my store and buying your Christmas goods.

If you have the blues my Christmas goods and my prices will cure you. So come, buy, and be happy.

My Christmas motto: Honest goods at shoddy prices.

The sweet things I have for Christmas will tickle the taste with a toothsome ouch and please the delecate palate of the most fastidious. Come to see me.

C. J. PORTER.

SALE OF UNCLAIMED FREIGHT.

East Tennessee, Virginia & Georgia Railway.—Samuel Spencer Receiver.

Jacksonville, Ala., Dec. 10th, 94.

Unless freights and charges are paid and freight removed before Jan. 5th, 1895 we will sell at our freight house, Jacksonville, Ala., the following articles for freight and charges.

Jas. Reed, Jacksonville, Ala., 1 table, charges, 50cts.

Jno. Ramaginaud Jacksonville, Ala., 1 box w. glass charges 2.72.

J. B. Price Jacksonville, Ala., 1 folding desk, charges, 1.82.

W. B. Green Jacksonville, Ala., 1 box cotton ties and buckles, charges, 1.08.

J. TIPTON, Frt. Claim Agt. for Receivers.

G. W. McGAUGHEY, Agent.

3t.

Shoes! Shoes!!

Another large Stock of Shoes just received. We are selling so cheap, it is the first time in years we have had to buy a second fall stock. You can get the best outfit for your family for the least money here. Don't buy until you examine our stock.

CROW BROS.

Final Settlement.

STATE OF ALABAMA,
Calhoun County.

In Probate Court of said County Special Term 15th day of Dec, 1894

This day came J. B. Hudson, Adm'r of the estate of Geo. B. Hudson dec'd, and filed his account and vouchers for a final settlement of his administration of said estate. It is therefore ordered that the 12th day of Jan. A. D. 1894 be and is hereby appointed a day upon which to examine, pass upon and allow said account and to make said settlement, and that notice thereof be given, by publication for three successive weeks in a newspaper published in said County, as a notice to all persons concerned to appear in this Court on said 12th day of Jan. A. D. 1894 and contest said settlement if they think proper.

EMMETT F. CROOK,
dec22-3t Judge of Probate.

Buckien's Arnica Salve.

The best salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by all druggists.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

THE STATE OF TEXAS,
County of Comanche.

Before the undersigned authority on this day, personaly appeared A. M. Ramsey, who after being duly sworn, says on oath that the foregoing statement made by him relative to the virtue of P. P. P. medicine is true.

A. M. RAMSEY.

Sworn to and subscribed before me this, August 4th, 1891.

J. M. LAMBERT, N. P.,
Comanche Co., Texas.

DELEON, TEXAS, 1891.

MESSRS. LIPPMAN BROS., Savanah, Ga.

GENTS—I've used nearly four bottles of P. P. P. I was afflicted from the crown of my head to the soles of my feet. Your P. P. P has cured difficulty of breathing and smothering, palpitation of the heart, and relieved me of all pain; one nostril was closed for ten years, now I can breathe through it readily.

I have not slept on either side for two years, in fact, dreaded to see night come, now I sleep soundly in any position all night.

I am 59 years old, but expect soon to be able to take hold of the plow handles; I feel proud I was lucky enough to get P. P. P. and I heartily recomend it to my friends and the public generally. Yours respectfully,

A. M. RAMSEY.

Any one who has children will rejoice with L. B. Mulford, of Plainfield, N. J. His little boy, five years of age, was sick with croup. For two days and nights he tried various remedies recommended by friends and neighbors. He says "I thought sure I would lose him. I had seen Chamberlain's Cough Remedy advertised and thought I would try it as a last hope and am happy to say that after two doses he slept until morning. I gave it to him next day and a cure was effected. I keep this remedy in the house now and as soon as any of my children show signs of croup I give it to them and that is the last of it." 25 and 50 cent bottles for sale by dealers.

Southern Educational Association—Galveston, Texas, December 24th, to 28th.

On December 22nd, 23rd, and 24th, the Southern Railway Company (Western System) will sell Round Trip Excursion tickets to Galveston Texas, on account of the Southern Educational Association, at extremely low rates. Tickets will be good to return 11 days from date of sale, and will be sold from all Coupon Stations at following rates:

From Anniston, Ala	$ 29.85.
" Birmingham, Ala.	27.30.
" Talladega, Ala.	20.55.
" Calera, Ala.	27.65.
" Selma, Ala.	24.50.
" Montgomery, Ala.	25.15.
" Rome, Ga.	31.85.

To secure tickets and any further information, call on the nearest Southern Railway agent, and see that your tickets read via this line.

L. A. Bell, D. P. A. Selma, Ala.
J. J. Farnsworth, D. P. A. Birmingham, Ala.
C. A. Benscoter, A. G. P. A. Selma, Ala,
W. A. Turk, G. P. A. Washington, D. C.

100 Dollars Reward.

One hundred Dollars Reward will be paid upon the delivery under arrest of each or either of the following:

WILL ABLES
AND
G. I. Hancock,

late residents of the vicinity of Hokes Bluff, Etowah county, Alabama, they having sold us Mortgage Cotton and fled.

Coosa Mfg Co.,
Piedmont,
Ala.

Notice of Application for Special Act.

Notice is hereby given that the present Legislature of Alabama will be petitioned to pass a special act for the relief of Mary A. Nance for lands sold at Tax Sale by the Tax Collector of Calhoun county, and bought by the State, which said lands had been assessed to and the taxes paid on same by Anderson Dill, in Talladega county under a special act of the General Assmbly of Alabama approved February 14 1854.

MARY A. NANCE.

dec3-3t

Final Settlement.

STATE OF ALABAMA,
Calhoun County.

In Probate Court of said County Special Term, 10th day of Dec., 1894.

This day came Jule Lumpkin, administrator of the estate of John Easterwood deceased and filed his account and vouchers for an annual settlement of his administration of said estate. It is therefore ordered that the 31st day of Dec., 1894 be and is hereby appointed a day upon which to examine, pass upon, and allow said account and to make said settlement and that notice thereof be given, by publication for three successive weeks in a newspaper published in said County, as a notice to all persons concerned to appear in this Court on said 31st day of Dec. A. D. 1894 and contest said settlement if they think proper.

EMMETT F. CROOK,
dec15-3t Judge of Probate.

ANNUAL SETTLEMENT.

STATE OF ALABAMA,
Calhoun County.

In Probate Court of said County Special Term 12th day of Dec., 1894.

This day came J. A. Gaboury administrator of the estate of Mrs. Alice Gaboury deceased, and filed his account and vouchers for an annual settlement of his administration of said estate. It is therefore ordered that the 7th day of January A. D. 1895 be and is hereby appointed a day upon which to examine, pass upon and allow said account and to make said settlement, and that notice thereof be given, by publication for three successive weeks in a newspaper published in said County, as a notice to all persons concerned to appear in this Court on said 7th day of January A. D. 1895 and contest said settlement if they think proper.

EMMETT F. CROOK,
dec15-3t Judge of Probate.