

Section 41. — Be it further enacted, That after preparing his ballot the elector shall fold the same so as to conceal the face thereof and shall attach the stub thereto attached, with his name or initials of the inspector on his hand it to the receiving inspector, who shall, after detaching the stub, deposit it in the ballot box in the manner now prescribed by law.

Section 42. — Be it further enacted, That if the elector marks more

Continued on Fourth Page.

[illegible]

publican.

Weekly.

Advertisements at rate square
of space. For a full and complete
description of the various
advantages of this paper,
please call on the publisher,
J. M. Crook, at the
office of the paper, or
write to him at his
home, 100 North
Main street, Jacksonville,
Fla.

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is published every
Wednesday morning,
except on holidays.
It is published by
J. M. Crook, at the
office of the paper,
100 North Main
street, Jacksonville,
Fla.

Being handled by the
country. From five to
out every day.

Jackson will preach at
church the 17th of March
after the rite of confir-

have received some
and will now con-
arena and practice
self-defense.

art and Violet, enter-
given by Mrs. L. D. Mil-
of Mesdames Jarratt
was a most delightful
enjoyed by all present.

our's fine Jersey cow
calf a few days ago, but
minus a tail. It has not
judgments of one.

tile and yet not a tail.

J. Privett while handling
the lower story of Porter,
Co.'s store, accidentally
it, the ball passing
the floors and roof of

ville is preparing to hold
municipal election under the
law. No name can be
on the official ballot unless
to the Mayor twenty days
election, and there must
registration.

of relatives of Hon.
Smith, living here, which
last week was imperfect.
to those mentioned and

W. Francis, Mrs. D. W.
Mrs. Ida Williams, Misses
Georgia and Sally Hoke
a number of others.

of the Freddy boys, recently
Chesterwood, in Rabbit Town
was in town Wednesday.
limps from his wounds. He
brother, who was shot at
time, by the same man, is
and has almost recovered
wounds. Chesterwood has
arrested, so far having
authorities. It is repor-
the was recently seen in the
part of the county.

We have a letter from the Sal-
machine Co., of Louis-
ville, informing us that Mr. Cop-
will be in Jacksonville in a
days to begin the manufacture
for the coming summer.
works were just completed
inter and turned out only one
of ice. Its capacity is sev-
a day. The water with
the ice is made is taken from
spring and is perfectly
begin with. But this wa-
in the process of ice
which improves its purity,
able. Let us give the ice
liberal patronage.

nesday evening a delightful
and instrumental concert was
at the College hall, for the
of the Methodist Sunday
under the superintendence of
Addie Hammond. The fol-
accomplished musicians, vo-
and recitationists partici-
the entertainment. Misses
and Fannie Hammond, Mary
Gora, Crow, Lizzie Brennan,
Marion, Patina Coker, May
Bingham, Dollie Rose, and
W. B. Hammond. Macon
son, Ben Frank and Floyd
erson. The program was rich
musical and vocal selec-
and recitations, and the aud-
were eighty pieces.

Spring oats are being sown in
the country.

To the Public.

Everyone, both black and white
is earnestly requested to assist in
clearing off our cemetery on Mon-
day next (March 6). This is a mat-
ter that demands our attention and
all should cheerfully lend a hand.
If for any reason next Monday is
unsuitable, then the Monday fol-
lowing will be the day.

S. R. WILKERSON,
J. M. CROOK,
R. L. VANDANT,
City Street Committee.

Married in Calhoun.

Feb. 24.—H. H. Usrey and E.
C. Higgins.

Feb. 25.—J. B. House and Belle
McGhee.

Feb. 25.—Wm. Davis and Willie
McLoney (o).

Feb. 26 Wm. T. Taylor and Min-
nie Graham.

Feb. 27.—Robt. Robinson and
Little McCain.

To Teachers and Township Trustees of Calhoun County.

The law provides that the next
pay roll shall be made out and
forwarded to the State superin-
tendent on the 15th of March.

From several townships I have
received no contracts and the
teachers and trustees of such are
hereby notified to forward me their
contracts by the above date, or
said teachers will have to wait until
the 1st of July for their money.

The names of at least two trustees
must be signed to each contract
except in fractional townships with
only one trustee. It is hardly
necessary to add that trustees
should make every effort to agree
among themselves as to the pay of
teachers upon a basis of fairness
and justice.

Each trustee must consider the
educational interests of the whole
township instead of his own im-
mediate neighborhood alone.

L. D. MILLER,
Co. Supt. Education,
Jacksonville, March 1st, 1903.

WHAT ALF TRUITT SAW.

Improvements, Big Hogs and
old People.

Mr. Alf Truitt has returned from
a trip through the country to White
Plains. He says he saw more im-
provements along the way and
signs of activity among the farmers
than is generally seen at this season
of the year. He spent Sunday
night with Uncle Joel Clay on
Quataquilla creek. This old gentle-
man has three hogs that will weigh
1,500 pounds, the largest tipping
the beam between 600 and 700.
The old gentleman has some
peculiar notions and will not shear
the mane or tail of his mules and
consequently they appear very
mule-like horses. Truitt says the
tails on these mules touch the
ground as they walk. He also
visited an aged brother and three
old spinster sisters, whose combined
ages are over 360 years. Neither
of them have ever married. They
live alone in a little log hut and are
supported by contributions from
kind people who visit them.—Hot
Blast.

ADVICE TO WOMEN

If you would protect yourself
from Painful, Profuse, Scanty,
Suppressed or Irregular Men-
struation you must use

BRADFIELD'S FEMALE REGULATOR

CHICAGO, April 26, 1896.
This will certify that two members of my
immediate family, after having suffered for
years from Menstrual Irregularity,
being treated without benefit by physicians,
were at length completely cured by one bottle
of Bradfield's Female Regulator. The
effect is truly wonderful. J. W. SPRAGUE.
Box 20 "KODAN" BUILDING, which contains
valuable information on all female diseases.
BRADFIELD REGULATOR CO.,
ATLANTA, GA.
FOR SALE BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

SWIFT'S SPECIFIC

FOR renovating the
entire system, eliminating
all Poisons from the blood,
whether of scrofulous or
malarial origin, this pre-
paration has no equal.

"For eighteen months I had
suffered from a skin disease, and
was treated by local and systemic
means, but obtained no relief. I finally
tried Swift's Specific, and was
cured after using a few bottles."
C. R. McCLURE,
Henderson, Tenn.

SWIFT'S SPECIFIC
PREPARED BY
DR. J. C. SWIFT
CHICAGO, ILL.

PERSONAL.

J. G. McMillan, of Knoxville,
Tenn., was in town this week.

W. H. Dean, left for Atlanta,
Tuesday.

Mr. Joe Borden, of Rabbit Town,
was in Jacksonville Saturday.

Dr. Evans and son, Frontis, of
White Plains, were in the city Sat-
urday.

James Andrews and Jno. Hol-
lingsworth, of Beat 10, were in
town last week.

Dempsy Nesbitt, of Jenifer, was
up Sunday on a visit to his parents.

A. C. Dormind, of Anniston,
was in the city Monday.

R. V. Miller, of Virginia, is one
of our visitors this week.

Miss Jeannie Mauck, of Atlanta,
is visiting relatives and friends in
Jacksonville.

Mrs. C. C. McMillan, and her son
Fred, of Augusta, Ga., are visiting
relatives in Jacksonville.

Miss Sue Hall, who has been vi-
siting her brother, Mr. J. H. Hall,
returned home Sunday.

D. Z. Goodlett, visited Anniston
Tuesday.

B. G. McClelen was in town a
few days ago.

Tom Allsup, of Piedmont, was in
town Saturday.

Pettie Hollingsworth brought in
four dressed wild turkeys Saturday.

Mr. R. F. Hughes, of Weavers
Station was in Jacksonville Satur-
day.

A. W. Tedcastle, of Rome, Ga.,
was in town Saturday.

Jno. Price of Beat 8, was in
Jacksonville Monday.

G. A. Britain of Tampa, was in
town Monday.

S. W. Boles, of Piedmont, was
among his friends in the city one
day this week.

Senator J. W. Alexander was in
Jacksonville Monday.

J. B. Martin, of Ragland, was in
town Monday.

W. B. Thompson, of Chattanooga,
was in town Tuesday.

J. M. Williams, of Nashville,
was in the city Sunday.

Herbert T. Davis, of Atlanta, was
in town Sunday.

Robert and A. B. Hollingsworth
were in the city Tuesday.

W. A. Prickett, of Alexandria,
was up Thursday.

John Forney, of the University
of Alabama, visited his father's
family last week.

Gen. Burke, receiver of the Chat-
tanooga Southern R. R., and his
son, Frank Burke, visited their
home here Sunday.

Dr. T. W. Ayers left Tuesday
for Washington to witness the in-
augural ceremonies.

Messrs. Tom Pelham and Henry
Lanford, of Alexandria valley, were
in town Thursday.

Hon. Gaston A. Robbins passed
through Jacksonville Wednesday
morning en route to Washington.

Messrs. J. J. Wilson and George
Alexander, of Piedmont, were in
town Wednesday.

The family of Judge Crook have
gone to Florida for a month and he
is boarding at the Tredegar Inn un-
til their return.

Mr. McFry, of Piedmont, was
bitten by a mad dog Thursday week
last and went to Anniston to have
the Milan madstone applied to his
wounds.

Mr. Butler Green, of Beat 8, was
in Jacksonville Wednesday. He is
a stockholder in the proposed
cotton factory here and is much inter-
ested in the success of the enter-
prise.

Mr. Tom Neighbors of precinct 9
was in town Thursday, and says he
is going to move to Newberne in
Central Alabama. Calhoun will
lose a good citizen when he goes.

Mr. Will Glover, of Talladega,
was visiting relatives and friends in
Calhoun last week. He went home
last Sunday night. Will took his
first lessons of business in Jack-
sonville and has many warm friends
here.

BIRMINGHAM, Ala., Feb. 31.—About
11 o'clock p. m. a mob overtook the
sheriff of St. Clair county twelve miles from
Springville and took from him the no-
torious Richard Mays, who he was taking
to St. Clair, the county seat.

Against the negro was arrested on the
charge of an assault with intent to rape
Mrs. M. V. McVayer, who lives near
Attalla. He attacked the lady Sunday
while she was going to the village to at-
tend church. He tore her clothing and
kissed her in several places.

"There were some twenty-five men in
the mob, and they were determined on
putting an end to this would-be rapist,
and there is no doubt they 'lost him
on the way.'"

THROUGH THE SOUTH.

THE CREAM OF CURRENT EVENTS IN A FEW LINES.

What Has Happened During the
Week at Various Points in
the Southern States:

RATON, N. C., Feb. 17.—The Popu-
lists in the legislature, were absolutely
outvoted when the Democratic mem-
bers arose as with one man and passed
a bill in the house to repeal the charter
of the state Farmers' Alliance granted
four years ago. The bill to repeal was
agreed upon by the Democratic caucus,
and will pass the senate, every Democrat
supporting it.

The bill is entitled "an act for the
relief of the stockholders of the state
alliance business agency." Its pre-
amble sets forth that:

"Whereas, large sums of money and
other property have been accumulated under
the charter of 1889; and whereas, all the
stockholders are believed to be personally
liable for all debts and liabilities of the
corporation but have no voice in its con-
trol or management; and whereas, the terms
of the charter, therefore, to enable the stock-
holders to obtain a settlement of the affairs
of the corporation, and have their money
returned to them, it is enacted:

"That the attorney general, upon the re-
quest of any stockholder of the alliance
fund, shall institute suit in the name of
the state for the purpose of having a re-
ceiver appointed to wind up its affairs
and to distribute to individual stockholders
the fund contributed by them as mem-
bers of any county or subordinate al-
liance fund."

There is about \$50,000 of the fund,
not a cent of which can be secured, by
those who contributed it, and it is open-
ly charged that it is about to be used in
the interest of the People's party, the
present of the alliance, as well as its
secretary and business agent, being ex-
treme members of that party. A re-
ceiver will be asked, for immediately
Most of the fund was contributed by
persons not now all alive.

A bill was introduced to recharter the
alliance, and the same was reported
and organized and operated solely in the in-
terest of the alliance, authorizing it to conduct
a mercantile or manufacturing business,
operate warehouse and stock yards, and
to manufacture fertilizers. No indi-
vidual member is to be liable for any
obligation contracted by officers.

MEMPHIS, Feb. 22.—Colonel J. R.
Vledge of Texas, the president of the
Cotton Bureau, passed through the city
en route for Birmingham, Atlanta and
Savannah. He reported the prospects of
the bureau to be very in the extreme.
Funds to the amount of \$5,000,000, he
says, have been contracted for with
Liverpool cotton men and capitalists
through an agent of the bureau, who
was sent to Europe to raise the money.

These funds are to be placed in New
Orleans, and thence distributed by the
executive officers of the bureau among
the cotton growers in the form of loans,
security being given by contracts for
the delivery of cotton direct to spinners
from the plantations. The Englishmen
were so favorably impressed with the
scheme that they proposed further to
put on a line of steamships between
Liverpool and New Orleans to carry
the cotton at reduced rates, provided
the bureau would take English goods in
exchange. The bureau declined to bind
itself to such an arrangement, but a
representative of the English syndicate
will visit this country in the spring,
and endeavor to make some bargain of
this kind. The \$5,000,000, however, is
declared by Colonel Vledge to be as-
sured.

NEW ORLEANS, Feb. 17.—The commit-
tee on constitution and bylaws for the
United Confederate Veterans has been
holding its session for the last few days
in this city. The committee have com-
pleted their labors and will make a
unanimous report to the next reunion to
be held at Birmingham, Ala., on the
15th of July next. The constitution, as
agreed upon by them, provides for a
general committee and staff officers of
brigadier generals. It also provides for
three departments to be known as the
Army of Northern Virginia, the Army
of Tennessee, and the Army of the
Mississippi, to be commanded by lieut-
enant generals with limited staffs to
rank as colonels.

But one major general is to be allowed
to a state or territory. States and terri-
tories may be divided into divisions by
major general, and the divisions may be
made permanent headquarters for the
division. Bylaws and rules of order
were adopted by the committee. The
work of the committee has been ap-
proved by all prominent confederates to
whom it has been submitted.

LOUISVILLE, Feb. 21.—Last fall Bert
Wing, a well known sporting man of
this city, killed his wife in a house of ill-
fame. She was the daughter of Judge
Eaves, a prominent jurist and respected
citizen of Greenville, Ky. Wing was
put on trial charged with murder, and
pleaded guilty. Judge Eaves arose and
said:

"In consideration of the jury, by permis-
sion of the court I wish to state that I
am the father of Miriam Eaves. I wish
also to state that it will be satisfactory
to me if this jury fixes the punishment
of the prisoner at life in the peniten-
tiary."

Judge Jackson charged the jury, tell-
ing them they might fix the punishment
at death or life imprisonment. That
body, fitted out and soon returned, bring-
ing in a verdict of life imprisonment.
Judge Jackson then pronounced the sen-
tence and told the prisoner he owed his
life to the man whose daughter he had
killed.

BEAUFORT, S. C., Feb. 21.—The de-
cision in the case of South Carolina vs.
the Port Royal and Augusta Railway
company, delivered by Judge Allen in
Aiken, has been received by the clerk
of the Beaufort county court for filing.
The decision makes the appointment of
J. H. Averill as receiver of the road
permanent, and authorizing him to continue
as collector to the State United States
court for possession of the property.
Colonel Averill is further ordered to
give security to the amount of \$10,000,
as a guarantee of his administration of
the road. The case of Henry
B. King vs. the Port Royal and Augusta
Railway company, involving similar is-
sues, was decided in the same way.

SAN ANTONIO, Tex., Feb. 21.—Ad-
vice have been received at Fort Sam Hous-
ton from Fort Ringgold, telling of the
arrest by Captain John E. Beutcke, of
fifteen guerrillas in Starr county. The
prisoners have been on the go since
the trouble began, and are understood
to have been bogged without bloodshed.
Everything is now quiet.

In the criminal proceedings against
Francisco Benavides, the revolutionist
chief, but one witness was examined
and the prosecution closed. The de-
fense will rely principally upon an at-
tempt to impeach the testimony of some
of the material witnesses in the pro-
secution.

JAS. HUTCHISON
PAID ORIGIN AND BARBER.

PADUCAH, Ky., Feb. 21.—W. L. Bur-
net, a leading and widely known local
warehouse man, suicided at his resi-
dence here. He shot himself by placing
a pistol to the side of his head while he
lay in bed. Last summer he was run-
struck and since then has not been
himself altogether. He often com-
plained of his pains and left no note
saying he had took his life, and his
suffering. He was 56 years old, and
left a wife and four sons and one daugh-
ter.

AUSTIN, Tex., Feb. 21.—Hon. John E.
Hollingsworth, State Commissioner of
Agriculture, being solicited by many
interests, has called a farmers' conven-
tion to meet in Austin, March 10. The
object is to bring all the influence pos-
sible to bear upon the cotton planters
to decrease the cotton acreage this year.
Not only farmers, but all persons inter-
ested in higher prices of cotton are in-
vited to attend. Other cotton States
will be asked to co-operate.

HUNTINGTON, W. Va., Feb. 21.—A
huge rock slide weighing ten tons came
down the mountain near Nuttall station,
on the C. and O., and crushed a hut in
which ten colored men were living.
Four of them were killed and the other
six badly injured. They were working
on the C. and O. laying a double track
toward C. and O.

BUENA VISTA, Ga., Feb. 21.—The en-
tire work of the Buena Vista Manu-
facturing company was consumed by fire
Sunday afternoon. The loss is total
with no insurance. The Central rail-
road depot was saved by heroic work.
The leading business men of Buena
Vista composed the company.

CHARLESTON, S. C., Feb. 15.—The
United States court has decided the rail-
road tax case against the state. The
marshal has been ordered to place the
property in the possession of a receiver,
and the county sheriffs have been fined
\$500 each for contempt, and will be im-
prisoned until the fine is paid.

PARIS, Tex., Feb. 23.—Several mem-
bers of the Choctaw council were here
and state that the fee to be paid their
attorney, Orrick, is 25 per cent, which,
on the total purchase of \$2,941,000, will
be \$735,000. They say the fee is outra-
geous, but it was necessary to make the
deal to get their money.

MACON, Ga., Feb. 21.—The grand jury
of Bibb county has returned four true
bills against J. E. J. Brown, a notary
public and ex-officio justice of the peace,
charging him with malpractice in office.
It seems that Brown has been making
criminals pay cost in full settlement of
cases in his court.

PITTSBURG, Tex., Feb. 20.—The boiler
of Newberry's saw mill, 70 miles from
here, exploded Saturday. Rose Wylie,
colored, was killed. C. A. Newberry,
Wm. Morris, James Woods and Henry
Clay were seriously injured and others
slightly hurt.

AMERICUS, Ga., Feb. 21.—All differ-
ences between the "Sam" road and the
engineers have been satisfactorily ar-
ranged. Full train service has been re-
sumed. This is authentic and comes
from Major Gabbett.

DESTRUCTIVE FIRE IN PENNSYLVANIA.

WEST NEWTON, Feb. 2.—Fire broke
out in Paul's furniture store at 1:30
o'clock, a. m., and before the flames
could be subdued destroyed eight build-
ings, including Paul's store, Deaver's
military store, Streicher's shoe store,
Oiley's warerooms, Sander's hardware
store, Burr Leeper's art studio and Se-
ler's shoe store. The loss will amount
to \$40,000.

HORRIBLE DEATH RECORD.

VIENNA, Feb. 22.—An explosion at
Skallis mine, in Syria, has caused
fifteen deaths, besides twenty miners
more or less seriously injured. Six per-
sons were drowned by the flooding of
the Rudolph mine at Carlsbad, Bo-
hemia.

LITTLE ROCK, Ark., Feb. 17.—Govern-
or Fishback received replies from the
governors of Mississippi and Tennessee,
promising hearty co-operation in the
plan for a convention of southern gov-
ernors to be held in Richmond, Va., April
12 next. Favorable replies have already
been received from every southern state
except Georgia, Louisiana and Texas,
but the press of those states al-
ready foretell of hearty co-operation.
Governor Fishback says that the gov-
ernor of Virginia will soon issue invita-
tions, on behalf of Virginia, to carry
out his suggestions.

Spot Cash Will Tell.

We sell for Spot cash
make no allowance for bad
debts; sell good quality;
honest weights at prices
that cannot be beaten, and
equaled only by those who
get up and hustle and do
their own work like we do.

If you do not buy from us
it will be your own loss.

Respectfully,
PORTER, MARTIN & CO.

CRYSTAL LENSES

TRADE MARK.
Quality First and Always.

Have exclusive Sale of these Cele-
brated Glasses in Jacksonville, Ala.,
from the Factory of

Keilam & Moore,
The only complete Optical Plant in
the South, Atlanta, Ga.

Keilam & Moore,
nov12-5m

RECEIVING DAILY

FALL AND WINTER GOODS

CONSISTING OF

prints, Gingham, Dress Goods, Notions, Household
Linens, Bleached Goods, Blankets, Quilts,

Comfortables &c.

Ladies' and Gentlemen's Woolen Underwear, Hos-
tery, Ladies' and Children's Fall and Winter Cloaks
and Jackets, Mens' and Boys' Overcoats, Suits, Hats,
Caps, Shoes, in fact a nice line of

Gents' Furnishings.

Are expecting daily a full stock of Clements & Balls

FINE SHOES FOR LADIES.

Come and learn our prices for the hard times

In my Grocery Department you will find the "Pat-
ents" and cheaper grade of flour, brown and granulated
Sugars, N. O. Syrups, Lard and Meat. Everything to
make complete a general stock of merchandise.

JOHN RAMAGNANO.

AT HIS
OLD STAND.

Has in stock one of the finest assortment of Wines and Liquors to be
found in the South.

Sour Mash Lincoln County, direct from Bonded Ware-
house; Pure, Sweet Mash Corn Whisky, best quality;
Old Rye, Old Kentucky Sour Mash Bourbons; finest high
grade, blends in bulk or cases. Imported Sherries,
Clarets, Ports, Brandies, Gins and Cordials of the best
European brands. Also

Domestic Wines and Brandies.

Whiskies and Wines by the gallon for family use sold at lowest figures.
Also

Sacramental Wines.

Imported Bottled Beer and cool fresh Lager Beer always on ice. Best
and most popular brands of five and ten cent cigars.

ULLMAN BROS.

\$20,000 Worth of Clothing

TO SELECT FROM.

Choice Styles, Fine Fabrics.

All thrown on the market from now on until Christmas from December
15th until 25th at the liberal discount of 12 1/2 per cent. reduction all along
the line.

100 Good Business Suits 5.00 to 8.50 100 Fine Cheviot and Cashmere
Sackes, 9.00 to 15.00 100 Fine Scotch and Worsted Sackes, 10.00 to
16.50 100 fine dress Suits in Sacks, Frocks and Prince Alberts, from
12.50 to 25.00 200 Overcoats of every description for men and boys, also
at a reduction of 12 1/2 per cent. 200 Boys' cheap and fine Suits, an elegant
line especially adapted to school wear, from 2.50 to 7.50.

This is an offer seldom given you.

We Have too Much Clothing.

IT MUST GO. COME AND SEE IT.

5000 Suits, in double and single breast, in all colors
at a reduction of 12 1/2 per cent.

ULLMAN BROS.

WE HAVE

Jacksonville Republican

ETERNAL VIGILANCE IS THE PRICE OF LIBERTY

ISSUED 1897

JACKSONVILLE, CALHOUN COUNTY, ALA., SATURDAY, MARCH 11, 1893.

VOLUME 57

Nation's New Servants!

COMING OF GROVER CLEVELAND!

My Grandest Son Now at the Helm.

Wheel During a Storm, but Sturdily Steers Into Shine—An Inaugural Address Replete With Wisdom.

March 4.—Mr. Cleveland's inaugural address is a popular disposition to expect from the operation of government, special and direct.

INDIVIDUAL ADVANTAGES.

The verdict of our voters, which condemned the injustice of maintaining protection for protection's sake, enjoins upon the people's servants the duty of exposing and destroying the brood of kindred evils which are the unwholesome progeny of paternalism.

—This is the bane of republicanism, institutions and the constant peril of our government by the people. It degrades to the purposes of wily craft the plan of rule our fathers established and bequeathed to us as the object of our love and veneration.

It perverts the patriotic sentiment of our countrymen, and tempts them to a pitfall of calculation of the sordid gain to be derived from their government's maintenance. It undermines the self-reliance of our people, and substitutes in its place dependence upon governmental favoritism; it stifles the spirit of true Americanism and stupefies every ennobling trait of American citizenship.

The lessons of paternalism ought to be unlearned and the better lessons taught; that while the people should particularly and cheerfully support their governments, its functions do not include the support of the people. The acceptance of this principle leads to a refusal of bounties and subsidies which burden the labor and thrift of a portion of our citizens to aid ill advised or languishing enterprises in which they have no concern. It leads also to a challenge of wild and reckless

PENSION EXPENDITURES.

which overlap the bounds of a grateful recognition of patriotic service, and prostitute to vicious uses the people's prompt and generous impulse to aid those disabled in their country's defense. Every thoughtful American must realize the importance of checking at its beginning any tendency in public or private station to regard frugality and economy as virtues which we may safely outgrow. The toleration of this idea results in waste of the people's money by their chosen servants, and encourages prodigality and extravagance in the home life of our countrymen. Under our scheme of government the waste of public money is a crime against the citizens, and a contempt of our people for economy and frugality in their personal affairs deplorably saps the strength and sturdiness of our national character. It is a plain dictate of honesty and good government that public expenditures should be limited by public necessity, and that this should be measured by the rules of strict economy; and it is equally clear that frugality among the people is the best guaranty of a contented and strong support of free institutions.

One mode of misappropriation of public funds is avoided when appointments to office instead of being the rewards of partisan activity are awarded to those whose efficiency promises a fair return of work for the compensation paid to them. To secure

FITNESS AND COMPETENCY.

of appointees to office, and to remove from political action the de-

normalizing madness for spoils, civil service reform has found a place in our public policy, and laws. The benefits already gained, through this impartiality and the further usefulness it promises entitle it to party support and the encouragement of all who desire to see our public service well performed, or who hope for the elevation of political sentiment and the purification of political methods.

The existence of immense aggregations of kindred enterprises, and combinations of business interests, formed for the purpose of

limiting production, and fixing prices, is inconsistent with the fair field which ought to be open to every independent activity. Legitimate strife in business should not be superseded by enforced concession to the demands of combinations that have the power to destroy, nor should the people be served lose the benefits of competition which usually results from wholesome competition. These aggregations and combinations frequently constitute conspiracies against the interests of the people, and in all their phases they are unnatural and opposed to our American sense of fairness. To the extent that they can be reached and restrained by federal power, the general government should relieve our citizens from their interference and exertions. Loyalty to the principles upon which our government rests positively demands that that equality before the law which it guarantees to every citizen should be in all parts of the land. The enjoyment of this right follows the badge of citizenship wherever found, and unimpaired by race or color, it appeals for recognition to American manliness and fairness.

OUR RELATIONS WITH THE INDIANS.

Located within our borders impose upon us responsibilities we cannot escape. Humanity and consistency require us to treat them with forbearance, and in our dealings with them to honestly and considerately regard their rights and interests. Every effort should be made to lead them through the paths of civilization and education to self-supporting and independent citizenship. In the meantime as the nation's wards they should be promptly defended against the cupidity of designing men and shielded from every influence or temptation that retards their advancement.

The people of the United States have deemed that on this day the control of their government in its legislative and executive branches should be given to a political party pledged in the most positive terms to the accomplishment of

TARIFF REFORM.

They have thus determined in favor of a more just and equitable system of federal taxation. The agents they have chosen to carry out their purpose are bound by their promises, not less than by the command of their masters, to devote themselves unrelentingly to this service. While there should be no surrender of principle our task must be undertaken wisely and without vindictiveness. Our mission is not punishment, but rectification of wrongs. If in lifting the burdens from the daily life of our people we reduce inordinate and unequal advantages too long enjoyed, this is but a necessary incident of our return to right and justice. If we exact from unwilling minds acquiescence in the theory of an honest distribution of the fund of governmental beneficence treasured up for all, we but insist upon the principle which underlies our free institutions. When we tear aside the delusions and misconceptions which have blinded our countrymen to their condition under the tariff laws, we but show them how they have been led away from the paths of contentment and prosperity. When we proclaim that the necessity for revenue to support the government furnishes the only justification for taxing the people, we announce a truth so plain that its denial would seem to indicate

the extent to which judgment may be influenced by familiarity with the perversions of the taxing power, and when we seek to re-estimate the self-confidence and business enterprise of our citizens by discrediting abject dependence upon governmental favor, we strive to stimulate those elements of American character which support the hope of American achievement. Anxiety for the redemption of the pledges which my party has made, and solicitude for the complete justification of the trust the people have reposed in us, constrain me to remind those with whom I am to co-operate that we can succeed in doing the work which has been specially set before us only by the most sincere, harmonious and disinterested effort.

Even if insuperable obstacles and opposition prevent the consummation of our task, we shall hardly be excused, and if failure can be traced to our fault of neglect we may be sure the people will hold us to swift and exacting accountability. The oath I now take to preserve, protect and defend the constitution of the United States not only impressively defines the great responsibility I assume, but suggests obedience to the constitution and amendments as the rule by which my official conduct must be governed. I shall to the best of my ability and within my sphere of duty preserve the constitution by loyally protecting every grant of federal power it contains by defending all its restraints when attacked by impatience and restlessness and by enrobing its limitations and reservations in favor of the states and the people. Fully impressed with the gravity of the duties that confront me and mindful of weakness, I should be appalled if it were my lot to bear unaided the responsibilities which await me. I am, however, saved from discouragement when I remember that I shall have the support and counsel and co-operation of wise and patriotic men who will stand at my side in the cabinet or will represent the people in their legislative halls. I find also much comfort in remembering that my countrymen are just and generous, and in the assurance that they will not condemn those who by sincere devotion to their service, deserve their forbearance and approval. Above all I know there is a supreme being who rules the affairs of men and whose goodness and mercy have always followed the American people, and I know He will not turn from us now if we humbly and reverently seek his powerful aid.

Mr. Frank T. Howard, of New Orleans, has recently become the purchaser of the celebrated Good-night or Quittaque Ranch, noted as one of the finest cattle ranges in Texas. The ranch, which is situated in the heart of the Texas Panhandle, and in the center of one of the finest wheat producing regions of the world, contains 150,000 acres of land and owns and maintains over one hundred miles of fence. To merely ride round its borders is two days' journey, and in its area are found vast undulating prairies, hills, valleys and rivers, while on its plains over 16,000 head of cattle are now grazing. The New Orleans Times-Democrat says Mr. Howard proposes at an early date to break up his property into small, easily-handled farms and sell them to actual settlers at such a price and on such easy terms as will be a revelation to the emigrants from the overcrowded regions of the North and East. Mr. Howard paid nearly \$500,000 in cash for this splendid domain.

At the recent session of the Alabama Legislature a bill was passed authorizing the clerk of any board of revenue or court of county commissioners to pay out of the county treasury a sum not to exceed \$40 per annum to any Confederate soldier or sailor who is incapacitated on account of blindness or by reason of the loss of an arm, or leg from earning a livelihood.

NEARLY TWENTY KILLED.

Victims of the Cyclone's Fury in Georgia.

Terrible Suffering Everywhere.

KNOXVILLE, TENN., March 5.—Vestibule train No. 3 of the Washington and Chattanooga fast line, due here at 2:35 o'clock, was seven hours and a half late to day. The cause of the delay was partly due to an accident at Rogersville, Tennessee.

A small cyclone struck across Hawkins County, doing considerable damage and blowing a large tree across the railway track. The vestibule car hit this obstruction with a full head of steam. Fifty-eight panes of glass were broken in the train and one man, whose name could not be ascertained, was slightly injured.

The train was not delayed or otherwise damaged in any way.

ATLANTA, March 5.—The extent of the damage done by the cyclone that swept through Georgia Friday night was pretty accurately stated in last night's dispatches. No more dead are reported, but the destruction to property is much greater than before reported. The killed are:

At Piedmont, Miss Daisy Hawkins and a negro woman.

At Odessa, six persons, names unknown.

At Molena, Mrs. Felt and four negroes.

At Woodbury, a white child and two negroes.

At Greenville, a negro woman.

Near Barnesville, Andrew Revere.

The number of the injured is great, and the probabilities are that half has not been told. It is impossible to give a complete list.

At Greenville the greatest damage was done. Of 200 houses of that town not more than fifty remain intact. Great suffering is reported from there. The center of the town is completely demolished. Half of the houses of the town have been razed to the ground. That there was no greater loss is remarkable.

APPEALS FOR AID.

ATLANTA, Mar. 5.—Reports from the center of the cyclone disturbance show that the great destruction caused will call for relief. Many of the cyclone sufferers are in a destitute condition, having been rendered homeless and homeless by the wind, with not a vestige of clothing except the garments they had on their backs. They were exposed to the biting cold. Starvation stares some of them in the face. At a meeting held in Greenville appeals for assistance were given out. The statement of the facts are brief, but terrible. The town is now a scene of desolation, many of her elegant homes as well as her humble cottages are destroyed and numbers of families are destitute, penniless and homeless. Four of her churches and her beautiful college have been leveled to the dust. This is a calamity which cannot be relieved by the sufferers falling back upon insurance companies, but relief must come, if it comes at all, from the promptings of Christian beneficence and human pity and generosity. It is to such sentiments in the bosoms of our fellow citizens of every kind that we appeal.

SHOCKING DETAILS.

MERIDIAN, Mar. 5.—Mayor Dai issued a proclamation this morning calling upon citizens to contribute funds for the relief of distressed victims of the cyclone at Marion, Toomsula, Keewana, Pachuta and Barnett. It has been impossible so far to even approximate the financial loss occasioned by the cyclone, but it will go in the hundreds of thousands.

A. J. Keeton, one of the richest merchants at Toomsula, is left penniless, all of his property having been swept away by the storm.

What a Farmer Wants.

He wants a fair remuneration for his labor.

He wants to see class legislation abolished.

He wants more money that debt trade may be abolished.

He wants free and fair election and purity in politics.

He wants the free coinage of all gold and more circulation.

He wants an equal representation in the legislative department.

He wants no speculation in the price of the products of the farm.

He wants everybody to have a free and fair chance in the race of life.

He wants an equal chance with men engaged in other occupations.

He wants to see all men successful who are engaged in the pursuit of legitimate enterprises.

He wants to see the genius of man directed to the development of the country's resources.

He wants to see this republic a government of the people, for the people and by the people.

He wants reduced rates on the transportation of the product of labor, in order to place him nearer the consumer.

He wants the financial system so modified that money will become the beneficent agency of commerce instead of its master.

The New York Recorder asks: "What would Col. Herbert of the Confederate Army have said thirty years ago if a gypsy fortune teller in the Wilderness where he was then fighting against the Union Army, had predicted that he would some day be named to the command of the Union Navy Department?"

The Charleston News and Courier makes the timely and appropriate answer that "if he were careful in his speech he would probably have said simply that such an event could only come to pass by reason of United States conquering the Confederate States and absorbing the citizens thereof. If he were a profane man, there is no telling what he would have said." His public service have long since proven his devotion to the Union, and no one will ever know the difference now.

The Local Paper.

Governor Francis, of Missouri, who appreciates the value of a local paper, gives the following reasons why it should be patronized.

"Each year the local paper gives from \$199 to \$1,000 in free lines to the community in which it is located. No other agency can or will do this. The editor, in proportion to his means, does more for his country than any other ten men; he ought to be supported not because you like him and his writing, or not supported because you don't like him and disagree with his writings, but all should support a local paper because it is the best investment a community can make; it may not be brilliantly edited or crowded with thought, but financially it is more benefit to the people than the teacher or preacher. Understand me, I do not say morally or intellectually, but financially; and yet on the moral question you will find more of the local papers on the right side. Today the editors of the home papers do the most for the least money of any men on earth."

FRANCIS L. PETTUS, Speaker of the House Representatives.

J. C. COMPTON, President of the Senate.

Approved February 21, 1893.

THOS. G. JONES, Governor.

The Pinetucky Gold Mill of this county is being run day and night. The gold is being successfully saved and is being found in paying quantities. The mountains of Cleburne are full of precious metals. Come and see and be convinced.—Edwardsville Standard News.

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W. L. Nichols was elected Mayor of Gadsden, recently.

The Baptists of Gadsden, will soon build a new house of worship.

We print some of the general laws passed by the last Legislature that may be of interest to our people.

Judge J. W. Lapsley was appointed Judge of the city court at Anniston Wednesday by Gov. Jones.

Col. R. R. Kyle, one of Gadsden's leading citizens, was stricken with paralysis of the brain last Monday, and it was thought at one time he would not recover.

Editor Grant has been in Washington all of this week, which will account for absence of any considerable amount of editorial matter in this issue.

The Rolling-Stock works at Anniston and Decatur were sold Thursday. The works at both places brought \$150,000 subject to a mortgage of \$1,300,000.

A mob-masked and unmasked men, in Cherokee county, whipped two white men named Pruitt last Sunday-morning with hickory switches, giving them seventy-eight lashes.

Some persons are trying to create the impression that the new election law disfranchises all men who cannot read and write. This is not true. It provides carefully the means by which such can vote.

The REPUBLICAN designs to give more room to local news in the future, and would like to have news items from every neighborhood in the county. Our subscribers would confer a favor by dropping us anything of interest that may occur in their neighborhood. It will only take a few lines, as a simple statement of fact is all we want.

The Montgomery papers and contributors thereto have paid merited tributes filling columns to little Joe Meyers, a twelve year old newsboy who died recently; and all because of the brave spirit of the little fellow in working hard, rain or shine, despite feeble health, for the support of a widowed mother. The people of Montgomery are going to raise a monument to "Little Joe." Here is something for the boys to think about. A dutiful child always commands the love and regard of the good everywhere.

Some of our people talk too much of what Jacksonville expects to do both in a business and political way. It is poor policy to show your hand before the cards are played. There is always some one ready to interfere and break up the plans thus exposed. Let us stop this foolish policy. It does not help the town to be publishing to the world constantly what it hopes to be able to do; while every failure to come up to the measure of public expectation thus excited, hurts the interests of the town. If we go forward it will be on what we hope to do, and it will be quite early enough to announce new enterprises after we have secured them.

In the Anniston Democratic primary last Saturday four candidates were in the field and the contest was spirited. Six hundred and seventy votes were cast. The candidates were E. M. Hight, Harry Weatherly, B. E. Elam and Jas. Noble. Messrs. Hight and Weatherly were the leading candidates and Hight's majority over Weatherly was 25. By the rules governing the primary as laid down by the committee, a second primary was to be held the Wednesday following, if no candidate got a majority of the votes cast. The two leading candidates being alone voted for. Under this rule a second primary election was held Wednesday, Messrs. Hight and Weatherly being the candidates voted for. Mr. E. M. Hight was nominated by the primary, and will be the next Mayor of Anniston, as an independent will have little show, if one should appear.

The Fayetteville, N. C., Gazette learns that a compromise will be made soon so that McDougald's lawyers will succeed in collecting \$5,000 insurance money on the life of Simpson Conoley, for the murder of whom McDougald was tried and acquitted.

There are hundreds of wild hogs in the Okefenokee swamp in Georgia. They do not go in droves, but are generally separated from each other. They are the property of some farmers near the swamp, but it is an unusual thing for them to be claimed by their owners.

While most cities and towns in this country are overrun with office seekers, Tampa, Fla., is minus men who will run for municipal offices. In a short time it will be necessary for that town to elect a Mayor, City Council and various other officials, but as yet only one man has signified his intention of running, and he desires to be tax assessor.

SOUTHERN NEWS ITEMS

Paper is being made of palm-leaf in Southern Africa.

At Wadesville, Ga., a sign bears the inscription: "AX handles, ink, pens and cheese."

Sam Jones, the noted Georgia revivalist, claims to have made over two thousand converts at his recent meeting in Memphis.

Bears are committing many depredations near Wheeling, W. Va., and hunters are killing many of them.

A Texas girl, Miss Mollie Morgan, who has never taken any lessons in music, can play on any musical instrument with style and accuracy and is quite a prodigy.

Two silver dollars of the Mexican variety were found in a rusty iron box in an old field near Brenham, Texas; and now the man who owns the field is digging for buried treasure and has refused a good price for his land.

For some time negotiations have been in progress which aim at the consolidation of the Rome Gas Light Company with the Rome Electric Light and Power Company, and it is now understood that these negotiations have about been consummated.

In Louisiana a young lady rode a horse at lightning speed to a station where she had an engagement to marry her lover. When she arrived it was only to find the old man waiting for her, when she was taken back home.

A Morgan County man, J. C. Cochran, has about 4,000 Yankee brass buttons that he traded for during the war. He swapped tobacco to Union soldiers for most of them, and a great part of the time Yankee Doodle had no buttons on his coat at all.

The North Carolina Senate has a member who preaches to the Legislature whenever he gets an opportunity. He is known as Elder J. A. Burch, and his sermons are good ones—good enough, in fact to keep the Legislature in trim.

The expense of Alachua County on account of jurors and witnesses the Circuit Court for 1892 was \$4,681.95, while for Marion County, it was \$8,449.50. In Jackson County, the expense ran up to \$10,851.65, beating Duval by \$9,081.15.

The hotel men of Tyler, Tex., complain that the new schedule on the Cotton Belt has completely killed the hotel business in Tyler, as the connections are all so good that one has no occasion to stop over in the city any length of time.

It cost Orange County last year \$3,465 to prosecute her criminals. Of this sum \$2,390.15 went to the Sheriff and his deputies, \$439.02 to the Justice of the Peace and his Constables, \$466.28 to the County Judge, \$189.39 to the Clerk of the Criminal Court, and \$380 to the County Solicitor.

In all parts of Coke County, Tex., as the wheat crop promises a good yield, the ground has a good season in it; the farmers are generally well up with their work, and the crops this year are more dependent upon the "shifty brawn and labor" of the farmer than anything else.

A school of small fish which had been chased by a few fish into a slip at Philbrick's wharf at Key West, a day or two ago, raised a great commotion in the water. There seemed to be thousands of them, making frantic leaps through the water and into the air, moving with wonderful speed.

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NEW LAWS

Some of the Acts Passed by the Last Legislature.

S. 375. AN ACT For the protection of landlords, proprietors or keepers of hotels and boarding houses.

Section 1.—Be it enacted by the general assembly of Alabama, That any person, who by fraud or misrepresentation obtains any board or lodging from the landlord, proprietor or keeper of any hotel or boarding house, or fails or refuses to pay for the same, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and on conviction thereof shall be fined not more than five hundred dollars, and may also be sentenced to hard labor for the county for not longer than six months.

Approved February 21, 1893. Official: J. D. BARRON, Secretary of State.

S. 587. AN ACT To provide for the payment of fees for attendance of state witnesses in criminal cases where the defendant is convicted.

Section 1.—Be it enacted by the general assembly of Alabama, That the fees for attendance of state witnesses in criminal cases where the defendant is convicted shall be paid in the same manner as the costs enumerated in section 54 of an act entitled "an act to create a new convict system for the state of Alabama, and to provide for the government, discipline and maintenance of all convicts in the state of Alabama," passed at the present session of the general assembly, and as if specially mentioned in said section of said act as approved Feb. 14, 1893.

Approved February 21, 1893. Official: J. D. BARRON, Secretary of State.

S. 110. AN ACT To authorize the commissioners' courts and county boards of revenue to aid indigent confederate soldiers.

Be it enacted by the general assembly of Alabama, That the commissioners' courts and county boards of revenue are hereby authorized, in their discretion, to appropriate out of county funds the sum of not exceeding forty dollars per annum, payable quarterly, in aid of any indigent confederate soldier or sailor who is totally disabled from physical labor by reason of blindness, loss of leg or arm.

Approved Feb. 21, 1893. Official: J. D. BARRON, Secretary of State.

S. 241. AN ACT To prevent children attending two different public schools the same scholastic year.

Section 1.—Be it enacted by the general assembly of Alabama, That no child who has attended one public school shall be permitted to attend another the same scholastic year, unless by the consent of a majority of the trustees of the township in which the school is situated; provided, the child has attended the number of days to which it is entitled.

Approved Feb. 21, 1893. Official: J. D. BARRON, Secretary of State.

S. 419. AN ACT To provide for the teaching of children in townships where less than the requisite number of children of the proper school age reside.

Section 1.—Be it enacted by the general assembly of Alabama, That in townships where less than the requisite number of children of the proper school age reside, it shall be the duty of the school trustees of such townships to arrange for the teaching of such children as they deem proper and just, subject to the approval of the county superintendent of education, and to pay for the tuition of such children in the manner prescribed by law, out of the school funds appropriated to such townships.

Approved Feb. 21, 1893. Official: J. D. BARRON, Secretary of State.

H. B. 971. AN ACT To extend the provisions of an act entitled an act for the relief of needy confederate soldiers and sailors, residents of Alabama, who, from wounds or other cause, are unable to earn a livelihood.

Section 1.—Be it enacted by the general assembly of Alabama, That any soldier or sailor, who, by reason of sickness, inability or ignorance of the act failed to avail himself of the provisions of an act entitled an act for the relief of needy confederate soldiers and sailors, residents of Alabama, who, from wounds or other cause are now unable to earn a livelihood, and for the widows of such as were killed or died in said war, and have not since remarried, approved Feb. 13, 1893, by failure to make the proof required in section 1 of said act within the time prescribed therein, and

Whereas, The fund collected under the provisions of the act for the year 1892 has not been expended; therefore,

Be it enacted by the general assembly of Alabama, That any person who is entitled to the benefits of said act, but who, by reason of sickness, inability or ignorance of the provisions of said act, failed before the first day of June, in the year 1892, to present a written application to the judge of probate of the county in which he resided, as provided in said act, shall have until the first day of June, 1893, to file such written application, and upon the filing of the same provided in said act, shall be entitled to receive his pro rata share of the funds therein provided for, the same as if he had filed his application before the first day of June, 1892.

Approved Feb. 21, 1893. Official: J. D. BARRON, Secretary of State.

H. B. 541. AN ACT To encourage the building and operating of cotton and woolen factories in the state of Alabama.

Section 1. Be it enacted by the general assembly of Alabama, That for the purpose of encouraging the building and operating of factories for the spinning of thread, yarns, and weaving of cloth and other fabrics of cotton and wool in the state, the court of commissioners of any county, or the constituted authorities of any city or town, in which it is proposed to locate such factories, shall be authorized and empowered to remit the taxes assessed on such buildings, factories, machinery used therein, or land upon which factories or buildings are located, for all county or city purposes, for a period not exceeding five years from the date of incorporation.

Section 2. Be it further enacted, That in order to obtain the benefits of this act it shall be the duty of the person, firm or corporation owning or controlling such factory to make application in writing to the court of county commissioners of the county, or the constituted authorities of the city or town in which it is proposed to locate such factory, giving the location of the proposed factory, and the date of incorporation, and praying for an order to be made by them, granting such person, firm or corporation the exemption provided by this act, which application, if granted, shall be entered on the records of the courts, and an order made designating the times which such exemption shall expire.

Section 3. Be it further enacted, That nothing in this act contained shall exempt such person, firm or corporation from rendering an assessment annually to the tax assessors of counties, cities and towns in which said factories are located, at its full value, of all property held and owned by such person, firm or corporation, and connected with or forming a part of such factory, for taxation or under the laws of the state.

Approved Feb. 21, 1893. Official: J. D. BARRON, Secretary of State.

H. B. 227. AN ACT To amend an act entitled an act to amend sub-division thirty-one (31) of section 629 of the code of Alabama, approved December 10, 1890.

Section 1. Be it enacted by the general assembly of Alabama, That sub-division 31 of section 629 of the code shall be, and the same is hereby amended so as to read as follows, viz: 31. For peddlers in a wagon

to earn a livelihood, or other beast, widows of such as were killed for dollars; in a wagon drawn by two horses, or other beasts, fifty five dollars; on a horse, or other beast, twenty-five dollars; on foot, fifteen dollars; when accompanied by singers, or other performers, on musical instruments, one hundred dollars. But for peddlers of tinware only, and peddlers of wooden and stone or clay hollow ware only, and tanners who manufacture leather goods and peddle these only, shall not be required to procure license. A peddler's license shall entitle him to peddle only in the county where it is taken out. Any person may demand of peddlers, itinerant dealers, and traveling agents, their license, and unless they exhibit the same, or show that they have a right under the law to peddle the articles carried by them, or to carry on the business they are engaged in without a license, such person may and is hereby authorized to arrest such peddlers, itinerant dealer or traveling agent, and carry him before the nearest county court judge, justice of the peace, mayor, recorder, intendant of any town, or notary public exercising the powers of a justice of the peace, and such of said officers as such peddler, itinerant dealer or traveling agent is carried before must, if he finds such person to be dealing without a license, forthwith, issue a warrant for his arrest, returnable to any court of their county having criminal jurisdiction, which warrant may be executed by the sheriff, or by any constable of the county, any city or town marshal, policeman, or any officer having authority to make arrest. It shall, however, be lawful for any person having but one arm or leg, or whose sight has been impaired as result of exposure, injury or disease during his service in the confederate army, or any other disabled confederate soldier who is permanently disabled by wounds; or any person who has lost his eyesight in any way so that he is incompetent to perform manual labor (if he shall secure the certificate of a physician and the certificate of the probate judge of such said facts), to peddle in any county of the state free of license, nor shall this act be so construed as to require a license on peddlers of fish, oysters, game, fresh meats, poultry, fruit and all farm products raised by the seller, nor any dealer in books or other literature.

Approved Feb. 16, 1893. Official: J. D. BARRON, Secretary of State.

SENATOR MORGAN.

His Condition Shows Material Improvement—Will Leave for London Soon.

SOUTHAMPTON, March 7.—The condition of Senator John T. Morgan who is suffering from a slight attack of erysipelas, at the South-western Hotel here, has materially improved since yesterday. He expects to be able to proceed to London in two or three days, and will shortly after start for Paris to attend, as one of the representatives of the United States, the sessions of the Bering Sea Court of Arbitration.

The eastern shore of Maryland has been besought to give India the sweet potato for a food for the often famine-stricken millions of many East India provinces. E. B. Francis, Director of the lands in the Punjab, has written to a Mr. Bennett, of Accomac County asking for "crops well packed," as it is desired to introduce that vegetable into India, in the hope that soil and climate there will be found peculiarly favorable to it.

Representatives from nearly every tobacco growing county in North Carolina are in Raleigh to protest against the passage of the Watson bill. The bill has passed the House and is now before the Senate Judiciary Committee. It was to have been called up Saturday.

ADVICE TO WOMEN If you would protect yourself from Painful, Profuse, Scanty, Suppressed or Irregular Menstruation you must use

BRADFIELD'S FEMALE REGULATOR

CANTERVILLE, April 25, 1893. This will certify that two members of my family, after having suffered for years from Menstrual Irregularity, were at length completely cured by Bradfield's Female Regulator. Its effect is truly wonderful. J. W. STRAW.

Book to be given, mailed FREE, which contains valuable information on all diseases of the female system. BRADFIELD REGULATOR CO., ATLANTA, GA. FOR SALE BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

Final Settlement Notice.

STATE OF ALABAMA. Calhoun County. In Probate Court, Special Term 1893.

Came this day, V. L. V. Lee, Commissioner for the sale of land for division among J. M. Griffin and others, joint owners and died, his account and vouchers for the final settlement of said estate, and the 27th day of March next to wit: the 27th day of March 1893 having been appointed by the Court for the examination, auditing and stating the same notice is hereby given to all parties interested to appear at the term of Court, aforesaid, and contest the same if they think proper.

Given under my hand at office the 20 day of March 1893.

EMMETT F. CROOK, Judge of Probate.

Non-Resident Notice.

STATE OF ALABAMA. Calhoun County. W. G. Finch, vs. Emma Finch.

In Chancery, City Court of Anniston. Whereas, On this 20th day of February 1893 an order of publication was made in the above stated cause, as follows, to-wit: "In this cause it being made to appear to the Clerk of this Court, in term time by the affidavit of Wm. G. Finch, Jr., that the defendant, Emma Finch, is a non-resident of the State of Alabama, and whose residence is unknown and further, that, in the belief of said Wm. G. Finch, Jr., over the age of twenty years, it is therefore ordered that publication be made in the Jacksonville Republican newspaper, published in the city of Jacksonville, Ala., once a week for four consecutive weeks, requiring her to file a bill of complaint in this cause by the 20th day of March 1893, or after thirty days thereafter a decree pro confesso may be taken against her."

Now therefore, pursuant to said order, this publication is made, and answer or demur to the bill of complaint in this cause by the 20th day of March 1893, or after thirty days thereafter a decree pro confesso may be taken against her.

This 20th day of Feb. 1893.

A. H. SHEPHERD, Clerk.

WILL T. MORTON, County Surveyor.

BROTHERS, WILLETT & WILLETT, Attorneys at Law.

The Golden-Rod Publishing Co., of Chicago, Illinois, has determined to secure 500,000 new subscribers to their family story paper, the GOLDEN-ROD, before July 1st, 1893. In the ordinary way this would require a lifetime, but "time is money" and in order to save time we are willing to pay those who subscribe now a large sum of

MONEY

realizing that we can soon recover this great expenditure from the increased revenue from our advertisers. For correct answers to the following ten word-riddles, The Golden-Rod Publishing Co., will pay the following

CASH REWARDS.

For the correct answer to any ONE word. \$20.00 For the correct answer to any TWO words. 30.00 For the correct answer to any THREE words. 50.00 For the correct answer to any FOUR words. 75.00 For the correct answer to any FIVE words. 100.00

For the correct answer to any SIX words. 125.00 For the correct answer to any SEVEN words. 150.00 For the correct answer to any EIGHT words. 175.00 For the correct answer to any NINE words. 200.00 For the correct answer to any TEN words. 250.00

AS SPECIAL GRAND PRIZES WE WILL PAY IN CASH: Here are the word-riddles, can you solve them? Remember, any one of the ten words correctly solved wins for you \$20.00 in cash.

To every one sending in the correct answers to ALL of the TEN words during JANUARY, \$1,000 To every one sending in the correct answers to ALL of the TEN words during FEBRUARY, 500

1. A—E Tree, bearing round fruit. 2. IN—A lofty tree. 3. PL—Plants with flowers of bright colors. 4. BAN—A. 5. R—NG Tropical tree, with round yellow fruit. 6. ROS—A. 7. RAP—The fruit is good to eat. 8. ATE—Tropical fruit, bearing trees. 9. A lot of trees. 10. A lot of trees.

EXPLANATION Each dash indicates the absence of a certain letter, and when complete, Example: B—E—A. A book which everyone should read. The correct letters are B and I, and when properly inserted the complete word is Bible.

REWARDS are paid in cash the very day any answer is found to be correct. The original words have been deposited in a safety vault under seal, to be opened December 31st, 1893, in the presence of witnesses whose sworn statement as to the correct words together with the names of prize winners, will be published in the January number of the GOLDEN-ROD.

Remember Every Correct Answer Wins A Prize.

CONDITIONS The object of this extraordinary offer is of course to secure subscribers for a year's subscription for our great paper The Golden-Rod, to be sent with five words \$25.00 and so on, and as many copies of the paper will be mailed to address given. Designate the words you answer by their number. Send at once and win one of the grand prizes. Address letters and make all remittances payable to THE GOLDEN-ROD PUBLISHING CO., 312 Dearborn St. Chicago.

RELIABLE AGENTS WANTED.

A. L. STEWART,

General Merchandise.

Family and Farm Supplies.

Dry Goods, Groceries, Shoes, Hats, and all Manner of Notions.

My Stock is large and must be sold. My prices will suit the times. Come to me for your

Plows and Farming Implements.

A Trial is all I Want.

Respectfully, A. L. STEWART.

ANNISTON
Weekly

...to stock the amount of ...
...her house does over, and, or, even will sell such sterling ...
such low prices as we quote."

QUALITY

Is the "bone and sinew" of every garment in our stock, and on it rests our reputation. Every day swells the chorus of praise that are being sent to the success of our achievement. The hundreds of patrons who have already sounded the depths of our resources this season are certain that we make the clothing we sell seems to everyone with confidence. W. S. ...

It is the Finest that Can be Made

Cause is the parent of effect. We couldn't give you the service you are entitled to—and depend on the trade for our supply, so we jumped into breach ourselves, rolled up our sleeves and went to work on our own looms. We put the Best Fabrics, the mills of the world weave in the hands of the Most Expert Artists, and kept a zealous watch over every step. We could come out of such a combination but, perfection? Make your own known. All we need is a hint of your desire, and we can parade before you a stock of Fall Suits and Overcoats that so far, excels in quantity, quality and variety the vain boasts of others as to drop them into the pile of security. Judge by facts, not fancies. Call at our establishment, exclusively to our stock of

CLOTHING,

provided for their utmost capacity with the latest patternings of fashion bring this magnificent display in contrast with the meager assortments others are showing.

Roll the resources of any three of them together, and we are leaders. Take our prices into account. The same enterprise at the same

has curtailed the costs. We have brought both ends of suit-
ing together—The Highest Values and the Lowest Prices. In every one
of our grades, from \$10 to \$40, in both Suits, Overcoats, you may rest assured
you are getting

FULL VALUE.

In the Boy's and Children's Department you will find we have follow-
ed the latest fashion through all her various moods. The superior quality that
this style shall be a known quality in everything we show; leaves us only
a few notable fountains to draw from. Two Piece Short Pants Suits, Knit-
ed Suits, Reefers or Overcoats, are all original effects, selected by
us and made up to our notion and left to our exclusive control. We are not
boasting. These are facts, and you need not be a clothing expert to ap-
preciate them. They are self-evident.

Our Suits are being made for the heavier overgarments. Ours are ready
to be worn on the same chord of consistent perfection, what a wealth of
value is awaiting your inspection.

THE FAMOUS
ONE PRICE HOUSE

*Noble and Tenth Streets,
Anniston, Ala.*

Buy It sometimes happens, however, that you want goods which the Jacksonville merchants do not have sufficient call for to justify them in carrying in stock. In such cases we invite you to call on us.

In Carpets, Mattings, Rugs, &c.

Shades, Curtains, Draperies, &c.
we are in condition to furnish any
house throughout. We have added
largely to our Dress Goods stock.
The Dressmaking Department
under Mrs. M. P. Smith, of Louis-
ville, Ky., is a great success.
We have added Millinery to our
business this season.
W. T. WILLSON.
Nov. 17, 2mos.

TABLE NO. 73 BETWEEN CARTERSVILLE AND PELL CITY
in Effect at 5:00 a. m., Monday, September 28th, 1901.
and down.

No. 1		No. 2		No. 3		No. 4	
10 min	Dp	10 min	Ar	10 min	Ar	10 min	Ar
11		11		11		11	
12		12		12		12	
13	Ar	13	Ar	13	Ar	13	Ar
14		14		14		14	
15		15		15		15	
16	Ar	16	Ar	16	Ar	16	Ar
17		17		17		17	
18		18		18		18	
19	Ar	19	Ar	19	Ar	19	Ar
20		20		20		20	
21		21		21		21	
22	Ar	22	Ar	22	Ar	22	Ar
23		23		23		23	
24		24		24		24	
25	Ar	25	Ar	25	Ar	25	Ar
26		26		26		26	
27		27		27		27	
28	Ar	28	Ar	28	Ar	28	Ar
29		29		29		29	
30		30		30		30	

CUT HERE.

No intelligent paper in the city directed. No intelligent without L. Street, N8 on a public. Address MUNS & CO., Broadway, New York City.

Jacksonville Republican

ETERNAL VIGILANCE IS THE PRICE OF LIBERTY

ESTABLISHED 1837

JACKSONVILLE, CALHOUN COUNTY, ALA., SATURDAY, MARCH 25, 1893.

VOLUME 57

CORRESPONDENCE.

From Mr. Ott Smith, a former Calhoun County Man.

My letter is already too long. After the crop matures I will perhaps write again, will know more from experience. With many kind regards to my friends, I am, Respectfully,
OTT SMITH.

VIRGINIA AHEAD.

The Season of Snake Stories Begins at the Big End.

Despite repeated warnings and numberless "horrible examples," the Fredericksburg (Va.) Lance, is determined to be "in it" this season and unblushingly starts out with the following story:

A young professional gentleman of this city recently traveled overland to Tappanhook. On the route he discovered a large black snake slowly crawling among the branches of a tree that stood by the roadside. Following the snake with his eye, the observer saw an unusually large hornet's nest attached to one of the branches of the tree, and toward which the snake was advancing. When close to the nest the snake coiled itself about a limb, released its tail, and with it gave several hard raps upon the exterior of the nest, as if knocking for admission. The noise of the blows and the swaying of the nest caused the hornets to leave their home and prepare for an attack upon the intruder. The snake ceased tapping with its tail as soon as the hornets left the nest, uncoiled itself and quickly disappeared, taking the place of the hornets within their nest.

Presently the snake's head was seen to peer out, and his bright, black eyes glistened as he anticipated a feast from which the bravest man would shrink with fear. The snake drew his head within the entrance hole to the nest until nothing was seen of it except an occasional forked tongue that darted in and out with lightning rapidity. Thinking the coast clear, the hornets began to return to their nest, when the snake took them in as rapidly as they could enter. Watching the proceeding for some time, our informant concluded that all the hornets had been safely hived, and he stood up in his buggy, tapped the nest with his whip, and awaited the result.

No hornets appearing, the nest was then knocked to the ground, opened, and his snakeship discovered in a torpid condition, with his size greatly increased. The snake was killed and a post-mortem held, with the following result. Stomach stuffed with dead hornets. W. S. White, attorney for the commonwealth for Stafford county, vouches for the truth of the story.

TIME ENOUGH.

President Cleveland's Advice to Office Seekers.

Washington, March 11.—President Cleveland said to some office seekers today that there was plenty of time to get all the offices, and they need not get excited.

"I really cannot see what difference it makes whether your tenure begins first, second or third month after we have taken possession. Remember the later you go in, the later you go out."

The postmaster general gave the same advice.

"Don't rush," said he. "File your paper and go home."

In consequence of this advice four-fifths of the office-seekers have gone away, but the fifth that is left will make a good sized army.—Exchange.

Shrewd investors are said to have taken advantage of the era of depression to buy up a great deal of real estate in Middlesborough, Ky., at low prices, trusting to an advance when the iron and steel works get into full operation.

SUBSCRIBE FOR THE REPUBLICAN.

WHITE CAPS INDICTED.

They Killed an Innocent Man in Indiana Six Years Ago.

OWENSBORO, Ky., March 20.—Eleven well-known farmers of Perry and Crawford counties, Indiana, are under indictment charged with the murder of John Davidson, a well-known farmer of Crawford county. Six years ago these eleven men were members of a gang of white caps, who terrorized this section many years. Davidson was suspected of complicity in the alleged abduction and outrage of a big, buxom Irish girl, named Annie Hanigan. Davidson was taken from his home at night, subjected to horrible torture to force a confession. Failing to extort any confession, these savages hung him from a limb of a small tree. It was soon proven that Mr. Davidson had no knowledge of the alleged outrage of the Irish girl, but the secrets of the white caps were so well kept that no direct evidence against them could be presented in court. One of the leaders of the gang, named Otto Ortonberg, was convicted upon another charge at the last term of court at Cannelton and sentenced to a long term in the penitentiary, and another turned state's evidence which led to the indictment of these eleven members. They have paid a firm of lawyers at Cannelton \$5,000 to defend them.

France's Ablest Man.

Jules Ferry, whose remains now lie in state awaiting a gorgeous funeral next Wednesday, was the ablest man in France, though never popular. In fact, his hold on the masses was slight. He had none of the tricks of the demagogue and never made those pyrotechnic displays which the French populace love so well and which his inferior contemporaries practised with remarkable success.

But he was a broad-minded, bold and well equipped statesman. He did more than other men to crush the life out of the Boulangist craze and for that France owes him a lasting debt of gratitude.

In the last years of his life his countrymen came to a just appreciation of his merits, and now that he is dead they realize that few of their public men who are left measure up to his standard.

France will try to atone for her injustice to the living by lavishing splendid honors on the dead.

It is an old story.—Atlanta Journal.

A Smart Doctor's Advertising Dodge.

It is contrary to medical ethics, you know, for doctors to advertise themselves, and the "regulars" dub a man a "quack" who does it. Some few of them manage to advertise in a round-about way now and then, and the following good story is told of a doctor who flourished in Atlanta some years ago. He was an able practitioner and withal a good doctor, but he lacked patients and his scarcity of patronage was entirely due to the fact that he had never had an opportunity of getting his name before the public. After a while there was scarcely a Sunday but what some preacher was asked to state that "if Dr. — was in the congregation he would please step into the vestibule; and no packed house at the theatre but what the manager was requested to announce that "Dr. Blank, if he was in the audience was wanted at the door." The doctor was soon very well known and his practice rapidly increased. He had posted his office box to make the calls for him at the churches and theatre.—Atlanta Journal.

Governor Levee, of Kansas, has signed the joint resolution providing for the submission of a woman suffrage amendment at the next general election in November, 1894.

ALABAMA TOWN BURNED.

Two Lives and \$100,000 Worth of Property Lost in the Flames.

Nashville, Tenn., March 20.—The most disastrous fire in the history of Athens, Ala., occurred today. At 4 a. m. flames were discovered in the Mammoth store building and the fire spread rapidly. Eight large and handsome buildings on the east side of the public square were destroyed.

TWO LIVES LOST.

Two lives are known to have been lost. One of these was a young man named William Chandler, of McKenzie, Tenn., who was a student at the agricultural station and school. The other was a colored man, Oscar Brown, who was pressman for the Courier Publishing Company.

The two men lost their lives in the store of W. B. Russell & Co., while trying to save the goods. The walls of an adjoining building fell, and they were crushed beneath the debris.

Remarkable Artesian Wells.

The little city of Waco, Tex., claims to have the largest well in the United States, and one of the largest in the world. It is bored, with a diameter of 10 inches, to the depth of 1,850 feet, all the artesian wells of the town finding their supply at about that depth. The Samson well, which has become so noted, throws up 1,500,000 gallons of hot but perfectly pure and crystalline water, at a temperature of 103 degrees—which is the highest temperature of any artesian water yet discovered—with a pressure of sixty pounds to the inch, and it will rise in the standpipe to the height of 120 feet from the ground. The supply, too, appears to be inexhaustible, no diminution of pressure having so far been felt at the other wells.

Besides the Samson two other standpipes are reported—respectively, 80 by 20 feet and 88 by 20— which not only supply the town with pure artesian water for domestic and manufacturing purposes, but also for hot, swimming and other baths. But scarcely of less importance for the future of the place is the fact that these wells supply it, in addition, with a motive power which can be applied to all kind of manufacturing needs.

She Gives Black Milk.

CHILLICOTHE, O., March 18.—Robert Hansborough, of this city, is the owner of the "eighth wonder of the world," a cow that gives black milk. The cow is a mixture of Jersey and Durham, and was raised on the Hansborough farm, as was also her mother and many sisters, none of whom exhibited any peculiarity in the color of their milk. Mollie, as this phenomenal creature is called, has reared five or six calves, all of which have lived and grown fat on the black milk.

The milk produces a fair amount of cream. This cream is a trifle lighter in color than the milk itself, and, when churned, makes a kind of butter that resembles a thick mixture of coal tar. Paradoxical as it may seem, this butter is as palatable as though of a golden yellow, and it is said to be highly relished by the whole Hansborough family.

At first, when the peculiar color of Mollie's milk was discovered by the person to whom was allotted the task of "breaking the cow in," the family was afraid to use it in any way. When they saw that the calf was waxen fat on the liquid tar the younger members of the family overcame their prejudices and within a few days the milk was being used just the same as if it had been of the regulation color.

Chemists of New York, Washington and Richmond have analyzed both the milk and the butter, but declare that they can detect nothing that in any way accounts for its color.

ALABAMA HAPPENINGS.

MATTERS GREAT AND SMALL GATHERED FROM STATE EXCHANGES.

Defiant young people want a debating society.

Another saw mill is to be erected near Sylacauga.

Luke Baird, of Lafayette, lost his corn crib by fire.

The Treasury of Chambers County contains very near \$1,000.

The Y. M. C. A. Library at Uniontown is now an assured fact.

New pews are to be put in the Presbyterian Church at Bessemer.

A new Methodist Church is to be erected at Jackson, Clark county.

The citizens of Cullman have nominated Geo. H. Parker for Mayor.

Tome Lovejoy has been appointed deputy sheriff of Elmore county.

The Baptist Young People's Union at Pratt City, have elected W. G. Orm, President; Miss Maud McKenzie, Secretary; and Miss Birdie Vann, Treasurer.

The removal of the county seat is now a live question in Lawrence County.

Hellin's base-ball club has been organized and is now ready for challenges.

Rome Warren, of Coffee County, killed a 22-pound wild turkey a few days ago.

The Jackson County Grand Jury returned eighty indictments at the late term of court.

Taylorville, on the Tennessee River, is now connected with Huntsville by telephone.

The Sand Mountain Signal is the name of a new paper at Abertville. A. McLean, editor.

William Anthony, of Fayette County, lost his smoke house and year's supplies by fire.

J. H. Lester was elected City Clerk of Attalla, and F. M. Wimpsey, Jr., Chief of Police.

Drinking and carousing on the streets of Roanoke is getting too common, says The Leader.

The Chambers County Grand Jury returned seventy-one true bills at the last term of court.

A two-story school building has been built at Joppa, Cullman County, and fitted up in modern style.

James Flinn, of Gadsden, in jumping off an engine in the railroad yards, fell and broke his ankle.

The Presbyterians have organized a church at Alexander City and a church building is to be erected.

At the late election on the whiskey subject, Beat 15, St. Clair County, went wet by a vote of 99 to 37.

Standing Rock, Chambers County, claims to have the largest and best Sunday school in the county.

The religious services at Tusculumbia, under the ministrations of Rev. Mr. Matthews, was a grand success.

The colored Baptists of Newbern have raised nearly \$500 in the last few weeks to pay for their new church.

Pickett Simms, of Greensboro, accidentally shot himself in the right hand and one finger had to be amputated.

A meeting is called at St. Stephens for April 11th to organize a Confederate Camp for Washington County.

The books of the Henry County Treasurer show a cash balance on hand, general and special funds, of \$11,568.06.

A women's Christian Temperance Union has been organized in Prattville with Miss Julia Pratt as president.

Seven United States prisoners escaped from the Brown jail last week. They fled their way out with a barrow knife.

It is stated that the cotton seed oil mill will be rebuilt at Roanoke.

The new handle factory at Alexandria City will soon be in operation.

The Falkville oak tannery will be ready for operation on April 1.

The early vegetables around Evergreen are in a flourishing condition and bring excellent prices.

The Knights of Pythias of Alabama propose to erect a State Temple. Mobile and Montgomery are both in the race for the location.

The forest on Oxanna's mountain burned out Saturday night, doing considerable damage. A large amount of fencing was destroyed.

The store of George A. Johnson, adjoining the postoffice in Clayton, was entered and robbed on Friday night and the thieves escaped to Georgia.

The Anniston Hot Blast notes the first appearance of crinoline in that city this season. It says: The first hoopskirt of the season made its appearance on the street yesterday, and its wearer was a member of "Liberty's" four hundred. The coon and the crinoline went down Noble street about 4 o'clock and came back a half hour later. Everybody stopped to look at the curious combination, and many were the remarks made as the dusky sailed by.

THE COTTON ACREAGE.

Indication Point to a Crop of 8,000,000 Bales for the Season of 1893-94.

Advices received by Bradstreet's from Alabama are that there will be a small decrease from the average planted one year ago, which the government said was 16 1/2 per cent smaller than in the year before although it will be borne in mind that such a falling off in acreage planted does not necessarily represent a decline in production. In Middle and Eastern Tennessee, says Bradstreet's, the area under cultivation with cotton is every year becoming smaller, while along the Mississippi River and lower counties of the State the cotton acreage has increased somewhat, thus transferring the center of cotton production in that State to the lower Western section. The output in Tennessee has shown a gradual decrease during the past five years, in the face of the largely increased general crop. As is common in most years about this season, the press in Tennessee is vigorously arguing in favor of a decrease and cotton producers' associations are seconding the newspapers with demands for less cotton and diversified crops. Our information, however, is that the cotton planter has listened to neither the press nor the association, but calculates on increasing his cotton crop about 10 per cent, on the theory, in most instances, that his neighbors will restrict their acreage. It is quite significant to note the extent to which this action on the part of the cotton planter of Tennessee is said to be apparent. It is quite true that in some instances lack of means or other reasons will prevent merchants making advances to planters on the old system to the extent they once did, and this may, of course, restrict cultivation to a trifling extent. Several Alabama newspapers have published the statement that more cotton will be planted in that State this season than last, and declare it to be a fact that a large acreage of new land has been prepared for this crop, which, with brisk demand for fertilizers is said to argue an increased acreage. It also appears in correspondence received from Alabama that many planters will economize by not sowing so much seed for "stand" as formerly. The impression seems to be held by some usually well-informed people at the South that without disaster during the season of 1893-94, with favorable weather, suitable to high fertilization, that is, moderate rains—the cotton-growing States will be likely to produce about 8,000,000 bales of cotton.

During the protracted meeting at Tusculumbia, the business houses and saloons closed their doors from 9 to 10 o'clock each morning.

Rev. S. C. Johnson has resigned the charge of the Baptist Church at Ashland and Rev. Mr. Hamner has been called to succeed him.

J. O. Clifton, of Cedar Bluff, in attempting to get on a moving car as it was thrown under the wheels and received injuries which caused his death.

Mr. W. R. Walker having had enough of the wild and woolly west has returned to Athens and will assist in the editorial management of The Democrat.

Mr. Charles H. Williams, who has been on the editorial staff of the Piedmont Inquirer, has gone to Richland Va. to take charge of the Richland News.

A Single Tax Decision.

From The New York Commercial Bulletin.

The decision of a Maryland court that the application of Henry George's single tax theory is illegal and unconstitutional in that state, may put an end to the experiment that has been in progress at Hyattsville. This will be a matter for regret, partly because it is an apparent setback to local option in the matter of taxation, which seems to afford one of the most promising means of progress toward the enforcement of better tax systems, and partly because such a decision does not deal with the fallacies of Henry George's teaching. Single tax enthusiasts, who look upon their pet theory as a means of righting human wrongs and abolishing the pangs of poverty, will see nothing in this decision that exposes the falsity of their hopes; and it is of little practical value to those who desire that the merits and limitations of the single tax idea should be demonstrated by experience.

Senator Morgan Is Well.

WASHINGTON, D. C. March 20.—A cablegram was received here from Senator Morgan, yesterday, dated Southampton, in which he says: "Am well. Going to Paris tomorrow."

The Arizona House of Representatives has passed a bill giving full suffrage to women, by a vote of 16 to 7.

The judiciary committee of the Illinois Senate has reported favorably on the bill to extend township and municipal suffrage to women.

Secretary Carlisle finds the financial outlook much more cheerful and encouraging, although not yet satisfactory, than when he first took charge of the National finances. There has been a let-up in the demand for gold, and he hopes to escape having to choose between using a part of the \$100,000,000 gold reserve fund or an issue of bonds. At present the free gold is accumulating quite rapidly in the Treasury.

Mrs. Annie Moore, of Mount Pleasant, Texas, is said to be the only woman president of a national bank in the United States. She is probably also the youngest bank president in the country. This bank had been in operation for some time as a private concern, with Mrs. Moore at the head, and she had proved herself so capable that the vote to keep her in command was unanimous.

Philadelphia Record: The voters of the country and the political machines are at odds on the question of ballot reform. The voters want a secret ballot, a fair count and a system that should as nearly as possible insure fair play. These things are precisely what the manipulators of politics do not want. Gradually the masses are getting the better of the machine.

Rate of Advertising.
Transient advertisements, 10 cents per square foot.
Permanent advertisements, 10 cents per line.
Notices 10 cents per line.
Advertisements must be paid for in advance.
No money will be loaned on advertisements.
No money will be loaned on advertisements.

SUBSCRIPTION RATE.
One Dollar.
Six Months.
Three Dollars.
One Year.
Six Dollars.
In advance.
No money will be loaned on advertisements.

Church Services.
Lake's Episcopal Church - W. T. Allen, Rector.
Services every Sunday at 11 o'clock a.m. and 7 o'clock p.m.
All are invited.
Sunday School at 9:30 a.m. Geo. H. McLean, Superintendent.
Episcopal Church - Rev. W. H. Smith, Rector.
Services every Sunday at 11 o'clock a.m. and 7 o'clock p.m.
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All are invited.
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Some cases of mumps are reported in town.

Hon. W. J. Alexander was in town Friday.

J. W. Coppock visited Cedar on Saturday.

Hon. J. H. Caldwell left for Washington Wednesday.

Charlie McCollister, of Piedmont, was in Jacksonville this week.

Gen. Wm. H. Forney and Mr. L. V. Grant returned from Washington Sunday morning.

Miss Alice Jones, of Anniston, was visiting relatives in Jacksonville the first of the week.

The cotton mill project is progressing favorably. It takes time to set big enterprises on foot.

Mrs. Sarah Adams, formerly Miss Sarah Woods, of this place, died at Gadsden last Sunday and was buried Monday.

Dr. Montgomery returned home after a pleasant stay of several days in the country surrounding Bastaboga.

Dr. Stone, of Marengo county, and his brother Geo. E. Stone, of the State University, were in Jacksonville this week.

Miss Martie Whiteside, of White Plains, has been visiting her sister, Mrs. Jno. P. Weaver, for several days.

A calf of Mr. Wm. Dean went crazy Monday and literally bit its brats out against the houses and trees in the yard.

Mr. W. L. Moseley, of Anniston, died Thursday. He was a good man and very popular in Anniston. He came to Anniston in 1884 from Marion.

It appears to be pretty well settled that the postmasters now in office will be allowed to remain until the terms for which they were appointed have expired.

Those citizens who were absent during the week of registration for the town election, will not be permitted to vote in the coming municipal election.

Gen. Forney has gone actively to gardening since his return from Washington. It is no doubt a great relief to him to lay aside the cares of State and devote himself to the quiet pleasures of home life, at quiet old Jacksonville, "far from the madding crowd."

C. E. Bondurant offers special inducements to the trade every Saturday. To-day you can buy Coffee at 25c a package, Best Tea 60c per pound and Vinegar 20c a gallon.

The numerous friends of Mr. Geo. H. Montgomery will be glad to learn that he is doing well at Terre Haute, Ind., to which place he went from here. He is a most accomplished civil and mining engineer and a gentleman who makes friends wherever he goes. We sincerely hope his abandonment of Jacksonville is not final. He has large interests here and we trust he will return to us when the projects now on foot for the upbuilding of Jacksonville materialize. He is a valuable man to have in any community.

Death of an Old Citizen.

Nova comes from Grayton of the death of Mr. Frank Crow, of the southwest portion of this county. He was among the first settlers and was seventy-eight years of age at the time of his death. He was a good man, highly respected by all who knew him. With him passes away another of the old land marks.

Order Department.

Our stock of fine Woolen and Cotton Dress Goods, Dress Silks, Gingham, Ladies and Housefurnishing Goods is now complete, and will take pleasure in furnishing samples. We are able to save you money.

ULLMAN BROTHERS, Anniston, Ala.

Last Saturday Deputy Sheriff Rowland caught Mel Queen, charged with grand larceny and lodged him in jail here. The prisoner was captured on the Georgia and Tennessee line.

Tuesday Mr. Rowland brought in Clem Irvin, charged with burglary, whom he had captured in Tupelo, Miss. Deputy Gordon Frank also lodged in jail this week Jug. Hoke (colored) charged with assault with intent to murder. He picked him up below Oxford.

TEACHERS' INSTITUTES

White and Colored Teachers of the County to Meet at Jacksonville.

A White Teachers' County Institute will be held in Jacksonville on the 7th and 8th days of April, opening on the 7th at 10 o'clock a.m. A colored institute will be held on the 31st of March and 1st of April in Jacksonville, opening at 2 o'clock p.m. on the 31st of March.

Teachers who fail to attend, without a good excuse, the institute for their race, will be liable to have their licenses revoked. The following is a programme of white institute.

MORNING SESSION FRIDAY APRIL 7.
Devotional Exercises—Roll call.
Opening address, B. E. Jarratt.

AFTERNOON SESSION.
Teaching United States History—H. T. Persons, Jno. Watson, H. G. Gunnels and others.

Use and abuse of Blackboard—J. L. Dodson, G. W. Bonner and others.

Question box.

EVENING SESSION 7:30 P. M.
Address by Hon. J. G. Harris, State Superintendent of Education.

SATURDAY MORNING SESSION.
Auxiliaries in School Discipline—J. W. Abercrombie, G. D. Farabee and others.

The Teacher as a Citizen—Jacob Forney, J. L. Bynum, J. O. P. Trendaway and others.

Teaching Current History—Miss Haley, A. Alexander and others.

Teaching Reading—Miss Jarratt, Henry R. Hunt and others.

Question box.

AFTERNOON SESSION.
Teaching Compound Numbers—A. M. Stevenson, J. E. Hughes and others.

Teaching Proportion—H. D. Boyd, H. L. Persons and others.

Question box.

Closing Exercise.

During the two institutes and the intervening week the county superintendent hopes to be able to pay off teachers for this quarter. Teachers who prefer not to take part in the discussion can have their names erased from programme by notifying the county superintendent at the opening of the institutes.

B. D. MILLER, County Supt.
Jacksonville, Mar. 21 1893.

ADVICE TO WOMEN

If you would protect yourself from Painful, Profuse, Scanty, Suppressed or Irregular Menstruation you must use

BRADFIELD'S FEMALE REGULATOR

This will certify that two members of my immediate family, after having suffered for years from Menstrual Irregularities, being treated without benefit by physicians, were at length completely cured by one box of Bradfield's Female Regulator. Its effect is truly wonderful. J. W. STANFORD.

Send to "WOMAN" marked FREE, which contains valuable information on Female Diseases.

BRADFIELD'S FEMALE REGULATOR CO.
BRADFIELD'S FEMALE REGULATOR CO.
FOR SALE BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

SUBSCRIBE FOR THE REPUBLICAN.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE

TREDEGAR NATIONAL BANK,

At Jacksonville, in the State of Alabama, at the close of business, Mar. 31st 1893.

RESOURCES.
Loans and discounts 4750 00
Overdrafts secured and unsecured 75 00
U. S. Bonds to secure circulation 12250 00
Stocks, securities, etc. 4980 37
Due from other National Banks 5176 72
Bank-house, furniture, and fixtures 7000 00
Current expenses and taxes paid 100 00
Premiums on U. S. Bonds 1875 00
Checks and other cash items 2054 70
Bills of other banks 230 00
Fractional paper currency, nickels 57 71
Specie 724 75
Total 103,991 53

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock paid in 50,000 00
Surplus fund 1800 00
Undivided profits 1200 00
Not paid bank notes outstanding 1250 00
Dividends unpaid 12 00
Individual deposits subject to check 36,500 01
Demand certificates of deposit 221 50
Cashiers' checks outstanding 7 00
Due to other National Banks 2145 00
Total 103,991 53

STATE OF ALABAMA.

County of Calhoun, ss:
I, Geo. P. Ide, Cashier of the above-named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 18th day of Mar. 1893. GEO. P. IDE, Cashier.

Corrected—Attest: GEO. H. ROWAN, N. P.

P. ROWAN, F. P. CROOK, S. D. G. BROTHERS, Directors.

Probate of Will.

STATE OF ALABAMA
Calhoun County.
In Probate Court for said County Special Term March 22 1893.

J. P. Laney Dec'd.
Estate of.

This day comes J. C. Laney and files in this court a paper writing purporting to be the last will and testament of J. P. Laney deceased, and at the same time files his petition, praying that said instrument be admitted to Record and Probate as the true last will and testament of said deceased. It is therefore ordered that Monday the 17th day of April 1893 be and is the day hereby appointed to hear and determine said petition and for probating said will; and notice is hereby given to all persons interested and especially the non-resident heirs and next of kin to said dec'd. who are as follows to-wit: E. P. Laney, Lockheart, Tex. the heirs of Mrs. Martha George dec'd names unknown, Fischers Store Texas, and Mrs. Laura Sims Whitesburg Georgia, to appear in my said court on said 17 day of April next and contest said will if they think proper.

EMMETT F. CROOK, Judge of Probate.

Final Settlement.

STATE OF ALABAMA
Calhoun County.
In Probate Court March 17 1893.

This day came W. J. Homesely, administrator of the estate of M. G. Homesely dec'd, and filed his account and vouchers for the final settlement of said estate, and the 10 day in April next to-wit: the 10 day of Apr. 1893 having been appointed by the Court for examining, auditing and stating the same notice is hereby given to all parties interested to appear at the Term of court aforesaid and contest the same if they think proper. Given under my hand at office the 17 day of March 1893.

EMMETT F. CROOK, Judge of Probate.

Sheriff Sale.

Under and by virtue of two executions in my hands from the Circuit Court of Calhoun county, one in favor of W. A. Neal vs. G. D. and J. F. M. Davis, one in favor of the State of Ala. vs. Samuel Slayton, C. D. and J. F. M. Davis, I will proceed to sell on Monday April 17th 1893, before the Court House door in Jacksonville, Alabama, during the legal hours of sale to the highest, best and last bidder for cash, the following described real estate to-wit: The W 1/2 of the E 1/2 of NW 1/4 of Sec. 4, T. 16, R. 9, and 10 acres in W 1/2 south side Sec. 8, T. 16, R. 9, one hundred and twelve acres.

Lots No. 23 and 24 in Block No. 6.
" " 1 " " " 3.
" " 10 " " " 9.
" " 5 and 6 " " " 17.
" " 9 and 7 " " " 18.
" " 7 and 8 " " " 10.

in the town of Choccolocco, Ala. and all that portion of land situated in section 15, T. 16, R. 9, described as follows bounded on the East by the lands of Mrs. M. E. Wright, on the South by Cornhouse creek, on the West by E. B. Elston, on the North by section line between Sec. 10 and 15, containing forty-five acres more or less. The last named land levied on as the property of C. D. Davis, one of the defendants and being in Calhoun county, Ala.

Ed. G. CALDWELL, Sheriff
mar25-4

Sheriff's Sale.

Under and by virtue sundry attachments in my hands from Justice Court of J. A. Arnold, P. Bost in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Clerk of the Circuit Court, at Jacksonville, Ala., on May 6th, 1893, viz: Robert S. Watson, Bond-student, No. 21038 for the E 1/2 of SW 1/4 of Section 18 Tp. 13 south of Range 6 east.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: Elijah S. Johnson, Thomas T. Volz, C. G. McEachern, Thomas T. Anthony, Dickinson, Mack Ala. H. BINGHAM, Register.

Mar. 25-65

NOTICE NO. 1364.

LAND OFFICE AT MONTGOMERY, ALA., Mar. 22, 1893.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Clerk of the Circuit Court, at Jacksonville, Ala., on May 6th, 1893, viz: Robert S. Watson, Bond-student, No. 21038 for the E 1/2 of SW 1/4 of Section 18 Tp. 13 south of Range 6 east.

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Mar. 25-65

CRYSTAL LENSES

TRADE MARK.
Genuine First and Always.

Porter, Martin & Co.,
GENERAL MERCHANTS.

Have exclusive Sale of these Celebrated Glasses in Jacksonville, Ala., from the Factory of

Kellam & Moore,
The only complete Optical Plant in the South, Atlanta, Ga.

Peddlers are not supplied with these famous glasses.
nov12-64

TIME TABLE

of The E. & W. R. R.
Trains arrive going East 12:53. P. M.
" " " West 1:50. P. M.

Make close connection both going to and returning from Gadsden, at Duke Station.

MONTGOMERY & PRIVETT

Collectors.

P. O. Box 23, - - - Jacksonville, Ala.

Collections made with or without suit, on reasonable terms. Business entrusted to us will receive prompt attention.
june18-9m.

JAS. HUTCHISON

HAIR DRESSER AND BARBER,
JACKSONVILLE - - - ALA.

E. M. REID J. P.

MORRISVILLE, ALA.

Keeps Marriage Licenses for sale Court the 1st and 3rd Wednesday in each month.

ADVERTISE NOW
IT WILL PAY YOU

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Mar. 25-65

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He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: Elijah S. Johnson, Thomas T. Volz, C. G. McEachern, Thomas T. Anthony, Dickinson, Mack Ala. H. BINGHAM, Register.

Mar. 25-65

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ONE DOLLAR

Per Year.

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The Republican.

NOW IN HER

FIFTY-SEVENTH VOLUME.

THE BEST

Advertising

Medium

NORTH-EAST ALABAMA.

IN

JOB PRINTING

NEATLY EXECUTED AT THIS OFFICE.

STEVENSON, MARTIN & GRANT,

Real Estate Brokers,

Jacksonville, - - - Alabama

Real Estate bought and sold on commission; rents collected &c. Property placed in our hands for sale will be advertised for sale without cost to land owner.

No Sale-No Charge.

Jacksonville real estate and farm and mineral land along the line of Jacksonville & Anniston Railroad specially solicited.

Mortgage Sale.

Under and by virtue of the powers of sale contained in a mortgage made by Clement P. Read on the hereinafter described lands in Calhoun county and recorded in Book 20 of mortgages at said Probate Office of said county, Ala. which mortgage is payable to The American Freehold Land Mortgage Company of London, Limited, and by virtue of a second mortgage on said land to the same Company of Alabama and recorded in Book 22 page 417 of said said Probate Office of Calhoun County we will sell at public outcry for cash during the legal hours of sale on Monday the 17th day of April 1893 in front of the court house door in said county of Calhoun the following described lands conveyed by said mortgages: to-wit: W 1/2 of sec 35 T. 13 R. 8 containing 320 acres more or less.
The American Freehold Land Mortgage Company of London, Limited, & Loan Company of Alabama
164 Mortgages by:
H. L. Stevenson, Attys for
& W. R. Nelson, Attys

Scientific American

Agency for

CAVEATS, TRADE MARKS, DESIGN PATENTS, COPYRIGHTS, etc.

For information and free Handbook write to: MORTON & CO., 50 Broadway, New York.

Oldest Bureau for securing patents in America. Every patent secured before a patent before the public by a notice given free of charge in the

Scientific American

Largest circulation of any scientific paper in the world. Send for free copy. Address: MORTON & CO., 50 Broadway, New York City.

Administrator's Sale.

Under and by virtue of an order and decree of the Probate court of Calhoun county heretofore rendered the undersigned administrator de bonis non of the estate of Jackson Dickie deceased will sell at public outcry for cash before the court house door on Monday the 10 day of April 1893 the following described lands belonging to said estate to-wit: SE 1/4 of SW 1/4 and NW 1/4 of SE 1/4 & SE 1/4 of sec 10; and the SW 1/4 of SE 1/4 of section 8; and the SE 1/4 of the SW 1/4 of section 13; and the SE 1/4 of SE 1/4 of section 14 less twenty acres lying the north side of the said SE 1/4 of the SW 1/4 of sec 13 and the SE 1/4 of the SE 1/4 of section 14 all in T. 14 S.

WE HAVE
A LARGE AND WELL SELECTED
Stock of Clothing, Shoes, Hats
DRY GOODS AND GROCERIES