

Jacksonville Republican

"ETERNAL VIGILANCE IS THE PRICE OF LIBERTY."

PUBLISHED 1837

JACKSONVILLE, CALHOUN COUNTY, ALA., SATURDAY JUNE 3, 1893

VOLUME 57

PENSION DECISION

REDUCE THE PAYMENTS
ON \$15,000,000 AND
\$20,000,000.

Hoke Smith Makes Very Which Will the Nation Many Millions.

May 27.—Probably the most important pension decision sent from the office of the interior to the pensioners was filed this morning by those high in the bureau that it was the payment of pension under the act of June 27, 1890, between \$15,000,000 and \$20,000,000.

It involves the repeal of an order of Gen. Ramm, and approval of the Secretary, Bussey, to the language of the act requiring the disability not to be such as to prevent the applicant from earning by manual labor. See Smith has been considering the cases involved in this decision for several weeks, and so it is not surprising that when he called to his attention the pension board of appeals he had the questions involved in the decision in the case of one who sought a pension under the act of June 27, 1890, while he was in the service at Raleigh, N. C., he was stricken by sunstroke, which in part deafness in both ears. This application was denied on the ground that while the applicant was in the service, he was not of sufficient severity to prevent him from earning by manual labor. The testimony showed that Bennett could watch a clock at the distance of an inch from either ear. Pension subsequently applied for and a pension of \$12 a month was granted under the act of June 27, 1890. This act of June 27, 1890, was changed and suspended by order No. 164 as constructed by your office, and by a practice that neglected to take into consideration the ability of the applicant to perform manual labor.

Secretary Smith, in another communication to the commissioner of pensions, says that it is hardly necessary to present an argument or to support by authority the proposition that neither the secretary nor the commissioner can, by order or practice, supersede an act of congress, and he therefore directs hereafter the practice of the office to conform to the law.

Death of Rev. T. P. Gwinn.

Rev. T. P. Gwinn, of Oxford, who was stricken with paralysis on Tuesday, died yesterday afternoon at 5:45. He was the father of Mrs. F. L. Stokes, of Anniston, and Messrs. Ben Gwinn, of Gadsden, and John and Thad Gwinn, of Oxford. He was one of the oldest ministers in Northeast Alabama, and has been preaching in the Baptist churches throughout this section for more than half a century. He was noted for his deep piety and true Christian character, and his almost faultless life has left an impress for good on thousands who intimately knew him. He was a grand old gentleman morally and of him naught but commendation can be said.

The funeral services will take place from his residence at 3 o'clock this afternoon with Masonic honors.—Hot Blast.

IN THE COUNTY.

LOCAL NEWS IN CALHOUN.

Short Paragraphs From Our Correspondents in Different Parts in Calhoun County.—Crop News—Politics—Personals and etc., etc.

HEBRON.

Last Saturday was memorial day at Shiloh, the Primitive Baptist church one of the oldest churches in this county. The people began to work on the cemetery early and by 12 o'clock the work was not being completed, business was suspended. Then the good sisters spread the dinner which they had prepared for the occasion (and they never do anything by halves), we did the subject full justice. Dinner being over, we returned to the cemetery and finished the work. Then the ladies were busily engaged in placing flowers on the sacred mounds, then the work being done, we listened for a while to some short talks from Dr. Webster and others.

SCHENCK'S SPRING.

All day singing at Post Oak church next Sunday.

Aunt Sally Lacey who lived at Alexandria, died last Saturday and was buried at Union church Sunday.

There was a Sunday School to be organized here last Sunday, but the rain kept the people from coming and I presume it will be organized next Sunday.

Mr. J. W. Pierce, who has been absent for several years in California, returned to his home at Tampa last Friday.

Hon. J. D. and Miss Fannie Hammond and Ed Rowan and others visited the Springs last Sunday.

There seems to be more hogs and a better stock in the county than has been for several years.

Mr. and Mrs. Sam McClellan and their sister, of Oxford, visited the Springs last Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Riley Reaves are very sick with fever.

For the last two weeks we have had fair weather consequently the farmers have made a considerable headway towards catching up with their work and now the rain has come again which is the saving of the wheat crop.

Mr. Ray has completed all the houses here which he contracted to build except the hotel and now people who desire to benefit or recruit their health will do well to come here this summer from the fact there is no stronger nor better sulphur water in the State, also limestone and freestone. I heard a gentleman say who had spent a month or more here last summer, that he could live here cheaper than he could at home, which was Cedar town, Ga., and he expects to come back this summer. So come all ye who wish to benefit your health, if there is not houses enough we have a saw mill here and can build a house or two in a day.

MURDER PROMPTLY PUNISHED.

PIEDRAS NEGRAS, MEX., May 30.—A few days ago Don Luis Caravengas visited a ranch about forty miles from Durango. This ranch was in possession of a number of squatters and Caravengas often attempted to make them pay rent. The squatters, learned of his coming and they decided on the death of Don Luis and drew lots as to who of the number should commit the crime. Four men were selected and they ambushed and assassinated him and his wife. When the word of the crime reached Durango the governor telegraphed the captain at Taponia and he proceeded with a body of picked men to the scene of the tragedy. Here he learned the particulars of the crime and the names of twenty conspirators. He next proceeded to catch these men. Sixteen of them have been caught and summarily shot.

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Upon the acceptance of his bid he immediately placed in the hands of Cashier Tom O. Smith of the First National bank of Birmingham, who was present at the sale, a duly certified check for \$900,000, being 10 per cent of the purchase money as required by law. The remainder of the money, \$270,000, will be paid upon the completion of the title, which will be about thirty days hence.

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Lied Weekly

SCRIPTION RATE.

One Dollar.
Seventy-five Cents.
Forty Cents.

on must invariably be paid in ad-
name will be booked unless mon-
the order.

Church—Rev. W. H. Smith, pas
Sunday at 11 a. m.

ERIAN CHURCH.—Rev. Robt. Lis
Services every 2nd and 4th Sun
o'clock a. m., and 7 o'clock p. m.
every Thursday night.

J. Vansandt has been

1. Daughtery, formerly
ce. was in town the first

ce, is visiting in Jackso

repairs in stock and can
p without sending off
Write or call on me.

Mr. John Glover. He is residing in Texas for several years and was on a visit to

ter, Martin & Co.,
Rowan,
L. Stewart.

We are prepared to furnish
Domestic, Steam and Black
at the lowest market price

Big Fish.

pounds of fish, one cat
weighing 81 pounds. Messrs.
Edwards remained and

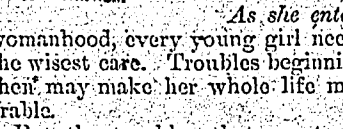
State Normal School was
 nched in the Baptist ch
 day June 11 by Rev.

Wednesday is Alumni day

It give an entertainment, of vocal music, recitation the pupils that recite to

It is quite immovable, though
ently a very slight effort would
its equilibrium.

Over the course of the highest result
nightly Review.



and E. C. of the
route to Chicago.

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Register. | Rail.

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JACKSONVILLE, CALHOUN COUNTY, ALA., SATURDAY, JUNE 10, 1893.

VOLUME 57

REJECTED

Jeffersonian Plan of Saloon Meets no Favor.

State Democratic Executive Committee

to the People Through Chairman Goodwyn.

Reply Most Wisely Received--Democracy Is True to the People.

Age-Herald.

The state democratic executive committee assembled yesterday in the main parlour of the Fern club, Chairman Smith presiding, the meeting to order at 10 o'clock.

Secretary Thomas H. Clark called roll. The following were present:

At large--W. H. Lawson, A. Smith and M. L. Wood.

At large--John H. Minge, Isaac Grant and R. Burgess.

At large--J. E. Dawson and D. G. Smith.

At large--S. H. Dent.

At large--John B. Knox, H. S. D. G. and R. D. McMillan.

At large--Shirley Bragg.

At large--W. D. Windham, W. C. and J. F. McQueen.

At large--W. L. Bullock and J. A. Smith.

At large--J. T. Kirk.

At large--R. H. Pearson and A. M. Hall.

Chairman Smith read the following telegram:

MOBILE, June 5.

A. G. Smith, Chairman:

Nothing but severe sickness, which has confined me to bed for weeks, would have prevented attendance.

I am willing to sacrifice any form of detail, or change to a reasonable free any of the methods adopted holding elections; in fact, anything to bring wandering democrats to the fold, but am not willing to sacrifice party principle, nor to permit the organized democracy of Alabama to the domination of its enemies.

I hope that some means may be found to relieve the friction within the party.

GAYLORD B. CLARK.

Committee member Howison sent his proxy by Mr. W. R. S. Hayes, and Captain Dent said he held a proxy for Mr. Foster.

Attention was called to the fact that it was the custom of the committee not to accept proxies, and upon motion of Mr. Mallory this custom was adhered to. Mr. Hayes was invited to a seat on the floor.

Chairman Smith said that two questions were to be considered, the selection of a successor to H. D. Clayton as national committeeman for Alabama, and the proposition made by the Jeffersonian committee, as to Mr. Clayton, he had been appointed United States district attorney, and it was presumed that he would resign. So it would be best to fill the probable vacancy in advance.

Captain Dent stated that Mr. Clayton had informed him that he did not intend to resign at present.

The chairman observed that then there was no vacancy. And referring to the Goodwyn plan he called upon Secretary Clark to read the document in full in order to refresh the minds of members present.

The reading was listened to with patience, notwithstanding that everybody was familiar with it.

The chairman suggested that the report be referred to a sub-committee with instructions to report.

Mr. Wood moved that the proposition be rejected.

Mr. Kirk offered the following:

Resolved, 1. That it is contrary to all democratic principles and usages to invite the enemies and opposing parties to participate in

the election of democratic nominees, and for this reason the proposition is rejected.

2. That as servants of the democracy of the State we pledge ourselves to see that every voter who desires to affiliate with the party and pledges himself to support the nominees shall be protected in the exercise of his right to support the man of his choice in all democratic conventions and primary elections.

3. That no one shall be excluded from affiliating with the party on account of having supported Kolb in the election of 1892, the only test to entitle anyone to participate in the democratic conventions and primaries shall be an avowed intention to support its nominees.

4. That a convention, or a primary election to suit the wishes of the majority of the democratic voters shall be called at a convenient time for the selection of democratic nominees to be voted for on the first Monday in August, 1894.

5. That in all our deliberations and actions we will be governed by the established principles of democracy.

6. That the chairman of this meeting appoint a committee consisting of one member from each congressional district to prepare a response to the communication of the Hon. A. T. Goodwyn of May 12, 1893, in accordance with the foregoing resolutions.

Mr. Bullock favored any reasonable effort at reconciliation, but he couldn't favor permitting men who voted last November for Weaver or Harrison to take part in a democratic primary. He therefore opposed the third section of the resolution.

Mr. Mallory moved that section third be stricken out.

Mr. Wood said that the objectionable section went much farther than anything the Jeffersonians had asked.

Mr. Bullock moved that all pending questions be temporarily laid on the table, and that a committee of five be appointed to which should be referred the matters brought up by the Kirk resolutions the committee to report at 3 p. m. The motion was adopted, and the following were appointed: Messrs. W. I. Bullock, S. H. Dent, W. H. Lawson, John B. Knox and R. H. Pearson. The chairman was added by motion of Captain Dent.

Mr. Lawson moved that Gen. Charles M. Shelley be invited to sit with the committee.

Upon reconsideration, 8 o'clock p. m. was fixed as the hour for re-assembling, and the committee then took a recess.

NIGHT SESSION.

It was 8:25 when the committee reassembled. The roll called showed Messrs. John H. Parker, W. A. Haynes and Shirley Bragg of the Fifth district had arrived since the morning session, making twenty-three out of thirty-one members present.

Mr. Dawson at once moved that the committee go into executive session. The motion was adopted, whereupon Major Dunklin moved that secretary be instructed to furnish the press with an official report of the proceedings. This was also agreed to, and the doors were closed.

THE OFFICIAL REPORT.

The following reply to the Goodwyn proposition was given to the Age-Herald this morning as official:

Birmingham, June 5, '93.

Hon. A. T. Goodwyn, Chairman of the State Executive Committee of the Jeffersonian Democratic Party of Alabama.

DEAR SIR:

The state executive committee of the democratic and conservative party of Alabama have had under consideration the proposition submitted by you to them in your letter to me, dated May 12, 1893.

The committee have directed me to say in reply that they are ready and willing and anxious to do anything in their power to heal the breach that now exists in the party in this state and to get the democrats together, and are ready to en-

tain any fair proposition looking to that end, but they are not willing to go into any arrangement or to make any agreement that will admit into the primaries or conventions of the democratic party those who are now and for years have been the bitterest enemies we have had to contend with. The committee is willing to leave out of consideration in measuring the right of a democrat to vote, all inquiry as to how he voted in the state election in August last, but it will insist that no man shall be entitled to vote in the democratic primaries or to participate in the mass meetings or conventions who voted in the national election for any other for president and vice-president than Cleveland and Stevenson. This, in their judgement, is now the true test of democracy in Alabama, and all those who voted for Cleveland and Stevenson are expected to participate in the primaries, conventions or mass meetings of the party.

The committee instructs me further to say, that the democratic party of Alabama is unequivocally opposed to any and all legislation tending to or providing for the disfranchisement of the white masses of the state of Alabama.

The committee is sincerely desirous that all men in Alabama, who believe in the principles of the democratic party, and in the maintenance of the same and in securing to our people the continued blessings of a wise, prudent and economical administration of our state government, should be thoroughly united and harmonious, but as the proposition submitted by you in explicit terms stated that it was submitted for acceptance or rejection as a whole, the committee is constrained to decline it as proposed.

The committee urge all our people to forget the strife and discord engendered by the state election of last year, and to put aside all bitterness and reproaches. They are ready and willing to take any action that they lawfully may to enable every self-respecting democrat to unite with his brethren in maintaining the principles and policies of the party. They appeal to every democrat in Alabama to unite with them in the endeavor to restore peace to our people.

A. G. SMITH,

Chairman of the State Executive Committee of the Democratic and Conservative Party of Alabama.

It was after midnight when the committee adjourned sine die. The reply of Chairman Smith was unanimously agreed to.

It is understood that Messrs. Knox and Lawson submitted a minority report, the principal feature of which was that those claiming to be democrats, who voted for Weaver last November, should be admitted to the democratic primaries, but after prolonged discussion it was voted down, after which the above letter was unanimously endorsed.

ANNISTON STIRRED UP.

Over The Cowardly Deed Of A Negro-Searching for the Miscreant.

Anniston, June 4.—Anniston is considerably excited over a cowardly attack on Mr. A. H. Smith by a negro named Sam Agan last night about 8 o'clock.

Mr. Smith and his wife had started to church and when a short distance from home, met Sam Agan, who ran heavily against Mrs. Smith. Mr. Smith grabbed him by the collar, and after a vigorous shake, told him to go and be careful how he ran against ladies in the future.

Mr. and Mrs. Smith then started on. The negro waited until they had gone fifteen or twenty yards, when he grabbed a piece of slag and rushed up behind Mr. Smith and dealt him a terrible blow on the jaw.

Mr. Smith was knocked senseless and is still in a critical condition. Searching parties, armed with shotguns and pistols, spent the night looking for the negro, but he has not yet been captured.

TO BE SEEN AT THE FAIR.

A VASTNESS WHICH IS OPPRESSIVE.

Some Sights Which Strengthen the Impression of Bigness.

The bigness of the world's fair oppresses. When Congressman Seth Cobb, who has been something of a traveler in many lands, was in St. Louis, he said to a Globe-Democrat man:

One railroad has prepared an equipment which will carry 28,500 people hourly from the heart of the city to the gates of the fair and return the same number in the same time. A year ago Chauncey Depew gave an expert opinion that no railroad could deliver more than 5,000 people an hour at the fair. This road is prepared to carry 432,000 people to the fair and return them to the city in a day of fifteen hours, giving to every person a seat. The preparations which made such results possible cost \$3,147,000. They include 340 cars of special design for this work, opening at the sides; forty extra locomotives, nine miles of double track, a signal and switch system costing \$1,500,000, viaducts and platforms for handling in the quickest possible manner large crowds. By actual experiment during the rush of the opening day, trains were unloaded in twenty-five seconds. The platforms permit four trains to load and unload at the same time at each end of the route. No other traffic is allowed on the double tracks. Trains follow each other as fast as they can load. Tickets are collected at gates before passengers enter the platforms. This is the system which has solved the transportation problem. It is rightly part of the bigness of the fair.

The pictures in the art rooms if hung upon one line would cover a mile. Yet the French judges were forced to send back 1,500 worthy of exhibit because there was not room.

A statuette of Emperor William of Germany on horseback contains 1,500 silver dollars.

The section of a tree, shown by its circles to be 401 years old—a sapling when Columbus landed—is in the forestry section of the government building.

Pennsylvania has put up a pyramid of anthracite blocks 10 feet square at the base and 52 feet high, guaranteed to contain just 100 tons.

Wisconsin has a five-acre patch of cranberries growing, and will harvest a crop in September.

A dwarf cedar 300 years old was sent from Japan, but one Chicago winter was too much for it. The little tree is dead.

A china plate, decorated with the German emperor's picture, is 5 feet and 3 inches long, 4 feet and 8 inches wide, 1 1/2 inches thick.

The Wigan Junction colliery in Lancashire, England, has sent a twelve-ton lump of canal coal.

From George's Creek, in Allegheny county, Md., has come a lump, 15 feet long, 4 feet wide and 3 feet thick. But the Roslyn lump from the state of Washington is larger than either and the largest ever mined. It is 2 feet thick, 26 feet long and weighs over 50,000 pounds.

Missouri's chunk of lead ore weighs 6,500 pounds. Ten thousand specimens of zinc represent that state's industry, which gave 132,000 tons of this metal to the world last year.

A fountain spouts up great jets and sprays of real California wine.

A Scotchman, who employs 4,000 French women in Paris making lace, has sent a pair of curtains for a bay window. In the six months required for the making of these curtains 2,000 different women worked on them. The cost of this single pair of curtains—three yards long—was \$6,000. The Scotchman, himself, came to superintend the hanging of his \$50,000 worth of lace exhibit.

A block of mica, ten inches thick, weighing 1,400 pounds, is an Ontario contribution.

One Austrian firm shows 2,000 pieces of glass woven from a wine-glass as thin as an egg shell to a gold-plated punch bowl in which a regiment might have laded.

The thread of a British manufacturer is shown in a case the roof of which is supported by onyx pillars, and this case alone cost \$115,000.

A cheese weighing 22,000 pounds is one of the Canadian exhibits.

Twenty-two tons of alum have been fashioned into a cave of wondrous stalactite formation.

The back of a section of a red-wood tree thirty-five feet in diameter and twenty feet high is the resting place for a California wine display in bottles.

There is a sewing machine which the operator rides along on the floor as he would a bicycle 100 feet and back. It sews the seams of carpets.

A Gorman clock, eight feet high, stands on a base of American walnut. It has a main dial of ivory, rosewood, ebony and mother-of-pearl. The sixteen other dials are of enamel. The hands are of gold.

By the nine dials this clock shows, simultaneously, the time of day in Berlin, Stockholm, St. Petersburg, Constantinople, Vienna, Rome, Paris, London, Washington, New York, Philadelphia, Caracas, Buenos Ayres, Quito, Mexico, and San Francisco.

A calendar face shows the day of the week and the day of the month, the sun time variation, the moon changes. Automatically the calendar regulates itself to provide for leap year. This clock is wound once in eight days. It strikes the quarters and the hours. After each hour's striking a different piece of music is played. The value of this clock is \$6,000.

The man who has the exclusive right to sell peanuts at the fair pays \$120,000 for it.

The restaurant company made a contract for 800,000 pounds of coffee with which to begin catering.

In the Gorman display a note book bound in turtle shell and set with diamonds is valued at \$3,000.

In the little building erected especially for the merchant tailors is a blanket made of 5,830 pieces of broadcloth, which represents eight years of odd half hours of a Washington knight of the goose.

A lump of nickel from Ontario weighs 4,500 pounds and is worth half as many dollars. Around it are other chunks from one to four tons, all from the Canadian belt, seventy miles long, the largest deposit of this metal in the world. A vein from sixteen to twenty feet in thickness is worked. At 700 feet the bottom has not been found. When a cheap and successful process of separating the copper is discovered nickel will take the place of tin in domestic utensils, the superintendent says.

Thirty thousand ounces of silver, worth \$25,000, was poured into the mould to make the statue of Columbus, modeled by Bartholdi for an American silver manufacturing company.

North Dakota shows 146 varieties of wheat and 300 kinds of grains.

In the French collection there is a cabinet of bronze and ebony with enamel of Limoges and Grecian figures. It has a secret spring and a labyrinth of drawers. The valuation is \$20,000.

The valuation of \$30,000 is given to two vases which the Spanish commissioners keep under lock and key. These vases are of iron, 4 feet high; one Etruscan, the other Grecian, ornamented with gold hammered into the iron so as to show vines, cupids, and figures of women in flowing drapery. A Spanish woman did this highly prized work. A few years ago she was a poor working girl.

In the electricity building a disk-shaped magnet raises a ton of metal.

A single vase of marble and bronze, presented to the king of Wurttemberg by the members of the royal family on the twenty-fifth anniversary of his reign, is insured for \$25,000.

EDUCATIONAL.

Letter From Superintendent Miller.

ED. REPUBLICAN.—Below you will find as promised two weeks since, extracts from the circular of the State Superintendent of Education dated May 17, and giving suggestion as to subjects to be discussed by speakers at the educational meetings on the 5, 12, 19, and 25 of August and 1st Sep., in different parts of the county. It is expected that each shall be an all day meeting, with a picnic dinner and five to seven speeches from the best orators we have, of various avocations of life. Some twelve or fifteen gentlemen have already promised a speech and there are as many more to be invited who will each doubtless respond with at least one speech, so that there will be a literary treat in store for all who attend, and the information which will be imparted concerning education and public schools in this and other states will be of great interest and value to every one present.

Two places have applied for two of the meetings and there will be applications from other localities who then committee on program meets in July, and should there be more than five, it is probable that said committee will appoint additional meetings to those mentioned in the circular of March 29, so that each community that applies can have one.

Before closing I wish to announce that when notified in time I will attend with pleasure the closing and other public exercises of schools and it is my intention to visit all the townships during July and August.

Besides the regular set speeches at the educational meetings in August, the committee on program will make arrangements for part of the time to be devoted to recitations, declamations, music etc, by the bright boys and girls of neighboring schools.

Other county papers please copy this and circular below.

L. D. MILLER,
Co. Sup't Education.

"In order to prepare the way for a general and systematic discussion of the educational interests in this State, and that those who may take part in the campaign may have some idea of the scope and nature of the subjects to be treated, I have thought it proper to give a list of topics, to which others may be added and considered by the speakers.

1st. The duty of the state to provide ways and means for the support of the public schools.

2d. The obligation of the citizens to the State in promotion and sustaining public schools.

3d. The education of the people the surest protection to Constitutional government.

4th. The natural and moral duty of the parent to educate the child to the extent of his ability.

5th. The right of the child to an educational commensurate with his surroundings.

6th. The character of the teacher socially, morally and intellectually.

7th. Male and female teachers, their success in the school room.

8th. The right and duty of the teacher to govern and discipline his pupils.

9th. The importance of good school buildings with the modern improvements.

10th. Co-education. Should it be encouraged.

11th. Ought the State to provide by law for local or general taxation or either, for the support of public schools.

12. Is it the States duty to see that the children are educated.

13th. What should be the qualifications of a State and County Superintendent of Education.

14th. Duties of the County Board of Education as to the examination and licensing of teachers and its vital importance.

15th. Duties of township trustees and the responsibilities resting upon them. Ought there to be one or more for each township.

16th. The importance and beneficial results of well regulated teachers' institutes.

17th. The duty of parents to supplement the public fund, thereby lengthening the school term.

18th. Should the State adopt a uniform series of text books for

public schools for either state or county?

19th. Ought not the salaries of county superintendents be increased that they may give more time to school work?

20th. Does the public school law of the State need revising and the constitution amended in reference thereto?

21st. Ought industrial department for both sexes be attached to public schools?

JNO. D. HARRIS,
State Sup't.

By all means let us arrive at a uniform series of school books as suggested by the Advertiser some time ago. The injustice to parents and the room for jobs between those who select and those who supply has long since been made plain. California and Indiana with the best of known public school system not only select their own books but furnish them, so that the reader formerly sold at 35 cents, is now supplied at 11 cents. Public schools are the hope of the land and whatever can be done to advance them should be promptly resorted to.

Talladega Reporter.

THE THREE WISHES.

Once to a man a goblin came And said to him: "If you will name Three wishes, whatsoever they be, They shall be granted instantly. Think of three things you deem the best. Express your wish—two do the rest."

"O goblin," cried the man, "I need some sense. You're just the kind of friend I need. Hunger and want I've known too far. I fail would learn what riches are."

"Then," cried the goblin, "learn it well. Riches are title deeds to hell. Now wish again."

"Alack a day!" Exclaimed the man. "I've thrown away. And all for naught, a chance immense. I only wish I had some sense."

The goblin waved his wand—the dance To his surprise was wise for once. And being wise, he laughed and said, "I am a fool—would I were dead."

"Granted," the goblin yelled, "It's plain You'll never be so wise as me!"

—Oliver Herford in Life.

Detaching Guilt in Liberia.

The brown skins of the natives in Liberia are often daubed with red and white clay, the effect of the latter being rather startling. This is called dr. sing. Sometimes a vertical blue mark is seen across the forehead. This is a sign of freedom. The Kroomen have it more than others. They are largely employed as extra hands on the steamers. When a man is suspected of murder, theft, etc., he is made to drink "sauce wood," this being deadly poison, his innocence is declared by the draft not proving fatal. I am told, however, that this is only a form. When the fatal moment arrives, some expedient is generally adopted, or else it is considered that only an innocent man would be willing to approach the deadly draft.—Cor. Goldthwaite's Magazine.

A Hint to the Ladies.

A real estate gentleman, who is also a Sunday school superintendent, was trying to sell a lady a lot in town, notwithstanding she wanted to buy one in the suburbs.

"But, my dear madam," he urged, "a woman is practically forbidden by the Scriptures from owning suburban property."

"I don't see what the Scriptures have to do with it," she protested.

"That's because you are not conversant with them," he said. "Don't you know of the lady who had a lot in Solom and as soon as she went in to the suburbs was changed into a pillar of salt?"—Detroit Free Press.

All He Could Do.

A man noted for his quarrelsome disposition and love for the ardent came into the postoffice a few days ago and said, "Ed, have you any of the new Columbian stamps?" "Yep. Want any?" "Yep." He looked at them a few minutes and threw them back, saying, "Don't want 'em. Why?" "Well, 'twixt the old woman, boys and schoolteacher, I've got about all I can lick."—Billings Gazette.

Economy In Municipal Control.

An inquiry directed to 29 small cities from Maine to Texas, having their electric street lamps provided and maintained by private corporations, shows that the average annual cost per lamp to the cities is \$106.01.

A similar inquiry directed to 23 small cities that own and run their own electric street lamps shows that the average annual cost per lamp to those cities is \$63.04. In the latter case several of the cities obtain considerable income from lamps supplied to private persons.—New York Sun.

He'll Get It Finally.

Totling—You needn't worry about that debt of Flicker's. He'll pay it when he dies.

Dinling—I don't see how.

Totling—Well, the poet says, "He who dies pays all debts."—Truth.

It is said that when Benjamin Franklin proposed to start a newspaper his mother tried to dissuade him from it because she said there were already two papers in America—there was no room for another.

1892 will try it again
but they will fail.
The host of true Demo-
crats threw the combined
Cleveland and Harrison
electoral ticket, will

Roberts, of Oxanna, Naval Academy at Annapolis, Md., received the gold medal in workmanship with the Calhoun county boys here.—Hot Blast

make careful examination as to patentability of same, and I make no Patent is secured. Invoice and special recommendation.

J. R. LITTELL,
Washington, D. C.
Patent Office.

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Ham & Moore.
 A complete Optical Plant in
 Atlanta, Ga.
 Peddlers are not supplied with
 various glasses.
 -6m

Schenck's Springs.

Rev. W. H. Smith will preach here every third Sunday evening at 3 o'clock.

Elly Beard died last Friday and was buried at Friendship church on Saturday.

Bud, Wesson who was sent off to the coal mines recently, died last Friday and was buried at Hebron church on Sunday.

Mr. Frank Howard is very sick with fever.

Mr. Joe Thomson, Walter Duke, Miss Willie Ustry and others of Duke, visited the Springs last Sunday.

We are still having a great deal of rain, though the farmers generally, I believe, are getting along very well with their crops. The wheat crop is rather light, oat crop is fine.

BILL ART, JR.

How is -
Your Blood? -

I had a malignant breaking out on my leg below the knee and was cured sound and well with two and a half bottles of SSS to do me any good. WILL C. BEATTY, Yorkville, S.C.

TRADE MARK
SSS

I was troubled from childhood with an aggravated case of Tetter, and three bottles of SSS cured me permanently. - WALTER MANN, Manassas, Va. D.C.

Our book on Blood and Skin Diseases mailed free. SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., ATLANTA, GA.

One Way to see Suggs.

Mrs. Grampus—That last sugar I bought here wasn't sweet at all.

Grocer—No doubt when it touched your lips it seemed by contrast far from sweet, but all the other ladies in the neighborhood say it is the sweetest sugar they ever tasted.

Mrs. Grampus—Do they? Well, you may give me 10 pounds.—Boston Transcript.

Young Wives

Who are for the first time to another woman's severest trial we offer

"Mothers Friend"

A remedy which, if used as directed a few weeks before confinement, robs it of PAIN, HORROR AND RISK TO LIFE of both mother and child, as thousands who have used it testify.

"I used two bottles of MOTHERS FRIEND with marvelous results, and wish every woman who has to pass through the ordeal of childbirth to know that they will use MOTHERS FRIEND for a few weeks it will rob confinement of pain and suffering and insure safety to life of mother and child." MRS. SAM HAMILTON, Montgomery City, Md.

Sent by express, charges prepaid, on receipt price, \$1.50 per bottle. Sold by all druggists. BOSTON. To Mothers mailed free.

BRADFORD REGULATOR CO., ATLANTA, GA.

From base to summit of a mountain of dark red sandstone, 800 feet high, in Weber canon, Utah territory there is said to be a smooth white stone floor, with all the appearance of a slide, reaching from the top of the mountain to the bed of the Weber river.

WANTED: Good reliable men on salary or commission to handle the genuine Singer Sewing Machine in the counties of Cherokee, DeKalb and Etowah, call on or address, The Singer Mfg. Co. Box 1162 Gadsden Ala. nr 1114

SUBSCRIBE FOR THE R. P. PUBLICAN.

QUICK TIME TO CHICAGO.

The E. T. V. & G. Ry., will announce, on May 14th, the fastest and finest equipped trains ever run from Southern points to Chicago. See that your tickets read via E. T. V. & G. and Q & C. Road the recognized route to the World Fair.

STATE NORMAL COLLEGE JACKSONVILLE. - ALABAMA

The Tenth Annual Session of the noted school will begin September 8th 1892.

For information in regard to board address, Capt. Wm. M. Hames, Jr., Jacksonville, Ala. For announcement of the school, write to Jacob Fort Jacksonville, Ala.

B. E. JARRATT, Pres. Jacksonville, Ala.

Executor's Sale of Real and Personal Property.

Under and by virtue of the power and authority vested in me by will of William Gray dec'd the undersigned Executor of the will of said deceased will sell at public outcry for cash on Saturday the 1st day of May 1893 the following described lands to-wit: W 1/2 of N 1/2 of Sec 13; and SW 1/4 of SW 1/4 of Sec 12; three acres in the N 1/2 of Sec 14; N 1/2 of Sec 22 and the N 1/2 of Sec 23, except 160 acres off of north side. All in T4 R 6 in Lincoln county Ala. Also certain acres more or less. All that the said real property of said estate, consisting of horses, mules, colts, cattle, farming implements household kitchen furniture and one lot of old ties, said property is to be sold for purposes of the payment of the debts of said William Gray deceased. S. D. G. BROWN

Mortgage Sale.
Under and by virtue of the powers and authority contained in a certain mortgage executed by David R. Reeves and wife Nancy B. Reeves to Walter A. Robin, dated 1st day of March 1887, and recorded in the Probate office for Chilton county, Alabama, Record No. 10, Mortgage Book No. 10, p. 90, Vol. 2, of 1887, set, and the said mortgage being declared dead and unpaid, the undersigned (mortgagee), will offer for sale at public outcry to the highest and best bidder for cash, the front door of the Court House, said county, within the legal hours of sale on Monday, the 3rd day of July 1893, the following described real estate, to-wit: The NW 1/4 of the Sec. 14, and the NW 1/4 of the SE 1/4 of the Sec. 14, in T. 15, R. 8, Calhoun county, Alabama, containing 100 acres. This sale will be made to satisfy said mortgage debt, together with cost, attorney's fee, and the expense of making this foreclosure. AUSTIN, (Contractor) Register.

Register's Sale.
Under and by virtue of a decree of the Chancery court for the 9th District composed of the county of Calhoun, Northeastern Chancery Division, rendered in the cause of Peyton Rowan vs. M. C. Burn, et al., at the April Term 1893, of said court, in and to the effect that the highest bidder for cash before the court house of said county within the legal hours of sale on Wednesday, the 5th day of July 1893, the following real estate to-wit: The NW 1/4 of the NW 1/4 of Sec. 8, the NW 1/4 of the SW 1/4 of Sec. 6, and the NW 1/4 of the SE 1/4 of Sec. 6, all in T. 14, south, R. 10, Calhoun county, Alabama. Said land sold to satisfy said decree in favor of Peyton Rowan vs. said M. C. Burn, et al. WM. M. HAMES, Register.

Register's Sale.
Under and by virtue of a decree of the Chancery court for the 9th District of the Northeastern Chancery Division of Alabama, composed of the county of Calhoun, rendered at the April Term 1893 of said Chancery court, in the case of Peyton Rowan vs. Lizzie Weaver et al., I will as Register in Chancery for said court, sell to the highest bidder for cash before the court house of said county within the legal hours of sale on Wednesday the 5th day of July 1893, the following real estate to-wit: The NW 1/4 of the NW 1/4 of Sec. 8, and the SW 1/4 of the SW 1/4 of Sec. 27, T. 14, south R. 8, Calhoun county, Alabama. Said land will be sold to satisfy said decree in favor of said Peyton Rowan vs said Lizzie Weaver et al. WM. M. HAMES, Register.

Register's Sale
Under and by virtue of a decree of the Chancery Court for the 9th District composed of the county of Calhoun, Northeastern Chancery Division of the State of Alabama, rendered at the April Term 1893 of said court in the cause of Peyton Rowan vs. J. A. Nixon and wife M. A. Nixon I will as Register in said court sell to the highest bidder for cash before the court house of said county of Calhoun within the legal hours of sale on Wednesday the 5th day of July 1893 the following described real estate to-wit: The NE 1/4 of SW 1/4 and the SE 1/4 of NW 1/4 of Sec. 14, T. 15 south R. 8, in Calhoun county, Ala., containing 80 1/2 acre. Said land will be sold to satisfy said decree in favor of Peyton Rowan and against said J. A. Nixon and wife. WM. M. HAMES, Register.

"Established 30 Years."
H. A. SMITH
ROME, ... GEORGIA.
— 00-00 —
Wholesale and Retail
Bookseller and
Music Dealer
JUST receiving a magnificent line of holiday goods: Comb and Brush sets, Work-boxes, Binding houses of said county, and Gentlemen, Plush and Morocco Bound Photographs and Autographs Albums, Leather-bound Bibles and Prayer Books, Scrap Book, Bible, Prayer and Hymn Books, Pictures, Engravings, and many more Games and a great variety for Christmas, Birthdays and Weddings. Also Stationery in Plush Boxes and many more. Also, a large stock of Pianos and Organs from different manufacturers, for Cash or Installment plan, at low prices sent on application. Sample
6000 ROLLS OF WALL PAPER
and Borders, at exceptionally reduced prices. Samples sent on application.
BROTHERS, WILLETT & WILLETT.
Attorneys at Law.
Jacksonville and Anneton.
J. C. FRANCIS,
Notary Public & Ex-Officio
Justice Peace.
COURT 1st and 3rd WEDNESDAY;
MARRIAGE LICENSE
FOR SALE
P. O. — Cape Creek, Ala.
tail-7f

Jas. S. Kelly
Notary Public and Ex-Officio
JUSTICE OF THE PEACE.
At Oxford, Ala.
Courts 2nd Saturday in each month.
E. M. REID J. E.
MORRISVILLE, ALA.,
Keeps Marriage Licenses (for said county the 1st and 3rd Wednesdays in each month.)
WILL T. MORTON
County Surveyor,
JACKSONVILLE, -- ALABAMA
mar-4-03-17

Choice Summer
IN
LADIES'
Our stock now contains an endless variety of
LADIES' WEAR. We are daily receiving
goods of every description. It will be in
[EMBROIDERED
FINE DRESS
ULLMAN
Choice Wash
Laces, Just Received. Point
We are giving special close prices on
DRESS GOODS, SILKS AND TRIMMINGS.
The assortment is very complete and prices very
low. Handkerchiefs, Hosiery, Gloves, Mitts,
and a stock stands unexcelled. Also a good
assortment of Celluloids. We sell the celebrated S. C. and
if you wish, don't fail to see us.

BARGAIN
Every Monday a
LADIES' and GENTS' TRUNKS
Patronize Home

But if you want an
Goods, Carpets,
Gains, Fancy Goods
Dress-making, and
ed at home please
that the largest and
Stock in North Ala
by
W. T. V
A
P. S.-Special Ba
day. Agents for
terms. Samples s
tion.

To Ladies from
buying \$5 a redu
Fare one way. For
apr -2m

WAGONS
Wagons
Wagons.
We have a car load of
the "Old Hickory" Wagons
that we will sell for cash
or time till Oct. 15 provided
we are well secured. We
have a full supply of Bug-
gies, Surreys, Jumpseats,
Platons & Carts, anything
on wheels. We sell them
low and guarantee price,
quality considered.
Give us a call.
PORTER, MARTIN & CO.

Final Settlement.
STATE OF ALABAMA.)
Calhoun County.)
In Probate Court, Special Term,
1893.
Came this day B. A. Hollingsworth,
& W. M. Nance, administrators of the estate of
Thos. Nance, deceased and filed their
account and vouchers for the final set-
tlement of said estate, and the 5th day
of June next, to-wit: the 5th day of
June, 1893, having been appointed by
the court for examining, auditing and
stating the same, notice is hereby
given to all parties interested to ap-
pear at the term of the Court afore-
said, and contest the same, if they
think proper.
Given under my hand, at office, the
16th day of May 1893.
EMMETT F. CROOK,
may 20-3t Judge of Probate.

Fire Insurance.
B. H. DENNIS, Agent, Jacksonville, Ala.
Represents the most prominent company
in the United States.
oct24tf

MONEY.
I have \$27,000 to lend on farming
lands. Interest and expenses about
10 1/2 per cent.
H. L. STEVENSON.

er Styles
WEAR.

ety of all goods, pertaining to
iving elegant styles in wash
resisting for you to see them.

RIES

GOODS

BROS

n Goods.

nt de Bruges.

h the following, viz. **WOOL**
NGS. The line of Ladies' Un-
low. In Fancy Goods, such
New Style Collars and Cuffs
great variety of Fans, and Un-
d C. B. Corsets. For anything

N DAYS
nd Tuesday.

and TRAVELING BAGS

e Merchants,

anything in Dry
Mattings, Cur-
or Millinery or
cannot be suit-
e bear in mind
nd most varied
Alabama is carried

WILLSON,
nniston, Ala.

urgains on Tues-
Butterick's Pat-
ent on applica-

m Jacksonville
tion of Railroad
r \$10 both ways.

J. H. CRAWFORD,

Has just received a fine lot of

Coffins & Caskets.

Also small Gloss White Caskets for
Children.
Prices range from \$3 to \$45. Largest
sizes for men, at my shop on Main
street, south from the public square
Jacksonville Ala.

TIME TABLE
of The E. & W. R. R.
Trains arrive going East. 12:53. P.
M. " " " West. 1:50. P. M.
Make close connection both going
to and returning from Gadsden, at
Duke Station.

Two Farms for Sale

Two good farms of one hundred
and one hundred and fifty acres re-
spectively, within the corporate limits
of Jacksonville, for sale at a bar-
gain. Dwelling houses and outbuild-
ings on each. Within walking dis-
tance of the State Normal School.
For full particulars apply to Steven-
son, Martin & Grant.

Summer Residence

One eight room brick dwelling
house on acre lot, beautifully located,
in Jacksonville, at a bargain. Will
be sold for less than cost of buildings.
For further information apply to
Stevenson, Martin & Grant.

Farm and Mill for Sale.

A fine stock farm, well watered,
brick mill and gin, 300 acres, three
miles south of Jacksonville, short
distance from E. T. Va. & Ga. R. R.
will be sold at a bargain. For fur-
ther information apply to Stevenson,
Martin & Grant.

Cheap Land.

One hundred and sixty acres five
miles south of Jacksonville, contain-
ing finest sand banks, iron ore, and
timber, with much land adapted to
fruits and farm products will be sold
for a few hundred dollars. Here is
a chance for a cheap home. For fur-
ther particulars apply to Stevenson,
Martin & Grant.

NOTARY PUBLIC.

Justice Court is held at Laney's
Station on the second Saturday in
each month.
C. N. JELKS,
N. P. & Ex-officio J. P.

[illegible]

Jacksonville Republican

ETERNAL VIGILANCE IS THE PRICE OF LIBERTY.

PUBLISHED 1837.

JACKSONVILLE, CALHOUN COUNTY, ALA., SATURDAY, JUNE 17, 1893.

VOLUME 57.

ALABAMA BATTALION

to Recover its Lost Colors.

PUBLICAN:

Sir:—Knowing how much you take in the "Soldier" and how ready you are to aid us, I herewith enclose you a copy of a letter from the members of the 2nd Maine, which was captured at the battle of Gettysburg, June 27, 1862, and was shot down while leading the charge on the enemy's triple breast-works.

I doubt many of your readers have seen this letter and will be interested in the subject. I have seen the old flag and if I can carry it to Birmingham on the 17th of July, next, where I hope to see many of my old comrades.

Yours truly,

M. T. Ledbetter,

Color Bearer 5th Ala. Batt.

BANGOR, ME., April 10, 1893.

LEDBETTER:

Piedmont, Ala.

Sir:—Your letter of the 10th inst. received and contents noted. In reply would say that I have a letter from you in February last but it did not require an immediate answer unless I learned something definite in regard to the colors of the 5th Alabama Battalion, which were taken by my command (the 2nd Maine) at the battle of Gettysburg June 27th 1862.

I have as yet heard nothing from you in anyway give me a word to your lost colors and when I do you may rest assured that I will at once notify you and if I find the colors of the 5th Alabama Battalion, I will gladly send you the same. I have entirely ceased with me in Gen'l Lee surrendered and since I have looked upon the 5th and South as under one flag and the "stars and stripes" and for common destiny here.

I was at the front of my regiment when you fell together with Capt. Emerson of Co. "E." of my command, and when I saw that the colors were left on the field, I directed Capt. Emerson to detail one of his men to get the colors and bring them to me, which was done. The distance between your colors and my own was within easy range, but on account of the smoke, I could not see just how far. Capt. Emerson did a few days since, and the private who brought in the colors has (or his name) has escaped my memory. Shortly after your retreat both the right and left flanks of our army were surrounded and we were obliged to retreat to the bank of Chickasaw river where we remained until midnight and then commenced our march to Harrison's landing and then made a final stand. Immediately after the battle of Malvern Hill your colors I sent home, to Bangor, and after the close of the war together with the colors of the 2nd Maine they were deposited in our city building and were used several times upon memorial day and upon other national occasions. I discovered after a time that both my colors and yours were becoming the worse for wear and directed that they should be sent to Augustus, our State capital, for safe keeping—no more to be paraded upon any occasion whatever. My colors, which were left of them, turned up all right, but yours turned up missing and I have never heard from them since, although we have advertised them in the papers. I most assuredly should be glad to have them returned as you, but while I have a little hope that they may yet turn up, I fear that the chances are against us.

I remain,

Very sincerely yours,

CHAS. W. ROBERTS,

Late Col. 2nd Regt Maine Vol.

BANGOR, MAINE, Apr. 27, 193.

M. T. LEDBETTER,

Piedmont, Ala.

Dear Sir:—Your note of the 17th

is at hand. I remember the circumstance very well, as my company was one of the two on skirmish line when you made your attack. I am sorry I can give you no definite information about your flag. I have consulted with Col. Roberts and all the other officers and men of the 2nd Maine, who are attainable and we have advertised in the newspapers for information, and interviewed the Grand Army Post, but so far without success. It seems the colors were sent home with our dilapidated battle flags and given in charge to the city of Bangor. They were seen frequently for some three or four years after the close of the war, but during repairs on the city hall were packed away and lost sight of. When the order was issued to turn in all Regimental colors to the State Capital for safe keeping those of the 2nd Maine were found boxed up in the lumber room, but that of the 5th Alabama Battalion was not with them. There is a chance that the man who brought them in may have taken away, I do not know if he is still living, as he removed some years ago to the central part of the State. We shall try to find his address—it is a last and forlorn hope, but I assure you that nothing would afford the stirring members of the 2nd more pleasure than to return those colors so gallantly borne. If found they shall be sent at once by express to your address.

Very sincerely yours,

W. H. BOYNTON.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa.,

Apr. 23d, 1893.

Mr. M. T. Ledbetter,

Piedmont, Ala.

DEAR SIR:—Replying to your postal of 17th inst. I would say that I wish I could give you definite information you desire with regard to your flag, or better yet, I wish I could hand you the flag in person. I can only say, however, I remember the circumstance of the capture of the flags—there were two of them—and that they were deposited in the State House at Augusta, Me., after our regiment was mustered out of service. I am surprised that Gen. Roberts did not tell you of that fact, for he must have known it. I would suggest that you write to "Custodian of War Trophies," Augusta, Me., care of Gov. H. B. Cleaves, asking if your flag is there. There is no such officer as "Custodian &c.," but a letter so addressed would be put into the hands of the proper person by Gov. Cleaves, and if found to be there, I will do all in my power to have it transferred to you. I am not living in Portland, but shall return there next month. Should you write me before May 15th, address care John Wanamaker, Philadelphia, after that date, care of Bolter Snow & Co. Portland Me.

Now a word reminiscent. About 30 minutes after we got your flag, I lost my sword. Do you remember that your line charged down into a gulley, across a little stream then started up the other side of the gulley? When half way up we met you and drove you back through the gulley, and on back perhaps 300 or 400 feet beyond your edge of the gulley and then it was that you were struck down and we got your flag. Well we retired then to the line where we had first received your fire, we built a slight breastwork of rails, knapsacks etc. and laid down, waiting for your second attack. I unbuckled my sword, laid it down by my side (I was in command of Co. "H.") when your second attack came it was irresistible; we just turned up all right, but yours turned up missing and I have never heard from them since, although we have advertised them in the papers. I most assuredly should be glad to have them returned as you, but while I have a little hope that they may yet turn up, I fear that the chances are against us.

I remain,

Very sincerely yours,

CHAS. W. ROBERTS,

Late Col. 2nd Regt Maine Vol.

BANGOR, MAINE, Apr. 27, 193.

M. T. LEDBETTER,

Piedmont, Ala.

Dear Sir:—Your note of the 17th

you were hurt; how long you were in recovering; whether you were in later battles; whether you are a Yankee hater (I don't think you are however) for up North, it is only the fellows who never smelled gun powder, or heard the "ping" of a bullet, who shriek sectional hatred, and wave the bloody shirt. I think it may be so South. The men who actually faced each other in battle, have a respect for each other that the "stay-at-homes" know nothing of. What is your occupation? Do you ever come North? As for myself, I was in all the battles of Virginia from Bull Run to just before Gettysburg; then our regiment was mustered out of service, being a two years regiment. For the past five years I have been a general manager at John Wanamaker's, but have resigned and shall return to Maine in May.

Yours truly,

Horatio Staples.

P. S. On my return to Maine, I will ascertain what I can about the flag and let you know. H. S.

THE GREAT REUNION.

Of The Confederate Veterans at

Birmingham.

Important and Highly Inter-

esting Orders and Cor-

respondence.

HEADQUARTERS CAMP HARDEE,

BIRMINGHAM, June 10, 1893.

I am directed by the commander of this camp, in response to many individual inquiries, to give to the confederate veterans the following directions in reference to the arranged excursion to Chicago.

It is definitely arranged between the adjutant-general of the United Confederate Veterans and the railroad managers leading from Birmingham to Chicago that a train or trains, as the number of excursionists may require, will leave the depot at Birmingham on the morning of July 21, 1893, for the transportation of all veterans, their wives and daughters.

ROUTE OF TRAVEL.

From Birmingham to Chattanooga, Columbus and Sandusky, O. Chicago and Indianapolis, Ind. At Sandusky a lake steamer will carry the excursionists to Cedar Point and Johnson's Island.

EXPENSES.

Railroad fare, round trip, \$10; lodging and meals enroute trip, \$13. Minimum aggregate cost of the entire trip, \$23.

The time consumed in the trip ten days, four days of which will be consumed at the Columbian fair grounds.

Confederate monument will be unveiled at Oak Wood cemetery, Chicago.

NECESSARY REQUIREMENTS.

It is required that all who desire transportation for this excursion will deposit \$10 with the Alabama National bank in this city on or before June 25, which insures the purchase of a ticket for the excursion.

Those desiring further information on this subject will apply in person or by letter to Secretary McMiller, at 313 North Nineteenth street, Birmingham, Ala. It will be observed that this excursion starts immediately after the adjournment of the reunion.

P. K. McMILLER, Sec.

A New York sharper has been advertising a fine steel engraving of the "Landing of Columbus" for \$1. When he gets the dollar he sends in return a Columbian two cent stamp. It is very fine engraving, but very small for the money.

Rev. O. R. Blue, presiding elder of the Greensboro Methodist circuit died suddenly a few days ago.

At Montgomery Sunday evening Reuben C. Shorter, died while sitting in his chair.

THE COMMITTEE'S REPLY.

WHAT THE STATE PRESS HAS TO SAY ABOUT IT.

Cordially and Unconditionally Approves It.

Huntsville Argus.

The Argus has only time to say, that it most cordially and unconditionally approves the reply of Chairman Smith to Chairman Goodwyn. It is absurd for anyone who voted against Cleveland and Stevenson last year to claim a right to take part in controlling the course and destiny of the Democratic party. There is nothing but good, conservative, sound Democracy in what the committee promulgates through Chairman Smith. It could not, with consistency, have said less; there was no need to say more. The statement made by way of reply is frank and it is fair.

THE COMMITTEE WENT TO ITS ULTIMOST LIMIT.

Tuscaloosa Times.

The Times accepts the reply of the Democratic Executive Committee made through its chairman Hon. A. G. Smith, to the proposition of the Jeffersonians, as the reply of the Democratic party. We are sure that the committee was actuated by a spirit of kindly feeling towards the well meaning members of the party, who thought their grievance sufficient to lead them outside the party organization, and into opposition to it. If the breach can be healed at all, without the surrender of the party to its enemies, this reply of the executive committee will tend to do so. From our standpoint, the committee went to its utmost limit, without referring so grave a question back to the great body of Democrats who commissioned them for the purpose of maintaining the integrity of the party against all opposition. Which can be done only by proper organization.

TO HAVE ACCEPTED WOULD HAVE BEEN SUICIDAL.

Tuscaloosa Gazette.

The reply of the Democratic Executive Committee to the Jeffersonian's proposition through Chairman Smith, will meet the approval of all good Democrats. To have accepted the proposition in toto, would have been suicidal. Its rejection was the only course left. The doors of the party are still open for the return of those who wandered off in the August election. If they wish to return they can do so. We want peace but it must not be at the expense of the Democratic party.

THEY ACTED WISELY.

Chilton View.

The Committee did not accept the proposition submitted to them by the Jeffersonian Committee, but will maintain the dignity and principles of the Democratic party. They acted wisely.

REASONING LOGICAL AND WISE.

Huntsville Mercury.

The State Democratic Executive Committee has seen fit to adopt the late vote in the Presidential contest as the only true test of party fealty, and to receive none into the party council or primary election save those who cast their vote for Cleveland. We bow submissively to this action upon the part of the committee, and while we realize and regret that it will preclude many from future membership with the party who have heretofore been loyal Democrats and who divorced themselves from the party in the heat of passion, still we are constrained to say that the reasoning which led to this action was logical and fair.

Montgomery Advertiser.

Those who are Democrats from conviction and willing to make a

square out contest for their principles, are not at all disconcerted by the vaporings now indulged in by the opposition. The contest next year will have to be upon well defined lines and every man will have to declare exactly where he stands. There will be no dodging and hiding out. In such a fight the Democrats have nothing to fear.

NORMAL NOTES.

Adieu!

An revoir!

Good bye!

Examinations, farewell, a long farewell to all your horrors.

The Seniors say "the tug of war has come."

Miss—would like for the teachers to remember, "the half can never be told" on examination day.

The following question was asked a few days ago: "Who was the first king to wear a crown?" One girl who prides herself on her knowledge of history, promptly replied, "Good Queen Dess."

The class of '92 had a call meeting one evening during this week, at the home of Miss Ida Woodward, preparatory for their reunion in '94.

Really wonders will never cease. A new fact has been unearthed. One of the girls of the Arithmetic class informs us that the earth makes one diurnal revolution in 365 1/4 days.

This week will close the college doors until another term. A feeling of sadness comes over all as we go forth from these dear old walls, rendered dearer to us by the sweet memories of days of "ould lang syne."

With some it is only "an revoir" with others it is "adieu."

Those who remain to fill our places we bid them God speed. Loiter not on the way, but "gather ye rose buds while ye may, for tomorrow they may be dying."

To those who will soon be out of school life into life's school, we give them our heartiest cheer. We will miss them, but they are eager to go. They are already looking forward to the wide stretching future with so many aspirations crowding into the heart. May their fondest hopes be realized. May their lives be one brave endeavor, one grand sweet song.

"I read what you said about the young lawyers of North Alabama forging to the front," said a disciple of Blackstone yesterday, "and it reminded me that I had seen attending the Supreme Court this week an example of the truth of what you said. This young man is an Alabama boy and has made himself by his own worth and character and is rapidly reaching the top of the ladder and before he dies will have no superior at the bar in the State." I refer to J. J. Willet, Esq. of Anniston. He is one of nature's noblemen and has worked himself to the front. He enjoys the largest practice at the Anniston bar and his papers and pleadings before the Supreme Court are models of legal learning. Such as he deserve to succeed. —Montgomery Advertiser.

A Missouri editor says he has a subscriber who gets drunk every little while and invariably insists on paying a year's subscription. He has his paper paid in advance up to 1926. We wish the editor of that paper would find out what brand of whisky the fellow drinks and send us a few gallons; we will pay him a good price for it, and it proves what he says, will take a barrel. —Cleveland New Era.

The Hellin New Era says: "Almost every train brings prospectors, miners and capitalists to this place and the gold district."

The Piedmont Inquirer says: "The Piedmont cotton factory spins and talks not, but it is told in well-informed circles that it declared a 40 per cent dividend on its first year's business."

ALABAMA NEWS.

SOMETHING FROM ALL POINTS.

A Pleasant Record of Industry—Good Crop and Fruit Prospect—Local Matters—Accidents and Deaths—Other News of Interest.

The Odd Fellows of Cullman will engage in memorials evices the 18th.

Ben F. Abney of Marshall county lost his gun house by fire a few days ago.

Mrs. Monroe Atchley of Marshall county has been taken to the insane asylum.

Mrs. J. W. Sandlin, of Moulton, fell and dislocated one of her hips last week.

Mad dogs are creating considerable excitement in some parts of Blount county.

Bangor voted on the question of incorporation and "No incorporation" won the day.

The Tuscaloosa grand jury had 105 cases and returned ninety-seven true bills.

While working in the field recently, Mr. Jim Betts, living near Gosport, dropped dead.

A. D. Smith has been appointed Coroner of Shelby county, vice M. B. Smith, resigned.

There are eight white preachers who get their mail at Harpersville, Shelby county.

Mrs. A. J. Windham, of Moulton, fell from a door and received painful scalp wounds.

The appointment of Bob Coleman as postmaster at Albersville has been withdrawn and Dr. A. Scott appointed.

Mr. Hamp Rayford, residing near Walnut Grove, was struck by lightning on the 1st and died soon afterwards.

A son of Joseph Johnson, of Blount county was thrown from a mule on the 3rd and seriously if not fatally hurt.

The Wilcox Progress is giving some facts about the benefits of good roads to the farmer, and they ought to be heeded.

In a difficulty near Kelley's Creek, Shelby county, Hector Cosper killed George Waits by hitting him with an ax.

Twelve ear loads of vegetables were shipped from Brewton one day last week—four were green tomatoes, six beans and two miscellaneous.

Dr. T. N. Lupton of the State Agricultural and Mechanical College died in Auburn some days ago.

The Sons of Confederate Veterans at Birmingham have reorganized and will go to work with a vim to help in the entertainment of the veterans at the annual reunion.

In overhauling an old house in Selma a few days ago a closet was discovered which no one knew anything about. In this closet was found an old Confederate blanket and a pair of bullet moulds.

A little hanging would be in order in Pickens county if the letter of a correspondent writing from Reform, in that county, to the Carrollton Alabamian, is true. A gang of white cappers waylaid a negro man, shot him five times, once through the heart, twice in the neck, either of which would have killed him. After they saw that he was dead they went up to the body and sat down over him and cut his throat from ear to ear. His scalp was gone and one of his ears was cut off and gone. There is no identification of the parties; but there is some good circumstantial evidence.

The Dothan Siftings says: "From everywhere comes most cheering news that the crops are better and in a more promising condition than they have been for years. If suitable seasons only last a few weeks longer there will be a very large crop this year."

The Masons will have a big time at Cedar Bluff on the 24th.

Bibb county has seventeen inmates in the county poor house.

It costs from \$2 to \$20 to be found drunk on the streets of Elba.

O. G. Roberts committed suicide at Birmingham by taking morphine.

A little son of Mr. Wade Helms of Clayton, fell from a wagon and broke his arm.

Mrs. Charles R. Calvert of Florence, was thrown from a buggy and her arm badly hurt.

The Randolph Leader brings forward the name of Hon. W. A. Handley for Governor.

The Anniston Cotton Mills, employing 350 people and its monthly pay roll is over \$6000.

While resisting arrest at Birmingham, H. Crowe was shot in the leg by a special policeman.

Some one stole \$50 from the residence of Mr. Wash Greene, of Franklin county a few nights ago.

One night last week some minks killed at least 100 chickens for Rev. Mr. Cumbee of LaFayette.

Prof. T. N. Coleman of Texas, has been chosen President of the Scotsboro College and Normal school.

While working on a shed of the United States Car Company at Anniston, James Collins had an arm broken.

Col. J. B. Merrill has resigned as Mayor of Edwinstown and Col. B. B. Bridges has been appointed in his stead.

Rev. W. E. Evans of Anniston, preached the commencement sermon for the Bailey Springs Institute last Sunday.

The Bessemer Weekly is making a "strong" fight on the goat question as far as the right of the streets are concerned.

Mr. John Lambert, the watchman at the new bridge at Florence, fell from that structure a few nights ago and broke his arm.

An informal meeting of the Confederate Veterans has been called to meet at Six Mile, Bibb county, Tuesday the 20th of June.

A Mrs. Davis of Coffee county, was badly bitten by a dog several days ago and her friends are very solicitous about her.

Mr. Monroe Bowline, living near Randolph committed suicide last Thursday by shooting himself in the head.

Col. Clarke has announced that the next encampment of the Second Regiment will be held at Birmingham from the 11th to the 18th of July.

While pulling weeds an old cabin in Calhoun county a negro man unearthed over \$40 in gold and silver coin. Who buried it there is a mystery.

The Hot Blast learns that a prominent citizen of Clay county is suing another for 7c. The plaintiff claims that there is a big principle involved.

The gold mining business in Clay county is still going ahead at a rapid gait. The new mill at the Lucky Joe Company will be in operation by the last of the month.

The Fort Payne Journal suggests the name of Judge Tally for Governor, and The Onondaga News Dispatch brings forward Hon. J. W. Inzer, of St. Clair county.

A special from Hellin announces the finding of a new gold mine in the Trickum Valley which is pronounced the finest of any in the county, and considerable excitement is the result.

Ford's opera house in Washington city, occupied by 500 government employes, collapsed some days ago and twenty-five were killed and many were wounded.

Cotton took a sudden rise twenty-seven points Tuesday. Unfavorable crop reports and cold weather in the cotton belt is supposed to be the cause.

Judge Street, of Marshall county, has written a letter to the Birmingham Age-Herald, in which he takes the ground that the registration feature of the Sayre election law is unconstitutional.

The attention of Confederate soldiers is invited to the publication in another column about the proposed soldiers' excursion to Chicago. Twenty-three dollars covers the round trip, including board and lodging for ten days, which is exceedingly low.

The serene confidence of the Democratic newspapers throughout the State is very reassuring to all who hope for Democratic triumph in the next State election. The editors keep well posted on the political situation in their counties and know what they are talking about when they write of the situation.

The National Economist does not approve of Capt. Kolb's candidacy as a Jeffersonian Democrat. It thinks a man should be a Democrat, Republican or Populist, the only three political parties now recognized in the United States. It does not think the people ought to encourage any side show parties for the sake of any man. The Economist is supposed to lean to the Populist party.

The editorial Association of Alabama met in Bridgeport a few days ago and from all accounts the boys have been having a royal time. They had excursions galore on the Tennessee river by boat and to local points of interest by rail, and will later enjoy a free ride to the Chicago fair. The editor of this paper regrets that outside matters kept him from meeting his brothers of the quill this year at the lovely and growing town of Bridgeport.

The Democratic and Conservative party of Alabama escaped its greatest danger when a majority of its Executive Committee sat down on those members of the committee who attempted to deliver it over to the tender mercies of the men who tried to break it down last November. All talk of reconvening the committee for a reconsideration of its action is bosh. If the committee should do so foolish a thing the rank and file of the party would repudiate the committee.

A statement of the Secretary of the United States treasury shows that the Government has lost nearly eleven million dollars in the purchase of silver bullion under the act of July 9, known as the Sherman act. That is to say the bullion at present market price is worth that much less than the Government gave for it. The statement further shows that under all the acts of Congress since 1878 there has been coined four hundred and nineteen million, two hundred and thirty-five dollars in silver, or more than fifty times as much as was coined during the previous period of eighty years.

Mr. Seymour, of Sumter county, has been appointed consul to Palermo, Italy. Hon. Norlie Harris, of Hale county, has been appointed consul to Leeds, England, and Mr. Lucien Walker, of Birmingham, has been appointed consul to Cork, Ireland. Each of these places has a salary of \$2,000 a year attached. Maj. R. O. Randall has been appointed Internal Revenue Collector for Alabama, in place of Robt. Mosely resigned. The place is worth several thousand dollars a year. Mr. Randall will live at Montgomery during his term of office. These are all good appointments. Mr. Seymour is a Kolb man in the August election, but voted for Cleveland and Congressman Bankhead in the November election following.

We regret to hear that some of the old Confederate soldiers of Alabama are inclined to hold aloof from the Confederate Veterans Association on the ground that it is political in its nature and is designed to operate against the Alliance. This is a very great mistake. The Association is not political in any sense of the word. It embraces men of all shades of opinion, and any man who should attempt to use it for political purposes would be very quickly tabooed. It is nothing more nor less than what it purports to be—an association of the gallant men who fought for the Southern cause, to keep alive the memories of that glorious struggle, and for the preservation of the facts of history, for the care and protection of those of their comrades who are poor and afflicted, for the cultivation of social intercourse among the survivors of the war and for the general purpose of preserving that spirit of comradeship which should characterize men who shared for four years a common danger and illustrated in the highest degree Southern valor and fortitude. To this end it is recommended that each neighborhood, where twenty-five names can be enrolled, have an encampment, so that there may be frequent meetings. At intervals all the camps may come together, as is proposed now at Birmingham, where old friends may meet and renew the ties which bound them during the long years of a common suffering and a common danger. And there may also be county meetings, where all the old soldiers of a county may come together in camp once a year and swap experiences and renew the friendships of the long ago. Such an association appeals to all the most generous instincts of the warm hearted people of the South. Such an association, so far from becoming political in any degree, will serve to strangle political animosities and temper the struggle for place and power in this State. Men may differ as to who shall be governor or as to what shall be the policy of the government in respect to finance and taxation, but they cannot hate each other when they thus meet and look into each other's eyes and see there, albeit blurred with age, the flashes of that same invincible spirit which challenged the admiration of a world, or the same old friendly regard that led each to willingly peril his own life to save a comrade. Admiration of true courage here, gratitude for signal personal service there, a common place on the most glorious page of history for all, would so well these old soldiers together and so absorb them in the glories of the past that there would not be room for partisan feeling or time for the dirty and contemptible work of political intrigue at the seasons of their reunion. No, no, the Confederate veterans can never descend to the level of a political or partisan organization. It would be a most contemptible ending of a most glorious beginning. No man who respects them for their valor or loves them for their sufferings and plagues them for their sufferings and their wounds would have them do so for any consideration whatever. They have a higher work than this. They belong to history and it is their task to see that it be fairly writ. The ephemeral elevation and dignity of a mere governor of Alabama, the offspring of political intrigue, is nothing, but the humble private in the ranks of the Confederate army, who did well his duty, will walk down the avenues of history arm in arm with immortal honor and immortal glory.

The business outlook has greatly improved the past few days and a feeling of confidence is rapidly being restored. It is greatly due to President Cleveland's announced purpose to convene Congress in September to consider the repeal of the Sherman silver purchase act and other matters pertaining to the financial policy of the government. Some of the leading financiers of the country are predicting that within a few months money will be more plentiful, and at a lower rate of interest, than for many years.

The outlook for Jacksonville is very bright and the gloomy faces of a short while ago are taking on smiles again, and the last croaker has about retired from business.

We are now prepared to deliver Southern Jellico Coal in any quantity. We get our coal from the celebrated Woolridge Jellico Mine, which is acknowledged to be the very best in the whole Jellico region. Parties buying now can save from twenty-five to fifty cents a ton.

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The Selma Times makes a very sensible observation when it says there is no reason why the next canvass for Governor in this State should assume the "bitter" aspect some of the newspapers are predicting. The Times says in effect, that this is a free country, in which each voter has a right to his opinion on political issues and the right of choice of candidates, and his neighbor has no reason to become offended with him because of a difference of opinion or choice.

If voters throughout the State would take this view of the case, the next canvass would be one of reason and friendly rivalry, and so it will be among the most intelligent. In any election it may be noted that the leaders on both sides are on good terms with each other and scrupulously polite in their bearing, while the most ignorant and prejudiced of the rank and file are ready to fight at the drop of a hat.

A man is a great fool to let politics work an estrangement between himself and a friend. All men can not think alike any more than they can look alike; and it is unwise for friends and neighbors to quarrel because of a difference of opinion, which they cannot any more help than they can help their difference in appearance. Sensible men take the world as they find it and do not hope to force all men to their way of thinking any more than they hope to force all men to resemble them in feature.

Therefore, whatever may be the state of feeling in Alabama the coming year, let us of Calhoun keep cool and thus show our good sense. If you are for one man for Governor, or that is your right and you have the privilege of saying what you can to secure his election. If your neighbor is for another man, do not forget that he has the same right and privilege that you claim for yourself. Tschew speakers and newspapers which seek to inflame prejudice and passion. Neither the speakers nor the editors feel what they say and write when they thus "tear passion to tatters." They are merely playing you as so many pawns on the political chessboard and they despise you more the more you become excited under their skilful manipulation. Go any election day to the beat court ground and there pick out the individual who is most angry and excited because voters are not going his way, and you are sure to find the biggest fool in the beat.

Hon. Gaylord B. Clark, of Mobile, died the 14th inst. He was one of the foremost lawyers of Alabama and a member of the State Executive Committee of the organized Democracy. It will be remembered that Mr. Clark was too sick to meet the committee in Birmingham, but wrote a letter placing himself on record as being against the proposition to surrender the organization of the party to its enemies.

The numerous friends of Maj. R. O. Randall, of Gadsden, heretofore rejoice at his appointment to be Revenue Collector for Alabama. It is an honor worthily bestowed. He will make a good one and in the administration of his office demonstrate the wisdom of his selection by President Cleveland.

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Tax Sales.

Notice is hereby given that the following lands and lots were decreed by the Probate Court of Calhoun county, Alabama, on the 8th day of May 1893, it being the 2nd Monday in said month, and a regular term of said court, to be sold for the taxes and costs due thereon for the year 1892 and the years 1891 and 1890, and notice is hereby further given that said lands and lots will be sold by the undersigned as Tax Collector within the legal hours of sale on Monday, the 20th day of June, before court house door in the town of Jacksonville, Alabama, to satisfy said taxes and costs to-wit:

Chas. E. Brooks, Jacksonville, Ala., lots 11 and 12, block 65, tax 40 cents, costs \$2.20, advertising 1.00.

S. Bethen, Jacksonville, Ala., lot 14, block 30, tax 40 cents, costs \$2.20, advertising 1.00.

E. L. Best, Jacksonville, Ala., lot 4, block 7, tax 40 cents, costs \$2.20, advertising 1.00.

Bernard, Jacksonville, Ala., lot 14, block 30, tax 40 cents, costs \$2.20, advertising 1.00.

C. R. Collins, Jacksonville, Ala., lot 15, block 394, tax 40 cents, costs \$2.20, advertising 1.00.

S. J. Ellis, Jacksonville, Ala., lot 1, block 345, tax 10 cents, costs \$2.20, advertising 1.00.

F. H. Gale, Jacksonville, Ala., lot 9, block 299, tax 80 cents, costs \$2.20, advertising 1.00.

Mrs. M. E. Gale, Jacksonville, Ala., lot 8, block 299, tax 80 cents, costs \$2.20, advertising 1.00.

Mrs. E. Gale, Jacksonville, Ala., lot 10, block 1136, tax 80 cents, costs \$2.20, advertising 1.00.

R. A. Hutchcraft, Jacksonville, Ala., lot 1, block 105, tax 40 cents, costs \$2.20, advertising 1.00.

Jenour Alf Co., Jacksonville, Ala., lot 1, block 105, tax 40 cents, costs \$2.20, advertising 1.00.

C. J. Crook, on the east by C. D. Martin lot, and south by Cemetery lot, tax 1.00, costs \$2.20, advertising 2.00.

Mrs. R. W. Lide, Jacksonville, Ala., lot 1, block 321, tax 21 cents, costs \$2.20, advertising 1.00.

Mrs. M. V. Mahoney, Jacksonville, Ala., lot 4, block 10, tax 40 cents, costs \$2.20, advertising 1.00.

L. F. Miller and Selman, Jacksonville, Ala., lots 2 and 3, block 87, tax 90 cents, costs \$2.20, advertising 1.00.

C. L. Story, Jacksonville, Ala., lot 7, block 290, tax 10 cents, costs \$2.20, advertising 1.00.

H. Cram, Jacksonville, Ala., lot 1, block 7, tax 40 cents, costs \$2.20, advertising 1.00.

40 Acres addition to Foreney's survey lot 16, tax 15 cents, costs \$2.20, advertising 1.00.

Mrs. Elizabeth Wilkerson, precinct No. 1, half sw. qr. sec. 20, lot 14 range 9, 31-2, tax 24 cents, costs \$2.20, advertising 1.00.

N. M. Walker, Jacksonville, Ala., lot 1, block 330, tax for '92, 40 cents, costs \$2.20, advertising 1.00.

D. C. Carpenter vacant lot se cor. Pol and Mattison at Jacksonville Ala. tax 80 cents, costs \$2.20, advertising 1.00.

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Owner Unknown pre No 1, for '54-55, tax 24 cents, costs \$2.20, advertising 1.00.

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Owner Unknown pre No 1, for '85-86, tax 24 cents, costs \$2.20, advertising 1.00.

Owner Unknown pre No 1, for '86-87, tax 24 cents, costs \$2.20, advertising 1.00.

Owner Unknown pre No

Choice Summer Styles LADIES' WEAR.

Our stock now contains an endless variety of all goods pertaining to SUMMER WEAR. We are daily receiving elegant styles in wash goods of every description. It will be interesting for you to see them.

EMBROIDERIES.
FINE DRESS GOODS
ULLMAN BROS

Choice Wash Goods.
Laces, Just Received, Point de Bruges.

We are giving special close prices on the following, viz: WOOL DRESS GOODS, SILKS AND TRIMMINGS. The line of Ladies' Undervests is very complete and prices very low. In Fancy Goods, such as Handkerchiefs, Hosiery, Gloves, Mitts, New Style Collars and Cuffs, bristles. We sell the celebrated S. C. and C. D. Corsets. For anything you wish don't fail to see us.

BARGAIN DAYS
Every Monday and Tuesday.

LADIES' and GENTS' TRUNKS and TRAVELING BAGS.

Patronize Home Merchants,

But if you want anything in Dry Goods, Carpets, Mattings, Curtains, Fancy Goods or Millinery or Dress-making, and cannot be suited at home please bear in mind that the largest and most varied Stock in North Alabama is carried by

W. T. WILLSON,
Anniston, Ala.

P. S.-Special Bargains on Tuesday. Agents for Butterick's Patterns. Samples sent on application.

To Ladies from Jacksonville buying \$5 a reduction of Railroad Fare one way. For \$10 both ways.

JOHN RAMAGNANO,
AT HIS
OLD STAND,

Has in stock one of the finest assortment of Wines and Liquors to be found in the South.

Sour Mash Lincoln County, direct from Bonded Warehouse; Pure, Sweet Mash Corn Whisky, best quality; Old Rye, Old Kentucky Sour Mash Bourbons, finest high grade, blends in bulk or cases. Imported Sherries, Claret, Ports, Brandies, Gins and Cordials of the best European brands. Also

Domestic Wines and Brandies.

Whiskies and Wines by the gallon for family use sold at closest figures.

Sacramental Wines.
Imported Bottled Beer and cool fresh Lager Beer always on ice. Best and most popular brands of five and ten cent cigars.

TIME-TABLE NO. 73 BETWEEN CARRERSVILLE AND PELL CITY
In Effect at 5:00 a. m., Monday, September 28th, 1891.

WEST BOUND.				EAST BOUND.			
Tend down.				Read up.			
No. 51	No. 34	No. 1		No. 2	No. 4	No. 6	
4:40pm	5:10pm	10:00am	Dp	4:20pm	5:50am	6:20am	
4:45	5:15	10:05		4:25	5:55	6:25	
4:50	5:20	10:10	Ar	4:30	6:00	6:30	
4:55	5:25	10:15		4:35	6:05	6:35	
5:00	5:30	10:20	Dp	4:40	6:10	6:40	
5:05	5:35	10:25		4:45	6:15	6:45	
5:10	5:40	10:30	Ar	4:50	6:20	6:50	
5:15	5:45	10:35		4:55	6:25	6:55	
5:20	5:50	10:40	Dp	5:00	6:30	7:00	
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Jacksonville Republican

"ETERNAL VIGILANCE IS THE PRICE OF LIBERTY"

ESTABLISHED 1837.

JACKSONVILLE, CALHOUN COUNTY, ALA., SATURDAY, JUNE 24, 1893.

VOLUME 57

AIRMAN GOODWYN

Back in Reply to Chairman Smith—A Weak Document.

MONTGOMERY, ALABAMA, June 8th, 1893.

A. G. Smith, Chairman of the State Executive Committee of the "Organized" Democratic Party, Alabama:

Sir—Since receipt of your informing the State Executive Committee of the Jeffersonian Democracy of the result of the organization of the "Organized" Democratic Party on May 12th, I have conferred with the members of the State Executive Committee of the Jeffersonian Democracy, and have been instructed to submit the following answer:

Our committee is fully aware since 1872, that as a rule, the people of Alabama, whether traders or farmers, have been opposed to internal improvements of the government, whether in the form of gold standard, gold and silver standard; in fact, regardless of any views they might entertain on any economic or constitutional question, in state elections, have gone their political predilections, and voted the democratic ticket. It is needless to state that it was almost universally regarded as essential to maintain white supremacy and generally believed to be necessary to assure good government and an honest administration of our state affairs.

The Jeffersonian State Executive Committee recognized these facts when it submitted its proposition, and also recognized the disinclination of the white people to yield this system and the possibilities of danger from the abandonment of this generally adopted policy. It also proposed to accord sufficient deference to this sentiment in the state, to avoid any innovation upon established and recognized rules and policies. The Jeffersonian Committee does not admit that it was mistaken in interpreting the wishes of a majority of the white people of the state as favoring a continuance of that system of management in state affairs. The Organized State Committee, however, fully cognizant of this system, its operations and the wishes of the people, have decreed that it should no longer exist, and while professing the greatest anxiety and deepest solicitude for peace and amity, it ruthlessly made a counter proposition that if any elector voted otherwise than for Cleveland and Stevenson, that he would be debarred from participation in any of the party management; but, it graciously condescended to permit him to vote a ticket to be nominated by the combined white and colored voters who supported that ticket.

It is difficult to comprehend how the zeal and ardor for harmony and peace could have existed to the extent expressed by the Organized Executive Committee without some substantial effort having been given it in expression. That Committee had the same power and the same authority to make a counter proposition that the Jeffersonian Committee had to take the initiative in tendering the olive branch. It could have given force to its laudable expressions in favor of peace and harmony as easily as it could have formulated such empty words, which are as a sounding brass and tinkling cymbal. It may well have attempted to avoid the responsibility for its course by such pretense, when it is plain that, in effect it did make a counter proposition, by its utterance of an ultimatum as to qualification to participate in a primary or convention of that faction.

The Committee of the Organized Democratic Party insists that it is "unequivocally opposed to all legislation tending to or providing for the disfranchisement of the white masses." A fact is worth any number of theories, and demonstration is more conclusive of a fact than any number of avowals or asseverations. Recall the facts of record, and let us see what the demonstrations show. It will be remembered that during the recess of the legislature, several leaders of the Organized Democratic Party published letters advocating the limitation of the right of suffrage to conform to the system which now exists in Mississippi. These letters were generally commented upon favorably by the press and endorsed by all the papers recognized as organs of that faction. The Speaker of the House assumed the role of leader of the movement, published a letter accepting the call upon him to inaugurate the policy and to carry it to successful consummation. He published a letter in the Age-Herald, which left no doubt that the intention and purpose of the movement was to adopt the Mississippi plan. The following extract from that letter leaves no doubt as to that point:

"Let us go before them with a call for a constitutional convention; ask for their permission, frankly and fairly, to change our fundamental law in regard to elections; and adopt, substantially, the Mississippi system."—Letter from Frank L. Pettus in Age-Herald, dated Selma, December 28, 1892.

In accordance with his avowals, he introduced a bill in the house, on the reassembling of the General Assembly, which provided for a call for a state constitutional convention, and so that there would be no doubt of the object of that faction, it contained the following:

Sec. 6. Be it further enacted, That said convention shall consider, among other things, qualifications for suffrage in this state, and shall consider the following as an additional qualification, to-wit: No person otherwise qualified shall be permitted to vote at any election in this state, unless he is able to read and write the English language, or has served as a soldier, sailor or marine in the late war between the states, or if he reside within the corporate limits of a city or town, own property to the value of two hundred and fifty dollars, or if he live without the corporate limits of a city or town, own forty acres of land.

At the time of the introduction of this bill, it was declared that it was the true interpretation of the meaning of the thirteenth plank in the platform of the Organized Democracy, which was adopted by the Capitol Convention of 1892. The thirteenth plank demanded that the government of the state "should be more securely controlled by the virtuous and intelligent." The demonstration of its meaning was in the extract quoted from Mr. Pettus' bill. This bill was reported upon favorably by the judiciary committee of the house, and the leaders of that faction advocated its passage upon the floor of the house. When it was defeated, the Sayre bill was urged as a compromise, and accepted by some of the more conservative members of the house who refused to support the Pettus bill.

In the discussion of the Sayre bill, it was urged that the power given the county and beat registrars, with the power to control the voter vested in the precinct inspectors and "fixers" appointed by them, would curtail the vote and vest control in "the virtuous and intelligent"; that is to say, the illiterate, seeing that they would be placed in the control of the inspectors and fixers, and those of limited education fearing that they would be placed in an embarrassed position by only having five minutes to make their ticket, and being debarred from calling a friend to their aid, each of this class of voters would refuse to vote. The difference to the man who may be robbed of his right to vote in the process, the plan, the arrangement or the way by which it shall be done, or by declaring that he shall not vote, is "innate" and it is the robbery of the right that affects him. It is the fact that he is debarred from voting against which the complaint is lodged.

In addition to the foregoing, to disprove this avowal of the Organized State Executive Committee, the following extracts from organs of that faction in discussion of the Jeffersonian proposition, and assignment of reasons, why it

should not be adopted, are to the point:

The Birmingham Daily News says that the Sayre bill does limit suffrage but does not go far enough:

"If section 15 is intended, as has been suggested by the Age-Herald, and it so appears to the News, to require a pledge from every candidate against the Sayre election law, the News would enter its objection to it. In its judgement, limitations should be placed upon the ELECTIVE FRANCHISE; the Sayre election bill does not go far enough to meet what some see fit to call the progressive views of the News."

The Tuscaloosa Times says the Sayre bill puts the power in the hands of those best qualified to serve the people. It says:

"Opposition to all legislation of the Australian ballot is a direct slap at the Sayre election law, one of the wisest measures ever conceived by Alabama law makers, guaranteeing as it does absolute purity of elections, while placing authority in the hands of those best qualified to serve the people and promote their interests. The Sayre law represents the only constitutional method by which this can be done, yet we are asked to nullify it. God forbid!"

The Anniston Hot Blast refers to the pledge that candidates shall take against laws to disfranchise, viz:

"The Jeffersonians claim they are willing to come to terms. Then they must ask Democrats to affiliate and denounce an election law which was passed by a strict party vote at the last session of the legislature."

The Bessemer Weekly insists that reform by limiting suffrage is the policy of the organized, and that it cannot retreat from its position. It says:

"In the second place the acceptance of the proposition would strip the Democratic party. They have started in for suffrage reform; to CONFINE THE BALLOT TO THE INTELLIGENT AND VIRTUOUS. In the last legislature the Democratic party had passed the Sayre election bill, in which there is partial disfranchisement on account of ignorance. THE PARTY CANNOT RETREAT FROM THIS POSITION NOR FROM THE ADVOCACY OF THE PRINCIPLE."

All can recall with what vehemence and earnestness the papers and speakers of the "organized" denied that the thirteenth plank in the platform of 1892 meant a limitation of suffrage; and they can see the demonstration of its falsity. The state executive committee now re-affirms the purpose of that faction not to limit suffrage or disfranchise white men; and all can see the falsity of it in the progress made, and the determination expressed by its organs as quoted above.

The ruthless manner in which the organized has violated pledges and solemn promises to the people is not confined to the deception practiced in regard to the thirteenth plank in the platform of 1892. The promise to pass a contest law was made in almost every county in the state. Thomas G. Jones, who occupies the office of governor by fraud and usurpation, also gave his personal pledge to the people that, if necessary, an extra session of the legislature would be called to pass such a law.

An economical administration of the government was promised; yet taxes have been increased one-fourth more than what they were last year.

Under the proposition offered by the Organized State Executive Committee that "all those who voted for Cleveland and Stevenson are expected to participate in the primaries, conventions or mass meetings of the party," the people of the state will find a strange admixture of faces and the supremacy of the colored so pronounced that the party will find itself so far from its former moorings that it will not know "where it is at." In the presidential election the following vote was cast in fifteen of the counties of the state, which, if taken as an index of what its complexion will be in the future, certainly shows very dark prospects for white supremacy. The official vote was as follows:

Counties.	For Cleveland.	Census of '90.	White.	Col.
Autauga.	926	945	1698	
Barbour.	4315	2665	4316	
Bullock.	1844	1214	4198	
Clarke.	1561	1926	2599	
Dallas.	7339	1582	9288	

Greene.	2129	639	3768
Hale.	3350	1011	4490
Lowndes.	8238	894	5417
Moreno.	2847	1563	5057
Monroe.	1850	1666	2132
Montgomery.	3702	2906	8328
Perry.	3453	1362	4505
Russell.	2150	1159	3661
Sumter.	3185	1184	4831
Wilcox.	4657	1330	4834
Total.	46,545	22,046	69,018

When the 4000 colored participants in a primary in Wilcox shall poll their vote, how will the 650 white "organized" democrats stand as to relative strength? If these colored people, in all these counties shall participate, and elect those of their color as delegates to a county convention, and then elect their representatives to a state convention, what would be its complexion? If all the colored voters should be allowed to participate in the primaries and conventions, the next state convention will contain a majority of colored delegates. Is that the purpose of the new rule? If not, is it the intention to rob or cheat them out of their rights under the rule?

These inquiries may seem impatient, but they are practical and logical; particularly in the light of the very gracious invitation to all the colored electors who voted for Cleveland, to join the organized democratic party.

Another thought in this connection: In the state election of 1892, these counties are credited with having cast the following vote for governor, viz:

Counties.	Jones.	Kolb.
Autauga.	1027	844
Barbour.	3470	2180
Bullock.	2306	463
Clarke.	2113	1641
Dallas.	7530	1203
Greene.	1253	399
Hale.	2727	1502
Lowndes.	2810	1186
Moreno.	3169	2152
Monroe.	1562	1307
Montgomery.	7594	1340
Perry.	2953	1221
Russell.	2766	1099
Sumter.	2042	1543
Wilcox.	5018	668
Total.	48,639.	18,948

Jones' majority 29,691.

According to the rule heretofore in vogue, of allowing each county one delegate for each 300 votes cast in the previous state election, Wilcox will have sixteen delegates. By all rules of fairness, if the colored voter shall be permitted to participate in the primaries and conventions, he ought at least to represent the vote cast by his color, which would give Wilcox two white and fourteen colored delegates. That seems to be the status under this new dispensation. As this is a fair and legitimate construction of the qualification of voters in primaries, and the other deductions are fair and legitimate, is it not time for the "organized" to inquire whether it is drifting?

There is another deduction from the figures above given for governor, that the people of the whole state might consider in connection with the present claims of the organized of being the white man's party of Alabama. In these fifteen counties the vote for governor shows that Jones received 48,639, and Kolb 18,948. The number of white votes in these counties, according to the census of 1890, was 22,946. Jones received about half of those white votes, which would give him 11,023 white votes. His majority was returned as 11,437 votes. Now deduct the white vote he received, from the total vote, accorded him in the black counties, and it shows that he had 37,616 colored votes. His official majority, as returned, accorded him 11,437. This shows that all his majority of 11,437 and 26,179 more votes—all colored—were used to assure his election. That being true, it seems that holding office by colored votes has become so alluring and fascinating to the organized democrats that they propose to embrace the colored brother, take him into their councils and share the honors with him. That is the meaning of what has been given the public.

In view of the fact that your committee has placed all hopes of reconciliation and peace beyond the reach of the Jeffersonian Democracy, except upon terms which require forfeiture of manhood and self-respect, as Chairman of the State Executive Committee of the Jeffersonian Democracy, I shall deem it unnecessary to call a formal meeting of said committee to consider the answer made by the Organized Democratic State Executive Committee.

Permit me, in behalf of the Jeffersonian committee, to assure your committee that the members of the Jeffersonian committee regret that an effort prompted by a sense of fidelity to present opportunities and conditions, in which the future welfare of our people is so seriously involved, should have been so peremptorily and emphatically rejected. Very respectfully,

A. T. GOODWYN,
Chairman State Executive Committee Jeffersonian Democracy of Alabama.

THE SAYRE ELECTION LAW.

Judge Crook, of Calhoun, Differs With Judge Street, of Marshal, As to its Constitutionality.

To the Editor of the Age-Herald:

JACKSONVILLE, Ala., June 16, 1893.—I notice in the Age Herald of the 15th a letter from Judge Street, giving his construction of the Sayre election law and his opinion that said law is unconstitutional. The propositions of law laid down by Judge Street and the authorities quoted by him to sustain his position will not be disputed. If the Sayre law read as quoted by Judge Street, then I would say his opinion was correct, and the law undoubtedly unconstitutional. Now, let us see what the law does say: Section 13— "That it shall be unlawful to register any person except in the precinct or ward in which such person is entitled to vote," and in section 4 "That the registrar in each precinct or ward shall begin registration on the first Monday in May and shall continue the same for eighteen successive days, Sundays excepted, except in cities of 10,000 or more inhabitants, where thirty days time shall be allowed." Then section 5 provides that it shall not be lawful to register any elector after the time herein specified, except those who have come of age since the last registration.

Who, then, are entitled to register? The constitution of the state of Alabama says every male citizen who shall have resided in the state at least twelve months, the county three months and precinct or ward thirty days immediately preceding the election at which he offers to vote, shall be entitled to his vote. Then, under the Sayre law, all electors who are entitled to vote are qualified to register. This, I think, Judge Street and I agree, and then we part company. Being a qualified elector, and having registered, you are now ready to vote—but, says Judge Street, in order to do so, you must reside in the precinct where you have registered from May 21 to August to vote in state elections, and for about six months to vote in federal elections. The Sayre law does not say so, and I do not draw such an inference from its reading. You have complied with the law, and hold your certificate of registration, and my construction of the law is that now you are a qualified elector, so far as the Sayre law is concerned, and armed with your certificate of registration, you can vote anywhere in the state of Alabama, if not disqualified by the constitution.

To illustrate, I live in precinct No. 1, am entitled to vote in said precinct, I register, and obtain my certificate in May; then I move into precinct No. 2 thirty days or more immediately preceding the election in August. I hold that under the Sayre law, in connection with the constitution of the state,

I am entitled to cast my vote in precinct No. 2 by presenting my certificate of registration to the managers of the election in that precinct, and satisfying them that I am the person named in the certificate. I also take the position that, having registered in May in Calhoun county, and I move to Talladega county in precinct No. 1 three months before the federal election in November, I am entitled to vote in said election by presenting my certificate of registration and satisfying the managers that I am the person mentioned in said certificate.

I take the Sayre law to be a safeguard thrown around our elections, and in no way antagonistic to our constitution. I see in the law but one serious objection and I am not prepared to say what figure that will cut as to its constitutionality; that is, the Sayre law says you must present your certificate of registration before you can vote. Suppose I have lost my certificate then I cannot vote, but am disfranchised, as the law does not provide a way by which I can obtain a duplicate or prove my rights as an elector. I have merely given in this my views of the objections to the law sprung by Judge Street, and as this might prove a very serious matter, and being one of the officials upon whom a great part of the work under the law devolves, and who will be asked many times in regard to the question here sprung, I would like to have Mr. Sayre's opinion in this matter, and would like to see it fully discussed and a conclusion reached. Truly yours, EMMETT F. CROOK.

A DIABOLICAL ATTEMPT

To Kill A Young Man By Strychnine Happily Frustrated.

SCOTTSBORO, June 17.—News has reached here of a most diabolical attempt to murder a respected and wealthy young farmer named Hembree at Carpenter, Ala., yesterday. The means used was a bottle of poisoned whiskey, which was handed him by B. E. Ladd, assistant postmaster of that place, who stated that it had been received as mail.

The bottle had a label on it purporting to be from a "Gittanooga" firm, stating that it was a sample of some fine new goods that they had just received in stock. Hembree only drank a little of the whiskey and soon became very sick. Medical aid was promptly called in and Hembree was still alive at last accounts, with chances of his recovery.

The bottle, holding about a quart, was analyzed and was found to contain enough arsenic to kill fifteen men.

Singing Conventions.

The Fifth Session of the Calhoun Singing Convention will meet at Bynum's Station on Georgia Pacific R. R. on Friday July 7th 1893 for the purpose of singing the three days of Friday, Saturday and Sunday. Everybody invited. Classes wishing the next convention will please bring petitions from the church where they wish to have the convention.

M. J. Scott, Pres.

Important Notice.

We will sell Bibles to Sunday-Schools in Alabama and Florida at half price.

Z. A. PARKER,
Dist. Sup't A.B.S., Ala. & Fla.
2014 Second Ave.
Birmingham, Ala.

Esquire Reid, of Morrisville, is in the city. He says the refusal of the Democratic Executive Committee to accept the proposition of the Third party suits the people in the community exactly, and that he knows a dozen or more good men who voted for Kolb who endorse it and are henceforth with Democracy.—Hot Blast.

INFORMATION FOR THE VETERANS

The Daughters of the Confederacy to Be Organized Soon.

Tickets to Chicago—The Wigwam About Completed. Entertainment Notes.

The painters will soon be through with the Winnie Davis wigwam on First avenue. The carpenters are busy making seats and arranging the platform. The space needed for the officials and prominent old veterans and citizens will necessitate a stage across the Morris avenue end of the Morris avenue, and of the wigwam. The electric lights and fans will be put in place this week. The water works company will put in several water pipes, sufficient to furnish a good supply of water.

The ladies of Birmingham who are daughters of Confederate soldiers are taking active steps looking to the formation of an organization, as has been done in so many states of the south, known as the Daughters of the Confederacy.

Their primary object is to form an organization, by which they will be able to give practical organized assistance to the Confederate veterans as is entertaining the large number of old soldiers who will be here the third week in July.

Their ulterior object will be the extension of the association of the Daughters of the Confederacy, throughout the state by the formation of auxiliary societies in every county, with the final purpose of purchasing a home for aged and infirm Confederate soldiers.

One prominent lady in Birmingham has procured all literature giving necessary information as to the method of forming the association, and it is expected that the organization will be perfected during the coming week. The appeal will be one that cannot be overlooked, for there are many old soldiers in Alabama who have been plodding along, and their declining years finds them without means to support their old age. The object appeals to every southerner. The next legislature will be asked to make a small appropriation for the maintenance of such an institution after the Daughters have secured the grounds and necessary buildings.

TICKETS TO CHICAGO.

Secretary of Camp Hardee, Maj. McMiller has been receiving numerous inquiries as to the purchase of excursion tickets to Chicago from Birmingham. He desires it stated that all who wish to go to Chicago must forward their money for tickets by the 25th of June by depositing the amount with Capt. Joseph F. Johnson at the Alabama National bank. All who deposit their fare with him by that time will be able to secure excursion tickets. It will be impossible to procure them in any other way except by personally forwarding to the World's Fair company at Chicago. It will be much better and easier to deposit the money with the bank here.

There will be a few sleepers from Birmingham in each section. There will also be a baggage car in each section. Lavatory arrangements will also be provided and refreshments furnished under the supervision of the old veterans.

Intending to go to Chicago, when they deposit their fares, must say whether they want hotel or tent accommodations while in Chicago. The tent accommodations will be about one-third of the cost at a hotel.

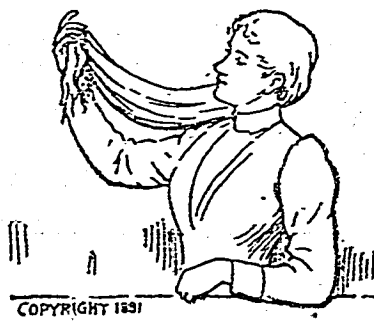
The orchestra for the entertainment will meet on Monday night and the vocalists will meet on next Thursday night. The stage in the wigwam will be completed Monday.

Mrs. A. Baumblat of Mobile was thrown or fell from a street car and badly bruised and one of her arms broken.

Republican.
Issued Weekly.
Rates of Advertising.
Subscription Rate.
Church Services.

My pay roll for June 30th has been forwarded to Montgomery and I hope to be able to settle with teachers during all of the first week in July.
L.D. MILLER,
Co. Sup't of Education.
Forney C. Stevenson, son of Hon. H. L. Stevenson, of this place, graduated at the Columbia College of Physicians and Surgeons, in New York city, on the 14th of June, and is now a full fledged M.D. He is staying in one of the hospitals in New York to get the benefit of practice and further fit him for the duties of his profession. In his classes at school and college Forney always stood at the head, and he graduated in medicine, after a three year's course, where many failed. We predict for him fame and fortune from the practice of medicine.
Messrs. J. R. McGregor, of Birmingham, representing the Queen & Crescent route; Thos. F. Brown, of Chattanooga, representing the Big Four route; T. C. Smith, of Rome, representing the East Tennessee, Virginia and Georgia road; S. L. Rodgers, of Chattanooga, representing the Evansville and Terre Haute route and G. W. Ely, of Montgomery, representing the Southern Pacific road were all in Jacksonville Monday and Tuesday working up the travel to Chicago and the far west. They are an exceedingly clever lot of gentlemen and hustlers for business for their roads.
Friday evening last Hon. H. L. Stevenson invited the fire company to his residence and regaled them with ice cream and other delicacies. Music, the delicate attention of the ladies of the family, the warm hospitality of the host made it a very pleasant evening indeed for the company, and each member was highly pleased at this expression of appreciation of their unselfish service in the protection of the property of citizens of the town from the ravages of fire. It was a graceful thing for Mr. and Mrs. Stevenson to thus show such appreciation. Other of our good citizens who have large property interests at stake would do well to emulate Mr. Stevenson in attentions to our brave firemen.
Mrs. Ida J. Woodward and daughters and Messrs. Walter Dean and Henry Edwards left Jacksonville for the State of Washington Thursday. They will take in the World's fair enroute. Messrs. Dean and Edwards and Mr. Crow, who preceded the party to Chicago, go to Washington on a prospecting trip and will return, even if they determine to make it their future home. Mrs. Woodward and daughters go there to reside permanently. The distance is about three thousand miles, but the facilities for travel are now so good they will make the long journey without inconvenience. If Jacksonville should lose Messrs. Dean, Edwards and Crow the town will have lost three of its most enterprising and public-spirited citizens. The going of Mrs. Woodward has caused universal regret. For eight years she has been a teacher in the State Normal School and in that relation has endeared herself to pupils and parents. The Board of Directors of the School at a recent meeting, passed resolutions of regret at her resignation and expressive of the very high esteem in which she was held by the Board, both as a teacher and a gentle christian woman. A large crowd of the good people of the town went to the depot to bid the emigrants a last fond farewell. In leaving us they do not go among strangers entirely, for loving kindred in that far away country await their coming and will look to their welfare.
County News.
A daughter of Mr. Grimes of Choccolocco Valley was bitten by a rattlesnake recently.
Beat S cotton is reported as lousy; but the yield of wheat was satisfactory. Esquire Dowdell of Beat S is sick.
Capt. Barry, wife and daughter Oliver Cooper and wife, Miss Birdie Brock, D. P. Haynes, T. H. Burton and wife and J. N. Gunhills and wife, all of Orford, are visiting the World's fair.
The capacity of the reservoir at Piedmont has been enlarged.
Several of the old soldiers about Choccolocco are going to attend the reunion at Birmingham.
Farmers are well up with their crops about Choccolocco and are not paying any attention to politics.

CAMP MARTIN.
Meeting of Veterans.
Camp Martin of the United Confederate Veterans had a meeting in the court house at Jacksonville Wednesday, June 21st and the following comrades were added to the roll:
D B Johnson Co E, 32 & 58 Ala.
W A Rice Sargeant-major, 24th Tenn.
G V Elwell Co I, 6th Miss.
E J Hardin Co H, 6th Ga. cav.
T C Davenport Co F, 9th Ala. cav.
G S Harmon Co H, 30th Ga.
G M Mathews Co B, 5th Ala. bat.
Jos Borden Co B, 5th Ala. bat.
Jno Carroll, Regiment not given.
G M Phillips Co K, 48th Ala.
Temple Mathews Co B, 5th Ala. bat.
W M Hames, 2nd Ala. inf. and 51st Ala. cav.
The initiation fee of \$2 for charter was raised and steps taken for enrollment with the United Confederate Veterans.
The Adjutant was instructed to communicate with other camps in relation to time and place for a general reunion of Confederate Veterans of Calhoun.
Remarks were made by members touching the charge made in some quarters that the United Confederate Veterans is a political association, and a resolution was passed to publish in the county papers the address of Commander Jno. B. Gorden and extracts from the constitution; to show that the order is in no way political nor indeed can be, its constitution forbidding it, and making it an expetable offense for any member to introduce the subject of politics in the order. (This will be published next week.)
Saturday at 3 o'clock p. m., July 1st was fixed upon as the date of the next meeting of Camp Pelham, at Jacksonville.
Before adjournment commander Caldwell made a short speech, in which he set forth the advisability of the formation of camps where as many as fifteen ex-Confederate soldiers can be enrolled in a neighborhood. This course is advised by the Adj. Gen'l at New Orleans. Col. Caldwell said there ought to be camps at Peaks Hill, Piedmont, Alexandria, White Plains and other points to meet the convenience of comrades and to better subserve the social, charitable and historical purposes of the order. At the conclusion of his remarks Lieut-Commander John H. Forney moved that the substance of his remarks be embodied in a resolution, which was done. Necessary blanks can be had by addressing Geo. Moorman, 25 Carondelet St., N. O., or parties applying to Commander or Adjutant of Camp Martin at Jacksonville can get full information.



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The end of woman's peculiar troubles and ailments comes with Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription. It cures them. For all the functional derangements, painful disorders, and chronic weaknesses that afflict womanhood, it's a certain remedy. It's an invigorating, restorative tonic, soothing cordial and bracing nerve-purifying vegetable, non-alcoholic, and perfectly harmless.
In the cure of periodical pains, prolapsus and other displacements, bearing-down sensations, and all "female complaints" and irregularities, "Favorite Prescription" is the only medicine that's guaranteed. If it doesn't give satisfaction in every case, you have your money back. You pay only for the good you get. Can you ask more?
The easiest way is the best. Regulate the liver, stomach, and bowels with Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets. They cleanse and renovate the system—thoroughly and naturally. Sick Headache, Constipation, Indigestion, and Bilious Attacks, are prevented, relieved, and cured.
Stockholders' Meeting.
Notice is hereby given that a meeting of the stockholders of the Tredgar Brick and Tile Company is called to meet at the office of the Secretary on the 17th day of July 1893, for the purpose of considering the advisability of placing a mortgage on the property of the Company to secure money to pay existing liabilities and for working capital.
Jno. P. WEAVER, Sec'y.
June 11, 93.

Register's Sale
under and by virtue of a decree of the Chancery Court for the 9th District composed of the county of Calhoun, Northeastern Chancery Division of the State of Alabama, rendered at the April Term 1893 of said court in the cause of Peyton Rowan vs. J. A. Nixon and wife M. A. Nixon I will as Register in said court sell to the highest bidder for cash before the court house of said county of Calhoun within the legal hours of sale on Wednesday the 5th day of July 1893 the following described real estate to-wit: The NE 1/4 of SW 1/4 and the SE 1/4 of NW 1/4 of Sec. 14, T. 13 S., R. 8 E., in Calhoun county, Ala., containing 50 1/2 acres more or less. Said land will be sold to satisfy said decree in favor of Peyton Rowan and against said J. A. Nixon and wife.
Wm. M. HAMES, Register.
June 3d 93.
Fire Insurance,
B. E. DENMAN, Agent, Jacksonville, Ala.
Represents the most prominent companies in the United States.
June 21, 93.

A NEW CLOTHING AND FURNISHINGS
GOODS HOUSE IN ANNISTON,
928 NOBLE STREET.
W. M. GAMMON & CO.
Know that big inducements must be offered to control trade this late in the season.
Good Goods and Low Price, Shall be Our Inducements.
Twenty-five years experience in this business has given us an insight into all the makes and styles of Clothing manufactured. We have selected the best the two leading houses in the trade to make our goods for us, they are not only celebrated for the
FIT, STYLE AND FINISH OF THEIR GARMENTS.
But for the conservative prices at which they are sold. If you want suits for Men, Boys and Children call and see, and we
Will Quote you Prices in our Store on Goods that will Make More Impression
on you than a whole page advertisement. When in Anniston call in and see us and make yourself at home.
W. M. GAMMON & CO.,
928 Noble Street, Anniston, Ala.
June 24-3m

JOHN RAMAGNANO, Patronize Home Merchants,
AT HIS
OLD STAND,
Has in stock one of the finest assortment of Wines and Liquors to be found in the South.
Sour Mash Lincoln County, direct from Bonded Warehouse; Pure, Sweet Mash Corn Whisky, best quality; Old Rye, Old Kentucky Sour Mash Bourbons, finest high grade, blends in bulk or cases. Imported Sherries, Clarets, Ports, Brandies, Gins and Cordials of the best European brands. Also
Domestic Wines and Brandies.
Whiskies and Wines by the gallon for family use sold at closest figures. Also
Sacramental Wines.
Imported Bottled Beer and cool fresh Lager Beer always on ice. Best and most popular brands of five and ten cent cigars.
But if you want anything in Dry Goods, Carpets, Mattings, Curtains, Fancy Goods or Millinery or Dress-making, and cannot be suited at home please bear in mind that the largest and most varied Stock in North Alabama is carried by
W. T. WILLSON,
Anniston, Ala.
P. S.—Special Bargains on Tuesday. Agents for Butterick's Patterns. Samples sent on application.
To Ladies from Jacksonville buying \$5 a reduction of Railroad Fare one way. For \$10 both ways.
apr -2m

Choice Summer Styles
LADIES' WEAR.
Our stock now contains an endless variety of all goods pertaining to SUMMER WEAR. We are daily receiving elegant styles in wash goods of every description. It will be interesting for you to see them.
EMBROIDERIES.
FINE DRESS GOODS.
ULLMAN BROS.
Choice Wash Goods.
Laces, Just Received, Point de Bruges.
We are giving special close prices on the following, viz: WOOL DRESS GOODS, SILKS AND TRIMMINGS. The line of Ladies' Undervests is very complete and prices very low. In Fancy Goods, such as Handkerchiefs, Hosiery, Gloves, Mitts, New Style Collars and Cuffs our stock stands unexcelled. Also a great variety of Fans and Umbrellas. We sell the celebrated S. C. and C. B. Corsets. For anything you wish don't fail to see us.
BARGAIN DAYS
Every Monday and Tuesday.
LADIES' and GENTS' TRUNKS and TRAVELING BAGS.
TIME TABLE NO. 73. BETWEEN CARRERSVILLE AND PELL CITY.
In Effect at 5:00 a. m., Monday, September 28th, 1891.

WE HAVE
A LARGE AND WELL SELECTED
Stock of Clothing, Shoes, Hats
DRY GOODS AND GROCERIES.
change our business we will sell cheaper than the cheapest.
Come and See Us.
HAMMOND & CROOK
June 21, 93.

ALABAMA NEWS.

SOMETHING FROM ALL POINTS.

A Pleasant Record of Industry, Good Crop and Fruit Prospect, Local Matters, Accidents and Deaths—Other News of Interest.

Cholera is playing havoc with the hogs in and around Geneva.

Mrs. Tim Berry of Fayette county, fell and broke her shoulder one day last week.

Negotiations are pending looking to the establishment of a barrel factory at Fayette Court House.

An alligator about four feet long is playing "the wild" with the ducks and fish in Lakeview, near Birmingham.

Capt. Ike Vincent has taken a position as agent for a life insurance company.

While out hunting the other day Mr. John Long of Conecuh county, killed twelve hawks.

Two tickets have been put out for town officers at Fort Payne, and now for work at electioneering.

The court has ordered the Probate Court to issue a license for the sale of whisky at Calera.

The Pickens County Confederate Veterans will meet at Carrollton on July 3rd to organize a camp.

The people of DeArmanville are erecting a bush arbor for a big meeting to begin there shortly.

Uncle Bryant Moody, the mail carrier between York and Butler, was thrown out of his cart and had a leg broken.

Mrs. Louisa Hardy fell from her door in Union, Greene county, one night last week and broke her arm and nose.

Joe Daily, in the Monroe county jail for horse stealing, escaped a few days ago while the jailer was absent.

All the believers in the Mormon faith in the state are to have a grand revival in Birmingham during the summer.

The Tusculum North Alabama falls of one old colored man who lost over \$700 in the bank failure at that place.

John B. Lee, a farmer of Epes, Sumter county, recently sold a merchant of that place 900 pounds of home-raised bacon.

Cap. H. W. Lightfoot, the newly appointed Chief Justice of the Texas Court of Appeals, is a native of Jackson county, Alabama.

Mr. and Mrs. Fred Seave of Brewton had a very narrow escape from being crushed by a moving freight car. Their buggy was demolished.

The Birmingham Electric Light Company will contribute the lights and electric fans necessary for the Confederate Veteran's meeting at that place.

A correspondent of the Cullman Tribune says the two dearest things in his neighborhood is the grass that was dug up the day before and the Third Party.

The road committee of Lauderdale county have decided to offer \$250 as the first prize and \$100 as the second for the best roads when the contest is decided.

The Choctaw Herald says: "The continuous heavy rains are playing havoc with the farmers. All are badly in the grass and some say their cotton crop is lost."

William Austin, the man who shot and killed Dr. J. R. Phillips at Millsport a short time ago, was acquitted on his preliminary trial on the ground of self-defense.

From one acre of strawberries Captain J. K. Hawthorn of Evergreen has cleared \$150 over and above expenses, and says he will plant five acres more this fall.

The Scottsboro Citizen comes to the front with about twenty-two columns of tax-sale advertisement the greater part of which are charged to "owner unknown."

John Atchley, who was under indictment in Coosa County as an accessory to an attempt to murder, was shot and killed near Monroe, La., last week while resisting arrest.

Mr. James Weather's of Randolph county, was severely shocked by lightning last Monday, and is still suffering from the effects of the stroke.

The Standard Gauge says the vegetable business at Brewton has done more to heal the breach between the town and country people than anything else could have done.

A little son of Mr. Sam Hamilton living near Goodwater, was bitten by a dog which was supposed to be mad last Sunday. Medical aid was secured and the little fellow is getting along all right.

Dr. Cary of the A. & M. College and Experiment Station, has just issued a bulletin on "Eye Diseases of Domestic Animals." The bulletin thoroughly discusses the various diseases of the eye and contains many valuable and instructive illustrations. The causes, symptoms and methods of treatment of periodic ophthalmia (moon blindness) are fully considered. The ways and means of examining the horse's eyes are explained at length. The following quotation explains itself: "A constant corn diet is to be avoided, especially as a food for colts. It is extremely doubtful if corn for colts is ever advisable. Furthermore it is injudicious to feed horses or mules upon corn, as the only grain food at any other time except the cold period of winter. In fact there is no time in this climate when corn alone is really required by the system. Far better results will be obtained by using oats as the staple or chief grain food, and, at times, equal parts of ground corn and cow peas, or equal parts of ground corn, cow peas and oats, or equal parts of ground corn and wheat bran, may be substituted for oats alone. An exclusive corn diet should always be avoided with horses or that have weak or diseased eyes. Corn alone contains too much fat and heat producing food and not enough muscle and bone forming food."

A copy of this bulletin may be had by applying, by postal card, to the Librarian of the Experiment Station, Auburn, Alabama.

IN THE COUNTY.

LOCAL NEWS IN CALHOUN.

Schenk's Springs.

Rev. W. O. Horton filled his appointment at Union Church last Sunday.

Rev. W. H. Smith preached an eloquent sermon to a large congregation here last Sunday evening.

Mr. Dave Seabers has been suffering for some time with a severe pain in his side.

Mr. W. H. Gibson and family of Cedartown Ga., arrived here a few days ago to spend the summer.

Mrs. Tom Draper and children of Oxford, are boarding with Mr. Ray for a while.

Mr. P. A. Easterwood and family after spending a week here returned home Sunday.

Rev. W. H. Smith while here last Sunday advised the people to build a board arbor and arrange it for preaching purposes. I hope the good people will take this advice. We all could soon build one after we get done laying by crops with very little expense.

The crowd here last Sunday drank the spring down one and one half feet, which was lower than ever drank before.

We are now having very partial hoods when it don't in another. We would be glad if a cloud would stop soon over this vicinity and give it a good soaking.

There will be a big non-political horse swapping convention here the 4th of July, with Mr. Edgar Wilkins as President, Van Kershaw, Vice President and Mark Bowling General Manager.

Bill Arr, Jr.

The Anniston News has this to say of our fellow-countyman, Col. Jno. M. McKleroy:

"The voluntary movement on behalf of Col. John M. McKleroy for Governor is highly gratifying to every Annistonian. We who know Col. McKleroy best, the people who meet and greet him day by day, and who know his kindly and generous manhood, know that these testimonials to his worth of mind and heart are not overdrawn. And while Colonel McKleroy will not in all probability be a candidate for Governor, it is a source of pride to his people to receive these expressions of the esteem in which their neighbor and friend is held in every part of this commonwealth."

THE FAMOUS

We've Spread Ourselves.

No harm to look. It will pay you to. You might know that a house with the reputation at stake is not going to tell fairy stories in the papers. We want you to see our \$15, \$18 and \$20 suits, because we are confident they will please you.

They certainly ought to. We've put our time and talent and goodness enough in them. We know that \$15 and \$18 doesn't sound very much, especially if you've been fooling with tailors prices. If what they charge \$30 or \$35 for will suit, our \$15 and \$18 grades are sure to be something of a saving, ain't it? You are not tied down to any style. You have more of a variety here than in a half dozen other stores. The cut of the garment is the latest SINGLE and DOUBLE BREASTED SACK SUITS and THREE and FOUR BUTTON CUTAWAY FROCKS.

By the way, have you thought about a business suit for the spring?

What's the matter with a Double breasted Sack?

There are going to be lots of them worn, and there are scores of neat effects among our stock, some light, some dark, of course betwixt and between shades. There is lots of style about them; lots of comfort and satisfaction in them.

You see your spring suit and underwear will cost you less than the suit alone from a tailor.

Are you going to wear negligee shirts this summer? See our styles and prices. They will interest you.

Don't you think it is about time to get a spring Hat?

"THE FAMOUS"

ONE PRICE CLOTHIERS AND FURNISHERS:

Noble and Tenth Streets, Anniston, Ala.

STEVENSON, MARTIN & GRANT, Real Estate Brokers,

Jacksonville, - - - Alabama

Real Estate bought and sold on commission, rents collected &c. Property placed in our hands for sale will be advertised for sale without cost to land owner.

No Sale—No Charge.

Jacksonville real estate and farm and mineral land along the line of Jacksonville & Anniston Railroad specially solicited.

RECEIVING DAILY

A FULL LINE OF

FALL AND WINTER GOODS

CONSISTING OF

prints, Gingham, Dress Goods, Notions, Household

Linens, Bleached Goods, Blankets, Quilts,

Comfortables &c.,

Ladies' and Gentlemen's Woolen Underwear, Hosiery, Ladies' and Children's Fall and Winter Cloaks and Jackets. Men's and Boys' Overcoats, Suits, Hats, Caps, Shoes, in fact a nice line of

Gents' Furnishings.

Are expecting daily a full stock of Clements & Balls

FINE SHOES FOR LADIES.

Come and learn our prices for the hard times

In my Grocery Department you will find the "Patents" and cheaper grade of flour, brown and granulated Sugars, N. O. Syrups, Lard and Meat. Everything to make complete a general stock of merchandise.

P. ROWAN.

C. D. MARTIN

Contractor and Coal Dealer,

Jacksonville, Alabama.

Contracts taken for grading streets, roads and railroads, sites for buildings &c. Coal delivered of best character at lowest possible price. Drayage of all kinds promptly attended to. Having large force of mules, wagons, drays, grading tools &c., am prepared to do all kinds of hauling and work in my line speedily and at satisfactory prices.

C. D. MARTIN.

SUBSCRIBE

FOR THE

REPUBLICAN, STATE NORMAL

ONLY

ONE DOLLAR

pr Year.

ADVERTISE

IN

The Republican.

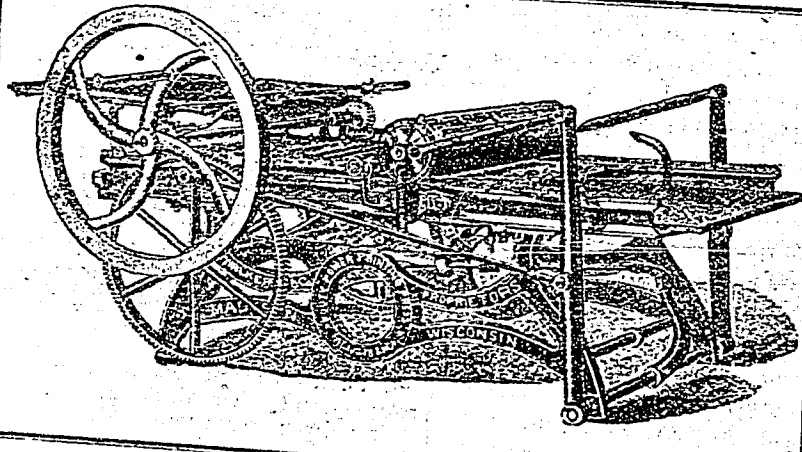
FIFTY-SEVENTH VOLUME.

THE BEST

Advertising

NORTH-EAST ALABAMA.

The REPUBLICAN goes to every post office in the county.



JOB PRINTING

NEATLY EXECUTED AT THIS

OFFICE.

PATENTS

Caution—Re-issued and Trade-Mark secured, and all other Patent Rights promptly and carefully attended to. Upon receipt of model or sketch, invention, I make careful examination, and advise as to patentability. Fees Moderate, and I make charge unless Patent is secured. Information, advice and special assistance sent on application. J. P. LITTLE, Washington, D. C. Opp. U. S. Patent Office.

COLLEGE

JACKSONVILLE, ALABAMA. The Tenth Annual Session of the noted school will begin September 8th. For information in regard to location, course of study, etc., write to Jacob F. Jarratt, Jacksonville, Ala. B. E. JARRATT, Jacksonville, Ala.

J. C. FRANCIS

Notary Public & Ex-Officio Justice Peace.

COURT 1st and 3rd WEDNESDAY MARRIAGE LICENSE FOR SALE

P. O. - - Cane Creek, Ala.

Jas. S. Kelly

Notary Public and Ex-Officio JUSTICE OF THE PEACE

At Oxford, Ala.

Courts 2nd Saturday in each month

E. M. REID, J. P.

MORRISVILLE, ALA.

Keeps Marriage Licenses for the Courts the 1st and 3rd Wednesday in each month.

WILL T. MORTON

County Surveyor, JACKSONVILLE, ALABAMA.

Established 30 Years

H. A. SMITH

ROME, GEORGIA.

Wholesale and Retail Bookseller and Music-Bookseller.

JUST received a magnificent line of books, including: Comb and Brush sets, Wax boxes, Writing Desk, Toilet sets for Ladies and Gentlemen, Pencil and Ink sets, Standard Juvenile and Gift Books, Book, Bible, Prayer and Hymn Books, Bibles, Engravings, Vases, Brackets, Caskets, Toys, Fancy Stationery in Pencil and Pen, and a great variety for Christmas, Birthdays and Wedding Presents. Prices and Catalogues on request. Plans and Orders for Cash or Installment plan, all prices.

6000 ROLLS OF WALL PAPER and Borders, at greatly reduced prices. Samples sent on application.

J. H. CRAWFORD,

Has just received a fine lot of Coffins & Caskets.

Also small Gloss White Caskets for Children.

Prices range from \$8 to \$45. Largest sizes for men at my shop on Main street, south from the public square Jacksonville Ala.

TIME TABLE

of The E. & N. W. R. R.

Trains arrive going East. 12:30 P. M.

" " " West. 1:50 P. M.

Make close connection both going to and returning from Gadsden, Ala. Duke Station.

Two Farms for Sale

Two good farms of one hundred and one hundred and fifty acres respectively, within the corporate limits of Jacksonville, for sale at a bargain. Dwelling houses and outbuildings on each. Within walking distance of the State Normal School. For full particulars apply to Stevenson, Martin & Grant.

Summer Residence

One eight room brick dwelling house on acre lot, beautifully located in Jacksonville, at a bargain. Will be sold for less than cost of building. For further information apply to Stevenson, Martin & Grant.

Farm and Mill for Sale.

A fine stock farm, well watered, brick mill and gin, 300 acres, three miles south of Jacksonville, short distance from E. T. Va. & Ga. R. R. will be sold at a bargain. For further information apply to Stevenson, Martin & Grant.

Cheap Land.

One hundred and sixty acres five miles south of Jacksonville, containing finest sand-banks, iron ore and timber, well adapted to fruit and farm products will be sold for a few hundred dollars. There is a chance for a cheap home. For further particulars apply to Stevenson, Martin & Grant.

NOTARY PUBLIC.

Justice Court is held at Lane's Station on the second Saturday in each month. C. N. JELKS, N. P. & Ex-Officio J. P.