

KNAVES AND FOOLS.

Any one who makes a promise he or she does not intend to keep is a knave; and any one who makes a promise it is impossible to fulfill is a fool.

We now and then encounter some of each class; but usually our customers are earnest, honest people, with the best of intentions who try very hard to do just as they agree.

We despise knaves and we can't tolerate fools. The

ABOVE LITTLE PRELIMINARY is for the benefit of the few we credit. Now it word to you in regard to the Stock of READY MADE CLOTHING and GENTS FURNISHING which are on our counters for your inspection.

The vast majority of Annistonians need no assurance that we are careful to advertise only

BROAD FACTS

that cannot be misunderstood, but there are those among our people whose wings have been stung by the "catchy advertisements" of irresponsible parties, and who, notwithstanding their past experiences, rush "moth like," again and again into the glare that blinds and burns them.

Everybody advertises now a days. Newspaper space cost the same to all alike, and their columns are open to all who pay their rates. Thus it will be seen that he whose entire stock would not fill one of our counters can and "does claim" to have "the finest stock in the city" when in fact his stock in trade consists of a little goods and a large amount of "gall." The sensible man knows the exact value of such bombastic claims, but the stranger or temporary sojourner not being versed in the seductive wiles of advertising, frequently get "taken in." We would respectfully ask a visit to our establishment and judge for yourself.

THE "FAMOUS" ONE PRICE HOUSE.

NOBLE AND TENTH STREET, ANNISTON, ALA.

A Large Assortment of Everything Good to Eat at

CROW BROS.

At Very Low Prices,

APPLES, ORANGES, NUTS, FANCY AND STICK CANDY, RAISINS, CURRENTS, PRUNES, DRIED APPLES, PEACHES, NAVY BEANS, GRITS AND RICE, PRESERVES, APPLE BUTTER, MAPLE SYRUP.

New Crop Eldorado Molasses.

New Orleans Sugars, Can Goods of every description. Clothing at prices that defy competition. A beautiful line of Prints and Worsteds just received. Come and get your Christmas goods while our stock is full.

HERE is the PLACE

For Christmas Toys, For Christmas Presents, For Christmas Apples, For Christmas Oranges, For Christmas Bananas, For Christmas Mince Meat, For Christmas Raisins.

FOR CHRISTMAS GOODS OF EVERY KIND.

Come and see. We will give away a beautiful dinner set of 100 pieces to one of our customers. Every one that purchases \$1 in cash will receive a ticket. One ticket will draw the set.

PORTER, MARTIN & CO., GOODS DELIVERED FREE.

JUST RECEIVED

A LARGE LINE OF

FALL AND WINTER GOODS

A. L. Stewart & Bro., EAST SIDE PUBLIC SQUARE, JACKSONVILLE, ALA.

ATTRACTIONS IN EVERY LINE.

These goods are fresh from the Eastern markets and will be sold at prices that will be sure to please customers.

Give our Stock an Inspection.

COTTON BOUGHT & SOLD.

THE LAST HOUR OF THE OLD YEAR.

One hour yet, of the old year, One hour! Let's fill our bumper to his cheer, While in our power.

Ah! much of joy and of woe Both, did he bring us; Not many moments has he now, To kiss or sting us.

But feel we sadness looking on His dying ember! Yea, for we'er forget the thorn, The rose remember.

Ever thus above the dead we stand, Sadly regretting; Their virtues all we fondly now expand, Their faults forgetting.

But look again on yonder dial! The hour's flying; Ah! should we smile or weep, the while

The year is dying? Oh! let us smile, for they must err— Who deem't time should fatter; Naught sad sees the philosopher, In what not God would alter.

Who can affirm not broader light, Waits in-to-morrow? Then seeing time, how swift of flight, Why should we sorrow?

Ah! fill each cup, let's jest and sing, Why not be merry? The hour doth a new year bring For one we bury.

The old year passes; let him go, He brought us pleasure, But he did bring us pain also, To equal measure.

And with his sweet and bitter, we Would not recall him; Why should we sorrow then to see Death now befall him?

Ah! fill each cup, let mirth be king; A year is dying, But since God's will is in this thing, Should we be sighing?

Ye quaff, ye smile; and yet I spy, What's this to your eyes creeping? And what is this that dims my eye? Nonsense! ye both are weeping.

—Courier-Journal.

JANEY.

From the Cincinnati Commercial-Gazette.

"On the night before Christmas a woman sat near a rough table, sewing. The feeble rays of light that came from the candle did not entirely dispel the darkness of the room. The fire-place, though large, was not bountifully fed, and the light that came from it was not sufficiently strong to aid materially the flickering candle rays. Indeed, the warmth that came from the wide opening was sufficient to keep the occupants of the room comfortable. The room itself was uninviting. It was made of logs rough and unsightly; the cracks were daubed with mortar.

The room had formerly been divided in two, but the partition was taken out and strips of wood crossed the floor and marked the place the partition had occupied.

The strips constituted the boundary line, and when one steps over the line, one was in Janey's room.

Poor and bare as Janey's room was, the other was poorer and bareer.

There were pieces of carpet on the floor in Janey's room, there were none in the other.

There were two or three bright colored pictures tacked to the wall of Janey's room, the other walls were without a single ornament.

The window in Janey's room had cheap calico hangings, the other window had none.

There was a little stand, on which were Janey's books—the New Testament, a third reader, a spelling book, and a slate and pencil.

There was, too, a dish that held some winter ferns and a bunch of beautiful white violets. Some velvety moss covered the tender roots and held the moisture that helped sustain the frail flowers life.

This stand with its simple ornament was placed, within easy reach of Janey, who lay on her bed, a cripple.

The crutch that used to be near was not needed any more, and it was placed in the corner of the window.

Two children played in the other room; their play was noisy and rough; but the exercises kept the blood moving in their bodies. The woman that was sewing was rough-looking too.

The fair delicate child and the dish with the green and white—well, all of that seemed out of keeping with the surroundings.

"The woman's face bore traces of deep sorrow. But the sad expression that generally comes to the face of one who is passing that way was not seen on this face.

Lines, hard and deep-set, told of determined endurance and reliance of self rather than a higher power.

No peaceful resignation was seen on this face. No softening lights passed over the features to lessen the severity of their cast. It was impossible to tell by the workings of the face if the woman gave a single thought to the child that lay in the room across the line. She paid no attention to the noise made by the two children at their play. She plied her needle through the meshes of the coarse garment, and if her heart were breaking, and if she knew the great

blessings of her life was passing away; if she knew there were darker hours coming, if she felt she had no help in this time of need, she made no sign.

When the children, tired and sleepy climbed the steep stairway they went in their usual noisy fashion, and not until their eyes were closed in sleep did they become quiet. When the noise had ceased, the word "Mother!" came in soft sweet tones to the woman.

"In an instant the work was done, and with a quicker and lighter step seemed possible she crossed the line.

"What is it, Janey?" the mother said, and the voice was most wonderfully sweet, much like the child's, but stronger and fuller. All of the mother love, all of the tenderness, all of the sweetness—everything lovely that should have been in the face—was in the voice.

"Did you get it mother?" "Yes, dear."

"Where is it?" "Outside the door."

"Can you bring it in?" "O, yes. Do you want it now?" "Yes, mother, as soon as you can."

The mother went to the door and stepped outside, but soon returned bringing a small cedar tree.

"Where shall I put it, Janey?" she asked.

"Near the wall, so father will not run against it when he comes home," answered the child.

"There, that is nice," she continued, as the mother made the board to which the tree was nailed, secure.

"Did you fix the candles, mother?" "Yes, here they are."

"It is too bad to take your candles. But the tree will be so much prettier with the lights, and 'tis the only tree we've had," said the child.

"O, never mind the candles," answered the mother.

"See," she continued, "I've cut each candle into three pieces, and if the pieces are not entirely burned we can use them afterwards."

"So we can," said the child.

"Now fasten the candles on; then will tell you how I want the presents fixed."

The child waited patiently until the candles were fastened to the branches, then she said:

"Now, mother, bring my box to me."

"But, Janey, I cannot let my little girl give all her things away," said the mother.

"O, mother," exclaimed the child, earnestly, "won't you know I will not need them again? Won't you believe me when I tell you that I will never use them? You must know it, mother; you do know it."

"There, there, Janey, never mind. I will get the box," hastily said the mother.

She brought the small box to the bedside, and took the few articles out, one by one, and laid them on the bed near the child.

"I have written the names on these slips of paper; you pin them to the strings as I tell you," said Janey.

"Here are three slips with Fannie's name; fasten one to the shoes. They are as good as new, for I have never worn them; I've only tried them on. You remember when you got them for me, mother; I thought I would be better soon, and able to wear them. But I never got better, and now she can have them. Put this slip on the hood. How clean and white it is. I was so proud of it the day you brought it home to me. I remember how tired you were, the walk was such a long one for you; but you never thought of that, did you, mother? You never do think of yourself, but you always think of me, your little sick Janey. Put this last slip on the ribbon. Fannie always wanted this ribbon, and now she can have it."

"Let us leave the other things until morning, Janey," said the mother. "You are tired now and need to sleep. You should not talk so much. Lie down on your pillow and let mother smooth your forehead. You will soon go to sleep. I will fix the other things in the morning before the children come down. Or, if you would rather, I can fix them after you go to sleep. You are excited now and you do not feel how weak you are."

"No, no, mother," answered the child. "I must attend to it tonight. I want to help with the tree. And I cannot tomorrow. Let us hurry, for I am tired so tired, but not sleepy—only tired, dear mother."

"Give my books to Johnny. I heard him say that he wished he had a new reader. Let him have the slate and pencil, too. Tie them on to the tree separately. They will look better and make the tree fuller. Here are the slips with his names. Give my Testament to father. I have written something in it for him. Tell him to read it, and to keep it always. I will lie down now, mother, while you tie the presents on the tree. I want you to light the candles, that I may see how pretty the tree will be with lights."

The mother trimmed the tree, as best she could. Janey's small gifts were arranged. Some sycamore balls and pine cones and popcorn strings were hung to the branches. Such things as the mother could find that would aid in beautifying the tree, were put on.

The child watched every movement

of the mother with intense interest. The white, pinched face wore an unusual warm color; the eyes were beautiful in their unnatural brilliancy. The slender thread of life seemed drawn by a tension so tight that a single disturbance or jar would be sufficient to break the soul's feeble connection with this world. A pleasured and happy expression passed over the child's face as the work progressed and the tree assumed a Christmas-like appearance.

Then the face would become very sad and disturbed, when the child saw the hard cold face of her mother that told of her cruelly neglected life.

It is truly wonderful the amount of slow, agonizing torture this weak woman's nature had endured. The years of that were spent in trying to satisfy the natural ambition of her soul; the repeated failures that crushed the very life out of ambition, and left a stupefied something that still struggled for existence and reached out for an anchor of safety, had indelibly marked this wonderful life.

Her mind and heart had been starved; their developments had been stunted, and their adornment not attained. The continual longing of her mind and heart for food, without a possibility of the realization of a satisfaction, had made sad havoc with her best thoughts, intentions and actions. With her life thus hemmed in, one narrow line of intention, and one narrow line of action. She had made feeble endeavors to get out of the narrow inclosure by her own power; but the sides of the rut were without solidity, and there was no security for a strong hold. At every attempt to recover a firm footing the weak sides gave way, and many difficulties tumbled in.

Difficulties that were unsurmountable, and that were endured with a spirit of fierce determination rather than with one of gentle submission. For ten years Janey had been her own comfort. How her cold heart had warmed; the shriveled mind did not keep pace.

But O, how every desire of the heart centered in this child; how every broken affection was gathered up and connected with it; how all tender thoughts and emotions went out to it, not that it brought love and tenderness to every side of this forlorn life.

O, no. Look in one direction; there was still the fough, hard path of duty stretching away into the distance as far as eye could reach, made so by the absence of that tenderness and loving kindness that do so much towards soothing and making pleasant, the path of duty; not that it brought entire rest to the weary soul that was still at sea and storm-tossed; not that it brought to the mind the firm belief that there were other souls—no less souls—that had needed and still needed the same tender love that had been so freely lavished upon this frail but beautiful child.

But it satisfied to some extent, and there was a fierceness in the jealous guarding of this life. Its very frailness added to its beauty, and made greater the love and tenderness that found a perfect assimilation in it. It was something to live for; it was something that pushed self aside; it was one avenue by which she could hope to escape from her own narrow life.

And now that this chief joy was fading and going from her, her hard life approached a wretchedness she had never known.

When the arrangement of the gifts was completed, Janey said: "Now, mother, I will close my eyes until you light the candles. Tell me when you are ready."

Now, said the mother, when all the candles were lighted.

Janey opened her eyes and clasped her little thin hands, in childlike ecstasy, and exclaimed:

"O, mother, it is pretty, isn't it. How good you are to fix it for me."

The child looked at the tree with its simple adornments, and was satisfied. The mother gazed on her child. The hard features did not relax. The eyes told of bitter anguish; but no word of complaint passed the lips.

"That will do mother," said Janey. "Blow out the lights and come and sit by me."

The mother did so, and said: "Now, Janey, you must sleep, so you will be strong enough to enjoy seeing the tree in the morning."

"Mother, dear, did I not give you anything," said Janey.

"There is nothing but my crutch to give; it will be a feeble help to you as it has been to me. It is a poor present, mother, but it is what I have used most and last and I want you to have it. You will never give it away and it will never wear out. Do not put it on the tree, mother, it may make the others feel sad. And my love, dear mother, you have that, my heart's best love. Now put your arms around me, mother, I feel so cold, so cold. Kiss me mother, and do not let me get so cold. O mother, I wish you could go with me; you will be so lonely here without me."

"But O, remember that I want you to love father and Fannie and Johnny more. Not just as you love me; you

can't, for I have always been weak and sick, while they are strong and well, but love them, mother. Let your voice be sweet and loving as it is when you talk to me. Don't let any more hard lines come to your face. I know you will have to work hard, as you always have done, but do not be cold to everybody. You have never been so to me—never, dear mother. When I close my eyes and hear your sweet voice, and feel your gentle touch, I can think, that your face is shining with a wonderful light—a light that takes away the hard, deep lines.

"The flowers, mother; put them in my hand when—it is all over. Keep a fern leaf and a few of the violets. Poor, dear little flowers; my hand will be cold for them, but they won't mind. No one but you, mother, could have found their pretty warm bed of leaves under the cliff.

"Dear mother, that is all, only kiss me often; your lips feel warm. Let me put my hand in yours; your hand is rough, mother, but it can be gentle and dainty in its touch.

"And go with me, mother, as far as you can—just as far as you can. Don't leave your Janey. Remember the tree. The candles must be lighted, no matter what happens; and tell them all I love them and want them to be kind to you.

"Hold me mother! I am slipping away! O mother! how dark and cold! Come with me, mother! Do not leave me!"

The child lay quietly in the mother's arms. Then suddenly she opened her eyes and exclaimed:

"O, mother! look! How beautiful, O, how beautiful! The tree; O, mother, do you see it? So pretty, so green, with such wide-spreading branches, that reach a great way. And O, the light, mother; the bright, beautiful light! It is everywhere. Drops of water, clear and sparkling, hang on slender threads of gold, that reach from branch to branch. And there are beautiful golden crowns—they must be crowns, mother; they are shining and sparkling. The tree is on a green bank of a river. The water is like the drops on the tree, clear, so clear. There are flowers, mother, beautiful, beautiful flowers. O, mother, I must go; I want to go. It is so light, so light, you need not come any further now, dear mother, but come after while.

"And now good-by, good-by, the very last kiss for you, my mother, good-by—don't forget to come."

The mother held the dear, dead child while there was any warmth in the lifeless body.

Then she laid the dear head back gently on the pillow and gazed long and earnestly on the peaceful face.

Then she turned again to her lifeless treasure, and with a cry that was terrible its great agony, she threw herself by the side of her child and lost consciousness in a merciful swoon.

Toward morning the husband came in and stumbled upstairs without noticing the strange and solemn guest that had come to his home.

The awakening will be bitter, very bitter.

THE NEXT HOUSE.

The Republican Majority Sure to be no Less Than Three.

Washington Special.

Information from Nashville was received to-day that Governor Taylor has fully decided to give the certificate in the Third Tennessee (Chattanooga) district, to Evans, Republican, without regard to any restraining orders which may be issued. The Governor holds that in performing this act he himself is the sole judge of his duty under the law. This leaves the House—counting the districts in which an official decision as to issuing certificates has been reached—164 Republicans and 159 Democrats. Only two cases remain undecided—namely, the Third and Fourth in West Virginia. The Republicans claim them both on the face of the recount. If they are given certificates the Republican majority in the House will be seven; if they receive but one the majority will be five, and if the Democrats receive both it will be reduced to three. This latter figure is now the lowest possible limit of the Republican majority since Governor Taylor's decision in the Tennessee case.

State Finances.

Several payments were made from the State Treasury yesterday which reduced the available balance to less than \$85,000. The interest, however, was all included in the check given before the first of January and the amount therefore, will not be decreased on account of interest payments on bonds held in the state.—Montgomery Advertiser.

Forty of the sixty coke cars to be used by the Alabama Great Southern railroad in transporting coke from Pratt Mines to Gadsden are now in use on the road. The cars are being constructed by the United States Rolling Stock Construction Company at Anniston, and new ones are being received here every day.

The persons afraid their virtue will be hidden often rake up vice for a fuel-ground.

ALABAMA LEADS.

Review of the South's Industrial Development During 1888.

A YEAR'S MARVELOUS RECORD.

Over \$186,000,000 Invested in Mining and Manufacturing Enterprises.

\$29,413,000 IN THIS STATE ALONE.

BALTIMORE, Dec. 31.—The Manufacturer's Record, in its annual review of the South's industrial development, shows that the capital represented by new mining and manufacturing enterprises, organized in 1888 was \$186,000,000, divided as follows:

Alabama, \$29,413,000; Kentucky, \$28,800,000; Georgia, \$14,205,000; Virginia, \$12,774,000; Tennessee, \$11,150,000; Maryland, \$10,670,000; West Virginia, \$10,124,000; Arkansas, \$8,422,000; North Carolina, \$7,350,000; Louisiana, \$6,536,000; South Carolina, \$4,818,000; Florida, \$4,781,000; Mississippi, \$1,968,000; Texas, \$1,654,000.

During 1888 there was organized 3,618 new enterprises, against 3,430 in 1887, and 1,375 in 1886. A total in three years of 8,623; in addition, to which there were hundreds of small enterprises, such as grist mills, &c., not counted in this enumeration.

Reviewing the progress of the South since 1880, the Record shows that in that time 20,000 miles of railroad have been built, and that over sixty-seven millions have been spent in building new roads and improving old ones.

In 1880 the South made 397,301 tons of pig iron, and in 1889 it will produce about 1,800,000 tons.

In 1880 there were 6,048,571 tons of coal mined in the South, against 16,476,785 tons in 1888.

Cotton mills have increased from 180 with 1,522 looms and 715,989 spindles in 1880, to over 300 mills with 38,000 looms and 1,880,000 spindles. The value of cotton goods made in the South in 1888 was nearly thirty millions, against twenty-one millions in 1880.

There are now about 160 cotton seed oil mills with about 127 millions invested against about forty millions in 1880. The value of the South's agricultural products for 1888 was \$800,000,000 against \$671,000,000 in 1879, and the live stock is now estimated at \$575,000,000 against \$391,400,000 in 1887.

The production of grain last year was 625,305,000 bushels against 431,074,630 bushels in 1880.

Some time since Mr. Paul C. Wadsworth, who was until recently traveling agent for the Birmingham Age, got into a difficulty in the dining-room of the Exchange Hotel, in Talladega, with one of the waiters, Bob Pearson, and the latter threw a cup at his assailant. The matter was stopped just here for the present, and it was supposed that there would be no more trouble. It appears, however, that Wadsworth did not forget the injury, and on Thursday last he, in company with John Linton, a friend who lived in Talladega, and a man named Wood, from Texas, met the negro Pearson on a bridge which crosses a little branch not far from the town. According to the ante mortem statement of the negro, Linton said, as the three white men approached him, "Wadsworth, here is your chance." Wadsworth then turned and fired twice, both balls taking effect in the lower part of the negro's back. The latter fell to the ground but was soon picked up by some of his friends and his wounds carefully dressed. Wadsworth gave himself up to the authorities, and gave bond in the sum of \$500, it being the supposition at the time that the negro would recover. The bond was signed by Sydney J. Bowie, Esq., one of the leading young attorneys of Talladega. A few days since the negro commenced to get worse and worse, and Wednesday he died.

When the authorities commenced to look for Wadsworth and his friend, John Linton, they could not be found and nothing could be learned of their whereabouts.

There is still great doubt and uncertainty about the Cabinet of the President-elect. The report comes from New York that Blaine and Sherman are both to be thrown overboard and that Chauncey M. Depew is to be the Secretary of State. Young Russell Harrison is in New York, but is as dumb as an oyster. His mysterious movements are almost throwing the newspaper reporters into spasms. The President-elect seems to be good at keeping his own counsel. He has not yet selected his cabinet; the general belief—Montgomery Advertiser.

It looks now very much like the Republican majority in the next House will be five. As soon as organization is perfected, the work of increasing the number will begin, and will soon be made large enough for all practical purposes. So much the better. The full responsibility will then be with the Republicans, and make the way to a Democratic House in 1890 certain, and Democratic victory in 1892 easy.—Montgomery Advertiser.

# The Republican.

L. W. GRANT, Publisher.

JANUARY 5, 1889.

## ANNISTON CITY COURT BILL.

There has been much enquiry as to scope and meaning of the Anniston City Court bill now pending in the Legislature. The bill is too long for publication, and we shall only present a correct synopsis of it. The bill in full would make about five columns and would not be as intelligible to the general reader as in the shape herewith presented.

Sec. 1. Establishes the court and gives it chancery and circuit court powers and jurisdiction concurrent with our present chancery and circuit courts with the same rules of procedure and practice as in those courts, with power to adopt such other rules of practice not inconsistent with the general rule of practice, as may be found necessary. The jurisdiction of the court extends only in the precincts of Anniston, Oxford, DeArmanville, Madox and Davisville.

Sec. 2. Provides that the Judge shall be appointed by the Governor and that he shall hold office four years.

Sec. 3. Provides that the Judge shall be a citizen of Calhoun county at the time of his appointment and that he shall reside in Anniston during his term of office.

Sec. 4. Provides that the clerk of the court shall be appointed by the Judge, and that he shall have all the powers and perform all the duties which may be lawfully performed by clerks of the circuit courts or Registers in Chancery with same fees.

Sec. 5. Provides that said court shall be held and the office of said clerk and the records thereof shall be kept at such place in Anniston as may be provided therefor by the County Commissioners. Said court shall hold two regular terms in each year and may continue in session until the business thereof is disposed of. Special terms may also be held when, in the opinion of the Judge of said court, it may be necessary, after twenty days notice in some newspaper in Anniston. Regular terms of the court shall be held on the first Mondays in April and October of each year and shall continue until open until 30 days before the first days of the next term thereafter.

Sec. 6. Provides that in civil cases defendants are required to appear and plead or demur within thirty days after service, and any defendant failing to so appear, plead or demur shall be held to be in default and judgment by default may be rendered against him, the Judge having discretion to allow demurrers, pleas or other defenses to be filed after such 30 days.

Sec. 7. Relates to serving process.

Sec. 8. Provides for appeals in civil cases from inferior courts to the city court.

Sec. 9. Provides for the election of a solicitor for the court by the General Assembly, who shall hold his office four years and who shall receive for his compensation the same fees as are now taxed by law for solicitors in the circuit courts.

Sec. 10. Provides that the grand and petit jurors for the city court shall be drawn by the County Commissioners, sitting as a jury commission from the same box and in the same manner as provided for drawing the jurors for the circuit court, provided the jurors drawn for the city court shall reside in the territory covered by the jurisdiction of said court.

Sec. 11. Provides for the trial of civil cases by the Judge, without the intervention of a jury, unless jury be demanded by the plaintiff or defendant.

Sec. 12 relates to appeals to the supreme court from said city court.

Sec. 13 provides for change of venue to other counties from said court and for the transfer of cases from the circuit or chancery court of the county to the city court and from the city court to the circuit or chancery court of the county.

Sec. 14 provides for appeals from inferior courts within the jurisdiction of the city court to said court, and provides further that such inferior courts may bind parties within the jurisdiction of said court for appearance to answer any indictment for any criminal charge to be preferred by the grand jury of said city court.

Sec. 15 provides that cases at law and equity may be appealed or removed to the supreme court under the same rules that cases are now appealed to the supreme court from the chancery or circuit courts of this State.

Sec. 16 provides that the salary of the Judge of said city court shall be two thousand five hundred dollars a year, payable quarterly out of the fines and forfeitures and tax fees accruing in said court, if sufficient, and if not the balance shall be paid out of the county treasury. Said salary shall be paid quarterly on the order of said Judge and shall be a preferred claim.

Sec. 17 provides that in every civil case originally brought in said city court or appealed from any inferior court there shall be taxed a fee of four dollars against the unsuccessful party.

Sec. 18 provides for temporary adjournments at the discretion of the Judge.

Sec. 19 provides that the sheriff of the county shall be required to attend said court in person or by deputy, and attend to all duties con-

connected therewith as he is now required to do in circuit court and that he shall furnish the court such subordinate officers as may be necessary and that he shall have an office in Anniston and appoint a deputy sheriff who shall reside in Anniston during his term of office. The fees of said officers and the compensation of jurors and witnesses in said city court shall be the same as are or may be allowed for like services in the circuit and chancery courts and shall be paid in the same manner, (Jurors to be paid out of county treasury; witnesses and officers out of fine and forfeiture fund.)

Sec. 20 relates to the duties of the clerk of said city court.

Sec. 21 provides that the fines and forfeitures accruing in said court shall be payable only in money and shall be paid to the clerk together with all solicitor's fees and tax fees, who shall keep an itemized account of the same and settle quarterly with the county treasurer.

Sec. 22 provides that the treasurer of the county shall keep the funds paid over to him by the clerk of said city court separate from other county funds, which shall be placed to the credit of said city court. He shall also keep a separate registry of the claims against said fund, and in case there should be a balance at the end of any year, after paying the salary of the Judge, he shall pay the same out to the officers and witnesses of said court in the order of registration, provided that no money shall be paid to officers or witnesses until the full amount of the salary of the Judge shall have been paid, and provided further that whenever any part of said Judge's salary shall have been paid out of the county treasury, the treasurer shall first pay such amount into the general fund of the county before paying any claim of officers or witnesses.

Sec. 23 provides that laws of a general nature giving jurisdiction to chancery and circuit courts of the State or regulating or governing proceedings therein, now in force or that hereafter may be enacted shall extend and apply to said city court, unless the contrary be expressly provided; but the provisions of sections 8 and 9 of this act shall not be changed by any general act unless the same shall be made expressly applicable to said city court by name.

Sec. 24 relates to rules and proceedings in said court in cases of appeal on pleadings and otherwise.

Sec. 25 repeals all laws in conflict with the act establishing said city court.

## WASHINGTON LETTER.

From our Regular Correspondent.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 1, 1889.

The tariff reformers in the House are getting bravely over the effects of the defeat, and are taking a real interest in life again. They have never accepted the result of the election as settling the tariff question, and have not for a moment been ready to yield to the opposition. They hope to be able to defeat the republican bill in the Senate, or to expose defects in it which will make its passage by the republicans even more dangerous to its promoters than a failure. But when the democratic Senators made a complete surrender after a short and half-hearted fight they were deeply depressed. Accompanying this surrender came a demand from some of the southern members in the House that the Mills bill having failed to become a law, they be given a chance to do something for their people by the repeal of the tobacco tax, so objectionable to some of their constituents. All this was discouraging to those men who look upon tariff reform as a principle paramount to any merely local advantage. It looked for a while as some measure for temporary relief might possibly be got through the house. Such a thing now is most improbable. The democratic members of the ways and means committee and the majority of their party, whom they represent, are determined now to take up the Senate tariff bill just as it comes to them and to make a thorough analysis of it and attack it with all their heavy guns in committee first, and then perhaps, in the house before the session is over. It is in the committee that they expect to do its most damage, and they do not propose to let the dread of going all over their hard work of last session deter them in the least. They have sewed their courage up so that they may not be frightened off by the glimpse of the hard work before them.

The President, Secretary Fairchild, Speaker Carlisle, and other democratic leaders in sympathy with the tariff reform league, agree with the executive committee of the national association of democratic clubs in the opinion that the national campaign will be fought upon the same issue as the last. But there are thousands of democrats who are not so sure of that. These democrats are politicians and partisans primarily, and tariff-reformers only secondarily, if at all. They expect the republicans, before the issue of the next campaign are made up, to reduce the surplus and to remove some of the inequalities and inconsistencies of the tariff, cutting away the foundations of some of the popular arguments for tariff reform which were available in the last campaign. They appreciate that a very powerful element in the democratic party carries more for present victory than for future reform, and that the prominent issue of the unsuccessful campaign of 1888 will be feared and avoided by this element just as a burnt child dreads and shuns the fire. They expect, therefore, the democratic fight of 1892 to be based upon

the wrong doings and short comings of the republicans in their management of the affairs of the republic during the next four years, and believe that, while the republicans will be recognized in a general way as the protective tariff party, and the democrats as the revenue tariff party, the tariff issue will not be permitted by cautious democratic politicians to assume the same prominence in 1892 as in 1888.

L.

## Severe Case of Blood Poisoning.

Thousands suffer from blood poisoning, who would be cured if they gave B. B. B. (Botanic Blood Balm) a trial. Send to the Blood Balm Co., Atlanta, Ga., for book of wonderful cures, that convince the most skeptical. It is sent free.

J. O. Gibson, Meridian, Miss., writes: "For a number of years I suffered untold agonies from blood poisoning. Several prominent physicians did me little if any good. I began to use B. B. B. with very little faith, but to my utter surprise it has made me a well and hearty man."

Z. T. Halerton, Macon, Ga., writes: "I contracted blood poisoning. I first tried physicians, and then went to Hot Springs. I returned home a ruined man physically. Nothing seemed to do me any good. My mother persuaded me to try B. B. B. To my utter astonishment every ulcer quickly healed."

Benj. Morris, Atlanta, Ga., writes: "I suffered years from syphilitic blood poisoning which refused to be cured by all treatment. Physicians pronounced it a hopeless case. I had no appetite, had pains in hips and joints, and was unable to stand. My throat was ulcerated and I breathed a mass of running sores. In this condition I commenced a use of B. B. B. It healed every ulcer and sore and cured me completely within two months."

W. H. Harris, Atlanta, Ga., writes: "I suffered years from syphilitic blood poisoning which refused to be cured by all treatment. Physicians pronounced it a hopeless case. I had no appetite, had pains in hips and joints, and was unable to stand. My throat was ulcerated and I breathed a mass of running sores. In this condition I commenced a use of B. B. B. It healed every ulcer and sore and cured me completely within two months."

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## TAX NOTICE.

### Assessor's First Round.

I will be at the places the days mentioned below for the purpose of assessing the State and County Taxes for the year 1889, for Calhoun county, State of Alabama. All persons subject to taxation under the law are earnestly requested to meet me promptly at my appointments on this my first round, with a list of property, with its full cash value, with correct numbers of lands and town lots in every case, as required by law.

According to law all persons are required to give in their own property, or by an authorized agent. Parties giving in their poll tax must bring the number of their Township and age.

17 DeArmanville, Monday, January 14.  
12 Choccoloco, Tuesday Jan. 15.  
12 Davisville, Wednesday Jan. 16.  
11 White Plains, Thursday Jan. 17.  
10 Rabbit Town, Friday Jan. 18.  
10 Morgan's Store, Saturday, Jan. 19.

16 Wilson's Store, Monday Jan. 21.  
16 Ladiga, Tuesday Jan. 22.  
9 Piedmont, Wednesday & Thursday Jan. 23 and 24.  
8 Warren Harris Friday Jan. 25.  
8 Green's School House, Saturday Jan. 26.

1 Jacksonvill, Monday & Tuesday Jan. 28 and 29.  
3 Four Mile Springs, Wednesday Jan. 30.  
3 Weaver's Station, Thursday Jan. 31.

15 Anniston, Friday and Saturday February 1 and 2.  
13 Oxford, Monday and Tuesday, Feb. 4 and 5.  
13 Fayette Allen's, Wednesday Feb. 6.

4 Ganaway's, Thursday Feb. 7.  
4 Bynum's, Friday Feb. 8.  
14 Sulphur Springs, Saturday Feb. 9.

5 Polkville, Monday Feb. 11.  
2 Peachburg, Tuesday Feb. 12.  
2 Alexandria, Wednesday & Thursday, Feb. 13 and 14.  
18 Griffin's Store, Friday February 15.

18 Ohatchie Station, Saturday Feb. 16.  
6 Peck's Hill, Monday Feb. 18.  
6 Duke's Station, Tuesday Feb. 19.  
7 Hollingsworth's, Wednesday Feb. 20.

13 Oxanna, Saturday, Feb. 23.  
J. V. RHODES,  
Tax Assessor.

## Sheriff Sale.

Under and virtue of an execution issued from the Circuit Court of Calhoun County, Alabama, on the 12th day of September 1888, in favor of M. J. Whisenand and against Washington Dickie, I will proceed to sell on Monday the 4th day of February 1889, before the Court house door in the town of Jacksonville, Calhoun county, Ala., at public outcry to the highest bidder for cash, within the legal hours of sale, the following described real estate to-wit: W<sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub> of Sec. 17, T. 14, R. 7, east, and NE<sup>1</sup>/<sub>4</sub> of Sec. 18, and NE<sup>1</sup>/<sub>4</sub> of SW<sup>1</sup>/<sub>4</sub> of Sec. 24, T. 14, R. 6, and E<sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub> of SW<sup>1</sup>/<sub>4</sub> of Sec. 25, T. 14, R. 6, and E<sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub> of SW<sup>1</sup>/<sub>4</sub> of Sec. 10, and S<sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub> of SW<sup>1</sup>/<sub>4</sub> and SW<sup>1</sup>/<sub>4</sub> of NW<sup>1</sup>/<sub>4</sub> of Sec. 11 and NE<sup>1</sup>/<sub>4</sub> of SE<sup>1</sup>/<sub>4</sub> of Sec. 13, and NE<sup>1</sup>/<sub>4</sub> and NW<sup>1</sup>/<sub>4</sub> of SE<sup>1</sup>/<sub>4</sub> of Sec. 14, and S<sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub> of SE<sup>1</sup>/<sub>4</sub> and S<sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub> of NW<sup>1</sup>/<sub>4</sub> of NE<sup>1</sup>/<sub>4</sub> of NE<sup>1</sup>/<sub>4</sub> of Sec. 25 and NE<sup>1</sup>/<sub>4</sub> of NE<sup>1</sup>/<sub>4</sub> of Sec. 27, and all of the SW<sup>1</sup>/<sub>4</sub> of SW<sup>1</sup>/<sub>4</sub> of Sec. 24, lying north west of Tallasatchee creek, and in T. 14, and R. 6, east; levied upon as the property of Washington Dickie to satisfy said execution.

L. P. CARPENTER,  
Sheriff.

## Executors Sale of a Valuable Farm.

Under and by virtue of a decree of the Probate Court of said county, the undersigned as executor of the last will and testament of Jno. J. Henderson, deceased, will sell, upon the premises, on Monday the 28th day of January, 1889, at public outcry to the highest bidder, the following real estate, to-wit: Known and described as a part of the NW<sup>1</sup>/<sub>4</sub> of Sec. 12, and NE<sup>1</sup>/<sub>4</sub> of Sec. 11, all in Tp. 15 and R. 2, known as the J. Henderson home place, in Calhoun County, Alabama, on Choccoloco creek, near White Plains.

TERMS—One-third cash and balance on a credit of one and two years, in equal payments, with interest from day of sale, with approved securities on notes.

WM. F. JORDON,  
Executor.

## Lower Prices

AND Increased Attractions

FOR CLOSE BUYERS

AT

## RANDALL'S.

Look at these Samples. Rose jars, 75 cents to \$2. Pot Pourri, or Japan rose leaves, to fill rose jars, only 50cts per box. Brass crumb trays and scrapers only \$1.

Mauny Lemon squeezers, best in the world, reduced to \$1.50 per doz. The best spectacles in town for \$1. Good steel nose glasses for 50cts. Solid gold spectacles and nose glasses for \$5.

Big stock of jewelry at all prices, cheapest to best. A fine stock of table and pocket cutlery at lowest prices. Waterbury Watches \$2.50. Swiss Watches \$10. American Watches \$10. Gold filled Watches, ladies' and gents', \$15. Nickel Clocks \$1.25. Nickel alarm Clock \$1.50. One Day Walnut Strike Clocks \$3.50. Eight Day Walnut Strike Clocks \$4.00.

Silver Plated Teaspoons per set 60 cents. Silver Plated Tablespoons per set \$1.25. Silver Plated Knives per set \$1.25. Silver Plated Forks per set \$1.25. Tea Cups and Saucers per set 20 cents. Tumblers per set 20 cents. Goblets per set 25 cents. Bowls and Pitchers 75 cents. Handsomely decorated China cups and saucers \$1.00 per set.

Fancy banded and colored tumblers very stylish, one dozen in a box, from \$1.00 to \$2.00. Jelly glasses and Mason's fruit jars at bottom prices. Decorated dinner sets from \$15 to \$30. Decorated tea sets from \$4 to \$8. Decorated chamber sets from \$4.50 to \$24.

For most light with least oil, use the Rochester Triple Burner. Old lamps fitted with these burners for 75 cents. A big stock of library and hall lamps, very handsome, at from \$2.50 to \$15. Glass stand lamps from 20 cents to \$1.50.

The Rochester lamp is the best and the best is next. Big stock of both at New York prices. Five gallon oil cans filled with best oil for \$2. The best and safest kitchen lamp for 50 cents. Scollap top chimneys all sizes 5c. each.

The Ross Patent Refrigerator is the only guaranteed dry cold air refrigerator manufactured. If you want the best at the lowest price, don't fail to examine the "Ross" before buying. A few qt. ice cream freezers, Gooch's Peerless, for \$3 each. Your last chance to get a freezer of this kind at the price.

A big stock of J. & G. Meakin's Ironstone China, with own importation; cheaper than ever before offered in this latitude. New Goods received daily. Country dealers supplied at wholesale prices.

Watches, Clocks and Jewelry repaired by first-class workmen and satisfaction guaranteed by

R. O. RANDALL,  
GADSDEN, ALA.  
July 28-31

## Stockholders' Meeting.

At a called meeting of the Trustees of Calhoun College, Jacksonville, Alabama, a meeting of the stockholders was called to be held at the Court house in Jacksonville Ala., on Tuesday the 22nd day of January 1889, for the purpose of transacting some very important business in reference to the property and building of said college. A full meeting is earnestly desired. By order of the Board of Trustees.

WM. M. HAMES,  
Secretary.

## Sheriff Sale.

Under and by virtue of an execution issued from the Circuit Court of Calhoun County, Ala., on the 24th day of December 1888, in favor of A. S. Hamilton and against A. O. Stewart, I will proceed to sell before the court house door in the town of Jacksonville, Ala., on Monday the 28th day of January 1889, to the highest bidder for cash within the legal hours of sale the following described real estate, viz: SE<sup>1</sup>/<sub>4</sub> and S<sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub> of the NE<sup>1</sup>/<sub>4</sub> of Sec. 16, T. 13, and R. 10, near Cross Plains, Ala., levied upon in the property of A. O. Stewart to satisfy said execution.

L. P. CARPENTER,  
Sheriff.

## FIRE INSURANCE.

I. L. SWAN, AGT.  
Jacksonville Ala.,  
Two Good Home Companies to-wit  
Georgia Home Co. Ga.  
Central City Co. Ala.

## Cheap Money.

As correspondent of the Loan Co., of Alabama, I can offer money on improved farms at reduced rates.

H. L. STEVENSON,  
July 24th

## B. F. Wilson,

Attorney at Law

TALLADEGA, ALA.

Will practice in the counties of Talladega, Calhoun and all surrounding counties. feb18/89

R. B. KELLY, J. A. W. SMITH

KELLY & SMITH

Attorneys at Law

Jacksonville, Ala.

Will practice in all the courts both State and Federal, and in Calhoun and adjoining counties. jan8/89

## WOOL CARDER,

(At Aderholt old Mills.)

J. Aderholt & Co., have their carding machine newly clothed with Mr. Jas. Glenn in charge. Good work guaranteed. oct20-31

## Jas. S. Kelly

Notary Public and Ex-Officio

JUSTICE OF THE PEACE,

At Oxford, Ala.

Courts 2nd Saturday in each month

## STATE NORMAL SCHOOL,

JACKSONVILLE, ALA.

Established for the Training

OF

Teachers of Both Sexes.

No further examination required of any teacher who holds a diploma from this school.

A Training School is sustained in connection with the Normal School. Excellent advantages in Music and Art are offered.

Tuition in Normal School, Free. Tuition in Training School from \$1.00 to \$4.00 per month. For Catalogue apply to the President. C. B. GIBSON.

## J. H. CRAWFORD,

Has just received a fine lot of

Coffins & Caskets.

Also small Gloss White Caskets for Children. Prices range from \$8 to \$45. Largest sizes for men, at my shop on Main street, south from the public square, Jacksonville Ala.

"Established 30 Years."

## H. A. SMITH

ROME, - - - GEORGIA.

Wholesale AND Retail

Bookseller and

Music Dealer.

Dressed Lumber of all kinds, such as flooring, ceiling, weatherboarding, &c always on hand. Orders filled quickly. Address JACKSONVILLE, FLA. STINE MILL, Jacksonville Alabama.

## PATENTS,

Caveats, Re-issues and Trade-Marks secured, and all other patent causes in the Patent Office and before the Courts promptly and carefully attended to.

Upon receipt of model or sketch of invention, I make careful examination, and advise as to patentability free of charge. Free, moderate, and I make no charge unless Patent is secured. Information, advice and special reference sent on application. J. R. LITTELL, Washington, D. C. Opp. U. S. Patent Office.

## E. M. REID, J. P.

MORRISVILLE, ALA.

Keeps Marriage Licenses for sale. Courts the 1st and 3rd Saturdays in each month. If.

## 50 YEARS IN USE.

A Physician says, a sovereign remedy for women. Having used the Original "Dr. A. Fahnestock's Vermifuge" in my practice for many years, I have no hesitancy in recommending it as a remedy which is safe, reliable and efficient in all cases where a Vermifuge is needed. This medicine should be in the hands of every youth and every man in the land. Sent under seal, in a plain envelope, to any address, postpaid, on receipt of four cents or two postage stamps. Address, THE CULVERWELL MEDICAL CO., 41 Ann St., New York, N. Y., P. O. Box 526. dec1-17

## HOW LOST, HOW RESTORED!

Just published, a new edition of Dr. Culverwell's Celebrated Essay on the radical cure of Spermatorrhea or impotency induced by excess or early indiscretion.

## A Large Assortment of Everything Good to Eat at

CROW BROS.

At Very Low Prices,

APPLES, ORANGES, NUTS, FANCY and STICK CANDY, RAISINS, CURRENTS, PRUNES, DRIED APPLES, PEACHES, NAVY BEANS, GRITS and RICE, PRESERVES, APPLE BUTTER, MAPLE SYRUP,

## New Crop Eldorado Molasses.

New Orleans Sugars, Can Goods of every description. Clothing at prices that defy competition. A beautiful line of Prints and Workeds just received. Come and get your Christmas goods while our stock is full.

## HERE is the PLACE

For Christmas Toys,

For Christmas Presents,

For Christmas Apples.

For Christmas Oranges.

For Christmas Bananas.

For Christmas Mince Meat.

For Christmas Raisins.

FOR CHRISTMAS GOODS OF EVERY KIND.

Come and see. We will give away a beautiful dinner set of 100 pieces to one of our customers. Every one that purchases \$1 in cash will receive a ticket. One ticket will draw the set.

## PORTER, MARTIN & CO.,

GOODS DELIVERED FREE.

## JUST RECEIVED

-A LARGE LINE OF-

## FALL AND WINTER GOODS

A. L. Stewart & Bro.,

EAST SIDE PUBLIC SQUARE, JACKSONVILLE, ALA.

ATTRACTIONS IN EVERY LINE.

These goods are fresh from the Eastern markets and will be sold at prices that will be sure to please customers.

Give our Stock an Inspection.

## COTTON BOUGHT & SOLD.

sept15-ly.

## Healthiest Place in the State.

(as shown by report of State Health Officer)

## "THE IRON QUEEN HOTEL."

At Jacksonville, Alabama,

On the E. T. Va. & Ga. Railroad.

Has been completed and will be formally opened to the public July 15th. This hotel has been built by a company at large expense, specially to accommodate the large influx of summer visitors to Jacksonville every year. It has all modern conveniences, such as hot and cold baths, gas light and electric call bells in every room and is elegantly upholstered from top to bottom. The hotel will be kept to a high standard of excellence and comfort of guests will be carefully looked after.

Rates of board from \$22.50 to \$35.00 per month. Special rates made to families. For further information address

MAURICE FRANK,  
JACKSONVILLE, ALABAMA.

## T. R. WARD,

DEALER IN

Dry Goods, Groceries, Boots,

SHO



A Thing of Beauty is a Joy Forever, and the

# CRYSTAL PALACE

WILL ALWAYS LIVE IN THE MEMORY OF ALL ITS VISITORS.

The beautiful and useful that meets their gaze on every hand, are almost countless in numbers and endless in variety.

For Wedding Presents, For Birthday Presents, For Holiday Presents, For Father, Mother, Sister, Brother, Relative or Friend. We have them for Everybody, and at Prices that Bring them within the reach of all.

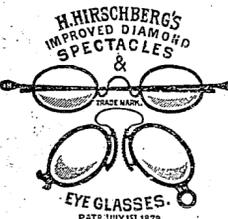
It were almost a useless attempt to enumerate the thousand of beautiful and useful articles that our stock embraces, therefore we ask you to call and inspect our immense lines.

**We take Pleasure in Showing our goods and warrant you courteous attention.**

**LEWY & GOETTER,**  
Anniston, Alabama.

CRYSTAL PALACE

PROTECT YOUR EYES!



**Mr. H. Hirschberg,**

The well-known Optician of 107 N. Fourth St., (under Planters House) St. Louis, has appointed ROWAN, DEAN & CO., of Jacksonville, as Agents for his celebrated Diamond Spectacles and Eye-glasses, and also for his Diamond Non-Changeable Spectacles and Eye-glasses. These Glasses are the greatest invention ever made in Spectacles. By a proper construction of the lens a permanent and unchangeable focus is secured, and the eye never tires of looking through them. The lenses are made of the finest material, and every pair purchased are guaranteed, so that if they ever leave the eye in any manner, the maker will refund the money. The lenses are made of the finest material, and every pair purchased are guaranteed, so that if they ever leave the eye in any manner, the maker will refund the money. The lenses are made of the finest material, and every pair purchased are guaranteed, so that if they ever leave the eye in any manner, the maker will refund the money.

**Rowan, Dean & Co.,**  
Agents for Jacksonville, Ala.  
Jan 1-6m

**B. G. McCLELEN,**  
County --- Surveyor  
Alexandria, Ala.

**PILES**  
SWAIN'S OINTMENT  
SKIN DISEASES

**IKE BAKER!**

This fine young Stallion will make the present season at Martin & Wilkerson's Stable, at Jacksonville, Ala., at Ten Dollars to insure a mare with foal, money due when the fact is ascertained or property transferred.

Description and Pedigree.

This horse is a mahogany bay, 5 years old, 16 hands high, with splendid form and style, immense form and muscle, weighing 1,300 pounds. His sire is the celebrated imported Norman Percheron stallion, "His Majesty," whose reputation is well known in Tennessee. The dam of Ike Baker was sired by the celebrated trotter Scott's Thomas.

Season Commences Mar. 15.

**Jacksonville Hotel,**  
(D. W. Warlick, Lessee.)

This hotel has been recently refitted throughout. Clean rooms. Good fare. Charges moderate.  
oct 20tf

**FINAL SETTLEMENT.**

STATE OF ALABAMA, Calhoun County.  
In Probate Court for said county, Special Term, December 28, 1888.  
This day came S. D. G. Brothers, administrator of the estate of Shadrach Broderson, deceased, and filed in court his account and vouchers for a final settlement of said estate. It is therefore ordered by the court that the 20th day of January 1889 be and is hereby appointed the day upon which to-morrow and upon said account and vouchers a settlement shall be made, and that notice thereof be given for three successive weeks in the Jacksonville Republican, a newspaper printed and published in said county, and notice to all persons concerned, to be and appear before me, my office in the Court House of said county, on said day of January 20th next, and to file their objections, if any, to said account and vouchers at that time.  
E. F. GIBSON, Judge of Probate.  
dec 28-3t

**NOTICE**  
Land office at Montgomery, Ala., September 28, 1888.

Notice is hereby given that the following named surveyors have been appointed by the Judge of the Probate Court of Jacksonville, Ala., on November 27th 1888, viz: William H. Bridges, Francis M. Dick, Dick C. Collet, all of Allsups, Ala.  
J. G. HARRIS, Register.  
sept 28-1f

## ORDER DEPARTMENT!!

Any order for Goods in our line sent to us, by Ladies or Gentlemen, will receive prompt attention at very lowest prices.

Respectfully,  
**ULLMAN R OS.,**  
Anniston, Alabama.

**Healthiest Place in the State.**

(as shown by report of State Health Officer)

**"THE IRON QUEEN HOTEL."**

At Jacksonville, Alabama,

On the E. T., Va. & Ga. Railroad.  
Has been completed and will be formally opened to the public July 15th. This hotel has been built by a company at large expense, specially to accommodate the large influx of summer visitors to Jacksonville every year. It has all modern conveniences, such as hot and cold baths, gas light and electric call bells in every room and is elegantly upholstered from top to bottom. The hotel will be kept to a high standard of excellence and comfort of guests will be carefully looked after.  
Rates of board from \$22.50 to \$35.00 per month. Special rates made to families. For further information address

**MAURICE FRANK,**  
JACKSONVILLE, ALABAMA.

**T. R. WARD,**  
DEALER IN

**Dry Goods, Groceries, Boots,**

**SHOES, NOTIONS & C.**

JACKSONVILLE, ALA.

In addition to my stock kept at the old stand beyond the Depot, I have recently placed a nice and select stock of DRY GOODS and GROCERIES at the Woodward corner on the public square, where my customers can be well served.

**New Goods---Select Stock.**

Call and examine my stock at either store before purchasing elsewhere.  
T. R. WARD.  
DEC. 10. HAMMOND. PETER L. HAMMOND. O. S. CROOK

**HAMMOND & CROOK.**

**STILL TO THE FRONT!!!!**

Having added to our general line of Goods a large stock of

**Clothing, Dress Goods, Notions,**

and many Specialties, we defy competition in prices.

Our friends are specially requested to call and examine prices. "A dime saved is a dime made."

**Dry Goods, Hats, Boots, Shoes, Hardware,**

NEW ORLEANS SUGARS and SYRUPS, BEST RIO COFFEES, Rosted and Green, OOLONG and IMPERIAL TEAS, CALIFORNIA FRUITS & VEGETABLES, BACON LARD, HAMS & BEEF, PICKLES, CHOW CHOW and SAUCES.

**FLOUR, MEAL & BRAN.**

Call and see us, and we will please you in prices and what we have not on hand will order at once. Our motto, "short profits and quick sales."

**STRICTLY FOR CASH,**

and intend keeping everything in the Family Grocery line. Country produce taken in exchange for goods. We tender thanks to friends for past favors and solicit a further trial.  
HAMMOND & CROOK.  
sept 28-1f

## THE JACKSONVILLE REPUBLICAN

OLD DEMOCRATIC ORGAN

CALHOUN COUNTY, ALABAMA,

FIFTY-FIRST YEAR.

"Age Does Not Wither It."

SUBSCRIPTION, - \$1 PER ANNUM.

With its increasing years it recognizes its increased responsibility to patrons, and the present year will be more bright and newsy.

All and much more will find a place in its columns. Its aim will be to please its readers.

**Now is the Time to Subscribe.**

## OUR JOB DEPARTMENT

IS COMPLETE.

We are prepared to do all kinds of job work on short notice and at low prices. Give us a call, and be convinced.

**J. G. Hudson,**  
Notary Public & Ex-Officio Justice of the Peace.  
DeArmanville, Alabama.  
Courts fourth Saturday in each month. Marriage license for sale. Jan 31st.

**JAS. HUTCHISON,**  
HAIR DRESSER AND BARBER,  
(Jacksonville Hotel.)  
JACKSONVILLE.

**Jacksonville Planing Mill.**  
Dressed Lumber of all kinds, such as flooring, ceiling, weatherboarding, etc. always on hand. Orders filled quickly.  
JACKSONVILLE PLANING MILL, Jacksonville, Alabama.

**PATENTS,**

Patents, Re-issues and Trade-Marks secured, and all other patent causes in the Patent Office and before the Courts promptly and carefully attended to.  
Upon receipt of model or sketch of invention, I make careful examination and advise as to patentability. Free of Charge.  
Fees Moderate, and I make no charge unless Patent is secured. Information, advice and special reference sent on application.  
J. R. LITTELL,  
Washington, D. C.  
Opp. U. S. Patent Office.

**Jas. S. Kelly**  
Notary Public and Ex-Officio JUSTICE OF THE PEACE.  
At Oxford, Ala.  
Courts 2nd Saturday in each month.

**B. F. Wilson,**  
Attorney at Law  
TALLADEGA, ALA.

Will practice in the counties of Talladega, Calhoun and all surrounding counties.  
feb 13-89f

**R. B. KELLY, J. A. W. SMITH**  
**KELLY & SMITH**

**Attorneys at Law**  
Jacksonville, Ala.

Will practice in all the courts, both State and Federal, and in Calhoun and adjoining counties.  
feb 13-89f

**WOOL CARDER,**  
(At Aderholt Old Mills.)

J. Aderholt & Co., have their carding machine newly clothed with Mr. Jas. Glenn in charge. Good work guaranteed.  
oct 20-3t

**FIRE INSURANCE,**  
**I. L. SWAN, ACT.**  
Jacksonville, Ala.

Two Good Home Companies to write Georgia Home, Ga. Central City, Ala.  
mar 15-89

**E. M. REID, J. P.**  
MORRISVILLE, ALA.

Keeps Marriage Licenses for sale. Courts the 1st and 3rd Saturdays in each month.

**Cheap Money.**

As correspondent of the Loan Co., of Alabama, I can offer money on improved farms at reduced rates.  
H. I. STEVENSON.  
July 14th

**PARTIAL SETTLEMENT.**

STATE OF ALABAMA, Calhoun County.  
In Probate Court for said county, Special Term, Dec. 28, 1888.

This day came C. H. Martin, John Williams, worth and David Jennings, Administrators of the estate of John H. Martin, deceased, and filed in court their account and vouchers for a partial settlement of said estate. It is therefore ordered by the court that the 1st day of January 1889 be and is hereby appointed the day upon which to-morrow and upon said account and vouchers a settlement shall be made, and that notice thereof be given for three successive weeks in the Jacksonville Republican, a newspaper printed and published in said county, and notice to all persons concerned, to be and appear before me, my office in the Court House of said county, on said day of January 1st next, and to file their objections, if any, to said account and vouchers at that time.  
EMMETT F. CROOK, Judge of Probate.  
dec 28-3t

## MANHOOD

HOW LOST, HOW RESTORED!

Just published a new edition of  
**Dr. Culverwell's Celebrated Essay.**  
on the radical cause of Gonorrhoea or Incontinence, and its cure, or early indication.  
The celebrated author of this admirable Essay, clearly demonstrates from a thirty years' experience of practice, that the radical cure of Gonorrhoea may be radically effected, and that the cure may be effected at once, simple, certain, and effectual, by means of which every patient, no matter what his condition, may be cured, without difficulty.  
This Essay, which can't be in the hands of every patient, is now past in the land. Send for it, and it will be sent to any address, in plain envelope, to any address, for four cents or two postage stamps, if desired.

**THE GREAT MEDICAL CO.,**  
111 Ave. of the Americas, N. Y., P. O. Box 450, dec 28-88

**"Established 30 Years."**

**W. A. WATKINS**

ROMA, GEORGIA.

Wholesale and Retail

Bookseller and

Music Dealer.

JUST received a new line of books, maps, and stationery, for Ladies and Gentlemen. Also, a new line of books, maps, and stationery, for Ladies and Gentlemen. Also, a new line of books, maps, and stationery, for Ladies and Gentlemen.

**6000 BARS OF WALL PAPER**

and finished in the most perfect manner. Samples sent on application.

**J. H. CRAWFORD,**

Has just received a fine lot of

**Coffins & Caskets.**

Also small Glass White Caskets for Children.

Prices range from \$15 to \$45. Largest sizes for use in the City on Main street, south of the public square, Jacksonville, Ala.

**STATE NORMAL SCHOOL,**  
JACKSONVILLE, ALA.

Established for the Training

of Teachers of Both Sexes.

No further examination required of any teacher who holds a diploma from the State Normal School.

Examination of students in Music and Art is required.

Tuition in Normal School, Free. Tuition in Training School from \$1.00 to \$1.50.

For Catalogue apply to the President.  
C. R. GIBSON.  
aug 25-88

**Notice to Creditors.**

Letters of Creditors, under the last will and testament of Thomas A. Walker, deceased, are hereby notified that the day upon which to-morrow and upon said account and vouchers a settlement shall be made, and that notice thereof be given for three successive weeks in the Jacksonville Republican, a newspaper printed and published in said county, and notice to all persons concerned, to be and appear before me, my office in the Court House of said county, on said day of January 1st next, and to file their objections, if any, to said account and vouchers at that time.  
J. G. HARRIS, Register.  
oct 28-88

KNAVES AND FOOLS.

Any one who makes a promise he or she does not intend to keep is a knave; and any one who makes a promise it is impossible to fulfill is a fool.

We now and then encounter some of each class; but usually our customers are earnest, honest people, with the best of intention who try very hard to do just as they agree.

We despise knaves and we can't tolerate fools. The

ABOVE LITTLE PRELIMINARY is for the benefit of the few, we credit. Now a word to you in regard to the Stock of READY MADE CLOTHING and GENTS FURNISHING which are on our counters for your inspection.

The vast majority of Annistonians need no assurance that we are careful to advertise only

BROAD FACTS

that cannot be misunderstood, but there are those among our people whose wings have been singed by the "catchy advertisements" of irresponsible parties, and who, notwithstanding their past experiences, rush "moth like," again and again into the glare that blinds and burns them.

Everybody advertises now a days. Newspaper space cost the same to all alike, and their columns are open to all who pay their rates. Thus it will be seen that he whose entire stock would not fill one of our counters can and "does claim" to have "the finest stock in the city" when in fact his stock in trade consists of a little goods and a large amount of "gall." The sensible man knows the exact value of such bombastic claims, but the stranger or temporary sojourner not being versed in the seductive wiles of advertising, frequently get "taken in." We would respectfully ask a visit to our establishment and judge for yourself.

THE "FAMOUS" ONE PRICE HOUSE.

NOBLE AND TENTH STREET, ANNISTON, ALA.

A Large Assortment of Everything Good to Eat at

CROW BROS.

At Very Low Prices,

APPLES, ORANGES, NUTS, FANCY and STICK CANDY, RAISINS, CURRENTS, PRUNES, DRIED APPLES, PEACHES, NAVY BEANS, GRITS and RICE, PRESERVES, APPLE BUTTER, MAPLE SYRUP,

New Crop Eldorado Molasses.

New Orleans Sugars, Can Goods of every description. Clothing at prices that defy competition. A beautiful line of Prints and Worsteds just received. Come and get your Christmas goods while our stock is full.

JUST RECEIVED

—A LARGE LINE OF—

FALL AND WINTER GOODS

A. L. Stewart & Bro.,

EAST SIDE PUBLIC SQUARE, JACKSONVILLE, ALA.

ATTRACTIONS IN EVERY LINE.

These goods are fresh from the Eastern markets and will be sold at prices that will be sure to please customers.

Give our Stock an Inspection.

COTTON BOUGHT & SOLD.

sept 15-ly.

Here is the Place

For Christmas Toys,

For Christmas Presents,

For Christmas Apples.

For Christmas Oranges.

For Christmas Bananas.

For Christmas Mince Meat.

For Christmas Raisins.

FOR CHRISTMAS GOODS OF EVERY KIND.

Come and see. We will give away a beautiful dinner set of 100 pieces to one of our customers. Every one that purchases \$1 in cash will receive a ticket. One ticket will draw the set.

PORTER, MARTIN & CO.,

GOODS DELIVERED FREE.

MOSES' MUSINGS.

Reflections on the Vanity of Life, His Wife Riah and the Anniston City Court.

WHITE PLAINS, Jan. 9, 1889. MR. EDITOR:—It's so long since I wrote my last musings that I 'spect you most forgot me; and 'right here lemme say say that I is just like other human folks on this subject of bein' forgot. Some how it has a kind of belittin' effect upon us, and suggests to our minds that maybe we wer'n't quite as important in the eyes of other folks as we thought. I mean it might suggest sich to some folks, but as for me I don't know as I am willing to admit that it do, unless I knowed for sho that you had ceased to let your rickollection daily around me. Bit if sich are the case I hopes that this will stir your pur mind by way of membraunce.

Well, Christmas has done just like its been doin' for years and years. It's come an' gone; an' as usual, to some it brought gladness and to some it brought sadness; some were married and some were buried. Yes, me an' Riah was a cogitating on these things, an' Riah lowed that this world was a mighty mixtry anyhow. We has the good and the bad, the sweet and the sour, the wet and the dry. We don't have the wet like we used to, but from what I see in the Whisky Dealer's Association letter to the big men, my mouf jest watters, for it says the dryness about to be remembered no more for a little while among us, and all things shall become wet, and especially Anniston, Mayor and all.

I minded Riah of dese things when she was looking on the gloomy side, and I said the future is brighter, for I can almost hear the bung fly out and smell de life givin' fumes of dat which makes us rich, merry and glad.

But she lowed, hope deferred makes her stomach ache, but I told her it was dem raw taters.

Well, Riah is like most other wimen, and anything like that has kinder of a back action on her tongue and sorter sits it agoin', and from the abundance of the utterance from her mouth, her heart must be as big as an elephant's. But like other wimen, when she's all right she's all right shore 'nuff.

If you could a seed the dinner she sot me on Christmas day you'd a said hyraw for Moses and three chairs for his other half.

But I didn't set out to write Riah up, and to praise my own wife before the public, but I just as well to praise my own as somebody else's, and then she's a jewel, a kinder ebony diamond like.

The last time I munitated my musings, Anniston was a threaten to move the court house, and now they a threaten to have a city court, and do their own courin'. Well, I hate to say it, but I must, that must be a purty law-breakin' place, if they have to have a court for ten months in the year to keep up. If I want afraid; I'd say I believe it would be cheaper to call out the regiment and watch them fellows and make 'em do right. But I reckon they will git the court, judge and jury, for they say they have got Mr. Williams all kivered up with rickermendations about it. They say that is enough of 'em to make a cushion for his chair in the Legislature. Well, if he passes that bill I 'spect he will need a safe seat. The man was here with his rickermendations, but I didn't make my mark on it, for I thought if I didn't sign it I wouldn't have to pay for it. He said it would do its own payin, but there ain't many things that do that way.

O, yes, he lowed it would be a good investment for Calhoun county—she'd make great coddles of money out of it; but that looks to me like a man gambling with his boys and wain', and pocketin' the money, and sayin', ain't we gitin' rich? I think it's best to leave the money with the folks, for they need it and the county don't. But while I muse, the fire don't burn, for Riah has gone to sleep and it has died out. So I'll quit, and wake Riah and send her to bed right.

Yours, jist like I was, MOSES.

A HINT TO GEN. HARRISON.

Senator Pugh Says that Patronage Can-not Break the Solid South.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 6.—Senator Pugh, of Alabama, in discussing the tariff in the Senate, referred somewhat at length to the negro question in the South, and incidentally threw out the hint to Gen. Harrison and the incoming Republican administration that party patronage could never break the Solid South so long as the existence of the negro made the the supremacy of the white race absolutely necessary. No allotments of office and no difference as to tariff laws, he declared, can never degrade the white people of the South to a recognition of negro equality. Not that any inferior race should suffer any deprivation or detriment, in the possession and enjoyment of all personal and property rights, he said, but that in matters of civil government the white race alone must rule in all parts of this country.

IN A SNAKE'S THROAT.

A STARTLING STORY OF THE AMAZON.

Two Travelers Stupefied by Some Nocturnal Berries, and One Awakens to Find Himself Half Swallowed by a Boa—The Rescue.

A correspondent of the Boston Commercial Bulletin is responsible for the following horrible tale: Located our camp on a suitable spot on the south shore of the Amazon, as nearly as that river can be said to have any shore, Murilla and I proceeded to make daily excursions into the forest in all directions, usually leaving two of the boatmen in charge of the camp, and taking the other two along to carry supplies. The concession proved to be a most magnificent forest. Mahogany trees were there by the thousand, needing but the woodman's ax and transportation down the river to fetch \$250 apiece. The tract was intersected by creeks in all directions, along which timber might readily be floated to the river.

It was some ten days after our arrival at the concession, when I took Murilla with me for a short expedition into the forest. It was a feast day with the Indians, and as we intended to return before evening we left them all four in camp, merely providing ourselves with a round of hard-tack apiece and some cold venison for lunch. At noon where we sat down to eat our lunch Murilla discovered a clump of low bushes bearing a yellowish berry. This fruit he professed to recognize as a familiar variety which he had often eaten down toward the coast, though he had never seen any before so far in the interior. After testing them he pronounced them delicious, but of somewhat different flavor to those on the east coast.

We both ate of the berries liberally without the least suspicion of injurious effects, I finding them as Murilla declared, delicious. Ten minutes after eating the first berry, however, both of us became thrilled with a strange exhilaration. We became almost deliriously happy, Murilla with boisterous hilarity as though intoxicated with absinthe. As for myself, my whole nervous system tingled with pleasing excitement to the very finger tips. I was fairly intoxicated. I have a vague recollection of making a ludicrous resolve to check my own wild impulse to sing by holding my head in rhythmic approval of Murilla's vocal outburst—of seeing Murilla roll over on the ground, and immediately following his example. Then all became a blank.

This happened about midday. Not until nearly sunset on the following day did consciousness again slowly commence to assert itself. I then awoke—a foggy idea of trying to extricate one's self from a hideous nightmare can be called an awakening—with a horrible sensation of helplessness. It seemed as though the lower half of my body was numbed and paralyzed by heavy pressure from all directions. A vague impression that my lower limbs were dead and all the blood freed out of them into the upper part of my body crept over me. My eyes seemed to be starting from their sockets almost, as if singing was in ears, and my breath came in labored pants; my throat was hot and dry with a raging thirst. I was not yet fully returned to my senses; like one drugged with chloroform, or a person freezing to death, my natural inclination was to let things take their course. It seemed useless to think of trying to extricate myself from the vise-like embrace that appeared to clutch me as in a rubber mold at terrific tension, from the waist down. It was only a nightmare which would pass away in a little while. And yet, it couldn't be a night-mare, for I was dimly conscious of being awake after all, and not asleep and dreaming.

Realizing this, by a supreme effort of the will I aroused my well-nigh dormant faculties to a sense that something terrible was the matter. The numbness had not reached my arms, and I tried to raise myself up—I was lying face downward. As I strove to rise I was dragged backward several feet along the ground. Horrified and bewildered, I raised myself up with a frantic effort, sufficient to look toward my helpless extremity. My God! I was half engulfed in the throat of a monster boa. This hideous reptile, finding me lying at length on the ground, had deliberately set about swallowing me.

Now I was thoroughly aroused, the sensation was as though some powerful suction pump were employed in dragging me remorselessly down, down, inch by inch, into the slimy depths of my devourer's stomach. I was suffering no physical pain to speak of; the dreadful pressure on the lower half of the body created only numbness there; above was a sense of oppressiveness, but there was an utter absence of acute pain.

An indescribable stinking odor also emanated from the monstrous reptile that was lustrely working me down his throat. It was the breath from the foul and slimy stomach that already I perceived my feet and legs, and would ere long close over

my head. Maddened at the loathsome prospect, I gave a horrified scream of agony, and clutching frantically at the ground I struggled frantically to release myself from the deadly embrace of the serpent's throat.

As well might some modern Canute try to stay the tidal wave's relentless course, as I to struggle for freedom from that living vise stretched like rubber about every hair-breadth of what it engulfed. As I struggled I could feel the hooked fangs of my devourer clutch the buckskin jacket I was wearing and hold me like a pair of hungry nippers, while the horrible suction pump below seemed to be worked with anxious energy.

As soon as I realized the utter hopelessness of accomplishing anything by struggling, a complete change came over me. I became as calm and collected as if there was nothing to be alarmed at in my position. So cool and philosophical did I begin to review the situation that I concluded I must have suddenly gone mad.

If there was the slightest hope of escape, I argued with myself, it would be in keeping my presence of mind and remaining perfectly quiet. Every struggle I might make to get loose would land me an inch further down into the depths of the boa's slippery tomb by bringing into play the hooked fangs, and arousing the activity of that horrible suction force within.

From my school-boy recollections of natural history came the conclusion that my devourer must have been a good twenty-four hours ingulfing me to the waist, and that by offering a merely passive resistance I might keep my head and shoulders outside as long as life remained. From the time I discovered myself to be in the boa's lethiferous grip until the above sensible resolve was arrived at could hardly have been three minutes.

For the first time since recovering consciousness my thoughts now found opportunity to wander from my own sensations, and my first thought was of Murilla. What had become of him? Was he, too, being devoured, or was he already destroyed? A gleam of hope shot through my brain at the query. Perhaps he is unharmed, and when he recovers from the stupefying effects of the berries will be able to render me assistance.

In my anxiety to see if Murilla was anywhere around, I tried to look about me. The movement disturbed the boa, and again he dragged me backward two or three feet, and again the pressure from below exerted itself anew to try and drag me in. So long as I remained perfectly quiet the boa seemed content to let nature take its course, and remain in a semi-comatose condition. He seemed to realize that he had undertaken a tremendous job, and one that required a great deal of patience. The least movement on my part, he would interpret at once into an effort of his prey to escape, and would reciprocate by trying to swallow me.

Hours, that the horror of my position seemed to lengthen into days, passed by. I thought I should go stark, raving mad as I felt the fangs of my hideous devourer scraping against my buckskin jacket to try and inch me further down his throat.

The heavy odor of the reptile's breath was like some overpowering drug, which if distilled and applied in moderation might even be tolerable to the nostrils. Darkness came and added to the terror of my situation. My nerves were now badly shattered, and in the dark my plight was pitiable in the extreme. How shall I describe the weird horrors of that dreadful night? It seemed an eternity spent amid all the blackness and the mental torture of hell itself.

Morning dawned at last, although I never thought it would come and find me in possession of my senses. Why it didn't find me a raving maniac or a blubbering idiot seemed the strangest thing that had yet happened.

My first thought was to ascertain whether the gutta percha-like opening in my living tomb had gained on me during those awful hours of darkness or not. I was lying all this while face downward, and although by this time weakened almost to a state of helplessness, I used my left hand to feel the taut rim of a boaconstrictor's jaws. They were three full inches higher up my body than yesterday eve. The excitement of the night I had just passed through had exhausted my emotion, and I remember that this sinister discovery awakened in me no sense of uneasiness.

sunk into the unconsciousness of complete exhaustion.

I remember nothing more until I came to my senses again in our camp on the river bank. A couple of days' nursing by Murilla brought me round so that I could sit up and listen to his account of my rescue. The cry that I fancied I heard just before sinking into unconsciousness was from Murilla. The effect of the berries had kept him stupefied until the dawn of the second day, the close of the night so full of horror to me. He had awakened weak and burning with thirst. Rising up, he beheld not a dozen yards away my head and shoulders protruding from the mouth of a monster boa, whose scaly body lay in serpentine lengths among the debris of decaying forest fungus.

Taking it for granted that I was dead, and chilled with terror, he uttered the horrified cry which I had dimly heard, and rushed away to camp. Being an expert woodman, he had no difficulty in finding his way. The Indians had about given us up for lost. They had searched for us, but had never happened to visit the right place. Two were out searching when he reached the camp. Trembling with weakness and terror, he told the Indians the fate that had befallen us.

Returning with axes and crocodile spears, the party attacked the boa, chopping him completely in two just below the bulge in his body caused by my feet and legs before he could escape. At the first blow of the ax the monster made spasmodic efforts to disgorge in order to attack his assailants. He tried hard to escape, but the axes were skillfully applied, and he was rendered powerless.

The severed head and neck had to be slit open before I could be released. At first they thought I was dead, but soon were rejoiced at discovering a lingering spark of life. Carrying me to the camp, resuscitative remedies were applied, and I was, as you have seen, finally brought around.

In a few days my health was restored sufficiently to start on our return journey down the river; but my own mother would have failed to recognize me. My hair, which was dark brown when Murilla and I sat down to eat our lunch of hard-tack and venison, was now as white as the scant locks of an old man of 80—as white as you see it now. My nervous system had received a shock that left me a victim of nightmares and nervous fears and tremors for years afterwards. But a naturally iron constitution finally over-rode the effects of my terrible experience and left me in possession of my usual excellent health.

GENERAL NEWS.

Asa Brainard, the celebrated base ball pitcher, is dead.

Sullivan and Kilrain have agreed to fight near New Orleans July 7th.

Beds of silver and traces of gold have been discovered near Glens Falls, N. Y.

The committee on the improvement of the Mississippi and its tributaries has made its report to the Senate.

Mrs. Delia S. Parnell has deeded to her son Chas. Stewart Parnell, her homestead and other property at Bordentown, N. J.

Mr. Randall has reported the sundry civil appropriation bill to the House. It contains many new and important provisions.

The fourteen year old son of a white farmer of the name of Henry Johnson, living in South Carolina, shot and killed Bill Huston, a negro, who struck his father.

Maurice E. Gaffney, late clerk of Ashland county, at Ashland, Wis., was discovered short in his accounts, and committed suicide by shooting himself.

PATIENCE REWARDED. A Philadelphian Who Was Awarded Job's Seat by St. Peter.

Philadelphia Record. St. Peter.—So you came from Philadelphia, eh? Got your feet wet on freshly washed sidewalks and died of consumption, I suppose. You were a hard swearer, were you not? New Spirit—Oh, no, St. Peter, I never swore.

St. Peter.—Did you ever fill the air with profanity when you stepped on a loose brick on a wet day and had your new clothes on? No, sir.

St. Peter.—Didn't you curse under your breath while having the life crushed out of you in crowded street cars? No, sir.

St. Peter.—Nor when jolted half to death when riding in a carriage or hack over cobble stones? No, sir.

St. Peter.—Hump! Didn't you used to swear in summer time when nearly choked by the smells from gutters, garbage boxes and sewer outlets? No, sir.

St. Peter.—Nor when your lungs were plastered black with soft coal smoke from Reading and Pennsylvania locomotives? No, sir.

St. Peter.—Go up there and tell Job I want him to give you his seat.

PITTABLE STORY

Of the Condition of the People of Northern Dakota.

GREAT DESTRUCTION REPORTED.

Living on a Kind of Porridge Made by Cooking Up Frozen Green Wheat and Oats.

FARGO, Dak., Jan. 6.—A most pitiable story comes from Wats' county in the northern part of the territory. Two men had been sent with provisions to distribute among Norwegian settlers in that region. They reported having distributed the goods as fairly as they could among fifteen families but said they knew of between forty and fifty families that were equally as destitute.

In these are an average of five or six little ones to the family without pants, coats, dresses, stockings, shoes, caps, mittens, or anything but a few old rags. They were in hope of getting a good crop and then buying clothes when it was sold. When frost came and took their crops, they had absolutely nothing on which to live. There are many Lutherans, and not complaining. Their real condition was unknown. Most of them have been living on a kind of porridge made by cooking up their frozen green wheat and oats. One family had not seen any flour for six weeks. Nearly all were entirely out or nearly so. Some have enough to last three or four days yet, but no potatoes or turnips. The people have been dividing with each other while their provisions lasted. One woman had on nothing but a thin calico dress and was barefooted. When given a few clothes, she first laughed then cried and blessed her benefactors. Rev. C. M. Riches, Park river, Welsh county, will distribute any goods sent to the sufferers.

STATE NEWS.

Randolph County Alliance meets at Wedowee, January 25.

Eufaula will have four bar rooms this year license \$755.00 each.

The Warrior Inedix says that the people within the limits of the proposed new county composed of Jefferson, Walker, Cullman and Blount, unanimously favor it.

The Tisdale House, at Livingston, has undergone thorough repair and has passed under the control of Dr. Randall, its owner, and its name changed to Livingston Hotel.

Dirt has been broken on the foundation for the new court house of Henry county at Columbia, and the people are happy.

Hon. A. L. Pope, recently elected Senator from Wilcox county, is a one-armed Confederate soldier and a lawyer.

The Messrs. Jordan retire from the Ashland Advance and are succeeded by Mr. M. N. Manning.

Etowah farmers did their part in administering the black eye to the bagging trust. A fourth of the cotton sold in Gadsden this year has been wrapped in other than jute bagging.

Florence Wave: On College street between Market and Olive there will be erected six three story iron front business houses. The contracts will be let on January 10.

Guin Dispatch: When the legislature meets we hope to see some steps made toward remedying the present iniquitous road system.

Bill King, mail carrier on the line between Hamilton and Aberdeen, Miss., at the time some registered mail was lost last March, has been arrested and carried to Birmingham, charged with the theft.

Mr. D. F. Graham and the Clark boys of beat 12, caught a large wild cat in Big Patcheliga swamp on the 17th of December. After an exciting chase for fourteen hours with a fine pack of hounds, they overhauled the cat in the edge of Covington county.

The Florence Normal College now has an attendance of 24.

John Thames has been appointed County Superintendent of Monroe.

Coroner Babbit charged the jail riot jury in Birmingham.

An infant was found dead in a well at Childersburg. Its mother was discovered and a warrant was sued out for her arrest. She is a young woman and a member of a prominent family.

Bagging Trust Broken Up. ST. LOUIS, 4.—It transpired here to day that the alleged Cotton Bagging Trust has run its day and quietly died. It appears that the so-called trust was simply an agreement between bagging manufacturers to combine for a certain purpose until January 1st when the compact was to expire. They say they made a little money, but not so much as they hoped for, on account of there being an unexpected amount of bagging in the hands of outsiders. However, they are satisfied. The price of bagging has fallen about two cents since New Year's and will probably still further decline.

Bar Meeting.

There will be a meeting of the bar of Calhoun county at the court house in Jacksonville, Saturday the 19th inst, 9 o'clock a. m. to consider the Anniston City Court bill.

The publication of the synopsis of the Anniston City Court bill, last week, has brought out several communications this issue.

County Finances.

In compliance with an order made at the November term of the Commissioners court, Treasurer Swann has prepared a statement of the financial condition up to Jan. 5th, 1889.

GENERAL FUND.

Claims outstanding against the treasury including interest to Jan. 1st, 1889, \$26,771.96

FINE AND FORFEITURE FUND.

Unpaid claims against fine and forfeiture fund \$12,318.54

A gentleman who lives in the territory covered by the proposed Anniston City Court, and presumably friendly to the establishment of the court, was in the REPUBLICAN office one day this week talking about the matter.

A SHALLOW CLAIM.

JACKSONVILLE, Ala., Jan. 8, '89. MR. EDITOR:—It is maintained by advocates of the Anniston city court that the fines and forfeitures in that court being paid in money, the sum accruing in the fine and forfeiture fund of the court together with the \$4 tax fee in civil cases, will be sufficient to pay the expenses of the court.

Now, if three weeks of Circuit Court, where the State pays the salary of the Judge and the county owns the house in which court is held, costs seventeen hundred dollars, what will ten or twelve months of the Anniston city court cost, where the county pays Judge's salary, court room rent and all other expenses as now incurred by the Circuit Court?

must be remembered that when a defendant goes to the chain gang the county fine and forfeiture fund gets very little, say from \$6 to \$8. The truth is the fine and forfeiture fund of the proposed city court will never amount to enough to pay even the salary of the judge, (and the framers of the bill seem to so think, since they have provided for his pay to come on the treasury for his pay in event it does not) and witnesses and officers of that court will never get a cent out of it.

As to the tax fee in civil cases, which in nine cases out of ten will fall on the unfortunate defendant as cost, much of it will never be paid, and that which may be paid will unjustly be taken out of the pockets of the unfortunate whose burdens are laid enough to bear now.

If this court is established, the people of the may county make up their minds to pay its expenses, and to do this they will have to submit to an increase of taxation.

In view of the now lengthened term of the circuit court which has no \$4 tax fee, are the people ready to pay more taxes, merely as a matter of accommodation to the Anniston bar?

WE SHALL SEE.

PREFERS GOOD ROADS.

CANE CREEK, ALA., Jan. 10, '89. MR. EDITOR:—Four representatives in the Legislature feel called upon to pass some bill that will cost the people of the county money, I am free to say I prefer a good road law bill to the city court bill. We can't have both without breaking the taxpayers. The extended term of the Circuit Court, now talked about, is mighty near going to do that thing by itself, according to my opinion. No more courts for me at present, if you please COUNTRY BOY.

UNEQUAL.

DAVISVILLE BEAT, Calhoun Co. January 10th, 1889.

EDITOR REPUBLICAN:—Having read the bill for the Anniston city court, as published in your paper, I want to say that, as a citizen of the territory affected by it, I am totally opposed to it. I do not like the \$4 tax fee against the unsuccessful party. A man who loses a suit and is confronted with a frightful cost bill has enough to bear without the imposition of this additional burthen. But it is the payment of fines in money which I most strongly object to. Many offences involve no moral turpitude. The most upright may be involved in a personal difficulty or unwittingly break the statute law. This money fine means inequality in punishment under the same general law. A fifty dollar fine in the circuit court can be paid with about ten dollars. In the city court, under this bill, the fine will be five times as much. The general laws ought to bear equally on all the people of the same county at least. Then again, this stringent provision simply means the chain gang for the poor and a money fine for the rich who are able to pay. Even now, with fines payable in a script that can be bought for a song, many poor people have to go to the chain gang. With five or six times as much to pay, under this money fine provision, about all of them, who are so unfortunate as to get into difficulties, will go to the chain gang to bring home with them as an heirloom the brand of an eternal disgrace.

I KICK.

A SUM FOR TAXPAYERS. MR. EDITOR:—The August term of the Circuit Court, lasting three weeks, cost the county treasury one thousand, five hundred and forty-four dollars and ten cents, as shown by the books of the treasurer, and in this nothing was included for salary of Judge or for house rent, the State paying the salary of the Circuit Judge and the county owning the building in which Circuit Court is held. The cost of the three weeks term above mentioned was less than usual, owing to the fact that one of the juries was discharged early in the term. The average cost of a three weeks term of the Circuit Court is seventeen hundred dollars.

Now, if three weeks of Circuit Court, where the State pays the salary of the Judge and the county owns the house in which court is held, costs seventeen hundred dollars, what will ten or twelve months of the Anniston city court cost, where the county pays Judge's salary, court room rent and all other expenses as now incurred by the Circuit Court?

that few civil causes are tried in that court without a jury; and such would be the case in the city court.

A PROTEST.

ALEXANDRIA, ALA., Jan. 9, 1889.

ED. REPUBLICAN:—As a citizen of that part of the county not covered by the jurisdiction of the Anniston City Court, I protest against being taxed to support it. I can have no access to that court. I might as well be taxed to support the city court of Selma, so far as the right and justice of the matter is concerned.

PAINTER.

Cases in County Court. State vs. O. J. Moore and S. S. Riddle, violation of license laws. Defendants plead guilty and were required to take out license, and fined one cent and costs.

State vs. B. L. Buchanan, Grand Larceny. Jury asked. Bond \$300.

State vs. E. L. Buchanan, Grand Larceny, nol pros.

State vs. Jno. A. Morris, selling liquor. Defendant plead guilty and asked mercy of court. Find \$50 and cost.

State vs. Jno. A. Morris, selling liquor, nol pros on motion of Solicitor.

State vs. Jno. A. Morris, selling liquor, nol pros on motion of Solicitor.

Trustee's Sale.

Under and by virtue of a Deed of Trust executed to me by G. W. Griffith and wife to secure to Rowan, Dean & Co., in the payment of a certain note, dated in December 30th 1879, and Recorded in Book K, of Deeds and Mortgages, Pages 44 to 47, in Probate court of Calhoun county, Alabama. I will sell at public outcry to the highest bidder, at the court house door in Jacksonville, Calhoun county, Alabama, on Monday the 22nd day of February 1889, the following real estate to-wit: Fractions 3 and 4 of Sec. 34, T. 12, and R. 8, north of the old Indian Boundary line containing 50 13-100 acres; also Fractions Nos. 5, 6 and 11 in said Sec. 34, T. 12, and R. 8, containing 135 7-100 acres more or less, all in Calhoun county, Alabama, to satisfy said Deed of Trust.

jan12-4t I. L. SWAN, Trustee.

Notice of Settlement.

STATE OF ALABAMA, Calhoun County. In Probate Court, January 10th special Term.

Came this day Edward Crook, Guardian of Junius and Daisy Crook minors, and filed his account and vouchers for the annual settlement of said estate, and the 2nd day of February next, to-wit: the 2nd day of February 1889, having been appointed by the Court for examining, auditing and stating the same, notice is hereby given to all parties interested to appear at the Term of the Court aforesaid, and contest the same, if they think proper.

Given under my hand, at office, the 10th day of January 1889, EMMETT F. CROOK, Judge of Probate.

Sheriff Sale.

Under and by virtue of an execution issued from the Circuit Court of Calhoun county, Alabama, on the 5th day of January 1889, against Ben Mount and in favor of J. C. Stucky, I will proceed to sell on Monday the 11th day of February 1889, before the court house door in the town of Jacksonville, Calhoun county, Alabama, at public outcry to the highest bidder for cash within the legal hours of sale. The following described real estate to-wit: The N 1/2 of the N 1/2 of Sec. 33, and T. 15, and R. 9, lying upon as the property of Ben Mount to satisfy said execution. L. P. CARPENTER, Sheriff.

jan12-4t

Sheriff Sale.

Under and by virtue of an execution issued from the Circuit Court of Calhoun county, Ala., on the 24th day of December 1888, in favor of A. S. Hamilton and against A. O. Stewart, I will proceed to sell before the court house door in the town of Jacksonville, Ala., on Monday the 28th day of January 1889, to the highest bidder for cash within the legal hours of sale the following described real estate, to-wit: Sec. 16, T. 13, and R. 10, near Cross Plains, Ala., levied upon as the property of A. O. Stewart to satisfy said execution.

dec29-4t L. P. CARPENTER, Sheriff.

FINAL SETTLEMENT.

STATE OF ALABAMA, Calhoun County. In Probate Court for said County, special Term, December 28th 1888.

This day came S. D. G. Brothers, administrator of the estate of Gideon Harrison, deceased, and filed in court his account and vouchers for a final settlement of said estate. It is therefore ordered by the court that the 24th day of January 1889, and is hereby appointed the day upon which to audit and pass upon said account and make said settlement, and that notice thereof be given three successive weeks in the Jacksonville Republican, a newspaper printed and published in said county, as a notice to all persons concerned, to be and appear before me, at my office in the Court House of said county, on said 24th day of January 1889, and contest said settlement if they think proper.

EMMETT F. CROOK, Judge of Probate.

jan5-3t

J. G. Hudson, Notary Public & Ex-Officio Justice of the Peace. DeArmanville, Alabama.

Courts fourth Saturday in each month. Marriage license for sale. J. H. BERRY.

Lower Prices

AND Increased Attractions FOR CLOSE BUYERS AT RANDALL'S.

Look at these Samples. Rose jars, 75 cents to \$2. Pot Pourri, or Japan rose leaves, to fill rose jars, only 65cts per box. Brass crumb trays and scrapers only \$1.

Mauny Lomon squeezers, best in the world, reduced to \$1.50 per doz. The best spectacles in town for \$1. Good steel nose glasses for 50cts. Solid gold spectacles and nose glasses for \$5.

Big stock of jewelry at all prices, cheapest to best. A fine stock of table and pocket cutlery at lowest prices. Waterbury Watches \$2.50. Swiss Watches \$10. American Watches \$10. Gold filled Watches, ladies' and gents', \$15.

Nickel Clocks \$1.25. Nickel alarm Clock \$1.50. One Day Walnut Strike Clocks \$3.00. Eight Day Walnut Strike Clocks \$4.00. Silver Plated Teaspoons per set 60 cents. Silver Plated Tablespoons per set \$1.25.

Silver Plated Knives per set \$1.25. Silver Plated Forks per set \$1.25. Tea Cups and Saucers per set 20 cents. Tumblers per set 20 cents. Goblets per set 25 cents. Bowls and Pitchers 75 cents.

Decorated tea sets from \$4 to \$5. Decorated chamber sets from \$4.50 to \$24. For the most light with least oil, use the Rochester Triple Burner. Old lamps fitted with these burners for 75 cents.

A big stock of library and hall lamps, very handsome, at from \$2.50 to \$15. Glass stand lamps from 20 cents to \$1.50. The Rochester lamp is the best and the Buck is next. Big stock of both at New York prices.

Five gallon oil cans filled with best oil for \$2. The best and safest kitchen lamp for 50 cents. Scalloped top chimneys all sizes 5c each. The Ross Patent Refrigerator is the only guaranteed dry cold air refrigerator manufactured. If you want the best at the lowest price, don't fail to examine the "Ross" before buying.

HAMMOND & CROOK. STILL TO THE FRONT!!!

Having added to our general line of Goods a large stock of Clothing, Dress Goods, Notions, and many Specialties, we defy competition in prices.

Dry Goods, Hats, Boots, Shoes, Hardware, NEW ORLEANS SUGARS AND SYRUPS, BEST RIO COFFEES, Roasted and Green, OOLONG and IMPERIAL TEAS, CALIFORNIA FRUITS & VEGETABLES, BACON LARD, HAMS & BEEF, PICKLES, CHOW CHOW and SAUCES.

FLOUR, MEAL & BRAN. Call and see us, and we will please you in prices and what we have not on hand will order at once. Our motto, "short profits and quick sales."

STRICTLY FOR CASH, and intend keeping everything in the Family Grocery line. Country produce taken in exchange for goods.

JACKSONVILLE REPUBLICAN

OLD DEMOCRATIC ORGAN OF CALHOUN COUNTY, ALABAMA, IN ITS FIFTY-FIRST YEAR.

"Age Does Not Wither It."

SUBSCRIPTION, - \$1 PER ANNUM.

With its increasing years it recognizes its increased responsibility to patrons, and the present year will be more bright and newsy.

All and much more will find a place in its columns. Its aim will be to please its readers.

Now is the Time to Subscribe.

OUR JOB DEPARTMENT IS COMPLETE.

We are prepared to do all kinds of job work on short notice and at low prices. Give us a call, and be convinced.

MARTIN & WILKESBON, Dec. 2nd, 1888.

Executors Sale of a Valuable Farm.

Under and by virtue of a decree of the Probate Court of Calhoun County, Ala., in the estate of Jno. J. Henderson, deceased, will sell, upon the premises, on Monday the 28th day of January, 1889, at public outcry, to the highest bidder, the following real estate, to-wit: Known and described as a part of the NW 1/4 of Sec. 12, and NE 1/4 of Sec. 11, all in Twp. 16 and R. 9, known as the J. J. Henderson home place, in Calhoun County, Alabama, on the Ghoccolocco creek, near White Plains.

TERMS—One-third cash and balance on a credit of one and two years in equal payments, with interest from day of sale, with approved securities on notes.

Wm. F. JORDAN, Executor. FIRE INSURANCE. I. L. SWAN, AGT. Jacksonville Ala.

Two Good Home Companies to-wit Georgia Home, Ala. Central City, Ala.

Sheriff Sale. Under and virtue of an execution issued from the Circuit Court of Calhoun county Ala., on the 13th day of September 1888, in favor of Mike Whisenant and against Washington Dickie, I will proceed to sell on Monday the 4th day of February 1889, before the Court house door in the town of Jacksonville, Calhoun county, Ala., at public outcry to the highest bidder for cash, within the legal hours of sale, the following described real estate to-wit: W 1/2 of Sec. 17, T. 11, R. 7, east, and E 1/2 and W 1/2 of Sec. 14, and SE 1/4 of SW 1/4 of Sec. 24, T. 14, R. 6, and E 1/2 of SW 1/4 of Sec. 25, T. 14, R. 6, and SE 1/4 of NE 1/4 of Sec. 10, and S 1/2 of SW 1/4, and SW 1/4 of NW 1/4 of Sec. 11 and SE 1/4 of Sec. 13, and NE 1/4 and NW 1/4 of SE 1/4 of Sec. 14, and S 1/2 of SE 1/4 of Sec. 23, and E 1/2 of NE 1/4 of Sec. 23 and NE 1/4 of NW 1/4 of Sec. 27, and all of the SW 1/4 of SW 1/4 of Sec. 24, lying north west of Tallasatchee creek, and in T. 14, and R. 6, east; levied upon as the property of Washington Dickie to satisfy said execution.

L. P. CARPENTER, Sheriff. TAX NOTICE. Assessor's First Round.

I will be at the places the days mentioned below for the purpose of assessing the State, County and Poll Taxes for the year 1889, for Calhoun county, State of Alabama. All persons subject to taxation under the law are earnestly requested to meet me promptly at my appointments on this my first round, with a full list of property, with its full cash value, with correct numbers of lands and town lots in every case, as required by law.

According to law all persons are required to give in their own property, or by an authorized agent. Parties giving in their poll tax must bring the number of their Township 2nd range.

BEAT. 17 DeArmanville, Monday, January 14. 12 Ghoccolocco, Tuesday Jan. 15. 12 Davisville, Wednesday Jan. 16. 11 White Plains, Thursday Jan. 17. 10 Rabbit Town, Friday Jan. 18. 10 Morgan's Store, Saturday, Jan. 19.

16 Wilson's Store, Monday Jan. 21. 16 Ladiga, Tuesday Jan. 22. 9 Piedmont, Wednesday & Thursday Jan. 23 and 24. 8 Warren Harris' Friday Jan. 25. 8 Green's School House, Saturday Jan. 26. 1 Jacksonville, Monday & Tuesday Jan. 28 and 29. 3 Four Mile Springs, Wednesday Jan. 30. 3 Weaver's Station, Thursday Jan. 30. 15 Anniston, Friday and Saturday February 1 and 2. 13 Oxford, Monday and Tuesday, Feb. 4 and 5. 12 Fayette Allen's, Wednesday Feb. 6. 4 Ganaway's, Thursday Feb. 7. 4 Bynum's, Friday Feb. 8. 14 Sulphur Springs, Saturday Feb. 9.

5 Polkville, Monday Feb. 11. 2 Peacoberg, Tuesday Feb. 12. 2 Alexandria, Wednesday & Thursday, Feb. 13 and 14. 15 Griffin's Store, Friday February 15. 15 Oshatche Station, Saturday Feb. 16. 6 Peck's Hill, Monday Feb. 13. 6 Duke's Station, Tuesday Feb. 19. 7 Hollingsworth's, Wednesday Feb. 20. 13 Oxanna, Saturday, Feb. 23. J. V. RHODES, Tax Assessor.

Established 30 Years. H. A. SMITH. Wholesale AND Retail Bookseller and Music Dealer.

NOTICE. If parties owing us accounts on our stable books do not settle by cash or note by the 1st of January, 1889, the w. l. b. placed in the hands of an officer for collection. We mean business. MARTIN & WILKESBON, Dec. 2nd, 1888.

# SELLING OUT at COST!

## A CHANGE IN THE BUSINESS.

Having concluded to make a change in our business, we offer our ENTIRE STOCK OF GOODS AT COST PRICE! OUR CLOTHING DEPARTMENT COMPLETE IN EVERY LINE AND OF THE Latest Style and Finish, dress, business, and walking suits, pants, childrens' and boys' suits, gents' and boys' overcoats.

**ALL MUST BE SOLD!**  
Our Millinery and Dress Goods Departments

Embrace the latest styles and selections, newest style Trimmings. Also Ladies' Misses' and Childrens' Wraps and Cloaks, sold at cost price.

**A RARE CHANCE!**

Our Carpets, consisting of Tapestry Brussels, Wilton, Velvet, Moquette, and Bordering to match, Ingrain and Hemp Matting, Oil Cloth, and all House Furnishing Goods; all sold at Cost. We positively assert that this is no Advertising scheme, and in proof thereof we beg to say that all goods will be sold at actual cost price, no deviation from price, and for Cash Only.

**ALL GOODS MARKED IN PLAIN FIGURES.**

Thanking our Friends and General Public for their liberal PATRONAGE in the past, we hope you will avail YOURSELF OF THIS EXCEPTIONAL OPPORTUNITY, As we are determined on selling out our mammoth stock, Respectfully Yours,  
**ULLMAN BROS., Anniston Ala.**

### The Republican.

Issued Weekly.

#### SUBSCRIPTION RATE.

One year, One Dollar.  
Six Months, Seventy-five Cents.  
Three Months, Forty Cents.  
Subscription must invariably be paid in advance. No name will be booked unless money accompanies the order.

#### Rates of Advertising.

Transient advertisements \$1 per square, and one inch makes a square.  
Local notices 10 cents per line.  
Advertisements must be handed in Thursday or before to insure insertion.

The name of Lula Bondurant was left off the honor roll of the State Normal school through mistake.

Mr. Geo. Lee Alexander, of Cleburne county, has moved his family to Jacksonville to get the benefit of the school here.

Mr. M. L. Burns, of Anniston has rented one of the cottages recently built here and it is now occupied by his family. Mr. Burns does business in Anniston.

Married in Jacksonville, Ala., Jan. 6th, 7 o'clock p. m. at the residence of Capt. P. D. Ross, by Rev. M. H. Lane, D. D., Miss Mattie G. Newcomb and Prof. C. B. Gibson.

Mr. Larmer contemplates building a handsome residence at an early day on the beautiful location west of the E. T. Va. & Ga. R. R. near the residence of Mr. Gaboury.

Miss Bessie M. Haley, a graduate of the Nashville Normal College has been elected a teacher in the State Normal School at this place, to take the place made vacant by the resignation of Miss Newcombe, now Mrs. Gibson.

Baptist church, M. H. Land, D. D., pastor. Preaching tomorrow as usual.

Subject, morning—"Responsibility."  
Subject, night—"The Chaff and Whent Contrasted."  
All are respectfully and cordially invited to attend these services.

Mr. F. J. O'Dwyer of Montgomery, has moved to Jacksonville with his family and occupies the house formerly occupied by Judge Walker. Mr. O'Dwyer is interested in the Excelsior Manufacturing Co., now putting in its plant at this place.

The account of the colored people's meeting at Choccolocco and an obituary notice are necessarily left over this week and will appear next.

Mr. Irvin Martin, of Alexandria Valley, one of the oldest, most respected and most useful of the citizens of Calhoun county, died at his home the night of the 7th inst.

The Jacksonville Knights of Honor had an oyster supper at the Jacksonville hotel Tuesday night. The oysters were well served in every shape and the members of Banner Lodge spent an enjoyable evening. This supper is an annual affair with this lodge.

Patrons of the REPUBLICAN have neglected the payment of subscription and advertising accounts this year to a greater extent than for any year within the past ten years. This is written to say that the paper cannot be run without money, and if those who owe the office will not come up voluntarily and settle, they must not be surprised or offended if their accounts are put out for collection. The publisher of the REPUBLICAN endeavors always to meet scrupulously his pecuniary obligations. This he cannot do if those who get the benefit of his labor and outlay of money defer settlement year after year. To keep up his own credit he will have to collect what is due him one way or another. Pay up and don't wait to be personally dunned or perhaps sued.

#### Mite Meeting.

The "Mite Meeting" given at the residence of Mr. Weems last Monday evening, by the ladies of the Methodist church, was a success in every particular. The programme, which included vocal and instrumental music, readings, recitations, &c., was interesting and instructive, and demonstrated the fact that Jacksonville has much superior talent. The gathering of the young people at such a meeting not only affords them an evening of harmless amusement, but is profitable to them. The next meeting will be held at the residence of Mr. J. J. Skelton, on Monday evening January 21st.

#### Married in Calhoun.

Charles Garrett and Mrs. E. Howell.  
Granville Nunnally and Mrs. Alice Bates.  
Charlie Findly col. and Lella Williams col.  
Edward Thompson and Missouri D. Watson.  
C. B. Gibson and Mattie G. Newcomb.  
R. L. Higgins and Etiza Bryant.  
J. S. Hobgood and Mary A. Beal.  
Curry E. Williams and Della N. Anderson.  
James Cherry and Ada Garner.  
Elijah F. Johnson and Prudena R. Rhodes.

#### OBITUARY.

Died, on the 8th inst. at her home near Four Mile Springs, this county, Sarah Sampler, in her 94 year. She deceased was born in Columbia Co. Ga., on the 17th day of October, 1795. She was one of the oldest settlers in this county, having moved here about the year 1825 and settled on the place where she died. Her case was rather a peculiar one. She was blind for about 85 years and resided at Four Mile church on the 10th inst. Rev. J. W. Spencer held the funeral service.

Her death was the result of extreme age. The lamp of life burned down and went out. Thus—

When we become too old to live,  
Death must then the summons give;  
Our bodies in the grave must lie,  
We never can be too young to die.  
F. M. TREADAWAY.

#### A True Tonic.

When you don't feel well and hardly know what ails you, give B. B. B. (Botanic Blood Balm) a trial. It is a fine tonic.

T. O. Callyhand, Charlotte, N. C., writes: "B. B. B. is a fine tonic, and has done me great good."

L. W. Thompson, Damascus, Ga., writes: "I believe B. B. B. is the best blood purifier made. It has greatly improved my general health."

An old gentleman writes: "B. B. B. gives me new life and new strength. If there is anything that will make an old man young, it is B. B. B."

P. A. Shepherd, Norfolk, Va., August 10th, 1888, writes: "I depended on B. B. B. for preservation of my health. I have had it in my family two years, and in all that time have not had to have a doctor."

Thos. Paulk, Alpha, Ga., writes: "I suffered terribly from dyspepsia. The use of B. B. B. has made me feel like a new man. I would not take a thousand dollars for the good it has done me."

W. M. Cheshire, Atlanta, Ga., writes: "I had a long spell of typhoid fever, which at last seemed to settle in my right leg, which swelled up enormously. An ulcer also appeared which discharged a cup full of matter a day. I then gave B. B. B. a trial and it cured me."

Rutledge Enterprise: The colored people of Crenshaw county are talking of organizing a colored Farmers' Alliance Association.

#### Cheap Money.

As correspondent of the Loan Co., of Alabama, I can offer money on improved farms at reduced rates.  
H. L. STEVENSON.  
July 14th

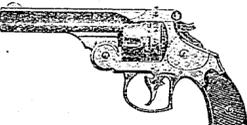
### Anniston Arms Co.

TENTH STREET,  
NEAR E. T. V. & G. DEPOT.



Will sell as cheap as any house North, East, South or West.

Guns, Rifles, Pistols,  
CARTRIDGES.



LAWN TENNIS, BASE BALL,  
Gymnasium Fishing Tackle,

And all kinds of  
Sporting Goods.

Agents for  
King's Great Western Powder Co.,  
Parker Bros. Guns, L. C. Smith's Guns.

ANNISTON ARMS CO.  
Anniston, Ala.

**"CURE"**  
BILIOUSNESS, SICK HEADACHE,  
HEARTBURN, LIVER INDIGESTION,  
DYSPEPSIA, COMPLAINT, JAUNDICE.

YOUR  
**BLOOD**  
Purified,  
BY USING THE GENUINE  
**DR. C. McCLANE'S**  
CELEBRATED  
**LIVER PILLS!**  
PREPARED ONLY BY  
**FLEMING BROS.,** Pittsburgh, Pa.  
SOLE PROPRIETORS OF THE GENUINE  
ARTIFICIAL STORE MIXTURES, CHESTNUT STREET,  
PHILADELPHIA, PA. 1876. ALL OTHERS ARE IMITATIONS.  
VERY SHOW CASE COST 75 CENTS PER DOZEN.

SHOW CASES WALL CASES  
FLEMING BROS., Pittsburgh, Pa.

**JAS. HUTCHINSON.**  
HAIR DRESSER AND BARBER,  
(Jacksonville Hotel.)  
JACKSONVILLE, ALA.

**WATCHES**  
**DIAMONDS**

Reliable Goods,  
Fair Dealings

AND  
BOTTOM PRICES.

TO BE GIVEN AWAY  
December 25 '88.

3 HANDSOME PRIZES.

Each purchaser to the amount of One Dollar will receive a ticket for a chance at the three prizes:

FIRST:  
A Handsome Tea Set,  
SIX PIECES.

SECOND:  
HANDSOME WATER SERVICE.

THIRD:  
A NICE CLOCK.

Don't fail to examine our stock and secure some tickets at

**DOERING & ROBINSON,**  
-LEADING JEWELERS.-  
925 Noble Street,  
Anniston, Alabama.

SIGN BIG CLOCK.  
SEPT-11

NOTICE.

Having leased the Wool Carder and Gin formerly run by A. J. Richey, three miles west of Jacksonville, I have had all of said machinery thoroughly overhauled and am now prepared to execute all work in first-class style. Satisfaction guaranteed. All wool shipped to the depot by railroad will be received and returned promptly and with utmost care.

H. J. & JNO. A. COBB.

**JAS. HUTCHINSON.**  
HAIR DRESSER AND BARBER,  
(Jacksonville Hotel.)  
JACKSONVILLE, ALA.



**CARTER'S**  
**LITTLE**  
**LIVER**  
**PILLS.**

**CURE**

Sick Headache and relieve all the troubles incident to a bilious state of the system, such as Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsiness, Distress after eating, Pain in the Side, &c. While their most remarkable success has been shown in curing

**SICK**

Headache, yet Carter's Little Liver Pills are equally valuable in Constipation, curing and preventing this annoying complaint, while they also correct all disorders of the stomach, stimulate the liver and regulate the bowels. Even if they only cure

**HEAD**

ACHE

Is the lane of so many lives that here is where we make our great boast. Our pills cure it while others do not.

Carter's Little Liver Pills are very small and very easy to take. One or two pills makes dose. They are strictly vegetable and do not grip or purge, but by their gentle action please all who use them. In vial at 75 cents; five for \$1. Sold by druggists everywhere, or sent by mail.

**CARTER MEDICINE CO.,** New York.  
SMALL PILL, SMALL DOSE, SMALL PRICE

### Decree to Sell Land.

STATE OF ALABAMA,  
Calhoun County.

In Probate Court for said County,  
Special Term, Dec. 18th, 1888.

This day came S. D. G. Brothers, administrator of the estate of Alfred Forney, deceased, and filed in court his application in writing and under oath, praying for an order and decree to sell the real estate belonging to said estate, in said application described, for the purpose of paying the debts of said estate upon the grounds that personal property is insufficient therefor.

It is therefore ordered that the 7th day of January, 1889 be and is hereby appointed the day on which to hear and determine said application and that notice thereof be given by publication for three successive weeks in the Jacksonville Republican, a newspaper published in said county, as a notice to the non-resident heirs at law, viz: Ada Forney Berry Forney and Wesley Forney, of Chattanooga, Tenn., and Mary Gateville and her husband of Rome, Georgia; and all others interested, to appear in said court and contest said application if they think proper.

EMMETT F. COOK,  
Judge of Probate,  
Calhoun Co., Ala.

dec 22-31

**ELLIS & STEVENSON**

Attorneys at Law,

Jacksonville, Alabama.

### Lively and Sale Stable,

**MARTIN & WILKERSON, Proprietors,**  
JACKSONVILLE, ALABAMA.

Elegant vehicles. Good horses; careful drivers. Horses and Mules bought and sold. Stock boarded at reasonable rates. Prices in keeping with the stringency of the times.

### E. G. MORRIS & SONS

MORRISVILLE, ALABAMA,  
Founders and Machinists and Practical Millwrights.

MANUFACTURERS OF THE  
**MORRIS TURBINE WATER WHEEL.**

Superior in many points to any other wheel now manufactured.  
DEALERS IN ALL KINDS OF

**Mill Machinery, Bolting Cloths, Pulleys,  
Gearing, Belting Couplings Shafting &c.**

AGENTS FOR THE

### EUREKA WHEAT CLEANING MACHINE

Our Mr. E. G. Morris, senior member of the firm, has an experience of forty-three years as a practical mill-wright and has given the highest satisfaction wherever he has undertaken work. The firm will take contracts to build or repair Mills and other Water Powers generally. Estimates furnished for new work or repairs on application.  
We refer to any parties now using our Wheel as to its durability, efficiency and simplicity of parts. It is composed of very few pieces and is cheaper than any other first-class wheel on the market. All work given us, pushed to completion with dispatch and satisfaction guaranteed. Orders and correspondence solicited.



## KNAVES AND FOOLS.

Any one who makes a promise he or she does not intend to keep is a knave; and any one who makes a promise it is impossible to fulfill is a fool.

We now and then encounter some of each class; but usually our customers are earnest, honest people, with the best of intentions who try very hard to do just as they agree.

We despise knaves and we can't tolerate fools.

ABOVE LITTLE PRELIMINARY is for the benefit of the few we credit. Now a word to you in regard to the Stock of READY MADE CLOTHING and GENTS FURNISHING which are on our counters for your inspection.

The vast majority of Amosians need no assurance that we are careful to advertise only

### BROAD FACTS

that cannot be misunderstood, but there are those among our people whose wings have been singed by the "catchy advertisements" of irresponsible parties, and who, notwithstanding their past experiences, rush "moth like," again and again into the glare that blinds and burns them.

Everybody advertises now a days. Newspaper space cost the same to all alike, and their columns are open to all who pay their rates. Thus it will be seen that he whose entire stock would not fill one of our counters can and "does claim" to have "the finest stock in the city" when in fact his stock in trade consists of a little goods and a large amount of "gall." The sensible man knows the exact value of such bombastic claims, but the stranger or temporary sojourner not being versed in the seductive wiles of advertising, frequently get "taken in." We would respectfully ask a visit to our establishment and judge for yourself.

## THE "FAMOUS" ONE PRICE HOUSE.

NOBLE AND TENTH STREET, ANNISTON, ALA.

A Large Assortment of Everything Good to Eat at

## CROW BROS.

At Very Low Prices,

APPLES, ORANGES, NUTS, FANCY and STICK CANDY, RAISINS, CURRENTS, PRUNES, DRIED APPLES, PEACHES, NAVY BEANS, GRITS and RICE, PRESERVES, APPLE BUTTER, MAPLE SYRUP,

### New Crop Eldorado Molasses.

New Orleans Sugars, Can Goods of every description. Clothing at prices that defy competition. A beautiful line of Prints and Worsteds just received. Come and get your Christmas goods while our stock is full.

## JUST RECEIVED

—A LARGE LINE OF—

## FALL AND WINTER GOODS

A. L. Stewart & Bro., EAST SIDE PUBLIC SQUARE, JACKSONVILLE, ALA.

### ATTRACTIONS IN EVERY LINE.

These goods are fresh from the Eastern markets and will be sold at prices that will be sure to please customers.

### Give our Stock an Inspection.

COTTON BOUGHT & SOLD.

## Here is the Place

For Christmas Toys,

For Christmas Presents,

For Christmas Apples.

For Christmas Oranges.

For Christmas Bananas.

For Christmas Mince Meat.

For Christmas Raisins.

## FOR CHRISTMAS GOODS OF EVERY KIND.

Come and see. We will give away a beautiful dinner set of 100 pieces to one of our customers. Every one that purchases \$1 in cash will receive a ticket. One ticket will draw the set.

PORTER, MARTIN & CO.,

GOODS DELIVERED FREE.

### Lynching at Pratt Mines.

George Meadows, a negro, was lynched by the miners of Pratt Mines, near Birmingham, the 15th inst., his body being riddled by hundreds of bullets after it was suspended from a tree.

Two or three days previous, Mrs. Kellum, the wife of one of the workmen about the mines, went into the woods near her home, with her little six-year-old son to hunt a stray cow. In these woods she encountered a negro who, assaulted and ravished her and then beat her over the head with a club until she thought she was dead. He then made the little boy lay down by the side of the supposed dead woman and beat his brains out and fled. With wonderful nerve Mrs. Kellum feigned death and thus saved her life. After the brute left her she arose, terribly wounded, and made her way to where she procured help. Five hundred dollars reward was offered by the miners for the arrest of the negro described by Mrs. Kellum, and the whole country was aroused. Several negroes were arrested and brought before her, but in every case she said they were not the man until Meadows appeared. She identified him, and this sealed his fate. He protested his innocence to the last. When arrested Meadows was in the town of Pratt Mines talking loudly of the affair and proclaiming his loyalty to the white people. It was his zeal that attracted attention and led to his arrest.

### A FARMER LECTURES HIS BROTHER FARMERS.

EDITOR REPUBLICAN:—I bear a great deal said of late about high tariff, hard times and the like, but according to my judgment we are in the midst of the best times that I have known for many years; and why do I say this? Because every thing that we buy in merchantile line can be bought cheaper today than we could buy them thirty years ago, and the way to prove the pudding is to eat it. In the early part of 1861, I bought a suit of clothes in Jacksonville that cost me \$24 and paid for them in Alabama bank bills. The same kind of goods, with the same make-up, can be bought to-day for \$15. In 1860, I bought five yards of common Kentucky jeans in the town of White Plains, for which I paid 50 cents per yard. The same kind of jeans can be bought now for 35 cents per yard.

### MEETING OF COLORED CITIZENS.

CHOCOLOCO ALA. Jan. 2, 1889. There was a large and interesting meeting of the colored citizens of a portion of Calhoun and Cleburne counties, at Chocologoco, Calhoun county, in the M. E. Church, on New Year's day, 1889. It being Proclamation day, the meeting was called to take under consideration the condition of the colored race, as a whole, in the State of Alabama. L. W. Goodson, pastor, and others thought it best to have the matter discussed on that day.

### DEVOTIONAL SERVICE BY L. W. GOODSON.

The necessity of meeting was very plainly discussed by Richard Bell, and great interest manifested. He advised his hearers to be law-abiding and avoid the unnecessary troubles in the country. The condition of the colored race was discussed by S. Bell and others. Decided to be very bad. A remedy to better their condition was suggested by R. Bell and others—better education in the pulpit and new—a desertion of so much leaving for the public works—a return to the farms—quit scattering out to the towns and cities, and take to cultivation of lands.

We think this is the best and only true remedy, financially and morally. Relations of white and colored people in this part towards each other are very favorable, and should continue harmonious. What is best between the races is to better understand each other; we mean no harm to the white race.

"Duty of Parents to Children," by H. Hollin and R. C. Stephens, of Cleburne, and Richard Bell, of Calhoun, and others. Parents, have your children morally trained, morally educated, and furnish employment for them yourselves and a home, where you can see after them and keep them usefully employed.

An interesting essay, by Miss Leony M. Bell, on "Hope and Perseverance," which suited the occasion.

Mr. Moses, of Anniston, teacher, made a very interesting address. We can, by our own actions, better the future by doing better. We think such a meeting as this very necessary to the bettering of the future, that we may enlighten our people as to their duty as citizens.

A. C. KENNEDY, RICHARD BELL, L. W. GOODSON, Committee.

### A Newspaper Story.

When I was in Chicago last summer the city editor of one of the papers there told me this story, which will show the advantage of not having an excuse:

Some years ago a green looking fellow appeared in the city editor's room from no one knew where, and wanted a job. The city editor told him, as he had told hundreds of fellows before him, that there was no vacancy at present—that is the usual formula—but if he came across a good bit of news it would be cheerfully accepted and paid for.

Well, the young man brought in what stuff he could, and sometimes an item or two was used; but more often nothing was available, and the fellow lived as best he could and never grumbled. The editor began to get tired of seeing his want-stricken face and advised him to go home, but the young man said perhaps a change would come along by and by, and anyhow he was there to stay. One night the city editor said to him:

"If you want a chance, there's a beautiful one open for you tonight. The street car men are having meetings every night, and we can't find out what they are up to. They meet at the corner of —th street and — avenue."

"All right" said the young man. "Have you any objections to my saying I'm a reporter of this paper?" "None in the least," said the editor with a grin. "I may say though that Matagan, who tried to get last night's meeting, is in the hospital today."

"Seeing how much in earnest the young man was, the city editor advised. "The meeting is Slade's regular assignment, tonight, but I don't think he'll get much except a broken head, perhaps. Anyhow if you get anything at all it'll all help out. Here's a couple of dollars to meet any expenses you may have."

Shortly after midnight the young man appeared in the city editor's room. He looked as if he had been principal in a prize fight. "Well?" said the city editor. "I couldn't get in," remarked the young man. "Has Mr. Slade brought anything?"

"Yes, a first-rate excuse like yours." "I tried to pass the guard, but they flung me down stairs. That's how I got this," pointing to his cut and swollen lip. "That's all right. I didn't expect you'd get in."

"I bribed a fellow to let me in the back way. They found me out and dropped me out of the window. That's how I got this," pointing to his closed right eye. "Well, you musn't feel discouraged."

"I felt a little cast down when they dropped me out of the window." "That's not bad. You ought to apply for a position in the paragraph department."

"I climbed up to the roof on the rear fire escape, got into the top story through the trap door, went down to the room above them by the stair, and found that the stovepipe came up through the floor."

"Yes," said the city editor with increasing interest. "They were having such a stormy time below that I moved the stovepipe without anyone hearing and held the lower pipe from falling with my left hand."

"I could move it aside and see all I wanted and hear everything."

"Yes." "They have resolved to go on a strike on all the lines at nine tomorrow morning, and everyone is sworn to secrecy."

"Great Scott!" cried the city editor, jumping to his feet. "Write that up. Give us all you can of it."

"It is written up. You see, the electric light opposite made the roof light enough to write by, and I had to stay there and hold the stove pipe till every one was gone, and then fit it up again so they wouldn't suspect. Good scheme for next meeting. So I wrote it up as I lay there."

"Great head said," the city editor. "That young man is now managing one of the biggest papers in the West, and all because his rule was: 'Never have a good excuse.'—Lake Sherd in Detroit Free Press.

### OBITUARY.

Whereas, Death has visited our ranks and called to reward our Brother Robert R. Pruitt, who died at his home near Jacksonville the 7th day of December, 1888, after many days suffering. He was born in Abbeville District, S. C., September 6, 1806, and moved to Georgia and lived there three years, then came to this State December 24, 1833, and married in this county September 20, 1838. He professed faith in Christ, and united with the Cumberland Church, and had lived a consistent member until his death. He was a kind and affectionate husband and loving father, cheerful and willing to do all he could for the comfort and happiness of his family and all others that called on him. He often manifested a great interest for the Cause of Christ. In all his sickness he was patient, trusting and resigned. In the last he had unreserved assurance of his Saviour's presence and love, and life grew brighter as death approached. He was conscious to the last, and experienced a triumph in death. He sank to rest as one who lies down to sleep. His loved ones need not sorrow without hope, for he was a living and dying witness to the Power of Christ to serve. He leaves a loving companion and four sons and four daughters that mourn his loss, though with cheerful hope look forward to a brighter day where you all can meet again, where death will not molest that perfect rest. He has gone from us to return no more. Our feelings cling to his pure memory still, and in our hearts he still lives. We deeply sympathize with his grief-stricken family, and hold ourselves ready with loving hearts and willing hands to cheer and comfort them.

Written by a special friend and brother in Christ, who was a witness of his sufferings and death.

A. J. WEST.

### WAR IN KANSAS.

#### A Desperate State of Affairs Due to Bitter Feeling Between Rival Towns for the County Seat.

TOPEKA, KAN., Jan. 12.—An message was received this afternoon by Governor Martin from the Mayor of Cimmaron, Gray county, saying that a party of men from Ingalls had come to that place to remove the records of the county. A contest between the two places has been going on for some time for the county seat. It is reported that a fight occurred in which several men were killed. General Murray Meyers of the 2d Regiment, Kansas militia, at Wichita, was ordered by the governor to proceed at once to the scene of the conflict with a company of troops. Cimmaron is the temporary county seat and Ingalls is in the same county.

There has for a year past been a serious conflict between the towns of Cimmaron and Ingalls. The county officers, excepting clerk and surveyor, have been at Ingalls for nearly a year. At a recent election Mr. Watson, an Ingalls man, was elected clerk but the commissioners refused to canvass the vote until the supreme court issued an order for them to do so last Monday. This morning several deputy sheriffs went to Cimmaron to place Watson, the clerk-elect, in the office, and to remove the county records to Ingalls, when they were fired on by a mob of from 500 to 300 Cimmaron sympathizers. The firing was returned with a vengeance, and when it ceased, it was found that J. N. English and John Bliss, two prominent citizens of Cimmaron, were killed and a number wounded. Of the Ingalls party, Geo. W. Bolds, a deputy sheriff, was shot in the leg, and Lemuel Brecks and C. Rothfelder, two other deputy sheriffs, received flesh wounds in the arm and head. The Cimmaron people became infuriated over the killing of their two leading citizens, and charged in a body upon a brick building in which Watson and the wounded deputies had taken refuge. At last accounts firing was going on at intervals between besieged and besiegers, the latter using house corners and other places for shelter. If Watson and the deputies fall into the hands of the Cimmaron people they will be hanged, and their only safety lies in the timely arrival of outside assistance.

TOPEKA, KAN., Jan. 13.—J. Q. Shoupp, chairman of the board of county commissioners of Gray county, came in this afternoon from the scene of the frightful county seat war to lay the matter before Governor Martin. Immediately upon his arrival he had a long conference with the executive, who has been in telegraphic communication all day with officials at Cimmaron. Shoupp gave a thrilling account of his experience with the attacking party. He was in his office in the court house when the leader of the mob from the rival town of Ingalls opened the door of his office, covered him with a Winchester and commanded him not to move. All the county officers were held up in the same way, while the remainder of the mob took possession of the county records and fled from town with them. The Cimmaron people pursued hotly. English and Bliss, who were killed, were not participating in the fight, and Shoupp claims that their murder was deliberate and in cold blood. He demands of the governor that the murderers be brought to speedy justice.

He says the attacking party headed by Watson, the newly-elected county clerk, was made up of notorious rousers and cowboys, who were brought for the purpose of terrorizing the Cimmaron people while the county records were being seized. One of the leaders of the party was the notorious "killer," Jim Johnston, who, it is said, has openly boasted that he has taken the lives of twelve men, and that no one dared to touch him. Gov. Martin said today that he would put a stop to the fight if it required the entire militia of the state. He proposes to have a thorough investigation, and says the guilty ones will be punished. Gen. Meyers, with the Second Regiment, reached Cimmaron early this morning, and found the whole town in arms and expecting another attack. No strangers were allowed to enter the town without proving satisfactorily that they were not friends of the rival town. No services were held to-day in the church, but instead the church was converted into an arsenal, where the weapons of war were deposited, and Gen. Meyers ordered the people to disarm themselves at once, and to hold their weapons until they did so their weapons would be taken from them by force. To all outward appearance this was complied with.

A Cimmaron man named Gage and Ed Robbins of Ingalls met this morning a few miles from Ingalls and a desperate encounter ensued. They first exchanged pistol shots, but afterwards had a hand-to-hand tussle, in which Gage received frightful gashes in the neck, which will probably cause his death. This morning the Ingalls people received a report that a mob from Cimmaron was preparing to attack them with the intention of burning the town and killing the leaders to revenge the murder of English and Bliss. They

immediately called a meeting and thoroughly organized themselves. Sentinels were sent out to watch for the approach of the enemy and give warning. Fortifications were built, and every arrangement made to defend themselves. Women were enlisted and given arms and ammunition. As long as the militia is in the county there is not likely to be another conflict. It is only by the presence of the troops that serious trouble can be averted, as the two rival towns are only a few miles apart, and the feeling is so bitter that the slightest provocation would cause another outbreak. It is a life and death struggle between the town, as the success of one means the downfall of the other.

WICHITA, KANS., Jan. 14.—The county seat war at Cimmaron has been temporarily quelled by the prompt appearance of state troops. The feeling of both factions is violent, however, and there is little prospect of peace being permanently restored until more blood has been spilled. The imprisoned deputies and clerk had been released by the sheriff before the militia arrived. The maddened Cimmaron sympathizers threatened to go to Ingalls, burn the town and kill the people, but the farmers of the county taking the part of the elected officers, arose in a body and during the night guarded the town, and prevented damage, if any was attempted. The military companies ordered out are still in readiness to move at a moment's notice. It is stated to-day that friends of the two opposing towns have offered to hire men to fight in the interest of the respective places. One of the injured deputies, A. E. Brooks, is reported to be in a precarious condition.

TOPEKA, KAN., Jan. 15.—Bigadier General Myers, who commanded the regiment ordered to the scene of war, in Gray county, has arrived here. Myers reports a very serious state of affairs in the county and fears more trouble. He arrived at Cimmaron at 2 o'clock Sunday morning. The citizens were greatly relieved upon the arrival of the troops. They had been under arms up to that time and fearful lest another deadly attack should be made. Sunday a meeting of the citizens of the city was held in the public hall and resolutions concerning the affair were adopted to have the county placed under martial law.

After the adjournment of this meeting, which was attended by a great many people, Myers proceeded by carriage to Ingalls, about seven miles further west, and a similar meeting was held there with similar results. Every prominent citizen, and in fact everybody in the county, said Myers was not connected with one faction or another, and better feelings will prevail from one end of the county to another. He found the town of Ingalls in arms, prepared for war, but directed them at once to lay aside their weapons. He thinks that without the presence of the militia, the factions would have another battle, as there is such intense feeling of hatred and revenge. All business suspended in both the towns. All trains passing through are closely watched by armed men, who fear a surprise, though such a thing is highly improbable.

It is learned that both towns have ordered a large supply of ammunition. The prisoners captured at Cimmaron were committed to Dodge City jail, but are at present in charge of Sheriff Reynolds, of Ingalls, and enjoying the freedom of the city, the Sheriff being an Ingalls partisan. Ed Brooks, one of the Ingalls men who was shot through the body, is dying. This will increase the number of deaths to three.

### STATE NEWS.

Andalusia Times: The necessary stock having been subscribed, preparations are being made to open an Alliance store at Andalusia.

The vacant house belonging to Mr. E. Watson, standing near Mrs. Turner's, was burned down between 10 and 11 o'clock Monday night last. The soil and climate of Covington are admirably adapted to the purposes of truck farming, and only transportation facilities are necessary to make this the garden spot of Alabama.

Mr. Joe Cawthon lost his pocket-book in the public road near Builock recently, while en route from Troy to Elba. The purse contained only three dollars, but its loss was particularly annoying to Joe.

The people of this county are not given to building castles in the air, neither are they visionary; they are of a practical turn of mind, and to make haste slowly in all enterprises of any magnitude, is one of their characteristics.

Senator Keegan chews paper when he thinks.

The Queen of Portugal is proud of her mousetraps.

Street cars in Chicago are to be heated by gasoline.

Topeka, Kansas has a fourteen-mile electric railway.

There are \$235,000,000 land mortgages recorded in Kansas.

The Alabama Legislature reconvenes on Tuesday, January 23rd.

The Montgomery Dispatch comes out in a new dress and typographically much improved.

Gov. Sims appointed James B. Head, Esq., of Birmingham, judge of the new judicial circuit.

We republish from the Anniston Watchman an article touching the communications which appeared in the REPUBLICAN of last week.

There is no "rule of fairness" requiring men who may wish to discuss public measures to appear in print over their own names.

To this alone the representatives of the county and journalists of the county who have her interest at heart ought to look.

Since the hanging of George Meadows at Pratt Mines, account of which is found on the first page of the REPUBLICAN, another negro has been lodged in jail at Birmingham.

New York Tribune: The Buffalo man who won a sweet girl by writing numerous love-letters to her on five-dollar bills has started a fashion that will make courting harder than ever.

Mr. Smith, the popular transfer man, says that he helped an old lady on the cars here the other night who was on her way to Calera from Gainesville, Ga.

Wages at the works of the American Wire company at Cleveland have been cut down 25 per cent.

CITY COURT, ROAD LAW, ETC.

DEARMANVILLE, Jan. 16, 1889. EDITOR REPUBLICAN:—I have seen a synopsis of the Anniston City Court bill. It's too big and it's too comprehensive and it's too long.

MONKEY JOIN.

NUMEROUS SCRIBBLES.

The Last Jacksonville Republican Fall of Them.

Saturday's Jacksonville Republican came to hand loaded to the brim with correspondence, ostensibly from various portions of the county.

There is no "rule of fairness" requiring men who may wish to discuss public measures to appear in print over their own names.

Those opposed to Anniston having a City Court feel that if they can have a large lot of communications published in the leading weekly of the county, that it will have a strong influence in deciding our Representatives how they shall vote.

The cry about it being an additional expense to the county is too transparent to amount to anything.

We have nothing against Jacksonville, and are more than willing that she should keep the County Court House, but we demand at the hands of our Representatives, as a matter of right and justice to this end of the county, that we be granted a City Court.

Not in a Dancing Mood. Wages at the works of the American Wire company at Cleveland have been cut down 25 per cent.

Wages at the works of the American Wire company at Cleveland have been cut down 25 per cent.

A GAY COLORED FRAUD.

How He Duped the Barflies of Foster-look Out of Their Cash. The Tuscaloosa Gazette gives this interesting account of the antics of a rollicking stranger, who pretended to hail all the way from Chicago and to be a lawyer.

THE ANNISTON AND MONTGOMERY.

Surveyors in the Field and Bright Prospects That the Road Will be Built. A corps of engineers, in charge of Major C. Wrenshall, will to-day begin the work of surveying the route of the Anniston and Montgomery road.

ANNISTON.

A Restaurant Keeper Gone With the Cash—New Industries on the Tap. ANNISTON, ALA., Jan. 15.—"Ship- ped by the light of the moon," so a large number of creditors of one Henry Mills, Anniston's bountiful restaurant man, discovered this morning.

Scottsboro Citizen: Hon. Willis Brewer, of Hayneville, a member of the State Senate, is considered one of the best financiers in the State.

Sheriff Sale.

Under and by virtue of an execution issued from the Circuit Court of Calhoun county, Ala., on the 24th day of December 1888, in favor of A. O. Stewart, I will proceed to sell before the court house door in the town of Jacksonville, Ala., on Monday the 25th day of January 1889, to the highest bidder for cash within the legal hours of sale the following described real estate, viz: SE 1/4 and SW 1/4 of the NW 1/4 Sec. 16, T. 13, and R. 10, near Cross Plains, Ala., levied upon as the property of A. O. Stewart to satisfy said execution.

L. P. CARPENTER, Sheriff. dec29-4t

B. F. Wilson, Attorney at Law. TALLADEGA, ALA. Will practice in the counties of Talladega, Calhoun and all surrounding counties. feb27-30t

Lower Prices

Increased Attractions FOR CLOSE BUYERS AT RANDALL'S.

Look at these Samples. Rose jars, 75 cents to \$2. Pot Pourri, or Japan rose-leaves, to fill rose jars, only 65cts per box.

Mauny Lemon squeezers, best in the world, reduced to \$1.50 per doz. The best spectacles in town for \$1. Good steel nose glasses for 50cts.

Tumblers per set 25 cents. Goblets per set 25 cents. Bowls and Pitchers 75 cents.

The Rochester lamp is the best and the Buck is next. Big stock of both at New York prices.

R. O. RANDALL. GADSDEN, ALA. July 28-4t

E. M. REID, J. P. MORRISVILLE, ALA. Keeps Marriage Licenses for sale. Courts the 1st and 3rd Saturdays in each month.

CHILDREN ARE IRRITABLE. Feverish, sometimes craving food and eating ravenously, again refusing to eat, tossing restlessly in sleep, moaning and grinding the teeth, then you may know Worms are sapping at their vitality and finally death will follow.

MANHOOD HOW LOST, HOW RESTORED! Just published, a new edition of Dr. Culverwell's Celebrated Essay on the radical cure of Spermatorrhea or incapacity induced by excess or early indiscretion.

THE CULVERWELL MEDICAL CO. 41 Ann St., New York, N. Y., P. O. Box 426. dec27-3t

JAMES CROOK, Jacksonville, Ala. S. D. G. BROTHERS, Jacksonville, Ala. J. J. WILLETT, Anniston, Ala. CROOK, BROTHERS & WILLETT, Attorneys at Law. Jacksonville and Anniston. Jacksonville Planing Mill. Dressed Lumber of all kinds, such as flooring, ceiling, weatherboarding, etc. always on hand. Orders filled quickly. JACKSONVILLE PLANING MILL, Jacksonville, Alabama. feb27-30t

HAMMOND & CROOK.

STILL TO THE FRONT!!! Having added to our general line of Goods...

Clothing, Dress Goods, Notions, and many Specialties, we defy competition in prices.

NEW ORLEANS SUGARS and SYRUPS, BEST RIO COFFEES, Roasted and Green, OOLONG and IMPERIAL TEAS.

STRICTLY FOR CASH, and intend keeping everything in the Family Grocery line.

THE JACKSONVILLE REPUBLICAN

OLD DEMOCRATIC ORGAN

CALHOUN COUNTY, ALABAMA, IN ITS FIFTY-FIRST YEAR.

"Age Does Not Wither It." SUBSCRIPTION, - \$1 PER ANNUM.

With its increasing years it recognizes its increased responsibility to patrons, and the present year will be more bright and newsy.

Now is the Time to Subscribe.

OUR JOB DEPARTMENT IS COMPLETE.

We are prepared to do all kinds of job work on short notice and at low prices. Give us a call, and be convinced.

Executors Sale of a Valuable Farm.

Under and by virtue of a decree of the Probate Court of said county, the undersigned as executor of the last will and testament of Jas. J. Henderson's decease, will sell upon the premises, on Monday the 25th day of January, 1889, at public outcry, to the highest bidder, the following real estate, to-wit:—Known and described as a part of the NW 1/4 of Sec. 12, and NE 1/4 of Sec. 11 all in Tp. 35 and R. 9, known as the J. J. Henderson home place, in Calhoun County, Alabama, on Choccolocco creek, near White Bluffs.

FREE INSURANCE. I. L. SWAN, AGT. Jacksonville Ala.

PROTECT YOUR EYES! E. HIRSCHBERG'S IMPROVED DIAMOND SPECTACLES.

Mr. E. Hirschberg, The well-known Optician of 107 N. Fourth St., (under Plaster's House) St. Louis, has appointed ROWAN, DEAN & CO., of Jacksonville, as Agent for his celebrated Diamond Spectacles and Eyeglasses, and also for his Diamond Non-Changeable Spectacles and Eyeglasses.

Rowan, Dean & Co., Agents for Jacksonville, Ala. B. G. McCLELEN, County Surveyor.

NOTICE. If parties owing us accounts on our Stable books do not settle by cash or note by the 1st of January, 1889, they will be placed in the hands of an officer for collection.

Trustee's Sale. Under and by virtue of a Deed of Trust executed to me by G. W. Griffith and wife to secure to Rowan, Dean & Co., in the payment of a certain note, dated in December 20th, 1879, and recorded in Book K, of Deeds and Mortgages, Pages 41 to 47, in Probate Court of Calhoun County, Alabama, I will sell at public outcry to the highest bidder, at the court house door in Jacksonville, Alabama, on Monday the 11th day of February, 1889, the following real estate to-wit:—Fractional parts of Secs. 34, T. 12, and R. 8, north of the old Calhoun County line containing 50 1/2-100 acres; also Fractional Secs. 5, 6 and 11 in said Sec. 34, T. 12, and R. 8, containing 135 1/2-100 acres, more or less, all in Calhoun County, Alabama, to satisfy said Deed of Trust.

Notice of Settlement. In Probate Court, January 10th special Term. Came this day Edward Crook, Guardian of Junius and Daisy Crook minors, and filed his account and vouchers for the annual settlement of said estate, and the 2nd day in February next to-wit:—the 2nd day of February 1889, having been appointed by the Court for examining, auditing and stating the same, notice is hereby given to all parties interested to appear at the Court in the Court aforesaid, and contest the same, if they think proper.

Sheriff Sale. Under and by virtue of an execution issued from the Circuit Court of Calhoun County, Alabama, on the 5th day of January 1889, against Ben Mount and in favor of A. C. Stucky, I will proceed to sell on Monday the 11th day of February 1889, before the court house door in the town of Jacksonville, Calhoun County, Alabama, at public outcry to the highest bidder for cash within the legal hours of sale, the following described real estate, to-wit:—The NW 1/4 of the NE 1/4 of Sec. 16, T. 13, and R. 9. Levied upon as the property of Ben Mount to satisfy said execution.

FINAL SETTLEMENT. In Probate Court of said County, special Term, January 10th. This day came S. D. G. Brothers, administrator of the estate of Calhoun Harrison, deceased, and filed his account and vouchers for a final settlement of said estate, and the 2nd day in February next to-wit:—the 2nd day of February 1889, having been appointed by the Court for examining, auditing and stating the same, notice is hereby given to all parties interested to appear at the Court in the Court aforesaid, and contest the same, if they think proper.

OUR JOB DEPARTMENT IS COMPLETE. We are prepared to do all kinds of job work on short notice and at low prices. Give us a call, and be convinced.

Our Job Department is complete. We are prepared to do all kinds of job work on short notice and at low prices. Give us a call, and be convinced.

Issued Weekly

SUBSCRIPTION RATE

One year, \$1.00; Six Months, \$0.60; Three Months, \$0.35; Single Copies, 10 cents.

Transit advertisements 10 per square, and one inch makes a square. Local notices 5 cents per line.

That hacking cough can be so quickly cured by Shiloh's Cure. We guarantee it. Sold by Hough & McManus.

Patrons of the REPUBLICAN have neglected the payment of subscription and advertising accounts this year to a greater extent than for any year in the past ten years.

Croup, Whooping Cough and Bronchitis immediately relieved by Shiloh's Cure. Sold by Hough & McManus.

Mr. Nattie Cobb, of Choctawhatchee valley, died Thursday. He was near 90 years of age and was one of the oldest citizens of the county.

Shiloh's Vitalizer is what you need for Constipation, Loss of Appetite, Dizziness, and all symptoms of Dyspepsia. Price 10 and 25 cents per bottle. Sold by Hough & McManus.

Mr. J. H. Hoffingworth, who lived 3 miles south east of Jacksonville, died in the early part of this month.

Shiloh's Cough and Consumption Cure is sold by us on a guarantee. It cures Consumption. Sold by Hough & McManus.

The Excelsior Manufacturing Co. has begun the erection of one of its houses near the depot. It will be fifty feet wide by eighty feet long and three stories in height.

For lame back, side or chest, use Shiloh's Pecous Plaster. Price 25 cents. Sold by Hough & McManus.

AN OLD CITIZEN DEAD.

Wednesday at 11 o'clock, Mr. Jas. A. Graham died at his home in this place, of apoplexy. He was about fifty four years of age at the time of his death, and was one among the early settlers of Calhoun county.

General care, health and sweet breath secured, by Shiloh's Catarrh Remedy. Price 30 cent. Nasal Injector free. Sold by Hough & McManus.

Mr. Frederiksen, of the firm of Frederiksen & Co., Colonizers, of Chicago, is in Jacksonville, awaiting a party of immigrants who are expected at Jacksonville to settle some of the lands recently purchased near here for Frederiksen & Co. by Messrs. Gaboury & Martin.

Sleepless nights, made miserable by that terrible cough, Shiloh's Cure is the remedy for you. Sold by Hough & McManus.

"Let him sink; he is only a Jew," was the exclamation of a crowd of people in a Russian town recently, as they beheld the struggles of a poor wretch in the river.

"Will you suffer with dyspepsia and Liver Complaint? Shiloh's Vitalizer is guaranteed to cure you. Sold by Hough & McManus.

Advertising.

John Wannamaker the Philadelphia merchant prince has this to say of the benefits of advertising:

"I spend \$7,000 a week in advertising, and I pay a skillful man—a former newspaper editor, and a good one—\$1,000 a month to do it for me. I make money by it. Advertising is the leverage with which this store has been raised up.

The world ought to know that S. S. S. has done for me in the cure of my malignant cancer, which was so bad as to be considered incurable by the physicians in Chicago, where I went to be treated.

Mrs. ANN DOTHWELL. An Sabie, Mich., Dec. 29, '88. Brother is Black. Two or three years ago a negro boy on my place near Frankin, Ky., was tormented with an apparently incurable case of Scrofula, which lasted him a long time and gave him great trouble.

J. H. GRAINGER. Frankin, Ky., Dec. 13, '88. Dear Sir, I was the victim of the worst Catarrh that I ever heard of.

Mrs. JOSEPHINE POLHILL. Due West, S. C. Swift's Specific is entirely a vegetable medicine which has ever cured Blood Poison, Scrofula, Blood Humors and kindred diseases.

A True Tonic. When you don't feel well and hardly know what ails you, give B. B. B. (Botanic Blood Balm) a trial. It is a fine tonic.

T. O. Callyhand, Charlotte, N. C., writes: "B. B. B. is a fine tonic, and has done me great good."

L. W. Thompson, Damascus, Ga., writes: "I believe B. B. B. is the best blood purifier made. It has greatly improved my general health."

Thos. Paulk, Alpha, Ga., writes: "I suffered terribly from dyspepsia. The use of B. B. B. has made me feel like a new man."

W. M. Cheshire, Atlanta, Ga., writes: "I had a long spell of typhoid fever, which at last seemed to settle in my right leg, which swelled up enormously. An ulcer also appeared which discharged a cup full of matter a day. I then gave B. B. B. a trial and it cured me."

Sheriff's Sale. To satisfy an execution in my hands issued out of the circuit court of Calhoun county, Alabama, in which B. B. Wood, for the use of C. D. Martin is plaintiff and against the town of Jacksonville as defendant, I will on Monday the 18th day of February, 1889, proceed to sell to the highest bidder for cash before the court house door in the town of Jacksonville, Ala., with in the legal hours of sale, the following described property, levied upon to satisfy said execution, to-wit: Lots 26 and 27 in the new plan of the town of Jacksonville, Ala., the same being the lots on which the reservoir is now situated, lying in Sec. 15, T. 14, R. 10, east, containing about five acres, and bounded as follows: On the north by Ladiga Street, on east by the lands of the Jacksonville Mining and Manufacturing Company, on the south by Van Street, and on the west by the lots of Mrs. Adams. Also one quarter of an acre square around the waterworks spring, the spring being the centre of the square in the S.W. 1/4, Sec. 15, T. 14, R. 10, east, also all the entire waterworks, pipes, mains, water dams, and all right of way and all the property, rights and franchises in and all the appurtenances in any way appertaining or belonging to the said waterworks, right of way &c. L. P. CARPENTER, Sheriff. Jan 19-21

NOTICE. Notice is hereby given that the undersigned will make application to the Legislature for the removal of his political disabilities, by bill.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS. Letters of Administration upon the estate of Wm. Dudley Bush, deceased, having been granted the undersigned by the Hon. E. P. Cook, Judge of the Probate Court of Calhoun County, on the 9th day of January, 1889, notice is hereby given that all persons having claims against said estate, will be required to present the same within the time allowed by law, or they will be barred. ELIZABETH M. BUSH, Administrator. Jan 21-23

In Chancery.

STATE OF ALABAMA, Calhoun County. Woodsbrook Iron Co., Plaintiff, vs. J. D. Pruitt and Cynthia A. Hanna, Defendants. At Jacksonville, Ala., this 17th day of January, 1889.

It is therefore ordered by the Register that publication be made in the Jacksonville Republican a newspaper published in the county of Calhoun, Alabama, once a week for four consecutive weeks, requiring the said Cynthia A. Hanna to plead an answer or demur to the bill of complaint in this cause by the 21st day of February, 1889, or thirty days thereafter, and to show cause why she should not be held in contempt of court for failure to do so.

Sheriff's Sale. To satisfy a bill in my hands issued out of the Court of Calhoun County against J. D. Pruitt and Henry B. Burns, and in favor of C. A. Huffman & Co., I will sell on Monday, the 4th day of February, the following described property levied upon as the property of John D. Pruitt to satisfy said bill, to-wit: One acre and one half mule, one dark mare mule and one chestnut sorrel stallion, also two hundred bushels of corn and two hundred bushels of peas.

Sheriff's Sale. To satisfy the following executions in my hands to-wit: William Breech vs. J. R. Graham & Son, Merritt Sheet vs. J. R. and J. F. Graham, Tucker, Smith & Higgins vs. J. R. Graham & Son, H. C. Perkins vs. J. R. Graham & Son, A. Graham & Son vs. J. R. Graham & Son, McTeer, Payne, Burgoon & Hood vs. J. R. Graham & Son, I will sell on Monday the 18th day of February, 1889, at the court house, between the legal hours of sale for cash, the following described lands: as the property of J. R. Graham, to-wit: Fractions 1/4, 1/2 and 3/4 in Sec. 34, T. 12, R. 10, east of T. 12, R. 10, east of the N.E. 1/4 and S.E. 1/4 of Sec. 2, T. 12, R. 10, and 1/2 of N.W. 1/4 of Sec. 2, T. 12, R. 10, east, all in Calhoun County, Alabama; also, one lot with brick store on it on the corner Main and Choctawhatchee streets, Oxford, known as the Graham store house.

In Chancery. STATE OF ALABAMA, Calhoun County. Woodsbrook Iron Co., Plaintiff, vs. A. H. Humphries, N. E. Humphries, Defendants. At Jacksonville, Ala., this 17th day of January, 1889.

In Chancery at Jacksonville, Ala., 9th District, N. E. Chancery Division. In this cause, it is made to appear to the Register, by the affidavit of G. B. Skelton witness for complainants that the Defendant, A. H. Humphries is a non-resident of Alabama, and that his residence is unknown to affiant and further, that, in the belief of said affiant, the defendant is over the age of twenty-one years.

Decree to Sell Land. STATE OF ALABAMA, Calhoun County. In Probate Court for said County, Special Term, Jan. 18, 1889. This day came B. C. and E. D. McClellan, administrators of the estate of S. D. McClellan deceased, and filed in court their petition in writing and under oath, praying for an order and decree to sell the lands of said estate in said petition described for the purpose of paying the debts of said estate upon the ground that the personal property is insufficient there for.

NOTICE NO. 8431. LAND OFFICE, AT MONTGOMERY, ALA., January 19th, 1889. Notice is hereby given that the following named section of land, to-wit: Section 10, in Township 12 North, Range 10 East, in the new plan of the town of Jacksonville, Ala., the same being the lots on which the reservoir is now situated, lying in Sec. 15, T. 14, R. 10, east, containing about five acres, and bounded as follows: On the north by Ladiga Street, on east by the lands of the Jacksonville Mining and Manufacturing Company, on the south by Van Street, and on the west by the lots of Mrs. Adams. Also one quarter of an acre square around the waterworks spring, the spring being the centre of the square in the S.W. 1/4, Sec. 15, T. 14, R. 10, east, also all the entire waterworks, pipes, mains, water dams, and all right of way and all the property, rights and franchises in and all the appurtenances in any way appertaining or belonging to the said waterworks, right of way &c. L. P. CARPENTER, Sheriff. Jan 19-21

NOTICE NO. 8469. Land Office at Montgomery, Ala., January 19, 1889. Notice is hereby given that the following named section of land, to-wit: Section 10, in Township 12 North, Range 10 East, in the new plan of the town of Jacksonville, Ala., the same being the lots on which the reservoir is now situated, lying in Sec. 15, T. 14, R. 10, east, containing about five acres, and bounded as follows: On the north by Ladiga Street, on east by the lands of the Jacksonville Mining and Manufacturing Company, on the south by Van Street, and on the west by the lots of Mrs. Adams. Also one quarter of an acre square around the waterworks spring, the spring being the centre of the square in the S.W. 1/4, Sec. 15, T. 14, R. 10, east, also all the entire waterworks, pipes, mains, water dams, and all right of way and all the property, rights and franchises in and all the appurtenances in any way appertaining or belonging to the said waterworks, right of way &c. L. P. CARPENTER, Sheriff. Jan 19-21

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WHY YOU'RE LIVER IS OUT OF ORDER. DR. C. McLANE'S LIVER PILLS. Will cure you, drive the GOUT out of your system, and make you feel better and well. They cost only 25 cents a box and may save your life. Can be had at any Drug Store.

IVORY POLISH. PERFUMES THE BREATH. ASK FOR IT. FLEMING BROS., Pittsburgh, Pa. Anniston Arms Co.

Will sell for as cheap as any house North of Jacksonville, Fla. Guns, Rifles, Pistols, CARTRIDGES. LAWYER, BASE BALL, Gymnasium Fishing Tackle, and all kinds of Sporting Goods.

King's Great Western Powder Co. Packing Boxes, Cases, C. Smith, Gun. ANNISTON ARMS CO. SEPT 15-17

W. A. T. C. H. S. Reliable Goods, Fair Dealings, BOTTOM PRICES.

TO BE GIVEN AWAY December 25 '88. 3 HANDSOME PRIZES. Each purchaser to the amount of One Dollar will receive a ticket for a chance at the three prizes.

A Handsome Tea Set, SIX PIECES. SECOND: HANDSOME WATER SERVICE. THIRD: A NICE CLOCK.

Don't fail to examine our stock and secure some tickets. DOERING & ROBINSON, LEADING JEWELERS, 625 Noble Street, Anniston, Alabama.

Sign Big Clock. Having leased the Wool Carder and Gin formerly run by A. J. Richey, these mills west of Jacksonville, I have installed said machinery thoroughly overhauled and am now prepared to receive all work in first-class style, satisfaction guaranteed. All work shipped to the depot by railroad will be received and returned promptly and with utmost care. H. J. GIBSON, A. COBB, Jan 19-21

SHOW CASES AND FRAMES. ARTISTIC STORE FIXTURES, CHINA WORK, TERRY SHOW CASES, COOK, ROSSVILLE, TENN.

Cheap Money. As correspondent of the Loan Co. of Alabama, I can offer money on improved farms at reduced rates. H. L. STEVENSON, July 14-11

E. G. MORRIS & SONS. MORRISVILLE, ALA. Founders and Machinists and Practical Millwrights. MANUFACTURERS OF TURBINE WATER WHEEL. Superior in many points to any other wheel now made.

Mill Machinery, Bolting Cloths, Pulleys, Gearing, Belting Couplings Shafting &c. AGENTS FOR THE "EUREKA WHEAT CLEANING MACHINE"

Our Mr. E. G. Morris, senior member of the firm, has an experience of forty years in the practical millwright and has given the highest satisfaction wherever he has undertaken work. The firm will take contracts to build or repair Mills and other Water Powers generally. Estimates furnished for new work or repairs on application.

Here is the Place For Christmas Toys, For Christmas Presents, For Christmas Apples, For Christmas Oranges, For Christmas Bananas, For Christmas Mince Meat, For Christmas Raisins, FOR CHRISTMAS GOODS OF EVERY KIND.

Come and see. We will give away a beautiful dinner set of 100 pieces to one of our customers. Every one that purchases \$1 in cash will receive a ticket. One ticket will draw the set.

PORTER, MARTIN & CO., GOODS DELIVERED FREE. JUST RECEIVED A LARGE LINE OF FALL AND WINTER GOODS.

A. L. Stewart & Bro., EAST SIDE PUBLIC SQUARE, JACKSONVILLE, ALA., ATTRACTIONS IN EVERY LINE.



# JACKSONVILLE REPUBLICAN

ESTABLISHED 1837.

JACKSONVILLE, CALHOUN COUNTY, ALA., SATURDAY, JAN. 26, 1889.

VOL. 52. NO. 4

## KNAVES AND FOOLS.

Anyone who makes a promise he or she does not intend to keep is a knave; and any one who makes a promise it is impossible to fulfill is a fool.

We now and then encounter some of each class; but usually our customers are earnest, honest people, with the best of intention who try very hard to do just as they agree.

We despise knaves and we can't tolerate fools. The

ABOVE LITTLE PRELIMINARY is for the benefit of the few we credit. Now a word to you in regard to the Stock of READY MADE CLOTHING and GENTS FURNISHING which are on our counters for your inspection.

The vast majority of Annistonians need no assurance that we are careful to advertise only

### BROAD FACTS

that cannot be misunderstood, but there are those among our people whose wings have been singed by the "catchy advertisements" of irresponsible parties, and who, notwithstanding their past experiences, rush "moth like," again and again into the glare that blinds and burns them.

Everybody advertises now a days. Newspaper space cost the same to all alike, and their columns are open to all who pay their rates. Thus it will be seen that he whose entire stock would not fill one of our counters can and "does claim" to have "the finest stock in the city" when in fact his stock in trade consists of a little goods and a large amount of "gall." The sensible man knows the exact value of such bombastic claims, but the stranger or temporary sojourner not being versed in the seductive wiles of advertising, frequently get "taken in." We would respectfully ask a visit to our establishment and judge for yourself.

## THE "FAMOUS" ONE PRICE HOUSE.

NOBLE AND TENTH STREET, ANNISTON, ALA.

## Here is the Place

We keep a full and well selected stock of

**GROCERIES.**  
**HARDWARE**  
Lamps and Lamp Fixtures,  
**Harness,**  
Buggies,  
Wagons.

Farmers will do well to examine our brands of Acid Phosphate and Guanos for we handle only the best. We will give some of our customers a fine CHINA DINNER SET of ONE HUNDRED PIECES, to every one that spends \$1.00 in cash is entitled to a ticket. Call and see us.

GOODS DELIVERED FREE.

**PORTER, MARTIN & CO.,**

Healthiest Place in the State.

(as shown by report of State Health Officer)

"THE IRON QUEEN HOTEL."

At Jacksonville, Alabama,

On the E. T., Va. & Ga. Railroad.

Has been completed and will be formally opened to the public July 15th. This hotel has been built by a company at large expense, specially to accommodate the large influx of summer visitors to Jacksonville every year. It has all modern conveniences, such as hot and cold baths, gas light and electric call bells in every room, and is elegantly upholstered from top to bottom. The hotel will be kept to a high standard of excellence and comfort of guests will be carefully looked after. Rates of board from \$22.50 to \$35.00 per month. Special rates made to families. For further information address

**MAURICE FRANK,**  
JACKSONVILLE, ALABAMA.

**T. R. WARD,**

DEALER IN

**DRY GOODS, GROCERIES, BOOTS,**  
**SHOES, NOTIONS & C.**

JACKSONVILLE, ALA.

In addition to my stock kept at the old stand beyond the Depot, I have recently placed a nice and select stock of DRY GOODS and GROCERIES at the Woodward corner on the public square, where my customers can be well served.

**New Goods---Select Stock.**

Call and examine my stock at either store before purchasing elsewhere. may 26/11

T. R. WARD.

### ANNISTON CITY COURT.

Mr. Editor:—When gentlemen went over the county soliciting petitioners for the Anniston city court, the people were led to believe that they would not have to pay anything towards its support; and very many, indeed almost all, signed with that understanding. When the bar meeting was held in Jacksonville, last Saturday, and Mr. Brock, a lawyer from Piedmont, stated that he could not support the bill, for the reason that the people of his part of the county did not want to pay taxes to support it; but that he and they were perfectly willing for Anniston to have a city court, if Anniston would pay for it, and not fasten it as a charge upon the already over-taxed people of other sections, he was met by the declaration of the Anniston bar that there was no legal way in which Anniston could pay for it. Did not these gentlemen know this while the impression was being made on the public mind that they would pay for it? Have they been open and fair and square with the people on this question? Now it is certain somebody has to pay for this court. It came out in the discussion that the Birmingham city court cost \$12,000 a year. The Anniston city court cannot cost less. This additional sum, drawn from the taxpayers of Calhoun, will raise, as was stated in the bar meeting, the county taxes from 30 cents to over 47 cents on the \$100 worth of property. If there is no legal way in which Anniston can pay for this court, will not this increased burden of tax fall on the people of the county at large, the greater part of whom can have no benefit from the proposed court? Is this fair? Are the people in a condition to meet this increased tax? I say they are not. It may be easy for stockholders of wealthy corporations at Anniston, who will be benefited and benefited by this proposed court, but it will not be easy for the poor people of the county to whom taxation is a burden. If our Senator and Representative could go around the county once with the tax collector and see trembling age and helpless widowhood bringing their little heard of money, gathered at the sacrifice of even the necessities of life and with infinite patience, as tribute to the government, they would hesitate long before they would support any measure calculated to increase this burden, and especially this measure, which is declared by the *conscience* of the rich. No one will argue seriously that there is any necessity for this proposed court, since the courts of the county have been lengthened. That the territory covered by the bill pays more taxes than the balance of the county affords no argument for the bill. If its enactment is not demanded by the *strict necessity* of our Senator and Representative cannot be justified in its establishment at any expense to even the humblest taxpayer of the county. It cannot be granted, as a favor, on any defensible ground. Those rich men in Anniston who are asking that a court be brought to their doors to save them the loss of time and expense of travel in going twelve miles to circuit and chancery court, pay no more for the protection they get under the law, in proportion to what they have to protect, than the humblest taxpayer in the county, even if they pay as much, and are entitled to no special privileges above their fellows on account of the size of their tax assessment.

We cannot, in this country, concede that any community is entitled to the special favors of government because it is wealthy and pays more taxes than another. If this principle is admitted as to communities it must, perforce, be admitted as to individuals. The proposition driven to its logical conclusion would read: "The favors of Government for the rich; the burdens of government for the poor." The Government cannot do one man or class of men any favor without doing that favor at the expense or sacrifice of some other of its citizens. The Government should have no favors for any class of its citizens. All should be equally protected in life, liberty and the pursuit of happiness. This done the function of the State ends. But if a different theory is to prevail and the State must favor any one class of its citizens above another, for the sake of God let it favor the poor and the weak and not those whom *Envy* has already favored far above their fellows.

I have said that the Government cannot extend a favor or convenience to one class of its citizens without imposing a corresponding hardship upon some other of its citizens. Let us take this proposed city court as an example. It will be convenient to the lawyers of Anniston and may be quite useful to the corporations there and it will be quite a favor of Government to those rich men to have a court brought to their very doors for their convenience; but \$12,000 to support it will have to come out of all the taxpayers of the county, most of whom can never reap any benefit from it whatever. The taxes wrong from them to establish this convenience for the large taxpayers of Anniston would be an unmitigated burden and hardship. For the Legislature to impose this burden upon

one part of our citizens, for the convenience of or as a favor to another part would not be justifiable either in good morals or in the light of that principle of free Government which declares for no taxation without representation; or, to put it in another shape, no taxation without corresponding benefit.

The manufacturers of Anniston have so long reposed under the sunny favor of the Federal Government that it comes natural to them to expect like favors at the hands of the State Government. The Federal Government has protected their business and secured their profits, at the expense of somebody else in the Government, until they have grown richer than the balance of us and can pay more taxes than we do. Predicting one favor upon another, they now ask the State, because they do not pay more taxes, to grant them yet other favors, this time also at the expense of somebody else. They have come to regard themselves as the "special pet" of Government and they grow impatient with men who interpose between them and their further demands at the expense of the masses of the people, and threaten and bluster as to what they will do in the future if those demands are not readily accorded.

Mr. Editor, I for one am willing to call a halt on this thing of government favor to any class, and am willing to take the consequences flowing from the halted purpose of government pets.

I trust that our Senator and Representative in the Legislature will be brave enough to throw themselves on the side of the masses of the people in this matter. I believe that they will. The people now, throughout the county, are speaking to them their wishes in this regard, predicted upon a clear understanding of the bill in question, and their latest expression, after they have been fairly informed upon the matter, should have more weight than a first expression, through petition, gained by misrepresentation and deceit.

### TAXPAYER.

#### A Suggestion.

EDITOR REPUBLICAN:—If any gentleman in the county has signed the petition for the Anniston city court, through misapprehension, and is opposed to its establishment since all the facts have come out, if he has not signed the petition against it since then, he owes it to himself and his fellow taxpayers to write a letter or postal card to his Senator or Representative at Montgomery at once, requesting his name to be taken off of the petition for the court. If he does not his instruction to have the bill passed remains upon his Senator and Representative.

N. X. X.

#### A Question of Consistency.

Mr. Editor:—When Mayor Huger of Anniston, in his inaugural address, said that "fines should be imposed for punishment and not for revenue," the people of Anniston applauded the just and generous sentiment and the Hot Blast said it should be framed in letters of gold. With this sort of feeling, how can the people and the press of Anniston support the bill which proposes to establish a city court to be partly sustained out of fines imposed, not for punishment but for revenue, as well as out of a tax fee on unfortunate litigants, not for punishment, of course, but for revenue solely? It is one of the claims of the supporters of the bill that the court will be self-sustaining from its money fines and forfeitures and the imposition of this tax fee on unsuccessful litigants. It is true that these will not sustain the court and that the greater part of its expense will have to be paid out of the county treasury; but this does not alter the principle upon which the bill is founded. I again ask how can the people and press of Anniston applaud the just sentiment of Mayor Huger and at the same time consistently support this bill?

Greenville Advocate: It is said by medical authorities that those who have once contracted the habit of using it as a beverage and themselves afflicted with a craving of whose intensity none but a sufferer can form the slightest conception. The deleterious effects of the ginger when constantly taken into the stomach is sufficient to render the habit fatal in a short time. In fact, it is one of the most dangerous forms of intemperance known. It has found but few victims in large cities, where stimulants are easily obtained, but in the rural districts where prohibition is in force it is said to have filled many graves.

While in attendance at the meeting of the County Alliance last week we met for the first time E. G. O. Williams, the able representative of Calhoun county in the legislature, and were favorably impressed with him as an intelligent and high-toned Christian gentleman. The people of the county do themselves honor by placing such men in official positions. —Piedmont Post.

The Legislature meets next Tuesday.

### MEETING OF CALHOUN COUNTY BAR.

#### Official Report.

Pursuant to a call heretofore made there was a meeting of the bar of the county on Saturday the 19th of January to discuss the question of a city court at Anniston.

Upon motion of J. H. King, S. D. G. Brothers and C. H. Williams were requested to act as secretaries of the meeting.

Upon motion of J. J. Willet, Col. John M. McKleroy of Anniston was called to the chair. On calling the roll the following members answered to their names: Jno. M. McKleroy, W. F. Johnston, Jno. M. Caldwell, J. J. Willet, E. D. Willet, Jr., B. F. Cassidy, D. C. Blackwell, Lucian Keith, A. H. Sheppard, W. W. Whiteside, J. F. Green, D. D. McLeod, Ben. Micon, Jos. Carthel, J. H. King, Gordon McDonald, Howard Williams, T. C. Sensenbough, Anniston; John H. Caldwell, G. C. Ellis, H. L. Stevenson, S. D. G. Brothers, J. T. Martin, Jacksonville; W. J. Brock, Piedmont; E. H. Hanna, Oxford.

Mr. W. F. Johnston, chairman of the committee of the bar appointed at the last term of the chancery court, to devise some measure of relief from the crowded condition of the dockets, reported that the committee being equally divided, failed to come to any decision, that three of the committee favored a city court for Anniston as a means of relief, and that the other three favored additional time for the circuit and chancery courts and to get this, were in favor of the creation of an additional circuit for the State.

Col. John H. Caldwell, on behalf of himself and associates as members of said committee, then read the following as a report of that committee:

"At a meeting of the Calhoun County Bar, held in the court house of said county, at Jacksonville during the late term of the Chancery Court the subject of the crowded state of the dockets, both of the Circuit and Chancery courts, was discussed, and to the end that relief might be had to the bar and to parties litigant, a committee consisting of resident lawyers of the county, viz: Messrs. W. F. Johnston and B. F. Cassidy, of Anniston; E. H. Hanna, of Oxford; W. J. Brock of Piedmont, and G. C. Ellis of John H. Caldwell of Jacksonville, were appointed to consider the matter and advise the best plan by which the desired end could be attained, having in mind the interests involved in the courts and the best interests and wishes of the people of the county.

Under the call of its chairman the committee so appointed met in the town of Anniston on the 19th day of January, at which meeting Cassidy on behalf of the committee representing the Anniston and Oxford Bar read and submitted a bill providing for the establishment of a city court at Anniston having concurrent jurisdiction with the Circuit and Chancery courts of the county, which bill was proposed to be submitted to the Legislature of Alabama, and prayed to be enacted into a law, as their solution of the difficulty complained of.

As a substitute for the proposition, Col. Ellis, of the Jacksonville Bar, offered in substance the following: "Whereas, the crowded condition of the Chancery and Circuit courts of the county of Calhoun, is such as to require relief and to the end that the relief needed may be obtained, Be it resolved by this committee, appointed by the members of the bar of Calhoun county, that it is the sense of this committee, that our Legislature be memorialized to pass an act increasing the number of Chancery Divisions and Judicial Circuits in the State, so as to give more time for the holding of the said courts in said county."

The substitute was adopted by a vote of three to two the chairman not voting. In pursuance of this vote, the members of the committee favoring the substitute, prepared a bill which was introduced into the Legislature, providing for the creation of a new circuit of the county of Talladega, Clay, Cleburne and Calhoun. The Legislature appreciating the necessity for increased time for the courts, created a Tenth Circuit comprising the counties of Jefferson, Walker and Winston, taking Jefferson out of the 7th circuit, thereby relieving the pressure in said circuit and giving increased time to said court from *sevens to twelve* *twelve weeks* during the year, if found necessary.

The Legislature at its present session has by an act doubled the time for our Chancery court, thus giving us an *extra week* instead of *three* days as heretofore. The undersigned believing the additional time secured, in which to hold our circuit and chancery courts will assure to parties litigant the relief sought, and will subsolve the best interests of the people of the county, respectfully ask to be discharged from the further consideration of the subject.

Jno. H. CALDWELL,  
G. C. ELLIS,  
W. J. BROCK.

Col. G. C. Ellis then moved the adoption of the report read by Col. Caldwell, and the discharge of the committee. After some discussion *pro and con*, upon motion of Mr. Jno. M. Caldwell both the reports of Mr. Johnston and of Col. Caldwell were laid upon the table and the committee discharged. Mr. Cassidy offered the following resolution:

Resolved, That we the members of the bar of Calhoun county, recognizing the necessity for the establishment of a city court for the city of Anniston, do hereby request our Senator and Representative to introduce and have passed a bill in the present General Assembly looking to that end and that they will do everything in their power consistent with their duties as such, to effect the establishment of said city court.

Adopted; yeas, 17, nays, 5. Mr. Brothers took the floor in opposition to the adoption of the resolution. He was followed by Mr. J. J. Willet in support of it. Mr. Brock opposed it. Mr. Johnston replied in favor of resolution. He was followed by Mr. John M. Caldwell of Anniston, in favor of it. At this juncture Senator L. W. Grant, who was at the meeting, suggested to the members of the bar that the discussion had not taken that turn that he had anticipated; that he and the Representative from this county, Hon. G. C. Williams, who was present, were interested to know what the expenses of such a court were going to be to the tax payers of the county; that the question of convenience to the bar of the county would have no weight whatever with him; that it was a question of taxes, and that it was upon this question he expected and desired to have some information; that anything which increased the taxes of the people was something which ought to have the careful consideration of the people's representatives; that the rich could easily pay more taxes—that an increase of taxes was not felt by the rich—but by the poor man, in their lightest forms they were a burthen. He said that, being anxious to inform himself as to what such a court would cost, he had written to an officer of the city court of Birmingham, and had a letter informing him that the city court of Birmingham costs Jefferson county \$12,000 a year, and that the court there was in session ten months of the year, and the greater portion of that time was given to equity and non-jury cases, that if the Anniston city court, which was a like court, cost as much, it would necessitate the raising of the county taxes from 30 cents on the \$100 to 47 cents  $\frac{1}{2}$  mills on the \$100; that he offered this information for what it was worth to the members of the bar.

The meeting was then addressed at length by Col. John H. Caldwell in opposition to the adoption of the resolution. At the conclusion of the speech of Col. Jno. H. Caldwell Mr. King moved the previous question, the yeas and nays being called by the vote stood as follows: Yeas, McKleroy, John M. Caldwell, J. J. Willet, E. D. Willet, Cassidy, Blackwell, Keith, Sheppard, Whiteside, Green, McLeod, Micon, Carthel, King, McDonald, Williams, Hanna, Sensenbough. Nays, John H. Caldwell, Ellis Stevenson, Brothers, Martin.

Mr. Brock left proxy to vote ro. Three members of the Anniston bar not present had proxies to vote aye, but it was decided that no member could vote by proxy. The meeting then adjourned.

In Loving Remembrance of Little Eddie Parker.

The angel of Death has passed the threshold of another happy home and beyond the valley was born an innocent babe. On the evening of January 19th, 1889, little Eddie, beloved infant son of Mr. and Mrs. J. S. Parker, plumed his white wings for that Home Sweet Home

Beyond the sunset's purple rim,  
Beyond the twilight deep and dim,  
Where ebbs and dawns never come,  
For nine short months he was spared to brighten the home and by his sweet and loving ways entwined himself around the fond parent's hearts. His little clothes are folded and laid by, the little cradle set aside, and little toys are still here to remind us of him, that were scattered by his own little hands. Sobs rise from anguished hearts when we remember that we will never again see his sweet blue eyes, nor hear his dear little voice this side of the pearly portals. Sad to remember there is no little Eddie now to meet "papa" when he comes home. But I pray that the blessed Master, who is too wise to err, and who amidst in loving mercy, will cause the distressed ones to look up and remember that they can go to him and that in Heaven there is no time, and when they meet and embrace him again he will still be their pretty baby.

If little Eddie could speak I doubt not that his words would be:  
"Weep not papa, mamma, though I leave you,  
Dry each tear, repress each sigh;  
We will meet, and love each other,  
In the future by and by."  
"I'll be the keys of the garden,  
And watch at the portal door,  
I'll be the first to meet you,  
When you reach this golden shore."

A FRIEND.

### STATE NEWS.

The prospects are that Montgomery will lose the State fair this year. A census, just completed, gives Clayton a population of 1,900.

C. A. Stevens is mentioned as a candidate for the mayoralty of Decatur.

Ashland is afflicted with an epidemic of measles. John D. Chandler and Miss Jennie Keyburn were married in Guntersville on Saturday.

The new opera house at Tuscaloosa will be completed shortly and will be opened in grand style.

The legislature will re-convene at Montgomery on Tuesday next the 29th inst.

There are twenty-two primary alliances in Dale county, with a membership of 1000.

Miss Anna Logan, of Verbena, has taken charge of the housekeeping department of the A. C. P. College, at Tuscaloosa.

Sam Schiffman, of Huntsville, has made an assignment to Geo. T. Scruggs. His liabilities are \$9,666, assets not known.

Mr. P. E. Mathison, of Camden, and Miss Lucy Gaines, of Lower Peach Tree, Ala., were married at the residence of the bride's father on Thursday last.

John B. Davis and J. H. Harden have been indicted by the grand jury at Mobile for endeavoring to pass raised treasury certificates in that city.

The Carnival Association of Mobile is to be revived and arrangements made on an extensive scale for the celebration of Mardi Gras.

Deer are plentiful near Livingston. A party of several gentlemen who went on a hunt a few days since returned to town with seven fine deer.

John Kelly says the Mobile Base Ball team will not be placed in the Southern League for the lack of proper support and encouragement.

The new Government building for Birmingham is to be located at the northeast corner of Second avenue and Eighteenth street. The site has been purchased by the Government for \$33,000.

The Age is quite certain that an arrangement will be effected with the Agricultural Society which will secure the holding of the State Fair next year in Birmingham.

The little child of Captain T. W. Peagler, of Greenville, while playing with a sleeve button, in some way got it fastened in the cords of her tongue, and before it could be extracted the tongue was badly lacerated.

Capt. M. P. Price, who succeeds Capt. A. L. Hoxie at Montgomery as Captain of the Engineer Corps U. S. A., has rented the beautiful residence of Mr. Cecil Gabbett, on Madison avenue, and will reside there in future.

Benton, in Lowndes county, will make a strong effort before the Legislature to secure the passage of an act authorizing the sale of liquor. The prohibitionists will make a fight against it.

Camden is discussing a project of running a dummy line from Allenton Station, on the L. & N. Railroad, to Camden to connect with a landing on the Alabama river. The cost is estimated at \$25,000 per mile, the distance being fifteen miles.

An attempt was made the other night to burglarize the store of John Bantam, at Omaha, a little village near Bonnoke, but the thieves were frightened off before accomplishing their purpose.

According to the Monroe Journal farmers are gradually coming, or rather being forced to the conclusion that to buy commercial fertilizers even at the prices they have been paying, with cotton at 7 and 8 cents per pound, is a losing investment and they can't afford another advance in price.

The lens of the equatorial telescope, at the university, Tuscaloosa, has been broken by some unknown person. This telescope is an old one, at the time of its manufacture it was the largest and finest in the country. The lens was fractured by small shot fired promiscuously by midnight roysters.

Says the Enquirer: When Troy manufactures all the fertilizers, bagging, cotton goods and gins that this section uses, it will begin to come up to the demands upon it, and enjoy a prosperity that will place her on the highway to wealth. The first step has been taken. The second ought to be assured for this fall, and the other two will then naturally follow.

A new addition in the shape of a cruiser will shortly be added to the English navy; the Narcissus, of 5,000 tons, 9,500 horse power, with a speed of more than eighteen knots. She is one of a class of six, all of which will be ready this year. They carry 900 tons of coal, can steam 8,400 miles at a ten-knot speed, and cost £300,000 each.

