

Col. McElroy, one of the old citizens of Talladega county, died.

Don't Forget to come to Court to settle your bill with the Republican Office.

The editors of Alabama will probably attend the Louisville Exposition in a party about September 3rd.

Wednesday a general rain fell over this section, which will be of great benefit to late corn and the cotton crop.

Remember that collections with us are very slow in the summer season, and don't forget us when you come to Court. We shall expect you to be clever in this regard.

The Real Estate and Building Association will put first house on the corner of Depot and Broad streets, and will be delivering the lumber. The building will be an attractive cottage.

Since Ben Butler has stopped the running of papers' hides in Mass. houses, the great tanneries of that State old commonwealth are breaking. Several leather dealers in Boston and elsewhere have failed this week.

Attention is directed to the advertisement of the Alabama Agricultural and Mechanical College at Auburn. Extensive improvements have been made in this College and it is now one of the best schools of its kind in the State.

Don't fail to go to the Concert at College Hall next Thursday night. You will not have an opportunity to enjoy so rich a musical treat soon again.

Samuel Pollock, a prominent member of the firm of Pollock & Co., of Montgomery, was drowned at Long Branch, while bathing, July 29th. He swam out too far to sea and was caught in a strong eddy.

Francis Barca, Spanish envoy and minister plenipotentiary to the United States, committed suicide with a revolver, at the Alhambra hotel in New York the 29th of July. No cause is assigned for the strange act.

Mr. Oscar Camp, with a force of workmen, has fixed the reservoir so that it will hold water and the cry of fire would not now have the terror for our people that it would have had, if this necessary work had not been done. Our people subscribed readily to this object. There is a public spirit now existing in Jacksonville that is very gratifying.

The English Syndicate that has been buying up bonds of the Confederate Government expect the Southern States to pay them off at a figure that will leave the Syndicate rich, under penalty of having English capital withheld from Southern investments. It is a big blackmailing scheme and the English fools who have it in hand will have their pains for their pay.

The concert spoken of heretofore for the benefit of the college will be given at College Hall Thursday night, August 9th. From the list of names on the programme we do not hesitate to say that it will be the best thing of its kind ever before presented in Jacksonville. The proceeds will go toward the purchase of furniture for the College. Both the object of the concert and the rich programme invite the attendance of all lovers of good music.

Prof. J. G. Ryals, Jr., the President elect of the State Normal school, at this place, arrived in Jacksonville Friday, the 27th inst., and remained here, for consultation with the Board of Directors and Faculty, several days. He returned to his home Tuesday, to make preparation to take up his residence here permanently. Mr. Ryals graduated from the University of Virginia with high honor, and is a very finished scholar. He made, during his brief stay here, a most favorable impression upon all with whom he came in contact. We have not the slightest doubt but that he will make the school all that could be desired. He will have the hearty co-operation of the Faculty and people of Jacksonville.

A negro boy, while bathing last week in one of the creeks near here, got beyond his depth and would have drowned, but for the heroic conduct of Peter Hammond, a white lad, who witnessed the struggles of the negro. He unhesitatingly sprang into the water and brought the drowning boy to shore, at the risk of his own life. We commend this incident to the special attention of the fanatics of the North, who suppose the people of the South incapable of a kindness to the negro.

While on this line, we may as well mention another circumstance, going to show the relation between the races in the South. Some days ago a negro man, living near here, had his horse turned by accident, with all his little store of worldly goods. He came to Jacksonville and told his misfortune, and the white people of Jacksonville gave him money to build and furnish another house.

These are only two of hundreds of incidents of like kindness that occur every day. Would the Northern fanatics treat the negro as well as the people of the South do? We do not believe so.

The State Normal School.

We publish elsewhere the circular put forth by the Board of Directors of the above named Institution. The copy is now in the hands of the printer, and it will soon appear in neat pamphlet form for general distribution. It sets forth very clearly the plans and purposes of the Faculty and Board of Directors as regards the Institution. We publish it as matter of interest to our readers.

By the terms of the law establishing the school, Normal pupils will be admitted free of tuition, the State placing the obligation on them, in return, to teach two years in her public schools, or pay tuition as other pupils, if they fail to teach. Of course, if they teach, they will be paid as other teachers. The State does not claim their services for nothing.

By the published rates of tuition, it will be observed, other than Normal pupils will be admitted at a rate of tuition very low indeed. Seventy-five cents, one dollar and a quarter, and two dollars per month, in the Primary, Intermediate, and Senior Department, respectively, without incidental fee, is so low as practically to make the school free—far lower than in any institution of similar grade in the South. The people of Jacksonville, in furtherance of the design of the Board to place the means of acquiring a good education within the reach of all, both rich and poor, will place board at very moderate figures.

Where parties prefer to move here with their children, to secure the benefits of the Institution, houses will be built for rent or sale to them, and rents will not be high. An Association has been formed for this purpose and the designs have been made and contracts let for several cottages to be built at once. Other cottages will be built as occasion demands.

No effort will be spared by the Board of Directors, the Faculty or the people here to make the school a splendid success. We look for the first session to open with a large number of pupils in attendance, and for the school to grow in numbers and popularity as the years go by. Every man who takes time to think of the subject, knows that he is morally bound to give his children the best educational advantages within his reach. Here the opportunity is offered of giving them finished educations at small cost.

James Carey, the Irish informant, was shot dead on the 29th of July on the steamship Melrose, between Capetown and Elizabeth, by a man named O'Donnell. The English Government had taken elaborate and expensive precautions to get him out of Ireland unharmed.

Very Low Rates.

During the continuance of the Southern Exposition, at Louisville, Ky., (commencing August 1st, and continuing 100 days) the Louisville & Nashville Railroad will sell Excursion Tickets from any of its stations to Louisville at one fare for the round trip. These tickets will be on sale every day, from 10 A. M. to 10 P. M., and will be good 15 days, allowing ample time to visit the Greatest Exposition ever held in the South and second only to the Centennial at Philadelphia.

His Wife out of Town.

Of all the insidious temptations, the most insidious is the one that comes from the wife. There is nothing more deceptive, seductive, elusive, than the lure of a woman with a wife out of town.

He feels such a delightful, smart, all-nightfulness, that he forgets his wife, his family, his friends, his duties, his responsibilities, his obligations, his conscience, his honor, his soul, his God.

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FLOWERY YARD LOCALS

Rev. C. M. Livingston preached an excellent sermon at Union last Sunday. Mrs. Dr. Jack Douthett, of Gadsden, is visiting relatives in this county.

Mr. Robt. Berns and family are visiting Mrs. Rosa Broyles.

Crops in this section of the country are suffering very much for rain; we have not had a season in six weeks.

Now, Mr. Editor, if any one about Jacksonville would like to learn their children to talk at an early age tell them to carry them to Alexandria, and I will bet a nickel they will learn to say Bill before they can walk.

BILL, AR, JR.

Montgomery Blair is dead.

OUR LOCAL COLUMN.

Mosquito canopies at Coleclough & Co's.

WANTED,

100 bushels of corn in exchange for family groceries, at my place of business in Jacksonville.

J. D. McCORMICK.

CARPETS! CARPETS! CARPETS! The largest stock in North Ga., at Coleclough & Co's.

Thousands of children die under the age of five years. Why? Physicians attribute it to various causes, and have a vocabulary of infantile diseases too numerous to mention. Worms! Worms! Shiner's Indian Vermifuge will kill them and restore the child.

Cornice and curtain Poles at Coleclough & Co's, Rome, Ga.

G. J. Briant, Rome, Ga., wants you boys in the dry counties to send your jugs to him and he will wet them for you.

An attractive, youthful appearance secured by using Parker's Hair Balsam to all who are getting gray.

Ziegler's fine shoes at Coleclough & Co's.

G. J. Briant gives special attention to C. O. D. orders. When you want a jug of any kind of whiskey send to him at Rome, Ga. apr28-6m.

Deserately Popular.

Unless it had great merit Parker's Ginger Tonic could not be so popular. Its sale has spread remarkably everywhere, because invalids find it gives them new life and vigor when other medicines fail entirely.—Ohio Farmer.

WANTED—A fine shoe and boot maker. Apply to J. D. McCORMICK, Jacksonville, Ala.

GIN SAW FILER.

The undersigned having bought Wood's Gin Filer and the right to sharpen gin files at the city of his shop in Jacksonville. With it he can do work much better and for less money than can possibly be done by hand. It leaves the teeth perfectly uniform, and makes better sample of cotton than hand work. It can be seen at my shop in Jacksonville any time.

L. A. WEAVER

July 28-31.

ENGLISH FEMALE BITTERS is an iron and vegetable tonic, prepared especially for the cure of all that afflict female sex. It builds up and strengthens feeble, broken down and worn out constitutions, repairs damages inflicted by years of suffering, regulates the system, adds iron to impoverished blood and makes permanent cures. It tones the stomach, imparts a keen appetite, aids digestion, restores sick headache, acts gently upon the liver, cures swimming of the head, and palpitation of the heart.

For headache, constipation and biliousness, use *Bailey's Saline Aperient*.

"Tough on Chills," Cures 5 cases for 25 cts. in cash or stamps. Mailed by John Parham, Atlanta, Ga.

Alabama Agricultural and Mechanical College.

Address, ALA., Aug. 1, 1883.

Next session begins Sept. 20th. Faculty of eleven Professors. Gives instruction in Practical Agriculture and Civil Engineering specialties. Location on railroad high and healthy. Tuition Free. Expenses Low. For Catalogue with particulars, address

D. F. BOYD, Pres., Auburn, Ala.

J. F. KLAPP, Painter, Jacksonville, Ala.

House painting, Kalsomining and Paper hanging done in the neatest and latest style. Also, Carriage and Sign painting. Terms moderate. Will go to any place in the county to make estimates or do work.

NEW GOODS

AT

CROW BROS.

COME AND EXAMINE THEM.

Our Calicos are beautiful and of the latest styles. Our Worsteds Goods fine from 14 to 45 cents per yard. We can suit you both in quality and price. We have on hand and still receiving the latest and best of all styles of Shoes we have ever kept; and we propose to sell all our goods to suit the times. We also keep a large stock of

GROCERIES

on hand, that we sell at the very lowest figures. Our

SUGARS AND COFFEES

can't be beat in the market. Our Teas are splendid. A large lot of Crochery, Pocket and Table Cutlery, Soaps, Tobacco, Snuff, Cigars, Ladies and Gents Straw Hats, &c., &c.

W. C. LAND, WATCHMAKER, JEWELER, Jacksonville, Ala.

Also, agent for Meides C7 Table Cutlery and silver and plated ware. Also agent for Meides Watch Co., and other American make. May 1st, 1880

THE STATE OF ALABAMA, Calhoun County.

Office Circuit Court, May 9, 1883. List of Grand and Petit Jurors drawn to serve at the August Term 1883, of the Circuit Court of Calhoun County, Ala., to wit:

GRAND JURORS.

Name. Beat. Occup'n. 1 J. R. Draper, 2, Farmer. 2 S. O. Smith, 2, " 3 B. D. McCall, 2, " 4 W. C. Hanna, 14, " 5 W. C. Hanna, 14, " 6 W. D. A. Cook, 1, " 7 G. B. Skelton, 15, " 8 W. M. Elgin, 3, " 9 Thomas Stewart, 9, " 10 J. T. A. Hughes, 1, " 11 P. C. Patterson, 10, " 12 W. P. Anderson, 4, " 13 S. P. Shurtlee, 3, " 14 T. J. Plesco, 7, " 15 J. R. Scott, 12, "

PETIT JURORS—1st WEEK.

Name. Beat. Occup'n. 1 Thomas King, 10, Farmer. 2 A. C. Woodruff, 2, " 3 C. A. Reeves, 8, " 4 H. R. Langford, 2, " 5 J. S. Canada, 4, " 6 J. P. Ford, 4, " 7 L. N. Downing, 5, " 8 R. L. Allen, 13, " 9 J. F. Crow, 6, " 10 Thomas Vincent, 6, " 11 E. W. Thomas, 7, " 12 J. B. Clark, 4, " 13 S. T. Carter, 13, " 14 J. A. Ward, 8, " 15 J. P. Burns, 10, " 16 James Baggett, 1, " 17 J. W. Ragan, 13, " 18 J. A. Prater, 3, " 19 B. G. McCall, 2, " 20 Jack T. Dempsey, 9, " 21 J. J. Farmer, 9, " 22 W. S. Simon, 9, " 23 G. C. Williams, 8, " 24 D. D. Nabers, 8, "

SECOND WEEK.

1 John M. Owens, 2, " 2 J. N. Phillips, 7, " 3 J. W. M. Wilkins, 7, " 4 W. M. Allen, 17, " 5 J. W. Lester, 12, " 6 J. A. Abney, 12, " 7 Samuel Paul, 14, " 8 J. H. King, 10, " 9 J. A. Adams, 13, " 10 M. B. Bond, 1, " 11 L. B. Burgess, 3, " 12 J. G. Morgan, 10, " 13 Walter Dean, 1, " 14 W. E. Emerson, 13, " 15 W. E. McGinnis, 1, " 16 W. A. Orr, 13, " 17 M. L. Roberts, 9, " 18 C. M. Wilkerson, 9, " 19 John Watson, 6, " 20 A. M. Landers, 1, " 21 P. J. Hines, 1, " 22 W. S. McKinzie, 14, "

G. C. ELLIS, W. W. WHITESIDE, Jacksonville, Ala. Oxford, Ala.

ELLIS & WHITESIDE, Attorneys at Law

SOLICITORS IN CHANCERY. Will practice in all the Courts of Calhoun and adjoining counties. nov11-ly

W. J. PEARCE, R. R. KELLY.

PEARCE & KELLY, ATTORNEYS AT LAW, OXFORD, CALHOUN CO., ALA.

Will practice in the Circuit and Chancery Courts of Calhoun, Talladega, Cleburne and Clay Counties, and in the Supreme Court. References: Isbell & Co., Bankers, Talladega, Ala.; Draper, Son & Co., Bankers, Oxford, Ala.; Capt. P. D. Russ, Clerk Circuit Court, Hon. A. A. Woods, Judge of Probate, Jacksonville, Alabama. oct4-ly

WM. J. BROOK, ATTORNEY AT LAW, OFFICE AT Centre, Cherokee Co., Ala.

Will attend to cases both in the Chancery and Circuit Courts of this Judicial Circuit and Chancery Division, and Supreme Court of the State. Collections promptly attended to.

JOB. A. WALDEN, W. H. WOODWARD, WALDEN & WOODWARD, ATTORNEYS AT LAW, Jacksonville, Ala.

Will practice in all the Courts of the Circuit, and the Supreme Courts of the State. Prompt attention given to the collection of claims.

FRANK W. BOWDON, ROBT. L. ARNOLD, BOWDON & ARNOLD, ATTORNEYS AT LAW

Solicitors in Chancery, JACKSONVILLE, ALA.

Will practice in all the Courts of the Circuit, U. S. Dist. Court and Supreme Court of the State. April 24, 1880

S. D. G. BROTHERS, ATTORNEY AT LAW, Jacksonville, Ala.

Will practice in all the Courts of this Judicial Circuit, and to the Supreme and Federal Circuit. Collections promptly made. Of fee at former office of Col. Jas. Cronk. aug5-ly

JAMES HUTCHINSON, Barber & Hair-dresser, Room on Office Row, recently occupied by Dick Walker.

If you desire to have a pleasant and clean shave, or have your hair trimmed in neat, 1st fashionable style, give him a call. Jacksonville, 3rd, 20, 1878

EXCURSION Season of 1883.

On and after June 1st until otherwise ordered, Excursion tickets to all PRINCE GEORGES WATERING PLACES and SUMMER RESORTS of interest, will be on sale at the ticket office of the E. T. Va. & Ga. R. R. at reduced rates. Good to return until November 1st, 1883.

For price lists, time cards and other information call on the Ticket Agent at the Depot, or address either of the undersigned.

RAY KNIGHT, A. G. P. A., ALA. POPE, G. P. & T. A., Lynchburg, Va. June 2-4

\$1,000 can be made in six months selling

TUNSON'S MAPS & CHARTS

For sale at catalogue, free, address H. C. TUNSON, Cincinnati, O., N. Y. City, Jacksonville, Ill., Omaha, Neb. oct1-ly

East Tennessee, Virginia

GEORGIA RAIL ROAD, Alabama and Alabama Central Division.

TIME TABLE. In Effect December 26th, 1882.

Northward Daily. Mail. Accom'd'n

Lv. Meridian, 4:50 a.m. York, 8:31 a.m. Junction, 10:03 a.m. Arr. Selma, 10:38 a.m.

Lv. Selma, 8:00 a.m. Talladega, 1:10 p.m. Anniston, 2:07 p.m. Arr. Rome, 4:50 p.m.

Arr. Atlanta, Ga. Div. 2:50 p.m. Arr. Dalton, 6:30 p.m. Arr. Cleveland, 8:10 p.m. Arr. Chattanooga, 8:00 p.m.

Southward Daily. Mail. Accom'd'n

Lv. Chattanooga, Ga. Div. 8:00 a.m. Lv. Cleveland, 8:00 a.m. Lv. Dalton, 9:44 a.m. Lv. Atlanta, 1:20 p.m.

Lv. Rome, 11:20 a.m. Anniston, 2:07 p.m. Talladega, 3:30 p.m. Selma, 5:33 p.m. Arr. Selma, 8:30 p.m.

Lv. Selma, 4:30 p.m. Junction, 5:08 p.m. York, 6:58 p.m. Arr. Meridian, 10:00 p.m.

CONNECTIONS.

At Meridian with Mobile & Ohio R. R. and Vicksburg & Meridian R. R. for Mobile, New Orleans, Vicksburg and the South.

At York with Ala. Great Southern R. R. At Junction with Selma & G. R. R. At Selma with Western R. R. (of Alabama), Chickasaw, Selma & Mobile R. R. and New Orleans and Selma R. R.

At Selma with L. & N. R. R. for Montgomery and points South.

At Anniston with Georgia Pacific R. R. At Rome with Georgia Pacific R. R. At Dalton, Macon, Augusta and Georgia points, Dalton, Chattanooga and points North and West, Cleveland, Knoxville, Bristol and all Virginia and Eastern cities.

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At Selma with L. & N. R. R. for Montgomery and points South.

MOTHER'S **WORM** **SYRUP** **FOR** **CHILDREN** **CRY** **FOR** **IT**

Is far superior to all other preparations as a worm-dropper, being composed entirely of vegetable ingredients and free from all nauseous taste that verminage has. It is a pleasant Syrup that children will gladly take, or it can be eaten with bread. Thousands of children die annually of worms when by the use of the Mother's Worm Syrup their precious little lives might be saved. It expels the Round Worm, Thread Worm and the Ruge Tape Worm. It never fails. It clears up the skin and brings back the power of the little sufferer, secures sleep, and restores the appetite. It restores the roses to the cheek and saves the teeth. By its use the child is safe from the dangerous Spasms, and Convulsions, Stomach, and St. Vitis' Dance, which are usually caused by Worms.

MOORE'S **BUSINESS UNIVERSITY,** ATLANTA, GA.

A Model Business School.

ACTUAL BUSINESS.

STUDENTS ON CHANGE.

A Practical School for the Times.

No Theory. No copying from books. The best course of instruction ever adopted for the practical education of young men, boys, and men of middle age.

The course of students comprise every variety of Business and Finance, from Retail to Wholesale operations. Book-keeping in all its various methods. Business Forms, Terms and Notes. Business Writing, Correspondence, Business Arithmetic, Commercial Law, Lectures, Partnership, Settlements, etc., etc.

No vacations. Students can enter at any time. Circulars containing full particulars mailed free to any address.

—R. F. MOORE, Pres.

SALE STABLE

The undersigned, having bought the Hammond Livery Stable of Mr. Wilson, have entered upon their business and will be glad to serve the public.

We expect to keep Vehicles, Horses and Mules for sale, and are prepared to guarantee bargains in this line.

Our terms will be very reasonable and strictly cash.

Horses boarded at low rates. Give us your patronage and we will give you satisfaction.

—MARTIN & WILKINSON, jun 15-ly

TUTT'S **PILLS**

SYN

THE REPUBLICAN.

J. F. & L. W. GRANT.
 TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION:
 For one year in advance, \$2.00
 For six months in advance, \$1.25
 For three months in advance, \$0.75
 For one month in advance, \$0.25
 If not paid in advance, \$3.00

TERMS OF ADVERTISING:
 One square of 10 lines or less, first insertion, \$1.00
 Each subsequent insertion, 50 cents
 Over one square, charged at advertising rates.
 Marriage notices, 50 cents per line.

ANNOUNCEMENT OF CANDIDATES.
 For County Offices, \$5.00
 For State Offices, \$10.00
 Communications affecting the claims of candidates charged as advertisements.

RATES OF ADVERTISING:
 One square of 10 lines, three months, \$3.00
 One square of 10 lines, six months, \$5.00
 One square of 10 lines, one year, \$8.00
 One-fourth column three months, \$10.00
 One-fourth column six months, \$18.00
 One-fourth column one year, \$28.00
 One-half column three months, \$18.00
 One-half column six months, \$32.00
 One-half column one year, \$50.00
 One column three months, \$30.00
 One column six months, \$55.00
 One column one year, \$85.00

A. WOODS,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
JACKSONVILLE, ALA.

Special attention given to the collection of debts, the getting up of pension and land war claims, the making out of homestead entries of lands, and the execution of old forfeited homestead entries of lands. Office in the southwest corner of the court-house, opposite the Circuit Clerk's office.

Caldwell, Hames & Caldwell,
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW
JACKSONVILLE, ALA.

SOLICITORS IN CHANCERY,
JACKSONVILLE, ALA.
 Will practice in all the courts of the 12th judicial district and the supreme and federal courts of the State.

W. W. WOODWARD,
Attorney at Law
JACKSONVILLE, ALA.

Solicitor in Chancery,
 Office formerly occupied by Gen. W. H. Forney, JACKSONVILLE, ALABAMA.

BRADFORD & STEVENSON,
Attorney at Law,
JACKSONVILLE, ALA.

M. J. TURNLEY,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
JACKSONVILLE, ALA.

ELLIS & MARTIN,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW,
 No. 7 Office Row, Jacksonville, Alabama.

H. L. STEVENSON,
ATTORNEY AT LAW
JACKSONVILLE, ALA.

J. D. ARNOLD,
SURGEON DENTIST
JACKSONVILLE, ALA.

JOB PRINTING
 FROM

SMALL CARDS
 TO

MAMMOTH POSTERS
 EXECUTED

Neatly.
Cheap,
AND
Promptly,
AT THE

REPUBLICAN OFFICE

THE FADED ROSE.

Where you hither by the wind
 That rustled through the leaves,
 Or did the tenuous nightingale
 That titters 'neath the flowers
 Make you, poor rose, his prey?

No, under the dancers' careless feet
 From a robe of the lull you tumble,
 Pale emblem of those living flowers
 That like you, too, must crumble.
 Under their feet they crush the bud,
 Until a dancer stopping
 Lifts and hurls it through the bush,
 Into the garden dropping
 The rose just born to-day.

But I, who glean the bruised ear,
 Press to my heart the fragrant
 And search for something "neath its leaf
 Besides its odor fragrant.
 How often, there in heart beats' count,
 As you rest on my bosom,
 A pang comes o'er my thoughts,
 Poor, pale and faded blossom.

THE PICTURE.

"Shan't go a step farther?"
 "Only just a little way—we shall soon
 be home now, and mother's waiting."
 "I won't care. I've made up my
 mind that I've walked too far already,
 and I'm just going to sit down and rest;
 they must wait, and I shall do as I
 choose."
 "But father—"

"Now don't you talk to me about
 'buts,' Charlie, because I won't have it.
 I shall sit down here, and you can go
 and tell your mother not to wait—not
 to wait," the man repeated, raising
 his voice with the stupid anger of in-
 toxication.

Still, in spite of threat and refusal,
 the child persisted in pleading that his
 father should go home; but his words
 only seemed to strengthen the man's
 obstinacy, and all the boy could do was
 to get his father to turn aside from the
 high road into a field close by, where
 the man threw himself full at length
 on the grass, somewhat under the shade
 of the hedge, and in a few minutes he
 was sleeping heavily whilst the child
 sat down at a little distance, with a
 strange kind of unchildish patience on
 his features, to wait until his father
 should wake. Poor little Charlie! he
 knew too well how useless any attempt
 on his part would be to rouse his father
 from that sort of sleep.

Rather more than half an hour had
 passed in this dreary waiting, and Char-
 lie was beginning to find all his small
 sources of amusement fail him. He
 had watched a large dog that kept hover-
 ing over the convolvulus blossoms in
 the hedge, and wondered if he had not
 nearly finished his day's work; and
 had placed a small out of harm's way,
 and had been tempted to chase a beautiful
 painted butterfly that flitted past him;
 but he began at last to lose his interest
 in bees and butterflies, for it was now
 tea-time, and Charlie was getting terri-
 bly hungry. Still he did not think of
 deserting his post, for no one but the
 child himself knew how often he had
 kept his tiny father off the country
 road when carts or carriages were com-
 ing along, nor how he had managed to
 guide him in safety over the narrow
 bridge that led across the river to their
 cottage.

Charlie sat there quietly, though
 he was growing more tired and hungry
 every moment until the sound of a
 whistle at a little distance attracted his
 attention, the sound gradually coming
 nearer and sounding more distinct, un-
 til a young man jumped over the stile
 at the end of the field and approached
 the child, who then knew him to be a
 gentleman, half crossed the field during
 some weeks, sometimes sketching,
 sometimes wandering about with his
 knapsack on his back and his portfolio
 under his arm. Indeed a kind of half
 acquaintance had sprung up between
 the young artist and Charlie—one at-
 tracted by the glimpses he had caught
 of the pictures contained in the wonder-
 ful portfolio, the other by the child's
 wistful glance and his rustic beauty.

Just with his own thoughts, and
 judging from his happy face they were
 very pleasant ones—perhaps dreams of
 the time when some wonderful picture
 of his should hang on the walls of the
 Academy, and by so doing help him on
 the road to fame and fortune—Eustace
 Carroll had noticed Charlie and his father.
 Then the quick eyes told him the meaning
 of the little scene; the quiet, weary-
 looking child and the sleeping father, with
 his untidy clothes and collar and neck-
 tie unfastened, and his face turned up
 to the blue sky that looked down upon
 nothing so debased as this man, whom
 God had made to be a father, and who, by
 his own vice, had thus degraded himself.

With the quick instinct of childhood,
 Charlie understood the look of disgust
 with which the young artist turned to
 him, saying kindly as he did so:
 "You are waiting to take your father
 home, I suppose?"

"Yes, sir," replied the child, whilst
 a flush of shame spread over his face.
 "Well, I think he is likely to be here
 four hours yet. Can't you leave him?"
 "No, sir, he might be run over or fall
 into the river if I left him to come home
 by himself."

"Oh!" said Eustace, as he glanced
 toward the sleeping man, and wonder-
 ed if it would be worth his while to
 do as he suggested, remembering that
 he checked the thought, remembering that
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Five years had passed before the
 young artist had the time and chance to
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 five years he had done good work—had
 thought, and worked, and painted, until
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To House Builders.

Sellers have gone to New York to lay in a stock of Goods. They do not forget to bring some money to pay for their subscription to the Republican. They have left out some communication on the subject of the stock law week to make room for other material.

We again insert the circular of the Board of Directors of the State Normal School at this place. The two publications we give this circular, is with- out charge and solely for the benefit of the public at large, and the cause of education.

Mr. Venable, of Talladega, a most accomplished workman in his line, has some fine work both inside and out- painting and frescoing on Capt. Crook's residence. Parties who want painting done can do no bet- ter than to consult Mr. Venable.

Parties who want to know where they can get board for their children in Jacksonville, and at what rates, should consult Capt. Wm. M. Hammes, Presi- dent, or Jno. M. Caldwell, Secretary of the Board of Directors of the Normal School. Parties who are willing to take others should give their names to one of these gentlemen.

We were pleased to receive a Tuesday from Mr. O'Shields, Editor of the Cross Plains Post. He has attended court this week for the purpose of soliciting sub- scribers to his excellent paper. We wish him a pleasant sojourn in Jacksonville and a long list of subscribers to take back with him.

Col. Denison of the Gadsden News and Mr. Johnson of the Jacksonville News are in Jacksonville this week. We need not assure representatives of these excel- lent journals that the door of the Republican office is always open to them and that even our ex- changes are at their service at all times.

Mr. Burnett, editor of the Cross River News has been in Jacksonville this week attending Circuit Court. The News has recently been greatly enlarged and is now metropolitan in ap- pearance. Mr. Burnett edits it with signal ability. We say to him as to other editors who have been here this week, that the lat- tering of the Republican office goes on the outside.

Circuit Court—Court opened here Monday, Judge Bost presiding. The following attorneys are in attendance, in addition to the bar of Jacksonville: Messrs. Bishop, Bowden, Parsons, Hay- den and Knox of Talladega; Messrs. Arnsley, Aiken, Denison, Pope and Cunningham of Etowah; Mr. Walden of Cherokee, and Messrs. Savage, White- head, Kelley, Brock and Hanna of Calhoun. The charge of his Honor was mild and able. The business of the court is being dispatched with con- siderable rapidity. The good order of the people in attendance is remarkable. There has been none of the boisterous talk and conduct that has hitherto characterized the gathering of large bodies of men here during the sessions of Court. This can only be attributed to the fact that the bars have been closed in the country. We think even the most prejudiced that against prohibi- tion will concede this.

Since the above was written, Mr. Bur- nett, a member of the bar of Cherokee has come in. Mr. M. Menko, of Atlanta, father of Mr. Julius Menko of Germania, this county, met with a serious accident which resulted in his death August 1st, after several days of intense suffering. In answer to a telegram, Mr. J. Menko reached his father before his death; but the parent was unconscious and never recognized him. He was much respected in Atlanta, where he has been long a prominent business man. Some months ago he paid this section of country a visit, and won many friends by his frank and friendly manners. The Constitution of late date has this to say of his funeral: "The remains of Mr. Menko were in- terred in Oakland cemetery yesterday. The funeral procession was a large one, indicating the many friends Mr. Menko won during his life. The Masonic frater- nity conducted the exercises. The procession moved to the cemetery at 10 o'clock, and nearly every church in At- lanta was in it. Every dwelling house in the city indicated their respect for the deceased by closing their stores during that time."

Resolutions of Respect. At a regular meeting of Ansonia Lodge No. 91 E. O. G. T., Aug. 4th, 1883. The following report was accepted:

The committee to which was assigned the duty of preparing resolutions on the death of Bro. Anderson has performed that service and now beg leave to re- commend the following preamble and resolutions:

Resolved, That in his death we mourn the loss of one whose devotion to the cause of Temperance was conspicuous. Resolved, That his memory be dear to us, and that we will ever cherish the name of W. L. Anderson as an earnest worker in the cause of Temperance, an upright citizen, and a friend that could be trusted.

Resolved, That a page of our journal be dedicated to his memory on which shall be inscribed his name and day of his birth and death. Resolved, That a copy of these resolu- tions be presented to the widow of the deceased brother, and a copy sent to the Jacksonville Republican with a re- quest to publish the same.

J. V. WATKINS, WM. LAMBERT, J. M. WATERS, Com.

Accounts agree that Calhoun is to have two more papers. With the establishment of these the county will have five newspapers. The Republican tenders them a hearty welcome. A dozen papers could not do justice to the mag- nificent possibilities and vast re- sources of the county. Let the boom progress.

Calhoun's Wonder.

Editor REPUBLICAN.

I invite the attention of your readers to the following facts and figures illustrative of the effects of Prohibition in Calhoun. There is no sickly sentimentality or gush; but the eloquence of truth, the incontrovertible evidence of practical demonstration, and the irrefragable and unanswerable logic of fact. Prohibition does prohibit. In the face of the splendid vindication of this truth given below, deductions of reasoning are useless, controversy idle, and denial impos- sible. Every candid, impartial, fair minded man, who will look upon these two pictures, the one presented during the reign of king alcohol, the other after his banishment, will reach the inevitable conclusion, that Prohibition is a grand instrumentality in promoting the moral and material prosperity of the county. Upon the first of this month I addressed this communication to the Clerk of the county court, the Mayors of Ansonia, Jacksonville, Cross Plains, Oxford and the presiding Justice of Ansonia Court.

Please examine police records of your court and write me number of arrests for convictions during the months of June and July, of years '82 and '83 respectively. "The Clerk of county court reported: 'During the months of May, June and July, of year 1882, there were 56 cases tried in county court. For the same months of year 1883, there were only 20, making a difference of 36, and showing a decrease in crime during only three months of Prohibition of 65 per cent.' From the Mayor of Ansonia, I received the following letter: 'An examination of the police records of your court, shows 18 convictions for June and July 1882, for the same months in 1883 only 7 convictions. The results are wonderful here. The change to bright and happy faces of the women, the cheerful looks of the men, the marked increase in purchases of fine furniture and other home comforts, makes one feel that a little heaven on earth has been started at Ansonia.' It is well to remark here that the Mayor of Ansonia is managing storekeeper for the company. The fact that the population of Ansonia has nearly doubled since June 82, will make percentage of decrease in crime during the months of June and July, of year 1883, very different. The Mayor of Jacksonville sent the following report: 'I have to state in reply to your inquiry, that police records of my court show five times as many convictions exactly during the months of June and July 1882 as there were in same months of year 1883. From the Mayor of Cross Plains, I received this report: 'Upon examina- tion of police records of my court, I find 15 convictions for months of June and July, 1882, and 4 convictions for same months of year 1883.' I was referred by the Justice of Ansonia Court, to his official report to the Grand Jury, sitting for the August term of the Circuit Court, and from which I extract the following: 'There have not been one fifth as many arrests for violation of law, brought before me since the Prohibi- tion law went into effect, as there were for the same length of time before. During the last three months there has been a great decrease of all offenses against the laws of the State. The county jailer stated to me, that during the month of July 1882, he had 15 persons awaiting trial in the county prison, while for the same month in 1883, he had only 3. He remarked, 'I have been jailer for 10 years and during all that period, I have never had so few a number in prison before.' The Mayor of Oxford reports 23 arrests for June and July 1882, and 10 for same months of year 1883. While the decrease of crime in this little city, is about 54 per cent. during three months of prohibition, the decrease of groceries, over the Talladega line, in an hour's ride of Oxford, fully explains why the distribution of criminal convictions does not accord with the standard decrease of other towns in Calhoun. Still it is a wonder- ful change wrought by prohibition, and fully attests the practical benefit arising from it. Men have been arrested for the prohibition movement was the offspring of fanaticism. What more can be said, in the light of these overwhelming and crushing statistics, gathered from the highest official authorities of Calhoun, to vindicate it and to prove the practical benefits of prohibition? The moral condition of Calhoun is such that it is rapidly developing her splendid material resources, that is binding up the bruised heart of suffering and sorrowing womanhood, and filling homes once desolate and dreary, with life, light and love; let it spread and widen until its inspiration is felt from the moun- tains to the sea."

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W. W. WOODWARD.

dog's tail, and was screaming like a hyena. The dog gave but one astonished look behind as he bounded to his feet and made tracks for another country. The monkey held on until Rattler spring over a ten rail fence at the back of the garden, when he suddenly quit his hold and sat on the top rail and watched the dog's flight with a chatter of perfect satisfaction and danced with de- light along the rail. The little Italian shouldered his monkey affectionately and walking up to Moore said: "Your dog not well to-day; maybe your dog gone off to hunt rabbit. Your dog no like my monkey—he not acquain. Maybe when I come again next year he come come back and fight some more." The dog did not return for three days, and cannot be induced to fight a common cur.—Exchange.

Hot Ice.

A correspondent of nature, after numerous experiments on the boiling point of substance under low pressures, came to the conclusion that it would be possible to have solid ice at temperatures far above the ordinary melting point. He says, "After several unsuccessful attempts, I was so fortunate as to obtain the most perfect success, and have obtained solid ice at tem- peratures so high that it was im- possible to touch it without burn- ing one's self. This result has been obtained many times, and with the greatest ease; and not only so, but on one occasion a small quantity of water was frozen in a glass vessel which was so hot that it could not be touched by the hand without burning it. I have had ice a considerable length of time at a temperature far above ordinary boiling point, and even then it only sublimed away without any previous melting. These results were obtained by maintaining the superincumbent pressure below 40mm. of mercury—i. e., the tension of aqueous va- por at the freezing point of water. Other substances also exhibit these same phenomena, the most notable of which is mercuric chloride, for which latter the pressure need be reduced to only 42mm. On letting in the pressure the sub- stance at once liquefies."

OUR LOCAL COLUMN.

Boarding!

Mrs. Mrs. M. E. Francis will take four young male pupils of the Normal School to board at reasonable rates. Mosquito campsite at Colclough & Co's.

Carpeting!

Carpeting! Carpets! Carpets! The largest stock in North Ga., at Colclough & Co's.

Premium.

Parties who have male pups, sold by David Crook, are requested to bring them to Weaver's Station, Saturday the 25th. I will give a premium of \$5 to the owner of the best colt.

Spasmodic convulsions.

Spasmodic convulsions are frequently caused by worms gnawing at the vitals; therefore, at the first indication of worms, Shiner's Indian Vermifuge should be administered according to di- rections.

Combine and certain Poles at Colclough & Co's.

G. J. Bryant, Roma, Ga., wants you boys in the dry counties to send your jugs to him and he will wet them for you.

Very Low Rates.

During the conference of the Southern Exposition, at Louisville, Ky., (commencing August 1st, and continuing 100 days) the Louisville & Nashville Railroad will sell Excursion Tickets from any of its stations to Louisville at one fare for any round trip. These tickets will be on sale from 20th of June to 1st of September, and will be good for 15 days, allowing ample time to visit the Exposition, and to see the city of Louisville. The Exposition will be held in the South and second only to the Centennial at Philadelphia.

An attractive, youthful appearance secured by using Parker's Hair Balsam to all who are getting gray.

Ziegler's fine shoes at Colclough & Co's.

G. J. Bryant gives special attention to C. G. D. orders.

When you want a jug, any kind of whiskey send him at Roma, Ga.

Deserted Popular.

Unless it had great merit Parker's Ginger Tonic could not be so popular. Its sale has spread remarkably every- where, because invalids find it gives them new life and vigor when their medicines fail entirely.—Ohio Farmer.

GIN SAW FILER.

The undersigned having bought Wood's Gin Filer and the right to use same to Calhoun county, will sharpen gin files at the gin or at his shop in Jacksonville. With it he can do work much better and for less money than can possibly be done by hand. It takes the teeth perfectly uniform, and makes better sample of work than hand work. It can be seen at any shop in Jack- sonville any time.

L. A. WEAVER

July 28—31.

ENGLISH FEMALE BITTERS is an iron and vegetable tonic, prepared especially for the cure of all the affections of the female sex.

It builds up and strengthens feeble, broken down and worn out constitutions, repairs damages inflicted by years of suffer- ing, regulates the system, adds iron to a weak blood, and makes perfect men- struation. It tones the stomach, im- proves the liver, cures constipation, and restores the system to its normal condition. It is a perfect blood purifier, and a perfect tonic for the female sex. It is a perfect blood purifier, and a perfect tonic for the female sex. It is a perfect blood purifier, and a perfect tonic for the female sex.

Fon headache, constipation and bil- iousness, use *Baileys's Seltzer Aperient*.

"Tough on Chills,"

Cure 6 cases of chills in cash, stamps. Mailed by John Parham, Atlanta, Ga.

G. C. ELLIS, W. W. WHITESIDE, Jacksonville, Ala., Oxford, Ala.

ELLIS & WHITESIDE, Attorneys at Law

SOLICITORS IN CHANCERY.

Will practice in all the Courts of Calhoun and adjoining counties. nov1-ly

W. J. PEARCE, R. B. KELLY.

PEARCE & KELLY, ATTORNEYS AT LAW.

OXFORD, CALHOUN CO., ALA.

Will practice in the Circuit and Chancery Courts of Calhoun, Talladega, Oglethorpe and Clay Counties, and in the Supreme Court.

References—Labels & Co., Bankers, Tal- ladega, Ala.; Draper, Son & Co., Bankers, Oxford, Ala.; Capt. P. D. Ross, Clerk Cir- cuit Court, Hon. A. Woods, Judge of Pro- bate Court, Jacksonville, Alabama. oct1-ly

WM. J. BROCK, ATTORNEY AT LAW.

OFFICE AT Centre, Cherokee Co., Ala.

Will attend to cases both in the Chancery and Circuit Courts of this Ju- dicial Circuit, and in the Supreme Court, and Supreme Court of the State. Col- lections promptly attended to.

JOK. A. WALDEN, W. W. WOODWARD

Walden & Woodward, ATTORNEYS AT LAW,

JACKSONVILLE, ALA.

Will practice in all the courts of the Circuit, and the Supreme Courts of the State. Prompt attention given to the col- lection of claims.

FRANK W. HOWARD, ROBT. L. ARNOLD

BOWDON & ARNOLD, ATTORNEYS AT LAW

JACKSONVILLE, ALA.

Solicitors in Chancery,

JACKSONVILLE, ALA.

Will practice in all the Courts of the Circuit, U. S. Dist. Court and Supreme Court of the State. April 24, 1880

S. D. G. BROTHERS, ATTORNEY AT LAW

JACKSONVILLE, ALA.

Will practice in all the Courts of this Ju- dicial Circuit, and in the Supreme and U. S. District Courts. Collections promptly made. Of- fice at former office of Col. Jas. Crook—aug1-ly

JAMES HUTCHINSON, Barber & Hair-dresser.

Room on Office Row, recently occupied by Dick Walker.

If you desire to have a pleasant and clean shave, or have your hair trimmed in neat & fashionable style, give him a call. Jacksonville, Sep. 20, 1878

EXCURSION Season of 1883.

On and after June 1st until otherwise notified, Excursion tickets to all PRIN- CIPAL WATERING PLACES and SUMMER RESORTS of interest, will be on sale at the ticket office of the B. T. Va. & Ga. R. R. at reduced rates, good to return until November 1st, 1883.

For price lists, time cards and other information call on the Ticket Agent at the Depot, or address either of the un- dersigned.

RAY KNIGHT, A. G. P. A. Selma, Ala.

A. POPE, G. P. & T. A. Lynchburg, Va.

Alabama Agricultural and Mechanical College.

Annex, Ala., Aug. 1 1883.

Next session begins Sept. 25th. Faculty of eleven Professors. Gives industrial education. Practical Agriculture and Civil En- gineering specialties. Location on railroad high and healthy. Tuition free. Ex- penses low. For Catalogue with particulars, address

D. E. BOYD, Pres. Auburn, Ala.

J. F. KLAPP, Painter.

House painting, Kalamining and Pa- per hanging done in the best and fast- est style. Also, Carriage and Sign paint- ing.

Terms moderate. Will go to any place in the county to make estimates or do work.

NEW GOODS

AT

CROW BROS.

GOODS AND EXAMINE THEM.

Our Calicos are beautiful and of the latest styles. Our Worsted Goods fine, from 15 to 45 cents per yard. We can suit you both in quality and price. We have on hand and still receiving the largest and best selected lot of Shoes we have ever kept, and we propose to let all our goods to suit the times. We also keep a large stock of

GROCERIES

Wholesale and Retail at the very lowest prices. Our

SUGARS AND COFFEES

can't be beat in the market. Our Teas are splendid. A large lot of Crocker, Pocket and Table Cutlery, Soaps, To- bacco, Snuff, Candy, Lard and Butter, Strawberry, &c., &c.

W. O. LAND, WAGONMAKER.

AND

JEWELER.

Jacksonville, Ala. — Ala.

Also agent for Southern C. Table Cutlery and silver and plated ware. Also agent for Elgin Watch Co. and other American make May, 1st 1885

can be made in 30 days

TUNSON'S MAPS & CHARTS

For 32 page catalogue, free, address, H. C. TUNSON,

Cincinnati, O., N. Y. City, Jacksonville, Ill., Omaha, Neb.

East Tennessee, Virginia.

GEORGIA RAIL ROAD, Alabama and Alabama Central Division.

TIME TABLE. In Effect December 26th, 1882.

Northward Daily. Mail. Accom'du

Lv. Meridian, 4:30 a.m. 4:45 p.m.

Yule, 6:30 a.m. 6:45 p.m.

Jacksonville, 8:31 a.m. 8:46 p.m.

Arr. Selma, 10:03 a.m. 10:18 a.m.

Lv. Selma, 8:00 a.m. 8:15 p.m.

Talladega, 10:58 a.m. 11:13 p.m.

Talladega, 1:10 p.m. 1:25 p.m.

Arr. Rome, 2:07 p.m. 2:22 p.m.

Arr. Selma, 4:50 p.m. 5:05 p.m.

Arr. Atlanta, Ga. Div., 2:50 p.m. 3:05 p.m.

Arr. Dalton, 6:30 p.m. 6:45 p.m.

Arr. Cleveland, 8:10 p.m. 8:25 p.m.

Arr. Chattanooga, 8:00 p.m. 8:15 p.m.

Southward Daily. Mail. Accom'du

Lv. Chattanooga, Ga. Div., 8:00 a.m. 8:15 p.m.

Lv. Cleveland, 8:44 a.m. 8:59 p.m.

Lv. Dalton, 9:44 a.m. 9:59 p.m.

Lv. Atlanta, 11:20 a.m. 11:35 p.m.

Lv. Rome, 1:20 a.m. 1:35 a.m.

Arr. Meridian, 2:07 p.m. 2:22 p.m.

Arr. Selma, 3:30 p.m. 3:45 p.m.

Arr. Talladega, 5:23 p.m. 5:38 p.m.

Arr. Selma, 8:20 p.m. 8:35 p.m.

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Jacksonville, 5:58 p.m. 6:13 p.m.

Yule, 8:15 p.m. 8:30 p.m.

Arr. Meridian, 10:09 p.m.

CONNECTIONS.

At Meridian with Mobile & Ohio R. R.

At Jacksonville with Mobile & Ohio R. R.

At Jacksonville with Selma & G. R. R.

AGRICULTURE.

CABBAGES AND SAUERKRAUT.—The demand for cabbages constantly increasing in this country, while the supply is diminishing. A few years ago many farmers raised cabbages as a field crop for supplying their cattle, sheep, hogs and poultry with fresh food during the winter season. They were very cheap, and the seasons were favorable to their growth, and there were few insects that troubled them. They were often sold in the vicinity of neighboring cities for one dollar per hundred in the fields and gardens where they were raised. But recently the seasons have been unfavorable to the growth of cabbages, and the imported cabbage-worm has made sad havoc with those that were raised. Cabbages have sold here as high as ten dollars per hundred, and sauerkraut has been imported from Germany, and sold on the market. Both cabbages and sauerkraut from the same country have been sold in eastern cities. The large increase of German population, the number of our native population that have learned to eat sauerkraut, and the amount of cabbages required to supply oyster saloons have increased the demand for the vegetable that was at one time so abundantly produced. The demand for them is large, and promises to remain so. Cabbages can be shipped as easily as potatoes, and can be kept over the winter with less trouble. Sauerkraut is as much an article of commerce as canned fruit, and can be manufactured by farmers and shipped to cities to most excellent advantage.

A common mistake in the cultivation of tomatoes is to imagine that requires an enormous space to perfect its growth. Of course, if it is allowed to wander at its own sweet will, it will occupy a great deal of ground. But this is not at all the best way to get ripe fruit, though any amount of leaves, stalks, and green tomatoes may be produced by it. Please observe the following plan a fair trial. Set the plants in rows two feet apart, and fifteen inches apart in the rows.

When the first bunch of buds has fairly made its appearance, nip off the whole of the shoots growing between the stem and branches, but allow the main stem to grow on until four or, at most, five bunches of buds are formed. Then, the plant being probably about three feet high, pinch off the main stem three inches from the highest bunch, and continue to nip off the shoots as before, as just as they make their appearance, just as in the cultivation of tobacco.

It is this properly done, the greatest amount of ripe fruit that the climate is capable of producing will be secured. Stakes, about four feet long, will be required to tie the plants to. They should be driven firmly into the ground and the stems should not be too tightly bound. I have practiced this mode of growing tomatoes for twelve years, and have never failed to obtain an early crop of well-ripened fruit. Keep the ground well stirred and mulch with well-rotten dung. Lots of liquid manure.

RATS IN THE HOG PEN.—There is nothing more detestable than a pig pen infested with rats, for the vermin not only annoy the farmers but commit depredations on every other portion of the farm. The pig-pen fosters them principally, as it is there they can get plenty to eat, and can hide under the floors. The best precaution is no floors but rats will keep within convenient distance of the pigpen, be as careful as we may. A swarm of rats will consume as much as the same number of fowls, and the damage from burrowing, gnawing and their is very considerable.

Rats are very careful and cannot be trapped or poisoned easily. The best plan to get rid of them is to leave some of the hog feed outside of the pen every evening. The rats will not come in the pen, at first, but after awhile, if it is left there continually, they will venture to take it. The next evening, if they find that no harm has occurred to any one of their number from it, they will eat a little more, until, finally, they will look for it. By this time every rat on the premises will be at the nightly banquet, and, as they have gained confidence, all the farmer has to do is to procure a reliable poison and every rat is doomed. The wholesale slaughter will prevent other rats from coming, as they avoid dangerous places.

As to the immediate future of wheat, the low range of prices prevents British India from being as great a competitor as last year, navigation in Northern Russia is closed, the fall sowing of wheat in England has been delayed by floods, and our farmers generally are in better condition for holding their crops, while the present low prices tend to increase the demand over the civilized world.

The common barrow can be applied to many more purposes than its common use of preparing the ground for seeding. It is one of the best implements for liming manure after it has been spread broadcast, more thoroughly mixing it with the soil and making the manure doubly effective.

The Texas State Grange at its annual session last month, shows an increase in membership of over 8,000 during the past year. One hundred and twenty-five district granges were revived and eighteen new ones organized during the year. This is the way the granges are dying.

Os had rich in vegetable matter a good plan is to burn stable rather than plow it under. Yet if any predominates the stable plow under will do more good by mechanically loosening the soil than its ash could possibly perform.

Every farmer should keep by his manure pen a few barrels of plaster, and as often as once each week should strew over the contents sprinkling of plaster, and this should continue during the entire winter in warm climates.

This yield of cheese from Jersey milk is surprisingly large. It is, at least, twenty per cent. greater than the yield of it is required to make a pound of cheese when it requires ten pounds of other milk.

A great saving in the labor of cultivation can be made by drawing a heavy bush or a smoothing harrow broadcast over the field just before or at the time the potato sprouts are beginning to push through.

Skimmed milk is one of the best articles of diet for laying hens, and, so far as they can use it, it can be put to no more profitable use. Mixed with wheat bran it makes an excellent feed for growing chicks.

DOMESTIC.

A BOULLAUBAISE AT HOME.—A boullabaisse of sea-bass is easily made. Cut up the fish, removing bones and skin and the bitter, brown portion in the head. You can add a couple of flounders, also cut up and boned. Then, gently heat in a saucpan two ounces of best olive oil, a bay leaf, some minced sweet basil and two cloves of garlic; when it has reached the frying point, add the fish and a dozen oysters, a thinly-sliced lemon, three or four skinned and seeded tomatoes, an onion stalk with one or two heads of onion, salt and pepper; for the coloring and piquant flavor add a teaspoonful of powdered saffron and a large glass of white wine; cover well the whole with water. The closed saucpan over a very hot, bright fire for fifteen or twenty minutes will be sufficient to reduce the boullabaisse to a pulp. A teaspoonful of chopped parsley is added, and a bowl for one minute, then place in a deep dish some slices of carefully browned toast, and over this pour the soup. But the fish must be placed in a separate dish, the bay leaf, exhausted lemon and garlic removed before serving.

A Partially Dead Man.
The *Morning Herald*, Baltimore, Md., states: Major B. S. White, of this city, describes his misadventure as follows: "I have been a partially dead man for ten years. The cause attributed my sufferings to the enlargement of certain glands. The quantity of medicine I took without relief would be sufficient to set up a first-class apothecary shop. Finally St. Jacob's Oil was recommended. I had my spinal column thoroughly rubbed with it. All those knots, lumps and stiffness have passed away, and I am myself again."

NEAPOLITAN CAKE.—Dark part: One cupful of butter, two cupfuls of brown sugar, one cupful of molasses; one cupful of strong cold coffee; four and a half cupfuls of flour; four eggs; two spoonfuls of soda well sifted with the flour; two spoonfuls of powdered cloves; two spoonfuls of cinnamon; one spoonful of powdered mace; one pound of stoned raisins; half a pound of chopped figs; half a pound of well washed and dried currants. Bake in jelly cake pans.

White part: One cupful of butter; four cupfuls of flour; four cupfuls of sugar; two cupfuls of sweet milk; two eggs; six teaspoonfuls of baking powder; flavor to taste with bitter almond. Bake in jelly-cake pans. Grate the peel and squeeze the juice from two lemons; add enough pulverized sugar to stiffen the juice; spread it between the cakes, using alternately a white and dark cake. Frost the top and the sides of the cake with lemon icing. Half this quantity makes a good sized cake.

"To live to what the sword when the trumpet sounds to draw it." But never too late to what your appetite by taking Kidney-Wort, restoring health and making yourself a well, strong, healthy man. It is unequalled as a remedy for all liver, bowels and kidney diseases. All druggists keep and recommend it.

A good rule to follow when making ice cream is this: To one quart of rich, sweet cream allow five eggs, and sugar enough to sweeten to your taste; cook in a ball or pan, set in a kettle of hot water. When as thick as for boiled custard take it out, and when cool flavor it. If you put the flavoring extract in when the custard is hot you will be obliged to use much more. Let it be cold before putting it into the freezer. You gain no time by hurrying. Set the custard in the refrigerator or down the cellar, then pack the ice and salt around the freezer. Constant stirring is what gives the desired fine grain to the frozen cream. In peach-time quarters or slices of the fresh peaches may be stirred into a frozen with the cream. Pineapple is also used, in this way, but cannot be recommended, as it must be very indigestible.

Don't neglect again.
I saw so much said about the merits of Hop Bitters, and my wife who was always doctoring, and never well, teased me so urgently to get her some, I concluded to be humbugged again; and I am glad I did, for in less than two months' use of the Bitters, my wife was cured, and she has remained so for eight months since. I like such humbugging.—H. T. St. Paul.—"Pioneer Press."

Do not let your landlady or washerwoman put clothes into the bluing water until they have been well shaken. If tossed in while folded as they come through the wringer they are almost certain to be streaked with bluing, and although after repeated washings these streaks will come out, everyone knows how aggravating it is to use napkins or handkerchiefs that show traces of careless washing.

A Remarkable Tribute.
Sidney Ourembro, of Pittsburg, Pa., writes: "I have used Dr. Wm. Hall's Balm for the Lung many years with the most gratifying results. The relief afforded by its use is wonderful. The pain and tickle of the lungs is a distressing cough, and a severe case of a spasm of the chest, and I have found it to be a most reliable remedy. My wife always sends for Hall's Balm instead of a physician."

Dr. Green's Oxygenated Bitters is the oldest and best remedy for Dyspepsia, Biliousness, Malaria, and all diseases of the Stomach, and all diseases which are a source of complaint of the Blood, Kidneys and Liver.

Cook asparagus in salt water; but wash and scum very thoroughly before cooking, even if very young and tender. All green vegetables, except peas, should be very thoroughly washed and put both lettuce and cabbage (cauliflower and too) head down into the pan of water, as to soak and shake off all grit, dirt or insects that may be among the leaves.

Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer is the most perfect of all nerve cures. It is a simple, safe, and reliable remedy. Send to 21 Arch Street, Philadelphia, Pa.

For soda biscuit take a quart of unsifted flour, a tablespoonful of sugar, a tablespoonful of butter, three teaspoonfuls of baking powder, one teaspoonful of salt, and milk enough (nearly a pint) to make a soft dough. Lard or drippings may be used instead of butter, and water instead of milk. The dry ingredients are mixed together and the lard added, and the mixture stirred with a spoon until a smooth paste is formed. The moulding-board having been sprinkled lightly with flour, roll the dough down to the thickness of about half an inch. Cut into small cakes and bake fifteen minutes in a very hot oven.

HUMOROUS.

"Did I ever tell you how the deacon gave himself away?" asked Fogg, as he took his cigar out of his mouth and knocked off the ashes. "Gave himself away?" exclaimed two or three of the boys in a breath. "Yes," replied Fogg, after taking a few whiffs to get his cigar well a-go; "the deacon, you know, was one of those temperance chaps who never drank anything but water, and can't tell one kind of liquor from another. We had a little sit down, d'ye see, and plenty to drink as well as plenty to eat. The deacon wouldn't touch anything but water; never tasted liquor in his life, he said, and he didn't mean to begin now. Well, one of the boys poured out a glass of gin on the sly, and then put it down in place of the deacon's tumbler. And what do you think the deacon did? Why, sir, he drank it off at one gulp, remarked carelessly 'Very good water,' and filled the glass up again with some of the same sort. We thought it was all right though. We didn't know what kind of water he was used to drinking, you know. But the deacon carried the thing a little further. When he tried to open a champagne bottle with a corkscrew, we knew he was shamming, and the old man had to own up to it, too."

On Thirty Days' Trial.
The Voltaic Belt Co., Marshall, Mich., will send Dr. Dye's Celebrated Electro-Voltaic Belts and Electric Appliances on trial for thirty days to men (young or old) who are afflicted with nervous debility, lost vitality and kindred troubles, guaranteeing speedy and complete restoration of health to many victims. Address as above. No. 10—No risk is incurred, as thirty days' trial is allowed.

There was a funny scene in one of the big dry goods houses the other day. A lady wearing one of those ugly, but popular, insect-shaped ornaments upon her shoulder, while examining some goods, was observed by the floor-walker, who stepped up with his opening-day smile and new spring bow, to remark: "Beg your pardon, madam, but there's a bug on your shoulder," at the same time making a grasp at the ostensible insect, which, however, did not move. The lady looked up with astonishment, whereat he made another grab, and this time succeeded in scratching his finger with the pin by which the delusive decoration was secured. Hastily drawing back, with an exclamation that the thing had stung him, the lady was given time to interpose an explanation of the object of his attack; and, running a gauntlet of fifters and audible smiles, the gentleman retreated to his usual post of observation.

Rheumatic Gout.—Dr. Elmore's, 133 William St., N. Y., is the only real cure ever discovered for rheumatism, and best remedy known for kidney, liver and stomach diseases. Abundant proofs. Send for circulars.

"Well, I swear!" exclaimed Father Furrow, looking up from the morning paper, "I see here that a big lot of Jerseys was sold yesterday in New York for about \$950 apiece." "Pshaw!" screamed his wife, as she stopped stirring the oatmeal, "why, John, I can buy the very best Jerseys in town at Seedy's dry goods store for five dollars!" The old man dropped his paper and, somewhat flustered, said: "Why, I—I don't know what bread they are," faltered the little woman, "but they fit well. I always did like Jersey waists." The farmer went out and knocked his head against the pump.

FAYETTEVILLE, ARK.—Rev. T. J. Reilly says: "I used Brown's Kidney Bitters for indigestion and chills with entire satisfaction."

PLANTATION PHILOSOPHY. De shang-hi chicken 'minds me ob certain men dat I see. He crows mighty loud 'bout 'briags around 'moug de hens an' young 'chickens, but when a rime roose come around he's got business 'on de wider side ob de fence.

If you feel depressed in mind and body, or have a touch of general debility or malaria, try Dr. Cassell's. It gives tone to the stomach and promotes thorough digestion. Druggists.

A FUNNY VERDICT. The verdict of a Coroner's jury at Timbridge Wells on the death of a child, was: "The child was suffocated, but there is no evidence to show that the suffocation was before or after death."

"And now I ask," said Mr. Talmage, striking the Bible a heavy blow, "what is the distinctive feature of to-day's religious press?" To clip without giving credit, Mr. Talmage.

Mother Seize's Worm Syrup. Infatiable, tasteless, harmless, cathartic; for feverishness, restlessness, worms, constipation, etc. Infants, children, and the aged can use it with perfect safety. It is a most reliable remedy for all cases of worms, and is a most reliable remedy for all cases of worms.

"Talk about memory," said an Arkansaw man, "I've got the most retentive memory of any man in the country. I can remember things that occurred when I was a child."

"I don't think your memory is so very good," said an acquaintance. "You borrowed \$10 from me some time ago and you have forgotten the circumstance."

"No sir, you are wrong. You have doubtless noticed that I keep out of your way. Well, that is on account of my memory."

Don't Hesitate!
You are not lost! A healthy baby can only be maintained by pure blood, which is made only by the use of Dr. Cassell's. It gives tone to the stomach and promotes thorough digestion. Druggists.

If a two-wheeled wagon is a bicycle and a three-wheeled wagon is a tricycle, what would you call a five-wheeled one? Why a V-cycle, or conorse.

No poisonous drugs enter into the composition of Carboline, a deodorized extract of petroleum, the natural hair restorer and dressing, as now improved and perfected. It is the perfection of the chemist's art and will, beyond a peradventure, restore the hair on bald heads.

The Profession a Unit.

Mr. C. H. DRAPER, of No. 223 Main Street, Worcester, Mass., volunteers the following: "Having occasion recently to use a remedy for kidney disease, I applied to my druggist, Mr. D. B. Williams, of Lincoln Square, this city, and requested him to furnish me the best kidney medicine that he knew of, and he handed me a bottle of Hunt's Remedy, stating that it was the best he knew of, and he had sold many bottles of it to his customers in Worcester, and they all speak of it in the highest terms, and pronounce it the most reliable. I took the bottle home and commenced taking it, and find that it does the work effectively, and I am pleased to recommend it to all who have kidney or liver disease the use of Hunt's Remedy, the sure cure."

April 11, 1888.

We All Say So.
Mr. GEORGE A. BURNETT, No. 165 Front Street, Worcester, Mass., has just sent us the following, directly to the point: "Being afflicted with ailments to which all humanity is subject so early or later, I read carefully the advertisements regarding the curative powers of Hunt's Remedy, and as it seemed to apply to my case exactly, I purchased a bottle of it, and commenced taking it, and find that it does the work effectively, and I am pleased to recommend it to all who have kidney or liver disease the use of Hunt's Remedy, the sure cure."

Druggist's Evidence.
Mr. GEORGE W. HOLCOMB, druggist, 129 and 131 Congress Street, Boston, writes April 12, 1888: "I am constantly selling Hunt's Remedy for diseases of the kidney, liver, bladder and urinary organs, to my trade and friends, and find that it gives general satisfaction to all who use it."

One reason why people are so often unsuccessful in their treatment of green-house plants is because when they are first brought home the jars are not properly cared for. They are usually, in the greenhouses, and moist sand, and it upon being removed, they are placed where the sun strikes the outside of the jar, the roots are seriously affected. One way to prevent this is to set the small jars inside larger ones for a time until the plant has become accustomed to the change. A damp cloth covered with a paper may be wrapped around the larger jars with good effect.

"Touch on Cats."
Cats out rats, mice, roaches, flies, ants, bed-bugs, skunks, chipmunks, gophers, etc. Druggists.

A few years ago a chimney made of paper would have seemed a preposterous absurdity. Yet a chimney of paper pulp, fifty feet high, has lately been put up at Breslau, in Germany. Compressed paper pulp is one of the least inflammable of substances, and is now generally recognized as superior to iron as a material for fireproof doors.

WHICHVILLE, PA.—Rev. Elijah Wilson says: "Brown's Kidney Bitters have permanently cured me of chills and fever."

The capacity of pipes is as the square of their diameter. If you double the diameter of a pipe, you increase its capacity four times.

ST. BERNARD VEGETABLE PILLS.
TRADE MARK.
The pills are warranted to be PURELY VEGETABLE, free from all mineral and other poison, and are a certain cure for Constipation, Biliousness, Headache, Indigestion, Liver, Stomach, Bowels or Kidneys, and all diseases arising from the bowels.

Liver, Stomach, Bowels or Kidneys.
They remove all obstructions from the channels of the system and thereby the blood, thereby imparting health, strength and vigor. Sold by druggists, or sent by mail for 25 cents in stamps to

P. NEUSTADTER & CO.,
83 Mercer St., New York.

KIDNEY WORT.
THE GREAT CURE FOR RHEUMATISM, GRAVEL, LIVER AND BOWELS.
It cleanses the system of the acid poison that causes the disease, and thereby restores the system to its normal condition. It is a most reliable remedy for all cases of rheumatism, gravel, liver and bowels, and is a most reliable remedy for all cases of rheumatism, gravel, liver and bowels.

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"Where was it?" the Pilgrim said, thoughtfully. "Down in Salem, New Jersey. I think the boys were telling me about a case in court in which an old boat was the property in dispute. 'Well, you see,' said one of the witnesses, 'I owned one-third of the boat, and Bill Monk owned one-third of the boat.' But who owned the other one-third? 'Well,' replied the witness, 'the remaining one-third?' repeated the lawyer. 'Oh?' exclaimed the witness, 'Nobody. There wasn't only about two-thirds of a boat.'"

Sydney Smith being ill, his physician advised him to "take a walk upon an empty stomach." "Upon whom?" asked Sydney. Still better steps to take would be the purchase of Dr. R. V. Pierce's "Golden Medical Discovery" and "Pleasant Purgative Pellets," which are especially valuable to those who are obliged to lead sedentary lives, or are afflicted with any chronic diseases of the stomach or bowels. By druggists.

A young man who was invited by his mother to lug up a hod of coal from the cellar, offered an amendment, striking out himself and substituting his father, stating as his reason that he had just returned from a seven days' vacation, and that it was a well known proposition, laid down by Greenleaf's arithmetic, that seven days make one week. The amendment was overwhelmingly voted down, and the original motion prevailed by a solid vote on both sides of the house.

Voice of the People.
R. V. PIERCE, M. D., Buffalo, N. Y.: "I had a severe case of the lungs, and was for a time confined to my bed and under the care of a physician. His prescriptions did not help me. I grew worse, coughing very severely. I commenced taking your 'Golden Medical Discovery,' and it cured me. Yours respectfully, JUDITH BURNETT, Hillsdale, Mich."

"RASTUS! what's nifin 'yo' kountin' dis mornin'?" "Pears like 'yo'm had a counterwisy wid a bomb-shell." "Hit was'n't dat, Clem. 'Yo see, I had a slight dis-eas' in wid Parson Rose's 'discovery' and 'de 'jest' statin' he made war wid dat 'discovery' Bible dat's used 'round 'revin' times an' he dung it wid sich per-washin dat it seem like my nose kin clean rof bofo lids."

To Constipates.
Or those with weak lungs, spitting of blood, or other kindred ailments of throat or lungs, send two stamps to Dr. R. V. Pierce's treatise on these maladies. Address the doctor, Buffalo, N. Y.

The Emperor Heraclius at the age of fifty-nine, conceived an intense aversion to the sight of water. Such a case in our day would be very strange, indeed; though men who, before they reach the age of fifty-nine, conceive an intense dislike to the taste of water, are quite numerous. The sight of the fluid don't excite them in the least.

"Men condemn in others what they practice themselves." Those who practice the use of Kidney-Wort never condemn its use by others, but commend it to all affected with piles, dyspepsia, constipation and all other diseases resulting from a disordered state of kidneys, liver or bowels.

Diamond Dyes are so perfect and so beautiful that it is a pleasure to use them. Equally good for dark or light colors.

A CANALBOAT has been named *Mrs. Langley*, and the difference between the boat and the lady is that mules draw one and the other draws donkeys.

KALAMAZOO, Mich., Feb. 24, 1888.
I know Hop Bitters will bear recommendation honestly. All who use them confer upon them the highest encomiums, and give them credit for making cures—all the proprietors claim for them. I have kept them since they were first offered to the public. They took high rank from the first, and maintained it, and are more called for than all others combined. So long as they keep in the world, I shall continue for purity and usefulness. I shall continue to recommend them—something I have never before done with any other patent medicine.

The musicians of Boston have resolved upon a fixed standard of pitch. This doesn't refer to the stories they tell about each other.

Discipline the Liver.
The liver is truly an "unruly member." Sometimes it is torpid and secretions are slow, at other times it is unduly active and sends forth a freshet of bile, rendering the system unsteady, and regulating the liver, and thus the blood, and the ultimate effect is terrible. The liver, on the other hand, have a vitalizing and purifying, as well as a stimulating effect. They not only regulate the liver, but induce a general excitement, in stimulating the liver, poison the blood, and the ultimate effect is terrible. The liver, on the other hand, have a vitalizing and purifying, as well as a stimulating effect. They not only regulate the liver, but induce a general excitement, in stimulating the liver, poison the blood, and the ultimate effect is terrible.

Among the novelties announced for 1888 is an almanac with a new joke in it. Send in your orders early to avoid disappointment.

"Bechu-Paha."
The quick, complete cure, all annoying kidney, bladder and urinary diseases. Druggists.

VEAL BIRDS.—Take slices of veal from the loin cut very thin. Wipe them, remove the bone, skin and fat, and pound until they are a quarter of an inch thick. Trim into two and a-half by four-inch pieces. Chop the trimmings fine, mix one square inch of fat salt fine bread crumbs as there is meat, season highly with salt, pepper, thyme, lemon, cayenne and onion, the taste desired. Moisten with one egg and a little hot water. Spread the mixture on each slice of meat, roll up tightly, and tie or fasten with a skewer. Dredge with salt, pepper and flour; fry slowly in hot butter until they are a golden brown; then half cover with cream, and simmer for ten or twenty minutes or until tender. Remove the strings, and serve on toast. Garnish with points of toast and lemon.

If the veal used seems tough, dip the slices in olive oil before spreading with the stuffing.

Ladies and sickly girls requiring a non-alcoholic tonic, stimulant, with iron and brown's Iron Bitters.

To Keep Graves Bright in Summer.—Take half a pound of common asphaltum, quarter of a pint of linseed oil, and one pint of oil of turpentine. Melt the asphaltum, and add gradually to it the other two ingredients. Apply this with a painter's brush, and leave it to become perfectly dry. The graves and fenders if brushed over with this mixture will only require dusting during the summer, keeping quite bright. When dyes are used they must be blackened as usual.

JACOBS OIL
HEALTH IS WEALTH
Health of Body is Wealth of Mind
DR. RADWAY'S
Sarsaparillian Resolvent
THE GREAT BLOOD PURIFIER
Pure blood makes sound flesh, strong bones and a clear skin. If you would have your face and complexion fair, use
Radway's Sarsaparillian Resolvent.

KIDNEY WORT
HAS BEEN PROVED
THE SUREST CURE FOR
KIDNEY DISEASES.
Does a lame back or disordered urine indicate that you are a victim? KIDNEY WORT is the surest cure for all kidney diseases, and it will speedily overcome the disease and restore healthy action. Persons suffering from the complaints peculiar to the kidneys, such as backache, pain in the loins, etc., will find relief by the use of KIDNEY WORT. It is a most reliable remedy for all cases of kidney disease, and is a most reliable remedy for all cases of kidney disease.

Remember This.
If you are sick Hop Bitters will surely aid Nature in making you well when all else fails. If you are constipated, or dyspeptic, or feel unwell, suffering from any other of the numerous diseases of the stomach or bowels, if by your own fault if you remain ill, for Hop Bitters are a sovereign remedy in all such complaints. If you are weak, or nervous, or feel unwell, suffering from any other of the numerous diseases of the stomach or bowels, if by your own fault if you remain ill, for Hop Bitters are a sovereign remedy in all such complaints.

DR. J. N. & J. B. HOBENACK.
THOSE AFFLICTED WITH THE EFFECTS OF SELF-ABUSE AND MERCURIALIZATION should not hesitate to consult Dr. J. N. & J. B. HOBENACK, of 200 North Second Street, Philadelphia. In short they cure all diseases of the stomach, bowels, liver, nerves, kidneys, Bright's disease, blood, etc. It is a most reliable remedy for all cases of kidney disease, and is a most reliable remedy for all cases of kidney disease.

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THE REPUBLICAN.

EDITED, PRINTED AND PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY MORNING BY
J. F. & L. W. GRANT.

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If not paid in advance, \$2.50

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Each subsequent insertion, 5 cents
Over one square counted as two, etc.
Outstanding accounts advertising rates.
Marriage notices, 50 cents per line.

ANNOUNCEMENT OF CANDIDATES.
For County Offices, \$5.00
For State Offices, \$10.00
Communications as advertising the claims of candidates charged as advertisements.

Rates of Advertising:
One square of 10 lines, three months, \$1.50
One square six months, \$2.50
One square one year, \$4.00
One-half square three months, \$1.00
One-half square six months, \$1.75
One-half square one year, \$2.75
One-third square three months, \$0.75
One-third square six months, \$1.25
One-third square one year, \$1.90
One-fourth square three months, \$0.50
One-fourth square six months, \$0.80
One-fourth square one year, \$1.20

A. WOODS, ATTORNEY AT LAW, JACKSONVILLE, ALA.

Special attention given to the collection of debts, the getting up of pension and land warrants claims, the making out of homestead entries of lands, and the execution of old forfeited homestead entries of lands. Office in the southwest corner of the court-house, opposite the Circuit Clerk's office.

W. W. WOODWARD, Attorney at Law, JACKSONVILLE, ALA.

Will practice in all the courts of the 12th judicial district, and the supreme and federal courts of the State.

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"OH, EARTH, ART THOU NOT WEARY?"

Oh Earth, art thou not weary of thy graves? Dear, patient, mother Earth, upon thy breast we lie, and thou art weary of us? How are we heaped from farthest east to west? From the dim north, where wild the storm-waves rave, O'er the cold surge that chills the shore it lies, To sun-baked isles by softest seas caressed, Where roses bloom away and song birds nest. How thick they lie—like flocks upon the waves. There is no mountain-top so far and high, No desert so remote, no vale so deep, No spot by man so long unvisited, But that the pale moon from his march on high Sees some lone grave the shadows creep. Oh earth, art thou not weary of thy dead?

HOW SHE WAS WON.

Alexia! The widow Sharply hurried out to the little summer kitchen, and hastily planned a bow of scarlet ribbon at the throat of her dark morning-dress, and smoothed the crinkly, jet-black hair that waved above her forehead. "Alexia!" she cried sharply to a girl with bare, dimpled arms and gold-streaked hair, "go down to the sullen and bring up that yellow pitcher full of cider, an' get a plate of them crullers you fried yesterday." "De in a jiffy, too, fur I want 'em right away." "All right, Aunt Phemie." Alexia flew down the cellar, and hastily brimmed the yellow pitcher with the foamy liquid; then seizing a blue-rimmed plate, she piled it high with the crisp, brown crullers—rings, diamonds, and plump, tempting-looking hearts. "Is it Daddy Crabtree, Aunt Phemie?" she asked innocently, as she handed the plate to her aunt. "Daddy Crabtree, indeed!" sniffed the widow scornfully. "Do you s'pose I'd waste cider an' crullers on old Daddy Crabtree?" "It's Squire Lillibridge, that's who 'tis, an' you see that you mind that currant jelly on the cook-stove, an' keep out o' sight with your frowsy hair an' that old slouch of a dress." "Squire Lillibridge?" "I'll keep out o' sight," sighed Alexia, as she turned away with the shadow of fear in her downcast blue eyes. "But I would like to know what makes him so cold and distant to me now, when he used to be so pleasant and kind." "Taste another cruller, squire, dew!" "They're my own make, but fur all that I had a tussle with Alexia about 'em." "What's the use, Aunt, she said, 'de givin' away vittles to folks that don't need 'em'?" "I wouldn't be a-throwin' away crullers an' cider like that on nobody," she declared. "But, I'm only too glad to hev something to offer to visitors, especially when they're partikler friends. 'I believe in friendship, an' I'll hev an' allus will.' And she doted her most hospitable smile, thereby deepening the track of the 'crow's feet' around the sharp black eyes. "Won't you hev another taste of the cider, squire?" "Well, ef you must go, I won't hinder you." "But do come ag'in an' stay to tea!" "It's a real charity to me to hev something to cook fur once an' awhile. Now, I shall expect you." The widow smiled complacently as she watched her visitor out of sight. "I feel," she muttered to herself, "it's a cinch an' all right now." "I think he'd hev a little mite after Alexia fur awhile, but I've sot that all right." And she smiled to herself, much as a cat might who was all ready to spring upon an unwary mouse. "The squire's a mighty well-to-do man," she continued, rocking back-wards and forwards in the chair her visitor had just vacated—"a mighty well-to-do man, an' not a chick or a child to hinder him, no matter what he does. "An' the Lillibridge farm—why it's the biggest an' the best kept of any farm hereabout. "The calves on his back pasture would be a forlorn by themselves, without a-counin' the madder lots, an' the apple-orchard, an' hop-field, an' the big barn, plump full of clover hay, an' the biggest ear of corn that ever grooved in a bottom of field. "Besides," the squire's a powerful good-looking man, an' o' t'wain fur that old-maid sister of his I sh'd hev nothin' to complain of. "But 'twon't make no great difference when I give him I kin soon make the house too hot to hold any other woman. I shall set Alexia adrift, too, fur that till the time comes. "There's the apples to gether, an' the pickin', an' sich. "After that she kin look out fur herself. "I ain't got no call to keep her." And pretty Alexia, unconscious of the fate in store for her, stood looking out of the kitchen window at the great fields and meadows of the Lillibridge farm, and thinking what a happy man the squire must be, to claim such possessions for his own. In the meantime, Squire Lillibridge had his own thoughts, as he walked slowly homeward through the grassy lane. "Yes, Mrs. Sharply is a fine-looking woman," he muttered, thoughtfully, pulling the end of his brown moustache. "And if I was only certain she was as true and good-natured as she appears, I'd marry her to-morrow, if she was willing. "As for little Alexia, it is a great pity she has such a shrewish temper and uncharitable disposition." And the Squire sighed, as he thought of the blue eyes and gold-streaked hair, and concluded the old proverb must be true, "all was not gold that glittered."

Any doubts as to the widow's charitable disposition might have been set at rest the next morning, when the gate-latch clicked and she peered cautiously out of the closed shutters to see who was coming, but soon drew back with a scowl of disappointment on her face. "Alexia," she cried sharply, "don't you see that there's a tramp limping up here with a patch on his eyes?" "Go an' send him about his business in a jiffy." "Oh, Aunt Phemie, I—I can't," protested Alexia. "Maybe he's hungry." "Fiddlesticks! Maybe he's lazy, you mean. "Get along out of the way, then, and let me come. "I ain't afraid to speak to a lame beggar." And she did speak, to such purpose that the poor fellow slumped out again as fast as his lame leg would allow, scarcely daring to shut the gate after him in his trepidation. He was hastening down the alley with all his might, when a back gate flew open, and a little figure with gold-streaked hair and convulsively blue eyes, suddenly confronted him. "Here," she whispered hurriedly, "here's a slice of cake and a mug of coffee." "It's all there was left from breakfast." "Throw the mug away when you're done, fur I must hurry back before Aunt Phemie misses me." And she scuttled quickly through the gate, only to run in her aunt's arms. "So, miss, I've caught you at last!" declared the widow crossly. "I've allus suspected you of givin' cold vittles away to them mizzable tramps, an' now I know it. "Go into the house this minute, an' if that constable don't help himself off, I'll git the constable to help him. "Pray do so, Aunt," said a familiar voice, and to the widow's consternation, the tramp tore the patch from his eye, pulled off the grizzled wig, threw aside his dilapidated coat, and Squire Lillibridge stood revealed. "It's a plot!" snipped the widow crabbedly, as soon as she recovered voice enough to speak. "It's all a plot between you two, and Alexia kin pack up her things and git out of my house this minute!" "Just what I want her to do," returned the Squire composedly. "I want a wife, and if Alexia will marry me to-day, my home shall be hers for ever after." The widow flounced into the house in a huff. "If I'd only a-suspected it was him," she grumbled, her black eyes snapping with vexation, "how easy I could a-fool him!" But it was too late now, for Alexia, blushing like the scarlet berries at the roadside, was on her way to the parsonage to become Mrs. Squire Lillibridge.

Tales of the Sea.

Moby Dick, the celebrated white whale, though not killed by the Ahab, was certainly scratched, and must long ago have died. That wonder of the deep, therefore, can not be held responsible for the loss of the Inga. The question then arises, if it was a whale that destroyed the bark, what sort of a whale was it? "They aren't sperm whales," exclaimed a whalerman, when a number of huge monsters rose to the surface near his vessel; "their spouts aren't bushy enough; they aren't sail-plum-bottoms, or they wouldn't stay up so long; they aren't hump-backed, or they wouldn't give you a catch a fin-back or a near a ship, they aren't Greenland whales for we aren't off the coast of Greenland, and they aren't right whales for it wouldn't be right to say so. I tell ye, then, them's crinkum crunkum whales." A sailor asked what they were. "Why," was the answer, "them's whales that can't be catched." It was probably a crinkum crunkum whale that rammed the Inga. One would rather not think so because whales are capable of sinking harmless barks and imperiling the lives of hearty mariners. That of the teeth of the immense creature, if it was a whale, they ought to find a place in the list of things that are to be caught. Yet we think that a whale, if it has the mind to attempt such a feat, is quite capable of knocking in the side of a wooden vessel of the Inga type by butting her. The head, which is its battering-ram, constitutes nearly one-third of the whole length and a greater proportion of the whole bulk of the immense creature. That of the sperm-whale is loose the horse is taken to the blacksmith shop. Hardly any chemicals out of line are used to keep the odors out of the stable. The place is very well drained, and lime is all-sufficient, except in very warm weather, when lime is early plaster is strowed around the stable. Rye straw is used exclusively for bedding. Timothy hay is used for feeding purposes, but for cutting several brands are mixed. The cleaning is all done by the old-fashioned brush and currycomb. The endurance of the horse varies considerably. Some are useless after several months' work, while others are good for fifteen years' service. There are two horses now in the stables at 41st and Chestnut streets which have been in continuous service for over fifteen years. Such horses, however, are very rare. When an animal becomes unfit for use it is sold, generally to farmers, but sometimes to be used in the city for carting purposes. Old horses generally realize about \$50 or \$60. The average weight of the horses is 1,115 pounds. The meal and bran for feeding purposes is ground on the place. A good house power engine runs the machinery. The hay is also cut by machinery.

Our Horses at Home.

The richly dressed lady and her polite male escort who are in the habit of hailing a passenger horse-car to bear them to their destination very seldom give even a thought to the history of the animals whose tendons and muscles are the means of saving them an anxious walk through the hot sun of a summer afternoon. Notwithstanding the important connection between the average car-horse and the latter rarely gives a thought to the plodding animal that jogs along all day over the cobblestones. The Chestnut and Walnut streets line Philadelphia, run about eighty cars a day on its three branches. To move these they have in all 714 horses. People about the city have a general idea that the life of a street-car horse is a very hard and rough one. The public, however, sees the horse only while at work, and his manner of living while not trotting with a car load of people through the busy streets of large cities is completely hidden from the curious gaze of ordinary mortals. Even the people who remain in the car until the depot is reached never think of visiting the stables or inquiring how the horses live.

The stable-boss of the company has charge of the purchase, sale and general keeping of the horses, although it is all done under the eye of the superintendent. The majority of the horses in this city come from the green fields and pastures of Ohio, Indiana, Illinois, Wisconsin and other Western States, and are brought to Philadelphia by the railroads and the turn of their mature years, and the hocks are at first soft and not accustomed to the hard and unyielding cobbles of a city pavement. Every animal that is purchased is carefully examined by the stable-boss, and is compelled to make one trial trip in company with one of the old stagers before it is paid for. If he promises to make a good animal he is purchased. The ages range from 5 to 8 years. None older than 8 nor younger than 5 years are purchased. The horses when brought from the Western pasture to the heat and dust of the city are liable to have a spell of sickness, and it is generally several weeks after a horse is purchased before he can be worked regularly as a car horse. No marks are put on the horses to distinguish them, nor are they numbered and an account kept of each. If this were done, and a large number of any particular lot died soon after they were purchased, it would tend to shut out the horses from that section, whereas the cause may be and most likely would be, from the weather and general treatment experienced in their journey east. Some horses may be shipped during damp, murky and unhealthy weather, while others may not meet with anything but sunshine and cool breezes. It would hardly do to blame the breed of horses if the former suffered more than the latter. The prices paid for the horses average about \$165. For some fine animals considerable more is paid, while others again fall far below this figure.

Each horse makes three trips a day or covers a distance of twenty-one miles. Outside of this he has nothing to do but eat, sleep and rest. The question of provender forms rather an important one to the horse, and is made the subject of considerable study by those having charge of him. The horses of the Chestnut and Walnut streets are fed three times a day, and are given a ration of diet, hay, meal and bran. The quantity of each varies slightly with the weather, but averages 15 pounds of hay, 15 pounds of meal and 2 pounds of bran a day. About 6 pounds of the hay are cut fine while the other is fed as it is. Hostlers pay an important part in the care of the horses. Each hostler has 14 horses to cur for. He must clean them, examine the condition of the shoes, look after the sanitary condition, feed and water them and put them in and take them out of the cars. The hospital is also an important item in connection with a horse-stable. In this department about 14 horses in this department which are suffering from various diseases and complaints. They are treated chiefly by the stable boss, but several times a week a regular veterinary surgeon stops and looks after them. No medicine is ever given to any of the horses unless they are actually suffering from some disease. A blacksmith shop is also connected with the stables, and four blacksmiths—three shoers and one jobber—are constantly employed. One set of shoes will last barely three weeks, when they are taken to the blacksmith and are refitted to be renewed. The hostlers are very careful about the hoofs, and whenever one is loose the horse is taken to the blacksmith shop. Hardly any chemicals out of line are used to keep the odors out of the stable. The place is very well drained, and lime is all-sufficient, except in very warm weather, when lime is early plaster is strowed around the stable. Rye straw is used exclusively for bedding. Timothy hay is used for feeding purposes, but for cutting several brands are mixed. The cleaning is all done by the old-fashioned brush and currycomb. The endurance of the horse varies considerably. Some are useless after several months' work, while others are good for fifteen years' service. There are two horses now in the stables at 41st and Chestnut streets which have been in continuous service for over fifteen years. Such horses, however, are very rare. When an animal becomes unfit for use it is sold, generally to farmers, but sometimes to be used in the city for carting purposes. Old horses generally realize about \$50 or \$60. The average weight of the horses is 1,115 pounds. The meal and bran for feeding purposes is ground on the place. A good house power engine runs the machinery. The hay is also cut by machinery.

ALL kinds of roots in the cellar will keep better if a little fresh dirt is thrown over them. For beets and turnips this is very important, these roots drying up or becoming tough and tasteless if exposed to the air. A foe to God was never true friend to man. Despair makes victims sometimes victors.

A Case of Retribution.

Nearly a hundred years ago a Yorkshire peasant died in England, leaving a widow and eight children. Four of the children were children of a former wife. His only fortune was a single sovereign. His wife, however, had a little fortune of twelve pounds, received from her father. Soon after the husband's death, the oldest son, who was eighteen years of age, and had been apprenticed to a carpenter, ran away. As he was a skilled workman and his services were of value, his master was extremely angry, and declared he would punish him to the full extent of the law, if he should ever return.

The widow—who was only a step-mother to this boy—was most anxious and troubled at the boy's delinquency. She tried to appease the wrath of the master, but in vain. Knowing of his little property, the master finally offered to cancel the articles of apprenticeship if the widow would give him little store of twelve pounds, all that she had between herself and poverty.

This offer the honorable woman consented to accept. Soon after this criminal liability had been canceled, the boy appeared, not to help the woman who had sacrificed so much for him, not even to thank her for her noble act; but to demand the single sovereign, the sole property left by his father. As it was his legal right, the widow gave it to him. He immediately left England for America, leaving his abused mother to fight poverty as best she could, and was never heard of by his English friends again.

Upon arriving in this country, the boy immediately found work at his trade. He was contented, and his life was to be a happy one. He worked for it as few men ever worked. He took no rest. It was as though a demon urged him on day and night. He became miserly. Soon he allowed himself no comforts and subsisted in the cheapest possible way. For more than fifty years he lived in this manner, and he gave no sign that he ever thought of returning the twelve pounds to the woman across the water, to whom he owed filial respect and gratitude.

Finally the result of his excessive work showed itself in inflammation of the lungs. For seventeen years he lay on his bed, writhing under the pain this disease inflicted. Still he gave no sign of grateful obligation to his mother, or made any effort to restore the money. But the day of summons came. He had lived to a most advanced age, and his habits of covetousness, and his death and passed to meet his earthly record in another world. A search was instituted for his heirs. The step-mother had long been dead. All of his own brothers and sisters were dead. Of these half-brothers and sisters—children of the woman he had so wronged—three were living, and among them the fortune of the miser was justly divided. It amounted to more than one hundred thousand dollars.

The lawyer in whose hands the property had been placed, had the curiosity to reckon the interest on the twelve pounds for the years elapsed before it returned to the family. At the high rate of interest then prevailing the sum was found to approximate so nearly to the amount which was distributed among the heirs as to excite his surprise, and to cause the question, "Was this simply a coincidence?" Unwittingly the man had worked and pinched and saved only to pay a debt which he never meant to pay. He had illustrated a truth that is not always apparent to the human vision. Injustice may do its wicked work and triumph in its wrong. But some time and some where, in this life, or in the eternity that awaits with solemn portent all human events, the wrong will be brought to light, and justice will be done. Neither moral law nor physical law can be violated, with God and right to uphold them, and the violator escape penalty.

How Ants Bury Their Dead.

It is the general habit among many species of ants to bury the dead very carefully. The following interesting account is given by an Australian observer: "I saw a large number of ants surrounding a dead one, and they determined to watch their proceedings closely. Four or five started off from the rest toward a hillock a short distance away, in which was an ant's nest. They entered, and in about five minutes they reappeared, followed by the others. All fell into rank, walking regularly and slowly two by two, until they arrived at the spot where the body lay. In a few minutes two of the ants advanced and took up the dead body of one of their comrades; then two others, and so on, until all were ready to march. First walked two ants bearing a body, then two without a burden; then two others with another dead ant, and so on, until the line was extended to about forty pairs, and the procession now moved slowly onward, followed by an irregular body of about 200 ants. Occasionally the two laden ants stopped, and laying down the dead ant, it was taken up by the two working unburied behind them, and thus, by occasionally relieving each other, they arrived at a sandy spot near the sea. The body of ants now commenced digging with their jaws a number of holes in the ground, into each of which a dead ant was laid, when they all retired. This did not quite finish the remarkable circumstances attending the funeral of the ants. Some six or seven of the ants had attempted to run off without performing their share of the task of digging; when they were caught and brought back, when they were at once attacked by the body of ants and killed. A single grave was quickly dug, and they were all dropped into it."

It should seem that intolerance itself would incline a person to be honest, as it requires infinitely greater pains and contrivance to be a knave.

The Meadow Dance.

Near Aschersleben, in Germany, lies a verdant strip of land, known by the name of the Dancing Meadow, a name which the following tradition will serve to illustrate. Ages ago the blooming daughters of the neighboring burghers were often in the habit of assembling on a summer's evening, when the weather was fine, to enjoy one another's society in this cheerful valley, during which the dance was never forgotten.

Besides, it was the custom for all young brides on the day before their nuptials, to meet here the playmates of their infancy, whose circle they were about to quit for ever, and to join in a parting dance, along with the bordering tenants of the well-known scene.

A party happened to have met on the second evening of these rural ceremonies, previous to a wedding, and were on the point of escorting home their rich and beautiful betrothed, late on a clear moonlight night, with all the mirthful triumph of dancing, innocent and song. Not the whole of the guests, however, were destined to reach their home.

Two of the most beautiful maidens disappeared. Notwithstanding the most active exertions on the part of their friends and relatives, no trace of them could be discerned, and they remained that night vacant in the domestic circle, and within a few hours all was confusion; no less among the parents than in the surrounding abodes. Many weeping eyes were kept awake; their lovers swore the deadliest revenge for they found reason to suspect that under the veil of night a grievous wrong had been premeditated, and perhaps accomplished, which left them nothing but the hope of revenge.

And in part their fears were well grounded. Some domestics in the service of the chief of Aschersleben, becoming acquainted with the hour of the intended festival, had the audacity, for the purpose of amusing themselves and indulging their master's propensities, to lie concealed in an adjacent thicket.

Under cover of the night, they succeeded in seizing upon two of the dancers, who happened to stray from their companions, had approached nearest to them, and they were instantly conveyed, amid shouts of surrounding revelry and rejoicings, unheard, into the neighboring hartz mountains, until a fit time should occur to convey them to their ultimate destination in Hartzberg.

Scarcely had the sun streaked the horizon on the following morning, when a number of the citizens, whose anxiety had kept them awake, were seen assembled before their doors, in order to advise with the suffering parents on the best measures to be adopted. With senses dulled by grief and pain, they were unable to give any definite answer, but they agreed to send a messenger who had been despatched upon some private affair, and was returning, ere day-break, over the mountains, had heard sufficient to prove the forcible abduction of the young women, although he had lost the track of the robbers among the hazy and notorious castle of Arnsleben, which they must reside somewhere upon the Arnsstein.

Their haunts were still a secret. The magistrate, upon this being made acquainted with the facts, instantly solicited a meeting of the relatives of the abducted parties, while they attempted in the meantime to preserve calmness and moderation in the minds of the incensed citizens.

The chief part of the assembly were instantly arming the whole of the inhabitants capable of bearing arms, in order, it was supposed, to surprise and destroy the hated and notorious castle of Arnsleben, which, they said, ought long since to have been levelled with the ground.

But, besides the uncertainty of the information received, it was justly remarked by the magistrates who presided, that it would require months of cannon and direct hostility to capture so powerful and well provisioned a castle as that of Raubberg, whence the formidable enemy made his depredations. Moreover, the present case called for instant redress.

At length, after a long and stormy discussion of the most efficacious means for obtaining it, during which the heads of the more bold and indignant mad leisure to grow cooler, it was agreed to adopt the last suggestion of the oldest magistrates, who explained to council the superior opinion, and determined that the freedom of the abducted party would be more speedily accomplished.

In the first place every one must return quickly back to his own house, concealing his feelings of indignation and revenge, as well as he could. Then, as if nothing extraordinary occurred at the late festival—as if the absence of none of the party had been noticed or that their return was quietly expected, another nuptial evening should be as soon as possible announced, with even more bustle and splendor than the former, all their neighbors to be invited to the dance, and information sent by trusty messengers to the adjacent villages around.

Accordingly, these same tidings reached the ears of the lord of Arnsleben, who, on receiving an invitation alone with his knights and esquires, loudly ridiculed the audacity of the poor citizens, who thus actually threw their daughters in his way. Then, amidst oaths and laughter, a still more extended incursion than the former was determined upon, the whole of the party present, declaring that they would place, and every one seize on his individual prey, after the close of the dance.

About twilight on the appointed day, the meadow was seen covered with beautiful groups of dancers, yet, with all this, no virgins this day trod the scene—they were safe in their parental mansions. It was the stout citizens, and next to them their eldest boys, who were arrayed in women's attire, with newly sharpened weapons concealed under their clothes, all intent upon avenging the honor of their daughters—their sisters, or their betrothed, and for ever in future to secure it. They began the dance with sounds of revelry and mirth, yet somewhat subdued to tones of woe, while their hearts throbbled for vengeance, until the approach of midnight, when their trusty scouts brought word of the yet near and nearer advance of the lord of Arnsleben, approaching softly toward the spot.

Now the dancing party seems to break up—concluding with the old national dances, and singing, and apparently drawing homewards.

But, behold! the next moment the chief of Arnsleben burst into the midst of them, followed by his knights and pages, on horseback and on foot, all eager to join in the pursuit, of which they vainly hoped that their former depredation was only a poor specimen.

They let him advance; and the chief no sooner found himself in the midst of the dancers, than he threw himself from his steed in order to enjoy the pleasure and applause of bearing off the intended bride with his own hands.

But what was the feeling he experienced, when, as with a thundering voice and a laugh of joy he claimed the bride for himself, the bright steel flashed in his eyes, and smote his outstretched arm, before he could draw it back, quite through and through.

Startling with pain and uttering threats of revenge, he started back to regain his steed. But ten strong arms were about him; he felt himself pinioned hand and foot and neck, as if chains of iron girt him round. Some of the knights and pages who hastened with threats to his assistance, were, after a short struggle, overpowered and secured; most of them, however, escaped, with arms of terror and surprise, and wounded with sabres or with stones.

The chief culprit, however, was carried with shouts of triumph into the city.

There the lord of Arnsleben was thrown forth into a large, solitary dungeon, and there he remained, awaiting the preparations for his approaching execution, the deeds he had perpetrated and farther intended to accomplish.

The young ladies were, at his own command, immediately delivered to their friends; in consequence of which, after paying a heavy penalty and taking a considerable oath never to commit any offence against the city or its inhabitants, he was released from his terrific chains. But these chains, in which he for months languished, are still preserved, and are now to be seen in the town-house at Aschersleben—a lasting monument of the skill and foresight of the old times, and were worthy of the admiration of future generations.

The Fireman's Feast.

"We have many close shavers," said an old railroad engineer, "but after the scare is over a person will recollect something that was said or done that will cause him to laugh in spite of himself. I was once running a freight engine on the Allegheny Valley Road. One warm night in Summer, just after a heavy rain, we were pounding along on 'wild cat' orders. The fog hung like a black cloud over the river and track, making it impossible to see twenty feet ahead of

SATURDAY, AUG. 15, 1883.

The Kimball house, at Atlanta, was burned to the ground Sunday morning. It caught fire in the basement story between four and five o'clock in the morning, and though the hotel was crowded with guests, not a life was lost, owing to the cool management of those in charge. The hotel cost originally over a half million dollars. By a miracle no other part of the city was burned. It had always been thought that when the Kimball house burned that the whole central part of the city would go with it. There is talk of building another hotel as fine as the one. Gen. Robt. Toombs was a large stockholder in the burned building and lost heavily, he having no insurance; but he declares his intention to take stock in the next. This was one of the finest hotels in the South and a credit to Atlanta.

The Atlanta Constitution has been against Mr. Randall for speaker, but this does not prevent Mr. Grady, one of the proprietors of the paper, who has been recently traveling through the Middle States, from saying, in a letter to his paper, that it is generally conceded that Mr. Randall will be elected without much doubt. Since this letter from Mr. Grady, the Constitution has not had not as much to say about Mr. Randall as before.

The Pennsylvania democrats have adopted the following platform in regard to the tariff:

We believe in such taxation of the people as is required for the necessities of the government, economically administered, and that import duties should be so adjusted in their application as to prevent unequal burdens, encourage productive industries at home, and secure just compensation to labor, but not to create and foster monopolies—Pennsylvania democrat platform, Aug. 1.

This is the platform adopted in Mr. Randall's state, the state and the particular democracy against which our Alabama tariff for revenue only free traders seem to have such a prejudice and hatred. This platform embodies the ideas for which Mr. Randall has contended in congress.—Birmingham Age.

The election on the question of prohibition in Talladega will come off in November. It is presumed the talented and accomplished mixologists, who run the palace saloons of Talladega, will give the prohibitionists the best fight that is in them; but if they don't do better than the talented and accomplished mixologists of Calhoun did in our May election, we wouldn't give a d—d time for their chances. (We have a new-fangled pencil and it sometimes stutters.)

The Selma Times is exhibiting commendable enterprise in producing telegraphic reports of the crops in the state fortnightly. From these reports we gather that both the cotton and corn crops of Alabama will be smaller than last year—perhaps one fourth short.

The Demopolis News Journal, published in the heart of the Black Belt, has declared for Mr. Randall. The News Journal represents a peculiarly agricultural people.

GERALD MASSEY, one of the most prominent of second class of English poets, is coming to this country to lecture. He is a genius in his way: born a collier's son, and as a child raised on a lower scale than the dog of a tramp, he overcame his fate and rose to distinction through natural talent and steady study. The hardships of his early life, however, shocked his physical and mental system, and he is not regarded as altogether sane. When he last lectured here, the title of his theme was "Why Does Not God Kill the Devil?" He is of a communistic and agnostic bent of mind.

Senator Allison's Wife Commits Suicide.

Dubuque, Iowa, Aug. 13.—Mrs. A. Allison, wife of Senator Allison, drowned herself in the Mississippi river some time during last night. She left home yesterday afternoon at 1 o'clock, telling her servant she was going to one of her near neighbors. Instead of this, however, taking her gossamer under her arm, she went in an opposite direction toward the country where she had been accustomed to take daily walks. It is ascertained that she wandered around in the outskirts of the city during the afternoon, where she was seen by several persons, walking rapidly and apparently somewhat excited. While at a water cure establishment in western New York in 1881, under medical treatment, she attempted suicide in much the same manner, but was rescued. She was the niece and adopted daughter of the late Senator Grimes, of Iowa, and had been married for ten years. She had no children. Senator Allison was absent from home and has not yet returned.

The health of John McCullough, the popular tragedian, is greatly improved, and he is rapidly gaining strength. It is not impossible that he will be able to appear during a portion, at least, of the coming season.

JUDGE HOADLY.

WHAT THE DISTINGUISHED OHIOAN TALKED ABOUT.

To the Alabamians Who Converses With Him at Mount Springs—The Ohio Campaign—Tariff Plank—The Speaker's Speech—And Mr. Randall.

Birmingham Daily Age.

Mount Springs, Aug. 3.—The most interesting meeting ever held by the Alabama State Bar Association was closed yesterday by the election of officers for the ensuing year. The central attraction at this, the fifth meeting, was the address of Hon. George Hoadly, the Democratic candidate for Governor of the "presidential State" of Ohio. Of course everybody was eager to see so distinguished a lawyer and the leader of the democratic legions of Ohio in the pending canvass. So as much entertainment was derived from hearing him in social conversation as in listening to his profound discussion before the bar of "True limits of Municipal Law in a Democracy." With the perfect self poise of a man who has seen the world and is not afraid of it, pleasantly approachable and affable, of direct and easy address, Judge Hoadly had to say to the groups of prominent Alabamians which gathered around him on the veranda of the Hotel Jackson, as he accepted the political gospel of the day. He was asked many questions concerning the political events and issues of the times, from the days of the electoral commission fraud up to the pending battle in Ohio. To all of these questions he spoke freely and frankly.

The Age representative asked how the Ohio delegation would vote on the speaker's platform for the forty eighth congress. Judge Hoadly replied it was pretty safe to say that two thirds of the delegation would vote for Mr. Randall.

Judge Hoadly when asked of the tariff plank in the Ohio platform said: "Ex-Governor Stephenson, of Kentucky, asked me, what do you mean by your platform. I said 'a tariff for revenue with incidental protection.' This protection is meant for the American productive interests, not the non-productive."

As Judge Hoadly talked along, he plainly showed that he was even more pronounced in favor of protection than he Ohio platform. He said he had just observed that the Virginia democrats had adopted a plank favoring the abolition of internal revenue taxation. He himself inclined to this view, but he would not advocate it on the stump for the reason that, he yet remained to him much in the subject that needed study before he could reach a conclusive stand upon it.

The tenor of the conversation was carried to the Ohio campaign, and Judge Hoadly was asked if there was any sort of dissatisfaction among the democrats on account of the defeat of Gen. Durbin Ward or any other of the unsuccessful democratic candidates for the nomination by the State Convention.

"No, sir. The Ohio democrats are united. As to Gen. Ward's defeat, my nomination over him came about under peculiar circumstances."

My nomination by the Ohio democrats was largely due to considerations of availability, it being thought I could control a large proportion of the German and Israelite republican voters."

Judge Hoadly was confident that he would be elected.

The canvass in Ohio, Judge Hoadly said, commences very likely on the 25th of August. General Ward would make the opening and key-note speech, to be followed by Thurman, Le Fèvre and others of the heavy weights of the party.

"Another question, Judge, if you please," put in one of the listeners. "How do you regard the war on Randall in the democratic ranks?"

"There's not the slightest ground for it. Mr. Randall is one of the very best and purest men in the democratic party, and the attack on him is shameful and disgraceful."

Judge Hoadly expressed a desire to see Birmingham, saying if he should be elected for governor he expected to enter into the management of the system of railroads from Cincinnati, through Birmingham, to New Orleans. He was greatly interested in the development of this region, and he hoped at an early date to visit Birmingham and other places on the road.

M. J. S. Stringfellow of Butler Springs beat tells us of a very singular freak of nature which is worthy of notice. Mr. Braydon, living near the springs, had a male calf born on his place already marked with his mark, just as perfect as if the ears were cut with a knife. That was some four years ago, and now all the calves of which this one is the sire do not need the aid of a knife to show its owner, as all of them are marked in the same manner as their sire. This is the second incident of the kind we have ever heard of, and we thank Mr. Stringfellow for bringing it to our attention.—North Alabamian.

As a whole the crops of every kind seem to be better in North Alabama than in other divisions of the State. In Morgan county, cotton is equal to what it was this time last year and until a short time back corn appeared to be quite as promising, but the lack of rain in many neighborhoods has cut it short and while there is every reason to believe that the yield will be large, it will fall 'way behind last year's crop.—Decatur News.

SAVANNAH, August 11.—Special reports to the Morning News from forty-five counties in Georgia and Florida upon the condition of the cotton crop state the drought has been generally broken, and the outlook is brighter. There is some fear of rust and damage by worms and caterpillars in some counties.

Democratic Senators on the Presidential Prospects.

Senator James L. Pugh, of Alabama, is at present in this city and is stopping at the Fifth Avenue Hotel, having come on to attend the meetings of the Committee on Education, of which he is a member.

A reporter of the World asked the Senator last evening to give his views as to the general political situation and as to how the Democrats in his State in regard to the different men who have been named as prominent candidates for the Presidency.

Senator Pugh said: "I am, as a rule, disinclined to express any opinion on these matters in the form of an interview, preferring always to write anything which is to be published, but I can have no hesitation in saying that, so far as my own State is concerned, the party there is very harmonious. There are no local differences of any account, and the Democracy of Alabama may be represented as a happy family."

"Who do you consider is the favorite candidate for the next nomination for the Presidency?"

"We have none. We are prepared to support the nominee of the convention whoever he may be."

"How does Mr. Tilden stand in the opinion of the Democracy in Alabama?"

"I should not care to speak for the party generally, but personally I am in favor of Mr. Tilden, and, if he should be the nominee of the convention, should support him most cordially."

"The State is solid for the Democrats, I suppose?"

"Oh, certainly, there is no doubt of that; Alabama is sound to the core. I don't think that the question of the Presidential candidate has been much thought of as yet in my State. It is too different in the matter. We feel that whoever he may be will be a man that we can support, and so are, as one might say, quietly awaiting events."

SENATOR GEORGE'S VIEWS.

Senator James Z. George, of Mississippi, is stopping at the St. James Hotel and kindly consented to speak for the party of the World last evening.

The Senator, a stout, good-natured looking gentleman, said pleasantly: "Well, what can I do for you first?"

"Will you give me your views as to the political situation, Senator, and especially with reference to matters in your own State?"

"Well, as to the general situation," replied the Senator, "I think that the prospects for the Democratic party are more hopeful than for many years. The exposure of fraud and corruption in the Republican party have been so convincing that I cannot but feel that the people will signally rebuke them in the next general election. As to my own State I don't think that matters have crystallized there, so to speak, politically as yet. Our people are more interested in the question of whether the crops are good or bad. Fortunately, they have been exceptionally good, and so we may reasonably suppose that in the near future we shall have a moment or so to discuss the political situation."

"Who is Mississippi's favorite candidate for the Presidential nomination?"

"We have none; any man that is nominated may count on our hearty support, except," added the Senator thoughtfully, "Ben Butler. I must draw the line somewhere, and I draw it at Ben, but with this exception, we are in the line."

"Do you think that the tariff question will be an issue in the coming campaign?"

"No, and I don't see why it should be. Absolute free trade is something that would not be popular either North or South. At the same time I am not in favor of an excess of revenue. The money for the absolute requirements of the Government can, I think, be easier raised by a duty on imports than in other way, but I do not favor the collection of a dollar in excess of those requirements, and I think that certain manufactures have been favored far in excess of their necessities."

LOUISIANA SOLID.

Senator B. F. Jones, of Louisiana, is stopping at the New York Hotel, where he was seen by a reporter last evening. He spoke most fully of the prospects of the Democratic party and said that he considered its success in a general campaign almost an assured fact.

"As to my own State," said he, "I have been away from there for some five weeks and don't feel competent to express an authoritative opinion of the present views of the party; but have no hesitation in stating my own."

"How do you regard Mr. Tilden?"

Noah's Ark Discovered.

A Constantinople contemporary announces the discovery of Noah's ark. It appears that some Turkish commissioners appointed to investigate the question of avalanches on Mount Ararat, suddenly came upon a gigantic structure of very dark wood protruding from a glacier. They made inquiries of the inhabitants (Q. J. 725 in their report.) These had seen it for 6 years, but had been afraid to approach it because a spirit of fierce aspect had been seen looking out of the upper window. Turkish commissioners, however, are bold men, and they determined to reach it. Situated as it was among the fastnesses of one of the glens of Mount Ararat, it was a work of enormous difficulty, and it was only after incredible hardships that they succeeded. The ark, one will be glad to hear, was in a good state of preservation, although the angles—observe, not the bow or stern—had been a good deal broken in its descent. They recognized it at once. There was an Englishman among them who had presumably read his Bible, and he saw it was made of the ancient gopher wood of Scripture, which, as every one knows, only grow on the plains of the Euphrates. Effecting an entrance into the structure, which was painted brown, they found that the admiralty requirements for the conveyance of horses had been carried out, and the interior was divided into partitions fifteen feet high. Into three of these only could they get, the others being full of ice, and how far the ark extended into the glacier they could not tell. If, however, on being uncovered it turns out to be 300 cubits long it will go hard with disbelievers in the book of Genesis. "It is needless to say," says the Pall Mall Gazette, "an American was soon on the spot, and negotiations have been entered into with the local pasha for its speedy transfer to the United States."

The Result of a "Personal."

A funny story is told of a lady who was foolish enough to answer a "personal" in a daily paper which stated that a young man was desirous of making the acquaintance of a young woman, with a view to matrimony. She carried on a long correspondence with the advertiser, taking, however, the precaution to have her letters copied by a confidential friend. She sent the copies and retained the originals. Her answers came regularly, but her correspondent was quite as cautious as she was herself, for he always employed a type-writer, and she had no means of becoming familiar with his handwriting. Finally, after a good deal of gush, a meeting was agreed upon between the pair, and the lady was somewhat surprised, when she arrived at the place appointed, to see her brother, wearing in his button-hole the flower which was decided upon as the means of identification. They acknowledged their folly by indulging in a hearty laugh and went home together, fully resolved to have nothing more to do with these traps to catch the unwary called "personals."—Boston Budget.

Southern Intelligence.

A gentleman belonging to one of the bicycle clubs of New York city is making a tour of Virginia. He started from Petersburg on Monday morning and reached Appomattox courthouse Thursday night, just in time to startle the inhabitants of that quiet place, who had never seen one of the machines before.

The rice crop of Jefferson parish Louisiana, is being harvested and will be very large. Prospects are that the yield of sugar will be the largest since the war.

The summer season has not been profitable to proprietors of mountain, lake, or seaside resorts. The weather has been climatically paradoxical, and city residents have not been able so far to decide whether it is spring, summer or fall, or a blending of the three. In the meantime we are hurrying on toward autumn.

If you have choice potatoes you wish saved for seed put them in a box of sand in the cellar. They will not sprout nor freeze.

The cotton worm is on the increase in Wilcox county, in consequence of the hot dry weather.

The Troy Fertilizer company has increased its capital stock to \$40,000.

A fatal disease is killing the hogs in Dale and Pike counties.

A CARD.

To all who are suffering from the errors and indiscretions of youth, nervous weakness, early decay, loss of manhood, &c., I will send a recipe that will cure you, FREE OF CHARGE. This great remedy was discovered by a missionary in South America. Send a self-addressed envelope to the Rev. Joseph T. Inman, Station D, New York City, August 1883.

When Ladies are Attractive.

All ladies know their faces are most attractive when free from pimples. Parker's Ginger Tonic is popular among them because it banishes impurities from blood and skin and makes the face glow with health.

Administrator's Sale of Valuable Lands.

Under and by virtue of a Decree of the Probate Court of Calhoun County, Alabama, rendered on the 16th day of August 1883, I will sell to the highest bidder, upon the premises, the following lands, belonging to the estate of Mancey M. Hannah, deceased, viz: S W 1/4 and the S W 1/4 of N W 1/4 of Sec. 19, Township 14, S. R. 7, East, containing two hundred acres more or less, in Calhoun county, Alabama, on the 10th day of September A. D. 1883. Terms of sale ten per cent, and balance on a credit until the 1st day of January 1884, note with two good and sufficient securities will be required.

M. M. HANNAH, Administrator de bonis non of the Estate of M. M. Hannah, dec'd. aug1883

Standard LAUNDRY WAX

Preserves Linen, gives a beautiful finish, prevents the iron from sticking, saves labor.

5 Cents A Cake.

Ask your Storekeeper for it. Made by STANDARD OIL CO., Cleveland, Ohio. aug1883

CONTINENTAL HOOF OINTMENT

CURES Cracked Hoofs, Scratches, Sprains and Sores.

Horses, Cattle and Sheep.

Ask your Storekeeper for it, or write direct to the manufacturers, AMERICAN LUBRICATING OIL COMPANY, Cleveland, Ohio. aug1883

WRIGHT'S INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS FOR THE LIVER

And all Bilious Complaints. Safe to take, being purely vegetable, no gripping. Price 25 cents. All Druggists.

Tuscaloosa Female College

HAS just closed the most prosperous year in its history. It will reopen September 17th, with improved facilities. Terms moderate. For Catalogue, or other information, apply to ALONZO HILL, Tuscaloosa, Ala. President. July 14—5t

NOTICE NO. 2427.

LAND OFFICE, MONTGOMERY, ALABAMA, July 6, 1883. Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in the support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before Judge Probate Court at Jacksonville, Alabama on August 25th, 1883, viz: Andrew J. Boswell Homestead 7414, for the S E 1/4 of S E 1/4, W 1/2 of S E 1/4, N E 1/4 of S W 1/4 Sec 34, T 15 R 6, E. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: James A. Albrecht, Martins X Roads; James W. McIngvale, Martins X Roads; George W. Stephens, Cane Creek, Ala.; James M. Wilkerson, Martins X Roads, Alabama. THOMAS J. SCOTT, Register. July 14—5t

FREE! RELIABLE SELF-CURE.

A favorite prescription of one of the most noted and successful physicians in the U. S. (now retired for reasons of Nervous Debility) for the cure of Nervous Debility, Headache, Neuritis, and all the various ailments connected with the system. Address DR. WARD & CO., Louisiana, Mo.

Established in Rome Ga. 1853. H. A. SMITH, No. 113 BROAD STREET.

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A large supply on hand of School, Classical and Miscellaneous Books, Photograph and Autograph Albums, Bibles, Hymn and Prayer Books, Stationery, Blank Books, Paper, Pens, Pencils, Ink, Slates etc. and all the various articles of the latest styles for Parlors, Halls and Bed Rooms. Special Agent for Chickering, Arion and Mueselke Pianos, Mason and Hamlin, Bay State and Packard Organs. Manufacturers prices duplicated.

WINE OF CARDUI

This pure wine is a simple vegetable extract without intoxicating qualities, and has proved to be the most astonishing TONIC FOR WOMEN known to medical science. A well-known gentleman says: "My wife had been in delicate health for fifteen years. She suffered fearfully every time she ate or drank. She was unable to get on her feet. One bottle of Cardui's Wine of Cardui restored her health, and she gained sixteen pounds weight in two months while taking it."

McElree's Wine of Cardui is recommended for painful monthly habits, difficult, suppressed, excessive and irregular Menstrues, Whites, Falling of the Uterus, Change of Life, General Debility, and as a tonic for delicate ladies. It was tested in 7000 cases and cured 6500 of them. Its astonishing action mystified doctors, delighted sufferers, and restored thousands of suffering women to health and happiness. Druggists sell it at 50c per bottle. A thirty-four page pamphlet telling all about it free by mail.

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FAMILY GROCERY.

Best Goods in this Line in the City. EVERYTHING EVER KEPT IN AN ESTABLISHMENT OF THIS KIND. SEVERAL NOVELTIES!

Prices very moderate. No rent! No high taxes to pay! Cheap Goods the consequence. Always on hand. Lemonade and Soda and Sarsaparilla Water on call. Segars, Tobacco and Snuff of best brands. JNO. RAMAGNANO. June 30th 86.

J. RAMAGNANO. W. HENDERSON.

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HENDERSON'S MILLS, CLEBURNE COUNTY, ALA. (Post Office: CROSS PLAINS, ALA.)

Distillers of pure corn whiskey, also keep on hand Lincoln county whiskey three years old, old Cabinet Rye, Peach, Apple and French Brandy, pure Holland Gin. Pure juice of the grape for sacramental purposes, Port, Catawba, &c. Tobacco, Cigar, Oysters, Sardines, Sugar, Coffee &c. June 16th 86

P. PELLEGRINI. Z. CASTLEBERRY.

Pellegrini & Castleberry.

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april 7—1y

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Has been ruined by incompetent workmen, or needs repairing, send it by express to the

J. P. STEVENS Watch Factory.

where only skilled workmen and most improved machinery is employed. We make NEW any part that has been damaged or worn. Prices for repairs will be given you BEFORE the work is commenced. All work guaranteed. Put your name and address in the package with the watch. We send for Illustrated Catalogue and Prices.

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NEW FAMILY GROCERY, BY J. D. M'CORMICK.

Who has on hand and is constantly receiving Malt, Lard, Flour, Coffee, Sugar, Soda, Pepper, Spice, Ginger, Jas. S. Kirk's Soap, Mason's Blacking, Matches, Soda and Cream Crackers, Salmon, Oysters, Mackerel, Sardines, Tobacco, Cigars, Candy, Tin ware, and the American Standard writing fluid, all sizes, Leather, Shoes, Bridles, &c., &c., all of which is for sale cheap for cash, or to exchange for corn, wheat, country meat, lard, eggs, chickens and butter. Call and see me at the Stevenson corner, Jacksonville, Ala. June 2—dec 25

An Absolute Fact! THE CHEAPEST FURNITURE HOUSE

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An Immense Stock to Select From!

My Undertaker's Department is fully up with the times, being complete in all its details. With 35 years experience in this department, I can confidently guarantee satisfaction.

J. G. DAILEY, Rome, Ga. april 7—83—1y

H. F. MONTGOMERY, NOTARY PUBLIC AND EXCEPCIO JUSTICE OF THE PEACE JACKSONVILLE, ALA.

Court held on the second and fourth Mondays of each month. feb 17—1y

DAVID E. FOUTZ, Proprietor, BALTIMORE, MD.

For Fall Planting BULBS

MILLIONS OF THEM! For FLORISTS and AMATEURS.

Dutch Bulbs, Japan Bulbs, French Bulbs, American Bulbs, Etc. Also, Plants for Greenhouses and Window Gardens.

BEAUTIFUL CATALOGUE FREE! HIRAM SIBLEY & CO. ROCHESTER, N.Y. & CHICAGO, ILL.

H. F. MONTGOMERY, NOTARY PUBLIC AND EXCEPCIO JUSTICE OF THE PEACE JACKSONVILLE, ALA.

Court held on the second and fourth Mondays of each month. feb 17—1y

The great Georgia agricultural experiment station, at Tifton, was in Jacksonville last week.

Mr. Joe Frank has our thanks for a portable map of Alabama, sent from Atlanta.

This section was visited by a good Wednesday night, which will greatly help late crops.

Mr. J. H. Cave and Mrs. Mauck, of Atlanta, paid Jacksonville a visit this week.

The good order that marked last week of court has continued throughout this, the criminal week.

Mr. A. M. Head has laid on our table a stalk of cotton with 8 bolls. He has six acres of that kind.

Parties in Jacksonville are using sweet potatoes of this year's crop. They are unusually large for the season.

Mr. and Mrs. J. T. Vandiver and Miss Claudie Mitchell, of Rome, have been visiting friends in Jacksonville this week.

A colored man, whose name we have forgotten, sends us the first cotton boll of the season. It is a tenant of Mr. H. F. Vernon.

The regular term of the Commission Court met here Monday. There was a full attendance of members of the court and much business of importance to the county was transacted.

All capital cases were by consent passed over at this term of the Court, in order, we presume, that the docket might be cleared as far as possible of all cases of lighter nature that has for years cumbered it.

Any one desiring a copy of the pamphlet circular of the State Normal School at this place will be supplied on application to Capt. Wm M. Hames, resident, or Jno. M. Caldwell, Secretary, of the Board of Directors.

Mr. Walter Mitchell, of Rome, has been in Jacksonville this week introducing an excellent patent in the shape of an attachment. It is said to be the best thing of its kind. It can be found at the well at the house of Maj. B. F. Sly.

Mr. Hurst, a prominent attorney of Edwardsville, Cleburne county, attended court here the latter part of last week. He came in under our list of attorneys was made up for publication and since his name did not appear as recent.

We are delighted to hear that Major Stone has about consummated a trade for a house and lot here and will make this his home. Major Stone is a gentleman of fine business character and with his accomplished wife and daughter, will be quite an addition to our town.

Owing to the press of other matter, again leave over some matter on the "Luce" question. It is a long time before the next meeting of the Legislature and there will be plenty of time to discuss that and all other local questions. We decide that all sides be fully heard in any question that may be discussed through our columns.

The supper at the female academy, given last night, for the benefit of the Normal School, was a decided success financially and otherwise, and the little ladies who presided at the tables and kind ladies who assisted in the preparation of the supper, are entitled to the thanks of the community.

Mrs. Hamilton, who has been visiting some months here, left a few days ago for Louisville, where she has a brother. During her sojourn with us she made many friends by her kind genial nature and her pleasant conversation.

One of our subscribers said to us yesterday: "Quit talking about improving the Republican, and do it." Well, we are going to do it this time certain. We are negotiating now for new press type, and before the time comes for building we expect to bring the old publication out in a new form home-made both tasteful and becoming. When thus dressed her up, our subscribers say "she is a pretty old girl, if she is forty-eight years old."

Mr. Johnson, editor of the Gadsden News and Mr. Graham, editor of the Shelby Guide, have been in Jacksonville this week. Mr. Johnson has recently bought a power press and made decided improvements in the News. Mr. Graham also bought a power press and greatly improved the Guide. The publication, not to be left behind, follow suit this fall.

At this writing (Tuesday) the following attorneys are here attending court this week in addition to our local bar: Messrs. Etowah, Mr. Walden of Brooke, Mr. B. F. Wilson and Graham of Shelby, Messrs. Hop, Parsons, Castleberry and Cox of Talladega, Messrs. Savanna and Brock of Calhoun.

We have received a note from Mr. C. H. Williams, informing us of his intention to publish a paper at Anniston, the first issue of which will appear this week, and asking an exchange. We welcome the new enterprise and will exchange with pleasure.

The first session of the State Normal School at Jacksonville will open the first Monday in September. It is important that pupils should enter the first of the term to be classified. From what we can learn, we think the attendance from points outside of Jacksonville will be larger than was at first hoped for.

The school will be by no means local in its benefits. People all over Calhoun and adjoining counties will share with the people of Jacksonville the advantages of this splendid institution.

We see from the Rome Courier of the 10th that Flournoy Crook, son of Capt. James Crook of this place, took one of the two prizes offered for declamation at the Library Entertainment in the Nevin Opera House, at Rome, the night of the 9th. We learn also, through a private letter from a lady, who formerly lived in Jacksonville, that his manner of delivery was much admired and highly complimented. We are always glad to be able to record the triumphs of the Jacksonville boys and girls abroad.

THE AMATEURS.—If it were possible, the Jacksonville Amateurs surpassed themselves in the programme of Tuesday night. The audience though not so large as on a previous occasion, was quite good in point of numbers and very appreciative. Without exception, every member of the company did splendidly. The recitations were choice, the music artistic and the singing superb. The audience were highly pleased and each and every one of the company received flattering compliments as they retired from the footlights. The proceeds go to the Normal School, and will be used in necessary repairs on the building &c. The community generally and Board of Directors of the Normal school particularly owe the ladies and gentlemen who took part in this and the previous entertainment a vote of thanks.

The following ladies and gentlemen composing the Amateurs took part in one of the other of the concerts: Mrs. Morgan, Mrs. Glasser, Misses Jessie and Helen Woods, Misses Frankie, Ella and Ida Wyle, Miss Maude Montgomery, Miss Willie Borden, Miss Grace Henderson, Miss Telle Sullens and little Miss Kittie Morgan, and Messrs. W. H. and A. I. Woods, Messrs. W. G. J. M. and E. G. Caldwell and Dr. C. H. Montgomery.

Mr. M. Menko.

Mr. Martin Menko died last night at 9:45 o'clock at his residence in this city 62 West Peters street from injuries received last week.

Just one week ago today Mr. Menko was in good health. In the afternoon of last Wednesday he ordered his boy to "bring his horse and buggy into his yard. When Mr. Menko started to get into the buggy to drive down town to his place of business he noticed that the boy had neglected to put the bit into the horse's mouth. Mr. Menko essayed to correct the boy's work but when he took the bridle from the horse's head the animal started to run. Mr. Menko was knocked down and seriously injured. He was carried into his residence and physicians hurriedly summoned. Every thing was done for him, but his death occurred last night.

Mr. Menko was well known in Atlanta. He came here in 1865 and entered the mercantile business and has since been so engaged. He made a wide circle of acquaintances, and the announcement of his death will be read with sorrow by many. Mr. Menko was sixty years of age. He leaves a wife and six children.—Atlanta Constitution.

OBITUARY

Died July 24th 1883 at his home near Alexandria, Alabama, Eliza McDaniel, who had reached the ripe old age of 79 years, 1 month and 20 days.

Up to a few days before his death he was in a remarkable degree of mental and physical vigor to a remarkable degree for one of his age, having been able to perform manual labor one week previous to his burial and only four days before his death his intellect remained unclouded when he got sweet assurances of his acceptance with Christ. He was a true Christian and a true patriot, and he was a true friend to his fellow men.

He was a true friend to his fellow men, and he was a true patriot, and he was a true Christian, and he was a true friend to his fellow men.

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in performing the duties incumbent upon the office has become proverbial in the county. He possessed many noble qualities that were fully appreciated by his friends and neighbors as was evidenced from the large and mournful concourse that attended his burial.

His family have the heartfelt sympathy of a large circle of friends and acquaintances.

"The pains of death are past, Labor and sorrow cease, And life's long warfare closed at last, His soul is found in peace."

Alexandria Locals.

Misses Lizzie and Lou Mattison, two charming young ladies of Jacksonville, are visiting Miss Mattie Linder. We wish them a pleasant stay.

The protracted meeting at Post Oak has been in progress for the past few days. Rev. Gwynn officiating. Mr. W. C. Woodruff attended services at Post Oak last Sabbath. Glad to see him out.

Mr. Groce McKibbin, one of Oxford's handsomest young men, paid our city a flying visit last Sunday. Come again Groce.

Mr. H. C. Woodruff left for his home in Rome, last Monday. He has been visiting relatives in Alexandria for the past three weeks, and while here made many friends.

Dr. J. E. Crook is expected to return from Rome this week. Miss Maggie Linder is visiting her sister, Mrs. A. J. Douthett, of Gadsden.

R. G. Ragan is as handsome and fascinating as ever.

DAISY.

Mr. J. L. Mattison, the live Passenger Agent, at Montgomery, of the Memphis Short Line, has billed Jacksonville thoroughly this week. Mr. M. is an industrious and energetic railroad man and very popular with the traveling public.

COLLEGE STREET.

Is in a most dilapidated condition. Cannot our city fathers have it over-hauled? School opens soon, and it is very necessary that this street be made navigable to carts of all sizes.

CHEYENNE, Aug. 5.—President Arthur and party have reached this point, where they are making a short stay in order that president may see the people. The trip hither was without accident or incident other than manifestations of enthusiasm.

OUR LOCAL COLUMN.

Boarding!

Mrs. Mrs. M. E. Francis will take four young lady pupils of the Normal School to board at reasonable rates.

Mosquito canopies at Colclough & Co's.

WANTED.

One hundred good men wanted to work on the A. & A. R. R. from August 1st to Good Water. Wages \$1.00 per day. Apply to D. C. Johns, at Depot Jacksonville, Ala.

CARPETS! CARPETS! CARPETS! The largest stock in North Ga., at Colclough & Co's.

Shriner's Indian Vermifuge is strictly a vegetable compound, formulated particularly for destroying and expelling worms. Try it.

Premium.

Parties who have male colts sired by David Crockett are requested to bring them to Weaver's Station, Saturday the 25th. I will give a premium of \$5 to the owner of the best colt.

Very Low Rates.

A good Windship Cotton Hand Press, Cotton Box and all complete ready for packing cotton. Good as new.

Martin's X Roads, Ala. Aug 18.

Cornice and curtain Poles at Colclough & Co's. Rome, Ga.

G. J. Bryant, Rome, Ga., wants you boys in the dry counties to send your jugs to him and he will wet them for you.

Very Low Rates.

During the continuance of the Southern Exposition, at Louisville, Ky., (commencing August 1st, and continuing 100 days) the Louisville & Nashville Railroad will sell Excursion tickets from any of its stations to Louisville at one fare for the round trip. These tickets will be on sale every day, from 10 A. M. to 10 P. M. and will be good 30 days, allowing ample time to visit the Exposition and to visit the South and second only to the Centennial at Philadelphia.

An attractive, youthful appearance secured by using Parker's Hair Balsam to all who are getting gray.

Ziegler's fine shoes at Colclough & Co's.

G. J. Bryant gives special attention to C. O. D. orders. When you want a jug of any kind of whiskey send to him at Rome, Ga.

Deservedly Popular.

Unless it had great merit Parker's Ginger Tonic could not be so popular. Its sale has spread remarkably everywhere, because invalids find it gives them new life and vigor when other medicines fail entirely.—Ohio Farmer.

ENGLISH FEMALE BITTERS is an iron and vegetable tonic, prepared specially for the cure of all that afflict female sex. It builds up and strengthens feeble, broken down and worn out constitutions, repairs damages inflicted by years of suffering, regulates the system, aids in restoring impoverished blood, and gives new life and vigor when other medicines fail entirely.—Ohio Farmer.

"Tough on Chills."

Cures 5 cases of chills in a case of stamps mailed by John Parham, Atlanta, Ga.

G. C. ELLIS, W. W. WINTHROP, Jacksonville, Ala. Oxford, Ala.

ELLIS & WHITESIDE, Attorneys at Law

SOLICITORS IN CHANCERY.

Will practice in all the Courts of Calhoun and adjoining counties. nov1-ly

PEARCE & KELLY, ATTORNEYS AT LAW.

OXFORD, CALHOUN CO., ALA.

Will practice in the Circuit and Chancery Courts of Calhoun, Talladega, Cleburne and Clay Counties, and in the Supreme Court.

Reynolds—Isbell & Co. Bankers, Talladega, Ala., Draper, Son & Co., Bankers, Oxford, Ala., Capt. P. D. Ross, Clerk Circuit Court, Hon. A. Woods, Judge of Probate, Jacksonville, Alabama, Oct4-ly.

WM. J. BROCK, ATTORNEY AT LAW,

OFFICE AT Centre, Cherokee Co., Ala.

Will attend to cases both in the Chancery and Circuit Courts of this State, and in the Circuit and Chancery Divisions, and Supreme Court of the State. Collections promptly attended to.

JOR. A. WALDEN, W. W. WOODWARD, WALDEN & WOODWARD, ATTORNEYS AT LAW,

JACKSONVILLE, ALA.

Will practice in all the courts of the Circuit, and the Supreme Courts of the State. Prompt attention given to the collection of claims.

FRANK W. BOWDON, ROBT. L. ARNOLD, BOWDON & ARNOLD, ATTORNEYS AT LAW

AND SOLICITORS IN CHANCERY, JACKSONVILLE, ALA.

Will practice in all the Courts of the Circuit, U. S. Dist. Court and Supreme Court of the State April 24, 1880

S. D. G. BROTHERS, ATTORNEY AT LAW

JACKSONVILLE, ALA.

Will practice in all the Courts of this Judicial Circuit, and in the Supreme and Federal Court at Columbia, S. C. Office at former office of Col. Jas. Crook—aug5-ly.

JAMES HUTCHINSON, Barber & Hair-dresser.

Room on Office Row, recently occupied by Dick Walker.

If you desire to have a pleasant and clean shave, or have your hair trimmed in neat & fashionable style, give him a call. Jacksonville, 3rd, 20, 1878

EXCURSION Season of 1883.

On and after June 1st until otherwise ordered, Excursion tickets to all PRINCIPAL WATERING PLACES and SUMMER RESORTS of interest, will be on sale at the ticket offices of the E. T. Va. & G. A. R. R. at reduced rates.

For price lists, time cards and other information call on the Ticket Agent at the Depot, or address either of the undersigned.

RAY KNIGHT, A. G. P. A., Jacksonville, Ala.

A. POPE, G. P. & T. A., Lynchburg, Va.

Alabama Agricultural and Mechanical College.

ANNOUNCED, ALA., Aug. 1, 1883.

Next session begins Sept. 26th. Faculty of eleven Professors. Gives industrial education. Practical Agriculture and Civil Engineering specialties. Location on railroad high and healthy. Tuition Free. Expenses Low. For Catalogue with particulars, address

D. F. BOYD, Pres., Auburn, Ala.

NEW GOODS

AT

CROW BROS.

COME AND EXAMINE THEM.

Our Calicoes are beautiful and of the latest styles. Our Worsteds goods fine, from 14 to 45 cents per yard. We can suit you both in quality and price. We have on hand and still receiving the largest and best selected lot of Shoes we have ever kept; and we propose to sell all our goods at suitably low prices. We also keep a large stock of

Groceries

on hand, that we sell at the very lowest figures. Our

SUGARS AND COFFEES.

can't be beat in the market. Our Teas are splendid. A large lot of Crockett, Rocket and Table Cutlery, Soap, Tobacco, Snuff, Cigars, Ladies and Gent's Straw Hats, &c., &c. mar1

W. C. LAND, WATCHMAKER, AND JEWELER.

Jacksonville, Ala.

East Tennessee, Virginia

GEORGIA RAIL ROAD, Alabama and Alabama Central Division.

TIME TABLE.

To Effect December 26th, 1882.

Northward Daily. Mail. Accom'd'n

Lv. Meridian, 4:50 a.m.

York, 6:30 a.m.

Demopolis, 8:21 a.m.

Junction, 10:25 a.m.

Arr. Selma, 10:38 a.m.

Lv. Selma, 8:00 a.m.

Calera, 10:58 a.m.

Talladega, 1:10 p.m.

Anniston, 2:07 p.m.

Arr. Rome, 4:50 p.m.

Arr. Atlanta, Ga. Div., 2:50 p.m.

Arr. Dalton, 6:30 p.m.

Arr. Cleveland, 8:10 p.m.

Arr. Chattanooga, 8:00 p.m.

Southward Daily. Mail. Accom'd'n

Lv. Chattanooga, Ga. Div., 8:00 a.m.

Lv. Cleveland, 9:00 a.m.

Lv. Dalton, 9:44 a.m.

Lv. Atlanta, 1:20 p.m.

Lv. Rome, 11:20 a.m.

Anniston, 2:07 p.m.

Talladega, 3:30 p.m.

Calera, 5:32 p.m.

Arr. Selma, 8:30 p.m.

Lv. Selma, 4:30 p.m.

Junction, 5:08 p.m.

Demopolis, 6:58 p.m.

York, 8:45 p.m.

Arr. Meridian, 10:00 p.m.

CONNECTIONS.

At Meridian with Mobile & Ohio R. R. for New Orleans, Vicksburg, and the South.

At York with Ala. Great Southern R. R.

At Junction with Selma & G. R. R.

At Selma with Western R. R. (of Alabama) Cincinnati, Selma & Mobile R. R., and New Orleans and Selma R. R.

At Calera with E. & A. R. R. for Montgomery and points South.

At Anniston with Georgia Pacific R. R.

At Rome with Ala. Division for Atlanta, Macon, Augusta and Georgia points, Dalton, Chattanooga and points North and West, Cleveland, Knoxville, Bristol and all Virginia and Eastern cities.

Prior Reclining Chairs on all Night Trains.

J. M. BRIDGES, Supt. Selma Ala. RAY KNIGHT, A. G. P. A. Selma, Ala. A. POPE, G. P. & T. A., Knoxville, Tenn. 187-52-ly.

Is far superior to all other preparations as a worm-destroyer, being composed entirely of vegetable ingredients and free from all nauseous taste that vermifuge has. It is a pleasant Syrup that children will gladly take, or it can be eaten with bread. Thousands of children die annually of worms when by the use of the Mother's Worm Syrup their precious little lives might be saved. It expels the Round Worm, Thread Worm and the Huge Tape Worm. It never fails. It cleans up the skin and sweetens the temper of the little sufferer, secures sleep, and brings back the appetite. It restores the roses to the cheek and saves the teeth. By its use the child is safe from Convulsions, Spasms, and St. Vitus' Dance, which are usually caused by Worms.

WORM SYRUP

CHILDREN

It for

WORM SYRUP

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WORM SYRUP

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WORM SYRUP

CHILDREN

It for

WORM SYRUP

CHILDREN

where $\mathbf{A}$ is the matrix of the linear system, $\mathbf{b}$ is the vector of the right-hand side, and $\mathbf{x}$ is the vector of the unknowns. The matrix $\mathbf{A}$ is a sparse matrix, and the vector $\mathbf{b}$ is a dense vector. The vector $\mathbf{x}$ is a dense vector. The matrix $\mathbf{A}$ is a sparse matrix, and the vector $\mathbf{b}$ is a dense vector. The vector $\mathbf{x}$ is a dense vector.

It is said the Anniston Cotton

factory will manufacture calicoes.

Mr. Walter Driskill has been

visiting his father's family here

week.

Mr. and Mrs. Boone left for their

home Tuesday, accompanied by

Katie Crawford and little Katie

Still.

At the request of the Women's Tem-

perance Union of Gadsden, we will

publish temperance

articles that will furnish

information.

On Monday last between

the School house and G. W. Wolf's

umbrella. The person who found it

please return it to this office.

On June 1, McKleroy is now at An-

son, arranging for the disposal of the

S. R. & D. R. lands. He will

be here about a week before his return

to Alabama. When he next comes to

Albion, he will remain two months or

more.

The expense of the August term

Circuit Court of Calhoun county

was less than heretofore by sev-

eral hundred dollars. The amount

of the Petit Jurors was \$867.05;

and jurors, \$311.95; Constables

\$650. Total, \$1189.50.

Notice school advertisement of Weav-

er's Station School. We have

been these gentlemen long and can

commend them to parents having

children to educate. Weaver's is a very

pleasant and healthy village with fine

schools.

The State Normal School at this

place will open the first Monday in

September.

On Jos. F. Johnston, of Selma, is in

Albion, the guest of Gen. Forner.

Judge Walker has returned from Wauke-

sham much improved in health.

Capt. James Crook has recently had

repaired his place in Jacksonville a

mill and pump, with capacity of

about six hundred to a thousand gal-

lons a day. A reservoir near will enable

to throw water into all the rooms

of his dwelling from his well, as also

any point on his extensive grounds.

His mill is quite ornamental as seen

from the public square. The whole cost

will be from six hundred to a thousand

dollars.

Mr. R. H. Jones, the celebra-

ted carriage manufacturer of Car-

rollville and Atlanta Ga., was in

Albion last week, looking to

establishment of a branch of

the business here. He preached

at the Methodist church Sunday

and Sunday night. He is a man

of most sterling character and

come teachers they receive instruction

as a specialty, also in the theory and

practice of teaching.

"Do all your pupils obligate them-

selves to become teachers?"

No. A pupil can enter the school,

pay the tuition charges, and receive

nominal, receive all the advantages

of the school in both the academic

and normal departments, without any

obligation whatever. It is only where

he receives free tuition that he obligates

himself to teach in the State two years

for this bonus on the part of the State.

3. Does he obligate himself to teach

at any particular place or for any spe-

cific salary?

No. He may teach anywhere in the

State, and at just such salary or prices

as he and his patrons may agree upon.

4. Is the State Normal school at

Jacksonville open to both sexes?

Yes. And I here say, I think with

paradise, that the co-education of

the sexes, as advocated by myself

sixteen years ago, and much opposed

at the time, has been adopted in nearly

all the best schools of the country. And I

repeat, that so long as boys and girls

are born in the same family, play in the

same nursery, and together constitute

the hope and joy of the same household,

they should be trained together for the

duties, cares and pleasures of life.

Then, in conclusion, permit me to say

that the State Normal school at Jack-

sonville is intended to be a literary school

of high grade, including in its curricu-

lum the literature, arts and sciences

found in all our best high schools and

colleges, and in the most approved

Normal methods. It will also

include a special department devoted to

the science and art of teaching, where

our girls and boys may make special

preparation for the important, arduous

and responsible position of teachers in

the public schools of the State.

I have hastily written this in answer to

many inquiries, and if you think it will

aid in answering the many questions now

asked relative to the State Normal

school, recently established in our town,

you have liberty to publish it.

Those who wish to know further

about terms, time of commencement of

school, can write to Hon. W.

M. Hames, President of Board of Di-

rectors.

Respectfully,

J. W. BORDEN,

Alabama and her Resources.

We have a card from Mr. Wm. J.

Sykes, written from Decatur,

informing us that he will address

the people of Jacksonville on

Alabama and her resources, Tues-

day night, August, 28th.

Physicians recommend Shiner's

Indian Vermifuge in their practice as a

superior article for destroying and ex-

PELLING WORMS. Only 25 cents a bottle.

A CARD.

To all who are suffering from the errors

and indiscretions of your nervous sys-

tem, early decay, loss of manhood, &c., I

will send a recipe that will cure you. FREE

OF CHARGE. This great remedy was discov-

ered by a military surgeon in South Africa.

Send a self-addressed envelope to the Rev. Joseph

T. Tamm, Station D, New York City.

aug18m3

Very Low Rates.

During the continuance of the Southern

Exposition, at Louisville, Ky., (commenc-

ing August 1st, and continuing 100 days)

the Louisville & Nashville Railroad will sell

Excursion Tickets from any of its stations

to Louisville at one fare for the round trip.

These tickets will be on sale every day,

from 8 A. M. to 5 P. M. and will be good 30

days, allowing ample time to visit the

Greater Exposition ever held in the South,

and second only to the Centennial at Phila-

delphia.

ENGLISH FEMALE BITTERS is an iron

and vegetable tonic, prepared specially

for the cure of all the ailments of the

female system, and restores the blood,

regulates the system, aids in the

formation of new blood, and makes per-

manent cures. It tones the stomach,

keeps a keen appetite, aids digestion,

relieves sick headache, acts gently upon

the liver, cures swimming of the head,

and palpitation of the heart.

For headache, constipation and bil-

iousness, use *English's Sufferer's*.

"Tough on Chills,"

Cures 5 cases for 25 cents in 10 days.

Mailed by John Parham, Atlanta, Ga.

NOTICE.

Special Term Commissioner's Court.

Notice is hereby given that a special Term

of the Court of County Commissioners for

Calhoun county, Ala., will be held at the

Court House in Jacksonville on Friday the

14th day of Sept. 1883, for the purpose of

selecting a Acceptor of the Poor House and

Paupers of said county for the year 1884.

Persons desiring the position will hand in

their applications on or before that day.

Also one student of the State Medical Col-

lege from Calhoun county will be selected,

whose tuition will be free. The Court will

attend to any other business of interest to

the county, which may be presented on

same day.

J. WOODS,

Judge of Probate.

NOTICE NO. 2510.

LAND OFFICE, MONTGOMERY, ALA.

Notice is hereby given that the following

named settler has filed notice of his in-

tention to make final proof in support of

his claim, and that said proof will be made

G. C. ELLIS, W. W. WATKINS,

JACKSONVILLE, ALA. OXFORD, ALA.

ELLIS & WHITEHEAD,

Attorneys at Law

SOLICITORS IN CHANCERY.

Will practice in all the Courts of Cal-

houn and adjoining counties. nov11-ly

W. J. PEARCE, R. B. KELLY,

PEARCE & KELLY,

ATTORNEYS AT LAW,

OXFORD, CALHOUN CO., ALA.

Will practice in the Circuit and Chancery

Courts of Calhoun, Tallapoosa, Cleburne and

Clay Counties, and in the Supreme Court.

References: Isbell & Co., Bankers, Tal-

ledge, Ala.; Draper, Son & Co., Bankers,

Oxford, Ala.; Court, E. D. Ross, Clerk, Cir-

cuit Court, Hon. A. Woods, Judge of Pro-

bate, Jacksonville, Alabama. oct1-ly.

WM. J. BROCK,

ATTORNEY AT LAW,

OFFICE AT

Centre, Cherokee Co., Ala.

Will attend to cases both in the

Chancery and Circuit Courts of this Ju-

dicial circuit and Chancery Division,

and Supreme Court of the State. Col-

lections promptly attended to.

JOB. A. WALDEN, W. W. WOODWARD,

Walden & Woodward,

ATTORNEYS AT LAW,

JACKSONVILLE, ALA.

Will practice in all the courts of the

Circuit, and the Supreme Courts of the

State. Prompt attention given to the col-

lection of claims.

FRANK W. BOWDON, ROBT. L. ARNOLD,

BOWDON & ARNOLD,

ATTORNEYS AT LAW

AND

Solicitors in Chancery,

JACKSONVILLE, ALA.

Will practice in all the Courts of the

Circuit, U. S. Dist. Court and Supreme

Court of the State. April 24, 1889

S. D. G. BROTHERS,

ATTORNEY AT LAW

JACKSONVILLE, ALA.

Will practice in all the Courts of this Ju-

dicial Circuit, and in the Supreme and Fed-

eral Courts. Collections promptly made. Of-

fice at former office of Col. Jas. Crook.

aug1-ly.

JAMES HUTCHINSON,

Barber & Hair-dresser,

Room on Office Row, recently occupied

by Dick Walker.

If you desire to have a pleasant and

clean shave, or have your hair trimmed

in neat & fashionable style, give him

a call. Jacksonville, Sep. 20, 1878

East Tennessee, Virginia

GEORGIA RAIL ROAD.

Alabama and Alabama Central

Division.

TIME TABLE.

In Effect December 26th, 1882.

Northward Daily. Mail. Accom'da

Lv. Mobile, Ala. 4.50 a m

Yok. 6.30 a m

Demopolis. 8.15 a m

Jacksonville. 10.38 a m

Arr. Selma. 10.38 a m

Lv. Selma. 8.00 a m

Calhoun. 10.58 a m

Talladega. 1.10 p m

Arr. Rome. 4.50 p m

Arr. Atlanta, Ga. Div. 2.50 p m

Arr. Dalton. 4.30 p m

Arr. Cleveland. 8.10 p m

Arr. Chattanooga. 8.00 p m

Southward Daily. Mail. Accom'da

Lv. Chattanooga, Ga. Div. 8.00 a m

Lv. Cleveland. 8.00 a m

Lv. Dalton. 1.20 p m

Lv. Rome. 11.20 a m

Arr. Selma. 4.30 p m

Arr. Jacksonville. 5.58 p m

Arr. Demopolis. 6.58 p m

Arr. Yok. 8.45 p m

Arr. Mobile. 10.00 p m

CONNECTIONS.

At Meridian with Mobile & Ohio R. R.

and Vicksburg & Meridian R. R. for Mobile

New Orleans, Vicksburg and the South.

At York with Ala. Great Southern R. R.

At Junction with Selma & G. R. R.

At Selma with Western R. R. (of Ala-

bama.) Cincinnati, Selma & Mobile R. R.

and New Orleans and Selma R. R.

