Jacksonville Republican.

"THE PRICE OF LIBERTY IS ETERNAL VIGILANCE."

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ALL THE YEAR ROUND.

Friend, if to me when Spring-time died,
Was given no glorious Summer-tide,
If never happy May
Succeeded April's shower and sun,
And, if, when bluebell time was done,
No roses lit my way:

If evermore my heart doth miss
A joy for one, love's crowning bliss,
I know the lesson meant;
If wanting stars of earthly love,
I know one brighter shines above,
My friend, I am content;

A CAMP SURPRISE.

During the summer of 187— a merry party, ten of us in all, camped out in the Adirondack wilderness. There were three guides—I mention the guides first because they are the most important members of a camping party—two gentlemen, two children, two ladies, the children's old maiden aunt, myself and an English nurse to help take care of the little ones.

We had pitched our tents in the grand old Adirondack forest on the shore of a beautiful lake in the heart of the "North Woods," and for ten days had had the jolliest time imaginable.

At last we were getting out of venison and the gentlemen proposed a night hunt for deer.

On former occasions they had always left a guide to guard the camp, but knowing that deer were scarce, we thought the more men in the party, the more likely they would bring home a fine, fat buck. So we protested against being left in charge of a guide, and after talking it over a while the gentlemen finally agreed to take all the guides with them, and just before dusk started for a pond some miles distant from our camp.

We watched the boats until they passed out of sight, and then strolled about the shore until it was dark.

Then drawing near the tents we sat down on some logs around the campfire. Touching a match to a huge pile of brush hard by we sat gazing upon the flames as they leaped upward, roaring and cracking, and filling the forest with a cheerful glow.

Every one, we suppose, knows that being courageous in broad daylight is one thing, and being courageous in the dark is another. We had been as brave as lions before sunset, but I think the feeling that we were alone in this immense forest miles and miles from a hunter's tent made us feel a little nervous, for I noticed that we started at every rustling of the bushes, looking up anxiously if the wind gently stirred the branches overhead, and the English nurse jumped at least a foot as a loon sent forth his wild, mocking cry.

Was that a panther, eh?" she asked in a frightened whisper.

"O, no indeed," replied the children's aunt, and yet the feeble attempt at a laugh ended in a little shiver, and I saw her glance quickly over her shoulder in a scared sort of way.

Piling several logs of wood on the fire to make it last as long as possible, we withdrew to our large sleeping tent. The English nurse headed the procession with an old rusty hunting-knife she had found among the cooking utensils. Rob, the youngest boy, lugged a broken oar into the tent, while aunt brought up the rear with a tin pan and pudding stick.

"I have often read that any loud noise will serve to frighten away wild beasts, she whispered to me, "and I though these might be handy to have with us."

After securely fastening the canvas flaps at the entrance of the tent, we lay down on our beds of hemlock boughs, but we didn't seem to be very sleepy; in fact we were to nervous too sleep at once. I was just dropping into a doze when I heard a sound in the distance—a kind of prolonged howl.

I raised my head to listen—so did aunt.

"What was that?" she whispered.

"O, nothing but another loon," I answered, as calmly as I could, but I knew very well it was not a loon.

For a few moments all was still' Again the same unearthly sound broke the stillness of the night. This time it seemed nearer—a long dismal howl.

The children's aunt rose to a sitting posture. The English nurse asked in a frightened whisper, "Indians, eh?" Panther, eh?"

"Nonsense," returned I. "There are no panthers here, and as for Indians, there isn't a red man within a thousand miles." Here I stopped. My hair was braided down my back in a Chinese pig-tail, and it seemed to rise straight in the air as a gust of wind brought to our ears a third howl, followed by a chorus of unearthly yelps.

We sprang to our feet. I felt some one pulling at my dress and heard Rob's voice—the oldest boy was fast asleep: "What is it, auntie? is it—is it a wolf?" Then I knew that his eyes were as big as butter-plates.

"Whatever it is it shall not hurt you, dear," said I, putting one hand on his shoulder, and feeling with the other for the rifle which one of the gentlemen had placed in a corner of the tent that very afternoon.

"Aunt, where is the rifle?"

And aunt, who had a horror of firearms, confessed that "only a few moments before she had carried it out of the tent and laid it down in the bushes with the butt end toward the camp.

"But it wasn't loaded," I replied angrily.

"Well, dear, rifles go off sometimes when they ain't loaded," she answered.

I knew by this that aunt was very-very nervous or she never would have made such a foolish speech. "Our last hope is gone then," I said with a groan. "Now keep still; not a word for your lives! Perhaps the wolves may go in another direction, they may be chasing a deer."

The moment I said "wolves" the English nurse fainted. "Let her alone" said aunt. "If you bring her to her senses she will faint again. I am sure if I have got to be eaten by wolves I had rather faint too, then I shouldn't know anything about it."

"Hush! Listen!"

We held our breath. This is what we heard; A howl or two, a crackling and rustling of twigs, the noise of long leaps brough the underbush, and then, oh, horror! the sound of animals rushing madly around the tents. The children's aunt had been peeping through a small hole in one side of the tent.

"Look! for mercy's sake, look!" she gasped.

I put my eyes close te the rent and there, rushing wildly about, were four great, lean, shaggy brutes! By the light of the camp fire I could see their glit t ring eyes, red tongues and sharp white teeth.

I drew back in horror. "Try the tin pan," said I.

Rob beat a lively tattoo with the pudding stick. For a moment the patter of paws ceased, only to begin again more madly than before.

"O, dear!" moaned annt in despair. "Any decent wolf would have been afraid of a camp fire, to say nothing of such a racket as this.'

She seized the oar and put herself in a war-like attitude.

Just then one of the creatures outside brushed against the tent, while another ran sniffing about and even ventured his nose under the canvas flaps.

"Something must be done," exclaimed aunt with the air of one resolved "to do or die." "I have often read that a wild beast will quail before the steady gaze of the human eye. "Then she drew herself up looking the picture of a veritable Lady Macbeth. "The trouble is, I can't look in four pairs of eyes at once."

"And while you were staring at one wolf the others would eat you up," I answered.

"Young woman, this is no time for jesting," said aunt, solemnly. "Heaven knows what will become of us."

At this instant it flashed before my mind that there was something familiar in the sound of the howling outside. I took another look through the little loophole, then whistled softly. Dropping the hunting knife I had been brandishing and running to the entrance I began untying the canvas flaps. "Aunt," said I, "listen! Do you hear? Those are not wolves, they are dogs; I am sure of it."

In another moment four great, tawny hounds were leaping about me, putting their paws on my shoulders, nearly knocking me down in their attempt to express their joy.

I led the way to the tent where our supplies were stored, and throwing them some food knew from the greedy way in which they siezed it that they had been off on a long trail. It often happens that hunting dogs get lost while on the scent of an animal. In such cases they always make their way to the nearest camp. After the hounds had satisfied their hunger they followed me to the sleeping tent.

I found the children's aunt and the English nurse pale but calm, with the happy Rob between them. We left the tent flaps open and the cheery firelight shone inside the camp; the largest dog stretched himself before the entrance as if to say: "I'm going to keep watch here to-night," while the others took their places by the children's beds. Then we fell asleep, safe, indeed, under the watchful care of our new-found friends.

A Close Relation.

There was a disagreeable scene last night over at the Palmer mansion, between Colonel Floyd Palmer and his son William. Bill Palmer is an Austin boy of the most modern type, who always tells his parents just what he thinks about them, regardless of their feelings. Not long since, he wanted to celebrate his birthday with some of his youthful companions, so he applied to his father for an adequate appropriation. Colonel Palmer, who is a close relation of William, being his penurious father, responded with a quarter of a dollar, which bore about the same proportion to the need and expectations of Bill as did Galveston's Congressional appropriation to the one she applied for.

Billy looked at the quarter, sneered at it, and finally said to the author of his existence:

"That's a mighty slim appropriation to celebrate the thirteenth birthday of an Austin boy on, but still I don't reproach you. You are not to blame for my birthday.'

"What do you mean, sir?" whooped the now thoroughly aroused father."

"I mean just what I say. If mother hadn't married such a close relation as you are, I wouldn't never have had any birthday to celebrate, and I would be all the better off. She is the one who is to blame. She should have married a man of more liberal views, and then my father would have afforded me the means of celebrating my birthday in accordance with my social status."

Facts.

The number of failures reported the United States during the past six months was 3469, against 3256 for the same time in 1881, 2400 in 1880 and 3810 in the first half of 1879. The total assets for the past six months amounted to $27,329,765, and the liabilities to $42,333,289. In the same period in 1881 the assets were $19,500,000, and the liabilities $39 500,000. There were 153 failures in the United States during the past week.

The total amount of national bank notes handled for the purpose of redemption by the Treasurer of the United States for the month of June, 1882, was 10,318,650, as against $9,081, 200. in the same period in 1881, being an increase in 1882 of $1,233,450. The total for the fiscal year ended June 30 was $74,379,580, as against $59,064,050 for the year ended June 30, 1881, being an an increase for 1882 of $15,315,530.

The sales of stamps, stamped envelopes and postal cards for the quarter ended March 31, 1882, amounted to $10,487,329,44. This amount represents an increase of sales of $359,876,08 over those of the quarter ended December 31, 1882, and of $1,435,368 83 (or 15 8-10 per cent.) over the sales for the quarter ended March 31, 1881.

The following is a statement of the United States currency outstanding on June 30, 1882: Old demand notes, $59,695; legal tender notes, all issues, $346,681,016; one year notes on 1863, $42,975; two year notes of 1863, $12,000; two year coupon notes of 1863, $22,150; compound interest notes, $223,560; fractional currency, all issues, $15,423,186.10; total, $362,464,582 10.

Confidence.

When the Duke of Cambridge was about to become the guest of Lord Stratford for a few days at the embassy, he went in his dressing-gown and slippers, at an early hour in the morning, to see that the rooms prepared for his Royal Highness were in order. Finding the Duke's valet arranging the trunks and portmanteaus which had arrived, the Ambassador began to give him directions how they should be placed. The man left off and stared at Lord Stratford.

"I will tell you what it is," he said, "I know how his Royal Highness likes to have his things arranged. So you just shut up and be off, old fellow."

Lord Stratford went off in a towering passion, and, calling one of the attaches, ordered him to go and tell the man who it was that he had ventured to address such language to. The attache returned.

"Well, what did you say to him?" asked the Ambassador.

"I said to him, my Lord, that the person to whom he had ventured to address such language was her Majesty's representative in Turkey."

"Ah, quite right. And what was his answer?"

"He answered, my Lord, that he never said you wasn't.

Lord Stratford's anger would be appeased by anything which seemed ludicrous, and he enjoyed a hearty laugh with the attache.

About Horseshoes.

Any one who will take the trouble to examine, even casually, the anatomy of the horse's foot will see that the frog is a wedge of elastic tissue fitted for concussion. Each time it pounds the earth it spreads the hoof laterally by reason of its shape, for it is not only a wedge anteroposteriorly, but also vertically. It is fitted for concussions as perfectly as is the sole of the dog or the cat,

We know it is a moot point among even good horsemen as to whether in shoeing frog-pressure should be courted or avoided. Experience, we believe, will be in favor of frog-pressure, and both anatomy and common sense are on its side. The frog is precisely fitted, as we have said, for such pressure and even our stony street pavements do but harden and develop the frog just as the bare-footed boy has his foot-sole toughened. Xenophon tells us in his school for horsemen that colts brought up on dry, stony soils never need protection.

The ordinary shoe, with heel and toe cork, lifts the foot-sole from the ground and prevents such frog-pressure. But, as a rule, such horses have more or less contracted heels, and have not a long, free stride. Their gait is "groggy." Take off such shoes and put on the Goodenough or a similar shoe, and it is remarkable to see how their gait improves and the heel expands. In the winter time, owing to the ice, it is necessary to shoe them with corks, say two or three times; all the rest of the year the Goodenough, applied cold, is by far the best shoe. We speak after considerable experience.

The Chicago, Rock Island & Pacific Railway.

This railway is the favorite, most popular and comfortable line to Peoria, Rock Island, Davenport, Des Moines, Kansas City, Atchison, Leavenworth, Council Bluffs, Omaha and points intermediate and westward to Colorado, New Mexico, Arizona, California, Oregon, Washington Territory and British Columbia.

In fact "The Great Rock Island Route" is the only one that runs through cars to all the principal Missouri river points and to Minneapolis and St. Paul via the Albert Lea Route. Examination of the map of the United States shows that this line occupies the central position among the great Western railroads, and is therefore able to reach more of the commercial cities of the West, with less miles of track than any competitor.

At the same time it connects directly in union depots, with every line of road that crosses the continent or pierces the agricultural and mineral regions west of the Missouri river.

This being the case, it is naturally the line intelligent people choose who wish to go quickly to their destination; and always having most comfortable cars upon its trains, charging as low rates of fare as any other line and checking baggage through, it obtains an unparalleled support, and year by year grows in popular esteem.

We think we give good advice and that which is worth heeding when we say to all who are journeying west of Chicago, purchase your tickets over this route for you will get your money's worth in the pleasant journey which such action insures.

Crags and Cragsmen.

To the north of Flamborough Head, stretching away toward Filey, the Bempton, Buckton, and Speeton cliffs uplift their awful forms, impending over the boisterous waves as they break in thunder over that iron-bound coast. For ages these cliffs have been the haunts of innumerable sea-birds. To them they wing their clamorous way as night falls; on their ledges and crags generation after generation of web-footed fowl have built their nests. "During the season of incubation," says Mr. W. White, "boys are let down the edge of the precipice by ropes, to gather the eggs, which they do in bushels, for the use of the sugar houses at Hull, and for other domestic purposes." It would seem that this "dreadful trade" is not confined to boys alone. Our contemporary records that for the last three-and-forty years a now aged resident of Bempton has been in the habit of descending the adjoining cliffs with the aid of a rope. Accompanied by his son and by another stalwart mate, the veteran "climber," as, in Yorkshire phrase, he is designated, prepares himself annually for the nesting season, which lasts from about the 10th of May to the 15th of June. The old man, strong in the vast experience which he has gained, goes down the cliffs while his mates stand upon the summit and manage the pulley and ropes. "I was a bauld cragsman ance," said Edie Ochiltree, "and mony a kittywake's and lungie's nest hae I harried up amang thae very black rocks; but its lang, lang syne, and nae mortal could scale them without a rope—and if I had ane, my ee-sight, and foot-step, and hand-grip hae a' failed mony a day sinsyne." The old Bempton cragsman has seen as many years as Sir Walter's celebrated 'Gaberlunzie," and yet in him neither hand, nor foot, nor eye, nor —what is least enduring of all—nerve have as yet failed. "He proceeds," says the correspondent in question, "to adjust his gear, which consists, first, of what he calls breeches. They are made of a strong hempen material, something like the headpiece of a halter. There are two places to insert the legs, with a loop at each end, which draws across in front and meets another loop at the end of a strap round the waist, and through these loops the main rope is fastened." This main rope, on which the weight of the egg-collector hangs, is made of the strongest and best material, and is nearly three hundred feet in length.

Thus far the description is not of a nature to tempt amateurs to follow the old cragsman's example, but it should be added that, besides the suspending rope, there is another much thinner in substance which is passed round a crowbar at the top of the cliff, and which the climber takes in his hand, to steer by and to steady himself, as well as by its aid to swing on to the ledges. Having thrown two canvas bags over his shoulders, the veteran descends, and with feet thrust out at right angles to the seat upon which he is placed, keeps himself off the precipice's jagged and projecting edges. It is reassuring to be told that, though the descent looks perilous, an accident seldom happens, the only danger being from the fall of stones and pieces of rock that the smaller rope detaches, to guard against which a thickly-wadded hat is required. The only casualty which in forty-three years has befallen the old Bempton "climmer" was occasioned by a tumbling rock which broke his left shoulder. We can readily understand that use, "which is second nature," may rob the hazardous employment of its terrrors, but that it should be attempted by a volunteer bespeaks his possession of no ordinary amount of pluck. We should recommend no one to make the experiment unless he be steady of head, firm of heart, and with muscles hardened by exercise and training. To an intrepid climber of this kind it cannot but be an intoxicating sentation to find himself suspened among thousands of birds winging about his head and making the air vocal with their startled cries.

Drinking in The Hay-Field.

Men in health perspire freely when vigorously at work on warm days. Very heavy sweating may sometimes arise from weakness; a dry skin may indicate disorder. Evaporation from the surface carries off heat and keeps the body cool. A large supply of drinking water is required for the warm haying and harvest days, but much less than is commonly supposed. Half a pint of water, sipped slowly, will assuage thirst much more effectively than a quart gulped down. A pint of cold fluid ot any kind, thrown into the stomach, may result in more or less congestion; serious illness, and not unfrequently deaths, arise from this cause. If ice-water is taken at any time, it should always be swallowed so slowly that the stomach can warm each gill before taking another. As to the kinds of drink, the positive teachings of medical science, and experience, indicate that pure water is by far the best fluid for assuaging thirst, and supplying the wants of the system. Beers, ales, sweetened drinks, or any fluid that contains material that must be digested, are a tax upon the stomach, and tend to disorder the system. If taken at all, it should only be with other food. Pure water is absorbed at once into the blood, and is carried directly to those parts of the system where it is needed. If the water is bad, it may usually be corrected by the addition of a little ginger, or ginger extract; too much of this produces constipation; but on this account it may be used more freely in looseness of the bowels. All alcoholic drinks are unhealthful for one in active exercise. They stimulate increased effort - effort beyond one's natural strength —and unnatural exhaustion inevitably follows. Just so far as any one raises himself above a normal condition by alcoholic stimulants, just so far below this condition will he surely sink a few hours after, and the elevating and depressing operation wears upon and disorganizes the machinery of the body.

THAT wild mint will keep rats and mice out of your house?

THAT lime, sprinkled in fireplaces during summer months, is healthful?

A Shocking Eel,

"Captain John," said I, "didn't you tell me that you sometimes brought wild animals in your ship from South America?"

"Oh, yes," said he," "I brought one of the first electric eels that was ever carried to New York, I got it in Para, Brazil, and I bought it of some Indians for twelve milreis—about six dollars of our money. We had lots of trouble with this fellow, for these eels live in fresh water, and, if we had not had plenty of rain on the voyage, we couldn't have kept him alive, for the water he was in had to be changed every day. We kept him on deck in a water-barrel, which lay on its side in its chocks, with a square hole cut through the staves on the upper side to give the creature light and air. When we changed the water, a couple of sailors took hold of the barrel and turned it partly over, while another held a straw broom against the hole to keep the eel from coming out. We would always know when the water had nearly run out, for then the eel lay against the lower staves, and even the wood of the barrel would be so charged with electricity that the sailors could hardly hold on to the ends of the barrel. They 'd let go with one hand and take hold with the other, and then they 'd let go with that and change again. At first, I did n't believe that the fellows felt the eel's shocks in this way; but, when I took hold myself one day, I found they were n't shamming at all. Then we turned the barrel back and filled it up with fresh water, and started the eel off for another day."

"He got along first-rate, and kept well and hearty through the whole of the voyage. When we reached New York we anchored at Quarantine, and the health-officer came aboard. I knew him very well, and I said to him: 'Doctor, I've got something on board that perhaps you never saw before. "What's that?' said he. 'An electric eel,' said I. 'Good!' said he; 'that is something I've always wanted to see. I want to know just what kind of a shock they can give.' 'All right,' said I; 'you can easily find out for yourself. He is in this water-barrel here, and the water has just been put in fresh, so you can see him. All you have got to do is just to wait till he swims up near the surface, and then you can scoop him out with your hand. You needn't be afraid of his biting you.' The doctor said he wasn't afraid of that. He rolled up his sleeve, and, as soon as he got a chance, he took the eel by the middle and lifted it out of the water. It wasn't a very large one, only about eighteen inches long, but pretty stout. The moment he lifted it he dropped it, grabbed his right shoulder with his left hand, and looked aloft. 'What is the matter?' said I. 'Why, I thought something fell on me from the rigging,' said he. 'I was sure my arm was broken. I never had such a blow in my life.' 'It was only the eel,' said I. 'Now you know what kind of a shock he can give.'"

A Case of Double Sight.

In Vermont, Ill., week before last, occurred the death of Mrs. Enochs, wife of Thomas B. Enochs. The circumstances connected with the death are strange indeed. On the 26th ultimo she gave birth to a child, but some months before the birth of the child she had a presentiment that she would not survive it and so firmly was this fixed upon her mind that she made arrangements for her funeral making her choice of the minister to perform the burial service and asked that some of her early companions should sing. When the child was born she gave evidence of recovery, and when the physician came he found her laughing and joyous and hopeful. He left her, expecting that she had passed the most critical period. In about three hours after the physician left her she cried out and her brother ran to her. She clasped him around the neck, told him that she was dying and in a few moments expired.

On the same morning of the day of her death her mother, who resides in Lewiston, Ill., some distance from Vermont, arose early and said that she felt that some calamity was impending. The family laughed at her and thought nothing of it, but before the day was over she received a telegram announcing her daughter's death. What is still more strange, on the morning afterward several gentlemen relatives of the deceased were talking together, all ignorant of the death. Their number was joined by another gentleman, who inquired after her health and that of her parents, and remarked upon the fact that he was present at the wedding of Mr. and Mrs. Enochs, but while they were talking the telegram was received announcing her death.

Rosewood and Mahogany.

Rosewood has been the leading wood to veneer piano fortes for the past thirty or forty years. The best comes from Rio Janeiro, some of which is very rich, but varies considerably in different places where it is cut. Bahia rosewood is generally longer, heavier and harder to work, but some of it is handsomely cross figured. As people generally demand dark-colored rosewood, it has led to staining the light wood very often, which may be known when legs and arms, etc., of furniture and piano fortes look unnaturally dark. At one time manufactures used to cut rosewood veneers in ribbons to veneer picture frames, but soon rosewood was imitated to such perfection by staining that the demand for rosewood veneers for picture frames ceased altogether.

It is impossible to imitate mahogany by staining so as to deceive, or to mend bad places in the wood, as is done in other kinds of wood. The wood is rich in color, close grained, heavy and durable, and unlike, rosewood and many other woods, does not fade, but gains color by time and grows darker. The best mahogany known grows in the Island of St. Domingo, and the finest of all on the south side of that Island.

THAT oil paintings, hung over the mantelpiece, are liable to wrinkle with the heat?

THAT flowers and shrubs should be excluded from a bed chamber?

The Engineer's Story.

You see, sir, there's very little romance about an engine. It's only to keep the tank full, steady, and have her well oiled, and she runs right along. A fellow has to keep a lookout, of course; but so he does, plowing. You can't drive a cow with your eyes shut.

Didn't I have a romance on the footboard once? Well, yes, sir—part on the board and part under the wheel. The boys at the round house give you that, I reckon. I never say much about it, because it starts me in the briny business. Like to hear it? Of course, if a man wants anything of me, I ain't the fellow to say no. There ain't anything in it except a man's feelings, and they count pretty light these trips.

It's four years ago now. I was running the night express which brought me past my own door just after daylight. She was always at the gate—never missed—and the signal she'd give me lasted till I passed again. Men like me don't go much on words. A look, a wave, anything that shows talk behind it, is just as good as the talk, and that signal was as powerful as if she'd wrote a book and read it to me. I could understand her, and she understood the whistle I gave just as well as if the pistons were pouring out barrels full of letters for her.

It was wrong for them fellows at the round house to let one in for this. It breaks me bad.

I didn't miss her a single morning in over a year. She got there every trip; and though I could only see her for a minute as I went past, it did for me. But one rainy morning I was looking hard at the gate, and she wasn't there. For a moment my heart just stood still. I just gave one great sob. Suppose you was looking for some one which didn't come, and you was so situated that you couldn't get off to find out what was the matter—see?

Well, the next instant my heart gave one big blump! There she was right along side the track The cab step almost touched her, and I was sure she'd be sucked under the train. There was no time to do anything. Couldn't stop, or even slow; and when I looked back and saw that the train had passed her and left her all right; I just fell forward faint like, and it was some time before I got over it.

Now I'll push along a little faster. I had been shifted over, and was congratulating myself that after one more run I would be able to be with her for a time. I knew she would look for me as anxiously as I for her, and as I pulled out I thought with pleasure that this was the last trip that separated us. All night long I had it on my mind, and as I neared my house, I was on the lookout for her.

I can't describe the scene. I saw her making for the track as if to speak to me. I waved my hand and blew the whistle, and still she came on toward me. The next instant she disappeared under the wheels, and I fell against my fireman.

I'll get square with them round house boys for setting this thing up on me. I hate to tell the thing, and they know it; but you've got it all now, sir. All? Yes, pretty much. We picked her up, and that was the end of it; but I tell you, sir, she was the prettiest brindle bull terrier——

Here, sir, going toward the round house? Just speak to 'em about it, will you. Looks to me as if he'd been disappointed somehow.

Rose Culture.

The rose is the queen of flowers. It is the true representative of Flora in all her beauty and sweetness; and, moreover, it is like beauty itself imperishable because ever renewed. For the rose is ever blooming, and with good management may be in bloom every day in the year. We have a rose of that delicate and delicious variety, Satrano now in bloom, that has not been without a bud or an open flower since May, 1881, when it was first potted, as it came by the mail from the greenhouse. And just here it might be useful and interesting to know that the mail will bring a flower garden to every person's door every day in the year, if need be. For a dozen ever blooming roses grown in pots, and ready for immediate blooming, and often bearing buds may be procured through the mail from many rose growers for the small sum of a single dollar. And just now is the season for procuring these lovely roses and potting them for Fall and Winter blooming. Let us follow up a rose so procured. A small package wrapped in damp moss and oil paper arrives by the mail. We find it to contain small but perfectly well rooted rose plants that have been grown in two or three inch pots. Some of the old soil still adheres to the roots. We put the plants in water at once, and proceed to get the pots and soil ready for them. We take three inch pots, or old fruit or meat cans, which are excellent, but which must have a hole made in the bottom for drainage. If we have no soil ready prepared, we go to the woods or the garden, and bring in a box of the best soil we can find, and sift it to get any worms out of it. A piece of broken crockery or a flat stone is put over the hole, and a few pieces of broken brick or coal cinders, a little soil is then put on that. Then a plant is held in the pot with the left hand and the roots, first trimmed a little, if necessary, are nicely arranged; then the soil is sifted in among the roots and pressed down with a finger as it is put in, little by little so that the roots are evenly spread in the soil. In this way the pots are filled near to the brim. The plant is then cut back about one third, the pot is dipped wholly in a pail of water to settle the soil and is put into a cool, dark cellar for ten days or so; when it is brought out gradually to the light of day, and by and by into the sunlight in a window or on a bench in the garden. Or the plants may be set out in a garden bed, and shaded for a few days until the roots start. In two or three weeks new shoots are formed and tiny flower buds will appear, and by and by as the plants grow rapidly they will burst into bloom, repeated week after week until Winter arrives, when they will need rest in a cellar until Spring arrives again. But if flowers are desired in the Fall and Winter the buds are nipped off in the Summer, and a vigorous growth of wood will be made, which about November will produce buds, and these will be appearing, and bloom all through the Winter,

NEVER wash raisins that are to be used in sweet dishes. It will make the pudding heavy.

THE touchstone by which men try us is often their own vanity.

The Republican.

SATURDAY, Sept. 2, 1882

For Congress---7th District,

GEN. WM. H. FORNEY.

OF CALHOUN.

The Decatur News thinks that corn will open up in Morgan County at 25cts per bushel. In this county will more likely be 50cts.

We are asked about 400 times a week, "will there be a contest over the seat in the Legislature from Calhoun?" We always truthfully answer, "don't know."

Some of the prominent Republicans of the State in convention have asked Gov. Cobb, to appoint a committee of four from the different political parties of the State to investigate the alleged conspiracy of the negroes of Choctaw county to slaughter the whites. They evidently do not believe the story.

Near the village of Kirkmansville, in Todd county, Kentucky, there lives a man who has twice learned to walk, twice learned to talk, is blind in one eye, is deaf in one ear, is married to his aunt, which makes him cousin to his children, uncle to his brothers and sisters, and cousins, brother-in-law to his father and mother, and—well for futher information call on the gentleman himself.

We see a statement in the papers that Maj. Sam Morgan of Rome has greatly improved since he has been sent to the asylum. He has written a letter to his wife. We sincerly hope he may be fully restored to reason at an early day. He is a valuable, enterprising man to any community.

The Republicans have at last nominated a colored man for an important office in a Northern State. The fortunate darkey is named McCabe and is the candidate of the Kansas Republicans for auditor His nomination is probably due to the 10,000 colored voters in the State, who have threatened to desert the Republican party unless they get some recognition. The vote of Kansas will be watched with interest to see how many Republicans will swallow his nomination.

Montgomery Advertiser—Blaine is giving his aid and encouragement to the straight out Republican cause in Virginia with a view to blocking Mahone's scheme to turn the Virginia delegation over to Arthur in 1884. Blaine's talk about his great content in having a chance to attend to his private business does not apply to any period of time after the spring of 1884. If his presidential aspirations can help to beat Mahone in Virginia, then the country may congratulate itself that the Plumed Knight still has a bee in his bonnet.

The signs point to an active prohibition canvass in this county prior to the meeting of the Gen ral Assembly in November. Speeches will be delivered, sermons preached and petitions circulated for the purpose of arousing the people to the suppression of the evils of the whiskey traffic. Much of the success or failure of the movement will depend on the tact, good common sense and spirit of the men who take the matter in hand. They should at all times remember that men never are convinced by abuse, and that a good cause never suffers by temperate debate.

Alabama will send to Congress again her old delegation, with probably one exception. So far the Democrats have renominated Forney, Shelley, Herbert, Hewitt, Williams and Herndon. Mr. Oats will almost certainly be renominated. In the 8th District Gen. Wheeler declined to go before the Convention and placed the name of Hon. Luke Pryor, in nomination. Mr. Pryor was nominated by acclamation amid great enthusiasm. He will likely beat Mr Lowe badly.

The number of renominations made show plainly that the people of the State appreciate the value of keeping public servants in position where they have proven themselves capable and honest.

The silly talk about combination of certain sections of the county, in the late election for member of the Legislature, have about ceased in the light of the cold facts, when mens' passions have cooled. We hope never to hear any more in Calhoun grown men avowing a fixed purpose never to vote again for *any man* living in this or that beat or town of the County. It is unworthy of free voters. We of this county belong to one political family. Our interests are intimately intermixed. We should look only to the general good in the selection of public servants. Down with sectionalism. Let good men discourage it. Have we not had enough of it between the North and the South, kindled and kept alive by the Radical party?

One of the principle issues in the coming election in Indiana will be the question whether or not the next Legislature shall submit a prohibitory amendment to a popular vote. Already the prohibition leaders are making a vigorous campaign, and as one of the devices for arousing enthusiasm, are moving the State with the great tent which has already been in the thick of the temperance fight in Kansas and Iowa. This mammoth tabernacle, aside from the accommodations it affords, is thought to possess an important sentimental value by reason of the brilliant victories in which it has played a part.

The Choctaw Conspirators.

We have read extracts from the documents of the so called conspirators of Choctaw county, in which all the details of the plot to kill the whites on a certain day by the negroes is set forth, and we are constrained to say that if that is all the evidence the mob which hanged the supposed ringleader had of a contemplated insurrection, it was too weak and insufficient to take human life upon. As to the confessions of other negroes implicated, we attach no importance to them whatever. Men will confess anything when under torture. Suppose the paper on which they hung that man should turn out to be the forgery of some foolish wag, or worse, of some evil disposed person who wished to bring the men named in it into trouble? How then will the good men of Choctaw feel who took part with the mob in the execution of the negro man? What now seems a righteous judgment would turn out to be murder. It would have been better to have turned the whole matter over to the courts for judicial investigation The death of the negro Turner was not necessary to the suppression of the threatened outbreak. The arrest of supposed ringleaders would have effected this. The people of Choctaw county have made a mistake. They have taken life on the most flimsy testimony. There is the terrible possibility that an innocent man has been hung. Mob law is the wrong remedy. There is scarcely a supposable case in which it can be justifiable. It is growing in frequency. As many as three human lives have been taken by the mob in the State of Alabama within a month. As has been well said mob law is nothing short of treason against the rightful sovereignty of the State. The State should put it down. Public sentiment should be educated to frown it down. The courts must be made more efficient. Crime must find its punishment under and through the law. The mob when it takes human life, even where guilt is clear, not only commits treason against the rightful sovereignty of the Seate, but treason against God who has ordained Government for the control and direction of men and the just punishment of crime.

Morgan's Name Abroad.

Selma Times.)

Through the thoughtful kindness of a resident of the City of Mexico who was formerly of this place, we are in receipt of a copy of El-Correo de Las Doce (Noonday Courier) an English Spanish daily of that city. It bears the date of the 29th of June, and its proprietor is Pedro J. Garcia, an English department's editor in Saturnino Ayon. In it we find the following item, which is of decided interest to Alabamians and to Selmaian's especially:

Ex. Gov. Thos A. Watts, of Alabama, has announced himself as a candidate for the United States Senate as successor of Gen John T Morgan, and points with pride to his record both before and since the war between the States. He says: I desire the office because I believe I can serve you (the people) and my native State, and because I feel that the office is the highest honor within the gift of the people of a State, and I wish to enjoy the honor.

We must confess that we are wholly unacquainted with Ex. Gov. Watts, and must furthermore admit that we are entirely ignorant of his record; but if our voice could be heard in Alabama; if from this far off nook in our editor's office where at present we are penning these lines a loud and enthusiastic shout could reach the Hall of the Alabama Legislature, even as an expiring wail smoothed still more by distance, we would say that Gen John T, Morgan, should be re-elected.

We have been enabled to judge of his noble and manly heart, of his high and honorable principles, and have besides been most solemnly bound to him by links of gratitude as a Mexican, because in the hour of need he fearlessly and nobly espoused Mexico's cause on the floor of the United States Senate.

It is for this we do most heartily desire the re-election of Gen. John T. Morgan."

Such a compliment from such an impartial source is one well worth treasuring, and doubtless Alabama's favorite son will be no little gratified upon its perusal. Our people will receive it as another evidence of the more than national fame of their distinguished Senator. Gen Morgan by his devotion to truth, fairness and constitutional liberty, and by his energy, and ability in displaying that devotion, has made a name abroad as well as at home, and has secured an influence that is only an earnest of his vast usefulness to his section, to his party, and to his country. The passionate words of the eloquent Mexican editor will vibrate in unison with the sentiments of Senator Morgan's constituents, who have long ago resolved that he shall be returned to fill the seat he has so graced. We take the greatest pleasure in sending El Correo de Las Doce the copy of the Times next December containing the news that will so please its admiring editor.

Jay Hubbell, campaign fund raiser for the Republican party, has reached the end of his rope and route in search for money. He has assessed seventeen dollars and a half, on the unhappy laborers at Hell Gate. Republican schemers can go no further with any hope of getting back.

Garfield and Randall.

Montgomery Adv.

Taking the four years while Garfield was Chairman of the Appropriations. and comparing them with the four following years, when Mr. Randall was Chairman and subsequently Speaker, these results are reached:

Garfield.		Randall.	
1873	$151,202,274	1877	$124,857,443
1874	258,542,793	1878	125.075,671
1875	154,324 787	1876	134,034,616
1879	147,370,977,—1886		125,323,000
Total	$611,443,541		$518,806,033

there was a retrenchment of nearly ninety two millions in these four years, exclusive of $5,500,000 extra for the fishery award in 1876 which necessarily did not enter into the regular expenses of carrying on the Government. The extravagance of the session which has just expired, great as it was, was restrained by fear of the fall elections, and by the rule which the Democrats adopted in 1879, for bidding amendments to appropriation bills, unless they were germane and intended to retrench expenditures. One of these checks will be removed next winter, when the Republicans mean to start out with a carnival of jobbery and corruption whice will throw all former excesses into the shade.

Official Vote of Alabama.

MONTGOMERY, Aug. 21.

The official vote of the State for Superintendent of Education was this day opened according to law and counted by those charged with the duty. The vote for that office is about the same as that for Governor and other State officers, the returns of the latter being directed to The Speakers of the House of Representatives, they will not be opened until the Legislature meets in November. H. C. Armstrong, Democratic candidate for Superintendent of Education, received 104 170, votes and J. C. Wood, Republican Greenback Opposition, received 47,133, the Democratic majority being 47,037. The entire vote cast was nearly one third less than a full vote. The Senate will stand 31 Democrats and two Opposition; the House 76, Democrats, ane 21 Opposition. The latter consists of eight Republicans, four Greenbackers and nine Independent Democrats.

There will be more applicants for a new county than the people of the proposed Houston. There is talk of making another from portions of DeKalb, Cherokee, Etowah, Jackson and Marshall. There is great opposition to it, as is reflected in the press of the counties concerned, and there is not much probability of the success of the proposition at the hands of the coming legislature. However, if the applicants have such good grounds for their desire, and work so persistent and systematically as the advocates of the Houston proposition, they will unquestionably succeed some day. We have seen no arguments on the idea of the North Alabama discontented districts, and hence know nothing of the merits of the case.—*Selma Times.*

Cullman Immigrant: An old gentleman, long a resident of this section, was in town last Saturday and took a walk down to where the Messrs. Cullman are manufactuting wine, cider and vinegar. "Well," said he, "twenty years ago, if a man had told me this, I would not have believed him. Why I have killed deer all around, in sight of this place."—It was a novel scene to the old gentleman. Farmers were unloading their grapes and other fruits, while others were weighing and paying for them, and still others were grinding and pressing them. Barrels upon barrels were filled and stacked away, until over ten tohusand gallons of wine and thousands of gallons of cider adorn their spacious cellars, and still the work goes on. Next season a large distillery will be added.

The war in Egypt appears to be a very slow affair. The English move their heavy artillery about on iron clad railroad trains, fire away and steam out of the encounter and then make a big fuss about it, as if they had done something wonderful. If they make a reconoisance, and drive in some of Arabia's pickets, with a loss of five or six men, they give us a half column of dispatches about it. Fact is a few regiments of old Confederate soldiers would have walked over Arabia's sand works long ago and thought very little of it. England is a very great bully any way. She needs some first class power like the United States to get hold of her just once.

Haggerty was asked by a dozen people the other day, whether it was going to rain or not. "By gosh!" said Haggerty, "here every man I meet wants me to be an authority on the Almighty's weather, yet, if I wanted to run for office, half of them would begin to question my ability in the little concerns of this life."

SPARKLING EYES, rosy cheeks and clear complexion only accompany good health. Parker's Ginger Tonic better anything, makes pure, rich blood and brings health, joyous spirits, strength and beauty. Ladies try it.—Bazaar.

CORRESPOND WITH

COOPER McCLELEN & CO.,

Alexandria, Ala.,

GENERAL AGENTS AND DEALERS IN

Agricultural Implements

aug26-tf. AND MACHINERY.

COTTON SEED WANTED.

We will pay HIGHEST CASH PRICE at all times for seed, or will give in exchange for one Ton of seed, one half the weight of the seed in solid CONCNTRATED MEAL, made of the kernels alone, which is worth as much as $25 invested in any of the high priced fertilizers in the market. It will also be as valuable as 25 to 30 cents per bushel for your seed.

ROME OIL MILL&S FERTILIZER CO.,

Rome, Ga.

aug26—4m.

Purifies the BLOOD. EDWARD WILL Remove PIMPLES & SORES WILDER'S

The three gigantic evils of civilized man are Scrofula, Chronic Rheumatism, and Neuralgia. EDWARD WILDER'S SARSAPARILLA and POTASH completely cures and eradicates all these. The combination which by his process, is made between these two reliable medicines, is one rarely attained, but which brings out their most useful properties. They clean the entire glandular system, they purify the blood whose impurity is at the source of all these afflictions, they increase and render all the secretions healthy. Numberless testimonials pour upon him for their wonderfully restorative and strengthening effects from sufferers who have been benefited by this wonderful medicine. We need not say that in cases of MERCURIAL TAINT its effects are magical, for it removes all the bad blood, and re-invigorates the constitution by making it pure, and clean, and fresh. It is an unfailing and speedy cure for all **Skin Diseases**; it removes **Tetter** and **Ringworm**; prevents **Falling of the Hair**, and a sure relief for **Swellings, old Sores, Syphilis** and **Venereal Diseases.**

SARSAPARILLA NEVER FAILS to CURE. AND POTASH, UNFAILING, Rapid and SAFE.

PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM.

This elegant dressing is preferred by those who have used it, to any similar article, on account of its superior cleanliness and purity. It contains materials only that are beneficial to the scalp and hair and always

Restores the Youthful Color to Grey or Faded Hair

Parker's Hair Balsam is finely perfumed and is warranted to prevent falling of the hair and to remove dandruff and itching. HISCOX & Co, N.Y. 50c. and $1 sizes, at dealers in drugs and medicines.

PARKER'S GINGER TONIC

A Superlative Health and Strength Restorer.

If you are a mechanic or farmer, worn out with overwork, or a mother run down by family or household duties try PARKER'S GINGER TONIC.

If you are a lawyer, minister or business man exhausted by mental strain or anxious cares, do not take intoxicating stimulants, but use Parker's Ginger Tonic

If you have Consumption, Dyspepsia, Rheumatism, Kidney Complaints, or any disorder of the lungs, stomach, bowels, blood or nerves. PARKER'S GINGER TONIC will cure you. It is the Greatest Blood Purifier And the Best and Surest Cough Cure Ever Used.

If you are wasting away from age, dissipation or any disease or weakness and require a stimulant take GINGER TONIC at once: It will invigorate and build you up from the first dose but will never intoxicate. It has saved hundreds of lives; it may save yours.

CAUTION!—Refuse all substitutes. Parker's Ginger Tonic is composed of the best remedial agents in the world, and is entirely different from preparations of ginger alone. Send for circular to Hiscox & Co., N. Y. 50c. & $1 sizes, at dealers in drugs.

GREAT SAVING BUYING DOLLAR SIZE.

FLORESTON

Its rich and lasting fragrance has made this delightful perfume exceedingly popular. There is nothing like it. Insist upon having FLORESTON COLOGNE and look for signature of

Hiscox & Co.

on every bottle. Any druggist or dealer in perfumery can supply you. 25 and 75 cent sizes.

LARGE SAVING BUYING 75c. SIZE.

COLOGNE

sept2—82—1y

CALHOUN COLLEGE,

MALE AND FEMALE,

Jacksonville, Ala.

The 11th Session of this Institution, (under the present Principal) begins the 1st Monday in September, 1882, and will continue FOUR scholastic months.

COURSE OF STUDY.—Mathematics, Languages Science, Literature, Music, Book-keeping, Theory and Practice of teaching, etc.

The location is proverbially healthy—free from all malarial or local causes for sickness. The Instructors are competent and enthusiastic. The instruction is careful and thorough—the community moral, cultivated and religious.

The charges for tuition, &c., will be the same as formerly, for the Preparatory and Collegiate departments.

The Primary department will be ABSOLUTELY FREE. No charge whatever will be made against the parent or guardian for those strictly in this department.

Pupils will be charged from the date of entrance to the close of the term, and no deduction will be made for lost time, except in cases of protracted sickness.

Good Board can be had at reasonable rates.

For further particulars address

W. J. BORDEN,

aug26—tf. Principal.

Desirable Farm to Rent or Lease.

The undersigned will lease for a series of years his desirable farm in the Southwest portion of this county. It is situated on Tallasahatchee and Ohatchee creeks, and embraces much open bottom lands of great fertility, well adapted to cotton and all kinds of grain Two hundred and fifty acres open, and in good state of cultivation. Good Dwelling house, garden, outhouses and tenement houses included in lease. Good water wherever needed. Churches and schools very convenient. Society of the neighborhood good.

For further information apply to Republican office or the undersigned at Middleton.

JOHN Y. HENDERSON,

aug26—2m P. O. Alexandria. Ala.

WOODRUFF & NORTH,

Cotton Factors

—AND—

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

SELMA, ALA.

sept17—tf.

Dissolution.

The firm of A. L. Higginbotham & Co. is this day dissolved by mutual agreement and withdrawal of R. P. Thmoson. The business will still continue as A. L. Higginbotham & Co., by A. L. Higginbotham and L. C. Humphries, who will assume all liabilities of said firm, and collect, and receipt for all accounts due theffi.

A. L HIGGINBOTHAM,
ROBT P. THOMASON.
L C. HUMPHRIES,

Oxford, Aug. 1, 1882.

Dissolution.

The firm of R. P. Thomason & Co. is this day dissolved by mutual agreement and withdrawal of R. P Thomason. Mr. L. C. Humphries will continue the business, assume all debts of the firm, and collect all claims in their favor.

R. P. THOMASON.
L. C. HUMPHRIES.

Oxford, Ala., Aug. 1, 1882.

To my Friends and Customers of Oxford and Surrounding Country.

I hereby extend my sincere thanks for your liberal patronage in the past and hope you will continue to favor the new firm. which will always be found gentlemen of the first rank.

Respectfully,

R. P. THOMASON.

aug12—4t.

S. D. G. BROTHERS,

ATTORNEY AT LAW

Jacksonville, Ala.

Will practice in all the Courts of this Judicial Circuit, and in the Supreme, and Federal Courts. Collections promptly made. Office at former office of Col. Jas. Crook.

aug5—1y.

WANTED

To sell a blooded bull calf—the mother a six gallon short horn milk Durham—the sire a thorough bred Jersey Bull. Will exchange for a milk cow. Apply to LAWSON A. WEAVER.

NOTICE NO. 1718.

U. S. LAND OFFICE, MONTGOMERY, ALA. July 31, 1882

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Clerk of the Circuit Court at Jacksonville, Ala., on September 9th 1882, viz: Marion Brittain, homestead No. 7325, for the N ½ of N W ¼ of section 24, township 13, south, range 8, east.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of said land, viz: Elisha B. Dickinson, Joseph Noah, Mome Thomas and John Risn, all of Mack, Calhoun county, Ala.

THOMAS J. SCOTT, Register.

aug5—5t

UNIVERSITY OF ALABAMA.

Session of 1882-'83.

THE UNIVERSITY will be open for students the

21st of September next.

The Academic Department embraces three courses of study: The Classical, Scientific and Engineering courses—the last being under the direction of Col. R. A. HARDAWAY. Students can also take an irregular course if preferred.

Each county is entitled to have three young men educated at the University without charge for tuition.

The whole expense, per term, for board, tuition, fuel, light, attendance, washing, &c., is $95. Uniforms cost about $35 per annum.

Law students are not subject to military discipline, and do not board and lodge in University buildings.

For further information send for catalogue or address B. B. LEWIS

july29—to1 President.

Notice to Executors, Administrators and Guardians.

Executors and Administrators who have not made a settlement within the last 12 months, are hereby notified to come into court by the 1st day of October next and file their accounts for settlement, and Guardians who have not made settlement within the last three years are notified to come and file their accounts by the time above mentioned, and make settlement. All who fail to comply with this notice, will be proceeded against as the law prescribes.

A. WOODS,

aug19-'82-3t Judge Pro. C.C.

REAL ESTATE

FOR SALE.

A Chance For Bargains!

Messrs. STEVENSON & GRANT,

Real Estate Brokers,

JACKSONVILLE, ALA.,

OFFER the following described places for sale at a bargain. For full description and particulars, apply to them.

3

80 ACRES, three and a half miles North of Mt. Polk, 17 acres cleared land, mostly fresh. Rails enough to fence 40 acres more. Land good No houses. Can be paid for in six yearly payments of cotton. Call on or address J D McCormick, Mack Ala

4

100 ACRES within one and a half miles of Anniston, 50 acrss cleared, 50 acres well timbered and accessible. Iron ore, good water, orchard, dwelling, outhouses, blacksmith and woodshop well patronized, on the place. School house and church within on fourth mile. Geo. Pacific R. R. survey through the place.

5

120 ACRES near Cherokee and Calhoun line. Framed dwelling house and other improvements. 50 acres in cultivation. All in a body—greater part level and good. In good neighborhood.

6

180 ACRES, 8 miles west of Jacksonville on Gadsden and Jacksonville road. Good improvements, finely watered, fencing in good condition and land in fine state of cultivation. 100 acres open. 85 acres woodland well timbered. Red and yellow clay subsoil.

7

2500 ACRES in a body, on Tallasahatchie and Ohatchie creeks. As fine land as lies in Calhoun. Three splendid residences and ten or twelve tenant houses. No room for description in this advertisement. Can sell one to five places from this tract, or all in a body, at a bargain

8

A splendid farm of 800 acres in the valley of Alexandria, 500 acres open and under fence, 640 in a body, and 160 of woodland seperated from main body by only one forty. Has a large and convenient dwelling, and many tenanant houses. The land has red clay subsoil; lies very level and will hold all the manures put on it. Ample water supply from two springs. Fine native and cultivated grasses. Land produces well. Would make a splendid stock farm. It will be sold at a bargain.

And other places of very desirable character. We shall continue the advertisement of places given us for sale from time to time without charge to the parties who give us their lands to sell. We have printed power of attorney to sell land now on hand, and all parties who place their lands in our hands for sale will be expected to sign them up. We require this both in order that there may be no dispute as to amount of our fee in case of sale, and to show parties who may desire to purchase that we have a right to sell. Of course under this power, the owner will have the deeds to sign before the sale would be complete. STEVENSON & GRANT,

july9—tf Jacksonville, Ala

H. A. SMITH'S

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

MUSIC

—AND—

BOOK STORE,

Rome, Ga.

Just opening out an immense stock of Writing Desks, Work Boxes, Toilett Setts, China and Glass Vases, Motto Cup, Soucers and Mugs, Fancy Glass Inkstands, Stationery, Photograph and Autograph Albums. Bibles, Prayer Books, Poetical and standard works, Juvenile books, Pictures, Picture Frames, Tin, China and Rubber Toys in great variety, Wax Dolls. Games, Silver plated Ware, stitable for wedding and holiday presents, Gold Pens, Port Monaies, and a thousand novelties.

Piano's and Orgnns, of the best make, at wholesale prices. Orders by mail solicited. Prices cheerfully given.

dec4 H. A. SMITH.

State Agricultural and Mechanical College,

AUBURN, ALA.

Session of 1882—83.

First term begins Sept. 27th. Four regular degree courses, viz: Agricultural, Engineering, Literature and Science. Special courses of study allowed. Full faculty and excellent facilities for teaching. Tuition free. Board and other expenses light. For catalogue and other information apply to

W. LEROY BROWN, L. L. D.

Or President.

E. GLENN, Treas. july23—to1

JAMES HUTCHINSON,

Barber & Hair-dresser,

Room on Office Row, recently occupied by Dick Walker.

If you desire to have a pleasant and clean shave, or have your hair trimmed in neat and fashionable style, give him a call. Jacksonville, Bpl. 20, 1878

WANTED

Good fat young beef cattle—Fat Sheep and Spring Lambs. A liberal price will be paid on delivery to

N. BOYER,

june18—tf. At Anniston Ala.

REAL ESTATE AGENCY.

If you want to purchase or sell lands upon favorable terms, call on or write to

JNO. M. CALDWELL,

REAL ESTATE AGENT,

Jacksonville, Ala.

☞No charge for examination of titles where there is either sale or purchase. aug13—t

Lumber! Lumber!

The Steam Saw Mill of CAMP BROS., at Weavers Station, has recently been greatly improved, and orders will be promptly filled for

YELLOW PINE LUMBER,

Of all descriptions, as well as

Laths, &c.,

Dry Lumber furnished when needed. Price moderate. Send in your orders.

CAMP BROS.

may6-'82—6m Weavers Station, Ala.

Mountain Farm And Vineyard For Sale.

The undersigned will give a bargain in the fine fruit farm and vineyard on top of the mountain 1½ miles from Jacksonville known as the George White place.

STEVENSON & GRANT,

Real Estate Agents.

UNDERTAKING.

John. H. Crawford, notifies friends and the public generally that he has in stock a fine lot of coffins and burial cases of all sizes and from the finest to the plainest make, which he will dispose of at reasonable prices. He may be found at the shop known as the Fleming shop on Main St. South of the square. 3 m

YOUNG MEN

SHOULD ATTEND

MOORE'S

BUSINESS UNIVERSITY,

ATLANTA, GA.

A Model Business School.

ACTUAL BUSINESS

STUDENTS ON CHANGE.

A Practical School for the Times

No Theory. No copying from books. The best course of instruction ever adopted for the practical education of young men, boys, and men of middle age.

The course of students comprise every variety of Business and Finance, from Retail to Banking operations. Book-keeping in all its various methods. Business forms, terms and usages. Business writing, correspondence, business Arithmetic. Commercial Law, Lectures, Partnership, Settlements, etc., etc.

No vacations. Students can enter at any time Circulars containing full particulars mailed *free* to any address.

une18—1y B. F. MOORE, Pres.

SUMMER RESIDENCE.

One house and lot in Jacksonville, containing seven acres, known as the Judge Foster residence. The house is most tastefully built and situated in the most desirable part of town for residences. A never failing well supplies ice cold water the year round. The place is abundantly supplied with fine fruit, including an extensive Grapery. The extensive lawn in front is clothed with huge native oaks and the ground beautifully laid off. It is a very desirable place for some gentleman South of here who wants a summer residence in this part of the State. The owner gave $3.000 for the place. Will sell for $150 if taken in 3 months. Reason for selling—owner moved out of the State.

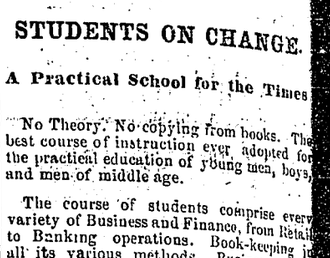
Address

STEVENSON & GRANT,

Real Estate Brokers.

oct1—tf Jacksonville, Ala.

A DOCTOR'S TROUBLES.

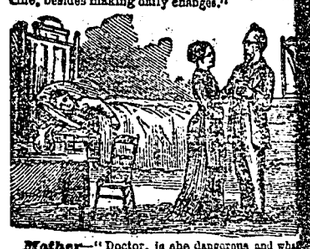


Mother—"You did wrong in wearing that thin dress, this cold damp night."

Daughter—"I did, and am now paying the penalty. Sarah Goss suffered in the same way please get that which relieved her."

Mother—"Nonsense! I'll do no such thing but will send for our Doctor."

Daughter—"Our Doctor keeps one in bed long time and pours down a vast quantity of medicine, besides making daily changes."



Mother—"Doctor, is she dangerous and what is her affliction?"

Doctor—"Yes, madam, she is dangerously ill. The ventricular and auricular forces are not in equilibrium, there is an increased centripetal action about the cerebrum and medulla oblongata, the portal circulation vascillates, suspended Nature seems hesitating, and I—"

Mother—Stop, for heaven's sake stop and go to work at once."

Doctor—"I will do all I can."

Mother, after two weeks have expired—"Daughter, our Doctor shall be discarded at once. Two weeks and no relief. I will procure that which you desired at first."

Daughter, in a low tone—"I am glad, and think it the only thing that will restore me to health."

Mother—"Get out of my house, you old humbug!"

Daughter—"Well, mother, you see how rapidly I have improved since discharging our Doctor and I commenced the use of that which I so much needed. The effect has been most wonderful. The one relieved my head, cured the constipation, while the other imparted strength, came to the help of Nature and made me feel new."

THE CONFESSION.

Mother—"Very true, and I believe they have saved your life. I now confess that Dr. Dromgoole's English Female Bitters is the most wonderful female medicine and iron tonic I ever knew, and that Bailey's Saline Aperient is a pleasant and severely remedy for headache, constipation, acid stomach, biliousness, etc., etc." Family Medical Advisor free. Address J. P. Dromgoole & Co., Louisville, Ky.

aug26—82—1y

Tuscaloosa Female College

THE prosperity of this institution increasing from year to year. The next Session, with Faculty unchanged and improved facilities, will open September 18. Terms moderate. For circulars, apply to

ALONZO HILL,

S. S. MELLEN,

Tuscaloosa. July 4, 1882. Principals

HUNTSVILLE

FEMALE COLLEGE

HUNTSVILLE, ALABAMA.

THE THIRTY-THIRD SESSION of this well-known Institution of Learning begins August 30, 1882. We educate the Head to think, the Heart to feel and the body to act. Send for Catalogue with special inducements, to

REV. A. JONES, A. M.

President

july8

GENIUS REWARDED,

—OR THE—

Story of the Sewing Machine

A handsome little pamphlet, blue and gold cover, with numerous engravings will be

GIVEN AWAY

to any adult person calling for it, at any branch sub-office of The Singer Manufacturing Company, or will be sent by mail, post paid, to any person living at a distance from our office.

THE SINGER MANUFACTUING CO.

Principal office, 34 Union Square, New York

une 18—1y

LAND FOR SALE.

Thirteen and one third acres of good arable land can be bought on reasonable terms, and a clear title given, by applying to C. W. BREWTON.

The Republican.

Fodder has opened up here at one dollar per hundred bundles.

We are requested to say that Dr. S. S. Linder is rooming at the Jacksonville Hotel.

The cotton prospect of this section is not so good as last year, but other crops are far ahead.

A store and dwelling house combined in Jacksonville, for sale: apply to Stevenson and Grant.

Mr. Riley, for two years foreman of this office, has gone for a two months visit to his home near Rome Ga.

The purity and elegant perfume of Parkers' Hair Balsam explain the popularity of this reliable restorative.

Mrs. Terry and Miss Carrie Hinkle of Montgomery, are in Jacksonville, to catch the benefit of our mountain breezes.

Our local correspondents have failed us the past two weeks. We would be glad to have brief mention of the local events from all parts of the county.

When you go to Weavers, do not fail to call on Smith & Wiggs. They sell for cash, and will make it to your interest to *trade with them*.

Can't somebody sell us some hogs for fattening? The demand is general. We are glad to note that the farmers of Illinois are shipping hogs South to fatten. We hope a few of them may drop in on Calhoun.

Freight on cotton, we learn, is the same from here to Selma and Montgomery as to Rome. If Rome merchants do not look out they will loose their hold on this country. Their remedy is to advertise in the Republican.

Mr. J. W. Bradley, proprietor of the Bradley Nursery near this place has laid on our table a number of fall apples of different varieties, enormous in size and delicious in flavor. He has our thanks.

Preparing for the Fall Trade.

Smith & Wiggs, of Weavers Station, are receiving new goods for the fall trade. If you want a bargain, call on them.

Capt Pou and wife, of Pensacola, Fla, who have been stopping at the Jacksonville hotel the past week, left for the home of a relative in South Alabama Thursday. While here he visited the Sulphur Springs west of town and was much struck with the location as a fine one for a watering place. He is a gentleman of considerable means, and we hope he will conclude to purchase the property and improve it.

A DELICIOUS APPETIZER, that enhances digestion and enjoyment of food; a tonic that brings strength to the weak and *rest to the* nervous; a harmless diarrhœa cure that don't constipate—just what every family needs—Parker's Ginger Tonic.

We have been shown a new kind of corn from the farm of Mr. Fayette Green. It has shucks like other corn and in addition each separated grain has a well defined shuck on it. The cob is very small. It comprises corn and roughness all in one. It yields from three to four ears to the stalk and will make excellent stock feed. He procured the seed from Virginia, we learn.

WOMAN'S primitive beauty and vigor, which have been lost; can be restored and retained by the action of certain constitutional agents. These agents necessarily regulate, build up, fortify and antagonize all existing female irregularities and excesses, or obstructions which produce the ill health. The remedy must unload the locked up secretions, add iron to blood, strength to system and vitality to nerves. Such a remedy is found in the use of *English Female Bitters*.

Two great evils—headache and constipation, afflicting nearly all humanity, are relieved by Bailey's *Saline Aperient*.

"Tough on Chills,"
Cures 5 cases for 25 cts. in cash or stamps, Mailed by John Parham, Atlanta, Ga.

The farmer who can make his own meat this year and who will economize on corn and not have to buy next spring is as good as out of debt. Oh how we long to see the day when all our farmers are out of debt and have cash to pay for goods. They can realize this condition of affairs only by the practice of self denial and by raising supplies for the farm on the farm. Let us profit by the experience of this year. Don't let the fall pass without planting largely of small grain.

Yellow fever is raging at Brownsville, Texas. It is also reported at Pensacola, Fla. A gentleman and wife of that city now stopping at Jacksonville hotel will be delayed return to their home on that account.

NOTICE.

For reasons sufficient, I wish to say to my friends, that I hereby decline all connection with Calhoun College.

G. B. RUSSELL.

It will be noticed that Rev. Mr. Russell severs his connection with Calhoun College. While a teacher in this Institution he won the deserved good will of its patrons, and it is to be regretted that he will not continue his connection with it. We do not yet know, nor does he, whether he will continue a citizen of the town or remove to some other point. It is to be hoped he will remain. He is a christian gentleman whose walk and work has had great influence for good in the community. This point is about as convenient to the churches of which he has charge as any other, and we reiterate the hope that he may conclude to remain with us.

Flowery Yard Locals.

The protracted meeting at Union church closed last Friday. It lasted one week.

We have had nice seasonable rains, for the last few days, which will greatly enlarge the crops.

I have one vote promised among the fair ones; though as there appears to be several opponents, I am afraid we will have to contest it.

BILL ARP, JR.

DIED --At her home in Jacksonville, Aug. 16th 1882, Mrs Elizabeth K. Beal in the 53rd year of her age. Mrs. Beal was born in Georgia, married to Mr. W. K. Beal, in the year 1846 and soon after settled in this place where she resided until her death. At an early age she united herself with the Baptist church, and during a long life attested her devotion to religion by a consistant walk and godly conversation. Her husband fell up on the battlefields of his country, a martyr to the lost cause, leaving his widow to struggle with misfortune and sorrow, with no protecting arm to shield, alone and unaided to bear the responsibilities of life. Nobly did she fulfill the trust.

Kind, tender and generous her heart was filled with the n blest principles that adorn and beautify the character of women. Her ministrations and deeds of love were not confined to her own immediate family circle, but with a liberality of spirit, and a benevolence, noble as it was disengenuous and sincere, she took to her heart and home four tender baby children, whose mother was sleeping beneath the sod, far away in the wilds of Arkansas, with a devotion most motherly, with a care and solicitude which bespake a heart deeply imbued with the true spirit of christian charity and love she cherished them, until the dark death angel hovered around her suffering couch and bore her forever away into the bright realms of immortal life.

Peacefully, happily she stepped from the shores of time into eternity. Death is but the beginning of life.

Her pulse is cold and still, her heart has ceased its pulsations forever, her tongue lies silent in the grave, the drifting winds of autumn sigh mournfully and sadly above the mortal casket which is now mouldering under the sod, but the one which lives beyond the lapse of time and survives the crash of falling worlds, has just been born into existence in a land where life is eternal. The Infidel in the mad pride of intellectuality, never uttered a grander sentiment than this, "help for the living, hope for the dead". There is no such consolation in philosophy. How sad and desolate would be our hearts while standing beside the newly made grave, if hope, beautiful star-eyed hope, with whisperings as soft as benediction from heaven, did not tell us to take our weeping eyes from the rifled mound, where there is naught but cold and lifeless clay, and follow the soul in its flight to that world where all is life, light and liberty.

"There is no death! An angel form,
Walks o'r the earth with silent tread,
He bears our best loved things away,
And then we call them dead."

W. W. W.

Shoes! Shoes!! Hats! Hats!!

New and well selected, just received and very cheap for cash. Call on Smith & Wiggs and examine before purchasing.

Disposal of the Public Lands.

Washington, Aug. 25.—A statement of the disposal of the public lands during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1882, shows that the total number of acres disposed of was 15,699,848, an increase over last year of about 5,000,000 acres. The cash received for this land amounts in the aggregate to about $8,361,091, as against about $5,000,000 during the last fiscal year. The number of acres entered for agricultural purposes as "cash sales" during the year was 3,699,899; for mineral purposes, 7,068,010; for desert lands, 166,065; for coal lands, 7,194; entered under the homestead laws, 6,347,729 acres and 2,216,244 acres were "proven up" under the same laws. Under the timber culture acts 2,216,244 acres were "proved up" under the same laws. Under the timber culture acts 2,609,797 acres were entered and "proven "up. Under the various land warrants, railroad grants, school and State selection acrs (including various kinds of scrip) 615,866 acres were disposed of. The great increase in the disposition of public lands during the past fiscal year is said to be owing to the immense immigration in the Northwest.

A San Francisco correspondent of the Baltimore Sun says:

We have here an incurable case of tobacco cancer on the tongue, from smoking the weed. The patient, a working man, bit his tongue slightly when eating, then took a smoke as was his custom. Next morning he felt an unpleasnt sensation, and now death stares him in the face. It is the twelfth case we have seen in our time of nicotine cancer on that organ. In Germany some three hundrd cases are recorded in hospital reports during last year. This ought to be a warning to smokers, for it is long suffering and a frightful agonizing death.

General Dabney H. Maury, after a tour through the South, says that in Alabama, Mississippi, Georgia and South Carolina he heard of the glad surprise of the people at finding that they can raise grass as a paying crop. The raising of improved stock is being extensively engaged in, while the iron and coal developments are marvelous. There is not a town of 10,000 population in the cotton States without an ice machine adequate to its cheap and abundant supply of this necessity of comfort and of health.

A Sad Story.

How a Young Wife Was Driven Insane by a Dissipated Husband.

Chattanooga Times.

In the Union depot yesterday evening we came across a poor insane mother with three little children, the oldest being about 10 years of age.

The woman has for the past six months been an inmate of the insane asylum at Nashville and was released from that institution a few weeks ago, the officials thinking she had recovered from her aberration of mind. After her release she went back to her old home in Tallahoma, Tenn., where she had friends to care for her. Her mind soon became again deranged, and her friends concluded to send her to relatives in Knoxville Tenn., to which place she was going yesterday.

The circumstances causing her insanity are indeed touching and sad. They are related to a Times reporter by one who has known her from her infancy. Before marriage her name was Annie Akaman, the only daughter of a wealthy planter living in DeKalb county, this State. She was the idol of fond parents loved and worshipped as only child can be, and as she developed into womanhood she received all the accomplishments that wealth, good society, and education could lavish upon her. Possessed of rare beauty, she was the reigning belle and many were the young men who sought her hand. Despite all this, as the sequel will show, fate had in store for her a sad ending. She disregarded the offers of marriage made to her by well to do young men of the neighborhood whom she had known from her innocent childhood, and fell madly in love with a handsome stranger named Allen, who was unknown to her parents. They held clandestine meetings, and at last eloped and were married. The parents forgave their erring child, and on the death of her father she fell an heiress to his estate. The young man and his bride lived happily for a season and then he became a slave to drink, wasting his wife's fortune at the gambling table and in the flowing bowl. During this time he subjected his wife to atrocious cruelties, coming home under the influence of whiskey and beating her in a frightful manner. Still through all this, she loved him; forgave him; and on her knees pleaded with him to reform his wicked career, and live an upright and honorable life, but her entreaties were of no avail. He continued spending her money until the last, vestige of a once handsome fortune was swept away. When all was gone the cowardly husband deserted the young wife, leaving her heart-broken and alone in her sorrow, with three little children depending on her for support. The agony, the suffering of poverty, and the cruel desertion of her husband, whom she still loved, fiend though he was, was too much for her. Brain fever sat in and soon she became insane, and was sent by friends to the asylum at Nashville. Her three little children were placed in the hands of relatives living at Tullahoma.

The poor woman was suffering terribly yesterday and was constantly uttering what seemed to be an inaudible prayer, as the words, "O, God, take me away," could be occasionly understood. She was in charge of a brother of her cruel husband, who is striving to make all the reparation in his power by seeing that the unfortunate woman is well taken care of during her short time to live. Many a sympathizing sigh was heard yesterday from the passers, by as they gazed on this wreck of a once happy life.

A Wonderful Fortress.

Fortress Monroe, Va., is the largest single fortification in the world. It has already cost over three millions of money. The water battery is considered to be one of the finest pieces of military construction in the world. Col. Loder, the instructor of the military school, has invented and perfected some astonishing appliances that, when we shall have gone, will be of immense value in handling them. In one of the casements inside the fort is his office. He can sit in it and with electric appliances cause every gun in the fort to be fired simultaneously. He has perfected another set of instruments by which the exact distance of a ship from the shore may be accurately determined, the velocity and directions of the wind, the consequent deflection of the ball, and the precise point at which the ball will strike the ship. The guns are fired by electricity.

A coachman calls upon the doctor to ask what can be the matter with him! "My good man," says the prince of science, "you've got dropsy—that's what ails you." "Dropsy! What's that?" "It is a morbid collection of fluid in the serous cavities within the body—in your case. I take it, hydroperitoneum caused by cirrhosis of the liver, but curable by pandoentesis." "I know, but what is it in English?" "You're all full of water inside." "Water? O, that's nonsense! (Reflects a moment.) That scoundrel of a saloon-keeper must have watered his liquor, and yet he swore to me he didn't."

It begins to appear from the press of the State that the Democratic party is averse to giving the Independents and Greenbackers &c. much show in the next Legislature.

Letting of the Poor House for 1883.

STATE OF ALABAMA,
Calhoun County.

Court of County Commissioners, Regular term, Aug. 14, 1882.

At this term of the Court of County Commissioners, in accordance with an act of the General Assembly, approved February 23, 1881, the Court took into consideration the letting of the Poor House of said county for the year 1883: Whereupon, it was ordered by the Court that the Keeper of the Poor House and Paupers for said year 1883, be allowed the sum of $6.75 per month for each Pauper received into said Poor House during the time he remains therein, and that the said Keeper be allowed the Poor Poor House farm free of rent for the year 1883, and the said Keeper is to feed, clothe and nurse said paupers, and also furnish them with Tobacco, and provide for their comfort fully as required by law. The Court of county Commissioners are to furnish bedsteads and all necessary bedding, and pay Doctor's bills, and for medicine for said paupers. Notice is hereby given that said Poor House will be let on the terms above stated on Monday, the 2nd day of October, 1882, at the court house of said county, for the year 1883. Persons proposing to take charge of said Poor house on the terms stated, can do so by letter or by applying to the Court in person on the day set for said letting. The Court reserves the right to reject any and all applications which may be made for the keeping of said Poor House, if none be found to come up to the requirements of the Court.

A. WOODS,
Judge of Probate.

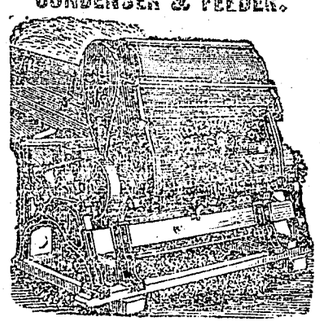
sept2-'82-5t

Notice to Stockholders.

In accordance with a resolution of the Jacksonville Mining Company, passed on the 28th day of Aug. 1882. Notice is hereby given that the following owners of stock in said company, who are in arrears with the company upon assessments duly made against them, are required to come forward and pay the same to me by the 11th day of October 1882, or their stock in said company will be advertised and sold by the Directors to pay the same, viz: M. J. Tumley, W. C. Price, Jno. M. Moore, Representatives of Jno. D Rowland, Mrs Mary E. Rowland, Representatives of J. F. Stokes deceased; Representatives of Jno H. Wright Mrs. D F. Ryon; Mrs. G. W. Mathews; J. A. McDaniel; Miss. L A. Weir and Heirs of Jno R. Clark, deceased.

I. L. SWAN, Sec'ty
Jacksonville, Ala. Sept, 2nd 1882, 3t.

THE GULLETT IMPROVED
MAGNOLIA COTTON GIN,
CONDENSER & FEEDER.



THE MAGNOLIA GIN

has come in competition with nearly every other Gin on the market, at State Fairs, etc., and in every instance has established its superiority in the following essentials, viz:

Light Draft,
QUICK AND GOOD WORK AND FINE SAMPLE.

TESTIMONIALS.

ALEXANDRIA, ALA, Dec. 15, 1880.

Messrs Berrys & Co., Rome, Ga.,

DEAR SIRS: In reply to your enquiry, I will say the sixty saw Light Draft Gullett Gin bought of you last fall gives perfect satisfaction. I have been ginning seventeen years, and I have yet to see a Gin that makes as good a sample from dirty cotton as the Gullett. The feeder works perfectly in every respect. I would not have a gin without one

W. PHIL. COOPER.

GRIFFIN, GA., March 1, 1879.

We, the undersigned are using the Gullett Improved Light Draft Cotton Gin. The Gin is of superior workmanship. For fast ginning, safety in running, and light draft, (to do the same work,) we think it has *no equal*; but the most important feature is the attachment for opening and improving the sample. The best cotton is improved by it so as to bring form ½ to ¾ cent, and stained and dirty cotton from ½ to 1 cent per pound more in market than other Gins.

W. J. BRIDGES,
T. W. MANLEY,
J. T. MANLEY.

ROME, GA., March 7th, 1881.

We, the undersigned buyers and shippers of cotton in Rome, Georgia, take pleasure in recommending the new Improved Light Draft Gullett Gin as the best Gin known to us for the reason that it turns out smoother and cleaner cotton with less nap, and consequently is worth more money.

Morgan & Grahame,	Cowen & Samuel,
T. F. Bowell,	A. T. Hardin,
W. T. Williams & Son,	J. R. Towers,
E. K. Thompson & Bro.	D. H Fouller,
W. M Shropshire,	C. M. Mort & Co.
Alex. Serrentine,	Rob't G. McGinnis.
J. R. Aunspaugh.	A. T. Simons.
	M. Rosenburg & Bros.

I will pay one fourth of a cent more for cotton from this gin. H. H. SMITH.

We claim and can substantiate by solid facts, that the Improved Gullett is of *better* workmanship and material and gives better satisfaction than any Gin on the market. For further particulars address

W. H. COOPER, Agent,
julyS—2m Alexandria, Ala.

NOTICE.

A special meeting of the Jacksonville Mining Co. is hereby called to meet at the Court House in Jacksonvill Ala, at 10 o'clock. A. M. on Monday the 28th day of August 1882, for the purpose of making a change in the By-laws of the Company, and such other business as may be of interest to the Company. By order of the President,

G. B. DOUTHIT.
I. L. SWAN, Sec'y. aug12,'82-3t

TUTT'S
PILLS

SYMPTOMS OF A
TORPID LIVER.

Loss of Appetite, Bowels costive, Pain in the Head, with a dull sensation in the back part, Pain under the Shoulder blade, fullness after eating, with a disinclination to exertion of body or mind, Irritability of temper, Low spirits, with a feeling of having neglected some duty, Dizziness, Dimness, Fluttering at the Heart, Dots before the eyes, Yellow Skin, Headache generally over the right eye, Restlessness, with fitful dreams, highly colored Urine, and

CONSTIPATION.

TUTT'S PILLS are especially adapted to such cases, one dose effects such a change of feeling as to astonish the sufferer.

They Increase the Appetite, and cause the body to Take on Flesh, thus the system is nourished, and by their Tonic Action on the Digestive Organs, Regular Stools are produced. Price 25 cents. 35 Murray St., N. Y.

TUTT'S HAIR DYE.

GRAY HAIR OR WHISKERS changed to a GLOSSY BLACK by a single application of this DYE. It imparts a natural color, acts Instantaneously. Sold by Druggists, or sent by express on receipt of $1. OFFICE, 35 MURRAY ST., NEW YORK.

(Dr. TUTT'S MANUAL of Valuable Information and Useful Receipts will be mailed FREE on application.)

aug26—'82—1y

W. C. LAND,
WATCHMAKER,
—AND—
JEWELER.

Jacksonville, - - - Ala.

Also, agent for Meriden C't Table cutlery and silver and plated ware. Also agent for Elgin Watch co. and other American make May, 1st 1880

JOE. A. WALDEN. W. W. WOODWARD

Walden & Woodward,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW,
Jacksonville, Ala.

Will practice in all the courts of the Circuit, and the Supreme Courts of the State. Prompt attention given to the collectin of claims.

SEED OATS FOR SALE.

I have a choice lot of Red Rust Proof and Burt Oats for sale at my residence in Jacksonville

aug26-tf JOHN M. CROOK.

COTTON is KING BUT OUR ENGINE is KING of COTTON!

Invaluable patented improvements found in no other ENGINES in the world. For Pamphlets and Price List, (also for SAW MILLS), address THE AULTMAN & TAYLOR CO., Mansfield, Ohio.

FIRE INSURANCE.

I. L. SWAN AG'T,
JACKSONVILLE, ALA.

Four Good Home Companies to wit,

Georgia Home,	*Ga.*
Home Protection,	*Ala.*
Central City,	*Ala.*
Columbus Ins. and Banking Co.,	*Miss.*

May 1st, 1880.

FRANK W. BOWDON, ROBT. L. ARNOLD

BOWDON & ARNOLD,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW
—AND—
Solicitors in Chancery,
JACKSONVILLE, ALA.

Will practice in all the Courts of the Circuit, U. S. Dist. Court and Supreme Court of the State April 24, 1880

East Tennessee, Virginia
—AND—
GEORGIA RAILROADS,
Forms the quickest and most comfortable route to
Eastern Cities,
—AND—
ONLY ROUTE
—TO THE—
Watering Places
—OF—
East Tennessee and Virginia

The principal Inducements are SPLENDID SCENERY, QUICK TIME, THROUGH CARS.

The only line passing through the mountainous regions of East Tennessee and Virginia. Through cars run from Selma to Bristol without change. For information address,

JAS. R. OGDEN, G. P. A., Knoxville.
RAY KNIGHT. A. G. P. A., Selma.

SELMA DIVISION.

Going North.		Going South.
Lv. 8.00 a m	Selma,	Ar. 7 07 p m
" 10.42 a m	Calera,	Lv. 4.35 p m
" 1.53 p m	Jacksonville,	" 1.27 p m
" 4.26 p m	Rome,	" 11.10 a m
" 6 20 p m	Dalton,	" 9.40 a m
" 8.35 p m	Cleveland,	" 7.00 a m
" 11.50 p m	Knoxville,	" 3 35 a m
Ar. 4.50 a m	Bristol,	" 10.20 p m

ALABAMA CENTRAL DIVISION.

Westward.		Eastward.
Lv. 4.20 p m	Selma,	Ar. 11.00 a m
" 5.45 p m	Uniontown,	Lv. 9.42 a m
" 7.05 p m	Demopolis,	" 8.50 a m
Ar 10.00 p m	Meridian,	" 5.35 a m

Mail Train North connects with Rome R R at Rome for Atlanta, and at Dalton with W & A R R for Chattanooga, and points North; at Bristol with W. & W R R for all Eastern cities. Accommodation train leaves Selma at 3.40 p m. connecting with L & N at Calera for all Western cities; arrives at Selma 10.15 a m. Mail train South connects at Calera with L & N for Montgomery, and at Meridian with N O and V & M roads for Mobile, New Orleans and Vicksburg.

JNO. M. BRIDGES, Supt.
RAY KNIGHT.
Gen. Ticket and Passenger Ag't
jan 29, 1882 Selma, Ala

MANHOOD
How Lost, How Restored.

Just published, a new edition of Dr Culverwell's Celebrated Essay on the radical cure of SPERMATORRHŒA or Seminal Weakness, Involuntary Seminal Losses, Impotency, Mental and physical Incapacity, Impediments to marriage, etc; also, Consumption, Epilepsy and Fits, induced by self-indulgence or sexual extravagance, &c.

The celebrated author, in this admirable Essay clearly demonstrates, from a thirty year's successful practice, that the alarming consequences of self-abuse may be radically cured, pointing out a mode of cure at once simple, certain, and effectual, by means of which every sufferer, no matter what his condition may be, may cure himself cheaply, privately and radically.

☞ This lecture should be in the hands of every youth and every man in the land.

Sent under seal, in a plain envelope, to any address, post-paid, on receipt of six cents or two postage stamps. Address

THE CULVERWELL MEDICAL CO.
41 Ann St., New York.;
july15—1y Post Office Box, 450.

NOTICE.

ALL PARTIES using the water from the water works are hereby respectfully notified, that by a recent order of the Council, they are required to pay up for, at least **three months in advance.** The water will **positively** be cut off from all who fail to so pay up by the 15th day of July, 1882

R. L. ARNOLD,
julyS—2t Collector for the town.

STATE OF ALABAMA,
Calhoun County.

In Probate Court of said county, Special term, August 17th 1882.

This day came Jas. M. Andrews, J. C. Watson and S. S. Love, Sr., Commissioners heretofore appointed to sell the Real Estate belonging to the Estate of Hulda Burns, deceased, for division among the heirs and distributees of said deceased, and filed in court their account and vouchers for a final settlement of the proceeds of said sale.

It is therefore ordered by the court that the 11th day of September, 1882, be and is hereby appointed the day upon which to audit and pass upon said account and make settlement; and that notice thereof be given for three successive weeks in the Jacksonville Republican, a newspaper printed and published in said county, as a notice to all persons concerned, to be and appear before me, at my office in the court house of said county, on said 11th day of September, a882, and contest said settlement if they think proper. A. WOODS,
ag19-3t Judge of Probate.

WM. J. BROCK,
ATTOREY AT LAW,
OFFICE AT
Centre, Cherokee Co., Ala.

WILL attend to cases both in the Chancery and Circuit Courts of this Judicial circuit and Chancery Division, and Supreme Court of the State. Collections promptly attended to

Undertaker's Notice.

The Undersigned has just received and has now in stock a full line of

Coffins and Burial Robes,

from the cheapest to the most expensive make. Burial robes for both male and female, are much neater than those heretofore bought, and are sold at about one third of the cost. Orders from any part of this section of the State filled on telegraphic or postal notice.

The whole care and expense of burials undertaken, when desired.

L. A. WEAVER,
july29-3m Jacksonville, Ala

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ESTABLISHED NINETY-EIGHT YEARS

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Use Lawrence & Martin's
TOLU
ROCK & RYE.
For COUGHS, COLDS, SORE THROAT, BRONCHITIS, ASTHMA, PNEUMONIA, CONSUMPTION, Diseases of THROAT, CHEST AND LUNGS.

BALSAM OF TOLU Has always been one of the most important weapons wielded by the MEDICAL FACULTY against the encroachments of COUGHS, COLDS, BRONCHITIS, ASTHMA, SORE THROAT, CONSUMPTION in its incipient and advanced stages, and all diseases of the THROAT, CHEST and LUNGS, but it has never been so advantageously compounded as in the TOLU, ROCK and RYE. Its soothing Balsamic properties afford a diffusive stimulant and tonic to build up the system after the cough has been relieved. Quart size bottles, Price $1.00.

CAUTION! Do not be deceived by dealers who try to palm off Rock and Rye MEDICATED article—the genuine has a Private Die Proprietary Stamp on each bottle, which permits it to be Sold by Druggists, Grocers and Dealers Everywhere,
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The TOLU, ROCK AND RYE CO., Proprietors, 41 River St., Chicago, Ill.

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Have received and are still receiving the largest and best assorted stock of Groceries they have ever brought to this market. Not deterred by the clamor of hard times next year, they have amply provided for the wants of the public, and will sell to suit the purses of their customers. In all

STAPLE AND FANCY GROCERIES

They can confidently defy competition, where cash is paid. They bought on the recent failure of corners in Groceries of all kinds, and consequently caught the bottom of the market. Seeing is believing.

Bring the Cash

and test their prices, and see for yourself.

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Wooden Ware, and hundreds of other things in stock. Don't buy until you examine the stock of B. F. CARPENTER & CO.
oct15—tf

ICE, ICE, ICE!
Beer on Ice!

All kinds of Summer drinks served at the "City Bar" on short notice, by the undersigned, who has with particular care selected for this season, a very fine lot of best

LINCOLN COUNTY WHISKEY
Direct from the Distillery, as well as
Apple, and Peach Brandies,

He would especially call the attention of all desiring a good drink to his celebrated
"Cabinet Whiskey,"
which is the best in the market. He has genuine imported Holland Gin and French Brandy, FOR THE SICK. Fresh Lemons always on hand. Also, pure sweet mash corn whiskey. His liquors are bought under bond and he knows them to be fine and pure. A general line of goods in liquors of all brands. Beer, Cider, &c., including Sacrament Wine. Also a large lot of fine Cigars and Tobacco and Snuff.
Large lot of empty barrels in stock.

My Billiard Parlor

which is well ventilated and furnished with the best Billiard and Pool Tables, is the favorite resort of those who love the game. Respectfully,

JNO RAMAGNANO, Jacksonville, Ala.

N. B.—Parties indebted to me are requested to come forward and settle by cash or waive note. may13—6m

STEVENSON & GRANT,
Correspondents of
Real Estate Brokers
—AND—
LOAN ASSOCIATION
OF ALABAMA.

WILL UNDERTAKE TO NEGOTIATE LOANS AS FOLLOWS:

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On producing farm lands, for three to five years, payable in annual installments.

On crop lien, personal and real security, for one year or less, with agreement to ship cotton to Selma. Applicants may apply for loans on producing farm lands for a term of years, either with or without the condition to ship cotton. Loans made for $300 and upwards.

STEVENSON & GRANT,
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JACKSONVILLE HOTEL
WEST SIDE PUBLIC SQUARE,
Jacksonville, Alabama.

Do not be deceived, but come to the "only Hotel," where you will find the best of cooks and servants, the best fare our county and money can afford. Rooms newly fitted up and renovated. We will guarantee satisfaction. Our house will be first class in every respect. Sample room free. Give us a trial.

ROBT. ADAMS,
dec10—tf Proprietor.

J. W. COKER & CO.,
Commission Merchants,
—AND—
WAREHOUSEMEN,
ROME, GA.

Mr. Wright, formerly with Jno. C. Graham and Berry & Co., is a member of this firm. sept24—3m

LIVERY
—AND—
SALE STABLE

The Undersigned having bought the Hammond Livery Stable of Mr. Wilson, have entered upon their business and will be glad to serve the public.

We expect to keep Vehicles, Horses and Mules for sale, and are prepared to guarantee bargains in this line.

Our terms will be very reasonable and strictly cash.

Horses boarded at low rates. Give us your patronage and we will give you satisfaction. Respectfully,

MARTIN & WILKERSON.
jan 15—tf.

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april22—6m

H. L. STEVENSON. L. W. GRANT
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☞ Real estate bought and sold.—☜
Books open at law office of Mr Stevenson

Beauty Rules.

Rule One.—A woman's power in the world is measured by her power to please. Whatever she may wish to accomplish she will best manage it by pleasing. A woman's grand social aim should be to please. And let me tell you how that is to be done. A woman can please the eye by her appearance, her dress, her face and her figure. She can please the ear by studying the art of graceful elocution, not hard to any of us, for by nature we speak with finer articulation than men. She can please the mind by cultivating her own—so far at least, as to make her a good listener; and as much further as she will. She can please the fancy by ladie's wit, of which all of us have a share. She can please the heart by amiability. Beauty of person is only one feature of true beauty.

Rule Two.—Modesty is the ground on which all a woman's charms appear to the best advantage. In manners, dress, conversation, remember always that modesty must never be forgotten. There is now adays a tendency in women to rebel against old fashioned modesty. The doctrine of liberty is spreading among us, for which I thank God. But the first effects of that doctrine on our minds are a little confusing. We are growing more independent and more individual. Some of us fancy that to be modest is to be old-fashioned, and of course we want the newest fashions in all things. I maintain that a modest woman is the reply of my sex to a brave man—you can no more have a true woman without modesty than a true man without courage. But remember, I use the word modesty in a high sense. Not prudery. Prudery is on the surface; modesty is in the soul. Rosalind in her boy's suit is delightfully modest, but not very prudish.

Rule Three.—Always dress up to your age or a little beyond it. Let your person be the youngest thing about you; not the oldest. A very important lesson for women of forty. The attempt to dress for young almost invariably leads to a reaction in the spectator's mind, and the traces of years become more palpable and more significant. But a slight and graceful assumption of years in one's dress has an opposite effect.

Rule Four.—Remember that what women admire in themselves is seldom what men admire in them. In nine drawing-rooms out of ten, Miranda or Cordelia, as novel heroines, would be voted bores. Women would say, "We would utterly decline to accept these watery girls as typical of us; we want smartness and life." I don't really care much for Miranda or Cordelia myself. Now this seems to me to caution us against trusting too implicitly or too far our notions about ourselves. Another source of misunderstanding comes from the novel-writers. We are the novel readers, and the novelist is forced to write heroines to suit our taste: He does not want to offend us. Thus it comes about that even the male novelist is too often only depicting women's women, after all. And I believe scores of modern girls are seriously misled for this very reason. They believe they are finding out what men think of them, when in truth they are reading their own notions handed back to them under a pretty disguise.

Rule Five.—Women's beauties are seldom men's beauties. If ten men and ten women were to go into the same company, and each sex chose the prettiest woman there, as they thought, you would rarely find that they chose the same. If this be so, we ought not to trust ourselves even as to our faces without considering that the sex we are to please must in the end settle the question, and will settle the question in its own way.

Rule Six.—Gayety tempered by seriousness is the happiest manner in society. By which I mean, that in all our gayety there ought to be a hint of self-recollection. The most agreeable women I have met with—and I think the most regarded—have been women of social position, who have been trained with due regard for religion. Their worldly education had made them mindful of grace and liveliness; the religious education kept these qualities under a particular sort of control, which is perceptibly different from mere good breeding. It seems to me that vivacity sprightliness are greatly enhanced by a vein of seriousness. Certainly no woman ought to be a mocker.

Rule Seven.—Always speak low. This is obvious. In support of it I need only quote Shakspeare, who calls it "an excellent thing in woman."

Rule Eight.—A plain woman can never be pretty. She can always be fascinating, if she takes pains. I well remember a man who was a great admirer of our sex telling me that one of the most fascinating women he had ever known, was not only not pretty, but as to her face decidedly plain—ugly, only the word is rude. I asked my friend, "How then, did she fascinate?" I well remember his reply. "Her figure," said he, "was neat, her dressing was faultless, her every movement was graceful, her conversation was clever and animated, and she always tried to please. It was not I alone who called her fascinating; she was one of the most acceptable women in society I ever knew. She married brilliantly, and her husband, a lawyer in large practice, was devoted to her—more than if she had been a queen of beauties." Here was a woman who, excepting a fairly neat figure, had not a single natural gift of appearance. Is not this worth our thinking about by those of us women who care to please and are not beauties born?

Rule Nine.—Every year a woman lives, the more pains she should take with her dress. The dress of us elderly dames ought to be more of a science than it is. How often one hears a woman of fifty say: "O, my dressing days are past!" When, if she thought about it, they have well begun. At least the time has come when dress is more to her than ever. Remember from forty to sixty-five is a quarter of a century—the third of a long life. It is the period through which the majority of grown up people pass. And yet how little pride women take—how little thought beforehand—to be charming then!

Rule Ten.—In all things let a woman ask what will please the men of sense before she asks what will please men of fashion. I by no means intend that a woman is not to have regard to the men of fashion only she should not give it the first place. She will carry the men of fashion sooner by methods that please men of sense than men of sense by methods that please men of fashion. They always praise a woman for things which begin to perish at twenty five. Even the old men of seventy will talk of "a fine girl—deucedly fine figure!" And they will call a woman rather on the decline, when, if she is on the decline, where and what are they? You see, if a woman lives for the commendation of men of fashion she will, if pretty, piquant, or what not, have a reign of ten years. But if she remembers that she has charms of mind and character and taste, as well as charms of figure and complexion, the men of sense will follow her for half a century; and in the long run the men of fashion will be led by the men of sense.

A man with a red nose doesn't need a placard hung around his neck to tell the world what caused it. You're right he don't. The little joker starts off as soon as he begins to smile.

Modern Troglodytes.—Dr. Oswald, in an article in the Popular Science Monthly, calls people who live and sleep in close rooms, and neglect to breathe pure air, modern Troglodytes. Common atmospheric air—pure air—is as necessary to life and health as food, more necessary, in fact. The stomach may be without food for twenty-four hours without serious detriment, and for three days without endangering life, while the food for the lungs cannot be totally stopped for six minutes without fatal consequences. We take into our lungs with every breath about one pint of air, and breathe about twenty times per minute, so that the quantity of *gaseous* food thus consumed by the body amounts in a day to 675 cubic feet. Eating and drinking are therefore secondary or supplementary to the more important part performed by the lungs. Everywhere on the surface of the earth for fifty miles high the air, mixed in the proper proportions for healthy respiration, is supplied to sustain and build up animal life. Yet we contrive houses to exclude it as effectually as the Nubian caves, and enclose ourselves therein, and thus enfeeble the race. Thousands and tens of thousands actually die annually from a famine of air. Our living rooms, bedrooms, workshops, schoolrooms public halls and churches are largely so contrived that we take into the lungs over and over again the same air that has been exhaled, and its vital element for building up and sustaining the animal tissues exhausted. Well does Dr. Oswald say it is distressingly probable that consumption, that most fearful scourge of the human race, is *not* a "mysterious dispensation of Providence," nor a "product of our outrageous climate," but the direct consequence of an outrageous violation of the physical laws of nature. Dr. Haller thought that if God punishes suicide, he would make an exception in favor of consumptives. But can it be hoped that this exemption will continue after men are made fully conscious that this direful disease can be avoided by simply breathing constantly the air prepared in the laboratory of nature, instead of the fatal gases prepared, retained, and inhaled in our cave-like dwellings and places of public meetings. Men, women and children can only live in health in fresh air. It may be more agreeable and better to have the air equable in temperature and not overloaded with moisture but it is far better to have dampness, cole, and changeableness, than to breathe the gases left after the oxygen has been extracted from the air by passing through the lungs, or the air has been disintegrated by other processes. Let us repeat, then, what has been so often said by medical men. Ventilate! ventilate your workrooms, your houses—particularly your sleeping rooms. Remember that each person needs over 3000 cubic feet of fresh air every night. Ventilate your schoolrooms, public halls and churches.

A valuable Antique Inscription.—In the Hippodrome at Constantinople may still be seen the remains of a venerable trophy of the Persian war, the bronze serpent, which, with the gold tripod it supported, was dedicated to the Delphian Apollo by the allied Greeks after the victory of Platæa, as a tenth of the Persian spoil. On the bronze serpent, which served as a base for the tripod, the Lacedæmonians inscribed the names of the various Hellenic States which took part in repelling the barbaric invader. The golden tripod perished long ago in the sacrilegious plunder of Delphi by the Phocians but the bronze serpent remained in its original position till it was removed by Constantine the Great, to decorate, with other spoils of Hellas, his new seat of empire at Byzantium. Here it has remained in the Hippodrome till our own time, not unscathed, for the last of the three heads of the serpent has long since disappeared; but the list of Greek states inscribed on the intertwined folds of the body remains perfectly legible to this day, having been fortunately preserved from injury by the accumulation of soil in the Hippodrome. This earth concealed about two thirds of the serpent till the excavation made in the Hippodrome in 1855, when the inscription was first brought to light. As the date of the battle of Platæa was B. C. 478, it may be assumed that the setting up of the tripod took place shortly afterward. Thus the inscription would not be later than B. C 476. Of hardly inferior interest is the bronze helmet found at Olympia early in this century, which, as its inscription tells us, was part of a trophy dedicated by Hiero I., of Syracuse, after his great naval victory over the Tyrrhenians, B. C. 474. If the German excavations now going on at Olympia continue to yield results as promising as the discoveries which have distinguished the first months of this enterprise, we may hope that many similar records of Hellenic triumphs may be found in the rich soil of the Altis.

German Coal.—Hamburg has been the scene of a rather novel exhibition, that of German coal, which we are told, has excited much interest among German patriots and commercial men. The idea that Germany should endeavor to emancipate herself from the English market and produce her own coal, has, it appears, acquired a powerful hold upon the national imagination, and hence the promotion and development of the German coal trade has come to be looked upon as a matter of patriotism.

It is also alleged that Westphalian coal is superior in heating power to English, and Senator Godeffroy, in his address on the occasion of the opening of the exhibition, even made it appear that Germany is in possession of coal fields incomparably larger than any that England can show. The Westphalian coal basin alone, said M. Godeffroy, is capable of producing for 7 centuries to come the same quantity of best coal annually that all England now yields, and beyond this, the basin is not yet fully explored, and is probable capable of material extension. With all these supposed advantages Germany has not been able to beat England out of the field on her own ground. The city of Hamburg imported in 1876 about 1,500,000 tons of coal, of which about six-seventh were the produce of England, and only one-seventh of home production.

A most valuable remedy for heaves and said to be a sure cure: Forty sumac buds, one pound of rosin, one pint of ginger, half a pound of mustard, one pound of unslacked lime, one pound of epsom salts, four ounces of gum gulacum, six ounces of cream tartar. Mix thoroughly and divide into thirty powders, and give one every morning in their feed before watering.

Fish Culture.—Hundreds of farmers in Pennsylvania have turned their attention to fish culture. Many have stocked ponds and streams, and in most cases they have been successful, especially with carp, and in a few years they will depend upon fish for a subsistence as much as upon any other farm product.

Mr. John Stephen Hester, of Walton, Pa., was married twenty-two years ago, and that time his uncle gave him one sheep and her two lambs. Ten years ago he had raised over five hundred sheep from that one sheep and now the number goes largely over one thousand.

AGRICULTURAL.

All vegetables have an effect on the chemistry of the body, so that we cannot speak too highly of their importance at table. Asparagus is a strong diuretic, sorrel is cooling. Carrots containing a quantity of sugar, are avoided by some people, while others complain of them as indigestible. With regard to the latter accusation, it may be remarked in passing, that it is the yellow core of the carrot that is difficult of digestion—the outer red layer is tender enough. The large sweet onion is very rich in those alaline elements which counteract the poison of rheumatic gout. If slowly stewed in weak broth, and eaten with a little Nepaul pepper, it will be found to be an admirable article of diet for patientt of stucious and sedentary habits. The stalks of cauliflower have the same sort of value, only too often the stalk of a cauliflower is so ill-boiled and unpalatable that few persons would thank you for proposing to them to make part of their meal consist of so uninviting an article. Turnips in the same way, are often thought to be indigestible, the fault lies with the cook quite as much as with the root. What shall be said about our lettuce? The plant has a slight narcotic action, of which a French old woman, like a French doctor, well knows the value, and when properly cooked it is really very easy of digestion. But in our country, though lettuces are duly grown in every garden, you often hear the remark, "I can't eat a salad," and as few cooks know how to use the vegetable which has been refused in its raw state, the lettuces are all wasted and so is the ground in which they were grown.

How to get Well.

Thousands of persons are constantly troubled with a combination of diseases. Diseased kidneys and costive bowels are their tormenters. They should know that Kidney-Wort acts on these organs at the same time, causing them to throw off the poisons that have clogged them, and so renewing the whole man. Hundreds testify to this.—*Pittsburg Post.*

Troeble with Butter.—Butter is one of the most complicated products, its quality depends upon a great variety of conditions—the cow, the food, the air of the stable, the water, the milk pails, pans, and the place where the milk is set, besides many other things. When cream becomes covered with a sort of pimples all over the surface, with here and there yellowish or reddish dots or spots upon it, it is attacked by a species of mildew or fungus, which very soon spreads all through it. This spoils the flavor of the butter. From some troublesome and careful experiments the past winter the writer is convinced that this is caused by too much dampness in the milk-room or cellar and the presence of germs of mildew. The first was corrected by putting some fresh lime in the milk room, which absorbed the excess of moisture, and by burning sulphur in it to disinfect it and destroy the milder germs. By burning sulphur, sulphurous acid is produced, and this is a very active antiseptic and destructive of all kinds of molds, mildews and ferments. It would also be well to look closely to the water drank by the cows.

Easily Proven.—It is easily proven that malarial fevers, constipation, torpidity of the liver and kidneys, general debility, nervousness, and neuralgic ailments yield readily to this great disease conqueror, Hop Bitters. It repairs the ravages of disease by converting the food into rich blood, and it gives new life and vigor to the aged and infirm always.

Shades in Pastures.—Certain writers for agricultural periodicals indulge in various things that have no merit whatever. The subject which heads this paragraph is one of them. We have seen in a dozen publications one or more articles on the necessity or expediency of having shade for grazing stock in pasture fields. In agricultural matters generally our experience has not been limited, and we can say that, so far as we can now remember, we never saw a pasture field without a shade, and in which, at certain hours of the day, the cattle were not screening themselves from the sun's rays. The tree or trees necessary to afford this protection to the poor cattle is not a matter of any consideration as a question of expense, but is of much consideration as a question of humanity. No farmer with a heart any bigger than a hickory nut would deprive his cattle of proper shade in the midst of our scorching summer days.

Saved from Death.

Baltimore, Md., Feb. 26, 1881.
H. H. Warner & Co. *Sirs*:—Your Safe Kidney and Liver Cure has saved me from death from Bright's Disease.
S. B. Headington.

Feeding troughs for poultry, properly constructed, ought to be generally substituted for the wasteful practice of feeding from the ground. The "reasons why" are obvious. Where there is a scramble for the food that is thrown helter-skelter, the weak are prevented by the strong from getting their share until the latter are satisfied and the food is trampled in the dirt. It is no advantage to the fowls to eat sand dirt or gravel mixed with their food. The gravel and other indigestible substances necessary to the proper trituration of their food in the gizzard can be given separately, and should be. A simple trough may be made, defendee by slats placed vertically, or on a convenient angle, with space sufficient for the passage of the head, thus preventing the trampling and soiling of the food, which will not be wasted, as in the case where it is thrown carelessly on the ground.

Thousands Speak.—Vegetine is acknowledged and recommended by physicians and apothecaries to be the best purifier and cleanser of the blood yet discovered, and thousands speak in its praise who have been restored to health.

The Currant.—The currant is an excellent fruit and should be grown more extensively than at present. Many years ago currants were grown in great abundance. There were few or no drawbacks to their successful cultivation, for the currant worm was not then known. This pest has done much bad work for a few years past, but seems to be on the decline. For the past two years we have been troubled very little. The fruit is one of the most agreeable, because of its acid, and can be used in a variety of ways. It is excellent for canning, preserving its flavor exceedingly well. One of the best varieties is the Versaillaise. They can be readily grown from cuttings. They should be set early. Currant bushes thrive better on a rich and rather moist soil.

Cows that have access to water at all times will drink often, but little at a time, and return to their feeding. Cows deprived of a sufficient supply of water fail in milk and flesh, and when they are allowed to fail, it is almost impossible to bring them back to their proper yield of milk and condition of flesh, at least without extra expense and trouble.

Kidney Diseases.

Kidney diseases afflict the greater part of the human race, and they are constantly on the increase, but where the virtues of Kidney-Wort have become known, they are held in check and speedily cured. Let those who have had to constantly dose spirits of nitre and such stuff, give this great remedy a trial and be cured. In the dry form it is most economical, in the liquid the most convenient.—*Phila., Press*

Rice waffles, which are simply delicious for breakfast, must be started the day before you wish to eat them; that is, the rice must be boiled. A good way to accomplish this is to make a rice pudding to day and reserve half a cupful of the cooked rice for to-morrow's waffles. To this quantity add a pint of sweet milk, the yolks of three eggs, two ounces of butter (or a good size lump), and a little salt. Mix half a teaspoonful of soda with one pint of flour, beat these all together, and bake in whffle-irons in a hot oven.

Asthma and Hay Fevo.

The strong testimonials given in another column in regard to the efficiency of Knight's Asthma Cure, will be read with great interest by those who suffer from that distressing disease. If such confirmed Asthmatics have been cured, there is surely hope for the most aggravated cases. The genuineness of the testimonials may be proven by correspondence with the parties whose names are given. The medicine is equally effective in Hay Fever. If taken in time, it will prevent the regular annual attack, or it will cure the disease after it has become seated.

Nut Cakes.—Take one pound of shell-bark kernels and roll or chop them. Beat the whites of seven eggs to a stiff froth, and add them to one pound of powdered sugar and two tablespoonfuls of flour, which have been mixed together; then add the rolled kernels. Line shallow pans with buttered paper, and drop a teaspoonful at a time of the mixture on it, allowing plenty room for them to spread. Bake them like macaroons.

That Husband of Mine.

Is three times the man he was before he began using Wells' Health Renewer. $1. Druggists. Send for pamphlet to E. S. Wells. Jersey City, N. J.

Clams on toast.—Chop two dozen clams as fine as posible. Put an ounce of butter in a pan over the fire, stir in when melted a small desert spoonful of rice flour (wheat flour is almost as good), and add a gill of new milk: stir until it commences to thicken, add your clams, stir slowly until thoroughly hot, and serve with sippets of toast. This makes a very nice dish, but must be eaten very hot, pepper and salt to taste.

Vegetine!

Two Bottles Cured Me.

San Francisco, Cal., May 30, 1881.
H. R. Stevens, Boston, Mass.: Dear Sir:—I was afflicted with a most disagreeable rash for several months, physicians being unable to tell what it was. Dr. Maxwell, Dr. McLean, Dr. Hale and other well known physicians in this city prescribed for me, some calling it Nettle Rash, some Erecta, some Poison Oak, and others Salt Rheum, but all failed to give relief, and I became so bad that I could not sleep or attend to business. Two bottles of Vegetine have cured me, and I cheerfully recommend it as the Ne Plus Ultra of Blood medicines.
R. F. Fitzgerald, 157 Seventh street.

Canker-Humor Cured.

Providence, R. I., Feb. 25, 1881.
Mr. H. R. Stevens:
Sir—After trying a number of remedies was cured of the Red-Canker Humor by taking several bottles of Vegetine. Yours,
J. Edgar Crandall,
No. 22 Perkins street.

Vegetine in England.

Halifax, N. S., Dec. 13, 1881.
H. R. Stevens, Esq., Boston, Mass: Dear sir—I take pleasure in informing you that I have had occasion to use your well-known Vegetine. For some time I felt run down from close application to business. I had only used two or three bottles of your popular medicine, when I felt greatly invigorated, and fit for almost any kind of work in connection with our large dry goods business.
My sister, in England, has been ailing from Nervous Prostration, Want of Appetite and General Debility. I took her a bottle of Vegetine on my last visit, and sent her half a dozen since. At last accounts, she writes me, she has greatly improved, and feels as though she would soon be as well as ever. I am sure your Vegetine would have a large sale in England, if introduced into that country. Believe me, yours very truly, etc.
E. T. Mahon, of Mahon Bros.
Dry Goods Merchants.

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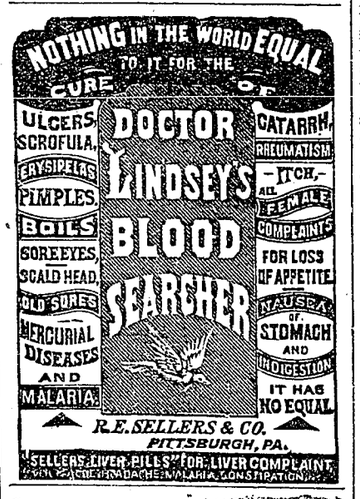

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DOMESTIC.

Iced Cabinet Pudding.—Dissolve half a box of gelatine in just enough lukewarm water to cover it. When it is dissolved let it cool. Make a custard of three pints of milk and cream mixed, beating six eggs, a teaspoonful of corn starch, and three quarters of a pound of sugar to a cream before adding them to the boiling milk. Let this cool also. Take a mold holding about two quarts and arrange it in layers; half-pound of lady fingers, half-pound of macaroons, one-third of a pound of sliced citron, and moisten them with Jamaica rum or some brandy. Stir the dissolved gelatine and the custard thoroughly together, add teaspoonful of nectar, and fill the mold with it. Pack the mold in ice and salt and let the pudding freeze. Dip the mold in hot water for a moment when ready to serve the pudding and turn it upon a flat dish.

"Threw Away Her Supporter."

Dr. Pierce:—A neighbor of ours was suffering from "female weakness" which the doctors told her could not be cured without a supporter. After considerable persuasion my wife induced her to try your "Favorite Prescription." After using one bottle she threw away the supporter and did a large washing, which she had not done in two years before.
James Miller, 4246 Jacob street, Wheeling, W. Va.

Ox-tail soup.—1 Ox-tail, 2 lbs. "sticking piece" of beef, 4 carrots, 3 onions, thyme and parsley. Cut the ox-tail into several pieces and fry brown. Slice the onions and two carrots, and when you remove the ox-tail from the frying pan, put in these and brown also. When done throw them into the soup-pot with a bunch of thyme. Lay the pieces of ox-tail and the meat cut into small slices. Grate over them the two whole carrots, add four quarts of water, with pepper and salt. Simmer slowly for four hours. Strain fifteen minutes before using, and thicken with two table spoonfuls of browned flour. Boil ten minutes longer.

If your lungs are almost wasted by consumption Dr. Pierce's "Golden Discovery" will not cure you, yet as a remedy for severe coughs, and all curable bronchial, throat, and lung affections, it is unsurpassed. Send two stamps for Dr. Pierce's large pamphlet treatise on Consumption and Kindred Affections. Address "World's Dispensary Medical Association, Buffalo, N. Y.

Delicious Fruit Candy.—Delicious candy is made from this recipe: get one cocoanut; one and one-half pounds of granulated sugar; wet the sugar with the milk of the cocoanut; put it in a saucepan, let it heat slowly; then boil rapidly for five minutes; add the cocoanut grated very fine, boil for ten minutes, stiring constantly. Try it on a cool plate; if it forms a firm paste when cold, take it from the fire. Pour part of it out on a large tin, lined with buttered paper. To the remaining cream add one quarter of a pound of raisins, stoned and chopped; half a pound of blanched almonds; one pint of pecans; half a cup of chopped walnuts. Beat all well together; then pour it over the other in the tin, and when cold cut it in bars or squares.

Woman and Her Diseases.

is the title of a large illustrated treatise, by Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y., sent to any address for three stamps. It teaches successful self-treatment.

Watermelon cake—a fancy.—For the white part, two cups of white sugar, one of butter, one of sweet milk, three and a half of flour, the whites of eight eggs, two teaspoonfuls of cream tartar, one of soda dissolved in a little water. Red part, one cup of red sugar, half cup butter, one third of a cup of sweet milk, two cups of flour, whites of four eggs, teaspoonful of cream tartar, half a teaspoonful of soda, one teacup of raisins; be careful to keep the red part around the edge. It requires two persons to fill the pan. This is a very attractive and ornamental cake. It must be baked in a "Turk's head."

For dyspepsia, indigestion, depression of spirits and general debility, in their various forms; also as a preventive against fever and ague and other intermittent fevers, the "Ferro-Phosphorated Elixir of Calisaya," made by Caswell, Hazard & Co, New York, sold by all Druggists, is the best tonic; and for patients recovering from fever or other sickness, it has no equal.

Frogs a la creme.—Put a dozen legs into a saucepan with a pint of boiling milk and water, pepper and salt, a little grated rind of lemon, two or three bay leaves; simmer half an hour. Stir together quite smoothly one tablespoonful of butter, one teaspoon of flour, one egg; add half a teacup of the liquor from the saucepan to this, stir well together, pour on the legs and simmer fifteen minutes. A glass of wine added makes a very rich dish.

Hayesville, Ohio, Feb. 11, 1880.
I am very glad to say I have tried Hop Bitters, and never took anything that did me as much good. I only took two bottles and I would not take $100 for the good they did me. I recommend them to my patients, and get the best results from their use.
C. B. Mercer, M.D.

Boned Chicken: Boil a chicken in as little water as possible until the meat will fall from the bones; remove all of the skin, chop together the light and dark parts; season with pepper and salt. Boil down the liquid in which the chicken was boiled, then pour it on the meat; place in a tin, wrap tightly in a cloth, press with a heavy weight for several hours. When served cut in thin slices. This is delicious for sandwiches at a picnic.

Imagine for a moment the thousands upon thousands of bottles of Carboline, the deodorized petroleum hair renewer, annually sold, and the fact that not a single complaint has been received from all these thousands, and you may have some idea of its good qualities.

Prune Pies: Soak a pound of prunes over night so that the stones will slip out easily; stew in some water with as many raisins as you wish, and sweeten; use less water than for sauce; when both are soft grate in the rind of two lemons, and fill the pie, allowing two crusts.

Thousands of ladies cherish grateful remembrances of the help derived from the use of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

Sweet Pickeled Beets: Boil them in a porcelain kettle till they can be pierced with a silver fork; when cool, cut lengthwise to size of a medium cucumber; boil equal parts of vinegar and sugar with half a tablespoon of ground cloves tied in a cloth to each gallon; pour boiling-hot over the beets.

A NOTED BUT UNTITLED WOMAN.

[From the Boston *Globe.*]

Messrs. Editors:—
The above is a good likeness of Mrs. Lydia E. Pinkham, of Lynn, Mass., who above all other human beings may be truthfully called the "Dear Friend of Woman," as some of her correspondents love to call her. She is zealously devoted to her work, which is the outcome of a life-study, and is obliged to keep six lady assistants, to help her answer the large correspondence which daily pours in upon her, each bearing its special burden of suffering, or joy at release from it. Her Vegetable Compound is a medicine for good and not evil purposes. I have personally investigated it and am satisfied of the truth of this.
On account of its proven merits, it is recommended and prescribed by the best physicians in the country. One says: "It works like a charm and saves much pain. It will cure entirely the worst form of falling of the uterus, Leucorrhœa, irregular and painful Menstruation, all Ovarian Troubles, Inflammation and Ulceration, Floodings, all Displacements and the consequent spinal weakness, and is especially adapted to the Change of Life."
It permeates every portion of the system, and gives new life and vigor. It removes faintness, flatulency, destroys all craving for stimulants, and relieves weakness of the stomach. It cures Bloating, Headaches, Nervous Prostration, General Debility, Sleeplessness, Depression and Indigestion. That feeling of bearing down, causing pain, weight and backache, is always permanently cured by its use. It will at all times, and under all circumstances, act in harmony with the law that governs the female system.
It costs only $1. per bottle or six for $5., and is sold by druggists. Any advice required as to special cases, and the names of many who have been restored to perfect health by the use of the Vegetable Compound, can be obtained by addressing Mrs. P., with stamp for reply, at her home in Lynn, Mass.
For Kidney Complaint of *either* sex this compound is unsurpassed as abundant testimonials show.
"Mrs. Pinkham's Liver Pills," says one writer, "are *the best in the world* for the cure of Constipation, Biliousness and Torpidity of the liver. Her Blood Purifier works wonders in its special line and bids fair to equal the Compound in its popularity.
All must respect her as an Angel of Mercy whose sole ambition is to do good to others.
Philadelphia, Pa. (2) Mrs. A. M. D.

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No other disease is so prevalent in this country as Constipation, and no remedy has ever equalled the celebrated Kidney-Wort as a cure. Whatever the cause, however obstinate the case, this remedy will overcome it.
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If you have either of these troubles
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For sale by all Druggists and Dealers generally.

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Dr. J. H. Schenck, of Philadelphia, has just published a book on "DISEASES of the LUNGS and HOW THEY CAN BE CURED," which he offers to send free, postpaid, to all applicants. It contains valuable information for all who suppose themselves afflicted with, or liable to, any disease of the throat or lungs. Address
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A. S. Bradford, Arlington, Mass.

"I feel like thanking Mr. Knight for his excellent *Asthma Cure.* It has done much to relieve me of a case of Asthma, and, from my present improvement, expect to be under still greater obligations."
Pres't R. Heber Holbrook, of the Normal University, Lebanon, O.

"I was severely afflicted with Asthma from 1855 to 1882; tried many remedies (so called), and spent much money in vain, seeking relief. In February, 1882, I received the first bottle of *Knight's Asthma Cure.* I commenced to improve at once, have had very few Asthma symptoms since, and am now as free from it as a person who never had it. I can say with certainty that *Knight's Asthma Cure* is the best yet discovered."
E. C. Weaver, Lawyer, 930 F St., Washington, D. C.

"I have traveled north, east, and west, spent four years south in order to recover myself of this terrible disease, Asthma, until I received *Knight's Asthma Cure*, found no permanent relief. After taking this medicine but a fortnight I obtained the greatest relief, and can say I am now cured entirely, and that my cure is considered almost a miracle by my friends. You can refer to me at all times."
Prof. G. W. Hawxhurst, 12 Willow, Paterson, N. J.

"My wife has found *Knight's Asthma Cure* a perfect success where all others have proved a failure. Having been a great sufferer from Asthma, and having taken so much medicine for the disease without obtaining any permanent benefit, she hesitated to try any more. But she was induced to try a bottle of *Knight's Cure*, and from the day she commenced taking it regularly she has not had a single attack. This medicine is a great blessing to suffering Asthmatics."
D. G. Drake, Supt. Schools, Mt. Washington, O.

"I am over 60 years old, and have had Asthma over 35 years. Have tried many remedies, but obtained only temporary relief. *Knight's Asthma Cure* has helped me more than all others put together. Since I commenced taking it, I rest well at night, the neighbors all say I look better than for many years."
W. A. Chandler, Traverse City, Mich.

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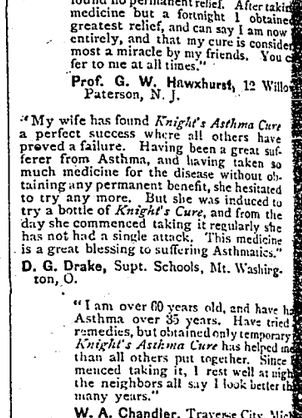

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JUST BEYOND THE BLUE.

Oh, fragrant day of flowery June,
Knee deep within thy grass I stand,
And feel the heavens so near I soon
Might touch their portal with my hand.

Oh, beauteous day of balmy June,
When have I seen thy skies so blue?
And can we, in life's afternoon,
Find fields still wet with morning dew!

Aye, where the lightning struck at noon
And cast the branches far and wide,
Can we stroll softly 'neath the moon,
Or gather flowers at eventide?

Oh, heart of mine, so crushed with pain
In summer days thro' far years fled,
And canst thou throb with hope again,
And rise, like nature, from the dead?

Nay, heart, beat on, I'll blame thee not
If happy once more thou canst be,
Nor ask if thou'st so soon forgot
What life that summer took from me.

Oh, peaceful day of peerless June,
Thy grasses grow on graves, 'tis true,
Yet is my heart with thine in tune,
And heaven is just beyond the blue.

HER INHERITANCE.

A blustering, uncomfortable day in early November, with a bleak promise of snow in the air, and a sky that was clouding over. The bare branches of the trees swayed and writhed savagely; occasional little showers of dry, dead leaves, that were not yet sodden and decayed, flurried up and down; and the roar of the fire in the chimney completed the outside picture of a dull autumn afternoon.

In Miss Miner's sitting-room however, everything was as cozy and delightful as could be desired, with the warm crimson lambrequins, with their heavy cords and tassels, and the carpet to match in tint, and the furniture of light gray damask, puffed with crimson, and the gray and gold wall paper, and the pretty knicknacks here and there that furnished the room in such admirable taste. And Miss Hetty Miner, sitting before the open grate-stove fire, her black silk skirt turned carefully back over her lap, and her substantially-made pebble-goat boots, resting comfortably on the fender.

An elderly woman—40 odd—with a sharp shrewd face and bright little eyes, and a resolute look around her mouth. A homely, outspoken woman, who was proud to say she never has been in love, who lived in luxury, although on a small scale, and who had $75,000 in Government bonds to leave her relations when she died; and in all the world she had but two relatives, Mrs. Carisford Carl, her married sister, and Mr. Parker Dolliogby, her half-brother, who, besides being inordinately jealous that old Simon Carmen had left Hetty her fortune, just because she had happened to befriend him in his poor, ante-mining days, were very much given to toadying her and writing affectionate letters to her, and loading her with presents, and forcing invitations on her; all of which Miss Miner accepted in a matter of fact way, and in return did exactly as she pleased.

This especial afternoon, as she sat meditatively before the fire, she suddenly broke the stillness, with an energy of speech that made the young girl reading in the bay-window, nearly concealed by the curtains, look startledly up from her book.

"Ellice, you're a fool!"

Evidently, Ellice Dunning had not lived five years as companion and personal attendant to Miss Miner in vain, for she manifested no surprise at the rough speech, beyond the brief little startled look in her soft winy-brown eyes.

She closed her book and came out into the room, a little flush on her face.

"Do you think so, Miss Miner?"

"Most certainly I think so, or I shouldn't have said so. You are a fool, Ellice Dunning, and I hate to see you throw yourself away so foolishly. Do show your common sense, if you've got any, and let that young jackanapes of a doctor go. You are better off without him. I'll give you a new sealskin sacque this winter if you'll give him up.

"I couldn't give him up, Miss Miner; I love hi too well."

Miss Miner looked sarcastically at Ellice's sweet, flushed face, and gave a sniff of contempt.

"What nonsense! You love him too well. Love indeed! It's all absurdity. I never was in love in all my life."

Ellice dropped her head in a pretty, little confused way.

"I—can't help that, Miss Miner. I love Frank, and he loves me. We'd be perfectly miserable if we were parted. Please don't tell me I must give him up! Indeed, it is impossible. We are engaged to be married just as soon as he comes back from his visit home."

Miss Miner dropped her feet from the polished silver bar to the tiled hearth with a resonant bang as she jumped up, indignantly.

'Engaged to be married to Dr. Olevin! Did I ever! Well, Ellice Dunning very well! You may pack my hand-valise at once. I am going to New York on a visit by the 6:10 train, and I'll be home on Thursday. When I come back, don't let me find you here, you ungrateful little wretch—you!"

Ellice's lips quivered, and her eyes filled with diamond-bright tears.

"Miss Miner! You don't mean—to—turn me away!"

"That is just what I mean! I have told you, time and again, I didn't approve of men-beaux and love-making, and I won't have it where I am! You can take your choice—me or Dr. Olevin. I'll give you just five minutes."

"I don't want five minutes for a choice, Miss Miner!" she said, proudly. "You have been very good to me, and I cannot forget your kindness; and I think I have done my duty to you. But nothing—no one—could come between me and Dr. Olevin."

"All right, then. Don't let me see you here when I come back—that's all!"

And then Ellice went up to Miss Miner's room and packed the red Russia satchel, dropping a few tears as she folded the garments Miss Miner would require.

"I'll go to Mrs. Carisford Carl," Miss Miner decided, as she sat in the city bound express, in the early dusk of the November evening. "Camelia thinks all the world of me. Her daughter would not act as that ungrateful young minx dared act. The idea!—the idea!—of preferring—actually preferring—a penniless young doctor, with a moustache—a nasty black moustache—to me! After all I've done for her, too!"

And then Miss Miner leaned back very contentedly in her seat, satisfied that she had done her whole duty by herself, and Ellice Dunning, too.

It was just 8.30 o'clock when the hired hack deposited her at the door of Mrs. Carisford Carl's red-brick house—a comfortable, cozy place, with the name on the door in full.

A servant showed her in, and asked her name; but Miss Miner wanted to suprise her sister, and sent word that a friend wished to see her, while she seated herself in the parlor, where a little girl sat curled up in a cushioned chair, reading.

"You want to see my mamma, I suppose!"

"Yes," said Miss Miner, with an affables mile. "You are Hetty, I suppose?"

The child gave a heavy sigh.

"Yes, I'm Hetty. Oh, don't I hate that name?"

"Why, I think it's a first rate name. You are a namesake of somebody, I guess?"

"Yes, I am. Old Hetty Miner, my aunt, who lives out in the country. I never have seen her, and I don't want to, either, 'cause mamma says she's the meanest old thing in all creation—a regular old Miss Nancy, papa says."

Miss Miner smiled—a little queerly.

"Oh! that's what they say, is it? Well, Hetty, I am your Aunt Miner."

The child opened her eyes wider.

"Are you? Then, won't mamma be mad! We expect company after awhile, and mamma won't want you at all. We'd be dreadfully ashamed of you before the Algerdons. You're going to leave us your money, ain't you? Papa and mamma said they were most tired of waiting—you had as many lives as a cat. We are going to Europe when you die!"

"Are you?" said Miss Miner, with an insane desire to shake the pert, self-possessed, venomous youngster. "Well, I wouldn't depend upon it if I were you?"

And before Mrs. Carl came down stairs, Miss Miner was out on the street on her way to her half brother's house.

"A pretty nest of vipers those Carl are. Thank heaven, I've found them out in time! Going to Europe on my money! Why, ungrateful as that spunky little Ellice is, she isn't half as treacherous as my own flesh and blood. Humph!"

And her complacency was not yet restored when she left the street-car on the nearest corner to Mr. Parker Dollingby's bachelor quarters, that were alight in a perfect blaze of bright cheer.

"It looks like a party," she thought.

But all the same she did not hesitate to go up the imposing stone steps and ring the bell, to which no response coming, she tried the door knob, and admitted herself into a large, brilliantly lighted hall, at the end of which was a room, from which came the sounds of revelry and jollification that had prevented her ring being heard.

Miss Miner went into the first door that stood ajar and through another partly-closed door she saw the gay bachelor party—some ten or fifteen—merry over their wine

"So that's the way Parker Dollingby does, is it?" she asked herself grimly, just as, the same instant, that gentleman rose high, and for a second silenced all others.

"Here's to the health of my most respected ancient mariner-ess—a veritable old maid, all forlorn, whose legacy is a long time coming, but sure to get her some time. A cool $50,000 or so, boys; and imagine the swell we'll cut when the venerable Mehitable kicks the bucket. Drink to her, fellows!"

Somehow Miss Miner took herself silently out of the place. She was silent all the way to the hotel; and then, once in the room, locked the door, and sat down and—actually cried, and then went to bed, wondering if it was ever granted to mortals to come nearer being made a fool of than she had been; and at two o'clock in the morning to awaken with a strange, sick feeling that was awful to endure in that big lonely hotel, where she didn't know a living soul.

But she rang for assistance, and the servant brought her a physician, who happened to be staying over night, and Miss Miner's life was saved from the terrible attack of gastralgia by Dr. Frank Olevin.

"I'll pay you when I get home," she said, tersely. "You can go with me, if you don't mind my green vail and bag."

And so after reaching home where Ellice Dunning in readiness to leave by a train an hour later, opened the door in answer to an imperious summons, Miss Miner stalked in followed by Dr. Olevin.

"You needn't be frightened, Ellice," she said, in a wonderfully soft tone of voice. "I've changed my mind. I'm the fool, not you. Here's your beau; you can have him in welcome. And when you're married, I'm going to settle my fortune on you and let you live here, if you'll give me a room somewhere. I've changed my mind, I tell you, Ellice Dunning. Take off your things and go get a cup of coffee for us."

And that was the way little brown-eyed Ellice came into her double inheritance of love and fortune.

A Bothersome Boa-Constrictor.

"Did you ever carry any really dangerous animals on your ship, Captain John?" said I.

"Well," once, when I was in Para, I bought a snake, a boa-constrictor, seventeen feet long. I got him of four Indians, who caught him some twenty-five or thirty miles up the river. They brought him into town in a strong covered crate, or basket, which they carried on two poles. When I bought him I had him carried into my old consignee's yard, and I got a stout packing box, and had it all double-nailed, and holes bored in the sides to give him air. Then the Indians put the snake in the box, and we nailed him up tight, leaving him in a snug corner for the night.

"The next morning, I went around early to the market to buy something for my snake to eat. I got a couple of little animals, something like our rabbits, and I carried them around to my consignee's house. I found the old gentleman hadn't turned out of his hammock yet; but he soon got up, and went with me into the yard. When we got there, we saw the packing-box all burst open, the boards lying around loose, and no snake to be seen. We looked about, but could see nothing of him. I was amazed enough, to be sure, and the old gentleman felt quite uneasy at the thought of such a creature wandering about his place.

"'We wont look for him,' he said. 'Those Indians are still in town, and we will send for them.'

"The Indians came, and they soon found him. You can't imagine where he had hidden himself. There was a pile of earthen drain-pipes in one corner of the yard, behind some bushes, and he had crawled into one of these short pipes, and then turned and crawled into the one next to it, and then into the next one, and so on, in and out, until he had put himself into five or six of the pipes. He had probably seen, through the holes in his box, some of my old consignee's chickens, and, being made perfectly ravenous by the sight, had broken out. Then, having made a meal of one or two of them, he crawled into the pipes.

"The Indians were not long in capturing him. Fortunately, his head stuck out of one of the pipes near the ground; and one of the Indians taking a long pole with a fork at the end climbed on a high fence near by, and soon pinned Mr. Snake's head to the ground, leaning on the pole with all his weight. Then the other Indians straightened out the drain-pipes in which he was, and began to draw them off him, pulling them down toward his tail, and first exposing the portion of his body nearest his head. Then they took a long, strong pole, and, with bands of the tough grass which grows in that country, tied his body to the pole close to his head. Then they bound him again, about eighteen inches farther down. Slowly drawing down the pipes, they tied him again to the pole, about eighteen inches below, and so on until his whole length was fastened firmly to the pole. Thus he was held secure until the box was nailed up again, and I had sent for a blacksmith to put iron bands around it, so that it should be strong enough to hold any snake. Then the creature's tail was loosened and put through a hole in the top of the box. Then another band was cut, and the snake pushed still farther in. Then, one after another, every fastening was cut and the snake pushed gradually into the box until, his head being loosened and clapped in a board was fastened over the hole, and he was snug and tight and ready for his voyage."

"Did you have any trouble with him when you were taking him to the North?" I asked.

But just then the supper-bell rang, and the Captain arose to his feet. It was of no use to expect Captain John to go on with a story when supper was ready.

SHE decorated her room with bric-a-brac and pictures, and perched her husband's photo on the topmost nail. Then she sat down to admire her work, and blissfully remarked: "Now, everything is lovely, and the goose hangs high."

How To Choose a Stateroom.

"Have you selected your stateroom?" said a red-faced old gentleman whom I met as I came out of the steamer office.

"Oh, yes. I have a fine one—number 268—right in the best part of the ship."

"How do you know it is?"

"Oh, I can see by the plan they showed me in the office."

"Plan be blowed! Why, you don't pick your stateroom out by that thing, do you? You might as well select a room through a clairvoyant as by one of those infernal charts. Don't you know that there are never more than half a dozen rooms on a ship fit to live in? and if you expect to get one of these you must look alive, young fellow, take my word for it."

"What do you mean, sir?"

"Why, you must go to the dock and look at the ship for yourself, and pay as little attention to what those chaps tell you at the office as you would to the gabble of a horse jockey trying to sell you a horse. It's perfectly astonishing how nearly every stateroom has some infernal nuisance about it which does not appear on any printed plan. If you are near the machinery you have an intolerable noise and heat, and a nauseating smell of hot, churned oil. If you are near the pantry or the saloon you have an indescribable bad odor from this source, mingled with the constant rattling of dishes and the clatter of the stewards. If you are near the drying room you are surrounded by an atmosphere of musty linen. If you are too far astern every revolution of the screw will be like an auger boring through your vitals, and here, as well as too far forward, you will find the pitchings of the vessel unendurable. You may escape all these objections, and then find what you took for an iron post in your cabin is a diabolical ash shute, through which tons of ashes will be discharged through the voyage. At midnight, at four in the the morning, and at the hour for your afternoon nap, there will be a tremendous rattling of the hoisting machine, the dumping of the ashes into the shute, and the sliding through it with a noise as if the tube passed right through the middle of your poor old skull. These are only a few of the little pitfalls which I could point out to you, but I can't stand here talking to you all day, you know. Perhaps it isn't worth while anyhow, for when you have taken the necessary trouble to get yourself a good room you generally find that the other berth is occupied by a dirty chap who will be sick as a dog all the time and will never turn out long enough to let the steward make his bed. Or if you don't have this you will have a couple of squalling babies opposite you."

"But there is such a lot of fresh air out on the open ocean that it must more than make up for most of these little objections that you have been speaking of."

"Greatest humbug in the world my fine young gentleman! All this talk about fresh air at sea is the greatest gammon you ever heard of! Why, one of the large ocean steamers defies the air for miles about her wherever she goes. It's worse than living near a second-class livery stable. There is never more than a very small space on deck where you feel that you can draw a long breath, and you can't even occupy this if the ship is crowded, or the sea is rough, or the wind blows hard, or it rains. In one place you smell the machinery, in another you smell the cooking, in another the steam drips on you, in another you are enveloped in smoke and cinders. Down below everything is a hundred times worse. You naturally think your port-hole will be open at night in fine weather, but even if the sea is as still as a mill pond, the steward will screw up the port with a wrench, and there you are—sweating and stewing and gasping for fresh air more than you would on the top floor of a third-rate lodging house. You ask him to open it for you early in the morning, but he tells you he can't do it because the sailors are going to wash the decks, and the dirty water will splash into the port hole and ruin the velvet of the greasy old sofa, and by the time there is any show for a little ventilation you are up and dressed and don't much care. Of course in stormy weather you stand no chance at all. Ha! ha! it really makes me laugh sometimes to find myself at sea and searching about for a breath of fresh air as diligently as if I were stewing in the lowest slums of New York. It's so ridiculous, you know. Good day, young man. *Bon voyage!*"

The red-faced old gentleman was quite correct.

American Fisheries.

The census statistics relating to American fisheries are interesting reading. These figures show the fisheries to have been worth in the value of products the very handsome sum of $45,000,000 in the year 1880. This was the price, moreover, that was paid to the producers simply. At wholesale prices the pecuniary return for the same products reached the neat little fortune of $90,000,000. The products included dried cod and pollock, smoked herring, halibut and mullet, pickled and spiced fish, salt mackerel, canned salmon, lobsters, clams, oysters, crabs, shrimps, cod and sardines. The consumption of these is constantly increasing abroad, and a very profitable sale for them has been built up in England, France and Germany. As yet it appears, however, the pickled fish of American waters are but seldom sent abroad, although great quantities of pickled fish are consumed in Europe. It is recorded that since the Berlin exhibition of 1880 American fish have become popular on the Continent, agencies for their sale have been established in very many of the leading cities of Europe. Another fact of interest is that the boneless American cod-fish has been adopted as a standard article of food by many regiments of the German army. Proof of this growing popularity of our fish is afforded in the statistics of exports to Europe. In 1869 the exports of fish reached only $134,783, according to a local commercial journal. Last year there was shipped abroad $1,902,100 worth of fishery goods. Of this amount $403,029 was received from the exports of oysters to England alone.

ROBINSON went up to his room the other afternoon, and noticed that there was only one match remaining in the box. "Now, if that shouldn't burn to-night when I come in," soliloquised he, "what a fix I should be in." So he tried, to see if it was a good one. It was.

Japan.

A writer from Japan says: I arrived in Kioto on a fine evening in April, and, after dinner, a masturi or religious feast being in progress, went to see a dance which was then being performed before large audiences, 32 geishas or dancing girls (most of them between the ages of 10 and 14) and 20 musicians, also girls (10 of whom played upon the semisen and ten upon a sort of drum) comprised the entire company on the stage. The faces and throats of the geishas were whitened with rice powder, and their hair was dressed in the most approved style of old Japan. Each costume consisted of a brocade kimono, or long Nihonese gown; an obi, or broad girdle wound two or three times around the waist, and tied behind, as fashion demands, in a huge bow; an under vest of red crape, showing at the throat; and the inevitable white cloth socks. Each geisha carried in her hand a fan, of which much use was made in the course of the dance. During the entertainment the back ground of movable scenes was three times changed, as in a theatre at home. It is difficult to convey to any one who has never seen anything of the sort a good idea of the character of this performance. Dancing, in our sense of the word, it certainly was not, but rather attudinizing. The gymnastics of the ballet girl, pleasing though they often are to us, would not be tolerated upon a Nihonese stage, but, instead, a series of posturings—slowly, gracefully and dramatically executed, and representing generally some phenomena of nature, like the four seasons, or some legendary or historical action—is held to constitute true Terpsichorean art. The instrument commonly used to accompany dancing are the samisen or guitar; the koto, or harp; the fuye, or flute, and a sort of small drum. Oriental dancing, to most Europeans, is a mystery; Oriental music a discord; but, different though they are from our own, who can say which is the higher art? In the matter of dancing, indeed, I am not certain but what the Eastern method is more to be admired. Certainly I cannot join in the wholesale detraction indulged in by some travelers, but—though the taste is semi-Oriental—take right kindly to the plaintive tinkling of the samisen and the statuesque pose of the geisha.

The Social Organization of Ants.

Let us suppose that, having no previous acquaintance with the subject, we were suddenly informed, on good authority, that there existed in some part of the globe a race of beings who lived in domed habitations, aggregated together so as to form vast and populous cities; that they exercised jurisdiction over the adjoining territory, laid out regular roads, executed tunnels underneath the beds of rivers, stationed guards at the entrance of their towns, carefully removed any offensive matter, maintained a rural police, organized extensive hunting-expeditions; at times even waged war upon the neighboring communities, took prisoners and reduced them to a state of slavery; that they not merely stored up provisions with due care, to avoid their decomposition by damp and fermentation, but that they kept cattle, and in some cases even cultivated the soil and gathered in the harvest. We should unquestionably regard these creatures as human beings who had made no small progress in civilization, and should ascribe their actions to reason. If we were then told that they were not men, and they were in some places formidable enemies to man, and had even by their continued molestations caused certain villages to be forsaken by all human occupants, our interest would perhaps be mixed with some little shade of anxiety lest we were here confronted by a race who, under certain eventualities, might contest our claim to the sovereignty of the globe. But when we learn that these wonderful creatures are insects some few lines in length, our curiosity is cooled; we are apt, if duly guided by dominant pre-possessions, to declare that the social organization of these beings is not civilization, but at most *quasi*-civilization; that their guiding principle is not reason, but "instinct," or *quasi*-intelligence, or some other of those unmeaning words which are so useful when we wish to shut our eyes to the truth. Yet that ants are really, for good or evil, a power in the earth, and that they seriously interfere with the cultivation and development of some of the most productive regions known, is an established fact.

Amazing Fluency.

M. B. Curtis, of Denver, has a pet parrot, which speaks English with amazing fluency. This bird caused quite a flutter at one of the leading hotels in that city some time ago. It seems that the Curtis family occupy rooms directly adjoining Governor Tabor's apartments at the hotel, and on that evening, as the Governor was entering his apartments, he heard what he thought was a feminine voice saying: "Hello, baby." The Governor was a trifle startled. He is a very gallant man, but he could not for the life of him fancy what he had ever done to warrant any person in addressing him so familiarly. The salutation appeared to be intended for him, and it came from the transom over the door of the room directly across the hall. The Governor was nonplussed. "Hello, baby—pretty baby,' said the voice again, and the Governor blushed as he stroked his fierce moustache and tried to look dignified. "Won't you come and kiss your baby?" called the voice again, in a deliciously seductive sort of way. He crept over to the door and asked; "Are you talking to me?' "Nice baby," said the voice, but no sooner had the voice spoken than another voice from inside the room—a big, burly man's voice—called out: "Go away from that door and let the parrot go to sleep!" It was Mr. Curtis who spoke, but he had no idea it was Governor Tabor outside. The latter related the adventure and before the end of the week every one in Denver was laughing over it.

Privates of the St. Lawrence.

The thousand islands of the St. Lawrence have been in days gone by the scene of exciting romance. During the last Canadian insurrection they afforded an admirable retreat for the insurgents. Among them was "Bill Johnston, the Pirate," who, from his daring and offenses, was for years outlawed by both the Canadian and American governments. In the watery intricacies of the islands he found a safe asylum through the courage and devotedness of his daughter Kate. This brave woman, by the inimitable management of her canoe, baffled the efforts of his pursuers and supplied him from time to time with provisions under shadow of night. The history of this man, if it could be written, would throw the wildest dime novel into the shade. But as his immediate descendants and those of his followers are now numbered among Clayton's most respectable citizens there is a difficulty in getting at the more interesting facts of his life. This celebrated character was born in Canada in 1789. Up to the time of the war of 1812 he was a good citizen, and was engaged in carrying on a little grocery at a small village near Bath. When the war broke out his stock of goods was seized as smuggled property and he was himself driven across the border. This aroused a spirit of vengeance in the man which the bloody record of after years failed to satisfy. He joined the American forces at Sackett's Harbor as a spy, and did good work for the government by his bravery and daring in robbing the Canadian mails. When the war ended he removed to Clayton, where, even in time of peace, he continued to harass his neighbors across the river. One day, while the British steamer Great Britain was taking on wood at the Clayton dock he rushed on board unattended and, grasping the commanding officer by the throat took away his sword and demanded the release of an American citizen who was confined on board as a deserter. He succeeded in rescuing the prisoner, but from that time was a marked man by the Canadian government. The most celebrated act of his life was the burning of the Sir Robert Peel, a large British transport, in 1838. At about midnight on the 19th of May of that year as the Peel was wooding at a dock on Wells Island, just below the present camp meeting ground, Johnston, with thirteen men painted like Indians and armed with muskets, rushed on board. They seized the mail and, driving all ashore, set fire to the vessel and sunk her. For this act he was outlawed by both governments and a reward of $5,000 was put on his head. He retired with his men to the islands and for years lived the exciting life of a king of the pirates. There were three crews of these rovers, each of which was composed of twelve men, and all being strong and desperate they were accustomed to appear openly at times, attacking every boat flying the English flag they chanced to meet. They laid the country under tribute, usually paying for American provisions with stolen Canadian gold. When pursued by sloops of war they would lead the chase for miles, being able to escape by superior oarsmanship. Once near the shore the men of war were forced to stop and before their cutters could be manned to continue the pursuit the pirates would jump on the shore and swinging their boats on their backs would disappear in the woods, shaking the colors of the Peel in the faces of the baffled foe. One by one Johnston's followers were taken from him and he was soon unattended, save by his heroic daughter. The history of this heroine, who was called "Queen of the Islands," abounds in romance, which, up to the time of her death, three years ago, she was very fond of relating. Johnston afterward surrendered himself to one of his sons, who still lives in Clayton, and was taken to Albany for trial. He was convicted, but on account of former services to the government was pardoned and appointed lighthouse keeper near the village. It is now known as Johnston's light. Songs are yet sung on the river about the burning of the Peel, and every boatman who cares a fig for his reputation has plenty of articles made of wood from the burned steamer.

Bird Teaching.

A wren built her nest in a box on a New Jersey farm. The occupants of the farm house saw the mother teach her young to sing. She sat in front of them and sang her whole song very distinctly. One of the young attempted to imitate her. After proceeding through a few notes its voice broke and it lost the tune. The mother immediately recommenced where the young had failed, and went very distinctly through with the remainder. The young bird made a second attempt, commencing where it had ceased before and continuing the song as it was able, and when the note was again lost the mother began anew where it stopped and completed it. Then the young one resumed the tune and finished it. This done, the mother sang over the whole series of notes, a second one of the of the young attempted to follow her. The wren pursued the same course with this one as with the first, and so with the third and fourth. This was repeated day after day and several times a day, until each of the birds become a perfect songster.

Webster and Hayne.

When Daniel Webster finished his great speech in favor of the Union a Southern member approached him cordially, and said: "Mr. Webster, I think you had better die now, and rest your fame on that speech." Mr. Hayne was standing near and heard the remark, and said: 'You ought not to die. A man who can make such a speech ought never to die." Webster and Hayne met at the President's reception that same evening, and as they shook hands Mr. Webster asked pleasantly: "How are you to-night?" "None the better for you, sir," was the General's humorous reply.

The Republican.

SATURDAY, Sept. 9, 1882

For Congress---7th District,

GEN. WM. H. FORNEY.

OF CALHOUN.

In Alabama the Senate will stand thirty-one democrats, and two opposition; the House seventy-nine democrats and twenty-one opposition. The latter consists of eight republicans, four greenbackers, and nine independent-democrats.

The last Census puts the population of Calhoun at 19,591. Of these 14,134 are white and 5,437 colored. We have 3,005 native voters; 67 foreign voters and 1,128 colored voters. In all we have 4,190 voters.

We learn that Horace R. Hood, of Monroe county, is a candidate for the position of Asst Clerk of the House of Representatives. He came within three votes of getting the position last session He has done the Democratic party signal service, and, we would rather see him get the place than any other man in Alabama who will aspire to it.

Selma Times: A young man had a pet alligator. The alligator clamped down on the young man's finger and nearly bit it off. The finger swelled fearfully and pained so that the doctor thought that amputation would be necessary. The young man walked his room in intense agony for two whole nights. A hole drilled through his finger nail to the bone eased him somewhat, and he is better now. The alligator has been banished.

No Use for Eyes.

A gentloman who lately visited Morgan county, Ga. called to see Mr. Wright, the blind wheelright, whom he found engaged in weatherboarding the gable end of a house near Athens. When through the job Mr. Wright walked deliberately around the building on the joists until he came to where his ladder stood, on which he descended as fearlessly as if blessed with sight. He says he has no use for eyes.—Exchange.

A few weeks since an old negro woman Amelia DeCatur, near Florence, got $2,200 bounty money from the Government. Some of her friends endeavored to pursuade her that the money would be very unsafe in the bank, and that she ought to take it home with her and keep it there. On last Thursday night several masked men went to her house for the purpose of robbing her, but the money could not be found. The old woman was not so easily duped as some of her pretended friends imagined.

Selma Times: From a reliable source we learn that sometime soon the Anniston Manufacturing Company will ship five car loads of cotton goods to some point in the interior of China. The order for the stuff was received a short time ago, and the mill has been somewhat rushed to fi'l it and other orders already on hand. The goods will have to be in New York by the 10th, and the railroad people have promised to put them here on time, even though the five cars have to be attached to passenger trains, in order that the promise may be kept.

Too much publicity cannot be given to the recent decision by Judge Lowell, of the United States Circuit Court in Massachusetts, concerning the filling of holes in punched silver coins with base metal, and attempting to pass punched coins with the holes thus filled. The former practice is held by the court to be an act of counterfeiting and the latter is made subject to the penalty provided for the crime of passing or attempting to pass, counterfeit money. These practices hitherto have been by many persons regarded as trivial offenses. To all such Judge Lowels's decision, through wide publication, may be a timely warning

Rents and Wages Over the World

An Irish farming gazette recently gave some comparative figures on rents, leases, wages, etc, in the different modern countries as follows: Rents per acre in Ireland $3.50 to $5; in Great Britain $9; in England 11.50, in Belgium, $8; in France $7; Prussia, $6 to$8; Austria, $5; to $6; Italy, Spain, and Portugal, $5 to $6.

The wages of farm labor was in Ireland from 20 to 26 cents a day; in Scotland, 60 to 72; Belgium, 17 to 40; France, 28 to 40; Prussia, 27; Silesia, 12 to 20; Austria about 20; Italy, Spain and Portugal about 20.

The value of land per acre in Ireland was $150, to $225; Great Britain, $250, to $500; Belgium, $250 to $425, France, $200 to 300; Prussia, 200 to 300.

The fair production of wheat per acre was 26 bushels in Ireland 28 in Great Britain, 21 in Belgium, 14 in France, 17 in Prussia, 10 in Siberia, 16 in Austria, 13 in Italy, Spain and Portugal.

The interest on farm mortgages was 4 to 5 per cent. in Ireland the same in Great Britain, 10 per cent. in Belgium, France, Prussia, and Austria, and 10 to 14 per cent. in Italy, Spain and Portugal.

The Legislature.

The following is a list of Senators and Representatives, as far as ascertained. elected to the next session of the General Assembly.

SENATE,

1 District, Lauderdale and Limestone. —T. N. McClellan.*
2. District, Colbert and Lawrence—JAMES JACKSON.
3. District, Blount, Morgan Cullman, and Winston—J. C. Orr.*
4 District, Madison—D. D. SHELBY.
5. District, DeKalb, Marshall and Jackson—Preston Brown.*
6. District, Cherokee, Etowah, and St. Clair—S. K. McSpadden.
7. Calhoun, and Cleburne L. W. Grant.*
8. District, Talladega and Clay—Merritt Street.*
9. District, Randolph, and Chambers —R S. Pate.
10. District, Macon, and Tallapoosa — A. L. Brooks.
11. District, Tuscaloosa, and Bibb— A. C. Hargrove.
12. District, Franklin, Marion, Fayett and Lamar—A. L. Moorman.
13. District Shelby, Jefferson, & Walker— J. B. Luckie.*
14. District, Greene and Pickens— J. A. Billups.
15 District, Coosa, Chilton and Elmore —O. P. Oden *
16 District Lowndes and Autauga— W. Brewer,.
17. District, Butler, and Conecuh— G. R. Farnham.*
18. District, Perry,--A. C. Davidson.
19. District, Clarke, Choctaw and Washington—Henry Ware.*.
20 District, Marengo—J Griffin.
21 District, Monroe, Escambia and Baldwin—W Y. Titcomb.*
22 District. Wilcox,—R. C. Jones.
23 District Henry Coffee, Dale and Geneva—F. M. Cushing.*
24 District, Barbour—A. H Thomas.
25 District, Crenshaw Pike and Covington—L. H Bowles.*
26 District Bullock,—J.T. Norman.
27 District, Lee—G. P. Harrison.*
28 District, Montgomery D S. Troy.
29 District, Russell,—J. B Mitchel.*
30 District, Dallas—A. V. Gardner.
31 District, Sumpter—A. G. Smith.*
32 District Hale--Thomas Seay.
33 District Mobile—Leslie Brooks.*
Those marked with a * hold over from last year. Democrats in Roman; others in SMALL CAPS.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

Autauga—Mac. A Smith.
Baldwin—J. H. TATUM.
Barbour—C. C. Shorter, H. Hawkins, James Lang.
Bibb—E. H. Moren.
Blount—J. S. C. Wharton.
Bullock—R. H. Powell J. E. Armstrong.
Butler—D. G. Dunklin.
Calhoun—J. D. Hammond.
Chambers—J. J. Robinson, G. W. Shealy.
Cherokee—Jos. N. Swan.
Chilton—J. S. Edwards.
Choctaw—E. McCall.
Clarke—Isaac Grant.
Clay—J D Carmichael.
Cleburne—W J Alexander.
Coffee—J W Garrett.
Colbert—N T UNDERWOOD.
Conecuh—J D Burnett.
Coosa—I H PORTER.
Covington—G W Beck.
Crenshaw—G W THAGARD.
Cullman—H L WALLINGTON.
Dale—J W Dowling.
Dallas—S W John, F H Smith, C. P. Whitt. R D Berry
DeKalb—Clayton.
Elmore—GOREE.
Escambia—J C Avant.
Etowah—ISAAH MORAGNE.
Fayette—J B Sanford.
Franklin—A J Underwood.
Greene—W J CRAWFORD, A W S Anderson.
Geneva—
Hale—A M Avery, George N Harris. Henry—R J Reynolds.
Jackson—S H GLOVER, C W HUNT.
Jefferson—J E Hawkins. C McAdory.
Lamar—Thomas B NeSmith.
Lauderdale—R T Simpson, J C Kendrick.
Lawrence—James H Branch, J M CLARK.
Limestone—C W RAISLER, PORTER BIBB.
Lee—W J Samford, E H Baker.
Lowndes—R W Russell, J Scarbrough
Macon—W Foster.
Madison—J W COCHRAN, W W HADEN W P WILLIAMS [col.]
Marengo—Mims Walker, F H Kimbrough
Marion—Thomas Young.
Marshall—G May.
Mobile—Peter Hamilton, C C Langdon, Leroy Brewer, S C Muldon.
Monroe W W McMillan.
Morgan—J Shackleford.
Montgomery—E A Graham, J W Orme, H McIntyre, F Hall.
Perry—C D Hogue, J A Fuller.
Pickens—D C Hollo, E D Willett, Jr
Pike—F J Cowart, N W Griffin.
Randolph—F P Randle.
Russell—A C Ferrell, W H Boyles.
Shelby—R N Hawkins.
St. Clair—- - - - Aderholt.
Sumter—W B Gere, W C Holt.
Talladega. Cecil Browne, O M Reynolds
Tallaposa. G W Vines, J T Jones.
Tuscaloosa, H H Brown, S A M Wood.
Walker. B F TINGLE.
Washington. Joseph Grisham.
Wilcox. J T Beck, J W Purifoy.
Winston. A J Ingle.
Democrats in Roman; others in SMALL CAPS.

The Horrible Death of Hon. George A. Reeves, of Texas.

NEW YORK. September 6. Referring to the death yesterday of Hon. George A. Reeves, Speaker of the Texas House of Representatives, a Dallas, special to the Sun says: He was bitten by a mad dog several weeks ago. At the time he tried to apply a plaster to the wound, but it could not be made to adheer. He did not suffer an actual attack of hydrophobia until a few days ago. When finding that he was going mad he instructed his friends to lash him to his bed to prevent his harming any of them. His agony, his ravings and his frothing became horrible, and all day yesterday and last night and up to the time of his death to day his suffering and frenzy were indescribable. He expired at 1 o'clock this afternoon. He has been for years one of the most prominent men in Texas, and was a candidate for re-election to the Legislature to represent Cook and Grayson counties as floater.

We caught, cured and consumed $90,000,000 worth of fish in 1881.

Affecting Scene in a Saloon.

One afternoon in the month of June, 1870, a lady in deep mourning, followed by a little child, entered one of the fashionable saloons in the city of N—. The writer happened to be passing at the time, and prompted by curiosity, followed in to see the issue. Stepping up to the bar and addressing the proprietor, she said, "Sir, can you assist me? I have no home, no friends, and am not able to work."

He glanced at her and then at the child, with a mingled look of curiosity any pity. Evidently he was much surprised to see a woman in such a place begging, but without asking any questions he gave her some change, and turning to those present, said, "Gentlemen, here is a lady in distress. Can't some of you help her a little?"

They cheerfully acceeded to the request and soon a purse of two dollars was made up and put in her hands. "Madam," said the gentleman who gave her the money, "Why do you come to a saloon? It is not a proper place for a lady; and why are you driven to such a step?"

"Sir," said the lady. "I know it isn't a proper place for a lady to be in; and you ask me why I am driven to such a step. I will tell you in one short word." Pointing to a bottle behind the counter label ed 'whiskey,' she continued, "That is what brought me here—whisky. I was once happy and surrounded with all the luxuries that wealth could produce, with a fond, indulgent husband. But in an evil hour he was tempted, and, not possessing the will to resist the temptation, fell; and in one short day my dream of happiness was over. My home was forever desolate, and the kind husband and the wealth that some called mine were lost—never more to return—all by the accursed wine-cup. You see before you only the wreck of my former self, homeless and friendless, with nothing left me but this child." And weeping bitterly she affectionately caressed the golden curls that shadowed a face of exquisite loveliness. Regaining her composure and turning to the proprietor of the saloon, she continued: "Sir, the reason why I occasionally enter a place like this is to implore those who deal in this deadly poison to desist, to stop a business that spreads desolation, ruin, poverty and starvation. Think one moment of your loved ones, and then imagine them in the situation that I am in. I appeal to your better heart—for I know you possess a kind one—to retire from a business so ruinous to your patrons. Do you know the money you take across the bar is the same as taking the bread out of the mouths of the famishing?—that it strips the clothing from their backs, deprives them of all the comforts of this life, and throws unhappiness, misery, crime, and desolation in their once happy homes? Oh, sir, I implore, beseech, and pray you to retire from a business you blush to own you are engaged in before your fellow men, and enter one that will not only be profitable to yourself, but to your fellow creatures also. You will excuse me if I have spoken too plainly; but I could not help it when I thought of the misery and unhappiness and suffering it has caused me.

'Madam, I am not offended,' he answered in a voice husky with emotion. 'but I thank you from the bottom of my heart for what you have said.' 'Mamma,' said the little girl—who in the meantime had been spoken to by some of the gentlemen present, and taking hold of her mother's hand—'these gentlemen want me to sing 'Little Bessie for them shall I do so?' They all joined in the request; and, being placed in a chair. sang in a sweet, childish voice the following beautiful song:

Out in the gloomy night, sadly I roam;
I have no mother dear, no pleasant home,
No one cares for me—no one would cry
Even if poor Bessie should die,
Weary and tired, I have been wandering all day;
On the damp ground I must now lay my head,
Father's a drunkard and mother is dead.

The game of billiards was left unfinished, the cards were thrown aside, and the uncupted glasses remained on the counter. All had pressed near, some with pity beaming eyes, entranced with the musical voice and beauty of the child, who seemed better fitted to be with the angels above than in such a place. The scene I shall never forget to my dying day; and the sweet cadence of her musical voice still rings in my ears, and the words of her lips sunk deep into the hearts of those gathered around her.

With her golden hair falling carelessly around her shoulders, and looking so trustingly and confidently upon the gentlemen around her, the beautiful face illuminated with the light that seemed not of this earth, she formed a picture of purity and innocence worthy the genius of a poet or painter.

At the close of the song many were weeping. Men who had not shed a tear for years wept like children. One young man—who had resisted with scorn the pleadings of a mother and entreaties of friends to strive to lead a better life, and to desist from a course that was wasting his fortune and ruining his health—approached the child, and taking both her hands in his, while tears streamed down his cheeks, exclaimed in deep emotion, 'God bless you, my little angel. You have saved me from ruin and disgrace, from poverty and a drunkard's grave. If there are angels on earth you are one!' And putting a note into her mother's hand, he said, 'please accept this trifle as a token of my regard and esteem; for your little girl has done me a kindness that I can never repay. And remember, when you are in want you will find me a true friend'—at the same time giving his name and address.

Taking her child by the hand, she turned to go; but when passing out she said, 'God bless you, gentlemen. Accept the heartfelt thanks of a poor, friendless woman, for the kindness and the courtesy you have shown her.' Before any could make reply she was gone.

Gentlemen,' said the proprietor, that lady was right, and I have sold my last glass of whisky. If any of you want more you will have to go elsewhere.'

'And I have taken my last glass of whisky,' said a young man who had long been given up as sunk too low ever to reform, and as utterly beyond the reach of those who had a deep interest in his welfare.—[Household Journal.

A VARIED PERFORMANCE.—Many wonder how Parker's Ginger Tonic can perform such varied cures, thinking it essence of ginger, when in fact it is made from many valuable medicines which act beneficially on every diseased organ.

Tuscumbia Democrat: Mr. E. L. Bickley made 175 gallons of sorghum from an acre and a quarter of land.—Mr. Wm. Crenshaw, caught a turtle out of Bear creek that weighed 98 pounds.—Mr. Henderson sold a wagon load of new corn to Hugh Finley on Monday at 50 cts per bushel.

CORRESPOND WITH

COOPER McCLELEN & CO.,

Alexandria, Ala.,

GENERAL AGENTS AND DEALERS IN

Agricultural Implements

aug26-tf. AND MACHINERY.

COTTON SEED WANTED.

We will pay HIGHEST CASH PRICE at all times for seed, or will give in exchange for one Ton of seed, one half the weight of the seed in solid CONCNTRATED MEAL, made of the kernels alone, which is worth as much as $25 invested in any of the high priced fertilizers in the market. It will also be as valuable as 25 to 30 cents per bushel for your seed.

ROME OIL MILL&S FERTILIZER CO.,

Rome, Ga.

aug26—4m.

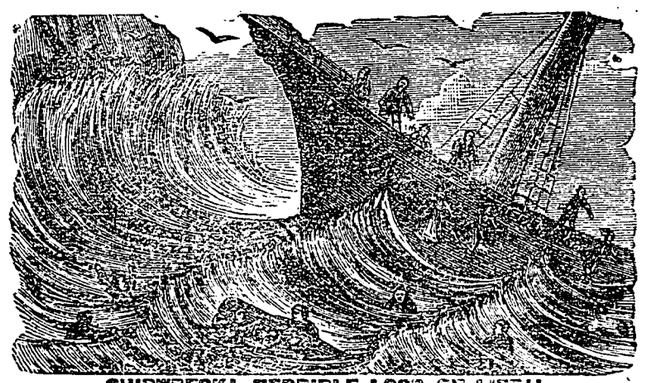
Purifies the BLOOD. EDWARD

The three gigantic evils of civilized man are Scrofula, Chronic Rheumatism, and Neuralgia. EDWARD WILDER'S SARSAPARILLA and POTASH completely cures and eradicates all these. The combination which by his process, is made between these two reliable medicines, is one rarely attained, but which brings out their most useful properties. They clean the entire glandular system, they purify the blood whose impurity is at the source of all these afflictions, they increase and render all the secretions healthy. Numberless testimonials pour upon him for their wonderfully restorative and strengthening effects from sufferers who have been benefited by this wonderful medicine. We need not say that in cases of MERCURIAL TAINT its effects are magical, for it removes all the bad blood, and re-invigorates the constitution by making it pure, and clean, and fresh. It is an unfailing and speedy cure for all Skin Diseases; it removes Tetter and Ringworm; prevents Falling of the Hair, and a sure relief for Swellings, old Sores, Syphilis and Venereal Diseases.

WILL Remove PIMPLES & SORES WILDER'S

SARSAPARILLA NEVER FAILS to CURE.

AND POTASH. UNFAILING, Rapid and SAFE.



SHIPWRECK! TERRIBLE LOSS OF LIFE!!

Mother and daughter go down together. A lovely maiden leaps into eternity! Wives and husbands, sons and daughters are wrecked and lost. Many sad hearts are left to mourn the loss. A husband lost his wife and daughter, a young man lost his betrothed.

A contemplation of these horrible "wrecks" work wonderfully upon the mind. The thought makes one feel sad. The strain upon delicate female nerves is too great. A married lady of our acquaintance was so wrought upon mentally that she became low-spirited and sad, lost her appetite, refused food, became feeble and emaciated, nervous and fretful. Her friends insisted that she should not think of these "wrecks" so much, but she insisted that she was sick in reality, and took her bed. She soon had aches and pains, and worked herself into a net-work of female troubles, which eventually ended in chronic female weaknesses and excesses and death.

Another case in point was that of a young lady. She had lost a friend and soon became melancholy and nervous, could not sleep soundly, her memory began to fail her, she lost all desire for company, her brain lost its brilliancy, her eye its luster, her cheeks became pale, complained of constant headache, and finally fell a victim to a list of female troubles, hysterics, palpitations, delirium, convulsions, and death.

These cases are of every day occurrence, and these "wrecks" upon female society are frightful. They should be remedied, and there is a remedy within the reach of all, and it is your duty to apply it.

No one need complain, for dr. dromgoole's english female bitters will cure all such. A book is published giving details of all these "wrecks." Send your name to j. p. dromgoole and co., louisville, ky., and get one free.

Try BAILEY'S SALINE APERIENT for headache and constipation—pleasant and effectual.

PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM.

This elegant dressing is preferred by those who have used it, to any similar article, on account of its superior cleanliness and purity. It contains materials only that are beneficial to the scalp and hair and always

Restores the Youthful Color to Grey or Faded Hair

Parker's Hair Balsam is finely perfumed and is warranted to prevent falling of the hair and to remove dandruff and itching. Hiscox & Co., N.Y.

50c. and $1 sizes, at dealers in drugs and medicines.

PARKER'S GINGER TONIC

A Superlative Health and Strength Restorer.

If you are a mechanic or farmer, worn out with overwork, or a mother run down by family or household duties try PARKER'S GINGER TONIC.

If you are a lawyer, minister or business man exhausted by mental strain or anxious cares, do not take intoxicating stimulants, but use Parker's Ginger Tonic

If you have Consumption, Dyspepsia, Rheumatism, Kidney Complaints, or any disorder of the lungs, stomach, bowels, blood or nerves, PARKER'S GINGER TONIC will cure you. It is the Greatest Blood Purifier And the Best and Surest Cough Cure Ever Used.

If you are wasting away from age, dissipation or any disease or weakness and require a stimulant take GINGER TONIC at once: it will invigorate and build you up from the first dose but will never intoxicate. It has saved hundreds of lives; it may save yours.

CAUTION!—Refuse all substitutes. Parker's Ginger Tonic is composed of the best remedial agents in the world, and is entirely different from preparations of ginger alone. Send for circular to Hiscox & Co., N. Y. 50c. & $1 sizes, at dealers in drugs.

GREAT SAVING BUYING DOLLAR SIZE.

FLORESTON

Its rich and lasting fragrance has made this delightful perfume exceedingly popular. There is nothing like it. Insist upon having FLORESTON COLOGNE and look for signature of

Hiscox & Co.

on every bottle. Any druggist or dealer in perfumery can supply you. 25 and 75 cent sizes.

LARGE SAVING BUYING 75c. SIZE.

COLOGNE

sept2- 82-1y

UNIVERSITY OF ALABAMA.

Session of 1882-'83.

THE UNIVERSITY will be open for students the

21st of September next.

The Academic Department embraces three courses of study: The Classical, Scientific and Engineering courses—the last being under the direction of Col. R. A. HARDAWAY. Students can also take an irregular course if preferred.

Each county is entitled to have three young men educated at the University without charge for tuition.

The whole expense. per term, for board, tuition, fuel, light, attendance, washing, &c., is $95. Uniforms cost about $35 per annum.

Law students are not subject to military discipline, and do not board and lodge in University buildings.

For further information send for catalogue or address B. B. LEWIS

july29—to1 President.

SEED OATS FOR SALE.

I have a choice lot of Red Rust Proof and Burt Oats for sale at my residence in Jacksonville.

aug26-tln JOHN M. CROOK.

CALHOUN COLLEGE,

MALE AND FEMALE,

Jacksonville, Ala.

The 11th Session of this Institution, (under the present Principal) begins the 1st Monday in September, 1882, and will continue FOUR scholastic months.

COURSE OF STUDY.—Mathematics, Languages Science, Literature, Music, Book-keeping, Theory and Practice of teaching, etc.

The location is proverbially healthy—free from all malarial or local causes for sickness. The Instructors are competent and enthusiastic. The instruction is careful and thorough—the community moral, cultivated and religious.

The charges for tuition, &c., will be the same as formerly, for the Preparatory and Collegiate departments.

The Primary department will be ABSOLUTELY FREE. No charge whatever will be made against the parent or guardian for those strictly in this department.

Pupils will be charged from the date of entrance to the close of the term, and no deduction will be made for lost time, except in cases of protracted sickness.

Good Board can be had at reasonable rates.

For further particulars address

W. J. BORDEN,

aug26—tf. Principal.

Notice to Executors, Administrators and Guardians.

Executors and Administrators who have not made a settlement within the last 12 months, are hereby notified to come into court by the 1st day of October next and file their accounts for settlement, and Guardians who have not made settlement within the last three years are notified to come and file their accounts by the time above mentioned, and make settlement. All who fail to comply with this notice, will be proceeded against as the law prescribes.

A. WOODS,

aug19-'82-3t Judge Pro. C.C.

W. C. LAND,

WATCHMAKER,

—AND—

JEWELER.

Jacksonville, - - - Ala.

Also, agent for Meriden CT Table cutlery and silver and plated ware. Also agent for Elgin Watch co, and other American make May, 1st 1880

JOE. A. WALDEN. W. W. WOODWARD

Walden & Woodward,

ATTORNEYS AT LAW,

Jacksonville, Ala.

Will practice in all the courts of the Circuit, and the Supreme Courts of the State. Prompt attention given to the collection of claims.

COTTON is KING BUT OUR ENGINE IS KING of COTTON!

Invaluable patented improvements found in no other ENGINES in the world. For Pamphlets and Price List, (also, for SAW MILLS), address THE AULTMAN & TAYLOR CO., Mansfield, Ohio.

REAL ESTATE

FOR SALE.

A Chance For Bargains!

Messrs. STEVENSON & GRANT,

Real Estate Brokers,

JACKSONVILLE, ALA.,

OFFER the following described places for sale at a bargain. For full description and particulars, apply to them.

3

80 ACRES, three and a half miles North of Mt. Polk. 17 acres cleared land, mostly fresh. Rails enough to fence 40 acres more. Land good No houses. Can be paid for in six yearly payments of cotton. Call on or address J D McCormick, Mack Ala

4

100 ACRES within one and a half miles of Anniston, 50 acrss cleared, 50 acres well timbered and accessible. Iron ore, good water, orchard, dwelling, outhouses, blacksmith and woodshop well patronized, on the place. School house and church within on fourth mile. Geo. Pacific R. R. survey through the place.

5

120 ACRES near Cherokee and Calhoun line. Framed dwelling house and other improvements. 50 acres in cultivation. All in a body--greater part level and good. In good neighborhood.

6

180 ACRES, 8 miles west of Jacksonville on Gadsden and Jacksonville road. Good improvements, finely watered, fencing in good condition and land in fine state of cultivation. 100 acres open. 85 acres woodland well timbered. Red and yellow clay subsoil.

7

2500 ACRES in a body, on Tallasahatchie and Ohatchie creeks. As fine land as lies in Calhoun. Three splendid residences and ten or twelve tenant houses. No room for description in this advertisement. Can sell one to five places from this tract, or all in a body, at a bargain.

8

A splendid farm of 800 acres in the valley of Alexandria, 500 acres open and under fence, 640 in a body, and 160 of woodland seperated from main body by only one forty. Has a large and convenient dwelling and many tenanat houses. The land has red clay subsoil; lies very level and will hold all the manures put on it. Ample water supply from two springs. Fine native and cultivated grasses. Land produces well. Would make a splendid stock farm. It will be sold at a bargain.

And other places of very desirable character. We shall continue the advertisement of places given us for sale from time to time without charge to the parties who give us their lands to sell. We have printed power of attorney to sell land now on hand, and all parties who place their lands in our hands for sale will be expected to sign them up. We require this both in order that there may be no dispute as to amount of our fee in case of sale, and to show parties who may desire to purchase that we have a right to sell. Of course under this power, the owner will have the deeds to sign before the sale would be complete. STEVENSON & GRANT,

july9—tf Jacksonville, Ala

H. A. SMITH'S

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

MUSIC

—AND—

BOOK STORE,

Rome, Ga.

Just opening out an immense stock of Writing Desks, Work Boxes, Toilett Setts, China and Glass Vases, Motto Cup, Saucers and Mugs, Fancy Glass Inkstands, Stationery, Photograph and Autograph Albums. Bibles, Prayer Books, Poetical and standard works, Juvenile books, Pictures, Picture Frames, Tin, China and Rubber Toys in great variety, Wax Dolls, Games, Silver plated Ware, suitable for wedding and holiday presents, Gold Pens, Port Monaies, and a thousand novelties.

Piano's and Organs, of the best make, at wholesale prices. Orders by mail solicited Prices cheerfully given.

dec4 H. A. SMITH.

State Agricultural and Mechanical College,

AUBURN, ALA.

Session of 1882-83.

First term begins Sept. 27th. Four regular degree courses, viz: Agricultural, Engineering, Literature and Science. Special courses of study allowed. Full faculty and excellent facilities for teaching. Tuition free. Board and other expenses light. For catalogue and other information apply to

W. LEROY BROWN, L. L. D.

Or President.

E. GLENN, Treas. july23—to1

JAMES HUTCHINSON,

Barber & Hair-dresser,

Room on Office Row, recently occupied by Dick Walker.

If you desire to have a pleasant and clean shave, or have your hair trimmed in neat and fashionable style, give him a call. Jacksonville, Apl. 20, 1878

WANTED

Good fat young beef cattle—Fat Sheep and Spring Lambs. A liberal price will be paid on delivery to

N. BOYER,

june18—tf. At Anniston Ala.

REAL ESTATE AGENCY.

If you want to purchase or sell lands upon favorable terms, call on or write to

JNO. M. CALDWELL,

REAL ESTATE AGENT,

Jacksonville, Ala.

☞No charge for examination of titles where there is either sale or purchase. aug13—t

Lumber! Lumber!

The Steam Saw Mill of CAMP BROS., at Weavers Station, has recently been greatly improved, and orders will be promptly filled for

YELLOW PINE LUMBER,

Of all descriptions, as well as

Laths, &c.,

Dry Lumber furnished when needed. Price moderate. Send in your orders.

CAMP BROS.

may6-'82—6m Weavers Station, Ala.

Mountain Farm And Vineyard For Sale.

The undersigned will give a bargain in the fine fruit farm and vineyard on top of the mountain 1½ miles from Jacksonville known as the Goorge White place.

STEVENSON & GRANT,

Real Estate Agents.

UNDERTAKING,

John. H. Crawford, notifies friends and the public generally that he he has in stock a fine lot of coffins and burial cases of all sizes and from the finest to the plainest make, which he will dispose of at reasonable prices. He may be found at the shop known as the Fleming shop on Main St. South of the square. 3'm

YOUNG MEN

SHOULD ATTEND

MOORE'S

BUSINESS UNIVERSITY,

ATLANTA, GA.

A Model Business School.

ACTUAL BUSINESS

STUDENTS ON CHANGE.

A Practical School for the Times

No Theory. No copying from books. The best course of instruction ever adopted for the practical education of young men, boys, and men of middle age.

The course of students comprise every variety of Business and Finance, from Retail to Banking operations. Book-keeping in all its various methods. Business forms, terms and usages. Business writing, correspondence, business Arithmetic, Commercial Law, Lectures, Partnership, Settlements, etc., etc.

No vacations. Students can enter at any time Circulars containing full particulars mailed *free* to any address.

une18—1y B. F. MOORE, Pres.

SUMMER RESIDENCE.

One house and lot in Jacksonville, containing seven acres, known as the Judge Foster residence. The house is most tastefully built and situated in the most desirable part of town for residence. A never failing well supplies ice cold water the year round. The place is abundantly supplied with fine fruit, including an extensive Grapery. The extensive lawn in front is clothed with huge native oaks and the ground beautifully laid off. It is a very desirable place for some gentleman South of here who wants a summer residence in this part of the State. The owner gave $3 000 for the place. Will sell for $1500 if taken in 3 months. Reason for selling—owner moved out of the State.

Address

STEVENSON & GRANT,

Real Estate Brokers,

oct1—tf Jacksonville, Ala.

Tuscaloosa Female College.

THE prosperity of this institution is increasing from year to year. The next Session, with Faculty unchanged and and improved facilities, will open September 18. Terms moderate. For catalogues apply to

ALONZO HILL,

S. S. MELLEN,

Tuscaloosa July 4, 1882. Principals

HUNTSVILLE

FEMALE COLLEGE,

HUNTSVILLE, ALABAMA.

THE THIRTY-THIRD SESSION of this well-known Institution of Learning begins August 30, 1882. We educate the Head to think, the Heart to feel, and the Body to act. Send for Catalogue with special inducements, to

REV. A. JONES, A. M.

July8 President.

S. D. G. BROTHERS,

ATTORNEY AT LAW

Jacksonville, Ala.

Will practice in all the Courts of this Judicial Circuit, and in the Supreme and Federal Courts. Collections promptly made. Office at former office of Col. Jas. Crook-aug5—1y.

WOODRUFF & NORTH,

Cotton Factors

—AND—

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

SELMA, ALA

sept17—tf.

GENIUS REWARDED.

—OR THE—

Story of the Sewing Machine

A handsome little pamphlet, three inches square, with numerous engravings, will be

GIVEN AWAY

to any adult person calling for it at any branch or suboffice of The Singer Manufacturing Company, or will be sent by mail, post paid, to any person living at a distance from our office.

THE SINGER MANUFACTURING CO.

Principal office, 34 Union Square, une 18—1y New York.

LAND FOR SALE.

Thirteen and one third acres of good arable land can be bought on reasonable terms, and a clear title given, by applying to

jan28—tf C. W. BREWTON.

WANTED

To sell a blooded bull calf—the mother a six gallon short horn milk Durham—the sire a thorough bred Jersey Bull. Will exchange for a milk cow. Apply to LAWSON A. WEAVER.

NOTICE NO. 1715.

U. S. LAND OFFICE, MONTGOMERY, ALA. July 81, 1882

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Clerk of the Circuit Court at Jacksonville, Ala., on September 9th 1882, viz: Marion Brittain, homestead No. 7325, for the N ½ of N W ¼ of section 24, township 13, south, range 8, east.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of said land, viz: Elisha B. Dickinson, Joseph North, Mome Thomas and John Rish, all of Mack, Calhoun county, Ala.

THOMAS J. SCOTT, Register.

aug5—5t

Desirable Farm to Rent or Lease.

The undersigned will lease for a series of years his desirable farm in the Southwest portion of this county. It is situated on Tallasahatchee and Ohatchee creeks and embraces much open bottom lands of great fertility, well adapted to cotton and all kinds of grain Two hundred and fifty acres open, and in good state of cultivation. Good Dwelling house, garden, outhouses and tenement houses included in lease. Good water wherever needed. Churches and schools very convenient. Society of the neighborhood good.

For further information apply to Republican office or the undersigned at Middleton.

JOHN Y. HENDERSON,

aug26—2m P. O. Alexandria, Ala.

The Republican.

ool commenced in the College last

Crow, of Blount county, is now at on a visit.

s Katie Crawford is visiting rela- Chattanooga.

ers in this vicinity are busy pull- d saving their fodder.

Kyle, of Georgia, is visiting her Dpt. James Crook, of this place.

ars of the best brands at the r of Robertson & Co Sep 9 tf

s of hair and grayness, which of- r the prettiest face, are prevented ker's Hair Balsam.

es. J. B. Farmer and G. W. s of this place, left last Wednes- a business trip to Indiana.

ible and polite bar keepers bar of Robertson & Co nderstand the compounding ious drinks- Sept 9,t f

Emma Eason returned last Wed from Huntsville where she has iting for several weeks.

n you go to Weavers, do not fail on *Smith & Wiggs*. They sell sh, and will make it to your inter- to trade with them.

regret to hear of the sad accident befel Mr. W. L. Parmelee, of d. His horse ran away with a and broke his leg.

rst bale of new cotton was receiv- this place on the 7th of Sept., and ed 513 lbs. It was raised by W. and purchased by Rowan, Dean at 12½ cents.

ou happen to want a special- e brand of whiskey or bran- quire for the bar of Robert- Co. Sept 9. tf

e Democrat's Monthly Monitor of sent on trial four months on re- f six cents for postage. Address T. A. NIXON, Huntsville, Ala.

e editor went to Cleburne, r to be absent most of this Hence the scarcity of edito- matter

nderstand Messrs. Camp Bros., arr's station, this county, ship- ar loads of lumber, about 85 000 Philadelphia, Pa., last week. ire five mills sawing on their two feet bill for the Pennsylvania Railroad.

farm offered for rent by Wm Y. Henderson is one of ry finest farms in Calhoun y. Some man with necessa- al and rush and energy ake a good thing by leasing farm. See advertisement.

rson & Co. are making ex- ration to make their bar parlor more attractive the coming fall and win- ey have on hand an ex- tock of liquors. Sept 9-tf

ction is directed to the ad- nt of H. J. Dean, offering ble farm for sale. This is property, situated in the Alexandria, a most fertile ential valley amid excel- surroundings and fine society ve's nor to buy would do correspond with Mr. Dean

Shoes!! Hats! Hats!! ral will closed, just received ll drop for cash. Call on Smith and examine before purcha-

t & Snow have recently pur- d a nice stock of the justly cele- Jones & Graham wagon. By a letter from the gentleman who ses the bill we learn that he gave Messrs. Stewart & Snow at low and they of course will give their ers the benefit of their bargain ell this excellent wagon before re elsewhere.

Emerson & Co, will spare no ense or pains to make their bar popular with local and trav- g customers. They are polite ttentive and serve pure liquors. Sept 9. t f

Woman's primitive beauty and vigor, which have been lost, can be restored and retained by the action of certain con- stitutional agents. These agents neces- sarily regulate, build up, fortify and an- nihilate all existing female irregularities Weaknesses, or obstructions which pro- duce the ill health. The remedy must expel the locked up secretions, add iron blood, strength to system and vitality to the nerves. Such a remedy is found in the use of *English Female Bitters*.

Two great evils—headache and con- stipation, afflicting nearly all humanity, relieved by Bailey's *Saline Aperient*.

"Tough on Chills," Test cases for 25 cts. in cash or stamps. Mailed by John Parham, Atlanta, Ga,

We have recently received a private letter from Quitman Read, son of Rev. T. Read. He has found his way in- to the Indian Territory. We are sure that his many friends here will wish him the highest measure of success in his new field of life. Quit was always a truly honorable boy, of fine traits of character, and attracted to himself many friends. He left here carrying with him the love of a good name and a determin- ation to succeed in life. As we have said we hope he may realize his most sanguine expectations. Jacksonville has many young men of adventurous turn of mind abroad into the world and they have almost uniformly succeeded. We are always glad to hear from them wherever they be, and doubly glad when we hear they are doing well.

There will be a match game of Base Ball in this place Saturday evening by the Jacksonville "Roughs" and the Oxford club. Everybody invited to attend.

If you want a quiet game of pool you will find it only a few steps from the hotel back of the bar rom of Robertson & Co Sep 9tf

ANNISTON LOCALS.

The sound of the G. P. whistle will be heard here October 1st.

The Anniston high school will soon commence with Rev. Mr. Connahan as principal.

The protracted meeting of the Methodist closed Sunday evening, with several additions.

R. H. McCarthy Supt. cotton mills left Saturday for New York, in the interest of the Co.

The W. I. Co, have the largest stock of ore and coal on hand than they have had for some time.

The W. I. Co, will have a fine display of Iron ore in the industrial exposition in Boston this month.

Mr. T. D. Parsons, Supt. Anniston Plaining Mills will build both new churches—Methodist and Baptist.

The Co. Contemplate building a narrow gauge railroad from this place via Clifton iron works to the Sey ore banks in Talladega Co.

A lodge of the Knights of Hon or will soon be organized here, and will start with 40 charter members. They have a very fine hall, which is near completion.

Mr. Jack Loyd of this place has in his possession a skillet which date back before the settlement of this country, it was brought from England in the "May Flower" which landed at Plymouth Rock in 1620, 262 years, it has been in his family since that date.

"HEMITITE"

Flowery Yard Locals.

A protracted meeting has been going on at Mt. Zion church since last Saturday Rev Mr. McGaha, in charge.

Mrs. Dr. P. P. Linder has been very ill for several weeks but glad to say that she is slowly improving.

Dr. Jack Douthit and family, after visiting relatives in this neigh borhood, left this morning for their home in Gadsden.

Mr. Robert Loyd is making preparations to put up a grist mill in connection with his gin house which will be a great convenience for the people on that side of the creek.

Fall is here. September opens with a bright sun, clear blue sky and wearing every indication for a beautiful coming fall for gathering crops.

BILL ARP, JR.

ALEXANDRIA LOCALS.

The social bounds of Alexandria have become less extensive on account of the departure of three charming and accomplished young ladies, Misses Dora and Mamie Crook and Miss Annie Cooper, who have returned to Nashville for the purpose of continuing their studies.

Rev. A. W. McGaha held a three days meeting at Mt Zion, which resulted in a partial revival among the members.

Mrs. E. J. Dean, of Talladega is visiting relatives in this place

There will be a public debate in the Grange Hall on Friday night, Sept. 15th.

Subject: Which was the most justifiable the colonies in rebelling against the Government of England or the Southern States in seceding from the Union? The affirmative side will be sustained by Messrs. J. D. Taylor and Y. D. Harrison, of Oxford, and the negative by Messrs. J. B. Graham, of Oxford and E. D. Acker of Alexandria.

All are invited to attend.

PRIDE OF ALABAMA.

MARTINS X ROADS LOCALS.

Peace and harmony seems to prevail over our entire community at this time.

Fodder pulling is steadily going on and if the weather is favorable the yield will be large.

A protracted meeting of a week's duration at Sulphur Springs closed last Sunday which we hope resulted in a great deal of good being done. Eighteen new converts were baptized, besides other we heard of.

Messrs. B. B. Nunnelly and C Martin are building them a new gin house. They have bought a new engine and are going to run two gins this fall and winter. We wish them success.

Cotton is opening very slow It will be some time before any will be shipped from this neighborhood.

Miss Carry Morris' school at Cane Creek closed last Friday. There was a large attendance, and the examination proves that she is a teacher of more than ordinary ability.

There is a considerable amount of sickness in this portion of the county. A little daughter of Mr. John Fords went home from school last Thursday evening and was taken with a spasm Friday morning and died in the evening. The family has the heartfelt sympathies of this entire neighborhood.

We do not want any division in the democratic party, but we do want a general prohibition law for the whole State of Alabama.

E. M. R

WEAVER'S STATION LOCALS.

The spirit of enterprise still reigns in our little village. The mechanic's hammer is heard in such constant movement that individuals retiring at night almost accept the assurance that new discoveries they make on the dawn of to-morrow.

Mr. Oscar Hall, of Munford, Ala., held services in the Presbyterian church on the two last fourth Sabbaths. He is a young licentiate of untiring devotion to the cause of Christ. He has left for the Seminary, in Virginia, to remain until the completion of his theological course, which will be near two years. Mr. Harry McLean is expected soon, from Virginia, to assume the duties of the former pastor, Mr. G. W. Boggs.

Messrs. Watson opened their fall term in the new Academy on the 28th of August, with near forty pupils.

Miss Ida Smith has left for Talladega to attend school. Mr. Walter Hubbard and sister, Miss Minnie, returned to Columbiana with Mr. Brasher Nelson and wife where the latter will remain for school. Miss Sallie Walker leaves soon for Oxford school.

Miss Daniel, from South Alabama, is stopping with relatives in our village. Wish her a pleasant visit.

Rev. V. O. Hawkins' protracted meeting is in progress. Rev. Walker and Thompson assisting---have had some accessions.

Our merchants are pleasant and en ergetic and are kept busy---sometimes.

The young people spend some of their leisure hours in taking buggy rides to visit the romantic caves, and attending sociables occasionally for a change.

Our interesting debating club has "gathered up and departed for winter quarters."

We are aroused occasionally from our dreamy slumbers and pleasantly entertained by the serenaders filling the air with their musical strains. We fully adopt the sentiment of the poet who says:

"For the sake of those who love us,
For the sake of God above us,
Each and all should do their best
To make music for the rest."

Miss Williams, from Oxford, has a music class here. We wish her success.

A reading club has been spoken of being organized in our midst. Hope it will be carried into effect as it would prove both pleasant and improving.

Several visitors in town attending the meeting.

RUSTIC.

He Didn't Bark.

John Henry, the masher, stood on the corner with another one of his kind watching for a girl to come along whom he might crush. At last a thin young woman from the rural districts came by, and John Henry thought he had found her. As she passed he said something about her being bony, but he went after her and catching up he said:

"Good evening, Miss."

"Good evening she replied, looking at him so suspiciously that he hesitated.

"Ahem, Miss Ahem, a—"

"Well" she put in, "why don't you bark?"

"Bark! bark! What do you mean? I don't quite understand."

"Oh, you don't? Why, in my country a puppy that has any decent training always barks when he finds a bone."

John Henry didn't have any more to say, and to this day he is a changed man.—[Courier Journal.

Typhoid fever of a severe type prevails to an alarming extent in the neighborhood of Rock Run furnace, in Alabama.. Nine persons have died from the disease within the past two weeks.

SATISFACTION FOR TEN.—In our family of ten for over two years Parker's Ginger Tonic has cured headache, malaria and other complaints so satisfactorily that we are in excellent health and no expense for doctors or other medicines. Chronicle.

Preparing for the Fall Trade.

Smith & Wiggs, of Weavers Station, are receiving new goods for the fall trade. If you want a bargain, call on them.

For Sale.

The Ed J. Dean farm at Alexandria, Alabama, containing 440 acres. A desirable residence and a good well of water, with orchard of extra fine fruit. Apply to

H. J. DEAN,
Alexandria, Ala.

Sept. 9tf.

Administrator's Sale.

By virtue of an order of sale granted by the Probate Court of Calhoun county, State of Alabama, Hon A. Woods Judge, the undersigned, Administrator of the estate of L. W. Cannon, dec'd, will sell at public out cry, for cash, to the highest bidder, before the Court House door

On Monday the 2nd day of Oct. '82,

the following real estate belonging to the estate of L. W. Cannon dec'd, to-wit:

A one half undivided interest in the W½ of S W¼ of section 7 in township 14 and range 9; lying in Calhoun county, State of Alabama. Said land is mostly in timber, lies near Jacksonville, and the Chalybeate springs are supposed to be adjacent to the land, and may be on the land as the line is not known. Also at the same time, place and terms, will sell Two Shares in the Jacksonville Mining Company and two shares in the Cleburne county Mining Company.

H. L. STEVENSON,
Adm'r of the estate of L. W. Cannon dec'd.

NOTICE.

A special meeting of the Jacksonville Mining Co. is hereby called to meet at the Court House in Jacksonvill Ala, at 10 o'clock. A. M. on Monday the 28th day of August 1882, for the purpose of making a change in the By-laws of the Company, and such other business as may be of interest to the Company.

By order of the President,

G. B. DOUTHIT.
I. L. SWAN, Sec'y. aug12,'82-3t

Notice to Stockholders.

In accordance with a resolution of the Jacksonville Mining Company, passed on the 28th day of Aug. 1882. Notice is hereby given that the following owners of stock in said company, who are in arrears with the company, upon assessments duly made against them, are required to come forward and pay the same to me by the 11th day of October 1882, or their stock in said company will be advertised and sold by the Directors to pay the same, viz: M. J. Tunley, W. C. Price, Jno. M. Moore, Representatives of Jno. D. Rowland, Mrs. Mary E. Rowland, Representatives of J. F. Stokes deceased; Representatives of Jno H. Wright. Mrs. D. F. Ryan; Mrs. G. W. Mathews; J. A. McCampbell, Miss. L. A. Weir and Heirs of Jno R. Clark, deceased.

I. L. SWAN, Sec'y.
Jacksonville, Ala. Sept. 2nd 1882, 3t,

Letting of the Poor House for 1883.

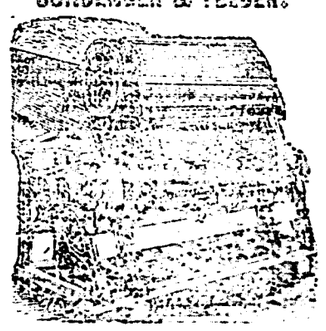
STATE OF ALABAMA,
Calhoun County.

Court of County Commissioners, Regular term, Aug. 14, 1882.

At this term of the Court of County Commissioners, in accordance with an act of the General Assembly, approved February 23, 1881, the Court took into consideration the letting of the Poor House of said county for the year 1883: Whereupon, it was ordered by the Court that the Keeper of the Poor House and Paupers for said year 1883, be allowed the sum of $6.75 per month for each Pauper received into said Poor House during the time he remains therein, and that the said Keeper be allowed the Poor Poor House farm free of rent for the year 1883, and the said Keeper is to feed, clothe and nurse said paupers, and also furnish them with Tobacco, and provide for their comfort fully as required by law. The Court of county Commissioners are to furnish bedsteads and all necessary bedding, and pay Doctor's bills, and for medicine for said paupers Notice is hereby given that said Poor House will be let on the terms above stated on Monday, the 2nd day of October, 1882, at the court house of said county, for the year 1883. Persons proposing to take charge of said Poor house on the terms stated, can do so by letter or by applying to the Court in person on the day set for said letting The Court reserves the right to reject any and all applications which may be made for the keeping of said Poor House, if none be found to come up to the requirements of the Court.

A. WOODS,
sept2-'82-5t Judge of Probate.

THE BULLETT IMPROVED
MAGNOLIA COTTON GIN,
CONDENSER & FEEDER.



THE MAGNOLIA GIN has come in competition with nearly every other Gin on the market, and established its superiority wherever introduced. It

Light Draft,

TESTIMONIALS.

ATHENS, ALA., Nov. 20, 1880.

Dear Sirs: In regard to your Cotton Gin, I will say that I have had one of your Bullett Gins in operation for two years, and have found it a perfect success. I have been running it on cotton that was very much damaged from dirty cotton and the Condenser and Feeder will do everything you claim for it. I would not have a Gin without one.

W. Pitts Cooper.

Gordon, Ga., Nov. 20, 1880.

We, the undersigned, have used the Bullett Gin with Condenser and Feeder attached, during the present season, and take pleasure in saying that it has given perfect satisfaction in every respect. We have ginned cotton with less waste and cleaner than it was ever ginned before, and the cotton is worth more money.

Morgan & Grahams, Cooper & Sewell,
T. F. Goodall, A. T. Rankin,
W. T. Williams & Son, J. R. Tarver,
E. K. Thompson & Bro. D. H. Fincher,
W. M. Shropshire, C. M. Mott & Co.
Alex. Serrentino, Robt. G. Merivether
J. H. Amsworth, A. T. Simms,
M. Rosenberg & Bros.

I will pay one fourth of a cent more for cotton from this gin. H. H. SMITH.

We claim as I now substantiate by solid facts, that the Improved Gin fact is of better workmanship and material and gives better satisfaction than any Gin on the market. For further particulars address

W. H. COOPER, Agent,
jul8-2m Alexandria, Ala.

TUTT'S PILLS

SYMPTOMS OF A TORPID LIVER.

Loss of Appetite, Bowels costive, Pain in the Head, with a dull sensation in the back part, Pain under the shoulder blade, fullness after eating, with a disinclination to exertion of body or mind, Irritability of temper, Low spirits, with a feeling of having neglected some duty, Weariness, Dizziness, Fluttering at the Heart, Dots before the eyes, Yellow Skin, Headache generally over the right eye, Restlessness, with fitful dreams, highly colored Urine, and

CONSTIPATION.

TUTT'S PILLS are especially adapted to such cases, one dose effects such a change of feeling as to astonish the sufferer. They Increase the Appetite, and cause the body to Take on Flesh, thus the system is nourished, and by their Tonic Action on the Digestive Organs, Regular Stools are produced. Price 25 cents. 25 Murray St., N. Y.

TUTT'S HAIR DYE.

GRAY HAIR OR WHISKERS changed to a GLOSSY BLACK by a single application of this DYE. It imparts a natural color, acts Instantaneously. Sold by Druggists, or sent by express on receipt of $1. OFFICE, 35 MURRAY ST., NEW YORK.

(Dr. TUTT'S MANUAL of Valuable Information and Useful Receipts will be mailed FREE on application.)

aug26—'82—1y

FIRE INSURANCE.

I. L. SWAN AG'T,
JACKSONVILLE, ALA.
Four Good Home Companies to wit,

Georgia Home,	*Ga.*
Home Protection,	*Ala.*
Central City,	*Ala.*
Columbus Ins. and Banking Co.,	*Miss.*

May 1st, 1880.

FRANK W. BOWDON, ROBT. L. ARNOLD
BOWDON & ARNOLD,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW
—AND—
Solicitors in Chancery,
JACKSONVILLE, ALA.

Will practice in all the Courts of the Circuit, U. S. Dist. Court and Supreme Court of the State April 24, 1880

East Tennessee, Virginia
—AND—
GEORGIA RAILROADS,
Forms the quickest and most comfortable route to

Eastern Cities,
—AND—
ONLY ROUTE
—TO THE—
Watering Places
—OF—
East Tennessee and Virginia

The principal Inducements are SPLENDID SCENERY, QUICK TIME, THROUGH CARS.

The only line passing through the mountainous regions of East Tennessee and Virginia. Through cars run from Selma to Bristol without change. For information address,

JAS. R. OGDEN, G. P. A., Knoxville.
RAY KNIGHT, A. G. P. A., Selma.

SELMA DIVISION.

Going North.		Going South.
Lv. 8.00 a m	Selma,	Ar. 7 07 p m
" 10.42 a m	Calera,	Lv. 4.35 p m
" 1.53 p m	Jacksonville,	" 1.27 p m
" 4 26 p m	Rome,	" 11.10 a m
" 6 20 p m	Dalton,	" 9.40 a m
" 8.35 p m	Cleveland,	" 7.69 a m
" 11 55 p m	Knoxville,	" 3 35 a m
Ar. 4.5.0 a m	Bristol,	" 10.22 p m

ALABAMA CENTRAL DIVISION.

Westward.		Eastward.
Lv. 4.20 p m	Selma,	Ar. 11.00 a m
" 5.55 p m	Uniontown,	Lv. 9.42 a m
" 7.00 p m	Demopolis,	" 8.20 a m
Ar. 10 00 p m	Meridian,	" 5.35 a m

Mail Train North connects with Rome R R at Rome for Atlanta, and at Dalton with W & A R R for Chattanooga, and points North; at Bristol with W. & W R R for all Eastern cities. Accommodation train leaves Selma at 3.40 p m, connecting with L & N at Calera for all Western cities; arrives at Selma 10.15 a m. Mail train South connects at Calera with L & N for Montgomery, and at Meridian with N O and W & A R R for Mobile, New Orleans and Vicksburg.

JNO. M. BURDEN, Supt.
RAY KNIGHT,
G. P. A.

MANHOOD

How Lost, How Restored.

Dr. Cul- [illegible] Celebrated Essay

NOTICE.

[illegible] months in advance. The water will positively be cut off from all who fail to so pay up by the 15th day of [illegible]

R. L. ARNOLD,
July8—3t Collector for the town.

STATE OF ALABAMA,
Calhoun County.

In Probate Court of said county, Special term, August 14th 1882.

This day came Jno. M. Andrews, J. C. Watson and S. S. Love, Sr., Commissioners heretofore appointed to sell the Real Estate belonging to the Estate of Hulda Bates, deceased, for division among the heirs and distributees of said deceased, and filed in court their account and vouchers for a final settlement of the proceeds of said sale.

It is therefore ordered by the court that the 11th day of September, 1882, be and is hereby appointed the day upon which to audit and pass upon said account and make settlement, and that notice thereof be given for three successive weeks in the Jacksonville Republican, a newspaper printed and published in said county, as a notice to all persons concerned, to be and appear before me, at my office in the court house of said county, on said 11th day of September, 1882, and contest said settlement if they think proper.

A. WOODS,
ag19-3t Judge of Probate.

WM. J. BROCK,
ATTOREY AT LAW,
OFFICE AT
Centre, Cherokee Co., Ala.

WILL attend to cases both in the Chancery and Circuit Courts of this Judicial circuit and Chancery Division, and Supreme Court of the State. Collections promptly attended to.

Undertaker's Notice.

The Undersigned has just received and has now in stock a full line of

Coffins and Burial Robes,

from the cheapest to the most expensive make. Burial robes for both male and female, are much neater than those heretofore bought, and are sold at about one third of the cost Orders from any part of this section of the State filled on bel egraphic or postal notice.

The whole care and expense of burials undertaken, when desired.

L. A. WEAVER.
jul26 3m Jacksonville, Ala.

LANDRETHS' PEDIGREE SEEDS
ESTABLISHED NINETY-EIGHT YEARS

SEEDS SEEDS For the MERCHANT on our New Plan For the MARKET GARDENER For the PRIVATE FAMILY Crown by ourselves on our own Farms SEEDS SEEDS

Handsome Illustrated Catalogue and Rural Register FREE TO ALL.
MERCHANTS, SEND US YOUR BUSINESS CARDS FOR TRADE LIST.
DAVID LANDRETH & SONS, SEED GROWERS, PHILADELPHIA

Use Lawrence & Martin's
TOLU ROCK & RYE
For COUGHS, COLDS, SORE THROAT, BRONCHITIS, ASTHMA, PNEUMONIA, CONSUMPTION, Diseases of THROAT, CHEST AND LUNGS.

BALSAM OF TOLU Has always been one of the most important weapons wielded by the MEDICAL FACULTY against the encroachments of COUGHS, COLDS, CONSUMPTION in its incipient and advanced stages, and all diseases of the THROAT, CHEST and LUNGS, but it has never been so advantageously compounded as in the TOLU, ROCK and RYE. Its soothing Balsamic properties afford a diffusive stimulant and tonic to build up the system after the cough has been relieved. Quart size bottles, Price $1.00.

CAUTION! Do not be deceived by dealers who try to palm off Rock and Rye in place of our TOLU, ROCK AND RYE, which is the ONLY MEDICATED article—the genuine has a Private Die Proprietary Stamp on each bottle, which permits it to be Sold by Druggists, Grocers and Dealers Everywhere,
WITHOUT SPECIAL TAX OR LICENSE.
The TOLU, ROCK AND RYE CO., Proprietors, 41 River St., Chicago, Ill.

The Biggest Thing Yet.
GROCERIES!
GROCERIES!!
GROCERIES!!!
B. F. CARPENTER & CO.

Have received and are still receiving the largest and best selected stock of Groceries they have ever brought to this market. Not deterred by the clamor of hard times next year, they have amply provided for the wants of the public, and will sell to suit the purses of their customers. In all

STAPLE AND FANCY GROCERIES

They can confidently defy competition, where cash is paid. They bought on the recent failure of corners in Groceries of all kinds, and consequently caught the bottom of the market. Seeing is believing.

Bring the Cash

and test their prices, and see for yourself.

Bagging, Ties, Farming Utensils

Wooden Ware, and hundreds of other things in stock. Don't buy until you examine the stock of B. F. CARPENTER & CO.
oct5-tf

ICE, ICE, ICE.
Beer on Ice?
All kinds of Summer drinks served at the [illegible] and [illegible] signed, who has with personal care selected for this season, a very [illegible]

LINCOLN COUNTY WHISKEY
Direct from the [illegible]
Apple, and Peach Brandies.
"Cabinet Whiskey."

My Billiard Parlor

STEVENSON & GRANT,
Correspondents of
[illegible]
—AND—
LOAN ASSOCIATION
OF ALABAMA.
WILL UNDERTAKE TO NEGOTIATE LOANS AS FOLLOWS:
On producing farm lands, for from three to five years.
On producing farm lands, for three to five years, payable in annual installments.
On crop lien, personal and real security, for one year or less, with agreement to ship cotton to Selma. Applicants may apply for loans on producing farm lands for a term of years, either with or without the condition to ship cotton. Loans made for $500 and upwards.
STEVENSON & GRANT,
Jacksonville Ala.

JACKSONVILLE HOTEL.
WEST SIDE PUBLIC SQUARE.
Jacksonville, Alabama.
Do not be deceived, but come to the "only Hotel," where you will find the best of cooks and servants, the best fare our county and money can afford. Rooms newly fitted up and renovated. We will guarantee satisfaction. Our house will be first class in every respect. Sample room free. Give us a trial.
ROBT. ADAMS,
dec10—tf Proprietor.

J. W. COKER & CO.,
Commission Merchants,
—AND—
WAREHOUSEMEN,
ROME, GA.
Mr. Wright, formerly with Jno. C. Graham and Berry & Co., is a member of this firm. sept24—3m

LIVERY
—AND—
SALE STABLE

The Undersigned having bought the Hammond Livery Stable of Mr. Wilson, have entered upon their business and will be glad to serve the public.

We expect to keep Vehicles, Horses and Mules for sale, and are prepared to guarantee bargains in this line.

Our terms will be very reasonable and strictly cash.

Horses boarded at low rates Give us your patronage and we will give you satisfaction Respectfully,
MARTIN & WILKERSON.
jan 15—tf.

GUNS
OF EVERY KIND CHEAPER THAN EVER.
Rifles, Shot Guns, Revolvers, Ammunition, Fishing Tackle, Seines, Nets, Knives, Razors, Skates, Hammocks, etc.
Large Illustrated Catalogue FREE.
GREAT WESTERN GUN WORKS,
PITTSBURGH, PA.

AGENTS
WANTED! Ladies and Gentlemen, to engage with us to sell several Useful Household Articles. Profits large. Labor in light. Exclusive territory given. No competition. Terms liberal. Circulars FREE. Address, Hewitt Manufact'g Co., Box 868, Pittsburgh, Pa.

A NEW CURE FOR
POTATO BUGS
AND ALL TROUBLESOME VERMIN.
Safe, sure, cleanly and cheap. Purple Package, Post-Paid, 30 cts. AGENTS WANTED. Address,
J. E. Johnston, Pittsburgh, Pa.

MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS of all kinds for sale very cheap. Catalogues free. Address, RICHARD HULL & CO., Box 668, Pittsburgh, Pa.
aprl22—6m

H. L. STEVENSON. L. W. GRANT
STEVENSON & GRANT,
Real Estate Agents
JACKSONVILLE, ALA.
Real estate bought and sold. Books open at law office of Mr Stevenson

AGRICULTURE,

ADVICE TO MILKERS.—If a man who uses the reasoning powers with which he is endowed, if he would be in all respects what a human being ought to be, lenient with ignorance, studious of causes that produce effects, gentle with inferiority and conservative in the exercise of power, what a difference there would be in the disposition, general characteristics and usefulness of domestic animals. Animals of all kinds are appreciative of kindness and consideration. Many of their apparently vicious acts are not vicious at all, but are caused by a desire to give expression to a reasonable desire, which can be expressed in no other way. The milker seizes hold of a sore teat and the cow would say, if she could speak, "that hurts." But she cannot speak, and by a kick that seems spiteful because it is a quick action, although it is no quicker than a human being speaks, when he or she is hurt, she expresses herself. A thoughtful milker will at once institute an investigation in the kindest and most assuring manner, for the purpose of ascertaining the cause of the unusual action of the cow, if not usual. He will reason that the cow does not object to being milked, for it is very evident that she likes to be milked, if she is not harmed. No one can have observed how calm and peaceful a cow is under the process of milking, without arriving at this conclusion. It will not require many moments, therefore, for a reasonable man to come to an understanding with the cow, and to avoid a repetition of her "offence" he will avoid a repetition of the cause. But it is to be regretted that this is not always the course pursued. Instead, the milker flies into a passion, talks loud and talks wickedly, and if he does not strike the cow with anything he can get his hands on he will be an exception to the class who get down so far below the animal they are dealing with as to get angry without any reasonable cause. We have even seen men who would brutally kick a cow under such circumstances, and we have never seen such a spectacle without regretting the absence of the whipping post, and that this was not one of the crimes for "twenty stripes, well laid on." The cow does not want to kick, but if she stood still while a man pulled a sore teat until he was done milking, she would show more fortitude than man with all his reasoning powers generally shows. She simply endeavored to tell the milker that he was hurting her, and if he had sense enough to interpret her meaning, there would be an end to the trouble. But not having that sense; he makes a little matter a very serious one.

PASTURE FOR HOGS.—Farmers in the great hog-producing sections of this country are paying more attention to pasture for hogs now than heretofore. One who has given the subject no little study and tried various experiments in that behalf says that there is no question about green oats and peas being a most appropriate food for pigs, and that it comes at the very season when pasture is apt to be short. Corn being the most universal fattening food for hogs in the West after cold weather arrives, it is very important that the permanent food for pigs should be more nitrogenous and better adapted to the development of muscles and bone than corn. The pea is very rich in muscle and bone forming elements, and oats are also superior to corn in this respect. The oats also assist in holding up the pea vine, so as to prevent early lodging, and thus cause it to produce an increased longer. The crop should be sown at the proportion of two bushels of peas and one of oats per acre, and well covered. The drill puts them in best. The united crop should produce from four hundred bushels of grain to the acre. Sow the grain in early part of May. The succulent pea vine is admirable food for pigs, and care should be taken to turn on the pea before passing out of the milk. [illegible] a number of weeds grow, and a succession of nutritious vegetables [illegible] the pea vine is gone. Sow peas, oats and corn in alternate rows, and the pea vine will be found to support the oats and corn. Pigs will eat the oats and corn with the pea vine, and will not waste any of the grain. A pen crop ought to fatten one hog to six weeks on hogs of more than ordinary size.

[illegible] is a practice to which [illegible] mechanical [illegible] thought. A load, for example, [illegible] in the spring, when vegetation [illegible] to show up on [illegible] weeds, instead of any [illegible] would be improved if the [illegible] were to be cut down. A little work [illegible] in cutting such weeds early in the season, with the exception of the large and tenacious, or thick growing, will be found to amount to nothing in comparison to the [illegible] which [illegible] the [illegible] of [illegible] and [illegible] of [illegible] and [illegible] of [illegible] and

Jacksonville Republican.

"THE PRICE OF LIBERTY IS ETERNAL VIGILANCE."

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THE STORM.

As men's cheeks faded
On shore invaded,
When shoreward waded
The lords of fight;
When churl and craven
Saw hard on haven
The wide-winged raven
At mainmast height;
When monks affrighted
To windward sighted
The birds full-flighted
Of swift sea-kings;
So earth turns paler
When Storm the sailor
Steers in with a roar in the race of his wings.

O, strong sea-sailor,
Whose cheek turns paler
For wind or hail or
For fear of thee?
O, far sea-farer,
O, thunder-bearer,
Thy songs are rarer
Than soft songs be.
O, fleet-foot stranger,
O, north-sea ranger,
Through days of danger
And ways of fear,
Blow thy horn here for us,
Blow the sky clear for us,
Send us the song of the sea to hear.

BY THE LAKE.

What!" said Mrs. Haven, almost in a shriek.

"It's true," said her husband. "They're coming to visit us—every one of 'em! My sister Caroline, because the Scarborough hotels are too intolerably hot for endurance; cousin Herbert Haller, because he is an æsthete, and wants to study nature from a level hitherto untrodden; Mrs. Johnson, because the children don't get well after the whooping-cough; aunt Sadie, on account of a difficulty with her landlady on the subject of poodle dogs; and uncle Jenks, because he never has visited us, and wants to know what my wife is like."

"Dear me," faintly gasped Mary Haven, looking around her pretty sitting-room, draped in pink chintz, fragrant with fresh flowers, and decorated with gilt bird-cages, water-color sketches and Kensington embroidery; "what am I to do?"

"Do?" repeated her husband, who was intent on clipping off the end of his cigar, so that it should "draw" satisfactorily. "There is but one thing to do—let 'em come."

"All at once?"

"Yes, all at once."

"And I with only one girl, and the thermometer at ninety in the shade, and the painters in possession of the second story," hysterically cried the lady.

"Couldn't be a better combination of circumstances, my dear," said Mr. Haven.

"I don't believe those people care a straw about seeing me," said Mrs. Haven, ready to burst into tears.

"Neither do I," said her husband.

"It's only on account of their convenience, the hot weather, and the high prices at the hotels," added Mrs. Haven. "Hugh I've a great mind to commit suicide."

"Don't do that, my dear," said Mr. Haven. "I can suggest a better plan. I was just thinking, do you know——"

"Of telegraphing to the city for a new force of servants, a box of provisions from Fortnum & Mason's, half-a-dozen cots, with hair mattresses and bedding to match?" eagerly interrupted the lady.

"Nothing of the sort," said Mr. Haven serenely eyeing the distant landscape through the amethyst rays of cigar-smoke, 'Of—moving."

"Moving, Hugh?"

"To the little cottage by the lake," Mr. Haven explained.

"Only for a few days, merely on account of the repairs at the house

"Paint upsets my digestion, and the sound of a carpenter's hammer sets my teeth on edge.

"Besides, Hodge, the contractor, can work a good deal faster if we're all out of the way."

"But, Hugh, the cottage is nothing on earth but a camping-out place, with board floors, and not a particle of plaster or paint about it," remonstrated Mary.

"What of that, my love?" said the imperturbable husband.

"Our friends don't come, as I take it, to admire fresco and gilding, but to enjoy our society."

"They'll think we live there always," said Mrs. Haven, with corrugated brow.

"That is precisely what I wish them to think, my dear."

"Oh!" said Mrs. Haven.

"You follow my meaning?"

"I—think—I—begin—to," said she, with an amused light beginning to sparkle in her eyes.

"Yes, dear, perhaps it would be a good plan to move—just while the repairs are in progress."

And she hurried up stairs to pack a few necessaries at once.

The cottage by Windermere was not an imposing edifice.

There was plenty of room in it, such as it was, but the floors were of rude pine boards the windows were undraped, and the furniture was such as was adapted merely to the wants of camping parties who were prepared to "rough it" after the most primitive fashion, and when Mrs. Caroline Montagu Prout drove up to the door, in a break heavily laden with trunks, she stared through her gold eye-glasses in a most ridiculous manner at the rude porch, the shutterless windows, and the unpainted wood settees on the grass.

"This isn't 'The Solitudes!'" she said. "Drive on, man! You have made a mistake."

"This 'ere's where Lawyer Haven's folks live," said the man, leisurely chewing a straw.

"Guess it's enough of a 'solitude' to suit anybody."

"I thought it was a picturesque cottage," said Mrs. Montagu Prout, in accents of the keenest disappointment.

But at this minute Mrs. Haven herself hurried to the door.

"I think you must be my husband's sister Caroline," said she graciously, "Do come in."

"But where are the trunks to go?" said the fashionable widow, who had dazzled the eyes of the Scarborough world with her numerous changes of toilet during the past fortnight.

"You can put them in the shed at the back of the barn," said Mrs Haven graciously.

"I don't think they will quite go up the stairway."

Mr. Haller arrived later in the day—a long-haired, sallow-complexioned young man, in a violet velveteen suit, followed by a countryman carrying his portable easel, color-cases, traveling library, and writing-desk.

He knocked loudly at the door of the cottage with the ivory knob of his cane.

"Can you tell me where Mr. Haven lives?" said he.

"This is the place," said the hostess.

"This?" echoed Mr. Haller.

"You are cousin Herbert, I suppose?" said Mrs. Haven politely. "Walk in. My husband will come by the evening train. Allow me to show you to your room. It is rather small; but we are expecting a good deal of company, and I dare say you won't mind a little inconvenience."

And she left him in a seven-by-nine apartment under the eaves, where he could not stand upright, except just in middle of the room, and where the three-pane window was close to the floor.

"Humph!" soliloquised the æsthete, looking ruefully around him, "this isn't at all what I expected."

Mary Haven had scarcely got downstairs and resumed the manufacture of raspberry pies, when shouts and cries in various keys announced the coming of Mrs. Johnson and her four children from the nearest station.

"Is this cousin Hugh's house, ma?" said Adelaide, the eldest, discontentedly.

"It ain't noth n' but a shanty," loudly proclaimed Alexander Gustavus, the second hope of the family.

"There ain't no paint on it," said Helen Louise.

"Lemme get out! lemme get out!" cried Julietta, "and play in that lovely black mud where the frog is sitting."

Mrs. Johnson sailed in with a scarlet face and a perturbed look.

"I'm afraid, cousin Mary," said she, "that we shall inconvenience you. There don't seem to be much accommodation here."

"Oh, there's plenty of room up in the garret, such as it is," said Mrs. Haven smiling. "Of course, one expects to lead a gipsy life in a place like this; and the lake will be so nice for the little dears to play in, if only they are a little careful, for it's so lucky you are here, cousin Johnson, to help me with the pies and bread, for I'm not a very experienced housekeeper, and——"

"I thought you kept two or three servants," said Mrs Johnson frigid ly.

"I have only one young girl just at present,' said Mrs. Haven; "and, of course, when there's so much company, there's a great deal to do.

"Oh! there comes an old lady with a sweet little dog."

She glanced out of the open doorway.

"Goodness me! if it ain't that intolerable old aunt Sadie, with her inevitable dog," groaned Mrs. Johnson, as a fat elderly lady toiled up the path, in a scarlet shawl and a black-lace hat.

"Bless me!" said aunt Sadie, purple with the heat and dripping with perspiration, "you don't never mean to say, niece Haven, that this 'ere's the place I've heard tell of on lake—what d'ye call it?"

"It is where we live at present," said Mrs. Haven quietly.

"I'm downright sorry I left the hotel at the railroad," said aunt Sadie sadly.

"I ain't used to these unplastered houses, and I'm most sure Trip will catch a bad cold."

Uncle Jenks was the last one to come—a shrewd, brown-faced old man, in a grey suit, and with keen eyes like an eagle.

He looked around him and seemed to take in the situation at once.

"No servants, eh?" said he.

"Well, it's lucky I came.

"I'm pretty handy to fetch water, and split wood, and help about generally; and you're pretty slim, my dear, to do all the work of this house with only a young gal to help you.

"So Hugh hasn't done real well in business?

"I've a little money uninvested myself, and I don't know as I could do better with it than to lend it to my sister's son."

Thus he spoke, cheery and kind, while Mrs. Montagu Prout fanned herself, cousin Herbert Haller did battle with the flies and wasps, Mrs. Johnson followed her four children about in ceaseless terror lest they should be drowned, and aunt Sadie felt her dog's pulse and groaned over the heat.

One night at the cottage settled the question of "to stay or not to stay," in the mind of Mrs. Haven's guests.

"I never slept in such a hot place in my life," said Mrs. Johnson.

"The bed was not long enough for me to stretch myself out in, and the eaves touched my forehead," said cousin Herbert.

"The owls hooted all night in the woods," said aunt Sadie "and kept dear little Trip barking until he was hoarse."

"I wouldn't stay here if you would pay me a hundred pounds a week," said Mrs. Montagu Prout, thinking of her pink silk party-dresses, and twelve-buttoned kid gloves.

"Well," said uncle Jenks drily, "it ain't just the location I should have selected for a summer residence, but I ain't going off to leave Hugh and his wife while I can manage to be useful to them."

So the company departed, with various adieus and insincere protestations of regard, and only uncle Jenks was left; and then Mr. Haven took his cigar out from between his lips.

"Uncle Jenks," said he, "suppose we go up and see how the carpenters and painters are getting along with the conservatory up at the house."

"At what house?" said uncle Jenks.

"Mine," said Mr. Haven.

"Don't you live here?" asked uncle Jenks.

"Not all the time," said Mr. Haven smiling.

"We only came here to accommodate such of our relations as merely desired to make a convenience of us."

"Oh!" said uncle Jenks, a slow smile beginning to break over his shrewd face.

And Mary Haven confessed that her husband's advice had proved excellent.

Uncle Jenks, the one of the troop who really cared two straws for them, was with them still—the rest had all been frightened away by the rusticities of the Windermere cottage.

"And I wish them *bon voyage*," said Mr. Haven calmly.

"So do I," agreed Mary.

A Joke on the Old Man.

The old man, was one of those opin-hearted men who especially pleased to express their views in public places; the conversation had turned upon a recent bold robbery, and he had just fixed the attention of all the passengers in the car upon a demure looking young man who sat next to him, by addressing him sotto voice: "Now, I'm a detective and you stole that money."

As a matter of fact, the young man had not stolen anything, nor was the older man accusing him; he was simply about to explain to the unsophisticated youth, how detectives operate in running down a criminal. He was playing detective and had cast the young man as the thief, just for instance, you know, and warming to his subject, feeling that he had his illustration splendidly in hand, the old man settled right down to business.

"You stole that money," he repeated, "and I'll show you how easily you tripped yourself up."

Everybody in the car intensely interested.

"Last evening," continued the old man, "a person answering your description was observed by several parties to pass and repass the scence of the robbery."

Here the lady who sat next the young man left her seat and stood up in the far end of the car.

"Footprints made by boots exactly of your size where discovered in the yard and on the roof of the veranda, whereby your entrance was effected, and a piece of the very goods from which your clothes are made had been torn out and was found adhering to a sharp point of the iron work."

About this time the young man became conscious that he had for some reason been singled out by the passengers as an object of great interest, and it suddenly occurred to him that they might think the old man's remarks were personal to himself. He endeavored to get in a word or two, but the old man would brook no interruption.

"But that's not all," he went on; "a servant girl discovered your presence, the alarm was given, a shot fired at your retreating figure which penetrated your hat."

Here the passengers noticed a pair of clean cut holes in the young man's hat. The evidence was complete. Murmurs of "What a pity!" "So young, too!" "The little scoundrel!" greeted the young man's ears.

Crimson and speechless, in his mortification he fled the car, followed by all of the passengers but the old man.

"Going to let him go away?" asked the conductor.

"Yes," responded the old man, keeping up the joke; "I pity the poor boy."

"Well, you'll have to pay his fare, then. I didn't get it." And that's where the joke turned on the old man,

No Longer an Innuendo.

Texas preachers are said to be very eccentric, and their mild unnaturalness has given rise to a great many remarks and a few stories. The following narrative was told us confidentially by a slanderer:

A minister arose before a large audience, took his text, and began preaching. A brisk firing of pistols began on the ontside of the church.

"Brother Deacon," said the minister, "I believe those fellows are casting insinuations at me. In fact, I am very nearley convinced," he continued, as a piece of plastering fell from the wall close at his head.

"I Think, parson, that it refers to some one else," replied the deacon.

The minister raised a tumbler of water, and was in the act of applying it to his lips when the glass fell shattered by a shot.

"This is an innuendo no longer," said the minister, wiping the water from his vest; "this is what I term an unmistakable thrust, The congregation will please sing while I go out and investigate the matter. Is there another preacher in the house?"

"Yes," said a man throwing down a stick which he had been whittling, arising and pulling at the waist of his pants like a man who has just straightened up after setting out a row of tobacco across a broad field.

"Got on an extra?"

"Yes."

"Unlimber."

The whittling preacher handed over a large Remington pistol, which the insulted preacher took and drawing one from his belt, started out. After going out there was an immediate improvment in the firing business. It was decidedly more life-like, insomuch that the deacons sat working their fingers. After a while the minister returned, and placing an ear and the nostril and a half of a nose on the pulpit remarked: "He that hath ears to hear, let him behave himself." The sermon then proceeded without interruption.

A Practical Sermon.

Leadville, Colorado, has experienced religion, and Faro Bill, one of its most distinguished citizens, preached the other day, in the absence of—as he expressed it—"the loss mouthpiece of the heavenly mill," to a large and select audience in the variety a theare of the place inside on Sunday as a Church. This is the way the substitute began:

"Feller citizens, the preacher bein' absent, it falls to me to take his hand and play it fur all it is worth. You all know that I'm just learnin' the game, an', of course, I may be expected to make wild breaks, but I don't believe thar's a rooster in the campmean enough to take advantage o' my ignorance, and cold-deck me right on the first deal. I'm sincere in this new departure, an' I believe I've struck a game that I can play clear through without copperin' a bet for when a man tackles such a lay-out as this, he plays every card to win, and if he goes through the deal as he orter do, when he lays down to die, an' the last case is ready to slide from the box he can call the turn every time.

"I was readin' in the Bible to-day that yarn about the Prodigal Son, and I want to tell yer the story. The book don't give no dates, but it happened long, long ago. This Prodigal Son had an old man that put up the coin every time the kid struck him for a stake, an' never kicked at the size of the pile, either. I recon the old man was pretty well fixed, an' when he died he intended to give all his wealth to this kid an' his brother. Prod give the old man a little game o' talk one day, and injuced him to whack up in advance o' the death racket. He'd no sooner got his divvy in his fist than he shook the old man an' struck out to take in some o' the other camps. He had a way-up time for a while, an' slung his cash to the front like he owned the best payin' lead on earth; but hard luck hit him a lick at last, an' left him flat. The book don't state what he went broke on, but I recon he got steered up agin some brace game. But anyhow he got left without a chip, or a four-bit piece to go an' eat on. And old granger then tuk him home, an' set him to herdin' hogs an' here he got so hard up an' hungry that he piped off the swine while they were feedin' an' he stood in with 'em on a shuck lunch. He soon weakened on such plain provender, an says to himself, says he: 'Even the old man's hired hands are livin' on square grub, while I'm worryin' along here on corn husks straight. I'll just take a grand tumble to myself, an' chop on this racket at once. I'll skip back to the governor and try to fix things up, and call fur a new deal.' So off he started.

"The old man seed the kid a comin' and what do you reckon he did? Did he pull his gun and lay for him, intending to wipe him as soon as he got into the range? Did he call the dogs to chase him off the ranch? Did he hustle around for a club and give him a stand off at the front gate? Eh? Not to any alarming extent he didn't; no, sir. The scripture book says he waltzed out to meet him, and froze to him on the spot and kissed him, and then marched him off to a clothing store and fitted him out in the nobbiest rig to be had for coin. Then the old gent invited all the neighbors, and killed a fat calf, and gave the biggest blow-out the camp ever seen."

At the conclusien of the narrative the speaker paused, evidently framing in his mind a proper application of the story. Before he could resume a tall, blear-eyed gambler, with a fierce mousache, arose and said:

"Tain't me as would try ter break up a meeting or do anything disreligious. No, sir; I am not that sort of a citizen. But in all public hoo-doos it is a parliamentary rule for anybody as wants to ax questions to rise up an' fire them off. I do not want ter fool away time questioning the workings of religion; oh, no. As long as it is kept in proper bounds, and does not interfere with the boys in their games, I do not see as it can do harm. I just want ter ax the honorable speaker if he has not given himself dead away? Does it stand ter reason that a bloke would feed apon corn husks when there was hash factories in the camp? Would anybody hev refused him the price of a square meal if he had struck them for it? Would any of the dealers that beat him out of his coin see him starve? As I remarked afore, I do not want to make any disrespectable breaks but I must say that I got it put up that the speaker has been trying ter feed us on cussed thin taffy, and no one but a silly would take it up."

Bill glared upon the speaker and fairly hissed:

"Do you mean to say that I am a liar?"

"Well, you can take it just as you choose. Some folks would swallow it in that shape."

Bill pulled his revolver, and, in an instant, the bright barrels of numerous weapons flashed in the air as the friends of each party prepared for active duty. The brevet preacher was the first to fire and the rash doubter of spiritual truths fell on the ground. Shot followed shot in quick succession and when quiet was again restored a score or more of dead and wounded men was carried from the tent. Having secured attention, Bill said:

Further proceedings is adjourned for the day. You will receive the doxology."

The audience arose.

"May grace, mercy, and peace be with you, now and forever, amen. And I want it distinctly understood that I am going to maintain a proper respect for the gospel if I have to croak every son of-a-gun of a sinner in the mines. Meetin' is out."

The crowd filed from the tent as coolly as if nothing extraordinary had occurred, and a man remarked:

"Bill has got the sand to make a hang-up preacher, and I would not wonder if he made a big mark in the world yet."

Progress of Education in Japan.

The seventh annual report of the Japanese Minister of Education states that there are 28,025 common schools in Japan, of which 16,710 are public, and the remainder private; there being an increase of 1,316 and 125 respectively, as compared with the previous year. The number of high schools is 107 public and 677 private there being an increase of 42 and 63 respectively. Besides the above, many *Kindergarten* and primary schools were established. These private schools, even now, play a most important part in Japanese national life and education. Many of them have hundreds of students attracted by the fame of a single teacher. Youths flock from all parts of the country to sit at the feet of a renowned scholar, as men did in Europe to hear Abelard. The most celebrated of these leaders of youth—for this they are, rather than simple schoolmasters in our sense of the the word—is Mr. Fukusawa, of Tokio, whose translations from European books and original works on the political and social questions of the day are read far and wide in Japan.

The students of this gentleman fill many of the most important offices in the state; some of them recently formed themselves into a patriotic society, and established a newspaper, in which the acts of the government are subject to much caustic criticism. Long after the ordinary educational work of their teacher is done, and the young men have gone out into the world to do for themselves, they continue to reside near him, to study under his direction, and to form classes in which important public questions can be freely discussed under his guidance. One of his classes translated the whole of Adam Smith's "Wealth of Nations" into Japanese, with annotations, and many other important European works, especially those on philosophy and politics.

BISULPHIDE of carbon is recommended for the extermination of the squash vine borer; it is applied by making a small hole with a pointed stick, at the root of the plant, pouring in a half a teaspoonful of the liquid, and quickly closing the hole with the foot. The liquid is extremely volatile, and its vapor is very poisonous and terribly explosive, so that the greatest of care must be exercised in handling it, and no fire, not even so much as a lighted pipe or cigar, must be tolerated in its vicinity.

Garibaldi at Sea.

"In the long summer nights at sea," said a friend who knew Garibaldi, "we sat upon the deck, and he recited Italian poems. He was a poet himself—a poet in action. When he stood in his red shirt upon the balcony at Naples and gave the kingdom to the king, he was the same simple man as on those summer nights at sea." But whoever remembers the days of Gregory XVI., the last pope but one, may well rub his eyes as he reads that a triumphal procession, headed by the municipal authorities, marched through the chief street of Rome, amid universal acclamation, carrying a bust of Garibaldi, which it deposited in the Capitol. There were the usual details of pageantry—the black-veiled ladies, the chariot typical of triumphal entries, the figure of Liberty crowning the bust, and there were the red-shirted veterans, the historic flags, the great banners of Italian cities, the schools, the clubs, the artists and the committees. But more than the spectacle was its significance. It was new Italy, regenerated Italy, the Italy to which Gregory XVI, is as remote and alien a figure as Alexander VII., the Borgia. Perhaps some of the strangers who watched the procession smiled at the black veils and the emblematical Liberty and the allegorical figures, thinking them trival and melodramatic, and giving an artificial and insincere aspect to the spectacle. But the pine must allow for the palm. The cooler northern temperament must not be severe upon southern ardor lavishing itself in expression. Long ago the Easy Chair was wandering in Italy, when the Austrians were occupying Lombardy, and had just taken possession of Milan. On all the roads, at the cafes, on garden balconies, there were Italians with symbolic hats and symbolic ribbons, and loud gesticulation and gusts of patriotic song; and despite its sympathy with the Italian cause, and its consequent detestation of the *maladetti Tedeschi*, the Easy Chair could not but hear the line of Browning's contemptuous Luitolfo mockingly and constantly repeating itself: "I have known three-and-twenty leaders of revolts." And so supreme was his disdain of Italian patriotism and persistence that the sneering Luitolfo was sure that the twenty-fourth would be as imbecile or treacherous as his predecessors. So it was incredible to a child of Sam Adams and the New York Sons of Liberty that men who really meant to rescue their country from the grasp of a tyrant would tie ribbons in their hats, and waste patrotism in frivolity, and apparently suppose that a revolution could be helped by millinery. It was but a generation ago, and yet it was that generation which has redeemed Italy and driven the Austrian away. The temperament is not our temperament. But it is our temperament sometimes to confound the florid expression with the sentiment, and then we deceive ourselves. "Why cannot Alfred say a thing without jingling it?" asked Carlyle of Tennyson. Carlyle mistook the rhyme for the poem. The impatient pine often thinks that the palm spends itself utterly upon expression, forgetting that it is the same deep affection for the dead child which often hardens the father into stone, and dissolves the mother into a flood of woe. Garibaldi was a perfect type of that Southern temperament. His career illustrates the persistent and creative power of sentiment. He typified the new Italy to itself. He was the symbol of the sentiment which Cavour moulded into a nation, and he will be always canonized more universally than any Italian patriot, because no other represented so purely and simply to the national imagination the Italian ideal of patriotic devotion. "He was himself a poet," said his fellow voyager. He had that enthusiasm of high sentiment which makes no calculation for defeat, because it does not believe in it. Despite Napoleon, even battles are not sums in arithmetic. It is strange that Napoleon, half of whose success was due to a sentiment—the glory of France—which welded his army into a thunderbolt and still burns to our later hearts in the fervid of song Beranger, should have supposed that it is numbers and not conviction and enthusiasm which win the final victory. *Italia fara da se.* Garibaldi was that faith incarnate, and its prophecy is fulfilled. Italy, more proud than stricken bears his bust to the Capitol and there its elegant marble will say, while Rome endures, that one man with God, with country, with duty and conscience, is at last the majority.

ANOTHER girl: "Do you know, my young friend, that it pains me to see you cling to your cigarretts?" said a philanthropist to a pallid young man this morning. "You will have Angina Pectoris, as sure as you're born." "Already engaged to Arabella Higgins, so you see Angina has no attractions for me." The philanthropist moved on.

CORNERED: "Now, my dear, what do you mean by coming home in this condition?" said a New Haven woman to her spouce. "I'm not in this condition, I'm not." "What have you been drinking?" Nothing but pump juice, my dear; nothing but pump juice." "Pump juice; is it? I suppose you think I never heard tell of a beer pump?" Being thus cornered, he acknowledged that he was corned.

"Wa' of it?" said the old gentleman, sustaining himself with great dignity and a lamp post: "Sho'm I."

The Republican.

SATURDAY, Sept. 16, 1882

For Congress---7th District,

GEN. WM. H. FORNEY.

OF CALHOUN.

Mr Long the American consul to Alexandria, was attacked by a mob of Egyptians and terribly beaten.

The Birmingham Daily Age has enlarged and commenced taking the press dispatches, and taken on all the habiliments of a first class daily paper. They fit it very well and we hope the improvement will be a profitable one to the enterprising proprietors.

A Sanantonia, Texas, dispatch of September 1st says about 120 persons were drowned by the Concho flood and fifteen thousand sheep, cattle and horses were lost. Loss to property ranges from $75,000 to $100,000. The river rose fifty feet. Bodies are coming to the surface daily.

Montgomery Advertiser: The Railroad Commission are busily engaged in preparing their regular annual report to the Governor, as prescribed by the act creating that body. This report, as well as that made last year, will be laid before the Legislature in November. The report will, no doubt, be quite interesting.

A scientific writer in the New York World says the germs of typhoid fever are contained in impure water, and not in the form of miasmatic atmosphere. That owing to the great drouth of last year the water veins of the earth were not supplied sufficiently to carry off the accumulated poison from decayed vegetation, and that owing to the excessive rainfall this year the poison is being carried into the wells. As a preventative the water should be boiled or filtered through charcoal.

Almost everything is made out of paper now—car wheels and buckets, coffins, and cradles buggy boxes, and table cloths, and now a Dresdon firm is making watch cases of pulp. The paper is made in such a manner as to be almost as serviceable as metal, particularly when it has a matalic ring; and the invention will bring watches within the means of the peasants.

Fifteen lives are lost on the British coasts each week on an average and thus in 26 years about 20,000 have perished, chiefly in the occupation of fishing. These losses have generally been regarded as inevitable, but a society has been formed for providing places of refuge on the coast for fishermen and other mariners. Convict labor is to be used in the construction of these harbors.

A declaration was filed in the office of Secretary of State on the 5th inst., for the incorporation of the Cincinnati and Gulf Narrow Gauge Railway Company. signed by L. P. Walker, Milton Humes, David P. Lewis, John M. Crowder, Wm. P. Newman, James C. White and John D. Brandon. This road is designed to run from Montgomery, by way of Wetumpka, Talladega, Ashville and Huntsville, to some point on the Tennessee line, and will traverse of the finest agricultural, mineral and timber lands in the State. The capital stock is five hundred thousand dollars.—Montgomery Advertiser.

Of Annie Surratt a Baltimore coresponder of the Cincinnati Commercial says; Annie Surratt the poor girl who suffered so terribly as to make her old while yet young in years, lives near her brother John. She is the wife of Prof. Toury, who is now the leading chemist of Baltimore. After her mother had been hung, her own mental faculties were scattered by the agonies she had undergone, the innocent girl was ostracised and persecuted to an extent that is a disgrace to our so called Christian civilization. Years after when Mr. Toury,—then a government clerk—dared to marry her, he was dismissed from office for the offense For a time they were very poor, but being turned out of the government proved the making of him after all. They are now prosperous enough in a worldly point of view, but the once blith and beautiful Annie is a wreck, both mentally, physically, with hair as white as the driven snow, though but little more than thirty of age. She never recovered from the shock of that awful day the last of her mother's life, and subject to fits of nervousness, bordering on delirium.

Cullman Immigrant: An old gentleman, long a resident of this section, was in town last Saturday and took a walk down to where Messrs. Cullman are manufacturing wine cider and vinegar. "Well, said he, "twenty years ago, if a man had told me this, I would not have believed him. Why I have killed deer all aronnd, in sight of this place"—It was a novel scene to the old gentleman. Farmers were unloading their grapes and othe fruits, while others were weighing and paying for them, and still others were grinding and pressing them. Barrels upon barrels were filled and stacked away, until over ten thousand gallons of wine and thousands of gallons of cider adorn their spacious cellars, and still the work goes on. Next season a large distillery will be added.

THE COUNTRY'S CROPS.

Agricultural Department's Reports on the Absorbing Subject.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 11,

The Department report of the Department of Agriculture on the condition of cotton shows improvement since the first of August, in Virginia, North Carolina, Tennessee, Arkansas, and Texas; some deterioration in South Carolina, Georgia and the States of the Gulf coast to Louisiana inclusive. The general average of August is 94, of September 92, which is the same as in September 1880 and higher than in any other season for ten years. Last year the average dropped from 88 in August to 70 in September The State averages are as follows: Virginia, 90, North Carolina, 88, South Carolina 95, Georgia 89, Florida 83, Alabama 90, Mississippi 88, Louisiana 89, Texas 101, Arkansas 100, Tennessee 89. These figures indicate, as they stand, a large crop, but from every quarter comes the intimation of too much rain for heavy fruiting, too much weed, some shedding of bolls a tendency to rust, and later developments of bolls than usual. Under these conditions an early frost would be especially injurious. The caterpillar has made its appearance in many counties of the Gulf Coast States. In some places the second generation is webbing up. While the damage is inappreciable as yet in most cases, fears are expressed that the third brood may do great injury. The boll worms are reported at many points. In Denton county, Texas, their destruction is estimated at $10.000.

CORN--The corn crop in all the regions south of Peensylvania and the Ohio river is in high condition. In every State except West Virginia, it is represented by one hundred or higher figures. In many districts of the South the crop is reported to be the best in twenty years. In the New England States there has been a very sharp decline, except in Vermont, from 81 to 75 in Maine, 95 to 62 in New Hampshire, 87 to 60 in Massachusetts, 93 to 70 in Rhode Island, and from 96 to 65 in Connecticut. A decline of 8 points in New York and New Jersy, and of 4 in Pennsylvania is indicated. The loss in all States is due to the drought, which has been especially severe in New England. There has been abundant rain in all the other States. In the corn growing States of the Ohio Valley the prospects average very nearly as at last report. The general average of condition is 82, the same as in August. Last year there was a decline from 77 in August to 60 in September. in 1880 the Septemb r average was 91. If early frosts do not injure the crops, the product will be materially larger than last year, but the heavy production of 1879 and 1880 can not be approached under the most favorable circumstances.

OATS—The oat crop when harvested was in unusually high condition, yielding heavily in threshing. The general average is 100, very few States falling below that figure, among them New Jersy, Maryland, Pennsylvania, and Virginia.

RYE—The rye crop is also above the average in nearly all the States and was harvested in good condition.

TOBACCO—The general average for tobacco is 89. and for the States of Pennsylvania 86 Maryland 95, Virginia 93 Kentucky 91, Ohio 65; and Missouri 93.

The Licen e System.

Cor. Tuscaloosa Gazette.

The license system is a business that every Christian nation has deplored as an *unmitigated evil*. In no civilized country has intoxicating liquor been sold as a beverage without license for more than one hundred years.

By common consent it is so great an evil that it needs to be restrained and controlled by law. But is the present license system sufficiently restrictive? Does it accomplish what it originally intended to do?

We unhesitatingly reply that it does not. The multiplication of retail saloons and the consequent enlargement of the business by the license system of the present day, wholly destroys the original design of controlling and limiting the traffic. It really encourages the business by giving a kind of monopoly and consent increased gains to those who engage in the business.

And further,—it legalizes, and to some extent, makes respectable and tolerable the business. that otherwise, would be regarded as an intolerable nuisance, if not a crime. The only apology offered in defense of the system is the revenue derived from the licenses. But this reason, if tested by facts and figures, will be found to be no reason at all. Take the record of any incorporated town where this system prevails, and compare the revenue derived from the licenses, with the costs of its sale to the community, and it will be plain to any unsophisticated mind, that the latter exceeds the former many times. But it is impossible to measure the enormities of of the license system in dollars and cents. Suppose the State or City does derive some revenue from the sale of liquor, has the State or city the right to license a business so full of evil and so ruinous to the best interests of society? A business that destroys so many of the promising youth of the land, "the rose and expectancy of the State;" that devastates so many homes that otherwise might be happy and prosperous; and makes paupers and criminals or those, who, but for this, might become useful and honorable citizens. Is this an exaggerated statement of some of the evils of the present license system? Would that it were so, but alas, it is ONLY the sad and solemn truth.

REVIVAL MEETING—A very interesting series of meetings have been in progress at the Baptist church since last Saturday, conducted by the pastor, assisted by Dr. L. R. Gwaltney, of Rome, Ga., and Rev. T. P. Gwin, of Oxford. The prayer-meetings at 6 a. m. are well attended, and very much enjoyed by the members. Dr Gwaltney preached twice on Sunday, Monday and Tuesday. The people of Oxford have enjoyed a rare treat in the privilege and opportunity of listening to this able divine, whose sermons all the time have been peculiarly and incomparably eloquent, forcible and effective, as well as scholarly. The congregations are large and attentive, and a very deep prevailing interest is apparent We feel confident that great good is being accomplished by these services and the seed which are being sown will spring up and bear much fruit, to the honor of the Master, and which will tell in the harvest for eternity.—Oxford News.

Tuscaloosa will have a steam laundry soon.

General News.

A michigan presiding elder has refused to dedicate a Methodist church to the Lord with mortgages and mechanic's liens on it.

Mattresses made of needles from South Carolina pine boughs are said to cure pulmonary and rheumatic ailments, and an active trade in them has been established.

Greensboro, N. C. has a novel lawsuit. It is to decide the ownership of an alligator found running at large in the streets, and to which several persons laid claim.

PENSACOLA, FLA., September 11. The storm last night was the severest ever witnessed here. The velocity of the wind at one time was fifty five miles per hour. The quarantine boat, Gov. Bloxham, capsized while enroute from the quarantine station, and Richard and Jabez Marlon were drowned. The British bark, Roda also capsized; her captain and crew clung to her bottom until rescued this morning. Several vessels are also ashore near the quarantine station and on Santa Rosa Island. The interior wall of the opera-house was blown down, causing $500 damage.

LYNCHBURG VA., September 11. The rains yesterday and last night caused a great rise in James River and its tributary streams, overflowing low lands and damaging crops and destroying property. Five hundred feet of trestle used in extending a dam across the river at this place was washed away, carrying five workmen with it, who after riding six miles on timbers, managed to swim to shore.

The Richmond and Alleghany railroad bridge accross Tye river was washed up and other damage done along the line of railroads.

COLUMBUS, GA., Heavy rain and wind storm visited this section on Saturday night and continued more or less throughout Sunday. Shade trees in this city were blown down by hundreds. Reports are received of much damage done to cotton and corn, fences and forest timber.

A special from Tuskegee Ala, says that about 1,000 trees were blown down in that city, and the damage to crops in the surrounding country is estimated at $50,000 No loss of life is reported.

A special from Talbotton Ga., says a destructed wind and rain passed over that section Saturday night. It is reported to have been the most destructive that has visited that section since 1856. Great damage was done to crops and timber.

YELLOW FEVER.

GALVESTON, Sept., 12—A News Matamoras special says: The fever shows no change. During the twenty four hours to nine a. m. yesterday there were four deaths, all of yellow fever, and for the same period to nine a. m. to day also four deaths all yellow fever.

For the week ending at 6 a. m. yesterday there were 19 deaths, all of yellow fever In Brownsville, by official report, for the twenty four hours ending 9 a m. yesterday there were fifty two new cases and three deaths of fever, to same period to-day 57 new cases and one death, not of fever. A son of Dr. Woolf died yesterday. Maj. Witherall and wife are down with the disease and also the wife of Maj. Weine. There are eleven cases in the garrison. Camp Smith is covered with water and a steamboat went to bring the troops to Fort Brown yesterday The relief committee give aid to 378 families Thirty six hundred relief tickets in all have been issued by the committee who so far received about $15,000 in subscriptions from all sources. Quarantine against Matamoras was so far modified to-day as to allow parties to cross by means of a pass. The revenue cutter McLane is in sight of Brazos.

BROWNSVILLE, Texas, Sept. 12 Forty seven new cases of yellow fever were reported to day and one death that of the customs inspector, C. Malley.

MURRAY, Physician.

Sacramental Row.

From the Athens (Ala.) Courier.

In the Judge Malone's Court at Athens, Ala, Nogday a very amusing case was heard. In the cause of the State against Harry Easter' colored, the proof showed that a colored sacramental meeting over in Elk, the pastor refused to let any member of the congregation take the sacrament unless he would put ten cents in the plate. At the collection Harry Easter dssired to put in five cents. He gave the deacon a dollar and was given the change therefor a nickle with a hole in it, which he put in the plate. The pastor desired all those who had contributed to rise to their feet and Harry arose with the rest, whereupon the pastor remarked that Easter was up and contributed two and a half cents. A general hubbug ensued, during which "fragrance" as one of the witnesses called the fracas, an old man who had brought the sacrament took it off the table, put it in a sack and with it and his old woman bolted the meeting.

More Alabama Iron Ore

Special to Chattanooga Times.

GUNTERSVILLE, ALA., September 10.—There has been considerable excitement in this (Marshall) county for the last week or two among certain parties about large deposits of iron ore which have been recently been found near Warrenton and also on Town Creek near Rains' and Cooper's. Large quantities of land have been leased or bought, and it is nothing uncommon to find men who firmly believe there are "millions in it." Col. Critcher expects to see the furnaces and rolling mills before a great while.

MOTHERS SHOULD KNOW IT.—Fretful babies cannot help disturbing everybody, and mothers should know how soothing Parker's Ginger Tonic is. It stops babies pains, makes them healthy, relieves their own anxiety and is safe to use.—Journal.

CORRESPOND WITH

COOPER McCLELEN & CO.,

Alexandria, Ala.,

GENERAL AGENTS AND DEALERS IN

Agricultural Implements

aug26-tf. AND MACHINERY.

COTTON SEED WANTED.

We will pay HIGHEST CASH PRICE at all times for seed, or will give in exchange for one Ton of seed, one half the weight of the seed in solid CONCNTRATED MEAL, made of the kernels alone, which is worth as much as $25 invested in any of the high priced fertilizers in the market. It will also be as valuable as 25 to 30 cents per bushel for your seed.

ROME OIL MILL&S FERTILIZER CO.,

Rome, Ga.

aug26—4m.

Purifies the BLOOD. EDWARD WILDER'S SARSAPARILLA and POTASH Removes PIMPLES & SORES WILL

The three gigantic evils of civilized man are Scrofula, Chronic Rheumatism, and Neuralgia.

The combination which by his process, is made between these two reliable medicines, is one rarely attained, but which brings out their most useful properties. They clean the entire glandular system, they purify the blood whose impurity is at the source of all these afflictions, they increase and render all the secretions healthy. Numberless testimonials pour upon him for their wonderfully restorative and strengthening effects from sufferers who have been benefited by this wonderful medicine. We need not say that in cases of MERCURIAL TAINT its effects are magical, for it removes all the bad blood, and re-invigorates the constitution by making it pure, and clean, and fresh. It is an unfailing and speedy cure for all **Skin Diseases**; it removes **Tetter** and **Ringworm**; prevents **Falling of the Hair**, and a sure relief for **Swellings, old Sores, Syphilis** and **Venereal Diseases.**

SARSAPARILLA NEVER FAILS to CURE. AND POTASH UNFAILING, Rapid and SAFE.

The condition as above indicated, exists in almost every family. With some the troubles are of recent standing, while many have become chronic and difficult to overcome. Old and young females are constant victims. Dr. Dromgoole's English Female Bitters makes positive and unmistakable cures of all lingering female weaknesses, excesses, irregularities and periodical obstructions; imparts strength and vigor to the feeble and emaciated; builds up and re-animates flagging, broken-down and worn-out constitutions; repairs damages inflicted by years of painful suffering; regulates, comforts and consoles the troubled maiden, and is a fast friend to mothers all along the troubled pathway of their married lives. It cures ovarian diseases, uterine displacements and ulcerations, hysterics, leucorrhœa, chlorosis, weakness of the kidneys and back, revives the drooping, despondent and melancholy, calms the excitable and nervous. It is a never-failing iron tonic female regulator. $1.00. Sold every-where. Family Medical Adviser mailed *free* to any address. J. P. DROMGOOLE & Co., Proprietors, Louisville, Ky.

At the bedside, the physician's first question is, "How are your bowels?" proving that they must in all cases be properly attended to at once, by the use of some medicine that will cleanse the stomach, excite strong medicines, produce pain, griping, sick stomach, and often cause the loss of time. Dr. Bailey's Indian Aperient is relieved of all these unpleasant effects; it acts mildly upon the bowels, causes a free flow of bile, relieves constipation, billiousness, sick headache, acid stomach, heartburn, colic, indigestion, etc.

It is a white powder, and is as cooling and pleasant as a glass of soda water. Large Bottles 50 cents.

PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM.

This elegant dressing is preferred by those who have used it, to any similar article, on account of its superior cleanliness and purity. It contains materials only that are beneficial to the scalp and hair and always

Restores the Youthful Color to Gray or Faded Hair

Parker's Hair Balsam is finely perfumed and is warranted to prevent falling of the hair and to remove dandruff and itching. Hiscox & Co., N.Y.

50c. and $1 sizes, at dealers in drugs and medicines.

PARKER'S GINGER TONIC

A Superlative Health and Strength Restorer.

If you are a mechanic or farmer, worn out with overwork, or a mother run down by family or household duties try PARKER'S GINGER TONIC.

If you are a lawyer, minister or business man exhausted by mental strain or anxious cares, do not take intoxicating stimulants, but use Parker's Ginger Tonic

If you have Consumption, Dyspepsia, Rheumatism, Kidney Complaints, or any disorder of the lungs, stomach, bowels, blood or nerves, PARKER'S GINGER TONIC will cure you. It is the Greatest Blood Purifier And the Best and Surest Cough Cure Ever Used.

If you are wasting away from age, dissipation or any disease or weakness and require a stimulant take GINGER TONIC at once; it will invigorate and build you up from the first dose but will never intoxicate. It has saved hundreds of lives; it may save yours.

CAUTION!—Refuse all substitutes. Parker's Ginger Tonic is composed of the best remedial agents in the world, and is entirely different from preparations of ginger alone. Send for circular to Hiscox & Co., N. Y. 50c. & $1 sizes, at dealers in drugs.

GREAT SAVING BUYING DOLLAR SIZE.

FLORESTON

Its rich and lasting fragrance has made this delightful perfume exceedingly popular. There is nothing like it. Insist upon having FLORESTON COLOGNE and look for signature of

Hiscox & Co

on every bottle. Any druggist or dealer in perfumery can supply you. 25 and 75 cent sizes.

LARGE SAVING BUYING 75c. SIZE.

COLOGNE

sept2- 82-1y

UNIVERSITY OF ALABAMA.

Session of 1882-'83.

THE UNIVERSITY will be open for students the

21st of September next.

The Academic Department embraces three courses of study- The Classical, Scientific and Engineering courses—the last being under the direction of Col. R. A. HARDAWAY. Students can also take an irregular course if preferred.

Each county is entitled to have three young men educated at the University without charge for tuition.

The whole expense, per term, for board, tuition, fuel, light, attendance, washing, &c., is $95. Uniforms cost about $35 per annum.

Law students are not subject to military discipline, and do not board and lodge in University buildings.

For further information send for catalogue or address B. B. LEWIS

july29—tol President.

COTTON is KING KING of COTTON! BUT OUR ENGINE IS

Invaluable patented improvements found in no other ENGINES in the world. For Pamphlets and Price List, (also for SAW MILLS), address THE AULTMAN & TAYLOR CO., Mansfield, Ohio.

CALHOUN COLLEGE,

MALE AND FEMALE,

Jacksonville, Ala.

The 11th Session of this Institution, (under the present Principal) begins the 1st Monday in September, 1882, and will continue FOUR scholastic months.

COURSE OF STUDY.—Mathematics, Languages, Science, Literature, Music, Book-keeping, Theory and Practice of teaching, etc.

The location is proverbially healthy—free from all malarial or local causes for sickness. The Instructors are competent and enthusiastic. The instruction is careful and thorough—the community moral, cultivated and religious.

The charges for tuition, &c., will be the same as formerly, for the Preparatory and Collegiate departments.

The Primary department will be ABSOLUTELY FREE. No charge whatever will be made against the parent or guardian for those strictly in this department.

Pupils will be charged from the date of entrance to the close of the term, and no deduction will be made for lost time, except in cases of protracted sickness.

Good Board can be had at reasonable rates.

For further particulars address

W. J. BORDEN,

aug26—tf. Principal.

Notice to Executors, Administrators and Guardians.

Executors and Administrators who have not made a settlement within the last 12 months, are hereby notified to come into court by the 1st day of October next and file their accounts for settlement, and Guardians who have not made settlement within the last three years are notified to come and file their accounts by the time above mentioned, and make settlement. All who fail to comply with this notice, will be proceeded against as the law prescribes.

A. WOODS,

aug19-'82-3t Judge Pro. C.C.

JOE. A. WALDEN. W. W. WOODWARD

Walden & Woodward,

ATTORNEYS AT LAW,

Jacksonville, Ala.

Will practice in all the courts of the Circuit, and the Supreme Courts of the State. Prompt attention given to the collection of claims.

NOTICE.

A special meeting of the Jacksonville Mining Co. is hereby called to meet at the Court House in Jacksonvill Ala, at 10 o'clock A. M on Monday the 28th day of August 1882, for the purpose of making a change in the By-laws of the Company, and such other business as may be of interest to the Company.

By order of the President,

G. B. DOUTHIT.

I. L. SWAN, Sec'y. aug12,'82-3t

SEED OATS FOR SALE.

I have a choice lot of Red Rust Proof and Burt Oats for sale at my residence n Jacksonville.

ug26-4tn JOHN M. CROOK.

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE.

A Chance For Bargains!

Messrs. STEVENSON & GRANT,

Real Estate Brokers,

JACKSONVILLE, ALA.,

OFFER the following described places for sale at a bargain. For full description and particulars, apply to them.

3

80 ACRES, three and a half miles North of Mt. Polk, 17 acres cleared land, mostly fresh. Rails enough to fence 40 acres more. Land good No houses. Can be paid for in six yearly payments of cotton. Call on or address J D McCormick, Mack Ala

4

100 ACRES within one and a half miles of Anniston, 50 acres cleared, 50 acres well timbered and accessible. Iron ore, good water, orchard, dwelling, outhouses, blacksmith and woodshop well patronized, on the place. School house and church within on fourth mile. Geo. Pacific R. R. survey through the place.

5

120 ACRES near Cherokee and Calhoun line. Framed dwelling house and other improvements. 50 acres in cultivation. All in a body—greater part level and good. In good neighborhood.

6

180 ACRES, 8 miles west of Jacksonville on Gadsden and Jacksonville road. Good improvements, finely watered, fencing in good condition and land in fine state of cultivation. 100 acres open. 85 acres woodland well timbered. Red and yellow clay subsoil.

7

2500 ACRES in a body, on Tallassatchie and Ohatchie creeks. As fine land as lies in Calhoun. Three splendid residences and ten or twelve tenant houses. No room for description in this advertisement. Can sell one to five places from this tract, or all in a body, at a bargain.

8

A splendid farm of 800 acres in the valley of Alexandria, 500 acres open and under fence, 640 in a body, and 160 of woodland seperated from main body by only one forty. Has a large and convenient dwelling and many tennant houses. The land has red clay subsoil; lies very level and will hold all the manures put on it. Ample water supply from two springs. Fine native and cultivated grasses. Land produces well. Would make a splendid stock farm. It will be sold at a bargain.

And other places of very desirable character. We shall continue the advertisement of places given us for sale from time to time without charge to the parties who give us their lands to sell. We have printed power of attorney to sell land now on hand, and all parties who place their lands in our hands for sale will be expected to sign them up. We require this both in order that there may be no dispute as to amount of our fee in case of sale, and to show parties who may desire to purchase that we have a right to sell. Of course under this power, the owner will have the deeds to sign before the sale would be complete. STEVENSON & GRANT,

july9—tf Jacksonville, Ala

H. A. SMITH'S

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

MUSIC

—AND—

BOOK STORE,

Rome, Ga.

Just opening out an immense stock of Writing Desks, Work Boxes, Toilett Setts, China and Glass Vases, Motto Cup, Saucers and Mugs, Fancy Glass Inkstands, Stationery, Photograph and Autograph Albums, Bibles, Prayer Books, Poetical and standard works, Juvenile books, Pictures, Picture Frames, Tin, China and Rubber Toys in great variety, Wax Dolls, Games, Silver-plated Ware, suitable for wedding and holiday presents, Gold Pens, Port Monaies, and a thousand novelties.

Piano's and Orgnns, of the best make, at wholesale prices. Orders by mail solicited Prices cheerfully given.

dec4 H. A. SMITH.

State Agricultural and Mechanical College,

AUBURN, ALA.

Session of 1882—83.

First term begins Sept. 27th. Four regular degree courses, viz: Agricultural, Engineering, Literature and Science. Special courses of study allowed. Full faculty and excellent facilities for teaching. Tuition free. Board and other expenses light. For catalogue and other information apply to

W. LEROY BROWN, L. L. D.

Or President.

E. GLENN, Treas. july23—to1

JAMES HUTCHINSON,

Barber & Hair-dresser,

Room on Office Row, recently occupied by Dick Walker.

If you desire to have a pleasant and clean shave, or have your hair trimmed in neat and fashionable style, give him a call. Jacksonville, Apl. 20, 1878

Lumber! Lumber!

The Steam Saw Mill of CAMP BROS., at Weavers Station, has recently been greatly improved, and orders will be promptly filled for

YELLOW PINE LUMBER,

Of all descriptions, as well as

Laths, &c.,

Dry Lumber furnished when needed. Price moderate. Send in your orders.

CAMP BROS.

may6-'82—3m Weavers Station, Ala.

W. C. LAND,

WATCHMAKER,

—AND—

JEWELER,

Jacksonville, - - - Ala.

Also, agent for Meriden CT Table cutlery and silver and plated ware. Also agent for Elgin Watch co, and other American make May, 1st 1880

Administrator's Sale.

By virtue of an order of sale granted by the Probate Court of Calhoun county, State of Alabama, Hon. A. Woods Judge, the undersigned, Administrator of the estate of L. W. Cannon, dec'd, will sell at public out-cry, for cash, to the highest bidder, before the Court House door

On Monday the 2nd day of Oct. '82,

the following real estate belonging to the estate of L. W. Cannon dec'd, to-wit:

A one half undivided interest in the W½ of S W¼ of section 7 in township 14 and range 9, lying in Calhoun county. State of Alabama. Said land is mostly in timber, lies near Jacksonville, and the Chalybeate springs are supposed to be adjacent to the land, and may be on the land as the line is not known. Also at the same time, place and terms, will sell Two Shares in the Jacksonville Mining Company and two shares in the Cleburne county Mining Company.

H. L. STEVENSON,

Adm'r of the estate of L. W. Cannon dec'd. Sept9t3.

YOUNG MEN

SHOULD ATTEND

MOORE'S

BUSINESS UNIVERSITY

ATLANTA, GA.

A Model Business School

ACTUAL BUSINESS

STUDENTS ON CHANGE

A Practical School for the Times

No Theory. No copying from books. best course of instruction ever adopted the practical education of young men, and men of middle age.

The course of students comprises a variety of Business and Finance, from R to Banking operations. Book-keeping all its various methods. Business terms and usages. Business writing, respondence, business Arithmetic, Commercial Law, Lectures, Partnership, Settlements etc., etc.

No vacations. Students can enter at time Circulars containing full particulars mailed *free* to any address.

une18—1y B. F. MOORE, Pres.

SUMMER RESIDENCE

One house and lot in Jacksonville containing seven acres, known as Judge Foster residence. The house most tastefully built and situated in most desirable part of town for residence. A never failing well supplies ice water the year round. The place abundantly supplied with fine fruit including an extensive Grapery. The tensive lawn in front is clothed with hugo native oaks and the ground beautifully laid off. It is a very desirable place for some gentleman South of Ala who wants a summer residence in part of the State. The owner asks $3.000 for the place. Will sell for $2 if taken in 3 months. Reason for selling—owner moved out of the State.

Address

STEVENSON & GRANT,

Real Estate Brokers,

oct1—tf Jacksonville, Ala.

Tuscaloosa Female College

THE prosperity of this institution increasing from year to year. The Session, with Faculty unchanged and improved facilities, will open September 18. Terms moderate. For details apply to

ALONZO HILL,

S. S. MELLEN,

Tuscaloosa, July 4, 1882. Principals

HUNTSVILLE

FEMALE COLLEGE

HUNTSVILLE, ALABAMA.

THE THIRTY-THIRD SESSION of this well-known Institution of Learning begins August 30, 1882. We educate the Head to think, the Heart to feel and the Body to act. Send for Catalogue with special inducements, to

REV. A. JONES, A. M.

july8 President.

S. D. G. BROTHERS,

ATTORNEY AT LAW

Jacksonville, Ala.

Will practice in all the Courts of this Judicial Circuit, and in the Supreme and Federal Courts. Collections promptly made. Office at former office of Col. Jas. Crook-aug5—1y.

WOODRUFF & NORTH

Cotton Factors,

—AND—

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

SELMA, ALA.

sept17—tf.

GENIUS REWARDED,

—OR THE—

Story of the Sewing Machine

A handsome little pamphlet, blue and gold cover; with numerous engravings, will be

GIVEN AWAY

to any adult person calling for it, at any branch sub office of The Singer Manufacturing Company, or will be sent by mail, post paid, to any person living at a distance from our office.

THE SINGER MANUFACTUING CO.

Principal office, 34 Union Square, une 18—1y New York.

LAND FOR SALE.

Thirteen and one third acres of good arable land can be bought on reasonable terms, and a clear title given, by applying to

jan28—tf C. W. BREWTON.

WANTED

To sell a blooded bull calf—the mother a six gallon short horn milk Durham—the sire a thorough bred Jersey Bull. Will exchange for a milk cow. Apply to LAWSON A. WEAVER.

NOTICE NO. 1918.

U. S. LAND OFFICE, MONTGOMERY, ALA. July 31, 1882

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Clerk of the Circuit Court at Jacksonville, Ala., on September 9th 1882, viz: Marion Brittain, homestead No. 7325, for the N ½ of N W ¼ of section 24, township 13, south, range 8, east.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of said land, viz: Elisha B. Dickinson, Joseph Noah, Moine Thomas and John Rish, all of Mack, Calhoun county, Ala.

THOMAS F. SCOTT, Register.

aug5—5t

Mountain Farm And Vineyard For Sale.

The undersigned will give a bargain in the fine fruit farm and vineyard on top of the mountain 1½ miles from Jacksonville known as the Goorge White place.

STEVENSON & GRANT,

Real Estate Agents.

UNDERTAKING,

John. H. Crawford, notifies friends and the public generally that he has in stock a fine lot of coffins and burial cases of all sizes and from the finest to the plainest make, which he will dispose of at reasonable prices. He may be found at the shop known as the Fleming shop on Main St. South of the square. 3 m

The Republican.

Fall trade will open up soon.

New cotton is beginning to come in.

See advertisement of Tax Collector in this issue.

Rev. Mr. McLean will occupy the pulpit at the Presbyterian church Sunday.

Gen. Forney left last Monday for Gadsden.

Cigars of the best brands at the counter of Robertson &-Co Sep 9 tf

Miss: Rosa Crook, of Columbus Ga., is visiting friends and relatives here.

Mr. Isaac Frank has greatly improved his residence by putting a new veranda in front.

Mrs. Gen. Forney has gone to Childersburg to visit her sister, Mrs. Brandon.

Francis & Stevenson's Mills have a Separator to take cockle and cheat out of wheat.

Jacksonville merchants are determined to excel themselves this season in the magnitude and low price of their goods.

If you happen to want a specially pure brand of whiskey or brandy enquire for the bar of Robertson & Co. Sept 9. tf

The new corn crop will soon be ready to gather, then the dollar and a quarter corn will drop into the cellar.

Gray hairs often cause annoyance, which Parker's Hair Balsam preveats by restoring the youthful color.

MARRIED: On the 10th of September, at the brides fathers Robert Champion, to Miss Mary Shell, all of Calhoun county.

Our City Marshal is having some work done down on depot street. He is putting in some logs and improving it otherwise.

Calhoun College closed its second week with sixty four (64) pupils—mostly in advanced classes. Many are yet absent from sickness and other causes.

Affable and polite bar keepers at the bar of Robertson & Co They understand the compounding of delicious drinks. Sept 9,t f

We learn that Mr. Nathan Clark has sold his place and expects to leave for Texas some time this fall. We do not know the gentleman who purchased, but learn that he lives at Anniston.

The editor went to Cleburne, Monday to be absent most of this week. Hence the scarcity of editorial matter

If you want a quiet game of pool you will find it only a few steps from the hotel back of the bar room of Robertson &Co.Sep 9tf

Robertson & Co. will spare no expense or pains to make their bar room popular with local and traveling customers. They are polite attentive and serve pure liquors. Sept 9. t f

We have received the initial number of the Oxford *Times*, published and edited by Mr. A. McHan. It is well got-up both in matter and print. We welcome the new paper to our exchange list and shall clip often from its local columns.

Robertson & Co, are making ev preparation to make their bar and pool parlor more attractive than ever the coming fall and winter. They have on hand an excellent brand of liquors. Sept 9-tf

To Rent.

A desirable residence on Depot street. Those wishing to rent a house and lot convenient to town, can do so by corresponding with the undersigned at Rome, Ga, or in person, at this place, about the 1st of October.

MRS. L. W. CANNON.
sept16tf.

J.D. Hammond's Sons, as we go to press are receiving an immense and varied stock on which they absolutely defy competition. They will have in our issue a more extended notice of their fine and selected stock of goods.

WOMAN'S primitive beauty and vigor, which have been lost, can be restored and retained by the action of certain combined agents. These agents necessarily regulate, build up, fortify and annihilate all existing female irregularities diseases, or obstructions which produce the ill health. The remedy must expel the locked up secretions, add iron to the blood, strength to system and vitality to the nerves. Such a remedy is found in the use of *English Female Bitters*.

To prevent great evils—headache and consumption, afflicting nearly all humanity, use as preserved by Bailey's *Saline Aperient*.

"Tough on Chills,"

Ten Cases for 25 cts. in cash or stamps, for sale by John Parham, Atlanta, Ga.

Sam Dean & Co, have undoubtedly the greatest bargains in Ready Made Clothing ever offered in this market. They have bought for this season a lot than ever before for this market and have marked down the present stock on hand at an immense sacrifice. Coats 50 cents to $100. Pants and vests from $1.50 to $5.00. Fall suits at corresponding rates. Most of these goods are of the finest lines of cashmere. Boys clothing splendid cashmere suits and coats at $4.50 and full suits in proportion.

In order to sell for these extraordinary prices they must sell for cash. This is the time to buy good, fine suits of clothing at less figures than half you will have to pay later in the season.

ALEXANDRIA LOCALS.

Alexandria was famous among the antique cities and it should be considered so among those of our proud State, because of the beauty and fertility of the surrounding valley. Taking this view of its excellents, we are constrained to say that it will never be surpassed. Other places may speak of artistical relics, brought over the wide ocean by the pilgrim fathers and preserved by their posterity; but we still claim the prize, because we have among us one of the grand wonders of nature.. It is an old man past the age of three score and ten with a more perfect sight than he ever had in youth. Will some one please give us the philosophy of this phenomenon? We cannot solve the mystery, unless his great desire to marry has prepared his body to perform the duties of a married life.

Mrs. N. Kyle, of Columbus Ga., has been visiting relatives in this city, and Mrs. Walker, of Jacksonville Fla., is now the guests of Mr and Mrs. E. F. Crook.

Clate Woodruff has had the d–l in him this week, so he says. I suppose his girl has "kicked" him.

R. G. R. has been looking very pleasing. I guess he has had better luck than friend Woodruff.

PRIDE OF ALABAMA.

PINE GROVE DOTS.

We have good crops in this section. Farmers are about through gathering fodder, and some of them have commenced picking cotton.

Rev. Mr. Whitehurst preached at Pine Grove church on the 1st Sabbath in this month. He has just closed an interesting meeting at Ganaway's school house. Mr. Whitehurst is a promising young minister of the M. E. Church.

Wildis Ganaway was made happy on last Wednesday morning. It is a girl.

Jones D. Cobb was married to Miss Jerusha J. Milam on last Sunday by Dr. W. I Anderson, officiating

We hope that their pathway may be strewn with flowers and that their happiness on earth may end only in death

There are two or three hundred men laboring on the G. P. R. R., in this section. They are progressing finely. We think that we will hear the puffing of the engine and the rattling of the cars in a few days.

May the REPUBLICAN ever live to wave the banner of Democracy and defend the rights of the people.

NOSREDNA.

Music in Alabama.

We wish the lovers of Nature's excellence to listen with admiring hearts to the sublime music heard within the dales and on the mountains of our proud and beautiful State, which has cheered many a weeping and despondent lover and sent his soul away on the golden wings of delight, thus snatching his drooping spirits from the doleful night of despair into the daylight of hope. Our ears have never heard sweeter music than the carol of the mocking bird. In our imaginative wanderings, we have seen the worth and beauty of earth, yet nothing has ever delighted us so much as this heaven-born music. Surely, if there be one thing that escaped from Eden unblotted with the curse of sin, it is this lovely bird, whose melodious voice is, apparently, destined to give us a foretaste of heaven and to tame the wild thoughts of man. Yet notwithstanding, many of the illustrious sons of Alabama pass unconsciously by this lovely companion and turn a deaf ear to its charming and cheering voice.

How long will man be blind to the beauties of Nature? And how long will his noble spirits be dormant when they can be nourished so magnificently with the song of this happy bird? Music is the best earthly food for the soul and is found in all the works of God.

"There's music in the sighing of a rill;
There's music in the gushing of a rill;
There's music in all things, if men had ears;
Their earth is but an echo of the spheres."

Let those, who wish to hear the most beautifying music in the world, listen to the carol of the mocking bird at midnight, when the pale moon is shedding her borrowed light upon a still and slumbering world and the blazing canopy of heaven is showing forth the beauty and glory of creation.

E. D. ACKER

Resolutions of Respect.

Whereas, It has pleased our heavenly Father in His wisdom to remove from our midst our brother John L. Young, of Stonewall Lodge No. 19 I. O. G. T. Therefore be it

Resolved 1st. That we tender to the bereaved family our sympathy in this their hour of affliction.

Resolved 2ond That in the death of our brother, the cause of temperance has lost a firm friend and supporter,

Resolved 3rd That as a mark of respect due our late brother our charter be draped for thirty days,

Resolved 4th, That these resolutions may be entered upon our records, and that the Worthy Secretary be directed to transmit a copy to the bereaved family,

Resolved 5th, That a copy be sent to the Jacksonville Republican for publication.

W. B. Williams, L. D.,
W. A. Wilson, P. W. C. T.
R. W. Mc Fry, W. R. Sec'y

MARRIED.—GRAHAM—WORTHINGTON— At Birmingham Ala. on Tuesday evening, August 15th, Mr. J. F. Graham, of Oxford Ala, to Miss Ella M. Worthington, of Birmingham, Rev. T. J. Baird officiating.

The chivalry and gallantry of our young friend has won for him one of the fairest and sweetest flowers that blooms in the parterre of beauty, whose beauty will impregnate with redolency every impulse of his generous heart. May the pathway of the happy pair be coronated with the richest and most beautiful jewels that gleams in the casket of love, whose diamond brilliancy will color with a more vernal hue the laurels wreathed around their brows, gleaned from their voyage down the stream of time, and may joys and blesssings exquisite and hallowed as those engendered by a shower of roses scattered down by the hands of the Peri from the far off gardens of Paradise crown their wedded future and increase with the lapse of years.—Oxford News.

A Foolhardy Experiment.

Ten years ago—so goes the story a young English actor, at a club meeting, made the remark that close confinement was not a very terrible punishment, upon which a nobleman present offered him ten thousand pounds if he would try it ten years. He accepted the offer, and retired from the stage to a dark cell ten by fifteen. He was allowed, plenty of food, light, books and writing materials. He has emerged from his prison, and is spending his hard earned coin in Paris intending to return to the stage. He began his foolhardy experiment at twenty-five, but left his dungeon looking like a man of three score.

SYRACUSE, September 10.—The State Constitutional amendment committee, representing various temperance organizations in the State, calls a State convention at Syracuse, October 4, to take steps to secure the submission to a popular vote of a prohibition amendment to the State Constitution. Local temperance societies are invited to send from one to three delegates.

HEARTILY RECOMMENDED.—Don't condemn a good thing because you have been deceived by worthless nostrums. Parker's Ginger Tonic has cured many in this section of nervous disorders, and we recommend it heartily to such sufferers. —News.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 12. To-day's advices leave no doubt of the election of the Republican State Ticket, and a full Congressional delegation by majorities ranging from 5,000 to 9,000.

The reason a colored camp meeting in Ohio drew to a sudden close was because the collection hat came back with only ten cents in it and the elder told the crowd that Satan wouldn't buy the lot at two cents apiece.

Overcoats were worn in Selma the 9th.

For Sale.

The Ed J. Dean farm at Alexandria, Alabama, containing 440 acres. A desirable residence and a good well of water, with orchard of extra fine fruit. Apply to H. J. DEAN,
Alexandria, Ala.
Sept. 9tf.

STATE OF ALABAMA,
Calhoun County

In Probate Court for said county, Special Term, September 12th, 1882.

This day came John C. Watson, Adm'r of the estate of Elias Teague, dec'd, and filed in Court his account and vouchers for an annual settlement of said estate:

It is therefore ordered by the court that the 7th day of Oct'r 1882, be and is hereby appointed the day upon which to audit and pass upon said account and to make said settlement, and that notice therof be given for three successive weeks by publication in the Jacksonville Republican, a newspaper printed and published in said county, as a notice to all persons interested, to be and appear at my office in the court house of said county, on said 7th day of Oct'r 1882, and contest said settlement if they think proper. A WOODS,
sept16—3t Judge of Probate.

TAX COLLECTOR'S NOTICE.

FIRST ROUND.

The undersigned Tax Collector of Calhoun county, will attend at the times stated, at the places mentioned below, for the purpose of collecting the State and county tax for the year 1882:

Beat 16	Ladiga, Wednesday,	Oct.	4
" 9	Cross Plains, Thursday,	"	5
" 8	Green's School house, Friday,	"	6
" 1	Jacksonville, Friday,	"	7
" 3	Jane Bug, Monday.	"	9
" 3	Weaver's Stat'n, Tuesd'y	"	10
" 2	Alexandria, Wednesday & Thursday,	"	11 & 12
" 6	Peck's Hill, Friday.	"	13
" 7	Hollingsworth, Saturday,	"	14
" 10	Rabbit Town, Monday,	"	16
" 11	White Plains, Tuesday,	"	17
" 12	Old Store house, near Morris' Mill,	"	18
" 17	Centre, Thursday,	"	19
" 13	Oxford, Friday and Saturday,	October	20 & 21
" 15	Anniston, Monday & Tuesday,	October	23 & 24
" 4	Ganaway's School house, Wednesday.	October	25
" 4	Bynum's Store, Thursday,	"	26
" 14	Sulphur Springs, Friday,	"	27
" 5	Old Iron Works, Saturd'y	"	28

Poll tax is delinquent after the last day of October.

D. Z. GOODLETT,
Sept16t3 Tax Collector.

REAL ESTATE AGENCY.

If you want to purchase or sell lands upon favorable terms, call on or write to

JNO. M. CALDWE L,
REAL ESTATE AGENT,
Jacksonville, Ala.

☞No charge for examination of titles where there is either sale or purchase. aug15—t

WANTED

Good fat young beef cattle—Fat Sheep and Spring Lambs. A liberal price will be paid on delivery to

N. BOYER.
At Anniston' Ala'
june18—tf.

Notice to Stockholders.

In accordance with a resolution of the Jacksonville Mining Company, passed on the 28th day of Aug. 1882. Notice is hereby given that the following owners of stock in said company, who are in arrears with the company, upon assessments duly made against them, are required to come forward and pay the same to me by the 15th day of October 1882, or their stock in said company will be advertised and sold by the Directors to pay the same, viz: M. J. Tumley, W. C. Price, Jno. M. Moore, Representatives of Jno. D Rowland, Mrs. Mary E. Rowland, Representatives of J. F. Stokes deceased; Representatives of Jno H. Wright. Mrs. D. E. Ryan: Mrs. G. W. Mathews: J. A. McCampbell, Miss. L. A. Weir and Heirs of Jno R. Clark, deceased.

L. L. SWAN, Sec'ty
Jacksonville, Ala. Sept, 2nd 1882, 3t.

Letting of the Poor House for 1883.

STATE OF ALABAMA,
Calhoun County.

Court of County Commissioners, Regular term, Aug. 14, 1882.

At this term of the Court of County Commissioners, in accordance with an act of the General Assembly, approved February 23, 1881, the Court took into consideration the letting of the Poor House of said county for the year 1883: Whereupon, it was ordered by the Court that the Keeper of the Poor House and Paupers for said year 1883, be allowed the sum of $6.75 per month for each Pauper received into said Poor House during the time he remains therein, and that the said Keeper be allowed the Poor Poor House f rm free of rent for the year 1883, and the said Keeper is to feed, clothe and nurse said paupers, and also furnish them with Tobacco, and provide for their comfort fully as required by law. The Court of county Commissioners are to furnish bedsteads and all necessary bedding, and pay Doctor's bills, and for medicine for said paupers. Notice is hereby given that said Poor House will be let on the terms above stated on Monday, the 2nd day of October, 1882, at the court house of said county, for the year 1883. Persons proposing to take charge of said Poor house on the terms stated, can do so by letter or by applying to the Court in person on the day set for said letting. The Court reserves the right to reject any and all applications which may be made for the keeping of said Poor House, if none be found to come up to the requirements of the Court.

A. WOODS,
sept2-'82-5t Judge of Probate.

THE GULLETT IMPROVED MAGNOLIA COTTON GIN, CONDENSER & FEEDER.

THE MAGNOLIA GIN

has come in competition with nearly every other Gin on the market, at State Fairs, etc., and in every instance has established its superiority in the following essentials, viz:

Light Draft,
QUICK AND GOOD WORK AND FINE SAMPLE.

TESTIMONIALS.

ALEXANDRIA, ALA, Dec. 15, 1880.

Messrs Berrys & Co., Rome, Ga.,

DEAR SIRS: In reply to your enquiry, I will say the sixty saw Light Draft Gullett Gin bought of you last fall gives perfect satisfaction. I have been ginning seventeen years, and I have yet to see a Gin that makes as good a sample from dirty cotton as the Gullett. The feeder works perfectly in every respect. I would not have a gin without one.

W. PHIL. COOPER.

GRIFFIN, GA., March 1, 1879.

We, the undersigned are using the Gullett Improved Light Draft Cotton Gin. The Gin is of superior workmanship. For fast ginning, safety in running, and light draft, (to do the same work,) we think it has *no equal*; but the most important feature is the attachment for opening and improving the sample. The best cotton is improved by it so as to bring form ½ to ¾ cent, and stained and dirty cotton from ½ to 1 cent per pound more in market than other Gins.

W. J. BRIDGES.
T. W. MANLEY.
J. T. MANLEY.

ROME, GA., March 7th, 1881.

We, the undersigned buyers and shippers of cotton in Rome, Georgia, take pleasure in recommending the new Improved Light Draft Gullett Gin as the best Gin known to us, for the reason that it turns out smoother and cleaner cotton with less nap, and consequently is worth more money.

Morgan & Grahame,	Cowen & Samuel,
T. F. Howell,	A. T. Hardin,
W.T.Williams & Son,	J. R. Towers,
E.K.Thompson & Bro.	D. H Findley.
W. M. Shropshire,	G. M. Mort & Co.
Alex. Serrentine,	Cobb & McGinnis.
J. R. Anespaugh,	A. T. Simons, M. Rosenburg & Bros.

I will pay one-fourth of a cent more for cotton from this gin. H. H. SMITH.

We claim and can substantiate by solid facts, that the Improved Gullett is of *better* workmanship and material and gives better satisfaction than any Gin on the market. For further particulars address

W. H. COOPER, Agent.
july8—2m Alexandria, Ala.

TUTT'S PILLS

SYMPTOMS OF A TORPID LIVER.

Loss of Appetite, Bowels costive, Pain in the Head, with a dull sensation in the back part, Pain under the shoulder blade, fullness after eating, with a disinclination to exertion of body or mind, Irritability of temper, Low spirits, with a feeling of having neglected some duty, Weariness, Dizziness, Fluttering at the Heart, Dots before the eyes, Yellow Skin, Headache generally over the right eye, Restlessness, with fitful dreams, highly colored Urine, and

CONSTIPATION.

TUTT'S PILLS are especially adapted to such cases, one dose effects such a change of feeling as to astonish the sufferer.

They Increase the Appetite, and cause the body to Take on Flesh, thus the system is nourished, and by their Tonic Action on the Digestive Organs, Regular Stools are produced. Price 25 cents. 35 Murray St., N. Y.

TUTT'S HAIR DYE.

GRAY HAIR OR WHISKERS changed to a GLOSSY BLACK by a single application of this DYE. It imparts a natural color, acts instantaneously. Sold by Druggists, or sent by express on receipt of $1.

OFFICE, 35 MURRAY ST., NEW YORK.

(Dr. TUTT'S MANUAL of Valuable Information and Useful Receipts will be mailed FREE on application.)

FIRE INSURANCE.

I. L. SWAN AG'T.
JACKSONVILLE, ALA.

Four Good Home Companies to wit,

Georgia Home,	*Ga.*
Home Protection,	*Ala.*
Central City,	*Ala.*
Columbus Ins. and Banking Co.,	*Miss*

May 1st, 1880.

FRANK W. BOWDON, ROBT. L. ARNOLD

BOWDON & ARNOLD.
ATTORNEYS AT LAW
—AND—
Solicitors in Chancery,
JACKSONVILLE, ALA.

Will practice in all the Courts of the Circuit, U. S. Dist. Court and Supreme Court of the State April 24, 1880

East Tennessee, Virginia —AND— GEORGIA RAILROADS,

Forms the quickest and most comfortable route to

Eastern Cities,
—AND—
ONLY ROUTE
—TO THE—
Watering Places
—OF—
East Tennessee and Virginia

The principal Inducements are

SPLENDID SCENERY, QUICK TIME, THROUGH CARS.

The only line passing through the mountainous regions of East Tennessee and Virginia. Through cars run from Selma to Bristol without change. For information address,

JAS. R. OGDEN, G. P. A., Knoxville.
RAY KNIGHT, A. G. P. A., Selma.

SELMA DIVISION.

Going North.		Going South.
Lv. 8.00 a m	Selma,	Ar. 7.07 p m
" 10.42 a m	Calera,	Lv. 4.35 p m
" 1.53 p m	Jacksonville,	" 1.27 p m
" 4.20 p m	Rome,	" 11.10 a m
" 6 20 p m	Dalton,	" 9.40 a m
" 8.35 p m	Cleveland,	" 7.00 a m
" 11.50 p m	Knoxville,	" 3 35 a m
Ar. 4.50 a m	Bristol,	" 10.20 p m

ALABAMA CENTRAL DIVISION.

Westward.		Eastward.
Lv. 4.20 p m	Selma,	Ar. 11.00 a m
" 5.45 p m	Unionto wn,	Lv. 9.42 a m
" 7.00 p m	Demopolis,	" 8.50 a m
Ar. 10.00 p m	Meridian,	" 5:35 a m

Mail Train North connects with Rome R R at Rome for Atlanta, and at Dalton with W & A R R for Chattanooga, and points North; at Bristol with W. & W R R for all Eastern cities. Accommodation train leaves Selma at 3.40 p m. connecting with L & N at Calera for all Western cities; arrives at Selma 10.15 a m. Mail train South connects at Calera with L & N for Montgomery, and at Meridian with N O and V & M roads for Mobile, New Orleans and Vicksburg.

JNO. M. BRIDGES, Supt.
RAY KNIGHT,
Gen. Ticket and Passenger Ag't
an 23, 1882 Selma, Ala

MANHOOD

How Lost, How Restored.

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july15—1y Post Office Box, 450.

NOTICE.

ALL PARTIES using the water from the water works are hereby respectfully notified, that by a recent order of the Council, they are required to pay up for, at least **three months in advance.** The water will **positively** be cut off from all who fail to so pay up by the 15th day of July, 1882

R. L. ARNOLD,
july8—3t Collector for the town.

STATE OF ALABAMA,
Calhoun County.

In Probate Court of said county, Special term, August 17th 1882.

This day came Jas. M. Andrews, J. C. Watson and S. S. Love, Sr., Commissioners heretofore appointed to sell the Real Estate belonging to the Estate of Hulda Burns, deceased, for division among the heirs and distributees of said deceased, and filed in court their account and vouchers for a final settlement of the proceeds of said sale.

It is therefore ordered by the court that the 11th day of September, 1882, be and is hereby appointed the day upon which to audit and pass upon said account and make settlement; and that notice thereof be given for three successive weeks in the Jacksonville Republican, a newspaper printed and published in said county, as a notice to all persons concerned, to be and appear before me, at my office in the court house of said county, on said 11th day of September, a882, and contest said settlement if they think proper. A. WOODS,
ug19-3t Judge of Probate.

WM. J. BROCK, ATTOREY AT LAW,

OFFICE AT
Centre, Cherokee Co., Ala.

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oct15-tf

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Horses boarded at low rates. Give us your patronage and we will give you satisfaction. Respectfully,

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april22—6m

H. L. STEVENSON. L. W. GRANT

STEVENSON & GRANT,
Real Estate Agents
JACKSONVILLE, ALA.

Odd Things by the Sea.

Here we have a little crab, who backs into his house when we pick him up and presents us with his fist. How came a crab in a mollusk's shell? The next shell we pick up contains its rightful inhabitant. It makes no attempt at escape, but as we touch it a broad and soft disk, the so-called foot of the creature, is retracted safely into the shelter of the outer whorl of the shell. Clearly the crab is an interloper. Did it devour the defenseless owner and builder of the marine residence, or did it walk around house-hunting, find an empty shell and quietly appropriate it? One of our party stoutly maintains the former, but the other, who at least can say that he has watched their actions hundreds of times, has picked up large quantities of various kinds on different shores, and has read extensively on the subject, holds firmly to the latter, though he has not proved the point by keeping a number alive. The claws of the crab are not fitted to draw out an obstinately retracted mollusk, and empty shells are plentiful enough. For a moment the crab remains quiet in the shell, but being naturally of an active disposition, and not feeling itself hurt, though inconvenienced by the absence of water, it soon protrudes its feet and begins a perambulation upon the hand, dragging the shell behind it. An examination shows a pair of large claws terminating in pincers and not used in locomotion, followed by two pairs of longer but more slender ambulatory legs. Behind this point the shell hides the animal but if, when its attention is devoted to walking, we give it a sudden pull we shall succeed in detaching it from its tolerably firm hold upon the interior of the shell and shall find that the hinder part or abdomen of the little creature is soft and twisted on one side—that in fact it is unprotected by hard plates such as defend the long abdomen of its larger distant relatives, the crayfish and the lobster.

Here, then, we have the secret of its parasitic habit. It is to protect its soft body that the crab endues itself with the cast-off shell of a univalve mollusk. As yet we have seen but six legs, and we know that crabs, lobsters and shrimps have ten—whence their name—Decapoda—ten-footed. The two hinder pairs are present, but they are small, and by their pincer-like ends capable of holding firmly to the columella of the shell. The creature's hold upon the shell is increased by a pair of claspers at the end of the abdomen, taking the place of the swimmerets of the sixth segment of the abdomen of a lobster. The lobster has a pair of swimmerets on each segment—in this little crab most of the appendages are aborted, while the sixth pair are changed in function—a good example of the manner in which, throughout the realm of animated nature, the same organ is made to serve different uses by means of modifications in structural detail. A familiar example of this is the fore limb of a vertebrate animal, fin in a fish, wing in a bird, flipper in a whale, foot in a quadruped, hand in a man. But to return to our crab, which, during this digression, has fallen upon the sand and is making good time towards the water. Crabs that, like these lively little ones, inhabit shells, are known as hermit crabs, sometimes as soldier crabs. Bernard l'Hermite the French call them. This species has the right chela or first pair of legs larger than the left and belongs therefore to the genus *Eupagurus*. There are many sorts, with various differences in their limbs and other parts, forming numerous genera and species. Among their new relatives is the huge robber crab of the East India Islands—a fellow more than a foot long, a dweller in the crevices of the rocks by day and a devourer of fallen cocoanuts by night.

But another tenant of the sand bank now makes its appearance. Close to the surface, but in a circular hole, we notice a white fleshy something. We clear away the sand and try to pull it out, but it holds firmly to its burrow and we only succeed in crushing the delicate valves of the shell. Not far away is a second, which becomes our prize with ease, since, seized by an ambition to walk around, it has come up entirely out of its hole and lies prone upon the sand. A long tube, the siphon, hangs from one end of the long, narrow and exceedingly tender brownish shining shell, while from the other depends an elongated firm and fleshy organ, the foot of the mollusk. We have a perfect specimen of *Solon ensis*, the razor shell or razor fish, so called from the length and narrowness of the blade-like valves. The word *ensis* means a curved sword or scimitar, and is applicable to this species, but not to all razor fishes, many of which have straight shells. Through the siphon, when the animal was under water, a constant current passed, inward through the lower of the two tubes into which it is divided, outward through the upper or that nearest to the hinge of the shell. This water supplies the long lines of gills with oxygen and keeps them moist, so that they can perform their respiratory function; and it also brings nourishment, in the shape of animalcules, to the toothless, lipless mouth that lies *perdu* near the foot. On the inside of the empty shell can be seen, under the ligament that unites the valves, the long narrow mark of the anterior muscle, and near the opposite end the more rounded mark of the posterior one. These two muscles close the shell at the creature's will. A more careful search and more heedful digging reward us with two or three more specimens, but they are not numerous, for the colony is near the town and the mischievous small boy has been at work, pulling them up for fun and leaving them to die.

Walking on we pick up what might pass for a rosary of peculiar pattern, a chaplet of flat pouches attached to a string. The whole affair is about a foot long. Can it be that a devout mermaid, while conscience-stricken for the havoc she had wrought by luring a ship to destruction, she counted her ocean beads, dropped them by accident into the waves? The flat pouches rattle as we pick it up. What if it is the rattle of some huge sea serpent, some rattlesnake of the Atlantic? At a shake some small object drops out, and we observe at the back of each pouch a small, roundish hole. The application of a lens to one of the objects that has fallen shows it to be a very small, but perfectly formed univalve shell. Open one of the capsules and count the contents. Sixty-six small shells. Multiply this by fifty five, the number of separate pouches forming the ocean chaplet, and we have a total of 3,630 little shells. This rosary is the string of egg capsules formed by pyrrhula caurica, a large univalve mollusk or yaskropod, the shell of which we have previously picked up and have safe in our bag. Each of these little shells is the product of an egg and would have grown to a conch several inches long had not the fateful wave thrown it upon the beach to perish and had it escaped all the devourers that lie in wait for tender baby mollusks.

LEIGH HUNT was asked by a lady; at dessert, if he would not venture on an orange. "Madame," he replied, "I should be happy to do so, but I am afraid I should tumble off."

AGRICULTURE.

RATS IN POULTRY YARDS.—An Illinois correspondent writes on this subject: Procure an old eighteen-gallon beer or any other cask, "not smaller," which will hold water; knock one end out and cut a piece of board of the shape of the cask to lodge on the top standing end wise. Then cut a nine inch diamond-shape, with a key-hole saw, out of the center of the piece lodged on, and balance it properly with two stout darning-needles, at each side of the diamond, which will work up and down freely if correctly done, and make a level top, then bend a piece of stiff wire in an arch about one foot high, directly over the diamond and suspend in the center of it the bait out of the rat's way so that they can see and smell it well. Also place four gallons of water in the cask, and grease the sides, and in the center, place a brick or stone only sufficient for one rat to sit on with comfort half an inch above the level of the water. The first rat landed, finding itself like Robinson Crusoe on an island, commences squeaking, and draws all his friends and relations. The strongest rat lives the longest, as they all fight for this position as they drop one by one into the tub, and drown each other. The rats should be fed for a few days on the top of the cask to give them confidence, and the balance made firm for that period. I have seen as many as a dozen caught in one night by this wholesale drop. As a rule, where poultry are over-fed there are plenty of rats.

SKIM-MILK AND FLAXSEED FOR CALVES:—Skim-milk and grass alone will raise good calves if the milk is abundant and not allowed to get too sour. When too sour it causes calves to scour, and thus counteracts its good effect. Skim-milk is well adapted to raising heifers for the dairy, as it is rich in albuminoids and phosphate of lime, to give a strong muscular and bony development. A little more oil would improve it, and for this purpose flaxseed is a cheap addition, effectually replacing the cream skimmed off. The large percentage of oil it contains prevents constipation, as well as scouring. Flaxseed should be boiled in four times its bulk of water, and it then forms a gelatinous mass. A little of this—say a tablespoonful of the jelly—mixed with warm skim-milk is enough for a calf from one to three weeks old. As the calf grows older this amount is increased. If oil meal is used it should be linseed meal and not cotton meal for calves. Cotton-seed meal is not so easy of digestion is rather constipating—thus adds to this quality in skim-milk. With the skim-milk and flaxseed we raised grade Jersey heifer calves to five hundred pounds weight at six and seven months old last season. It is doubtful if they would have been better fed on new milk. When the milk becomes short linseed meal may very profitably be added.

TO PREVENT BROWNING ORCHARDS.—Last season, during the prevalence of the unusually hot summer weather, the pear trees in the orchard had the upper half of most of the leaves turn brown as if scorched. This indicated that the moisture from the leaves was being drawn faster than the roots could supply it. The best remedy seemed to be to keep the trees as cool as possible. When the hand was placed on the trunks it seemed warm. In the normal condition the bark seems cool, even on the warmest day. To cool this bark the tree was at once lime-washed. This seemed quite cool in comparison with the bark not white-washed. Though there were many succeeding hot days, there was no more leaf-browning. It was remarkable how well the trees kept through it all. This season the trees look wonderfully well. The bark of all the trees white-washed have a smooth, succulent, healthy look, such as all who know a healthy tree when they see it, love to look upon. This question of coolness enters largely into successful culture. It is because the injurious effects of high temperature in the soil is checked, which gives one of the great advantages to the culture of orchards

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PIAZZA PLANTS.—Plants set against walls and piazzas frequently suffer from want of water at this season, when even ground near them is quite wet. Draw away the soil around each plant so as to form a basin; fill in with a bucketful of water, allowing it time to gradually soak away, and when the surface has dried a little draw in loosely the soil over it, and it will do without water for some weeks. This applies to all plants wanting water through the season. If water is merely poured on the surface, it is made more compact by the weight of water, and the harder the soil becomes, the easier it dries and the result is, the more water you give the more is wanted.

IN order to prolong bearing, peas should not be gathered indiscriminately, as is often done, but the oldest of the pods should be removed as often as possible after they have become fit for use, inasmuch as one pod allowed to get old will weaken the bearing properties of the plant more than as many young ones, therefore it is better to gather and throw away than allow them to remain on the plants after they are fit for use. In plucking the pods from the haulm, both hands should be used, so as not to break and damage the plants, picking only such pods as are moderately well filled, for if young and old be gathered together, they boil unequally.

AN Irish farmer who allowed his fowls to run upon his grass meadow, was asked at what he estimated the damage done by them to the grass, answered "Damage, man! why, none at all, on the contrary, they do a world of good; the grubs they eat, and manure they drop quite alters the character of the herbage after them. I have no better grass land than near my dwelling, which, as you know, swarms considerably with poultry.

THE cotton plant is destined to become of greater importance than ever. Farmers have learned that cottonseed meal is a good feed for most kinds of stock, and that after feeding, it makes the most valuable kinds of manure. It requires some care in using, and is better if mixed with at least half its bulk of wheat bran.

SOME poultry keepers make a good setter do double work, by removing her first hatch, giving them to some other hen, and then putting her on another setting. Where this can be done the number of chicks in the flock may be materially increased in a season.

DURING a great many rainy days in summer, stock are much more comfortable if allowed to run to the barnyard and shelter themselves under sheds and in the stables. But when they do this they should be fed as liberally as in winter, and, if possible, with green food, as good at least as they get in pasture.

AT three feet apart each way there are 4,860 hills on an acre. Potatoes yielding only one bushel to every thirty hills would give upward of 160 bushels per acre. That this is much above the average crop even in good years shows how great are the possibilities for improvement in potato growing.

PUT in a few sunflower seeds for producing an occasional feed for the poultry next fall and winter.

DOMESTIC.

GLYCERINE LEATHER COMPOSITION.—It is a well known fact that glycerine has found extensive application in tanning, as it has been proved that it adds materially to the elasticity and strength of the leather. Especially has it been found of great value in protecting leather bands of machinery from cracking and drying. The partially tanned leather is immersed for a considerable time in a bath of glycerine, by which the pores are filled, and such an elasticity and softness is imparted to it that it is rendered far more durable and lasting. In order to prepare a neutral guttapercha paste composition paste with glycerine, take from three to four pounds of lampblack, half a pound of ivoryblack, cover up in a suitable vessel with 5 pounds of glycerine, 5 pounds of common syrup, and stir well, until the whole is intimately mixed and free from lumps. Four or five ounces of gutta-percha, finely cut, are to be put into a kettle, and after melting must be mixed with twenty ounces of sweet oil and dissolved, and two ounces of stearine acid. While still warm the gutta-percha solution must be incorporated with the syrup and lampblack, and after this is done ten ounces of Senegal gum dissolved in one and a half pounds of water is also added. In order to impart an agreeable odor to the mass, a little rosemary or lavender oil may be added. In using, dilute with three or four parts of water. It gives a fine lustre to harness, makes the leather soft and elastic, and being free from acid adds very much to its durability.

A POUND PLUM PUDDING.—One pound suet, one pound currants, one pound stoned raisins, eight eggs, half of a grated nutmeg, two ounces sliced candied peel, one teaspoonful of ground sugar, half pound bread crumbs, half pound flour, half a pint of milk. Chop the suet finely; mix with it the dry ingredients; stir these well together, and add the well beaten eggs to moisten with. Beat up the mixture, and should the above proportion of milk not be found sufficient to make it of the proper consistency, a little more should be added. Press the pudding in a mould, tie it in a floured cloth, and boil for five hours, or rather longer, and serve with brandy sauce.

HARD MONEY CAKE.—Gold Part—Take two cups of sugar, a scant cup of butter, and work together to a cream, then add the yolks of eight eggs, four cups of flour and one tablespoonful of corn starch; one cup of sour milk, with a teaspoonful of soda in it, added the last thing, except the flavor, which may be lemon and vanilla. Silver Part—Take two cups of sugar and one of butter, four cups of flour and one tablespoonful of corn starch, the white of eight eggs, one cup of sour milk, teaspoonful of soda; flavor with almond or peach. Put in the baking pan alternately one spoonful of gold and one of silver.

DANDELION TEA.—Pull up six or eight dandelion roots, according to size, and cut off the leaves; well wash the roots and scrape off a little of the skin. Cut them up into small pieces and pour on one pint of boiling water. Let them stand all night, then strain through muslin, and the tea is ready for use. It should be quite clear, and the color of brown sherry. One wineglass should be taken at a time. The decoction will not last good for more than two or three days, and therefore it must only be made in small quantities.

POTATO croquettes are nice for supper, and are prefered by some people to the much praised Saratoga potatoes. Take two cups of cold mashed potatoes, two eggs, a lump of butter half the size of an egg, salt and pepper to taste and half a cupful of fine cracker crumbs. Mix well, roll with your hands on a kneading board in round cakes or long ones, scatter a little flour on the board, drop the cakes in hot lard and fry until they are brown.

MOCK MAYONAISE DRESSING: Beat 4 eggs very lightly (yolks and whites together), add 2 small tablespoonfuls of mixed mustard, 1 teaspoonful salt, ½ teaspoonful white pepper and a very little cayenne pepper, 1 tablespoonful butter(hard), and nearly a teacupful of sharp vinegar. Cook these ingredients in a custard kettle, stirring until they form a thick custard. Be sure and not curdle it.

MACARONI SOUP.—Six pound of beef put into four quarts of water with one large onion, one carrot, one turnip, and a head of celery, all boiled three or four hours slowly. Next day take off the grease, strain out the vegetables and pour into soup-ketttle. Season with salt to taste. Boil one-half pound of macaroni until quite tender and place in the soup. Pour over it—the last thing—and serve.

MACARONI AND TOMATOES: Peel and slice some fresh tomatoes. Stew them with butter, salt and pepper and a few spoonfuls of strong gravy or stock; add one rolled milk cracker. Pass the whole through a sieve and mix with the boiled macaroni. Cover the top with grated cheese and a sprinkling of fine bread crumbs. Place the dish in the oven just long enough to nicely brown.

POOR MAN'S FRUIT CAKE.—This cake is excellent as well as economical. Take one and a half cups of brown sugar, two cups of flour, one of butter and one of chopped raisins, three eggs, three tablespoonfuls of sour milk, half a teaspoon of soda, half a cup of blackberry jam. Mix the sugar, butter and eggs together first, then the flour and milk and fruit. Bake in a moderate oven.

PINEAPPLE PIE.—One large pineapple, pared and grated, one cup of sugar, one-half cup of butter, five beaten eggs, a little nutmeg; cream the butter and sugar. Beat in the egg yolks, add the pineapple and spice, lastly the whites of the eggs beaten to a froth. Bake without upper crust.

VEAL PIE.—Line a deep tin pan with a good crust. Parboil the meat and season high, first cutting it into small pieces, nearly fill the pan with water in which the meat was parboiled; sprinkle flour over, add a piece of butter, and cover with a tolerable thick crust. Chicken pie may be made in the same way.

CABBAGE FRIED WITH CREAM.—Chop a quart of cold boiled cabbage, fry it fifteen minutes with sufficient butter to prevent burning, season it highly with pepper and salt, and stir into it half a cupful of cream or of milk with a teaspoonful of flour mixed with it; let it cook five minutes longer, and serve it hot.

MILK CAKES.—One pound and a half of flour, two ounces of butter, a pinch of salt and a teaspoonful of baking powder; roll out the paste thin and divide into flat cakes; bake in a quick oven.

HUMOROUS.

THE little daisy: Scene—Beneath the apple tree just back of the house. Farmer grinding his scythe. Small boy doing the circular work at the grind-stone crank. Sudden flutter of starched skirts around the corner of the house. "Oh, good morning, sir," from a bright eyed young lady. "Would you kindly allow us to pick a few bunches of those daisies in the lot yonder? They are so lovely." "Yes'm. You can pick 'em, the hull on 'em, if you like. And if you'll tear the pesky things up by the root and rid the place of 'em I'll give you board and clothes for all summer." "Why, don't you admire daisies?" And the farmer laughed a most unesthetic, ringing laugh that made the young lady feel as though she had struck something uncongenial.

Proof Everywhere.

If any invalid or sick person has the least doubt of the power and efficacy of Hop Bitters to cure them, they can find cases exactly like their own, in their own neighborhood, with proof positive that they can be easily and permanently cured at a trifling cost—or ask your druggist or physician.

GREENWICH, Feb. 11, 1880.

Hop Bitters Co.—SIRS—I was given up by the doctors to die of scrofula consumption. Two bottles of your Bitters cured me.

LEROY BREWER.

CRUELTY to a calf: He must have done something that made him unpopular with her. They were sitting "in the draft" on the front doorstep. "I have not quite made up my mind what profession to follow," said he running his fingers through his hair in a careless, Bohemianistic way. "If I should take to literature I should be a second Hawthorne." "Bunthorne, did you say?" The moon might have gone down at that moment for all the good it would do that couple. The seperation was forever.

My Good Woman,

Why are you so out of sorts, never able to tell folks that you are well? Ten to one it's all caused in the first place by habitual constipation, which no doubt finally caused deranged kidneys and liver. The sure cure for constipation is the celebrated Kidney-Wort. It is also a specific remedy for all kidney and liver diseases: Thousands are cured by it every month. Try it at once.—*Toledo Blade.*

A COME-DOWN: Lady customer—"What are the strawberries to-day?" Tradesman, who thinks he has a grand order—'Two shillings a basket, madame." Lady customer—"And what are the beans?" Tradesman—"Three and six the bundle, madame." Lady customer—"Well, ahem! I like parsley when it's fresh, so you can send a bit every day and when it comes to a pennyworth just put it down to me." Tableau,

---

Asthma and Hay Fever.

For the newest and most comprehensive treatise on "Asthma and Hay Fever; their cause and cure"—write to the L. A. Knight Company, 697 Broadway, New York City. Knight's Asthma and Hay Fever Cure is the most successful remedy yet discovered for these diseases. See testimonials in another column.

ACTUAL and possible: I heard an anecdote at Oxford of a porter encountering on his rounds two undergraduates who were without their gowns, or out of bounds, or out of hours. He challenged one: "Your name and college?" They were given. Turning to the other: "And pray, sir, what might your name be?" "Julius Cæsar," was the reply. "What, sir, do you mean to say your name is Julius Cæsar?" "Sir, you did not ask me what it is, but what it might be."

Relief from Gravel.

WILLIAMSPORT, Pa., July 20, 1881.

H. H. WARNER & Co: *Sirs*—Your safe Kidney and Liver Cure has given me permanent relief from gravel.

W. E. HAWLEY.

THE way to treat a man of doubtful credity is to take no note of him.

A "POWDER" Magazine—A druggist's shop.

NATURE'S REMEDY.

VEGETINE

THE GREAT BLOOD PURIFIER.

WILL CURE

Scrofula, Scrofulous Humor, Cancer, Cancerous Humor, Erysipelas, Canker, Salt Rheum, Pimples or Humors in the Face, Coughs and Colds, Ulcers, Bronchitis, Neuralgia, Dyspepsia, Rheumatism, Pains in the Side, Constipation, Costiveness, Piles, Dizziness, Headache, Nervousness, Pains in the Back, Faintness at the Stomach, Kidney Complaints, Female Weakness and General Debility.

This preparation is scientifically and chemically combined, and so strongly concentrated from roots, herbs, and barks, that its good effects are realized immediately after commencing to take it. There is no disease of the human system for which the VEGETINE cannot be used with PERFECT SAFETY, as it does not contain any metallic compound. For eradicating the system of all impurities of the blood it has no equal. It has never failed to effect a cure, giving tone and strength to the system debilitated by disease. Its wonderful effects upon the complaints named are surprising to all. Many have been cured by the VEGETINE that have tried many other remedies. It can well be called

The Great Blood Purifier.

Dr. W. Ross Writes:

Scrofula, Liver Complaint, Dyspepsia, Rheumatism, Weakness.

H. R. STEVENS, BOSTON:

I have been practising medicine for 25 years, and as a remedy for *Scrofula, Liver Complaint, Dyspepsia, Rheumatism, Weakness*, and all diseases of the *blood*, I have never found its equal. I have sold Vegetine for 7 years and have never had one bottle returned. I would heartily recommend it to those in need of a blood purifier.

Dr. W. ROSS, Druggist,

Sept. 18, 1878. Wilton, Iowa.

Vegetine

IS THE BEST

SPRING AND SUMMER MEDICINE.

Vegetine is Sold by all Druggists.

DRS. J. N. & J. B. HOBENSACK.

THOSE AFFLICTED WITH THE EFFECTS OF INDISCRETION AND MERCURIALIZATION should not hesitate to consult J. N. and J. B. HOBENSACK, of 206 North Second street, Philadelphia, either by mail or by person, during the hours from 8 A. M. to 2 P. M. and 6 to 9 P. M.

Advice free. Whosoever would know his condition and the way to improve it should read "WISDOM IN A NUTSHELL."

Sent on receipt of three-cent stamp.

$47 A MONTH and board in your county. Men or Ladies. Pleasant business. Address, P. W. ZIEGLER & CO., Box 96, Philadelphia, Pa.

275

Those answering an advertisement will confer a favor upon the advertiser and the publisher by stating that they saw the advertisement in this journal (naming paper

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INDIGNATION: "It is not only foolish but positively wicked for these men to attempt to coerce their employers," remarked the good Deacon Jones in reference to the strikers. "Why are they not content with what is given them, without attempting to ruin the business of the country just when the new crops are so promising and prosperity is everywhere ready to smile on this fortunate land? It's like flying in the face of Providence." The Deacon paused a moment, overpowered by the force of his emotions; but he recovered his speech again to say: "And while I think of it, John, you might as well mark up them potatoes another quarter."

Advice to Consumetives.

On the appearance of the first symptons—as general debility, loss of appetite, pallor, chilly sensations, followed by night-sweats and cough—prompt measures for relief should be taken. Consumption is scrofulous disease of the lungs;—therefore use the great anti-scrofula, or blood purifier and strength-restorer,—Dr. Pierce's "Golden Medical Discovery." Superior to Cod liver oil as a nutritive, and unsurpassed as a pectoral. For weak lungs, spitting of blood, and kindred affections it has no equal. Sold by druggists the world over. For Dr. Pierce's pamphlet on Consumption, send two stamps to World's Dispensary Medical Association, Buffalo, N. Y.

DATES worth remembering: Gin cocktails invented by Confucius, in Cochin China, B. C. 800, Shampooing introduced by Barbarossa, 1222. Quail on toast first served by the Israelites, 65. Free lunches introduced by Joseph into Egypt, B. C. 400. Bricks first worn in the hat by Noah, B. C. 200. Bicycles first used by Ixion, 201. Weather prophecies invented by Ananias, B. C. 300, Aprons first worn by Eve, 1. Circulation discovered by Harvey, 1540; lied about by editors ever since. First great moral show started by Noah, B. C. 500.

Cancers and other Tumors.

are treated with unusual success by World's Dispensary Medical Association, Buffalo, N. Y. Send stamp for pamphlet.

ACROBATIC: A news item says that the best female circus rider in Russia is Donnedretisky, who "turns a double somersault through a hoop and carries her name, which is painted in the centre, along with her." To turn a double somersault through a hoop may not be very remarkable feat, but to get her name through without knocking off some of its corners is certainly an astonishing performance.

Fits, Fits, Fits,

successfully treated by World's Dispensary Medical Association. Addresss, with stamp for pamphlet, Buffalo, N. Y.

"MAMMA," said a wee pet, "they sung 'I Want to be an Angel' in Sunday-school this morning, and I sung with them."

"Why, Nellie," exclaimed mamma, "could you keep time with the rest?"

"I guess I could," proudly answered little Nellie; "I kept ahead of them most all the way through."

Suffering Women.

There is but a very small proportion of the women of this nation that do not suffer from some of the diseases for which Kidney-Wort is specific. When the bowels have become costive, headache torments, kidneys out of fix, or piles distress, take a package and its wonderful tonic and renovating power will cure you and give new life.—*Watchman.*

"HI! Hullo! Stop there," shouted Sozzle, as he ran along the sidewalk wildly gesticulating at a loaded Herdic.

"That 'buss is full, sir," said a bystander.

A good Baptist clergyman of Bergen, N. Y., a strong temperance man, suffered with kidney trouble, neuralgia and dizziness almost to blindness, over two years after he was told that Hop Bitters would cure him, because he was afraid of and prejudiced against "Bitters." Since his cure he says none need fear but trust in *Hop Bitters.*

THE Charleston "News and Courier" is displeased withe the picture of the South given by Judge Tourgee in "A Fool's Errand," which is read there "with regret, if not Indignation.

Thousands will bear testimony (and do it voluntarily) that Vegetine is the best medical compound yet placed before the public for renovating and purifying the blood, eradicating all humors, impurities or poisonous secretions from the system, invigorating and strengthening the system debilitated by disease; in fact, it is, as many have called it, "the Great Health Restorer."

THE authorship of "A Reverend Idol" is now attributed to Miss Lucretia Noble, of Wilbraham, Mass., who has contributed essays to various journals, but has never before written a work of fiction.

Mensman's Peptonized beef tonic, the only preparation of beef containing its entire nutritious properties. It contains blood-making, force generating and life-sustaining properties; invaluable for indigestion, dyspepsia, nervous prostration, and all forms of general debility; also, in all enfeebled conditions, whether the result of exhaustion, nervous prostration, overwork or acute disease, particularly if resulting from pulmonary complaints. Caswell, Hazard & Co., proprietors, New York. Sold by all druggists.

WHY is a certain kind of window called a bay window? Because people go there when they look out to see.

Thousands upon thousands of bottles of Carboline, a deodorized extract of petroleum, have been sold, and from all over the land comes one universal cry, "Carboline, as now improved and perfected, is the best hair restorer ever used." Sold by all druggists.

PERHAPS the reason why the voice of truth is so rarely heard is because, living in a well, she is apt to have a cold.

Flies and Bugs.

Flies, roaches, ants, bedbugs, rats, mice gophers, chipmunks cleared out by "Rough on Rats." 15c.

THE man who "retired from active pursuits" had on several occasions failed to catch a railroad train.

Write to Mrs. Lydia E. Pinkham, Lynn, Mass., for names of ladies cured of female weakness by taking her Vegetable Compound.

A FASHION note says there is a tendency to drop overskirts. This is appalling.

Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer is the marvel of the age for all nerve diseases. All fits stopped free. Send to 931 Arch Street, Philadelphia, Pa.

THE biggest thing on ice—The profit.

MRS. LYDIA E. PINKHAM, OF LYNN, MASS.,

Woman can Sympathize with Woman.

Health of Woman is the Hope of the Race.

Yours for Health
Lydia E. Pinkham

LYDIA E. PINKHAM'S
VEGETABLE COMPOUND,

Is a Positive Cure

for all those Painful Complaints and Weaknesses so common to our best female population.

It will cure entirely the worst form of Female Complaints, all ovarian troubles, Inflammation and Ulceration, Falling and Displacements, and the consequent Spinal Weakness, and is particularly adapted to the Change of Life.

It will dissolve and expel tumors from the uterus in an early stage of development. The tendency to cancerous humors there is checked very speedily by its use.

It removes faintness, flatulency, destroys all craving for stimulants, and relieves weakness of the stomach. It cures Bloating, Headaches, Nervous Prostration, General Debility, Sleeplessness, Depression and Indigestion.

That feeling of hearing down, causing pain, weight and backache, is always permanently cured by its use.

It will at all times and under all circumstances act in harmony with the laws that govern the female system.

For the cure of Kidney Complaints of either sex this Compound is unsurpassed.

LYDIA E. PINKHAM'S VEGETABLE COMPOUND is prepared at 233 and 235 Western Avenue, Lynn, Mass. Price $1. Six bottles for $5. Sent by mail in the form of pills, also in the form of lozenges, on receipt of price, $1 per box for either. Mrs. Pinkham freely answers all letters of inquiry. Send for pamphlet. Address as above. *Mention this Paper.*

No family should be without LYDIA E. PINKHAM'S LIVER PILLS. They cure constipation, biliousness, and torpidity of the liver. 25 cents per box.

Sold by all Druggists.

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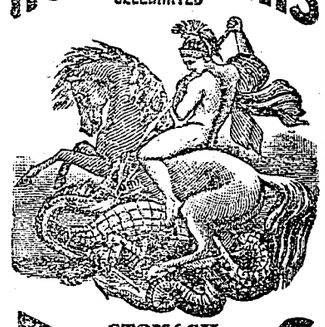

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BITTERS

For a quarter of a century or more Hostetter's Stomach Bitters has been the reigning specific for indigestion, dyspepsia, fever and ague, a loss of physical stamina, liver complaint and other disorders, and has been most emphatically indorsed by medical men as a health and strength restorative. It counteracts a tendency to premature decay, and sustains and comforts the aged and infirm.

For sale by all Druggists and Dealers generally.

NOTHING IN THE WORLD EQUAL TO IT FOR THE CURE OF
ULCERS, SCROFULA, ERYSIPELAS, PIMPLES, BOILS, SORE EYES, SCALD HEAD, OLD SORES, MERCURIAL DISEASES AND MALARIA
DOCTOR
BLOOD SEARCHER
CATARRH, RHEUMATISM, ITCH, FEMALE COMPLAINTS, FOR LOSS OF APPETITE, NAUSEA OF STOMACH AND INDIGESTION
IT HAS NO EQUAL
R.E. SELLERS & CO.
PITTSBURGH, PA.
SELLERS' LIVER PILLS FOR LIVER COMPLAINT
Acts at the Same Time on Kidneys, Liver and Bowels.
KIDNEY-WORT

HOP BITTERS.

(A Medicine, not a Drink.)

CONTAINS

HOPS, BUCHU, MANDRAKE, DANDELION,

AND THE PUREST AND BEST MEDICAL QUALITIES OF ALL OTHER BITTERS.

THEY CURE

All Diseases of the Stomach, Bowels, Blood, Liver, Kidneys, and Urinary Organs, Nervousness, Sleeplessness and especially Female Complaints.

$1000 IN GOLD.

Will be paid for a case they will not cure or help, or for anything impure or injurious found in them.

Ask your druggist for Hop Bitters and try them before you sleep. Take no other.

D. I. C. is an absolute and irresistible cure for Drunkenness, use of opium, tobacco and narcotics.

SEND FOR CIRCULAR.

All above sold by druggists.

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KIDNEY-WORT
THE GREAT CURE
FOR
RHEUMATISM
As it is for all the painful diseases of the
KIDNEYS, LIVER AND BOWELS.
It cleanses the system of the acrid poison that causes the dreadful suffering which only the victims of Rheumatism can realize.
THOUSANDS OF CASES
of the worst forms of this terrible disease have been quickly relieved, and in short time
PERFECTLY CURED.
PRICE, $1. LIQUID OR DRY, SOLD BY DRUGGISTS.
Dry can be sent by mail.
WELLS, RICHARDSON & Co., Burlington Vt.
Acts at the Same Time on Kidneys, Liver and Bowels.
KIDNEY-WORT

FITS STOPPED FREE
Marvelous success.
Insane Persons Restored.
DR. KLINE'S GREAT
NERVE RESTORER
for all BRAIN & NERVE DISEASES. Only sure cure for Fits, Epilepsy and Nerve Affections.
INFALLIBLE if taken as directed. No Fits after first day's use. Treatise and $2 trial bottle free to Fit patients, they paying expressage. Send name, P. O. and express address to DR. KLINE, 931 Arch St. Philadelphia, Pa. *Sex principal druggists.*

TEAS in abundance.—85 Million pounds imported last year.—Prices lower than ever.—Agents wanted.—Don't waste time.—Send for circular.
10 lbs. Good Black or Mixed, for $1.
10 lbs. Fine Black or Mixed, for $2.
10 lbs. Choice Black or Mixed, for $3.
Send for pound sample, 17 cts. extra for postage. Then get up a club. Choicest Tea in the world.—Largest variety.—Pleases everybody.—Oldest Tea House in America.—No chromo.—No Humbug.—Straight business.—Value for money.
ROB'T WELLS, 43 Vesey St., N. Y., P.O. Box 1287.

TRUTH IS MIGHTY. Prof. MARTINEZ, the Great Spanish Seer, Astrologer and Psychologist, will, for 30 cents, with age, height, color of eyes and lock of hair, send a CORRECT PICTURE of your future husband or wife, with name, time and place of meeting, and date of marriage, probably. Money returned to all not satisfied. Address Prof. F. Martinez, 10 Montj'y Pl., Boston, Mass.

ASTHMA

CURED.

"I have had Asthma for 22 years, suffering a thousand deaths; have been so that I could not go out for four months at a time, but sat in a chair night and day. I have tried every remedy I ever heard of, and spent thousands of dollars in search of a cure; but all in vain until I found *Knight's Asthma Cure.* That was in February last. My Asthma had been unusually bad all winter. Six bottles of this medicine have made me feel like a new man. I call myself well. I have not been oppressed for breath all through this trying spring, and can not express in words what this wonderful remedy has done for me."

A. S. Bradford, Arlington, Mass.

"I feel like thanking Mr. Knight for his excellent *Asthma Cure.* It has done very much to relieve me of a case of Asthma, and, from my present improvement, I expect to be under still greater obligations."

Pres't R. Heber Holbrook, of the National Normal University, Lebanon, O.

"I was severely afflicted with Asthma from 1855 to 1882; tried many remedies (so called), and spent much money in vain, seeking relief. In February, 1882, I received the first bottle of *Knight's Asthma Cure.* I commenced to improve at once, have had very few Asthma symptoms since, and am now as free from it as a person who never had it. I can say with certainty that *Knight's Asthma Cure* is the best yet discovered."

E. C. Weaver, Lawyer, 930 F St., Washington, D. C.

"I have traveled north, east, and west, spent four years south in order to relieve myself of this terrible disease, Asthma; and until I received *Knight's Asthma Cure* found no permanent relief. After taking the medicine but a fortnight I obtained greatest relief, and can say I am now cured entirely, and that my cure is considered the most a miracle by my friends. You can refer to me at all times."

Prof. G. W. Hawxhurst, 12 Willow St., Paterson, N. J.

"My wife has found *Knight's Asthma Cure* a perfect success where all others have proved a failure. Having been a great sufferer from Asthma, and having taken so much medicine for the disease without obtaining any permanent benefit, she hesitated to try any more. But she was induced to try a bottle of *Knight's Asthma Cure*, and from the day she commenced taking it regularly she has not had a single attack. This medicine is a great blessing to suffering Asthmatics."

D. G. Drake, Supt. Schools, Mt. Washington, O.

"I am over 60 years old, and have had Asthma over 35 years. Have tried many remedies, but obtained only temporary relief. *Knight's Asthma Cure* has helped me more than all others put together. Since I commenced taking it, I rest well at night, and the neighbors all say I look better than many years."

W. A. Chandler, Traverse City, Mich.

KNIGHT'S ASTHMA AND HAY FEVER CURE

Is the *Cheapest* as well as the *Best.* Price, $1 per Bottle, or six bottles for $5.00. Write Knight's new treatise on "ASTHMA; ITS CAUSE AND CURE." If your Druggist has not the medicine, send direct for it (inclosing money) to

THE L. A. KNIGHT COMPANY
697 Broadway, New York, or
JOHNSON, HOLLOWAY & CO.,
HENRY TOTTEN,
FRENCH, RICHARDS & CO.,
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PURE PAINTS
Prepared for Immediate Use

Buildings painted with Paints mixed by hand have to be repainted every three years. The best Paint cannot be made by hand mixing.

The Paint used is the smallest item in cost of painting, **labor the largest.**

Any building will be repainted at our expense if not satisfactorily painted with our Paint.

For sale by one dealer in every city and town in the United States.

RUPERTUS' Celebrated Single Breech Loading Shot Guns at $12 up.

Double Barrel Breech Loaders, $16 Up. Forehand & Wadsworth Choke bore Single Breech Loading Guns, at $44.50 Up. Muzzle and Breech Loading Guns and Rifles of most approved English and American make. All kinds of Sporting Implements and Articles required by Sportsmen and Gunmakers. JOS. C. GRUBB & CO., 712 Market St., Philadelphia. Send 3-cent stamp for Price-List.

DR. H. W. LOBB, MEDICAL OFFICE
NO. 829 NORTH FIFTEENTH STREET, Philadelphia, Pa. 15 years' experience. (Established for treatment with purely vegetable medicines.) Dr. Lobb's long experience in the treatment of diseases enables him to guarantee a cure in all cases. Consultation free and strictly confidential. Call in person or by letter. Office hours: 11 to 2 and 7 to 10 evening.

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POTATO BUGS
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Charges very moderate. JAN8,'82-tf

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TO

MAMMOTH POSTERS

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Cheap,

AND

Promptly,

AT THE

REPUBLICAN OFFICE

THE CROWDED STREET.

Let me move slowly through the street,
Filled with an ever-shifting train,
And the sound of steps that beat
The murmuring walks like autumn rain.

How fast the flitting figures come!
The mild, the fierce, the stony face—
Some bright with thoughtless smiles, and some
Where secret tears have left their trace.

They pass to toil, to strife, to rest—
To halls in which the feast is spread—
To chambers where the funeral guest
In silence sits beside the bed.

And some to happy homes repair,
Where children pressing cheek to cheek,
With mute caresses shall declare
The tenderness they cannot speak.

And some who walk in calmness here,
Shall shudder as they reach the door
Where one who made their dwelling dear,
Its flower, its light, is seen no more.

Youth, with pale cheek and tender frame,
And dreams of greatness in thine eye,
Go'st thou to build an early name,
Or early in the task to die?

Keen son of trade, with eager brow,
Who is now fluttering in thy snare.
Thy golden fortunes, tower they now,
Or melt the glittering spires in air?

Who of this crowd to-night shall tread
The dance till day light gleams again?
Who sorrow o'er the untimely dead?
Who writhe in throes of mortal pain?

Some, famine-struck, shall think how long
The cold, dark hours, how slow the light;
And some, who flaunt amid the throng,
Shall hide in dens of shame to-night.

Each where his tasks or pleasure call,
They pass and heed each other not;
There is one who heeds, who holds them all
In his large love and boundless thought.

These struggling tides of life, that seem
In wayward, aimless course to tend,
Are eddies of the mighty stream
That rolls to its appointed end.

"ADOPTED."

"Yes," said the blooming matron, who was reading in an easy-chair under the shadows of the vines. "But what sent Mr. Evering away in such a hurry."

"Sent him away?"

"Yes, by the evening train. He came home, packed his things and drove away as if there was not a moment to lose. I am very sorry; we shall miss him very much."

Blanche went slowly up-stairs and sat down by her window, looked out at the purple glow of the evening landscape as if it were a featureless blank. So he was really gone away; and by her own folly she had lost the priceless treasure of Gilbert Evering's love.

"And I cannot even write to him, for I do not know his address," she thought, with clasped hands and tearless eyes. "Well, it is my own fault, and I must abide the consequences as best I may."

So Blanche Penroy went home from the gay, fashionable place a sadder and wiser woman, and the November mists drooping o'er the brick and mortar wilderness of her city home had never seemed half so dreary to her as they did now.

"I suppose I shall be an old maid," thought Blanche, walking up and down in the fire-lit darkness of her room, her dimpled hands clasped behind her waist. "I can never care for any one now as I cared for—for Gilbert, and I dare say I shall keep a cat and grow fond of green peas. Ah, well-a-day! life cannot last forever."

A dreary comfort that for a girl of nineteen summers.

She rang the bell with an impatient jerk.

"Are there any letters, Sanderson?"

"One, ma'am; it came with the evening post, abont five minutes ago."

"Light the gas, then, and give it to me."

Blanche sat down by the fire and opened the letter, suppressing a yawn.

"Black-edged—and black-sealed! So poor Mrs. Marchmont has gone at last."

It was from the executors of Miss Penroy's distant cousin, formally and briefly announcing her death, which had taken place in one of the West India islands some months since; but of which "the melancholy news," as the letter ran, had only just been received. It was not entirely unexpected, as Mrs. Marchmont had been for some years slowly fading out of the world, a victim to hereditary consumption.

"Leaving one child, a son," slowly repeated Blanche, leaning her cheek on her hand and looking down into the fiery quiver of the white-hot coals. "Poor little fellow! he must feel as desolate as I do! Only I have one advantage—I have at least a sufficiency of this world's goods and this orphan child must be thrown penniless and alone on his own resources, for, if I remember aright, Mrs. Marchmont forfeited all the wealth of her first marriage by her second alliance with the poverty-stricken lawyer, whose death plunged her into such bitter mourning. That was a genuine love-match, yet how much grief and trouble it brought with it 'leaving one child—an only son!' Why should I not adopt the stray waif, and make it the business of my life to cherish and comfort him! I have no object in existence."

Once more she rang the bell, with a fresh color glowing in her cheeks and a new light in her eyes.

"Bring in my writing desk immediately, Sanderson, and get ready to take a letter to the post for me as soon as possible."

The old servant obeyed wondering at his mistress' unwonted energy and yet well pleased to see some of her old animation returning.

"She do look more like herself to-night, do Miss Blanche, than she has for a long time," he said to the housekeeper, as he came down-stairs after obeying the summons. "I only wish Miss Blancke would take a fancy to some nice, properly-behaved young man; it don't seem right that she should live all by herself in this big house, so forlorn-like.

The house-keeper nodded sagaciously to old Mr. Sanderson's proposition. She fully agreed with him.

"Only Miss Blanche was too wilful ever to listen to a word of advice."

It was a very simple letter that Blanche Penroy wrote to the "far-away" cousin's executors dictated by the fullness of her heart.

"I shall never marry now," she wrote, "and it seems to become my plainly-indicated duty to undertake the care of this orphan child of Mrs. Marchmont. With your approval, therefore, I purpose to adopt him, and endeavor, as far as in my power, to supply the place of his lost mother. You may at first deem me rather too young to undertake so great and serious a responsibility, but I was 19 last month, and I am very, very much older in thought and feeling than in years. Of course at my death the child will inherit the property that was left to me by my deceased parents."

"I hope my cousin's executors are like the nice, white-bearded old lawyers one reads about," said Blanche to herself as she folded the sheet of paper, "and not cross old fudges, talking of 'expediency' and 'appropriateness;' for I do want somebody to love and care for; and I've a sort of premonition that this little fellow will be nice, rosy, and lovable. I think I'll teach him to call me 'Aunty.'"

Exactly a week subsequently a prim, legal note was received from Messrs. Alias & Corpus, the deceased lady's executors, stating that "they saw no valid objection to Miss Penroy's very laudable projects, and that, in accordance thereto, the child of the late Mrs. Marchmont would arrive at Miss Penroy's residence on the following Saturday."

"Saturday, and this is Friday, ejaculated Blanche, with a new brightness dancing in her hazel eyes. "Oh, how glad I shall be! Sanderson, tell Mrs. Brown to have the blue-room fitted up immediately for Master Marchmont, and you had better go yourself to the station with the carriage at 5 to-morrow afternoon to meet him."

"Yes, ma'am," said Sanderson, stolidly.

The apparition of a great manly boy tramping with muddy boots on the velvet carpets, and disturbing the house with balls, marbles, and halloos, did not possess the charm in Sanderson's eyes that it seemed to have for his mistress. And even patient Mrs. Browe remarked with a species of exasperation that "she did't see what put this freak into Miss Blanche's head."

Saturday was a day of hail and tempest, and softly-falling snow, and by 5 o'clock the drawing-rooms were lighted, and the crimson silk curtains closely drawn, to exclude the stormy darkness without.

Six times within the last fifteen minutes had Blanche Penroy looked at her watch, as she stood by the fire waiting to hear the returning carriage wheels.

She was dressed in a rich china-blue silk dress, with pearl pin and ear-drops and a little point lace at her throat and wrists, and the color in her cheek and the golden tinge in her bright hair made her unconsciously, very fair to look upon.

"Oh; I hope—I hope he will like me," thought Blanche, with that instinctive yearning for love that enters every woman's heart, as the door opened.

"Here is the young gentleman, miss," said Sanderson, with a half-suppressed sound between a laugh and a snort.

But instead of a child 7 or 8 years old, a tall apparition stalked in, something over six feet high, with a black moustache, and merry hazel eyes brimming over with mirth. For an instant Blanche stared at him as if she could scarcely credit the evidence of her senses.

"Gilbert!"

"Exactly. You wanted to adopt me, and here I am."

"No, but Gilbert—"

"Yes, but Blanche!"

"You are not Mrs. Marchmont's son!"

"I am—by her first marriage. And although I am by no means the penniless infant you seemed to suppose, as all my father's wealth comes to me, I am quite willing to be adopted—particularly as you are not married to Walter Birmingham."

Blanche struggled with tears and laughter, uncertain which would best express her feelings, but Gilbert Evering drew her tenderly toward him.

"If you adopt me, dearest, it must be for life. Nay, do not hesitate—our happiness has already been too much at the mercy of trifles. You will not retract your offer?"

"Well, after all," said Blanche demurely, "all I wanted was somebody to love and care for, and—"

"And I shall do very well in that capacity, eh?"

And Sanderson, who had been listening earnestly at the door, crept down stairs to inform Mrs. Brown "that they were going to have a new master!"

—One Key West pine-apple grower netted $4,000 last year on his fruit

Novelties in Decorations.

Gathered plush bands are pretty for looping back *portieres* or window curtains. They are made on stout muslin foundations, and are narrow toward the ends. Both edges are gathered. Red is the most general, and the gathering makes it quite effective. Hand screens are now covered with red plush, gathered toward the handle, and finished off with a plaiting, and bow of ribbon. The fashionable handles vary from one-half to three-quarters of a yard in length, and the screen stands against the wall by the side of the fire-place. The new Japanese paper hand-screens, in different sizes, have these very long handles. Wood-baskets are now placed in rooms, and are made ornamental. They are usually of brown wickerwork, and are long. They are lined with cretonne or fluted satin, and have a vandyked valance outside, headed by a satin ruche. Any short length of embroidered material, especially of Eastern appearance, is now used up for these baskets. Sometimes they are lined with chintz harmonizing with the furnishing of the room in which they are kept. Some people have a lid added, and use them as work or scrap baskets. Squares of work, originally intended for footstools or cushions, are now being let into the sides of these baskets. A strip of colored plush is often twisted round one side of a picture resting on an easel. Any fancy piece of effective material can also be arranged in the same way. Small mirrors can be decorated after this fashion. It is much the fashion to paint a wreath or spray of flowers in oils on the mirrors. A great many were to be seen about Christmas times as novel gifts. Glass stands for the dinner table, standing under little flower vases, are painted in the same way. Larger mirrors, and also a front of an upright piano, the panels and door of a cabinet are so decorated. An original way of ornamenting a wooden front of a piano is to paint a long peacock eye feather leaning across, with the stalk toward the left corner. Across the stalk is painted a miniature hand-screen, with a monogram of the owner, or a spray of flowers. Small simulated hand-screens seem quite popular now, for some were recently seen on the doilies, made of different colored satin, appliqued on with a tiny spray of flowers worked in the centre of each. The doilies were the ordinary white ones, and the frames and handles of the fans were worked in silks. Each fan was in the centre, in a slanting position. This is quite a novelty in doilies, and not at all difficult to carry out. The centre of a dinner table is now frequently covered with a good-sized plush mat, with a fancy border and tassled edges. Only light ornaments are placed upon it. This has quite superseded the strip of plush or satin. If the table is long, to accommodate a large number of persons, some square mats, to match, are laid at the corners, with a glass of flowers on them.

Eat Your Breakfast First.

Breakfast should be eaten in the morning before leaving the house for exercise, or labor of any description; those who do it will be able to perform more work, and with greater alacrity, than those who work an hour or two before breakfast. Besides this, the average duration of life of those who take breakfast before exercise or work, will be a number of years greater than those who do otherwise. Most persons begin to feel weak after having been engaged five or six hours in their ordinary avocations; a good meal reinvigorates, but from the last meal of the day until next morning there is an interval of some twelve hours; hence the body, in a sense, is weak, and in proportion cannot resist deleterious agencies, whether of the fierce cold of midwinter or of poisonous miasm which rests upon the surface of the earth wherever the sun shines on a blade of vegetation or a heap of offal. This miasm is more solid, more concentrated, and hence more malignant, about sunrise and sunset than any other hour of the twenty-four, because the cold of the night condenses it, and is on the first few inches above the soil in its most solid form, but as the sun rises it warms and expands and ascends to a point high enough to be breathed, and being taken into the lungs with the air and swallowed with the saliva into the stomach, all weak and empty as it is, it is greedily drunk in, thrown immediately into the circulation of the blood, and carried to every part of the body, depositing its poisonous influence at the very fountain-head of life. If early breakfast were taken in regions where chills and fever and ague prevail, and if, in addition, a brisk fire were kindled in the family room for an hour, including sunrise and sunset, these troublesome maladies would diminish in any one year, not ten-fold, but a thousand-fold, because the heat of the fire would rarefy the miasmatic air instantly, and send it above the breathing point. But it is "troublesome" to be building fires night and morning all summer. It being no "trouble," requiring no effort to shiver and shake by the hour, weeks and months together.

Food and Drink at the Opera.

In the written contracts made between Colonel Mapleson and his artists there are many secret clauses not generally known to the public. A member of his company who was discharged for incompetency some two years ago informed me of this, and quite surprised me by the following revelations. It appears, according to contract, that Campanini is allowed a glass of hot rum in the first act of "Faust." When he drinks the fiery cup handed to him by *Mephistopheles* people suppose that it simply contains a little alcohol, burning. I can assure the public now that it is first-class Santa Cruz rum punch, and the great tenor enjoys it heartily; in fact, without it he could not do justice to his brilliant song, "Io voglia piacer," which follows it.

In the Kermesse scene, act second, the choristers have beer on draught, which they ingurgitate while the old men's chorus is being sung, and in "Don Giovam" every basso who plays *Leporello* has, in the supper scene (last act), a bowl of hot macaroni or gratin, and a quart bottle of Chianti wine.

"The Huguenots," it appears, was always a favorite with Colonel Mapleson's artists, on account of the spread in act first, while Miss Hauk invariably polishes off a pint of Mumm in the Brindisi scene, in "Traviata."

In "Fra Diavolo" there is a free lunch and drink, in act first, for the tenor, before singing "On yonder rock reclining," and this is the reason why Campanini wishes to have the opera revived.

The tenor, by the way, is partial to "Rigoletto," because he gets a good glass of vin ordmaire, in *Sparafucile's* house before singing "La Donna e mobile."

Miss Hauk always wanted Colonel Mapleson to revive, "Lucretia Borgia" because there's a "lay out" in the last act, and the contralto, Miss Cary, wished it to be produced likewise, because in the "Brindisi" there is an opportunity for draining some good Italian wine.

In Verdi's "Macbeth" there is a drinking song, and the Colonel has been asked repeatedly to revive it, but he refuses.

"Martha" is a favorite with bassi and barrytoni, on account of the drinking song for *Plunkett*. Porter or Dublin stout is the usual beverage when the opera is given, and as the morceau is always encored the singer gets two drinks.

Members of the chorus have a fondness for "Ernani" on account of the opening chorus, when they all drink and shout in the jolliest manner possible, and it is the fondest wish of every member of the profession to play some day in an opera when it will be necessary to eat soup and lamb chops and drink four bottles of brandy.

The Sky Crofters.

To the stranger accustomed to the symmetrical cottages of rural England, a Highland cotter's boothy appears a miserable edifice. Its walls consist of rude, unhewn boulders, rolled down from the neighboring hillside and piled one over the other, the interstices being filled up with turf from the adjacent moor. Undressed birch boughs, cut from the straggling trees that grow on the banks of the nearest burn, thatched over with the wild heather found on the cottage site, form a roof not always impervious to wet and wind. Inside the hut the prospect is hardly more inviting. The glowing peat fire, which generally burns night and day in one of the two rooms into which the cabin is divided, casts a dim and flickering light around. The rafters overhead are black with the smoke, or, as it is called in Scotland, the "reek" of many years. The floor is simply beaten clay, sometimes strewn over with fresh cut heather. A chair or two of ancient pattern, a rough deal table, and sometimes, but not always, a bed constitute the furniture. The Highlander of the moor even yet, as in days gone by, is content to repose on no more luxuriant couch than a heap of bracken. In one corner will generally be found a tub containing the skin of the last sheep slain or found dead on the hill steeped in tan water. In another will stand the spinning wheel for these western Crofters, when they can, tan the leather which covers their feet with "brogues," as they produce the thick and comfortable homespun in which they are clothed. Frequently one end of the hut constitutes the "byre," where sheep and cattle find nightly shelter from the inclement wintry weather. But there is always a stone partition separating the dwellings of the beast from that of the human beings. The above description will not, as I have said, appear attractive to the Lowlander; but this Crofter, with his breezy hillside, his sweet scented heather, his springs of pure, delicious water, his own house and plot of ground and above all his independence, would scorn to exchange his lot for that of the laborer huddled into the slums of the larger towns.

Art Lovers in Paris.

An adroit dodge is managed upon Art Lovers in Paris as follows: Two or three of the minor art dealers of Paris will get together and will buy a single really fine picture by some noted modern master—a Detaille or a Meissonier—those being the painters most in vogue among the living artists of renown. They will then pay somebody of the *demi monde*, who has a well situated apartment and lives in good style, a handsome sum to permit them to hang the painting in her drawing-room. If the surroundings are not sufficiently artistic, a few paintings of less merit, a brone or two, and some fine prints and china, are sent in and are judiciously arranged by one or the other of the confederates. The stage being set the farce then begins. The art collector, who is almost invariably a wealthy American, is notified of the existence in private hands of this gem of modern art. Its owner, Countess de X —— or the Marquise de Trois-Etoile, is willing to dispose of this masterpice, provided she can obtain her own price for it. The amount asked is very large—oh, yes, undoubtedly so—but then, you see, a titled lady is not like a mere art dealer, and she does not care to sell her picture at all—only she might be tempted, &c. The American goes to see the picture. He is received by a very stylish lady, exquisitely dressed: there is a scene of feigned indifference on the supposed owner's part and an increasing ill-dissimulated eagerness on that of the would-be purchaser. Finally, the painting, whose real market value is, we will say $8,000. passes into the American's possession for $15,000, and the two confederates divide the spoils.

Another more complicated and adroit style of procedure is as follows: The art dealer will prowl around among the studios of famous artists till he comes across a picture by one or the other of them, a work that has been for some cause or other unpopular, and a comparative failure. This he secures at a moderate price, say $2,000. He sends it to the auction sale at the Hotel Drouot. He and a confederate attend the sale and bid the picture up to $5,000, withdrawing it and paying all expenses as having bought it in. A second time this process is gone through with, and the painting of this second sale attains a price of $8,000. Then the story finds its *denouement*. The picture dealer seeks a picture purchaser, and finding one who is a novice in such matters he will tell him of the great bargain that he has on hand—an important work by the great painter So-and-So. It was bought for $8,000 by a gentleman who has since had losses at the Bourse, and who would like to dispose of it even for a good deal less shan he gave for it. If Mr. Greenyankee would like to buy it, he can doubtless get it for him for about $7,000. The painting is displayed, and the records of the two auction sales are shown. Mr. Greenyankee offers $6,000 for the picture, there is some hesitation and delay, and some negotiations with the unknown and mythical owner, and then the sale is concluded and the little plot is a success.

To Fortell the Weather.

If the sun sets in crimson clouds and rises brilliant, or if the stars are numerous and bright, we know in a general way that we may reckon on a duration of fine weather.

Dews and white morning fogs are symptoms of clear days.

A dark and vapory sun, and a sickly looking moon with blunt horns, and a circle around her, or pallid, big and unscintillating stars are all signs of approaching rain.

If the sun comes up pale and then turns red, or if the moon is large and ruddy, with sharp black horns, we may count on wind.

The chickweed is called "the poor man's barometer," because it shuts up its flowers when wet is approaching.

The aurora borealis, when very bright, forebodes stormy, moist, unsettled weather.

A haze around the sun indicates rain; it is caused by fine rain or mist in the upper regions of the atmosphere.

A halo around the sun has often been followed by heavy rains.

A halo around the moon is also an indication of rain. The larger the halo the nearer the wet spell.

Lack of dew is another rain sign.

Sharp white frosts in autumn and winter precede damp weather, and three successive white frosts are an infallible sign of rain.

Previous to rain the flies bite sharper and stick to us closer, and bees remain in the hive.

But few of the many signs we have briefly instanced only apply to the immediate future, and have nothing to do with the far seeing prophets whose prognostications, also largely based upon natural causes, peer into the future months—nay, years in advance.

During a great many rainy days in summer, stock are much more comfortable if allowed to run to the barnyard and shelter themselves under sheds and in the stables. But when they do this they should be fed as liberally as in winter, and, if possible, with green food, as good at least as they get in pasture.

A Cattle King's Realm.

A corrospondent writes, not long ago I accepted an invitation extended me by the largest individual cattle owner now living, in Bent County to visit his thorough-bred breeding ranch, at Powers' Station, twenty-seven miles east of West Las Animas. The sun had not yet risen and the moon still shone, when I left the train and found myself at Powers'. A large stone barn, corrals, a wind-mill, a neat stone house, a newer house of the same material, not yet finished, both surrounded by a regularly planted grove of young cotton-wood trees—these were the home improvements on one of the largest ranches in the State. An early morning ride had given me a keen appetite, and a good ranch breakfast with its real tenderloin steaks and delicious old-fashioned gravy was as keenly enjoyed. The morning meal finished, in company with the owner I visited the short-horn herd, which still stood in the corral. In this there are forty thoroughbred short-horn cattle—bulls, heifers and cows. These are bred with the greatest care, and from them each year a number of thoroughbred bulls are turned out that sell, before they are one year old, at all the way from $100 to $300 each. Beside this herd of thoroughbred cattle which is kept at home, the same gentleman has on the range in the main body of his cattle a large number of thoroughbred and high-graded bulls. A few miles farther up the river he has another fine stock ranch devoted to the breeding of pure Herefords. His herd of thoroughbreds in this variety number thirty-four head. These two ranches, and several others owned by the same gentleman, all making up a river frontage of eighteen miles, and including a number of very productive meadows, are situated on the south side of the Arkansas, and are all under fence. Directly opposite these, beginning at Fort Lyon and reaching down the river a distance of twenty-two miles and extending back far enough to enclose an expanse of 80,000 acres, is another pasture under fence, the titles of which are in the same name. Here there are forty-miles of water front and a hundred thousand acres of pasture under fence, all owned by one man. The fencing on these ranches will sum up over 100 miles. Northward to and even beyond the Kansas Pacific, and southward to the Cimarron and beyond into the Pan Handle of Texas, are grazing his cattle, more than 12,000 in number. Already this autumn he has shipped 1,100 fat steers, whose average weight has not been less than 1,200 pounds, and he will yet ship from 500 to 700 more quite as good. His sales of cattle this year will reach $60,000, perhaps $75 000.

This is but one ranch. There are a number of others on the Arkansas between Pueblo and the State line that are but little less in extent. This shows how rapidly the best lands in the Arkansas Valley are passing into half a dozen men. As it is now, half a dozen men own the bulk of the bottom lands and through these control much of the grazing lands for miles on either side of the river, from Pueblo to Kansas.

Dear at Low Prices.

It is well to be economical, but there is no economy in buying certain articles because they are offered at low prices. Attention has frequently been called, for instance, to the white sponges which are offered for sale by street pedlers and at cheap fancy-goods shops. To begin with, they are not what they are represented to be, namely, fine sponges. On the contrary, they are very coarse, as a rule, their high color being due to a liberal use of chloride of lime. There would be no harm in this use of an artificial bleaching process were the salt entirely washed out of the sponge, by soaking it in clear water or by a solution of an antichlorine. But this is not done, as your nose will tell you, and the result has been that people who have used the sponges for toilet purposes have been affected with inflamed and smarting eyes. Concerning the use of chloride of lime, by these dealers in cheap sponges, a story is told by a New York paper that it is to disinfect the sponges, a necessary process, because of the previous uses to which they have been devoted—washing wounds on hospital patients, and other nameless, but imaginable service. It is difficult to believe that the hospital authorities would permit sponges once used by them to be disposed of at any price. But the sale of them by thoughtless, if not unprincipled servants, could easily be effected without the knowledge of the supervisors of a hospital. Even if they are not sold by servants, they may sooner or later, reach the ragpicker's hook, and from that pass to a bleach-kettle. The place to put them where they will do the least harm is the boiler furnace.

At three feet apart each way there are 4,860 hills on an acre. Potatoes yielding only one bushel to every thirty hills would give upward of 160 bushels per acre. That this is much above the average crop even in good years shows how great are the possibilities for improvement in potato growing.

The Republican.

SATURDAY, Sept. 23, 1882

For Congress---7th District,

GEN. WM. H. FORNEY.

OF CALHOUN.

A State prohibition convention will meet in Montgomery Nov. 21. The prohibitionists are going to bring their batteries to bear on the Legislature while in session.

The Birmingham Daily Age is a marvel of typhographical beauty and edited with the spirit characteristic of the pushing city in which it is edited. We are glad to welcome it to our exchange list.

Members of the Legislature will be influenced a thousand fold more by petition from their immediate constituents than all the resolutions that conventions and religious bodies can pass. As a general rule a member wants to know what his constituents think of any given measure.

We regret to learn that the editor of the Oxford News has been called to Winchester Tenn., to the bedside of a daughter sick with small pox. The disease is in Winchester and we sincerely trust he may escape safely and that his daughter may soon recover. The disease is abroad in the South.

Recently Lon Davis of Huntsville was shot and killed at Rhea Springs by his young wife. The marriage was an unhappy one it is said and the mind of the young wife was somewhat impaired from ill health. She has the profound sympathy of her friends and she is in a greatly distressed state of mind.

Recently the Sheriff of Hamilton county Tenn., and his deputy were carrying a man named Taylor from Chattanooga to Nashville who was under charge of murder. The train was boarded near Sweetwater by two brothers of Taylor, and both the Sheriff and his deputy were killed by them and the prisoner rescued. The deed has caused much excitement in Tennessee and large rewards are offered for the Taylors.

Kentucky's Shaking Rock.

One of the main points of interest here is an eccentric freak of nature known as Shaking Rock, and never a stranger comes to Lexington and leaves without some of the people—proud always of their village and all about it—shows him this place. I cannot better describe it than by saying it is the oddest thing I ever saw. In the rear of the home of the late Gov. Gilmer is a huge boulder standing by itself on the edge of the stream. Upon this boulder is another rock, weighing about twenty tons. It rests on a pinnacle not two feet square. So evenly is it balanced that the slightest touch will cause it to rock, and yet a hundred horses could not pull it from its socket. There it has stood for ages, subjected to wind and storm, unmoved, a silent monument of the power of the Creator.—Lexington (Ky.) Times.

Still another twenty four hours has passed without any tidings as to the progress of the pursuit of the three Taylor brothers, who murdered Sheriff Cate, and Deputy Conway, of Chattanooga. The officials and scouts who are in pursuit are evidently on a still hunt, and that is much the safest plan to pursue.

Mr. A. J. Foute, of London, was in the city yesterday. He reports that his brother, J. D. Foute who was in the pursuit returned home Monday. There are still various rumors and conjectures as to the whereabouts of the desperadoes, but no definite clue to their whereabouts.—Knoxville Chronicle, Sept. 20.

Attack on Young Allen in Talladega.

TALLADEGA, Sept. 16

Wednesday night Paxton Allen, a young man near Plantersville, Talladega county, was attacked by negroes and cut to pieces by nine fearful gashes in the face, also disemboweled. Allen had had no difficulty with any negro and there was no cause for the brutal attack. The negroes escaped. Allen reached the nearest point in almost a dying condition. There is considerable excitement over the matter. No effort will be spared to catch the negroes. Negroes in that locality are said to wear badges with the word "Liberty" inscribed over a skull of cross bones. The affair is supposed to be an outcropping of an insurrection.

David Griffin, Jr. Died near White Plains, Calhoun county, Ala, yesterday morning of congestion of the lungs. little David, son of our fellow citizen, David Griffiin. Sr. Sunday night Mr. Griffiin received a telegram summoning him to the bedside of his son, and left immediately in obedience to its command. News reached the city yesterday announcing his death. He was a bright and promising boy, about six years of age, and his death will be a severe blow on his parents, who have the deepest heartfelt sympathy of the entire community. The remains will be brought to Rome for interment and will arrive this evening and will be laid to rest in Myrtle Hill Cemetary. Friends and acquaintances of the family are requested to be present.—Rome Courier. Sept. 20.

The Insurrection Excitement.

There is some excitement in some of the counties of the State over contemplated negro insurrection. Following the "Choctaw conspiracy" and the hanging of Jack Turner, a negro appeared in Shelby county fantastically dressed in red and having numerous crosses upon his clothing, who announced to the negroes that he was sent from Washington to advise them. He preached the extermination of the whites and said they would be backed by the United States Government. Some white men went to one of his meetings, but their presence did not deter him from his incendiary utterances. It is said that the negroes present loudly cheered him whenever he alluded to the killing of the whites. He was arrested and now reposes in jail, awaiting a trial.

Later another negro, similarly attired, appeared in Autauga county, preaching the same damnable doctrine. He was likewise arrested and jailed. He confessed that he was put up to his work by prominent Radicals of the State. He also came from Washington and was ordered to report to said Radicals at Montgomery. Another of like character and garb later appeared in Pike and some other counties of the State. In other places we hear of mysterious "prayer meetings" from which boys and women are excluded. In Talladega a few days ago a young white man, of Talladega county but not a resident of Talladega town, was assaulted by a party of negroes and cut almost literally to pieces. He says he knew none of the negroes, nor had he any previous difficulty with them. It is further said that the negroes of that county in many cases are wearing red badges on which is inscribed "Liberty," and that they are very impudent. This is the development so far on which the insurrection scare is predicated.

We can scarcely believe that the negroes of Alabama are such absolute fools as to court a conflict with the whites, but it is not past belief that they may be greatly stirred up under the teachings of vile white Radicals, who wish disturbances in the South for use in the November elections, and who will tell them all conceivable lies about Gen. Arthur and Gen. Grant being behind them, and that the result of such teachings may lead to disturbances here and there.

Well, we wish the negro no harm, and could wish that he might be forever protected from the advice of such men; but if he should prove so absolute and deplorable a fool as to attempt anything like an insurrectionary movement, we should advocate the complete extermination of every scoundrel engaged in the effort, beginning with the white fiends who instigated it.

Meantime we caution against anything like excitement. A plot of so extensive character could not be long concealed and could be easily anticipated. We are most afraid now that in some localities our people may become unreasonably excited and do things calculated to lead to deplorable results for the South.

We have said that the people of Choctaw county acted too hastily, and so far we have read of nothing to change our opinion.

Judge Samuel F. Rice, of Montgomery, has appeared as an Independent candidate against Col. Herbert for Congress, and it appears that Samuel has cut off more than he can chew this time. In their first joint discussion Col. Herbert completely used him up. He reminded Samuel forcibly of the time when he told the white people of Alabama:

"It must be kept steadily in mind that the reconstruction measures of Congress prove their authors to be not so much the friend of the negro as the enemies of the white race: and that this pretended friendship for the negro, so well as this actual enmity to the whites, stands upon the known fact that the whites of the South never can be made the tools of Radicalism, but that the negroes may be made such tools."

"Its (Radicalism's) rule may be fastened on us for a little while, but it will not be long; and if we are patient, stand fast and firm, true to our allegiance, to principle, and the constitution, true to the proud auspice of Caucasian blood, true to our untarnished honor, true to our wives and children, true to the record of the past, and true to ourselves; if we "touch not, handle not the unclean thing," deliverance, full and complete, will soon come * * * * * * The liberty loving people of the North and West will never permit the Radical party to destroy the constitution and the government for the sake of perpetuating their own powers by establishing negro State governments and negro supremacy in the South."

Yet in two years thereafter Judge RICE had forgotten "the proud auspice of Caucasian blood," had forgotten the record of the past, and not only touched and handled the unclean thing, but devoured it as a hungry man at a feast. Forgot his alliance, forsook his people in their dark hour, and joined with the "liberty loving people of the North and the West" in "establishing negro State governments and negro supremacy in the South," and put his shoulder to the wheel that reversed "every current of human sympathy, thought and action."

Facts eloquently grouped by the Montgomery Advertiser.

Samuel don't take to this kind of talk kindly, neither does he like to be reminded that on one occasion he voted for two notorious negroes for Alderman of the city of Montgomery over two of the purest and best white men of the city. A pretty man is Samuel to talk of being an Independent. He is a Radical and nothing short of it; but perhaps he thinks he is as good an Independent as any of them, and perhaps he is right so far as those fellows are concerned who seek office under the guise of Independentism. At least they all land in the Radical camp at last, and that amounts to the same thing.

DUBLIN, September 14.—One of the buttresses of St. Patrick's cathedral fell, to day, killing four women. They were completely decapitated.

A Burst of Eloquence.

We do not remember ever reading at any time, a more beautiful impromptu speech than that made by Col. Landon C Haynes, in response to a toast proposed by Gen. N. B. Forrest at a dinner given by the members of the bar at Jackson, Miss. Before the guests left the table Gen. Forrest said:

"I propose the health of Col. Landon C. Haynes, of East Tennessee, the country sometimes called 'Godforsaken.'"

"Mr. Haynes replied:

"Mr. Chairman and gentlemen—I plead guilty to the 'soft impeachment.' I was born in East Tennessee, on the Watauga, which in Indian vernacular is 'beautiful river,' and beautiful river it is. I have stood upon its bank in my childhood, and looked down through its glassy waters and have seen a heaven below, and then looked up and beheld a heaven above, reflecting like two mirrors, each in the other its moon and its planets, and its trembling stairs Away from its banks of rocks and cliffs, hemlock and laurel, pine and cedar stretches a vale back to the distant mountain as beautiful and exquisite as any in Italy or Switzerland. There stands the Great Unicorn, the Great Roan, the Great Black, and the Great Smoky Mountains, among the loftiest in the United States of North America, on whose summits the clouds gather of their own accord in the brighest day. There I've seen the great spirit of the storm, after noontide, take his nap in the pavilion of darkness and clouds. I have then seen him arise at midnight as a giant refreshed with slumber, and cover the heavens with gloom and darkness; I have seen him awake the tempest, and let loose the red lightnings that run among the mountain tops for a thousand miles, swifter than an eagle's flight in the heaven. Then I have seen them stand up and dance like angels of light in the clouds to the music of the grand organ of nature, whose keys seemed touched by the fingers of Divinity in the hall of eternity, that responded in notes of thunder, which resounded through the universe. Then I have seen the darkness drift away beyond the horizon, and the morn get up from her saffron bed, like a queen, put on her robes of light, come forth from her palace in the sun, and stand up tiptoe on the misty mountain top, and while night fled from before her glorious face to his bed-chamber, at the pole she lighted the green vale and beautiful river where I was born and played in my childhood, with a smile of sunshine. Oh! beautiful land of the mountains, with the sun painted cliff, how can I ever forget thee!"

Gen. Forrest stood amazed while the speaker uttered these marvelous sentences.

Sheriff Murdered in Tennessee.

A dispatch from Knoxville, gives the following account of the murder of Sheriff Cate and his deputy:

The officers had in their custody three prisoners. Two of the prisoners, John Taylor and Sam Carter were under sentence for murder and were chained together. The other prisoner, a negro, was chained to the seat. When the train stopped at Sweetwater three men entered the car. One was the brother of the prisoner Taylor, and entered the car from the rear, while the other two entered the car from the front. Taylor's brother approached Deputy Conway from behind and placed a pistol to his head and blew Conway's brains out. He then took the keys from Conway's pocket and unlocked the prisoner Taylor, and the latter secured the deputies pistol. At this instant Sheriff Cate rushed at the men, firing on them and the prisoners. As he fired the prisoner Taylor shot him through the bowels and the other two men shot him through the breast. The Sheriff fell dead. The prisoner, Taylor, was slightly wounded in the arm Carter was slightly wounded in the leg. The three rescuers were not hurt and with Taylor they jumped the engine, and with a pistol at the engineer's head, compelled him to pull out immediately and to put on more steam. He ran 20 miles to Lenoir's running through three towns without stopping. At Lenoirs the four men jumped from the engine and secured horses which were waiting for them and all escaped.

The prisoners Carter and the negro came to Knoxville without guards and surrendered to the Sheriff of Knox county. Conway's dead body was brought to Knoxville. Cate's body was thrown from the car platform at Sweetwater by the rescuers.

Poison from Eating Cheese.

Yesterday morning Mr. Joseph Cox, of South Rome, had occasion to come over into the city before breakfast, and before returning to his home purchased a slice of cheese, of which he and his wife ate heartily for breakfast. Mr. Cox, who is a drayman, came to the city immediately after breakfast, but was taken very sick with headache and a burning of the skin, which had, on his face, turned to a livid red hue. He had started back to his home, when he was met by his little son, who told him his wife was very sick, and had sent for him. Hurrying home, he found her suffering in the same manner as himself, only worse, and although proper remedies had been administered, she was very unwell late yesterday evening. Mr. Cox was about over the effects of the poison at last accounts. It was undoubtedly the cheese that poisoned them, and a gentleman working in this office was, only a day or two since, affected in the same manner, from eating a small piece.

He suffered very severely, and, as he is now convinced, falsely attributed his sickness to erysipelas. He has since eaten some of the same cheese toasted without experiencing any illness therefrom. We do not attempt to explain the cause of the poisoning, but would suggest to our readers if they eat any cheese at all, to eat of it moderately, and have it well toasted. Mr Cox purchased his cheese from a different house from the one that the gentleman just alluded to obtained his, and so perhaps a considerable amount of the article in the market is affected in the same manner.—Rome Courier, 16th.

WHAT WOMEN SHOULD USE. Dyspepsia weak back, despondency and other troubles caused me fearful suffering, but Parkers Ginger Tonic makes me feel like a new being. A great remedy. Every woman should use it. Mrs. Garitz, Pittsburg.

CHEAP FOR CASH!

HAMMOND'S SONS,

Have just received a large and well selected stock of Dry Goods for Fall and Winter trade, such as

Worsteds, Cashmeres, Alpacas, Lawns, Nainsooks, Flannels, (plain and figured) Bleaching, Domestic, Cotton Goods, Hosiery, Handkerchiefs, Ladies Underwear.

Shoes for Men, Women and Children.

CLOTHING! CLOTHING!

Cheaper and better than was ever offered. Gents Furnishing Goods, and a nice line of GROCERIES both fancy and heavy, which they defy competition on, and asking everybody to call and examine their goods and prices.

sep23tf. J. D. HAMMOND'S SONS.

CORRESPOND WITH

COOPER McCLELEN & CO.,

Alexandria, Ala.,

GENERAL AGENTS AND DEALERS IN

Agricultural Implements

aug26-tf. AND MACHINERY.

COTTON SEED

WANTED.

We will pay HIGHEST CASH PRICE at all times for seed, or will give in exchange for one Ton of seed, one half the weight of the seed in solid CONCNTRATED MEAL, made of the kernels alone, which is worth as much as $25 invested in any of the high priced fertilizers in the market. It will also be as valuable as 25 to 30 cents per bushel for your seed.

ROME OIL MILLS FERTILIZER Co.,

Rome, Ga.

aug26—4m.

PARKER'S

HAIR BALSAM.

This elegant dressing is preferred by those who have used it, to any similar article, on account of its superior cleanliness and purity. It contains materials only that are beneficial to the scalp and hair and always

Restores the Youthful Color to Grey or Faded Hair

Parker's Hair Balsam is finely perfumed and is warranted to prevent falling of the hair and to remove dandruff and itching. Hiscox & Co., N.Y.

50c. and $1 sizes, at dealers in drugs and medicines.

PARKER'S GINGER TONIC

A Superlative Health and Strength Restorer.

If you are a mechanic or farmer, worn out with overwork, or a mother run down by family or household duties try PARKER'S GINGER TONIC.

If you are a lawyer, minister or business man exhausted by mental strain or anxious cares, do not take intoxicating stimulants, but use Parker's Ginger Tonic

If you have Consumption, Dyspepsia, Rheumatism, Kidney Complaints, or any disorder of the lungs, stomach, bowels, blood or nerves PARKER'S GINGER TONIC will cure you. It is the Greatest Blood Purifier and the Best and Surest Cough Cure Ever Used.

If you are wasting away from age, dissipation or any disease or weakness and require a stimulant take GINGER TONIC at once; it will invigorate and build you up from the first dose but will never intoxicate. It has saved hundreds of lives; it may save yours.

CAUTION!!—Before all substitutes. Parker's Ginger Tonic is composed of the best remedial agents in the world, and is entirely different from preparations of ginger alone. Send for circular to Hiscox & Co., N. Y. 50c. & $1 sizes, at dealers in drugs.

GREAT SAVING BUYING DOLLAR SIZE.

FLORESTON

Its rich and lasting fragrance has made this delightful perfume exceedingly popular. There is nothing like it. Insist upon having FLORESTON COLOGNE and look for signature of

Hiscox & Co.

on every bottle. Any druggist or dealer in perfumery can supply you. 25 and 75 cent sizes.

LARGE SAVING BUYING 75c. SIZE.

COLOGNE

sept2-'82-1y

UNIVERSITY OF ALABAMA.

Session of 1882-'83.

THE UNIVERSITY will be open for students the

21st of September next.

The Academic Department embraces three courses of study- The Classical, Scientific and Engineering courses - the last being under the direction of Col. R. A. HARDAWAY. Students can also take an irregular course if preferred.

Each county is entitled to have three young men educated at the University without charge for tuition.

The whole expense, per term, for board tuition, fuel, light, attendance, washing, &c., is $95. Uniforms cost about $35 per annum.

Law students are not subject to military discipline, and do not board and lodge in University buildings.

For further information send for catalogue or address E. B. LEWIS

july29—to1 President.

JOE. A. WALDEN. W. W. WOODWARD

Walden & Woodward,

ATTORNEYS AT LAW,

Jacksonville, Ala.

Will practice in all the courts of the Circuit, and the Supreme Courts of the State. Prompt attention given to the collection of claims.

UNDERTAKING,

John. H. Crawford, notifies friends and the public generally that he has in stock a fine lot of coffins and burial cases of all sizes and from the finest to the plainest make, which he will dispose of at reasonable prices. He may be found at the shop known as the Fleming shop on Main St. South of the square. 3 m

H. L. STEVENSON. L. W. GRANT

STEVENSON & GRANT,

Real Estate Agents

JACKSONVILLE, ALA.

Real estate bought and sold.—Books open at law office of Mr Stevenson

CALHOUN COLLEGE,

MALE AND FEMALE,

Jacksonville, Ala.

The 11th Session of this Institution, (under the present Principal) begins the 1st Monday in September, 1882, and will continue FOUR scholastic months.

COURSE OF STUDY.—Mathematics, Languages Science, Literature, Music, Book-keeping, Theory and Practice of teaching, etc.

The location is proverbially healthy—free from all malarial or local causes for sickness. The Instructors are competent and enthusiastic. The instruction is careful and thorough—the community moral, cultivated and religious.

The charges for tuition, &c., will be the same as formerly, for the Preparatory and Collegiate departments.

The Primary department will be ABSOLUTELY FREE. No charge whatever will be made against the parent or guardian for those strictly in this department.

Pupils will be charged from the date of entrance to the close of the term, and no deduction will be made for lost time, except in cases of protracted sickness.

Good Board can be had at reasonable rates.

For further particulars address

W. J. BORDEN,

aug26—tf. Principal.

Stranger—"I say, Mister Big Head, you seem to be a little off! What ails you?"

Big Head—"Well, yes; you see I was out with the boys last night, and got kinder mixed."

Stranger—"It appears so from the looks of your head."

Big Head—"It don't feel exactly like my head; 'pears to be kinder 'swelled up,' and as if it had a notion to 'bust,' and the pain is terrible."

Stranger—"If you will get a bottle of Bailey's Saline Aperient, one or two doses will 'put a head on you,' that your friends would recognize."

Big Head—"I'll do any thing to get rid of all this pain and suffering."

This marvelous remedy cures those terrible headaches, cleanses the stomach, unloads the bowels unlocks the liver, relieves constipation at once, and gives the bile a chance to go. It has become the popular and standard remedy for constipation, biliousness, sick headache, heartburn, acid stomach, and all diseases requiring a real nice and pleasant purgative or physic.

It never nauseates nor gripes, acts in one or two hours, and is just so delightful and refreshing a drink, that everybody likes it.

It unclouds and cools the brain, quiets the nerves, and is a *sine qua non* for the headache of ladies.

It mitigates the pangs of rheumatism and gout, relieves kidney and urinary troubles, and pain in the back. For dyspepsia and liver it acts like a charm, and has no equal in curing a *constipated habit*. It is highly recommended for persons who travel, for merchants, clerks, mechanics, factory hands, students, teachers and all persons who lead a closely confined life and are subject to headache, dizziness and torpid bowels. If you are troubled with a coated tongue, foul breath, loss of appetite or general sluggishness, Bailey's Saline Aperient will cure you. It performs better work than pills, is more pleasant and palatable, and is much cheaper, in fact it is a regular family medicine chest within itself.

It sparkles and foams just like a glass of soda water, and is just as pleasant. 50 cents and sold every-where.

J. P. DROMGOOLE & Co.,

Proprietors, Louisville, Ky.

A WOMAN'S REMEDY.

At certain ages and periods of woman's life, there comes certain troubles, aches, pains and sufferings. These complaints and irregularities jeopardize the girl's life at sixteen, and follow up and haunt the married woman until after the "turn of life."

Some have headaches, swimming of the head, mental and nervous prostration, blanched cheeks, bloodless lips, lifeless eyes, clouded brain; while others suffer with painful irregularities, uterine displacements and ulcers, hysterical spasms, physical prostration, chronic leucorrhœa, chlorosis, suppressions, loss of appetite, ovarian diseases, kidney affections, convulsions, insanity and death. These are generally the result of inattention. All females know the class of complaints we allude to. Now, ladies, all these troubles can be averted and cured. We have proof from thousands.

Dr. Dromgoole's English Female Bitters will cure you sound and well—will make you healthy and happy—will make you feel like a new woman and no mistake. Sold by all Druggists at $1.00. Send your address for a copy of Dr. Dromgoole's Family Medical Adviser, *free to the afflicted*.

J. P. DROMGOOLE & Co.,

Proprietors, Louisville, Ky.

WANTED

To sell a blooded bull calf—the mother a six gallon short horn milk Durham—the sire a thorough bred Jersey Bull. Will exchange for a milk cow. Apply to LAWSON A. WEAVER.

THE GULLETT IMPROVED

MAGNOLIA COTTON GIN,

CONDENSER & FEEDER.

THE MAGNOLIA GIN

has come in competition with nearly every other Gin on the market, at State Fairs, etc., and in every instance has established its superiority in the following essentials, viz:

Light Draft,

QUICK AND GOOD WORK AND FINE SAMPLE.

TESTIMONIALS.

ALEXANDRIA, ALA, Dec. 15, 1880.

Messrs. Berrys & Co., Rome, Ga.,

DEAR SIRS: In reply to your enquiry, I will say the sixty saw Light Draft Gullett Gin bought of you last fall gives perfect satisfaction. I have been ginning seventeen years, and I have yet to see a Gin that makes as good a sample from dirty cotton as the Gullett. The feeder works perfectly in every respect. I would not have a gin without one

W. PHIL. COOPER

GRIFFIN, GA., March 1, 1879.

We, the undersigned are using the Gullett Improved Light Draft Cotton Gin. The Gin is of superior workmanship. For fast ginning, safety in running, and light draft, (to do the same work,) we think it has *no equal*; but the most important feature is the attachment for opening and improving the sample. The best cotton is improved by it so as to bring form ½ to ½ cent, and stained and dirty cotton from ½ to 1 cent per pound more in market than other Gins.

W. J. BRIDGES,
T. W. MANLEY,
J. T. MANLEY.

ROME, GA., March 7th, 1881.

We, the undersigned buyers and shippers of cotton in Rome, Georgia, take pleasure in recommending the new Improved Light Draft Gullett Gin as the best Gin known to us, for the reason that it turns out smoother and cleaner cotton with less nap, and consequently is worth more money.

Morgan & Grahame,	Cowen & Samuel,
T. F. Howell,	A T. Hardin,
W.T. Williams & Son,	J. R. Towers,
E.K-Thompson & Bro.	D. H Findley,
W. M. Shropshire,	C. M. Mort & Co.
Alex. Serrentino,	Robt G. McGants.
J. H. Aumpaugh,	A. T. Simons,
	M. Rosenburg & Bros.

I will pay one-fourth of a cent more for cotton from this gin. H. H. SMITH.

We claim and can substantiate by solid facts, that the Improved Gullett is of *better* workmanship and material and gives better satisfaction than any Gin on the market. For further particulars address

W. H. COOPER, Agent,

july8—2m Alexandria, Ala.

H. A. SMITH'S

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

MUSIC

—AND—

BOOK STORE,

Rome, Ga.

Just opening out an immense stock of Writing Desks, Work Boxes, Toilett Setts, China and Glass Vases, Motto Cup, Saucers and Mugs, Fancy Glass Inkstands, Stationery, Photograph and Autograph Albums, Bibles, Prayer Books, Poetical and standard works, Juvenile books, Pictures, Picture Frames, Tin, China and Rubber Toys in great variety, Wax Dolls, Games, Silver-plated Ware, suitable for wedding and holiday presents, Gold Pens, Port Monaies, and a thousand novelties.

Piano's and Organs, of the best make, at wholesale prices. Orders by mail solicited. Prices cheerfully given.

dec4 H. A. SMITH.

State Agricultural and Mechanical College,

AUBURN, ALA.

Session of 1882—83.

First term begins Sept. 27th. Four regular degree courses, viz: Agricultural, Engineering, Literature and Science. Special courses of study allowed. Full faculty and excellent facilities for teaching. Tuition free. Board and other expenses light. For catalogue and other information apply to

W. LEROY BROWN, L. L. D.

Or President.

E. GLENN, Treas. july23—to1

JAMES HUTCHINSON,

Barber & Hair-dresser,

Room on Office Row, recently occupied by Dick Walker.

If you desire to have a pleasant and clean shave, or have your hair trimmed in neat and fashionable style, give him a call. Jacksonville, Apl. 20, 1878

Lumber! Lumber!

The Steam Saw Mill of CAMP BROS., at Weavers Station, has recently been greatly improved, and orders will be promptly filled for

YELLOW PINE LUMBER,

Of all descriptions, as well as

Laths, &c.,

Dry Lumber furnished when needed. Price moderate. Send in your orders.

CAMP BROS.

may6-'82—6m Weavers Station, Ala.

W. C. LAND,

WATCHMAKER,

—AND—

JEWELER.

Jacksonville, - - - Ala.

Also, agent for Meriden CT Table cutlery and silver and plated ware. Also agent for Elgin Watch co, and other American make May, 1st 1880

Administrator's Sale.

By virtue of an order of sale granted by the Probate Court of Calhoun county, State of Alabama, Hon. A. Woods Judge, the undersigned, Administrator of the estate of L. W. Cannon, dec'd, will sell at public outcry, for cash, to the highest bidder, before the Court House door

On Monday the 2nd day of Oct. '82,

the following real estate belonging to the estate of L. W. Cannon dec'd, to-wit:

A one half undivided interest in the W½ of S W¼ of section 7 in township 14 and range 9, lying in Calhoun county, State of Alabama. Said land is mostly in timber, lies near Jacksonville, and the Chalybeate springs are supposed to be adjacent to the land, and may be on the land as the line is not known. Also at the same time, place and terms, will sell Two Shares in the Jacksonville Mining Company and two shares in the Cleburne county Mining Company.

H. L. STEVENSON,

Adm'r of the estate of L. W. Cannon dec'd. Sept9t3.

YOUNG MEN

SHOULD ATTEND

MOORE'S

BUSINESS UNIVERSITY

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A Model Business School

ACTUAL BUSINESS

STUDENTS ON CHANGE

A Practical School for the Times

No Theory. No copying from books. The best course of instruction ever adopted for the practical education of young men, boys and men of middle age.

The course of students comprise every variety of Business and Finance, from Banking operations. Book-keeping in all its various methods. Business forms, terms and usages. Business writing, correspondence, business Arithmetic, Commercial Law, Lectures, Partnership, Settlements, etc., etc.

No vacations. Students can enter at any time Circulars containing full particulars mailed *free* to any address.

une18—1y B. F. MOORE, Pres.

SUMMER RESIDENCE

One house and lot in Jacksonville containing seven acres, known as the Judge Foster residence. The house is most tastefully built and situated in the most desirable part of town for residence. A never failing well supplies ice cold water the year round. The place is abundantly supplied with fine fruit, including an extensive Grapery. The extensive lawn in front is clothed with huge native oaks and the ground beautifully laid off. It is a very desirable place for some gentleman South of Ft. who wants a summer residence in that part of the State. The owner says $3.000 for the place. Will sell for $2,500 if taken in 3 months. Reason for selling—owner moved out of the State. Address

STEVENSON & GRANT,

Real Estate Brokers.

oct1—tf Jacksonville. Ala.

Tuscaloosa Female College

THE prosperity of this institution increasing from year to year. The next Session, with Faculty unchanged and improved facilities, will open September 18. Terms moderate. For catalogues, apply to

ALONZO HILL,

S. S. MELLEN,

Tuscaloosa, July 4, 1882. Principals

HUNTSVILLE

FEMALE COLLEGE

HUNTSVILLE, ALABAMA.

THE THIRTY-THIRD SESSION of this well-known Institution of Learning begins August 30, 1882. We educate the Head to think, the Heart to feel and the body to act. Send for Catalogue with special inducements, to

REV. A. JONES, A. M.

july8 President.

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ATTORNEY AT LAW,

Jacksonville, Ala.

Will practice in all the Courts of this Judicial Circuit, and in the Supreme and Federal Courts. Collections promptly made. Office at former office of Col. Jas. Crook-aug5—1y.

WOODRUFF & NORTH,

Cotton Factors,

—AND—

COMMISSION MERCHANTS

SELMA, ALA.

sept17—tf.

GENIUS REWARDED,

—OR THE—

Story of the Sewing Machine

A handsome little pamphlet, blue and gold cover, with numerous engravings will be

GIVEN AWAY

to any adult person calling for it, at any branch sub-office of The Singer Manufacturing Company, or will be sent by mail, post paid, to any person living at a distance from our office.

THE SINGER MANUFACTUING CO.

Principal office, 34 Union Square, New York

une 18—1y

LAND FOR SALE.

Thirteen and one third acres of good arable land can be bought on reasonable terms, and a clear title given, by applying to

jan28—tf C. W. BREWTON.

Mountain Farm And Vineyard For Sale.

The undersigned will give a bargain in the fine fruit farm and vineyard on top of the mountain 1½ miles from Jacksonville known as the George White place.

STEVENSON & GRANT,

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GUNS

OF EVERY KIND CHEAPER THAN EVER.

Rifles, Shot Guns, Revolvers, Ammunition, Fishing Tackle, Seines, Nets, Knives, Razors; Skates, Hammocks, etc.

Large Illustrated Catalogue FREE.

GREAT WESTERN GUN WORKS

PITTSBURGH, PA.

AGENTS

WANTED! Ladies and Gentlemen, to engage with us to sell several Useful Household Articles. Profits large. Labor is light. Exclusive territory given. No competition. Terms liberal. Circulars FREE. Address Hewitt Manufact'g Co., Box 858, Pittsburgh, Pa.

A NEW CURE FOR

POTATO BUGS

AND ALL TROUBLESOME VERMIN.

Safe, sure, cleanly and cheap. Sample Package, Postpaid, 30 cts. AGENTS WANTED. Address,

J. E. JOHNSTON, Pittsburgh, Pa.

MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS

of all kinds for sale very cheap. Catalogues free. Address, RICHARDSON, HULL & CO., Box 868, Pittsburgh, Pa.

april22—6m

The Republican.

ladies fine trimmed hats at Crow Bros.

There was a delightful picnic at Surphur Springs Tuesday.

One hundred pounds of fresh butter wanted at the Red Store.

Miss Kate Crawford has returned from a visit to Chattanooga Tennessee.

A large lot of crockery ware just received at the Red Store. To price is to buy.

Miss Key Seymour, of Gadsden is on a vssit to friends and relatives in this place.

If you want a good cigar call on Brewton at the Red Store.

A large and elegant stock of ready made clothing, just received and very low at Crow Bros.

Mrs. Watson, mother of Mrs. R. Adams, left for her home in Georgia a few days since.

If you want the genuine Durham *smoking tobacco* call at the Red Store and get it.

Gen. Burke and his amiable family are spending some days at their summer residence here.

All kinds of groceries constantly on hand, at rock bottom prices at Crow Bros.

Just received, a large lot of New Orleans sugar at the Red Store. Call and examine prices and quality.

Some party whose name was not left with us sent to this office some days ago some remarkable large scuppernong grapes.

A large lot of boots and shoes just received and of the latest styles, which we will sell at the lowest cash prices at Crow Bro,

Affable and polite bar keepers at the bar of Robertson & Co They understand the compounding of delicious drinks- Sept 9,t f

Terms cash at the Red Store and don't you forget it.

If you happen to want a specially pure brand of whiskey or brandy enquire for the bar of Robertson & Co. Sept 9. tf

Mr. John M. Caldwell returned home one day this week from Atlanta, Ga., where he has been for several weeks on a visit.

If you want a quiet game of pool you will find it only a few steps from the hotel back of the bar room of Robertson &Co.Sep 9tf

C. W. Brewton announces to his friends and customers that he is still on hand, with a large stock of Groceries.

A large stock of goods just received at Crow Bros. They invite their friends to call and examine them before purchasing elsewhere.

We learn that a protracted meeting, conducted by Rev. Mr. McGaha, will commence at the Baptist church in this place to-morrow (Sunday.)

I wish to make final settlement, Friday and Saturday, 9th and 7th of Oct., with teachers for the present scholastic year.

G. B. RUSSELL.

Robertson & Co, will spare no expense or pains to make their bar room popular with local and traveling customers. They are polite attentive and serve pure liquors. Sept 9. t f

Mme. Demorest's Monthly Monitor of fashion sent on trial four months on receipt of six cents for postage. Address

T. A. NIXON,
Huntsville, Ala.
Sept9t2.

We solicit correspondence from all parts of the county. Don't be afraid to write us the news, whether you are college bred or not. We will set all manuscript to music.

I return many thanks to my customers for their patronage in the past, and hope by fair dealing and good goods to receieve a liberal share of your patronage.

C. W. Brewton.

Robertson & Co, are making every preparation to make their bar and pool parlor more attractive than ever the coming fall and winter. They have on hand an excellent brand of liquors. Sept 9-tf

The College reports over seventy pupils this week.

While we like to see other schools flourish, we always rejoice in the success of of this Institution under whatever management it may be.

We call attention of our readers to the large double column advertisement of J. D. Hammond's Co's, to be found in this issue. They have received a large and varied stock of dry goods and groceries. They propose to sell as cheap as the cheapest, and all they ask is to give them a trial. They defy competition.

HOW TO AVOID DRUNKENNESS. Forbid intoxicating nostrums and use Parker's Ginger Tonic in your family. This delicious remedy never intoxicates, it is a true blood and brain food, and aiding all the vital functions never fails to invigorate.

To Rent.

A desirable residence on Depot street. Parties wishing to rent a house and lot convenient to town, can do so by corresponding with the undersigned at Rome, Ga., or in person, at this place, abont the 1st of October.

MRS. L. W. CANNON.
Sept16tf.

Both Messrs. Stevenson & Grant have gone to St. Clair county this week to make arrangements for loaning money in that county. They have already completed arrangements for operating in Etowah and Cleburne; and their territory will now embrace fourr counties. They expect to loan a great deal of money the coming season both of Real Estate and crop lein mortgages. They can loan money cheaper than the bankers do.

Mr. W. C. Verrell, who has bought out Mr. Nathan Clark, called at the office Saturday last and subscribed for the Republican. He said he couldn't live in no county and not take his county paper. He says he wants to know what is happening with the people among whom he has cast his lot. He strikes us as a progressive, live man, and good farmer, who is proud of his calling, and who will prove a valuable acquisition to our population.

A good man has been taken from the walks of man. Dr. C. C. Porter breathed his last at his residence on the evening of the 19th. He was one of the pioneers of our county, having been here for more than forty years. He was an honest, upright, christian gentleman, a devoted husband, kind and affectionate father. His good examples and moral influences will be greatly missed. Another body has been remanded to earth and a soul passed over the waters to rest in the shadow of the eternal evergreens. We tender his bereaved ones our sincere sympathy.

WOMAN'S primitive beauty and vigor, which have been lost, can be restored and retained by the action of certain constitutional agents. These agents necessarily regulate, build up, fortify and antagonize all existing female irregularities and excesses, or obstructions which produce the ill health. The remedy must unload the locked up secretions, add iron to blood, strength to system and vitality to nerves. Such a remedy is found in the use of *English Female Bitters*.

Two great evils—headache and constipation, afflicting nearly all humanity, are relieved by Bailey's *Saline Aperient*.

"Tough on Chills,"
Cures 5 cases for 25 cts. in cash or stamps. Mailed by John Parham, Atlanta, Ga.

Cigars of the best brands at the counter of Robertson & Co Sep 9 tf

We hope to make great improvement in the Republican. It will take money to do this and we earnestly hope patrons of the paper will settle all dues the coming season. The payment of the money due from patrons will enable us to present a better paper. So it is the interest of all to come up and pay. We have been patient during the dull season, but the country has been favored with good crops this year, and we know it will be within the ability of all to pay when cotton comes into market.

Several burglaries have been committed in Jacksonville and vicinity recently. Wednesday night Col. J. H. Caldwell's residence was entered by sawing a slot of the blinds and the fastening removed. They were evidently after money only. They went into John M. Caldwell's room and took his pants out in the front hall rifling them of some loose silver change. Col. Caldwell sleeping in the same room, escaped loss, although his pants were only about three feet from those taken. Although there were two or three watches in the room and other money. The thieves only got a few dollars for taking the risk of having their heads shot off.

Premature grayness avoided by using Parker's Hair Balsam, distinguished for its cleanliness and perfume.

Rowan Dean & Co, have undoubtedly the very greatest bargains in Ready Made Clothing ever offered in this market. They have bought for this season a larger lot than ever before for this market and have marked down the present stock on hand at an immense sacrifice. Vests at 50 cents to $100. Pants and vests at from $1.50 to $5 00. Full suits at coresponding rates. Most of these goods are of the finest lines of cashmere.

In boys clothing splendid cashmere pants and vests at $4.50 and full suits in proportion.

In order to sell for these extraordinary low figures they must sell for cash.

Now is the time to buy good, fine winter suits of clothing at less figures than by half you will have to pay later in the season.

Miss Mamie Montgomery's School.

This accomplished teacher, late of La Grange, Ga., opened a private school at Maj. Ben. Wyly's on September 4th. She has now thirty pupils—all girls save one. The school is now full, there being no room for more pupils. She has in operation a successful music department under the management of Miss Jessie Woods than whom can be found no more thorough and accomplished pianist.

Both parents and pupils seem delighted with Miss Montgomery's discipline, curriculum &c., and as many of our best citizens are her patrons, we feel that her enterprise is quite an acquisition to our village. As we have four schools in our incorporation, we feel all can be accommodated.

A Skillful Operation.

ED. REPUBLICAN:—Some weeks ago, you chronicled a skillful operation, as performed by Dr. C. H. Montgomery, the extraction of a huge chicken bone from the Æsophagus of our venerable townsman, Robt. Alexander.

It is with pleasure that I call your attention to a much more difficult and skillful operation of this rising young surgeon. Our venerable and esteemed friend, Dr. C. C. Porter, who has been for years in the habitof using a Catheter, owing to a severe stricture, being prostrate from disease and very nervous, in the use of the Catheter, he broke off about 6½ inches which was left in the bladder. Dr. Montgomery was called in by his physician, Dr. J. Y. Nisbet. After consultation with his wife and son, over the danger of so difficult an operation one of his age and debilitated condition, it was decided to perform the operation. With the use of chloroform, a steady nerve and the utmost coolness, Dr. Montgomery's knife and forceps made their way to the offending instrument, and with a "here it is gentlemen" the operation was over. One of our young men who assisted, said he thought Dr. Montgomery did this kind of work every day, from the coolness with which he proceeded.

We are glad to see success crown the meritorious undertakings of all who are striving to be useful in the world, and to mankind, and cheerfully accord credit so justly merited.

The operation was in the main, identical with that for "stone in the bladder lithony." I ask your indulgence in giving this notice, as I feel our county is fortunate in having in our midst one so promising in this particular branch of the medical science. Hoping he may move on and upward in his chosen profession. I am, with much respect, an humble

OBSERVER.

ALEXANDRIA LOCALS.

On Friday night 15th inst. a large intelligent and appreciative audience assembled in the Grange Hall of Alexandria for the purpose of hearing the debate, announced in last weeks issue. Messrs. J B. Graham, Y. D. Harrison, and J. D. Taylor, of Oxford, were on hand in due time. Messrs, L. D. Miller, W. P. Cooper. H. J. Dean of Alexandria, and Messrs James N. Gunnels and W. W. Whiteside of Oxford, were selected for judges Mr. W. W. Whiteside was chosen for president. The debate was long and well contested on both sides. The most logical and profound reasons were produced in favor of both the colonies and the Southern States. Mr. W. W. White side after thanking the young men in behalf of the judges for their fine literary treat and after saying that the arguments had been exhausted on both sides, proceeded to make a brief but eloquent speech and cloed by announcing the decision in favor of the affirmative. Although the decision was given in favor of the affirmative; yet we are constrained to say that the glorious cause of the South was not suffered to wave, because the majority of the audience were in favor of the negative. We were glad to see Messrs Thomas Graham and A. Ingram, of Oxford and Messrs. Crook and Crawford, of Jacksonville in the audience.

PRIDE OF ALABAMA.

MEDICAL NOTICE.

The Medical Society of Calhoun county will meet in Oxford, Alabama, Tuesday the 3rd day of October 1882. Every member of the Society is earnestly requested to be present.

Physicians of the county are respectfully invited to attend the meeting.

J. Y. NISBET, Pres't.
J. C. LEGRAND, Sec'y.
Sept 23, 1882.

For Sale.

The Ed J. Dean farm at Alexandria, Alabama, containing 440 acres. A desirable residence and a good well of water, with orchard of extra fine fruit. Apply to

H. J. DEAN,
Alexandria, Ala.
Sept.9tf.

Sale of Valuable Lands.

BY virtue of an order of sale granted by the Probate Court of Calhoun county, State of Alabama, the undersigned, as Administrator of the estate of John E. Peace, deceased, will

On Monday the 23rd day of October 1882,

sell at public outcry, to the highest bidder, on the premises, the following described lands belonging to the estate of said John E. Peace deceased, to-wit: The N W¼ of S E¼ and N E¼ of S E¼ of section 29 and the N W¼ of S W¼ and S W¼ of S W¼ of section 29—all in township 12 range 9 in Calhoun county, Alabama. Terms of sale: One half cash, balance on a credit of twelve months with good and solvent security with interest from date of sale.

GEORGE P. PEACE.
Adm'r of John E. Peace, dec'd.
sep23-tds.

STATE OF ALABAMA,
Calhoun County

In Probate Court for said county, Special Term, September 12th, 1882.

This day came John C. Watson, Adm'r of the estate of Elias Teague, dec'd, and filed in Court his account and vouchers for an annual settlement of said estate:

It is therefore ordered by the court that the 7th day of Oct'r 1882, be and is hereby appointed the day upon which to audit and pass upon said account and to make said settlement, and that notice therof be given for three successive weeks by publication in the Jacksonville Republican, a newspaper printed and published in said county, as a notice to all persons interested, to be and appear at my office in the court house of said county, on said 7th day of Oct'r 1882, and contest said settlement if they think proper.

A WOODS,
sep16—3t Judge of Probate.

LIVERY
—AND—
SALE STABLE

The Undersigned having bought the Hammond Livery Stable, of Mr. Wilson, have entered upon their business and will be glad to serve the public.

We expect to keep Vehicles, Horses and Mules for sale, and are prepared to guarantee bargains in this line.

Our terms will be very reasonable and strictly cash.

Horses boarded at low rates. Give us your patronage and we will give you satisfaction. Respectfully,

MARTIN & WILKERSON.
jan16—tf.

TAX COLLECTOR'S NOTICE.

FIRST ROUND.

The undersigned Tax Collector of Calhoun county, will attend at the times stated at the places mentioned below, for the purpose of collecting the State and county tax for the year 1882:

Beat 16—	Ladiga, Wednesday,	Oct.	4
" 9—	Cross Plains, Thursday,	"	5
" 8—	Green's School house, Friday,	"	6
" 1—	Jacksonville, Saturday,	"	7
" 3—	June Bug, Monday,	"	9
" 3—	Weaver's Station, Tuesday	"	10
" 2—	Alexandria, Wednesday & Thursday,	11 &	12
" 6—	Peck's Hill, Friday.	"	13
" 7—	Hollingsworth, Saturday,	"	14
" 10—	Rabbit Town, Monday.	"	16
" 11—	White Plains, Tuesday,	"	17
" 12—	Davitville, Wednesday	"	18
" 17—	Centre, Thursday,	"	19
" 13—	Oxford, Friday and Saturday,	October 20 &	21
" 15—	Anniston, Monday & Tuesday,	October 23 &	24
" 4—	Gonaway's School house, Wednesday,	October	25
" 4—	Bynum's Store, Thursday,	"	26
" 14—	Sulphur Springs, Friday,	"	27
" 5—	Old Iron Works, Saturd'y	"	28

Poll tax is delinquent after the last day of October.

D. Z. GOODLETT,
Sept16tf Tax Collector.

Notice to Stockholders.

In accordance with a resolution of the Jacksonville Mining Company, passed on the 28th day of Aug. 1882. Notice is hereby given that the following owners of stock in said company, who are in arrears with the company, upon assessments duly made against them, are required to come forward and pay the same to me by the 11th day of October 1882, or their stock in said company will be advertised and sold by the Directors to pay the same, viz: M. J. Tunley, W. C. Price, Jno. M. Moore, Representatives of Jno. D. Rowland, Mrs. Mary E. Rowland, Representatives of J. F. Stokes deceased; Representatives of Jno H. Wright. Mrs. D. F. Ryan: Mrs. G. W. Mathews: J. A. McCampbell, Miss. L. A. Weir and Heirs of Jno R. Clark, deceased.

L. L. SWAN, Sec'ty
Jacksonville, Ala. Sept, 2nd 1882, 3t;

Letting of the Poor House for 1883.

STATE OF ALABAMA,
Calhoun County.

Court of County Commissioners, Regular term, Aug. 14, 1882.

At this term of the Court of County Commissioners, in accordance with an act of the General Assembly, approved February 23, 1881, the Court took into consideration the letting of the Poor House of said county for the year 1883: Whereupon, it was ordered by the Court that the Keeper of the Poor House and Paupers for said year 1883, be allowed the sum of $6.75 per month for each Pauper received into said Poor House during the time he remains therein, and that the said Keeper be allowed the Poor Poor House farm free of rent for the year 1883, and the said Keeper is to feed, clothe and nurse said paupers; and also furnish them with Tobacco, and provide for their comfort fully as required by law. The Court of county Commissioners are to furnish bed-steads and all necessary bedding, and pay Doctor's bills, and for medicine for said paupers. Notice is hereby given that said Poor House will be let on the terms above stated on Monday, the 2nd day of October, 1882 at the court house of said county, for the year 1883. Persons proposing to take charge of said Poor house on the terms stated, can do so by letter or by applying to the Court in person on the day set for said letting. The Court reserves the right to reject any and all applications which may be made for the keeping of said Poor House, if none be found to come up to the requirements of the Court.

A. WOODS,
sept2-'82-5t Judge of Probate.

REAL ESTATE AGENCY.

If you want to purchase or sell lands upon favorable terms, call on or write to

JNO. M. CALDWE L,
REAL ESTATE AGENT,
Jacksonville, Ala.

☞No charge for examination of titles where there is either sale or purchase. aug13—t

REAL ESTATE
FOR SALE.
A Chance For Homeseekers!

MESSRS. STEVENSON & GRANT,
Real Estate Brokers,
JACKSONVILLE, ALA.,

OFFER the following described places for sale at a bargain. For full description and particulars, apply to them.

3

80 ACRES, three and a half miles North of Mt Pelk. 17 acres cleared land, mostly fresh. Rails enough to fence 40 acres more. Land good No houses. Can be paid for in six yearly payments of cotton. Call on or address J D McCormick, Mack Ala

4

100 ACRES within one and a half miles of Anniston, 56 acres cleared, 50 acres well timbered and accessible. Iron ore, good water, orchard, dwelling, outhouses, blacksmith and woodshop well patronized, on the place. School house and church within on fourth mile. Geo. Pacific R. R. survey through the place.

5

120 ACRES near Cherokee and Calhoun line. Framed dwelling house and other improvements. 50 acres in cultivation. All in a body—greater part level and good. In good neighborhood.

6

180 ACRES, 8 miles west of Jacksonville on Gadsden and Jacksonville road. Good improvements, finely watered, fencing in good condition and land in fine state of cultivation. 100 acres open. 85 acres woodland well timbered. Red and yellow clay subsoil.

8

A splendid farm of 800 acres in the valley of Alexandria, 500 acres open and under fence, 640 in a body, and 160 of woodland seperated from main body by only one forty. Has a large and convenient dwelling and ready tenant houses. The land has red clay subsoil; lies very level and will hold all the manures put on it. Ample water supply from two springs. Fine native and cultivated grasses. Land produces well. Would make a splendid stock farm. It will be sold at a bargain.

And other places of very desirable character. We shall continue the advertisement of places given us for sale from time to time without charge to the parties who give us their lands to sell. We have printed power of attorney to sell land now on hand, and all parties who place their lands in our hands for sale will be expected to sign them up. We require this both in order that there may be no dispute as to amount of our fee in case of sale, and to show parties who may desire to purchase that we have a right to sell. Of course under this power, the owner will have the deeds to sign before the sale would be complete. STEVENSON & GRANT,
july9—tf Jacksonville, Ala

FIRE INSURANCE.

I. L. SWAN AG'T,
JACKSONVILLE, ALA.
Four Good Home Companies to wit,

Georgia Home, Ga.
Home Protection, Ala.
Central City, Ala.
Columbus Ins. and Banking Co., Miss.

May 1st, 1880.

FRANK W. BOWDON, ROBT. L. ARNOLD
BOWDON & ARNOLD,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW
—AND—
Solicitors in Chancery,
JACKSONVILLE, ALA.

Will practice in all the Courts of the Circuit, U. S. Dist. Court and Supreme Court of the State April 24, 1880

East Tennessee, Virginia
—AND—
GEORGIA RAILROADS,

Forms the quickest and most comfortable route to

Eastern Cities,
—AND—
ONLY ROUTE
—TO THE—
Watering Places
—OF—
East Tennessee and Virginia

The principal Inducements are

SPLENDID SCENERY, QUICK TIME, THROUGH CARS.

The only line passing through the mountainous regions of East Tennessee and Virginia. Through cars run from Selma to Bristol without change. For information address,

JAS. R. OGDEN, G. P. A., Knoxville.
A. POPE, A. G. P. A., Selma.

SELMA DIVISION.

Going North,		Going South.
Lv. 8.00 a m	Selma,	Ar. 7 07 p m
" 10.42 a m	Calera,	Lv. 4.35 p m
" 1.55 p m	Jacksonville,	" 1.27 p m
" 4.26 p m	Rome,	" 11.10 a m
" 6 20 p m	Dalton,	" 9.40 a m
" 8.35 p m	Cleveland,	" 7.00 a m
" 11.50 p m	Knoxville,	" 3 35 a m
Ar. 4.50 a m	Bristol,	" 10.20 p m

ALABAMA CENTRAL DIVISION.

Westward.		Eastward.
Lv. 4.20 p m	Selma,	Ar. 11.00 a m
" 5.45 p m	Uniontown,	Lv. 9.42 a m
" 7.05 p m	Demopolis,	" 8.20 a m
Ar. 10.00 p m	Meridian,	" 5.35 a m

Mail Train North connects with Rome R R at Rome for Atlanta, and at Dalton with W & A R R for Chattanooga, and points North; at Bristol with W. & W R R for all Eastern cities Accommodation train leaves Selma at 3.40 p m. connecting with L & N at Calera for all Western cities; arrives at Selma 10.15 a m. Mail train South connects at Calera with L & N for Montgomery, and at Meridian with N O and V & M roads for Mobile, New Orleans and Vicksburg.

JNO. M. BRIDGES, Supt.
A. POPE,
Gen. Ticket and Passenger Ag't
an 29, 1882 Lynchburg, Va.

MANHOOD
How Lost, How Restored.

Just published, a new edition of **Dr Culverwell's Celebrated Essay** on the radical cure of SPERMATORRHŒA or Seminal Weakness, Involuntary Seminal Losses, Impotency, Mental and physical Incapacity, Impediments to marriage, etc; also, CONSUMPTION, EPILEPSY and FITS, induced by self-indulgence or sexual extravagance, &c.

The celebrated author, in this admirable Essay clearly demonstrates, from a thirty year's successful practice, that the alarming consequences of self-abuse may be radically cured, pointing out a mode of cure at once simple, certain, and effectual, by means of which every sufferer, no matter what his condition may be, may cure himself cheaply, privately and radically.

☞This lecture should be in the hands of every youth and every man in the land.

Sent under seal, in a plain envelope, to any address, post-paid, on receipt of six cents or two postage stamps Address

THE CULVERWELL MEDICAL CO.
41 Ann St., New York.;
july15—1y Post Office Box, 450.

WM. J. BROCK,
ATTOREY AT LAW,
OFFICE AT
Centre, Cherokee Co., Ala.

WILL attend to cases both in the Chancery and Circuit Courts of this Judicial circuit and Chancery Division, and Supreme Court of the State. Collections promptly attended to.

Undertaker's Notice.

The Undersigned has just received and has now in stock a full line of

Coffins and Burial Robes,

from the cheapest to the most expensive make. Burial robes for both male and female, are much neater than those heretofore bought, and are sold at about one third of the cost Orders from any part of this section of the State filled on telegraphic or postal notice.

The whole care and expense of burials undertaken, when desired.

L. A. WEAVER,
july29-3m Jacksonville, Ala

TUTT'S PILLS
"SYMPTOMS OF A
TORPID LIVER.

Loss of Appetite, Bowels costive, Pain in the Head, with a dull sensation in the back part, Pain under the Shoulder blade, fullness after eating, with a disinclination to exertion of body or mind, Irritability of temper, Low spirits, with a feeling of having neglected some duty, Weariness, Dizziness, Fluttering at the Heart, Dots before the eyes. Yellow Skin, Headache generally over the right eye, Restlessness, with fitful dreams, highly colored Urine, and

CONSTIPATION.

TUTT'S PILLS are especially adapted to such cases, one dose effects such a change of feeling as to astonish the sufferer.

They Increase the Appetite, and cause the body to **Take on Flesh,** thus the system is **nourished,** and by their **Tonic Action** on the **Digestive Organs, Regular Stools** are produced. Price 25 cents. 35 Murray St., N. Y.

TUTT'S HAIR DYE.

GRAY HAIR OR WHISKERS changed to a GLOSSY BLACK by a single application of this DYE. It imparts a natural color, acts Instantaneously. Sold by Druggists, or sent by express on receipt of $1.

OFFICE, 35 MURRAY ST., NEW YORK.

(Dr. TUTT'S MANUAL of Valuable Information and Useful Receipts will be mailed FREE on application.)

aug26—'82—1y

COTTON is KING KING of COTTON!
BUT OUR ENGINE IS
Invaluable patented improvements found in no other ENGINES in the world. For Pamphlets and Price List, (also for SAW MILLS), address
TREADWELL & TAYLOR CO., Mansfield, Ohio.

LANDRETHS' PEDIGREE SEEDS
ESTABLISHED NINETY-EIGHT YEARS

SEEDS For the MERCHANT on our New Plan SEEDS
SEEDS For the MARKET GARDENER SEEDS
For the PRIVATE FAMILY
Grown by ourselves on our own Farms

☞ Handsome Illustrated Catalogue and Rural Register FREE TO ALL.
MERCHANTS, SEND US YOUR BUSINESS CARDS FOR TRADE LIST.
DAVID LANDRETH & SONS, SEED GROWERS, PHILADELPHIA

Use Lawrence & Martin's
TOLU
ROCK 'n RYE.

For COUGHS, COLDS, SORE THROAT, BRONCHITIS, ASTHMA, PNEUMONIA, CONSUMPTION, Diseases of THROAT, CHEST AND LUNGS.

BALSAM OF TOLU Has always been one of the most important weapons wielded by the MEDICAL FACULTY against the encroachments of COUGHS, COLDS, BRONCHITIS, ASTHMA, SORE THROAT, CONSUMPTION in its incipient and advanced stages, and all diseases of the THROAT, CHEST and LUNGS, but it has never been so advantageously compounded as in the TOLU, ROCK and RYE. Its soothing Balsamic properties afford a diffusive stimulant and tonic to build up the system after the cough has been relieved. Quart size bottles, Price $1.00.

CAUTION! Do not be deceived by dealers who try to palm off Rock and Rye MEDICATED article—the genuine has a Private Die Proprietary Stamp on each bottle, which permits it to be **Sold by Druggists, Grocers and Dealers Everywhere,**

☞ WITHOUT SPECIAL TAX OR LICENSE.

The TOLU, ROCK AND RYE CO., Proprietors, 41 River St., Chicago, Ill.

The Biggest Thing Yet.
GROCERIES!
GROCERIES!!
GROCERIES!!!
B. F. CARPENTER & CO.

Have received and are still receiving the largest and best selected stock of Groceries they have ever brought to this market. Not deterred by the clamor of hard times next year, they have amply provided for the wants of the public, and will sell to suit the purses of their customers. In all

STAPLE AND FANCY GROCERIES,

They can confidently defy competition, where cash is paid. They bought on the recent failure of corners in Groceries of all kinds, and consequently caught the bottom of the market. Seeing is believing.

Bring the Cash

and test their prices, and see for yourself.

Bagging, Ties, Farming Utensils

Wooden Ware, and hundreds of other things in stock. Don't buy until you examine the stock of

B. F. CARPENTER & CO.
oct15-tf

ICE, ICE, ICE.
Beer on Ice!

All kinds of Summer drinks served at the "City Bar" on short notice, by the undersigned, who has with particular care selected for this season, a very fine lot of Best

LINCOLN COUNTY WHISKEY
Direct from the Distillery, as well as
Apple, and Peach Brandies,

He would especially call the attention of all desiring a good drink to his celebrated

"Cabinet Whiskey,"

which is the best in the market. He has genuine imported Holland Gin and French Brandy, FOR THE SICK. Fresh Lemons always on hand. Also, pure sweet mash corn whiskey. His liquors are bought under bond and he knows them to be fine and pure. A general line of goods in liquors of all brands. Beer, Cider, &c., including Sacrament Wine. Also a large lot of fine Cigars and Tobacco and Snuff.

Large lot of empty barrels in stock.

My Billiard Parlor

which is well ventilated and furnished with the best Billiard and Pool Tables, is the favorite resort of those who love the game. Respectfully,

JNO RAMAGNANO, Jacksonville, Ala.

N. B.—Parties indebted to me are requested to come forward and settle by cash or waive note. may13—6m

STEVENSON & GRANT,
Correspondents of
Real Estate Banking
—AND—
LOAN ASSOCIATION
OF ALABAMA.

WILL UNDERTAKE TO NEGOTIATE LOANS AS FOLLOWS:

On proudcing farm lands, for from three to five years.

On producing farm lands, for three to five years, payable in annual installments.

On crop lien, personal and real security, for one year or less, with agreement to ship cotton to Selma. Applicants may apply for loans on producing farm lands for a term of years, either with or without the condition to ship cotton. Loans made for $300 and upwards.

STEVENSON & GRANT,
Jacksonville Ala.

Purifies the BLOOD. EDWARD WILDER'S Removes PIMPLES & SORES. WILL

The three gigantic evils of civilized man are Scrofula, Chronic Rheumatism, and Neuralgia. EDWARD WILDER'S SARSAPARILLA and POTASH completely cures and eradicates all these.

The combination which by his process, is made between these two reliable medicines, is one rarely attained, but which brings out their most useful properties. They clean the entire glandular system, they purify the blood whose impurity is at the source of all these afflictions, they increase and render all the secretions healthy. Numberless testimonials pour upon him for their wonderfully restorative and strengthening effects from sufferers who have been benefited by this wonderful medicine. We need not say that in cases of MERCURIAL TAINT its effects are magical, for it removes all the bad blood, and re-invigorates the constitution by making it pure, and clean, and fresh. It is an unfailing and speedy cure for all Skin Diseases; it removes Tetter and Ringworm; prevents Falling of the Hair, and a sure relief for Swellings, old Sores, Syphilis and Venereal Diseases.

SARSAPARILLA NEVER FAILS to CURE. AND POTASH, UNFAILING, Rapid and SAFE.

J. W. COKER & CO.,
Commission Merchants,
—AND—
WAREHOUSEMEN,
ROME, GA.

Mr. Wright, formerly with Jno. C. Graham and Berry & Co., is a member of this firm. sept24—3m

WANTED

Good fat young beef cattle—Fat Sheep and Spring Lambs. A liberal price will be paid on delivery to

N. BOYER,
aug18—tf. At Anniston Ala.

JACKSONVILLE HOTEL
WEST SIDE PUBLIC SQUARE,
Jacksonville, Alabama.

Do not be deceived, but come to the "only Hotel," where you will find the best of cooks and servants, the best fare our county and money can afford. Rooms newly fitted up and renovated. We will guarantee satisfaction. Our house will be first class in every respect. Sample room free. Give us a trial.

ROBT. ADAMS,
dec10—tf Proprietor.

SEED OATS FOR SALE.

I have a choice lot of Red Rust Proof and Burt Oats for sale at my residence in Jacksonville

aug26-tf JOHN M. CROOK.

AGRICULTURE.

KEEP THE HOED CROPS CLEAN.--Although generally hoeing is laid by before haying commences, and by most farmers not again taken up, would it not be well to consider this matter in a new light, and instead of lettine the crops go without more cultivation and the land to grow a thick crop of weeds, keep the hoeing along, thereby improving the crop and cleaning the land. We are aware that most cultivators think that the ground becomes full of roots, and that the use of a horse hoe or plough must break many of these roots, and, therefore, prove injurious to the crop. It is true that in land that has been well tilled and highly manured there is a mass of roots all through the top soil, but it is not certain that cutting off a part of these roots will damage the plants. There are those who believe (and they are among the most intelligent farmers), that root pruning is highly beneficial, and it has been claimed by some of our best corn growers that a judicious pruning of the corn roots will largely increase the quantity of grain per acre, and that the ripening process will be hastened thereby. On the other hand, we find good farmers and able writers who believe that root pruning decreases yield and delays ripening. We have known of great results in hastening growth, and in increase of yield in a few corn crops, but we did not commence this article to discuss root pruning, but to impress the matter of clean culture, so whether or not the farmer believes it best to cultivate in hope of increased yield it will be useful to do this work in order to destroy weeds. If weeds are very thick they certainly should be destroyed, while if there are only a few, it will cost but little to eradicate them. In either case this work should be well done. A thick crop of weeds will take more plant food and more water from the soil than the crop that is under cultivation, and will appropriate these at just the time the crop needs food and water most—a time when all possible advantages ought to be given to the crop. And not only this, the weeds will be in the way and cause a great deal o trouble when the crop is harvested. Again they sow their seeds and they reproduce and foul all the after crops. By reducing the wheat crop there will be less drain upon the productiveness of the soil, and the plant food will be stored up for future use. so whether there are many weeds or only a few, it will pay to prevent their maturing seed.

ASHES FOR FRUIT TREES.—When apple or pear trees become diseased from being planted in unfavorable or ill-prepared soil, or from lack of food, they are very apt to be attacked by insects which if in a healthy condition would probably be unknown. Certain ashes, such as lye, (a solution of potash) have been applied with success in destroying the insects, and restoring the tree to health. But for our own practice we have for the last two years applied a much simpler remedy with more success, as it causes the old dead bark, the chosen hiding place of insects, to cleave off, leaving in its place a smooth, healthy surface. This is simply, after a rain and while the bark is yet wet, to throw on dry wood ashes until the power of retention is full. If rain soon follows the strength of the ashes is carried into every cranny of the old bark and the effect is working cleanliness on the tree. If there is no rain, the ashes will remain and be working their good effects, and be ready for action when the rain comes. The operation of sowing on ashes is easily and quickly performed. If the tree is in a bad condition it is easily repeated until the insects are all destroyed. Insects eggs will never hatch under the influence of ashes.

GRAFTING THE GRAPE.—Professor Budd gives the following directions for grafting the grape. Root-grafting, he says, is as easy and certain as grafting the apple. Scions of Delaware and other fine sorts may be grafted on such strong growing vines as the Concord, inserting the grafts on the crowns of the roots early in winter merely winding with waxed thread, without waxplasters, and packing in boxes till spring. For out-door work wait till the leaves are about two-thirds developed, and set the scion, by whip or cleft mode, low enough to be mounded for covering the place of union; the graft will usually make a good growth the same season. To obviate the difficulty of the crooked grain of the stock lay the vine in a trench and graft the laterals near the surface. Professor Budd has known the Delaware thus grafted on wild vines to bear a growth of ten feet the same season and make a crop the next.

REMOVING STUMPS.—Ploughing in stumpy ground where the implements strike a root or stump every few feet is anything but a pleasant operation, and is particularly unpleasant if the day happens to be hot and dry. The process to blow them up is to place a cartridge of dynamite in a cavity made by a long, straight crowbar underneath the stump. Tamp well, and explode the cap, using a small electrical apparatus therefor. Be sure always to retreat to a safe distance from the scene of explosion. Another method is to make a sheet-iron chimney about five feet high, and wide enough to go over the stump. Build a fire on the inside, and the draft will cause it to burn up without any further trouble. Thirdly. Bore a hole in the stumps and fill with coal oil or saltpetre, plug up and leave for a few months; fire and they will burn to the end of the roots.

A WESTERN exchange gives the following rule for keeping eggs: "To one pint of salt and one pint of lime add four gallons of boiling water. Slack the lime first in a small quantity of hot water. When cold, put it in stone jars, or anything that will not absorb the liquid, (a vessel of wood or brown earthenware will not do). Then, with a dish, let down your fresh eggs into it, tipping the dish after it fills with water so that they will roll out without cracking the shell, for if the shell is cracked the egg will spoil. Put the egg in whenever you have them fresh (they should not be over two or three days old). Keep them covered in a cool place, and they will keep fresh for a year.

THE goose is the easiest and least expensive of all fowls to raise; and when properly fatted meets with ready sale in market. In order to thrive well the *Poultry Monthly* says that it must have a grass range with access to a pond or stream. Worn out pasture lands, swampy meadows and the marshy shores of creeks and rivers are well adapted for it. Thus, during 7 months of the year, it requires but little feed beyond that which it finds in its wanderings. When being fatted for market it should be allowed but a limited range and be abundantly fed for three weeks on corn vegetables and wheat, before killing.

SHEEP.—It is said that foot-rot and other diseases to which sheep are subject, occur much less often among flocks which are pastured on rather rough ground, and particularly where they have to climb hills to get their grazing. In Scotland, the great sheep country of Europe, the sheep are always found in greatest numbers among the mountain ranges. The famous Southdowns also have a rough country to pasture on, upon the steep, rugged chalk hills of the South of England.

DOMESTIC.

A CONVENIENT BREAD-BOARD.—A correspondent says: All housewives know how much trouble it is to keep a bread-board separate from the barrel or box cover. To keep it hung up, it will get dirty and need washing every time it is used, both before and after. Where too large a board is not required, we have found it quite convenient to use the cover itself. If a barrel is used to keep flour, make a circular board the size of the barrel on the outside, then take a strip three inches wide and nail it all around, then by turning it over the side it can be used as a cover and the other side as a bread board. If a box is chosen, the same plan can be used; make the lid the size of the box and then nail a strip so that it will extend over an inch on each side. These will keep the lid to its place as a cover, and also when turned over and used as a bread-board. It will always be ready for use and will not need to be washed and cleaned as often as where a separate board is used.

CEMENT FOR RUBBER.—Powdered shellac, if softened in ten times its weight of water of ammonia, whereby a transparent mass is obtained, which becomes fluid after keeping some little time without the use of hot water. In three or four weeks the mixture is perfectly liquid, and when applied it will be found to soften the rubber. As soon as the ammonia evaporates, the rubber hardens again—it is said quite firmly—and thus becomes impervious to gases and liquids. For cementing sheet rubber, or rubber material in any shape, to metal, glass, and other smooth surfaces, the cement is highly recommended.

IT has long been supposed that water in freezing lost all the impurities with which it is laden, and that ice is always pure water when melted. Nothing can be farther from the truth, and there is just as much danger of poisoning from impure ice as from impure water. The only way to get pure water is to get it from an uncontaminated source, the heavens above. Rain water from a washed slate roof caught in a perfectly cemented cistern in the cellar of a well-built house during the winter, and shut off from summer rains, is as near pure water as can be had, and is sufficiently cold for drinking without ice in the warmest weather.

TO MAKE JELLIED CHICKEN OR VEAL.—Boil the meat till it falls from the bones; use just as little water as possible; when cool, chop it very fine, season with pepper and salt and a pinch of curry if you like that flavor. Then put it in a mould with a layer of hard-boiled eggs, either chopped or sliced. Boil the water in which the meat was cooked until it is half boiled away; add a tablespoonful of gelatine; when it is dissolved, and while still warm, pour over the meat. This will be ready for use the day after it is prepared.

PINEAPPLE PUDDING.—Butter a pudding-dish and line the bottom and sides with slices of stale cake—sponge cake is best; pare and slice thin a large pineapple (be sure to leave out the core), place in the dish first a layer of pineapple, then strew in the sugar, then more pineapple, and so on until all is used; pour over a small teacup of water, and cover with slices of cake which have been dipped in cold water; cover the whole with a buttered plate, and bake slowly for two hours.

SAVORY OMELETTE.—Beat two eggs in a basin, season with cayenne and salt, mix with it a teaspoonful each of finely chopped onion and parsley; melt one half ounce of butter in an omelette pan, pour the mixture into this, and keep stirring over the fire until it sets, then roll and serve. About three minutes will do to cook this omelette, which should be of a delicate brown when done.

BROOK TROUT.—Split nearly to the tail, wash and clean well and fold together again. Let them lie wrapped singly in a clean dry towel for a few minutes. Dredge with flour and salt, and put in a pan with fresh sweet lard, which should be hot but not burning. Do not turn until brown enough for the table. One of the most essential things in serving trout, or fish of any kind, is to have everything hot and quickly dished, so that all may go to the table at once.

COMMON TOMATO SAUCE.—Cut up some ripe or preserved tomatoes in halves, place them in a stew-pot with a few strips of lean ham, some sliced onions, thyme, laurel leaves and a little beef liquor, and stew them half an hour over a slow fire; then add two or three spoonfuls of beef liquor, and boil. Afterward pass through a sieve, add a little butter and serve up.

GRAHAM COOKIES are good at tea. Take two cups of sugar, one cup of sour cream, half a teaspoonful of soda; mix quickly, roll rather thin, and bake in a moderate oven. Possibly the inexperienced cook needs to be told that Graham flour must be cooked longer than wheat flour.

RICE FRITTERS.—Boil three tablespoonfuls of rice until it has fully swelled, then drain it quite dry, and mix with it four well-beaten eggs, a quarter of a pound of currants and a little grated lemon peel; nutmeg and sugar to taste. Stir in as much flour as will thicken it, and fry in hot lard.

SCALLOPED POTATOES.—Two cups of mashed potatoes, two tablespoonfuls of cream or milk and one of melted butter; salt and pepper to taste. Stir the potatoes, butter and cream together, adding one raw egg. If the potatoes seem too moist, beat in a few fine bread-crumbs. Bake in a hot oven for ten minutes, taking care to have the top a rich brown.

A TIN-LINED BUTTER-TUB makes a first-rate cake-box, or by taking off the wood on the outside or putting on a short wire handle you will have a very serviceable tin pail. This pail is particularly good to use on the stove to heat water in, etc.

FRUIT IN HONEY.—Fruit may be preserved with honey. Put the fruit first into a jar, and then pour honey over it and seal air-tight; when the honey is poured from the fruit it will have the flavor and appearance of jelly, making a delicious dessert.

A NICE TOMATO DISH.—One of the nicest and simplest ways of dressing tomatoes is to cut them in halves, lay them in a baking-dish, cover each piece with some bread crumbs, a little pepper and salt and some finely-chopped parsley, pour a little oil over, and bake in a good oven.

YOUNG MUSTARD LEAVES are favorites with some persons as a breakfast garnish, instead of water-cress. The more fresh, edible green leaves one eats the better at this time of year.

HUMOROUS.

"YES," said the editor's wife, "let us be thankful that there is one above who can restore order and save the country." "I understand, madame," returned her visitor, who had called to deprecate the unsettled state of affairs. "Providence is all powerful, and—" "Oh, I didn't mean that," said she, "I referred to my husband, who is now up-stairs preparing his leader for the morning paper, and it will be a smasher, a regular country-saver, you bet."

A Noted Woman.

The item in regard to the failure of "Yours for health, Lydia E. Pinkham," of Lynn, Mass., which has been floating through the papers, we are glad to learn is false in every respect, as we found on inquiring at Hubbard's International Newspaper Agency of this city. The Lynn *Bee* said a few days since: The Lydia Pinkham Compound Business is not financially embarrassed as reported, but is being conducted on a much larger scale than ever, doing a large and growing business and paying one hundred cents on a dollar." Mr. Hubbard has whole charge of the advertising of this and other similar houses, and informs us that he has inserted her advertisement on yearly contracts in over 8,000 newspapers last year, so that she is to-day the best known woman in America. In addition to this fact she is a live, earnest woman of over sixty, and doing a great deal of good in the world, as many of the best families in this city can testify. Her advertisements, though worded plainly, are not equivocal in any sense, and her remedy is one of the few of great merit before the public.—*New Haven Sunday Register.*

DURING the examination of a witness as to the locality of the stairs in a house, the council asked him: "Which way did the stairs run?" The witness, who, by the way, was a noted wag, replied that "One way they ran up, and the other way they ran down." The learned attorney winked both eyes, and then took a look at the ceiling.

Wonderful Power.

When a medicine performs such cures as Kidney-Wort is constantly doing, it may truly be said to have wonderful power. A carpenter in Montgomery, Vt., had suffered for eight years from the worst of kidney diseases, and had been wholly incapacitated for work. He says, "One box made a new man of me, and I sincerely believe it will restore to health all that are similarly afflicted." It is now sold in both liquid and dry form.—*Danbury News.*

"NOTHING," said an impatient husband, "so reminds me of Balaam and his ass as two women stopping in church and obstructing the way to indulge in their everlasting talk." "But you forget, my dear," returned his wife meekly, "that it was the angel who stopped the way, and Balaam and his ass who complained of it."

SCIPIO, N. Y., Dec. 1, 1879.

I am the pastor of the Baptist Church here, and an educated physician. I am not in practice, but my sole family physician, and advise in many chronic cases. Over a year ago I recommended your Hop Bitters to my invalid wife, who had been under medical treatment of Albany's best physicians several years. She has become thoroughly cured of her various complicated diseases by their use. We both recommend them to our friends, many of whom have also been cured of their various ailments by them. REV. E. R. WARREN

DISPROPORTION: "Strawberry shortcake?" remarked Fogg, inquiringly, as he gazed at the meagre array of fruit between the thick crusts; "yes, I should say so—a good many strawberries short."

VEGETINE was looked upon as an experiment for some time by some of our best physicians, but those most incredulous in regard to its merit are now its most ardent friends and supporters.

FIRE underwriters do not go to heaven. At least, they have no business there.

Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer is the marvel of the age for all nerve diseases. All fits stopped free. Send to 931 Arch Street, Philadelphia, Pa.

ADAM missed one of the luxuries of life. He couldn't laugh in his sleeve.

Vegetine

FROM THE REV. S. B. SWEETSER,
Pastor Grace M. E. Church,
SPRINGFIELD, MASS.

SPRINGFIELD, MASS., Dec. 22, 1881.

MR H. R. STEVENS: Dear Sir,—One year ago about the present time I was afflicted with Scrofulous *Humors*, also with *Catarrh*. For two months my nights were seasons of agony. After a troubled sleep in the early hours, I would wake anywhere between one and three A. M. with the most excruciating sufferings in my head, and be forced to walk my study floor the rest of the night. During the day also I was often attacked with dizziness, both upon the street and at home, so that it seemed for a minute or so that consciousness was about to leave me. This state of affairs continued until my nerves were sadly unstrung, and I began to fear organic disease of the brain. By advice of Rev. Geo. W. Mansfield, who had been much benefitted by your medicine, I wrote to you and shortly afterward commenced using it. I took several bottles of Vegetine, and was entirely cured. I have waited to see if there would be any return of the disease. Nearly a year has passed; I find not one symptom of it. I do most cheerfully recommend Vegetine for the complaints for which it is recommended. I remain, Sir,
Very truly yours, S. B. SWEETSER.

Police Officer's Report.

BOSTON, January 19th, 1881.

MR. H. R. STEVENS: Dear Sir,—I am pleased to add my name to the long list of subscriners to the virtue of "VEGETINE." Have been for some years on night duty in the "Police Department," and troubled with the worst kind of *Ulcerated Sore Throat*, consulting the best physicians in the city, taking nauseating doses, undergoing painful surgical operations and laying off from duty for long periods. About a year ago I was pursuaded by friends (having no faith myself) to try "VEGETINE." Am happy to say in that time have had no recurrence of sore throat or any other sickness, and have gained 25 lbs. of flesh, only taking three bottles of your justly celebrated preparation.
I am, sir, with much esteem, yours very truly,
WM. G. HAWES, Police Station 10.

Vegetine.

IS THE BEST

Spring and Summer Medicine.

Vegetine is Sold by All Druggists.

PILES
ANAKESIS

Dr. S. Silsbee's External Pile Remedy
Gives instant relief and is an infallible
CURE FOR ALL KINDS OF PILES.
Sold by Druggists everywhere. Price, $1.00 per box *prepaid* by mail. Samples sent *free* to Physicians and all sufferers, by P. Neustadter & Co., Box 2916, New York City. Sole manufacturers of "*Anakesis.*"

"WHAT are you playing?" asked a man of his daughter, who was pounding on the piano keyboard with more noise than skill. "It's Wagnerian, pa; that is the music of the future." "Oh, it is, is it? Let it be a long time in the future before I hear any more of it. Play me 'Comin' through the rye'" "Oh pa, ain't you horrid; always thinking about something to drink." Honors are easy in that family.

"With Grateful Feelings.

DR. PIERCE, Buffalo, N. Y.: *Dear Sir*—"Your "Golden Medical Discovery" and "Purgative Pellets" have cured my daughter of Scrofulous Swellings and Open Sores about the Neck; and your "Favorite Prescription" has accomplished wonders in restoring to health my wife who had been bed-fast for eight months from female weakness. I am with grateful feelings,
Yours truly,
T. H. LONG, Galveston, Texas.

A LADY who was preparing bathing suits for a trip East for the summer, wrote to an eastern fashion paper to know what the style of bathing suits would be for children, say from five to six years old. She received a reply that this year the bathing suits for boys were very simple, consisting of a wad of cotton in each ear. The lady will add to this suit a red yarn string around her boy's neck and let him go loose.

"Golden Medical Discovery" is warranted to cleanse the blood from all impurities, from whatever cause arising. For Scrofula, Sores of all kinds, Skin and Blood Diseases, its effects are marvelous. Thousands of testimonials from all parts. Send stamp for pamphlet on skin diseases. Address World's Dispensary Medical Association, Buffalo, N. Y.

A GENTLEMAN, whose custom was to entertain very often a circle of friends, observing that one of them was in the habit of eating something before grace was asked, determined to cure him. Upon a repetition of the offence he said, "For what we are about to receive, and for what James Taylor has already received, the Lord make us truly thankful."

"Fair Girl Graduates,"

whose sedentary lives increase those troubles peculiar to women, should use Dr. Pierce's "Favorite Prescription," which is an unfailing remedy. Sold by druggists.

A MEMBER of Parliament, in discussing the question of trial by jury in Ireland, the other evening, became excited and exclaimed: "With trial by jury have I lived, and, by the blessing of God, with trial by jury I will die!" The roar of laughter which followed called the honorable gentleman's attention to the error he had made.

A Healthy State.

People are constantly changing their homes from East to West and from North to South or *vice versa*, in search of a healthy State. If they would learn to be contented, and to use the celebrated Kidney-Wort when sick they would be much better off. The whole system can be kept in a healthy state by this simple but effectual remedy. See large adv.

FUN at the expense of courtesy: "What shall my song be to-night?" said Miss Tibbs at the tea table. "We are going to have a musicale I think I shall try 'Within a Mile of Edinboro'" "Seems to me," said Jones, the undaunted, "I would try something I could come within less than a mile of". Miss T. says she think Leutenant Jones is horrid.

A World of Good.

One of the most popular medicines now before the American public, is Hop Bitters. You see it everywhere. People take it with good effect. It builds them up. It is not as pleasant to the taste as some other Bitters, as it is not a whiskey drink. It is more like the old-fashioned bone set tea, that has done a world of good. If you don't feel just right, try Hop Bitters. —*Nunda News.*

A COMPOSITOR in setting up a toast: "Woman—without her, man would be a savage," got the punctuation in the wrong place, which made it read: "Woman, without her man, would be a savage."

The celebrated Vegetable Compound for females, which, within a few years, has made the name of Mrs. Lydia E. Pinkham known in every part of the civilized world, relieves suffering by the safe and sure method of equalizing the vital forces and thus regulating the organic functions. It is only by such a method that disease is ever arrested and removed.

ALL the Astor money started from the proceeds of the sale of six flutes which John Jacob Astor invested in furs. Orpheus calso attrated "rocks" with music.

For dyspepsia, indigestion, depression of spirits and general debility, in their various forms; also as a preventive against fever and ague and other intermittent fevers, the "Ferro-Phosphorated Elixir of Calisaya," made by Caswell, Hazard & Co, New York, sold by all Druggists, is the best tonic; and for patients recovering from fever or other sickness, it has no equal.

"NEVER milk while the cow is eating," is the advice of a bucolic contemporary. Judging from the character of some of the milk it would be more to the point not to milk while the cow is drinking.

Asthma and Hay Fever.

For the newest and most comprehensive treatise on "Asthma and Hay Fever; their cause and cure"—write to the L. A. Knight Company, 697 Broadway, New York City. Knight's Asthma and Hay Fever Cure is the most successful remedy yet discovered for these diseases. See testimonials in another column.

PROFESSOR in hydrostatics: "If you had purchased a crown of gold and thought part of it was silver, what would you do?" Junior: "Take it back."

Ministerial Recommendation.

JARRETTSVILLE, Harford Co., Md., Jan. 8th, 1879. H. H. WARNER & Co.: *Sirs*—Your safe Kidney and Liver Cure has greatly relieved me, and I suffer but little. I am anxious that others should try it.
REV. J. DUBY MOORE.

MICHIGAN produces more salt than any other State in the Union, and yet the average Michigander is pretty fresh.

Decline of Man.

Nervous Weakness, Dyspepsia, Impotence, Sexual Debility, cured by "Well's Health Renewer." $1. Druggists. Send for pamphlet to E. S. WELLS, Jersey City, N. J.

"TELL make a note of this," as the sharper said when he got a farmer to write his name on a piece of paper.

Is your hair falling out or your scalp diseased? Carboline, a deodorized extract of petroleum, as now improved and perfected, is just the article you need. Buy a bottle, and, like thousands who are using it all over the land, you will value it as the choicest of all toilet preparations.

NEVER put down a new carpet on a bare floor. Quilted cotton and paper lining, costing ten cents a yard, laid under the carpet, will make it last nearly twice as long. Stair pads, to be placed on the edge of each stair, ought also to be counted as essential.

LYDIA E. PINKHAM'S
VEGETABLE COMPOUND.

Is a Positive Cure

For all those Painful Complaints and Weaknesses so common to our best female population.

A Medicine for Woman. Invented by a Woman. Prepared by a Woman.

The Greatest Medical Discovery Since the Dawn of History.

It revives the drooping spirits, invigorates and harmonizes the organic functions, gives elasticity and firmness to the step, restores the natural lustre to the eye, and plants on the pale cheek of woman the fresh roses of life's spring and early summer time.

Physicians Use It and Prescribe It Freely.

It removes faintness, flatulency, destroys all craving for stimulant, and relieves weakness of the stomach. That feeling of bearing down, causing pain, weight and backache, is always permanently cured by its use. For the cure of Kidney Complaints of either sex this Compound is unsurpassed.

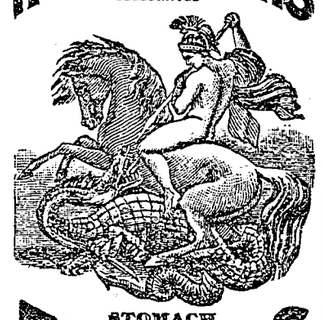
LYDIA E. PINKHAM'S BLOOD PURIFIER will eradicate every vestige of Humors from the Blood, and give tone and strength to the system, of man woman or child. Insist on having it.

Both the Compound and Blood Purifier are prepared at 233 and 235 Western Avenue, Lynn, Mass. Price of either, $1. Six bottles for $5. Sent by mail in the form of pills, or of lozenges, on receipt of price, $1 per box for either. Mrs. Pinkham freely answers all letters of inquiry. Enclose 3ct. stamp. Send for pamphlet.

No family should be without LYDIA E. PINKHAM'S LIVER PILLS. They cure constipation, biliousness, and torpidity of the liver. 25 cents per box.

Sold by all Druggists. (1)

HOSTETTER'S
CELEBRATED



STOMACH
BITTERS

For a quarter of a century or more Hostetter's Stomach Bitters has been the reigning specific for indigestion, dyspepsia, fever and ague, a loss of physical stamina, liver complaint and other disorders, and has been most emphatically indorsed by medical men as a health and strength restorative. It counteracts a tendency to premature decay, and sustains and comforts the aged and infirm.

For sale by all Druggists and Dealers generally.

NOTHING IN THE WORLD EQUAL TO IT FOR THE CURE OF

ULCERS, SCROFULA, ERYSIPELAS, PIMPLES, BOILS, SORE EYES, SCALD HEAD, OLD SORES, MERCURIAL DISEASES AND MALARIA

DOCTOR LINDSEY'S BLOOD SEARCHER

CATARRH, RHEUMATISM, ITCH, ALL FEMALE COMPLAINTS, FOR LOSS OF APPETITE, NAUSEA, OF STOMACH AND INDIGESTION, IT HAS NO EQUAL

R. E. SELLERS & CO. PITTSBURGH, PA.

SELLERS LIVER PILLS FOR LIVER COMPLAINT

FEVER & AGUE, HEADACHE, MALARIA, CONSTIPATION, ETC.

If you are a man of business, weakened by the strain of your duties avoid stimulants and use Hop Bitters.

If you are young and discretion or dissipated or single, old or poor health or languish-ing, need Hop Bitters.

Whoever you are, whenever you feel that your system needs cleansing, toning or stimulating, without *intoxicating*, take Hop Bitters.

If you are a man of letter stealing over midnight work, to restless nerve and waste, use Hop B.

suffering from any indiscretion; if you are married, suffering from ill health or loss of sickness, rely on Hop Bitters.

Thousands die annually from some form of Kidney disease that might have been prevented by a timely use of Hop Bitters

Have you *dyspepsia, kidney* or *urinary complaint*, disease of the *stomach, bowels, blood, liver or nerves?* You will be cured if you use Hop Bitters

D. I. C. is an absolute and irresistable cure for drunkenness, use of opium, tobacco, or narcotics.

If you are simply weak and low spirited, try it! It may save your life. It has saved hundreds.

HOP BITTERS NEVER FAIL

Sold by druggists. Send for Circular.

HOP BITTERS MFG CO., Rochester, N. Y. & Toronto, Ont.

KIDNEY-WORT
IS A SURE CURE
for all diseases of the Kidneys and
—LIVER—

It has specific action on this most important organ, enabling it to throw off torpidity and inaction, stimulating the healthy secretion of the Bile, and by keeping the bowels in free condition, effecting its regular discharge.

Malaria. If you are suffering from malaria, have the chills, are bilious, dyspeptic, or constipated, Kidney-Wort will surely relieve and quickly cure.

In the Spring to cleanse the System, every one should take a thorough course of it.

SOLD BY DRUGGISTS. Price $1.

KIDNEY-WORT

$47 A MONTH and board in your county. Men or Ladies. Pleasant business. Address, P. W ZIEGLER & CO., Box 96, Philadelphia, Pa.

476

Those answering an Advertisement will confer a favor upon the Advertiser and the Publisher by stating that they saw the advertisement in this paper. Mention the paper

ASTHMA

CURED.

"I have had Asthma for 22 years, suffering a thousand deaths; have been so that I could not go out for four months at a time, but sat in a chair night and day. I have tried every remedy I ever heard of, and spent thousands of dollars in search of a cure; but all in vain until I found *Knight's Asthma Cure*. That was in February last. My Asthma had been unusually bad all winter. Six bottles of this medicine have made me feel like a new man. I call myself well. I have not been oppressed for breath all through this trying spring, and can not express in words what this wonderful remedy has done for me."

A. S. Bradford, Arlington, Mass.

"I feel like thanking Mr. Knight for his excellent *Asthma Cure*. It has done very much to relieve me of a case of Asthma; and, from my present improvement, I expect to be under still greater obligations."

Pres't R. Heber Holbrook, of the National Normal University, Lebanon, O.

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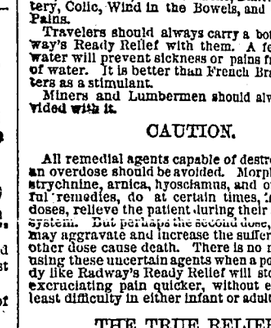

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"O ROBIN BLITHE."

O robin blithe, your plumage dun
And cardinal shimmers in the sun,
As swift you fly from tree to tree,
Filling the air with melody,
And waking love, O merry one.

Your eyes diaphonous gleam with fun,
As you dissect the broken bun
The house-maid flings gratuitously,
O robin blithe.

Wood-chorister, eclipsed by none,
My thoughts to themes delicious run
Upon your flood of song. Ah, me!
Lookout! here slyly comes, just see,
A barefoot urchin with a gun,
O robin blithe.

BESS.

Mr. John Bayberry strode into the house, and stamped along the hall, and through all the rooms below stairs, dashing open every door he came to and leaving it so, until he reached the kitchen, which he found deserted like all the other rooms; for even black Aunt Peg had forsaken it, and was out in the back yard, hanging out the Monday wash.

"Has *everybody* evaporated?" demanded Mr. Bayberry, grimly addressing space.

Receiving no reply, he banged open yet another door, which swung back against a precarious and shaky shelf, thus upsetting the equilibrium of a brass candlestick, a flat-iron and three tin cans, and they all went bumping down on to the floor together.

Bess was in the pantry, washing off the shelves with hot soapsuds; for Bess was a busy little body, and insisted on performing a certain part of the household duties every day.

She was standing on a cheese-box during the present performance—for Bess was so short she could not reach the second shelf—and she had a big table-cloth pinned over her dress, and her silky hair twisted tight upon the top of her head and pinned with three great hair-pins, that bristled up and looked like three pair of budding horns.

She heard the rapid footsteps outside, and smiled.

"That's Uncle John," said she, "and he wants somebody likely. But I can't go just yet. Men always want something or somebody."

And she went on, calmly removing a row of jelly-glasses, every one dark and rich with its luscious contents. Then she was startled by the thumping

"Dear me!" said Bess, dropping the wing with which she had been brushing the shelf. "I suppose if some one don't go, he won't scruple to tumble the the house over; and where Aunt Jule is, the man in the moon couldn't tell."

She jumped off the cheese-box, carefully holding up the table-cloth to avoid stepping on it, and opened the pantry-door. Aunt Jule had also appeared, in a loose, green wrapper, from which a piece of torn ruffling, two yards in length, was dragging on the floor, with an old magazine, minus its covers, in her hand,

"Dear me, John—" began Aunt Jule, looking injured.

"And dear *me!*" interrupted Mr. Bayberry, "if this house had legs, it might run away twenty times over and no one to prevent. Come out of there. Bess, and both of you listen! I've got some abominable news. Jule, your late lamented's cousin, that tall, electioneering widow, wants to come down here and board all summer, with her daughter. 'dear Leonie,' who modestly wishes to give her 'numerous lovers' the slip, and rusticate at 'dear Meadowlands.' There's no end of 'dears' in her letter, and a string of compliments that are all in her eye, I'll wager my biggest squash!"

Mr. Bayberry's sister sat down, looking helpless and mournful; but black-eyed Bess, whose ideas and opinions one could never foresee, favored the cause of her kinswoman, though they had made a point of ignoring her completely.

"Do let them come, Uncle John!" said she. "I always did want to see my stylish cousins awfully!"

"Oh," answered Mr. Bayberry, shrugging his broad shoulders, "if you want to cook, and iron, and slave for two fine-city relations that don't take the trouble to remember your existence, go ahead! Write to 'em to come, by all means; but don't expect me to 'tend to 'em and hold their yarn and turn their music while they squeal sentimental songs into my ears—"

"Goodness, Uncle John!" interrupted Bess; "no one would suppose how warmly you praised Dr. Dare's last sermon on charity, to hear you take on!"

"Hold your tongue, Miss Impertinence!" answered Mr. Bayberry, as he stalked away.

But there was a flush on his cheek, and perhaps his conscience echoed Bess' reproof. For Mr. Bayberry's words and manners occasionally expressed more harshness than was in his heart, and, owing to his rather irascible temper, few dared to take the liberty to lecture him.

Bess, who was not his niece at all, but only the niece of his late brother-in-law, was one of the few; and though she sometimes stood half in awe of him herself, there was a conscientious straightforwardness about her which led her to speak her mind whenever she considered it her duty to do so.

Perhaps she might, advantageously to herself, have cultivated a rather less abrupt manner, and so have found favor in more eyes. But, nevertheless, it so happened that Mr. John Bayberry, who was rather peculiar himself, never took real offense at her words and occasionally profited by them. And this perhaps was at least partly because she had a way of popping out her little sermons in a concise, epigrammatic manner, and never "harped" on one subject.

A week later found the large parlor at Meadowlands graced by the presence of two stylishly-arrayed ladies, just from the city, and indulging in a series of rapturous exclamations over the charm of rural scenes, to the astonishment of Aunt Jule, who saw nothing to gush about in fields and vines, and was secretly wondering if the grease spot in the side-breadth of her over-skirt was very noticeable.

"And here's Bess, your little country cousin," said Mr. Bayberry, drawing her forward from the shadow of the window-curtains, from which she had been admiring Miss Leonie.

"Dear me!" drawled the elegant Mrs. Horton, as she gazed down an immeasurable distance at the girl, for Mrs. Horton was very tall, and of a lofty carriage withal, "this is Bess, is it? We didn't dream of finding you here."

"Why should we?" queried Miss Leonie, languidly settling back against the rich-colored sofa cushions. "She isn't any relation of yours, is she, Mr. Bayberry?"

"Not at all," returned Mr. Bayberry, a trifle stiffly; "but she is quite as welcome to Meadowlands as if she were; especially as her blood relations choose to ignore her existence."

Mrs. Horton flushed a little; Miss Leonie bit her lip: and Bess shook her curly head at Uncle John on the sly.

That same evening, Bess was sitting on the back-door step, peeling velvety, crimson, rare-ripe peaches for supper, when Ashley Gray came along the clover-edged path leading from the stile down in the orchard, which he, as a very intimate friend of the family, whose home adjoined Meadowlands, found it convenient now and then to make use of,

"Go round to the parlor and see the ladies," said Bess, as she laid the last peach, glowing and pink-hearted, in the high cut-glass dish.

"I don't want to see city folks," said the young man.

"But you must go this time," answered Bess, "for I must go in. I promised to set the table for Aunt Peg."

So he went, and it somehow happened that the next night he went without urging: and the next night. Ah, Bess, little, ruffled white pillow soaked up two or three, pearly tears!

The long summer days were waning at last. It was late August, sultry but sweet, softening with the vague premonitions of the coming autumn, odorous with the spicy scent of herbs, and bright with dashes of intense color here and there. Mist crowned the hills, and languid loveliness was everywhere.

Bess stood, in the pinkish gray of the gloaming, upon the broad balcony, her head resting against a square, white pillar, the sprays of the Madeira-vines above just sweeping her dusk-brown curls.

And Mr. John Bayberry stood and watched her—watched her with his black eyebrows drawn together in a line and a set grimness about his mouth scarcely visible beneath his shaggy mustache.

"Bess," he said, at last, "you have seen all this flirtation and tomfoolery going on between young Gray and your Cousin Leonie?"

"Yes," answered Bess.

"And—do you care? Excuse me Bess, but I want to know."

"No, Uncle John, I don't care a snap," replied Bess, lifting her head and smiling straight in his eyes. "I cared a little at first, but I don't now—not a bit!"

Mr. Bayberry came a little nearer her.

"Bess—Bess," he said, lingering a little over the name, "I have found cause lately to rejoice that you are really no relation of mine. Can you guess why, Bess? Are you glad, too?"

She dropped her head again, answering nothing.

"Tell me," he said. "You can surely guess my meaning?"

"I—what right have I—I—"

"Never mind about the right. Just tell me if you are glad. You shall not regret it."

"Yes, then," she murmured, radiantly blushing; "I am glad."

Meanwhile Mrs. Horton and her daughter were holding a private conversation in their own room.

"Mr. Gray proposed last night, Leonie?"

Mrs. Horton spoke carelessly, yet she glanced half uneasily at the young lady rocking idly by the window.

"He did."

"I hope—I suppose you refused him?"

"Of course," returned Miss Leonie, carelessly. "That was only a neat flirtation. Bess is welcome to him now. I presume she will be consoled, if he is a cast-off glove."

"Meadowlands is a splendid place, Leonie, and valuable."

"And Mr. Bayberry is a very handsome man."

The two ladies smiled and understood each other perfectly.

Later Miss Leonie sauntered down to the balcony.

Bess was still standing in the shade of the Madeira-vine.

Leonie sat down upon the step and yawned.

Bess was nobody, that she should trouble herself to be ceremonious.

'Don't you find your position here very trying?" asked Leonie, in her most languid, indifferent tone.

"Why?" queried Bess.

"O, it must be very unpleasant to be dependent on a man who is in no way related to you."

"I don't mind it a bit," said Bess, indulging in a little laugh all to herself in the Madeira shadow.

"You see, Miss Leonie," said John Bayberry, directly behind her. "Bess is soon to have the best right in the world to be dependent on me. You have often observed that we are not related; but we shall be, for Bess will be Mrs. Bayberry before the autumn wanes."

Corea.

In a recent interview Commodore Shufeld said: Of course you know that Corea is a country that has long been inaccessible to the world. I believe I am the first white man who has ever trod the soil of the interior, and therefore, perhaps, I am a curiosity. So far as I saw them the people of Corea are greatly attached to their country, have no disposition to emigrate—which accounts for their exclusiveness heretofore—but are possessed of a lively curiosity. On landing in Corea to meet the two Ministers appointed by the King to negotiate this treaty two officers accompanied me for some distance into the interior. We were unarmed, but were not molested. The roads over which we traveled were lined with people for miles, attracted probably by their first opportunity to look upon the face of a white man. In some instances they crowded around us. We pardoned their obtrusiveness, because we were probably a great mystery to them"

"In what respect do the Coreans resemble the Chinese?"

"I could see but little resemblance. The Chinese of different localities look very different, as you know. The Mongolians of the North do not very much resemble the Mongolians of the south, who mostly come to California, and the Corean looks much unlike either class. Their complexion is light, their hair dark, long and wiry and their eyes black. They remind me of the North American Indian and I believe the resemblance is sufficiently close to justify the belief that Corea furnished material to populate this country originally. All the difference between the two races could have been produced by climate and mode of living after immigration here. Owning to the fact that naturalists have never had an opportunity to investigate Corea, this resemblance has not been carried out to its logical conclusion.

"All the occupation the Coreans have is agriculture and the product of the soil is mostly consumed at home. They export a little rice and a few beans to Japan, but they have no commerce and no marine. All their carrying is done on animals or by means of imperfect boats, on the rivers. They appear inoffensive and not disposed to go to war with anybody, and yet the mass of the people are said to be curious in regard to outside affairs. The country is ruled by a King, who in his own dominion is an absolute despot, having complete power over the lives and property of the most noble of his subject. He is assisted in governing by a council selected from the nobility, who have charge of the various departments—judical, war, financial and interior departments. The person of the King for centuries has been absolutly inaccessible, and no person of his own race, much less a foreigner, has been able to get into his presence. It is sacrilege to utter the name he has received from his suzerain and that by which he is known in history is only given him after his death. It is high treason to touch his person with a weapon of iron. Notwithstanding the monarch's exclusiveness, however, in theory his ear is always open to the people, and an appeal to him in all grave matters is nominally permitted. The interference of the nobility in politics is also high treason and the princes of the blood excluded wholly from power. About a year since a plot to gain control of the government was discovered among the nobles, and every person in any way connected with it was beheaded. This treatment of the paricipants in the imbroglio was a salutary lesson. Although the King wields such power, there are two political parties among the nobles of Corea. One party is called the Progressists, the other by a name wich implies their antipodes—those opposed to progress. The former party is at present in power, a fact which rendered the negotiation of our treaty possible."

Home of Gold.

Somewhere in Southwestern New Mexico, in the Sierra Madre, it is said there is a wonderful valley. Small, enclosed in high rocky walls and accessible by a secret passage, which is known to but few, is this extraordinary place. It is about ten acres in extent, has running through it a stream, which waters it throughly and makes it a perfect Paradise, with its exquisite flowers and beautiful trees. In it are thousands of birds of the most beautiful plumage. Running across it is a ledge of pure gold about thirty feet wide, which glistens in the sunlight like a great golden belt. The stream crosses this ledge and, as it runs, murmurs around blocks of yellow metal as other streams do around pebbles. The ledge of gold is supposed to be solid gold and to run down into the centre of the earth. The legend is of Indian origin and around it cluster a number of Indian stories, in which the name of the ill-fated Montezuma occurs frequently. The descendants of the Aztecs believe firmly that the day will come when Montezuma will return and free them from the dominion of the descendants of the Conquestodores. They believe that the money necessary for this work will be taken from the Madre d'Oro. The secret of the entrance into the valley is carefully guarded by a tribe of Indians living near it, and among them it is only communicated to the oldest men, amid the solemn ceremonies of the Medicine lodge. Having such a story to work upon there is little wonder that the vivid imagination of the Mexicans should have built upon it tales of men who have found this wonderful place. One is that a certain Jose Alvarez, while wandering through the mountains in search of game, saw the valley from the top of the wall. Finding that he could not hope to enter by climbing down, he took up his abode with the Indians who guard this canyon leading into it. The daughter of the chief fell in love with him and betrayed the secret to him. Exactly how she found it out they do not tell. Having been shown the entrance, Jose went in and would possibly have gotten away with some of the gold had he not weighed himself down to such an extent that he could not get up the declivity at the lower end of the passage. He was discoverd and the Indians sacrificed him on the golden ledge with all the terrible ceremonies of the old Aztec religion. She, in despair at losing him, threw herself from the high walls into the valley below. Hundreds of prospectors have spent months of toil trying to find the Madre d'Oro, but it is scarcely necessary to say without result.

A Few Simple Recipes.

The Small Boy—Take equal parts of noise, dirt and four horse-power steam-engine; mix with bread and butter to the taste (the boy's taste), and set the mixture to cool in the middle of a ten-acre lot. If you find you have put in too much noise (which you undoubtedly have), turn over and knead with the hand or split shingle.

The Saleslady—This is a very easy dish. All that is required is a little giggle, brass to season, and a garnishing of frizzles, bangs and cheap jewelry. Mix in an empty skull and serve.

The Politician—Tact, one part; two eyes for the main chance; one tongue, well oiled, and as much cheek as possible. If you have a little brain handy, it may be added sparingly; but it does not matter much, and most housekeepers consider any use of brain in this connection as extravagant. Bake in a slow oven, so that it need not be done brown. If it be more than half-baked it is ruined.

The Poet—To make a poet, take liberally of shimmering sunshine, strain through a rhyming dictionary, and add equal parts of lovesick adjectives, archaic adverbs and such other words as you may never have heard of. Set in a warm place, where the whole may become intimately mingled, and garnish with long hair, seedy clothing and an empty stomach.

The Author—Take such facts as you have in the house and mix with twenty gallons of gush and twaddle for each fact, and boil down one-half. Then add of classical allusions, threadbare stories and ubiquitous anecdotes ten parts each, and serve in a greasy coat and bald head. Some prefer to send to the table in curl papers, triced with hair-pins but in this case the sauce must not be forgotton, and a little politico-poetic transcendentalism is also a great improvement.

A Kiss—This is composed of equal parts of honey, sugar, ice cream, soda with four kinds of syrup, love in a cottage and supernal bliss. It can be made in the dark just as well as in the light. Bake in an elliptical dish, and serve warm.

Charity—This is usually served cold. When warm it is very apt to spoil, and must therefore be used at home. Take one part heart and one hundred parts talk, and stir together until the heart is dissolved, and add sufficient policy and worldly wisdom to give it a flavor. Charity made by this recipe will keep a long time in any climate.

The Tide of Immigration.

The Bureau of Statistics has issued its annual report, showing the total immigration to the United States for the year ending June 30, 1882. Its first and most notable feature has reference to the enormous proportions which this foreign influx has assumed. The total immigration for the current year amount to 789,003, 119,572 more than last year, when the highest total was reached ever known in the history of this country. Some idea of the relative amount of this foreign addition to our population may be gathered by the statement that four years of such increase would aggregate a number equal to the total population of the United States at the time of the Revolution—a population which it had required one hundred and fifty years to reach. Of this enormous sum Germany furnished the largest instalment, her quota aggregating 149,505. England and Wales furnished 85 175; Ireland, 76,432, and Sweden, 64,697, while the Dominion of Canada iscredited with 98,308, considerable portion of them undoubtedly being Europeans who came through Canadian ports. Nearly two-thirds of the whole number, or 502,171, landed at New York. Huron stands next in the list, with 71 424; Boston follows, with 58,887; Baltimore, with 41,739, while Philadelphia stands fifth in the list, with 36,284. The most marked proportional increase over the immigration of last year was among the Chinese, 39,579 of whom arrived in 1882, as against 11,890 in 1881. If this extraordinary rate of immigration should be maintained for any great length of time Uncle Sam's remaining free domain will be circumscribed very fast. A farm each for 100,000 families, besides what is required for the natural increase of our own population, will rapidly exhaust our surplus lands. Notwithstanding strikes and others evidences of discontent among our own workingmen, this enormous migration to our shores indicates that the laboring people of the Old World believe that they can better their condition very materially by coming here and sharing the lot of these discontented wage-earners. "The land of the free and the home of the brave" seems to be still the most attractive country on the green earth, judging by the rate at which the peoples of nearly all civilized countries are flocking hither.

How Skobeleff died.

The evening General Skobeleff died he was in his usual health and spirits and dined heartily with some boon companions at one of the best restaurants in the town. After dinner the party proceeded to the Ermitage Gardens, a place of entertainment in the environs of Moscow, of the same character as the Cremorne Gardens used to be in London. More friends were met at the Ermitage, and after a very lively evening the party returned to the town. Skobeleff invited some of the company to join him at supper at a small hotel of indifferent repute in the Petrovka street, named the Hotel d'Angleterre. In this hotel and in this society the General died.

Skobeleff had numerous enemies, and by many it is believed that he was a victim to foul play; but those who best knew his character, and who also know who were in his company at the time of his death, consider it far more probable that he was killed by one of his male companions in a drunken brawl. A writer says: I myself, immediately on hearing of his decease, sought information at the Hotel d'Angleterre. I was refused admittance, and when I attempted to question the proprietor he declined to reply. He "had never seen General Skobeleff;" he did not know he was dead, and he did not know why I asked him about it. Other inquirers were in my presence similarly refused information. The General's body was at night secretly removed to the Hotel Dusaux, where the next day it was given out that Russia's greatest military chief had suddenly expired from heart disease.

Odd Notices

A gentleman near Winchester made a rockery in front of his house in which he planted some beautiful ferns, and having put up the following notice, found it more efficient and less expensive than spring-guns or man-traps. The fear inspiring inscription was: "Beggars beware, Scolopendriums and Polypodiums are set here." The wall of a gentleman's house near Edinburgh some years since exhibited a board on which was painted a threat quite as difficult for the trespasser to understand as the preceding: "Any person entering these enclosures will be shot and prosecuted." An eccentric old gentleman placed in a field on his estate a board with the following generous offer painted thereon: "I will give this field to any man who is contented." It was not long before he had an applicant. "Well my man, are you a contented fellow?" "Yes, sir, very." "Then why do you want my field?" The applicant did not wait to reply.

—Rabbits are not poisoned by belladonna or stramonium.

Rotterdam

It is nearly mid-day, says a writer before we get through the sluice-gates and drop down towards Rotterdam. We pass many canals, which stretch away from us into the country. There are many of them so narrow that only small craft can ply upon them. The windmills multiply and then suddenly cease, for we are now in a region where they are unavailing; the land lies much below the level of the sea, and is irreclaimable. Most desolate, even in the bright mid-day sun, is the appearance of the shores. We are no longer in a canal, but in a wide sweep of dark, turbid water, fringed by a wilderness of sedges and osiers. Flocks of teal and brent rise with harsh discordant cry; while water-hens bob in and out among the twisted roots of the willows. In the background rises the bare, straight highroad against the the horizon. Here and there a tiny cottage stands on its platform of brick; at the foot of a flight of steps, a boat lies moored; the only means of exit and egress being by water. The occupation of these lonely dwellers of the marsh is osier-cutting. The osiers are split and made into hoops, an extensive trade being carried on between Holland and other countries in this commodity. Soon we begin to pass numerous vessels; the water widens, and a forest of masts rises in the distance, and there is Rotterdam. Very quaint and picturesque looks the ancient city, with its curious gabled houses, over whose roofs the spires of more than one old church appear. The broad quay is planted with magnificent lime-trees which also rear their leafy branches over the sidewalks of the many canals which intersect the town like a network, where busy craft pass up and down. But when the noise and bustle of the day are stilled, and I sit on deck and watch the great round moon lift her yellow face above the tall ships' masts, and softly throw her magic mantle over the scene, I think that Holland, with its ever-present waters, is a land of beauty and wondre.

An Eccentric Bishop.

In a sermon at the Calcutta Cathedral, after a hubbub about some indiscretion attributed to an officer of rank, the bishop Wilson after a powerful discourse wound up by saying: "But my brethren, there are sinners everywhere. There are sinners even among these dear little children (pointing to the Sunday-school children right and left of him), and there are a vast number of old sinners in front of me," waving his hands over the heads of the Governor-General and staff, members of Council, heads of departments, etc. One morning I breakfasted with him. As usual at family prayers, which he invariably conducted himself, he prayed by name for the people staying with him. There was a gentleman from Madras for whom he prayed, and then he said: "Let us pray for his dear wife, and dear children." A thought struck him, he paused, and he said to his chaplain: "By-the-bye, is he a married man?" "No, my lord, he is not married." "Ah, well, never mind," he resumed. "He may marry, and the children may come."

On another occasion it was related that he was preaching against the sin of avarice, when he delivered himself of the following remarks: "My brethren, there are several forms of avarice; one form has recently been brought home to me most unpleasantly. You all know my Arch-deacon there, a most excellent man; well, last week he sold me a horse for five hundred rupees—he is not worth ten. This, my brethren, I considered a most unpleasant form of avarice."

Treatment of Disease by Outdoor Life

More rational opinions are gradually making their way, and, in one particular at least, a beginning is being made of a revolution, namely, the system of treatment followed in "climatic" sanitariums, and establishments for the cure of diseases by air, difference of elevation, etc. The proprietors of such places, it is true, speak of the "specific" virtues of their climate; but, inasmuch as chemistry shows that atmospheric air all over the earth has the same constitution, the specific virtue must reside in the special purity of the air—a thing wanting in cities, but found in all villages, provided they don't possess large factories. Further, it is an error to suppose that in the South—Florida, Colorado, or in the Tyrol, or by the lake of Geneva—it is as warm as in a hot-house. In those regions, too, it is now and then cold; yet it is easier to be out of doors there, for usually the sun shines and the landscape is beautiful. But, since we cannot send all the sick to the South, we must devise some substitute at home, the benefit of which may be enjoyed even by the poorest. Then, too, when we consider that the majority of those who have spent the winter in a southern clime return as—embalmed corpses, because it is only when it is too late that people make up their minds to make the costly voyage, there is reason to expect better results from timely recourse at home to "air-cure." With the means of treatment at hand, disease might be nipped in the bud and lung complaints in general would be rarer.

AGRICULTURE.

KEEP THE HOED CROPS CLEAN.--Although generally hoeing is laid by before haying commences, and by most farmers not again taken up, would it not be well to consider this matter in a new light, and instead of letting the crops go without more cultivation and the land to grow a thick crop of weeds, keep the hoeing along, thereby improving the crop and cleaning the land. We are aware that most cultivators think that the ground becomes full of roots, and that the use of a horse hoe or plough must break many of these roots, and, therefore, prove injurious to the crop. It is true that in land that has been well tilled and highly manured there is a mass of roots all through the top soil, but it is not certain that cutting off a part of these roots will damage the plants. There are those who believe (and they are among the most intelligent farmers), that root pruning is highly beneficial, and it has been claimed by some of our best corn growers that a judicious pruning of the corn roots will largely increase the quantity of grain per acre, and that the ripening process will be hastened thereby. On the other hand, we find good farmers and able writers who believe that root pruning decreases yield and delays ripening. We have known of great results in hastening growth, and in increase of yield in a few corn crops, but we did not commence this article to discuss root pruning, but to impress the matter of clean culture, so whether or not the farmer believes it best to cultivate in hope of increased yield it will be useful to do this work in order to destroy weeds. If weeds are very thick they certainly should be destroyed, while if there are only a few, it will cost but little to eradicate them. In either case this work should be well done. A thick crop of weeds will take more plant food and more water from the soil than the crop that is under cultivation, and will appropriate these at just the time the crop needs food and water most—a time when all possible advantages ought to be given to the crop. And not only this, the weeds will be in the way and cause a great deal o trouble when the crop is harvested. Again they sow their seeds and they reproduce and foul all the after crops. By reducing the wheat crop there will be less drain upon the productiveness of the soil, and the plant food will be stored up for future use. so whether there are many weeds or only a few, it will pay to prevent their maturing seed.

ASHES FOR FRUIT TREES.—When apple or pear trees become diseased from being planted in unfavorable or ill-prepared soil, or from lack of food, they are very apt to be attacked by insects which if in a healthy condition would probably be unknown. Certain ashes, such as lye, (a solution of potash) have been applied with success in destroying the insects, and restoring the tree to health. But for our own practice we have for the last two years applied a much simpler remedy with more success, as it causes the old dead bark, the chosen hiding place of insects, to cleave off, leaving in its place a smooth, healthy surface. This is simply, after a rain and while the bark is yet wet, to throw on dry wood ashes until the power of retention is full. If rain soon follows the strength of the ashes is carried into every cranny of the old bark and the effect is working cleanliness on the tree. If there is no rain, the ashes will remain and be working their good effects, and be ready for action when the rain comes. The operation of sowing on ashes is easily and quickly performed. If the tree is in a bad condition it is easily repeated until the insects are all destroyed. Insects eggs will never hatch under the influence of ashes.

GRAFTING THE GRAPE.—Professor Budd gives the following directions for grafting the grape. Root-grafting, he says, is as easy and certain as grafting the apple. Scions of Delaware and other fine sorts may be grafted on such strong growing vines as the Concord, inserting the grafts on the crowns of the roots early in winter merely winding with waxed thread, without waxplasters, and packing in boxes till spring. For out-door work wait till the leaves are about two-thirds developed, and set the scion, by whip or cleft mode, low enough to be mounded for covering the place of union; the graft will usually make a good growth the same season. To obviate the difficulty of the crooked grain of the stock lay the vine in a trench and graft the laterals near the surface. Professor Budd has known the Delaware thus grafted on wild vines to bear a growth of ten feet the same season and make a crop the next.

REMOVING STUMPS.—Ploughing in stumpy ground where the implements strike a root or stump every few feet is anything but a pleasant operation, and is particularly unpleasant if the day happens to be hot and dry. The process to blow them up is to place a cartridge of dynamite in a cavity made by a long, straight crowbar underneath the stump. Tamp well, and explode the cap, using a small electrical apparatus therefor. Be sure always to retreat to a safe distance from the scene of explosion. Another method is to make a sheet-iron chimney about five feet high, and wide enough to go over the stump. Build a fire on the inside, and the draft will cause it to burn up without any further trouble. Thirdly. Bore a hole in the stumps and fill with coal oil or saltpetre, plug up and leave for a few months; fire and they will burn to the end of the roots.

A WESTERN exchange gives the following rule for keeping eggs: "To one pint of salt and one pint of lime add four gallons of boiling water. Slack the lime first in a small quantity of hot water. When cold, put it in stone jars, or anything that will not absorb the liquid, (a vessel of wood or brown earthenware will not do). Then, with a dish, let down your fresh eggs into it, tipping the dish after it fills with water so that they will roll out without cracking the shell, for if the shell is cracked the egg will spoil. Put the egg in whenever you have them fresh (they should not be over two or three days old). Keep them covered in a cool place, and they will keep fresh for a year.

THE goose is the easiest and least expensive of all fowls to raise; and when properly fatted meets with ready sale in market. In order to thrive well the *Poultry Monthly* says that it must have a grass range with access to a pond or stream. Worn out pasture lands, swampy meadows and the marshy shores of creeks and rivers are well adapted for it. Thus, during 7 months of the year, it requires but little feed beyond that which it finds in its wanderings. When being fatted for market it should be allowed but a limited range and be abundantly fed for three weeks on corn vegetables and wheat, before killing.

SHEEP.—It is said that foot-rot and other diseases to which sheep are subject, occur much less often among flocks which are pastured on rather rough ground, and particularly where they have to climb hills to get their grazing. In Scotland, the great sheep country of Europe, the sheep are always found in greatest numbers among the mountain ranges. The famous Southdowns also have a rough country to pasture on, upon the steep, rugged chalk hills of the South of England.

DOMESTIC.

A CONVENIENT BREAD-BOARD.—A correspondent says: All housewives know how much trouble it is to keep a bread-board separate from the barrel or box cover. To keep it hung up, it will get dirty and need washing every time it is used, both before and after. Where too large a board is not required, we have found it quite convenient to use the cover itself. If a barrel is used to keep flour, make a circular board the size of the barrel on the outside, then take a strip three inches wide and nail it all around, then by turning it over the side it can be used as a cover and the other side as a bread board. If a box is chosen, the same plan can be used; make the lid the size of the box and then nail a strip so that it will extend over an inch on each side. These will keep the lid to its place as a cover, and also when turned over and used as a bread-board. It will always be ready for use and will not need to be washed and cleaned as often as where a separate board is used.

CEMENT FOR RUBBER.—Powdered shellac, if softened in ten times its weight of water of ammonia, whereby a transparent mass is obtained, which becomes fluid after keeping some little time without the use of hot water. In three or four weeks the mixture is perfectly liquid, and when applied it will be found to soften the rubber. As soon as the ammonia evaporates, the rubber hardens again—it is said quite firmly—and thus becomes impervious to gases and liquids. For cementing sheet rubber, or rubber material in any shape, to metal, glass, and other smooth surfaces, the cement is highly recommended.

IT has long been supposed that water in freezing lost all the impurities with which it is laden, and that ice is always pure water when melted. Nothing can be farther from the truth, and there is just as much danger of poisoning from impure ice as from impure water. The only way to get pure water is to get it from an uncontaminated source, the heavens above. Rain water from a washed slate roof caught in a perfectly cemented cistern in the cellar of a well-built house during the winter, and shut off from summer rains, is as near pure water as can be had, and is sufficiently cold for drinking without ice in the warmest weather.

TO MAKE JELLIED CHICKEN OR VEAL.—Boil the meat till it falls from the bones; use just as little water as possible; when cool, chop it very fine, season with pepper and salt and a pinch of curry if you like that flavor. Then put it in a mould with a layer of hard-boiled eggs, either chopped or sliced. Boil the water in which the meat was cooked until it is half boiled away; add a tablespoonful of gelatine; when it is dissolved, and while still warm, pour over the meat. This will be ready for use the day after it is prepared.

PINEAPPLE PUDDING.—Butter a pudding-dish and line the bottom and sides with slices of stale cake—sponge cake is best; pare and slice thin a large pineapple (be sure to leave out the core), place in the dish first a layer of pineapple, then strew in the sugar, then more pineapple, and so on until all is used; pour over a small teacup of water, and cover with slices of cake which have been dipped in cold water; cover the whole with a buttered plate, and bake slowly for two hours.

SAVORY OMELETTE.—Beat two eggs in a basin, season with cayenne and salt, mix with it a teaspoonful each of finely chopped onion and parsley; melt one half ounce of butter in an omelette pan, pour the mixture into this, and keep stirring over the fire until it sets, then roll and serve. About three minutes will do to cook this omelette, which should be of a delicate brown when done.

BROOK TROUT.—Split nearly to the tail, wash and clean well and fold together again. Let them lie wrapped singly in a clean dry towel for a few minutes. Dredge with flour and salt, and put in a pan with fresh sweet lard, which should be hot but not burning. Do not turn until brown enough for the table. One of the most essential things in serving trout, or fish of any kind, is to have everything hot and quickly dished, so that all may go to the table at once.

COMMON TOMATO SAUCE.—Cut up some ripe or preserved tomatoes in halves, place them in a stew-pot with a few strips of lean ham, some sliced onions, thyme, laurel leaves and a little beef liquor, and stew them half an hour over a slow fire; then add two or three spoonfuls of beef liquor, and boil. Afterward pass through a sieve, add a little butter and serve up.

GRAHAM COOKIES are good at tea. Take two cups of sugar, one cup of sour cream, half a teaspoonful of soda; mix quickly, roll rather thin, and bake in a moderate oven. Possibly the inexperienced cook needs to be told that Graham flour must be cooked longer than wheat flour.

RICE FRITTERS.—Boil three tablespoonfuls of rice until it has fully swelled, then drain it quite dry, and mix with it four well-beaten eggs, a quarter of a pound of currants and a little grated lemon peel; nutmeg and sugar to taste. Stir in as much flour as will thicken it, and fry in hot lard.

SCALLOPED POTATOES.—Two cups of mashed potatoes, two tablespoonfuls of cream or milk and one of melted butter; salt and pepper to taste. Stir the potatoes, butter and cream together, adding one raw egg. If the potatoes seem too moist, beat in a few fine bread-crumbs. Bake in a hot oven for ten minutes, taking care to have the top a rich brown.

A TIN-LINED BUTTER-TUB makes a first-rate cake-box, or by taking off the wood on the outside or putting on a short wire handle you will have a very serviceable tin pail. This pail is particularly good to use on the stove to heat water in, etc.

FRUIT IN HONEY.—Fruit may be preserved with honey. Put the fruit first into a jar, and then pour honey over it and seal air-tight; when the honey is poured from the fruit it will have the flavor and appearance of jelly, making a delicious dessert.

A NICE TOMATO DISH.—One of the nicest and simplest ways of dressing tomatoes is to cut them in halves, lay them in a baking-dish, cover each piece with some bread crumbs, a little pepper and salt and some finely-chopped parsley, pour a little oil over, and bake in a good oven.

YOUNG MUSTARD LEAVES are favorites with some persons as a breakfast garnish, instead of water-cress. The more fresh, edible green leaves one eats the better at this time of year.

HUMOROUS.

"Yes," said the editor's wife, "let us be thankful that there is one above who can restore order and save the country." "I understand, madame," returned her visitor, who had called to deprecate the unsettled state of affairs. "Providence is all powerful, and—" "Oh, I didn't mean that," said she, "I referred to my husband, who is now up-stairs preparing his leader for the morning paper, and it will be a smasher, a regular country-saver, you bet."

A Noted Woman.

The item in regard to the failure of "Yours for health, Lydia E. Pinkham," of Lynn, Mass., which has been floating through the papers, we are glad to learn is false in every respect, as we found on inquiring at Hubbard's International Newspaper Agency of this city. The Lynn *Bee* said a few days since: The Lydia Pinkham Compound Business is not financially embarrassed as reported, but is being conducted on a much larger scale than ever, doing a large and growing business and paying one hundred cents on a dollar." Mr. Hubbard has whole charge of the advertising of this and other similar houses, and informs us that he has inserted her advertisement on yearly contracts in over 8,000 newspapers last year, so that she is to-day the best known woman in America. In addition to this fact she is a live, earnest woman of over sixty, and doing a great deal of good in the world, as many of the best families in this city can testify. Her advertisements, though worded plainly, are not equivocal in any sense, and her remedy is one of the few of great merit before the public.—*New Haven Sunday Register.*

DURING the examination of a witness as to the locality of the stairs in a house, the council asked him: "Which way did the stairs run?" The witness, who, by the way, was a noted wag, replied that "One way they ran up, and the other way they ran down." The learned attorney winked both eyes, and then took a look at the ceiling.

Wonderful Power.

When a medicine performs such cures as Kidney-Wort is constantly doing, it may truly be said to have wonderful power. A carpenter in Montgomery, Vt., had suffered for eight years from the worst of kidney diseases, and had been wholly incapacitated for work. He says, "One box made a new man of me, and I sincerely believe it will restore to health all that are similarly afflicted." It is now sold in both liquid and dry form.—*Danbury News.*

"Nothing," said an impatient husband, "so reminds me of Balaam and his ass as two women stopping in church and obstructing the way to indulge in their everlasting talk." "But you forget, my dear," returned his wife meekly, "that it was the angel who stopped the way, and Balaam and his ass who complained of it."

SCIPIO, N. Y., Dec. 1, 1879.

I am the pastor of the Baptist Church here, and an educated physician. I am not in practice, but my sole family physician, and advise in many chronic cases. Over a year ago I recommended your Hop Bitters to my invalid wife, who had been under medical treatment of Albany's best physicians several years. She has become thoroughly cured of her various complicated diseases by their use. We both recommend them to our friends, many of whom have also been cured of their various ailments by them. REV. E. R. WARREN

DISPROPORTION: "Strawberry short-cake?" remarked Fogg, inquiringly, as he gazed at the meagre array of fruit between the thick crusts: "yes, I should say so—a good many strawberries short."

VEGETINE was looked upon as an experiment for some time by some of our best physicians, but those most incredulous in regard to its merit are now its most ardent friends and supporters.

FIRE underwriters do not go to heaven. At least, they have no business there.

Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer is the marvel of the age for all nerve diseases. All fits stopped free. Send to 931 Arch Street, Philadelphia, Pa.

ADAM missed one of the luxuries of life. He couldn't laugh in his sleeve.

Vegetine

FROM THE REV. S. B. SWEETSER,
Pastor Grace M. E. Church,

SPRINGFIELD, MASS.

SPRINGFIELD, MASS., Dec. 22, 1881.

MR. H. R. STEVENS: Dear Sir,—One year ago about the present time I was afflicted with Scrofulous *Humors*, also with *Catarrh*. For two months my nights were seasons of agony. After a troubled sleep in the early hours, I would wake anywhere between one and three A. M. with the most excruciating sufferings in my head, and be forced to walk my study floor the rest of the night. During the day also I was often attacked with dizziness, both upon the street and at home, so that it seemed for a minute or so that consciousness was about to leave me. This state of affairs continued until my nerves were sadly unstrung, and I began to fear organic disease of the brain. By advice of Rev. Geo. W. Mansfield, who had been much benefitted by your medicine, I wrote to you and shortly afterward commenced using it. I took several bottles of Vegetine, and was entirely cured. I have waited to see if there would be any return of the disease. Nearly a year has passed; I find not one symptom of it. I do most cheerfully recommend Vegetine for the complaints for which it is recommended. I remain, Sir,

Very truly yours, S. B. SWEETSER.

Police Officer's Report.

BOSTON, January 19th, 1881.

MR. H. R. STEVENS: Dear Sir,—I am pleased to add my name to the long list of subscribers to the virtue of "VEGETINE." Have been for some years on night duty in the "Police Department," and troubled with the worst kind of *Ulcerated Sore Throat*, consulting the best physicians in the city, taking nauseating doses, undergoing painful surgical operations and laying off from duty for long periods. About a year ago I was persuaded by friends (having no faith myself) to try "VEGETINE." Am happy to say in that time have had no recurrence of sore throat or any other sickness, and have gained 25 lbs. of flesh, only taking three bottles of your justly celebrated preparation.

I am, sir, with much esteem, yours very truly,
WM. G. HAWES, Police Station 10.

Vegetine,

IS THE BEST

Spring and Summer Medicine.

Vegetine is Sold by All Druggists.

PILES

ANAKESIS

Dr. S. Silsbee's External Pile Remedy

Gives instant relief and is an infallible

CURE FOR ALL KINDS OF PILES.

Sold by Druggists everywhere. Price, $1.00 per box *prepaid* by mail. Samples sent *free* to Physicians and all sufferers, by P. Neustaedter & Co., Box 2916, New York City. Sole Manufacturers of "*Anakesis.*"

"WHAT are you playing?" asked a man of his daughter, who was pounding on the piano keyboard with more noise than skill. "It's Wagnerian, pa; that is the music of the future." "Oh, it is, is it? Let it be a long time in the future before I hear any more of it. Play me 'Comin' through the rye'" "Oh pa, ain't you horrid; always thinking about something to drink." Honors are easy in that family.

"With Grateful Feelings.

DR. PIERCE, Buffalo, N. Y.: *Dear Sir* —"Your "Golden Medical Discovery" and "Purgative Pellets" have cured my daughter of Scrofulous Swellings and Open Sores about the Neck; and your "Favorite Prescription" has accomplished wonders in restoring to health my wife who had been bed-fast for eight months from female weakness. I am with grateful feelings, Yours truly,
T. H. LONG, Galveston, Texas.

A LADY who was preparing bathing suits for a trip East for the summer, wrote to an eastern fashion paper to know what the style of bathing suits would be for children, say from five to six years old. She received a reply that this year the bathing suits for boys were very simple, consisting of a wad of cotton in each ear. The lady will add to this suit a red yarn string around her boy's neck and let him go loose.

"Golden Medical Discovery" is warranted to cleanse the blood from all impurities, from whatever cause arising. For Scrofula, Sores of all kinds, Skin and Blood Diseases, its effects are marvelous. Thousands of testimonials from all parts. Send stamp for pamphlet on skin diseases. Address World's Dispensary Medical Association, Buffalo, N. Y.

A GENTLEMAN, whose custom was to entertain very often a circle of friends, observing that one of them was in the habit of eating something before grace was asked, determined to cure him. Upon a repetition of the offence he said, "For what we are about to receive, and for what James Taylor has already received, the Lord make us truly thankful."

"Fair Girl Graduates,"

whose sedentary lives increase those troubles peculiar to women, should use Dr. Pierce's "Favorite Prescription," which is an unfailing remedy. Sold by druggists.

A MEMBER of Parliament, in discussing the question of trial by jury in Ireland, the other evening, became excited and exclaimed: "With trial by jury have I lived, and, by the blessing of God, with trial by jury I will die!" The roar of laughter which followed called the honorable gentleman's attention to the error he had made.

A Healthy State.

People are constantly changing their homes from East to West and from North to South or *vice versa*, in search of a healthy State. If they would learn to be contented, and to use the celebrated Kidney-Wort when sick they would be much better off. The whole system can be kept in a healthy state by this simple but effectual remedy. See large adv.

FUN at the expense of courtesy: "What shall my song be to-night?" said Miss Tibbs at the tea table. "We are going to have a musicale I think I shall try 'Within a Mile of Edinboro'" "Seems to me," said Jones, the undaunted, "I would try something I could come within less than a mile of". Miss T. says she think Lieutenant Jones is horrid.

A World of Good.

One of the most popular medicines now before the American public, is Hop Bitters. You see it everywhere. People take it with good effect. It builds them up. It is not as pleasant to the taste as some other Bitters, as it is not a whiskey drink. It is more like the old-fashioned bone set tea, that has done a world of good. If you don't feel just right, try Hop Bitters. —*Nunda News.*

A COMPOSITOR in setting up a toast: "Woman—without her, man would be a savage," got the punctuation in the wrong place, which made it read: "Woman, without her man, would be a savage."

The celebrated Vegetable Compound for females, which, within a few years, has made the name of Mrs. Lydia E. Pinkham known in every part of the civilized world, relieves suffering by the safe and sure method of equalizing the vital forces and thus regulating the organic functions. It is only by such a method that disease is ever arrested and removed.

ALL the Astor money started from the proceeds of the sale of six flutes which John Jacob Astor invested in furs. Orpheus calso attrated "rocks" with music.

For dyspepsia, indigestion, depression of spirits and general debility, in their various forms; also as a preventive against fever and ague and other intermittent fevers, the "Ferro-Phosphorated Elixir of Calisaya," made by Caswell, Hazard & Co, New York, sold by all Druggists, is the best tonic; and for patients recovering from fever or other sickness, it has no equal.

"NEVER milk while the cow is eating," is the advice of a bucolic contemporary. Judging from the character of some of the milk it would be more to the point not to milk while the cow is drinking.

Asthma and Hay Fever.

For the newest and most comprehensive treatise on "Asthma and Hay Fever; their cause and cure"—write to the L. A. Knight Company, 697 Broadway, New York City. Knight's Asthma and Hay Fever Cure is the most successful remedy yet discovered for these diseases. See testimonials in another column.

PROFESSOR in hydrostatics: "If you had purchased a crown of gold and thought part of it was silver, what would you do?" Junior: "Take it back."

Ministerial Recommendation.

JARRETTSVILLE, Harford Co., Md., Jan. 8th, 1879. H. H. WARNER & Co.: *Sirs*—Your safe Kidney and Liver Cure has greatly relieved me, and I suffer but little. I am anxious that others should try it.
REV. J. DUEY MOORE.

MICHIGAN produces more salt than any other State in the Union, and yet the average Michigander is pretty fresh.

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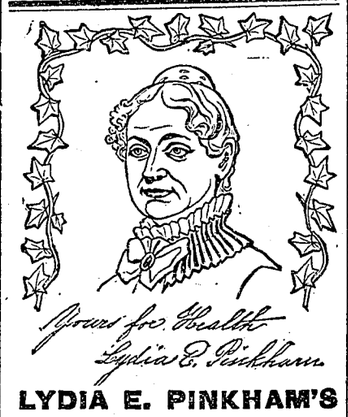
Nervous Weakness, Dispepsia, Impotence, Sexual Debility, cured by "Well's Health Renewer," $1. Druggists. Send for pamphlet to E. S. WELLS, Jersey City, N. J.

"I'LL make a note of this," as the sharper said when he got a farmer to write his name on a piece of paper.

Is your hair falling out or your scalp diseased? Carboline, a deodorized extract of petroleum, as now improved and perfected, is just the article you need. Buy a bottle, and, like thousands who are using it all over the land, you will value it as the choicest of all toilet preparations.

NEVER put down a new carpet on a bare floor. Quilted cotton and paper lining, costing ten cents a yard, laid under the carpet, will make it last nearly twice as long. Stair pads, to be placed on the edge of each stair, ought also to be counted as essential.



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For all those Painful Complaints and Weaknesses so common to our best female population.

A Medicine for Woman. Invented by a Woman. Prepared by a Woman.

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It revives the drooping spirits, invigorates and harmonizes the organic functions, gives elasticity and firmness to the step, restores the natural lustre to the eye, and plants on the pale cheek of woman the fresh roses of life's spring and early summer time.

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It removes faintness, flatulency, destroys all craving for stimulant, and relieves weakness of the stomach. That feeling of bearing down, causing pain, weight and backache, is always permanently cured by its use. **For the cure of Kidney Complaints of either sex this Compound is unsurpassed.**

LYDIA E. PINKHAM'S BLOOD PURIFIER will eradicate every vestige of Humors from the Blood, and give tone and strength to the system, of man woman or child. Insist on having it.

Both the Compound and Blood Purifier are prepared at 233 and 235 Western Avenue, Lynn, Mass. Price of either, $1. Six bottles for $5. Sent by mail in the form of pills, or of lozenges, on receipt of price, $1 per box for either. Mrs. Pinkham freely answers all letters of inquiry. Enclose 3ct. stamp. Send for pamphlet.

No family should be without LYDIA E. PINKHAM'S LIVER PILLS. They cure constipation, biliousness, and torpidity of the liver. 25 cents per box.

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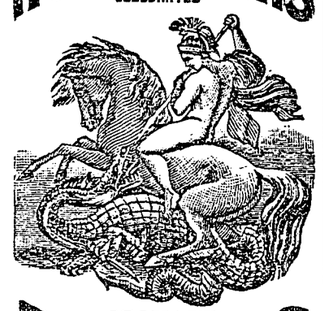

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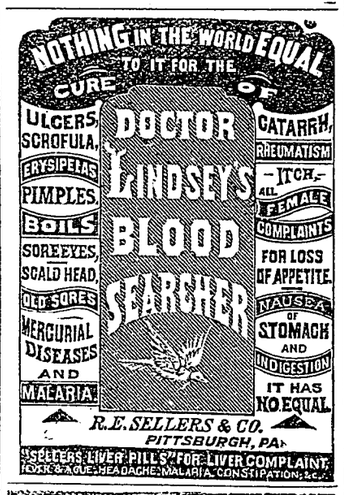

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IS A SURE CURE
for all diseases of the Kidneys and
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It has specific action on this most important organ, enabling it to throw off torpidity and inaction, stimulating the healthy secretion of the Bile, and by keeping the bowels in free condition, effecting its regular discharge.

Malaria. If you are suffering from malaria, have the chills, are bilious, dyspeptic, or constipated, Kidney-Wort will surely relieve and quickly cure.

In the Spring to cleanse the System, every one should take a thorough course of it.

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$47 A MONTH and board in your county. Men or Ladies. Pleasant business. Address, P. W ZIEGLER & CO., Box 86, Philadelphia, Pa.

276

These answering an Advertisement will confer a favor upon the Advertiser and the Publisher by stating that they saw the advertisement in this journal (naming the paper)

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CURED.

"I have had Asthma for 22 years, suffering a thousand deaths; have been so that I could not go out for four months at a time, but sat in a chair night and day. I have tried every remedy I ever heard of, and spent thousands of dollars in search of a cure; but all in vain until I found *Knight's Asthma Cure.* That was in February last. My Asthma had been unusually bad all winter. Six bottles of this medicine have made me feel like a new man. I call myself well. I have not been oppressed for breath all through this trying spring, and can not express in words what this wonderful remedy has done for me."

A. S. Bradford, Arlington, Mass.

"I feel like thanking Mr. Knight for his excellent *Asthma Cure.* It has done very much to relieve me of a case of Asthma, and, from my present improvement, I expect to be under still greater obligations."

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"I was severely afflicted with Asthma from 1855 to 1882; tried many remedies (so called), and spent much money in vain, seeking relief. In February, 1882, I received the first bottle of *Knight's Asthma Cure.* I commenced to improve at once, have had very few Asthma symptoms since, and am now as free from it as a person who never had it. I can say with certainty that *Knight's Asthma Cure* is the best yet discovered."

E. C. Weaver, Lawyer, 930 F St., Washington, D. C.

"I have traveled north, east, and west, and spent four years south in order to relieve myself of this terrible disease, Asthma; and, until I received *Knight's Asthma Cure*, found no permanent relief. After taking this medicine but a fortnight I obtained the greatest relief, and can say I am now cured entirely, and that my cure is considered almost a miracle by my friends. You can refer to me at all times."

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"My wife has found *Knight's Asthma Cure* a perfect success where all others have proved a failure. Having been a great sufferer from Asthma, and having taken so much medicine for the disease without obtaining any permanent benefit, she hesitated to try any more. But she was induced to try a bottle of *Knight's Cure*, and from the day she commenced taking it regularly she has not had a single attack. This medicine is a great blessing to suffering Asthmatics."

D. G. Drake, Supt. Schools, Mt. Washington, O.

"I am over 60 years old, and have had the Asthma over 35 years. Have tried many remedies, but obtained only temporary relief. *Knight's Asthma Cure* has helped me more than all others put together. Since I commenced taking it, I rest well at night, and the neighbors all say I look better than for many years."

W. A. Chandler, Traverse City, Mich.

KNIGHT'S ASTHMA AND HAY FEVER CURE

is the *Cheapest* as well as the *Best.* Price, $1.00 per Bottle, or six bottles for $5.00. Write for Knight's new treatise on "ASTHMA; ITS CAUSE AND CURE." If your Druggist has not the medicine, send direct for it (inclosing money) to

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POTATO BUGS

AND ALL TROUBLESOME VERMIN.

It will thoroughly exterminate Roaches, Ants, Bed Bugs, Fleas, Lice, Tobacco and Cotton Worms, Moth, etc. It is safe, sure, cleanly and cheap. It will not poison animals or fowls. Sample packages by mail 30 cents, post-paid. Stamps taken. Circulars free. Agents Wanted. Address, J. H. JOHNSTON, Swedish Insect Powder Co., Pittsburgh, Pa.

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Advice free. Whosoever would know his condition and the way to improve it should read "WISDOM IN A NUTSHELL."

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Pure blood makes sound flesh, strong bones, a clear skin. If you would have your flesh firm, your bones sound, without caries, and your complexion fair, use RADWAY'S SARSAPARILLIAN RESOLVENT.

A remedy composed of ingredients of extraordinary medical properties essential to purify, repair and invigorate the broken-down and wasted body—QUICK, PLEASANT, SAFE and PERMANENT in its treatment and cure.

No matter by what name the complaint may be designated, whether it be Scrofula, Consumption, Syphilis, Ulcers, Sores, Tumors, Boils, Erysipelas, or Salt-Rheum, diseases of the Lungs, Kidneys, Bladder, Womb, Skin, Liver, Stomach or Bowels, either chronic or constitutional, the virus of the disease is in the BLOOD which supplies the waste and builds and repairs these organs and wasted tissues of the system. If the blood is unhealthy the process of repair must be unsound.

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One bottle contains more of the active principles of Medicines than any other Preparation taken in teaspoonful doses, while others require five or six times as much.

ONE DOLLAR PER BOTTLE.

MINUTE REMEDY.

Only requires MINUTES not HOURS, to relieve pain and cure acute disease.

RADWAY'S
READY RELIEF

is from one to twenty minutes, never fails to relieve PAIN with one thorough application; no matter how violent or excruciating the pain, the Rheumatic, Bed-ridden, Infirm, Crippled, Nervous, Neuralgic or prostrated with disease may suffer, RADWAY'S READY RELIEF will afford instant

Inflammation of the Kidneys, Inflammation of the Bladder, Inflammation of the Bowels, Congestion of the Lungs, Sore Throat, Difficult Breathing, Palpitation of the Heart, Hysterics, Croup, Diphtheria, Catarrh, Influenza, Headache, Toothache, Neuralgia, Rheumatism, Chills, Ague Chills, Chilblains and Frost-Bites, Bruises, Summer Complaints, Nervousness, Sleeplessness, Coughs, Colds, Sprains, Pains in the Chest, Back, or Limbs are instantly relieved.

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FEVER AND AGUE cured for 50 cts. There is not a remedial agent in this world that will cure Fever and Ague, and other Malarious, Bilious, Scarlet, Typhoid, Yellow and other fevers (aided by RADWAY'S PILLS) so quickly as RADWAY'S READY RELIEF.

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CAUTION.

All remedial agents capable of destroying life when an overdose should be avoided. Morphine, opium, strychnine, arnica, hyoscianus, and other powerful remedies, do at certain times, in very small doses, relieve the patient during their action on the system. But perhaps the second dose, if repeated, may aggravate and increase the suffering, and any other dose cause death. There is no necessity of using these uncertain agents when a positive remedy like Radway's Ready Relief will stop the most excruciating pain quicker, without entailing the least difficulty in either infant or adult.

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VOLUME XLII. JACKSONVILLE, ALABAMA, SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 30. 1882. WHOLE NO. 2372.

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"O ROBIN BLITHE."

O robin blithe, your plumage dun
And cardinal shimmers in the sun,
As swift you fly from tree to tree,
Filling the air with melody,
And waking love, O merry one.

Your eyes diaphonous gleam with fun,
As you dissect the broken bun
The house-maid flings gratuitously,
O robin blithe.

Wood-chorister, eclipsed by none,
My thoughts to themes delicious run
Upon your flood of song. Ah, me!
Lookout! here slyly comes, just see,
A barefoot urchin with a gun,
O robin blithe.

BESS.

Mr. John Bayberry strode into the house, and stamped along the hall, and through all the rooms below stairs, dashing open every door he came to and leaving it so, until he reached the kitchen, which he found deserted like all the other rooms; for even black Aunt Peg had forsaken it, and was out in the back yard, hanging out the Monday wash.

"Has *everybody* evaporated?" demanded Mr. Bayberry, grimly addressing space.

Receiving no reply, he banged open yet another door, which swung back against a precarious and shaky shelf, thus upsetting the equilibrium of a brass candlestick, a flat-iron and three tin cans, and they all went bumping down on to the floor together.

Bess was in the pantry, washing off the shelves with hot soapsuds; for Bess was a busy little body, and insisted on performing a certain part of the household duties every day.

She was standing on a cheese-box during the present performance—for Bess was so short she could not reach the second shelf—and she had a big table-cloth pinned over her dress, and her silky hair twisted tight upon the top of her head and pinned with three great hair-pins, that bristled up and looked like three pair of budding horns.

She heard the rapid footsteps outside, and smiled.

"That's Uncle John," said she, "and he wants somebody likely. But I can't go just yet. Men always want something or somebody."

And she went on, calmly removing a row of jelly-glasses, every one dark and rich with its luscious contents. Then she was startled by the thumping

"Dear me!" said Bess, dropping the wing with which she had been brushing the shelf. "I suppose if some one don't go, he won't scruple to tumble the the house over; and where Aunt Jule is, the man in the moon couldn't tell."

She jumped off the cheese-box, carefully holding up the table-cloth to avoid stepping on it, and opened the pantry-door. Aunt Jule had also appeared, in a loose, green wrapper, from which a piece of torn ruffling, two yards in length, was dragging on the floor, with an old magazine, minus its covers, in her hand,

"Dear me, John—" began Aunt Jule, looking injured.

"And dear *me!*" interrupted Mr. Bayberry, "if this house had legs, it might run away twenty times over and no one to prevent. Come out of there. Bess, and both of you listen! I've got some abominable news. Jule, your late lamented's cousin, that tall, electioneering widow, wants to come down here and board all summer, with her daughter. 'dear Leonie,' who modestly wishes to give her 'numerous lovers' the slip, and rusticate at 'dear Meadowlands.' There's no end of 'dears' in her letter, and a string of compliments that are all in her eye, I'll wager my biggest squash!"

Mr. Bayberry's sister sat down, looking helpless and mournful; but black-eyed Bess, whose ideas and opinions one could never foresee, favored the cause of her kinswoman, though they had made a point of ignoring her completely.

"Do let them come, Uncle John!" said she. "I always did want to see my stylish cousins awfully!"

"Oh," answered Mr. Bayberry, shrugging his broad shoulders, "if you want to cook, and iron, and slave for two fine-city relations that don't take the trouble to remember your existence, go ahead! Write to 'em to come, by all means; but don't expect me to 'tend to 'em and hold their yarn and turn their music while they squeal sentimental songs into my ears—"

"Goodness, Uncle John!" interrupted Bess; "no one would suppose how warmly you praised Dr. Dare's last sermon on charity, to hear you take on!"

"Hold your tongue, Miss Impertinence!" answered Mr. Bayberry, as he stalked away.

But there was a flush on his cheek, and perhaps his conscience echoed Bess' reproof. For Mr. Bayberry's words and manners occasionally expressed more harshness than was in his heart, and, owing to his rather irascible temper, few dared to take the liberty to lecture him.

Bess, who was not his niece at all, but only the niece of his late broth r-in-law, was one of the few; and though she sometimes stood half in awe of him herself, there was a conscientious straightforwardness about her which led her to speak her mind whenever she considered it her duty to do so.

Perhaps she might, advantageously to herself, have cultivated a rather less abrupt manner, and so have found favor in more eyes. But, nevertheless, it so happened that Mr. John Bayberry, who was rather peculiar himself, never took real offense at her words and occasionally profited by them. And this perhaps was at least partly because she had a way of popping out her little sermons in a concise, epigrammatic manner, and never "harped" on one subject.

A week later found the large parlor at Meadowlands graced by the presence of two stylishly-arrayed ladies, just from the city, and indulging in a series of rapturous exclamations over the charm of rural scenes, to the astonishment of Aunt Jule, who saw nothing to gush about in fields and vines, and was secretly wondering if the grease spot in the side-breadth of her over-skirt was very noticeable.

"And here's Bess, your little country cousin," said Mr. Bayberry, drawing her forward from the shadow of the window-curtains, from which she had been admiring Miss Leonie.

"Dear me!" drawled the elegant Mrs. Horton, as she gazed down an immeasurable distance at the girl, for Mrs. Horton was very tall, and of a lofty carriage withal, "this is Bess, is it? We didn't dream of finding you here."

"Why should we?" queried Miss Leonie, languidly settling back against the rich-colored sofa cushions. "She isn't any relation of yours, is she, Mr. Bayberry?"

"Not at all," returned Mr. Bayberry, a trifle stiffly; "but she is quite as welcome to Meadowlands as if she were; especially as her blood relations choose to ignore her existence."

Mrs. Horton flushed a little; Miss Leonie bit her lip; and Bess shook her curly head at Uncle John on the sly.

That same evening, Bess was sitting on the back-door step, peeling velvety, crimson, rare-ripe peaches for supper, when Ashley Gray came along the clover-edged path leading from the stile down in the orchard, which he, as a very intimate friend of the family, whose home adjoined Meadowlands, found it convenient now and then to make use of,

"Go round to the parlor and see the ladies," said Bess, as she laid the last peach, glowing and pink-hearted, in the high cut-glass dish.

"I don't want to see city folks," said the young man.

"But you must go this time," answered Bess, "for I must go in. I promised to set the table for Aunt Peg."

So he went, and it somehow happened that the next night he went without urging; and the next night. Ah, Bess, little, ruffled white pillow soaked up two or three, pearly tears!

The long summer days were waning at last. It was late August, sultry but sweet, softening with the vague premonitions of the coming autumn, odorous with the spicy scent of herbs, and bright with dashes of intense color here and there. Mist crowned the hills, and languid loveliness was everywhere.

Bess stood, in the pinkish gray of the gloaming, upon the broad balcony, her head resting against a square, white pillar, the sprays of the Madeira-vines above just sweeping her dusk-brown curls.

And Mr. John Bayberry stood and watched her—watched her with his black eyebrows drawn together in a line and a set grimness about his mouth scarcely visible beneath his shaggy mustache.

"Bess," he said, at last, "you have seen all this flirtation and tomfoolery going on between young Gray and your Cousin Leonie?"

"Yes," answered Bess.

"And—do you care? Excuse me Bess, but I want to know."

"No, Uncle John, I don't care a snap," replied Bess, lifting her head and smiling straight in his eyes. "I cared a little at first, but I don't now—not a bit!"

Mr. Bayberry came a little nearer her.

"Bess—Bess," he said, lingering a little over the name, "I have found cause lately to rejoice that you are really no relation of mine. Can you guess why, Bess? Are you glad, too?"

She dropped her head again, answering nothing.

"Tell me," he said. "You can surely guess my meaning?"

"I—what right have I—I—"

"Never mind about the right. Just tell me if you are glad. You shall not regret it."

"Yes, then," she murmured, radiantly blushing; "I am glad."

Meanwhile Mrs. Horton and her daughter were holding a private conversation in their own room.

"Mr. Gray proposed last night, Leonie?"

Mrs. Horton spoke carelessly, yet she glanced half uneasily at the young lady rocking idly by the window.

"He did."

"I hope—I suppose you refused him?"

"Of course," returned Miss Leonie, carelessly. "That was only a neat flirtation. Bess is welcome to him now. I presume she will be consoled, if he is a cast-off glove."

"Meadowlands is a splendid place, Leonie, and valuable."

"And Mr. Bayberry is a very handsome man."

The two ladies smiled and understood each other perfectly.

Later Miss Leonie sauntered down to the balcony.

Bess was still standing in the shade of the Madeira-vine.

Leonie sat down upon the step and yawned.

Bess was nobody, that she should trouble herself to be ceremonious.

'Don't you find your position here very trying?" asked Leonie, in her most languid, indifferent tone.

"Why?" queried Bess.

"O, it must be very unpleasant to be dependent on a man who is in no way related to you."

"I don't mind it a bit," said Bess, indulging in a little laugh all to herself in the Madeira shadow.

"You see, Miss Leonie," said John Bayberry, directly behind her. "Bess is soon to have the best right in the world to be dependent on me. You have often observed that we are not related; but we shall be, for Bess will be Mrs. Bayberry before the autumn wanes."

Corea.

In a recent interview Commodore Shufeld said: Of course you know that Corea is a country that has long been inaccessible to the world. I believe I am the first white man who has ever trod the soil of the interior, and there-fore, perhaps, I am a curiosity. So far as I saw them the people of Corea are greatly attached to their country, have no disposition to emigrate—which accounts for their exclusiveness heretofore—but are possessed of a lively curiosity. On landing in Corea to meet the two Ministers appointed by the King to negotiate this treaty two officers accompanied me for some distance into the interior. We were unarmed, but were not molested. The roads over which we traveled were lined with people for miles, attracted probably by their first opportunity to look upon the face of a white man. In some instances they crowded around us. We pardoned their obtrusiveness, because we were probably a great mystery to them"

"In what respect do the Coreans resemble the Chinese?"

"I could see but little resemblance. The Chinese of different localities look very different, as you know. The Mongolians of the North do not very much resemble the Mongolians of the south, who mostly come to California, and the Corean looks much unlike either class. Their complexion is light, their hair dark, long and wiry and their eyes black. They remind me of the North American Indian and I believe the resemblance is sufficiently close to justify the belief that Corea furnished material to populate this country originally. All the difference between the two races could have been produced by climate and mode of living after immigration here. Owning to the fact that naturalists have never had an opportunity to investigate Corea, this resemblance has not been carried out to its logical conclusion.

"All the occupation the Coreans have is agriculture and the product of the soil is mostly consumed at home. They export a little rice and a few beans to Japan, but they have no commerce and no marine. All their carrying is done on animals or by means of imperfect boats, on the rivers. They appear inoffensive and not disposed to go to war with anybody, and yet the mass of the people are said to be curious in regard to outside affairs. The country is ruled by a King, who in his own dominion is an absolute despot, having complete power over the lives and property of the most noble of his subject. He is assisted in governing by a council selected from the nobility, who have charge of the various departments—judical, war, financial and interior departments. The person of the King for centuries has been absolutly inaccessible, and no person of his own race, much less a foreigner, has been able to get into his presence. It is sacrilege to utter the name he has received from his suzerain and that by which he is known in history is only given him after his death. It is high treason to touch his person with a weapon of iron. Notwithstanding the monarch's exclusiveness, however, in theory his ear is always open to the people, and an appeal to him in all grave matters is nominally permitted. The interference of the nobility in politics is also high treason and the princes of the blood excluded wholly from power. About a year since a plot to gain control of the government was discovered among the nobles, and every person in any way connected with it was beheaded. This treatment of the paricipants in the imbroglio was a salutary lesson. Although the King wields such power, there are two political parties among the nobles of Corea. One party is called the Progressists, the other by a name wich implies their antipodes—those opposed to progress. The former party is at present in power, a fact which rendered the negotiation of our treaty possible."

Home of Gold.

Somewhere in Southwestern New Mexico, in the Sierra Madre, it is said there is a wonderful valley. Small, enclosed in high rocky walls and accessible by a secret passage, which is known to but few, is this extraordinary place. It is about ten acres in extent, has running through it a stream, which waters it throughly and makes it a perfect Paradise, with its exquisite flowers and beautiful trees. In it are thousands of birds of the most beautiful plumage. Running across it is a ledge of pure gold about thirty feet wide, which glistens in the sunlight like a great golden belt. The stream crosses this ledge and, as it runs, murmurs around blocks of yellow metal as other streams do around pebbles. The ledge of gold is supposed to be solid gold and to run down into the centre of the earth. The legend is of Indian origin and around it cluster a number of Indian stories, in which the name of the ill-fated Montezuma occurs frequently. The descendants of the Aztecs believe firmly that the day will come when Montezuma will return and free them from the dominion of the descendants of the Conquestodores. They believe that the money necessary for this work will be taken from the Madre d'Oro. The secret of the entrance into the valley is carefully guarded by a tribe of Indians living near it, and among them it is only communicated to the oldest men, amid the solemn ceremonies of the Medicine lodge. Having such a story to work upon there is little wonder that the vivid imagination of the Mexicans should have built upon it tales of men who have found this wonderful place. One is that a certain Jose Alvarez, while wandering through the mountains in search of game, saw the valley from the top of the wall. Finding that he could not hope to enter by climbing down, he took up his abode with the Indians who guard this canyon leading into it. The daughter of the chief fell in love with him and betrayed the secret to him. Exactly how she found it out they do not tell. Having been shown the entrance, Jose went in and would possibly have gotten away with some of the gold had he not weighed himself down to such an extent that he could not get up the declivity at the lower end of the passage. He was discoverd and the Indians sacrificed him on the golden ledge with all the terrible ceremonies of the old Aztec religion. She, in despair at losing him, threw herself from the high walls into the valley below. Hundreds of prospectors have spent months of toil trying to find the Madre d'Oro, but it is scarcely necessary to say without result.

A Few Simple Recipes.

The Small Boy—Take equal parts of noise, dirt and four horse-power steam-engine; mix with bread and butter to the taste (the boy's taste), and set the mixture to cool in the middle of a ten-acre lot. If you find you have put in too much noise (which you undoubtedly have), turn over and knead with the hand or split shingle.

The Saleslady—This is a very easy dish. All that is required is a little giggle, brass to season, and a garnishing of frizzles, bangs and cheap jewelry. Mix in an empty skull and serve.

The Politician—Tact, one part; two eyes for the main chance; one tongue, well oiled, and as much check as possible. If you have a little brain handy, it may be added sparingly; but it does not matter much, and most housekeepers consider any use of brain in this connection as extravagant. Bake in a slow oven, so that it need not be done brown. If it be more than half-baked it is ruined.

The Poet—To make a poet, take liberally of shimmering sunshine, strain through a rhyming dictionary, and add equal parts of lovesick adjectives, archaic adverbs and such other words as you may never have heard of. Set in a warm place, where the whole may become intimately mingled, and garnish with long hair, seedy clothing and an empty stomach.

The Author—Take such facts as you have in the house and mix with twenty gallons of gush and twaddle for each fact, and boil down one-half. Then add of classical allusions, threadbare stories and ubiquitous anecdotes ten parts each, and serve in a greasy coat and bald head. Some prefer to send to the table in curl papers, triced with hair-pins but in this case the sauce must not be forgotton, and a little politico-poetic transcendentalism is also a great improvement.

A Kiss—This is composed of equal parts of honey, sugar, ice cream, soda with four kinds of syrup, love in a cottage and supernal bliss. It can be made in the dark just as well as in the light. Bake in an elliptical dish, and serve warm.

Charity—This is usually served cold. When warm it is very apt to spoil, and must therefore be used at home. Take one part heart and one hundred parts talk, and stir together until the heart is dissolved, and add sufficient policy and worldly wisdom to give it a flavor. Charity made by this recipe will keep a long time in any climate.

The Tide of Immigration.

The Bureau of Statistics has issued its annual report, showing the total immigration to the United States for the year ending June 30, 1882. Its first and most notable feature has reference to the enormous proportions which this foreign influx has assumed. The total immigration for the current year amount to 789,003, 119,572 more than last year, when the highest total was reached ever known in the history of this country. Some idea of the relative amount of this foreign addition to our population may be gathered by the statement that four years of such increase would aggregate a number equal to the total population of the United States at the time of the Revolution—a population which it had required one hundred and fifty years to reach. Of this enormous sum Germany furnished the largest instalment, her quota aggregating 149,505. England and Wales furnished 85 175; Ireland, 76,432, and Sweden, 64,607, while the Dominion of Canada is credited with 98,-308, considerable portion of them undoubtedly being Europeans who came through Canadian ports. Nearly two-thirds of the whole number, or 502,171, landed at New York. Huron stands next in the list, with 71 424; Boston follows, with 58,887; Baltimore, with 41,739, while Philadelphia stands fifth in the list, with 36,284. The most marked proportional increase over the immigration of last year was among the Chinese, 39,579 of whom arrived in 1882, as against 11,890 in 1881. If this extraordinary rate of immigration should be maintained for any great lenth of time Uncle Sam's remaining free domain will be circumscribed very fast. A farm each for 100,000 families, besides what is required for the natural increase of our own population, will rapidly exhaust our surplus lands. Notwithstanding strikes and others evidences of discontent among our own workingmen, this enormous migration to our shores indicates that the laboring people of the Old World believe that they can better their condition very materially by coming here and sharing the lot of these discontented wage-earners. "The land of the free and the home of the brave" seems to be still the most attractive country on the green earth, judging by the rate at which the peoples of nearly all civilized countries are flocking hither.

How Skobeleff died.

The evening General Skobeleff died he was in his usual health and spirits and dined heartily with some boon companions at one of the best restaurants in the town. After dinner the party proceeded to the Ermitage Gardens, a place of entertainment in the environs of Moscow, of the same character as the Cremorne Gardens used to be in London. More friends were met at the Ermitage, and after a very lively evening the party returned to the town. Skobeleff invited some of the company to join him at supper at a small hotel of indifferent repute in the Petrovka street, named the Hotel d'Angleterre. In this hotel and in this society the General died.

Skobeleff had numerous enemies, and by many it is believed that he was a victim to foul play; but those who best knew his character, and who also know who were in his company at the time of his death, consider it far more probable that he was killed by one of his male companions in a drunken brawl. A writer says: I myself, immediately on hearing of his decease, sought information at the Hotel d'Angleterre. I was refused admittance, and when I attempted to question the proprietor he declined to reply. He "had never seen General Skobeleff;" he did not know he was dead, and he did not know why I asked him about it. Other inquirers were in my presence similarly refused information. The General's body was at night secretly removed to the Hotel Dusaux, where the next day it was given out that Russia's greatest military chief had suddenly expired from heart disease.

Odd Notices.

A gentleman near Winchester made a rockery in front of his house in which he planted some beautiful ferns, and having put up the following notice, found it more efficient and less expensive than spring-guns or man-traps. The fear inspiring inscription was: "Beggars beware, Scolopendriums and Polypodiums are set here." The wall of a gentleman's house near Edinburgh some years since exhibited a board on which was painted a threat quite as difficult for the trespasser to understand as the preceding: "Any person entering these enclosures will be shot and prosecuted." An eccentric old gentleman placed in a field on his estate a board with the following generous offer painted thereon: "I will give this field to any man who is contented." It was not long before he had an applicant. "Well my man, are you a contented fellow?" "Yes, sir, very." "Then why do you want my field?" The applicant did not wait to reply.

—Rabbits are not poisoned by belladonna or stramonium.

Rotterdam

It is nearly mid-day, says a writer before we get through the sluice-gates and drop down towards Rotterdam. We pass many canals, which stretch away from us into the country. There are many of them so narrow that only small craft can ply upon them. The windmills multiply and then suddenly cease, for we are now in a region where they are unavailing; the land lies much below the level of the sea, and is irreclaimable. Most desolate, even in the bright mid-day sun, is the appearance of the shores. We are no longer in a canal, but in a wide sweep of dark, turbid water, fringed by a wilderness of sedges and osiers. Flocks of teal and brent rise with harsh discordant cry; while water-hens bob in and out among the twisted roots of the willows. In the background rises the bare, straight highroad against the the horizon. Here and there a tiny cottage stands on its platform of brick; at the foot of a flight of steps, a boat lies moored; the only means of exit and egress being by water. The occupation of these lonely dwellers of the marsh is osier-cutting. The osiers are split and made into hoops, an extensive trade being carried on between Holland and other countries in this commodity. Soon we begin to pass numerous vessels; the water widens, and a forest of masts rises in the distance, and there is Rotterdam. Very quaint and picturesque looks the ancient city, with its curious gabled houses, over whose roofs the spires of more than one old church appear. The broad quay is planted with magnificent lime trees which also rear their leafy branches over the sidewalks of the many canals which intersect the town like a network, where busy craft pass up and down. But when the noise and bustle of the day are stilled, and I sit on deck and watch the great round moon lift her yellow face above the tall ships' masts, and softly throw her magic mantle over the scene, I think that Holland, with its ever-present waters, is a land of beauty and wondre.

An Eccentric Bishop.

In a sermon at the Calcutta Cathedral, after a hubbub about some indiscretion attributed to an officer of rank, the bishop Wilson after a powerful discourse wound up by saying: "But my brethren, there are sinners everywhere. There are sinners even among these dear little children (pointing to the Sunday-school children right and left of him), and there are a vast number of old sinners in front of me," waving his hands over the heads of the Governor-General and staff, members of Council, heads of departments, etc. One morning I breakfasted with him. As usual at family prayers, which he invariably conducted himself, he prayed by name for the people staying with him. There was a gentleman from Madras for whom he prayed, and then he said: "Let us pray for his dear wife, and dear children." A thought struck him, he paused, and he said to his chaplain: "By-the-bye, is he a married man?" "No, my lord, he is not married." "Ah, well, never mind," he resumed. "He may marry, and the children may come."

On another occasion it was related that he was preaching against the sin of avarice, when he delivered himself of the following remarks: "My brethren, there are several forms of avarice; one form has recently been brought home to me most unpleasantly. You all know my Arch-deacon there, a most excellent man; well, last week he sold me a horse for five hundred rupees—he is not worth ten. This, my brethren, I considered a most unpleasant form of avarice."

Treatment of Disease by Outdoor Life

More rational opinions are gradually making their way, and, in one particular at least, a beginning is being made of a revolution, namely, the system of treatment followed in "climatic" sanitariums, and establishments for the cure of diseases by air, difference of elevation, etc. The proprietors of such places, it is true, speak of the "specific" virtues of their climate; but, inasmuch as chemistry shows that atmospheric air all over the earth has the same constitution, the specific virtue must reside in the special purity of the air—a thing wanting in cities, but found in all villages, provided they don't possess large factories. Further, it is an error to suppose that in the South—Florida, Colorado, or in the Tyrol, or by the lake of Geneva—it is as warm as in a hot-house. In those regions, too, it is now and then cold; yet it is easier to be out of doors there, for usually the sun shines and the landscape is beautiful. But, since we cannot send all the sick to the South, we must devise some substitute at home, the benefit of which may be enjoyed even by the poorest. Then, too, when we consider that the majority of those who have spent the winter in a southern clime return as—embalmed corpses, because it is only when it is too late that people make up their minds to make the costly voyage, there is reason to expect better results from timely recourse at home to "air-cure." With the means of treatment at hand, disease might be nipped in the bud and lung complaints in general would be rarer.

The Republican.

SATURDAY, Sept. 30, 1882

For Congress---7th District,

GEN. WM. H. FORNEY.

OF CALHOUN.

The war in Egypt has ended in a victory for the English.

The Radicals of this District propose to bring out a candidate to be beaten by Gen. Forney.

We did not receive the second number of the Oxford News. Come, brother, put us on your exchange list.

Mr. Joe A. Walden has withdrawn from all editorial connection with the Cherokee Advertiser. Mr. Walden wielded a facile pen and his retirement is a loss to the journalistic profession of the State.

Entertainment by the Literary Society of Jacksonville, at the College. Wednesday night, for the benefit of the yellow fever sufferers at Pensacola. Admission fifty cents—children twenty-five cents.

Gov. Cobb bitterly denounces the Choctaw affair in a letter to the Solicitor of the Circuit in which Choctaw is situated, and other other citizens of that county. The Northern Radical press is making much capital out of it. It was altogether a foolish thing.

It is related that Michigan saloon keepers, who had combined to test the liquor law of that State, once sent a copy of the law and a check for $500 to the Hon. Matt Carpenter, of Wisconsin, and asked his opinion of the law. His answer was laconic. 'The law is good and can't be broken."

The best cotton-picking we have ever heard of in the county, was reported to us this week from a reliable source. Two young men of Ward Prairie, Messrs. E. W. Odom and J. W. Willard, ran a race one day this week to see who could pick the most cotton. They started about sun rise, stopped a half hour for dinner and picked until sun-set. When the cotton was weighed up, Mr. Odom had 608 pounds and Mr. Willard 560.—Fairfield (Tex.) Recorder.

While in Gadsden recently we met our former fellow-county man Mr. M. L. Hicks. He and his partner, we are glad to say, are doing a flourishing business in the furniture line. He will be glad to serve his old Calhoun friends. He spoke of an advertisement and will doubtless, ere long, set the merits of his business before the people of Calhoun through the columns of the Republican. Of one thing our people may rest assured and that is they can deal with no fairer or cleverer man than Mr. Hicks.

The following was crowded out last week:

We were pleased to meet on our streets the past week Hon. David Johnson, Jr., of South Carolina, grand son of Ex-Governor David Johnson, who in the "olden time" was one of the "noblest Romans" that ever filled the gubernatorial chair of the grand old Palmetto State.

Judge Johnson is and has been for several years, the Judge of the Court of Probate for Union county, and is now the regular nominee of the Democratic party for re-election to that office. His unparalleled success as a pleader, both in civil and criminal law, has won for him an enviable reputation, which is not confined to his section or State. He was looking well, and in the language of Rip Van Winkle, we hoist our hat and say: "May you live long and prosper," Judge.

S--S--L

WEAVER'S STATION LOCALS.

Our community was saddened on yesterday eve, the 25th by the death of Mrs. Samuels long known as "Aunt Poolly" quite an old lady and has been feeble for some years. The grieved relatives have our sympathy.

The cotton season is rapidly being forced in which gives new life and animation to our little village. Wagons are constantly teeming in loaded with cotton ready for shipping. All seem determined to make money and keep it—if they can.

Mr. Weaver pushes forward his steam engine with enthusiastic effort gins from ten to twelve bales a day.

Fall no longer reclines in the lapse of summer but starts up seemingly determined both to will and to do. Mr. Eddie Farmer has left us and gone into the mercantile business in Covington Georgia, with his brother Jimmie and Peter. Hope his success may commensurate with his deserts.

There is some sickness in our vicinity at present though our Drs. are energetic and soon report them convalescent. I think the writer of the flowery yard locals has touched a chord of sympathy in some of the ladies hearts. They say take courage and believe that "behind the darkest cloud there is a silver lining," and he may yet be the the fortunate contester.

Farmers are making use of this pretty weather hurrying in their produce, making molasses and etc, still the cry comes not enough mills to do the work. Farmers ought to take courage as they have brighter prospects ahead.

Our fried chickens are numbered with the "lucky few" now since all lovers of these have departed. Think the young people have given fate reins and are going to allow him the pleasure of deciding the next entertainment. RUSTIC.

The Springfield Republican, a radical paper up in Illinois has commenced building pyramids, and gives the following as pyramids of the two parties:

REPUBLICAN PYRAMID.

MAINE,
OREGON,
VERMONT,

DEMOCRATIC PYRAMID.

CHOCTAW
COUNTY,
ALA.

A Cairo clergyman who told his congregation from the pulpit a week ago, that only tipplers and drunkards were sun struck, was prostrated on the sreet the very next day, and now he hardly knows how to get out of this fix.

There is an apple orchard on the Watkinsville road Ga., where in the trees present the singular sight of being loaded with ripe fruit and blooms at the same time. It is a general thing over the orchard.

TIME AND EXPENSE SAVED.—Hard workers are subject to bilious attacks which may end in dangerous illness. Parker's Ginger Tonic keeps the kidneys and liver active, and by preventing the attack save sickness, and expense.—Detroit Press.

TROUBLED JOURNALISTS.

Alabama editors usually lead a monotonously quiet existance, but the rule has has been violated with a couple of brilliant exceptions in the last few days. Mr. Nunnelee, of the Tuscaloosa *Gazette*, is a bold champion of prohibition, and it seems a dangerously able one. The last issue contains a threatening anonymous letter couched in the most absurd language and spelling, etc, which he received in the mail. It seems that his house has been assailed withe brickbats at night, and in various ways his enemies have tried to intimidate him. But the old gentlemen boldly, justly denounces the unknown traducers as cowards, and asserts his intention to pursue his way untimidated. He will of course be sustained by the manly people of the opponents even of his position, and will find his influence strengthened by such persecution. That it is the normal effect of such methods of attack.

But disagreeable as was this experience, Mr. White of the Troy Messenger has had a far more dangerous one. Last week he poked some fun at some itinerent dealers in sham jewelry, saying it was worth about five dollars per peck. The itinerant dealers were so highly incensed, went to the Messenger office demanding a retraction. Mr. White sensibly refused it. After supper the jewelery men came to Mr. White at the Central Hotel, and again demanded a retraction, which was again refused. One of the fellows then threatened him with a fight, and virtually challenged him to a duel. White agreed to meet them anywhere with any weapons, and his persistance so outraged the scoundrels that one of them told the other to "lick him now," which he proceeded to do with the assistance of his inciting partner. In the melee one of the jewelry men shot at White, the ball grazing the scalp just above the right temple and making an abrasure of the skin about two inches long toward the crown. White fell, the one of the two that did the shooting ran. His partner was arrested by the crowd and would have been lynched, and had Mr. White not arroused and discountenanced such a procedure, and had him turned over to an officer. The fleeing would-be murderer was also caught and taken to jail. The town was excited and indignant for several hours. Mr. White is not much injured and will soon be well. Such a resolute brave journalist deserves a long lease of life. We hope he will never cease to do his duty, and will only be the more emboldened for its discharg in future.

Few men have suffered so much for so little cause as both our brothers of the *Gazette* and the *Messenger*. Their people will be sure to think only all the more for their devotion to our cause of right, to sustain the press with public opinion as well as more substantial aid. We congratulate them upon the flying colors with which they have come out of their experiencies, and Alabama likewise upon their possession.—Selma Times.

BIG I AND LITTLE I.

A Queer Reminiscence of Gen. Ogle And Gen. Jackson

Philadelphia Times.

When Gen. Alexander Ogle served Somerset's "frosty sons of thunder" in the Pennsylvania Legislature, it fell to him to write, in behalf of the Democratic members, a letter to Gen. Jackson, then stepping across the Presidential threshhold. Such work of the scribe was a labor of love, and in submitting to the caucus what he had written Gen. Ogle said: "Gentlemen and members of the Democratic party. I hold in my hand a letter addressed by Gen. Alexander Ogle to Gen Andrew Jackson, and I have no hesitation in saying thats it's a damned able paper." The members gathering around, agreed that the letter was just the thing to make Old Hickory's heart thump with satisfaction, and all except one, a dapper little Philadelphian, spoke words of praise. This dandy of the House, fixing his glasses and scanning the page with the critic's smirk' ventured to remark, Pardon me, general, I do not wish to assume to make a suggestion to so distinguished a gentleman as yourself, but I cannot refrain from saying that it is customary in the East and I may say in almost all the civilized countries of Europe, to write with the capital 'I' instead of the little 'i' in using the personal pronoun in epistolary correspondence.' Gen. Ogle drew down his heavy brows, piercing the dandy's marrow with the fierce shaft of scorn that shot from his eye. "Sir," he said, beginning with a hiss and ending with a roar, "when I write to such a great, such a towering man as Gen. Andrew Jackson, Democratic President of the United States, I abase myself, I abase myself, sir. I use as small an 'i' as I can put on paper; but, sir, if I should ever get so such a low-down pitch as to have to write to such a damned little snipe as you I'd use an 'I," sir that would fill two sheets of foolscap, so help me God.

A Black Brute Commits a Horrible Deed Near Atlanta, and Meets His Just Dues.

ATLANTA, September, 23.—Gus Knight, a negro scoundrel, passed by the residence of Harmon McDaniel, a respected farmer of Jefferson county, and finding the master absent, went in and discovered Mrs Mc Daniel seated alone in her room with her infant child. She arose and ordered him to leave, when he grappled with her, and after a hard struggle gagged her with a towell, and having drawn from his pocket a small rope, pinioned her arms to an iron bedstead.

At one time the towell fell out of her mouth, and the poor woman begged for mercy, imploring the black fiend to spare her life, but he was obdurate, and outraged the mother in the presence of her screaming child. He then left, but the alarm was soon given, and ere long the officers of the law ran him down, when he confessed his crime. He was committed to a preliminary trial. The jail was 15 miles distant, and the bailiff surrounded him with a strong guard, intending to incarcerate him the next day, but about midnight a band of unknown men rushed into the room, overpowered the guard, and carrying the prisoner to a dense wood a half mile away left him for the buzzards.

Mrs. Wm. Smith, of Butler Ga., while sitting near her front window busily at work, was fearfully frighted. When looking into her lap she discovered there a large black snake which had just crawled from a box of flowers sitting outside the window into her lap. The screams of Mrs. Smith brought her the assistance of her husband, who arrived in time to put and end to its snakeship.

ELECTION NOTICE.

STATE OF ALABAMA,
Calhoun County.

Notice is hereby given that I, James B Farmer, as the Sheriff of said county, will cause to be opened and held at the various places of voting in the election precincts in said county on the first Tuesday after the first Monday in November A. D 1882, that being the 7th day of said month, an election for the purpose of electing a member to Congress from the 7th Congressional District of the State of Alabama, and notice is hereby further given that the following named persons are appointed Inspectors of said election for the respective election precincts in said county as hereinafter named to-wit:

PRECINCT NO. 1—JACKSONVILLE.

H. F. Montgomery, W. H. Dean, T. C. Devanport, } Inspectors.
W. A. Beal, Returning Officer.

PREC. NO. 2—ALEXANDRIA.

L. D. Miller, H. J. Dean, S. T. Peace, } Inspectors.
E. G. Lee, Returning Officer.

PREC. NO. 3—FOUR MILE.

J. M. Ledbetter, M. W. Woodruff, W. F. Wells, } Inspectors.
J. S. Parker, Returning Officer.

PREC. NO. 4—COURT GROUND.

A. L. Hinds, W. J. Anderson, T. D. Bynum, } Inspectors.
J. P. Ford, Returning Officer.

PREC. NO. 5—POLKVILLE.

W. K. Mynatt, M. L. Henderson, T. J. Jones, } Inspectors.
F. M. Jones, Returning Officer.

PREC. NO. 6—PEEKS BILL.

J. D. Pruitt, J. W. Williams, W. R. Akridge, } Inspectors.
Thompson Gault, Returning Officer.

PREC. NO. 7—H. LLINGSWORTHS SCHOOL HOUSE

Robt. Hollingsworth, Henry McBee, Wm. Nance, } Inspectors.
C. W. Howell, Returning Officer.

PREC. NO 8—COURT GROUND.

George Nabers, J. K. P. Allsup, W. H McElrath, } Inspectors.
D. A. McCollum, Returning Officer.

PREC. NO. 9 CROSS PLAINS.

James Sharp, Ab. Farmer, Robt. Steel } Inspectors.
Jno. M. Yatman, Returning Officer.

PREC. NO. 10—CROSS ROADS.

J. W. Whitesides, Jas. C. Watson, T. H. Arnett, } Inspectors.
Jno. D. Hall, Returning Officer.

PREC. NO. 11—WHITE PLAINS.

A. J. Little, J. P. Ward, Whit Scarbrough, } Inspectors.
W. C. LeGrand, Returning Officer.

PREC. NO. 12—CORN GROVE.

D. A. Andrews, J. C. McDaniel, Henry Davis, } Inspectors.
Bunk Rusk, Returning Officer.

PREC. NO. 13—OXFORD.

Oliver Cooper, J. R. Draper, W. F. Hanna, } Inspectors.
S W. Hengson, Returning Officer.

PREC. NO. 14—SULPHUR SPRINGS.

J. V. Gwin, W. C. Martin, Z. Henderson, } Inspectors.
F. Crow, Returning Officer

PREC. NO. 15—ANNISTON.

W. A. McMillan, W. L. Robinson, John Loyd, } Inspectors.
W. J. Skeggs, Returning Officer.

PREC. NO. 16—LADIGA.

John Palmer, J. J. Wilson, J. A. Graham, } Inspectors.
W. A. Stewart, Returning Officer

PREC. NO. 17—DEARMANVILLE.

W. E. Melon, Jasper DeArman, W. C. Miller, } Inspectors.
C. C. Crow, Returning Officer.

J. B. FARMER, Sheriff C. C.
A. WEEDS, Judge of Probate.
P. D. ROSS, Clk Cir. Court.

I hereby appoint the above and foregoing named Returning Officers, special Deputy Sheriffs, whose duty it shall be to maintain good order and allow no one within thirty feet of the Ballot Boxes except while voting.

J. B. FARMER, Sheriff.

sep30-tde.

CHEAP FOR CASH!

HAMMOND'S SONS,

Have just received a large and well selected stock of Dry Goods for Fall and Winter trade, such as

Worsteds, Cashmeres, Alpacas, Lawns, Nainsooks, Flannels,, (plain and figured) Bleaching, Domestic, Cotton Goods, Hosiery, Handkerchiefs, Ladies Underwear.

Shoes for Men, Women and Children.

CLOTHING! CLOTHING!

Cheaper and better than was ever offered. Gents Furnishing Goods, and a nice line of GROCERIES both fancy and heavy, which they defy competition on, and asking everybody to call and examine their goods and prices.

J. D. HAMMOND'S SONS.

sep23tf.

CORRESPOND WITH

COOPER McCLELEN & CO.,

Alexandria, Ala.,

GENERAL AGENTS AND DEALERS IN

Agricultural Implements

AND MACHINERY.

aug26-tf.

COTTON SEED

WANTED.

We will pay HIGHEST CASH PRICE at all times for seed, or will give in exchange for one Ton of seed, one half the weight of the seed in solid CONCNTRATED MEAL, made of the kernels alone, which is worth as much as $25 invested in any of the high priced fertilizers in the market. It will also be as valuable as 25 to 30 cents per bushel for your seed.

ROME OIL MILLS FERTILIZER CO.,

Rome, Ga.

aug26—4m.

PARKER'S
HAIR BALSAM.

This elegant dressing is preferred by those who have used it, to any similar article, on account of its superior cleanliness and purity. It contains materials only that are beneficial to the scalp and hair and always

Restores the Youthful Color to Gray or Faded Hair

Parker's Hair Balsam is finely perfumed and is warranted to prevent falling of the hair and to remove dandruff and itching. Hiscox & Co., N.Y.

50c. and $1 sizes, at dealers in drugs and medicines.

PARKER'S
GINGER TONIC

A Superlative Health and Strength Restorer.

If you are a mechanic or farmer, worn out with overwork, or a mother run down by family or household duties try PARKER'S GINGER TONIC.

If you are a lawyer, minister or business man exhausted by mental strain or anxious cares, do not take intoxicating stimulants, but use Parker's Ginger Tonic

If you have Consumption, Dyspepsia, Rheumatism, Kidney Complaints, or any disorder of the lungs, stomach, bowels, blood or nerves PARKER'S GINGER TONIC will cure you. It is the Greatest Blood Purifier And the Best and Surest Cough Cure Ever Used.

If you are wasting away from age, dissipation or any disease or weakness and require a stimulant take GINGER TONIC at once: it will invigorate and build you up for a time first dose but will never intoxicate. It has saved hundreds of lives; it may save yours.

CAUTION—Refuse all substitutes. Parker's Ginger Tonic is one part of the best remedial agents in the world, and entirely different from preparations of ginger, spice, &c. Send for circular to Hiscox & Co., N. Y. 50c., $1 & $1.75 sizes, at dealers in drugs.

GREAT SAVING BUYING DOLLAR SIZE.

FLORESTON

Its rich and lasting fragrance has made this delightful perfume exceedingly popular. There is nothing like it. Insist upon having FLORESTON COLOGNE and look for signature of

Hiscox & Co.

on every bottle. Any druggist or dealer in perfumery can supply you. 25 and 75 cent sizes.

LARGE SAVING BUYING 75c. SIZE.

COLOGNE

sept12-'82-1y

UNIVERSITY OF ALABAMA.

Session of 1882-'83.

THE UNIVERSITY will be open for students the

21st of September next.

The Academic Department embraces three courses of study The Classical, Scientific and Engineering courses—the last being under the direction of Col. R. A. HARDAWAY. Students can also take an irregular course if preferred.

Each county is entitled to have three young men educated at the University without charge for tuition.

The whole expense, per term, for board, tuition, fuel, light, attendance, washing, &c., is $95 Uniforms cost about $35 per annum.

Law students are not subject to military discipline, and do not board and lodge in University buildings.

For further information send for catalogue or address B. B. LEWIS
july29—tol President.

JOE. A. WALDEN. W. W. WOODWARD

Walden & Woodward,

ATTORNEYS AT LAW,

Jacksonville, Ala.

Will practice in all the courts of the Circuit, and the Supreme Courts of the State. Prompt attention given to the collectin of claims.

UNDERTAKING,

John. H. Crawford, notifies friends and the public generally that he has in stock a fine lot of coffins and burial cases of all sizes and from the finest to the plainest make, wsich he will dispose of at reasonable prices. He may be found at the shop known as the Fleming shop on Main St. South of the square. 3 m

H. L. STEVENSON. L. W. GRANT

STEVENSON & GRANT,

Real Estate Agents

JACKSONVILLE, ALA.

☞Real estate bought and sold.—Books open at law office of Mr Stevenson

THE GULLETT IMPROVED
MAGNOLIA COTTON GIN,
CONDENSER & FEEDER.

THE MAGNOLIA GIN

has come in competition with nearly every other Gin on the market, at State Fairs, etc, and in every instance has established its superiority in the following essentials, viz:

Light Draft,

QUICK AND GOOD WORK AND FINE SAMPLE.

TESTIMONIALS.

ALEXANDRIA, ALA, Dec. 15, 1880.

Messrs. Berrys & Co., Rome, Ga.,

DEAR SIRS: In reply to your enquiry, I will say the sixty saw Light Draft Gullett Gin bought of you last fall gives perfect satisfaction. I have been ginning seventeen years, and I have yet to see a Gin that makes as good a sample from dirty cotton as the Gullett. The feeder works perfectly in every respect. I would not have a gin without one.

W. PHIL COOPER.

GRIFFIN, GA., March 1, 1879.

We, the undersigned are using the Gullett Improved Light Draft Cotton Gin. The Gin is of superior workmanship. For fast ginning, safety in running, and light draft, (to do the same work,) we think it has *no equal*; but the most important feature is the attachment for opening and improving the sample. The best cotton is improved by it so as to bring form ½ to ½ cent, and stained and dirty cotton from ½ to 1 cent per pound more in market than other Gins.

W. J. BRIDGES,
T. W. MANLEY,
J. T. MANLEY.

ROME, GA., March 7th, 1881.

We, the undersigned buyers and shippers of cotton in Rome, Georgia, take pleasure in recommending the new Improved Light Draft Gullett Gin as the best Gin known to us, for the reason that it turns out smoother and cleaner cotton with less nap, and consequently is worth more money.

Morgan & Grahame,	Cowen & Samuel,
T. F. Rowell,	A. T. Hardin,
W. T. Williams & Son,	J. R. Towers,
E. K. Thompson & Bro.	D. H. Findley,
W. M. Shropshire,	C. M. Mort & Co.
Alex. Serrentine,	Robt G. McGauta.
J. H. Aunspaugh,	A. T. Simons,
	M. Rosenburg & Bros.

I will pay one-fourth of a cent more for cotton from this gin. H. H. SMITH.

We claim and can substantiate by solid facts, that the Improved Gullett is of *better* workmanship and material and gives better satisfaction than any Gin on the market. For further particulars address

W. H. COOPER, Agent,
july8—2m Alexandria, Ala.

H. A. SMITH'S

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

MUSIC

—AND—

BOOK STORE,

Rome, Ga.

Just opening out an immense stock of Writing Desks, Work Boxes, Toilett Setts, China and Glass Vases, Motto Cup, Saucers and Mugs, Fancy Glass Inkstands, Stationery, Photograph and Autograph Albums, Bibles, Prayer Books, Poetical and standard works, Juvenile books, Pictures, Picture Frames, Tin, China and Rubber Toys in great variety, Wax Dolls, Games, Silverplated Ware, suitable for wedding and holiday presents, Gold Pens, Port Monaies, and a thousand novelties.

Piano's and Organs, of the best make, at wholesale prices. Orders by mail solicited. Prices cheerfully given.

dec4 H. A. SMITH.

State Agricultural and Mechanical College,

AUBURN, ALA.

Session of 1882—83.

First term begins Sept. 27th. Four regular degree courses, viz: Agricultural, Engineering, Literature and Science. Special courses of study allowed. Full faculty and excellent facilities for teaching. Tuition free. Board and other expenses light. For catalogue and other information apply to

W. LeROY BROWNE, L. L. D.
President.

Or B. GLENN, Treas. july23—tol

JAMES HUTCHINSON,
Barber & Hair-dresser,

Room on Office Row, recently occupied by Dick Walker.

If you desire to have a pleasant and clean shave, or have your hair trimmed in neat and fashionable style, give him a call. Jacksonville, Apl. 20, 1878

Lumber! Lumber!

The Steam Saw Mill of CAMP BROS., at Weavers Station, has recently been greatly improved, and orders will be promptly filled for

YELLOW PINE LUMBER,

Of all descriptions, as well as

Laths, &c.,

Dry Lumber furnished when needed. Price moderate. Send in your orders.

CAMP BROS.

may6-'82—6m Weavers Station, Ala.

W. C. LAND,

WATCHMAKER,

—AND—

JEWELER,

Jacksonville, - - - Ala.

Also, agent for Meriden CT Table cutlery and silver and plated ware. Also agent for Elgin Watch co, and other American make May, 1st 1880

Administrator's Sale.

By virtue of an order of sale granted by the Probate Court of Calhoun county, State of Alabama, Hon A. Woods Judge, the undersigned, Administrator of the estate of L. W. Cannon, dec'd, will sell at public outcry, for cash, to the highest bidder, before the Court House door

On Monday the 2nd day of Oct '82,

the following real estate belonging to the estate of L. W. Cannon dec'd, to-wit:

A one half undivided interest in the W½ of S W¼ of section 7 in township 14 and range 9, lying in Calhoun county, State of Alabama. Said land is mostly in timber, lies near Jacksonville, and the Chalybeate springs are supposed to be adjacent to the land, and may be on the land as the line is not known. Also at the same time, place and terms, will sell Two Shares in the Jacksonville Mining Company and two shares in the Cleburne county Mining Company.

H. L. STEVENSON,
Adm'r of the estate of L. W. Cannon d'c'd. Sept9t3

YOUNG MEN

SHOULD ATTEND

MOORE'S

BUSINESS UNIVERSITY,

ATLANTA, GA.

A Model Business School.

ACTUAL BUSINESS

STUDENTS ON CHANGE.

A Practical School for the Times

No Theory. No copying from books. The best course of instruction ever adopted for the practical education of young men, boys, and men of middle age.

The course of students comprise every variety of Business and Finance, from Retail to Banking operations. Book-keeping in all its various methods. Business forms, terms and usages. Business writing, correspondence, business Arithmetic, Commercial Law, Lectures, Partnership, Settlement, etc., etc.

No vacations. Students can enter at any time Circulars containing full particulars mailed *free* to any address.

aug18—1y B. F. MOORE, Pres.

HUNTSVILLE

FEMALE COLLEGE,

HUNTSVILLE, ALABAMA.

THE THIRTY-THIRD SESSION of this well-known Institution of Learning begins August 30, 1882. We educate the Head to think, the Heart to feel, and the body to act. Send for Catalogue with special inducements, to

REV. A. JONES. A. M.
july8 President.

S. D. G. BROTHERS,

ATTORNEY AT LAW

Jacksonville, Ala.

Will practice in all the Courts of this Judicial Circuit, and in the Supreme and Federal Courts. Collections promptly made. Office at former office of Col. Jas. Crook-aug5—1y.

GENIUS REWARDED,

—OR THE—

Story of the Sewing Machine

A handsome little pamphlet, blue and gold cover, with numerous engravings will be

GIVEN AWAY

to any adult person calling for it, at any branch sub office of The Singer Manufacturing Company, or will be sent by mail, post paid, to any person living at a distance from our office.

THE SINGER MANUFACTURING CO.
Principal office, 34 Union Square,
june 18—1y New York

LAND FOR SALE.

Thirteen and one third acres of good arable land can be bought on reasonable terms, and a clear title given, by applying to

jan28—tf C. W. BREWTON.

REAL ESTATE AGENCY.

If you want to purchase or sell land upon favorable terms, call on or write to

JNO. M. CALDWELL,

REAL ESTATE AGENT,

Jacksonville, Ala.

☞No charge for examination of titles where there is either sale or purchase. aug13—

LEWERY

—AND—

SALE STABLE

The Undersigned having bought the Hammond Livery Stable of Mr. Wilson, have entered upon their business and will be glad to serve the public.

We expect to keep Vehicles, Horses and Mules for sale, and are prepared to guarantee bargains in this line.

Our terms will be very reasonable and strictly cash.

Horses boarded at low rates Give us your patronage and we will give you satisfaction. Respectfully,

MARTIN & WILKERSON.

jan 15—tf.

FRANK W. BOWDON, ROBT. L. ARNOLD

BOWDON & ARNOLD,

ATTORNEYS AT LAW

—AND—

Solicitors in Chancery,

JACKSONVILLE, ALA.

Will practice in all the Courts of the Circuit, U. S. Dist. Court and Supreme Court of the State April 24, 18

GUNS

OF EVERY KIND CHEAPER THAN EVER.

Rifles, Shot Guns, Revolvers, Ammunition, Fishing Tackle, Seines, Nets, Knives, Razors, Skates, Hammocks, etc.

Large Illustrated Catalogue FREE.

GREAT WESTERN GUN WORKS,
PITTSBURGH, PA.

AGENTS

WANTED! Ladies and Gentlemen, to engage with us to sell several Useful Household Articles. Profits large. Labor is light. Exclusive territory given. No competition. Terms liberal. Circulars FREE. Address Hewitt Manufact'g Co., Box 868, Pittsburg, Pa.

A NEW CURE FOR

POTATO BUGS

AND ALL TROUBLESOME VERMIN.

Safe, sure, speedy and cheap. Sample Package, Paid, 25 cts. AGENTS WANTED. Address,

C. E. JOHNSON, Pittsburgh, Pa.

MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS

of all kinds for sale very cheap. Catalogues free. Address, RICE, HULL & CO., Box 868, Pittsburgh, Pa.

aprl22—6m

COTTON IS KING KING OF COTTON

Inimitable patented improvements found in no other ENGINES in the world. For Pamphlets and Price List, rates for SAW MILLS, address, THE AULTMAN & TAYLOR CO., Mansfield, O.

A DOCTOR'S TROUBLES.

Mother—"You did wrong in wearing that thin dress, this cold damp night."

Daughter—"I did, and am now paying the penalty. Sarah Gosa suffered in the same way; please get that which relieved her."

Mother—"Nonsense! I'll do no such thing, but will send for our Doctor."

Daughter—"Our Doctor keeps one in bed a long time and pours down a vast quantity of medicine, besides making daily changes."

Mother—"Doctor, is she dangerous and what is her affliction?"

Doctor—"Yes, madam, she is dangerously ill. The ventricular and auricular forces are not in equilibrium, there is an increased centripetal action about the cerebrum and medulla oblongata, the portal circulation vascillates, suspended Nature seems hesitating, and I—"

Mother—"Stop, for heaven's sake stop and go to work at once."

Doctor—"I will do all I can."

Mother, after two weeks have expired—"Daughter, our Doctor shall be discarded at once. Two weeks and no relief. I will procure that which you desired at first."

Daughter, in a low tone—"I am glad, and think it the only thing that will restore me to health."

Mother—"Get out of my house, you old humbug!"

Daughter—"Well, mother, you see how rapidly I have improved since discharging 'our Doctor' and I commenced the use of that which I so much needed. The effect has been most wonderful. The one relieved my head, cured the constipation, while the other imparted strength, came to the help of Nature and made me feel new."

THE CONFESSION.

Mother—"Very true, and I believe they have saved your life. I now confess that Dr. Dromgoole's English Female Bitters is the most wonderful female medicine and iron tonic I ever know, and that Bailey's Saline Aperient is a pleasant and sovereign remedy for headache, constipation, acid stomach, biliousness, etc., etc." Family Medical Adviser free. Address J. P. Dromgoole & Co., Louisville, Ky.

WANTED

To sell a blooded bull calf—the mother a six gallon short horn milk Durham—the sire a thorough bred Jersey Bull. Will exchange for a milk cow. Apply to LAWSON A. WEAVER.

The Republican.

Ladies fine trimmed hats at Crow Bros.

Large lot fresh bottled Budweiser beer JOHN RAMAGNANO'S

Gus Green, son of Butler Green Esq. of this county died Wednesday.

Cigars of the best brands at the counter of Robertson & Co Sep 9 tf

Miss E. Wood, of Cedartown, Ga., is visiting her brother here.

One hundred pounds of fresh butter wanted at the Red Store.

Bullet buttons and other fashionable dress trimmings at Miss Kate Crawfords.

Terms cash at the Red Store and don't you forget it.

The advertising columns of the Republican are unusually crowded this week.

A large lot of crockery ware just received at the Red Store. Too nice is to buy.

If you want a good cigar call on Newton at the Red Store.

Cardboard, invisible hair nets, and silver, wools in all colors at Miss Kate Crawfords,

A large and elegant stock of ready made clothing, just received and very low at Crow Bros.

You can keep your hair abundant and glossy, and retain its youthful color, with Parker's Hair Balsam.

If you want the genuine Durham smoking tobacco call at the Red Store and get it.

Beautiful plumes, all colors, best and cheapest in prices ever offered at Miss Kate Crawford's.

All kinds of groceries constantly on hand, at rock bottom prices at Crow Bros.

Mrs. Samuels, one of the oldest and most beloved ladies of our county, died at the residence of Robt McGhee, in Alexandria valley, some days ago.

Messrs George Arnold and Capt Jas Turner have returned from a trip to Indiana. We will give something of their impressions of the country next week

Just received, a large lot of New Orleans sugar at the Red Store. Call and examine prices and quality.

A large lot of boots and shoes just received and of the latest styles, which we will sell at the lowest cash prices at Crow Bro,

Beaver hats in all colors, and straw and felt of the latest and most popular styles to be found at Miss Kate Crawford's, at prices so reasonable our lady friends *cannot* fail to be pleased if they give her a call.

Robertson & Co, are making every preparation to make their bar and pool parlor more attractive than ever the coming fall and winter. They have on hand an excellent brand of liquors. Sept 9 tf

We had to boil down some of our local correspondence this week. That part of our Cross Plains correspondence relating to the school is necessarily left over until next week.

It would do the ladies good to go and look at the beautiful laces, collars, and other fancy trimmings such as laces silk fixture, and etc., at Miss Kate Crawford's They could also find pretty ribbons in all shades, widths, and prices.

If you happen to want a specially pure brand of whiskey or brandy enquire for the bar of Robertson & Co. Sept 9. tf

If you want a quiet game of pool you will find it only a few steps from the hotel back of the bar room of Robertson & Co. Sep 9tf

C. W. Brewton announces to his friends and customers that he is still on hand, with a large stock of Groceries.

A large stock of goods just received at Crow Bros. They invite their friends to call and examine them before purchasing elsewhere.

A full line of ladies and childrens base, childrens zephyr hoods and sun bonnets and other goods for childrens wear can be bought at Miss Kate Crawford's. For all goods offered terms absolutely cash.

I wish to make final settlement, Friday and Saturday, 9th and 7th of Oct., with teachers for the present scholastic year.

G. B. RUSSELL.

Notice the school advertisement of Mr. E. D. Acker. He is a gentleman of culture, we learn, and will we hope, reach his highest anticipations in building up a large and flourishing school.

Are you exposed to malarial influences? then protect your system by using Parker's Ginger Tonic. It strengthens the liver and kidneys to throw off malarial poisons, and is good for general debility and nervous exhaustion.

We have a note from White Plains saying that Mr. Ephriam Grady discovered a comet the 23, 5 o'clock A. M. East ten degrees South and eight degrees high. Mr. Grady is perhaps the first in the country to discover the comet with the naked eye, but astronomers have been on the lookout for it for some time, and discovered it before he did by aid of powerful telescopes.

HATS! HATS! HATS!—Where? At Miss Kate Crawfords. At what price? From 40cts to $10 00 and that is not all, here you will find kid gloves, ladies undervests, ladies ready made clothing, corsets, hoop skirts, and hose, all at living prices. Call early and be supplied.

To Rent.

A desirable residence on Depot street. Parties wishing to rent a house and lot convenient to town, can do so by corresponding with the undersigned at Rome, Ga., or in person, at this place, abont the 1st of October.

MRS. L. W. CANNON.

Sept16tf.

Don't fail to look over the advertising columns each week. Sometimes matters most important appear in these columns. They tell of sales of land; of official notices important to the people; of where the best bargains in goods can be had, and a thousand other things important to know. Don't neglect the advertising columns.

NEGRO KILLED.—One of the bosses on the Ga. Pacific R. R. killed a negro some days ago on the line of the road six miles from Anniston and in the direction of Birmingham. We have learned nothing of the particulars of the tradegy.

Notice the advertisement of that reliable dealer in Tin-ware and Stoves, Mr. W. W. Nesbit of this place. Peddlers of tin, he learns, have represented their wares as of his make. He wants the public to know that he does not sell to peddlers, but that if they want a genuine good article of tin ware, his shop is the place to get it. His goods always come up to representation.

Mr. John Woodall has kindly laid on our table a lot of monster sweet potatoes. It will take only a few of them to make a half bushel. We regret to learn that he has made his preparations to leave for Texas. He will have a sale of household goods &c, before starting. The notice of which will doubtless be given by advertisement through our local columns.

WOMAN'S primitive beauty and vigor, which have been lost, can be restored and retained by the action of certain constitutional agents. These agents necessarily regulate, build up, fortify and regenerate all existing irregularities and excesses, or obstructions which produce the ill health. The remedy must unlock the locked up secretions, add iron to blood strength to system and vitality to nerves. Such a remedy is found in the use of *King's English Female Bitters*.

Two great evils—headache and constipation, afflicting nearly all humanity, are relieved by Bailey's *Saline Aperient*.

"Tough on Chills,"

Cures 5 cases for 25 cts. in cash or stamps. Mailed by John Parham, Atlanta, Ga.

MARRIED—On the evening of the 17. inst, at the residence of the brides parents by Rev. Father Holland, (Catholic Priest) Mr Robert C Lewis and Miss Mary J Kiernan. Both of Cross Plains; Ala.

The words have been spoken, all true from its heart,
Which must not be broken till death do them part.

May their pathway on earth ever be strewn with life's sweetest and choicest of flowers, and the supreme habpiness which now blesses them continue to follow them e en to that "land which is fairer than day." & FRIEND.

While the editor of this paper is responsible for all editorial matter that appears in the paper, he does not really write all the small locals that appear each week. Harmless local items are frequently handed in by parties about town, and they are suffered to go in as local editorial matter. Hereafter, however, we desire al parties who hand in locals to append an initial or some *nom de plume*, by which their effusion may be distinguished from editorial matter. If parties wish us to notice any local happening we will be pleased to do so; but we prefer to employ our own language

Rowan Dean & Co, have undoubtedly the very greatest bargains in Ready Made Clothing ever offered in this market They have bought for this season a larger lot than ever before for this market and have marked down the present stock on hand at an immense sacrifice. Vests at 50 cents to $100. Pants and vests at from $1.50 to $5 00. Full suits at coresponding rates. Most of those goods are of the finest lines of cashmere. In boys clothing splendid cashmere pants and vests at $4.50 and full suits in proportion.

In order to sell for these extraordinary low figures they must sell for cash.

Now is the time to buy good, fine winter suits of clothing at less figures than by half you will have to pay later in the season.

Monday night the "John Pelham Rifles" met at the Court house and thoroughly reorganized. Part of the officers were elected. Annother meeting has been called for Monday night next, when the election of officers will be completed. The company have on hand forty five splendid breech loading rifles, and a requisition has been made for ammunition. So if our South and middle Alabama brethren are troubled with 'insurrection' the gallant boys of the mountains will be prepared to hasten to their rescue. The young men of the country surrounding Jacksonville are cordially invited to come forward Monday night and volunteer. It is desired to raise the company to its full completement of arms. When the list of officers are complete, we will publish the same. In view of the many burglaries that have taken place in this and surrounding town, a squad of men will be detailed from the company each night as a special patrol and watch until the perpetrators are caught or compelled to desist from operations in this town. This duty heretofore has been discharged by a vigilance committee.

Attempted Rape.

Some days ago a negro attempted rape on a 14 year old daughter of an old and prominent citizen of this county living near Anniston. The father had left the house and the daughter alone remained in charge. Shortly after his departure a negro entered the dwelling by a rear door and told the child that he had been employed by her father and that he had been sent there for his breakfast. She replied that her father did not need a hand and that she did not believe he had employed him. The negro then said, "I see you are frightened and I had better leave." She told him to go, at the same time moving towards a door with the intention of going to the house of her brother some distance off. The negro headed her off from that door, when she turned and fled toward another. He then seized her and she screamed. He then choked her and threatened to kill her if she made any outcry. She was thus completely at the mercy of the brute, but for some reason he did not carry out his diabolical purpose. Probably he imagined he heard some one approaching. The negro fled. The girl quickly communicated the facts, and soon a large number of people were in pursuit of the feind. The last heard of him at this writing (Wednesday) he had been seen about Germania above Jacksonville. A negro was arrested Tuesday evening, but proved not to be the negro. We learn that the fath r says he is very anxious for the complete identification of the negro before any summary measures are taken, and that he would rather the guilty man should escape than that an innocent man should be hung. If caught and fully identified the negro will likely swing without the intr. duction of judge or jury.

I return many thanks to my customers for their patronage in the past, and hope by fair dealing and good goods to receieve a liberal share of your patronage.

C. W. Brewton.

PINE GROVE DOTS.

Farmers are busy picking cotton getting it ready for market so they will soon begin to pay their debts and take up their mortgages etc.

The grading of the G. P. R. R will soon be completed in this section. Contractors and laborers are moving west from here

Mr. Whiteside is to commence a protracted meeting at Pine Grove church on next Saturday.

Jackson Young, closed his school at Gunaway's school house on last Friday.

Our community was made glad on yes erday by a visit from N, B. Spratley from St. Clair.

NOSREDNA.

Robertson & Co, will spare no expense or pains to make their bar room popular with local and traveling customers. They are polite attentive and serve pure liquors.

Sept 9. t f

CROSS PLAINS LOCALS.

What has become of "Occasional," Mr. Editor? A few months since his news items contributed much to the interest of your paper in this part of the county.

Business seems rather slow in opening this fall. Cotton comes in slowly. Yet as fast or faster than we anticipated on account of the lateness of the crop. Fifty-five or sixty bales have been received, most of it selling here.

The farmers around appear to be intensely busy gathering the fleecy staple and the ginnery in our village is in motion continually "from early morn to dewy eve."

A few weeks ago our hotel changed proprietors. The urbane proprietor, D. D. Lofland, exchanged property with Mr. R. P. Morgan. Mr. Lofland retires to the shades of private life and Mr. Morgan conducts the hotel.

There was some talk a few days since about a stock company hotel, but as only a few could be found who were willing and able to invest in such an enterprise I suppose the project will be abandoned. Such an enterprise would contribute much to the material development and prosperity of the town. Good hotels, good schools and live newspapers are absolute essentials for building up good live towns.

NOW AND THEN.

Affable and polite bar keepers at the bar of Robertson & Co They understand the compounding of delicious drinks- Sept 9,t f

ALEXANDRIA LOCALS.

The Society of Seekers after the Golden Prize of Oratory is still moving on beneath the beautiful banner of progress. The Grange Hall is continually made to resound with the charming strains of eloquence, adorned with the richest gems of reason. We hope to make a public display in a few more months for the delight of our friends.

Miss Allice Cooper is visiting the beautiful town of Oxford. We know that she will essentially have a pleasant time among the young people of Oxford, therefore we will make no vishes for her pleasure.

We are sorry to hear that Miss Lizzie Linder is sick with fever in the city of Jacksonville. We hope she will soon recover and return home to enrich the social ranks of Alexandria.

Robert G. Ragan made a trip to Davisville last week and had the pleasure of seeing the tunnel on the G. P. R. R.

Clate Woodruff is as handsome as ever.

Rev. A. W. MaGaha, as we learn, has resigned the pastorate of Mt. Zion church for the purpose of attending the Theological Seminary, at Louisville, Ky. He has bright prospects before him and we predict for him a useful and happy career among the walks of men.

PRIDE OF ALABAMA.

W. W. NESBIT.

Can sell you the best COOK STOVE ever brought to this market. One that will last and made of good CHARCOAL PIG IRON and warranted, in all cases, to cook and last and not crack by fire. Also tin ware that is good and heavy. None of my tin ware is sold to

Peddle on by Anybody.

I warrant all my work to be good. Stove piping and Stove Trimmings made of the best material. Respectfully,

WALTER W NESBIT.

sept30-6m.

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that books of Subscription to the capital stock of "The Oxford and Blue Mountain Mining and Manufacturing Company" will be opened on Monday the 23rd day of October A. D. 1882 at 10 o clock A. M., at the office of C. J. Cooper & Son. in the town of Oxford, Alabama, and will remain open for five days from that date for subscriptions to the capital stock of said company or until the proposed capital stock of said company shall have been subscribed. Said books during said time will be in the custody of C. J. Cooper to whom parties may apply for the purpose of subscribing to the capital stock of said company.

The proposed capital stock of said company is Twenty Five Thou-and Dollars to be divided into Two Hundred and Fifty Shares of One Hundred Dollars each. This the 16th day of September A. D. 1882.

C. J. COOPER.
O. W. COOPER,
Board of Corporators.

sep30-3t

THE STATE OF ALABAMA, Calhoun County.

In Probate Court for said county, special Term, Sept. 19th, 1882.

This day came Wm. M Cochran, administrator of the estate of Chas. J. Cochran, deceased, and filed in Court his application asking for an order to sell the Real Estate of said estate for division among the heirs and distributees of said estate.

It is therefore ordered that the 30th day of October 1882, be and is hereby appointed the day upon which to hear and determine said application and that notice thereof begiven by publication for three successive weeks in the Jacksonville Republican, a newspaper printed and published in said county, as a notice to E H. Cochran who resides in the City of Atlanta Ga., and S. B. Cochran who resides in Cobb county, Ga., and to all others interested to be and appear before me at my office in the Court House of said county, on said 30th day of October 1882, and contest said application if they think proper.

A. WOODS,
Judge of Probate.

sept30—3t

NOTICE

All State witness claims against fine and forfeiture fund of Calhoun county, Registered before and during the year 1869 should be presented to me for payment. J. J. SKELTON,

sept30. County Treasurer

For Sale.

The Ed J. Dean farm at Alexandria, Alabama, containing 440 acres. A desirable residence and a good well of water, with orchard of extra fine fruit. Apply to H. J. DEAN,
Alexandria, Ala.

Sept. 9tf.

ALEXANDRIA INSTITUTE.

Alexandria, Alabama,

Will open September 25th, 1882, and continue in session for a term of ten months, including a short vacation Christmas.

TUITION:

Primary,	$2.00
Intermediate,	3.00
Collegiate,	4.00

E. D. ACKER, A. B.
Principal.

sep30-3m

Sale of Valuable Lands.

BY virtue of an order of sale granted by the Probate Court of Calhoun county, State of Alabama, the undersigned, as Administrator of the estate of John E Peace, deceased, will

On Monday the 23rd day of October 1882,

sell at public outcry, to the highest bidder, on the premises, the following described lands belonging to the estate of said John E. Peace deceased, to-wit: The N W¼ of S E¼ and N E¼ of S E¼ of section 29 and the N W¼ of S W¼ and S W¼ of S W¼ of section 28—all in township 12 range 9 in Calhoun county, Alabama. Terms of sale: One half cash, balance on a credit of twelve months with good and solvent security with interest from date of sale.

GEORGE P. PEACE.
Adm'r of John E. Peace, dec'd.

sep23—tds.

STATE OF ALABAMA, Calhoun County

In Probate Court for said county, Special Term, September 12th, 1882.

This day came John C. Watson, Adm'r of the estate of Elias Teague, dec'd; and filed in Court his account and vouchers for an annual settlement of said estate:

It is therefore ordered by the court that the 7th day of Oct'r 1882, be and is hereby appointed the day upon which to audit and pass upon said account and to make said settlement, and that notice thereof be given for three successive weeks by publication in the Jacksonville Republican, a newspaper printed and published in said county, as a notice to all persons interested, to be and appear at my office in the court house of said county, on said 7th day of Oct'r 1882, and contest said settlement if they think proper. A WOODS,

sep16—3t Judge of Probate.

Letting of the Poor House for 1883.

STATE OF ALABAMA, Calhoun County.

Court of County Commissioners, Regular term, Aug. 14, 1882.

At this term of the Court of County Commissioners, in accordance with an act of the General Assembly, approved February 23, 1881, the Court took into consideration the letting of the Poor House of said county for the year 1883: Whereupon, it was ordered by the Court that the Keeper of the Poor House and Paupers for said year 1883, be allowed the sum of $6.75 per month for each Pauper received into said Poor House during the time he remains therein, and that the said Keeper be allowed the Poor Poor House free of rent for the year 1883, and the said Keeper is to feed, clothe and nurse said paupers; and also furnish them with Tobacco, and provide for their comfort fully as required by law. The Court of county Commissioners are to furnish bedsteads and all necessary bedding, and pay Doctor's bills, and for medicine for said paupers. Notice is hereby given that said Poor House will be let on the terms above stated on Monday, the 2nd day of October, 1882, at the court house of said county, for the year 1883. Persons proposing to take charge of said Poor house on the terms stated, can do so by letter or by applying to the Court in person on the day set for said letting. The Court reserves the right to reject any and all applications which may be made for the keeping of said Poor House, if none be found to come up to the requirements of the Court.

A. WOODS,
Judge of Probate.

sep2—'82—5t

TAX COLLECTOR'S NOTICE.

FIRST ROUND.

The undersigned Tax Collector of Calhoun county, will attend at the times stated, at the places mentioned below, for the purpose of collecting the State and county tax for the year 1882:

Beat 16—Ladiga, Wednesday,	Oct.	4
" 9—Cross Plains, Thursday,	"	5
" 8—Green's School house, Friday,	"	6
" 1—Jacksonville, Saturday,	"	7
" 3—June Bug, Monday,	"	9
" 3—Weaver's Stat'n, Tuesd'y	"	10
" 2—Alexandria, Wednesday & Thursday,	"	11 & 12
" 6—Peck's Hill, Friday.	"	13
" 7—Hollingsworth, Saturday,	"	14
" 10—Rabbit Town, Monday.	"	16
" 11—White Plains, Tuesday,	"	17
" 12—Davitville, Wednesday	"	18
" 17—Centre, Thursday,	"	19
" 13—Oxford, Friday and Saturday,	October	20 & 21
" 15—Anniston, Monday & Tuesday,	October	23 & 24
" 4—Gunaway's School house, Wednesday.	October	25
" 4—Bynum's Store, Thursday,	"	26
" 14—Sulphur Springs, Friday,	"	27
" 5—Old Iron Works, Saturd'y	"	28

Poll tax is delinquent after the last day of October.

D. Z. GOODLETT,
Sept16tf Tax Collector.

FIRE INSURANCE.

—O—

I. L. SWAN AG'T,
JACKSONVILLE, ALA.

Four Good Home Companies to wit,

Georgia Home, Ga.
Home Protection, Ala.
Central City, Ala.
Columbus Ins. and Banking Co., Miss.

May 1st, 1880.

East Tennessee, Virginia
—AND—
GEORGIA RAILROADS,

Forms the quickest and most comfortable route to

Eastern Cities,

—AND—

ONLY ROUTE

—TO THE—

Watering Places

—OF—

East Tennessee and Virginia

The principal Inducements are SPLENDID SCENERY, QUICK TIME, THROUGH CARS.

The only line passing through the mountainous regions of East Tennessee and Virginia. Through cars run from Selma to Bristol without change. For information address,

JAS. R. OGDEN, G. P. A., Knoxville,
A. POPE, A. G. P. A., Selma.

SELMA DIVISION.

Going North.		Going South.
Lv. 8.00 a m	Selma,	Ar. 7 07 p m
" 10.42 a m	Calera,	Lv. 4.35 p m
" 1.53 p m	Jacksonville,	" 1.27 p m
" 4 26 p m	Rome,	" 11.10 a m
" 6 20 p m	Dalton,	" 9.40 a m
" 8.35 p m	Cleveland,	" 7.00 a m
" 11.59 p m	Knoxville,	" 3 35 a m
Ar. 4.50 a m	Bristol,	" 10.20 p m

ALABAMA CENTRAL DIVISION.

Westward.		Eastward.
Lv. 4.20 p m	Selma,	Ar. 11.00 a m
" 5.45 p m	Uniontown,	Lv. 9.42 a m
" 7.05 p m	Demopolis,	" 8.50 a m
Ar 10 00 p m	Meridian,	" 5.35 a m

Mail Train North connects with Rome R R at Rome for Atlanta, and at Dalton with W & A R R for Chattanooga, and points North; at Bristol with W. & W R R for all Eastern cities Accommodation train leaves Selma at 3 40 p m. connecting with L & N at Calera for all Western cities; arrives at Selma 10.15 a m. Mail train South connects at Calera with L & N for Montgomery, and at Meridian with N O and V & M roads for Mobile, New Orleans and Vicksburg.

JNO. M. BRIDGES, Supt.
A. POPE,
Gen'l. Ticket and Passenger Ag't
an 29, 1882 Lynchburg, Va.

MANHOOD

How Lost, How Restored.

Just published, a new edition of **Dr Culverwell's Celebrated Essay** on the radical cure of SPERMATORRHŒA or Seminal Weakness, Involuntary Seminal Losses, Impotency, Mental and physical Incapacity, Impediments to marriage, etc; also, Consumption, Epilepsy and Fits, induced by self-indulgence or sexual extravagance, &c.

The celebrated author, in this admirable Essay clearly demonstrates, from a thirty years successful practice, that the alarming consequences of self-abuse may be radically cured, pointing out a mode of cure at once simple, certain, and effectual, by means of which every sufferer, no matter what his condition may be, may cure himself cheaply, privately and radically.

☞ This lecture should be in the hands of every youth and every man in the land.

Sent under seal, in a plain envelope, to any address, post-paid, on receipt of six cents or two postage stamps Address

THE CULVERWELL MEDICAL CO.
41 Ann St., New York.;
july15—1y Post Office Box, 450.

WM. J. BROCK,

ATTOREY AT LAW,

OFFICE AT

Centre, Cherokee Co., Ala.

WILL attend to cases both in the Chancery and Circuit Courts of this Judicial circuit and Chancery Division, and Supreme Court of the State. Collections promptly attended to.

TUTT'S PILLS

SYMPTOMS OF A TORPID LIVER.

Loss of Appetite, Bowels costive, Pain in the Head, with a dull sensation in the back part, Pain under the Shoulder blade, fullness after eating, with a disinclination to exertion of body or mind, Irritability of temper, Low spirits, with a feeling of having neglected some duty, Weariness, Dizziness, Fluttering at the Heart, Dots before the eyes, Yellow Skin, Headache generally over the right eye, Restlessness, with fitful dreams, highly colored Urine, and

CONSTIPATION.

TUTT'S PILLS are especially adapted to such cases, one dose effects such a change of feeling as to astonish the sufferer. They Increase the Appetite, and cause the body to Take on Flesh, thus the system is nourished, and by their Tonic Action on the Digestive Organs, Regular Stools are produced. Price 25 cents. 35 Murray St., N. Y.

TUTT'S HAIR DYE.

GRAY HAIR OR WHISKERS changed to a GLOSSY BLACK by a single application of this DYE. It imparts a natural color, acts instantaneously. Sold by Druggists, or sent by express on receipt of $1.

OFFICE, 35 MURRAY ST., NEW YORK.

(Dr. TUTT'S MANUAL of Valuable Information and Useful Receipts will be mailed FREE on application.)

aug26—'82—1y

LANDRETH'S PEDIGREE SEEDS

ESTABLISHED NINETY-EIGHT YEARS

SEEDS For the MERCHANT on our New Plan SEEDS
SEEDS For the MARKET GARDENER SEEDS
SEEDS For the PRIVATE FAMILY SEEDS
Grown by ourselves on our own Farms

☞ Handsome Illustrated Catalogue and Rural Register FREE TO ALL.

MERCHANTS, SEND US YOUR BUSINESS CARDS FOR TRADE LIST.

DAVID LANDRETH & SONS, SEED GROWERS, PHILADELPHIA

Use Lawrence & Martin's

TOLU ROCK & RYE.

For COUGHS, COLDS, SORE THROAT, BRONCHITIS, ASTHMA, PNEUMONIA, CONSUMPTION, Diseases of THROAT, CHEST AND LUNGS.

BALSAM OF TOLU Has always been one of the most important weapons wielded by the MEDICAL FACULTY against the encroachments of COUGHS, COLDS, BRONCHITIS, ASTHMA, SORE THROAT, CONSUMPTION in its incipient and advanced stages, and all diseases of the THROAT, CHEST and LUNGS, but it has never been so advantageously compounded as in the TOLU, ROCK and RYE. Its soothing Balsamic properties afford a diffusive stimulant and tonic to build up the system after the cough has been relieved. Quart size bottles, Price $1.00.

CAUTION! Do not be deceived by dealers who try to palm off Rock and Rye in place of our TOLU, ROCK AND RYE, which is the ONLY MEDICATED article—the genuine has a Private Die Proprietary Stamp on each bottle, which permits it to be Sold by Druggists, Grocers and Dealers Everywhere,

☞ WITHOUT SPECIAL TAX OR LICENSE.

The TOLU, ROCK AND RYE CO., Proprietors, 41 River St., Chicago, Ill.

The Biggest Thing Yet.

GROCERIES!
GROCERIES!!
GROCERIES!!!

B. F. CARPENTER & CO.

Have received and are still receiving the largest and best selected stock of Groceries they have ever bought to this market. Not deterred by the clamor of hard times next year, they have amply provided for the wants of their public, and will sell to suit the purses of their customers. In all

STAPLE AND FANCY GROCERIES,

They can confidently defy competition, where cash is paid. They bought on the recent failure of corners in Groceries of all kinds, and consequently caught the bottom of the market. Seeing is believing.

Bring the Cash

and test their prices, and see for yourself.

Bagging, Ties, Farming Utensils

Wooden Ware, and hundreds of other things in stock. Don't buy until you examine the stock of B. F. CARPENTER & CO.

oct15-tf

ICE, ICE, ICE.

Beer on Ice!

All kinds of Summer drinks served at the "City Bar" on short notice, by the undersigned, who has with particular care selected for this season, a very fine lot of best

LINCOLN COUNTY WHISKEY

Direct from the Distillery, as well as

Apple, and Peach Brandies,

He would especially call the attention of all desiring a good drink to his celebrated

"Cabinet Whiskey,"

which is the best in the market. He has genuine imported Holland Gin and French Brandy, FOR THE SICK. Fresh Lemons always on hand. Also, pure sweet mash corn whiskey. His liquors are bought under bond and he knows them to be fine and pure. A general line of goods in liquors of all brands. Beer, Cider, &c., including Sacrament Wine. Also a large lot of fine Cigars and Tobacco and Snuff.

Large lot of empty barrels in stock.

My Billiard Parlor

which is well ventilated and furnished with the best Billiard and Pool Tables, is the favorite resort of those who love the game. Respectfully,

JNO RAMAGNANO, Jacksonville, Ala.

N. B.—Parties indebted to me are requested to come forward and settle by cash or waive note. may12—6m

STEVENSON & GRANT,

Correspondents of

Real Estate Exchange

—AND—

LOAN ASSOCIATION OF ALABAMA.

WILL UNDERTAKE TO NEGOTIATE LOANS AS FOLLOWS:

On producing farm lands, for from three to five years.

On producing farm lands, for three to five years, payable in annual installments.

On crop lien, personal and real security, for one year or less, with agreement to ship cotton to Selma. Applicants may apply for loans on producing farm lands for a term of years, either with or without the condition to ship cotton. Loans made for $300 and upwards.

STEVENSON & GRANT,
Jacksonville Ala.

IT WILL CURE COSTIVENESS. EDWARD WILDER'S IT WILL CURE DYSPEPSIA. STOMACH BITTERS. AN EXCELLENT TONIC And APPETIZER for DELICATE Women.

Have you a dull sense of weight about your head now and again changing into positive pain? Does your food appear tasteless or bitter, your tongue feel thick and rough in the morning or when fasting? Have you no appetite at all, or one capricious and voracious? Is there a constant flow of saliva with heartburn? Do your meals feel heavy on your stomach? Do you sit down to eat with a great desire and longing for food, and rise up without touching hardly any? Are you disinclined for exertion, easily wearied, always in a state of lassitude? If so you have Dyspepsia and its train of evils. You can be cured of them all by taking Edward Wilder's Stomach Bitters. It has cured thousands. Enjoy life and thank Edward Wilder.

Undertaker's Notice.

The Undersigned has just received and has now in stock a full line of

Coffins and Burial Robes,

from the cheapest to the most expensive make. Burial robes for both male and female, are much neater than those heretofore bought, and are sold at about one third of the cost Orders from any part of this section of the State filled on telegraphic or postal notice.

The whole care and expense of burials undertaken, when desired.

L. A. WEAVER,
july29-3m Jacksonville, Ala

JACKSONVILLE HOTEL

WEST SIDE PUBLIC SQUARE,

Jacksonville, Alabama.

Do not be deceived, but come to the "only Hotel," where you will find the best of cooks and servants, the best fare our county and money can afford. Rooms newly fitted up and renovated. We will guarantee satisfaction. Our house will be first class in every respect. Sample room free. Give us a trial.

ROBT. ADAMS.
dec10—tf Proprietor.

SEED OATS FOR SALE.

I have a choice lot of Red Rust Proof and Bart Oats for sale at my residence in Jacksonville

ug26-4tn JOHN M. CROOK.

In the Camp.

On the Delta of the Nile, the English and Egyptian camps are now facing each other. The Egyptians, should they be defeated, have Cairo and the Libyan Desert to fly to; the British, with Alexandria, moreover, which is covered by the guns of one of the strongest fleets that ever went forth to do battle with an antagonist—have a tolerably secure place of retreat in the event of any disaster befalling their arms. The routine of the British soldier's life in the time of warfare is similar to that of the American. In the morning he must fall into the ranks at bugle call and answer to his name; later he has to take his turn at guard or picket duty; he may have to fall into a patrolling party or take part in a reconnoissance; then, when he has nothing more to do, he may lounge about among the tents, smoking his clay pipe or chatting with a comrade. The scene differs strangely in the camp of the Egyptians. There the majority of the soldiers are dressed in a mongrel European fashion, with the tarboosh or fez as the most conspicuous national characteristic of their uniform; but there is a minority whose picturesque costumes are distinctly Oriental. The Bedouin, with his gaudily colored handkerchief wrapped about his head, leaving ends that float upon his shoulders, his long white, mantle-like garments, and his sandalled feet; the Soudanese, with white turbans, flowing raiment and baggy trousers; the Abyssinian adventurer, who dresses as he pleases, much as his brother the Nubian does—all form a singular contrast with the quietly uniformed soldiers of the "regular" force. On the eve of battle these soldiers show a different scene in camp from that which their antagonists present. Sitting cross-legged in front of their tents, which are but pieces of thin canvas stretched on cross-sticks, and are so low that their occupants have to enter them by crawling, they assemble in groups and pass around the chilbouque or narghileh, the bubbling sound of which as the smoke passes through the water is almost the only sound that is heard except the neighing or the stamping of the horses that are picketed by the heels behind the camp's irregular lines.

An officer gallops along and warns them to be ready. They rise hastily to their feet, crawl into their tents for their weapons and hustle up together before they finally fall into line. But they do it all with very little noise. It is possible to find not a noisy but a hilarious group; but this is generally where a chosen few of the black faced and laughter loving faithful from the Soudan have surrounded a story-teller, whose narrations of the deeds of genii or the merry tricks among mortals of lesser supernatural worthless alternately excite their deep-voiced wonder or their spontaneous, child-like mirth. A British soldier seeing an Arab or Egyptian camp, and noting the recumbent position and social manner of the majority of its occupants, might imagine that such people as these had no energy for fighting—but he would be egregiously mistaken. A French traveler, who recently closely observed the Egyptian army and all its incongruous elements of pure *fellaheen*, Copts, Berbers, Nubians, Western Christians, Turks, Abyssinians, came to this conclusion:—They are admirably trained, drilled and disciplined under the supervision of an exceedingly able staff of American and other foreign officers, and the result is that a finer looking soldier than a Egptian soldier can be seen nowhere. "Such is a brief sketch of the troops that are now waiting." Arabi's men are strongly posted in the vicinity of Ramleh; but his strongest position is on the narrow neck of land which stretches from the Aboukir Lake to the northern verge of Lake Mareotis. With a broad country behind him, a railway and plenty of water in the Mahmoudieh Canal, Arabi Bey ought to be able to make a stubborn resistance to any British force attempting to move along the neck and drive him from his position. A conspicuous feature of that neck of land is that it is filled with marsh ground, which will seriously interfere with the free movements both of British cavalry and artillery. The ground Arabi has chosen is, on the contrary, firm enough to permit of very effecting manœuvring.

Rivaling Electricity.

The following is a description of a newly-invented gas burner which is intended, and it is said promises, to compete to some extent with the electric lamp. There was a time, when the gas companies had their own sweet will with the public, who were forced to deal with them, consume whatever quality of gas they might furnish, and pay pretty nearly what they saw fit to charge. Latterly, however, the condition of affairs has undergone a change the electric light proving a much more formidable competitor of the gas companies than the latter ever anticipated. The future of the electric light has, in fact, become so promising that the gas manufacturers have cause for serious a arm, and some of them are casting about for some means whereby they may cope with the dangerous rival. The burner before spoken of is the result of this demand for something more efficient and cheaper than the old form. The invention, which has been introduced lately in London with so great a measure of success that the inventors have obtained the privilege of using the system in one of the prominent thoroughfares of the city, is described as somewhat similar to the ordinary burner, with a gauze cap over it. It consists of two pipes—one for supply of air, at a pressure sufficient to balance a six-inch column of water, and the other for the gas, which is conducted from the meter in the ordinary way. On the top of the burner is a cap about two inches high and half an inch in diameter, formed of platinum wire gauze of very fine mesh. The air under pressure is delivered from an inner tube, opening into a larger one near the top of the burner, with an opening at its lower end. When the air is turned on an induced upward current is produced, and gas being admitted at the same time, the two combined and pass into the platinum cap. When the mixture of gas and air is ignited the cap in a few seconds gives forth a brilliant incandescent glow of high illuminating power. The essential feature of the burner seems to have been suggested by the incandescent electric lamp. The light is described as of great penetrative power and, unlike its rival, is said to be very steady. The amount of light obtained in one experiment appears to be double that thrown out by the best Argand burner, both consuming the same quantity of gas. The heat is but moderate, and the combustion so perfect that when a polished silver plate was held over the burner it remained untarnished. Should this new lamp as successful as those interested in it anticipate, it will give the gas companies a new lease of life and additional strength to compete with their rivals.

Strutt, an English authority on games and amusements, speaks of a Yorkshire jumper, named Ireland, whose powers were marvelous He was six feet high, and at the age of 18 leaped, without the aid of a spring board, over nine horses ranged side by side.

AGRICULTURE.

Driving Cows.—There is one practice almost universally in use which is unprofitable and cruel. It is for a man or boy to take a horse to drive milk cows to and from the pasture. A horse walks much faster than a cow whose udder is distended and heavily loaded with four or five gallons of milk. And yet we are pained every day to see town boys (some of them pretty old for that term) hurrying a cow, in this condition, along at a dog trot, and, on her failing to keep out of the horse's way, to receive a cut from a villanous whip. And there is scarcely an evening but that we see a family cow brought home from the pasture with a horse at full trot. And this is only what can be seen almost anywhere. Before boys got too lazy, or before mothers thought it disgraceful for their sons to walk, a horse was not used for such a purpose. The boys were taught to drive the cows quietly and slowly, and especially in the evening, when the cow is carrying her precious load to feed the family. But the cruel and unmerciful way this business is done now, it will be strange it judgments are not visited on the families that permit such things. It will, and does, come in rendering the cow almost worthless. And in many cases the cow is entirely ruined. The judgment comes to the family in using unhealthy milk by injuring the udder, and sometimes overheating the cow. When children are weak or sickly where there is a cow belonging to the family, it may be attributed in many cases to unnecessary cruelty to the animal by rash drivers. There should be no complaining, for judgments frequently come in that way as the necessary results of bad conduct. We have no doubt that many cases of sickness, and some deaths are caused by this inhuman practice, and there ought to be more. A boy who will be thus cruel to the kind and faithful family cow, will be a cruel man, dangerous to society, and the sooner he is removed from the evil to come the better. And in such cases the tears of the parents should be few.

Use of the Hand Hoe.—With the introduction of the horse-cultivator the hand-hoe went out of use on most Western farms. More work could be done with the cultivator, and it could be done with greater ease. The more the cultivator was improved the more farmers became attached to it, and the greater was their reluctance to handle the hoe. At present the implement that has been used longer and to better advantage than any other in the cultivation of crops is generally discarded on Western farms. Indeed, many market gardeners manage to raise most of their vegetables without using the hoe to any considerable extent. The horse cultivator is certainly a very desirable implement to employ in both the field and the garden, but its use should be supplemented by that of the hand-hoe. It is profitable to continue the use of the hoe in every garden and cultivated field. Work can be performed with it that can not be done with any implement drawn by a horse. The hoe should be used in every corn and potato field before the cultivator is put into operation. It should be employed to remove stones, turfs and pieces of hard earth that may be over the plants that are making their appearance above ground, and for stirring the soil around them. The cultivator is excellent for working the ground between hills, but for cultivating the hill itself there is no implement like the hand-hoe. It is very difficult to keep a field devoted to any cultivated crop entirely clear of grass and weeds without using the hoe. A field that has been worked at least once with a hand hoe is always more productive than one that has been tended with the cultivator alone. The truth is, the former performs some work which the latter cannot do.

Potting Mould.—There is one infallible method of treating potting mould it suspected of containing vermin of any kind—that is, to fill the pots the day before they are to be used, and water the soil in them with boiling water. Scald also as much as you will require for filling in. Next day it will be none too moist to work with, and there will not be a live creature in it. Do not mix coal ashes with your potting mould, that is just the way to spoil it. Earth-worms are not the enemies you suppose them to be, and they should not be ruthlessly destroyed, they are appointed by nature to ventilate the subsoil by boring in it channels for the admission of air. They may be ejected from your pots or from the lawn when they have become troublesome by means of lime water; the remedy at the same time will benefit the plants.

Young chicks are sometimes troubled with a disease that, for lack of a better name, we call indigestion. They lose their appetite, "bake up behind," mope around and die. It is caused by feeding sour, uncooked food, lack of gravel and green food. The preventives are obvious. Feed only cooked food, provide gravel and plenty of green food. Onion tops or lettuce chopped and mixed with the soft food is excellent for young chicks and turkeys. Sometimes a cure can be effected in the early stages of this disease by giving a half teaspoonful of croton oil or tincture of rhubarb, and then feeding for a few days on cooked rice or stale bread soaked in milk and seasoned with pepper. A little pulverized charcoal added to the food twice a week tends to keep the digestive organs of young fowls in good order.

To make an oilcloth wagon cover, proceed as follows: Take thick cloth, as tent cloth or sail cloth, and give it two coats on each side of the following composition: Linseed-oil, one gallon; dried sulphate of zinc and sugar of lead, each three ounces; litharge, eight ounces: boil with constant stirring until it drops in strings; then cool slowly, and pour off the clear part, if too thick thin it with boiled oil. This varnish is flexible and can be folded or rolled.

Plants for Winter.—Remember that if plants are wanted for winter blooming it is well not to allow them to bloom much during the summer. During their growth at this season, the extremities of the shoots may be pinched in, to give them a proper form, and only a small portion of the flower-buds that are produced should be allowed to bloom—the others should be removed. The result in autumn will be handsomely formed and vigorous plants, ready for blooming during the winter.

As it is bad policy to keep land uncovered by vegetation, as soon as one crop is plowed under another should be planted. If the land can be plowed in September without much cost, a crop of buckwheat may be grown, to be followed with winter rye, which can be plowed under in the spring and followed with potatoes; if the plowing is to cost too much, then sow the rye in July, and thus keep the land covered with growing vegetation, which is very important in our climate.

An English scientific journal says that oxalic acid promotes the sprouting of seeds so that seeds forty years old will germinate by its application. The method is to soak the seeds one or two days in a solution of oxalic acid till they commence to open out, when they are taken out and planted. Will one of our readers try it on some old seeds, and report

DOMESTIC.

The following rules, if strictly followed, will stimulate and promote the growth of hair, so long as the hair follicles have not lost their vitality: Keep the scalp scrupulously clean, and particularly free from dandruff. Brush the scalp dairy with a moderately stiff brush without using too much friction. Wash the head occasionally with soap and water, to remove fatty substances which have become acid. Keep the head cool and do not unnecessarily keep it covered in doors, particularly in warm rooms. Keep the skin of the scalp soft, pliable and faintly moist, if not naturally so, by the judicious application of some bland substance as vaseline, castor oil or almond oil, all of which may be perfumed.

The following simple method of keeping ice water a long time in a common pitcher is worth knowing. Place between two sheets of paper (newspaper will answer, thick brown is better) a layer of cotton batting, about half an inch in thickness, fasten the ends of paper and batting together, forming a circle, then sew or paste a crown over one end, making a box the shape of a stove-pipe minus the rim. Place this over an ordinary pitcher filled with ice water, making it deep enough to rest on the table, so as to exclude the air, and you will be astonished at the length of time this ice will keep, and the water remain cold after the ice is melted.

Cup Plum Pudding.—One cup each of raisins, currants, flour, bread crumbs, suet and sugar; stone and cut the raisins, wash and dry the currants, chop the suet and mix all the above ingredients well together; then add two ounces of cut candied peel and citron, a little mixed spice, salt and ginger, say half teaspoonful of each; stir in four well-beaten eggs and milk enough to make the mixture so that the spoon will stand upright in it; tie it loosely in a cloth or put in a mould; plunge in boiling water and boil for three and a half hours.

As flies this season of the year are very troublesome, and as troublesome things are not healthy things, we give a cheap and effective fly-paper recipe below: In a tin vessel melt one pound of resin, and then add about two fluid drachms of linseed oil. While the mixture is warm, dip a spatula into it, and spread what adheres to the blade on a sheet of foolscap paper and allow it to cool. When the mixture is found to be too hard for spreading add more oil; when too soft, add resin.

When Dr. Wheatley had a headache, he used to take off his coat, lay hold of the axe, and rush out of doors and belabor some old tree till he found himself in a profuse perspiration, when down went his axe and off went the old doctor as hard as he could tear to wrap himself up in his blankets, go to sleep, and wake as fresh as a four-year-old. Cheap medicine that, and good, too.

Bricks for Furnaces.—French steam engineers deprecate the use of any bricks for the construction of furnaces except bricks which are very closely pressed and refractory, and which are glazed or suitably varnished on the outside. Most of the bricks hitherto employed have been so porous as to admit a very undesirable quantity of air.

Pig's Foot Cheese.—Boil the hocks and feet of equal quantity loose in a pot till the meat will fall freely from the bones; season well with pepper and salt; put into a pan while hot and press it. Cut in slices and serve with vinegar or Worcester sauce.

To make a hard sauce to serve with hot pudding, beat together some butter and powdered sugar till it is as light as beating will make it. If the pudding is highly seasoned, it will not be necessary to flavor the sauce; put a tablespoonful of it on the top of each saucer of pudding; it will dissolve gradually.

Flannel Cakes Without eggs.—Two cups Indian meal, two quarts milk, half cup yeast, flour for good batter, one pint boiling water; scald meal with the water, add the milk, if lumpy, strain, add flour and yeast; let stand till morning. If at all sour add soda.

Citron Pudding.—Line your dish with puff paste: slice thin, orange, lemon and citron peels, of each one ounce, six eggs (leaving out four whites) well beaten, quarter pound butter melted; which mix all well together, and pour into the dish; bake one hour and serve.

Marblehead Cakes.—Grate the crumbs of a stale loaf of bread, and sift out all the lumps. Stir in milk till a thick batter is formed. Beat eggs, allowing two to every pint of milk, till smooth, and add to the batter; add a little salt. Beat all well together, and bake one hour and serve.

Fried Apples.—Pare sound apples, slice them half an inch thick, remove the cores without breaking the slices, fry them in hot butter until tender, lay them in little piles with sugar and spice dusted over them, and serve them on slices of toast.

Clothes pins boiled a few moments and quickly dried, once or twice a month, become more flexible and durable. Clothes lines will last longer and keep in better order for wash-day service, if occasionally treated in the same way.

Lady Cake.—Beat the whites of four eggs to a froth, one and a half cups of sugar and half a cup of butter, heap two cups of flour and dissolve half a teacupful of soda in a cup of milk; put a tea spoonful of cream tartar dry in the flour; flavor with almond extract.

Sweet Potatoes.—Boil until a fork will go easily in to the largest. Skin and lay in a bake pan in the oven a few minutes to dry. They are also very good to place in the meat pan with the roast and brown very lightly.

A palatable drink for fever patients is made by peeling and slicing some good tart apples, scattering white sugar over them and pouring boiling water over them. When cold pour off the water, and drink.

The London Society of Telegraph Engineers and of Electricians have decided to offer annually three prizes for the best original papers on telegraphic or electric subjects sent in by any person not members of the council of the Society. The prizes will consist of scientific cooks or apparatus, the first prize having a value of £10 and the other two of £5 each. The first awards will be made for papers sent in before the end of May next.

Oysters can live twenty-four hours in an exhausted receiver. The flame of a candle goes out in one minute, charcoal in five minutes.

HUMOROUS.

"Oh, ma! yer oughter seen Mr. Lighted the other night, when he called to take Angie to the drill. He looked so nice sittin' 'long side of her with his arm—" "Fred!" screamed the maiden, whose face began to assume the color of the well-done crab, quickly placing her hand over the boy's mouth. "Yer oughter seen him," said the persistent informer, after gaining his breath and the embarrassed girl's hand was removed; "he had his arm——" 'Freddie!" shouted the mother, as in her frantic attempts to reach the boy's angular appendage she upset the contents of the teapot in Mr. Lighted's lap, making numerous Russian war maps over his new lavender pantaloons. "I was just going to say," the half-frightened boy pleaded, between a cry and a half-injured whine, "he had his arm——" "You boy," thundered the father, "away to the woodshed." And the boy made for the nearest exit, exclaiming as he waltzed, "I was only going to say that Mr. Lighted had his army clothes on; and I'll leave it to him if he hadn't!" And the boy was permitted to come back, and the remainder of the meal was spent in explanations from the family in regard to the number of times Freddie had to be talked to for using his fingers for a ladle.

A Voice from the Press.

I take this opportunity to bear testimony to the efficacy of your "Hop Bitters." Expecting to find them nauseous and bitter and composed of bad whiskey, we were agreeably surprised at their mild taste, just like a cup of tea. A Mrs. Cresswell and a Mrs. Connor, friends, have likewise tried, and pronounce them the best medicines they have ever taken for building up strength and toning up the system. I was troubled with costiveness, headache and want of appetite. My ailments are now all gone. I have a yearly contract with a doctor to look after the health of myself and family, but I need him not now. S. GILLILAND.
July 25, 1878. *People's Advocate*, Pittsburg, Pa

A gentleman was going out one day in his carriage, to call with his wife, when he discovered that he had left his visiting cards. He ordered his footman, who had recently come into his service, to go to the mentlapiece in the sitting-room, and bring the cards he should see there. The servant did as he was ordered, retaining the articles to be used as directed, and off started the gentleman, sending in the footman with cards wherever the "not at home" occurred. As these times were very numerous, he turned to the servant with the question—

"How many cards have you left?"

"Well, sir, said the footman, very innocently, "there's the king of spades, the six of hearts, and the ace of clubs,"

"The deuce!" exclaimed his master.

"That's gone."

A Protective Duty.

The person subject to derangement of the kidneys or liver has a protective duty to perform in purchasing a package of Kidney-Wort. It imparts new vitality to the sick body and cures by eliminating obstructive matter.—*Democrat.*

A family living a few miles from Washington, Ga., were awakened on the night the engine house burned by the lady of the house, who happened to be awake, and saw the light. She awoke the other members of the household, and when they saw the flames and heard the thunder rolling one of them exclaimed, "Judgment day has come!" A few moments after the whistle at the new mill began to blow; then the other members of the family began to exclaim, "Yes, it is judgment day certain and that is Gabriel's horn." As long as the fire burned there was great consternation in that household, but finally things quieted down and the family felt in a measure relieved.

Asthma and Hay Fever.

The L. A. Knight Company, 697 Broadway, New York city, advertise to *send free* on application Knight's new treatise on "Asthma and Hay Fever—their Cause and Cure." It is ably written and contains a great many valuable suggestions to those who suffer from these distressing diseases. See testimonials of Knight's Asthma Cure in another column.

They had a good deal of trouble in a Montreal court, the other day, trying to swear in a Chinaman. He said he "believed" in anything; that he "no sweeree at allee;" and he didn't swear on a saucer. When asked if he was a Buddhist, he answered: "Me no knowee what you say. What you talkee about?" In reply to the question, "What religion do you belong to?" he said, "State of Ohio," and was finally sworn by crossing his hands on his heart.

Pure cod liver oil, from selected livers, on the seashore, by Caswell, Hazard & Co., N. Y. Absolutely pure and sweet. Patients who have once taken it prefer it to all others. Physicians declare it superior to all other oils.

Chapped hands, face, pimples and rough skin cured by using Juniper Soap, made by Caswell, Hazard & Co., New York.

Under false colors: "Wife," said a New Haven man, impatiently, "why do you let that child run around to-day so dirty, so much like a little monkey? I ran him in Neighbor Jones' yard just now, the worst-looking object I ever saw." "Was he over there, though?" was the responded inquiry. "Well, he'll pass for Mr. Jones' dirty brat so long as he is there. I'm not going to worry."

Everybody is pleased with the Improved Carboline, a deodorized extract of petroleum. It is as clear and limpid as spring water, and was originally intended by nature as a panacea for all diseases of the scalp and skin and as a natural hair renewer.

Happily twisted: When Sir George Rose was dining on one occasion with the late Lord Langdale, his host was speaking of the very diminutive church in Langdale, of which his lordship was patron. "It is not bigger," said Lord Langdale, "than this dining-room." "No," returned Sir George, "and the living is not half so good,"

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound ranks first as a curative agent in all complaints peculiar to women. Cures Kidney troubles of either sex.

An Irish gentleman, having a small picture room, several persons desired to see it at the same time. "Faith, gentlemen, if you all go in, it will not hold you."

Why is the money you are in the habit of given to the poor like a new-born babe? Because it's precious little.

Vegetine.

Says a Boston physician, "has no equal as a blood purifier. Hearing of its many wonderful cures after all other remedies had failed, I visited the Laboratory, and convinced myself of its merit. It is prepared from barks, roots and herbs, each of which is effective, and they are compounded in such a manner as to produce astonishing results,"

Vegetine
Is the great Blood-Purifier.

Vegetine
Will cure the worst case of Scrofula.

Vegetine
Is recommended by physicians and apothecaries.

Vegetine
Has effected some marvelous cures in cases of Cancer.

Vegetine
Cures the worst cases of Canker.

Vegetine
Will eradicate Salt Rheum from the system.

Vegetine
Removes Pimples and Humors from the face.

Vegetine
Is the great remedy for General Debility.

Vegetine
Is acknowledged by all classes of people to be the best and most reliable blood purifier in the world,

Vegetine
IS THE BEST
SPRING AND SUMMER MEDICINE.

Vegetine is Sold by all Druggists.

KIDNEY-WORT
FOR THE PERMANENT CURE OF
CONSTIPATION.
No other disease is so prevalent in this country as Constipation, and no remedy has ever equalled the celebrated Kidney-Wort as a cure. Whatever the cause, however obstinate the case, this remedy will overcome it.
PILES. THIS distressing complaint is very apt to be complicated with constipation. Kidney-Wort strengthens the weakened parts and quickly cures all kinds of Piles even when physicians and medicines have before failed.
☞ If you have either of these troubles
Acts at the Same Time on Kidneys, Liver and Bowels.
PRICE $1. USE Druggists Sell
KIDNEY-WORT

The Purest and Best Medicine ever Made.
A combination of Hops, Buchu, Mandrake and Dandelion, with all the best and most curative properties of all other Bitters, makes it the greatest Blood Purifier, Liver Regulator, and Life and Health Restoring Agent on earth.
No disease can possibly long exist where Hop Bitters are used, so varied and perfect are their operations.
They give new life and vigor to the aged and infirm.
To all whose employments cause irregularity of the bowels or urinary organs, or who require an Appetizer, Tonic and mild Stimulant, Hop Bitters are invaluable, without intoxicating.
No matter what your feelings or symptoms are what the disease or ailment is use Hop Bitters. Don't wait until you are sick but if you only feel bad or miserable, use them at once. It may save your life, it has saved hundreds.
$500 will be paid for a case they will not cure or help. Do not suffer or let your friends suffer, but use and urge them to use Hop B
Remember, Hop Bitters is no vile, drugged drunken nostrum, but the Purest and Best Medicine ever made; the "INVALIDS FRIEND and HOPS" and no person or family should be without them.
D. I. C. is an absolute and irresistible cure for drunkenness, use of opium, tobacco and narcotics. All sold by druggists. Send for Circular. Hop Bitters Mfg. Co., Rochester, N.Y. and Toronto, Ont.

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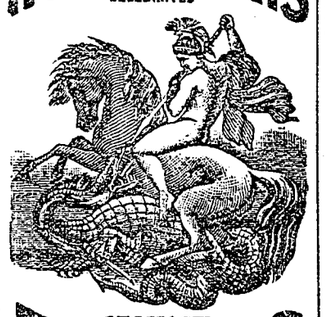
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BITTERS
For a quarter of a century or more Hostetter's Stomach Bitters has been the reigning specific for indigestion, dyspepsia, fever and ague, a loss of physical stamina, liver complaint, and other disorders, and has been most emphatically indorsed by medical men as a health and strength restorative. It counteracts a tendency to premature decay, and sustains and comforts the aged and infirm.
For sale by all Druggists and Dealers generally.

NOTHING IN THE WORLD EQUAL TO IT FOR THE CURE OF
ULCERS, SCROFULA, ERYSIPELAS, PIMPLES, BOILS, SORE EYES, SCALD HEAD, OLD SORES, MERCURIAL DISEASES AND MALARIA.
DOCTOR LINDSEY'S BLOOD SARCHER
CATARRH, RHEUMATISM, ITCH, FEMALE COMPLAINTS, FOR LOSS OF APPETITE, NAUSEA OF STOMACH AND INDIGESTION
IT HAS NO EQUAL
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For the treatment of diseases of men *only*. Diseases of the generative organs recent or chronic, blood poison, pains in the flesh and bones, red spots, ulcers, strictures, kidneys and bladder, weakness, nervous and general debility, premature decay, mental and physical prostration, and other special diseases speedily and permanently cured. Patients may send a description of their symptoms, etc., and appropriate remedies with directions will be sent to any address,
DRS. J. W. GRINDLE and A. D. GREY,
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FITS STOPPED FREE
Marvelous success.
Insane Persons Restored.
DR. KLINE'S GREAT NERVE RESTORER
for all BRAIN & NERVE DISEASES. Only sure cure for Fits, Epilepsy and Nerve Affections. Infallible if taken as directed. No Fits after first day's use. Treatise and $2 trial bottle free to Fit patients, they paying expressage. Send name, P. O. and express address to DR. KLINE, 931 Arch St. Philadelphia, Pa. Send circular and pamphlet.

TRUTH IS MIGHTY. Prof. MARTINEZ, the great Spanish Seer, Astrologer and Psychologist, will for 30 cents, with age, height, color of eyes and look of hair, send a CORRECT PICTURE of your future husband or wife, with name, time and place of meeting, and date of marriage, pecuniarily predicted. Money returned to all not satisfied. Address Prof. F. Martinez, 10 Monti's Pl., Boston, Mass.

All on acount of Guiteau: "My dear," said Job Shuttle to his wife, "don't get excited, don't get excited. Keep cool, keep cool." 'I am keeping cool, I'm not excited; I tell you I don't care, I'm not. So there." "It's only your brain. You'll soon get over it." "Oh, Job Shuttle, you are enough to drive a woman crazy. I shall die—" "And I predict that your brain will show præcentral and retrocentral fissures on each side, well defined and unconnected with other fissures, the inter-parietal fissure, on each side, in the transverse occipital, separated only by a slight bridge. The parieto-occipital will be marked on each side. The transverse occipital fissure on the right side ill-defined——" "Job Shuttle! Job Shuttle!" "There, there. Go right and lie down on the lounge and calm yourself. There, there!" and Job skipped off down town, chuckling to think he had secured a day to go fishing with the boys. She was so mad that she wouldn't stir a step with him, you know.

"Golden Medical Discovery,"

has been used with signal success in consumption of the lungs, consumptive night sweats, spitting of blood, shortness of breath, weak lungs, coughs, bronchitis, and kindred affections of throat and chest. Sold by druggists.

Picking up: "I guess you must be better to-day," said Farmer Hodges to a sickly neighbor, whom he found rusticating in his strawberry patch. "Oh, I'm picking up a little," was the reply, as the invalid bent over to gather a red nugget or so.

"Men must work and women weep,
So runs the world away!"
But they need not weep so much if they use Dr. Pierce's "Favorite Prescription," which cures all the painful maladies peculiar to women. Sold by druggists.

"Is your wife a Democrat or a Republican?" asked one citizen of another. "She's neither," was the prompt response, and then glancing cautiously around, and sinking his voice to a hoarse whisper, he explained: 'She's a Home-Ruler."

The huge, drastic, griping, sickening pills are fast being superseded by Dr. Pierce's "Purgative Pellets." Sold by druggists.

A good catcher: Is that animal a success?" inquired a neighbor of a farmer who had recently purchaced a watch-dog. "Well, I guess so; he caught right on the firstday," replied the owner, proudly pointing to a mouthful of pantaloons debris near the dog's kennel.

Kidney-Wort is a remedy which removes foul humors from the blood, and creates healthy action in every organ. Torpid kidneys and liver lead to gravel, diabetes, constipation, piles and rheumatism. Kidney-Wort is the surest and safest remedy to use.—*Courant.*

Cause and effect: Eminent provincial tragedian—"Come hitherr, sweet one. Your mothorr tells me that you shed teorrs during my soliloquy in the Exile last night!" Sweet one—"Yes, sir. Mother kept on pinching me 'cause I was so sleepy?"

There is hardly an adult person living but is sometimes troubled with kidney difficulty, which is the most prolific and dangerous cause of all disease. There is no sort of need to have any form of kidney or urinary trouble if Hop Bitters is taken occasionally.

There is nothing that so takes the starch out of a young man who has been wedded about a year as to have to go to a store where there is a girl-clerk that he used to keep company with, and inquire for those large safety pins.

Scrofulous Humors.—The Vegetine has cured many cases of scrofula of five, ten and twenty years' standing, where the patient has had many physicians, tried many of the known remedies; and after trying the Vegetine, the common remark is "It acts differently, works differently from any medicine I have ever taken." Vegetine will cleanse scrofula from the system. Try it.

"Yes, sir," said Mr. Snooks, "it was funny enough to make a donkey laugh. I laughed till I cried." And then, as he saw a smile go round the room, he grew red in the face and went away mad.

Well Once More.

541 East Arch Stree
Pottsville, Pa., Sept. 22, 1881.
H. H. Warner & Co.: *Sirs*—I have suffered for many years with inflammation of the kidneys and bladder, and have never found anything that would give me any relief except your safe Kidney and Liver Cure. Mrs. Mary Stager.

The too free practice of removing the tops of grape-bearing branches must be guarded against, because, as has been proved by the researches of M. Macagno, the green branches act as conductors of glucose. The most active agents in the forming of glucose and tartaric acid are the upper leaves of the fruit-bearing branch. If there is enough of grapes care must be be taken to permit enough of leaves to remain for the preparation of the grape sugar or the quality of the fruit will be deteriorated,

Kidney Disease.

Pain, Irritation, Retention, Incontinence, Deposits, Gravel, etc., cured by "Buchupaiba." $1. Send for pamphlet to E. S. Wells, Jersey City, N. J.

The horns of the water-snail are hollow tubes, and when it draws in its horns the eyes disappear down the tubes, When the "optics" are needed again it is only necessary for the muscles round the tube to contract, and so to squeeze the tip gradually out,

Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer is the marvel of the age for all nerve diseases. All fits stopped free. Send to 931 Arch Street, Philadelphia, Pa.

Topham, an Englishman, born in 1710, was possessed of astonishing strength. His armpits, hollow in the case of ordinary men, were with him full of muscles and tendons. He would take a bar of iron, with its two ends held in his hand, place the middle of the bar behind his neck, and bend the extremities by main force until they met together.

TEAS in abundance.—$5 Million pounds imported last year.—Prices lower than ever.—Agents wanted.—Don't waste time.—Send for circular.
10 lbs. Good Black or Mixed, for $1.
10 lbs. Fine Black or Mixed, for $2.
10 lbs. Choice Black or Mixed, for $3.
Send for pound sample, 17 cts. extra for postage. Then get up a club. Choicest Tea in the world.—Largest variety.—Pleases everybody.—Oldest Tea House in America.—No chromo.—No Humbug.—Straight business.—Value for money.
ROB'T WELLS, 33 Vesey St., N. Y., P.O. Box 1287.

A NOTED BUT UNTITLED

[From the Boston *Globe*.]

Messrs. Editors:—
The above is a good likeness of Mrs. Lydia E. Pinkham, of Lynn, Mass., who above all other human beings may be truthfully called the "Dear Friend" and "Benefactress" as some of her correspondents love to call her. She is zealously devoted to her work, which is a constant labor of a life-study, and is obliged to keep a corps of assistants, to help her answer the large correspondence which daily pours in upon her, each bearing its tale of woe, burden of suffering, or joy at release from suffering. Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound is a medicine for good and evil purposes. I have personally investigated it, and am satisfied of the truth of this.
On account of its proven merits, it is recommended and prescribed by the best physicians in the country. One says: "It works like a charm and cures every pain. It will cure entirely the worst form of Female Complaints, all Ovarian Troubles, Inflammation, Ulceration, Floodings, all Displacements of the Womb, consequent spinal weakness, and is especially adapted to the Change of Life."
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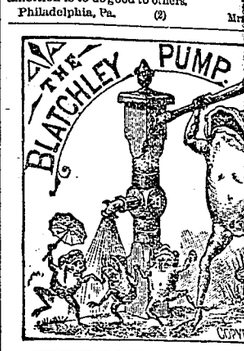
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