Jacksonville Republican.

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AFTER.

After the showers, the tranquil sun;
After the snow, the emerald leaves;
Silver stars when the day is done:
After the harvest golden sheaves.

After the clouds, the violet sky;
After the tempest, the lull of waves;
Quiet woods when the winds go by,
After the battle, peaceful graves.

After the knell the wedding bells;
After the bud, the radiant rose;
Joyful greetings from sad farewells;
After our weeping, sweet repose.

After the burden, the blissful meed;
After the fight, the downy nest;
After the furrow, the waking seed,
After the shadowy river—rest!

'COON CATCHING.

It was one of those pleasant nights in August when the moon and the sun hold a contest as to which shall afford the morning's light by which the predatory huntsman may find watermelons and his 'coons. For it was in Kentucky that we were spending that month, at a quaint, oldtime Southern house, near Louisville—a square-built, plain brick house that had been enlarged as the exigencies of an increasing family demanded. Down in the dell below rippled a brook. The scene was suggestive, particularly because a small dog that formed an important member of the party was constantly hurrying hither and thither and "barking up a tree"—the wrong tree of course.

"Let's show these Yankees a coon hunt," said a broad-shouldered Kentuckian who had been following the movements of the dog with no little interest. The proposition was no sooner made than accepted. It was late, but who ever heard of a 'coon hunt when it was not late. So, without more ado, we set out. A darky was aroused from the cabin and, far from being unwilling, showed more eagerness than the misguided dog. Into a wagon we tumbled after the ebony attendant had provided himself with a long rope, an axe and a lantern, to say nothing of a particularly disagreeable dog that was patronized by every one, but submitted only to the suggestions of Peter. Peter drove us over a "pike" road and finally brought up at the gate of a very dilapidated house. "Hallo!" called the broad shouldered Kentuckian who had acted as guide.

"What is it?" was the reply of a feeble woman who appeared at the door of the dilapidated house with a weak yellow light from a candle weakly shining into a not very strong face.

"Where's Walker?" was the reply.

"He's down to the river at his house down there."

"Where's his dog?"

"His dog's with Walker, of course," was the dissatisfied reply, and the weak-looking woman with the faint light shut the door with a dilapidated bang.

"Who's Walker?" asked one of the Yankees.

"He's Walker Taylor, a nephew of old Zach Taylor, and the representative of the family in this part of the country. This is where Kentucky's only President lived, and there's where Kentucky lets him live," added the speaker, meditatively, as he pointed to a clump of shrubbery.

"Where?" was eagerly asked by the Yankees.

"Get down and see," said our guide, as he leaped from the wagon.

There in a mass of uncut weeds and bushes was a veritable vault, and there lay the bones of "Old Rough and Ready," the only son of Kentucky who ever sat in the highest seat of this land. And we were looking for his nephew and representative, the owner of the old homestead where the President and his father before him had lived: we were looking for Walker Taylor and his dog to help us hunt the coon! The spot was not without its romance and its tenderness as the moonlight streamed down into the unkept garden. Since then the dust of the old warrior has been removed to more hallowed ground. It has been taken to the cemetery at Louisville to await the erection of a monument at the Frankfort cemetery, where other great Kentuckians are buried in a sort of State cemetery.

But there in the sombre light the scene was sad and impressive. The tomb was only a brick structure, eaten away in places by the "consuming hand," and all overgrown with the Virginia creepers, or the five-leaf ivy, as it is called thereabouts, and made obscure in the mass of briers and weeds that filled up what gave evidence of having once been a cultivated garden. There was no line to say that there rested all that was mortal of the old hero whose battles had won him the soubriquet of "Old Rough and Ready." Rough enough it was, and there had been time enough for preparation, lying there, as the ashes did, in an undisturbed quiet, for the old house of the living was not more carefully tended than that of the dead. It had never been the scene of much adornment, for old Taylor had been as ready in his home as in his battles, and the scenes of his successes had lain in other parts; he learned to plan there, and perhaps to love there, and he had come back to rest the long rest. There were no historic memories of fetes and gala times; but for all that there was an air of regret about all the scene, with the queer little gabled house just peering over the bushes and now decaying beneath the boughs of the large trees that surrounded it. Vines grew over the house, as they did over the little vault and over the fence. The place looked as though long years ago people had ceased to enter it and hopes and hearts there were dead. And yet this was the homestead of a President and here his descendants lived!

Leaving the somber scene, we drove rapidly to the river to Taylor's "other house." It was a fisherman's hut floating on the water's edge. The unlocked door swung open at our bidding, but there was no sign of man except a few lines and nets and a pair of oars. "He's running his trout line," said our Kentuckian, "and we will have to row up the river for him."

He took the pair of oars and we, dogs and all, got into a boat built with a square keel and bow, and with labored stroke we made our way up the Ohio, occasionally hallooing for "Wal-ker!" At last there was a response, and making our way out into the stream we found a little old man sitting in the stern of a boat made of the trunk of a tree and familiarly known as a "dug-out." He was running a "trout line." The President's nephew was paddling along this line, lifting up hook after hook and finding very few fish.

Our guide said that "Walk. Taylor" was one of the morst farmers in the country, but one of the best fishermen, and that he owned a hound famous all about for her exploits in hunting the treacherous 'coon. Very little sufficed for Taylor's wants; he required only a quantity of whisky and a little to eat, and the fish served well enough for both. His friends supported the hound. Taylor's appearance bore testimony to the truth of all this; he was little, his hair grew thinly all over his face, and had that straggling appearance that, together with a blossoming nose, a full, weak mouth, a coat that did not fit and trousers tucked into his boots, gave to Mr. Taylor altogether a rakish air. He looked good-natured, generous but conscious that he had nothing but his own good nature to be generous with.

Such was Walker Taylor. His hound was his counterpart on four legs. She had an appearance of melancholy happiness. As we rowd to the bank she looked less melancholy and more happy; and when once put ashore, she was all life, and her eager step had something spirited in it.

Then from the bank the hunt began, the hound taking the lead, the terrier following, and the disagreeable dog in the rear. Then came Walk Taylor, his hands in his pockets, and the rest of us straggled along as best we could. The brush on the bank of the river was beaten through; the hound gave short, quick cries that told how anxious she was to find something. Presently we left the river bank and got into the interior. Then the march was over field and fence—a long, fruitless march. Suddenly the hound gave a cry; she led straight up to a farm-yard, through the yard to a number of buildings that stood at a little distance from the dwelling-house. Undaunted Walker led the way, treading under foot corn, tomatoes and vine, just as they came in his way, Straight to a chicken-house he marched, and there, outside the door, we found the three dogs, all much excited. The lantern was lighted, the staple on the door was forced, and in we marched. It was the work of an instant for the terrier to rush up the side of the wall and to tumble down again engaged tooth and nail with a young coon. It was the work of another instant for the bulldog to help the terrier, and in a very few minutes there was such a dust on the chicken-house floor as was never seen there before. There was also some noise, enough to attract the attention of the people of the house, who, armed with night-gowns, lanterns, sticks and shot-guns, came to make an investigation. It took some adroitness and good lungs to explain amid the confusion that an act of charity was doing; but when the lifeless body of the predatory coon was exhibited the service rendered was gratefully acknowledged.

It was after this exploit, when we had walked a mile further, that our guide said, Peter what have you in that bag?"

"I'se got de coon, sah," responded Peter.

"Feels very hard," said the master, prodding the bag with a stick, "and it looks heavy."

"Yes, sir, he's the awfullest, heaviest coon ever dis child toted. He's a old coon, shuah: but Snide was too much for him—ha, ha! Land a massy, what a dus' dat pup raised."

"What else is there in the bag?" asked our friend, not thrown off by this oration of the darkey.

"Dey ain't nuffin else, sah," said Peter, very seriously.

"Let's see?" said the other.

"I'se got de rope in dah," said Peter, apparently oblivious of the fact that another member of the party was carrying the rope.

Finally he was convinced of his error in this respect, and on opening the bag out rolled a large watermelon.

"Golly, Mars' Henry, I meant to s'prise you. I thought when you wus tired maybe a piece watermillion go mighty good, so I jes' fetch it 'long when we came through de ole man's place up dah. Is you ready for the watermillion now?" he asked innocently. Having turned the theft to such good account, "Mars' Henry" was not disposed to quarrel over the wrong, and Peter escaped easily.

After this diverting incident we lay down upon the ground and Walker Taylor went to sleep and snored. We did not. After this rest another start was made in the direction of the river and our wagon. We reached the bank just as the sun began to tinge the clouds and the hills in the east. A steamboat laden with freight and passengers plowed its way toward Cincinnati, and came near us just as the hound opened a cry that she had "treed" the 'coon. Taylor had gone off to "run his trout line," and while we waited for him the dog sat quietly under the tree, and Peter threw his rope over the lowest limb and proceeded to climb into the boughs. Once there, he sprang nimbly from limb to limb looking for the game. At last he found it, and announced in an exultant tone that it was an "ole 'un." The 'coon was clinging tightly to a large limb and could not be shaken down. Then Peter began to cut with his ax. The limb came to the ground with a crash. The 'coon took to his feet, but his run was a short one. Soon the dogs had him.

"Fair play's a jewel," and fair play, more than fair play, was given his 'coonship in the fight that ensued. He and the small bulldog were put to it, the other dogs being restrained. Soon the animals caught a death-hold; the dog had the coon by the throat, the coon had the dog by the neck. There was no let go in that struggle. While the two held each other in this way one of us caught the dog, another the coon. With three swings they were thrown out into the river where the water was deep. That made things more nearly equal. A coon fights better in the water than a dog. The struggle was severe, sickening in its ferocity. The water about the animals was in a foam and was bloody. Soon the fight was over. The 'coon gave up, the dog shook him unresisted and the 'coon floated. It was dead. The dog tried to swim ashore, but he sank; he, too, had expended all his powers in the battle. Peter was ready for the emergency. Without wasting time to trip he plunged into the water and the dog was rescued, though he lay for several minutes lifeless upon the bank while we did what we could to revive him. Finally he was himself again, and, with never a look back, he walked quietly to the wagon. Then in the broad light of day we concluded our chase, a hunt more wearisome but hardly less exciting than the run after an anisee-seed bag.

Chewing Gum.

Forty thousand dollars' worth of chewing gum is gathered in the State of Maine every year. In Oxford county is a man who makes it his business to collect spruce gum. Every year he buys from seven to nine tons. The gum is found chiefly in the region about Umbagog Lake and about the Rangely lakes. A number of men do nothing else in the winter season except to collect gum. With snowshoes, axe, and a shoboygan, on which is packed the gum, they spend days and nights in the woods. The clear, pure lumps of gum sold are in their native state, the best bringing one dollar a pound. Gum not immediately merchantable is refined by a peculiar process. Sieve-like boxes are covered with spruce boughs, on which is placed the gum. Steam is introduced underneath. The gum is melted, is strained by the boughs, and then passes into warm water, where it is kept from hardening until the packer takes it out, draws it into sticks, and wraps it in tissue paper, when it is ready for market.

The gum then meets with ready sale. There is not a village, town or city in Maine where it is not in demand. One dealer last year sold fourteen hundred dollars' worth. In the large mill cities gum has a free sale. In Biddeford, Lewiston, Lawrence, and Lowell, the factory girls consume large quantities. It is said that in the lumber camps gum is used as a means of extending hospitality. After meal time the host fills his own black clay pipe, and hands it to his guests. Later, clear lumps of spruce gum are placed before the visitor, and he is asked to take a chew. Maine produces forty thousand dollars' worth of gum in a year, some of which finds its way to this market, from which it is distributed to the various outlying factory villages, where, as stated before, it is in good demand. Spruce gum is adulterated, and those who adulterate take the trouble to fashion the pieces of gum to appear like those taken in a pure state from the trees. The ingredient of adulteration is supposed to be the gum of the pine tree.

"Oh, I tell you, you can't abolish the jury system. It's one of the abutments upon which rests the structure of freedom and equity, and all those things. If you bust the jury system you'll have to abolish also three-card monte and other games of chance. I tell you Americans will not be denied this kind of mental relaxation. It's about all the fun we have."

Wonderful Strength of Insects.

"If you want to see muscle," a naturalist said, "take a glance through this glass," pointing to a seat before a powerful microscope. The drop of Croton water was fairly alive with little round or oval bodies. There was nothing specially remarkable about them; but soon a wonderful creature rolled upon the scene from a distant part of the drop. In appearance it resembled a crystal bell. The edges were ornamented with a delicate fringe, and the entire mass was as transparent as glass. The mouth of the bell was evidently the mouth of the animal, because the observer saw it rush along like a scoop, and turning down, fasten its edges to the bottom, as if to secure some minute animal that was resisting, and a second later some object could be seen passing up into the body.

"If you had the strength of that animal," the naturalist said, "in proportion to your size, you could take Trinity Church by its steeple and toss it over into New Jersey. There are animals in this drop that we can't see with this powerful glass. Suppose there was this same difference in size among the higher animals. Elephants would be as large as the state of Rhode Island. If this bell animal was as much larger than man as it is than these little creatures it is eating, we would see a gigantic scoop of jelly larger than the Forty second street reservoir coming down upon us, whirling in the water and causing such a suction that a regiment of men would, if in the water, be hurled and twisted and then encompassed by it. The strength of the creature can be imagined when it is known that the smallest section of the finest hair that could be cut seemed like a mountain beside it; yet the microscopic creature moved the end of an entire hair placed over the glass. In moving about it threw aside bits of algæ and mud. That could be compared to the act of a single man striking down one of the giant trees of California or kicking over a block of houses. I am devising an instrument to measure the power of these microscopic giants. You see, among the lot there are always a number that seem, from no special cause, to be in great terror, rushing about wildly, stopping at nothing, passing through masses of weed and mud in direct lines. Now, the force with which they bring up against a barrier is certainly the maximum of their strength; so I arranged a machine after the plan of one that I have seen to measure the velocity of a shot, the latter striking a frame, and the force of the blow being recorded on a scale. For my partition I took what was evidently the egg shell or cover of some microscopic animal. I attached it by one end to a larger body, and the whole thing stood over a delicate scale that was cut on the glass slide, and as the animals rushed along they struck the partition or hand and pushed it around the scale."

"What was the result?"

"Well, to tell the truth, the first one that came along broke down the partition, and I haven't been able to adjust it again. When I do I'll let you know. I haven't sold any stock yet, and haven't even applied for a patent, so the general public won't suffer. I have in hand another instrument, with which I intend to measure the movements of the wings and legs of insects per minute and second, and I think they can be photographed as well as the feet of a trotter while in motion. This will be fine work, as with a simple instrument I have shown that the wings of a common house-fly move more than 200 times per second, and the machine lost more than half the vibrations. I have watched a fly for five minutes hanging almost in one spot under a chandelier, kept up by the continuous movement of its wings, and estimated that the operation required over 100,000 beats of the wings, or over 400 a second, or 800 simple oscillations; the house fly is not as lively as some others of the tribe. I have in following wild bees to find their nest, found that they are often on the wing thirty minutes in forty-five, the allowance being for the time in which they were on flowers, and during that period they must have bea their wings 342,000 times. A spider can bind a fly securely, winding twenty or thirty cables of silk about it, in less than a second and a half. These rapid movements show the wonderful physical powers of small animals. Here are some contrivances to measure the strength of beetles and large insects."

One was a long box, sanded on the bottom, with glass sides. At the end was a small friction wheel, over which ran a silk thread. On one end was attached a tissue-paper receptacle for weights, and the other was tied in a slip noose. A large black ant was taken from a flask, the noose caught around his body, and, on being released, rushed away up the miniature street, hoisting the scales and three grains of corn with the greatest ease. A small red ant was then brought out, and, after several false starts and showing evidence of a decidedly mulish disposition, it ran off, hoisting a very heavy pea.

"An ant can carry a weight about seventy-five times its own," the naturalist said. If you had the muscle of one of these little creatures in proportion to your size you could lift about 11,000 pounds.

An English Army Story.

Our commanding officer, Col. Freeman—retired now these seven years—was a gentleman of very limited knowledge as regards regimental manœuvers, and as the Onety-oneth had been stationed at N——— for more than a year, and was apparently forgotten by the authorities, he had no inducement to extend his acquaintance. Thus, from long practice, we would go through his half dozen movements with a precision and readiness that might have been envied by the smartest corps in the service. But there we stopped. Beyond those we knew nothing. You can imagine, then, our consternation when we heard that the officer commanding the district—Lord Pufferoo—was coming officially inspect us. Freeman, was at first overcome by the news but after a time we could see upon his face a look of stern resolve. He had evidently made up his mind to do something desperate. The fatal day came at last, as did also Gen. Lord Pufferoo, "attended by a brilliant staff," as the newspapers say. We were duly paraded and inspected, and put through the same old manœuvers we had performed every day for the last twelve months. We deployed and marched, and marched and deployed, and then began all over again, till at last the General showed evident, signs of impatience. And then, when an aide-de-camp came galloping up to Freeman, we knew our fate was sealed. "Col Freeman," said the aid de-camp, suavely, "his lordship wishes me to express his satisfaction with the movements so far; nothing could have been done better. At the same time he would suggest that something fresh might be gone through with advantage. He has scarely, as yet had an opportunity to judge of your regiment's capabilities." "Tell his lordship," said the old Colonel, hoarsely, "that he shall be obeyed." We all wandered what was coming next. Judge of our astonishment, when, after getting us into line facing the staff, he rode behind us and called out: "Battalion—with ball cartridge, load! Ready! pre—!" Before he could get out "Present!" the General and his staff had turned tail and were flying over the field to get out of the range! Lord Pufferoo was back to his headquarters at once, and next week came an intimation to the Colonel that his resignation would be acceptable.

A California Trial.

Persons familiar with the early history of this country are well aware of the potent influence of eloquence on the uncultivated masses and how they were moved by the fervent oratory of Patrick Henry and Clay, and Webster and Corwin, and Crittenden and Tom Marshall and those old time men of the primitive bar, which had never been excelled in the annals of human pleading.

An episode of a similar nature occurred out in the early days of California mining, of which the writer was a spectator. The circumstances were as follows:

A miner had been caught stealing gold dust. That kind of business couldn't be permitted in the mines; forcible examples had to be made of all such offenders. Murder regulated itself; there was a rough code of honor recognized and based upon public sentiment. If the man who killed another had justifiable provocation, he went unmolested; but if he had killed his man without sufficient cause, he probably paid the penalty with his own life the first time a relative or friend of the murdered man "got the drop on him." The only other public offence was theft; that was so contemptibly mean and so vitally affected the interests of the miners and their sense of safety, that they rarely ever failed to string up the offender even after rough courts were established and trial by jury granted.

On this special occasion a bag of gold dust had been taken from under a miner's bunk by one of his working companions and he had been captured with it on his way to San Francisco and brought back for a quick and effective trial.

"Have you any counsel?" asked the judge.

"No, I ain't got no friends nor anybody to talk for me; so you might as well cut the chinnin' short and pull me up."

"If you will allow me to act as counsel for the prisoner, I'll say a few words for him," replied a tall ungainly miner, who was a stranger at that particular "diggin's."

"All right, there's the jury. Bring up your client and let him plead to the charge."

The prisoner stood up and admitted the theft, and at the request of the stranger stated the circumstances which had tempted him to take the dust. He had just gotten a letter from his wife in the States, in which she wrote that her mother and one of his children had died and she begged him if he loved her to come home, even if he had to borrow the money of some of his friends, and she would help him to work and pay it back. He also stated that as he had been unable to borrow the money, he had taken the dust with the intention of paying it back when he returned home.

The letter was produced in court to substantiate the truth of his statement, and it evidently weakened some of the jury, but there were stern, unmoved men in the crowd, all belted round with knifes and pistols, who knew that any letting up on theft would render gold dust too unsafe; besides they spoke up right and left, saying that they got just such letters from home as well; that the same kind of sorrow in their own domestic life came up every day or week to some of them, and the very mutual condition of deprivation and toil should establish a code of honesty above everything else. Of course, said they, the fellow can have his counsel to chin for him, but we must graft him to a hub all the same.

It happened however, that this tall, ungainly old miner who had undertaken the defence was an old Methodist camp-meeting revival preacher, and although he began very quietly, and cautiously treading on the dangerous ground of talking in the prisoner's defence, the first thing that judge, jury and spectators knew, he had got warmed up to his old work, and, although he had the sing-song style of delivery of those old revivalists, his words rang out with all the thrilling eloquence of Clay and the fervid devotional oratory of a Wesley or a Buscom. One by one the human icicles began to melt around him; one by one they began to turn back on their early lives, to their old homes, their father, mother, brothers and sisters, the old church and Sunday school, and all such tender influence. Many a one of them was carried back by that peculiar voice and style to his old camp-meeting days. It was no longer a mining camp; it was no longer a court room, no longer a trial; it was a camp-meeting, and the old preacher was leading them by still waters; he was reaching down and lifting them up out of the mire and clay; and when he closed and solemnly said, "Let us pray for the soul of the man whom we that are innocent are going to slay," there was not a dry eye in the court room, the writers included. And that prayer! who can repeat or describe its fervent words for the soul going to its maker, for the wife and little children waiting in their distant home with love and hope and tremulous expectation for him who would never return, listening to every footstep, responding to every sound?

Never before or since have been such a trial and such a defence in the mines of California. The judge, jury and audience rose to a man and cleared the prisoner. They did more: they made up a purse and sent the poor fellow home to his wife and children, and he did just what he intended to do—returned the money to them in six months after his arrival at home.

What the Wires Said.

"Baby is dead!" Three little words passed along the line; copied somewhere and soon forgotten. But after all was quiet again I leaned my hand upon my head and fell into a deep reverie of all that those words mean.

Somewhere—a dainty form, still and cold, unclasped by mother's arms to-night; eyes that yesterday were bright and blue as skies of June drooped to-night beneath white lids that no voice can ever raise again.

Two soft hands, whose rose leaf fingers were wont to wander lovingly around mother's neck and face loosely holding white buds, quietly folded in confine rest.

Soft lips, yesterday rippling with laughter, sweet as woodland break falls, gay as trill of forest birds; to, night unresponsive to kiss or call of love.

A silent home—the patter of baby feet forever hushed—a cradle unpressed little shoes half worn—dainty garments, shoulderknots of blue to match those eyes of yesterday, folded with aching heartaway.

A tiny mound snow covered in some quiet graveyard.

A mother's groping touch in uneasy slumber for the fair head that shall never again rest upon her bosom. The low sob, the bitter tear, as broken dreams awake to said reality. The hope of future years wrecked, like fair ships, that suddenly go down in sight of land.

The watching of other babies, dimpled, laughing, strong, and this one gone. The present agony of grief, the future emptiness of heart, all held in those three little words: "Baby is dead."

Crank.

Whence the term? A reference to the authorities show that two hundred years ago it ment "a cheat," "an imposter," but it became obsolete, perhaps from the dying out of cranks. If it died out and disappeared from general use, however, it did not die out with that grand old veteran of literature, Carlyle. He has used the term repeatedly, and brought it down to the present day as meaning "dim of vision, violent of temper," and the meaning is further developed by the following description: "A headstrong, very positive, loud, dull and angry kind of man. "This is Carlyle's notion, and it gives a pretty good idea. It must be admitted that the word is not like so many of our latter words of Yankee birth or origin, but comes form a royal stock. It was born in the old scandinavian days and had an existence before the Saxons went into England. Primarily it meant a "twist" and as good to-day as ever.

The Republican.

SATURDAY, March 4, 1882.

We republish from the Opelika Times, an article of a correspondent, on the subject of third-termism in State officers, more to afford a text for a "few scattering remarks on this subject" than anything else.

We are no advocate of rotation in office, for the mere sake of giving everybody a chance at the public crib. We believe that no man has any "claims" on the public that can be properly urged, but that the country has a claim on each and every one of her citizens, and may properly continue him or retire him as it suits public convenience or interest. Sometimes the country may reap a manifest benefit by continuing a public man in office. Where this is the case no precedent or custom should be invoked to override public interest in his retirement. Where this is not the case, and a new man could as well administer the office, by the help of employees of the department, as in case of the office of Auditor Secretary of State and Treasurer, in our State government, party usage should be adhered to, and when incumbents have held these offices for two successive terms, they should gracefully retire. Had an attempt been made, at any time, in our State Convention, to retire a State officer at the end of one term, we should have heard him invoking the party usage that gives to faithful incumbents of these offices two successive terms. If the rule is good for one Convention, it should be good for all; and we do not see well how any of our State officers, who have held two terms, can now break it down.

We doubt the propriety of its establishment. Under it, we might as well change our law, under present conditions, and give the Governor, Attorney General, Treasurer, and Secretary of State a four years term. But once established, we are opposed to breaking it down in the interest of one or more candidates. If it is to be broken down, let the next Convention do it by resolution, before State officers are nominated.

The Fort Payne Journal, published in DeKalb county, has again returned to the discussion of the "convict question" after a long silence. The editor says that two years ago he began the agitation of the subject, but that popular interest in the question was so dead that he abandoned it in despair. Now, since the subject has become red hot and the press are compelling public attention to it, the editor is rejoiced, albeit he is getting no credit for having inaugurated the discussion.

The editor of the Journal should be in no wise cast down because his service has not been recognized in this direction. He doubtless has the reward of an approving conscience, and this should be sufficient; but if it will add anything to his pleasure, we say to him in all truth, that an article from his paper on this very question led to mention of the subject in the Alabama Senate, and this mention gave rise to the motion for the committee of investigation, and the report of this committee has given rise to the present discussion. which may result in the correction of the abuses that he once complained of.

Thus we see, that while our brother of the Journal became discouraged and forgot the scriptural injunction to weary not in well doing, the seed that he had sown two years ago had not fallen altogether on barren soil, but had taken root and became a vigorous growth, bidding fair to bring forth good fruit.

Thus ever it is with words spoken in behalf of justice and right. Though we may not see the immediate effect, they are not lost.

We trust our brother will take this lesson to heart, and never hereafter, because he does not hear the responsive applause of men, abandon the field of duty. What is the applause of men compared to the consciousness that he had the moral manhood to befriend the friendless and speak for those who had no advocate?

We have a kind of dim idea that in the past the *Republican* has had something to say on this subject, but we notice the State press are not advertising the fact very extensively: But, bless you, we don't pine on that account. We have got so used to seeing our powder used to charge other men's guns, that we have lost the power to protest even. When we pen a meritorious suggestion now, or launch a particularly good sentiment (as is frequently the case) we don't look for the least bit of outside recognition, but on the contrary, retire at once into our inner consciousness and there take comfort from one who never fails to praise—number one.

We commend this phylosophy to our brother of the Journal. It will save him hereafter the trouble of looking over his exchanges for reprint of his best articles with proper credit attached.

We have received a letter from a prominent minister in Birmingham, asking us for the name and place of confinement of the young man whose case was mentioned in connection with an article on the convict system, in the Republican week before last. He says the story has strongly appealed to his sympathies, and that he is determined to find the unfortunate youth and do what he can to ameliorate his condition. We have furnished him by letter the information in our possession, and that young man will soon, doubtless, bless the day when the press of Alabama turned its strong light on the convict system of the State.

POSTMASTER-GENERAL HOWE has confirmed a ruling made by Assistant Postmaster General Hatton, making postmasters responsible for the subscription when they fail to notify publishers of the failure of subscribers to take papers from the office. This decision is the nature of a true reform.

IN MEMORIAM.

In yonder village Cemetery lie the mortal remains of EDWARD L. WOODWARD, one of our oldest citizens—in life, an honest, upright man, and in death, as in life, a christian, unshaken in the faith of his fathers, ripe for a better world beyond! His death caused the tear, the sob, the bitter pang of anguish to the hearts of family and friends; but his life, for nearly a half century, teaches a lesson not to be forgotton by those among whom he lived so long.

Mr. Woodward was born in Stafford Co. Virginia, on the 20th of May 1807, and died, in this place, on the 13th of February 1882. He came to Alabama in 1825 and did business with his brother Y. C. Woodward in the town of Blountsville. On the 25th day of Nov. 1832 he married Malinda J. Francis of Tenn. who survives him,—and, in 1835 he settled at Jacksonville where he continued to reside up to the time of his death.

Mr. Woodward was a remarkable man. Naturally of delicate constitution, his life was prolonged beyond "the three score and ten" allotted to men, by self-denial and by temperate and methodical habits.

From the early settlement of our county till after the war, he took front rank among the active, intelligent business men of the times.

Everything he gave his attention to was characterized by energy, self reliance, deep convictions and devotion to principle.

As a merchant his success was great. He amassed, for this country, a large fortune by close application and by administering his affairs upon principles of strict business integrity. He had the confidence of all men who knew him. His "word was his bond," and no one was deceived by it.

But active and successful as he was in business, he was none the less so in church and all matters that tended to the public good. He was a member of the Methodist Episcopal Church for more than fifty years, and as long as health permitted, was found a zealous working member of the congregation. For nearly forty years he was Superintendent of the Sabbath School and the love and veneration in which he was held by the children is a monument to his ministrations. He was the friend of Education, and not only gave of his means to promote the cause, but gave what many others do not, the moral force of his *personal presence* to every enterprise intended for the moral and intellectual advancement of the young.

As a man he was even tempered, moderate, conservative, but always firm and true to his convictions. He was full of the courage of virtue. He did right for right's sake —*because it was right*! As a citizen he was public spirited and prompt in giving voice and hand to all matters intended for the public weal. Many of our people remember the time in the history of our county, when the books of our "County finance" were in the utmost confusion. The public mind gravitated with one accord to Mr. Woodward as the man of all others to relieve us from threatened financial ruin. Although he was immersed in successful business, he yielded to the solicitations of the public and took hold of the County Treasury. By the same patient toil, and systematic devotion applied to his own private affairs, the same fearless discharge of duty which characterized him elsewhere, he soon brought "order out of chaos" and by system and precedent, established a standard and guide for those who have so worthily succeeded him.

But how changeful is life! The crest wave of success is ours to-day—to-morrow we are submerged! The late war came and swept away the *fortune* of Mr. Woodward; but it did not take his honor! It left him the *wealth* of a good name.

After disease and suffering had done their work, Death came for the good man. Why should we sorrow, for

"What is death
To him who meets it with an upright heart?
A quiet haven, where his shatter'd bark
Harbours secure, till the rough storm is past,
Perhaps a passage overhung with clouds,
But at its entrance, a few leagues beyond
Opening to kinder skies and milder suns,
And seas pacific as the soul that seeks them."

C.

A correspondent from Washington writing to the Mobile Chronicle gives an account of what he terms "a sad sight," in these words:

Just before the assembling of the House the other day, I walked around towards the seat of Col. Williams, of Alabama. He sits on the back row of seats on the Democratic side of the House and just in the rear of his seat are two or three sofas, where members lounge and visitors entitled to the floor sit during the sessions of the House. As I approached Col. W. he whispered that if I wanted to see Gen. Longstreet to look back of his seat and that he was occupying a seat on the sofa. Turning my eyes in the direction, they fell upon a man who seemed to be between fifty-five and sixty years of age, though well preserved. He was scarcely bent with age though his hair and whiskers were white. I watched him for some minutes, as he sat all alone, his eyes wandering over the House. Not a soul came to greet him during the time, though but a few feet away from him, were a number of men who but a few short years ago at his command had gone "through fire and smoke, and death shot falling thick and fast as lightning from the mountain cloud." There were the armless Oats and Hooker, the shot-ridd'ed Forney and Herbert and Hewett, the gallant Wheeler and Shelly and Herndon and Chalmers and Cox of North Carolina, who commanded a division at the last charge at Appomattox, and Dubrell, of Forest's cavalry, and others who had stood in the fiery front of many a battle field on the side of the Southrons; but none of these came forward to greet the man whose fame and name is indissolubly linked with the glory achieved by those who battled for four years for the lost cause. I watched the old man's face, and at last with a look of disappointment he rose with a sigh, and moved over on the Republican side, where he was soon surrounded by a swarm of Republicans. I could but pity the man who had thus sold himself for the mess of pottage his political foes had tendered him.

Richland (La.) Beacon:

We learn from the Jacksonville (Ala.) Republican that E. L. Woadward, one of the oldest citizens of that place and one of the purest men we ever knew, died February 13th. Some of our most pleasant reminisences are those with which he is associated as Superintendent of the Methodist Sunday School which we attended in our boyhood, and one of the first merchants who ever entered our name upon his books as a customer after we arrived at manhood's estate. May the sod lie lightly on his noble breast

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SUNDAY SCHOOL M. E. CHUCH.

JACKSONVILLE, ALA.
Feb. 27, 1882.

An official announcement having been made of the death of our late Superintendent, Bro, E. L. Woodward, accompanied by a motion that a committee of three be appointed to take such action as the School may think best, Bro. Superintendent Riley appointed bros. J. D. Hammond, C. J. Porter and Jeff D. Crow such committee, who, after a short conference, reported the following Preamble and Resolutions:

Whereas, the M. E. Sunday School, of Jacksonville, Ala., in the allwise Providence of God, are called upon to pay the last sad tribute of respect to our former venerable and beloved, worthy and trusted Superintendent, bro. E. L. Woodward, who gently breathed his last and quietly fell asleep, to await the "gladly solumn sound" on the bright resurrection morn, on the 13th day of February, 1882. in the 75th year of his age:

And whereas, Bro. Woodward was the Patriarch of our Sunday School, having served in the capacity of Superintendent for more than forty years previous to his death, with that true christian fidelity and zeal that commended him to the love and veneration of both teachers and pupils, we feel that we would be recreant to the finer feelings and sensibilities of our nature, were we to withhold this tribute of respect to his sterling moral worth, and our sympathies with his stricken family and friends:

Therefore, be it Resolved, 1st, That in the death of bro. E L Woodward, this Sunday School has sustained a loss difficult to estimate, since for near half a century he was a "living epistle known and read of all men," containing the entire catalogue of christian graces; the Church a worthy, devoted and pious member; our "social circle" one of its brightest and most exemplary ornaments. He was one among the last of a long line of worth compeers, who only preceded him a little way in the journey of life, and who, no doubt, were "waiting and watching at the beautiful gate" to welcome him to his eternal home.

Resolved, 2nd, That his natural amiability, softened and beautified by divine grace, peculiarly qualified him for work in the Sunday School. Next to his Lord he loved "the Lambs of the fold," and patiently led them through "green pastures and beside the still waters." He believed himself called upon to work among the "lost sheep," and eternity alone will reveal the number of "brands plucked from the eternal burning" by his faithful and loving hands.

Resolved, 3rd, That we hereby tender to his aged and bereaved companion our most sincere sympathy in this her hour of bereavement and sorrow, and trust that He "who tempers the wind to the shorn lamb" will gently guide her "frail bark' down the river of Life, out across the bar into the ocean of God's infinite and eternal love; and may she be wafted on by gentle gales and balmy breezes until she makes the port of eternal peace, where, no doubt, a loving and faithful husband will be waiting to welcome her to her blissful home.

Resolved, 4th, That, to the children of the departed brother, we would say "weep not as those who have no hope," but look forward to a happy reunion in that "House not made with hands, eternal in the heavens."

Resolved, 5th, That a copy of these resolutions be sent to the family of the deceased, and that they be published in the Jacksonville Republican and the Christian Advocate. Nashville, Tenn.

All of which is most respectfully submitted and asked to be adopted.

J. D. HAMMOND,
C. J. PORTER, jr.,
JEFF D. CROW,
Committee.

Jacksonville Post Office.

Rome Bulletin.

We have frequently heard persons speak of the above postoffice in complimentary terms, and we also have had reason to know that it was noted for accuracy. but never learned until a few days ago that it is kept by a lady. Mrs A. Frank is the post mistress, assisted by by her daughter, a young lady of rare attainments, and we are informed by one who has personal knowledge that Jacksonville. Ala, postoffice is a model of neatness and accuracy. We are always glad to note such traits in those who serve the public. We wish Mrs. Frank and her daughter continued success in their work.

It is worth remembering that a single ounce of the finest, rarest drugs for the health. To a miserable person to day with one foot in the grave, when a bottle of Parker's Ginger Tonic would do them more good than all the doctors and medicines they have ever tried. So advertiser

---

Do little helpful things and speak helpful words whenever you can. They are better than pearls or daimonds to strew along the roadside of life and will yield a far more valuable harvest.

ADMINISTRATORS SALE.
Valuable Timbered Land.

Under and by virtue of an order of the Probate court of Calhoun county, Alabama, made on the 15th day of February. 1882. I will, as the Administrator of the estate of Robert Jones, deceased, proceed to sell on Monday the 27th day of March, 1882, at the Crossing in the town of Cross Plains, in Calhoun county, Ala., at public outcry to the highest bidder for cash, the following described lands belonging to said estate, to wit: Lot No. 19, of fractional Section 31, T 12 south, R 11 east, and the N W ¼ of Section 6, T 13 south, R 11 east, lying near the line of Calhoun and Cleburne county, Ala.

W. C SAVAGE,
march4—4t Administrator

STATE OF ALABAMA
Calhoun County

In Probate Court for said county, Special Term, Feb. 25th. 1882.

This day came Benj. L Archer, Administrator of the estate of W H. Smith, decd., and filed in court his account and vouchers for a final settlement of his Guardianship.

It is ordered by the court that the 25th day of March 1882, be and is hereby appointed the day upon which to audit and pass upon said account and to make said settlement, and that notice thereof be given for three successive weeks in the Jacksonville Republican, a newspaper printed and published in said county, as a notice to all persons concerned, to be and appear before me at my office in the court house of said county, on said 25th day of March, 1882, and contest said settlement if they think proper.

A. WOODS,
march4—3t[2] Judge of Probate,

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

Letters of Administration upon the estate of Jos. C McCurry, deed, having been granted the undersigned by the Hon A. Woods, Judge of the Probate Court of Calhoun county on the 6th day of Feb., 1882, notice is hereby given that all persons having claims against said estate, will be required to present the same within the time allowed by law or they will be barred.

JNO. S. OWENS, Adm.
march4—3t.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

Letters of Adm., Ancillary, upon the estate of Jesse Arledge, decd., having been granted by the undersigned by the Hon. A. Woods, Judge of the Probate Court of Calhoun County, on the 6th day of February, 1882, notice is hereby given that all persons having claims against said estate, will be required to present the same within the time allowed by law, or they will be barred.

C. W. BREWTON,
march4—3t. Adm'r.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

Letters of Administration upon the estate of Robt C. Hannah, decd., having been granted the undersigned by the Hon. A Woods, Judge of the Probate Court of Calhoun county, on the 22nd day of February. 1882, notice is hereby given that all persons having claims against said estate, will be required to present the same within the time allowed by law, or they will be barred.

THOS. H. MARTIN, Adm.
march4—3t

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

Letters Testementary, upon the estate of Washington Williams, deceased, having been granted the undersigned by the Hon. A. Woods, Judge of the Probate Court of Calhoun county. on the 22nd day of February, 1882, notice is hereby given that all persons having claims against said estate, will be required to present the same within the time allowed by law, or they will be barred.

WM. C. SCARBROUGH,
march4—3t Ex cutor.

NOTICE NO. 1443.

Land Office,
MONTGOMERY, ALA.,
Feby 28th, 1882.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and said proof will be made before the Clerk of the Circuit Court, P. O. Ross at Jacksonville, Ala., on April 15th, 1882, viz: Joe Green, Homestead application No 5596, for the E ½ of S W ¼ sec. 6, Township 15, South, Range 6, East.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz: Wm. M. Snider, E. H. Partridge and Thomas Ford, all of Jacksonville, Calhoun county, Ala.

THOMAS J. SCOTT,
march4—5t Register.

TAN BARK WANTED.

Parties wishing to contract to deliver Chestnut Oak Bark at our sheds, on or on the S R & D Railroad, will please call on, or address, the Germania Tanning Co., Germania. Ala, before April 1st

☞Edwardsville Standard will please copy 4t and send account to this office
feb25—4t.

NOTICE NO. 1462.

LAND OFFICE AT MONTGOMERY, ALA.
February 18th 1882.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before A. Woods, Judge of Probate at Jacksonville, Ala., on April 3d, 1882 viz: Wiley Argo, Homestead No. 6743 for the lot No 4, Section 36, Township 12 S, Range 8 E.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz: Susan Armstrong, Francis Walker, John Wilson, and John T. Young, all of Allsups, Calhoun county, Alabama.

THOMAS J. SCOTT,
feb25—5. Register.

H. A. SMITH'S

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

MUSIC

—AND—

BOOK STORE,

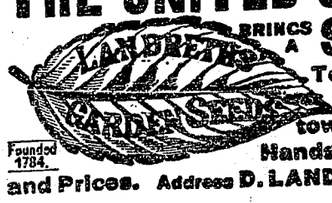
Rome, Ga.

Just opening out an immense stock of Writing Desks, Work Boxes, Toilett Setts, China and Glass Vases, Motto Cup, Saucers and Mugs, Fancy Glass Inkstands, Stationery, Photograph and Autograph Albums, Bibles, Prayer Books, Poetical and standard works, Juvenile books, Pictures, Picture Frames, Tin, China and Rubber Toys in great variety, Wax Dolls, Games, Silver plated Ware, suitable for wedding and holiday presents, Gold Pens, Port Monaies, and a thousand novelties.

Piano's and Orgnns, of the best make, at wholesale prices. Orders by mail solicited. Prices cheerfully given.

dec4 H. A. SMITH.

THE UNITED STATES MAIL BRINGS A SEED STORE



Founded 1784.

To every man's door. If our SEEDS are not sold in your town, drop us a Postal Card for Handsome Illustrated Catalogue and Prices. Address D. LANDRETH & SONS, Philadelphia.

Diphtheria

A cold or sore throat may not seem to amount to much, and if promptly attended to can easily be cured; but neglect is often followed by consumption or diphtheria. No medicine has ever been discovered which acts so quickly and surely in such cases as PERRY DAVIS' PAIN KILLER. The prompt use of this *invaluable remedy* has saved thousands of lives. PERRY DAVIS' PAIN KILLER is not an experiment. It has been before the public for forty years, and is most valued where it is best known.

A few extracts from voluntary testimonials read as follows:

PAIN KILLER has been my household remedy for colds for the past twenty-seven years, and have never known it to fail in effecting a cure.—L. S. CHOCKER, Williamsville, N. Y.

For thirty years I have used PAIN KILLER, and found it a never-failing remedy for colds and sore throat.—BARTON SEAMAN.

Have received immediate relief from colds and sore throat, and consider your PAIN KILLER an invaluable remedy.—GEO. B. EVERETT, Dickinson, N. Y.

I have just recovered from a very severe cold, which I have had for some time. I could get no relief until I tried your PAIN KILLER, which relieved me immediately. I will never again be without it.—C. O. FORCE, Lowndes, Ga.

Have used PAIN KILLER in my family for forty years, and have never known it to fail.—RANSOM LEWIS, Waynesboro, Ga.

I began using PAIN KILLER in my family twenty-five years ago and have used it ever since, and have found no medicine to take its place.—R. W. DYER, Druggist, Oneida, N. Y.

For whooping-cough and croup it is the best preparation made. We would not be without it.—A. P. ROUTS, Liberty Mills, Va.

For twenty-five years I have used PAIN KILLER for colds and chapped lips, and consider it the best medicine ever offered.—GEO. HOOPER, Wilmington, N. C.

I was suffering severely with bronchitis, and my throat was so inflamed I could scarcely swallow any food. I was advised to try your PAIN KILLER, and after taking a few doses was completely cured.—T. WILKINSON.

Dr. WALTON writes from Coshocton: Your PAIN KILLER cures diphtheria and sore throat, so alarmingly prevalent here, and has not been known to fail in a single instance. This fact you should make known to the world.

MRS. ELLEN B. MASON writes: My son was taken violently sick with diphtheria, high fever, and cold chills. So many children have died here, I was afraid to call a physician, and tried your PAIN KILLER. He was taken on Sunday, and on Wednesday his throat was clear. It was a wonderful cure, and I wish it could be known to the poor mothers who are losing so many children.

For Chills and Fever, PAIN KILLER has no equal. It cures when everything else fails. Delays are often dangerous. A bottle of PAIN KILLER in the house is a safeguard that no family should be without. All druggists sell it at 25c., 50c., and $100 per bottle.

PERRY DAVIS & SON, Proprietors, Providence, R. I.

july 30, 188—1y

The Biggest Thing Yet.

GROCERIES!
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B. F. CARPENTER & CO.

Have received and are still receiving the largest and best selected stock of Groceries they have ever brought to this market. Not deterred by the clamor of hard times next year, they have amply provided for the wants of the public, and wil sell to suit the purses of their customers. In all

STAPLE AND FANGY GROCERIES

They can confidently defy competition, where cash is paid. They bought on the recent failure of corners in Groceries of all kinds, and consequently caught the bottom of the market. Seeing is believing.

Bring the Cash

and test their prices, and see for yourself.

Bagging, Ties, Farming Utensils

Wooden Ware, and hundreds of other things in stock. Don't buy until you examine the stock of B. F. CARPENTER & CO.
oct15-tf

NEW DRUG STORE.

H. F MONTGOMERY & Co.,

West Side Public Square,

JACKSONVILLE, ALA.

Dealers in all kinds of Drugs and Medicines, Paints, Oils, Patent Medicines, Window Glass, Stationery, Blank Books, Toilet articles, Lamps, Garden and Field Seeds. Also a choice selection of Fancy Groceries, Tobacco, Cigars, &c. All goods guaranteed to be fine and fresh. Special prices made to Merchants and Physicians.

Prescriptions carefully compounded by our S. S. Linder, M. D.

ap16-'81—1y.

Use Lawrence & Martin's

TOLU ROCK & RYE.

For COUGHS, COLDS, SORE THROAT, BRONCHITIS, ASTHMA, PNEUMONIA, CONSUMPTION, Diseases of THROAT, CHEST AND LUNGS.

BALSAM OF TOLU

Has always been one of the most important weapons wielded by the MEDICAL FACULTY against the encroachments of COUGHS, COLDS, BRONCHITIS, ASTHMA, SORE THROAT, and LUNGS, but it has never been so advantageously compounded as in the TOLU, ROCK and RYE. Its soothing Balsamic properties afford a diffusive stimulant and tonic to build up the system after the cough has been relieved. Quart size bottles, Price $1.00.

CONSUMPTION in its incipient and advanced stages, and all diseases of the THROAT, CHEST and LUNGS, but it has never been so advantageously compounded as in the TOLU, ROCK and RYE. Its soothing Balsamic properties afford a diffusive stimulant and tonic to build up the system after the cough has been relieved.

CAUTION! Do not be deceived by dealers who try to palm off Rock and Rye in place of our TOLU, ROCK AND RYE, which is the ONLY MEDICATED article—the genuine has a Private Die Proprietary Stamp on each bottle, which permits it to be Sold by Druggists, Grocers and Dealers Everywhere, WITHOUT SPECIAL TAX OR LICENSE.

The TOLU, ROCK AND RYE CO., Proprietors, 41 River St., Chicago, Ill.

CITY BAR!

The undersigned has with particular care selected for this season, a very fine lot of best

LINCOLN COUNTY WHISKEY,

Direct from the Distillery, as well as

Apple, and Peach Brandies,

He would especially call the attention of all desiring a good drink to his celebrated

"Cabinet Whiskey,"

which is the best in the market. His imported Brandy, FOR THE SICK, has no equal.

His Liquors are bought under bond and he knows them to be fine and pure. A general line of goods in Liquors of all brands, Beers, Cider, &c., including Sacrament Wine. Also a large lot of fine Cigars, Tobacco and Snuff.

Empty barrels from 75c to $1.00 each.

My Billiard Parlor

which is well ventilated and comfortable, is the favorite resort of those who love the game.

Respectfully,
JNO RAMAGNANO, Jacksonville, Ala.

N. B.—Parties indebted to me are requested to come forward and settle by cash or waive note. nov5—6m

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STEVENSON & GRANT,

Correspondents of

Real Estate Banking

—AND—

LOAN ASSOCIATION OF ALABAMA.

WILL UNDERTAKE TO NEGOTIATE LOANS AS FOLLOWS:

On proudcing farm lands, for from three to five years.

On producing farm lands, for three to five years, payable in annual installments.

On crop lien, personal and real security, for one year or less, with agreement to ship cotton to Selma. Applicants may apply for loans on producing farm lands for a term of years, either with or without the condition to ship cotton. Loans made for $300 and upwards.

STEVENSON & GRANT,
Jacksonville Ala.

UNDERTAKING.

John H. Crawford, coming here from and the public generally that he has stock a fine lot of coffins and burial cases of all sizes and from the finest to the plainest make, which he will dispose of at reasonable prices. He may be found at the shop known as the Livery stable on Main st. South of the square. 3m

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NOTICE.

All parties indebted to the old firm of Landers & Brittain MUST come forward and settle, either by note or cash, or they will be sued, and that right IMMEDIATELY.

JNO. M. CALDWELL.
Aug 5—tf

SUMMER RESIDENCE

One house and lot in Jacksonville, containing seven acres, known as the Judge Foster residence. The house is most tastefully built and situated in the most desirable part of town for residence. A never failing well supplies ice cold water the year round. The place is abundantly supplied with fine fruit, including an extensive Grapery. The extensive lawn in front is clothed with huge native oaks and the ground beautifully laid off. It is a very desirable place for some gentleman South of here who wants a summer residence in this part of the State. The owner gave $3 000 for the place. Will sell for $1500 if taken in 3 months. Reason for selling—owner moved out of the State.

Address
STEVENSON & GRANT,
Real Estate Brokers,
oct1—tf Jacksonville. Ala.

YOUNG MEN

SHOULD ATTEND

MOORE'S

BUSINESS UNIVERSITY,

ATLANTA, GA.

A Model Business School.

ACTUAL BUSINESS

STUDENTS ON CHANGE.

A Practical School for the Times

No Theory. No copying from books. The best course of instruction ever adopted for the practical education of young men, boys, and men of middle age.

The course of students comprise every variety of Business and Finance, from Retail to Banking operations. Book-keeping in all its various methods. Business forms, terms and usages. Business writing, correspondence, business Arithmetic Commercial Law, Lectures, Partnership, Settlements, etc., etc

No vacations. Students can enter at any time Circulars containing full particulars mailed *free* to any address.

uneis—1y B. F. MOORE, Pres.

REAL ESTATE

FOR SALE.

A Chance For Bargains!

Messrs. STEVENSON & GRANT,

Real Estate Brokers,

JACKSONVILLE, ALA.,

OFFER the following described places for sale at a bargain. For full description and particulars, apply to them.

2

160 ACRES in Choccolocco valley, fine open farm with plenty of woodland, oak and hickory growth. Land brings from 900 to 1500 lbs. seed cotton to acre. One half cash, balance on time.

3

80 ACRES, three and a half miles North of Mt Polk. 17 acres cleared land, mostly fresh. Rails enough to fence 40 acres more. Land good No houses. Can be paid for in six yearly payments of cotton. Call on or address J D McCormick, Mack Ala

4

100 ACRES within one and a half miles of Anniston, 50 acres cleared, 50 acres well timbered and accessible Iron ore good water, orchard, dwelling, outhouses, blacksmith and woodshop well patronized, on the place. School house and church within one fourth mile. Geo. Pacific R. R. serves through the place.

5

120 ACRES near Cherokee and Calhoun line Framed dwelling house and other improvements, 50 acres in cultivation. All in a body—greater part level and good. In good neighborhood.

6

180 ACRES, 8 miles west of Jacksonville on Gadsden and Jacksonville road. Good improvements, finely watered, fencing in good condition and land in fine state of cultivation. 100 acres open. 85 acres woodland well timbered. Red and yellow clay subsoil.

7

2500 ACRES in a body, on Tallassehatchie and Ohatchie creeks. As fine land as lies in Calhoun. Three splendid residences and ten or twelve tenant houses. No room for description in this advertisement. Can sell one to five places from this tract, or all in a body, at a bargain.

8

A splendid farm of 800 acres in the valley of Alexandria, 500 acres open and under fence, 640 in a body, and 160 of woodland seperated from main body by only one forty. Has a large and convenient dwelling and many tennant houses. The land has red clay subsoil; lies very level and will hold all the manures put on it. Ample water supply from two springs. Fine native and cultivated grasses. Land produces well. Would make a splendid stock farm. It will be sold at a bargain.

And other places of very desirable character. We shall continue the advertisement of places given us for sale from time to time without charge to the parties who give us their lands to sell. We have printed power of attorney to sell land now on hand, and all parties who place their lands in our hands for sale will be expected to sign them up. We require this both in order that there may be no dispute as to amount of our fee in case of sale, and to show parties who may desire to purchase that we have a right to sell. Of course under this power, the owner will have the deeds to sign before the sale would be complete. STEVENSON & GRANT,
july9—tf Jacksonville, Ala

M. E. GOLDSMITH, JNO. W. HUGHES.

GOLDSMITH & HUGHES

—GENTS'—

FURNISHING GOODS,

Hats, Caps, Valises, Umbrellas, &c.,

No. 9 Peachtree St.,

ATLANTA, GA.

sept24—4m

PAY UP.

Republican.

nge in the advertise- venson & Grant. It they can now under- otiate loans for lest e years; also on the lan; also with or with- ton shipping require- lieants must in all ca- the old deeds they he land proposed for In all cases it is neces- title back over twen-

t

on to double column t of Stevenson & ore long delays in ne- ns. Hereafter where ed parties may expect eir money in reasona- e.

issioner of Agricul- gia in his report says ers of Georgia have an average of fifty per annum for cred- is enormous drain in erest farming would other country but the tand up under it.

tate, Loan and Banking Alabama will advance mon- n mortgage, where the the loan raises as much as es of cotton; but two or can join in a mortgage gregate crop reaches this row in bulk and divide ey choose. By this ar- all planters or tenants can es of the benefit of the undoubtedly pay parties o in debt for supplies to t the rate this company the cash thus obtained of supplies. As illus- t, we mention the fact man borrowed through son & Gaant $500 and money Monday He at de for corn ready sacked ere at $1.10 per bushel. nsaction, involving not a ey borrowed, he saved t on all the money bor- d he save a proportionate purchases to amount of el dollars borrowed, he ar. by paying cash, an nt to pay his whole five

e publish complimentary management of our post e Rome Bulletin. The well deserved. The of- been better kept than it adies are polite, patient sirious. The office is do- ney order business, the way mails at this point and the work done here g and onerous, but these with cheerfulness, and pidity. The office does h to compensate for the t, and we hope the De- consider this matter and gher grade, with bet er

—At the residence of mother, Mrs. M. T. he evening of Feb. Jno. G. Walker to Brooks. Rev. C. God-

the faithful represen a- erest of the Corbin Bank nection with the busines tate Loan and banking n, reached Jacksonville k after the loans asked his county since his last eather was so bitterly bad nt get out in the country ed to Selma Tuesday, son and Grant will make n of lands offered for se- e who have applied, and ns will be closed as soon reached. In all future nation of the land will be nd the papers forwarded Under the new arrange- ill be no long delays in as heretofore.

s are paying subscrip- iseworthy punctuality e are receiving much nt to persevere in ed course to bring it in a new dress, all me. Have *you*, dear ibuted your share to change, by paying owe? If not, do not nger, but come at so. If you cannot our account, do not this account, but pay ou *can*. Where the counts run up above as in our case, every considerably.

a celebrated Jersey g to the stock farm of rook, will be six years day of next Septem- has had six calves to ropped two calves this es to the amount of ed dollars have been and three still re- farm. This shows how farming pays.

of Gadsden are out the Gadsden papers y speak in high terms ions of the prohibi- Etowah county. No enness, they say, no e Mayor's court, no police, and increased rosperity very appa- den.

Crook has a small quanty proof Oats still on hand. on will be too late,

OXFORD, FLASHES.

Mr. Walter Hames, boss of a squad of hands on the Ga. Pa. R. R. engaged in blasting at the Snow's Creek Gap, one half mile east of town was seriously, though we are glad to know, not fatally injured by an explosion on Saturday morning last. A negro was also badly hurt.

For the consolation of our over sensitive friend, "Merchant" who called us to task in your last issue we say that we did not intend by intimation or otherwise to convey the idea that any of our most excellent merchants had "busted" or that others were expected to "bust." By "Graduated" we simply meant *Retired from the business*, for aught we know, after a most successful career. Since our venture at prophecy, another firm has graduated(?) on short notice with unmentionable honors. The propriety of the use of the word "graduated" in this case may be questioned as the abrupt suspension of the firm is said to be due to a want of knowledge *Howe to deal in Ham.*

We are not in the confidence of the Ga. Pa. R. R, as "Merchant" intimates. We are for Oxford first, last and all the time, and will go as far as "Merchant" or any one else in defending her good name and upholding her merited prosperity. In our Flashes we were only giving voice to rumors. We are not sentimental enough now to give "Merchant" a poem, but perhaps can do so after awhile when he will need it worse. Perhaps next fall.

J. B. McCain and Jas. McKibbin have returned much pleased with their trip to Florida.

Monday the 6th inst. is the day for election of town officers. There is very little if any excitement on the subject. The present council seems to have given satisfaction. We will give you the names of the new council and Intendant in our next.

Most of the hands on the new railroad have been moved to the mountains near Davisville. The road grading this side of there has been completed with the exception of a few week's work between here and Anniston. Track laying will soon commence on this end of the road.

Mr. Ham and wife of North Carolina, of whom we made mention a few weeks since, have sold out their house and lot to L. B. Miller and left. An unfortunate trouble in which the family became involved was the cause of their departure.

Rev. J. C. Wright, the Pastor of the Baptist Church at this place, and the Talmage of the South, has fitted up a neat studio over Graham's store. He has an extensive library and is a regular *knowledge miner.*

Dr. Christian of Blue Eye, Talladega county, has moved his family to town, and occupies the late dwelling of Mr. Miller, which he purchased some time since. He comes principally for the purpose of schooling his children. We give him a hearty welcome.

"Merchant" professes to be posted in law, and says there is no necessity for an inquest in cases like that of Dr Slaughter. We beg leave to differ with him As we understand it, it was a case in which an inquest is imperitively demanded. Why not?

Major Abner Williams, Selma's prince of Cotton Factor's, after a pleasant visit of several days to his family at this place, returned to Selma on the 27th ultimo.

The Small Pox scare and excitement has entirely vanished, and the doctors have quite a surplus of vaccine virus left on their hands.

With kindest regards and good luck to "Merchant."

PHIL OSOPHER.

Roll of Honor.

The following named persons were inadvertantly omitted from the roll of honor published last week.

Mark Driskill	T R Ward,
E B Dickinson	Wm Rice.

The following named persons have paid subscription since publication of roll of honor last week.

J B Broughton jr. for	J F Stricklin,
J F Davis	W B Green,
Mrs R R Ledbetter,	S G Wright,
J R McElrath,	J A Nixon,
J A Richardson,	T H Arnett,
Robert Thomas,	W B Bonds.
J W Riddle.	

Births and deaths in Calhoun County from July 1st to Dec. 31st. 1881.

BIRTHS.

Whites, Males	123
Whites, Females	122
Colored, Males	39
Colored, Females,	28
Total Births	312

DEATHS.

Whites, Males	65
Whites, Females	62
Colored, Males	23
Colored, Females	33
Total deaths	183
Death under 5 years of age,	
Whites	50
Colored	25

J. Y. NESBIT, M. D.
Health Officer for Calhoun county.

Mr. Walter Dean is at Tate Springs for the recuperation of his health, which was somewhat impaired by over work.

List of Letters Remaining in the Post-Office.

J H Briant, R S Brown, M L Campbell, B H Fambrough, Hereys Green, Charlie Lister, J R Loyd, Jim McCully, S H Mellow, & Co., Jasper Matthews, Jas. W. Prickett, Eliza Reynolds, J M Steegers, Miss Alice Walker.

A. E. Frank, P. M.

General Hulbert has been fully exonerated from the grave charges brought against him by the correspondence of Secretary Stanton, just published at Chicago.

The Color and Lustre of Youth are restored to faded or gray hair by the use Parker's Hair Balsam, a harmless dressing highly esteemed for its perfume and purity. feb18

SPECIAL COLUMN.

NOTICE

The firm of LEDBETTER BROS. & CO. is this day dissolved., T. A. Wiggs having withdrawn. The business will be continued as before, under the old firm name of Ledbetter Bros., as successors, who will settle up all the old business.

We would respectfully ask all who are indebted to us on last year's business to come forward and settle either by cash or good note.

Thanking our friends for past favors and hoping, by prompt and fair dealing, to retain a liberal share of their patronage, we are

LEDBETTER BROS.
march4—3t

ELECTION NOTICE.

Council Chamber,
JACKSONVILLE, ALA.
Feb. 27, 1882.

It is ordered by the Town Council of the Town of Jacksonville that an election for Mayor and Aldermen of said town for the year 1882-3 be held in the court house on Saturday, the 1st day of April, 1882; and for the purpose of carrying out said election, W. A. Driskill, J. J. Skelton and Thomas Brittain are appointed managers, and R. L. Arnold and W. E Hammond Clerks, and R. H. Gidley, returning officer.

JNO. M. CROOK, Mayor.
march4—4t

MONEY TO LEND ON COTTON.

Parties in Calhoun who raise as much or more than 25 bales of cotton can borrow money of the Real Estate and Loan and Banking Co. of Alabama, at much less than bank rates Apply to STEVENSON & GRANT. feb25-2t

OXFORD, ALA.
Notice.

Notice is hereby given that A. V. Mathis has this day withdrawn from the firm of Mathis & Co, and that G. H. & J. F. Mathis will continue the business under the firm name of Mathis & Co., and will settle up all the old business of said firm. This 1st day of Feb. 1882.

G. H. MATHIS,
J. F MATHIS,
feb18—3t A. V. MATHIS,

Notice is hereby given to Justices of the Peace and Notaries Public of Calhoun County that I have been legally appointed acting Coroner of the county, and feel fully competent to perform all the duties of the office. They are therefore respectfuly requested not to act for me in any case.

Respectfully,
RUFUS ALEXANDER.
feb18—3t Acting Coroner

FOR SALE.

A new CAMPBELL CYLINDER PRESS and newspaper outfit in type material and fixtures, all new and first class. Will be sold separately if desired. For particulars address A McHan. Chattanooga, Tenn. feb11—3t

IT IS A WELL KNOWN FACT

among physicians that Buchu Juniper and Parera Brava in combination are the best remedies in the world for any disease of the Bladder or Kidneys, and that not less than one half of the human family, both male and female, suffer from derangement of those organs, and neglect or failure to use proper remedies hurry many to untimely graves. Numerous combinations have been tried for Gravel, Brick Dust Dposits, Brights Disease, Weakness in Back and Hips, produced by derangement of Bladder and Kidneys, but none with such happy results as Rankin's Extract of Buchu and Juniper. If you suffer from any disease of those organs, get a bottle—one or two will relieve you.

Prepared only by Hunt, Rankin & Lamar, Atlanta, Ga., and sold by Druggists generally. feb1—2m

East Tennessee, Virginia
—AND—
GEORGIA RAILROADS,
Forms the quickest and most comfortable route to

Eastern Cities,
—AND—
ONLY ROUTE
—TO THE—
Watering Places
—OF—
East Tennessee and Virginia

The principal Inducements are
SPLENDID SCENERY, QUICK TIME, THROUGH CARS.

The only line passing through the mountainous regions of East Tennessee and Virginia. Through cars run from Selma to Bristol without change. For information address,

JAS. R. OGDEN, G. P. A., Knoxville.
RAY KNIGHT, A. G. P. A., Selma.

SELMA DIVISION.

Going North.		Going South.
Lv. 6.35 a m	Selma,	Ar. 8 50 p m
" 9.45 a m	Calera,	Lv. 5.43 p m
" 1.02 p m	Jacksonville,	" 2.20 p m
" 4.05 p m	Rome,	" 11.15 p m
" 6 20 p m	Dalton,	" 9.30 p m
" 8.25 p m	Cleveland,	" 7.40 p m
" 11.40 p m	Knoxville,	" 3 35 p m
Ar. 4.50 a m	Bristol,	" 10.20 p m

ALABAMA CENTRAL DIVISION.

Westward.		Eastward.
Lv. 4.00 p m	Selma,	Ar. 10.30 a m
" 5.50 p m	Uniontown,	Lv. 8.31 a m
" 7.02 p m	Demopolis,	" 7.16 a m
" 8.45 p m	York,	" 5.40 a m
" 9.20 p m	Lauderdale,	" 5.06 a m
Ar. 10 00 p m	Meridian,	" 4.20 a m

Mail Train North connects with Rome R R at Rome for Atlanta, and at Dalton with W & A R R for Chattanooga, and points North; at Bristol with N W road for all Eastern cities Accommodation train leaves Selma at 3.00 p m. connecting with L & N at Calera for all Western cities; arrives at Selma 9.30 a m. Mail train South connects at Calera with L & N for Montgomery, and at Meridian with N O and V & M roads for Mobile, New Orleans and Vicksburg.

JNO. M. BRIDGES, Supt.
RAY KNIGHT.
Gen. Ticket and Passenger Ag't
Selma, Ala.
jan 29, 1882

NOTICE.

TO THE

Farmers of Calhoun County.

I am receiving and will keep on hand for sale, at Weaver's Station, Anniston, Greensport and Jacksonville, the old Premium Potapsco Guano, which has on all occasions, in tests carefully made, proved to have no equal.

I have handled the old Potapsco for eight years past, and have not ever been able to supply the demand. I handled last season 247 tons, and could have sold smartly more in the county, had we been able to furnish it. The results are uniformly satisfactory. I seldom have any complaint of Potapsco Guano, or Potapsco Acid Phosphate, which I have in stock at all the above named places. I deem it unnecessary to offer any comment on these Fertilizers, as their use for eight years have established their value in diversified husbandry. I guarantee the qualities for the present season to be fully up in grade in Phosphoric Acid, Nitrogenous matter and Potash, to any Fertilizers offered to the trade.

The Potapsco Guano and Acid Phosphate have the analysis branded upon each bag, which the manufacturers authorize me to guarantee The entire stock that we offer for sale is fresh, and has not been flooded by overflow on the river.

Prices for this Season.

Potapsco Guano, time Oct. 15th next, solvent paper $75 per ton. Cotton option of 500lbs middling grade cotton. Cash on delivery $45.

Potapsco Acid Phosphate on time until the 15th of October next on approved paper $63.75 per ton, with cotton option of 425lbs middling grade cotton Cash on delivery $32.50

Cotton option will not be exteded after the maturity of said notes.

I would respectfully refer to Mr. J. W. Whitesides, William Whitesides, Nathan Clark, D. G. Clark, William Hubbard, Jas. Turk, Gus Ford. J. E. Williams, W. D. Bush, John Wakefield, Charles Loyd, T. H. Clements, Jas. Hagan, E. N. Weaver, E. T. Clark, H. J. Dean, Samuel Crook, S. J. Woodruff, Irvin Martin, G. B. Skelton, Frank Hanna, William Edmonson, and Mr. Peterson, the plow man, as to the results from year to year,

The stock will be kept up during the season at Jacksonville, Weavers Station, Anniston and Greensport.

All orders addressed to me at Alexandria, D. F. Weaver, Weavers Station, D. Z. Goodlett, Jacksonville, Jas. Hagan, Greensport, or T. H. Hopkins, Store manager at Anniston, and W. J. Edmondson, Anniston, will be thankfully received and shall have prompt attention.

We thank you for your patronage in the past, and hope to share the same this season.

Very respectfully, your obt servt.,
W P. COOPER, Agent.

GUANO TEST.

ALEXANDRIA, ALA., Jan. 14, 1882.

Last Spring I was having a conversation with one of the largest dealers in Guano in Calhoun county, when he made what, I afterward thought, was a wise suggestion. It was as follows: That all of the Guano dealers in the country would authorize some good representative farmer to go, at will, to their stocks of Guano and draw from each brand a sample for test on the same soil, and the same season and year, giving each a fair test. I concluded, after thinking the matter over, that such an experiment might be worth something to the farmers, and would, at least, show up the results, and their differences in our soil. So I procured the same amount of the different named fertilizers from gentlemen who were agents for same, with the understanding that I was to publish the final results, which was agreed to by all.

The soil selected was chosen, so that it would well represent the gray, gravelly, red mulatto and alluvial sandy soils of Calhoun county. Rows 70 yards long, and beginning by number with stake drove down, and name wrote upon each, of the kind of Guano used; and the same was kept noted in a memorandum book.

The land was furrowed with two horses and a stout shovel plow deep; Guano strewed at the rate of 200 lbs per acre; bedded on as usual, and planted on fresh beds about the 20th April. The plat was worked as usual, and by the same hand, and great care was taken to have precisely the same stand left so the test would be fair. I did the work myself, and I picked and weighed the cotton correctly on the same days, and I give you the result of each row, naming the fertilizer used.

1st. Long's Chemicals composted yield 13 lb, or at the rate of 960 lbs. per acre.
2nd. Long's Chemicals—Alum—11½, or at the rate of 810 lbs. per acre.
3rd. Plow Brand 12½ lbs., or at the rate of 840 lbs. per acre.
4th. Martin's 12 lbs., or at the rate of 840 lbs. per acre.
5th. Meryman's 13 lbs., or at the rate of 910 lbs. per acre.
6th. Soluable Pacific 13½ lbs., or at the rate of 945 lbs. per acre.
7th. Monarch 14 lbs., or at the rate of 980 lbs per acre.
8th. Farmer's Friend 14½ lbs, or at the rate of 1015 lbs. per acre.
9th. Sea Gulf 15 lbs., or at the rate of 1050 lbs. per acre
10th. South American 14 lbs., or at the rate of 980 lbs. per acre.
11th. Blank.
12th. Gosipian 16 lbs., or at the rate of 1120 lbs per acre.
13th. Zell's 16½ lbs., or at the rate of 1137 lbs. per acre.
14th. Mastodon 16 lbs., or at the rate of 1120 lbs. per acre
15th. Peruvian and Raw Bone 16 lbs, or at the rate of 1120 per acre.
16th. Potapsco Guano 17½ lbs., or at the rate of 1225 lbs. per acre.
17th. Stable manure usual amount 16 lbs. or at the rate of 1120 per acre.
18th. Leached Ashes, heavy, 15 lbs., or at the rate of 1050 lbs. per acre.
19th. Scales & Lawson's Amoniated Bone 16 lbs., or at the rate of 1120 lbs. per acre

The above shows a very large difference in results—for instance, Potapsco Guano gave at the rates of 1225 lbs. seed cotton per acre, Plow Brand 840—385 lbs. difference That at 3c. per lb. would amount to $11.55 per acre.

The Farmers of Calhoun county can figure from the above and easily satisfy themselves as to estimates and results.

I have long been of the opinion that many of the Brands of so-called Fertilizers were of low value, and often fail to remunerate the planter; and if our farmers will buy and use them they ought to so organize themselves, at least to protect themselves, which could be easily done in each neighborhood Every year let a good, careful man make these experiments with all the Guanos sold in the county, and publish the results, and this will drive the worthless brands off the market. But experiments must be made the same year and in the same soil, side by side. This report has been made in conformity to the agreement, made early in the spring of 1881.

SAMUEL E. DOWDLE.
feb4—3m

CALHOUN COLLEGE,
Male and Female.

The next term will begin Monday, January 9, 1882, and will continue six scholastic months.

W. J. BORDON, Prof. Mathematics, Natural and Moral Science, &c.
G. B. RUSSEL, Prof. Eng., Latin and Greek Languages, Literature, &c.
Mrs. IDA WOODWARD, Instructress in the Primary Department.
Miss WILLIE BORDEN, Instructress on Piano and Organ.

TUITION—including all incidental expenses—$1.25, $2.25, $3 25 and $5 25 per month. Music, Instrumental, $5.00 per month, payable in advance. Local pupils can pay monthly.

Good Board can be had at reasonable prices.

The course of instruction in this Institution is thorough and practical. The regulations formed for the mental and moral improvement of the pupils are mild and parental, and will be rigidly enforced.

For further particulars address either, Jacksonville, Ala.

W. J. BORDEN,
G. B. RUSSELL,
dec17—tf Associate Principals.

SCHOOL.
WEAVER ACADEMY, MALE AND FEMALE.

First term of six months will begin January the 9th 1882, and close June the 23rd.

Second term of four months will begin August the 28th 1882 and close December the 15th.

GRADES.

Primary	$1.50 per month
Intermediate	2 25 " "
High School	3.00 " "

Board in good families at reasonable rates. For further particulars address
WATSON BRO'S.,
Weaver's Station, Ala.

FIRE INSURANCE.

I. L. SWAN AG'T,
JACKSONVILLE, ALA.
Four Good Home Companies to wit,

Georgia Home,	*Ga.*
Home Protection,	*Ala.*
Central City,	*Ala.*
Columbus Ins. and Banking Co.,	*Miss.*

May 1st, 1880.

JOE. A. WALDEN. W. W. WOODWARD
Walden & Woodward,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW,
Jacksonville, Ala.

Will practice in all the courts of the Circuit, and the Supreme Courts of the State. Prompt attention given to the collection of claims.

W. C. LAND,
WATCHMAKER,
—AND—
JEWELER.
Jacksonville, - - - Ala.

Also, agent for Meriden CT Table cutlery and silver and plated ware. Also agent for Elgin Watch co, and other American make May, 1st 1880

S. F. HOBBS,
NO. 40, Broad St. Selma. Ala.,
DEALER IN
Watches, Diamonds,
FINE JEWELRY, CLOCKS,
Silver and Silver Plated Goods of every style and grade.
—ALSO—
Pianos and Organs

From the best makers, sold at lowest rates and on easy terms.

If you desire to purchase an Organ or Piano for cash or on time, address us and prices and terms will be furnished. Instruments will be sent on trial, to be returned, if not satisfactory.

☞Watch Repairing and Engraving Specialities☜ may14ly

FRANK W. BOWDON, ROBT. L. ARNOLD
BOWDON & ARNOLD,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW
—AND—
Solicitors in Chancery,
JACKSONVILLE, ALA.

Will practice in all the Courts of the Circuit, U. S. Dist. Court and Supreme Court of the State April 24, 1880

Free to Everybody!
A BEAUTIFUL
BOOK
FOR THE ASKING.

By applying personally at the nearest office of the Singer Manufacturing Co. (or by postal card if at a distance) any adult person so will be presented with a beautifully illustrated copy of a new Book entitled

GENIUS REWARDED,
—OR THE—
Story of the Sewing Machine

containing a handsome and costly steel engraving frontispiece; also 28 finely engraved wood cuts, and bound in an elaborate blue and gold lithographed cover. No charge whatever is made for this hansome book, which can be obtained only be application at the branch and subordinate offices of the Singer Manufacturing Co.

THE SINGER MANUFACTUING CO.
Principal office, 34 Union Square,
une 18—1y New York.

LIVERY
—AND—
SALE STABLE

The Undersigned having bought the Hammond Livery Stable of Mr. Wilson, have entered upon their business and will be glad to serve the public.

We expect to keep Vehicles, Horses and Mules for sale, and are prepared to guarantee bargains in this line.

Our terms will be very reasonable and strictly cash.

Horses boarded at low rates. Give us your patronage and we will give you satisfaction Respectfully,

MARTIN & WILKERSON.
jan 15—tf.

Mountain Farm And Vineyard For Sale.

The undersigned will give a bargain in the fine fruit farm and vineyard on top of the mountain 1½ miles from Jacksonville known as the George White place.

STEVENSON & GRANT,
Real Estate Agents.

JOHN. T. MOYE,
Watchmaker and Jeweller,
—DEALER IN—
Watches, Clocks, Jewelry,
Musical Instruments, Spectacles, Silver Plated Ware, Etc.,
MAIN STREET, OXFORD, ALA.

☞Particular attention paid to repairing fine Watches and Jewelry. Sewing Machines repaired and warranted to work as good as new, Needles for all kinds of Sewing Machines on hand.☜ Ap. 2—1y

Fall Stock.
A. L. STEWART & CO.
Jacksonville, Ala.,
Have just opened out their Fall Stock of
DRY GOODS,

Including a new and elegant line of Prints, Zephers, Nubias, Shawls, Notions &c., &c. They pride themselves on their new, fine and fashionable line of

READY MADE CLOTHING.

Particular attention has been given to the selection of this department, and they can sell great bargains in fine Dress Goods. Buy nowhere until you see their Stock. They carry also a good line of

Staple and Fancy Groceries,
CROCKERY. &c.

Remember that you must come to A. L. Stewart & Co's for
BARGAINS,
sept24—tf.

JACKSONVILLE HOTEL
WEST SIDE PUBLIC SQUARE,
Jacksonville, Alabama.

Do not be deceived, but come to the "only Hotel," where you will find the best of cooks and servants, the best fare our county and money can afford Rooms newly fitted up and renovated. We will guarantee satisfaction. Our house will be first class in every respect. Sample room free. Give us a trial.

ROBT. ADAMS,
dec10—tf Proprietor.

CHRISTMAS GOODS,
Of every variety, at
CROW BROS.
A splendid lot of Fancy
Candies,
NUTS, RAISINS,
ORANGES, LEMONS, COCA NUTS, PINEAPPLES, &c.
GROCERIES
NEW ORLEANS MOLASSES,
(New crop,)
SUGARS, SYRUPS, RICE,

And almost everything else in the way of family supplies, and don't you forget it, but give us a call. dec10

J. W. COKER & CO.,
Commission Merchants,
—AND—
WAREHOUSEMEN,
ROME, GA.

Mr. Wright, formerly with Jno. C. Graham and Berry & Co., is a member of this firm. sept24—3m

JAMES HUTCHINSON,
Barber & Hair-dresser,

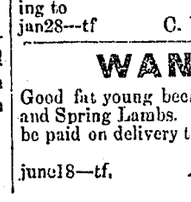
Room on Office Row, recently occupied by Dick Walker.

If you desire to have a pleasant and clean shave, or have your hair trimmed in neat and fashionable style, give him a call. Jacksonville, Apl. 20, 1878

WOODRUFF & NORTH,
Cotton Factors
—AND—
COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
SELMA, ALA.

sept17—tf.

PARKER'S GINGER TONIC



Parker's Hair Balsam
The Best, Cleanest, and Most Economical Hair Dressing. Never fails to restore the youthful color to gray hair.
50c. and $1 sizes.

Ginger, Buchu, Mandrake, Stillingia, and many of the best medicines known are combined in Parker's Ginger Tonic, into a medicine of such varied powers, as to make it the greatest Blood Purifier and the Best Health & Strength Restorer Ever Used. It cures Rheumatism, Sleeplessness, & diseases of the Stomach, Bowels, Lungs, Liver & Kidneys, & is entirely different from Bitters, Ginger Essences and other Tonics, as it never intoxicates. Hiscox & Co., Chemists, N. Y. Large Saving Buying Dollar Size.

REAL ESTATE AGENCY.

If you want to purchase or sell lands upon favorable terms, call on or write to

JNO. M. CALDWELL,
REAL ESTATE AGENT,
Jacksonville, Ala.

☞No charge for examination of titles where there is either sale or purchase. aug13—t

H. L. STEVENSON. L. W. GRANT
STEVENSON & GRANT,
Real Estate Agents
JACKSONVILLE, ALA.

☞Real estate bought and sold.—Books open at law office of Mr Stevenson

LAND FOR SALE.

Thirteen and one third acres of good arable land can be bought on reasonable terms, and a clear title given, by applying to
jan28—tf C. W. BREWTON.

WANTED

Good fat young beef cattle—Fat Sheep and Spring Lambs. A liberal price will be paid on delivery to
N. BOYER,
junc18—tf. At Anniston, Ala.

TRADE **S.S.S.** MARK

PERRY, GA., April 14, 1879.

I have watched the use of the medicine now known as "Swift's Syphilitic Specific" over fifty years, and have never heard of a failure to cure when properly taken. I commenced the use of it on my slaves, between 1850 and 1855, as also did a number of my neighbors and in every case that came within my knowledge it effected a cure. In 1835 Geo. Walker bought at auction a slave not warranted. After the purchase it was discovered that he had had syphilis for twelve years. His head was without hair on it. He treated him with this remedy, and in four weeks he was sound and well, and in a short time had as fine a head of hair as was ever owned by a negro. He owned this slave many years, and he never had any return of the disease, nor lost a day's work.

H. L. DENNARD.

☞Price of regular size reduced to $1.75 per bottle—small size $1

The SWIFT SPECIFIC COMPANY, Proprietors, Atlanta, Ga., Sold by Druggists everywhere. Call for a copy of "Young Men's Friend." feb1—2m

HORSE BOOKS
Dirt Cheap!

Some months back we ordered several hundred volumes of a valuable Horse Book, to be used as premiums to subscribers. The time for which we offered the book as a premium expired and left a number of the books on our hands. To clear them out, we will sell them below cost. The book contains ninety-one pages and is copiously illustrated. It is full of valuable receipts for the treatment of diseases of the horse. It has been largely sold in this county for fifty cents. We will sell it for TEN CENTS at this office, or FIFTEEN CENTS when ordered by mail. Parties ordering by mail may pay in postage stamps. Addre s,

REPUBLICAN OFFICE,
Jacksonville, Ala.

☞Write your name and post office plainly.

NOTICE FARMERS.

Messrs. Stevenson & Grant have perfected an arrangement with a New York House by which they can fill orders for first-class Agricultural Machinery. See them before you order. The House they represent, and whose goods they will handle is one of the largest in the North, and their prices defy competition. If you want a steam engine, hay press, Cotton press, reaper, mower, sulkey plow, or anything, call on them. oct8—tf.

MULES! MULES!!

Mr. W. A. Robinson, of Tennessee, who has visited this place four seasons with mules and horses, will have a drove at the Livery Stable of Martin & Wilkerson from the 26th inst. to February 1st. jan21-3t

Tax Assessor's Notice.
First Round.

I will attend the places mentioned, at time stated, for the purpose of assessing the State and county tax for the year 1882.

Precinct No. 11, White Plains,
Monday, Febru y 13, 1882.
" No. 12, Davisville,
Tuesday, February 14, 1882.
" No. 17, DeArmanville,
Wednesday, February 15, 1882.
" No. 13, Oxford,
Thursday, February 16, 1882.
" No. 15, Anniston,
Friday, February 17, 1882.
" No. 4, Gunaway's Schoolhouse,
Saturday, February 18, 1882.
" No. 14, Sulphur Springs,
Monday, February 20, 1882.
" No. 5, Polkville,
Tuesday, February 21, 1882.
" No. 6, Peck's Hill,
Wednesday, Feb. 22, 1882.
" No. 7, Hollingsporth's,
Thursday, Feb. 23, 1882.
" No. 8, Green's Schoolhouse,
Friday Feb. 24, 1882.
" No. 1, Jacksonville,
Saturday 25, 1882.
" No. 9, Cross Plains,
Monday Feb. 27, 1882.
" No. 16, Ladiga,
Tuesday, Feb. 28, 1882.
" No. 10 Rabbit Town,
Wednesday, March 1, 1882.
" No. 3, Jane Bug,
Thursday, March 2, 1882.
" No. 3, Weaver's Station,
Friday, March 3, 1882,
" No. 2, Alexandria,
Saturday, March 4, 1882.

All persons will please bring with them a list of their property with valuation annexed

A. B. LEDBELTER,
jan14-td Tax Ass'r Calhoun Co.

IMPORTANT.

I have some No. 1 mules for sale at Jacksonville,
feb1—3t J. M. CROOK.

PAY UP.

AGRICULTURE.

RAISING COWS FOR THE DAIRY.—In the best dairy regions of the country but very few calves are raised. Farmers who make a business of producing milk for supplying the city market or for the manufacture of butter and cheese generally state that it is more economical to keep up the size of their herds by purchasing cows than by raising them. They want to sell all the milk they can, and if they are obliged to feed calves, a large proportion of that produced is consumed at home. Land in regions long devoted to dairying is too costly to devote to raising stock, and the majority of dairy farmers desire to sell their cows when they begin to fall in their yield of milk, and to purchase these that are young and promising. The demand for good milk cows is increasing rapidly, and the prices paid for them are higher from year to year. As a rule a cow three or four years old, in ordinary flesh, but heavy with calf, or with a calf by her side, will sell for more than a steer of the same age that will weigh several hundred pounds more and is in a condition of fatness to furnish mess beef. The expense of raising the latter is much less than that of the former. In a part of the country where many animals are raised for beef, female calves sell for less than males and are in smaller demand. It will take less food to support them till a given age, owing to their smaller size. The steers must be well fed on corn in order to fit them for the market. The cows, however, if designed for the dairy, will require no more expensive food than grass and hay. Again, the market for dairy cows is nearer the homes of Western farmers than that for beef cattle. By selecting bulls of a family of shorthorns or Ayrshires, noted for the milking qualities, there is no more expense involved in breeding cattle for the dairy than for the slaughter-pen. The males can be raised for beef, and the females for producing milk. If it is the case, as it is not likely to be, that cattle bring more for slaughtering than for dairy purposes, the cows can be fattened.

MIXING OF CORN.—It appears from experiments that while some appearance of mixing in two sorts of corn takes place the first year, the complete crossing is apparent only the second year in the crop grown from these mixed ears. Every farmer is familiar with the variegated ears where two sorts of two colors are planted near each other. Prof. Beal reports an experiment where he planted an early, eight-rowed yellow dent, add through it a single row of yellow flint. Before flowering, the tassels of the flint corn were all cut off, making impregnation by the dent on this row a necessity. There was no trace on the ears of the flint of any crossing with the dent the first year. The next year, however, the flint corn showed all gradations from the dent to the flint. He reports some varieties as being less affected with crossing than others, and names the red or brown varieties as having the greatest fixity of type, which accords with our own observations. To prove the influence of climate and locality in changing corn without crossing, he says that the King Philip corn went to Kansas and in three years was sent back well marked with dent.

A CRACKED HOOF can only be repaired by new growth from the coronet, where the new horn is secreted. Horn consists of precisely the same elements as hair, and is really a solid, compact form of hair growth the hair of the skin ends where the growth of horn begins, and this goes on downward to repair the constant wear at the sole of the hoof-crust. But a crack in the hoof will always extend up into the new and weak growth because the horn is expanded by the pressure of the horse's weight upon the foot. To prevent this the sides of the crack must be supported and held together by some means. This may be done by boring holes through the horn on each side of the crack and putting horse shoe nails through and drawing the hoof together and clinching the ends of these nails on each side. The top of the crack should then be burned across so as to obliterate the opening and form a solid starting place for the new growth. The hoof should be kept soft and elastic by frequent dressings of equal parts of glycerine and water.

HOME MADE FERTILIZERS.—For potatoes—Irish or sweet—work well together sulphate of potash, 550 pounds; ground bone, 100 pounds; sulphate of ammonia, 200 pounds; oil of vitriol, 40 pounds; land plaster, 120 pounds; sulphate of soda, 40 pounds; making in all 1,050 pounds; For onions—Sulphate of ammonia, 210 pounds ground bone, 150 pounds; oil of vitriol, 60 pounds; sulphate of potash 250 pounds; and land plaster, 128 pounds, making in all 800 pounds. For turnips, —Ground bone, 100 pounds; oil of vitriol, 40 pounds sulphate of ammonia, 275 pounds; sulphate of potash, 600 pounds; land plaster, 150 and sulphate of soda, 35 pounds; the total amount being 1,100 pounds. For peas—Muriate of potash, 90 pounds; sulphate of ammonia, 250 pounds; ground bones, 100 pounds; oil of vitriol, 40 pounds; sulphate of soda 60 pounds; land plaster, 170 pounds making in all 700 pounds.

MIXED FEED.—One of the points in favor of the much praised ensilage is that animals eat it with relish. No food, however rich it may be in good elements, will prove profitable if the farm stock cannot be made to take to it kindly It is on this account that a mixing of feed has been so successful. Sameness palls upon the appetite—a change of diet encourages and sharpens it. A few roots cut, or better, pulped and given to the animals, will make them eat the corn fodder or cut straw with all the greater relish. Try and make a little change in the diet of the animals, even though it be only once a week, with some roots, potatoes, apples, etc.; it will pay.

WHEN young poultry have been allowed to contract the habit of roosting in the trees, no time should be lost in breaking them of it. Confinement to the poultry house for a day or two will generally effect a cure. Get your dust baths ready for winter. Sand and finely-sifted coal ashes, with a pound of sulphur to each bushel of the mixture is the best. This should be put in large boxes, and kept out of the rain. Whitewash the houses, putting in a gill of crude carbolic acid, and a pint of common kerosene oil to each pailful of slacked lime.

FARMERS are often at a loss how to clean an old pork barrel, making it fresh and sweet. We have seen the following plan commented: It is simply to fill the tainted cask or barrel with fresh earth; let it stand a couple of days, when this should be emptied out and more earth put in. After two or three days to make assurance doubly sure, burn out the barrel and burn under it some bits of cloth saturated with solutions of sulphur or brimstone.

OF all the poultry breeding the rearing of the goose in favorable situations is said to be the least troublesome and most profitable. It is not surprising, therefore, that the trade has of late years been enormously developed.

COVERING the bottom of a bin with a thick layer of powdered charcoal will help materially to preserve the flavor of potatoes and prevent sprouting.

WIT AND HUMOR.

CONTRAST.—"Why, good morning, I am delighted to see you. How could you come out in such cold weather, my dear?" was the greeting of a New Haven belle to her intimate friend yesterday. "It is indeed cold, but Emily de Mellvelle called for me and I thought I couldn't miss the opportunity for a morning walk." "How could you?" It is a mystery to me why you persist in being seen on the street with so very plain looking a person." "Ah, my dear, you do not appreteoei the value of contrast."

Two gentlemen, of opposite politics, meeting, one inquired the address of some political celebrity, when the other indignantly answered, "I am proud to say, sir, that I am wholly ignorant of it. "Oh, you are proud of your ignorance, eh, sir?" "Yes, I am" replied the belligerent gentleman, "and what then, sir?" "Oh, nothing, sir, nothing; only you have a great deal to be proud of, that's all."

Evansville, (Ind.) Journal.

Mr. Frank S. Mueller, 925 W. Franklin street, cited to a *Journal* reporter the case of Mr. Henry Rhenick, who for four years suffered with Rheumatism, which was cured by the use of two bottles of St. Jacob's Oil.

OUR torpedo service is said to be so good that no nation will dare to attack us. Thank fortune, in case of war, we can run our navy into the Erie canal and defend it with torpedoes.

SOME one writes that gored dresses are fashionable. Why, that's bully, ain't it? How do you know? It might have been a wronged she dress maker that done it.

ALWAYS ready to take a hand in conversation—Deaf and dumb people. Pickpockets, too, are sort of handy at getting up a controversy.

SENATOR EDMONDS is engaged in writing up the Mormons. If the government would take to righting them a little it would be a good job.

NOW that cool weather prevents St. Louis people from bathing in the Mississippi, Chicago people think the great river can be more easily improved

THE almanacs for 1882 are out. The crop is large and of somewhat original flavor. They have been shifting the positions of the jokes and illustrations.

THERE are prospects of the appointment of a Chinaman on the Philadelphia police force. A Chinaman can "sleepee topside door-step allee samee Melican man."

THE world is all a fleeting show, we say, but somehow we all wan't to see the show a little longer.

AN æsthetic poet, on being asked on his arrival at Brighton on what train he had arrived, replied, "By the two-two.

[Fon du Lac Commonwealth.]

Mr. S. Clark, one of Fond du Lac's oldest citizens, states: "I have used St. Jacob's Oil and am well satisfied that it is a splendid article to relieve pain, and that very quickly.

VON SUPPE is enough to write an opera, but it takes a number of supes to successfully produce it.

CALIFORNIA convicts are engaged in making bags. "Bagging" comes natural to them, undoubtedly.

GRATZ BROWN "feels it in his bones" that he will some day become President. It's the crazy bone, likely.

THE successful miner does not always work in vain. And he only strikes too heavy a load on payday.

The Chess-Board.

The game of four-handed chess is rapidly growing into favor and becoming a marked feature in club play. The points embraced in this singularly fascinating department of the royal game are as follows: Four-handed chess is played on a board composed of 160 squares, the extra squares being simply three rows of squares added to each of the four sides of an ordinary chess-board. In other words imagine a board of 14 by 14 squares, with a block of 9 squares cut out of each corner. Four sets of chessmen are employed, usually colored white, yellow, red and black, and placed on the two outer rows of the additional squares, one set being placed on a side of the board. The two light-colored sets, white and yellow, are placed opposite to each other, each being arranged like the white men on an ordinary chess-board. Similarly the red and black men are arranged, each being placed like the black men on an ordinary chess-board. The players opposite each other are partners and the moves are made as in the ordinary game, with, however, certain restrictions. Castleing is not allowed. The pawns can never move more than one square at a time. Pawns queen when they reach the royal line of an adversary, which can only be done by repeated captures. When pawns of partners meet one can jump over the other into the square beyond. When a pawn reaches the partner's royal line it still remains a pawn, but then has the power to move or capture backwards, and backwards only, until, should such be its destiny, it either becomes a queen by backwardly capturing itself into the adversary's royal line, or reach the original second row from which it started. A pawn that is on the back track should be marked in some way. A king can go freely in among his partner's men. It is not allowed to make a move which would leave the partner's king in check. The players move in rotation from right to left. If one player is checkmated or stalemated he loses his turn to play, but his men are not then subject to capture, but are like dead pieces of wood on the board. A player, however, can be released from checkmate or stalemate and then move as before. It is not allowed to take any of the men of a player on the move in which such a player is liberated. The game ends when two partners receive their quietus either by checkmate or stalemate. Victory, however, is only achieved when both adversaries are checkmated. If one partner checkmated and the other only stalemated, the game is drawn.

THE overstocking of land is one of the surest and quickest ways of ruining pastures. It is an every day thing with many farmers, who cannot be made to believe that they are getting the full benefit of a pasture unless the grass is eaten off a little faster than it has time to grow; consequently, all who put this method into practice always have bare pastures and poor cattle.

SOME large and important sales of Shropshiredown sheep, have recently been held in England. The sales were largely attended and highly successful. Some of the most famous rams brought astonishing prices, one of them going at 410 guineas ($2050). Prices ranged all the way down to a few dollars per head.

A REMARKABLE STATEMENT.

The Unusual Experience of a Prominent Man Made Public.

The following article from the *Democrat and Chronicle*, of Rochester, N. Y., is of so striking a nature, and emanates from so reliable a source, that it is herewith re-published entire. In addition to the valuable matter it contains, it will be found exceedingly interesting.

To the Editor of the Democrat and Chronicle:

SIR:—My motives for the publication of the most unusual statements which follow are, first, gratitude for the fact that I have been saved from a most horrible death, and secondly, a desire to warn all who read this statement against some of the most deceptive influences by which they have ever been surrounded. It is a fact that to-day thousands of people are within a foot of the grave and they do not know it. To tell how I was caught away from just this position and to warn others against nearing it, are my objects in this communication.

On the first day of June 1881, I lay at my residence in this city surrounded by my friends and waiting for death. Heaven only knows the agony I then endured, for words can never describe it. And yet, if a few years previous, any one had told me that I was to be brought so low, and by so terrible a disease, I should have scoffed at the idea. I had always been uncommonly strong and healthy, had weighed over 200 pounds and hardly knew, in my own experience, what pain or sickness were. Very many people who will read this statement realize at times that they are unusually tired and cannot account for it. They feel dull and indefinite pains in various parts of the body and do not understand it. Or they are exceedingly hungry one day and entirely without appetite the next. This was just the way I felt when the relentless malady which had fastened itself upon me first began. Still I thought it was nothing; that probably I had taken a cold which would soon pass away. Shortly after this I noticed a dull, and at times neuralgic, pain in my head, but as it would come one day and be gone the next, I paid but little attention to it. However, my stomach was out of order and my food often failed to digest, causing at times a great inconvenience. Yet I had no idea, even as a physician, that these things meant anything serious or that a monstrous disease was becoming fixed upon me. Candidly, I thought I was suffering from Malaria and so doctored myself accordingly. But I got no better. I next noticed a peculiar color and odor about the fluids I was passing—also that there were large quantities one day and very little the next, and that a persistent froth and scum appeared upon the surface, and a sediment settled in the bottom. And yet I did not realize my danger, for, indeed, seeing these symptoms continually, I finally became accustomed to them, and my suspicion was wholly disarmed by the fact that I had no pain in the affected organs or in their vicinity. Why I should have been so blind I cannot understand.

There is a terrible future for all physical neglect, and impending danger usually brings a person to his senses even though it may then be too late. I realized, at last, my critical condition and aroused myself to overcome it. And, Oh! how hard I tried! I consulted the best medical skill in the land. I visited all the prominent mineral springs in America and traveled from Maine to California. Still I grew worse. No two physicians agreed as to my malady. One said I was troubled with spinal irritation; another, nervous prostration; another, malaria; another, dyspepsia; another, heart disease; another, general debility; another, congestion of the base of the brain; and so on through a long list of common diseases, the symptoms of all of which I really had. In this way several years passed, during all of which time I was steadily growing worse. My condition had really become pitiable. The slight symptoms I at first experienced were developed into terrible and constant disorders—the little twigs of pain had grown to oaks of agony. My weight had been reduced from 207 to 130 pounds. My life was a torture to myself and friends. I could retain no food upon my stomach, and lived wholly by injections. I was a living mass of pain. My pulse was uncontrollable. In my agony I frequently fell upon the floor, convulsively clutched the carpet and prayed for death. Morphine had little or no effect in deadening the pain. For six days and nights I had the death-premonitory hiccoughs constantly. My urine was filled with tube casts and albumen. I was struggling with Bright's Disease of the Kidneys in its last stages.

While suffering thus I received a call from my pastor, the Rev. Dr. Foote, rector of St. Paul's Church, of this city. I felt that it was our last interview, but in the course of conversation he mentioned a remedy of which I had heard much but had never used. Dr. Foote detailed to me the many remarkable cures which had come under his observation, by means of this remedy, and urged me to try it. As a practicing physician and a graduate of the schools, I cherished the prejudice both natural and common with all regular practitioners, and derided the idea of any medicine outside the regular channels being the least beneficial. So solicitous, however, was Dr. Foote, that I finally promised I would waive my prejudice and try the remedy he so highly recommended. I began its use on the first day of June and took it according to directions. At first it sickened me; but this I thought was a good sign for one in my debilitated condition. I continued to take it; the sickening sensation departed and I was able to retain food upon my stomach. In a few days I noticed a decided change for the better as also did my wife and friends. My hiccoughs ceased and I experienced less pain than formerly. I was so rejoiced at this improved condition that, upon what I had believed but a few days before was my dying bed, I vowed, in the presence of my family and friends, should I recover I would both publicly and privately make known this remedy for the good of humanity, wherever and whenever I had an opportunity. I also determined that I would give a course of lectures in the Corinthian Academy of Music of this city, stating in full the symptoms and almost hopelessness of my disease and the remarkable means by which I have been saved. My improvement was constant from that time, and in less than three months I had gained 26 pounds in flesh, became entirely free from pain and I believe I owe my life and present condition wholly to Warner's Safe Kidney and Liver Cure, the remedy which I used.

Since my recovery I have thoroughly re-investigated the subject of kidney difficulties and Bright's disease, and the truths developed are astonishing. I therefore state, deliberately and as a physician, that I believe *more than one half the deaths which occur in America are caused by Bright's Disease of the Kidneys.* This may sound like a rash statement, but I am prepared to fully verify it. Bright's Disease has no distinctive symptoms of its own, (indeed, it often develops without any pain whatever in the kidneys or their vicinity,) but has the symptoms of nearly every other known complaint. Hundreds of people die daily, whose burials are authorized by a physician's certificate of "Heart Disease" "Apoplexy," "Paralysis," "Spinal Complaint," "Rheumatism," "Pneumonia," and other common complaints, when in reality it was Bright's Disease of the Kidneys. Few physicians, and fewer people, realize the extent of this disease or its dangerous and insidious nature. It steals into the system like a thief, manifests its presence by the commonest symptoms, and fastens itself upon the constitution before the victim is aware. It is nearly as hereditary as consumption, quite as common and fully as fatal. Entire families, inheriting it from their ancestors, have died, and yet none of the number knew or realized the mysterious power which was removing them. Instead of common symptoms it often shows none whatever, but brings death suddenly, and as such is usually supposed to be heart disease. As one who has suffered, and knows by bitter experience what he says, I implore every one who reads these words not to neglect the slightest symptoms of Kidney difficulty. Certain agony and possible death will be the sure result of such neglect, and no one can afford to hazzard such chances.

I am aware that such an unqualified statement as this, coming from me, known as I am throughout the entire land as a practitioner and lecturer, will arouse the surprise and possible animosity of the medical profession and astonish all with whom I am acquainted, but I make the foregoing statements based upon facts which I am prepared to produce and truths which I can substantiate to the letter. The welfare of those who may possibly be sufferers such as I was, is an ample inducement for me to take the step I have, and if I can successfully warn others from the dangerous path in which I once walked, I am willing to endure all professional and personal consequences.

J. B. HENION, M. D.

ROCHESTER, N. Y., Dec. 30, 1881.

A MYSTERIOUS Christmas gift: "Why, good morning. I haven't seen you since Christmas day. Did you have many presents?" inquired a New Haven belle of her caller. "Only a very few simple gifts, Cicily, dear. An embroidered sunflower from sister Beatrice, a hand-painted lily from cousin Kate, and oh, I nearly forgot, a beautiful gift from George." "And what was it?" "Well, never mind. You'll be one of the brides-maids." Thus the holidays brought happiness to one loving, trusting heart.

"No woman is worth looking at after thirty" said young Mrs. A., a bride with all the arrogant youthfulness of twenty-one summers. "Quite true, my dear," answered Lady D., a very pretty woman some ten to fifteen years older, "nor worth listening to before."

As a Cure for Piles

Kidney-Wort acts first by overcoming in the mildest manner all tendency to constipation; then, by its great tonic and invigorating properties, it restores to health the debilitated and weakened parts. We have hundreds of certified cures, where all else has failed. Use it and suffer no longer.—*Exchange.*

TURN and turn about: "No, I shall leave my wife nothing," said old Gribbs; "she always had her will, and now I'll have mine."

GOT his answer: "Young Tompkins (thinking to take a rise out of Pat), "Why, you've got that paper upside down, Paddy!" Pat. "Bedad! any fule could rade it the other way oop!" (Calmly goes on with his readieg.)

Taken Out of Bed.

DR. R. V. PIERCE, Buffalo, N. Y.: *Dear Sir*—I have to thank you for the great relief received from your "Favorite Prescription." My sickness had lasted seven years, one of which I was in bed. After taking one bottle I was able to be about the house.

AMANDA A. ENNIS, Fulton, Mich.

SOME one says talk is cheap. It is not when it comes in the extra session of the Legislature, and must be paid for by the State.

A VERY polite notice in a sawmill reads, "Do not handle the buzz saw while in motion." "Hands off,' would be more concise and quite as appropriate.

A MAN in the suburbs calls his wife "Shadow," because she continually follows him around. We take it for granted that he is afraid of his own shadow.

HAYESVILLE, Ohio, Feb. 11, 1880.
I am very glad to say I have tried Hop Bitters, and never took anything that did me as much good. I only took two bottles and I would not take $100 for the good they did me. I recommend them to my patients, and get the best results from their use.

C. B. MERCER, M. D.

"JOHN, is there much difference between a see and a saw?" "Yes; the difference between see and saw is in-tense."

I DECLARE," said Julia, "you take the words right out of my mouth." "No wonder; they are so sweet," said Henry. The day was set that evening.

THE man that says that women never invented anything should listen for a few minutes at the keyhole of the Sewing society.

FITS, FITS, FITS,
successfully treated by World's Dispensary Medical Association. Address, with stamp for pamphlet; Buffalo, N. Y.

A Curious Needle.

Among the rare treasures in the possession of Queen Victoria is a very curious needle that was made at the famous factory in Buckinghamshire. The needle is a miniature model of the Roman column of Trajan, but the scenes it depicts are not in the military exploits of Roman emperors, but some of the leading events in the life of Queen Victoria herself. There is one special interest, representing the princess as a young maiden at Tunbridge Wells, where, in simple girlish attire, with a straw hat shading the sweet, earnest face, she is receiving the water from the hands of an old woman, to whom she seems talking very pleasantly. Another scene is the coronation at Westminster Abbey, bearing date of June 28, 1838 In this scene are clearly depicted ten or twelve figures. Another scene is the queen's marriage, showing the royal bride and the prince consort, with the date, Monday, Febuary 10, 1840.

The figures in all these scenes are so extremely small that they can be scarcely made out with the naked eye, but by the aid of a magnifying glass, they appear clearly cut and beautifully distinct. This wonderful needle can also be opened, and it contains several others, all of the same form, and all are adorned with miniature figures in relief—each scene portraying some notable event in the life of England's noble and virtuous queen.

Closed In Harmony.

An Oil City young man was reading about recent doings in the Arctic regions, and his best girl was sitting near by watching the wagging of his moustache as the words rolled out. She was evidentally more deeply absorbed in the moustache than the story. He continued.

"She arrived at the mouth of the river Lena about three months ago. The Jeannette crushed—"

"What?" quickly asked the girl starting up.

"Jeannette was crushed by—"

"Oh, but was't that just too lovely! Only think, to be completely crushed!"

"What are you talking about dearest?" asked the young man in surprise.

"I was saying how grand it was to be crushed. Did you say it was Lena or Jeannette that was crushed?"

"Jeannette, of course,"

"Oh, how I wish I had been in the Jeannette's place,"

Then the pressure of busines necessiated turning down the gas, and the meeting closed in harmony.

—The ex-Empress Eugenie is in seriously broken health.

D. BULL'S COUGH SYRUP

MRS. LYDIA E. PINKHAM, OF LYNN, MASS.,

LYDIA E. PINKHAM'S VEGETABLE COMPOUND.

Is a Positive Cure

for all those Painful Complaints and Weaknesses so common to our best female population.

It will cure entirely the worst form of Female Complaints, all ovarian troubles, Inflammation and Ulceration, Falling and Displacements, and the consequent Spinal Weakness, and is particularly adapted to the Change of Life.

It will dissolve and expel tumors from the uterus in an early stage of development. The tendency to cancerous humors there is checked very speedily by its use.

It removes faintness, flatulency, destroys all craving for stimulants, and relieves weakness of the stomach. It cures Bloating, Headaches, Nervous Prostration, General Debility, Sleeplessness, Depression and Indigestion.

That feeling of bearing down, causing pain, weight and backache, is always permanently cured by its use.

It will at all times and under all circumstances act in harmony with the laws that govern the female system.

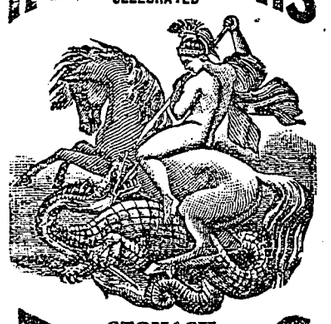
For the cure of Kidney Complaints of either sex this Compound is unsurpassed.

LYDIA E. PINKHAM'S VEGETABLE COMPOUND is prepared at 233 and 235 Western Avenue, Lynn, Mass. Price $1. Six bottles for $5. Sent by mail in the form of pills, also in the form of lozenges, on receipt of price, $1 per box for either. Mrs. Pinkham freely answers all letters of inquiry. Send for pamphlet. Address as above. *Mention this Paper.*

No family should be without LYDIA E. PINKHAM'S LIVER PILLS. They cure constipation, biliousness and torpidity of the liver. 25 cents per box.

Sold by all Druggists.

HOSTETTER'S CELEBRATED



STOMACH BITTERS

The name of Hostetter's Stomach Bitters is heard in every dwelling, it finds a place in every household, and its praises are sounded throughout the whole Western Hemisphere, as a general invigorant, a cure for sick headache, a specific for flatulency and sour stomach, an appetizing stomachic, an excellent blood depurent and certain remedy for intermittent fever and kindred diseases.

For sale by all Druggists and Dealers generally.

HOP BITTERS.

(A Medicine, not a Drink.)

CONTAINS

HOPS, BUCHU, MANDRAKE, DANDELION,

AND THE PUREST AND BEST MEDICAL QUALITIES OF ALL OTHER BITTERS.

THEY CURE

All Diseases of the Stomach, Bowels, Blood, Liver, Kidneys, and Urinary Organs, Nervousness, Sleeplessness and especially Female Complaints.

$1000 IN GOLD.

Will be paid for a case they will not cure or help, or for anything impure or injurious found in them.

Ask your druggist for Hop Bitters and try them before you sleep. Take no other

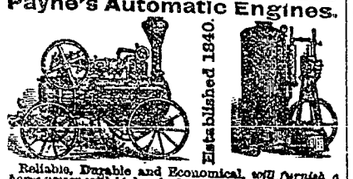
H. B. is an absolute and irresistible cure for Drunkenness, use of opium, tobacco and narcotics.

SEND FOR CIRCULAR.

All above sold by druggists.

Hop Bitters Mfg. Co., Rochester, N. Y., & Toronto, Ont.

Payne's Automatic Engines.



Established 1840.

Reliable, Durable and Economical, will furnish a horse power with ¼ less fuel and water than any other Engine built, not fitted with an Automatic Cut-off. Send for Illustrated Catalogue "J," for Information & Prices. E. W. PAYNE & SONS, Box 969, CORNING, N.Y.

FREE—A Musical Journal. Address, F. Brehm Erie, Pa.

Those answering an advertisement will confer a favor upon the advertiser and the publisher by stating that they saw the advertisement in this paper, naming the paper.

Water glass—silicate of soda—has recently been used in Germany for rendering the shells of eggs non-porous. A small quantity of the clear sirupy solution is smeared over the entire surface of the shell. On drying, a thin, hard, glassy film, remains, which serves as an admirable protection and substitute for wax, oil, gums, etc. Eggs thus coated and stored in charcoal-powder or a mixture of charcoal and bran would keep a very long time.

The sunshine of many a happy home has been turned into dark despair by the death of loved ones caused by neglected Colds. Dr Bull's Cough Syrup has saved innumerable lives by its timely use.

The average life of an English gold sovereign is about eighteen years—that is, the coin loses three-quarters of a grain in weight in about that length of time. It then ceases to be legal-tender. It is said that of the £100,000,000 of British gold coinage, 40 per cent. is worn down below the legal weight.

Snakes as Life Destroyers.

The loss of life in India due to the ravages of venomous snakes is almost incredible. Yet consumption, is as wily and fatal as the deadliest Indian reptile, is winding its coils around thousands of people while the victims are unconscious of its presence. Dr. R. V. Pierce's "Golden Medical Discovery" must be used to cleanse the blood of the scrofulous impurities, for tubercular consumption is only a form of scrofulous disease. "Golden Medical Discovery" is a sovereign remedy for all forms of scrofulous disease, or king's-evil, such as tumors, white swellings, fever sores, scrofulous sore eyes, as well as for other blood and skin diseases. By druggists.

Experiments were conducted a week or two ago in Chesterfield, England, with the view of ascertaining how the people would like the substitution of the electric light for gas to illuminate the streets. The British system was the one tested, and the corporation of Chesterfield are so well satisfied with it that they will probably adopt it.

Why Wear Plasters?

They may relieve, but they can't cure that lame back, for the kidneys are the trouble and you want a remedy to act directly on their secretions, to purify and restore their healthy condition. Kidney-Wort has that specific action—and at the same time it regulates the bowels perfectly. Don't wait to get sick, but get a package to-day, and cure yourself, Liquid and dry sold by all druggists.—*Germantown Telegraph.*

There is no ivory waste. Even the powder is sold for making jelly. It is said that one leading cutlery firm in Sheffield made a calculation that to supply themselves with the ivory needed for their business they needed 1,280 elephants every year, and that, with this number, the tusks were each estimated to weigh 23¾ pounds.

A World of Good.

One of the most popular medicines now before the American public, is Hop Bitters. You see it everwhere. People take it with good effect. It builds them up. It is not as pleasant to the taste as some other Bitters, as it is not a whiskey drink. It is more like the old-fashioned bone-set tea, that has done a world of good. If you don't feel just right try Hop Bitters.—*Nunda News.*

Professor Owen in an article lately published, questions whether man ever received a third set of teeth. He ascribes alleged cases cases to the reappearance of old and worn stumps in consequence of the shrinkage and absorption of the jaws.

Lydia E Pinkham's Vegetable Compound revives the drooping spirits; invigorates and harmonizes the organic functions; gives elasticity and firmness to the step, restores the natural lustre to the eye, and plants on the pale cheek of beauty the fresh roses of life's spring and early summer time.

Housewives will be interested in a new discovery. Instead of ironing clothes with a hot iron on a cold table, the garments would be better done up by using a cold iron on a hot table.

FROM observing the effects of Petroleum upon the heads of operatives at the wells came the shrewd Pittsburgher's great discovery CARBOLINE, a deodorized extract of petroleum, this is the only article that will produce new hair on bald heads. It never fails.

It is stated that the Chemin de Fer du Midi, in France, which has already ordered 60 locomotives from the Austrian States Railway Company's engine shops, is in negotiation for a like supply of similar quality during the next 10 years.

It is simply marvelous how quickly constipation, biliousness, sick headache, fever and ague, and malaria, are cured by "Sellers' Liver Pills."

BAD for the lovers: It is most trying weather. It is impossible to ask your girl to go on a sleigh ride. It's too dull and prosy sitting in the parlor with the sitting room door open and the old folks looking at you at just the right angle, and you positively can't afford an opera box more than once a week.

Elmira, N. Y. J. Thomas had a diseased foot. The blood and matter ran out from under his toe nails. "Lindsey's Blood Searcher" cured him.

A LOGICAL hired girl: A Main street lady remonstrated with a green girl who had washed a table dish in a wash basin. She nearly convulsed the whole family by replying: "Well mum, but I clanes the basin agin afore any person washes in it!"

Warner's Safe Kidney and Liver Cure.

A HORRID man: "I fear I have spoiled my beauty," said Laura, when she shut her nose in the door jamb. "Oh, that's nothing," replied Fogg, consolingly. Laura says she never did like that fellow.

CUTE fashion fact: Gloves will be worn as long as swallow tailed coats are in fashion. What in the world would gilded youths in swallow tails do if they could not keep buttoning and unbuttoning their gloves?

On Thirty Days' Trial.

The Voltaic Belt Co. Marshall Mich., will send their Electro-Voltaic Belts and other Electric Appliances on trial for thirty days to any person afflicted with Nervous Debility, Lost Vitality, and kindred troubles, guaranteeing complete restoration of vigor and manhood.

Address as above without delay.

P. S.—No risk is incurred, as 30 days' trial is allowed.

MESSRS. MORGAN & HEADLY, Mutual Life Building, Tenth and Chestnut street, have on hand a superb stock of extra fine quality Diamonds, which they offer at as low prices as stones of the first quality, purest alike in color and shape, can be sold for.

ALWAYS KEEP COOL

Remedy for this as well as other painful

WE'LL NAIL ITS COLORS TO THE

"Hello, Denny! what is the trouble? I'm all broke up," was the response to inquiry of an old shipmate of William ... ton, one of Farragut's war-worn veterans known in the southern section of this city ... came limping into the American office ... "I thought I would go under the table ... time," continued Denniston. "I never ... so much in my life. I had the rheumatism so bad that I could not get off the bed to foot to the floor, and would have been ... if a friend had not recommended St. Jacobs ... to me. I hesitated some time before ... bottle, thinking it was another one of those ... tised nostrums, but was finally induced to ... a trial, and a lucky day it was for me. ... bless my stars! after bathing the limb freely with the Oil I felt relief, and my faith was ... to St. Jacobs and his Oil after that. I feel ... that if it had not been for St. Jacobs Oil I ... in all probability, be still housed. My ... me but little, and the swelling has entirely ... away. It beats anything of the kind I have ... heard of, and any person who doubts it can ... to me at 1924 South Tenth st.—*Philadelphia*

KIDNEY-WORT

THE ONLY MEDICINE

IN EITHER LIQUID OR DRY FORM

That Acts at the same time on

THE LIVER, THE BOWELS AND THE KIDNEYS.

WHY ARE WE SICK

Because we allow these great organs become clogged or torpid, and poisonous humors are therefore forced into the blood that should be expelled naturally.

KIDNEY-WORT

WILL SURELY CURE

KIDNEY DISEASES,

LIVER COMPLAINT,

PILES, CONSTIPATION, RHEUMATISM, DISEASES, FEMALE WEAKNESSES AND NERVOUS DISORDERS,

by causing free action of these organs and restoring their power to throw off disease.

Why suffer Bilious pains and aches?
Why tormented with Piles, Constipation?
Why frightened over disordered Kidneys?
Why endure nervous or sick headache?

Use KIDNEY-WORT *and rejoice in health.*

It is put up in Dry Vegetable Form, in cans one package of which makes six quarts of medicine. Also in Liquid Form, very Concentrated for those that cannot readily prepare it.

It acts with equal efficiency in either form.

GET IT OF YOUR DRUGGIST. PRICE, $1.

WELLS, RICHARDSON & Co., Prop'rs, Burlington, Vt.

(Will send the dry post-paid.)

OVER 1,000,000 BOTTLES SOLD.

IT COUGHS, COLDS, HOARSENESS, CROUP, WHOOPING COUGH, ASTHMA, BRONCHITIS

SELLERS' COUGH SYRUP

25 Cts. A BOTTLE.

R. E. SELLERS & CO. —PITTSBURGH, PA.—

LINDSEY'S BLOOD SEARCHER THE GREAT TONIC AND LIFE PRESERVER

Engineering News

A 26-page weekly journal of Public Works, Civil Engineering, and Contracting; $4 per year; nine months.

SENT FREE FOR THREE MONTHS

to any person subscribing through us for one year to HARPER'S MAGAZINE WEEKLY OR BAZAR, HARPER'S MAGAZINE, OR ATLANTIC MONTHLY. Address GEO. H. FROST, 16 Tribune Building, New York.

N. B.—Please mention this paper.

DIARY FREE for 1882, with ... etc. Sent to any address on receipt of two ... Cent Stamps. Address, CHARLES E. ... N. Delaware avenue, Philadelphia.

SILVER WATCHES FREE

Every week Solid Silver Hunting-case Watches ... given away with The Boys' Companion, ... names of those who get watches are published ... week. It is the Best Boys' Paper in the World. ... 5 cents for a sample copy to

CHAMPION PUBLISHING CO. ... 104 William St., New York City.

Young Men If you want a ... a situation, address Valentine Boss, Janesville, Wis.

ALLEN'S BRAIN FOOD cures Nervous Debility, ... All weaknesses of Generative Organs, $1—all druggists. Send for circular. Allen's Pharmacy, ... Street.

WANTED GOLDEN Agents for the DAWN Or, LIGHT ON Great Future

the grandest thoughts of the world's greatest ... among whom are Bishops Simpson, Foster, ... Hurst and Foss, Joseph Cook, Dr. March, Dr. ... Dr. Cuyler, and others. Sales immense. ... culars. P. W. ZIEGLER & CO 915 Arch St. Phila.

PENSIONS TO ALL

Soldiers that were disabled by wounds, accident, or otherwise, the loss of a finger, ... piles, varicose veins, chronic diarrhœa, ... varicocele, loss of sight of one or both eyes, ... partially so, loss of hearing, disease of the ... falling back of the menses, rheumatism, or ... other disease or disability, given pensions. ... Widows, children, fathers, and mothers of ... dying in the service, or afterward, of disease ... wounds contracted in the service are entitled ... pension. I procure circular, blanks, and ... papers are free. New discharges obtained, ... fees. PENSIONS INCREASED. Now has ... dollars charged with desertion, or dishonorably ... charged are entitled to receive a pension. ... Increase of from $6 00 to $72 00 per month. ... dollars charged in any manner, and who have ... added in any manner, can have the same ... alty. Cash paid for all kinds of land warrants. ... Address (with stamp) B. F. Pritchard, box 31, Washington, D. C.

PATENTS procured for all new inventions—rejected cases taken up. ABANDONED AND RESERVED PATENTS procured. Address P. ...

$ A YEAR AND EXPENSES to Agents. Outfit free. Address P. VICKERY, Augusta, Me.

This Amazing Shoe Absorbent ... foot log in 2 minutes, and warrants ... best and cheapest that is made. ... will not be undersold if we know it. ... it. We want the address of every ... one who has cut legs, wood ... cut legs, wood ... ties. The person sending us such names can ... ar machine at wholesale price. Circular ... United States Manfg Co., Washington, D. C.

The Republican.

We were pleased to meet in our office Wednesday, Mr. Menko of Atlanta, father of one of the enterprising firm of Glaser Bros. & Co. of Germania.

Mr. Ross Whisenant has moved with his family to Jacksonville. He is a genial gentleman and quite an acquisition to Jacksonville, and we are glad to have him among us.

Mr. Tom Smith, editor of the Fort Payne Journal and son of Rev. J. J. Smith of St. Luke's Church of this place, has been visiting his father's family here this week. He has honored our office with frequent calls. The latch string of the Republican always hangs on the outside for Tom and other clever journelists of his stamp.

Mr. Menko instructs us to asy to the people of Calhoun county, that he will no longer, engage in a traffic which causes so much suffering in the country. He says he is heartily glad he is out of the business and thanks God for it, and what feeble influence he possesses shall be given for prohibition until the banner floats in triumph forever.

An interesting elocutionary and calisthenic exhibition was given by Miss Montgomery's school Christmas night The pupils gave evidence of high training in the art of elocution, and the recitations were appropriately chosen and excellently rendered. Little Floy Montgomery, only 6 years of age, was unanimously awarded the premium by the committee of judges.

"Tough on Chills,"

Cures 5 cases for 25 cts. in cash or stamps. Mailed by John Parham, Atlanta, Ga.

ENGLISH FEMALE BITTERS is intended for young girls as well as married ladies, who have by some exposure, become irregular, pale and feeble, with headache, leucorrhœa, pain in side and back, falling of womb, or female weaknesses or excesses. Its use strengthens and tones the stomach, invigorates the nerves, gives iron to blood, corrects irregular uterine action and removes unnatural obstructions.

FOAMING and sparkling *Bailey's Saline Aperient* is the cheapest and most delightful purgative in use. For dyspepsia and habitual constipation, it delights everybody.

MARRIED—At the M. E. Church, in this place, Sunday December 24th, by Rev. J. B Stevenson, Mr. C. J. Porter and Miss Annie Privett—both of Jacksonville.

At the conclusion of the interesting and beautiful ceremony the friends and relatives of the fair bride repaired to the residence of her father and partook of a rich and bountiful dinner spread in honor of the occasion The bride is one of Jacksonville's fairest and most amiable daughters. The happy groom is a young man of admirable business qualities and habits, and the union is a happy and auspicious one. Both have the best wishes of the Republican in the new and untried life they have entered upon.

Judging from the titles, the following pieces, sent us by O. Ditson & Co., Boston, are of the best They are "My mother's Old Home far Away," (30c) Song and chorus by Sumner.

"Last Evening," or "Abenlied," (30 cents) by R. Franz.

"Day of sweet Memories," Xmas Song, (40 cts.) by Dow.

"Awfully Sweet Upon Mary," (35c) Picture title, Song and Chorus by Percy.

"Drifting Apart," Song and Chorus. (40c.) Lithographic title by Keene.

"Mrs. Langtry Galop," (40c.) with Portrait, by Zikoff.

"Little Romance," (25c.) Piano piece by Strelezki.

"Queen of the Prairie March," (35c.) Lithograph title, by Mack.

"Flowret Forget-me-not," for Violin and Piano, (35c.) by Winner.

Any piece may be received for the above price, by mail.

The Republican office acknowledges with thanks, a Christmas present of a Goods box full of the choicest confections, segars etc., from the generous proprietors of the Germania Tanning Co's stores, at the hands of Mr. Menko. This company appreciate fully not only the advantages of advertising and heartily second Mr. Menko in his enterprise in this direction, but they appreciate as well the men who have devoted their lives to the "art preservative of all arts" and their letter complimentary of our calling will be preserved among the archives of this office. It is said they advertise *very* liberally. This is true, but it is no less true, as we are reliably informed, that the store is doing five times more business under the present management than heretofore. As remarked to us by one of the proprietors, they are not doing this advertising as an act of friendship to us and to put money in our pockets, but as a matter of business—because they find that it pays them to do it; may they continue to prosper. They are live, progressive men, and deserve success.

Calhoun College.

We hereby tender our most earnest thanks to the patrons of Calhoun College for their continued patronage and support during the last five and one-half years, and especially for their support and encouragement during the present session which closes, so successfully, today. The next session, (the 12th) will begin on the second Monday in January 1883, and will continue six scholastic months.

There will be no change of teachers, but additional ones will be supplied as the wants of the school may demand. The terms will be the same as for last session, with an exception in the primary department, and in this, special contracts will be made.

We want pupils, but we want only those who intend to become noble men and women. Those who intend to idle away their time in fun and frolic—who intend to spend their time in visiting or engaging in shows and concerts, are not wanted.

We trust you will find it to your interest to give us your patronage in the future as the past. Respectfully,

J. W. BORDEN,
Principal.

MARRIED.

COLLINS—WILLIAMS.

Married on the evening of the 25th of December, 1882, at the residence of the bride, Patona, Ala., by the Rev. G. B. Russell, Hon. J. K. Collins, of Knoxville, Tenn., and Mrs. M. E. Williams, of Patona, Ala.

MARION—REA.

Married on the 25th Dec. 1882, at Patona, Ala., by Rev. G. B. Russell, Mr. James H. Marion and Miss Georgia J. Rea, all of Calhoun county.

WILSON—BORDERS.

Married at the residence of Mrs. S. K. Borders, December 20th, 1882, by the Rev. J. C. Wright. Mr. F E. Wilson, of Talladega, and Miss Hattie G. Borders, of Oxford, Ala.

Joyous hearts in union blending,
Kneeling at the shrine of love,
Upward sweet incense sending,
Pure as that from heaven above.

DRAPER—NICHOLS.

Married at the residence of Prof. J. C. Wilson, of Lincoln, Ala., Dec. 21st 1882, by the Rev. J. C. Wright, Mr. Joshua Draper jr., of Oxford, Ala., and Miss Dora K. Nichols, of Griffin, Ga.

May the skies that bend o'er them.
Be cloudless and bright;
And each prospect before them,
A scene of delight.

CHAMBERS—ANDREWS.

Married by Rev. J. F. Potter, at the residence of the bride's father, on the evening of the 25th of December 1882, George T. Chambers and Miss L. V. Andrews, both of Calhoun county.

BELTON—DUFREESE

Married by Rev. J. F. Potter, at the residence of the bride's father, on the evening of the 26th of December, 1882, James N. Belton and Miss Charlie L. Dufreese, Calhoun county.

WRIGHT—WALKER.

Married on the 17th inst., by the Rev. H. A. Williams, Mr. C. C. Wright to Miss Elizabeth Walker.

AKINS—FOSTER.

On the 19th by the same, Mr. W. J. Akins to Miss Emma Foster. All of Calhoun county.

PHILIPS—LOYD.

On the 21st inst at the residence of the bride's father Mr. J. L. Philips to Miss Chalsie Loyd,

LANFORD—DICKIE.

Also at the residence of the bride's father, Mr. H. R. Lanford to Miss Mary Dickie.

We issue this week only a half sheet. This is done to afford all hands a little relaxation before commencing the duties of another year. We'll be all right next week.

Attention is directed to the Christmas story in another column. Its author is one of our most gifted young men.

The War Tax in the Insurrectionary States to be Refunded.

Washington, Dec. 23.—In 1862 congress passed an act authorizing the taxation of leases and sales of land in the insurrectionary states. Subsequently an amendment to this law was passed, providing that as the states became loyal, that is, as they conformed to the requirements of the reconstruction acts and recognized their state governments within the Union, this tax should be refunded in the following manner: One-half of the aggregate fund collected under this law was to go into the state treasury for general purposes, one-fourth was to be placed in the treasury for educational purposes, and the remaining one fourth was to be used to aid such freedmen as desired to do so, to emigrate to Africa or Liberia. The sum collected in all the southern states amounted to several hundred thousand dollars, and as the states are now all within the union, the comptroller of the treasury has for some time been considering whether he should distribute it under the law providing for its distribution in the contingency that has happened, or whether he shall advise with congress and ask for additional legislation. The question would probably have been decided to-day but for the request of a Mr Earle, representing South Carolina's claim, that he have a hearing before a decision is reached.

A CARD.

To all who are suffering from the errors and indiscretions of youth, nervous weakness, early decay, loss of manhood, &c., I will send a receipe that will cure you, FREE OF CHARGE. This great remedy was discovered by a missionary in South America, Send a self-addressed envelope to the REV. JOSEPH T. INMAN, Station D New York City.

NOTICE!

Application will be made to the the present legislature for a special act authorizing and empowering the township supt. of T. 13. R. 9. to sell certain school property in the town of Cross Plains, Calhoun county, and reinvest proceeds in other school property in said town for public school purposes.

D. C SAVAGE,
J. N. HOOD.
L. FERGUSON.

Dec. 23. 1882.

Trustee's Sale of Land.

By virtue of a deed of trust made by James Miller and Lucinda Miller of Calhoun county, Ala., on the 31st day Dec. 1880, to the undersigned as Trustee, to secure J. F. Davis and Son in the payment of a certain promisory note therein described, and which was filed for record in the Probate Judges office on the 23rd day of February, 1881, and recorded in Book "M" Register of Deeds and Mortgages, on pages 415, 416 and 417, I will proceed, on the 1st Monday in February next, to sell to the highest bidder for cash, in the town of Davisville, Calhoun county, Alabama, within the usual hours of sale, the following real estate or town lot as described in said deed of Trust, to wit: Town lot No. 3, in N W division of said town of Davisville, two acres, more or less, and being a part of Sec. 11, T. 16, R, 9 east, in the Coosa Land District, to satisfy said note and the interest that may be due thereon, at and upon the written request of said J. F Davis and Son, J. C. McDANIEL,
Trustee.

dec30—4t

OUR LOCAL COLUMN.

First Banner Exhibition.

On and after [illegible] of January 1883, we will sell [illegible] whiskey at our store. Our [illegible]ck of whiskies and bar fixtures [illegible]ered for sale at wholesale cash [illegible]

Hammonds' Sons [illegible] head quarters for Santa Claus. C[illegible]nd see.

Hammonds' Sons have the nicest line of Fruits and Fancy Groceries ever brought to this city.

WANTED—A tenter on my farm 3 miles below Jacksonville. L W GRANT

Five hundred pounds fancy candy just received at C. W. Brewton's.

Large lot fresh bottled Budweiser beer at JOHN RAMAGNANO'S

Cigars of the best brands at the counter of Robertson & Co Sep 9 tf

WANTED—Ten thousand bushels of cotton seed for which the highest market price will be paid. GERMANIA TANNING CO.

If you happen to want a specially pure brand of whiskey or brandy enquire for the bar of Robertson & Co. Sept 9. tf

100 barrels, very suitable for putting up sorghum syrup in, for sale, at from 75cts to $1.00 apiece. Apply to John Ramagnano.

Affable and polite bar keepers at the bar of Robertson & Co They understand the compounding of delicious drinks- Sept 9,tf

Robertson & Co, will spare no expense or pains to make their bar room popular with local and traveling customers. They are polite attentive and serve pure liquors. Sept 9. tf

Robertson & Co are making every preparation to make their bar and pool parlor more attractive than ever the coming fall and winter. They have on hand an excellent brand of liquors. Sept 9-tf

Notice to Farmers.

We are now selling Acid Phosphate for 400 pounds lint cotton payable next fall. HAMMONDS' SONS.

THIS IS THE LAST NOTICE.—All parties who owe for Guano had better bring in the cotton at once, and save trouble. dec9tf J. D. HAMMOND.

If you want a quiet game of pool you will find it only a few steps from the hotel back of the bar rom of Robertson &Co.Sep 9tf

A vigorous growth of hair is promoted and the youthful color restored by applying Parker's Hair Balsam.

Parties who have borrowed money from the Loan Association of Alabama must pay the interest on the same by the 1st Jan. to the bank of Corbin & Co., of New York. STEVENSON & GRANT.

A GOOD INVESTMENT.—My wife said I was a fool when I brought home a bottle of Parker's Ginger Tonic. But when it broke up my cough and cured her neuralgia and baby's dysentery she thought it a good investment.

Germania Tanning Company.

The Germania Tanning Company will pay the highest cash price for all kinds of hides, furs &c., at their Tannery and will buy iron, brass, copper and rags, at the store, in any quantity.

NOTICE.

The undersigned has all the notes and accounts of Dr. S. S. Linder for collection. Collections will be made in the quickest way. H. L. STEVENSON.

Something Nice.

A list of eatibles to be found at Crow Bros. at low figures:

White Tenness Krout, White Yankee Beans, Pearl Grits, Best Cream Cheese, Fresh Soda and Cream Crackers, Town Creek Flour, Bacon and Lard Mackerel in Kits, Mackerel in cans, fresh; Salmon, Sardines and Oysters, extracts of Lemon and Vanilla, Mince Meat, a large lot of Fancy and Stick Candy, Raisins, Currents Jelly, Anchor Baking Powders, which excels anything of the kind in the market pure Apple Vinegar, and many other things too numerous to mention. Give us a call and examine for yourself. dec9tf.

GERMANIA TANNING COMPANY.

NEW LIFE AT GERMANIA!!!

New Prices! New Goods!!

OUR MOTTO.

We sell goods cheap. They will sell, And honest trade and low prices will tell. Welcome everybody to Germania Tanning Company's Store.

We have just bought 100 Ladies' hats, very cheap, and receive them yesterday by express. We will sell them all trimmed, all colors, all styles, including "Æsthetic" hat from 50 cents to $5.00. We will sell them cheap, and the prettiest, the neatest, and the most fastidious can wear them with pleasure and pride.

Read our previous advertisements.

Advertising like talk we know is cheap, but we forfeit honor and money if we do not do all that we advertise.

Why Does Germania Sell So Cheap?

This is the answer. People say, you pay as much, gentlemen, for goods as other houses do Well, we don't intend to argue that point, though we claim buying for large stores, we buy more goods than anybody else, and as to whether we get them cheaper or not we don't care to say. But we do say this, our main business profits are Tannery. For this we bought the property.

Our total store expenses is comparitively nothing. We do say that we will sell you goods cheaper than you can buy them elsewhere; and remember we don't force anybody to buy

We tell you the truth and nothing but the truth and ask your inspection free of charge and see for yourselves.

We are strangers among you, but we have come to stay and make high prices pass away.

GERMANIA TANNING CO.

G. C. ELLIS, Jacksonville, Ala. W. W WHITESIDE, Oxford, Ala.

ELLIS & WHITESIDE,
Attorneys at Law
—AND—
SOLICITORS IN CHANCERY,

Will practice in all the Courts of Calhoun and adjoining counties. nov11-1y

W. J. PEARCE. R. B. KELLY.

PEARCE & KELLY,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW,
OXFORD, CALHOUN CO., ALA.

Will practice in the Circuit and Chancery Courts of Calhoun, Talladega, Cleburne and Clay Counties, and in the Supreme Court.

REFERENCES.—Isbell & Co., Bankers, Talladega, Ala., Draper, Son & Co, Bankers, Oxford, Ala., Capt. P. D. Ross, Clerk Circuit Court, Hon. A. Woods, Judge of Probate, Jacksonville, Alabama. oct4y1.

WM. J. BROCK,
ATTOREY AT LAW
OFFICE AT
Centre, Cherokee Co., Ala.

WILL attend to cases both in the Chancery and Circuit Courts of this Judicial circuit and Chancery Division and Supreme Court of the State. Collections promptly attended to.

JOS. A. WALDEN. W. W. WOODWARD

Walden & Woodward,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW,
Jacksonville, Ala.

Will practice in all the courts of the Circuit, and the Supreme Courts of the State. Prompt attention given to the collection of claims.

FRANK W. BOWDON, ROBT. L. ARNOLD

BOWDON & ARNOLD,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW
—AND—
Solicitors in Chancery,
JACKSONVILLE, ALA.

Will practice in all the Courts of the Circuit, U. S. Dist. Court and Supreme Court of the State April 24, 1880

S. D. G. BROTHERS,
ATTORNEY AT LAW
Jacksonville, Ala.

Will practice in all the Courts of this Judicial Circuit, and in the Supreme and Federal Courts. Collections promptly made. Office at former office of Col. Jas. Crook-aug5—1y.

REAL ESTATE AGENCY.

If you want to purchase or sell lands upon favorable terms, call on or write to

JNO. M. CALDWELL,
REAL ESTATE AGENT,
Jacksonville, Ala.

☞No charge for examination of titles where there is either sale or purchase. aug13—t

JAMES ROBINSON,
Barber & Hair-dresser,
Room on Office Row, recently occupied by Dick Walker.

If you desire to have a pleasant and clean shave, or have your hair trimmed in neat and fashionable style, give him a call. Jacksonville, Sept. 20, 1878

LOUISVILLE & NASHVILLE
RAILROAD,
THE GREAT SHORT LINE
—TO—
TEXAS
—AND—
The South West.
—RUNS—
THROUGH CARS
FROM CALERA TO
MOBILE AND NEW ORLEANS
Without Change, connecting in Union Depot at New Orleans with Through Cars for Texas.
This Line also runs
Through Cars
From Calera to
LOUISVILLE & CINCINNATI,
Making
DIRECT CONNECTIONS
At Nashville, Louisville an Cincinnati, for all points in the
NORTH & EAST.

For rates, time, etc., address Agent L. & N. R. R., Calera, Ala., or C. P. ATMORE, G. P. & T. A. Louisville, Ky. nov18-1y

PARKER'S
HAIR BALSAM.

This elegant dressing is preferred by those who have used it, to any similar article, on account of its superior cleanliness and purity. It contains materials only that are beneficial to the scalp and hair and always

Restores the Youthful Color to Grey or Faded Hair

Parker's Hair Balsam is finely perfumed and is warranted to prevent falling of the hair and to remove dandruff and itching. Hiscox & Co., N.Y. 50c. and $1 sizes, at dealers in drugs and medicines.

PARKER'S
GINGER TONIC

A Superlative Health and Strength Restorer.

If you are a mechanic or farmer, worn out with overwork, or a mother run down by family or household duties try Parker's GINGER TONIC.

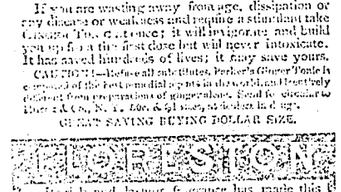
If you are a lawyer, minister or business man exhausted by mental labor or anxious cares, do not take intoxicating stimulants, but use Parker's Ginger Tonic.

If you have Consumption, Dyspepsia, Rheumatism, Kidney Complaints, or any disorder of the lungs, stomach, bowels, blood or nerves PARKER'S GINGER TONIC will relieve you. It is the Greatest Blood Purifier and the Best and Surest Cough Cure Ever Used.

If you are wasting away from age, dissipation or any disease or weakness and require a stimulant take GINGER TON IC; it will invigorate and build you up in a few days but will never intoxicate. It has saved hundreds of lives; it may save yours.

CAUTION—Refuse all substitutes. Parker's Ginger Tonic is composed of the best remedial agents in the world, and perfectly different from preparations of ginger alone. Send for circular to HISCOX & CO., N. Y. 50c. & $1 sizes, at dealers in drugs.

OUR OWN SAVING BUYING DOLLAR SIZE.



sept2—'82—1y

East Tennessee, Virginia
—AND—
GEORGIA RAILROADS,

Forms the quickest and most comfortable route to

Eastern Cities,
—AND—
ONLY ROUTE
—TO THE—
Watering Places
—OF—
East Tennessee and Virginia

The principal Inducements are SPLENDID SCENERY, QUICK TIME, THROUGH CARS.

The only line passing through the mountainous regions of East Tennessee and Virginia. Through cars run from Selma to Bristol without change.

On and after Oct. 9, 1882, trains will run as follows:

MAIL TRAIN DAILY

Going North.		Going South
Lv. 7.40 a m	Selma,	Ar. 7 30 p m
" 10.36 a m	Calera,	Lv. 4.40 p m
" 5.40 p m	Rome,	" 10.10 a m
" 7 18 p m	Dalton,	" 8.05 a m
" 9.20 p m	Chattanooga,	" 6.15 a m
" 7.18 p m	Dalton,	" 8.05 a m
" 8.45 p m	Cleveland,	" 7.03 a m
" 11.35 p m	Knoxville,	" 3 30 a m
" 1.01 p m	Morristown,	" 1.45 a m
Ar. 4.15 a m	Bristol,	" 10.20 p m

ACCOMMODATION TRAIN DAILY

Goin North.		Going South.
Lv. 4.50 p m	Selma,	Ar. 10.40 a m
" 10.20 p m	Calera,	" 6.00 a m
" 9.40 a m	Rome,	" 8.05 p m
" 1.30 p m	Atlanta,	" 2.00 p m
Ar. 6.15 p m	Macon,	Lv. 9.30 a m
Lv. 8.00 a m	Rome,	" 8.05 p m
" 1.00 p m	Cleveland,	" 2 40 p m
" 6.00 p m	Knoxville,	" 11.20 a m
" 6.40 p m	Morristown,	" 9.35 a m
Ar. 10.50 p m	Bristol,	" 5.45 a m

ALABAMA CENTRAL DIVISION.

MAIL TRAIN DAILY

Westward.		Eastward.
Lv. 4.30 p m	Selma,	Ar. 11.00 a m
" 5.46 p m	Uniontown,	Lv. 9.42 a m
" 6.58 p m	Demopolis,	" 8.50 a m
Ar. 10 00 p m	Meridian,	" 5.35 a m

CONNECTIONS.

No. 4 North makes connection at Bristol with N & W R R for all Eastern cities. No. 6 North makes connection at Calera with L & N R R through Express for Western cities, and at Rome with trains on Georgia division E T V & G R R for Atlanta, Macon and Brunswick, and at Cleveland for Eastern cities Both trains South connect at Calera with fast trains for Montgomery and New Orleans. Trains on Alabama Central division connect at Meridian with M & O and M & M R Rds for Mobile, New Orleans and Vicksburg.

Parlor reclining chairs on all night trains
JNO. M. BRIGGS, Supt.
A. POPE, G P Agent. oct9

TUTT'S
EXPECTORANT

Is composed of Herbal and Mucilaginous products, which **permeate the substance of the Lungs, expectorates the sooty matter** that collects in the Bronchial Tubes, and forms a **soothing coating**, which **relieves the irritation** that causes the cough. **It cleanses the lungs of all impurities, strengthens them when enfeebled by disease, invigorates the circulation of the blood**, and lowers the nervous system. **Slight colds often end in consumption. It is dangerous to neglect them. Apply the remedy promptly.** A test of twenty years warrants the assertion that **no remedy has ever been found that is as prompt in effect.** TUTT'S EXPECTORANT. **A single dose relieves the most violent paroxysm of obstinate cough.** A pleasant cordial, which **even children take it readily.** For Croup it is **invaluable** and should be in every family.

For Sale by all Druggists.

TUTT'S
PILLS

ACT DIRECTLY ON THE LIVER.

Cures Chills and Fever, Dyspepsia, Sick Headache, Bilious Colic, Constipation, Rheumatism, Piles, Palpitation of the Heart, Dizziness, Torpid Liver, and Female Irregularities. If you do not "feel very well," a single pill at bed-time stimulates the stomach, restores the appetite, imparts vigor to the system. **Price, 25c. 35 Murray St., N.Y.**

☞WRITE FOR TUTT'S MANUAL FREE.☜

aug2—52—1y

A Lecture to Young Men
ON THE LOSS OF

MANHOOD

A Lecture on the Nature, Treatment and Radical Cure of Seminal Weakness, or Spermatorrhœa, induced by Self-Abuse, Involuntary Emissions, Impotency, Nervous Debility, and Impediments to Marriage generally; Consumption, Epilepsy and Fits; Mental and Physical Incapacity, &c.—By ROBERT J. CULVERWELL, M. D., author of the "Green Book," &c

The world-renowned author, in this admirable Lecture, clearly proves from his own experience that the awful consequences of Self-Abuse may be effectually removed without dangerous surgical operations, bougies instruments, rings or cordials; pointing out a mode of cure at once certain and effectual, by which every sufferer, no matter what his condition may be, may cure himself cheaply, privately and radically.

☞This Lecture will prove a boon to thousands and thousands

Sent, under seal, in a plain envelope, to any address, on receipt of six cents or two postage stamps. Address

THE CULVERWELL MEDICAL CO.
41 Ann St., New York.
July 15—1y Post Office Box, 450.

JACKSONVILLE HOTEL.

WEST SIDE PUBLIC SQUARE,

Jacksonville, Alabama.

Do not be deceived, but come to the "only Hotel," where you will find the best of cooks and servants the best fare our county and money can afford. Rooms newly fitted up and renovated. We will guarantee satisfaction. Our house will be first class in every respect. Sample room free. Give us a trial.

ROBT. ADAMS,
dec10—tf Proprietor.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

Letters of Administration upon the estate of Richard D. Williams, deceased, having been granted the undersigned by the Hon. A Woods, Judge of the Probate Court of Calhoun county, on the 12th day of Dec. 1882, notice is hereby given that all persons having claims against said estate, will be required to present the same within the time allowed by law, or they will be barred.

MARIA E. WILLIAMS.
dec12-3t. Administratrix.

D. M. FERRY & CO'S
ILLUSTRATED AND DESCRIPTIVE PRICED
SEED ANNUAL
FOR 1883.

Will be mailed FREE to all applicants, and to customers of last year without ordering it. It contains about 176 pages, 600 illustrations, prices, accurate descriptions and valuable directions for planting 1500 varieties of Vegetable and Flower Seeds, Plants, Fruit Trees, &c. Invaluable to all, especially to Market Gardeners. Send for it!

D. M. FERRY & CO. DETROIT MICH.

dec23-3m.

The Biggest Thing Yet.

GROCERIES!
GROCERIES!!
GROCERIES!!!

B. F. CARPENTER & CO.

Have received and are still receiving the largest and best selected stock of Groceries they have ever brought to this market. Not deterred by the clamor of hard times next year, they have amply provided for the wants of the public, and will sell to suit the purses of their customers. In all

STAPLE AND FANCY GROCERIES

They can confidently defy competition, where cash is paid. They bought on the recent failure of corners in Groceries of all kinds, and consequently caught the bottom of the market. Seeing is believing.

Bring the Cash

and test their prices, and see for yourself.

Bagging, Ties, Farming Utensils

Wooden Ware, and hundreds of other things in stock. Don't buy until you examine the stock of B. F. CARPENTER & CO.
oct15-tf

CITY BAR.

The undersigned, who has with particular care selected for this season, a very fine lot of best

LINCOLN COUNTY WHISKEY

Direct from the Distillery, as well as Country made

Apple, and Peach Brandies,

Invites the public to inspect his Stock.

He would especially call the attention of all desiring a good drink to his celebrated

"Cabinet Whiskey,"

which is the best in the market. He has genuine imported Holland Gin and French Brandy, FOR THE SICK. Fresh Lemons always on hand. Also, pure sweet mash corn whiskey. His liquors are bought under bond and he knows them to be fine and pure. A general line of goods in liquors of all brands. Beer, Cider, &c., including Sacrament Wine. Also a large lot of fine Cigars and Tobacco and Snuff.

He sells only for cash, and is able to give you the worth of your money.

Large lot of empty barrels in stock.

My Billiard Parlor

which is well ventilated and furnished with the best Billiard and Pool Tables, is the favorite resort of those who love the game. Respectfully,

JNO RAMAGNANO, Jacksonville, Ala.

N. B.—Parties indebted to me are requested to come forward and settle by cash or waive note. may15—6m

STEVENSON & GRANT,
Correspondents of
Real Estate Bankers
—AND—
LOAN ASSOCIATION
OF ALABAMA.

WILL UNDERTAKE TO NEGOTIATE LOANS AS FOLLOWS:

On producing farm lands, for from three to five years.

On producing farm lands, for three to five years, payable in annual installments.

On crop lien, personal and real security, for one year or less, with agreement to ship cotton to Selma. Applicants may apply for loans on producing farm lands for a term of years, either with or without the condition to ship cotton. Loans made for $300 and upwards.

STEVENSON & GRANT,
Jacksonville Ala.

Mendelssohn Piano Company.

Grand Offer for the Next Sixty Days Only.

$350 SQUARE GRAND PIANO FOR ONLY $245

PIANO STYLE 3 1-2 Magnificent rosewood case, elegantly finished, 3 strings, 7⅓ Octaves, full patent cantante agraffes, our new patent overstrung scale, beautiful carved legs and lyre, heavy serpentine and large fancy moulding, full iron frame, French Grand Action, Grand Hammers, in fact, every improvement which can in any way tend to the perfection of the instrument, has been added.

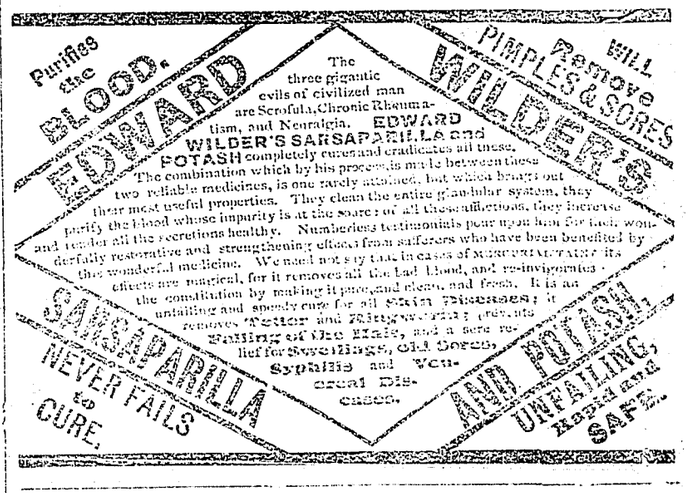
☞Our price for this instrument, boxed and delivered on board cars at New York with Piano Cover, Stool and Book, only $245.00

Just reduced from our late wholesale, factory price, $295, for 60 days only. This now, by far, the greatest bargain ever offered the musical public. Unprecedented success! Tremendous demand for this style! Send in your order at once. Do not lose this rare opportunity.

This Piano will be sent on 15 days test trial. Please send reference if you do not send money with order. Cash seat with order will be refunded and freight charges paid by us both ways if Piano is not just as represented. Several other special Bargains: Pianos $160 up. Over 15,000 in use, and not one dissatisfied purchaser. Don't fail to write us before buying. Handsome Illustrated Piano Catalogue, mailed free, giving the highest testimonials ever awarded any piano manufacturer. Every Piano fully warranted for 5 years.

SHEET MUSIC at one-third price. Catalogue of 3,000 choice pieces of popular Music sent for 5c. stamps.

MENDELSSOHN PIANO CO, P. O. Box 2058, New York City.
oct23-1y.



FIRE INSURANCE.

I. L. SWAN AG'T,
JACKSONVILLE, ALA.

Four Good Home Companies to wit,

Georgia Home, Ga.
Home Protection, Ala.
Central City, Ala.
Continental Ins. and Banking Co., Miss.

May 1st, 1880.

For Sale.

The Ed J. Dean farm at Alexandria, Alabama, containing 440 acres. A desirable residence and a good well of water, with orchard of extra fine fruit. Apply to H. J. DEAN.
Sept 9tf Alexandria, Ala.

Notice

A meeting of the Jacksonville Mining Co. is hereby called to meet at Jacksonville, Ala., on the 1st day of January, 1883, for the purpose of transacting several items of business of importance to the Company. Dec 4, 1882.

G. B. DOUGHIT, Pres't.

W. W. NESBIT

Can sell you the best COOK STOVE ever brought to this market. One that will last and made of good CHARCOAL PIG IRON and warranted, in all cases, to cook and last and not crack by fire. Also tin ware that is good and heavy. None of my tin ware is sold to

Peddle on by Anybody.

I warrant all my work to be good. Stove piping and Stove Trimmings made of the best material. Respectfully,

WALTER W. NESBIT.

sept30-6m.

W. C. LAND,
WATCHMAKER,
—AND—
JEWELER.
Jacksonville, - - - Ala.

Also, agent for Meriden CT Table cutlery and silver and plated ware. Also agent for Elgin Watch co, and other American make
May 1st 1880

LAND FOR SALE.

Thirteen and one third acres of good arable land can be bought on reasonable terms, and a clear title given, by applying to
aug28—tf C. W. BREWTON.

The Republican.

SATURDAY, Dec. 30, 1882.

GERMANIA AND CHRISTMAS

Christmas day the Germania Tanning Company, under the inspiration of that irrepressible spirit, Menko, organized a company of fantasties, who visited Jacksonville and attracted much attention. Some of the costumes were highly comical. Many of them bore banners, with appropriate designs.

Mr. Menko, one of the proprietors of the Compacy, headed the procession. He was very tastefully dressed for the occasion and handled his recruits like an old General. The display was highly creditable both to the originator of it and those who took part in it.

The Company closed the bar of the place from Saturday evening before Christmas until after Christmas day, and consequently the best of order was preserved in the town during the entire day, although jolity and mirth reigned supreme. For this they cannot be too highly commended.

It had previously been announced by five thousand posters and advestisements that the day parade would come off, and that at night a grand display of fireworks would be made at Germania Christmas night. For reasons that will appear hereafter, we went out and witnessed this display.

Arriving on the ground we found several hundred people assembled, including many gentlemen of the neighboring country with their families A platform had been constructed for the purpose of the display of fire-works and men detailed to attend to this. in order that no accident might occur from careless handling of rockets etc. About half past seven the fun began and for half an hour the heavens were illuminated by a most brilliant display. At this time Capt. Fry, a citizen of Germania, gained the platform and called the attention of the crowd to the fact that Mr. L. W. Grant, at the request, and on behalf of the citizens of Germania, would present Mr. Menko a gold headheaded cane, as a slight testimonial of appreciation of him as a man, as a neighbor and as an enterprising citizen. The cane was a costly and beautiful one, and bore a fitting inscription on the head It is said every man, both white and black, in Germania, subscribed to the fund that purchashed it. Mr. Grant, in a five minutes speech then presented the cane. Mr. Menko responded in a fitting speech of thanks of greater length and very appropriate to the occasion. He was fairly overcome by this mark of confidence and esteem on the part of his neighbors It was a high complement to him. A little over three months ago he entered that community an entire stranger. It is remarkable that in so brief a time he should have so won upon the hearts of the people with whom he has cast his destiny as to receive this mark of favor at their hands.

At the conclusion of this speech shout after shout rent the air, the fire-works were resumed, and for an hour and a half the beautiful display was kept up.

It was altogether a highly creditable affair for Germania and was fully appreciated by all who witnessed it.

Trustees Meeting.

The Trustees of Jacksonville Female Academy met at the residence of Maj B. F. Wyly, on Wednesday Dec, 27. The object of the meeting was to re-organize the board, and fill vacancies by election of new members. Present, Dr. J. Y. Nisbet, Maj. B. F. Wyly. J. D. Hammond, W. H. Fleming and Wm. Driskill. Dr. Nisbet was called to the chair. Seven new Trustees were elected, as follows: James Crook, P. D. Ross, I. L. Swan, T. C. Davenport, Jno. M. Caldwell, H. F. Montgomery, H. L. Stevenson.

It was the sense of the meeting that more interest should be taken in this Institution, and it was decided to call a meeting of the Trustees at the Academy, Friday Jan. 5th, 2 o'clock P. M, for the purpose of considering ways and means for the advancement of the Institution to its proper and legitimate standpoint. All members of the board, both old and new are expected to come forward.

It was unanimously agreed that the Academy be placed in charge of Miss Mamie E. Montgomery, the present incumbent.

J. D. HAMMOND
Sec Board Trustees.

MARTINS CROSS ROADS, ALA., Dec. 2nd, 1882.

ED. REPUBLICAN: I have just returned from a visit to the Coosa River Improvement. There has been three cases of small pox, with one death among the laborers of the Coosa River works, near lock No. 1. There has been about eleven cases in two families on Mr. Green's farm, with three deaths. There is but one case now on the works and but two on the farm. The Superintendent has had every one vaccinated and revaccinated on the works, and everything has been done, and every precaution has been taken to prevent the spread of the disease. Yours truly,

P. H BROTHERS, M. D.

Cherokee No More.

The Cherokee Railroad having been leased for ninety-nine years by the new company now building the extension to the coal fields of Alabama, the name of the above-road has been changed to that by which the entire line will be when completed—the East and West Railroad of Alabama. Mr. Coggin, the painter now in the employ of the company, has been engaged since Monday re-lettering all the cars of the road, of which there are in all fifty-five.—Cedartown Advertiser.

I said to my little girl one day: "What a large forehead you have got. It is just like your father's. You could drive a pony carriage round it." To which her brother (five years old) said: "Yes, mama; but on papa's you can see the marks of the wheels."

Communicated.

A Christmas Story.

The lamps threw a soft mellow radiance over the polished floor of the crystal palace bar-room Without was wild and stormy. The wind blew in fitful gusts. or moaned dismally along the frozen streets. Around the glowing stove were gathered half a dozen merry drinking and laughing. Presently there arose from the group a man who approached the counter laying upon it a half dollar as he remarked, "that will have to pay you for the drinks, you have got all but that, and it is my last." He was a man of strong and sinewy frame, but his garments were old, worn and ragged. The bar tender indifferently scraped the money into the till, and the man resumed his seat in gloomy silence.

The night waned and the hour was two. The storm increased in violence. The driving sleet and rain fell mercilessly. Upon the outskirts of the city, in a dreary, wretched house a wan and wasted woman held a dying child to her shivering bosom. Its flaxen curls rested lightly upon the shrunken arm of its devoted and suffering mother. Upon its pale face the shadows of death were already stealing. One little dimpled hand hung motionless by its side. The tiny fingers of the other were closed as if with agonizing pain. The tender baby feet were bare, and the great purple lines upon them told how cruel was the winter night wind.

The miserable tallow candle burned low in its socket—The few coals in the grate were long since died out—the silent tears froze upon the marble brow of the sweet suffering mother—the little curly head moved—the lips murmured "one piece of bread mamma"—a stifled sob broke from the despairing heart of the mother. "how long, oh God how long." Her own deep anguish was forgotten in the death wail of innocent baby-hood—the sweet blue eyes closed gently—the soft white baby fingers slowly relaxed their clasp—the purple lines upon baby's feet were now of alabaster hue, the dimpled cheek was like the snow drift—the flaxen curls floated sadly upon the cold night-wind—baby moved not—all was quiet save the howling tempest—baby was dead. The mother moaned not—silent, sad and lonely she still held in her arms the little curly head which had so often nestled upon her bosom. The night waned—the first gleams of storm tossed morning stole in upon mother and baby—a form crossed the threshold—he called—but the mother's eyes were stony and vacant—her tongue was silent—the noble, self-sacrificing heart had ceased to beat forever—alone with no hand to smooth the dying pillow—no words of comfort to soothe the soul in its flight into the unknown beyond—with baby clasped in her arms in an embrace which death could not sever—only the wintry night wind sighed a sad requiem amid the desolation which enshrouded the humble dwelling, where mother and baby, stark and cold, sat locked in the mutual embrace of death.

It was night again—the same lamps shone brightly—the same polite barkeeper stood behind the counter—the same group was by the stove. No. One had bid them adieu forever. Once during the day the smiling bar-tender had been seen to shiver and turn pale His eye had wandered to the street—a bell was tolling—a sad and mournful cortege was passing—the sable plumes of the hearse were drooping mournfully above three coffined forms—two, mother and babe, had died from neglect and starvation—one, husband and father, by suicide.

It was now forgotten by the man behind the counter—such incidents were too common to cloud his stony heart with grief. The cold sod covered the lifeless forms of his murdered victims forever from sight. Conscience might sleep—but the pen of eternal justice had drawn three blood red lines upon the great book of time—the angel whispered it shall be remembered.

From the Daily Rome Courier.

One Day Under Whiskey.

If any one doubts the direful effects of whiskey let him read the daily papers. One of the dailies I take—the 14th inst—presents the following pictures; Pleasant M. Turner to hang on the 9th day of Feb. for killing John E Shuttles, in Greenville, Ga.—"both in whiskey." The murdered man leaves a wife and three children, the murderer a wife and four children Who will care for widows and orphans?

R. M. Malony murdered in a riot at Opelika, Ala. "The whole party in whiskey." The guilty party at large The murdered man leaves a father and mother—who will comfort them?

"Nothing short of military occupation will do the city any good." This is the reign of whiskey.

John Kelly and Patrick Henry "both under the influence of whiskey." Kelly stabbed by Henry in Spartanburg, S. C. Kelly is dead, and another home in sorrow and another victim for the gallows.

At Barnett, Ga. a man by the name of Johnson "under the influence of whiskey" froze to death. Who is to blame? Is this murder? Who ought to have furnished him a fire?

"Talbotton needs a guard house and needs it badly to confine offenders." Whisky is the trouble.

On circus day in Cartersville, Henry Hall gave a negro dance to get the negroes money for whiskey. A big row, a swearing woman, a police shot at, a colored citizen flees from justice, all for whiskey.

Two negroes, both under the influence of whiskey, in Athens, got into a fight. One of them was badly beaten.

A negro is to be hung in Effingham on the 15th inst. Crime committed while under the influence of whiskey.

Mr. Paulk, of Berrien, introduced a bill in the legislature to increase the tax on liquors in that county. In a few days here comes a petition from the liquor dealers to prevent it. The petition was numerously signed. An examination proves that all of the names were fogeries. And this fogery all for whiskey.

Now read this from the same paper and then say which is the better thing, "whiskey" or "no whiskey:"

"The following facts may be noted in connection with the liquor trafic at Franklin Ga. First, that for five years preceding the closing of the liquor saloons here, there occured, within the corporate limits, every year one or more homicides or assaults with intent to murder.

Second, that of eight persons, who engaged in the traffic here within that time, one was killed by a young man under the influence of liquor; three fled the country to avoid prosecution; two closed out at a loss; one abandoned the business for more reputable persuits, and one continues at another location.

Third, that since the prohibition act went into operation more than six years ago, although the law has been violated almost habitually by persons who value money more highly than they do the peace and good order of society, yet there has not been within the corporate limits a single homicide and but two or three cases of assault and battery, none of which led to indictment.

This is enough for one day, but if you wish to see how it is in Rome, read the COURIER of the 14th and see local whiskey news.

CIVIS.

The Meeting at Philadelphia.

Philadelphia, Pa, Dec. 24.—At a meeting of manufacturers of pig iron, bar iron, plate anr sheet iron and other kinds of iron in the states east of the Alleghanies, held today, it was decided to submit a statement to congress expressing their satisfaction at the appointment of the tariff commission, and continuing: "While not approving of all the changes proposed by the commission, we believe that, in the main, such reduction will not paralize the industries to be affected by them. It is further respectfully represented that the development and prosperity of the leading manufacturing industries of the country are to-day very greatly interrupted by the feeling of uncertainty that prevails in the public mind concerning the action that is to be taken by congress upon the question of tariff revision. If this feeling were dispelled, without at the same time reducing duties immediately, business confidence would be largely restored, and the new year, as well as many succeeding years, would promise to be attended by a fair degree of prosperity, in which all honest labor would share. But prolonged continuance of the present anxiety, such as would result from the failure of the present congress to dispose of the tariff question, would produce widespread and continous business depression and embarrassment.

An old Irish soldier, who prided himself on his bravery, said he had fought in the battle of Bull Run. When asked if he had retreated and made his escape as others did on that occasion, he replied, "Be jabers, those that didn't run are there yet!"

A LAWYER'S TESTIMONY.—During eight years my attacks of dyspepsia were so terrible that I often had to stop business Parker's Ginger Tonic built me up from almost a skeleton to the perfect health I now enjoy. J. Jerolomon, Lawyer, N. Y City.

The Rev. GEORGE THAYER, of Bourbon, Ind., says: "Both myself and wife owe our lives to Shiloh's consumptive cure."

ARE YOU MADE miserable by indigestion, Constipation, Dizziness, Loss of Appetite, Yellow Skin? Shiloh's Vitalizer is a positive cure.

WHY WILL YOU cough when Shiloh's cure will give immediate relief. Price, 50 cents and $1.

SHILOH'S CATARRH REMEDY—a positive cure for Catarrh, Diptheria and Canker Mouth.

"HACKMETACK," a lasting and fragrant perfume. Price 25 and 50 cents.

SHILOH'S CURE WILL immediately relieve Croup, Whooping Cough and Bronchitis.

FOR DYSPEPSIA and Liver Complaint, you have a printed guarantee on every bottle of Shiloh's Vitalizer. It never fails to cure

A NASAL INJECTOR free with each bottle of Shiloh's Catarrh Remedy. Price 50cts

☞ All the above medicines for sale by H. M. Montgomery & Co., Druggists, Jacksonville Ala. oct24—6m

Jacksonville Female Academy.

The Spring session of this Institution begins Jan 1st, 1883, and continues five scholastic months ending the first week in June. The Principal announces that she will in future, as the past, devote her whole time, and all her energies, to the proper training of the daughters entrusted to her care. There will be no extra charge for French, Latin, Elocution and Calisthenics.

Miss Jessie Woods will continue in charge of the department of Music.

For terms see the Principal.

MAMIE E. MONTGOMERY.

dec30—1t.

THE STALE OF ALABAMA, Calhoun County.

In Probate Court for said county, special Term, Dec. 26th, 1882.

This day came Spartan Allen, Robert McCain and G. B. Douthit, Commissioners, heretofore appointed to sell certain Real Estate owned jointly by Slade Nabors dec'd, and his brother Scott Nabors, and filed in Court their account and vouchers for a final settlement of proceeds of the sale of said lands.

It is ordered by the court that the 24th day of January, 1883, be and the same is hereby appointed the day upon which to hear and pass upon said account and to make said settlement, and that notice thereof be given for three successive weeks, in the Jacksonville Republican, a newspaper printed and published in said county, as a notice to all persons interested, to be and appear before me at my office, in the Court House of said county, on said 24th day of Jan. 1883, and contest said settlement if they think proper.

A. WOODS,
dec30—3t Judge of Probate.

THE NEW HOTEL,
OXFORD, ALA.,
WITHIN 20 STEPS OF DEPOT

Good accommodations at fair prices. Will be pleased to have all his old friends give him a call.
dec30-'82—1y

STATE OF ALABAMA, Calhoun County.

In Probate Court for said county, Special Term, Nov. 11th 1882.

Upon the report and application of Mrs. D. A. Wagnon, Administratrix of the estate of L. H. Wagnon, decd., said estate was this day declared insolvent by an order of this court. And it was further ordered that Mrs. D. A. Wagnon, administratrix of said estate file her accounts and vouchers and make final settlement of said estate on the 10th day of January, 1882, and that notice thereof be given by publication for three successive weeks in the Jacksonville Republican, a newspaper published in said county, notifying all persons interested in said estate, as an insolvent estate, to appear before me at my office in Jacksonville, Ala., on said 10th January 1883, and contest said settlement and nominate a future Administrator of said estate if they think proper.

A. WOODS.
dec16—3t Judge of Probate.

Silversmithing.

I announce to the citizens of Calhoun and adjoining counties that I have permanently located in Jacksonville, for the purpose of conducting a general Silversmithing business and solicit calls from all. Work done on the guarantee. English watches and calendar clock a specialitty Place of business in Mr. Brewton's Store. Call and see me before going elsewhere.

Repectfully,
nov25-'82—1y E S BURGNER.

CHRISTMAS
—AND—
New Year's Holliday Goods
—AT THE—
BOOK STORE
—OF—
H. A. SMITH,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL
BOOKSELLER
—AND—
MUSIC DEALER,
Rome, Ga.

Has on hand a large variety of Fancy Notions and Holliday Goods purchased for cash at bottom prices and will be sold at unusually low figures Miscellaneous Books, standard and Poetical works, Gift and Juvenile books. Family and Pocket Bibles, Prayer and Hymn books, Photograph and Autograph Albums, Writing Desks Papieteries, Scrap books, Stereoscopes and Stereoscopic views, Work Boxes, Japanese goods, China and Glass Vases, Toilet sets, China Cups and Saucers with mottoes, Wax and China Dolls, Glass Balls and Christmas Tree ornaments in great variety, Harmonicas, Tin Toys, Games, A B C blocks, Gilt and Gold Paper, Gilt and Silver Perforated Board, Backgammon Boards, "Silver Plated Ware," Jewel-cases, Gobblets Mugs, Cake Baskets, Card Receivers, Napkin Rings, Butter Dishes, Spoon Holders, Syrup Pitchers, Pickle Stands, etc., Cromos, Oil Paintings, Photograph Frames Christmas and New Year cards in great variety, Pianos, Organs and Sheet Music at reduced prices. The patronage of the public solicited. No trouble to show goods

☞ Merchants supplied at lowest jobbing rates ☜
Respectfully,
nov25 H. A. SMITH.

Lumber for Sale.

The undersigned have a large lot of selected heart lumber, of all varieties, for sale, at their lumber yard, near the livery stable. Delivered, if desired.

MARTIN & WILKERSON,
Oct 7—tf Jacksonville, Ala.

Trustee's Sale of Land.

By virtue of a Deed of Trust made by E. L. Bridges and Sarah Bridges of Calhoun county, Ala., on 10th March 1881, to the undersigned as Trustee to secure Rowan, Dean & Co. in the payment of a certain note therein specified, and which was filed for record in the Probate Judges office on 10th March, 1881 and recorded in book M. Register of Mortgages and Deeds, on pages 185, 186 and 187, and subsequently transferred to Nathan Clark, I will proceed, on the 15th of January 1883, to sell the following lands, as designated in said Trust Deed, viz: the N. E. corner and the S. E corner of section 29, township 14, range 8, containing about two hundred and eighty seven acres, at public outcry to the highest bidder for cash before the court house door in the town of Jacksonville, Ala, to satisfy said note and the interest that may be due thereon, at and upon the written request of Nathan Clark, transferee.

I. L. SWAN, Trustee.
dec16—4t

Administrator's Sale of Land.

By virtue of an order of the Probate court of Calhoun county, Ala., made on the 12th of Dec. 1882, I, as administrator of the estate of Elijah Kerr, decd., will proceed to sell the following lands of said estate upon the premises of said decedent in White Plains, at public outcry to the highest bidder, on the 6th day of January 1883, for the purpose of division among the heirs at law of said estate, to wit: Part of N½ of N W ¼ of section 3, township 15, range 9, about 65 acres, and part I S ½ of N W ¼ same section, township and range, about 47 acres, and the N E ¼ of N W ¼, and N W ¼ of N E ¼, section 27, township 14, range 9, 80 acres less the homestead set aside to Nancy C. H. Kerr, the widow of decedent, out of the above lands as follows: the dwelling and houses connected therewith, the garden, horse lot, corn and crib and stables, and two acres more or less bounded on the north by the Rabbit town road, east by Cottaquilla creek, south by lot owned by Mrs Hayes, west by lot occupied by J P Ward; also south ½ of S E ¼ of N W ¼ of section 3, township 15, range 9; also two acres, more or less, lying west of the above described lands and bounded on the west by Cottaquilla creek. Terms—one fourth cash, and balance on a credit of 12 months from day of sale. with interest from date. Note and good security ill be required.

T. A KERR, Adm.
dec16—4t Est. of E. Kerr dec.

Dissolution Notice.

The copartnership heretofore existing between Ward & Johns is this day dissolved by mutual consent. All debts due the firm will be paid to T. R. Ward and all liabilities of the firm will be paid by him. Those indebted to the firm will come forward and make immediate payment WARD & JOHNS.

A CARD.

Having sold my interest in the firm of Ward & Johns to T. R Ward. I take this method of returning thanks to my many friends and customers for past favors, and ask for him a continuance of the same. Very respectfully,
dec16-4t A. W. JOHNS.

CHEAP FOR CASH!
HAMMOND'S SONS,

Have just received a large and well selected stock of Dry Goods for Fall and Winter trade.

Worsted Cashmeres, Alpacas, Lawns, Nainsooks, Flannels,, (plain and figured) Bleaching, Domestic, Cotton Goods, Hosiery, Handkerchiefs, Ladies Underwear.

Shoes for Men, Women and Children.
CLOTHING! CLOTHING!

Cheaper and better than was ever offered. Gents Furnishing Goods, and a nice line of GROCERIES both fancy and heavy, which they defy competition on, and asking everybody to call and examine their goods and prices.

sep23tf. J. D. HAMMOND'S SONS.

LANDRETH'S PEDIGREE SEEDS
ESTABLISHED NINETY-EIGHT YEARS
SEEDS For the MERCHANT on our Now Plan SEEDS
SEEDS For the MARKET GARDENER SEEDS
SEEDS For the PRIVATE FAMILY SEEDS
Grown by ourselves on our own Farms
☞ Handsome Illustrated Catalogue and Rural Register FREE TO ALL.
MERCHANTS, SEND US YOUR BUSINESS CARDS FOR TRADE LIST.
DAVID LANDRETH & SONS, SEED GROWERS, PHILADELPHIA

CORRESPOND WITH
COOPER McCLELEN & CO.,
Alexandria, Ala.,
GENERAL AGENTS AND DEALERS IN
Agricultural Implements
aug26-tf. AND MACHINERY.

COTTON SEED
WANTED.

We will pay HIGHEST CASH PRICE at all times for seed, or will give in exchange for one 2000 lbs. seed, 1000 lbs cotton seed meal.

According to estimate of J. T. Henderson, Commissioner of Agriculture, the commercial value of this meal is $48.62 cents per ton.

ROME OIL MILLS & FERTILIZER CO.,
Rome, Ga.
aug26—4m.

Orchard Grass!
NOW IN STORE AND TO ARRIVE.

1,000 Bushels Orchard Grass,
500 Bushels Blue Grass,
200 Bushels Timothy,
500 Bushels Herds or Red Top,
200 Bushels Kentucky Clover,
500 Bushels Dallas Rust Proof Wheat,
2,000 Bushels Red Rust Proof Oats,
1,000 Bushels Henderson's Winter Oats.

Besides BARLEY, RYE, WHEAT and many other seasonable seeds.

Now is the Time to Plant.

Our Stock of improved FARM IMPLEMENTS, MACHINERY, FERTILIZERS, CHURNS, &c., is unequaled in the Cotton States Order early.

MARK W JOHNSON & CO.,
nov11-1m 27 Marietta St, Atlanta, Ga.

SHIPWRECK! TERRIBLE LOSS OF LIFE!!

Mother and daughter go down together. A lovely maiden leaps into eternity! Wives and husbands, sons and daughters are wrecked and lost. Many sad hearts are left to mourn the loss. A husband lost his wife and daughter, a young man lost his betrothed.

A contemplation of these horrible "wrecks" work wonderfully upon the mind. The thought makes one feel sad. The strain upon delicate female nerves is too great. A married lady of our acquaintance was so wrought upon mentally that she became low-spirited and sad, lost her appetite, refused food, became feeble and emaciated, nervous and fretful. Her friends insisted that she should not think of these "wrecks" so much, but she insisted that she was sick in reality, and took her bed. She soon had aches and pains, and worked herself into a net-work of female troubles, which eventually ended in chronic female weaknesses and excesses and death.

Another case in point was that of a young lady. She had lost a friend and soon became melancholy and nervous, could not sleep soundly, her memory began to fail her, she lost all desire for company, her brain lost its brilliancy, her eye its luster, her cheeks became pale, complained of constant headache, and finally fell a victim to a list of female troubles, hysterics, palpitations, delirium, convulsions, and death.

These cases are of every day occurrence, and these "wrecks" upon female society are frightful. They should be remedied, and there is a remedy within the reach of all, and it is your duty to apply it.

No one need complain, for dr. dromgoole's english female bitters will cure all such. A book is published giving details of all these "wrecks." Send your name to j. p. dromgoole and co., louisville, ky., and get one free.

Try BAILEY'S SALINE APERIENT for headache and constipation—pleasant and effectual.

Ears FOR THE Million.

Foo Shoo's Balsam of Shark's Oil

Positively Restores the Hearing, and is the Only Absolute Cure for Deafness Known.

This Oil is abstracted from peculiar species of small White Shark, caught in the Yellow Seas known as Carcharodon Rondelettii. Every Chinese fisherman knows it. Its virtues as a restorative of hearing was discovered by a Buddhist Priest about the year 1410. Its cures were so numerous and many so seemingly miraculous, that the remedy was officially proclaimed over the entire Empire. Its use became so universal that for over 300 years no Deafness has existed among the Chinese people. Sent, charges prepaid, to any address at $1.00 per bottle.

Hear What the Deaf Say!

It has performed a miracle in my case. I have no unearthly noises in my head and much better.

I have been greatly benefitted.

My deafness helped a great deal—think another bottle will cure me.

"Its virtues are unquestionable and its curative character absolute, as the writer can personally testify, both from experience and observation. Write at once to HAVILOCK & JENNEY, 7 Dey Street, New York, enclosing $1.00, and you will receive by return a remedy that will enable you to hear like anybody else, and whose curative effects will be permanent. You will never regret doing so."—Editor Mercantile Review

☞ To aloid loss in the Mails, please send money by Registered Letter
Only imported by HAVILOCK & JENNEY, Sole Agents for America. 7 Dey St., N. Y.
oct28-1y

NEW STORE.
NEW GOODS!

At the South east corner of the Public Square, (Forney's corner). Just opening

STAPLE
—AND—
FANCY DRY GOODS,
NOTIONS, &c. &c.

which will be sold at the lowest possible profits. Will be constantly receiving new additions to stock until filled.

I appeal to a liberal public to give me a call and examine my stock.

C. D. HARPER.
nov11-5t

YOUNG MEN
SHOULD ATTEND
MOORE'S
BUSINESS UNIVERSITY,
ATLANTA, GA.
A Model Business School,
ACTUAL BUSINESS
STUDENTS ON CHANGE.
A Practical School for the Times

No Theory. No copying from books. The best course of instruction ever adopted for the practical education of young men, boys and men of middle age.

The course of students comprise every variety of Business and Finance, from Retail to Banking operations. Book-keeping in all its various methods. Business forms, terms and usages. Business writing, correspondence, business Arithmetic Commercial Law, Lectures, Partnership, Settlements, etc., etc.

No vacations. Students can enter any time. Circulars containing full particulars mailed free to any address.
oct18—1y B. F. MOORE, Pres.

LIVERY
—AND—
SALE STABLE

The Undersigned having bought the Hammond Livery Stable of Mr. Wilkerson, have entered upon their business and will be glad to serve the public.

We expect to keep Vehicles, Horses and Mules for sale, and are prepared to guarantee bargains in this line.

Our terms will be very reasonable and strictly cash.

Horses boarded at low rates. Give us your patronage and we will give you satisfaction. Respectfully,

MARTIN & WILKERSON.
jan 15—tf.

STATE OF ALABAMA, Calhoun County.

In Probate Court for said county, Special Term, Nov. 20th, 1882.

This day came R. M Hanna, admr. de bonis non of the estate of R. M. Riddle deceased, and filed in Court his account and vouchers for a final settlement of said estate.

It is therefore ordered by the Court that the 20th day of December 1882 be and is hereby appointed the day upon which to audit and pass upon said account and make said settlement; and that notice thereof be given for three successive weeks in the Jacksonville Republican, a newspaper printed and published in said county, as a notice to all persons concerned, to be and appear before me, at my office in the Court House of said county, on said 20th day of December 1882 and contest said settlement if they think proper.

A. WOODS,
nov25—3t Judge of Probate.

STATE OF ALABAMA, Calhoun County.

In Probate Court for said county, Special Term, Nov 18th, 1882.

This day came R. J. & E. W. Teague Executors of the estate of Elijah Teague decd., and filed in court their account and vouchers for an annual settlement of said estate.

It is ordered by the court that the 1st day of Jan. 1883, be and is hereby appointed the day upon which to audit and pass upon said account and to make said settlement, and that notice thereof be given for three successive weeks in the Jacksonville Republican, a newspaper printed and published in said county, as a notice to all persons concerned, to be and appear before me at my office in the court house of said county, on said 1st day of January, 1883, and contest said settlement if they think proper.

A. WOODS,
dec9-3t Judge of Probate.

Administrator's Sale of Real Estate.

By virtue of an order and decree of the Probate Court of Calhoun county, Ala., made on the 30th day of Nov. 1882, the undersigned as Administrator with the will annexed of the estate of Clarion Woolf, deceased, will sell at public outcry to the highest bidder on Saturday the 30th day of December 1882 the Real Estate belonging to said estate, to wit: the W ½ of S E ¼ and S E ¼ of S W ¼ of section 3, and N E ¼ of N W ¼ of section 10, in Calhoun county Alabama. East of the town of Cross Plains and on or near the Cross Plains and Cedartown public road. Terms of sale, one third cash and balance on a credit of one and two years, in equal payments, with interest from day of sale. Note and good security will be required. I will also at the same time and place named said order of court, sell the personal property belonging to said estate, to wit: corn, cotton, Carpenter's tool, one loom, one rifle gun, one wagon, one bureau, one cross cut shear, one side board, one cupboard, one table and some other small articles, at public outcry to the highest bidder for cash.

J. C. WOOLF.
Adm. with the Will annexed, of
dec9—3t C. Woolf, decd.

NOTICE NO. 1973.
Land Office,
MONTGOMERY, ALA.,
November 21st, 1882.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Clerk Circuit Court, at Jacksonville, Ala., on Dec. 30, 1882, viz: Robert Johnson, Hd. 9. 08, for the E ½ of N W ¼, section 20, township 13, range 8 east.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz: Thomas Rich of Mack, Ala., William Green, Frank Erwin and Adolphus Williams of Jacksonville, Ala.

THOMAS J. SCOTT, Register.
nov25—3t

NOTICE NO. 1966.
Land Office
MONTGOMERY, ALABAMA.
November 21, 1882.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before Hon. A. Woods, Judge of Probate at Jacksonville, Alabama, on Jan. 6th, 1883, viz: Guilford G. Windham, Homesteads 7461 and 12036 for the W ½ of N W ¼ and E ½ of N W ¼, section 2, township 16, range 8, East.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz, Marcus D. L. Monk, of Anniston, Alabama; Norvell M Bonds, of Anniston, Alabama; James O McCullers of Anniston, Alabama; Elijah V. Hurst, of Anniston, Alabama.

THOMAS J SCOTT. Register.
nov25-5t

Wood Wanted
At this Office!

Jacksonville Republican.

"THE PRICE OF LIBERTY IS ETERNAL VIGILANCE."

VOLUME XLII. JACKSONVILLE, ALABAMA, SATURDAY, MARCH 11, 1882. WHOLE NO. 2343.

THE REPUBLICAN.

EDITED, PRINTED AND PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY MORNING BY

J. F. & L. W. GRANT.

Terms of Subscription:

For one year in advance.....$2 00
If not paid in advance.....3 00

Terms of Advertising:

One square of 10 lines or less, first insertion.....$1 00
Each subsequent insertion.....50
Over one square counted as two, etc.
Obituaries charged at advertising rates.
Marriage notices.....50

ANNUNCIATION OF CANDIDATES.

For County Offices.....$5 00
For State Offices.....10 00

Communications affecting the claims of candidates charged as advertisements.

Rates of Advertising:

One square of 10 lines, three months	$5 00
One square six months	7 50
One square twelve months	10 00
One-fourth column three months	15 00
One-fourth column six months	20 00
One-fourth column twelve months	30 00
One-half column three months	25 00
One-half column six months	35 00
One-half column twelve months	50 00
One column three months	40 00
One column six months	60 00
One column twelve months	100 00

A. WOODS,

ATTORNEY AT LAW,

JACKSONVILLE, ALA.

Special attention given to the collection of debts, the getting up of pension and land warrant claims, the making out of homestead entries of lands, and the cancelation of old forfeited homestead entries of lands. Office in the southwest corner of the court-house, opposite the Circuit Clerk's office.

GEO. H. CALDWELL. WM. M. HAMES.
JNO. M. CALDWELL,

Caldwell, Hames & Caldwell,

ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW

AND

SOLICITORS IN CHANCERY,

JACKSONVILLE, ALA.

Will practice in all the courts of the 12th judicial district, and the supreme and federal courts of the State.

W. W. WOODWARD,

Attorney-at-Law

AND

Solicitor in Chancery,

Office formerly occupied by Gen. W. H. Forney.

JACKSONVILLE, ALABAMA.

WM. BALDFORD. H. L. STEVENSON

BRADFORD & STEVENSON,

Attorney-at-Law.

AND

Solicitors in Chancery.

JACKSONVILLE, ALABAMA.

M. J. TURNLEY,

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.

AND

SOLICITOR IN CHANCERY.

GADSDEN, ALA

J. C. ELLIS. JOHN T. MARTIN

ELLIS & MARTIN,

ATTORNEYS AT LAW,

No. 7 Office Row, Jacksonville, Alabama.

Have associated in the practice of their profession, and will attend to all business confided to them, in the counties of the 12th judicial circuit, and adjoining counties in the supreme court of the State. may15,1875-tf

H. L. STEVENSON,

ATTORNEY AT LAW

JACKSONVILLE, ALA.

J. D. ARNOLD,

SURGEON DENTIST

JACKSONVILLE, ALA.

All work executed in the most durable and scientific manner. Charges very moderate. jly25, 78-tf

JOB PRINTING

FROM

SMALL CARDS

TO

MAMMOTH POSTERS

EXECUTED

Neatly,

Cheap,

AND

Promptly,

AT THE

REPUBLICAN OFFICE

STORM AND SUNSHINE.

A shadow sweeps across the earth,
The clouds bend low—and dark;
In the distance rumbling sounds are heard,
Accompanied by the lightning's spark.
Nearer and nearer the murm'rings come;
The air grows fresh and damp,
Onward, still moves the threat'ning storm,
Like an army's steady tramp,
Restless grow the beast and fowl,
Instinct bids them seek,
Here and there a shelter from
The storm so wild and bleak.

Passed away—the light breaks forth,
The sun appears in view;
Rain and Sunshine—and the bow,
With its variegated hue.
Over the earth bends gracefully.
The flowers, more bright,
Cast their sweet fragrance out,
Giving Nature new delight.
Thus storm and sunshine blend,
And love and fear entwine,
Only to dreary Earth to lend
The glory of the Divine
Revealed in Storm and Sunshine.

ROSE GERANIUM.

"I hate the odor!"

Harry Penryth dropped the tiny spray of rose geranium which he held, and a shudder crept over him. It was on a wide, cool veranda of a large hotel at one of the fashionable watering places and his companion was Mrs. Warburton, a young and lovely widow. She looked up into his handsome face with a peculiar glance from under her long eyelashes.

"Why, Mr. Penryth," she cried gayly "what an idea! To hate a flower."

He tried to smile, but it ended in a failure.

"I will tell you, Mrs. Warburton," he answered, and then you will understand me better. In the first plac ever since I can remember—even when a child—the odor of rose geranium cause a curious sickening sensation to creep over me. I cannot understand it; it is a sort of antagonism or repulsion, for which I fail to account. Then later—"

He paused and a far away look stole into his dark eyes; as though recalling the past; a leaf turned down on some page of his life-history.

"I had a dear friend once," he went on after a pause, "a dear friend—never had another. Brooks and I were like brothers; modern editions of Damon and Pythias they used to call us in the college where we were educated. I had no hopes of aspirations apart from Gerald; and his interests were as dear to me as my own. Nothing could hurt him which did not hurt me.

"I regretted exceedingly—regretted with a strange pang of jealousy—when at last, in the course of events, Gerald fell in love. The lady was one whom he had met while traveling for the firm which employed him. I never met Miss Delorme, but I learned she was the perfection of grace and beauty; an elegant and accomplished woman, and, withal, an arrant coquette. She was heartless and unprincipled, cooly deliberating and systematical. Mrs. Warburton, that woman was as certainly the murderess of Gerald Brooks as though she had slain him with her own hands, for she blighted his hopes and ruined his peace and lured him on with her false deceitful smile, and her glorious beauty, until he declared his love and cast his heart at her feet, only to be laughed at and told scornfully that she was on the eve of marriage with a descrepit old millionaire. "Now Miss Delorme's favorite perfume—so Gerald had told me—was rose-geranium. She wore the flowers frequently; its scarlet spike glowing in vivid relief in the braids of her jet black hair. Somehow I came to associate the two—the woman and the flower—which I so unaccountably disliked, and a feeling sprang up in my heart for Miss Delorme which grew and flourished like the blossom itself—a feeling of strong aversion.

"And so time passed, and poor Gerald was daily fed with false hopes and illusions until at last the blow fell. Had I been in his place when the knowledge of her baseness came to me, I should have spurned her as a noxious reptile from my path; but Gerald was not made of as stern stuff as I am, and so he could not recover from the shock. Oh! Mrs. Warburton it was an awful blow to me when they told me the dreadful truth that Gerald Brookes had taken his own life!

"It all occured in the fair south, where he was traveling. I sent at once for his body—poor murdered boy! It came. He looked like a marble statue lying there white, cold and dead, his hands folded over the heart that had beaten with true and faithful love for the woman who was the cause of all this, and clasped in his dead hands I found a spray of rose geranium which I tore from his grasp; I could not see his body desecrated by anything she had touched or cared for. From that hour I have hated the odor and sight of the blossom with greater intensity than ever, it may be childish and weak in me; if so, I confess my weakness, but I cannot resist it."

He paused and rested his handsome head on one white, shapely hand. Harry Penryth was young and wealthy, and many a woman had endeavored to awaken a responsive chord in his heart. But although he moved in gay society and was courteous all and attentive to some, no woman had ever really touched his heart until he meet sweet Lily Moreton. But Ethel Warburton, the rich young widow, loved him with a most wild, absorbing passion which carried everything before it. The crafty Mrs. Warburton soon discovered that their was no engagement existing between Miss Moreton and Mr. Penryth, and racked her brain for some method of disenchanting the young man, and turning his love for Lily into aversion and dislike.

While Harry Penryth related the story of his friend and his tragic death, Mrs. Warburton's face had grown white a wild haunted look stole into her eyes, and the little hand, which held a sprig of the obnoxious rose geranium was icy cold and trembled.

She threw the flower away:

"I'm sorry I offended you with my geranium," she said humbly, "it is no favorite of mine!"

It was a deliberate falsehood, but no matter. "The end justifies the means"—at least she thought so.

As soon as she was alone in her own chamber, she paced the floor like a caged tigress.

"My God!" she panted breathlessly, "what would he say—how he would scorn me, if he knew that I am Ethel Delorme, the woman who jilted Gerald Brookes! But he never shall know. I love him! I love him! And I shall win him if I die for it!" She fell into a profound reverie. All at once her dark face lighted strangely. "I have it!" she exclaimed. "I lleleive I can see my way."

That night Mrs. Warburton stood before the mirror in her room arrayed for the hop which was to take place below stairs. She was regal in cream satin and lace with white roses in her magnificent black hair. She moved slowly toward a window where a pot of rose geranium was sitting, and stooping over it, broke off a mass of scarlet bloom. Then humming softly to herself, she left the room, crossed the wide corridor and tapped at a door.

"Come in!" cried a sweet voice, and Mrs. Warburton turned the knob and entered Lily Moreton's room.

"How lovely you are!" she cried, rapturously, a jealous pang at her heart, meanwhile, as her eyes fell on the slender figure in white lace and pearls. "But oh, Lily my love!" she added with a gush of apparant sincerity, "why do you wear pearls? See, I have brought you some of my favorite flowers. I cannot wear them with this georgeous costume; red and yellow would be to gorgeous for me, and I do think this dash of scarlet with your lovely white lace would be too pretty for anything. Will you wear them, *ma chere*"

The young girl looked pleased. She was a sweet tender-hearted little thing, incapable of deceit, and therefore, unsuspecting.

"You are very kind. Mrs. Warburton, she replied; "indeed I will wear them."

So the wily widow fastened the red blosons in Lily's golden hair and at her throat and waist as conspicuously as possiple; then, her work accomplished she flitted away.

When Lily descended to the grand *salon* below she was joined at once by Harry Penryth, who offered her his arm for a prominade. A pair of flashing black eyes followed the two as they moved slowly through the rooms, and a pair of rosy lipps curled with a strange smile as she saw Harry Penryth gaze fixedly at his companion, and turn pale to the very lips. The subtle instinct which so strangely affected the young man, was slowly but surely entering his heart.

After a time Mrs. Warburton observed Mr. Penryth making his way through the crowd to her side. He looked pale and troubled.

"Come out and walk, Mrs. Warburton will you not?" he said offering her his arm. With a triumphant look in her eyes, she arose, and they strolled out into the moonlight.

"Where is Miss Moreton?" queried the widow archly.

"I do not know," he replied, a trifle coldly. "Let us sit here," he added, pointing to a rustic seat.

It was a lovely night; his companion was beautiful and facinating. Heaven only knows of what foolishness Harry might have been guilty, but just then a voice fell on their ears from the shrubbery near.

"Ah, Dupont!" cried a man's voice, and a wiff of cigar smoke floated by; "why didn't you tell me that Delorme was here?"

"Delorme!" returned his companion: "I don't know of whom you are speaking.

The first speaker laughed lightly.

"You remember the woman who jilted Brookes, don't you? Poor Gerald! he was a noble fellow! Well, she afterward married old Warburton, the millionaire, and worried him into the grave within a year. She's a facinating widow, and the young men (who do not know her) flock round her like moths in a candle! I hear Penryth is the last victim?"

"Indeed?" laughed the other and the two passed on.

Harry Penryth turned on his companion a face of marble whiteness. "What does this mean?" he gasped, "Answer me; are you Delorme?"

She laughed recklessly.

"Is it fair to place me forever under a ban?" she asked "just because a man whom I never could love, was foolish enough to care for me? Mr. Penryth, I was not to blame, listen!"

"Hush!" he said sternly. Don't attempt any palliation. Shall I take you back to the house, Mrs. Warburton?"

And Ethel Warburton knew that it was all over, that the game was played, the die thrown and lost!

Alone on the moonlight veranda, Lily Moreton sat, pale and sad Harry Penryth came to her side and bent tenderly over her.

"Lily," he wispered, where did you get those geraniums?"

"Mrs. Warburton gave them to me," she replied; "wasn't she kind?"

"Very," he answered dryly. He then sat down beside Lily, and told her the story of his friend and his tragic fate. Before it was concluded she had torn the blossoms from their resting places and tossed them over the veranda railing. They fell on the grass plot below, right at the feet of Ethel Warburton. And recognizing them she knew the truth, knew her wicked wiles had not succeeded, all was lost.

And she was right, for before the season was ended the newspapers announced the wedding of Lily Moreton and Harry Penryth.

Chinese Pirates.

The towns contain a due amount of tame cheats, but the bold, hectoring highwayman, the truculent sea robber, must be sought elsewhere. All along the Blue and Yellow River are found retail buccaneers, who hawk at a trifling quarry, and fatten on slender profits. These poor rogues do not aspire to a ship of their own; they come paddling out of muddy creeks in the smallest of sampans, ill-armed, ill-clad, but plentifully smeared with fish oil. If confronted they fly, if grappled by the crews of the fourth-class junks, which they select as prizes, they slip like so many eels through the hands that grasp them, and their swimming makes amends for their lax courage. Seldom any very sinister results follow one of these attacks. If the fresh-water pirates prove victorious they are mild conquerors, and only too eager to be on shore again with their booty of rice and corn, stray garments, odd fragments of chain, bits of copper and brass hastily ripped from the poop and cabins, and perhaps the glorious trophy of a few rattling strings of cash. The dollars and silver bars are generally too well hidden to be detected by such hurried searchers; food, rather than fortune, is the object of the foray; and, except in rare cases of remarkable temptation, no life is attempted and no torture resorted to. With these amphibious, petty larceny rogues the magistrates deal mildly, according to the traditions of Chinese justice. Three hundred strokes of the bamboo may be endured by the human frame. Four sleepless weeks in the "cangue," or bamboo pillory, may fail to madden a stolid, unimaginable coolie. A few minor tortures need only be added to these two first-named inflictions, and the culprit is used to have been most tenderly dealt with. Pilferers in a fair or the streets of a town are considered as still more venial offenders. A vigorous bastinado and a week of the pillory is the law's award in such trivial cases. Petty assaults are as leniently disposed of, but fire raising is a sin of the deepest dye; and the malicious piercing of a neighbor's dyke, to let in a devastating flood, is punished with extreme rigor. Murder and treasonable practices, wholesale piracy and armed brigandage, all cry aloud for death, more or less slow and painful, and parricide evokes the sternest chastisement of the Chinese, as it once did of the Roman law.

A Fossil Stone Wall.

The workmen engaged in quarrying rock near Lexington, Kentucky, recently came upon a massive stone wall. It had every appearace of having been built by human hands, the mortar seams and joints being very plain. Above it about ten feet of drift and twnnty feet of rock had been removed by the workmen, and on the side exposed the men had advanced fully forty feet from where they first struck rock. Thus it was firmly embedded in a solid limestone quarry, which certainly formed about it since the wall was built. The face of the wall was well dressed, and its massive appearance gave evidence of the skill of hands perished long centuries ago, and could well be envied by the best of stone masons of to-day.

A and B.

Two brazen, rather than gilded youths residing in adjoining rooms on the same floor devise a simple and ingenious plan to baffle the fiery clerk and furious dun that often knock at their doors.

When the enemy knocks at A's door A pays no attention for some time; but presently B puts out his head and yells:

"Hi, there. I say; confound it, what do you mean by hammering on that door so that I can't sleep? Don't you see there is nobody in, or it would have been opened long ago. Now I want you to get out of here."

The visitor is furious, but the logic of the lodger is unimpeachable and he has to retire.

Then, when anyone knocks at B's door A pops out.

The Hour Advances.

The cases of resistance, said my informant, and he had kept track of all executions for thirty years, were rare, and always proceeded from skeptic natures, which faith could not enter. He told me of the cynical slowness of a convict who asked for and received a breakfast of fish, that he might delay as long as possible,

"My friend," said the jailor to him, "the hour advances."

"Sir," he responded, "I have no desire to strangle myself with a fish bone."

An executioner once thought it his duty to hasten a victim. "Why, dear M de Paris," said he, gaily, "if you are so pressed, pass before." Some of these anecdotes were told to one of the aids to M. Roche. "I am not astonished," said he, smiling, "these provincials are so ridiculous." The executioner who cut off the head of the Chevalier de Rohan disdained afterward to do so for his accomplice, the schoolmaster. "You other ones attend to that one," said he to his aids; "that is work for you."

I have said that the guillotine is taken down immediately after an execution. It was not always the case that they were in such a hurry. During the early years of its use, the scaffold was left standing after an execution, so that those coming too late for the spectacle could still enjoy a sight of the same; but after its use a padlock fastened the spring which permitted the immense knife to fall. One day the headsman and his assistants had retired to the place where monsieur took his traditional warm wine, when some one knocked at the door of the room, and a man in a blouse entered.

"Sir," said he, "I came in the name of my comrades to ask a little favor."

"Well, speak; what is it?"

"That you will let us have the key which confines the chaffer of the scaffold."

"And what do you wish to do with it?"

"Ah, only a trial; I will return it to you safe enough in five minutes,"

The Monsieur de Paris of those days, greatly astonished at this request, cast a glance out of the window and saw that the populace had hoisted an unfortunate fellow on the scaffold, and had placed him on the platform, where he remained inert and without defense. It was a wig-maker's apprentice who had believed himself authorized to steal a watch in the crowd. Monsieur understood the danger of a skirmish in case of positive refusal.

"My friend," he answered, "the executioner has gone and has taken away the key; but he will be back in two hours."

The midday sun was shining down with an overwhelming warmth, and the crowd dispersed little by little; leaving the thief in his frightful position. When monsieur came to his rescue he found the fellow almost dead. From that day forth the guillotine was taken down and put back in its proper house immediately after each execution.

Inside the Pyramids.

M. Gabriel Charmes is now traveling in Egypt with M. Maspero, the director of the Egyptain museums, who has determined on opening all the pyramids that have not yet been explored and on further searching those that are not thoroughly known. Among the pyramids situated on the borders of the Lybian desert is that of Meydoum, said to be the most mysterious of all. It appears that its entrance had never been discovered. Ibrahim Pasha even endeavored to effect a breach in its walls with artillery, in the hope of finding a treasure concealed therein. It is to this pyramid that M. Maspero is now devoting his attention. By removing some of the ground on the north side of the artificial mound which surrounds the pyramids, he has succeeded in uncovering all the points where an opening might be revealed, and the result has shown that his calculations were well founded. Thirteen days of active labor, with skilled workmen, have sufficed for the discovery of a secret which was believed to be undiscoverable. The spades of the fellahs have exposed to view the opening, which is situated nearly at the top of the artificial mound. On entering the pyramid the visitor passes through a corridor, admirably constructed, which takes him about forty yards in a gentle decline, as is the case in the great Gizeh pyramid. Here, for the moment, he is stopped by the debris. M. Maspero has already found two sacred inscriptions, in the style of the 20th dynasty, giving the names of two scribes who had visited the pyramid. Hopes are entertained that no one may have set foot in it since, and it may be found to be intact. "But," concludes M. Gabriel Charmes, "whatever happens, the opening of the Meydoum pyramid will still unravel one of those mysteries which have so many centuries hung over ancient Europe, and which one by one are yielding to the efforts of modern science." The late Maritte Bey, in one of his works, said that the pyramid was called by the Arabs Haram el Kafdab—the False pyramid—as they believed it to be nothing but a huge rock shaped as a pyramid. This tradition may have helped to preserve it from molestation.

The Editor of the Other Paper.

"Are you the editor?" said the man, who wore a conciliatory smile and dyed beard, as he took a seat in our office.

We acknowledged that at present we served and instructed the people in that capacity, and to prove our assertion, we showed him the blisters made on our hands by our exertion in operating the Archimedean lever that moves the world.

"Well, I want you to surprise me with a flattering personal notice in your paper. I am going to run for constable in the Eighth Ward, and I want something neat in the way of a send-off."

"Our columns are always open to advance the best interests of the public, but we shall expect you to first surprise us with a pecuniary compensation, not necessarily for publication, but merely, as a pledge of good faith."

"I'll pay. A man can't expect to be surprised without paying for it in advance. What have you got?"

"We can accommodate you with almost any kind of personal notice, from a cheap electro-plated biography to an eighteen carat obituary, and at a scale of prices varying according to the strain on our columns and veracity. In molding public opinon we defy competition. Now, how would you like this? It is a neat little pre-Raphaelite gem, and will cost you only $1.50.

"Our enterprising townsman, Col. B—— than whom there is no more popular and genial gentleman in the length and breadth of our great Empire State, has consented, at the earnest solicitation of many *friends* to sacrifice his very profitable business to the public good, and has authorized us to announce him as a candidate for the honorable office of constable of this precinct.

"If that is not strong enough, here is a Michael Angelo, full length, in which your qualities of head and heart will be touchingly alluded to, and you will be commended for your generous impulses—only $2.50 each insertion. Then we have a brilliant thing, after Mozart, which is really intended for gubernatorial candidates—speaks of your simplicity of character, jean clothes, and pay-as-you-go proclivities—but it can be easily made to suit a prospective constable. It will cost you $3. There are several others from $2 to $10 each. For refering to you as an 'old landmark,' $1 extra is charged."

"I reckon you can saw me off $3 worth; but you must throw in something about my war record."

"We always do that."

"And just wind up by surprising Captain Bill Smike. He is running against me. I wouldn't say anything he might take offence at. Only say he is not fit for the office, because he has a breath like a buzzard, and the record of a convict. You might add that *my* brother hasn't got a wife that has fits. That will hit him where he is sore, for his brother's wife is subject to fits. I don't care to lug any personalities into this campaign unless I am obliged to."

"We can't do it, Colonel. Your rival is our personal friend. He is a subscriber."

"Pshaw! I thought you were running an independent paper in the interest of the people, but I see you are the subsidized organ of a political clique," and off he went to see the other paper.

In the Wilds of Alaska.

Ivan Petroff, special agent for the Census Bureau for Alaska, last summer planned to take up the work at Cook's Inlet where he left it the previous season, and make his way along the coast toward the east to Sitka. In this he was only partially successful, and for very good reasons, as the following story of his adventure will show:

Having collected his supplies at the Island of Kodiac, he set sail in a schooner, early in the season, for the northern shore of Cook's Inlet. The vessel had been out only about an hour, when she struck upon a sunken reef not marked in any chart of the locality, speedily filled and sunk. Her cargo, including his property, was a total loss. The passengers and crew were rescued and returned to Kodiak, where a new outfit was procured, and after a short delay a second and more successful attempt to reach the mainland was made.

Mr. Petroff and party made their way with canoes along the northern coast of Cook's Inlet to and around its head, a distance of about one hundred miles, and then struck out overland for Prince William's Sound, carrying his canoes and supplies. This portage has only once before been made. The region is one of the most inhospitable and repellent on the earth. Two large glaciers, one eight and and the other fifteen miles wide, were crossed, the passage being one of great difficulty and many dangers. One of these glaciers, the smaller, reached and terminated in the sea; but the other had formed for itself a deep valley in front of the terminal moraines, being of great size. At that season of the year there was a continuous noise like thunder caused by avalanches of snow and ice from the high mountains on each side of the glaciers. The comfort of the travelers was seriously interfered with by numerous accidental ice-water baths.

Prince William's Sound was reached on the 1st of June, at which time the season was so backward that no blade of grass or green thing was to be seen. The ground was frozen so solid that it was difficult to fix the tent poles in their places. The country around Prince William's Sound is very forbidding in appearance; stones and large Boulders, brought down by glaciers of former ages, cover the greater portion of the earth, the remainder being swamp or bog. Upon the mountain sides, at a distance, there is timber which with an almost impenetrable undergrowth reaches up a short distance above the sea level.

In coasting along the Sound in his canoe, Mr. Petroff passed the face of a glacier twenty miles wide, from which large pieces of ice, small bergs in fact, were constantly breaking off and floating out to sea, making passage very perilous. His canoe was in a sinking condition when he reached Nuchek Island. In this place are two stores, and considerable trade is carried on with the natives for a long distance up and down the coast.

Having completed his preparations, Mr. Petroff started from Nuchek with a crew of four Inuits and a half breed interpreter for Copper River, fifty miles distant. He ascended the river to the first village, Alaganok, inhabited by North American Indians. As he lauded, however, and before he approached the village, his Inuits became alarmed and deserted him in a body. The natives were rejoiced at this state of affairs, and flattered themselves that they would keep the traveler and his stores among them to be preyed upon at their leisure.

He sought to hire a crew of Indians to assist him on his journey, but they demanded "a large gold piece every day for each man employed." The boat was a large one and the Indians fancied it would be impossible for their visitors to escape without help.

With his interpreter alone he decided to make the attempt, and when night came they cut loose and floated down the stream. The channel through the delta to the sea was a difficult one, but it was safely passed and when the coast was reached sails were set for a return to Nuchek. Before reaching the island the boat ran upon sunken rocks and was wrecked. The two men were picked off by natives who saw them from the shore, but much of their property was lost.

Mr. Petroff now decided to await the arrival of the Kolosh Indians from a distant point on the coast, who usually come once a year to Nuchek with furs to trade for the molasses used in making their favorite intoxicant. He started, accompanied by his interpreter, with a party of Koloshes from a village near Cape Yaktag, and reached their village with his stores in safety. Here, however, he found himself a prisoner. The barbarians, like those on the Copper River, and with much better reason, fancied they had a prize which it would be a sin to part with. They not only refused to accompany the travelers further, but refused to let them proceed by themselves. Their pretext was that they had trouble with miners and feared their visitors would betray their hiding place and their weakness, and thus bring an attack from their enemies. The Indians became insolent, and from the first stole all they could lay their hands on. After a time they began a series of annoyances calculated to provoke their visitors, with a view to putting them to death and thus securing everything.

The interpreter was a cowardly fellow, and one day gave up to the chief, upon his demand, Mr. Petroff's breach-loading rifle. The chief fired off the chambers of the piece and brought it to the owner to be loaded again. He took it, and pretending to load it, managed to put the main spring of the lock out of place, rendering the piece unserviceable. The chief was greatly enraged and hostilities became more imminent. A short time afterwards the chief demanded Mr. Petroff's tent for his own use, which request was firmly refused. Thereupon the Indians sent off all their women and children—a most ominous proceeding and one which was interpreted as a sure foreboding of bloody work—at least in intention.

The traveler determined to postpone no longer his attempt his escape. All the large canoes fit for sea going had been sent away; but the case was a desperate one, and the captives secredly selected the best of those remaining and noted the place of concealment. After cooking and eating their supper the two men retired to their tent as usual and tied down the flaps in front. Mr. Petroff drew his knife and cut a long slit in the back and directed the interpreter to load himself with such supplies as he could carry and go out. The fellow's heart failed him, and it was only by drawing his pistol and threatened to blow his brains out that Petroff secured obedience. The escape was made in safety, and the two men made their way by night along the coast towards Nuchek again.

Mr. Petroff was a prisoner with the Koloshes from the 8th of August till the 28th of September. When he effected his escape it was too late in the season for further explorations, and he made his way to San Francisco. The Government vessels had returned without tidings of him, and the report had gone forth that he had perished. Upon his arrival at San Francisco, he went one evening to the meeting of a scientific society of of which he was a member, and found that one of his fellow-members was just on the point of delivering a memorial address upon his life and services.

A New Dental Disease.

A prominent dentist writes the following:

A child, aged ten, whose teeth six month ago appeared to be all perfectly sound, came to me with the toothache in the right lower canine. I found a large portion of the enamel had disappeared from the surface of the tooth, as if it had been chipped violently off; the dentine was all exposed, but there was no softening or appearance of decay. The disease which has commenced in several of the other incisor teeth, appears first as a small white spot in about the thickest part of the front surface of the enamel, which it seems to penetrate; and then suddenly difintegrating, this comes away, and exposes the remaining sensitive enamel and the dentine. This disease is altogether a different thing from the gradual decay, or wear at the neck of the teeth, frequently met with in adults, for in this case the patient is only ten; and, as far as I have been able to ascertain, the incisors, and clines never have been know to decay in the manner above described. We are often at our wits' end to cope with the increasing prevalence of caries in the teeth of the very young; and if this be (as I fear it is) a new form of destructive energy, the sooner it is recognized the better.

THE farmer that ran rapidly through property" wore a red shirt and had his brindle bull behind him.

The Republican.

SATURDAY, March 11, 1882.

OXFORD.

A few days since business called us to the enterprising little city of Oxford. The kindness and hospitality of the citizens of our progressive sister town, to the stranger within her gates, has passed into a proverd, and there can be no doubt that this spirit has been largely instrumental in promoting her material prosperity. Oxford has a fine Institution under the management of an able and accomplished corps of instructors, and the citizens of the town and surrounding country with harmonious unanimity accord their active and hearty co-operation. There is no division of public sentiment, but realizing the truth of the grand organic law of nature, "in union there is strength," individual preference and personal prejudice are entirely discarded, when they in the least antagonize existing organization. Oxford is eminently correct, and there lies the grand secret of her splendid success in establishing an educational centre. Organization is the substratum upon which the superstructure of success alone can rest. Disintegration is the fundamental law of death and decay.

The Ga. Pa. Road is pushing its way with marvelous rapidity. Some entertain the opinion that its location will work material injury to the business interests of Oxford. We are decidedly of the contrary opinion. It will doubtless prove an admirable auxiliary. It will afford the merchants splendid facilities for shipping goods into a country in which they have already acquired large territory, and by properly exercising those same principles of business tact and energy, which originally attracted trade to them, they will be abundantly able to retain their patronage. While in Oxford we met our friend and former townsman, Mr. Joe Jones, who gave us a kind and cordial invitation to visit him at his home, but owing to press of business engagements we were compelled to do violence to our own inclinations and decline We also visited our confreres of the Legal profession, Keily and White side, at their sanctum. Kelly was busily engaged in dealing out the "ponderous logic of the law" to a client who was listening with wrapt attention, to the eloquent and earnest words of the profound young barrister. We commend this firm to the favorable consideration of all who contemplate treading the slippery pathways of law, and feel assured that, "they who enter there" do not "leave all hope behind," if they will but follow with undeviating fidelity the course marked out by these brilliant young representatives of Blackstone.

We cannot close this discursive article without alluding to our visit to the grand emporium of Mr. Clark Snow. The genial leather carpenter met us at the door and very kindly showed us through his extensive establishment. It is complete in every department, and there is nothing in his line but what can be obtained there at figures which will compare very favorably with Northern markets. Just as we were bidding adieu to the pleasant and attractive little city, we had barely time to catch the salutation of that handsome and knightly young gentleman who for so long a period was a prominent and popular member of our society here, Mr. Joshua Draper, Jr. We bade farewell to Oxford and after a delightful drive of two miles, were cordially welcomed by our two beautiful Pennsylvania friends, who with graceful elegance and facinating ease dispensed the hospitality of the inimitable little boarding house at Anniston.

WOODWARD.

Alabama Politics—Gen. Rather

Mr. Joe W. Furey, editor of the Watchman, published at Bellefonte Pennsylvania, and who, in *ante bellum* days, edited a paper at Decatur, pays the following merited tribute to a North Alabamian, in his paper of the 23rd instant:

The Watchman has observed that the name of Gen. John D. Rather, of Colbert county, of which Tuscumbia, we believe, is the county seat, has been most favorably mentioned in connection with the Governorship of Alabama. Gen. Rather is now President of the Alabama Senate, a position which he also occupied twenty years ago, when in the full flush of a vigorous young manhood. He is now just in the very prime of his life with an unclouded intellect and a physical perfection that makes him one of the most admired men personally in the South. Gen. Rather is an able constitutional lawyer and one of the finest orators that ever thrilled an audience. We have heard many of the best speakers of the country, in court, in the pulpit and on the stump, but can hardly say that, in point of brilliancy, personal magnetism and solid logic, we have ever listened to Gen. Rather's superior, and certainly to but few of his equals. We have always thought that he ought to have been Gov. Houston's successor in the United States Senate, but the Governor of the State appointed Luke Pryor, Esq., of Athens, to fill out the unexpired term of the lamented deceased, and the Legislature afterwards chose another man, and a very competent gentleman, too, but it was always a matter of surprise to us that the Alabama people should have permitted the claims of Gen. Rather to be overlooked. He is a man of rare administrative abilities and a first class financier, in whose hands the affairs of the State would be most wisely and efficiently administered, and the Democracy of the northern section of the State ought to urge his nomination for Governor by all means. He has been a tower of strength to the party and can point to his whole life's record, politically and socially, with a manly pride in which he will be endorsed by the whole people. Eloquent, able and honorable, patriotic in all his impulses and feelings, and with an ardent desire to advance and build up not only the interests of his own State, but those of the whole South, as well as of the country generally, he is just the man to lead the Democratic forces in the next gubernational contest in Alabama. Let his friends speak out loudly and plainly. His nomination would be an honor to the party and his election a credit to the commonwealth. "Here we rest."

Mr. Walter Dean, who has recently returned from Tate Springs Tenn. where he has been for the past few weeks for the benefit of his health, thus describes it to us. The spring is beautifully situated in the mountainous regions of East Tennessee surrounded by picturesque scenery, and in the summer makes one of the best retreats imaginable.. While it does not afford so many facilities for fashionable dissipation and gayety, the usual characteristics of watering places, it is by no means destitute of attractive features, nor is it without society amusement and life. Beautiful in its rustic simplicity, far from the din and confusion of city activity and bustle, its sequestered glens and lofty mountain peaks, afford romantic spots to the care-worn business man seeking recreation, or the invalid searching for health and renewed vitality. Its medicinal properties are very fine. Its curative powers in many diseases are unsurpassed by other springs, enjoying far more celebrity and wide spread reputation. Its waters are admirably adapted to those suffering from nervous prostration superinduced by over work mental or physical, and in almost every case effect complete restoration to health. In acute diseases it is of great benefit and has performed some cures considered hopeless by medical skill and science. This spring was known to the Indians, and long before the splendid civilization of the white man had hewn down their primeval forests, and magnificient cities reared their monumental spires above the lowly wigwam, these children of nature had discovered its health creating and life giving properties. Mr. Dean expresses himself as greatly pleased with his visit, and attributes to this water relaxation from business cares pleasant and companiable association, restoration to health, which he assures us is as complete and permanent as if he had plunged into the sparkling waves of Ponce De Leon, and as he feels the revivifying influence still thrilling through every nerve centre of being, our friend of the Ledger cries out with the Knight of old, Eureka, Eureka.

OXFORD ALA. March 6th 1882.

MR. EDITOR:

Phil Osopher's definition of "graduating" seems to be satisfactory to all concerned, win if it is not in harmony with the latest editions of Webster.

In the future it he will use words of less ambiguity, and state facts with less circumlocution I dont think his "Flashes" will ever be misjudged or misunderstood. We are pleased to hear Phil. Osopher express his devotion to Oxford and her interest in such emphatic terms.

Phil Osopher says he was only giving voice to rumors, when he was speaking of the plans of the Ga. Pa. R, R. and that he is not in the confidence of the road at all

If I have misrepresented him on that point I beg pardon, but if he is the true friend of Oxford that h says he is, he ought not to give voice in such a public manner to rumors likely to be a derogatory to the good name or continued prosperity of the town.

He says he is not sentimental enough to give in a poem before fall, but that's as soon as most people squares up accounts now-a-days.

It dosent matter though about the poetry for I have a splendid stock on hand at present and if he needs any for the spring trade I will swap him a lot and take the difference in legal advice. As to him not being sentimental, from last indications I was led to believe that moonshine and poetry would suit his taste much better than "Philosophy" for he seemed to be in a fair way to fall a victim to "Cupid's darts."

We have but one remark to make on Phil Osopher's last "Flashes" and that concerns his item regarding the firm that retired from business without the "honors"

Although Phil Osopher treated the subject in an able and gentlemanly manner we still think when you bring people so prominently before the public that if you can't say something good of them it is generally best to keep silent.

And when you see a fellow man falling into the deep, dark grief of social disgrace how much more noble and manly it would be to extend a helping hand to lift him back from whence he fell than to turn the finger of public scorn upon him and send him deeper and deeper into that abyss of woe without even a chance to redeem his tarnished name.

These remarks are not intended for Phil Osopher in particular; for such is the way of the world in general.

Let a man be on the high road to fortune surrounded by the pomp of wealth or glory, and bold indeed is the man who dares to breathe a breath of slander against his splendid name.

Behold the same individual when the tide of fortunes is reversed and the demon of social scandal is dragging him down into the depths of despair, then the same humane friends who were once proud to worship at his shrine now gloat over the hour that gives them the coveted opportunity to hurl the man who was once their idol deeper and deeper into the dark depths of oblivion. Such is life

But to return to Phil Osopher and his "Flashes" that gleam o'er the fields of literature like the flash of wisdom from the fame crested clouds of genius.

Go on with your "Flashes" Phil Osopher; write up the public and social events of our town, for no one could do it better than you but try to write the bright side only.

I admire your talent, your wit and your enterprise, for to put it plain "you'r a sharp 'un."

If I have misrepresented you in any way show me my error and I am ready to beg pardon. I will not insist on your giving me a poem, but if you should feel poetically inclined at any time, I would like to hear him "shoot off."

I will not indulge in any flights of poetical fancy this time but if you should need any soon let me know and I can supply you in any quantity you desire.

With best wishes for your continued success, I am very truly yours,

MERCHANT.

Corn Vs Cotton.

A writer in the Southern Farmer's Monthly says: "In my vicinity planters are paying $1 a bushel for corn on a credit to be paid out of the next crop. If cotton should sell for 8 cents net it will require 24 2-7 pounds of cotton to pay for 1 bushel of corn. If a man can exchange his 2000 bushels of corn for cotton at these figuers he will get, 14,570 pounds of cotton for his crop of corn, or about 36 bales of cotton up North to pay for the corn that one man can make. Is there any wonder that we are as poor as a church mouse? And Bill Arp is about right when he says: 'I am afeered we are a nation of fools.' There has long been an impression up North and even in the South, that we cannot raise stock to profit; that we have no grass, can't feed stock; that the flies are too bad; that we have too many bad diseases; while the fact is, we have more and better grasses than the North has.

We can raise hogs, cattle, sheep, mules and horses on one half the cost that it requires up North And to fatten the stock for market it can be done with peas, even on the poor land of Georgia, for less money than it can be done in the North; and while we are raising stock, we are improving our lands instead of wearing them out. I am well aware that there is a strange facination in planting cotton We see in the spring that $40 a bale, and ten bales of cotton to the hand, but from some cause we cant see the expense attending the making of the crop

A Huge Mistake.

Coosa River News.

We hear it said, very oftenly too; that there is more whiskey drank in Centre since the passage of the whiskey law than there was before. Why some persons cling to this absured idea is incomprehensible. They certainly know thats such is not the case. Court opened here last Monday with a goodly number of persons in attendance, and with marked order and quietude. If there was a man on the square in oxicated or under the influence of whiskey in the least, it was not discernable. Perfect order and harmony prevailed, with not the least confusion. What a great difference to the loud talking boistrous laughing and whirly burly drunken confusion of former courts before the suppression of the sale of whiskey in the county. There is all the difference in the world-both in the court house and out of it. The Judge has no trouble to keep order in the court room and no Marshal is needed on the streets. It is realy pleasing to note the difference No loud talking, no fighting, no horse racing, and swapping, no betting but business is conducted calmly and quietly. Yet some of our people say just as much whiskey is sold and drank in Centre as ever Gentlemen you are mistaken. A cracked-brain fellow with one glass eye can easily tell the difference.

Montgomery Advertiser: Some time ago we had occasion to refer to some beautiful butter from "Springvale" Col. James Crook's dairy farm near Jacksonville, in this State We learn that he is shipping from forty to sixty pounds of butter to New Orleans each week, which is equal in every respect to that which a Massachusetts man recieves $1. 25 per pound for shipping all the way from the "Bay State," It would be a blessing if this market could be regularly supplied with "Springvale" butter. Col. James Crook deals only in Jersey cattle of the purest strain. He has six cows of this breed, all of which average fourteen pounds of butter weekly, and some yield as much as nineteen pounds. One of his cows, three years and six months old, with her third calf, yields fourteen pound weekly. Three of his cows have gone dry at present. It is Colonel Crook's design we believe, to increase his stock of Jersys, when it is hoped he will give Montgomery a chance at his nonpariel butter.

The orange statistics of Florida, prepared for the census bureau, place the value of the present orange crop at about one million dollars, against six hundred and seventy six 000 dollars for last crop; an increase of nearly forty per. ct.

The Jacksonville "Union says no doubt the present crop will be worth considerably over a million dollars. Putnam County leads the list with a production of over seven million oranges, worth in cash one hundred and eight thousand dollars.

The practical life of the Chrisian comprehends three distinct elements. We have to do the will of God in our business; this is working We have to oppose our sin and resist temptation; this is fighting. We have to endure with cheerfulness and submission what cross the Lord Jesus lays upon us: this is suffering.

People are always talking about originality, but what do they mean? As soon as we are born the world begins to work upon us, and this goes on to the end. And after all what can we call on except energy, strength and will? If I could give an account of all that I owe to great predecessors and contemporaries, there would be but a small balance in my favor.

It is our happiness as Christian's tha however we may change our place, we shall never change our object. Whatever we loose we shall not loose that which we esteem better than life. God has made to us this gracious promise—I will dwell in them and walk in them. And though we may endure much affliction and pass through many deep waters yet this is our honor and comfort—the lord is with us.

It is worth remembering that nobody enjoys the nicest surroundings if in bad health. There are miserable people to day with one foot in the grave, when a bottle of Parker's Ginger Tonic would do them more good than all the doctors and medicines they have ever tried. See adv. feb18

Do little helpful things and speak helpful words whenever you can. They are better than pearls or daimonds to strew along the roadside of life and will yield a far more valuable harvest.

ADMINISTRATORS SALE.

Valuable Timbered Land.

Under and by virtue of an order of the Probate court of Calhoun county, Alabama, made on the 15th day of February. 1882. I will, as the Administrator of the estate of Robert Jones, deceased, proceed to sell on Monday the 27th day of March, 1882, at the Crossing in the town of Cross Plains. in Calhoun county, Ala., at public outcery to the highest bidder for cash, the following described lands belonging to said estate, to wit: Lot No. 19. of fractional Section 31, T 12 south, R 11 east, and the N W ¼ of Section 6, T 13 south, R 11 east, lying near the line of Calhoun and Cleburne county, Ala.

W. C SAVAGE,
Administrator

march4—4t

STATE OF ALABAMA
Calhoun County

In Probate Court for said county, Special Term. Feb. 25th. 1882.

This day came Benj. L Archer, Administrator of the estate of W H. Smith, decd., and filed in court his account and vouchers for a final settlement of his Guardianship.

It is ordered by the court that the 25th day of March 1882, be and is hereby appointed the day upon which to audit and pass upon said account and to make said settlement, and that notice thereof, be given for three successive weeks in the Jacksonville Republican, a newspaper printed and published in said county, as a notice to all persons concerned, to be and appear before me at my office in the court house of said county, on said 25th day of March, 1882, and contest said settlement if they think proper.

A. WOODS,
Judge of Probate,

march4—3t*

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

Letters of Administration upon the estate of Jos. C McCurry, decd, having been granted the undersigned by the Hon A. Woods, Judge of the Probate Court of Calhoun county on the 6th day of Feb., 1882, notice is hereby given that all persons having claims against said estate, will be required to present the same within the time allowed by law or they will be barred.

JNO. S. OWENS, Adm.

march4—3t.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

Letters of Adm., Ancellary, upon the estate of Jesse Arledge, decd., having been granted the undersigned by the Hon. A. Woods, Judge of the Probate Court of Calhoun County, on the 6th day of February, 1882, notice is hereby given that all persons having claims against said estate, will be required to present the same within the time allowed by law, or they will be barred.

C. W. BREWTON,
Adm'r

march4—3t.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

Letters of Administration upon the estate of Robt C. Hannah, decd., having been granted the undersigned by the Hon. A Woods, Judge of the Probate Court of Calhoun county, on the 22nd day of February. 1882, notice is hereby given that all persons having claims against said estate, will be required to present the same within the time allowed by law, or they will be barred.

THOS. H. MARTIN, Adm.

march4—3t

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

Letters Testementary, upon the estate of Washington Williams, deceased, having been granted the undersigned by the Hon. A. Woods, Judge of the Probate Court of Calhoun county. on the 22nd day of February, 1882, notice is hereby given that all persons having claims against said estate, will be required to present the same within the time allowed by law, or they will be barred.

WM. C. SCARBROUGH,
Ex cutor.

march4—3t

NOTICE NO. 1443.

Land Office,

MONTGOMERY, ALA., Feby 28th, 1882.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Clerk of the Circuit Court, P. D. Ross, at Jacksonville, Ala., on April 15th, 1882, viz: Joe Green, Homestead application No 6516, for the E ½ of S W ¼ Sec. 6, Township 15, South, Range 9. East.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz, S. M. Pruitt, Wyly M. Snider, L H Rutledge and Thomas Ford, all of Jacksonville, Calhoun county, Ala.

THOMAS J. SCOTT,
Register.

march4—5t

TAN BARK WANTED.

Parties wishing to contract to deliver Chestnut Oak Bark at our sheds, or on the S R & D Railroad, or on the Georgia Pacific Road, will please call on, or address, the Germania Tanning Co., Germania. Ala., before April 1st

☞Edwardsville Standard will please copy 4t and send account to this office.

feb25—4t.

NOTICE NO. 1462.

LAND OFFICE AT MONTGOMERY. ALA. February 18th 1882.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before A. Woods, Judge of Probate at Jacksonville, Ala., on April 3d, 1882 viz: Wiley Argo, Homestead No. 6743 for the lot No 4 Section 36, Township 12 S. Range 8 E.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz: Susan Armstrong, Francis Walker, John Wilson, and John T. Young, all of Allsups, Calhoun county, Alabama.

THOMAS J. SCOTT,
Register.

feb25—5.

H. A. SMITH'S

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

MUSIC

—AND—

BOOK STORE,

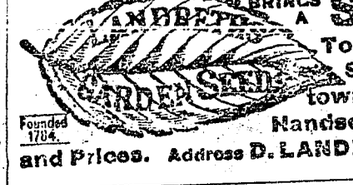
Rome, Ga.

Just opening out an immense stock of Writing Desks, Work Boxes, Toilett Setts, China and Glass Vases, Motto Cup, Saucers and Mugs, Fancy Glass Inkstands, Stationery, Photograph and Autograph Albums, Bibles, Prayer Books, Poetical and standard works, Juvenile books, Pictures, Picture Frames, Tin, China and Rubber Toys in great variety, Wax Dolls, Games, Silverplated Ware, suitable for wedding and holiday presents, Gold Pens, Port Monaies, and a thousand novelties.

Piano's and Orgons, of the best make, at wholesale prices. Orders by mail solicited. Prices cheerfully given.

dec4 H. A. SMITH.

THE UNITED STATES MAIL BRINGS A SEED STORE



To every man's door. If our SEEDS are not sold in your town, drop us a Postal Card for Handsome Illustrated Catalogue and Prices. Address D. LANDRETH & SONS, Philadelphia.

Diphtheria

A cold or sore throat may not seem to amount to much, and if promptly attended to can easily be cured; but neglect is often followed by consumption or diphtheria. No medicine has ever been discovered which acts so quickly and surely in such cases as PERRY DAVIS' PAIN KILLER. The prompt use of this *invaluable remedy* has saved thousands of lives. PERRY DAVIS' PAIN KILLER is not an experiment. It has been before the public for forty years, and is most valued where it is best known.

A few extracts from voluntary testimonials read as follows:

PAIN KILLER has been my household remedy for colds for the past twenty-seven years, and have never known it to fail in effecting a cure.—L. S. CROCKER, Williamsville, N. Y.

For thirty years I have used PAIN KILLER, and found it a never-failing remedy for colds and sore throat.—EARTON SEAMAN.

Have received immediate relief from colds and sore throat, and consider your PAIN KILLER an invaluable remedy.—GEO. B. EVERETT, Dickinson, N. Y.

I have just recovered from a very severe cold, which I have had for some time. I could get no relief until I tried your PAIN KILLER, which relieved me immediately. I will never again be without it.—C. O. FORCE, Lowndes, Ga.

Have used PAIN KILLER in my family for forty years, and have never known it to fail.—RANSOM LEWIS, Waynesboro, Ga.

I began using PAIN KILLER in my family twenty-five years ago and have used it ever since, and have found no medicine to take its place.—B. W. DYER, Druggist, Oneida, N. Y.

For whooping-cough and croup it is the best preparation made. We would not be without it.—A. P. ROUTS, Liberty Mills, Va.

For twenty-five years I have used PAIN KILLER for colds and chapped lips, and consider it the best medicine ever offered.—GEO. HOOPER, Wilmington, N. C.

I was suffering severely with bronchitis, and my throat was so inflamed I could scarcely swallow any food. I was advised to try your PAIN KILLER, and after taking a few doses was completely cured.—T. WILKINSON.

DR. WALTON writes from Coshocton: Your PAIN KILLER cures diphtheria and sore throat, so alarmingly prevalent here, and has not been known to fail in a single instance. This fact you should make known to the world.

MRS. ELLEN B. MASON writes: My son was taken violently sick with diphtheria, high fever, and cold chills. So many children have died here, I was afraid to call a physician, and tried your PAIN KILLER. He was taken on Sunday, and on Wednesday his throat was clear. It was a wonderful cure, and I wish it could be known to the poor mothers who are losing so many children.

For Chills and Fever, PAIN KILLER has no equal. It cures when everything else fails. Delays are often dangerous. A bottle of PAIN KILLER in the house is a safeguard that no family should be without. All druggists sell it at 25c., 50c., and $100 per bottle.

PERRY DAVIS & SON, Proprietors, Providence, R. I.

july 30, 188—11 y.

The Biggest Thing Yet.

GROCERIES! GROCERIES!! GROCERIES!!!

B. F. CARPENTER & CO.

Have received and are still receiving the largest and best selected stock of Groceries they have ever brought to this market. Not deterred by the clamor of hard times next year, they have amply provided for the wants of the public, and will sell to suit the purses of their customers. In all

STAPLE AND FANCY GROCERIES

They can confidently defy competition, where cash is paid. They bought on the recent failure of corners in Groceries of all kinds, and consequently caught the bottom of the market. Seeing is believing.

Bring the Cash

and test their prices, and see for yourself.

Bagging, Ties, Farming Utensils

Wooden Ware, and hundreds of other things in stock. Don't buy until you examine the stock of B. F. CARPENTER & CO.

oct15-tf

NEW DRUG STORE.

H. F MONTGOMERY & Co.,

West Side Public Square,

JACKSONVILLE, ALA.

Dealers in all kinds of Drugs and Medicines, Paints, Oils, Patent Medicines, Window Glass, Stationery, Blank Books, Toilet articles, Lamps, Garden and Field Seeds. Also a choice selection of Fancy Groceries. Tobacco, Cigars. &c. All goods guaranteed to be fine and fresh. Special prices made to Merchants and Physicians.

Prescriptions carefully compounded by our S. S. Linder, M. D.

apl6-'81—1y.

Use Lawrence & Martin's

TOLU ROCK and RYE.

For COUGHS, COLDS, SORE THROAT, BRONCHITIS, ASTHMA, PNEUMONIA, CONSUMPTION, Diseases of THROAT, CHEST AND LUNGS.

BALSAM OF TOLU Has always been one of the most important weapons wielded by the MEDICAL FACULTY against the encroachments of COUGHS, COLDS, BRONCHITIS, ASTHMA, SORE THROAT, CONSUMPTION in its incipient and advanced stages, and all diseases of the THROAT, CHEST and LUNGS, but it has never been so advantageously compounded as in the TOLU, ROCK and RYE. Its soothing Balsamic properties afford a diffusive stimulant and tonic to build up the system after the cough has been relieved. Quart size bottles, Price $1.00.

CAUTION! Do not be deceived by dealers who try to palm off Rock and Rye in place of our TOLU, ROCK AND RYE, which is the ONLY MEDICATED article—the genuine has a Private Die Proprietary Stamp on each bottle, which permits it to be Sold by Druggists, Grocers and Dealers Everywhere,

☞ WITHOUT SPECIAL TAX OR LICENSE.

The TOLU, ROCK AND RYE CO., Proprietors, 41 River St., Chicago, Ill.

CITY BAR!

The undersigned has with particular care selected for this season, a very fine lot of best

LINCOLN COUNTY WHISKEY,

Direct from the Distillery, as well as

Apple, and Peach Brandies,

He would especially call the attention of all desiring a good drink to his celebrated

"Cabinet Whiskey,"

which is the best in the market. His imported Brandy, FOR THE SICK, has no equal.

His Liquors are bought under bond and he knows them to be fine and pure. A general line of goods in Liquors of all brands, Beers, Cider, &c., including Sacrament Wine. Also a large lot of fine Cigars, Tobacco and Snuff.

Empty barrels from 75c to $1.00 each.

My Billiard Parlor

which is well ventilated and comfortable, is the favorite resort of those who love the game.

Respectfully,
JNO RAMAGNANO, Jacksonville, Ala.

N. B.—Parties indebted to me are requested to come forward and settle by cash or waive note. nov5—6m

---

STEVENSON & GRANT,

Correspondents of

Real Estate Banking

—AND—

LOAN ASSOCIATION OF ALABAMA.

WILL UNDERTAKE TO NEGOTIATE LOANS AS FOLLOWS:

On producing farm lands, for from three to five years.

On producing farm lands, for three to five years, payable in annual installments.

On crop lien, personal and real security, for one year or less, with agreement to ship cotton to Selma. Applicants may apply for loans on producing farm lands for a term of years, either with or without the condition to ship cotton. Loans made for $300 and upwards.

STEVENSON & GRANT,
Jacksonville Ala.

UNDERTAKING

John H. Crawford, notifies his friends and the public generally that he has in stock a fine lot of coffins and burial cases of all sizes and from the finest to the plainest make, which he will dispose of at reasonable prices. He may be found at the shop known as the Fleming shop on Main st, South of the square. 3m

---

NOTICE.

All parties indebted to the old firm of Landers & Brittain MUST come forward and settle, either by note or cash, or they will be sued, and that right IMMEDIATELY.

JNO. M. CALDWELL.

Aug 5—tf

SUMMER RESIDENCE

One house and lot in Jacksonville, containing seven acres, known as the Judge Foster residence. The house is most tastefully built and situated in the most desirable part of town for residence. A never failing well supplies ice cold water the year round. The place is abundantly supplied with fine fruit, including an extensive Grapery. The extensive lawn in front is clothed with huge native oaks and the ground beautifully laid off. It is a very desirable place for some gentleman South of here who wants a summer residence in this part of the State. The owner gave $3.000 for the place. Will sell for $1500 if taken in 3 months. Reason for selling—owner moved out of the State.

Address
STEVENSON & GRANT,
Real Estate Brokers,
oct1—tf Jacksonville. Ala.

YOUNG MEN

SHOULD ATTEND

MOORE'S

BUSINESS UNIVERSITY,

ATLANTA, GA.

A Model Business School.

ACTUAL BUSINESS

STUDENTS ON CHANGE.

A Practical School for the Times

No Theory. No copying from books. The best course of instruction ever adopted for the practical education of young men, boys, and men of middle age.

The course of students comprise every variety of Business and Finance, from Retail to Banking operations. Book-keeping in all its various methods. Business forms, terms and usages. Business writing, correspondence, business Arithmetic Commercial Law, Lectures, Partnership, Settlements, etc., etc

No vacations. Students can enter at any time Circulars containing full particulars mailed *free* to any address.

june18—1y B. F. MOORE, Pres.

REAL ESTATE

FOR SALE.

A Chance For Bargains!

Messrs. STEVENSON & GRANT,

Real Estate Brokers,

JACKSONVILLE, ALA.,

OFFER the following described places for sale at a bargain. For full description and particulars, apply to them.

2

160 ACRES in Choccolocco valley, fine open farm with plenty of woodland, oak and hickory growth. Land brings from 900 to 1300 lbs. seed cotton to acre. One half cash, balance on time.

3

80 ACRES, three and a half miles North of Mt Polk. 17 acres cleared land, mostly fresh. Rails enough to fence 40 acres more. Land good No houses. Can be paid for in six yearly payments of cotton. Call on or address J D McCormick, Mack Ala

4

100 ACRES within one and a half miles of Anniston, 50 acres cleared, 50 acres well timbered and accessible Iron ore, good water, orchard, dwelling, outhouses, blacksmith and woodshop well patronized, on the place. School house and church within one fourth mile. Geo. Pacific R. R. survey through the place.

5

120 ACRES near Cherokee and Calhoun line. Framed dwelling house and other improvements. 50 acres in cultivation. All in a body—greater part level and good. In good neighborhood.

6

180 ACRES, 8 miles west of Jacksonville on Gadsden and Jacksonville road. Good improvements, finely watered, fencing in good condition and land in fine state of cultivation. 100 acres open. 85 acres woodland well timbered. Red and yellow clay subsoil.

7

2500 ACRES in a body, on Tallasnatchie and Obatchie creeks. As fine land as lies in Calhoun. Three splendid residences and ten or twelve tenant houses. No room for description in this advertisement. Can sell one to five places from this tract, or all in a body, at a bargain.

8

A splendid farm of 800 acres in the valley of Alexandria, 500 acres open and under fence, 640 in a body, and 160 of woodland seperated from main body by only one forty. Has a large and convenient dwelling and many tennant houses. The land has red clay subsoil; lies very level and will hold all the manures put on it. Ample water supply from two springs. Fine native and cultivated grasses. Land produces well. Would make a splendid stock farm. It will be sold at a bargain.

And other places of very desirable character. We shall continue the advertisement of places given us for sale from time to time without charge to the parties who give us their lands to sell. We have printed power of attorney to sell land now on hand, and all parties who place their lands in our hands for sale will be expected to sign them up. We require this both in order that there may be no dispute as to amount of our fee in case of sale, and to show parties who may desire to purchase that we have a right to sell. Of course under this power, the owner will have the deeds to sign before the sale would be complete. STEVENSON & GRANT,
july9—tf Jacksonville, Ala

M. E. GOLDSMITH, JNO. W. HUGHES.

GOLDSMITH & HUGHES

—GENTS'—

FURNISHING GOODS,

Hats, Caps, Valises, Umbrellas, &c.,

No. 9 Peachtree St.,

ATLANTA, GA.

sept24—4m·

PAY UP.

Republican.

hange in the advertise- tevenson & Grant. It n they can now under- egotiate loans for lest five years; also on the t plan; also with or with- otton shipping require- pplicants must in all ca- ll the old deeds they the land proposed for In all cases it is neces- ce title back over twen-

—4t

body throw in and help buy r the College.

Beeson was elected Mayor the other day.

Mrs, Kendall are visiting t Mrs. Morgan of this place.

esiring to purchase a good e can secure a great bargain pon W. H Dean

Bro have received a big and they are still coming ean business.

Privett and sister, Miss An- rned to Jacksonvill after a sit to Memphis Tenn,

s Driskill who has been veral weeks in Gadsden re Jacksonville last Monday.

Bbie Francis, Maggie and aris, accompanied by Mr. es, paid Ozford a flying vis-

g legal friend Kelley of Ox- ford to day, Friday.. He is ounsel for Smyth whose trial rogress.

mes nee, Miss Rosa Rowan of Jacksonville's lovliest and tive girls and she is always happy welcome by her many ds.

business houses have been ened in town. Our mercan- increasing, and by using a esink Jacksonville would soon he liveliest towns in the coun-

Wm. H. Torney arrived from n yesterday. The General e most faithful members in ays at his post, and such is return, he will remain with but two or three days.

ce reached us last evening of W McDougal Nisbet, a young the Gadsden bar, He was n of irreproachable moral char business qualifications and ise in his profession.

Appeal nie Privett of Jacksonville, spent several weeks in this ed home Friday accompanied ther Joe H. Privett. Miss n the love and admiration of friends she met, and they all tend their wishes for her hap-

ed on the street the other an bent with age and infirmity raveled all the way from Missis- ppi and get her son out of jail e that our friends Woodward , will be successful in getting e can give.

Socratic Society will give a ertainment at Weaver's Acad- e 17th day of March 1882. ect of the entertainment is to- to purchase a Reference Libra- above named Academy. The e is replete with amusement d and the young. Admittance 25cts children under 12 years cts.

body is cordially invited. Doors ened promptly at 7 P. M.

day evening two horses were denly sick at Martin's stable very short time at least fifty erican citizens had assembled enty minutes ninety one thou- scriptions were offered. We of ered ours and afterwards heard who knows all about horses re- he fellow had given them that just exactly what we prescrib- rses would have been dead in ur.

days since a most terrible trad- ered in Franklin County, A m n ame of Brittain struck another he name of Rickard with an severing the head from the e also stabbed three men sever- tempted to arrest him. Rick- oken of as having been one st men in the community. re two hundred Lawyers in the use of Congress and only five

days ago a very serious accident ne near terminating fatally hap- Mr Billie Dean and Miss Frank- They were out driving a very horse, when for some reason as e going up a very steep hill with ully on either side, the horse got eable, commenced backing and he buggy completely over. Billie rable presence of mind leap- the buggy, caught it as it was g lifted it by main force from rate form of the young lady with the buggy into the gulley very painful injuries upon the shoulder. It was miraculous escaped death. Billie says that nkie displayed courage, never eaming or evincing under fear.

oung people met at Mrs. Frank's ing and reorganized the Jack- Literary Society. We hope the is now established upon a per- basis, for there is nothing better calculated to develop intellectual character, than an organized association having for its object the cultivation of the mental faculties and the acquirement of literary and scientific knowledge without being egotistical. Our town can boast of splendid amateur, musical, elocutionary and dramatic talent which in combination would be capable of giving an evening entertainment that would challenge the admiration of the most caustic literary critic.

There is a family in town that needs and deserves the charity of our generous people. Mr. Kaufman a shoemaker who worked industriously at his trade to support a wife and five small children until he was prostrated by serious illness.

Dr Montgomery with that true philanthropy characteristic of the noble profession to which he belongs, bestows the most devoted attention upon him furnishes him with with medicine and is using every exertion to alleviate his suffering but while in his condition it is a physical impossibility to provide for the necessities of his family. We are proud to be able to say that no people in the world are more ready to contribute to needy poor, and we are satisfied they will respond generously to our call for assistance. We have visited them and know that their condition is really distressing.

Kaufman was a brave confederate soldier, and lost his health by a wound received in a battle in which several of our fellow townsman participated— that of seven pines,

OXFORD FLASHES.

The following are the councilmen elect of Oxford for the ensuing year: J. B. McCain, J. L. Dodson, R. P. Thomason, L. L. Allen, A. M. Morgan, T. M. Draper and James McKibbin. All the former councilmen were re-elected except two: E. W. Teague and J. R. Draper. A. M. Morgan and T. R. Draper were chosen in their plades. There were twenty-two names voted for and 95 votes in all cast. Only two issues were presented: The Whiskey Tariff and the Bond question. The new council held a meeting on Tuesday night last and elected Mr, Frank Gardner, Marshal.

We learn that Mrs. Anderson will retire from the hotel business the 1st of July prox. and that a Mr. Wade will at that time assume proprietorship of the "Central," Mrs. A. has proven herself a model hostess and has given good satisfaction to her numerous guests, but the arduous labors of the position have overtaxed her strength. A brother of the hotel man has already moved into our midst and will, we are informed soon open a store in the house recently vacated by Mr. Fowles.

Mr. Haines, the young gentle man who got "blowed up" in an explosion on the new railroad is rapidly improving. His many friends are glad to know that his eyesight was not destroyed nor even injured, as was greatly feared.

Another small squad of hands for the Ga. Pacific arrived from Lynchburg, Va., on last Tuesday night.

Oxford College now has on its matriculation list 183 students. The wonderful prosperity of this popular Institution is fully maintained. There will be several graduates next Commencement, we believe all young men.

A lodge of "Knights of the Golden Rule," a new order, something similar to the "Knights of Honor," has been established in this place with some twenty members.

J. M. & R. G. Roberts, Jr. have opened a variety store in the house recently occupied by Dr. B. D. Williams who has moved his office to his residence next door above on the same street We wish Jim and Gaines much success.

Rev. J. C. Wright delivered an eloquent and interesting address on Missions at the Baptist church on last Sunday morning, and a collection was taken for that object amounting to near one hundred dollars.

The "Ladies Aid Society" of the Baptist church had quite an interesting "Mite Meeting" at the residence of J. B. McCain last night (Friday.) We have not learned the amount realized.

We give in conclusion a few extemporaneous lines, respectfully dedicated in all good feeling to our friend "Merchant."

GRADUATE—"To BUST."—MERCHANT

There was a man of brilliant mind,
And yet unknown to fame
Whose conscience treated him unkind
And "Merchant" was his name.

He had no fear for any one—
Not e'en a railroad grent;
Yet one small word could make him run—
That word was GRADUATE.

It mattered not what Webster swore,
No man or book he'd trust,
The work one meaning only bore—
That meaning was "To BUST."

PHIL OSOPHER.

The dispatches disclose a terrible condition of affairs in the Mississippi valley. The Mississippi river has inundated the country to an extent heretofore unprecedented, and many lives and much valuable property have been lost. Thousands of people are in a starving condition, and will necessarily be compelled to have assistance from the outside world or die. The Government with commendable charity has been issuing rations to the sufferers, but it will be sometime before they can become self-sustaining again. Work is absolutely impossible, and until the waters subside they will be entirely dependent upon outside contributions. In some places the river is forty miles wide, from this almost incredibly fact, some conception of the condition of inhabitants of that country can be had.

Miss Boggs one of Selma's most beautiful and accomblished daughters paid our town a flying visit recently. We learn that she contemplates paying our town a more extended visit soon. We have no doubt that her dazzling beauty supplimented by other attractions which she posesses will take the hearts of our young men by storm.

The Color and Lustre of Youth are restored to faded or gray hair by the use Parker's Hair Balsam, a harmless dressing highly esteemed for its perfume and purity. feb18

SPECIAL COLUMN.

NOTICE.

The firm of LEDBETTER BROS. & CO. is this day dissolved., T. A. Wiggs having withdrawn. The business will be continued as before, under the old firm name of Ledbetter Bros., as successors, who will settle up all the old business.

We would respectfully ask all who are indebted to us on last year's business to come forward and settle either by cash or good note.

Thanking our friends for past favors and hoping, by prompt and fair dealing, to retain a liberal share of their patronage, we are

LEDBETTER BROS.

march4—3t

ELECTION NOTICE.

Council Chamber,

JACKSONVILLE, ALA.
Feb. 27, 1882.

It is ordered by the Town Council of the Town of Jacksonville that an election for Mayor and Aldermen of said town for the year 1882-3 be held in the court house on Saturday, the 1st day of April, 1882; and for the purpose of carrying out said election, W. A. Driskill, J. J. Skelton and Thomas Brittain are appointed managers, and R. L. Arnold and W. E. Hammond Clerks, and R. H. Gidley, returning officer.

JNO. M. CROOK, Mayor.

march4—4t

MONEY TO LEND ON COTTON.

Parties in Calhoun who raise as much or more than 25 bales of cotton can borrow money of the Real Estate and Loan and Banking Co. of Alabama, at much less than bank rates Apply to STEVENSON & GRANT. feb25-2t

OXFORD, ALA.
Notice.

Notice is hereby given that A. V. Mathis has this day withdrawn from the firm of Mathis & Co, and that G. H. & J. F. Mathis will continue the business under the firm name of Mathis & Co., and will settle up all the old business of said firm. This 1st day of Feb. 1882.

G. H. MATHIS,
J. F. MATHIS,
A. V. MATHIS,

feb18—3t

Notice is her by given to Justices of the Peace and Notaries Public of Calhoun County that I have been duly appointed acting Coroner of the county, and feel fully competent to perform all the duties of the office. They are therefore respectfully requested not to act for me in any case.

Respectfully,
RUFUS ALEXANDER.
feb18—3t Acting Coroner

IT IS A WELL KNOWN FACT

among physicians that Buchu Juniper and Parera Brava, in combination are the best remedies in the world for any disease of the Bladder or Kidneys, and that not less than one half of the human family, both male and female, suffer from derangement of those organs, and neglect or failure to use proper remedies hurry many to untimely graves. Numerous combinations have been tried for Gravel, Brick Dust Deposits, Brights Disease, Weakness in Back and Hips, produced by derangement of Bladder and Kidneys, but none with such happy results as Rankin's Extract of Buchu and Juniper. If you suffer from any disease of those organs, get a bottle—one or two will relieve you.

Prepared only by Hunt, Rankin & Lamar, Atlanta, Ga., and sold by Druggists generally. feb1—2m

East Tennessee, Virginia
-AND-
GEORGIA RAILROADS,

Forms the quickest and most comfortable route to

Eastern Cities,
—AND—
ONLY ROUTE
—TO THE—
Watering Places
—OF—
East Tennessee and Virginia

The principal Inducements are

SPLENDID SCENERY, QUICK TIME, THROUGH CARS.

The only line passing through the mountainous regions of East Tennessee and Virginia. Through cars run from Selma to Bristol without change. For information address,

JAS. R. OGDEN, G. P. A., Knoxville.
RAY KNIGHT, A. G. P. A., Selma.

SELMA DIVISION.

Going North.		Going South.
Lv. 7.30 a m	Selma,	Ar. 8 45 p m
" 9.45 a m	Calera,	Lv. 5.45 p m
" 1.30 p m	Jacksonville,	" 2.30 p m
" 4.05 p m	Rome,	" 11.30 p m
" 6 20 p m	Dalton,	" 9.30 p m
" 8.25 p m	Cleveland,	" 7.20 p m
" 11.40 p m	Knoxville,	" 3 35 p m
Ar. 4.50 a m	Bristol,	" 10.20 p m

ALABAMA CENTRAL DIVISION.

Westward.		Eastward.
Lv. 4.00 p m	Selma,	Ar. 10.30 a m
" 5.50 p m	Uniontown,	Lv. 8.31 a m
" 7.02 p m	Demopolis,	" 7.16 a m
" 8.45 p m	York,	" 5.40 a m
" 9.20 p m	Lauderdale,	" 5.06 a m
Ar. 10.00 p m	Meridian,	" 4.20 a m

Mail Train North connects with Rome R R at Rome for Atlanta, and at Dalton with W & A R R for Chattanoga, and points North; at Bristol with N W road for all Eastern cities Accommodation train leaves Selma at 3.00 p m. connecting with L & N at Calera for all Western cities; arrives at Selma 9 30 a m. Mail train South connects at Calera with L & N for Montgomery, and at Meridian with N O and V & M roads for Mobile, New Orleans and Vicksburg.

JNO. M. BRIDGES, Supt.
RAY KNIGHT.
Gen. Ticket and Passenger Ag't
Selma, Ala.
an 29, 1882

NOTICE.

TO THE

Farmers of Calhoun County.

I am receiving and will keep on hand for sale, at Weaver's Station, Anniston, Greensport and Jacksonville, the old Premium Potapsco Guano, which has on all occasions, in tests carefully made, proved to have no equal.

I have handled the old Potapsco for eight years past, and have not ever been able to supply the demand. I handled last season 247 tons, and could have sold smartly more in the county, had we been able to furnish it. The results are uniformly satisfactory. I seldom have any complaint of Potapsco Guano, or Potapsco Acid Phosphate, which I have in stock at all the above named places. I deem it unnecessary to offer any comment on these Fertilizers, as their use for eight years have established their value in diversified husbandry. I guarantee the qualities for the present season to be fully up in grade in Phosphoric Acid, Nitrogenous matter and Potash, to any Fertilizers offered to the trade.

The Potapsco Guano and Acid Phosphate have the analysis branded upon each bag, which the manufacturers authorize me to guarantee. The entire stock that we offer for sale is fresh, and has not been flooded by overflow on the river.

Prices for this Season.

Potapsco Guano, time Oct. 15th next, solvent paper $75 per ton. Cotton option of 500lbs middling grade cotton. Cash on delivery $45.

Potapsco Acid Phosphate on time until the 15th of October next on approved paper $63.75 per ton, with cotton option of 425lbs middling grade cotton. Cash on delivery $32 50

Cotton option will not be exteded after the maturity of said notes.

I would respectfully refer to Mr. J. W. Whitesides, William Whitesides, Nathan Clark, D. G. Clark, William Hubbard, Jas. Turk, Gus Ford. J. F. Williams, W. D. Bush, John Wakefield, Charles Loyd, T. H. Clements, Jas. Hagan, E. N. Weaver, E. T. Clark, H. J. Dean, Samuel Crook, S. J. Woodruff, Irvin Martin, G B. Skelton, Frank Hanna, William Edmonson, and Mr. Peterson, the plow man, as to the results from year to year,

The stock will be kept up during the season at Jacksonville, Weavers Station, Anniston and Greensport.

All orders addressed to me at Alexandria, D. F. Weaver, Weavers Station, D. Z. Goodlett, Jacksonville, Jas. Hagan, Greensport, or T. H. Hopkins, Steve manager at Anniston, and W. J. Edmondson, Anniston, will be thankfully received and shall have prompt attention.

We thank you for your patronage in the past, and hope to share the same this season.

Very respectfully, your obt servt.,
W. P. COOPER, Agent.

GUANO TEST.

ALEXANDRIA, ALA., Jan. 14, 1882.

Last Spring I was having a conversation with one of the largest dealers in Guano in Calhoun county, when he made what, I afterward thought, was a wise suggestion. It was as follows: That all of the Guano dealers in the country would authorize some good representative farmer to go, at will, to their stocks of Guano and draw from each brand a sample for test on the same soil, and the same season and year, giving each a fair test. I concluded, after thinking the matter over, that such an experiment might be worth something to the farmers, and would, at least, show up the results, and their differences in our soil. So I procured the same amount of the different named fertilizers from gentlemen who were agents for same, with the understanding that I was to publish the final results, which was agreed to by all.

The soil selected was chosen, so that it would well represent the gray gravelly, red mulatto and alluvial sandy soils of Calhoun county. Rows 70 yards long, and beginning by number with stake drove down, and name wrote upon each, of the kind of Guano used, and the same was kept noted in a memorandum book.

The land was furrowed with two horses and a stout shovel plow deep; Guano strewed at the rate of 200 lbs per acre; bedded on as usual, and planted on fresh beds about the 20th April. The plat was worked as usual, and by the same hand, and great care was taken to have precisely the same stand left so the test would be fair. I did the work myself, and I picked and weighed the cotton correctly on the same days, and I give you the result of each row, naming the fertilizer used.

1st. Long's Chemicals composted yield 13 lb, or at the rate of 960 lbs. per acre.

2nd. Long's Chemicals—Alum—11½, or at the rate of 810 lbs. per acre.

3rd. Plow Brand 12, lbs., or at the rate of 840 lbs. per acre.

4th. Martin's 12 lbs., or at the rate of 840 lbs. per acre.

5th. Meryman's 13 lbs., or at the rate of 910 lbs. per acre.

6th. Soluable Pacific 13½ lbs., or at the rate of 945 lbs. per acre.

7th. Monarch 14 lbs., or at the rate of 980 lbs per acre.

8th. Farmer's Friend 14½ lbs, or at the rate of 1015 lbs. per acre.

9th. Sea Gulf 15 lbs., or at the rate of 1050 lbs. per acre

10th. South American 14 lbs., or at the rate of 980 lbs. per acre.

11th. Blank.

12th. Gosipian 16 lbs., or at the rate of 1120 lbs per acre.

13th. Zell's 16½ lbs., or at the rate of 1137 lbs. per acre.

14th. Mastodon 16 lbs., or at the rate of 1120 lbs. per acre.

15th. Peruvian and Raw Bone 16 lbs., or at the rate of 1120 per acre.

16th. Potapsco Guano 17½ lbs, or at the rate of 1225 lbs. per acre.

17th. Stable manure usual amount 16 lbs. or at the rate of 1120 per acre.

18th. Leached Ashes, heavy, 15 lbs., or at the rate of 1050 lbs. per acre.

19th. Scales & Lawson's Amoniated Bone 16 lbs., or at the rate of 1120 lbs. per acre

The above shows a very large difference in results—for instance, Potapsco Guano gave at the rates of 1225 lbs. seed cotton per acre, Plow Brand 840—385 lbs. difference That at 3c. per lb. would amount to $11.55 per acre.

The Farmers of Calhoun county can figure from the above and easily satisfy themselves as to estimates and results.

I have long been of the opinion that many of the Brands of so-called Fertilizers were of low value, and often fail to remunerate the planter; and if our farmers will buy and use them they ought to so organize themselves, at least to protect themselves, which could be easily done in each neighborhood. Every year let a good, careful man make these experiments with all the Guanos sold in the county, and publish the results, and this will drive the worthless brands off the market. But experiments must be made the same year and in the same soil, side by side. This report has been made in conformity to the agreement, made early in the spring of 1881.

SAMUEL E. DOWDLE.

feb4—3m

CALHOUN COLLEGE,
Male and Female.

The next term will begin Monday, January 9, 1882, and will continue six scholastic months.

W. J. BORDON, Prof. Mathematics, Natural and Moral Science, &c.

G. B. RUSSEL, Prof. Eng., Latin and Greek Languages, Literature, &c.

MRS. IDA WOODWARD, Instructress in the Primary Department.

MISS WILLIE BORDEN, Instructress on Piano and Organ.

TUITION—including all incidental expenses—$1.25, $2.25, $3 25 and $5 25 per month. MUSIC, Instrumental, $5.00 per month, payable in advance. Local pupils can pay monthly.

Good Board can be had at reasonable prices.

The course of instruction in this Institution is thorough and practical. The regulations formed for the mental and moral improvement of the pupils are mild and parental, and will be rigidly enforced.

For further particulars address either, Jacksonville, Ala.

W. J. BORDEN,
G. B. RUSSELL,
dec17—tf Associate Principals.

SCHOOL.
WEAVER ACADEMY, MALE AND FEMALE.

First term of six months will begin January the 9th 1882, and close June the 23rd.

Second term of four months will begin August the 28th 1882 and close December the 15th.

GRADES.

Primary	$1.50 per month
Intermediate	2 25 " "
High School	3.00 " "

Board in good families at reasonable rates. For further particulars address

WATSON BRO'S.,
Weaver's Station, Ala.

FIRE INSURANCE.

I. L. SWAN AG'T,
JACKSONVILLE, ALA.

Four Good Home Companies to wit,

Georgia Home,	*Ga.*
Home Protection,	*Ala.*
Central City,	*Ala.*
Columbus Ins. and Banking Co.,	*Miss.*

May 1st, 1880.

JOE. A. WALDEN. W. W. WOODWARD

Walden & Woodward,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW,
Jacksonville, Ala.

Will practice in all the courts of the Circuit, and the Supreme Courts of the State. Prompt attention given to the collectin of claims.

W. C. LAND,
WATCHMAKER,
—AND—
JEWELER.

Jacksonville, - - - Ala.

Also, agent for Meriden CT Table cutlery and silver and plated ware. Also agent for Elgin Watch co. and other American make May, 1st 1880

S. F. HOBBS,
NO. 40, Broad St. Selma. Ala,
DEALER IN
Watches, Diamonds,
FINE JEWELRY, CLOCKS,
Silver and Silver Plated Goods of every style and grade.
—ALSO—
Pianos and Organs

From the best makers, sold at lowest rates and on easy terms.

If you desire to purchase an Organ or Piano for cash or on time, address us and prices and terms will be furnished. Instruments will be sent on trial, to be returned, if not satisfactory.

☞Watch Repairing and Engraving Specialities "☜ may14ly

FRANK W. BOWDON, ROBT. L. ARNOLD

BOWDON & ARNOLD,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW
—AND—
Solicitors in Chancery,
JACKSONVILLE, ALA.

Will practice in all the Courts of the Circuit, U. S. Dist. Court and Supreme Court of the State April 24, 1880

Free to Everybody!

A BEAUTIFUL

BOOK

FOR THE ASKING.

By applying personally at the nearest office of the Singer Manufacturing Co. (or by postal card if at a distance) any adult person will be presented with a beautifully illustrated copy of a new Book entitled

GENIUS REWARDED,
—OR THE—
Story of the Sewing Machine

containing a handsome and costly steel engraving frontispiece; also, 28 finely engraved wood cuts, and bound in an elaborate blue and gold lithographed cover. No charge whatever is made for this hansome book, which can be obtained only be application at the branch and subordinate offices of the Singer Manufacturing Co.

THE SINGER MANUFACTUING CO.
Principal office, 34 Union Square,
une 18—1y New York.

LIVERY
—AND—
SALE STABLE

The Undersigned having bought the Hammond Livery Stable, of Mr. Wilson, have entered upon their business and will be glad to serve the public.

We expect to keep Vehicles, Horses and Mules for sale, and are prepared to guarantee bargains in this line.

Our terms will be very reasonable and strictly cash.

Horses boarded at low rates. Give us your patronage and we will give you satisfaction. Respectfully,

MARTIN & WILKERSON.
jan 15—tf.

Mountain Farm And Vineyard For Sale.

The undersigned will give a bargain in the fine fruit farm and vineyard on top of the mountain 1½ miles from Jacksonville known as the George White place.

STEVENSON & GRANT,
Real Estate Agents.

JOHN. T. MOYE,
Watchmaker and Jeweller,
—DEALER IN—
Watches, Clocks, Jewelry,
Musical Instruments, Spectacles, Silver Plated Ware, Etc.,
MAIN STREET, OXFORD, ALA.

☞Particular attention paid to repairing fine Watches and Jewelry. Sewing Machines repaired and warranted to work as good as new, Needles for all kinds of Sewing Machines on hand.☜ Ap. 2—1y

Fall Stock.
A. L. STEWART & CO.
Jacksonville, Ala.,

Have just opened out their Fall Stock of

DRY GOODS,

Including a new and elegant line of Prints, Zephers, Nubias, Shawls, Notions &c., &c. They pride themselves on their new, fine and fashionable line of

READY MADE CLOTHING.

Particular attention has been given to the selection of this department, and they can sell great bargains in fine Dress Goods. Buy nowhere until you see their Stock. They carry also a good line of

Staple and Fancy Groceries,
CROCKERY. &c.

Remember that you must come to A. L. Stewart & Co's for

BARGAINS,

sept24—tf.

JACKSONVILLE HOTEL
WEST SIDE PUBLIC SQUARE.
Jacksonville, Alabama.

Do not be deceived, but come to the "only Hotel," where you will find the best of cooks and servants, the best fare our county and money can afford Rooms newly fitted up and renovated. We will guarantee satisfaction. Our house will be first class in every respect. Sample room free. Give us a trial.

ROBT. ADAMS,
dec10—tf Proprietor.

CHRISTMAS GOODS,

Of every variety, at

CROW BROS.

A splendid lot of Fancy

Candies,

NUTS, RAISINS,

ORANGES, LEMONS, COCA NUTS, PINEAPPLES, &c.

GROCERIES

NEW ORLEANS MOLASSES, (New crop,)

SUGARS, SYRUPS, RICE,

And almost everything else in the way of family supplies, and don't you forget it, but give us a call. dec10

J. W. COKER & CO.,
Commission Merchants,
—AND—
WAREHOUSEMEN,
ROME, GA.

Mr. Wright, formerly with Jno. C. Graham and Berry & Co., is a member of this firm. sept24—3m

JAMES HUTCHINSON,
Barber & Hair-dresser,

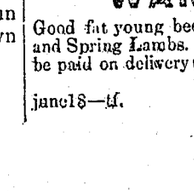
Room on Office Row, recently occupied by Dick Walker.

If you desire to have a pleasant and clean shave, or have your hair trimmed in neat and fashionable style, give him a call. Jacksonville, Jan. 20, 1878

WOODRUFF & NORTH,
Cotton Factors
—AND—
COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
SELMA, ALA.

sept17—tf.

PARKER'S GINGER TONIC



Parker's Hair Balsam,
The Best, Cleanest, and Most Economical Hair Dressing. Never fails to restore the youthful color to gray hair.
50c. and $1 sizes.

Ginger, Buchu, Mandrake, Stillingia, and many of the best medicines known are combined in Parker's Ginger Tonic, into a medicine of such varied powers, as to make it the greatest Blood Purifier and the Best Health & Strength Restorer Ever Used. It cures Rheumatism, Sleeplessness, & diseases of the Stomach, Bowels, Lungs, Liver & Kidneys, &c is entirely different from Bitters, Ginger Essences and other Tonics, as it never intoxicates. Hiscox & Co., Chemists, N. Y. Large Saving Buying Dollar Size.

REAL ESTATE AGENCY.

If you want to purchase or sell lands upon favorable terms, call on or write to

JNO. M. CALDWELL,
REAL ESTATE AGENT,
Jacksonville, Ala.

☞No charge for examination of titles where there is either sale or purchase. aug13—t

H. L. STEVENSON. L. W. GRANT

STEVENSON & GRANT,
Real Estate Agents
JACKSONVILLE, ALA.

☞Real estate bought and sold.—Books open at law office of Mr Stevenson

LAND FOR SALE.

Thirteen and one third acres of good arable land can be bought on reasonable terms, and a clear title given, by applying to

jan28—tf C. W. BREWTON.

WANTED

Good fat young beef cattle—Fat Sheep and Spring Lambs. A liberal price will be paid on delivery to

N. BOYER,
janc18—tf. At Anniston, Ala.

S.S.S.
TRADE MARK

PERRY, GA., April 14, 1879.

I have watched the use of the medicine now known as "Swift's Syphilitic Specific" over fifty years, and have never heard of a failure to cure when properly taken. I commenced the use of it on my slaves, between 1850 and 1855, as also did a number of my neighbors and in every case that came within my knowledge it effected a cure. In 1835 Geo. Walker bought at auction a slave not warranted. After the purchase it was discovered that he had had syphilis for twelve years. His head was without hair on it. He treated him with this remedy, and in four weeks he was sound and well, and in a short time had as fine a head of hair as was ever owned by a negro. He owned this slave many years, and he never had any return of the disease, nor lost a day's work.

H. L. DENNARD.

☞Price of regular size reduced to $1.75 per bottle—small size $1

The SWIFT SPECIFIC COMPANY, Proprietors, Atlanta, Ga., Sold by Druggists everywhere. Call for a copy of "Young Men's Friend." feb1—2m

HORSE BOOKS
Dirt Cheap!

Some months back we ordered several hundred volumes of a valuable Horse Book, to be used as premiums to subscribers. The time for which we offered the book as a premium expired and left a number of the books on our hands. To clear them out, we will sell them below cost. The book contains ninety-one pages and is copiously illustrated. It is full of valuable receipts for the treatment of diseases of the horse. It has been largely sold in this county for fifty cents. We will sell it for TEN CENTS at this office, or FIFTEEN CENTS when ordered by mail. Parties ordering by mail may pay in postage stamps. Address,

REPUBLICAN OFFICE,
Jacksonville, Ala.

☞Write your name and post office plainly.

NOTICE FARMERS.

Messrs. Stevenson & Grant have perfected an arrangement with a New York House by which they can fill orders for first class Agricultural Machinery. See them before you order. The House they represent, and whose goods they will handle is one of the largest in the North, and their prices defy competition. If you want a steam engine, hay press, Cotton press, reaper, mower, sulkey plow, or anything, call on them.

oct8—tf.

MULES! MULES!!

Mr. W. A. Robinson. of Tennessee, who has visited this place four seasons with mules and horses, will have a drove at the Livery Stable of Martin & Wilkerson from the 26th inst. to February 1st. jan21-3t

Tax Assessor's Notice.
First Round.

I will attend the places mentioned, at time stated, for the purpose of assessing the State and county tax for the year 1882.

Precinct No. 11, White Plains, Monday, Febru. y 13, 1882.
" No. 12, Davisville, Tuesday, February 14, 1882.
" No. 17, DeArmanville, Wednesday, February 15, 1882.
" No. 13, Oxford, Thursday, February 16, 1882.
" No. 15, Anniston, Friday, February 17, 1882.
" No. 4, Ganaway's Schoolhouse, Saturday, February 18, 1882.
" No. 14, Sulphur Springs, Monday, February 20, 1882.
" No. 5, Polkville, Tuesday, February 21, 1882.
" No. 6, Peck's Hill, Wednesday, Feb. 22, 1882.
" No. 7, Hollingsporth's, Thursday, Feb. 23, 1882.
" No. 8, Green's Schoolhouse, Friday Feb. 24, 1882.
" No. 1, Jacksonville, Saturday 25, 1882.
" No. 9, Cross Plains, Monday Feb. 27, 1882,
" No. 16, Ladiga, Tuesday, Feb. 28, 1882.
" No. 10 Rabbit Town, Wednesday, March 1, 1882.
" No. 3, June Bug, Thursday, March 2, 1882.
" No. 3, Weaver's Statiod, Friday, March 3, 1882,
" No. 2, Alexandria, Saturday, March 4, 1882.

All persons will please bring with them a list of their property with valuation annexed.

A. B. LEDBELTER,
jan14-td Tax Ass'r Calhoun Co.

IMPORTANT.

I have some No. 1 mules for sale at Jacksonville,

feb4—3t J. M. CROOK.

PAY UP.

AGRICULTURAL.

SORGHUM FOR FEED.—I have never raised sorghum for the purpose of syrup-making, but I have raised it for feed, and consider it superior to any other forage plant that I have ever raised in any State for this purpose, timothy and clover not excepted. I prepare the ground the same as for any other crop, and drill with my wheat drill half a bushel of seed to the acre. I sow it from April to August 1st. If it grows strong and tall, I cut it with a revolving rake reaper, and, after allowing it to wilt for several days, I bind and shock it in large shocks till it is dried, then stack and salt it the same as corn-stalks. If it is finer and shorter, I cut it with a mower and cure it the same as hay. It takes a long time to cure and dry out, otherwise it will heat and spoil. The stack should be long and narrow. The crop should stand until ripe enough for syrup, before cutting. It will not bleach and spoil on the ground like hay or grain. Many let it stand without cutting and feed it on the ground; and cattle and sheep will eat it clean, even the buts and roots, leaving nothing. I am of the opinion that the large, coarse stalks are the best for working animals. My horses are working and driving on half rations of grain (rice corn), and are doing better than when I feed them hay and corn fodder, with full rations of corn crop. The seed is equal to corn, and will produce as much to the acre. I think when well cleaned it weighs sixty pounds to the struck bushel. It is superior to any other dry feed for milk cows. Our dry climate and winds make it easy to cure, and it stands drought better than any crop except rice corn.

WINTER EGGS.—To get eggs in winter a perfect system of cleanliness should be practiced. The droppings should be frequently removed and preserved for future use, and while it is necessary to have the quarters warm and the fowls protected against the ingress of cold draughts, care must be taken to have ventilation. A crack in the boards, no matter how small, will give a whole flock the roup, and filthy quarters and roosts will promote a successful sweeping off by the cholera. The food should be varied. Soft food in the morning and whole grain at night is better than the usual irregularities practiced. A cheap mess can be prepared for a morning meal by running hay through a fodder cutter, steeping it over night, and, after giving it a warming in the morning, thicken with meal, and feed on boards or any other clean place. It is wasteful to feed cracked corn, or even screenings. Though seemingly cheaper than whole grain, the difference will be apparent if a comparison is made. Avoid over-feeding or too much fat. A fat hen—one extremely so—is as useless as one that has been insufficiently fed. A moderate, changeable diet, with good warm quarters, plenty of cracked oyster shells, and some meat scraps from time to time, will give eggs in abundance in winter; but, like all other stock on the farm, poultry; in order to be profitable, must receive personal supervision and care.

[New York Union.]

Did Him Good.

Mr. Charles H. Bauer, editor of the above paper and Notary Public, in a late issue mentions the following: Patrick Kenny, Esq., some time ago, suffered much from rheumatism and tried almost every means to rid himself of this painful evil, but in vain. He was advised to use St. Jacobs Oil, which he did so successfully, that all pain has left him and he is as healthy and as strong as ever before. Mr. Kenny is an enthusiastic advocate of St. Jacobs Oil, and it has done him good.

STOCK FEED FOR FALL AND WINTER.—In view of the certainty of the scarcity of corn and of high prices for all sorts of food for live stock during the coming fall and winter, farmers cannot be too careful of the supply on hand. Straw and corn fodder are sure to be much more largely used as supplementary feed than heretofore, especially at the West, where straw and even corn-stalks have hitherto been lightly esteemed for feeding purposes in many places. During the terrible drought on the Pacific coast a couple of years ago, when thousands of stock starved to death, loud regrets were heard on all sides at the foolish waste and destruction of straw at threshing time; for had it been stacked so as to keep well, it would have been a godsend to cattle and their owners in those days and months of famine. Rather than over-economize by reducing the feed of stock too much, however, would it not be better to weed out one's herds and flocks and dispose of all inferior animals early—before they have diminished the feed supply of those it will pay to keep? With animals intended for market it is more economical to give them full feed so as to have them ready for sale as soon as possible, rather than to reduce their rations and be forced to keep them longer.

APPLES KEPT IN WATER.—Several statements have been published of the entire success which has attended the keeping of Winter apples under water. The experiment is worth repeating, observing the precaution of maintaining the temperature nearly down to the freezing point. The advantage of this practice are, first, the exclusion of air currents; and secondly, a temperature not liable to fluctuations, or which cannot quickly change. So long as the water can be kept quite cold, the fruit will be likely to remain sound; if too warm the skin will swell and cracks by an over-absorption of moisture. Grapes have been successfully kept in the same way, the water remaining near freezing. A damp cellar for the fruit on shelves, is better than one so dry as to cause shriveling, provided it is cold. If warm, decay would be likely to commence soon.

[Sheboygan Falls, Sheboygan Co. News.]

We never saw any one joyous when suffering from pain;—neuralgia for instance. In relation to this malady Mr. George Guyett, Prop. Guyett House, thus informed our representative: I have used St. Jacobs Oil for neuralgia, and can confidently recommend it to any one similarly affected.

SOME housekeepers think tallow is not fit to use for cooking purposes; but I think when it is properly rendered it is as good for some things as lard. I prefer it for frying doughnuts, and one of my acquaintances, a good cook, says it is the only shortening fit for mince pie crust.

CATTLE undergoing a fattening process, as well as those kept for the production of milk, should enjoy the greatest amount of rest possible. All violent exercise must be guarded against, as it greatly increase the decomposition of fat.

WE pack hams the same way in the spring, but consider them best without frying. They should be tightly packed and care taken that the warm lard fills up all the vacant places left by the meat.

BEEF can be preserved for farmer's use by cutting it up, frying slightly, packing in a crock and covering with warm tallow. Beef tallow should be used for this, and kept perfectly clean and fried out nicely.

EXCITEMENT IN ROCHESTER.

The Commotion Caused by the Statement of a Physician.

An unusual article from the Rochester N. Y., *Democrat and Chronicle*, was republished in this paper yesterday and was a subject of much conversation in this city during the day, both in professional circles and on the street. Apparently it caused even more commotion in Rochester, as the following from the same paper shows:

Dr. J. B. Henion, who is well known not only in Rochester but in nearly every part of America, sent an extended article to this paper, a few days since which was duly published, detailing his remarkable experience and rescue from what seemed certain death. It would be impossible to enumerate the personal enquiries which have been made at our office as to the validity of the article, but they have been so numerous that further investigation of the subject was deemed an editorial necessity

With this end in view a representative of this paper called on Dr. Henion, at his residence on St. Paul street, when the following interview occurred:—"That article of yours, Doctor, has created quite a whirlwind. Are the statements about the terrible condition you were in, and the way you were rescued such as you can sustain?"

"Every one of them and many additional ones. Few people ever get so near the grave as I did and then return, and I am not surprised that the public think it marvelous. It was marvelous."

"How in the world did you, a physician come to be brought so low?"

"By neglecting the first and most simple symptoms. I do not think I was sick. It is true I had frequent headaches; could eat nothing one day and was ravenous the next; felt dull indefinite pains and my stomach was out of order, but I did not think it meant anything serious."

"But have these common ailments anything to do with the fearful Bright's disease which took so firm a hold on you?"

"Anything? Why, they are the sure indications of the first stages of that dreadful malady. The fact is, few people know or realize what ails them, and I am sorry that too few physicians do either."

"That is a strange statement, Doctor."

"But it is a true one. The medical profession have been treating symptoms instead of diseases for years, and it is high time it ceased. We doctors have been clipping off the twigs when we should strike at the root. The symptoms I have just mentioned or any unusual action or irritation of the water channels indicate the approach of Bright's disease even more than a cough announces the coming of consumption. We do not treat the cough, but try to help the lungs. We should not waste our time trying to relieve the headache, stomach pains about the body or other symptoms, but go directly to the kidneys, the source of most of these ailments."

"This, then, is what you meant when you said that more than one-half the deaths which occur arise from Bright's disease, is it doctor?

"Precisely. Thousands of so-called diseases are torturing people to-day, when in reality it is Bright's disease in some one of its many forms. It is a Hydraheaded monster, and the slightest symptoms should strike terror to every one who has them. I can look back and recall hundreds of deaths which physicians declared at the time were caused by paralysis, apoplexy, heart disease, pneumonia, malarial fever and other common complaints which I see now were caused by Bright's disease:"

"And did all these cases have simple symptoms at first?"

"Every one of them, and might have been cured as I was by the timely use of the same remedy—Warner's Safe Kidney and Liver Cure. I am getting my eyes thoroughly opened in this matter and think I am helping others to see the facts and their possible danger also. Why, there are no end of truths bearing on this subject. If you want to know more about it go and see Mr Warner himself. He was sick the same as I, and is the healthiest man in Rochester to-day. He has made a study of this subject and can give you more facts than I can. Go, too, and see Dr. Lattimore, the chemist, at the University. If you want facts there are any quantity of them showing the alarming increase of Bright's disease, its simple and deceptive symptoms, and that there is but one way by which it can be escaped."

Fully satisfied of the truth and force of the Doctor's words, the reporter bade him good day and called on Mr. Warner at his establishment on Exchange street. At first Mr. Warner was inclined to be reticent, but learning that the information desired was about the alarming increase of Bright's disease, his manner changed instantly, and he spoke very earnestly:

"It is true that Bright's disease has increased wonderfully, and we find, by reliable statistics, that in the past ten years its growth has been 250 per cent. Look at the prominent men it has carried off; Everett, Sumner, Chase, Wilson, Carpenter, Bishop Haven and others. This is terrible and shows a greater growth than that of any other known complaint. It must be plain to every one that something must be done to check this increase or there is no knowing where it may end."

"Do you think many people are afflicted with it to-day who do not realize it, Mr. Warner?"

"Hundreds of thousands. I have a striking example of this truth which has just come to my notice. A prominent professor in a New Orleans medical college was lecturing before his class on the subject of Bright's disease. He had various fluids under microscopic analysis and was showing the students what the indications of this terrible malady were. In order to draw the contrast between healthy and unhealthy fluids he had provided a vial the contents of which were drawn from his own person. 'And now, gentlemen,' he said, 'as we have seen the unhealthy indications, I will show you how it appears in a state of perfect health,' and he submitted his own fluid to the usual test. As he watched the results his countenance suddenly changed—his color and command both left him and in a trembling voice he said: 'Gentlemen, I have made a painful discovery; *I* have Bright's disease of the kidney's and in less than a year he was dead."

"You believe then that it has no symptoms of its own and is frequently unknown even by the person who is afflicted with it?"

"It has no symptoms of its own and very often none at all. Usually no two people have the same symptoms and frequently death is the first symptom. The slightest indications of any kidney difficulty should be enough to strike terror to any one. I know what I am talking about for I have been through all the stages of kidney disease."

"You know of Dr. Henion's case?"

"Yes, I have both read and heard of it."

"It is very wonderful is it not?"

"A very prominent case but no more so than a great many others that have come to my notice as having been cured by the same means."

"You believe then that Bright's disease can be cured."

"I know it can. I know it from the experience of hundreds of prominent persons who were given up to die by both their physicians and friends."

"You speak of your own experience, what was it?" "A fearful one. I had felt languid and unfitted for business for years. But I did not know what ailed me. When, however, I found it was kidney difficulty I thought there was little hope and so did the doctors. I have since learned that one of the physicians of this city pointed me out to a gentleman on the street one day, saying: 'there goes a man who will be dead within a year.' I believe his words would have proven true if I had not fortunately secured and used the remedy now known as Warner's Safe Kidney and Liver Cure."

"And this caused you to manufacture it?"

"No, it caused me to investigate. I went to the principal cities with Dr. Craig the discoverer, and saw the physicians prescribing and using it and saw that Dr. Craig was unable with his facilities, to supply the medicine to thousands who wanted it. I therefore determined, as a duty I owed humanity and the suffering, to bring it within their reach and now it is known in every part of America, is sold in every drug store and has become a household necessity."

The reporter left Mr. Warner, much impressed with the earnestness and sincerity of his statements and next paid a visit to Dr. S. A. Lattimore at his residence on Prince Street. Dr. Lattimore, although busily engaged upon some matters connected with the State Board of Health, of which he is one of the analysts, courteously answered the questions that were propounded him:

"Did you make a chemical analysis of the case of Mr. H. H. Warner some three years ago, Doctor?

"Yes, sir."

"What did this analysis show you?"

"The presence of albumen and tube casts in great abundance."

"And what did the symptoms indicate?"

"A serious disease of the kidneys."

"Did you think Mr. Warner could recover?"

"No, sir. I did not think it possible. It was seldom, indeed, that so pronounced a case had, up to that time, ever been cured."

"Do you know anything about the remedy which cured him?"

"Yes, I have chemically analyzed it and upon critical examination, find it entirely free from any poisonous or deleterious substances.

We publish the foregoing statements in view of the commotion which the publicity of Dr. Henion's article has caused and to meet the protestations which have been made. The standing of Dr. Henion, Mr. Warner and Dr. Lattimore in the community is beyond question and the statements they make, cannot for a moment be doubted. They conclusively show that Bright's disease of the kidneys is one of the most deceptive and dangerous of all diseases, that it is exceedingly common, alarmingly increasing and that it can be cured.

The Broadway Underground Railway project is undergoing a formidable trial before the Commissioners who are to pass upon the petition of the company for leave to commence the construction of the line. A large number of experts have testified that in their opinion the work would cause serious injury to the buildings on either side of the street, while civil engineers and gas-light superintendents believe that it would be impossible to suspend or otherwise support the gas and mains safely during the construction of the tunnel. One witness, however, Mr. R. L. Darragh, considered that it was practicable to build a tunnel line, although not on the system proposed by the company. A portion of the testimony taken related to the traffic through the streets, and witnesses were found who had actually counted the number of persons and vehicles that passed each way past the corner of Broadway and Walker streets, one of the most crowded portions of the avenue, between a quarter past seven in the morning and half past six in the evening of a single day. The season in which the count was made, an important element, is not stated, but the day may perhaps be taken as a fair average of the year. On the west side the number of foot passengers was thirty thousand three hundred and fifty, and on the east side twenty one thousand seven hundred and sixty, while five thousand seven hundred and eleven vehicles passed up town and four thousand nine hundred and ninety eight passed down town. As the hours included in the count comprise only a portion of the business day, a large addition to these numbers must be made to give the actual amount of traffic.

In a note by Mr. W. J. McGee on local subsidence produced by an ice sheet, he calculates that a sheet of ice three miles thick ought to depress the crust of the earth about 500 or 600 feet, and then he goes on to say that the "hydrostatical principles in accordance with which deformations beneath a thick ice sheet must occur equally demand that the crust should return to its original form after the melting of the ice, and it is manifest that as much time would be required to produce this secondary as the primary deformation. Assuming, then, that the periods of advance and retreat or of growth and decay of the ice are of like duration, it follows that the earth's surface must continue below the normal level at any latitude after the withdrawal of the ice for as long a period as that during which the ice remained stationary at that latitude.

At a recent meeting of the Academy of Sciences, Paris, M. D. Calladon gave an account of some of the experiments recently performed by M. R. Thurry with telephones during thunder storms. A copper wire was stretched between the roofs of two houses and connected with the earth by means of water pipes. Two telephones, one having a resistance of 4.5 and the other a resistance of 2.5 ohms were joined to this wire. On the occasion of every storm, near or remote, the flashes of lightning were accompanied with a very characteristic sound in the telephones, at the same instant that the flashes of lightning were seen. The wire was evidently affected by induction.

Mr. W. Lachlan has been working a sewing machine with a secondary battery, and has become enthusiastic regarding the future of that source of stored energy. In a recent address he held that it is only a question of time when the secondary battery will be generally employed for traction purposes. He made a calculation showing that the cost of propelling a street car by a battery is one third less than if the same work were done by horses, and he did not take into consideration the $200 of capital sunk in the purchase of each horse.

The grasses of the plains are mainly of three kinds, the gramma grass, growing about ten inches high, in a single round stock, with two oblong heads at the top of it; then comes the buffalo grass, growing about four inches high, which is curly in its character and lies close to the ground then there is what is called bunch grass, which keeps green at the roots nearly all winter. On these the cattle and sheep subsist the year round, and grow fat.

In a wild state, a baboon can easily overpower two or three men if they are unprovided with weapons of defence.

WIT AND HUMOR.

THEY DIDN'T LYNCH HIM.—In the pioneer days of Michigan a horse-thief or murderer stood as good a chance of being run up to a limb as one of those characters do now in the far west. One night, thirty years ago, a stranger, who had not only stolen a horse, but shot one of his pursuers, was overhauled near De Witt, Clinton Co., and taken to jail. In half an hour a mob was drummed up and proceeded to the jail to remove the prisoner and hang him. One of the foremost was a lawyer named Green, dead long since. In fact he led the mob and acted as spokesman. When the crowd reached the "cooler," Green stepped forward alone to demand the prisoner of the jailor, and after a conference lasting five minutes he returned to the mob and said:

"Gentlemen, I at first believed the prisoner to be guilty, but now I have my doubts about it. In fact, I firmly believe in his innocence."

"How do you make that out?" yelled a dozen men.

"Why, gentlemen, I at first supposed he was some poor coon without a dollar in his pocket, but I have learned that he has over $200 in cash, and it is my further duty to inform you that he has retained me as counsel. Gentlemen, stand back! The first red-handed villain who raises a hand against my innocent client, will pass the next ten years in State's prison!"

Dr. Pierce's "Favorite Prescription" is not extolled as a "cure-all," but admirably fulfils a singleness of purpose, being a most potent specific in those chronic weaknesses peculiar to women. Particulars in Dr. Pierce's pamphlet treatise on Diseases Peculiar to Women, 96 pages, sent for three stamps. Address WORLD'S DISPENSARY MEDICAL ASSOCIATION, Buffalo, N. Y.

A western congressman recently met in St. Louis a young man who was a classmate of Cadet Whittaker at West Point, who is not now in the army.

"Now," said the congressman, "you are no longer in the service, and have no interest in concealing the facts. I want you to answer a question. Did Whittaker cut his own ears?"

"No, he did not," was the reply; but he had to be got rid of in some way that would prevent the sending of any more niggers to West Point."

IT was a New England girl who asked, "Why is it that two souls, mated in the impenetrable mystery of their nativity, float by each other on the ocean currents of existence without being instinctively drawn together, blended and beautified in the assimilated alembic of eternal love?" That is an easy one. It is because butter is 45 cents a pound, and a good sealskin sack costs as high as $500. The necessaries of life must experience a fall in price before two souls will readily blend in the assimilated alembic and so forth.

"Accept Our Gratitude."

Dr. R. V. PIERCE, Buffalo, N. Y.: *Dear Sir*—Your "Golden Medical Discovery" has cured my boy of a fever sore of two years standing. Please accept our gratitude.

Yours truly,
HENRY WHITING.
Boston, Mass.

AT a recent examination in a girls' school, the question was put to a class of little ones. "Who makes the laws of our Government?" "Congress," was the reply. "How is Congress divided?" was the next question. A little girl in the class raised her hand. "Well," said the examiner, "Miss Sally, what do you say the answer is?" Instantly, with an air of confidence as well as triumph, the answer came; "Civilized, half-civilized and savage."

Dr. Pierce's "Pellets"—little liver pills (sugar-coated)—purify the blood, speedily correct all disorders of the liver, stomach, and bowels. By druggists.

A young lady who graduated from a high school last July is teaching school up in New Hampshire. A bashful young gentleman visited the school the other day, and was asked by the teacher to say a few words to the pupils. This was his speech: "Scholars, I hope you will all love your school and your teacher as much as I do." Tableau—giggling boys and girls and a blushing school-ma'am.

MONROE, Mich., Sept. 25, 1875.

SIRS—I have been taking Hop Bitters for inflammation of kidneys and bladder. It has done for me what four doctors failed to do. The effect of Hop Bitters seemed like magic to me.

W. L. CARTER.

"UNDER the mist and moonlight I wander alone," sighs a long haired poet, and we don't wonder at it. If he would only visit a barber shop, cut his finger nails close and black his boots, we presume he could get some one to wander "under the mist and moonlight" with him It is a settled fact that you have got to look a sort of finicky before you can get a girl to walk out with you.

Allen's Brain Food

Cures Nervous Debility and Weakness of Generative Organs, $1—all druggists. Send for circular. Allen's Pharmacy, 312 First av., N. Y.

WHEN an ultra fashionable lady can't suddenly turn a street corner without the brim of the aggregation on her head, called a hat for short, rasping the eyes of a man on the opposite side of the street, it is time for the great public educator called the press to enter an emphatic protest against the fashion.

No preparation ever discovered except CARBOLINE, a deodorized extract of petroleum, will really produce new hair on bald heads. It will be a happy day when the great army of bald heads fully understand this.

AN undergraduate, under examination at Dublin, was missing question after question. At last the examiner got irritated, and said: "I declare I've got a dog at home that could answer the questions that have been given to you." "Have you, really, sir?" said the undergraduate blandly "May I ask if you would sell him?"

Tumors, erysipelas, mercurial diseases, scrofula, and general Debility cured by "Dr. Lindsey's Blood Searcher."

IT is predicted that ice will be high next summer. What with high priced coal in cold weather and costly ice in warm, life is hardly worth living, unless one can be a dealer in one or both of these necessities.

THE young man who boasted he could marry any girl he pleased, found that he couldn't please any.

A MAN is like an egg. You can't tell whether or not he's good until he's "broke."

WHAT is that which no man wishes to have and no man wishes to lose? A bald head.

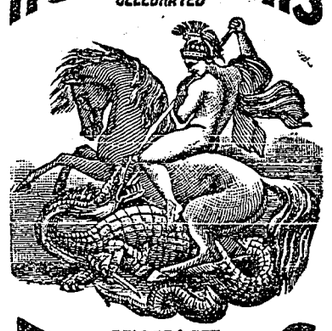
Oils for lubricating purposes, says A. Thiellier, should be neither oxidisable nor capable of oxidising other bodies. Such oils should contain no mucilage or free fatty acids. An explanation of the methods to prepare the best lubricants is, however, not given.

Kidney-Wort moves the bowels regularly, cleanses the blood, and radically cures kidney diseases, gravel, piles, bilious headache, and pains which are caused by disordered liver and kidneys. Thousands have been cured—why should you not try it? Your druggist will tell you that it is one of the most successful medicines ever known. It is sold in both dry and liquid form, and its action is positive and sure in either.—*Dallas Tex. Herald.*

A dispatch to the London News from Geneva says that the bombardment of the Risikopf, in order to precipitate in the opposite direction the loose rocks still threatening Elm, was begun on December 2d, but that, owing to a thick fog and heavy snow, little progress was made. Elm has been evacuated.

DR. BULL'S COUGH SYRUP

HOSTETTER'S CELEBRATED STOMACH BITTERS



The name of Hostetter's Stomach Bitters is heard in every dwelling, it finds a place in every household, and its praises are sounded throughout the whole Western Hemisphere, as a general invigorant, a cure for sick headache, a specific for flatulency and sour stomach, an appetizing stomachic, an excellent blood depurent and certain remedy for intermittent fever and kindred diseases.

For sale by all Druggists and Dealers generally.

DR. LYDIA E. PINKHAM, OF LYNN, MASS.

Yours for Health
Lydia E. Pinkham

LYDIA E. PINKHAM'S VEGETABLE COMPOUND.

Is a Positive Cure

for all those Painful Complaints and Weaknesses so common to our best female population.

It will cure entirely the worst form of Female Complaints, all ovarian troubles, Inflammation and Ulceration, Falling and Displacements, and the consequent Spinal Weakness, and is particularly adapted to the Change of Life.

It will dissolve and expel tumors from the uterus in an early stage of development. The tendency to cancerous humors there is checked very speedily by its use.

It removes faintness, flatulency, destroys all craving for stimulants, and relieves weakness of the stomach. It cures Bloating, Headaches, Nervous Prostration, General Debility, Sleeplessness, Depression and Indigestion.

That feeling of bearing down, causing pain, weight and backache, is always permanently cured by its use.

It will at all times and under all circumstances act in harmony with the laws that govern the female system.

For the cure of Kidney Complaints of either sex this Compound is unsurpassed.

LYDIA E. PINKHAM'S VEGETABLE COMPOUND is prepared at 233 and 235 Western Avenue, Lynn, Mass. Price $1. Six bottles for $5. Sent by mail in the form of pills, also in the form of lozenges, on receipt of price, $1 per box for either. Mrs. Pinkham freely answers all letters of inquiry. Send for pamphlet. Address as above. *Mention this Paper.*

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"MADEMOISELLE," said a witty and gallant septuagenarian in Albany the other day, making his demand for the hand of a young lady in her teens; 'I am 70 and you are 17. Will you do me the honor of becoming my widow?"

"You made a fool of me," said an irate man to his wife. "My love," she sweetly responded, "you do yourself injustice. Call yourself a fool, if you wish, but remember you are in all respects a self-made man."

"The melancholy days have come, the saddest of the year," because of the great increase of suffering induced by Colds, Coughs, Asthma, etc., all of which Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup will promptly cure.

IT is almost impossible to look over the hats worn by the ladies at the theatre, and this fact is but another argument for the elevation of the stage.

AT a recent golden wedding near the centre of the state of New York a plumber electrified the audience by presenting, with his congratulations and good wishes, his bill, receipted in full.

One Experience from Many.

I had been sick and miserable so long and had caused my husband so much trouble and expense, no one seemed to know what ailed me, that I was completely disheartened and discouraged. In this frame of mind I got a bottle of Hop Bitters and used them unknown to my family. I soon began to improve and gained so fast that my husband and family thought it strange and unnatural, but when I told them what had helped me, they said, "Hurrah for Hop Bitters! long may they prosper, for they have made mother well and us happy."—The Mother.

IT is said that a shark will not bite a swimmer who keeps his legs in motion. If you can keep kicking longer than the shark can keep waiting, you are all right.

COUNSEL for the prisoner: "Did you see the prisoner at the bar knock down the deceased?" Pat: "No, yer honor; he was alive when I see him knocked downn"

Complication.

If the thousands that now have their rest and comfort destroyed by complication of liver and kidney complaints would give nature's remedy, Kidney-Wort a trial they would be speedily cured. It acts on both organs at the same time and therefore completely fills the bill for a perfect remedy. If you have a lame back and disordered kidney's use it at once. Don't neglect them.—*Mirror and Farmer.*

"I don't see why the papers make such a to do about it" said Mrs. Partingdon this morning, as Ike read, "Great Picture of the Prodigal sun-burnt." He went without his hat," she murmured; "toppered milk is good for it.

"WELL," said an Irish attorney, "if it plaze the coort, if I am wrong in this, I have an other point that is equally conclusive."

Thousands of ladies have found sudden relief from all their woes by the use of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, the great remedy for diseases peculiar to females. Send to Mrs. Lydia E. Pinkham, 233 Western Avenue, Lynn, Mass., for pamphlets.

AN ingenious Colorado man called his cow 'Serial," beause the brief portion of the tail she had needed "to be continued."

WHY do girls kiss each other while boys do not? Because girls have nothing better to kiss and the boys have.

In April Last

twenty-four members of Arlington's minstrels were taking Warner's Safe Kidney and Liver Cure. It made them happy.

It is stated that M. Mouches, director of the Paris observatory, is making arrangements for taking meteorological observation at an elevation of 2,300 meters by means of a captive balloon, The balloon will be charged with ordinary coal gas. The observations will be specially directed to obtain such data as will facilitate the calculation of atmospheric retraction.

A Sure Cure for Fits

will be sent by mail to any address, postpaid, on receipt of one dollar. Address J. Alonzo Greene, Indian Doctor, 816 Pine street., St Louis, Mo.

A paper by Dr. Raoul Pictet, before the faculty of Sciences, at Geneva, contains a recommendation that sulphurous anhydride should supersede the present use of the fumes of sulphur in bleaching silk and wool. Vapor of burning sulphur injures the health of the workman and sometimes damages the cloth or yarn, as volatalized particles become attached to them, producing a burn or a spot.

"Sellers' Liver Pills" have been the standard remedy for malaria, liver complaint, costiveness, etc., for fifty years.

The largest room in the world, under one roof and unbroken by pillars, is at St. Petersburg. By day it is used for military displays; by night for a vast ballroom. Twenty thousand wax tapers are required to light it.

There is Nothing Certain

except death, and that is now rendered extremely uncertain by the discovery of an absolutely certain cure for the most painful of all bodily ailments, Piles. For 3 000 years, quacks and medical men have rivalled each other in torturing the miserable sufferers by that terrible disease with all manner of barbarous, ignorant and useless nostrums and devices, and might still have gone on for a thousand more years but for the discovery of Anakesis by Dr. Silsbee. We seldom puff such things, but any man or woman who has ever suffered the agony of Piles, will thank us for calling attention to an almost infallible remedy for this dreadful disease. 500,000 afflicted sufferers testify to its unparalleled virtues. Doctors of all medical schools endorse and use it. It is at once the triumph and admiration of the age; simple, safe, prompt and permanent, it relieves pain at once, supports and compresses the tumors and ultimately cures the worst cases of Piles, no matter of how long standing. Absolute infallibility is not possible, but medical science has nothing more nearly so than "Anakesis." It is the discovery of Dr. S. Silsbee, an accomplished chemist and practicing physician, after 40 years' study and experience. Samples of "Anakesis" are sent free to all sufferers by P. Neustaedter & CO., box 3946, New York. Sold by druggists everywhere. Price $1.00 per box.

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John B. Lawrence of Jackson, Tenn., suffered for years from liver and kidney troubles and after taking "barrels of other medicines" Kidney-Wort made him well.

Michael Coto of Montgomery Center, Vt., suffered eight years with Kidney difficulty, was unable to work. Kidney-Wort made him well as ever."

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we should have nicer times in a private lodging to ourselves; and when she took anything into her head she generally carried it through. In less than a week she had found the very place she wanted, arranged matters with the superintendent, and had us sheltered under Mrs. Howell's vine and fig-tree. We four girls were the proud possessors of a tolerably large, double beded apartment, with a queer little dressing-room attached—"and the liberty of the parlor to receive visitors in"—a proviso at which we all laughed.

This was "home" to us after the labor of the day. Indeed and in truth, Katy made the place so charming that we forgot the factory girls when we got to it. She improvised cunning little things out of trifles that are usually throw away as useless, and the flowers growing in broken pots in our windows were a wonder to behold. She always had a fresh periodical on her table; and better than this, she brought to us the larger cultivation and the purer taste, which taught us how to use opportunities within our reach.

"What made you take to our style of life, Katy?" asked Lizzie one evening, as we all sat in the east window watching the outcoming of the stars and telling girlish dreams.

"Destiny my child," answered Katy, stooping to replace the little boot she had taken off to rest her foot.

"But you might have been an auctheress, or a painter, or a—a bookkeeper, or—"

Lizzie's knowledge of this world was rather limited; Katy broke in upon her;

"There, that will do. I was not born a genius, and I hate arithmetic."

"But you did not always have to work for a living, Katy," said Mary. You are a lady, I know!"

Kate laughed a queer short laugh.

"Yes," she said "and that's why I don't know how to get my living in any way but this. So behold me a healthy and honest factory girl!"

She arose, made a little bow, and a flourish with her small hands, and we all laughed, although we had said nothing funny.

"Milly," said she, "please light the lamp and get the magazine, while I hunt up my needle and thread, Ladies, I find myself under the necessity of mending my gloves this evening. Oh, poverty where is thy sting? In a shabby glove. I do believe, for nothing hurts me like that, unless it is a decaying boot."

Katy's gloves were a marval to us. She never wore any but of good quality, and always of the same color—a brownish, neutral tint, that harmonized with almost any dress—but just now a new pair would seem to be the one thing needful, from the appearance of the ones she brought out.

She sat and patiently mended the little rents, while I read aloud; and when she had finished, the gloves looked almost new. The next day was Saturday, and we had a half holiday. Katy and I went to make some trifling purchases, and on our way home stopped at a big boarding-house to see one of the girls who was ill.

When we came out Katy ran across the street to get a magazine from the news shop, and came hurrying up to overtake me before I turned the corner. She had the magazine open, and one of her hands was ungloved; but it was not until we reached home that she found she had lost a glove. It was too late then to go and look for it. We went and searched the next morning, but could not find it.

Katy mourned for it.

It was my only pair, girls," said she, tragically, "and it is a loss that cannot be replaced."

What people call a "panic" had occurred in financial circles in the Spring after Arthur Craig had lost his Katy, and almost without a day's warning he found himself a poor man. He left his affairs in the hands of his creditors—having satisfied himself that they could gather enough from the wreck to save themselves, set his face toward London. He had been educated for a physician, though fortune made a merchant of him. Learning from a friend that there was an opening for a doctor in Fenwick, he came thither and began to practice.

Dr. Sewell had gone off on a visit, leaving his patients in charge of the new doctor; so it came about that on Saturday evening he was on his way to visit Maggie Lloyd, the sick girl at the lodging house, when, just as he was turning the corner near the news shop, he saw a brown glove lying on the pavement. He was about to pass it by, but a man's instinct to pick up anything of value that seems to have no owner, made him put it in his pocket. He forgot all about it the next minute.

But when he had made his call and returned to his consulting room, in taking a paper from his pocket the glove fell out and he picked it up and looked at it with idle curiosity.

It was old but well preserved. It had been mended often, so neatly as to make him regard mending as one of the fine arts. It had a strangely familiar look to him. Little and brown and shapely, it lay on his knee bearing the very form of the hand that had worn it.

And as he gazed at it there came to him the memory of an hour, many months past, when he sat by Katy's side on the green sofa in the dining-room of "their home" (alas!) and watched her put her small hands into a pair of gloves so much like this one.

Ever since that never-to-be forgotten day the vision of his lost love, sitting there in the fading light, slowly drawing on her glove, her eyes filling as they talked—quarreled we should say, perhaps—had gone with him as an abiding memory of her, until he had come to know each shade of the picture—the color of the dress, the ribbons at the throat, and the shaded plume in her hat.

He looked at the little glove a long time. He had thought it might belong to one of the factory girls, as he found it near the lodging house. But it did not look like a "factory hand's" glove. He would ask Maggy Lloyd at any rate; so he put it carefully in his pocket until he would make his calls the next morning.

He had suffered the glove to become so associated with the memory of the past that was sacred to him, that he felt his cheek burn and his hand tremble, as he drew it forth to show it to Maggie, who was sitting, in the comfort of convalescence, in an armchair by the window, watching the handsome young doctor write the prescription for her benefit.

"By the way, Miss Maggie, do you know whose glove this is?"

Maggie knew at once. It was Miss Gardiner's glove.

"Miss Gardiner!"

The name made his heart beat again.

"Is she one of the factory hands!"

"Yes, but she lodges with Mrs. Howell, quite out of town, almost; she was here to see me yesterday."

"Oh, I see!" said he, not the most relevantly. "And can you tell me how to find Mrs. Howell's house? I suppose I could go by, and restore this glove to its owner."

Maggie thought this unnecessary trouble, but she gave the required direction, and he went out saying to himself. "It can't be Katy, of course, but this glove shall go back to its owner.

Mary and Lizzie went to church that Sunday morning. Katy declared she couldn't go, having but one glove. I stayed home with her, and offered to keep Mrs. Howell's children for her, and so persuaded that worthy woman to attend worship with the girls.

And this is how it came about, that while we were having a frolic on the carpet with the children in Mrs. Howells rooms, we heard a ring at the door, and Bridget having taken herself off somewhere there was no help for it but for one of us to answer the summons.

"You go, Katy," whispered I, in dismay, "I cannot appear."

Katy glanced serenely at her own frizzy head in the looking glass, gave a pull at her overskirt and a touch to her collar, and opened the door.

Immediately afterward I was shocked to hear her utter a genuine feminine scream, and see her drop on the floor; and that man a perfect stranger to me, gather her up in his arms and began raving over her in a manner that astonished me. He called her "his darling" and "his own Katy," and actually kissed her.

I was surprised at myself afterward that I hadn't ordered that gentleman out, but it never occured to me at the time, and when Katy "came to" and sat on the sofa and heard his speeches, she seemed so well pleased that I left them, and took the children up to our room, feeling bewildered all over.

What shall I say further? Only that Katy lives in a pretty house in the town known as Dr. Craig's residence, where we three "factory girls" have a home whenever we want it. And there are no liquors found on the sideboard nor her table.

One day I heard Arthur say: "You were a silly child, Kate, to run away from me. I should have given up the point, at last, I know."

"But there would have been the splendid cellar and the ten thousand a year," answered she. "It would have been such a temptation. We are safer as it is, dear.

"Does it please you, Kitty?"

"Oh, it is just splendid! I could not have suited myself half so well, had I been left to choose."

"But you have not seen the wine cellar yet. It is a treasure of its kind. Let's go down again.

They went down the stairs together, he talking gaily, she with a troubled look upon her face. After admiring the place, she put a timid hand on his arm and said: "But, Arthur, dear, let's have no wine in it."

"Why?" he asked in surprise."

"Because I have resolved if I'm ever the mistress of a house, there shall be no liquors kept in it—no social glasses for friends.

"Why, Katy, you are unreasonable. I did not know you carried your temperance opinions so far as that. Of course, I shall keep wine in my house, and entertain my friends with it, too."

She raised her face appealingly.

"Arthur!" she said in a tone of voice which he knew how to interpret.

Arthur's brow grew cloudy.

"But you cannot fear for me?" he said with half-offended pride.

"I must fear for you, Arthur, if you begin as he did. And I fear for others besides—for the sons and husbands and fathers who may learn at our cheerful board to love the poison that shall slay them."

They went up the steps again and sat on the sofa in the dining-room, for a few moments, while Katy put on her hat and drew on her gloves.

The argument was kept up. It is unnecessary that we should repeat all that was said on both sides. It ended at last, as similar discussions have ended before. Neither was willing to yield—Katy, because she felt that her whole future happiness might be involved in it. Arthur, because he thought it would be giving way to a woman's whims, and would sacrifice too much of his popularity with his friends.

He had bought this house, and paid for it, and furnished it handsomely, and in a few weeks was to bring Katy as its mistress. All the afternoon they had been looking it over together, happy as two birds in a newly finished nest. But when Arthur closed the door and put the key in his pocket, in the chill, waning light of the December afternoon, and gave Katy his arm to see her home, it was all "broken up" between them, and "To Let" was put on the door of the pretty house the very next morning.

It was the most foolish thing to do, but then lovers can always find something to quarrel about.

They parted with a cool "Good-evening," at the door of Katy's lodging-house. She went up to her room to cry; he went home hurt and angry, but secretly resolving to see her again, and give her a chance to say she was in the wrong. He would wait a few days, however; it would not do to let her see that he was in a hurry to make it up."

He did wait, nearly a week, and when he called at the modest lodging-house where he had been wont to visit so often, he was told that Miss Gardiner had been gone three days.

"Gone where?" he asked, slow to believe.

She did not tell me, sir. She said she was not coming back. Her aunt lives at Bristol."

He then took the next train to Bristol, and investigated, but neither there nor any other place, though he searched months afterward, did he find sign trace of Katy Gardiner.

All this happened more than a year before I saw Katy, but we three "factory girls," who lodged at Mrs. Howell's with her, of course, knew nothing about it. She came to the factory and applied for work. The superintendent thought her too delicate for such work, but she persisted and in fact she improved in health, spirits and looks after she became used to the work and simple fare of the factory girl.

She was a stranger to us all, and it seemed likely she would remain so. But one day Mary Bascom's dress caught in a part of the machinery, and before any one else could think what to do, Katy had sprung to her side and pulled her away by main strength from the terrible danger that threatened her. After that, Mary and Lizzie Payne and I who were her dearest friends were Katie's sworn allies.

We all lodged together then in the big "Factory lodging-house."

But Katy took it into her head that

A DYEING CONFESSION.

BY AHA.

I am not a man who harbors ill-feeling long or can carry the remembrance of an injury to the grave; but I have a fixed aversion, not to say hatred, against salt herrings; and the fragrance emitted by a fried bloater ever reminds me with loathing of an occasion on which I made a thorough fool of myself.

You must know, dear reader, that I am afflicted with a red head of hair, and that red of a shade to which only years of companionship have to a certain extent reconciled me; but I have never at any time had the happy feeling of being proud of it. Many have been the battles it caused me to fight in my schooldays, and often has the eye or nose suffered for the offence of the hair on those occasions. At last I had grown callous to "young carrots," "firebrand," or "lobster," shouted after me by smaller boys round street corners, and experience had taught me to suffer the insults of the stronger. But it was on entering manhood only that I was made fully aware of the injury mother Nature had done me, for at eighteen I loved Susan Golding and worshipped the ground she trod on; and Susan abominated red hair.

A Frenchman, a vile frog-eater I used to call him, although he may have been a very decent fellow, who lived next door to Sue's, reveiled in a black curly head of hair and was an object of secret envy to me, though I publicly made believe to despise him. For Susan admired black curly hair, as she openly confessed, and seemed to look favorably on the foreigner. Very wroth I used to feel against him and couldn't have spoken a civil word to him had he promised me Golconda. I used to try and persuade Susan that Frenchmen had probably descended from niggers, and that black curly hair was the worst a man could have. Sue had her own ideas on the subject and couldn't be talked out of them. I could plainly see she would never fancy me with my present color of hair, though she might never condescend to marry a Frenchman for his black locks.

Love, as I thought, inspired me how to change things agreeably, and it came about in this way.

I was reading aloud to my aunt, with whom I was living, out of a book entitled "Five Thousand Useful Receipts," a recipe for dyeing hats; and as my eyes were roaming to the opposite page they encountered these words "To turn Red Hair Black." For a moment or two the letters fairly danced before me. Here was the very thing I wanted. My hair was red and here was the secret revealed how to turn it to the color Susan admired. I could dye it, I reasoned, and get it curled afterwards, every other day if necessary; for I know that Charlie Dovey had his hair curled when he went to parties, and the curl used to keep for two or three days after.

I borrowed that book of my aunt and carefully copied out the following recipe:—"To turn Red Hair Black.—Take a pint of the liquor of pickled herrings, half a pound of lampblack, and two ounces of the rust of iron. Mix and boil them for twenty minutes; then strain and rub the liquid well into the roots of the hair."

In this recipe I placed implict faith with the ardor and credulity of youth, and with its assistance I determined to change the color of my hair and win Susan's affection. "Where there's a will, there's a way," I thought, and set about obtaining the ingredients. My way, at first, was too primitive, I found. No lampblack in any quantity to speak of could I gather from domestic sources where the article accumulates, and I was at last obliged to trust to the article sold under that name in oil-shops. With the iron-rust I fared no better when I tried to scrape rusty articles with my pen-knife, which latter I irretrievably ruined. So I had to trust to the chemist for oxide of iron; not without some misgivings. In order to obtain the liquor of pickled herrings I bought a jar full of them at a fish-dealer's in Thames Street, where I chanced to see them. But when I got home I found the quantity of liquor so insufficient that on a calculation I found that I should have to buy at least four more jars. To make sure I bought five, and after a tough journey got them home all safe. The liquor abstracted, I disposed of the herrings, which I did not at all care about, by dropping them on going down a dark street and left them to fate and the scavenger. In this I had to observe great caution lest the ever watchful policeman should pounce on me in the act.

Being now in possession of all the ingredients, I waited till one day my aunt went to pay a visit to a friend in a distant part of the town to spend the evening.

Behold me now at work, hivening up the kitchen fire, pouring the liquid into the best quart saucepan, and adding gradually and under continual stirring the lampblack and the iron-rust. When the liquid fairly began to simmer I noted the time by the clock and then commenced the actual stirring process. To stir for twenty minutes with a short iron spoon was no joke, I found. Now left, now right, my fingers and arms fairly ached. But for the image of Susan which at every stir vividly presented itself before my mind, I might have relaxed; in my abstraction the liquor boiled over once or twice and had to be taken off sharp. However, at last the time was over, and having poured the liquor into the jug, I artificially assisted the cooling by putting the jug into a basin of cold water, which was constantly renewed from the tap. When sufficiently ccoled I strained the liquor by means of a cullender and a piece of muslin bought expressly for the purpose. It was rather tedious, and perhaps not quite so satisfactory as to be recommended. But I obtained part of a jurful of dye, and having poured it into a bottle a certain feeling of satisfaction pervaded my inner man on contemplating the sable treasure.

I carefully removed every trace of my witches' cookery and then awaited the return of my aunt. It was while doing so that I noticed that a strong, oily, saline smell pervaded the house—the result, no doubt, of the overboiling of the saucepan—and resembling the disagreeable odor emitted by a frying bloater. Door and windows were thrown open. Just in the midst of the airing the return of my aunt much disconcerted me, and the confused explanation I gave I cannot to this day recollect. It must have been, however, that I pretended to have a headache, for I soon retired to my room and to bed, supperless, but happy.

It was necessary to sound my aunt on the tremendous change I contemplated. For this purpose I artfully introdnced the Frenchman into our conversation one evening, and in derogatory terms referred to his black curly hair. My aunt seemed to think black wasn't at all a bad color for a man's hair. There were many worse, she said, looking in the direction of my own burning headpiece. "I suppose you wouldn't mind if the fairies could change my own color?" I artfully insinuated. "Ah! well," said my aunt, "it's no use wishing for the impossible." I fancied I detected a certain regretful tone in my aunt's reply, and knowing the change possible, I was now fully decided on making it.

Having retired early to my room, I at once set about to carry out my design. Two composites, provided for the occasion, were placed one on each side of the swing glass. The dye was placed into a saucer, abstracted from the kitchen dresser; and it certainly looked black enough to satisfy the most ardent dyer. "It is only the first step which costs, is the French saying," I said to myself as I immersed the toothbrush in the dye. I applied it to the front part of my hair, and the die was cast.

But I was but a tyro in dyeing. For, having taken too large a quantity of the liquid, it came running over my forehead into my eyes and nearly blinded me. Not finding anything handy in my hurry to wipe the smarting stuff out of my eyes, I used my shirt sleeve, and produced a black stain on it. In my hurry again to wash the stain out in the wash-hand basin, I wetted the whole sleeve, and had to take off my shirt. Thus—prepared—then I recommenced operations more carefully, and with repeated dips and applications succeeded in putting sufficient liquid on to leave not a spot dry or undyed. The tiny streams of black running down front and neck were wiped off with a towel, and, for the first time, I contemplated the effect of a black head of hair on my shoulders. I scarcely recognized myself. Just then I caught sight of my still reddish eyebrows. I had forgotten them. This I soon, however, carefully remedied, and I was now completely dyed black.

As my enthusiasm gradually settled and cooled down, the latent inconvenience of the process became apparent to me. Leaving the sundry black stains on shirt, handkerchief, towel and toilet-cover aside as minor evils, I now more particularly noticed the penetrating and by no means agreeable odor of the herring liquor, and I wondered how long it would last, and if a powerfully scented pomatum would overcome it. The next inconvenience was a clammy feeling all over the head. It had to be borne, however, and happy I if a cold in the head were the only consequence.

The third, and for the time the most awkward thing was, my being prevented after all this trouble and hard work, to retire to my bed for fear of staining the pillows. Here indeed was a pickle of no ordinary size, but it had to be swallowed. So putting on an old winter overcoat, I settled myself down in an easy horsehair armchair, and resting my legs on two chairs I covered myself over with the blankets from the bed, and tried to rest, perchance to sleep.

But what man having undergone a change so tremendous could settle down to sleep. My mind, my brains were working at high pressure. Thoughts and images passed through them with the rapidity of lightning and fairly made my head ache. How I wished and tryed to cease to think. But what with the now awful smell of red herrings and the incipient cold in the head, accompanied by frequent sneezing, I spent the worst night I ever remember.

Just about daybreak, when perhaps for the hundreth time I had got up and settled myself afresh, nature demanded her right, and I fell into a deep sleep.

I was awoke to semi-consciousness by what appeared the tumbling down of the house in my dreams. But in trying to turn over I tumbled off the chairs, and being almost awake I comprehended that the noise proceeded from my aunt's hammering, no doubt for some time, at my door, to let me know that breakfast was getting ready. Shaking myself together at last, I satisfied my aunt of being awake, and then truly awoke to the change I had effected in my outer man.

Evening and night are enthusiasts; they charm us into many things which the common sense morning stares at aghast, and wonders how those transactions came about. It is on account of the enthusiasm nature of mortal man that artful charity invites him to her dinners of an evening and extracts a golden harvest from his pockets. Designing people and other idle vagabonds, most of them unfit and unwilling to do a day's hard work, lay their traps of an evening; gambling-hells and the like even at night. For evening and night are enthusiasts. It is ever thus—in love, in companionship, in all things. But morning is a sober, sensible fellow, and has such a straight way of looking at things, and of blowing a fellow up when he has done anything enthusiastically. Here he was, staring from out the looking glass at my smudgy head of hair, my dirty face and half sleepy expression. "You had better wash off that muck," he said, "before you go down. You know what your aunt is!" Susan's image tried to interfere. But he sternly ordered it back to the innermost recesses of the heart, and telling me I had better wash myself, head and all, quietly took me to the basin. I had a good wash. The water was as black as ink, and the towel I used appeared as if it had been dragged through the mud. My face looked dirty in spite of the wash; the color of my hair was "nondescript," and I felt truly miserable. A fourth and peremptory knocking of my aunt's made me almost jump. I dressed hurriedly. When dressed I again hesitated. No thought now of surprising my aunt with a black head of hair; that was all gone. The color was neither red nor black, but a beastly reeking sort of smudge like a red-haired sweep's in full work.

I made, however, a final effort and *coute que coute* I presented myself in the breakfast parlor.

The moment my aunt set eyes on me she burst out "Save us, what's the matter with the boy?"

In her own quick impetuous way she was up and at me in a trice, looking at me, keeping hold of my head, feeling my hair, talking to me, blowing me up and what not. I remained mute and crestfallen and ashamed. Gradually as she cooled down and became less demonstrative—for she had actually boxed my ears—my aunt extracted from me in broken sentences a confession of the preceding facts.

"You're a young fool, John! you're a fool!" said my aunt, "to make such an object of yourself. If Sue really cares for you what matters if your hair be red or black. Didn't your blessed mother dote on your poor dear father? and wasn't his hair as red as yours? A sensible young fellow as I always thought you, to make such a guy of yourself!" Another, the last, box on the ear. Well, the end of it was my aunt sent me that very morning for a month to a brother of hers, living on the boarder of Wales, to wear off the marks of my folly. When I returned later on, I was perhaps a sadder, but certainly a wiser man, and ever since I have put no faith in spurious recipes.

A Publication of Artistic and Historical Interest.

There has recently been issued from the press of J. B. Lippincott & Co. a subscription edition of a work that will certainly not lack purchasers. Mrs. C. F. Deihm, a lady whose persistent patriotic efforts in connection with the "Century Safe"—the iron chest in which so many interesting souvenirs have been locked up for a hundred years of security—will be remembered, has arranged and edited the volume, which is to be called President Garfield's Memorial Journal, and is to contain a short sketch of Garfield's career, brief descriptions of the Presidential terms from that of General Washington to the present day, including portraits, and a large amount of other interesting matter. The book is a fine large quarto, printed upon superfine paper, and illustrated by a number of pictures, including some forty steel engravings of distinguished men and women. The admirable manner in which the previous undertakings of Mrs. Diehm have been accomplished, warrants the expectation that her present enterprise will be entirely satisfactory to the public, and if that be the case, the return ought to be liberal to herself.—*North American, Philadelphia.*

The happiness of your life depends upan the quality of your thoughts; therefore guard accordingly, and take care that you entertain no thoughs unsuitable to virtue and unreasonable to nature.

Don't Eat too Fast.

Cooking, masticating, digesting, assimilating and absorbing, are distinct parts of that great process, that converts animal and vegetable materials into living and growing animals. All food must be reduced to a fluid mass before this conversion can occur. Masses of food are useless, until they have been comminuted into particles too small to be seen. They must be reduced to particles before they can be dissolved. The first two stages of this wonderful conversion of vegetables to living beings is cooking and chewing—mechanical processes, that reduce the size of food so much as to bring each particle in close contact with saliva, and then reduce them still more by what is well called digestion. These processes of insalivation or solution are chemical. We cook our meats, that we may lessen their toughness, or may diminish the adhesion of their fibres, or compel the minute particles, of which their fibers are composed to separate from each other. The hard digestion of any flesh, then, depends upon the adhesion of these fibers and their particles and the way of preparing them for the successive stages of solution. Mastication and insalivation accomplish two important purposes namely to reduce masses of food into smaller parts, and then to mingle them with saliva. The process of cutting them into smaller masses that we can easily, or safely masticate is of all others, not only the first, but the most important. The next process, that of cooking may precede it. But all these processes are important. The tenderness of our food depends upon the way of cooking we may adopt. Boiling more than any other way of preparing for the several changes that may succeed it in the regular course of converting meats and vegetables into living flesh, softens it and separates the fibres into particles from each other. Frying hardens them more or less and so renders them indigestible. The one way lessens the labor of mastication and digestion, whilst the other increases it. Bad teeth have a similar effect.

Any imperfections in any one stage of the preparation to convert food into a living organic mass may be considered causes of indigestion. These few words on indigestion may plainly show why we should eat slowly, why we should well masticate our food, and why some persons do not easily digest it, and change it to a milky fluid, that can be easily absorbed and contribute to the quantity and richness of their blood. Often we dine with friends who do not seem to know that they in eating have anything else to do but to place between their jaws as large masses of food as they can place there, and move their jaws a little or just enough to shape the mass of their food so that they can push them down their gullet into the gastric sack below They do not seem to know that food is useless and may be injurious unless they prepare it for complete digestion, and aid the normal functions of the stomach duodenum to convert it into a milkly fluid, that may pass easily through the mucous membrane of the food canal. Not long ago we were called to visit a man who was in great distress. He had crowded his breakfast down some thirty minutes before. He in greater distress than he could possibly endure. The cause is clearly was an overloaded stomach. So we gave him half a bowl of mustard water, and he soon vomited four halves of breakfast biscuit. The biscuits were large and hard. He was astonished at the result of our prescription and was inclined to deny that he ever swallowed them. He paid our fee and we gave him good advice. First to properly cook his food, secondly, to place within his mouth only small pieces of any food—to use his knife very freely; thirdly, to masticate every kind of food until it was reduced to a soft pulp.

Japanese Medical Practice.

A physician writing from Yokohama concerning the medical practice in Japan, states, that the physicians there are of two classes, the old and the new. The old school there comprises the Chinese physicians, and those physicians who have adopted the practice of Europe and America are said to be of the new school. Most of the large cities have hospitals conducted on the plan of ours. Though the physicians of the emperor are all of the new system some of his Majesty's household have little or no faith in them, and send for the adherents of the Chinese school when ill. One of the most curious facts noted by this writer is that although the garments and apartments of the invalid may be of the richest material and kept scrupulously clean, the invalid himself is permitted to become very dirty in a long illness by the careful avoidance of the use of water even for cleaning the teeth, and the failure to cut the beard or the nails. Even the doctors of the new school do not dare to insist on personal cleanliness lest they be dismissed from attendance on the case. Some attention is given to diet in sickness, but not with good judgment, and many of the sick die from inanition or starvation when they might have been saved by the use of sufficient nourishment, tonics and stimulants. If the Japanese are not wholly wise in the treatment of the sick they are certainly in advance of us in disposing of the dead by cremation; and, though they have not the advantage of the most approved furnaces they nevertheless manage to effectually cremate bodies at small expense and without offense.—*Dr. Foote's Health Monthly.*

The minister is to be a live man, and a real man, a true man, a simple man, great in his word, great in his simplicity, great in his gentleness.

The Republican.

SATURDAY, March 18, 1882.

The Livingston Journal says we have been imposed upon in the story of that Georgia youth who suffered at a coal mine in Jefferson county, and that no such case was tried in the Courts of Jefferson county. We think it more likely that the Journal has been imposed upon in the denial of it. The matter is undergoing investigation and we shall soon know.

Perhaps the Livingston Journal will assert that the Mobile Magnet was imposed on in the recital of the story of the man from Mobile county, who detailed to that paper his horrible experience after two weeks confinement at New Castle coal mines—an experience that reads like a story from the mines of Siberia. The Governor's Private Secretary, defending the Governor's record in connection with the Penitentiary, admits virtually the truthfullness of his story and endorses him as a man of good family, too poor to pay a fine for a mere misdemeanor and too proud to ask his friends to pay it for him. As the Governor pardoned this man out, his case was brought before inmates of the Executive Chamber, and Col. McKee knows what he is talking about when he ventures to put the impress of truth upon his story.

Out of forty or fifty papers in the State which have been debating the Convict question the last few weeks, not more than four or five have defended the system as it exists.

Any merchant or other person who needs a safe for store or office can get a splendid bargain by calling upon, or writing to W. W. Woodward, Jacksonville, Ala., who has one for sale just from the manufactory Rochester, N. Y. Fire and burglar proof. He is directed by the Company to sell at a low figure as it was shipped by mistake to this point, to save expense of re-shipping.

EDITOR OF REPUBLICAN:

DEAR SIR:—As many of your people know, last Friday witnessed the trial, on writ of Habeas Corpus, of M. O. Smith, the man who shot his father-in-law, Lathram, in a difficulty some weeks ago in the town of Anniston. After issuing the writ and hearing all the evidence and argument in the case, Judge Woods decided he had no power or authority to issue this time-honored writ in such cases as Smith's; he therefore dismissed it, and Smith was remanded to jail because the case was *res adjudicata* of Justice Jeffer's court. As noticed during the trial there was considerable feeling manifested—this feeling increased as night came on, and the parties were heated with that particular something that often makes the most quiet men perfectly wild. While at the depot waiting for the train Lathram took the exquisite pleasure of giving Smith's witnesses a genteel cursing out. He said he had been sworn against by trash and shot by trash as long as he was going to be. He swore that the girl who contradicted him in the trial should not ride in the same car with him. When he entered the car he saw the girl in the opposite corner. He immediately commenced cursing her, calling her all sorts of scandalous names and started at her as though to put her out. Some parties interfered and a general fight ensued. Lathram forgot that he had his arm in a sling and proved himself a regular knock-down and drag-out bully. The black threatening oaths of men mingled with the piteous shrieks of women were simply horrible. When sober men appeared on the scene it was quickly quelled, and men who were perfectly wild a moment before were instantly as tame as lambs. No serious wounds were inflicted. These are the unpictured facts by an eye witness.

Respectfully Yours, &c.,
W. W. WHITESIDE.

From an Occasional Correspondent.

CALIFORNIA LETTER

MEDICAL DEP. UNIVERSITY CAL.
SAN FRANCISCO, Mar. 3, '82.

DEAR ——

You want to know my impressions as to this far off Western section of our great country? Well, they are "mightily mixed," my friend, and in some respects, perhaps, indefinable. Yet, on the whole, 'tis a glorious region—barring, of course, the "heathen Chinee" element

Whenever I get to thinking of those savages I almost get beside myself, and if I say too ugly remarks about 'em, just excuse me, please

I will tell you of the religion—well, there aint any here—fact! Business goes on during the Sabbath hours as in the week. Theatres, saloons, balls and parties are all in full blast then—and it looks like the people enjoy such things with keener zest than if it were legitimarized by the moral code

Fact is, old fellow, God aint much acquainted in San Francisco—or, the Friskies aint at all on familiar terms with Him.

As I sit in my boarding house, looking at the children at play, I wonder to myself if the same God made them who made cousin Henry's, in Alabama? There is a vast difference between 'em, I tell you!

Money is plenty, and if one has an abundance of it, and sets on the right end of the boom, he flows into affluence in a hurry—but woe to the poor fellow who comes without money or influence. He can't prosper worth a cent—for these abominable Chinese have brough compensation down to the lowest terms; and what would enrich them a white man couldn't begin to live on.

Rallston's death was a blow to the working man. He was the poor man's friend, as the word goes; and when capitalists combined to crush him, the poor fellow drowned himself in the bay,—and with his lifeless body sunk the best interests of the struggling classes.

One fifth Chinese—the population of this city, I mean—and I tell you, my friend, I hope the first Chinaman that lands in Alabama or South Carolina will be shot dead as he crosses the line.

Stuck up swells—lot of 'em here. When you receive a card from an old States' man asking you to call, you invariably find the *hour* specified and over half the time when you get there he is too busy to see you. "Name some evening next week when I will meet you at the Baldwin Theatre or Placer Hotel." One of 'em answered me, by card, that way the other day. I drew mine out, (I've got 'em too, now, bet you!) and wrote on it, "go where it's hot, yourself, and tell 'em to send me receipt for same." Guess he won't go, though. Didn't I do the cuss right? Whenever they stick up around me I let drive, and you bet I sene "trash-movers" I've found one old S. C. boy here—a gentleman purified by the pure dew drops (S. C.) of heaven. I expect to spend May with him, in Santa Rosa county—his home.

To sum up—California is the finest country under the sun. But I've got enough of her until I am worth a few millions. Then I shall take great delight in scattering the golden showers throughout her bounds, and enjoying life to the full.

But poor folks had better stay at home and go to work. I have to see the first poor man here, who could not have done better at home, provided he had put up with the same hardships he has felt here.

Hoping to hear from you, and all my friends in God's country very soon and often. I am

Yours fraternally,
S. S. LINDER.

P. S.—Love to all the boys.
S. S. L.

CROSS PLAINS, MAR 13 1882.

ED. Republican:

It is a source of regret to many of your Subscribers that "Old Fogy" has ceased to contribute his wholesome criticisms on the erroneous opinions and practices extant with wit's our rising generation.

His views of matters social, political and religeous were so comprehensive in their grasp; so well timed, and withal so modestly expressed that he was rapidly gaining an eager hearing. *Apropos* to this note in a recent issue of your paper a brief philosophising on your part by way of words of cheer and comfort offered a brother editor, who was perhaps *impatient* as to results. Has it not been ever thus? When we are doing our best needs discharging our duties most nobly is it not frequently during a dearth of human sympathy no one to commend, or even observe our struggles with adverse circumstances?

Indeed the greatest benefactors of our race those who accomplish the most permanent good for prosperity—are not disturbed by bewildering popular applause.

The truth is the inordinate desire for distinction is a paternal element in our nature which more often prevents than promotes the achievement of desirable ends.

So you have attained unto an enviable and rare experience when you rely more upon the approval of conscience than the fickle *vox populi*.

Rest assured Mr. Editor, that your efforts pro bono publico are duly appreciated, at least by

Aliquis.

In business, in politics, in society there comes the time when a man stands for his integrity or is swayed by expediency, or by cowardice, or by the popular voice. Then character chrystalizes into granite or disintegrates into sand. The loyalty it may be to common honesty, or to morality, or to be a holy reverence for God' makes a man shine.

It is worth remembering that nobody dies in the nicest surroundings if in bad health. There are miserable people to day with one foot in the grave, when a bottle of Parker's Ginger Tonic would do them more good than all the doctors and medicines they have ever tried. See adv. 15b18

Keep it Before the People.

Greenville Advocate

The hue-and-cry, raised by the few "conservatives" — not to say hide-bound—journals in Alabama against the reform of our convict system is as Hamlet would express it, but little more than "words words." To speak in chemical parlance analysis of their articles on the subject will reveal a very big per cent of volatile matter—"gas"—and a very small per cent of solid residue. As we take it their argument—if by a stretch of the imagination their utterances can be dignified by such a name—are two in number One is that the advocates of reform are actuated by a "maudlin sentimentality"—a mawkish sympathy for crime and criminals. This objection we have discussed in another article, in which we tried to draw the line of demarcation between a sickly sentimentalism and a just and charitable philanthropy' which instead of sheltering behind the broad phylacteries of a "I am better than he" Pharisaism dare not shrink from the wrongs of criminal as from a thing unclean; which holds that a criminal is still a human being and not a brutish beast

The second point made by the opponents of reform is this: The next Legislature will certainly investigate this question, and therfore useless to agitate the matter now On what data, we would like to ask, do these new Daniels come to phrophecy base their prediction? Does it rest on the wisdom of the average Legislature—its ability to do the right thing at the righ time and on its own record without the propelling power of an aroused and active popular sentiment? If so then, as every one knows, the prediction rests on a foundation which is rather slender—which is, to paraphrase a common expression, sadly deficient in the adequate thickness.

Those who favor reform, not setting up claims as do the opponents of reform, to being Delphic Oracles or Scotch seers endowed with the gift of second sight, do not undertake to tell what the next Legislature will do They believe that it is by no means a foregone conclusion that the Legislature will investigate this matter. But they are resolved that it shall not be their fault if our convict system is not looked into and its evils set right by our coming legislators. They propose to keep this important question constantly and persistently before the people of Alabama. They intend to urge the people in the coming campaign to require their candidates for the Legislature to pledge themselves to examine this question in its breadth and depth and height, and to correct all errors and abuses in the system. In this way they hope to realize the prediction quoted above, by which the opponents of reform seek to silence the voice of full and fair and free discussion

TREASURER'S REPORT.

To the Hon. Court of County Commissioners of Calhoun County, Ala.

The undersigned, J. J. Skelton, County Treasurer of said county, respectfully submits the following report, showing his receipts and disbursements as such County Treasurer, from July 1st, 1881, the date of his last semi-annual report, up to January 2nd, 1882;

1881.		Dr.	Cr.
July 1,	To balance on hand as per last report,	$2761.21½	
" 11,	am't rec'd of D. Z. Goodlett, T. C., Co. tax for 1880,	250.00	
" 15,	am't rec'd of I. L. Swan, agent for county on hire of convict,	2·08	
Aug. 19,	am't rec'd of D. Z. Goodlett T. C, County tax for 1881,	250 00	
" 30,	am't rec'd of P. D. Ross, Circuit Clerk, county tax on case,	1.90	
Oct. 1,	am't rec'd of A. Woods, Judge, county tax on License,	68.25	
" "	am't rec'd of A Woods, Judge, Co. Court cost	5.70	
Nov. 7,	am't rec'd of " " " "	6.42	
" 5,	am't rec'd of D. Z. Goodlett, T. C., county tax for 1881,	700.00	
" 11,	am't rec'd of D. Z. Goodlett, T. C., county tax for 1880,	270.23	
Dec. 2,	am't rec'd of A Woods, Judge, County Court cost,	6,90	
" 13,	am't rec'd of D. Z. Goodlett, T. C., county tax for 1881,	1.100.00	
" 24,	am't rec'd of A Woods, Judge, Co. Court cost	3.93	
" 27,	" " " " " "	5 70	
Jan. 2, 1882,	am't rec'd of D. Z. Goodlett, T. C., county tax for 1881,	1.500.00	

PER CONTRA.

By am't paid out on inquests,		$ 91·65
" " on Com'rs Court and service,		194.90
" " on Court House,		46.15
" " on Bridges,		470.·8
" " for stationary, blanks & printing		482.87
" " on old Co. Court claims, book A		63.12
" " " " " " C		8.00
" for coffins and burials,		36 50
" for ex-officio services,		386 57
" for Poor House and Paupers,		474.02
" for Jail and Prisoners,		133.60
" for goods for Jail and Poor House.		62.05
" for County Court,		125.00
" for Circuit Court,		1.682.02
" for Convicts,		19.39
" for Roads,		158.00
" for turnkey fees,		55 00
" for Lunatics,		108.25
" for making Tax Collector's book,		75 00
" for Medical bill, prisoners & paupers		65.55
" for lists of Insolvent Taxes,		15.65
" for disbursing Soldier's Aid Fund		42.40
" commissions on $4.783.07 @ 5 per ct.		239 15
" to balance,		1.910.10½
	$6.932.22½	$6.932.22½

To balance on hand, $1.910.10½.

Fine and Forfeiture Fund.

1881.		Dr.	Cr.
July 1,	To balance on hand as per last report,	$ 97.41	
" 15,	To am't rec'd of I. L. Swan, agent for county on Convict hire.	1 52	
Aug. 8,	To am't rec'd of H. L. Jeffers, J. P. Report,	93.50	
" 9,	" " " of Z. L. Wakefield, J. P. Report,	1 50	
" 11,	" " " of W. H. Cooper, " "	13.80	
" 30,	" " " of P. D. Ross, Clerk's Report,	129.20	
" 17,	" " " of A Woods, Judge, on fines,	9.50	
Dec. 27,	" " " of I. L. Swan, agent for county on Convict hire	1.90	

PER CONTRA.

By am't of claims paid and canceled,		$ 220.05
Commissions on $220.05.		11.00
Amount to balance,		117 28
	$348.33	$348.33

To balance on hand $117.28.

I hereby certify that the foregoing Report is true and correct. Given under my hand, this 2nd day of January, 1882.

J. J. SKELTON, County Treasurer.

Examined and approved. Feb. 16th, 1882.

A. WOODS, Judge Probate.
W. C. SCARBROUGH,
S. S. LOVE,
J. P. McCORMICK.

mar18

STATE OF ALABAMA,
Calhoun County.

In Probate Court for said county, special term, March 1st, 1882.

The Tax Collector of Calhoun county, Ala., has filed in my office a list of delinquent tax payers, and of real estate upon which taxes are due, and you, and each of you are reported delinquent, and the following lands (or lots) are returned as assessed to each of you respectively: And this is to notify you, and each of you, to appear before me on Monday, the 10th day of April. 1882 being the second Monday in said month, and a regular term of said Probate court of said county of Calhoun, then and there to show cause why a decree for the sale of said lands (or lots) should not be made for the amount of taxes set opposite each case, as specified and set forth below, with the costs and charges thereon, due the State of Alabama, and county of Calhoun.

Owner unknown. Precinct No 2.—N E ¼ of S E ¼ and N E ¼ of S E ¼ Sec. 19, T 14, R 7—Taxes for 10 years

Taxes,	$ 7 60
T. C Levy,	1 05
Notice,	20
Advertising,	2 15
	$10 95

Alex O. Stewart—Precinct No. 3—100 acres, more or less, in S e 26 T 14, R 8, and the Mills, Gin and machinery thereon, known as Stevenson's old mills.

Taxes for 1880-81.	$81 22 5
T. C, Cost,	1 50
Notice,	20
Advertising,	3 33
	$86 25

Owner unknown.—Precinct No. 5—S W ¼ of N W ¼ and S E ¼ of S W ¼, Sec. 1, T 15, R 6.

Taxes for 1881,	$1 45
Tax C Cost,	1 00
Notice,	20
Advertising,	3 33
	$5 98

Given under my hand, this 15th day of March 1882 A WOODS.
mar18—3t. Judge Probate.

NOTICE.

Lost, on the public square in Jacksonville, on the 11th instant, a pocket book containing $30 cash. If the finder will return me the book with the papers contained in it, I will be satisfied.

J. W. WILLIAMS.

mar18—3t

ADMINISTRATORS SALE.

Valuable Timbered Land.

Under and by virtue of an order of the Probate court of Calhoun county, Alabama, made on the 15th day of February, 1882. I will, as the Administrator of the estate of Robert Jones, deceased, proceed to sell on Monday the 27th day of March, 1882. on the premises of said deceased at public outcry to the highest bidder for cash, the following described lands belonging to said estate, to wit: Lot No. 19. of fractional Section 31, T 12 south, R 11 east, and Lot No. 18, of Section 6, T 13 south, R 11 east, lying near the line of Calhoun and Cleburne county, Ala.

W. C SAVAGE,
march4—4t Administrator

TAN BARK WANTED.

Parties wishing to contract to deliver Chestnut Oak Bark at our sheds, or on the S R & D Railroad, or on the Georgia Pacific Road, will please call on, or address, the Germania Tanning Co., Germania, Ala., before April 1st

☞Edwardsville Standard will please copy 4t and send account to this office feb25—4t.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

Letters of Administration upon the estate of Jos. U McCarry, decd. having been granted the undersigned by the Hon A. Woods, Judge of the Probate Court of Calhoun county on the 8th day of Feb., 1882, notice is hereby given that all persons having claims against said estate, will be required to present the same within the time allowed by law or they will be barred.

J. S. S. OWENS, Adm.
march4—3t.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

Letters of Adm., Ancillary, upon the estate of Jesse Aldridge, decd., having been granted the undersigned by the Hon A. Woods Judge of the Probate Court of Calhoun County, on the 6th day of February 1882, notice is hereby given that all persons having claims against said estate, will be required to present the same within the time allowed by law or they will be barred.

C. W. STEWART,
march4—3t. Adm'r

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

Letters of Administration upon the estate of R. S. Darnell, decd. having been granted the undersigned by the Hon A. Woods, Judge of the Probate Court of Calhoun county, on the 22nd day of February 1882, notice is hereby given that all persons having claims against said estate, will be required to present the same within the time allowed by law, or they will be barred.

THOS. R. MARTIN, Adm.
march4—3t

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

Letters Testamentary, upon the estate of Washington Williams, deceased, having been granted the undersigned by the Hon. A. Woods, Judge of the Probate Court of Calhoun county. on the 22nd day of February, 1882, notice is hereby given that all persons having claims against said estate, will be required to present the same within the time allowed by law, or they will be barred.

WM. C. SCARBROUGH.
march4—3t Executor

NOTICE NO. 1443.

Land Office,

MONTGOMERY, ALA., Feby 28th, 1882.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Clerk of the Circuit Court, P. D. Ross, at Jacksonville, Ala., on April 15th, 1882, viz: Joe Green, Homestead application No 6516, for the E ½ of S W ¼ Sec. 6, Township 15, South, Range 9, East.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz, S. M. Pruitt, Wyly M. Snider, L H Rutledge and Thomas Ford, all of Jacksonville, Calhoun county, Ala.

THOMAS J. SCOTT,
march4—5t Register.

STATE OF ALABAMA
Calhoun County

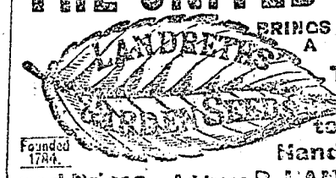
In Probate Court for said county, Special Term, Feb. 25th. 1882.

This day came Benj. L Archer, Administrator of the estate of W H. Smith, decd., and filed in court his account and vouchers for a final settlement of his Guardianship.

It is ordered by the court that the 25th day of March 1882, be and is hereby appointed the day upon which to audit and pass upon said account and to make said settlement, and that notice thereof be given for three successive weeks in the Jacksonville Republican, a newspaper printed and published in said county, as a notice to all persons concerned, to be and appear before me at my office in the court house of said county, on said 25th day of March, 1882, and contest said settlement if they think proper.

A. WOODS,
march4—3t Judge of Probate,

THE UNITED STATES MAIL



PRINCE A SEED STORE

To every man's door. If our SEEDS are not sold in your town, drop us a Postal Card for Handsome Illustrated Catalogue and Prices. Address D. LANDRETH & SONS, Philadelphia.

Founded 1784.

Diphtheria

A cold or sore throat may not seem to amount to much, and if promptly attended to can easily be cured; but neglect is often followed by consumption or diphtheria. No medicine has ever been discovered which acts so quickly and surely in such cases as PERRY DAVIS' PAIN KILLER. The prompt use of this *invaluable remedy* has saved thousands of lives. PERRY DAVIS' PAIN KILLER is not an experiment. It has been before the public for forty years, and is most valued where it is best known.

A few extracts from voluntary testimonials read as follows:

PAIN KILLER has been my household remedy for colds for the past twenty-seven years, and have never known it to fail in affording a cure.—L. S. CROCKER, Williamsville, N. Y.

For Thirty years I have used PAIN KILLER, and found it a never-failing remedy for colds and sore throat.—BARTON SEAMAN.

Have received immediate relief from colds and sore throat, and consider your PAIN KILLER an invaluable remedy.—GEO. B. EVERETT, Dickinson, N. Y.

I have just recovered from a very severe cold, which I have had for some time. I could get no relief until I tried your PAIN KILLER, which relieved me immediately. I will never again be without it.—C. O. FORCH, Lowndes, Ga.

Have used PAIN KILLER in my family for forty years, and have never known it to fail.—RANSOM LEWIS, Waynesboro, Ga.

I began using PAIN KILLER in my family twenty-five years ago and have used it ever since, and have found no medicine to take its place.—B. W. DYER, Druggist, Oneida, N. Y.

For whooping-cough and croup it is the best preparation made. We would not be without it.—A. P. ROUTS, Liberty [illegible] for twenty [illegible] for colds [illegible] N. C. [illegible] Law [illegible] any [illegible] and [illegible] cures [illegible] DR. [illegible] Kill [illegible] family [illegible] make [illegible] 25[illegible] violent [illegible] chills, [illegible] afraid [illegible] KILL [illegible] Worth [illegible] derfu[illegible] poor.

For Chills and Fever, PAIN KILLER has no equal. Delays are often dangerous. A bottle of PAIN KILLER family should be without. All druggists sell it at 25c.

PERRY DAVIS & SON,

july 30, 188—1[illegible]

The Biggest T[illegible]

GROCERIES!
GROCERIES!!
GROCERIES!!!

B. F. CARPENTER & CO.

Have received and are still receiving the largest and best selected stock of Groceries they have ever brought to this market. Not deterred by the clamor of hard times next year, they have amply provided for the wants of the public, and will sell to suit the purses of their customers. In all

STAPLE AND FANCY GROCERIES!

They can confidently defy competition, where cash is paid. They bought on the recent failure of corners in Groceries of all kinds, and consequently caught the bottom of the market. Seeing is believing.

Bring the Cash

and test their prices, and see for yourself.

Bagging, Ties, Farming Utensils

Wooden Ware, and hundreds of other things in stock. Don't buy until you examine the stock of B. F. CARPENTER & CO.
oct15-tf

NEW DRUG STORE!

H. F MONTGOMERY & Co.,

West Side Public Square,

JACKSONVILLE, ALA.

Dealers in all kinds of Drugs and Medicines, Paints, Oils, Patent Medicines, Window Glass, Stationery, Blank Books, Toilet articles, Lamps, Garden and Field Seeds. Also a choice selection of Fancy Groceries Tobacco, Cigars, &c. All goods guaranteed to be fine and fresh. Special prices made to Merchants and Physicians.

Prescriptions carefully compounded by our S. S. Linder, M. D.

apl6-'81—1y.

Use Lawrence & Martin's

TOLU ROCK RYE.

For COUGHS, COLDS, SORE THROAT, BRONCHITIS, ASTHMA, PNEUMONIA, CONSUMPTION, Diseases of THROAT, CHEST AND LUNGS.

BALSAM OF TOLU Has always been one of the most important weapons wielded by the MEDICAL FACULTY against the encroachments of COUGHS, COLDS, CONSUMPTION in its incipient and advanced stages, and all diseases of the THROAT, CHEST and LUNGS, but it has never been so advantageously compounded as in the TOLU, ROCK and RYE. Its soothing Balsamic properties afford a diffusive stimulant and tonic to build up the system after the cough has been relieved. Quart size bottles, Price $1.00.

CAUTION! Do not be deceived by dealers who try to palm off Rock and Rye in place of our TOLU, ROCK AND RYE, which is the ONLY MEDICATED article—the genuine has a Private Die Proprietary Stamp on each bottle, which permits it to be Sold by Druggists, Grocers and Dealers Everywhere,

AT WITHOUT SPECIAL TAX OR LICENSE.

The TOLU, ROCK AND RYE CO., Proprietors, 41 River St., Chicago, Ill.

CITY BAR!

The undersigned has with particular care selected for this season, a very fine lot of best

LINCOLN COUNTY WHISKEY,

Direct from the Distillery, as well as

Apple, and Peach Brandies,

He would especially call the attention of all desiring a good drink to his celebrated

"*Cabinet Whiskey,*"

which is the best in the market. His imported Brandy, FOR THE SICK, has no equal.

His Liquors are bought under bond and he knows them to be fine and pure. A general line of goods in Liquors of all brands. Beers, Cider, &c., including Sacrament Wine. Also a large lot of fine Cigars, Tobacco and Snuff.

Empty barrels from 75c to $1.00 each

My Billiard Parlor

which is well ventilated and comfortable, is the favorite resort of those who love the game.

Respectfully,
JNO RAMAGNANO, Jacksonville, Ala.

N. B —Parties indebted to me are requested to come forward and settle by cash or waive note.
nov5—6m

STEVENSON & GRANT,

Correspondents of

Real Estate Bankers

—AND—

LOAN ASSOCIATION OF ALABAMA.

WILL UNDERTAKE TO NEGOTIATE LOANS AS FOLLOWS:

On producing farm lands, for from three to five years.

On producing farm lands, for three to five years, payable in annual installments.

On crop lien, personal and real security, for one year or less, with agreement to ship cotton to Selma. Applicants may apply for loans on producing farm lands for a term of years, either with or without the condition to ship cotton. Loans made for $300 and upwards.

STEVENSON & GRANT,
Jacksonville Ala.

UNDERTAKING

John A. Crawford, notifies his friends and the public generally that he has in stock a fine lot of coffins and burial cases of all sizes and from the finest to the plainest make, which he will dispose of at reasonable prices. He may be found at the shop known as the Fleming shop on Main st, South of the square.
3ma

NOTICE.

All parties indebted to the old firm of Landers & Brittain MUST come forward and settle, either by note or cash, or they will be sued, and that right IMMEDIATELY.

JNO. M. CALDWELL.
Aug 5—tf

SUMMER RESIDENCE

One house and lot in Jacksonville, containing seven acres, known as the [illegible]ge Foster residence. The house is [illegible] tastefully built and situated in the [illegible] desirable part of town for residence, [illegible]ever failing well supplies ice cold [illegible]r the year round. The place is [illegible]dantly supplied with fine fruit, [illegible]ing an extensive Grapery. The ex[illegible]ve lawn in front is clothed with [illegible]native oaks and the ground beau[illegible]y laid off. It is a very desirable [illegible] for some gentleman South of here [illegible] wants a summer residence in this [illegible] of the State. The owner gave [illegible]) for the place. Will sell for $1[illegible]00 in 3 months. Reason for selling [illegible]owner moved out of the State.

[illegible]ress
STEVENSON & GRANT,
Real Estate Brokers.
-tf Jacksonville, Ala.

YOUNG MEN

SHOULD ATTEND

MOORE'S

BUSINESS UNIVERSITY,

ATLANTA, GA.

A Model Business School.

ACTUAL BUSINESS

STUDENTS ON CHANGE.

A Practical School for the Times

No Theory. No copying from books. The best course of instruction ever adopted for the practical education of young men, boys, and men of middle age.

The course of students comprise every variety of Business and Finance, from Small to Banking operations. Book-keeping in all its various methods. Business forms, terms and usages. Business writing, correspondence, business Arithmetic Commercial Law, Lectures, Partnership, Settlements, etc, etc

No vacations. Students can enter at any time Circulars containing full particulars mailed *free* to any address.

ame18—1y B. F. MOORE, Pres.

REAL ESTATE

FOR SALE.

A Chance For

Bargains!

Messrs. STEVENSON & GRANT,

Real Estate Brokers,

JACKSONVILLE, ALA,

OFFER the following described places for sale at a bargain. For full description and particulars, apply to them.

2

160 ACRES in a mountainous valley, five open farm with plenty of woodland, oak and hickory growth. Land brings from 900 to 1200 lbs. seed cotton to acre. One half cash, balance on time.

3

80 ACRES, three and a half miles North of Mt Polk. 17 acres cleared land, mostly fresh. Rails enough to fence 40 acres more. Land good No houses. Can be paid for in six yearly payments of cotton. Call on or address J D McCormick, Mack Ala

4

100 ACRES within one and a half miles of Anniston, 50 acres cleared, 50 acres well timbered and accessible Iron ore, good water, orchard, dwelling, outhouses, blacksmith and woodshop well patronized, on the place. School house and church within one fourth mile. Geo. Pacific R. R. survey through the place.

5

120 ACRES near Cherokee and Calhoun line. Framed dwelling house and other improvements. 50 acres in cultivation. All in a body—greater part level and good. In good neighborhood.

6

180 ACRES, 8 miles west of Jacksonville on Gadsden and Jacksonville road Good improvements, finely watered, fencing in good condition and land in fine state of cultivation. 100 acres open. 65 acres woodland well timbered. Red and yellow clay subsoil.

7

2500 ACRES in a body, on Tallassahatchie and Ohatchie creeks. As fine land as lies in Calhoun. Three splendid residences and ten or twelve tenant houses. No room for description in this advertisement. Can sell one to five places from this tract, or all in a body, at a bargain.

8

A splendid farm of 800 acres in the valley of Alexandria, 500 acres open and under fence, 640 in a body, and 160 of woodland seperated from main body by only one forty. Has a large and convenient dwelling and many tennant houses. The land has red clay subsoil; lies very level and will hold all the manures put on it. Ample water supply from two springs. Fine native and cultivated grasses. Land produces well. Would make a splendid stock farm. It will be sold at a bargain.

And other places of very desirable character. We shall continue the advertisement of places given us for sale from time to time without charge to the parties who give us their lands to sell. We have printed power of attorney to sell land now on hand, and all parties who place their lands in our hands for sale will be expected to sign them up. We require this both in order that there may be no dispute as to amount of our fee in case of sale, and to show parties who may desire to purchase that we have a right to sell. Of course under this power, the owner will have the deeds to sign before the sale would be complete. STEVENSON & GRANT,
july9—tf Jacksonville, Ala

M. E. GOLDSMITH, JNO. W. HUGHES.

GOLDSMITH & HUGHES

——GENTS'——

FURNISHING GOODS,

Hats, Caps, Valises, Umbrellas, &c.,

No. 9 Peachtree St.,

ATLANTA, GA.

sept24—4m

PAY UP.

The Republican.

e change in the advertise Stevenson & Grant. It seen they can now under- negotiate loans for lest an five years; also on the ent plan; also with or with- cotton shipping require- Applicants must in all ca- all the old deeds they to the land proposed for e. In all cases it is neces- trace title back over twen- .

18—4t

ave ordered an entire new type for the Republican, ect soon to bring the pa- in a new and attractive We shall need money to ntemplated improvements ant those who owe us to and pay up.

is the season to plant Poets. Plant very deep.

S. G. Morgan has our for a lot of tomato plants, advanced for the season.

Malinda Woodward, wife ate E. L. Woodward and Dr. J. C. Francis, died night, rejoicing in the r a triumphant entry into rer Land and re-union with panion of a life time, who way but a few weeks ago. ting time we shall print a tribute to this good woman.

meeting will be held in the ian Church on Wednesday t—conducted by Rev. A. W. Pastor of the Baptist Church. move in the right direction. glad to know that the prayer will hereafter be alternated be- different Churches of the his will result in uniting the ian elements of all the church- rand onward movement, and if versisted in, will be followed ious outpouring of the Spirit, ious revival of religion in the t it come—it is badly needed.

Robt. Adams, the genial lemanly host of the Jack- hotel, bought last week ness and good will of Reavis, Esq., who conduct- great satisfaction to the g public the Reavis Jacksonville has now one Mr. Adams will keep less good table on that Mr. Reavis, who retires to other business, was an hard man, and many of guests will be sorry that gone out of the business.

ge—At the residence of the ther on the 12th day of March. Geo. Esq. Lem Clark and Ma- The Editor was compliment- ent of the bride's cake.

Editor has been absent in ity this week, and this the apology for lack of ar in the present issue. e to the Invigston be patient. The Republi- endeavor to respond to all ld to say on the Convict and this paper the last ks.

em—by "Merchant"—and the ication of "Euclid" reached us for this issue. Shall appear k.

friends in Cross Plains are ing in making a most at- place of their beautifully town. We had occasion to town Friday last on busi- l were agreeably surprised any evidences of improve- ce we were last there. A set of business men can- found on the face of the an those in Cross Plains. ple are refined and hospit- s said, the location is very l. The surrounding coun- rtile. There is nothing to ross Plains back, and we in the upward march of ty little neighbor.

olitical Society of Calhoun coun- eet in Oxford, Ala., the 4th April, 1882 Physicians of th spectfully invited to attend. J. C. LEGRAND, Secretary.

TED.—To buy a good ow with young calf. Apply

Mrs. Jno. M. Wyly. Jacksonville, Ala.

Pearver Station Locals

Village has made some of late. Our clever and ge- ded T. A. Wiggs has sold est to our generous and l merchant, Mr. Malone er. Our merchants are go- on the big scale of credit much the best for all par- learns the farmer to econ- nd shows him the vital ne- of raising his own corn in fact every commodity r land will produce for d man, and put them up e and live once more with- ing the yoke of bondage. goes off slow, some car ve been sent back. The for corn, meat and flour ore than half supplied. village has another store early completed owned by John Henderson and Ott There is a large and com- school house just finished 60 X 80 feet. Professors Watson have a school of fifty students. They teach with thorough system, and any branch in English or the languages. They seem to have attained to a high degree in their branch of business. They propose a concert by the school on the night of the 17th inst., to raise money to be used in general inside outfit for the students. Every body interested in such a cause appear that night and put in your quarter.

I see some man of brains is agitating the working of the public roads with sense. Hurrah for him—do hope the Legislature will take steps in regard to the matter just as he writes it up.

All cases of bad sickness are improving around here.

CONVALESANT.

OXFORD FLASHES.

We have been requested by the members of the Baptist Ladies Aid Society to tender to the young gentlemen of the G. P. R. R. their sincere thanks for their contributions to the success of the "Mite Meeting" on the night of the 10th inst., both by their enlivening presence and flattering liberality; also for their kindness in providing a band for the occasion.

The proceeds of the meeting amounted to $42 which speaks well for the untiring energy and zeal of the ladies composing the Society.

Our friend "Merchant" is badly mistaken when he supposes we are engaged in dispensing legal advice; and equally so in presuming that Cupid would squander his darts upon one whose heart he had long since pierced and who now flounders a devoted captive in the golden meshes of connubial felicity. It is very evident that M—in his restless desire to eulogize the dazzling genius of the young barrister, has inadvertently bestowed his advice and compliments upon one *incognito;* and doubtless on learning this, he will hasten to reconsider and revise his eloquent tribute and thus rob us of the coveted immortality the magic touches of his pen had unwittingly invoked. M. seems especially fond of giving advice. So are we; so is most every one. But when it comes to heeding it, like a certain notorious animal of the genus *ovis*, which was the exclusive property of one Collins, "We have a head of our own!"

The disparity between the sales of guano last season and this in this market is wonderful. Where there were a dozen wagons loaded last year there is scarcely one now. This is regarded as a favorable indication by our merchants. Certainly it is getting high time for farmers to make their own fertilizers, in view of the facts that they are better and cheaper in the long run.

Mrs. Mamie Watters, nee Borders, of Rome, Ga., has been down on a visit of several days to her former home at this place. She spent a few days also in the country visiting relatives. Oxford society lost much of its sparkling vivacity when Miss Mamie left us.

Miss Sue Pendleton, one of our most popular and intelligent young ladies, has we learn, been tendered a flourishing school at Choccolocco, and will don the position of teacher in a few days. We wish her much success.

Mrs. Emma Singleton is teaching at the residence of her father, Maj. Abner Williams in this place. She has a small though interesting class of pupils and is giving entire satisfaction. She is an excellent teacher and ought to have a large school.

A negro was shot and killed at the Dead Line a mile and a half above here a few days since, but we have not learned the true particulars and we forbear to give rumors.

PHIL OSOPHER.

Martins X Roads Locals.

MARRIED.—The 8th inst, by Rev. B. Bynum, at the residence of the bride's father, W. M. Mitchell to Miss Mattie S. Scott. All of Calhoun county.

Wheat crops in this neighborhood are looking well. Farmers are badly behind with their work, but most of them are going to plant more corn and less cotton than formerly, and but few of them are going to buy as much guano as they have done heretofore. There is less bread stuff in the country now than ever has been at any one time since the war, caused by following the ruinous course of raising so much cotton.

Mr. E. G. Morris, Sr., is building a foundry for the purpose of manufacturing his celebrated turbine water wheel.

The people in the vicinity of Cane Creek Church are building a school house at that place and have secured the service of Miss Carrie Morris as teacher.

MARION.

The Color and Lustre of Youth are restored to faded or gray hair by the use Parker's Hair Balsam, a harmless dressing highly esteemed for its perfume and purity. feb18

MARRIED—on the 6th day of March, by Rev H. A. Williams, Mr. J. P. Allsup to Miss Josephene Stewart—all of Calhoun County.

SPECIAL COLUMN.

NOTICE.

The firm of LEDBETTER BROS. & CO. is this day dissolved. T. A. Wiggs having withdrawn The business will be continued as before, under the old firm name of Ledbetter Bros., as successors, who will settle up all the old business.

We would respectfully ask all who are indebted to us on last year's business to come forward and settle either by cash or good note.

Thanking our friends for past favors and hoping, by prompt and fair dealing, to retain a liberal share of their patronage, we are

LEDBETTER BROS.

march4—3t

ELECTION NOTICE.

Council Chamber,
JACKSONVILLE, ALA.
Feb. 27, 1882.

It is ordered by the Town Council of the Town of Jacksonville that an election for Mayor and Aldermen of said town for the year 1882-3 be held in the court house on Saturday, the 1st day of April, 1882; and for the purpose of carrying out said election, W. A. Driskill, J. J. Skelton and Thomas Brittain are appointed managers, and R. L. Arnold and W. E Hammond Clerks, and R. H. Gidley, returning officer.

JNO. M. CROOK, Mayor.

march4—4t

MONEY TO LEND ON COTTON.

Parties in Calhoun who raise as much or more than 25 bales of cotton can borrow money of the Real Estate and Loan and Banking Co. of Alabama, at much less than bank rates Apply to STEVENSON & GRANT. feb25-2t

IT IS FOUND AT LAST!

SOMETHING NEW UNDER THE SUN.—A new era is dawning upon woman. Hitherto she has been *called upon to suffer* the ills of mankind and her own besides.

The frequent and distressing irregularities peculiar to her sex have long been to her the "direful spring of woes unnumbered." In the mansion of the rich and hovel of poverty alike woman has been the constant yet patient victim of a thousand ills unknown to man—and without a remedy. "O Lord, how long!" in the agony of her soul hath she cried. But now the hour of her redemption is come. She will suffer no more, for Bradfield's Female Regulator, "Woman's Best Friend," is for sale by all Druggists.

Prepared by Dr. Bradfield, Atlanta, Ga. Price $1.50 per bottle. Sold by Druggists everywhere. feb1—2m

DON'T YOU WANT

THE BEST WEEKLY

IN ALABAMA?

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Of Selma.

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THE SOUTHERN ARGUS, } Jan. 25, 1882.

THE TIMES-ARGUS is thoroughly Democratic, and is an earnest worker for the continued supremacy of the intelligent property-holders in the politics of Alabama. To secure that end, it maintains a fearless, independent tone in criticisms of parties, measures and men. Its readers can always rely upon its faithfulness in giving news and criticizing events.

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THE TIMES-ARGUS will be indispensable to every citizen during the coming political campaign in our State Subscribe and keep posted.

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JAS. R. OGDEN, G. P. A., Knoxville.
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SELMA DIVISION.

Going North.		Going South
Lv. 7.30 a m	Selma,	Ar. 8 45 p m
" 9.45 a m	Calera,	Lv. 5.45 p m
" 1.30 p m	Jacksonville,	" 2.30 p m
" 4.05 p m	Rome,	" 11.30 p m
" 6.20 p m	Dalton,	" 9.30 p m
" 8.25 p m	Cleveland,	" 7.20 p m
" 11.40 p m	Knoxville,	" 3 35 p m
Ar. 4.50 a m	Bristol,	" 10.20 p m

ALABAMA CENTRAL DIVISION.

Westward.		Eastward.
Lv. 4.09 p m	Selma,	Ar. 10.30 a m
" 5.50 p m	Uniontown,	Lv. 8.31 a m
" 7.02 p m	Demopolis,	" 7.16 a m
" 8.45 p m	York,	" 5.40 a m
" 9 20 p m	Lauderdale,	" 5.06 a m
Ar 10 00 p m	Meridian,	" 4.20 a m

Mail Train North connects with Rome R R at Rome for Atlanta, and at Dalton with W & A R R for Chattanooga, and points North; at Bristol with N W road for all Eastern cities Accommodation train leaves Selma at 3.00 p m. connecting with L & N at Calera for all Western cities; arrives at Selma 9 30 a m. Mail train South connects at Calera with L & N for Montgomery, and at Meridian with N O and V & M roads for Mobile, New Orleans and Vicksburg.

JNO. M. BRIDGES, Supt.
RAY KNIGHT.
Gen. Ticket and Passenger Ag't
jan 29, 1882 Selma, Ala.

NOTICE.

TO THE

Farmers of Calhoun County.

I am receiving and will keep on hand for sale, at Weaver's Station, Anniston, Greensport and Jacksonville, the old Premium Potapsco Guano, which has on all occasions, in tests carefully made, proved to have no equal.

I have handled the old Potapsco for eight years past, and have not ever been able to supply the demand. I handled last season 247 tons, and could have sold smartly more in the county, had we been able to furnish it. The results are uniformly satisfactory I seldom have any complaint of Potapsco Guano, or Potapsco Acid Phosphate, which I have in stock at all the above named places. I deem it unnecessary to offer any comment on these Fertilizers, as their use for eight years have established their value in diversified husbandry. I guarantee the qualities for the present season to be fully up in grade in Phosphoric Acid, Nitrogenous matter and Potash, to any Fertilizers offered to the trade.

The Potapsco Guano and Acid Phosphate have the analysis branded upon each bag, which the manufacturers authorize me to guarantee. The entire stock that we offer for sale is fresh, and has not been flooded by overflow on the river.

Prices for this Season.

Potapsco Guano, time Oct. 15th next, solvent paper $75 per ton. Cotton option of 500lbs middling grade cotton. Cash on delivery $45.

Potapsco Acid Phosphate on time until the 15th of October next on approved paper $63.75 per ton, with cotton option of 425lbs middling grade cotton. Cash on delivery $32 50

Cotton option will not be exteded after the maturity of said notes.

I would respectfully refer to Mr. J. W. Whitesides, William Whitesides, Nathan Clark, D. G. Clark, William Hubbard, Jas. Turk, Gus Ford. J. E. Williams, W. D. Bush, John Wakefield, Charles Loyd, T. H. Clements, Jas. Hagan, E. N. Weaver, E. T. Clark, H. J. Dean, Samuel Crook, S. J. Woodruff, Irvin Martin, G. B. Skelton, Frank Hanna, William Edmonson, and Mr. Peterson, the plow man, as to the results from year to year,

The stock will be kept up during the season at Jacksonville, Weavers Station, Anniston and Greensport.

All orders addressed to me at Alexandria, D. F. Weaver, Weavers Station, D. Z. Goodlett, Jacksonville, Jas. Hagan, Greensport, or T. H. Hopkins, Store manager at Anniston, and W. J. Edmondson, Anniston, will be thankfully received and shall have prompt attention.

We thank you for your patronage in the past, and hope to share the same this season.

Very respectfully, your obt servt.,
W. P. COOPER, Agent.

GUANO TEST.

ALEXANDRIA, ALA., Jan. 14, 1882.

Last Spring I was having a conversation with one of the largest dealers in Guano in Calhoun county, when he made what, I afterward thought, was a wise suggestion. It was as follows: That all of the Guano dealers in the country would authorize some good representative farmer to go, at will, to their stocks of Guano and draw from each brand a sample for test on the same soil, and the same season and year, giving each a fair test. I concluded, after thinking the matter over, that such an experiment might be worth something to the farmers, and would, at least, show up the results, and their differences in our soil. So I procured the same amount of the different named fertilizers from gentlemen who were agents for same, with the understanding that I was to publish the final results, which was agreed to by all.

The soil selected was chosen, so that it would well represent the gray gravelly, red in patto and alluvial sandy soils of Calhoun county. Rows 70 yards long, and lettering by number with stake drove down, and name wrote upon each of drove kind of Guano used; and the same was kept noted in a memorandum book.

The land was furrowed with two horses and a stout shovel plow deep; Guano strewed at the rate of 200 lbs per acre; bedded on as usual, and planted on fresh beds about the 20th April. The plat was worked as usual, and by the same hand, and great care was taken to have precisely the same stand left so the test would be fair. I did the work myself, and I picked and weighed the cotton correctly on the same days, and I give you the result of each row, naming the fertilizer used.

1st. Long's Chemicals composted yield 13 lb, or at the rate of 960 lbs. per acre.

2nd. Long's Chemicals—Alum—11¼, or at the rate of 810 lbs. per acre.

3rd. Plow Brand 12, lbs., or at the rate of 840 lbs. per acre.

4th. Martin's 12 lbs., or at the rate of 840 lbs. per acre.

5th. Meryman's 13 lbs., or at the rate of 910 lbs. per acre.

6th. Soluable Pacific 13½ lbs., or at the rate of 945 lbs. per acre.

7th. Monarch 14 lbs., or at the rate of 989 lbs per acre.

8th. Farmer's Friend 14½ lbs, or at the rate of 1015 lbs. per acre.

9th. Sea Gulf 15 lbs., or at the rate of 1050 lbs. per acre

10th. South American 14 lbs., or at the rate of 980 lbs. per acre.

11th. Blank.

12th. Gosipian 16 lbs., or at the rate of 1120 lbs per acre

13th. Zell's 16¼ lbs., or at the rate of 1137 lbs. per acre.

14th. Mastodon 16 lbs., or at the rate of 1120 lbs. per acre.

15th. Peruvian and Raw Bone 16 lbs, or at the rate of 1120 per acre

16th. Potapsco Guano 17½ lbs, or at the rate of 1225 lbs. per acre.

17th. Stable manure usual amount 16 lbs. or at the rate of 1120 per acre.

18th. Leached Ashes, heavy, 15 lbs., or at the rate of 1050 lbs per acre.

19th. Seales & Lawson's Amoniated Bone 16 lbs., or at the rate of 1120 lbs. per acre

The above shows a very large difference in results—for instance, Potapsco Guano gave at the rates of 1225 lbs. seed cotton per acre, Plow Brand 840—385 lbs. difference That at 3c. per lb. would amount to $11.55 per acre.

The Farmers of Calhoun county can figure from the above and easily satisfy themselves as to estimates and results.

I have long been of the opinion that many of the Brands of so-called Fertilizers were of low value, and often fail to remunerate the planter; and if our farmers will buy and use them they ought to so organize themselves, at least to protect themselves. which could be easily done in each neighborhood Every year let a good, careful man make these experiments with all the Guanos sold in the county, and publish the results, and this will drive the worthless brands off the market. But experiments must be made the same year and in the same soil, side by side This report has been made in conformity to the agreement, made early in the spring of 1881.

SAMUEL E. DOWDLE.

feb4—3m

CALHOUN COLLEGE,
Male and Female.

The next term will begin Monday, January 9, 1882, and will continue six scholastic months.

W. J. BORDON, Prof. Mathematics, Natural and Moral Science, &c.
G. B. RUSSEL, Prof. Eng., Latin and Greek Languages, Literature, &c.
MRS. IDA WOODWARD, Instructress in the Primary Department.
MISS WILLIE BORDEN, Instructress on Piano and Organ.

TUITION—including all incidental expenses—$1.25, $2 25 $3 25 and $5 25 per month. MUSIC, Instrumental, $5.00 per month, payable in advance. Local pupils can pay monthly.

Good Board can be had at reasonable prices.

The course of instruction in this Institution is thorough and practical. The regulations formed for the mental and moral improvement of the pupils are mild and parental, and will be rigidly enforced.

For further particulars address either, Jacksonville, Ala.

W. J. BORDEN,
G. B. RUSSELL,
dec17—tf Associate Principals.

SCHOOL.

WEAVER ACADEMY, MALE AND FEMALE.

First term of six months will begin January the 9th 1882, and close June the 23rd.

Second term of four months will begin August the 28th 1882 and close December the 15th.

GRADES.

Primary	$1.50 per month
Intermediate	2 25 " "
High School	3.00 " "

Board in good families at reasonable rates. For further particulars address
WATSON BRO'S.,
Weaver's Station, Ala.

FIRE INSURANCE.

I. L. SWAN AG'T,
JACKSONVILLE, ALA.
Four Good Home Companies to wit,

Georgia Home,	*Ga.*
Home Protection,	*Ala.*
Central City,	*Ala.*
Columbus Fire and Banking Co.,	*Miss.*

May 1st, 1880.

JOE. A. WALDEN. W. F. WOODWARD
Walden & Woodward,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW,
Jacksonville, Ala.

Will practice in all the courts of the Circuit, and the Supreme Courts of the State. Prompt attention given to the collection of claims.

W. C. LAND,
WATCHMAKER,
—AND—
SEWELER.
Jacksonville, - - - Ala.

Also, agent for Meriden CT Table cutlery and silver and plated ware. Also agent for Elgin Watch co. and other American make May, 1st 1880

S. F. HOBBS,
NO 49, Broad St. Selma. Ala,
DEALER IN
Watches, Diamonds,
FINE JEWELRY, CLOCKS,
Silver and Silver Plated Goods of every style and grade.
—ALSO—
Pianos and Organs

From the best makers, sold at lowest rates and on easy terms.

If you desire to purchase an Organ or Piano for cash or on time, address us and prices and terms will be furnished. Instruments will be sent on trial, to be returned, if not satisfactory.

☞Watch Repairing and Engraving Specialities ☜ may14ly

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BOWDON & ARNOLD,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW
—AND—
Solicitors in Chancery,
JACKSONVILLE, ALA.

Will practice in all the Courts of the Circuit, U. S. Dist. Court and Supreme Court of the State April 24, 1880

Free to Everybody!

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BOOK
FOR THE ASKING.

By applying personally at the nearest office of the Singer Manufacturing Co. (or by postal card if at a distance) any adult person will be presented with a beautifully illustrated copy of a new Book entitled

GENIUS REWARDED,
—OR THE—
Story of the Sewing Machine

containing a handsome and costly steel engraving Frontispiece; also 28 finely engraved wood cuts, and bound in an elaborate blue and gold lithographed cover. No charge whatever is made for this handsome book, which can be obtained only by application at the branch and subordinate offices of the Singer Manufacturing Co.

THE SINGER MANUFACTURING CO.
Principal office, 34 Union Square,
une 18—1y New York

LIVERY
—AND—
SALE STABLE

The Undersigned having bought the Hammond Livery Stable of Mr. Wilson, have entered upon their business and will be glad to serve the public.

We expect to keep Vehicles, Horses and Mules for sale, and are prepared to guarantee bargains in this line.

Our terms will be very reasonable and strictly cash.

Horses boarded at low rates. Give us your patronage and we will give you satisfaction Respectfully,
MARTIN & WILKERSON.
jan 15—tf.

Mountain Farm And Vineyard For Sale.

The undersigned will give a bargain in the fine fruit farm and vineyard on top of the mountain 1½ miles from Jacksonville known as the George White place.

STEVENSON & GRANT,
Real Estate Agents.

JOHN. T. MOYE,
Watchmaker and Jeweller,
—DEALER IN—
Watches, Clocks, Jewelry,
Musical Instruments, Spectacles, Silver Plated Ware, Etc.,
MAIN STREET, OXFORD, ALA.

☞Particular attention paid to repairing fine Watches and Jewelry, Sewing Machines repaired and warranted to work as good as new, Needles for all kinds of Sewing Machines on hand. ☜Ap. 2—1y

Fall Stock.
A. L. STEWART & CO.
Jacksonville, Ala.,
Have just opened out their Fall Stock of
DRY GOODS,
Including a new and elegant line of Prints, Zephers, Nubias, Shawls, Notions &c., &c. They pride themselves on their new, fine and fashionable line of
READY MADE CLOTHING.
Particular attention has been given to the selection of this department, and they can sell great bargains in fine Dress Goods. Buy nowhere until you see their Stock. They carry also a good line of
Staple and Fancy Groceries,
CROCKERY, &c.
Remember that you must come to A. L. Stewart & Co's for
BARGAINS,
sept24—tf.

JACKSONVILLE HOTEL
WEST SIDE PUBLIC SQUARE,
Jacksonville, Alabama.

Do not be deceived, but come to the "only Hotel," where you will find the best of cooks and servants, the best fare our county and money can afford. Rooms newly fitted up and renovated. We will guarantee satisfaction. Our house will be first-class in every respect. Sample room free. Give us a trial.

ROBT. ADAMS,
dec10—tf Proprietor.

CHRISTMAS GOODS,
Of every variety, at
CROW BROS.
A splendid lot of Fancy
Candies,
NUTS, RAISINS,
ORANGES, LEMONS, COCA NUTS, PINEAPPLES, &c.
GROCERIES
NEW ORLEANS MOLASSES,
(New crop.)
SUGARS, SYRUPS, RICE,
And almost everything else in the way of family supplies, and don't you forget it, but give us a call. dec16

J. W. COKER & CO.,
Commission Merchants,
—AND—
WAREHOUSEMEN,
ROME, GA.

Mr. Wright, formerly with Jno. C. Graham and Berry & Co., is a member of this firm. sept24—3m

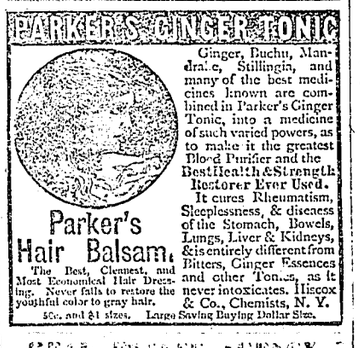
JAMES HUTCHINSON,
Barber & Hair Dresser,

Room on Office Row, recently occupied by Dick Walker.

If you desire to have a pleasant and clean shave, or have your hair trimmed in neat and fashionable style, give him a call. Jacksonville, 3pl. 20, 1878

WOODRUFF & NORTH,
Cotton Factors
—AND—
COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
SELMA, ALA.
sept17—tf.

PARKER'S GINGER TONIC



Parker's Hair Balsam.
The Best, Cleanest, and Most Economical Hair Dressing. Never fails to restore the youthful color to gray hair.
50c. and $1 sizes. Large Saving Buying Dollar Size.

Ginger, Buchu, Mandrake, Stillingia, and many of the best medicines known are combined in Parker's Ginger Tonic, into a medicine of such varied powers, as to make it the greatest Blood Purifier and the Best Health & Strength Restorer Ever Used. It cures Rheumatism, Sleeplessness, & diseases of the Stomach, Bowels, Lungs, Liver & Kidneys, & is entirely different from Bitters, Ginger Essences and other Tonics, as it never intoxicates. Hiscox & Co., Chemists, N. Y.

REAL ESTATE AGENCY.

If you want to purchase or sell lands upon favorable terms, call on or write to

JNO. M. CALDWELL,
REAL ESTATE AGENT,
Jacksonville, Ala.

☞No charge for examination of titles where there is either sale or purchase. aug13—t

H. L. STEVENSON. L. W. GRANT
STEVENSON & GRANT,
Real Estate Agents
JACKSONVILLE, ALA.

☞Real estate bought and sold.—Books open at law office of Mr Stevenson

LAND FOR SALE.

Thirteen and one third acres of good arable land can be bought on reasonable terms, and a clear title given, by applying to
jan28—tf C. W. BREWTON

WANTED

Good fat young beef cattle—Fat Sheep and Spring Lambs. A liberal price will be paid on delivery to
N. BOYER,
june18—tf. At Anniston, Ala.

TRADE S.S.S. MARK

PERRY, GA., April 14, 1879.

I have watched the use of the medicine now known as "Swift's Syphilitic Specific" over fifty years, and have never heard of a failure to cure when properly taken. I commenced the use of it on my slaves, between 1850 and 1855, as also did a number of my neighbors and in every case that came within my knowledge it effected a cure. In 1835 Geo. Walker bought at auction a slave not warranted. After the purchase it was discovered that he had had syphilis for twelve years. His head was without hair on it. He treated him with this remedy, and in four weeks he was sound and well, and in a short time had as fine a head of hair as was ever owned by a negro. He owned this slave many years, and he never had any return of the disease, nor lost a day's work.

H. L. DENNARD.

☞Price of regular size reduced to $1.75 per bottle—small size $1

The SWIFT SPECIFIC COMPANY, Proprietors, Atlanta, Ga. Sold by Druggists everywhere. Call for a copy of "Young Men's Friend." feb1—2m

HORSE BOOKS
Dirt Cheap!

Some months back we ordered several hundred volumes of a valuable Horse Book, to be used as premiums to subscribers. The time for which we offered the book as a premium expired and left a number of the books on our hands. To clear them out, we will sell them below cost. The book contains ninety-one pages and is copiously illustrated. It is full of valuable receipts for the treatment of diseases of the horse. It has been largely sold in this county for fifty cents. We will sell it for TEN CENTS at this office, or FIFTEEN CENTS when ordered by mail. Parties ordering by mail may pay in postage stamps. Address,
REPUBLICAN OFFICE,
Jacksonville, Ala.

☞Write your name and post office plainly.

NOTICE FARMERS.

Messrs. Stevenson & Grant have perfected an arrangement with a New York House by which they can fill orders for first class Agricultural Machinery. See them before you order. The House they represent, and whose goods they will handle is one of the largest in the North, and their prices defy competition. If you want a steam engine, hay press, Cotton press, reaper, mower, sulkey plow, or anything, call on them.

oct8—tf.

MULES! MULES!!

Mr. W. A. Robinson, of Tennessee, who has visited this place four seasons with mules and horses, will have a drove at the Livery Stable of Martin & Wilkerson from the 26th inst. to February 1st. jan21—3t

H. A. SMITH'S
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL
MUSIC
—AND—
BOOK STORE,
Rome, Ga.

Just opening out an immense stock of Writing Desks, Work Boxes, Toilett Setts, China and Glass Vases, Motto Cup, Saucers and Mugs, Fancy Glass Inkstands, Stationery, Photograph and Autograph Albums, Bibles, Prayer Books, Poetical and standard works, Juvenile books, Pictures, Picture Frames, Tin, China and Rubber Toys in great variety, Wax Dolls, Games, Silver-plated Ware, suitable for wedding and holiday presents, Gold Pens, Port Monaies, and a thousand novelties.

Piano's and Organs, of the best make, at wholesale prices. Orders by mail solicited. Prices cheerfully given.

dec4 H. A. SMITH.

NOTICE NO. 1462.

LAND OFFICE AT MONTGOMERY, ALA.
February 18th 1882.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before A. Woods, Judge of Probate at Jacksonville, Ala., on April 3d, 1882 viz: Wiley Argo, Homestead No. 6743 for the lot No 4, Section 36, Township 12 S, Range 8 E.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz: Susan Armstrong, Francis Walker, John Wilson, and John T. Young, all of Allsups, Calhoun county, Alabama.

THOMAS J. SCOTT,
feb25—5. Register.

IMPORTANT.

I have some No. 1 mules for sale at Jacksonville,
feb4—3t J. M. CROOK.

PAY UP.

AGRICULTURE.

SHOULD THERE NOT BE A CHANGE OF CROPS?—Over and over again experience has shown that in those districts where a diversified style of agriculture is carried on the average profits of a series of years are greater than when the producer is dependent on one thing. Noting this, some teachers go on the opposite extreme, and would plant equally of all crops, and follow equally every branch of farming. But we hold that that is as great an error as to follow out too closely the one idea. Just now the agriculturists of the South are getting their annual advice to grow less cotton and more corn. It is even said that the "grangers" have incorporated this advice as one of the leading articles of faith in their Southern creed. But from all we have read and noted, the South with all its love for cotton never had half so much a drug as some of the Eastern States have had of wheat or corn.

It is the wisest policy for every farmer to have some one leading feature on which to depend that he finds his soil and climate best fitted for, or his market the most encouraging for him to produce. These may possibly fail; and in view thereof other things should be grown which will work in with the others, and bring in something certain when failure comes. Diversification in this case is a little more than the principle of insurance, to which any prudent merchant likes to devote a small percentage of his capital; but the percentage is always small—he would not like to devote very much, nor would the farm capitalist devote very much, on its insurance crops. The South can grow cotton better than any part of the world. When there is a good crop it is very profitable. and it is rarely so abundant but there is some profit made. We doubt whether the advice to grow more corn and less cotton is wise, or if wise would ever be taken. One might as well tell an Iowa man to grow less corn and more wheat or oats. For miles and miles through that State one sees nothing but corn, yet though in any one year it brings but ten cents per bushel, one sees as much the next year as ever. And why? because wheat and oats never do as well, never yield the same profit. It has been shown, by what seems to be a careful average of years, that corn yields in Iowa three-fourths more profit than wheat, and double that of oats. With these facts, which intelligent farmers soon understand, though those with hay-seed merely in their hair do not, it would be idle to tell an Iowa man he must grow less corn, because once in a while there is an over-stock, and the same principle holds good in cotton culture.

EASILY SPOILED.—Of all the products of the farm, butter is the most liable to be tainted by noxious odors floating in the atmosphere. Our people laid some veal in the cellar, from which a little blood flowed out and was neglected until it had commenced to smell. The result was that a jar of butter we were packing smelled and tasted like spoiled beef. We know of an instance where there was a pond of filthy, stagnant water a few hundred feet from the house, from which an offensive effluvium would be borne on the breeze directly to the milk-room when the wind was in a certain direction, the result of which was that the cream and butter would taste like the disagreeable odor coming from the pond. As soon as the pond was drained there was no more damaged butter. It is remarkable how easily butter is spoiled.

SAYS the *Drover's Journal:* What young breeders and feeders want to learn how to do, is to make the most valuable animals for the butcher, at the earliest age practicable. Everybody knows that by heavily feeding already fat old cattle, from year to year, enormous weight can be obtained. Monstrous bovine, "mountains of grease" can be made, but they are not what the butchers want except on rare occasions, such as celebrations and the like, when many people are willing to eat bad beef and think it nice, just because it came from the carcass of a huge show steer. Early development is what we want. These immense steers of 3,000 pounds or more are well enough to look at, but except for show they are worth little. being profitable to neither producer, butcher nor consumer.

ECONOMY IN THE CELLAR.—In the majority of cellars there has been stored for family use for feeding domestic animals, or for future marketing, a quantity of fruits and vegetables, such as apples, turnips, beets, pumpkins, etc, A certain portion of these fruits and roots will during the winter, commence to decay, especially if the condition of the cellar is not favorable for keeping them. Another portion will be found, upon assorting them over, to be unfit for market or for table use. The affected or infirm specimens should not be allowed to remain in the cellar to pollute the air in rooms above with noxious odors; but they should be turned to good account by feeding them to stock.

IT has been proven by numerous experiments that the shorter the time between milkings the richer the milk. In one case when a cow was milked twice a day, 12 hours apart, the milk gave twelve and a-half per cent. of cream, and when milked five times a day, seventeen and a half per cent. If, therefore, the time between the milking varies, as commonly, the milking following closest to the previous one will give the richest milk. Cows milked at half past six in the evening and half past four in the morning will be pretty sure to give the richest milk in the morning. though this is partly caused by the more undisturbed time which they have at night when unharrassed by flies, etc.

BUTTER MAKING.—Keep only those cows that yield butter of good color, flavor and texture. There are some cows from which no one can get good butter. Feed only good, sweet food, the best for butter being early cut timothy and clover hay and corn meal, and give only pure water. Observe the most scrupulous cleanliness in the stable and dairy. Keep the cows in good health and contented. Use a churn that brings the butter in thirty minutes. Keep the temperature of the milk and cream as near sixty degrees as possible, and churn the cream when slightly sour.

GRUBS.—Grubs in the head of sheep are believed to be caused by the gadfly which deposits its eggs in the nostrils of sheep during the summer and autumn; although they cause much pain, they are not usually fatal. To prevent them, apply tar to the noses of the sheep occasionally during July and August, or smear the feeding troughs with tar. To cure the sheep when the grubs are once hatched, blow tobacco-smoke up the nostrils, or syringe the nose with a decoction of tobacco,

ONE dollar's worth of food when the cow is dry is worth one dollar and fifty cents' worth after she comes in. An animal in poor condition cannot digest as much food as an animal in good condition.

Two million acres of land in the State of Florida have been purchased by European capitalists. A transaction which may largely effect the future interests o the State.

Herr Zander, a German musical director, has made public some interesting observations on the relations between the condition of the human voice and that of the weather. He says that apart from the inevitable changes in the intonation, purity, and strength of the voice resulting from physical variations, such as illness, nervous tension, and the like, he has noted other influences of a barometrical nature that seem to indicate approaching changes in the weather. In clear weather about to change into that of a dismal, rainy character his voice became weak, and showed a tendency to grow deeper. In wet weather about to clear up and become dry and bracing, the opposite was the case. The voice became bright, clear, and strong, and was disposed to strike too high a pitch Herr Zander was director of a church choir and teacher of singing in a high school for many years, and had ample opportunity of verifying these conclusions.

(Port Huron Commercial.)

Charles Nelson, Esq., Proprietor Nelson House, speaking to us recently, observed: I suffered so much with Rheumatism that my arm withered, and physicians could not help me. I was in despair of my life, when some one advised me to try St. Jacob's Oil. I did so, and as if by magic I was instantly relieved, and by the continued use of the Oil entirely cured. I thank heaven for having used this wonderful remedy, for *it saved my life.* It also cured my wife.

Good results are said to be obtained from this method of coppering and bronzing zinc: Prepare a solution of 15 parts of blue vitriol and one of 19 parts of cyanide of potassium, and mix them both together. Incorporate this liquid well with 160 parts of pipe-clay and rub the resulting semi-fluid, by means of a linen rag, on the previously cleaned object. For bronzing, take 15 parts of verdigris, 19 of cream of tartar and 30 of crystalized soda; reduce them to powder and dissolve them in the necessary amount of water. Mix this liquid with 160 parts of pipe clay, and then proceed as above directed. This is another process: Take 15 grammes of blue vitriol, 20 of calcined soda, and 32 cubic centimeters of glycerine, and when these substances are thoroughly incorporated mix the paste thus obtained with 80 grammes of pipe-clay. The mixture is to be applied as above described.

(Fort Wayne (Ind.) Sentinel.)

When about twelve years old, said Mr. Geisman, of the Globe Chop House to our representative, I met with an accident with a horse, by which my skull was fractured, and ever since I have suffered with the most excruciating rheumatic pains. Of late I applied St. Jacob's Oil which has given me almost total relief.

A new theory for the cementation process for the conversion of iron into steel has been advanced. It has been observed that when amorphous carbon in an impalpable powder is kept in contact with porcelain at a temperature considerably above redness, but not sufficient for the latter to become fused, the carbon will, if kept for a number of hours, diffuse into the porcelain and ultimately permeate it throughout. The conversion of wrought iron into steel by the cementation process may be considered as analagous to this—that is to say, the result of diffusion of carbon in an impalpable powder into the bars of iron while they are in an expanded or soft state.

Allen's Brain Food

Cures Nervous Debility and Weakness of Generative Organs, $1—all druggists. Send for circular. Allen's Pharmacy, 313 First av., N. Y.

M. Land has obtained an electric current by the action of light. Bichloride of copper, formed by the mixture of sea salt with sulphate of copper, attacks mercury, and the potochloride of copper formed reduces sulphide of silver when subjected to the action of solar rays, thus producing an electric current. These currents, which M. Land calls photo-electric currents. may be produced by the combination of various electrodes. Two thin plates, one of sulphate of silver and the other of amalgamated zinc, immersed in a solution of sea salt produce a perceptible current when exposed to sunlight.

It seems impossible that a remedy made of such common, simple plants as Hops, Buchu, Mandrake, Dandelion, &c., should make so many and such great cures as Hop Bitters do; but when old and young, rich and poor, pastor and doctor, lawyer and editor, all testify to having been cured by them, you must believe and try them yourself, and doubt no longer.

Among the objects found in one of the old tombs near the village of Sewersk, in the Sakubar district of southern Russia, were two elaborately ornamented glass vessels, hooped with gold rings, set with rubies, supporting chains which had at the ends heart-shaped pearls. Besides these relics were discovered a golden cup-holder, with two griffins in bas relief, and a golden plate with a historical representation, also in bas-relief. It is thought by M. Felizin that these relics belong to the time of Persiad II., who began to reign in the year 284 B C., and that the grave in which they were deposited was that of a great personage.

Indications point to an increased immigration from Europe during 1882. The passages already engaged on the lines plying between Germany and this country are far in numerical excess of the number engaged at the corresponding date last year. From Great Britain the number will be greatly increased. Ireland will probably hold its own, as comparing 1881 and 1882. Canada farmers are preparing, in large numbers, to cross the lines. A good proportion of the latter class will go south.

A great improvement has recently been made in that useful product CARBOLINE, a deodorized extract of petroleum, which is the only article that really cures baldness. It is now the finest of hair dressings.

The Dutch are sending pioneer expeditions into high latitudes year after year for the purpose of ascertaining the movements of the ice and other particulars very necessary to be known before going to the expense of equipping a costly vessel or two which might prove a costly failure. They are the only people who are pursuing Arctic research in a sane and scientific spirit.

Nine hundred and thirty-six soundings were made at the mouth of the Mississippi a week or so ago, by a select committee of the New Orleans chamber of commerce, with a view of ascertaining the depth of water secured by Captain Ead's jetties. The least depth that could be found, anywhere, was on the crest of the bar, where there were twenty-six feet of water, with the tide nearly two feet below the average flood.

Whatever I have done is due to patient thought.

WIT AND HUMOR.

A misunderstanding: "Do you believe in Bronson Alcott's theory of æsthetic eating?" asked a Boston lady of her Chicago admirer. "I don't know what Bronson Alcott's theory of æsthetic eating is," he answered, "but when I am hungry a brace of mutton chops, some porterhouse steak, a dozen or two buckwheat cakes, four soft boiled eggs and a plate of hash make a meal that is æsthetic enough for me." "Yes, yes, but you don't understand me." impatiently added his fair interrogator. "Mr. Alcott's theory has reference to persons not to pigs.

"BECAME SOUND AND WELL."

HATCHER'S STATION, Ga., March 27 1876. R. V. PIERCE, M. D.: *Dear Sir*—My wife, who had been ill for over two years and had tried many other medicines, became sound and well by using your "Favorite Prescriptions." My niece was also cured by its use, after several physicians had failed to do her any good.

Yours truly, THOMAS J. METHVIN.

"MAKE my neighbor a pauper?" said the revengeful man, "you wager I will. Idleness leads to poverty, sir, and I've got two big bull dogs so thoroughly trained that they'll act for hours as though the next minute they'd fight. But they never do. And I'll put those dogs out in my yard and that neighbor o' mine 'll neglect his business and put in his time sitting on the fence, waiting for the dogs to go at it. And he'll not only neglect his business and go to ruin, but he'll be tantalized till he's so mad he can't wink. I'll fix the villain!"

Young men, and middle aged ones, suffering from nervous debility and kindred weaknesses, send three stamps for Part VII of Dime Series Books. Address WORLD'S DISPENSARY MEDICAL ASSOCIATION, Buffalo, N. Y.

IT is related of a Massachusetts lawyer that he was seen anxiously looking for his hat at the noon recess of the court at North Hampton the other day. Picking up one from the table and scanning it dubiously, he called out, "Mr. Officer, someone has stolen my hat." The officer, noting his semi-absent mindedness, said, "Do you wan't two hats, Mr. Attorney?" The lawyer found that he had his own hat on his head and instantly left for dinner.

Sick and bilious headache, and all derangements of stomach and bowels, cured by Dr Pierce's "Pellets"—or antibilious granules. 25 cents a vial. No cheap boxes to allow waste of virtues. By druggists.

LOGIC: When Pendleton died somebody remarked that he hadn't left an enemy behind him. "Perhaps not," said Fogg, "but he will find an enemy where he has gone." "Who's that?" asked the boys. "The enemy of mankind must be the enemy of Pendleton," remarked Fogg, sententiously.

CONVERSATION at the rink: She—"What a horrible noise this band makes!" He—"I beg your pardon?" She—"Excense me?" He—"Pardon me. Did you speak?" She—"I didn't catch your last remark?" Both relapse into silence.

Mrs. Lydia E. Pinkham, 233 Western Avenue, Lynn, Mass., is rapidly acquiring an enviable reputation for the surprising cures which daily result from the use of her Vegetable Compound in all female diseases. Send to her for pamphlets.

TWELVE thousand shovels are manufactured in the United States every week. And yet when a man wants his own individual shovel after dark, he has to paw and claw around over two tons of soft coal, feeling for it, making remarks in the meantime that are enough to blister any coal shovel that ever hid itself between the end of the shed and an empty barrel.

J. F. Davis, of Portsmouth, Ohio, sold in one year fourteen thousand boxes of "Sellers' Liver Pills." They cure malaria.

A North Carolina justice of the peace recently married a couple as he sat enthroned in state on the back of a mule, and the animal for once realized that there was bigger trouble going on than he could produce, and kept his heels still.

A gentleman addressed his servant: "James, how is it that my butcher's bills are so large, and I always have such bad dinners?" "Really, sir I don't know, for I'm sure we never have anything nice in the kitchen that we don't send some of it up to the parlor."

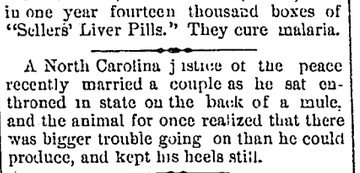
My Good Woman,

Why are you so out of sorts, never able to tell the folks that you are well? Ten to one it's all caused in the first place by habitual constipation, which no doubt finally caused deranged kidneys and liver. The sure cure for constipation is the celebrated Kidney-Wort. It is also a specific remedy for all kidney and liver diseases. Thousands are cured by it every month. Try it at once.—*Toledo Blade.*

AT a recent butter-makers' convention one of the delegates got tired of the proceedings and wanted to go home, but didn't know how to wind up the meeting. He ought to have made a motion to a churn.

A LITTLE four-year-old girl was capering around her mother's knee the other day, when the mother remarked., "Why, my dear, you are certainly beside yourself." The little girl replied, "Why, ma, I tot I was beside 'u."

Payne's Automatic Engines.



Established 1840.

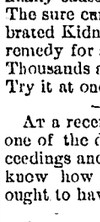
Reliable, Durable and Economical, *will furnish a horse power with ½ less fuel and water than any other Engine built,* not fitted with an Automatic Cut-off. Send for Illustrated Catalogue "J," for Information & Prices. E. W. PAYNE & SONS, BOX 860, CORNING, N.Y.

SILVER WATCHES FREE!

Every week Solid Silver Hunting-case Watches are given away with **The Boys' Companion.** The finest of those who get watches are published each week. It is the Best Boys' Paper in the World. Send 6 cents for a sample copy to

CHAMPION PUBLISHING 194 William St., New York City.

$777 A YEAR AND EXPENSES to Agents. Outfit free. Address P. O. VICKERY, Augusta, Me.



PENSIONS TO ALL

Soldiers that were disabled by wounds, disease or accident, or otherwise, the loss of a finger or toe, piles, varicose veins, chronic diarrhœa, rupture varicocele, loss of sight of one or both eyes, or partially so, loss of hearing, disease of the heart failing back of the measles, rheumatism, or any other disease or disability, gives you a pension to widows, children, fathers, and mothers of soldiers dying in the service, or afterward, of disease or wounds contracted in the service are entitled to a pension. I procure pensions where discharge papers are lost. Now discharges obtained where lost. PENSIONS INCREASED. New laws give an increase of from $8.00 to $72.00 per month. Soldiers charged with desertion or dishonorably discharged are entitled to receive a pension, if disabled in any manner, same as other soldiers. Parents procured for all new inventions—rejected patent claims taken up. ABANDONED AND REJECTED pension claims a specialty. Cash paid for all kinds of land warrants. Circulars, FREE. Address (with stamp) B. F. Pritchard, box 34, Washington, D. C.

DR. BULL'S COUGH SYRUP.

MRS. LYDIA E. PINKHAM, OF LYNN, MASS.,

Yours for Health
Lydia E. Pinkham

LYDIA E. PINKHAM'S VEGETABLE COMPOUND.

Is a Positive Cure

for all those Painful Complaints and Weaknesses so common to our best female population.

It will cure entirely the worst forms of Female Complaints, all ovarian troubles, Inflammation and Ulceration, Falling and Displacements, and the consequent Spinal Weakness, and is particularly adapted to the Change of Life.

It will dissolve and expel tumors from the uterus in an early stage of development. The tendency to cancerous humors there is checked very speedily by its use.

It removes faintness, flatulency, destroys all craving for stimulants, and relieves weakness of the stomach. It cures Bloating, Headaches, Nervous Prostration, General Debility, Sleeplessness, Depression and Indigestion.

That feeling of bearing down, causing pain, weight and backache, is always permanently cured by its use.

It will at all times and under all circumstances act in harmony with the laws that govern the female system.

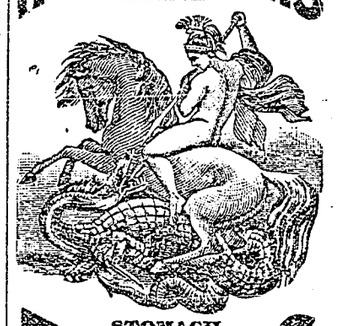
For the cure of Kidney Complaints of either sex this Compound is unsurpassed.

LYDIA E. PINKHAM'S VEGETABLE COMPOUND is prepared at 233 and 235 Western Avenue, Lynn, Mass. Price $1. Six bottles for $5. Sent by mail in the form of pills, also in the form of lozenges, on receipt of price, $1 per box for either. Mrs. Pinkham freely answers all letters of inquiry. Send for pamphlet. Address as above. *Mention this Paper.*

No family should be without LYDIA E. PINKHAM'S LIVER PILLS. They cure constipation, biliousness, and torpidity of the liver. 25 cents per box.

Sold by all Druggists.

HOSTETTER'S CELEBRATED



STOMACH BITTERS

A remedy with such a reputation as Hostetter's Stomach Bitters deserves a fair trial. If you are dyspeptic, your malady will eventually yield to it; if you are feeble, lack flesh and feel despondent, it will both build and cheer you up; if you are constipated, it will relieve, and if bilious, healthfully stimulate your liver. Don't despond, but make this effort in the right direction.

For sale by all Druggists and Dealers generally.

OVER 3,000,000 BOTTLES SOLD.

IT COUGHS, COLDS, HOARSENESS, WHOOPING COUGH, ASTHMA, BRONCHITIS, CURES CROUP, INFLUENZA, INCIPIENT CONSUMPTION, &c. The most PLEASANT AND EFFICACIOUS REMEDY IN USE.

PISO'S CURE FOR CONSUMPTION SYRUP.

R. E. SELLERS & CO. PITTSBURGH, PA.

HINDSLEY'S BLOOD SEARCHER. THE GREAT TONIC AND BLOOD PRESERVER.

The Purest and Best Medicine ever Made.

A combination of Hops, Buchu, Mandrake and Dandelion, with all the best and most active properties of all other Bitters, makes the greatest Blood Purifier, Liver Regulator, and Life and Health Restoring Agent on earth.

No disease can possibly long exist where Hop Bitters are used, so varied and perfect are their operations.

They give new life and vigor to the aged and infirm.

To all whose employments cause irregularity of the bowels or urinary organs, or who require an Appetizer, Tonic and mild Stimulant, Hop Bitters are invaluable, without intoxicating.

No matter what your feelings or symptoms are what the disease or ailment is use Hop Bitters. Don't wait until you are sick but if you only feel bad or miserable, use them at once. It may save your life. It has saved hundreds.

$500 will be paid for a case they will not cure or help. Do not suffer or let your friends suffer, but use and urge them to use Hop B

Remember, Hop Bitters is no vile, drugged drunken nostrum, but the Purest and Best Medicine ever made; the "INVALIDS FRIEND and HOPE" and no person or family should be without them.

D.I.C. is an absolute and irresistible cure for Drunkenness, use of opium, tobacco and narcotics. All sold by druggists. Send for Circular. Hop Bitters Mfg. Co., Rochester, N.Y. and Toronto, Ont.

CONSUMPTION.

I have a positive remedy for the above disease; by its use thousands of cases of the worst kind and of long standing have been cured. Indeed, so strong is my faith in its efficacy, that I will send TWO BOTTLES FREE, together with a VALUABLE TREATISE on this disease to any sufferer. Give Express and P.O. address. DR. T. A. SLOCUM, 181 Pearl St., New York.

25,000 Eastern Farmers

Wanted to buy the choice farms of Howard, Saline and Lafayette Counties, in Central Missouri, for about what the improvements cost. For Descriptive Circulars write a postal to A. SPENCER WOLCOTT, Real Estate Agent, Fayette, Mo.

WANTED GOLDEN DAWN Agents for the Or, LIGHT on the Great Future,

the grandest thoughts of the world's greatest authors, among whom are Bishops Simpson, Foster, Warren, Hurst and Fowler, Joseph Cook, Dr. March, Dr. McCosh, Dr. Cuyler, and others. Sales immense. Send for circulars. F. W. ZIEGLER & CO., 915 Arch St., Phila., Pa.

NO PAY TILL CURED. Sufferers of Nasal and Bronchial CATARRH desiring a sure, permanent cure, without risk of failure or expense, until a cure is effected, will address at once for Circulars, DR. WM. HANSCHE, Centreville, Ind.

"PAT," said a gentleman who is fond of using high sounding phraseology to his man-of-all-work, "I am going down town at ten o'clock and shall weed out the cucumber bed in the interim." "Interim," thought Pat. "That's a mighty quare name for a garden, anyhow." "Is Mr. Smith at home?" asked a visitor, who called shortly afterwards. "Yis, sor; ye'll find him at work in his interim there beyant," announced Pat.

It is the fashion for many people to neglect nature's laws and blame Providence for the result. A favorite thing with them is to neglect a Cough or Cold instead of using that unfailing means of relief, Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup. 25 cents a bottle.

A PRISONER accused of stealing put in the defense of mental weakness. The district attorney asked him, on the cross examination, whether he came home the night after the theft under the influence of liquor. "My recollection is that I did." "Did you take the money out of your pocket and put it in your boots before retiring?" "I can't deny it," "Why did you do so?" "Because I never knew my wife to get up in the morning and go through my boots." The jury returned a verdict of guilty.

ST. JACOB'S CALENDAR.—The race of Saints has been supposed to be extinct, and the age of miracles to be past, but St. Jacob we find still has his headquarters in Baltimore, Md., and has produced as the best evidence that he still lives, a bright and attractive New year's souvenir, in the shape of a calendar which besides the weather predictions is embellished with many handsome illustrations. If his calendar is as good as his Oil it must be first rate, as many of the cures effected by the latter are almost miraculous.

MISAPPLIED sympathy: "Poor man," exclaimed the good Samaritan, feeling for his loose change and depositing a quarter in the tramp's extended palm; how my heart bleeds for you. You will go and get something to eat now?" "Not immediately," answered the grateful wanderer; "I stole a bottle of whisky this morning and I've been begging all day to try and get money enough to buy a corkscrew.

Suffering Women.

There is but a very small proportion of the women of this nation that do not suffer from some of the diseases for which Kidney-Wort is specific. When the bowels have become costive, headache torments, kidneys out of fix, or piles distress, take a package and its wonderful tonic and renovating power will cure you and give new life.—*Watchman.*

PERILS of punning: The facetious postage-stamp clerk who told a man that asked for two twos that this was not an æsthetic post office is now looking for a new situation.

LOST the game: "But I pass," said a minister recently in dismissing one theme of his subject to take up another. "Then I make it spades," yelled a man from the gallery, who was dreaming the happy hours away in an imaginary game of euchre. It is needless to say that he went out on the next deal, assisted by one of the deacons.

THE PENN MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE CO.—The thirty-fourth annual report of this favorite Philadelphia institution has been promptly given to the public, upon which it depends for support. Of the Philadelphia Companies, which generally are in good standing, it is one of the most prosperous. During the year 1881, not the most favorable for insurance, the net assets have grown from $6,944,324.75 to $7,314,665.03, and those who take risks therein, can do so with the assurance that their losses will be promptly settled without unnecessary or annoying litigation.

HEARD at Eighth and Chestnut streets: "Hello, Mike, where are ye workin' ?" "In the Navy Yard?" "What put you in the Navy Yard?" "Polytics." "Polytics be blanked. Polytics put me out of the Navy Yard."

GENTLEMEN—Your Hop Bitters have been of great value to me. I was laid up with typhoid fever for over two months and could get no relief until I tried your Hop Bitters. To those suffering from debility or any one in feeble health, I cordially recommend them.

J. C. STOETZEL,
583 Fulton st, Chicago, Ill.

AN exchange proposes a rubber cushion to be worn by skaters at the back of the head. So when two lovely beings in the hues of youth fall together upon the back of their little brain cases, they will execute pad de deux nace pa?

A Sure Cure for Fits

will be sent by mail to any address, postpaid, on receipt of one dollar. Address J. Alonzo Greene, Indian Doctor, 816 Pine street., St. Louis, Mo.

HORNY handed fellows: Arizona wants immigrants that can handle the pick. Boston can spare her some that handle the —tooth-pick in front of hotels.

A CONSTANT reader: A Kentucky census taker says that ten years ago he encountered a backwoods family, the head of which asked him in sober earnest, "How is Abe Lincum getting along now?"

"The doctors said my wife had consumption. Tried 'Lindsey's Blood Searcher,' and she has better health than ever." G. H. Hubbard, Hampden, Ohio.

Mrs. Ghuse tried the experiment in Toledo of blowing out a kerosene lamp. When her friends found her lying on the floor they thought she was a gone goose.

Thinking Men

should take Warner's Safe Kidney and Liver Cure.

POSTAL item; A mailed knight must have required a good many postage stamps to carry him through successfully.

A MAN leaning against a lamp-post cannot be arrested for having no visible means of support. That is why the street corner loafer leans.

"Rough on Rats."

The thing desired found at last. Ask druggists for Rough on Rats. It clears out rats, mice, roaches, flies, bedbugs. 15c. boxes.

MESSRS. MORGAN & HEADLY, Mutual Life Building, Tenth and Chestnut streets, have on hand a superb stock of extra fine quality Diamonds, which they offer at as low prices as and shape, can be sold for.

On Thirty Days' Trial.

The Voltaic Belt Co., Marshall Mich., will send their Electro-Voltaic Belts and other Electric Appliances on trial for thirty days to any person afflicted with Nervous Debility, Lost Vitality, and kindred troubles, guaranteeing complete restoration of vigor and manhood.

Address as above without delay.

P. S.—No risk is incurred, as 30 days' trial is allowed.

A Surprised Locomotive

—AND—

A Swearing Engineer.

The people along the line of railway from Tramway Landing, La., to the inland towns were surprised and amused at a recent occurrence. So many strange things, however, are constantly presenting themselves to the attention of the people now-a-days that genuine surprises are few indeed. This was the exception. We have read of the "painted ship on a painted ocean," and witnessed the "poetry of motion," as shown in dancing, but had never heard of decorative art in rapid flight on a railway train until this time. People observed, with wide-eyed wonder, the locomotive and tender and full train of cars moving through the country adorned on every available spot with the magical words—"St. Jacobs Oil." It looked gorgeous, if full display of color is allowed to mean anything these times. It looked sublime, if the impudence of the advertising man be the measuring standard. It looked funny to see the train and engine swathed with these parti-colored rheumatic wrappings; and at a convenient opportunity our correspondent inquired of the conductor what it all meant?

"Why, it means that my whole train looks like a traveling menagerie," said the conductor. "I laid up my train at Tramway, as usual, and, during the hours of 'balmy sleep,' I suppose some of those advertising wretches backed up their 'kit' and posted it from front to rear. I don't know why they did it; but there stands the elongated, red and yellow facts staring you in the face, and just as prominent as a rabbit's ears! It's hard luck stranger, but I guess it's all right." —*Galveston (Tex.) Daily Journal.*

KIDNEY-WORT

THE GREAT CURE FOR RHEUMATISM

As it is for all diseases of the KIDNEYS, LIVER AND BOWELS.

It cleanses the system of the acrid poison that causes the dreadful suffering which only the victims of Rheumatism can realize.

THOUSANDS OF CASES

of the worst forms of this terrible disease have been quickly relieved, in a short time

PERFECTLY CURED.

KIDNEY-WORT

has had wonderful success, and an immense sale in every part of the Country. In hundreds of cases it has cured where all else had failed. It is mild, but efficient, CERTAIN IN ITS ACTION, but harmless in all cases.

☞ It cleanses, Strengthens and gives New Life to all the important organs of the body. The natural action of the Kidneys is restored. The Liver is cleansed of all disease, and the Bowels move freely and healthfully. In this way the worst diseases are eradicated from the system.

As it has been proved by thousands that

KIDNEY-WORT

is the most effectual remedy for cleansing the system of all morbid secretions. It should be used in every household as a

SPRING MEDICINE.

Always cures BILIOUSNESS, CONSTIPATION, PILES and all FEMALE Diseases.

Is put up in Dry Vegetable Form, in tin cans, one package of which makes 6 quarts medicine.

Also in Liquid Form, very Concentrated for the convenience of those who cannot readily prepare it. *It acts with equal efficiency in either form.*

GET IT OF YOUR DRUGGIST. PRICE, $1.00

WELLS, RICHARDSON & Co., Prop'rs, (Will send the dry post-paid.) BURLINGTON, VT.

KIDNEY-WORT

Thirty-fourth Annual Report OF THE PENN MUTUAL LIFE Insurance Co., OF PHILADELPHIA.

Net assets, January 1st, 1881		$6,944,324 75
RECEIPTS.		
From premiums	$1,201,816 44	
From interest and rent	412,880 79	1,614,197 23
Total		$8,558,521 98
DISBURSEMENTS.		
Loses and endowments	$580,847 85	
Dividends to policy-holders	277,877 18	
Surrendered policies	84,908 65	
Re-insurance, taxes and licenses	52,503 12	
Commissions, salaries medical fees, legal expenses, rents, and agency expenses, etc	230,196 90	
Advertising, printing, fire insurance, etc	18,633 5	1,243,866 95
Net assets, Jan. 1st, 1882		$7,314,655 03
ASSETS.		
U. S. bonds, Philadelphia and city loans, R. R. bonds, bank and other stocks worth $8,453 88		$3,074,413 31
Mortgages, first liens on properties, (worth $5,891,000)		2,208,401 75
Premium notes, secured by policies		653,625 36
Loans on mortgage collateral, etc		425,191 40
Home office and real estate, bought to secure loans		763,235 59
Cash on hand and in Trust Companies		194,764 62
Net ledger assets as above		$7,314,635 03
Net deferred and unreported premiums	$111,840 61	
Interest due and accrued, etc	65,207 68	
Market value of stocks, etc. over cost	379,434 60	556,482 98
Gross assets, Jan. 1st, 1882		$7,871 138 01
LIABILITIES.		
Losses reported, but not due	$156,320 00	
Reserve, at 4 per cent. to reinsure risks	6,833,963 00	
Life Rate Endowment accumulations, etc	97,276 70	
Surplus, 4 per cent basis	1,283,578 31	7,571 138 01
Surplus by Pennsylvania standard (estimated)		$1,726,055 72
Number of policies in force		13,503
Amount of insurance in force		34,637,444
Number of policies issued in 1881		2,437
Amount insured in 1881		$6,017,976

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A STAR BEHIND THE CLOUD.

No matter how dark the night;
No matter how dark the clouds may be,
Up in the shrouded sky,
Hidden from watching eye,
Glitters a star for me.

Silvery bright and clear.
Out in the fields of fadeless blue,
Heedless of cloud and rain,
Fearless of death and pain,
Golden stars in their silent sphere
Twinkle and burn for you.

Summer and winter the same;
No matter if storm-clouds surge and roll
Like waves on the frenzied sea;
In heaven's bright gallery
Twinkle and glow, with a quenchless flame,
These types of the soul!

No matter how dark thy life;
No matter how gloomy thy watch may be
Mid sorrow, and pain, and care,
Still watching thee everywhere—
Back of the curtain of earthly strife,
Twinkles a star for thee!

TWO LIVES.

It was a slow and languid thrilling of his senses. So Vaughn Dare would have worded his sensation had he suddenly been called upon to do so, as, sitting on the broad piazza of the Ocean House at Newport, he found his attention rivited upon a woman's face of such rare beauty that his gaze was fascinated.

She sat quite near him, reclining in a low chair, her hands holding some soft fleecy work, which however had made no progress since he had first seen her.

The head, small and dainty poised on the exquisite, sloping shoulders, was covered with a luxuriant mass of dark red hair, which the wind blew in innumerable little waves floating above the low white brow. Her eyes when the long lashes lifted themselves from the carmine tinted cheek to betray their color, appeared to hold in their brown depths the same shade of red which was in her hair lending a sort of smoldering light, as though only needing some powerful impulse to have it burst forth in a flame. Her lips richly red and not too full, parted over the strong gleaming teeth. Every motion was replete with grace.

A little groupe of men surrounded her whose presence she seemed to suffer rather than court. She rarely laughed. Now and again she smiled—a faint languid smile—when her features would relapse into the old indifference.

"Too absorbed even to wish me good morning, Mr. Dare?" interrupted a voice.

There was no outward visible sign of the man's inward anathemus, as Vaughn, instantly rising, courteously doffed his hat to Mrs. Thorne—a young and pretty widow of but twenty-four.

"How glad I am to see you," she continued, holding out a white, plump little hand. "When did you arrive? I thought you still abroad."

"Lives there a man with soul so dead!" he answered, laughingly "You see, it was that sort of thing tugging at my heart-string, that brought me back a penitent to my fatherland. I reached New York some time last week. Really it was too hot to keep any account of time, except as measured by the thermometer. As soon as possible, I came down here for a breath of fresh air. Reached here late last night, and already with a low bow "met my reward."

"Ah, I see you have not forgotten your habit of making pretty speaches! Fortunately, long ago I learned to estimate them at their proper value. But tell me did you find anything in the galleries abroad lovelier than Laura Stern's face? Have you met her?"

"I certainly have met with no greater miracle than the fact of one woman according to another her due meed of praise. Dare I respond? or is it merely a trap for the unwary? She is pretty—*rather*. You see I *am* timid, I do not know her. Will you present me?"

"With pleasure. Laura," having taken his arm led him over to where the girl sat, "this is my old friend Mr. Dare Mr. Dare—Miss Sterne."

The red brown eyes lifted themselves for a moment to his face, the carmine burned an instant to a deeper stain on the beautiful cheek.

With a musical laugh, Mrs Thorne glided away; the other men one by one followed suit, and the new intruder held undisputed possession of the prize.

The morning was a precursor to the days that followed. It grew to be a recognized thing that Vaughn Dare had stepped into the foremost place, and that when he approached, others must fall back.

There were many who had made desperate struggles to gain that which seemed to fall to him by by a sort of unconscious right. He had drifted to Newport without purpose or intent. He found himself held there as a vessel to its moorings; but he knew his anchorage lay in Laura Sterne's smile.

How it lit up the lovely face! Was it only his fancy that it always waited his coming to first dawn in the wonderful eyes, and then to grow and deepen until the red lips caught it.

"Vaughn Dare is a flirt," said Dame Gossip.

"It is diamond cut diamond," said Dame On Dit.

"There is a *fiance* awaiting in Gotham, asserted Dame Rumor.

But spite of the three ancient and worthy (?) dames, the lovers wended their way content.

Were they lovers? had they paused to put the question to themselves? Sometimes they would spend hours almost without words, when Vaughn throwing himself on the sand at Miss Sterne's feet, would let his eyes rest dreamily on the perfect face, on which neither sun nor wind seemed ever to rest but with loving impress.

"Have you a picture of yourself?" he asked her, one day.

"No," she answered "I have never had a photograph taken. Strange is it not?" I have always hated the idea of having a cardboard representation of myself in the possession of one's five hundred friends. If one's picture could be held by one—the one for whom you have had it drawn or painted, one whom you knew would value it as a counterfeit of the real—it may be different."

Did she expect that he would answer "I want it! I would be that *one!*"

Silence fell for a moment between them; then Vaughn sprang to his feet, and offering her his arm, they walked silently back to the house.

That night, as they had finished a waltz together, he whispered in her ear:

"I am tired of all these people. I want to be alone. May we not go up for awhile into your parlor?"

"Certainly," she replied, her mood always falling in with his, and led the way, he following.

It was a pretty little room to which she had brought the stamp of her own individuality. The music from below reached them but faintly; the salt air from the ocean stirred the draperies from the window.

Without, the atmosphere was weary, oppressive, as though a storm were brooding. It seemed to weigh on Vaughn Dare's spirit.

He leaned out to look into the night to try if possible to shake it off. A faint scream roused him.

Miss Sterne had crossed the room to her escritoir; a breath of wind had blown the lace shawl she had thrown about her shoulders and fastened to her hair, directly across the flame of the lamp. It had instantly taken fire.

As instantly, Dare comprehended the danger. A table stood at his side, covered with some pretty dainty cloth. He dragged it off and threw it about her.

Scarce had sixty seconds, passed and the peril was over! She was unscorched, unmarred, but he still held her as he had caught her—close-wrapped in his arms—close-pressed to his heart.

One of his hands was severely burned. He did not even know it, until she caught and pressed it to her lips.

"For me!" she whispered, Vaughn, Vaughn! I love you—I love you! The life you have saved is yours,"

At her words he slowly opened his arms and released her from his hold, an ashen pallor creeping on his face.

She looked up at him in dim bewildered wonderment.

"What is it?" she questioned.

"Only that you have opened heaven to me, and I must turn away from its gates. Mad, blind fool that I have been not to see whither we are drifting. Laura I love you—aye, as you love me—and I am bound in honor to another woman.

"You mean that you have been engaged to—be—married all this time and I—Oh, what have I done?" covering her face with her hands and sinking back in her chair.

"Nothing," he replied, "but what the loveliest, purest of women might have done. Knowing no evil you thought none. I—"

"Leave me!" she cried springing to her feet. "Go to the woman who has the right to claim you. I make to heaven but one prayer—that I may never see your face again!"

But when he had obeyed her, she crouched down on the floor in her struggles to keep back the moans—aye and kissed the spot where his feet had rested.

Calm, silent, impassive all her life, he had opened the pent-up flood-gates of her soul, for this—for *this*.

* * * * * * *

We have made a mistake. Forgive me that my eyes have just opened to it, and that I ask you to release me from my bonds. I thought that I loved you but women do not always know their own hearts. I send you back your ring your letters. Send me back my broken pledge, and your forgiveness."

This was the letter from his affianced Vaughn Dare found waiting him in his room on his return to the city. This which fate had sent him in the moment of his need—this which raised the weight from his chest, and load from his brain—which made him a free man—free to woo and win the only woman, he knew, that he had every truly loved.

It would be a little difficult, perhaps to gain her forgiveness—to win anew her trust; but with such an end, and the knowledge that she loved him, he could not fail.

Why was it then that on the boat, returning, sleep forsook him? In the morning he would find her sitting, perhaps where he had first seen her. He could fancy the look of incredulity on the beautiful face as he approached, only to see it soften and die out under the eloquent passion of his words.

Ah, how he loved her! Now in the new sense of his freedom, he dared avow to his own soul how well.

But spite of all the night wore heavily away. Toward morning he sought his berth, but only to toss restlessly about, until the steamer touched her pier.

It was still early when he reached the hotel. A sudden chill seized him as he entered the office. The few standing around wore a sad, pitying look, he could not understand.

"You have heard the terrible news, Mr. Dare?" the clerk questioned.

"I have heard nothing," he abruptly answered.

"What you do not know? Miss Sterne was drowned yesterday while bathing. At first she seemed adverse to going in but they finally prevailed upon her The tide was very strong, but they say when it swept her beyond reach, she seemed to smile, as though she had no fear. She uttered no cry or moan, and must have lost consciousness almost immediately, for when the life-rope was thrown her—they hoped in time to save her life—she made no effort to grasp it. Her body was recovered last night."

"Take me to her!" Dare whispered in a hoarse changed voice.

It seemed as though he had known it all long ago as though he had lived in another life. Walking as in a dream, with all trace of color fled from cheek and lips, he followed to the closed door where the man had left him. Then he opened it quietly and went in. The few watchers taking one glance at his awful face, rose and left him with his dead—ah, his own for time and eternity! Did she not still wear the smile upon her lips for him?

For her the struggle was over, What wonder that she had smiled as she felt the waters, more merciful than man, wrapping her in their embrace? What wonder that she cared not to grasp the rope which should snatch her back into the old agony of living?

On his knees before the exquisite form, Vaughn Dare wrestled with his anguish. Ah, they both had drifted with the tide—she into the still ocean of eternity, he into the bitter turmoil of the might have-been. Drifted—drifted with the tide men call living, and on its waves have been wrecked "Two Lives."

Papyri Sicily.

To ascend the Cyane is very much like making your way along a back water on the Thames, but with the emphatic difference that in place of osiers and the usual river plants and flowers, we have nothing but papyri. The men soon find that to use the oars is impracticable. They step out on the bank, harness themselves with ropes—still Thames fashion—and we are towed along, brushing our way through the tall papyri as well as we can. This long eyot is named after an English lady who brought it under cultivation—that is, covered it with papyri. Our guide plucked up one of the tall reeds, cut off a piece from the thick end, and showed us how he can couvert it into paper by shaving it into narrow strips and laying the sections which he has thus peeled away across each other. To convert the material into paper fit for use, it needs only be pressed and dried. I had never seen the process of paper-making from the papyrus before, nor, indeed, the papyri growing. It is a long reed which runs to a great height, with a very graceful feathery top. Why the papyrus should grow with such great luxuriance at this particular spot and nowhere else, as the guide told us, in Sicily, or indeed, in Europe, is a question which, no doubt, Sir Joseph Hooker would readily solve, but it is quite out of my range of knowledge. I can only speak of the facts as I saw them. The next day we bought from the guide a specimen of his manufacture—papyrus paper, pressed and dried, yellowish in color, with the marks of the cross strips very distinct, but presenting a smooth surface. Ink does not run upon it. You could copy a manuscript, old or new, well enough upon the material.

Conundrums.

When is a wall like a fish? When it is scaled.

How does a stove feel when full of coal? Grateful.

Which of the reptiles is a mathematician? The Adder.

When is a boat like a heap of snow? When it is adrift.

When is a doctor most annoyed? When he is out of patients.

When is a literary work like smoke? When it comes in volumes.

Why is the letter G like the sun? Because it is the centre of light.

What is that which shows others what it cannot see itself? A mirror.

Why is the letter N like a faithless lover? Because it is inconstant.

How does a cow become a landed estate! By turning her into the field.

Why is whispering a breach of good manners? Because it is not allowed.

What is an old lady in the middle of the river like? Like to be drowned.

What word may be pronounced quicker by adding a syllable to it? Quick.

Why is a miser like a man with a short memory? Because he is always forgetting.

How does a sailor know there is a man in the moon? Because he has been to sea (see.)

Why is a fool in high station like a man in a balloon? Because everybody appears little to him, and he appears little to everybody.

Cigar Facts.

Speaking of Havana, says a New York correspondent, I may add a few facts concerning the cigar trade. New York purchases the most costly cigars in the world, and these, of course, come from Havana. Nearly 100 brands are known here, each of which has its admirers. These cigars are of high cost in their own market, but the price is enormously increased by the duty which is eighty per cent. Among the most noted is the Intimidad, which has been quoted by the importers at the trifling sum of $400 per 1,000. They have retailed at sixty cents apiece, but perhaps are now a little cheaper. The Henry Clay is another popular brand of almost the same value. They are imported in boxes each containing fifty, and a large number of these boxes are packed in one case. There are other fine cigars of more moderate prices, and if the reader wishes to observe a little closer economy, there is the Principal, which is only $200 per 1,000, while the Flora de Fumar is only one-half that price. They retail at twenty cents and are in steady demand, being, indeed, the most common cigar found at the leading hotels. One tobacconist says that it is impossible to equal an Havana cigar by any other manufacture. The attempt has been tried at Key West in the most careful manner, but has failed. They imported the finest tobacco from the valley of the Abajo (of which the best Havana cigars are made), but the Key West article proved inferior. Key West is so near Havana that (had the effort been successful) the duty would have been saved by making up the Havana leaf. Key West cigars are common in our market, but they never equal the imported article.

Queen Marguerite of Italy

Seems to be greatly beloved by the Neapolitans. They call her "the Marguerite of the Marguerites." Recently when she entered Naples, every window and doorway was adorned with her favorite flower—indeed the whole city looked like a bouquet of daisies. From Naples she went by water to one of the Mediterranean ports. On going on board ship she found that every one, from the Admiral commanding down to the common sailors, wore a *boutonniere* of marguerites, a delicate attention which greatly pleased the Queen. Her son, the heir apparent of Italy, bears as one of his titles that of Prince of Naples. When he was born that city presented the Queen with an exquisite cradle made of pale pink coral filled with the snowy petals of her own delicate flower. Queen Marguerite has lost much of the bright blond beauty which once rivalled the charms of the Empress Eugenie. She has grown a little stout, and her sad expression and a frequently noticed redness of the eyelids gives emphasis to the rumor that she often weeps. All the royal beauties of Europe have had trouble. Eugenie, the Princess of Wales, and her pale, frightened sister, the "white dove" of the Russians, all know what sorrow is, and Queen Isabella, one of the ugliest women in Europe, has not had a happy life. It is said that she left Madrid in tears last month, when State reasons forbade Alfonso to ask her to extend the visit of ceremony she is allowed to make her native land once a year.

Fishing With Daniel Webster.

So you knew Webster personally, did you? said a reporter to an old man. Well! I suppose I might say so; though it is more than forty years ago when I went a fishing with him down Cut River into Marshfield Bay. God fishing we went." Only you two? No! Skipper Seth—somebody was along to manage the boat, bait the hooks, and pass things when wanted. I had never been codding and was green as a gosling at the business. 'Twas a splendid morning! Webster was dressed in an old gray suit wore a gray hat, and smiled all the way down the river, at me I suppose. He told me he knew my father before me, and if I ever made half as good a man I'd better be satisfied, or something to that effect. He was a good deal more social than you would take him to be seeing him at the Astor House on his way or at Washington in the Senate. I felt perfectly at home after he had caught the first fish. 'Twas just at daylight; and a haddock. He "weighed seven pounds in his own scales." This was Mr. Webster's joke, but we didn't have another; or a bite for more than a half an hour. There was a "halibout" about, Mr. Webster said, and if we didn't hook him we'd have to move down further toward Gurnet Neck. He hooked himself on my hook and the skipper got him into the boat, along with enough of Marshfield Bay to keep him alive for a month if we had not bailed the craft out. After this bites were frequent. Cod of all ages, haddock, sculpin, and a school of six mackerel came over the gunwale. Along about sunrise Mr. Webster put a green vail over his hat and face, and I did not see either again till we made a landing. He always wore a green vail fishing after sunrise. Soon after we caught a baby "halibout" Fletcher Webster came out to us in a small boat, and then the fun began. He brought with him little Dr. Choules, a settled Baptist minister at Newport, who the Marshfield people said worshiped Webster more than he did his Maker. That's no matter. He was the funniest little piece of laugh and grow fat Christianity I ever saw. He was proportioned like a pumpkin, and his face was as sunny as a ripe one. They brought something to take, and we all took. This had an immediate effect at both ends of the lines. Codfish seemed to want something, too. They bit like a house on fire, "Now Fletcher!" said Mr. Webster, "give us a little Lafayette." The "little Lafayette" the great expounder wanted was a rehearsal of Websters great speech of welcome to Lafayette. which can be found in Webster's works. and should be read by all men) A whacking big monster of the deep took hold of Fletcher's hook. "Give us a hand for a starter, Dr. Choules." said Fletcher, and slowly the capture came through the five fathoms of water. Just as the head of an enormous "halibout" appeared above the splash twenty feet away, Fletcher opened, "*Il-lus-tri-ous* stranger!"—suiting the action to the words—"Citizen of another hemisphere welcome to these shores!" and with a few hauls of concentrated Fletcher and Choules power the eel lustrious stranger was promptly landed in the boat. Dr. Choules proposed that we "take" again, and it was done as a purely sanitary measure. Good John E. Williams brandy from the ancient cellars of 1847 on Boston neck being used to conteract any unwholesome effect that might follow the dousing we all received while welcoming the illustrious stranger to our common platform. The larger the fish thereafter the larger the take, and we took a great many large ones of both descriptions before we up anchor and tried to head for home. Somehow or other we had not noticed that a strong wind over Marshfield salt meadows and right out of the mouth of Cut River had risen while we were taken the biggest, and instead of sailing back on the tack we'd come ont on, we were obliged to make one toward Duxbury. then "toward Boston, Quincy, Fall River. and Newport," as little Dominie Choules said often before we got through tacking, by driving plump into Plymouth harbor, twenty miles away, Lord! how that broad-breasted yawl bounced over the water and breasted Boreas and the billows. Fletcher said "Boreas was a bore and ass." "Rightly named!" chimed in little Choules. "If the Pilgrim Fathers," said the immortal defender of them and of the constitution; "if those godly ancestral heroes of Massachusetts had been driven against the stern and rock bound coast with such a vehement exhibition of Divine wrath and power——" "They wouldn't have landed without some swearing, I think," continued Fletcher. As it was, it was one of the wonders how we landed at all. In the general bobbing and bouncing, I had become as limp as a skinned eel; had thrown off all the pleasure and lots of other things besides, that I had enjoyed before the anchor was heaved, and was glad to wade ashore at a point a little to the southward of Plymouth Rock. Plymouth people were on their way home to their usual 2 o'clock dinners when we walked up the street and turned the right hand corner to reach and reinvigorate at the popular house with an Indian name, on the high road to Kingston. You ought to have seen Rev. Dr. Choules when he landed from the boat. He looked like a young robin after a seven days' storm. Exceedingly damp, though blazing from the eyes and from the depths of his inner consciousness with smiling thankfulness that we had not been upset in the middle of the bay and out of soundings. Mr. Webster maintained that godlike mien and carriage for which he was so justly celebrated. His green vail had been carried away in the storm, and that splendid appeared once more in its matchless glory. How we got back to Marshfield with our plunder from the sea I will tell at another more convenient period.

Fish Raising.

The cod, Spanish mackerel, striped bass and smelt have been heretofore the only sea fish whose eggs have been hatched by fish culturists, but the New York State Fish Commission has undertaken to establish fish hatcheries on Long Island, both fresh and salt water ponds, where it is expected that other varieties will be rapidly added to the list. Here is a matter in which the States and the United States mutually benefit and inspire each other, the United States Fish Commission yearly supply, while the several States can for themselves work out the suggestions it makes for either fresh or salt water farming.

Locusts.

Energetic measures against the locusts are being taken in Cyprus. Up to the end of October, 880 tons of their eggs had been destroyed, of which 270 tons were gathered in that month alone, and four or five months still remain for the collection. The rewards paid have been raised to £13 the ton; and the government, already spent £6,000 this year on the eggs, is prepared to expend £23,000 as soon as the insects are hatched in April and May on screened enclosures and pit traps, to be managed by 2,000 men.

Hospital Beats.

"There are a good many of the class called 'hospital dead beats,'" said the Superintendent of the New York hospital. "They make it a business, especially in winter, to go from one hospital to another with pretended ailments, content to lie in bed and be waited upon as long as we are willing to keep them. The women generally claim to be afflicted with hysteria. They will sometimes lie rigid as a corpse and pretend to be unable to move. I have known such a case to be cured by one bucket of ice cold water suddenly dashed upon the patient. The 'hospital beats' are generally familiar with Bellevue, where, from long experience. they have learned to dispose of such cases summarily, so that the old 'rounders' get tired of attempting their impositions.

"One of the most successful frauds I ever saw practised was by a girl of nineteen. She came here well recommended, and claimed to be afflicted with rheumatism. She gave her name as Mary Reed. She was so pretty, modest, and amiable that she soon became a favorite in the hospital. She was tractable and easily managed. As she recovered her strength she showed a desire to help other patients.

"One day a rather course man called to see her, and said she was his wife, and he wished to take her home when she got well. We were all surprised to discover that she was married.

Her story was that she had been at service with a wealthy family up the Hudson: that this man was the coachman. and she had married him; that soon after they were married her husband got out of employment, and in order to help him along she had come out to service.

"The girl's manner was so plausible, and she told her story with such a captivating simplicity, heightened by a pretty foreign accent, that we all believed her. As she got stronger she went out several times, saying she was looking for work.

"One of our patients was afflicted with erysipelas, and we had to isolate her in the cottage. Mary kindly volunteered to nurse the patient, and did so with a tenderness and assiduity that won her admiration. The patient got well, but communicated her disease to Mary who became very ill. At one time her life was despaired of.

"The visits of the coarse man ceased. Then another man came and claimed her as his wife. He was a Spaniard, and evidently a sailor. Our suspicion was aroused. His story was that he had met the girl at Gibraltar, where she was known as the daughter of a Spanish Jew; that she had come to this country with him, and that he supported her here, but that while he was absent on one of his voyages she had left him. He was willing, however, to forgive her and marry her, and they finally made up their disagreement and went off together. The Spaniard said that her sister was one of the favorite wives of the Emperor of Morocco, who had taken a great fancy to her and bought her from her parents."

To Warm the Girls.

A seal skin sacque costs fifty per cent more than it did five years ago. Seal skins have not been worn more than fifteen or eighteen years, Fashion and the discovery of new methods of preparing and dying, or first the latter and second the former, brought them into use. The seal fur, as seen here, is the inner coat. When on the back of the seal this fine fur is hid by coarse hairs, which are removed by a process of paring down the under side of the skin. The color of the fur as known to wearer is artificial. If the government had not taken measures to protect the seal now wearers of seal sacques would be few in a short time. The Shetland seals were once numerous, but have been exterminated. The Newfoundland seal is in market, but is inferior to the seal of Alaska. The islands of the Behring Sea are the only ones in the world where seal catching has great commercial importance.

From 1751 to 1870 the scientific world knew nothing in the regard to the history of the seal. The Smithsonian Institution did not possess a perfect skin and skeleton of the seal, although thousands of men and millions of dollars have been employed in capturing, dressing and selling fur skins for the last hundred years. The vast breeding grounds bordering on the Antarctic have been entirely depopulated. Between the years 1795 and 1821 1,232,274 seal skins were taken in the Pribylov Islands; between 1821 and 1842, 458,500 skins, and from 1842 to 1861, 372,000 skins. In the year 1868 the number of skins taken was 242,000. In 1770 only 9,965 were captured. During the last ten years the catch has been a little less than 100,000 per year. The whole number taken between 1796 and 1880 was 3,561,051 skins. The seal catching is done in June and July. After that time the fur begins to "shed" and is worthless. The natives are paid forty cents a skin for their labor.

—Two persons die every second.

—Paris produces more than two hundred books and pamphlets a week.

The Republican.

SATURDAY, March 25, 1882.

A Youth of Eighteen Years Shot Dead in the Street by his Rival.

WHEELING, W. VA., March 20.—Early this morning, while returning from a dance, Frank Davis, aged 18, was shot and killed by Wilbur Mulligan, aged 17. The youths had been quarrelling at a dance house, and at a late hour Davis left, escorting two girls home, one of whom Milligan wanted to take. When Davis reached the corner of North Front and Zane streets, Milligan dashed out and attacked him. Davis defended himself, and succeeded in knocking his assailant down. Milligan gained his feet however, and drawing a small pistol fired. The ball pierced Davis' breast, and after lingering for 20 minutes in an insensible condition, he expired on the spot where he was shot. Milligan was arrested at his uncle's house a short time after the tragedy, and lodged in jail. Milligan was under the influence of liquor, but Davis is said to have been perfectly sober.

A Moral Well Pointed.

Southern World.]

Whatever may be said of Hon. Robert Toombs, of Georgia, politically, it is admitted that, in his farming operations, he has ever displayed sound judgment and good sonse. The following anecdote related of him shows the tendency of his precepts and practice. In Hancock county there resided a gentleman noted for his generous hospitality and public spirit. He was Vice-President at the time of the State Agricultural Society, and a leading man. As was his custom during court week, he invited members of the bar and farmers to dine with him. He met Hon. Robert Toombs on the street (they were warm friends) and asked him to dine with him. With a merry twinkle of his eye, Mr. Toombs responded with serious toue: "I am not going to do it, Ben; I will not dine with a Vice-President of the State Agricultural Society who purchases his bacon in the West." Mr. Toombs' friend acknowledged that this reply was a home thrust.

About Hogs.

The Essex hog is coal black without any white. The Berkshire is also black, but has a spot on the forehead and on the end of the tail, with white feet.

Young pigs will drink cows' milk very soon after they find out where the feed trough is. It should be supplied to them in plenty when the litter is large.

If a good brood sow is rightly kept the pigs from her will more than pay for her keeping by the sale of some over and above those intended to be kept.

A small, early maturing hog is much more valuable than a large one, as no more food will be required to raise two good quick growing ones than it will for a large but slow all-lard.

Berkshire crossed on good common sows produce a hog better suited to the farmer than either of the parents, but pure-bred males should always be used in breeding all kinds of pigs.

Brood sows should be fed on slops containing plenty of vegetables. Rich food can be supplied, but it will not do to have it too concentrated. Give all the slop, rather watery, they will eat.

To prevent sows from crushing their young, nail a board about one foot wide, to the side of the pen. The board is to be put on like a shelf, so that the little pigs can run under it to get out of the way.—*Southern Planter.*

From the Opelika Times.

MONTGOMERY, Feb .21st 1882.

Mr. Editor:

The people of these United States are as great sticklers for traditions as any of the peoples of the wide earth. And they are not wrong either. For a tradition mellowed by time, and approved and respected by the great body of citzens of a country, is as good, and often far better, than a new law or custom, which may or may not meet with respect and approval as the years march by.

We bow with the greatest reverence to the unwritten laws of our country.

When Jim Fisk's "Great national hog" made bold to defy that *lex non scripta*—no man shall be president a third time—he, even he, the great Grant was sternly rebuked by his own party and bitterly by Democrats everywhere and the New York Herald. This reflection leads the writer to the modest inquiry, will our modest and able set of State officers ask the near State Convention to violate that sacred Third Term law, as did the would be Uslyssess I. and his immortal "306"?

It is pleasant to add that these gentlemen, as public servants, have come well up to a good average. And but for that law aforesaid they might be safely retained by their sovereign. That law however is inexorable. It only remains to be seen whether they will bow out as gracefully as they bowed in.

Very truly, ***

P. S.—It is rumored our affable and handsome Secretary of State has already determined upon retirement to the shades of privacy. Who next? ***

The Jacksonville Union states that during the month of February there were 34,470 boxes of oranges shipped form that city. The oranges will average 160 to the box, making a total of 5,515,200 oranges. There have been 133,126 boxes containing 20,654,320 oranges shipped previously the present season from that city, making a grand total of 167,596 boxes, containing 26,166 520 oranges.

When in sorrow I pray for comfort, or in weakness for strength of soul and find them both poured into my heart, I am as sure of the spiritual fact and sequence as when in hunger I toil for daily bread and win my wages

The sting of reproach is the truth of it.

The King of the Jews.

Apropos of the Jews, I heard a story the other day that admirably illustrates their intense belief in their future. It was told me by a poet, and I wish I felt at liberty to give his name; the story would gain in interest by being attached to his personality. He said:

"A few years ago I was visiting at the house of——" (mentioning one of the best known names in New York,) "and there was a brilliant company assembled there. One evening there was a reception, and among the people who came was a gentleman of such noble mien, such lofty features, such a superb and dignified presence, such a placid serenity, such a manly beauty in every line of his face and person, that as he moved in the crowd I couldn't turn my eyes away from him. He seemed to hold me with a spell. I think he was the handsomest man I ever saw; it wasn't merely physical beauty, it was spiritual beauty as well. His whole face was radiant with the "solar light." He had very dark eyes—large, oriental eyes—a leonine mass of black hair, and was full bearded. I was so facinated by him that I hardly felt like talking, but after a while found myself seated beside a charming Jewess, Miss X—, a young woman full of enthusiasm for her race, and proud to talk of it."

"Oh," said she, "the day is not far distant when we shall go back to Jerusalem. We are accumulating wealth and power that we may bring them together there and make it like the city of a dream. The great bankers, the Rothschilds, and the rest will bring wealth there, and we shall rebuild the temple with their treasure. We have the capacity to do great things. Our blood makes good leaders. Beaconsfield is a Jew, Jules Simon is a Jew, and there is Hebrew blood in Gambetta's veins. Then in the arts we have shown our capacity for success—hark, they're playing one of the "Songs without words"—Mendelsshon was a Jew. Rachel was a Jewess; there is no knowing to what heights we might rise if the foot of the world was taken off our necks—as it will be, as it surely will be, for God has promised—your God and mine."

"Then," said the poet, "you'll choose you a king—one of the Rothschilds, I suppose?"

"No—no—we have our king. Our king must be of the lineage of David."

"And can you find a son of David after all these centuries?"

"Oh, yes; it is part of our religion to keep the family records. There must be a setting straight of genealogies at every week of week-years (forty-nine years.) We know where to find our king—he is already chosen, waiting to be crowned."

"And where is he now?" asked the poet.

"There," said the Jewess, and she pointed to the man who had so facinated me. "It is the Baron ——, of London; he is recognized by all who keep the faith as the one upon whose head the crown would be placed if the day of restoration should come to morrow."—*N. Y. Correspondence Boston Traveller.*

LONDON, March 17,—Herr Rulef of Memea, Prussia, writes to the Jewish world, saying that the decisions of the St. Petersburg Commission on the Jewish question in favor of compelling the Jews to quit the rural districts etc; although ostensively aimed at the prevention of the persecution, will have the immediate effect of depriving a million of people of homes and rendering their lives unbearable.

Brother Scott Bounced.

Lime Kiln Club.

"Am Brudder Abraham Scott in de hall dis evenin'?" inquired the President as he looked down the aisles.

"Yes, sah," answered a voice from the Northwest corner.

"Den please step dis way."

Brother Scott shuffled forward, head down, and his countenance betraying about seventeen different emotions, and when he reached the mark the President continued:

"Brudder Scott, in gwine ober to de old man Johnson's las' nite to borrow a hunk o' butter for breakfas', I discovered some one lyin' on de sidew alk. M first thought was to yell murder. Mr next thought was to smell of his breff. Dat settled de case at once. It wasn't a murder, but a case of dead drunk. I turned de subjek ober to git a look at his face, and who'dye spose it was?"

Brother Scott gazed straight at the burst of Venus, and had nothing to say.

"It was Brudder Scott," whispered the President. "Although two of his children am bar'fut, his wife needs cloze, an' hasn't a dozen taters in de house, he has taken good money from his pocket an' paid it out for bad whiskey. He was a hog—a great big hog. I could smell his breff six foot away, an' it would have made a dog sick. He had lost his hat, rolled in de slush, an' den fallen into a stuporish sleep. I got help an' toted him home, an' to-night he comes to dis meetin' to have a vote among men who work hard, respect demselves, and lib sober lives."

"Ize sorry, sah"

"No doubt of it, but dat am no defense. A fool excites pity, kase God made him dat way. A lunatic draws sympathy kase he has met with misfortune. A drunkard arouses nothing but contempt. He jus' goes at it to make a brute of hisself. You hab heard me speak ob dis matter on several occashuns an' you know how de majority ob dis club feels on de subjeck. In de las' two months ou hab been drunk fo' times,"

"Yes, sah; but I'll quit."

"I hope you will, but I doubt it. You had eberyting to lose gettin' drunk de fust time. You have lost character, respect, money and standin' an' dar's little hope dat you'll see any reason to quit. We kin guard agin thieves by lockin' up our money; we kin put de murderer in prison an' have him outer de way; we kin expose de liar an' kiver him wid confusion. But de drunkard—de hog—de beast—who kin trust him? Who kin believe him? Who wants his society? Who am not degraded by walkin' beside him? Brudder Scott, you am a bounced man! Your name will be crossed from our rolls; you will be refused admission heah, and we shall forgit dat you war ebber numbered wid us. Let us now attack de reg'lar order o' business.

A BIG CLAIM. A special dispatch to the Chicago Tribune from New York March 3. says: assistant United States District Attorney Wilson will soon leave this city for Mississippi, where he will be engaged taking evidence in the case of the United States against Harrison Johnson Agent of the Confederate Treasury Department. to collect $3,857, 255 38 Government funds which Johnson handled appropriating to his own use in 1865, when he was in office. Johnson was appointed by Secretary of the Treasury Hugh McCulloch, in May 1865 under an act providing for the collection of abandoned property and for the prevention of frauds insirrectionary districts in the United States. He was located in Mississippi to collect abandoned cotton, ect: in the counties of Monroe, Okibbeha and Noxubee, and forward the same to Wm W. Orme and T. C. Dexter, Special Agents of the Treasury Department, stationed at Mobile and Memphis. Johnson, as alleged, disposed of the cotton collected by him and appropriated the proceeds to himself. This is the heaviest case on Judge Blatchford's calender. It has been set down for a hearing during the April term. Johnson has considerably propert, in this city, and this has been attached pending a decision in the case filed against him.

How About It?

It has been generally supposed that the habitation of the North American continent did not date further back than the twelth century, but discoveries in archoelogy seem to show that it is not emprobable that a civilization existed on its soil before the pyramids were built or the States of Greece were founded:

America is generally called the New World in its relation to Europe; but the facts are that both geologically and with reference to its occupancy by man, it is the older of two continents. Its vast chains of mountains were worn and furrowed with age before the Alps and Appenines had emerged from the primeval ocean. Its ruins tells of a civilization that yields the palm of antiquity only to that of Egypt and Asia. It is now a well established fact that there war, in remote ages, on this continent a race of men who had attained a civilization immensely superior to anything found among those Indians who occupied North America at the time of its discovery. The imposing memmorials of their presence and power are to be seen in huge mound embankments, fortifications, and canals, scattered in vast numbers all over the land, from the Rockey Mountains to the Alleghanies, and from the great Lake to the Gulf of Mexico.

Another Attempt to Lynch the Bros Moon

Rome Courier;

It will be remembered that about two weeks ago a crowd of men rode into Centre, Ala, at night for the purpose of taking Tom and Boler Moon from jail and hanging them; and had it not been for Judge Box, who was holding court there at the time, the Moons would have been lynched that night, but he obtaining an intimation that a mob was coming into town had them removed to Gadsden. The Gadsden jail has been well garded since these men have been placed in it, but there has been great uneasiness felt that the determined men who have vowed that Tom and Boler Moon should suffer death for the foul crime they committed when they murdered their old aunt, and afterwards burned her body to ashes, would carry out their determination. This uneasiness was not groundless as we are informed by a reliable gentlemen who left Gadsden Saturday night that a party of eighty men rode up to the bank of the Coosa, opposite that town, and asserted that it was their intention of hanging the prisoners. Fortunately the ferry boat was on the town side, and the men could not get over to it. They however said the matter was not ended and that they would come again

Attacked by an Aligator

A Dooly man tells us that a few evenings ago he was crossing Flint River, alone in a small boat, when he was suddenly attacked by a large bull aligator as he was about twenty feet of the shore

The creature opened its huge mouth lashed the water into a foam for a second or two, then dashed at the boat, seized it between his jaws and pushed it farther out in the stream. Jere says he struck the saurian over the head with his paddle, but it had no effect whatever as the paddle was soon broken up and he had nothing to fight with. Thinking of the fact, that these creatures will hardly ever attack a white object in the water, he divested himself of his outer clothing, threw those clothes to the aligator's nose plunged into the water and ashore, leaving the infuriated monster swam the boat, This was also pushed to bank, badly torn by the alligator, when our informant poled his pants out with a long pole, slipped them on and scooted for home, minus coat, vest and hat. He says it was the closest shave he ever had in his life, and that hereafter he'll carry a gun with him when he crosses the Flint —Sumpter Republican.

The Green-eyed Monster.

CHERRYFIELD ME., March 22—Mrs. Hattie Sprague, a widow, while leaving church here last evening was killed by Chester Cunningham, who cut her throat as she was walking with an escort. The deed was probably prompted by jealousy Cunningham was arrested this morning. He approached Mrs, Sprague from behind. drew her head back with his left hand, end cut with his right

A little boy and girl, aged respectively four and five years' walked into a justice's court at Gold Hill, Nev, the other day, and gravely informed him that they wanted to get married. So much fun was made at their expense that the little fellow became angry, and drawing himself up to his full height, about two feet, remarked that a man had a right to get married, and "he guessed he was a little man."

It has been beautifuly said that gratitude is the memory of the heart; and the heart that has been taken to Calvary and dashed in the blood that ransomed a world, will have a strong memory of the blessing given, and a ready tongue to utter its praise Those who are not thankful for God's unspeakable gift can not be expected to be really thankful for any other gift. If we will not praise the Giver for the greatest gift, we are not likely to praise him for any of the smaller.

A little wrong done to another is a great injury done to ourselves.

RICHES without charity are nothing. They are a blessing only to him who makes them a blessing to others.—Field ing.

Selfishness, though refined, is still but selfishness, and refinement ought never to interfere with doing good in the world as it exists.

A lot of farmers who had been listening to a railroad land agent's praise of Arkansas Valley soil at last asked him sarcastically if there was anything that wouldn't grow there. "Yes," said the agent, quickly, "pumpkins won't."

"Why not?" The soil is so rich and the vines grow so fast that they wear out the pumkins dragging them over the ground."

"Ef de descendents ob de rooster what crowed at Peter was ter make a noise ebery time a lie was told, dar would be such a noise in de world dat yer couldn't heah de hens cackle."

The nearest approach to a brute that man can make of himself is to become a mere creature of appetite—a feeder, a toper.

It is worth remembering that nobody enjoys the nicest surroundings if in bad health. There are miserable people to day with one foot in the grave, when a bottle of Parker's Ginger Tonic would do them more good than all the doctors and medicines they have ever tried. See adv. efb18

Tax Assessor's Notice.

Last Round.

I will attend the places mentioned, at time stated, for the purpose of assessing the State and county tax for the year 1882.

Precinct No. 7, Hollingsporth's, Monday, April 24, 1882.
" No. 6, Peck's Hill, Tuesday, April 25, 1882.
" No. 5, Polkville, Wednesday, Feb. 26, 1882.
" No. 14, Sulphur Springs, Thursday, Feb. 27, 1882.
" No. 4, Ganaway's Schoolhouse, Friday, February 28, 1882.
" No. 2, Alexandria, Saturday, April 29, 1882.
" No. 11, White Plains, Monday, May 1, 1882.
" No. 12, Old storehouse near Morris' Mills, Tues. May 2, '82
" No. 17, DeArmanville, Wednesday, May 3, 1882.
" No. 13, Oxford, Thur. & Fri. May 4 & 5, 1882.
" No. 15, Anniston, Saturday, May 6, 1882.
" No. 3, June Bug, Monday, May 8, 1882.
" No. 10 Rabbit Town, Tuesday, May 9, 1882.
" No. 1, Jacksonville, Wednesday May 10. 188..
" No. 8, Green's Schoolhouse, Thursday May 11, 1882.
" No. 9, Cross Plains, Friday, May 12, 1882.
" No. 16, Ladiga, Saturday, May 13, 1882.
" No. 3, Weaver's Station, Monday, May 15 1882,

All persons will please meet me promptly at the above places with lists of their property and save trouble and expense.

A. B. LEDBELTER,
mar25-td Tax Ass'r Calhoun Co.

STATE OF ALABAMA, Calhoun County.

In Probate Court for said county, special term, March 1st, 1882.

The Tax Collector of Calhoun county, Ala., has filed in my office a list of delinquent tax payers, and of real estate upon which taxes are due, and you, and each of you are reported delinquent, and the following lands (or lots) are reported as assessed to each of you respectively: And this is to notify you, and each of you, to appear before me on Monday, the 10th day of April. 1882. being the second Monday in said month, and a regular term of said Probate court of said county of Calhoun, then and there to show cause why a decree for the sale of said lands (or lots) should not be made for the amount of taxes set opposite each case, as specified and set forth below, with the costs and charges thereon, due the State of Alabama, and county of Calhoun.

Owner unknown. - Precinct No 2.—N E ¼ of S E ¼ and N E ¼ of S E ¼. Sec. 19, T 14, R 7—Taxes for 10 years

Taxes,	$ 7 60
T. C. Levy,	1 00
Notice,	20
Advertising,	3 3
	$10 95

Alex O. Stewart—Precinct No. 3—100 acres, more or less, in Sec 26 T 14, R 8, and the Mills, Gin and machinery thereon, known as Stevenson's old mills.

Taxes for 1880-81.	$81 22-5
T. C. Cost,	1 50
Notice,	20
Advertising,	3 33
	$86 25

Owner unknown.—Precinct No. 5—S W ¼ of N W ¼ and S E ¼ of S W ¼, Sec. 1, T 15, R 6.

Taxes for 1881,	$1 45
Tax C. Cost,	1 00
Notice,	20
Advertising,	3 33
	$5 95

Given under my hand, this 15th day of March 1882 A. WOODS.
mar18—3t. Judge Probate.

NOTICE.

Lost, on the public square in Jacksonville, on the 11th instant, a pocket book containing $30 cash. If the finder will return me the book, with the papers contained in it, I will be satisfied.

J. W. WILLIAMS.
march18—3t

ADMINISTRATORS SALE.

Valuable Timbered Land.

Under and by virtue of an order of the Probate court of Calhoun county, Alabama, made on the 15th day of February. 1882. I will, as the Administrator of the estate of Robert Jones, deceased, proceed to sell on Monday the 27th day of March, 1882, on the premises of said deceased at public outcry to the highest bidder for cash, the following described lands belonging to said estate, to wit: Lot No. 19, of fractional Section 31, T 12 south, R 11 east, and Lot No. 18, of Section 6, T 13 south, R 11 east, lying near the line of Calhoun and Cleburne county, Ala.

W. C SAVAGE,
march4—4t Administrator

TAN BARK WANTED.

Parties wishing to contract to deliver Chestnut Oak Bark at our sheds, or on the S R & D Railroad, or on the Georgia Pacific Road, will please call on, or address, the Germania Tanning Co., Germania, Ala., before April 1st

☞ Edwardsville Standard will please copy 4t and send account to this office.
feb25—4t.

THE UNITED STATES MAIL BRINGS A SEED STORE

LANDRETH'S GARDEN SEEDS

Founded 1784.

To every man's door. If our SEEDS are not sold in your town, drop us a Postal Card for Handsome Illustrated Catalogue and Prices. Address D. LANDRETH & SONS, Philadelphia.

Diphtheria

A cold or sore throat may not seem to amount to much, and if promptly attended to can easily be cured; but neglect is often followed by consumption or diphtheria. No medicine has ever been discovered which acts so quickly and surely in such cases as PERRY DAVIS' PAIN KILLER. The prompt use of this *invaluable remedy* has saved thousands of lives. PERRY DAVIS' PAIN KILLER is not an experiment. It has been before the public for forty years, and is most valued where it is best known.

A few extracts from voluntary testimonials read as follows:

PAIN KILLER has been my household remedy for colds for the past twenty-seven years, and have never known it to fail in effecting a cure.—L. S. CROCKER, Williamsville, N. Y.

For thirty years I have used PAIN KILLER, and found it a never-failing remedy for colds and sore throat.—BURTON SEAMAN.

Have received immediate relief from colds and sore throat, and consider your PAIN KILLER an invaluable remedy.—GEO. B. EVERETT, Dickinson, N. Y.

I have just recovered from a very severe cold, which I have had for some time. I could get no relief until I tried your PAIN KILLER, which relieved me immediately. I will never again be without it.—C. O. FORCE, Lowndes, Ga.

Have used PAIN KILLER in my family for forty years, and have never known it to fail.—RANSOM LEWIS, Waynesboro, Ga.

I began using PAIN KILLER in my family twenty-five years ago and have used it ever since, and have found no medicine to take its place.—B. W. DYER, Druggist, Oneida, N. Y.

For whooping-cough and croup it is the best preparation made. We would not be without it.—A. P. ROUTS, Liberty Mills, Va.

For twenty-five years I have used PAIN KILLER for colds and chapped lips, and consider it the best medicine ever offered.—GEO. HOOPER, Wilmington, N. C.

I was suffering severely with bronchitis, and my throat was so inflamed I could scarcely swallow any food. I was advised to try your PAIN KILLER, and after taking a few doses was completely cured.—T. WILKINSON.

DR. WALTON writes from Cochocton: Your PAIN KILLER cures diphtheria and sore throat, so alarmingly prevalent here, and has not been known to fail in a single instance. This fact you should make known to the world.

MRS. ELLEN B. MASON writes: My son was taken violently sick with diphtheria, high fever, and cold chills. So many children have died here, I was afraid to call a physician, and tried your PAIN KILLER. He was taken on Sunday, and on Wednesday his throat was clear. It was a wonderful cure, and I wish it could be known to the poor mothers who are losing so many children.

For Chills and Fever, PAIN KILLER has no equal. It cures when everything else fails. Delays are often dangerous. A bottle of PAIN KILLER in the house is a safeguard that no family should be without. All druggists sell it at 25c., 50c., and $100 per bottle.

PERRY DAVIS & SON, Proprietors, Providence, R. I.

july 30, 188—11

The Biggest Thing Yet.

GROCERIES! GROCERIES!! GROCERIES!!!

B. F. CARPENTER & CO.

Have received and are still receiving the largest and best selected stock of Groceries they have ever brought to this market. Not deterred by the clamor of hard times next year, they have amply provided for the wants of the public, and will sell to suit the purses of their customers. In all

STAPLE AND FANCY GROCERIES

They can confidently defy competition, where cash is paid. They bought on the recent failure of corners in Groceries of all kinds, and consequently caught the bottom of the market. Seeing is believing.

Bring the Cash

and test their prices, and see for yourself.

Bagging, Ties, Farming Utensils

Wooden Ware, and hundreds of other things in stock. Don't buy until you examine the stock of. B. F. CARPENTER & CO.
oct15-tf

NEW DRUG STORE.

H. F MONTGOMERY & Co.,

West Side Public Square,

JACKSONVILLE, ALA.

Dealers in all kinds of Drugs and Medicines, Paints, Oils, Patent Medicines, Window Glass, Stationery, Blank Books, Toilet articles, Lamps, Garden and Field Seeds. Also a choice selection of Fancy Groceries Tobacco, Cigars, &c. All goods guaranteed to be fine and fresh. Special prices made to Merchants and Physicians.

Prescriptions carefully compounded by our S. S. Linder, M. D.

ap16-'81—1y.

Use Lawrence & Martin's

TOLU ROCK and RYE.

For COUGHS, COLDS, SORE THROAT, BRONCHITIS, ASTHMA, PNEUMONIA, CONSUMPTION, Diseases of THROAT, CHEST AND LUNGS.

BALSAM OF TOLU

Has always been one of the most important weapons wielded by the MEDICAL FACULTY against the encroachments of COUGHS, COLDS, CONSUMPTION in its incipient and advanced stages, and all diseases of the THROAT, CHEST and LUNGS, but it has never been so advantageously compounded as in the TOLU, ROCK and RYE. Its soothing Balsamic properties afford a diffusive stimulant and tonic to build up the system after the cough has been relieved. Quart size bottles, Price $1.00.

CAUTION! Do not be deceived by dealers who try to palm off Rock and Rye in place of our TOLU, ROCK AND RYE, which is the ONLY MEDICATED article—the genuine has a Private Die Proprietary Stamp on each bottle, which permits it to be Sold by Druggists, Grocers and Dealers Everywhere,

☞ WITHOUT SPECIAL TAX OR LICENSE.

The TOLU, ROCK AND RYE CO., Proprietors, 41 River St., Chicago, Ill.

CITY BAR!

The undersigned has with particular care selected for this season, a very fine lot of best

LINCOLN COUNTY WHISKEY,

Direct from the Distillery, as well as

Apple, and Peach Brandies,

He would especially call the attention of all desiring a good drink to his celebrated

"Cabinet Whiskey,"

which is the best in the market. His imported Brandy, FOR THE SICK, has no equal.

His Liquors are bought under bond and he knows them to be fine and pure. A general line of goods in Liquors of all brands, Beers, Cider, &c., including Sacrament Wine. Also a large lot of fine Cigars, Tobacco and Snuff.

Empty barrels from 75c to $1.00 each

My Billiard Parlor

which is well ventilated and comfortable, is the favorite resort of those who love the game.

Respectfully,
JNO RAMAGNANO, Jacksonville, Ala.

N. B.—Parties indebted to me are requested to come forward and settle by cash or waive note.
nov5—6m

STEVENSON & GRANT,

Correspondents of

Real Estate Banking

—AND—

LOAN ASSOCIATION OF ALABAMA.

WILL UNDERTAKE TO NEGOTIATE LOANS AS FOLLOWS:

On producing farm lands, for from three to five years.

On producing farm lands, for three to five years, payable in annual installments.

On crop lien, personal and real security, for one year or less, with agreement to ship cotton to Selma. Applicants may apply for loans on producing farm lands for a term of years, either with or without the condition to ship cotton. Loans made for $300 and upwards.

STEVENSON & GRANT,
Jacksonville Ala.

UNDERTAKING

John H. Crawford, notifies the public generally that he has in stock a fine lot of coffins and burial cases of all sizes and from the finest to the plainest make, which he will dispose of at reasonable prices. He may be found at the shop, known as the Fleming shop on Main st, South of the square.

NOTICE.

All parties indebted to the late firm of Landers & Brittain MUST come forward and settle, either by note or cash, or they will be sued and that right IMMEDIATELY.

JNO. M. CALDWELL.
Aug 5—tf

SUMMER RESIDENCE

One house and lot in Jacksonville containing seven acres, known as the Judge Foster residence. The house is most tastefully built and situated in the most desirable part of town for residence. A never failing well supplies ice cold water the year round. The place is also abundantly supplied with fine fruit, including an extensive Grapery. The extensive lawn in front is clothed with huge native oaks and the ground beautifully laid off. It is a very desirable place for some gentleman South of here who wants a summer residence in this part of the State. The owner gave $3 000 for the place. Will sell for $1900 if taken in 3 months. Reason for selling—owner moved out of the State.

Address
STEVENSON & GRANT,
Real Estate Brokers,
oct1—tf Jacksonville, Ala.

YOUNG MEN

SHOULD ATTEND

MOORE'S

BUSINESS UNIVERSITY,

ATLANTA, GA.

A Model Business School,

ACTUAL BUSINESS

STUDENTS ON CHANGE.

A Practical School for the Times

No Theory. No copying from books. The best course of instruction ever adopted for the practical education of young men, boys, and men of middle age.

The course of students comprises every variety of Business and Finance, from Retail to Banking operations. Book-keeping in all its various methods, Business forms, terms and usages. Business writing, correspondence, business Arithmetic Commercial Law, Lectures, Partnership, Settlements, etc., etc

No vacations. Students can enter at any time Circulars containing full particulars mailed *free* to any address.

une18—1y B. F. MOORE, Pres.

REAL ESTATE

FOR SALE.

A Chance For Bargains!

Messrs. STEVENSON & GRANT,

Real Estate Brokers,

JACKSONVILLE, ALA,

OFFER the following described places for sale at a bargain. For full description and particulars, apply to them.

2

160 ACRES in Tallapoosa valley, free open farm with plenty of woodland, oak and hickory growth. Land brings from 900 to 1300 lbs. seed cotton to acre. One half cash, balance on time.

3

80 ACRES, three and a half miles North of Mt Polk. 17 acres cleared land, mostly fresh. Rails enough to fence 40 acres more. Land good No houses. Can be paid for in six yearly payments of cotton. Call on or address J D McCormick, Mack Ala

4

100 ACRES within one and a half miles of Anniston, 50 acres cleared, 50 acres well timbered and accessible iron ore, good water, orchard, dwelling, outhouses, blacksmith and woodshop well patronized, on the place. School house and church within on fourth mile. Geo. Pacific R. R. survey through the place.

5

120 ACRES near Cherokee and Calhoun line. Framed dwelling house and other improvements. 50 acres in cultivation. All in a body—greater part level and good. In good neighborhood.

6

180 ACRES, 8 miles west of Jacksonville on Gadsden and Jacksonville road. Good improvements, finely watered, fencing in good condition and land in fine state of cultivation. 100 acres open, 80 acres woodland well timbered. Red and yellow clay subsoil.

7

2500 ACRES in a body, on Tallassahatchie and Ohatchie creeks. As fine land as lies in Calhoun. Three splendid residences and ten or twelve tenant houses. No room for description in this advertisement. Can sell one to five places from this tract, or all in a body, at a bargain.

8

A splendid farm of 800 acres in the valley of Alexandria, 500 acres open and under fence, 640 in a body, and 160 of woodland seperated from main body by only one forty. Has a large and convenient dwelling and many tennant houses. The land has red clay subsoil; lies very level and will hold all the manures put on it. Ample water supply from two springs. Fine native and cultivated grasses. Land produces well. Would make a splendid stock farm. It will be sold at a bargain.

And other places of very desirable character. We shall continue the advertisement of places given us for sale from time to time without charge to the parties who give us their lands to sell. We have printed power of attorney to sell land now on hand, and all parties who place their lands in our hands for sale will be expected to sign them up. We require this both in order that there may be no dispute as to amount of our fee in case of sale, and to show parties who may desire to purchase that we have a right to sell. Of course under this power, the owner will have the deeds to sign before the sale would be complete. STEVENSON & GRANT,
july9—tf Jacksonville, Ala.

M. E. GOLDSMITH, JNO. W. HUGHES.

GOLDSMITH & HUGHES

—GENTS'—

FURNISHING GOODS,

Hats, Caps, Valises, Umbrellas, &c.,

No. 9 Peachtree St.,

ATLANTA, GA.

sept24—4m

PAY UP.

The Republican.

Notice change in the advertise ont of Stevenson & Grant. It ill be seen they can now under- ke to negotiate loans for lest me than five years; also on the stallment plan; also with or with- t the cotton shipping require- ent. Applicants must in all ca- s bring all the old deeds they n find to the land proposed for ortgage. In all cases it is neces- ry to trace title back over twen- years.
Feb. 18—4t

When we announced last week that e communication of "Merchant" ould appear this week, we had not d it. We think it best to withhold it

Prayer meeting at the M. E. Church t Wednesday night. Rev. G. B. ssell will lead the meeting.

Dr. Montgomery, who has here- ore lived at the "Miller Francis use" has moved into his perma- nt residence, the "Jake Ader- t house" on Spring Street, ere he will always be found at ght, when not on duty.

We re-produce an article from the ne Kila Club, for the benefit of those o occasionally get in "Brudder tt's" condition. They are bouncing g on the edge of a fearful precipice he next "bounce" may take them er—who can tell?

The prayer meeting at the Presbyte- Church last Wednesday night was ll attended. A feeling of deep rever- e and thought seemed to pervade the ire congregation as the preacher dwelt on the duties of the hour.

We have no other apology to offer for ack of original matter this week only t the editor is sick again.

OXFORD FLASHES.

Young vegetables had a narrow cape from Jack Frost on the ht of the 22nd inst.

J. B. McCain, Esq., of this ce has sold his interest in a ll orange farm in Florida ich cost him about $1000, for 00, thus making by the trans- ion $13000 clear. Again a ting illustration of the adage, tter born lucky than rich."

The venerable John U. White- e and wife have been visiting ends and relatives in this place the past few days. They aban- ed house keeping some time ce and will spend the remainder their days with their children grand-children, of whom they e quite a number.

Mrs. Mathis, better half of our erprising merchant J. F. Math- has opened a Millinery Empo- m at her residence, the D. D. per house. Oxford can now st of a trio of first class Mill y establishments.

There has been a comparative n in cotton for the past few s, and trade has in consequence ived.

The ring of the ball and mallet gain heard, which is the mevi- le accompaniment to sunny ing.

Locals are scarce as hen's th.

PHIL OSOPHER.

E. L. WOODWARD.

When quite a boy, small in stature fresh from country life, I went to with E. L. Woodward In his e I found John Francis (noble man!) W. Tate, Y. C. Woodward, and ver Clark. For seven years I re- ed with him, passing through all departments in the house, from the to a partnership with him. In ing back through all that time, I not recall a single instance in which rned aside from the strait purpose his life. He was a teacher who t each day. His lessons all were ; and often since, when I have seen chaffering over that which perishes the touch, I have thought of him very different he would have done. was a model merchant. Though t, and often quite severe, he was s kind and always right. He dis- d the wrong. He loved the good. ver heard from his lips one vulgar . No profanity ever sullied his ne. He was always sober—never k—charitable to his own hurt, and dvocate of large and liberal deeds. loved the church.

h! it has been so long ago, and yet plain I hear to-day his voice in song, e raised the tune—

rst ye emerald gates and bring."

e! I would inscribe upon his tomb, re lies an honest, earnest, faithful ilian man."

oodward? Gone! John Francis? e! George Tate? Gone! Y. C? e! Clark? Gone! How singular. last to join this list of men, will be last to go. E. JOHNSON.

ome, Ga., March 15, 1882.

An unusually brilliant specimen of snow" was recently poesented at a ting of the San Francisco Microsco- l Society. It was gathered on the atch Mountains at an altitude of t 10,000 feet above sea level. It is very well understood that the color uch snow is produced by a minute lar plant which reproduces itself by l subdivision.

It is stated that about the beginning February the first train on the conti- of Europe lighted with electricity between Frankfort-on-the-Main and m. The result was most satisfacto- A dynamo electric machine was ed on the locomotive. The rotary ion of the axels of the cars was also d to create a current. The enti e aratus was under control of the en- er.

"We can not hasten Christ's coming of the day and hour knoweth none.' the kingdom of God is as a grain mustard seed; we can sow of it, it is as m a globe of leaven; we can mingle and its glory, and its joy are such even the birds of the air can lodge the branches thereof.—*John Ruskin*

OBITUARY.

The sadest duty we have to perform in life is, to stand upon the water's edge that separtes time from eternity, and bid a final farewell to those we love and admire. Yet chronology records our presence here, and the waves of oblivion roll over us, as they have rolled over untold millions in past generations. From the time our first parents disobeyed the injunction. "In the day thou eatest thereof thou shalt surely die," each generation has been forced to cross its dark and turbid waters. To the heathen, or unbeliever, how very uninviting must be its chilly waves. But to those who have an abiding faith in the atonement and resurrection of the "only son"—Jesus Christ—it is but the pathway from earth to heaven, to whom the Cross is the pointing board upon the hidden and trackless gulf, reflecting from its beams the pure, soft rays of light from the great "white throne," giving a beautiful and brilliant light to the weary feet of the lone traveller; and opens up in grand panoramic view, the beauties and sublimity of the everlasting hills upon the eternal shores. Such are the christian's faith and hope.

Mrs. Melinda J. Woodward, the subject of these thoughts, was born in Ray county, Tenn., on the 15th day of August, 1812, and died, in this place, at the residence of her daughter, Mrs. Gen. Wm. H. Forney, March 12, 1882. She was the daughter of educated and intelligent parents; educated and graduated at the Female College at Knoxville, Tenn, 1831; married Mr E. L. Woodward, a Virginian, 1832, and came to Alabama and located in this place, 1835, where she lived until her death.

She made a profession of the christian religion when a young lady, and connected herself with the Methodist Episcopal Church, in which she remained until the organization of the M. E. Church, South, in 1844, when she, with her husband, joined this branch of the church, in which she remained a consistant, devout and zealous member until her departure to hat "house not made with hands, eternal in the heavens." Her walk in life for more than half a century was worthy of her faith and profession. But few ladies have I ever known whose character was so beautified and adorned with all the christian graces as hers. Modest and unassuming, yet bold and defiant in the denunciation of immorality and vice, at the same time logical, persuasive and forcible in her efforts to lead others into the path which leads to eternal life.

She was a lady of fine conversational powers, of a noble and gentle bearing; affable and pleasing in her manners; cultured in intellect; genial in companionship, and strong in her friendships. She did much to mould and lay the foundation of the cultivated and refined society of which Jacksonville has ever been so justly proud. Kindness had written its law deep in her soul. She sought to make others happy. It was her delight to give cheer to the sorrwing and help the needy. Many are the families who knew her but to love her for her many and untiring attentions to the suffering. Many hearts beat in greatful remembrance of her soothing words of love and sympathy, and acts of kindness and self-denial around the couch of the sick and dying of some loved member of the family circle.

She never omitted an opportunity to bind the broken heart, consoling the disconsoate, soothing and softening the pillow of the dying. Pointing them to the only "sacrificial Lamb" whereby man can be saved, and whose Cross is the only "Light House" upon the other shore

Many and lavish were her acts of charity in helping the poor. Never did a worthy person known to her go unprovided for in times of great need. She was even to her slaves, more a kind mother than a severe and unfeeling task mistress. She was not only charitable with her means, but eminently so in throwing the mantle of Christian Charity over the faults, foibles and short-comings of others Ever remindful of the fact, "That none are perfect, no no: one." She was ever ready to forgive, and extend a helping hand to reclaim and redeem the fallen and unfortunate.

Her house was truly the house of the Itinerant. None was more willing, or took greater pleasure in sharing with them her unbounded hospitality, and none ever left her home out was impressed with the great truth that she was truly zealous in all good works, and earnest in her co operation with them in their labors of Love, and works of patience. Many Ministers in our South land will hold her in grateful remembrance. The poor who have known her will never forget her good name, and the memory of her many kind deeds will be embalmed within their affections. At home or abroad, in sickness or in health, the same amiability of disposition characterized her life No unkind words escaped her lips Faithful to her God, true to her husband, affectionate toward her children and kind to all.

Mrs. Woodward was an invalid for more than twelve months. For five months she was confined to her room and mostly to her bed, yet she never murmured or complained, but being sure and steadfast in her faith she calmly, and with much resignation, awaited the summons to cross "over to the other shore."

Her husband preceded her only four weeks. The vine was left bleeding. She followed him to the bank of the river, he passed safely over, leaving her waiting for the Master. Truly she could in the language of the Psalmist say, "But it was thou, a man mine equal, my guide, and mine acquaintance. We took sweet council together, and walked unto the House of God in company." She knew of deaths near approach, and talked of it as if it was but the welcome invitation to leave this "vale of tears and sorrows," to join her redeemer, her husband, children and friends on the "other beautiful shore" leaving only four children behind her, three of whom were with her. She asked her youngest and only son to remain by her while she entered the "chilly dark" waters that would separate them but for a short time, when they too, would take passage for the "Bourn from whence no traveler ever returns," and urged them to strive to be re-united in one family circle around Jesus, the Glorious Federal Head, where there would be no more sickness and death, no pain and anguish of heart, no more separation, and without a seeming regret or struggle, she fell asleep in Jesus. Truly blessed are they who die in the Lord.

Jacksonville, Ala. J. D. H.

Gen. Grant's Interests in North Alabama.

Chattanooga Times:

U. S. Grant jr, second son of Gen. Grant, was in the city Monday on his return to New York from the Belmont Coal mines. He was asked by a Times reporter whether his father is interested in the mines, and replied that the firm of Grant & Ward, of which his father is a member, hold $25,000 of the company's bonds, of which he is trustee. Mr. Grant, though only 25 years of ages is quite wealthy, and holds numerous positions of trust and responsibility in extensive corporations in New York, where he is in successful practice as a lawyer.

Of all the lessons that humanity has to learn in this school of the world the hardest is wait. Not to wait with folded hands that claim life's prizes without previous effort but having toiled and struggled and crowned the slow years with trial to see then no result or perhaps disastrous results and yet to stand firm: to preserve ones poise and relax no effort, this it has been truly said, is greatness never achieved by men or women.

Eufaula Times: Mr. E. F. Davis, a careful ob-erver of the times, gives it as his opinion that much less corn will be sold in Eufaula this season than last, notwithstanding the fact that the cereal crops was tearfully short in the territory tributary to Eufaula last year. He is satisfied that the farmers will do on much less than heretofore beause of the grasses they sowed and the oats they have planted.

SPECIAL COLUMN.

The Medical Society of Calhoun county will meet in Oxford, Ala., the 4th day of April, 1882 Physicians of th county respectfully inuited to attend.

J. C. LEGRAND,
Secretary.
mar18—3t

ELECTION NOTICE.

Council Chamber,
JACKSONVILLE, ALA.
Feb. 27, 1882.

It is ordered by the Town Council of the Town of Jacksonville that an election for Mayor and Aldermen of said town for the year 1882-3 be held in the court house on Saturday, the 1st day of April, 1882; and for the purpose of carrying out said election, W. A. Driskill, J. J. Skelton and Thomas Brittain are appointed managers, and R. L. Arnold and W. E Hammond Clerks, and R. H. Gidley, returning officer.

JNO. M. CROOK, Mayor.
march4—4t

MONEY TO LEND ON COTTON.

Parties in Calhoun who raise as much or more than 25 bales of cotton can borrow money of the Real Estate and Loan and Banking Co. of Alabama, at much less than bank rates Apply to STEVENSON & GRANT. feb25—2t

IT IS A WELL KNOWN FACT

among physicians that Buchu Juniper and Parera Brava in combination are the best remedies in the world for any disease of the Bladder or Kidneys, and that not less than one half of the human family, both male and female, suffer from derangement of those organs, and neglect or failure to use proper remedies hurry many to untime y graves. Numerous combinations have been tried for Gravel, Brick Dust Dposits, Brights Disease, Weakness in Back and Hips, produced by derangement of Bladder and Kidneys, but none with such happy results as Rankin's Extract of Buchu and Juniper. If you suffer from any disease of those organs, get a bottle—one or two will relieve you.

Prepared only by Hunt, Rankin & Lamar, Atlanta, Ga., and sold by Druggists generally. feb1—2m

DON'T YOU WANT

THE BEST WEEKLY

IN ALABAMA?

One Made for Alabama Readers, Devoted to Alabama Matters, Full of Alabama Matters, full of Alabama News:

Then subscribe for the

TIMES--ARGUS,

Of Selma.

THE WEEKLY TIMES, THE SOUTHERN ARGUS, } Consolidated Jan. 25, 1882.

THE TIMES-ARGUS is thoroughly Democratic, and is an earnest worker for the continued supremacy of the intelligent property-holders in the politics of Alabama. To secure that end, it maintains a fearless, independent tone in criticisms of parties, measures and men. Its readers can always rely upon its faithfulness in giving news and criticizing events.

See what the State Press says:

"A powerful combination, as both papers were scarcely inferior to any in the south- * * * The most readable weekly in Alabama."—Hayneville Examiner.

"The TIMES-ARGUS, Selma, is the best weekly paper in Alabama for the money. It contains each week thirty-two columns of matter and but few advertisements. It is ably edited, and contains all the latest State, home and foreign news, as well as full market reports."—Greensboro Watchman.

"The ARGUS for years has been among the foremost papers in moulding public sentiment in Alabama, and has always been noted for its fearless and independent criticisms of men and measures. Under its new regime, it will loose none of its characteristics, judging from the past utterances of THE MORNING TIMES."—Union Springs Journal.

THE TIMES-ARGUS will be indispensable to every citizen during the coming political campaign in our State Subscribe and keep posted.

Only $1,50 Per Year.

MORNING TIMES. $10 per year

Send for agents' terms and get up a club Address

GLASS & McKEE.

East Tennessee, Virginia
AND
GEORGIA RAILROADS,

Forms the quickest and most comfortable route to

Eastern Cities,
—AND—
ONLY ROUTE
—TO THE—
Watering Places
—OF—
East Tennessee and Virginia

The principal Inducements are

SPLENDID SCENERY, QUICK TIME, THROUGH CARS.

The only line passing through the mountainous regions of East Tennessee and Virginia. Through cars run from Selma to Bristol without change. For information address,

JAS. R. OGDEN, G. P. A., Knoxville,
RAY KNIGHT. A. G. P. A., Selma.

SELMA DIVISION.

Going North.			Going South
Lv. 7.30 a m	Selma,		Ar. 8 45 p m
" 10.15 a m	Calera,		Lv. 5.45 p m
" 1.30 p m	Jacksonville,	"	2.30 p m
" 4.05 p m	Rome,	"	11.30 a m
" 6 10 p m	Dalton,	"	9.30 a m
" 8.25 p m	Cleveland,	"	7.20 a m
" 11.40 p m	Knoxville,	"	3 35 a m
Ar. 4.50 a m	Bristol,	"	10.20 p m

ALABAMA CENTRAL DIVISION.

Westward.			Eastward.
Lv. 4.00 p m	Selma,		Ar. 10.30 a m
" 5.50 p m	Uniontown,	Lv.	8.31 a m
" 7.02 p m	Demopolis,	"	7.16 a m
" 8.45 p m	York,	"	5.40 a m
" 9.20 p m	Lauderdale,	"	5.06 a m
Ar 10 00 p m	Meridian,	"	4.20 a m

Mail Train North connects with Rome R R at Rome for Atlanta, and at Dalton with W & A R R for Chattanooga, and points North; at Bristol with N W road for all Eastern cities Accommodation train leaves Selma at 3.00 p m. connecting with L & N at Calera for all Western cities; arrives at Selma 9.30 a m. Mail train South connects at Calera with L & N for Montgomery, and at Meridian with N O and V & M roads for Mobile, New Orleans and Vicksburg.

JNO. M. BRIDGES, Supt.
RAY KNIGHT,
Gen. Ticket and Passenger Ag't
an 29, 1882 Selma, Ala.

NOTICE.

TO THE

Farmers of Calhoun County.

I am receiving and will keep on hand for sale, at Weaver's Station, Anniston, Greensport and Jacksonville, the old Premium Potapsco Guano, which has on all occasions, in tests carefully made, proved to have no equal.

I have handled the old Potapsco for eight years past, and have not ever been able to supply the demand. I handled last season 247 tons, and could have sold smartly more in the county, had we been able to furnish it. The results are uniformly satisfactory. I seldom have any complaint of Potapsco Guano, or Potapsco Acid Phosphate, which I have in stock at all the above named places. I deem it unnecessary to offer any comment on these Fertilizers, as their use for eight years have established their value in diversified husbandry. I guarantee the qualities for the present season to be fully up in grade in Phosphoric Acid, Nitrogenous matter and Potash, to any Fertilizers offered to the trade.

The Potapsco Guano and Acid Phosphate have the analysis branded upon each bag, which the manufacturers authorize me to guarantee. The entire stock that we offer for sale is fresh, and has not been flooded by overflow on the river.

Prices for this Season.

Potapsco Guano, time Oct. 15th next, solvent paper $75 per ton. Cotton option of 500lbs middling grade cotton. Cash on delivery $45.

Potapsco Acid Phosphate on time until the 15th of October next on approved paper $63.75 per ton, with cotton option of 425lbs middling grade cotton. Cash on delivery $32 50

Cotton option will not be exteded after the maturity of said notes.

I would respectfully refer to Mr. J. W. Whitesides, William Whitesides, Nathan Clark, D. G. Clark, William Hubbard, Jas. Turk, Gus Ford. J. E. Williams, W. D. Bush, John Wakefield, Charles Loyd, T. H. Clements, Jas. Hagan, E. N. Weaver, E. T. Clark, H. J. Dean, Samuel Crook, S. J. Woodruff, Irvin Martin, G. B. Skelton, Frank Hanna, William Edmonson, and Mr. Peterson, the plow man, as to the results from year to year,

The stock will be kept up during the season at Jacksonville, Weavers Station, Anniston and Greensport.

All orders addressed to me at Alexandria, D. F. Weaver, Weavers Station, D. Z. Goodlett, Jacksonville, Jas. Hagan, Greensport, or T. H. Hopkins, Store manager at Anniston, and W. J. Edmondson, Anniston, will be thankfully received and shall have prompt attention.

We thank you for your patronage in the past, and hope to share the same this season.

Very respectfully, your obt servt.,
W P. COOPER, Agent.

GUANO TEST.

ALEXANDRIA, ALA., Jan. 14, 1882.

Last Spring I was having a conversation with one of the largest dealers in Guano in Calhoun county, when he made what, I afterward thought, was a wise suggestion. It was as follows: That all of the Guano dealers in the country would authorize some good representative farmer to go, at will, to their stocks of Guano and draw from each brand a sample for test on the same soil, and the same season and year, giving each a fair test. I concluded, after thinking the matter over, that such an experiment might be worth something to the farmers, and would, at least, show up the results, and their differences in our soil. So I procured the same amount of the different named fertilizers from gentlemen who were agents for same, with the understanding that I was to publish the final results, which was agreed to by all.

The soil selected was chosen, so that it would well represent the gray gravelly, red mulatto and alluvial sandy soils of Calhoun county. Rows 70 yards long, and begining by number with stake drove down, and name wrote upon each, of the kind of Guano used; and the same was kept noted in a memorandum book.

The land was furrowed with two horses and a stout shovel plow d up; Guano strewed at the rate of 200 lbs per acre; bedded on as usual, and planted on fresh beds about the 20th April. The plat was worked as usual, and by the same hand, and great care was taken to have precisely the same stand left so the test would be fair. I did the work myself, and I picked and weighed the cotton correctly on the same days, and I give you the result of each row, naming the fertilizer used.

1st. Long's Chemicals composted yield 13 lb, or at the rate of 960 lbs. per acre.

2nd. Long's Chemicals—Alum—11½, or at the rate of 810 lbs. per acre.

3rd. Plow Brand 12, lbs., or at the rate of 840 lbs. per acre.

4th. Martin's 12 lbs., or at the rate of 840 lbs. per acre.

5th. Meryman's 13 lbs., or at the rate of 910 lbs. per acre.

6th. Soluable Pacific 13½ lbs., or at the rate of 945 lbs. per acre.

7th. Monarch 14 lbs., or at the rate of 980 lbs per acre.

8th. Farmer's Friend 14½ lbs, or at the rate of 1015 lbs. per acre.

9th. Sea Gulf 15 lbs., or at the rate of 1050 lbs. per acre

10th. South American 14 lbs., or at the rate of 986 lbs. per acre.

11th. Blank.

12th. Gosipian 16 lbs., or at the rate of 1120 lbs per acre.

13th. Zell's 16¼ lbs., or at the rate of 1137 lbs. per acre.

14th. Mastodon 16 lbs., or at the rate of 1120 lbs. per acre.

15th. Peruvian and Raw Bone 16 lbs, or at the rate of 1120 per acre.

16th. Potapsco Guano 17½ lbs., or at the rate of 1225 lbs. per acre.

17th. Stable manure usual amount 16 lbs. or at the rate of 1120 per acre.

18th. Leached Ashes, heavy, 15 lbs., or at the rate of 1050 lbs. per acre.

19th. Seales & Lawson's Amoniated Bone 16 lbs., or at the rate of 1120 lbs. per acre

The above shows a very large difference in results—for instance, Potapsco Guano gave, at the rates of 1225 lbs. seed cotton per acre, Plow Brand 840—385 lbs. difference That at 3c. per lb. would amount to $11.55 per acre.

The Farmers of Calhoun county can figure from the above and easily satisfy themselves as to estimates and results.

I have long been of the opinion that many of the Brands of so-called Fertilizers were of low value, and often fail to remunerate the planter; and if our farmers will buy and use them they ought to so organize themselves, at least to protect themselves, which could be easily done in each neighborhood Every year let a good, careful map make these experiments with all the Guanos sold in the county, and publish the results, and this will drive the worthless brands off the market. But experiments must be made the same year and in the same soil, side by side. This report has been made in conformity to the agreement, made early in the spring of 1881.

SAMUEL E. DOWDLE.
feb4—3m

CALHOUN COLLEGE,

Male and Female.

The next term will begin Monday, January 9, 1882, and will continue six scholastic months.

W. J. BORDON, Prof. Mathematics, Natural and Moral Science, &c.

G. B. RUSSEL, Prof. Eng., Latin and Greek Languages, Literature, &c.

Mrs. IDA WOODWARD, Instructress in the Primary Department.

Miss WILLIE BORDEN, Instructress on Piano and Organ.

TUITION—including all incidental expenses—$1.25, $2 25, $3 25 and $5 25 per month. MUSIC, Instrumental, $5 00 per month, payable in advance. Local pupils can pay monthly.

Good Board can be had at reasonable prices.

The course of instruction in this Institution is thorough and practical. The regulations formed for the mental and moral improvement of the pupils are mild and parental, and will be rigidly enforced.

For further particulars address either, Jacksonville, Ala.

W. J. BORDEN,
G. B. RUSSELL,
dec17—tf Associate Principals.

SCHOOL.

WEAVER ACADEMY, MALE AND FEMALE.

First term of six months will begin January the 9th 1882, and close June the 23rd.

Second term of four months will begin August the 28th 1882 and close December the 15th.

GRADES.

Primary	$1.50 per month
Intermediate	2 25 " "
High School	3.00 " "

Board in good families at reasonable rates. For further particulars address
WATSON BRO'S.,
Weaver's Station, Ala.

FIRE INSURANCE.

I. L. SWAN AG'T,
JACKSONVILLE, ALA.

Four Good Home Companies to wit,

Georgia Home,	*Ga.*
Home Protection,	*Ala.*
Central City,	*Ala.*
Columbus Ins. and Banking Co.,	*Miss.*

May 1st, 1880.

JOE. A. WALDEN. W. W. WOODWARD

Walden & Woodward,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW,
Jacksonville, Ala.

Will practice in all the courts of the Circuit, and the Supreme Courts of the State. Prompt attention given to the collectin of claims.

W. C. LAND,
WATCHMAKER,
—AND—
JEWELER.

Jacksonville, - - - Ala.

Also, agent for Meriden CT Table cutlery and silver and plated ware. Also agent for Elgin Watch co, and other American make May, 1st 1880

S. F. HOBBS,

NO. 40, Broad St. Selma. Ala,
DEALER IN
Watches, Diamonds,
FINE JEWELRY, CLOCKS,
Silver and Silver Plated Goods of every style and grade.
—ALSO—
Pianos and Organs

From the best makers, sold at lowest rates and on easy terms.

If you desire to purchase an Organ or Piano for cash or on time, address us and prices and terms will be furnished. Instruments will be sent on trial, to be returned, if not satisfactory.

Watch Repairing and Engraving Specialities may14ly

FRANK W. BOWDON, ROBT. L. ARNOLD

BOWDON & ARNOLD,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW
—AND—
Solicitors in Chancery,
JACKSONVILLE, ALA.

Will practice in all the Courts of the Circuit, U. S. Dist. Court and Supreme Court of the State April 24, 1880

Free to Everybody!

A BEAUTIFUL

BOOK

FOR THE ASKING.

By applying personally at the nearest office of the Singer Manufacturing Co. (or by postal card if at a distance) any adult person will be presented with a beautifully illustrated copy of a new Book entitled

GENIUS REWARDED,
—OR THE—
Story of the Sewing Machine

containing a handsome and costly steel engraving frontispiece; also, 28 finely engraved wood cuts, and bound in an elaborate blue and gold lithographed cover. No charge whatever is made for this handsome book, which can be obtained only be application at the branch and subordinate offices of the Singer Manufacturing Co.

THE SINGER MANUFACTUING CO.
Principal office, 34 Union Square,
une 18—1y New York.

LIVERY
—AND—
SALE STABLE

The Undersigned having bought the Hammond Livery Stable of Mr. Wilson, have entered upon their business and will be glad to serve the public.

We expect to keep Vehicles, Horses and Mules for sale, and are prepared to guarantee bargains in this line.

Our terms will be very reasonable and strictly cash.

Horses boarded at low rates. Give us your patronage and we will give you satisfaction Respectfully,
MARTIN & WILKERSON.
jan 15—tf.

Mountain Farm And Vineyard For Sale.

The undersigned will give a bargain in the fine fruit farm and vineyard on top of the mountain 1½ miles from Jacksonville known as the George White place.

STEVENSON & GRANT,
Real Estate Agents.

JOHN. T. MOYE,
Watchmaker and Jeweller,
—DEALER IN—
Watches, Clocks, Jewelry,
Musical Instruments, Spectacles, Silver Plated Ware, Etc.,
MAIN STREET, OXFORD, ALA.

Particular attention paid to repairing fine Watches and Jewelry. Sewing Machines repaired and warranted to work as good as new, Needles for all kinds of Sewing Machines on hand. Ap. 2—1y

Fall Stock.
A. L. STEWART & CO.
Jacksonville, Ala.,

Have just opened out their Fall Stock of

DRY GOODS,

Including a new and elegant line of Prints, Zephers, Nubias, Shawls, Notions &c., &c. They pride themselves on their new, fine and fashionable line of

READY MADE CLOTHING.

Particular attention has been given to the selection of this department, and they can sell great bargains in fine Dress Goods. Buy nowhere until you see their Stock. They carry also a good line of

Staple and Fancy Groceries,
CROCKERY, &c.

Remember that you must come to A. L. Stewart & Co's for

BARGAINS,

sept24—tf.

JACKSONVILLE HOTEL

WEST SIDE PUBLIC SQUARE,
Jacksonville, Alabama.

Do not be deceived, but come to the "only Hotel," where you will find the best of cooks and servants, the best fare our county and money can afford Rooms newly fitted up and renovated. We will guarantee satisfaction. Our house will be first class in every respect. Sample room free. Give us a trial.

ROBT. ADAMS,
dec10—tf Proprietor.

CHRISTMAS GOODS,

Of every variety, at

CROW BROS.

A splendid lot of Fancy

Candies,

NUTS, RAISINS,
ORANGES, LEMONS, COCA NUTS, PINEAPPLES, &c.

GROCERIES

NEW ORLEANS MOLASSES,
(New crop,)
SUGARS, SYRUPS, RICE,

And almost everything else in the way of family supplies, and don't you forget it, but give us a call. dec10

J. W. COKER & CO.,
Commission Merchants,
—AND—
WAREHOUSEMEN,
ROME, GA.

Mr. Wright, formerly with Jno. C. Graham and Berry & Co., is a member of this firm. sept24—3m

JAMES HUTCHINSON,
Barber & Hair-dresser,

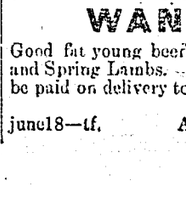
Room on Office Row, recently occupied by Dick Walker.

If you desire to have a pleasant and clean shave, or have your hair trimmed in neat and fashionable style, give him a call. Jacksonville, Jan. 20, 1878

WOODRUFF & NORTH,
Cotton Factors
—AND—
COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
SELMA, ALA.

sept17—tf.

PARKER'S GINGER TONIC



Parker's Hair Balsam.

The Best, Cleanest, and Most Economical Hair Dressing. Never fails to restore the youthful color to gray hair. 50c. and $1 sizes.

Ginger, Buchu, Mandrake, Stillingia, and many of the best medicines known are combined in Parker's Ginger Tonic, into a medicine of such varied powers, as to make it the greatest Blood Purifier and the Best Health & Strength Restorer Ever Used. It cures Rheumatism, Sleeplessness, & diseases of the Stomach, Bowels, Lungs, Liver & Kidneys, & is entirely different from Bitters, Ginger Essences and other Tonics, as it never intoxicates. Hiscox & Co., Chemists, N. Y. Large Saving Buying Dollar Size.

REAL ESTATE AGENCY.

If you want to purchase or sell lands upon favorable terms, call on or write to

JNO. M. CALDWELL,
REAL ESTATE AGENT,
Jacksonville, Ala.

No charge for examination of titles where there is either sale or purchase. aug13—t

H. L. STEVENSON. L. W. GRANT

STEVENSON & GRANT,
Real Estate Agents
-JACKSONVILLE, ALA.

Real estate bought and sold.—Books open at law office of Mr Stevenson

LAND FOR SALE.

Thirteen and one third acres of good arable land can be bought on reasonable terms, and a clear title given, by applying to
jan28—tf C. W. BREWTON.

WANTED

Good fat young beef cattle—Fat Sheep and Spring Lambs. A liberal price will be paid on delivery to
N. BOYER,
june18—tf. At Anniston, Ala.

TRADE S.S.S. MARK

PERRY, GA., April 14, 1875.

I have watched the use of the medicine now known as "Swift's Syphilitic Specific" over fifty years, and have never heard of a failure to cure when properly taken. I commenced the use of it on my slaves, between 1850 and 1855, as also did a number of my neighbors and in every case that came within my knowledge it effected a cure. In 1835 Geo. Walker bought at auction a slave not warranted. After the purchase it was discovered that he had had syphilis for twelve years. His head was without hair on it. He treated him with this remedy, and in four weeks he was sound and well, and in a short time had as fine a head of hair as was ever owned by a negro. He owned this slave many years, and he never had any return of the disease, nor lost a day's work.

H. L. DENNARD

Price of regular size reduced to $1.75 per bottle—small size $1

The SWIFT SPECIFIC COMPANY, Proprietors, Atlanta, Ga., Sold by Druggists everywhere. Call for a copy of "Young Men's Friend." feb1—2m

HORSE BOOKS
Dirt Cheap!

Some months back we ordered several hundred volumes of a valuable Horse Book, to be used as premiums to subscribers. The time for which we offered the book as a premium expired and left a number of the books on our hands. To clear them out, we will sell them below cost. The book contains ninety-one pages and is copiously illustrated. It is full of valuable receipts for the treatment of diseases of the horse. It has been largely sold in this county for fifty cents. We will sell it for TEN CENTS at this office, or FIFTEEN CENTS when ordered by mail. Parties ordering by mail may pay in postage stamps. Address,

REPUBLICAN OFFICE,
Jacksonville, Ala.

Write your name and post office plainly.

NOTICE FARMERS.

Messrs. Stevenson & Grant have perfected an arrangement with a New York House by which they can fill orders for first class Agricultural Machinery. See them before you order. The House they represent, and whose goods they will handle is one of the largest in the North, and their prices defy competition. If you want a steam engine, hay press, Cotton press, reaper, mower, sulkey plow, or anything, call on them.
oct8—tf.

H. A. SMITH'S
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL
MUSIC
—AND—
BOOK STORE,
Rome, Ga.

Just opening out an immense stock of Writing Desks, Work Boxes, Toilett Setts, China and Glass Vases, Motto Cup, Saucers and Mugs, Fancy Glass Inkstands, Stationery, Photograph and Autograph Albums, Bibles, Prayer Books, Poetical and standard works, Juvenile books, Pictures, Picture Frames, Tin, China and Rubber Toys in great variety, Wax Dolls, Games, Silver-plated Ware, suitable for wedding and holiday presents, Gold Pens, Port Monaies, and a thousand novelties.

Piano's and Organs, of the best make, at wholesale prices. Orders by mail solicited. Prices cheerfully given.
dec4 H. A. SMITH.

NOTICE NO. 1462.

LAND OFFICE AT MONTGOMERY, ALA.
February 18th 1882.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before A. Woods, Judge of Probate at Jacksonville, Ala., on April 3d, 1882 viz: Wiley Argo, Homestead No. 6743 for the lot No 4, Section 36, Township 12 S, Range 8 E.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz: Susan Armstrong, Francis Walker, John Wilson, and John T. Young, all of Allsups, Calhoun county, Alabama.

THOMAS J. SCOTT.
feb25—5. Register.

NOTICE NO. 1443.

Land Office,
MONTGOMERY, ALA.,
Feby 28th, 1882.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Clerk of the Circuit Court, P. D. Ross, at Jacksonville, Ala., on April 15th, 1882, viz: Joe Green, Homestead application No 6516, for the E ½ of S W ¼ Sec. 6, Township 15, South, Range 9, East.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz, S. M. Pruitt, Wyly M. Snider, L H Rutledge and Thomas Ford, all of Jacksonville, Calhoun county, Ala.

THOMAS J. SCOTT,
march4—5t Register.

AGRICULTURE.

ARTIFICIAL HEAT FOR FOWLS.—During the cold winter months, when the thermometer not only goes far below zero but remains there and we draw closer to our fires or furnaces, exposing ourselves as little as possible to the severe cold, we naturally think more in regard to the use of artificial heat for fowls, and perhaps some of us are inclined to make experiments for ourselves. This is a good idea if properly carried out, but one should understand thoroughly just what he proposes to accomplish by this experiment. At the first glance it seems to be the most natural thing in the world to give fowls the benefit of artificial warmth, on the principle that what is beneficial for man cannot be hurtful for fowls. But let us consider the question for a moment. If your sole object is the fattening of your birds and the production of eggs without regard to the future welfare of your stock, then by all means use artificial heat, for there is no question but that this is desirable in the production of fat and eggs. If you begin this treatment, however, remember that you must not let the fire go out or the heat abate below a certain point, for if this happens your labor will have been thrown away and your stock injured, since fowls are very susceptible to chills and sudden colds after being accustomed to artificial warmth. If you wish to breed from your present stock retain a portion of it in your yards for a longer time than the present winter. It probably would be a mistake to resort to artificial heat, as it surely enervates and renders delicate the stock subjected to its influence, and the result is poor, puny specimens for chicks and a debilitated stock. On the whole, then, for general purposes, it is better not to rely on extraneous heat, but have your fowl houses well protected and as large a proportion of glass in the south and east sides as possible. This will usually furnish sufficient warmth, and even where it is a little cool it is better for the fowls (admitting the loss of a few eggs at the present time), than it is to furnish too great an amount of heat and thereby render your entire stock weak and debilitated. This course would also prevent allowing the fowls any range, as the change from a heated room to the cold air without would be too great a one for safety. The variety, however, makes quite a difference, as a hardy, vigorous fowl like the Plymouth Rock will endure change of all kinds much better than a delicate one like the Spanish. The Plymouth Rock, moreover, does not necessarily demand the range required by the Spanish and Leghorn, and for that reason, as well as many others, is the best breed or variety for general use.

EFFECT OF COMFORT ON THE QUALITY OF THE MILK.—The quiet and comfort of the cow has much to do with the quality of her milk. In hot weather, the annoyance produced by flies, and excitement caused by fighting them, makes the night's milk still poorer than it otherwise would be. Chemical analysis has shown a great falling off of fat in the milk of the same cow when chased by a dog. Any unusual excitement of the cow affects the fat in her milk. Ex-of heat and cold also affect the milk. In a case where cows went into a stream in hot weather, and stood several hours in the water above the knee, there was a falling off of the butter product from the same quantity of milk. This is accounted for by the extra food required to keep up the animal heat, in consequence of the heat being carried off by the water.

When we consider the fact that milk is secreted from the blood, we can readily see the effect that must be produced by excitement on the nervous system of the cow. In a case occurring in the city of Albany, N. Y., where a nervous cow was milked by a passionate man, who whipped and otherwise ill-treated her at milking, the milk was given to a child who had been healthy, but, after using this milk, became ill and suffered from intestinal irritation, followed by a fever which seemed to affect the brain and nervous system. This illness was traced directly to the milk of this ill-treated cow.

PRESERVING EGGS.—Several plans have been tried with more or less success. To preserve eggs, the pores of the shell must be stopped up, for two reasons: to prevent the entrance of the air, and consequent spoiling of the contents; and to prevent the evaporation of the moisture of the egg and a drying up of the contents. Placing the eggs in a net or basket, and plunging them for a few seconds in boiling water, long enough to cook or solidify a thin film of white next to the shell, is successfully practiced in some families, but it would spoil the eggs for sale. Closing the pores by smearing the shell with lard, suet or linseed oil, has been tried with more or less success. Many years ago a patent was taken out for the use of shellac varnish for the same purposes. The care required in the use of the varnish, as each egg must be treated separately, and as a slight uncovered space would allow the egg to spoil besides the discoloration prevented this from coming into use.

GYPSUM—PLASTER OF PARIS.—When gypsum, or crude plaster, is heated to 272 degrees it loses the water it naturally contains, and becomes plaster of Paris. Though the operation is called "burning," it takes place at a comparatively low temperature. When mixed with water, it re-unites with that, and becomes chemically the same as it was before, and when re ground is probably as valuable a fertilizer as the "raw stone." We say "probably," as we are not sure that it is quite so soluble as at first, though it is not likely that there is any perceptible difference in this respect. The usual time for applying gypsum on clover is in the spring, when vegetation is just starting.

WHENEVER you see a hawk fly off with a chicken, follow him at a distance sufficient to allow him to get well a-going with his repast before you molest him, but be sure and frighten him away before he has devoured the whole chicken. Then set your steel trap where you find your chicken, covering it well with feathers for bait, and, in a few minutes after you are out of sight, the unsuspecting pirate will pounce down and take possession of that trap in a way that will allow you to carry him home at your leisure.

PRUNING THE NORWAY SPRUCE.—Pruning may be done for very opposite ends. If the spruce is planted as a hedge or screen, then it needs to be dwarfed rather than encourage to grow upward. Cutting back the new growth, before it has yet hardened, is generally done in June; this has the effect to keep the tree in a dwarf, compact form. If the object is merely to regulate the shape, by removing or shortening certain branches, it may be done in autumn at any time before severe weather comes. For cutting away the lower limbs of a Norway spruce, or other evergreen, there is no one "proper time."

CORN FODDER.—Well-cured corn fodder has a feeding value almost equal to hay, and yet this fact is only appreciated by a few farmers. Cut up fine—butts and all—and fed with bran and corn meal, it is first-rate provender; nor should it be forgotten that the butts are the best part.

DOMESTIC.

BLACK BEAN SOUP.—Wash and soak over night in tepid water one pint of black beans. In the morning add four quarts of cold water, a ham bone, and boil slowly till the beans are soft, replenishing the water as it boils away. Rub the beans through a colander, masning them, and return to the kettle, having taken out the ham bone. Chop two hard boiled eggs, and slice one lemon very thin, add a pinch of red pepper and salt if the ham bone has not made it salt enough. If you wish, you can mould a quarter of a pound of sausage meat into small balls the size of a marble and throw them into the soup for forcemeat balls, and cook about ten minutes. You should have three quarts of soup for this quantity of beans, and it should have the thickness of turtle soup. Black beans are 9 cents a pint, lemons are 2 cents a piece, two eggs cost 6 cents; so that the delicious and nourishing dish need cost but 20 cents, when eggs are near the highest. Instead of the ham bone, any meat bone can be used, or a pig's foot or calf's foot, skinned, make a very rich soup of this foundation. But it requires no meat bone of any description provided you salt it freely.

[Wausau Central Wisconsin.]

Being asked concerning the Oil, Mr. Aug. Kickbush informed the questioner that St. Jacob's Oil had proved an excellent and most useful remedy in every family that had used it. A large majority of cases pronounced incurable have been entirely cured.

THE culture of osier willows is a specialty that pays only under favorable circumstances, such as a suitable location and soil and a steady market for them. The demand is unsteady and very limited, and the soil suitable is low, moist, wet ground. They can be raised most profitably on the edges of ditches made to drain swamps; the cuttings are planted along the ditches on the soil or muck thrown out and may be ready for gathering the third year, when the roots throw up a large amount of shoots. The kind of willow grown is a shrub and not a tree, and throws up a cluster of thin stems, which grow to the height of six to ten feet. These willows make excellent bands for binding corn-stalks.

GROWTH OF TIMBER.—As the result of observation, and from the testimony of reliable men the following is about the average growth in twelve years of the leading desirable varieties of timber, when planted in belts or groves and cultivated: White maple, one foot in diameter and 30 feet high; ash, leaf maple or box elder, one foot in diameter and 20 feet high; white willow, one and a half feet in diameter and 50 feet high; yellow willow, one a half feet in diameter and 34 feet high; Lombardy poplar, 10 inches in diameter and 40 feet high; blue and white ash 10 inches in diameter and 25 feet high; black walnut and butternut, 10 inches in diameter and 20 feet high.

(Mt. Clemens, (Mich.) True Record.)

W. T. Lee, Esq., of this paper says: Being convinced of the efficacy of St. Jacob's Oil in curing rheumatism. I have no hesitancy in recommending it.

TO KEEP NAILS FROM RUSTING.—When nails begin to rust, it is almost impossible to stop them from becoming eaten away in a very short time; in this case prevention is better than cure. Mix one pint of linseed oil with two ounces of black lead, stirring until the whole is thoroughly incorporated; heat the nails red hot and steep them in the mixture. They should then be well drained and shaken up in an old nail-bag until dry. The linseed oil and black lead cover them with a film of varnish which is impervious to wet. The above proportions will serve for an almost indefinite quantity.

SALT OR MILK RISING BREAD.—Take 1 cup of sweet milk, two of boiling water, and a tablespoonful of salt. While hot stir in enough corn meal to make a thin batter; let it stand till cool. Add enough flour to thicken well and set in a warm place, beating it up occasionally to make it rise better. After this yeast has risen sufficiently add flour and knead into loaves; place them into pans to rise again, and bake. In making up the second time put a little more salt in, as the quantity put in the yeast is scarcely sufficient to season the bread.

ONE REMEDY FOR ONE DOLLAR.—There is but one way to cure baldness, and that is by using CARBOLINE, a deodorized extract of petroleum, the natural petoleum hair renewer. It will positively do the work and it is the only article that will.

TREATMENT OF SOFT CORNS.—A small piece of sal-ammoniac dissolved in two tablespoonfuls spirits of wine, and the same quantity of water. Saturate a small piece of sponge or linen rag, and place it between the toes, changing it twice a day. This will cause the skin to harden, and the corn may be easily extracted. A good remedy for soft corns is common chalk rubbed on the corn every day, and a piece of cotton wool worn between the corns affected, to prevent pressure; the chalk appears to dry up the corn.

No Woman Need Suffer

when Warner's Safe Kidney and Liver Cure can be so easily obtained and so safely used.

PORK SAUSAGES.—Have two thirds lean and one third fat pork, and chop very fine. Season with three ounces of salt and one ounce and a half of pepper to every ten pounds of meat, with powdered sage to suit the taste. Warm the meat so that you can mix it well with your hands. Mix it well, and pack in jars. When used, do it up in small cakes, and fry in butter or alone. It should be kept where it is cool, but not damp. Sausages made in this way are very nice for breakfast.

STEAMED PUDDING.—Two eggs, two teacupfuls of sour milk, one teaspoonful of soda, a little salt, flour enough to make it quite thick, or it will be heavy. Beat this smooth. Add cherries, raspberries, currants, or any dried fruit you may have. Steam two hours, taking care that the water is kept over the pudding or bag all the time, and that it does not stop boiling. Eat with cream and sugar, hard sauce or any liquid sauce you may prefer.

After all, a gentle purgative is the best means for curing headache, liver complaint, biliousness, etc. Take "Sellers' Liver Pills."

STEAM PIPES.—As regards the best method of protecting steam pipes, flocculent or fibrous materials, which are poor heat conductors, are to be preferred, and, if possible, an air space should be left between the pipe and the inner wall of the covering. Hair, felt, loosely felted wool, shoddy, so called mineral wool, asbestos, cork scraps, etc., are all good non-conductors. A trench about the pipe filled with sawdust, answers very well for underground pipes.

HUMOROUS.

AN Austin House couple, belonging to the highest circle, that had not been married very long, were overheard conversing a few evenings ago. "George, you seem to have grown cold and indifferent. Do you never think of those happy strolls we used to take when we were only engaged?" "Yes," he snarled, "I think of those happy days before we were married every time you open your potato trap."

The Age of Miracles

is past, and Dr. Pierce's "Golden Medical Discovery" will not raise the dead, will not cure you if your lungs are almost wasted by consumption. It is, however, unsurpassed both as a pectoral and alterative, and will cure obstinate and severe diseases of the throat and lungs, coughs, and bronchial affections. By virtue of its wonderful alterative properties it cleanses and enriches the blood, cures pimples, blotches, and eruptions, and causes even great eating ulcers to heal.

THERE is one thing about sewing on buttons. A man may not be able to do the job as quickly as a woman and he may miss the eye of the button and run the needle into his thumb nine jabs out of ten, but when he gets the task completed and breaks off the thread with a jerk, you may be sure that button will be on his pantaloons long after they are worn through at the knees.

AT a police court: "Prisoner, you are accused of uttering seditious cries at two o'clock this morning. What have you to say?" "I did, your honor, but, yon see it was a pretty lonely neighborhood, and there have been a good many street robberies of late, and (with a fascinating smile), I knew I could depend on the patriotic zeal of the police!"

THE story is told of a minister who said, when one of his flock wept over the financial deficit in connection with a Christian enterprise: "My dear friend, never mind the tears; this thing can't be run by water?" This is a valuable suggestion to some who give sympathy much more easily than they give money.

Dr. Pierce's "Favorite Prescription," for all those weaknesses peculiar to women, is an unequalled remedy. Distressing backache and "bearing down" sensations yield to its strength giving properties. By druggists.

THE Marquis of Bute started a daily paper in Wales, and, after sinking about $400,000 in the concern, shut up the shop. As a Marquis he is all right, but in journalism the Bute is on the other leg.

Mrs. Cleanwell is what may be called pizen nice. Cleanwell says when he caught his better half washing off the Easter eggs he had paid half a dollar apiece for, he became convinced that there was such a thing as being too neat.

"HE blew out his brains after bidding his wife good bye with a gun." "Erected to the memory of John Phillips, accidentally shot as a mark of affection by his brother." "A piano for sale by a lady about to cross the Channel in an oak case with carved legs."

Get the Original.

Dr. Pierce's "Pellets"—the original "Little Liver Pills" (sugar-coated)—cure sick and bilious headache, sour stomach, and bilious attacks. By druggists.

"CAN you let me have some clabber?" asked a traveler at a farm-house not far from town. "You can't have any," replied the honest farmer; "I've just given it to the hogs. First come, first served, you know."

PROFESSOR—Which is the most delicate of the senses? Sophomore—The touch. Prof.—Prove it. Soph.—When you sit on a tack. You can't hear it; you can't see it; you can't taste it; but it's there."

A COUPLE of ladies were walking in a cemetery, when one of them pointed to a lovely vale and said: "There's the spot where I hope to be buried, if my life be spared."

Troublesome Children,

that are always wetting their beds ought not to be scolded and punished for what they cannot help. They need a medicine having a tonic effect on the kidneys and the urinary organs. Such a medicine is Kidney-Wort. It has specific action. Do not fail to get it for them.—*Exchange.*

"HAVE some milk this morning?" asked the milkman of Toozer, who stood at the bank door. "No, not this milk, some udder milk," said the little one. And the milkman walked a chalk line away from the house.

A MAN who had his advertisement painted on a sprinkling cart is around with a search warrant looking for the cart. The poorest newspaper has a better circulation than the dampest sprinkling cart, even in a drought.

I had severe attacks of gravel and kidney trouble; was unable to get any medicine or doctor to cure me until I used Hop Bitters, and they cured me in a short time. —A DISTINGUISHED LAWYER OF WAYNE Co., N. Y.

SOME men who are too poor to take a newspaper will pay $50 a year for tobacco and three times as much for whiskey. It is a glorious thing that this is a free country.

THERE is no type small enough in which to appropriately set up the name of a person who can find infinite enjoyment in a typographical error in a newspaper.

SAM, you are not honest. Why do you put all the good peaches on the top of the measure, and the little ones below?" "Same reason, sah, dat make de front of your house marble, and de back gate chiefly slop bar'l, sah."

COLORLESS AND COLD.—A young girl deeply regretted that she was so colorless and cold. Her face was too white, and her hands and feet felt as though the blood did not circulate. After one bottle of Hop Bitters had been taken she was the rosiest and healthiest girl in the town, with a vivacity and cheerfulness of mind gratifying to her friends.

THE difference between a cat and a comma is that one has the claws at the end of the paws, while the other has the pause at the end of the clause.

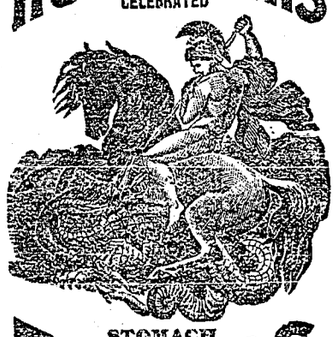
A MAN who is true as steel, possessing an iron will, some gold and a fair proportion of brass, should be able to endure the hardware of the world.

A clergyman says: "A young woman died in my neighborhood yesterday while I was preaching in a beastly state of intoxication."

To Lydia E. Sindbam—Dear girl, that sweet smile haunts us still.

DR. BULL'S COUGH SYRUP

HOSTETTER'S CELEBRATED STOMACH BITTERS



A remedy with such a reputation as Hostetter's Stomach Bitters deserves a fair trial. If you are dyspeptic, your malady will eventually yield to it; if you are feeble, lack flesh and feel despondent, it will both build and cheer you up; if you are constipated, it will relieve, and if bilious, healthfully stimulate your liver. Don't despond, but make this effort in the right direction.

For sale by all Druggists and Dealers generally.

MRS. LYDIA E. PINKHAM, OF LYNN, MASS.

Yours for Health
Lydia E. Pinkham

LYDIA E. PINKHAM'S VEGETABLE COMPOUND.

Is a Positive Cure

for all those Painful Complaints and Weaknesses so common to our best female population.

It will cure entirely the worst form of Female Complaints, all ovarian troubles, Inflammation and Ulceration Falling and Displacements, and the consequent Spinal Weakness, and is particularly adapted to the Change of Life.

It will dissolve and expel tumors from the uterus in an early stage of development. The tendency to cancerous humors there is checked very speedily by its use.

It removes faintness, flatulency, destroys all craving for stimulants, and relieves weakness of the stomach. It cures Bloating, Headaches, Nervous Prostration, General Debility, Sleeplessness, Depression and Indigestion.

That feeling of bearing down, causing pain, weight and backache, is always permanently cured by its use.

It will at all times and under all circumstances act in harmony with the laws that govern the female system.

For the cure of Kidney Complaints of either sex this Compound is unsurpassed.

LYDIA E. PINKHAM'S VEGETABLE COMPOUND is prepared at 233 and 235 Western Avenue Lynn, Mass. Price $1. Six bottles for $5. Sent by mail in the form of pills, also in the form of lozenges, on receipt of price, $1 per box for either. Mrs. Pinkham freely answers all letters of inquiry. Send for pamphlet. Address as above. *Mention this Paper.*

No family should be without LYDIA E. PINKHAM'S LIVER PILLS. They cure constipation, biliousness and torpidity of the liver. 25 cents per box.

Sold by all Druggists.

HOP BITTERS.

(A Medicine, not a Drink.)

CONTAINS

HOPS, BUCHU, MANDRAKE, DANDELION,

AND THE PUREST AND BEST MEDICAL QUALITIES OF ALL OTHER BITTERS.

THEY CURE

All Diseases of the Stomach, Bowels, Blood, Liver, Kidneys, and Urinary Organs, Nervousness, Sleeplessness and especially Female Complaints.

$1000 IN GOLD.

Will be paid for a case they will not cure or help, or for anything impure or injurious found in them.

Ask your druggist for Hop Bitters and try them before you sleep. Take no other

D. I. P. is an absolute and irresistible cure for Drunkenness, use of opium, tobacco and narcotics.

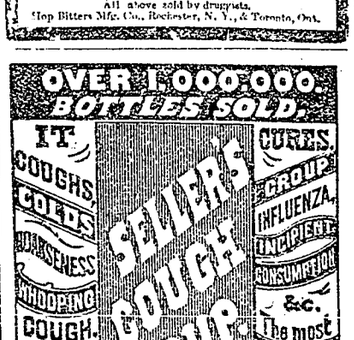
SEND FOR CIRCULAR.

All above sold by druggists.

Hop Bitters Mfg. Co., Rochester, N. Y., & Toronto, Ont.

OVER 1,000,000 BOTTLES SOLD.

IT COUGHS, CURES, CROUP, INFLUENZA, INCIPIENT CONSUMPTION, &c. The most PLEASANT AND EFFICACIOUS REMEDY IN USE. COLDS, COUGHS, BRONCHITIS, ASTHMA, WHOOPING COUGH, HOARSENESS



R. E. SELLERS & CO.
—PITTSBURGH, PA.—

LINDSEY'S BLOOD SEARCHER, THE GREAT BLOOD AND LIVER PURIFIER

FRAZAR'S BURLESQUE INITIATION OF A CANDIDATE.

Fourth edition. Secret work exposed (?) Price of set of Rituals $5, money order or registered letter. Performed by secret societies and social gatherings all over the United States, and received with shouts of laughter. Send for circular with full explanations, notices of the press.

Address: DOUGLAS FRAZAR, Joint Auditor, Boston & Maine Pass. Depot, Boston, Mass.

SAW MILLS *The Best is Cheapest.* For Descriptive Circular and Prices write THE AULTMAN & TAYLOR CO., Mansfield, Ohio.

SILVER WATCHES FREE!

Every week Solid Silver Hunting-case Watches are given away with The Boys' Companion. The names of those who get watches are published each week. It is the Best Boys' Paper in the World. Send 5 cents for a sample copy to

CHAMPION PUBLISHING CO., 194 William St., New York City.

$777 A YEAR AND EXPENSES TO Agents. Outfit free. Address P. O VICKERY, Augusta, Me.

Two well dressed ladies were examining a statue of Andromeda labled "Executed in terra cotta." Says one, "Where is that?" "I am sure I don't know," replied the other, "but I pity the poor gial wherever it was."

"WHEW! Coming up the stairs takes the wind out of me," remarks the gentleman who climbs to the editorial rooms to give advice about running the paper. "So glad," says the editor, shaking him by the hand, and the gentleman thinks the editor is glad to see him.

On a pleasant fall day some persons will thoughtlessly expose themselves as in summer, and take a severe cold. For such, immediate relief offers itself in Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup. 25 cents a bottle.

A Brooklyn man has just found his sister, from whom he had been separated for fifty years. She was the cook in his boarding house, and he recognized her style of hash.

WE are sometimes so impressed by a fellow man's estimate of his importance that we tremble at the mere suggestion of what might have been if the Lord had forgotten to make him.

"My Back Aches So

and I feel miserable," said a hard working man. The doctor questioned him and found he had been habitually costive for years, that now his kidneys were disordered and his whole system deranged. Kidney-Wort was recommended and faithfully taken and in a short time every trouble was removed. The cleansing and tonic power of this medicine on the bowels and kidneys is wonderful.—*Congregationalist.*

STATISTICS show that woman commit suicide most frequently on Sunday. It is on that day that the humiliation of having to wear last season's bonnet is most keenly felt.

CORPSE stealing is getting so prevalent that dead heads at the theatres have begun to get uneasy.

OF course Ruth wanted a beau, but no one has been able to determine why she choose such a Boas she did.

We are strongly disposed to regard that person as the best physician who does most to alleviate human suffering. Judged from this standard, Mrs. Lydia E. Pinkham, 233 Western Avenue, Lynn, Mass., is entitled to the front rank, for her Vegetable Compound is daily working wonderful cures in female diseases. Send for circular to the above address.

A Vassar college girl, upon being asked if she liked codfish balls, said she never attended any.

"TAKE your time," as the jeweler said to the customer who had forgotten his chronometer.

IT is supposed that the reason the sailor returns after many days is because he was bred on the waters."

Allen's Brain Food

Cures Nervous Debility and Weakness of Generative Organs, $1—all druggists. Send for circular. Allen's Pharmacy, 312 First av., N. Y.

THE man who has no stomach for good humor is the man who has a bad humor in his stomach.

A MAN is like a fog when he is an extreme mist.

ABOUT the only American vessels that now bring anything are the beer schooners.

A most righteous judgment awarded Dr. Lindsey for the wonderful cures performed by his "Blood Searcher."

SARATOGA CORN CAKE.—Four eggs, half pound of sugar, quarter pound of butter, one quart of milk, half ounce of soda, salt, one pound of corn meal, one pound of flour one ounce of cream tartar. Beat well together with eggs and sugar, melt the butter and add the milk with the soda dissolved in it and salt; stir thoroughly and add corn meal and flour, with the cream tartar well mixed in it. Bake in a moderate oven, and eat hot with butter.

"50,000 Persons Cured,"

is the glorious record of "Anakesis," and none but these afflicted with piles, that most painful and persistent of all diseases, will fully understand or appreciate the significance of such an announcement. Only those who have wasted time, money and health on ointments, lotions, electuaries and the innumerable worse than useless nostrums and catch-pennies put forth to deceive the ignorant, or what is even more unsatisfactory, suffered from the empirical and routine practice of careless or ignorant doctors, can realize how great a boon an infallible remedy for piles must be, or how great a benefactor to the human race the discoverer, Dr. Silsbee is. Anakesis is not the chance blunder of inexperience, but the result of 40 years' practice and study of Piles by an accomplished and scientific physician. It is now endorsed by the most intelligent physicians of all schools and admitted to be the nearest to an infallible remedy known. It is simple, safe and easy of application, relieves pain at once, helps up the sensitive tumors, soothes, compresses and medicates the diseased parts and ultimately cures the worst cases, and any one who will follow the advice of Dr. Silsbee in the printed circular need never have Piles again. It is the only proprietary medicine we ever saw that not only cures but tells its customers how to prevent the disease. Sufferers with Piles should write to P. Neustaedter & Co., Box 3946 New York, for a sample of "Anakesis," which will be sent free.

Skinny Men.

Wells' Health Renewer. Absolute cure for nervous debility, dyspepsia, mental or physical decline. $1 at druggists. Prepaid by express, $1 25, 6 for $5. E. S. WELLS, Jersey City, N. J.

On Thirty Days' Trial.

The Voltaic Belt Co. Marshall, Mich., will send their Electro-Voltaic Belts and other Electric Appliances on trial for thirty days to any person afflicted with Nervous Debility, Lost Vitality, and kindred troubles, guaranteeing complete restoration of vigor and manhood.

Address as above without delay.

P. S.—No risk is incurred, as 30 days' trial is allowed.

MESSRS. MORGAN & HEADLY Mutual Life Building, Tenth and Chestnut street, have on hand a superb stock of extra fine quality Diamonds, which they offer at as low prices as stones of the first quality, perfect alike in color and shape, can be sold for.

YOUNG MEN if you want to learn Telegraphy in a few months, and be certain of a situation, address VALENTINE BROS. Janesville, Wisconsin.

CONSUMPTION.

I have a positive remedy for the above disease; by its use thousands of cases of the worst kind and of long standing have been cured. Indeed, so strong is my faith in its efficacy, that I will send TWO BOTTLES FREE, together with a VALUABLE TREATISE on this disease to any sufferer. Give Express and P.O. address. DR. T. A. SLOCUM, 181 Pearl St., New York.

YOUNG MEN if you want to learn Telegraphy in a few months, and be certain of a situation, address VALENTINE BROS. Janesville, Wisconsin.

250

CARD COLLECTORS—A handsome set of cards for 3-cent stamp. A. G. BASSETT, Rochester, N. Y.

Time Testers and Burden Bearers.

From time immemorial the horse has been man's best friend. But a few years back we can all remember the comparatively little attention paid to this most indispensable of animals. We say comparatively little attention, for the horse was as well groomed, and certainly as well fed, as now; and at those great gatherings—agricultural shows—you would see the pride of the county and State stables and farms assembled. But there was a conspicuous want of noble draught horses, and as for speeders—well, 2:40 was the great ultimate limit that owners in those days desired to strive for. But now a 2:40 animal is esteemed a fair roadster, and fine animals only deserve the name when they can shade the first quarter of the third minute. There have been immense strides forward in the right development of horseflesh in the civilized countries of the world, as shown by the time-records of the racers and

draught capacity of the humbler, but really more useful, work-horse. Many things have conspired to effect this desirable end, chief among which have been the intelligent care and consideration bestowed upon the animal in his every relation—in a word, upon the breeding. And this has not failed to include a very serious modification of the old methods of treatment, doing away, in many cases, with the inhuman and really savage plans pursued in the eradication of even simple disorders and ailments, and substituting rational measures of relief instead. A prominent factor of this reform, and one indorsed by owners, breeders, farmers and stockmen the country over, is ST. JACOBS OIL, recognized by all who have used it as an exceptionally good remedy for the ailments of the horse and stock generally, meeting more indications for its use and effecting far better results than any article of a curative or remedial nature ever introduced. Such breeders and horsemen as Aristides Welch, Esq., of Erdenheim, near Philadelphia; Mike Goodin, Esq., Belmont Park, Pa.; Calvin M. Priest, formerly in charge of Mr. Robert Bonner's stock, New York; and thousands of others throughout the country, who could be named, are on the list of unqualified endorsers of the efficacy of ST. JACOBS OIL.

KIDNEY-WORT

THE ONLY MEDICINE

IN EITHER LIQUID OR DRY FORM

That Acts at the same time on

THE LIVER, THE BOWELS, AND THE KIDNEYS.

WHY ARE WE SICK?

Because we allow these great organs to become clogged or torpid, and poisonous humors are therefore forced into the blood that should be expelled naturally.

KIDNEY-WORT

WILL SURELY CURE

KIDNEY DISEASES,

LIVER COMPLAINTS,

PILES, CONSTIPATION, URINARY DISEASES, FEMALE WEAKNESSES, AND NERVOUS DISORDERS,

by causing free action of these organs and restoring their power to throw off disease.

Why suffer Billous pains and aches?
Why tormented with Piles, Constipation?
Why frightened over disordered Kidneys?
Why endure nervous or sick headaches?

Use KIDNEY-WORT *and rejoice in health.*

It is put up in Dry Vegetable Form, in tin cans one package of which makes six quarts of medicine. Also in Liquid Form, very Concentrated, for those that cannot readily prepare it.

☞ It acts with equal efficiency in either form. GET IT OF YOUR DRUGGIST. PRICE, $1.00

WELLS, RICHARDSON & Co., Prop'r's,

(Will send the dry post-paid.) BURLINGTON, VT.

FITS A Leading London Physician establishes an Office in New York for the Cure of EPILEPTIC FITS.

FROM AM. JOURNAL OF MEDICINE.

Dr. A.B. Meserole (late of London), who makes a specialty of Epilepsy, has without doubt treated and cured more cases than any other living physician. His success has simply been astonishing; we have heard of cases of over 20 years' standing successfully cured by him. He has published a work on this disease, which he sends, with a large bottle of his wonderful cure, free to any sufferer who may send their express and post-office address. We advise any one wishing a cure to address,

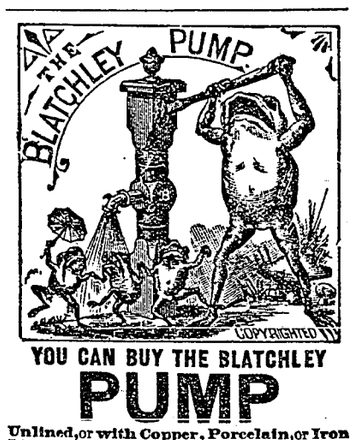
DR. A.B. MESEROLE, No. 36 John St., New York.

FOR LADIES ONLY.

The "Ladies Medical Association" Remedies for all diseases of women are prepared by the most competent and reliable physicians, who have made such diseases a special life study. Patients can be successfully treated by mail. ADVICE FREE. Letters STRICTLY CONFIDENTIAL. Send description of symptoms, or if not in need of remedies, send for our "Hints to Ladies," which gives novel and interesting information FOR LADIES ONLY. It will please you. Free. Address Mrs. SARAH J. VAN BUREN, Secretary, 192 Franklin Street, Buffalo, N. Y.

DIARY FREE for 1882, with improved Interest Table, Calendar, etc. Sent to any address on receipt of two Three-Cent Stamps. Address, CHARLES E. HIRES, 48 N. Delaware avenue, Philadelphia.

WHEN WHERE AND HOW to advantageously purchase or settle Western Farm Lands. 12 columns of invaluable illustrated matter by one of the Editors just returning from a 5,000 mile inspection tour. Send 15c. for February AMERICAN AGRICULTURIST, English or German, 751 Broadway, New York.



YOU CAN BUY THE BLATCHLEY PUMP

Unlined, or with Copper, Porcelain, or Iron Linings. Each one stenciled with my name as manufacturer is warranted in material and construction. For sale by the best houses in the trade. If you do not know where to get this pump, write to me as below, and I will send name of agent nearest you, who will supply you at my lowest prices.

CHAS. G. BLATCHLEY, Manufacturer, 308 Market St., Philadelphia, Pa.

HEALTH IS WEALTH

WEALTH BODY is WEALTH of

Radway's

SARSAPARILLIAN RESOLVENT

Pure blood makes sound flesh, sound and a clear skin. If you would have your firm, your bones sound without caries, and complexion fair, use Radway's Sarsaparilian Resolvent.

A remedy composed of ingredients of ordinary medical properties essential to heal, repair and invigorate the broken-down wasted body—QUICK, PLEASANT, SAFE, PERMANENT in its treatment and cure.

No matter by what name the complaint may be designated, whether it be Scrofula, Consumption, Syphilis, Ulcers, Sores, Tumors, Erysipelas, or Salt-Rheum, Diseases of the Lungs, Kidneys, Bladder, Womb, Skin, Stomach or Bowels, either chronic or constitutional, the virus of the disease is in the blood which supplies the waste, and builds and repairs these organs and wasted tissues of system. If the blood is unhealthy, the repair must be unsound.

The Sarsaparillian Resolvent is a compensating remedy, but secures the moalous action of each of the organs, establishes throughout the entire system harmony, and supplies the blood-vessels with pure and healthy current of new life. Then after a few days use of the Sarsaparillian Resolvent comes clear and beautiful. Pimples, Black Spots and Skin Eruptions are removed, Sores and Ulcers soon cured. Persons suffering from Scrofula, Eruptive Diseases of the Skin, Mouth, Ears, Legs, Throat and Glands, have accumulated and spread, either from cured diseases or mercury, or from the use of Corrosive Sublimate, may rely upon a cure. The Sarsaparillian is continued a sufficient time to make its impression on the system.

One bottle contains more of the active principles of medicines than any other preparation. Taken in Teaspoonful Doses, while others require five or six times as much. One Dollar Per Bottle.

MINUTE REMEDY.

Only requires minutes not hours to Relieve pain and cure acute disease.

RADWAY'S

Ready Relief

In from one to twenty minutes, never fails relieves PAIN with one thorough application, no matter how violent or excruciating the Rheumatic, Bed-ridden, Infirm, Crippled, Nervous, Neuralgic or prostrated with disease may suffer, RADWAY'S READY RELIEF will afford instant ease.

Inflammation of the Kidneys, Inflammation of the Bladder, Inflammation of the Bowels, Congestion of the Lungs, Sore Throat, Difficult Breathing, Palpitation of the Heart, Hysterics, Croup, Diphtheria, Catarrh, Influenza, Headache, Toothache, Neuralgia, Rheumatism, Cold Chills, Ague Chills, Chilblains, Frost Bites, Bruises, Sunstroke, Complaints, Nervousness, Sleeplessness, Coughs, Colds, Sprains, Pains in the Chest, Back or Limbs are instantly Relieved.

Fever and Ague.

FEVER and AGUE cured for 50 cents. There is not a remedial agent in this world that will cure Fever and Ague, and other Malarious, Bilious, Scarlet, Typhoid, Yellow and other Fevers (aided by Radway's Pills) so quickly as RADWAY'S READY RELIEF.

It will in a few moments, when taken according to directions, cure Cramps, Spasms, Sour Stomach, Heartburn, Sick Headache, Diarrhœa, Dysentery, Colic, Wind in the Bowels, and all Internal Pains.

Travelers should always carry a bottle of Radway's Ready Relief with them. A few drops in water will prevent sickness or pains from change of water. It is better than French Brandy or bitters as a stimulant.

Miners and Lumbermen should always be provided with it.

CAUTION.

All remedial agents capable of destroying pain by an overdose should be avoided. Morphine, opium, strychnine, arnica, hyoscamus, and other powerful remedies, does at certain times in very small doses, relieve the patient during their action in the system. But perhaps the second dose, if repeated, may aggravate instead of crease the suffering, and another dose cause death. There is no necessity for using these uncertain agents when a positive remedy like Radway's Ready Relief will stop the most excruciating pain quicker, without entailing the least difficulty in either infant or adult.

THE TRUE RELIEF.

RADWAY'S READY RELIEF is the only remedial agent in vogue that will instantly stop pain.

Fifty Cents Per Bottle.

RADWAY'S

Regulating Pills

Perfect Purgatives, Soothing Aperients, Act Without Pain, Always Reliable, and Natural in their Operation.

A VEGETABLE SUBSTITUTE FOR CALOMEL.

Perfectly tasteless, elegantly coated with sweet gum, purge, regulate, purify, cleanse and strengthen.

RADWAY'S PILLS, for the cure of all Disorders of the Stomach, Liver, Bowels, Kidneys, Bladder, Nervous Diseases, Headache, Constipation, Costiveness, Indigestion, Dyspepsia, Biliousness, Fever, Inflamation of the Bowels, Piles, and all derangements of the Internal Viscera. Warranted to effect a perfect cure. Purely vegetable, containing no mercury, minerals or deleterious drugs.

☞ Observe the following symptoms resulting from Diseases of the Digestive Organs: Constipation, Inward Piles, Fullness of the Blood in the Head, Acidity of the Stomach, Nausea, Heartburn, Disgust of Food, Fullness or Weight in the Stomach, Sour Eructations, Sinking or Fluttering at the Heart, Choking or Suffocating Sensations when in a lying posture, Dimness of Vision, Dots or Webs before the Sight, Fever and Dull Pain in the Head, Deficiency of Perspiration, Yellowness of the Skin and Eyes, Pain in the Side, Chest, Limbs, and Sudden Flushes of Heat, Burning in the Flesh.

A few doses of RADWAY'S PILLS will free the system from all the above-named Disorders.

Price, 25 Cents Per Box.

We repeat that the reader must consult our books and papers on the subject of diseases and their cure, among which may be named:

"False and True,"
"Radway on Irritable Urethra,"
"Radway on Scrofula,"

and others relating to different classes of diseases.

SOLD BY DRUGGISTS.

READ "FALSE AND TRUE."

Send a letter stamp to RADWAY & CO., No. 32 Warren, Cor. Church St., New York.

☞ Information worth thousands will be sent to you.

NO PAY TILL CURED. Sufferers from Nasal and Bronchial catarrh, whose case defies a sure, permanent cure, without risk of failure or expense, until a cure is effected, will address at once Dr. WM. HANSCHE, Centreville, Ind.

SONGS, One Cent Each

1 Baby Mine.
6 The Old Cabin Home.
12 See That My Grave's Kept Green.
13 Grandfather's Clock.
28 Where Was Moses when the Light
34 Sweet By and By. [Went Out.
36 Whoa, Emma. [Maggie.
38 When you and I were Young
46 When I Saw Sweet Nellie Home.
48 Take this Letter to My Mother.
49 A Model Love Letter,—comic
53 Wife's Commandments.—com