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WALTER VON DER VOGELWEIDE.

Vogelweid the Minnesinger,
When he left this world of ours,
Laid his body in the cloister
Under Wurtzburg's minster towers.

And he gave the monks his treasures,
Gave them all with this behest:
They should feed the birds at noontide
Daily on his place of rest;

Saying: "From these wandering minstrels
I have learned the art of song;
Let me now repay the lessons
They have taught so well and long."

Thus the bard of love departed;
And, fulfilling his desire,
On his tomb the birds were feasted
By the children of the choir.

Day by day, o'er tower and turret,
In foul weather and in fair,
Day by day, in vaster numbers,
Flocked the poets of the air.

On the tree whose heavy branches
Overshadowed all the place,
On the pavement, on the tombstone,
On the poet's sculptured face.

On the crossbars of each window,
On the lintel of each door,
They renewed the War of Wartburg,
Which the bard had fought before.

There they sang their merry carols,
Sang their lauds on every side;
And the name their voices uttered
Was the name of Vogelweid.

Till at length the portly abbot
Murmured, "Why this waste of food?
Be it changed to loaves henceforward
For our fasting brotherhood."

Then in vain o'er tower and turret,
From the walls and woodland nests,
When the minster bells rang noontide,
Gathered the unwelcome guests.

Then in vain, with cries discordant,
Clamorous round the Gothic spire,
Screamed the feathered Minnesingers
For the children of the choir.

Time has long effaced the inscriptions
On the cloister's funeral stones,
And tradition only tells us
Where repose the poet's bones.

But around the vast cathedral,
By sweet echoes multiplied,
Still the birds repeat the legend,
And the name of Vogelweide.

Beautiful Teresita.

It was on a beautiful May day in the year 1521 that the Spanish city of Toledo, which at that time was one of the largest in the Old World, and which then contained a population of upward of two hundred thousand inhabitants, was thrown into an intense state of commotion by the appearance of a royal herald, bearing aloft a large white flag, and demanding an immediate interview with Senor Juan De Padilla, the insurgent commander of the population of Toledo. For just then Toledo, like many other Spanish cities, had risen in arms against the government, Charles the Fifth having immediately upon his election as German Emperor, revoked all the prerogatives of the cities of Castile, and formed an alliance with the nobility, which, until then, had been decidedly hostile to the Crown.

Charles had at first paid little attention to the insurrection, and had left for Germany, after ordering General Brock, a Belgian, to deal with the insurgents as severely as possible. Brock was assasinated in broad daylight on the Plaza Nueva of Seville, just as he was riding to the execution of one hundred and seventeen insurgent prisoners.

His successor was a Spanish grandee, Enrique, Duke De Marano, who set the prisoners free, in the hope that that act of clemency would restore order throughout the kingdom.

Such, however, was not the case. The insurrection, which had assumed a democratic character, assumed every day more formidable proportions.

A democratic army, about twenty thousand strong, took the field under the leadership of Percival Bernardo, who achieved several victories over the united hosts of the royal and noble forces.

Meanwhile Toledo, the principal seat of the insurrection was placed in a state of great strength.

Thirty thousand armed citizens, commanded by Juan De Padilla, formed the garrison.

Juan De Padilla was a young nobleman imbued with democratic and progressive sentiments. He was beloved by the poor, to whom he made munificent donations. A splendid orator, an educated soldier, and a man of intrepidity, he seemed to have been destined by nature for a popular leader. He had a beautiful, spirited wife, Donna Teresita, who heartily sympathized with her husband's democratic aspirations, and who appeared daily among the citizen soldiery in order to cheer and encourage them in their arduous labors.

When the above mentioned royal herald made his appearance in front of the Terre Grande of Toledo, with a flag of truce, the citizens manning the walls received him with loud execrations.

"Kill the dog of Don Carlos!" they cried.

Stones were hurled at him, but he seemed fearless, and exclaimed, in a ringing tone of voice:

"The insurgents have been routed at Torrelabop. Percival Barnaido fell in that battle. His Majesties troops have taken ten thousand prisoners. Don Enrique Duke De Marano, wishes to see Senor Juan De Padilla at San Fernando, in order to grant your demands. He pledges his word as a Spanish grandee that Senor De Padilla shall be treated with due honors, and not a hair of his head shall be harmed at San Fernando."

This offer created a profound sensation among the people of Toledo. Some were inclined to believe that the herald's story was a tissue of falsehoods, but most of them thought it was true, but all concurred in Juan De Padilla not to obey the summons of the Duke De Marano.

Juan De Padilla, however, declared he would go.

"I know that the Duke is an honorable man," he exclaimed, "and if our cause is lost, I can make better terms with him for you than anybody else."

His beautiful wife, Teresita, threw herself at his feet, and implored him not to go.

"Oh, Juan!" she cried, in an agony of despair, "you know that I am able sometimes to forsee future events. Now I implore you to stay, for I know that you will never come back!"

But Don Juan De Padilla was inflexible. He mounted his charger, caused the gate to be opened, and rode to meet the herald, who thereupon escorted him to San Fernando. There the Duke de Marano received him with studied politeness. Greatly to the disgust of the royal officers he put no restraint upon the movements of the young insurgent leader.

During the night some masked royal officers forced the door of Juan De Padilla's bed room, and carried him off to Seville, where Cardinal Lariedo caused him to be beheaded a few days after his arrival.

When the Duke De Marano heard that his pledges had been so wantonly broken, he was so mortified that he committed suicide.

His successor in command of the army was Captain General De Xivarez, a brutal, bloodthirsty scoundrel, and an ultra royalist. He sent Juan De Padilla's head on a pike to Toledo with the message that in their leader's doom the insurgents might see the fate that was in store for them.

This act raised the fury of the insurgents to the highest pitch. They resolved to offer Xivarez the most desperate resistance, and as their leader they chose, strangely enough, that most beautiful lady, Teresita De Padilla.

Her husband's murder had transformed her into a heroine worthy of the palmiest days of Sparta and Rome,

Her first act, it is true, was one of great cruelty, for she caused fifty-one of King Charle's sympathizers to be summarily beheaded, and their heads she sent to Xivarez.

Then she strengthened the fortifications of the city still further, and when Xivarez appeared in front of the city with the vanguard of his army, she headed a nocturnal sortie, and succeeded in routing the royal troops. Upon re-entering Toledo Teresita was the object of a rapturous ovation. The citizens bestowed upon her the title of Teresita La Valiante.

Meanwhile Xivarez was by no means inactive, and a week later he re-appeared with twelve thousand troops in the environs of Toledo.

He approached the city very cautiously until a pretended deserter from the insurgent forces circulated among his soldiers the report that Teresita De Padilla would henceforth cause all royalist prisoners to be tortured to death.

A panic broke out in Xivarez's camp; the troops refused to obey him any longer; and when he in impotent rage declared that he would punish their mutinous spirit by having them decimated, they killed him, and dispersed.

Teresita pursued them, and caused all prisoners that were taken to be hung on the spot. This created such a panic among the royaltsts that a whole month elapsed before another army of the crown appeared in front of Toledo.

This force was commanded by Ronald Yberra, one of the best engineers of that period.

It took him nearly six months to breach the wall of the city. The first assault resulted in a total defeat of the storming party. But Yberra was a man of iron energy and tenacity of purpose. Every unsuccessful attempt made him only more determined to take the city at any cost.

At length he was successful. Toledo lost ten thousand of her citizens. Yberra's losses were still heavier.

Among the prisoners was Teresita La Valiante.

Charles the Fifth had just returned from Germany. He was curious to see the beautiful heroine who had inflicted such terrible losses upon his army. She was heavily ironed and taken to Madrid, where the young sovereign visited her in her dungeon.

Had she madifested a spirit of submissiveness, Charles would have spared her life; but she predicted hautily to him that, although the most powerful monarch in the world, he also would be the most wretched one, and that he would die the death of a mangy cur.

This touched Charles in his most tender spot; for he was decidedly superstitious. Hence he ordered her to be killed, and ten minutes after he had left her the executioner entered her dungeon, and strangled her to death.

Revise the Time of Day.

Why shouldn't we call an International Congress and revise the time o' day? We are revising the Bible by a Committee of Nations, and next to the Bible time is the most precious thing we all have in common. There is no more reason why we should have 12 o'clock twice a day than there is to repeat the years in a century. "A. M." and "P. M." are awkward and unnecessary, and "23 o'clock" is as easy to say as "11 P. M."

Grizel Cochrane.

When the tyranny of the last King James drove his subjects to take up arms against him, one of the most formidable enemies to his dangerous usurpation was Sir John Cochrane, one of the most prominent actors in Argyle's rebellion. For ages a destructive doom seemed to have hung over the house of Campbell, enveloping in a common ruin all who united their fortunes to the cause of its chieftains.

The same doom encompassed Sir John Cochrane. He was surrounded by the king's troops—long, deadly and desperate was his resistance, but at length, overpowered by numbers, he was taken a prisoner, tried, and condemned to die on the scaffold. He had but a few days to live, and his jailer only awaited the arrival of his death-warrant to lead him forth to execution. His family and his friends had visited him in prison, and exchanged with him the last the long, the heart-yearning farewell. But there was one who came not with the rest, to receive his blessing—one who was the pride of his eyes and of his house—even Grizel, the daughter of his love.

Twilight was casting a deeper gloom over the grating of his prison-house, he was mourning for a last look of his favorite child, and his hand was pressed against the cold, damp walls of his cell, to cool the feverish pulsation that shot through it like stings of fire, when the door of his apartment turned slowly on its unwilling hinges, and the keeper entered, followed by a young and beautiful lady. Her person was tall and commanding; her eyes dark, bright and tearless; but this very brightness spoke of sorrow—of sorrow too deep to be wept away; and her raven tresses were parted over an open brow, clear and pure as the polished marble. The unhappy captive raised his head as they entered.

"My child! my own Grizel!" he exclaimed, and she fell upon his bosom.

"My father! my dear father!" sobbed the miserable maiden, and she dashed away the tear that accompanied the words.

"Your interview must be short—very short," said the jailer, as he turned and left them for a few minutes together.

"Heaven help and comfort thee, my daughter!" added Sir John, while he held her to his breast, and printed a kiss upon her brow; "I had feared that I should die without bestowing my blessing on my own child, and that stung me more than death; but thou art come, my love—thou art come—and the last blessing of thy wretched father—"

"Nay, father, forbear!" she exclaimed; "not thy last blessing! not thy last! My father shall not die?"

"Be calm, be calm, my child!" returned he. "Would to heaven that I could comfort thee!—my own! my own! But there is no hope; within three days, and thou and all my little ones will be—"

Fatherless, he would have said, but the word died on his tongue.

"Three days!" repeated she, raising her head from his breast, but eagerly pressing his hand; "three days!—then there is hope—my father shall live! Is not my grandfather the friend of Father Petre, the confessor and the master of the king? From him he shall beg the life of his son, and my father shall not die."

"Nay, nay, my Grizel," returned he, "be not deceived; there is no hope. Already my doom is sealed; already the king has sealed the order for my execution, and the messenger of death is now on the way."

"Yet my father shall not—shall not die!" she repeated emphatically, and clasping her hands together. "Heaven speed a daughter's purpose!" she exclaimed; and turning to her father, said calmly, "we part now, but we shall meet again!"

"What would my child?" inquired he, eagerly, and gazing anxiously on her face.

"Ask not now," she replied, "my father, ask not now, but pray for me, and bless me—but not with thy last blessing."

He again pressed her to his heart, and wept upon her neck. In a few moments the jailer entered, and they were torn from the arms of each other.

On the evening of the second day after the interview we have mentioned, a wayfaring man crossed the drawbridge at Berwick from the north, and proceeding along Marygate, sat down to rest upon a bench by the door of an hostelry on the south side of the street, nearly fronting what was called the "mainguard" then stood. He did not enter the inn, for it was above his apparent condition, being that which Oliver Cromwell made his headquarters a few years before, and where, at a somewhat earlier period, James the Sixth of Scotland had taken up his residence, when on his way to enter on the sovereignty of England. The traveler wore a coarse jerkin, fastened round his body by a leather girdle, and over it a short cloak, composed of equally plain materials. He was evidently a young man, but his beaver was drawn down so as almost to conceal his features.

In one hand he carried a small bundle, and in the other a pilgrim's staff. Having called for a glass of wine, he took a crust of bread from his bundle, and after resting a few minutes, rose to depart. The shades of night were setting in, and it threatened to be a night of storms. The heavens were gathering black, the clouds rushing from the sea, sudden gusts of wind were moaning along the streets, accompanied by heavy drops of rain, and the face of the Tweed was troubled.

"Heaven help thee! if thou intendest to travel far in such a night as this," said the sentinel at the English gate, as the traveler passed him, and proceeded to cross the bridge.

In a few minutes he was upon the wide, desolate and dreary moor of Tweedmouth, which for miles presented a desert of furze, fern and stunted heath, with here and there a dingle covered thick brushwood. He slowly toiled over the steep hill, braving the storm, which now raged with the wildest fury. The rain fell in torrents, and the wind howled as a legion of famished wolves curling its doleful and angry echoes over the heath. Still the stranger pushed onward until he had proceeded two or three miles from Berwick, when, as if unable longer to brave the storm, he sought shelter amid some crab and bramble bushes by the wayside. Nearly an hour had passed since he sought this imperfect refuge, and the darkness of the night and the storm had increased together when the sound of a horse's feet was heard hurriedly plashing along the road. The rider bent his head to the blast. Suddenly his horse was grasped by the bridle; the rider raised his head, and the stranger stood before him, holding a pistol to his breast.

"Dismount!" cried the stranger, sternly.

The horseman, benumbed and stricken with fear, made an effort to reach his arms; but in a moment the hand of the robber, quitting the bridle, grasped the breast of the rider, and dragged him to the ground. He fell heavily on his face, and for several minutes remained senseless. The stranger seized the leathern bag which contained the mail to the north, and flinging it on his shoulder, rushed across the heath.

Early on the following morning the inhabitants of Berwick were seen hurrying in groups to the spot where the robbery had been committed, and were scattered in every direction over the moor, but no trace of the robber could be obtained.

Three days had passed, and Sir John Cochrane yet lived. The mail which contained his death-warrant had been robbed, and before another order for his execution could be given, the intercession of his father, the Earl of Dundonald, with the king's confessor might be successful. Grizel now became almost his constant companion in prison, and spake to him words of comfort. Nearly fourteen days had passed since the robbery of the mail had been committed, and protracted hope in the bosom of the prisoner became more bitter than his first despair. But even that hope, bitter as it was, perished. The intercession of his father had been unsuccessful; and the second time the bigoted and would be despotic monarch had signed the warrant for his death, and within little more than another day that warrant would reach his prison.

"The will of heaven be done!" groaned the captive.

"Amen!" responded Grizel, with wild vehemence; "yet my father shall not die."

Again the rider with the mail had reached the moor of Tweedmouth, and the second time he bore with him the doom of Sir John Cochrane. He spurred his horse to his utmost speed—he looked cautiously before, behind, and around him, and in his right hand he carried a pistol ready to defend himself. The moon shed a ghostly light across the heath, which was only sufficient to render desolation dimly visible, and it gave a spiritual embodiment to every shrub. He was turning the angle of a straggling copse, when his horse reared at the report of a pistol, the fire of which seemed to flash into its very eyes. At the same moment his own pistol flashed, and his horse rearing more violently, he was driven from the saddle. In a moment the foot of the robber was upon his breast, who, bending over him, and brandishing a short dagger in his hand, said:

"Give me thine arms or die!"

The heart of the king's servant failed within him, and without venturing to reply, he did as he was commanded.

"Now go thy way," said the robber, sternly, "but leave with me thy horse, and leave the mail, lest a worse come upon thee."

The man arose and proceeded toward Berwick, trembling; and the robber, mounting the horse which he had left, rode rapidly across the heath.

Preparations were making for the execution of Sir John Cochrane, and the officers of the law awaited only for the arrival of the mail with his second death-warrant to lead him forth to the scaffold, when the tidings arrived that the mail had again been robbed. For yet fourteen days, and the life of the prisoner would be again prolonged. He again fell on the neck of his daughter and wept and said:

"It is good—the hand of heaven is in this!"

"Said I not," replied the maiden, and for the first time she wept aloud, "that my father should not die?"

The fourteen days were not past, when the prison door flew open, and the Earl of Dundonald rushed to the arms of his son. His intercession with the confessor had been successful, and after twice signing the warrant for the execution of Sir John, which had as often failed in reaching its destination, the king had sealed his pardon.

He had hurried with his father from the prison to his own house; his family was clinging around him, shedding tears of joy; but Grizel, who, during his imprisonment, had suffered more than they all, was again absent. They were marveling with gratitude at the mysterious providence that had twice intercepted the mail, and saved his life, when a stranger craved an audience. Sir John desired him to be admitted and the robber entered. He was habited, as we have before described—with the coarse cloak and coarser jerkin—but his bearing was above his condition. On entering, he slightly touched his beaver, but remained covered.

"When you have perused these," said he, taking two papers from his bosom, "cast them in the fire."

Sir John glanced on them—started, and became pale. They were his death warrants.

"My deliverer!" he exclaimed; "how—how shall I thank thee—how repay the savior of my life? My father—my children—thank him for me!"

The old earl grasped the hand of the stranger—the children embraced his knees. He pressed his hand to his face, and burst into tears.

"By what name," eagerly inquired Sir John, "shall I thank my deliverer?"

The stranger wept aloud, and raising his beaver, the raven tresses of Grizel Cochrane fell on the coarse cloak!

"Gracious heavens!" exclaimed the astonished and enraptured father, "my own child—my savior—my own Grizel!"

It is unnecessary to add more. The imagination of the reader can supply the rest; and we may only add that Grizel Cochrane, whose heroism and noble affection we have here briefly and imperfectly sketched, was the grandmother of the late Sir John Stewart of Allanbank, in Berwickshire, and great grandmother of Mr. Coutts, the celebrated banker.

Canary and Retriever.

A friend of mine had a pet canary, while her brother was the owner of a retriever that was also much petted. One day the canary escaped from the house and was seen flying about the grounds for several days, and when it perched it was generally on high elm trees. At last it vanished, and the dear little pet was mourned for as lost or dead. But after the interval of another day or so the retriever came in with the canary in his mouth, carrying it most delicately, and went up to the owner of the bird, delivering it into her hand without even the feathers being injured. Surely nothing could illustrate more beautifully faithful love and gentleness in a dog than this.

Helmet Crests.

The helmet crests are very curious birds, and are at once known by the singular pointed plume which crowns the top of the head, and the long beard-like appendage to the chin. They all live at a very considerable elevation, inhabiting localities of such extreme inclemency that few persons would think of looking for a humming bird in such frozen regions. There are several species of helmet crest, and their habits are well described by Mr. Linden, the discoverer of Linden's helmet crest, in a letter written to Mr. Gould, and published in his monograph of the humming birds.

"I met with this species for the first time in August, 1842, while ascending the Sierra Nevada de Merida, the crests of which are the most elevated of the eastern part of the Cordilleras of Columbia. It inhabits the regions immediately beneath the line of perpetual congelation, at an elevation of from 12,000 to 13,000 feet above the level of the sea. Messrs. Funck and Schlim found it equally abundant in the Paramos, near the Sierra Nevada, at the comparatively low level of 9,000 feet. It appears to be confined to the regions between the eighth and ninth degrees of north latitude.

"It occasionally feeds upon the thinly-scattered shrubs of this icy region, such as the hypericum, myrtus, daphne, aborescent espeletias, and towards the lower limit on bejarias, but most frequently upon the projecting ledges of rocks near to the snow. Its flight is swift, but very short; when it leaves the spot upon which it has perched, it launches itself obliquely downward, uttering at the same time a plaintive whistling sound, which is also occasionally uttered while perched, as well as I can recollect. I never heard it produce the humming sound made by several other members of the same group, nor does it partake of their joyous spirit or perpetual activity. Neither myself nor Messrs. Funck or Schlim were able to discover its nests, although we all made a most diligent search.

"Its food appears principally to consist of minute insects, all the specimens we procured having their stomachs filled with small flies."

The head and neck of the adult male are black, a line of white running along the centre. The long plumes of the throat are white. Round the neck and the back of the head runs a broad white band. The upper surface of the body and the two central tail feathers are bronze-green, and the other feathers are a warm, reddish bronze, having the basal half of their shafts white. The under surface is a dim, brownish bronze. The length of the male bird is about 5½ inches. The female is coppery brown upon the head and upper surface of body, and there is no helmet-like plume on the head nor beard-like tuft on the chin. The throat is coppery brown, covered with white mottlings, and the flanks are coppery brown washed with green. The length of the female is about one inch less than that of her mate.

Smuggling.

A remarkable case of smuggling has recently come to light at Rome. For some time past it had been observed that large quantities of goods, especially sugar, arrived in Rome and were declared "in transit," thus being free of the octroi duties. Goods thus declared are warehoused outside the city walls, and thence are either carried to the villages round Rome or brought into the town in small quantities, paying duty as they come in; so that there would have been nothing remarkable in the business except the magnitude of the operations, and this excited suspicion. A watch was set and it was found that the goods were all stored in a small warehouse outside the Porta Angelica, the gate under the Vatican, and that they apparently never came out again either in large or small quantities. The sharpness of a revenue officer, or more probably a traitor in the camp, suggested that there must be an underground passage into the town, and special watch was kept on the houses inside the city walls. On December 28, thirty-four casks of sugar arrived as usual "in transit," and were taken to the suspected store, and next morning before daylight two carts were observed to enter the court-yard of a house just inside the walls which was under surveillance. After setting watchers on the house outside the police entered the one inside the walls, and there found the thirty-four casks of sugar loaded on the carts which had entered empty, and a further search revealed a hole in the ground covered with boards and loose earth. Entering this by a short ladder, the police found themselves in a tunnel about six feet high and three feet wide, running underneath the town wall and ditch straight to the warehouse outside; rails were laid down on the ground, and in the warehouse was found a little truck to run on them. The tunnel was nearly 100 yards long, and some notion may be formed of how profitable a business smuggling is when successful, when it is considered that it could pay those who carried it on to construct a tunnel of such dimensions.

A Competent Juror.

Lawyer—Have you any fixed opinion about anything?

Juror—No.

Lawyer—If a murder were committed before your eyes, and it were proved that you did not see it, would you clear the prisoner on such proof?

Juror—No, indeed.

Lawyer—Is your mind so porous that it can leach out all past fact, memory, impression and sense of justice?

Juror—It can.

Lawyer—Would you acknowledge on due evidence that you were not yourself, but somebody else?

Juror—I would.

Lawyer—Are you sure, without due legal proof, that it is I who am speaking to you now?

Juror—I am not.

Lawyer—You assume that this is the year 1880 A. D., but you are open to the conviction, on due and sufficient evidence, that it may be 1880 B. C., are you not?

Juror—I am.

Lawyer—You are of the masculine gender?

Juror—I am.

Lawyer—But on due and sufficient evidence being produced you would even in this respect be willing to admit you might be mistaken?

Juror—I might.

Lawyer—Swear this gentleman. He is the juror we long have sought and mourned because we found him not.

Death of Lord Edward Fitzgerald.

Among the Irishmen who took part in the events which led to the rebellion of 1798, and stood out boldly to denounce and resist the corrupt despotism beneath which their country groaned, there are few who hold so high a place as Lord Edward Fitzgerald. It was patriotism wholly disinterested, that urged him to the lengths he went; and had the cause he espoused been gained, instead of lost, he would have been ranked among the heroes of modern history. As it is, his memory will always be cherished by his countrymen. * * *

It was now the 19th of May. Three more days had to pass, and the standard of revolt would be raised throughout the island. He had by him a map on which the projected attack on Dublin had been sketched with his own hand. His uniform as a rebel general—"dark green edged with red, together with a handsome military cap, of a conical form," were concealed in the loft overhead. One wonders whether he felt sure of the triumph of his cause, or whether any drops of misgiving had mingled in the cup of hope. He certainly little suspected that a couple of informers, greedy for a share of secret service money, had already betrayed him, that Town-Majors Sirr and Swan, with Captain Ryan and a number of soldiers, were assembling at the door of the house in which he lay.

Murphy presently went up to Lord Edward's bed-room with the intention of offering him a cup of tea; but he had hardly begun speaking, when a great commotion was heard below. Then came the sound of hurried footsteps ascending the stairs. The next moment, Major Swan walked in. He told Lord Edward that he had come to arrest him. "You know me, my Lord," were his words, "and I know you; it will be in vain to resist."

Upon this, Lord Edward leaped up from the bed with a wave bladed dagger, which he carried about him, raised ready to strike. The Major, seeing his intention, discharged at him a pocket pistol, the bullet of which grazed his shoulder. The shock threw Fitzgerald backward, but he was up again in an instant, and aimed a vigorous blow at Swan, who, though he parried it in a measure, was stabbed in the side. Captain Ryan now rushed in armed with a sword-cane, and seizing Lord Edward, threw him on the bed, receiving however, as he did so, a deep and dangerous wound in the stomach. When the struggling men regained their feet Ryan was bleeding from a number of gaping cuts, but holding on with steady courage to his prisoner. Swan was kept for the moment aloof by the ferocity with which Lord Edward laid about him with his dagger.

In the meantime, Major Sirr was engaged in placing pickets round the house; but on hearing the report of Swan's pistol he entered and hastened up stairs, with his own pistol at full cock. On reaching the second landing he found Fitzgerald writhing between his captors, both of whom, bleeding and exhausted, clung around his legs. "Without hesitation," writes Sirr, in a letter describing the sanguinary scene, "I fired at Lord Edward's dagger arm (lodging several slugs in his shoulder) and the instrument of death fell to the ground."

Fitzgerald staggered back; but, wounded as he was, he continued his efforts to get free. It was not until a guard of soldiers had been called up, who forced him to the ground with the weight of their firelocks, that he became quiescent. He was then carried down to the hall, where he made a final and desperate attempt to escape, during which somebody from behind—a drummer, it is said—inflicted a wound in the back of his neck, which added much to his sufferings at the last. He was removed in a sedan chair to the Castle under a military guard of a treble strength, for it was thought that the mob, which had assembled in force along the route, might attempt the rescue of their idol. Indeed so fully was a rising with that object expected that the Dublin garrison remained under arms throughout the night.

At the Castle, his wounds—at first pronounced to be not dangerous—were dressed. While this was being done, a Mr. Watson, the Lord Lieutenant's private secretary, asked him whether he would like any message delivered to Lady Edward.

"No, no," was his reply, "thank you, nothing—nothing. Only break it to her tenderly."

From the Castle he was removed to Newgate on the requisition of the magistrates, inasmuch as the frightful injuries he had inflicted on Captain Ryan were declared by the doctors to be mortal.

At first it was thought that Lord Edward would recover from his wounds. But for this rest was necessary, and with a mind disturbed as his was rest was out of the question. How terrible a prospect was that which lay before him—a trial, which could only result in one way, followed by an ignominious death on the scaffold. On the last day of the month, he heard of the death of Captain Ryan. Remorse for a deed committed in a transport of fury, and the thought that, to the other charges against him, there was now added that of murder, affected him deeply. Awaking from a short and troubled sleep, on the morning of the second of June, he heard a commotion outside his prison window. Inquiring the cause, he was told that the execution of the rebel Clinch was taking place. The same night he was in a raging fever, and delirious. His frantic exclamations could be heard outside the prison walls.

Most of his near kindred—mother, step-father and sisters—were now in England; but an aunt and brother (Lady Louisa Conolly and Lord Henry Fitzgerald) were in Dublin, and urgently appealing to the clemency of the Viceroy and Chancellor (Lords Camden and Clare) for admission to their suffering relative. Their appeals were sternly rejected, until the Surgeon-General, who was attending the prisoner, pronounced his condition to be hopeless. They were then admitted.

Lord Edward Fitzgerald was now calm. His wandering senses returned as his strength ebbed, and he recognized the faces of those he loved so well at his bedside. "It is heaven to me to see you!" were his few faint words, as they bent in anguish over him.

"He smiled at me," writes Lady Louisa, in her touching account of the scene, "which I shall never forget, though I saw death in his dear face at the time."

The interview did not last long. The dying man's thoughts were evidently confused, and he spoke but little. His aunt and brother left him, promising to return next day; but they had really bid adieu to him forever. Three hours after their departure he breathed his last.

The Republican.

SATURDAY, April. 2, 1881.

THAT GRAB.

In writing up last week the attempted grab of a large slice of the money appropriated to the relief of maimed soldiers, we expressed the belief that the State Auditor knew nothing of it. We are glad this week to be able to state that we were correct in this surmise. The Auditor has written a letter to Judge Woods, in which he says that his department knows nothing of the blank forms sent out containing the clause conferring power of attorney on Mr. Watts to draw the money. Judge Woods had written to the Auditor's office for blanks, and in a few days the forms at which we complained last week came. The natural inference was that they came from the Auditor's office in response to the requisition of Judge Woods. Since the disclaimer of the Auditor, it is evident that the forms were prepared by outside parties and sent to the Probate Judges with the hope that they would be used. The Auditor, in his letter to Judge Woods, says that it is his duty under the law to transmit the warrants on the Treasury in favor of maimed soldiers to the Probate Judges of their respective counties, and that parties can doubtless be found, as heretofore, to draw out the money on the warrant and transmit the same to the soldiers free of charge. If Probate Judges have in any instance used the bastard forms sent out from Montgomery it is their duty to recall them and only fill in blanks sent from the Auditor's office. There is no use in making maimed soldiers pay a fee to anybody in connection with this business.

Since the above was in type, we have received the following letter. It completely exhonorates the Auditor, as we were confident the facts would, when brought out. Mr. Watts very frankly avows the paternity of the little game, and goes further to advertise himself as "on the make," and tell us "all is fish that comes to his net." Perhaps after this avowal, it was superfluous for him to add that he never expected to be a candidate for any office.

MONTGOMERY, ALA., March 29 1881.
HON. L. W. GRANT,

DEAR SIR:—I have seen your editorial on the Maimed Soldier relief Act and your remarks about the Auditor and myself.

You do the Auditor great injustice in even intimating that he was at all concerned in sending out the forms to which you allude. I had them printed for the purpose of my individual gain and mailed quite a number to each Probate Judge in the State.

If I can legitimately make a fee out of a maimed soldier or any other species of humanity, you may confidently rely upon the fact that I intend to do so—notwithstanding the editorial comments of you, my dear sir, or any one else. I too, was wounded in the army, but was not materially disabled. I am not and never expect to be a candidate for any office, because I feel that I am competent without such assistance to paddle my own canoe.

Please give this the same prominence you did the editorial referred to and thereby oblige

Yours very truly,
JNO. W. WATTS.

Since the above letter has been in type we have received a letter from the Auditor in which he says he was shocked and grieved when he learned of the attempt to exact a fee out of the maimed soldiers, and that he had issued a notice to Probate Judges in regard to the Watts' blanks. We will publish the Auditor's letter next week.

ANNISTON.

Just think of Calhoun county manufacturing cloth which goes to China, and yet that is what Anniston is doing, and at the rate of twelve thousand yards a day. At least this will be the outturn of the factory in a short while. The company are making it with wonderful rapidity now and the work is just fairly inaugurated. The factory when complere will be nearly twice as large as it is now, and a new one is to be built right away of still greater capacity. We ran down to Anniston for half a day and looked through the factory for the first time last week, and were astonished at the magnitude, the machinery, the system and everything appertaining to the enterprise. Suffice it to say that it is a grand enterprise, and, when the company work out their designs, it will be one of the biggest things in the South. We have a sample of the cloth manufactured there now on our desk, sent by Col. Tyler, and no cloth of the kind comes from any market that can beat it. With this kind of a beginning what may be expected of it in the future? We acknowledge courtesy of Col. Jeffers who introduced us at the factory and of Mr. Steiger, who showed us through and took great pains to explain everything in detail. At present the company are working about one hundred and fifty hands, many of them native and living near the factory. These will be added to as new looms are put in operation The company are rapidly constructing handsome cottages for the use of operatives, and Anniston begins to wear a city like appearance. New streets have been opened out, and all along their fronts, new buildings are going up with magic quickness. These are taken eagerly as fast as built. Thirty new buildings for dwellings are already under contract. The company will at an early day begin the erection of large buildings for stores, a large hotel, and a school house. A twelve thousand dollar church will be speedily built and a three thousand dollar parsonage will go up at the same time. The company have projected and have in process of completion a system of water works larger than the Rome water works and which will supply a city of ten thousand inhabitants. The well to supply water to the reservoir is ten or fifteen feet in diameter and curbed with cast iron. It is of a piece with all the work done by this enterprising company—solid, durable and costly. The gas works look to be about half finished. They may never be completed, as the electric light will probably be employed. There is no town in the state so substantially built as Anniston, and, when it is completed none will be so handsome. The streets are wide and well graded. The land is undulating and the style of architecture varied and tasteful The handsome residences of Messrs Tyler and Noble, the heads of the company, occupy heights at a little distance from and overlook the town—that of the later just drawing to completion. Broad avenues lead up to each. The grounds of Col. Tyler, whose house has been longest completed, are laid off with consumate taste. Back of these grounds lies his private farm, on which is kept his blooded cattle.

Here is what energy and pluck will do for a country. Nine years ago Anniston was an old worn out field, that could have been bought for 2500 dollars. A year after Messrs Tyler and Noble settled it and began their improvements. A magnificent iron furnace went up and the busy hum of human industry and energy took the place of stagnation and silence. Through the time of the panic and the depression that followed Anniston grew, With returning prosperity another furnace went up and in rapid succession have followed improvement after improvement, until now Anniston is the acknowledged head of any town in the county in point of population. Lovely residences, broad streets lined with tasteful cottages, blast furnaces, cotton factories, merchant mills, churches, school houses, have taken the place of dead waste, and given life and impulse to every industry miles around. Ten years ago a hundred dollars would probably have covered the tax on the ground on which Anniston stands. Now its taxes run up into the thousands The pluck and energy and will of two hardworking and devoted men have done this for that part of Calhoun and the end is not yet. "To him that hath shall be given," and since the projectors and builders of Anniston have been so masterful in surmounting difficulties and building up their place in the face of adverse circumstances (the panic) at one stage of their career, they are now to receive extraneous aid. There seems to be no doubt of the fact that the machine shops of the S. R. & D. R. R will go there speedily, and following that the rolling mills from Rome, Ga. These will add hundreds to the population of Anniston. She will be a city in a few years, and God speed her, say we.

Mr. D. F. Shuford, of Oxford, has invented a very clever device by which any body can take a complete pattern of any article of wear, or by which a perfect fitting pattern can be taken from the human form without the use of the measuring tape. By use of it a lady can take the pattern of the dress of another while it is on the person. A more perfect fit can be had by means of this device than by any other process. It is simple, and the appliances can be sold very low. The ladies will all have it as soon as it is offered for sale, and it will be popular with tailors, on sight. It will no doubt prove highly remunerative to the clever inventor.

The last Quarterly Review, of the M. E. Church, published at Nashville, contains a most admirable tribute to the bar. We would that every young lawyer in Alabama could read it. They would more than ever respect the dignity of their noble profession, and appreciate the solemn responsibility of their position.

Last Saturday, Mr. Richardson a citizen of this county, who lived near Anniston, met a sudden and horrible death at the cotton factory at that place. In a room of the building an immense fly wheel revolves with frightful rapidity. It is provided with iron arms which connect the centre with the rim, and in its revolution cuts through a slot in the floor. It is supposed that Mr Richardson approached the wheel too closely in attempting to peer down through this cut in the floor, and, that while thus stooping forward, was struck on the head by one of the arms of the wheel. His skull was crushed frightfully and his brains scattered in every direction. His death must have been as sudden as if he had been struck by a cannon ball. No one was present at the time, else the poor gentleman would have been warned of his danger, in time, perhaps, to have saved his life. Of course no blame can attach to any of the employes of the factory.

An article copied from the Live Stock Journal demonstrates beyond doubt the practicability of "ensilage" in Calhoun county. It is certainly worth a trial by Calhoun farmers the coming season. Further particulars, if necessary, can be easily had of Messrs Bowling, who live near Alexandria.

Mr. Andrews was re-elected Marshal of Oxford by the new council.

H. L. STEVENSON. L. W. GRANT.

STEVENSON & GRANT,
Real Estate Agents
JACKSONVILLE, ALA.

☞Real estate bought and sold.—Books open at law office of Mr Stevenson

Music Lessons.

The undersiined will be pleased to receive pupils for instruction either on the piano, organ or guitar, at low rates.

She is stopping at the Reavis House, where she can be consulted as to terms.
Apl 2—5m MRS J. C. FULTON

Notice No. 715.

LAND OFFICE AT MONTGOMERY ALA. March 30 h. 1881.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named setler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Clerk of the Circuit Court at Edwardsville, Ala, on the 7th day of May, 1881, viz:

Thomas Swafford Homestead Entry No. 6188 for the E half of S E qr, and N W qr of S E qr and N E qr of S W qr Sec S T 14 S R 11 E.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of said land, viz:

Tilman B. Cole, Edmond Jackson, Seel Abney, John Abney all of Oak Level Ala.

PELHAM J. ANDERSON.
April 2, 5t. Register.

GUARDIAN'S AN. SETTLEMENT.

THE STATE OF ALABAMA, } In Probate Court
Calhoun County. } for said county,
Special Term, March 3 st 1881.

This day came R W Reid, Guardian of the estate of Thos H Burton, a minor and filed his account and vouchers for an annual settlement of his guardianship. It is ordered by the court that the 25th day of April, 1881, be and is hereby appointed the day upon which to audit and pass upon said account, and make said settlement, and that notice thereof be given for three successive weeks in the Jacksonville Republican, a newspaper printed and published in said county, as a notice to all persons interested in said settlement to be and appear before me at my office in the court house of said county, on said 25th day of April, 1881, and contest said settlement if they think proper.

A. WOODS,
april 2—3t. Judge of Probate.

Administratrix Sale.

Under and by virtue of an order of the Probate coure of Calhoun count Ala. made on the 28th day of March 1881, I will as administratrix of the Estate of L H. Wagnon dec'd sell to the highest bidder on Tuesday the 25th day of April next at the late residence of said dec'd, (six mi'es East of Oxford) the following property to wit: 2 milch cows; 1 young heifer; 1 brood sow; 7 shoats—18 head of sheep; 6 lambs; 2 good mules. Plows and and plow gear—1 lot tools—1 grind stone—1 two horse wagon 1 old buggy and harness—7 bee hives and 6 bales good cotton etc The above property will be sold on a credit of twelve months with note bearing interest from date with two solvent securities.

D. A. WAGNON.
Administratrix.
March 29th 1881.

THE STATE OF ALABAMA.
Calhoun County.

In Probate Court for said County. Special term. March 30th, 1881.

This day came W. C. Crow administrator of the estate of Daniel Hoke dec'd. and filed in Court his account and vouchers for an anual settlement of said estate.

It is therefore ordered by the Court that the 23rd day of April 1881 be and is hereby appointed the day upon which to audit and pass upon said account, and to make said settlement, and that notice thereof be given for three successive weeks prior to said day, by publication in the Jacksonville Republican, a newspaper printed and published in said county, as a notice to all persons interested, to be and appear before me at office on said 23rd day of April. 1881, and contest said settlement if they think proper.

A. WOODS.
April 2 1881. Judge of Probate.

SHERIFF SALE.

Under and by virtue of three fi fas issued from the Circuit Court of Dallas county and to me directed in favor of the County of Dallas and against, J. C S Timberlake and others, I will sell, before the court house door, in the town of Jacksonville, Calhoun county, to the highest bidder for cash, within the legal hours of sale, on the first Monday in May, (that being the 2nd day of said month) the following described real estate to wit: The west half of Section 12, Township 16, Range 8, except twenty-five acres off the west side of the S. W. fourth, also five acres, more or less, off the corner of the S. W. fourth of said half section, which lies on the north side of Choccolocco creek. All east, in the Cowan land District Calhoun county, Ala. Levied upon as the property of D. P. Gunnels.

Printers fee $6.

Also at the same time and place,

By virtue of one fi fa issued from the Circuit Court of Calhoun county, in favor of C. S. Poole and against Ellis Wallis and Jno. M. Foster, I will sell to the highest bidder for cash the following described real estate to wit: The N E qr. of the S E qr. of Section 11. Township 16, Range 8, in Calhoun county Ala. as the property of Ellis Wallis.

Prs. fee $3. JAMES E. FARMER.
April 2 1881—5t. Sheriff.

STATE OF ALABAMA, }
Calhoun County. }

In Probate Court for said county, Special Term, March 26th, 1881.

This day came Welcome Duke Adm'r with the will annexed, of the estate of Charles Duke, deceased, and filed in Court his account and vouchers for an annual settlement of said estate.

It is therefore ord red by the Court that the 25d day of April, 1881, be and is her by appointed the day upon which to audit and pass upon said account and make said settlement; and that notice thereof be given for three successive weeks prior to said day, by publication in the Jacksonville Republican, a newspaper printed and published in said county, as a notice to all persons concerned, to be and appear be'ore me at my office in the court house of said county, on said 23d day of April, 1881, and contest said settlement if they think proper,

A. WOODS,
apr5—3t Judge of Probate.

THE STATE OF ALABAMA,
Calhoun County,

In Probate Court, Special Term, arch 28th, 1881

This day came Geo. F. Mattison Adm. of the estate of Benjamin Mattison deceased, and filed in court his account and vouchers for a final settlement of said estate, as to the personal property thereof. It is ordered by the court that the 22nd day of April 1881, be and the same is hereby appointed the day upon which to hear and pass upon said account and to make said settlement, and that notice thereof be given for three successive weeks, in the Jacksonville Republican, a newspaper printed and published in said county, as a notice to all persons interested, to be and appear before me at my office, in the Court House of said county, on said 22nd day of April. 1881, and contest said settlement if they think proper.

A. WOODS,
apr5—3t Judge of Probate.

THE STATE OF ALABAMA, }
Calhoun County. }

In Probate Court for said county, Special Term, March 1, 1881.

The Tax Collector of Calhoun county, Ala., has filed in my office a list of Delinquent Tax Payers, and of Real Estate upon which taxes are due, and you and each of you are reported delinquent, and the following lands (or lots) are reported as assessed to each of you respectively: And this is to notify you and each of you to appear before me, on Monday the 11th day of April, 1881, being the 2nd Monday in said month, and the regular term of the Probate court of said county, then and there to show cause why a decree for the sale of said lands should not be made for the amount set opposite each case, as specified and set forth below with the charges thereon, due the State of Alabama, and county of Calhoun.

L. COHEN—State—Pre, No. 1,
1 House and lot in Jacksonville:

Tax,	$4 95
T C Levy,	1 00
Notice,	20
Advertising,	2 14
	$8 30

(Owner unknown)—State—Pre. No. 4
Bounded South by W H Canada and West by E J Haynie, Sec 36, T 15, R 7—80 acres.

Tax,	$3 30
T C Levy,	1 00
Notice	20
Advertising	2 15
	$6 65

WM McCURDY—State—Pre. No. 5.
In Section 9. T 15, R 6,

Tax	$13 40
T C Levy	1 00
Notice	20
Advertising	2 15
	$16 75

(Owner unknown)—Precinct No. 5.
3½-9ths interest in Cane Creek Iron Works, N ½ of S E ¼ and S ½ of N E ¼, and N W ¼ of N E ¼, and N W ¼ of S E ¼, and S ½ of S W ¼, and N E ¼ of S E ¼, and W ½ of N W ¼, and N E ¼ of S W ¼ Section 14, T 15, R 6. Also, N E ¼ of S W ¼, Section 36, T 14 and R 6. Also, S W ¼ of S E ¼, Section 36, T 15, R 6, and W ½ of S E ¼, and S W ¼ of N E ¼ of Section 1. T 15, R 6—640 acres.

Tax	$10 45
T C Levy	1 00
Notice	20
Advertising	4 10
	$15 85

(Owner unknown)—State—Pre. No. 5
N W ¼ of S W ¼ Section 5, T 15, R. 6—40 acres.

Tax	$3 40
T C Levy	1 00
Notic	20
Advertising	2 15
	$6 75

(Owner unknown)—Precinct No. 6.
N ½ of S W ¼ Section 31, T 15, R 7 80 acres.

Tax	$85 50
T C Levy	1 00
Notice	20
Advertising	2 51
	$83 85

(Owner unknown)—Pre. No. 8.
Fraction "C" South Ind. Boundary Line, Sec 5, T 13, R 9—about 45 acres.

Tax	$7 83
T C Levy	1 00
Notice	20
Advertising	2 15
	$11 18

(Owner unknown)—State—Pre. No. 8.
Fraction "B" Section 4. T 13, R 9.—40 acres.

Tax	$1 24
T C Levy	1 00
Notice	20
Advertising	2 15
	$4 59

(Owner unknown)—State—Pre. No. 12
N E ¼ of N E ¼ Section 11, T 16, R 8—40 acres.

Tax	$1 55
T C Levy	1 00
Notice	20
Advertising	2 15
	$4 90

(Owner unknown)—State—Pre. No. 13.
E ½ of N E ¼, Section 8, T 16, R 8, and W ½ of N W ¼ Section 9, T 16, R 8—160 acres.

Tax	$13 40
T C Levy	1 00
Notice	20
Advertising	2 15
	$16 55

M. F. CLEMENTS—Pre. No 15.
N E ¼ of S W ¼, Section 31, T 15, R 8—40 acres.

Tax	$4 97
T C Levy	1 00
Notice	20
Advertising	2 15
	$8 32

(Owner unknown)—Pre. No. 15.
N W ¼ of N W ¼ Sec. 36, T 15, R 8.—40 acres.

Tax	$4 75
T C Levy	1 00
Notice	20
Advertising	2 15
	$8 10

M T HUMPHRIES—State—Pre No 16
Part of fractions 11 and 14, Section 32 T 12, R 10—one acre.

Tax	$ 64
T C Levy	1 00
Notice	20
Advertising	2 15
	$3 99

Given under my hand this the 15th day of March, A D, 1881

A. WOODS,
mar19.—3t. Judge of Probate.

NOTICE No. 634.

U. S. LAND OFFICE, MONTGOMERY, ALA. }
March 5th, 1881. }

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and secure final entry thereof on Saturday 23d day of April, 1881, before the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the county cite of Cleburne county, Ala., viz: John E. V. Williams, Hd. No. 6616 for the S W qr. of S W qr. Sec 22, T 14 S, R 12 E. and names the following as his witnesses to prove settlement and cultivation of the above described lands, viz: George F Thompson, Alphaus McElroy, Isaac Beasley and James J Ford, all of Rosewood, Ala.

PELHAM J ANDERSON,
mar5—5t Register

NUMBER 693.

MONMGOMERY, ALA. }
March 5, 1881. }

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before Judge of the Probate Court at Edwardsville, Ala., on the 25th day of April, 1881, viz: Joseph W. Dodd, for Homestead entry No. 6674, for the N W ¼ of S E ¼ of Sec. 34. Township 15 S, Range 12 E He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz: John W Wigginton, John Tumlin, James A Ray and Joseph Ray, all of Kemps Creek, P O, Cleburne county Ala.

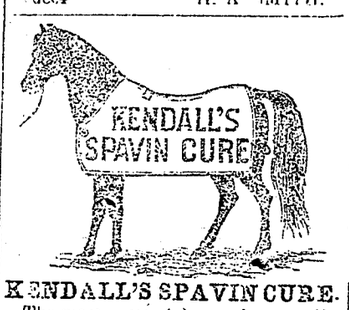
PELHAM J. ANDERSON
mar13—5t Register.

SANTA CLAUS DEPOT
FOR
CHRISTMAS
Holiday Goods
AT
H. A. SMITH'S
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL
MUSIC
AND
BOOK STORE,
Rome, Ga.

Just opening out an immense stock of Writing Desks, Work Boxes, Toilet Setts, China and Glass Vases, Motto Cup, Saucers and Mugs, Fancy Glass Inkstands, Stationery, Photograph and Autograph Albums, Bibles, Prayer Books, Poetical and standard works, Juvenile-books, Pictures, Picture Frames Tin, China and Rubber Toys in great variety, Wax Dolls, Games, Silver-plated Ware, suitable for wedding and holiday presents, Gold Pens, Port Monaies, and a thousand novelties.

Pianos and Organs, of the best make, at wholesale prices. Orders by mail solicited. Prices cheerfully given.

dec4 H. A. SMITH.



KENDALL'S SPAVIN CURE.

The most successful remedy ever discovered, as it is certain in its effects, and does not blister. Read proof below.

From Rev. P. N. GRANGER.

Presiding Elder of the St. Albans District.

St. Albans, Vt., Jan. 20, 1880.

Dr. D. J. Kendall & Co., Gents: In reply to your letter, I will say that my experience with 'Kendall's Spavin Cure' has been very satisfactory indeed Three or four years ago, I procured a bottle of your agent, and with it cured a horse of lameness caused by a spavin. Last season my horse became very lame and I turned him out for a few weeks, when he became better, but when I put him on the road he grew worse, when I discovered that a ring bone was forming I procured a bottle of 'Kendall's Spavin Cure,' and with less than a bottle cured him so that he is not lame, neither can the bunch be found.

Respectfully yours,
CHAS. E. PARKER.

Perseverence Will Tell.

Stoughton, Mass., March 16th, 1880.

B. J. KENDALL & Co., GENTS:—In justice to you and myself, I think that I ough to let you know that I have removed two bone spavins with 'Kendall's Spavin cure,' one very large one, don't know how long the spavin had been there. I have owned the horse eight months. It took me four months to take the large one off, and two for the small one. I have used ten bottles The horse is entirely well, not at all stiff, and no bunch to be seen or felt. This is a wonderful medicine. It is a new thing here, but if it does for all what it has done for me, its sale will be very great.

Respectfully yours,
CHAS E. PARKER,

Kendall'S Spavin Cure.

Kelleys Island Erie co. O. Mch. 28 1880.

DR B. J. KENDALL & Co., GENTS:—I have used your 'Kendall's Spavin Cure' on a bone spavin, and am pleased to report that it has taken the enlargement completely off. It took only one bottle to perform the cure. I am confident if it is properly used, it will do all you claim for it.

Yours truly,
C. M. LINCOLN.

Statement Made Under Oath.

TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN.—In the year 1875, I treated with Kendall's Spavin cure, a bone spavin of several month's growth, nearly half as large as a hen's egg and completely stopped the lameness and removed the enlargement. I have worked the horse ever since very hard, and he never has been lame, nor could I ever see any difference in the size of the hock joints since I treated him with Kendall's spavin Cure.

R. A. GAINS,
Enosburgh Falls Vt., Feb. 25th, 1879.

Sworn and subscribed to before me this 25th day of Feb., A. D., 1879.

JNO. G. JEENE,
Justice of the Peace.

Kendall's Spavin Cure On Human Flesh

PATTEN'S MILLS, WASHINGTON CO. N. Y., Feb. 21, 1878.

B J. KENDALL, M. D., DEAR SIR: The particular case on which I used your Spavin Cure was a malignant ankle sprain of sixteen month's standing. I had tried many things, but in vain. Your Spavin cure put the foot to the ground again, and for the first time since hurt, in a natural position For a family liniment it excels anything we ever used.

Yours truly,
REV. M P. BELL,
Pastor M. E. Church, Patten's Mills N. Y.

Kendall' Spavin Cure is sure in its effects, mild in its action as it does not not blister, yet it is penetrating and powerful to reach every deep seated pain or to remove any bony growth or other enlargement such as spavins, splints, curbs, callous, sprains swellings, any lameness and all enlargements of the joints or limbs, or rheumatism in man and for any purpose for which a liniment is used for man or beast It is now known to be the best liniment for man ever used, acting mild, and yet certain in its effects

Send address for Illustrated Circular which we think gives positive proof of its virtues. No remedy has ever met with such unqualified success to our knowledge, for beast as well as man.

Price, $1 per bottle or six bottles for $5. All drugists have it or can get it for you or it will be sent to any address on receipt of price by the proprietors. DR. B. J. KENDALL & CO., Enosburgh Falls, Vermont.

For Sale by Rankin & Lamar, Atlanta, Ga. Smith & Co., Nashville Tenn., Agents.

JAMES HUTCHINSON,
Barber & Hair dresser,

Room on Office Row, recently occupied by Dick Walker.

If you desire to have a pleasant and clean shave, or have your hair trimmed in neat and fashionable style, give him a call. Jacksonville, Apl. 20, 1880. mar19—3t.

JOHN. T. MOYE,
Watchmaker and Jeweller,
—DEALER IN—
Watches, Clocks, Jewelry,
Musical Instruments, Spectacles, Silver Plated Ware, Etc.,
MAIN STREET, OXFORD, ALA.

☞Particular attention paid to repairing fine Watches and Jewelry, Sewing Machines repaired and warranted to work as good as new.—Needles for all kinds of Sewing Machines on hand. ☞Ap. 2—1y.

The People Appreciate Merit
EAGLE AND PHENIX
PERFECT
BALL SEWING THREAD
COLUMBUS, GEORGIA.

PREPARED BY A PROCESS USED IN NO OTHER MILL
IT HAS NO EQUAL

16 Balls to Pound, 1 lb. Packages. 20 Balls to Pound, 2 lb. Paper Boxes.
Packed in Cases of 20, 30, 50, 100 or 500 Pounds each.

Uniform Price. Invariable Discounts.

☞Sold by all Jobbers.☜
ASK FOR "EAGLE & PHENIX." USE NO OTHER.

TAX ASSESSOR'S NOTICE.

FIRST ROUND.

I will attend the places mentioned, at the time stated, for the purpose of Assessing the State and County Tax for the year 1881:

Precinct No. 11, White Plains, Monday, April 4th, 1881.
Precinct No. 12, Davisville, Tuesday, April 5th, 1881.
Precinct No. 17, DeArmanville, Wednesday, April 6th, 1881.
Precinct No. 13th, Oxford, Thursday, April, 7th 1881.
Precinct No. 15th, Anniston, Friday, April 8th, 1881.
Precinct No. 3, June Bug, Saturday April 9th, 1881.
Precinct No. 5, Weavers Station, Tuesday, April 12th 1881.
Precinct No. 2, Alexandria, Wednesday, April 13th, 1881.
Precinct No. 5, Polkville, Thursday, April 14th, 1881.
Precinct No. 14, Sulphur Springs Friday, April 15th, 1881.
Precinct 4, Ganaways Schoolhouse. Saturday, April 16th, 1881.
Precinct No 8, Greens Schoolh use. Monday, April. 18th 1881
Precinct No. 7, Hollingsworth's, Tuesday April. 19th, 1881.
Precinct No. 6, Peeks Hill, Wednesday, April 20th, 1881.
Precinct No. 9. Cross Plains. Monday, April, 25th, 1881.
Precinct No. 16, Ladiga, Tuesday, April. 26th, 1881.
Precinct No. 10, Rabbit Town, Wednesday. April, 27, 1881.
Precinct No. 1, Jacksonville, Thursday, April. 28th, 1881.

All persons will please bring with them a list of their property with valuation annexed.

A. B LEDBETTER,
Tax Assessor Calhoun County.
mar5—td

STATE OF ALABAMA, }
Calhoun County }

In Probate Court for said county, Special Term, March 22nd, 1881.

This day came Robert T. Johnston, one of the Executors of the estate of Wm. Johnston deceased, and filed his count and vouchers for a final settlement of said estate.

It is therefore ordered by the court that the 16th day of April, 1881, be and is here by appointed the day upon which to audit and pass upon said acco nt and to make said settlement, and that notice theref be given for three successive weeks by publication in the Jacksonville Republican, a newspaper printed and published in said county, as a notice to all persons interested. to be and appear at my office in the court house of said county, on said 16th day of April, 1881, and contest said settlement if they think proper. A WOODS,
march25—3t Judge of Probate.

HARRY BASSET.

Will stand the ensuing season, one third of his time at my stable 2 miles North of Jacksonville, one third at —— and one third at —— at the low price of $5 the single visit, money due when the service is done, $7 dollars the season, money due at the end of the season or the property traded; $10 to insure a mare to be in foal, money due as soon as the fact is ascertained or the property traded. All care will be taken to prevent accidents but will not be liable for any. Season to commence 1st April and end 10th June.

DESCRIPTION.

Harry Basset is six yerrs old this Spring; he is 16 hands high; beautifully formed and is a dark brown, without any white. He is a single or double harness horse He is a natural flat-footed walker, very fast; and he paces and single foots equal to any horse in Alabama. Harry will be shown to harness or under the saddle at all times and places in this county, at the request of parties who wish to patronize him.

PEDIGREE.

Harry Basset was sired by the celebrated horse Mogul; his dam by Traveller. The Turf Register will give parties who who wish to enquire further into his pedigree the information required.

mar26—1t J. A D'ARMAN.

STATE OF ALABAMA. }
Calhoun County. }

In Probate Court for said county, Special Term, March 16th, 1881.

This day came Benj F. Little Gardian of Mary C. and Clara E Swink minors, and file in court his account and vouchers for an annual settlement of his said Guardianship:

It is therefore ordered by the Court that the 16th day of April, 1881, be and is hereby appointed a day upon which to examine and audit and pass upon said account and make settlement and that notice thereof be given for 30 days in the Jacksonville Republican, a newspaper printed and published in said county prior to said day as notice to all persons interested in said settlement, to be and appear before me, at my office in Jacksonville, Calhoun county, Ala., on said 16th day of April, 1881, and contest said settlement if they think proper. Given under my hand this March 26, 1881.

A. WOODS,
Judge of Probate.
mar19—3t.

INTERSTING TO FARMERS.

The Best Hillside Plow, Walking Cultivator and Single Plow ever Invented.

The undersigned procured patents the 10th day of June 1879 on the above named agricultural implements, and since their manufacture began they have been thoroughly tested and in every instance have given entire satisfaction.

They are made of wrought Iron and any blacksmith can repair one. The hillside plow is acknowledged to be the best on the market, doing its work to perfection. The walking cultivator carries eleven plows of different kinds, two at a time, and cultivates cotton at one furrow to the row. It subsoils admirably. In short one man and horse can do the work of two with it, and do it better than with a single plow. I claim for the single plow that the iron stock can be kept up cheaper than the wooden stock, and answers for double team.

COUNTY RIGHTS, STATE RIGHTS OR THE ENTIRE PATENT FOR SALE.

TERMS VERY LOW

Read These Certificates.

COLD WATER, SEPT. 1, 1880.

MR. G. W. PETERSON—SIR: In answer to your inquiry of recent date I will say, as cautiously as I take hold of new inventions, I am well pleased with your cultivator as far as I have tested it.

Yours etc.
J. W. ANDERSON.

EASTABOGA, ALA, AUG. 4, 1880.

MR. G. W. PETERSON.

DEAR SIR. I have been farming 36 years; have tried many cultivators; have been using one of your last patent cultivators this season and find it to be the best plow that I have ever seen or used.

ALBERT O'KIRKSEY.

ADDRESS, G. W PETERSON.
Oct. 2—tf OXFORD, ALA.

A LECTURE TO YOUNG MEN ON THE LOSS OF

MANHOOD

A Lecture on the nature, treatment and radical cure of Seminal Weakness, or Spermatorrhœa, induced by Self Abuse, Involuntary Emissions, Impotency, Nervous Debility, and Impediments to Marriage generally; Consumption, Epilepsy and Fits, Mental and Physical Incapacity, &c.—By ROBERT J. CULVERWELL, M. D., author of the "Green Book," &c.

The world-renowned author, in this admirable Lecture, clearly proves from his own experience that the awful consequences of Self Abuse may be effectually removed without dangerous surgical operations, bougies, instruments, rings, or cordials pointing out a mode of cure at once certain and effectual, by which every sufferer, no matter what his condition may be, may cure himself cheaply, privately and radically.

☞This Lecture will prove a boon to thousands and thousands.

Sent, under seal, in a plain envelope, to any address, on receipt of six cents or two postage stamps.

Address the Publishers
THE CULVERWELL MEDICAL CO.
41 Ann st. New York, N. Y.
or—80-1y Post Office Box 4586.

THE FARMERS' FRIEND.

PATAPSCO GUANO, Manufactured by Patapsco Guano Company. Baltimore, Md. Price, November 1st, 1881, $75 or 500 lbs. middling cotton.

ACID PHOSPHATE, by same company, price November 1st, $63.75 or 425 lbs. middling cotton.

MASTODON GUANO, Manufactured by the Georgia Chemical Phosphate Works, Augusta, Ga., under the general supervision of Gen'l M. A. Stovall. Price November 1st, 1881, $75 for 500 lbs. middling cotton.

GEORGIA CHEMICAL ACID PHOSPHATE. Price November 1st, 1881, $63.75 or 425 lbs. middling cotton.

BONE AND PERUVIAN GUANO. Terms to be fixed hereafter.

Stock depots, Weavers Station, Greenport and Jacksonville. Any information desired, and orders addressed to Capt. C. W. Brewton, Jacksonville, James Hogan, Greensport, D. F. Weaver, Weavers Station or to myself at Alexandria, will be given with pleasure and receive prompt attention.

Stock will be kept up during the season at the above mentioned points and delivery made to Anniston to meet the demand.

W. P. COOPER, Agent.
January 5th, 1881. jan8xapl-81y

STATE OF ALABAMA. }
Calhoun County. }

In Probate Court for said county, Special Term, March 22nd, 1881.

This day came Jonathan Phillips, one of the Administrators of the estate of Joseph Phillips, deceased, and filed his account and vouchers for a final settlement of said estate

It is therefore ordered by the Court that the 18th day of April, 1881, be and is hereby appointed the day upon which to audit and pass upon said account and make said settlement, and that notice thereof be given for three successive weeks, by publication in the Jacksonville Republican, a newspaper printed and published in said county, as notice to all persons concerned, to be and appear before me, at my office in the court house of said county, on said 18th day of April 1881, and contest said settlement if they think proper. A WOODS,
mar26—3t Judge of Probate.

The Republican.

TING OFFICE FOR SALE.

will give a bargain in the sale of the County Clarion a newspaper loca- wardsville, Ala. The paper has advertising of the county and a of commercial advertising. Some ype are almost new. Exchanges ive.

L. W. GRANT.

Oxford.

spent a very pleasant time ord a portion of last week, guest of Rev. W. R. Kirk, of the M. E. Church of that The hospitality of Oxford is ial, and it is for this reason always so thoroughly en- visit there. The one in ques- s no exception to the rule. stay of from Wednesday to ay, we left reluctantly, with al reservation to go back as soon as business would

is going the rounds of the hat Oxford lost ten thou- ollars this year on cotton. ay be true, but if it is, her business men give no evi- of it. They are as cheerful a f men as one would wish to and full of faith as to the of their growing town. Say Oxford man of business, neighbor, Anniston, is grow- y rapidly. She will over- all towns in the county on," and his instant reply m sincerely glad of it. An- can't grow without benefit- xford. My dear sir, you to just stay over 'till Satur nd see what crowds of people ll have in here from Annis- Nothing sets Oxford back. years ago she got into the of capturing the East Ala- & Cincinnati Railroad, un- e management of Penning- he model developer, and Cole. old soul. Well, they issued by the thousands and tore e earth all around there, and he thing "busted." The des rs had departed with a pock- of Oxford bonds, for which d got nothing but damaged state and a debt. Did she re- Not a bit. She made the best ad bargain, swallowed her m, and bravely paid the in- . The other day, while we down there, the citizens red around a blazing fire in treet and witnessed the de- ion of the last of the out- ing bonds. Oxford had bought in and extinguished them. It pure grit to do these things— debt for which no value has received, but Oxford did it. e is no give-up in a town of kind. It is bound to grow. Oxford is growing. All over own new houses and houses rgoing completion can be seen. rd has her wholesale house, ndid church edifices (the inte- finish of the M. E. Church do credit to any city in the h) a whole regiment of thor- going business men, a splen- school largely attended, good ty and as clever a lot of peo- s any county affords. Speak- of clever people reminds one e fact that Mr. Sam Kelly is tly that kind of a man. At that was the impression made s when he furnished us a hand- e turnout from his livery stable our visit to Anniston cotton ory. And there are plenty of same kind left there. We could tion them, but it would take three columns to do it in, we hav'nt room.

ee double column advertise t of Mr. Moye, of Oxford. ies wanting watches or clocks red can send them to him and them back in good condition day or two. The attention of ladies is specially invited to proposition to repair sewing hines and return them as good new, or no pay. They will also lad to know that they can send im for any kind of sewing ma- ne needles made and get same k by return mail. Mr. Moye is g a fine business in Oxford, deserves success. He is thor- ly reliable.

The Georgia Press Association ets in Rome. May 11th. Thanks Bro. Dwinell for an invitation attend.

Whitten—White.

On yesterday afternoon, March 17th, at 1:30 o'clock, at the idence of Mr. W. White was the me of a joyous event, the marri- of his daughter Miss Carrie, h Mr. Geo. T. Whitten, of Lit- Rock, Ark., whither both par- s left on the east bound train, rtly after the ceremony. That their future may be as ght and as happy as themselves uld wish it, and a perrenial rosy- ed prosperity succeed to the ssoming springtime of their pes, is the earnest greeting that e Herald would convey to these young hearts now indissolubly ked for the journey of life.— *Dallas (Tex.) Herald.*

Messrs Martin & Adams, livery men, Jacksonville, Ala., have and will keep on hand for sale constantly fine, young, well-broke Tennessee mules. They will get their stock from Mr. W. A. Robertson of McMinville, Tenn., who has sold stock in this section for three successive seasons, and who has heretofore given the highest satisfaction to all who have purchased of him. He is a gentleman whose representations can be relied on and who exercises rare care and judgment in the selection of the stock he purchases for this market. Messrs Martin & Adams have some of his stock on hand now, which they will dispose of at a bargain, among them a pair of fine, young match mules.

The municipal election here Tuesday resulted in the election of John M. Crook for Mayor, and W. M. Hames, B. F. Carpenter, J. D. Arnold, H. L. Stevenson and A. M. Landers for Councilmen. There was no contest as to the Mayoralty, but two tickets for Councilmen, both composed of first class men. The election was very quiet. No interest was manifested by the friends of either ticket.

Tuesday night it snowed here sufficiently to be seen on the tops of the houses Wednesday.

The Abernathy Mills, owned by Messrs Stevenson & Francis are now turning out an excellent flour. No whiter or better rising flour now comes to this market.

John Ramagnano wants the public to know that he has Alcohol on hand for sale. Inasmuch as the druggists cannot sell it without special license, it is well that he keeps it.

We return thanks to Mrs. Reavis, the hostess of the Jacksonville hotel, for an elegant pound cake. With Mr. Reavis to superintend the purchase of supplies and Mrs. R. to preside over the culinary department, it is no wonder that our hotel is growing so widely popular as it is. Travelling men praise the house, and the local custom at times taxes it beyond its capacity to entertain. This comes of good management, for which Mrs. R. deserves her share of praise.

In enumerating the list of attorneys attending our court from Cherokee, the compositor carelessly omitted the name of Col. Reeves of Centre. He was one of the counsel of R. H. and C. O. Wynne, and remained here the entire week.

SHEEP SHEARER WANTED.—The undersigned wants to employ a sheep shearer, to shear Merino sheep, at ten cents per head. Work for one hand for week or more. Apply to Fritz Brown, at sheep farm, near Alexandria.
april 5. 2 w. JAMES CROOK.

LAST NOTICE.

About 300 people are indebted to the estate of L. W. Canman, in sums ranging from 50 cents upwards. If not paid shortly, I will be compelled to collect by law.
H. L. STEVENSON, Admr.
april 5 1t.

"Ensilage."

From the Southern Live-Stock Journal.

In reply to "H. P. P." of Houston, Miss., will say, that we have been feeding ensilage to our cattle and sheep for more than 5 months, and it is our opinion that the French preparation and process of keeping corn fodder, pea-vines, and other vegetation in a perfect state of preservation, is a subject of vast importance to the farmers of the South, and especially those engaged in sheep husbandry and dairying. In a few years it will revolutionize the farming interest of the South, the cotton fields will be changed to blooming pastures. We give a condensed report of our experiment, which is the only one that has been made in the South, except at the Agricultural College at Knoxville, Tenn. We are indebted to M. Goffart, of France, Dr Jno. M Bailey, of Mass., and Prof. J. C. eBrede, of Tenn. for information on the subject. We will first mention the corn; how it was planted and cultivated: The rows were 3½ feet wide; corn dropped in the drill about 3 inches apart; from 2 to 3 grains in a place and covered, and was cultivated as other corn; was plowed 3 times very shallow with sweeps; it was planted about June 15th, and owing to a drought it did not do so well as it would had it been seasonable; the average height of the stalks were about 8 feet. A great many of the stalks contained fully matured ears when harvested, which was done July 30th 1880. Before harvesting we dug two pits, (silos) of the following dimensions: No. 1—18 feet long 9 feet wide 10 feet deep. No. 2—25 feet long, 10 feet wide, 10 feet deep. On account of the cost we could not build them according to the plan of Goffart and Bailey—to build concrete walls, and of course it was a risky experiment without them—it was generally conceded that a very large per cent. of it would rot without them.—The cost of each pit did not exceed twenty-five dollars, except the houses which covers them, while a cemented brick wall would have cost not less than five hundred dollars, but there is no economy in not walling them, as the sides are liable to cave in, and beside there would be loss by rotting, though we have lost but a very small per cent. of ours, and that is mostly under the planks on top.—On the day mentioned above, we commenced to cut the corn and fill the pit; the time occupied in filling the pit was about 4 days. We used the National Hay Cutter, set to cut 3 inches, hand power. We intend using "Baldwin's American Power Cutter" the coming season, which will cut 2-16 inch, which makes it more easily to compress and more of the air is excluded, which is the secret of its preservation. Ours is not so good as it would have been had it been cut fine; it is most too coarse and acid for horses; however, they eat it, but not readily as sheep and cattle.

The silo being filled, planks 2 x 12 inches were laid crosswise on top; it was then subjected to a pressure of 1200 lbs. per square yard with rock, which caused it to sink gradually 2 or 3 inches per day until it had settled about 2½ feet from the top.

Silo No. 1, was opened the first of Oct. for use, when we found that our experiment was a grand success; it had kept in a perfect state of preservation. It had a rich brown color, caused by the chemical change it undergoes while in the pit; it is very nutritious, tender and moist, and has an alcoholic taste and odor, though it would not have had, had it been properly prepared; it should come from the silo tasteless and odorless when it will become acid enough by being exposed to the air a short time. It is claimed by Prof. McBryde, that it only keep cattle in the same condition they were at the time it was commenced to be fed to them. We know that it will do more, for last summer a drought came upon us and consequently the pastures dried up, and our cows became poor before winter had fairly set in, which has been a dreadful one on cows without houses; before we had fed them ensilage a month, we noticed a marked improvement, and they have continued to improve, and by the time the spring pastures are opened they will be real fat and in a healthy condition. We ensilaged about 50 tons of corn fodder and 1 ton of pea vines, from about 6 acres in all, at a cost of one dollar and thirty four cents per ton. We feed 8 head of cattle, and one hundred of sheep, at a cost of not exceeding forty-five cents per day. R. BOWLING & Co.
Alexandria, Ala., March 10, 1881.

Oh, What A Cough!

Will you heed the warning. The signal perhaps of the sure approach of that more terrible disease Consumption. Ask yourselves if you can afford for the sake of saving 50 cents, to run the risk and do nothing for it. We know from experience that Shiloh's Cure will Cure your Cough. It never fails. This explains why more than a Million Bottles were sold the past year. It relieves Croup and Whooping Cough at once. Mothers do not be without it. For Lame Back, Side or Chest use Shiloh's Porous Plaster. Sold by Borden & Co., Jacksonville, Ala.

One splendid platform spring wagon with pole, shafts and movable cop for sale.
m. 12 tf. * JAMES CROOK.

Dyspepsia & Liver Complaint

Is it not worth the small price of 75 cents to free yourself of every symptom of these distressing complaints, if you think so call at our store and get a bottle of Shiloh's Vitalizer, every bottle has a printed guarantee on it, use accordingly and if it does you no good it will cost you nothing. Sold by Borden & Co., Jacksonville, Ala.

Farmers would do well to call on Crow Bros. and try some of their new brands of guano sold by them as chemists say it is of the highest grade.

The lonely vigils of the night are terrible, especially by the bedside of the sick, and it is just the thing to have a bottle of Consaul's Honey of Tar to cure their coughs, colds, croup, &c. Price 50cts. for sale by Borden & Co. Jacksonville, Ala. feb5'81—1y

A large lot of brogans just received by Crow Bros. which they propose to sell cheap for cash.

You may not believe it, but try it and you will be convinced that Parmalee, or Tabler's Vegetable Liver Powder is the best medicine in the world to regulate the stomach and liver. Price 50cts. For sale by Borden & Co. Jacksonville, Ala. feb5'81—1y

Crow Bros. have just received a large lot of Spring goods, Notions, etc., which they invite the Ladies to call and examine.

Shiloh's Catarrh Remedy A marvelous cure for Catarrh, Diphtheria, Canker mouth and Head Ache. With each bottle there is an ingenious nasal Injector for the more successful treatment of these complaints without extra charge. Price 50 cts. Sold by Borden & Co. Jacksonville Ala. Jan'y 15'81—1y

JUST RECEIVED

—BY—

J. D. HAMMOND'S SONS,

An Elegant Stock of

SPRING GOODS, Boots, Shoes, Hats, of latest styles, for both Gentlemen and Ladies, embracing

DRESS GOODS, for Spring wear, of all descriptions, Prints, Linens, Lawn, Piques, plain and fancy, etc., all at closer figures than ever.

GENTLEMEN'S Spring Clothing, of latest patterns and noblest styles. Our Stock of

FAMILY GROCESIES

is kept fully up to the demands of the day.

AGRICULTURAL Implements, of all kinds. Also, Hardware, Cutlery and Tin ware in abundance.

THANKING our friends for past favors, we are ever ready to show goods and prices to all. Don't fail to call and examine our stock before purchasing elsewhere for our goods are very attractive.

GARDEN & FLOWER

Seeds, for the Ladies, always kept by us. Now is the time to plant,

CALL SOON and be convinced that we are selling at ROCK BOTTOM PRICES for cash

Truly,
J. D. HAMMOND'S SONS,
mar24— Jacksonville.

NUMBER 696.

MONTGOMERY, ALA.,
March 7th, 1881.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the clerk of circuit court of Calhoun county, at the county site, on Friday 29th of April, 1881, viz, Sarah J. Monk, widow of Silas Monk, Hd. No. 4424, for the south east ¼ of north east ¼ of section 26, township 15 south, range 8 east. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land viz, Joseph Reidinger, James B Reidinger, Elijah Y Hurst and John P Reidinger, all of Anniston P O, Ala.

PELHAM J ANDERSON,
Register.
mar12—5t

S. S. S.

PERRY HOUSTON COUNTY, GA.

We have known "Swift's Syphilitic Specific" tested in hundreds of cases of Syphilis, Mercurial Rheumatism, Scrofula etc. It made the most *perfect and permanent cures in every case.*

Hugh L Dennard, Sam D Killien, Judge Co. Ct., J L Warren, of J W Lathorp & Co., Savannah, Ga., Ed Jackson, Dep't Clerk Sup'r court, Wm Brunson, Eli Warren, J W Wimberly, J C Gilbert, Druggist, J W Mann, county Treasurer, Wm D Pierce, Sh'ff, C C Duncan, Day & Gordon

I am acquainted with the proprietors and many of the gentlemen whose signatures appear to the foregoing certificate. They are men of high character and standing.

A. H. COLQUIT,
Governor of Georgia.

THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO.
Proprietors, Atlanta, Ga.

Sold by all Druggists.

Enquire for copy of 'Young Men's Friend.'
mar12—1y—eq.

Do You Want Health?

Why will you die? Death, or what is worse, is the inevitable result of continued suspension of the menstrual flow. It is a condition which should not be trifled with. Immediate relief is the only safeguard against constitutional ruin. In all cases of suppression, suspension or other irregularity of the "courses," Bradfield's Female Regulator is the only remedy. It acts by giving tone to the nervous centres, improving the blood and determining directly to the organs of menstruation. It is a legitimate prescription, and the most intelligent physicians use it. Prepared by Dr J. Bradfield, Atlanta Ga. $1.50 per bottle. Sold by all Druggists.

NOTASULGA, ALA., July 7, 1877.

Bradfield's Female Regulator has been thoroughly tested by me in a great variety of cases, and I am fully convinced that it is unrivaled for all that class of diseases which it claims to cure.

mar12—eowly J. C. HUSS, M. D.

UNDERTAKING.

L. A. WEAVER,

JACKSONVILLE, ALA.,

Has just received and now has in stock a full line of

COFFINS, METALIC CHRYSTAL BURIAL CASES & CASKETS,

from the size of the smallest infant (in white gloss finish) to the largest man (in Rosewood finish). These are directly **from the Factory**, and are of the latest and most highly finished styles. Prices vary with finish on work.

jan29, 1881—3m.

REGISTER'S SALE.

Under and by virtue of a decree of the Chancery Court for the 1st District of the Eastern Chancery Division of Alabama for the county of Calhoun, rendered on the 9th day of February, 1881, in the case of R C Hardwick vs Benj F Anderson, I will, as Register of said court, sell to the highest bidder for cash, on Monday the 4th day of April, 1881 before the court house door of said county of Calhoun the following described real estate, to wit: The North East quarter of the South West quarter, and the North West quarter of the South East quarter of Section 23, and the South East quarter of the N E quarter of Section 22, all in Township 14 Range 6 East in the Coosa land district, Calhoun county. This to satisfy said decree in favor of the said R C Hardwick, and against the said Benj F Anderson. This 5th day of March 1881.

WM M HAMES, Register.

THE STATE OF ALABAMA,
Calhoun County

In Probate Court, Special Term, March 11th, 1881.

This day came Solomon H. Bean, Adm. of estate of David E Hawkins, dec'd, and filed his account and voucher, for an annual settlement of said estate.

It is therefore ordered by the Court that the 22d day of April, 1881 be and is hereby appointed the day upon which to examine and pass upon said account, and make said settlement, and that notice thereof be given by publication for three successive weeks in the Jacksonville Republican, a newspaper printed and published in said county, as notice to all persons interested in said settlement to be and appear before me at my office in the Court House of said County, on said 22nd day of April, 1881, and contest said settlement if they think proper.

A. WOODS,
mar26—4t Judge of Probate.

THE STATE OF ALABAMA.
Calhoun County.

Probate Court for said County, Special term, March 22nd 1881.

This day came W A. Scarbrough administrator of estate of C. M. Martin, deceased, and filed his account and vouchers for an annual settlement of said state: It is therefore ordered by the Court that the 16th day of April, 1881, be and the same is hereby appointed the day upon which to examine and pass upon said accounts and make said settlement; and that notice thereof be given by publication for three successive weeks in the Jacksonville Republican, a newspaper printed and published in said county, as a notice to all persons interested, to be and appear before me at my office in the Court House of said county, on said 16th day of April. A. D., 1881, and contest said settlement if they think proper.

A. WOODS,
mar26—3t Judge of Probate.

STATE OF ALABAMA,
Calhoun County

In Probate Court for said county, Special Term, March 22nd, 1881.

This day came Jonathan Phillips, Guardian of Elizabeth J Phillips, and files in court his account and vouchers for a final settlement of his said Guardianship.

It is ordered by the court that the 18th day of April, 1881, be and is hereby appointed the day upon which to audit and pass upon said account and to make said settlement, and that notice thereof be given for three successive weeks in the Jacksonville Republican, a newspaper printed and published in said county, as a notice to all persons concerned, to be and appear before me at my office in the court house of said county, on said 18th day of April, 1881, and contest said settlement if they think proper.

A. WOODS,
mar26—3t Judge of Probate.

STATE OF ALABAMA,
Calhoun County

In Probate Court for said County, Special Term, March 24th, 1881

This day came Jno. C Watson Administrator with the will annexed, of the estate of Silas Teague, deceased, and filed in court his account and vouchers for an annual settlement of said estate.

It is therefore ordered by the court that the 19th day of April, 1881, be and is hereby appointed the day upon which to audit and pass upon said account, and make said settlement, and that notice thereof be given for three successive weeks by publication in the Jacksonville Republican, a newspaper printed and published in said county, as a notice to all persons interested, to be and appear at my office in the court house of said county, on said 19th day of April 1881, then and there to contest said settlement if they think proper.

A. WOODS,
map26—3t Judge of Probate.

FREE TO ALL.

Our new Illustrated Plant and Seed Catalogue of 80 pages, containing descriptions and Prices of best varieties of Plants, Roses, Seeds, Bulbs, etc. in cultivation, and a Colored Plate of our NEW DOUBLE WHITE BOUVARDIA will be mailed upon the receipt of a three-cent stamp for postage. Special Price-list of Roses FREE. Goods guaranteed first quality. Liberal orders to getters up of clubs. Wholesale & Retail. NANZ & NEUNER, Louisville, Ky.

The Selma, Rome & Dalton

—AND—

East Tennessee, Virginia and Georgia Railroads,

Forms the quickest and most convenient route to

Eastern Cities,

—AND—

ONLY ROUTE

—TO THE—

Watering Places

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East Tennessee and Virginia

The principal Inducements are

SPLENDID SCENERY, QUICK TIME, THROUGH CARS.

The only line passing through the mountainous regions of East Tennessee and Virginia. For information address,

JAS. R. OGDEN, G. P. A., Knoxville.
RAY KNIGHT, A. G. P. A., Selma.

TRAINS RUN AS FOLLOWS:

MAIL TRAINS DAILY.

No. 22. North,	Stations.	No. 21. South
5.00 a m.....	Lv Selma Ar.....	9.20 p.m
6.46 a.m.....	Randolph Lv.....	7.35 p.m
7.24 a.m.....	Montevallo	6.54 p m
8.05 a m.....	Calera	6.35 p.m
10 30 a.m.....	Talladega	3.47 p.m
11.30 a.m	Oxford	2 40 p.m
12 25 p.m.....	Jacksonville	1·50 p.m
3.53 p m.....	Rome .....11.20 a m
6.45 p m.....	Dalton ..... 8 50 a.m
8.20 p.m.. ..	Ar Cleveland Lv...6.38 a.m

ACCOMMODATION TRAINS:

DAILY—SUNDAYS EXCEPTED.

No. 24 North.	Stations.	No. 23 South.
4 05 p.m.....	Lv Selma Ar.....10.50 a.m
7.35 p.m.....	Randolph Lv..... 7.50 a m
9 05 p.m.....	Montevallo ..... 6.20 a.m
10.30 p.m.....	Calera ..... 5.45 a.m
2.45 a.m.....	Talladega ..... 5 23 p m
4 35 a.m.....	Oxford ..... 3.55 p m
7.00 a.m.....	Jacksonville ..... 2.10 p.m
1.10 p.m.....	Rome ..... 9 25 a m
5.10 p.m.....	Dalton ..... 6.20 a m
7.10 p.m.....	Ar Cleavland Lv .. 3.20 a.m

Tickets as low as any other route.

RAY KNIGHT,
Gen. Ticket and Passenger Ag't
jan 29, 1881 Selma Ala.

Louisville & Great Southern

RAILROAD LINE

The Quickest and Shortest ROUTE TO ALL POINTS.

NORTH & EAST,

Only One Change of Cars

—TO—

CHICAGO, ST. LOUIS, CLEVELAND DETROIT, PITTSBURGH, Philadelphia, N. York, Boston

AND THE BEST ROUTE TO

BALTIMORE & WASHINGTON

PULLMAN PALACE CARS

Run through from Birmingham to MOBILE NEW ORLEANS LOUISVILLE AND CINCINNATI.

Trains run as follows:

Lv Birmingham	0 02 a m	12.01 a m
Ar Louisville	11.35 a m	3.25 p m
Lv Birmingham	4.15 a m	5 50 p m
Ar Mobile	3 50 p m	4.50 a m
Ar New Orleans	9 45 p m	10.12 a m

Agents at all stations can give you full and reliable information as to time and connections to all points, and will procure rates and through tickets on application. For further information address

C. P. ATMORE, G. P. A.
jan29, 1881 Louisville, Ky.

A CARD

About three years ago we were requested by some of our employees to purchase sewing machines for them. After a careful examination of all the leading machines we were convinced that the "White" was the best sewing machine manufactured and we bought six. These instantly created a demand for more, and without special effort on our part, the demand has grown so that we are now selling

100 Machines a year

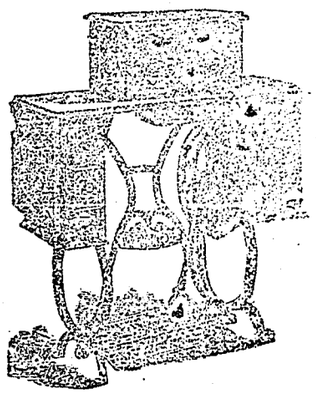
and our sales are continually increasing. This is the best evidence of the superior merits of the "White."

WOODSTOCK IRON COMPANY,
Anniston, Ala.

UNPARALLELED SUCCESS

OF THE

White Sewing Machine



IN THE THIRD YEAR OF ITS EXISTENCE, ITS SALES AMOUNT TO

54,853 Machines.

NO OTHER MACHINE EVER HAD SUCH

A RECORD OF POPULARITY.

It is the Lightest-Running, Easiest Selling, and Best Satisfying Machine IN THE WORLD.

PRICES, 25 TO 40 DOLLARS.

For Sale by

WOODSTOCK IRON CO.,

Anniston, Ala

$2 Watches, Stem Winders $2.50, White Metal Hunting Case $5, Imitation gold 18k Solid gold Case $8, Genuine and best in use for speculative purposes, Reliable Catalogue free. Thompson & Co. 124 Nassau St. N.Y.

feb6'81—1y

CITY BAR!

The undersigned has with particular care selected for this season, a very fine lot of

LINCOLN COUNTY WHISKEY,

Direct from the Distillery, as well as

Apple and Peach Brandies,

His Liquors are bought under bond and he knows them to be fine and pure. A general line of goods in Liquors of all brands. Beers, Cider, &c., including Sacrament Wine. Also a large lot of fine Cigars, Tobacco and Snuff,

My Billiard Parlor

is still the favorite resort of those who love the game, Respectfully,
JNO RAMAGNANO.
Jacksonville, Ala.

N B—Persons indebted to me are requested to come forward and settle accounts by Cash or Note jan29—3m

J. D. FOSTER & CO., Rome, Ga. F. W. HART, Atlanta.

HART, FOSTER & CO.

Manufacturers and Dealers in

Doors, Sash, Blinds and Builders Material.

—A GOGD STOCK IN STORE OF—

WHITE OR YELLOW PINE.

Estimates Furnished on Application.

All extra sizes to order on short notice and at bottom prices. Will duplicate Chattanooga or Atlanta prices, saving our customers the freight. Office with J D. Foster & Co. tore Room foot of Elm Srteet, on the Oostanula river, ROME, GA.
une 15, tf

LIVERY

—AND—

SALE STABLE.

The Undersigned having bought the Hammond Livery Stable of Mr. Wilson, have entered upon their business and will be glad to serve the public.

We expect to keep Vehicles, Horses and Mules for sale, and are prepared to guarantee bargains in this line.

Our terms will be very reasonable and strictly cash.

Horses boarded at low rates. Give us your patronage and we will give you satisfaction. Respectfully,
MARTIN & ADAMS.
jan 15—tf.

LIVERY STABLE.

STEWART & SHARP,
Successors to
W. E. WHITELY.

KEEPS CONSTANTLY on hand to hire, Good Horses and Excellent Vehicles. Splendid accommodations for Drovers and others. Horses, Carriages and Buggies always on hand for sale. Entire satisfaction guaranteed to all who patronize us.
dec 18, 1880—3m.

STARTLING DISCOVERY!

LOST MANHOOD RESTORED.

A victim of youthful imprudence causing Premature Decay, Nervous Debility, Lost Manhood, etc., having tried in vain every known remedy, has discovered a simple self cure, which he will send FREE to his fellow-sufferers. Address J. H. REEVES, 45 Chatham St., N. Y.

FIRE INSURANCE.

—o—

I. L. SWAN AG'T,

JACKSONVILLE, ALA.

Four Good Home Companies to wit,

Georgia Home,	*Ga*
Home Selection,	*Ala*
Central City,	*Ala*
Columbus Ins. and Banking Co.,	*Miss*

May 1st, 1880.

The Jacksonville Hotel

Has changed hands and is undergoing a thorough change, and the proprietor proposes to make it a first class Hotel in every respect. I am now prepared to accommodate the traveling public and all who favor me with a call. I guarantee clean rooms and nice clean bedding, and the table furnished with the best the market can afford at reasonable rates. Give me a call and see for yourselves.

H. REAVIS,
jan. 29—3mos. Proprietor.

FRANK W. BOWDON, ROBT. L. ARNOLD.

BOWDON & ARNOLD,

ATTORNEYS AT LAW

—AND—

Solicitors in Chancery,

JACKSONVILLE, ALA.

Will practice in all the Courts of the Circuit, U. S. Dist. Court and Supreme Court of the State April 25, 1880

30 DAY OFFER:

READ! READ! READ!

Down! Down!! Down!!!

PRICES REDUCED

33 1-3 PER CENT.

We have in store and on the road the largest and most complete stock of Pianos and Organs ever brought to this market, which we offer cheap for cash: will take old instruments instrument in exchange for new, or will sell on the installment plan.

Don't fail when you visit Rome to give us a call if you wish anything in our line, or if you wish to order write to us.

C. W. LANGWORTHY & CO.,
90 Masonic Temple,
Rome, Ga

A. L. STEWART & CO

Have recently opened up in the rooms formerly occupied by A M. Landers, Jacksonville, Ala., a new establishment, embracing

DRY GOODS,

Groceries,

READY MADE

CLOTHING

HARDWARE, CROCKERY,

And everything else kept in a General Variety Store. They hope to merit by fair dealing and liberal terms to customers a fair share of the trade of this vicinity.

We will see to it that none go away dissatisfied. Give us a call and determine for yourselves
jan29—3m

W. C. LAND,

WATCHMAKER,

—AND—

JEWELER.

Jacksonville, - - - Ala.

Also, agent for Meriden CT Table cutlery and silver and plated ware. Also agent for Elgin Watch co. and other American make. May, 1st 1880

W. W. HARRISON,

Physician and Surgeon.

OFFICE OVER

CALHOUN'S STORE

CALHOUN COLLEGE.

The exercises of Calhoun College will be resumed on the SECOND MONDAY in January 1881. Terms the same as last session.

W. J. BORDEN, Prin.
dec. 25—tf.

FOUND.

A Remedy That is Sure and effectual cure for all diseases of the Blood Skin, Scrofula, Cancer in its worst form, White Swelling, Catarrh, Cancer of the womb and all chronic sores, no matter of how long standing, we guarantee a cure if our remedies are used according to directions.

Smith's Scrofula Syrup and STAR CURINE.

With these two medecines combined we have cured hundreds of cases of the different diseases mentioned above.

SMITH'S SCROFULA SYRUP

is an internal remedy, one of the best purifiers known to the American people

Star Curene

is an external remedy: by applying it on the outside and taking Smith's Scrofula Syrup, your case will be easy to cure. If you will call on or address us we will take pleasure in showing you hundreds of certificates from parties living in this State that you are all acquainted with; that have been cured sound and well by using Star Curene and Smith's Scrofula Syrup. If you are afflicted with any of the above mentioned diseases, do not think your case will be cured without treatment: do not delay; the sooner you get to using our two remedies the sooner you will be restored to health and happiness.

Call on Daniel & Marsh at once, before it is too late, and get a bottle of Smith's Scrofula Syrup and Star Curine.

Read the following certificates.

Messes. Daniel & Marsh, 13, Kimbal House, Atlanta:

Gentlemen:—This is to certify that we have tried Smith's Scrofula Syrup in several cases of Catarr, Cancer, Sore legs, etc., and we cherfully recommend it to the publicas the best, safest and most reliable blood purifier that can be used for all the diseases for which it is recommended. Respectfully,
R HARTMAN & CO.

All communications should be addressed to NIEL & MESH sole proprietors and manufacturers, 13, Kimbal House, Atlanta, Ga.

For sale by Johnson & Caldwell, Chulofy ee, Blake & Dorbard, Arbacoochee, Barnett & Tollison, Edwardsville, W. A. Woo Davisville, J. B. McCain, wholesale agent for Oxford, Roley Jenkins, De Armanville, J. T. Thrash, Oaktuskee, Rowan Dean & Co. wholesale agents at Jacksonville, M T Moody, Cross Plains.

ROBINSON WAGON CO.

CINCINNATI, O.

This Company have just finished complete shops with every facility of the latest improved machinery, and are prepared to manufacture

STANDARD TRADE

VEHICLES,

SUCH AS

Farm Wagons,
Spring Wagons,
Platform Wagons,
Ludlow Spring Wagons,
Farmers' Two Seated Carriages,
Standard Trade Buggies,
Elegant Brewster Buggy, &c.

☞Send for Designs and Prices, to
ROBINSON WAGON CO.
Oct. 9, '80— Cincinnati, Ohio.

JOE A. WALDEN. N. W. WOODWARD

Walden & Woodward,

ATTORNEYS AT LAW,

Jacksonville, Ala.

Will practice in all the courts of the Circuit, and the Supreme Courts of the State. Prompt attention given to the collection of claims.

Stage Routes Abandoned.

Placer and El Dorado counties, while remarkable for the picturesque ruins of mining camps innumerable, have also the less enviable distinction of containing two of the worst thief-infested stage roads in California. These two roads each start from Auburn, the first running twelve miles to Greenwood, in El Dorado county, and then four miles further on to Georgetown; the second keeping in Placer county and calling at Todd's Valley (twenty miles), Forest Hill (twenty-three miles), Michigan Bluffs, (thirty miles.) Since 1862 Wells, Fargo & Co., have kept offices at these various towns and done the bulk of the express business there. The attacks upon the stage coaches and the plundering of the treasure boxes have always been a legend of the road, but during the past ten years these interruptions to safe traveling have become so frequent that finally, and in desperation, Wells, Fargo & Co., have closed their offices at all the places mentioned excepting of course, Auburn. What the losses of the company have amounted to during this time may be judged of by the report of the last six months. On August 7 the coach on the Forest Hill road was stopped and $1,030 taken. On the 22d of September the highwaymen failed in their calculations, for although the treasure was thrown down, the maskers had their trouble for their pains, the box being empty. On November 1st the coach on the Georgetown road was stopped and $600 abstracted, and recently the same coach yielded $300. A little "accident" happened on the Georgetown road also on May 14th, which had its unlooked for results. A passenger was robbed of a watch, and last November it was recovered from Sharp, one of the most daring of the gang, on his arrest at Aurora for making too free with the Bodie stage. Summing up these losses it will be seen that bullion to the value of $1,930 went into highwaymen's pockets; of the added expense attending the employment of detectives, at least, $3,000 have came out of the pockets of the company. That this amount is far in excess of the profits goes without saying. Wells, Fargo & Co., regret taking a step which cannot but seriously affect the business interests of all those towns, but it is in justice to themselves that the step is taken, and really as being the only means of self-protection. By every means in their power they have endeavored to put down robbery; detectives have lived on the road, and that they have been successful in their efforts is largely due to the apathy of those who should have been most active in the suppression of a disgrace, for it is to the listlessness of the inhabitants of these very towns that the ill success met with by the company's officers is by them largely ascribed.

Poll and the Constables.

A few days ago, Tom Hand, a constable of St Louis, desiring to seize $20 worth of goods, on an execution against Mrs. Morton, could find nothing but Mrs. Morton's pet poll-parrot, which was perched away up on a window-sill. Tom was about to leave with empty hands, when the parrot sang out: Hilloa! Hilloa! Hilloa!" Tom looked up and saw the bird. "Here's something," said he to himself, "that's worth $20, I'll hitch on to it." He reached up to grasp Poll, but Poll would not be seized, and pecked at him and sang: "Hands off! Hands off! I'll call the peelers!"

"I'm a constable," said Tom; "I've got the papers here, and you can call who you please."

"Durn the papers," said Poll. "Police! police!"

Tom made another grab, and this time he caught Poll by the throat, and carried her over to court. When he got there, he put her in a basket. As soon as Poll's throat was free again, she opened another tirade on Tom. She called him all manner of names, and ended each sentence with: "You can go to Chicago; you're no gentleman!"

Poll had begun to give the court, as well as the constable, a piece of her mind, when Mrs. Morton came in and paid the $20 sued for. She said she would sooner pay $40, then lose her Poll. Then she picked Poll up and kissed her, and carried her away, and as they went out of court, Poll cried, with a loud voice: "Oh, the loafers; oh, the dirty loafers!" Constable Carroll, his deputy, and all the other officers of the court, say that Mrs. Morton's parrot can "cuss" louder and more to the point, "than any man they ever see."

The Trade Winds.

The earth turns on its axis from west to east, and with it rotates daily the envelope of the atmosphere. The velocity of rotation at the equator is something over 1,000 miles an hour; at thirty degrees distance it is about 150 miles less. In higher latitudes it is still less, at the poles nothing. Therefore, whenever the air moves north or south on the surface of the earth, it will carry with it less or greater velocity of the rotation than the place it passes over, and will turn in an easterly or westerly wind, according as it approaches or reduces from the equator. In the region of the sun's greatest heat, the air, rarified, and lighted, is continually rising, and cooler currents come in on both sides to take the place of the ascending volume. As these side currents come from a distance of about thirty degrees from the equator, they have at a starting, an eastward velocity of many miles an hour less than the localities they will eventually reach. Consequently they will appear to lag behind in all the course of their progress to the equator—that is, they will have a westerly motion united with their north and south movements. These are the great trade winds, blowing constantly from the northeast on this side, and the southwest on the other side of the equator.

AGRICULTURE.

THE LARGEST SILO IN THIS COUNTRY.—The well known New York dairymen Messrs. Whitman and Burrel, Little Falls, have expressed their faith in the revived doctrine of ensilage by building and filling the largest silo in the country. It measures fifty-six feet in length and is sixteen feet wide, with an inside depth of twenty-two feet. The soil was taken out for three feet below the bottom of the silo, and this space filled in with cobblestones. Upon these walls, three feet thick were laid and pointed both outside and inside. The bottom of the silo was paved with stone on top of the cobble and the whole interior grouted with Portland cement. A brick partition twenty inches thick, and grouted with cement divides the interior crosswise into two compartments. These compartments were filled with corn fodder cut when the ears were still in milk. A cutting-machine run by steam-power was kept busy seven days cutting the fodder, while three men distributed and tramped it down in the silo. About two hundred tons of fodder were packed in each compartment. It has been estimated that the fodder cost, after the work was done, about eighty cents per ton. The covering of the silo consists of boards sixteen feet long, tongued and grooved together in sections three and one half feet wide, laid across them to bind the sections and these were covered with other planks together. On top of these there are fifty tons of stone in each silo. The construction of the silo cost $1,500. The result of this expensive experiment will be awaited with interest by a large class of farmers who are still doubtful of the efficacy and practibility of the ensilage system; also by others who contemplate giving it a trial in a small way.

MEANS OF CORN IMPROVMENT.—The increased yield in the crop by virtue of an improvement in the variety of the corn is not the only good result of careful selection of seed. There is another and possibly a greater, benefit that is not so universally understood. It is the improvement in the stand of early growing corn that is secured. The failure of seed to germinate after it has been planted, is exceedingly annoying to the farmer, and is attended with much loss of time and labor. Every farmer understands the importance of early planting in the spring. An excess of moisture and lack of heat, however, are often a serious drawback to early planting. The germ is liable to perish and the grain to decay. Corn grown upon good rich soil, in which is found every nutrient constituent that is craved and which had good tillage and a full measure of time for growth, possesses a vigorous vitality and will live through adverse circumstances which would be fatal to corn grown upon impoverished soil and with poor tillage. All seedsmen understand the importance of this principle, and give to it great attention. The farmer therefore should select his seed from the corn that has grown upon the best soil and under the most favorable circumstances. It should have been neither topped nor cut up, and should be gathered before the storms and frosts of winter have set in. At time of gathering, every ear that at a glance seems to be a proper ear for seed should be thrown aside. The most convenient time for this is when the corn is being shoveled in the crib. At the earliest convenient opportunity, say upon the first rainy day, the farmer should make a more careful culling of the corn thus laid aside.

WINTER EGGS.—The receipt of ten dozen large, splendid fresh December eggs, puts us in mind that there must be a profit as well as a knack in producing them. What a dish is fresh ham and eggs for Christmas! First get the breed and give the food. Hot boiled potatoes, mashed when hot with wheat bran and India meal well stirred in is excellent food. Corn is the favorite. Mix occasionally cayenne pepper in the breakfast. Keep gravel and sand, old lime mortar, powdered bones, oyster shells, chalk and charcoal in sight. Fresh pure water is relished; so are cabbage leaves, slices of turnips, potatoes and apples. Scrape from the butchers' shop are first rate. You must feed if you want winter eggs.

MANURES AND COMPOSTS.—On many farms well situated for the purpose, a great accumulation may be made at no considerable expense of material suited to increase the manure pile. Refuse vegetable and animal matters, out of place elsewhere, will add to the bulk and value of the compost heap; and the spare time, if not the continued labor at this season of a hand and cart, may be advantageously occupied in getting such substances.

The old mill-stones are all being taken out and new steel rollers are substituted in their places. Wheat by the new process of flour-making, is not ground; it is cracked. It passes through five sets of rollers, each roller set closer than the former. These rollers are thirty inches long and ten inches in diameter. After passing between each set of rollers it is "bolted," or sifted, through cloth. The last rollers have hardly anything but wheat hulls and the waxy germs which do not crack up, but smash together. So flour is now cracked and disintegrated without grinding. The first rollers crack the kernels of wheat into say six pieces. The starchy substance which rattles out drops through the cloth sieves or bolting-cloths. These six pieces are broken between the next rollers into thirty-six pieces. Then the white starch-crumbsare sifted out again, and the thirty-six pieces are passed between still tighter rollers, which crack them into 216 pieces; another set of rollers multiply each of these particles into six more, making them aggregate 1,296. Another set of rollers screwed together with immense pressure makes 7,776 pieces. The scientific miller says a grain of wheat is finally cracked into 7,776 pieces without being ground at all. This is the Hungarian process. The germ of a kernel of wheat is a waxy substance not fit to eat. Between stones this germ grinds into the flour and damages it. By the new process of the Hungarian rollers this germ is flatened out and it is bolted out. However, it is finally ground up with the debris on stones to make low-grade flour, which we sell in Rotterdam at $2 50 per barrel.

A series of experiments described in a German chemical journal indicate that the mellowness of old wine is not so much due to a decrease in the proportion of tannin which it contains as to an increase in the proportion of glycerine.

BLEAK, chilly March and November are the two worst months of the year for those suffering with pulmonary diseases. Keep Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup near by and such sufferers will be able to brave the rough weather without danger. Price 25 cents.

A Good Indorsement.

It would no doubt be highly amusing, and at the same time astonishing, to see a complete list of all the expressive and "powerful" names of the multitude of short lived medical preparations placed upon the market during the past few years as "most wonderful discoveries" and "infallible cures." (*In hoc signo vinces,*) by unscrupulous speculators and adventurers, who, recognizing the value of advertising seek by these means to obtain public favor and popularity for their doubtful and so often entirely worthless and even dangerous preparations. And it is a genuine pleasure for us to commend Dr. BULL'S COUGH SYRUP as one of the few really deserving medicines offered to the public. Its adoption by many of our intelligent physicians is due only to its real worth and merit and by thousands of families it is regarded as "the standard household remedy."—*Wash. D. C. Critic.*

CHOCOLATE ICE CREAM.—Take one quart of the richest cream, which contains not a particle of milk; three ounces of chocolate, costing not less than seventy-five cents a pound, and ten ounces of the best quality of finely pulverized white sugar. If you have any vanilla extract which you know to be absolutely genuine, take two tablespoonfuls for the above. But if it is only the vanilla which you procure from the grocer's dump it incontinently into the slop bucket, and use instead one bean of the best of high-priced vanilla, cut up fine. Scrape the chocolate down fine. To this add the cream, sugar and vanilla in a porcelain-lined basin. Beat up two perfectly fresh eggs (not the "yolks" only, as directed by Francatelli, but the *whole* of the egg) in a porcelain-lined bowl, and add these to the foregoing. Instead of dissolving the chocolate as above directed, you may sometimes try another plan and see which produces the most agreeable results. You may first make your sugar into a syrup and dissolve your chocolate in this syrup. In case you adopt this method, put the chocolate and the syrup on the fire long enough to come to a boiling point, but do not allow to boil. Now break the two freshly laid eggs and beat up. Add these to the syrup, the chocolate, the cream and the vanilla, as provided before, and stir all well together. Now place on the fire, stirring constantly until the mixture reaches the boiling point. But, as I have said in the foregoing, do not allow to boil. Remove immediately and strain through a hair sieve. Now place in a pressing machine and work until the operation is completed.

[Pittsburgh Commercial Gazette]

The Rt. Rev. Bishop Gilmour, Cleveland, Ohio;—Chas. S. Strickland, Esq., 9 Boylston street, Boston, Mass.:—Capt. Paul Boyton, the World Renowned Swimmer;—Prof. C. O. Duplessis, Manager Chicago Gymnasium, Chicago, Ill.;—Wm. H. Wareing, Esq., Asst, General Superintendent; New York Post Office—Hon. Thomas L. James, Postmaster, New York;—Stacey Hill, Esq., Mt. Aburn Inclined Plane Railroad, Cincinnati, Ohio, are among the myriads who have experienced the beneficial effects of that most remarable remedy, St. Jacob's Oil, and who have testified to its efficacy in unqualified terms.

CANNED PLUMS.—To one pound of fruit, which should be ripe, allow one half-pound of sugar and a gill and a half of water; pick each end of the plums quite through with a darning-needle; wash, and put in a stone jar; make the syrup, skim, and pour boiling water over the plums, and turn a plate over them to keep the plums under the syrup, and let stand until next day; pour the syrup from the plums; and let boil again, turning to the plums; repeat this process three days; then put the syrup over the fire, and when it comes to a boil add the plums and let cook slowly one quarter of an hour; fill the cans as quickly as possible, putting a silver spoon in the can to keep it from breaking; take the spoon out, of course, and screw the top on.

DRUGGISTS and physicians recommend and prescribe Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound for all female complsints.

HARD BOILED EGGS.—Put the eggs in hot water to cover, and boil twenty minutes. Ten minutes will boil them hard, but they are not so digestible as when boiled twenty. Ten minutes makes the yolks hard and soggy, twenty minutes makes them light and mealy.

Platinum is the heaviest of metals.

REFINED and educated women will sometimes suffer in silence for years from kidney disease, or constipation and piles, which could easily be cured by a package of Kidney-Wort. —*Journal.*

Vegetine

Purifies the Blood, Renovates and Invigorates the Whole System.

ITS MEDICINAL PROPERTIES ARE

Alterative, Tonic, Solvent and Diuretic.

Vegetine is made exclusively from the juices of carefully-selected barks, roots and herbs, and so strongly concentrated that it will effectually eradicate from the system every taint of **Scrofula, Scrofulous Humor, Tumors, Cancer, Cancerous Humor, Erysipelas, Salt Rheum, Syphilitic Diseases, Canker, Faintness at the Stomach,** and all diseases that arise from impure blood. **Sciatica, Inflammatory and Chronic Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Gout** and **Spinal Complaints** can only be effectually cured through the blood.

For **Ulcers** and **Eruptive Diseases of the Skin, Pustules, Pimples, Blotches, Boils, Tetter, Scald-head** and **Ringworm,** VEGETINE has never failed to effect a permanent cure.

For **Pains in the Back, Kidney Complaints, Dropsy, Female Weakness, Leucorrhœa,** arising from internal ulceration, and uterine diseases and General Debility, Vegetine acts directly upon the causes of these complaints. It invigorates and strengthens the whole system, acts upon the secretive organs, allays inflammation, cures ulceration and regulates the bowels.

For **Catarrh, Dyspepsia, Habitual Costiveness Palpitation of the Heart, Headache, Piles, Nervousness,** and **General Prostration of the Nervous System,** no medicine has ever given such perfect satisfaction as the Vegetine. It purifies the blood, cleanses all the organs and possesses a controlling power over the nervous system.

The remarkable cures effected by Vegetine have induced many physicians and apothecaries, whom we know, to prescribe and use it in their own families

In fact, Vegetine is the best remedy yet discovered for the above diseases and is the only reliable BLOOD PURIFIER yet placed before the public.

Vegetine,

PREPARED BY

H. R. STEVENS, Boston, Mass.

Vegetine is Sold by all Druggists.

$999 a year to Agents, and expenses. $6 Outfit free. Addr's P. SWAIN & Co., Augusta, Me.

HUMOROUS.

FOUR Irishmen, wishing to live frugally, bought a lot of potatoes to eat, and a red herring to rub them on to give them a flavor; but, finding this used up their herring too quickly, they got another, which they put into a bottle, and rubbed their potatoes on the outside of that.

There is another saying as common as "potatoes and point." To one asking what he can have to eat, it is considered very clever to say, "Bread and pullet."

"Let's have it, then," says he.

A large lump of bread is set on the table and he asks for the chicken.

"Chicken!—pullet! why, there it is."

"Why, here's naught but bread."

"Well, pull it, and then you'll have bread and pullet.'"

IT'S a way these dratted plumbers have. When they fixed the bath-tub at Plug's house they changed the pipes, so that what had been the hot water faucet became the cold, and visa versa. And Plug went and filled the tub with what he supposed was warm water, the other day, when the weather was so severe. Then he plunged into it all over, and as the water was as cold as ice he got out at the rate of two hundred miles an hour, and the wild whoop he gave woke up a baby two squares away. Plug says he will slay the plumber.

How to get Sick.

Expose yourself day and night, eat too much without exercise; work too hard without rest; doctor all the time; take all the vile nostrums advertised; and then you will want to know.

HOW TO GET WELL.

Which is answered in three words—Take Hop Bitters! See other column. —*Express.*

LITTLE Allie was a precocious youth aged six. He was in his sister's room one day while she was "fixing" her hair, and annoyed her by passing his fingers through the long tresses, which he appeared to be attentively examining. He finally exclaimed, in a disappointed voice. "Sister Lill, I don't see the numbers."

"Why, Allie, what do you mean?" said the puzzled maiden.

"Didn't papa read in the Bible this morning that "the hairs of the head were all numbered?" said this literal-minded youth.

A TRAVELER, attended by his faithful but timid servant, is passing through a lonely wood at night, when suddenly the servant seizes his master by the arm and whispers hoarsely:

"See, sir; see these two suspicious-looking men lurking in the shadow of yon thicket. They must be robbers—highwaymen!"

"Well, suppose they are!"

"W-but, m-m-master, there are two of them, and you and I are all alone!"

Two little Galveston boys met and began to talk over matters and things. "Where is Billy Jones?" asked one. "He is at home." "If he was out he would go with us and find a dog to tie a tin kettle to." "His pa won't let him come out." "What did he do?" "He put a wet cartridge in the stove to dry." "Did it go off?" "Yes it got warm before it went off, and Billy got warmed after it went off, five or six times, with a boot-jack."

THE eight year old daughter of a family who has the decorative craze the worst way, was discovered the other day with the big album daubing the faces of the photographs of her parents, brothers and sisters, with water colors. When the little innocent was scolded, she replied that she was "only decorating the family mugs."

[Ypsilanti (Mich.) Commercial.]

Our representative lately learned the following from Mr. Carl Siegmund, Cor. Congress and Washington Sts.: My daughter suffered from Rheumatism to such an extent that it crippled her, rendering her unable to walk at all. We consulted many physicians and used all kinds of medicines, but in vain. At last St. Jacob's Oil effected the happiest results. It cured my daughter.

FEMALE printers pop the question to the mate typos by simply handing to them an? If the latter intends to embrace the opportunity and accept, they return a brace, thus——, but if they wish to decline and dash the cup of happiness from the fair one's lips, they hand over a——.

"You cast all sorts of thing in metal don't you?" said a would be wit, as he peered in at Figgin's type foundry. "You can't see it's our business?" "Well, then," replied the w. b. w., as he edged toward the door, cast me a shadow." He was promptly cast out.

MR. VAN SMITH (pointing toward a couple which he supposed to be in another room)—"Just look! Is it not perfectly absurd for such boys to go out?" Miss Rosebud (innocently)—"Why, that's a mirror, not a door." The young man has not appeared in public since.

OLEOMARGARINE is probably doomed to take a back seat in Michigan. A farmer of that State has been detected making his rolls of butter hollow, filling the cavities with water, leaving the butter where all would freeze solid, and thus selling ice at the market price of butter per pound.

DON'T blame the rooster for bragging over eveay egg that is laid in the family. Only human nature, nothing more. You remember that when that bouncing boy arrived at your house it wasn't the wife who went about doing the crowing.

A CLEVELAND newspaper man speaks of a kiss as "the most delicious, delectable, and distracting of all innocent indulgence." A man who can write such beautiful stuff as that ought to get a salary of at least forty cents a day.

A MAN may smile and smile again. Then he ought to stop if he wants to go home sober.

ALL belles wait for the wedding rings.

D. BULL'S COUGH SYRUP

Novel and Intersting News.

The *Boston Globe* has made a happy deal. In an extraordinary special edition dated January 1. "1981," it presents the news of one hundred years from now, in a highly interesting and elating manner. The Phonograph in Divorce suits,—Sunday School Excursion in Air Cars,—Terrible accidents in Mid-Air,—Invention of a Burglar Bouncer, are respectively treated from the stand-point of the advanced journalism of that day. News by the Talkogram and Photophone from all parts of the world is fully presented. To show the progress of those times, it is only necessary to state that "Hiram Grant's bay mare Broad S. trots a mile in 1 37¼." Every one should secure from his News Dealer or from Messrs. A. Vogeler & Co., of Baltimore, Md., by whom this edition *is exclusively controlled and owned,* a copy of the *Boston Globe* for "1981." Mailed on receipt of price,—FIVE CENTS. To read it is to have grace and flexibility imparted to the intellect, and a strong desire to live on—as the poet would express it.

Certain concretions found within the internal organs of animals, such as the heart and pancreas (the sweetbread of the butcher), have been supposed to possess peculiar powers as antidotes to the bite of rabid dogs, and this belief still prevails in the South and Southwest. It is a very old superstition, and Professor Charles Rice, in a letter to the Medical Record, traces its origin back to the earlier period of the middle ages. These *bezoar* stones have been handed down in some families from one generation to another and kept for emergencies. The word *bezoar,* from Persian *bad-i zahr,* means "the wind or breeze of poison," indicating that the poison is wafted away by its influence. The method of using the remedy is by application to the injured part. When it is considered that a large number of those bitten by rabid animals suffer no ill consequences of any moment, it is easy to see how such a supposed antidote might be regarded with great veneration, since those who applied it and remained free from rabies would incorrectly attribute an exemption of the disease to the use of the remedy.

A LITTLE daughter one of the English rifle team said: "Pa, why do they call the center of a target the bull's eye?" "Because it is a beef-hitting name," he answered. His little daughter didn't know that he meant "belting," and so lost the point of his reply.

A YOUNGSTER, while warming his hands at the fire, was remonstrated with by his father, who said: "Go away from the fire—the weather is not cold." "I ain't heating the weather. I'm warming my hands," the little fellow demurely replied.

WANTED, a barber who will admit that he ever cut a man while shaving him, and a bachelor who is not looking for a rich widow.

VEGETINE is composed of the best vegetable ingredients the dispensary of Nature furnishes. Their juices are extracted in a way which preserves their undiminished medical properties, making it one of the greatest cleansers of the blood that can be put together.

SCARLET FEVER REMEDY.—"Take one-fourth pound each of sulphur, gerrymander and saltpetre. Pulverize fine and mix well. A teaspoon even full makes two doses for a grown person; four doses for a child nine years old, etc. Repeat every half hour until the patient is better. If fever rises the next day, give powders as before day after day until the fever is broken. If the throat is sore take one pod of red pepper, put it in a pint of good vinegar; boil it a little, put the decoction in a coffee pot and let the patient suck and swallow the steam. Wet flannel in the hot vinegar and pepper and put it around the neck. When dry wet again. Keep the bowls right with castor oil." Thirty-five years ago, Dr. Samuel Gast treated sixty-three cases in Frankston township in this way without losing a single patient, and not one case has proved fatal the present season that has been treated in the same way.

KIDNEY-WORT

The Only Remedy

That Acts at the Same Time on

The Liver, The Bowels and The Kidneys

This combined action gives it wonderful power to cure all diseases.

Why Are We Sick?

Because we allow these great organs to become clogged or torpid, and poisonous humors are therefore forced into the blood that should be expelled naturally.

KIDNEY-WORT WILL CURE

Biliousness, Piles, Constipation, Kidney Complaints and Diseases, Weaknesses and Nervous Disorders.

by causing free action of these organs and restoring their power to throw off disease.

Why Suffer Bilious pains and aches?
Why Tormented with Piles, Constipation?
Why frightened over disordered Kidneys?
Why endure nervous or sick headaches?
Why have sleepless nights?

Use KIDNEY-WORT *and rejoice in health. It is a dry, vegetable compound and* One package will make six qts of Medicine. *Get it of your Druggist, he will order it for you. Price,* $1.00.

WELLS, RICHARDSON & CO., Proprietors, Burlington, Vt.
(Will send post paid.)

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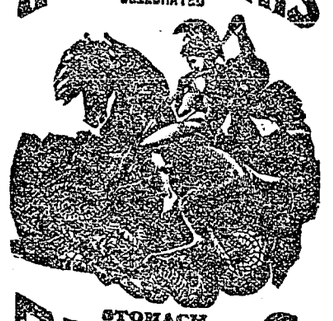

STOMACH BITTERS

No Time Should be Lost

If the stomach, liver and bowels are affected to adopt the sure remedy. Hostetter's Stomach Bitters. Diseases of the organs named beget hazardous, Dyspepsia, liver complaint, chills, and fever, carry rheumatic twinges, kidney weakness, bring serious bodily trouble if trifled with. Lose no time in using this effective, safe and long known medicine. For sale by all Druggists and Dealers generally.

VEAL SALAD.—Take cold fillet of veal and cut in half-inch pieces; break the or stalk off a head of salad and separate the leaves to see that no sand is hid in them; handle very gently, so as not to break or wilt the leaves; arrange the salad around the salad-bowl and place the veal in the centre of it. Make a dressing as follows: Take the yolks of eight hard-boiled eggs, put them in a flat-bottomed dish and mash to a paste with a wooden spoon; add to this one teaspoonful of sugar, a small one of fine salt, the same quantity of cayenne, and half a gill of made mustard. Stir all well together, adding a wine-glass and a half of vinegar and rather more than two wine-glasses of sweet-oil; stir them a long time, until they are perfectly smooth. The dressing should not be put over the salad until just ready to use; garnish with olives, bits of beets, and hard-boiled eggs.

Is it possible

That a remedy made of such common, simple plants as Hops, Buchu, Mandrake, Dandelion, &c., makes so many and such marvelous and wonderful cures as Hop Bitters do? It must be, for when old and young, rich and poor, Pastor and Doctor, Lawyer and Editor, all testify to having been cured by them, we must believe and doubt no longer. See other column.—*Post.*

SPINACH WITH CREAM.—Wash the spinach thoroughly and boil it very tender in salted water. Drain every drop of water from it in a colander, and chop it so finely that it becomes a smooth, soft mass. Then put it back on the fire in a pan with a good sized piece of butter, mixing it well with the spinach. Then add salt to taste, a little sugar and a wineglass or more of rich cream, previously boiled. Simmer a little until thoroughly hot, and serve on a hot dish, surrounded by diamonds of bread fried in butter.

THERE was a young man so well bred,
That the hair would not stay on his head
But the Carboline oil
Put new hair on the soil,
And now with an heiress he's wed.

SWEET POTATO PIE.—One pint of mashed potatoes, one quart of milk, one cup of butter, and two of sugar. Beat four eggs light, add the butter, then the potatoes and milk, flavor with nutmeg or spices, and bake on paste without cover.

MRS. LYDIA E. PINKHAM, OF LYNN, MASS.,

Yours for Health
Lydia E. Pinkham

LYDIA E. PINKHAM'S VEGETABLE COMPOUND.

Is a Positive Cure

for all those Painful Complaints and Weaknesses so common to our best female population.

It will cure entirely the worst form of Female Complaints, all ovarian troubles, Inflammation and Ulceration, Falling and Displacements, and the consequent Spinal Weakness, and is particularly adapted to the Change of Life.

It will dissolve and expel tumors from the uterus in an early stage of development. The tendency to cancerous humors there is checked very speedily by its use.

It removes faintness, flatulency, destroys all craving for stimulants, and relieves weakness of the stomach. It cures Bloating, Headaches, Nervous Prostration, General Debility, Sleeplessness, Depression and Indigestion.

That feeling of bearing down, causing pain, weight and backache, is always permanently cured by its use.

It will at all times and under all circumstances act in harmony with the laws that govern the female system.

For the cure of Kidney Complaints of either sex this Compound is unsurpassed.

LYDIA E. PINKHAM'S VEGETABLE COMPOUND is prepared at 233 and 235 Western Avenue, Lynn, Mass. Price $1. Six bottles for $5. Sent by mail in the form of pills, also in the form of lozenges, on receipt of price, $1 per box for either. Mrs. Pinkham freely answers all letters of inquiry. Send for pamphlet. Address as above. *Mention this Paper.*

No family should be without LYDIA E. PINKHAM'S LIVER PILLS. They cure constipation, biliousness, and torpidity of the liver. 25 cents per box.

Sold by all Druggists.

HOP BITTERS.

(A Medicine, not a Drink.)

CONTAINS

HOPS, BUCHU, MANDRAKE, DANDELION,

AND THE PUREST AND BEST MEDICAL QUALITIES OF ALL OTHER BITTERS.

THEY CURE

All Diseases of the Stomach, Bowels, Blood, Liver, Kidneys, and Urinary Organs, Nervousness, Sleeplessness and especially Female Complaints.

$1000 IN GOLD,

Will be paid for a case they will not cure or help, or for anything impure or injurious found in them.

Ask your druggist for Hop Bitters and try them before you sleep. **Take no other.**

D. I. C. is an absolute and irresistible cure for Drunkenness, use of opium, tobacco and narcotics.

SEND FOR CIRCULAR.

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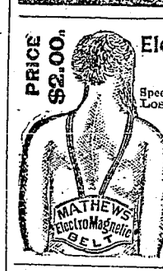
Hop Bitters Mfg. Co., Rochester, N. Y., & Toronto, Ont.

PRICE $2.00.



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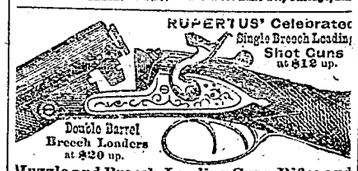
Speedily restores the Vital Forces, Lost Manhood, and curing the worst cases of Seminal Weakness, Impotency, &c. MATHEWS Improved Electro Magnetic Belt and Absorbent Pad Combined (size of Pad, 8x10 inches, 4 times larger than others), reaches at once the seat of disease. Do not purchase any old-style $20 Belts when you can get the latest improved for $2.00. "Electric Light," a large 24-column newspaper sent free unsealed; sealed, 6c. D. S. D. MATHEWS & CO. 431 West Lake St., Chicago, Ill.

RUPERTUS' Celebrated Single Breech Loading Shot Guns at $12 up.



Double Barrel Breech Loaders at $20 up.

Muzzle and Breech-Loading Guns, Rifles and Pistols *of most approved English and American makes* All kinds of Sporting Implements and articles required by Sportsmen and Gunners. Colt's New Breech-Loading Double Guns at $50 up.

JOS. C. GRUBB & CO., 712 Market St. Philadelphia, Pa.

Send stamp for Price-List.

KIDNEY DISEASES, CONSTIPATION AND PILES,

are quickly and surely cured by the use of KIDNEY-WORT. This new and wonderful remedy is having such an immense sale in all parts of the country, works on natural principles; it restores the liver and bowels to healthy action, and through them cleanses the system of accumulated poisonous humors. Kidney diseases of thirty years standing have been cured, also Piles, Constipation, Rheumatism, &c., which have distressed the victims for years. We have volumes of testimony of its wonderful power. No longer use Alcoholic Bitters, which do more harm than good, or drastic pills, but use the great remedy, KIDNEY-WORT, and health will be quickly regained. Get it of your Druggist, price $1.00.

WELLS, RICHARDSON & CO., Prop'rs, Burlington, Vt.
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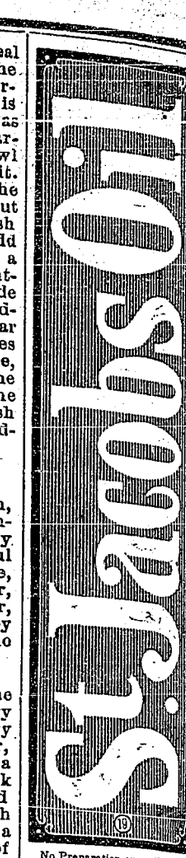
St. Jacobs Oil.



No Preparation on earth equals St. Jacobs Oil as a SURE, SIMPLE and CHEAP External Remedy. A trial but the comparatively trifling outlay of 50 cents, and every one suffering with pain can have cheap and positive proof of its claims. DIRECTIONS IN ELEVEN LANGUAGES.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS AND DEALERS IN MEDICINE.

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MIGNON, ($3.) Opera by AMBROISE THOMAS. This very successful opera came known in Paris, where it slowly worked its way to permanent distinction, has become one of the standards. The full, complete work, occupies 408 pages, and furnishes purchaser quite a library of music. Mailed to order.

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Any book mailed, post-free, for above price.

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$60 per month with the Standard Sewing Machine No. II. U. S. MFG. CO., Pittsburgh, Pa.

SEND 10c. in silver for one Rich Fragrant Card (rich) and Books Catalogue. PARKER & CO., Box 488 Charleston, S. C.

EMPLOYMENT—LOCAL or State which pays $105 a month. Also SALARY per month. All EXPENSES advanced. WAGES promptly paid. Address P. W. ZIEGLER & Co. 306 George St. Cincinnati, O.

SALESMEN WANTED $105 A Month and expenses to sell our Staple Goods. SALARY to Manufacturers. STANDARD SILVER WARE CO., 5 FOSTER & CO., Boston, Mass.

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Unlined, or with Copper, Porcelain or Rubber Linings. Each one stencilled with my name. Every manufacturer is warranted in material and construction. For sale by the best hose and pump trade. If you do not know where to get my pump, write to me as below, and I will name of agent nearest you, who will supply you at my lowest prices.

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AND WE WILL SEND YOU OUR INTERESTING AND VALUABLE PAMPHLET FOR LADIES

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285 to 295 Eighth Avenue,
NEW YORK.

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VOLUME XLII. JACKSONVILLE, ALABAMA, SATURDAY, APRIL 9, 1881. WHOLE NO. 2295.

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Neatly,

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REPUBLICAN OFFICE

From "THE LAY of the LAST MINSTREL."

Call it not vain:—they do not err,
Who say, that when the Poet dies,
Mute Nature mourns her worshipper,
And celebrates his obsequies:
Who say, tall cliff, and cavern lone,
For the departed Bard make moan;
That mountains weep in crystal rill;
That flowers in tears of balm distil;
Through his loved groves that breezes sigh,
And oaks, in deeper groan, reply;
And rivers teach their rushing wave
To murmur dirges round his grave.

Not that, in sooth, o'er mortal urn
Those things inanimate can mourn;
But that the stream, the wood, the gale,
Is vocal with the plaintive wail
Of those, who, else forgotten long,
Lived in the poet's faithful song,
And, with the poet's parting breath,
Whose memory feels a second death.
The Maid's pale shade, who wails her lot,
That love, true love, should be forgot,
From rose and hawthorn shakes the tear
Upon the gentle Minstrel's bier:
The phantom Knight, his glory fled,
Mourns o'er the field he heap'd with dead;
Mounts the wild blast that sweeps amain,
And shrieks along the battle-plain.
The Chief, whose antique crownlet long
Still sparkled in the feudal song,
Now, from the mountain's misty throne,
Sees, in the thanedom once his own,
His ashes undistinguish'd lie,
His place, his power, his memory die:
His groans the lonely cavern fill,
His tears of rage impel the rill:
All mourn the Minstrel's harp unstrung,
Their name unknown, their praise unsung

The Doctor's Story.

We were a knot of doctors, enjoying ourselves after meeting of the Hippocratic Medical Society, whose members were accustomed to assemble once a year for purposes of mutual edification and improvement. Dr. Galen Cupps was in the chair. He was our Nestor, our old man eloquent, a living professional legendary budget. On his face you could read "Entertainment" as plainly as you saw it painted on an old-fashioned tavern sign; and to it, after a day of weary rambling over the dusty paths of therapeutic lore, we turned as naturally for refreshment as the tired wayfarer halts before the inviting signboard waving hospitable welcome to the cheer within.

Genial Dr. Cupps! Like Father Grimes, that other good old man, "we'll never see him any more." No monument marks his last resting-place. The guild of undertakers, possessed they a spark of gratitude, would not suffer this to be. As for his surviving professional brethren, few of us, I fear, have money to spend in that way.

"How do young doctors, as a rule, get their start?" queried a cynical-looking M. D. at the foot of the table, with a nose as sharp as the tip of his own lancet—"leaving out, of course, exceptional cases, like that of a man swallowing a fish-bone, or dropping suddenly into a fit, where there is no choice but to seek the nearest aid. What I ask is, how do people come to trust their lives *deliberately* in inexperienced hands? What's the philosophy of it?"

"Popular ignorance, probably," suggested one.

"Or check in the youngster," another hinted.

"It's mostly *luck*, I think," remarked the chair, whereon had converged a number of inquiring looks.

"Come, doctor, gives us *your* experience on the point was seconded and carried.

"*Mine* was a case of pure luck," said he.

"Won't you tell us about it?" we entreated.

Dr. Cupps was not the man to refuse.

"Young men now-a days," he began; "enter the profession with other advantages than we old fellows had. The public hospitals, now accessible to students, afford them opportunities to learn much by observation, which *we* were left to find out through experiments on our patients.

"Though I took my degree after a creditable examination, I doubt if I could then have distinguished, by inspection, between the incipient stages of chicken-pox and measles. Had I been called to treat a simple case of rheumatism, ten to one I should have found a verdict of white-swelling, and passed a sentence of amputation without stopping to ask the victim what he had to say against it. My first patient was Percy Topham, a young man who had inherited a splendid constitution as well as fortune, but was fast making way with both. The case, no doubt, would have fallen in Dingo's hands, for he monopolized the practice thereabout, but for his absence on a distant call.

"Come quick, sir!" urged the messenger; Mr. Percy's taking on at an awful rate.'

"Without staying to inquire further, I snatched my hat and sailed forth, quite forgetting, in the excitement, the new pill bags wherein was stored my stock of samples.

"I arrived to find my patient 'taking on' at an awful rate, sure enough.

"Poker in hand, he was laying about him in a manner highly detrimental to the furniture. He was killing snakes, he said. Had it been *dogs*, hydrophibia might have been my diagnosis; but snakes I knew, meant *delirium tremens*. And such was the decision of Mr. Topham's own more practiced judgment for, turning toward me, in a lucid moment:

"'I've got 'em, Doc,' he said.

"I did my best to calm him, assured him I should bring him around, placed my fingers on his pulse, and began to count the beats, but, darting from me, he exclaimed:

"There goes the biggest snake yet—the old serpent of all!' making a slash with the poker, which caused me to dodge into a corner.

"Leaving two to watch him, and accompanied by the man who had summoned me. I hurried home to prepare such remedies as I should conclude the case required—a point, I must confess, I was very far from clear upon. I had been reared in a temperate community, had seen little intoxication or its effects, and my reading had not borne specially in that direction.

"Before reaching my office, however, I decided what course to take. There was no time to consult books. Besides I was ashamed to do that in the presence of the man who waited to carry back the physic. He would have taken it as a confession of ignorance, and would have lost no time in proclaiming me a dunce.

"Overhauling my stock of drugs, and taking a little from every one, I produced mixture, *some* element of which I hoped might prove a service.

"Give him a tablespoonful of it every half hour," I said to the man, handing him the bottle, on which I was careful to put no label.

"Not caring to be present to witness the effect of my maiden prescription, 'Tell Mr. Topham I'll call in the morning,' I said.

"Whatever my patient did, I passed a bad night. Of all cases in which to make a *debut*, why should the malignant fates send the very one most likely to expose me?

"With many misgivings I presented myself next morning at the patient's door. I was glad to see there was no crape on it. Passing the servant, who admitted me. I hurried, trembling, to the sick room.

"Good-morning, Doc,' cried the invalid, rising from a tumptuous breakfast, wiping his mouth with one hand and extending me the other. 'By George, you *did* bring me through famously! That stuff was mighty nasty, but it did the business. I'm sound as a dollar this morning!'

"Before I could reply, a serving-man entered, the same by whom I had sent the medicine.

"What's the matter, Dick?' said Topham.

"'Boxer's dead, sir.'

"'Dead! The deuce! There's a go! I suppose you forgot to call at Botts,' the farrier's for that drench yesterday; just like you when my back is turned.'

"No, sir," the man replied: 'I stopped and got it on my way from the doctor's, and gave it according to direction.'

"Just my luck!" cried Topham, smiting the table, 'You see, Doc, Boxer was my fastest trotter. I counted on winning a mint of money on him at the coming races, and now he's gone and kicked the bucket. Well, "peace to his *manes!*" as the poet says. Here, Dick, hand the doctor that medicine bottle from the mantel. He may as well fill it up again. This morning's luck may set me on a fresh spree, and there's no telling how soon I may need another dose.'

"A glance at the bottle as I took it made me start. It bore a lable, on which I read SIMON BOTTS, *farrier*.

"Can it be," I mentally exclaimed, "*that it was Botts' potion that cured the man, and mine that killed the horse?*" It was a strong case of circumstantial evidence, at any rate.

"Quietly pocketing the bottle, I went my way. If the truth was as I surmised, it never came out. Topham sounded my praises every where, and soon the local death-list was pretty equally filled with the names of old Dingo's patients and my own."

Forgotten Officials.

A writer who has been giving reminiscences of life in Washington says: Before this house (the one occupied by Mr. Seward when he was attacked by Mr. Payne) for several years afterward a sentry paced night and day, even when Mr. Seward had moved away and gone out of office. The same building was once used as a club house, and from it Key just issued when he was shot by Sickles. This lonely sentry, still at his post long after he had been forgotten at the war department, and allowed to remain, I suppose, because no one thought it was his duty to relieve him, reminds me of several similar incidents that are related in Washington. The great falls of the Potomac are about sixteen miles above Washington, and during the war there was a station for the collection of provisions for the army on the bank of the canal near these grand cataracts. The road between Washington and Great Falls was several times raided by the Confederates, and a block house was erected by the Federals at a point three or four miles above Georgetown to prevent parties of Southerners from passing up and down the road. At the close of the war the defences about the capital were one after another deserted, but nobody seems to have remembered the corporal's guard stationed out there on the Aqueduct road, and they remained on duty for a year or two. After they were relieved, the block house was set on fire by tramps or boys, and only a few blackened posts now mark its site. A still more remarkable case was that discovered by General B. F. Butler, about ten years ago. He was nosing around among the appropriations, one day, when he discovered an officer in the capitol whose duties he did not understand. He was "watching crypt." An investigation showed that many years ago it was proposed to deposit the bones of General Washington beneath the capitol, and a crypt was prepared for that purpose. When it was completed a public officer was appointed whose duty it was to watch this crypt and prevent its desecration, and there he had been ever since, growing gray in the service; while Congress had appropriated money to pay his salary year after year, nobody had thought it worth while to inquire how he earned it.

Widow Harkins.

One evening a crowd of young people congregated at Bill Burton's ranch, and when the first quadrille was over he took a stand in front of the fire and parting his coat tails in a comfortable manner remarked:

"That was purty neat dancing; you all know the step and handle yer hoofs purty peert, but some of you young folks can't hold er candle to sum old 'uns I've seed, an' that kinder reminds me of old Widow Harkins I knowed back in Georgy, when I was a boy.

"Oh, tell us about her, Uncle Bill," exclaimed a chorus of voices.

"Wall, she wus ther all firedest activest old heifer I ever knowed. She lived up in the Peach Branch settlement nigh to Bill Brown's an' was kin—aunt or suthin'—to ther Millers from Alabamy. When I knowed her, she was crawlin' on to eighty years old, but she was tougher'n 'er pecan sapling, an' the way that 'ere old critter knocked dust that June day was 'er caution to 'er mustang colt."

"Was she scared, Uncle Bill?" inquired the crowd.

"Wall, now, I guess she was kinder skeert. You see one day I had jes' cum outer the field from plowin' an turned old Job in ther lot. Darn that old mule, he had jes' busted a new pair of traces to flinders tryin' to kick 'er parcel of humble bees off'ern his hind legs. He was allers gettin' in a yaller jackets' nest or suthin' else, an' consarn his ole pictur; he busted my leg outer jint jes' when camp meetin' was cumin' on 'bout 'er week arter that. As I was goin' on to say, I wus huntin' round 'er stable gettin' up 'er new set of gear when I heerd the derndest yellin' an' er bellowin' up ther lane, 'an it peered to me it wus cumin' closer all the the time, an I clim' on the fence an' 'gin to look. Ther fust thing I seed wus 'er big cloud 'er dust 'an ther next thing my eyes lit on was Bill Brown's ole brindle bull jes 'er rippin' an 'er rearin' an' 'er liffin' up his tail an' 'er chasin' old Widow Harkins fur everthing she wus worth. Thar wus ther bull with his head down 'an tail up, an, thar wus ole Widow Harkins with her balmoral histed, jez' 'er clatterin' down ther lane like 'er couple of race horses. I warn't much pious in those days, an' get tin' kinder excited I tuk off my hat an' yelled, 'Sling out yer best hoof, go it, old gal, till you make ther gap in the calf-pen an' thar you're safe.' When I hollered to her it braced her up. She puckered her mouth like ther butt end of 'er persimmon, histed her balmoral 'er little higher, 'an I tell yer it fairly made me sweat to see ther way that ole citizen did climb over dirt. She sorter looked back over one shoulder an' saw that bull about ten feet behind her an still 'er cumnin' 'er rippin' an' rearin'. But feelin' she wus safe, she jest pulled the balmoral over her head, 'an the ole bull stood still, astonished, an' went off kinder'n a kitten. I would jest like to see some of you quadrille dancers try to take the rag off Widow Harkins."

"You Bill!" shouted his wife in dismay. He stopped dead short, and there was a pause—a long, dreary pause, until one of the young men looked out of the window and said he thought it would rain before morning. The young ladies said they thought it would, too, and Old Bill Burton went down to the cow-pen to see if the calves had been turned out, and never came back in the parlor again that night.

A Team of Reindeer.

Each of the *Wapoos* had under his or her charge five deer, and except upon these five animals, they did not bestow a thought, leaving the others to each capture his own individual five as best he could. Even the old *Wapoos*, Nilas, by name, did not offer to assist his better half, nor did she seem to expect such assistance. The animals having been very speedily got in order, the next thing is to harness them, which is done in this fashion: The deer has a skin collar on its shoulders, to which is fastened a long strap, also of untanned skin, which, going between the legs of the animal, is tied to a ring at the prow of the *poolk*. The single rein with which we drive is made fast to the left side of the head and is held in the right hand. In steering to the right, cast the rein over the right shoulder of the animal, and pull, or rather tug a little. If you wish to hasten you can strike with the rein on the animal's sides and back, though if you have a wild brute this is rather dangerous, as it on being struck becomes utterly unmanageable, and therefore it is generally quite sufficient to raise the left hand, as if for a blow, which will cause the deer to run off smartly enough. The instant the foremost deer starts all the others follow in a long line, winding in and out according as the leader's tracks go. All deer won't lead the way. Many are trained to follow only. Over all Finmarken, in fact, over all Lapland, one never sees two deer harnessed together or without proper gear. In this respect the Samoyedes are far more practical, and not only do they bring the animal to the same state of subjection as the horse with us, but they also use entire bucks for domestic purposes, a thing unheard of in Lapland.

Tanning.

The process of tanning in China is thus described: The skins are put into tubs containing water, saltpetre and salt, after thirty days they are taken out, the hair is shaved off, and the skins are well washed in spring water. Each hide is then cut into three pieces and well steamed, which is done by passing them several times backward and forward over a steaming oven. Further, each piece is stretched out separately over a flat board and secured with nails, in order that it may dry gradually and thoroughly in the sun. The smoke of the oven makes the leather black, and if it is required to give it a yellow appearance, it is rubbed over with water in which the fruit of the so-called wongohee has been soaked. Of the offal, glue is made by heating it in pans for twelve hours over a slow fire. The glue so obtained is poured into rough earthen vessels, where it remains three days, in order to coagulate. The solid mass is then cut in pieces with sharp knives and carefully laid upon grating, like trays, to dry, which are placed in open spaces resembling the Dutch threshing floors.

—There are in the Soldiers Orphan School of Pennsylvania about twenty-six hundred pupils, whose maintenance and education during the coming year will cost the State about $600,000.

The Holy Fire.

It is stated, that on the last night of the year 1880., about nine o'clock, a large portion of the counties of Galway and Mayo, Ireland, were suddenly ablaze with torches formed roughly of sheaves of wheat. It was not a quarter of an hour from the time that the first torch was observed before the country to the horizon was all alight. Loud shouts were heard, horns and whistles were blown, cans were beaten and the inhabitants seemed to have become demented. County houses were hastily closed up and secured; the police prepared in their barracks for defense, and everybody outside the Land League made certain that the dreaded moment had come. The lights and the noises subsided about eleven o'clock, and the night passed over with no more than the usual number of outrages. The country people affect to be ignorant of the cause of the illumination; some said it was to celebrate the liberation of Parnell, but the facts of the trial are well known in every hamlet and such a reason could not hold water. There is no custom of the kind on New Year's eve. The question asked on every side in Ireland is, we hear, was it a preconcerted practice in signalling? or was it an experiment? A few nights before the Fenian rising something of the same kind was observed in several parts of the country, and many well affected people are of the opinion that the incident portends no good. In the winter of 1882 the country was observed one night to be full of flashing lights in every direction. Men were frantically running around with lighted sods of turf in their hands, with which they rushed from one house to another. The origin of the phenomena was never clearly traced, but it was supposed to have been a man appearing at a house and leaving a lighted sod of turf, at the same time giving directions that the house owner should rub it to seven other sods which he was to leave to seven houses that had not before received them. This was to be done on pain of eternal perdition. That night almost every Catholic house in Ireland was visited, and many died from the exertion of getting rid of their seven sods of turf. It is supposed that it was an experiment to see in how short a time communication might be effected on an emergency from different centres of activity, acting simultaneously. It was called "the night of the holy fire." In Ireland no sign ought to be neglected. In 1867 the police were still in their country barracks when the day of the rising came, although orders had been issued for their concentration in the event of the near prospect of what was known must come."

The Man at the Windsor.

While riding up town the other day in a Fifth Avenue stage, New York reporter met an acquaintance who is a frequenter of races during the season, and a fair judge of a horse.

"Anything new?" inquired the reporter.

"I have just heard of a trick in horse selling that I think should be shown up in the newspapers."

"What is the dodge?"

"My uncle, who considers himself pretty sharp, came down from the country to buy a trotter. Without taking any one into his confidence, he started off alone to make a purchase. He met with several queer experiences, one of which, being new to me, is best described as follows:

"A stranger enters a sales stable and explains what sort of a horse he desires. After two or three ordinary animals are shown up, an apparently likely horse is brought out with considerable flourish. 'There,' says the seller, 'is the offer for you. You'll never take anybody's dust behind that fellow. The fact is, I sold him to a city man recently, and allowed him to try the horse on the road. I knew the man had plenty of money, and thought he could manage a trotter. In about three hours afterward a negro brought the horse back, with the harness and cutter all knocked to pieces. He said a man who was a little off had given him $5 to bring the horse around, and say that he would call and pay for him. But,' continues the seller, 'he can't have the animal at any price; I'll never sell a good horse to a man that can't take proper care of him. You can have him for $200 less than he promised me.'

"While they are dickering about the animal in walks a well-dresed man, saying in a rather blustering manner. 'I have come to pay for that horse I bought recently,' at the same time displaying a large roll of money. 'You can't have him,' replied the stableman. 'Why?' 'Because you damaged my property, and don't know how to use a horse. Besides, I have sold him to this gentleman.'

"After a quarrel, in which the city man swears that he will have the horse at any price, and the seller is equally emphatic in declaring that the horse is sold, the city man sidles up to the stranger, whispering, 'I'll get the best of him any way. You pay for the horse and bring him right around to me at the Windsor, when I'll hand you $100 more than you pay for him.'

"To cut the matter short, the stranger buys the horse, and afterward looks in vain for the man at the Windsor."

"Did your uncle look for the man at the Windsor?"

"No, but I know of several who would like to see him."

He Didn't Want to Buy.

Looking at the twin "before" and "after" pictures on the bottle, the bald-headed old gentleman asked, "Is that the way it always works?" "Always," said the clerk. "Produces hair on the smoothest head?" "Yes," said the clerk, "produces a most luxuriant growth of hair in six weeks or money refunded. Never was known to fail, sir, and we have sold a million and a half of bottles. How many will you have?" "Young man, don't ask me to take any more bottles. The last one I took home has ruined my peace of mind and brought desolation to my home. My wife thought it was bay rum or something or other for the complexion, and she's just worried to death now that she's found out what it will do, and spends half her time at the mirror watching for the first premonitions of the luxuriant full beard that is to hide her beauty forever. No young man I don't want any more of it. And to tell you the truth," he added in a stage whisper, "it wouldn't be of any use. She is that mad that she pulls out my hair as fast as it grows. Look at my bald head, now. The clerk looked, and had not the heart to say more, but put the bottle away and advised the old gentleman to present his wife with a razor and fixings.

An Age of Crime.

Not long ago a wagon rumbled swiftly away from the Eastern penitentiary, at Philadelphia, Pa., and an hour afterwards stopped in the municipal burying-ground—the potter's field of the vulgar—and in a few minutes a plain pine box was lowered into a hole in the earth and the frozen clods rattled upon the pine-inclosed form of Wade Sipple, alias Pierce, alias William Gray, who in his day was one of the most famous hotel and sneak thieves in the United States. His end was that of nine out of ten malefactors, although his fate had not overtaken him until he had gone beyond the allotted three-score and ten years. For more than forty years Sipple had pursued a criminal career, and in that time he had been made familiar with the interiors of the county prison, the Eastern penitentiary, Sing Sing, Charlestown, Mass., Baltimore, Richmond, Wheeling and Wilmington, N. C., prisons and penitentiaries. He was known to the detectives all over the land as a daring hotel thief; the stories of whose exploits would fill books. He was first known in 1836, when he became an inmate of the Eastern penitentiary. In the great days of steamboat travel along the Mississippi and Ohio rivers, thirty years ago, when the boats were infested by regular coalitions of gamblers, who preyed upon the Southern and Southwestern planters who travelled between New Orleans and Cincinnati and St. Louis, the fine art of sneak-thieving was adroitly plied. The thieves stole from the planter and from the successful gambler alike, often taking thousands of dollars from the staterooms, where it had been deposited by the card sharpers for safety during the progress of the famous games in which the reckless planters often staked, not only the ready money derived from the sale of their crops, but wagered, besides, their plantations, field hands, residences, etc., and lost all to the cunning knaves whom the blind goddess and skill favored. Sipple, who was down on his "luck" after a term of imprisonment at Richmond, Virginia encountered an acquaintance of Ui Megary, the notorious Mississippi river thief, who was in partnership with Al Bartis and Tom Buchanan in working the steamers plying the Father of Waters. This man took Sipple West with him, and his coolness and adroitness so pleased the veterans that he was admitted to full membership in the band of plunderers, with whom he remained many years. He had a thrilling adventure once near Natchez, Miss., which is said to have frightened him into abandoning his affiliation with Bartis and his other confederates. A party of gamblers had come up from New Orleans, had "cleaned out" a number of planters, and were making merry over their triumph. The spoils of victory were supposed to be fabulous. Sipple learned that the money, which was mostly in bundles of brand-new crisp bank notes, was in the stateroom of one of the gamblers. He determined to possess himself of it and succeeded in his enterprise, afterwards concealing the plunder in his own room. The gambler discovered his loss in a few hours and notified his associates. They fixed on Sipple and another man as the thieves and, catching them on the upper deck of the steamer on a moonlight night, as she was passing Natchez, they surrounded them, and, with drawn bowie-knives and derringers, threathened them with instant death unless they produced the booty or told where it was hidden. Sipple pretended to be frightened into compliance, and told his captors to accompany him to his room. On his way thither, although encompassed by gleaming steel, he sprang through his environment and plunged overboard. An attempt was made to stop the boat and capture the thief, but no trace of him could be distinguished even under the moonlight, and he was given up for lost. Not so, however. He escaped, and not liking the manners of the Southern gamblers, he forsook steamboat thieving as too perilous. The gamblers recovered their money in Sipple's room after a fight with his companions. As age crept over the once daring criminal he descended lower and lower in the grades of crime until he became a mere sneak thief—a snapper up of trifles. Suspicion was not likely to settle upon a white-haired, white-whiskered, nicely-dressed old man, and so he subsisted miserably on his pilfering where thousands had been insufficient to satisfy him before. He was arrested many times for petty larceny and sentenced to a few months in the county prison. In January, 1878 he was in custody under the name of Peck along with Charles Blake, the burglar, on the charge of disposing of some of the plunder from J. E. Bann's house, 2036 Diamond street, at a second hand dealer's store, representing that Blake was his son-in-law, who was breaking up housekeeping. Blake was taken to West Chester afterwards on suspicion of participation in the Bailey masked robbery. On October 16, 1878, Gray is found in trouble again for the last time. Three men who climbed over a back fence from a brickyard were surprised while in the act of breaking into the residence 1208 Thompson street. Two of them escaped from the police, but the third, poor, old Wade Sipple, who told the magistrate afterwards that his name was William Gray, was too stiffened by age and rheumatism to clamber up the ladder again and was cornered behind a barrel in the yard of the dwelling. He was convicted and sentenced to three years imprisonment. After a little over two years' confinement he fell dead on Saturday last from appoplexy and his melancholy burial, like that of the forger Rollins, took place in Potter's field. Very few of his old associates in crime are believed to be alive.

A Marvelous Stage Ride.

One of the darkest, coldest, rainiest nights of the past month, an adventure occurred in a neighboring county which deserves to be perpetuated among the remarkable episodes of stage traveling. The lady and gentleman who were prominent actors in the almost tragedy were recently at the Morris House, and the story is in no manner exaggerated or overwrought. This couple were the sole occupants of the interior of the stage on the night in question, and were sitting silently muffled up wishing for morning to dawn. The buck was drawn by two horses that were quite restive and high-spirited, though the drowsy passengers gave little heed to this fact until afterward. The night was so dreadfully dark that it was almost impossible to keep in the road, and the stage was finally brought to an abrupt halt by one of the wheels striking against a stump. The gentleman partially undid the ropes in which he was muffled, and asked the driver if he needed any assistance, and receiving a negative answer, snuggled back into his wrappings. Presently the stage moved on and the incident attracted no further attention. In a little while another stoppage occurred and the passengers had a vague consciousness that the driver again descended to arrange something about the wheels or traces. The rain pattered unceasingly upon the roof, the wind moaned through the forest branches, and weary, exhausted and benumbed, our friends were only semi-conscious of the fact that the stage again resumed its journey. Suddenly the gentleman became impressed with the idea that they were traveling at too high a rate of speed, and this conviction became so strong that he finally leaned out of the window far enough to ascertain that the driver had disappeared and his horses were running away.

Without awakening his wife to a sense of their danger he attempted to perform a feat which few men would have the nerve to do in broad daylight. This was to climb out of the window while the team was running at full speed, and swing himself up on to the driver's seat so as to secure the reins. It required the strength of an athlete and the courage of a hero to accomplish this task, but it was accomplished. As soon as he gained the driver's seat he reached for the reins which he expected to find twisted about the brake, and to his utter horror found they were gone. Meantime the horses were running at the top of their speed, the buck was being violently jolted and tossed from side to side, and the ominous darkness into which they were plunging threatened ins ant destruction. Leaning over the boot trying to reach down and find the reins, the stage gave a sudden lurch and the gentleman was hurled headlong under the wheels. There was momentarily a stunned sensation, a sharp pain as the wheels passed over his legs, and there was a rush and clatter of hoofs as the runaway team disappeared in the darkness. The wife was gone in the runaway stage. Fiction never conjured up many situations more uniquely uncomfortable. Tumbled unceremoniously out into the mud and water, with a half broken leg and a full knowledge that his wife would be dashed speedily to a horrible death, our friend was almost frantic when he finally arose and commenced groping along in the darkness.

It was not very long before the driver came rushing along in pursuit of the stage and his passengers, and gloriously astonished he was to meet with one of them under such circumstances. There was nothing to do but follow the road and await the termination of affairs. Suddenly, as they were passing over a brushy knoll, they heard a sound which they readily knew must be occasioned by the runaway team. The wonder of it, however, was that the team was evidently coming toward them. By some means the horses had turned around and were coming back. It was no easy matter to check the frightened animals, but by vigorous shouting and hurrahing they were turned into the brush and caught. Rushing to the stage to see what had become of his wife, the gentleman found her all wrapped up as he had left her and totally oblivious of the fact that she had been the object of any particular solicitude on his part, or that he had been absent from her side, or that she had been in any danger. She knew the stage was going very rapidly, but innocently supposed that the driver was making up for lost time. Not a thing was broken about the carriage or harness.

A Terrapin Farm.

Mr. Dorlon's great terrapin farm is located at Cedar Point. This projection of land is on the western shore of Mobile bay, about 30 miles below this city, and is inhabited principally by oystermen who reap golden harvests from the many beds which furnish nearly every oyster brought to the port of Mobile. Mr. Dorlon, who keeps a store at this point, has about three acres fenced in with strong pilings. Leading to this inclosure are two canals, one on the bay side and the other on the gulf side, which supply with salt water a number of ditches 10 feet wide and 100 feet long. The sand accumulating from the excavation of these ditches is thrown on each side, and used by the terrapins to sun themselves and lay their eggs in, which, if counted, would go up in the millions, and can be raked up by the bushel. In the winter season the terrapins remain imbedded in the sand of the ditches, where they stay until spring time, never touching a morsel of food. A system of sluices enables Mr. Dorlon to keep the ditches full of salt water, or drain them at pleasure, and he is not at all dependent on the tide for that purpose.

The number of terrapins on the farm, as far as can be ascertained and by the closest calculation, is between 20,000 and 25,000, and in the course of the next three or four years will be something hard to calculate. About May 1st, Mr. Dorlon makes his purchase of terrapins from the country people on the Mississippi Sound, and takes all he can secure at $3 a dozen, and that generally averages about 8,000 a year added to his farm outside of those breed therein. The inhabitants of Mississippi and Alabama hunt the terrapins with dogs trained for that purpose. The dog barks when he finds one and the hunter immediately secures it by going to the spot where the dog points.

The cost of feeding the terrapins, which, as we have said, is only done in the summer, is about $1 per dozen for the season, and the price per dozen in New York has varied from $18 to $8. The food, which consists of crabs and fish, is caught with a seine in front of the farm, and really very little expense is attached to the raising of these valuable land tortoises. Mr. Dorlon begins to ship about October, 1st, and then on to about May 10th. He generally sends us to Savannah by rail, and thence to New York by steamer, averaging about 12,000 a season, and, had it not been for a disastrous hurricane which some time ago washed out Mr. Dorlon's farm, it would be today the greatest terrapin farm in the world. He can always ship all he can get, for there is a ready market for these delicacies.

Paste for Paper.

To ten parts by weight of gum arabic add three parts of sugar in order to prevent the gum from cracking; then add water until the desired consistency is obtained. If a very strong paste is required add a quantity of flour equal in weight to the gum, without boiling the mixture. The paste improves in strength when it begins to ferment.

SATURDAY, April. 9, 1881.

The intemperate zeal of the temperance advocates in Kansas and Pennsylvania has damaged the temperance cause very much. In the former State the prohibition law makes it a felony to administer the sacramental wine and provides for the incarceration of the minister violating the law, and the closing of the church, where it is administered, as a nuisance. Recently the Pennsylvania legislature, while considering a prohibition bill, admitted an amendment allowing the sale of spirituous liquors for medical and mechanical purposes, but rejected one, which added for "sacramental" purposes. A paper in Kansas, which advocates the temperance cause, in speaking of the sacramental rite, characterizes it as one of the "mummeries and flummeries" of the church. A prominent minister of Leavenworth recently alluded to the law and its penalties and said, that while the administration of the sacramental wine subjected him to fine and imprisonment, he should do it nevertheless, and leave the result to God; that while he was willing to "render unto Ceasar the things that are Ceasar's," the question was with him whether he should obey God or obey men. The temperance fanatics, in effect reply, "if you do this in remembrance of Him, you shall suffer the rigors of the law." Thus the matter stands. We are at a loss to account for this extreme course in Kansas and Pennsylvania on the part of temperance men. A moments reflection, it would seem, would be sufficient to show them the untenableness of their position. Nothing that wars on the muniments of God's church on earth can succeed or deserves to succeed. The temperance cause in the hands of such fanatics as control it in Kansas and Pennsylvania will be an inglorious failure. The only hope of people desirous of real reform in this direction, is that the cause may fall into wiser hands in those States, and be managed on another line in other States. The church is the best temperance organization ever devised, and it is sheer madness for the advocates of temperances to ignore the church or war on its ordinances.

The U. S. Senate is still at a dead lock. The Radicals insist on organizing the Senate by a change of officers and the Democrats insist that the Senate should proceed to Executive business and leave further organization alone until the regular session in December. Moreover, they say they will not assist the Radicals in carrying out their bargain with Mahone. The question is one merely of endurance. The Democrats, by dilatory motions, will be able to hold on indefinitely to their position.

Republican U. S. Senators avow that the chief reason why they so stubbornly support Riddleberger (Mahone's man) for Sargeant-at-arms, is that it is essential to carry out the coalition between the Republicans of the North and the Independent Democrats of the South, and thus break down the Democratic party of the South. Years ago we called attention to the fact that Independent Democrats, whether they realized it or not, were lending aid and comfort to the Radical party. Every day developes the fact more and more, that the Radicals are relying on the Independent Democrats to help them do battle on the old Democratic party. The only safe place for all true Democrats is within the fold of Democratic organization. There is no half way ground.

Read the Auditor's letter. It has the ring of the right metal and vindicates the correctness of our first surmise that this officer had nothing to do with the attempt to appropriate a portion of the money donated to the wounded Confederate soldiers by the State. We have seen one of the circulars issued to Probate Judges by him, to which he refers in his letter. In it he states that blanks giving power of attorney to Mr. Watts had already reached his office, thus showing that these blanks would have been used, if the scheme had not been forestalled by the publicity given it in our issue of March 26th. The Auditor says in his circular to Probate Judges that he or his clerks will attend to the drawing of the soldiers' money without cost to them, on application.

The President has determined not to call an extra session of Congress.

Cincinnati, Ohio, and Dubuque and Keokuk, Iowa, elected the Democratic candidates for Mayor, the 4th inst.

The latest invention is a cotton picker. It is said that it will be completed and ready for trial at the cotton exposition in Atlanta next Fall. It is promised that it will pick cleaner than the fingers.

...ONEY ...m the Auditor.

HON. L. W. GRANT.

DEAR SIR.

Soon after the adjournment of the General Assembly, I placed before me the act "for the relief of maimed soldiers," and arranged a form of application under it, which I submitted to Hon. H C. Tompkins for examination and correction if necessary. He thought the form correct under the law, and I at once published and sent out to the Judges of Probate of the several counties, a sufficient number of copies for the use of all applicants under the act. My object in doing this, was two-told. In the first place, I desired uniformity and correctness in the applications, and in the second place, it was my wish and intention, that no possible expense should be incurred in getting up the applications.

I have recently learned, that John W. Watts, Esqr of this city, procured from the office of Judge Randolph, one of my blanks, which he so amended as to require the applicant to make him his attorney, for the collection of his claim. These blanks, as I now have reason to believe, Mr Watts sent to the several Judges of Probate throughout the State. To say that I was shocked and grieved, when I learned that any one desired to obtain as an attorneys fee, ten dollars of the pittance granted by the State, to my brave old comrades in arms but feebly expresses the feelings which swelled my bosom, when I was informed of Mr. Watts' conduct in the premises. I knew that Mr. Watts could not obtain the warrants from me, because of the provision in the act authorizing me to transmit the warrants to the Judges of Probate; nevertheless, as he would probably have some sort of claim upon the applicants, if his blanks should be used, I determined to issue a circular to the Judges of Probate in respect to the Watts blanks which I have this day done—having been absent from office when I first learned of the matter. From what I have stated, you may be able to judge of my surprise when my attention was called to the article in the Republican of March 26th 1881, headed, "A grab at the maimed soldiers money." That I should be suspected of contributing to Mr. Watts' scheme to get ten dollars of the soldiers money, after I had taken the precaution I had, to put an attorneys fee out of the question, is a source of annoyance to me which would grow into a deeper feeling, if I were not fully persuaded, that you will be more anxious to do me justice in the premises than you were to attribute to me the questionable action of another.

You do me justice, when in speaking of me you say, "He is himself a maimed soldier * * * * * and must have a fellow feeling for those who suffered like him, in the service of their country." I have that "fellow feeling" for the grand old "Grey Jackets," who fought for the Lost cause, and to my latest day I expect to cherish and be true to it. Some official duty may be neglected or unwisely discharged; the paths of my childhood and the flowers which I gathered in life's early morn may be forgotten, but to forget or be unmindful of the interests of those who shared with me the dangers of the sanguined field, is not in my nature; and no man can charge the commission of such crime, and point to me, saying: "There sat the guilty man."

In conclusion, permit me to request you, either by the publication of this letter, or an explination from yourself, one or both at your discretion, to do me that justice, which the facts in connection with the publication of the article referred to, so rightfully demand.

Very Respectfully,
J. M. CARMICHAEL

The maimed soldiers of Alabama are due L. W. Grant, editor of the Jacksonville Republican, a debt of gratitude for detecting and exposing a scheme of a certain lawyer in Montgomery, which would have, if successful, consumed nearly one fourth of the "maimed soldiers" appropriation made by the last Legislature. This lawyer had printed a number of blank forms, which he distributed throughout the State to have filled and returned to him, with authority from the signers to collect the money and reserve a ten dollar fee. The law very wisely provides that this money is to be paid directly, and without discount, to the soldiers, and to third party is anticipated to come in for any portion of it. Maimed soldiers will consult their financial interest by signing no blank forms claiming a fee for proposed services. Probate Judges will pay out the amounts without cost.

Talladega Mt Home.

Enterprise

The article from the Jacksonville Republican, in regard to the wonders of Anniston, will be read with astonishment by some. It is on the first page. It gives some idea of what pluck and enterprise can accomplish in such a field as Alabama. Anniston, under the wise management of two energetic gentlemen has grown up like magic, and is already one of the most interesting and progressive places in Alabama And then to think that it trades directly with China—the cloth it manufactures—a first-class article at that—being shipped to that distant shore. It goes there because it pays to let it go. China, as is known prefers American goods to English. The Chinee, heathen as he is, is judge of a good article, and so he buys invariably of "Brother Jonathan" in place of "John Bull" whenever he has an opportunity And the goods from Dixie goes ahead of all others. Indeed, the foreign demand for Southern goods has already run far ahead of the supply. An agency in this city, for an Alabama factory, has a standing order from Mexico for all goods the mills can make.

Montgomery Advertiser:

The Randolph County News tells of an entire family recently killed in that county by a tornado. All were buried at the same time.

THE STATE OF ALABAMA.
Calhoun County.

In Probate Court for said County Special Term, April 1st, 1881.

This day came John M. Patterson guardian of Mary F. E Dale a minor, and filed in Court his account and vouchers for an annual settlement of his said guardianship.

It is therefore ordered by the Court that the 30th day of April 1881, be and is hereby appointed the day upon which to audit and pass upon said account and make said settlement, and that notice thereof be given for three successive weeks prior to said day, by publication in the Jacksonville Republican a newspaper published in Calhoun County, as a notice to all persons concerned to be and appear before me at my office in the Court House of said County, on said 30th day of April 1881, and contest said settlement if they think proper.

A. WOODS.
Judge of Probate.

April 9--3t.

TAX ASSESSOR'S NOTICE.
SECOND ROUND.

I will attend the places mentioned, at the time stated, for the purpose of assessing the State and County tax for the year 1881.

Precint No. 11, White Plains.
Monday, May 2, 1881.
" " 12 Davisville, Tuesday " 3 "
" " 17 Farmerville, Wednesday " 4 "
" " 13 Oxford, Thursday and Friday, " 5 & 6 "
" " 15 Anniston, Saturday " 7 "
" " 4 Gannaways S. House, Monday " 9 "
" " 14 Sulphur Springs, Tuesday " 10 "
" " 5 Polkville, Wednesday " 11 "
" " 6 Peeks Hill, Thursday " 12 "
" " 7 Hollingsworth's, Friday " 13 "
" " 8 Greens S. House. Saturday " 14 "
" " 9 Cross Plains, Monday " 16 "
" " 16 Ladiga, Tuesday " 17 "
" " 10 Rabbit Town Wednesday " 18 "
" " 3 June Bug, Thursday " 19 "
" " Alexandria, Friday " 20 "
" " 1 Jacksonville, Saturday " 21 "

All persons will please bring with them a list of their property with valuation annexed.

A. B. LEDBETTER.
Tax Assessor Calhoun County
apr1 9—6t

STATE OF ALABAMA.
Calhoun County.

In Probate Court for said county, Special Term, April 7th, 1881.

This day came Jno. J Woodall, administrator of the estate of Wyly Woodal deceased and filed in court his account & vouchers for an annual settlement of his said administration:

It is therefore ordered by the Court that the 2nd day of May, 1881, be and is hereby appointed a day upon which to examine and audit and pass upon said account and make settlement and that notice thereof be given for 30 days in the Jacksonville Republican, a newspaper printed and published in said county prior to said day as notice to all persons interested in said settlement, to be and appear before me, at my office in Jacksonville, Calhoun county, Ala., on said 2nd day of May, 1881, and contest said settlement if they think proper. Given under my hand this April 7th, 1881.

A. WOODS.
Judge of Probate.

apr19—3t.

THE STATE OF ALABAMA,
Calhoun County.

In Probate Court for said County. Special term April 6th 1881.

This day came P. M. Watson guardian of P. D. Watson, his minor son, and filed in court his account and vouchers for an annual settlement of his guardiship. It is therefore ordered by the Court that the 30th day of April 1881 be and is hereby appointed the day upon which to audit and pass upon said account and make said settlement, and that notice thereof be given for three successive weeks prior to said day, by publication in the Jacksonville Republican a newspaper printed and published in said county, as a notice to all persons concerned, to be and appear before me at my office in the court house of said county, on said 30th day of April 1881, and contest said settlement if they think proper.

A. WOODS,
apr 9 1881 3t. Judge of Probate.

H. L. STEVENSON. L. W. GRANT.

STEVENSON & GRANT,
Real Estate Agents
JACKSONVILLE, ALA.

☞Real estate bought and sold.—Books open at law office of Mr Stevenson

Administratrix Sale.

Under and by virtue of an order of the Probate court of Calhoun county Ala. made on the 28th day of March 1881, I will as administratrix of the Estate of C. H. Wagnon dec'd sell to the highest bidder on Tuesday the 25th day of April next at the late residence of said dec'd, (six miles East of Oxford) the following property to wit: 2 milch cows; 1 young heifer; 1 brood sow; 7 sheats—18 head of sheep; 6 lambs; 2 good mules. Plows and and plow gear—1 lot tools—1 grind stone—1 two horse wagon 1 old buggy and harness—7 bee hives and 6 bales good cotton etc. The above property will be sold on a credit of twelve months with note bearing interest from date with two solvent securities.

D. A. WAGNON.
Administratrix.

March 29th 1881.

THE STATE OF ALABAMA.
Calhoun County.

In Probate Court for said County. Special term. March 30th, 1881.

This day came W. C. Crow administrator of the estate of Daniel Hoke dec'd, and filed in Court his account and vouchers for an anual settlement of said estate.

It is therefore ordered by the Court that the 23rd day of April 1881 be and is hereby appointed the day upon which to audit and pass upon said account, and to make said settlement, and that notice thereof be given for three successive weeks prior to said day, by publication in the Jacksonville Republican, a newspaper printed and published in said county, as a notice to all persons interested, to be and appear before me at office on said 23rd day of April 1881, and contest said settlement if they think proper.

A. WOODS.
Judge of Probate.

April 2 1881.

SHERIFF SALE.

Under and by virtue of three fi fas issued from the Circuit Court of Dallas county and to me directed in favor of the County of Dallas and against, J. C. S. Timberlake and others, I will sell, before the court house door, in the town of Jacksonville, Calhoun county, to the highest bidder for cash, within the legal hours of sale, on the first Monday in May, (that being the 2nd day of said month) the following described real Estate to wit: The west half of Section 32, Township 16 Range 8, except twenty-five acres off the west side of the S. W. fourth, also five acres, more or less, off the corner of the S. W. fourth of said half section, which lies on the north side of Choccoloco creek. All east, in the Cossa land District Calhoun county, Ala. Levied upon as the property of D. P. Gunnels.

Printers fee $6.

Also at the same time and place,

By virtue of one fi fa issued from the Circuit Court of Calhoun county, in favor of C. S. Poole and against Ellis Walls and Jno. M. Foster I will sell to the highest bidder for cash the following described real estate to wit: The N E qr. of the S E qr. of Section 11. Township 16, Range 8, in Calhoun county Ala. as the property of Ellis Walls.

Prs. fee $3. JAMES B. FARMER.
April 2 1881—5t. Sheriff.

THE STATE OF ALABAMA,
Calhoun County.

In Probate Court for said county, Special Term, March 1, 1881.

The Tax Collector of Calhoun county, Ala., has filed in my office a list of Delinquent Tax Payers, and of Real Estate upon which taxes are due, and you and each of you are reported delinquent, and the following lands (or lots) are reported as assessed to each of you respectively: And this is to notify you and each of you to appear before me, on Monday the 11th day of April, 1881, being the 2nd Monday in said month, and the regular term of the Probate court of said county, then and there to show cause why a decree for the sale of said lands should not be made for the amount set opesite each case, as specified and set forth below with the charges thereon, due the State of Alabama, and county of Calhoun.

L. COHEN—State—Pre. No. 1.
1 House and lot in Jacksonville:

Tax.	$4 95
T C Levy,	1 00
Notice,	20
Advertising,	2 14
	$8 30

(Owner unknown)—State—Pre. No. 4.
Bounded South by W H Canada and West by E J Haynie, Sec 36, T 15, R 7—80 acres.

Tax,	$3 30
T C Levy,	1 00
Notice	20
Advertising	2 15
	$6 65

WM McCURDY—State—Pre. No. 5.
In Section 9. T 15, R 6,

Tax	$13 40
T C Levy	1 00
Notice	20
Advertising	2 15
	$16 75

(Owner unknown)—Precinct No. 5.
3½-9ths interest in Cane Creek Iron Works, N ½ of S E ¼ and S ½ of N E ¼, and N W ¼ of N E ¼, and N W ¼ of S E ¼, and S ½ of S W ¼, and N E ¼ of S E ¼, and W ½ of N W ¼, and N E ¼ of S W ¼, Section 14, T 15, R 6. Also, N E ¼ of S W ¼, Section 36, T 14 and R 6. Also, S W ¼ of S E ¼, Section 36, T 15, R 6, and W ½ of S E ¼, and S W ¼ of N E ¼ of Section 1. T 15, R 6—640 acres.

Tax	$10 45
T C Levy	1 00
Notice	20
Advertising	4 10
	$15 85

(Owner unknown)—State—Pre. No. 5
N W ¼ of S W ¼ Section 5, T 15, R 6—40 acres.

Tax	$3 40
T C Levy	1 00
Notice	20
Advertising	2 15
	$6 75

(Owner unknown)—Precinct No. 6.
N ½ of S W ¼ Section 31, T 15, R 7—80 acres.

Tax	$35 50
T C Levy	1 00
Notice	20
Advertising	2 51
	$88 85

(Owner unknown)—Pre. No. 8.
Fraction "C" South Ind. Boundary Line, Sec 5. T 13, R 9—about 45 acres.

Tax	$7 83
T C Levy	1 00
Notice	20
Advertising	2 15
	$11 18

(Owner unknown)—State—Pre. No. 8.
Fraction "B" Section 4. T 13, R 9.—40 acres.

Tax	$1 24
T C Levy	1 00
Notice	20
Advertising	2 15
	$4 59

(Owner unknown)—State—Pre. No. 12.
N E ¼ of N E ¼ Section 11, T 16, R 8—40 acres.

Tax	$1 55
T C Levy	1 00
Notice	20
Advertising	2 15
	$4 90

(Owner unknown)—State—Pre. No. 13.
E ½ of N E ¼, Section 8, T 16, R 8, and W ½ of N W ¼ Section 9, T 16, R 8—160 acres.

Tax	$13 40
T C Levy	1 00
Notice	20
Advertising	2 15
	$16 75

M. T. CLEMENTS—Pre. No. 15.
N E ¼ of S W ¼, Section 31, T 15, R 8—40 acres.

Tax	$4 97
T C Levy	1 00
Notice	20
Advertising	2 15
	$8 32

(Owner unknown)—Pre. No. 15.
N W ¼ of N W ¼ Sec. 36, T 15, R 8.—40 acres.

Tax	$4 75
T C Levy	1 00
Notice	20
Advertising	2 15
	$8 10

M T HUMPHRIES—State—Pre No 16
Part of fractions 11 and 14, Section 32 T 12, R 10—one acre.

Tax	$ 64
T C Levy	1 00
Notice	20
Advertising	2 15
	$3 99

Given under my hand this the 15th day of March, A D, 1931

A. WOODS,
mar19.—3t. Judge of Probate.

NOTICE No. 614.

U. S. LAND OFFICE, MONTGOMERY, ALA.
March 5th, 1881.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and secure final entry thereof on Saturday 23d day of April, 1881, before the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the county cite of Cleburne county, Ala., viz: John E. V. Williams, H. No. 9616 for the S W qr. of S W qr. Sec 22, T 14 S, R 12 E and names the following as his witnesses to prove settlement and cultivation of the above described lands, viz: George F Thompson, Alphaus McElroy, Isaac Beatley and James J Ford, all of Roseswood, Ala.

PELHAM J ANDERSON,
mar5—5t Register

NUMBER 693.

MONMGOMERY, ALA.
March 5, 1881.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before Judge of the Probate Court at Edwardsville, Ala., on the 25th day of April, 1881, viz: Joseph W. Dodd, for Homestead entry No. 6674, for the N W ¼ of S E ¼ of Sec. 34, Township 15 S, Range 12 E. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz: John W Wigginton, John Tumlin, James A Ray and Joseph Ray, all of Kemps Creek, P O, Cleburne county Ala.

PELHAM J. ANDERSON
Register.

THE STATE OF ALABAMA,
Calhoun County.

In Probate Court for said county, Special Term, March 1, 1881.

The Tax Collector of Calhoun county, Ala., has filed in my office a list of Delinquent Tax Payers, and of Real Estate upon which taxes are due, and you and each of you are reported delinquent, and the following lands (or lots) are reported as assessed to each of you respectively: And this is to notify you and each of you to appear before me, on Monday the 11th day of April, 1881, being the 2nd Monday in said month, and the regular term of the Probate court of said county, then and there to show cause why a decree for the sale of said lands should not be made for the amount set opesite each case, as specified and set forth below with the charges thereon, due the State of Alabama, and county of Calhoun.

L. COHEN—State—Pre. No. 1.
1 House and lot in Jacksonville:

Tax.	$4 95
T C Levy,	1 00
Notice,	20
Advertising,	2.14
	$8 30

(Owner unknown)—State—Pre. No. 4.
Bounded South by W H Canada and West by E J Haynie, Sec 36, T 15, R 7—80 acres.

Tax,	$3 30
T C Levy,	1 00
Notice	20
Advertising	2 15
	$6 65

WM McCURDY—State—Pre. No. 5.
In Section 9. T 15, R 6,

Tax	$13 40
T C Levy	1 00
Notice	20
Advertising	2 15
	$16 75

(Owner unknown)—Precinct No. 5.
3½-9ths interest in Cane Creek Iron Works, N ½ of S E ¼ and S ½ of N E ¼, and N W ¼ of N E ¼, and N W ¼ of S E ¼, and S ½ of S W ¼, and N E ¼ of S E ¼, and W ½ of N W ¼, and N E ¼ of S W ¼, Section 14, T 15, R 6. Also, N E ¼ of S W ¼, Section 36, T 14 and R 6. Also, S W ¼ of S E ¼, Section 36, T 15, R 6, and W ½ of S E ¼, and S W ¼ of N E ¼ of Section 1. T 15, R 6—640 acres.

Tax	$10 45
T C Levy	1 00
Notice	20
Advertising	4 10
	$15 85

(Owner unknown)—State—Pre. No. 5
N W ¼ of S W ¼ Section 5, T 15, R 6—40 acres.

Tax	$3 40
T C Levy	1 00
Notice	20
Advertising	2 15
	$6 75

(Owner unknown)—Precinct No. 6.
N ½ of S W ¼ Section 31, T 15, R 7—80 acres.

Tax	$35 50
T C Levy	1 00
Notice	20
Advertising	2 51
	$88 85

(Owner unknown)—Pre. No. 8.
Fraction "C" South Ind. Boundary Line, Sec 5. T 13, R 9—about 45 acres.

Tax	$7 83
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Notice	20
Advertising	2 15
	$11 18

(Owner unknown)—State—Pre. No. 8.
Fraction "B" Section 4. T 13, R 9.—40 acres.

Tax	$1 24
T C Levy	1 00
Notice	20
Advertising	2 15
	$4 59

(Owner unknown)—State—Pre. No. 12.
N E ¼ of N E ¼ Section 11, T 16, R 8—40 acres.

Tax	$1 55
T C Levy	1 00
Notice	20
Advertising	2 15
	$4 90

(Owner unknown)—State—Pre. No. 13.
E ½ of N E ¼, Section 8, T 16, R 8, and W ½ of N W ¼ Section 9, T 16, R 8—160 acres.

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T C Levy	1 00
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N E ¼ of S W ¼, Section 31, T 15, R 8—40 acres.

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Notice	20
Advertising	2 15
	$8 32

(Owner unknown)—Pre. No. 15.
N W ¼ of N W ¼ Sec. 36, T 15, R 8.—40 acres.

Tax	$4 75
T C Levy	1 00
Notice	20
Advertising	2 15
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M T HUMPHRIES—State—Pre No 16
Part of fractions 11 and 14, Section 32 T 12, R 10—one acre.

Tax	$ 64
T C Levy	1 00
Notice	20
Advertising	2 15
	$3 99

Given under my hand this the 15th day of March, A D, 1931

A. WOODS,
mar19.—3t. Judge of Probate.

SANTA CLAUS DEPOT
FOR
CHRISTMAS
Holiday Goods
AT
H. A. SMITH'S
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL
MUSIC
AND
BOOK STORE,
Rome, Ga.

Just opening out an immense stock of Writing Desks, Work Boxes, Toilet Sets, China and Glass Vases, Motto Cup, Saucers and Mugs, Fancy Glass Inkstands, Stationery, Photograph and Autograph Albums, Bibles, Prayer Books, Poetical and standard works, Juvenile books Pictures, Picture Frames Fire, China and Rubber Toys in great variety, Wax Dolls, Games, Silver-plated Ware, suitable for wedding and holiday presents, Gold Pens, Port Monnies, and a thousand novelties.

Pianos and Organs, of the best make at wholesale prices. Orders by mail solicited. Prices cheerfully given.

dec4 H. A SMITH.

KENDALL'S SPAVIN CURE.

The most successful remedy ever discovered, as it is certain in its effects, and does not blister. Read proof below.

From Rev. P. N. GRANGER.

Presiding Elder of the St. Albans District.

St. Albans, Vt., Jan. 20, 1880.

Dr. D. J. Kendall & Co., Gents: In reply to your letter, I will say that my experience with 'Kendall's Spavin Cure' has been very satisfactory indeed Three or four years ago, I procured a bottle of your agent, and with it cured a horse of lameness caused by a spavin. Last season my horse became very lame and I turned him out for a few weeks, when he became better, but when I put him on the road he grew worse, when I discovered that a ring bone was forming I procured a bottle of 'Kendall's Spavin Cure,' and with less than a bottle cured him so that he is not lame, neither can the bunch be found.

Respectfully yours,
CHAS. E. PARKER.

Perseverence Will Tell.

Stoughton, Mass., March 16th, 1880.

B. J. KENDALL & Co., GENTS:—In justice to you and myself, I think that I ought to let you know that I have removed two bone spavins with 'Kendall's Spavin cure,' one very large one, don't know how long the spavin had been there. I have owned the horse eight months. It took me four months to take the large one off, and two for the small one. I have used ten bottles The horse is entirely well, not at all stiff, and no bunch to be seen or felt. This is a wonderful medicine. It is a new thing here, but it does for all what it has done for me, its sale will be very great.

Respectfully yours.
CHAS E. PARKER,

Kendall's Spavin Cure.

Kellogs Grand Eric co. O. Mch. 28 1880.

Dr B J. KENDALL & Co.: GENTS:—I have used your 'Kendall's Spavin Cure' on a bone spavin, and am pleased to report that it has taken the enlargement completely off. It took only one bottle to perform the cure. I am confident if it is properly used, it will do all you claim for it.

Yours truly,
C. M. LINCOLN.

Statement Made Under Oath

TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN.—In the year 1875. I treated with Kendall's Spavin cure, a bone spavin of several months growth, nearly half as large as a hen's egg, and completely stopped the lameness and removed the enlargement I have worked the horse ever since very hard, and he never has been lame, nor could I ever see any difference in the size of the hock joints since I treated him with Kendall's spavin Cure.

R. A. GAINS.
Enosburgh Falls Vt., Feb. 25th, 1879.
Sworn and subscribed to before me this 25th day of Feb., A. D., 1879.
JNO. G. JEENE,
Justice of the Peace.

Kendall's Spavin Cure On Human Flesh

PATTEN'S MILLS, WASHINGTON Co. N. Y., Feb. 21, 1878.

B J. KENDALL, M. D, DEAR SIR: The particular case on which I used your Spavin Cure was a malignant ankle sprain of sixteen month's standing. I had tried many things, but in vain. Your Spavin cure put the foot to the ground again, and for the first time since hurt, in a natural position. For a family liniment it excels anything we ever used.

Yours truly,
REV. M P. BELL,
Pastor M. E. Church, Patten's Mills N. Y.

Kendall' Spavin Cure is sure in its effects, mild in its action as it does not not blister, yet it is penetrating and powerful to reach every deep seated pain or to remove any bony growth or other enlargement such as spavins, splints, curbs, callous, sprains swellings, any lameness and all enlargements of the joints or limbs, or rheumatism in man and for any purpose for which a liniment is used for man or beast It is now known to be the best liniment for man ever used, acting mild, and yet certain in its effects

Send address for Illustrated Circular which we think gives positive proof of its virtues No remedy has ever met with such unqualified success to our knowledge for beast as well as man.

Price, $1 per bottle or six bottles for $5. All druggists have it or can get it for you or it will be sent to any address on receipt of price by the proprietors. DR. B. J KENDALL & CO.,
Enosburgh Falls, Vermont.
For sale by Rankin & Lamar, Atlanta, Ga.
Hall & Co. Nashville Tenn.,
Agents

JAMES HUTCHINSON.
Barber & Hair dresser.

Room on Office Row, recently occupied by Dick Walker.

If you desire to have a pleasant and clean shave, or have your hair trimmed in neat and fashionable style, give him a call. Jacksonville, Dec. 25, 1878

JOHN. T. MOYE,
Watchmaker and Jeweller,
—DEALER IN—
Watches, Clocks, Jewelry,
Musical Instruments, Spectacles, Silver Plated Ware, Etc.,
MAIN STREET, OXFORD, ALA.

☞Particular attention paid to repairing fine Watches and Jewelry, Sewing Machines repaired and warranted to work as good as new. Needles for all kinds of Sewing Machines on hand. ☜Ap. 2—1y

The People Appreciate Merit
EAGLE AND PHENIX
PERFECT
BALL SEWING THREAD
COLUMBUS, GEORGIA.

PREPARED BY A PROCESS USED IN NO OTHER MILL

IT HAS NO EQUAL

16 Balls to Pound, 1 lb. Packages. 20 Balls to Pound, 2 lb. Paper Boxes
Packed in Cases of 20, 30, 50, 100 or 500 Pounds each.

Uniform Price. Invariable Discounts.

☞Sold by all Jobbers.☜
ASK FOR "EAGLE & PHENIX." USE NO OTHER

TAX ASSESSOR'S NOTICE.

FIRST ROUND.

I will attend the places mentioned, at the time stated, for the purpose of Assessing the State and County Tax for the year 1881:

Precinct No. 11, White Plains, Monday, April 4th, 1881.
Precinct No. 12, Davisville, Tuesday, April 5th, 1881.
Precinct No. 17, DeArmanville, Wednesday, April 6th, 1881.
Precinct No. 13th, Oxford, Thursday, April, 7th 1881.
Precinct No. 15th, Anniston, Friday, April 8th, 1881.
Precinct No. 3, June Bug, Saturday April 9th, 1881.
Precinct No. 5, Weavers Station, Tuesday, April 12th 1881.
Precinct No. 2, Alexandria, Wednesday, April 13th, 1881.
Precinct No. 5, Polkville, Thursday, April 14th, 1881.
Precinct No. 14, Sulphur Springs Friday, April 15th, 1881.
Precinct 4, Ganaways Schoolhouse, Saturday, April 16th, 1881.
Precinct No 8, Greens Schoolhouse, Monday, April, 18th 1881
Precinct No. 7, Hollingsworth's, Tuesday April. 19th, 1881.
Precinct No. 6, Peeks Hill, Wednesday, April 20th, 1881.
Precinct No. 9. Cross Plains: Monday, April, 25th, 1881.
Precinct No. 16, Ladiga, Tuesday, April, 26th, 1881.
Precinct No. 10, Rabbit Town, Wednesday, April. 27, 1881,
Precinct No. 1, Jacksonville, Thursday, April. 28th, 1881.

All persons will please bring with them a list of their property with valuation annexed.

A. B. LEDBETTER,
Tax Assessor Calhoun County.
mar5—td

STATE OF ALABAMA,
Calhoun County

In Probate Court for said county, Special Term, March 22nd, 1881.

This day came Robert T. Johnston, one of the Executors of the estate of Wm. Johnston deceased, and filed his account and vouchers for a final settlement of said estate.

It is therefore ordered by the court that the 15th day of April, 1881, be and is hereby appointed the day upon which to audit and pass upon said account and make said settlement; and that notice thereof be given for three successive weeks prior to said day, by publication in the Jacksonville Republican, a newspaper printed and published in said county, as a notice to all persons interested, to be and appear at my office in the court house of said county, on said 15th day of April, 1881, and contest said settlement if they think proper.

A. WOODS,
march26—3t Judge of Probate.

THE STATE OF ALABAMA,
Calhoun County,

In Probate Court, Special Term, March 28th, 1881

This day came Geo. F. Mattison Adm. of the estate of Benjamin Mattison deceased, and filed in court his account and vouchers for a final settlement of said estate, as to the personal property thereof. It is ordered by the court that the 22nd day of April 1881, be and the same is hereby appointed the day upon which to hear and pass upon said account and to make said settlement, and that notice thereof be given for three successive weeks in the Jacksonville Republican, a newspaper printed and published in said county, as notice to all persons interested to be and appear before me at my office in the Court House of said county, on said 22nd day of April. 1881, and contest said settlement if they think proper.

A. WOODS,
apr5—3t Judge of Probate.

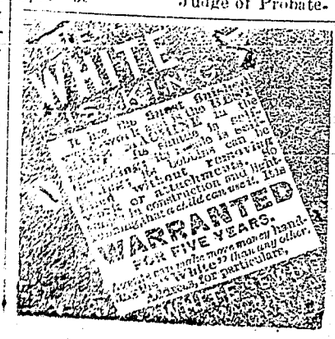
STATE OF ALABAMA,
Calhoun County.

In Probate Court for said county, Special Term, March 26th, 1881.

This day came Welcome Duke. Adm. with the will annexed. of the estate of Charles Duke, deceased, and filed in Court his account and vouchers for an annual settlement of said estate.

It is therefore ordered by the Court that the 23d day of April, 1881, be and is her by appointed the day upon which to audit and pass upon said account and make said settlement; and that notice thereof be given for three successive weeks prior to said day, by publication in the Jacksonville Republican, a newspaper printed and published in said county, as a notice to all persons concerned. to be and appear before me at my office in the court house of said county, on said 23d day of April, 1881, and contest said settlement if they think proper.

A: WOODS,
apr5—3t Judge of Probate.



INTERSTING TO FARMERS.

The Best Hillside Plow, Walking Cultivator and Single Plow ever Invented.

The undersigned procured patents the 16th day of June 1879 on the above named agricultural implements, and since their manufacture began they have been thoroughly tested and in every instance have given entire satisfaction.

They are made of wrought iron and any blacksmith can repair one The hillside plow is acknowledged to be the best on the market, doing its work to perfection. The walking cultivator carries eleven plows of different kinds, two at a time, and cultivates eleven at one furrow to the row. It subsoils admirably. In short one man and horse can do the work of two with it, and do it better than with a single plow. I claim for the single plow that the iron stock can be kept up cheaper than the wooden stock, and answers for double team.

COUNTY RIGHTS, STATE RIGHTS and THE ENTIRE PATENT FOR SALE.

TERMS VERY LOW

Read These Certificates.

COLD WATER, SEPT. 1, 1880.

MR. G. W. PETERSON—SIR:

In answer to your inquiry of recent date I will say, as cautiously as I take hold of new inventions, I am well pleased with your cultivator as far as I have tested it.

Yours etc.
J. W. ANDERSON.

EASTABOGA, ALA, AUG. 4, 1880.

MR. G. W. PETERSON.

DEAR SIR.

I have been farming 36 years; have tried many cultivators; have been using one of your last patent cultivators this season and find it to be the best plow that I have ever seen or used,

ALBERT O'KINSEY.

ADDRESS, G. W PETERSON.
Oct. 2—tf OXFORD, ALA.

A LECTURE TO YOUNG MEN ON THE LOSS OF

MANHOOD

A lecture on the nature, treatment and radical cure of Seminal Weakness, or Spermatorrhœa, induced by Self Abuse, Involuntary Emissions, Impotency, Nervous Debility, and Impediments to Marriage generally; Consumption, Epilepsy and Fits, Mental and Physical Incapacity, &c.—By ROBERT J. CULVERWELL, M.D., author of the "Green Book," &c.

The world-renowned author, in this admirable Lecture, clearly proves from his own experience that the awful consequences of Self Abuse may be effectually removed without dangerous surgical operations, bougies, instruments, rings, or cordials; pointing out a mode of cure at once certain and effectual, by which every sufferer, no matter what his condition may be, may cure himself cheaply, privately and radically.

☞This Lecture will prove a boon to thousands and thousands.

Sent, under seal, in a plain envelope, to any address, on receipt of six cents or two postage stamps.

Address the Publishers
THE CULVERWELL MEDICAL CO.
41 Ann st. New York, N. Y.
or—80-1y Post Office Box 4586.

THE FARMERS FRIEND.

PATAPSCO GUANO, Manufactured by Patapsco Guano Company, Baltimore, Md. Price, November 1st, 1881, $75 or 500 lbs. middling cotton.

ACID PHOSPHATE, by same company. Price November 1st, $63.75 or 425 lbs. middling cotton.

MASTODON GUANO, Manufactured by the Georgia Chemical Phosphate Works, Augusta, Ga., under the general supervision of Gen'l M. A.

The Republican.

TING OFFICE FOR SALE.

will give a bargain in the sale of the e County Clarion a newspaper loca- Edwardsville, Ala. The paper has al advertising of the county and a on of commercial advertising. Some type are almost new. Exchanges note. L. W. GRANT.

learn with profound regret E. M. Read, that Charlie, a Charles Martin, Esq., of ins C.oss Roads, in this coun- ged 14 years accidentally shot illed himself some two weeks He was handling a shot gun rris' Mills, when the gun l off a sill and exploded, g the charge in his side and der. The unfortunate young ived only about an hour and . He was a youth of fine ise and very popular, and his death cast a gloom over the community where he lived.

n. J. H. Forney ran far a- of every one for nomination ayor of Selma, in the city ction, until his friends initi- he did not want it.

of. Raymond, representing a n Selma, has been here this

scribers who got their ac- s last week for subscription, r by letter or enclosed in the must not suppose themselves tions to the rule. We sent out generally. An early set- nt of the estate of J, F. t renders this course necessa- nd we hope those in arrears espond at once. We want to ut no accounts for collection, can help it.

e failure of the bank of Rome some parties here to amount teen hundred or two thousand rs.

e return thanks to Mr. Isaac k for a dish of early vegeta-

e were pleased to meet Mr. ins, of the Selma Argus, in Wednesday. He was here in nterest of the Argus. The Ar- is one of the best weeklies in South, and deserves a liberal onage in Alabama. Its present agers contemplate new and ctive features which will far- add to its interest. Of this will speak in the future.

Purse cat," said a memb r of Coosa County Board of Ex- ers to a highly [illegible] candi- for license to teach during a n examination of teachers.

Purse cat?" said the darkey.

Yes, cat," responded the Ex- ner.

Well, cat is a noun, kase why? is a nime. It is singular ber, kase dar's only one cat." e he paused and scratched his d.

Well, go on," said the exami- "what gender is it?"

Now boss, dar you's too hard me" responded the darkey, "I kin't tell dat, *'less I was to nime de cat.*"

We have received of Mr. Robt. son, Door-keeper of the House Representatives, a pamphlet taining a complete roster of Executive, judicial and legis- ve departments of the State ernment, with the occupation post office address of each in- dual, together with other valu- information. Price 25 cents. dress him at Peeks Hill, Ala:

Martin & Adams, Livery men ll keep constantly for sale, baled y, bran and cotton seed, sacked, ich they will deliver to pur- sers any where within the cor- rate limits. Leave your orders th them.

ril 9, 1t.

Mr. C. R. Lester, one of the est citizens of Jacksonville, died his home in this place, of pneu- onia, Monday night the 4th inst. e had long been afflicted with an ection of the lungs. which ren- red him an easy victim to the sease which last attacked him. e was a good man, and leaves hind him a wife and children to ourn his loss.

"For lo, the winter is past, the in is over and gone; the flowers ppear on the earth; the time of e singing of birds is come.—*Bi-* e.

A war between Turkey and reece is imminent.

We learned this week that Mr. E. McClelan, of Alexandria valley, one of the oldest citizens of Calhoun county, has been quite sick; rumor going so far as to report him dead at one time. We refer to this now to correct the rumor, if it has spread over the county. He is alive, and, we hope, has many long years of usefulness before him yet.

Members of the 10th Ala. Regiment will remember Gen. Upton, the U. S. officer, who recently committed suicide, as the gallant commander who led the Federal forces at the battle of Salem Church, near Fredricksburg, Va. He was prominently conspicuous there and challenged the admiration of our whole line by his gallant bearing. Nearly every man on the right wing of the Regiment shot at him during the engagement. It is said he committed suicide because he discovered his tactics for infantry would not work well when applied to large companies.

Gen. Bragg of Wisconsin said one day to a fellow-member of Congress from Mississippi:

"You are the gentleman that I took in one day," mentioning the place of his capture.

"Yes, and you are the gentleman, I believe, that I would have taken in at Natchez run, if you had'nt got away as quickly as you did," responded Gen. Forney, who was present.

"That's so," replied Bragg, "I did make pretty good time from there."

Go to J. D. Hammond's Sons for Graham flour, oat meal, mince meat, and dried shoulder.
april, 9 1t.

WANTED TO SELL.—One good yoke large steers, cheap. Appiy to
JAS. MOHON,
april 9 2w. Jacksonville, Ala.

Weavers Station Locals

As the lizards of dispair crawleth out in Spring time, so does your local writer come forth. I will name a few items from the hub village of Calhoun. Our community and village is enjoying good health, except Mr. J. M. Ledbetter, who has been confined to his room for some time, though he is now convalesent Our village is improving. Five new and valuable accessions this year. Dr. LeGrand has a neat and full drug store; Capt. Jim Hughes has become a citizen and doing a family grocery business; Prof. Watson, from Huntsville, is in charge of a school here of about forty pupils; he is a gentleman of rare qualifications and high literary attainment; he is very systematic and gives entire satisfaction; Dr. J. F. Walker has returned from the hill city, (Rome,) where he has been the last twelve months, in drug business. We welcome the Dr. and his good lady to our midst again and wish him success in his profession; Rev. Mr. Hawkins occupies the parsonage and preaches every first Sunday. He is an able reasoner and quite a learned minister. Bill Farmer has finished his new house and is now a permanent resident of Weavers Station. He leans back in all the glory of a beautiful little boy, who is King of the household. Farmers are generally behind with their agricultural pursuits. Weavers Station is a live and moral village. It is the hub of the county, with many new spokes to raise it to prosperity and fame. We have a sunday school of about 80 pupils. In all we are a blessed people.

RUSTICO ARAT.

A committee of the Pennsylvania Legislature report favorably on a bill for inflicting corporeal punishment on wife-beaters.

The prohibition act passed for the counties of Etowah, Cherokee, DeKalb and Tallapoosa has the following sensible provision: "Provided further, That the provisions of this act shall not prevent any citizen of this State from selling wine in quantities of not less than one quart, made by him from grapes raised by him to which no spirituous liquors were added in making the same."

Sales of land made for taxes previous to the year 1876, and bid in for the State, are declared void and of no force, and the State rescinds, releases, and quit claims, to the owners all such interest as the state acquired of such purchase.

How would some of us, who think the liquor law too stringent, like to live in Kansas under her new prohibition law? A fellow is not only denied the privilege of walking into a bar and buying his morning toddy, but the law makes no exceptions to such dodges as druggists prescriptions, or cider or wine made in the state. You can't buy wine for sacramental purposes even.—Hayneville Examiner.

The State press are keeping the maimed soldier" question moving.

Shilo's Consumption Cure!

This is beyond question the most successful Cough Medicine we have ever sold, a few doses invariably cure the worst cases of Cough, Croup, and Bronchitis, while it's wonderful success in the cure of Consumption is without a parallel in the history of medicine. Since it's first discovery it has been sold on a guarantee, a *test* which no other medicine can stand. If you have a Cough we earnestly ask you to try it Price 10 cts. 50 cts. and $1.00. If your Lungs are sore, Chest, or Back, Lame, use Shiloh's Porous Plaster. Price 25 cts. Sold by Borden & Co., Jacksonville, Ala. Jan'y 15, '81—1y.

Answer this question.

Why do so many people we see around us, seem to prefer to suffer and be made miserable by Indigestion, Constipation, Dizziness, Loss of Appetite, Coming up of the Food, Yellow Skin, when for 75 cts. we will sell them Shiloh's Vitalizer, guaranteed to cure them. Sold by Borden & Co, Jacksonville, Ala. Jan'y 15, '81—1y

One splendid platform spring wagon with pole, shafts and movable top for sale.
m. 12 tf. * JAMES CROOK.

A batchelor suffering with a cold was handed a dose of Coussens Honey of Tar by his sister "What is it?" he asked. "Elixir Asthmatic, it will make you feel ecstatic." He replied. "You are very sistermatic." Down went the Honey of Tar and cured his cough. Price 50c. For sale by Borden & Co., Jacksonville, Ala. feb5eowly

Farmers would do well to call on Crow Bros. and try some of the new brands of guano sold by them as chemists say it is of the highest grade.

We have a speedy and positive cure for Catarrh, Diptheria, Canker mouth and Head Ache, in SHILOH'S CATARRH REMEDY. A nasal Injector free with each bottle. Use it if you desire health and sweet breath. Price 50 cts. Sold by Borden & Co, Jacksonville, Ala, jun15eow12m

A large lot of brogans just received by Crow Bros. which they propose to sell cheap for cash.

Twinkle, twinkle, little star, and light the way of yonder pedestrian to ——— to buy a bottle of Coussens Lightning Liniment to cure his rheumatism, lame back, etc. Price 50 cents. For sale by Borden & Co., Jacksonville, Ala. feb5eowly

Crow Bros. have just received a large lot of Spring goods, Notions, etc., which they invite the ladies to call and examine.

SHEEP SHEARER WANTED.—The undersigned wants to employ a sheep shearer, to shear Merino sheep, at ten cents per head. Work for one hand for week or more. Apply to Fritz Brown, at sheep farm, near Alexandria.
april 5. 2 w. JAMES CROOK.

Notice No. 715.

LAND OFFICE AT MONTGOMERY ALA. March 30 h. 1881.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named setler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Clerk of the Circuit Court at Edwardsville, Ala. on the 7th day of May, 1881, viz:

Thomas Swafford Homestead Entry No. 6188 for the E half of S E qr and N W qr of S E qr and N E qr of S W qr Sec S T 14 S R 11 e.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of said land, viz:

Tilman B. Cole, Edmond Jackson, Saul Abney, John Abney all of Oak Level Ala.

PELHAM J. ANDERSON,
April 2, 5t. Register.

JUST RECEIVED
—BY—
J. D. HAMMOND'S SONS,
An Elegant Stock of
SPRING GOODS, Boots, Shoes, Hats, of latest styles, for both Gentlemen and Ladies, embracing
DRESS GOODS, for Spring wear, of all descriptions. Prints, Linens, Lawns, Piques, plain and fancy, etc., all at closer figures than ever.
GENTLEMEN'S Spring Clothing, of latest patterns and nobbiest styles. Our Stock of
FAMILY GROCESIES is kept fully up to the demands of the day.
AGRICULTURAL Implements, of all kinds. Also, Hardware, Cutlery and Tin ware in abundance.
THANKING our friends for past favors, we are ever ready to show goods and prices to all. Don't fail to call and examine our stock before purchasing elsewhere for our goods are very attractive.
GARDEN & FLOWER Seeds. for the Ladies, always kept by us. Now is the time to plant.
CALL SOON and be convinced that we are selling at ROCK BOTTOM PRICES for cash.

Truly,
J. D. HAMMOND'S SONS,
mar24— Jacksonville.

NUMBER 696.

MONTGOMERY, ALA., March 7th, 1881.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the clerk of circuit court of Calhoun county, at the county site, on Friday 29th of April, 1881, viz, Sarah J Monk, widow of Silas Monk, Hd. No. 4424, for the south east ¼ of north east ¼ of section 26, township 15 south, range 8 east. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land viz, Joseph Reidinger, James R Reidinger, Elijah Y Hurst and John P Reidinger, all of Anniston P O, Ala

PELHAM J ANDERSON,
mar12—5t Register

Music Lessons.

The undersigned will be pleased to receive pupils for instruction either on the piano, organ or guitar, at low rates. She is stopping at the Reavis House, where she can be consulted as to terms.
Apl 2—5m MRS: J. C. FULTON.

TRADE
S.S.S.
MARK

PERRY HOUSTON COUNTY, GA.

We have known "Swift's Syphilitic Specific" tested in hundreds of cases of Syphilis, Mercurial Rheumatism, Scrofula etc. It made the most *perfect and permanent cures in every case.*

Hugh L Dennard, Sam'l D Killien, Judge Co. Ct., J L Warren, of J W Lathorp & Co., Savannah, Ga., Ed Jackson, Dep't Clerk Sup'r court, Wm Brunson, Eli Warren, J W Wimberly, J C Gilbrt, Druggist, J W Mann, county Treasurer, Wm D Pierce, Sh'ff, C C Duncan, Day & Gordon

I am acquainted with the proprietors and many of the gentlemen whose signatures appear to the foregoing certificate. They are men of high character and standing.

A. H. COLQUIT,
Governor of Georgia.
THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO.
Proprietors, Atlanta, Ga.

Sold by all Druggists:

Enquire for copy of 'Young Men's Friend.' mar12—1y—eq.

OVER ONE HALF

of the male portion of the American people 45 years of age suffer more or less with diseases of the Kidneys and Bladder. There are various causes for this, but over work is the chief cause Nothing in the whole Materia Medica is so well calculated to invigorate and restore healthy tone to these organs as Rankin's Compound Extract Buchu and Juniper. A few doses taken occasionally will greatly benefit all those who are afflicted with any disease of the Kidneys or Bladder

Prepared only by Hunt, Rankin & Lamar, Druggists, and for sale by all Druggists.

ANTIOCH, Troup Co Ga., July 1, 1879.

I am one of the unfortunate sufferers from Gravel or disease of the Kidneys, and find more and speedier relief from Rankin's Buchu and Juniper than anything I have ever tried. I esteem it so highly were there but one bottle in the world I would willingly give $100, or any amount for it. I recommend it above all other similar preparations. mar12—eowly E. T WINN.

UNDERTAKING.
L. A. WEAVER,
JACKSONVILLE, ALA.,

Has just received and now has in stock a full line of

COFFINS, METALIC CHRYSTAL BURIAL CASES & CASKETS,

from the size of the smallest infant (in white gloss finish) to the largest man (in Rosewood finish). These are directly **from the Factory**, and are of the latest and most highly finished styles. Prices vary with finish on work.
jan29, 1881—3m.

GUARDIAN'S AN. SETTLEMENT

THE STATE OF ALABAMA, } In Probate Court
Calhoun County. } for said county.
Special Term, March 31st, 1881.

This day came R W Reid, Guardian of the estate of Thos H Burton, a minor and filed his account and vouchers for an annual settlement of his guardianship. It is ordered by the court that the 25th day of April, 1881, be and is hereby appointed the day upon which to audit and pass upon said account, and make said settlement, and that notice thereof b given for three successive weeks in the Jacksonville Republican, a newspaper printed and published in said county, as a notice to all persons interested in said settlement to be and appear before me at my office in the court house of said county, on said 25th day of April, 1881, and contest said settlement if they think proper.

A. WOODS,
april 2—8t. Judge of Probate

THE STATE OF ALABAMA, }
Calhoun County. }

In Probate Court, Special Term, March 11th, 1881.

This day came Solomon H. Bean, Adm. of estate of David E Hawkins, dec'd. and filed his account and voucher, for an annual settlement of said estate.

It is therefore ordered by the Court that the 22d day of April, 1881 be and is hereby appointed the day upon which to examine and pass upon said account, and make said settlement, and that notice thereof be given by publication for three successive weeks in the Jacksonville Republican, a newspaper printed and published in said county, as a notice to all persons interested in said settlement to be and appear before me at my office in the Court House of said County, on said 22nd day of April, 1881, and contest said settlement if they think proper.

A. WOODS,
mar26—4: Judge of Probate.

THE STATE OF ALABAMA.
Calhoun County.

Probate Court for said County, Special term, March 22nd 1881.

This day came W. A. Scarbrough administrator of estate of C M. Martin, deceased, and filed his account and vouchers for an annual settlement of said estate. It is therefore ordered by the Court that the 16th day of April, 1881, be and the same is hereby appointed the day upon which to examine and pass upon said accounts and make said settlement; and that notice thereof be given by publication for three successive weeks in the Jacksonville Republican, a newspaper printed and published in said county, as a notice to all persons interested, to be and appear at my office in the Court House of said county, on said 16th day of April, A. D., 1881, and contest said settlement if they think proper.

A. WOODS,
mar26—3t Judge of Probate.

STATE OF ALABAMA,
Calhoun County

In Probate Court for said county, Special Term, March 22nd, 1881.

This day came Jonathan Phillips, Guardian of Elizabeth J Phillips, and files in court his account and vouchers for a final settlement of his said Guardianship.

It is ordered by the court that the 18th day of April, 1881, be and is hereby appointed the day upon which to audit and pass upon said account and to make said settlement, and that notice thereof be given for three successive weeks in the Jacksonville Republican, a newspaper printed and published in said county, as a notice to all persons concerned, to be and appear before me at my office in the court house of said county, on said 18th day of April, 1881, and contest said settlement if they think proper.

A. WOODS,
mar26—3t Judge of Probate,

STATE OF ALABAMA,
Calhoun County

In Probate Court for said County, Special Term, march 24th, 1881

This day came Jno. C Watson Administrator with the will annexed, of the estate of Elias Teague, deceased, and filed in court his account and vouchers for an annual settlement of said estate.

It is therefore ordered by the court that the 19th day of April, 1881, be and is hereby appointed the day upon which to audit and pass upon said account, and make said settlement, and that notice thereof be given for three successive weeks by publication in the Jacksonville Republican, a newspaper printed and published in said county, as a notice to all persons interested, to be and appear at my office in the court house of said county, on said 19th day of April 1881, then and there to contest said settlement if they think proper.

A. WOODS,
map26—3t Judge of Probate.

$2 Watches, Stem Winders $2.50. White Metal Hunting Cases $3. Imitation gold $4. Solid gold Keepers and best for one as speculative purposes. Sample watch sent C.O.D. subject to examination. Thompson & Co. 102 Nassau st. N.Y.

feb5'81—1y

The Selma Rome & Dalton
—AND—
East Tennessee, Virginia and Georgia Railroads,
Forms the quickest and most comfortable route to
Eastern Cities,
—AND—
ONLY ROUTE
—TO THE—
Watering Places
—OF—
East Tennessee and Virginia

The principal Inducements are
SPLENDID SCENERY, QUICK TIME, THROUGH CARS.

The only line passing through the mountainous regions of East Tennessee and Virginia. For information address,
JAS. R. OGDEN, G. P. A., Knoxville,
RAY KNIGHT, A. G. P. A., Selma.

TRAINS RUN AS FOLLOWS:
MAIL TRAINS DAILY.

No. 22, North,	Stations.	No. 21, South
5.09 a m.....	Lv Selma Ar.....	9.20 p.m
6.46 a.m	Randolph Lv.....	7.35 p.m
7.24 a.m.....	Montevallo	6.54 p m
8.05 a.m.....	Calera	6.35 p.m
10.30 a.m.....	Talladega	3.47 p.m
11.39 a.m	Oxford	2.40 p.m
12.25 p.m.....	Jacksonville	1.50 p.m
3.53 p m.....	Rome .....11.20 a m	
6.45 p m.....	Dalton ..... 8 50 a.m	
8.20 p.m.....	Ar Cleveland Lv...6.38 a.m	

ACCOMMODATION TRAINS
DAILY—SUNDAYS EXCEPTED.

No. 24 North.	Stations.	No. 23 South.
4.05 p.m....	Lv Selma Ar.....	10.50 a.m
7.35 p.m.....	Randolph Ar.....	7.50 a m
9.05 p.m.....	Montevallo	6.20 a.m
10.30 p.m.....	Calera	5.45 a.m
2.45 a.m.....	Talladega	5 33 p m
4.35 a.m.....	Oxford	3.55 p m
7.05 a.m.....	Jacksonville	2.10 p.m
1.10 p.m.....	Rome	9.25 a m
5.10 p.m.....	Dalton	6.20 a m
7.10 p.m.....	Ar Cleveland Lv .	3.20 a.m

Tickets as low as any other route.
RAY KNIGHT.
Gen. Ticket and Passenger Ag't
jan 29, 1881 Selma, Ala.

Louisville & Great Southern
RAILROAD LINE
The Quickest and Shortest
ROUTE TO ALL POINTS
NORTH & EAST,
Only One Change of Cars
—TO—
CHICAGO, ST. LOUIS, CLEVELAND DETROIT, PITTSBURGH, Philadelphia, N. York, Boston
AND THE BEST ROUTE TO
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PULLMAN PALACE CARS
Run through from Birmingham to
MOBILE NEW ORLEANS
LOUISVILLE AND CINCINNATI.
Trains run as follows:

Lv Birmingham	9 23 a m	12.01 a m
Ar Louisville	11.35 a m	3.25 p m
Lv Birmingham ..	4 15 a m	5 50 p m
Ar Mobile	3 50 p m	4 50 a m
Ar New Orleans.....	9 45 p m	10 12 a m

Agents at all stations can give you full and reliable information as to time and connections to all points and will procure you rates and through tickets on applica tion. For further information address
C. P. ATMORE, G. P. A.
jan29 1881 Louisville, Ky.

A CARD

About three years ago we were requested by some of our employees to purchase sewing machines for them. After a careful examination of all the leading machines we were convinced that the "White" was the best sewing machine manufactured and we bought six. These instantly created a demand for more, and without special effort on our part, the demand has grown so that we are now selling

100 Machines a year

and our sales are continually increasing This is the best evidence of the superior merits of the "White."
WOODSTOCK IRON COMPANY,
Anniston, Ala.

UNPARALLELED
SUCCESS
OF THE

IN THE THIRD YEAR OF ITS EXISTENCE, ITS SALES AMOUNT TO
54,853 Machines.
NO OTHER MACHINE EVER HAD SUCH
A RECORD OF POPULARITY
It is the Lightest-Running, Easiest Selling, and Best Satisfying Machine IN THE WORLD.
PRICES, 25 TO 40 DOLLARS.
For Sale by
WOODSTOCK IRON CO.,
Anniston Ala

FREE TO ALL.
Our new Illustrated Illustrated Catalogue of Packages, containing descriptions and prices of best varieties of Plants, Roses Seeds, Bulbs, etc. Is ultimation and a Colored Plate of our NEW DOUBLE WHITE BOUVARDIA will be mailed upon the receipt of three cent stamp for postage. Special Price-list of Roses, FREE Seeds guaranteed first quality Liberal offers to getters up of clubs Wholesale & Retail. NANZ & NEUNER, Louisville, Ky.

CITY BAR!

The undersigned has with particular care selected for this season, a very fine lot of

LINCOLN COUNTY WHISKEY,

Direct from the Distillery, as well as

Apple and Peach Brandies,

His Liquors are bought under bond and he knows them to be fine and pure. A general line of goods in Liquors of all brands, Beers, Cider, &c., including Sacrament Wine. Also a large lot of fine Cigars, Tobacco and Snuff,

My Billiard Parlor

is still the favorite resort of those who love the game, Respectfully,
JNO RAMAGNANO.
Jacksonville, Ala.

N B—Persons indebted to me are requested to come forward and settle accounts by Cash or Note jan29—3m

J. D. FOSTER & CO., Rome, Ga. F. W. HART, Atlanta.

HART, FOSTER & CO.

Manufacturers and Dealers in

Doors, Sash, Blinds and Builders Material.

——A GOOD STOCK IN STORE OF——

WHITE OR YELLOW PINE.

Estimates Furnished on Application.

All extra sizes to order on short notice and at bottom prices. Will duplicate Chattanooga or Atlanta prices, saving our customers the freight. Office with J D. Foster & Co. tore Room foot of Elm Street, on the Oostanula river, ROME, GA.
une 15, tf

LIVERY
—AND—
SALE STABLE.

The Undersigned having bought the Hammond Livery Stable of Mr. Wilson, have entered upon their business and will be glad to serve the public.

We expect to keep Vehicles, Horses and Mules for sale, and are prepared to guarantee bargains in this line.

Our terms will be very reasonable and strictly cash.

Horses boarded at low rates. Give us your patronage and we will give you satisfaction. Respectfully,
MARTIN & ADAMS.
jan 15—tf.

LIVERY STABLE.
STEWART & SHARP,
Successors to
W. E. WHITELY.

KEEPS CONSTANTLY on hand to hire, Good Horses and Excellent Vehicles Splendid accommodations for Drovers and others. Horses, Carriages and Buggies always on hand for sale. Entire satisfaction guaranteed to all who patronize us.
dec 18, 1880—3m.

STARTLING DISCOVERY!
LOST MANHOOD RESTORED.

A victim of youthful imprudence causing Premature Decay, Nervous Debility, Lost Manhood, etc., having tried in vain every known remedy, has discovered a simple self cure which he will send FREE to his fellow-sufferers. Address J. H. REEVES, 45 Chatham [illegible]

FIRE INSURANCE
—)—
I. L. SWAN AGT.
JACKSONVILLE, ALA.
Four Good Home Companies to wit,

Georgia Home,	*Ga.*
Home Protection,	*Ala.*
Central City	*Ala.*
Columbus Ins. and Banking Co.,	*Miss.*

May 1st, 1880.

The Jacksonville Hotel

Has changed hands and is undergoing a thorough change, and the proprietor promises to make it a first class Hotel in every respect. I am now prepared to accommodate the traveling public and all who favor me with a call. I guarantee clean rooms and nice clean bedding, and the table furnished with the best the market can afford at reasonable rates. Give me a call and see for yourselves.

H. REAVIS,
jan. 29—3mos. Proprietor.

FRANK W. BOWDON, ROBT. L. ARNOLD.
BOWDON & ARNOLD,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW
—AND—
Solicitors in Chancery,
JACKSONVILLE, ALA.

Will practice in all the Courts of the Circuit, U. S. Dist. Court and Supreme Court of the State April 24, 1880

30 DAY OFFER:
READ! READ! READ!
Down! Down!! Down!!!
PRICES REDUCED
33 1-3 PER CENT.

We have in store and on the road the largest and most complete stock of Pianos and Organs ever brought to this market, which we offer cheap for cash; will take old instruments instrument in exchange for new, or will sell on the installment plan

Don't fail when you visit Rome to give us a call if you wish anything in our line, or if you wish to order write to us.

C. W. LANGWORTHY & CO.,
20 Masonic Temple,
Rome, Ga

A. L. STEWART & CO
Have recently opened up in the rooms formerly occupied by A M. Landers, Jacksonville, Ala., a new establishment, embracing
DRY GOODS,
READY MADE
CLOTHING,
HARDWARE, CROCKERY,

And everything else kept in a General Variety Store. They hope to merit by fair dealing and liberal treatment a fair share of the trade of this vicinity.

We will see to it that none go away dissatisfied. Give us a call and determine for yourselves
jan29—3m

W. C. LAND,
WATCHMAKER,
—AND—
JEWELER.
Jacksonville, - - - Ala.

Also, agent for Meriden CT Table cutlery and silver and plated ware. Also agent for Elgin Watch co, and other American make, May, 1st 1880

W. W. HARRISON,
Physician and Surgeon,
OFFICE OVER
CARPENTER'S STORE

CALHOUN COLLEGE.

The exercises of Calhoun College will be resumed on the SECOND MONDAY in January 1881. Terms the same as last session.
W. J. BORDEN, Prin.
dec. 25—tf.

FOUND.

A Remedy That is Sure and effectual cure for all diseases of the Blood Skin, Scrofula, Cancer in its worst form, White Swelling, Catarrh, Cancer of the womb and all chronic sores, no matter of how long standing, we guarantee a cure if our remedies are used according to directions.

Smith's Scrofula Syrup and STAR CURINE.

With these two medicines combined we have cured hundreds of cases of the different diseases mentioned above.

SMITH'S SCROFULA SYRUP

is an internal remedy, one of the best purifiers known to the American people

Star Curene

is an external remedy: by applying on the outside and taking Smith's Scrofula Syrup, your case will be easy to cure. If you will call on or address us we will take pleasure in showing you hundreds of certificates from parties living in this State that you are all acquainted with; that have been cured sound and well by using Star Curene and Smith's Scrofula Syrup. If you are afflicted with any of the above mentioned diseases, do not think your case will be cured without treatment; do not delay; the sooner you get to using our two remedies the sooner you will be restored to health and happiness.

Call on Daniel & Marsh at once, before it is too late, and get a bottle of Smith's Scrofula Syrup and Star Curine.

Read the following certificates.

Messrs. Daniel & Marsh, 13, Kimbal House, Atlanta:

Gentlemen:—This is to certify that we have tried Smith's Scrofula Syrup in several cases of Catarr, Cancer, Sore legs, etc., and we cheerfully recommend it to be public as the best, safest and most reliable blood purifier that can be used for all the diseases for which it is recommended. Respectfully,
R HARTMAN & CO.

All communications should be addressed to D NIEL & MRSH, sole proprietors and manufacturers, 13, Kimbal House, Atlanta, Ga.

For sale by Johnson & Caldwell, Chu lafo. ee, Blake & Dothard, Arbacoochee, Bar[illegible] & Tollison, Edwardsville, W. A. Wa[illegible] Davisville, J. B. McCain, wholesale a[illegible] of Oxford, Roley Jenkins, De Aama ville, J. T. Thrash, Oaktuskee. Rowa Dean & Co., wholesale agents at Jacksonville, M T Moody, Cross Plains.

ROBINSON WAGON CO.
CINCINNATI, O.

This Company have just finished complete shops with every facility of the latest improved machinery, and are prepared to manufacture
STANDARD TRADE
VEHICLES,
SUCH AS
Farm Wagons,
Spring Wagons,
Platform Wagons,
Ludlow Spring Wagons,
Farmers' Two Seated Carriages,
Standard Trade Buggies.
Elegant Brewster Buggy, &c.

Send for Designs and Prices, to
ROBINSON WAGON CO.
Oct. 9, '80— Cincinnati, Ohio.

JOE A. WALDEN. ST. W. WOODWARD
Walden & Woodward,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW,
Jacksonville, Ala.

Will practice in all the courts of the Circuit, and the Supreme Courts of the State. Prompt attention given to the collection of claims.

FARM AND GARDEN.

SUPPLYING WATER FOR FARMS.—The general sinking of the water level, as indicated, by the subsidence of rivers and lakes, the drying up of marshes, bogs, and brooks, the disappearance of springs, and the greater depth required to reach water in wells, all indicate that some other means must soon be resorted to for the purpose of supplying farms in the west with water for the use of the household and for stock. Considerable has already been accomplished toward supplying large farms, especially those devoted to dairying, with water obtained from artesian wells, or raised from ordinary wells by wind power, very little, however, has been done toward supplying water to farms by cooperative effort. This method is now adopted, not only in all considerable cities, but in many large towns. It results in supplying the inhabitants with better water than can be obtained from ordinary wells, and in furnishing it in larger quantities and at a smaller expense. It also saves all the labor of raising water, which is considerable even if pumps of the best construction be employed. It affords a supply which is not conditioned on the state of a particular well, or the means of raising its contents.

The expense of conveying water in pipes of wood or iron laid under ground is much smaller than most person suppose. In a majority of cases a farmer can purchase and lay a pipe across his premises for half the sum it will cost to dig the wells he requires, supply them with pumps, and keep them in repair. Once obtained and put in position, they will ordinarily last a lifetime. When there is an artesian well in the vicinity the proprietor of it is generally entirely willing to dispose of the surplus water it affords, and which is often a burden to him. Where there is a running stream the water in it may be raised to be a considerable elevation by means of a hydraulic ram. Water may be raised from a lake, river, or stream by a single wind-mill in sufficient quantities to supply a dozen farms. Not unfrequently there are springs on hill-sides from which water may be conveyed to several farms in the vicinity. Spring water is ordinarily of most excellent quality for drinking and for dairy purposes. It may be too hard to employ for washing, but its freedom from vegetable impurities and the supply of mineral matter it contains render it very valuable for stock.

WASTE OF MANURE.—It should be a cardinal principle with every farmer to economize his manure. Upon it depends his success, and without it his labor must, to a very great extent, be without profit, if not attended with absolute loss. If it is necessary to have the barn yard on a hill side, it is equally necessary to have the lower side of it protected by a wall or some other arrangement by which the escape of liquid manure may be prevented. It is almost equally important to have a spout to convey rain water from the roof of the barn in some other direction than immediately through the barn yard. It is bad enough that the heap should be exposed to the rains which fall directly upon it without adding to it the droppings from the roof of the barn. If such improvident farmers were to behold the actual value of the fertilizing material thus lost, rolling from their purses in the shape of dollars and cents, how energetically would they labor to prevent this waste! The loss of a single little gold dollar would stir them up to a greater activity than the direct waste of a hundred times that of the little gold dollar's value in the form of liquid manure. Year after year, silently but steadily, the golden streams are flowing from their purses. Tell them of their error and they acknowledge, it but rarely does it happen that, being reminded of in a friendly manner, they make a single effort to correct it. How many are there who, after a life of steady, unremitting toil, find themselves no richer in lands or money than when they began. They cannot explain the reason. Other causes may be assigned to such discouraging results, but if the drain of liquid manures from their barnyards had been checked when they began farming very many of these unsuccessful ones would have been as prosperous as their more provident neighbors.

EVERY DAIRYMAN SHOULD IMPROVE HIS STOCK.—The prudent merchant does not omit to take an account of stock, and strike a balance between cost and sale price of his goods. He knows that this facts are necessary for him to determine the proper conduct of his business. But it is not more urgent for his safety than for the safety of the dairymans profits, that he should know the individual character of his cows. Let every dairyman begin at once practically to consider this matter, and determine upon his plan for improving his dairy. He should first fix his standard, below which he would keep no cow. This will require him to study the product of his dairy, as he has not before. He must determine what amount of milk is required to produce a profit, and when that is determined, he will see that it is folly to keep a cow below that yield of milk. He will then strive to have all his cows reach that standard, and as many of them to surpass it as possible. He is now on the road to success; let him steadily pursue it, and he will soon possess a dairy of cows whose profits will be visible to all beholders.

CABBAGE salad may be made with hard-boiled eggs chopped, or with raw eggs beaten into the dressing; for one small head, or half of a good-sized one use three eggs, beat them till they are light, then add six tablespoonfuls of vinegar, two tablespoonfuls of made mustard, a piece of butter the size of a walnut. Cook this dressing until it begins to thicken; when it is cold pour it over the chopped cabbage. When boiled eggs are used, chop the whites of the eggs with cabbage, and after rubbing the yolks till they are fine stir them into the dressing. When the eggs are cooked, the rest of the dressing does not need cooking.

BEEF OMELET, which is good for breakfast or tea, is made of one pound of chopped beef, two well-beaten eggs, three soda crackers rolled fine, three or four tablespoonfuls of milk or cream. Season to your taste with pepper, salt and sage. Make this into a roll, cover it loosely with a well-buttered cloth and bake half an hour in a basin with a little water in it. When cold, cut it into thin slices.

THE young milkman and his girl stood before the justic of the peace. "You take this milk—ahem!—this man for butter or for worse?" the mighty man of the law inquired. The girl said it never a-curd to her before, but she supposed she would if that was the only whey.

WHEN trains are telescoped, the poor passengers see stars.

DOMESTIC.

FISH IN SEASON.—Codfish is best in mid-winter, and is brought in alive in the wells of vessels. In boiling codfish it should be closely covered and simmer rather than boil. Ten minutes is allowed to every pound of fish, and it must be taken out immediately when done, and served with drawn butter or oyster sauce. For broiling, a cod weighing a pound and a half is best, served with melted butter. Daniel Webster's recipe for codfish chowder is as follows: Four tablespoonfuls of onions fried with pork; one quart of boiled potatoes well smashed; one and a half pounds of sea biscuit broken; one teaspoonful of thyme, and one of summer savory; half a bottle of mushroom catsup; half a nutmeg grated; a few cloves, mace, and allspice; a six-pound cod-fish cut in slices three-quarters of an inch thick; twenty-five oysters; a little black pepper, and slices of lemon. The whole to be put in the kettle, covered with an inch of water, boiled for one hour. Mr. Webster added a bottle of port or claret, which it would probably have been better for Mr. Webster if he had kept out of his chowder habitually.

TOMATO SOUP.—A piece of leg of beef, fifteen cents worth put in a gallon of cold water and allow to come slowly to a boil; then put aside on the stove to simmer for five or six hours; strain, and allow it to cool so as to skim off all the fat. If your stock should boil away too much add more water, so as to have two quarts when it is strained. To the two quarts of stock add a can of tomatoes a large onion stuck with six cloves, a carrot, a small turnip, half a dozen allspice, a tablespoonful of salt, and half a teaspoonful of white pepper. Let it boil slowly for two hours, and then add a tablespoonful of flour creamed in a tablespoonful of butter; let it boil five minutes longer, take out the onion carrot, and turnip, and pass your soup through the colander, rubbing it with a potatoe-masher, and serve immediately.

Beautiflors.

Ladies, you cannot make fair skin, rosy cheeks and sparkling eyes with all the cosmetics of France, or beautifiers of the world, while in poor health, and nothing will give you such good health, strength, buoyant spirits and beauty as Hop Bitters. A trial is certain proof. See another column.—*Telegraph.*

BEEFSTEAK STEW.—Take some finely chopped beef fat or a piece of butter, heat it in the stew-pan, and sprinkle some flour in; brown, and add warm water; place in this gravy the steak, which must be a thick cut and in one piece, if possible; add salt, pepper, (whole black,) three cloves, a small piece of mace, and a bay-leaf. If it is handy; close up tight and let gently simmer for three-quarter of an hour, shaking the stew now and then; after that time put in two tablespoonfuls of port wine, if you admit of wines being used in cooking, and one spoonful of mushroom catsup, or any dark sauce, and allow the stew to simmer another quarter of an hour. It should then be done and be served upon a hot dish, the gravy being poured over it.

CHICKEN PUDDING.—Cut up a pair of young chickens, put them into a stewing-pan with enough water to cover, adding two tablespoonfuls of butter; pepper and salt to taste: let it stew gently until about half cooked; take out the chickens and let them cool pouring the gravy into a separate dish. Prepare a batter of a quart of milk, six well-beaten eggs, a tablespoonful of baking powder, a little salt, sifted flour to mix to the proper thickness. Put a layer of chicken at the bottom of the pudding dish and pour over some of the batter, then another layer of chicken and more batter, and so on, having batter on top. Bake for one hour or even longer, in a hot oven. Beat an egg into the gravy reserved, let it boil up and send to the table to be served with pudding.

HARASSING DREAMS.—An unnatural excitement of the brain and nervous system is the direct cause of sleeplessness, as also of harassing nocturnal dreams. VEGETINE has a peculiarly soothing effect in all such cases, when taken just before going to bed.

STARCH POLISH.—The old receipt of stirring the starch with a bit of wax candle is not nearly so good, in the opinion of an experienced laundress, is a much cheaper plan. She uses mutton suet instead of wax; it makes the starch firmer. Before roasting or boiling your joint of mutton, cut off whatever suet you want from it. "Render" it in a tin cup and set it aside in a jar; it will keep six months or longer. The fat about the kidney in a hind quarter is the firmest and best. When you want thick starch for collars and shirt bossoms, take four tablespoonfuls of starch to one quart of water, and a piece of the clear suet about the size of a walnut. This makes a good quart of starch.

A LITTLE English work, "Sleep and how to obtain it," says that insomnia is not so dangerous as commonly supposed, for the author knows an eminent man of letters who has suffered from it for many years without injury. When a man begins to dream of his work he may know that he is under too great a mental strain. The author's plan of inducing sleep is to reckon up friends and acquaintances whose name begins with a certain letter.

There was a young lady quite fair,
Who had much trouble with her hair,
So she bought Carboline
And a sight to be seen,
Is the head of this maiden, I declare.

BLACK CAKE.—Three cupfuls of butter, one quart of sugar, three pints of flour, half a pint of molasses, half pint of brandy, half a pint of wine, one teaspoonful of saleratus, one ounce each of all kinds of spices, twelve eggs, three pounds of raisins, two of currants, half a pound of citron. Bake in deep pans, in a moderate oven, between three and four hours. This is one of the best of rich cakes.

THE following is said to be a remedy for rheumatism: Four ounces of saltpeter in one pint of alcohol; shake well and bathe the parts affected; wetting red flannel with it, lay it on. It does not cure, but takes away the redness reduces the swelling, and relieves the torment and agony.

A cow with three rings on a horn is 6 years old; with four she is 7 years old. No new rings are formed after the tenth year. The deeper rings, however, and the worn appearance of the horns are pretty sure indications of old age.

VERY taking.—Colds. Very glad.—The Druggists. The very best remedy.—Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup.

HUMOROUS.

A STORE was broken into one night, but, strange to say, nothing was carried off. The proprietor was making his boast of it, at the same time expressing his surprise at losing nothing. "Nothing at all surprising," said his neighbor; "the robbers lighted a lamp, didn't they?" "Yes," was the reply. "Well," continued the neighbor, 'they found your goods marked up so high they couldn't afford to take them."

IT all depends on how you look at these ancestors. One little aristocratic girl was yesterday boasting that her forefathers came over with the Pilgrims, when another wee maiden, whose widowed mother had recently married, said: "'Shaw, go 'long with your old duds: I've got a brand new father."

[Elgin, (Ill.) Daily Leader.]

The subjoined opinion, we perceive, is by J. A. Daniels, Esq., of Messrs. Stogdill & Daniels, attorneys, La Crosse, Wis., and appears in the La Crosse *Chronicle:* Sometime since, I was attacked with pain in and below one of my knee joints. A few applications of St. Jacob's Oil quieted the pain and relieved the inflammation. I regard it as a valuable medicine.

A PHILOSOPHER graphically illustrates the difference between a blunder and a mistake "When a man puts down a bad umbrella and takes up a good one," said John, "he makes a mistake, but when he puts down a good one, and takes up a bad one, he makes a blunder."

"I THINK," said a fond parent, "that little Jimmy is going to be a poet when he grows up. He doesn't eat, and sits all the day by the stove and thinks." You had better grease him all over. He is going to have the measles. That's what ails Jimmy.

THERE are lots of people who will tell you that they put no faith in Mother Shipton's prophecy that the world will come to an end this year, and yet will jump and have a scared look in their eyes when they suddenly hear the noise caused by the dumping of a load of coal.

"I WILL now offer you a Rubens," said an auctioneer, 'a gem in its way.' No bid. The auctioneer passed it, and taking up another picture exclaimed: "Come gentlemen, here is a Rembrandt by the same!"

"LOOK here, you critter," exclaimed a Hoboken man the other night, as he brought his hand down on the place where a mosquito sat, "do you take me for a lunch counter?" The mosquito, by this time sitting on the far side of the room, was very respectful and made no reply.

A BUTCHER let a sailor have a shoulder of mutton on trust, but finding in a day or two after that he had gone to a foreign land, said: "My word! but if I had known he never intended paying, I would have charged him a cent a pound more for it!"

[New Albany Ledger-Standard.]

Speaking of Governors suggests the mention of an item we received from Mr. Henry A. Knight, Foreman at Chas. Waters & Co.'s Governor and Valve Works, Boston, Mass.: I have used St. Jacob's Oil among our employes and find that it never fails to cure. The men are delighted with the wonderful effects of the Oil, as it has cured them of bruises, burns, etc.

OF a miserly man somebody wrote: "His head gave way, but his hand never did. His brain softened, but his heart couldn't."

AN exchange says: "The butchers of Baltimore are very handsome." That is when they are dressed to kill.

EIGHTEEN hundred and eighty-one does not resemble a pair of lovers on a sofa because there is one at each end.

SHAKSPEARE knew all about doctors. He said: "How poor are they that have no patience!"

THIS is the time to buy thermometers. They are down now.

VEGETINE

KIDNEY COMPLAINT.
DISEASE OF THE KIDNEYS.

The symptoms of an acute attack of inflammation of the kidneys are as follows: Fever, pain in the small of the back, and thence shooting downward: numbness of the thigh, vomiting, usually at first a deep red color of the urine, which becomes pale and colorless as the disease increases, and is discharged very often with pain and difficulty; costiveness, and some degree of colic. In chronic diseases of the kidneys the symptoms are pain in the back and limbs, dryness of the skin, frequent urination (especially at night), general dropsy, headache, dizziness of sight, indigestion, and palpitation of the heart, gradual loss of strength, paleness and puffiness of the face, cough and shortness of breath.

In diseases of the kidneys the Vegetine gives immediate relief. It has never failed to cure when it is taken regularly and directions followed. In many cases it may take several bottles, especially cases of long standing. It acts directly upon the secretions, cleansing and strengthening, removing all obstructions and impurities. A great many can testify to cases of long standing having been perfectly cured by the Vegetine, even after trying many of the known remedies which are said to be expressly for this disease.

Kidney Complaints.

CINCINNATI, O., March 19, 1877.

H. R. STEVENS:

Dear Sir:—I have used your VEGETINE for some time, and can truthfully say it has been a great benefit to me; and to those suffering from diseases of the Kidneys, I cheerfully recommend it.
Respectfully, O. H. SMITH,
Attested to by K. B. Ashfield, Druggist.
Cor. Eighth and Central Avenue.

CINCINNATI, O., April 19, 1877.

MR. H. R. STEVENS:

I have suffered several years with the *Kidney Complaint*, and was induced to try VEGETINE. I have taken several bottles of your preparation, and I am convinced it is a valuable remedy. It has done me more good than any other medicine. I can heartily recommend it to all suffering from *Kidney Complaints*.
Yours Respectfully, J. S. McMILLEN,
First Book-keeper for Newhall, Gale & Co., Flour Merchants, No. 86 West Front St., Cincinnati, O.

VEGETINE has restored thousands to health who had been long and painful sufferers.

VEGETINE,
PREPARED BY
H. R. STEVENS, Boston, Mass.

Vegetine is Sold by all Druggists.

This simple method of making a phosphorescent lamp is given: Cleanse oyster shells by well-washing, expose them to a red heat for half an hour, separate the cleanest parts, and put into a crucible in alternate layers with sulphur. Then heat to redness for at least an hour. When cold, break the mass, and separate the whitest part for use. If inclosed in a bottle, the figures of a watch may be seen by the aid of the light emitted. To renew the luminosity of the mass, expose the bottle each day to the sun or other strong light. The sulphide of calcium will thus be made to absorb light, which will be available throughout the night.

A writter from long practical experience in testing drain pipes, confidently reccommends for that purpose what he terms a "smoke test," and which gives evidence as to leaks both to the sight and smell. The materials that he employs are soiled cotton waste and sulphur, the smoke from which, after ignition, is blown into the drain or pipes. If leakages exist in the latter inside of the house, the smoke and smell both issue forth and show that something is wrong, and generally tell also just where the fault or faults are. Sulphur, as is well known, is one of the best of disinfectants, and a dose of the fumes from this to the drains, after disease has been in a house, would effect much good.

TUMORS in an early stage of development are expelled by the use of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

The Indestructibility of Matter.—This is capable of ready demonstration by preparing a couple of glass tubes of equal weight, each being filled with pure oxygen and containing a few particles of carbon, free from appreciable amount of ash—that prepared from the fine loaf-sugar gives very good results. The tubes are of precisely equal weight and are hermetically sealed. By heating one of them the charcoal is caused to burn and ultimately to disappear; the tube contents however is of course found still to balance the other tube, which has not been heated, as it is of precisely the same weight as it was at first.

A compound, by J. M. Lewin, Paris, said to possess more explosive force than all other explosive materials, and which will not explode when a flame is applied to it, or in consequence of an ordinary blow, but only by means of a cartridge or capsule, consists of the ingredients given below in or about the proportions specified; *i. e.*, nitro-glycerine, 60 parts; nitrate of potassium, sodium or ammonia, 16 parts; palmitic acidulated oxide of cetyl (cetoceum), 1 part; carbonate of lime, 1 part; lignine, 1 part; and wood or animal charcoal or peat moss (sphagnum), 16 parts.

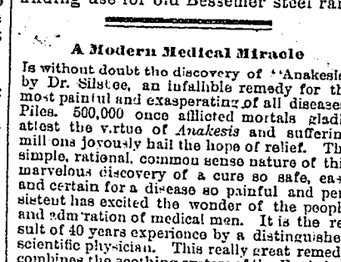
Utilization of old Steel.—A new process of using up old steel has been lately patented. The resultant metal is said to possess extraordinary strength and ductility. The process consists of mixing up old steel with a patent compound and subjecting the whole to a furnace-heat; when the particles amalgamate. Steel made on this plan has been turned out at the Hunslet Works and sold readily for £45 per ton. The process is said to be second only in importance to Bessemer's invention and it will be especially valuable as finding use for old Bessemer steel rail.

A Modern Medical Miracle

Is without doubt the discovery of "Anakesis" by Dr. Silsbee, an infallible remedy for the most painful and exasperating of all diseases, Piles. 500,000 once afflicted mortals gladly attest the virtue of *Anakesis* and suffering mill ons joyously hail the hope of relief. The simple, rational, common sense nature of this marvelous discovery of a cure so safe, easy and certain for a disease so painful and persistent has excited the wonder of the people and admiration of medical men. It is the result of 40 years experience by a distinguished scientific physician. This really great remedy combines the soothing system of the English—the mechanical method of the French and the heroic medical custom of American Surgeons. "Anakesis" therefore affords almost instant relief from pain, keeps up the raw sensitive tumors and both by pressure and medication cures the most inveterate cases of piles. It has stood the critical test of 20 years' use against the cavils of ignorant imitations and unscrupulous empiricism, over half a million of persons have used it and none without benefit. Doctors of all schools prescribe it as the nearest possible to an infallible remedy. Samples of "Anakesis" are sent *free* to all sufferers by P. Neustaedter & Co., Box 3940 New York, sole manufacturers. Sold by druggists everywhere. Price $1.00 per box.

LIFE and health are preserved by carefully aiding nature whenever it shows lack of ability to carry on its work. For torpid liver, bowels or kidneys, no other remedy equals Kidney-Wort.—*Courier.*

TO RAISE THE PILE ON VELVET.—When the pile is pressed down cover a hot smoothing-iron with a wet cloth, and hold the velvet firmly over it; the vapor arising will raise the pile of the velvet with the assistance of a light whisk or clothes brush.

HOSTETTER'S
CELEBRATED

STOMACH
BITTERS

No Time Should be Lost

If the stomach, liver and bowels are affected, to adopt the sure remedy, Hostetter's Stomach Bitters. Diseases of the organs named by get others far more serious, and a delay is therefore hazardous. Dyspepsia, liver complaint, chills and fever, early rheumatic twinges, kidney weakness, bring serious bodily trouble if trifled with. Lose no time in using this effective, safe and long known medicine. For sale by all Druggists and Dealers generally.

GIFT Fruit Packages, Peach Baskets, &c. Address A. W. WELLS & CO., St. Jo., Mich.

THE HANNAH MORE ACADEMY.
The Diocesan School for Girls. Careful Training, Thorough Instruction and Influence of a Christian Home.
REV. ARTHUR J. RICH, A. M., M. D.,
Reisterstown, Md.

Send Stamp for Book on "Health and Comfort" to AROMATIC PINO-PALMINE MATTRESS CO., 915 Arch St., Philadelphia; 115 Water St., Boston.

Those answering an Advertisement will confer a favor upon the Advertiser and the Publisher by stating that they saw the advertisement in this Journal (naming the paper).

$777 A YEAR and expenses to agts. Outfit Free. Address P. O. VICKERY, Augusta, Maine.

DR. BULL'S
COUGH
SYRUP

300

A YOUNG lady not accustomed to waltzing, at the earnest solicitation of a friend, made the attempt recently. When the music ceased another friend approached and said, gaily. "Well, I see you got through all right." "Yes," was the reply, "but it was a tight squeeze."

"MY case is just here," said a citizen to a lawyer the other day: "The plaintiff will swear that I hit him. I will swear that I did not. Now, what can you lawyers make out of that if we go to trial?" 'Five dollars apiece,' was the prompt reply.

Worthless Stuff.

Not so fast my friend; if you could see the strong, healthy, blooming men, women and children that have been raised from beds of sickness, suffering and almost death, by the use of Hop Bitters, you would say "Glorious and invaluable remedy," See another column.—*Philadelphia Press.*

AN OIL CITY Irishman, having signed the pledge, was charged soon after with having been drunk. "'Twas me absent-mindedness," said Pat, "'an a habit I have of talkin' wid meself. I sed to meself, sez I, "Pat cum in and have a dhrink." "No, ser," sez I, "I've sworn off." "Thin I'll dhrink alone," sez I. An' whin meself cum out falth an' he was dhrunk."

"How many deaths?" asked the hospital physician while going his rounds. "Nine." "Why, I ordered medicine for ten. "Yes, but one wouldn't take it."

NOTHING is wholly bad. Even a dark lantern has its bright side.

MRS. LYDIA E. PINKHAM, OF LYNN, MASS.,

Yours for Health
Lydia E. Pinkham

LYDIA E. PINKHAM'S
VEGETABLE COMPOUND.
Is a Positive Cure

for all those Painful Complaints and Weaknesses so common to our best female population.

It will cure entirely the worst form of Female Complaints, all ovarian troubles, Inflammation and Ulceration, Falling and Displacements, and the consequent Spinal Weakness, and is particularly adapted to the Change of Life.

It will dissolve and expel tumors from the uterus in an early stage of development. The tendency to cancerous humors there is checked very speedily by its use.

It removes faintness, flatulency, destroys all craving for stimulants, and relieves weakness of the stomach. It cures Bloating, Headaches, Nervous Prostration, General Debility, Sleeplessness, Depression and Indigestion.

That feeling of bearing down, causing pain, weight and backache, is always permanently cured by its use.

It will at all times and under all circumstances act in harmony with the laws that govern the female system.

For the cure of Kidney Complaints of either sex this Compound is unsurpassed.

LYDIA E. PINKHAM'S VEGETABLE COMPOUND is prepared at 233 and 235 Western Avenue, Lynn, Mass. Price $1. Six bottles for $5. Sent by mail in the form of pills, also in the form of lozenges, on receipt of price, $1 per box for either. Mrs. Pinkham freely answers all letters of inquiry. Send for pamphlet. Address as above. *Mention this Paper.*

No family should be without LYDIA E. PINKHAM'S LIVER PILLS. They cure constipation, biliousness, and torpidity of the liver. 25 cents per box.

☞ Sold by all Druggists. ☜

KIDNEY-WORT

PERMANENTLY CURES
KIDNEY DISEASES,
LIVER COMPLAINTS,
Constipation and Piles.

Dr. R. H. Clark, South Hero, Vt., says, "In cases of Kidney Trouble it has acted like a charm. It has cured many very bad cases of Piles, and has never failed to act efficiently."

Nelson Fairchild, of St. Albans, Vt., says, "It is of priceless value. After sixteen years of great suffering from Piles and Costiveness it completely cured me."

O. S. Hogabon, of Berkshire, says, "One package has done wonders for me in completely curing a severe Liver and Kidney Complaint."

IT HAS A WONDERFUL POWER. WHY?

Because it Acts on the LIVER, the BOWELS and the KIDNEYS at the same time.

Because it cleanses the system of the poisonous humors that develope in Kidney and Urinary diseases, Biliousness, Jaundice, Constipation, Piles, in Rheumatism, Neuralgia and nervous disorders.

KIDNEY-WORT is a dry vegetable compound and can be sent by mail prepaid.

One package will make six qts of medicine.

TRY IT NOW!

☞ Buy it at the Druggists. Price, $1.00.

WELLS, RICHARDSON & CO., Proprietors,
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The Purest and Best Medicine ever Made.

A combination of Hops, Buchu, Mandrake and Dandelion, with all the best and most curative properties of all other Bitters, making the greatest Blood Purifier, Liver Regulator, and Life and Health Restoring Agent on earth.

No disease can possibly long exist where Hop Bitters are used, so varied and perfect are their operations.

They give new life and vigor to the aged and infirm.

To all whose employments cause irregularity of the bowels or urinary organs, or who require an Appetizer, Tonic and mild Stimulant, Hop Bitters are invaluable, without intoxicating.

No matter what your feelings or symptoms are what the disease or ailment is use Hop Bitters. Don't wait until you are sick but if you only feel bad or miserable, use them at once. It may save your life. It has saved hundreds.

$500 will be paid for a case they will not cure or help. Do not suffer or let your Friends suffer, but use and urge them to use Hop B

Remember, Hop Bitters is no vile, drugged drunken nostrum, but the Purest and Best Medicine ever made; the "INVALIDS FRIEND and HOPE" and no person or family should be without them.

D. I. C. is an absolute and irresistible cure for Drunkenness, use of opium, tobacco and narcotics. All sold by druggists. Send for Circular. Hop Bitters Mfg. Co., Rochester, N.Y. and Toronto, Ont.

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Subdues Inflammation, Controls all Hemorrhages Acute and Chronic; Venous and Mucous.

INVALUABLE FOR

Catarrh. Pond's Extract is the only specific for this disease. Cold in the Head, &c. Our Catarrh Cure (75 cents), specially prepared to meet serious cases, contains all the curative properties of Pond's Extract; our Nasal Syringe (25 cents), invaluable for ulcerated Catarrh. Inflections, is simple and effective.

Sore Throat and Lungs, Chapped Hands and Face are greatly benefitted by the Extract. Frosted Limbs and Chilblains are promptly relieved and ultimately cured by Pond's Extract.

☞ It is unsafe to use other articles with our directions. Insist on having POND'S EXTRACT or Refuse all imitations and substitutes.

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FOR
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Neuralgia, Sciatica, Lumbago, Backache, Soreness of the Chest, Gout, Quinsy, Sore Throat, Swellings and Sprains, Burns and Scalds, General Bodily Pains,

Tooth, Ear and Headache, Frosted Feet and Ears, and all other Pains and Aches.

No Preparation on earth equals ST. JACOBS OIL as a *safe, sure, simple* and *cheap* External Remedy. A trial entails but the comparatively trifling outlay of 50 Cents, and every one suffering with pain can have cheap and positive proof of its claims.

Directions in Eleven Languages.

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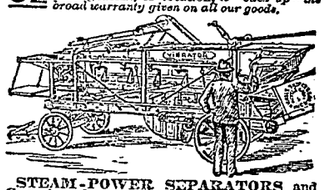

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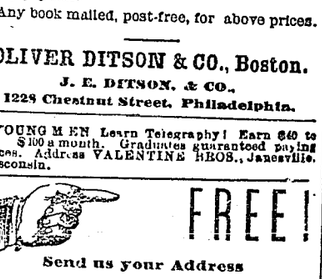

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FOR THE CURE OF CHRONIC SCROFULA OR SYPHILITIC DISEASES, TARY OR CONTAGIOUS.

Be It Seated in The Lungs or Stomach or Bones, Flesh or Nerves,

CORRUPTING THE SOLIDS AND THE FLUIDS.

Chronic Rheumatism, Scrofula, Swelling, Hacking Dry Cough, Consumptions, Syphilitic Complaints, Blood in the Lungs, Dyspepsia, Water Brash, Tumors, White Swellings, Tumors, Ulcers, Skin Diseases, Mercurial Diseases, Female Complaints, Gout, Dropsy, Salt Rheum, Consumption,

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Not only does the Sarsaparillian Resolvent excel all remedial agents in the cure of Scrofulous, Constitutional and Skin diseases, but it is the only positive cure for

KIDNEY AND BLADDER COMPLAINTS

Urinary and Womb Diseases, Gravel, Dropsy, Stoppage of Water, Incontinence of Urine, Bright's Disease, Albuminuria, and in cases where there are brick-dust deposits, or the water is thick, cloudy, ropy, or like the white of an egg, or milk, or there are flakes or particles like the white of an egg, or white silk, or there is a morbid, scanty or burning appearance and white bone-dust deposit, or when there is a pricking, burning sensation when passing water, and pain in the small of the back and along the loins.

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OVARIAN TUMOR OF TEN YEARS CURED BY DR. RADWAY'S

One bottle contains more of the active principles of Medicines than any other Sarsaparillian Resolvent in the market. Takes in Teaspoonful doses, while others require five or six times as much.

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Looseness, Diarrhœa, Cholera, Morbus, Painful discharges from the bowels are checked in 15 or 20 minutes by taking Radway's Ready Relief. No congestion or inflammation, weakness or lassitude will follow the use of Radway's Relief.

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Inflammation of the Kidneys,
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Chilblains and Frost Bites.

The application of the Ready Relief to the part or parts where the pain or difficulty exists will afford ease and comfort,

Thirty to sixty drops in a half tumbler of water will in a few minutes cure Cramps, Sprains, Sour Stomach, Heartburn, Sick Headache, Diarrhœa, Dysentery, Colic, Wind in the Bowels, and all internal pains.

Travelers should always carry a bottle of Radway's Ready Relief with them. A few drops in water will prevent sickness or pain from change of water. It is better than Bitters, Brandy or Bitters as a stimulant. Price 50 Cents per Bottle.

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Perfect purgatives, Soothing Aperients, Without Pain, Always Reliable, Natural in their Operation

A VEGETABLE SUBSTITUTE FOR CALOMEL.

Perfectly tasteless, elegantly coated with sweet gum, purge, regulate, purify, cleanse and strengthen.

RADWAY'S PILLS, for the cure of all Disorders of the Stomach, Liver, Bowels, Kidneys, Bladder, Nervous Diseases, Headache, Constipation, Costiveness, Indigestion, Dyspepsia, Biliousness, Fever, Inflammation of the Bowels, Piles, and all derangements of the Internal Viscera. Warranted to effect a perfect cure. Purely vegetable, containing no mercury, minerals or deleterious drugs.

☞ Observe the following symptoms resulting from Diseases of the Digestive Organs: Constipation, Inward Piles, Fullness of the Blood in the Head, Acidity of the Stomach, Nausea, Heartburn, Disgust of Food, Fullness or Weight in the Stomach, Sour Eructations, Sinking or Fluttering at the Heart, Choking or Suffocating Sensations when in a lying posture, Dimness of Vision, Dots or Webs Before the Sight, Fever and Dull pain in the Head, Deficiency of Perspiration, Yellowness of the Skin and Eyes, Pain in the Side, Chest, Limbs, and Sudden Flushes of Heat, Burning in the Flesh.

A few doses of RADWAY'S PILLS will free the system from all the above-named disorders.

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We repeat that the reader must consult our books and papers on the subject of diseases and their cure, among which may be named

"False and True,"
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and others relating to different classes of cases.

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VOLUME XLII. JACKSONVILLE, ALABAMA, SATURDAY, APRIL 16. 1881. WHOLE NO. 2296.

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LOVED TOO LATE.

Year after year, with a glad content,
In and out of our home he went—
In and out.
Ever for us the skies were clear;
His heart carried the care and fear,
The care and doubt.

Our hands held with a careless hold
All that he won of honor and gold
In toil and pain.
O dear hands that our burdens bore—
Hands that shall to I for us no more,
Never again!

Oh, it was hard to learn our loss,
Bearing daily the heavy cross—
The cross he bore;
To say, with an aching heart and head,
"Would to God that the Love now dead
Were here once more!"

For when the Love we held too light
Has gone away from our speech and sight,
No bitter tears,
No passionate words of fond regret,
No yearning grief, could pay the debt
Of thankless years.

Oh, now while the sweet Love lingers near,
Grudge not the tender words of cheer;
Leave none unsaid.
For the heart can have no sadder fate
Than some day to awake—too late—
And find Love dead!

Cook's Story.

"Yes ma'am," said cook to me, pausing in the stirring of a pudding as she spoke, and shaking her head until her double chin looked like a mould of jelly. "Yes, ma'am, I've seen some strange things in my long life of service, I can tell you. I know the secrets of a good many families, and understand the difference between home faces and company faces by this time."

"There's many a happy looking couple with 'my dear' and 'my darling' before folks that are like cat and dog when they are alone. And I can tell you you don't know much about people from seeing the front door. I've found out many secrets in the course of my life, but never, I'm thankful to say, any that weighed upon me so as what I met with at my first place, thirty years ago this winter."

"I was a young girl then, with only one relation living—my old grandmother—and she was terribly anxious about me. 'Girls are light minded,' said she, 'and are carried away by flattery. And a handsome young fellow with a smooth tongue might lead Annie into all kinds of folly.' So granny deliberated and deliberated, and refused this place and that place, and seemed as though she never would be suited.

At last, however, the minister, who had been a bachelor so far, married and brought his wife home, and granny came in out of her wits with joy one day to say she'd got me the place.

"'It's a fine thing for you,' says old granny. 'You'll get no harm there.'

"So poor old granny helped me pack my box and I went over to the minister's.

Every one in the place knew about the minister's courtship, and how he had before that courted Miss Nellie Read, and that it would have been a match, if it had not been for Miss Bella Dunton, who came to the place on a visit and set her cap for him at once. That was the story; but there was nothing of the flirt about Mrs. Burlington, Miss Dunton that was; and if Miss Read had been jilted, she was much the handsomest. Handsome, but a fierce, bright kind of beauty, like that of the wild animals in cages at the menageries; and I never could learn their names to know them apart, but there was a way they had of stepping that was soft and yet fierce, that put me in mind of her when I saw them. And Mrs. Burlington was like a dove—soft and mild and sweet. I couldn't call her plain, whatever others did.

"I suppose that married life is the same the world over while people are young and in their honeymoon.

"The minister and his wife were like two turtle-doves. His arm always about her waist, or her hand on his shoulder. They couldn't bear to be apart. At first I think he loved her most—but her love grew. It's always so—marriage makes a woman love more while, generally, it makes a man less of a lover. Though I'll say for Mr. Burlington, I noticed no change in him.

"And I know I'd just said to the cook that I hoped if ever I had a husband he'd be as fond of me as master was of mustress, when the bell rang and I went to open the door and who should walk in, and hand me her card, but Miss Nellie Read. I took it in to master and mistress, and I saw his face flush as he looked at it—but she only smiled.

"'Show the lady in,' said she, and you may believe me or not, ma'am, but as she spoke I felt a cold chill run through me, and if I'd dared to step out of my place so far as to say, 'Please, ma'am, let me send her away,' I'd have done it, but I didn't dare, and she came in, and from that time they were intimate, always going and coming, and sitting together. 'I don't believe the story they tell of missus having cut Miss Read out," said cook, one day. But I did. I'd seen a spark in her eyes that meant no good.

"All this pleasant seeming work went on for a long while, and at last the time came when a little baby was born. I remember when I first saw it lying on it's mother's arm, and Mr. Burlington kissing them both. Miss Read was not there, but when I went back to the kitchen she was there, stirring something we were making for mistress. She gave a start as she saw me, and something dropped out of her hand. It was a little china jar with a flower painted on it, and as I picked it up I said: 'What a wonder it was it wasn't broken, and how pretty it is.'

"She made me no answer, but put it into her pocket in a hurry, and poured the gruel into a bowl and carried it up stairs.

"'Oh, Miss,' said cook, as she passed her, 'how glad I am missus is getting on so well!'

"But Miss Read just looked at her in a strange way and said in a sort of whisper:

"'She's far from well—far from well. I think her very ill myself.'

"'Does the doctor say so?' asked cook.

"But Miss Read had gone; and whether he had said so or not, he said it the next day.

"Ah, she was very, very ill, and Miss Read was very kind; she watched her, and cared for her, and cooked all her food. But day by day the poor lady grew worse, and the baby pined; and at last on the same night both died.

"After she was dead the minister lay upon the sofa all day long, moaning and weeping. Once I heard him say that fate was cruel. Miss Read heard him.

"'And it cannot be retributive justice,' she said, in a strange tone, 'for you have never been cruel to any one, you know.'

"Even in his grief he looked at her then; but that was all they said.

"The night of the funeral she was there still. The minister was shut in his room, and she in hers, as we supposed, and we servants dreaded to go to bed, for the house seemed full of ghosts. The very commonest noises frightened us; and a flapping window-shutter made us all start. It was one belonging to a pantry window, and cook bade me go and fasten it, at last, and I went, shaking and trembling, and found I must go outside to do it.

"Must is must, and I made up my mind to brave it; but, as I put my hand to the bolt to draw it, I found it was not fastened, and the lock was not shot either. So I opened the door softly and stepped out, and there, in the moolight, I saw what I thought to be a ghost kneeling and digging a grave. At first I was too frightened to scream; but before I got my breath again I saw that the figure was a living one. It was Miss Nellie Read. She was kneeling and digging a little hole with a trowel mistress had used for her gardening. And when she had dug it she dropped into it something white and shining, patted down the earth, and came in.

"She did not see me where I stood, and she fastened the door and crept up stairs in the dark. A little while after I went out and fastened the flapping shutter, and I told nobody of what I had seen.

"Nobody; but that night I dreamt a dream. I thought my dead mistress came to me, and took me from my bed, and led me to the spot where I had seen Miss Nellie Read kneeling.

"'When my husband tells you he is going to marry that woman, dig here, and show him what you find,' said she.

"I awoke wet with perspiration, and shaking with fright; but I said nothing yet.

"I said nothing, until a year from that day I dreamt the dream again; only this time my mistress said:

"'My husband is going to marry my murderess; dig here, and show him what you find.'

"Then I went to the old doctor, and made my courtesy, and told him my dreams, and what I had seen. 'And is master going to marry any one?' said I.

"'He is going to marry Miss Read,' said the doctor.

"Then he bade me say nothing, and promised to come to the house that night and help me prove to myself that there was nothing under the tree.

"Late that night, with the moon high in the sky, as it had been when I saw Miss Read digging there, we knelt down together under the old tree, and I dug where she had, and in a little while I struck something hard and lifted it from the earth.

"It was only a little china jar, with a tight fitting cover, but when I looked at it I knew it for the jar Miss Read had dropped upon the hearth while she was stirring Mrs. Burlington's gruel.

"'It is half full of white powder,' said I.

"But the doctor snatched it from me.

"'If Miss Read chooses to make a grave for her tooth-powder jar, she has a right to do it,' he said. 'And don't make a fool of yourself and talk to your fellow-servants, and there is five dollars to get you a dress.'

"I did not like to take such a large present, but I told him I should not talk, and I never did.

"But master never married Miss Read. Instead he sold the house and went away to Europe, and people knew something strange had happened. As for Miss Read she went mad after awhile; and those who saw her then said her talk made them turn cold. It was all about something she was afraid of that followed her with an awful white face, and about burying things by moonlight.

"And I had strange fancies in my mind, ma'am, but I never said a word. There are some things it is best not to talk about."

Luminous Paint.

Not the least promising application of the new luminous paint is found in the production of a safety lamp for coal miners. It is said to give light enough for practical use, and as it contains no fire or heat, it is evident that its use is absolutely free from risk. By means of this form of lamp, in connection with blasting by compressed air, fire and the attendant danger of exploding gas might be ruled out, and the most dangerous mines be made quite safe.

Strangely Fulfilled.

On the night of May 11, 1812, Mr. Williams, of Scorrier House, near Redruth, in Cornwall, woke his wife, and in great agitation told her of a strange dream he had just had. He dreamed he was in the lobby of the House of Commons, and saw a man shoot with a pistol a gentleman who had just entered the lobby, who was said to be the Chancellor. His wife told him not to trouble about the dream, but to go to sleep again. He followed her advice, but presently woke her again, saying he had dreamed the same dream.

Yet another time was the dream repeated, after which he was so disturbed that, despite his wife's entreaties that he would trouble himself no more about the House of Commons, but try to sleep quietly, he got up and dressed himself. This was between one and two o'clock in the morning. At breakfast Mr. Williams could talk of nothing but the dream, and early the same morning he went to Falmouth, where he told the dream to all of his acquaintances whom he met. Next day Mr. Tucker, of Trematon Castle, accompanied by his wife, a daughter of Mr. Williams, went to Scorrier House on a visit.

Mr. Williams told Mr. Tucker the circumstances of his dream. Mr. Tucker remarked that it could only be in a dream that the Chancellor would be found in the lobby of the House of Commons. Mr. Tucker asked what sort of a man the Chancellor seemed to be, and Mr. Williams minutely described the man who was murdered in his dream. Mr. Tucker replied:

"Your description is not at all that of the Chancellor, but is very exactly that of Mr. Perceval, the Chancellor of the Exchequer."

He asked if Mr. Williams had ever seen Mr. Perceval, and Mr. Williams replied that he had never seen him or had any communication of any sort with him; and further, that he had never been in the House of Commons in his life.

At this moment they heard the sound of a horse galloping to the door of the house; immediately after a son of Mr. Williams entered the room, and said that he had galloped from Truro, having seen a gentleman there who had been in the lobby of the House of Commons on the evening of the 11th, when a man called Bellingham had shot Mr. Perceval. After the astonishment which this intelligence created had a little subsided, Mr. Williams described most minutely the appearance and dress of the man whom he had seen in his dream fire the pistol at the Chancellor, as also the appearance and dress of the Chancellor.

About six weeks after, Mr. Williams, having business in town, went in company with a friend to the House of Commons, where, as has been already observed, he had never before been. Immediately that he came to the steps of the entrance of the lobby, he said: "This place is as distinctly within my recollection, in my dream, as any room in my own house," and he made the same observation when he entered the lobby. He then pointed out the exact spot where Bellingham stood when he fired, and also that which Mr. Perceval reached when he was struck by the ball, where he fell. The dress, both of Mr. Perceval and Bellingham, agreed with the description given by Mr. Williams, even to the most minute particulars.

A Scotch clergyman, who lived near Edinburgh, dreamed one night, while on a visit to that town, that he saw a fire, and one of his children in the midst of it. On awaking he instantly got up and returned home with the greatest speed. He found his house on fire, and was just in time to assist one of his children, who in the alarm had been left in a place of danger. The second story runs as follows:

Two sisters had been for some days attending a sick brother, and one of them had borrowed a watch from a friend, her own being under repair. The sisters were sleeping together in a room communicating with that of their brother, when the elder awoke in a great state of agitation, and roused the other to tell her that she had had a frightful dream.

"I dreamed," she said, "that Mary's watch stopped, and that when I told you of the circumstance, you replied, 'Much worse than that has happened, for ——'s breath has stopped also,'" naming their sick brother.

The watch, however, was found to be going correctly, and the brother was sleeping quietly. The dream recurred the next night, and on the following morning, one of the sisters, having occasion to seal a note, went to get the watch from a writing-desk in which she had deposited it, when she found it had stopped. She rushed into her brother's room in alarm, remembering the dream, and found that he had been suddenly seized with a fit of suffocation, and had expired.

The Deacon's Turkey.

Deacon Turner had been a "professor" for upwards of thirty years, and his walk and conversation had corresponded with his profession; but the store he set by that turkey, some of the stricter sort shook their heads and said, was altogether greater than was meet for one of his calling to set by any carnal creature.

But there was a great excuse for the the worthy man; for it must have been a very spiritual minded person whose mouth would not have watered at the sight of such a fowl as the deacon was fattening for the coming Thanksgiving.

That turkey, it is our candid belief, stood full four feet baretoed; at what figure he turned the scale is not set down in the record of corpulent statistics, and we prefer not to shock the reader's credulity by hazarding an opinion. Not old enough to be tough, but in full perfection of completed adolescence, plump in contour without the grosser obesity of declining years, with every gallinaceous grace, he was, indeed, a biped to be proud of.

Now, whilst juicy visions were flitting before the minds of expectant guests, and more than one mature maiden was longingly anticipating a tug at his wishbone, the deacon's turkey became a stumbling block of temptation in the way of Sam Whipple and Dick Spangler—a pair of light-minded youths who could see a great deal of fun in a very poor joke.

"What capital sport it would be to steal that turkey on Thanksgiving eve," suggested Sam, with a wink at Dick.

"And get Tom Grill, the colored cook to roast him, then call in a lot of the boys' and have a glorious time," added the latter.

"Then, as we're both among the youngsters invited to the deacon's dinner, won't it be jolly to hear his lamentations over the missing fowl? They'll beat out of sight all the sighs ever heaved over the flesh pots of Egypt," chuckled Sam.

"He! he! he!" giggled dick.

"Haw! haw!" gruffawed Sam

"Let's do it," said one.

"Agreed!," returned the other.

After laying their heads together for half an hour, a plan was matured, and the two separated in great glee.

The deacon's turkey roosted in the wood house, which had a shutter opening on an adjacent alley, and fastened by a hook and staple inside. On a visit which Sam Whipple made to the premises on Wednesday afternoon, under pretext of borrowing the deacon's sawbuck, he managed slyly to undo the hook, thus leaving the way clear for the night's operations.

At a safe hour after dark, the conspirators started on their errand, first casting lots to decide which should enter the wood house and bring off the prize, and which should keep watch—the former task falling to Sam, and the latter to Dick.

"You stand here, said Sam, as they neared the mouth of the alley.

Dick took his station, and Sam, advancing stealthily, soon reached the shutter, which he had no difficulty in opening. Then climbing in he was not long in finding the object of his search.

"Put! put!" squawked the turkey, and flop, flop went his wings, as Sam grasped his legs and pulled him down from his perch.

After a sharp scuffle, Sam was triumphant, and held his gobblership fast under one arm and securely gagged with the other hand.

The noise of the struggle had aroused the deacon's dog, who growled and barked fiercely; but Sam kept quiet and soon all was still.

"Is that you Dick?" he whispered, as he heard steps approaching softly outside.

"Yes," was the answer in the same tone.

"Here, take him," said Sam, passing out the turkey, which the other received.

Then climbing out himself, which took a little time, for he moved cautiously, he looked about for Dick, but neither he nor the turkey was in sight. He walked up and down the alley, but the search was in vain.

"Well, I call that a shabby trick!" muttered Sam—"after my taking all the risk, too. But maybe he'll turn up all right in the morning. He had better, I tell him!"

So saying, Sam walked sulkily home.

Next morning, bright and early, he started in search of Dick, whom he met shortly apparently on a similar hunt for him.

"Where's that turkey? was Sam's first question.

"Where is he yourself?" retorted Dick.

"I handed him out to you, returned Sam.

"You didn't," replied the other. When the dog barked I dodged round the corner. When I came back, I went up to the wood house, and called you as loudly as I dared, but you had gone."

"That's too thin," sneered Sam.

"What do you mean?"

"That you've turned traitor, and made away with the turkey."

"That's a lie!"

For the space of three minutes there was a rapid and promiscuous motion of four fists, at the end of which time Sam hauled off with a blackened eye, and Dick with a bloody nose. Both seemed to have had enough for the present and went their respective ways.

When at the appointed hour they severally entered the deacon's parlor—each fearing that if he stayed away he would be liable to suspicion—Sam had concealed his damaged optic with a pair of goggles, worn he said, for sore eyes, brought on by excessive study, and Dick accounted for his swollen nose on the ground of a violent catarrh.

The deacon, so far from appearing chopfallen, looked unusually cheerful, and when the guests walked in to dinner, what was Sam's and Dick's astonishment to see at the post of honor on the table the finest, fattest, and biggest turkey that ever aroused mortal heart to thanksgiving.

"I tell you what, friends," said the deacon; when he had finished saying grace, we have more to be thankful for than most of you are yet aware of. You don't know what a narrow escape we've had from losing the best part of our dinner. Last night I heard the dog bark, and going down the alley back of the wood house, found the shutters open. Somebody inside whispered "Is that you Dick?" Yes," I answered; for you know my name *is* Richard "Here, take him," said the other handing out a turkey, which I quietly took and bore away."

The mystery between Sam and Dick was thus cleared up, but happily not, as we have seen, till they had sufficiently punished one another. From a twinkle in the deacon's eye they more than half suspected that he knew all. At any rate, neither Sam nor Dick ever ventured again to visit Edith Turner, the deacon's pretty daughter who, six months after, married another, let us hope, a better man.

Superstitions of Turkish Women.

The Turkish woman is a fanatical conservative. The world in which she lives is unmoved by the practical facts of the nineteenth century which make life a burden to her husband. No Chinaman was ever so impervious to ideas of improvement. She is fiercely intolerant in matters of religious belief. The teachings or the Koran have reached her by word of mouth and surrounded by a perfect Talmud of tradition, and these teachings shape her view of the outside world. In obedience to them, she commonly hates foreigners with passion. As she passes you on the street she will pray with audible fervor that your eyes may become blind, or that God may curse you. She is superstitious in the extreme. In sickness she will use the saliva of an old woman who has never been divorced, or will inhale the fetid breath of an odoriferous and saintly dervish, in preference to the choicest prescriptions of an educated physician. She is assured that Satan in person teaches Americans their skill in mechanical arts. She believes in charms. She will not live an hour bereft of her three cornered bit of leather which encloses the mystic phrase that is potent to ward off the evil eye. She distrusts Tuesday as the mother of ill-luck, and will not celebrate the birthday anniversaries of her children, nor even record the date, lest some magician use it to cast a spell against the child.

A Revolutionary Relic.

The estate which Col. Morris purchased on New York Island, and upon which he erected the mansion known in Revolutionary history as the Roger Morris house, and to New Yorkers of a latter day as the Jumel house, is situated at the upper end of Manhattan Island. The house, which stands unchanged, a noble specimen of the homes of the colonial gentry, is almost opposite to the intersection of Tenth avenue and One Hundred and Sixty-first Street with the old King's Bridge road. It fronts to the southward, and its eastern portico and balcony overlook from its precipitous height the Harlem river, Westchester, and the Sound, and command a view of the Harlem Plains to the Southerly limit of McGowan's Pass. Notwithstanding the various uses to which the building had been subjected by the exigencies of war, it still remained a desirable residence. For a time after the Revolution it was occupied by Dr. Isaac Ledyard, a distinguished patriot, but in June, 1786, it passed into other hands, and became a house of Public entertainment. Talmage Hall, who the same year undertook the eastern line of stages from New York to Boston, starting from the old City Tavern, at the corner of Broadway and Thames street, opened the Morris House as the first stopping place on the route, and asked besides for the patronage of parties from town. He describes the building as an elegant house, and dwells particularly on the advantages of the octagon room, a rear extension, which still remains, as "very happily calculated for a turtle party," and otherwise desirable for transient visitors, as well as permanent boarders. The main features of Manhattan Island above the Hollow Way remain to a great extent unchanged by the march of improvement, that modern iconoclast which ruthlessly sweeps from its path all things, however venerable by time or association, which have ceased to be available for ulitarian purposes. The projecting extremity of the Point of Rocks, where the Continental advanced guard kept watch and ward over the smiling plain beneath, has vanished before the potent breath of giant powder; a stately boulevard passes over its former site. Where the King's Bridge road climbed the long hill from the plains beneath, the serpentine course of St. Nicholas avenue gives easy access to the plateau above. Yet the inquiring eye of the lover of history, versed in local lore, may still discern seme of the outlines of the breastworks at which their fathers toiled in that long-ago Autumn; and the elevated railroad, last and most audacious feat of the modern engineer, newest harbinger of New York growth, to day carries its thousand visitors, who to-morrow will be daily passengers to the very foot of the lawn which was once trod by the majestic form of Washington. Above Tubby Hook there is even less change; with the exception of a few residences along the front overlooking the Hudson, the country presents the same features now as then. The Blue Bell Tavern, the roadside inn where Lieut. Gov. De Lancey, riding into the town from his country home, first heard of the suicide of Sir Danvers Osborne but a few hours arrived to his new Government; where Hessian soldiers caroused for many a weary year; to which Washington turned his longing eye from the heights of Westchester on his famous reconnoisance in the Summer of 1781, and at whose homely door he is reported to have halted on his triumphal entry into New York in 1783, stood until May, 1876, on the west side of the road, near the lane which leads into the Bennett grounds. A little building, known as the Century House, the front of which, the King's Bridge road once passed, may now be found some distance to the eastward of its present line near Harlem Creek, and is used as a river-side hostlery. At the foot of a blind wood road, which winds through the valley that intersects Inwood Heights is a very old wooden building, which local tradition dates back to the Revolution, called the Spring House, from the clear stream of water which bubbles up from the foot of the hill, under the shadow of which it is situated. Banks of oyster-shells bear witness to the good taste of the Hessians who camped in the vicinity. Bullets, grape-shot, time-worn beltplates, buttons, and rusty bayonets may still be found by the careful seeker of such relics. Knowlton, Leitch and Henley, all of whom gave their lives for their country in this memorable campaign, sleep in unknown and unmarked graves upon this historic ground, while the grand highway of the stateliest pleasure ground of the world is grimly guarded by the colossal images of alien forms monstrous in perennial bronze; gaunt shapes haunt the pathways and peer through the vistas of the shrubbery, and high above all towers the apocryphal form of an epicene angel. A careless people forgets its heroes and martyrs, and over the very ground which holds the sacred dust raises images to gratify ephemeral vanity, satisfy vaulting ambition, and pander to the lust of greed.

Impromptu Ingenuity.

Some years ago, a Spanish steamer, while crossing the Bay of Biscay in a severe storm, gave such indications by an unusual noise at the stern, that there was something wrong with the screw propeller or its shaft outside of the ship—that is, in the open space between the stern and rudder posts where the screw revolves. There was no dry dock in any of the ports on the coast where the ship could go to be examined; and on arrival at Vigo it appeared as if there was no alternative but to remove the cargo from the stern, and by placing it forward thus lift the screw propellor and shaft to the surface of the water. The alternative, simple as it was, meant a serious delay and great expense. Before commencing to remove the cargo, another consultation was held. It was then decided to put the stern of the ship over a bed of light colored sand; and as the water was very clear, there might be a possibility of ascertaining the extent or cause of the mishap. For two days after the vessel was so placed, the wind caused a ripple on the water, which effectually prevented anything being seen. It was then suggested by some one on board to try the use of oil on the surface of the water round the stern of the ship. The effect was most satisfactory. The water was becalmed as if by magic, and it was then seen that the wedge or key which keeps the propeller in its place on the shaft had come partly cut, and thus left the screw loose on the shaft, which caused the noise. By continuing the use of oil for a few hours, the wedge was ultimately driven into its place and secured. Many days of detention and the use of costly appliances and labor were thus saved.

A Visit to Calcutta.

On our way we crossed the Grand Maidan, a public place, in which we perceived at least three thousand Mohammedans kneeling in regular lines, shoes off, arranged in rows behind them, foreheads bare and touching the earth, in adoration of the prophet Mohammed. Next we met in a narrow street Bengalee Baboas, gentlemen of Bengal, without hats and arrayed in loose flowing durzas, shirts with skirts. Some of these Baboas were perfect Apollos in appearance; others bore great resemblance to ideal pictures of Julius Cæsar, Antony, and other noble Romans. We passed a crowd of painted Hindoos, each very scantily arrayed, and ornamented with a daub of paint on the bridge of his nose, the inseparable emblem of the idolator. The Bheasti Wallah was everywhere; he had tied to his back the skin of a goat filled with water, with which he supplied the thirsty multitude and sprinkled the parched thoroughfares. Marching by us with regular military tread was a squad of native Sepoy police, who looked quite commanding in their white shirts and scarlet turbans. We were riding in a ghamy, a sort of closed carriage, but learned afterward that the popular mode of city travel was by palanquins, which are always available on the street of any East Indian city at a trifling expense. These palanquins are carried by four naked Hindoos or painted heathens called "palke mallahs," a wallah or bearer, who importunes every Englishman in the following terms, "Palkee, Sahib, Juldajow-master palkee," which interpreted means, "Palanquin, sir, I'll go quick; will you have the palanquin?" and you often hear them chant, as they bear you at a rapid pace, the Hindoostance words with now and then an unmterpretable English term thrown in, of a popular song, the literal meaning of which is that the English Sahib is full of champagne and wants to be taken home as quickly as possisible, and that he is willing to give extra backsheesh (money) for it.

Turning the corner of a street which led from Dhurumtolla Street to Jahn Bazar we met a yelling mob of idol-worshipers carrying on their shoulders dozens of enormous and hideous-looking wooden idols, and amid the din and noise of crazy horns, the brassy banging of gongs and the dull thud-thud of numerous tomtoms, they drew near to the holy Ganges, where, as we were told they were to cast these distorted shapes into the holy stream, and then plunge in themselves, under the protection of these inane gods. If a crocodile seizes one of them, or he turns sick and lies down and dies on the sands, or the tide rises and sweeps him away, then he is happy; he is accepted of the gods But if the tide refuses him, and the crocodiles reject him, he is kicked out as vile and unworthy the privileges of his caste.

A first night in India is always full of prospective horrors for the new-comer. At midnight, in the principal streets, the festive jackal holds high carnival and emits squalls and runs the discordant gamut, giving forth sounds as of an amateur opera company at rehearsal, or the first attempt of a juvenile trombone player. I have actually seen the effect of a whole scene of native opera, ruined by these screeching scavengers, which in droves of 50 and 100 assemble on the public streets and in front of churches and theaters, and howl as if in opposition.

As the Mohammedan can never be Haduggis until after performing his pilgrimage to Mecca, neither can our modern magicians become perfect in their art until they have visited the Indies to see the clever manipulation of the native conjuror. They perform the most marvelous things in the streets, corridors and on the decks of vessels, without the aid of apparatus—the "basket trick" and "the growth of the mango tree" being among their easiest performances. The growth of the mango tree is illustrated by placing a seed beneath a little heap of earth, which is covered for a few brief moments; the cover is removed and behold, we see a little green shoot just peeping from the top of the earth. It is again covered and removed at intervals of three minutes, until we have quite a pretentious tree, of about three feet in height. The mystery of the basket trick, as performed in India, lies in the unaccountable disappearance of the girl who is placed beneath an oval cover of reticulated straws; swords are run through this covering hilt deep, and in every direction—it is even trodden flat, and when raised the girl is gone. A laugh is then heard, we turn in that direction and we behold, with open-mouthed astonishment, the girl running toward us.

They Beat Ham.

A gentleman traveling in Virginia last summer had occasion to take a stage-ride in order to visit the natural bridge. Riding on the seat with the driver, he fell into conversation with him, and found that he was an old hunter, who was a veteran in killing deer, bears, and smaller game. Passing a small stream the traveller enquired if it contained fish.

"Lots on 'em," was the reply.

"What kind?"

"Mostly trout," said the driver. "All these mountain streams are full of trout."

"They must be fine eating," was the next remark.

"Fine eatin'!" exclaimed the driver. "You just go up to the mountain and ketch half a dozen trout twelve inches long, clean 'em without washin' 'em, rub in some salt, roll 'em up in Injin meal and bake 'em in the ashes—good eatin'!" why, stranger, by heavens, they beat ham!"

An Old Surveyor's Mark.

Recently a civil engineer was running and locating the lines of a lot of land below the city of Augusta, Georgia, and used as assistance a deed to the property drawn one hundred and twenty years age. In one section of the deed it is recorded that the line touches a certain point where stands a beech tree, and upon which a cross mark had been made with an axe. The engineer ran his line to an old beech tree, and, concluding that this was the point in question, looked for the mark, but of course could not find it. Taking an axe he cut into the tree at a point he thought the mark might be, and to his surprise, after cutting into the tree, he chipped out a block, and there was the identical mark referred to in the ancient document of one hundred and twenty-one years ago. The mark was perfect, but had been covered up. At that time this was a British colony, and some years before the Revolutionary war. The deed was drawn in 1759.

The Republican.

SATURDAY, April. 16, 1881.

The assassins of the Czar of Russia have been condemned to death after a trial. They received their sentence without emotion.

As the biennial State races approach, we begin to hear a great deal about North Alabama. Will somebody please tell us where North Alabama is located? It don't appear to be scattered around here very much, according to the standard of our Tennessee valley friends.

Earthquakes in the Island of Chios destroyed the accumulations of sixty years, and over seven thousand people have perished. In one city nearly one third of the population were buried under its ruins. The entire civilized world is hastening aid and succor to the unfortunate people of the island.

The *Democrats* of Alabama have serious work before them for the future, and can be better employed in close organization than in squabbling over prospective offices that they may never get. The enemy are at work, and they mean business. The fight of the Radicals in the Senate of the United States in the interest of Independentism in the South means something.

The U. S. Senate still continues at a dead lock. The Democrats are holding out splendidly. We hope they will be firm to the end this time, if only for a change. Our party has been giving way before the demands of the Radical party so long, that Democrats have grown to look for nothing short of a backdown whenever the two parties lock horns. A display of grit on the part of Democrats at this juncture, will infuse a world of life and spirit into the party. We hope the Democrats will hold out until December rather than back down, and we believe they will do it. At last, at last.

The Railroad Commission is moving slowly and laying the foundation for doing its work well. After a late meeting in Montgomery the Commission adjourned to meet the Georgia Commission in Atlanta. We think the Commission are doing perfectly right in moving cautiously. A hasty and ill-advised act at the outset would greatly impair its usefulness. Commission had an immense work before it in the collection of Railroad statistics before it could move a step. The Railroads, we learn, are meeting the Commission on half way ground, and furnishing all information called for. The Commission will soon be in condition to propose to the Roads reforms in freight and passenger rates, and the probability is that the Roads will accept their programme as soon as offered. It is a big job the Commission has before it, and the public should not expect results too early. Great results are always worked out slowly.

By the Report of the State Superintendent of Education for the year ending Sept. 1880, we see that Calhoun received in round numbers a total fund of $6,494, and that 5679 pupils, white and black, attended school in this county. This gives a little over one dollar for the year to each pupil out of the school fund. We do not suppose it will be much more, if any more, this year. The fund is so small that it does not really assist the poor man in the education of his children, and again so small that those in good circumstances do not care for it. We are inclined to think that this fund, to be really effective of any good, should only be applied to the tuition of the children of parents who are too poor to pay anything toward their education. Under the present working of our school system, the rich get the larger benefit of the fund, because they are able to keep their children at school all the year 'round, while the poor man can send his children only for a short time each year. The children that attend the largest number of days in each scholastic year, of course receive the largest share of the school money. The object of the public school laws is the education, by the State, of children whose parents are not able to educate them; but it don't do it by a great deal. As shown, the class of people who stand in least need of the charity of the State get the largest share of the charity fund. The State should educate the children of the poor. The rich are able and willing to educate their own children.

Where will the Editorial Association of Alabama meet in May? We have for some time understood it was to meet at Blount Springs. Some days ago we received notification from the Secretary that it would meet at Tuscumbia. Now comes the Tuscumbia papers and announce that it will be at Blount Springs. They are evidently not expecting the Association at Tuscumbia. If Tuscumbia is finally agreed on as the place of meeting the attendance will not, we think, be large. We vote for Blount Springs. It is a more central point than the other.

A great temperance mass meeting has just been held in Boston. It was called by over 600 clergymen of all denominations. There were three sessions and much discussion of ways and means to suppress intemperance.

There is talk of putting the East Alabama and Cincinnati Railroad through to completion at once. Our Oxford friends may yet get the value of their money expended in aid of this road. We sincerely trust they may.

The State press have widely copied the article on Anniston from the Republican of the 26th ult.

Some days ago two men appeared in Jacksonville, claiming to be revenue officers, and having in charge an old gentleman from St. Clair county, who is described as an inoffensive, good old man. They put up at the hotel here, and left for the depot to meet an expected freight train, without paying their bill. The freight did not come and they failed to get off. Next morning the proprietor went to the depot and collected the amount of their bill. He was informed then by the old man in custody that he did not know the men to be officers of the Government, and that they had never shown him a warrant for his arrest, although he had asked for it. These facts coming to the knowledge of some parties here, they visited the depot and asked the so called revenue officers to show by what authority they held that old man. This they declined to do, but upon being informed that they should not leave with him unless they did show their authority, they reluctantly produced the warrant, when there was no further interference. They threatened the party with the displeasure of the Federal Court for daring to call for their authority. Now we learn that these two men were at one time tenants of the old gentleman they had in charge; that they had quarreled with him for some cause, and had gone off to Huntsville and preferred charges against him for selling tobacco or something of that kind and procured a warrant for his arrest and had procured themselves deputized to serve it, and returned and ruthlessly tore the old man from his home, without giving him any time for preparation for his trip. A simple recital of these facts speak volumes in condemnation of a system which allows such outrages. Talk about this being a free country! There was never a more gigantic despotism in the world than this wretched Federal Court System as it is practiced in the South! The liberty of the citizen is absolutely at the mercy of any scoundrel who will manufacture an affidavit; and when Federal Marshals deputize the very scoundrels who make the affidavits to serve the papers and make arrests, the despotism becomes intolerable. In this instance the Federal authorities, unwittingly perhaps, lent themselves as tools to carry out the unworthy revenge of two men. These things happen often; and show the urgent necessity of legislation to cure the evil by throwing more restrictions around the exercise of authority by Federal Marshals and deputy marshals, and guarding more sacredly the liberty and rights of the citizen. Here is something that the Representatives of the South in both Houses of Congress should take decided stand on, and contend for until justice be done. It is of vastly more importance than the question Democratic Senators are now making such a stubborn fight over.

No, my son, it is'nt a bit smart or any evidence of smartness to be "fast." People won't near think you are a Byron or Edgar Poe because you debauch. Some great men have done these things, but all who have done them were not great men by a very large majority. People no longer tolerate the cultivation of wild oats. In this practical day and time the "fast" young man is regarded as a very silly young fellow, who is carrying his ducks to a bad market, and he is soon voted a nuisance and kicked out of the way to make place for more deserving young men. Yes, my son, the young man in Jacksonville or Calhoun county who can show the cleanest bill of moral health is and will be the most respected and honored. *You*, my son, may not consider him a very bright boy, but he will be far up the ladder after awhile, while yet you are staggering about the base, clutching at the lowest round, and imagining yourself a genius and a child of destiny. You will look at these things differently, my son, when you get older, but then the probability is that you will be too late in the race to overtake your companions who have gone on ahead. Better stop now, my son, tie up your cravat, arrange your hair, pull down your vest and go to serious business. It is better, far better.

SHOOTING AFFAIR.—We learn that two men from Cleburne county were shot at Centre, some five miles from Oxford in this county a few nights ago, under rather mysterious circumstances. It is said that a party from Cleburne had been in Oxford trading and got as far back toward home as Centre about night. There they met parties who live in Calhoun. The entire crowd is said to have been somewhat under the influence of liquor. As the Cleburne party were leaving a store where they had been talking with some parties, to go to the house of a gentleman who lived in Centre, for the purpose of staying all night, some unknown person called out: "Watch out! I am going to shoot!" Immediately two shots were fired, both of which took effect on two gentlemen of the party. Upon reaching the house medical aid was at once summoned. The latest report states that one of the wounded gentlemen has died. The strangest part of the affair is that there does not seem to have been any quarrel at the store or elsewhere. A young man who parted from the party as they left the store was suspected; but he appeared at the house where the wounded gentlemen lay shortly after the occurrence and expressed much concern at their condition and insisted on sending for a physician. Another report says that this young man has since left the country. The affair up to this writing is shrouded in mystery. We hope to get at the truth of the matter before another issue of the paper.

We have about effected an arrangement, with a responsible party, by which the Cleburne County *Clarion* will be revived and published regularly in future. When the gentleman with whom we are now negotiating takes hold of it, those interested may rest assured that the paper will not only be published *regularly on time every week*, but will be printed well. He will go into the publication as a matter of *business*, and will put it on a sound and enduring basis. The people of Cleburne will support a well conducted paper well. They are a progressive and liberal people in matters of this kind, and deserve a good paper. The *Clarion* will yet be as permanent an institution of Cleburne as the REPUBLICAN is of Calhoun.

BILLY MAHONE.

AIR.—"*The Widow Malone.*"

Did you hear of old Billy Mahone,
Ozone?
In the Senate he sits on a throne,
Alone;
He deserted his flag,
For a bucket of swag,
Did Billy, my own,
Mahone, O hone!

He fooled his Virginia friends
For ends
Which no honest person commends,
Or defends;
He dragged through the mire
His toga for hire.
Did Billy, my own,
Mahone, O'hone.

He has gone to the Radical camp,
The scamp,
He has gone with hope of the lamp,
The tramp!
Though forever it burn,
He shall never return,
Oh! Billy, my own,
Mahone, O'hone!

Let the Radicals have him for aye,
Yigh, Yigh!
They'l find, like the pig in the sty,
He's high;
So, with them let him muster,
Darn'd old Readjuster,
Poor Billy, my own,
Mahone, O'hone!

Virginia's honor is not lost,
Though crossed;
For a day will come to his cost,
When a frost
Will blight both the fame
And the name and the game
Of Billy, my own,
Mahone, O'hone.

Property Exempt from Taxation.

The following is a list of property exempt by law from taxation in this State: All property belonging to the United States; all bonds of the United States and this state; all church and school property to the value of one acre if within one mile of any city or town, or to extent of five acres if more than one mile of any city or town, with buildings thereon, when used exclusively for religious worship or school purposes; all property of literary or scientific institutions or societies, employed in the regular business of such institutions; libraries not of a professional character; all deaf, mute, insane and blind, and their property to the value of one thousand dollars; polls of permanently disabled persons whose taxable property does not exceed five hundred dollars; all family portraits; household and kitchen furniture to the amount of one hundred and fifty dollars; one yoke oxen; one cart or wagon; two cows and calves; twenty head stock hogs; ten head sheep; all wearing apparel, looms, spinning wheels, and poultry; corn and other supplies on hand, for the use of the family and the making of the crop, farming implements to amount of twenty-five dollars; mechanical tools to amount of twenty-five dollars; all property of the state, county, or municipal corporations, all cemetaries; property of agricultural or horticultural associations, to the value of twenty five thousand dollars; all religious books kept for sale by ministers or colporteurs; polls of township superintendents of public schools.

The Terrible Condition of Peru

CHINESE SLAIN BY HUNDRENS.

NEW YORK, April 4.

The Panama Star and Herald says that a war of races has broken out in the valley of Canate, where more than 2000 Chinamen have been barbarously murdered by negroes and Cholos. On one plantation 600 inoffensive men were murdered in cold blood. All the cornfields, sugarhouses, machinery, etc., have been wrecked. All the foreigners have fled from the valley one of the most fertile and productive in Peru. Some of them have been killed. The work of murder and plunder still goes on. It is feared the adjacent valley of Chinca will suffer next. The Chilians refuse to send troops to quell the disturbances. It is feared that similar scenes will be enacted throughout Peru. The Araucanian Indians now on the war path engaged a squadron of Chilan cavalry. Crops have been burned, cattle driven off, men, women and children killed and all the savagery of Indian warfare engaged in.

Success of the Rome Courier.

Commencing with next week we propose to issue a twelve-column supplement to the WEEKLY COURIER. This will increase the amount of reading matter nearly fifty per cent, and make it equivalent to the largest weeklies in the State. This will be done without additional expense to the subscribers, and we hope our friends will assist in extending the circulation of this wholesome family newspaper and unflinching advocate of good government and the rights of the people.

Remember the COURIER uses no stale "patent outsides," or "stereotype plates" but is composed entirely of fresh matter set up by the printers of the office.

The name of every subscriber, and the time to which his subscription is paid, will be printed and attached to each paper, and the paper stopped, if so ordered, when the time paid for expires. The strictly advance price is:

Single copy, one year, $1.50.
Six copies, one year, $7.50.
Ten copies, one year, $12.50.
Address Courier Office, Rome Ga.

April 16, 1881.

The grand jury of Dallas county suggest and earnestly request the Board of Revenue to confine the convicts of that county to hard labor within the limits of the county.

S. S. LINDER,

PHYSICIAN & SURGEON

Jacksonville, Ala.

Office at Montgomery & Co's Drug Store during day and at H. F. Montgomery's residence during night.

apr16—3m.

TAX ASSESSOR'S NOTICE.

SECOND ROUND.

I will attend the places mentioned, at the time stated, for the purpose of assessing the State and County tax for the year 1881.

Precinct No. 11, White Plains, Monday, May 2, 1881.
" " 12 Davisville, Tuesday " 3 "
" " 17 Farmerville, Wednesday " 4 "
" " 13 Oxford, Thursday and Friday, " 5 & 6 "
" " 15 Anniston, Saturday " 7 "
" " 4 Gannaways S. House, Monday " 9 "
" " 14 Sulphur Springs, Tuesday " 10 "
" " 5 Polkville, Wednesday " 11 "
" " 6 Peeks Hill, Thursday " 12 "
" " 7 Hollingsworth's, Friday " 13 "
" " 8 Greens S. House, Saturday " 14 "
" " 9 Cross Plains, Monday " 16 "
" " 16 Ladiga, Tuesday " 17 "
" " 10 Rabbit Town Wednesday " 18 "
" " 3 June Bug, Thursday " 19 "
" " Alexandria, Friday " 20 "
" " 1 Jacksonville, Saturday " 21 "

All persons will please bring with them a list of their property with valuation annexed.

A. B. LEDBETTER.
Tax Assessor Calhoun County

apr19—6t

STATE OF ALABAMA. } Calhoun County. }

In Probate Court for said county, Special Term, April 7th, 1881.

This day came Jno. J Woodall, administrator of the state of Wyly Woodal deceased and filed in court his account & vouchers for an annual settlement of his said administration:

It is therefore ordered by the Court that the 2nd day of May, 1881, be and is hereby appointed a day upon which to examine and audit and pass upon said account and make settlement and that notice thereof be given for 30 days in the Jacksonville Republican a newspaper printed and published in said county as notice to all persons interested in said settlement to be and appear before me, at my office in Jacksonville, Calhoun county, Ala., on said 2nd day of May, 1881, and contest said settlement if they think proper. Given under my hand this April 7th, 1881.

A. WOODS,
Judge of Probate.

apr19—3t.

Music Lessons.

The undersiffned will be pleased to receive pupils for instruction either on the piano, organ or guitar, at low rates.

She is stopping at the Reavis House, where she can be consulted as to terms.

Apl 2—3m MRS. J. C. FULTON.

H. L. STEVENSON. L. W. GRANT.

STEVENSON & GRANT,

Real Estate Agents

JACKSONVILLE, ALA.

Real estate bought and sold.—Books open at law office of Mr Stevenson

THE STATE OF ALABAMA, } Calhoun County. }

In Probate Court, Special Term, March 11th, 1881.

This day came Solomon H. Bean, Adm. of estate of David E Hawkins, dec'd, and filed his account and voucher for an annual settlement of said estate.

It is therefore ordered by the Court that the 22d day of April, 1881 be and is hereby appointed the day upon which to examine and pass upon said account, and make said settlement, and that notice thereof be given by publication for three successive weeks in the Jacksonville Republican, a newspaper printed and published in said county, as notice to all persons interested in said settlement to be and appear before me at my office in the Court House of said County, on said 22nd day of April, 1881, and contest said settlement if they think proper.

A. WOODS,
Judge of Probate.

mar26—4t

NUMBER 696.

MONTGOMERY, ALA., March 7th, 1881. }

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the clerk of circuit court of Calhoun county, at the county cite, on Friday 25th of April, 1881, viz, Sarah J Monk, widow of Silas Monk, Hd. No. 4424, for the south east ¼ of north east ¼ of section 26, township 15 south, range 3 east. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land viz, Joseph Reidinger, James R Reidinger, Elijah T Hurst and John P Reidinger, all of Anniston P O Ala.

PELHAM J ANDERSON,
Register.

mar12—5t

Notice No. 715.

LAND OFFICE AT MONTGOMERY ALA. March 30th. 1881.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Clerk of the Circuit Court at Edwardsville, Ala. on the 7th day of May, 1881, viz:

Thomas Swafford Homestead Entry No. 6188 for the E half of S E qr, and N W qr of S E qr and N E qr of S W qr Sec 8 T 14 S R 11 E.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of said land, viz:

Tilman B. Cole, Edmond Jackson, Seel Abney, John Abney all of Oak Level Ala.

PELHAM J. ANDERSON.
Register.

April 2, 5t.

UNDERTAKING.

L. A. WEAVER.

JACKSONVILLE, ALA.,

Has just received and now has in stock a full line of

COFFINS, METALIC CHRYSTAL BURIAL CASES & CASKETS,

from the size of the smallest infant (in white gloss finish) to the largest man (in Rosewood finish). These are directly from the Factory, and are of the latest and most highly finished styles. Prices very with finish on work.

jan29, 1881—3m.

SANTA CLAUS DEPOT

FOR

CHRISTMAS

Holiday Goods

AT

H. A. SMITH'S

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

MUSIC

AND

BOOK STORE,

Rome, Ga.

Just opening out an immense stock of Writing Desks, Work Boxes, Toilet Setts, China and Glass Vases, Motto Cap, Saucers and Mugs, Fancy Glass Inkstands, Stationery, Photograph and Autograph Albums, Bibles, Prayer Books, Poetical and standard works, Juvenile books, Pictures, Picture Frames Tin, China and Rubber Toys in great variety, Wax Dolls, Games, Silver-plated Ware, suitable for wedding and holiday presents, Gold Pens, Port Monnies, and a thousand novelties.

Piano's and Organs, of the best make, at wholesale prices. Order by mail solicited. Prices cheerfully given.

dec4 H. A SMITH.

KENDALL'S SPAVIN CURE.

The most successful remedy ever discovered, as it is certain in its effects, and does not blister. Read proof below.

From Rev. P. N. GRANGER.

Presiding Elder of the St. Albans District.

St. Albans, Vt., Jan. 20, 1880.

Dr. D. J. Kendall & Co., Gents: In reply to your letter, I will say that my experience with 'Kendall's Spavin Cure' has been very satisfactory indeed. Three or four years ago, I procured a bottle of your agent, and with it cured a horse of lameness caused by a spavin. Last season my horse became very lame and I turned him out for a few weeks, when he became better, but when I put him on the road he grew worse, when I discovered that a ring bone was forming, I procured a bottle of 'Kendall's Spavin Cure,' and with less than a bottle cured him so that he is not lame, neither can the bunch be found.

Respectfully yours,
CHAS. E. PARKER.

Perseverance Will Tell.

Stoughton, Mass., March 15th, 1880.

B. J. KENDALL & Co., GENTS:—In justice to you and myself, I think that I ought to let you know that I have removed two bone spavins with 'Kendall's Spavin cure,' one very large one, don't know how long the spavin had been there. I have owned the horse eight months. It took me four months to take the large one off, and two for the small one. I have used ten bottles. The horse is entirely well, not at all stiff, and no bunch to be seen or felt. This is a wonderful medicine. It is a new thing here, but if it does for all what it has done for me, its sale will be very great.

Respectfully yours,
CHAS E. PARKER,

Kendall's Spavin Cure.

Kelleys Island Erie co. O. Mch. 28 1880.

Dr. B. J. KENDALL & Co., GENTS:—I have used your 'Kendall's Spavin Cure' on a bone spavin, and am pleased to report that it has taken the enlargement completely off. It took only one bottle to perform the cure. I am confident if it is properly used, it will do all you claim for it.

Yours truly,
C. M. LINCOLN.

Statement Made Under Oath.

TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN.—In the year 1875, I treated with Kendall's Spavin cure, a bone spavin of several month's growth, nearly half as large as a hen's egg and completely stopped the lameness and removed the enlargement. I have worked the horse ever since very hard, and he never has been lame, nor could I ever see any difference in the size of the hock joints since I treated him with Kendall's spavin Cure.

R. A. GAINS.

Enosburgh Falls Vt., Feb. 25th, 1879.

Sworn and subscribed to before me this 25th day of Feb., A. D., 1879.

JNO. G. JEENE,
Justice of the Peace.

Kendall's Spavin Cure On Human Flesh

PATTEN'S MILLS, WASHINGTON CO N. Y., Feb. 21. 1878.

B. J. KENDALL, M. D, DEAR SIR:—The particular case on which I used your Spavin Cure was a malignant ankle sprain of sixteen month's standing. I had tried many things, but in vain. Your Spavin cure put the foot to the ground again, and for the first time since hurt, in a natural position. For a family liniment it excels anything we ever used.

Yours truly,
REV. M. P. BELL,
Pastor M. E. Church, Patten's Mills N. Y.

Kendall's Spavin Cure is sure in its effects, mild in its action as it does not blister, yet it is penetrating and powerful to reach every deep seated pain or to remove any bony growth or other enlargement such as spavins, splints, curbs, callous, sprains, swellings, any lameness and all enlargements of the joints or limbs, or rheumatism in man and for any purpose for which a liniment is used for man or beast. It is now known to be the best liniment for man ever used, acting mild, and yet certain in its effects.

Send address for Illustrated Circular which we think gives positive proof of its virtues. No remedy has ever met with such unqualified success to our knowledge, for beast as well as man.

Price, $1 per bottiele or six bottles for $5. All druggists have it or can get it for you, or it will be sent to any address on receipt of price by the proprietors. DR. B. J. KENDALL & CO., Enosburgh Falls, Vermont.

Wholesale Agents: Dunlap & Lamar, Atlanta, Ga. Smith & Co., Nashville Tenn.

Agents.

JAMES HUTCHINSON,

Barber & Hair-dresser,

Room on Office Row, recently occupied by Dick Walker.

If you desire to have a pleasant and clean shave, or have your hair trimmed in neat and fashionable style, give him a call. Jacksonville, Apl. 20, 1878

NEW DRUG STORE.

H. F MONTGOMERY & Co.

West Side Public Square,

JACKSONVILLE, ALA.

Dealers in all kinds of Drugs and Medicines, Paints, Oils, Patent Medicines, Glass, Stationery, Blank Books, Toilet articles, Lamps, Garden and Field Seeds, a choice selection of Fancy Groceries Tobacco, Cigars, &c. All goods guaranteed fine and fresh. Special prices made to Merchants and Physicians.

Prescriptions carefully compounded by our S. S. Linder, M D.

apls-3m

JOHN. T. MOYE,

Watchmaker and Jeweller

—DEALER IN—

Watches, Clocks, Jewelry,

Musical Instruments, Spectacles, Silver Plated Ware, Etc.,

MAIN STREET, OXFORD, ALA.

Particular attention paid to repairing fine Watches and Jewelry. Sewing Machines repaired and warranted to work as good as new. Needles for all kinds of Sewing Machines on hand. Ap. 2-3m

The People Appreciate Merit

EAGLE AND PHENIX

PERFECT

BALL SEWING THREAD

COLUMBUS, GEORGIA.

PREPARED BY A PROCESS USED IN NO OTHER MILL

IT HAS NO EQUAL.

16 Balls to Pound, 1 lb. Package. 20 Balls to Pound, 2 lb. Paper Box.

Packed in Cases of 20, 30, 50, 100 or 500 Pounds each.

Uniform Price. Invariable Discounts.

Sold by all Jobbers.

ASK FOR "EAGLE & PHENIX." USE NO OTHER.

TAX ASSESSOR'S NOTICE.

FIRST ROUND.

I will attend the places mentioned, at the time stated, for the purpose of Assessing the State and County Tax for the year 1881:

Precinct No. 11, White Plains, Monday, April 4th, 1881.
Precinct No. 12, Davisville, Tuesday, April 5th, 1881.
Precinct No. 17, DeArmanville, Wednesday, April 6th, 1881.
Precinct No. 13th, Oxford, Thursday, April, 7th 1881.
Precinct No. 15th, Anniston, Friday, April 8th, 1881.
Precinct No. 3, June Bug, Saturday April 9th, 1881.
Precinct No. 5, Weavers Station, Tuesday, April 12th 1881.
Precinct No. 2, Alexandria, Wednesday, April 13th, 1881.
Precinct No. 5, Polkville, Thursday, April 14th, 1881.
Precinct No. 14., Sulphur Springs Friday, April 15th, 1881.
Precinct 4, Gunaways Schoolhouse, Saturday, April 16th, 1881.
Precinct No. 8, Greens Schoolhouse, Monday, April, 18th 1881
Precinct No. 7, Hollingsworth's, Tuesday April, 19th, 1881.
Precinct No. 6, Peeks Hill, Wednesday, April 20th, 1881.
Precinct No. 9, Cross Plains, Monday, April, 25th, 1881.
Precinct No. 16, Ladiga, Tuesday, April, 26th, 1881.
Precinct No. 10, Rabbit Town, Wednesday, April, 27, 1881.
Precinct No. 1, Jacksonville, Thursday, April, 28th, 1881.

All persons will please bring with them a list of their property with valuation annexed.

A. B. LEDBETTER,
Tax Assessor Calhoun County.

mar5—td

THE STATE OF ALABAMA, } Calhoun County, }

In Probate Court, Special Term, March 28th, 1881

This day came Geo. F. Mattison Adm. of the estate of Benjamin Mattison deceased. and filed in court his account and vouchers for a final settlement of said estate, as to the personal property thereof. It is ordered by the court that the 22nd day of April 1881, be and the same is hereby appointed the day upon which to hear and pass upon said account and to make said settlement, and that notice thereof be given for three successive weeks, in the Jacksonville Republican, a newspaper printed and published in said county, as a notice to all persons interested, to be and appear before me at my office, in the Court House of said county, on said 22nd day of April, 1881, and contest said settlement if they think proper.

A. WOODS,
Judge of Probate.

apr2—3t

STATE OF ALABAMA, } Calhoun County. }

In Probate Court for said county, Special Term, March 26th, 1881.

This day came Welcome Duke, Admr. with the will annexed, of the estate of Charles Duke, deceased, and filed in Court his account and vouchers for an annual settlement of said estate.

It is therefore ordered by the Court that the 23d day of April, 1881, be and is hereby appointed the day upon which to audit and pass upon said account and make said settlement; and that notice thereof be given for three successive weeks prior to said day, by publication in the Jacksonville Republican, a newspaper printed and published in said county, as a notice to all persons concerned, to be and appear before me at my office in the court house of said county, on said 23d day of April, 1881, and contest said settlement if they think proper.

A. WOODS,
Judge of Probate.

apr2—3t

THE STATE OF ALABAMA, Calhoun County.

In Probate Court for said County, Special Term, April 1st, 1881.

This day came John M. Patterson guardian of Mary F. E Dale a minor and filed in Court his account and vouchers for an annual settlement of said guardianship.

It is therefore ordered by the Court that the 30th day of April 1881, be and is hereby appointed the day upon which to audit and pass upon said account and make said settlement, and that notice thereof be given for three successive weeks prior to said day, by publication in the Jacksonville Republican a newspaper printed and published in said county, as a notice to all persons concerned, to be and appear before me at my office in the Court House of said County, on said 30th day of April 1881, and contest said settlement if they think proper.

A. WOODS,
Judge of Probate.

April 9—3t.

SHERIFF SALE.

Under and by virtue of three fi fas issued from the Circuit Court of Dallas county and to me directed in favor of the County of Dallas and against, J. C. S. Timberlake and others, I will sell, before the court house door, in the town of Jacksonville, Calhoun county, to the highest bidder for cash, within the legal hours of sale, on the first Monday in May, (that being the 2nd day of said month) the following described real Estate to wit: The west half of Section 16, Township 16, Range 8, except twenty-five acres off the west side of the S. W. fourth. Also five acres, more or less, off the east of the S. W. fourth of said half section which lies on the north side of the county road. All east, in the Coosa land District Calhoun county, Ala. Levied upon as the property of D. P. Gunnels.

Printers fee $6.

Also at the same time and place

By virtue of one fi fa issued from the Circuit Court of Calhoun county, in favor of C. S. Poole and against Ellis Walls and Jno. M. Forbes, I will sell to the highest bidder for cash the following described real estate to wit: The N E qr. of the S E qr of Section 11. Township 16, Range 8, in Calhoun county Ala. as the property of Ellis Walls.

Prs. fee $3. JAMES B. FARMER.
April 2 1881—5t. Sheriff.

THE STATE OF ALABAMA. Calhoun County.

In Probate Court for said County, Special term. March 30th. 1881.

This day came W. C. Crow administrator of the estate of Daniel Hobbs dec'd, and filed in Court his account and vouchers for an anual settlement of said estate.

It is therefore ordered by the Court that the 23rd day of april 1881 be and is hereby appointed the day upon which to audit and pass upon said account and to make said settlement, and that notice thereof be given for three successive weeks prior to said day, by publication in the Jacksonville Republican, a newspaper, printed and published in said county, as a notice to all persons interested, to be and appear before me at my office on said 23rd day of April 1881, and contest said settlement if they think proper.

A. WOODS.
Judge of Probate.

April 2 1881.

THE STATE OF ALABAMA, Calhoun County.

In Probate Court for said County, Special term April 6th 1881.

This day came P. M. Watson guardian of P. D. Watson, his minor son, and filed in court his account and vouchers for an annual settlement of his guardianship. It is therefore ordered by the Court that the 30th day of April 1881 be and is hereby appointed the day upon which to audit and pass upon said account and make said settlement, and that notice thereof be given for three successive weeks prior to said day, by publication in the Jacksonville Republican a newspaper printed and published in said county, as a notice to all persons concerned, to be and appear before me at my office in the court house of said county, on said 30th day of April 1881, and contest said settlement if they think proper.

A. WOODS,
Judge of Probate.

apr 9 1881 3t.

$2 Watches, Stem Winders $2.50, White Metal Hunting Case $5. Imitation gold $6. Solid gold — Cheapest and best for cash or speculative purposes. Circulars and catalogue free. Thompson & Co. 128 Nassau St. N.Y.

feb5'81—1y

The Republican.

PRINTING OFFICE FOR SALE.

I will give a bargain in the sale of the Cherokee County Clarion a newspaper located at Edwardsville, Ala. The paper has the legal advertising of the county and a good run of commercial advertising. Some of the type are almost new. Exchanges wanted.

L. W. GRANT.

Please note.

We would like to have an advertisement from every business house in Calhoun. Write us for terms. State about what room you want your advertisement to occupy and how long you want it to run, and we will inform you as to cost of it by return mail. Remember that the Republican circulates all over Calhoun county and an advertisement in our columns will be of as much benefit to our advertisers of one locality as another.

Col. J. A. Stevenson has been quite sick but is still is confined to his room.

Mrs. Rowan is on a visit to friends in Atlanta.

The lovely Miss Jessie Forney has returned from Selma, where she has been going to school.

Notwithstanding the unfavorable nature of the past season, farmers in this section of the State are about as forward as usual.

The new Council organized and re-elected Mr. Crook, Marshal. He is a very efficient officer.

The new Mayor has had several cases on hand since his induction into office. He applies the law fearlessly to violators of its provisions.

We have a new, and elegant single horse buggy, which can be had at a bargain. Parties who may wish to purchase had better apply at once.

We are very much obliged to those of our subscribers who have responded to our statements of account sent out week before last. Let all others do likewise. We *must* square up the old business at once.

The Court of County Commissioners met here Monday and transacted much business. The session at this season of the year is always a busy one. We would like to see the Court take under consideration at its next meeting the propriety of expending the surplus money in the county Treasury upon improved public highways and permanent and substantial bridges. No investment of the money could pay so well as in this direction.

We would remind the business men of Calhoun county that we are prepared to do job work in the very best style. We have gone so far as to make arrangements with a firm in Chicago to do wood engraving for us specially designed letter heads, notes, drafts, etc. Give us your orders.

Attention is directed to the Medical Card of Dr. S. S. Linder in this issue of the Republican. Dr. Linder comes well recommended and will, no doubt, go at once into a good practice.

Plant corn. Now is the accepted time. There is likely to be a famine in this country next year, if there is a general crop failure this year. The merchants could not, in that contingency, possibly carry the farmers another year. The man is safe at any rate who has plenty of corn on hand.

By an act passed at the last session of the legislature, Precinct Inspectors, Clerks and Returning Officers of election are each entitled to one dollar and fifty cents, and the returning officer to five cents per mile in going to and returning from the county site, the same being a preferred claim to be paid out of the county treasury.

Mrs. L. W. Cannon has returned from Chattanooga to Jacksonville.

The Selma Times, under its new management, will soon wear a new dress. Considerable improvement has already been effected in the paper. These, when perfected, will render the Times one of the most attractive dailies of the South. It comes to us with more uniform regularity than any paper we get.

The Commissioners Court has had a very busy session.

That very clever, popular gentleman, James H. Savage, of Cross Plains, is here doing good service for his clients.—Huntsville Independent.

Our accomplished friend John Caldwell, of Jacksonville, is looking after his clients in the U. S. court.—Huntsville Advocate.

Many friends are glad to meet that whole souled and estimable gentleman Maj. J. H. Savage, of Cross Plains.—Huntsville Advocate.

We hear it rumored that a sociable for the benefit of the Methodist church will be given at the residence of Capt. J. D. Brandon, next Monday night the 11th inst. In addition to a delightful programme of music, reading, etc, by our home talent, there is a rare treat in store for those of our people who have never heard that exceedingly gifted elocutionist, Jno. M. Caldwell, Esq., of Jacksonville Alabama.—Huntsville Advocate.

The Messrs Hammond rececived a mammoth safe Thursday.

Parties who have lands to sell would do well to turn it over to Messrs Stevenson & Grant for sale. They have great facilities for securing purchasers. They will advertise the property free of cost to the party who may wish to sell; and charge a moderate fee for services in event of sale. Parties who apply to them must come prepared to state the very lowest price they will take for their property. Land sellers will notice that they advertise for a place this week. The gentleman who wishes to purchase has the gold in hand to pay for such a place as is desired.

We can give some body a bargain in a Baby Organ; a new organ just offered by Ludden & Bates, of Savannah, Ga. We are enabled to offer a bargain on it because half the price of it will be advertised out with us. It is said to be an elegant instrument for the home and the price is very low.

A correspondent of the Montgomery Advertiser brings out Senator Wm. E. Clarke, of Marengo, for next Governor of Alabama. This makes about the tenth gentleman proposed so far for this position. The next State Convention will have abundance of material to select from.

WANTED.—To buy a first class saddle horse. Apply to Montgomery Co's Drug Store, Jacksonville, Ala.

Capt. W. A. McMillan of that growing city, Anniston, was in Jacksonville this week. We told him when she reached five thousand inhabitants we would go down and establish the "Daily Manufacturer." Save us a building lot, Captain.

There is to be a parlor entertainment at the hospitable abode of Capt. John D. Brandon, Holmes St. next Monday night, at which delightful music and recitations will constitute the chief features.

John M. Caldwell Esq., of Jacksonville, who comes endorsed by the critics of Montgomery and elsewhere as a capital reader, will give, by special request some of his best selections.— Huntsville Independent.

The young man Neighbors, who was charged with the shooting of the alleged Revenue officer near Cross Plains some weeks ago, voluntarily surrendered himself to the authorities and had a preliminary examination of his case before Judge Woods some days ago. He was bound over to answer an indictment by the grand jury and readily gave bond.

Some of our brethren of the press have erroneously reported this case as the killing of a revenue officer by moonshiners. The man did have some connection with the revenue officers as informer, or some thing of that sort, but when killed he was not in the discharge of his duty, but drunk and at a disreputable house, so we are informed. He was killed in a brawl and was the assailiant, as we learn.

WANTED TO PURCHASE.

For cash, a good small farm—say of about 100 or 120 acres—40 or 50 acres cleared and in a good state of cultivation—the remainder well timbered—with dwelling house, stables etc. Plenty of good live water on the place will be a requisite. Any person having such a farm for sale would do well to confer with Messrs Stevenson & Grant, real estate Agts., Jacksonville, Ala.

E. R. Williams challenges the county to show a prettier or better stock of Ladies Shoes as well as a handsomer or better stock of Gents Shoes and Boots that he has now in stock. To see them is to buy them.

Cottonades and other goods manufactured by the Mississippi Mills, best ever brought to this market, at E. R. Williams' store.

High grade of Guanos at Williams'.

Choice Line of Family Groceries at Williams'. He can give bargains in Sugars.

Bargains in Ladies Dress Goods and Dry Goods of all descriptions at E. R. Williams'.

Don't buy Ladies Shoes until you look at Williams' stock. Positively the nicest and best lot ever brought to this market.

The large store at Woodward's corner is packed and jammed with BARGAINS.

You want to get the most goods you can for your money, don't you? Well, then, go to Williams'.

We respectfully invite the business men of Jacksonville who are not advertising to let us present them to the public through our columns. Look over the paper and see if you are represented in our advertising columns.

Mrs. Morgan, of this place, is on a visit to friends in Montgomery.

ALEXANDRIA.—Farmers are working to make up for lost time during severe weather past. The past winter is said to have been the hardest ever known in this latitude. Even the blackberry vines, in exposed places, are killed to the ground by the cold. There will be no peaches and but little fruit of any kind But little wheat sown last fall, owing to bad weather. Fall sown oats looking well. Spring oats do not promise much. There will be but little cotton planted before the 20th of this month. More commercial fertilizers used this season than usual. More corn in the sack bought this year than usual. The health of this section good. Uncle Elisha McClelen is still improving. Dr. Cochran, who has recently moved here is getting a good practice, Our merchants are doing well. Mr, C. N. Martin has opened out a stock in the store formerly occupied by Crook and Bro. Mr. E. F. Crook and S. L. Green have formed a partnership Mr Berry Smith is building on his lot in front of Mr. Green's residence Our academy is in full blast. Rev. W. S. Griffin of the Baptist and Rev. Mr. Hawkins of the Methodist church preach for us. Both excellent men. Taking all things into consideration, without bragging, we think we are doing well here, and as clever people as can be found on the globe.

MORE ANON.

Oh, What A Cough!

Will you heed the warning. The signal perhaps of the sure approach of that more terrible disease Consumption. Ask yourselves if you can afford for the sake of saving 50 cents, to run the risk and do nothing for it. We know from experience that Shiloh's Cure will Cure your Cough. It never fails. This explains why more than a Million Bottles were sold the past year It relieves Croup and Whooping Cough at once. Mothers do not be without it For Lame Back, Side or Chest use Shiloh's Porus Plaster. Sold by Borden & Co., Jacksonville, Ala.

Shiloh's Catarrh Remedy. A marvelous cure for Catarrh, Diphtheria, Canker mouth and Head Ache. With each bottle there is an ingenious nasal Injector for the more successful treatment of these complaints without extra charge Price 50 cts Sold by Borden & Co. Jacksonville Ala Jan'y, 15 '81—ly.

One splendid platform spring wagon with pole, shafts and movable top for sale.

m. 12 tf. * JAMES CROOK.

A batchelor suffering with a cold was handed a dose of Coussens Honey of Tar by his sister. "What is it?" he asked. "Elixir Asthmatic, it will make you feel ecstatic." He replied. "You are very sistermatic." Down went the Honey of Tar and cured his cough. Price 50c. For sale by Borden & Co., Jacksonville, Ala. febdeowly

You may not believe it, but try it and you will be convinced that Perraline, or Tabler's Vegetable Liver Powder is the best medicine in the world to regulate the stomach and liver. Price 50c. For sale by Borden & Co. Jacksonville, Ala. fceb5'81—ly.

Farmers would do well to call on Crow Bros. and try some of the new brands of guano sold by them as chemists say it is of the highest grade.

A large lot of brogans just received by Crow Bros. which they propose to sell cheap for cash.

Dyspepsia & Liver Complaint

Is it not worth the small price of 75 cents to free yourself of every symptom of these distressing complaints, if you think so call at our store and get a bottle of Shiloh's Vitalizer, every bottle has a printed guarantee on it, use accordingly and if it does you no good it will cost you nothing. Sold by Borden & Co., Jacksonville, Ala.

Crow Bros. have just received a large lot of Spring goods, Notions, etc., which they invite the ladies to call and examine.

Attention is directed to the double column advertisement of the new drug firm of Montgomery & Co. They are determined to give Jacksonville a first-class Drug Store in all its appointments. Mr. Linder, a young physician of education and skill in his profession will attend to the compounding of prescriptions. The firm is too well and favorably known to need commendation at our hands.

Tribute of Respect.

Whereas, by the allwise and inscrutable Providence of God, our "Circle of Unity" has been broken and our worthy and well beloved sister, S. K. Scott has been taken from her labors in the Lodge below and transplanted in Heaven, a white flower to bloom in the Savior's breast.

Therefore be it resolved by Davisville Lodge No. 63 I. O. G. T., that in the death of Sister Scott, this Lodge has lost one of its most zealous and efficient members; a member who was beautiful in life, sweet and smooth in spirit, and as pure in mind and heart as the unstained snow; one who was ever kind and loving to all and by all loved.

Resolved 2nd, That tho' our hearts are saddened and a cloud of sorrow has gathered over us, yet, with an eye of faith, we see its silver lining and thro' its interstices the hope of the resurrection and immortality flashes like sheet lightning behind an intervening cloud.

Resolved 3rd. That we tender the sorrow-stricken mother and weeping children our heart-felt sympathy, and pray God that the richest blessings of heavenly grace may attend them and save them with her daughter and their mother in the "sweet fields of Eden."

Resolved 4th, That a copy of this preamble and resolutions be tendered the family of the deceased, and that they be copied in our minutes, and a copy furnished the Jacksonville Republican with a request that the same be published.

W. B. TEDDER. }
J. B. SMITH. } Com.
ANN CROZIER. }

WANTED TO SELL.—One good yoke large steers, cheap. Apply to

JAS. MOHON,
april 9 2w. Jacksonville, Ala.

WANTED.—To sell a second hand Linder Distributor for $10. Now in use on plantation of R. D. Williams, Esqr. Apply to Republican office.

In a few days E. R Williams, at Woodward's corner store, will have his entire stock of Spring Goods in store, and no prettier or more tasteful selection of goods can be seen in the State than will then grace his shelves. Meantime a large per cent. of his Spring Goods have already arrived. The public, ladies especially, are invited to call and examine them.

MR. EDITOR:—To say the least of it the conduct of the boys before the M. E. Church door last Sunday night was disgraceful. By their noisy demonstrations they not only interrupted and embarrassed the minister, but they seriously annoyed every one in the church. Now these forward youngsters may not know that they violated both a State law and town ordinance by their disgraceful behavior. If they escape presentation to the next grand jury they may consider themselves fortunate. Certainly if they repeat it, they will not only be arrested and tried before the Mayor, but they will be prosecuted in the Circuit Court to the full extent of the law.

WORSHIPER.

OBITUARY.

Died in Jacksonville, of pneumonia, after a short confinement to his bed, April 4th 1881, R. C. Lester, in the 65th year of his age.

Deceased was born in Greenville, S. C., May 8th, 1816, and emigrated to Alabama and settled in Jacksonville in his early manhood. He was among the early settlers of the place, and made his residence here continuously until the day of his death. He was twice married and blessed with children by both unions; some of the elder of whom were in distant States when he breathed his last. He was a member of the M. E. Church for over thirty years. For years previous to his death he was afflicted with an affection of the lungs that rendered labor more than usually arduous to him; yet, almost to the day of his death he was a hard-working man, anxious to provide well for those whom God had committed to his care. Rather negative than positive in character, he was not a man of striking peculiarities, but if the whole history of his life could be written out, it would form a chapter of patience under trial, fortitude under suffering, fidelity to the responsibilities of life and contentment under all circumstances that has been rarely equalled. During a long life here he enjoyed the respect and confidence of his fellow-men. But a few days prior to his death he was a member of the Grand Jury, which responsible position attests the confidence with which he was regarded. Peace to his ashes.

A FRIEND.

JUST RECEIVED
—BY—
J. D. HAMMOND'S SONS,
An Elegant Stock of
SPRING GOODS, Boots, Shoes, Hats, of latest styles, for both Gentlemen and Ladies, embracing
DRESS GOODS, for Spring wear, of all descriptions, Prints, Linens, Lawns, Piques, plain and fancy, etc., all at closer figures than ever.
GENTLEMEN'S Spring Clothing, of latest patterns and nobbiest styles. Our Stock of
FAMILY GROCERIES
is kept fully up to the demands of the day.
AGRICULTURAL Implements, of all kinds. Also, Hardware, Cutlery and Tin ware in abundance.
THANKING our friends for past favors, we are ever ready to show goods and prices to all. Don't fail to call and examine our stock before purchasing elsewhere for our goods are very attractive
GARDEN & FLOWER
Seeds, for the Ladies, always kept by us. Now is the time to plant.
CALL SOON and be convinced that we are selling at ROCK BOTTOM PRICES for cash.
Truly,
J. D. HAMMOND'S SONS,
mar24— Jacksonville.

TRADE
SSS
MARK
PERRY HOUSTON COUNTY, GA.
We have known "Swift's Syphilitic Specific" tested in hundreds of cases of Syphilis, Mercurial Rheumatism, Scrofula, etc. It made the most *perfect and permanent cures in every case.*
Hugh L Dennard, Sam D Killien, Judge Co. Ct., J L Warren, of J W Lathorp & Co., Savannah, Ga., Ed Jackson. Dep't Clerk Sup'r court, Wm Brunson, Eli Warren, J W Wimberly, J C Gilbert, Druggist, J W Mann, county Treasurer, Wm D Pierce, Sh'ff, C C Duncan, Day & Gordon
I am acquainted with the proprietors and many of the gentlemen whose signatures appear to the foregoing certificate. They are men of high character and standing.
A. H. COLQUIT,
Governor of Georgia.
THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO.
Proprietors, Atlanta, Ga.
Sold by all Druggists.
Enquire for copy of 'Young Men's Friend.'
mar12—1y—eq.

Do You Want Health?

Why will you die? Death, or what is worse, is the inevitable result of continued suspension of the menstrual flow. It is a condition which should not be trifled with. Immediate relief is the only safeguard against constitutional ruin. In all cases of suppression, suspension or other irregularity of the "courses," Bradfield's Female Regulator is the only remedy. It acts by giving tone to the nervous centres, improving the blood and determining directly to the organs of menstruation. It is a legitimate prescription, and the most intelligent physicians use it Prepared by Dr. J. Bradfield, Atlanta Ga. $1.50 per bottle. Sold by all Druggists.

NOTASULGA, ALA., July 7, 1877.
Bradfield's Female Regulator has been thoroughly tested by me in a great variety of cases, and I am fully convinced that it is unrivaled for all that class of diseases which it claims to cure.
mar12—eowly J. C. HUSS, M. D.

The Selma Rome & Dalton
—AND—
East Tennessee, Virginia and Georgia Railroads,
Forms the quickest and most comfortable route to
Eastern Cities,
—AND—
ONLY ROUTE
—TO THE—
Watering Places
—OF—
East Tennessee and Virginia
The principal Inducements are
SPLENDID SCENERY, QUICK TIME, THROUGH CARS.
The only line passing through the mountainous regions of East Tennessee and Virginia. For information address,
JAS. R. OGDEN, G. P. A., Knoxville,
RAY KNIGHT, A. G. P. A., Selma.

TRAINS RUN AS FOLLOWS:
MAIL TRAINS DAILY.

No. 22, North,	Stations.	No. 21, South
5.00 a m.....	Lv Selma Ar.....	9.20 p m
6.46 a.m	Randolph Lv.....	7.35 p.m
7.24 a.m.....	Montevallo	6.54 p.m
8.05 a.m.....	Calera	6.35 p.m
10.30 a.m.....	Talladega	3.47 p.m
11.30 a.m	Oxford	2.40 p.m
12.25 p.m.....	Jacksonville	1.50 p.m
3.53 p m.....	Rome .....11.20 a m	
6.45 p m.....	Dalton ..... 8.50 a.m	
8.20 p.m.....	Ar Cleveland Lv...6.38 a.m	

ACCOMMODATION TRAINS.
DAILY—SUNDAYS EXCEPTED.

No. 24 North.	Stations.	No. 23 South.
4.05 p.m....	Lv Selma Ar....	10.50 a.m
7.35 p.m.....	Randolph Lv.....	7.50 a m
9.05 p.m.....	Montevallo	6.20 a.m
10.30 p.m.....	Calera	5.45 a.m
2.45 a.m.....	Talladega	3.33 p.m
4.35 a.m.....	Oxford	1.55 p.m
7.00 a.m.....	Jacksonville	2.10 p.m
1.10 p.m.....	Rome	9.25 a m
5.55 p.m.....	Dalton	6.20 a m
7.10 p.m.....	Ar Cleavland Lv .	3.20 a.m

Tickets as low as any other route.
PAY KNIGHT,
Gen. Ticket and Passenger Ag't
jan 29, 1881 Selma, Ala.

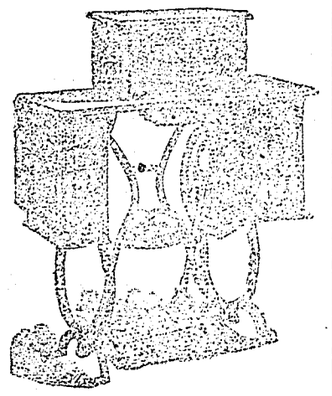
Louisville & Great Southern
RAILROAD LINE
The Quickest and Shortest
ROUTE TO ALL POINTS
NORTH & EAST,
Only One Change of Cars
—TO—
CHICAGO, ST. LOUIS, CLEVELAND DETROIT, PITTSBURGH, Philadelphia, N. York, Boston
AND THE BEST ROUTE TO
BALTIMORE & WASHINGTON
PULLMAN PALACE CARS
Run through from Birmingham to MOBILE NEW ORLEANS LOUISVILLE AND CINCINNATI.
Trains run as follows:

Lv Birmingham	9.23 a m	12.01 a m
Ar Louisville	11.35 a m	3.25 p m
Lv Birmingham	4.15 a m	5 50 p m
Ar Mobile.....	3 50 p m	4.50 a m
Ar New Orleans.....	9.45 p m	10.12 a m

Agents at all stations can give you full and reliable information as to time and connections to all points, and will procure you rates and through tickets on application. For further information address
C. P. ATMORE, G. P. A.
jan29, 1881 Louisville, Ky.

A CARD

About three years ago we were requested by some of our employees to purchase sewing machines for them. After a careful examination of all the leading machines we were convinced that the "White" was the best sewing machine manufactured, and we bought six. These instantly created a demand for more, and without special effort on our part, the demand has grown so that we are now selling
100 Machines a year
and our sales are continually increasing. This is the best evidence of the superior merits of the "White."
WOODSTOCK IRON COMPANY,
Anniston, Ala.
UNPARALLELED SUCCESS
OF THE
White Sewing Machine



IN THE THIRD YEAR OF ITS EXISTENCE, ITS SALES AMOUNT TO
64,853 Machines.
NO OTHER MACHINE EVER HAD SUCH
A RECORD OF POPULARITY.
It is the Lightest-Running, Easiest Selling, and Best Satisfying Machine
IN THE WORLD.
PRICES, 25 TO 40 DOLLARS.
For Sale by
WOODSTOCK IRON CO.,
Anniston, Ala

FREE TO ALL.
OUR new Illustrated Plant and Seed Catalogue of 80 pages, containing descriptions and Prices of best varieties of Plants, Roses, Seeds, Bulbs, etc. Beautifully colored Plate of our NEW DOUBLE WHITE BOUVARDIA will be mailed upon the receipt of three cent stamp for postage. Send Trial Packages of Roses FREE Circular guaranteed first quality. Liberal offers to getters up of clubs. Address J. A. NANZ & Bro. Nurserymen & Florists. NANZ & NEUNER, Louisville, Ky.

CITY BAR!

The undersigned has with particular care selected for this season, a very fine lot of

LINCOLN COUNTY WHISKEY,

Direct from the Distillery, as well as

Apple and Peach Brandies,

His Liquors are bought under bond and he knows them to be fine and pure. A general line of goods in Liquors of all brands. Beers, Cider, &c., including Sacrament Wine. Also a large lot of fine Cigars, Tobacco and Snuff,

My Billiard Parlor

is still the favorite resort of those who love the game, Respectfully.
JNO RAMAGNANO.
Jacksonville, Ala.

N B—Persons indebted to me are requested to come forward and settle accounts by Cash or Note jan29—3m

J. D. FOSTER & CO., Rome, Ga. F. W. HART, Atlanta.

HART, FOSTER & CO.

Manufacturers and Dealers in

Doors, Sash, Blinds and Builders Material.

—A GOOD STOCK IN STORE OF—

WHITE OR YELLOW PINE.

Estimates Furnished on Application.
All extra sizes to order on short notice and at bottom prices. Will duplicate Chattanooga or Atlanta prices, saving our customers the freight. Office with J D. Foster & Co. tore Room foot of Elm Srtret, on the Oostenula river, ROME, GA.
une 15, tf

LIVERY
—AND—
SALE STABLE.

The Undersigned having bought the Hammond Livery Stable of Mr. Wilson, have entered upon their business and will be glad to serve the public.
We expect to keep Vehicles, Horses and Mules for sale, and are prepared to guarantee bargains in this line.
Our terms will be very reasonable and strictly cash.
Horses boarded at low rates. Give us your patronage and we will give you satisfaction. Respectfully,
MARTIN & ADAMS.
jan 15—tf.

LIVERY STABLE.
STEWART & SHARP,
Successors to
W. L. WHITELY.
KEEPS CONSTANTLY on hand to hire, Good Horses and Excellent Vehicles Splendid accommodations for Drovers and others. Horses, Carriages and Buggies always on hand for sale. Entire satisfaction guaranteed to all who patronize us.
dec 18, 1880—3m.

STARTLING DISCOVERY!
LOST MANHOOD RESTORED.
A victim of youthful imprudence causing Premature Decay, Nervous Debility, Lost Manhood, etc., having tried in vain every known remedy, has discovered a simple self cure, which he will send FREE to his fellow-sufferers. Address J. H. REEVES, 43 Chatham [illegible]

A GREAT CAUSE OF HUMAN Misery in the [illegible] of
MANHOOD

A Lecture on the Nature, Treatment, and Radical cure of Seminal Weakness, or Spermatorrhœa, induced by self abuse, involuntary emissions, impotency, nervous debility and impediments to marriage generally: Consumption, Epilepsy and Fits; mental and physical incapacity, &c.—By Robert J. Culverwell, M. D., author of the "Green Book," &c.
The world-renowned author, in this admirable lecture, clearly proves from his own experience that the awful consequences of self-abuse may be effectually removed without dangerous surgical operations, bougies, instruments, rings, or cordials; pointing out a mode of cure at once certain and effectual, by which every sufferer, no matter what his condition may be, may cure himself cheaply, privately and radically.
☞ This Lecture will prove a boon to thousands and thousands.
Sent, under seal, in a plain envelope, to any address, on receipt of six cents or two postage stamps. We have also a sure cure for Tape Worm. Address
THE CULVERWELL MEDICAL CO.
41 Ann st. New York N. Y.
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FRANK W. BOWDON, ROBT. L. ARNOLD.
BOWDON & ARNOLD,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW
—AND—
Solicitors in Chancery,
JACKSONVILLE, ALA.
Will practice in all the Courts of the Circuit, U. S. Dist. Court and Supreme Court of the State April 24, 1880

A. L. STEWART & CO
Have recently opened up in the rooms formerly occupied by A M. Saunders, Jacksonville, Ala, a new establishment, embracing
DRY GOODS,
GROCERIES,
READY MADE
CLOTHING
HARDWARE, CROCKERY,
And everything else kept in a General Variety Store. They hope to merit by fair dealing and liberal terms to customers a fair share of the trade of this vicinity.
We will see to it that none go away dissatisfied. Give us a call and determine for yourselves.
jan20—3m

GUARDIAN'S AN. SETTLEMENT
THE STATE OF ALABAMA, } In Probate Court
Calhoun County. } for said county,
Special Term, March 31st. 1881.
This day came R W Reid, Guardian of the estate of Thos H Burton, a minor and filed his account and vouchers for an annual settlement of his guardianship. It is ordered by the court that the 25th day of April, 1881, be and is hereby appointed the day upon which to audit and pass upon said account, and make said settlement, and that notice thereof b given for three successive weeks in the Jacksonville Republican, a newspaper printed and published in said county, as a notice to all persons interested in said settlement to be and appear before me at my office in the court house of said county, on said 25th day of April, 1881, and contest said settlement if they think proper. A. WOODS,
april 2—3t. Judge of Probate

W. C. LAND,
WATCHMAKER,
—AND—
JEWELER.
Jacksonville, - - - Ala.
Also, agent for Meriden CT Table cutlery and silver and plated ware. Also agent for Elgin Watch co, and other American make.
May, 1st 1880

W. W. HARRISON;
Physician and Surgeon,
OFFICE OVER
CARPENTER'S STORE

CALHOUN COLLEGE.
The exercises of Calhoun College will be resumed on the SECOND MONDAY in January 1881. Terms the same as last session.
W. J. BORDEN, Prin.
dec. 25—tf.

FOUND.
A Remedy That is Sure and effectual cure for all diseases of the Blood Skin, Scrofula, Cancer in its worst form, White Swelling, Catarrh, Cancer of the womb and all chronic sores, no matter of how long standing, we guarantee a cure if our remedies are used according to directions.
Smith's Scrofula Syrup and STAR CURINE.
With these two medicines combined we have cured hundreds of cases of the different diseases mentioned above.
SMITH'S SCROFULA SYRUP
is an internal remedy, one of the best purifiers known to the American people
Star Curene
is an external remedy: by applying it on the outside and taking Smith's Scrofula Syrup, your case will be easy to cure. If you will call on or address us we will take pleasure in showing you hundreds of certificates from parties living in this State that you are all acquainted with; that have been cured sound and well by using Star Curene and Smith's Scrofula Syrup. If you are afflicted with any of the above mentioned diseases, do not think your case will be cured without treatment; do not delay; the sooner you get to using our two remedies the sooner you will be restored to health and happiness.
Call on Daniel & Marsh at once, before it is too late, and get a bottle of Smith's Scrofula Syrup and Star Curine.
Read the following certificates.
Messrs. Daniel & Marsh, 13, Kimbal House, Atlanta:
Gentlemen:—This is to certify that we have tried Smith's Scrofula Syrup in several cases of Catarrh, Cancer, Sore legs, etc., and we cheerfully recommend it to the public as the best, safest and most reliable blood purifier that can be used for all the diseases for which it is recommended. Respectfully,
R HARTMAN & CO.
All communications should be addressed to DANIEL & MRSH, sole proprietors and manufacturers, 13, Kimbal House, Atlanta, Ga.
For sale by Johnson & Caldwell, Chuloforee, Blake & Dothard, Arbacoochee, Bartlett & Tollison, Edwardsville, W. A. Wood Davisville, J. B. McCain, wholesale agent at Oxford, Roley Jenkins, Do Annesville, J. T. Thrash, Oaktuskee, Rowan Dean & Co., wholesale agents at Jacksonville, M T Moody, Cross Plains.

ROBINSON WAGON CO.
CINCINNATI, O.
This Company have just finished complete shops with every facility of the latest improved machinery, and are prepared to manufacture
STANDARD TRADE
VEHICLES,
SUCH AS
Farm Wagons,
Spring Wagons,
Platform Wagons,
Ludlow Spring Wagons,
Farmers' Two Seated Carriages,
Standard Trade Buggies,
Elegant Brewster Buggy, &c.
☞ Send for Designs and Prices, to
ROBINSON WAGON CO.
Oct. 9, '80— Cincinnati, Ohio.

JOE. A. WALDEN. W. F. WOODWARD
Walden & Woodward,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW,
Jacksonville, Ala.
Will practice in all the courts of the Circuit, and the Supreme Courts of the State. Prompt attention given to the collection of claims.

AGRICULTURE.

WASTE ON THE FARM.—The greatest waste on the farm is in the not using of our brains; the greatest, because at the bottom of all the other wastes. A little thinking often saves much labor. After accomplishing almost any piece of work, the most of us can look back, and see how we could have improved on it, *if we had but thought*. As we review our crops of this year, we see how they could have been easily increased, had we only thought. The ditch we dug through our medow was not done in the most economical way. We dug too deeply at first, and did not allow for the setting of the land. Hence a waste of labor. We omitted buying an implement that would have saved nearly its cost in this one year's use, until we had spent much in trying to accomplish our work without it. Here was another waste. We carry a water pipe too near the surface, to save the expense of digging a trench of a safe depth, and the winter's frost necessitates a replacement of the pipe, and an additional digging. Certainly, a waste here. We allowed the weeds to grow on one piece of land, not thinking to what proportions they would grow by the time the crops were too far advanced to admit the hoe. A waste here, which might have been obviated. And so on wastes, little and big everywhere, all arising from our not thinking sufficiently—waste, because not necessary and easily obviated. We omit the ordinary wastes from neglect, from laziness, from want of appreciation of cleanliness and thoroughness, — the wastes from our stock, from our manure heap, from our household. Verily, a little thought will save the farmer much, and the saving, through this means, even on a small farm, will represent the interest on a considerable capital. The wastes arising from ignorance can very readily be diminished and are in large part inexcusable; those arising from carelessness, are not deserving of sympathy. The farmer, as well as the business man, must use business principles, to secure the largest success, and the one should be as careful of the out-goes as the other.

CARROTS FOR ANIMALS.—The carrot is the most esteemed of all roots for its feeding qualities. When analyzed it gives but little more solid matter than any other root, eighty-five per cent, being water; but its influence in the stomach on the other articles of food is most favorable, contributing to the most perfect digestion and assimilation. This result, long known to practical men, is explained by chemists as resulting from the presence of a substance called pectine, which operates to coagulate or gelatine vegetable solutions, and favors this digestion in all cattle. Horses are especially benfited by the use of carrots, and they should be fed frequently with their other food. Most all sections of the western country produce, when thoroughly cultivated, beautiful crops of carrots, and they can be raised at a trivial expense. The land upon which carrots are to be cultivated should be mellow, and be plowed deeper than usual.

HOW TO FEED HORSES.—The trouble with most persons who keep horses, no matter whether for farm work or for driving purposes, is they feed too much hay; and to this can be attributed the general sluggishness often manifested by the horse until they have been working a couple of hours, while their wind is also much impaired. Night is the only time when hay should be fed, especially to animals used for quick work; even the slow plow team should have but little hay at the morning and noon feeds, but give them a generous supply at the evening meal. By doing this your horses will keep in better spirits and condition, and free from any tendency to "pot belly," which horsemen so much dislike to see.

FATTENING stock will thrive most when fed only such quantity as will be eaten readily with good appetite: any excess of feed laying before them will destroy the relish, make the animals dainty, and lessen the quantity they will consume. A variety is desirable; one feed daily should be some esculent, as potatoes, turnips, or beets, not so much for the food element they contain as to give tone to the appetite and digestion. Feed and water should be given at regular times, and by one feeder, who will, if a proper hand, soon learn what each animal requires and will feed no more or less.

WEEDS.—The best time to kill a weed is as soon as it is born, before you can see it. When the seed is germinated and is just ready to break through the ground, then the least disturbance of the soil disarranges its connections, and it dies in a hot sun; but, if it grows until it makes roots, if it is disturbed considerably you do not kill it; it has hold upon the soil, and it lives in spite of you.

PLANTS vary greatly with respect to their demands for food, their capabilities of gathering the ingredients from the soil and air, and the effects of different fertilizers upon the growth; hence the proper fertilizer in a given case depends upon the crop as well as upon the soil.

Landslip in Central Asia.

The landslip which overwhelmed part of the Russian army marching against the Tekke-Turkomans, but of which little has been known, must rank as one of the most terrible catastrophes of the kind on record. The column was encamped in a narrow valley near Khoja-Kaleh, and not far from Kara Kaleh, when, after heavy rains a huge mass of the mountain overhanging the camp came down and burried six hundred soldiers and many horses. The Turkomans, taking advantage of the mishap and the consequent confusion, attacked and plundered the Russian camp, compelling the remainder of the column to fall back upon Chat. No landslip unaccompanied by other natural convulsions, like earthquakes or volcanic eruptions, has ever caused such a frightful loss of life; indeed the instances of vast displacements of surface are very rare. In 1840 there was a wonderful subsidence of surface at Axmouth, in Devonshire, when about one hundred acres of undercliff slipped down to the sea, and a reef forty feet in height was driven up through the water. There was no loss of life on this occasion, nor in the landslips at Lyme Regis in 1871, at Freshwater in 1842, or at Sid, mouth in the same year. The disaster of Khoja-Kaleh, therefore, is probably unique in its horrors.

DOMESTIC.

CONCERNING HAIR CUTTING.—She is a mother, but she does not know how to cut the children's hair. This is a pity, because it is expensive to send to the barber, and Papa neglects the job. Besides, the children do not like their hair haggled, and it is not nice to look at either. The trouble often is the scissors are dull; now, this should not be. A woman ought, above all earthly things, to have sharp scissors, especially where a whole family is to sew for. Next in importance to having plenty of dry kindling wood and lively yeast, is having sharp scissors. Given sharp scissors, she cannot then cut the children's hair. She makes their heads carsteppy; for the life of her, she can't help it. The trouble is she does not manipulate the comb properly. Let her push this instrument through the hair in a direction opposite to which it lies on the head, and clip off those hairs that protrude brough the comb. Do this, little by little, taking hold of fresh hair continually, and soon the job is completed as beautifully as though the barber had done it. Don't cut off the child's ears.

To the sick thirst is most important and distressing, often causing much restlessness and irritability—these in their turn often increasing the fever. The urgent thirst must, therefore, be allayed; but if left to themselves, to satiate their craving, patients will always drink to excess, which is very liable to disarrange the stomach, impair digestion, produce flatulence and even diarrhea. Theory and experience both show that drinks, made slightly bitter and somewhat acid, slack thirst most effectually. A weak infusion of cascarrilla or orange peel, acidulated slightly with hydrochloric acid is a favorite thirst-allaying drink for fever patients. Raspberry vinegar is a useful drink. Sucking ice is very grateful.

CHEAP DYES.—A lovely dark brown can be obtained by using catechu and bi-cromate of potash, two ounces of the potash and four of the catechu. A lighter yellowish brown, can be colored by making a strong tea of hemlock bark, and putting in the goods while hot. A correspondent says that last fall she sent some muslin to be colored in the vats at the tannery, and was delighted with the shade—a yellow brown, and free from spots. Soft maple bark with copperas added, makes a lovely dark purple. It will wear well, and bear washing if dried in the shade. Hickory bark and copperas will make a dull dark green. White clover blossoms and alum produce a bright yellow.

STARCH FOR SHIRT BOSOMS.—Take two ounces of fine gum-arabic powder put into a pitcher, and pour on a pint of boiling water, according to the strength you desire, and then, having covered it, let it stand all night; in the morning pour it carefully from the dregs into a clean bottle, cork it and keep it for use. A tablespoonful of gum water stirred into a pint of starch made in the usual manner will give to lawn, either white or printed, a look of newness when nothing else can restore them after they have been washed.

A MOLD OF COLD MEAT.—A pound or a little more of cold meat—beef, mutton, anything except pork—two ounces of maccaroni, one teacupful of fine bread crumbs, a tablespoonful of butter, one egg, pepper and salt. Cut the meat very fine. Wash the maccaroni in cold water then boil for half an hour, drain and cut into inch-lengths. Mix with the meat crumbs, butter, pepper and salt, mix thoroughly, bind together with the beaten egg and pack into a well-greased basin or bowl and steam for an hour. This is very nice for breakfast or tea, sliced and eaten cold.

LAWS of life say it does not necessarily follow that a person with an ill-developed or peculiarly shaped chest wall should have consumption. One great primary cause of consumption is the want of inflation of apices of the lungs, whether from habit, occupation, inattention or whatever cause. This fact is the primary cause of more consumption than anything else. It opens the door for the onset of the disease under any exciting cause, as cold, congestion or pneumonia.

CABOTTES A LA FLAMANDE.—When parboiled and drained, put the carrots into a saucepan with a piece of butter, a pinch of sugar and as much water as may be necessary for sauce; add some finely-minced parsley and white pepper, and salt to taste. Let the carrots simmer till done (about fifteen minutes), shaking them occasionally. Beat up together the yolks of two eggs and half a gill of cream, stir this into the carrots off the fire, and serve.

FOR cholera morbus, take black pepper and grind it tolerably fine. Then put in a glass a tablespoonful of this and a tablespoonful of salt, and fill about half full with warm water, then fill up the glass with good cider vinegar, and stir it up. Now take one tablespoontul, and then wait a little and take another, and keep on stirring and using it while the vomiting lasts. If one glass does not cure, try another.

BACHELOR'S CAKE,—One pound flour half pound sugar, one-fourth pound butter or lard, four wine-glasses of milk, half pound currants the same of candied peel, one-fourth of a nutmeg, two teaspoonfuls ground ginger, one of cinnamon, and one of carbonate of soda. Mix well together and bake slowly for an hour and a half.

EVERY DAY FRUIT CAKE.—One cup of butter, two cups sugar, two cups sour milk, two cups raisins, five cups flour, teaspoonful saleratus. Salt, cinnamon, cloves, citron and wine to taste.

A writer in the London Engineer states the first requisite for a perfect railway brake to be a capacity to supply the instantaneous application of the greatest amount of retarding force—the brake to be applied to every wheel of a train simultaneously, and the utmost power of the brake to be at once used. He says that a train of fifteen cars, weighing 200 tons, at an energy of sixty miles an hour, is equal to 34,000 tons falling a distance of one foot, and as at a speed of sixty miles an hour a train passes over eighty-eight feet per second, to stop it quickly involves the following requirements; First, the brake blocks should be applied to act upon every wheel in the train; secondly, they should be applied with their full force in the least possible time; thirdly, the pressure should be regulated according to speed and other circumstances, so that the friction may never exceed, but nearly equal, the adhesion of the wheels upon the rails. These three requisites must be regarded as indispensable.

The hardest steel does not last longest as rails for track purposes. This has been practically proved lately.

HUMOROUS.

A FRENCH peasant saw in the river a floating egg. He thought he could catch it with his hand, but in his attempt fell in the water, and the egg escaped him. The water was deep, and he could not swim. In terror, he believed that God was thus punishing his greediness. To propitiate his fate he vowed that if he escaped he would never eat another egg. Instantly a branch of a tree presented itself to him, by means of which he gained the banks of the stream. Shaking himself he said: "I suppose, O Lord, that you of course understood me to say raw egg."

OLD MAGGIE DEE had fully her own share of Scottish prudence and economy One bonnet had served her turn for upwards of a dozen years, and some ladies who lived in her neighborhood, in offering to make and present her with a new one, asked whether she would prefer silk or straw as material. "Weel, my leddies," said Maggie, after careful deliberation, "since ye insist on gi'en me a bonnet, I think I'll tak' a strae and; it will maybe be a mouthfu' to be coo when I'm through wi' it.

A THICK-HEADED jury in Columbus Ohio, had decided that the man who had broken into Spilkins' house and was caught in the act, was not guilty, the evidence being insufficient to convict, and the prisoner was acquired.

"I would like to have the address of the innocent man," said Spilkins.

"What for?"

"Well, since he was paying me a friendly visit, I want to know where he lives, so I can return the call."

[Mondovi, (Wis.) Buffalo Co. Herald.

Notions of the First Settlers.

Mr. W. H. H, Amidon, one of the first settlers in the town of Gilmantown, Wis., and one of the most industrious and hard working men in the country, has been very severely troubled with rheumatic pains during the past few years, so much at times, that he was disabled from performing manual labor. Learning of the wonderful cures effected by the use of St. Jacob's Oil he procured a few bottles and experienced immediate relief. Many others of our acquaintances have used it and express themselves as highly gratified, with the relief it has afforded them. This king of medicines can be bought everywhere.

AN arctic exploration: A year or so ago a young Galveston lady got married, and the young couple went off on a bridal trip. After her return she was always mentioning her northern trip. "Did you visit the Canadas?" asked somebody. "The Kenedys?" she asked, musingly, "do they live down on Canal street. in New Orleans? We went as far north as New Orleans.

"THE land, my friends," said an Irish orator the other day at a meeting, "has belonged to the people from the days of Adam." "Adam indeed!" replied a voice in the crowd. "do not speak of him: he was evicted from the Garden of Eden without compensation."

"I AM your boot maker, here's your bill," says a man approaching another who is standing at the steps of a hotel. 'Pardon, but I don't recognize you.' 'I find on the contrary, that you recognize me too well."

MME. B., seeing some dust on the furniture, shows it to her servant. "What would you like to have me do in such a case?" she asks kindly. "As I do—don't pay any attention to it."

TRAVELING along the sea-coast of Florida, a gentleman, noticing the barrenness of the country, asked a native, "what do you live on here?" "Live on?" replied the man; "why, on fish and strangers."

BROWN gave his wife an elegant umbrella for her birthday present. "Be very careful of it," he said to her. "Oh, be easy, dear; I'll use it only on Sundays and holidays, and then only when the weather is fine."

IT is perfectly proper to speak of a man's magnificent dome of thought, or his Websterian brow, but when you speak of a red-headed gentleman as the man with the gilded dome, ten chances to one he will not feel flattered.

A POOR excuse is better than none at all. When a boy was called to account for going fishing on Sunday, he replied, "I know I do, but then before the fish begin to bite I always whistle out one of Moody and Sankey's tunes."

THE intelligent printer got it into type that it was a "damnation" party, and the poor minister who had been afflicted with a donation party didn't kick a bit, or request any of his sturdy congregation to go 'round and kill the editor.

THE time has arrived when an invitation to a wedding is equivalent to lending a groom $10 and feeling thankful that he didn't ask for more.

[Cincinnati Irish Citizen.]

Mr. John Miller, of 54 West Fifth street, tells us that he was cured by the use of St. Jacob's Oil of a complicated case of rheumatism of ten years standing.

A NEW sled has been invented, which is so constructed that a person is in no danger of falling off, and the boys are relieved of the trouble of holding the girls on. The invention is not meeting with a large sale.

THE Pilgrim fathers decleared kissing on Sunday to be wicked. They were bound a man should kiss his wife at least once a week.

PURIFY the blood by cleansing the system of foul humors, and by giving strength to the liver, kidneys and bowels to perform their regular functions. Kidney-Wort will do it.—*Witness.*

GIRLS having the dollars of their daddies are wearing the queer looking hats of their grandmothers.

HOW to bring people over to your side—Have the snow cleaned off your sidewalk.

FRIENDS, Romans, countrymen, lend me your ear muffs!

A GREAT wag—The dog's caudal appendage.

THE oldest friends are to-day the staunchest friends of Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup. They have proven its great worth in all cases of Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Tickling in the Throat, Irritation of the Bronchial Tubes and Lungs, etc

South Africa.

South Africa, speaking in the rough, is a semi-circle, the shore line of which is low and level, while the interior rises in two or three tolerably distinct steps to a high plateau. The hills and mountains which form these steps runs on the whole, parallel with the seashore, while the rivers form the radii between the center, which is the interior plateau, and the periphery, which is formed by the sea. The two largest rivers, the Orange and the Limpapo, flow respectively in a westerly and easterly direction. The northern boundary of the South Africa semi-circle is formed by the tropic of Capricorn. The territory thus limited is capable of supporting a great empire—an empire, moreover, which can support itself and has a position of matchless security. It has the most salubrious climate known to medical science. The soil produces everything needed by a civilized and luxurious people. Nevertheless, the empire has not interested mankind greatly save as a stopping place on the way between the European states and their colonies in Asia. In that capacity the Dutch occupied the cape in 1652, by the proclamation of a Surgeon Ribeck. Some adventurers, mostly Dutchmen, settled at the cape, their wives being furnished them by the Dutch government, which emptied its workhouses for that purpose. These Dutchmen had no difficulty in taking from the Hottentots what land they wanted, and a man who chose to leave the settlement usually went where he pleased the Hottentots being either his slave or his game. The Dutch Boers—an appropriate name—were joined by Huguenots and Germans, and the result was a peculiar mixture. The Boer of to-day has a language of his own, the basis of which is Dutch; he is tough, bold, vulgar; he is an intense Calvinist; he detests English freedom he looks upon the African tribes as his slaves; his institutions are patriarchal; most Boers read, and many of them write; they hold science, art, and refinement in contempt. Livingstone's early journals show what stuff these Boers are made of; the best authority on South African languages is Beck; the best South African library has been collected by an Englishman, and is now at Cape Town.

Bogus Certificates.

It is no vile drugged stuff, pretending to be made of wonderful foreign roots, barks, &c., and puffed up by long bogus certificates of pretended miraculous cures, but a simple, pure, effective medicine, made of well known valuable remedies, that furnishes its own certificates by its cures. We refer to Hop Bitters, the purest and best of medicines. See another column.—*Republican.*

In a late paper, Dr. Hughes Bennett, of Edinburgh University, stated that the tendency of modern psysiology is to ascribe to a man a sixth sense. If there be placed before a man two small tubes, the one of lead and the other of wood, both gilded over so as to look exactly alike, and both of the same temperature, not one of the five senses could tell the man which is lead and which is wood. He could tell this only by lifting them, and this sense of weight, Dr. Bennett thinks, is likely to be recognized as the sixth sense.

One who has tried everything, says that after an experience of fifteen years he has found nothing to equal the following as a cement for leather belting; Common glue and isinglass, equal parts, soaked for ten hour in just enough water to cover them. Bring gradually to a boiling heat and add pure tannin until the whole becomes ropy or appears like the white of eggs. Buff off the surfaces to be joined, apply this cement, and clamp firmly.

THE ladies who sometime since were unable to go out, having taken Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, are quite recovered, and have gone on their way rejoicing.

Instead of oil, which thickens and makes the stones dirty, a mixture of glycerine and alcohol is used by many. The proportions of the mixture vary according to the instrument operated upon. An article with a large surface, a razor, for instance, sharpens best with a limpid liquid, as three parts of glycerine to one of alcohol. For a graving tool, the cutting surface of which is very small, as is also the pressure exercised on the stone in sharpening, it is necessary to employ glycerine almost pure, with but two or three drops of alcohol.

NATURE'S REMEDY.
VEGETINE
THE GREAT BLOOD PURIFIER.
WILL CURE
Scrofula, Scrofulous Humor, Cancer, Cancerous Humor, Erysipelas, Canker, Salt Rheum, Pimples or Humor on the Face, Coughs and Colds, Ulcers, Bronchitis, Neuralgia, Dyspepsia, Rheumatism,
Pains in the Side, Constipation, Costiveness, Piles, Dizziness, Headache, Nervousness, Pains in the Back, Faintness at the Stomach, Kidney Complaints, Female Weakness and General Debility.

This preparation is scientifically and chemically combined, and so strongly concentrated from roots, herbs and barks, that its good effects are realized immediately after commencing to take it. There is no disease of the human system for which the Vegetine can not be used with **perfect safety**, as it does not contain any mineralic compound. For eradicating the system of all impurities of the blood it has no equal. It has never failed to effect a cure, giving tone and strength to the system debilitated by disease. Its wonderful effects upon the complaints named are surprising to all. Many have been cured by the Vegetine that have tried many other remedies. It can well be called

THE GREAT BLOOD PURIFIER.

Dr. W. Ross Writes:

SCROFULA, LIVER COMPLAINT, DYSPEPSIA, RHEUMATISM, WEAKNESS.

H. R. STEVENS, Boston:
I have been practising medicine for 25 years, and as a remedy for Scrofula, Liver Complaint, Dyspepsia, Rheumatism, Weakness, and all diseases of the blood, I have never found its equal. I have sold Vegetine for 7 years and have never had one bottle returned. I would heartily recommend it to those in need of a blood purifier.
Dr. W. ROSS, Druggist.
Sept. 18, 1878. Wilton, Iowa

VEGETINE,
PREPARED BY
H. R. STEVENS, Boston, Mass.

Vegetine is Sold by all Druggists.

To All Our Friends.

Having had numberless inquiries for advertising cards from ladies in all parts of the country who are interested in the prevailing fashion of making "Card Collections," we are having printed for them a set of seven beautiful cards, each in six colors and on a gold background, in the very highest degree of art, illustrating Shakspeare's "Seven Ages of Man." We have spared no expense in these cards—they are simply little art gems. Our only aim has been to publish the finest cards yet shown. Applications for them have come in so rapidly that nearly the whole edition is engaged before the receipt by us of the cards from the artist. We have therefore been obliged to adopt the following plan for the distribution of the remainder: No more of the gilt Shakspeare cards, seven in the series, will be sent excepting upon the receipt of a statement from a grocer that the person applying for the cards has bought of him on that day at least seven bars of Dobbins' Electric Soap, with price paid for same. *All* applying in this manner *will* receive the full set of seven cards *gratis* by mail. This will insure us that our friends and patrons get their share of these beautiful designs, although it in no manner repays us for the cost of the cards. Your grocer has the soap or will get it, and the purchase by you of seven bars of it at one time will secure for you *gratis* seven really beautiful cards. The soap improves with age, and is an article of necessity in your house every week. Therefore you are not asked to buy a useless article, but one that you must have anyway. Please send us your application at once, and tell your lady friends making "Card Collections," to do the same. Grocers do *not* have the cards to deliver. Buy the soap of *them*, send *us* their bill, and *we* will mail you the cards free. Yours respectfully, L. L. CRAGIN & CO., 116 South 4th Street, Philadelphia, Pa.

P. S.—Ladies not wishing to buy soap can get the cards by remitting cost price, 25 cents

Let us examine the marvellous instinct of the solitary wasp in providing for the worm that will issue from her egg after her own death. She brings grubs—food that, as a wasp, she never tasted—and deposits them over the egg, ready for the larva she will never see. The life history of every insect exhibits instincts of this perplexing description. Look at the instinctive character of bees in their far-sighted provisions for the future. Witness the caterpillar, how at the proper time it selects a suitable situation and spins for itself a silken cocoon. Marvellous instincts are met with outside of the insect world; every little bird is its own skilful accoucheur. We once observed the self-delivery of the chicken. The prison wall is not burst in pieces by struggles. By a regular series of strokes the shell is cut in two—chipped round in a perfect circle some distance from the large end. The bird has a special instrument for this work—a hard, sharp horn on the top of the upper mandible, which, being required for no other purpose, disappears in a few days. Obviously each individual bird no more acquires the art of breaking its way out than it furnishes itself with the little pick-hammer used in the operation; and it is quite clear that a bird could have never escaped from the egg without this instinct How were eggs hatched before birds had acquired the instinct to sit upon them? A fowl that never before willingly shared a crumb with a companion will now starve herself to feed her chickens, which she calls by a language she never before used—may have never heard—but which they are born to understand.

THE soft and silky appearance given to the hair by the use of Carboline, the natural hair restorer and dressing, as now improved and perfected, is the subject of general remark by all who have witnessed its effects upon the human head. Sold by all dealers in drugs.

According to Dr. Wiedehoip, fungus growths in cellars may be combated either by burning sulphur or by pouring two parts of concentrated sulphuric acid over one part of common salt, and so closing all openings as to prevent any escape of the vapors.

—The Montana Legislature has passed a stringent law against opium dens.

D. BULL'S
COUGH
SYRUP

HOSTETTER'S
CELEBRATED

STOMACH
BITTERS

Invalids who have lost but are recovering vital stamina, declare in grateful terms their appreciation of the merits as a tonic of Hostetter's Stomach Bitters. Not only does it impart strength to the weak, it corrects an irregular acid state of the stomach, makes the bowels act at proper intervals, gives ease to those who suffer from rheumatism; and kidney troubles, and conquers as well as prevents fever and ague. For sale by all Druggists and Dealers generally.

PRICE $2.00.

Electricity & Absorption Combined
Speedily restores the Vital Forces, Lost Manhood, and curing the worst cases of Seminal Weakness, Impotency, &c. MATHEWS' Improved Electro Magnetic Belt and Absorbent Pad Combined size of Pad, 7x10 inches, 4 times larger than others), reaches at once the seat of disease. Do not purchase any old-style $20 Belts when you can get the latest improved for $2.00. "Electric Light," a large 24-column newspaper sent free unsealed; sealed, 6c. D. S. D. MATHEWS & CO. 491 West Lake St., Chicago, Ill.

$777 A YEAR expen Outfit Free. Address a Vicksburg, Miss.

A SEA captain was brought before a justice in Marseilles and mercilessly attacked by his opponent's lawer. When at length he was suffered to speak he said: "Your Honor, I ask a delay of one week in the proceedings so that I may find a big enough liar to answer that man." His request was granted.

Set back 42 Years.

I was troubled for many years with Kidney Complaint, Gravel, &c.; my blood became thin; I was dull and inactive; could hardly crawl about; was an old worn out man all over; could get nothing to help me, until I got Hop Bitters, and now I am a boy again. My blood and kidneys are all right, and I am as active as a man of 30, although I am 72, and I have no doubt it will do as well for others of of my age. It is worth a trial.—(Father.)—*Sunday Mercury.*

PLEASING MODESTY: A Frenchman was presented to Mahmoud, and found himself, in consequence of progressive ideas, a little embarrassed at having to call him continually "His Highness," a title even less familiar than that of "His Majesty." The Sultan saw his embarrassment and remarked sympathetically "Call me King of Kings; it's much more simple."

VEGETINE.—For eradicating all impurities of the blood from the system, it has no equal. It has never failed to effect a cure, giving tone and strength to the system debilitated by disease.

It takes a country schoolmaster for shrewdness. When the weather is cold, and the schoolhouse imperfectly heated, he puts the head of the class nearest the stove, and then all the scholars work like beavers to rank high in their studies.

SENIOR asks professor a very profound question. Professor—"Sir, a fool can ask a question that ten wise men could not answer." Senior—"Then, I suppose that's the reason why so many of us flunk."

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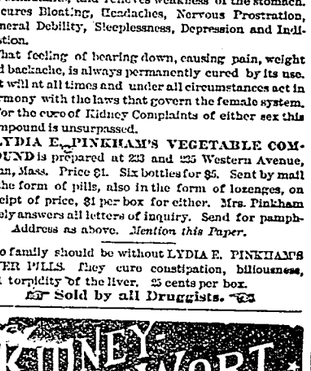
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VEGETABLE COMPOUND.
Is a Positive Cure
for all those Painful Complaints and Weaknesses so common to our best female population.
It will cure entirely the worst form of Female Complaints, all ovarian troubles, Inflammation and Ulceration, Falling and Displacements, and the consequent Spinal Weakness, and is particularly adapted to the Change of Life.
It will dissolve and expel tumors from the uterus in an early stage of development. The tendency to cancerous humors there is checked very speedily by its use.
It removes faintness, flatulency, destroys all craving for stimulants, and relieves weakness of the stomach. It cures Bloating, Headaches, Nervous Prostration, General Debility, Sleeplessness, Depression and Indigestion.
That feeling of bearing down, causing pain, weight and backache, is always permanently cured by its use.
It will at all times and under all circumstances act in harmony with the laws that govern the female system.
For the cure of Kidney Complaints of either sex this Compound is unsurpassed.
LYDIA E. PINKHAM'S VEGETABLE COMPOUND is prepared at 233 and 235 Western Avenue, Lynn, Mass. Price $1. Six bottles for $5. Sent by mail in the form of pills, also in the form of lozenges, on receipt of price, $1 per box for either. Mrs. Pinkham freely answers all letters of inquiry. Send for pamphlet. Address as above. *Mention this Paper.*
No family should be without LYDIA E. PINKHAM'S LIVER PILLS. They cure constipation, biliousness, and torpidity of the liver. 25 cents per box.
Sold by all Druggists.

KIDNEY-WORT
The Only Medicine
That Acts at the Same Time on
The Liver, the Bowels and the Kidneys.
These great organs are the natural cleansers of the system. If they work well, health will be perfect; if they become clogged, dreadful diseases are sure to follow with
TERRIBLE SUFFERING.
Biliousness, Headache, Dyspepsia, Jaundice, Constipation and Piles, or Kidney Complaints, Gravel, Diabetes, or Rheumatic Pains and Aches,
are developed because the blood is poisoned with the humors that should have been expelled naturally.
KIDNEY-WORT
will restore the healthy action and all these destroying evils will be banished; neglect them and you will live but to suffer.
Thousands have been cured. Try it and you will add one more to the number. Take it and health will once more gladden your heart.
Why Suffer longer From the torment of an Aching back? Why bear such distress from Constipation and Piles?
KIDNEY-WORT will cure you. Try a package at once and be satisfied.
It is a dry vegetable compound and
One Package makes six quarts of Medicine.
Your Druggist has it, or will get it for you. Insist upon having it. Price, $1.00.
WELLS, RICHARDSON & CO., Proprietors.
10 (Will send post paid.) Burlington, Vt.

If you are a man of business, weakened by the strain of your duties avoid stimulants and use Hop Bitters.
If you are young and discretion or dissipated or single, old or poor health or languish use Hop Bitters.
Whoever you are, whenever you feel that your system needs cleansing, toning or stimulating, without intoxicating, take Hop Bitters.
Have you dyspepsia, kidney or urinary complaint, disease of the stomach, bowels, blood, liver or nerves? You will be cured if you use Hop Bitters.
If you are simply weak and low spirited, try it! It may save your life. It has saved hundreds.
If you are a man of letter telling over midnight work, to restore brain nerve and waste, use Hop B.
If you are suffering from any indiscretion or habit in life, if you are male or female, single or married, old or young, suffering from pain or disease, use Hop Bitters.
Thousands die annually from some form of Kidney disease that might have been prevented by a timely use of Hop Bitters.
D. I. C. is an absolute and irresistible cure for drunkenness, use of opium, tobacco or narcotics.
Sold by druggists. Send for circular.
HOP BITTERS MFG CO., Rochester, N. Y. & Toronto, Ont.
HOP BITTERS NEVER FAIL

$999 a year to Agents, and expenses. $6 Outfit free. Address F. SWAIN & Co., Augusta, Me.

KIDNEY DISEASES, CONSTIPATION AND PILES,
are quickly and surely cured by the use of KIDNEY-WORT. This new and wonderful remedy is having such an immense sale in all parts of the country, working on natural principles. It restores strength and tone to the diseased organs, and through them cleanses the system of accumulated and poisonous humors. Kidney diseases of thirty years standing have been cured, also Piles, Constipation, Rheumatism, &c., which have distressed the victims for years. We have volumes of testimony of its wonderful curative power. We longer use Alcholic Bitters, which do more harm than good, or dry-die pills, but use Kidney-Wort. Price, $1. Remedy, KIDNEY-WORT, and health will be quickly regained. Get it of your Druggist. Prep'd, Burlington, Vt.
WELLS, RICHARDSON & Co., Prop'rs.
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No Preparation on earth equals ST. JACOBS OIL as a safe, SURE, SIMPLE and CHEAP External Remedy. A trial entails but the comparatively trifling outlay of 50 Cents, and every one suffering with pain can have cheap and positive proof of its claims. DIRECTIONS IN ELEVEN LANGUAGES.
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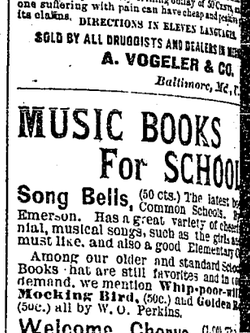
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PUMP
Unlined, or with Copper, Porcelain or Rubber Linings. Each one stenciled with name of manufacturer is warranted in material and construction. For sale by the best hardware trade. If you do not know where to get the pump, write to me as below, and I will send name of agent nearest you, who will supply you at my lowest prices.
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This is the cheapest and only complete and reliable work on Etiquette and Business and Social Forms. It tells how to perform all the various duties of life, and how to appear to the best advantage on all occasions.
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Muzzle and Breech-Loading Guns, Rifles, Pistols of most approved English and American makes. All kinds of Sporting Implements and Clothing required by Sportsmen and Gunmakers. Catalogue free. Breech-Loading Double Guns at $50 up. JOS. C. GRUBB & CO., 712 Market St., Philadelphia. Send stamp for Price-List.
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Jacksonville Republican.

"THE PRICE OF LIBERTY IS ETERNAL VIGILANCE."

VOLUME XLII. JACKSONVILLE, ALABAMA, SATURDAY, APRIL 23, 1881. WHOLE NO. 2297.

THE REPUBLICAN.

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SONG.

She is not fair to outward view,
As many maidens be,
Her loveliness I never knew,
Until—she smiled on me,
O! then I saw her eye was bright,
A well of love—a spring of light!

But now her looks are coy and cold,
To mine they ne'er reply,
And yet I cease not to behold
The love light in her eye,
Her very frowns are fairer far
Than smiles of other maidens are.

A Strange Story.

I was stationed at Agra during the Cabu disaster in 1841, one of a mere handful of British troops, left in charge of the wives, sisters and daughters of the actors in that most unhappy expedition. And a weary, heart-breaking time it was. The Lieutenant Governor, who had prayed and besought the Calcutta authorities not to risk the adventure, had the worst forebodings for its fate; and although he did all an able, kindly and well mannered man could do to maintain the spirits of the circle, those who knew him could read too well what his fears were. Words could not describe—indeed it is painful for me even now to recall—the dreary wretchedness of that fatal month, during which no tidings came of the devoted army. Evening after evening saw the roads crowded by anxious women, sitting there for hours that they might hear the first news of those who were dear to them, and evening after evening saw them return in despair. And when at last the news came that the sole survivor had staggered, half alive, back to his countrymen, with the tidings of the great disaster, the wail which ascended from those heart-broken creatures I shall never while I live forget.

There had been a captain in one of the native regiments, an old acquaintance of mine, of the name of Donnelly—Jerry Donnelly, as he was called by every one. He was careful to explain to all his friends that his name was Jerome, and not Jeremiah, although why he so unduly preferred the saint to the prophet I never understood. Jerry Donnelly, however, he was, and as strange and eccentric a creature as ever breathed.

He was a very good looking fellow, and a first-rate officer, but a careless, rollicking, half insane mad-cap of a man, with an amazing flow of spirits, little education or culture, a great, almost miraculous, talent for languages, with a soft heart, and an easy temper. It was impossible to make him angry; and in all circumstances, however unpleasant, he maintained a placid serenity, which seemed to imply that he was on intimate terms with Fortune, and knew the very worst she could do.

Among the other tricks which the fickle goddess had played him, was that she had married him. Why he ever married as he did, no one could imagine. The lady was neither handsome, clever, nor rich. She was simply passable as to looks, with the liveliness of good health and youth—a quality not unapt to develop itself in vivacity of temper when those other attributes disappear. But, on same impulse, Jerry Donnelly had asked her the momentous question, and had been favorably answered.

A most uncomfortable couple they were. Jerry, from the very first, neglected her—not intentionally, I believe, but simply because for the moment he forgot her existence. It never seemed to him necessary to alter his former bachelor round in any respect; and as the lady had no notion of being neglected, she resented his indifference, and chalked out a line for herself. It may be easily supposed that the one was not adverse to brandy and water, or the other to gossip and flirtation. They never quarreled outwardly, but were hardly ever together.

So stood the domestic circle, if such it could be called, of Captain Donnelly, when he was ordered on General Elphinstone's expedition. His wife would fain have remained at Calcutta, but as all wives were going to Agra, she for very shame was obliged to go there also. On the rumors of disasters she was very indifferent—said she was sure Jerry would turn up at the most inconvenient time, and that if he was happy, she was. When, however, the tidings were confirmed, and it was certain that Jerry had perished with his comrades, a great change came over her. She shut herself up for months, saw no one, and went nowhere. And when at the end of nearly a year she began once more to look at the world, she was a grave, thoughtful, softened woman. She went up to Calcutta after that, and I never saw her again until I came home on a furlough in 1857. She was then living in a pretty place in Somersetshire and was known as Mrs. Courtnay, of Branley Hall.

I met her accidently, but she was very glad to see me, and explained to me what I had not heard, that when she arrived at Calcutta she found that poor Jerry had, four months before he left Agra, succeeded to this place of Branley Hall by the death of a distant relation. He had previously made a will leaving her all his worldly goods, then slender enough, so that in the end this fine estate had come to her, and a new name with it. She asked me to come down and see her, which I did, and learned more of her history.

Sorrow and prosperity greatly changed her for the better. Even her looks had improved, and she was pleasant, thoughtful, agreeable woman. She had remained four years in Calcutta before she returned but had at once assumed the name of Courtnay, which was a condition on which the bequest was made.

"You know, Colonel Hastings, I could not have lost the estate, for what would poor Jerry have said when he came back?"

I thought the woman's head must have been affected by her troubles, and said nothing.

"I see you think me deranged, but I knew he was alive all the time."

"Why, what could have led you to think so?"

"I saw him, Colonel Hastings. It was in our old bungalow at Calcutta, about two years after I had gone back. Late in the evening I heard a footstep outside which strangely affected me. I was lying half asleep, and starting up in a drowsy state, I heard a voice at the verandah, and, as I thought, inquiring of my stupid old native whether I lived there. The steps then turned away. I darted to the casement, and although the figure was clad in the extraordinary compound of European and Asiatic garments, I am sure it was Jerry. I darted down stairs and rushed out, but the man had disappeared. The servant said he was a bad fakir, who wished to get in the bungalow, but could or would tell me nothing of what he had said. But I am quite sure it was Jerry. So I am certain he will come back—but you remember he never was punctual," she added, with a faint smile.

I did not say to her that if Jerry was alive she must have heard of him in some other way; but I took leave of her, and shortly afterwards returned to India.

In 1853, I was appointed to an embassy to Nepaul, a very striking country, governed by a powerful warlike race. The first minister or vizier of the country met us, as is the Nepaulese fashion, outside the capital, and we had a very courteous and gratifying reception. He is a tall, handsome man, with a flowing black-beard, and conversed with me in Parisian, which I spoke fluently. After our interview, one of the attendants informed me that the vizier wished to see me alone, and he accordingly conducted me to an inner apartment. He ordered the attendants to withdraw, and then, in tones only too familiar, he exclaimed:

"Well Hastings, my boy, how go the Plungers?"

It was Jerry Donnelly, by all that was miraculous. I had observed him staring earnestly at me during the interview, and something in his gestures seemed not unfamiliar to me, but his flowing beard, solemn air, and Oriental dress, so much disguised him, that even when I heard the well remembered voice, I could scarcely realize his identify.

"But what on earth are you doing here, Jerry," said I, "and why don't you go home to your wife, like a Christian?"

"My wife! well that's the whole affair. You see, she's somebody's else's wife, so I'm better out of the way; it would be a pity that poor Sophy should commit bigamy."

"I assure you, you are entirely mistaken. Mrs. Donnelly has not married again."

"Hasn't she, though?" said he. "Don't I know better? Didn't I go to my own bungalow and find out that she married that starched fool Courtnay, when she knew I never could endure him?"

To his intense astonishment, I told him how the truth was, and in return he related to me his own adventures. He had been carried into Tartary, and there detained for three years, when he was allowed to accompany a caravan or body of pilgrims to Nepaul. Being by that time a proficient in the language he was taken notice of at court, but very strictly watched. He effected his escape, however, disguised as a fakir, and made his way to Calcutta, but finding, as he thought, his wife married again to a man in his old regiment, he returned, was taken into favor, and had risen to his present distinction.

"Well, I always was a blundering fool but I went home with a heart so soft to Sophy, and vowing that I never would vex her any more with my vagaries, that when I heard her called Mrs. Courtnay I was turned to stone, and did not care a rap what came of me, not even to be made a vizier, which, I assure you, Charlie, is no joke in its way."

"Well, at all events, you must come home now, and enjoy your good fortune."

"I am not sure about that," said he. "Recollect, she has grown accustomed to be mistress—I have grown accustomed to be vizier; she won't like to be contradicted, and it's a thing I never could bear, and what I never allowed on any account. Now, if I went home, she would not be mistress, and, as sure as fate, she would contradict me. Maybe it is better as it is."

Next morning he sent for me again.

"I have been thinking," he said, of all that strange story you told me. I am all changed since we parted. I hardly know myself to be the same man I used to be, and am not sure that I could treat Sophy well. But ask her to come out here, and then she can try. If she likes me in this outlandish place, I will go home with her; if we quarrel here, no one will be a bit the wiser, and I can continue to be dead."

"But," said I, "have you no incumbrances? Perhaps she might object to the details of your establishment."

"Not a bit," said Jerry; "I have none of your Easter prejudices; let her come, and she will find nobody to disturb her."

So she did come, and after living in Nepaul for two years, brought Jerry back in triumph to Branley Hall; and such is the true version of a tale which made some noise in the newspapers a few years ago,

An Exciting Adventure.

Father Maloney, a Catholic missionary, well known in all parts of Nevada, was visiting White Pine, recently, and was interviewed by a reporter who gained from him material for a long and interesting narrative. We publish one of his adventures, as well for its thrilling excitement as to give an idea of the fatigue and privations willingly undergone by the men of whom Father Maloney, is a worthy representative:

"Recently, said the Reverend Father, "I tried to cross into Ruby Valley, just sixty miles from here, to perform a baptism. There is no house between here and there, and I was never before over the same road. I thought I could make it by having an early start, as I had ridden on several occasions during last Summer seventy-five miles per day, collecting funds for my church. Everything being ready, my horse was shod, etc, and I started out at eight o'clock on Monday morning. Everything went merry as a marriage bell' till I came to the Cherry Creek summit, where I encountered a heavy snow.

"Nothing discouraged, I proceeded on my way feeling well as 'gay as a lark,' thinking that the snow would not be so deep as I proceeded. But instead of getting lighter the snow became deeper and deeper. Yet I would not return, and was still under the impression that I could make Ruby Valley. Besides, I felt half ashamed to return, as such action might denote cowardice, and cowardice I cannot tolerate in any one, much less in myself. The snow lasted all day, two feet deep and frozen over on top, which made it more difficult of travel, as it was not frozen strong enough to keep the horse up, which at every step went down knee-keep, and with much ado at times to extricate himself.

"At five o'clock in the evening I found myself ascending the summit between Long and Ruby Valleys, when I then and there got into about three feet of snow on the level. No road was then recognizable. Even the sagebrush was not to be seen. The whole region round was covered with the deep, deep snow, to a depth of three feet on the level, and in the drifts six to ten feet. My horse sunk and fell down under me. I jumped off and fell down alongside of him.

"Imagine my feelings in such a predicament! It was snowing at the time, and the wind was howling terrifically, such as it is wont to howl in Nevada. All this, coupled with the night coming on, and with the dreadful prospect of one foot of snow more being on the ground before morning, rendered my situation gloomy and desolate in the extreme.

"My horse, now leg-tired and weary, and myself ex-equo, I lost all hopes of escape. The danger, however, seemed to nerve me up, and in fact it almost made me mad; so I ploughed through the snow as best I could.

"My horse, which I still held by the reins, jumped up and followed after, and in half an hour we found ourselves on comparative terra firma, just fifty yards away, on a side hill, under a wide-spreading pine. We were still standing on two feet of snow. The wind was high and there was a drizzling sleet. I had matches in my pocket in abundance, well secured, and thought that it would be a good idea to light a fire.

"It is very easy to talk about lighting a fire, but it was not easy to do so in such a place and under such adverse circumstances. I was cold at the time. My hands and clothing were wet, and even the bark which I pulled off the pine seemed to be saturated with moisture, and it was impossible for me to start a fire. I tried and tried in vain. Match after match was ignited, and as often expired without any effect, and so I gave it up as a bad job.

"And now no fire, no possibility of proceeding any further, and not much prospect of returning, as I was then thirty-six miles from home! My horse was tired, and the average depth of snow over the thirty-six miles was two feet.

"I began to think seriously on what was to be done; yet there was no time for thinking or musing, as something had to be done, and that immediately. To remain till morning under that dismal tree was to almost certainly perish from cold, or if I survived the night, there were a thousand to one chances of slow but sure starvation, as six inches more of snow would keep me there forever.

"Such were my thoughts, when suddenly I heard a bark! It startled, me and I thought of St. Bernard's dogs in the mountain fastness of Switzerland, which saved the lives of many hundred snow-bound travellers in the Alps.

"My joy was great, and I exclaimed to myself, 'What can this be? Surely some friendly aid must be near at hand—some miner's or woodman's cabin must be close by, for I have heard that familiar bark of the favored domestic of the miner or woodman in these isolated and distant regions; or perhaps an Indian wigwam, which would afford me covering and shelter for the night.'

"But my cheering hopes were soon dissipated. In vain did I look around me for the smoke and wished-for cabin. No Indian wigwams or domestic dog greeted my view; but, in an instant, like a flash of lightning, I was surrounded by a pack of coyotes, six in number, which seemed to dispute with me the mastery of the place. But not with any motive or evil aforethought did I disturb their den. I had no love or longing for the spot, and would have left them alone if they had the grace of letting me alone.

"Approaching me and my horse, they simultaneously set up a yell, which it seemed to me penetrated the very skies. They growled, and howled, and snarled, and barked, until it seemed as if the heavens as well as the woods were swarming with infuriated, maddened, raging, hungry, demon-like coyotes. Cerberus at Pluto's gates could not open more ferocious. Their very eye-balls seemed to start from their sockets!

"'Good heavens!' I exclaimed, 'What am I to do now! It was bad enough before, but it is a thousand times worse now.' There is or can be no exaggeration, my dear interviewer.

Here the Reverend Father stopped, and seemed to be deeply moved at the recollection of his past precarious position, and when he recovered himself, continued:

"No, sir; if I had the graphic pen of Dickens or of Goldsmith, I could not truly paint or represent to you my position or feeling at the time. I do not believe I am a coward. I was never, even when young, considered a coward. Yet I felt in much the same strain of mind as the Latin poet Virgil experienced when he first got a view of the infernal regions, and when he exclaimed, 'I stood amazed; my hair stood on end, and my voice clung to my jaws.' And could you imagine it, sir? They did not devour me; and here I am, after all, in comparatively good strength and spirits after my Robinson Crusoe adventure.

"But to return to the wolves. I had no means of defence. I am now sixteen years 'roughing it,' as Mark Twain would say, and I never carried with me a pistol or revolver. I had never till then any need for one. The only weapon of defence I had at the time was my razor; I always carry my razor with me when making a journey of any length. This I secured in a hurry from my saddle-bags, and in a moment, as Tom Moore would say, 'my sword, such as it was, was fleshed to the hilt.' As the savage brutes were approaching me I made a rush at them with my razor, and, with all the gesticulations, shouts and grimaces I could put on, I thought to scare them by aping their own savagery. But to no purpose. They would not leave, nor would they approach at a nearer distance than twelve feet.

"At last I got accustomed to them. I knew they were hungry, and I was getting hungry myself. The poet says that a fellow feeling makes one wondours kind—at least, we did not molest one another from that on.

"My horse began to plough away once again at the snow. The coyotes followed me for about three miles, and after that I saw them no more.

"The night was dark as Erebus. Not a star appeared to throw one cheering ray upon me, and there was a light, drizzling sleet all night.

My horse's gait could not be faster than two miles an hour. The tracks made during the day were now closed by the drifting and falling snow, and everything—snow, darkness, hunger, wolves—made it the most dreary night I ever experienced. Yet I managed to get home the following morning at five o'clock, being just twenty-one hours in the saddle.

"I am now partially restored to my usual spirits and elasticity of mind, and expect ere long to be able again to compete with the boys in any feat of jumping, racing, or stone-throwing.

"Altogether, however, I look upon my narrow escape from death as a special protection of Divine Providence."

Serenuess Itself.

When three rival western railroads—say three running out of Chicago—get into a rumpus, cut rates and vow they will carry passengers and freight free, it is a lover's quarrel, and must soon end. Before the public has much benefit from the break the president of the road which is losing the most money invites the others to come and see him regarding a new style of cattle car. They make their appearance on time, light fresh cigars, settle down in easy chairs, and No. 1 remarks:

"Gentlemen, I am sorry to disappoint you, but the model of the new car referred to was accidentally broken last night."

"Oh, it's of no consequence," says No. 2."

"Not in the least," adds No. 3.

"Now that you are both, here and I happen to think of it, I may be pardoned for saying that my road can continue this cutting business for an indefinite period and still pay dividends."

"And so can mine."

"And so can mine."

"No doubt of it, gentlemen—not the least doubt. This afternoon I instructed my general passenger agent to cut rates one dollar lower."

"And so did I."

"And so did I."

"But while sitting here I have been led to inquire of myself why any of us should cut rates. There is traffic enough for us all at good rates."

"Yes, that's so."

"Yes, that's so."

"The public do not thank us for this cut. We might carry ten thousand passengers to St. Louis and not receive even a thank you."

"Not a thank."

"No, not a thank."

"Therefore, gentlemen, seeing that we are all here together, and seeing that a hard winter is approaching, I feel like signing an agreement to restore old rates."

"So do I."

"So do I."

"Very well. We will sign our names to this contract, and I will order George to bring the bottles of champagne and a lunch. Excuse my bland smile, gentlemen, but I feel good."

"And I was never more happy."

"And I am sereneness itself."

And next day rates are restored to the old figures."

Rescued by a Horse.

Dr. Whitlock tells us a story of a narrow escape which his father-in-law, Murdock McKenzie, who lives in San Bernardino, Cal., recently had. Mr. McKenzie owns a young bull, a gentle enough animal ordinarily, and being in the pasture where the bull with other stock is confined, the worthy gentleman was taking him by the forelock, as it were, by pulling cockleburrs from the shaggy front of the bull, which submitted quietly to the operation. But just as soon as Mr. McKenzie turned to leave him, the animal made a headlong rush for him, knocking him senseless to the earth, where he lay for the time senseless, the bull endeavoring unsuccessfully to gore him as he lay prostrate. Now comes the strangest part of the incident. About one hundred yards distant from where Mr. McKenzie was engaged with the bull a favorite mare and colt were quietly feeding, but no sooner was the worthy gentleman struck by the vicious animal than both mare and colt were observed flying to his rescue with the speed of the wind, and charging upon the bull drove him away with hoof and teeth, thus enabling Mr. McKenzie who had recovered his senses in the mean time, to stagger to the fence and climb out of danger. His first recollection however, after being struck, was of the colt rubbing its nose upon his face, as much as to say: "I'm very sorry, but we hurried up as fast as we could."

—There are 24 cubic feet of loose earth in a ton.

Chemical Composition of Fruit.

In a late lecture, Prof. Caldwell, in talking on the chemical composition of fruit, mentioned some of the leading component parts, as pectose, and the free organic acids, including the malic and tartaric acids. To these acids the sour taste is due. More prominent than pectose is sugar, which in peaches may run as low as 1½ per cent., but exceeds 4 per cent. in sweet cherries, and sometimes runs as high as 15 per cent. in grapes. The albuminoids exist in small quantities in fruits. Prof. C. stated that in order to get as much consequent nutriment as is contained in 9 ounces of fresh white of egg, one would have to eat, according to analysis, 110 ounces of cherries, 138 oz. of grapes, 194 of strawberries, 247 of gooseberries, 52 of apples, or 400 of pears. The agreeable quality of fruits depends on the proportion between acid, sugar, pectin, gum, cellulose, &c., and the aroma is due to the essential oils in minute proportions, whose quantity has never been determined; also on the relation between soluble and insoluble matters, to which the melting quality of some fruits is largely due. As the fruit ripens, the insoluble pectose is partly converted into pectin, and the fruit softens. The free acids generally diminishes, but in the apple it sometimes increases for a short time, and then diminishes till the fruit is ripe. On the other hand, the sugar usually increases steadily in the apple and pear, but in the grape makes a sudden leap as it approaches maturity. Till midsummer, the soluble and insoluble matters remain about equal, but in August the soluble matters begin to get the upper hand, and the ripe fruit becomes soft or melting. Great changes are made in comparatively few days in the ratio between the acids and sugar in the grape. Treatment has been found to influence these changes, and cultivation to improve the quality of fruit. Ripening, as well as weather, affects these changes, and acids are greatly reduced in quantity in pears and apples by the ripening process; but its effect on grapes has not been sufficiently investigated. It is worthy of careful examination in what way cultivation acts, and when well understood we may largely control flavor, or modify it to some extent. All these considerations open a wide field for future investigation. Prof. Caldwell remarked that the important fact had been determined that while the presence of potash is important, soda cannot take its place, although the two alkalies are so similar.

Recover Arms.

The following incident took place in Germany, recently during a performance of "Fidelio" at the Town Theatre of Mayence. Herr Mann, the leading baritone of the company, was about, in the character of the wicked *Don Pizarro*, to undergo the penalty of his evil deeds, the stage "business" requiring that he should be led away to confinement by two guards at a sign from the Minister of State. The brace of "supers" told off for this duty were private soldiers, belonging to an artillery regiment in garrison at Mayence—two sturdy Brandenburgers, drilled and disciplined to a nicety. As they took up the position assigned to them on either side of *Pizarro*, previous to marching him off the stage, the chorist intrusted with the part of "officer commanding escort" whispered to them:

"Remember, the man is a state prisoner. Guard him carefully."

Obedient to orders, they led *Pizarro* away to his dressing-room, where he rapidly exchanged his theatrical costume for private clothes, and, opening his door, was about to go home to his supper as usual, when, to his amazement, he found that his passage was barred by a couple of crossed halberds. Indignantly inquiring of the inflexible supers facing him with outstretched weapons "what they meant by interfering with his movements," he received the stolid reply that "they had strict orders to guard him closely as a State prisoner, and that he must not attempt to leave his room." Some time elapsed before the accidental arrival on the spot of the stage manager, whose authority they were induced with difficulty to recognize, resulted in these worty fellows "recovering arms," and in Mr. Mann's emancipation from restraint.

Summer Tours of 1881.

Already the notes of preparation for the Summer, are being heard on every side. The Pennsylvania Railroad Company will, during the coming season, present greater facilities than ever for visitors to the many mountain and seaside resorts reached by it. All the advantages offered in previous seasons in the way of excursion tickets, fast and frequent trains, Palace coaches, and splendid passengers equipment will be continued and many improvements will be added which will insure to passengers still greater comforts and conveniences. With its leased and controlled lines, it reaches direct to all the popular watering places on the New Jersey coast; and all the famous mountain resorts of Pennsylvania, and no expense is spared to provide speed, safety, and luxurious accomodations for its patrons. Fast express trains will be run to Long Branch, Ocean Grove, Asbury Park, Ocean Beach, Spring Lake, Elberon, Deal Beach, Point Pleasant, Beach Haven, Long Beach, etc. A new branch now in course of construction will be finished to Sea Side Park, adding another delightful ocean resort to the already large number touched by the lines of this great corporation. On the West Jersey Railroad, (which is also controlled by the Pennsylvania Railroad Company) which reaches to Atlantic City and Cape May; many improvements have been made, most prominent of which are frequent long sidings, giving all the advantages of a double track; the running of the trains by the system so successful on the Pennsylvania Railroad—and the placing of water tanks between the tracks enabling engines to take up water while in motion, thus allowing trains to run through without stoppages. A marked feature of all these lines is the thorough construction of the roadbed, the smooth running of the trains, and the entire freedom from dust being particularly noticeable. For travel to the mountains, there will be found the usual high standard of accomodation, and those preferring a jaunt in the country, a sojourn in the shady valleys, or on the mountain tops, will find every convenience for quick and enjoyable transit to Kane, Renovo, Delaware Water Gap, Altoona and Cresson.

—The state debt of Connecticut is $4,967,000.

Grace Darling.

On the morning of September 7, 1838, William Darling and his daughter were out earlier than usual. A terrible gale was blowing from the north, accompanied with rain, and both of them were on the alert at the dawn of day to make things secure about the lighthouse before the turn of the tide. At a quarter to five, when the daylight was still imperfect, Grace observed a steamer ashore on a craggy island half a mile distant, and she called the attention of her father to it. The sea was breaking so violently over the vessel, and the morning was so dark that more than two hours passed before they could be sure whether or not there were living persons on the vessel. But about seven they saw three or four human figures upon the rocks near the steamer, and they began at once to consider whether it was possible to save them.

Both thought they could get to the wreck, but not back again unless assisted by some of the rescued persons, as on their return there would be a strong tide to contend with. They concluded to take the risk, both being in perfect accord from the beginning to the end of the affair. Precisely what they did was related by the father in his official letter to the Lighthouse Board, now published for the first time.

"We agreed," he said, "that if we could get to them, some of them would be able to assist us back, without which we could not return; and, having no Idea of a Possibility of a Boat coming from North Sunderland, we amediately Launched our Boat, and was Enabled to gain the rock, where we found 8 men and 1 women, which I judged rather too many to take at once in the state of the Weather; therefore, took the Women and four Men to the Longstone; two of them returned with me, and succeeded in bringing the remainder, in all 9 persons, safely to the Longstone about nine o'clock."

That is the exact statement of the case by honest William Darling, who had no romance in his composition. His daughter Grace assisted him to row his boat about one mile, although in a straight line the distance was only a half mile, and helped him to rescue from a very painful situation one woman and four men. Having done this, she went into the light-house and devoted herself with her mother's aid, to the care and restoration of the persons saved. The storm was of such violence and duration that the shipwrecked persons had to remain with them two days and nights, as it was not possible to communicate with the mainland.

"The sufferings of the poor woman," Grace Darling wrote afterwards, "seemed to me to be rarely equalled, having struggled nearly two hours to save her dear children; they both died in her hands."

Grace Darling performed a highly creditable act; but neither she nor her father would have supposed they had done anything so very extraordinary if they had not been told so by others. Nor indeed can it be truly said that she saved lives. The tide was falling, leaving more and more of the rock free from water, and in a short time other assistance came.

The nearest village to the Farne Island is Bamborough, two or three miles distance. A gentleman living there, who probably knew the excellent character of the Darlings, sent an account of the affair to the Duke of Northumberland (then living at his seat near by) who was then the president of the Royal Humane Society. The duke called attention to the exploit, and the result was that the gold medal of the Humane Society was awarded to both father and daughter, accompanied by letters of extravagant and ill-expressed eulogium.

All this getting into the newspapers, the English people did not stop to scrutinize a tale which appealed so strongly to their love of courage and fidelity. Medals and other presents came pouring into the light-house. The Shipwreck Society of Newcastle and similar societies along that dangerous coast awarded their medals to father and daughter. The Duke of Northumberland had the good sense to send to William Darling a complete suit of water proof clothing, and the Duchess gave Mrs. Darling a silver tea pot, "to be constantly used by her, and afterwards to belong to Grace H. Darling." In the good old fashioned way, the Duchess sent the family four pounds of tea; to Mrs. Darling, a water-proof camlet cloak with hood; to Grace a cloak like her mother's, a silver-gilt watch, a gold seal, a prayer book, and a short Commentary on the Bible.

The English people are so constituted that they wish to do whatever is done by dukes and duchesses. Of course, there arose a fashion to give presents to Grace Darling. The Lighthouse Board sent her fifty pounds; Sir Francis and Miss Burdett Coutts, thirty pounds. The ladies of Edinburg collected for her more than eighty pounds; and money kept coming in until the sum amounted to seven hundred and fifty pounds.

Her celebrity became extremely inconvenient to them all. Managers of theatres and circuses tried to engage her as an attraction, one offering her ten pounds a week if she would appear for fifteen minutes every evening in a play founded upon the saving of life from ship wreck. Hundreds wrote for her autograph, and many of her autographs were sold at fairs for the benefit of sailors; and so many people asked her for a lock of her hair that she was obliged to make a stand against them, for fear of being reduced to absolute baldness. Her father wrote thus to one of the newspapers.

"Please to acquaint the public in your paper that within the last twelve days, I and my daughter have sat to no less than seven portrait painters."

He found this so inconvenient, and it wasted so much time, that he was obliged in this public way to refuse further sittings. He testifies that his daughter's head was not turned by all this attention, and that she continued to perform the duties of her situation with the same steadiness and cheerfulness as before. Four years after the wreck of the steamer, she caught a very bad cold, which proved to be the beginning of rapid consumption, and, after an illness of a few months, she died in October, 1842. She was buried in the village of Bamborough, where she had been born twenty-seven years before, and where a number of the presents showered upon her in 1838 and 1839, are still preserved by members of her family.

—Johnstown has 10,000 tons of ice in one building.

The Republican.

SATURDAY, April. 23, 1881.

The Montgomery Advertiser of the 19th, answering our enquiry as to where the Editoral Association of Alabama would meet this summer, says that it will meet at Blount Springs, some time between the 20th of May and the 1st of June. Mr Screws is President of the Association and we take this as authentic.

Gen. Morgan's speech in the Senate some days ago was one of the very strongest that has been made since the dead lock began. He put the Radicals in the position of attempting to prostitute the patronage of the Senate to political purposes and showed that the Democrats were engaged in patriotic work in defeating their nefarious designs.

The Last Legislature.

Notwithstanding the adverse opinions of some of our contemporaries, we think the last Legislature the ablest body that has sat in the Capitol at Montgomery since the war. It had only one really great measure before it, thanks to the happy condition of things in our State, and so successfully did it treat that, that only one flaw has been pointed out in it. True, some newspaper editors who are "out of soap," as the saying goes, blow it up for everything it did do and didn't do. We wonder in vain what good they expect to accomplish by it. Do they want to convince the people that they voted for 133 fools and knaves at the last general election? Why don't they specify, in so many words, what they want and don't want? If you have any fault to find, give your objections in detail and quit your glittering generalities. The time to help the legislatare was while it was in session.—*Selma Argus.*

We are glad to see that our new Senator, Hon. J. L. Pugh, is taking such a high stand among his confreres. Senator Pendleton in a speech made on last Wednesday, said the following of him: "I listened with infinite satisfaction to the speech which was made yesterday by the junior Senator from Alabama. It was wise, it was patriotic, it was humane, it was statesmanlike. I wish it could be put into the hands of every man in the Northern States, I believe that it would show to him, whatever his political proclivities and prejudices may be, that the intelligence and virtue and purity and integrity of the people of the South are struggling with this great question, and that they intend to produce a solution of it which shall at once secure the amplest right of suffrage to the negro and the peace and order and well-being of the community in which he lives."

Senator Pendleton then repeated several long passages from the speech named.—*Selma Times.*

Another Tornado.

NEW YORK, April 18.—A dispatch from Chewall Limekilns, Lee county, Georgia, says: A cyclone passed over this place yesterday, sweeping everything in its course. Many houses were unroofed, and the house of W. H. Howard was torn to pieces, and a heavy wagon in the yard was lifted in the air and carried seven hundred yards. No one killed.

The Republican journals North are urging their Senators to stop their foolishness at Washington, to acknowledge that they can't whip such a minority as that of the Democrats, and to proceed to business. And it is exceeding'y probable that they will do so this week, as was foreshadowed in our Washington letters of Saturday and Sunday.—*Selma Times.*

The Northern and Southern press is just now engaged in criticisms of the conduct of the Griffin, Georgia, theatre that rotten-egged the play of Uncle Tom's Cabin a short while ago. The company is said to have been a most miserable one, and hence the Georgians were showing their disgust at the actors more than at the play. However the affair was a very unfortunate one and deserves the wholesale condemnation that it has called forth from our own papers as well as from those beyond Mason's and Dixon's line.—*Selma Times.*

WILMINGTON, N. C., April 18. At Whiteville, Columbus county, this State, yesterday, W. J. Stanley, a prominent lawyer of that place, committed suicide by shooting himself through the head. No cause is assigned for the act. He leaves a wife and six children.

Hades, the word which takes the place of "hell" in the new Bible, is pronounced hay-deez, and means "the habitation of the dead; the invisible world, or the grave." There is no brimstone in this definition.

An Old Man Murdered in Georgia.

COLUMBUS, April 18.—A special to the Enquirer-Sun gives the particulars of the assassination on Sunday night of Matson Milton, aged 75 years, at his home in Marion county. A young man named O. P. Jones has been arrested on suspicion. The cause of the killing is unknown.

S. B. 153.

An act to better provide for the care and comfort of the paupers of Calhoun county

Section 1. Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Alabama, That the Commissioners Court of Calhoun county shall at its regular term in August, 1881, and every year thereafter at the regular term of the said Court in the month of August, fix a rate of compensation for the Poor House Keeper of said county for taking care of the paupers of the county for the ensuing year, at a sum not less than five (5) nor more than ten (10) dollars per month for each pauper committed to his charge.

Section 2. Be it further enacted, That after the Commissioners Court shall have fixed the rate of compensation as provided in section one (1) of this act, the Probate Judge shall make publication in a newspaper published in said county, for thirty days prior to the term of the Commissioners Court at which the poor house will be let, setting forth the rate of compensation fixed upon by the court, the requirements of the court in regard to the care of the poor, with the statement that the poor house building and farm shall go to the keeper rent free, and inviting applicants for the place of keeper, either in person or by letter. And a call for a special term of the Commissioners Court for the purpose of letting the poor house may be embraced in said publication.

Section 3. Be it further enacted, That the Commissioners Court shall, in selecting from applicants a keeper of the poor house, take into consideration the moral character of the applicant, his humane disposition, and other traits of character calculated to fit him for the place, as well as his ability to take proper care of those committed to his charge. *Provided* That the Commissioners Court may reject any or all applicants if none be found who come up to the requirements of the Court.

Section 4. Be it further enacted, That it shall be the duty of the court to appoint one or more of its members at each sitting whose duty it shall be to visit the poor house at such time as they may think proper (not less however, than twice between each term of the Court) without notice to the keeper of the poor, and report at the next term of the Court the condition of the inmates, the quality of food, and all other facts calculated to throw light upon the treatment of the paupers by the keeper of the poor.

Section 5. Be it further enacted, That the Commissioners court shall require the keeper of the poor to give bond in the sum of fifteen hundred dollars, payable to Calhoun county, conditioned faithfully to discharge his duties as prescribed by the Commissioners court, and suit may be brought against said poor house keeper on his bond in the Circuit Court by the Probate Judge, in the name of the county for violation of any of the conditions of his bond, and any amount of money recovered on his bond shall be paid into the county treasury, and paid out upon county claims as ordinary tax money is paid out.

Section 6. Be it further enacted, That the Commissioners court may, if it deem proper, raise the compensation of the keeper of the poor as now fixed by bid at the last letting of the poor house to a sum not exceeding the minimum sum fixed in section one (1) of this act.

Section 7. Be it further enacted, That the regulations now in force for the government of the poor house shall not be affected by this act further than is set forth in the preceding sections.

Section 8. Be it further enacted, That a violation of any of the provisions of this act by the Commissioners court of said county, or failure to carry out its provisions shall be deemed a misdemeanor, punishable on conviction by fine of not less than one nor more than Five Hundred Dollars.

Section 9. Be it further enacted, That all laws and parts of laws in conflict with the provisions of this act be and the same are hereby repealed.

Approved Feb. 23rd 1881.

Dr S. S. Linder.

For the Times.

MR. EDITOR:—The removal of a valuable citizen from our community is always a source of regret to those who know and appreciate his worth. This is particularly the case when one who has been admitted into our families as a Physician, and by his ability and honorable deportment gained our confidence and esteem. Such a loss is no ordinary character, as it leaves a vacancy we may not satisfactorily fill, either in our families or the community at large.

Such a loss the people of Santuc and Fish Dam townships have lately experienced in the removal of Dr. S. S. Linder to the West, and we feel it due to him to publicly express our regret. For some years he practiced in our families with great satisfaction and success. Although comparatively a young man, all felt and acknowledged his abilities as a Physician, while his promptness in responding to every call, his kindness, patience and pleasant deportment at the sick bed made him a general favorite with us all. We most honestly commend him to the citizens of any community in which he may decide to locate, as an able Physician and worthy their confidence and esteem.

FISH DAM.
Union (S. C.) Times.

Means Bigger Business

[Washington Post.]

Says an old West Pointer who knows Grant well: "The Ex-President has landed in Mexico and his arrival there is as pregnant with fate to that country as was the landing of Cortez. Mexico has been a dream with him ever since he was there as a boy soldier—for he was nothing more—and was intoxicated with its possibilities for empire and enjoyment. Grant says now that he wants sixteen years in which to develop the country. In six years he will be its President; in ten years its dictator. He goes there as a patriot, and the 'outs' will take up with him as a good man to head their column. Grant talks about trade, and no doubt he means railroads and importations and all that, but it is not safe to say that you can tell from his conversation just what he is thinking about. Grant means bigger business in Mexico than any of his friends have given him credit for."

Tornado in Arkansas.

GALVESTON, April 17.—A special dispatch to the News from Little Rock yesterday, says, a terrible storm swept over the Northern part of Drew county, leveling houses and trees, and destroying human life. On the plantation of Wm. D. Roddy three houses were blown down, one of which, occupied by Allen Hill, negro, wife and seven children, was torn to pieces. In attempting to save one of the children, Hill was struck by a piece of flying timber and killed; two children were also crushed to death. A negro woman was blown into a tree top, where she was found dead with her baby in her arms, which was uninjured. Two white women are reported to have been dangerously wounded. Others, whose names cannot be learned, are reported to be killed or wounded. Some valuable cattle were killed, and bedding and clothing was blown five miles

Not Tired of Them, We Hope.

BURLINGAME, KANSAS. April 18.—The Chronicle of this city learns from Rev. G. W. Henning, of the State Board, having in charge the care of freedmen coming from the Southern States to Kansas, that the Board has received, cared for, and distributed over 100,000 of these people since the exodus began, and has been the means of turning 10,000 more into other States. Henning also reports that the Board has done all in its power, but without avail, to check the incoming of colored people from the South, spending much money in the effort. They are bound to come, they say, to Kansas, the home of old John Brown. Henning further says, that the exodus has begun again, and that large numbers of these people are moving or preparing to move. The Board has received tenders from Southern commercial centres of unlimited means to check the exodus, but this is, Henning says, beyond the Board's power.

Sallie Spriggins, one of our rural sisters, had her picture taken the other day, and the likeness was wonderful to behold, but no remedy like Portaline, or Tabler's Vegetable Liver Powder has ever been reparel. It will cure you Price 50c. For sale by H. F. Montgomery & Co., Jacksonville, Ala.

White's Cream White Vermifuge is the best worm killer. ap24 1c

Railroad Riot.

MILFORD, PA., April 17.—A riot occurred at Deckertown, N. J. this forenoon among a lot of Italian laborers employed in the construction of the Pennsylvania & New England Railroad, caused by refusal of the paymaster of the road to pay their demands in full. Paymaster Dunning and Superintendent Russell were imprisoned by the mob, and were rescued only with considerable difficulty. Many of the men engaged in the riot were badly wounded with knives and other weapons.

Cæsar had his Brutus, Charles the First his Cromwell, and every cough and cold in this country will find a conqueror in Consen's Honey of Tar, the unrivalled cough medicine. Price 50c. For sale by H. F Montgomery & Co., Jacksonville, Ala

White's Cream White Vermifuge is the best WorM killer. op23-1c

We had quite a gale of wind on Thursday night last, between 10 and 11 o'clock. The barn of Mr. Thomas L. Isbell was blown down killing a fine mare, a filly two years old, and a fine mule. Some other stock slightly injured. The barn itself is quite a loss. The tin roof was blown off from the front of the residence of Mr. Wm. R. Stone. There was great damage done to fences, all through the Talladega Valley, and a large quantity of timber blown down.—*Talladega Reporter.*

Shilo's Consumption Cure!

This is beyond question the most successful Cough Medicine we have ever sold, a few doses invariably cure the worst cases of Cough, Croup, and Bronchitis, while it's wonderful success in the cure of Consumption is without a parallel in the history of medicine Since it's first discovery it has been sold on a guarantee, a *test* which no other medicine can stand. If you have a Cough we earnestly ask you to try it. Price 10 cts. 50 cts. and $1.00. If your Lungs are sore, Chest, or Back, Lame, use Shiloh's Porous Plaster. Price 25 cts. Sold by Borden & Co., Jacksonville, Ala. Jan'y 15, '81—1y.

The Legislature of Wisconsin recently passed a bill, which has since become a law, prohibiting the practice of "treating." Any person who shall hereafter ask another to treat at his expense, or any person consenting to drink at another's expense, shall be liable to arrest and punishment,

Answer this question.

Why do so many people we see around us, seem to prefer to suffer and be made miserable by Indigestion, Constipation, Dizziness, Loss of Appetite Coming up of the Food, Yellow Skin, when for 75 cts. we will sell them Shiloh's Vitalizer, guaranteed to cure them Sold by Borden & Co, Jacksonville, Ala. Jan'y 15, '81—1y

Galveston News: "But, my deah fellah," said the newly arrived Englishman to the Galveston hack driver who had called him "Colonel," "but my deah fellah, I don't belong to the army, you know." "That don't make any difference: here in Galveston we call almost every loafer and dead-beat Colonel or Major. Have a kerridge, General?"

We have a speedy and positive cure for Catarrh, Diptheria, Canker mouth and Head Ache, in SHILOH'S CATARRH REMEDY. A nasal Inje tor free with each bottle. Use it if you desire health and sweet breath.

Price 50 cts. Sold by Borden & Co, Jacksonville, Ala, jan15eow12m

Notice to Creditors.

NOTICE is hereby given to the creditors of the estate of L. H. Wagnon, deceased, that letters of administration was granted to the undersigned as administratrix of said estate by the Probate Court of Calhoun county, Ala., on the 25th day of February, 1881. All persons having claims against said estate will present the same to me, properly authenticated, within the time prescribed by law, or they will be barred by statute.

D. H. WAGNON,
apr23-3t Adm'x.

HORSE BOOKS
Dirt Cheap!

Some months back we ordered several hundred volumes of a valuable Horse Book, to be used as premiums to subscribers. The time for which we offered the book as a premium expired and left a number of the books on our hands. To clear them out, we will sell them below cost. The book contains ninety-one pages and is copiously illustrated. It is full of valuable receipts for the treatment of diseases of the horse. It has been largely sold in this county for fifty cents. We will sell it for TEN CENTS at this office, or FIFTEEN CENTS when ordered by mail. Parties ordering by mail may pay in postage stamps. Address,

REPUBLICAN OFFICE
Jacksonville, Ala.

☞Write your name and post office plainly.

STATE OF ALABAMA,
Calhoun County.

In Probate Court for said county, Special Term, April 15th 1881.

This day came J. W. Williams, Guardian of Jas. W. and J. F. Johnson, minors, and heirs at law of John B. Williams, deceased, and filed in court his account and vouchers for a final settlement of his said Guardianship.

It is ordered by the court that the 16th day of May, 1881, be and is hereby appointed the day upon which to audit and pass upon said account and to make said settlement, and that notice thereof be given for three successive weeks in the Jacksonville Republican, a newspaper printed and published in said county, as a notice to all persons concerned, to be and appear before me at my office in the court house of said county, on said 16th day of May, 1881, and contest said settlement if they think proper.

A. WOODS,
apr22—3t Judge of Probate,

W. W. HARRISON,
Physician and Surgeon.

☞Office at law office formerly occupied by Caldwell, Hames & Caldwell, on office Row.☜

Trustee's Sale.

BY virtue of a Ded of Trust made by Wm. A Wood, on the 7th of March, 1871, to me as Trustee to secure debts due P. Powan and Rowan, Dean & Co. which is recorded in Book C., 2nd Vol. Register Deeds, page 408 to 410, in Probate Court of Calhoun county, Ala: I will sell for cash, at Corn Grove, upon the premises, at public outcry on Wednesday the 25th day of May next, the real estate described in said deed in trust, viz: All that tract of land consisting of about thirty acres, more or less, and being part and parcel of section 11, T. 16, R. 9, east, in the Coosa land district, and known as part of the tract which said Wood purchased of John Yoe, and which said tract lies adjoining the lands owned by John Ross and John Davis, on the day said deed of trust was executed, and bounded on the west by the road running from White Plains to Chulafinee, and also bounded by the road leading from Corn Grove to Edwardsville, and also adjoining school land lot. Terms cash. WALTER DEAN,
apr23-'81-4t Trustee.

I present to the public the fine stallion formerly owned by Mr. A. M. Landers. Seymour was sired by Halifax and Black Hawk; weighs one thousand and fifty pounds; only nine years old and in splendid condition. The past has proven that Seymour is by far the finest stallion that has been in this part of the country for years, and I have no hesitation in assuring the public that full and entire satisfaction will be given in every instance. JOSEPH H. NOLEN

N B.—At Calhoun Fair the finest colts entered for premiums were unanimously awarded to Seymour. ap23-4t

LIVERY STABLE.
STEWART & SHARP,

Successors to
W. L. WHITELY.
Rome, Ga.

KEEPS CONSTANTLY on hand to hire, Good Horses and Excellent Vehicles Splendid accommodations for Drovers and others. Horses, Carriages and Buggies always on hand for sale Entire satisfaction guaranteed to all who patronize us.
dec 18, 1880—3m.

TAX ASSESSOR'S NOTICE.
SECOND ROUND.

I will attend the places mentioned, at the time stated, for the purpose of assessing the State and County tax for the year 1881.

Precint No. 11, White Plains,
Monday, May 2, 1881.
" " 12 Davisville,
Tuesday " 3 "
" " 17 Farmerville,
Wednesday " 4 "
" " 13 Oxford,
Thursday and Friday, " 5 & 6 "
" " 15 Anniston,
Saturday " 7 "
" " 4 Gannaways S House,
Monday " 9 "
" " 14 Sulphur Springs,
Tuesday " 10 "
" " 5 Polkville,
Wednesday " 11 "
" " 6 Peeks Hill,
Thursday " 12 "
" " 7 Hollingsworth's,
Friday " 13 "
" " 8 Greens S. House.
Saturday " 14 "
" " 9 Cross Plains,
Monday. " 16 "
" " 16 Ladiga,
Tuesday " 17 "
" " 10 Rabbit Town
Wednesday " 18 "
" " 3 June Bug,
Thursday " 19 "
" " Alexandria,
Friday " 20 "
" " 1 Jacksonville,
Saturday " 21 "

All persons will please bring with them a list of their property with valuation annexed.

A. B. LEDBETTER.
Tax Assessor Calhoun County
apr'l 9—6t

STATE OF ALABAMA.
Calhoun County.

In Probate Court for said county, Special Term, April 7th, 1881.

This day came Jno. J Woodall, administrator of the estate of Wyly Woodal deceased and filed in court his account & vouchers for an annual settlement of his said administration:

It is therefore ordered by the Court that the 2nd day of May, 1881, be and is hereby appointed a day upon which to examine and audit and pass upon said account and make settlement and that notice thereof be given for 30 days in the Jacksonville Republican, a newspaper printed and published in said county prior to said day as notice to all persons interested in said settlement, to be and appear before me, at my office in Jacksonville, Calhoun county, Ala., on said 2nd day of May, 1881, and contest said settlement if they think proper. Given under my hand this April 7th, 1881.

A. WOODS.
apr'l 6—3t. Judge of Probate.

SANTA CLAUS DEPOT
FOR
CHRISTMAS
Holiday Goods
AT
H. A. SMITH'S
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL
MUSIC
AND
BOOK STORE,
Rome, Ga.

Just opening out an immense stock of Writing Desks, Work Boxes, Toilet Setts, China and Glass Vases, Motto Cup, Saucers and Mugs, Fancy Glass Inkstrnds, Stationery, Photograph and Autograph Albums, Bibles, Prayer Books, Poetical and standard works, Juvenile books. Pictures, Picture Frames Tin, China and Rubber Toys in great variety, Wax Dolls, Games, Silver-plated Ware, suitable for wedding and holiday presents, Gold Pens, Port Monaies, and a thousand novelties.

Piano's and Organs, of the best make, at wholesale prices. Order by mail solicited. Prices cheerfully given.

dec4 H. A. SMITH.

KENDALL'S SPAVIN CURE.

The most successful remedy ever discovered, as it is certain in its effects, and does not blister. Read proof below.

From Rev. P. N. GRANGER.

Presiding Elder of the St. Albans District.

St. Albans. Vt., Jan. 20, 1880.

Dr. D. J. Kendall & Co., Gents: In reply to your letter, I will say that my experience with 'Kendall's Spavin Cure' has been very satisfactory indeed Three or four years ago, I procured a bottle of your agent, and with it cured a horse of lameness caused by a spavin. Last season my horse became very lame and I turned him out for a few weeks, when he became better, but when I put him on the road he grew worse, when I discovered that a ring bone was forming I procured a bottle of 'Kendall's Spavin Cure,' and with less than a bottle cured him so that he is not lame, neither can the bunch be found.

Respectfully yours,
CHAS. E. PARKER.

Perseverence Will Tell.

Stoughton, Mass., March 16th, 1880.

B. J. KENDALL & Co., GENTS:—In justice to you and myself, I think that I ought to let you know that I have removed two bone spavins with 'Kendall's Spavin cure,' one very large one, don't know how long the spavin had been there. I have owned the horse eight months. It took me four months to take the large one off, and two for the small one. I have used ten bottles The horse is entirely well, not at all stiff, and no bunch to be seen or felt. This is a wonderful medicine. It is a new thing here, but if it does for all what it has done for me, its sale will be very great.

Respectfully yours,
CHAS. E. PARKER,

Kendall'S Spavin Cure.

Kelleys Island Erie co. O. Mch. 28 1880.

DR B. J. KENDALL & Co., GENTS:—I have used your 'Kendall's Spavin Cure' on a bone spavin, and am pleased to report that it has taken the enlargement completely off. It took only one bottle to perform the cure. I am confident if it is properly used, it will do all you claim for it.

Yours truly,
C. M. LINCOLN.

Statement Made Under Oath.

TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN.—In the year 1875, I treated with Kendall's Spavin cure, a bone spavin of several month's growth, nearly half as large as a hen's egg and completely stopped the lameness and removed the enlargement. I have worked the horse ever since very hard, and he never has been lame, nor could I ever see any difference in the size of the hock joints since I treated him with Kendall's spavin Cure.

R. A. GAINS,
Enosburgh Falls Vt., Feb. 25th, 1879.
Sworn and subscribed to before me this 25th day of Feb., A. D., 1879.
JNO. G. JEENE,
Justice of the Peace.

Kendall's Spavin Cure
On Human Flesh

PATTEN'S MILLS, WASHINGTON CO. N. Y., Feb. 21, 1878.

B. J. KENDALL, M. D., DEAR SIR: The particular case on which I used your Spavin Cure was a malignant ankle sprain of sixteen month's standing. I had tried many things, but in vain. Your Spavin cure put the foot to the ground again, and for the first time since hurt, in a natural position For a family liniment it excels anything we ever used.

Yours truly,
REV. M. P. BELL,
Pastor M. E. Church, Patten's Mills
N. Y.

Kendall' Spavin Cure is sure in its effects, mild in its action as it does not not blister, yet it is penetrating and powerful to reach every deep seated pain or to remove any bony growth or other enlargement such as spavins, splints, curbs, callous, sprains swellings, any lameness and all enlargements of the joints or limbs, or rheumatism in man and for any purpose for which a liniment is used for man or beast. It is now known to be the best liniment for man ever used, acting mild, and yet certain in its effects.

Send address for Illustrated Circular which we think gives positive proof of its virtues. No remedy has ever met with such unqualified success in our knowledge, for beast as well as man.

Price, $1 per bottle or six bottles for $5. All druggists have it or can get it for you or it will be sent to any address on receipt of price by the proprietors. DR. B. J. KENDALL & CO.,
Enosburgh Falls, Vermont.
Wholesale Agents: Rankin & Lamar, Atlanta., Ga.
Wholesale Agents: Clark & Co., Nashville Tenn.,
Agents.

JAMES HUTCHINSON,
Barber & Hair-dresser,

Room on Office Row, recently occupied by Dick Walker.

If you desire to have a pleasant and clean shave, or have your hair trimmed in neat and fashionable style, give him a call. Jacksonville, Bpl. 20, 1878

NEW DRUG STORE.
H. F MONTGOMERY & Co.
West Side Public Square,
JACKSONVILLE, ALA.

Dealers in all kinds of Drugs and Medicines, Paints, Oils, Patent Medicines, Window Glass, Stationery, Blank Books, Toilet articles, Lamps, Garden and Field Seeds. Also a choice selection of Fancy Groceries. Tobacco, Cigars, &c. All goods guaranteed to be fine and fresh. Special prices made to Merchants and Physicians.

Prescriptions carefully compounded by our S. S. Linder, M D.

apls-81—1y

JOHN. T. MOYE,
Watchmaker and Jeweller
—DEALER IN—
Watches, Clocks, Jewelry,
Musical Instruments, Spectacles, Silver Plated Ware, Etc.,
MAIN STREET, OXFORD, ALA.

☞Particular attention paid to repairing fine Watches and Jewelry. Sewing Machines repaired and warranted to work as good as new. Needles for all kinds of Sewing Machines on hand.☜ Ap. 2—1y.

The People Appreciate Merit
EAGLE AND PHENIX
PERFECT
BALL SEWING THREAD
COLUMBUS, GEORGIA.

PREPARED BY A PROCESS USED IN NO OTHER MILL

IT HAS NO EQUAL

16 Balls to Pound, 1 lb. Packages. 20 Balls to Pound, 2 lb. Paper Boxes
Packed in Cases of 20, 30, 50, 100 or 500 Pounds each.

Uniform Price. Invariable Discounts.

☞Sold by all Jobbers.☜
ASK FOR "EAGLE & PHENIX." USE NO OTHER

TAX ASSESSOR'S NOTICE.
FIRST ROUND.

I will attend the places mentioned, at the time stated, for the purpose of Assessing the State and County Tax for the year 1881:

Precinct No. 11, White Plains,
Monday, April 4th, 1881.
Precinct No. 12, Davisville,
Tuesday, April 5th, 1881.
Precinct No. 17, DeArmanville,
Wednesday, April 6th, 1881.
Precinct No. 13th, Oxford,
Thursday, April, 7th 1881.
Precinct No. 15th, Anniston,
Friday, April 8th, 1881.
Precinct No. 3, June Bug,
Saturday April 9th, 1881.
Precinct No. 3, Weavers Station,
Tuesday, April 12th 1881.
Precinct No. 2, Alexandria,
Wednesday, April 13th, 1881.
Precinct No. 5, Polkville,
Thursday, April 14th, 1881.
Precinct No. 14., Sulphur Springs,
Friday, April 15th, 1881.
Precinct 4, Ganaways Schoolhouse,
Saturday, April 16th, 1881.
Precinct No. 8, Greens Schoolhouse,
Monday, April, 18th 1881
Precinct No. 7, Hollingsworth's,
Tuesday April. 19th, 1881.
Precinct No. 6, Peeks Hill,
Wednesday, April 20th, 1881.
Precinct No. 9, Cross Plains.
Monday, April, 25th, 1881.
Precinct No. 16, Ladiga,
Tuesday, April, 26th, 1881.
Precinct No. 10, Rabbit Town,
Wednesday, April, 27, 1881.
Precinct No. 1, Jacksonville.
Thursday, April, 28th, 1881.

All persons will please bring with them a list of their property with valuation annexed.

A. B. LEDBETTER,
Tax Assessor Calhoun County.
mar5—td

Notice No. 715.

LAND OFFICE AT MONTGOMERY ALA. March 30th. 1881.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named setler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Clerk of the Circuit Court at Edwardsville, Ala, on the 7th day of May, 1881, viz:

Thomas Swafford Homestead Entry No. 6188 for the E half of S E qr, and N W qr of S E qr and N E qr of S W qr Sec 8 T 14 S R 11 E.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of said land, viz:

Tilman B. Cole, Edmond Jackson, Soel Abney, John Abney all of Oak Level Ala.

PELHAM J. ANDERSON.
April 2, 5t. Register.

NUMBER 696.

MONTGOMERY, ALA., March 7th, 1881.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the clerk of circuit court of Calhoun county, at the county cite, on Friday 29th of April, 1881, viz, Sarah J Monk, widow of Silas Monk, Hd. No. 4424, for the south east ¼ of north east ¼ of section 26, township 15 south, range 8 east. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land viz, Joseph Reidinger, James R Reidinger, Elijah Y Hurst and John P Reidinger, all of Anniston P O. Ala.

PELHAM J ANDERSON,
mar13—5t Register.

Music Lessons.

The undersigned will be pleased to receive pupils for instruction either on the piano, organ or guitar, at low rates.

She is stopping at the Reavis House, where she can be consulted as to terms.

Apl 2—5m MRS J. C. FULTON

UNDERTAKING.
L. A. WEAVER,
JACKSONVILLE, ALA.,

Has jmst received and now has in stock a full line of

COFFINS, METALIC CHRYSTAL BURIAL CASES & CASKETS,

from the size of the smallest infant (in white gloss finish) to the largest man (in Rosewood finish). These are directly from the Factory, and are of the latest and most highly finished styles. Prices vary with finish on work.

jan29, 1881—3m.

THE STATE OF ALABAMA.
Calhoun County.

In Probate Court for said County Special Term, April 1st, 1881.

This day came John M. Patterson guardian of Mary F. E Dale a minor, and filed in Court his account and vouchers for an annual settlement of his said guardianship.

It is therefore ordered by the Court that the 30th day of April 1881, be and is hereby appointed the day upon which to audit and pass upon said account and make said settlement, and that notice thereof be given for three successive weeks prior to said day, by publication in the Jacksonville Republican a newspaper published in Calhoun County, as a notice to all persons concerned to be and appear before me at my office in the Court House of said County, on said 30th day of April 1881, and contest said settlement if they think proper.

A. WOODS.
Judge of Probate.
April 9—3t.

SHERIEF SALE.

Under and by virtue of three fi fas issued from the Circuit Court of Dallas county and to me directed in favor of the County of Dallas and against, J. C. S. Timberlake and others, I will sell, before the court house door, in the town of Jacksonville, Calhoun county, to the highest bidder for cash, within the legal hours of sale, on the first Monday in May, (that being the 2nd day of said month) the following described real Estate to wit: The west half of Section 23, Township 16, Range 8, except twenty-five acres off the west side of the S. W. fourth, also five acres, more or less, off the corner of the S. W. fourth of said half section, which lies on the north side of the Choccoloco creek. All east, in the Coosa land District Calhoun county, Ala. Levied upon as the property of D. P. Gunnels.

Printers fee $6.

Also at the same time and place,

By virtue of one fi fa issued from the Circuit Court of Calhoun county, in favor of C. S. Poole and against Ellis Walls and Jno. M. Forbes. I will sell to the highest bidder for cash the following described real estate to wit: The N E qr. of the S E qr. of Section 11. Township 16, Range 8, in Calhoun county Ala. as the property of Ellis Walls.

Prs. fee $3. JAMES B. FARMER.
April 2 1881—5t. Sheriff.

THE STATE OF ALABAMA,
Calhoun County.

In Probate Court for said County. Special term April 6th 1881.

This day came P. M. Watson guardian of P. D. Watson, his minor son, and filed in court his account and vouchers for an annual settlement of his guardiship. It is therefore ordered by the Court that the 30th day of April 1881 be and is hereby appointed the day upon which to audit and pass upon said account and make said settlement, and that notice thereof be given for three successive weeks prior to said day, by publication in the Jacksonville Republican a newspaper printed and published in said county, as a notice to all persons concerned, to be and appear before me at my office in the court house of said county, on said 30th day of April 1881, and contest said settlement if they think proper.

A. WOODS,
apr 9 1881 3t. Judge of Probate.

H. L. STEVENSON. L. W. GRANT.

STEVENSON & GRANT,
Real Estate Agents
JACKSONVILLE, ALA.

☞Real estate bought and sold.—Books open at law office of Mr Stevenson

The Republican.

...andria locals and obituary from ...d too late for this week. Parties ... write so as to have their communi...ons reach us not later than Wed... each week.

Jno. M. Wyly is on a visit to ...a.

...ite Sewing Machine at a sacrifice. ...it Apply to Mrs. Anna Hoke.

...'t fail to send for one of those ... Books advertised elsewhere. It ...th five times the money asked.

...you want to sell land? If so, em...ereinon and Grant to do it. It ...st you nothing, if they do not ...d not much if they do.

...newspaper men are pushing the ...n Western Railroad to comple... ...th great rapidity.

Winefield, an old gentlemen ...e lived in Rome, G., several ...died at the Central hotel, in that ... Saturday night, from an overdose ...dral.

...other Georgia bank has broke. ...ince it was an Atlanta bank. Lia... ...e four hundred thousand dollars... ...probably nix.

...W. W. Garth, former congress... ...rom the Huntsville District, and ...as defeated for re-election by Hon. ...M. Lowe, is the last Gubernation... ...who has been trotted out.

...have never known business liv... ...Jacksonville at this season of the ...nd the bargains our merchants ...ering are perfectly astonishing.

...wao, Dean & Co., contemplate ...changes in the arrangement of ...store room into department. When ...done, we will let our readers know ...out it.

...drew W. Bowie, jr., of Talladega, ...was shot some months ago on the ...f Calhoun and Talladega counties, ...d.

...e return thanks for an invitation to ...the Eighth Annual fair of the ...ultural, mechanical and horticultu... ...sociation of Mobile, which begins ...day, May 2, and continues six days.

...e South Alabama Alabama Presby... ...will meet in Jacksonville Wednes... ...night, May 4th 1881.

Candidates.

...ndidates at the last August election ...have not settled for their announce... ...ts will please come forward at once. ...as a cash transaction and we think ...have been very indulgent in waiting ...long.

...Several parties have written to Mes... ...Stevenson and Grant, Real Estate ...nts, in regard to the place adver... ...d for by them some two weeks ago. ...ne of these have failed to give price ...their places. They wish all who cor... ...ond with them, to give the very ...est price they will take for their ...s. It is as important to know the ...ces to have the description.

...BURGLARY.—Monday night the Drug ...re of Dr. Wm. Nisbet was entered ...a back window. The money drawer ...pulled out and searched, but the ...f got nothing. This may be the be... ...ning of another series of burglaries ...this place. We trust every one in ...n will keep a sharp lookout and ...ck the career of the burglar in its ...ception.

...We learn with deep regret of the ...th of Rev. W. C. Mynatt, who died ...the residence of his son, near Middle... ...n this county, last Sunday. He ...s a much respected minister of the ...tist church, and was one of the old ...izens of Calhoun. We learn that he ...d of a paralytic stroke. No one knew ...the precarious condition of his health ...re, and the announcement of his sud... ...death produced a shock to all who ...w and esteemed him.

...In a few days E. R. Williams, at ...odward's corner store, will have his ...ire stock of Spring Goods in store, ...d no prettier or more tasteful selec... ...on of goods can be seen in the State ...n will then grace his shelves. Mean... ...e a large per cent. of his Spring ...oods have already arrived. The pub... ladies especially, are invited to call ...d examine them.

...MAN SHOT.—We learn from parties ...o came down on the train Wednes... ...y, that Wm. Neighbors was shot and ...ngerously wounded the evening before ...Cross Plains, by Al Woolf. Woof ...ed a carbine, and the ball penetrated ...he groin and came out at the back. ...At last reports Neighbors was not ex... ...ected to live. Report says that Neigh... ...ors was drinking, was armed and in a ...angerous mood, and that the shooting ...by Woolf was in self defence. We have ...not learned enough of the particulars to ...pretend to accuracy in a statement of ...the facts. We tell the tale as it was ...told to us. There will be a judicial in... ...vestigation.

We publish this week the Act for the ...melioration of the condition of the ...aupers of Calhoun, passed by the last ...Legislature. The future lettings of the ...poor house will be under the provisions ...of this Act. The Commissioners Court, ...at its last sitting, raised the compensa... ...tion of the present keeper of the poor ...house from $3 to $5 per month for each ...pauper for the balance of of his term of ...office. Three dollars per month was too ...little to enable any one to keep this un... ...fortunate class of people as comfortably ...as they should be kept, without loss to ...the keeper. It ran down to $3 per ...month for each pauper, under the low ...bid system, which this Act was design... ...ed to remedy.

A new way of paying old debts.

Tuesday we received the following by *postal card* from a man who has been taking the Republican at Alexandria. We copy literally as it reads:

ALEXANDRIA ALA, April, 16, '81
L. W. GRANT.

Dear Sir:—I paid my subscription up to Jan'y 1st and told you stop my Paper, but I see it still comes. I do not know you did not it it looks strange to me. I do not entend to subscir for an other paper that I have to file a bill in chancery to have it stoped it looks very like I will have to use that prosess on you. C. W.

REPLY.

Your postal card of 16th at hand. In reply we have only to say that if *giving your due bill* means payment, you have paid as you state. The books show that you paid to Jan'y 1st a *long standing* subscription account partly by *due bill*, but do not show that you ordered it stopped at that time, and one part of the transaction would as likely have been entered on the books as the other. However, it is *now* stopped and you are not charged anything from Jan'y 1st. Our recollection of the transaction is that you paid, last Fall, the long standing account in two *very small* pigs at a *very large* price and your due bill for the balance. The pigs, after eating their heads off in fattening, were killed and put in the pot. The due bill has not, up to this writing, panned out even so satisfactorily as the pigs. You say it looks like you will have to go into Chancery Court to get your paper stopped. Will we have to go into Circuit Court to get our due bill satisfied? One question is about as important to you as the other.

In pleasant contrast to the above postal card, we present the following gentlemanly letter from a subscriber at Atlanta, Ga. It is one of many we get, and is more than an offset to the unpleasant manner some men have of dealing with us, when reminded of their indebtedness.

ATLANTA, GA, April, 18th 1881.
L. W. GRANT,

Dear Sir: —Please find enclosed $2,20, am't due on Republican for last year.

We are pleased to receive it, especially on account of the many pleasant associations it brings of our friends and kindred in your pleasant little city. So send it for the present year and oblige.

With Respect,
I am yours truly,
R. H. ALSTON

It will be seen that the local paper of the place from which Dr. Linder moved, when he came to settle in Jacksonville, speaks in very complimentary terms of him. We publish it in another place.

AN OLD CITIZEN DEAD,—We received this week the painful intelligence of the death of Elijah Kerr, an old and honored citizen of this county, at his home in White Plains. He breathed his last Saturday the 16th inst., after an illness of some months. He was one of the early settlers of the county, and was universally beloved and respected.

The Sheriff of Cherokee captured the horses of Winchester, stolen from Chattanooga Tenn, some time ago, and for which a reward was offered. They were secured in Eufaula. The thief employed counsel and a writ of *habeas corpus* was sued out, and the Sheriff did not bring the theif back with him. He had $276 when he was captured.

Dried Beef, Bologna Sausage and Canned Tomatoes at
Hammond's Sons.

Terrible Rencounttre.

The following was received too late for publication last week:

ANNISTON, ALA.,
April. 13, 1881.

MR. L W. GRANT:—I write you in regard to a difficulty that occurred on my place, on the night of the12th inst., between Joe Foster and Charley Walker (colored.)

The parties had rented a house from me and were chopping wood for me Walker was to furnish half the rations and Foster's wife was to do the washing and cooking. I had taken up their wood and paid them off last Saturday. It appears that Walker had insulted Foster's wife in his absence, and hence Foster demanded a settlement on the night of the difficulty, at the same time notifying Walker that he must get quarters some place else; whereupon Walker commenced cursing Foster, and claimed that he was equally bound for the rent and would not leave unless he was cleared of the obligation, to which Foster agreed, and they started at once to my house for that purpose. After they had got into the yard and the door fastened, Walker demanded half of the meat and meal, to which Foster agreed, turning and opening the door. Walker had picked up his double bit axe when he started, and just as Foste had placed one foot in the door, he rushed upon him with the axe, the wife screaming at the same time, but not in time to save her husband. Walker struck twice and inflicted two ghastly wounds on Foster, one taking off the side of his face and passing on down into the hollow of his neck, the other striking just above the collar bone and almost severing the shoulder from the body. Walker then threw the axe down and fled. I was alarmed by the incessant screams of the wife and ran to the scene of the tragedy. I met them comingto my house, the wife leading the husband, but soon after I reached them he fell from loss of blood. We carried him to a house near by and partly succeeded in stopping the flow of blood. I sent for Dr. LeGrand, of Weaver's Station, who came promptly and by his prompt and very skilful operation the unfortunate man is still living at this writing, (14th) but Dr. LeGrand thinks his recovery doubtful, as the last blow cut one of the main arteries of the neck and so exposed and injured the tissue of the jugular vein, that in sloughing out, it may break and the man die from hemorrage.

I wish you to give the above a place in your paper, and at the same time insist on the citizens and officers to assist me in his apprehension, as the injured party is not able to pay any reward.

DESCRIPTION.—Charles Walker is about five feet, eight inches high, very black, small scars on forehead, weighs about 150 pounds, and has heavy mustache, extending back on his face. He reads and writes well, says he is from Kentucky, and that he has killed three other men—two negroes and one white man.

Very Resp'y.
G. B. SKELTON.

Tribute of Respect.

Whereas by an immutable institution of Divine Will, by which all mortality was made subject unto death, as the gate leading to immortality, our respected and beloved sister, S. Davis has been taken from our midst and given a crown of everlasting bliss, in those better realms above where sin and darkness are unknown.

Therefore, be it resolved by Davisville Lodge, No. 63 I. O. G. T., that in the death of sister Davis, this Lodge has been bereft of one of its most loving and respected members. A member whose virtuous example shed soft effulgent beams of beatitude around the pathway of her relatives and friends, one whose mission on earth can never be forgotton by those who knew and loved her best.

Resolved 2nd. That while we with tearful eyes and sorrowing thoughts view her vacated place in our midst, still our hearts are comforted with the known assurance, that in this, our loss, it is her most infinite gain, and though our sorrow is great, her happiness, through our sorrow is eternal.

Resolved 3rd. That through our sorrow be realized the grief of the bereaved family, and we tender them our sympathies, and be it our fervent prayer to the Great Giver of of all blessings, that their affliction be swallowed up in the knowledge of her happiness, and the desire to be gathered with her into the presence of Him who has said, "Blessed are those who weep, for they shall rejoice."

Resolved 4th. That a copy of this preamble and resolutions be tendered the family of deceased, that they be copied in our minutes, and that a copy each be sent the Temperance World and Jacksonville Republican with a request that the same be published.

H T. PERSONS,
J. A. ADAMS,
W. B. WRIGHT.
Committee.

The Georgia Western.

The Georgia Western is an established fact. That it will be pushed through is one of those things that may be ranked with fixed institutions. Some valuable information concerning this road, we obtained from authority that cannot be questioned. The whole road from Atlanta will be fitted up, and in a very short time.

This, of course, must increase the business of this place, bringing almost to our door that great and flourishing Southern city known as Atlanta, Georgia. We can furnish coal to the various places all along our lines of railway, and the amount of fuel sold to the people of Western Georgia will be immense.

On the authority of 'H. W. G.,' of the Atlanta Constitution, "one of the incidents of the Georgia Western scheme will be the early establishment of the largest steel works in America, at Birmingham. Mr. Sayre, President of the Lehigh Valley road, and of the Bethlehem steel works, who is also interested in the Georgia Western, has completed his arrangements for the investment of $850,000 in new steel works at Birmingham, and will put them up the coming summer. This is but the beginning of the development that will come from the road. Mr. L. P. Grant is quoted in New York as saying that the projected road from Atlanta to Columbus is the best developed line of road in the United States —*Birmingham Observer.*

STORE ROOM TO RENT.—Neat room, well fitted up, with good dry cellar underneath. Apply to Mrs. Hoke, Jacksonville, Ala.

How She Cured Him of Swearing.

Nashville American.]

The husband of a certain Nashville lady was, before his marriage, a furious swearer. Through his wife's influence he left off this bad habit, except one favorite cuss word, which clung to him under all circumstances, and which, to the great annoyance of the good wife, he would unconsciously use everywhere, the word "damn."

Several months since he arose one cold morning, before the servant came in to make the wood fire, and, after a long effort and the fruitless burning of many matches, turned and said: "Sallie, this damn fire won't burn." To this the good wife earnestly said: "Yes, the damn wood is too green, and the damn servant has forgotten to bring up any damn kindling to start the damn fire with." He looked at his wife in absolute dismay, but at once saw the point and said nothing.

A longer period than usual passed without the favorite expletive being used, but later on he wanted a basket, and said, after looking for it: "Sallie, where is the damn basket got to?" The wife quietly, as if putting a child to sleep, said: "Ask the damn cook to get you the damn basket—damn her, she keeps it." As before, he said nothing, but months have passed, and if he damns anything it is not where she is. She says it was like taking quinine, and she always went and washed out her mouth afterwards, but he is cured.

A Showman Shot at Ennis, Texas.

GALVESTON, April 18.—A dispatch from Ennis to this city says: Yesterday, while circus men were loading cars at the railroad crossing here, a party of three men leaving town, insisted upon crossing at that particular place; a fight ensued in which one of the showmen was seriously shot twice through the body; two other men were badly cut about the head. Buck Counsell, a young man living near here has been arrested for the shooting.

A large lot of brogans just received by Crow Bros. which they propose to sell cheap for cash.

Crow Bros. have just received a large lot of Spring goods, Notions, etc., which they invite the ladies to call and examine.

WANTED.—To sell a second hand Linder Distributor for $10. Now in use on plantation of R. D. Williams, Esqr. Apply to Republican office.

One splendid platform spring wagon with pole, shafts and movable top for sale.
m. 12 tf. * JAMES CROOK.

Farmers would do well to call on Crow Bros. and try some of the new brands of guano sold by them as chemists say it is of the highest grade.

E. R. Williams challenges the county to show a prettier or better stock of Ladies Shoes as well as a handsomer or better stock of Gents Shoes and Boots that he has now in stock. To see them is to buy them.

Cottonades and other goods manufactured by the Mississippi Mills, best ever brought to this market, at E. R. Williams' store.

High grade of Guanos at Williams'.

Choice Line of Family Groceries at Williams'. He can give bargains in Sugars.

Bargains in Ladies Dress Goods and Dry Goods of all descriptions at E. R. Williams'.

Don't buy Ladies Shoes until you look at Williams' stock. Positively the nicest and best lot ever brought to this market.

The large store at Woodward's corner is packed and jammed with BARGAINS.

You want to get the most goods you can for your money, don't you? Well, then, go to Williams'.

JUST RECEIVED

—BY—

J. D. HAMMOND'S SONS,

An Elegant Stock of

SPRING GOODS, Boots, Shoes, Hats, of latest styles, for both Gentlemen and Ladies, embracing

DRESS GOODS, for Spring wear, of all descriptions, Prints, Linens, Lawn, Piques, plain and fancy, etc., all at closer figures than ever.

GENTLEMEN'S Spring Clothing, of latest patterns and nobbiest styles. Our Stock of

FAMILY GROCESIES

is kept fully up to the demands of the day.

AGRICULTURAL Implements, of all kinds. Also, Hardware, Cutlery and Tin ware in abundance.

THANKING our friends for past favors, we are ever ready to show goods and prices to all. Don't fail to call and examine our stock before purchasing elsewhere for our goods are very attractive.

GARDEN & FLOWER

Seeds, for the Ladies, always kept by us. Now is the time to plant.

CALL SOON and be convinced that we are selling at ROCK BOTTOM PRICES for cash.

Truly,
J. D. HAMMOND'S SONS,
mar2:— Jacksonville.

The Jacksonville Hotel

Has changed hands and is undergoing a thorough change, and the proprietor proposes to make it a first class Hotel in every respect. I am now prepared to accommodate the traveling public and all who favor me with a call. I guarantee clean rooms and nice clean bedding, and the table furnished with the best the market can afford at reasonable rates. Give me a call and see for yourselves.

H. REAVIS,
jan. 29—3mos. Proprietor.

TRADE
SSS
MARK

PERRY HOUSTON - OUNTY, GA.

We have known "Swift's Syphilitic Specific" tested in hundreds of cases of Syphilis, Mercurial Rheumatism, Scrofula etc. It made the most *perfect and permanent cures in every case.*

Hugh L Dennard, Sam D Killien, Judge Co. Ct., J L Warren, of J W Lathorp & Co., Savannah, Ga.. Ed Jackson. Dep't Clerk Sup'r court. Wm Brunson, Eli Warren, J W Wimberly, J C Gilbert, Druggist, J W Mann, county Treasurer, Wm D Pierce, Sh'ff, C C Duncan, Day & Gordon

I am acquainted with the proprietors and many of the gentlemen whose signatures appear to the foregoing certificate. They are men of high character and standing.

A. H. COLQUIT,
Governor of Georgia.

THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO.
Proprietors, Atlanta, Ga.

Sold by all Druggists.

Enquire for copy of 'Young Men's Friend.'
mar12—1y—eq.

OVER ONE HALF

of the male portion of the American people 45 years of age suffer more or less with diseases of the Kidneys and Bladder. There are various causes for this, but over work is the chief cause. Nothing in the whole Materia Medica is so well calculated to invigorate and restore healthy tone to these organs as Rankiu's Compound Extract Buchu and Juniper. A few doses taken occasionally will greatly benefit all those who are afflicted with any disease of the Kidneys or Bladder

Prepared only by Hunt, Rankin & Lamar, Druggists, and for sale by all Druggists.

ANTIOCH, Troup Co Ga., July 1, 1879.

I am one of the unfortunate sufferers from Gravel or disease of the Kidneys, and find more and speedier relief from Rankin's Buchu and Juniper than anything I have ever tried. I esteem it so highly were there but one bottle in the world I would willingly give $100, or any amount for it. I recommend it above all other similar preparations.
mar12—eowly E. T. WINN.

The Selma Rome & Dalton

—AND—

East Tennessee, Virginia and Georgia Railroads,

Forms the quickest and most comfortable route to

Eastern Cities,

—AND—

ONLY ROUTE

—TO THE—

Watering Places

—OF—

East Tennessee and Virginia

The principal Inducements are

SPLENDID SCENERY, QUICK TIME, THROUGH CARS.

The only line passing through the mountainous regions of East Tennessee and Virginia. For information address,

JAS. R. OGDEN, G. P. A., Knoxville,
RAY KNIGHT, A. G. P. A., Selma.

TRAINS RUN AS FOLLOWS:

MAIL TRAINS DAILY.

No. 22, North,	Stations.	No. 21, South
5.00 a m.....	Lv Selma Ar.....	9.20 p.m
6.46 a.m.....	Randolph Lv.....	7.35 p.m
7.24 a.m.....	Montevallo	6.54 p.m
8.05 a.m.....	Calera	6.35 p.m
10 30 a.m.....	Talladega	3.47 p.m
11.30 a.m	Oxford	2.40 p.m
12 25 p.m.....	Jacksonville	1·50 p.m
3.53 p m.....	Rome .....11.20 a m	
6.45 p m.....	Dalton ..... 8 50 a.m	
8.20 p.m.....	Ar Cleveland Lv...6.38 a.m	

ACCOMMODATION TRAINS.

DAILY—SUNDAYS EXCEPTED.

No. 24 North.	Stations.	No. 23 South.
4.05 p.m....	Lv Selma Ar....	10.50 a.m
7.35 p.m.....	Randolph Lv.....	7.50 a.m
9.05 p.m.....	Montevallo	6.20 a.m
10.30 p.m.....	Calera	5.45 a.m
2.45 a.m.....	Talladega	5.33 p.m
4 35 a.m.....	Oxford	3.55 p.m
7.00 a.m.....	Jacksonville	2.10 p.m
1.10 p.m.....	Rome	9.25 a.m
5.10 p.m.....	Dalton	6.20 a·m
7.10 p.m.....	Ar Cleavland Lv .	3.20 a.m

Tickets as low as any other route.

RAY KNIGHT.
Gen. Ticket and Passenger Ag't
jan 29, 1881 Selma, Ala.

Louisville & Great Southern

RAILROAD LINE

The Quickest and Shortest

ROUTE TO ALL POINTS

NORTH & EAST,

Only One Change of Cars

—TO—

CHICAGO, ST. LOUIS, CLEVELAND DETROIT, PITTSBURGH, Philadelphia, N. York, Boston

AND THE BEST ROUTE TO

BALTIMORE & WASHINGTON

PULLMAN PALACE CARS

Run through from Birmingham to MOBILE NEW ORLEANS LOUISVILLE AND CINCINNATI.

Trains run as follows:

Lv Birmingham	9.23 a m	12.01 a m
Ar Louisville	11.35 a m	3.25 p m
Lv Birmingham	4.15 a m	5 50 p m
Ar Mobile	3 50 p m	4.50 a m
Ar New Orleans	9.45 p m	10.12 a m

Agents at all stations can give you full and reliable information as to time and connections to all points, and will procure you rates and through tickets on application For further information address

C. P. ATMORE, G. P. A.
jan29, 1881 Louisville, Ky.

S. S. LINDER,

PHYSICIAN & SURGEON

Jacksonville, Ala.

☞Office at Montgomery & Co's Drug Store during day and at H. F. Montgomery's residence during night.
apr16—3m.

A CARD

About three years ago we were requested by some of our employees to purchase sewing machines for them After a careful examination of all the leading machines we were convinced that the "White" was the best sewing machine manufactured and we bought six. These instantly created a demand for more, and without special effort on our part, the demand has grown so that we are now selling

100 Machines a year

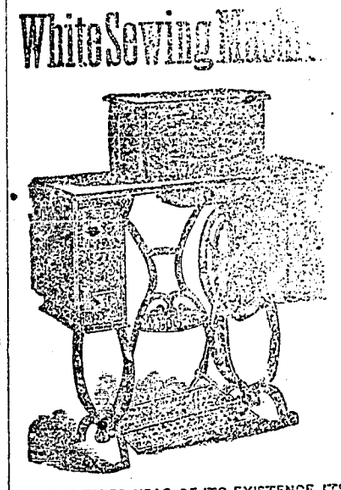
and our sales are continually increasing. This is the best evidence of the superior merits of the "White."

WOODSTOCK IRON COMPANY,
Anniston, Ala.

UNPARALLELED SUCCESS

OF THE

White Sewing Machine



IN THE THIRD YEAR OF ITS EXISTENCE, ITS SALES AMOUNT TO

54,853 Machines.

NO OTHER MACHINE EVER HAD SUCH

A RECORD OF POPULARITY.

It is the Lightest-Running, Easiest Selling, and Best Satisfying Machine

IN THE WORLD.

PRICES, 25 TO 40 DOLLARS.

For Sale by

WOODSTOCK IRON CO.,

Anniston, Ala

CITY BAR!

The undersigned has with particular care selected for this season, a very fine lot of

LINCOLN COUNTY WHISKEY,

Direct from the Distillery, as well as

Apple and Peach Brandies,

His Liquors are bought under bond and he knows them to be fine and pure. A general line of goods in Liquors of all brands, Beers, Cider, &c., including Sacrament Wine. Also a large lot of fine Cigars, Tobacco and Snuff.

My Billiard Parlor

is still the favorite resort of those who love the game, Respectfully,

JNO RAMAGNANO.
Jacksonville, Ala.

N B—Persons indebted to me are requested to come forward and settle accounts by Cash or Note jan29—3m

J. D. FOSTER & CO., Rome, Ga. F. W. HART, Atlanta.

HART, FOSTER & CO.

Manufacturers and Dealers in

Doors, Sash, Blinds and Builders Material.

—A GOOD STOCK IN STORE OF—

WHITE OR YELLOW PINE.

Estimates Furnished on Application.

All extra sizes to order on short notice and at bottom prices. Will duplicate Chattanooga or Atlanta prices, saving our customers the freight. Office with J D. Foster & Co. tere Room foot of Elm Srteet, on the Oostanula river, ROME, GA.
une 15, tf

LIVERY

—AND—

SALE STABLE.

The Undersigned having bought the Hammond Livery Stable of Mr. Wilson, have entered upon their business and will be glad to serve the public.

We expect to keep Vehicles, Horses and Mules for sale, and are prepared to guarantee bargains in this line.

Our terms will be very reasonable and strictly cash.

Horses boarded at low rates Give us your patronage and we will give you satisfaction. Respectfully,

MARTIN & ADAMS.
jan 15—tf.

STARTLING DISCOVERY!

LOST MANHOOD RESTORED.

A victim of youthful imprudence causing Premature Decay, Nervous Debility, Lost Manhood, etc, having tried in vain every known remedy, has discovered a simple self cure, which he will send FREE to his fellow-sufferers, address J. H. REEVES, 43 Chatham St., N. Y.

$2 Watches, Stem Winders $2.50, White Metal Hunting Cases 2, Imitation gold $6. Solid gold $12. Cheapest and best list for use or speculative purposes. Valuable catalogue f. ee. Thompson & Co. 132 Nassau st. N. Y.

feb5'81—1y

A GREAT CAUSE OF HUMAN Misery is the loss of

MANHOOD

A Lecture on the Nature, Treatment and Radical cure of Seminal Weakness, or Spermatorrhœa, induced by self abuse, involuntary emissions, impotency, nervous debility and impediments to marriage generally; Consumption, Epilepsy and Physical and physical incapacity, &c.—By Robert J. Culverwell. M. D., author of the "Green Book," &c.

The world-renowned author in this admirable lecture clearly proves from his own experience that the awful consequences of self-abuse may be effectually removed without dangerous surgical operations, bogies, instruments, rings, or cordials; pointing out a mode of cure at once certain and effectual, by which every sufferer, no matter what his condition may be, may cure himself cheaply, privately and radically

☞This Lecture will prove a boon to thousands and thousands.

Sent under seal, in a plain envelope, to any address, on receipt of six cents or two postage stamps. We have also a sure cure for Tape Worm. Address

THE CULVERWELL MEDICAL CO.
41 Ann st. New York N. Y.
or —80-1y Post Office Box 4586.

FRANK W. BOWDON, ROBT. L. ARNOLD.

BOWDON & ARNOLD,

ATTORNEYS AT LAW

—AND—

Solicitors in Chancery,

JACKSONVILLE, ALA.

Will practice in all the Courts of the Circuit, U. S. Dist. Court and Supreme Court of the State April 21, 1880

A. L. STEWART & CO

Have recently opened up in the rooms formerly occupied by A M. Landers, Jacksonville, Ala, a new establishment, embracing

DRY GOODS,

Groceries,

READY MADE

CLOTHING

HARDWARE, CROCKERY,

And everything else kept in a General Variety Store. They hope to merit by fair dealing and liberal terms to customers a fair share of the trade of this vicinity.

We will see to it that none go away dissatisfied. Give us a call and determine for yourselves.
jan29—3m

GUARDIAN'S AN. SETTLEMENT

THE STATE OF ALABAMA, } In Probate Court
Calhoun County. } for said county,
Special Term, March 31st, 1881.

This day came R W Reid, Guardian of the estate of Thos H Burton, a minor and filed his account and vouchers for an annual settlement of his guardianship. It is ordered by the court that the 25th day of April, 1881, be and is hereby appointed the day upon which to audit and pass upon said account, and make said settlement, and that notice thereof be given for three successive weeks in the Jacksonville Republican, a newspaper printed and published in said county, as a notice to all persons interested in said settlement to be and appear before me at my office in the court house of said county, on said 25th day of April, 1881, and contest said settlement if they think proper. A. WOODS,
april 2—8t. Judge of Probate

CALHOUN COLLEGE

The exercises of Calhoun College will be resumed on the SECOND MONDAY in January 1881. Terms the same as last session.

W. J. BORDEN, Prin.
dec. 25—tf.

W. C. LAND,

WATCHMAKER,

—AND—

JEWELER.

Jacksonville, - - - Ala.

Also, agent for Meriden CT Table cutlery and silver and plated ware. Also agent for Elgin Watch co, and other American make, May, 1st 1880

FIRE INSURANCE.

—o—

I. L. SWAN AG'T,

JACKSONVILLE, ALA.

Four Good Home Companies to wit,

Georgia Home,	*Ga.*
Home Protection,	*Ala.*
Central City,	*Ala.*
Columbus Ins. and Banking Co.,	*Miss.*

May 1st, 1880.

FOUND.

A Remedy That is Sure and effectual cure for all diseases of the Blood Skin, Scrofula, Cancer in its worst form, White Swelling, Catarrh, Cancer of the womb and all chronic sores, no matter of how long standing, we guarantee a cure if our remedies are used according to directions.

Smith's Scrofula Syrup and STAR CURINE.

With these two medecines combined we have cured hundreds of cases of the different diseases mentioned above.

SMITH'S SCROFULA SYRUP

is an internal remedy, one of the best purifiers known to the American people

Star Curene

is an external remedy; by applying it on the outside and taking Smith's Scrofula Syrup, your case will be easy to cure. If you will call on or address us we will take pleasure in showing you hundreds of certificates from parties living in this State that you are all acquainted with; that have been cured sound and well by using Star Curene and Smith's Scrofula Syrup. If you are afflicted with any of the above mentioned diseases, do not think your case will be cured without treatment; do not delay; the sooner you get to using our two remedies the sooner you will be restored to health and happiness.

Call on Daniel & Marsh at once, before it is too late, and get a bottle of Smith's Scrofula Syrup and Star Curine.

Read the following certificates.

Messes. Daniel & Marsh, 13, Kimbal House, Atlanta:

Gentlemen:—This is to certify that we have tried Smith's Scrofula Syrup in several cases of Catarr, Cancer, Sore legs, etc., and we cherfully recommend it to the public as the best, safest and most reliable blood purifier that can be used for all the diseases for which it is recommended. Respectfully,

R. HARTMAN & CO.

All communications should be addressed to D NIEL & MRSH, sole proprietors and manufacturers, 13, Kimbal House, Atlanta, Ga.

For sale by Johnson & Caldwell, Chulofocee, Blake & Dothard, Arbacoochee, Barlow & Tolinson, Edwardsville, W. A. Woo Davisville, J. B. McCain, wholesale a nt of Oxford, Roley Jenkins, De Aumo ville, J. T. Thrash, Oaktuskee. Rowa Dean & Co. wholesale agents at Jacksonville, M T Moody, Cross Plains.

ROBINSON WAGON CO.

CINCINNATI, O.

This Company have just finished complete shops with every facility of the latest improved machinery, and are prepared to manufacture

STANDARD TRADE

VEHICLES,

SUCH AS

Farm Wagons,
Rpring Wagons,
Platform Wagons,
Ludlow Spring Wagons,
Farmers' Two Seaten Carriages,
Standard Trade Buggies,
Elegant Brewster Buggy, &c.

☞Send for Designs and Prices, to
ROBINSON WAGON CO.
Oct. 9, '80— Cincinnati, Ohio.

JOH. A. WALDEN. W. F. WOODWARD

Walden & Woodward,

ATTORNEYS AT LAW,

Jacksonville, Ala.

Will practice in all the courts of the Circuit, and the Supreme Courts of the State. Prompt attention given to the collection of claims.

AGRICULTURE.

EVERY one who has grown asparagus either for home use or for market must have been more or less annoyed by finding a portion of the shoots curling over upon one side, and making very little growth, and that little hard and woody, and utterly worthless for culinary purposes. We have heard the question asked repeatedly, what makes the shoots curl? but very few have been able or willing to answer. The subject has often been brought up in agricultural conventions, without bringing out much information that has proved satisfactory to the inexperienced. Now, from our own experience and observation, as well as from conversing with a few of the most successful growers of this vegetable, we are led to conclude that crooked and curled asparagus shoots are always produced in consequence of some injury to the shoot while it is pushing up through the soil. It may be caused by raking the bed, or by digging it over with forks, as is often practiced in the spring of the yoar. And it may be done by carelessness while cutting the shoots. The least cut, bruise or scratch made up on the side of a shoot stops growth on that side. There is an effort to heal the wound, but so far as the value of the shoot is concerned, it is always a failure. If any one doubts the truth, of this statement, he can easily satisfy himself by simply causing an injury to a growing shoot before it gets above the surface. Much care should be used both in digging and raking over asparagus beds in spring, and also when cutting for the table. There is nothing coming from the garden in May that is a greater luxury to those who like it, than asparagus, and it is well to know how best to handle it.

TO PREVENT SHEEP GETTING OVER STONE WALLS.—A great many men who have farms excellently adapted for keeping sheep, are deterred from doing so on account of their farms being fenced with stone walls, and sheep will soon learn to get over any ordinary stone fence. The cheapest and at the same time the most effectual device for preventing this is one gotten up by a neighbor of time. It consists in setting posts against the wall, boring a hole through these about 16 inches above the top of the wall and running a No. 11 wire through the hole. This should be stretched very tight. If the first is well fastened, this may be done with a crowbar for a long way, using the bar for a lever. The posts need not to be nearer to each other than four to six rods. If the top of the wall is straight; if it is not, they should be somewhat nearer. This he had found to be perfectly satisfactory, so much so that a neighbor's big dog tried to get over it to the sheep once or twice and went away perfectly disgusted. A much nearer and more durable plan, costing but little more would be to insert small iron posts into the cap stones at proper distances and bend the post so that the wire will hang directly over the face of the wall on the side on which the sheep run. Either of these methods costs so little that the profits of a small flock of sheep will more than pay the expense in one season.

IF a farmer wants good horses of his own raising, he must begin at the beginning, and not start—as too many do—with an old, wind broken mare that is blind in one eye and lame in two legs, simply because she can be bought for a little money. For breeding purposes, in nine cases out of ten, such an animal is dear at any price. A good thoroughbred stallion would get from such a mare a colt far better than the dam, but her weaknesses and constitutional traits will sooner or later become apparent in the off-spring. "Like begets like," is a well established law, and a superior animal cannot come from one decidedly inferior. Only from sound and vigorous mares can we hope for a race of healthy horses. Let all raisers of horses start in the right direction by breeding from the best on both sides.

TAR FOR WARTS.—A farmer writing to an exchange, says: "I had a mare some years ago that had a large wart on her side, where the harness rubbed and kept it sore. To prevent this I put on a good daub of tar, and in a few weeks the wart was killed and disappeared. I have frequently tried it since on cattle and horses, and seldom had an occasion to use a second application. The remedy is simple and effectual."

HINTS.—It is said that if sod land is ploughed just before the corn is planted, the worms will feed upon the sod and not injure the corn. White flowers are generally more fragrant than colored ones. You may enlarge your pinks by watering them with a weak solution of nitre.

An ingentous Frenchman has devised a game for facilitating the study of geography by children. It consists of a large planisphere map of the globe, accompained by numerous objects representing animals, plants, flags, costumes, towns and landscapes. These objects, of painted cardboard, stand upright when the small inscription accompaning them is folded back; and each one bears, moreover, a number corresponding to one on the map. Placing each in its proper position, the child quickly becomes familiar with subject illustrated; if it be a plant, he knows the place which produces it, and its use; is a town, he knows the population, position, etc. The new game has received the approval of the Paris Society of Geography.

To make caoutchouc indifferent to the action of oils and fats, without impairing the other properties of vulcanized rubber, the following method is employed at the works of C. Schwanitz, Jr., at Berlin. The caoutchouc is worked, by heated rollers, together with a mixture of 6 lbs. of prepared chalk, 1 lb. of glycerine of 1 23 sp. gr., 1½ oz. of litharge, and 3 1 5 oz. of sulphur. For vulcanizing, the mass, or the article formed thereof, is placed in a bath of glycerine, and exposed to a steam pressure of from two to three atmospheres.

According to *Dingler's Journal*, L. von Faber makes pencils for writing upon glass, porcelain, metal, etc., as follows: Black—ten parts of lamp black, forty parts white wax, ten parts tallow. White—Forty parts white lead, twenty parts wax, ten parts tallow Dark blue—Fifteen parts Berlin blue, five parts gum arabic, ten parts tallow. Yellow—Ten parts chrome yellow, twenty parts wax, ten parts tallow.

THEATRE-GOERS, club-visitors, late supper-takers and patrons of the horse railroad owl-trains, should all certainly have a bottle of Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup convenient. Gentlemen you will need it.

DOMESTIC.

REMEDY FOR LOCKJAW.—Let any one who has an attack of lock-jaw take a small quantity of turpentine, warm it and pour it on the wound, no matter where the wound is, and relief will follow in less than a minute. Nothing better can be applied to a severe cut or bruise than cold turpentine; it will give certain relief almost instantly. Turpentine is also a sovereign remedy for croup. Saturate a piece of flannel on the throat and chest, and in every severe case three or four drops on a lump of sugar may be taken inwardly. Every family should have a bottle on hand.

LIP-SALVE.—An elegant lip salve may be made in the following simple manner: Put half a pound of fresh lard into a pan, with an ounce and a half of white wax; set on a slow fire till it is melted; then take a small tin dish, fill it with water, and add a few chips of alkanet root; let the water boil till it becomes of a beautiful red color; strain some of it, and mix it with the other ingredients according as may be desired; scent it with some agreeable and favorite extract, and then pour into small white jars or boxes.

[Detroit Post and Tribune.]

I have a little girl, said Mr. Henry Dole of this city, in a conversation, who was troubled with a severe lameness in her legs, pronounced by some Erysipelas, by others Rheumatism. I had tried several remedies without effect, when I was induced to apply St. Jacob's Oil and I am happy to say that the use of but one bottle cured her, and she is now able to go to school again.

BATH BUNS.—Take one pound of flour to one-third of it add in a hole in the centre a tablespoonful of yeast and a teacupful of warm milk, let it stand for an hour in a warm place to rise. When risen, add six ounces of butter and four eggs, with the rest of the flour, six ounces of sugar, and a little pounded cinnamon to taste; mix all well together, cover it over and let it rise again. Shape it into buns, leaving it as rough as possible; sift some sugar and a few comfits on the top, sprinkle with a little water, and bake in a moderate oven on well-buttered tins.

POTTED CHICKEN.—This is an agreeable relish, and makee a pleasant luncheon when traveling. Take a roast fowl and carve off all the meat. Take two slices of cold ham and chop it with chicken; add to this one quarter pound of the best butter; add salt and pepper to taste; now pound this all together to a paste; put the mixture in a jam pot; cover closely. It will keep in a cool place ten days or long enough for any moderate journey.

POTATO SALAD (*German Style*).—Broil twelve good-sized potatoes; when cold slice them and cut in small pieces; to these add one onion, chopped fine, and half of a bunch of celery, cut in small pieces; season with salt and pepper to taste; then heat one half cupful of vinegar with a tablespoonful of butter added, or three tablespoonfuls of olive oil; pour this over the salad, and it is then ready for use.

[Attleboro Chronicle]

Carry the News.

Mr. John Etzensperger, manufacturing Jeweler of North Attleboro', Mass., lately communicated to us the following: I suffered so much with pains in my arm, that at times I was completely helpless. I used that incomparable remedy St. Jacob's Oil and was completely cured as if by magic.

FOR EARACHE.—Take a bit of cotton spread it flatly, sprinkle with black pepper, do it up in a wad, dip in sweet oil and insert in the ear. This is a happy and almost instantaneous relief. The same remedy, applied to the cavity of an aching tooth, gives immediate relief.

ANOTHER warning to persons who use ice water. A man was frozen to death by its use, recently. He fell into a river.

The hardest steel does not last longest as rails for track purposes This has been practically proved lately.

VEGETINE

For Cancers and Cancerous Humors.

THE DOCTOR'S CERTIFICATE. READ IT.

ASHLEY, Washington Co., Ill., Jan. 14, 1874.

MR. H. R. STEVENS:

Dear Sir.—This is to certify that I had been suffering from a **Rose Cancer** on my right breast, which grew very rapidly, and all my friends had given me up to die. When I heard of your medicine, Vegetine, recommended for Cancer and Cancerous Humors, I commenced to take it, and soon found myself beginning to feel better; my health and spirits both felt the benign influence which it exerted, and in a few months from the time I commenced to use the Vegetine, the Cancer came out almost bodily.

CARRIE DEFORREST.

I certify that I am personally acquainted with Mrs. DeForrest, and consider her one of our very best women. Dr. S. H. FLOWERS.

ALL DISEASES OF THE BLOOD.—If Vegetine will relieve pain, cleanse, purify and cure such diseases, restoring the patient to perfect health after trying different physicians, many remedies, suffering for years, is it not conclusive proof, if you are a sufferer, you can be cured? Why is this medicine performing such great cures? It works in the blood, in the circulating fluid. It can truly be called the Great Blood Purifier. The great source of disease originates in the blood; and no medicine that does not act directly upon it, can purify and renovate, has any just claim upon public attention.

VEGETINE.

I Regard it as a Valuable

FAMILY MEDICINE.

January 1, 1879.

MR. H. R. STEVENS:

Dear Sir.—I take pleasure in saying that I have used the Vegetine in my family with good results, and I have known of several cases of remarkable cure effected by it. I regard it as a valuable family medicine.

Truly yours, REV. WM. MCDONALD.

The Rev. W. McDonald is well known through the United States as a minister in the M. E. Church.

VEGETINE

PREPARED BY

H. R. STEVENS, Boston, Mass.

Vegetine is Sold by All Druggists.

D. BULL'S COUGH SYRUP

To All Our Friends.

Having had numberless inquiries for advertising cards from ladies in all parts of the country who are interested in the prevailing fashion of making "Card Collections," we are having printed for them a set of seven beautiful cards, each in six colors and on a gold background, in the very highest degree of art, illustrating Shakspeare's "Seven Ages of Man." We have spared no expense in these cards—they are simply little art gems. Our only aim has been to publish the finest cards yet shown. Applications for them have come in so rapidly that nearly the whole edition is engaged before the receipt by us of the cards from the artist. We have therefore been obliged to adopt the following plan for the distribution of the remainder: No more of the gilt Shakspeare cards, seven in the series, will be sent excepting upon the receipt of a statement from a grocer that the person applying for the cards has bought of him on that day at least seven bars of Dobbins' Electric Soap, with price paid for same. *All* applying in this manner *will* receive the full set of seven cards *gratis* by mail. This will insure us that our friends and patrons get their share of these beautiful designs, although it in no manner repays us for the cost of the cards. Your grocer has the soap or will get it, and the purchase by you of seven bars of it at one time will secure for you *gratis* seven really beautiful cards. The soap improves with age, and is an article of necessity in your house every week. Therefore you are not asked to buy a useless article, but one that you must have anyway. Please send us your application at once, and tell your lady friends making "Card Collections," to do the same. Grocers do *not* have the cards to deliver. Buy the soap of *them*, send *us* their bill, and *we* will mail you the cards free. Yours respectfully, I. L. CRAGIN & Co., 116 South 4th Street, Philadelphia, Pa.

P. S.—Ladies not wishing to buy soap can get the cards by remitting cost price, 25 cents.

AN army joke: A mounted orderly an Irishman, was reining up to deliver on official document at the officers' quarters at Aldershot, when his charger backed and he found himself sitting on the pavement. "Bedad," cried the hussar, "isn't that an intelligent baste? Sure he knew I wanted to get down and he saves me the trouble."

THE Senatorial struggle: Electing high officials is very much like putting your hand in a bag containing ninety-nine snakes and one eel. You may get the eel, but the chances are against you, and when you do get him he is a very slippery kind of a customer.

CARBOLINE, a natural hair restorer and dressing, as now improved and perfected, is pronounced by competent authority to be the best article ever invented to restore the vitality of youth to diseased and faded hair. Try it. Sold by all druggists.

THE metals which are found to longest retain heat are brass and copper, next, iron, and, lastly in order, lead.

A BAR of iron or a poker laid over a fire concentrates the heat of the passing smoke and creates a draught through the fire.

A PIECE of beef is much more tender and juicy when the animal has been fed on roots than beef made where no roots are fed.

TO BE strong and healthy women should take Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

COLONEL J. D. Gillett, the great Illinois cattle breeder and feeder, says he always buys a bull and not a pedigree.

WHEN a New York young man pops the question he now says: "Lets consolidate."

PETROLEUM is an excellent preservative exposed wood work and tools.

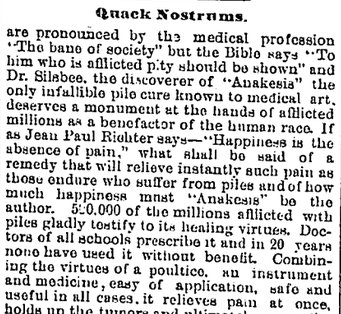
Quack Nostrums.

are pronounced by the medical profession "The bane of society" but the Bible says "To him who is afflicted pity should be shown" and Dr. Silabee, the discoverer of "Anakesis" the only infallible pile cure known to medical art, deserves a monument at the hands of afflicted millions as a benefactor of the human race. If as Jean Paul Richter says—"Happiness is the absence of pain," what shall be said of a remedy that will relieve instantly such pain as those endure who suffer from piles and of how much happiness must "Anakesis" be the author. 5:0.000 of the millions afflicted with piles gladly testify to its healing virtues. Doctors of all schools prescribe it and in 20 years none have used it without benefit. Combining the virtues of a poultice, an instrument and medicine, easy of application, safe and useful in all cases, it relieves pain at once, holds up the tumors and ultimately cures the worst cases of piles and what is equally worth knowing, by following the Doctors printed instructions as to diet, habits etc., keeps them cured. Samples of "Anakesis" are sent *free* to all sufferers on application to P. Neustaedter & Co., Box 3946 New York. Sold by druggists everywhere. Price $1.00 per box.

HAVE you found the key to perfect health and strength? It is Kidney-Wort, the only remedy that overcomes at once the inaction of the kidneys and bowels.—*Farmer.*

KING GEORGE'S PUDDING.—One pint of bread-crumbs, half pint of flour, teaspoonful of baking powder sifted in flour, a little salt, half a pound of raisins, a quarter of a pound currants, quarter of a pound of chopped suet, coffee cupful of milk, one egg; tied tightly in a bag and boiled three hours; to be eaten with hard sauce.

HOSTETTER'S CELEBRATED



STOMACH BITTERS

Invalids who have lost but are recovering vital stamina, declare in grateful terms their appreciation of the merits as a tonic of Hostetter's Stomach Bitters. Not only does it impart strength to the weak, it corrects an irregular acid state of the stomach, makes the bowels act at proper intervals, gives ease to those who suffer from rheumatic and kidney troubles, and conquers as well as prevents fever and ague. For sale by all Druggists and Dealers generally.

$777 A YEAR expon Outfit Free. Address

HUMOROUS.

A DAIRYMAN in Floyd county, Indiana, having settled it to his own satisfaction that a certain widow whom he was supplying with milk would make him an excellent wife, rang his bell in front of her house, and when she came out with her pan, addressed her as follows: "I want a wife. I have a good dairy of fifteen cows. We rise at 3 o'clock in the morning; we have rye coffee for breakfast, with skimmed milk, but no sugar for seasoning. You need not get up so early, and you may have bean soup once a week, we have boiled cabbage once a week and kraut once a week. We occasionally have some bacon. But we do not use butte , for it is too expensive, and use lard in its place. We work hard and live saving. I have told you all and would like to marry you." The widow thanked him, said she preferred her own table and told him he had better propose to his next customor.

A Wise Deacon.

"Deacon Wilder, I want you to tell me how you kept yourself and family well the past season, when all the rest of us have been sick so much, and have had the doctors visiting us so often."

"Bro. Taylor, the answer is very easy. I used Hop Bitters in time; kept my family well and saved the doctor bills. Three dollars' worth of it kept us well and able to work all the time. I'll warrant it has cost you and the neighbors one to two hundred dollars apiece to keep sick the same time."

"Deacon, I'll use your medicine hereafter."

INTO one of our largest dry goods stores entered a gentleman, the other day, and with the air of one who had been used to this sort of thing all his life, you know, he said to the astonished saleswoman, "Give me a yard of marroon-colored flannel to match a baby, please." Correcting himself hastily, he beg an again: "I beg pardon; I mean a yard of flannel to match a marroon-colored baby—Here" (producing a bit of flannel from his vest pocket) "I want a yard of that."

PAT—"Och, Bridget, did ye niver hear uv my great spache afore the Hibernian Society?" Bridget—"No, Pat, how could I? for sure I was not on the ground." Pat—"Well, Bridget, you see I was called upon by the Hibernian Society for a spache, and be jabers, I rose with the inthusias ic cheers of thousands, with me heart overflowing with gratitude, and me eyes filled with tears, and divil a word did I spake.

VEGETINE is a great panacea for our aged fathers and mothers; for it gives them strength, quiets their nerves, and gives them Nature's sweet sleep.

MASTER Tom (whose godpapa has come to take him for a great treat to the Winter Exhibition at the Royal Academy): "Bother the old masters! Jus' as if han't enough o' them at school! Ugh!—precious sight too much!—Jus' when there's such a lot o' jolly ice about, too.

"I DON'T like a cottage built man," said young Sweeps to his rich old uncle, who was telling the story of his early trials for the hundreth time. "What do you mean by a cottage-built man?" asked his uncle. "A man with only one story," answered young Sweeps. That settled it. Young Sweeps was left out of his uncle's will.

A YOUNG lady applied at the relief bureau in Galveston the other day with a paper containing the following: "This unfortunate woman is the only daughter of and old childless father and she supports several young brothers by her work.

DIFFERENT coals vary 30 per cent. in their power as to producing steam.

KIDNEY-WORT

The Only Remedy

That Acts at the Same Time on

The Liver, The Bowels and The Kidneys

This combined action gives it wonderful power to cure all diseases.

Why Are We Sick?

Because we allow these great organs to become clogged or torpid, and poisonous humors are therefore forced into the blood that should be expelled naturally.

KIDNEY-WORT WILL CURE

Biliousness, Piles, Constipation, Kidney Complaints and Diseases, Weaknesses and Nervous Disorders.

by causing free action of these organs and restoring their power to throw off disease.

Why Suffer Bilious pains and aches!

Why tormented with Piles, Constipation!

Why frightened over disordered Kidneys!

Why endure nervous or sick headaches!

Why have sleepless nights!

Use KIDNEY WORT *and rejoice in health. It is a dry, vegetable compound and* One package will make six qts of Medicine. *Get it of your Druggist, he will order it for you. Price, $1.00.*

WELLS, RICHARDSON & CO., Proprietors, Burlington, Vt.

(Will send post paid.)

HOP BITTERS.

(A Medicine, not a Drink.)

CONTAINS

HOPS, BUCHU, MANDRAKE, DANDELION,

AND THE PUREST AND BEST MEDICAL QUALITIES OF ALL OTHER BITTERS.

THEY CURE

All Diseases of the Stomach, Bowels, Blood, Liver, Kidneys, and Urinary Organs, Nervousness, Sleeplessness and especially Female Complaints.

$1000 IN GOLD.

Will be paid for a case they will not cure or help, or for anything impure or injurious found in them.

Ask your druggist for Hop Bitters and try them before you sleep. **Take no other.**

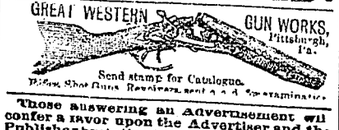
D. I. C. is an absolute and irresistible cure for Drunkenness, use of opium, tobacco and narcotics.

SEND FOR CIRCULAR.

All above sold by druggists.

Hop Bitters Mfg. Co., Rochester, N. Y., & Toronto, Ont.

GREAT WESTERN GUN WORKS, Pittsburgh, Pa.



Send stamp for Catalogue.

Rifles, Shot Guns, Revolvers, sent C. O. D. for examination.

Those answering an Advertisement will confer a favor upon the Advertiser and the Publisher by stating that they saw the advertisement in this form. (Examine the paper)

Save Money

If you are going west of Chicago this year, you can learn something to your advantage and save money by address'g W. C. PORTER & Co., 45 Exchange Building, Chicago.

Agents Wanted. $5 a Day made selling our PLATFORM FAMILY SCALE. Weighs up to 25 lbs. Retail price, $1.50. Terms surprise Agents. DOMESTIC SCALE Co., Cincinnati, O.

RUSKS.—With one and a-half pints new milk, three tablespoonfuls of fresh yeast, stir to a stiff batter with flour at night. In the morning, take half a pound of white sugar, rolled and sifted; half a pound of butter, two eggs, beaten very light; two tablespoonfuls of rose-water, or one-half of a nutmeg grated, and with the sponge stirred the previous night knead well in a soft dough. Make out in rolls, grease each one with butter or lard (I use lard,) and place into a greased pan to rise; when light bake as loaf bread slowly and carefully.

"Don't know half their Value."

"They cured me of Ague, Biliousness and Kidney Complaint, as recommended. I had a half bottle left which I used for my two little girls, who the doctors and neighbors said could not be cured. I would have lost both of them one night if I had not given them Hop Bitters. They did them so much good I continued their use until they were cured. That is why I say you do not know half the value of Hop Bitters and do not recommend them high enough."—B., Rochester, N. Y. See other column.—*American Rural Home.*

A DISINFECTANT.—For a simple disinfectant cut two or three good-sized onions in halves and place them on a plate in the floor; they absorb noxious effluvia, etc., in the sick room in an incredibly short space of time, and are greatly to be preferred to perfumery for the same purpose. They should be changed every six hours.

WAS there ever a better example of the witty and concise form of expression common to the real Western American than the answer of the grim man of the Sierras, who, when asked about the character of a neighbor, sententiously replied: "Mister, I don't know very much about him, but my impression is that he'd make a first class stranger!"

MRS. LYDIA E. PINKHAM, OF LYNN, MASS.,

Yours for Health
Lydia E. Pinkham

LYDIA E. PINKHAM'S VEGETABLE COMPOUND.

Is a Positive Cure

for all those Painful Complaints and Weaknesses so common to our best Female population.

It will cure entirely the worst form of Female Complaints, all ovarian troubles, Inflammation and Ulceration, Falling and Displacements, and the consequent Spinal Weakness, and is particularly adapted to the Change of Life.

It will dissolve and expel tumors from the uterus in an early stage of development. The tendency to cancerous humors there is checked very speedily by its use.

It removes faintness, flatulency, destroys all craving for stimulants, and relieves weakness of the stomach. It cures Bloating, Headaches, Nervous Prostration, General Debility, Sleeplessness, Depression and Indigestion.

That feeling of bearing down, causing pain, weight and backache, is always permanently cured by its use.

It will at all times and under all circumstances act in harmony with the laws that govern the female system.

For the cure of Kidney Complaints of either sex this Compound is unsurpassed.

LYDIA E. PINKHAM'S VEGETABLE COMPOUND is prepared at 233 and 235 Western Avenue, Lynn, Mass. Price $1. Six bottles for $5. Sent by mail in the form of pills, also in the form of lozenges, on receipt of price, $1 per box for either. Mrs. Pinkham freely answers all letters of inquiry. Send for pamphlet. Address as above. *Mention this Paper.*

No family should be without LYDIA E. PINKHAM'S LIVER PILLS. They cure constipation, biliousness, and torpidity of the liver. 25 cents per box.

☞ Sold by all Druggists. ☜

A PRINCELY OFFER | A MAGNIFICENT GIFT.

We will send **The Literary Guest** (a mammoth illustrated Family Story Paper) on trial **three months** for only 15 cts. (or five 3c. postage stamps) and to each subscriber, we will give **free** one pair of elegant Oil Pictures, size 12x16 inches. We make this offer simply in order to introduce our Paper and Elegant Oil Premiums in new localities, well knowing where they are once seen hundreds more will be wanted. We shall offer as above the celebrated companion Pictures entitled, **"The East,"** representing a scene in the White Mountains, and **"The West,"** representing a scene in Wyoming Territory. They are the most beautiful and artistic Genuine Oil Pictures in this country, and in their perfection are very desirable works of art.

HOW WE CAN GIVE THEM AWAY.

These pictures were made as premiums to be given away with *The Aldine*, the finest art journal ever published, for $6 per year. As every one knows, *The Aldine* failed; it was through our agent that the whole immense edition of these chromos was secured at a bankrupt sale. It is only for this reason that we could offer these pictures as premiums with our paper. Every one who remembers *The Aldine* will know what would be the value of any picture which such a celebrated art journal would offer to its subscribers; and we confidently expect, offering these premiums, which were designed for a six dollar paper, with THE GUEST (three months for 15 cents), to secure at least 20,000 subscribers within the next two months. It barely pays for printing, postage, and packing. Address at once,

CHASE & CO., Westboro, Mass.

It pays Agents to Sell the Standard Agricultural Book

Farming for Profit

New, Accurate, Comprehensive. A Complete Farm Library in itself. A sure guide to successful farming.

TELLS HOW TO Make Money Cultivate all Farm Crops. Breed & Care for Live Stock. Grow fruit, Manage business, And Secure Happiness. Saves many times its cost every Season. 860 pages, 140 Illustrations. Send for Circulars and terms to J. C. McCURDY & CO., Philadelphia, Pa.

2 3

ST. JACOBS OIL

TRADE MARK.

THE GREAT GERMAN REMEDY. FOR

RHEUMATISM,

Neuralgia, Sciatica, Lumbago, Backache, Soreness of the Chest, Gout, Quinsy, Sore Throat, Swellings and Sprains, Burns and Scalds, General Bodily Pains,

Tooth, Ear and Headache, Frosted Feet and Ears, and all other Pains and Aches.

No Preparation on earth equals ST. JACOBS OIL as a *safe, sure, simple* and *cheap* External Remedy. A trial entails but the comparatively trifling outlay of 50 Cents, and every one suffering with pain can have cheap and positive proof of its claims.

Directions in Eleven Languages.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS AND DEALERS IN MEDICINE.

A. VOGELER & CO.,

Baltimore, Md., U. S. A.

MUSIC BOOKS For SCHOOLS.

Song Bells, (50 cts.) The latest book for Common Schools. By L. O. Emerson. Has a great variety of cheerful, genial, musical songs, such as the girls and boys must like, and also a good Elementary Course.

Among our older and standard School Song Books that are still favorites and in constant demand, we mention **Whip-poor-will** (50c.) **Rocking Bird,** (50c.) and **Golden Robin** (50c.) all by W. O. Perkins.

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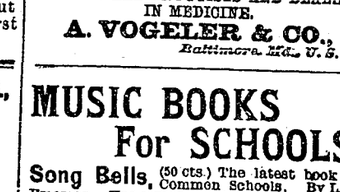

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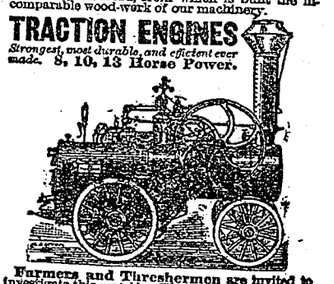

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WITH THE SPRING.

How sharp the spires upon the hill!
They rise against the sunset sky
Like masts of ships, that sailing past
A sea of flame, now anchored lie.

But lo! a pilgrim in the path,
That dimly traced along the ground,
Through orchard, meadow, pastures bare,
Winds upward to the hilltop town.

Ah, what is life save just a path,
A hasty walk for only one,
And childhood, manhood, age, are fields
Between us and the setting sun.

That toiling traveler gains the hill,
He weary walks the village through;
And now he seems amid the clouds,
As if to heaven an angel flew!

O bless the life that holy here
Beyond the ridge of death has passed,
A shaded footpath now, but merged
In everlasting light at last.

A Fall For Life.

The merchant ship Druid, from Bombay for London, lay becalmed off the west coast of Hindostan, between Goa and Mangalore, where the Ghauts Mountains were seen, towering in savage grandeur thousands of feet in air, with wild torrents leaping down the rocks, flashing through the dark green shrubbery, and rushing with the din of thunder.

'If the wind does not rise before to-morrow morning we will have to anchor,' said the captain to Robert Winfield, a handsome young naval lieutenant on leave of absence from the frigate stationed at Bombay. 'I don't want to lay the ship's bones on the coast, nor do I like to get too near it. I have heard bad stories of the natives there; at any rate, I believe that almost every Hindoo is a thief and murderer by nature.'

Bell Upton, daughter of Major Upton, who was on his way home from his India regiment, on sick leave, heard the words, and, shuddering, drew closer to her invalid father.

A quick glance was exchanged between her and the young naval lieutenant, whose reassuring look seemed at once to dispel her fears.

Major Upton, noticing the glance, frowning, said to his daughter, 'Come, Bell, let us go below.'

Winfield had been a suitor of Bell's since she came to visit her father at Bombay, some months before. The girl favored him, but not so the major, who wanted her to choose a wealthy lover.

Bell was beautiful, with a form of unrivaled grace, brown eyes, a clear, pearl-white skin, with little color, and dark golden hair that fell in rippling masses over a pair of magnificent shoulders. The lieutenant watched her admiringly until she disappeared in the cabin.

'No harm shall befall her, not while I live,' he thought, as he now glanced uneasily towards the coast. 'We have arms aboard, have we not?' he added aloud to the captain.

'Ay, ay, sir; but it is not likely we shall be attacked. We are full two leagues from the coast, and before we are near enough to be boarded a breeze will spring up, I have no doubt.'

A few hours later night closed around the ship. The sky was covered by thick clouds which obscured the moon and seemed to betoken that a breeze would spring up before long.

Meanwhile the ship having drifted a league nearer the coast, the lieutenant thought the captain very careless not to have more than his one lookout posted for ward on so dark a night.

Before eleven o'clock the quarter-deck was deserted by all save the officer of the watch, a lazy fellow who was now stretched on the carpenter's chest, half asleep, while the watch forward, as Winfield (who stood leaning over the rail amidships) could perceive by the light of a lantern in the fore rigging, lay reclining on the hatch, some of them snoring.

Not feeling sleepy, the lieutenant resolved to go aloft on the mizzen topsail yard and watch for the first sign of a breeze. Arrived on the yard, the gloom was so intense that he could not see the waters below, although he still gazed in that direction. Was it reality or imagination? He thought he could detect the dim outline of something shooting around the ship's stern.

He was about descending, when, the moon parting the clouds, a flood of silvery light was poured down on the ship and water, revealing a sight that filled the young man with horror—a scene so sudden and unexpected that his heart seemed to stand still.

While he was aloft Bell Upton had come out on the quarter deck, and now stood with her back to the rail, about two feet from it, her head bowed as if in deep thought, so that her beautiful white face shone like polished ivory in the bright moonlight. Then unseen, unheard by the young gurl, a Hindoo, with a long lithe body naked to the waist, had clambered up the side from a large canoe containing a half-dozen of his companions, and had contrived to glide, serpent-like, on the outside of the ship until he had gained a position directly behind her, when he drew a large dirk, which he was now on the point of plunging into the snowy neck of the fair passenger, that she might not give an alarm!

The lieutenant's hand clenched the yard like a vise, as he beheld the young lady's peril. He must save her—he would save her, he thought; yet, how was it to be done? To give an alarm would only hasten the girl's doom; to descend, no matter how quickly, by means of one of the backstays, would be of no use, as she must perish before he could reach the deck and attempt to stay the deadly hand.

There was no time to lose. In three seconds the dirk would descend, and the girl would be killed at one stroke, so that the murderer's companions, who had already begun to ascend the vessel's side, could pounce on the drowsy male occupants of the deck, and, slaying them, make themselves masters of the ship almost before a warning could be given.

Like a lightning flash, the instinct of love, the resolution to save Bell in some way from his immediate attack, sent a sudden thought through the brain of the agonized spectator.

The Hindoo murderer, in his position on the outside of the ship, was under the yard, although about forty feet below him, while the girl, standing two feet from the rail, was within easy reach of the native, whose arm and body, as already stated, were drawn back from the bulwarks to give force to the meditated blow. The young man, therefore, deemed it would be an easy matter to reach the Hindoo in the only way it could now be done with sufficient rapidity to prevent the accomplishment of his deadly purpose—a way at once novel and desperate, and which would, perhaps, involve his own destruction.

In a word, not hesitating to risk life or limb for the woman he loved, Lieutenant Winfield resolved to drop down from near the end of the mizzen topsail yard upon the Hindoo, forty feet below, and thus dash him from the rail into the sea, perhaps killing himself, ere he could deal the fatal blow with the uplifted dirk. He would utter a shrill cry—a warning to the crew—as he cleaved the air, thus rousing them, perhaps, in time to meet the attack of the robbers, and ensure the further safety of Bell and the ship.

The emergency admitted of no delay. The young man, clutching the yard-arm near the end, hung by it a second to make sure he was in a line with the Hindoo beneath, then, just as the dirk was about to descend, he let go of the spar with a long, wild cry that pierced every corner of the ship, and down he went, cleaving through the air with terrible velocity. There was a whirling, rushing sound, then a loud thud as the heavy boot-heels of the falling body crushed upon the head of the native ere he could use his knife, dashing him from the rail into the sea, and killing him instantly.

The watch heard the warning cry of the lieutenant, and before the other natives could recover from their surprise at the occurrence which had so suddenly and unexpectedly broken upon them, the decks were alive with the whole crew, and the entire gang of robbers beat a hasty retreat.

Meanwhile Bell Upton had been so bewildered by that sudden, fearful cry she had heard, and the subsequent splash of the bodies in the water, then not until the boat was lowered and the lieutenant, who had been struggling in the sea, was brought aboard and into the cabin, to explain in a faint voice how he had saved her life, did she clearly comprehend all that had happened. Then she threw herself down by the prostrate form of her lover, and hung over him in agony, fearing that he was fatally injured. Soon, however, the doctor gave cheering information to the contrary.

The young man had sustained a fearful shock from his contact with the Hindoo's body, but as that body had offered little resistance to his downward progress when he struck it, being simply driven before him into the sea, his lower limbs, although partially paralyzed for the time, were not broken. He had, however, fallen dangerously near to the rail. A roll of the ship to the other side, ere he could let go of the topsail yard to descend, would have caused him to fall on the bulwarks, when, of course, he would have been killed.

'Never before,' said the doctor, 'did I hear of such a daring performance.'

'Ay!' exclaimed Major Upton. 'God bless him! Here, Bell, he shall have you girl, for he has earned you.'

He put both hands of his daughter in the lieutenant's, and turned his head away to hide a few tears upon his bronzed cheek.

Immediately after the young man had been brought aboard, an off-shore breeze sprang up, enabling the captain to head seaward. In due time the vessel reached her home port, when the lieutenant, who by this time had fully recovered from the effects of his fall, claimed his beautiful and willing bride.

Cutting Hard Steel with Soft Iron.

About forty years ago, having heard that hard steel could be cut readily with a circular disk of sheet iron when driven at a high motion, I made a disk about ten inches in diameter out of a piece of heavy stove-pipe iron, having a round eye at the center about one and a half inches in diameter. I then put a stick of hard wood in the turning lathe, turned it off true, making a wooden mandrel for holding this iron disk, just as a circular saw is held on a metallic mandrel. The periphery of the disk, after it was secured to the wooden mandrel in the lathe, was ground and filed until it would run as true as a millstone. The disk was secured to the collar or shoulder of the wooden mandrel by putting four screws through the disk into the wood. While the disk was revolving at a high motion the soft sheet iron would cut off a ten inch cold steel file in a few seconds. After we were satisfied that soft iron would cut cold and hard steel (no matter how hard), the disk was put on one of the journals of a circular saw which was driven at a very high motion; and that disk was employed for many years afterward to gum saws of all sizes.

A Sensible Wife.

"How extravagant, Eugene!" said little Nettie Hollis, one Saturday night, to her husband, as he stalked into the living-room, loaded down by the weight of his purchases.

"Wait and see first, love," he answered, lightly. "After you know what I have bought, you will not have that opinion Look at this," holding up to her view an elegant pattern of a new silk dress. "What do you think of that, my beauty?"

Now most women would have shown their approbation and pleasure in the warmest manner; but not so Mrs. Hollis.

"Why, my old one that I was married in, is good yet. Why did you buy this when times are so hard? And only yesterday I heard you say that the shop would have to suspend operations for a few months soon."

"I know dear; but you have worn that dress ever since we were married, nearly a year. It is time, I think, that you had a new one."

"But the times!"

"Oh, bother the times! We have the lease of this little house for a year and I guess we can live through it somehow; besides our credit is good to an unlimited extent."

"Well, love, it is a nice present," said Mrs. Hollis, holding the shimmering fabric to the light.

But no supremely satisfied look passed across her face, and shortly afterwards, the dress was put away with a sigh.

Eugene Hollis, like thousands of other young men working on a salary, had married the woman of his choice, and settled down into a staid, sober, home-loving man. He was open-hearted by nature, and delighted to see his little wife look well, though he had to run in debt for it.

Now, though he knew it not, this said wife was a perfect little heroine, and well worth her weight in gold. The time came shortly afterwards, that both had feared; the shop had closed for a few weeks, which time run into months and still no signs of work. People that Eugene had traded with sold out in disgust, while strangers filled their places. With them credit was an impossibility, and Eugene Hollis soon had the mortification of being reduced to his last penny.

It was high time that something should be done, or the little woman he had vowed to shield from all harm would suffer.

To this end he went through the city, and into every imaginable place where there was a likelihood of earning an honest living.

But hundreds were there before him, and one evening about dusk found him wending his way, foot-sore and weary, towards home. He brought no money nor provisions with him, for the last penny he had was paid out a week before.

But what a contrast he found in the happy, contented face of his wife to his own despairing condition.

"Come, love, supper is ready; sit down at once, before it gets cold," she said, kindly, noticing from the woe-begone look that he had not succeeded.

"Supper! What can we make supper of, except the imagination that one ought to be?" was the morose remark.

"Oh, there is the ham that you purchased the other day, and then the potatoes are not out yet," she smilingly said "Besides, there are enough left for several meals."

Eugene thought a good deal, but said nothing; he was quite positive that the last potato had gone a week before. But his wife kept right on talking as merrily as if they had a house full of plenty instead of want. So he mentally decided that she had received a loan from some relative, which fact she wished to keep to herself.

So matters went on day after day, but still no work or signs of work. There were others in the same condition as Eugene, so he had the comfort of knowing he was not alone in his woe.

He always went away at the usual working hour, and spent the time hunting in the cheerless round after work; but when he came back again at night, his wife always met him the same as ever.

It had become an established fact in his mind that outside help of some kind was provided for them in sufficient amount to keep them from starving.

The bacon never ran quite short or the potatoes either, for that matter, and they were relieved now and then by a steak or chop.

He was too proud to take any notice of this strange fact outwardly, and his little wife never meant that he should, always changing the subject if it came up in their conversations, leading him to believe that some well to-do uncle whom he had never heard of, was at the bottom of it.

But this state of affairs was not to last always. When a man is honest and sober, and is willing to do anything, he is capable of doing, a streak of sunshine in the shade of success is sure to crown his efforts at last.

Eugene Hollis, at his trade as an engraver, was a skilled workman in every branch, and in fair times commanded a good salary.

He now felt himself in luck when the position to drive a coal cart at three shillings per day was offered him.

"Good news! Good news!" he shouted, rushing into his home, and searching for his wife.

Where was she? The rooms were deserted. But lo, the attic door was open. Through it he went, and up the short flight of stairs. There sat Nettie, patiently and rapidly propelling a sewing machine under the light from the narrow panes let into the sloping roof.

"Why, Nettie, where did you get that?" he asked, completely taken aback at the discovery.

"I bought it, love," was the hesitating response.

"I did not know we had money enough to buy a sewing machine, dear."

"Do you remember that silk dress you bought me a long time ago—just before the shop closed?"

"Why certainly."

"Well, one day Mrs. Morse called up to see me, and fell in love with it. When she found I would sell it at a much lower figure than the pattern could be purchased for at the linen-draper's she offered to take it. So you see I had enough money to buy this machine, with which I have found more or less work to do ever since."

"Nettie, my noble little wife! So you sacrificed your own new dress for me, the giver! I am not worthy of you, my priceless jewel! I am not worthy of you!"

Then the strong man's feelings gave way, and his voice failed him.

"This shall never happen again, Nettie," he said at last, joyfully. "I have obtained work now that will last until the shop opens. Then you shall be my banker; for I am satisfied you will take care of my wages much better than I can."

That night new projects for the future were formed—a future, smoother than the past had been.

Deer and Daniel Webster.

In the winter of 1843-44 deer were quite plenty in Plymouth woods. Daniel Webster was then at Marshfield. Word was sent to him that the Kingston gang was going on a deer hunt the day before Thanksgiving, with an invitation for him to join us, and all were to meet at the old flaxing place at Smelt Pond at sunrise, sharp. By 8 o'clock his Honor appeared with a gentleman friend; and Samuel and Waldo F., Uncle Thomas B. and my father and myself. We all had old-fashioned king's arms, percussioned, except Mr. Webster and his friend, who had double guns. It was a fine frosty morning, and our party lively. We had two good hounds. Samuel and Waldo were to take the hounds and drive Watson's valley. Uncle Tom was to drive over and take Nick's Rock stand. The rest of us were to hurry over to the Carver road and to string out at the guide-board crossing. We had scarcely reached our places before we heard the welcome voices of the hounds in full cry, and soon the thundering echoes of two king's arms at the head of Watson's valley, and then echoing down the valley came "Whoop-oh-whoop-oh! Look out, look out!" The hounds were coming directly towards us. I soon detected something coming down the blind road at my right, and when within forty yards it stopped behind a bush. I shot at the fellow I saw, when almost immediately two deer came out of the bushes at my left and crossed the road within a few yards of me. My father, who stood on my right, and Mr. Webster and friend, who stood at my left, all fired, and one deer fell. I ran into the woods where I had shot, and, not finding anything, returned, to find that Mr. Webster and friend had jumped into their wagon and run their horses to West Pond road to intercept the other deer at the crossing, as the dogs had gone in the track of the other. Father advised me to hurry on and he would stay there with the dead deer, and wait for Sam and Waldo to come up. Uncle Tom had come up and kept on in his carriage toward West Pond, and while he was driving the deer came within gunshot, and he shot at it from his wagon. I, hearing the dogs, hurried back. The deer jumped into the road some ninety yards off and we all fired. The deer fell, but gained his feet and bounded away, falling at every jump. Rounding up the road we all chased it except father, who reloaded, and, running the old mare, overtook and shot the deer. We now had a joyful lunch, washing it down with something good from Mr. Webster's lunch basket. Then we concluded to start for home, as it was about 2 o'clock. We decided that Mr. Webster and his friend had shot the buck, and my father had shot the doe. Mr. Webster gave us $1 each, and he and his friend took the buck, which was a nice one, and father gave the other two men fifty cents each and took the doe, as three of us were at my father's. I, feeling a little dissatisfied at my first shot, took one of the hounds and went up the blind road where I first shot. The hound, snuffing around, soon found a large red fox, dead within ten feet of where I shot at him. We now took our belts from our wagon boxes and returned home jingling, as was the custom, if successful.

The Amazon.

Dr. Fletcher recently delivered an interesting lecture on the Amazon river and its valley. He said, perhaps, all things considered, the valley of the Amazon, with its virgin forests, its mighty rivers, and its happy clime 'where eternal summer dwells,' is the most interesting portion of our globe betwixt 'Cancer' and 'Capricorn.' Dr. Fletcher took his audience up the majestic stream which the Tamoyo Indians called the 'king of waters,' and to which the civilized world gives the misnomer of the 'Amazon,' or, as in the Portuguese and Spanish languages, 'the river of the Amazons.' Dr. Fletcher gave a rapid sketch of the discovery of the river in 1542, by Orellana, an officer under Gonzalo Pizarro, who descended the river from Peru to the Atlantic, and encountering the Indians dressed in full war costume thought they were women-warriors, hence the misnomer. The fabled story of the city of the El Dorado, or gilded king, was narrated along with other incidents of history. Dr. Fletcher gave much information concerning the physical features of the great valley, how the trade winds give a constant supply of water which fills the vast system of rivers. There are more than 20,000 miles of steamboat navigation below and above all falls. The building of a railroad around the rapids of the river Madeira gives steam navigation into the heart of Bolivia. The gentle declivity of the main stream is remarkable, only an inch to the mile, which, the lecturer remarked, 'makes it the finest steamboat river in the world.'

The size of the valley is astonishing. It covers two-thirds of Brazil, three-fourths of Bolivia, two thirds of Peru, three-fourths of Ecquador, and one-third of the States of Colombia. Its area is more than twice that of the valley of the Mississippi, and is equal to that of the United States minus the states of California and Oregon, and Washington Territory. Alfred R. Wallace, the English traveler, says that more people can be supported in the valley of the Amazon than in any other equal space upon our globe. The climate is not extreme. In three visits to the Amazon Dr. Fletcher never found the thermometer indicating higher than 87 degrees Fahrenheit. Everything that can be cultivated in the tropics can be produced there, while the spontaneous productions of this region, in the shape of India rubber, sarsaparilla, ipecacuana, copaiva, vanilla, Brazil nuts, cabinet and dye woods, are inexhaustible. Only the narrow spirit of the Portuguese, which excluded all other than their own subjects until within the first quarter of this century, kept this region uninhabited. Ever now that vast valley has not a half million inhabitants, but it is waking up under the broad policy of the present emperor.

Curiosities of Ice.

In 1850 Mr. Faraday discovered that two pieces of ice placed in contact froze together almost instantly. Mr. Tyndall says, "One hot summer day I entered a shop on the Stand; in the window fragments of ice were lying in a basin. The tradesman gave me permission to take the pieces of ice in my own hand; holding the first piece I attached all the other pieces in the basin to it. The thermometer was then sixty degrees, and yet all the pieces were frozen together. "In this way Mr. Tyndall formed a chain of ice. This experiment may be made even in hot water. Throw two pieces of ice in a pail full of almost boiling water, keep them in contact and they will freeze together in despite of the high temperature. Mr. Faraday made an other experiment of the same sort. He threw into a vessel full of water several small pieces of ice. They floated on the surface of the water. The moment one piece touched another there was an instantaneous refreezing. Attraction soon brought all the pieces in contact, so that in an instant an ice-chain was formed.

An ice wheel turning on a surface of ice refreezes at the point of contact; during the rotation a series of cracks are heard which show the ear that successive refreezings are constantly taking place. The phenomenon of refreezing is easily explained. At the surface of a piece of ice the atoms, which are no longer in equilibrium on the outside, tend to leave their neighbors, as happens in boiling or evaporation. Melting ensues. But if two pieces of ice are brought together the atoms on the surface are restored to their equilibrium, the attractive action becomes what it was, the atoms resume their relations with their neighbors and juxtaposition ensues. In consequence of this property ice is endowed with singular plasticity. A rope and a knot or buckle made be made of ice. It may be molded. The school boy who fills his hands with snow and compresses it into a ball produces the phenomenon of refreezing, and forms an ice ball sufficiently hard to be a dangerous projectile.

This explains the extraordinary rigidity of the bridges of snow which are often seen in the Alps suspended over deep crevices. The Alpine guides, by cautiously walking on these snowy masses, freeze the particles together and transform the snow into ice. If snow be compressed in molds, ice statuettes may be obtained. Fill a hollow ball with snow, pressed in as hard as possible, and you may obtain ice balls admirably translucid. Nothing would be easier than to dine with a service made of molded snow—plates, glasses, decanters, all of snow. A gentleman in Paris recently served sherry wine to his friends before a hot fire in beakers made of snow. Snow compressed in this way does not melt so rapidly as might be thought. Ice requires a great deal of heat before it melts. A layer of ice often becomes a protection against cold. If you would prevent anything from sinking to a temperature below thirty-two degrees during the very severest frosts, we know you have but to wrap it in wet rags. The process of freezing gives to the environing bodies all the heat necessary to destroy it. The water in the rags slowly forms small pieces of ice on the rag, and in the meantime disengages heat, which warms the object wrapped in the rags.

A tree wrapped in rags, or in moss saturated with water, does not freeze even when the thermometer is several degrees below the freezing point. The slowness with which ice melts is well known. During the winter 1740 the Czar built at St. Petersburg a magnificent palace of ice, which lasted several years. Since then cannons have been loaded with balls and fired. They were fired ten times without bursting. It is consequently indisputable that ice melts slowly, and may be turned to good account in the polar regions. In Siberia the windows have panes of ice. The remarkable property with which particles of ice are endowed of molding themselves into different shapes by refreezing easily explains how glaciers make their way through narrow gorges and expand in valleys. The ice is broken into fragments which refreeze whenever they touch.

Bedlam.

The term "Bedlam" so often applied to lunatic asylums, is merely a corruption of Bethelehem, a hospital of that name having been set apart in London three centuries ago for the treatment of such patients. It need hardly be mentioned that insanity is a disease due to high mental cultivation. In Scotland the proportion is one to 563, while in England, where there is less culture, it is one to 788. In our own country it is one to 750. It is never found, however, among barbarians. There are but few lunatics in India, and in countries deprived of political liberty, such as Italy and Austria, the proportion is very small. Among the more noted instances may be mentioned George III., whose mind was disordered during the last thirty years of his life. Dr. Brown, former superintendent of the Bloomingdale (New York) Asylum, became a victim of the disease which he was treating, and the constant study of insanity led to his own mental wreck. Horace Greeley's case is too well known to require detail. Gerrit Smith, the famous philanthropist, was at one time deranged, and was during this attack an inmate of the Utica Asylum. James Otis, the revolutionary patriot, became deranged in his latter days, and while in this condition, was killed by a stroke of lightning. American statesmen have been remarkably exempt from this calamity.

A Shrewd Cat.

A gentleman who took a trip into the country yesterday, when on the plains a mile from any house, noticed a cat, a huge one, almost as large as a fair-sized dog. It was lying upon the ground, its feet uppermost in such a way that he had no doubt that it had fallen a victim to some vicious dog. Around it feeding unsuspectingly, was a flock of young birds. The apparently lifeless cat was within range of the vision of the observer for some time, and just as he was thinking how much easier it would be for the animal to feign death and catch a bird by deceiving it than by slipping up to it, he was astonished to see the cat suddenly roll over and grab one of the feathered tribe that was very near. The other birds flew away a hundred yards or so and alighted. The cat only made one or two mouthfuls of the game, and then crept around to the windward of the birds, laid itself out again, and once more successfully played the dead dodge. The gentleman drove away without seeing how many birds it took to satisfy the feline.

Treed by a Bear.

Mr. Field and Mr. Safenbery started down to Mancos, Colorado, to locate some farms, and having selected our choice we went over to the hedge of the valley to look for house timber, where we encountered a herd of deer. I had not gone over a thousand yards when a great big bear track caught my gaze, which made my hair stand straight on end. I cannot explain to you how I looked, but can assure you had that bear seen me just then I should never have got a look at him, to say nothing about a shot. However, I wanted to see and shoot a grizzly, and forgetting all about the deer and my friend, I followed the track and did not go over half a mile when I spied Bruin resting under a tree. I was within five hundred yards of him. I fired, but missed him. He got up and ran off. This made me a little more courageous and induced me to follow on. I had traveled about two miles and was just entering a large patch of small cedars when I saw him walking leisurely about a hundred yards ahead of me. This was my time. I was just in the act of firing when he heard me, stopped and looked around at me, as though to better receive the contents of my rifle, which told with good effect as you will see. As soon as I had fired he turned and made for me. I tried to get another cartridge into the rifle, but could not do it quick enough, so realizing my danger I made for a tree which tried to climb with rifle in hand, but being unable to do this I was obliged to drop it. I had got up the tree about eight feet, when he passed under it at the rate of about 20 miles an hour, and having lost sight of me returned and took the trail that I came in on. As he passed the tree the second time I could see the blood oozing from his right side which left a crimson mark on the snow, and knew from this that he was badly wounded By this time I was about thirty feet up the tree and felt much better. When he got out of sight I descended from my place of refuge to follow on again, but being just a little bit scared I did not like to venture alone, so I returned to the place where I left my friend, whom I found sitting on a large deer, which he had shot, waiting for me. Having lost all his cartridges I told him briefly of what had transpired, and arming himself with a small axe, we both took the trail. We did not travel far from the scene of conflict until we saw Mr. Grizzly reposing under a tree. As soon as he saw us he made a bold charge at us which compelled both of us to climb a tree in quick order, though this time I succeeded in taking my rifle. He did not come all the way and was on the point of turning when a well-aimed bullet from my rifle entered his head and killed him. We hauled him home with a horse, where the boys took off his skin. I never saw any kind of meat so fat—it was just like pork. He dressed nearly six hundred pounds, the largest bear killed here for many years.

Bone Caves.

Prof. Leidy, in company with Dr. Porter of Easton, Penn., visited in August last Hartman's cave, near Stroudsville, Penn., on the invitation of D. T. Paret of that place, and examined a number of interesting animal and other remains which were found there. The cave is partly filled with a bed of clay 10 feet deep, on which rests a thin layer of stalagmite, and on this about a foot of black, friable earth mingled with animal and vegetable remains. The cave appears to have been too small to be inhabited by the larger carnivora, and no large entire bones of them were found, but about half a bushel of fragments and splinters of limb bones of smaller and large animals have been collected, many of which exhibit marks of having been gnawed, whether by rodents or small carnivora Prof. Leidy does not assume to decide. Some of the splinters are derived from such large and strong bones that it is questionable whether even the largest carnivora could have produced them, and are presumed to be remnants of human feasts, in which the bones were crushed to obtain the marrow. A few of the bones are somewhat charred, among them a small fragment of a bison's jaw with a molar tooth. Most of the bones are of species still living, but some of them, as the jaws of the reindeer, bison and wood-rat, are of animals no longer belonging to the fauna of the state; and a few, as the teeth of the Casteroides Ohioensis and the jaws of a young peccary, are of extinct animals. None of the remains have been identified as positively pertaining to our domestic animals unless two of the teeth may be those of a foal or new-born horse. The vegetable remains include a few small fragments of charcoal and seeds of dogwood, pig-nut and walnut. Remains of human work were found—a large stone, celt of hard brown slate, from the bone earth some distance within the cave—nine bone awls, some of them gnawed; the prong of an antler, worked so as to be barbed on one side; a needle of bone resembling a crochet needle, a fish hook of bone, and a cone shell, of a species found on the western coast of Central America, bored through the axis as a head.

"Put on Petticoats."

The Indian custom is to butcher prisoners taken in battle. Such, however, was not the practice of Tecumseh, the great chief, who, as an ally of the British, fought against us in the war of 1812. He hated the Americans, but he fought as a warrior, not as a Thug.

In 1813, Col. Dudley, while attempting to relieve Fort Meigs, where Gen. Harrison was besieged by British and Indians, was defeated with great slaughter. As usual the Indians began killing the American prisoners. Gen. Procter, the British commander, looked coolly on and made no effort to restrain them.

Suddenly a voice sounded like a clap of thunder, and Tecumseh, mounted on a foaming horse, dashed among the butchers. Two Indians were in the act of killing a prisoner. Springing from his horse, Tecumseh seized one Indian by the throat and the other by the breast and threw them to the ground.

Drawing tomahawk and scalping-knife, he dared any Indian to touch another prisoner. A chief disobeyed, and Tecumseh brained him with his tomahawk. The Indians suddenly desisted.

"What will become of my Indians?" he exclaimed. Then, turning to Procter, who stood near, he sternly demanded why he had not put a stop to the massacre.

"Your Indians cannot be commanded," replied the General.

"Go away! You are not fit to command. Put on petticoats!" was the scornful reply.

The Republican.

SATURDAY, April. 30, 1881.

The dead lock in the Senate continues. Neither side will surrender. The Demo rats refuse to pair with Mahone, though they readily pair with the Republicans. They say that if he will announce himself a Republican, they will pair with him; but as he claims to be neither pig nor pup, they won't. Consequently Mahone has to stick close to the Senate Chamber all the time or lose his vote on some questions. It must be growing very fatiguing to Mahone and will probably grew more so between now and December.

Printer's Circular: Nothing presents a sadder commentary upon the present condition of society than the large number of families, both in towns and country—but more especially in the latter—that subscribe to no paper of any kind. Hundreds and thousands of families are thus growing utterly ignorant of what is transpiring in the world around them, ignorant of the mighty events of the day. But who can tell the vast amount of injury that is being inflicted upon the rising generation—those that are to take our place in the busy world at no distant day—growing up without any knowledge of the present or the past, this ignorance, too, being imbued into them by the sanction of those who should, and doubtless do, know better, did they only think of the injurious effect of their insane course. Let the head of every family think of this, and place in the hands of those for whom he is responsible the means of acquiring some knowledge of the moving panorama in which we act our different parts.

ED. REPUBLICAN.—We are of those who believe that the education of our children is a matter of great importance to the State, and we think every parent should know the location of each and every first class institution of learning. There is at Oxford an institution of learning of which its people are very justly proud—a mixed college, of high grade, with Prof. Jno. L. Dodson, an experienced instructor and a christian gentleman, as president. The history of "Oxford College" is short in propotion to the measure of its worth and the estimation in which it is held. In 1868 when the present thriving, busy town of Oxford, with a population of near fifteen hundred, was but a small cross roads village, Profs. Borden and Dodson, two christian gentlemen of long experience as instructors, with the aid and encouragement of a few old farmers, who then comprised the male citizens of Oxford, believing that an institution of high grade in any community would advance the material interest of that people, and thinking that education tends to make people better and happier, founded "Oxford College" and opened her portals to the young of both sexes. Since the day she was founded "Oxford College" has merited and received the patronage not only of Oxford and surrounding country, but her halls have been thronged with pupils from six or seven adjoining states; and to-day 188 pupils, male and female receive instruction from her teachers. Her curriculum is as high as that of any college in the State. Three years ago the graduates of the college organized an alumni Society, which meets annually in college chapel on commencement day. At these annual meetings, a male member, previously elected for that purpose, delivers an oration, and a female member reads an essay. At the approaching anniverary June 15th prox. Mr. W. W. Whitside is orator and Mrs. Col. Aiken, Gadsden, Ala., is essayist. There are two literary societies in the college, composed of the young men, which also celebrate their anniversary at the same time. Mr. Tennent Lomax, of Montgomery Ala, has been elected to deliver the address before the literary societies this year. Mr. Lomax is a graduate of our state University, a worthy and aspiring member of the Bar, and is a young man of great promise, being one of the finest orators of his age we ever had the fortune to hear. We congratulate the young men of the societies in securing so gifted and so eloquent a man as we know Mr. Lomax to be, to address them at their approaching anniversary. With the suggestion that parents, who have children to educate, can do no better than to send them to Oxford College, since for thoroughness of instruction and fidelity of training it has no superior, we close.

RALSEY BUSH.

We find the following in the Savannah Morning News of the 23rd inst. It will be of interest to his many friends in this community.

Admitted to the Bar.

Mr. George C. Whatley, a student in the office of Messrs. Garrard & Meldrim, on yesterday made application in the Superior Court to be admitted to the bar, whereupon the Court appointed the following committee to conduct the examination, to wit: Messrs. R. E. Lester, P. W. Meldrim, A. P. Adams and the Solicitor General. The applicant was, after a thorough and rigid examination by the committee, admitted to plead and practice law in the State Courts.

THE SITUATION EXPLAINED

Conkling, Matthews, Robertson, and Mahone Set Aright.

[Brooklyn Eagle.]

'My dear,' said Mrs. Spoopendyke holding a piece of lace to her overskirt and wondering whether she had better plait it on or full it in, 'my dear, who is this Congressman Lock who has just died?'

'What Congressman Lock?' asked Mr. Spoopendyke.

'Why, I read in the paper this morning that they couldn't do any business because of the dead Mr. Lock. Did you know him?'

'That ain't a Congressman,' said Mr. Spoopendyke. 'You read that there was a deadlock in the Senate. Wasn't that it?'

'Yes, and I read it all through, and when I found Mr. Conkling felt so bad about it I thought Mr. Lock must be a Congressman.'

'No, he isn't either. The deadlock means that the Democrats and Republicans can't agree.'

'Good gracious! Have they had another falling out? I shouldn't think the Republicans would fight the poor Democrats any more. What have they been doing now?

'They haven't been doing anything. Senator Mahone, of Virginia, went over to the Republicans, and—'

'I see,' interrupted Mrs. Spoopendyke, 'and Mr Conkling won,t have him confirmed. Though I can't understand why they should interfere with Mr. Mahone's religion. If the poor man wants to join the church I—'

'Who want's to join a church? Who's a church? Think Mr. Conkling's a Bishop? Got an idea he's an altar? S'pose he's a dod gasted chapel with ivy all over him, a spike fence and a chime of bells? It's Stanley Matthews he don't want confirmed.'

'I read about him, too,' rejoined Mrs. Spoopendyke. He's Mr. Garfield's collector, isn't he?'

'No, he ain't. That's Judge Robertson. Mr. Garfield wants Judge Robertson for collector, and Mr. Conkling is opposed to him.'

'I don't see why he should be. Though of course I should suppose Mr. Garfield would rather have a man like Mr. Mahone who is going into the church.'

'Where's your sense?' snorted Mr. Spoopendyke. 'What d'ye want to mix things up for? Trying to make a grab bag of prominent Americans? Stanley Matthews is candidate for Judge. Mr. Mahone is a Senator and Robertson is appointed collector, but like Matthews, hasn't been confirmed. You can see through that?'

"Of course, I understand that; but I cant see any excuse for fighting the Democrats, unless they think that Mr. Robertson would collect money from Mr. Mahone, and Mr. Matthews would send him to jail. In that case—'

'In that case it would take you to straighten them out!' squealed Mr. Spoopendyke. 'What're you trying to get up now, an idiot asylum? Are you planning for a murder, and trying to get up an insanity plea? What d'ye think Robertson's going to collect, hens? Got a notion that Matthews is a penitentiary, sitting around to be leased out? Imagine Mahone to be the national debt? Well, they ain't they're men, I tell ye, men with legs,' and Mr. Spoopendyke kicked out both his own foot handles by way of illustration. 'Conkling is opposed to Mr. Matthews and Robertson. He says they shan't be confirmed, and he is a friend of Mahone.'

'That's what I didn't see,' said Mrs. Spoopendyke. 'I am glad Mr. Mahone will be confirmed though I don't care for Mr. Matthews and Mr. Robertson. It will teach them to repent their sins, and not fly into the face of Providence. I am glad Mr. Conkling is a good Episcopalian.'

'Oh! he's a prayer book!' howled Mr. Spoopendyke. 'You've found him out! You've got him! All he wants is a red cushion and a rack nailed up in front of him to be a dod gasted mourners bench! Did'nt I tell ye he was a Senator? Do you know what a Senator is? It's something shaped like a pie, a measley pie! Understand it now?'

'And is Mr. Mahone a Senator too?' asked Mrs. Spoopendyke, a new light dawning upon her.

'No, he ain't a Senator!' grinned Mr. Spoopendyke; he's a lightning rod to keep howling idiots from falling overboard. Begin to see it? And they want him confirmed, so if he finds any dod gasted old female named Spoopendyke slopping into a canal, he will slam a church on top of her! Got the idea?'

'Upon my word, my dear, remonstrated Mrs. Spoopendyke, 'you talk extravagantly. Mr. Mahone may fight Democrats, but he never would go around throwing churches at women. I dont know Mr. Mahone, but I don't believe he would do a thing of that kind. As for Mr. Matthews and Mr. Robertson, they know their business best, but if they have abused Mr. Conkling, I would never read one of Mr. Matthews' decisions and Mr. Robertson might call here every day for a month and he could never even collect the paper bill. I don't think it's right to trust such men with the contribution box, and I know the missionary ladies would never permit him to collect the subscription.'

'That's it!' yelled Mr. Spoopendyke. 'There's the science of government! All you want now is a saloon in the basement to be the national capital! What you need is a gas-meter, a veto, to be an improved White House! When Robertson comes here for the milk bill you pay him, you hear! And when Matthews is Justice of the Peace for Brooklyn you have Conkling arrested for stealing coal, you hear! That'll fetch it! You've got the idea now! All you want to do is to live all summer in the soldier's home to be a complete administration! If I had your vision I'd get up on three sticks and hire out as a telescope!'

'Of course, I'll do as you say,' replied Mrs. Spoopendyke, submissively, 'and if Mr. Conkling should take some of our coal, unless it was by mistake, I should certainly feel like complaining of him. If Mr. Robertson comes I will pay him, though the milk is not as good as the first we got. Perhaps Mr. Matthews will fix that when he gets to be Justice. Do you think Mr. Mahone will come too?'

'Come,' shrieked Mr. Spoopendyke, 'of course he'll come. He's liable to be here any minute. He's a burglar, I tell you, and he may come over the back fence to night. Look out for him—I think I hear him now,' and Mr. Spoopendyke fell clear over himself into bed and pulled the clothes over his head.

Oh, What A Cough!

Will you heed the warning. The signal perhaps of the sure approach of that more terrible disease Consumption. Ask yourselves if you can afford for the sake of saving 50 cents, to run the risk and do nothing for it. We know from experience that Shiloh's Cure will Cure your Cough. It never fails This explains why more than a Million Bottles were sold the past year It relieves Croup and Whooping Cough at once. Mothers do not be without it. For Lame Back, Side or Chest use Shiloh's Porus Plaster. Sold by Borden & Co., Jacksonville, Ala.

Shiloh's Catarrh Remedy. A marvelous cure for Catarrh, Diphtheria, Canker mouth and Head Ache. With each bottle there is an ingenious nasal Injector for the more successful treatment of these complaints without extra charge. Price 50 cts. Sold by Borden & Co. Jacksonville Ala. Jan'y 15'81—ly

Dyspepsia & Liver Complaint

Is it not worth the small price of 75 cents to free yourself of every symptom of these distressing complaints, if you think so call at our store and get a bottle of Shiloh's Vitalizer, every bottle has a printed guarantee on it, use accordingly and if it does you no good it will cost you nothing. Sold by Borden & Co., Jacksonville, Ala.

'What have you been drinking or eating?' exclaimed his wife as he returned late at night. "Liquorish,' he responded and then he winked at himself in the dark, and breathed thin till she got asleep.

Sheriff Sale.

BY virtue of two fi. fas. issued from the Circuit Court of Calhoun county, and to me directed—one in favor of Thos. A. Walker and against E. L. Woodward, and others, and one in favor of Thomas A. Walker, and against E. L. Woodward, and others, (transferred to Wm. Dothard.)—I will sell, at public outcry, before the court house door in the town of Jacksonville, Calhoun county, Ala., within the legal hours of sale, to the highest bidder for cash, on

Monday the 6th day of June, 1881,

the following described real estate, to wit:

All of E. L. Woodward's interest in the S W ¼ and S E ¼ of N W ¼ and S W ¼ of N E ¼ of Sec 27, T 13, R 7 and N half of S E ¼ of S E ¼ of S E ¼ of Section 28, T 13, R 7, 260 acres more or less, and known as the Bart Griffin place Levied upon as the property of E L. Woodward to satisfy said fi fas.

JAMES B. PARMER,
april30—5t Sheriff.

THE STATE OF ALABAMA, }
Calhoun County, }

In Probate Court for said county, Special Term, April 25th, 1881

This day came Elias Stephens, Guardian of Thomas P. Brown, minor heir and distributee of the estate of Benj. F. Brown, Sr., deceased, and filed in court his account and vouchers for an annual settlement of his said Guardianship.

It is ordered by the court that the 21st day of May, 1881, be and the same is hereby appointed the day upon which to hear and pass upon said account and to make said settlement, and that notice thereof be given for three successive weeks, in the Jacksonville Republican, a newspaper printed and published in said county, as a notice to all persons interested to be and appear before me at my office, in the Court House of said county, on said 21st day of May, 1881, and contest said settlement if they think proper.

A. WOODS,
apr30—3t Judge of Probate.

STATE OF ALABAMA, }
Calhoun County }

In Probate Court for said county, Special Term, April 26th, 1881.

This day came Elizabeth J. Yoe, Administratrix of the estate of John Yoe deceased, and filed her account and vouchers for an annual settlement of said estate.

It is therefore ordered by the court that the 1st day of June, 1881, be and is hereby appointed the day upon which to audit and pass upon said account and to make said settlement, and that notice thereof be given for three successive weeks by publication in the Jacksonville Republican, a newspaper printed and published in said county, as a notice to all persons interested, to be and appear at my office in the court house of said county, on said 1st day of June, 1881, and contest said settlement if they think proper.

A. WOODS,
apr30—3t Judge of Probate.

Trustee's Sale.

BY virtue of a Ded of Trust made by Wm. A Wood, on the 7th of March, 1871, to me as Trustee to secure debts due P. Powan and Rowan, Dean & Co. which is recorded in Book C., 2nd Vol. Register Deeds, page 408 to 410, in Probate Court of Calhoun county, Ala: I will sell for cash, at Corn Grove, upon the premises, at public outcry on Wednesday the 25th day of May next, the real estate described in said deed in trust, viz: All that tract of land consisting of about thirty acres, more or less, and being part and parcel of section 11, T. 16, R. 9, east, in the Coosa land district, and known as part of the tract which said Wood purchased of John Yoe, and which said tract lies adjoining the lands owned by John Ross and John Davis, on the day said deed of trust was executed and bounded on the west by the road running from White Plains to Chulafinee, and also bounded by the road leading from Corn Grove to Edwardsville, and also adjoining school land lot. Terms cash.

WALTER DEAN,
apr23—'81—4t Trustee.

TAX SALES.

NOTICE is hereby given that the following lands and lots were decreed by the Probate Court of Calhoun county, Ala., on the 11th day of April, 1881, "it being the second Monday in said month, and a regular term of said Probate court," to be sold for the taxes and costs due thereon for the year 1880, and all previous taxes assessed against them, and the undersigned, as Tax Collector, will proceed to sell said lands and lots on the 6th day of June, 1881, being the 1st Monday in said month, before the court house door in the town of Jacksonville, Ala., to satisfy said taxes and all costs thereon.

SARA ADAMS—State—Prec. No. 1.
Half interest in lot in Jacksonville, 1878–9–80.

State tax	$4 10
County tax.	2 10
Levy $1 00, Notice 25c.	1 25
Probate Judge's cost,	70
Advertising,	2 15
	$10 30

TOM HARRIS—State—Pre. No. 1.
One house and lot in Jacksonville, 1874, 1875–79 and 1880.

State tax,	$7 28
County tax,	3 90
T. C. cost,	1 25
Probate Judge's cost,	70
Advertising,	2 15
	$15 35

IRA C. HILL—State—Pre. No. 1.
Half interest in house and lot in Jacksonville 1876, '79 & '80.

State Tax	$2 10
County tax	1.15
Tax C. cost	1.25
Probate Court	.70
Advertising	2 15
	$7.35

Owner unknown—State—Pre. No. 4
Bounded South by W. H. Canada and West by E. J. Haynie.
Eighty acres in Sec. 36, T. 15, R. 7. for 1875, 79, & 80.

State tax	$2.15
County tax	1.15
Tax Collector cost	1.00
Probate Court	.70
Advertising $2.15 and $2.15	4.30
	$9.30

Owner unknown—Pre. No 6. N. ½ of S. W ¼ Sec. 31, T 13. R 7, 80 acres for 15 years from 1866 to 1880.

State tax	$58 50
County tax	27.00
Tax Collector cost	1.00
Probate Court	.70
Advertising $2.15 & $2.15	4.30
	$91.50

Owner unknown—Pre. No. 8. Frac C. S. of Ind., B. Line Sec 5, T. 13, R. 9 About 45 acres for 15 years 1866 to 1880.

State tax	$5.36
County tax	2.47
Tax Collector cost	1.00
Probate Court	.70
Advertising $2.15 & $2.15	4.30
	$13.83

Owner unknown—State—Pre. No. 8. Frac. B. Sec. 4, T. 13, R. 9—40 acres —1878 1879 1880.

State tax	$ .82
County tax	.42
Tax Collector cost	1.00
Probate Court	.70
Advertising $2.15 & $2.15	4.30
	$7.24

W. W. BROWNING—State—Pre. No. 12. W. ½ of S. E., and S. ½ of N. E. ¼ Sec. 4 T. 16 R. 8 and N. W. ¼ of N. E. ¼ Sec. 5 T. 16 R. 8—200 acres—for 1874 1875 1879 & 1880.

State tax	$10.82
County tax	5.48
Tax Collector cost	1.25
Probate Court	.70
Advertising	2.15
	$19 90

Owner unknown—State—Pre. No 13 N. E. ¼ of N. E. ¼ Sec. 11 T. 16 R. 8—40 acres—1878 1879 & 1880.

State tax	$1.02
County tax	.52
Tax Collector cost	1.00
Probate Court	.70
Advertising $2.15 & $2.15	4.30
	$7.55

Owner unknown—Pre. No. 15. N. W. ¼ of N. W. ¼ Sec. 36 T. 15 and R. 8—40 acres, for 10 years, 1871 to 1880.

State tax	$3.25
County tax	1.50
Tax Collector cost	1 00
Probate Court	.70
Advertising $2.15 & $2.15	4 30
	$10.75

D. Z. GOODLETT
Tax Collector Calhoun county, Ala.
april 30 1881—t. d. s.

STATE OF ALABAMA, }
Calhoun County }

In Probate Court for said County, Special Term, April 23rd, 1881 }

This day came J. M. Woodley, Administrator of the estate of Wm. G. Woodley, deceased, and filed in court his account and vouchers for an annual settlement of said estate.

It is therefore ordered by the court that the 21st day of May, 1881, be and is hereby appointed the day upon which to audit and pass upon said account, and make said settlement, and that notice thereof be given for three successive weeks by publication in the Jacksonville Republican, a newspaper printed and published in said county, as a notice to all persons interested, to be and appear at my office in the court house of said county, on said 21st day of May 1881, then and there to contest said settlement if they think proper.

A. WOODS,
apr30—3t Judge of Probate.

Notice to Creditors.

NOTICE is hereby given to the creditors of the estate of L. H. Wagnon, deceased, that letters of administration was granted to the undersigned as administratrix of said estate by the Probate Court of Calhoun county, Ala., on the 25th day of February, 1881. All persons having claims against said estate will present the same to me, properly authenticated, within the time prescribed by law, or they will be barred by statute.

D. H. WAGNON,
apr23–3t Adm'x.

I present to the public the fine stallion formerly owned by Mr. A. M. Landers. Seymour was sired by Halifax and Black Hawk; weighs one thousand and fifty pounds; only nine years old and in splendid condition The past has proven that Seymour is by far the finest stallion that has been in this part of the country for years, and I have no hesitation in assuring the public that full and entire satisfaction will be given in every instance. JOSEPH H. NOLEN

N. B.—At Calhoun Fair the finest colts entered for premiums were unanimously awarded to Seymour. ap23–4t

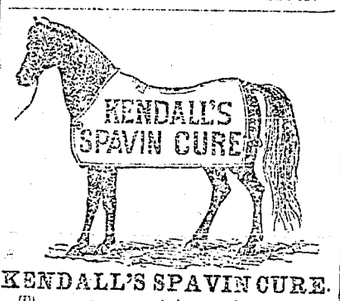
The Cincinnati Southern railroad has contributed $5,000 to the Exposition in Atlanta, in October next.

SANTA CLAUS DEPOT
FOR
CHRISTMAS
Holiday Goods
AT
H. A. SMITH'S
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL
MUSIC
AND
BOOK STORE,
Rome, Ga.

Just opening out an immense stock of Writing Desks, Work Boxes, Toilet Setts, China and Glass Vases, Motto Cup, Saucers and Mugs, Fancy Glass Inkstands, Stationery, Photograph and Autograph Albums, Bibles, Prayer Books, Poetical and standard works, Juvenile books. Pictures, Picture Frames Tin, China and Rubber Toys in great variety, Wax Dolls, Games, Silver-plated Ware, suitable for wedding and holiday presents, Gold Pens, Port Monaies, and a thousand novelties.

Piano's and Organs, of the best make, at wholesale prices. Order by mail solicited. Prices cheerfully given.

dec4 H. A. SMITH.



KENDALL'S SPAVIN CURE.

The most successful remedy ever discovered, as it is certain in its effects, and does not blister. Read proof below.

From Rev. P. N. GRANGER.

Presiding Elder of the St. Albans District.

St. Albans, Vt., Jan. 20, 1880.

Dr. D. J. Kendall & Co., Gents: In reply to your letter, I will say that my experience with 'Kendall's Spavin Cure' has been very satisfactory indeed Three or four years ago, I procured a bottle of your agent, and with it cured a horse of lameness caused by a spavin. Last season my horse became very lame and I turned him out for a few weeks, when he became better, but when I put him on the road he grew worse, when I discovered that a ring bone was forming. I procured a bottle of 'Kendall's Spavin Cure,' and with less than a bottle cured him so that he is not lame, neither can the bunch be found.

Respectfully yours,
CHAS. E. PARKER.

Perseverence Will Tell.

Stoughton, Mass., March 16th, 1880.

B. J. KENDALL & Co., GENTS:—In justice to you and myself, I think that I ought to let you know that I have removed two bone spavins with 'Kendall's Spavin cure,' one very large one, don't know how long the spavin had been there. I have owned the horse eight months. It took me four months to take the large one off, and two for the small one. I have used ten bottles. The horse is entirely well, not at all stiff, and no bunch to be seen or felt. This is a wonderful medicine. It is a new thing here, but it does for all what it has done for me, its sale will be very great.

Respectfully yours,
CHAS. E. PARKER.

Kendall's Spavin Cure.

Kelleys Island Erie co. O. Mch. 28 1880.

DR B. J. KENDALL & Co., GENTS:—I have used your 'Kendall's Spavin Cure' on a bone spavin, and am pleased to report that it has taken the enlargement completely off. It took only one bottle to perform the cure. I am confident if it is properly used, it will do all you claim for it.

Yours truly,
C. M. LISCOMB.

Statement Made Under Oath.

TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN.—In the year 1875, I treated with Kendall's Spavin cure, a bone spavin of several month's growth, nearly half as large as a hen's egg and completely stopped the lameness and removed the enlargement. I have worked the horse ever since very hard, and he never has been lame, nor could I ever see any difference in the size of the hock joints since I treated him with Kendall's spavin Cure.

R. A. GAINS.

Enosburgh Falls Vt., Feb. 25th, 1879.

Sworn and subscribed to before me this 25th day of Feb., A. D., 1879.

JNO. G. JEENE,
Justice of the Peace.

Kendall's Spavin Cure
On Human Flesh

PATTEN'S MILLS, WASHINGTON CO N. Y., Feb. 21. 1878.

B. J. KENDALL, M. D, DEAR SIR:—The particular case on which I used your Spavin Cure was a malignant ankle sprain of sixteen month's standing. I had tried many things, but in vain. Your Spavin cure put the foot to the ground again, and for the first time since hurt, in a natural position. For a family liniment it excels anything we ever used.

Yours truly,
REV. M. P. BELL,
Pastor M. E. Church, Patten's Mills N. Y.

Kendall' Spavin Cure is sure in its effects, mild in its action as it does not not blister, yet it is penetrating and powerful to reach every deep seated pain or to remove any bony growth or other enlargement such as spavins, splints, curbs, callous, sprains, swellings, any lameness and all enlargements of the joints or limbs, or rheumatism in man and for any purpose for which a liniment is used for man or beast. It is now known to be the best liniment for man ever used, acting mild, and yet certain in its effects.

Send address for Illustrated Circular which we think gives positive proof of its virtues. No remedy has ever met with such unqualified success to our knowledge, for beast as well as man.

Price, $1 per bottle or six bottles for $5. All druggists have it or can get it for you, or it will be sent to any address on receipt of price by the proprietors. DR. B. J. KENDALL & CO., Enosburgh Falls, Vermont.

G. A. Rankin & Lamar, Atlanta, Ga. Smith & Co., Nashville Tenn., Agents.

JAMES HUTCHINSON,
Barber & Hair Dresser,

Room on Office Row, recently occupied by Dick Walker.

If you desire to have a pleasant and clean shave, or have your hair trimmed in neat and fashionable style, give him a call. Jacksonville, Apl. 20, 1878

NEW DRUG STORE.
H. F MONTGOMERY & Co.
West Side Public Square,
JACKSONVILLE, ALA.

Dealers in all kinds of Drugs and Medicines, Paints, Oils, Patent Medicines, Glass, Stationery, Blank Books, Toilet articles, Lamps, Garden and Field Seeds, a choice selection of Fancy Groceries Tobacco, Cigars, &c. All goods guaranteed fine and fresh. Special prices made to Merchants and Physicians.

Prescriptions carefully compounded by our S. S. Linder, M. D.

apl6–3m

JOHN. T. MOYE,
Watchmaker
and Jeweler
—DEALER IN—
Watches, Clocks, Jewelry,
Musical Instruments, Spectacles, Silver Plated Ware, Etc.,
MAIN STREET, OXFORD, ALA.

Particular attention paid to repairing fine Watches and Jewelry. Sewing Machines repaired and warranted to work as good as new. Needles for all kinds of Sewing Machines on hand. Ap. 2–1y

The People Appreciate Merit
EAGLE AND PHENIX
PERFECT
BALL SEWING THREAD
COLUMBUS, GEORGIA.

PREPARED BY A PROCESS USED IN NO OTHER MILL

IT HAS NO EQUAL

16 Balls to Pound, 1 lb. Packages. 20 Balls to Pound, 2 lb. Paper Boxes.
Packed in Cases of 20, 30, 50, 100 or 500 Pounds each.

Uniform Price. Invariable Discounts.

Sold by all Jobbers.
ASK FOR "EAGLE & PHENIX." USE NO OTHER.

Notice No. 715.

LAND OFFICE AT MONTGOMERY ALA. March 30 h. 1881.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Clerk of the Circuit Court at Edwardsville, Ala, on the 7th day of May, 1881, viz:

Thomas Swafford Homestead Entry No. 6188 for the E half of S E qr. and N W qr of S E qr and N E qr of S W qr Sec 8 T 14 S R 11 E.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of said land, viz:

Tilman B. Cole, Edmund Jackson, Seed Abner, John Abner all of Oak Level Ala.

PELHAM J. ANDERSON,
April 2, 81. Register.

NOTICE 6956.
MONTGOMERY, ALA., March 7th, 1881.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the clerk of circuit court of Calhoun county, at the county site, on Friday 29th of April, 1881, viz, Sarah J Monk, widow of Silas Monk, Hd. No. 4424, for the south east ¼ of north east ¼ of section 26, township 15 south, range 8 east. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land viz, Joseph Reidinger, James B Reidinger, Elijah Y Burst and John P Reidinger, all of Anniston P O. Ala.

PELHAM J ANDERSON,
mar12—5t Register.

Music Lessons.

The undersigned will be pleased to receive pupils for instruction either on the lame, organ or guitar, at low rates.

She is stopping at the Reavis House, where she can be consulted as to terms.

Apl 2—5m Mrs J. C. FULTON

UNDERTAKING.
L. A. WEAVER.
JACKSONVILLE, ALA.,

Has just received and now has in stock a full line of

COFFINS, METALIC CHRYSTAL BURIAL CASES & CASKETS,

from the size of the smallest infant (in white gloss finish) to the largest man (in Rosewood finish). These are directly from the Factory, and are of the latest and most highly finished styles. Prices vary with finish on work.

jan29 1881—3m.

STATE OF ALABAMA. }
Calhoun County. }

In Probate Court for said county, Special Term, April 7th, 1881.

This day came Jno. J Woodall, administrator of the etate of Wyly Woodal deceased and filed in court his account & vouchers for an annual settlement of his said administration:

It is therefore ordered by the Court that the 2nd day of May, 1881, be and is hereby appointed a day upon which to examine and audit and pass upon said account and make settlement and that notice thereof be given for 30 days in the Jacksonville Republican, a newspaper printed and published in said county prior to said day as notice to all persons interested in said settlement, to be and appear before me, at my office in Jacksonville, Calhoun county, Ala., on said 2nd day of May, 1881, and contest said settlement if they think proper. Given under my hand this April 7th, 1881.

A. WOODS,
Judge of Probate.

apr16—3t.

HORSE BOOKS
Dirt Cheap!

Some months back we ordered several hundred volumes of a valuable Horse Book, to be used as premiums to subscribers. The time for which we offered the book as a premium expired and left a number of the books on our hands. To relieve them out, we will sell them below cost. The book contains ninety-one pages and is copiously illustrated. It is full of valuable receipts for the treatment of diseases of the horse. It has been largely sold in this county for fifty cents. We will sell it for TEN CENTS at this office, or FIFTEEN CENTS when ordered by mail. Parties ordering by mail may pay in postage stamps. Address,

REPUBLICAN OFFICE,
Jacksonville, Ala.

Write your name and post office plainly.

SHERIFF SALE.

Under and by virtue of three fi fas issued from the Circuit Court of Dallas county, to me directed in favor of the Coosa Land Co. against J. C. S. Timberlake and others, I will sell, before the court house door, in the town of Jacksonville, Calhoun county, to the highest bidder for cash, in the legal hours of sale, on the first Monday in May, (that being the 2nd day of said month) the following described Real Estate to wit: The west half of Section Township 16, Range 8, except twenty acres off the west side of the S. W. fourth. Also five acres, more or less, off the east of the S. W. fourth of said half section which lies on the north side of the county road to Chulafinee. All cost, in the Coosa land Dist. Calhoun county, Ala. Levied upon as the property of W. P. Gannaway.

Printers fee $8.

Also at the same time and place

By virtue of one fi fa issued from Circuit Court of Calhoun county, in favor of C. S. Poole and against Ellis Walker and Jno. N. Forbes, I will sell to the highest bidder for cash the following described Real estate to wit: The N E qr. of the S E qr. of Section 11. Township 16, Range 8, Calhoun county Ala. as the property of Ellis Walker.

Prs. fee $4. JAMES B. PARMER.
April 2 1881—5t. Sheriff.

H. L. STEVENSON. L. W. CRAIG.

STEVENSON & GRAIG
Real Estate Agents
JACKSONVILLE, ALA.

Real estate bought and sold. Books open at law office of Mr Stevenson.

TAX ASSESSOR'S NOTICE.
SECOND ROUND.

I will attend the places mentioned, at the time stated, for the purpose of assessing the State and County tax for the year 1881.

Precinct No. 11, White Plains, Monday, May 2, 1881
" " 12 Davisville, Tuesday " 3
" " 17 Farmerville, Wednesday " 4
" " 13 Oxford, Thursday and Friday, " 5 & 6
" " 15 Anniston, Saturday " 7
" " 4 Gannaways S. House, Monday " 9
" " 14 Sulphur Springs, Tuesday " 10
" " 5 Polkville, Wednesday " 11
" " 6 Peeks Hill, Thursday " 12
" " 7 Hollingsworth's, Friday " 13
" " 8 Greens S. House, Saturday " 14
" " 9 Cross Plains, Monday " 16
" " 16 Ladiga, Tuesday " 17
" " 10 Rabbit Town Wednesday " 18
" " 3 June Bug, Thursday " 19
" " Alexandria, Friday " 20
" " 1 Jacksonville, Saturday " 21

All persons will please bring with them a list of their property with valuation annexed.

A. B. LEDBETTER.
Tax Assessor Calhoun County
apr19—6t

The Republican.

NOTICE! NOTICE!

...will print single announcements ...ds free of charge; but we can... afford to publish obituaries and ...es of respect free of charge. It ...s money to have them set up and ...ss and our friends and soci... ought not to expect of us free in... of such matter. The rule of all ...apers is to charge for these things ...fter to cover expense of composi... we shall charge one fourth adver... rates for all obituaries and tributes ...pect and shall send bill to the par... sends us same. We will publish ...tuary or tribute of respect sent us ...onymous writers.

...39—tf.

...rd at Crow's.

...e strawberry crop promises to be ...fine this year.

...ll and get a horse book before they ...one. Only ten cents at the office

...e editor went to Cleburne county ...week, will which account for lack ...itorial matter.

...r. Zack Wakefield has bought the ...n farm in the edge of town and will ...citizen of Jacksonville next year.

...ig Barton and Mr. Coffey of ...urne were in town Saturday last. ...y report Cleburne in good condition.

...Good Mackerel at Crow's.

...00 bushels of cotton seed for sale, ...e miles of Alexandria, by T. H. ...ments.

...Wm. Neighbors, who was shot in ...s Plains some days ago, a short ac... ...nt of which was published by us last ...k, is still living at this writing.

...Extra Family Flour at Crow's.

...Our thanks are tendered Capt. Jas. ...ook for a plate of golden butter from ...e of his fine Jersey heifers. It is so ...superior to the butter from the com... ...on cow, that it spoils one to taste it.

...Hay is selling in this market at $40 ...ton and at $35 in Rome. An acre ...good land will easily yield two tons. ...Cents cotton to death.

...The man who is going to be most in... ...dependent next year is the man who will ...ve plenty of corn, fodder and hay to ...ed his stock until the succeeding crop ...mes in. Corn and hay bills make an ...rful hole in the cotton money.

...Extra fine N. O. Syrup at ...row's.

...Mr. Jno M Crook has just laid on ...r table a fine sample of his present ...op of wheat and oats. They are both ...rust proof variety and very fine. ...The wheat heads measure about four ...hes in length.

...Noose has written us anything of the ...ring of the two Cleburne men at ...ette, in this county, and we are in ...ession of no facts additional to those ...first published two weeks ago. We ...think it is a mistake that one of the ...men died.

...Plant corn. If there should be a short ...crop this year, the merchants would be ...so crippled that they could not possibly ...advance supplies for another year. ...Hence it is all important that farmers ...plant enough corn to do them another ...year, while it is yet time.

...Any person or any church in this or ...adjoining counties, who may wish to ...purchase a piano or organ, can get bet... ...ter bargains than elsewhere or from any ...agent by applying to Republican office. ...Prices and cuts of instruments will be ...exhibited on application.

...The Selma Times has donned a new ...dress and is now one of the handsomest ...dailies in the South. The editorial de... ...partment is now looked after, and alto... ...gether a great revolution for the better ...has been made in the paper. We wish ...the new proprietors unbounded success.

...Mrs. L. D Miller sent to friends in ...Jacksonville Tuesday a most magnificent ...collection of hot house plants and flow... ...ers, from which a choice selection of ...hot house plants to Mrs. J. F. Grant. ...The greenhouse of Mrs Miller is said to ...be a very attractive one, filled with the ...choicest plants and rarest flowers ob... ...tainable in this country.

...Maj. R. D. Williams has clover knee ...high and says he will begin soon to graze ...his plow stock on it and feed them with ...corn only once a day. The saving of ...forage will be great, and yet farmers in ...the country can be found who will tell ...you that it won't pay to plant clover or ...the grasses. They prefer to buy hay ...from the West at two cents per pound, ...we presume.

...Any parties who may be owing the ...Cleburne County Clarion will please ...settle the bill at the Republican office. ...The former management of the office ...contrived to drop the debts of the con... ...cern on our shoulders and we are anx... ...ious to discharge them out of the assets ...of the office. We can't get a settlement ...out of the former publisher and have to ...adopt this course by way of notification ...to parties who subscribed for or adver... ...tised in the Clarion.

...Mrs. L. W. Cannon desires to ...sell some corn in the shuck. A ...good opportunity for those in need ...of this article.

MORE FINE STOCK FOR CALHOUN.

Mr. James Crok has just received by express a very handsome Jersey bull calf—rich in breeding and perfect in form. He has in his pedigree four crosses of the celebrated Jersey cow Alphea, No. 171—now the recognised Queen of the dairy—which gave 26 quarts of milk in one day and 24½lb of butter in one week. He is also grandson of Mercury, No 432, and of Rioter 2nd, No. 469, and Europa, 176. Mercury, No. 432, at 12 years of age sold for $1000, and is now advertised in the New York Country Gentleman & Cultivator, to make the season of 1881 at $250 per cow. Rioter 2nd, No. 469, and Europa, No 176, are the sire and dam of Eurotas, No. 2454, a cow that has a record of 778lbs and 1 oz. of butter in 11 months and 6 days.

Mr. Crock's herd, before the above valuable accession, was regarded as first class in every respect, combining in pedigree such noted strains as Sutliff's Pansy, No 1019, Couche's Lilly, No. 3237, Bradly cow, 2052, Duffy, No. 2522, Jewel Beauty, No. 1668, and Albert, 44, Splendid, No. 2, McClellen, 25, and St. Clement, No. 10. By the heavy expense incurred and great care bestowed in the selection of his herd, Mr C. has placed himself in the front rank of Jersey breeders, and richly deserves the liberal patronage accorded to him by purchasers, which is at present measured by a demand in excess of ability to supply.

Nor has Mr. Crook been less progressive in the breeding of thoroughbred Marino sheep and Angora goats. We learn from his shepherd that he clipped from two selected rams and two ewes last week, 7½lbs of fleece. These sheep, it will be remembered, were exhibited by Hon. E. Townsend, of Genesee county, New York, at the New York State Fair, and carried away the first premium over all competitors. We congratulate Mr. Crook and the country upon his almost unexampled success in this new branch of Southern industry and enterprise.

A Decided Improvement.

Messrs. Rowan, Dean & Co., have entirely separated the clothing department of their large establishment from the main body of their goods, and now have a room devoted to Ready Made Clothing exclusively. They have their clothing now so arranged that customers can see at a glance all suits of different qualities and choose such as they want. They have always carried a large stock of Ready Made Clothing, but this season they have excelled themselves both in the variety and magnitude of their stock in this department. Suits of all grades from the finest to the cheapest can be had of them at prices astonishingly low. In addition to their stock of clothing they have an extra attractive line of hats and gents boots and shoes, so that it is no trouble for one to get fitted out from tip to toe in the very latest and most fashionable gentlemans wear at their establishment. Go and see their attractive exhibition in this Department.
april 30—2 w.

The two schools of Mrs Ida Woodward and Miss Vista Welch entertained visitors Friday last. We attended and enjoyed the exercises very much. The pupils of both schools showed remarkable proficiency in their studies, while other exercises were charming to a degree. We learn that Mrs. Woodward and Miss Welch have united in the employment of Mrs. Fulton to teach their pupils the beneficial and graceful accomplishment of calesthenics. When they have become perfect in this, the two schools will give a public entertainment, at which a very small admission fee will be charged. The programme, so far as outlined to us, will be decidedly charming and interesting. Future notice will be given of the time, and there will doubtless be a large attendance.

Disolution Notice

The firm of C. W. Brewton & Co. has this day dissolved by mutual consent. The liabilities of the firm will be discharged by C. W. Brewton, and all debts due the firm are payable to him. This 25th day of April 1881.

C. W. BREWTON.
JNO. M. MILLS.

C. W. Brewton announces to his many friends and customers that he can be still found at the Red Store, behind a large and handsome stock of goods, ready and willing to wait on them.

Thankful to the public for patronage extended the firm while I was a member of it, I will say, on retiring, that I most heartily commend Mr. Brewton to the public and bespeak for him a liberal patronage.
April 30—3t.

JNO. M. MILLS.

The News From Oxford.

By Jean De.

This town needs a dog law.

The loafers are nearly all off on fishing excursions.

The Oxford String Band will, we understand, shortly reorganize.

Messrs. Clardy Brothers' new brick yard will have a capacity of 25000 per day.

The mumps are prevalent in this section, and in some cases they assume a very malignant form.

A citizen who knows told us the other day that there are 1500 bales of last year's cotton yet in Choccolocco Valley, to come to Oxford.

The prohibition movement is fast gaining ground all over the country. We believe it has friends and adherents right here in our midst.

There is much complaint of the bad condition of the road leading out to Chulafinnee. One mud-hole, near Lee's mills, is said to be very dangerous. The Commissioners should attend to this.

Mr. Freeman Smith, who has been fifteen years a resident of this county, died at his residence 1½ miles South-east of this place, on the 20th inst., of inflamation of the bowels.

Farmers report their wheat crops as excellent—where they escaped the overflow(!) Those who were present during the "late dampness" will not bank much on the wheat crop from these assurances.

There will be quite a number of new buildings, business houses and dwellings erected here during the summer.

The Cardwell Thrasher and Separator. The Little Giant Cotton and Hay Press, Mercers Turbine Water Wheel, are among the excellent, reliable and cheap agricultural implements offered by Mr. James McKibbin. Hard pan prices. Easy terms.

The gloomiest indication of hard times is to see farmers hauling out wagon loads of Western hay. To have to buy a rough age which they may have on any Southern farm, for the trouble of gathering, is a reflection both on the frugality and the industry of our country people.

Mr. James McKibbin of Oxford, will make it to your interest to consult him if you are in need of saw mill, grist mill, ginning, threshing or other machinery. He is a first class machinist of thirty years experience. He has direct factory agencies for everything in this line and can undoubtedly give satisfaction both in goods and prices.

"O. W." writes us from Alexandria that he was not the author of the postal card to us, published last week, but that it was written by a young friend of his who had mistaken something he said on the subject as instructions to send such a card, which is all satisfactory. We find no feeling whatever on the subject, and "O. W." has our continued wishes for his success and happiness in life.

If Sidney Smith, whose genial nature was a well-spring of pleasure to his friends, had suffered with an inactive liver he would have used Portaline, or Tabler's Vegetable Liver Powder. Price 50c. For sale by H. F. Montgomery & Co., Jacksonville, Ala.

White's Cream White Vermifuge is the best Worm killer. ap30—1c

Our Times and Old Times.

When my mother was going to get a new dress, or gown as it was called then, sixty years ago, the woman that was engaged to come to the house to cut and make it told her she was so tall and large she must get six yards for it. Five yards was a common pattern, and fifty cents for cutting and making and a dime found. What a change from this day to this! The cloth cost one dollar and the making fifty cents, and the dress was worn to meeting. The fashion and and pay of the preachers has changed. The first Methodist preacher in our get $100 for one years salary, and if he had a present of a pair of socks he must report it. The second preacher had a wife and got $150. The third preacher had a wife and three children, and $35 was added for each child. Bishop Hedding in our time got less than $75 a year. Also Priest Clough and Lorenzo Dow less than either. Our old Methodist preachers worked for a living and for God instead of for reputation and a salary.

I was thinking about the fashions in domestic affairs, say music, fifty years ago. Governor Trask and I met at Mason for Thanksgiving with the family where he got his wife—at old Uncle Saul Squire's, uncle to us both. Their house music was, for treble, the flax spinning-wheel played by one of the girls; for the tenor, the large spinning-wheel played by another girl; for bass, the old lady wheeling away at the old loom, all working to make their music profitable and healthy. The fashion of those days was to have a good healthy family of from eight to ten children all learnt to work for a living. What a change! Instead of a good healthy family now, all up in the morning early to work, we see from one to three little pinaying children, with a sickly mother not able to take care of two as our mothers would ten, fifty years ago without a hire i girl. The children now must now be in fashion—be in bed until eight or nine in the morning, no appetite, little vitality. They play on some kind of instrument, and go to school to be crowded with more kinds of lessons than our school teachers ever knew. But this is the fashion and pretended improvement of this age.

Perhaps this generation does not look at these things as I do, but I think that health, economy and morality are not improved by getting high wages or a fashionable education. This generation will spend what it takes to have earned. Generally it is watching the pause of the man who has property, longing for the time to come when it will come in possession of what it has not earned. It is known fact that the rising generation are spendthrifts. In my travels in different states I see many old hard working men come to want in their old age for their children, to whom they have given up their property, who produce nothing, but consume what others have produced. Old men keep the key of your corn crib in your own hands while you live! What would this educated generation do for a living if they were thrown back upon their own economy as their fathers were sixty years ago? or where many now live in new sections of the country by tilling the land—the work God desired man to do? I think the time is near when many of the loose, loafing and tramping class will fall back to tilling the land, so a thousand in many places. What a great change in this respect in sixty years! About one half of the population have to support the other half by tilling the land. For there is no intrinsic value, except what comes by digging in the earth—[*Letter to Springfield Republican.*]

Oft in the stilly night the sufferer with piles wonders where he could obtain relief until he sought and found it in Tabler's Buckeye Pile Ointment, certainly the best remedy for piles. Price 50c. For sale by H. F. Montgomery & Co., Jacksonville, Ala.

White's Cream White Vermifuge is the best Worm killer. ap30—1c

LITTLE ROCK, ARK., April, 22. Rev. Robert Mattlock, who was found hanged in Iberb county, a few days since, was lynched, as was supposed. Mattlock was preacher of the new light fanaticism prevalent in this region. Last year the enthusiastic among his followers, who believed in blood atonement, under the lead of Mattlock, killed six or seven men. Mattlock murdered Thomas Miller at a barbacue last August with a knife. He was tried and acquitted as insane. A short time ago a murdered man was found on the top of mountains between Telico and Batesville, and the circumstances pointed strongly to Mattlock as the murderer. The community was greatly excited and Mattlock is also supposed to be the victim of the blood atonement.

Obituary.

Sister Martha B. Towns, wife of Brother J. N. Towns, was born in the year 1832 in Calhoun county, Alabama, lived and died in one mile of the place where she was born. Was married to Brother J. N. Towns February 14th 1853. Professed religion and joined the M. E. Church South in the year 1854. Departed this life on the 3rd day of April 1881.

Sister Towns was truly the Salt of the Earth, an ornament to society, a bright and shining light in the church of God, a devoted wife, kind and loving mother. Her last illness was of short duration. Her death was sudden; but she assured the writer, just as she was leaving this world, that all was well with her. A father and mother, six brothers and sisters and seven of her own dear little children have already preceded her to the glory land. By her death a vacuum is left in the church that is hard to fill. She is missed in the community where she lived. She was possessed with that noble christian character to visit the sick and afflicted. Many will rise up in the morning of eternity and call her blessed. May God bless the brothers and sisters, husband and her two dear children. May we all bow reverently to this dispensation of God's providence and resolve to meet her in Heaven.

W. M. TAYLOR.
Oxford, Ala., April 20, 1881.

Dried Beef, Bologna Sausage and Canned Tomatoes at
Hammond's Sons.

WANTED.—To sell a second hand Leader Distributor for $10. Now in use on plantation of R. D. Williams, Esqr. Apply to Republican office.

One splendid platform spring wagon with pole, shafts and movable top for sale.
m. 12 tf. * JAMES CROOK.

Farmers would do well to call on Crow Bros. and try some of the new brands of guano sold by them as chemists say it is of the highest grade.

E. R. Williams challenges the county to show a prettier or better stock of Ladies Shoes as well as a handsomer or better stock of Gents Shoes and Boots that he has now in stock. To see them is to buy them.

Cottonades and other goods manufactured by the Mississippi Mills, best ever brought to this market, at E. R. Williams' store.

High grade of Ginnos at Williams'.

Choice Line of Family Groceries at Williams'. He can give bargains in Sugars.

Bargains in Ladies Dress Goods and Dry Goods of all descriptions at E. R. Williams'.

Don't buy Ladies Shoes until you look at Williams' stock. Positively the nicest and best lot ever brought to this market.

The large store at Woodward's corner is packed and jammed with BARGAINS.

You want to get the most goods you can for your money, don't you? Well, then, go to Williams.

JUST RECEIVED
—BY—
J. D. HAMMOND'S SONS,

An Elegant Stock of

SPRING GOODS, Boots, Shoes, Hats, of latest styles, for both Gentlemen and Ladies, embracing

DRESS GOODS, for Spring wear, of all descriptions, Prints, Linens, Lawns, Pipings, plain and fancy, etc., all at closer figures than ever.

GENTLEMEN'S Spring Clothing, of latest patterns and nobbiest styles. Our

FAMILY GROCESIES

is kept fully up to the demands of the day.

AGRICULTURAL Implements, of all kinds. Also, Hardware, Cutlery and Tin ware in abundance.

THANKING our friends for past favors, we are ever ready to show goods and prices to all. Don't fail to call and examine our stock before purchasing elsewhere for our goods are very attractive.

GARDEN & FLOWER

Seeds, for the Ladies, always kept by us. Now is the time to plant.

CALL SOON and be convinced that we are selling at ROCK BOTTOM PRICES for cash.

Truly,
J. D. HAMMOND'S SONS,
mar24— Jacksonville.

LIVERY STABLE.
STEWART & SHARP,
Successors to
W. E. WHITELEY.
Rome, Ga.

KEEPS CONSTANTLY on hand to hire, Good Horses and Excellent Vehicles. Splendid accommodations for Drovers and others. Horses, Carriages and Buggies always on hand for sale. Entire satisfaction guaranteed to all who patronize us.
dec 18, 1880—3m.

The Selma Rome & Dalton
—AND—
East Tennessee, Virginia and Georgia Railroads,

Forms the quickest and most comfortable route to

Eastern Cities,

—AND—

ONLY ROUTE
—TO THE—
Watering Places
—OF—
East Tennessee and Virginia

The principal Inducements are
SPLENDID SCENERY, QUICK TIME, THROUGH CARS.

The only line passing through the mountainous regions of East Tennessee and Virginia. For information address,
JAS. R. OGDEN, G. P. A., Knoxville.
RAY KNIGHT, A. G. P. A., Selma.

TRAINS RUN AS FOLLOWS:

MAIL TRAINS DAILY.

No. 22, North,	Stations.	No. 21, South
5.00 a m.....	Lv Selma Ar.....	9.20 p m
6.46 a m.....	Randolph Lv.....	7.35 p m
7.21 a m.....	Montevallo	6.54 p m
8.05 a m.....	Calera	6.35 p m
10.30 a m.....	Talladega	3.47 p m
11.36 a m	Oxford	2 40 p m
12.57 p m.....	Jacksonville	1 32 p m
3.53 p m.....	Rome .....11.20 a m	
6.45 p m.....	Dalton	8 50 a m
8.20 p m.....	Ar Cleveland Lv...	6.33 a m

ACCOMMODATION TRAINS
DAILY—SUNDAYS EXCEPTED.

No. 24 North.	Stations.	No. 23 South.
4.05 p m.....	Lv Selma Ar.....	10.50 a m
7.35 p m.....	Randolph Lv.....	7.50 a m
9.05 p m.....	Montevallo	6 20 a m
10.30 p m.....	Calera	5.45 a m
2.45 a m.....	Talladega	5.30 p m
4 35 a m.....	Oxford	3.55 p m
7.00 a m.....	Jacksonville	2.10 p m
1.10 p m.....	Rome	9 25 a m
5.10 p m.....	Dalton	6 20 a m
7.10 p m.....	Ar Cleavland Lv .	3.20 a m

Tickets as low as any other route.
PAY KNIGHT,
Gen. Ticket and Passenger Ag't
jan 29, 1881 Selma, Ala.

Louisville & Great Southern
RAILROAD LINE
The Quickest and Shortest
ROUTE TO ALL POINTS
NORTH & EAST,
Only One Change of Cars
—TO—
CHICAGO, ST. LOUIS, CLEVELAND DETROIT, PITTSBURGH, Philadelphia, N. York, Boston
AND THE BEST ROUTE TO
BALTIMORE & WASHINGTON

PULLMAN PALACE CARS
Run through from Birmingham to
MOBILE NEW ORLEANS
LOUISVILLE AND CINCINNATI.
Trains run as follows:

Lv Birmingham	9 25 a m	12.01 a m
Ar Louisville	11 55 a m	3.25 p m
Lv Birmingham	4.15 a m	5 50 p m
Ar Mobile	3 50 p m	4 50 a m
Ar New Orleans	9.45 p m	10.12 a m

Agents at all stations can give you full and reliable information as to time and connections to all points, and will procure you rates and through tickets on application. For further information address
C. P. ATMORE, G. P. A.
jan29, 1881 Louisville, Ky.

The Jacksonville Hotel

Has changed hands and is undergoing a thorough change, and the proprietor proposes to make it a first class Hotel in every respect. I am now prepared to accommodate the traveling public and all who favor me with a call. I guarantee clean rooms and nice clean bedding, and the table furnished with the best the market can afford at reasonable rates. Give me a call and see for yourselves.

H. REAVIS,
jan. 29—3mos. Proprietor.

TRADE
SSS
MARK

PERRY HOUSTON COUNTY, GA.

We have known "Swift's Syphilitic Specific" tested in hundreds of cases of Syphilis, Mercurial Rheumatism, Scrofula, etc. It made the most *perfect and permanent cures in every case.*

Hugh L Dennard, Sam D Killien, Judge Co. Ct., J L Warren, of J W Lathorp & Co., Savannah, Ga., Ed Jackson. Dep't Clerk Sup'r court, Wm Branson, Eli Warren, J W Wimberly, J C Gilbert, Druggist, J W Mann, county Treasurer, Wm D Pierce, Sh'ff. C C Duncan, Day & Gordon

I am acquainted with the proprietors and many of the gentlemen whose signatures appear to the foregoing certificate. They are men of high character and standing.

A. H. COLQUIT,
Governor of Georgia.

THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO.
Proprietors, Atlanta, Ga.

Sold by all Druggists.
Enquire for copy of 'Young Men's Friend.'
mar12—1y—w

Do You Want Health?

Why will you die? Death, or what is worse, is the inevitable result of continued suspension of the menstrual flow. It is a condition which should not be trifled with. Immediate relief is the only safeguard against constitutional ruin. In all cases of suppression, suspension or other irregularity of the "courses," Bradfield's Female Regulator is the only remedy. It acts by giving tone to the nervous centres, improving the blood and determining directly to the organs of menstruation. It is a legitimate prescription, and the most intelligent physicians use it. Prepared by Dr J. Bradfield, Atlanta Ga. $1.50 per bottle. Sold by all Druggists.

NOTASULGA, ALA., July 7, 1877.

Bradfield's Female Regulator has been thoroughly tested by me in a great variety of cases, and I am fully convinced that it is unrivaled for all that class of diseases which it claims to cure.

mar12—eowly J. C. HUSS, M. D.

STATE OF ALABAMA,
Calhoun County.

In Probate Court for said county, Special Term, April 15th 1881.

This day came J. W. Williams, Guardian of Jas W and J. F. Johnson, minors, and heirs at law of John B. Williams, deceased, and filed in court his account and vouchers for a final settlement of his said Guardianship.

It is ordered by the court that the 16th day of May, 1881, be and is hereby appointed the day upon which to audit and pass upon said account and to make said settlement, and that notice thereof be given for three successive weeks in the Jacksonville Republican, a newspaper printed and published in said county, as a notice to all persons concerned, to be and appear before me at my office in the court house of said county, on said 16th day of May, 1881, and contest said settlement if they think proper.

A. WOODS,
apr23—3t Judge of Probate.

CITY BAR!

The undersigned has with particular care selected for this season, a very fine lot of

LINCOLN COUNTY WHISKEY,

Direct from the Distillery, as well as

Apple and Peach Brandies,

His Liquors are bought under bond and he knows them to be fine and pure. A general line of goods in Liquors of all brands. Beers, Cider, &c., including Sacrament Wine. Also a large lot of fine Cigars, Tobacco and Snuff,

My Billiard Parlor

is still the favorite resort of those who love the game. Respectfully,
JNO RAMAGNANO.
Jacksonville, Ala.

N B—Persons indebted to me are requested to come forward and settle accounts by Cash or Note jan29—3m

J. D. FOSTER & CO., Rome, Ga. F. W. HART, Atlanta.

HART, FOSTER & CO.

Manufacturers and Dealers in

Doors, Sash, Blinds and Builders Material.

—A GOOD STOCK IN STORE OF—

WHITE OR YELLOW PINE.

Estimates Furnished on Application.

All extra sizes to order on short notice and at bottom prices. Will duplicate Chattanooga or Atlanta prices, saving our customers the freight. Office with J. D. Foster & Co. Ware Room foot of Elm Street, on the Coosawda river,
une 15, tf ROME, GA.

LIVERY
—AND—
SALE STABLE.

The Undersigned having bought the Hammond Livery Stable of Mr. Wilson, have entered upon their business and will be glad to serve the public.

We expect to keep Vehicles, Horses and Mules for sale, and are prepared to guarantee bargains in this line.

Our terms will be very reasonable and strictly cash.

Horses boarded at low rates. Give us your patronage and we will give you satisfaction. Respectfully,
MARTIN & ADAMS.
jan 15—tf.

STARTLING DISCOVERY!
LOST MANHOOD RESTORED.

A victim of youthful imprudence causing Premature Decay, Nervous Debility, Lost Manhood, etc., having tried in vain every known remedy, has discovered a simple means, which he will send FREE to his fellow-sufferers. Address J. H. REEVES, 46 Chatham St., N. Y.

$2 [illegible] Catalogues &c. Thompson & Co. 125 Nassau st. N.Y.

665'81—1y

A GREAT CAUSE OF HUMAN Misery is the loss of

MANHOOD

A Lecture on the Nature, Treatment and Radical cure of Seminal Weakness [illegible] Impotency, Nervousness, Premature Decay, and impediments to marriage generally; Consumption, Epilepsy and [illegible] mental and physical incapacity, &c.—by Robert J. Culverwell, M. D., author of the "Green Book," &c.

The world-renowned author in this admirable lecture, clearly proves from his own experience that the awful consequences of self-abuse may be effectually removed without dangerous surgical operations, bougies, instruments, rings, or cordials; pointing out a mode of cure at once certain and effectual, by which every sufferer, no matter what his condition may be, may cure himself cheaply, privately and radically.

☞ This Lecture will prove a boon to thousands and thousands.

Sent, under seal, in a plain envelope, to any address, on receipt of six cents or two postage stamps. We have also a sure cure for Tape Worm. Address
THE CULVERWELL MEDICAL CO.
41 Ann st New York N. Y.
oct 6-86-1y Post Office Box 1586.

FRANK W. BOWDON, ROBT. L. ARNOLD.

BOWDON & ARNOLD,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW
—AND—
Solicitors in Chancery,
JACKSONVILLE, ALA.

Will practice in all the Courts of the Circuit, U. S. Dist. Court and Supreme Court of the State April 24, 1880

A. L. STEWART & CO

Have recently opened up in the rooms formerly occupied by A M. Landers, Jacksonville, Ala, a new establishment, embracing

DRY GOODS,

READY MADE
CLOTHING
HARDWARE, CROCKERY,

And everything else kept in a General Variety Store. They hope to merit by fair dealing and liberal terms to customers a fair share of the trade of this vicinity.

We will see to it that none go away dissatisfied. Give us a call and determine for yourselves.
jan29—3m

CALHOUN COLLEGE.

The exercises of Calhoun College will be resumed on the SECOND MONDAY in January 1881. Terms the same as last session.

W. J. BORDEN, Prin.
dec. 25—tf.

W. C. LAND,
WATCHMAKER,
—AND—
JEWELER.

Jacksonville, - - - Ala.

Also, agent for Meriden CT Table cutlery and silver and plated ware. Also agent for Elgin Watch co. and other American make.
May, 1st 1880.

S. S. LINDER,
PHYSICIAN & SURGEON
Jacksonville, Ala.

☞ Office at Montgomery & Co's Drug Store during day and at H. F. Montgomery's residence during night.
apr16—3m.

FIRE INSURANCE.
—O—
I. L. SWAN AG'T,
JACKSONVILLE, ALA.
Four Good Home Companies to wit,

Georgia Home,	*Ga.*
Home Protection,	*Ala.*
Central City,	*Ala.*
Columbus Ins. and Banking Co.,	*Miss.*

May 1st, 1880.

ROBINSON WAGON CO.
CINCINNATI, O.

This Company have just finished complete shops with every facility of the latest improved machinery, and are prepared to manufacture

STANDARD TRADE
VEHICLES,
SUCH AS

Farm Wagons,
Spring Wagons,
Platform Wagons,
Ludlow Spring Wagons,
Farmers' Two Seated Carriages,
Standard Trade Buggies,
Elegant Brewster Buggy, &c.

☞ Send for Designs and Prices, to
ROBINSON WAGON CO.
Oct. 9, Cincinnati, Ohio.

JOS. A. WARDEN. W. H. WOODWARD

Warden & Woodward,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW,
Jacksonville. Ala.

Will practice in all the courts of the Circuit, and the Supreme Courts of the State. Prompt attention given to the collection of claims.

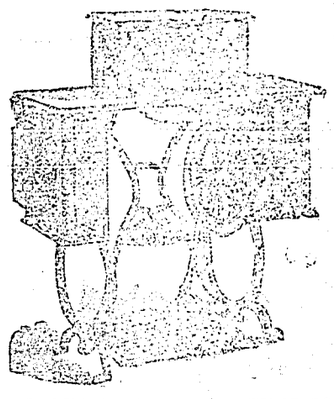
A CARD

About three years ago we were requested by some of our employees to purchase sewing machines for them. After a careful examination of all the leading machines we were convinced that the "White" was the best sewing machine manufactured and we bought six. These instantly created a demand for more, and without special effort on our part, the demand has grown so that we are now selling

100 Machines a year

and our sales are continually increasing. This is the best evidence of the superior merits of the "White."
WOODSTOCK IRON COMPANY,
Anniston, Ala.

UNPARALLELED SUCCESS
OF THE
White Sewing Machine



IN THE THIRD YEAR OF ITS EXISTENCE, ITS SALES AMOUNT TO

54,853 Machines.

NO OTHER MACHINE EVER HAD SUCH

A RECORD OF POPULARITY.

It is the Lighter-Running, Easiest Selling, and Best Satisfying Machine

IN THE WORLD.

PRICES, 25 TO 40 DOLLARS.
For Sale by
WOODSTOCK IRON CO.,
Anniston, Ala

AGRICULTURE.

FEEDING FOR EGGS.—Hens are the most valuable stock on the farm. They require little care, and yield large dividends. The writer has kept three horses, one cow, a brood of turkeys, and about 125 hens during the present winter, and he thinks the hens have paid the whole bill, without attempting to obtain the best retail prices. The eggs were sold at wholesale—the buyer making a profit of ten cents per dozen. Perhaps I may add a word which other writers omit. First, kill in the Fall nearly everything but early Spring pullets; these can be made to lay all Winter. The older the hen the fewer the eggs. Second, warm the food, for the first meal especially. Let there be a variety of food—buckwheat and wheat screenings are the best grains: corn and oats come next. The best animal food in my experience is a beef's head. They will consume everything except the eyes. It costs twenty five cents and will last a week. When they have eaten the outside meat crack it open for the brains: next split in two and with an axe pound up a portion of the bone daily Next stop and listen—hear them sing, and see them run for the nest. A beef's head is more profitable than lard scraps, as the latter has been pressed until the substance is nearly gone. Keep an iron pot near the kitchen into which order all the scraps from diningroom. This usually goes to the pig; hereafter let it go to the Brahmas toward evening. Buy your pork if you think it is fit to eat.

BEST VARIETIES OF WHEAT.—At a recent meeting of millers in Cincinnati, the comparative value of the different kinds of wheat for flouring purposes was considered. It was found difficult to decide which should be declared best, on account of the modifying influences of climate and soil in a territory measured by 23 deg. of latitude and 57 deg. of longitude, an area of three and a quarter millions of square miles. It was declared that the same varieties growing in different States *differ materially in milling value*; that the Fife of Northern Minnesota and Dakota is far superior to the same kind grown in Lower Illinois and Wisconsin; that the Rappahannock of Virginia, Georgia and Tennessee, is much richer in gluten than the same grown north of the Ohio River.

Still the comittee venture to recommend for milling purposes the following winter varieties: "Longberry Amber," Lancaster, Indiana Red, Alabama Orange, Velvet Chaff, Rappahannock and Jennings. The first two are preferred, being rich in gluten and valuable for shipping to warm climates. The third is also very glutinous, as is the Alabama, a variety that yields poorly in the harvest. The Jennings is whole and hard, making flour of good color and strength. The Orange makes a family flour of fair strength, with small proportion of offal. The Rappahannock is variable, not very rich, yielding a good family flour but is easily damaged by moisture. The Velvet Chaff is early, has a stiff straw, well adapted to rich soils, yields fairly in milling a product of good strength. Clawson and Fultz, both of which are varieties popular with growers on account of their large yield, are unpopular with millers, who declare them soft and weak, with little gluten.

POTATOES.—A Kansas farmer says he raised some of the finest peach blow potatoes he ever saw In the following manner. In the latter part of May I drove my two horses and plough to the patch of ground I wished to plant and commenced ploughing around it. My boy followed, dropping potatoes, one in a place, every fifteen inches and in every other furrow. I turned a light furrow on them, and when done I covered the whole patch with straw to the depth of three inches. They needed no cultivation, and in August, when we were having our dry spell, the potato vines in fields planted in the ordinary way were drying up and dying, these potato tops of mine were growing vigorously, completely covering the ground. I shall plant again in this way, but, in the event of a wet season, I think the potatoes will be watery. It will be a good plan to plant both ways.

DURING the dead of winter any living plant which looks green adds to the cheerfulness of a room, and a mass of beautiful verdure is obtained by the following expedient: Take about twenty or thirty ears of wheat and tie them together, leaving the straw about two inches long. Hang them up for a few days, keeping them sprinkled with water; the top will soon become a pyramid of verdure, and will retain its beauty for several weeks. This simple plan may be put in practice at any time in the winter months.

A farm cart, which, with good usage, would last almost a lifetime, will last only a few years when exposed to the weather.

Not the least promising applications of the new luminous paint is found in the production of a safety lamp for coal miners. It is said to give light enough for practical use, and, as it contains no fire, or heat, it is evident that its use is absolutely free from risk. By means of this form of lamp, in connection with blasting by compressed air, fire and the attendant danger of exploding gas might be ruled out, and the most dangerous mines be made quite safe.

Herr Bergel, of Berlin, has bought out a curious device by means of which pictures of various kinds are burnt out on a piece of ordinary-looking rose-colored paper. A glowing match is applied at two finely-perforated points, and the sparks communicated then begin gradually to move over the paper, tracing out the picture. Neither leaves its proper path or injures the paper beyond, and when the end of the path is reached the spark goes out.

An easy method for showing whether butter is adulterated with beef fat has been submitted by Hager. He saturates a cotton wick with a suspected sample, which is first melted. He then lights the wick and permits it to burn for about two minutes. At the end of that time, when the wick is extinguished, an odor like that given off by a tallow candle, when its flame is blown out, is readily perceived if the butter is artificial.

The experiment of irrigating lands in the neighborhood of Paris with water from the sewers is said to be working successfully. Sterile tracts of land have been converted into fertile plains while no increase of sickness among the inhabitants has followed, as was apprehended.

A great telescope lens, nearly twenty-nine inches in diameter, is being finished for the Paris Observatory.

DOMESTIC.

CURE FOR DIPHTHERIA.—Diphtheria is becoming a dreadful scourge and the writer of what is here said, saw the working of this cure in the hands of an English physician at a time when the disease was prevalent in an English town. Speaking of the physician's application, the writer says: "All he took with him was powder of sulphur and a quill, and with these he cured every case without exception. He put a spoonful of flour of brimstone into a wineglass of water, and stirred it with his finger instead of a spoon, as the sulphur does not readily amalgamate with water. When the sulphur was well mixed he gave it as a gargle, and in ten minutes the patient was out of danger. Brimstone kills every form of fungus in man, beast or plant in a few minutes. Instead of spitting out the gargle he recommends the swallowing of it. In extreme cases in which he had been called just in the nick of time, when the fungus was too nearly closed to allow the gargle, he blew the sulphur through a quill into the throat, and after ehe fungus had shrunk to allow of it, applied the gargle. He never lost a patient from diphtheria. If a patient cannot gargle, take a live coal, put it into a shovel and sprinkle a spoonful of flour of brimstone at a time upon it, let the sufferer inhale it, holding the head over it, and the fungus will die. If plentifully used, the whole room, may be filled almost to suffocation, the patient can walk about in it, inhaling the fumes with the doors and windows shut. The plan of fumigating a room with sulphur has often cured most violent attacks or cold in the head and chest."

ONE secret of making short crust light is to roll it only once, and to handle it as little as possible. Superior pastry will be improved by the addition of the yolk of an egg and two or three drops of lemon juice. It is generally understood that, for the best crust, equal quantities of butter and flour *should be taken*; but very excellent pastry indeed may be made with half the weight of butter to that of flour, and good plain pastry may be made with six ounces of butter or clarified dripping and a teaspoonful of baking powder to one pound of flour. For meat pies it is really undesirable that a large portion of butter should be used.

MOCK GINGER PRESERVE.—Cut into strips the thick rind of a watermelon, trim off the green and cut out the inside until the rind is firm; cover with water, into which throw enough soda to make the water taste of it; let stand from twelve to twenty-four hours; take out, boil in clear water until a straw will go easily through; drain; put into syrup made of good brown sugar, very strongly flavored with pounded ginger; let boil slowly until the syrup penetrates the rind. This is almost as good as ginger preserve.

STEWED BEETS.—Wash two or three large beets without breaking the skin or removing topstalks or roots; boil them an hour in boiling water and salt; then peel and slice them and stew them an hour in the following sauce: Mix together in a saucepan over the fire one tables poonful each of butter, flour and vinegar; gradually stir in a pint of boiling water; season the sauce with a saltspoonful of salt and a quarter of a saltspoonful of pepper.

SCOTCH COOKIES.—Beat two cups of sugar with one cup of butter and five tablespoonfuls of milk in which has been dissolved one teaspoonful of soda. Beat two eggs quite white and add them. Mix two teaspoonfuls cream tartar with half a pound of flour and a teaspoonful of powdered cinnamon. Mix the whole together, adding more flour from time to time to make a dough. Roll thin and bake quickly.

To wash a fine cambric handkerchief, embroidered in colored silks, so that the colors do not run, the secret is to wash in a soap lather very quickly, wring thoroughly and then iron, so that it dries at once. There should be no soaking, and the embroidered corner should be kept out of the water as much as possible. A little alum in the water will make the process more sure.

ALWAYS have in the house a bottle of alcohol for use in case the gas pipes become frozen. A portion of the alcohol poured in the top-cock opening in the main supply pipe will enable you to have gas light, whereas you may be obliged to spend an entire evening, as Mosses did when the light went out in the dark.

LEMON PIE.—For a good sized pie take one large lemon; grate the rind and add the juice to one and one-quarter cups of brown sugar. Beat the yolks of four eggs with a pinch of salt; add to the above, which requires only one crust. When baked, beat the whites of four eggs to a stiff froth with a little white sugar spread and dry in the oven.

Professor Fleeming Jenkin has stated that the following are the main conditions to be fulfilled in putting a house into good sanitary order: 1. The liquid refuse from the house must have a free passage to the town sewer. 2. The air from the town sewer must not have a free passage into the house drain. 3 No air or gas from the drainage channels of the house must enter the house. 4. No water or liquids must leak from those channels into the ground under the house. 5. The drinking water must be stored in such a manner as to run no risk of contamination. 6. The air of the dwelling rooms must be supplied without contamination.

Professor Tyndall says that "burning" of zinc is to be regarded as one of the most serious drawbacks to the general use of the electric light. Zinc, it is known, may be burnt in air—that is, oxidized; it may also be burnt or oxidized in acidulated water, but it has to displace the oxygen from the hydrogen for this to occur, and four-fifths of the heat is used up in this process. Thus it is that when zinc is thus burnt only the remaining one-fifth is available for the purpose intended. The rate of the burning makes no difference—one ounce of zinc, for example, always gives out the same amount of heat.

In 1669 Johannis Swammerdam wrote a treatise upon insects, in which he declared he could show all the parts of a butterfly in a caterpillar, and could make the change of the caterpillar proceed slowly, so that he could produce a creature half butterfly and half caterpiller. The experiment was performed in the presence of the duke of Tuscany.

HAPPINESS and prosperity are so indissolubly linked with good health, that all those suffering with Hoarseness, Cough, Colds, etc., should try Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup and be cured. Price 25 cts.

HUMOROUS.

"GUILTY or not guilty?" asked the Galveston Recorder.

"Of course I'm not guilty."

"You went into this gentleman's room at the dead hour of night with a false key?"

"That's just so, but I am not to be blamed for the false of the key, am I?"

"No levity, sir. You found him fast asleep?"

"So I did, and I didn't wake him up, either. My family doctor says it's dangerous to waken a sleeping man."

"I suppose it is, particularly if he had a six-shooter handy. You took the sleeping man's pants and stole noiselessly down stairs and gave them to a confederate."

"That's all so, except I didn't steal down stairs."

"You mean you stole up stairs."

"No; I didn't steal at all."

"You are doing some tall lying now."

"And I didn't turn the pants over to a confederate, either. He was a Union man all during the war."

"You admit you took the pants?"

"Certainly, Judge; but if the truth has to be told, I'll give it to you. I went and got those pants merely to show to my friend, who wanted to take a pattern of them to have a pair built just like them. I was going to take them back I was interrupted by the police. Do you suppose if I was a stealing man I wouldn't be in official position?"

The case was taken under advisement.

[Springfield, (Mass.) Republican.]

Edgar T. Page, Esq., Druggist, writes us from Chicopee Falls, that Mr. Albert Guenther, under Wild's Hotel has used that remarkable remedy, St. Jacob's Oil, for a severe case of rheumatism and it relieved and cured him, as it by magic. He also used it with great success among his horses, in cases of sprains, sores, etc., and it cures every time.

THE other day a bright three-year-old boy, "who has been around some," was taken to church to be baptized and christened. Although the little fellow's parents are church people, they mingle much with the world and are quite regularly at the theater, where the little three-year-old always accompanies them. Being taken into church there was some delay before the ceremony was proceeded with, and the unregenerate youth becoming uneasy, cried out in a loud impatient tone, "Ma, why doesn't the curtain go up?"

IT was a little evening gathering. She was a delicate daisy of about forty summers and as many hard winters. They were eating fruit and she remarked as she delicately pared the peach: "The skin of a peach always sets my teeth on edge." Her little nephew who is sharp eared and sharp eyed, said, "Well, auntie why don't you take your teeth out and lay them on the window sill, like you did this morning?" Her appetite for fruit vanished. The boy will sit sideways on the bench when he goes to school next Monday.

"AH, dear," sighed Miss Fitzjoy, as she yawned wearily. "There isn't anything to occupy one's mind now. I've made toilet cushions and tidies, and embroidered slippers and painted majolica jugs until I'm weary of life. I believe I'll go down into the kitchen and watch Jane make bread. I suppose I ought to know how many pints of yeast it takes to make a loaf." And she penetrated the business part of the house only to find out that bread was "raised" from the baker's cart.

[Des Moines Iowa State Register.]

We notice the following in an exchange: Mr. G. B. Haverer, Foreman N. Y. & N. H. S. B. Co., suffered for eight days with terrible pain in the back, almost to distraction, until he heard of and used St. Jacob's Oil, one bottle of which cured him completely.

SMITH—"Say, Jones, let me ask you confidentially, why you associate with that fellow Tompkins? He is a fraud a beat and a scamp." Jones—"Is he? Why, that's just what he says of you." Smith—"Why, the infernal slanderer, I'll break every bone in his body!"

WHEN a New York young man pops the question he now says: "Let's consolidate."

WHO ever saw a clam bake? What can the pump handle? Wanted—the cap of a climax.

ARKANSAS women love to whistle. And what is more lovely than tu-lips well blown.

"ALL'S well that ends well" does not apply to a dry oil well.

VEGETINE.

DR. CALLIER SURPRISED.

Vegetine Cured His Daughter!

CALLIERSVILLE, Chilton Co., Ala., May 15, 1878.

DEAR SIR.—My daughter has been afflicted with nasal catarrh, affection of the bladder and kidneys, and a run of scrofulous diathesis, and, after having exhausted my skill and the most eminent physicians of Selma I at last resorted to the use of your Vegetine (without confidence) and to my great surprise, my daughter has been restored to health. I write this as a simple act of justice, and not as an advertising medium.

Respectfully, T. E. CALLIER, M. D.

VEGETINE.

Worked Like a Charm—Cured Salt Rheum and Erysipelas.

75 COURT ST., ROME, N. Y., July 10, 1879.

MR. H. R. STEVENS:

Dear Sir.—One year ago last fall my little boy had a breaking out of Erysipelas and Salt Rheum, his face being one mattered sore, of the worst description. Noticing your advertisement in the papers, I purchased two bottles of the Vegetine, and with the two bottles my son was cured. I never saw anything like the Vegetine; it worked like a charm. I have been city watchman in at Rome for years. This testimonial is gratuitous. Yours, respectfully,

HORATIO GRINDLEY.

VEGETINE.

Remarkable Cure of Scrofulous Face

WESTMINSTER, Conn., June 19, 1879.

MR. H. R. STEVENS:

Dear Sir.—I can testify to the good effect of your medicine. My little boy had a Scrofula sore break out on his head as large as a quarter of a dollar, and it went down his face from one ear to the other, under his neck, and was one solid mass of sores. Two bottles of your valuable Vegetine completely cured him.

Very respectfully,

MRS. G. R. THATCHER.

VEGETINE,

IS THE BEST

SPRING MEDICINE.

Vegetine is Sold by All Druggists.

Those answering an Advertisement will confer a favor upon the Advertiser and the Publisher by stating that they saw the advertisement in this journal (mention the paper).

To All Our Friends.

Having had numberless inquiries for advertising cards from ladies in all parts of the country who are interested in the prevailing fashion of making "Card Collections," we are having printed for them a set of seven beautiful cards, each in six colors and on a gold background, in the very highest degree of art, illustrating Shakspeare's "Seven Ages of Man." We have spared no expense in these cards—they are simply little art gems. Our only aim has been to publish the finest cards yet shown. Applications for them have come in so rapidly that nearly the whole edition is engaged before the receipt by us of the cards from the artist. We have therefore been obliged to adopt the following plan for the distribution of the remainder: No more of the gilt Shakspeare cards, seven in the series, will be sent excepting upon the receipt of a statement from a grocer that the person applying for the cards has bought of him on that day at least seven bars of Dobbins' Electric Soap, with price paid for same. *All* applying in this manner *will* receive the full set of seven cards *gratis* by mail. This will insure us that our friends and patrons get their share of these beautiful designs, although it in no manner repays us for the cost of the cards. Your grocer has the soap or will get it, and the purchase by you of seven bars of it at one time will secure for you *gratis* seven really beautiful cards. The soap improves with age, and is an article of necessity in your house every week. Therefore you are not asked to buy a useless article, but one that you must have anyway. Please send us your application at once, and tell your lady friends making "Card Collections," to do the same. Grocers do *not* have the cards to deliver. Buy the soap of *them*, send *us* their bill, and *we* will mail you the cards free. Yours respectfully, I. L. CRAGIN & Co., 116 South 4th Street, Philadelphia, Pa.

P. S.—Ladies not wishing to buy soap can get the cards by remitting cost price, 25 cents.

THE moment you observe signs in your child of unwonted weakness, fatigue, or physical debility, particularly if it is accompanied with a little fever. Make the child frequently open its mouth, so that you can observe its throat. It is in the throat that the lay observer will first discover any certain signs of diphtheria. Never mind how red or how much inflamed the throat appears. That does not indicate the disease. But the instant you see a white spot and detect a bad odor, run for a doctor. The white spot will appear, and eventually they will run together in great blotches if the disease is not checked. The time to seek medical assistance is before these spots run together.

THOUSANDS testify to the curative properties of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound in all female complaints.

The life of a submarine telegraph cable is shown by experience to be from ten to twelve years. If a cable breaks in deep water after it is ten years of age, it cannot be lifted for repairs as it will break of its own weight—a fatal difficulty, and for which there seems to be no practicable remedy.

There are many indications that in the present condition of applied science the time is not far distant when all our telegraph lines will be under ground, where they will least impair the beauty of our streets and be protected from adverse atmospheric influences.

A GALVESTON [illegible] great deal of trouble making a boy understand his lesson. Finally, however he succeeded, and drawing a long breath, remarked: "If it wasn't for me you would be the bigge t donkey on Galveston Island."

A BOYISH novice in smoking turned deadly pale and threw away his cigar. Said he, "That's something in that air cigar that's made me sick." "I know what it is," said his companion, puffing away. "What?" "Tobacker."

THE first thing to do in the Spring is to clean house. For internal cleansing and renovating, no other medicine is equal to Kidney-Wort.—*Palladium.*

Every square mile of the sea contains from two and a half to three tons of limestone.

DR. BULL'S COUGH SYRUP

A CHRISTIAN: "What are you doing there?" calmly asked an elderly and pious looking skater of a young man who had fallen on the ice and was rubbing his thigh with considerable energy. "Doing!" he exclaimed, pressing his jaws together to keep back a volley of profanity, "I'm trying to be a Christian."

LAND of the free: "You boast that your country is the land of liberty," said a young English nobleman, who had married an American lady, to a Yankee traveler at a London chop house. "You call it the 'ome of freedom and all that, but it's a beastly fact that I never lost my independence till I got there."

Almost young Again.

My mother was afflicted a long time with Neuralgia and a dull, heavy inactive condition of the whole system; headache, nervous prostration, and was almost helpless. No physicians or medicines did her any good. Three months ago she began to use Hop Bitters, with such good effect that she seems and feels young again, although over 70 years old. We think there is no other medicine fit to use in the family. —A lady in Providence, R. I.—*Journal.*

A QUINCY boy sat beside his girl for just one hour the other night, and during that time kissed her ninety-six times out of a possible hundred. The other four times she got in a hurry and kissed him.

"A KISS," said young Charles, "is a noun, we allow; but tell me, my dear, is it proper or common?" Lovely Mary blushed deeply and exclaimed: "Why, I avow, I think that a kiss is both proper and common."

"VEGETINE," says a Boston physician, "has no equal as a blood purifier. Hearing of its many wonderful cures, after all other remedies had failed, I visited the laboratory and convinced myself of its genuine merit. It is prepared from barks, roots, and herbs, each of which is highly effective, and they are compounded in such a manner as to produce astonishing results."

A RUSSIAN claims to have found a new substitute for rubber. It is strongly suspected that while traveling in this country recently he tackled a ham sandwich at a railway restaurant.

AN observer of Vesuvius notes an increased activity in the crater at the time of each full moon.

THE market is flooded with worthless and vile compounds for the rejuvenation of the hair, but Carboline, the great petroleum hair renewer and dressing, as now improved and perfected, still takes the front rank as the best preparation ever offered to the public.

THE raw oyster is the lazy man's friend. An assistant opens the oyster and all the lazy man has to do is to open his mouth.

"HE sleeps where he fell," says a late ballad, which suggests that he must have a drink.

FLASHES of lightning, which embrace the whole horizon, do not last one second.

STATISTICS show that most insane people become so between the years of twenty and thirty.

A YOUNG lady resembles ammunition because the powder is needed before the ball.

MRS. LYDIA E. PINKHAM, OF LYNN, MASS.,

Yours for Health
Lydia E. Pinkham

LYDIA E. PINKHAM'S VEGETABLE COMPOUND.

Is a Positive Cure

for all those Painful Complaints and Weaknesses so common to our best female population.

It will cure entirely the worst form of Female Complaints, all ovarian troubles, Inflammation and Ulceration, Falling and Displacements, and the consequent Spinal Weakness, and is particularly adapted to the Change of Life.

It will dissolve and expel tumors from the uterus in an early stage of development. The tendency to cancerous humors there is checked very speedily by its use.

It removes faintness, flatulency, destroys all craving for stimulants, and relieves weakness of the stomach. It cures Bloating, Headaches, Nervous Prostration, General Debility, Sleeplessness, Depression and Indigestion.

That feeling of bearing down, causing pain, weight and backache, is always permanently cured by its use.

It will at all times and under all circumstances act in harmony with the laws that govern the female system.

For the cure of Kidney Complaints of either sex this Compound is unsurpassed.

LYDIA E. PINKHAM'S VEGETABLE COMPOUND is prepared at 233 and 235 Western Avenue, Lynn, Mass. Price $1. Six bottles for $5. It is sold by druggists everywhere, or sent by mail, in the form of pills, also in the form of lozenges, on receipt of price, $1 per box for either. Mrs. Pinkham freely answers all letters of inquiry. Send for pamphlet. Address as above. *Mention this Paper.*

No family should be without LYDIA E. PINKHAM'S LIVER PILLS. They cure constipation, biliousness and torpidity of the liver. 25 cents per box.

Sold by all Druggists.

The Purest and Best Medicine ever Made.

A combination of **Hops, Buchu, Mandrake and Dandelion,** with all the best and most effective properties of all other Bitters, makes the greatest **Blood Purifier, Liver Regulator, and Life and Health Restoring** Agent on earth.

No disease can possibly long exist where Hop Bitters are used, so varied and perfect are their operations.

They give new life and vigor to the aged and infirm.

To all whose employments cause irregularity of the bowels or urinary organs, or who require an Appetizer Tonic and mild Stimulant, Hop Bitters are invaluable, **without intoxicating.**

No matter what your feelings or symptoms are what the disease or ailment is use Hop Bitters. Don't wait until you are sick, but if you only feel bad or miserable, use them at once. It may save your life. It has saved hundreds.

$500 will be paid for a case they will not cure or help. Do not suffer or let your friends suffer, but use and urge them to use **Hop Bitters.**

Remember, Hop Bitters is no vile, drugged drunken nostrum, but the Purest and Best Medicine ever made; the "INVALIDS FRIEND and HOPE" and no person or family should be without them.

D. I. C. is an absolute and irresistible cure for Drunkenness, use of opium, tobacco and narcotics. All sold by druggists. Send for Circular. Hop Bitters Mfg. Co., Rochester, N.Y. and Toronto, Ont.

TEACHERS WANTED.

$65 to $160 per month. Steady work all Spring and Summer. For full particulars, Address

J. C. McCURDY & CO, Philadelphia, Pa.

"WHY is it your loaves are so much smaller than they used to be!" asked a man of his baker. "I don't know, unless it is that I use less dough than formerly," responded the baker.

HOP BITTERS

THE GREAT GERMAN REMEDY FOR RHEUMATISM, NEURALGIA, SCIATICA, LUMBAGO, BACKACHE, GOUT, SORENESS OF THE CHEST, SORE THROAT, QUINSY, SWELLINGS AND SPRAINS, FROSTED FEET AND EARS, BURNS AND SCALDS, General Bodily Pains, TOOTH, EAR AND HEADACHE, AND ALL OTHER PAINS AND ACHES.

IT HAS WONDERFUL POWER.

Because it Acts on the LIVER, the KIDNEYS at the same time.

Because it cleanses the blood of all the poisonous humors that cause Kidney and Urinary Diseases, Biliousness, Jaundice, Constipation, Piles, or in Rheumatism, Gout, Neuralgia, and nervous disorders.

KIDNEY-WORT is a dry vegetable compound and can be sent by mail. One package will make six quarts of medicine.

TRY IT NOW

Buy it at the Druggists. Price $1.

WELLS, RICHARDSON & CO., Burlington, Vt.

12 (Will send post paid.)

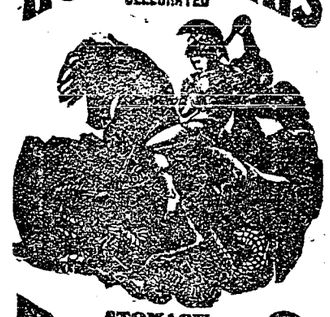
No Preparation on earth equals ST. JACOBS OIL as a SAFE, SURE, SIMPLE and CHEAP External Remedy. A trial entails but the comparatively trifling outlay of 50 CENTS, and every one suffering with pain can have cheap and positive proof of its claims. DIRECTIONS IN SEVEN LANGUAGES.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS AND DEALERS IN MEDICINE.

A. VOGELER & CO.

Baltimore, Md., U. S. A.

HOSTETTER'S CELEBRATED



STOMACH

BITTERS

Invalids who have lost but are recovering vital stamina, declare in grateful terms their appreciation of the merits as a tonic of Hostetter's Stomach Bitters. Not only does it impart strength to the weak, it corrects an irregular acid state of the stomach, makes the bowels act at proper intervals, gives ease to those who suffer from rheumatic and kidney troubles, and conquers as well as prevents fever and ague. For sale by all Druggists and Dealers generally.

SALESMEN WANTED $105 A Month and Expenses selling to DEALERS SAMPLES FREE CIGARS Send 3c. STAMP for particulars. H. FOSTER & Co., Cincinnati, O

Catarrh,

Pond's Extract is the only specific for this disease, Cold in the Head, &c. Our **Catarrh Cure** (75 cents), specially prepared to meet serious cases, contains all the curative properties of **Pond's Extract**; our **Nasal Syringe** (25 cents), invaluable for use in catarrhal affections, is simple and effective. Send for pamphlet to POND'S EXTRACT CO., 14 W. FOURTEENTH Street, N. Y.

The Richest Little Book Out.

How to win the favor of LADIES, the BRIDAL CHAMBER, and a few USEFUL HINTS. Mailed to any address on receipt of 25 cents.

Address INWOOD PUB. CO., 109 Seventh Ave., New York City.

BYRN'S POCKET MICROSCOPE

Great Magnifying Power.

Detects Counterfeit Money, Shoddy in Cloth, Foreign Substances in the Eye and wounds, examines Insects, Flowers, Seeds, Grain, Plants, Flaws in Metals, Illegible Writing, etc. Two double Convex Lens, 1½ inches wide, Leather Mounted. 36 cents in Stamps. Free by mail. AGENTS WANTED.

Address M. L. BYRN, 49 Nassau Street, N. Y.

$777 A YEAR and expenses to agts. Outfit Free. Address P. O. VICKERY, Augusta, Maine.

ELGIN WATCHES!

All styles, Gold, Silver and Nickel, $6 to $150. Chains, etc., sent C. O. D. to be examined. Write for Catalogue to CANDARD AMERICAN WATCH CO., Pittsburgh, Pa.

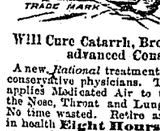
Save Money

If you are going west of Chicago this year, you can learn something to your advantage and save money by address'g W. PORTER & Co., 46 *Exchange Building*, Chicago.

YOUNG MEN Learn Telegraphy! Earn $40 to $100 a month. Graduates guaranteed paying offices. Address VALENTINE BROS., Janesville, Wisconsin.

Agents Wanted. $5 a Day made selling our PLATFORM FAMILY SCALE. Weighs up to 240 lbs. Retail price, $1.50. Terms sent free. Address DOMESTIC SCALE CO., Cincinnati, O.

ALL-NIGHT INHALATION BY THE PILLOW-INHALER



Will Cure Catarrh, Bronchitis, and well-advanced Consumption.

A new *Rational* treatment, indorsed by the most conservative physicians. The PILLOW-INHALER applies Medicated Air to the mucous lining of the Nose, Throat and Lungs **ALL NIGHT.** No time wasted. Retire as usual, and breathe in health **Eight Hours** instead of a few minutes, as in the old method of inhaling. A radical and permanent cure. *Absolutely Antidotes Malaria and Poisonous Gases.* Safe as sunshine. Contains valves, medicine reservoirs, etc. Perfect comfort, perfectly pleasant, beautiful adornment. SEND FOR CIRCULARS.

THE PILLOW-INHALER CO., 1510 Chestnut St., Philada.

A never failing Remedy for Sleeplessness.

KIDNEY DISEASES, CONSTIPATION AND PILES.

are quickly and surely cured by the use of KIDNEY-WORT. This new and wonderful remedy is having such an immense sale in all parts of the country, works on natural principles. It restores strength and tone to the diseased organs, and through them cleanses the system of accumulated and poisonous humors. Kidney diseases of thirty years standing have been cured, also Piles, Constipation, Rheumatism, &c., which have distressed the victims for years. We have volumes of testimony of its wonderful curative power. No longer use Alcoholic Bitters, which do more harm than good, or drastic Pills, but use this great remedy, KIDNEY-WORT, and health will be quickly regained. Get it of your Druggist, Price $1. (Will send by mail, post paid.)

WELLS, RICHARDSON & CO., Proprs., Burlington, Vt.