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## CHARITY.

There's not that difference in the scale
Of human life, that some pretend;
The cock may flaunt a rainbow tail,
And be a cockerel to the end.

Up from the earth alike we come;
To Mother Earth alike we tend;
One path we tread; one common home,
Invites us at the journey's end.

"High born" or low; 'tis all the same;
Who follows best God's righteous plan,
For honest living best may claim,
The title of a nobleman.

Ere while from yonder crawling worm,
An airy form of beauty springs!
So many an humble human form,
But half conceals the angel wings.

Let's have a care, then, how we tread,
Le t we despoil some humble friend,
That by a different path is led,—
Whose life we cannot comprehend.

And if, perchance, some brother stray,
From wisdom's straight and narrow track;
Though priest and Levite turn away,
Be it ours to lead the wand'rer back.

One may be weak, another strong;
E'en honest men do err most blindly;
Yet, though the deed itself be wrong,
'Twere well to judge the motive kindly.

## Forgiveness.

A short winter afternoon was fast deepening into twilight, and the snow, that had been threatening all day, was beginning to toss about the first of its white favors, as a lady stood at a large casement anxiously gazing across the valley on the cedar-fringed mountain road opposite.

She was apparently about twenty-five years of age, with soft gray eyes and a clear though pale complexion. Could she have been transported to Chestnut Street or Broadway, with the accompaniments of crimps, rats, turban and pheasant wing, she might have passed for scarcely twenty; but here at home, in her soft lavender dress which harmonized so well with the shining brown hair plainly braided back from her face, and the tiny blue bow at her throat, the five years seemed rather to be on the other side. But her countenance was not dependent for its charm on either youth or beauty; but one of those quiet home faces, which as the years pass along, gather by the side of sick-beds, over cradles—and it may be over graves—a beauty which the evanescent glow of youth rarely equals. So at least thought Dr. Ashley, when three years before he took her from the village school, and the tuition of rough miner's children, to be the light and comfort of his home.

It is for him that she is straining her eyes with looking into the darkness, and a glad smile rises to her face as something moves among the cedars, clatters across the bridge in the valley where the village lights are already twinkling, and a moment later the well-known gig rattles up to the door.

He was only a rough old country doctor, this husband of Lucy Ashley, but to her he was a hero—demigod—the representative of all that is noble and good in manhood. And, indeed, we might make heroes of worse material than of some of those bronzed and weather-beaten disciples of the healing art, who, regardless alike of heat or cold, day or night, spend their lives in attending suffering humanity.

"Watching, Lucy?" cried the cheery voice, as having shaken off the feathery snowflakes the doctor entered the casement which she held open for him.

It was a very plain room; deriving the most of its charm from the white curtains, fragrant plants, and neatly arranged tea-table, yet pervaded by an air of comfort which in more luxurious apartments is often lacking.

After the pleasant tea was over and the doctor established in dressing-gown and slippers by the fireside (a position he might possibly hold throughout the evening, but from whence it was more probably that he would soon be called to drive six or eight miles over the mountains), Lucy brought her low chair and her knitting and sat beside him. Evidently she had something of importance to say, for her work progressed fitfully, till at last throwing it down in desperation, and raising her eyes, she exclaimed, hurriedly, as though the subject was disagreeable and must be gotten through quickly:

"Robert, another letter came to-day from Mrs. Hervey."

"To you?"

"Yes; at least addressed to me, though of course it concerns you more nearly. I'll bring it."

"No," said he, detaining her. "I don't care to see it. I suppose it is only a reassertion of her husband's innocence?"

"Yes, principally; she says that his last words were, 'ask Cousin Robert to forgive me for these years of estrangement, and tell him, on the word of a dying man, that I know nothing of the deed which has caused, all the trouble."

"I've heard all that before! Had the woman sent the deed it would have made a difference; but as she won't, why should she presume to trouble you about it?"

"I suppose she thought that I could plead her cause better than herself, and indeed Robert, I cannot help thinking that there may have been some mistake. Another reason is, she says, that she is herself sinking rapidly, that she has no relations in the world, and asks us to receive her little boy, who is your namesake. She adds that if she only could get your forgiveness to carry to her husband, she would be willing to travel on foot lay her baby in my arms, and die.

"Nonsense!" exclaimed the doctor. She need do nothing more melodramatic than sending on the deed. And as for her husband, if he has God's forgiveness he does not need mine. I tell you, Lucy, that man injured me more than you can understand; but for him, I might now be in possession of a lucrative city practice, instead of dragging out a beggarly existence among these hills."

"But I would never have known you, then," said Lucy, laying her clasped hands on his knee.

"Which means, I suppose," he rejoined, smiling and smoothing back a stray tress from her face, "that I would never have known you; but I should, pet; I would have found you out somehow, and then you might have had silk dresses, and all manner of fine things as other ladies have."

"I don't want them," she answered quietly. "I would much rather that you would let me have that little baby boy."

"That is perfectly ridiculous!" he exclaimed. "Why should you wish to take upon yourself that burden?" But noticing the expression of her face (he had seen too much of the maternal instinct in his profession not to know what it meant) he relented. "Well, my dear, as you desire it so much I wish you could have him. Whatever makes the woman so stubborn? Tardy justice is better than none at all. And I solemnly declare that unless she sends that paper, which I have every reason to suppose was in her husband's possession, neither the mother nor the child shall cross my threshold."

This seemed to end the discussion, and, for a long time Lucy sat looking into the fire. At last raising her eyes pleadingly, she said: "Robert, you won't like my saying this, and I dont like to seem as though I were preaching, but all day as though they were written on my brain, I have seen the words: "If you forgive not men their trespasses"—"

A loud knocking interrupted the sentence. A tall miner stood at the door asking for the doctor.

"What is the matter?" asked the doctor, who was already drawing on his overcoat.

"Bill Barton's child has gots fits—two miles t'other side of Lennox Bluff."

All right! Ill be there as soon as possible.

The hardnes had all vanished from his manner again, he was the sympathizing physician as he turned to his wife saying:

"Good night, Lucy, do not sit up; I may not be in much before morning. This poor child has been subject to these attacks from her birth. I fear each will be the last."

After his departure Lucy sat a long time gazing thoughtfully into the fire. "There is no use hunting the garret again," she mused. "It is only in stories that missing wills and deeds are found in old furniture. So, having sent her little maid to bed, and prepared some fragrant chocolate, setting it where it would simmer slowly till the doctor's return, she resumed her seat by the fire, and her sad mediations.

Meanwhile Doctor Ashly pursued his journey through the stormy night, and those last words spoken by his wife were exerting a spell on him too. The mountain wind, rushing through the cedars, seemed to sing in trumpet tones, "If ye forgive not," while on every hand the dry tongued laurels whispered "forgive, forgive!"

Arrived at his destination, he found the little patient better, lying pale and exhausted on her mother's lap. The paroxism was over—the danger was passed once more, and the mother expressed real sorrow for having brought the doctor out in the storm.

"Oh, no matter about that!" he answered, hastily; then, after preparing a composing draught, he bade them good-night, and started upon his homeward journey.

But the thoughts from which he would gladly have been free were only interrupted, not dispelled. Again the unseen spirit voices seemed to whisper around him, and memory went back to his childhood, when blue-eyed Cousin Fred was his dearest companion. He thought of the green summer days when, together, they had fished in the old millpond, and sailed mimic boats under the willows. Then, of the old college times, when the gay young student had clung to him as unto an elderly brother. And now! Ah! now he was dead.

The storm had increased in violence, but the doctor scarcely heeded it, for remorse was knawing like bitter hunger at his heart. Away to the right he heard, above the noise of the elements, the shrill whistle of a midnight train. The startling cry, that clearer than clan call, or blast of tocsin, reminds the lonely of the great brotherhood of man. It aroused the doctor from his musings. He remembered that half an hour ago, a train arrived in the village behind him, but, having overtaken no travelers he felt thankful that no one had to seek his home among the hills to-night. A moment later he saw something directly in front of him.

"Only a cedar bush," he reasoned; but watching closely, he saw it waver more and more, and at last sink down upon the snow.

As he sprung from his sleigh he heard a low moan, and hurrying forward, he found a sad sight, a woman completely paralyzed with cold and weakness, and in her arms, closely pressed against her bosom, an unconscious, sleeping babe. He placed them hastily in his sleigh, and five minutes later, Lucy by her fireside was startled by an unwanton noise at the door.

"It is well you're up, Lucy!" exclaimed the doctor, as he came in with his burden; "get some water, quick!" Lucy hastily brought the necessary remedies, and while the doctor applied them, she took the now wakened babe, warmed him, gave him a drink of warm milk, hushed him to sleep again, and placed him snugly in bed. At last the patient opened her eyes. "Oh, where am I?" she cried; "where is Robbie?"

"He is safe," replied Lucy, holding warm wine to her lips; "he is sleeping sweetly."

Having revived a little more, she resumed: "I cannot thank you enough for your kindness to a stranger, but if you will tell me where Dr. Ashley lives I will be going, I must reach there to-night. I came in the train, but I must have mistaken the direction."

"You are there now. I am Doctor Ashley."

"Are you indeed?" exclaimed the poor creature. "Oh, will you forgive me for coming? I could do nothing else."

"Forgive you!" cried the doctor, with a great sob in his voice. "Ah, Mary, if for Fred's sake you will forgive, it is enough mine has been the sin of remorseless cruelty."

So the poor wanderer had found home and love at last. But not for long, for when the snowdrifts melted beneath an April sun, she too vanished from the earth, gladly going to rejoin her husband.

Years have passed; the doctor's step is not quite so firm as of old, and some silver hairs have found their way among Lucy's shining braids. But Robbie, or the young doctor, as they call him now, is the comfort of his uncle's declining years, and the very pride and joy of Aunt Lucy's heart.

### The Conquest of the Mule.

The western pack-mule is small, sinewy, and, like old Joey Bagstock; "tough, sir, tough! but de-e-vlish sly!" Most of them are bred from Indian ponies and are born on the open plains. Having previously been lassoed and branded, when three years old they are driven (or inveigled) into a coral and exhibited for sale at ranchos. An untamed horse is a model of gentleness beside them. Sometimes they are accustomed at once to the saddle by one of those wonderful riders who can stick on the back of anything that runs, and more rarely they are broken to harness; but ordinarily their backs are trained to bear the pack, which is generally the only practicable method of transporting freight through these rugged mountains. The first time the pack-saddles are put on, the excitement may be imagined. The green mule, strong in his youth, having been adroitly "roped" or lassoed, is led out into an open space, stepping timidly, but, not seeing any cause for alarm, quietly; before he understands what it all means, he finds that a noose of the finest lariat about his ——— has been slipped over his nose, and discovers that his tormentors have an advantage. He pulls, shakes his head, stands upright on opposite ends, but all to no avail. The harder he pulls, the tighter the nooso pinches his nostrils, so at last he comes down and keeps still. Then a man approaches slowly and circumspectly, holding behind him a leather blinder which he seeks to slip over the mule's eyes. But two long ears stand in the way, and the first touch of the leather is the signal for two jumps—one by the beast and one by the man, for packers are wise enough in their day and generation to fight shy of the business end of a mule. The next attempt is less a matter of caution and more of strength, and here the animal has so much advantage that often it must be lassoed again and thrown to the ground. It is a fine sight to witness the indignation of such a fellow! He falls heavily, yet holds his head high and essays to rise. But his fore-feet are manacled by ropes and his head is fast. Yet he will shake almost free, get upon his hind-feet, stand straight up and dash down with all his weight in futile efforts for liberty. Secured with more ropes, allowed but three legs to stand upon and cursed frightfully, he must submit, though he never does it with good grace. It is not always, however, that this extremity is resorted to. Some animals make little resistance while the strange thing is being put upon their backs and the fastenings adjusted—all but one; but when an effort is made to put that institution called a crupper under a young mule's tail, language fails to express the character of the kicking! The light heels describe an arc from the ground to ten feet above it and then strike out at a tangent. They cut through the air like whip-lashes and would penetrate an impediment like bullets. But even mule-flesh tires. Strategy wins. The crupper is gained and the first hard pull made upon the sinch (as the girth is termed), which holds firmly every hair-breath, and will finally crease the contour of the mule's belly into the semblance of Cupid's bow. But this one pull suffices to set him springing again—bucking, now, with arched back and head between his knees, landing on stiff legs so jar his burden off, or falling full weight on his side and rolling over to scrape it free. He will sit on his haunches and hurl himself backward; will duck his head and turn a somersault; finally will stand still, trembling with anger and exhaustion, and let you lead him away, conquered.

### We're Lost.

A lake steamer got into Detroit rather earlier than usual one morning last summer when suddenly the passengers were startled by loud cries, "We're lost, we're lost. Give me a life preserver!"

At the same moment a state-room door was flung open followed by numerous others, who, emerging into the cabin, encountered an old man in his night clothes with the water dripping over his head and trickling down his face and garments.

"Thank God!" he exclaimed, "I thought I was drowning."

People thought this a remarkable thing to be thankful for, and finally the old gentleman explained that he was thankful to find he wasn't drowned. His head was completely bald, and while lying in an upper berth asleep a flood of water from the hose with which the men were washing the hurricane deck, came in upon his unprotected pate and made him think, as he suddenly awoke, that the waves of the lake were closing over his head. But instead of a watery death it was only a watery berth.

But few men can handle a hot lamp-chimney and say there is no place like home at the same time.

—The school attendance in Japan is now thirty-six millions.

### The Czar's Tenants.

In the time of Nicholas, the father of the present Czar, a number of sentries were posted on the roof to guard against fire or foes. Finding the climate up there not altogether so comfortable as could be wished, this permanent watch at length contrived to convey on to the roof the materials for a number of huts or cabins, which in course of time they erected under the shelter of the chimney stacks. So snug and cozy did they manage to make themselves that it at length occurred to the married men among them that, as there was plenty of room up there, they might as well enlarge their establishment. Accordingly wives and families, one after another, found their way out on to the imperial leads. Several of the single members of the guard, finding such a tempting opportunity of setting up housekeeping economically, took wives to themselves, and after a while quite a considerable colony had sprung up. How far the development might have gone on if the individuals composing this parasitic little village had been reasonably cautious and careful in their behavior it is difficult to guess; but the establishment of families among the chimneys of the palace led gradually to the accumulation of domestic animals. Fowls multiply amazingly, and goats become numerous and flourish so well in the bracing atmosphere that at length it was suggested that a cow might conveniently be added to the farm stock. How the animal was elevated we are not informed, but it is stated as a fact that it was by some means hoisted to the roof, and was eventually the ruin of the community. The lowing of the cow came to certain official ears, and led to an investigation and the total breaking up of the queer society. Even at that time it is said that the Russian emperor felt so little confidence in his personal security that nobody ever knew in which bedroom he was going to sleep. A large number was always kept ready and unoccupied, and at bedtime the Czar would quietly slip into one of them selected at the moment. The Winter Palace is described as the largest palace in the world, being one-third larger than that of the Emperor of Austria, and unsurpassed in point of splendor. It is the residence of the Czar and his court during the winter, and stands on the left bank of the Neva, on the site of a house, which in the reign of Peter the Great belonged to his high admiral, Count Apraxin, who bequeathed it to Emperor Peter II. It was so completely destroyed by fire in 1847 that it was necessary to rebuild it, and one of the not least remarkable facts connected with it is that its present form was the work of two short years. Custine gives a terrible description of the rise of this monstrous citadel. In order to complete the task at the time appointed by the Czar, the interior works were continued during the great frosts; and when the thermometer outside was thirty deg. below zero of Reaumur, 6,000 workmen were daily shut up in halls heated to thirty deg. of Reaumur in order that the walls might dry the quicker; so that these poor wretches had to endure a difference of sixty deg. of temperature. No wonder a considerable number of them died daily; and it is said that those who were engaged to paint the interior of the most heated halls were obliged to place on their heads a kind of bonnet of ice in order to preserve use of their senses under the burning temperature.

### An Honest Miner.

If you go into a mining district in Cornwall, England, you will see, not far from the mine works, rows of neat little cottages; most of them extremely clean in the interior, and here the miners may be found seated at comfortable fires, frequently reading, or in the summer evenings working in their little gardens or in the potato fields. Frequently they become experienced floriculturists, and at the flower shows that occur annually in several of the Cornish towns they often carry off the prizes. A pleasing anecdote is recorded of the honesty of a poor Cornish miner. There lived at St. Ives a lady named Prudence Worth, whose charity was remarkable. A miner living at Camborne had his goods seized for rent, which he could not pay. He had heard of the many good deeds done by "Madam" Worth, as she was usually called, and he determined to apply to her for assistance. He said:

"Madam, I have come to you in great trouble. My goods are seized for rent, and they will be sold if I can not get the money immediately."

"Where do you live?" inquired Mrs. Worth.

"In Camborne, and I work in Stray Park Mine."

"I know nothing of you," observed the lady, and you may be a drunkard or an imposter."

"Madam," replied the miner, with energy, "as I live, I am neither; and if you will lend me the money, I will return it in four months."

The money was lent, the period of four months elapsed, and, true to his promise, the poor miner, notwithstanding that bad luck had attended him, had managed to get the amount borrowed together, and set off on foot with it. Arriving at Hayle River, he found the tide coming up, but to save a journey of three miles round by St. Erith Bridge, he resolved to cross the water, which appeared to him shallow enough for this purpose. The poor fellow had, however, miscalculated the depth, and was drowned. When the body was brought to shore, his wife said that he had left home with three guineas in his pocket for Madam Worth. Search was made in his pockets, and no money was found, but some one observed that his right hand was firmly clinched. It was opened, and found to contain the three guineas.

### Value of Spare Minutes.

Madame De Genlis composed several charming volumes while waiting in the school-room for the tardy princes to whom she gave daily lessons.

Daguesseau, one of the chancellors of France, wrote an able and bulky work in the successive intervals of waiting for dinner.

Elihu Burritt, when earning his living as a blacksmith, learned eighteen languages and twenty-two dialects, by simply improving his "spare moments."

A celebrated physician in London translated Lucretius while riding in his carriage on his daily rounds.

Dr. Darwin composed nearly all his works in the same way, writing down his thoughts in a memorandum book which he carried for the purpose.

Kirk White also learned Greek while walking to and fro from a lawyers office.

### A Notable Wager.

The life of Ben. Perley Poore has been an eventful one, and his warm friendship for Charles Summer and other prominent men has closely connected him with public events. Maj. Poore was a great dinner-out, and a frequent guest of Gen. Burnside. His round form and florid complexion tell that he is a high liver. He is short in stature and weighs 270 pounds. In conversation the other day, his wife related an old story of her husband. During Pierce's canvass for the presidency, Maj. Poore, then a young man, wagered with a friend lving in Boston that Pierce would not be elected. He agreed if he lost the bet to wheel a barrel of apples from his home, 30 miles distant, through the streets of Boston to his friend's door. The election came off, and the friend held the major to his wager. Mrs. Poore thought it too severe a task, and begged her husband to have the barrel sent in a wagon. The major was too conscientious to do that, and insisted on fulfilling his wager. He went to a neighboring farm and bought the fullest barrel of apples to be had. Witnesses saw that the barrel was well and closely packed. He put on a pair of snuff-colored pants, tucked into his heavy farm boots, a velvet vest, a jacket and a large red felt hat some one had sent him from California. Thus arrayed, he started at daybreak for Boston, wheeling his heavy load on a wheelbarrow. His wife sent a man with a wagon after him, so that in case he gave out, there would be some one at hand to help him. After the sun was up the country people began to pass him as he trudged along, perspiring and dusty. Each one offered him a lift or tried to persuade him to give up the job. He kept on 15 miles, tired and sore, then he concluded to put his apples in a farmer's barn and go back home for the night, and start afresh the next morning. He rode home and was glad to rest. He was sore and bruised, but after a good rubbing and a night's rest he was able to proceed with his task. By this time the people along the road heard of his coming and they gathered together to meet him. Boys followed him and women stood at their door to see him go by. There was great excitement, and the news soon traveled to Boston. It reached the ears of the authorities. They sent him word not to enter the city in the evening, but to stop outside and come in the morning. A few miles from Boston he stopped over night. The next morning on the outskirts of the city he was met by a large crowd of people and a brass band. He was escorted by this procession through the principal streets of the city to his friend's home and from there to the Tremont house to a $600 breakfast. He had accomplished his feat and was amply repaid by the reception and breakfast given him by the city authorities. It was many days before he could appear without being stopped and asked "if he was the man who rolled a barrel of apples through the streets of Boston."

### An Old Grizzly.

A few years ago, on an August afternoon, mounted on a patient old horse, a man was leaving a cabin in California where some comrades lingered over the remains of a primitively cooked game dinner. The elder of a jolly quartett of hunters, he boasted the ownership of an ancient double-barreled shot-gun. His chums carried rifles and revolvers. It is far from incredible that he was the "colonel" of the group; often the butt of their ridicule, the target for concerted fun, and, too, because he so facetiously bore it.

"The colonel," he had more than once repeated, "will run foul of a grizzly some time; then his old Daniel Boone piece will be the death of him." But he frequently declared that he wanted to meet a grizzly, to which he was as often retorted:

"Aye, you'd scratch up the nearest tree, or beat for your life, if he didn't swallow you instanter."

"Leave the dishes until I come back. I'll have a treat for supper," said the "colonel," on this August afternoon. His three friends uncorked another bottle of wit, but he retreated too rapidly to see or hear the effervescence. Galloping toward a mountain stream, five miles distant, which in the summer's decrease of its volume left in the narrow valley pools here and there wherein small fish thrived, he hoped to spy a stray deer. A few occasionally loitered behind, after the herd that had roamed down from the mountain snow fields in the rainy season returned at the approach of the dry season. They seemed loath to leave the green willows and chapparel around these pools.

Our horseman had trimmed his gun with nine piston shot bullets. He now descended the slope, and, having reached a grassy spot, was preparing to lariat, not having dismounted. Suddenly he discovered an enormous bear lying fast asleep under a scrub oak, not more than a hundred yards from where he had halted. His surprise may be imagined. He afterward declared that at the moment he felt no twinge of alarm, but that his first thought was to gallop to the cabin and bring the boys out for grizzly. Then his repeated boasting came to mind, and he thought, "I *must* shoot at him." And so he walked the horse cautiously some paces nearer to the "game" between the bushes. Now the old gun was leveled, his finger on the trigger, but his hands trembled slightly. "This won't do; what ails my arm?" thought the veteran hunter, who would not risk an unsteady shot ever so little short of firmness. He lowered the piece, and a sudden vision of a ghastly scene flashed across his brain. He thought of a young man whose bowels had been literally torn out in an encounter with a grizzly foe, and whom he had assisted in burying in a mining district.

He hesitated no longer; slid down on his feet; placed his arm within the bridle noose, and aiming at the bear's ear, discharged. Quicker than thought he sprang to the saddle, spurred to utmost speed, venturing not a glance backward till a mile or more up the slope. Then, hearing no roar or rush behind, he turned and slowly retraced. Almost incredible to his judgment his eyes beheld the bear in a slightly altered position stone dead. The effective, judicious shot had entered the brain.

Now the colonel rode triumphantly back to his comrades.

"There's a big old grizzly over yonder."

"Why didn't you shoot him?" all in a quick breath.

"I did shoot."

"Don't believe it. With a shotgun!"

"I tell you, boys, I have killed him."

"Tell that to the babies."

"I say he is as dead as other bears have ded. Come with me and bring him home."

A two wheeled cart was borrowed of a neighbor. They all piled into it, and first drove impatiently in their hurry a mile in an opposite direction to enlist the services of two friendly Indians. When arriving on the ground, and convinced unmistakably of the shot-gun's victory, their huzzas made the desert ring. The Indians immediately addressed the hero colonel by the distinguishing title of "Wama Shactoo"—Bear King. His chums long afterward styled him Col. Shactoc, but his name is not King.

The dead animal was supposed to weigh 1,100 pounds; one of the largest bears ever shot in California. The Indians had their share of the meat, with the hide, which after a rude manner they dressed and tanned, rendered it as hard as board. The writer has seen one of the toenails of this veritable grizzly. It is in a curve, of course, measuring at least four inches.

### The Baobab Tree and Fruit.

Monkey-bread grows on an enormous tree called baobab; botanically named for Adanson, a French botanist. The tree is a native of Senegal, in Africa; also found on the banks of the white Nile. It has been raised in England from the seed, and in India. At Alipore, near Calcutta, there is one whose trunk measures in some places over sixty feet in circumference. The height of baobab is not in proportion to its diameter. It has very long roots, seeming to like the earth better than do many trees. They have been measured one hundred feet laid bare and were doubless much longer still. The lower branches of the tree bend to the ground, almost concealing the trunk. They have large, dark-green, abundant leaves. The flower is large and white, its stamens gathered into a tube below, and spreading like an umbrella above. The tree is mucilaginous in all its parts, the fruit being, the most useful. It is, for what reason cannot be ascertained, called Monkey-bread. It measures from nine to twelve inches long, and four in diameter, at the middle, being rather pointed at each end. It has a brownish color when ripe. The pulp is slightly acid; that between the seeds tastes like cream tartar, and is used for fevers. Strong cords are made from the bark of the tree. The baobab was long thought to be the largest tree in the world. The discovery of the mammoth sequoias in California has proven the mistake of this supposition. Livingstone judged a baobab which he examined, in Africa, to be at least, 1,400 years old. The tree is not easy to destroy, but it is subject to a natural disease, a sort of correspondence to what is called brain softening. Can it be that this vegetable giant becomes dizzy with its grandeur and superiority, and thus grows both vain and weak? It is sometimes easy for imagination to invest inanimate life with soul-life; and what man shall say where the mysterious lines of distinction begin or end in the divine plan and fulfillment? It is a question often asked before—one that sounds unreasonable, chimerical; but God has so constituted the human mind as to give it the impulse and curiosity of inquiry. The baobab tree appears to have a positive limit for its age. It will sicken and die by a softening process, finally falling, by its own weight, into a ruined heap. The trunk is usually hollow. Executed criminals, to whom the law denies rites of sepulture, have been entombed in these trunks. The bodies soon withered and became dry like mummies.

### An Avalanche in Nevada.

An avalanche recently occurred on the slope of the Sierras in Nevada by which three men were instantly swept away and buried, and a fourth dangerously wounded. The slide occurred at the head of Marlette Canyon, near the mouth of the tunnel of the water company. Five men—McLane, Kennedy, Birney, McCaul and Tait—started on a recent occasion to go up the mountain to work. Tait told the others that he feared there would be a snow-slide, as the conditions were favorable. Soon after the snow was seen to start over a large space on the side of the mountain at the head of Marlette Canyon, and in an instant the avalanche was upon them. Tait saved himself by a stump and hanging on like "grim death." McLane, Kennedy and Birney were swept away and buried under the snow. McCaul was swept about fifty yards and was found by Tait buried to the shoulders, the snow so tightly packed about him that he could not move his hands or arms. A hat belonging to one of the others was found some distance below where McCaul was discovered, and this was the only trace of them that was to be seen. About fifty woodchoppers were soon on the ground and engaged in searching for the missing men, but at last accounts none of them had been found. Some are of the opinion that the bodies will not be found until the snow melts off in the spring, as Marlette Canyon is said to be filled up to its full width for a considerable distance. It was a slide of the dry, new snow, which had fallen upon the crust that covered the old snow. The stump behind which Tait took shelter was not so large but that he was able to clasp his hand around it and in this position he held on until the slide had passed over him.

### A White Squall.

One day, in 911, Notker, a monk of St. Gall, while watching some workmen building a bridge, at the peril of their lives, composed a Latin anthem. From it the solemn words in the burial service of the Episcopal Church, "In the midst of life we are in death," were taken. The following incident recalls the occasion of their first utterance:

Some years ago two large ships met in mid-ocean, one heading for Australia, and the other homeward bound. The day was fair, and the wind dying away, the vessels were becalmed close together.

The passengers at once busied themselves to write letters home, and officers and crew became occupied in the interchange of courtesies.

The placidity of the weather led to a feeling of careless security that can never be safely indulged in at sea. All the canvass was set, idly flapping against the masts, when a squall struck both ships and passed off in a few moments.

When the confusion and excitement resulting from it were over, and the crew of one of these vessels were able to relax the attention demanded for their own safety, they looked for the other ship in vain.

She had gone down with all on board, and not a vestige of her was to be seen anywhere on the wide sea, which looked serene and beautiful as if nothing had happened.

# The Republican.

SATURDAY, May 1, 1880.


## ANNOUNCEMENTS.

☞Five dollars cash for announcements under this head, except in case of Commissioners, which announcements are made for three dollars, cash.

### FOR STATE SENATE.

☞We are authorized to announce L W GRANT as a candidate for State Senator for the 7th senatorial district, composed of the counties of Calhoun and Cleburne.

☞I hereby respectfully announce myself a candidate to represent the people of the 7th Senatorial District—composed of the counties of Calhoun and Cleburne, in the next State Senate of Alabama.

L. D. MILLER.

☞We are authorized to announce JAMES M. SHEID as a candidate for State Senator for the 7th Senatorial District, composed of the counties of Calhoun and Cleburne.

### FOR REPRESENTATIVE.

☞We are authorized to announce DUDLEY WILLIAMS as a candidate for Representative of Calhoun county.

☞We are authorized to announce J. B. HAMMOND as a candidate for Representative of Calhoun county in the General Assembly.

☞We are authorized to announce J. O. HUDSON as a candidate for Representative of Calhoun county.

☞We are authorized to announce Edmund Cobb as a candidate for Representative—Independent of any party.

### FOR CIRCUIT JUDGE.

We are authorized to announce Hon. M J TURNLEY, of Gadsden, as a candidate for Judge of the Seventh circuit of Alabama, at the August election in August next—subject to a convention.

### FOR PROBATE JUDGE.

*To the people of Calhoun County:*

I take this method of announcing to the people that I shall be a candidate at the next election for Probate Judge in this county. I do not enter into this election as the representative of any political party, Democratic or Republican, but stand upon the platform of Independentism, and in asking for the suffrages of the people, pledge myself that if elected, I will faithfully, honestly and zealously discharge the duties incumbent upon me in my official capacity.

JNO. A. DE ARMAN.

☞We are authorized to announce L W CANNON as a candidate for Probate Judge of Calhoun county.

☞We are authorized to announce John Y. HENDERSON as a candidate for Probate Judge of Calhoun county,

☞We are authorized to announce A. WOODS as a candidate for Judge of Probate of Calhoun county.

☞We are authorized to announce W J BORDEN as a candidate for Probate Judge of Calhoun County.

### FOR SHERIFF.

☞We are authorized to announce A O STEWART as a candidate for Sheriff of Calhoun county.

☞We are authorized to announce W J. SCOTT as a candidate for Sheriff o Calhoun County.

☞We are authorized to announce B. J MATTHEWS as a candidate for Sheriff o Calhoun county.

☞We are authorized to announce GEO. L. BROWN as a candidate for Sheriff of Calhoun county.

☞We are authorized to announce ALFRED M. MORGAN as a candidate for Sheriff of Calhoun county.

☞I hereby announce myself as a candidate for Sheriff of Calhoun county. If elected I will serve the people promptly.

C. P. READ.

☞We are authorized to announce D. J. CLARK as a candidate for Sheriff of Calhoun county.

☞We are authorized to announce J. B. FARMER as a candidate for Sheriff of Calhoun county.

### FOR TAX COLLECTOR.

☞We are authorized to announce D. Z. GOODLETT as a candidate for Tax Collector of Calhoun county.

☞We are authorized to announce WASHINGTON DICKIE as a candidate for Tax Collector of Calhoun county.

☞We are authorized to announce J. M WEBSTER as a candidate for Tax Collector of Calhoun county.

### FOR TAX ASSESSOR.

☞We are authorized to announce A B LEDBETTER as a candidate for Tax Assessor of Calhoun county.

☞We are authorized to announce JOHN L HENDRICK as a candidate for Tax Assessor of Calhoun county.

☞We are authorized to announce LOS FERGUSON as a candidate for Tax Assessor of Calhoun county.

☞We are authorized to announce M G MAHAFFEY as a candidate for Tax Assesor of Calhoun county.

☞We are authorized to announce ROBT. HASSON as a candidate for Tax Assessor of Calhoun county.

☞The friends of W. S. N. SMITH, of Weaver's Station announce him as a candidate for Tax Assessor of Calhoun county.

### FOR CIRCUIT CLERK.

☞We are authorized to announce P. D. ROSS as a candidate for Circuit Clerk of Calhoun county.

☞We are authorized to announce SPARTAN ALLEN as a candidate for Circuit Clerk of Calhoun county.

☞We are authorized to announce JOS A. JONES as a candidate for Circuit Clerk of Calhoun county.

### FOR COUNTY TREASURER.

☞We are authorized to announce I. L. SWAN as a candidate for Treasurer of Calhoun county.

☞We are authorized to announce J. J. SHELTON as a candidate for Treasurer of Calhoun county.

### FOR COMMISSIONER,

☞The friends of A J DICKINSON announce him as a candidate for Commissioner of Calhoun county.

☞We are authorized to announce M. H. FOWLER as a candidate for Commissioner of Calhoun County.

☞The friends of R H GRIFFIN announce his name as a candidate for re-election to the office of County Commissioner of Calhoun county.

☞We are authorized to announce JNO. M. PATTERSON as a candidate for Commissioner of Calhoun County.

☞We are authorized to announce A. J. KERR as a candidate for County Commissioner of Calhoun county.

☞We are authorized to announce J. P. WHITLOCK as a candidate for County Commissioner of Calhoun County.

☞We are authorized to announce W (Jonas) ADERHOLT as a candidate for County Commissioner.

☞We are authorized to announce ELIAS STEPHENS as a candidate for Commissioner of Calhoun county.

☞We are authorized to announce J. R. McELRATH as a candidate for County Commissioner.

☞We are authorized to announce Mark C. Lively as a candidate for County Commissioner.

☞We are authorized to announce T D BYNUM as a candidate for county commissioner.

☞We are authorized to announce S S LOVE as a candidate for county commissioner.

☞We are authorized to announce W. H. Vincent as a candidate for county Commissioner.

☞We are authorized by the friends of W. C. Scarbrough to announce his name for Commissioner.

☞We are authorized to announce Thomas A. Best as a candidate for County Commissioner of Calhoun County.

## Sensation in the Senate.

### Rencounter Between Senator Hill and a Correspondent.

WASHINGTON, D. C., April 23.

A rencounter occurred on the floor of the Senate this afternoon between Senator Ben Hill and Mr. Sateldo, the Washington correspondent of the Baltimore American. Sateldo had furnished his paper with the statement that Mr. Hill had, through his attorney, attempted to compromise the Raymond suit by an offer of money, and intimated that the proceeding was an acknowledgment of the Senator's guilt. During the session of to-day Sateldo appeared on the floor of the Senate, when Mr. Hill angrily approached him and shook his fist in his face, denouncing him at the same time as a scoundrel. Sateldo replied by calling the Senator a coward and inviting him to accompany him outside the Chamber, which the Senator very properly refused to do, and turning regained his seat.

The Star, this evening, publishes an authorized denial of the statement by Sateldo to his paper, that Mr. Hill was seeking a compromise with the Raymond woman. Mr. Hill denounces Sateldo's statement as an infamous lie, and states that he would consider any proposition to compromise or settle the suit as an insult. The fact that this trouble occurred inside the Senate walls has given it a prominence it otherwise would not possess.

In the executive session of the Senate, yesterday, Mr. Hill made a motion to remove the injunction of secrecy from the executive proceedings upon the nomination of Simmons to be a Census Supervisor, and made a speech in behalf of his motion. It is not understood for what reason he asked this unusual favor. The Senate refused the request. Senator Gorden was absent at the time.

ANOTHER ACCOUNT.

WASINGTON, D. C., April 23.

An incident of the scandal concerning Senator Hill, of Georgia, which has lately been filing some newspapers, occurred to day in the Senate. The correspondent of the Baltimore American printed in to-day's paper the story of an alleged offer of a settlement of the case by him or his attorney, made to Mrs. Belva Lockwood, which Hill characterizes as untrue. He was speaking of the publication to a Senator this afternoon, when the correspondent came into the chamber, and Hill pointed him out, saying:—"There is the scoundrel now." This angered the newspaper man, who invited Hill out, and when he refused to go, called him "a coward." The talk was low, but it was heard by enough people to make a sensation, and there is some talk of taking notice of the correspondent's breach of the privileges of the floor.

The following is the report that was sent to the Baltimore American; "Ben Hill's attorney visited Mrs. Lockwood, counsel for Jessie Raymond, and offered a money consideration and the payment of costs to settle the pending seduction suit against Mr. Hill. Mrs. Lockwood did not deem the amount tendered as sufficient, and made a counter proposition, which Hill's lawyer is considering The probability is that the case will be settled. After Hill's repeated declaration that this affair was a conspiricy, and his threats to have the woman Raymond an l others indicted, the effort to compromise is regarded as a complete surrender of his position."

### Independent Movement, and the Duties of the Hour.

Under this head the Selma Times of the 22nd inst. has an excellent article from which we make the following extracts:

In the coming contest it will be impossible to stand outside of the two great political organizations withoth giving aid and comfort to the other. The Democratic party and the Republican party stand face to face, representing two vital and diametrically opposite policies involving the gravest questions ever before considered by the American people. There is and there can be no middle ground. all other movements in the political arena, as the political situation of the country now stands, all mere local strifes under the misnomer of independent movements, are but the incursions of small bands of marauders into the camps of two great hostile armies, and which inflict injury, or gives relief to either side according as its blows fall upon one or the other of the two great contestants.

That the Republican party South will use every device, in the coming campaign, to reorganize itself, and to assert its former ascendency, there can be no shadow of doubt. Let every good citizen, before he directly or indirectly lends aid to such a movement, carefully consider what that ascendancy has heretofore meant and what it will mean in future. The history of Alabama, the history of the South and the history of the entire country, illustrates the vital difference between the Radical and Democratic policies. The Republican party has been carefully weighed and found wanting; this is all there is of the matter, and no amount of abuse of the Democracy, or the adoption of high sounding platforms can alter this fact.

The two or three white Republican office holders in each county are facters of the Republican organization in Alabama only so far as they hold office, and thereby use their influence to hold the negroes solidly together, to enable themselves, if possible, to get back to office again. They are a political force this far, and no farther, and they are utterly powerless to prevent the negro from attempting to assert political supremacy in its most offensive and destructive forms. They were powerless to prevent this, the finest district in the State, and one of the finest in the South, with all its wealth, refinement and culture, from being represented in the Congress of the United States by one of the most corrupt negroes this county has ever produced; they were powerless to prevent the disgraceful spectacle of this magnificent county represented in the State Legislature yearly by almost a solid delegation of ignorant negroes: they were powerless to prevent the humiliating spectacle offered to the intelligent citizens of Dallas county, of beholding Roddy Thomas seated as a judge upon the bench, to administer the law to our people.

How quickly Alabama and the entire South bounded forward to peace, prosperity and a magnificent future, so soon as our State and county governments were placed in Democratic hands! What candid citizen denies this? What good citizen, black or white, would have matters otherwise than as they now exist? Compare the condition of Dallas county, especially now, with the dark and terrible days of Radicalism a few years ago. Confidence restored, our indebtedness largely reduced, county claims almost all at par, the finances of the county on a safe and solid foundation, real estate rising in value, poor men, white and black, securing homesteads all over the county, and an aspect of thrift and improvement never surpassed in the history of the county, is the picture that the Democratic party points to, as the result of its wise and beneficent rule. It is to secure such blessings as these that governments are established and elections held, and not to merely put certain men in office. It is in part to secure such blessings all over the land that the Democracy is marshaling its hosts for the coming conflict. But far above all this looms the great national question that is presently to be settled at the ballot box of the destruction or the preservation of the Republic of our fathers, the maintenance of a constitutional republic with home rule and the equal rights of the States preserved, or of a central empire with Grant and his heirs forever. In the one hand stands the National Conservative Democracy, with its thousands of representatives in every State of the Union to do battle for the Republic and the traditions of the fathers. In the other hand stands the sectional Republican party, with its black record of the past and its worse intention for the future, as typified by its struggle to nominate for a third time the soldier Grant, to fight for the Empire. In such a struggle no man has a right to be neutral, much less independent. As well might he stand by when a foul murder was about to be perpetrated, and when in his power to prevent it, and assert that he would be neutral between the parties, but how much greater would be the offense to society, if by a socalled independent action, he actually aided and abetted the murderer.

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One of the curious parts of the exhibition in New York at present is Madame Zola, who allow herself to be blown from a cannon. The correspondent of the St. Louis Republican says: "She is fired aloft out of a cannon, and from the canvass top she makes an aerial swoop of fifty feet, and turning a summersault, alights in a net. Barnum pays her $250 a day, or $78,000 for the season. It frightens the ladies to see the cannon fired with a human projectile, and while there is a sound of an explosion, and the smell and smoke of powder, the force of the latter has nothing to do with the flight of the mademoiselle. The fact is the cannon is arranged on the principle of a jack-in-the box; and the young woman is sent out by a mechanical arrangement of springs, which are released the moment that the gunpowder is burned. The same principle was used in Niblo's several years ago, when a young, beardless man, bewigged like a woman, and dressed to justify his description as a young woman, and his name of Lulu, was fired from a trap on the stage into a netting over the auditorium. No cannon, however, was used."

## Small Industries on the farm.

The comparative profit of large and small farms is a question that will not stay settled. In a few cases the subdivision of labor and economy of system tells favorably on returns: generally, however, the want of capital, incapacity for systematic effort, or little wasts and leakages make ambitious undertakings unprofitable. One advantage in the small farm system is the necessary appropriation of every source of income, the utilization of every capacity for production, and the employment of every member of the rural family. The French afford a good illustration of this idea. No fragment of time, no product of growth, no ray of sun shine or drop of rain is permitted to be lost. The care of the silk worm and the keeping of poultry are among these minor industries to the extremes of youth and age. The comparative profit of small and large flocks of chickens illustrates in an agragated fashion the difficulty of getting a profit out of big farms. One in a thousand will conduct poultry operations profitably on a large scale by observing with extreme care the conditions that made a small flock profitable. If the birds are allowed free range without crowding, pure air and water, and the needed variety of food, vegitable and animal, which a small flock obtains in its voluntary circuit of the farm, they will be healthy and profitable. But it is extremely difficult to fulfill all these conditions.—*N. Y. Tribune.*

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There used to be a member of Congress from Vermont named Poland, who liked his glass of whiskey. He went out to Maine one campaign to take the stump and the liquor prohibition there made it fashionable for the stump orators to drink milk when speaking. They used to have the milk in mugs on the stand, but some of Judge Poland's political friends knew what he liked and put two mugs of whiskey on the table. From his seat he supposed the mugs contained milk and he did't particullarly notice them when he began to speak till he felt thirsty. Then he picked up a mug, drained it dry with a delighted expression, and as he sat down gave the whole thing away by exclaiming "Ye gods, what a cow!"

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Paint Rock, Ala., April 27.

This place was partially blown away night before last between eight and nine o'clock, the storm approaching from the West and traveling eastward. The path of the storm was about seventy-five yards wide, sweeping everything before it, blowing down five houses in this town and vicinity, and killing in Mr. P. M. Edwasd's family, three of his children—two sons and one daughter. The storm was accompanied by terrific thunder and lightning. The dwellings destroyed were occupied by families from three to eleven in number, and no one was seriously injured, except in Edward's family.

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The Monroe Bulletin proposes what we concider an excellent immigration project. It is that the citizens of each parish organize an immigration society and the large landholders offer free of charge a certain per cent. of their unimproved lands to actual settlers which would bring the remainder of their lands into market at a good price. This offer would have to be advertised, and the Bulletin proposes that the business and professional men, who are not landholders pay for the advertising. We will explain this matter more fully hereafter.—*Richland (La.) Beacon.*

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Low taxes and a bridling of railroad authorities will be the watchwords of the next Legislature. Provided the right kind of men are elected, and provided, further, the "low tax" part of the sentence is not squelched by "nominal assets" messages from the Governor, and the balance of the sentence is not blotted out by lobby influences. Let us vote for the proper Legislators, and hope for a deliverance from the two mentioned preventives.

*Talladega Mountain Home.*

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The Jacksonville Republican has come out in a strong editorial advocating the nomination of Judge John T. Heflin, of this place, for the Supreme Bench. We are satisfied that Judge Heflin would make a profound and highly creditable member of that Court, and would aid in dispatching business more rapidly than most any other man in the State. He is an untiring worker, and deeply learned in the law. —*Talladega Home.*


## W. C. LAND,

WATCHMAKER,

—AND—

JEWELER.

*Jacksonville, - - - Ala.*

Also agent for Meriden CT Table cutlery and silver and plated ware. Also agent for Elgin Watch co, and other American make. May, 1st 1880


### SHERIFF'S SALE.

By virtue of a venditioni exponas issued from the Hon. Circuit Court of Calhoun County, State of Alabama, and to me directed, against Henry Clews and in favor of Joseph A. Jones. I will proceed to sell on Monday the 31st day of May A. D. 1880 at the Court House door of Calhoun County Alabama, between the legal hours of sale—the following described lands, as the property of the said Henry Clews to wit: The south west qr of the south west qr sec 12, T 16, R 8, also the W half of N W qr Sec 13, and the E half of N E qr, Sec 14, T 16, R 8, East in the Coosa land district of Alabama.

D. Z. GOODLETT,
Sheriff.


FRANK W. BOWDON, ROBT. L. ARNOLD.

## BOWDON & ARNOLD,

ATTORNEYS AT LAW

—AND—

Solicitors in Chancery,

JACKSONVILLE, ALA.

Will practice in all the Courts of the Circuit, U. S. Dist. Court and Supreme Court of the State. April 24, 1880


STATE OF ALABAMA,
Calhoun County.
Spring Term, April 20, 1880.

A C Sloan, decd: estate of. Final settlement.

This day came R W Sloan, the administrator of said estate, and filed his statement, accounts and vouchers for a final settlement of his administration It is ordered that the 24th day of May, 1880, be appointed a day on which to make such settlement, at which time all persons interested can appear and contest said settlement, if they think proper.

L. W. CANNON.
April 24—3t Judge of Probate

THE STATE OF ALABAMA.
CALHOUN COUNTY.

Probate Court for Calhoun County.

Letters of administration upon the estate of Wyly Woodall deceased having been granted to the undersigned on the 3d day of Nov. 1879, by the Hon. L. W. Cannon Judge of Probate Court of Calhoun County, notice is hereby given that all persons having claims against said estate will be required to present the same within the time allowed by law, or the same will be barred.

J. J. WOODALL.
April 24—3t Adminr.

THE STATE OF ALABAMA,
Calhoun county.

Probate Court April 10th 1880.

J. M. Ford dec'd estate of—Final settlement. This day came L. M. and J. P. Ford Executors of said estate and filed their statement, accounts, vouchers and evidences, for a final settlement of their administration. It is ordered that the 21st day of May 1880, be appointed a day on which to make such settlement, at which time all persons interested can appear, and contest the said settlement, if they think proper.

L. W. CANNON,
Judge of Probate.
April 24—3t pd.

### STRAYED OR STOLEN.

One bay mare and one bay filly of same color. Both black mane and tail. Mare has right eye out. Filly two years old and follows mare. I will suitably reward any person who will deliver the theif or the property, or give information that will lead to the recovery of the property.

JAMES MOHON,
Jacksonville, Ala.

Probate Court, April 12th, 1880.

W. P. Hanna dec'd estate of. Letters of administration upon the estate of said defendent having been granted to the undersigned, on the 12th day of April, 1880, by the Hon. L. W. Cannon, Judge of Probate Court of Calhoun county, notice is hereby given that all persons having claims against said estate will be required to present the same within the time allowed by law, or the same will be barred.

J. W. HANNA,
R. M. HANNA,
Apr. 17, 3t Administrators.

### Desirable Place for Sale.

As agent, I have for sale a place of forty acres of good land, twenty acres in cultivation, five acres in orchard. Situated on it are two dwelling houses and outhouses, bark shed, bark mill and tan yard of 30 vats in good condition and all under shelter. Mountain and black oak bark in abundance in the neighborhood, at two dollars and a half and three dollars, respectively. There is a church and school house in one mile of the place, and the community near it is a good one. The place has both freestone and limestone springs upon it. It will be sold for $800—one half cash, balance in twelve months. Address,

L. W. GRANT.
Jacksonville, Ala.
or B. F. SHELBERG,
April 17, 1m Germania, Ala.


## WANTED,

—O—

CHESTNUT OAK BARK.

We will pay five dollars a cord for chestnut oak bark delivered at the yard in Germania until further notice.

GERMANIA TANNING CO.

## CITY BAR.

The public are assured that John Ramagnano keeps the purest, oldest and best whiskies, brandies and wines that can be found in this market. At special pains and large expense he has been enabled to secure lines of these liquors that will compare in quality with any brands in the Southern market. Pure wiskey is rare; but the CITY BAR has it for a dead certainty. Best of order kept at the bar.

JOHN RAMAGNANO.


## Tax Sales.

—O—

Notice is hereby given, that the following lands and lots were decreed by the Probate Court of Calhoun county Ala., on the 12th day of April 1880, "it being the Second Monday" to be sold for the taxes and costs due thereon, for the year 1879, and said lands and lots will be sold on the 17th day of May 1880, "being the 3rd Monday of said month," before the Court House door in the town of Jacksonville Ala., to satisfy said taxes and costs.

| | |
|---|---|
| Owner Unknown, Pre. No. 4. | |
| Part of S E qr. of S E qr. Sec. 32, T 16, R. 7,—5 acres. | |
| State tax—1878—9, | 35. |
| Co. tax—1878—9, | 17½ |
| Levy tax—1878—9, | 100. |
| Probate Judge's cost, | 70. |
| Advertising, | 6.00 |
| Total, | 8.22½ |
| Mrs Salina Veitch, Estate. Pre. No 5; N ½ of N W qr. Sec 11, T 15, R 6.—80 acres. | |
| State tax—1878—9 | 2.10 |
| Co. tax—1878—9, | 1.05 |
| Levy tax—1878—9. | 1.00 |
| Probate Judge's cost, | 70 |
| Advertising, | 6 00 |
| Total. | 10.85 |
| Owner Unknown. Pre. No. 6. S W qr. of S E qr. Sec 2, T 14, R 6—40 acres. | |
| State tax—1877—8—9, | 1.05 |
| Co. tax—1877—8—9, | .52½ |
| Levy tax—1877—8—9, | 1.00 |
| Probate Judge's cost, | .70 |
| Advertising, | 6.00 |
| Total. | 9.27½ |
| Owner Unknown. Pre No 6. 2 Acres lying in N E corner of S W qr. of S E qr. Sec 13, T 13, R 6. | |
| State tax, | .07 |
| Co tax, | .031 |
| Levy tax, | 1.00 |
| Probate Judge | .70 |
| Advertising, | 6.00 |
| Total | 7.80½ |
| J E Williamson's Estate Pre No 6. W ½ of S W qr Sec 25, T 13, R 6—80 acres | |
| State tax | .56 |
| Co tax | .28 |
| Levy tax | 1.00 |
| Probate Judge | .70 |
| Serving Notice | .25 |
| Advertising | 2.00 |
| Total | 4,79 |
| J D Miller Pre 8. N W qr of S E qr Sec 7, T 13, R 9—40 acres | |
| State tax | .14 |
| Co tax | .07 |
| Levy tax | 1.00 |
| Probate Judge | .70 |
| Advertising. | 6,00 |
| Total | 7,91 |
| Owner Unknown. Pre No 8, N W qr of S W qr Sec. 14, T 13, R 9—40 acres | |
| Stae tax, | ,17 |
| Co tax | ,04 |
| Levy tax | 1.00 |
| Probate Judge | ,70 |
| Part of N W qr lying north of Cherokee boundary line being north part of said N W qr—65 acres | |
| State tax for 14 years | 5,37 |
| Co tax for 14 years | 3.18½ |
| Levy tax for 14 years | 1.00 |
| Probate Judge | ,70 |
| Advertising | 6,00 |
| Total | 17.25,1 |
| Owner Unknown, Pre No 12 N half less 50 acres in a square block out of N E corner of N qr Sec 32 T 15 R 9—270 acres | |
| State tax | 2.80 |
| Co tax | 1,40 |
| Levy tax | 1.00 |
| Probate Judge | .70 |
| Total | 6,00 |
| F Timberlake, Pre No 13 3 lots in Oxford, | |
| State tax | 1,05 |
| Co tax | ,52 |
| Levy tax | 1,00 |
| Probate Judge | ,70 |
| Advertising | 6.00 |
| Total | 9 27.4 |
| Jane B Alexander estate Pre No 15, Fraction No 22, Sec 36 , TR 10 54 25-100 acres | |
| State tax 1868 to 1879 | 4.20 |
| Co tax 1868 to 1869 | 2,10 |
| Levy tax 1868 to 1879 | 1,00 |
| Probate Judge | .80 |
| Advertising | 6.00 |
| Total | 14.00 |

J M WEBSTER,
Tax Collector
Calhoun county.


*SPRINGVALE STOCK FARM.*

## JAMES CROOK,

—BREEDER OF—

Thorough-bred Merino Sheep, Angora Goats, Herd Registered Jersey Cattle, Berkshire and Essex Hogs,

*JACKSONVILLE, ALA.*

## *Calhoun College,*

MALE AND FEMALE,

JACKSONVILLE, - - - - ALA.

THE SIXTH SESSION of this Institution will commence on the *second Monday* in Jan. 1880, and continue five months.

EXPENSES PER SESSION.

PRIMARY—Spelling, Reading, Writing, Primary Arithmetic, &c. &c., $10 00

INTERMEDIATE—Spelling, Reading, Writing, Ele. Gram. Written Arithmetic, Mental Arithmetic, Ele. Geography, Ele History, &c, 15 00

ACADEMIC—Practical and Commercial Arithmetic, Pract'al Eng. Gram., Philosophy, Rhetoric, History, Geography, &c., &c., 20 00

COLLEGIATE—The Sciences, Latin and Greek Languages, the Higher Mathematics, and all the branches usually taught in our colleges, 25 00

MUSIC—Instrumental—Piano or Organ, 25 00

Elocutionary Reading and Declamation to the pupils throughout the session.

No shows, exhibitions nor concerts tolerated in connection with the school.

A thorough and rigid examination at the close of each term.

Those pupils, and *those only*, are wanted who are fully determined to comply *cheerfully* with the regulations of this Institution and who are willing *to work earnestly* and *zealously* as they are directed.

Board in good families at from $8 to $10 per month

For futher particulars address

W. J. BORDEN,
Principal


### ATTACHMENT NOTICE.

Jeremiah Smith vs Jas D. Martin } A ttachment suit pending in the Justice Court of Precinct No. 13 in Calhoun county Ala.

To James D. Martin: Whereas Jeremiah Smith has prayed for and obtained an attachment against the estate of the said Jas D Martin, which said attachment has been duly levied by summoning W A Scarbrough administrator of the estate of C M Martin deceased, to appear and answer as garnishee in said cause. You are therefore hereby notified that said attachment suit is now pending in the said Justice Court in Precinct No 13 in Calhoun county Ala, and that you appear at the April term thereof to wit: Saturday the 3rd day of April 1880, at Oxford Ala, and defend the same, if you see proper to do so

Given under my hand this the 18th day of February 1880

J S KELLY,
Notary Public, ex officio JP


## CANCERS CURED,

—O—

Scrofula, Scrofulous Ulcers and Cancers are Curable.

Dr. S. C. Williams, after an experience of more than thirty years, is fully convinced that, when applied to in time, he can cure the above named diseases. As to his success in the treatment of the same, and as to his standing as a physician, he would respectfully refer to the following named gentlemen:

| | |
|---|---|
| Dr. A. Pelham, | Alexandria, Ala., |
| Dr. J. Y. Nesbit, | Jacksonville, " |
| Dr. R. S. Evans, | White Plains, " |
| Judge M. J. Turnley, | Gadsden, " |
| J. W. Whiteside, Esq. | Rabbit Town, " |

And to the physicians, merchants and ministers of Oxford, Ala., also to his former patients everywhere. Charges moderate.

S. C. WILLIAMS, M. D.
Oxford, Ala.
March 13, 1880, 1 yr.


## TAX ASSESSOR'S NOTICE.

SECOND ROUND.

I will attend the places mentioned below, at the times stated, for the purpose of assessing the State and County tax for the year 1880.

Precinct No. 3—June Big Monday March 1 1880.
Precinct No. 15, Anniston, Tuesday March 2, 1880.
Precinct No 13—Oxford, Wednesday, March, 3, 1880.
Precinct No. 12—Davis Town Thursday, March 4, 1880
Precinct No. 11—White Plains, Friday, March 5, 1880.
Precinct No. 10—Rabbit Town, Saturday March 6, 1880.
Precinct No. 9—Cross Plains Monday March 8 1880.
Precinct No 16—Ladiga Tuesday March 9, 1880.
Precinct No. 2—Alexandria Monday March 15, 1880
Precinct No. 5—Polkville, Tuesday, March 16, 1880.
Precinct No. 14—Sulphur Springs—Wednesday, March 17, 1880.
Precinct No. 4—Gannaway's School H. Thursday, March 18, 1880.
Precinct No. 7—Hollingsworth's Monday March 22 1880.
Precinct No. 6—Peeks Hill Tuesday March 23 1880.
Precinct No. 8—Greene's School House, Saturday, March 27 1880.
Precinct No. 1—Jacksonville Monday March 29 1880.

Parties are requested to meet me promptly at these appointments.

A. B. LEDBETTER
Tax Assessor Calhoun Co.
march 7—td


## Memphis and Charleston RAILROAD.

MEMPHIS, TENN—On and after Dec 7th, 78, the following passenger schedule will be operated:

| *Going East* Read down. | *Going West* Read up. |
|---|---|
| Lve 12.20 night Memphis | 12.10 pm |
| " 3.02 am Grand Junction | 9.31 am |
| " 5.08 am Middleton | 8.50 am |
| " 10.15 am Cornith | 7.44 am |
| " 3. 00 pm Stevenson | 2.35 am |
| Arr 4 50 pm. Chattanooga | 10.15 pm |

GREAT CHANGNS have been made on this line.

This road has been newly ballasted on the track repaired with steel rails. The improvements make it second to no road in the south

*TO THE EAST*

Close connection is made for all eastern and southern cities.

Only Line running through Palace Sleeping Cars and day coaches, between Memphis and Chattanooga without change.

*TO THE WEST*

Close connection made for all Arkansas and Texas points, a full first class and grant tickets on sale at all principal points reduced rates now on sale at Chattanooga principal Texas points.

Day Coaches run between Bristol Memphis, and between Montgomery, Alabama, and Texarkana, Arkansas.

## COMEONE, COME ALL!

Jacksonville, Ala,

C. LAND & CO.,

Dry goods, Boots, Shoes, Hats, and especially the largest assortment of Ladies' Goods in the market. Also, fine Sugars, Coffees, Starch, Rice, Soda, Pepper and Spice.

We feel grateful to the citizens of Calhoun for their liberal patronage we have sustained us to success, and hope to merit a continuance for the future.

April 10th 3m


## To The Hon. Grand Jury.

*Spring Term Circuit Court. 1880*

The undersigned Treasurer of Calhoun County, Alabama, begs leave to submit the following account and statement, showing the receipts and disbursements in his office, since last report made Oct. 6th, 1879, and the financial condition of the County, and if in all things found correct and satisfactory, he asks that you all your approval.

| 1879. | | Dr | Cr. |
|---|---|---|---|
| Oct. 6 | To balance on hand last report, | $4216.79. | |
| Nov. 4 | Amt. from J M Webster T. C. on co. tax of '79, | 173.00. | |
| " 14, | " " L W Cannon, J P. co. court costs, | 3.50. | |
| " 28, | " " " for estray | 1.00. | |
| Dec. 5, | " " J M Webster, T C, on co. tax of 1879, | 1175.00. | |
| " 9, | " " L W Cannon J P, bal. on estray, | 1.25. | |
| " 20, | " " for estray, | 4.75. | |
| 1880. | | | |
| Jan. 2, | " " " co. tax on license 4th qr. '79 | 24.80. | |
| " 3, | " " " J M Webster T R on co. tax for 79 | 2249.25. | |
| " 13, | " " " L W Cannon, J P for an estray, | 3.30. | |
| " 17, | " " " G B Douthit, clk. co. tax on suits, | 19.00. | |
| Feb. 3, | " " " L W Cannon, co. tax, redemp. land, | 21.80. | |
| " 18, | " " " J M Webster T C on co. tax for 79 | 2239.00. | |
| Mar. 2, | Amount from J M Webster on co tax for 1879, | 507.00. | |
| " 31, | " " " L W Cannon J. co court costs, | 4.75. | |
| Apr. 2, | " " " " co. tax license 1 qr. 1880, | 297.75. | |
| " 3, | " " " J M Webster T C on co. tax for 1879, | 115.00. | |
| " | from L W Cannon P J, bal. co tax on license | 4,37 | |

CREDITS.

| | |
|---|---|
| By Pd. expenses of circuit court Fall term 1879, | 1405.15 |
| " " " " Inquests, | 68.05 |
| " " " " public roads, | 29.75 |
| " " Judge and Sheriff for holding county courts | 137.50 |
| " " Expense of poor house and paupers, | 304.17 |
| " " Commissioners for services | 133.75 |
| " " Jail expenses | 169.35 |
| " " Registration of Electors | .80 |
| " " Bridge repairs, | 95.05 |
| " " making out tax books | 50.00 |
| " "Judge of Probate exofficio services | 125.00 |
| By paid Judge of Probate road services | 45,00 |
| By paid circuit clerk exofficio services | 100,00 |
| " " Sheriff " " | 125.00 |
| " " " Road services | 45.00 |
| " " " Turnkey fees | 50,00 |
| " " " Hiring convicts, | 8,00 |
| " " " for stationary and printing for the county | 213,30 |
| By paid out for guarding prisoners | 2,00 |
| Election expenses | 3,00 |
| For conveying lunatics to asylum | 66,00 |
| Putting up seats in court house, | 140,00 |
| Commissions on 3257,09 at 5 per centum | 162.85 |
| Balance | 7648,21 |
| Total | 11,068.15 11,068,15 |
| To Balance in treasury | 7,648,21 |

I, I. L. Swan County Treasurer, hereby Certify that the foregoing account between myself and the County is Correct, that the balance now on hand is the sum of $7648.21, and that after the expenses of the present term of Circuit Court and of the Commissioners Court, to meet on the 12th inst, and claims already Registered and not matured, are all paid off, which will amount to a sum approximating $3300,00 there will still be the sum of $4348.21 remaining on hand—an amount, I think ample and sufficient to meet every demand against the County, including fall Circuit Court which may accrue from now until 1st. Dec. 1880, when the taxes for 1880 commence coming in, leaving a net Surplus on hand at that date, of at least $1000,00—Four or Five years ago, the County was four to five thousand dollars behind, and paying 8 per cent interest within the same period, this has all been paid off, and the present financial condition reached, and during the same time the County levy has been reduced from 50 cents on the hundred dollars to 35 cents. This condition of things has been attained, only by Judicious management and a constant view to strict economy in expenditures, and while I am Treasurer, whatever influence I may have, shall be directed in favor of economy and great care in expending the County's funds, and, whenever the County tax can possibly be further reduced, I shall promptly recommend it.

I. L. SWAN,
County Treasurer.

1879 FINE AND FORFEITURE ACCOUNT.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Oct 6. | To balance on hand last report, | 156.75 | |
| do | Amt from H L Jeffers J. P. fines. | 7 00 | |
| do 7 do | do C D Davis do | 5.00 | |
| Nov 14 do | do L W Cannon J co court fines | 12.50 | |
| 1880 | | | |
| Jan 13 do | do G B Douthit clk. | 145.45 | |
| Mar 31 do | do L W Cannon Judge co court | 10.00 | |
| Apl 2 do | do H L Jeffris J P fines | 17.00 | |
| Apl 5 do | do J P Ward J P fines | 1.20 | |
| | CR. | | |
| By amt. claims paid and cancelled | | | 202.30 |
| " Commissions on 202.30 at 5 per cent. | | | 10.15 |
| " Balance | | | 142.49 |
| | | 354.90 | 354.90 |
| To balance on hand | | 142.49 | |

I. L. SWAN,
County Treasurer.

We the Court of County Commissioners hereby adopt the foregoing as the semi anual report of the County Treasure, and after careful examination find the same correct, his books neatly and correctly kept, and his office in a satisfactory condition in every respect, this 15th April 1880.

W. C. SCARBROUGH,
R. H. GRIFFIN,
M. H. FOWLER
JOHN M. PATTERSON

We the committee appointed by the Grand Jury have made a thorough examination of the foregoing report submitted by the County Treasurer and also his books, and find said report correct and his books neatly kept and his office in a satisfactory condition in every sense of the word, April 15th 1880.

B. P. BYNUM,
JAMES K. DOUGLASS,
J. DRAPER, Sr.

# The Republican.

FOR BAILIFF.

We are authorized to announce E. G. (ed.) LEE as candidate for Bailiff of and B ats requested he expects to be elected, it nobody s against him

We are authorized to announce B. Burns as a candidate for Bailiff of at No. 14.

The friends of Ben. Anderson an- nce his name as a candidate for Bai- of Beat No. 6, with the understand- that he can beat the field as the mat- now stands.

OR JUSTICE OF THE PEACE.

I announce myself as a candidate for honorable office of Justice of the Peace eat 8. If elected, which I have no doubt I will discharge my duty to the best of knowledge. GUSS HARLOW.

Wednesday night a special train ght to Jacksonville, a party of gen- en from Montgomery, consisting of . Cobb, Col. W. S. Reese, Capt. H. Summerville and Messrs, W. D. wn, H. B. Metcalf, J. J. McCants, A. Nicoll and Samuel Hardwick. party were under the care of Jno. M. Wyly and Ray Knight e Selma, Rome and Dalton R. R., while here were the guests of Maj. M. Wyly.

he object of their visit was to drive deer two days, but Thuasdry, the day so ihclement the whole party were indoors. During the day and eve- many of our people with their s and daughters called on our distin- hed visitors and paid their respects. ay morning opened up love- nd the entire party with many of our ens started for the drive. hey leave for Montgomery by special to-night, (Friday.)

e trust their visit to our town may e a pleasure, that they may repeat it ng the summer.

wing to an error which occur- in the Report of the treasurer week we republish it this week.

y a postal card to Mr. G. B. thit, we learn that Mr. Bart n died of dropsey at Bald- , Miss. the 13th inst. is many friends in Calhoun learn with sadness of his sud- death.

OUR SEWING MACHINE BRO- KEN ?

arties wanting sewing machines ired, or any part furnished, get it done by writing a postal to J. J. B. McELRATH, Centre, Ala.

pril 17, tf

NOTICE.

he notes, books and accounts he late firm of Landers and ain have been placed in my s for collection. All persons g said firm are requested to forward and make settlement nce.

3, 4t. John M. Caldwell.

e Mrs. Pendergrass who was ed sometime ago by the ex- on of a can of kerosene oil, ccount of which we published from the effects of the burn, ined with measles. We are ted to Dr. J. F. M. Davis for tem and should have published t week.

ED:—At Rome, Ga, after an s of four or five days, Fanny ughter of Chas. Martin, of county.

e was a pupil at Shorter Col- when taken sick. The blow evere one to the bereaved pa- and they have the heartfelt athy of friends here.

AT MEETING—Beat No. 8.

April, 24th 1880

suant to a call of the County mmittee of the Democratic of Calhoun Co. the citizens eat No 8, met at Green's lhouse Saturday April 24th. meeting being called to or- as organized by calling G. ells, Esq; to the chair and ting H T Persons to act as

motion, a committe of five ppointed by the chair to pre- uitable names to the meeting legates to the county conven- The committee reported the ng names as delegates, viz: ersons, G W Wells, Carter r, C H Reeves and J H Price. motion, the report of the com- was adopted. On motion lowing resolutions were adop-

olved, first that we do not t at all expedient to hold nominations.

nd, that it is the sense of eeting that the majority rule pted in our Senatorial con- for the nomination of can-

, that L. W. Grant is the of this meeting for State

th, that our delegates to co. tion be instructed to use best efforts to carry se resolutions.

otion it was resolved that the *Jacksonville Republican* be fur- nished a copy of these proceedings with the request that the same be published.

On motion the meeting adjourned.

G. W. WELLS. Chm

Sec.

H. T. PERSONS,

We have no report of the pro- ceedings in Peek's Hill Beat, but learn the following gentlemen were elected as delegates; J C Archer, W R Akridge, James Hagins, Rev. John Wilkins, G W Vansandt, "Greg" Lee and C H Jelks.

The following delegates were ap- pointed from White Plains Beat: W A Scarbrough, W C Whiteside, G B Hudson, David Smith, Wesley Napper, Berry Brit, A T Hanna.

The following delegates were elected from June Bug Beat: W. E. Lambert, D R. Reaves, J A Lester, J L Turk, J M Ledbetter.

The Convention of Beat No. 10 met at Ladiga on the 24th inst. for the purpose of appointing dele- gates to the convention which is to convene at Jacksonville on the 1st day of May next, for the pur- pose of appointing delegates to the Senatorial Convention at White Plains. Also to the State Convention—The meeting being called to order by the Chairman, J. A. Graham. The meeting then pro- ceeded to business. On motion Frank Harris was appointed Sec'y. Also it being moved and seconded that a committee be appointed to select suitable men to said conven tion, said committee consisted of Jerry Wilson, Mark Hatfield; W. A. Stewart, W. J. Brock and T. Gipson who selected Scott Na- bors, W. A. Wilson, Mark Hat field, Sam Penland.—Al't. W. A. Stewart and Marion Greenwood. No further business being before the convention adjourned sine die.

J. A. Graham, Ch'm

Frank Harris, Sec'y.

CROSS PLAINS, ALA, APRIL 24th 1880.

Pursuant to an order of the Chairman of the Democratic com- mittee the citizens of Beat No. 9 met, and, in the absence of the Chairman, Capt. J. N. Hood was requested to act as temporary Chairman. The meeting was called to order and G. W. Allison re quested to act as Sec'y. The ob- ject of the meeting was stated by chairman, after which the follow- ing gentlemen were elected dele- gates to the County Convention to be held in Jacksonville, May, 1st 1880.

DELEGATES.

A. M. Stewart
G. B. Russell
R. G. Teague
J. C. Boles

ALTERNATES.

J. M. Yeatman
D. L. Woolf
J. A Woolf
J. C. Faughender.

On motion J. C. Boles the meet- ing adjourned.

J. N. Hood, Ch'm.
G. W. Allison, Sec'y.

CANE CREEK ITEMS.

DEAR REPUBLICAN:

People are very badly behind with their crops. There is very little corn planted yet, and no cot- ton that I know of. Farmers are laboring very hard, and seem to be very much interested in trying to make a living. Wheat is looking much better than it did a month ago, but I fear the cool weather will injure it some. People have generally got enough to live on this year, such as corn, meat and flour, though such bears a good price, es- pecially on time. We have some cases of sickness, mostly measles and severe colds.

Futher more relative to candi- pates our Beat furnish some of them Mr. J. Y. Henderson and Mr. Elias Stephens. They both hope to be elected.

As to Beat officers I dont know who they will be, I guess F. M. Jones will offer for Justice of the Peace. I do not know of any oth- er that will offer his services.

For Constable, I guess B. F. Jones and John L. Hamilton will offer. People are much divided. Our box will furnish some votes for nearly every candidate in the broad field from Constable to the Presidency.

We have a great deal to talk about. Our doors are open for candidates, our women are ready to cook something for them to eat.

Come and see us all you candi- dates let us see you.

Your's Respectfully.
SANTA CLAUS.

**Call for a county convention to send Delegates to State con- vention, etc.**

Pursuant to notice, the county executive committee of the Democratic party of Cal- houn county met in Jacksonville, on Monday 5th inst., and after consultation decided as follows:

The Democratic party of calhoun county will, by proper delegates, meet in convention in the court house in Jacksonville on Saturday, the 1st day of May next, for the purpose of appointing delegates to the State convention to be held in Montgomery, June 2nd, prox., and also to appoint delegates to a senatorial convention to be held in White Plains calhoun county, May 22nd, prox., and also to appoint delegates to a Judicia convention—time andplace of holding yet to be decided. The question of calling a con- vention to nominate county officers was dis- cussed at some length, and the committe thought it best to refer the call to the party when it meets May 1st. And looking to this end, it is hoped that each beat will meet in primary convention on saturday, the 24th of April, for th purpose of ap pointing dele- gates to the county convention, and have ev- ery beat fully represented, so that the con- vention can act wisely and prudently on the subject of holding a convention for that pur- pose. Beats will send one delegate for every twenty-five Democratic votes cast for Gov- ernor at the last General election in 1878, as follows:

| | Dem. votes. | Del. |
|---|---|---|
| Jacksonville, | 336, | 13. |
| Alexandria, | 346, | 14. |
| June Bug, | 131, | 5. |
| Maddox, | 131, | 5. |
| Polkville, | 109. | 4. |
| Peek's Hill, | 163, | 7. |
| Hollingsworth's, | 98, | 4. |
| Allen's, (Beat 8) | 129, | 5. |
| Cross Plains, | 85, | 4. |
| Rabbit Town. | 105, | 4. |
| White Plains, | 170, | 7. |
| Corn Grove, | 121, | 5. |
| Oxford, | 280, | 11. |
| Sulpher Springs, | 113. | 5. |
| Anniston. | 226, | 9. |
| Ladiga, | 91; | 4. |

WM. M. HAMES, Chairman Com

THE STATE OF ALABAMA, Calhoun County,

In Probate Court Special Term April 5th 1880.

Letters of administration upon the estate of John Dodd deceased, having been granted to the undersigned on the 5th day of April 1880, by the Hon. L. W. Cannon, Judge of the Probate Court of Calhoun County. Notice is hereby given that all persons having claims against said estate, will be re- quired to present the same within the time allowed by law, or the same will be barred.

CHARLES MARTIN. Admin.


**FIRE INSURANCE.**

I. L. SWAN AG'T.

JACKSONVILLE, ALA.

**Four Good Home Companies to wit,**

| | |
|---|---|
| *Georgia Home,* | *Ga.* |
| *Home Protection,* | *Ala.* |
| *Central City,* | *Ala.* |
| *Columbus Ins. and Banking Co.,* | *Miss.* |

May 1st, 1880.

**FOR CAIRO, LOUISVILLE AND CINCINNATI.**

STEAMERS, ANDY BAUM, CONS MILLAR, JAS. W. GAFF, VINT SHINKLE, VIRGIE LEE, JAS. D. PARKER.

Steamers of this line leave Memphis for Cairo, Louisville and Cincinnati Mon- days, Wednesdays and Fridays, at 5 o'clock. p. m., connecting at Cincinnati with Railroads and Steamers for all Eastern, Northern and Western points, giving through tickets to all points— Chicago, Toledo, Buffalo, Richmond, New York, Washington City, Philadel- phia and Boston.

Eastern Tourists will find the La Belle River Route safe, delightful and econom- ical. Rates by this line cheaper than any other first-class route. Meals and staterooms free. Baggage checked through. For full information apply to

R. W. LIGHTBURNE, General Freight and Ticket Agent, No. 7. Monroe st., Memphis, Tenn.

Passengers can rely on a splendid trip by this line, as the steamers are all first class, having been expressly built for the accommodation of passengers. Each steamer carries a string-band.

**JNO. W. HUGHES**

*WITH*

**The Atlanta cash clothing Store, 41, Whitehall St., Atlanta Ga.**

—BRANCH HOUSE OF—

**Wm. C. Browning & Co., New York,**

Invites his friends to call on him when in the city. Orders solicited, and pomrptly attendod to.

***COTTON PLANTERS.***

The undersigned has on hand a large lot of the celebrated Jeter Cotton plan- ter and Manure distributers, and is now ready to supply orders. Price, $5.

CHAS. MARTIN.

**NEW DEPARTURE**

*IN THE HARNESS AND BUGGY LINE.*

The undersigned has made ample arrange- ments to do all work in his line more expe- ditiously, and at cheaper rates than ever be- fore. A full line of ready made buggy and wagon material will be kept constantly on hand, and jobs of this character will receive instant attention. A full line of ready made harness material on hand enables him to make complete harness on very short or- der. Ready made harness of all grades will be also kept. He is determined not to be undersold. If you want a good article and at cheap rates, call on JOE. H. PRIVETT.

**30 DAY OFFER:**

**READ! READ! READ!**

*Down! Down!! Down!!!*

PRICES REDUCED

**33 1-3 PER CENT.**

We have in store and on the road the lar- gest and most complete stock of Pianos and Organs ever brought to this market, which we offer cheap for cash; will take old instru- ments instrument in exchange for new, or will sell on the installment plan.

Don't fail when you visit Rome to give us a call if you wish anything in our line, or if you wish to order write to us.

C. W. LANGWORTHY & CO., 90 Masonic Temple, Rome, Ga.

**JAMES HUTCHINSON,**

*Barber & Hair-dresser,*

Room on Office Row, recently occupied by Dick Walker.

If you desire to have a pleasant and clean shave, or have your hair trimmed in neat and fashionable style, give him call. Jacksonville, Apl. 20, 1878

**NEW GOODS!**

*ADDED ATTRACTIONS!*

The undersigned has recently removed from depot Street to the Red Store on Public Square, and has largely increased his line of first- lass

FAMILY GROCERIES,

both Staple and Fancy; which he has prepared to sell at rock BOTTOM PRICES. My stock is very complete, and embraces every thing in this market. The highest price paid for Country produce either in cash or barter.

C. W. BREWTON.

ALSO,

Agent for the sale of the celebrated Patapsco Guano. Kept in stock at Jacksonville during the season. Sold for cash or cotton option. Call for circulars.

C. W. BREWTON.

Jan. 31 st, tf

**JOHN M. HILL & CO.,**

WHOLESALE DEALER IN

**LIQUORS, TOBACCO, CIGARS, &C.,**

16 *Decatur Street, Atlanta, Ga.*

**FAMILY FAVORITE.**

THE IMPROVED

**WEED**

*Sewing Machine.*

LOCK STITCH, VERY LIGHT RUNNING, VERY LATEST IMPROVEMENTS.

We sell with this excellent Machine 6 different sized Hemmers. 1 Quilter, 1 Corder, 1 Gatherer, 1 Tucker, 1 Ruffler, making 11 attachments, or more than are given with any other machine.

PRICE ONLY - - - - - - - - - $30.

Call and examine the machine at

ROWAN, DEAN & CO., Sep 13—3m Jacksonville, Ala.

**Undertakers Notice.**

Mr. Jno. H. Crawford having re- moved from Jacksonville, the un- dersigned, at his request, will in the future keep on hand Coffins, Metalic cases and burial Caskets, and will assist on burial occasions as Mr Crawford did while in the undertaking business here.

L. A. WEAVER.

Jan 4—3m

***REMOVAL.***

**A. M. LANDERS**

Has recently removed his Family Grocery, Bar and Billiard Saloon to the store rooms formerly occupied by Whisenant and Dris- kill. In the front room he has a choice line of

Family Groceries

of all kinds, both staple and fancy, cigars, tobacco &c. In the rear room is the bar which has been fitted up and furnished with the best liquors in market. The billiard ta- ble has been placed upstairs in a large and comfortable room where gentlemen can enjoy a game free from interruption.

Respectfully, A. M. LANDERS.

Jan. 2nd tf.

CHILDREN'S SCHOOL.

FEMALE ACADEMY BUILDING.

Mrs. Ida Woodward will open at the Female Academy, Monday, January 12th her school for chil. dren, and will continue the session five months.

TERMS.—Spelling Reading and Mental Arithmatic, $1.00 per month. Higher classes, $1.50 per month, payable at the end of each month.

***Berry's & Co.,***

WHOLESALE

**GROCER,**

**Commission Merchants;**

AND

COTTON FACTORS,

**Rome, Georgia.**

☞Liberal Cash Advances made on COTTON and PRODUCE Consigned to us.

**Sight Restored!**

The undersigned having had remarkable success in treating numerous cases of sore eyes, cataract, dimness of sight, and per- sons suffering from any infflmation of the eyes, impaired vision, etc., desires to make known to the public how such sufferers may avail themselves of his wonderful remedies.

The following certificates—obtained with- out solicitation—speak for themselves. Persons desiring treatment can be visited by me if preferred A. J. KERR, White Plains, Ala.

DAVISVILLE, ALA., Dec. 19th, 1879.

This is to certify that Dr. A. J. Kerr has been treating my eyes for one, and they are much better—think they will get entirely well. Cheerfully recommend his treatment to the public. J. F. DAVIS.

This is to certify that Lucinda McDowell's eye became affected by loss of sight four or five years ago, and remained so till three or four weeks since, when she went under the treatment of Mr. Andrew Kerr, and in six or eight days afterward she could see with that eye as well as ever.

WASHINGTON WILLIAMS.

—I certify that this is a true statement with regard to my daughter.

JNO. W. McDOWELL.

Dec. 26th, 1877.

STATE OF ALABAMA, ETOWAH COUNTY, Feb. 7th, 1879.

TO ALL WHOM IT MAY CONCERN:

This is to certify that my grand-daughter, Nancy Griffith, was afflicted with sore eyes for three years, to such an extent that she could scarcely see to go about. Six months ago Mr. A. J. Kerr came and took her un- der treatment, and to our astonishment, she could soon see to thread the finest needle or do any kind of fine sewing. I hereby recommend Mr. Kerr's medicine to any per- son similary afflicted.

Given under my hand and seal above mentioned W. N CHANDLER

**ED. G. CALDWELL,**

**(At the old Forney Corner.)**

Has on hand the best brands of Chew- ing and Smoking TOBACCOS, includ- ing the popular Swanson's Pride and the celebrated Durkam Smoking Tobac- co's. He has the largest stock of CI- G RS in Town. Among his brands you will find the Solace, Margarita, Roy- al, Standard and the favorite Tidal Wave.

Chocolate, Coffine, Imported Chow Chow. Boston Baked Beans, Salmon & Canned Goods in great variety at ED. G. CALDWELL'S.

Coffee, Sugar, Flour, Meal, Meat, Potatoes, Mackerel, Macaroni & Cheese at ED. G. CALDWELL'S.

**Cheap Groceries** for Cash a the old Forney Corner.

**Fresh Lard** at ED. G. CALDWELL'S.

**Fresh Meat** at ED. G. CALDWELL'S.

YOU can buy anything in the GROCERY line CHEAP for CASH at ED. G. CALDWELL'S.

Go buy one of those fine Plows of the Towers patent at ED. G. CALDWELL'S.

splendid let of new **Tin-ware** at ED. G. CALDWELL'S.

Finest article of kerosine oil af E. G. CALDWELL'S

New lot of stone-ware at E. G. CALDWELL'S.

YOU can buy TEN pounds of RICE for $1 00 at E. G. CALDWELL'S

YOU can buy 10 pounds of SUGAR for $1 00 at E. G. CALDWELL'S

Salt at manufacturers prices at E. G. CALDWELL'S.

YOU can buy 5 pounds of good COFFEE for ONE DOLLAR at ED CALDWELL'S.

**Queensware at *Wholesale.***

French China in Sets or by the single piece.

**SILVER PLATED GOODS**

Fine and CHEAP Table knives & Forks, Tin-ware, Wooden-ware, Glass-ware, **Lamps, and Lampfixtures.** Orders solicited from merchants. We will duplicate any bill that can be bought in America.

J. B. CARBER & Co., China Hall, Rome, Ga.

Jan28—3m.

**Grand Reduction in Prices.**

**B. F. CARPENTER**

HAS JUST RECEIVED

A LARGE AND

COMPLETE

Assortment of Family Grocer- ceries, which he proposes to sell at bottom prices. Very best brands of Coffee, Sugar, Tea, Finely flavored Cigars, Western Bacon, Meal, Snowdust Flower, Molasses, Crockery, Hardware, Kerosene oil, Buckets, Tin- ware. Every thing kept in a well stocked grocery establishment. He also has on hand a large assortment of Harness, Saddles, Bridles, made of the very best leath- er, and designed and executed by workmen of superior skill. He in- vites all to call, for he is determined to sell at such pri- ces as to deserve the patronage of the public. Give him a call, and exam- ine his prices, before going elsewhere

GREAT BARGAINS IN

**Pianos & Organs.**

**H. A. SMITH**

***ROME, GA.***

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

**Bookseller and Music Dealer**

Has just received from the Manufac- turers the

**Largest Stock of Pianos**

ever brought to this market. These Instru ments having been bought for cash at

**LOW PRICES,**

will be sold to cash customers at

PRICES LOWER THAN EVER KNOWN

in this country.

Purchasers, by calling early, can have the advantage of selecting from the large Stock on hand. Large lot of School & Miscellane- ous Books always on hand, at LOW RATES.

W. W. HARRISON,

Ph[illegible] Surgeon.

**A BEAUTIFUL ASSORTMENT**

OF

*Ladies' and Gentlemen's*

**EMBROIDERED SLIPPERS:**

**Also a Complete Line of**

**Heavy Goods, at Prices to Suit the Times.**

*Highest Market Price Paid for Hides.*

Call early and examine stock and prices at

M. F. GOVAN & CO. No. 21 Broad Street, Rome, Ga.

**DAVID H. DOUGHERTY,**

**Wholesale and Retail Dealer in**

**Dry Goods, Fancy Goods, Notions Shoes and Hats,**

**39 & 41 Peachtree Street, Atlanta, Ga.**

*FINE DRESS GOODS A SPPECIALTY.*

Please send for Samples.

JOHN E. NISBET, formerly of Jacksonville, is with this house.

We will pay express on all orders amount ng to $10 00 or over.

**NEW STORE.**

**Common Sense Bargains.**

The undersigned have just opened a new and select stock of Dry Goods, consisting of Dress Goods, Notions, Gentlemen's and Ladies' Underwear, Jeans, Flannels, Shirtings, Sheetings, Linen and Oil Cloth Table Cloths, Hats, Boots, Shoes, Ready Made Clothing, Hardware, Crockery, Wooden-ware etc. etc. Also a good line of

**GROCERIES,**

Both Staple and Fancy, Leather, Shoemakers' Findings; In fact, everything to be found in a first class General Store.

No trouble to show Goods and tell prices. Knowing that these times demand Goods to be sold on a close margin, we defy competition in prices of Goods.

**WILSON BRO'S & HARBOUR,**

Oct 4 '79 1y North-east Corner Public Square, JACKSONVILLE, ALA

**Linder Reaper-Mower.**

MANUFACTURED BY

**LINDER & MONTGOMERY,**

**PEEK'S HILL, ALA.**

*WAREHOUSE AT JACKSONVILLE, ALA.*

**PRICE, $120, DELIVERED FREE ON CARS.**

The greatest labor-saving implement in use. Address LINDER & MONTGOMERY. Jacksonville, Ala

J any. 31.

**INSURANCE**

The undersigned is Agent for (4) four good and reliable FIRE COPMANIES of the South, to wit.

GEORGIA HOME INSURANCE CO., COLUMBUS, GEORGIA.
HOME PROTECTION " " HUNTSVILLE, ALA.
CENTRAL CITY " " SELMA, ALA.
COLUMBUS INS. & BANKING CO., COLUMBUS, MISS.

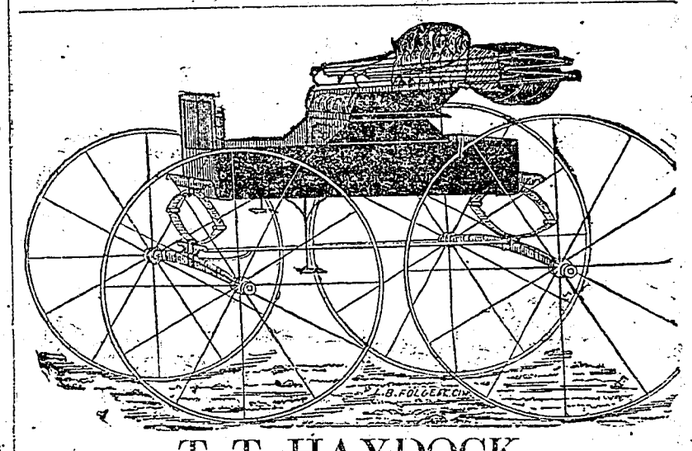
**It is wisdom to Insure your Dwellings, Barns, Gin Houses, Merchandise, etc**

If you desire INSURANCE, call on me at JACKSONVILLE, ALABAMA, or address me through the mails.

I think I am warranted in saying that these Companies are all in a healthy condition financially, have a CAPITAL ample and sufficient to meet all their Liabilities.

I. L. SWAN, Agent, Jacksonville, Ala.

April 26th, 1879



**T. T. HAYDOCK.**

Has the largest complete works for the manufacture of Carriag IN THE WORLD. Buggies for the trade a specialty.

**CORNER PLUM AND TWELFTH STREETS, CINCINNATI, O.**

*The People Appreciate Merit*

**EAGLE AND PHENIX**

**PERFECT**

**BALL SEWING THREAD.**

**COLUMBUS, GEORGIA.**

*PREPARED BY A PROCESS USED IN NO OTHER MILL*

**IT HAS NO EQUAL**

6 Balls to Pound, 1 lb. Packages. 20 Balls to Pound, 2 lb. Paper Boxes

Packed in Cases of 20, 30, 50, 100 or 500 Pounds each.

*Uniform Price. Invariable Discounts.*

**Sold by all Jobbers.**

ASK FOR "EAGLE & PHENIX." USE NO OTHER

### The Orphans.

Are you asleep, Susie?" whispered a half sobbing voice, coming from a sorrowful looking little boy, as he bent over his sister's bed.

"No, Benny; what's the matter? Does it hurt you yet where he whipped you?"

"Yes, awfully; and I'm so hungry. He wouldn't give me any supper. I tell you I won't stand it; I'm going to run away."

"And leave me, Benny? I should die in this old poor-house alone;" and Susie raised herself in the bed, and looked mournfully out of the large window.

"Let's run away together! Wouldn't it be nice if it was summer? Then we could go away off in the woods, where nobody could find us, and pick berries and nuts to eat and have a splendid time."

"Hush, Benny; talk low, or you will wake up some of the others. You know it isn't summer, and we should freeze and starve to death if we left here now!"

"I'd rather freeze to death than be treated as I am; and I am about starved now," replied Benny, half-crying.

"I'll tell you, Benny. My teacher told us last Sunday 'that everything belonged to God;' and she told us once, if we prayed in earnest he would answer our prayers."

"Don't you think, Susie," interrupted Benny, looking wistfully out at the clear blue sky, lighted by myriads of bright stars, [illegible] where God keeps all his good things, like nice cakes and pies?"

"Oh, no! of course he don't; but I think he keeps his money in it; and perhaps if we pray to him very hard he will just drop us some down. Then we could go just as we wanted to, and have everything we want. O Benny, let's kneel down and pray this minute!"

Down went four little knees, clasped were four little hands, closed were four little eyes, and earnestly moved four little lips. *God listened to their petition,* and answered it in his own wise way.

After their prayer was said they crept softly to the window and looked anxiously up at the great star in the sky. Suddenly they clasped each other's hands, and Susie whispered joyfully, "He did hear us! He did hear us! He did hear us! I saw something bright fall right on that big house over there."

"I suppose he didn't drop it 'zackly straight, or else the wind blew it away a little," said Benny. "How shall we ever get it?"

"We'll have to wait till morning, and then get off some way and tell the folks that live there all about it, and ask them to let us go up and get it. We must go to bed now, though, so we can get up early; and I'll tell you, Benny, maybe we won't ever sleep in this old poor-house again," said Susie, as she kissed him good night.

Mr. Herman Rock, the owner of the "big stone house," was a soured, delsolate old man. Once he had been different, when his sweet wife and child were alive, but since their death he had grown crusty and miserly. So people were rather afraid of him, and let him mostly to himself and his maiden sister, who kept house for him and was his only friend and companion. On the morning following the beginning of this story, as Mr. Rock and his sister Celia were taking their morning meal in their great clean kitchen, there came a timid knock at the door, and on opening it who should appear before them but little Susie and Benny from the poor-house! The children both seemed very much frightened at first, but soon Susie summoned up courage and related her story, about her lonely condition—how they were abused, their prayer and the bright thing they saw fall on the house, and then asked permission to take a ladder and climb up to get their treasure. She told her story so simple and innocently that the two listeners' faces first wore an amused expression, which soon softened into one of pity, and icy fetters that had long bound Celia Rock's heart soon melted away in a flood of tears as she took the little ones in her arms and lavished on them many kind words and fond caresses.

"Give them some breakfast, then come into the sitting-room," commanded Mr. Rock in a hoarse voice as he left the room.

Celia Rock knew by the changed look and excited appearance of her brother that something uncommon was about to occur; but she was not prepared for what happened when she came before him.

"Celia Rock," said he, walking hurriedly across the room, "you and I have shut out the sunlight from our lives long enough; we have locked up our talents long enough; we have hid away our gold long enough. Let us now undo the shutters and let in the sunlight; unfasten the rusty bolts that bar in our talents and improve them; dig up our gold and make use of it, that we may be as stars in God's hands to drop blessings and comforts to his little children."

So Susie and Benny did find the gift God sent them—not in a bundle of gold on the top of Mr. Rock's house, as they had expected, but in a pleasant home inside. And when in after years they prayed for blessings which seemed so bright, they added trustingly—remembering the past—"answer, Father in thine own way.

### The Snow-Breaker.

The loose snow drifts deeply between Truckee and Sierraville, Nevada. The mail is carried tri-weekly, hence the road has to be traveled one way each day. During the heavy winter weather the sleigh which carries the mail is drawn by three horses, driven tandem. By this means a single broad path is beaten in the middle of the road. When the storms are raging it is necessary to carry the mail on horseback. Its average weight is from 100 to 150 pounds each trip. The mail-bags are strapped on two horses, which are led by the driver, Sol Rousseau, who rides a third horse. A fourth horse, with only a halter on, is turned loose to break the road. This horse is kept for this sole purpose, and is called the "snow-breaker." For six winters this animal has traveled the Sierra valley road. Turned loose at either Truckee or Sierraville, he will at once set out upon his dreary journey. The winds obliterate all traces of the narrow path, but with marvelous instinct the horse follows its every turn and winding. Sometimes the huge drifts bewilder him for a moment, and missing the hard-beaten path he sinks out of sight in the loose snow. Out of sight is used quite literally, for it frequently occurs that his body is completely covered, and his head alone is above the surface. If he knows on which side the trail lies, he will plunge and struggle to regain his foothold. If, as sometimes occuss, he is confused as to the proper direction he possesses the wonderful instinct of keeping perfectly quiet until the driver dismounts from his horse and comes forward to point out the road. By means of a long stick the driver finds the trail, and beating a path for a few feet in front of the discomfited snow breaker, speaks an encouraging word to the poor animal. Every nerve and muscle is immediately strained to regain the lost path, and the horse again resumes his task of guide. The snow-breaker seems to possess almost human intelligence. Neither darkness or storms ever seem to daunt him or cause him to mislead more than a few feet. When in doubt he will take little short steps, scarcely six inches in length, and each foot feels for the hard-beaten edge which forms the path.

## AGRICULTURE.

RAISING POTATOES UNDER STRAW.—Occasionally some farmer has great success in producing potatoes by dropping the seed on green sward and covering it with refuse straw, old hay, or other sorts of litter. When this is the case he generally informs the public of his method of cultivating potatoes and for a time it becomes fashionable. Farmers who are not succesful in this method of raising potatoes do not say anything about it, and as a consequence the public are in ignorance in relation to the ratio that exists between failures and successes. It is obvious that raising potatoes under straw or other litter can never become general for the reason that sufficient material can not ordinarily be obtained for covering the seed. Still most farmers can raise a small patch in this way to excellent advantage. The best results are obtained by cutting the potatoes in pieces of suitable size, dropping them on a sod after the grass is a few inches high and covering them to the thickness of six inches with refuse hay, straw, or manure, ashes, and fine soil is an advantage. The rain will carry them down to the roots of the potatoes. It is not necessary to drop the potatoes in rows. The pieces may be placed within a foot of each other, as no cultivation is required. A little earth thrown over the straw covering will keep it in place and preserve the moisture in it. Almost all the labor required to raise potatoes in this way consists in handling the material employed in covering the seed. The turf soon decays and affords sustenance for the growing potatoes. The potatoes are very easily harvested in the fall and come out of the straw almost as clean as if they had been washed. Another object may be accomplished by planting potatoes on top of the ground. A harsh, tough sod may be subdued and brought into a condition to produce good crops another year. A valuable modification of plan of covering seed potatoes with straw consists in opening a furrow with a plow, throwing in old hay, straw, forest leaves, or sawdust, then dropping the potatoes, and finally covering them with earth. The materials thrown in the furrow are favorable to the formation and growth of the bulbs. When mature they are quite clean, and may be dug without bruises or cuts. A mulch is of great advantage in raising potatoes. It helps retain moisture and prevents the young and growing tubers from becoming too warm during the hot weather in July and August. A moderately cool temperature and moisture are essential to the production of good potatoes.

PROPAGATING ROSES.—In the first place it is necessary to have a sand-bed, which is usually made in that corner of the green-house immediately above the heating apparatus, in order that the cuttings may be supplied with bottom heat. The sand is carefully sifted and piled on the cutting bench until it is about three inches deep. It must at all times be kept moist. Indeed some florists say to keep the sand soaked with water. Now we are ready for the cuttings. These are to be taken when the wood has ripened sufficiently to show the bud in the axle of the leaf. It is unnecessary to make the cutting at the joint; it is usually done just above the bud of the preceding cutting. To make it more plain, the cutting will look something like this—a piece about an inch or two long to put into the sand, and one bud which should be just above the surface of the cutting bench. This is all the art of preparing the slips, but somehow or other amateurs are rarely successful. One must expect to make hundreds of failures before they manage to root the first rose. The cuttings will need shade for a few days to induce root growth. After a while the ground made in preparing the cutting will heat over, or callous, as the florists say, and then the roots will speedily form. It is as well to leave the young plants in the sand-bed until they are well rooted and then pot them off. The monthly, or ever-blooming roses, root easiest. Next to them come the hybrid perpetuals, and the moss roses are the most difficult.

A WAY OF DETECTING IMPURE WELL-WATER.—Prof. Lattimore lays special stress on the significance of the presence of common salt in well-water in general. No single indication, he holds, is of great sanitary importance in judging of the purity or the impurity, and consequently of the safety or danger, of any water. He proceeds then to show that though, from the universal diffusion of this substance in the air and in the soil, we should expect to find it in all waters, whether from rain, springs or wells, because of its extreme solubility, nevertheless, he argues the quantity of salt that should be found normally from the causes named in well-water is extremely small, and therefore, whenever "it rises above a very few grains per gallon, it becomes certain that it comes from some other source than the soil;" and he concludes with the logical inference that, as nearly all the salt used for domestic purposes escapes by the way of two channels, the water-closet and the house drain, we should therefore expect, "what is always found on examination to be true, that, whatever sewage may or may not contain, it always contains salt."

*Somebody* has ascertained that in small-pox poor people are pitted less than the rich, and no classes are pitted under their dress. Poor people have less light in their homes than the rich, while under the dress there is of course little light in either case. The explanation, according to this observer, is a scientific one. The sunlight consists of three primary colors. The red, the blue, and the yellow rays have distinct and characteristic properties; the red gives heat, the yellow gives light, and the blue gives chemical effect. Now, the pus of variolar pustules absorbs, by its yellow medium, the chemical rays, which results in corrosion of the tender flesh at the base, thus leaving pits.

*From* some recent experiments it is considered desirable to make telegraph wire of an alloy of aluminum and iron. While the wire can be made much smaller than the present gauge, it will be stronger, or less susceptibility to atmospheric changes, and of much greater conductivity than the ordinary wire.


#### A Groundwork for Belief.

The American people fully believe in Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, and there is a substantial groundwork for that belief. They have witnessed and experienced its effects for over twenty-five years, and have found no reason to distrust one statement made in regard to it. Proofs have been brought home to their own hearths that it is a family medicine which is of the utmost value in cases of malaria, dyspepsia, debility, disordered conditions of the liver and bowels, and in a variety of other maladies. They have found it a competent tonic, a genuine alterative, and in contrasting it with the many preparations of the same class in the market, they have willingly accorded it the palm. The correctness of their belief in its efficacy has received the strongest confirmation in expressions of opinion by medical men, and the approval of the press.


## DOMESTIC.

BEEF A LA MODE.—A large round of beef; in cool weather; let it hang for a week or two, making it tender; remove the bone, reserving the marrow; make a dressing of sweet herbs, raw onions and parsley, chopped fine, the marrow, and a quarter of a pound of suet; add stale bread, grated, the yolks of three or four eggs, salt, pepper, nutmeg or mace, and a little cloves; with a sharp-pointed knife cut through the round in a dozen or two places, and insert pieces of sweet pickled pork or bacon; fasten compactly with skewer and tie tape around it; cover the bottom of the pan with slices of bacon, also the top; place around it four onions, four carrots, four turnips, all cut in thick slices; pour in from one-half to one pint of water; remove the bacon when done, and skim the gravy of the fat as much as possible; strain it into a saucepan, adding port wine and mushroom catsup to your taste, if you have no pickled mushrooms; let it just boil, and serve the vegetables around the beef.

DANGEROUS LIQUIDS.—Ammonia, especially the stronger kinds, is dangerous, a few drops being enough to injure a person. When used for cleansing purposes it should be handled with great care, that the gas, which is given off freely in a warm room, be not breathed in large quantities, and do injury to the delicate lining of the nose and mouth. Benzine is a liquid, in the handling of which much caution should be exercised. It is very volatile, and its vapor, as well as the liquid itself, inflammable. When employed for removing grease, or other stains, from clothing, gloves, etc., it should never be used at night, nor at any other time near a fire. Ether is another dangerous liquid, and in other than the physician's hands it had best not be employed in the household. Alcohol must also be used with great care, especially at night.


IT IS NOT NECESSARY to keep on taking this medicine continually, using a syringe, or dosing day and night for months at a time; the bowels are restored to regularity, the digestion strengthened, the blood purified, the bad breath made sweet by a short, systematic use of Simmons' Liver Regulator; it leaves the system in a healthy condition after its use, which saves the patient from continual dosing.

"I was cured by Simmons Liver Regulator, having applied for the medicine while in a most wretched condition some two months ago, and am now so changed a man that I am a subject for congratulation by my family.

"ISAAC MULLEN,
"37th and Lancaster Ave., Phila."


TAPIOCA PUDDING, I.—One small teacupful of tapioca, one quart of milk, four eggs, a piece of butter the size of a chestnut, one teacupful of sugar, one small teaspoonful of salt; flavor with essence of lemon; soak over night in part of the milk, or in the morning two or three hours, in barely enough water to cover it; bake three-quarters of an hour. Tapioca is very nice soaked as above in water and boiled in milk. About a coffeecupful of tapioca to a pint of milk. Flavor with grated lemon-peel, and eat with cream and sugar. II.—Two cupfuls of tapioca, soaked an hour or two; then put in a double saucepan, or in a tin-pail set in an iron pot of hot water, and cooked till soft, three or four cupfuls of milk. When thoroughly done, put in a baking-dish; add three or four eggs, a little butter, and sugar to taste. Grated lemon-peel improves it very much. Bake half an hour or more.

SWEETBREADS SAUTE.—Blanch two throat breads, cut them in slices, put some butter in a frying-pan, and melt it; then put them in it, season over with salt, pepper, the juice of a lemon, parsley, and a bay leaf. Turn them until done, and serve hot. The sauce should be made of eight table-spoonfuls of white sauce in a pan with four tablespoonfuls of milk. Boil five minutes; then stir in two ounces of butter. Stir quickly over the fire until the butter is melted, but do not let the sauce boil after the butter is in. It should be made just at the time of serving.


MORE than one hundred and twenty-five thousand bottles of Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup have been sold by a single firm in Baltimore.—Messrs, Wm. H. Brown & Bro


POTATO SALAD.—Never make it of cold potatoes. Boil six large potatoes, peel them while still hot, and slice them thin, no matter if they break; make your dressing of the best sweet oil, pepper, and salt to taste, an onion chopped very fine, a large spoonful of capers, vinegar enough to have it moist all through; mix this well through your potatoes and you will have a very plain but palatable dish.

A TABLE ORNAMENT.—Sew coarse flannel around a goblet with the stem broken off, put this shapely dome upon a saucer of water, wet the flannel and sprinkle over as much flaxseed as will adhere to it. The flannel will absorb the water from the sauce, which should often be replenished. In about two weeks the flannel will be concealed in a beautiful verdure which will vie with any table ornament.


A FAVORABLE NOTORIETY.—The good reputation of "*Brown's Bronchial Troches*" for the relief of Coughs, Colds and Throat Diseases has given them a favorable notoriety.


TO STEW A FRESH TONGUE.—Put a fresh tongue in water sufficient to cover it, and let it simmer six or seven hours. Skim the gravy well. Half an hour before dishing it add half a wineglassful of wine, the same of walnut catsup, a little mace and a few cloves to the gravy, and stew them a while together. This is an epicurean dish.

RICE CAKE.—Mix three-quarters of a pound of sifted sugar, the yolks of eight eggs, a little orange zest, and a pinch of salt, with a wooden spoon until perfectly smooth and light, add the white whipt, mix in lightly; then stir in six ounces of ground rice, put it into a prepared Savoy cake mould, about three parts full; bake in a moderate oven.

IF you wish to clarify sugar and water that you are about to boil it is well to stir in the white of an egg while cold; if put in after it boils the egg is apt to get hardened before it can do any good.

GLASS vessels in a cylindrical form may be cut in two by tying them with a worsted thread, thoroughly wet with spirits of turpentine, and then setting fire to the thread.


THE LUNGS ARE STRAINED AND RACKED by persistent cough, the general strength wasted and an incurable complaint often established thereby. Dr. Jayne's Expectorant is an effective remedy for Coughs and Colds, and exerts a beneficial effect on the Pulmonary and Bronchial Organs.


## WIT AND HUMOR.

"BE a man or a mouse," says an old adage. This isn't fair; it doesn't give a fellow a show, for who wants to be a mouse, and have every woman he approaches climbing up on a chair, or jumping over the piano, and when he isn't thinking about it, setting traps for him. It's too one-sided, is that adage, and leaves a fellow no choice except to be a man.

AN Oil City Irishman, having signed the pledge, was charged soon afterward with being drunk. "Twas me absent-mindedness," said Pat, "an' a habit I have of talkin' wid meself. I sed to meself, sez I, 'Pat, cumin on' have a dhrink.' 'No, zer,' sez I, 'I've sworn off.' 'Thin I'll dhrink alone,' sez I to meself. 'An' I'll wait for ye outside,' sez I. An' whin meself cum out, faith an' he was dhrunk."


VEGETINE is the great health restorer—composed exclusively of barks, roots and herbs. It is very pleasant to take; every child likes it.


SHERIDAN once declined to take a walk with a troublesome female admirer, on the plea that the weather would not permit it, and being caught by the lady as he was sneaking out for a stroll, countered her remark that the weather seemed now to have cleared up, with the bold asseveration. "Yes, madam, enough for one, but not enough for two."

"SYLVANIA" sends us a gem beginning: And must we seek another heart wherein to warm our love?" We are afraid you must. We've rented our apartment for a term of years, and the tenant requires all the fuel and every inch of stove-room in the establishment. We'll give you a recommendation, though, if that will help you any.

A WELL known actress being asked her age, frankly replied: "I have four ages; the family archives unfortunately proclaim that I am fifty; by daylight I pass for thirty-six; by gaslight not more than thirty and, with all my war paint on, in a soft light and no rude glare, I pass for five-and-twenty."

A CLEVER punster meets an inquisitive man at the Great Western station. "Hallo, old fellow, what's your road?" "Railroad." "No; which way are you going?" "Railway." "No, no; you know what I mean; where?" "No, not Ware." "Oh, hang it, man, don't chaff! What's your direction? "South Kensington." Left fencing.

A BOSTON musical journal says young musical persons should not play the piano at home. We hope the editor doesn't want young musical persons to go around town with a piano on their backs and hammer out a few tunes at the street corners? We prefer that they should play at home.


NATURAL petroleum, deprived of its color and disagreeable odor without distillation and the aid of acids or alkalies, is what the Carboline is made from. As now improved and perfected it is a beautiful preparation, and performs all that is claimed for it as a hair restorer.


A NEW YORK inventor claims to have discovered a process for making all fabrics water-proof; but what is more needed is an invention that will make milk-cans water-proof. Or the cow. We believe it has never been definitely settled whether the water leaks in through the cow or the can.

THE cable informs us that Tekke Turcomans at Dasberdi menace the line betwixt Chatte and "Ichikislar." We have been tremblingly anticipating this news for some months. War is a terrible thing. It developes hard feelings and harder names.

GARRICK once asked Rich how much Covent Garden Theatre would hold when crowded with people. "I cannot tell," said Rich, "but it may easily be ascertained, if you will come and play *Richard* one night."

PARTY in New York—Miss Mankiller. Isn't it quite too awful that Mr. Holworthy's arm is so deformed, he is such a handsome fellow otherwise! Mr. Batter (Yale.) O, he isn't deformed!—only the "Harvard swing," you know.

A SAILOR is not a sailor when he is a board; a sailor is not a sailor when he is a shore; but he must be either ashore or aboard; therefore, a sailor is not a sailor.


A WASH that would usually take all day with ordinary soap, can be done in three hours, with Dobbins' Electric soap, (made by Cragin & Co., Philadelphia,) and it cannot injure the finest fabric. Try it.


NOTHING will tickle a mule half so much as a straw—but you had better not be fooling around the other end of the straw, unless you want to be an angel and wear nothing but wings.

"A SENSES taker," said the old lady; "waal, there's me an' Jeremiah, an' Sarah Ann, an' that's all 'cept Jim, an' he's a fool an' ain't got no senses to take."

A FRENCH newspaper points out how the passion for gambling is shown in England, so that even in wedding notices it is necessary to state that there were "no cards."


#### Advice to Consumptives.

No man, however uncleanly, would drink muddy, dirty water. A party which occupies a room for hours, breathing the same air, might be compared to a party of bathers drinking the water in which they bathe. The patient must keep the window of his bed-room open. Night air is fresh air without daylight. In close, crowded rooms, the patient suffering from lung complaints breathes consumptively. By taking these precautions and using Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery and Pleasant Purgative Pellets, fully one-half of the cases of lung complaints would be cured in six months. For cough and irritation of the lungs do not always indicate the presence of consumption although it may result in that disease, and if consumption has already become deeply seated in the system, this is the most efficient course of treatment that can be pursued outside of any institution that provides special facilities for the treatment of this disease. Dr. Pierce's celebrated Invalids' Hotel is such an institution. Send stamp for descriptive pamphlet containing also a complete treatise upon consumption, explaining its causes, nature, and the best methods of diet, clothing, exercise, etc., for consumptives. Address World's Dispensary Medical Association, Buffalo, N. Y.


*Capsuling Bottles.*—In France a new system of capsuling bottles has come into vogue which is more rapid than the use of metal capsules, and is thought, by some, to give a more elegant effect. The neck of the bottle is dipped into a viscous volatile liquid and immediately withdrawn with a rotary movement. This leaves a transparent capsule, the effect of which is improved by first attaching a monogram or trade mark to the top of the cork or upper end of the bottle neck. The following is the formula for the liquid: Yellow resin, 20 parts; ether, 40; collodion, 60; fuchsine, or other tint, *q. s.*

*Malleable Bronze.*—Dronier claims to have discovered a simple method of rendering bronze as malleable as copper, iron, etc. This consists in the addition of a very little mercury—½ to 2 per cent. It seems to act mechanically rather than chemically. The mercury may be combined with one of the metals of which bronze is made, before they are combined, by pouring it into the melted metal and stirring well, or it may be put into the melted copper along with tin, or just after the latter has been added, or an amalgam of tin is stirred into the melted copper.


CAUTION.—Do not let your druggist palm off a substitute, when you demand Dr Bull's Baby Syrup or you will be disappointed, for no medicine for children equals it in effect


*Extracting Perfumes.*—A French professor has recently described a profitable use of methyl chloride in the extraction of the odoriferous principles of flowers for use in perfumery. For this purpose the gaseous methyl chloride is introduced into an apparatus containing the flowers, and after remaining a few minutes in contact with them, passes into another apparatus where a vacuum has been produced. A rapid vaporization, followed by a renewed condensation, brings the chloride back to its original state, while the odoriferous principles, in company with waxy fatty extracts, are left behind. They are entirely freed from the latter, and obtained in a high state of purity by simple treatment with cold and alcohol.

*It may* interest those who are discussing the distance from an electric generator at which light can be maintained that a circuit of nearly 3.3 miles is in successful operation in London. Recently M. Berley, the engineer, of the Societe Generale d'Electricite, that has instituted the Thames embankment system of illumination, lighted the Victoria Station of the Metropolitan District Railway from the Charing Cross Station. The path taken by the wires is 1.65 miles making, of course, the whole circuit 3.3 miles.


**"Anakesis" is an Infallible Cure for Piles.**

Mr. Wm. J. Andrews, of Columbia, Tenn., writes the following:

MESSRS. NEUSTAEDTER & Co., New York:

GENTS—For upward of 20 years I have been afflicted with the Piles. When I first took them they were blind and very painful. For about ten years they continued as blind, then commenced bleeding. The hemorrhoids continued to increase until I was losing at every stool fully a pint of blood, and frequently, while standing at my desk, the blood would run down into my boots. I have had these hemorrhoids to last for several hours. In the meantime, like a drowning man, I was grasping at everything, trying to find relief. On one occasion I had them cauterized, which, after intense suffering for over a month, effected temporary relief, for a short time only however. About ten months since, while at stool, my eye fell on an advertisement headed in large letters, "Piles, send 2 cent stamp and get circular." I did so, and received a few "Plain Blunt Facts" in reply, after reading which, I concluded it was such plain common sense that I would give "Anakesis" a trial. I did so, and the result was, that after a few days use, the bleeding ceased and I have not suffered a moment's pain since. It is said that "a fellow-feeling makes one wondrous kind." So, knowing quite a number of friends who were suffering like myself, I distributed quite a number of them, and from every one received a favorable report. I would not be without "Anakesis" for a hundred times its cost. To all who are afflicted with Piles I would say: "Give "Anakesis a trial and you will no longer be a sufferer."

WM. J. ANDREWS.

"Anakesis" is sold by all first-class druggists. Price $1.00 per box. Mailed free on receipt of price, by P. Neustaedter & Co., sole manufacturers of Anakesis, Box 3946, New York. Samples sent free to all sufferers upon application.

**The Voltaic Belt Co., Marshall, Mich.**

Will send their celebrated Electro Voltaic Belts to the afflicted upon 30 days's trial. Speedy cures guaranteed. They mean what they say. Write to them without delay.

# VEGETINE

## For Cancers and Cancerous Humors.

THE DOCTOR'S CERTIFICATE. READ IT.

ASHLEY, Washington Co., Ill., Jan. 14, 1878.
MR. H. R. STEVENS:

Dear Sir.—This is to certify that I had been suffering from a **Rose Cancer** on my right breast, which grew very rapidly, and all my friends had given me up to die, when I heard of your medicine. Vegetine, recommended for Cancer and Cancerous Humors. I commenced to take it, and soon found myself beginning to feel better; my health and spirits both felt the benign influence which it exerted, and in a few months from the time I commenced to use the Vegetine, the Cancer came out almost bodily.

CARRIE DEFORREST.

I certify that I am personally acquainted with Mrs. DeForrest, and consider her one of our very best women. Dr. S. H. FLOWERS.

ALL DISEASES OF THE BLOOD.—If Vegetine will relieve pain, cleanse, purify and cure such diseases, restoring the patient to perfect health after trying different physicians, many remedies, suffering for years, is it not conclusive proof, if you are a sufferer, you can be cured? Why is this medicine performing such great cures? It works in the blood, in the circulating fluid. It can truly be called the Great Blood Purifier. The great source of disease originates in the blood; and no medicine that does not act directly upon it, can purify and renovate, has any just claim upon public attention.

# VEGETINE.

## I Regard it as a Valuable

## FAMILY MEDICINE.

January 1, 1878.

MR. H. R. STEVENS:

Dear Sir.—I take pleasure in saying that I have used the Vegetine in my family with good results, and I have known of several cases of remarkable cure effected by it. I regard it as a valuable family medicine.

Truly yours, Rev. WM. MCDONALD.

The Rev. W. McDonald is well known through the United States as a minister in the M. E. church.

## VEGETINE

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Vegetine is Sold by All Druggists.

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IF YOU SHOULD BE PROPERLY suited with spectacles, apply correspond to

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# DIPHTHERIA!!

**Johnson's Anodyne Liniment** will positively prevent this terrible disease, and will positively cure nine cases in ten. Information that will save many lives sent free by mail. Don't delay a moment. Prevention is better than cure. Sold everywhere.

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# SCHOOL SONG BOOKS.

STANDARD SINGING BOOKS for High Schools, **High School Choir** ($1.00); for Girls' Normal Schools, Everett's **School Song Book,** (60 cts.); for upper Grammar Classes, **Grammar School Choir.** (60 cts.); general collection for Schools, **Whippoorwill,** (50 cts.); and for Primary Schools, **American School Music Reader, Book I.** (35 cts.)

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ARE LINED WITH NON-CONDUCTING CEMENT.
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IRON BOTH WAYS.
THE BEST IN USE.
CHEAP.

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## Sturdivant's Great Catarrh Remedy

Is the safest, most agreeable and effectual remedy in the world for the cure of CATARRH. No matter from what cause, or how long standing, by giving

## STURDIVANT'S CATARRH REMEDY

a fair and impartial trial, you will be convinced of this fact. This medicine is very pleasant and can be taken by the most delicate stomach. For sale by all Druggists, and by HOLLOWAY & CO., 602 Arch Street, Philadelphia.

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Pure blood makes sound flesh, strong bones, a clear skin. If you would have your bones sound, without caries, and your complexion fair, use **Radway's Sarsaparillian Resolvent.**

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"To cure a CHRONIC or LONG STANDING disease is truly a victory in the healing art; and as strengthening power that clearly discerns the remedy that applies a remedy; that restores step by step, and by regular degrees—the body which has been reduced, tainted and weakened by an insidious disease, not only commands our respect but our gratitude. Dr. Radway has furnished mankind with that wonderful remedy, **Radway's Sarsaparillian Resolvent,** which accomplishes this result, and suffering humanity who drag out an existence of pain in consequence, through long days and long nights, will bless their gratitude."—*Medical Messenger.*

## FALSE AND TRUE.

We extract from Dr. Radway's "Disease and Its Cure," as follows:

**List of Diseases Cured by**

## Radway's Sarsaparillian Resolvent.

Chronic Skin Diseases, Caries of the Bones, Humors in the Blood, Scrofulous Diseases, or unnatural Habit of Body, Syphilis in its worst form, real, Fever Sores, Chronic or Old Ulcers, Rheum, Rickets, White Swelling, Salt Uterine Affections, Cankers, Glandular Swellings, Nodes, Wasting and Decay of the Kidneys, Pimples and Blotches. Tumors, Dyspepsia and Gout, Consumption, Gravel and Deposits, and varieties of the above diseases, to which sometimes are given special names.

We assert that there is no known remedy that possesses the curative power over these diseases that RADWAY'S RESOLVENT does. It cures, step by step, surely, from the first to the last action, and restores the injured parts to a perfect sound condition. **The wastes of the body are stopped and healthy blood supplied to the system,** from which every material is formed. This is the great secret of the power of RADWAY'S RESOLVENT. In cases where the system has been salivated and Mercury, or Quicksilver, Corrosive Sublimate have been given, and Quicksilver has been allowed to remain in the system and become deposited in the bones, causing pain, etc., causing caries of the bones, ulcers, fistulous sores, curvatures, contortions, white swellings, scrofulous sores, cancerous sores, etc., the SARSAPARILLIAN will drive away those deposits and exterminate the disease from the system.

If those who are taking these medicines for the cure of Chronic, Scrofulous or Syphilitic diseases, however slow may be the cure, will persevere, and find their general health improving, their flesh and weight increasing, or even losing its own, is a sure sign that the cure is progressing. In these diseases the patient rarely gets better or worse—the virus of the disease is not inactive; if not arrested and driven from the blood it will spread and continue to undermine the constitution. As soon as the RADWAY'S SARSAPARILLIAN makes the patient "feel better," in a few hours, in an hour you will grow better and increase in weight and strength and flesh.

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The removal of these tumors by RADWAY'S RESOLVENT is now so certainly established as to be what was once considered almost miraculous, but is now a common recognized fact by all. Witness the cases of Hannah P. Kingsford, Mrs. Krapf, Mrs. J. H. Jolly and Mrs. P. published in our Almanac for 1879; the Mrs. C. S. Bibbins, in the present edition of "False and True."

**One Dollar per Bottle.**

## MINUTE REMEDY.

Only requires minutes, not hours, to relieve pain and cure acute disease.

## Radway's Ready Relief.

In from one to twenty minutes, RADWAY'S READY RELIEF will relieve PAIN with one thorough application. No matter how violent or excruciating the pain, the RHEUMATIC, Bed-ridden, Infirm, Crippled, Nervous, Neuralgic, or prostrated with disease may suffer, RADWAY'S READY RELIEF will afford instant ease.

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Fever and Ague cured for Fifty Cents. There is not a remedial agent in the world that will cure Fever and Ague, and all other Malarious, Bilious, Scarlet, Typhoid, Yellow and other fevers (aided by RADWAY'S PILLS) so quick as RADWAY'S READY RELIEF.

It will in a few moments, when taken according to directions, cure Cramps, Spasms, Sour Stomach, Heartburn, Sick Headache, Diarrhœa, Dysentery, Colic,

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### BETTER LUCK ANOTHEB YEAR.

Oh, never sink 'neath Fortunes frown,
But brave her with a shout of cheer,
And front her fairly—face her down—
She's only storn to those who fear!
Here's "Better luck another year—
Another year!

Aye, better luck another year!
We'll have her smile instead of sneer—
A thousand smiles for every tear,
With home made glad and goodly cheer,
And better luck another year—
Another year!

The damsel Fortune still denies
The plea that yet delights her ear;
'Tis but our manhood that she tries—
She's copy to those who doubt and fear—
She'll grant the suit another year.
Another year!

Here's Better luck another year!"
She now denies the golden prize;
Put, spite of frown and scorn and sneer,
Be firm, and we wi l win and wear,
With home made glad and goodly cheer,
In better luck another year!
Another year! Another year!

### Scientific Suicide.

"I am a miserable man," said Cyrus Maddox, gloomily, "and it is best that the world should be rid of my presence. No one cares for me."

"Oh, don't say that, uncle," said Lizzie Silver, beseechingly. "You know I love you. You are the only friend I have in the world, and if you were to die what would become of me?"

"I suppose young Guy Cheevers would console you for my loss," said Mr. Maddox, grimly.

"At any rate I don't care. I will end my troubles and sorrows to-morrow at twelve o' clock."

And with these fearful words he strode out of the room, leaving Lizzie sobbing, with her curly black head resting on a dinner-plate.

"What's the matter now, Bess? Has the milliner disappointed you in your love of a bonnet?" asked a warm, hearty voice, which was the property of "young Cheevers," as Mr. Maddox called him—as that gentleman strode into the room.

"Oh, Guy!" sobbed Lizzie; "Uncle Cyrus is going to die to-morrow at twelve o'clock."

"How do you know?" asked Guy.

"He said so."

"But how does he know?"

"He's going to kill himself.'

"So as to make himself a true prophet, eh?" asked Guy, laughing.

"Oh, Guy, don't joke!" Lizze, tearfully. "He will—I know he will!"

"I doubt it!" said Guy, skeptically.

"But he tried to commit suicide several times," persisted Lizzie, tearfully. "Once he tried to smother himself with burning charcoal; but he forgot to stop up the key-hole, and I smelt the smoke and got some neighbors to break open the door, and saved him. Then he tried to hang himself, but the cord broke, and he fired a pistol at himself but he forgot to put any ball in it, so that failed, and then——"

"Gracious!" cried Guy, as Lizzie stopped for want of breath; "what a determined man he must be! Such perseverance deserves to be rewarded. Have you any idea what plan he will try next?"

"I'm sure I don't know," said Lizzie, mournfully. "Something dreadful, I suppose."

"But what does he want to make away with himself for?" asked Guy, wonderingly.

"Why, he says he is a miserable man, a burden to every one, and that life has no joys for him, and that he is weary of this world——"

"And so would like to try the next?" said Guy. "Perhaps he won't find it as pleasant as the one he is quitting. What an unreasonable man he must be! He is rich, talented, healthy, and has a very pretty niece"—here, in a moment of abstraction, he allowed his arm to wonder around Miss Silvers waist—"and what more can he want? But some people never are satisfied. It seems he is determined to pry into futurity, and it seems a pity to disappoint so laudable an ambition; but duty—duty to myself—compels me to interfere. I dislike scandal or excitement. A coroner's jury would cause both, therefore we must balk his little game.

"But how?" asked Lizzie, curiously.

"A prudent General," said Guy, haughtily, "never confides his plaus to his army, particularly when that army is of the feminine gender—so excuse me; mum's the word; but rest assured, my dearest Elizabeth, that unless your worthy uncle sh off this mortal coil in a surreptitious ner before twelve o'clock to-morr will not do it afterward—of course illegally. Farewell till to-morrow.

Having concluded this addres strode off in a tragic manner, leav zie greatly surprised, but still re for in her opinion what Guy could was not worth doing.

The next morning Mr. Maddox appearance very saturnine and and ate his breakfast with a mou that was terribly impressive. Hav ished, he then took leave of his ni feeling manner.

"I am about to leave you," mournfully. "I am about to end t of misery. I hope you may be happ

"Oh, don't go," said Lizzie, te clinging to him, and looking up h face pleadingly.

"It's useless," said Mr. Maddox,

"My mind is fixed, and nothing y say can persuade me to relinquish my pose. But you, my dear child, sha be unprovided for. I intend to make will in the few hours that are left me, you will not be forgotten. Good-by, dear child—farewell!"—and then, a embracing his niece fervently, Mr. Madd rushed from the room frantically a securely locked himself in his own room, and began to prepare himself for his last journey.

"Nine o'clock!" he said to himself looking at his watch. "Three hours yet. Enough to do all I have to do. First to make my will."

The last will and testament of Mr. Cyrus Maddox was evidently not a long one, as it was finished in an hour.

"Eleven o'clock!" said Mr. Maddox, "and I have finished. How slow the time passes to be sure! Now what shall I do until twelve o'clock, for I am determined not to die until noon——"

A knock at the door.

"Go away!" said Mr Maddox, angrily. "You can't come in!"

"I am very sorry to disagree with you," said a voice outside the door, "but I can come in. I have a duplicate key here, and if you don't open the door I will."

Mr. Maddox rose and unlocked the door savagely, and Mr. Guy Cheeves stalked into the room, carrying a oblong box under his arm.

He placed the box on the table, and then took a seat opposite Mr. Maddox, and stared blandly at him.

"What do you want?" asked Mr Maddox, fiercely. "Don't you see I'm engaged?"

"Oh I know," said Guy, "what you are about to do. Don't think that I'm going to interfere, not at all. But before you make your quietus, I wish to ask you a few questions. Have you provided for your niece's future welfare?"

"What's that to you?"

"Considerable. I am about to marry Miss Silver, so her interests are naturally mine."

"Then she is provided for, amply."

Thank you for your information. Very glad to hear it. And now, excuse the apparent impertinence of the question, but where is your will?"

"Here," said Mr. Maddox, laying his hand on it.

"Suppose you give it to me to take care of?"

"Give it to you! Why, pray?"

"It might become misplaced," explained Guy.

"I'll keep it myself," said Mr. Maddox, roughly.

"Then just leave a memorandum ont he table," said Guy, earnestly, "to tell where it is. It will save trouble, perhaps."

"Get out!" cried Mr. Maddox, angrily.

"Ah, I see!" said Mr. Cheevers, coolly; "in a hurry to begin. Well, I won't detain you; but I have a little suggestion to offer."

"It is this," said Guy. "Miss Silver informs me that you have made several previous efforts to cut short your trouble and your breath, and always unsuccessfully. Now, it seems to me you don't go the right way about it. This box"—and here he opened the box before alluded to—contains several little plans that I think might please you. Here's one"—and he showed a little steel instrument.

"What's that?" asked Mr. Maddox, curiously.

"This," said Guy, "is an article that you can place round your neck like a collar; then, by striking your hand on the left side of your neck, a sharp spike is driven right into your jugular vain——"

"But that would kill me?" said Mr. Maddox staring.

"Well, ain't that what you want?" demanded Guy, sternly. "Now, here's another," he went on. "Here's a wheel, you observe. You place this hand around your neck, pass it around the wheel, and give it two or three turns; then let go. The recoil will twist your head almost off your shoulders—kill you to a certainty."

Mr. Maddox stared at him with unfeigned horror.

"Then," went on Guy, "here's a little package—a torpedo. It contains nitro-glycerine. You place it in your mouth, snap your teeth on it, and off goes your head, smashed into millions of atoms."

"Good heavens!" exclaimed Mr. Maddox, tearfully. What a terrible idea!"

"Not at all," said Guy, soothingly, "Beautiful invention—I quite pride myself on it—scientific suicide, you see! Anybody can take poison, or blow their brains out; but to do it scientifically requires real talent. You have it and I am confident you will reflect credit on my inventive skill. Now," he continued, confidentially, "if you could use all three of these inventions at once—cut your jugular, garrote yourself and blow your head off, all at once—why, I'd thank you."

"What!" cried Mr. Maddox, fiercely, "do you think I'm going to use any of your infernal inventions? Get out of this room, you cold-blooded villain, before I throw you out of the window!"

"But I have a great many more to show you," demonstrated Guy; "and you see I want you to try as many as possible. Well, well" he added, as Mr. Maddox grasped the poker threateningly, "I'm going. But I'll leave this box here, and before you get rid of yourself, just make a memorandum of what you will use, and leave it on the table, because, you know, there will probably be nothing left of you to draw conclusions from, and so——"

Here any further speech was cut short by Mr. Maddox seizing his visitor, and hust[illegible]

"I
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To cut
"I am ve
To pick
"I am the p
To wipe yo
"I am making

### Our Heft-Hand Neighbors.

The house is a comfortable-looking brown house, nearly surrounded by verandahs. It is situated in a large yard, where there are many fruit trees. As you enter the door you find yourself in a large, pleasant room. There are easy chairs before the windows, inviting you in their quiet way to repose. Between the windows there is a pretty little table which is neither mahogany nor rose-wood, toward which your eyes always wander, for there is always to be found on it an old-fashioned silver basket, filled with fruit varying with the seasons; in winter rosy apples and golden oranges, in autumn purple grapes. Behind the fire is an ottoman whereon a large, benevolent-looking cat is generally to be found.

The family consists of three persons, a man, his wife and a daughter. The man is about middle height, and looks to be on the shady side of forty. His greatest aim in life seems to be to go a fishing. He is a person of whom we say "out of sight, out of mind." The lady looks younger than her husband. She wears her hair in the fashion of twenty years ago—two curls behind her respective ears, and the remaining two or three hairs in a small-sized net on the back of her head; it calls up the thought that possibly there may be a door somewhere there, and that is the knob. Her teeth, of which she has but few, look older than she is. One of them has a particularly downcast expression, as it drops despondently over her lower lip. She dresses peculiarly, looking as if she had never come to the end of her wedding trosseau. She is generous and open-hearted. Also, she is seriously inclined to gossip, and irresistibly given to exaggeration. When you are in need of advice she can always supply you, on any and all subjects. She has been heard frequently to boast that there is no man *she* is afraid of; and her husband never argues the point with her. Some people know when they are well off.

Her daughter, a girl of nineteen, is herself moderated. She has a retrousse nose, and sandy hair, inclined to a carroty shade. She has what is called vegetable beauty.

This family have a dog. It is not a vicious dog, for, judging from the large amount of bark, there can be very little bite. The family think everything of the animal—the man because it is of such a fine breed, the ladies because it keeps off burglars. It does keep off burglars, by keeping the neighbors on the alert. Several obituaries have been written, in case this dog should die.

This dog occasionally gets away. This is the signal for a commotion. The lady drops her knitting and runs after the animal, and all the small boys and girls follow. Jumping from curbing to road and from road to gutter, heated and excited, scolding and exhorting, this left-hand neighbor gives earnest chase. The number of pursuers increases at every block. The policeman stands on the corner, wondering whether the dog is mad or the people are. Several baby carriages have fallen into the ranks, and all the dogs for three miles around. The neighbors, thinking of fire and other dreadful things, rush to the windows and see one dog gambolling along, followed by a very excited woman, and the juvenile portion of the neighborhood. They hear above the din caused by drivers, babies and dogs, a sharp, shrill voice, telling Jennie, the dog, to perambulate gently home and expatiating on the animal's waywardness. Finally the dog is caught and the procession files peacefully home. A hush settles down, and the only sound that disturbs this serenity is the barking of the dog.

### Killed at a Tournament.

Henry the Second, of France, who excelled in every exercise of chivalry, was peculiarly fond of tournaments, and gave a splendid succession of them on the marriage, by proxy, of Elizabeth, to Philip II., at Paris. The lists extended from the Palace of the Tournelles to the Bastile, across the streets of San Antoine. In the first two days the king broke several lances with lords of his court, in all of which he showed extraordinary vigor and address. On the third day of the tournament, June 30, 1559, toward the close of the evening, and the conclusion, Henry showed a great inclination to try his prowess against the Count de Montgomeri, captain of his Life Guards, who had formerly wounded Francis I. so dangerously on the head, at Romorentin in Beri, and was distinguished for his superior address in these combats above any nobleman in the kingdom. Catherine de Medici, as if by a secret presage of the event, entreated the king not to re-enter the lists; but he resisted her solicitations, saying [illegible]ld break one lance more in her [illegible]ntgomeri accepted the chal-[illegible]t reluctance. Henry com-[illegible]obey, and even fought with [illegible] but the authors are not [illegible]her it was raised inten-[illegible] open by a blow from [illegible] in an encounter which [illegible]e count's lance broke [illegible]net; he then fought [illegible]ained in his hand, [illegible]me to strike the [illegible] the eyes which [illegible]d deprived him [illegible]understanding, [illegible]ys afterward. [illegible] the suppres-[illegible]e.

### A Tame Otter.

A recent writer in an English paper says: Not long ago, taking a walk down by the Thrum mill, near Rothbury on the Coquet, to exercise our dogs, on getting to the top of the rocks one of the puppies gave tongue and out came an otter with two whelps by her side, making for the river. He got in front when the mother gained the rocks, but we secured the two whelps. We took them home and put them with Bell, an otter hound, who had a litter of three puppies: One of the whelps died, but the other took to the hound, and throve famously; he mixed with the puppies, but fought like a demon, and was soon master of the situation. Wherever they went he went with them, fighting everything he met with. He also became a pet with all the household, who never missed a chance of feeding him. His special treat was bowls of milk and broth; to get these he would find his way into dairies, larders, etc. Thus he went on, until he had to enter the puppies for otter hunting. We had him fastened in a yard with high walls, as we felt sure, if we took him with us, he would join his own species. On our return he bullied and fought the entire kennel of five. About a week after I had to go to Brinkburn priory, and took the dogs with me. "Sandy," the tame otter, would go, and into the Coquet they soon got on the lair of an otter. They swam him through a deep pool, when he took to the bushes. Soon I saw Sandy side by side with Refus, close to the wild otter. I said farewell to Sandy, but presently I heard the pleasant sound. "worry, worry;" I thought Refus had him, but, on coming in sight, to my astonishment, Sandy had him fast by the neck and held him fast until the dogs came up. From that time he was the leader in all our hunts, and was in at the death of nearly twenty otters. He became, however, a perfect terror to all the dogs in the village, and district; fighting was his motto. I well remember Mr. Weathens had a big lurcher and greyhound, who took to fighting; a great, powerful animal, his long jaws and quick movements beat the whole district. One day he was in Roxbury, and soon had poor Refus dead beat. "Let out, Sandy, Geordie." No sooner said than done. Sandy at once saw poor Refus's condition, and flew at the lurcher—got him by the forelog, when the lurcher turned to bite. On seeing Sandy, however, he was terror-stricken, and, giving a most unearthly yell, bolted up the town with Sandy after him. The dog's master could never get him to pass through the town again. But, alas! poor Sandy soon came to his end. Love of broth led him into the larder of the Star inn. The cook, finding him wallowing in the broth, struck him with the wooden ladle, more to frighten than to hurt him; but his skull was fractured, and after lingering for some days, he died, to the inexpressible regret of all who knew him.

### "The Rights of an American."

He was about five foot five or thereabouts, stoutly built, and dressed in a suit of faded black. His face was round and somewhat studious in expression, to which a heavy pair of glasses greatly added. In either hand was a carpet bag of ancient style, while the high hat was of the kind which went out of date in the Spring of 1859. He came through the long hall of the Central Depot with the air of a man who considers no one his superior, but when the man at the gate said, "ticket, sir," he looked rather wild. "What am I, a hog?" he muttered, dropping both carpet bags in the doorway. The doorkeeper quietly pushed the carpet bags aside, and the crowd went in and out, while the old man raised both hands and declared he had been twenty-seven years in this country and had "the rights of an American." The passage-way was blocked in a moment, and then Detectives Kavanagh and Brown came, but he would go no way save to the train. He had a ticket for Buffalo, but would show it only to the conductor. The officers saw at once that it was a peculiar case and at once seized his bags and himself and rushed him into the depot, he at all times protesting about his long residence in America and his rights. Then he was placed on the train, but with some difficulty, his loud tone and active gesticulations affording amusement to the crowd attracted to him. Once inside the car he quietly sat down beside his carpet-bags, muttering over and over, "My ticket, yes, I keep my ticket all right."

### Wood and Iron in Fires.

Captain Shaw of the Fire Brigade of London, writes as follows in relation to the respective utility of wood and iron for internal supports of buildings. A few months since a fire occurred in one of the enormous warehouses for which the docks of this metropolis are remarkable, and raged with great fury from a little before six in the morning until about eleven in the forenoon, when it was extinguished, and a very large proportion of the building and its contents saved. The warehouse was constructed of brick walls; it had wooden floors, supported on wooden beams, which in their turn were carried on wooden story-posts, about twelve inches thick; and, although serious damage was done, not one portion of the heavy woodwork was destroyed. After the fire we was allowed to remove one of the story-posts, with a section of the beams and other parts surrounding it above and below. This post had been subjected to the full action of the fire during the whole of its duration, as already mentioned, or, making full allowance for everything, including the delay of the fire attacking the particular spot on which it stood and the time at which the cooling process commenced certainly not less than four and one-half hours. As we had used large quantities of water, and it was probable that the wood might have been somewhat saturated, I had it carefully dried for several days before a strong fire, until not a trace of moisture remained in it. I then set it on end in an open yard, exactly as it had stood in the warehouse, with the pedestal underneath, the cap above, and the beam across the cap, placed more than a ton of shavings, light wood, and heavy wood round it, and, after saturating the whole heap with petroleum, applied a light torch. After this I kept men pumping petroleum and turpentine on it until my stock was exhausted. At the end of two-and-a-half hours I withdrew the post, beam and other parts from the fire, and within a few minutes from the time at which they were withdrawn they ceased to burn. I then wed off horizontally a few feet at that rt which had suffered most from the mes, and afterwards split the same piece longitudinally with steel wedges in order to examine its condition. The post was of pitch pine, about the most inflammable wood I know, and yet, after exposure for seven hours to fire the fury of which could not be exceeded except in blast furnaces, it contained and still contains within it a quantity of perfectly uninjured and apparently fresh wood, probably capable at this moment of supporting the whole weight the original post can have been designed to carry. Immediately after the saw-cut, and again after the cleaving with steel wedges, I carefully examined the centre, and found it just perceptibly warm to the touch, but nothing more, thus proving that the fibre, in which the strength lies, must have been quite uninjured. The lesson to be drawn from this I take to be as follows:—A massive story-post of even the most inflammable wood is absolutely and perfectly proof against any heat which can be applied to it, will not of itself burn at all, but requires a continual supply of highly inflammable substances to keep it burning, and, when this supply is withdrawn, ceases to burn; and lastly, after being exposed for seven hours to flames of very great intensity, is not injured to a greater depth than about two inches from the original outer surface, and still shows a centre as clean and fresh as when it was first put in. There may be other materials suitable for this purpose which are capable of resisting the effects of heat; and, if so, I hope we may one day hear of them; but in the meanwhile I venture to submit what I consider to be strong practical testimony in favor of massive timber for the internal supports of heavily loaded buildings.

### An Intelligent Dog

He was a pure Newfoundland, with a nice, broad head and beautiful light brown eyes, and such a sweet expression at the corners of his mouth you would be sure to think he was smiling. A more affectionate heart never beat than that beneath the shaggy breast of our dog Custer. We trained him to hold the halter in his mouth and lead the horses away, and he was very proud to be allowed this honor, and would wag his big, bushy tail in a satisfied way, and hold his head high in order to look as dignified as possible, I suppose. His tricks and accomplishments were many. He could carry two eggs in his huge mouth and never break one. He could turn a knob as well as any one, and on entering a room would always turn around and put his paw on the door to close it. If this failed he would jump upon the door, taking care not to scratch with his nails. He was more intelligent than many men I have seen, and if any one sat down in the house without doffing his hat Custer would steal stealthily up behind him and pull it off, then dropping it on the floor at the side of his chair would walk quietly away and lie down, as one who had performed a duty. We would wrap a few pennies in a paper and send him with it in his mouth to a store for candy, of which he was very fond. He would never give it to any one but one clerk, with whom he was acquainted, and would bring the candy home untouched, but after delivering it to us would stand expectedly by, wagging his tail and waiting for the sweet morsel he knew he was sure to get. He was fond of milk, too, but would carry it faithfully to our pet lamb; and though he would glance lovingly into the pail occasionally, he was never known to betray our trust or steal one sip of the coveted beverage. We could send him to a remote part of the house for any article, and he would be sure to understand and bring it to us if he could find it, and he generally found whatever he searched for. I would say: "Custer, bring my overshoes from the hall." He would get up and yawn, perhaps, and look up in my face with a dog-smile, as though he said: "You lazy girl, why did you disturb my pleasant dream?" then turn the knob of the hall door and in a moment return to me with both rubbers in the cavernous depths of his great red mouth. I would say: "Bring me my thimble. It is upstairs on the window." He would turn his grand, glossy head first on one side, then on the other, and look at me in a puzzling way, as though trying to fix it upon his memory, then turn slowly away to do his errand. Sometimes on the way he would seem to forget and come back to me, looking very much ashamed, dropping his wide, curly ears and peering at me from the top of his eyes. Then I would repeat my demand, and he would run friskily away again, and come back with the thimble hidden in his mouth. Often he would tantalize me playfully and refuse to give it to me, shaking his head in a mischievous way, and keeping just out of my reach as I ran toward him.

### Chased by a Water Spout.

William H. Hallock, who not long ago was a passenger on a steamship of the Pacific Mail Company, tells of an exciting experience while the ship was off the coast of Gautemala. A water spout of tremendous power suddenly appeared near the ship. In the midst of the consternation the captain ordered his course reversed and soon the steamer was driving along, with the water spout in pursuit. Its crest was hidden in a dark mass of cloud, its base seeming to operate like an immense revolving cullender, while the entire external periphery formed a cushion of foam, over which the sea bird screamed, occasionally seizing upon the dead fish which came within reach. The spout itself formed a sort of spiral cylinder, streaked with opaque parallel lines through its whole length, from the surface of the sea upward. These lines were evidently ascending columns of water, for afterward, when the upper and lower sections became detached, the accumulated volume of water overhead immediately began its descent within the body of the spout, as though it had been the valve of an immense syringe. The water thus released must have been equal to several tons, as it was solid and almost black and returned to the sea with a loud roar, all the other parts of the aerial structure gradually dissipating. Perhaps the most singular of all was the serpentine form assumed by the section nearest the clouds, which moved off at first almost horizontally, and then turned upon itself in a perfect coil, so that for a moment, when the end of the aqueous rope—or whatever it was—swinched around squarely to the eye of the observer, showing a section, it resembled a ball of ink. When the spout was in its finest condition lightning several times flew through the penumbra in zig-zag courses, making a spectacle not only terrible in the manifestation of power, but sublime and beautiful.

### Queer Cats.

There are very many anecdotes told of horses, dogs and birds, but very few about cats; and as this is hardly fair to the cat creation, the following instances at least deserve a mention: There is a certain truckman residing in New York, who owns a cat with some very uncatable peculiarities. She is a Malta, and about three years old. Her feature of attraction is the manner in which she greets every person that enters her owner's abode. No dog, on the return of a long absent master, could appear more joyful or frisk and caper about with greater agility than this extraordinary cat on the appearance of a visitor. If her dancing and frisking about do not at once attract their attention, she gives a succession of calls peculiar to her kind, that are certain to have the desired effect. These strange actions and cries she generally keeps up for ten or fifteen minutes and then quietly retires to her place under the stove. Her owners say that she differs in no other way from the generality of cats, but that she will leave her dinner or her kittens on the appearance of a stranger and never cease until to her thinking the rather noisy welcome is complete. And should twelve different persons call in one day, twelve times would pussy go through her peculiar greeting. Among other "queer cats" that have come under the writer's notice, was an Isle of Wight or tailless cat. Dick, as he was called, was not only afflicted with an extremely sensitive disposition, but with the faculty of expressing his feelings in his face. He never had been what is termed a sociable cat, no one save his master ever ventured further than to gently stroke his back, and not even from him would Dick put up with much. One morning before breakfast his master ordered him, rather crossly, from the centre of the hearth-rug; and his own description of the look that Dick gave him in return, as he slowly retired from the room, was that it haunted him for days after. Some time after this he again had occasion to scold the cat, and he disappeared for more than a week and presented a most dejected and forlorn appearance on his return. A month later the same gentleman, on entering his breakfast-room perceived Dick with his paws on the table and his whiskers in the milk, for which he gave him a box on the ear. Dick, unlike cats when caught stealing, slowly walked from the table to the open door, and after giving his master a long, reproachful look, walked out of the house and towards the woods, and was never again seen or heard of. Another New England cat, known as Debby, formed a life-long attachment to a canary bird, and at one time actually fought and chased away another cat that was meditating the bird for a dinner. Incredulous persons were allowed to place the bird-cage on the floor, with no other company than Debby, and watch the proceedings from a chink in the door. She would generally sit down by the cage as if on guard, but never in any way molest her helpless little companion. Another cat in the neighborhood used to annoy her mistress by constantly catching pigeons, young chickens and birds, and bringing them directly to her feet. No matter if she were receiving a roomful of company, puss, with a peculiar purr of satisfaction, would lay her prey before the lady and there leave it. Another of the feline tribe, with wonderful persistence, followed beneath his owner's carriage, after the manner of the Danish carriage-dog. This cat would never be touched by any one but his master, and by whom he was taught a number of little tricks.

### "The Gal's Yourn."

It is not intended that some men shall marry peacefully. Bill Skittles lives in South Arkansas. For the past six months he has been studying for the ministry and it occurred to Bill several days ago that just before instituting a revival it would be a good idea to get married. He mentioned the subject to a young lady and asked her to share his ministerial melancholy and hilarity, but the young lady said she had promised to marry Zeb. Monk, the professional well cleaner of the neighborhood. "Oh, well," said the minister, "I am pretty well acquainted with Zeb. and I don't believe he'd kick," The young lady finally agreed and the wedding day was fixed.

Grand preparations were made. The girl's brothers had caught a couple of 'possums and the old lady had baked an immense sweet potato pie. The justice of the peace arrived. The parties took their places. The justice proceeded with the ceremony, when Zeb. Monk walked in and demanded:

"Let up thar, boss. Say, capin tur that gal loose."

"I reckon I wont," replied Bill.

"Well, then," said Zeb. drawing a revolver, "I'll kinder resort to extremities"

"See here," remarked Bill, "are you in earnest about this thing?"

"I reckon I am."

"Do you mean hog's head and collard greens?"

"I reckon I do."

"Right down to corn bread and cabbages?"

"I reckon it is."

"Well, then, you can take the gal. It was only sweet milk and pie with me. I'm in fun. I had a new pair of trousers and didn't know what to do with 'em. Come a little closer. Is it spar ribs and backbones?"

"I reckon it is."

"Then I know the gal's your," and, with a slight change in the license, the marriage proceeded.

### A Lively Corpse.

A stock owner went out the other day over the divide in Nevada, to see how his bulls were standing the rigorous weather, and found a large, fine steer, in his last long sleep. The stock man had to roll him over to see the brand, and he has regretted his curiosity ever since. He told me the brand looked like a Roman candle making about 2,000 revolutions per minute and with 18 more prismatic colors than he thought were in existence. Sometimes a steer is dead but in a cold sleepy stupor which precedes death, and when stirred up a little and irritated because he cannot die without turning over and showing his brand, he musters his remaining strength and kicks the inquisitive stock man so high that he can see and recognize the features of his departed friends. That was the way it happened on this occasion. The stock man fell in the branches of a pine tree on Jack Creek, not dead but very thoughtful. He said he was near enough to hear the rush of wings and was just going to register and engage a room in the New Jerusalem when he returned to consciousness.

# Our Republican.

SATURDAY, May 5, 1880.


## ANNOUNCEMENTS.

☞Five dollars cash for announcements under this head, except in case of Commissioners, which announcements are made for three dollars, cash.

### FOR STATE SENATE.

☞We are authorized to announce L W GRANT as a candidate for State Senator for the 7th senatorial district, composed of the counties of Calhoun and Cleburne.

☞I hereby respectfully announce myself a candidate to represent the people of the 7th Senatorial District—composed of the counties of Calhoun and Cleburne, in the next State Senate of Alabama.

L. D. MILLER.

☞We are authorized to announce JAMES M. SHEID as a candidate for State Senator for the 7th Senatorial District, composed of the counties of Calhoun and Cleburne.

### FOR REPRESENTATIVE.

☞We are authorized to announce DUDLEY WILLIAMS as a candidate for Representative of Calhoun county.

☞We are authorized to announce J. D. HAMMOND as a candidate for Representative of Calhoun county in the General Assembly.

☞We are authorized to announce J. G. HUDSON as a candidate for Representative of Calhoun county.

☞We are authorized to announce Edmund Cobb as a candidate for Representative—Independent of any party.

### FOR CIRCUIT JUDGE.

We are authorized to announce Hon. M J TURNLEY, of Gadsden, as a candidate for Judge of the Seventh circuit of Alabama, at the August election in August next—subject to a convention.

### FOR PROBATE JUDGE.

*To the people of Calhoun County:*

I take this method of announcing to the people that I shall be a candidate at the next election for Probate Judge in this county. I do not enter into this election as the representative of any political party, Democratic or Republican, but stand upon the platform of Independentism, and in asking for the suffrages of the people, pledge myself that if elected, I will faithfully, honestly and zealously discharge the duties incumbent upon me in my official capacity.

Jno. A. De Armas.

☞We are authorized to announce L W CANNON as a candidate for Probate Judge of Calhoun county.

☞We are authorized to announce John Y. HENDERSON as a candidate for Probate Judge of Calhoun county,

☞We are authorized to announce A. WOODS as a candidate for Judge of Probate of Calhoun county.

☞We are authorized to announce W J BORDEN as a candidate for Probate Judge of Calhoun County.

### FOR SHERIFF.

☞We are authorized to announce A O STEWART as a candidate for Sheriff of Calhoun county.

☞We are authorized to announce W J. SCOTT as a candidate for Sheriff o Calhoun County.

☞We are authorized to announce B. J MATTHEWS as a candidate for Sheriff o Calhoun county.

☞We are authorized to announce GEO. L. BROWN as a candidate for Sheriff of Calhoun county.

☞We are authorized to announce ALFRED M. MORGAN as a candidate for Sheriff of Calhoun county.

☞I hereby announce myself as a candidate for Sheriff of Calhoun county. If elected, I will serve the people promptly.

L. P. READ

☞We are authorized to announce D. J. CLARK as a candidate for Sheriff of Calhoun county.

☞We are authorized to announce J. B. FARMER as a candidate for Sheriff of Calhoun county.

### FOR TAX COLLECTOR.

☞We are authorized to announce D. Z. GOODLETT as a candidate for Tax Collector of Calhoun county.

☞We are authorized to announce WASHINGTON DICKIE as a candidate for Tax Collector of Calhoun county.

☞We are authorized to announce J. M. WEBSTER as a candidate for Tax Collector of Calhoun county

### FOR TAX ASSESSOR.

☞We are authorized to announce A B LEDBETTER as a candidate for Tax Assessor of Calhoun county.

☞We are authorized to announce JOHN L HENDRICK as a candidate for Tax Assessor of Calhoun county.

☞We are authorized to announce LOS FERGUSON as a candidate for Tax Assessor of Calhoun county.

☞We are authorized to announce M G MAHAFFEY as a candidate for Tax Assessor of Calhoun county.

☞We are authorized to announce ROBT HASSON as a candidate for Tax Assessor of Calhoun county.

☞The friends of W. S. N. SMITH, of Wetver's Station announce him as a candidate for Tax Assessor of Calhoun county.

### FOR CIRCUIT CLERK.

☞We are authorized to announce P. D. SS as a candidate for Circuit Clerk of county.

We are authorized to announce TON ALLEN as a candidate for Circ of Calhoun county.

We are authorized to announce JOS A. JOS as a candidate for Circuit Clerk o Calhoun county.

☞We are authorized to announce H. F. Vernon as a candidate for Circuit Clerk Calhoun County.

### FOR COUNTY TREASURER.

☞We are authorized to announce I. L. SWAN as a candidate for Treasurer of Calhoun county.

☞We are authorized to announce J. J. SKELTON as a candidate for Treasurer of Calhoun county.

### FOR COMMISSIONER.

☞The friends of A J DICKINSON announce him as a candidate for Commissioner of Calhoun county.

☞We are authorized to announce Mr H. FOWLER as a candidate for Commissioner of Calhoun County.

☞The friends of R H GRIFFIN announce his name as a candidate for reelection to the office of County Commissioner Calhoun county.

☞We are authorized to announce JNO. M PATTERSON as a candidate for Commissioner of Calhoun County.

☞We are authorized to announce A. J. KERR as a candidate for County Commissioner of Calhoun county.

☞We are authorized to announce J. P. WHITLOCK as a candidate for County Commissioner of Calhoun County.

☞We are authorized to announce W (Jonas) ADERHOLT as a candidate fo. County Commissioner.

☞We are authorized to announce ELI STEPHENS as a candidate for Commissioner of Calhoun county.

We are au horized to announce J. R. TH as a candidate for County oner.

are authorized to announce Mark as a candidate for County Comm er.

We are authorized to announce T D as a candidate for county commissioner.

—We are authorized to announce S S DYE as a candidate for county commissioner.

☞We are authorized to announce W. H. Vincent as a candidate for county Commissioner.

☞We are authorized by the friends of W. C. Scarbrough to announce his name for Commissioner.

☞We are authorized to announce Thomas A. Best as a candidate for county Commissioner of Calhoun County.

## THE COUNTY CONVENTION.

The county convention which met in the court house here last Saturday was the largest that has assembled in the county for years. Every beat in the county, save one was largely represented, and that beat at its own solicitation, was not represented because of a local event which prevented a full turn out at the primary meeting, and not from any indisposition on its part to put itself in full allignment with the organized Democracy of Calhoun in the approaching political contest.

For good reasons, the convention decided to have no county nominations this year, but on the supreme necessity for nominating conventions from and including Senatorial District convention up, there was little division of sentiment, and delegates were elected to attend all.

The peril of the hour has instinctively driven the Democratic party together this year, and the result will be a compact organization backing the nominees of the party, as invincible as an army, and victory all along the line.

The Conventions determined upon will meet in rapid succession from now until the 10th day of June, and it is time for good Democrats to begin to strip for the fight. Let all evil prognostications of defeat for the nominees cease, and let determined courage henceforth take the place of gloomy despondency.

Away with all cowardly fears! If judicious nominations mark the coming conventions; if men of courage and ability and clean party records be given the standards of the party, the victory is won already. The people at bottom are always right and ever follow where a patriotic and courageous leadership points.

At critical times in battle one cowardly soldier would do incalculable harm by crying out, "*they are flanking us!*" At such times we have known a panic checked by the bold cry of "*forward*" from the lips of a gallant leader.

In the ranks of the Democracy of Calhoun let the cry of "*forward*" only be heard, and, mark one word, the election day in August will be a red letter day for the organized Democracy of the County, and the men who have stood up in defiance of that invincible host will go down in the dust of defeat, never to rise again.

Fall in men!

We wish every voter in Calhoun could have been present to have seen the utter fairness which characterized the proceedings of the County Convention from beginning to end.

The whole business was conducted in the broad light of day and the delegates to the various Conventions were selected by the entire delegations from the Beats, which precluded the idea that there could have been packing in the interest of any one candidate. In fact men were lost sight of in a patriotic desire of the Convention to look only to the interests of the party and country.

The remarks of Hons. Wm. M. Hames and Jno. H. Caldwell were eloquent, highly appropriate and patriotic, and did great good in opening the eyes of the people to the true situation of affairs, the peril that threatens the country and the duty of organization.

The whole attitude and bearing of the determined men who were present in council for the good of their country spoke of success and only success to the approaching political contest.

The organized Democracy go before the country with clean hands and patriotic purpose and will whip this political fight as sure as fate.

### Judicial convention.

Whereas, there is to be held a Jud cial convention to nominate a candidate for Circuit Judge of the Seventh Judicial Circuit of this State, therefore be it resolved that we recommend Gadsden to the counties composing said Circuit as the most accessible and eligable place for holding the same, and Thursday, the 10th of June, as the time for holding said convention.

Resolved, further that the secretaries of this convention be instructed to forward to the county Executive committees, and each paper in the Circuit, copies of this resolution, with the request that they publish the same.

JOHN H. DISQUE.
Chm.

S. H. Wilson,
Geo. H. Johnson,
Secretaries.

We are informed that St. Clair and Etowah Counties, in Convention have suggested June 10th, as the time, and Gadsden, as the place, for holding the Judicial Convention for the 7th Circuit. We hope the other Counties, when they meet in Convention, will do likewise and thus obviate any confusion that might possibly arise in the absence of a specific call from an Executive Committee.

### Selma Rome and Dalton R. R.

The Supreme Court of Alabama has decreed a sale of this road, and the 14th of next June is the day of sale at Selma. All parties holding or owning the first and second mortgage bonds of the Ala. and Tenn. R. R. R, are required to present and file them in the office of the Register at Selma on or before the first of July next, for payment, on failure to do so, their bonds will be barred and not paid. There are quite a large number of citizens of Calhoun and other counties owning the second mortgage bond which were thought to be of no value. It is the opinion of well informed parties that all of the first bonds will be paid and large portion of the second bonds if not all will be paid.

The holders of these bonds ought to file their bonds for payment, and they ought to have a reliable attorney to register and look after them. I take the liberty of recommending Thomas W. Clark a reliable and responsible attorney in Selma who will for a small fee give prompt and strict attention in collecting all or a pro-rata share of each bond.

Thos. A. Walker.

### Hon. H. M. Sommerville.

We present to the people of Alabama to-day, the name of a citizen of this county, whose many friends, in every part of the State desire to see elected a Justice of the Supreme Court of Alabama.

Notwithstanding that he is well known to the Bar of Alabama, having been, in 1878 elected one of the Vice Presidents of the Bar Association of the State, and re-elected in 1879, a mark of the r sincere esteem towards him for the possession of qualities which are chiefly to be regarded as worthy of honor in the profession, yet, for the purpose of giving a wider knowledge of his fitness for the place asked for him by his friends, we give a short biographical sketch of his life.

Henderson M. Sommerville, was born in 1837. He came the same year, with his parents, to reside in Tuskaloosa, Alabama. A graduate in 1856 with the Second Honor, of the University of Alabama, under the Presidency of that distinguished teacher, Dr. Basil Manly and the able corps of Professors then connected with that Institution. A graduate, in 1858, of the Law School of the Cumberland University at Lebanon, Tenn., at a time when Judges Green and Caruthers were Professors in it, he took his license to practice in the State of Tennessee, and in 1859 was settled in Memphis, a city of 30,000 inhabitants and 300 Lawyers.

But with an energy that still continues he went to work in his profession. Never ceased to study the "principles, maxims and adjudications of the law," he labored to know the reasons for every decision, and to understand the principles the decision settled.

The exciting political canvass of 1860, drew every lawyer in Tennessee and nearly every one in the United States into the arena of politics. Mr. Sommerville was, and has ever been a ready and graceful writer. There is a clearness and proficiency in his writings which mark them as classical productions. Although so young he was called upon by his friends to assume the responsible position of editor of the Appeal, a newspaper well known to the public and advocating the election of Douglass to the Presidency.

The position of editor of a leading newspaper is one of great honor and distinction. The press wields an influence second to none other in the land. The Appeal was the leading champion of Judge Douglass in 1860, in the South, and was everywhere read and quoted. The editor gained and held the esteem and respect of all antagonists, and won honors in that mighty struggle which he will forever wear throughout life.

In 1862 he was chosen instructor in the classics and mathematics of the University of Alabama and remained a member of the faculty of that institution until its destruction by fire, by the Federal troops, in April, 1865.

In 1865, he became a law partner in Tuskaloosa, of the late ex Chief Justice John J. Ormond, and has been closely and laboriously pursuing his profession ever since, gaining year by year a more brilliant reputation and adding to the laurels which he won by his industry, patience and zeal won at the bar.

In 1878, the law department of the University of Alabama was organized and Mr. Sommerville was by general consent placed at its head. In him the trustees recognized those qualifications, embracing knowledge, superior tact in communicating it, a discriminating judgment, and peculiar pleasantness of manner, calculated to attract and bind attention, which eminently fitted him for the position of Professor of Law. The subsequent success of this school, and the many well instructed and able young men sent out into the profession from it, confirm in the best manner the wisdom of the selection.

In politics Mr. Sommerville has ever been true to the Democratic faith, and in the struggle from 1868 to the triumph of 1874 he bore an active and important part in the campaigns. For four years he was a member of the State Executive Committee, and almost the whole time a member of the County Executive Committee, in all these places, he was zealous and industrious, taking an active and important part in all their duties.

He has never sold, nor been a candidate for, any office, yet he has been warmly recommended before 1872 for Governor, Congressman at Large, and Supreme Court Judge. It is on the Bench where his talents will shine with their greatest lustre, though few of our fellow citizens, are better informed on the political questions which agitate the public mind.

As a speaker, he is fluent, forcible, pointed and correct; and his able and convincing arguments in the campaign of 1874, will long be remembered in the counties of West Alabama.

But it is as a pointed, ready and polished writer that he is best known to the Profession. He is at once clear and concise; and his argument on every legal question, covers the entire ground. His taste is critical, and his style more polished than is usually the case with legal writers, where little attention is paid to the acquisition of a pure and correct style. His mind is quick, analytical and well cultivated; his ingral are upright and pure, his judgment is sound, and he has an undisguised contempt for whatever is mean and low.

Mr. Sommerville is imbued with decision of character and independence of mind, and is not to be swerved from his purpose, nor influenced by any power save that of truth and justice.

It seems to us that these qualifications are such as ought to adorn the character of a Supreme Court Judge. They are unquestionably true of the gentleman we propose for that high place. We ask the people of Alabama, who are always just in their judgment of character, if it would not be right, proper and expedient to place him on the Bench?

He fills the Jeffersonian rule: *he is honest; he is capable; he is trustworthy;* and his friends will urge upon his nomination by the State Convention. If nominated, he will be unanimously elected, and serve the State with a zeal, a fidelity and ability second to no man.

*Tuscaloosa Gazette.*

## Proceedings of the Calhoun County Convention.

**Held at Jacksonville, May 1st, 1880.**

Pursuant to a call of the County Democratic Executive Committee, a large number of delegates from every beat in the county save one met in Convention Saturday, May 1st, in the Court House for the purpose of transacting the business named in the call and such other business as might be brought before the body.

Hon. Wm. M. Hames, Chairman of the County Executive Committee called the Convention to order, and explained its objects.

On motion, Hon. Jno. H. Caldwell was made permanent Chairman, and on motion Emmett F. Crook was requested to act as temporary secretary.

On motion, Delegates came forward and enrolled their names, after which Jos. A. Jones and Dr. J. C. LeGrand were made permanent secretaries.

On motion a Committee on credentials and ratio of representation was appointed, which reported the roll as made by the secretary correct except as to Beat 9, which was given three instead of four delegates. The committee further reported that Beat 7 had no representation present.

The following resolution was then adopted:

"We, the citizens of Calhoun county in convention assembled take great pleasure in expressing our entire approbation of the course which has been pursued in Congress by our able and faithful representative, Hon. Wm. H. Forney.

He has been firm and uncompromising in his adherence to the time-honored principles of Democracy, ever ready and fearless in discharging the duties and responsibilities which have devolved upon him, true and faithful to the interests of the people which he represents, prudential and moderate in policy, yet alert and vigorous in prosecuting every measure which would redound to the welfare and prosperity of his State.

His entire course has been illustrated by ability, energy and devotion to duty, his moral and political character, his private honor, and his every action reflects one five marked with the highest fidelity to the interests of the people."

Also, offered the following resolution which was adopted:

"Resolved, that in opinion of this convention, the suggestion of the State Executive committee recommending that the Judicial convention be held at Montgomery at the same time the State convention may be held, is unwise, and should not be adopted by the convention but that delegates be appointed to a Judicial convention to be held in the Circuit at such time and place as may be agreed upon, and,

Resolved further that this committee suggest Gadsden as the place, and 10th day of June, 1880, as the time of holding said convention to nominate a candidate for Judge of the Seventh Judicial Circuit of the State of Alabama.

Resolved further that a copy of these resolutions be forwarded to the Chairman of the Executive committee of each county composing the said Judicial Circuit."

The Convention then proceeded to select delegates, each Beat selecting its own delegates, to the State convention for the nomination of State officers and Chancellors; the Congressional District convention, Judicial Circuit convention and the Senatorial District convention.

DELEGATES TO STATE CONVENTION.

DELEGATES.—J T Martin, E F Crook, Jno W Ledbetter, H L Stevenson, T W Francis, Jno M Caldwell, C W Wells, G B Russell, J W Whiteside, W A Scarbrough, C B Davis, Lloyd Smith, James Crook, Sam'l Noble, P M [illegible] age.

ALTERNATES.—W A Woodward, P Cooper, A O Stewart, [illegible] W [illegible] son, J Y Henderson, Jas Smith, Hammond, J F Bailey, S L Hyatt, J F M Davis, Clark S McBilhaney, G C Ellis.

DELEGATES TO CONGRESSIONAL CONVENTION.

DELEGATES.—[illegible] Green, J L Pack, J T [illegible] ning, R H Griffin, H Savage J W Whitesi[illegible] C D Davis, J C W G A Sprague, W A [illegible]

ALTERNATES.—Jas Thos L Woomer, [illegible] Francis, Jas N Har[illegible] L W Grant, J M [illegible] nah, J F M Davis, Henderson, G B S[illegible]

DELEGATES TO JUDICIAL CONVENTION.

DELEGATES.—J[illegible] Dean, J M Ledbet[illegible] Dr. P H Brother[illegible] M Patterson, A. G C Williams, T A Best, J T A Wilson.

ALTERNATES.—[illegible] Phillips, Dr. M N Coke[illegible] J N H[illegible] Legrand, Jno B L[illegible] Graham.

DELEGATES TO BE [illegible] CO[illegible]

DELEGATES.—[illegible] Wood[illegible] E J [illegible] E F [illegible] ders[illegible] Aki[illegible] Wat[illegible] H. [illegible] H[illegible] Le[illegible]

[illegible] op[illegible]

[illegible] m[illegible]


## CANCERS CURED.

—O—

**Scrofula, Scrofulous Ulcers and Cancers are Curable.**

Dr. S. C. Williams, after an experience of more than thirty years, is fully convinced that, when applied to in time, he can cure the above named diseases. As to his success in the treatment of the same; and as to his standing as a physician, he would respectfully refer to the following named gentlemen:

| | |
|---|---|
| Dr. A. Pelham, | Alexandria, Ala., |
| Dr. J. Y. Nesbit, | Jacksonville, " |
| Dr. B. S. Evans, | White Plains, " |
| Judge M. J. Turnley, | Gadsden, " |
| J W. Whiteside, Esq. | Rabbit Town, " |

And to the physicians, merchants and ministers of Oxford, Ala., also to his former patients everywhere. Charges moderate.

S. C. WILLIAMS, M. D.
Oxford, Ala.

March 13, 1880, 1 yr.


## Tax Sales.

—O—

Notice is hereby given, that the following lands and lots were decreed by the Probate Court of Calhoun county Ala., on the 12th day of April 1880, "it being the Second Monday" to be sold for the taxes and costs due, thereon, for the year 1879, and said lands and lots will be sold on the 17th day of May 1880, "being the 3rd Monday of said month," before the Court House door in the town of Jacksonville Ala., to satisfy said taxes and costs.

Owner Unknown, Pre. No. 4.
Part of S E qr. of S E qr. Sec. 35, T 16, R 7,—5 acres.

| | |
|---|---|
| State tax—1878—9, | 35. |
| Co. tax—1878—9, | 17½ |
| Levy tax—1878—9, | 100 |
| Probate Judge's cost, | 70. |
| Advertising, | 6 00 |
| Total, | 8.22½ |

Mrs Salina Veitch, Estate. Pre. No 5. N ½ of N W qr. Sec 11, T 15, R 6—80 acres.

| | |
|---|---|
| State tax—1878—9 | 2.10 |
| Co. tax—1878—9, | 1 05 |
| Levy tax—1878—9 | 1.00 |
| Probate Judge's cost, | 70 |
| Advertising, | 6 00 |
| Total | 10.85 |

Owner Unknown. Pre. No. 6. S W qr. of S E qr. Sec 2. T 14, R 6—40 acres.

| | |
|---|---|
| State tax—1877—8—9, | 1.05 |
| Co. tax—1877—8—9, | .52½ |
| Levy tax—1877—8—9, | 1.00 |
| Probate Judge's cost, | .70 |
| Advertising, | 6.00 |
| Total | 9.27½ |

Owner Unknown. Pre No 6. 2 Acres lying in N E corner of S W qr. of S E qr. Sec 13, T 13, R 6.

| | |
|---|---|
| State tax, | .07 |
| Co tax. | .03½ |
| Levy tax, | 1.00 |
| Probate Judge | .70 |
| Advertising. | 6.00 |
| Total | 7 80½ |

J E Williamson's Estate Pre No 6. W ½ of S W qr Sec 25, T 13, R 6—80 acres

| | |
|---|---|
| State tax | .56 |
| Co tax | .28 |
| Lev tax | 1.00 |
| Probate Judge | .70 |
| Serving Notice | .25 |
| Advertising | 2.00 |
| Total | 4.79 |

J D Miller Pre 8. S W qr of S E qr Sec 7, T 13, R 9—10 acres

| | |
|---|---|
| State tax | .11 |
| Co tax | .07 |
| Levy tax | 1.00 |
| Probate Judge | .70 |
| Advertising | 6.00 |
| Total | 7.91 |

Owner Unknown, Pre No 8. N W qr of S W qr Sec 14, T 13, R 9—10 acres

| | |
|---|---|
| State tax, | .17 |
| Co tax | .04 |
| Levy tax | 1.00 |
| Probate Judge | .70 |

Part of N W qr lying north of Cherokee boundary line being South part of said N W qr—30 acres

| | |
|---|---|
| State tax for 14 years | 6.37 |
| Co tax for 14 years | 3.18½ |
| Levy tax for 14 years | 1.00 |
| Probate Judge | .70 |
| Advertising | 6.00 |
| Total | 17.25½ |

Owner Unknown. Pre No 12 N half less 20 acres in a square block out of N E corner of N W qr Sec 32 T 15 R 9—270 acres

| | |
|---|---|
| State tax | 2.80 |
| Co tax | 1.40 |
| Levy tax | 1.00 |
| Probate Judge | .70 |
| Total | 6.00 |

F Timberlake, Pre No 13 3 lots in Oxford,

| | |
|---|---|
| State tax | 1.05½ |
| Co tax | .52 |
| Levy tax | 1.00 |
| Probate Judge | .70 |
| Advertising | 6.00 |
| Total | 9.27½ |

Jane P Alexander estate Pre No 15. Fraction No 22, Sec 36, T 12 R 10 54 55-100 acres

| | |
|---|---|
| State tax 1868 to 1879 | 4.20 |
| Co tax 1868 to 1869 | 2.00 |
| Levy tax 1868 to 1879 | 1.00 |
| Probate Judge | .80 |
| Advertising | 6.00 |
| Total | 14.00 |

J M WEBSTER,
Tax Collector.


## CANCERS CURED.

—O—

**Scrofula, Scrofulous Ulcers and Cancers are Curable.**

Dr. S. C. Williams, after an experience of more than thirty years, is fully convinced that, when applied to in time, he can cure the above named diseases. As to his success in the treatment of the same; and as to his standing as a physician, he would respectfully refer to the following named gentlemen:

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| Dr. B. S. Evans, | White Plains, " |
| Judge M. J. Turnley, | Gadsden, " |
| J W. Whiteside, Esq. | Rabbit Town, " |

And to the physicians, merchants and ministers of Oxford, Ala., also to his former patients everywhere. Charges moderate.

S. C. WILLIAMS, M. D.
Oxford, Ala.

March 13, 1880, 1 yr.


## TAX ASSESSOR'S NOTICE.

### SECOND ROUND.

I will attend the places mentioned below, at the times stated for the purpose of assessing the State and County tax for the year 1880.

Precinct No. 3—June Bug Monday March 1 1880.
Precinct No. 15, Anniston, Tuesday March 2, 1880.
Precinct No 13—Oxford, Wednesday, March, 3, 1880.
Precinct No. 12—Davis Town Tauraday, March 4, 1880
Precinct No. 11—White Plains, Friday, March 5, 1880.
Precinct No. 10—Rabbit Town, Saturday March 6, 1880.
Precinct No. 9—Cross Plains Monday March 8 1880.
Precinct No 16—Ladiga Tuesday March 9, 1880.
Precinct No. 2—Alexandria Monday March 15, 1880
Precinct No. 5—Polkville, Tuesday, March 16, 1880.
Precinct No. 14—Spiritual Springs—Wednesday, March 17, 1880.
Precinct No. 4 Gaynaway's School H. Thursday, March 18, 1880.
Precinct No 7—Hollingsworth's Monday March 22 1880.
Precinct No. 6—Peeks Hill Tuesday March 23 1880.
Precinct No 8—Greene's School House, Saturday, March 27 1880.
Precinct No 1—Jacksonville Monday March 29 1880.

Parties are requested to meet me promptly at these appointments.

A. B. LEDBETTER
Tax Assessor Calhoun Co.

March 7—4t


## CITY BAR.

The public are assured that John Ramagnano keeps the purest, oldest and best whiskies, brandies and wines that can be found in this market. At special pains and large expense he has been enabled to secure lines of these liquors that will compare in quality with any brands in the Southern market. Pure wiskey is rare; but the CITY BAR has it for a dead certainty. Best of order kept at the bar.

JOHN RAMAGNANO.


## WANTED.

—O—

## CHESTNUT OAK BARK.

We will pay five dollars a cord for chestnut oak bark delivered at the yard in Germania until further notice.

GERMANIA TANNING CO.

### Desirable Place for Sale.

As agent, I have for sale a place of forty acres of good land, twenty acres in cultivation, five acres in orchard. Situated on it are two dwelling houses and outhouses, bark shed, bark mill and tan yard of 20 vats in good condition and all under shelter. Mountain and black oak bark in abundance in the neighborhood, at two dollars and a half and three dollars respectively. There is a church and school house in one mile of the place, and the community near it is a good one. The place has both freestone and limestone springs upon it. It will be sold for $800—one half cash, balance in twelve months. Address,

L. W. GRANT,
Jacksonville, Ala.
or B. F. SHELBERG,
April 17, 1m Germania, Ala.

Probate Court, April 12th, 1880.

W. R. Hanna dec'd estate of. Letters of administration upon the estate of said defendent having been granted to the undersigned on the 12th day of 1880, by the Hon. L. W. Cannon, Probate Court of Calhoun [illegible] ice is hereby given that all [illegible] claims against said estate [illegible] to present the same allowed by law, or the [illegible] red.

J. W. HANNA,
R. M. HANNA,
Administrators.

STATE OF ALABAMA, }
[illegible] county. }

April 10th 1880.

[illegible] d estate of— Final set[illegible] came L. M. and J. [illegible] es of said estate and [illegible] ent, accounts, vouch[illegible] for a final settlement [illegible] stration. It is ordered [illegible] y of May 1880, be ap[illegible] which to make such [illegible] hing all persons [illegible] pear and contest the [illegible] they think proper.

L. W. CANNON,
Judge of Probate.

## FOUND OR STOLEN,

[illegible] re and one bay filly of same [illegible] black mane and tail. Mare [illegible] e out. Filly two years old [illegible] mare. I will suitably reward [illegible] n who will deliver the theif or [illegible] erify or give information that [illegible] d to the recovery of the property.

JAMES MORGN.
Jacksonville, Ala.


JNO W. BOWDON, ROBT. L. ARNOLD.

## BOWDON & ARNOLD, ATTORNEYS AT LAW

—AND—

## Solicitors in Chancery,

JACKSONVILLE, ALA.

Will practice in all the Courts of the Circuit, U. S. Dist. Court and Supreme Court of the State. April 24, 1880



## Memphis and Charleston RAILROAD.

Memphis, Tenn—On and after Dec 1st 78, the following passenger schedule will be operated:

| Going East | | Going West |
|---|---|---|
| Read down. | | Read up. |
| Lve 12.20 night | Memphis | 12.10 pm |
| " 3.02 am | Grand Junction | 9.37 am |
| " 3.56 am | Middleton | 8.56 am |
| " 5.08 am | Cornith | 7.44 am |
| " 10.15 am | Decatur | 2.35 am |
| " 3. 00 pm | Stevenson | 10. 15 pm |
| Arr 4 50 pm | Chattanooga | 8.00 pm |

GREAT CHANGES have been made on this line.

This road has been newly ballasted, and the track repaired with steel rails. These improvements make it second to no other road in the south

*TO THE EAST*

Close connection is made for all eastern and southern cities.

Only Line running through Palace Sleeping Cars and day coaches, between Memphis and Chattanooga without change.

*TO THE WEST*

Close connection made for all Arkansas and Texas points, a full first class and emigrant tickets on sale at all principal stations.

Round Trip emigrant tickets at greatly reduced rates now on sale at Chattanooga to principal Texas points.

Bay Coaches run between Bristol and Memphis, and between Montgomery, Alabama, and Texarkana, Arkansas, without change.

Baggage checked through. No Sunday delays.

For further information as to rates, schedules etc. address either JAS. R. GOODE, Gen Passenger Agent, Knoxville, Tenn.

T. S. EAVANT,
Asst. Gen Passenger agent, Memphis, Tenn.

P. R. ROGERS,
Gen. Western Agent, Dallas, Texas.



## C. CLAND & CO.,

Jacksonville, Ala.

A rough receiving a Spring Stock of

## STAPLE AND FANCY DRY GOODS,

Boots, Shoes, Hats and especially the largest assortment of Ladies' Goods ever brought to this market. Also, fine cigars, Coffees, Starch, Rice, Soda and Spice.

## COME ONE, COME ALL!

We feel grateful to the citizens of Calhoun for their liberal patronage who have sustained us to success, and hope to merit a continuance for the future.

April 10th 2m


## THE STATE OF ALABAMA. CALHOUN COUNTY.

Probate Court for Calhoun County.

Letters of administration upon the estate of Wyly Woodall deceased having been granted to the undersigned on the 31 day of Nov. 1879, by the Hon. L. W. Cannon Judge of Probate Court of Calhoun County, notice is hereby given that all persons having claims against said estate, will be required to present the same within the time allowed by law, or the same will be barred.

J. J. WOODALL
April 24—3t Admin.

STATE OF ALABAMA, }
Calhoun County. }
Spring Term, April 20, 1880.

A C Sloan, decd estate of. Final settlement.

This day came R W Sloan, the administrator of said estate, and filed his statement, accounts and vouchers for a final settlement of his administration It is ordered that the 24th day of May, 1880, be appointed a day on which to make such settlement, at which time all persons interested can appear and contest said settlement, if they think proper.

L. W. CANNON.
April 24—3t Judge of Probate

### SHERIFF'S SALE.

By virtue of a venditioni exponas issued from the Hon. Circuit Court of Calhoun County, State of Alabama, and to me directed, against Henry Clews and in favor of Joseph A. Jones, I will proceed to sell on Monday the 3rd day of May A. D. 1880 at the Court House door of Calhoun County Alabama, between the legal hours of sale—the following described lands as the property of the said Henry Clews to wit: The south west qr of the south west qr sec 12, T 16, R 8, also the W half of N W qr, Sec 13, and the E half of N E qr, Sec 14, T 16, R 8, East in the Coosa land district of Alabama.

D. Z. GOODLETT,
Sheriff.

May 1st, 1880.


## W. C. LAND, WATCHMAKER,

—AND—

## JEWELER,

*Jacksonville, - - - Ala.*

Also, agent for Meriden CT Table cutlery and silver and plated ware. Also agent for Elgin Watch co. and other American make. May, 1st 1880


## ATTACHMENT NOTICE.

Jeremiah Smith vs Jno D. Martin } A attachment suit pending in the Justice Court of Precinct No. 13 in Calhoun county Ala.

To Jaries D Martin: Whereas Jeremiah Smith has prayed for and obtained an attachment against the estate of the said Jas D Martin, which said attachment has been duly levied by summoning W A Scarbrough administrator of the estate of Col Martin deceased, to appear and answer as garnishee in said cause. You are therefore hereby notified that said attachment suit is now pending in the said Justice Court in Precinct No 13 in Calhoun county Ala, and that you appear at the April term thereof to wit Saturday the 3rd day of April 1880, at Oxford Ala, and defend the same, if you see proper to do so

Given under my hand this the 16th day of February 1880

J S KELLY,
Notary Public, ex officio JP.


*SPRINGVALE STOCK FARM*

## JAMES CROOK,

—BREEDER OF—

**Thorough-bred Merino Sheep, Angora Goats, Herd Registered Jersey Cattle, Berkshire and Essex Hogs,**

*JACKSONVILLE, ALA.*

# Jacksonville Republican.

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ME XLII. JACKSONVILLE, ALABAMA, SATURDAY, MAY 22, 1880. WHOLE NO. 2249.



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## THE OLD GRIST MILL.

By Willow brook, beneath the hill.
Stands quaint and gray the old grist-mill.
Spring mosses on his steep roof grow,
Where broad their shade the willows throw.
The pond near by is clear and deep,
And around its brink the alders sweep;
The lily pads spread gay and green,
The lilies white and gold between;
While grinds the mill with rumbling sound,
The water wheel turns round and round.

Among the reeds the muskrat dives,
And swift the swallow homeward flies;
The robin sits in cedars near,
When Willow brook runs swift and clear;
The children by the school house play,
Where slumberous shadows softly stay,
And warm and low the summer breeze
Is whispering through the willow leaves,
While grinds the mill with rumbling sound,
The water wheel turns round and round.

The crows now wing their southern way;
The squirrels in the nut trees play;
With merry shouts the school boys run;
The mountains blush 'neath autumn's sun;
Their grain they bring adown the hill,
The farmers, to the old grist mill;
And faint from far o'er hill and dale
Falls on the ear the thresher's flail;
While grinds the mill with rumbling sound,
The water wheel turns round and round.

Long years have come and passed away:
The mill with age is gaunt and gray;
The roof gaps wide to rain and sun;
With cobwebs thick the walls are hung.
The pond is overgrown with weeds;
The marsh-wren builds among the reeds;
The night winds through the willows moan;
The school house gone, the children grown;
The farmers sleep where wild flowers grow,
Who brought their grain so long ago,
When ground the mill with rumbling sound,
And the water wheel turned round and round.

## Red Wins.

"Red wins!"

It was the croupier's hoarse cry, again and again reiterated, only diversified with that of "Red loses!" which broke the stillness in the superbly-appointed room at Homburg, with the gaming-table in its centre, round which were gathered its eager votaries, behind whom were the scarcely less interested groups of lookers-on.

"Come away, my dear," said a very lovely woman among the spectators, in a whisper to her husband. "I am sorry that we came. This is no place for Pearl," indicating with a nod of the head, as she spoke, an exquisitely beautiful girl, scarcely more than a child, of some twelve or thirteen summers, who stood beside them.

"Come, Pearl," the father said.

But the girl stood entranced, her eyes fixed upon a man's face seated at the farthest end of the table. It was a strikingly handsome face, even when wearing, as it now did, an expression of calm, born of desperation. No tinge of color was in either cheeks or lips.

His eyes shone with a strange and hard glitter, and were fixed upon the balls as they swung round, as though on the color uppermost hung his hope of life or death.

And so it was. He had sat down possessed of a fortune; he arose a beggar! Fate had steadily pursued him with mocking hopelessness, until he had placed his last stake, only to see it mercilessly swept from him.

He half arose from the table. What more was to be done, save to go out somewhere into the still night air and send a bullet through his heart or brain.

It was at this moment the girl, with flushed cheeks and half parted lips, darted up to his side.

"Take this," she pleaded, "for my sake," and pressed a gold piece into his cold hand.

He turned. To his excited imagination she seemed scarcely mortal in her pure, childlike loveliness. His first impulse was to return her offering—he was not yet an alms-taker—but again rang out the croupier's cry of command to place the stakes.

The child stood breathless in her eager expectancy, her eyes burning with feverish interest.

A sudden impulse overmastered him. Without speaking a word, he placed the gold upon the table.

The next minute a small pile of gold was at his elbow. He staked it all again. Again he won. A bright spot of scarlet replaced the pallor in his cheek, which spread and deepened as Dame Fortune, who had so persistently frowned upon him, now reserved for him only her smiles.

Morning was breaking when he rose from the tables, no longer a desperate man, but with his fortune threefold returned to him.

After his first winning he had turned to return to the child her offering, but she had vanished. Should he ever find her, ever repay the debt? He knew not; but, standing at last out under the clear blue sky, with a great weight lifted from his heart and brain, Harold Clayton vowed that it should be his life-search, but that the lesson taught him should never be forgotten, and the gaming tables should know him never more.

Six years passed, and Harold Clayton was winning name and fame in his own land, in his profession as an artist.

Standing one night in a crowded assembly, some one in passing touched him lightly on the arm with her fan, and glancing around, he met the smiling face of his hostess.

"Come," she said, "I want to present you to my belle. If you can prevail upon her to give you a sitting, and transfer her coloring to canvass, you will render yourself immortal."

"Is she, then, so beautiful?" he questioned.

"Judge for yourself," she lightly rejoined, leading him to a little group doing homage to the fair girl in its centre.

"Miss Reyburn—Mr. Clayton," were the formal words of the introduction, as Harold bowed in acknowledgement before the woman whom his artistic eye confessed the most beautiful that in all his wanderings he had ever met.

Before the evening was ended he might have added, the first woman whom he ever loved, since she had awakened in him an interest as new as it was strange.

Through the next week her face haunted him. Then they met again, and the charm grew and deepened. He could not define it; he scarcely acknowledged it to himself; only away from Miss Reyburn he was restless and uneasy, until he again found himself within the scope of her fascinations.

Yet her nature remained an enigma to him. Although so young in years, so beautiful in form and feature, she seemed cold even to haughtiness, reticent almost to scorn.

It was as though some exquisite marble statue had risen in his pathway, which might some day warm into life.

She welcomed him whenever they met with a manner which, while it gave him no cause for complaint, yet chilled the hope springing within his breast.

One day, on going to her home, the servant met him at the door with the announcement that she was very ill. This knowledge brought other knowledge—the fact that he could no longer conceal from himself that he loved her, and that on his hope of winning her hung his life's happiness.

He went back to his studio, wretched and despairing, and seated himself at his easel. He had not meant to paint her face—his brain seemed unconscious of his fingers, toil—yet, when the morning broke, it was her features smiling upon him from the canvas, and he remembered the words his hostess had uttered on the night he first had met her—that thus should he render himself immortal.

He grew pale and wan in the days of anxious suspense, when those who watched over her couch knew not which would conquer, the angel of life or death. But there came an hour, never to be forgotten, when he was admitted into her presence.

She was very white, very fragile, but more beautiful than in the coloring of perfect health. A new expression, too, was in the violet eyes raised to welcome him.

"I am very glad to meet you again," she said, gently. "I hear you have been anxious about me. You were very kind.

Then the words he had not meant to speak burst from his lips.

"Anxious?" he said. "Can a man, Miss Reyburn, perishing of hunger, hear of the famine without a shudder? I am presumptuous, you will say. It is true. What is my life, with its many settled pages in which your eyes could never look, that I should dare offer it to you? And yet, purified by your love, I would try to make it more worthy. Tell me—answer me! If I serve as Jacob served for Rachel, is there hope that I may win you? My darling! my darling! I lo[illegible]
my life wi[illegible]
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head until a low, laughing voice sounded close beside him.

"We were caught in the shower, Mr. Clayton; and I persuaded Margaret to seek shelter with me here. I did not dream she would find herself forstalled."

It was Mrs. Somers who spoke—the lady who had first presented him to Miss Reyburn—whose instruction he had, unknown to her, carried out.

"Margaret," she added, turning to her friend, "you have been sitting for your portrait, and did not let me know. Why have you kept it such a secret?"

He had now sprung to his feet in time to see the rosy tide spread over Margaret Reyburn's face.

It was a liberty I took without Miss Reyburn's knowledge, Mrs. Somers," he explained. "I assure you I have never been so fortunate as to secure a sitting."

"Well, you shall have one now, and you must thank me for it," she rejoined, while Margaret turned away to examine the sketches and studies lying about in profuse confusion.

"Here are some sketches taken while I was studying abroad, Miss Reyburn," said Harold. "Will you amuse yourself by looking at them?"

"I will return in a few moments," interrupted Mrs. Somers. "Walt for me, my dear."

A word of expostulation rose to Margaret's lips, but too late. The door had closed behind the speaker.

Silence fell between the two thus left behind, when a low cry arrested Harold's attention. He sprang to Miss Reyburn's side.

Her eyes were fixed upon a little sketch she held in her hand. It represented a gaming table, at one end of which sat a man, haggard, desperate, despairing, and by him a child, holding out to him a single goldpiece, with a smile in her eyes, and seemingly a prayer on her lips.

"You would know the history of that picture," he said. "Let me tell you. Years ago I was in Homburg. The gaming tables attracted me, and every night found me beside them, losing or winning according to the fortune of the hour. One evening the demon ill luck pursued me. I lost and lost until I found I was haggard. Maddened, desperate, I resolved to put an end to my miserable life, when some one touched my shoulder; a child angel stood before me and slipped into my hand a piece of gold. 'For my sake!' she whispered. The croupier's hoarse call warned me no time was to be lost. I staked the gold and won, but turning to give her back her own she had fled. When I rose from the table I had recovered all and more, but I vowed a vow to my unknown deliverer that I would never again hazard a dollar of the fortune I considered hers. I have never found her, Margaret. The child will never know her work, but I am not afraid to meet her, for I have kept my pledge.

"Harold!"—it was almost a whisper, but something in the tone made his heart give a wild, joyous leap—"have I known you all this time, and have you just found me out? It was this, Harold, which separated us. I dared not give my life to a man whom I had first known as a gambler. I supposed you still played, and I thought that to see again the expression on your face I had seen that night would kill me. Tell me, is it true? Have you never touched a card since?"

"Never!" he answered, solemnly. "And it is to you I owe it—it and life. Pearl—little Pearl, can you not trust the man who has been so long faithful to the child to be still faithful to the woman? My own, you will not doom the life that you have saved?"

But at this juncture, Mrs. Somers, opening the door, beats a precipitate retreat. Harold's statue has warmed into life, and, pressing the lovely lips to his, he thanks God that it is his breath which has awakened it.

### Yell Fire in his Ear.

Just about midnight the other night four men in a Detroit saloon sat looking at a fifth. The fifth one was drunker than the [illegible]all men were created [illegible]runk twice as fast as
[illegible]
water on his
[illegible]e vehicle and rattle
[illegible]'s most midnight now
will take me half an hour to get his boots off and push him up stairs! Remember—pour water on his head and yell 'fire' in his ear!"

### Strange Devices.

Society women in Philadelphia are accused of strange devices by the shop-keepers. One storekeeper in the artificial flower business says it is quite a common occurrence to have ladies call on the morning before a ball and have handsome flowers sent to their residence for approbation, which are faithfully returned the next day, with perhaps the purchase of a fifty cent rose, and occasionally without making any purchase at all, having thus obtained the adornments for one evening's wear at the merchant's expense. Some time ago a carriage customer, it is said, ordered to be sent to her fashionable residence, for selection, braids, puffs and curls of a color to match her hair. As it was on the eve of a grand reception, the messenger was told not to return without the money or the goods. The lady played sick, the articles were sent to her room for examination, and the messenger politely dismissed. Determined not to be humbugged, the storekeeper sent a pe-emptory message demanding the return of the articles immediately, which was reluctantly complied with.

### Match Hunting.

Most people have no doubt observed at one time or another, and perhaps at various times during their lives, that matches not made in heaven, viz: lucifers are very often apt to come up missing, or else prove worthless at the most critical junctures. If you are a married man and the father of children, your opportunities for observation in this line have been, like a kind of paper, manifold. It is during the cold and frosty hours of a winter night that the interviewing of the family match safe is generally accompanied by the greatest amount of ill-luck, and, unless you are careful by profanity.

About 2 o'clock, a. m., on a winter night your wife wakes you with a shake and yells:

"John Henry, strike a light, the baby has the croup!"

Turning over in bed you reach for the match-safe at the head of the bed, and find it empty. This is a great disappointment to you, but you say nothing. Meantime your wife speaks again:

"John Henry, will you ever get a light! This child will choke to death."

With one bound you are out of bed and the next moment with arms outstretched in front, you run full tilt against the edge of the sitting room door, which stands about half way open. Such little incidents are good for you. They start the sluggish blood from the nose which you have bruised on the door, and disciple you in the art of holding your temper. To render the discipline greater your wife laughs in a suppressed manner at your misfortune. Finally reaching the dining room you plunge wildly for the place where the match-safe is usually kept, and find it not. Then your over-taxed patience begins to flow away, and you say, mildly, of course:

"Angeline, where is the match safe?"

"In its usual place, my dear," she replies.

"I don't find it."

"Feel around on the floor. Perhaps the children have knocked it down."

Then you get down on your knees and "feel." Just as you have run a needle into your finger and are about to express yourself in positive and forcible language, your wife says:

"Oh, I think the match-safe is in the book-case, where I put it yesterday to keep it out of the way of Jennie."

Another effort and the book-case is reached, opened, and the match-safe found at last. It contains two matches. With frantic haste you rub one on the under side of the shelf in the case. It fails to ignite. You have tried the wrong end, you think. You essay another effort with the other end. A dull rasp is heard, but no fire is struck.

"Who under the sun uses matches and puts them back into the safe again?" you ejaculate.

No answer from the bed room.

Grasping the last match, you ascertain by the feeling that it is one of those thin emaciated specimens, about as thick as a piece of paper. You "scratch" it carefully and hopefully. It breaks in two as it ignites and the sulphur falls to the floor with a fizz and a sputter, the fumes filling your lungs. At this important juncture your wife's dulcet tones are again heard:

"John Henry Frelinghuysen, what under the canopy are you about? Have you fallen asleep out there?"

"Oh, yes, I've fallen asleep. I have. I've fallen asleep out here, with my knees knocking together, with the cold. To-morrow I'll buy two gross of matches. One gross I'll pile up in the bed room and the other gross I'll open and place the boxes all around the house, so that a fellow can find anything he wants in this house."

Then you make a desperate rush for the kitchen and find a box full of matches the the first time trying. Lighting a lamp you prepare to fix up a dose for the croup, when the last straw is laid on the camel's back by your better half, who says:

"Never mind, now, John, I guess the baby hasn't the croup after all, for she has fallen asleep again."

Then, after making a mental vow to keep a light burning every night the remainder of the winter, you shake the stove down, and in a fit of absent-mindedness, blow out the light and retire.

This performance is a matchless one, when well executed, and is capable of countless variations.

### Decca Muslins.

The Decca muslins of India are among the most wonderful evidences of the hand-skill of the strange people of the mysterious East. These fabrics, which are spun and woven entirely by hand, and are the product of obscure and curious processes, unknown to and unattainable by the Western nations, like the fabrications of Damascus steel and the making of camel's hair shawls; are marvels of ingenuity and skill, and they illustrate the poetry of cotton. The most delicate of these fabrics is known by the name of "woven air." It can only be made in the early morning and in the evenings, when the air is full of moisture and the dew is on the grass. The processes by which it is woven are kept secret, and people who do the work are compelled first to pass through a long course of training and initiation. Their delicate wares are of such ethereal texture as to be almost invisible, and yet so enduring that they will bear washing and wear in a wonderful manner. This precious stuff is monopolized for the use of the ladies of the oriental harems, and is said to be worth hundreds of dollars per yard.

### A Florida Lady.

One morning a figure was seen dimly amongst the flags and reeds of the distant lake shore. Presently we made out that it was a woman. She hailed us, and asked to come aboard to trade. Our small boat, with a gallant gentleman as escort, brought out this specimen of the South Florida lady. She looked abashed as her upturned face caught the glance of a dozen men, who all greeted her with pleasant raillery. They politely lifted her on deck. Her short, scant dress revealed cowhide shoes and ankles innocent of stockings, and, apparently, she wore nothing under her thin calico sacque and skirt. But back in the faded sun-bonnet I saw a cheerful, sun-browned face whose smile is, perchance, the radience of that which most blesses man's earthly home—woman's love. She traded her beef hide for coffee and tobacco. About to leave us, she answered to a challenge to be our cook: "I'd like splendid to go 'long and cook for you, but I couldn't leave the babies."

—The State debt of Iowa is only $500,000.

### The Trials of an Engaged Girl.

After all, the yoke of marriage in an apparatus that should sit on two pair of shoulders; and there is nothing very seemly in seeing a girl wait to wear her own part of it until it has been nicely padded with quilted satin. Looking at the matter from a less elevated point of view, long engagements are rather tiresome in restricting the liberty of girls. Miss Jenny, who is going to marry Mr. Simpson as soon as that hopeful young man gets a living, is obliged in the meantime to deny herself many pleasures, lest Simpson should take offense. She must eschew balls; she must take care that nobody makes love to her; and for this purpose she is obliged to let all chance comers be speedily informed of her engagement. Unhappily, the symbolism of rings is always unrewarded, else the chance comers might discover the fact for themselves by looking at the second finger of Miss Jenny's left hand. If Jenny has no sisters to talk of her betrothal, and if her mother does not accept timely hints to mention it on every necessary occasion, or the engagement is not announced the girl is rather embarrassed for words in which to convey the news delicately to strangers. She cannot allude to Mr. Simpson as "Johnny"—that would be too familiar; she cannot speak of him as "Simpson," for this would sound strange; but if she refers to him frequently as "Mr. Simpson," strangers might draw undesirable inferences from her apparent familiarity with a person thus coldly specified. Then the engaged girl has to put up with a great deal of chaff, which is only pleasing for a while, and afterward becomes intolerable. The trials of matrimony are frequently commended to her impatient attention by way of paternal rebuke: "Ah, my dear, you will find out that I was right when you are a wife yourself!" and so forth; or a snub is put upon her too hasty wish to consider herself free by the remainder that there is many a slip between the cup and the lip. Sometimes Simpson is actually held up to her as a bogey: "My dear, I don't think Mr. Simpson would quite approve of your wearing that cherry ribbon;" "Jenny, dear, I think Mr. Simpson would be sadly grieved if he heard you express those opinions;" or, "Jenny, I am sure Mr. Simpson would not think it proper that you should play croquet with Capt. Mallet." There is enough in all this to make a girl sit down and scream.

### Kangaroo Hunting.

The kangaroo, as is well known, is found only in Australia and Tasmania. Its means of locomotion and defense are so peculiar, and its swiftness so great, that the chase of it is attended with excitement and dangers wholly unique. The hunting of the fox in England is over comparatively smooth ground and moderate-sized fences, with well-trained horses, while the kangaroo has to be chased over new country, full of holes covered with wild grass, over ditches, fallen trees, among trees, and their branches, on horses that have no superiors in the world in speed. Then the dangers that you are to encounter when you overtake the kangaroo, though not in reality extreme, are as great as those met in the tiger hunt as usually conducted, while in the latter you have not the excitement and danger of the chase. The place where I write is about 200 miles from the ocean shore, on the banks of a beautiful river, shaded with encalyptus trees. These trees are the natural growth of the country, cover a large part of it, and are believed, both here and in Europe, to so destroy malaria as to be a sure guarantee against fevers of all kinds. The couches are examined before retiring at night to see if there are any snakes in them; but none are found. A native, with two women, is camped on the shore near by. Their camp is a half-circle of piled-us logs, three feet high, while on the open side, towards the water glares a brilliant fire, lighting up them and the darkness with a lurid, fantastic savageness. These natives resemble the African more nearly than either of the other four of the human races, and come without doubt from that stock. Their hair cannot be strictly said to be either hair or wool, but most nearly resembles the latter. They are of good size, dark brown, well made, and don't encumber themselves with much clothing. One of their weapons of war is the boomerang, and it is a curious affair. It is made of very hard wood, three feet long, four inches wide, one inch thick at the centre, and bends edgeways so as to make a third of a circle. With the hand they are said to throw this implement 150 yards, cutting off the head of an enemy, and having the weapon return to the feet of the sender. I have seen it thrown that distance and return to the person throwing it. The full-grown male kangaroo is called "boomer," and is about seven and a half feet long from his nose to the end of his tail, the tail being about three and a half feet of this, and one foot in diameter at its base. He lives on grass, sometimes invading the fields of the frontiersman and eating up all he has. He stands on four legs when feeding, and at no other time. His tail is full of powerful sinews, but it is used only to assist in the equilibrium while sitting, standing on the toes and running. In a sitting posture he is about four and a half feet high; but when he stands on his toes to survey the country or an enemy, he is taller than a man. He has a soft, gazelle-like expression, but the white teeth gleam between the lips. His color is brown, tending in age towards red or grey, according to the species. They weigh (the male) from 150 to 170 pounds each. The meat tastes somewhat like venison, but is not very good, though the tail makes excellent soup. The female is under six feet in length, and is different somewhat in appearance from the male. The young, when born, are only an inch long, and are first seen nursing the mother in the pouch in front, where she carries them. They remain in this pouch till they are eight months old and weigh about ten pounds, and long afterwards return to it on appearance of danger. When the mother is hard pressed by the enemy in a chase she throws the young one out of the pouch, who thereby makes its escape. There are kangaroo dogs, very swift and strong, especially adapted to hunting the kangaroo; but no experienced dog will tackle them without somebody to back him. They jump about fifteen feet at a time usually, but sometimes twenty or more, and their swiftness is prodigious. Nothing can apparently overtake them in a fair race, and the usual way is to practically surround them. When hard pressed they place their back to a tree for the fight; or, in preference, they always strike for the water if there is any near. They try to seize their enemy with the fore paws, and then rip it from top to bottom with the middle claws of their hind feet, which are very sharp. If they are in the water they try to hold their enemy under it until he is drowned. They will always leave a dog to attack a man.

At 9 o'clock one morning ten men, including myself, started on horseback, with four dogs, on a chase. All were experienced in the business except a young Englishman and myself. We took no firearms, a large stick being the only weapon to be used. We had no difficulty in finding the animals. It was disdained to avoid such fences as we found, and we jumped several of a height of four to five feet, always approaching them at a full run. We divided the party, half going to each side of a partly open plain. I soon saw a large kangaroo and two small ones coming towards our party. We waited until they were near enough to see us, when they made a right angle and went off at an astonishing pace, in jumps of fifteen to twenty feet in length, going from eight to ten feet in the air at each jump. We "went for" the big one, but he quickly got beyond our sight, the three already having distanced the dogs.

The kangaroo dogs hunt by sight like the greyhound. These three were all lost, we learned as we met at the point agreed upon. We next surrounded another large tract of forest plain and meadow, this time dividing the dogs. In a few moments a hundred or more kangaroos came bounding towards the party with me. The dog with me started for them, and all the dogs and men were at once in pursuit. The kangaroos divided into several parties, each dog selecting one to follow, and each man following some one of the dogs. My dog went for a boomer, and I also, in company with two others of the party. The boomer stood up, took a long look at us, and then flew. We followed him among the trees and branches, jumping logs and debris of all kinds, and across plains at a fearful rate. The horses needed no urging; their blood was up now. The dog "laid to it," but made no sound. When he would get near the kangaroo the animal would make a jump at right angles and change his course, while the dog would shoot on a distance before turning. After a run of this kind for some distance, the kangaroo started for a swamp. After reaching that, and going in a distance, he turned his face towards us, standing up on his hind paws to a height of seven feet, and prepared for battle. The dog went for him and the fight commenced. The dog succeeded in getting hold of his tail, and was carried in the air some distance by repeated jumps. The dog then lost his hold, and was seized and put under the water. Owing to my having the best horse, I was first to come to the dog's aid. I was warned by shouts not to approach the animal, but disregarded them and showed myself a good kangaroo hunter. The animal proved to be eight feet long. The rest of the party killed two smaller ones, and later in the day, at another chase, another large one was killed. The females do not fight, but run so swiftly that they are rarely overtaken.

### Air and Food.

An English scientific paper remarks as a curious physiological fact, that although open air life is so favorable to health, yet it has the apparent effect of stunting growth in early youth. While the children of well-to-do parents, carefully housed and tended, are taller for their age than the children of the poor, they are not so strong in after years. "The laborers' children, for instance, who play in the lonely country roads and fields all day, whose parents lock their cottage doors on leaving for their work in the morning, so that their offsprings shall not gain entrance and do mischief, are almost invariably short for their age. The children of working farmers exhibit the same peculiarity. After sixteen or eighteen, after years of hesitation as it were, the lads shoot up, and become great, hulking broad-shouldered fellows, possessed of immense strength. Hence it would seem that in-door life forces growth at the wrong period, and so injures." The inference is plausible, but is wide of the mark. The children of the well-to-do are tall, not because they are kept in-doors, but because they are well fed and srved from severe exposure. The children of the poor are stunted, not by too much sun and air, but because they are ill fed. Give the first class plenty of out-door play, with the proper diet, and they will be strong as well as tall. Give to the laborers' children the food suitable for their years, and no amount of sun and wind will stunt them. On the contrary, they will not have to wait till age brings capacity to turn strong food to bone and muscle, and time to overcome the evil effects of hard times in early life; but they will grow from the first, steadily and sturdily.

### Cars in the Arabian Desert.

Mr. Russell, gives an interesting sketch of a run through a portion of the Arabian desert by a new railway route. We subjoin an extract: "Blanched bones of camels lie in dull whiteness on the sand. Not a bird fans the hot silent air. Stones and sand, and sand and stones, are all and everywhere stretched out dead and hard under the blue sky and the relentless sun. The rail which conveys us through this desolation is single, and the line is said by English engineers to be very poorly made, as the French engineers who laid it out took it over a ridge 1,100 feet high, instead of following a low level near the river, which would have greatly diminished the expense and cost of working. The water and coal of the engines is to be carried by the trains out to the various stations. So they are like commissariat animals in a barren country, which have to carry their own fodder and diminish the public burthens. The stations are helpless, hot, oven-like erections, generally eked out by forlorn old wooden huts, within the shade of which may be seen an undoubted Englishman smoking his pipe. At the twelfth station we coaled; the train ended in the desert here; but at long intervals, for miles in advance, we could see the encampments of Arabs, who for the time had come navvies, and were engaged in picking and burrowing, and blasting through the rocks a way for the iron horse. In a long, wooden shed—the centre of a group of tents—were laid out long tables, covered with hot joints of recondite animals, papiere mache chickens, and lignite vegetables. This was our dinner—it had come all the way from Cairo—so had the wine, beer and spirits. Ifrianna and quails were at all eatable, we had envied the food of the Israelites.

# The Republican.

SATURDAY, May 22, 1880.


## ANNOUNCEMENTS.

☞Five dollars cash for announcements under this head, except in case of Commissioners, which announcements are made for three dollars, cash.

### FOR STATE SENATE.

☞We are authorized to announce L W GRANT as a candidate for State Senator for the 7th senatorial district, composed of the counties of Calhoun and Cleburne.

☞I hereby respectfully announce myself a candidate to represent the people of the 7th Senatorial District—composed of the counties of Calhoun and Cleburne, in the next State Senate of Alabama.

L. D. MILLER.

☞We are authorized to announce JAMES M. SHEID as a candidate for State Senator for the 7th Senatorial District, composed of the counties of Calhoun and Cleburne.

### FOR REPRESENTATIVE.

☞We are authorized to announce DUDLEY WILLIAMS as a candidate for Representative of Calhoun county.

☞We are authorized to announce J. D. HAMMOND as a candidate for Representative of Calhoun county in the General Assembly.

☞We are authorized to announce J. G. HUDSON as a candidate for Representative of Calhoun county.

☞We are authorized to announce Edmund Cobb as a candidate for Representative—Independent of any party.

### FOR CIRCUIT JUDGE.

We are authorized to announce Hon. M J TURNLEY, of Gadsden, as a candidate for Judge of the Seventh circuit of Alabama, at the August election in August next—subject to a convention.

### FOR PROBATE JUDGE.

*To the people of Calhoun County:*

I take this method of announcing to the people that I shall be a candidate at the next election for Probate Judge in this county. I do not enter into this election as the representative of any political party, Democratic or Republican, but stand upon the platform of Independentism, and in asking for the suffrages of the people, pledge myself that if elected, I will faithfully, honestly and zealously discharge the duties incumbent upon me in my official capacity.

JNO. A. DE ARMAN.

☞We are authorized to announce L W CANNON as a candidate for Probate Judge of Calhoun county.

☞We are authorized to announce John Y. HENDERSON as a candidate for Probate Judge of Calhoun county,

☞We are authorized to announce A. WOODS as a candidate for Judge of Probate of Calhoun county.

☞We are authorized to announce W J BORDEN as a candidate for Probate Judge of Calhoun County.

### FOR SHERIFF.

☞We are authorized to announce A O STEWART as a candidate for Sheriff of Calhoun county.

☞We are authorized to announce W J. SCOTT as a candidate for Sheriff o Calhoun County.

☞We are authorized to announce B. J MATTHEWS as a candidate for Sheriff o Calhoun county.

☞We are authorized to announce GEO. L. BROWN as a candidate for Sheriff of Calhoun county.

☞We are authorized to announce ALFRED M. MORGAN as a candidate for Sheriff of Calhoun county.

☞I hereby announce myself as a candidate for Sheriff of Calhoun county. If elected, I will serve the people promptly.

C. P. READ.

☞We are authorized to announce D. J. CLARK as a candidate for Sheriff of Calhoun county.

☞We are authorized to announce J. B. FARMER as a candidate for Sheriff of Calhoun county.

### FOR TAX COLLECTOR.

☞We are authorized to announce D. Z. GOODLETT as a candidate for Tax Collector of Calhoun county.

☞We are authorized to announce WASHINGTON DICKIE as a candidate for Tax Collector of Calhoun county.

☞We are authorized to announce J. M. WEBSTER as a candidate for Tax Collector of Calhoun county.

### FOR TAX ASSESSOR.

☞We are authorized to announce A B LEDBETTER as a candidate for Tax Assessor of Calhoun county.

☞We are authorized to announce JOHN L HENDRICK as a candidate for Tax Assessor of Calhoun county.

☞We are authorized to announce LON FERGUSON as a candidate for Tax Assessor of Calhoun county.

☞We are authorized to announce M C HAHAFFEY as a candidate for Tax Assesor of Calhoun county.

☞We are authorized to announce ROBT. HASSON as a candidate for Tax Assessor of Calhoun county.

☞The friends of W. S. N. SMITH, of Weaver's Station announce him as a candidate for Tax Assessor of Calhoun county.

### FOR CIRCUIT CLERK.

☞We are authorized to announce P. D. ROSS as a candidate for Circuit Clerk of Calhoun county.

☞We are authorized to announce SPARTAN ALLEN as a candidate for Circuit Clerk of Calhoun county.

☞We are authorized to announce JOS A. JONES as a candidate for Circuit Clerk of Calhoun county.

☞We are authorized to announce H. F. Vernon as a candidate for Circuit Clerk of Calhoun County.

### FOR COUNTY TREASURER.

☞We are authorized to announce I. L. SWAN as a candidate for Treasurer of Calhoun county.

☞We are authorized to announce J. J. SKELTON as a candidate for Treasurer of Calhoun county.

### FOR COMMISSIONER.

☞The riends of A J DICKINSON announce him as a candidate for Commissioner of Calhoun county.

☞We are authorized to announce M. H. FOWLER as a candidate for Commissioner of Calhoun County.

☞The friends of R H GRIFFIN announce his name as a candidate for re-election to the office of County Commissioner of Calhoun county.

☞We are authorized to announce JNO. M. PATTERSON as a candidate for Commissioner of Calhoun County.

☞We are authorized to announce A. J. KERR as a candidate for County Commissioner of Calhoun county.

☞We are authorized to announce J. P. WHITLOCK as a candidate for County Commissioner of Calhoun County.

☞We are authorized to announce W (Jonas) ADERHOLT as a candidate for County Commissioner.

☞We are authorized to announce ELIAS STEPHENS as a candidate for Commissioner of Calhoun county.

☞We are authorized to announce J. R. McELRATH as a candidate for County Commissioner.

☞We are authorized to announce Mark C. Lively as a candidate for County Commissioner.

☞We are authorized to announce T D BYNUM as a candidate for county commissioner.

☞We are authorized to announce S S LOVE as a candidate for county commissioner.

☞We are authorized to announce W. H. Vincent as a candidate for county Commisetoner.

☞We are authorized by the friends of W. C. Scarbrough to announce his name for Commissioner.

☞We are authorized to announce Thomas A. Best as a candidate for County Commissioner of Calhoun County.

At the request of the colored Republicans of Calhoun county we print this week the proceedings of their convention called to send delegates to the State convention at Selma.

In this instance they took a new departure, which will assuredly raise them in the estimation of the white people of this county. They abandoned at once and forever the practice of night political meetings, and met in the broad open light of day in the court house, and transacted their business in an orderly and decent manner. Before they resolved upon this step, they consulted some Democrats of this place, and were assured that they would not be molested in the slightest. The result proved that they had been correctly informed on this head, and the convention passed a resolution giving emphatic denial to the oft repeated slander on Southern Democrats that the freedmen were not allowed the free exercise of their political rights in the South. We commend the resolution to the careful perusal of the editors of the New York Tribune, Chicago Inter-Ocean, Cincinnati Gazette and other chronic slanderers of the South.

## Proceedings of Calhoun county Republican Convention.

The Republicans of Calhoun county met in the Court House Saturday the 15th inst, at 3 o'clock P. M. in obedience to a call made by bills posted and distributed. The attendance was large and representative.

P. J. McEntosh called the meeting to order and nominated A. J. Logan for Chairman *pro tem.*

On motion, W. E. Caldwell was elected Secretary *pro tem.*

On motion, by acclamation, the temporary officers were made permanent.

At this point the President enquired concerning a Republican meeting said to have been held at Germania on the 18th inst.

Lewis McKenzie, a citizen of Germania, and an active Republican, stated that no such meeting had been held there.

Geo. Elston and Thos. Smith, both residents of Germania, testified that no such meeting had been held.

On motion, a unanimous rising vote was taken in affirmation that no such meeting had been held in Germania.

On motion, the President appointed a committee of five to nominate delegates and alternates to the State Republican convention which meets in Selma the 20th inst. The Committee retired and brought in the following names:

(For reasons that appear below, the list of delegates are omitted.)

The following resolutions were offered by P J McEntosh, and unanimously adopted;

Resolved;—That whereas it has been rumored abroad that the colored people of Calhoun county are maltreated, molested, intimidated and privented from exercising the rights and priveleges guaranteed to them by the Constitution of the United States,

We, the Republicans of said county hereby affirm that we have the respect, sympathy and hearty co-operation of the white voters of this county in any orderly and properly conducted political meeting.

Resolved:—That a vote of thanks be tendered to the Probate Judge, Sheriff and Hon. L. W. Grant for their courtesy and influence in assuring us protection from any person or persons who might be disposed to interrupt our meeting

Resolved.—That a copy of the proceedings of this body be furnished the Editor of the Jacksonville Republican for publication.

On motion it was voted that the President appoint a committee on finance to solicit funds to aid the delegates to go to Selma on the 20th inst.

The President appointed the following persons:

David Walker, Alfred Grant, Isham Woodwaad, Harris Oden and J. T. Dingiud.

The finance committee were instructed to meet the people at Benevolence Hall Tuesday night and receive contributions for the purpose above stated.

On motion the Convention adjourned *sine die.*

A. J. LOGAN.
Chm.

W. E. Caldwell,
Secretary.

Owing to a possible informality in the call of the above meeting, another meeting was held in the court house here Tuesday, under call of the Chairman of the County Republican Executive Committee. The same parties, for the most part, who had participated in the meeting of Saturday, attended the one of Tuesday, and it was amicably agreed that all parties consider the meeting of Tuesday the regular, authorized Convention of the Republicans of Calhoun.

P. J. McEntosh was called to the chair and Ivey B. McAlpine was made secretary.

The following delegates were appointed to attend the State Convention at Selma, to-wit:

Delegate—Gen. J. W. Burke.

Alternates—P. J. McEntosh, Lewis McKenzie, R. M. Fry.

The Convention unanimously adopted a resolution requesting the State Convention to send P. J. McEntosh as a delegate to the National Republican Convention at Chicago.

## POLITICAL NOTES.

We have received a private letter from Chambers county which informs us that Capt. Savage may expect help from that quarter in his race for Auditorship.

Through private correspondence with politicians of the State we have known for ome time that an attempt will be made at the coming State convention to nominate new men for our State Supreme Court. Only very recently we have heard it intimated that there may possibly be an attempted bolt, in case one member of the Court is renominated. This course we regard as suicidal and undemocratic, and we hope the delegates from this section of the State will keep clear of any such movement. It is true democratic principle to submit to the voice of the majority in matters of this kind.

The signs of the times point to a renomination of Gov. Cobb, Secretary of State Screws, Treasurer Vincent and attorney-General Tompkins. There will be a struggle for the Supreme Court, and the offices of Auditor and Superintendent of Education.

The Louisville Courier Journal claims that Tilden is as good as nominated now for President. Other papers do not see through those kind of spectacles.

Horatio Seymour can get the Democratic nomination for President if he will take it, but he don't want it. Singular man! This is bound to be almost incomprehensible to a man who will run himself almost to death for a two hundred dollar office.

We think, in view of the importance of the coming election, and the great danger of fraud under our wretched election law, the State Executive Committee ought to prepare a comprehensive synopsis of the new law, and send to county officers and the press, that these may in turn inform the people fully as to its operations.

The Selma Times promises to hold up unsparingly to public scorn those Democrats who participate in the primary conventions of the party and then fly the track because their wishes do not prevail. Those rule or ruin fellows will everywhere only demonstrate the fact that they are not politically reliable, and will hurt themselves by such a course worse than they will hurt the Democratic party.

There will be a desperate contest for the possession of the Republican Convention which meets in Selma Thursday, between the forces of Grant and Sherman. The Grant men will doubtless have the numbers, but the Shermanites will have the brains. It is doubtful who will get the delegation to Chicago. Two contesting delegations have gone from this county to the State Convention.

When the Northern Methodist Conference were confronted with the proposition to inject into the form of examination of candidates for the ministry the words. "Do you use tobacco?" and "Do you use alcoholic stimulants?" it created a profound sensation and met with objection. These loose-jointed christians of the North are not near up to the sanctified level of some Southern people we know of. We have saints with us (vices strictly private) who want to institute a higher moral test than this even when a man runs for a little political office. When it comes to the church—well—they are about the only men fit to belong to it. It is just simply not in human nature to get up where they have got. We have our opinion of such people, but it might probably hurt somebody's feelings if we were to express it.

We want to warn convention Democrats in this campaign against indulging in abuse of men because they cannot agree with them on party questions. It does no good. It never won a vote. Kind words are as potent in politics as in social life. Reason with men kindly when you think they are wrong, abuse them never.

U. S. Senator Gordon has sent his resignation to the Governor of Georgia to take effect immediately. The Governor will accept it and appoint his successor at once. General Gordon's reasons for resigning his place as Senator are, first, that he desires to retire to private life, and second that his business requires his personal attention.

A dispatch from Selma states that a large majority of the delegates to the State Republican convention are in favor of Grant.

The Talladega County Convention nominated Hon. Wm. H. Thornton for Probate Judge, Jas. A. Huey for Sheriff, Andrew Jackson for Tax Collector, J. L. Elston for Tax Assessor, F. G. Stringer for Treasurer, and Messrs Wm. Taylor and J. D. Heacock for representatives. Judge Thornton led on the first ballot, Rev. J. J. D. Renfro coming next. The Convention balloted until late at night, when Mr. Renfro was withdrawn, and after a few ballots Judge Thornton was nominated.

The Shelby County Convention renominated Judge Leeper for Probate Judge; and nominated Henry Wilson, Esq, for the Legislature. Mr. Wilson for a short time practiced law in this county at Oxford. He will make a useful member.

Southern newspaper property is advancing rapidly in value, as indicated by the recent sale of a fourth interest in the Atlanta Constitution for twenty thousand dollars cash. Mr. H. W. Grady, a well known journalist, is the purchaser, and the whole of the stock is now owned by Messrs. Howell, Hemphill, Finch and Grady, each having 250 shares. The Constitution has paid handsomely since the control was acquired by the gentlemen who have now disposed of part of their stock to Mr. Grad[illegible] will continue to prosper. *News and [illegible]*

## THE AUDITORSHIP.

JACKSONVILLE, *ALA.*, May 17, 1880

From the Montgomery Advertiser.]

Editor Advertiser:—It is now an admitted fact that the Govener, Secretary of State, Treasurer and Attorney General will be re-nominated without opposition by the coming Democratic State Convention. The contest for places on the State ticket proper will be confined to that of Auditor and Superintendent of Education. Heretofore, in the distribution of political favors, the convention has paid careful attention to locality. It is as much the unwritten law of the party that the different sections of the State shall have a representative on the State ticket, as that a ticket which has served one term acceptably shall be endorsed by a re-nomination. Draw a line through the centre of the State east to west, and it will be seen that all that vast scope of country from Shelby county to the Tennessee river will be without a Representative on the State ticket, unless one of the two vacant places be conferred on a gentleman from some of the counties composing it. Should the place of Superentendent of Education go to Armstrong or Titcomb, the place of Auditor would be left to that vast scope of reliably Democratic country, which gives to the State a Democratic Legislature and rolls up large Democratic majorities for the State ticket. Will North Alabama be asking too much when she claims this place for one of her sons? It is a modest demand surely, and the convention cannot in justice to all sections refuse it. This place conceded to North Alabama, she has but one man to present for it—Cap. J. H. Savage. Measure him by the Jeffersonian standard, and he comes fully up to the mark. He, like his competitors, was a gallant Confederate soldier, and "honors are easy" on that head. Generous natured, genial and kind hearted, he would so blend courtesy with official intercourse as to make transactions with his office a pleasure. Elected, he would be one of the most popular Auditors the State has ever had. As intimated above, his capacity and ability to fill the place is unquestioned. This whole section of the State desires to see his name on the State ticket. His nomination will give deep and universal satisfaction wherever he is known; and bring large numbers of voters to the polls. Let the convention nominate him, and the "hill country of Alabama will respond with a rousing majority for the State ticket all around.

DEMOCRAT.

President Hayes and cabinet and the Governor-General of Canada will be invited to the celebration of the two hundred and fiftieth anniversary of the settlement of Boston, September 17th.


## NOTICE.

—o—

I will sell my entire farm of six hundred acres lying in and about Peek's Hill and on Ohatchee Creek. One hundred and seventy-five acres in a high state of cultivation, one hundred of this first-class bottom land. Two hundred and eighty acres in the piney woods, well timbered and good cotton land. Eighty acres at Peek's Hill with a number-one dwelling, barn and stables; and also four other good cottage buildings on the place. I will also sell a good new set of blacksmith tools and one-fourth interest in a good steam grist and saw mill; and cotton gin, and log wagon and yoke of oxen.

JNO. D. PRUITT,
Peck's Hill, Ala.

May 22nd, 1880.


## MORTGAGE SALE.

Under and by virtue of a mortgage with power of sale executed to the undersigned by John Gordon the 28th day of January, 1879, and recorded in Probate Court, Talladega county, book "W," page 484, Register of deeds, Feby. 4th, 1879, and also in Probate Court of Calhoun county in book "J," 2nd volume, Register of deeds, on page 257, May 6th 1879, I will proceed to sell on the 5th day of June, at Jacksonville, Calhoun county, between the legal hours, [illegible] the following discribed propert[illegible]

Four oxen, two black and [illegible] satisfy debt secured by s[illegible] and expenses hereof.

By Caldwell, [illegible]

May 22nd. –2w

JOE. A. WALDEN.


Walden

ATTOR

Jackso

Will pra
Circuit, and
Prompt attei
claims.

FRANK W. B

BOW

ATTOI

Solici

JACK

Will prac
Circuit, U.
Court of t[illegible]


THE STATE OF A[illegible]
Calhoun county.

Probate Court April 16th 1880.

J. M. Ford dec'd estate of—Final settlement. This day came L. M. and J. P. Ford Executives of said estate and filed their statement, accounts, vouchers and evidences, for a final settlement of their administration. It is ordered that the 21st day of May 1880, be appointed a day on which to make such settlement, at which time all persons interested can appear and contest the said settlement, if they think proper.

L. W. CANNON,
Judge of Probate.

April 24—3t pd.


*SPRINGVALE STOCK FARM.*

JAMES CROOK,

—BREEDER OF—

Thorough-bred Merino Sheep, Angora Goats, Herd Registered Jersey Cattle, Berkshire and Essex Hogs,

*JACKSONVILLE, ALA.*


## Tax Sales.

—o—

Notice is hereby given, that the following lands and lots were decreed by the Probate Court of Calhoun county Ala., on the 12th day of April 1880, "it being the Second Monday" to be sold for the taxes and costs due thereon, for the year 1879, and said lands and lots will be sold on the 17th day of May 1880, "being the 3rd Monday of said month," before the Court House door in the town of Jacksonville Ala., to satisfy said taxes and costs.

Owner Unknown, Pre. No. 4,
Part of S E qr. of S E qr. Sec. 32, T 16, R 7,—5 acres.

| | |
|---|---|
| State tax—1878—9, | 35. |
| Co. tax—1878—9, | 17½ |
| Levytax—1878—9. | 100. |
| Probate Judge's cost, | 70. |
| Advertising, | 5.00. |
| Total, | 8.22½ |

Mrs. Salina Veitch, Estate. Pre. No 5, N ½ of N W qr. Sec 11, T 15, R 6.—80 acres.

| | |
|---|---|
| State tax—1878—9 | 2.10 |
| Co. tax—1878—9, | 1.05 |
| Levy tax—1878—9 | 1.00 |
| Probate Judge's cost, | 70 |
| Advertising, | 6 00 |
| Total, | 10.85 |

Owner Unknown. Pre. No. 6. S W qr. of S E qr. Sec 2, T 14, R 6—40 acres.

| | |
|---|---|
| State tax—1877—8—9, | 1.05 |
| Co. tax—1877—8—9, | .52½ |
| Levy tax—1877—8—9, | 1.00 |
| Probate Judge's cost, | .70 |
| Advertising, | 6.00 |
| Total | 9.27½ |

Owner Unknown: Pre No 8.
2 Acres lying in N E corner of S W qr. of S E qr. Sec 13, T 13, R 6.

| | |
|---|---|
| State tax, | .07 |
| Co tax, | .03½ |
| Levy tax, | 1.00 |
| Probate Judge | .70 |
| Advertising, | 6.00 |
| Total | 7.80½ |

J M Williamson's Estate Pre No 6. W ½ of S W qr Sec 25, T 13, R 6—80 acres

| | |
|---|---|
| State tax | .56 |
| Co tax | .28 |
| Levy tax | 1.00 |
| Probate Judge | .70 |
| Serving Notice | .25 |
| Advertising | 2.00 |
| Total | 4,79 |

J D Miller Pre 8.
N W qr of S E qr Sec 7, T 13, R 9—40 acres

| | |
|---|---|
| State tax | .14 |
| Co tax | .07 |
| Levy tax | 1.00 |
| Probate Judge | .70 |
| Bydertising | 6,00 |
| Total | 7,91 |

Owner Unknown. Pre No 8, N W qr of S W qr Sec 14, T 13, R 9—40 acres

| | |
|---|---|
| Stae tax, | .17 |
| Co tax | .04 |
| Levy tax | 1.00 |
| Probate Judge | .70 |

Part of N W qr lying north of Cherokee boundary line being north part of said N W qr—65 acres

| | |
|---|---|
| State tax for 14 years | 6,37 |
| Co tax for 14 years | 3.18½ |
| Levy tax for 14 years | 1.00 |
| Probate Judge | .70 |
| Advertising | 6,00 |
| Total | 17,25½ |

Owner Unknown, Pre No 12
N half less 20 acres in a square block out of N E corner of N qr Sec 32 T 15 R 9—270 acres

| | |
|---|---|
| State tax | 2.80 |
| Co tax | 1.40 |
| Levy tax | 1.00 |
| Probate Judge | .70 |
| Total | 6,00 |

F Timberlake. Pre No 13
2 lots in Oxford,

| | |
|---|---|
| State tax. | 1,05½ |
| Co tax | .52 |
| Levy tax | 1,00 |
| Probate Judge | .70 |
| Advertising | 6.00 |
| Total | 9 27.2 |

Jane B Alexander estate Per No 16, Fraction No 22; Sec 36 ,TR 10 51 35-100 acres

| | |
|---|---|
| State tax 1868 to 1879 | 4.20 |
| Co tax 1868 to 1879 | 2.00 |
| Levy tax 1868 to 1879 | 1,00 |
| Probate Judge | .80 |
| Bl[illegible] | 6.10 |


# CANCERS CURED.

—o—

**Scrofula, Scrofulous Ulcers and Cancers are Curable.**

Dr. S. C. Williams, after an experience of more than thirty years, is fully convinced that, when applied to in time, he can cure the above named diseases. As to his success in the treatment of the same, and as to his standing as a physician, he would respectfully refer to the following named gentlemen:

| | |
|---|---|
| Dr. A. Pelham, | Alexandria, Ala., |
| Dr. J. Y. Nesbit, | Jacksonville, " |
| Dr. B. S. Evans, | White Plains, " |
| Judge M. J. Turnley, | Gadsden, " |
| J W. Whiteside, Esq. | Rabbit Town, " |

And to the physicians, merchants and ministers of Oxford, Ala., also to his former patients everywhere. Charges moderate.

S. C. WILLIAMS, M. D.
Oxford, Ala.

March 13, 1880, 1 yr.


## TAX ASSESSOR'S NOTICE.

### SECOND ROUND.

I will attend the places mentioned below, at the times stated for the purpose of assessing the State and County tax for the year 1880.

Precinct No. 3—Jane Big Monday March 1 1880.

Precinct No. 15, Annision, Tuesday March 2, 1880.

Precinct No 13—Oxford, Wednesday, March, 3, 1880.

Precinct No. 12—Davis-Town Thursday, March 4, 1880

Precinct No. 11—White Plains, Friday, March 5, 1880.

Precinct No. 10—Rabbit Town, Saturday March 6, 1880.

Precinct No. 9—Cross Plains Monday March 8 1880.

Precinct No 16—Ladiga Tuesday March 9, 1880.

Precinct No. 2—Alexandria Monday March 15, 1880.

Precinct No. 5—Polkville, Tuesday, March 16, 1880.

Precinct No. 14—Sulphur Springs—Wednesday, March 17, 1880.

Precinct No. 4—Gannaway's School H. Thursday, March 18, 1880.

Precinct No. 7—Hollingsworth's Monday March 22 1880.

Precinct No. 6—Peeks Hill Tuesday March 23 1880.

Precinct No. 8—Greene's School House, Saturday, March 27 1880.

Precinct No. 1—Jacksonville Monday March 29 1880.

Parties are requested to meet me promptly at these appointments.

A. B. LEDBETTER
Tax Assessor Calhoun Co.

March 7—td


# CITY BAR

The public are assured that John Ramagnano keeps the purest, oldest and best whiskies, brandies and wines that can be found in this market. At special pains and large expense he has been enabled to secure lines of these liquors that will compare in quality with any brands in the Southern market. Pure wiskey is rare: but the CITY BAR has it for a dead certainty. Best of order kept at the bar.

JOHN RAMAGNANO.

# PIANOS & ORGANS

FROM FACTORY TO PURCHASER.

EVERY MAN HIS OWN AGENT

**Ludden & Bates' Grand Introduction Sale** continued until Nov. 1, 1880. Only sale of the kind ever successfully carried out in America; 5,000 superb instruments at factory rates for **Introduction** and **Advertisement.** New plan of selling: No Agents! No Commissions! Instruments shipped direct from factory to purchasers. Middle man's profits saved. Agent's rates to all. Only house South selling on this plan. PIANOS, 7 oct. $125-7½ oct. $155; Square Grands, $227. ORGANS, 9 stops, $57; 13 stops, $71; 13 stops, Mirror Top Case, $86. New, handsome, durable. 6 years guarantee. 15 days test trial. Purchasers choice from *ten leading makers and 200 different styles.* Join this Music club of 5000 purchasers and secure [illegible] at wholesale rates. Special [illegible] *Teachers, Churches, and Pastors.* [illegible] Introduction Sale circulars.

LUDDEN & BATES, Savannah, Ga.

# WANTED.

—o—

CHESTNUT OAK BARK.

I will pay five dollars a cord [illegible] chestnut oak bark delivered at [illegible] in Germania until further [illegible]

GERMANIA TANNING CO.

## Desirable Place for Sale.

[illegible]nt, I have for sale a place of [illegible]s of good land, twenty acres in [illegible]on, five acres in orchard. Sit[illegible] are two dwelling houses and [illegible] bark shed, bark mill and tan [illegible] 30 vats in good condition and [illegible]er shelter. Mountain and black [illegible]rk in abundance in the neighbor[illegible] at two dollars and a half and three [illegible] respectively. There is a church [illegible]chool house in one mile of the [illegible] and the community near it is a [illegible] one. The place has both freestone [illegible] limestone springs upon it. It will [illegible]ld for $800—one half cash, balance [illegible]elve months. Address,

L. W. GRANT,
Jacksonville, Ala.
or B. F. SHELBERG,
April 17, 1m Germania, Ala.

# ROCK AND RYE

## SURE CURE

—FOR—

**Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, Bronchitis, Asthma, Consumption,**

**And All Diseases of THROAT and LUNGS**

Put up in Quart-Size Bottles for Family Use.

Scientifically prepared of Balsam Tolu, Crystallized Rock Candy, Old Rye, and other tonics. The Formula is known to our best physicians, is highly commended by them, and the analysis of our most prominent chemist, Prof. G. A. MARINER, in Chicago, is on the label of every bottle. It is well known to the medical profession that TOLU ROCK and RYE will afford the greatest relief for Coughs, Colds, Influenza, Bronchitis Sore Throat, Weak Lungs, also Consumption, in the incipient and advanced stages.

Used as a BEVERAGE and APPETIZER, it makes a delightful tonic for family use. Is pleasant to take; if weak or debilitated, it gives tone, activity and strength to the whole human frame.

CAUTION, DON'T BE DECEIVED by unprincipled dealers who try to palm off upon you Rock and Rye in the place of our TOLU ROCK AND RYE, which is the only meritorious article made, the genuine bare. Also a GOVERNMENT STAMP on each bottle.

LAWRENCE & MARTIN, Proprietors,
111 Madison Street, Chicago.

☞Ask your Druggist for it!
☞Ask your Grocer for it!
☞Ask your Wine Merchant for it!
☞Children, ask your Mamma for it!

☞Sold by DRUGGISTS, GROCERS and WINE MERCHANTS everywhere.



## Memphis and Charleston RAILROAD.

MEMPHIS, TENN.—On and after Dec 1st, 78, the following passenger schedule will operated:

| *Going East* Read down. | *Going West* Read up |
|---|---|
| Lve 12.20 night Memphis | 12.10 pm arr |
| " 3.02 am Grand Junction | 9.37 am lve |
| " 3.56 am Middleton | 8.37 am " |
| " 5.05 am Cornith | 7.55 am " |
| " 10.15 am Decatur | 2.35 am " |
| " 3. 00 pm Stevenson | 10. 15 pm " |
| Arr 4 50 pm Chattanooga | 8.00 pm lve |

GREAT CHANGES

have been made on this line.

This road has been newly ballasted, and the track repaired with steel rails. These improvements make it second to no other road in the south

*TO THE EAST*

Close connection is made for all eastern and southern cities.

Only Line running through Palace Sleeping Cars and day coaches, between Memphis and Chattanooga without change.

*TO THE WEST*

Close connection made for all Arkansas and and Texas points, a full first class and emigrant tickets on sale at all principal stations.

Round Trip emigrant tickets at greatly reduced rates now on sale at Chattanooga, to principal Texas points.

Day Coaches run between Bristol and Memphis, and between Montgomery, Alabama, and Texarkana, Arkansas, without change.

Baggage checked through. No Sunday delays.

For further information as to rates, schedules etc. address either JAS. R. OGDEN, Gen. Passenger Agent, Knoxville, Tenn.

T. S. EAVANT,
Asst. Gen Passenger agent, Memphis, Tenn.

P. R ROGERS,
Gen. Western Agent, Dallas, Texas.

# W. C. LAND & CO.,

A renew receiving a Spring Stock of

## STAPLE AND FANCY

Dry goods, Boots, Shoes, Hats, and especially the largest assortment of Ladies' Goods and wares ever brought to this market. Also, fine Sugars, Coffees, Starch, Rice, Soda, Pepper and Spices.

## COME ONE, COME ALL!

and see our stock. We feel grateful to the citizens of Calhoun for their liberal patronage who have sustained us to success, and hope to merit a continuance for the future.

April 10th 3m


## THE STATE OF ALABAMA. CALHOUN COUNTY.

Probare Court for Calhoun County.

Letters of administration upon the estate of Wyly Woodall deceased having been granted to the undersigned on the 3d day of Nov. 1879, by the Hon. L. W. Cannon Judge of Probate Court of Calhoun County, notice is hereby given that all persons having claims against said estate, will be required to present the same within the time allowed by law, or the same will be barred.

J. J. WOODALL
April 24—3t Admin.

STATE OF ALABAMA,
Calhoun County.
Spring Term, April 20, 1880.

A C Sloan, decd: estate of. Final settlement.

This day came R W Sloan, the administrator of said estate, and filed his statement, accounts and vouchers for a final settlement of his administration It is ordered that the 24th day of May, 1880, be appointed a day on which to make such settlement, at which time all persons interested can appear and contest said settlement, if they think proper.

L. W. CANNON,
April 24—3t Judge of Probate

## SHERIFF'S SALE.

By virtue of a venditioni exponas issued from the Hon. Circuit Court of Calhoun County, State of Alabama, and to me directed, against Henry Clews and in favor of Joseph A. Jones. I will proceed to sell on Monday the 31st day of May A. D. 1880 at the Court House door of Calhoun County Alabama, between the legal hours of sale—the following described lands as the property of the said Henry Clews to wit: The south west qr of the south west qr sec 12, T 16, R 8, also the W half of N W qr; Sec 13, and the E half of N E qr, Sec 14, T 16, R 8, East in the Coosa land district of Alabam.

D. Z. GOODLETT,
Sheriff.

May 1st, 1880.


# W. C. LAND,

WATCHMAKER

—AND—

JEWELER.

*Jacksonville, - - - Ala.*

Also, agent for Meriden CT Table cutlery and silver and plated ware. Also agent for Elgin Watch co, and other American make, May, 1st 1880


## ATTACHMENT NOTICE.

Jeremiah Smith } Attachment suit pending
vs } in the Justice Court, of
Jas D. Martin } Precinct No. 13 in Calhoun county Ala.

To James D Martin: Whereas Jeremiah Smith has prayed for and obtained an attachment against the estate of the said Jas. D. Martin, which said attachment has been duly levied by summoning W A Scarbrough, administrator of the estate of C M Martin, deceased, to appear and answer as garnishee in said cause. You are therefore hereby notified that said attachment suit is now pending in the said Justice Court in Precinct No 13 in Calhoun county Ala, and that you appear at the April term thereof to wit: Saturday the 3rd day of April 1880, at Oxford Ala, and defend the same, if you see proper to do so

Given under my hand this the 18th day of February 1880

J S KELLY,
Notary Public, ex officio J P

## he Republican.

### OR BAILIFF.

are authorized to announce E. G. E as candidate for Bailiff of B a n e, requested pects to be elected, if nobody t him

are authorized to announce B. as a candidate for Bailiff of 4.

friends of Ben Anderson an- name as a candidate for Bai- t No. 6, with the understand- e can beat the field as the mat- nds.

### STICE OF THE PEACE.

nounce myself as a candidate for le office of Justice of the Peace f elected, which I have no doubt discharge my duty to the best of GUSS HARLOW. ige.

are authorized to announce Martin as a candidate for Jus- Peace in Beat No. 2.

natorial District Conven- s at White Plains to-day.

nt to make the Republi- ly campaign paper, and campaign rates next week k after.

ate Convention meets at ery June 2nd. The Judi- vention of this Circuits Gadsden June 10th.

D.—One red cow, with nder each ear, and lame . Any information con- er left at this office will ed to her owner.

thing happens in your ood worthy of local the paper, please confer the editor by dropping tal card giving particu-

"Memorian" notice of nnie Martin in last aper, at one place it ve read "C and P" in- "C R Martin." There ave been no quotation ound the stanza at the

SEWING MACHINE BRO- KEN ?

wanting sewing machines or any part furnished, done by writing a postal J. J. B. McELRATH, Centre, Ala.

7, tf

G. Reeves, of this coun- ton plants from the roots ar's cotton stalks. The s so mild the roots were He will let them grow w much better, if any, do than stalks grown seed.

owan and Mr. Jno. M. e purchased a new Buck for use in their clover lots. Quite a crowd o witness its operation ass lot of Maj. Rowan, piscopal church Tuesday. ed satisfactorily.

tes who have not settled nouncement fees will o- y doing so at an early s is the dull part of the rinters, when they are rdest pushed for money, ll need all we can get unts due us to keep our oving.

ply regret to learn of of Benj Johnson, Esq. ston. He was one of the s of Calhoun county and respected.

n also that Mr. Robert- of the Drs. Robertson, died a few days ago. most estimable old gen. d greatly beloved by all him.

Walt Nesbit and D. Z. ave purchased the right Calhoun the best thing pe of a smoothing iron ever been invented. It ts, can always be kept temperature, has a flu atus attached, and posi- kes ironing a pleasure a task. Go to Nesbit's examine it.

heard of several deaths nty the past few weeks, ways in such authentic o warrant us in making of the fact. We charge a simple announcement nd marriages, and we bliged if some one in borhood would drop us a when an event of eith- curs in their vicinity.

M. Renfro, who repre- houn in the Legislature s ago, has been nomina- Democrats of Montes unty for the same place

Ex-Gov. Thos. H. Watts is on the ticket with him, as also two other prominent gentlemen of Montgomery. The ticket will doubtless be elected. Our old friend and fellow-county man, Mon Anderson was defeated for the nomination for Sheriff, after a very creditable race. He had two very strong men to contend with, and the vote he received was highly honorable to him.

Interested parties have created the impression on the minds of voters that the editor of this paper while in the Legislature, voted for the laws compelling advertisement of constables' sales in newspapers, and the law as it now stands in regard to tax sales. Both these laws have been passed since he was in the Legislature. So far from voting for any law to "bring grist to his own mill" he voted for the repeal of the law which required the publication of the itemized reports of the County Treasurer twice a year and the list of claims allowed by the Commissioners Courts four times a year, and which was worth about two hundred dollars a year to this paper.

No man can point to a single vote of his in the Legislature which benefitted him directly or remotely a single cent. Whatever objections a few personal enemies may have to him, no man can truthfully charge against him anything that squints in the remotest degree toward venality. He thanks God that he inherited an honest name—all that an honest father had to leave him—and not all the gold of Ophir could buy it of him. His record will show no mileage steals and things of that sort, and the men who are trying to fix in the minds of the people a suspicion that self-interest ever influenced him a single vote, will probably have the tables turned upon themselves before this canvass is over, whether the Democratic party decides that he shall remain in the field or not.

Press of business prevented us from attending the supper given by the ladies of Cross Plains Tuesday evening, but we heard from it through an appreciative gentleman of this place who was present. He reports that the supper was a complete success and highly creditable to its fair projectors. About a hundred people were present, the supper was abundant and of delicious variety, the ladies tastefully dressed and exceedingly pretty, (and he an old married man!) the gentlemen social and agreeable—indeed the whole making of the affair highly entertaining and pleasant. He brought back some cake and was generous enough to divide with the editor. It fully bears out all he said of the delicious supper. The balance of his statement we take without proof, in fact are willing to sign to it as a subscribing witness, for in time past it has been our fortune often to share the hospitality of the beautiful ladies and agreeable gentlemen of Cross Plains and vicinity and we know how it is ourself.

Capt. J. H. Savage, of Calhoun, was in town last Monday, and gave us a pleasant call. We notice that he has been very favorably spoken of for the position of State Auditor to succeed the present able and efficient incumbent. An honest high toned gentleman, and a true Democrat, he would make a most excellent officer, and would receive the cordial support of numerous friends in all sections of the State. The convention could not do better than to nominate him. *Shelby Sentinel.*

### OKLAHOMA.

Immigrants are pouring into the Indian Territory in spite of the President's proclamation and the threat of troops. The people along the border say that they are going to follow the tactics of the miners, who seized on the Black Hills reservation despite the presence of the soldiers, Hayes' proclamation and Sheridan's flaming general order. A special to the Kansas City Times reports Payne's colony progressing most favorably, and that all the roads and trails leading to their settlement reported many wagons seen on their way. No molestation yet from the soldiers. It now appears that simultaneous with the immigrants crossing the line the soldiers at Caldwell and Coffeville were moved South to Fort Sill. The government had called off its watch dogs just at the moment there was something for them to do. People from Kingman, Harper, Sumner, Sedgwick, and Cowley counties Kansas, are going in wagonloads and singly now so fast as they can get ready to start. They are fully posted that there are no soldiers along the line to turn them back.

Gen. M. W. Gary, of South Carolina has published a letter in which he says that he is satisfied that the next Legislature ought to prohibit the wearing of concealed weapons and the granting of licenses for the sale of liquors at the court houses.


**JAMES HUTCHINSON,**
*Barber & Hair-dresser,*
Room on Office Row, recently occupied by Dick Walker.
If you desire to have a pleasant and clean shave, or have your hair trimmed in neat and fashionable style, give him call. Jacksonville, Apl. 20, 1878.

COTTON PLANTERS.
The undersigned has on hand a large lot of the celebrated Jeter Cotton planter and Manure distributers, and is now ready to supply orders. Price, $5.
CHAS. MARTIN.

"BLUE MOUNTAIN ROUTE."
**Change of schedule.**
**S. R. & D. R. R.**
On and after Tuesday, March the 9th, 1880, trains will run on the Selma Rome & Dalton railroad; as follows;

| No. 1, North. | Stations, Going North | No. 3 North. |
|---|---|---|
| 6.15 a. m | Lv Selma | 3.30 p. m |
| 8.50 a. m | Randpolh | 7.15 p. m |
| 10.20 a. m | Calera | 10 40 p. m. |
| 12.22 p. m | Talladega | 1.50 a. m |
| 1.18 p. m | Oxford | 3.30 a. m. |
| 1.25 p. m | Anniston | 4.00 a. m. |
| 1.55 p. m | Jacksonville | 5.10 a. m. |
| 3.47 p. m | Cave Spring | 8.20 a. m. |
| 4.30 p. m | Rome | 10 05 a. m. |
| 6.15 p. m | Ar Dalton | 1 00 p m. |

| No. 2. South. | Stations. Going South. | No. 4, South. |
|---|---|---|
| 8.00 a. m | Lv Dalton | 3.10 p. m. |
| 9.45. a. m | Rome | 6.25 p. m. |
| 10 27 a. m | Cave Spring | 7.30 p. m. |
| 12.03 p. m | Jacksonville | 10.25 p. m |
| 12.35 p. m | Anniston | 11.40 p. m. |
| 12.43 p m | Oxford | 12.10 a. m. |
| 1.33 p. m | Talladega | 1.50 a. m. |
| 3.50 p. m | Calera | 5.45 a. m. |
| 5.34 p. m | Randolph | 8 30 a. m. |
| 8.00 p. m | Ar Selma | 11.30 a. m. |

NORMAN WEBB, Supt. | RAY KNIGHT, G. P. A. | J. W. FULENWILDER, Agt

THE STATE OF ALABAMA, } Calhoun County,
In Probate Court Special Term April 5th 1880.
Letters of administration upon the estate of John Dodd deceased, having been granted to the undersigned on the 5th day of April 1880, by the Hon. L. W. Cannon, Judge of the Probate Court of Calhoun County. Notice is hereby given that all persons having claims against said estate, will be required to present the same within the time allowed by law, or the same will be barred.
CHARLES MARTIN.
Admin.

**FIRE INSURANCE.**
I. L. SWAN AG'T,
JACKSONVILLE, ALA.
**Four Good Home Companies to wit,**

| | |
|---|---|
| *Georgia Home,* | *Ga.* |
| *Home Protection,* | *Ala.* |
| *Central City,* | *Ala.* |
| *Columbus Ins. and Banking Co.,* | *Miss.* |

May 1st, 1880.

**FOR CAIRO, LOUISVILLE AND CINCINNATI.**
STEAMERS, ANDY BAUM, CONS MILLAR, JAS. W. GAFF, VINT SHINKLE, VIRGIE LEE, JAS. D. PARKER.
Steamers of this line leave Memphis for Cairo, Louisville and Cincinnati Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays, at 5 o'clock, p. m. connecting at Cincinnati with Railroads and Steamers for all Eastern, Northern and Western points, giving through tickets to all points—Chicago, Toledo, Buffalo, Richmond, New York, Washington City, Philadelphia and Boston.
Eastern Tourists will find the La Belle River Route safe, delightful and economical. Rates by this line cheaper than any other first-class route. Meals and staterooms free. Baggage checked through. For full information apply to
R. W. LIGHTBURNE,
General Freight and Ticket Agent,
No. 7, Monroe st., Memphis, Tenn.
Passengers can rely on a splendid trip by this line, as the steamers are all first class, having been expressly built for the accommodation of passengers. Each steamer carries a string-band.

**JNO. W. HUGHES**
*WITH*
The Atlanta cash clothing Store, 41, Whitehall St. Atlanta Ga.
—BRANCH HOUSE OF—
Wm. C. Browning & Co.,
New York,
Invites his friends to call on him when in the city. Orders solicited, and promptly attended to.

**NEW DEPARTURE**
*IN THE HARNESS AND BUGGY LINE.*
The undersigned has made ample arrangements to do all work in his line more expeditiously, and at cheaper rates than ever before. A full line of ready made buggy and wagon material will be kept constantly on hand, and jobs of this character will receive instant attention. A full line of ready made harness material on hand enables him to make complete harness on very short order. Ready made harness of all grades will be also kept. He is determined not to be undersold. If you want a good article and at cheap rates, call on JOE. H. PRIVETT.

30 DAY OFFER.
**READ! READ! READ!**
*Down! Down!! Down!!!*
PRICES REDUCED
**33 1-3 PER CENT.**
We have in store and on the road the largest and most complete stock of Pianos and Organs ever brought to this market, which we offer cheap for cash; will take old instruments instrument in exchange for now, or will sell on the installment plan.
Don't fail when you visit Rome to give us a call if you wish anything in our line, or if you wish to order write to us.
C. W. LANGWORTHY & CO.,
90 Masonic Temple,
Rome, Ga.

**NEW GOODS!**
*ADDED ATTRACTIONS!*
The undersigned has recently removed from depot Street to the Red Store on Public Square, and has largely increased his line of first class
FAMILY GROCERIES,
both Staple and Fancy, which he is prepared to sell at rock BOTTOM PRICES. My stock is very complete, and embraces every thing in this market. The highest price paid for Country produce either in cash or barter.
C. W. BREWTON.
ALSO,
Agent for the sale of the celebrated Patapsco Guano. Kept in stock at Jacksonville during the season. Sold for cash or cotton option. Call for circulars.
C. W. BREWTON.
Jan. 31 st, tf

JOHN M. HILL & CO.,
WHOLESALE DEALER IN
**LIQUORS, TOBACCO, CIGARS, &C.,**
16 *Decatur Street, Atlanta, Ga.*

**FAMILY FAVORITE.**
THE IMPROVED
**WEED**
*Sewing Machine.*
LOCK STITCH,
VERY LIGHT RUNNING,
VERY LATEST IMPROVEMENTS.
We sell with this excellent Machine 6 different sized Hemmers. 1 Quilter; 1 Corder, 1 Gatherer, 1 Tucker, 1 Ruffler, making 11 attachments, or more than are given with any other machine.
PRICE ONLY - - - - - - - - - - $30.
Call and examine the machine at
ROWAN, DEAN & CO.,
Sep 13—3m Jacksonville, Ala.

**Undertakers Notice.**
Mr. Jno. H. Crawford having removed from Jacksonville, the undersigned, at his request, will in the future keep on hand Coffins, Metalic cases and burial Caskets, and will assist on burial occasions as Mr Crawford did while in the undertaking business here
L. A. WEAVER.
Jan 4—3m

*REMOVAL.*
**A. M. LANDERS**
Has recently removed his Family Grocery, Bar and Billiard Saloon to the store, rooms formerly occupied by Whisenant and Driskill. In the front room he has a choice line of
Family Groceries
of all kinds, both staple and fancy, cigars, tobacco &c. In the rear room is the bar, which has been fitted up and furnished with the best liquors in market. The billiard table has been placed up stairs in a large and comfortable room where gentlemen can enjoy a game free from interruption.
Respectfully,
A. M. LANDERS.
Jan. 2nd tf.

CHILDREN'S SCHOOL.
FEMALE ACADEMY BUILDING.
Mrs. Ida Woodward will open at the Female Academy, Monday, January 12th her school for children, and will continue the session five months.
TERMS.—Spelling Reading and Mental Arithmatic, $1.00 per month. Higher classes, $1.50 per month, payable at the end of each month.

*Berrys & Co.,*
WHOLESALE
GROCER,
Commission Merchants,
AND
COTTON FACTORS,
Rome, Georgia.
☞Liberal Cash Advances made on COTTON and PRODUCE Consigned to us.

Sight Restored!
The undersigned having had remarkable success in treating numerous cases of sore eyes, cataract, dimness of sight, and persons suffering from any inflimation of the eyes, impaired vision, etc., desires to make known to the public how such sufferers may avail themselves of his wonderful remedies. The following certificates—obtained without solicitation—speak for themselves. Persons desiring treatment can be visited by me if preferred A. J. KERR,
White Plains, Ala.

DAVISVILLE, ALA., Dec. 19th, 1879.
This is to certify that Dr. A. J. Kerr has been treating my eyes for one, and they are much better—think they will get entirely well. Cheerfully recommend his treatment to the public. J. F. DAVIS.

This is to certify that Lucinda McDowell's eye became affected by loss of sight four or five years ago, and remained so till three or four weeks since, when she went under the treatment of Mr. Andrew Kerr, and in six or eight days afterward she could see with that eye as well as ever.
WASHINGTON WILLIAMS.
—I certify that this is a true statement with regard to my daughter.
JNO. W. McDOWELL.
Dec. 26th, 1877.

STATE OF ALABAMA, ETOWAH COUNTY, Feb. 7th, 1879.
TO ALL WHOM IT MAY CONCERN:
This is to certify that my grand-daughter, Nancy Griffith, was afflicted with sore eyes for three years, to such an extent, that she could scarcely see to go about. Six months ago Mr. A. J. Kerr came and took her under treatment, and to our astonishment, she could soon see to thread the finest needle or do any kind of fine sewing. I hereby recommend Mr. Kerr's medicine to any person similary afflicted.
Given under my hand and date above mentioned W. N. CHANDLER.

ED. G. CALDWELL,
(At the old Forney Corner,)
Has on hand the best brands of Chewing and Smoking TOBACCOS, including the popular Swanson's Pride and the celebrated Durham Smoking Tobacco's. He has the largest stock of CIGARS in Town. Among his brands you will find the Solace, Margarita, Royal, Standard and the favorite Tidal Wave.
Chocolate, Cocoaine, Imported Chow Chow, Boston Baked Beans, Salmon & Canned Goods in great variety at
ED. G. CALDWELL'S.
Coffee, Sugar, Flour, Meal, Meat, Potatoes, Mackerel, Macaroni & Cheese at ED. G. CALDWELL'S.
**Cheap Groceries** for Cash a the old Forney Corner.
**Fresh Lard** at
Ed. G. CALDWELL'S.
**Fresh Meat** at
Ed. G. CALDWELL'S.
YOU can buy anything in the GROCERY line CHEAP for CASH at
Ed. G. CALDWELL'S.
Go buy one of these fine Plows of the Towers patent at
Ed. G. CALDWELL'S.
splendid lot of new Tin-ware at
Ed. G. CALDWELL'S.
Finest article of kerosine oil at E. G. CALDWELL'S
New lot of stone-ware at E. G. CALDWELL'S.
YOU can buy TEN pounds of RICE for $1 00 at
E. G. CALDWELL'S
YOU can buy 10 pounds of SUGAR for $1 00 at
E. G. CALDWELL'S
Salt at manufacturers prices at E. G. CALDWELL'S.
YOU can buy 6 pounds of good COFFEE for ONE DOLLAR at
ED. G. CALDWELL'S.

Queensware at Wholesale.
French China in Sets or by the single piece.
SILVER PLATED GOODS
Fine and CHEAP Table Knives & Forks, Tin-ware, Wooden-ware, Glass-ware.
Lamps, and Lamp Fixtures.
Orders solicited from merchants. We will duplicate any bill that can be bought in America.
J. B. CARBER & Co.,
China Hall, Rome, Ga.
Jan28—3m.

**Grand Reduction in Prices.**
B. F. CARPENTER
HAS JUST RECEIVED
A LARGE AND
COMPLETE
Assortment of Family Groceries, which he proposes to sell at bottom prices. Very best brands of Coffee, Sugar, Tea, Finely flavored Cigars, Western Bacon, Meal, Snowdust Flower, Molasses, Crockery, Hardware, Kerosene oil, Buckets, Tinware. Every thing kept in a well stocked grocery establishment. He also has on hand a large assortment of Harness, Saddles, Bridles, made of the very best leather, and designed and executed by workmen of superior skill. He invites all to call, for he is determined to sell at such prices as to deserve the patronage of the public. Give him a call, and examine his prices, before going elsewhere

GREAT BARGAINS IN
Pianos & Organs.
H. A. SMITH
ROME, GA.
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL
Bookseller and Music Dealer
Has just received from the Manufacturers, the
Largest Stock of Pianos
ever brought to this market. These Instruments having been bought for cash at
LOW PRICES,
will be sold to cash customers at
PRICES LOWER THAN EVER KNOWN
in this country.
Purchasers, by calling early, can have the advantage of selecting from the large stock on hand. Large lot of School & Miscellaneous Books always on hand, at LOW RATES.

W. W. HARRISON,
Physician
CARTER

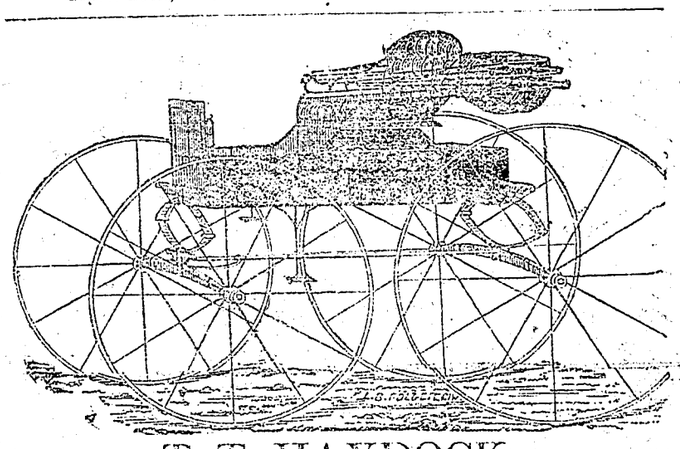
A BEAUTIFUL ASSORTMENT
OF
*Ladies' and Gentlemen's*
EMBROIDERED SLIPPERS.
Also a Complete Line of
Heavy Goods, at Prices to Suit the Times.
*Highest Market Price Paid for Hides.*
Call early and examine stock and prices at
M. F. GOVAN & CO.
No. 21 Broad Street, Rome, Ga.

**DAVID H. DOUGHERTY,**
Wholesale and Retail Dealer in
Dry Goods, Fancy Goods, Notions
Shoes and Hats,
39 & 41 Peachtree Street, Atlanta, Ga.
*FINE DRESS GOODS A SPECIALTY.*
Please send for Samples.
JOHN E. NISBET, formerly of Jacksonville, is with this house.
We will pay expres on all orders amount ing to $10 00 or over.

NEW STORE!
**Common Sense Bargains.**
The undersigned have just opened a new and select stock of Dry Goods, consisting of Dress Goods, Notions, Gentlemen's and Ladies' Underwear, Jeans, Flannels, Shirtings Sheetings, Linen and Oil Cloth Table Cloths, Hats, Boots, Shoes, Ready Made Clothing, Hardware, Crockery, Wooden-ware etc. etc. Also a good line of
GROCERIES,
Both Staple and Fancy, Leather, Shoemakers' Findings: In fact, everything to be found in a first class General Store.
No trouble to show Goods and tell prices. Knowing that these times demand Guns to be sold on a close margin, we defy competition in prices of Goods.
WILSON BRO'S & HARBOUR,
Oct 4'79 1y North-east Corner Public Square, JACKSONVILLE, ALA

Linder Best Buggies.
MANUFACTURED BY
LINDER & MONTGOMERY,
PEEK'S HILL, ALA.
*WAREHOUSE AT JACKSONVILLE, ALA.*
PRICE, $70, DELIVERED FREE ON CARS.
The greatest labor saving implement in use. Address LINDER & MONTGOMERY.
J any. 31. Jacksonville, Ala

INSURANCE
The undersigned is Agent for (4) four good and reliable FIRE COMPANIES of the South, to wit.
GEORGIA HOME INSURANCE CO., COLUMBUS, GEORGIA.
HOME PROTECTION " " HUNTSVILLE, ALA.
CENTRAL CITY " " SELMA, ALA.
COLUMBUS INS. & BANKING CO., COLUMBUS, MISS.
**It is wisdom to Insure your Dwellings Barns, Gin Houses, Merchandise, etc**
If you desire INSURANCE, call on me at JACKSONVILLE, ALABAMA, or address me through the mails—
I think I am warranted in saying that these Companies are all in a healthy condition financially, have a CAPITAL ample and sufficient to meet all their Liabilities.
I. L. SWAN, Agent,
April 26th, 1879 Jacksonville, Ala.



T. T. HAYDOCK.
Has the largest complete works for the manufacture of Carriage IN THE WORLD. Buggies for the trade a specialty.
SOUTHERN PEARL AND TWELFTH STREETS,
CINCINNATI, O.

*The People Appreciate Merit*
EAGLE AND PHENIX
PERFECT
BALL SEWING THREAD.
COLUMBUS, GEORGIA.
*PREPARED BY A PROCESS USED IN NO OTHER MILL*
IT HAS NO EQUAL
8 Balls to Pound, 1 lb. Packages. 20 Balls to Pound, 2 lb. Paper Boxes
Packed in Cases of 20, 30, 50, 100 or 500 Pounds each.
*Uniform Price. Invariable Discounts.*
Sold by all Jobbers.
SEE "EAGLE & PHENIX." USE NO OTHER

### Befuddled Humorists.

Mark Twain thus describes his first meeting with his brother humorist, Artemus Ward. I had never seen him before. He brought letters of introduction from mutual friends in San Francisco, and by invitation I breakfasted with him. It was almost religion, there in the silver mines, to precede such a meal with whisky cocktails. Artemus, with the true cosmopolitan instinct, always deferred to the customs of the country he was in, and so he ordered three of these abominations. Hingston was present. I am a match for nearly every beverage you can mention except a whisky cocktail, and therefore I said it would go right to my head and confuse me, so that I would be in a helpless tangle in ten minutes; I did not want to act a lunatic before strangers, but Artemus gently insisted, and I drank the treasonable mixture under protest, and felt all the time that I was doing a thing that I might be sorry for. In a minute or two I began to imagine that my ideas were clouded. I waited in great anxiety for the conversation to open, with a sort of vague hope that my understanding would prove clear, after all, and my misgivings groundless.

Artemus dropped an unimportant remark or two, and then assumed a look of superhuman earnestness and made the following astounding speech. He said:

"Now, there is one thing I ought to ask you about before I forget it. You have been here in Silverland—here in Nevada—two or three years, and of course, your position on the daily press has made it necessary for you to go down in the mines and examine them carefully in detail. Now, what I want to get at is—is, well, the way deposits are made, you know. For instance: Now, as I understand it, the vein which contains the silver is sandwiched in between castings of granite, and runs along the ground, and sticks up like a curbstone.

"Well, take a vein forty feet thick, for example, or eighty for that matter, or even one hundred; say you go down on it with a shaft, straight down, you know, or with what you call the 'inclines,' maybe you go down five hundred feet or maybe you don't go down but two hundred; anyway you go down, and all the time this vein grows narrower when the castings come nearer or approach each other, you may say, that is, when they do approach, which of course they do not always do, particularly in cases where the nature of the formation is such that they stand apart wider than they otherwise would, and which geology has failed to account for, although everything in that science goes to prove that, all things being equal, it would if it did not or would not certainly if it did, and then of course they are. Do not you think it is?"

"I said to myself, "Now, I just know how it would be. That cussed whisky coktail has done the business for me. I don't understand any more than a clam." And then I said aloud, "I—I—that is—if you don't mind, would you—would you say that over again? I ought—"

"Oh, certainly, certainly! You see I am very unfamiliar with the subject, and, perhaps, I don't present my case clearly, but—"

"No, no—no, no you state it plain enough, but the vile cocktail has muddled me a little. But I will—no, I do not understand, for that matter, but I would get the hang of it all the better if you went over it again, and I'll pay better attention this time."

He said, "Why, what I was after was this." [Here he became even more fearfully impressive than ever and emphasised each particular point by checking it off on his finger ends.] "This vein or lode, or ledge, or whatever you may call, runs along between two layers of granite, just the same as if it were a sandwich. Very well. Now, suppose you go down on that say 1,000 feet, or maybe 1,200 (it don't really matter), before you drift; and then you start your drifts, some of them across the ledge and others along the length of it, where the sulphurets—I believe they call them sulphurates, though why they should, considering that so far as I can see, the main dependence of a miner does not so lie, as some suppose, but in which it cannot be successfully maintained wherein the same should not continue, while part and parcel of the same are not committed to either in the sense referred to, whereas, under different circumstances, the most inexperienced among us could not detect if it were, or might overlook it if it did, or scorn the very idea of such a thing, even though it were palpably demonstrated as such. Am I not right?"

I said sorrowfully: "I feel ashamed of myself, Mr. Ward. I know I ought to understand you perfectly well, but you see that infernal whisky cocktail has got into my head, and now I cannot understand even the simplest proposition. I told you how it would be."

"Oh, don't mind it, don't mind it; the fault was my own, no doubt though I did think it clear enough for—"

"Don't say a word. Clear! Why you stated it as clear as the sun to anybody but an abject idiot, but it's that confounded cocktail that has played the mischief."

"No, now don't say that. I'll begin it all over again, and—"

"Don't now; for goodness sake, don't do anything of the kind, because I tell you my head is in such a condition that I don't believe I could understand the most trifling question a man could ask me."

"Now don't you be afraid. I'll put it so plain this time that you cant help get the hang of it. We will begin at the very beginning." [Leaning far across the table with determined impressiveness wrought upon his every feature, and fingers prepared to keep tally of each point as enumerated; and I, leaning forward with painful interest, resolved to comprehend or perish.] "You know the vein—the ledge—the thing that contains the metal, whereby it constitutes the medium between all other forces, whether of present or remote agencies, so brought to bear in favor of the former, or all, or both, or compromising as possible the relative differences existing within the radius whence culminate the several degress of similarity to which—"

I said: "Oh blame my wooden head, it ain't any use! It ain't any use to try! I can't understand anything. The plainer you get it the more I can't get the hang of it."

I heard a suspicious noise behind me, and turned in time to see Hingston dodging behind a newspaper and quaking with a gentle ecstacy of laughter. I look at Ward again, and he had thrown off his solemnity and was laughing also. Then I saw that I had been sold—that I had been made the victim of a swindle in the way of a string of plausibly worded sentences that didn't mean anything under the sun.

Artemus Ward was one of the best fellows in the world, and one of the most companionable. It has been said that he was not fluent in conversation, but with the above experience in my mind, I differ.

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*A Modification of the American* audiphon, which has proved of great service to the deaf and dumb, has been described by M. Colladon before the French Academy of Sciences. Instead of hard rubber, a peculiar kind of pasteboard is used for the disk, and there are no cords needed to regulate the tension. That part of the instrument which is held in the mouth is provided with a surface to resist moisture.

## AGRICULTURE.

USEFULNESS OF FERRETS.—We are surprised that farmers, poulterers, and their sons, do not keep ferrets more generally. Wherever rats harbor, under hog pens, hen-houses or buildings or places of any kind, ferrets will go after them, and they are sure to drive them out, so the boys and dogs can have first-class sport capturing them, and doing good besides. One of the best breed of dogs for use in catching the rats as they emerge from their hiding-places, is the genuine Scotch terrier. They are quick and plucky, and will attend to all the outside "biz" the ferret sends them. Thousands of dollars worth of fruit trees are annually destroyed by rabbits. If the farmer or farmer's boys used a ferret to drive the rabbits from their holes, (spending a half a day or two a season,) they could make a scarcity among the rabbits and save their trees. The writer lost a whole orchard some three years since, of over 100 trees. It seemed impossible to prevent the ravages of the rabbits among them, until he got a large, strong male ferret, and in one half day's work, the reward of 40 rabbits saved his trees. He has sport and accomplishes good besides. Ferrets are more easily kept than a cat, their diet being bread and milk, and occasionally a little fresh meat, it matters not what. They will eat rats, birds or any thing fresh. Two or three can be kept on what one cat would consume. They do not gnaw, and can be kept in a box, or small quarters. We know of several who would not be without a ferret for ten dollars a year and its keeping. So far as training and disposition goes, ferrets are about all alike. All the training they need is handling, to become familar with a person. They are little trouble, and it costs but a trifle to keep them.

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PRESERVATION OF MILK.—The papers are full of advertising of preserving compounds for milk, but by analysing them they will be found to contain nearly always the same substances in slightly altered proportions and they are generally sold for from four to several hundred times their value. These compounds are bicarbonate of soda, sometimes mixed with common salt, boric acid, borax, mixture of borax with common salt, salicylic acid, and of late a mixture containing half of boric acid and half of sulphate potassium. Bicarbonate of soda has been in use a long time and is still largely used. It acts by neutralizing the lactic acid which is formed in the milk, but its action is not perfect in any way, and by adding a more effectual quantity, the taste of the milk is spoilt, as it gets soapy. Boric acid is a powerful antiseptic, and preferable to borax. The writer has made, a few years ago, many experiments with all kinds of antiseptics employed for milk and dairy products, and invariably could state the good effects of boric acid is inferior in action and very expensive. But the mixture of boric acid and sulphate of potassium seems to outdo all the previously mentioned antiseptics. We have seen butter, meat, crabs, fish, and other wares of an equally perishable nature kept most wonderfully; and as this compound is perfectly harmless, very cheap, and obtainable at every chemist's shop, it will soon be more generally employed. One gramme is added to each litre of milk or one-fourth pound of butter. It ought not to be thought, however, that these antiseptics can supplant cleanliness, cooling, and airing! These always remain the principal elements in preserving milk for the dairy and for transport, and only when they are insufficient, which is rare enough, antiseptics may be used.

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COLIC IN HORSES.—A correspondent gives the following cure for colic in horses, which is convenient at all times and easily applied. He says he has never known it to fail: Spread a teacup full of salt upon the back of the animal over the kidneys and loins, and keep it saturated for 20 or 30 minutes, or longer if necessary. If the attack is severe, drench with salt water. I have a valuable bull, weighing nineteen or twenty hundred pounds, which had a severe attack of colic a year ago last summer. I applied salt to his back as above, and it being difficult to drench, we put a wooden bit in its mouth, keeping it open about two inches, and spread salt upon his tongue, which, together with the salt upon his back, relieved him at once, and within a short time equilibrium appeared fully restored. I have for several years past successfully applied this treatment to the other animals in my herd.

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LOOK AHEAD!—A farmer should always think in advance of his work. The plan must be laid out in his head, before the hands are put to it. There is time yet left for thinking over what should be done in the next two or three busy months.

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BOTH in chemical and mechanical properties, the soil from old pastures is best for potting plants.

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*The* curious process pursued by the Chinese of mending cracked iron wares by cementing them with cast iron while in liquid state is thus described: "In the case, for example, of a cast iron pan requiring such treatment, the operator commences by breaking the edge of the fracture slightly with a hammer, so as enlarge the fissures, after which the fractured parts are placed and held in their natural position by means of wooden braces. The pan being ready, crucibles, made of clay, are laid in charcoal, and ignited in a small portable sheet iron furnace, with bellows working horizontally. As soon as the pieces of cast iron with which the crucibles were charged are fused, it is poured on a layer of partly-charred husks of rough rice, previously spread on a thickly-doubled cloth, the object of this being to prevent the sudden cooling and hardening of the liquid metal. While in the liquid state, it is quickly conveyed to the fractured part under the vessel, and forced with a jerk into the enlarged fissures, while a paper rubber is passed over the obtruding liquid inside of the vessel, making a neat, strong, substantial and in every respect thorough operation."

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*Crocus*, dried and powdered, when applied with chamois leather to nickel plated goods, will restore their brilliancy without injuring their surface.

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### Establish Healthful Co-operation

between the stomach, the liver and the bowels, if you want to banish sick headaches, nervousness and mental despondency. Upon the vigor of the first named organ depends the good service of the two latter. That fine stomachic, Hostetter's Bitters, pure, approved by physicians, derived from the best botanic sources, is on put to rout the symptoms which make the lives of nervous, bilious invalids miserable. The very fountain head of such trouble is feebleness of digestion, for which it is an incomparable, long established and widely celebrated remedy. It builds up the constitution when shaken by disease, and protects it against malarial and other harmful influences. It is an agreeable appetizer, a useful strengthening cordial for the convalescent, and greatly mitigates the gathering infirmities of age.

## DOMESTIC.

PETROLEUM AS A PRESERVATIVE OF RUSTIC WORK.—We see on every hand handsome rustic work falling to decay and becoming distorted by age. It is commonly made of a kind of wood which does not last long. Soak it thoroughly with crude petroleum when new, it will remain unchanged indefinitely. A rustic summer house in a shaded part of our grounds would have been unusually exposed to dampness and decay had not this been prevented a dozen years ago, by petroleum. The peculiar brown color imparted by a mixture of a heavy oil remains unchanged; and a lattice work of pine lath, a fourth of an inch thick, fully exposed to dampness and weather, is as sound and unworn as ever. The oil is now so cheap that there is no excuse for omitting its application, and it may be rapidly and easily brushed over the surface and sunk into the pores with a whitewash brush. Apply it heavily.

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COFFEE CUSTARD.—Make a good, strong extract of coffee—by dripping it as slowly as possible—for ten people you will want two cupfuls; take eight of the same measures of milk; and beat into the yolks of six eggs; add three ounces of powdered sugar; mix into this the two cupfuls of coffee; as coffee differs in strength, better taste to see that it is sweet enough; pour the mixture into cups and put the cups in a not too deep pan with boiling water; the level of the water ought not to stand higher than half the cup; do not try and boil the water too hard; about fifteen minutes of boiling is necessary.

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DEACON SMITH buys Carboline, the deodorized petroleum hair renewer and restorer, and since its improvement, recommends it to all his friends as the perfection of all hair preparations. This shows that the Deacon is a wise man and knows what is what.

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MUTTON COLLOPS.—A few slices of cold leg or loin of mutton, salt and pepper to taste, one blade of powdered mace, one small bunch of savory herbs minced very fine, two or three shalots, two or three ounces of butter, one dessert spoonful of flour, half a pint of gravy, one tablespoonful of lemon-juice. Cut some very thin slices from a leg or the clump end of a loin of mutton; sprinkle them with pepper, salt, pounded mace, mince, minced savory herbs, and minced shalot; fry them in butter, stir in a dessert-spoonful of flour, add the gravy and lemon-juice, simmer very gently about five or seven minutes of boiling is necessary.

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IF BABIES could talk, they would often express their thanks to their nurses, for relieving them of pain and suffering by the use of Dr. Bull's Baby Syrup.

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BEEF ROLLS.—The remains of cold roast or boiled beef, seasoning to taste of salt, pepper and minced herbs; puff paste. Mince the beef tolerably fine, with a small amount of its own fat; add a seasoning of pepper and salt and chopped herbs; put the whole into a roll or puff paste and bake for half an hour, or rather longer, should the roll be very large. Beef patties may be made of cold meat by mincing and seasoning beef as directed above and baking in a rich puff paste in patty tins.

---

AN EXTENDED POPULARITY.—Each year finds "*Brown's Bronchial Troches*" in new localities, in various parts of the world. For relieving Coughs, Colds and Throat Diseases, the Troches have been *proved* reliable.

---

PARSLEY and Butter, to serve with calf's head, boiled fowls, etc—Two tablespoonfuls of minced parsley, half a pint of melted butter. Put into a saucepan a small quantity of water, slightly salted, and when it boils, throw in a good bunch of parsley which has been previously washed and tied together in a bunch; let it boil for five minutes, drain it, mince the leaves very fine, and put the above quantity in a tureen; pour over it half a pint of smoothly-made melted butter; stir well, that the ingredients may be thoroughly mixed, and serve.

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SWEET OMELET.—Mix the yolks of two eggs, a teaspoonful of sugar and some essence of vanilla in a small bowl. Add a small pinch of salt to the whites of the eggs and whip till stiff. Then lightly mix the whites and yolks, and pour quickly into an omelet pan in which half an ounce of butter has been previously melted. Remove the egg from the fire in one minute, and let it dry in the oven five minutes, after which sprinkle it with sugar.

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CHOCOLATE.—Melt four ounces of grated chocolate over a boiling kettle, add gradually three cups of boiling water and one ounce of sugar. Set it upon the fire, and when scalding hot pour it upon the yolks of two eggs, well beaten, with one and one-half gills of cold water; add a pinch of cinnamon, and return it to the fire for a few moments to cook the egg. It must not boil, but should be beaten with an egg-beater, or milled all the time. Serve very hot.

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PORK AND BEANS.—First pick your beans over; put them in an earthen crock and fill it with cold water and let stand over night; if your pork is too salt parboil it for a short time; put it in a deep baking dish and put the bears around it; fill the dish with hot or cold water, cover it closely, and set it in the oven, and let it bake rather slowly until noon, or from three to four hours. —Do not let it get too dry; if you cannot see the water you must add more.

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WE trust the time will come when every one will use Dobbins' Electric Soap, (made by Cragin & Co., Philadelphia.) Its sale is daily increasing, as is always the case with articles of merit. Try it.

---

FRIED CHICKEN.—Chickens must be young to fry well. If no larger than pigeons, they may be fried whole; if larger, dissect, wash, rub salt on while wet, pepper, and fry in butter or lard, keeping the dish covered. Mix one or two eggs with a spoonful of flour and a teacup of milk, and pour over the chicken when done, setting the frying pan in the oven long enough to cook the egg.

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SCRAMBLED EGGS WITH DRIED BEEF. —Shave the beef very fine; put a teaspoonful of butter in a frying pan; set it over the fire, and when hot put in the beef; heat a few minutes, stirring constantly to prevent burning; beat up the required number of eggs and stir in with the hot beef; stir altogether until the eggs are cooked. Serve immediately.

---

PLEURISY PAINS and all Asthmatic and Bronchial Affections, are soon relieved by that certain remedy for Coughs and Colds, Dr. Jayne's Expectorant.

## WIT AND HUMOR.

PATRICK'S experience with the elevator.—Sez I, "Iz Misther Shmith in, surr?" Sez the man wid the soger cap, "Will yez stip in?" So I stips intil the closet, and, all of a suddint he pulls at a rope, and, it's the trooth I'z tellin' yez, the walls of the building begin runnin' down cellar as though the devil was afther them. "Houly murther!" sez I, "what'll become of Bridget and the childer which was lift below there?" Sez the soger cap man, "Be aisy, surr; they'll be all right when yez come down." "Come down, is it?" sez I; "and is it no closet at all, but a hayhenish balloon. Then the walls stopped stock still, and he opened the door, and there I was wid the roof jist over me head! And that was what saved me from goin' up till the hivins entairly."

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WHEN a certain man had been made the prefect of a small village, he bought his wife a new fur garment. She, proud of her finery, and full of her husband's new honors, entered church just as the congregation rose to their feet to hear the Gospel read. She, thinking this was done out of respect to her, and recalling her former condition, said, graciously, "sit down, good people! I have not forgotten I was once poor!"

---

IN a New England village a Baptist preacher was discoursing from the text, "In those days came John the Baptist preaching in the wilderness of Judea." Warming up, he said, "Oh! how I like to read these words in the blessed Bible. You don't read anywhere in it about John the Methodist, nor about John the Presbyterian, nor about John the Episcopalian, nor about John the Congregationalist. But it is John the Baptist! Oh! how I like to read that!"

---

VEGETINE in Powder Form comes within the reach of all. By making the medicine yourself you can, from a 50c. package containing the Barks, Roots and Herbs, make two bottles of the liquid Vegetine. Thousands will gladly avail themselves of this opportunity, who have the conveniences to make the medicine. Full directions in every package. Vegetine in Powder Form is sold by all druggists' and general stores. If you cannot buy it of them, enclose fifty cents in postage stamps for one package, or one dollar for two packages, and I will send it by return mail. H. R. Stevens, Boston, Mass.

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"MISS ROACH is an intelligent, charming young lady, a beautiful brunette, and her brother is a bank cashier," read Mr. Tilden from a newspaper the other day. Then he soliloquized. "Beautiful—bank cashier—young and charming—bank cashier—intelligent brunette—bank cash—barrel might get empty—good thing to have in the family—both good things— beautiful bank cashier—perhaps, yes, I think I made a mistake in not interviewing her before denying the charge."

---

WHEN a young lady tripped into a music store the other day and asked the bashful clerk in attendance for "Two Kisses," he jammed on his hat and rushed out of the back door. The clerk, never having heard of the piece of music, thought he was the victim of a Leap year proposal, and his salary was not large enough to support two.

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AN ingenious drug store clerk, who suspected that some one was tapping till, fixed an arrangement on it so that any one who tried to open the drawer, without understanding it, would get four inches of brad-awl rammed into his hand. And then he went out and forgot to explain the thing to the boss, and as soon as he gets able to be about again he'd like to hear of a job.

---

PEOPLE will not be so very foolish that they will allow themselves to be deceived with a new Cough Syrup when they have experienced the value of Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup for many years. Price, 25 cents.

---

"I SHALL know better next time," said Mrs. Keepupwiththestyle. "That hateful milliner told me the hat was something new and there were four hats just like it in church; but I might have known better. I saw the new moon over my left shoulder. Of course I'd be unlucky."

---

RELIGIOUS tracts sent to a man with 12 cents postage due on them are not conducive either to religious thought, word or action. We have in our mind a young man who was just wavering in the balance; the 12 cents decided him, and he became a howling heathen.

---

PROFESSOR: "What sort of a man was this Chief Justice Coke?" Student: "Well—a—he was considerable of a speaker and talker on these matters." Professor: "Yes, very true—though not so full of gas as some others," Student cannot see the point and is allowed to continue.

---

AFTER a Texas jury had stood out for ninety-six hours the judge got a verdict in two minutes by sending them word that a circus had come to town.

---

A CARD.—To all who are suffering from the errors and indiscretions of youth, nervous weakness, early decay, loss of manhood, etc., I will send a Recipe that will cure you, FREE OF CHARGE. This great remedy was discovered by a missionary in South America. Send a self-addressed envelope to Rev. JOSEPH T. INMAN, Station D, New York City.

---

AN Italian being accused of marrying five wives was asked by the judge why he wedded so many. "In order to meet with a good one, if possible," the fellow replied.

---

A GEORGIA man fired seven shots at a wildcat, killed his dog, wounded a farmer in the leg and put one of his own eyes shot. The wildcat escaped.

---

IT takes a live man to pull up stream, although a dead one can drift down.

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SWEETNESS is no protection against injustice; even sugar can be crushed.

---

SOME men do not like crumbs of comfort. They want a whole loaf.

---

PICKLES are best when they sour on one another.

---

GOOD deeds pan out better than good intentions.

---

CYCLES of time—Icicles.

---

### Voice of the People.

HILLSDALE, Mich.

R. V. PIERCE, M. D.:

I had a serious disease of the lungs, and was for a time confined to my bed and under the care of a physician. His prescriptions did not help me. I grew worse, coughing very severely. I commenced taking your Medical Discovery, which helped me greatly. I have taken several bottles, and am restored to good health. Yours respectfully,

JUDITH BURNETT.

---

"NO CURE, NO PAY."—We authorize our agents to guarantee that our medicine, if taken according to direction, will relieve Constipation and the diseases incident to a Torpid Liver; provided they take the genuine Simmons' Liver Regulator, by the directions. Be sure to note it is perfectly safe and reliable, free from any of the objections and dangers connected with the ordinary remedies. It is an active Cathartic, Tonic, and Alterative, not unpleasant to the taste, and leaves no lassitude or ill-effects after it has operated, and in no event can it injure the most delicate constitution. Children take it without hesitancy.

"I have been selling Simmons' Regulator for three or four years and it gives entire satisfaction. Don't know of a single case when it failed to cure. Yours truly, "C. C. GILLILAND, 114 Main St., Gallatin, Mo."

---

*The* recent earthquake at Virginia City was not noticed at all in the mining depths, but only by people on the surface. Their famous earthquake of some years ago, which shook down chimnies, fire walls, cracked brick buildings, and did other damage, was merely noticed by some of the miners working in upper levels, but it did no damage, not even shaking down loose stones and earth. The station men in the various shafts felt it the strongest, the deepest point where it was noticed was by station tender at the 900-foot level of the Imperial Empire shaft, nine hundred feet below the surface. He said it felt like a sudden faint throb or pulsation of the air, as though a blast had been let off somewhere at a distance above, below, or in some indefinite direction. In some of the mines the shock was not noticed at all, even by station men. Commenting on this peculiar fact at the time, the Gold Hill *News* remarked that the earthquake seemed to be an electrical disturbance, proceeding from the atmosphere, and not from the depths of the earth.

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*Tanning*, says M. E. Ador, can be hastened by employing phosphoric acid, as it enables the tannin to penetrate the skins more rapidly through its hindering the tanning of the albuminoid substances.

---

*The* opinion of Gosselin and Bergaron, respecting the beneficial effect of antiseptic dressings on wounds, is that the good influence is due not merely to the destruction of ferments but to the coagulation produced in the albumen

---

### Can Piles be Cured?

Is the most important question to-day with suffering millions who, when looking at the long list of useless pile nostrums, feel as the afflicted Bible Patriarch, like exclaiming: "I have heard many such things, miserable comforters are ye all, how long will ye vex my soul and break me in pieces with words?" It is not recorded that Job had piles, but he could not have had anything more painful, and the same question might have been asked then as since for three thousand years. *Can piles be cured?* We believe that Dr. Sisbee has solved the problem, for nothing is more certain than that his "Anakesis" does *absolutely* and *promptly cure* the worst cases of piles. When half a million of afflicted assert positively that it *has cured them*, and in 20 years *no one* has used the doctor's wonderful remedy without instant relief, and by following his simple instructions as to habit and diet, all were benefitted and over 95 per cent. cured, all arguments and theories of those who haven't used them, go for naught. Anakesis is now prescribed by physicians of all schools and has been pronounced as near infallible as is possible. It is easily applied, perfectly safe, instantly relieves pain, and ultimately cures the most inveterate cases. It has grandly solved the problem that Piles *can* be cured. Samples of "Anakesis" are sent free to all sufferers on application to P. Neustaedter & Co., sole manufacturers of Anakesis, Box 3946 New York. Also, sold by druggists everywhere. Price $1 per box.

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**The Voltaic Belt Co., Marshall, Mich.**

Will send their celebrated Electro Voltaic Belts to the afflicted upon 30 days's trial. Speedy cures guaranteed. They mean what they say. Write to them without delay.

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# Vegetine.

## The Great Blood Purifier.

### IN POWDER FORM.

50 cts. a Package.

DR. W. ROSS WRITES:

SCROFULA, LIVER COMPLAINT, DYSPEPSIA, RHEUMATISM, WEAKNESS.

MR. H. R. STEVENS, Boston:

I have been practising medicine for 25 years, and as a remedy for Scrofula, Liver Complaint, Dyspepsia, Rheumatism, Weakness, and all diseases of the blood, I have a yet found its equal. I have sold Vegetine for seven years and have never had one bottle returned. I would heartily recommend it to those in need of a blood purifier. DR. W. ROSS, Druggist.

Sept. 18, 1878. Wilton, Iowa.

## Vegetine.

One Package in Powder Form Cured Scrofula.

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Respectfully yours, J. T. WEBB.

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PREPARED BY

H. R. STEVENS, Boston, Mass.

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STANDARD SINGING BOOKS for High Schools, **High School Choir ($1.00);** for Girls' Normal schools, Everest's **Sc. ool Song Book, (60 cts.);** for upper Grammar Classes, **Grammar School Choir. (60 cts.);** general collection for Schools, **Whippoorwill. (50 cts.);** and for Primary Schools. **American School Music Reader, Book I. (35 cts.)**

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Is the Old Reliable Concentrated Lye for FAMILY SOAP MAKING. Directions accompany each can for making **Hard, Soft** and **Toilet Soap** quickly. It is full weight and strength.

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**PENN'A SALT MANUF'G CO., PHILA'A**

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## Sturdivant's Great Catarrh Remedy

Is the safest, most agreeable and effectual remedy in the world for the cure of CATARRH. No matter from what cause, or how long standing, by giving

**STURDIVANT'S CATARRH REMEDY**

a fair and impartial trial, you will be convinced of this fact. This medicine is very pleasant and can be taken by the most delicate stomach. For sale by all Druggists, and by HOLLOWAY & CO., 602 Arch Street, Philadelphia.

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ARE THE BEST.

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# HEALTH IS WEALTH!

## Health of Body is Wealth of Soul.

## Radway's Sarsaparillian Resolvent.

Pure blood makes sound flesh, strong bones, a clear skin. If you would have your flesh firm, your bones sound, without caries, and your complexion fair, use **Radway's Sarsaparillian Resolvent.**

## A GRATEFUL RECOGNITION.

"To cure a CHRONIC or LONG STANDING disease is truly a victory in the healing art; that possessing power that clearly discerns DISEASE and supplies a remedy; that restores step by step, DEGREE by degrees—the body which has been slowly attacked and weakened by an insidious foe—not only commands our respect but demands our gratitude. Dr. Radway has furnished the world with that wonderful remedy, **Radway's Sarsaparillian Resolvent,** which accomplishes this result, and suffering humanity, who drag out an existence of pain and disease through long days and long nights, evince their gratitude."—*Hartford Messenger.*

## FALSE AND TRUE.

We extract from Dr. Radway's "Treatise on disease and Its Cure," as follows:

**List of Diseases Cured by**

## Radway's Sarsaparillian Resolvent.

Chronic Skin Diseases, Caries of the Bones, Humors in the Blood, Scrofulous Diseases and Taints or unnatural Habit of Body, Syphilis and Syphilitic Disease, Fever Sores, Chronic or Old Ulcers, Rheum, Rickets, White Swelling, Scald Head, Uterine Affections, Cankers, Glandular Swellings, Nodes, Wasting and Decay of the Body, Pimples and Blotches. Tumors, Dyspepsia, Kidney and Bladder Diseases, Chronic Rheumatism and Gout, Consumption, Gravel and Calculous Deposits, and varieties of the above complaints, to which sometimes are given specious names.

We assert that there is no known remedy that possesses the curative power over these diseases that RADWAY'S RESOLVENT furnishes. It cures, step by step, surely, from the action, and restores the injured parts to a sound condition. **The wastes of the body are stopped and healthy blood supplied to the system,** from which material is formed. This is the first step to the power of RADWAY'S RESOLVENT. In cases where the system has been salivated and Mercury, Quicksilver, Corrosive Sublimate have accumulated and become deposited in the bones, joints, etc., causing caries of the bones, rickets, crooked curvatures, contortions, white swellings, scrofulous veins, etc., the SARSAPARILLIAN will surely drive away those deposits and exterminate the taint of the disease from the system.

If those who are taking these medicines for the cure of Chronic, Scrofulous or Syphilitic diseases, however slow may be the cure, "stick to it," and find their general health improving, their flesh and weight increasing, or even losing its own, is a sure sign that the cure is progressing. In these diseases the patient rarely gets better or worse—the virus of the disease is not inactive; if not arrested and driven from the blood it will spread and continue to undermine the constitution. As soon as the SARSAPARILLIAN makes the patient "feel better," every hour you will grow better and increase in flesh, strength and flesh.

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The removal of these tumors by RADWAY'S RESOLVENT is now so certainly established as what was once considered almost miraculous, is now a common recognized fact by all parties. Wilna S. the case of Hannah P. Krupp, Mrs. Krupf, Mrs. J. H. Jolly and Mrs. P. D. Hendee, published in our Almanac for 1879; also that of Mrs. C. S. Bibbins, in the present edition of "False and True."

**One Dollar per Bottle.**

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## MINUTE REMEDY.

Only requires minutes, not hours, to relieve pain and cure acute disease.

# Radway's Ready Relief

In from one to twenty minutes, never failing to relieve PAIN with one thorough application. No matter how violent or excruciating the pain, the RHEUMATIC, Bed-ridden, Infirm, Crippled, Nervous, Neuralgic, or prostrated with disease may suffer, RADWAY'S READY RELIEF will afford instant ease.

**Inflammation of the Kidneys, Inflammation of the Bladder, Inflammation of the Bowels, Congestion of the Lungs, Sore Throat, Difficult Breathing, Palpitation of the Heart, Hysterics, Croup, Diphtheria, Catarrh, Influenza, Headache, Toothache, Neuralgia, Rheumatism, Cold Chills, Ague Chills, Chilblains, Frost Bites, Bruises. Summer Complaints, Coughs, Colds, Sprains. Pains in the Chest, Back or Limbs, are instantly relieved.**

## FEVER AND AGUE.

Fever and Ague cured for Fifty Cents. There is not a remedial agent in the world that will cure Fever and Ague, and all other Malarious, Bilious, Scarlet, Typhoid, Yellow and other fevers (aided by RADWAY'S PILLS) so quickly as RADWAY'S READY RELIEF.

It will in a few moments, when taken according to directions, cure Cramps, Spasms, Sour Stomach, Heartburn, Sick Headache, Diarrhœa, Dysentery, Colic, Wind in the Bowels, and all Internal Pains.

Travelers should always carry a bottle of RADWAY'S READY RELIEF with them. A few drops in water will prevent sickness or pains from change of water. It is better than French brandy or bitters as a stimulant.

**Miners and Lumbermen** should always be provided with it.

## CAUTION.

All remedial agents capable of destroying life by an overdose should be avoided. Morphine, opium, strychnine, arnica, hyoscyamus, and other powerful remedies, does at certain times and in very small doses, relieve the patient from pain, their action in the system. But perhaps a second dose, if repeated, may aggravate and increase the suffering, and another dose c

# Jacksonville Republican.

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VOLUME XLII. JACKSONVILLE, ALABAMA, SATURDAY, MAY 29. 1880. WHOLE NO. 2250.



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## SPRING IN FIELD AND WOOD.

The earth awakes as from a dreamless sleep,
And softly puts her daintiest garments on,
She binds around her, gracefully, a zone
Of tender green, with blue embroidered deep.

Over that budding sun-tipped hedgerow peep
Such vivid emeralds as ne'er glanced in stone,
Or in the crowns of mighty Cæsars shone;
And violets stir in yonder wayside heap.

The firstling beauty of the wood is full
Of colors, varied softly in their hue:
The rabbits frisk, and birds begin to sing.

The air is pure—most sweetly clear and cool,
And heaven seemed opened through the distant blue;
The starling screams, and doves are light on wing.

See, through yon field the plowman drives his share,
And the pert crow close follows at his heel;
And o'er the furrow, slowly winding, steal
Thin waves of mist that waver into air.

The upland lea is dotted here and there
With scattered sheep that, like to pearls, reveal
A glistening whiteness; and the cattle kneel
In full contentment with the Spring's fresh fare.

The crested wren is busy in the hedge;
The blackbird runs, then, resting, whistles clear,
And the sweet lark goes carolling up the sky;

A bluish tinge is on the fir-wood's edge,
That pleases, yet a little tries the eye;
The squirrel, new waked, peeps out, unmoved by fear.

The children from the neighboring village school
Come forth to play with many a merry peal,
And shorten thus the hour for mid-day meal,
And answer slowly to maternal rule.

They dance and group themselves in circle full,
Then join their hands, and loose, and sudden wheel,
Their movements such unconscious grace reveal;
Recalling dainty Watteau, fresh and cool.

The babe laid down upon the grass crows fain,
And, creeping on, would make to join their sport;
The meadow rings and now young voices sing.

How clear the notes! they echo back again,
Of innocence and joy most true report—
These voices are the voices of the Spring.

## A Terrible Revenge.

Lord Redmond was riding slowly along Black Valley, when the slow-gathering gloom of night seemed suddenly to deepen. The light died along the slopes of the mountains, and the little tarn beside which his horse had leisurely walked for the last hour seemed suddenly to have grown into a black, moveless line.

"The storm is on us, Kitty; and we're stalled in this confounded rut of a valley," said Lord Redmond. "I have been trying to get out of it for two hours," he muttered dismounting, and leading his horse.

The beautiful mare he led seemed to share in his anxiety, following obediently and with an occasional glance around. Suddenly; she gave a shrill whinny; and the same moment, Redmond thought he heard a distant cry. He looked up eagerly, scanning the hills, and finally saw a boy standing on a point of one of the bluffs, and gesticulating wildly. As he pressed on, he could hear the lad's cries.

"Haste, then, haste—the storm is coming! Haste—it will soon be on you! Follow the path—it will lead you up here. Hasten, or you'll be drowned like a rat in his hole."

Before Redmond reached the boy, he was suspicious that he was half-idiotic; and when he gained the rock upon which he stood, he saw the lad was, indeed, a poor half-crazed fellow, with staring eyes and furious gestures; yet not without mercy for those less helpless than himself, for he carried a wearied lamb, which he had probably been out in search of, while the dam ran by his side.

"Come—come out of the storm!" he cried pressing on.

And Lord Redmond followed, still leading his horse.

Kitty saw sniter first, and whinnied again at the scent of barley, which she perceived as they turned a sharp angle, and faced an old stone structure without buildings, more dark and gloomy in its appearance than the surrounding scene.

"Go in to the fire!" cried the boy, pointing to the door, and grasping Kitty's bridle.

"No; I will see her put up first," answered Lord Redmond, leading the horse around to the stable.

The animal was too valuable a one to be left to chance care. He was surprised at the readiness with which the half-senseless boy rubbed down her glossy flanks, and covered her with an old blanket, showing a gleeful satisfaction in her beauty as he tended her. He left her finally, and turned toward the house.

It was a good stone house; showing marks of decay wherever decay could touch it. Neither face nor firelight was to be seen at the windows, though the wind was shrieking and the rain falling heavily; and, obeying the boy's directions, Redmond opened the creaking oak door, and entered.

He found himself in a large, low room, in which an old woman was preparing supper, while an old man sat upon the hearth, fumbling with the lock of a rusty rifle, and two old pointers lay at his feet, smelling about his hands and the gun. He was the wreck of a stern, fine man that was to be seen at a glance. The woman was a crone of the lower orders—his serving woman, as she showed by the awkward haste to obey the old man's command, and bring a seat to the fire. He did not speak, but only commanded by a gesture.

Redmond addressed him courteously. He smiled sadly, shook his head, and touched his ear, in token of helpless deafness.

And so the wealthy lord, detained from his waiting bride and marriage feast, sat in the old dreary house, looking in ill-concealed discontent from the fire to the serving woman, and from the dogs to the passive and resigned face of his silent host.

When the woman came and wheeled the old man's chair to the board, he perceived that he was also crippled. The crone turned to him.

"Will ye sit by, sir?" she asked.

As he rose the door opened, and he stood arrested in the movement. A lady entered, so fair, so pure, so cold, that she might have been made of snow. She had a loose black mantle about her, which she threw off showing a regal form, habited in a rich black stuff—the brocade of a former generation. She paused, her still face lighting with a look of surprise as she observed the stranger. Redmond stepped forward, with the grace of courts revealed in the unconscious act.

"I hope I am not intruding, lady? I have been overtaken by the storm among these mountains.',

"What is your name?" she asked, looking him in the face, nor giving other sign of interest in his handsome presence.

"I am the Lord of Redmond," he answered. "I will trouble you no longer than I can avoid," he added, a little haughtily.

"Lord Redmond,', said the lady, "you are welcome—you are very welcome, Lord Redmond."

She spoke with energy—without warmth; but Redmond, confused by the strangeness of his position, observed only that her manner was a peculiar one; and though wishing himself well out of the place, took his seat at the table, as she desired.

The meal was good, and she served him bountifully; while the old man, for the first time breaking silence, began telling in a rambling, incoherent, yet not uninteresting way, the story of some famous storms among those hills.

It was five years ago. Barbara; you were a slip of a girl, and Bess had to be carried in my arms. Do you mind her hair curling over my arm in the wet?—and how she cried for fear she was too heavy for me?"

He paused, and looked across the board at the young lady—a troubled, wistful look in his face, showing some half-remembered pain in his broken mind.

"Where is Bess, Barbara?" he asked, suddenly.

"She is dead," answered his daughter with a strange smile.

"Dead!" repeated the old man drinking from his pewter cup like a satisfied child.

In spite of a long fast, Redmond could not eat; These strange people had risen among his rosy bridegroom visions like ghosts at a feast.

"I am very tired—too tired to eat," he said, rising from the table. "I would like to go to rest; for I must be on my way early in the morning."

Barbara bowed her cold, beautiful face.

"Kathy will show you a room—her room He shall sleep there once, his last sleep!" she murmured, turning away.

"She is crazy, too!" thought Redmond, leaving the room.

The chamber into which the old woman ushered him was large, irregular, full of nooks and shelves, on which were piled articles of female apparel.

"Has Miss Barbara given me her own bedroom, I wonder?" he asked, looking about him, as soon as he was left alone.

At the head of the bed hung a family portrait—a hale man and three children, a boy and two girls. In the dark, bright beauty of one he failed to recognize the childhood of the pale, cold woman he had just left, but the infantile beauty of the youngest girl had in it something familiar.

"A pretty child; the eyes—whose do they remind me of?" he mused,

His eye wandered, and fell upon a scarlet cloak flung over a chair, and then to a pair of dainty shoes hanging from a peg. There was a knot of pink ribbon beneath the little round mirror of burnished steel, and a Leghorn hat hung out from an overcrowded chest.

"A last year's birds nest," said Redmond, giving a tapestried chair a little shake, to clear it of dust, before he threw his cloak on it; "and I am tired enough to sleep anywhere. I wonder what my little bride will think," was his last thought, as he composed himself to sleep.

He awoke with the dawn, and sprang up. Early as it was, breakfast was awaiting him and his horse was saddled at the door.

"I am afraid that you have been put to trouble on my account," he said, as Barbara appeared, and took her place at the table. "I meant to have taken my leave without disturbing any one in the house."

"You could not have done that," she answered, looking at him with the same strange smile he had noticed before.

It was a cold, almost a cruel look, he thought, as he hastily supped the milk, and tasted the wheaten bread, still with little appetite.

As he arose from the board, his hostess arose also.

"The storm is over, but the rain has made some of the tarns impassable," she said. "My horse is saddled; I will ride with you and put you on a safe road out of the gap."

In vain he protested. She mounted a black horse, and rode at his side down the path. She wore a black cloak, her pale, chiseled face under its hood. Redmond looked at her covertly, wondering how she could be so beautiful and yet so repulsive to him.

"Your father never goes abroad?" he asked, by way of conversation.

"No. He sits all day, with my brother's dogs, trying to clean the boy's rifle—that will never be used again."

"Your brother is dead, then?"

"He died of a broken heart."

"Your family have seen trouble," said Redmond, carelessly.

"We have seen bitter trouble," she answered.

After a moment, she resumed; "We had a sister, who was our darling and our pride—the boy's twin. She was murdered. Twins' hearts grow together, you know. She could die and Nugent live. His strength followed her weakness. We are left to poverty, desolation and decay. Where are you going, Lord Redmond.

He was convinced that she was partly crazed, and told the truth, thinking it a more pacific theme for her gloomy mind.

"I am going home to be married."

"Where?"

"At Redmond Castle."

"Is your bride young?"

"Young and lovely; my cousin—the Lady Ann Delancy."

"She loves you?"

"Yes. See this little mare I ride; I bought it for her to ride over the hills with, when the spring comes."

"Do you know where you stand?" she cried. "You stand before my sister's grave—my sister whom you murdered, three years ago, by false vows, as surely as the knife murders? You know who I am now—I can see it in your face! You remember Bess McCrea. You won her love: she came home to die. It is you who have ruined us. Do you think I shall let you go to happiness? *Never!* There is her grave! You shall go over it to your death!"

The mound was on the very edge of a cliff. He held his horse desperately, but she urged hers forward a step, passing him, to the very brink, so that his horse's fore feet touched the grave: He turned upon her with an oath.

"You shall never go back!" she cried, with a mocking laugh at the horror in the blanched face.

She had a thong in her hand, which she had never used upon her own horse. He was terrified by its position.

"I can jump across the ravine! he exclaimed.

"Go then!" she said

He gathered the little filly instantly—fearful that his tormentor would strike the foaming, excited creature—and spurred her to the leap. The distance was deceptive. Kitty struck the opposite ledge with her fore feet, slipped, and horse and rider went spinning into the gulf below.

Three days later, his friends found him there, bruised out of all recognition, excepting by his garments, and the body of the dead horse. It was never known how he came to his death.

### Something Novel in Crime.

It is very hard to do anything original nowadays, even in vice, which is generally far more inventive, active and enterprising than the most robust virtue. But something akin to originality in crime has been attempted lately in California. The proprietor of the Grand Central Hotel, at Oakland, appears according to the local papers, to have taken charge of the house to carry out a scheme for robbing his patrons wholesale. Having leased a popular inn in a central position, his object was to secure as many rich boarders as possible, and then to ascertain by the most cautious and sagacious methods where they kept their valuables. These points gained, the next step was to set fire to the house about two o'clock a. m., and while the guests excited and alarmed, were leaping from their beds, intent on escape, to gather up their jewelry and other portable property and convey it to a place of safety, where, later it might be prudently appropriated. The plan of the landlord was well conceived, and would, no doubt, have been successful had he been more attentive to details. The fire burned so slowly as to give time for removal of most of the trunks and valises, but some of these were carried off by the landlord's dishonest agents after they had been rescued. Had the flames spread as rapidly as the incendiaries had reason to anticipate, the mortifying failure would not, probably, have taken place. The inn-keeper must not be too hastily pronounced a blunderer His crime was an experiment, as all pioneer movements are, and too much should not, therefore, have been expected of him. He is in limbo now, but if he recovers his freedom and has an opportunity to try again, he will, undoubtedly, repair some of his late errors and do the thing handsomely.

### A Misunderstanding.

He was a quiet, bashful-looking young man, who got on the train at Hawleyville. To the gentleman who occupied the seat by the stove he said:

"Will you let me sit there? I am very cold."

Said the passenger:

"There are hot pipes under all the seats."

Said the young man, in a painful whisper, and blushing as he said it:

"But it's my feet that's cold."

The passenger got up, and went out and stood on the platform until Newtown was reached.

To know how to wait is the great secret of success.

### Jonathan Niles and his Fife.

In his youth, Jonathan Niles was a musician of the Revolutionary Army. In 1778, while the American Army was encamped at Tappan, on the Hudson. Gen. LaFayette had command of the advance, his particular duty being to guard the water-front; and in order that any attempt on the part of the enemy at surprise, might be guarded against, LaFayette issued orders that there should be no noise of any kind, by the troops, between the hours of tattoo and reveille.

Our Jonathan was one of LaFayette's musicians, and his instrument the fife. He was a son of Connecticut, and he had a maimed and disabled brother who was a cunning artificer, and who, among other quaint things, had made the fife upon which Jonathan played. It was so constructed that it could be blown to shrill and ear-piercing notes that belong with the drum, or it could be softly and sweetly breathed upon as to give forth notes like the gentle dulcimer.

One evening Jonathan wandered down to the water's edge, and seated upon a rock gazed off upon the darkly flowing, star-gemmed flood. His thoughts were of his home and of the loved ones, and anon came memories of the old songs that had been wont to gladden the fireside.

Unconsciously, he drew his flute from his bosom and placed it to his lips. In his mind, at the moment, was a sweet song, adapted from Mozart, which had been his mother's favorite. He knew not what he did. To him all things of the present were shut out, and he was again at home, sitting at his mother's feet—and the chasm was not broken until a rough blow upon the back recalled him to his senses.

"Man! what are you doing? The General may be awake. If he should hear you—ah!"

It was a sentinel; and even this guardian of the night afterward confessed that he had listened, entranced, to the ravishing music for a long time before he had thought of his duty to stop it.

On the following morning an orderly came to the spot where Jonathan had been eating his breakfast, and informed him that the General wanted to see him at headquarters.

Poor Jonathan turned pale and trembled. He knew that LaFayette was very strict, and that in those perilous times even slight infractions of military orders were punished severely. As he rose to his feet the sentinel of the previous evening came up and whispered into his ear:

"If it should be about the music, Jonathan, don't you be alarmed. Not a soul save you and me knows anything about it. I can swear to that! So, do you just say it wasn't you. Stick to it, and you'll come out all right."

Jonathan looked at the man pityingly. "What! my mother's son tell a lie like that? It would be the heaviest load I ever carried—heavier than I ever mean to carry, if I have my senses!"

He then went to the General's quarters—a tent pitched in a commanding sight, overlooking the whole line he had to guard. LaFayette was pacing to and fro, sad and moody, as though his thoughts were unhappy.

"Comrade, who are you?"

"Jonathan Niles, General."

"Last evening I heard music down by the river's bank. Were you the musician?"

"It was I, General, but I knew not what I did. I meant not to disobey your order. I sat and thought of home and my mother, and—"

The General started at the sound of that word, and the shadow upon his face grew soft and ethereal.

"Of your—MOTHER! And I thought of mine. It was a theme of Mozart's, and was my mother's favorite. If you will be so kind, go bring your instrument and play for me that strain here in my tent. It will do me good."

In the after years—even to his dying hour—the man loved to tell that story. Though he would never urge the truth upon any in consideration of so mean a thing as the benefit that might result, yet he could not put away the thought that the sweetest and most blessed memory of all his soldiers experience might have been lost to him had he grasped at the opportunity to tell a lie, might, to some, have seemed most opportune and profitable.

### Proverbs.

Better is a little righteousness than a thousand subscribers who cheat the printer.

A wise man maketh a glad father, and a prompt paying subscriber causeth an editor to laugh.

Folly is a joy that is destitute of wisdom, but delinquent subscribers cause suffering in the house of a newspaper maker.

All the ways of a man are clear in his own eyes, except the way the delinquent subscriber has in not paying for his newspaper.

Better is the poor man that walketh in integrity, and pays his subscription, than the rich man who telleth the collector to call again.

Judgements are prepared for scorners, stripes for the backs of fools and lasting punishment for him who loafeth about the streets and payeth not for his newspaper.

Hope deferred maketh the heart sick, is a proverb sadly realized by the publisher who sends out bills.

A righteous man hateth lying, hence a publisher waxes wroth against a subscriber who promises to call and settle on the morrow and calleth not.

### Directions to Trout Fishers.

Be careful that there is water in the stream where you fish. This year's trout have all taken to water.

The largest "flies" may be found on the stages of our theatres.

If you can't catch a speckled trout, get a speck of a trout.

In throwing for trout double sixes always win.

If the trout don't rise at once, try yeast powder—or dynamite.

Go to your uncle for small trout, for trout always spawn their young.

If there is too much water in the pond, dilute it with whisky.

Some fox hunting fishermen are mean enough to chase a trout on horseback when it takes to the hills. This is unsportsmanlike.

Drop a line also to your wife if you stay out all night, or she may keep a rod in pickel for you.

### Husband Boxed Me.

The other day there was a suit in Justice alley, Detroit, between two Wayne county farmers regarding the ownership of fourteen unmarked grain bags. Each side was prepared to stoutly swear that the bags were his, and each had witnesses to back his testimony. The complainant swore to buying the bags at a certain store on a certain time, and his hired man swore to handling them as they were taken from the wagon. The defendant swore that he purchased them at a certain place on a certain time, and his wife was called to the witness stand to tell what she knew about it. She was a large, fleshy woman, and very much bewildered.

"Land save me! but I was never in such a crowd before, and I feel as if I should faint!" she gasped as she took the witness stand.

"Never mind fainting, Mrs. X.," said the lawyer. "Tell the jury what you know about those bags."

"Oh! lands! but I know all about 'em! We bought 'em on the 10th of November!"

"How are you sure it was the 10th?"

"Sakes alive! but I know it was, for I boxed Melisa's ears that morning for leaving a spoon in the dishwater, and she was married on the 15th.

"Who asked for the bags at the store?"

"Oh! stars and garters! but I did! I remember it as plain as day."

"What did the clerk say?"

"Oh! stars! he said, 'certainly,' and he went and got 'em."

"What else do you remember?"

"Oh, lands! but I wanted a calico dress!"

"And you didn't get it?"

"Bless granny! I didn't, and we jawed all the way home."

"And now why are you positive that these are the bags?"

"Oh! dear, oh! but while we were jawing I threw 'em out into the road. Some one lend me a fan, for I'm most dead!"

"Never mind being most dead, Mrs. X. What else about the bags."

"My husband boxed my ears for throwing 'em out. Oh! stars! I didn't mean to tell that!"

"He did, eh? Well, what else?"

"Oh! dear! but when I got home I kicked the hired man?"

"Kicked the hired man, eh? Well, how can you be positive that these are the bags?"

"Great snakes! aren't you done yet! Yes, I am positive."

"How can you be?"

"I don't want to tell."

"But you must."

"Well, if I must I must, though I'm sure I shall faint away. That night I boxed Melisa again,"

"Yes."

"And husband boxed me."

"Yes."

"And we both boxed the hired man, and we were all so mad we sot up all night in our cheers and have had chill-blains and catarrh ever since! Do you suppose we'd have made fools of ourselves over fourteen grain-bags belonging to a man living three miles away?"

That settled the case with the jury, and the verdict was in favor of the defendant.

### A Close Shave.

You can readily understand why a newspaper man would be attracted to visit a State prison, but you may wonder why he should seek permission for the prison barber to shave him, when he knew that barber to be a murderer serving a life sentence; yet, in the composition of most men there is a yearning to tread upon the skirts of adventure—to stand, as it were, close to the edge of some abyss, down which a fall would be certain destruction. All men will take chances, but some men will risk everything when this feeling is upon them.

"So you want old Jack to shave you?" repeated the warden, as a look of astonishment crossed his face.

"Yes."

"Don't you know that he is a murderer?"

"Yes."

"And in for life?"

"Yes."

Och! I'd sooner have a snake crawling over my face than his black fingers, which cut the throat of his wife and two children! What is to prevent him from slashing your jugular vein?"

"Nothing!"

"Yet you will take the risk?"

"I will. I want to be shaved by a murderer; I want the sensation of having him pass a keen razor slowly over my face and around my throat, and of knowing that I stand in the door of death!"

"Old Jack has been ugly-tempered of late."

"I don't care."

"There isn't a convict in the prison who doesn't fear his razor."

"So much the better; I will take my chances."

"You may try it," said the warden, after a long silence; "but——"

"But nothing. Is there a glass in front of the chair?"

"Yes."

"That's all I want. Let me go into the barber shop alone and make my own arrangements. That's it—open the door—so long—don't worry."

Old Jack was one of the prison barbers. Every convict knew him as a triple-murderer. He had made awful threats. He had no one to say a good word for him—but all dreaded and avoided him. He was a man about fifty years old, slightly gray, thick set, and no one could find a pleasant line in his face. As to his heart—he'd slashed the throats of his family, piled the corpses in a corner, and slept and ate in the next room until the horrible odor brought the police and the discovery.

"Shave," I said, as I entered his little den, threw off my hat and coat and sat down in his hard chair.

He was seated on a stool behind me, stropping a razor. He looked up in surprise, seemed puzzled to know who I was and why I had come in, and then tested the edge of the razor on the thumb-nail. I could see all this in the glass. He looked up in a furtive way, passed the razor over the strop a few times more, and then slowly rose up and began preparing the lather.

He didn't like me. That was plain enough by the ugly glances from the corners of his eyes. I had no business in there in the first place, and then I had probably interrupted his revery or broken in on his plans. He didn't know whether he would shave me or not. He stopped making the lather, set his jaw firmly and the look in his eyes grew ugly.

"Didn't you hear me?" I demanded, as I turned on him all of a sudden. "Go ahead and shave me."

"Yes, sah!" he growled, as he lifted up the lather and advanced.

He knew I did not belong to the prison. He also reasoned that I was a stranger. It puzzled him to know why I had entered his den, as I had been shaved the day previous. I could see that he was bothered, but I was glad of it. He reasoned with himself all the time he was putting on the lather, and he got mad over it. He began to see that it was a sort of an intrusion and imposition and he picked up his razor with a spiteful grab. Yet I would aggravate and anger him.

"That was a horrible deed of yours," I said, as I seated myself in the chair.

I could not see his face, and he made no reply. The razor touched my face, and I felt that his hand trembled.

"They ought to burn you at the stake!" I went on as his razor made the first cut.

I could now see his face in the glass, and his eyes fairly blazed. He clenched his hand and raised it to strike, but let it fall again after four or five seconds and went on with his work. His hand shook, he breathed hard and fast, and yet he had no reply. After he had scraped away for a minute, I said:

"You must be a fiend and worse to do such a deed as that! No wonder that all men hate and avoid you."

The hand with the razor went up in the air. His first impulse was to slash me. He could seize me by the hair with his left hand, and slash my throat with his right. The idea came to him, and if I had made a move he would have carried it out.

"Come—hurry up!" I said; and his hand fell and he resumed his work, trembling with anger and wondering to himself why he did not take revenge upon me.

Ah! I saw a new light shoot into his eyes like a flash, and I knew he had a plan. He had committed three murders. Another would be nothing to his bad heart. He was in for life, and his sentence could not be lengthened; yet he dared not cut my throat with a sweep of his hand, which he easily might. What was his plan? with eyes half shut I watched and waited. The look in his eyes grew more crafty; he forced a smile to his wicked face, and tried to laugh as he said:

"Doan' be too hard on de ole man, sah. Ize had a heap o' trouble."

"Yes."

"An' I isn't so bad as dey try to make out sah," he continued, as he wiped beard and lather on a piece of paper on my shoulder.

I couldn't see his face, it was above me, but the piece of paper fell to the floor on my left side. He had finished shaving on the right cheek and would now begin on the left. What was his plan? It came to me in an instant. When he had his razor just right his foot would slip on that piece of soapy paper! He had dropped it there on purpose, and it would not be a bad excuse.

"No, I isn't so werry bad," he said as he put his razor on my left cheek.

I could see his jaw in the glass, and it was hard-shut, as if he was terribly earnest.

"Well, perhaps not."

"Nobody knows how much trouble Ize had, sah," he sighed, as the razor crept over my cheek towards a jugular vein, and his fingers tightened their grasp on the handle. He was ready!

"Jack!"

"Yes, sah."

"A man will live a full minute after a jugular vein has been severed! In that time he could shoot the man who did it. In five seconds after you cut me I'll put six bullets into your head!"

Would he? The razor shook and trembled on my neck, and he breathed like one with the asthma. His foot was all ready to go down on that paper, but he hesitated.

"Who means to cut you sah?" he growled at last, as he kicked the paper away.

"No one," I answered, as I looked into his eyes. He began his work again with a fierce scowl on his face, hurried it along, and in five minutes had finished.

"Good-by, old man!" I said, as I put on my coat and tossed him a quarter.

He lifted his head to give me one fierce and murderous look. The money fell to the floor, and he kicked it aside in contempt.

"And he didn't even scratch your face?" said the warden, as I returned to him.

"No, not a scratch, and it was a close shave too."

### Not Married in Spirit.

Probably the most remarkable case ever tried in this country, and one that has perhaps attracted more attention and excited more comment than any other, was that of Flora A. Spurlock vs. Charles W. Green, for annulment of marriage contract. We cannot learn that the case has any precedent. The complainant is the daughter of Rev. M. Spurlock, a Methodist preacher now stationed at Kewanee and formerly at Geneseo, and the defendant a Methodist minister stationed at Fairview, Fulton county, Illinois. The parties were married about two years ago and lived together, as man and wife, having one child born to them. For some time past complainant has not lived with defendant, and recently she brought suit for annulment of the marriage contract on the ground that she had entered into it under duress of her mother, and against her choice and protest. This she swore to on the witness stand, testifying that she had never loved the defendant, and had not willingly married him; and that he was and always had been repugnant to her; that her parents had all of the time known this, but they had persisted that she must marry him, and her mother had watched and guarded her to that end; that her letters to Green had been written or dictated by her mother, and filled with expressions of affection that she could not voluntarily make; that she had loved another man and had pleaded against this marriage, and had prayed for death and contemplated destruction rather than submit to it; and, finally, being wearied out and worn and distracted, had submitted herself an unwilling partner to the marriage ceremony, but did not consider that in spirit she was ever married to Green. Mrs. Spurlock, the mother of the girl, appearing as a witness for her, fully corroborated this testimony in all essential particulars, by solemnly avowing in all its particularity her own part in this extraordinary business, and pleading a belief that she was doing right and securing her daughter's happiness and well being. The popular impression left by such testimony was in the highest degree unfavorable and there is not heard anywhere any dissent from that impression.

# The Republican.

SATURDAY, May 29, 1880.


## Democratic Ticket.

*For State Senate,*
*L. W. Grant.*

### ANNOUNCEMENTS.

☞ Five dollars cash for announcements under this head, except in case of Commissioners, which announcements are made for three dollars, cash.

FOR STATE SENATE.

☞ We are authorized to announce JAMES M. SHEID as a candidate for State Senator for the 7th Senatorial District, composed of the counties of Calhoun and Cleburne.

FOR REPRESENTATIVE.

☞ We are authorized to announce DUDLEY WILLIAMS as a candidate for Representative of Calhoun county.

☞ We are authorized to announce J. D. HAMMOND as a candidate for Representative of Calhoun county in the General Assembly.

☞ We are authorized to announce J. G. HUDSON as a candidate for Representative of Calhoun county.

☞ We are authorized to announce Edmund Cobb as a candidate for Representative—Independent of any party.

FOR CIRCUIT JUDGE.

We are authorized to announce Hon. M J TURNLEY, of Gadsden, as a candidate for Judge of the Seventh circuit of Alabama, at the August election in August next—subject to a convention.

FOR PROBATE JUDGE.

*To the people of Calhoun County:*

I take this method of announcing to the people that I shall be a candidate at the next election for Probate Judge in this county. I do not enter into this election as the representative of any political party, Democratic or Republican, but stand upon the platform of Independentism, and in asking for the suffrages of the people, pledge myself that if elected, I will faithfully, honestly and zealously discharge the duties incumbent upon me in my official capacity.

JNO. A. BRAMAN.

☞ We are authorized to announce L W CANNON as a candidate for Probate Judge of Calhoun county.

☞ We are authorized to announce John Y. HENDERSON as a candidate for Probate Judge of Calhoun county,

☞ We are authorized to announce A. WOODS as a candidate for Judge of Probate of Calhoun county.

☞ We are authorized to announce W J BORDEN as a candidate for Probate Judge of Calhoun County.

FOR SHERIFF.

☞ We are authorized to announce A O STEWART as a candidate for Sheriff of Calhoun county.

☞ We are authorized to announce W J SCOTT as a candidate for Sheriff o Calhoun County;

☞ We are authorized to announce B. J MATTHEWS as a candidate for Sheriff o Calhoun county.

☞ We are authorized to announce GEO. L. BROWN as a candidate for Sheriff of Calhoun county.

☞ We are authorized to announce ALFRED M. MORGAN as a candidate for Sheriff of Calhoun county.

☞ I hereby announce myself as a candidate for Sheriff of Calhoun county. If elected, I will serve the people promptly.

C. P. READ.

☞ We are authorized to announce D. J. CLARK as a candidate for Sheriff of Calhoun county.

☞ We are authorized to announce J. B. FARRER as a candidate for Sheriff of Calhoun county.

FOR TAX COLLECTOR.

☞ We are authorized to announce D. Z. GOODLETT as a candidate for Tax Collector of Calhoun county.

☞ We are authorized to announce WASHINGTON DICKIE as a candidate for Tax Collector of Calhoun county.

☞ We are authorized to announce J. M. WEBSTER as a candidate for Tax Collector of Calhoun county.

FOR TAX ASSESSOR.

☞ We are authorized to announce A B LEDBETTER as a candidate for Tax Assessor of Calhoun county.

☞ We are authorized to announce JOHN L HENDRICK as a candidate for Tax Assessor of Calhoun county.

☞ We are authorized to announce LON FERGUSON as a candidate for Tax Assessor of Calhoun county.

☞ We are authorized to announce M G MAHAFFEY as a candidate for Tax Assessor of Calhoun county.

☞ We are authorized to announce ROBT HASSON as a candidate for Tax Assessor of Calhoun county.

☞ The friends of W. S. N. SMITH, of Weaver's Station announce him as a candidate for Tax Assessor of Calhoun county.

FOR CIRCUIT CLERK.

☞ We are authorized to announce P. D. ROSS as a candidate for Circuit Clerk of Calhoun county.

☞ We are authorized to announce SPARTAN ALLEN as a candidate for Circuit Clerk of Calhoun county.

☞ We are authorized to announce JOS. A. JONES as a candidate for Circuit Clerk o Calhoun county.

☞ We are authorized to announce H. F. Vernon as a candidate for Circuit Clerk of Calhoun County.

☞ We are authorized by the friends of R. C. Johnson, of White Plains Beat, to announce his name as a candidate for Circuit Clerk of Calhoun county.

FOR COUNTY TREASURER.

☞ We are authorized to announce I. L. SWAN as a candidate for Treasurer of Calhoun county.

☞ We are authorized to announce J. J. SKELTON as a candidate for Treasurer of Calhoun county.

FOR COMMISSIONER.

☞ The friends of A J DICKINSON announce him as a candidate for Commissioner of Calhoun county.

☞ We are authorized to announce M. H. FOWLER as a candidate for Commissioner of Calhoun County.

☞ The friends of R H GRIFFIN announce his name as a candidate for re-election to the office of County Commissioner of Calhoun county.

☞ We are authorized to announce JNO. M. PATTERSON as a candidate for Commissioner of Calhoun County.

☞ We are authorized to announce A. J. KERR as a candidate for County Commissioner of Calhoun county.

☞ We are authorized to announce J. P. WHITLOCK as a candidate for County Commissioner of Calhoun County.

☞ We are authorized to announce W (Jonse) ADERHOLT as a candidate for County Commissioner.

☞ We are authorized to announce ELIAS STEPHENS as a candidate for Commissioner of Calhoun county.

☞ We are authorized to announce J. R. McELRATH as a candidate for County Commissioner.

☞ We are authorized to announce Mark C. Lively as a candidate for County Commissioner.

☞ We are authorized to announce T D BYNUM as a candidate for county commissioner.

☞ We are authorized to announce S S LOVE as a candidate for county commissioner.

☞ We are authorized to announce W. H Vincent as a candidate for county Commisetoner.

☞ We are authorized by the friends of W. C. Scarbrough to announce his name for Commissioner.

☞ We are authorized to announce Thomas A. Best as a candidate for Commissioner of Calhoun County.

## District Convention.

Elsewhere we print the proceedings of the Senatorial District convention, held in White Plains, Saturday the 22nd inst.

Every delegate from Calhoun was present in person or by proxy, while only about three failed to attend from Cleburne county. The outside attendance was very large, and much interest was manifested in the proceedings from first to last. Considering the fact that quite an animated canvass had been made for the nomination, the convention was harmonious to an exceptional degree. The patriotic course of Mr. Miller, one of the candidates for the nomination, contributed in no small degree to this, and the Democracy of the District owe him thanks for his unselfish patriotism. Discovering that his competitor was stronger in the convention than he, he frankly acknowledged the fact, declined to go before the convention, stating to the body that he would yield a cheerful support to the nominee of the convention. His friends in the convention, almost without exception followed his patriotic example. The result was a manifestation of that spirit of harmony essential to party success, and which in this instance will elect the nominee of the convention by several hundred majority. In elections men *will* divide on candidates, and all cannot get their wishes in matters of party arbitration; but it is Democratic principle for the minority to submit to the decision of the majority; which was happily and gracefully done in the convention at White Plains. The good effect will be felt in the election.

Now let Democrats who urge the claims of the nominee avoid abuse of men who hold different opinions on the convention question to themselves, and all will be well. Men are never convinced by abuse. High-spirited men are often driven into wrong paths by political intolerance. Let us all do our party work in a spirit of kindness and by reason, argument and an appeal to the patriotic instincts of men. There will be found few men who oppose conventions when they know there is a necessity for them. Let the Democrats of Calhoun but understand that the interests of the **party in our sister county demands this convention, and they will be satisfied with it. We know them to be too gentlemanly for any other course.** We rely on the good sense and patriotism of the people of the District to sustain the District convention, and we say with truth that we have no fear of the result. We know the patriotic people of this District, and we know that they will always do politically right when they know what the right course is.

## Proceedings of the Senatorial Convention.

**Held at White Plains Saturday, May 22nd, 1880.**

The convention was called to order by Hon. T. J. Burton, of the Senatorial Executive committee, and a temporary organization was effected by calling Dr. O. W. Shepherd to the Chair, and requesting Jno. M. Caldwell to act as Secretary.

On motion, a committee of five, consisting of H I Tumlin, R P Williams, J W Wigginton, W P Cooper and Ed J Dean were appointed by the Chair to examine into the credentials of the members enrolled, and report the names of the duly accredited delegates to this convention. During the pendency of this report the committee adjourned for one hour.

Upon reassembling, the committe reported the following persons as entitled to seats upon the floor as members:

From Calhoun county: Jno M Caldwell, W W Woodward; R D Williams, J D Arnold, W P Cooper, Wm R Hubbard, Ed J Dean, S J Whatley, J M Ledbetter, J W Anderson, M S Coker, J C Archer, W R Ackridge, H T Persons J C Boles, Jno C Watson, A J Little, W A Scarbrough, H I Tumlin, L H Wagnon, J C Wilson, J T Peace, H L Whiteside, John Lloyd, J L Kirby, S M Penland.

From Cleburne county: B J Waddle. Dr. C W Shepherd, T J Lawler, C C Thrasher, J W Wigginton, J W Denman, James A Denman, S H Bean.

The said Report was adopted; and the Convention went into permanent organization, with Hon. T J Burton of Cleburne as Chairman and Jno. M Caldwell of Calhoun as Secretary.

The following resolution was offered by W W Woodward Esq.

"We the delegates of this Senatorial Convention pledge our hearty, unanimous, and uncompromising support to the nominee for Senator from this Senatorial District, and that we will sustain the candidate of the organized democracy against any and all independents."

Before this resolution was submitted by the Chair, Jno. T Pearce of Oxford stated to the Convention that he desired to withdraw from it, that a man objectionable to him and his people might be nominated and that he was unwilling to make any such pledge unless he knew who the nominee would be.

In reply to Mr. Pearce's statement, speeches were made by Dr. O W Shepherd, Jno. M Caldwell, W W Woodward, J C Wilson, and S H Bean urging harmony, and the necessity of laying down all all individual preference and personal purposes as sacrifices upon the alter of the party's good.

The resolution passed, and Mr. Pearce withdrew from the Convention.

Nominations for Senator from the 7th Senatorial Dist. of Alabama, being in order Jno. M Caldwell Esq. placed in nomination the name of Hon. L. W. Grant, of Calhoun.

There being no other names presented to the convention, on motion of Prof. J C Wilson, of Oxford, Mr. Grant's nomination was made by acclammation. Mr. Grant being called for, came forward and thanked the convention, and in a brief but well-timed and patriotic speech indicated the character of the coming canvass in this District. Hon. T. J. Burton being loudly called for responded, pledging as good a majority in Cleburne for the Democratic nominee for Senator as Calhoun could possibly roll up, the ratio of voters in the counties considered.

On motion; O. W. Shepherd, J. W. Wigglitton, H. I. Tumlin, W P Cooper, and Malolie Ledbetter were appointed to report suitable persons to compose the Senatorial Executive committee for the next four years.

That committee reported the following: H L Stevenson, J C Wilson, Jno. M Caldwell, T J Burton, O W Shepherd.

Report adopted.

Convention adjourned.

T. J. BURTON,
Chairman.

Jno. M. Caldwell,
Secretary.

### A Pieball Party Proposed.

The Mobile Gazette, a Greenback, Radical sheet printed and edited by a colored statesman of the "Gulf City," announces that a convention is to be held in Montgomery on the 17th June *proximo.*

It is to be speckled, ring-streaked and striped. In other words, it is to be made up of representatives from "all the elements" opposed to the Democratic and Conservative party. The sole question that is to test the right to representation in this great June gathering of all sorts and sizes is; are you "agin" the devilish Democracy? That question once settled satisfactorily, the applicant will be pleasantly smiled to a stool among the stalwart representatives of all the opposing elements. He may be as pale and peaked as the North Pole, or black and broad as a Florida bear, or red as a rooster, or uncertain as "wild colt." No matter. All that need be known is, that he comes of the crew; few in numbers and forlorn in respectability, whose empty stomachs yet crave the delightful loaves and fishes of office upon which they feasted to the full in the rare old days of Radical rule and ruin.

The purpose of this singular assembly is one of vast import and startling interest. It is to determine whether or no the opposing elements should make one more—a office for all dash of desperation—to defeat the Democracy and get back into the good old places they had the bad luck to lose long ago. It is a question crowded with difficulties, but it is the great question with which its wisdom is required by the colored leader of Mobile, to grapple and master. To do or not do? There's the rub. Who's to pay? What's to become of it? And besides, who in the world will consent to lead the forlorn hope? Perhaps PHILIP JOSEPH or J. Q. SMITH might be persuaded or mayhap Governor WOODRUFF might consent to ride the green waves of the opposing elements. It is all doubtful and dark—very. The whole affair is full of mystery and trouble. We must be patient until the opposing elements shall drift together in Montgomery and settle down to their portentous work.

Doubtless they will surge and toss and thunder; but what will be evoloed from the mighty mass of opposing elements no ken of political prophets is so keen as to foresee.

But this movement, trifling as it may seem to some, ought to be a warning to the conservative citizens of the State. It should warn them to guard well the way to Democratic success. It should warn them to guard it as vigilantly as they would the entrance to their own households against the threatened torch of the incendiary or the stealthy approach of midnight robbers. Certainly no greater calamity is ever likely to befall Alabama than would be her fate if relegated to the cevilry and devastation of Republican supremacy. It is painful in the extreme to think of the rapidity and certainty with which our dear old commonwealth once rolled on towards a hopeless bankruptcy, and to still darker indecencies under the merciless and mohstrous management of Republicanism. The opposing elements, so called, now thirst and throb for an opportunity to get another grip on Alabama.

It matters not with them that under the benign, wise and patriotic administration of the Conservative party our people have become prosperous and happy, that peace and plenty prevail through out the State, that taxes have been reduced; the public schools kept in successful operation, the State credit restored, her huge debt decreased from $30,000,000 to less than $10,000,000; that all her obligations are promptly met and that the State is moving steadily on to a destiny more glorious than was ever enjoyed or dreamed of in all the past.

It does not matter with them that economy and wise legislation have been so signally illustrated, under conservative administration that already no State in the Union is more happily and honestly governed. It does not matter at all with them that so profligate and unscrupulous was the administration of the State Government under Republican rule that it took all of three times as much to meet the anual expenses of the State as it has under Conservative administration.

It would be monstrous and unpardonable for our people to afford the opposing elements an opportunity to get a political foot-hold in the State again. That foot-hold they can never get except through the most criminal negligence of the puerile weakness of divisions in our own ranks.

Let our people keep an eye to this proposed pieball party. It means mischief. Let the good word run along the line: Stand to yotr colors.—*Montgomery Advertiser.*

## An Independent State Ticket.

A conference of members of the Greenback Labor party, independents and others opposed to "ring rule" in Alabama, will be held at Montgomery, on the 17th of June, with a view of uniting all the elements hostile to the "ring" of candidates for State officers. There is no probability that the Republicans will put a straight ticket in the field.

By a judicious selection of candidates and a thorough organization, the independent ticket would be bound to sweep the State—*Mobile Gazette.*

The above remarks are from the newly-established Republican journal edited by Philip Joseph. The language is worth attention. The approaching State contest is to be a battle in which the Democracy will be arrayed on the one hand, and on the other hand will stand the various opposing elements, the Independents, the Greenbackers, the National Reformers, warned, in order that we may be forearmed.

We thank the Gazette for its candor in letting us know that an alliance has been or will be formed between the Republicans and the white Independents, and that the ticket which the Selma convention will in advance ratify will be an amalgamation of elements united for public plunder, but non-cohesive for any other purpose. The hard money Republican is to strike hands with the soft money Greenbacker. The unskilled labor black is to profess unity with the skilled labor white. The bayonet rule Republican is to wed the home rule Independent. And it is expected that all these conflicting ingredients will merge harmoniously into each other, and that such an army with diverse banners will march to victory.

Such alliances never succeed, except when the people go to sleep, as they did in Virginia when the hard money Republicans united with the Repudiation whites.

If the Republicans expect to carry the November election, it should be their policy to organize as a party for the August election. The present arrangement is simply a devious method by which disaffected whites who despair of getting a Democratic nomination, hope to win paying offices by using the black vote. What does the Republican and the colored man gain by allying themselves with sore-back Democrats who can be of no service to them?—*Mobile Register.*

STATE OF ALABAMA,
Calhoun County.

Probate Court for said county. Special Term.

May 24th, 1880.

This day came J. P. Alsup, Guardian of B. T. Pitts, a minor, and filed his account and vouches for an annual settlement of his said Guardianship.

It is ordered that the 10th day of July 1880 be appointed a day on which to make such settlement, at which time all persons interested can appear and contest the said settlement if they think proper.

L. W. CANNON.
Judge of Probate.

STATE OF ALABAMA,
Calhoun county.

In Probate court for said county, Spring Term May 27th, 1880.

This day came Hiram D. Barr and filed his petition in writing and under oath—stating that Barnet McCully departed this life on the 7th day of May, 1880 and that said deceased left a last will and testament in the possession of william Taylor, of Oxford, Ala., and asking an order of Court for the probating and admitting to record said will of said Barnet McCully, deceased.

It is therefore ordered that Monday, the 28th day of June, 1880, be set for the hearing of said petition, and that notice hereof be given by publication in Jacksonville Republican, a newspaper published in said county for three successive weeks prior to said day, as a notice to John P. McCully who is an heir at law next of him to the deceased, who is a non resident of the State of Alabama, and who resides in the State of Texas, as well as all other persons concerned, to be and appear at a special term of said court, to be holden at the court house of said county on the 28th day of June, 1880, and show if anything they have to allege, why said will should not be admitted to probate and record in accedence with prayer of said petitioner.

L. W. CANNON.
Judge of Probate.

May 29—3t

## NOTICE.

I will sell my entire farm of six hundred acres lying in and about Peck's Hill and on Ohatchee Creek. One hundred and seventy-five acres in a high state of cultivation, one hundred of this, first-class bottom land. Two hundred and eighty acres in the piney woods, well timbered and good cotton land. Eighty acres at Peck's Hill with a number one dwelling, barn and stables, and also four other good cottage buildings on the place. I will also sell a good new set of blacksmith tools and one-fourth interest in a good steam grist and saw mill, and cotton gin, and log wagon and yoke of oxen.

JNO. D. PRUITT,
Peck's Hill, Ala.

May 22nd, 1880.

### MORTGAGE SALE.

Under and by virtue of a mortgage with power of sale executed to the undersigned by John Gordon the 28th day of January, 1879, and recorded in Probate Court, Talladega county, book "W," page 484, Register of deeds, Feby. 4th, 1879, and also in Probate Court of Calhoun county in book "J," 2nd volume, Register of deeds, on page 257, May 6th 1879, I will proceed to sell on the 5th day of June, at Jacksonville, Calhoun county, between the legal hours of sale, the following discribed property, to wit:

Four oxen, two black and two red, to satisfy debt secured by said Mortgage and expenses hereof.

C. W. CAREY,
Mortgagee.

By Caldwell, Hames & Caldwell,
Attorneys.

May 22nd. –2w.

THE STATE OF ALABAMA,
Calhoun county.

Probate Court April 16th 1880.

J. M. Ford dec'd estate of—Final settlement. This day came L. M. and J. P. Ford Executives of said estate and filed their statement, accounts, vouchers and evidences, for a final settlement of their administration. It is ordered that the 21st day of May 1880, be appointed a day on which to make such settlement, at which time all persons interested can appear and contest the said settlement, if they think proper.

L. W. CANNON,
Judge of Probate.

April 24—3t pd.


*SPRINGVALE STOCK FARM.*

JAMES CROOK,

—BREEDER OF—

**Thorough-bred Merino Sheep, Angora Goats, Herd Registered Jersey Cattle,**

Berkshire and Essex Hogs,

*JACKSONVILLE, ALA.*


## Tax Sales.

Notice is hereby given, that the following lands and lots were decreed by the Probate Court of Calhoun county Ala., on the 12th day of April 1880, it being the Second Monday" to be sold for the taxes and costs due thereon, for the year 1879, and said lands and lots will be sold on the 17th day of May 1880, being the 3rd Monday of said month," before the Court House door in the town of Jacksonville Ala., to satisfy said taxes and costs.

Owner Unknown, Pre. No. 4.
Part of S E qr. of S E qr. Sec. 32, T 16, R 7,—5 acres.

| | |
|---|---|
| State tax—1878—9, | 35. |
| Co. tax—1878—9; | 17½ |
| Levytax—1878—9, | 1.00 |
| Probate Judge's cost, | .70 |
| Bdvertising, | 6.00, |
| Total, | 8.22½ |

Mrs Salina Veitch, Estate. Pre. No 5, N ½ of N W qr. Sec 11, T 15, R 6.—80 acres,

| | |
|---|---|
| State tax—1878—9 | 2.10 |
| Co. tax—1878—9, | 1.05 |
| Levy tax—1878—9, | 1.00 |
| Probate Judge's cost, | .70 |
| Bdvertising, | 6.00 |
| Total. | 10.85 |

Owner Unknown. Pre. No. 6. S W qr. of S E qr. Sec 2, T 14, R 6—40 acres.

| | |
|---|---|
| State tax—1877—8—9, | 1.05 |
| Co. tax—1877—8—9, | .52½ |
| Levy tax—1877—8—9, | 1.00 |
| Probate Judge's cost, | .70 |
| Advertising, | 6.00 |
| Total | 9.27½ |

Owner Unknown. Pre No 6. 2 Acres lying in N E corner of S W qr. of S E qr. Sec 13, T 13, R 6.

| | |
|---|---|
| State tax, | .07 |
| Co tax, | .03½ |
| Levy tax, | 1.00 |
| Probate Judge | .70 |
| Bdvertising. | 6.00 |
| Total | 7.80½ |

J E Williamson's Estate Pre No 6. W ½ of S W qr Sec 25, T 13, R 6—80 acres.

| | |
|---|---|
| State tax | .56 |
| Co tax | .28 |
| Levy tax | 1.00 |
| Probate Judge. | .70 |
| Serving Notice | .25 |
| Advertising | 2.00 |
| Total | 4,79 |

J D Miller Pre 8. N W qr of S E qr Sec 7, T 13, R 9—40 acres

| | |
|---|---|
| State tax | .14 |
| Co tax | .07 |
| Levy tax | 1.00 |
| Probate Judge | .70 |
| Bvdertising | 6,00 |
| Total | 7,91 |

Owner Unknown, Pre No 8. N W qr of S W qr Sec 14, T 13, R 9—40 acres

| | |
|---|---|
| State tax, | .17 |
| Co tax | .04 |
| Levy tax | 1.00 |
| Probate Judge | .70 |

Part of N W qr lying north of Cherokee boundary line being north part of said N W qr—65 acres

| | |
|---|---|
| State tax for 14 years | 6.37 |
| Co tax for 14 years | 3.18½ |
| Levy tax for 14 years | 1 00 |
| Probate Judge | .70 |
| Bdvertising | 6,00 |
| Total | 17,25.4 |

Owner Unknown, Pre No 12 N half less 50 acres in a square block out of N E corner of N qr Sec 32 T 15 R 9—270 acres

| | |
|---|---|
| State tax | 2.80 |
| Co tax | 1.40 |
| Sevy tax | 1.00 |
| Probate Judge | .70 |
| Total | 6.00 |

F Timberlake, Pre No 13 3 lots in Oxford,

| | |
|---|---|
| State tax | 1,05½ |
| Co tax | .52 |
| Levy tax | 1,00 |
| Probate Judge | .70 |
| Bdvertising | 6,00 |
| Total | 7 27,½ |

Jane B Alexander estate Per No 16, Fraction No 2; Sec 36 ,TR 10 54 35-100 acres

| | |
|---|---|
| State tax 1868 to 1879 | 4.20 |
| Co tax 1868 to 1879 | 2,00 |
| Levy tax 1868 to 1879 | 1.60 |
| Probate Judge | .80 |
| Bdvertising | 6.00 |
| Total | 14.60 |

J M WEBSTER,
Tax Collector


## *Calhoun College,*

MALE AND FEMALE,

JACKSONVILLE, - - - - ALA.

THE SIXTH SESSION of this Institution will commence on the *second Monday* in Jan. 1880, and continue five months.

EXPENSES PER SESSION.

PRIMARY—Spelling, Reading, Writing, Primary Arithmetic, &c. &c. $10 00

INTERMEDIATE—Spelling, Reading, Writing, Ele. Gram. Written Arithmetic, Mental Arithmetic, Ele. Geography, Ele History, &c., 15 00

ACADEMIC—Practical and Commercial Arithmetic, Pract'al Eng. Gram., Philosophy, Rhetoric, History, Geography, &c., &c., 20 00

COLLEGIATE—The Sciences, Latin and Greek Languages, the Higher Mathematics, and all the branches usually taught in our colleges, 25 00

Music—Instrumental—Piano or Ordan, 25 00

Elocutionary Reading and Declamation by the pupils throughout the session.

No shows, exhibitions nor concerts tolerated in connection with the school.

Thorough and rigid examination at the close of each term.

Those pupils, and *those only*, are wanted who are fully determined to comply *cheerfully* with the regulations of this Institution and who are willing *to work earnestly* and *studiously* as they are directed.

Board in good families at from $8 to $10 per month.

For futher particulars address

W. J. BORDEN, Principal.

TOLU ROCK AND RYE

## SURE CURE

—FOR—

**Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, Bronchitis, Asthma, Consumption,**

**And All Diseases of THE THROAT and LUNGS**

Put up in Quart-Size Bottles for Family Use.

Scientifically prepared of Balsam Tolu, Crystalline Rock Candy, Old Rye, and other tonics. The Formula by them, and the analysis of our most prominent chemist, Prof. G. A. MARINER, in Chicago, is on the label of every bottle. It is well known to the medical profession that TOLU ROCK and RYE will afford the greatest relief for Coughs, Colds, Influenza, Bronchitis Sore Throat, Weak Lungs, also Consumption, in its incipient stages.

Used as a BEVERAGE and APPETIZER, it makes a delightful tonic for family use. Is pleasant, to take; to weak or debilitated, it gives tone, activity and strength to the whole human frame.

CAUTION. DON'T BE DECEIVED by unprincipled dealers who try to palm off upon you Rock and Rye in place of our TOLU ROCK AND RYE, which is the only medicated article made, the genuine having a GOVERNMENT STAMP on each bottle.

LAWRENCE & MARTIN, Proprietors, 111 Madison Street, Chicago.

☞ Ask your Druggist for it!
☞ Ask your Grocer for it!
☞ Ask your Wine Merchant for it!
☞ Children, ask your Mamma for it!

☞ Sold by DRUGGISTS, GROCERS and WINE MERCHANTS everywhere.

## CANCERS CURED.

**Scrofula, Scrofulous Ulcers and Cancers are Curable.**

Dr. S. C. Williams, after an experience of more than thirty years, is fully convinced that, when applied to in time, he can cure the above named diseases. As to his success in the treatment of the same, and as to his standing as a physician, he would respectfully refer to the following named gentlemen:

| | |
|---|---|
| Dr. A. Pelham, | Alexandria, Ala., |
| Dr. J. Y. Nesbit, | Jacksonville, " |
| Dr. B. S. Evans, | White Plains, " |
| Judge M. J. Turnley, | Gadsden, " |
| J. W. Whiteside, Esq. | Rabbit Town, " |

And to the physicians, merchants and ministers of Oxford, Ala., also to his former patients everywhere. Charges moderate.

S. C. WILLIAMS, M. D.
Oxford, Ala.

March 13, 1880, 1 yr.


## TAX ASSESSOR'S NOTICE.

SECOND ROUND.

I will attend the places mentioned below, at the times stated for the purpose of assessing the State and County tax for the year 1880.

Precinct No. 3—June Big Monday March 1 1880.

Precinct No. 15; Ashiston; Tuesday March 2, 1880.

Precinct No 13—Oxford; Wednesday, March, 3, 1880.

Precinct No. 12—Davis Town Thursday, March 4, 1880

Precinct No. 11—White Plains, Friday, March 5, 1880.

Precinct No. 10—Rabbit Town, Saturday March 6, 1880.

Precinct No. 9—Cross Plains Monday March 8 1880.

Precinct No 16—Ladiga Tuesday March 9, 1880.

Precinct No. 2—Alexandria Monday March 15, 1880

Precinct No. 5—Polkville, Tuesday, March 16, 1880.

Precinct No. 14—Sulphur Springs—Wednesday, March 17. 1880.

Precinct No. 4—Gannaway's School H. Thursday, March 18, 1880.

Precinct No. 7—Hollingsworth's Monday March 22 1880.

Precinct No. 6—Peeks Hill Tuesday March 23 1880.

Precinct No 8—Greene's School House, Saturday, March 27 1880.

Precinct No. 1—Jacksonville Monday March 29 1880.

Parties are requested to meet me promptly at these appointments.

A. B. LEDBETTER
Tax Assessor Calhoun Co.

March 7—tf


## CITY BAR

The public are assured that John Ramagnano keeps the purest, oldest and best whiskies, brandies and wines that can be found in this market. At special pains and large expense he has been enabled to secure lines of these liquors that will compare in quality with any brands in the Southern market. Pure wiskey is rare; but the CITY BAR has it for a dead certainty. Best of order kept at the bar.

JOHN RAMAGNANO.


## *WANTED.*

**CHESTNUT OAK BARK.**

We will pay five dollars a cord for chestnut oak bark delivered at the yard in Germania until further notice.

GERMANIA TANNING CO.

### Desirable Places for Sale.

As agent, I have for sale a place of forty acres of good land, twenty acres in cultivation, five acres in orchard. Situated on it are two dwelling houses and outhouses, bark shed, bark mill and tan yard of 30 vats in good condition and all under shelter. Mountain and black oak bark in abundance in the neighborhood, at two dollars and a half and three dollars respectively. There is a church and school house in one mile of the place, and the community near it is a good one. The place has both freestone and limestone springs upon it. It will be sold for $800—one half cash, balance in twelve months. Address,

L. W. GRANT,
Jacksonville, Ala.
or B. F. SHELBERG,
April 17, 1m Germania, Ala.

Probate Court, April 12th, 1880.

W. R. Hanna dec'd estate of. Letters of administration upon the estate of said defendent having been granted to the undersigned on the 12th day of April, 1880, by the Hon. L. W. Cannon, Judge of Probate Court of Calhoun county, notice is hereby given that all persons having claims against said estate will be required to present the same within the time allowed by law, or the same will be barred.

J. W. HANNA,
R. M. HANNA,
Administrators.

Apr. 17, 3t

### STRAYED OR STOLEN.

One bay mare and one bay filly of same color. Both black mane and tail. Mare has right eye out. Filly two years old and follows mare. I will suitably reward any person who will deliver the theif or the property or give information that will lead to the recovery of the property.

JAMES MOHON,
Jacksonville, Ala


FRANK W. BOWDON, ROBT. L. ARNOLD

**BOWDON & ARNOLD,**

**ATTORNEYS AT LAW**

—AND—

**Solicitors in Chancery,**

**JACKSONVILLE, ALA.**

Will practice in all the Courts of the Circuit, U. S. Dist. Court and Supreme Court of the State. April 24, 1880

JOE. A. WALDEN. W. W. WOODWARD

**Walden & Woodward,**

**ATTORNEYS AT LAW,**

**Jacksonville, Ala**

Will practice in all the courts of the Circuit, and the Supreme court of the State. Prompt attention given to the collection of claims.

## Memphis and Charleston RAILROAD.

MEMPHIS, TENN—On and after Dec 1st 1878, the following passenger schedule will be operated:

| *Going East* Read down. | *Going West* Read up |
|---|---|
| Lve 12.20 night. Memphis | 12.10 pm ar |
| " 3 02 am Grand Junction | 9.37 am lve |
| " 3.56 am Middleton | 8.50 am " |
| " 5.08 am Cornith | 7.44 am " |
| " 10.15 am Decatur | 2.35 am " |
| " 3. 00 pm Stevenson | 10. 15 pm " |
| Arr 4 50 pm Chattanooga | 8.00 pm lve |

GREAT CHANGNS

have been made on this line.

This road nas been newly ballasted, and the track repaired with steel rails. These improvements make it second to no other road in the south

*TO THE EAST*

Close connection is made for all eastern and southern cities.

Only Line running through Palace Sleeping Cars and day coaches, between Memphis and Chattanooga without change.

*TO THE WEST*

Close connection made for all Arkansas and and Texas points, a full first class and emigrant tickets on sale at all principal stations.

Round Trip emigrant tickets at greatly reduced rates now on sale at Chattanooga, to principal Texas points.

Day Coaches run between Bristol and Memphis, and between Montgomery, Alabama, and Texarkana, Arkansas, without change.

Baggage checked through. No Sunday delays.

For further information as to rates, schedules etc. address either JAS. R. GOGEN, Gen. Passenger Agent, Knoxville, Tenn.

T. S. EAVANT,
Asst. Gen Passenger agent, Memphis, Tenn.

P. R. ROGERS,
Gen. Western Agent, Dallas, Texas.

## W. C. LAND & CO.,

**Jacksonville, Ala,**

A. reason receiving a Spring Stock of

**STAPLE AND FANCY**

Dry goods, Boots, Shoes, Hats, and especially the largest assortment of Ladies Goods and wares ever brought to this market. Also, fine Sugars, Coffees, Starch, Rice, Soda, Pepper and Spice.

**COME ONE, COME ALL!**

and see our stock. We feel grateful to the citizens of Calhoun for their liberal patronage who have sustained us to success, and hope to merit a continuance for the future.

April 10th 3m


THE STATE OF ALABAMA.
CALHOUN COUNTY.

Probate Court for Calhoun County.

Letters of administration upon the estate of Wyly Woodall deceased having been granted to the undersigned on the 3d day of Nov. 1879, by the Hon. L. W. Cannon Judge of Probate Court of Calhoun County, notice is hereby given that all persons having claims against said estate, will be required to present the same within the time allowed by law, or the same will be barred.

J. J. WOODALL,
April 24—3t Admnr

STATE OF ALABAMA,
Calhoun County.
Spring Term, April 20, 1880.

A C Sloan, decd estate of. Final settlement.

This day came R W Sloan, the administrator of said estate, and filed his statement, accounts and vouchers for a final settlement of his administration It is ordered that the 24th day of May, 1880, be appointed a day on which to make such settlement, at which time all persons interested can appear and contest said settlement, if they think proper.

L. W. CANNON.
April 24—3t Judge of Probate

### SHERIFF'S SALE.

By virtue of a venditioni exponas issued from the Hon. Circuit Court of Calhoun County, State of Alabama, and to me directed, against Henry Clews and in favor of Joseph A. Jones. I will proceed to sell on Monday the 31st day of May A. D. 1880 at the Court House door of Calhoun County Alabama, between the legal hours of sale—the following described lands as the property of the said Henry Clews to wit: The south west qr of the south west qr sec 12, T 16, R 8, also the W half of N W qr, Sec 13, and the E. half of N E qr, Sec 14, T 16, R 8, East in the Coosa land district of Alabama.

D. Z. GOODLETT,
May 1st, 1880. Sheriff.


## W. C. LAND,

**WATCHMAKER**

—AND—

**JEWELER.**

*Jacksonville, - - - Ala.*

Also, agent for Meriden CT Table cutlery and silver and plated ware. Also agent for Elgin Watch co, and other American make.

May, 1st 1880


### ATTACHMENT NOTICE

Jeremiah Smith vs Jas D. Martin } Attachment suit pending in the Justice Court of Precinct No. 13 in Calhoun county Ala.

To James D Martin: Whereas Jeremiah Smith has prived for and obtained an attachment against the estate of the said Jas D Martin, which said attachment has been duly levied by summoning W A Scarbrough administrator of the estate of C M Martin deceased, to appear and answer as garnishee in said cause. You are therefore hereby notified that said attachment suit is now pending in the said Justice Court in Precinct No 13 in Calhoun county Ala, and that you appear at the April term thereof to wit: Saturday the 3rd day of April 1880, at Oxford Ala, and defend the same, if you see proper to do so

Given under my hand this the 18th day of February 1880

J S KELLY,
Notary Public, ex officio J P

## Republican.

R BAILIFF.

authorized to announce E. G. as candidate for Bailiff of a re requested cts to be elected, if nobody him

e authorized to announce B. a candidate for Bailiff of

iends of Ben Anderson an- me as a candidate for Bai- No. 6, with the understand- an beat the field as the mat- is.

TICE OF THE PEACE.

unce myself as a candidate for office of Justice of the Peace elected, which I have no doubt charg- my duty to the best of GUSS HARLOW.

re authorized to announce gain as a candidate for Jus- Peace in Beat No. 2.

re announcement this

g Presidential election portance of organiza- gnized by Democrats, this is a bad year for t candidates.

re we print comments on bald party proposed in We think we can speak enbackers of Calhoun ey will join no such

erous people of White vided amply and lavishly ple who attended the nvention, Saturday last. o valley cannot be sur- he world for a refined

SEWING MACHINE BRO- KEN ?

wanting sewing machines or any part furnished, done by writing a postal J. J. B. McELRATH, Centre, Ala.

, tf

publican State Conven- abama sent a solid Grant to Chicago. Since Illi- one solidly for Grant, ation is now no longer a f doubt. He is the man rats of this country have nd they must organize

T. Burton was called made a capital Demo- ech at the close of the nvention at White Plains. ed a rushing Democratic or the nominee in Cle- nty, and Cleburne will

Jamagnano presents his nts to his friends this ur advertising columns, a bill of fare that would n a Good Templar wild e. It is a well known Johny is reliable, and al- what he promises. We man to drink, but at the recognize the fact that ree country, and—"gen- here it is, if you want it."

a gentleman said to us: first time, Saturday May nt into a convention. I heard of the trickery of ns, and I wanted to be in that was not a fair thing saw a fair thing." His ohn H. Price, of Beat 8 e convention met we chal e county to watch and ex- thing like unfairness. If leman in the county has of unfairness to allege he county or district con- the columns of the Re- are open to him. Come ow your booger.

PLAINS, May 25, 1880.

DITOR:

Your valuable paper us as a welcome messen- erflowing with valuable pays big to subscribe for ewspaper. I was at the ic Senatorial Convention Plains on Saturday the y, and was much pleased ch perfect harmony and with which the business nvention was done. Mr. eserves much credit for the n which he conducted him- e Convention. A man who all personal aspirations the harmony of the party be honored and respected efactor of his country. us have a clean ballot box voting and we will de- aud and corruption from es in every branch of the ent. It will not do to run false gods or be led by prejudice. If we do, woe a crisis will come upon us may never overcome.

W. J.

Departed this life May 20, 1880, Essie, daughter of J. C. and Parlee McDaniel, aged fifteen months and eleven days. Her affliction was Cholera Infantum. Little Essie has gone to that bright land where the inhabitants do not say "I am sick."

"Around the throne of God in Heaven,
Ten thousand children stand,
Children whose sins are all forgiven,
A holy happy band,"

May God sanctify this loss to the good of the grief-stricken parents.

J. A. SCOTT.

Davisville, Ala.

**Correspondence from Centre.**

CENTRE, CHEROKEE Co
MAY 24th, 1880.

HON. L. W. GRANT;

I thought you would like to hear from this part of the country. I admit I don't know much to write but it will not take me long to get through. There was a convention held here Saturday 22nd. But they only chose delegates to the State and District conventions. No county nominations were made. The field is full of candidates, all of whom are ready and willing to serve their country. The report comes from all parts that the wheat and oat crops are a failure. A great deal of wheat was overflowed on the river and rust is taking the oat crop. We may anticipate a regular corn bread diet. A great deal more cotton is planted this year than usual. We may expect nothing else but hard times, mortgages and broken farmers, so long as guano is so abundantly used and so much cotton planted. When erythe of "hog and hominy" is raised and sung to the tune of "Good times on de old plantation," a change will come and a happy one too. Your humble servant longs to be once more upon the farm, for there is peace and happiness for all who work.

Well old fellow, how are the candidates making it? When will you commence stumping the county? You must publish the appointments.

The dear old Republican comes to me every week, but it is Wednesday before it gets here. Why it is so long, I don't know, but it is a welcome visitor at any day. Your writer has been a regular reader of the Republican for about twenty years. Well, I will close, hoping you a jolly race with all the success, I remain your friend,

JAQUES.

We deeply regret to have to announce the death of John H. Elston, of this county, who died of flux, at Atlanta, Texas, May 10th. At the time of his death he was about 44 years of age. He leaves behind him a devoted young wife, two children and hosts of friends and relatives in this county who most deeply deplore his untimely death. He was the son of Allen Elston, now dead, who was one of the pioneer settlers of this county, and who was universally respected and esteemed as one of the first men of the county. The son inherited to a great degree those fine traits of character which made his father a prominent and highly respected citizen, and, while he had some of the faults incident to a younger age, he was universally respected for his probity, his love of truth, his honesty, and other high qualities which go to make up the good citizen. He was, we learn, a member of the Baptist church and a mason, in good standing at the time of his death; and he was as good a Confederate soldier as ever went from Calhoun county. Had he lived he would have been a man highly useful in his day, for he was igifted with a fine mind and those other high qualities which go to make up a useful citizenship. The young wife and orphan children have our heartfelt sympathy in this sad hour of bereavement.

### A CARD.

The undersigned takes this method of announcing to his friends throughout Calhoun county that upon mature reflection he declines to stand for representative in the next Legislature. It is proper to state that in announcing himself as a candidate at White Plains, he had not given the subject that careful consideration that the action demanded, and with a little time for reflection several reasons suggest themselves why he should withhold his name. One is that it would materially effect his plans and the educational interest of his immediate community for the present and succeeding year. A second reason is that he is unwilling to scramble with his personal friends for an office. Third, it is important that the harmony of the party should be preserved and his candidacy might tend to distract it.

He assures all his friends of his high appreciation of their confidence, and trusts that this withdrawal will not impair it or evoke their displeasure.

J. C. Wilson,
Oxford, Ala.

**Look out for Campaign Lies and Nail Them to the Counter.**

We have heard of a flimsy story that there exists a combination of candidates in the county banded together to secure each other's election, and embracing the editor of this paper.

We stop our press just long enough now and here to pronounce every such suggestion and insinuation as a *bald-headed campaign lie*! We belong to no combination and do not believe there is any combination anywhere among the candidates—and we would be ready as any man to expose all such combinations wherever they might exist whenever specific charges are made, names given and even plausible proof is submitted.

Some fellow who anticipated defeat in the county has started this absurd story in order to account for his defeat when it does come.

We fix our fortunes to no man's [illegible] Democratic convention, and planting ourself upon our record as a former Representative in the Legislature, we will hardly need to make a combination with any candidate or set of candidates to secure an election. The Democratic party will be "*combination*" enough to consign to oblivion all tricksters who may feel called upon to slip and slide around and secretly suggest that they have found out or fear a great "combination" among candidates. Whenever you hear a man crying stop thief, look close and see if he hasn't got the stolen goods in his own pocket.

### NOTICE.

The citizens of Beats 2 and 3 will please be prompt in answering all questions asked by the enumerator of the census, as the law requires the enumeration to be made in 30 days from the 1st of June.

Res: C. H. BOWLING.
Enumerator 6th Dist.


**COTTON PLANTERS.**

The undersigned has on hand a large lot of the celebrated Peter Cotton planter and Manure distributers, and is now ready to supply orders. Price, $5.

CHAS. MARTIN.

"BLUE MOUNTAIN ROUTE."

**Change of schedule.**

**S. R. & D. R. R.**

On and after Tuesday, March the 9th, 1880, trains will run on the Selma Rome & Dalton railroad; as follows;

| No. 1, North. | Stations. | No. 3 North. |
|---|---|---|
| | *Going North* | |
| 6.15 a. m | Lv Selma | 3.30 p. m |
| 8.50 a. m | Randpolh | 7.15 p. m |
| 10.20 a. m | Calera | 10 40 p. m. |
| 12.22 p. m | Talladega | 1.50 a. m |
| 1.18 p. m | Oxford | 3.30 a. m. |
| 1.25 p. m | Anniston | 4 00 a. m. |
| 1.55 p. m | Jacksonville | 5.10 a. m |
| 3.47 p. m | Cave Spring | 8.20 a. m. |
| 4.30 p. m. | Rome | 10 05 a. m |
| 6.15 p. m | Ar Dalton | 1 00 p m. |

| No. 2. South. | Stations. | No. 4, South. |
|---|---|---|
| | Going South. | |
| 8.00 a. m. | Lv Dalton | 3.10 p. m. |
| 9.45 a. m | Rome | 6.25 p. m. |
| 10 27 a. m | Cave Spring | 7.30 p. m. |
| 12.03 p. m | Jacksonville | 10.25 p. m |
| 12.35 p. m. | Anniston | 11.40 p. m. |
| 12.48 p. m | Oxford | 12.10 a. m. |
| 1.33 p. m | Talladega | 1 50 a. m. |
| 3.50 p. m | Calera | 5.45 a. m. |
| 5.34 p. m | Randolph | 8 30 a. m. |
| 8.00 p. m | Ar Selma | 11.30 a. m. |

NORMAN WEBB, Supt. | RAY KNIGHT, G. P. A.
J. W. FULENWILDER, Agt.


THE STATE OF ALABAMA, Calhoun County,
In Probate Court Special Term April 5th 1880.

Letters of administration upon the estate of John Dodd deceased, having been granted to the undersigned on the 5th day of April 1880, by the Hon. L. W. Cannon, Judge of the Probate Court of Calhoun County. Notice is hereby given that all persons having claims against said estate will be required to present the same within the time allowed by law, or the same will be barred.

CHARLES MARTIN.
Admin.


**FIRE INSURANCE.**

I. L. SWAN AG'T,

JACKSONVILLE, ALA.

**Four Good Home Companies to wit,**

| | |
|---|---|
| *Georgia Home,* | *Ga.* |
| *Home Protection,* | *Ala.* |
| *Central City,* | *Ala.* |
| *Columbus Ins. and Banking Co.,* | *Miss.* |

May 1st, 1880.

**FOR CAIRO, LOUISVILLE AND CINCINNATI.**

STEAMERS. ANDY BAUM, CONS MILLAR. JAS. W. GAFF, VINT SHINKLE, VIRGIE LEE, JAS. D. PARKER.

Steamers of this line leave Memphis for Cairo, Louisville and Cincinnati Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays, at 5 o'clock, p. m., connecting at Cincinnati with Railroads and Steamers for all Eastern, Northern and Western points, giving through tickets to all points—Chicago, Toledo, Buffalo, Richmond, New York, Washington City, Philadelphia and Boston.

Eastern Tourists will find the La Belle River Route safe, delightful and economical. Rates by this line cheaper than any other first-class route. Meals and staterooms free. Baggage checked through. For full information apply to

R. W. LIGHTBURNE,
General Freight and Ticket Agent,
No. 7, Monroe st., Memphis, Tenn.

Passengers can rely on a splendid trip by this line, as the steamers are all first class, having been expressly built for the accommodation of passengers. Each steamer carries a string-band.

**JNO. W. HUGHES**

*WITH*

**The Atlanta cash clothing Store, 41, Whitehall St, Atlanta Ga.**

—BRANCH HOUSE OF—

**Wm. C. Browning & Co., New York,**

Invites his friends to call on him when in the city. Orders solicited, and promptly attended to.

**NEW DEPARTURE**

*IN THE HARNESS AND BUGGY LINE.*

The undersigned has made simple arrangements to do all work in his line more expeditiously, and at cheaper rates than ever before. A full line of ready-made buggy and wagon material will be kept constantly on hand, and jobs of this character will receive instant attention. A full line of ready made harness material on hand enables him to make complete harness on very short order. Ready made harness of all grades will be also kept. He is determined not to be undersold. If you want a good article and at cheap rates, call on JOE. H. PRIVETT

**JNO. RAMAGNANO.**

**WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALER IN WINE, LIQUORS, SEGARS AND CIGARETTES.**

**JACKSONVILLE, ALA.**

Desires to notify his friends that he has superior Summer attractions at his

**ELEGANT CITY BAR.**

His whikies are bought direct from manufacturers, and are pure. His wines are fine, embracing all brands, inclusive of wines for sacramental purposes. He keeps a Rare Imported French Brandy, guaranteed pure for medical pusposes.

**PURE LAKE ICE,**

Lemons, Mineral Waters, Soda Water and other light Summer drinks for sale At the Bar can be found all the cooling and refreshing drinks that can tempt the palate of the epicure.

A cool and well ventilated ***BILLIARD ROOM*** attached, with an elegant Table and comfortable accommodations. Best of order preserved.

**JNO. RAMAGNANO.**

May 29—4m.

**FAMILY FAVORITE.**

THE IMPROVED

**WHEED**

*Sewing Machine.*

LOCK STITCH,
VERY LIGHT RUNNING,
VERY LATEST IMPROVEMENTS.

We sell with this excellent Machine 6 different sized Hemmers, 1 Quilter, 1 Corder, 1 Gatherer, 1 Tucker, 1 Ruffler, making 11 attachments; or more than are given with any other machine.

PRICE ONLY - - - - - - - - - $30.

Call and examine the machine at
ROWAN, DEAN & CO.,
Sep 15—3m Jacksonville, Ala.


**Undertakers Notice.**

Mr. Jno. H. Crawford having removed from Jacksonville, the undersigned, at his request, will in the future keep on hand Coffins, Metalic cases and burial Caskets, and will assist on burial occasions as Mr Crawford did while in the undertaking business here.

L. A. WEAVER.

Jan 4—3m


*REMOVAL.*

**A. M. LANDERS**

Has recently removed his Family Grocery, Bar and Billiard Saloon to the store rooms formerly occupied by Whisenant and Driskill. In the front room he has a choice line of

Family Groceries

of all kinds, both staple and fancy, cigars, tobacco &c. In the rear room is the bar, which has been fitted up and furnished with the best liquors in market. The billiard table has been placed up stairs in a large and comfortable room where gentlemen can enjoy a game free from interruption.

Respectfully,
A. M. LANDERS.

Jan. 2nd tf.


CHILDREN'S SCHOOL.

FEMALE ACADEMY BUILDING.

Mrs. Ida Woodward will open at the Female Academy, Monday, January 12th her school for children, and will continue the session five months.

TERMS.—Spelling Reading and Mental Arithmatic, $1.00 per month. Higher classes, $1.50 per month, payable at the end of each month.


*Berrys & Co.,*

WHOLESALE

**GROCER,**

**Commission Merchants,**

AND

COTTON FACTORS,

**Rome, Georgia.**

☞Liberal Cash Advances made on COTTON and PRODUCE Consigned to us.

**Sight Restored!**

The undersigned having had remarkable success in treating numerous cases of sore eyes, cataract, dimness of sight, and persons suffering from any inflimation of the eyes, impaired vision, etc., desires to make known to the public how such sufferers may avail themselves of his wonderful remedies.

The following certificates—obtained without solicitation—speak for themselves. Persons desiring treatment can be visited by me if preferred A. J. KERR,
White Plains, Ala.

DAVISVILLE, ALA., Dec. 19th, 1879.

This is to certify that Dr. A. J. Kerr has been treating my eyes for one, and they are much better—think they will get entirely well. Cheerfully recommend his treatment to the public. J. F. DAVIS.

This is to certify that Lucinda McDowell's eye became affected by loss of sight four or five years ago, and remained so till three or four weeks since, when she went under the treatment of Mr. Andrew Kerr, and in six or eight days afterward she could see with that eye as well as ever.

WASHINGTON WILLIAMS.

—I certify that this is a true statement with regard to my daughter.

JNO. W. McDOWELL.

Dec. 26th, 1877.

STATE OF ALABAMA, ETOWAH COUNTY, Feb. 7th, 1879.

TO ALL WHOM IT MAY CONCERN:

This is to certify that my grand-daughter, Nancy Griffith, was afflicted with sore eyes for three years, to such an extent that she could scarcely see to go about. Six months ago Mr. A. J. Kerr came and took her under treatment, and to our astonishment, she could soon see to thread the finest needle or do any kind of fine sewing. I hereby recommend Mr. Kerr's medicine to any person similary afflicted.

Given under my hand and date above mentioned W. N CHANDLER.

**A BEAUTIFUL ASSORTMENT**

*Ladies' and Gentlemen's*

**EMBROIDERED SLIPPERS.**

**Also a Complete Line of**

**Heavy Goods, at Prices to Suit the Times.**

*Highest Market Price Paid for Hides.*

Cal early and examine stock and prices at
N. F. GOVAN & CO.
No. 21 Broad Street, Rome, Ga.

**DAVID H. DOUGHERTY,**

Wholesale and Retail Dealer in

**Dry Goods, Fancy Goods, Notions Shoes and Hats,**

39 & 41 Peachtree Street, Atlanta, Ga.

*FINE DRESS GOODS A SPECIALTY.*

Please send for Samples.
JOHN E. NISBET, formerly of Jacksonville, is with this house.
We will pay express on all orders amounting to $10 00 or over.

**NEW STORE!**

**Common Sense Bargains.**

The undersigned have just opened a new and select stock of Dry Goods, consisting of Dress Goods, Notions, Gentlemen's and Ladies' Underwear, Jeans, Flannels, Shirtings, Sheetings, Linen and Oil Cloth Table Cloths, Hats, Boots, Shoes, Ready Made Clothing Hardware, Crockery, Wooden-ware etc. etc. Also a good line of

**GROCERIES,**

Both Staple and Fancy, Leather, Shoemakers' Findings; In fact, everything to be found in a first class General Store.

No trouble to show Goods and tell prices. Knowing that these times demand Guano to be sold on a close margin, we defy competition in prices of Goods.

**WILSON BRO'S & HARBOUR,**

Oct 4 '79 1y North-east Corner Public Square, JACKSONVILLE, ALA

**Linder Edgerbender.**

MANUFACTURED BY

**LINDER & MONTGOMERY,**

**PEEK'S HILL, ALA.**

*WAREHOUSE AT JACKSONVILLE, ALA.*

**PRICE, $60, DELIVERED FREE ON CARS.**

The greatest labor-saving implement in use.

Address
LINDER & MONTGOMERY.
Jacksonville, Ala.

J any. 31.

**INSURANCE**

The undersigned is Agent for (4) four good and reliable FIRE COPMANIES of the South, to wit.

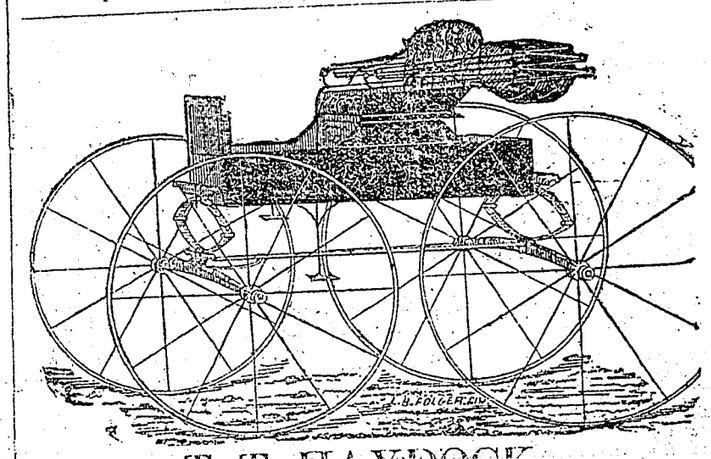
| | | |
|---|---|---|
| GEORGIA HOME INSURANCE CO., | COLUMBUS, | GEORGIA. |
| HOME PROTECTION " | " HUNTSVILLE, | ALA. |
| CENTRAL CITY " | " SELMA, | ALA. |
| COLUMBUS INS. & BANKING CO., | COLUMBUS, | MISS. |

**It is wisdom to Insure your Dwellings Barns, Gin Houses, Merchandise, etc**

If you desire INSURANCE, call on me at JACKSONVILLE, ALABAMA, or address me through the mails—

I think I am warranted in saying that these Companies are all in a healthy condition financially, have a CAPITAL ample and sufficient to meet all their Liabilities.

E. L. SWAN, Agent,
April 26th, 1879 Jacksonville, Ala.



**T. T. HAYDOCK.**

Has the largest complete works for the manufacture of Carriage IN THE WORLD. Buggies for the trade a specialty.

CORNER PEARL AND TWELFTH STREETS,

CINCINNATI, O.

**GREAT BARGAINS IN**

**Pianos & Organs.**

**H. A. SMITH**

*HOWE, G. F.*

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

**Bookseller and Music Dealer**

Has just received from the Manufacturers, the

**Largest Stock of Pianos**

ever brought to this market. These Instruments having been bought for cash at

**LOW PRICES,**

will be sold to cash customers at

PRICES LOWER THAN EVER KNOWN

in this country.

Purchasers, by calling early, can have the advantage of selecting from the large stock on hand. Large lot of School & Miscellaneous Books always on hand, at LOW RATES.

**W. W. HARRISON,**

**Physician and Surgeon,**

OFFICE

CARPET

**Cheap Groceries** for Cash a the old Forney Corner.

**Fresh Lard** at
ED. G. CALDWELL'S,

**Fresh Meat** at
ED. G. CALDWELL'S.

YOU can buy anything in the GROCERY line CHEAP for CASH at
ED. G. CALDWELL'S.

Go buy one of those fine Plows of the Towers patent at
ED. G. CALDWELL'S.

splendid lot of new **Tin-ware** at
ED. G. CALDWELL'S.

Finest article of kerosine oil at E. G. CALDWELL'S

New lot of stone-ware at E. G. CALDWELL'S.

YOU can buy TEN pounds of RICE for $1 00 at
E. G. CALDWELL'S

YOU can buy 10 pounds of SUGAR for $1 00 at
E. G. CALDWELL'S

Salt at manufacturers prices at E. G. CALDWELL'S.

YOU can buy 5 pounds of good COFFEE for ONE DOLLAR at
ED CALDWELL'S.

**Queensware at Wholesale.**

French China in Sets or by the single piece.

**SILVER PLATED GOODS**

Fine and CHEAP Table knives & Forks, Tin-ware, Wooden-ware, Glass-ware,

**Lamps, and Lampfixtures.**

Orders solicited from merchants. We will duplicate any bill that can be bought in America.

J. B. CARBER & Co.,
China Hall, Rome, Ga.

Jan28—3m.

**Grand Reduction in Prices.**

**B. F. CARPENTER**

HAS JUST RECEIVED

A LARGE AND

COMPLETE

Assortment of Family Groceries, which he proposes to sell at bottom prices. Very best brands of Coffee, Sugar, Tea, Finely flavored Cigars, Western Bacon, Meal, Snowdust Flower, Molasses, Crockery, Hardware, Kerosene oil, Buckets, Tinware. Every thing kept in a well stocked grocery establishment. He also has on hand a large assortment of Harness, Saddles, Bridles, made of the very best leath or, and designed and executed by workmen of superior skill. He invites all to call, for he is determined to sell at such prices as to deserve the patronage of the public. Give him a call, and examine his prices, before going elsewhere

*The People Appreciate Merit*

**EAGLE AND PHENIX**

**PERFECT**

**BALL SEWING THREAD.**

**COLUMBUS, GEORGIA.**

*PREPARED BY A PROCESS USED IN NO OTHER MILL*

**IT HAS NO EQUAL**

6 Balls to Pound, 1 lb. Packages, 20 Balls to Pound, 2 lb. Paper Boxes
Packed in Cases of 20, 30, 50, 100 or 500 Pounds each.

*Uniform Price. Invariable Discounts.*

**Sold by all Jobbers.**

**ASK FOR "EAGLE & PHENIX." USE NO OTHER**

### Yuba Bill and Jeff.

The interruption of Jeff's "nightwatch" was occasioned by an accident which prevented the progress of the Pioneer coach, which ought to have passed that point some time previously, but which, had been delayed by the storm, and finally been brought to a stand-still in about four feet of rushing water some thousand yards away from the inn. There were only three passengers—a thin, meek-looking gentleman, named Mayfield, with his wife and daughter. Jeff, on hastily springing from his bed and resuming his boots, found Mr. Mayfield and the driver of the coach, Yuba Bill, appealing to him, each in his own fashion, for assistance. The driver had drawn up the coach into a safe position amidst the waters, and had taken out his team. He and Mr. Mayfield had then waded out, and made their way to the "Half-Way Inn," and Jeff was now requested to lend a hand in fetching up the ladies. Mr. Mayfield's company on his errand was felt to be unnecessary. Yuba Bill—who, by the way, is a decided character, with something of the quaint and oracular Mr. Weller, senior, in him, combined with Yankee smartness—with undisguised contempt for the city gentleman's want of physique, summarily dismissed the idea of his lending any assistance. Accordingly, Yuba Bill and Jeff went off to fetch the ladies.

The meek man sat down helplessly in a chair indicated by Bill, who at once strode after Jeff. In another moment they were both fighting their way step by step against the storm, in that peculiar, drunken, spasmodic way, so amusing to the spectator and so exasperating to the performer. It was no time for conversation, even interjectional profanity was dangerously exhaustive.

The coach was scarcely a thousand yards away, but its bright lights were reflected in a sheet of dark, silent water, that stretched between it and the two men. Wading and splashing, they soon reached it, and a gulley where the surplus water was pouring into the valley below. "Fower feet o' water round her, but can't get any higher. So ye see she's all right for a month o' sich weather." Inwardly admiring the perspicacity of his companion, Jeff was about to open the coach door when Bill interrupted.

"I'll pack the old woman if you'll look arter the darter and enny little traps."

A female face, anxious and elderly, here appeared at the window.

"That's my little game," said Bill, *sotto voce*.

"Is there any danger? where is my husband?" asked the woman, impatiently.

"Ez to the danger, ma'am—thar ain't any. Yer ez safe *here* ez ye'd be in a Sacramento steamer; ez to yer husband, he allowed I was to come yer and fetch yer up to the hotel. That's his lookout!" With this cheerful speech Bill proceeded to make two or three ineffectual scoops into the dark interior, manifestly with the idea of scooping out the lady in question. In another instant he had caught her, lifted her gently but firmly in his arms, and was turning away.

"But my child!—my daughter!—she's asleep," expostulated the woman; but Bill was already swiftly splashing through the darkness. Jeff, left to himself, hastily examined the coach. On the back seat a slight, small figure, enveloped in a shawl, lay motionless. Jeff threw the bear skin over it gently, lifted it on one arm, and gathering a few traveling bags and baskets with the other, prepared to follow his quickly disappearing leader. A few feet from the coach the water seemed to deepen, and the bear skin to draggle. Jeff drew the figure up higher, but in vain.

"Sis," he said, softly.

No reply.

"Sis," shaking her gently.

There was a slight movement within the wrappings.

"Couldn't ye climb up on my shoulder, honey? That's a good child!"

There were one or two spasmodic jerks of the bearskin, and, aided by Jeff, the bundle was presently seated on his shoulder.

"Are you all right now, sis?"

Something like a laugh came from the bear-skin. Then a childish voice said: "Thank you, I think I am!"

"Ain't afraid you'll fall off?"

"A little."

Jeff hesitated. It was beginning to blow again.

"You couldn't reach down and put your arm around my neck, could ye, honey?"

"I am afraid not!"—although there *was* a slight attempt to do so.

"No?"

"No!"

"Well, then take a good holt, a firm, strong holt o' my hair! Don't be afraid!"

A small hand timidly began to rummage in Jeff's thick curls.

"Take a firm holt; thar, just back o' my neck. That's right."

The little hand closed over half a dozen curls. The little figure crowed and giggled.

"Now, don't you see, honey, it I'm keerless with you, and don't keep you plumb level up thar, you jist give me a pull and fetch me up all standing!"

### Life in Corea.

In cities and medium-sized towns of the Kingdom of Corea it is considered a great offence against modesty when women are encountered in the public streets during the day. To partially indemnify them for this strict seclusion, the following remarkable arrangement has been made. Every evening at nine o'clock during summer, and at an earlier hour in winter time, the city gates of Saoul and other towns are closed at a given signal. Thereupon all men are bound to leave the streets, which are abandoned to the women for the purpose of recreation and promenading. Any male finding himself, by accident, belated in the thoroughfares, is sure to hurry to his house as fast as possible, without looking up, or lowering the fan held before his face, for severe punishment would fall upon any person daring, in the face of the stringent prohibition, to molest women by so much as an inquisitive glance. We may state here that polygamy prevails in Corea, and that the lot of the women differs but little from that of their Chinese sisters. The number of wives varies according to the standing and affluence of the husband, but it is rare for any member of the middle or lower classes, which are not generally well-to-do, to have more than one wife at a time. Nuptial ceremonies on the celebration of weddings are unknown. As soon as a certain sum, either to be paid or to be received, has been agreed upon between the aspirant and the father or near relations of the girl, the former takes his bride-elect to his house, and may thenceforth treat her as he likes, seeing that, in law, she forms a part of his goods and chattels. Funerals are conducted with as little ceremony and solemnity as the weddings. The body is put into a very plain wooden coffin, or, as is often the case, merely thrust into linen sheets; nor is any difference made in this respect between persons of high and low caste. No ornaments of whatever kind are buried with the dead, and, as a general rule, no mourning is put on for them. We may add that on rare occasion cremation is practised, but only in the case of persons belonging to the highest class.

### How it Was Done.

Many persons have been amused and mystified by the late Robert Heller's second-sight performances. The trick consisted in taking a watch, or other article, from some person in the audience, which Heller would hold in his hand while a blindfolded confederate at a distance would describe everything about it very minutely, even to the name of the maker, the number of the watch, the number of jewels, etc. All this was very mystifying, and almost compelled a belief in clairvoyance or some magnetic power. But a former pupil and confederate of Heller's has explained the whole matter in the Cincinnati *Times*. It consisted of an ingenious alphabetical arrangement of short questions, the first letter of which represented an object or else another letter, so that by a series of questions the name of the object was spelled. In short, the questions constituted a system of telegraphic ciphers by which Heller could convey any information and dictate any answer he desired to his assistant. All that was necessary was a thorough mastery on both sides of the cipher and the key. It will be remembered that Heller used to close this exhibition by seating his confederate on a stool with his back to the audience, throwing his handkerchief over his head, and then have him describe objects without any questions at all. The assistant explains this part of the performance: "As soon as my back was turned to the audience, and a large silk handkerchief thrown over my head, the stool on which I was seated, containing a hollow leg, was placed directly over a hole in the stage. A rubber pipe was passed up which connected with a tin tube running underneath the stage to the back of the curtain. The assistant saw through a hole in the curtain all articles which were held up, and conveyed the intelligence to me through the pipe. None but large articles, such as hats, umbrellas, sticks, etc., were taken, and as this always closed the second-sight part of the performance, it was clear to the mind of all 'that it wasn't done by questions.'"

### Saved by a Hat.

"Major Rube Allen, Commodore Vanderbilt's favorite veteran engineer of the Central New York road, a man of giant stature with a brave heart which is as tender as a woman's, has a new hat for one of his freight brakemen of the road when he can find the right man. One day recently he was coming to Utica drawing an express train with the W. H. Vanderbilt. Just as he approached one of the small stations he saw the foreman of a section gang standing sideways in the middle of the passenger track, apparently watching a passing freight train. Rube quickly tooted his steam whistle, but the noise made by the freight must have drowned it, for the foreman never stirred. Rube continued the signal, whistled for brakes and reversed, but the man was still as if in a reverie. The locomotive had approached so near that Rube could hear the brakeman who stood on the top of his train call out to the trackman and see him move his hands desparingly as if he feared that he could not save the man. The express was running at a high rate of speed and could not be stopped in time. The old engineer was about to shut his eyes to avoid a sight of this mangled victim, when he saw the brakeman pull off his hat, roll it into a ball and throw it at the man. Fortunately it hit him squarely on the head, and giving a quick backward motion, the trackman just cleared the rails as the locomotive went thundering by. Old Reuben says his heart seemed to come up into his mouth for a minute and he could not help crying out for joy. He knew that the quick-witted brakeman's old hat was cut to pieces and he says that he should have a new one 'if he never lays up a cent.'"

### Running Down a Deer.

When sufficiently near the Apache hunter takes his aim, and making a slight noise with his foot on the ground, which causes the deer to turn toward him, has a good chance to hit it in the middle of the forehead. But if he misses the mark, or his gun misses fire, then the fun begins in earnest, and one of the finest races in the world can be witnessed—a naked Indian and a frightened deer at full speed. If the deer should happen to be not more than a year old, it is of no use following it, as it will then outrun any Indian, and run longer without giving out, but if two or three years old, or older, a good runner will bring it down in a few hours, or certainly within fifty or sixty miles. The deer starts at full speed, making long leaps of from ten to thirty feet. At first he gains rapidly on the Indian but the latter follows, every now and then uttering frightful yells, but never for a moment halting or losing the trail. The deer, when out of sight, halts and looks back, but soon his pursuer comes in sight, when he bounds on with longer leaps than at first; finally he makes for water, a spring or stream, and when he gets there halts and drinks all he wants. Now there is no hope for him, for after he drinks he cannot run so fast or leap so far. Pretty soon the Indian comes in sight again, while the tired deer rests a moment, but the tired hunter never halts a rink, not if his mouth is as as dry as ashes, for by so doing he not only loses time, but cannot run so fast afterward.

*The last notable* application of papier mache was in the manufacture of a revolving dome for the astronomical observatory of the Polytechnic institute, Troy. It only weighs a ton and three-quarters, and can be revolved without the assistance of any apparatus. The paper is on a light framing of wood, and is fully as hard and rigid. The dome has an internal diameter of twenty-nine feet, and, if constructed in the usual manner, would have weighed five or six tons, and required powerful machinery to move it.

## AGRICULTURE.

SMUT POISONING.—Hitherto I have not found such a thing as a remedy for animals poisoned by smut, although I have given much attention to it. All animals thus poisoned seemed to be affected alike, and death occurs similarly in all. The symptoms are similar to salivation, or dribbling from the mouth and weeping of the eyes, but quite different in general symptoms. Paralysis occurs within a few hours after the poison begins to act. I never knew one subject to recover, or stand up, after the smut had been received into the circulation. There is a circulation. There is a general idiotic stare and drowsiness. The breathing is quite often thick and stertorous. In the early stages one of the best remedies I have found to be one-ounce doses of hyposulphite of soda and two ounces of alcohol in eight ounces of rainwater at 100 degrees. This may be repeated in two hours if necessary. If the smut is in the stomach the stomach-pump is quickest and primary remedy, then the sulphite and alcohol. In traveling over a wide extent of country I have noticed the prevalence of large quantities of smut this year in every variety of crop, but fearfully large among corn. I am quite a close observer of this thing, and am obliged to say I never saw half so much in any one year in all my life, anywhere or in any country. The best remedy for preventing smut doing harm is to pick it off the corn, etc., and burn it. It would seem to increase in proportion to the neglect to destroy it or prevent it. I have attended many valuable animals whose owners seemed not to have the remotest idea of such a thing as smut poisoning, while many hundreds of our very best animals die every year from it. Farmers trust to the first, nearest and usually the lowest priced man, no matter how ignorant he may be of the science he claims to represent. The results are so disastrous to the owner, and so terribly torturing to the poor animals thus victimized, that it is quite sickening and a great reproach to our common humanity and national intelligence.

SALT THE GARDEN.—Gardens should be salted very liberally, for by so doing you will have no worm-eaten radishes, maggoty onions, club-footed cabbages, or any other vegetable grown in it injured by worms, grubs, or any vermin that infest the soil. Every one that raises asparagus knows the necessity of using salt abundantly. One can scarcely use too much. Many who grow cabbages know its value when applied to the roots or growing head; but every one does not know that growing onions may be buried under salt, leaving only the tops out, and that the onion will grow thriftily, while all maggots or worms will die or disappear—yet such is the fact. Salt mixed with wood ashes in the proportion of one of salt to four of wood ashes, applied at the rate of a handful to the centre of each hill of corn immediately after planting, will supersede the use of scare-crows and coal-tar as no worm or crow will touch it, besides giving the fertilizing properties of the compound. A friend residing in Edmestown, Otsego county, who had broken up four acres of sward, upon which to plant corn, found it to be so very wormy that he dared not plant it, until I gave him the above receipt, which he used after planting. In the fall he told me that, although his lot had woods upon three sides of it, he did not lose a single hill by worm or crow. The fact is worth remembering.

WORK FOR THE TEAMS.—Sod can be plowed when the ground is not frozen too deep. The teams will be the better for the exercise, and will be greatly relieved in the strain that usually comes in April and May. The sod land plowed now will be in better condition for a corn crop than if left till May. The larvæ of cut and grub worms will be killed by the million if turned up to the frosts of the late winter. The difference between failure and success may be just there. The larvæ are nearer the surface than if the winter had been extremely cold, so the chances are in favor of destroying them now. The teams may haul in fodder till the ground thaws, and then go to the plow. Manage to keep the teams employed. It is pleasanter, we know, to stick to one thing all day. The men may think it a trouble to change from the wagon to the plow, but it will pay. If there is no fodder to haul on frosty mornings, the man and team can be profitably employed bringing in wood, moving a rail fence, or hauling gravel. There is no farm so well kept but odd hours can profitably be employed hauling gravel to improve the roads or paths about the house or barn.

BUCKWHEAT straw, which has heretofore been considered of little value, has of late been utilized by some of the western farmers by chopping it fine and adding meal to it. A small quantity fed to stock occasionally would be relished, no doubt.

*Photographs in Natural Colors*.—Captain Abney, the well-known English photographer, has succeeded in obtaining pictures of the solar spectrum in its natural colors, both on silver plates and on compounds of silver held in place by collodion. The photographs are produced by oxidation of silver compounds when placed in the spectrum, the coloring matter being due apparently to a mixture of two different sizes of molecules of the same chemical composition, one of which absorbs at the blue end and the other at the red end of the spectrum; and the sizes of the molecules are unalterable while exposed to the same wave-lengths as those by which they were produced. Captain Abney believes that the colors may be preserved unchanged when exposed to ordinary daylight. He has thus succeeded in explaining the action by which Bequerel some years ago obtained photograph in colors, as produced by oxidation and not due to interference. Bequerel's photographs were fugitive; Captain Abney appears to have succeeded in "fixing" his. An exposure of two minutes with a wide slit was sufficient to produce the pictures of the spectrum.

*Wrought* iron is nearly pure iron, but it has generally some traces of carbon, sulphur and phosphorus. The less the better, but the two last are hard to eliminate.

### Facts for Tourists and Emigrants.

Whether for the tourist, bent on pleasure or business or the emigrant seeking a far western home, Hostetter's Stomach Bitters is the best protector against the hurtful influences of climatic changes or malaria; the most reliable medicine for general use he can possibly carry with him. It nullifies the effect of sudden changes of temperature, braces the system against the enfeebling influence of excessive heat, prevents injurious consequences from a change of diet or of using bad food or water, is a fine resuscitant of physical energy diminished by the fatigue of traveling, and tends to counteract the effects of exposure in rough weather. It is much and serviceably used by mariners and others whose out-door life and arduous labor exposes them unusually. It is moreover of great service as a preventive and curative of disorders of the stomach, liver, bowels, and as a general tonic.

## DOMESTIC.

BUTCHERING SHEEP.—Many do not eat mutton because of the peculiar sheepy odor and taste sometimes found in the meat; and they usually attribute it to contact with the wool at butchering. This last is a mistake—it is due to delay in disemboweling the carcass. If the intestines are permitted to remain until the pelt is removed the gasses emitted from them are disseminated through the flesh, which causes the objectionable taste or odor. Either disembowel the carcass at once, before the pelt is removed, or as soon as the throat is cut, having the animal tied up by the hind feet with its head hanging downward, cut a hole between the hind quarters and fill the cavity of the body at once with cold water; then skin and remove the entrails at leisure. In either case there will be left none of that disagreeable odor or flavor usually so peculiar to mutton.

MASHED POTATOES.—Peel and take out the eyes carefully. Put the potatoes into boiling water, well salted, and cook until just done, then turn off the water and set them on the back of the stove to dry out. Have some sweet milk and a generous lump of butter heating in a tin cup while you mash the potatoes in a bright tin-pan that must be placed on the stove to keep them warm. After every lump is mashed out, add salt if needed, and beat the milk and butter in gradually with a large fork, until the potatoes are white and light and altogether delicious. Dish them neatly in a smooth mound and serve as soon as possible.

A RECEIPT FOR FLOATING ISLANDS.—Put a pan of milk over the fire and let it boil; beat the whites of four eggs to a froth, adding some white sugar. Let the whites of eggs scald for a moment in the milk, remove them, beat the yolks and two teaspoontuls sugar together; stir this in the boiling milk, turn into a shallow dish, add essence of lemon or sliced lemon with sugar, and spread the whites over the top; ornament with red and green sugar sand put on in flowers or spots, or drops of jelly at equal distances.

A COUGH, COLD, CATARRH or Sore Throat should not be neglected. "*Brown's Bronchial Troches*" are a simple remedy, and will generally give immediate relief. Imitations are offered for sale, many of which are injurious. The genuine "*Brown's Bronchial Troches*" are sold *only in boxes*.

REMEDY FOR SORE THROAT.—Let each one of our many readers when afflicted with sore throat, or symptoms of it, buy at any drug store one ounce of camphorated oil and five cents' worth of chlorate of potash. As soon as any soreness appears in the throat, put the potash in half a tumbler of water, and with it gargle the throat thoroughly; with the camphorated oil at night, before going to bed, rub the neck, and also pin around the throat a small strip of woolen flannel. This is a simple, cheap, and sure remedy.

CURE FOR A COUGH.—I have what I consider a good cough syrup, the receipt of which was given me by a lady friend. I have used it some three or four years with good results: Take ten cent's worth each of laudanum, antimonial wine, sweet oil, oil of tansberry and No. 6 or rheumatic drops; mix in one pint of good molasses. Dose, one teaspoonful three times a day, or more often if thought necessary. I sometimes take it five or six times through the day and night.

THERE is danger for children in every medicine which contains opium in any form and we therefore cheerfully recommend Dr. Bull's Baby Syrup, which is warranted not to contain opiates or anything injurious.

PEARL BARLEY PUDDING.—Wash half a pint of pearl barley, put it into a stew pan with three pints of milk, a quarter of a pound of sugar, and a little nutmeg; place at the corner of the stove; when properly swelled take it out flavor to taste, add four eggs, and boil in a basin for one hour; serve with black cherry arrow-root sauce.

POTATO SALAD.—This is Berlin fashion. Take your potatoes, not too large ones, and boil them; potatoes that are mealy are not good; when cold, cut in slices and pour the oil on them, and let them stand a little while; slice a third of an onion as fine as possible, and one apple, and mix with the potatoes; add vinegar to taste; salt and pepper.

IMPORTANT.—Do not let your Druggist palm off on you any new, cheap remedy for colds when you inquire for Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup or you will be disappointed. Price, 25 cents a bottle.

HONEY PUDDING.—To half a pound of clear honey add six ounces of butter, beat to a cream, add four ounces of bread crumbs; beat altogether for ten minutes with eight yolks of eggs; put into mould and boil for an hour and a half; orange arrow-root sauce.

KING GEORGE'S PUDDING.—One pint of breadcrumbs, half-pint of flour, teaspoonful of baking-powder sifted in flour, a little salt, half a pound of raisins, quarter of a pound of currants, quarter of a pound of chopped suet, coffee-cupful of milk, one egg; tied tightly in a bag and boiled three hours; to be eaten with hard sauce.

TAPIOCA PUDDING.—For a family of eight or ten persons one-half coffee-cup of tapioca put in a pint of milk to soak, and kept warm until it becomes soft; then add four eggs and two cups of sugar, butter the size of a butter-nut, and one teaspoonful of salt; when well beaten add two quarts of milk and flavor with vanilla or lemon; bake the same as a custard.

CATHOLIC Americans and others! send six cents for specimen of *The Illustrated Catholic American*, 11 Barclay St., New York. Bright pictures, stories, poems, and sketches.

SMALL-POX REMEDY.—One ounce of cream of tartar dissolved in a pint of water, drink at intervals when cold. It has cured thousands; never leaves a mark, never causes blindness and avoids tedious lingering.

DUTCH PANCAKES.—Two eggs well-beaten, two tablespoonfuls of shortening, a little salt, one teaspoonful of cream tartar, a half teaspoonful of soda, three and a half cupfuls of flour. Bake in a quick oven having your pans very hot when the batter is poured in.

A DULL HEADACHE, COSTIVENESS, LOW SPIRITS and NO APPETITE are some of the indications of a BILIOUS attack, arising from a torpid Liver. Dr. JAYNE'S SANATIVE PILLS will soon restore the Liver to action, drive all symptoms of biliousness from the system, and assist in bringing about a regular action of the bowels.

## HUMOROUS.

ONE terribly stormy night in bleak December, a United States vessel was wrecked off the coast of Jersey, and every soul save one, went down with the doomed craft. This one survivor seized a floating spar and was washed toward the shore, while innumerable kind hearted fellows of the Camden and Amboy Railroad clustered on the beach with ropes and boats. Slowly the unhappy mariner drifted to land, and as he exhaustedly caught the rope thrown to him, the kindly natives uttered an encouraging cheer.

"You are saved!" they shouted. "You are saved, and must show the conductor your tickets."

With the sea still boiling about him, the drowning stranger resisted the efforts to haul him ashore.

"Stop!" saig he in faint tones. "Tell me where I am! What country is this?"

They answered "New Jersey."

Scarcely had the name been uttered when the wretched stranger let go the rope, ejaculating as he did so, "I guess I'll float a little farther!"

He was never seen again.

POLITENESS to ladies is justly considered one of our national attributes, but while the native citizen keeps up a standard of gallantry, the imported article sometimes works defectively. A passenger in a crowded street car, observed the entrance of a man followed by a woman, and seeing that she looked tired and weak, he considerately arose and offered her his seat. Before she could take it however, the man had quietly filled the vacancy. "Here, just come out of that," said the passenger, "I didn't give my seat to you, but to that lady." To which the fellow replied, without offering to move: "O, yah, dot is all right—dot lady is mein vife."

VEGETINE in Powder Form comes within the reach of all. By making the medicine yourself you can, from a 50c. package containing the Barks, Roots and Herbs, make two bottles of the liquid Vegetine. Thousands will gladly avail themselves of this opportunity, who have the conveniences to make the medicine. Full directions in every package. Vegetine in Powder Form is sold by all druggists and general stores. If you cannot buy it of them, enclose fifty cents in postage stamps for one package, or one dollar for two packages, and I will send it by return mail. H. R. Stevens, Boston, Mass.

"THE young Duke of Portland, when ransacking some cupboards in the family mansion in Cavendish square the other day, came all at once upon a roll of some thousands of pounds in bank notes." They belong to an American editor. When an American editor goes to Europe and sleeps at the residence of a duke or a marquis he always, before retiring, conceals what loose change he has about him in the cupboard, out of reach of the servants. At least that is the way we do. And some editors are very forgetful.

A SHORT time since, a distinguished man of letters was taken by a friend to the house of a lady who is of a literary turn of mind, and who had gathered together a most select party to meet the eminent writer. But his eminence turned out to be particularly shy, and scarcely opened his mouth the whole evening. Some days after, the friend was calling on his late hostess. "Next time," said she, "you bring me an interesting book, be sure to have the leaves cut.

A DEADWOOD woman whose husband drew too near to a mule had her friends assemble at the funeral, and, as soon as the ceremony was through, stood up and was married to another man. Deadwood society was shocked; yes, shocked! They all agreed that there should have been an interlude of a dance after the funeral, while the bride went and changed her dress, for it was awful for a woman to be married in mourning. But then society folks always carp at and criticise each other in a spiteful way.

THE general talk is Dobbins' Electric Soap, (made by Cragin & Co., Philadelphia.) There never was a soap so highly and generally praised. It tells a story of its own merits, that cannot be contradicted. Try it.

IT's a good thing to have a man's thoughts turn to religious subjects, but when two men get to thinking of such matters and utter their thoughts and disagree and get mad and snuff the other up a chimney, it were better that they had thought of going fishing together and had snapped up a cent to see who should dig the bait.

THIS is the way a country doctor, according to a foreign exchange, consoled a widow: "I cannot tell how pained I was to hear that your husband had gone to heaven. We were bosom friends, but now we shall never meet again."

A CONTEMPORARY asks if a fish is weighed in its own scales? We should be much surprised to see any fish weighed out of his scales, is all we have to say in reply.

THERE is one beauty about the telephone that has not been enumerated in its lists of accomplishments. You can call a man a blink-eyed, freckled-faced liar without any immediate danger of being hit.

THE successful man has many imitators his peculiar line of business, but still there is only one originator. So, also, the great petroleum hair renewer. Carboline, as now improved and perfected, holds the palm against all imitators as a genuine article of merit. Try it.

"YOUNG ladies wear various kinds of birds on their spring hats." Young men wear only one kind of bird, but it never gets as high as their hat. We refer to the "swallow."

A PHYSICIAN has discovered that in small-pox poor people are pitted less than the rich. But poor people ought to be pitied more than the rich.

IT is said that a town in Nevada named Paradise, has one gin mill to every four inhabitants. It wouldn't be Paradise to some men, if it hadn't.

Gilt-edge Butter Maker.

makes July, August and Winter butter equal to best June product, Grocers pay 3 to 5 cents a pound extra for butter made with this powder. Guaranteed harmless. Increases production 6 to 10 per cent. Reduces time of churning one-half. Sold by druggists, grocers and general storekeepers. Send stamp for "Hints to Butter-Makers." Address, Butter Improvement Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

No one can enjoy life without health. By all means keep healthy. An ailment that prevails to great extent is Liver Complaint. Miserable are its victims! Headache, Indigestion, Biliousness, Sour Stomach, Constipation, Dyspepsia, Pain in the Side, Palpitation of the Heart, and other miseries are its attendants. Impure blood can be made pure; boils, sores, pimples and other eruptions removed, the skin assuming a clear and healthy appearance all by taking Simmons' Liver Regulator.

"My sufferings have been great. I have spent thousands of dollars, and traveled through many States seeking health in vain. I never expected to regain perfect health, but I thank God that Simmons' Liver Regulator has restored me to health and happiness. I felt impelled to write to you and have done my duty to suffering man and woman. My eldest daughter has taken it, and no Headache since.

C. HOLT, Chester, S. C."

*In South Africa* the curious phenomenon is observed of a river—the Zooga—which flows at one time to the east and at another to the west. This explanation is given by an eminent traveler and explorer: When the shallow Lake Ngama is filled up by the streams into it from the west, its waters pass through the Zooga to the salt lakes on the east; but when these streams do not pour in such an amount of water the level of the lake becomes very low, and the Zooga, often largely increased in volume from the overflowing salt lakes, sends its water into Lakes Ngama

*When* any surface which is to be varnished or pained has been previously varnished, and is found to be incrusted with dust or dirt, soap and water must be applied gently with a sponge, and great care taken every time after the sponge has been rubbed over the varnish to rinse it in clean water and to squeeze it thoroughly out before it be again dipped into the soap and water.

A CARD.—To all who are suffering from the errors and indiscretions of youth, nervous weakness, early decay, loss of manhood, etc., I will send a Recipe that will cure you, FREE OF CHARGE. This great remedy was discovered by a missionary in South America. Send a self-addressed envelope to the Rev. JOSEPH T. INMAN, Station D, New York City.

**The Voltaic Belt Co., Marshall, Mich.**

Will send their celebrated Electro Voltaic Belts to the afflicted upon 30 days's trial. Speedy cures guaranteed. They mean what they say. Write to them without delay

# Vegetine.

## The Great Blood Purifier.

**IN POWDER FORM.**

50 cts. a Package.

DR. W. ROSS WRITES:

SCROFULA, LIVER COMPLAINT, DYSPEPSIA, RHEUMATISM, WEAKNESS.

MR. H. R. STEVENS, Boston:

I have been practising medicine for 25 years, and as a remedy for Scrofula, Liver Complaint, Dyspepsia, Rheumatism, Weakness, and all diseases of the blood, I have never found its equal. I have sold Vegetine for seven years and have never had one bottle returned. I would heartily recommend it to those in need of a blood purifier. DR. W. ROSS, Druggist.

Sept. 18, 1878. Wilton, Iowa.

## Vegetine.

One Package in Powder Form Cured Scrofula.

**How to Reduce Your Doctor Bills.**

86 BREMEN ST., East Boston, Mass., September 30, 1879.

Dear Sir: My little daughter Stella has been afflicted a long time with Scrofula, suffering everything. I employed different physicians in East Boston but they helped her none. I bought some of your POWDER FORM VEGETINE, and my wife steeped it and gave it to the child according to the directions, and we were surprised in a fortnight's time to see how the child had gained in flesh and strength. She is now gaining every day, and I can cheerfu ly recommend your remedy to be the best we have ever tried.

Respectfully yours, J. T. WEBB.

VEGETINE

PREPARED BY

**H. R. STEVENS, Boston, Mass.**

Vegetine is Sold by All Druggists.

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# MAKE HENS LAY.

An English Veterinary Surgeon and Chemist, now traveling in this country, says that most of the Horse and Cattle Powders here are worthless trash. He says that Sheridan's Condition Powders are absolutely pure and immensely valuable. Nothing on earth will make hens lay like Sheridan's Condition Powders. Dose, one teaspoon to one pint of feed. Sold everywhere, or sent by mail for eight letter stamps. I. S. JOHNSON & CO., Bangor, Me.

# LANDRETHS' SEEDS

ARE THE BEST.

D. LANDRETH & SONS, 21 & 23 S. SIXTH ST. PHILADELPHIA.

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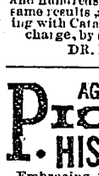

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