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"THE PRICE OF LIBERTY IS ETERNAL VIGILANCE."

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"NEVER MIND."

What's the use of always fretting
At the trials we shall find
Ever strewn along our pathway?
Travel on and "never mind."

Travel onward: working, hoping,
Cast no lingering glance behind
At the trials once encountered,
Look ahead, and "never mind."

What is past is past forever;
Let all fretting be resigned;
It will never help the matter—
Do your best, and 'never mind."

And if those who might befriend you,
Whom the ties of nature bind,
Should refuse to do their duty,
Look to Heaven and "never mind."

Friendly words are often spoken
When the feelings are unkind,
Take them for their real value,
Pass them by, and "never mind."

Fate may threaten, clouds may lower
Enemies may be combined;
If your trust in god is steadfast,
He will help you "never mind."

A Romance of the Pistol.

Barney McBriar was the hero and the terror of Mad Mule Flat. He was by profession a shootist, twenty-one years of age. His sole stock in trade consisted of two navy revolvers, a couple of derringers and a bowie knife. These articles never left his person. He sustained life, mainly, by swallowing daily an indefinite number of "whisky straights," for which no barkeeper ever thought of demanding pay. He ruled Mad Mule Flat with a rod of iron. His four pistol barrels were four literal, ruling rods of iron. His body was adorned with comely raiment, he lodged and fed sumptuously; his linen was of the purest and whitest; yet like unto the wild lilies of the valley, he neither toiled nor spun. The Israelitish clothing dealer groaned heavily in spirit when Barney McBriar entered his establishment and ordered of him a suit, yet he ventured no remonstrance. Why? Because it is unhealthy to irritate a shootist. Barney McBriar was a shootist.

At the tender age of nine years, Barney McBriar's schoolmarm one day boxed his ears. Whereupon little Barney whipped out a bowie knife, the present of a Texas uncle (whose last advice was never to take a blow from any man), and with it he explored the digestive organs of his female preceptress. The schoolmarm was ever afterwards afflicted with chronic dyspepsia, the effect of this cutting reproof. After this occurrence the Board of Education at Mad Mule Flat were unable to procure any more school-marms. So, little Barney's education was for a time neglected, although he managed to keep himself in practice by playfully shooting two of his little brothers, who were thereby maimed for life. Peleg Haddam kept school at Bull Tail Gulch. The interesting little Barney was sent to Mr. Haddam's seminary. When Mr. Haddam heard that he was to be patronized by the youthful McBriar, he made his will and had his life insured. "The wise man foreseeth evil, and hideth himself, but the simple pass on and are punished." Peleg Haddam next provided himself with a double-barrelled shot-gun. The juvenile McBriar heard of the military preparations of his future preceptor with coolness, merely remarking, "I'll get him yet."

It was a bright May morning in June. Peleg Haddam was running his school under a full head of steam. Suddenly he detected the sanguinary McBriar reading the "Life of Sixteen Stringed Jack." "Give me that book, yer, sir," said Peleg Haddam to Barney McBriar. "I won't." Peleg Haddam snatched the saffron-colored volume from his grasp. In an instant, little Barney jerked out his six-shooter and blew off Mr. Haddam's head! The school being without a head immediately broke up. Haddam was interred along with the school-marm, and the unfortunate pedantic couple formed a nucleus for Barney McBriar's cemetery. Public opinion was principally on the side of the gallant McBriar. He became an object of interest and sympathy, and henceforth was no longer regarded by his elders as a child. The Board of Education experienced a great difficulty in getting another target for Barney, as Bull Tail Flat was avoided by all paripatetic pedagogues. At length a discharged convict strayed into camp, and unaware of the risk he ran was induced to take the school at thirty dollars a month and "board around."

The discharged convict preceptor, complaining one morning that he was obliged to sleep, while boarding in a Dutch family along with four of his pupils, Barney McBriar, who allowed no one to abuse the inhabitants of the Flat save himself, "coolly blew the top of the convict's head off." He then gave himself up to the authorities. Forty-six of the leading and influential citizens of the town at once offered to give bail for Barney McBriar. The day of trial came. The Court, after sentencing Gin Hop, a Chinaman, to two years' imprisonment at San Quentin, for stealing a pair of boots, called the case of the People vs. McBriar. McBriar marched proudly into the court room. The trial lasted four hours. Forty or fifty witnesses testified favorably as to the moral character of the defendant. The jury were out five minutes, and returned a verdict of "Not Guilty." The court then adjourned, and everybody got drunk. Many young men reckoned that night as the proudest period of their existence, when they were fortunate enough to be introduced to Mr. McBriar and take him by the hand. He was the lion of the day, and after killing a couple of strangers that night, left the next morning, attended by a large concourse of friends.

Six years had elapsed. Barney McBriar and his friend McShoot were seated smoking on the piazza of the Magnolia Hotel. Barney was regarding, with an observant eye, his cemetery on the hillside, which had increased considerably in size, and was laid out in a neat and tasteful manner. Occasionally a citizen of the Flat, minus an arm, a nose, an ear, or a leg, limped past, the limping evidence of Barney's pistolary skill. Barney had been reading Malthus on population that morning and felt that something should be done to prevent the frightful increase of the human race. Moreover, he had killed no one for three days. His conscience troubled him. "There's one grave needed to make the number even on the left hand row of the third plat of my cemetery," said McBriar. "You mean the strangers' department?" said McShoot. "McBriarwood" was laid out in four separate plats. One for politicians, one for strangers, one for schoolmasters, and one for miscellaneous Chinamen. At that moment two well dressed strangers rode up to the door. "I say you, that's my horse," roared McBriar to one of the strangers. "I lost him two years ago. He has my brand on the off shoulder." "Why, my dear sir, I bought—" "You lie!" cried McBriar, rushing forward, pistol in hand, and seizing the animal by the bridle. The stranger made a motion with his hand as if to draw a pistol, when McBriar, without a moment's hesitation, "blew the top of his head off," and McShoot, who, during this altercation, had carefully kept the other stranger covered, also "blew the top of his head off."

"Hang it, we're no better off now than before," said McBriar.

"How so?" said McShoot.

"There were six graves on one side and seven on the other before, while now the number is still uneven, since there will be seven on one side and eight on the other," said McBriar.

During the conversation the two strangers died in a quiet, unobtrusive manner.

"Never mind. I'll make it all right," said McBriar, and so saying, he leveled his pistol at a traveling book and newspaper agent passing by, and skillfully "blew the top of his head off."

"Here, take these men and bury them," said McBriar to a passing tramp, giving him a dollar.

McBriar and McShoot gave themselves up to the Justice of the Peace. "Justifiable homicide, warn't it?" said the Justice. "Of course it was," said McBriar. "Why, the cusses, both carried concealed weapons."

"Well, I'll let you off this time, but you must be a little more careful, boys," said the Magistrate.

"O, you dry up," said McShoot, "or we'll blow the top of your head off."

The Magistrate was silent, but the insult was not forgotten.

That night, McBriar and McShoot were seated in the Magnolia, playing poker with two cattle drovers. In consideration of the fact that McBriar held as many aces as he wanted, and had every lounger in the room telegraphing to him, it is not singular that he had already won some two thousand dollars.

Just then a voice was heard at the door, saying, "McBriar, come out here a moment."

McBriar stepped to the door, put out his head, and the last vision on which his mortal eyes rested was the outraged Justice of the Peace, behind a large double-barrelled goose gun. The next moment came a stunning report, and McBriar had "the top of his head blown off."

McShoot ran to the assistance of his friend, but he was promptly met by the other barrel, and off went the top of his head.

Quiet now reigns in Bull Tail Flat.

Forgiving an Assault.

John Quincy Adams, when irritated, was not the mildest-mannered man that ever sat in Congress. But he was a Christian, and a word of apology, even from one who had grossly insulted him, would banish all resentment from his heart. One day, some thirty-four years ago, while Mr. Adams was busy in his seat in the House of Representatives, a page approached and said that a Mr. Sangster desired to speak with him at the door. Going out, the old man was met by that person, who, in an angry tone, exclaimed:

"You are wrong, you are wrong, and I will kick you!"

First, thrusting his right hand in Mr. Adams' face, he drew back to strike him. But the old gentleman was too quick for his cowardly assailant. In an instant the man's wrists were seized, and he found himself powerless in Mr. Adams' vigorous grasp. The bystanders interfered, and Sangster was locked up in jail. Thence he wrote a letter to Mr. Adams, apologizing for the assault, and attributing it to sudden passion. He was tried, and Mr. Adams, being called as a witness, described the assault, but said that, from the moment he received Sangster's apology, all resentment had been eradicated, and that he would have been pleased if the case had not been prosecuted. The court, however, sentenced the assailant to thirty days' imprisonment and one hundred dollars fine.

Lobster Catching.

The lobster is often caught in a kind of trap or "lobster-pot," as it is often called. It is made with narrow strips of board or lath nailed upon strong hoops, so as to give it an oval form upon the top. Inside are placed stones to sink it to a certain depth. At each end of the pot is a network of cord fastened to a small hoop in the centre of the net. Through the hoop of six inches in diameter, perhaps the lobster struggles to get the bait placed inside the cage. But when once in he finds himself a prisoner; for he cannot retreat at the same door by which he entered. The situation of the trap is marked by a buoy, and is visited at intervals to remove the game and make room for others. They are sometimes caught with merely a piece of fish tied to the end of a string—the lobster conveys the bait to his mouth with his claws, and will let you draw him to the surface if you do it quietly so as not to alarm him; but if frightened in the least he is off like a flash. You must grasp him the instant his horns are out of the water. In this country the lobster is found from the coast of New York, Northward; the best are taken on the rocky shores of New England, North of Cape Cod. Fishermen at Marshfield and Plymouth, Mass., catch from 50,000 to 100,000 a year, which are sold to Boston dealers. Great numbers have been put up in cans and shipped abroad. The packing houses of Portland, Me., send large quantities in tins to England. It is said that the demand for canned lobsters in America equals the supply.

Given Up by Doctors.

"Is it possible that Mr. Godfrey is up and at work, and cured by so simple a remedy?"

"I assure you that it is true that he is entirely cured, and with nothing but Hop Bitters; and only ten days ago his doctors gave him up and said he must die!"

"Well-a-day! That is remarkable! I will go this day and get some for my poor George. I know hops are good."

Thrilling Adventures With Tigers.

Dr. Wilson tells the following stories in relation to interviews with tigers in New Granada. "On the Magdalena river a fellow traveler pointed out to us his farm, and also his two dogs, which gaze at us as we pass at some distance from the shore, and which he assures us, are masters in the art of trailing the tiger and bringing him to bay while himself and comrades surround him with strong spears, upon which he rushes to his destruction. These spears have cross pieces at the distance of eighteen inches from their points, in order to keep the fierce brute at a safe distance after he is penetrated by the spear. The hunters here fear to attack the tiger with the rifle, because, if not hit in a vital part by the first shot, they will inevitably destroy the hunter, because his terrible charge must unnerve the stoutest heart and steadiest aim, so that it would be only a very lucky bullet that would arrest his fearful onslaught. The tigers have killed thirty-three cattle on the farm of our fellow passenger during the last two years, and he and his assistants have killed twenty-one tigers in retaliation. Their favorite mode of attack upon grown cattle is to stealthily approach and spring upon them while sleeping, and bite them through the nape of the neck, just as their smaller feline relatives do their prey; but they often dispatch horses and mules by a single blow of their powerful claws upon the head, after which they eat away the breast and neck, frequently returning for a second meal the following night. It seldom attacks man, and only when pressed with hunger, or when the victim is found sleeping, then he cleaves open his skull with a terrible stroke of his powerful paw. When attacked, however, he does not fail to return the aggression with fearful earnestness.

Our captain relates one of the former cases that happened to his knowledge during the last year, viz.: It is the custom of woodchoppers along the river, when their huts are in isolated spots, to construct a high scaffold or garret, to which they ascend to sleep by a ladder, which they draw up after them; but one who had not yet finished his hut, located at the confluence of a considerable creek with the Magdalena, had neglected the usual precaution of building a fire and keeping it burning during the night in order to frighten away the tigers that might be prowling about his camp. As it was a bright moonlight night he chose, instead, to sit by his door with his rifle, on guard, while his wife slept. Towards morning the wife awoke, and insisted on relieving her husband of the watch, in order that he might get some sleep and be refreshed for the next day's labor. He consented, and when he awoke in the morning the wife was missing. Eagerly he sought and called aloud for his missing companion, but all in vain, till on nearing the creek he discovered in the sand a trail as if something like a body had been dragged along, and tiger tracks by its side, lent a painful probability to his horrible suspicions. Following the trail it soon led into the water; procuring his canoe and rifle he struck the trail on the opposite side of the creek, and not far away, came upon the mangled, half-devoured remains of his missing wife, with skull crushed in, showing that death had probably surprised her so instantaneously that she had no time for outcry. Knowing the habits of the fierce brute after gorging himself, the husband peered about in the direction of the tracks, and soon discovered him asleep under the edge of the jungle. Creeping to a sure distance and taking careful aim he sent a leaden messenger of death crashing through its brain. With his own hands the woodman performed the mournful task of gathering the mutilated remains of his loved companion into his canoe, to which he also dragged the body of her slayer, and commenced his solemn retreat to the nearest hamlet.

A passenger told of another case he knew, of recent occurrence, in which a man and his son, camping for the night, had built the usual fire, which the tigers seldom approach wrapped themselves in their blankets and had themselves down to sleep with their dog between them as guardian. Towards morning their fire had gone out and suddenly, strange, rushing, bustling and yelping noises and cries startled them from their slumbers. Springing to their feet and staring wildly about them nothing was to be seen, except the dog was missing and, without doubt had paid the penalty allotted to sleeping sentinels. At low stages of the water in this river, tiger tracks are very numerous upon the sand, and we are told these animals are not unfrequently seen swimming across the river. The alligators which infest these turbulent waters, and which do not fail to snatch the luckless homo that falls into them, respects the presence of this august quadruped, perhaps on account of the terrible weapons with which his powerful paws are armed. Our captain recently saw one of these respectable carnivora swimming the river but a short distance ahead of the boat, and gave him chase with the intention of running him down. The brute reached shoal water, however, when the boat was very near to him, and looked back over his shoulder at his pursuers with an air of dignified indifference.

"The Truth the Whole Truth, and"——

The other day it was necessary for Mr Pinder to go into court as a witness. Mr. Pinder knows the nature of an oath, and he isn't a man who would perjure himself for the biggist and best farm in Michigan. Mr. Pinder was ordered to stand up, raise his right hand, and swear that he would tell the truth, the whole truth, and nothing but the truth. Then he sat down and a lawyer began:

"Mr. Pinder, you saw the affair, did you?"

"I did."

"Well, state to the jury what took place."

"Well, I was sitting in the house, and my wife suddenly called——"

"Never mind your wife, Mr. Pinder," interrupted the lawyer.

"Why, sir, my wife called to——"

"Never mind your wife, I say! I want to know what you know."

Mr. Pinder had been sworn to tell the truth, and the whole truth, but right at the outset the lawyer wouldn't let him do either one. Then he began:

"I was sitting in my house, when——"

"I don't want to know what happened in your house. A fight took place in the street, and if you were on the spot I want to know it."

"Well, I heard loud talking and——"

"I want to know whether you saw the defendent strike the plaintiff," interrupted the lawyer.

Mr. Pinder had sworn to tell all about it in a truthful manner, but he was now ordered to leave out more than half of "the whole truth" and begin where it suited the lawyer.

"When I crossed the street a woman said——"

"I don't care what a woman said, sir!" shouted the lawyer.

What that woman said should have been told, according to the oath taken, but the lawyer wouldn't have it.

"Well, I saw two men fighting—the plaintiff and defendant here," observed Mr. Pinder.

"Do you swear that these were the men?"

Mr. Pinder had sworn to tell "the truth, the whole truth, and nothing but the truth," and the lawyer turned right about and hinted that he might not have seen the men he had sworn he saw!

"These were the two men," he answered.

"And you saw blows struck?"

"I did."

"Now, we claim that not a single blow passed!" shouted the lawyer.

"He was defending a man with a black eye and a busted nose, who had been arrested while fighting, and Mr. Pinder had seen the fight, and yet he claimed that Pinder didn't see a blow struck.

"I heard——"

"No matter what you heard."

Mr. Pinder had heard plaintiff dare defendant to strike him; and he had sworn to tell the truth, and yet the lawyer forced him into perjury. He wouldn't let him tell the whole truth—nor even half of it.

"Did you see blows passed?" resumed the lawyer.

"I did."

"And you saw the plaintiff strike the defendant first?"

"No, sir; the defendant struck first."

"What! Do you know what you are swearing to? Didn't you just take an oath to tell the truth in this case?"

"I did."

"And now you are trying to mislead the jury by suppressing part of the truth—by telling what you wish to and suppressing what you don't."

"No, sir. Just as I heard——"

"You heard!" We don't want to know what you heard!"

Mr. Pinder didn't want to suppress anything, but he was forced to; he wanted to tell all about it, but they wouldn't let him; he wanted to tell the whole truth, but they wouldn't have it. They made perjure himself while swearing to tell the truth, the whole truth and nothing but the truth.

English Excursion Steamers.

The Thames fleet number sixty-two steamers, most of them marvels of inconvenience; long, narrow, black and low in the water. The passenger on deck has no protection from the sun, rain or dew, and below his only refuge is in a dreadful little cock-pit 'twere only irony to call a cabin in which 'refreshments,' chiefly spiritual, are sold by the cockneyest of cockneys. One feature which illustrates the astonishing an archronism embodied in the boats is the means of communication between the captain on the bridge and the engineer. A bell or speaking-tube would certainly be the safest and most economical, but apparently because the first ferry-boats employed an intermediary small boy to stand under the bridge and repeat the captain's orders, the same method has been continued in the latest additions to the fleet. The captain motions with his hand. "Slow her!" calls the intermediary, and the engineer repeats, "Slow her!" suiting the action to the word. Again the captain motions. "Stop her!" calls the observant small boy, and the engineer echoes the instructions to show that he has heard them. The boats could not be larger than they are, owing to the bridges across the river, and as it is they are compelled to lower their smoke-stacks in passing under the arches, which to an American who sees it for the first time is a somewhat startling operation, while to everybody it is disagreeable. The pipe is hinged at the base, and as it is turned over the black bituminous smoke beclouds the passengers seated astern. These are vessels by which London travels to Westminster, Battersea, Chelsea and Kew. They make frequent landings on both sides of the river, and are extensively used by people going east or west, as they are more expeditious than the omnibusses and much cheaper than omnibuses or the under-ground railways. At all seasons, however, they have an air of festivity derived from a portion of pleasure seekers, who with that English fondness for the water which seeks gratification even if the sea is seventy miles away and the tide is turbid as the Thames at London bridge, spends twopence or fourpence in the unexciting passage up the river and feel like great travelers in disembarking. A band of two or three pieces, a harp and a cornet, perhaps, or a company of three grotesquely-robed negro minstrels, so common in the vagabond entertainments of the London streets, add to the holiday element, and while at all times the boats are crowded they are often over crowded.

"A Month Afterwards."

An aged man came into the office recently. Deep eyed sadness sat on his eyebrows, like a frog on the shore of a mill pond. His attire was faultless in regard to ventilation; in fact he looked as if he was a model of some house that manufactured ventilators. His shoes showed two long slits for admitting air, which could come out of his knees, elbows or hat, the whole system of ventilation being perfect and complete. He hung his hat up on the third hook from the door, being the one set in diamonds, and drawing our new morocco footstool up to his feet sat down and opened fire.

"I am probably the only survivor of one of the most desperate charges at Gettysburg," said he. "I was on the very spot which the rebels and the Union soldiers charged over ten times, and I never stirred out of my tracks. I was right where fifteen cannon balls tore up the earth in every direction, tearing men to pieces and finally flinging back the torn armies in confusion."

"Did you escape?" we asked.

"I did."

"You escaped? But you were wounded?"

"No sir, I was not touched."

"You were not even wounded?"

"Not much."

"But certainly your clothes were pierced with bullets?"

"Not a bit of it. Narry a bullet."

"And yet you want money. No sir! Had your head been shot off, or a cannon ball torn you in bits, or 229 bullets been lodged in your body, we might have given you ten cents, but as it is charity must begin at home. John bring us a five cent cigar."

"But I'm the only survivor," persisted this old veteran.

"Then go and hire a hall and charge ten cents for the exhibition."

"Exhibition be hanged," said he. "Give me ten cents and I'll tell you how I didn't get killed."

It was a tempting bait and was taken. Then he sidled towards the door as he remarked: "I was on the very spot where that charge was made, I stood where the bullets fell like rain, but—'twas a month after it happened."

A Tramp's Soup Stone.

A lady at the outskirts of Easton, Pa. was the victim the other day of a tramp's practical joke. Even in these vagabonds there is an occasional vein of humor which is worth preserving. The incident happened in this wise: About the middle of the afternoon a tramp put in an appearance and asked politely if he could be permitted to cook for himself a plate of soup.

"I have the ingredients with me," he said, displaying a cobblestone about the size of an apple.

The lady very naturally looked at him in surprise.

"You can't make soup out of that rock, can you?" she inquired.

"Oh, yes, madam. That is what we call a soup stone."

"Well, I should like to see you do it?" and she forthwith made up a fire in the stove and the tramp commenced operations. He filled a stew pan with water, and after it commenced to boil, very carefully deposited the stone in a pan in the water.

"I shall have to trouble you for a little seasoning," he said, and the lady hastened to get him an onion, a piece of meat, and a tomato. These were carefully cut up and put in to boil along with the stone. In a short time a delicious plate of soup was prepared. The lady tasted it and was delighted with the flavor. The fellow sat down and ate, and his hostess immediately added what was necessary to make a substantial meal. When he left he said that he could get plenty of soup stones on his way, and he would leave that one with her as an evidence of how sincerely he appreciated her kindness. She was firmly convinced that she had come into possession of a treasure. That night she told her husband of the circumstance. He listened to the recital and then inquired innocently:

"Don't you think the meat and the onion and the tomato would have made a verry good plate of soup without the rock?"

Gradually the trick began to dawn upon her, and if you want to make that lady mad, you have only to ask her for the loan of her soup stone.

Origin of the Turkey.

All that seems to be known about the origin of the turkey is that it is a native of America, and was introduced into England in the times of Henry the Eighth, by William Strickland, lieutenant to Sebastian Cabot. Benjamin Franklin, once upon a time, is said to have remarked that the wild turkey, instead of the eagle, should have been made the emblem of the United States, as the log cabin of the pioneer in his day was surrounded by these birds. The first turkey seen in France was served up at the wedding feast of Charles IX., 1564. Since that day turkeys have been the nucleus for wedding feasts and Thanksgiving dinners, and that is all we know about the bird, unless we repeat, what is already too well known, that newspaper men have always held that a cut from the forward part of a turkey's carcass, smothered in gravy and surrounded by about a pound and a half of artificial intestines, is a dish not in the least detrimental to health, and one which no newspaper man ever hesitates to tackle when a favorable opportunity is afforded.

FOOD FOR THOUGHT.

Righteousness is immortal.

Examples are the best lessons for youth.

Light cares speak—great one are dumb.

If it were not for hopes the heart would break.

Honest men's words are as good as their bonds.

He hath lived ill who knows not how to die well.

As love speaks no evil, so envy speaks no good.

Children are certain cares but uncertain comforts.

An hour of pain is as long as a day of pleasure.

Choose a wife rather by your ear than your eye.

Attention to little things is the economy of virtue.

Blessings are often not valued till they are gone.

All between the cradle and the coffin is uncertain.

Charity begins at home, but should not end there.

He that gives his heart will not deny his money.

Dost thou love life, then do not squander time, for that is the stuff life is made of.

Good thoughts, like rose leaves, give out a sweet smell if laid up in the jar of memory.

The wealth of a man is the number of things that he loves and blesses, that he is loved and blessed by.

The most terrific storm of real woe in a man's heart rarely flings its froth and foam as high as his lips.

Evil is like a nightmare; the instant you begin to strive with it, to bestir yourself, it is already ended.

The praise and blame which hang on the lowest boughs, and may be easily plucked, are generally worthless.

Domestic rule is founded upon truth and love, If it has not both of these, it is nothing better than a despotism.

Measure Christianity by its teachings, and not by the short-sighted, selfish practices of a few unworthy followers.

Some thoughts are prayers. There are moments when, whatever be the attitude of the body, the soul is on its knees.

There is just now a great clamor and demand for "culture," but it is not so much culture that is needed as discipline

How great one's virtue is best appears by occasions of adversity; for occasions do not make a man frail, but show what he is.

The hardest life a man can lead on earth, the most fertile of misery, is to be always doing his own will and seeking to please himself.

You destroy the divine image in your soul by sadness. All nature rejoices in its Creator. Would you remain in a sorrowful silence?

There is in Christianity light enough for those who sincerely wish to see it, and darkness enough to confound those of an opposite disposition,

If thou carry the cross willingly, it will carry thee and bring thee to thy desired end—to wit, to take place where there will be an end of suffering.

Never refuse to receive an apology. You may not receive friendship, but courtesy will require, when an apology is offered, that you accept of it.

As pills that are outwardly fair, gilt and rolled in sugar, but within are full of bitterness, even so lustful pleasure is no sooner hatched, but repentance is at hand ready to supplant her.

We love our friends all the time—when we are absorbed in working for them that we seldom think of them, as well as when telling them of our regards.

Wealth bears heavier on talent than poverty. Under gold mountains and stones who knows how many a spiritual giant may be crushed down and buried.

You will generally suffer for wishing to appear other than what you are, whether it be richer, or greater or more learned. The mask soon becomes an instrument of torture.

He who spends his life in accumulating knowledge which is never adapted to the wants of society is a literary miser. His gainings bear no interest, and he defrauds mankind of their just dues.

But little do men perceive what solitude is, and how far it extends. For a crowd is no company; men's faces are but like pictures in a gallery, and talk but a tinkling cymbal, where there is no love.

If men would use as much diligence in rooting out vices and planting virtues, as they do in proposing questions there would not be so great evils committed nor scandals among the people, nor so much relaxation in monasteries.

There is still such a reality as intellectual honesty, even in our easy going days. It does matter what a man believes, though some of us have been forward and foolish enough to say that it did not.

We must not make unseasonable allusions to religion, or irritate by misplaced solemnity. An inward inspiration, or momentary elevation of the soul to God, will often do more even for others than the hearing of an open testimony, which principle does not require and at which offence will most inevitably be taken.

Calling on a fellow director at the Royal Institution, who was partially paralyzed, Faraday said, "You and I are waiting; and we must try and do it patiently." To the Count of Paris who had invited him to Twickenham, he wrote, "I bow before Him who is Lord of all, and hope to be kept waiting patiently for His time and mode of releasing me according to His Divine word, and the great and precious promises whereby His people are made partakers of the Divine nature." To another friend he wrote, "I have told several what may be my own desire—to have a plain simple funeral, attended by none but my own relatives, followed by a gravestone of the most ordinary kind, in the simplest earthly place." When askep how he was he answered, "Just waiting;" and he sat at the window of the house at Hampton Court watching now the people on the green, now the ever changing beauty of the clouds.

The Republican.

SATURDAY, MAY 31, 1879.

THE PRESS CONVENTION.

The Alabama editors met in Gadsden Wednesday the 28th ult., in annual convention. In company with Maj. Hammond and two ladies of this place, we reached Gadsden Tuesday evening, and found every thing in readiness for the reception of the expected guests of the city, who were to arrive on the train at 6 o'clock that evening. On arrival, the party were met by a deputation of citizens, an eloquent speech of welcome was delivered by Col. Denson, and each one was assigned a place in the hospitable homes of the people of Gadsden. It was our fortune to fall into good hands, and our case was not exceptional. Every member of the party so reported, and it was the universal verdict of the editors that for open-hearted hospitality, consideration for the comfort of guests, and all the amenities that grace a refined social life, Gadsden had no superior in the State. She was the toast throughout the trip, and the brief time spent among her noble-hearted people will ever remain one of the most pleasant recollections in the lives of every member of the party.

If our readers will pardon a personal allusion in this connection, we will pause to say that we love Gadsden, and count among her generous people, some of the best friends we have ever had. We love her for cause. It was there we laid the foundation of our present enormous wealth, and that too in the newspaper business. When the county of Baine (now Etowah) was formed, there was to be an election for county site, and Gadsden had a rival candidate for the honor in the town of Attalla, some five miles distant. We were then engaged on the Republican. We received a letter from that embodiment of energy and enterprise, Col. Kyle, asking us to print a campaign paper in the interest of Gadsden. It was printed in the Republican office and dated and issued at Gadsden, and its brilliant prophecies of the future glory and commercial greatness of Gadsden were astonishing to read. But notwithstanding all the articles of the Times, and the dazzling offers of the municipality of Gadsden, voters were supposed to be somewhat obdurate. About this time Col Kyle turned loose on them his "cornucopia" article, painting the hidden wealth of the country about Gadsden in colors before which the richest stories of the fabled valleys of the Arabian Nights appeared but flat. This put the voters to thinking. After this followed an article on Gadsden's future railroad connections. It was as gorgeous as a dream of empire, and closed with a prophecy to the effect that the time was not far distant when the people of Gadsden could stand in their doorways, and shielding their eyes from the glare of an evening sun, behold long trains of cars, laden with the wealth of the Orient, aromantic with the scent of spices, bearing strange men, clothed in flowing robes and speaking an unknown tongue; and as their eyes were greeted with this Vision of the East, their ears would discover commingled with the shriek of the locomotive, the roaring of the lion, the scream of the panther and the chattering of monkeys. This brought the voters, and Gadsden was elected county site by a very large majority.—Subsequently we carried press and type there, and founded the Times, now so ably conducted by Mr. Meeks. We have another and stronger reason for loving Gadsden. It was there we spent the honeymoon of our married life—the realization of "love's young dream." The happiest days we have ever seen on earth were spent among her warm-hearted people, and we shall ever regard with solicitude her fortunes, and rejoice in every evidence of her prosperity. We speak from a knowledge that comes of long residence among a people, when we say, that a more refined, cultivated, warm-hearted community does not exist in the State. Gadsden was but her natural self when she indulged in the open-hearted hospitality which so delighted our editorial party and made every member of it and his wife her friend forever. She has not quite attained all prophecied for her, but she has done us much in another direction. The Vision of the East is lacking, but then undreamed of industries have opened up in her vast lumber interests, while the development of vast deposits of coal and iron, almost within her corporate limits, begins to look as if the "cornucopia" article was to be realized at last to the fullest extent of its promise. A blast furnace will be shortly built to utilize the coal and iron lying so contiguous, one to the other, and then Gadsden will run where she has heretofore walked. It is only a question of time when Gadsden will become a great city. The opening of the Coosa will induce the building of the road from this place to Guntersville, which is already nearly graded, and then Gadsden will have five outlets—by river to Rome; by river to Mobile; by rail to Chattanooga; by rail to Guntersville on the Tennessee river, and by rail to this place, connecting with the Selma, Rome and Dalton railroad. The river will be opened. The work already done demonstrates the practicability of the enterprise; the people of Georgia and Alabama clamor for it, and Congress is kindly disposed towards it; for it is recognized by all intelligent men as a work of national importance and one that will be of national benefit.

Wednesday the press party and citizens of Gadsden visited the famous Black Creek Falls, near Gadsden, the most attractive resort for scenery, health giving air and mineral waters, in combination on this continent. Every summer Gadsden is crowded with visitors who flock to this point to enjoy the advantages to be derived from it. Our readers live near and most of them are already acquainted with Black Creek Falls, and we shall attempt no description of the place. It far surpassed the expectations of those of the editorial party who had never witnessed it. Even Bill Arp, who had run down to take a look at the Alabama editors, went into ecstasies and showed all the enthusiasm of a school girl over its beauties.

Wednesday evening the steamer Magnolia from Rome came down, bearing a number of citizens of that eterprising city. These had been sent by the Rome chamber of commerce to tender the editors an excursion to the Government works below Gadsden. After the annual oration at the court house by Mr. Grubbs of the Decatur News, the whole editorial party, and the Romans and invited guests from the city of Gadsden repaired to the Exchange hotel, where an elegant banquet awaited them. Owing to the difficulty of speaking in the crush, the regular toasts were postponed until the following day, when the party should meet on the steamer Magnolia. At sharp 7 o'clock the next morning, Thursday, the whistle blew for Greensport, and soon the party were afloat on the bosom of the beautiful Coosa, *en route* to witness Uncle Sam's efforts to overcome the difficulties of nature in the interests of commerce. We did not go on this trip, but spent the time visiting friends in Gadsden. With the return of the party in the evening, the special train that Supt. Ball had placed at the disposal of the editors, was fired up, and soon moved out for Chattanooga. The people of Gadsden were at the depot to bid the party good-bye, and as the train glided off, three rousing cheers went up from the editors on board for Gadsden and her fair women. The ladies of our party, less vociferous, waved their handkerchiefs in adieu, and thus ended one of the most pleasant visits the Association has made since its organization

Reaching Chattanooga Thursday evening, the entire party took rooms at the Stanton House, and from thence next day went in carriages to Lookout Mountain. A day was spent most pleasantly here. The party took dinner at the Rock Bridge hotel on top of the mountain. Special preparation had been made for their entertainment. Leaving the party here, the writer and wife and Mr. Hammond and daughter returned to Chattanooga in the evening, and after looking over the city some hours, took the train for Dalton and came on home by way of the Selma, Rome and Dalton Railroad. The other Excursionists remained over in Chattanooga that night and took a special train for home next morning, the trip to Mammoth Cave being abandoned on account of the excessive heat.

Many of the editors had their wives or lady relatives with them, which added a charm to the trip it otherwise would not have had. At least half the party were ladies. and most charming ladies too, we *must* say if we *are* a married man. Gov. Cobb and daughter, by special invitation, formed a portion of the party and contributed in no small degree to the pleasure of the trip. The Governor was frequently called out and most happily responded in every instance.

As to the business of the convention, we do not suppose that would much interest our readers. President Screws delivered a felicitous address, which we'll publish; and resolutions expressive of the thanks of the party to the people of Gadsden were passed, which we will publish at a future time; as well as some extracts from the annual oration, perhaps. The old officers were unanimously reelected and Tuscaloosa was selected as the place of meeting next year. May we all live to be there!

THE DIFFERENCE.

The moonshiner of the mountain is in favor of State rights. He does not think the Federal Government has any right to peer over the tops of the rocks and tithe his mountain dew.—Cin. Commercial.

To this the Chicago Times replies very happily: Plant a whiskey thief in Cincinnati, Peoria, Milwaukee, St. Louis, or Chicago; let him corrupt gaugers, and storekeepers, and collectors, and editors, and party politicians, and let him defraud the Government of millions upon millions of the revenue, and he is pardoned by a Republican administration. He resumes his business in due time: his editors commence to boom for Grant or seek to pull down the bench whence he was sentenced; he is sleek, well-fed, pompered. But let a poor devil of a mountaineer, whose apparatus wouldn't distil enough stuff to keep a Miihagan Senator in bad humor, seek to defraud the Government of a little revenue in order to keep soul and body together, and he is hunted down with all the vigilance of a sleuth hound. He hasn't anything with which to grease the wheels of official machinery, and he's doomed not only as a defrauder of his country, but as a Southern traitor who defies the General Government. The colossal rogues go scot free. The poor devils in the mountains of North Carolina, Tennessee and Kentucky are hunted mercilessly. It is always so—"Plate sin in gold and the strong lance of justice hurtless breaks—arm it in rags, a pigmy's straw does pierce it."

The policy of the Federal Government, so earnestly and truthfully exposed, by the Chicago Times, has been practically demonstrated by the outrages committed by revenue officials upon the inhabitants of our sister county Cleburne. But by a course of moderation and prudence, by a cheerful recognition of the authority of the Federal courts the people of Cleburne have completely vindicated themselves, and turned hurtless aside the shafts of persecution aimed at her. We hope the day may soon come when the Government will fall completely into the hands of the Democratic party, which knows no distinction between the rich and poor, the city liquor prince or the poor man who makes his home in the fastnesses of the mountains, and enjoys the fruits of his labor as God has given him the right to do.

FROM WASHINGTON.

Washington, May 31.

At a joint meeting of the Committee of the Senate and House of the Democratic caucauses, it was decided to recommend that the army appropriation bill be passed in the usual form, making appropriations for the entire year, but with the proviso that no monies so appropriated, shall be used for employing the army for police purposes at the polls; also that the Legislature Bill be passed in like manner, but omitting the provision for surpervisors of elections and deputy marshals, also that the clauses in relation to the repeal of the test oath law and the modification of the Jury system be passed as a separate bill.

Two advisory committees of the House and Senate Democratic caucauses held a joint meeting to-day and reached substantially a unanimous agreement as to the course of action that should be adopted by the dominant party with regard to the appropriation bills. After a very full interchange of views and especially minute examinations of the President's veto message in connection with sundry existing statutes prohibiting interference by the army with elections, it was decided to recommend immediate passage of a bill making the usual appropriations for the support of the army throughout the next fiscal year, but containing the proviso, that no portion of the money therein appropriated shall be used for the pay, transportation, equipment, or subsistence of any troops used for police purposes to keep the peace at the polls. It was further decided to recommend the passage of the legislative, executive, and judicial appropriation bill in substantially the same terms as last year's bill and for the same amounts, except that they shall be more minutely specified; and except, also, that it shall not make any provision for the pay of supervisors, or deputy marshals of election.

The new bill will however, contain a clause providing that no officer shall be appointed, or obligation incurred, for any object for which specific appropriation shall not have been made by Congress. This clause is already on the book, with the excention of the words "or obligation incurred,", And there is also a law existing which prohibits the diversion of any appropriation to any purpose from that for which it has been specifically made.

The committees next agreed to recommend the passage of a separate measure embodying those sections of the vetoed appropriation bills which provide for amendments of the law concerning the method of drawing the juries, and for the total abolition of the juror's test oath. In view of the fact that the President, in his veto message, makes no comment on these, it is believed he will promptly approve them when presented to him by an independent bill.

It was also agreed to-day, in behalf of the adoption of the programme above outlined, that the President cannot justifiably with-hold his signature from the appropriation bill, merely because it omits to make provision for a particular object, and that in the anticipated event of his approving the present bills, the Democrats will have accomplished for the next year exactly what they would have accomplished for an indefinite period of law, by former bills, and what they may continue to accomplish by similar legislation as long as they remain in power.

The joint meeting was adjourned until Monday, by which time the recommendations agreed upon, will have been promulgated in appropriate phraseology by a subcommittee, consisting of Senators Thurman, Eaton, Vance and Baily, and Representatives Chambers, Springer, Ewing and Reagan, and submitted for final approval preparatory to their presentation to the joint caucus of the Democratic members of both houses, which will probably be held Monday evening.

In response to the objection raised by a few of those who participated in the meeting that the adoption of this policy will be construed as a backing down on the part of the Democracy. Its advocates made the point, that although there have been individual utterances in favor of withholding supplies in the event of the failure to secure the enactment of the political clauses originally embodied in the appropriation bills it is not true that any such stand has ever been taken by authority of the party, on the pending question. Whether such stand should be taken has never been acted upon by a Democratic caucus of either branch of Congress or by a Caucus Committee until this afternoon In response to Kellogg's letter requesting the same privilege as accorded to Spofford, the Committee on Privileges and Elections agreed to furnish Kellogg with a Sergent at Arms to accompany him to Louisiana with subpoenas to summon eight witnesses, the same number allowed Spofford.

Washington, June 2.—A caucus of Republican Senators to-day considered Bayard's bill to repeal sections 820 and 821 of the revised statutes. The unanimous opinion was that section 820 prescribing a test oath should be repealed. The other section of U. S. Judges in excluding from juries participating in the Rebellion. The caucus held that this section had never been and is not likely to be abused and should stand. No other question came up.

The new Democratic programme relative to the Appropriation bills was incidentally mentioned, and though not discussed the general sentiment in conversation favored objection to all attempts of Democrats to accomplish by indirection, what heretofore has been unsuccessfully attempted openly. It was determined to defer discussion of the question until the next bill is printed and critically examined.

Washington, May 2.—House: The election bill provides that on the day appointed for a general or special election of Representatives in Congress, no soldier stationed within two miles of any polling place shall be allowed to go out of the barracks except to relieve guard or to vote, when he shall return immediately.

Waive Notes at this Office for sale

Weather for June.

OFFICE SOUTHERN ÆGIS,
ASHVILLE, ALA., May 26, 1879.

Area—from the Lakes to the Gulf and from the Atlantic to the Mississippi.

About 3-7 cooling development—rain preceding. Thunder storms over the entire area—hail and increasing magnetic display—storms continuing up to the 12th.

About 17-21 cooling development—rain preceeding and following. Continuation of magnetic storms through the month.

The hottest weather of the year will probably be experienced about 20-26—excepting the nights

The change of temperature for cooling weather must be noted in the night time, owing to the weather paradox, of which we will have something to say shortly.

HAMILTON CULTIVATOR.

HUGHE'S Sulky Plows, two or three horse, with redland bottoms, guaranteed to scour; Reapers, Mowers and Sulky Rakes, Hamilton Cultivator, putting up a bed and finishing a row at ONE furrow in superior style. Also two horse handle plows, guaranteed to scour in F.d land.

J. E. WELCH, Agent.

Alpine, April, 22, 1879.

May 10, 1879.

M. H Cruikshank, Esqr.

Mr. Editor, The great leakage in the farm is the COST OF LABOR—stop that leak and prosperity will greet the farmer with earnest and full hand. I would call the attention of the farmers of Talladega county to the testimony of men whom they know.

J. E. WELCH.

Mr. J. E. WELCH—Sir: The Hamilton Cultivator purchased of you does its work almost to perfection. It is durable, does its work thoroughly and a great deal of it. To the farmer it is timely, being as it is, the greatest labor-saving implement in cultivation ever yet presented to them.

W. T. WEBB. | O. M. REYNOLDS,
W. A. WELCH, | C. M. TAUL.

Talladega, May 12, 1879.

J. E. WELCH, Esqr.—Dear Sir: I have gone over my corn twice with the Hamilton Cultivator, and don't want any thing better for corn culture—it is quite the thing. The proof of the pudding is the eating thereof.

J. H. JOHNSON.
B. P. AUTERY.

STATE OF ALABAMA, Calhoun county.

Probate Court for said county—Special Term, June 2d. 1879

This day came R. T. Johnston, C. G Morgan and J. J. Young, and filed in court their petition in writing under oath; and also a paper writing purporting to be the last will and testament of William Johnston deceased, and moves the court to admit said will to probate, and to grant to the said R. T. Johnston, C G. Morgan and J. J Young, letters testamentary under said will.

It is thereupon ordered hat the 1st day of July. 1879, be set for hearing the said application and that notice be given by publication in the Jacksonville Republican, a newspaper published in said county, for three successive weeks prior to said day as a notice to Wm. E. Edwards, Mary E. Hill. Carrie Compton, Inis Compton, Elizabeth J Cooper, and Carrie R. McGee, who are heirs at law and next of kin of the deceased, and who are non-residents of the State of Alabama, to be and appear at a special term of said court to be holden at the court house of said county, on said 1st day of July 1879 and show if any thing they have to allege why said will should not be admitted to probate.

June 7—3t.

L. W. CANNON,
Judge of Probate.

GREAT BARGAINS IN Pianos & Organs

H. A. SMITH

ROME, GA.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

Bookseller and Music Dealer

Has just received from the Manufacturers, the

Largest Stock of Pianos

ever brought to this market. These Instruments having been bought for cash at

LOW PRICES,

will be sold to cash customers at

PRICES LOWER THAN EVER KNOWN

in this country.

Purchasers, by calling early, can have the advantage of selecting from the large stock on hand. Large lot of School & Miscellaneous Books always on hand, at

LOW RATES.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

By virtue of one fifa issued from the circuit court of Calhoun county, and to me directed, in favor of John Ross, executor of F Ross deceased, and against E. G. & I. G. Morris, I will sell to the highest bidder for cash, before the court house door, in the town of Jacksonville Calhoun county, Ala., within the legal hours of sale, on the fifth Monday in Jue, that being the 30th day of June, the following described property, to-wit:

Commencing at the southeast corner of Sec. 9, township 16, range 9—east in Coosa Land District—thence south 85½ degrees. west 98 poles, to a stake, thence north 4½ degrees—west 85 poles to a stake, crossing the creek 40 poles from southwest corner of the lot, thence north 85½ degrees, east 98 poles, to a stake, crossing the creek 40 poles from the northwest corner—thence south 4½ degrees, east 85 poles, to the beginning corner, containing 52 acres more or less, with all the improvements thereon, levied upon as the property of E. G. & I. G. Morris, to satisfy said fifa.

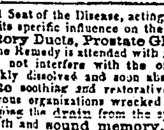
D. Z. GOODLETT,
Sheriff
J. L. MATTISON,
Depty Sheriff.

May 31st—6t.

PROF. HARRIS' RADICAL CURE FOR SPERMATORRHŒA.

THE

"SEMINAL PASTILLE"



A Valuable Discovery and New Departure in Medical Science, an entirely New and positively effective Remedy for the speedy and permanent Cure of Seminal Emissions & Impotency by the only true way, viz: Direct Application to the principal Seat of the Disease, acting by Absorption, and exerting its specific influence on the Seminal Vesicles, Ejaculatory Ducts, Prostate Gland, and Urethra. The use of the Remedy is attended with no pain or inconvenience, and does not interfere with the ordinary pursuits of life; it is quickly dissolved and soon absorbed, producing an immediate soothing and restorative effect upon the sexual and nervous organizations wrecked from self-abuse and excesses, stopping the drain from the system, restoring the mind to health and sound memory, removing the Dimness of Sight, Nervous Debility, Confusion of Ideas, Aversion to Society, etc., etc., and the appearance of premature old age usually accompanying this trouble, and restoring perfect Sexual Vigor, where it has been dormant for years. This mode of treatment has stood the test in very severe cases, and is now a pronounced success. Drugs are too much prescribed in these troubles, and, as many can bear witness to, with but little if any permanent good. There is no Nonsense about this Preparation. Practical observation enables us to positively guarantee that it will give satisfaction.—During the eight years that it has been in general use, we have thousands of testimonials as to its value, and it is now conceded by the Medical Profession to be the most rational means yet discovered of reaching and curing this very prevalent trouble, that is well known to be the cause of untold misery to so many, and upon whom quacks prey with their useless nostrums and big fees. The Remedy is put up in neat boxes, of three sizes. No. 1, (enough to last a month,) $3; No. 2, (sufficient to effect a permanent cure, unless in severe cases,) $5; No. 3, (lasting over three months, will stop emissions and restore vigor in the worst cases.) $7. Sent by mail, sealed, in plain wrappers. Full DIRECTIONS for using will accompany EACH BOX.

Send for a Descriptive Pamphlet giving Anatomical Illustrations, which will convince the most skeptical that they can be restored to perfect manhood, and fitted for the duties of life, same as if never affected. Sent Sealed for stamp to any one. Sold ONLY by the

HARRIS REMEDY CO. MF'G. CHEMISTS.
Market and 8th Sts. ST. LOUIS, MO.

45 Years Before the Public.

THE GENUINE

DR. C. McLANE'S

CELEBRATED

LIVER PILLS,

FOR THE CURE OF

Hepatitis, or Liver Complaint,

DYSPEPSIA AND SICK HEADACHE.

Symptoms of a Diseased Liver.

PAIN in the right side, under the edge of the ribs, increases on pressure; sometimes the pain is in the left side; the patient is rarely able to lie on the left side; sometimes the pain is felt under the shoulder blade, and it frequently extends to the top of the shoulder, and is sometimes mistaken for rheumatism in the arm. The stomach is affected with loss of appetite and sickness; the bowels in general are costive, sometimes alternative with lax; the head is troubled with pain, accompanied with a dull, heavy sensation in the back part. There is generally a considerable loss of memory, accompanied with a painful sensation of having left undone something which ought to have been done. A slight, dry cough is sometimes an attendant. The patient complains of weariness and debility; he is easily startled, his feet are cold or burning, and he complains of a prickly sensation of the skin; his spirits are low and although he is satisfied that exercise would be beneficial to him, yet he can scarcely summon up fortitude enough to try it. In fact, he distrusts every remedy. Several of the above symptoms attend the disease, but cases have occurred where few of them existed, yet examination of the body, after death, has shown the LIVER to have been extensively deranged.

AGUE AND FEVER.

DR. C. McLANE'S LIVER PILLS, IN CASES OF AGUE AND FEVER, when taken with Quinine, are productive of the most happy results. No better cathartic can be used, preparatory to or after taking Quinine. We would advise all who are afflicted with this disease to give them A FAIR TRIAL.

For all bilious derangements, and as a simple purgative, they are unequaled.

BEWARE OF IMITATIONS.

The genuine are never sugar coated.

Every box has a red wax seal on the lid with the impression DR. McLANE'S LIVER PILLS.

The genuine McLANE'S LIVER PILLS bear the signatures of C. McLANE and FLEMING BROS. on the wrappers.

Insist upon having the genuine DR. C. McLANE'S LIVER PILLS, prepared by Fleming Bros., of Pittsburgh, Pa., the market being full of imitations of the name *McLane* spelled differently but same pronunciation.

Grand Reduction in Prices.

B. F. CARPENTER

HAS JUST RECEIVED
A LARGE AND
COMPLETE
Assortment
of Family Groceries, which he proposes to sell at low prices. Very best brands of Coffee, Sugar, Tea, Finely flavored Cigars, Western Bacon, Meal, Snowdust Flower, Molasses, Crockery, Hardware Kerosene oil, Buckets Tinware. Every thing kept in a well stocked grocery establishment.
He also has on hand a large assortment of Harness, Saddles, Bridles, made of the very best leather, and designed and executed by workmen of superior skill. He invites all to call, for he is determined to sell at such prices as to deserve the patronage of the public. Give him a call, and examine his prices, before going elsewhere.

BOOKS for the MILLION

WOMAN AND MARRIAGE

A large, new and complete Guide to Wedlock, containing, with many others, the following chapters: A competent Womanhood, Selection of Wife, Evidences of Virginity, Temperaments, compatible and incompatible, Sterility in Women, cause and treatment, Advice to Bridegroom, Advice to Husbands, Advice to Wives, Prostitution, its causes, Celibacy and Matrimony compared, Conjugal duties, Conception, Confinement, Love and Courtship, Impediments to Marriage in male and female, Science of Reproduction, Single Life considered, Law of Marriage, Law of Divorce, Legal rights of married women, etc., including Diseases peculiar to Women, their causes and treatment. A book for private and considerate reading, of 320 pages, with full Plate Engravings, by mail, sealed, for 50 cents.

"THE PRIVATE MEDICAL ADVISER"

on Syphilis, Gonorrhœa, Gleet, Stricture, Varicocele, &c., also on Spermatorrhœa, Sexual Debility, and Impotency, from Self-abuse and Excesses, causing Seminal Emissions, Nervousness, Aversion to Society, Confusion of Ideas, Physical Decay, Dimness of Sight, Defective Memory, Loss of Sexual Power, etc., making marriage improper or unhappy, giving treatment, and a great many valuable receipts for the cure of all private diseases; 224 pages, over 50 plates, 50 cents.

"Medical Advice," Lecture on Manhood and Womanhood, 10 c.

FOR ONE DOLLAR we send all three of the above described books, nicely bound in one volume, containing 600 pages and over 100 illustrations, and embracing everything on the generative system that is worth knowing. The combined volume is positively the most popular Medical Book published. The Author is an experienced physician of many years practice, (as is well known), and the advice given, and rules for treatment laid down, will be found of great value to those suffering from impurities of the system, early errors, lost vigor, or any of the numerous troubles coming under the head of "Private" or "Chronic" diseases.—Postage stamps taken in payment for any of these books.

DR. BUTTS' DISPENSARY established in 1847, has acquired a national reputation for skill in the treatment of chronic diseases and complicated cases, Syphilis, Gonorrhœa, Gleet, Stricture, Orchitis, all Urinary Troubles, Syphilitic or Mercurial affections of the throat, skin or bones, treated with success, without using Mercury.

PATIENTS TREATED by mail and express, but where possible, personal consultation preferred, which is FREE and invited

DR. BUTTS invites all persons suffering from RUPTURE to send him their name and address, and hereby assures them that they will learn something to their advantage.—It is not a Truss.

All communications strictly confidential, and should be addressed to DR. BUTTS, 12 North 8th St., St. Louis, Mo.

ADMINISTRATOR'S SALE OF LAND.

Under and by virtue of an order issued by the Hon the Probate court of Calhoun county, State of Alabama, the undersigned as county administrator and exoficio, the administrator of the estate of John Maddox, deceased, will sell at public outcry to the highest bidder, upon the premises, on

THE 9TH DAY OF JUNE, 1879,

the following described real estate, towit: The west half of the northwest quarter, and southeast quarter of the southwest quarter of section 35, township 13 and range 7; also a part of the northeast quarter of northwest half, of section 2, township 14, and range 7, commencing at the half mile stake, on north side of said section; running thence south one quarter; thence west to centre of hill to said corner; thence north to a pine stake on section line, and then back to the beginning corner, containing one hundred and eighty acres more or less, situated in Calhoun county, State of Alabama.

TERMS OF SALE:

One half cash, and the remaining half on a credit of twelve months, with interest from date: Note with two approved securities will be required, to secure the unpaid purchase money.

May 10 1879—3t.

C W. BREWTON,
Admr.

CALHOUN NURSERY.

We the undersigned citizens of Calhoun county Alabama, take pleasure in recommending to the public, Mr. J. W. Bradley, "an old citizen of our county," as a man of undoubted truth and veracity—one who may be fully relied upon, as to any statements he may make in presenting to the public, the laudable business of his choice.

He has founded in this county a Fruit Nursery, and has been utiliting in his efforts to make it a success, by the selection of choice fruits, and such only as best suits this climate, which object has been to a very great extent attained. He is now able to offer to purchasers, choice fruits already acclimated. We have fruit trees from his nursery, and find that they come fully up to his recommendations, and especially the "genuine Shockley," a Winter apple of fine quality, which suits this climate admirably. His great object and aim is to stock the Southern country, and especially Alabama, with choice fruits, well adapted to our climate, from a "home nursery."

Jacksonville, Ala., April 29 1879.

L. W. CANNON, Probate Judge
J. M. PATTERSON, Co. Com.
G. B. DOUTHIT, Cl'k Circuit Court;
Rev. B. D. TURNER;
W. B. DOSS, Esqr.;
A. WOODS, Ex Judge of Probate.

First-class fruit trees, 25 cts each,
Two year old trees 15 cts. each,
One year old trees 10 cts each,
Variety apple, peach, pear,
Plum and the grape vine.

I will be around and engage this fall, and deliver at some convenient point.

J. W. BRADLEY.

Carriage and Wagon MANUFACTORY.

The Undersigned having bought the building formerly occupied by W. H. Fleming as a wagon shop, will henceforth carry on at that stand the business of carriage and wagon making, repairing, &c &c. Good work guaranteed, and low prices asked for all kinds of work. I am also prepared to repaint vehicles of all kinds, and paint new work in good style, with lasting material.

JOE H. PRIVETT.

January 18 1879.

W. W. HARRISON. E. G. BORDEN.

HARRISON & BORDEN.

Physicians & Surgeons,

OFFICE

Over Carpenter's Store,

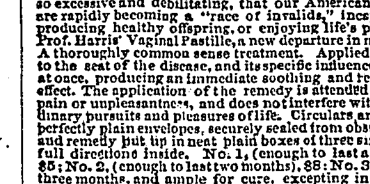
JACKSONVILLE,................ ALA.

RADICAL CURE FOR LEUCORRHEA OR WHITES

THE



Prof. Harris, after many years of study, aided by chemical research and experiment, together with experience gained in the treatment of a large number of cases under his care, has at last succeeded in compounding an INFALLIBLE REMEDY for the scourge so common among



WOMEN AND MAIDENS CALLED LEUCORRHEA, Fluor Albus OR WHITES.

This disease, so prevalent among females, is but little understood by physicians. Its drain upon the system is so excessive and debilitating, that our American women are rapidly becoming a "race of invalids," incapable of producing healthy offspring, or enjoying life's pleasures. Prof. Harris' Vaginal Pastille, a new departure in medicine. A thoroughly common sense treatment. Applied directly to the seat of the disease, and its specific influence exerted at once, producing an immediate soothing and restorative effect. The application of the remedy is attended with no pain or unpleasantness, and does not interfere with the ordinary pursuits and pleasures of life. Circulars are sent in perfectly plain envelopes, securely sealed from observation, and remedy put up in neat plain boxes of three sizes, with full directions inside. No. 1, (enough to last a month,) $5; No. 2, (enough to last two months), $8; No. 3, (lasting three months, and ample for cure, excepting in chronic cases) $10. With each box we send a Female Syringe and some Tonic Pills, as auxiliaries to the remedy.

Send stamp for a pamphlet giving full description of Remedy, and illustrated by plates showing its application. This pamphlet alone is worth a hundred times its cost to any lady in delicate health, being a thoroughly practical treatise on this disease

Prof. Harris' Vaginal Pastilles can be obtained only from

HARRIS REMEDY CO. MF'G. CHEMISTS.
Market and 8th Sts. ST. LOUIS, MO.

THE STATE OF ALABAMA, Calhoun county

Probate Court, Special Term, May 20, 1879

This day came C D Davis, administrator of the estate of R M Riddle, deceased, and file statement, accounts, vouchers and evidences for an annual settlement of his administration.

It is ordered that the 20 day of June, 1879, be appointed a day on which to make such settlement At which time all persons interested can appear and contest the said settlement if they think proper.

L W CANNON,
Judge of Probate.

The Roper Mineral Well

IS LOCATED 3 MILES EAST OF GREENVILLE, ALABAMA.

For the information of persons desiring to use the Roper Well Water, I will state some of the cures it has effected: Dyspepsia in its worst form, Chronic Diarrhœa, Diabetes, or any derangement of the Urinary Organs, Sick or Nervous Headache of long standing, Piles, Sores or Eruption of the skin. Ulceration of the Womb and Billious Colic. It is also one of the most strengthening Tonics in use. The following is analysis of the water made by Prof. W. C. Stubbs of A & M College, of Alabama: The amount of water used was one litre, which is a little more than one quart. The litre is equal to one quart, a five thousand six hundred and seven, Ten Thousandths of a Quart, (1,0567 quarts.) Bearing in mind the difference between the litre and the quart we can estimate the strength of the water.

One litre was found to contain—

Sulphuric Acid	84⅓	Grains.
Feric Oxide	27⅗	"
Ferrou "	17⅗	"
Calcic "	10 7-10	"
Potssic "	2½	"
Maguestic "	4⅖	"
Sodium "	4-19	"
Chlorine "	3-5	"
Sillica "	2⅔	"
Carbonic Acid	5 7-10	"

The Price of the Roper Mineral Well Water is $1 per Gallon.

GREENVILLE ALA., Oct 9th, 1879.—Messrs Roper & McCall: Gents—I am glad to inform you that the use of one gallon of your Mineral Water has cured my mother of Chronic Diarrahoea. It was a case of eight years standing. The best medical aid had faile to arrest it. Very Respectfully,

P N. WEATHERLY.

SANDY RIDGE, ALA., June 29 1878.—Messrs. Rope & McCall, Proprietors of Mineral Well, This is to certify that for five years I have been terribly afflicted with Tetter on the head which had covered it. I have spent much money in remedies and for prescriptions from our physicians, but all without any good result. I heard of your well and concluded to try it—I did so, and the result was far beyond my expectations. I used it for some weeks—am now fully and completely free from Tetter. I give you this certificate, which you can use as you see proper.

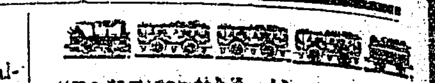
J. D. GAFFORD.

GREENVILLE, ALA., July 16 1878.—Messrs McCall & Roper This is to certify that during the past six months I have been using the Roper Well Water for Diabetes and Dyspepsia, from which diseases I have been suffering for many years (particularly the latter) and am now proud to say from its use I have received the greatest benefits, and further certify that it has been used in my family for chronic sore throat and catarrh to great advantage.

J W MALLET.

Direct all orders to ROPER & McCALL.
Greenville, Alabama.

Feb 22—3m.



"BLUE MOUNTAIN ROUTE."

Change of Schedule.

S. R. & D. R. R.

On and after Sunday, May 25th 1879, trains will run on the Selma, Rome & Dalton railroad as follows:

No. 1 NORTH.	STATIONS.	No. 3, SOUTH.
	Going North	
6.00 a. m	Lv Selma	4.00 p. m.
8 15 a. m	Randpolh	7.15 p. m
9.35 a. m	Calera	10 00 p. m.
11.45 a. m	Talladega	1.50 a. m.
12.41 p. m	Oxford	3.20 a. m.
12 55 p. m	Anniston	3.50 a. m.
1.28 p. m	Jacksonville	5.00 a. m.
3.31 p. m	Cave Spring	8.10 a. m.
4.20 p. m.	Rome	9.55 a. m.
6.15 p. m	At Dalton	12.50 p m.

No. 2. SOUTH.	STATIONS.	No. 4, SOUTH.
	Going South.	
8.00 a. m.	Lv Dalton	3.10 p. m.
9.55. a. m	Rome	6.35 p. m.
10 39 a. m	Cave Spring	7.45 p. m.
12.23 p. m	Jacksonville	10 40 a. m.
12.55 p. m	Anniston	11.50 a. m.
1.03 a m	Oxford	12.20 a. m.
1.57 p. m	Talladega	1.50 a. m.
4.35 p. m	Calera	6.00 a. m.
5.50 p. m	Randolph	7 50 a. m.
8.00 p. m	Selma	12.30 p. m.

No. 1 connects closely at Dalton with E T & G for all Tenn & Va Mineral Springs and for all eastern cities, and with W & A R R at Dalton for Chattanooga and all western cities.

No. 2 connecting with E T & Ga & W & A at Dalton makes close connection at Calera for Montgomery, Mobile and New Orleans.

No. 3 connects at Calera with through mail train of S & N Great So. R R for eastern and Western cities.

No. 4 leaving Dalton at 3.10 connects at Calera with S N Great So. R R for Montgomery, Mobile and New Orleans.

NORMAN WEBB, Supt. | RAY KNIGHT, G. P. A.

J. W. FULENWILDER, Agt.

Memphis and Charleston RAILROAD.

MEMPHIS, TENN—On and after Dec 1st 1878, the following passenger schedule will be operated:

Going East Read down.		Going West Read up
Lve 12.20 night	Memphis	12.10 pm arr
" 3.02 am	Grand Junction	9.37 am lve
" 3.56 am	Middleton	8.50 am "
" 5.08 am	Cornith	7:44 am "
" 10.15 am	Decatur	2.35 am "
" 3 00 pm	Stevenson	10. 15 pm "
Arr 4 50 pm	Chattanooga	8 00 pm lve

GREAT CHANGES have been made on this line.

This road has been newly ballasted, and the track repaired with steel rails. These improvements make it second to no other road in the south

TO THE EAST

Close connection is made for all eastern and southern cities.

Only Line running through Palace Sleeping Cars and day coaches, between Memphis and Chattanooga without change.

TO THE WEST

Close connection made for all Arkansas and Texas points, a full first class and emigrant tickets on sale at all principal station.

Round Trip emigrant tickets at greatly reduced rates now on sale at Chattanooga, to principal Texas points.

Day Coaches run between Bristol and Memphis, and between Montgomery, Alabama, and Texarkana, Arkansas, without change.

Baggage checked through. No Sunday delays.

For further information as to rates, schedules etc. address either JAS. R. OGDEN, Gen. Passenger Agent, Knoxville, Tenn.

T. S. EAVANT.
Asst. Gen Passenger agent, Memphis. Tenn

P. R ROGERS,
Gen. Western Agent, Dallas, Texas.

Special Notice to the Public,

C. H. RANGER

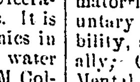
HOUSE, Sign and Ornamental Painter is ready to do all class of

PAINTING

Plain and Fancy, Paper Hanging in al styles, both plain and Fresco, Kalsomining on hard or soft finish. This Kalsomine is warranted to give entire satisfaction; it will neither peel nor crack. Also his Leads is of the best brands from F. W. Devoe's celebrated strictly pure N. Y. Lead and Color Co, and the St. Louis Southern White Lead Co. I am seeking for work. try me and be pleased, as I warrant all work and use the best stock. Good references if required. Address Republican Office, R.

C. H. RANGER,
Jacksonville, Ala.

July 27—3m.



THE GREAT CAUSE OF HUMAN MISERY

Just Published, in a Sealed Envelope—Price six cents.

A Lecture on the Nature, Treatment, and Radical cure of Seminal Weakness, or Spermatorrhœa, induced by Self-abuse, Involuntary Emissions, Impotency, Nervous Debility, and impediments to Marriage generally; Consumption, Epilepsy, and Fits; Mental and Physical Incapacity, &c.—By ROBERT J. CULVERWELL, M. D., Author of the Green Book, &c.

The world renowned author, in the admirable Lecture, clearly proves from his own experience that the awful consequences of Self-abuse may be effectually removed without medicine, and with out dangerous surgical operations, bougies, instruments, rings, or cordials; pointing out a mode of cure at once certain and effectual, by which every sufferer, no matter what his condition may be, cure himself cheaply, privately and radically.

☞ This Lecture will prove a boon to thousands. Sent under seal, in a plain envelope, to any adderss, on receipt of six cents or two postage stamps. Address the Publishers, THE CULVERWELL MEDICAL Co., 41 Ann St., New York; Post Office Box, 4586.

CITY BAR!

ICE, ICE, ICE, ICE, ICE, COLD ICE!

Go to Ramagnano's and get ice, fresh lemon and good pure Summer drinks. Best lemonade, cider, beer, whiskies, brandies, gin, wine and all kinds of drinks that temperate men use. I sell to no other men. I also sell sacramental wine of the best quality. I ask all to call and see me before buying in my line elsewhere.

The gents of town and surrounding cities can call at John's and play a quiet game of billiards on the best Monarch table, also smoke the best Havana cigar in town. If tobacco is preferred, he gives the best in the market for the least money.

Jno. RAMAGNANO.

JAMES HUTCHINSON,

Barber & Hair-dresser,

Room on Office Row, recently occupied by Dick Walker.

If you desire to have a pleasant and clean shave, or have your hair trimmed in neat and fashionable style, give him a call. Jacksonville, Apl. 20, 1879

The Republican.

INFANT SCHOOL.

Mrs. Ida Woodward will open in the Female Academy, Monday June 16th, a school for children. Tuition, $1 per month.
June 7th—tf.

MARRIED—At the residence of the bride's father, Tuesday, the 3d inst, by Rev. E. T. Read, Mr. Joe Nisbet and Mrs. Flora Spivy.

James Cannon found cotton squares in his cotton the 28th of May, on Henry Winn's farm.

We learn that quite an excitement was created in the northern part of this county, by the appearance of a Black bear. It chased parties from the field, killed dogs, and played the wild generally. At last accounts it had not been killed.

Talk about your wheat! Mr. Nathan Clark has laid on our table a bunch of wheat-heads from four and a half to five inches in length, and all having from three to four grains in the mash. Tuesday he cut 2½ acres, which made one thousand bundles to the acre. He has fifteen acres as good; and the remainder of his crop is about on an average of the ordinary wheat crop of the country.

Mr. J. L. Mattison left Monday for his new field of labor in Montgomery. The town will need another marshal, and friend Goodlett will have to select him another deputy. It will be hard for either to improve on Fayette.

Mrs. Cobb, wife of Mr. Nattie Cobb, died at her home in Choccolocco Valley, Sunday, June 1st. Her disease baffled the skill of her physicians, and after a brief illness, she passed from the sorrows of this world to the joys of an other better and brighter.

Robt. Martin, one of the oldest settlers of this county, died at his home near Peeks Hill, Wednesday the 21st ult Mr. Martin was a good man in all the relations of life, and leaves behind many sorrowing friends to mourn his loss. Thus has passed away another of the old landmarks of Calhoun, a representative of her earlier history.

Do we Believe in Witchcaft?

"I take the position that we do not, in its broad sense," said a gentleman of years and experience; "and yet we find many of the present day carrying a Buckeye in their pocket through a kind of superstition, when they might be relieved by a few applications of Tabler's Buckeye Pile Ointment." This Ointment is made from the Buckeye, and is recommended for nothing else but Piles. Try it. It will cure you. Price, 50 cents per bottle. For Sale by all Druggists.

As soon as the tram road is completed, we learn a grand excursion will be given from the depot to the Chalybeate Spring. The party will stop off at Land Station for dinner. Conductor Crook will notify the party when the train starts by whistling Fisher's Hornpipe.

We print this week Bro. Cather's weather predictions for June. So far he has hit the thing exactly, as he has almost every month since he began publishing his weather predictions. To understand it, 3-7 means from about the 3d of June to the 7th of June, and 17-21 about the time between the 17th and 21st of June, and so on with other figures.

Died at his home, near White Plains, Wednesday the 28th ult., Wm. Johnston. Mr Johnston was one of the oldest settlers of this county, a man of unsullied character and of great worth. He was very old and his death was more the result of failing powers than any specific disease. He was buried by the masonic fraternity and the people of his section attested their love and respect for him by an unusually large attendance at his funeral. One by one the old pioneers are passing away. It will be hard to find men who can well fill their places.

Attention is directed to the advertisement of J. E. Welch, Alpine, Talladega county, of agricultural implements.—Capt. Crook of this county bought one some days ago, and says he would not be without it for double the price. One man and two horses can do as much with it as four men and four horses can with the old plows. Write to Mr. Welch for particulars.

Died at home, near Oxford, of typhoid pneumonia, Sunday, June 1st, John Yoe, one of the first settlers of Calhoun. In the earliest recollection of the writer Mr. Yoe was a citizen of Jacksonville. Here he married and remained until he removed to his place near Oxford, which he has since occupied. With him passes away another one of the links that connects the earlier history of our county with the present. During life Mr. Yoe was regarded as a substantial citizen and good man, thoroughly reliable in all his financial transactions; and his death is a loss to the county and community in which he lived. His afflicted family have the deepest sympathy of many relatives and friends in this place.

The venerable Allen Elston is no more! He died at his home in Choccolocco Valley, Wednesday the 21st, from the effects of old age rather than any specific disease. At the time of his death he was in the 76th year of his age. He was one of the pioneer settlers of Calhoun county, and for over forty-two years occupied one place of residence. Mr. Elston was one of the substantial men of the county, beloved for amiable qualities of head and heart by all who knew him, and universally respected throughout the county. Peace to his ashes.

Mr. Joe. Nunnelly started to the office last week with a snap bean, but pocketed it when a lady informed him that she had been using snap beans for a week. Joe is somewhat discouraged on the bean question, let him try us on a beat. Big beats are always in order.

Mr. B. J. Mathews has his new bowling alley in full operation. The exercise to be had in rolling the balls is very healthful, and commends itself especially to those around town who live sedentary lives. The bowling alley building is entirely separated from the bar, and therefore temperance men need have no objection to visit on account of the surroundings usually supposed to belong to such places. The best of order is maintained, and altogether the bowling alley is a very pleasant place in which to spend an hour or needed exercise.

Sufferers with Rheumatism, Lame Back, etc., who have had all the pleasure of life destroyed by these sad afflictions, can again enjoy the light elastic step of perfect health, and experience permanent relief, by using Coussens' Lightning Liniment, the only unfailing remedy for Rheumatism, Lame Back, Neuralgia, Sprains, Bruises, etc. Price 50 cents. For sale by all druggists.

We return thanks for a complimentary ticket from New York to Manhattan Beach and return.

Jimmy Marion has been employed by the S. R. & D. R. R. as operator in the telegraph office at this place. The office may now be considered a permanency.

The obituary of Rufus Burnes and resolutions of Oxford lodge on the death of John Yoe will appear next week.

The aged grandmother of Rufus Burnes, whose tragic death by a fall from his buggy we noticed last week, was stricken with paralysis when viewing the corpse of the loved one, and has since died.

Notice school advertisement of Mrs. IDA WOODWARD. Her school is designed for beginners, and will in no way conflict with the interests of the college. It will rather be an aid to that institution, in fitting little children for an earlier entrance into it.

Uncle Jimmy Mohon has got five hundred dollars in money that says he can beat any man in this Congressional district in a fifty yards foot race, one dash. He is seventy-one years old, and will admit parties to the race from seventy years up.

The examination of the pupils of Calhoun College has been going on the past two or three days. The pupils without exception have acquitted themselves in a highly creditable manner, and patrons of the institution express themselves as much gratified at the progress made by their children. The faculty have cause to congratulate themselves on the result of the public examination just ended.

We have received for exchange the Atlanta Daily Dispatch, a new evening paper, just started in Atlanta. It receives the Western associated press dispatches, which, in some respects, are better than the New York associated press dispatches. The editorial department is very ably conducted, and it is altogether a very desirable paper to have. Parties in this section who may want an Atlanta paper could not do better than send for the Dispatch.

We received a pleasant visit from our little friend Nora Wyly, who has recently returned from Selma, where she has been attending school. Nora won the high distinction of being one of four in a class of forty, who received the highest honors for scholarship and deportment.

RUN AWAY.—Tommy Coggins, a lad about ten or eleven years of age, blue eyes, light hair, sallow complexion and rather heavy set, has run away from his home. He was bound to Col. Sheid of this county about four years ago, in Middle Tennessee, and may be making his way back there. Col. Sheid requests all persons who may know of his whereabouts to write to him (Sheid) at Alexandria or Jacksonville, Ala.

Taken in the Act.

Sister Jones called on Elder Smith a few evenings since. Being a next door neighbor she entered his study unannounced, and was greatly shocked at seeing him taking a drink from a suspicious looking bottle. He noticed her look of inquiry, and said: "This, Sister Jones, is Tabler's Portaline, or Vegetable Liver Powder, the only remedy I have ever found for the many troubles arising from a disordered Liver. I can recommend it." Price 50 cents. For Sale by all Druggists.

TO HOMESTEAD SETTLERS.

The Act of Congress approved March 3d, 1879, necessitates the following additions to our circulars Nos. 35 and 37, relative to making final proof on Homestead Entries and Pre-emption Claims.

Hereafter no person having filed a Homestead or Pre-emption claim, will be allowed to make final proof therefor, until notice of his intention to prove up said claim has been given at this office, and afterwards advertised in a newspaper to be designated by us.

Any settler desiring to make final proof, must first file at this office a written notice of his intention to make said final proof (blank forms for which will be furnished on application) This notice must describe the land claimed, and the claimant must give the names and residence of the witnesses by whom the necessary facts as to settlement, residence, cultivation, etc etc., etc., are to be proved.

This notice when filed at this office must be accompanied by a deposit of four dollars, to pay the cost of publishing the same, in a newspaper which we will designate; said notice must be published once each week for five weeks. After the fifth publication of the notice the claimant will be entitled to make final proof as heretofore (See Circular Nos. 35 and 37).

To save expense, two or more cases may be embraced in one publication. In this event, the deposit of four dollars will be required in each case, but the balance remaining in favor of the claimants will be returned to them, upon settlement with the publishers of the newspaper. Each claimant receiving an equal share.

Special attention is called to the fact that under a late ruling of the department, settlers are allowed to make the final proof before the Probate Judge acting as Judge, and Clerk of the County Court for the county in which the land is situated.

PELHAM J. ANDERSON.
REGISTER.

AN ANTIDOTE FOR DIPHTHERIA.

A singular story, to the following purport, is in circulation in Boston Mass., and apparently vouched for: A little boy was seriously ill with diphtheria. He was the owner of a small dog which had been denied access to his sick room. The dog managed to step in, and, before the attendant could take him, he sprang to the bed and most affectionately caressed the boy, lapping his face and mouth. The little boy began to recover from that moment, and regained his health, but the dog died with every symptom of diphtheria.

The price is only 50 cents, yet the real value is beyond estimation. We allude to that invaluable compound, Coussens' Honey of Tar, which has gained the enviable reputation of being the greatest cough medicine of the age. For Croup, Whooping Cough, and all Throat and Lung diseases it has no equal. Sufferers with consumption who use it always experience speedy relief. Try it. For sale by all druggists.

A Mr. Fritts, who was moving from Loudon, Tenn., to Mississippi, while passing through Marshall county, attempted to pull his gun from the wagon, when it exploded and killed him instantly. His family sorrowfully returned to their old home.

An Indian recently came to Guntersville from the Cherokee Nation and informed Mr. Patterson that some Indian mounds on his place contained deposits of silver and lead. One of the mounds was opened and the Indian's story was verified. There is great excitement.

Cicero D. Hudson, an able lawyer of Randolph county, and a very old man, died in that county, May 24th.

A hail storm near High Shoals, Randolph county, did great damage a few days ago.

The post office at Amberson, Cherokee county, has been re-established.

Wm. Wagnon, who was tried with his brother, Ham Wagnon, for the murder of Smallwood, in Etowah county, at the late term of the Circuit Court is now a raving maniac. Ham Wagnon was sentenced to the penitentiary for one year, but Wm. Wagnon—the one who has lost his mind—was acquitted. The mental anxiety endured during the trial is supposed to be the cause of his misfortune.

—Mr. Cox, who was recently tried in Atlanta, Ga., convicted and sentenced to imprisonment in the penitentiary for life, for the murder of Alston, has been granted a new trial.

—The State of North Carolina has eleven hundred "Penitentiary birds." They are mostly worked on railroads and public works.

Mr. Chittenden apologized to the House for using the word "damn" twice, the other day, in the course of his remarks. A Democratic member moved that the Chaplain be requested to pray for Mr. Chittenden.

Ask Yourself these Questions:

Are you a despondent sufferer from Sick Headache, Habitual Costiveness, Palpitation of the Heart? Have you Dizziness of the Head? Is your Nervous System depressed? Does your Blood circulate badly? Have you a Cough? Low Spirits? Coming up of the food after eating? &c., &c. All of these and much more are the direct results of Dyspepsia, Liver Complaint and Indigestion. Green's August Flower is now acknowledged by all Druggists to be a positive cure. 2,400,000 bottles were given away in the U. S. through Druggists to the people as a trial. Two doses will satisfy any person of its wonderful quality in curing all forms of indigestion.—Sample bottles 10 cents. Regular size 75 cts. Sold positively by all first-class druggists in the United States.

THURMAN AND OHIO.

The fight in the Ohio Convention recognized to have been a contest between those who favored Grant and those who favored Sherman for the Presidency. The administration brought all its power into play in favor of Foster, who represented Sherman, and as the Republicans think they have the chances in their favor in Ohio, their idea is to open the presidential campaign by forcing the fight in that State. But while their success in 1880 may hinge upon Ohio, it by no means follows that the success of the Democracy does. A defeat of the Republicans in Ohio, next fall, assures an almost certain defeat for them in 1880. But a defeat of the Democracy gives no such assurance for that party; it merely destroys all hopes of Thurman for the candidacy. If Ohio goes Democratic his chances will be improved. If he should run for Governor and carry his State against Foster, he would in all probability receive the presidential nomination. Such a state of affairs may well give him pause, and cause him to withdraw the hasty resolution not to run, announced a few weeks ago. If he thinks he can beat Foster now is the time to try it, and the prize will be the presidential belt—may be.

A DESPERATE SUICIDE—John Chandler, a wealthy farmer of North Nassau, N. Y., left his house after telling his daughter to prepare breakfast. He was found in the woods some hours later dying from self-inflicted wounds. He first attempted to kill himself by hanging, making a rope of his shirt. The garment was not stong enough to support his weight, and he fell to the ground. He then placed his head on a large stone, took another stone in his hands and began to hammer out his own brains. He did not succeed well enough to satisfy himself, and left this stone and proceeded to another; leaving a trail of blood on the ground. On this he laid his head again and repeated the operation. For a second time he failed to kill himself, and abandoned this stone. He went to a third one, and this time, having found a three-cornered stone, he kept pounding his head until he was no longer able to raise his arm. When found he was yet alive, though unconscious. His skull was badly broken and his brains were scattered about.

LOCAL MATTERS.

A GREAT Break Down In Prices.

The Parrs are reducing their prices every day they are buying their Goods cheaper; and consequently they are able to sell them lower.

Go to Parrs

TO BUY YOUR GOODS.

They pay cash for what they buy, and can sell lower than those who buy on time. They are offering clear side meat from 6½ to 7cts per lb: lard from 9 to 12cts: Coffee 16 to 18 cts per lb; Sugar 9 to 11cts per lb. Garden Seeds of all kinds at COST! Mackerel and white Fish in abundance. Five hundred pounds of Sole & Upper Leather at Tanners' prices. Large lot of

TIN WARE

lower than ever sold before. Jug and Jar ware at 12½cts per gallon.

Taxes all off

Smoking and Chewing Tobacco 8cts per lb lower than ever before.

few more N. Y. Chedder Cheese—the last of the Season!

SOMETHING STRANGE!

The Parrs have got

MEAL!

And will keep it constantly on hand in the future.

Why Do You Grumble

about your Flour.

Go to Parrs and get the very best, and the good wife will not make a

Wry Face

at you about it.

s all stories must have an end—so do ours, and we end by saying, that we sell as good goods as any one, and more of them than any one for the

MONEY

ROWAN, BEAN & Co.

JACKSONVILLE, ALABAMA.

DRY GOODS AND GROCERIES, HARD WARE QUEENS WARE, DRUGS, &C,

In fact, everything kept in a first class establishment. Our Mr. Rowan attends personally to our purchas in New York, and buys to such advantage that we are enabled to give our customers the *VERY BOTTOM OF THE MARKET. TRY* us and see if you can't get *BETTER BARGAINS* than you can get elsewhere. We have the *LARGEST and BEST* assorted Stock in NORTH ALABAMA.

THE TENNESEE WAGON, THE BEST WAGon on the market, sold by us.

ROME GEO., MARBLE WORKS.

JONES & EDMUNDSON,

AMERICAN AND ITALIAN

MARBLE & GRANITE.

And Manufacturers of Tombs, Monuments and Headstones;

ROME GEORGIA.

Write for what you want, and they will write you what it will cost you.

INSURANCE.

The undersigned is Agent for (4) four good and reliable FIRE COMPANIES of the South, to wit.

GEORGIA HOME INSURANCE CO., COLUMBUS, GEORGIA
HOME PROTECTION " " HUNTSVILLE, ALA.
CENTRAL CITY " " SELMA, ALA.

COLUMBUSS INS., & BANKING CO., COLUMBUSS, MISSS.

It is wisdom to Insure your Dwellings Barns, Gin Houses, Merchandise, Etc.

If you desire INSURANCE, call on me at JACKSONVILLE, ALABAMA, or address me through the mails—

I think I am warranted in saying that these Companies are all in a healthy condition financially, have a CAPITAL ample and sufficient to meet all their Liabilities.

I. L. SWAN, Agent,
Jacksonville, Ala.

April 26th, 1879—1 y

R. T. HOYT,

WHOLESALE DRUGGIST,

NO 43 BROAD STREET, *ROME, GA.*

WILL SELL

clover & grass seed

TO THE FARMERS AT WHOLESALE PRICES

Send for Price List and descriptive Catalogue.

R. T. HOYT,
WHOLESALE DEALER.
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Cancers Cured.

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SCROFULOUS ULCERS AND

CANCERS ARE CURABLE.

Dr. S. C. Williams, after an experience of more than thirty years, is fully convinced that, when applied to in time, he can cure the above named diseases. As to his success in the treatment of the same, and as to his standing as a physician, he would respectfully refer to the following named gentlemen:

Dr. A. Pelham, Alexandria, Alabama.
Dr. J. Y. Nesbet, Jacksonville, "
Dr. B. S. Evans, White Plains, "
Judge M. J. Turnley, Gadsden, "
J. W. Whiteside, Esq. Rabbit Town. "

And to the physicians, merchants and ministers of Oxford, Ala.; also to his former patients every where.

Charges moderate,

S. C. WILLIAMS. M. D.
Oxford, Ala

April 6th, 1878—1y.

Extract of a Letter

STERVETT, Shelby County, Ala.
DR. S. C. WILLIAMS;

Dear Sir,

This is to inform you that my cancer is now well. I would not have it back as it was one month ago for five hundred dollars. Accept of my thanks for the same. I wish the whole world could know what success you have in curing cancers, as there are numbers who are suffering with it. Your charges are very moderate and medicine comparatively mild. Your's Truly,

LARKIN VANDIVER.

ED. G. CALDWELL,

(At the old Forney Corner.)

Has on hand the best brands of Chewing and Smoking TOBACCOS, including the popular Swanson's Pride and the celebrated Durkam Smoking Tobacco's. He has the largest stock of CIGARS in Town. Among his brands you will find the Solace, Margarita, Royal, Standard and the favorite Tidal Wave.

Chocolate, Creatine, Imported Chow Chow, Boston Baked Beans, Salmon & Canned Goods in great variety at
ED. G. CALDWELL'S.

Coffee, Sugar, Flour, Meal, Meat, Potatoes, Mackerel, Macaroni & Cheese at ED. G. CALDWELL'S.

Cheap Groceries for Cash at the old Forney Corner.

Fresh Lard at
ED. G. CALDWELL'S.
Fresh Meal at
ED. G. CALDWELL'S.

YOU can buy anything in the GROCERY line CHEAP for CASH at
ED. G. CALDWELL'S.

Go buy one of those fine Plows of the Towers patent at
ED. G. CALDWELL'S.

splendid lot of new **Tin-ware** at
ED. G. CALDWELL'S.

Finest article of kerosine oil at E. G. CALDWELL'S

New lot of stone-ware at E. G. CALDWELL'S.

YOU can buy TEN pounds of RICE for $1 00 at
E. G. CALDWELL'S

YOU can buy 10 pounds of SUGAR for $1 00 at
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Sale at manufacturers prices at E. G. CALDWELL'S.

YOU can buy 5 pounds of good COFFEE for ONE DOLLAR at
ED. G. CALDWELL'S.

W. C. LAND,

WATCH MAKER

AND

JEWELER.

NEW FAMILY GROCERY.

The undersigned has opend out near the depot, a large and varied stock of Family Groceries, at prices certain to attract attention. I will also do a

GENERAL COMMISSION

business, both buying and selling at reasonable commission rates. I will also sell the **Standard Sewing Machine**, delivered in Jacksonville for $20 cash. It is one of the best machines now in use, and has more attachments than belong to any other machine. See Sign near depot of

C. W. BREWTON.

CALHOUN COLLEGE,

FOR MALES AND FEMALES.

JACKSONVILLE, ALABAMA.

The winter session of 1878-9, commenced the 6th of November, 1878, with a recess from the 20th to the 30th of December.

Terms of tuition, from $2 to $5 per month, according to grade, payable in advance.

Board in good families at from $8 to $10 per month.

For further particulars address L. W. Cannon, Secretary, or

W. J. BORDEN

SPRINGVALE STOCK FARM.

JAMES CROOK,

—BREEDER OF—

Thorough-bred Merino Sheep, Angora Goats,

Herd Registered Jersey Cattle,

Berkshire and Essex Hogs,

JACKSONVILLE, ALA.

THE STATE OF ALABAMA, }
CALHOUN COUNTY }

Probate Court for said couty—Special Term, May 1st 1879.

This day came C. W. Brewton, county administrator and ex ... the administrator of the estate of Wm. McMiliard, deceased, and filed his statement, account and vouchers for a partial settlement of his administration thereof.

It is ordered that the 26th day of May 1879, be appointed a day on which to make such settlement. At which time all persons interested can appear and contest the said settlement if they think proper.

L. W. CANNON
Judge of Probate.

May 26—2t.

GUANO

AT OLD PRICES.

The undersigned would respectfully inform the farmers of Calhoun and surrounding counties, that he has ready for delivery

SOLUBLE PACIFIC GUANO,

which he will sell at the rate of one ton for 500 lbs middling cotton, delivered Nov. 1st, 1879. Also Acid Phosphate for compositing, at cheap rates. Call on

J. D. HAMMOND,
Jacksonville Ala.

Ayer's Cathartic Pills,

For all the purposes of a Family Physic; and for curing Costiveness, Jaundice, Indigestion, Foul Stomach, Breath, Headache, Erysipelas, Rheumatism, Eruptions and Skin Diseases, Biliousness, Dropsy, Tumors, Worms, Neuralgia, as a Dinner Pill, for purifying the Blood,



Are the most effective and congenial purgative ever discovered. They are mild, but effectual in their operation, moving the bowels surely and without pain. Although gentle in their operation, they are still the most thorough and searching cathartic medicine that can be employed: cleansing the stomach and bowels, and even the blood. In small doses of one pill a day, they stimulate the digestive organs and promote vigorous health.

AYER'S PILLS have been known for more than a quarter of a century, and have obtained a world-wide reputation for their virtues. They correct diseased action in the several assimilative organs of the body, and are so composed that obstructions within their range can rarely withstand or evade them. Not only do they cure the every-day complaints of everybody, but also formidable and dangerous diseases that have baffled the best of human skill. While they produce powerful effects, they are, at the same time, the safest and best physic for children. By their aperient action they gripe much less than the common purgatives, and never give pain when the bowels are not inflamed. They reach the vital fountains of the blood, and strengthen the system by freeing it from the elements of weakness.

Adapted to all ages and conditions in all climates, containing neither calomel nor any deleterious drug, these Pills may be taken with safety by anybody. Their sugar-coating preserves them ever fresh and makes them pleasant to take; while being purely vegetable, no harm can arise from their use in any quantity.

PREPARED BY
Dr. J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass.,
Practical and Analytical Chemists.
SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS EVERYWHERE.

W. M. NISBET, Agent.
Sep 21 '78 1y Jacksonville, Ala.

MARRIED LIFE **DR. BUTTS SINGLE LIFE**

No. 12 N. Eighth St. St. Louis, Mo.

Who has had greater experience in the treatment of the sexual troubles of both male and female than any physician in the West, gives the results of his long and successful practice in his two new works, just published, entitled

The PHYSIOLOGY OF MARRIAGE
The PRIVATE MEDICAL ADVISER

Books that are really Guides and Self-Instructors in all matters pertaining to Manhood and Womanhood, and supply a want long felt. They are beautifully illustrated, and in plain language, easily understood. The two books embrace 543 pages, and contain valuable information for both married and single, with all the recent improvements in medical treatment.

Read what four home papers say: "The knowledge imparted in Dr. Butts' new works is in no way of questionable character, but is something that every one should know. The Youth, the victim of early indiscretion; the Man, otherwise perfectly healthy maybe, but with waning vigor in the prime of life, and the Woman, in misery, can receive relief from the many ills her sex is heir to."—St. Louis Journal.

POPULAR PRICES—50 cts. each—both in one volume, $1; in cloth and gilt, 25 cts extra. Sent under seal, on receipt of price in money or stamps.

SMOKE BLACKWELL'S DURHAM TOBACCO

BURNHAM'S WATER WHEEL

WARRANTED BEST AND CHEAPEST. Prices reduced. *Pamphlet free.*

Also **MILLING SUPPLIES.**

Works: Christiana, Lancaster co Pa
Office, 23 S. Beaver St., York, Pa

The Remedy of the 19th Century.
Barham's Infallible PILE CURE.

Manufactured by the Barham Pile Cure Co., Durham, N. C.

It never fails to cure Hemorrhoids or Piles, when a cure is possible. Price List and bona fide testimonials furnished on application.

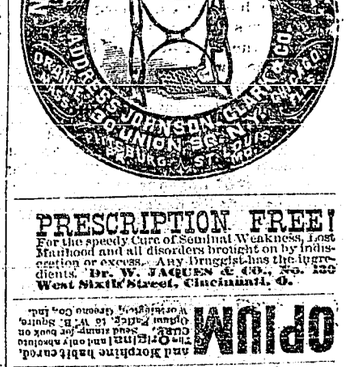


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DR. BIGELOW, having 30 years experience, treats SEXUAL AND CHRONIC DISEASES in both sexes SAFELY, SURELY & PRIVATELY. NERVOUS DEBILITY, from solitary vices or excesses, producing IMPOTENCY, PIMPLES ON THE FACE, &c., rendering MARRIAGE IMPROPER, can be positively and permanently cured. When warranty cures. Pamphlet, 50 pages, 3 cents. His MARRIAGE GUIDE OR SEXUAL PATHOLOGY, 250 large pages, ILLUSTRATED, containing much that was never before published, Price 50 cts. Letters CONFIDENTIAL. FEMALE PILLS, $5, EXTRA STRONG, $10. Send 50 cts. for sample Rubber Goods, &c. by Express.

MARRIAGE GUIDE AND BOOK of SECRETS.

DR. BOHANNAN'S Marriage Guide teaches all the inquisitive should know on Courtship, Marriage, the Physiological Mysteries and Revelations of the sexual system, Philosophy of Reproduction, who should marry, the impediments to marriage, their nature and cure. Treats on all Private Diseases, fully explaining their causes, symptoms and means to cure; it is the only really scientific work of the kind ever published, contains nearly 200 pages and is complete in every respect. Sent by Mail securely sealed on receipt of 50 cts. Address, DR. C. A. BOHANNAN, 609 North Fifth st., St. Louis, Mo. Established in 1857.



PRESCRIPTION FREE!

For the speedy Cure of Seminal Weakness, Lost Manhood and all disorders brought on by indiscretion or excess. Any Druggist has the ingredients. Dr. W. HAGUE & CO., No. 180 West Sixth Street, Cincinnati, O.

Watches $8 to $7. Revolvers $2.50. Over 100 latest Novelties. Agts wanted. Sto Supply Co. Nashville, Tenn.

OPIUM

Good Words for the Boys.

The Danbury *News* man put in good words for the boys, who he had on his farm:

"See here, boys; I don't care for money, and will make a bargain with you. You may have half the money we make in the garden, and of the potatoes which we shall plant, the boy that raises the most from twelve rows, shall have a silver watch costing $16." The youngest is under the impression that if he is not far behind the eldest in the quantity of his rows, that he may get a watch too. I may mention another thing which works very well. It is this: I am boss, and they know it; but I am never arbitrary. They always see my reason for doing anything, and at once acquiesce in my judgment. A part of my method is that we frequently consult together. I listen to their suggestions, and often they will suggest the very plan in my own mind. But, if we happen to differ, I show them my reasons, after which they agree to my plan with promptitude and cheerfulness. Then they are always at liberty to rest when they please. I often say, "Now boys, take a rest," and they have frequently replied, "We are not tired Pa, but if you are, go and rest." What do you think I do? Why, I grin, and go and rest awhile! Now, this thing I have done, besides the moral training they receive as my sons. And I believe that all farmers may well do something similar by way of encouragement, and not wait till they are about to die, and then leave their farms to their children, when they can retain them no longer. Let our farmers treat their sons like sons, and not like slaves; give them a share in the proceeds, as well as in the work and responsibility, and I believe that in nine cases out of ten, the boys could not be easily tempted away from the parental homestead.

How Women Dress in Persia.

A few women were to be seen. We met one sitting aside on horseback, as all Eastern women ride. We believe them to be women because of their costume and size; but we can see no part of them, not even a hand or an eye. They are shrouded from the head to the knees in a cotton or silk sheet of dark blue or black—the chudder, it is called, which passes over the head and is held with the hands around and about the body. Over the chudder is tied around the head a yard long veil of white cotton or linen, in which before the eyes is a piece of open work about the size of a finger, which is their only lookout and ventilator. The veil passes under the chin. Every woman before going out of doors puts on a pair of trowsers, generally of the same stuff and color as the chudder, and thus her out door seclusion and disguise are complete. Her husband could not recognize her in the street. In this costume Mohammedan women grope their way about the towns of Persia. Their trowsers are tightly bound about the ankles above their colored stockings, which are invariably of home manufacture; and slippers with no covering for the heel complete the unsightly, unwholesome apparel of those uncomfortable victims of the Persian reading of the Koran. The indoor costume of Persian women of the higher class appears indelicate to the Europeans. The chudder and trowsers are the invariable walking costume. Indoors the dress of a Persian lady is more like that of a ballet girl. In the ante-rooms of Persian royalty my wife was received by princesses thus attired, or rather unattired.

Preserving Timber in Mines.

The new method consists in a combination of creosote and soda. An iron basin 3 millimeters thick (⅛ inch), about 2 meters (6½ feet) deep, and 1.3 meters (4 feet) in diameter, is sunk in the ground rather more than half its depth. By the side, and with the rim below the bottom of the first basin, is a basin not quite half its size. A third basin, about midway between the other two in size, stands with its lower edge rather higher than the upper of the first basin. The first is provided with a cover, half of which is screwed on, while the other half may be opened or shut close. Above the bottom there is a sieve of wire gause, and at the bottom a discharge cock. In addition the pipe goes to the bottom, through which steam can readily be conveyed. From beneath the upper edge a pipe passes over the edge into the second basin. In the second basin is a hand forcepump for pumping the impregnated fluid into the third basin, which is furnished with a discharging cock. The operation is follows: The pieces of wood to be impregnated are cut in suitable lengths and placed perpendicularly, as closely together as possible, in the first basin, the cover of which is then closed. It is not necessary that the cover should be airtight. Meanwhile the third basin has been filled with creosote soda-lye, either direct, or out of the second basin, by means of the hand-pump. The lye is then admitted into the first basin until it is about three parts full, and then steam is conveyed directly through the pipe mentioned before, to the lye. The fluid gradually begins to boil, while it is increased by the condensation water of the steam which pours in, and at last begins to flow away through the pipe which passes over the edge of the second basin. The steam is then turned off, and the wood may be left to boil for some time in the lye. When at last the lye has been discharged, and the wood has been acted upon by direct steam, the cover of the basin is opened, and the impregnated wood removed. Although the wood is penetrated in this way with the impregnating fluid to only a depth of from ¼ to ¾ of an inch, it has been found perfectly unimpaired after five years, in places where wood not so treated rots and becomes unfit for use after nine or twelve months. Above ground, and in places where there is no danger of fire, it is sufficient to pour creosote oil over the wood. In a few days the wood will become sufficiently impregnated to withstand the action of the weather.

SCIENCE.

Professor Elkman, who has long been engaged in the study of the physical condition of the sea on the coast of Scandinavia, has published in a paper read before the Royal Society of Science of Upsula his views on the causes of ocean currents, which merit the more attention as the coast of Sweden affords numerous opportunities for the examination of currents prodnced in very different ways. If we take a general view of the effects produced upon the ocean by the different forces which originally set its waters in motion, we find, singularly enough, that each of these forces produces both of the kinds of stream—viz., a surface stream caused by a limited, and a deep stream by an unlimited, disturbance of the equilibrium. Heat produces a surface action by warming the water, and a deep stream by evaporating it. Cold can produce an undercurrent by the contraction, and still more by the concentration of the water, but it then leaves at the surface a tendency to disturbance of equilibrium, which shows itself in the form of a surface stream on the melting of ice. Rainfall causes a deep stream as its immediate consequence, and a surface current of lighter water as a secondary effect. Winds occasion directly surface currents, and deep streams by changing the level. Rivers, and similar constant outpourings of lighter water, give immediate rise only to surface streams, but produce undercurrents by mechanical reaction; streams of this kind often accompany even the above mentioned. The specific gravity of the water plays in all these cases a very varied part, but always one which is in some respect or other important. It usually determines the level of the water strata, but not always.

New Car Heating Apparatus.—A new car heating system has been adopted by the Metropolitan Elevated Railroad, of New York, and the apparatus has been applied to all the cars on the road, Each car is provided with two radiators, composed of sections of three inch cast iron pipe, connected end to end by short pieces of one inch wrought iron pipe. These radiators are so arranged along the sides of the car, one on each side, under the seats, and the steam pipes of the several cars in a train are connected by flexible pipes. Steam is taken directly from the locomotive boiler and reduced to about 5lbs. pressure. It is conducted through the radiators in the train upon one side, and is returned to the locomotive by the radiators and connections on the other side. The water resulting from the condensation of steam is discharged into the water tank of the locomotive. A steam sihon, which isconnected with the discharge pipe, is used to remove water from the pipes and to accelerate the circulation when required.

Not a Good Use for Leather.—The Shoe and Leather Reporter makes the following sensible suggestions: It is hardly necessary to caution tanners, or boot and shoe makers, against exposing boots and shoes, or harness, or leather in any form, to too great heat, and yet at the commencement of each cold season, we feel that the warming ought to be renewed. Probably there is no other cause which destroys so much leather. It is so easy to warm cold feet, or dry wet ones, by holding them close before a grate fire, or a red hot stove, or to warm up harness in a similar way, that many who should know better are continually doing it. They forget that, if they do not actually destroy the leather at the time, they are actually killing its life and taking the directest mode possible of making it worthless in the next emergency that may arise. It is a safe rule never to put leather where it is too hot to hold the hand comfortably. More than such a degree of heat will, ordinarily, quickly injure any kind of upper leather, and its damage to sole leather, it not so plainly apparent is none the less decided.

Plumbing Hints.—It appears from the *Plumber* that many people are ignorant of the great weight of set wash-trays of date, especially when full of water and wet clothes, and provide very inadequate supports for them; that the sweating of a water pipe can be prevented by covering with a non-absorbent material, such as newspaper; that a good way to prevent pipes leaking at the joints is to grease the gasket and surface of the pipes with tallow before screwing them home; that a crack in an iron pump may be caulked with iron filings and sal ammoniac, so as to form a rust joint; that a water-back, which is too large for the boiler attached, and consequently provides hot water in excess of the demand, will generate steam which will drive the cold water before it, so that when a faucet is opened steam will escape at that point to the alarm of the unwary.

Means have been found to engrave upon stone or metal by the effect of a voltoic, produced from the point of a pencil. It is said that by these means an artist can himself reproduce, immediately and without the intervention of any skilled workmen or mechanic, the most delicate and complicated designs. If this statement can be confirmed it will be of no small interest to the proprietors of illustrated papers.

A Facetious Judge.

A mirth-loving judge, Justice Powell, could be as thoroughly humorous in private life as he was fearless and just upon the bench. Swift describes him as a surpassingly merry old gentleman, laughing heartily at all comic things, and at his own droll stories more than aught else. In court he could not always refrain from jocularity. For instance, when he tried Jane Wenham for witchcraft, and she assured him that she could fly, his eye twinkled as he answered: "Well, then, you may; there is no law against flying." When Fowler, Bishop of Gloucester—a thorough believer in what is now-a-days called spiritualism—was persecuting his acquaintance with silly stories about ghosts, Powell gave him a telling reproof for his credulity by describing a horrible apparition which was represented as having disturbed the narrator's rest on a previous night. At the hour of midnight, as the clocks were striking twelve, the Judge was roused from his first slumber by a hideous sound. Starting up, he saw at the foot of his uncompanioned bed a figure—dark, gloomy, terrible, holding before its grim and repulsive visage a lamp that shed an uncertain light. "May heaven have mercy on us!" tremulously ejaculated the bishop at this part of the story. The judge continued his story: "Be calm, my Lord Bishop; be calm. The awful part of this mysterious interview has still to be told. Nerving myself to fashion the words of inquiry, I addressed the nocturnal visitor thus—'Strange being, why hast thou come at this still hour to perturb a sinful mortal?' You understand, my Lord, I said this in hollow tones in what I may almost term a sepulchral voice." "Ay, ay," said the Bishop, "I implore you to go on. What did it answer?" "It answered, in a voice not greatly different from the voice of a human creature, 'Please, sir, I am the watchman on duty, and your street door is open.'"

DOMESTIC.

On the Care of Infants.—In nursing, over-feeding does more harm than anything else; nurse an infant a month or two old every two or three hours. Nurse an infant of six months over five times in twenty-four hours, and no more. If an infant is thirsty give it pure water; or barley water; no sugar. If the infant must be fed, boil a teaspoonful of powdered barley (ground in a coffee grinder) and a gill of water, with a little salt, for fifteen minutes, strain them, mix it with half as much boiled milk, add a lump of white sugar, size of a walnut, and give it lukewarm from a nursing bottle; keep bottle and mouthpiece in a bowl of water when not in use, to which a little soda may be added. For infants five or six months old, give half barley-water and half-boiled milk, with salt and a lump of sugar. For older infants give more milk than barley-water. Eor infants very costive give oatmeal instead of barley. Cook and strain as before. When the breast milk is only half enough, change off between breast milk and this prepared food. In hot weather, if blue litmus paper, applied to the food, turns red, the food is too acid, and you must make a fresh mess, or add a small pinch of baking soda. Infants of six months may have beef tea and beef soup once a day, by itself or mixed with other food; and when ten or twelve months old a crust of bread and a piece of rare beef to suck. No child under two years ought to eat at your table. Give no candies—in fact, nothing that is not contained in these rules, without a doctor's orders. Summer complaints come from overfeeding and hot and foul air. Keep doors and windows open. Wash your children well with cold water twice a day, and oftener in the hot season. Never neglect looseness of the bowels in an infant; consult the family or dispensary physician at once, and he will give you rules about what it should take and how it should be nursed.

Seaweed Jelly.—The Japanese not only eat seaweed in many forms, but they also largely employ it in their manufactures, and showed specimens at the Paris Exhibition. They use it in strong paper, dressing silk, cotton and thread, as well as in dyeing. The French now collect the seaweed on their coasts and make thao, and employ it at Rouen on their fine cotton goods and prints. It has been observed that rain or fog (damp) does not affect materials dressed with thao. It also answers well for sizing papers; and the only obstacle to its more extensive use is its cost of production. It yields ten times as much jelly as an equal weight of isinglass, but for purposes f food that jelly is not quite so pleasant as an animal jelly, such as isinglass, as it does not melt in the mouth and it contains no nitrogen. It is being tried in France in some of the hospitals, but as yet no official report has been issued.

The Greatest Blessing.—A simple, pure, harmless remedy, that cures every time, and prevents disease by keeping the blood pure, stomach regular, kidneys and liver active, is the greatest blessing ever conferred upon man. Hop Bitters is that remedy, and its proprietors are being blessed by thousands who have been saved and cured by it. Will you try it? See another column.

Boston Cream Cakes.—Put in a frying pan or other flat-bottomed vessels one-half pint of water, and one cup of butter; when boiling, add two cups of sifted flour; stir well three or four minutes and put in a deep dish to cool; when perfectly cold add five eggs and a teaspoonful of saleratus; beat until no egg can be seen; allow one tablespoonful of this to each cake, and bake in buttered pans about four inches apart, in a very hot oven, about fifteen minutes; when baked make an opening in the side of each cake and put in three teaspoonsful of cream, made as follows: To one pint of boiling water add two eggs, one cup of white sugar, half cup flour, well beaten together; when cool, flavor with extract of lemon.

Clothes last longer when washed with Dobbins' Electric Soap, (made by Cragin & Co., Philadelphia,) because no rubbing is needed. Clothes are worn out more on the washboard than on the person. Try it.

Cinders in the Eye.—The simplest method of removing cinders from the eye is to pass a camel's-hair brush dipped in water over it. The operation requires no special skill, and occupies but a minute.

A Novel Fox-Trap.

The cunning of the fox was used as an illustration by writers long before the Christian era, and since that eventful period Reynard has apparently lost none of his sly characteristics. But the following incident shows how one member of the fox family in spite of his proverbial slyness, was made to become, by an ingenious contrivance, his own executioner. In West Freyburg, Me., lives a well-known farmer named T. J. Haley, whose coops had been visited by a hungry fox, and one evening the rascal killed eleven half-grown chickens, ten of which he ate or carried off, leaving one dead near the scene of slaughter. Mr. Haley was considerably provoked, as would naturally be expected, and resolved to set a novel trap for his foxship. So the next day he drove two stakes into the ground a few rods from the coop, split them open, and placed a loaded gun in the crevices, carefully pointed toward the hole under the nearest coop where the fox had crawled in to get his plunder. In this hole he placed the dead chicken fastened by a cord to an end of a piece of wood arranged to play forward and back, like a whiffle-tree, and to the other end of this stick he tied a rope connected with the trigger of the gun, held in position by two stakes, as previously mentioned. He took pains to sight the gun about as high as an ordinary hat above the hole under the coop; also carefully adjusted the rope so that nothing could discharge the gun unless the chicken in the hole was laid hold of. The next morning, on visiting the coop, there lay the misguided fox, dead as a door-nail, with his head in the hole, and the fatal chicken in his stiffened paws. The plan worked to a charm, and makes, perhaps, the first case on record where one of the wiliest of the animal kingdom was enticed into becoming the instrument of his own destruction.

A Cold Seems a Small Affair.—Most people neglect it. Who minds it? Yet a Cold may turn to Consumption, and then follows almost certain death. Take a cold in time, then: that is, take Dr. D. Jaynes's Expectorant, the well known standard remedy for Coughs, Colds, Consumption, Asthma, Bronchitis, and all Pulmonary Complaints, and your cold will disappear, as well as all apprehension of danger.

HUMOROUS.

"Kivered Cars."—Archibald Hart, a mild-looking man from the West, stopped off at Detroit while on his way East. He only meant to stay four hours, and to drink nothing but ice water, but the first thing he knew he was drinking bad whiskey and could dimly remember that he had been there two days. He didn't brace up and repent, however. On the contrary, he went from store to store and from house to house asking people if they didn't want to buy a horse. When asked where his horse was he burst into tears and replied:

"Horse ish dead—horse ish dead!"

A man can't peddle dead horses around Detroit a great while without stumbling against a policeman, and the good old man suddenly discovered himself walking against time towards a station house.

"I should think you'd be ashamed of yourself!" said his Honor as the prisoner came before him.

"'Squar', I am! I swan if I don't feel mean 'nuff to commit suicide! When I come to think of what an idiot I am I don't even want to speak to myself!"

"Do you wan't to go on?"

"Do I? Waal, 'Squr', you just say the word and I'll be in old Connecticut as quick as steam can take me!"

"You won't get drunk again in Canada?"

"Me git drunk again! Why, 'Squar, when you hear of any more liquor goin' down my throat you can expect to hear Gabriel's blast next thing! No, sir-ee—I've got drunk for the last time on this earth!"

His Honor told him to go, and the old man never stopped running till he reached the "kivered cars."

A Boon to Humanity

is anything that will ease pain, and a public benefactor one who is able to relieve human ailments. The most painful of all bodily ills is surely piles, and such has been the absurd, empirical, barbarous treatment of this terrible disease for 3000 years that scientific men began to despair, and a distinguished modern surgeon has pronounced it the "opprobrium of the profession." Afflicted millions tortured with pain and deceived by the false pretensions of pile nostrums, cried out in the language of the Bible: "Who is this that darkeneth counsel by words without knowledge; canst thou draw out a Leviathan with a hook?" Dr. Silsbee is a benefactor and Anakesis, the great infallible pile remedy, the most beneficent discovery of the age; a simple, safe, prompt and permanent cure for this terrible, painful and heretofore almost incurable disease. Half a million sufferers pronounce it infallible; none use it without benefit, and doctors of all medical schools now prescribe it. It is the discovery of a scientific chemist and practicing physician after 46 years' experience, and pronounced to be the nearest to an infallible remedy known. *Anakesis*, Dr. S. Silsbee's External Pile Remedy is sold by all first-class druggists. Price $1 00 per box. Samples mailed free to all sufferers on application to P. Neustaedter & Co., Box 3946 New York.

"My dearest Maria," wrote a recently-married Brooklyn husband to his wife. She wrote back, "Dearest, let me correct either your grammar or your morals. You address me, 'My dearest Maria.' Am I suppose you have other dear Marias?"

Pedestrian (who has dropped some pennies in front of "the blind"): "Why, you confounded humbug, your'e not blind!" Beggar: "Not, I, sir! If the card says I am, they must have given me a wrong one. I'm deaf and dumb."

A boy who had read of sailors heaving up the anchor wanted to know if it was sea-sickness made 'em do it.

The man that gets up last in the morning ought to make the best reporter, because he always gets the latest snooze.

The reason why editors have their manners corrupted is because they receive so many evil communications.

When a driver is thrown over a horse's head, the brute becomes the power behind the thrown.

The time on which many persons are impaled in February—Valen tines.

There is no bank, not even a snow bank, that can stand a run all the year round.

What a paradoxical creature man is! He takes to blotting paper to keep from blotting paper!

The naked truth is of course the bare truth.

The Toilet Habit of Ants.

The Rev. H. C. McCook, of Philadelphia, eulogizes the neatness of the agricultural ant, as observed in confinement, at any rate. The most minute particles of dirt are carefully removed, and the whole body is frequently and thoroughly cleansed, especially after eating and sleeping. They assist each other in general cleansing, and the attitude of the ant under the operation is one of intense satisfaction, like that of a family dog being scratched, a perfect picture of muscular surrender and ease. Mr. McCook has seen an ant kneel down before another, and thrust forward the head under the face of the other, and lie motionless, expressing quite plainly the desire to be cleansed; the other ant understood this and went to work. Sometimes this is combined with acrobatic feats, in which these ants excel, jumping about and clinging to blades of grass in a remarkable fashion. Sometimes the cleansing ant hangs downward from the grass, and to her the ant operated upon clings, reaching over and up with great agility to submit to her friend's offices. Evidently moisture from the mouth is used in washing. Mr. McCook has observed most minutely the whole of these processes, which are recorded in the Philadelphia Academy's "Proceedings" for this year. He suggests that with ants as with the human kind an artificial condition induces greater attention to personal appearance.

The Value of Time.

As in a fire the loss greatly depends upon the time required for efficient aid to arrive, so the result of catarrh greatly depends upon the speedy use of efficient remedies. For over a quarter of a century, Dr. Sage's Catarrh Remedy has been the standard remedy. The positive cures it has effected are numbered by thousands. Each year has witnessed an increased sale. Its reputation is the result of superior merit. If the disease has extended to the throat or lungs, Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery should be used with the Catarrh Remedy. These two medicines will speedily cure the most stubborn case of catarrh. See the People's Common Sense Medical Adviser, a work of over 900 pages. Price, $1 50. Address the author, R. V. Pierce, M. D., Buffalo. N Y.

AGRICULTURE.

Hints on the Care of Horses.—A horse should have a stable entirely above ground, well lighted and well ventilated. It is next in importance that he be fed at certain regular hours; also that he be not fed too much at once, as he should clean out the manger every time, especially if not used, and be ready to grab at the next mess; it will do no harm if the bunk is empty two or three hours. Horses fed in this way will really eat more and do better than if the manger is constantly crammed with that which has been mussed over; besides, the horse is not kept stuffed all the time and his wind is better. Again, it makes a great difference what a horse is fed. Hay and oats alone will soon ruin some horses, and hay should not be fed steadily to any horse. A safe system of feeding in winter is as follows: hay in the morning, and good bright cornstalks twice a day, with a few ears of corn morning and night if not working, otherwise, corn three times a day, the cornstalks being just loosening enough to counteract the effects of the hay and keep the animal healthy. Oat straw may be used in place of the cornstalks, or together; and then oats may be fed in place of corn. If a horse is not being used he should not stand in the stable two days in succession, but on mild days should be let out in the yard for exercise a few hours, or be hitched up and driven. When the horse comes to be worked in the spring, the feed should be changed entirely; but in changing feed always do it gradually, and no harm will ensue. When working, the feed should consist of cut hay, wetted and mixed with meal made of corn and oats in equal parts ground together; and it is astonishing how little feed of this kind will keep a horse good at hard labor, it gaunts him, as he should be; he is not stuffed with hay, his wind, or breathing power, is better, and he does not seek to drink so much water. As to watering, I have said nothing, as the rules for that are so simple and so generally understood that any man who will founder a horse ought to be fined and imprisoned for cruelty to animals. In regard to the rearing and raising of horses, I will say but little, being not an expert, though I must have some useful knowledge, and will simply add: In the management of a horse bring into play all your skill and ingenuity, taking advantage of your knowledge of the nature and disposition of the particular one with which you are dealing, which knowledge you will obtain by observation and thus avoid the necessity of ruling by brute force.

Health Hints for Farmers.—Danger comes from sudden straining of one muscle or set of muscles, so as to injure their tissue and cause lameness. Few escape this. Then add to these the injury from overwork. Overwork is simply working after the strength has been reduced so low that it is painful or wearying to move. It is working after the nourishment in the blood has been mostly used up. It is like keeping the mill going when the steam is low, or when the water in the dam is nearly out. In such cases not only the muscles suffer, but all the organs of the body. Overwork at last, no matter what kind it is, produces bankruptcy of the body, which is worse than any kind of bankruptcy, bad as they all are. In the care of the muscles avoid colds and rheumatism. They make people stiff and lame. They take away the natural elasticity which gives so much pleasure, and substitute a wornout, tired, exhausted feeling which borders on pain, and is often more difficult to bear. How very careful the owner of a fine horse is that it shall not take cold. He knows if it does it will founder, and after this it will never be a good stepper. Our whole country is full of foundered men and women, who are stiff, lame rheumatic, old in feeling, inelastic. Most of them might have preserved their elasticity to old age if they had taken proper care of themselves. As a rule farmers do not bathe as much as they should. The daily bath is to them quite as important as to any class. It requires but a few moments to take it, and when followed by friction, it fortifies the skins against colds.

Sprouting Potatoes.—Sprouting the white potato will advance the crop two weeks. They should be cut so that about two eyes are allowed to each piece, and these should be planted in hot beds with very thin covering of soil; or it is better to plant in boxes or set these in a hot-bed; so that after they are properly sprouted they can be at once carried to the place of planting. If the nights should be anyway's cold, protect with a thin covering of straw when the plants make their appearance above ground. Some persons, who want a large quantity sprouted, cut the potatoes as desired, and spread them on boards, boxes or crates in a dark place, and when sprouted, say from an inch to an inch and a half, expose them to the light, moistening two or three times a week with tepid water. They should be planted out so that there is not more than two inches of soil over the top of the sprout.

Rabbits in Orchards.—In many orchards rabbits do serious injury by barking young trees. An ingenious fruit-grower has discovered if rabbits have access to limbs lying upon the ground they will never attack the erect stems of the trees, probably because they can more readily bark those in a horizontal position. After having made this discovery, says the accommodating gentleman, we continued to prune in different parts of the orchard throughout the winter, leaving the limbs lying upon the ground for their accomodation.

Stimulate the Sluggish Kidneys.

In addition to its tonic and cathartic properties, Hostetter's Stomach Bitters exercises a beneficial influence upon the kidneys and bladder, when they are inactive, by stimulating them to renewed exertion, thus reopening, as it were, a sluice for the escape of impurities whose regular channel of exit is the organs of urination. Among these are certain abnormal and inflammatory elements, productive of irreparable injury to the system if not entirely expelled. The kidneys and bladder themselves are also benefitted by this stimulus, as their inactivity is usually a preliminary to their disease and disorganization. They also experience, in common with other portions of the system, the potent invigorative effects of the Bitters, which furthermore corrects disordered conditions of the stomach, bowels and liver.

Hieskell's Tetter Ointment will cure Sore Eyelids, Sore Noes, Barber's Itch on the face, or Grocer's Itch on the hands. It never fails. 50 cents per box, sent by mail for 60 cents.
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If you are Nervous and Depressed take Hoofland's German Bitters.

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E. F. Kunkel's Bitter Wine of Iron

Has never been known to fail in the cure of weakness attended with symptoms of indisposition to exertion, loss of memory, difficulty in breathing, weakness, horror of disease, weak, nervous trembling, dreadful horror of death, night sweats, cold feet, weakness, dimness of vision, languor, universal lassitude of the muscular system enormous appetite with dyspeptic symptoms, hot hands, flushing of the body, dryness of the skin, pallid countenance and eruptions on the face, purifying the blood, pain in the back, heaviness in the eyelids, frequent black spots flying before the eyes, with suffusion and loss of sight, want of attention, &c. Sold only in $1.00 bottles, or six bottles for $5.00. Ask for E. F. Kunkel's Bitter Wine of Iron, and take no other. Ask your druggist, and if he has it not, send to Proprietor, E. F. Kunkel, No. 259 North Ninth street, Philadelphia, Pa. Advice free; enclose three-cent stamp.

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WHEN ALL IS DONE.

The sun comes up and the sun goes down
And the day and the night are the same as one:
The year grows green and the year grows brown,
And what is it all when all is done.
Grains of sombre or shining sand
Sliding into and out of the hand.

And men go down in ships to the seas,
And a hundred ships are the same as one;
And backward and forward blows the breeze.
And what is it all when all is done?
A tide with never a shore in sight
Setting steadily on toward the night.

The fisherman droppeth his net in the stream,
And a hundred streams are the same as one;
The maiden dreameth her love-lit dream,
And what is it all when all is done
The fisher's net the burden breaks,
And after the dreaming the dreamer awakes.

Mr. Palmleaf's Proposal.

White and glistening like a mammoth bridal veil, the December sun lay over all the New Hampshire hills; dark and delicate, like the tracery of lacework, the leafless woods held up their boughs against the dazzling winter sky—and the Reverend Peter Palmleaf studying over an embryo sermon in his own especial sanctum glanced up where a blackbird was whistling in the casement, and thought to himself what a lovely world the Lord had made.

When, all of a sudden, a shrill voice alled through the entry:

"Peter, the horse is ready."

"What horse?" asked the Rev. Mr. Palmleaf.

"Our horse, to be sure!" said Miss Paulina, his sister.

"What for?" demanded the parson, staring through his near-sighted spectacles at the door.

"To take you to Mr. Darrow's."

"Why, am I going to Mr. Darrow's?" further questioned the man of theology.

"Well, I never!" said Miss Paulina, bouncing into the study, with a yellow pocket handkerchief tied around her head and her sleeves rolled in a business-like fashion up to her elbows. "Peter, you grow more moody and absent-minded every day of your life! Have you forgotten our discussion at the breakfast table? Why, you are going to Mr. Darrow's after a girl, to be sure!"

"A—girl!" repeated the young minister dreamily, rubbing his forehead. "Oh, I do recall something of the conversation A hired girl.

"Yes," nodded the lady briskly. "She's going to leave Mr. Darrow's this morning, because the family is so large and work so heavy. She can't find that fault with our establishment, I guess. Ask her how much wages she wants, and how old she is, and ask her whether she has any followers—a follower is the one thing I can't tolerate, tell her—and be sure you bring her back with her bundles; as I must have her or some person to help me before cousin Philinda's folks come from the city."

"But suppose she won't come!" said the young minister, dubiously, fitting on the fingers of his gloves.

"Then you must make her come," said Miss Paulina, hurriedly retreating, to look after a certain kettle, which was noisily boiling over, at the back of the house.

And thus, charged with his mission, the Reverend Peter Palmleaf got into the one-horse cutter and jingled merrily away.

Mr. Darrow's farmhouse nestled under a hill, in the protecting shadow of a cluster of evergreens, with a green fence in front of it, a red barn at the rear, and a colony of dovehouses at the sunny southern angle; and Mr. Darrow himself, a ruddy-faced, elderly man with a fridge of white whiskers around his chin, was shoveling away the pearly masses of snow in front of his door.

"Eh!" said Mr. Darrow leaning on the handle of his spade, as the bells jingled up in front of his gate, and then stopped. "How? Why, it's the minister! Good morning, Mr. Palmleaf—good morning! That there Sunday sermon o' yours was a masterpiece. Me and Squire Sennex—"

"Yes," said Mr. Palmleaf, leisurely alighting, and tying the horse to the post. "I have called on business this morning."

For Mr. Palmleaf was emphatically a man of one idea, for the time being, the "hired girl" had chased all theology out of his head.

"Eh!" said Mr. Darrow; "business?"

"I've have come after a young woman," said the minister.

Mr. Darrow dropped the spade in the middle of the snow-drift.

"Do you mean Dolly?" he said.

"If that's her name—yes, asserted the minister, solemnly.

"You don't mean that—it is to be an engagement?" cried Mr. Darrow.

"Well, yes—that is, if we suit each other," said Mr. Palmleaf, mildly.

"Jerusalem!" said Mr. Dorrow, who had always heard that Mr. Palmleaf, like most men of genius, was an "eccentric," but had never realized it before. "Have you spoken to her?"

"Certainly not!" answered Mr. Palmleaf. "Of course I shouldn't think of such a thing without seeing you first."

"Very straightforward of you, I'm sure," said the farmer. "But, of course, I can have no objection, if Dolly herself is suited. Though," and he smote one red mitted hand upon his knee, "now I come to think of it, you've never seen Dolly."

"No!" said the minister serenely. "But that need make no difference."

"Jerusalem!" again uttered the farmer. It wasn't the way I used to look at things when I was a young man."

"Tastes differ," said Mr. Palmleaf, a little impatient at this lengthened discussion.

"Oh, of course you can see her," said Mr. Darrow. "She's in the dairy, skimming milk. Dolly! Doll!" raising his voice to a wild bellow. "Here's the Reverend Mr. Palmleaf, wants to see you! There's the door, just to the left, sir."

And, in his near-sighted way, the minister stumbled into Farmer Darrow's dairy, where a rosy-cheeked girl, with jet-black hair, brushed away from a low, olive-dark brow, and eyes like pools of sherry wine, was skimming the cream from multitudinous milkpans into a huge stone pot.

"Young woman," said Mr. Palmleaf, turning his spectacles upon her amazed face, "do you want to engage yourself?"

"Sir?" said Dolly, her spoon coming to an abrupt standstill amid the wrinkly and leather-like folds of the cream on a particular pan.

"In other words," explained Mr. Palmleaf, "do you want a good home!"

"Indeed, sir, I never thought of such a thing!" said Dolly, all in a flurry.

"How old are you?" questioned Mr. Palmleaf.

"I am eighteen," said Dolly, in confusion.

"Have you any followers?"

"Sir?" fluttered Dolly.

"Beaux, I mean," elaborately explained the clergyman.

"Of course, I haven't," said Dolly, half inclined to laugh, half to be angry.

"Then I think you'll suit me," said Mr. Palmleaf; "or rather my sister. Our family is not large; the work is light, and Paulina is a most considerate mistress. Get your bundle."

"My—what!" said Dolly in bewilderment.

"Your clothes. I am to take you back with me immediately," said Mr. Palmleaf. "Paulina exdept company. It is essential that we obtain help at once."

Dolly Darrow looked up with cheeks crimson like any rose, eyes full of deep brown sparkles, and lips around which danced a perfect galaxy of dimples.

Wait a minute please," she said.

"Certainly," said Mr. Palmleaf.

And he sat down on a wooden stool in the corner, and fell to meditating on the "thirdly" of his uncompleted sermon, while Dolly sped up stairs, three steps at a time.

"Father," cried she, flying into the presence of her parents, "the minister has mistaken me for Bridget!"

"Eh?" said Mr. Darrow.

"You don't tell me, said Mrs. Darrow.

"And he wants to hire me," said Dolly, her eyes gleaming with fun. "And I'm going. Quick—where's my hat, and shawl, and mufflers?"

Mrs. Darrow rose up in the majesty of her black silk gown and gold watchchain.

"Dorothy Darrow," said she, "you're never going to hire as a servant?"

"Yes, I am," said Dolly. "Its better than private theatricals. He's so nice and absent-minded, and Paulina is a jewel! Oh do make haste or he'll be tired of waiting!"

And Dolly succeeded in carrying her point. Fifteen minutes later she had got into the cutter, with a parcel, which Mr. Palmleaf stowed snugly away under the seat, and the minister drove home with secret exultation.

Miss Paulina was in the kitchen frying sausages for dinner, when Dorothy Darrow walked in, with cheeks like carnations, hair blown all over her face, and the bundle under her arm.

"Here I am, Miss Palmleaf," said she. "The hired help, at your service.!"

Miss Paulina started.

"Why, it's Dorothy," said she. "And I sent Peter after—"

"Yes I know," said Dolly brightly. "But Bridget was gone, and he mistook me for her, and he has engaged me to work here. And oh, Miss Paulina, please don't undeceive him. Because I am a smart little housekeeper, and I can help you just as much as any Irish girl could. Just give me a trial, that's all."

Miss Paulina had a shrewd appreciation of a joke; her hard features relaxed with a smile, as she stood looking down at the radiant little burnette.

"Well," said she, "I don't mind if I do."

For one month Dorothy Darrow officiated as hired girl at the parsonage. Then she came to the clergyman, one day:

"Mr. Palmleaf," said she, "I am going to leave the place!"

Mr. Palmleaf looked up in amazement and dismay.

"I hope, Dolly," said he, "that neither my sister or I have unwittingly offended you?"

"No!" said Dolly, patting her little foot on the staring green leaves in the study-carpet, "but oh, Mr. Palmleaf, I have done wrong, and I earnestly beg your pardon!"

"Dolly!" cried out the Reverend Peter, in mild surprise.

"Because you are so good and true," sobbed the girl, "and I am not a hired girl, and I only came here for a joke, and I can't bear to thing I'm de-de-deceiving you!"

And Dolly began to cry piteously, behind the corner of her apron.

"You came here for a joke, eh?" said the minister.

"Y-yes, confessed Dolly, behind her apron.

"Well then," said the minister, gently drawing her toward him, "suppose you stay in earnest?"

"Sir?" faltered Dolly.

"My dear," said Mr. Palmleaf, "I have got used to you around the house. I should miss you terrible if you should leave us. Do you think I am too old to think of a blooming wife like you?"

"Not a bit!" cried Dolly indignantly.

"Old you!"

"Do you like me a little bit?"

"A great deal," said Dolly, laughing and blushing.

"Then you will stay with me—always?"

And Dolly promised that she would.

Everybody wondered how so bashful a man as the Rev. Mr. Palmleaf ever mustered courage for a proposal; but nobody knew that an "engagement" begun for a joke turned out sober earnest.

Thoughts from the French.

In some people mountains develop legs, in other wings.

He who travels alone is dependent on nobody and at the merey of everybody.

There is only one thing less endurable than a fool's folly—to wit, a wise man's.

It is a little queer how giving the law to the world in fashion consoles us for no longer giving it the law in anything else.

The most intolerable of traveled folk are those who have come back from everywhere without having been anywhere.

An Englishman never travels without his field-glass, a German without his spectacles, or a Frenchman without his eyeglass.

Real distinction is to be obtained not by doing anything different from what your neighbor does, but by doing everything better than he does.

Advertising Cheats.

It has become so common to write the beginning of an elegant, interesting article and then run it into some advertisement that we avoid all such cheats and simply call attention to the merits of Hop Bitters in as plain honest terms as possible, to induce people to give them one trial, as no one who knows their value will ever use anything else.

Anecdotes of O'Connel.

He was examining a witness, whose inebriety, at the time to which the evidence referred, it was essential to his client's case to prove. He was a fellow who may be described as "half foolish with rogury."

"Well, Darby, you told the truth to this gentleman?"

"Yes, your honor, Counselor O'Connell."

"How do you know my name?"

"Ah, sure every one knows his own patholt."

"Well, you are a good-humored, honest fellow. Now tell me Darby, did you take a drop of anything that day?"

"Why, your honor, I took my share of a pint of spirits."

"Your share of it! Now, by virtue of your oath, was not your share all of it—all but the pewter?"

"Why, then, dear knows, that's true for you, sir."

"The court was convulsed at both question and answer. It soon, step by step, came out that the man was drunk, and was not, therefore a competent witness. Thus O'Connell won the case for his client.

Here is another instance of his ready tact and infinite resource in the defense of his client. In a trial at Cork for murder, the principal witness swore strongly against the prisoner. He particularly swore that a hat, found near the place of the murder, belonged to the prisoner, whose name was James.

"By the virtue of your oath, are you sure this is the same hat?"

"Yes."

"Did you examine it carefully before you swore in your information that it was the prisoner's?"

"I did."

"Now let me see," said O'Connell, as he took up the hat, and began to examine it carefully in the inside. He then spelled along the name of James, slowly, thus: "J-a-m-e-s." "Now, do you mean to say these letters were in the hat when you found it?"

"I do."

"Did you see them there?"

"I did."

"And it is the same hat?"

"It is."

"Now, my lord," said O'Connell, holding up the hat to the bench, "there is an end of the case. There is no name whatever inscribed in the hat?"

The result was an immediate acquittal.

Simpson's Experience.

When I met Simpson one day after I had been absent from the city for several months I noticed that he had a depressed look and that he wore a wig. I asked him the reason for assuming the wig, but he said, "Never you mind!" and appeared to want to avoid the subject. When I reached my office I asked hsm in, and I pressed him to tell me what was the matter. Finally, he consented, and locking the door and pulling down the window blind, he said:

"You know old Partridge the phrenologist?"

"Yes."

"You know he has an awful pretty daughter, Sally?"

"Yes."

"Well, sir, I was in love with that girl, and I thought she loved me. And so, one day, I called at Partridge's place to kind of sound him to see if I stood any chance. And the old man, you know, he was a little reserved, but he told me that any man who wanted to get a favor from him could do so by permitting him to shave off his hair and map out his scalp. Said, you know that he wanted a living subject to lecture from instead of a plaster bust."

"You refused, of course?"

"Well, you see, I was wild about his daughter, so like an immortal idiot I let him practice on me. He took off every hair clean, and then got a stick of caustic and laid out my scalp in town lots, with a picture in each reservation. Just look at that! Isn't that infamous?"

Simpson removed his wig. His head looked like a globular checker board, with frescoes of the most amazing and hideous characters daubed into each square. There was a prize fight in progress upon his bump of combativeness; two black doves that looked like buzzards were billing upon his bump of amativeness; a grimy angel with parasols for wings, stood on his veneration bump; and on his bump of philoprogenitiveness there was what appeared to be a comic picture of "ten little Indians standing in a line." It was the most startling spectacle I ever beheld, and I said to Simpson—

"Old fellow, I pity you!"

"Pity me! Humph! Why blame it man, do you know that those frescoes will never come off? Carry them to my grave, just as they are. And then you know, Partridge wasn't satisfied with that. He said that my bump of acquisitiveness was a great deal too small. And when I asked him what he was going to do about it, he said it must be swelled up somehow. He said if he ever had a son-in-law it must be a man whose amativeness was strong. So that fetched me and I told him to go ahead. He first proposed sawing out a square inch of my skull and setting in a bump that would about meet his views; but I was a little shy, you know, and so he said he could either cup me like the man in Maryat's novel, or else work me up some sort of a hydraulic pressure, or suction or something."

"Did he do it?"

"Well, all I know is that I was kep in that office for four nights and three days with a bucket on my head, put there to hold the machinery down; and that I was so delirious most of the time that he had to strap me to the bookcase. When I came to, I found I had a bump over my ear as large as a four-cent loaf of bread, and old Partridge you know, was standing there exclaiming, "Splendid! Splendid!" and decorating it with a caricature in caustic of a miser grasping a bag of gold! I'll kill that old idiot yet, if I get a chance!"

"You recovered though?"

"Yes; and next day Partridge said he must have a cast of that noble bump at all hazards. Said he wanted it to use to illustrate his annual address before the Philosophical Society. So, like the incredible ass that I am, I yielded. He put me down on the sofa plugged my nose with quills, and then daubed some kind of white mud over my face. I stood it patiently till the stuff hardened, and then the old man took the mould off. About an hour later he had a bust of me, without hair and with a bulge on one side that looks like a cantelope skewered on a watermelon. He has it on his table now, with busts of murdurers, pirates, pickpockets and paupers."

"You got his daughter, though?"

"That's what I was coming to. After he had finished the bust, I thought I'd done about enough, and so I asked him plumply if I could have her. And do you know what the beastly old buccaneer said? Actually rose up and said that Sally was engaged to young Jim Duncan, and the announcement would be made on Tuesday! Laid me right out! The girl had gone back on me, fair and square! And so here I am. I bought a wig and went off to hide my misery."

Then Simpson said good morning and left. It struck me that his case was rather hard, taking it altogether.

Carrying Pistols.

Georgia has a stringent pistol law. The penalty is forfeiture of the pistol, a fine of fifty dollars and, at the discretion of the court, imprisonment for thirty days. A short time after the law went into effect, Judge Lester was holding court in one of the mountain counties of North Georgia, and, right in the midst of the trial of a cause, he asked the attorneys to suspend a few moments, and told the Sheriff to lock the court-house door and let no man pass out without permission from him. Then said the Judge in his firm, decided way: "Gentlemen, I saw a pistol on a man in this room a few moments ago, and I cannot reconcile it to my sense of duty as a peace officer to let such a violation of the law passed unnoticed. It may be that it is my duty to go before the grand jury and indict him, but if that man will walk up to this stand and lay his pistol and a fine of one dollar down here, I will let him off this time, otherwise I will go before the grand jury and testify against him."

The Judge paused, and an attorney who was sitting down just before the stand got up, slipped his hand in his hip pocket, drew out a neat ivory-handled Smith & Wesson six shooter, and laid it and a dollar down before the Judge.

"This is all right," remarked the Judge, "but you are not the man I saw with the pistol."

At this another attorney, sitting immediately in front of the Judge, got up and drawing out a small Colt's revolver, laid it and a dollar bill upon the stand.

"This is right again," said the Judge, "but you are not the man, I speak of."

Thereupon, a large man, just outside of the bar, walked around, ran his hand in his bosom, and drawing out a huge old army pistol, laid it and a dollar on the stand.

"I declare," exclaimed the Judge, "if this don't beat all; you have done right, my friend, but you are not the man that I saw with the pistol."

This process went on until nineteen pistols and nineteen dollars were lying on the Judge's stand. Then there was a pause, and it appeared as if the crowd was pretty well disarmed; at least, if there were any more pistols in the house their owners did not seem disposed to give them up.

"Gentlemen," resumed the Judge, "here are nineteen persons who have acted like men in this business, but the man that I saw with the pistol has not come up yet, and now," continued he, pulling out his watch and looking toward the far side of the court-house "I will give him one minute to accept my proposition, and if he does not do it in that time, I will point him out to the Sheriff and order him to be taken into custody."

Immediately two men from the back part of the house began to move toward the Judge's stand. Once they stopped and looked at each other, and then, coming slowly forward, laid down their pistols and their dollars. As they turned to leave, the Judge said: "This man with the black whiskers is the one that I saw with the pistol."

Then Judge Lester gave a short lecture upon the cowardly, foolish and wicked habit of carrying concealed weapons, and assured his audience that in future the law would be strictly enforced. The Court proceeded with its regular business, and it is needless to add that in that county the habit of carrying pistols was broken up.

Speak the truth; yield not to anger; give when asked, of the little thou hast; by these three steps thou shall go near the gods.

A fire in China.

A person who was present at the late fire in Hong Kong, China, says: "I trust never to see such a sight again. The long road shaded with trees leading from our part of the town to the populous part, was alive with Chinese carrying their goods, women huddled together over beds, baskets, stools, clothes, crockery—anything and everything in the way of personal goods. Small-footed women tottered along, held up by their children; while others bore some good bit of bronze or some family treasure. Several sewing machines lay on the road, and I met a superb American piano carried along. Sick people borne past in blankets told us that the hospital was on fire. Still we made our way to the front, through the smoke, up a street of small houses, mostly those of small Parsee merchants who were huddling out bales of cotton, silks, embroideries, framed pictures, etc., while so great was the mass of broken looking glasses that walking became difficult. At last we reached the cordon of soldiers, and beyond it a blazing mass was all that remained of the civil hospital and eight other large houses. The governor and general stood there; and the governor said to me, "I had to blow it up to save the jail;" and then he whispered, "God knows what we may have to do; there are nearly one thousand prisoners." Now came the shrill blast of the bugle "Stand back all." Out came from the smoke the engineer officers, having just laid the charges to blow up the rear of the hospital, which adjoined the jail-yard. Another explosion of bricks, blazing bits of rafter, a shower of sparks and blinding smoke and a gorgeous cloud of colored flame showed the drugs stored in the hospital were alight. Then came a commotion which I did not understand. Soldiers marched up, fresh cries were raised, and a stranger coming up said, "You had better stand up on the rise of the hill, for they are about to bring out the prisoners," It was like the riot scene in "Barnaby Rudge." I could hear the order "fix bayonets," and then down through the crowd and dust tramped the soldiers, with about one hundred handcuffed creatures in their midst. When X and I returned we followed the governor through the back entrance in the jail, passing through the central police station, where the inspectors who are married men, have large quarters. Here English furniture, books, ornaments, dresses lay about drenched with water. The governor of the jail told told me that the jail was saved by the blowing up of the civil hospital, but that the danger then was from the police station stables. Very soon they were gallantly broken open, principally by sailors, and huge piles of hay handed from man to man and thrown down the steep streets; and that night many homeless Chinese were cuddled under the hay. Now the block of buildings in front of the Oriental bank was to be blown up. I hastened thither, through a never-ending scene of distress, to find the bank hung over with the handsome carpets soaked with water. Within doors paper were being packed in safes, bank notes in fire-proof boxes, and so sent down to the harbor escorted by soldiers and placed in steam launches. I watched the blowing up of Ross' tailoring establishment, a fine block of buildings. Several fifty-pound charges of powder were laid, the bugle sounded again and Ross' ceased to exist. This however saved our end of the town. Words cannot tell the scene in Queen's road, one of the sights of the city, for here are (or rather were) the curiosity or bird shops. The place was deeply littered with broken glass and shattered vases, burning sinks and gauzes, smashed ivories, lovely lacquer cabinets in fragments. I tumbled over a lot of hares, ducks, geese, pheasants, etc., the whole of a poulterer's stock. The fire brigade, mostly volunteers, were still working, looking thoroughly exhausted. Before one shop an Irish lad declared he could not let the birds be burned alive; and though he was warned that a fifty-pound charge was in the house, he dashed in, broke open the bird cages with his axe, and a flock of little canaries was all over Queen's road in less than five minutes. By six o'clock in the evening all was over, smouldering ruins and falling walls only left."

Underground Curiosities.

At the city of Medina, in Italy, and about four miles around it, whenever the earth is dug, and the workmen arrive at a distance of sixty-three feet they come to a bed of chalk, which they bore with an augur, five feet deep. They then withdraw from the pit before the augur is removed, and upon its extraction the water bursts up through the aperture with great violence, and quickly fills the newly made well, which continues full and is affected neither by rains nor drought. But what is the most remarkable in this operation is the layers of earth as we descend. At the depth of fourteen feet are found the ruins of an ancient city—paved streets, houses, floors and different pieces of mason work. Under this is found a soft, oozy earth, made up of vegetables; at twenty-six feet, large trees, with the walnuts still sticking to the stem, and the leaves and branches in a perfect state of preservation. At twenty-eight feet deep a soft chalk is found, mixed with a vast quantity of shells, and the bed is eleven feet thick. Under this vegetables are found again.

FOOD FOR THOUGHT.

Be not proud of wealth, nor complain of poverty.

He who does not soar high, will suffer less by a fall.

The torment of envy is like a grain of sand in the eye.

Envy not those who have, nor despise those who have not.

The error of a moment becomes the sorrow of a whole life.

The more talents are exercised, the more they will be developed.

Mind your tongue! Don't let it speak hasty, cruel, or wicked words.

Never exhibit anger, impatience or excitement when an accident occurs.

The integrity of men is to be measured by their conduct, not by their professions.

Never enter a room noisily; never fail to close the door after you, and never slam it.

Unhappy is the man for whom his own mother has made other mothers venerable

All that is wise has been theught already; we must try, however, to think it again.

The gem cannot be polished without friction, nor man perfected without trials.

The man who combats himself, will be happier than he who contends with others.

Never exhibit too much familiarity with the new acquaintance; you may give offence.

Men show their character in nothing more clearly than by what they think laughable.

Expression is of more consequence than shape—it will light up features otherwise heavy.

All virtue lies in a power of denying our own desires when reason does not authorize them.

The mind hath reason to remember that passions ought to be her vassals, not her masters.

Never fail to offer the easiest and best seat in the room to an invalid, or elderly person or a lady.

Generalizations and great self-conceit are always preparing the most lamentable mishaps.

Never neglect to perform the commission which the friend entrusted to you. You must not forget.

Ordinary apprehension, or a correct view of human affairs, is the general heirloom of common sense.

People do not reflect that they may soon die. If they did their quarrels would quickly terminate.

At present let us remove what is bad; which must always be done before good of any kind can spring up.

Persevering mediocrity is much more respectable, and of unspeakly more use than talented inconstancy.

In everything the consent of all nations is to be accounted the law of nature, and to resist it is to resist the law of God.

Let every man sweep the snow from before his own doors, and not busy himself about the frost on his neighbor's tiles.

Who will feel the tenderest participation in joy let him not look at happy children, but at the parents who rejoice to see them happy.

Though the life of a man falls short of a hundred years, he gives himself as much pain and anxiety as if he were to live a thousand.

True friendship is a plant of slow growth, and must undergo and withstand many shocks of adversity before it is entitled to the appellation.

A man to be a success must not be a pure idealism, but he must have ideas. He does not want to be sun-dazzled or sun-blind, but he must keep him from knocking himself against the wall.

The despised of some people are the looked-up to of others. Were it not so, the little ones of the earth would not be able to hold up their heads under the contumely of the great ones.

The wise man makes equity and justice the basis of all his conduct, the right forms the rule of his behavior. deference and modesty mark his exterior, sincerity and fidelity serve him for accomplishments.

Witty sayings are as easily lost as the pearls slipping off a broken string; but a word of kindness is seldom spoken in vain. It is a seed which, even when dropped by chance, springs up a flower.

All the paths of knowledge are connected. They all run into each other. They are all one. There is no end to the things we must learn in order to have what may be called knowledge of any one thing.

If you would be exempt from uneasiness, do nothing which you know or suspect is wrong; and if you wish to enjoy the present pleasure, always do everything in your power which you know to be right.

Some unknown philosopher observes: "A little girl who can put on a square patch may not be so accomplished as one who can work a green worsted dog on a yellow ground, but she is of far more value in the community."

The great high road of human welfare lies along the old highway of steadfast well-doing, and they who are the most persistent and work in the truest spirit will invariably be the most successful; success treads on the heels of every right effort.

The only certain test by which we can ascertain the sincerity of our regard for our friends is the feeling with which we receive the news of their happiness and aggrandizement, the more especially when fortune has raised them above our level.

He who would proceed too fast is liable to take very false steps. It matters not at what time, but on what terms, a negotiation is concluded. It is much better to conclude matters later than to ruin them by precipitation; and it often happens that we even delay, by our impatience, that which we were too anxious to push forward.

The greatest man is he who chooses right with the most invincible resolution; who resists the sorest temptation from within and without; who bears the heaviest burden cheerfully; who is the calmest in the storm and the most fearless under menaces and frowns; whose reliance on truth, on virtue and on heaven, is most unfaltering.

The Republican.

SATURDAY, MAY 31, 1879.

AS IT IS

Government in this country has become an oppression rather than a protection, so far as the great mass of the people are concerned.

From the day of its inauguration it has gradually departed from the rigid simplicity and economy of its construction and administration, until it has grown to be a monster of power and greed.

The laws, both Federal and State, have become so manifold and complex, both by legislative enactment and judicial determination and precedent, that no man, except he be a professional lawyer, and "learned in the law" at that, pretends to any kind of understanding of them.

About all that the people now clearly know, is that they are *supposed* to be sovreign, with the right to the ballot for the correction of abuses and change of agents; but what with the Federal bayonet and our State laws that have thrown down all the safeguards to the sanctity of the ballot-box, their sovreignity is more a cherished tradition of the past than a fact. The Democratic party in the Congress of the United States are struggling to remove the bayonet and give the ballot fair play. The same party in Alabama, as represented by the late stupid Legislature, has effectually removed the question of official succession from the hands of the people and remitted it to managers of elections, where they are corrupt enough to exercise the power which the law has conferred upon. The Radical party in Congress, and as represented by a Fraudulent President, will defeat the patriotic aims of the Democrats for this session at least; and we are still left to feel the oppressive arm of the Federal Government, when we exercise the highest privilege of free men. The late Alabama Legislature framed a law governing elections, which, for dangerous encroachment upon the sovreignity of the people, exactly comports with the Radical idea. But notwithstanding this, the Radical party in Alabama would be infinitely worse for the people than the Democratic party could ever be, even though represented by the men who gave us our latest code of laws.

No matter by what instrumentality, the people of this country, both in Federal and State affairs, are practically shorn of their sovreignity, and they give expression now to their sentiments and preferences through the ballot-box, only by tolerance of the powers that be. By and by men will take advantage of existing laws and shear the people of all power. If they would escape this calamity, they must at once, while the shadow of sovreignty abides with them, put aside the men who have legislated the country into this condition, and choose others to undo their work and give them back their priceless heritage of freedom. For forty-three years this paper has borne as its motto: "The price of Liberty is Eternal Vigilance"; and never, since the first day it was printed, has it come with such startling application as now. They cannot claim that they are fully free.

The people have only left to them *taxation*, and God knows they get enough of that. The right, the privilege or the duty to pay taxes, is one thing law-makers are loth to abridge or deny.

The people of the United States pay annually, by direct and indirect taxation, hundreds of millions of dollars into the Federal Treasury. It is a tremendous drain upon them, and carries poverty, misery and distress, with its collection; but this fact does not interfere with the cheerful alacrity with which the bondholders, the ninety thousand office-holders, the army, the navy, and the Government jobbers gobble it up.

The people of Alabama pay nearly a million of dollars into the State Treasury. Aside from the benefits conferred by public education and the support of charitable institutions, this vast sum goes to pay interest to bond-holders; to pay the expenses of a legislature, which is too large by more than half and which meets too often; to provide salaries for a few figure heads of Government, who hire clerks with the people's money to do their work for them; for the maintenance of courts to construe contracts, and decide money disputes between parties (vigorous prosecutions for crime is a a thing of the past) and for the other paraphranalia and popycock that go to make up the show of Government, which absorbs this vast sum.

The county tax, on an average, is fully half that of the State, while the corporation tax of towns and cities mount up to State proportions again. And so it goes. The tax machine is the only thing that grinds successfully.

Summing up the whole, we find that the people of this town, for instance, are paying in Federal, State, County and Town taxes fully 3½ per cent. on a correct valuation of their property, or about what money is worth in the markets of the world. It takes all the result of their toil, outside of a bare support, year in and year out, to meet the demand. They are accumulating nothing for a rainy day. They are practically serfs of an oligarchy of office-holders and bond-holders.

To restore prosperity to this country, all this must be changed. The Democratic party need not so much to increase the volume of currency in order to restore prosperity, as to stop the increase of the bonded debt of the country, State and National; to reduce the vast army of drones who produce nothing, yet live on the earnings of those who labor; and to stamp out all jobbery, extravagance and corruption in Government. Think of eleven thousand employees in the U. S. Treasury department! No one doubts that the number could be cut down half and the remainder be remitted to the walks of productive labor, without detriment to the public service. In every department of the general Government it is the same way, until the list swells to ninety thousand. In this State it takes 133 men to make bad laws; two secretaries to help the Governor perform his *arduous* duties; any number of clerks in other departments of the State; a perfect swarm of attaches about the penitentiary and other public institutions, and all at salaries far above those accorded similar ability if not responsibility in civil life

Government in this country, as it is run, has grown to be a great humbug, and the people are as much victims to it, as the fools of Europe, who slave their lives out to pamper a royal family and privileged nobility. It will change one of these days, and great will be the change.

Address of W. W. Screws.

DELIVERED BEFORE THE ALABAMA PRESS ASSOCIATION, AT GADSDEN, MAY 28TH, 1879.

Gentlemen of the Editors' and Publishers' Association of Alabama:

We assemble today in our eighth annual meeting under the happiest and most cheering adspices. Since our last meeting there has been nothing of a general nature to mar the pleasant anticipations with which we have looked forward to this occasion. It is highly gratifying and indicative of good results in the future to see so many together. Leaving out of view the consideration of any business matter, it shows the deep interest felt in the profession and the regard entertained for those who are engaged in it. It shows, too, that our annual meetings have become both pleasant and profitable, for the coming together and interchanging ideas and sentiments must be productive of much good to us all. This fraternal feeling should be encouraged and cultivated. By knowing one another it will prevent in the event of differences on public matters asperity of feeling and harshness of language. There has been too much mere personal abuse in the public journals of today. We in Alabama are measurably free from it, and if we all knew each other well there would be none of it. As it is, I think, for courtesy toward each other, for sincere desire to do equal and exact justice to all, the journalists of Alabama can take a position in the very front rank.

During the past twelve months but one of our number has been claimed by the great reaper—Death. The venerable James F. Grant has been called from his post of duty here to a higher and happier place among the good of all professions. He leaves behind him the record of an unsullied private life and a spotless public career. He had been tried and was not found wanting. Venerable alike for his years, for his long service in our profession, and for the highest private and public virtues, he has gone from us full of years and honors, leaving a name which envy and malice dared not assail.

We now meet in a section of our beloved state to which many members of the association are strangers, and certainly in an associated capacity are we in an unknown region. Here in the hospitable city of Gadsden, on the banks of one of the most beautiful of the many water courses of Alabama, we meet in a region blessed by nature with all the beauties and advantages which go to make a great country, and in which art is fast making up for the lost time which has elapsed since its first settlement by the white race. Let us hope that the day is not far distant when this noble river will be opened, from its source to the gulf, to the commerce of the world, and when its broad bosom shall be made to bear its just portion of the travel and traffic between the geographical divisions of the state. In connection with the Alabama, its course is through every variety of climate and productions of which our favored commonwealth can boast, and it will not be long in the natural course of events till the Coosa will be navigable from Rome to the bay, when the corn and wheat and coal and iron of northeast Alabama will be loaded on her own boats and conveyed without stoppage to Mobile, there to be loaded on vessels for every part of the world, and when the rich and varied products of the tropics will be placed on Alabama vessels and conveyed to the many thriving towns and villages which will assuredly spring up along the banks of the river.

This beautiful and growing town, which has literally opened wide its gates to the representatives of the press, and their wives and daughters and sweethearts, let us venture to predict it will become as celebrated for its commerce and manufactures as it is now noted for the patriotism of its men, the beauty and grace of its women, and the generous hospitality of its people.

In this, as in all other good works, it is the duty and pleasure of the fraternity to unite cordially and freely. It matters not how much or how little influence we have as individuals, when we combine in any good work we wield a power not to be lightly opposed. In this, as in all things, unity is strength, and it is our duty, as it should be our pleasure, to cultivate that spirit of harmony and concession without which no enterprise can succeed. Let us be indeed a band of brothers, firm and united on every good work, looking to the interest of our state and counties as well as our profession.

The exercises of Calhoun College were brought to a close last Friday evening. A most thorough and exhaustive examination, showed that the students had made rapid and substantial progress during the past session. Under Prof. Borden's skillful and energetic management, supported by an able and experienced faculty, the character and morale of the school has steadily advanced until it has become one of the most popular Institutions of learning in this section. The indications of its future are very flattering indeed, and in view of the large attendance next term, Prof. Borden proposes to make several important additions, to his present highly efficient and competent corps of instructors. We invite all who have sons and daughters to be educated to send them to Calhoun College. It is situated among the beautiful mountains, where nature has lavished her most munificent attractions, in the midst of a highly intelligent, cultivated, and refined community, which lends a powerful moral support to the institution, and surrounds its students with the most elevating social and religious influences.

THE MISSISSIPPI EDITORS.

Reception and Address of Hon. Jefferson Davis.

Special to the N. O. Picayune.

PASCAGOULA, JUNE 5.

An invitation was sent to Mississippi City requesting Jefferson Davis to join in an excursion to-morrow. He answered that he would be happy to accept but feared it impracticable. A 9:20 telegram announced he would arrive at 6:20. A committee was appointed to receive him. On entering the hall he was greeted with cheer on cheer; all rose, the ladies waving handkerchiefs and throwing flowers and bouquets before him as he passed through the hall with the committee, of which E. Barksdale was chairman, who introduced Mr. Davis, saying that every Mississippian walked with loftier stride when Jefferson Davis appeared among them after the long and bloody night that had passed. Regenerated and free again, Jefferson Davis was welcomed to the hearts and homes of Mississippians.

Mr. Davis said "Mississippi was identified with his highest hopes, and he rejoiced to see her regenerated. It was charged that Miss., had repudiated her honest debts, which was untrue. She paid all honest debts, crushed and bleeding from every pore, without a voice to raise in her own defense. That dark hour, thank God, had passed away and Mississippians once more governed Mississippi; and through weeds, sackcloth and ashes exclaim in the language of Job, "I believe my avenger liveth." Truth would prevail in final triumph. From beginning to end, he said, in prosperity and adversity, when leading bodies of men, or laden with chains in a dungeon, I have been true to Mississippi. I believe you have done right and I do not feel that I have done wrong. Thanking the press of Mississippi for their cordial reception, he predicted it would vindicate the past and point to higher roads of morality in the future. The women of the South during the war were most resolute. He said he never saw a Southern woman who had been reconstructed. The children of such women must rise to vindicate such principles. Let no one, said Mr, Davis, suppose I am advocating revolution or preaching sectional strife. The re-establishment of such principles and great truths as lay at the foundation of this Government was necessary. Nullification and secession began in New England and not in the South. Friends—for all Mississippians are my friends, one and all, I love Mississippi, and I love Mississippians—God bless you all now and forever.

NOTICE TO TEACHERS.

By the kindness of the editor of the Republican, I give you the names of the township superintendents, together with the amounts due each township in the county.

State in your contracts when school began, but let the date be at the time of writing. I will forward to township superintendents copies of the law as soon as received.

T.	R.	Township Sup't	White.	Colored
12	8	Jas B Brown	$ 61,90	$——
	9	A D Casey	55,43	9,83
	10	F M Savage	71,57	18,94
13	6	W F Kenady	79,55	19,79
	7	A W Kirby	578,95	50 84
	8	H McBee	194,35	17,88
	9	W J Scott	141 57	68 81
	10	M T Moody	238,96	112 71
14	6	M N Coker,	240 45	65,25
	7	L D Miller	262 16	238,40
	8	J D Hammond	280,03	201,03
	9	J W Whiteside	264,21	129,17
	10	N J Belton	55,80	1,52
15	5	W C Martin	114 98	112,45
	6	P H Brothers	287 41	135,62
	7	J S Wakefield	172,83	113,67
	8	J M Ledbetter	158 92	64,20
	9	W A Scarbrough	265,27	94,72
16	6	W D Gilchrist	131,50	104,22
	7	A L Hinds	185,24	87,05
	8	E G Robertson	521,00	204,18
	9	O M Deavenport	225,36	98,62

G. BRYANT RUSSELL.

May 31st—6t.

Sufferers with Rheumatism, Lame Back, etc., who have had all the pleasure of life destroyed by these sad afflictions, can again enjoy the light elastic step of perfect health, and experience permanent relief, by using Coussens' Lightning Liniment, the only unfailing remedy for Rheumatism, Lame Back, Neuralgia, Sprains, Bruises, etc. Price 50 cents. For sale by all druggists.

CALHOUN COLLEGE,

FOR MALES AND FEMALES.

JACKSONVILLE, ALABAMA.

The 5th Session will commence on Monday, the 14th day of July, 1879, and continue 20 weeks.

Terms of tuition, from $2 to $5 per month, according to grade, payable in advance.

Board in good families at from $8 to $10 per month.

For further particulars address L. W. Cannon, Secretary, or,

W. J. BORDEN
Principal.

Ask Yourself these Questions.

Are you a despondent sufferer from Sick Headache, Habitual Costiveness, Palpitation of the Heart? Have you Dizziness of the Head? Is your Nervous System depressed? Does your Blood circulate badly? Have you a Cough? Low Spirits? Coming up of the food after eating? &c., &c. All of these and much more are the direct results of Dyspepsia, Liver Complaint and Indigestion. Green's August Flower is now acknowledged by all Druggists to be a positive cure. 2,400,000 bottles were given away in the U. S. through Druggists to the people as a trial. Two doses will satisfy any person of its wonderful quality in curing all forms of indigestion.—Sample bottles 10 cents. Regular size 75 cts. Sold positively by all first-class druggists in the United States.

HAMILTON CULTIVATOR.

HUGHES' Sulky Plows, two or three horse, with redland bottoms, guaranteed to scour. Reapers, Mowers and Sulky Rakes, Hamilton Cultivator, putting up a bed and finishing a row at ONE furrow in superior style. Also two horse handle plows, guaranteed to scour in red land.

J. E WELCH, Agent.

Alpine, April, 22, 1879.

May 10, 1879.

M. H Cruikshank, Esqr.

Mr. Editor, The great leakage in the farm is the COST OF LABOR—stop that leak and prosperity will greet the farmer with earnest and full hand. I would call the attention of the farmers of Talladega county to the testimony of men whom they know.

J. E. WELCH.

Mr. J. E. Welch—Sir: The Hamilton Cultivator purchased of you does its work almost to perfection. It is durable, does its work thoroughly and a great deal of it. To the farmer it is timely, being as it is, the greatest labor-saving implement in cultivation ever yet presented to them.

W. T. WEBB. | O. M. REYNOLDS,
W. A. WELCH. | C. M. TAUL.

Talladega, May 12, 1879.

J. E. WELCH, Esqr.—Dear Sir: I have gone over my corn twice with the Hamilton Cultivator, and don't want any thing better for corn culture—it is quite the thing. The proof of the pudding is the eating thereof.

J. H. JOHNSON,
B. P. AUTERY.

STATE OF ALABAMA, Calhoun county.

Probate Court for said county—Special Term, June 2d 1879.

This day came R. T Johnston, C. G Morgan and J. J. Young, and filed in court their petition in writing under oath; and also a paper writing purporting to be the last will and testament of William Johnston deceased; and moves the court to admit said will to probate, and to grant to the said R. T. Johnston, C G. Morgan and J. J Young, letters testamentary under said will.

It is thereupon ordered that the 1st day of July, 1879, be set for hearing the said application; and that notice be given by publication in the Jacksonville Republican, a newspaper published in said county, for three successive weeks prior to said days a notice to Wm. E. Edwards, Mary E. Hill, Carrie Compton, Inis Compton, Elizabeth J Cooper, and Carrie R. McGee, who are heirs at law and next of kin of the deceased, and who are non-residents of the State of Alabama, to be and appear at a special term of said court to be holden at the court house of said county, on said 1st day of July 1879 and show if any thing they have to allege why said will should not be admitted to probate.

June 7—3t. L. W. CANNON, Judge of Probate.

GREAT BARGAINS IN

Pianos & Organs.

H. A. SMITH

ROME, GA.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

Bookseller and Music Dealer

Has just received from the Manufacturers, the

Largest Stock of Pianos

ever brought to this market. These Instruments having been bought for cash at

LOW PRICES,

will be sold to cash customers at

PRICES LOWER THAN EVER KNOWN

in this country.

Purchasers, by calling early, can have the advantage of selecting from the large stock on hand. Large lot of School & Miscellaneous Books always on hand, at

LOW RATES.

SHERIFFS SALE.

By virtue of one fifa issued from the circuit court of Calhoun county, and to me directed, in favor of John Ross, executor of F Ross deceased, and against E. G. & I. G. Morris. I will sell to the highest bidder for cash, before the court house door, in the town of Jacksonville Calhoun county, Ala., within the legal hours of sale, on the fifth Monday in June that being the 30th day of June, the following described property, to-wit:

Commencing at the southeast corner of Sec. 9, township 16, range 9—east, in Coosa Land District—thence south 89½ degrees, west 98 poles, to a stake, thence north 44 degrees—west 85 poles to a stake, crossing the creek 40 poles from southwest corner of the lot, thence north 85½ degrees, east 96 poles to a stake, crossing the creek 50 poles from the northwest corner—thence south 44 degrees, east 85 poles, to the beginning corner, containing 52 acres more or less, with all the improvements thereon, levied upon as the property of I. G. & I. G. Morris, to satisfy said fifa.

D. Z. GOODLETT,
Sheriff.
J. L. MATTISON,
Deputy Sheriff.

May 31st—6t.

Joseph H. Parsons section boss on the S & N R R, near Birmingham, shot and killed one of the hands in his employ.

The cotton crop in Georgia is looking fine. The wheat crop is better than it has been for many years.

Seven years ago Shad were put in the Ouchita near Hot Springs, and now the river is swarming with them.

The Augusta News says there is an old grey mule in Macon which acted in the capacity of a shirting engine on the Monroe railroad about forty years ago. The animal is now forty-seven years of age, and is doing good service in pulling a dump-cart.

A terrible fight took place at McIntosh, Ga., on the S. & G. R. R., between a party of negro excursionists of Bryan county, and some of McIntosh. John Randall, Captain of a negro militia company, ordered his company to take charge; which they did, bayonetting every body in reach. The Captain killed one man by running his sword through him. When this was done, the McIntosh negroes charged upon the excursion negroes, fired into them, killed four or five men, and wounded a great many more—and would have killed more than they did, but the excursionists started their train and moved out for home as fast as possible.

THE GENUINE

DR. C. McLANE'S

Celebrated American

WORM SPECIFIC

OR

VERMIFUGE.

SYMPTOMS OF WORMS.

THE countenance is pale and leaden-colored, with occasional flushes, or a circumscribed spot on one or both cheeks; the eyes become dull; the pupils dilate; an azure semicircle runs along the lower eye-lid; the nose is irritated, swells, and sometimes bleeds; a swelling of the upper lip; occasional headache, with humming or throbbing of the ears; an unusual secretion of saliva; slimy or furred tongue; breath very foul, particularly in the morning; appetite variable, sometimes voracious, with a gnawing sensation of the stomach, at others, entirely gone; fleeting pains in the stomach; occasional nausea and vomiting; violent pains throughout the abdomen; bowels irregular, at times costive; stools slimy; not unfrequently tinged with blood; belly swollen and hard; urine turbid; respiration occasionally difficult, and accompanied by hiccough; cough sometimes dry and convulsive; uneasy and disturbed sleep, with grinding of the teeth; temper variable, but generally irritable, &c.

Whenever the above symptoms are found to exist,

DR. C. McLANE'S VERMIFUGE will certainly effect a cure.

IT DOES NOT CONTAIN MERCURY

in any form; it is an innocent preparation, *not capable of doing the slightest injury to the most tender infant.*

The genuine DR. McLANE'S VERMIFUGE bears the signatures of C. McLANE and FLEMING BROS. on the wrapper.

—:o:—

DR. C. McLANE'S

LIVER PILLS

are not recommended as a remedy "for all the ills that flesh is heir to," but in affections of the liver, and in all Bilious Complaints Dyspepsia and Sick Headache, or diseases of that character, they stand without a rival

AGUE AND FEVER.

No better cathartic can be used preparatory to, or after taking Quinine.

As a simple purgative they are unequaled.

BEWARE OF IMITATIONS.

The genuine are never sugar coated.

Each box has a red wax seal on the lid with the impression DR. McLANE'S LIVER PILLS

Each wrapper bears the signatures of C McLANE and FLEMING BROS.

Insist upon having the genuine Dr. C. McLANE'S LIVER PILLS, prepared by Fleming Bros., of Pittsburgh, Pa., the market being full of imitations of the name *McLane*, spelled differently but same pronunciation.

Grand Reduction in Prices.

B. F. CARPENTER

HAS JUST RECEIVED

A LARGE AND

COMPLETE

Assortment of Family Groceries, which he proposes to sell at bottom prices. Very best brands of Coffee, Sugar, Tea, Finely flavored Cigars, Western Bacon, Meal, Snowdust Flower, Molasses, Crockery, Hardware, Kerosene oil, Buckets, Tinware. Every thing kept in a well stocked grocery establishment.

He also has on hand a large assortment of Harness, Saddles, Bridles, made of the very best leather, and designed and executed by workmen of superior skill. He invites all to call, for he is determined to sell at such prices as to deserve the patronage of the public. Give him a call, and examine his prices, before going elsewhere.

BOOKS For the MILLION

WOMAN AND MARRIAGE

A large, new and complete Guide to Wedlock, containing, with many others, the following chapters: A complete Womanhood, Selection of Wife, Evidences of Virginity, Temperaments, compatible and incompatible, Sterility in Women, cause and treatment, Advice to Bridegroom, Advice to Husbands, Advice to Wives, Prostitution, its causes, Celibacy and Matrimony compared, Conjugal duties, Conception, Confinement, Love and Courtship, Impediments to Marriage in male and female, Science of Reproduction, Single Life considered, Law of Marriage, Law of Divorce, Legal rights of married women, etc., including Diseases peculiar to Women, their causes and treatment. A book for private and considerate reading, of 220 pages, with full Plate Engravings, by mail, sealed, for 50 cents.

"THE PRIVATE MEDICAL ADVISER"

on Syphilis, Gonorrhœa, Gleet, Stricture, Varicocele, &c., also on Spermatorrhœa, Sexual Debility, and Impotency, from Self-abuse or Excesses, causing Seminal Emissions, Nervousness, Aversion to Society, Confusion of Ideas, Physical Decay, Dimness of Sight, Defective Memory, Loss of Sexual Power, etc., making marriage improper or unhappy, giving treatment, and a great many valuable receipts for the cure of all private diseases; 224 pages, over 50 plates, "Medical Advice," Lecture on Manhood and Womanhood, 10 cts.

FOR ONE DOLLAR we send all three of the above described books, nicely bound, in one volume, containing 600 pages and over 100 illustrations, and embracing everything on the generative system that is worth knowing. The combined volume is positively the most popular Medical Book published. The author is an experienced physician of many years practice, (as is well known), and the advice given, and rules for treatment laid down, will be found of great value to those suffering from impurities of the system, early errors, lost vigor, or any of the numerous troubles coming under the head of "Private" or "Chronic" diseases.—Postage stamps taken in payment for any of those books.

DR. BUTTS' DISPENSARY established in 1847, has acquired a national reputation for skill in the treatment of chronic diseases and complicated cases. Syphilis, Gonorrhœa, Gleet, Stricture, Orchitis, all Urinary Troubles, Syphilitic or Mercurial affections of the throat, skin or bones, treated with success, without using Mercury.

PATIENTS TREATED by mail and express, but where possible, personal consultation preferred, which is FREE and invited. DR. BUTTS invites all persons suffering from RUPTURE to send him their name and address, and hereby assures them they will learn something to their advantage.—It is not a Truss.

All communications strictly confidential, and should be addressed to DR. BUTTS, 12 North 8th St., St. Louis, Mo.

CALHOUN NURSERY.

We the undersigned citizens of Calhoun county Alabama, take pleasure in recommending to the public, Mr. J. W. Bradley, "an old citizen of our county," as a man of undoubted truth and veracity—one who may be fully relied upon as to any statements he may make in presenting to the public, the laudable business of his choice.

He has founded in this county a Fruit Nursery, and has been untiring in his efforts to make it a success, by the selection of choice fruits; and such only as best suits this climate, which object has been to a very great extent attained. He is now able to offer to purchasers, choice fruits already acclimated. We have fruit trees from his nursery, and find that they come fully up to his recommendations; and especially the "genuine Shockley," a Winter apple of fine quality, which suits this climate admirably. His great object and aim is to stock the Southern country, and especially Alabama, with choice fruits, well adapted to our climate, from a "home nursery."

Jacksonville, Ala., April 29 1879.

E. W. CANNON, Probate Judge
J. M. PATTERSON, Co. Com.
G. B. DOUTHIT, Clk Circuit court;
Rev. B. D. TURNER,
W. B. DOSS, Esqr.;
A. WOODS, Ex Judge of Probate.

First-class fruit trees, 25 cts each,
Two year old trees 15 cts. each,
One year old trees 10 cts each,
Variety apple, peach, pear,
Plum and the grape vine.

I will be around and engage this fall, and deliver at some convenient point.

J. W. BRADLEY.

riage and Wagon MANUFACTORY.

The undersigned having bought the building formerly occupied by W. H. Fleming as a wagon shop, will henceforth carry on at that stand the business of carriage and wagon making, repairing, &c &c. Good work guaranteed, and low prices asked for all kinds of work. I am also prepared to repaint vehicles of all kinds, and paint new work in good style, with lasting material.

JOE H. PRIVETT.

January 18 1879.

W. W. HARRISON, E. G. BORDEN.

HARRISON & BORDEN.

Physicians & Surgeons,

OFFICE

Over Carpenter's Store,

JACKSONVILLE, ... ALA.

RADICAL CURE for LEUCORRHEA or WHITES

THE

VAGINAL PASTILLE

TRADE MARK. COPYRIGHTED.

Prof. Harris, after many years of study, aided by chemical research and experiment, together with experience gained in the treatment of a large number of cases under his care, has at last succeeded in compounding an INFALLIBLE REMEDY for the scourge so common among

WOMEN AND MAIDENS CALLED LEUCORRHEA, Fluor Albus OR WHITES

This disease, so prevalent among females, is but little understood by physicians. Its drain upon the system is so excessive and debilitating, that our American women are rapidly becoming a "race of invalids," incapable of producing healthy offspring, or enjoying life's pleasures. Prof. Harris' Vaginal Pastille, a new departure in medicine. A thoroughly common sense treatment. Applied directly to the seat of the disease, and its specific influence exerted at once, producing an immediate soothing and restorative effect. The application of the remedy is attended with no pain or unpleasantness, and does not interfere with the ordinary pursuits and pleasures of life. Circulars are sent in perfectly plain envelopes, securely sealed from observation, and remedy put up in neat plain boxes of three sizes, with full directions inside. No. 1, (enough to last a month,) $5; No. 2, (enough to last two months), $8; No. 3, (lasting three months, and ample for cure, excepting in chronic cases) $10. With each box we send a Female Syringe and some Tonic Pills, as auxiliaries to the remedy.

Send stamp for a pamphlet giving full description of Remedy, and illustrated by plates showing its application. This pamphlet alone is worth a hundred times its cost to any lady in delicate health, being a thoroughly practical treatise on this disease

Prof. Harris' Vaginal Pastilles can be obtained only from

HARRIS REMEDY CO. MF'G. CHEMISTS. Market and 8th Sts. ST. LOUIS, MO.

THE STATE OF ALABAMA, Calhoun county

Probate Court, Special Term, May 20, 1879

This day came C D Davis, administrator of the estate of R M Riddle, deceased, and filed his statement, accounts, vouchers and evidences, for an annual settlement of his said administration.

It is ordered that the 26th day of June, '79, be appointed a day on which to make such settlement At which time all persons interested can appear and contest the said settlement if they think proper.

L W CANNON,
Judge of Probate.

The Roper Mineral Well

IS LOCATED 3 MILES EAST OF GREENVILLE, ALABAMA.

For the information of persons desiring to use the Roper Well Water, I will state some of the cures it has effected: Dyspepsia in its worst form, Chronic Diarrhœa, Diabetes, or any derangement of the Urinary Organs, Sick or Nervous Headache of long standing, Piles, Sores or Eruption of the skin, Ulceration of the Womb and Bilious Colic. It is also one of the most strengthening Tonics in use. The following is analysis of the water made by Prof. W. C. Stubbs of A & M College, of Alabama: The amount of water used was one litre, which is a little more than an one quart. The litre is equal to one quart, a five thousand six hundred and seven, Ten Thousandths of a Quart, (1,0567 quarts.) Bearing in mind the difference between the litre and the quart we can estimate the strength of the water.

One litre was found to contain—

Sulphuric Acid	8½	Grains.
Feric Oxide	2¾	"
Ferrou "	1¾	"
Calcic "	10 7-10	"
Potssic "	2¾	"
Magnestic "	4¾	"
Sodium "	4-10	"
Chlorine "	3-5	"
Sillica "	2¾	"
Carbonic Acid	5 7-10	"

The Price of the Roper Mineral Well Water is $1 per Gallon.

GREENVILLE ALA., Oct 9th, 1879.—Messrs Roper & McCall: Gents—I am glad to inform you that the use of one gallon of your Mineral Water has cured my mother of Chronic Diarrahœa. It was a case of eight years standing. The best medical aid had failed to arrest it. Very Respectfully,

P N. WEATHERLY.

SANDY RIDGE, ALA., June 29 1878.—Messrs. Rope & McCall, Proprietors of Mineral Well, This is to certify that for five years I have been terribly afflicted with Tetter on the head which had covered it. I have spent much money in remedies and for prescriptions from our physicians, but all without any good result. I heard of your well and concluded to try it—I did so, and the result was far beyond my expectations. I used it for some weeks—am now fully and completely free from Tetter. I give you this certificate, which you can use as you see proper. J. D. GAFFORD.

GREENVILLE, ALA., July 10 1878.—Messrs McCall & Roper, This is to certify that during the past six months I have been using the Roper Well Water for Diabetes and Dyspepsia, from which diseases I have been suffering for many years, (particularly the latter) and am now proud to say from its use I have received the greatest benefits, and further certify that it has been used in my family for chronic sore throat and catarrh to great advantage. J W MALLET.

Direct all orders to ROPER & McCALL. Greenville, Alabama.

feb 22—3m.

BLUE MOUNTAIN ROUTE

Change of Schedule

S. R. & D. R.

On and after Sunday, May 25th trains will run on the Selma, Rome & Dalton railroad as follows:

No. 1, North.	Stations.	No. 3, Going North
6.00 a. m	Lv Selma	
8.15 a. m	Randpolh	
9.35 a. m	Calera	
11.45 a. m	Talladega	
12.41 p. m	Oxford	
12 55 p. m	Anniston	
1.28 p. m	Jacksonville	
3 31 p. m	Cave Spring	
4.20 p. m	Rome	
6.15 p. m	At Dalton	
No. 2. South.	Stations.	No. 4. Going South.
8.00 a. m	Lv Dalton	
9.55. a. m	Rome	
10 30 a. m	Cave Spring	
12.23 p. m	Jacksonville	
12.55 p. m. 2	Anniston	
1.03 a. m	Oxford	
1.57 p. m	Talladega	
4.35 p. m	Calera	
5.50 p. m	Randolph	
8.00 p. m	Ar. Selma	

No. 1 connects closely at Dalton with T & G for all Tenn & Va Mineral and for all eastern cities, and with R R at Dalton for Chattanooga and western cities.

No. 2 connects with E T & G at Dalton makes close connection for Montgomery, Mobile and New Orleans.

No. 3 connects at Calera with mail train of S & N Great So. R R for eastern and western cities.

No. 4 leaving Dalton at 3.10 p. m. Calera with S N Great So. R R for Montgomery, Mobile and New Orleans.

NORMAN WEBB, Supt. | RAY KING, G. P. A. J. W. FULENWIDER, T. A.

Memphis and Charleston RAILROAD.

MEMPHIS, TENN—On and after Sunday, May 25th, the following passenger schedule will be operated:

Going East	Going West
Read down.	Read up.
Lve 12.20 night	Memphis
" 3.02 am	Grand Junction
" 3.56 am	Middleton
" 5.08 am	Cornith
" 10.15 am	Decatur
" 3 00 pm	Stevenson
Arr 4 50 pm	Chattanooga

GREAT CHANGES have been made on this line.

This road has been newly ballasted, the track repaired with steel rails, and improvements make it second to no road in the South

TO THE EAST

Close connection is made for all eastern and southern cities.

Only Line running through Palace Sleeping Cars and day coaches, between Memphis and Chattanooga without change.

TO THE WEST

Close connection made for all points in Arkansas and Texas points, a full first class emigrant tickets on sale at all principal stations.

Round Trip emigrant tickets at greatly reduced rates now on sale at Charleston for principal Texas points.

Pay Coaches run between Charleston and Memphis, and between Montgomery, Selma, and Texarkana, Arkansas, without change.

Baggage checked through. No delays.

For further information as to connections etc. address either JAS. D. HOYT, Gen. Passenger Agent, Knoxville, Tenn. T. S. FRY, Asst. Gen Passenger agent, Memphis, Tenn. P. R. LEE, Gen. Western Agent, Memphis, Tenn.

Special Notice to the Public.

C. H. RANGER

HOUSE, Sign and Ornamental PAINTER is ready to do all class of

PAINTING

Plain and Fancy, Paper Hanging, all styles, both plain and Frescoe, Kalsomining on hard or soft finish. This kind of work warranted to give entire satisfaction, and neither peel nor crack. Also keeps on hand the best brands from F. W. Devoe's manufactured strictly pure N. Y. Lead and Zinc, and the St. Louis Southern White Lead. I am seeking for work. try me and be pleased, as I warrant all work to be the best stock. Good references given.

Address Republican Office, or

C. H. RANGER,
Jacksonville, Ala.

july 27—3m.

THE GREAT ... OF HUMAN ...

Just Published, in a Sealed Envelope. Price six cents.

A Lecture on the Nature, Treatment and Radical cure of Seminal Weakness or Spermatorrhœa, induced by Self-abuse, Involuntary Emissions, Impotency, Nervousness, Debility, and impediments to Marriage generally; Consumption, Epilepsy, Mental and Physical Incapacity, &c. By ROBERT J. CULVERWELL, M. D., Author of the Green Book, &c.

The world renowned author of this invaluable Lecture, clearly proves from his own experience that the awful consequences of Self-abuse may be effectually cured without medicine, and without dangerous surgical operations, bougies, instruments, rings, or cordials; pointing out a mode of cure at once certain and effectual, by means of which every sufferer, no matter what his condition may be, may cure himself cheaply, privately and radically.

☞ This Lecture will prove a boon to thousands. Sent under seal, in a plain envelope, to any address, on receipt of six cents or two postage stamps. Address the Publishers, THE CULVERWELL MEDICAL CO., 41 Ann St., New York, Box, 4586.

CITY BA...

ICE, ICE, ICE, ICE, ICE, ICE

Go to Ramagnano's and get ice cream, lemon and good pure Summer drinks, lemonade, cider, beer, whiskies, brandies, gin, wines and all kinds of temperate men use. I sell to retail and wholesale. I also sell sacramental wine of the purest quality. I ask all to call and see me before buying in my line elsewhere.

The gents of town and surrounding country can call at John's and play a game of billiards on the best Monarch table. If you smoke the best Havana cigar made, or tobacco is preferred, he gives the highest market for the least money.

Jno. RAMAGNANO.

JAMES HUTCHINS

Barber & Hair-dresser

Room on Office Row, recently occupied by Dick Walker.

If you desire to have a nice clean shave, or have your hair cut in neat and fashionable style, give me a call. Jacksonville, Ala.

The Republican.

Strayed from the subscribed about 2 months since, a very large cow, about nine or ten years old. She has red sides with white spots, a white belly, and horns somewhat trumpled, and legs quite short. When she left, she had a large yearling calf, with a white face, and quite long legs. Any information in regard to her will be suitably rewarded. Address me at Jacksonville, Ala.

T. H. YARBOROUGH.

June 13, '79.

INFANT SCHOOL.

Mrs. Ida Woodward will open in the Female Academy, Monday June 16th, a school for children. Tuition, $1 per month.
June 9th—tf.

It is now thought that Congress will adjourn in eight or ten days.

Mr John M Caldwell, after an absence of six weeks, in Memphis, Huntsville and other points, has returned to Jacksonville.

We learn that Mr. William Weir is rapidly improving in health since going to Cleburne county and breathing that pure air and drinking that wholesome water.

DIED.—Last Friday night Mrs. George Williams, living three miles South of this place, of dropsy of the heart. The stricken husband, father, mother and sisters have the sympathy of our community.

The wheat crop of this (Calhoun) county is said to be better than for ten years past.

WANTED—By the 1st of Oct., 30,000 first-class shingles. Apply to
E. McCLELLEN, | Ed J. DEAN,
A. M. LEDBETTER,
Alexandria, Ala

The trains of the Selma, Rome & Dalton railroad now make close connection at Calera to and from Montgomery.

Since the Press Convention, Gadsden has been the best advertised town in the State. All the papers represented in the late Convention, speak of the place in most glowing terms of praise.

We direct attention to the call for a S. S. Convent on at Oxford, July 12th. We hope the different Sunday schools of Jacksonville may be represented in the Convention. Sunday school work is a most important one, and should not be neglected.

The attention of school teachers is called to the fact that the Republican prints all the notices of the school superintendent, and the programmes of the teachers' conventions etc. We do this free of charge, in the interest of public education, and teachers will find it to their interest to subscribe for the paper, and thus keep themselves posted in this regard.

Mr. John Whitlock, a promising young lawyer of Gadsden, paid us a very pleasant visit last week.

Parties who owe us for subscription to the paper can pay in wheat at the market price, if they will bring it in soon.

Spring chickens would sell like hot cakes in this market now; as would fresh beef, mutton, butter and eggs. Bring them in.

STRAYED.—One young mulcy cow, with white and red spots. Is with first calf; but calf not with her. Parties knowing her whereabouts will confer a favor by leaving information at this office.

We need money and want those who are due us, to pay at least a part, if they cannot pay all of their accounts. We have cash paper bills to meet and other cash expenses and positively cannot indulge subscribers to an unreasonable extent. Do your duty. Send us what you can, if you can't come in person, and we will give you due credit for it.

Jacksonville needs a market house. Such an establishment would pay handsomely here. As it is we have no regularity in our supply of fresh meat, eggs, chickens, butter etc., but it would be different if we had a good market house run by a live man. We are satisfied that a majority of our citizens will pledge their custom to any one who will start the enterprise. What say the people of Jacksonville?

Mr. L. D. Miller, of Alexandria valley, has laid upon our table some heads of Clawson wheat, cut this season. They are nearly seven inches long each, and are a specimen of the general aderage. This is a new wheat Mr. Miller has been trying this year. From the result of this experiment, it would look as if it were a good wheat to introduce into this country. We presume he will make enough to sell off some to enable his friends to get into the seed.

Bishop R. H. WILMER will visit this place Thursday the 26th and Friday the 27th inst., and preach in St. Luke's church the nights of both days.

Terrific exploits of that bear in the northern part of this county last week, continues to come to us. Mr. Prater was plowing in his field. He saw in front of him what he supposed to be a black sheep getting over the fence. He plowed on towards it and smiled to himself as he thought how he would make that black sheep dust when he got to it. The sheep continued to advance; and when it got pretty close to Mr Prater, that individual suddenly grew very serious. He had been to a menagerie and thought he could tell a black bear from a black sheep when he saw it. He was'nt a tall scared, but he remembered about that time that he had some business at home—was'nt certain but what he had heard the horn blow for dinner. His business was pressing and he did'nt wait to plow out the furrow. He had seen so many bears that he did'nt care even to stay to look at it. In the mean time the bear kept advancing, and Mr. Prater's business grew more pressing. He mounted his mule and struck a trot. So did the bear. Mr. Prater thought he would see if there was any gallop in that mule, still he was'nt scared. He had never galloped him before and it just happened to occur to him then to try him. The bear galloped too. Then it occurred to Mr. Prater that here was a chance for the children to see a traveling menagerie without buying a ticket, and for fear the bear might get out of sight before he got home, Mr. Prater made that mule just fairly fly. The mule entered heartily into Mr. Prater's enthusiasm and got up and dusted in a manner highly creditable to him. The united efforts of man and mule beat the bear, and by the time Mr. Prater got the door barred and the children to the window, and loaded his gun and summoned his reserves and planted his batteries to give Bruin a salute the animal passed out of sight and Mr. Prater's free show was spoiled for that day. Mr. Prater was not a tall scared, mind you, but he keeps one eye skinned now when he plows that field and leaves the gap down so that he can get home quickly in event anything should happen requiring his attention.

Julien C. Brown, of Scottsboro, carried off the highest medal at the Vanderbilt University last week. It was the "Founders Medal for Oratory." The oratorical contest was between four young men, elected by the Societies, and Mr. Brown's friends offer hearty congratulations on the reward he so richly merited.—Scottsboro Herald.

Rev. J. C. Brown, who has just graduated with highest honors, at the Vanderbilt, has been appointed by the Bishop to take charge of a church at Batesville, Ark: This is one of the finest congregations, it is said, in the White River Methodist Conference. Mr. Brown will leave in a few days for Arkansas. We are glad that he starts upon his ministerial career under such happy auspices.
Scottsboro Herald.

CALHOUN COUNTY SUNDAY SCHOOL CONVENTION.

The committee to whom was entrusted the calling of the Calhoun County Sunday School Convention, have decided upon Oxford as the place of meeting and said convention is hereby called to meet in that town Saturday, 9 A. M, July 12, 1879. Each Sunday school is earnestly invited to send two delegates and one additional delegate for every hundred members in regular attendance.

Oxford extends a hearty welcome to all delegates and gives each a cordial invitation.

Matters of interest connected with the Sunday school work will come before the Convention, and subjects of importance will be discussed by men of experience and ability.

A Programme will shortly be issued, giving subjects and speakers on the occasion.

We urge upon each Sunday school to send as their representatives, men of prayer, wisdom and devotion to the work.

The work is of vast importance and appeals to the patriotism and devotion of every christian man, and it is earnestly hoped and confidently expected that our people will come out and make the Convention a success.

ROBT. McKIBBON,
JOSHUA DRAPER,
THOS. H. BARRY,
JERE SMITH, } COM.

TRIBUTE OF RESPECT.

WHEREAS, God has called from our midst Bro. Jno. Yoe, who was a member of this Lodge; and whereas another link in our mystic chain has been broken, and whereas an otherhome has been made desolate, and a wife's and children's hearts have been stricken with sorrow, it is becoming in us to give expression to our feelings, therefore—

RESOLVED, That while we cannot fathom the depths of that Providence which cut down our Bro. in his strength and bereft his family of his presence, support and counsel, we know that what He doeth is right. He is too wise to err and too good to do wrong. We therefore bow in meek submission to his will.

2nd. That in the death of our brother, Hartwell Lodge has lost a faithful and honored Mason, the community a worthy citizen, his family a kind husband and father.

3d. That his family are entitled to the sympathy of the Lodge which is hereby extended them in the spirit of the principles of our Institution.

4th. That we will emulate the virtues of our deceased brother, and throw over his faults the mantle of charity.

5th. That we will wear the usual badge of mourning for 30 days.

6th. That a copy of this Preamble and Resolutions be furnished the family of the deceased and the Oxford "Record" and Jacksonville "Republican", with the request that they be published.

7th. That this Preamble and Resolutions be spread upon the Minutes of this Lodge, and that a blank page be dedicated to the memory of Bro. Yoe.

THOS. H. BARRY,
JNO. F. GRAHAM,
T. L. ROBERTSON } COM.

Hartwell Lodge, No. 101,
Oxford, Ala., June 3d. 1879.

FOUND.—A heavy gold locket with two portraits within, and having on the back engraved, "M. H. S. to W. R. S." The owner can have it by paying for this advertisement.

CLEBURNE NEWS.

The wheat crop is now safe from disaster, and much of it has already been harvested, and as far as heard from, it is good. The oat crop is very fine—perhaps better than has been since 1858, when it was so near totally ruined by the rust. The other crops are quite promising. During the rains a few weeks since, the grass took its position in every man's field, and in some it seemed it would soon become the principal occupant; but at this time the farmers have declared war against it; and rallied all their available forces, and brought on the attack in good earnest.—

And now in the fields are seen
Heaps of grass, in ruins lie,
Which last week was fresh and green,
But now are lifeless and dry.

Crops in general are well worked; so the farmers may spare the necessary time for harvesting, the greater part of which will be done during the present week.

There will be a public examination of the Edwardsville High, school on the 13th inst. and an exhibition at night.

The general health of the country is good. Provisions plenty—labor in demand—money scarce.—The country is quiet, and every thing gliding along smoothly.

Edwardsville, June 10, '79.
DOUBLE U. BEE.

OBITUARY.

Rufus Burns was born Dec. 11, 1863, and was killed May 25, 1879. Only sixteen, in the bright beautiful morn of youth, before he had reached the full fruition of physical and intellectual manhood, leaving only the memory of his noble virtues, and high natural abilities to illustrate the splendor of those accomplishments, which promised to crown his life in the future. Intelligent, manly brave, just as his feet were approaching the threshold of useful citizenship, the reaper death struck him down, and a representative boy of Calhoun was on more. Above his mangled remains bent an aged grandmother, upon whose head the winds of eighty winters had silvered the golden hues of youth, and ere the scalding tears were dried upon her furrowed cheek, her spirit, too, had left its decayed tenement, to join the loved one in its flight beyond the unclaimed continents to the undiscovered bowers of the summer land above.

"Age and beauty unite in realms of
Eternal love;
Years, months, and days are but one
In that life above."

W. W. W.

Editors' and Publishers' Association of Alabama.

At their recent session in Gadsden, after the transaction of all the business before them, the Editors' and publishers' Association of Alabama adopted the following resolutions:

Resolved, 1st. That the thanks of the Alabama Press Association are due and are hereby tendered to the South & North, the Alabama Great Southern, and the Montgomery & Eufaula railroads for the courtesies extended the Association in passing its members to and from the convention, and especially to Col. Bell, of the Alabama Great Southern railroad company, for very kindly putting at our disposal for several days, a special train with splendid coache, on the excursion to Lookout Mountain, and that the convention appreciate these evidences of their friendship and good will.

Resolved, 2d. That Col. C. P Atmore, by his courtesy in tendering a special train over their L. & N. and G. S. R. R. to Mammoth Cave, and by his many favors to our Association, deserves and is tendered the thanks of the Association. Though we did not avail ourselves of his proffered kindness still we are more the less in debt of our obligation to him.

Resolved, 3d. That Mr. W. M. Meeks, of the Gadsden Times, has been eminently successful in his effort to provide for our comfort and entertainment, and has hereby deserved and is hereby tendered the hearty thanks of the entire Association. We also tender our thanks to the editor of the Etowah Herald for courtesies shown.

Resolved, 4. That the Town Council, the various committees and the citizens of Gadsden generally have, by their hearty welcome and generous hospitality, placed the Association under especial obligations to them, and that their endeavors to contribute to the success and pleasure of the convention are acknowledged and appreciated and will be gratefully remembered by us individually and collectively.

Resolved, 5. That the Secretary furnish the officers of each of the above mentioned railroad companies, and the Mayor and Town Council of Gadsden, a copy of the foregoing resolutions, and that the editors of the Gadsden papers be requested to publish them.

W. F. WILKINSON,
R. J. POWELL,
JOURD WHITE,
Committee.

On board the steamer Magnolia the following resolutions were reported by the above named committee and unanimously adopted:

Resolved, 1st. That the Editors' and Publishers' Association of Alabama, profoundly sensible of the courtesy shown its members by the Chamber of Commerce of the city of Rome, Ga., in chartering the beautiful steamer Magnolia, and giving us an excursion to Greensport down the picturesque Coosa, and the opportunity of witnessing the progress being made by the Government in the work of removing the obstructions to navigation in said river, hereby tender their thanks to the Rome Chamber of Commerce for the pleasure and important information which they have afforded us the opportunity to enjoy.

Resolved, 2d. That we are deeply impressed with the material importance of the early completion of this needed work to the commerce and development of the States of Georgia and Alabama, and will cheerfully and earnestly lend our aid in presenting to the Government, through our respective papers, the great necessity of pushing to a speedy completion, the removal of those obstructions.

Resolved, 3d. That the Secretary of the Association furnish a certified copy of the foregoing resolutions to the Chamber of Commerce of Rome, Ga., accompanied with the assurance of our hearty co-operation in this matter, and our high appreciation of the compliment paid the editors and publishers of Alabama, by their generous and thoughtful consideration.

Resolved, 4. That we return our sincere thanks to the distinguished Committee of Invitation, to Capt. J. M. Elliot, and the attaches of the beautiful steamer Magnolia, for courtesies so generously tendered on the excursion.

Do we Believe in Witchcraft?

"I take the position that we do not, in its broad sense," said a gentleman of years and experience; "and yet we find many of the present day carrying a Buckeye in their pocket through a kind of superstition, when they might be relieved by a few applications of Tabler's Buckeye Pile Ointment." This Ointment is made from the Buckeye, and is recommended for nothing else but Piles. Try it. It will cure you. Price, 50 cents per bottle. For Sale by all Druggists.

COLORED TEACHERS.

An Institute for colored teachers will be held in Jacksonville on Saturday, the 5th day of July, 1879. The law requires all licensed teachers to attend the Institutes. All colored teachers in the county are expected to be present at this meeting.

The business will be conducted in accordance with the following

PROGRAMME:

Morning.

8.38—Opening exercises and enrollment of members.
9.00—Paper on spelling, by Edward Anthony.
9,30—Discussion.
9,45—Paper on Reading, by Ivy B. McAlpine.
10;15—Discussion.
10,30—Paper on Writing, by Richard Bell
10,45—Discussion.
11,00—Paper on Arithmetic, by James Cochrahan.
11.30—Discussion.
12,00—Intermission.

Evening.

1,30—Paper on English Grammar, by Oscar McAlpine.
2,00—Discussion.
2,30—Paper on Geography, by E. G. Rayland.
3,00—Discussion.
3,30—Address—Subject: Moral training in school, by Peter J. McIntosh.

☞ The County Superintendent expects to be able to pay all claims against the school fund up by the 1st of July. Teachess are therefore requested to have their contracts and Reports correctly made out, properly certified to by the Township Superintendent, and present them at this meeting.

G. B. RUSSELL,
Jno. L. DODSON, } Board of
Wm. J. BORDEN, } Education

The price is only 50 cents, yet the real value is beyond estimation. We allude to that invaluable compound, Coussens' Honey of Tar, which has gained the enviable reputation of being the greatest cough medicine of the age. For Croup, Whooping Cough, and all Throat and Lung diseases it has no equal. Sufferers with consumption who use it always experience speedy relief. Try it. For sale by all druggists.

"ONLY."

From "only" one word many quarrels begin;
And "only this once" leads to many a sin;
"Only a penny" wastes many a pound;
"Only once more," and the liver was drowned;
"Only one drop" many drunkards has made;
"Only a play" many gamblers have said;
"Only a cold" opens many a grave;
"Only resist" many evils will save.

LOCAL MATTERS.

The PARRS want 500 dozen eggs. 100,000 Spring Chickens, 100,000 Hides for which they will pay the HIGHEST Market Price.

A GREAT Break Down In Prices.

The Parrs are reducing their prices every day: they are buying their Goods cheaper; and consequently they are able to sell them lower.

Go to Parrs TO BUY YOUR GOODS.

They pay cash for what they buy, and can sell lower than those who buy on time. They are offering clear side meat from 6½ to 7cts per lb: lard from 9 to 12cts: Coffee 16 to 18 cts per lb; Sugar 9 to 11cts per lb. Garden Seeds of all kinds at COST! Five hundred pounds of Sole & Upper Leather at Tanners' prices. Large lot of

TIN WARE

lower than ever sold before. Jug and Jar ware at 12½cts per gallon.

Taxes all off

Smoking and Chewing Tobacco 5cts per lb lower than ever before.

SOMETHING STRANGE!

The Parrs have got

MEAT!

And will keep it constantly on hand in the future.

Why Do You Grumble

about your Flour.

Go to Parrs and get the very best, and the good wife will not make a

Wry Face

at you about it.

As all stories must have an end—so do ours, and we end by saying that we sell as good goods as any one, and more of them than any one for the MONEY

ROWAN, DEAN & Co.

JACKSONVILLE, ALABAMA.

DRY GOODS AND GROCERIES, HARD WARE QUEENS WARE, DRUGS, &C,

In fact, everything kept in a first class establishment. Our Mr. Rowan attends personally to our purchas in New York, and buys to such advantage that we are enabled to give our customers the *VERY BOTTOM OF THE MARKET. TRY* us and see if you can't get *BETTER BARGAINS* than you can get elsewhere. We have the *LARGEST and BEST* assorted Stock in NORTH ALABAMA.

THE TENNESEE WAGON, THE BEST WAGon on the market, sold by us:

ROME GEO., MARBLE WORKS.

JONES & EDMUNDSON,

AMERICAN AND ITALIAN

MARBLE & GRANITE,

And Manufacturers of Tombs, Monuments and Headstones,

ROME GEORGIA.

Write for what you want, and they will write you what it will cost you.

SURANCE.

The undersigned is Agent for (4) four good and reliable FIRE CO PANIES of the South, to wit.

GEORGIA HOME INSURANCE CO., COLU BUS, GEORGIA
HO E PROTECTION " " HUNTSVILLE, ALA.
CENTRAL CITY " " SEL A, ALA.

COLUMBUSS INS., & BANKING CO., COLUMBUSS, MISSS.

It is wisdom to Insure your Dwellings Barns, Gin Houses, Merchandise, etc.

If you desire INSURANCE, call on me at JACKSONVILLE, ALABAMA, or address me through the mails—

I think I am warranted in saying that these Compaffies are all in a healthy condition financially, have a CAPITAL ample and sufficient to meet all their Liabilities.

I. L. SWAN, Agent,
Jacksonville, Ala.

April 26th, 1879—1 y

R. T. HOYT,

WHOLESALE DRUGGIST,

NO 43 BROAD STREET, *ROME, GA.*

WILL SELL

clover & grass seed

TO THE FARMERS AT WHOLESALE PRICES

Send for Price List and descriptive Catalogue.

R. T. HOYT,
WHOLSALE DEALER.
ROME. GA.

Cancers Cured.

SCROFULOUS ULCERS AND

CANCERS ARE CURABLE.

Dr. S. C. Williams, after an experience of more than thirty years, is fully convinced that, when applied to in time, he can cure the above named diseases. As to his success in the treatment of the same, and as to his standing as a physician, he would respectfully refer to the following named gentlemen:

Dr. A. Pelham, Alexandria, Alabama
Dr. J. Y. Nesbet, Jacksonville, "
Dr. B. S. Evans, White Plains, "
Judge M. J. Turnley, Gadsden, "
J. W. Whiteside, Esq. Ralston Town. "

And to the physicians, merchants and ministers of Oxford, Ala.; also to his former patients everywhere.

Charges moderate,

S. C. WILLIAMS. M. D.
Oxford, Ala

April 6th, 1878—1y.

Extract of a Letter

STERVETT, Shelby County, Ala.

DR. S. C. WILLIAMS,

Dear Sir,

This is to inform you that my cancer is now well. I would not have it back as it was one month ago for five hundred dollars. Accept of my thanks for the same. I wish the whole world could know what success you have in curing cancers, as there are numbers who are suffering with it. Your charges are very moderate and medicine comparatively mild. Your's Truly,

LARKIN VANDIVER.

ED. G. CALDWELL,

(At the old Forney Corner,)

Has on hand the best brands of Chewing and Smoking TOBACCOS, including the popular Swanson's Pride and the celebrated Durkam Smoking Tobacco's. He has the largest stock of CIGARS in Town. Among his brands you will find the Solace, Margarita, Royal, Standard and the favorite Tidal Wave.

Chocolate Cocatine, Imported Chow Chow, Boston Baked Beans, Salmon & Canned Goods in great variety at
ED. G. CALDWELL'S.

Coffee, Sugar, Flour, Meal, Meat, Potatoes, Mackerel, Macaroni & Cheese at
ED. G. CALDWELL'S.

Cheap Groceries for Cash a the old Forney Corner.

Fresh Lard at
ED. G. CALDWELL'S.
Fresh Meal at
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YOU can buy anything in the GROCERY line CHEAP for CASH at
ED. G. CALDWELL'S.

Go buy one of those fine Plows of the Towers patent at
ED. G. CALDWELL'S.

Splendid lot of new **Tin ware** at
ED. G. CALDWELL'S.

Finest article of kerosine oil at E. G. CALDWELL'S

New lot of stone-ware at E. G. CALDWELL'S.

YOU can buy TEN pounds of RICE for $1 00 at
E. G. CALDWELL'S

YOU can buy 10 pounds of SUGAR for $1 00 at
E. G. CALDWELL'S

Salt at manufacturers prices at E. G. CALDWELL'S.

YOU can buy 5 pounds of good COFFEE for ONE DOLLAR at
ED. G. CALDWELL'S.

Taken in the Act.

Sister Jones called on Elder Smith a few evenings since. Being a next door neighbor she entered his study unannounced, and was greatly shocked at seeing him taking a drink from a suspicious looking bottle. He noticed her look of inquiry, and said: "This, Sister Jones, is Tabler's Portaline, or Vegetable Liver Powder, the only remedy I have ever found for the many troubles arising from a disordered Liver. I can recommend it." Price 50 cents. For Sale by all Druggists.

NEW FAMILY GROCERY.

The undersigned has opend out near the depot, a large and varied stock of Family Groceries, at prices certain to attract attention. I will also do a

GENERAL COMMISSION

business, both buying and selling at reasonable commission rates. I will also sell the **Standard Sewing Machine,** delivered in Jacksonville for $20 cash. It is one of the best machines now in use, and has more attachments than belong to any other machine. See Sign near depot of
C. W. BREWTON.

SPRINGVALE STOCK FARM.

JAMES CROOK,

—BREEDER OF—

Thorough-bred Merino Sheep, Angora Goats, Herd Registered Jersey Cattle, Berkshire and Essex Hogs,

JACKSONVILLE, ALA.

PROF. HARRIS' RADICAL CURE FOR SPERMATORRHŒA.

THE

"SEMINAL PASTILLE"



SHAPE & SIZE OF A SEMINAL PASTILLE

A Valuable Discovery and New Departure in Medical Science, an entirely New and positively effective Remedy for the speedy and permanent Cure of Seminal Emissions & Impotency by the only true way, viz: Direct Application to the principal Seat of the Disease, acting by Absorption, and exerting its specific influence on the Seminal Vesicles, Ejaculatory Ducts, Prostate Gland, and Urethra. The use of the Remedy is attended with no pain or inconvenience, and does not interfere with the ordinary pursuits of life; it is quickly dissolved and soon absorbed, producing an immediate soothing and restorative effect upon the sexual and nervous organizations wrecked from self-abuse and excesses, stopping the drain from the system, restoring the mind to health and sound memory, removing the Dimness of Sight, Nervous Debility, Confusion of Ideas, Aversion to Society, etc., etc., and the appearance of premature old age usually accompanying this trouble, and restoring perfect Sexual Vigor, where it has been dormant for years. This mode of treatment has stood the test in very severe cases, and is now a pronounced success. Drugs are too much prescribed in these troubles, and, as many can bear witness to, with but little if any permanent good. There is no Nonsense about this Preparation. Practical observation enables us to positively guarantee that it will give satisfaction.—During the eight years that it has been in general use, we have thousands of testimonials as to its value, and it is now conceded by the Medical Profession to be the most rational means yet discovered of reaching and curing this very prevalent trouble, that is well known to be the cause of untold misery to so many, and upon whom quacks prey with their useless nostrums and big fees. The Remedy is put up in neat boxes, of three sizes. No. 1, (enough to last a month,) $3; No. 2, (sufficient to effect a permanent cure, unless in severe cases,) No. 3, (lasting over three months, will stop emissions and restore vigor in the worst cases,) $7. Sent by mail, sealed, in plain wrappers. Full DIRECTIONS for using will accompany EACH BOX.

Send for a Descriptive Pamphlet giving Anatomical Illustrations, which will convince the most skeptical that they can be restored to perfect manhood, and fitted for the duties of life, same as if never affected. Sent Sealed for stamp to any one. Sold ONLY by the

HARRIS REMEDY CO. MF'G. CHEMISTS.
Market and 8th Sts. ST. LOUIS, MO.

GUANO

AT OLD PRICES.

The undersigned would respectfully inform the farmers of Calhoun and surrounding counties, that he has ready for delivery

SOLUBLE PACIFIC GUANO.

which he will sell at the rate of one ton for 500 lbs middling cotton, delivered Nov. 1st, 1879. Also Acid Phosphate for composting at cheap rates. Call on or address
J. D. HAMMOND.
Jacksonville Ala.

Ayer's

Hair Vigor,

For restoring Gray Hair to its natural Vitality and Color.



A dressing which is at once agreeable, healthy, and effectual for preserving the hair. *Faded or gray hair is soon restored to its original color, with the gloss and freshness of youth.* Thin hair is thickened, falling hair checked, and baldness often, though not always, cured by its use. Nothing can restore the hair where the follicles are destroyed, or the glands atrophied and decayed. But such as remain can be saved for usefulness by this application. Instead of fouling the hair with a pasty sediment, it will keep it clean and vigorous. Its occasional use will prevent the hair from turning gray or falling off, and consequently prevent baldness. Free from those deleterious substances which make some preparations dangerous and injurious to the hair, the Vigor can only benefit but not harm it. If wanted merely for a

HAIR DRESSING,

nothing else can be found so desirable. Containing neither oil nor dye, it does not soil white cambric, and yet lasts long on the hair, giving it a rich glossy lustre and a grateful perfume.

PREPARED BY
Dr. J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass.,
Practical and Analytical Chemists.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS EVERYWHERE.

W. M. NISBET, Agent.
Sep 21 '78 1y Jacksonville, Ala.

MARRIED LIFE DR. BUTTS No. 12 N. Eighth St. St. Louis, Mo.

Who has had greater experience in the treatment of the sexual troubles of both male and female than any physician in the West, gives the results of his long and successful practice in his two new works, just published, entitled

The PHYSIOLOGY of MARRIAGE
The PRIVATE MEDICAL ADVISER

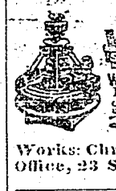
Books that are really Guides and Self-Instructors in all matters pertaining to Manhood and Womanhood, and supply a want long felt. They are beautifully illustrated, and in plain language, easily understood. The two books embrace 544 pages, and contain valuable information for both married and single, with all the recent improvements in medical treatment.

Read what our home papers say: "The knowledge imparted in Dr. Butts' new works is in no way of questionable character, but is something great every one should know. The Youth, the victim of early indiscretion; the Man, otherwise perfectly healthy mentally, but with waning vigor, in the prime of life, and the Woman, in misery and poor health, can learn from the many ills her sex is heir to." St. Louis Journal.

SPECIAL PRICES—50 cts. each; both in one volume, $1; in cloth and gilt, 25 cts extra. Sent in sealed envelope on receipt of price in money or stamps.

SINGLE LIFE

SMOKE BLACKWELL'S DURHAM TOBACCO



BURNHAM'S

WARRANTED BEST AND CHEAPEST. Prices reduced. *Pamphlet free.*

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The Remedy of the 19th Century.

Barham's infallible

PILE CURE.

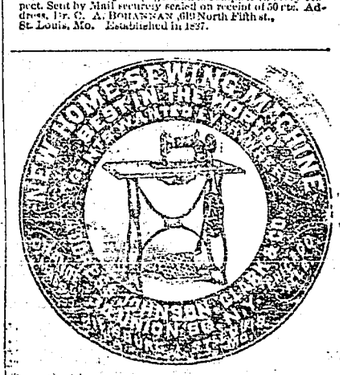
Manufactured by the Barham Pile Cure Co., Durham, N. C.

I never fails to cure Hemorrhoids or Piles, when a cure is possible. Price list and bona fide testimonials furnished on application



MARRIAGE GUIDE AND BOOK of SECRETS

DR. BOHANNAN'S Marriage Guide teaches all the instinctive should know on Courtship, Marriage, the Physiological Mysteries and Revelations of the sexual system, Philosophy of Reproduction, who should marry, the impediments to marriage, their nature and cure. Treats on all Private Diseases, fully explaining their causes, symptoms and means to cure; it is the only really scientific work of the kind ever published, contains nearly 200 pages and is complete in every respect. Sent by Mail securely sealed on receipt of 50 cts. Address, Dr. J. A. BOHANNAN, 608 North Fifth st., St Louis, Mo. Established in 1857.



PRESCRIPTION FREE!

For the speedy Cure of Seminal Weakness, Lost Manhood and all disorders brought on by indiscretion or excess. Any Druggist has the ingredients. Address W. JAMES & CO., No. 180 West Sixth Street, Cincinnati, O.

Wilde

2 Watches $8 to $7. Revolvers $2.50. Over 100 latest Novelties. Agts wanted. Sc Supply Co.

THE ADVANTAGE OF HORNLESS CATTLE.—At the exposition in Paris recently there was a prize of $500 for the best herd of cattle outside of France by one exhibitor. For this prize a herd of Angus polls took the first, a herd of Angus polls took the second, and a herd of short-horns from England took the third. It has been said by short-horn men that the best English herds were not represented there, but the fact is, that Lady Pigot's herd that took the third premium was as well and fashionably bred as any in England, and the show of short-horns was most excellent. As a still greater triumph there was a prize of $500 for the best beef producing group embracing animals from all countries, and the Angus polls were again the winners. On this class there was a jury of 31 members and out of that number 24 were for the Angus and 7 for the short-horns. These are facts that may be taken as conclusive that the introduction of good representatives of this family into this country is in no sense a doubtful experiment. As beef makers they are certainly in quantity equal and in quality superior to our short-horns; as breeders they are more prolific, and to withstand our wintry blasts, they are more hardy. With a cargo of hornless cattle for either railroad or ocean travel, and whether for one mile or a thousand, the danger of accidents is greatly reduced, the sufferings of the animals is greatly ameliorated, the facilities and convenience of the keepers are greatly improved, the animals reach their destination, not fevered with sufferings and torn with the unwilling horns of their neighbors, but comparatively fresh and in good condition. There is a large percentage here in favor of the polled cattle that the shipper will be prompt to recognize in the prices he pays, and every man with a heart will rejoice at so great an abatement of the cruelties we witness every day.

SHYNESS AND TIMIDITY IN HORSES.—In common horse language, these propensities are confounded one with the other, or else no proper or right distinction is made between them. A horse may be timid without being shy, though he can hardly be said to be shy without being timid. Young horses in their breaking are timid, frightened at every strange object they see. They stand gazing and staring at objects they have not seen before, fearful to approach them; but they do not run away from or shy at them; on the contrary, the moment they are convinced there is nothing hurtful in them, they refuse not to approach, and even to trample upon them. This the shy horse will not do. He cannot be persuaded to turn towards or even to look at the object he shies at, much less to approach it. Timid horses, through usage and experience, get the better of their timidity, and in time become the very opposite to fearful. But shy horses, unless worked down to fatigue and broken-spiritedness, rarely forget their old sins. The best way to treat them is to work them day by day, moderately, for hours together, taking no notice whatever of their shying tricks, neither caressing nor chastising them, and on no account whatever endeavoring to turn their heads either towards or away from the objects shied at.

BUTTER PACKING.—Pack in vessels which will impart no impurities to the butter. Fill within half an inch of the top. Place a thin cloth wholly over the butter. Over that pour cold brine as strong as can be made of hot water and the purest salt, or cover with a layer of fine salt. The whole process of making the butter, from drawing the milk to the placing of the butter in packages, should be hurried, as milk, cream, and butter are going to decay every moment when exposed to the air, however pure it may be. Such butter is ready to keep or to sell. If to be kept long before selling, surround every package with coarse salt, by placing them in boxes prepared for the purpose. This process keeps the butter cool and hard, and free from sudden changes of air. When all these things are attended to promptly, and with as much uniformity as is under the power of man to control, there will be a near approach to uniformity in color, richness and purity. If the new beginner follows these rules, and keeps doing so, he will soon command the highest figures. Cleanliness and common sense applied from the beginning to the end are absolutely necessary to insure good butter that will bring the highest price in market.

QUICKLIME A WOOD PRESERVATIVE.—M. Lostal a French railroad contractor, recommends quicklime as a preservative for timber. He puts the sleepers into pits and covers them with quicklime, which is slowly slaked with water. Timber for mines must be left for eight days before it is completely impregnated. It becomes extremely hard and tough, and is said never to rot. Beechwood prepared in the same manner, has been used in several ironworks for hammers and other tools, and is reputed to be as hard as iron, without the loss of the elasticity peculiar to it. Lime slaked in a solution of chloride of calcium is used at Strasburg as a fireproof and weatherproof coating for wood.

TO SAVE the posts from decay, dip the ends to be set in the ground in petroleum, point or char them. They will last for thirty years.

NEW OATS.—New oats should not be fed largely to horses, as they are indigestible and act prejudicially on the bowels and kidneys. If necessary to use them at once they should be kiln-dried.

A Tough Witness.

A Chicago lawyer found his match the other day in a woman. Mrs. H. C. Baker had been called as a witness in a murder trial, and having taken the usual oath to tell the truth didn't propose to be stopped in her narrative. And she wasn't. The lawyer on the other side started in with his objection, and was promptly told, "I am brought here to tell what I know and I'm going to do it." The next time he tried to stop her he was shut up with this reply: "You just keep still, sonny, and don't interrupt. I shall tell the whole truth." He made a few more ventures, but finally leaned back in despair and said, "It's no use; I give it up." Then Mrs. Baker enjoyed the rare satisfaction for a woman in court of talking until she was ready to stop and leaving behind her a badly discomfitted lawyer.

WHY RUN ANY RISK with your Cough, Cold, Hoarseness, or indeed any Pulmonary or Bronchial Complaint, when a remedy safe, thorough and so easily obtained as Dr. D. Jayne's Expectorant can be had? If you have contracted a severe Cold, save your Lungs from the dangerous irritation and inflammation, which frequently brings about Consumption, by promptly resorting to the Expectorant; and if troubled with any affection of the Throat, you will find this remedy equally effectual in affording relief from obstructing phlegm, and in healing the inflamed parts.

Aluminium is the lightest of metals in use; it weighs no more than glass—that is to say, one-fourth as heavy as silver, and about two-fifths more than water. Napoleon III. had the eagles of the French Army standards made of aluminium instead of silver, with a reduction of three-quarters of weight for the same size. This great lightness has determined its use in the construction of certain very delicate balances designed to register fractional weights. One knows in effect that a balance is so much more sensative, all other things being equal, as the beam is the lighter; but a beam of brass or steel cannot be indefinitely reduced without injury to its strength and firmness. On the contrary with aluminium we can have a beam at once light and inflexible. Again as to the marked weights, these are generally of platina or of silver, and, as these metals are heavy, the weights representing the tenth or the one-hundredth part of a grain must be so minute that it is inconvenient to use them. It is hardly necessary to add that for this reason aluminium is better for the purpose than any other metal. Aluminium, also, can be beaten into the finest foil, or drawn into threads of various thickness, and the finest of great tenacity. Hence arise a great number of applications for use. But that which gives it, perhaps, the greatest superiority over all other metals for economic purposes is that it is almost unalterable, so that it is never affected by the oxygen of the atmosphere, even at the highest temperature. Sulphuretted hydrogen, which tarnishes silver, has no effect on aluminium. We see by this that, if aluminium is difficult to decompose, if one can scarcely unite aluminium and oxygen, when once united, it is not less difficult to separate them, and therefore that aluminium is as difficult to produce as to decompose. Oxygen is not the only substance that does not act upon aluminium; sulphur and its various compounds produce on it no alteration.

Artificial Gold.—Alloys of different materials in imitation of gold and silver, applicable as substitutes for these metals for ornamental purposes, have been produced by Messrs. Meiffren & Co., of Marseilles. To make an alloy having the color and appearance of gold, they place in a crucible, copper as pure as possible, platinum, and tungastic acid in the proportions stated below. When the metals are completely melted they stir and granulate them by running them into water containing 500 grammes of slaked lime and 500 grammes of carbonate of potash for every cubic metre of water. This mixture dissolved in water, has the property of rendering the alloy purer. The granulated metal is next collected, dried, and after remelting in a crucible, a certain quantity of fine gold is added. An allow is thus produced which, when run into ingots, presents the appearance of red gold of the standard 750-1000. The color of the alloy may be changed by varying the proportions of the different metals. As flux borax acid, nitrate of soda, and chloride of sodium, previously melted together in equal proportions, are used. The proportion of flux to be employed is 25 grammes per kilogramme of the alloy. The proportions employed by preference for producing an alloy of red gold are: Copper, 800 grammes; platinum, 15; tungstic acid, 10; and gold, 170 grammes.

A New Theory of Dew.—Professor Stockbridge, of the Amherst Agricultural College, has been making some experiments as to the origin of dew, and has arrived at conclusions somewhat different from those generally accepted. It is usually held that dew is the moisture of the air condensed through contact with objects of a lower temperature, and that it does not form until radiation has reduced the temperature of the earth. Professor Stockbridge asserts, however, that dew is the result of condensation by the air of warm vapor which rises from the soil, and he embodies the result of his experiments in these propositions: 1. The vapor of the soil is much warmer at night then the air, and would be condensed by it. 2. Vapor from the soil is soon diffused and equalized in the whole atmosphere, but in the largest proportion when evaporation is taking place near the surface of the soil; and, other things being equal, plants nearest the earth have the most dew. 3. Dew under hay-cocks, boards and like objects on the ground could receive it from no other source.

Ornamental Glass.—A novel mode of producing glass objects of great beauty was lately described before the French Academy, where samples of the art were shown and attracted much admiration. The new procedure has been devised by M. Monet, a French manufacturer, and consists essentially in submitting the glass objects to be treated at a red heat to the action of coal gas. The glass, it should premised, contains metallic oxide, which, by the reducing action of the gas is separated in the body of the glass, in the metallic state. Thus the metals silver and copper have been separated in the mass of the vitreous substance itself, and remarkably brilliant effects are affirmed to be thus brought about. Among the novel products of this process a beautiful imitation of aventurine was exhibited.

The Grand Canal of China.

For six or eight hundred years the Grand Canal, crossing the great plain of Northern China, from Peking, in the north, to Hangchow, in the south, has been the chief line of communication and commerce between the capital and southern portions of the Chinese Empire. The canal proper is more than six hundred miles long, and, with its branches, is said to supply 2,000 miles of water-way, and the means for irrigating and reclaiming many thousand square miles of thickly peopled country. During recent years, however, the vast sums appropriated for the management and repair of the Grand Canal have been so largely absorbed by dishonest officials that the canal has become practically unfit for commerce in many parts, while the estimated cost of putting it in good condition is so helplessly beyond the capacity of an empire impoverished by war, famine and official rapacity, that the Imperial government are seriously considering the propriety of abandoning the canal entirely. For the first time since the canal was built the food supplies from the south for the support of the capital (and for the relief of the famished-stricken regions to the north and west) have this year been forwarded by sea—a much speedier and more economical route, no doubt; still, for the great plain and its millions of inhabitants, the canal is a practical necessity, and to let it go to further destruction will seriously endanger their prosperity.

DOMESTIC.

NOODLES.—When vermicelli can't be had noodles make an excellent substitute. First—Take two eggs, separate yolks from whites, only using yolks. Second—Beat up yolks thoroughly. Third—Stir eggs into a pound of best sifted flour, making a stiff paste. Fourth—Flour a board and roll out the paste into thin pieces, not more than one-eighth of an inch thick. Fifth—As each piece is made set it aside to dry; this will take about twenty minutes. Sixth—Fold over the cakes in one roll, and with a very sharp knife cut through the roll at right angles, making fine shreds. Shake them so as to divide them. They can be used in any clear soup, and should be introduced about twenty minutes before the soup is ready for serving, and all cooked when the soup is on to boil. If they must be kept they should be put away in a cool place. They are better when fresh.

A LOSING JOKE.—A prominent physician of Pittsburgh said jokingly to a lady patient who was complaining of her continued ill health, and of his inability to cure her, "try Hop Hitters!" The lady took it in earnest and used the Bitters, from which she obtained permanent health. She now laughs at the doctor for his joke, but he is not so well pleased with it, as it cost him a good patient.

SPRAINS.—First—Cold fomentations are useful in sprains, but not until the active inflamation has subsided, and it is required to give tone and strengh to the part. The best way of applying them is to put a thick bandage upon the part and keep pouring cold water over it. Second—Beat up an egg to a thick paste, with the salt spread on it on a cloth and bind it on the part affected. Renew occasionally. Third—Alcohol, one pint; oil of spike, one ounce; origanum, one ounce. Fourth—Take one teaspoonful of honey, the same of salt and the white of an egg; beat all well together for at least an hour—or two would be better. Let it stand an hour. Then anoint the sprained place freely, keep well rolled up with a good bandage.

WASHING COLORED HOSE.—First, they should never be soaped or soaked. If not too soiled, wash in almost cold water; make a lather of good bar-soap—white is best, and in it dissolve a small piece of alum. Use dissolved soap in the water, and rub the goods with the hands as far as possible. Put through two waters, and rinse in two more. A handful of salt or a spoonful of vinegar in the rinsing water helps to brighten and hold the colors. Wash only one article at a time, and that very quickly. This is good for colored muslin, linens and silk handkerchiefs.

DRY CELLARS.—A perfectly dry cellar may be made even below the natural water level of the ground, by using asphaltum. For this purpose the floor should be covered with bricks laid flat and perfectly level over this a layer of melted asphaltum, so that there will be asphaltum in the joints between the bricks instead of mortar. Then the side walls around the cellar are built in the same way, with melted asphaltum between the bricks instead of mortar.

HOW TO KEEP HAMS IN SUMMER.—After the hams have been smoked, rub the fleshy part with molasses until it is well coated; then sprinkle all over it black pepper, ground fine, and hang the hams in the smokehouse. Thus treated, hams can be kept two or three years, but they must be rubbed before the fly has touched them.

TO BAKE SHAD.—Scale and clean the fish, wash and wipe it dry, and fill it with a stuffing made of boiled mashed potatoes, bread crumbs, chopped parssley, and seasoned with pepper and salt. Put a small piece of butter on top, lay it in a baking pan, and bake it in a hot oven. Serve very hot.

Thirteen cents is the cost of five gallons of soft soap, made from one pound of Dobbins' Electric Soap, (made by Cragin & Co. Phila.) and the soft soap will go farther than a dollars' worth of common soap. Try it.

TO SWEETEN MUSTY CASK.—Throw in burning coals and then cold water. Brewers wash their casks with lime and water, mixed nearly to the consistency of paint; remain till dry and then wash well with cold water.

TO REMOVE MILDEW.—Soap the linen previously wetted, and apply salt and lemon juice to both sides; or apply finely-colored pipe-clay, or Fuller's earth, or finely-powdered chalk. Expose it for several hours to the atmosphere.

FILLING FOR CRACKED CEILINGS.—Whiting mixed with glue water, or calcined plaster and water makes a good putty for filling cracks in plastered ceilings.

Names of the Months.

To Roman deities and rites are due the names of the months—March, April, May and June to the gods; July, and August to the Augustan age,—Julius Cæsar, to whom divine honors were accorded during the consulship of Lepidus and Plauris, and Augustus. The four following months were numerically designated, and remind us of the time when December was the tenth month, January an ancient king and deity. February denoted purification. During this month the Romans were purified, a feast was held in memory of the dead, and the Terminalia closed the year. How anomalous the date of today. Thor, the giant deity of the Vikings Mars, the old Roman god of war and carnage, and the Prince of Peace and Savior of mankind, in whose hand in the fullness of time the years will all be gathered, are here recorded. The days and months may vanish unnoted,—the years are the only real landmarks of time, and their only imperishable chronicle is A. D., "In the year of our Lord."

The Crowning Discovery.

All the "phones" of this phonetic age are surpassed in practical benefit to mankind, by the discovery of Allan's Anti-Fat, the great and only known remedy for obesity, or corpulency. It produces no weakness or other unpleasant or injurious effect, its action being simply confined to regulating digestion, and preventing an undue assimilation of the carbonaceous, or flesh-producing, elements of the food. Sold by druggists.

ELLSWORTH, *Kan. July 13th*, 1878.
BOTANIC MEDICINE CO., Buffalo, N. Y.:
Gentlemen—Allan's Anti-Fat reduced me seven pounds in one week.
Yours respectfully,
MRS. TAYLOR.

HUMOROUS.

"A TALKING TO."—"He struck me in the face. I didn't say anything to him, but I gave him a good talking to."

The attorney scratched his chin a moment and asked the woman if she would please repeat her statement.

"I say he struck me. I didn't say anything to him, but I gave him a good talking to."

Again the attorney scratched his chin, but finally told the woman to go on and tell what else happened.

"That same afternoon he struck me again. I can stand a great deal, and I didn't say a word to him, but I gave him a good talking to."

The attorney thought long and deeply and then asked:

"Did he strike you a third time?"

"Yes, sir, he did."

"Did you say anything to him?"

"No, sir."

"Not a word?"

"Not a word."

"But perhaps you gave him a good talking to."

"You can just bet your life I did."

The lawyer began to scratch his chin again, but the Judge dismissed the case.

Thank God for Anakesis!!!

WELLFLEET, MASS., April 10, 1876.

MESSRS. NEUSTAEDTER & Co.

Dear Sirs: Enclosed you will find one dollar, for which please send me a box of *Anakesis*. Direct it to Mulford Rich, Jr., Wellfleet, Barnstable Co., Mass. My wife has suffered terribly with piles for ten years, and had tried all kinds of remedies that she could hear of without much relief. Last summer I happened to hear of *Anakesis* when I was in Boston and so I procured a box and she experienced immediate relief. She says she can exclaim with the celebrated professor: Thank God for *Anakesis!* She gave part of the contents of the box to a friend of her's in Provincetown, and they helped her so that she sent the next day and bought some. The most of the inhabitants of this place and vicinity are sea-faring people, and by being exposed to wet and cold, and hard pulling at ropes, nine out of ten are troubled with piles, and have tried so many remedies without relief that they are discouraged and have no faith in anything, but I know that they are a good article. Now I will tell you my plan; I am a peddler and travel in Barnstable county, and times are so hard that money is very scarce, but if I can afford it this summer I want to buy about a dozen boxes on purpose to give away to the unbelievers, and I think that by so doing, and being acquainted with so many people, that I could get up quite a trade in *Anakesis* if you would give me the sole right of this county.

Yours truly,
MULFORD RICH, JR.

Anakesis is sold by all first-class druggists. Price $1 00 per box. Samples mailed free to all sufferers, on application to P. Neustaedter & Co., Box 3946, New York.

A LADY riding in a car on the New York Central Railroad was disturbed in her reading by the conversation of two gentlemen occupying the seat just before her. One of them seemed to be a student of some college on his way home for a vacation. He used much profane language, greatly to the annoyance of the lady. She thought she would rebuke him, and, on begging pardon for interrupting them, asked the young student if he had studied the languages. "Yes, madam, I have mastered the languages quite well." "Do you read and speak Hebrew?" "Quite fluently." "Will you be so kind as to do me a small favor?" "With great pleasure. I am at your service." "Will you be so kind as to do your swearing in Hebrew?" We may well suppose that the lady was not annoyed any more by the ungentlemanly language of this would-be gentleman.

A MEMBER of the rhetoric class in a certain college had just finished his declamation when the profesor said: "Mr. H——, do you suppose a general would address his soldiers in the manner you spoke that piece?" "Yes, sir, I do," was the reply, "if he was half scared to death."

"DO YOU know what you are eating?" whispered one of the boarders, as he watched his neighbor wrestling with a piece of pie. "Alas, sighed the martyr, "I know only too well. 'Tis but a little faded flour." And passed up his plate for another slice.

NOT many miles from Oil City, Pa., once stood a wayside inn, up to which one day drove two thirty travelers. "Have you a license for selling liquor?" they inquired. "No, sir, ain't got a license, but we've got jist the best kind of whiskey."

A LITTLE boy refusing to take a pill, his mother placed it in a piece of preserved pear and gave it to him. In a few minutes she said, "Tommy, have you eaten the pear?" "Yes, mother; all but the seed.

MEETING a commercial traveler who was pretty full of old Robinson county, Gubbins remarked to his wife, "Tight as a drum, ain't he?" "Worse'n that," she answered, "he's tight as a drummer."

A FASHIONABLY-DRESSED woman entered a drug store the other day, and informed the clerk that her husband had overloaded his stomach, and that she desired to get an "epidemic" to relieve him.

"How even that lawn looks, my dear," said she to her husband, as they were taking a suburban stroll. "Even!" he exclaimed, "I'm disposed to think it's sod."

A tramp, who received a blow from an Amazonian widow, declared that, until then, he had never realized the full significance of the widow's smite.

A MAN was boasting that he had an elevator in his house. "So he has," chinned in his wife, "and he keeps it in the cupboard in a bottle."

NEVER say to a man running across lots in the immediate lead of a wild bull, "Be not swift to take a fence?"

THE most perfect type of the "sweet home" is the bee-hive.

PERSONS of abandoned habits—dealers in old clothes.

THE MOST important part of a barrel is the bunghole.

Travelling is Extra-Hazardous.

If the tourist is unprovided with some medicinal resource. Changes of temperature, food and water of an unaccustomed or unwholesome quality, and a route that lies in the tropics or other regions where malaria exists, are each and all fraught with danger to one who has been improvident enough to neglect a remedial safeguard. The concurrent testimony of many *voyageurs* by land and sea establishes the fact that Hostetter's Stomach Bitters enables those who use it to encounter hazards of the nature referred to with impunity; and that, as a medicine adapted to sudden and unexpected exigencies, it is peculiarly valuable. Disorders of the liver, the bowels and the stomach, fever and ague, rheumatism and nervous ailments, brought on by exposure, are among the maladies to which emigrants, travelers and new settlers are most subject. Those and others yield to the action of the Bitters promptly and completely.

Hieskell's Tetter Ointment will cure every form of Tetter.

IF YOUR Liver is Disordered *Hoofland's German Bitters* will set it right.

WORMS. WORMS. WORMS.

E. F. Kunkel's Worm Syrup never fails to destroy Pin, Seat and Stomach Worms. Dr. Kunkel, the only successful physician who removes Tape Worm in two hours, alive with head, and no fee until removed. Common sense teaches if Tape Worms be removed all other worms can be readily destroyed. Advice at office and store free. The doctor can tell whether or not the patient has worms. Thousands are dying, daily, with worms, and do not know it. Fits, spasms, cramps, choking and suffocation, sallow complexion, circles around the eyes, swelling and pain in the stomach, restless at night, grinding of the teeth, picking at the nose, cough, fever, itching at the seat, headache, foul breath, the patient grows pale and thin, tickling and irritation in the anus—all these symptoms, and more, come from worms. E. F. Kunkel's Worm Syrup never fails to remove them. Price, $1 00 per bottle, or six bottles for $5 00. (For Tape Worm, write and consult the Doctor.) For all others, buy of your druggist the Worm Syrup, and if he has it not, send to Dr. E. F. Kunkel, 259 N. Ninth, street, Philadelphia, Pa. Advice by mail, free; send three-cent stamp.

E. F. Kunkel's Bitter Wine of Iron.

Gives tone to the stomach. It improves the appetite and assists digestion; excites the bowels to healthy action, expelling all the foul humors that contaminate the blood, corrupt the secretions and offend the breath. It excites the liver to a healthy action and strengthens the nerves imparting that glow to life that proceeds alone from perfect health.

Thousands in all walks of life, testify to the virtues of this excellent medicine in correcting the derangement of the digestive organs. Get the genuine. Sold only in $1.00 bottles, or six bottles for $5.00. Ask for E. F. KUNKEL'S and take no other. If your druggists has it not, send to proprietor, E. F. KUNKEL, No. 259 North Ninth Street, Philadelphia, Pa. Advice free; enclose three cent stamp.

FOR PIMPLES on the Face, use *Hieskell's Tetter Ointment.* It never fails to remove them.

IF TROUBLED with Constipation, take *Hoofland's German Bitters.*

IF YOU Would Enjoy Good Health, Take *Hoofland's German Bitters.*

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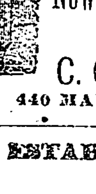
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and *all* Diseases of the Stomach, Liver, and Blood. It builds up the system, is pleasant to take, does not sicken, give pain, nor leave the system constipated, as other medicines do.

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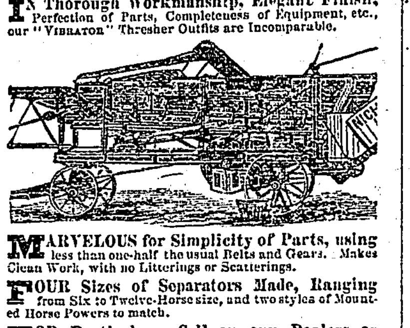
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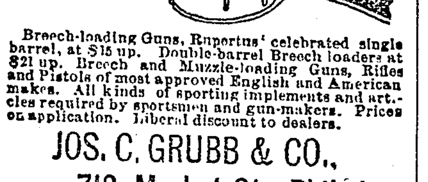
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INFLAMMATION OF THE KIDNEYS, INFLAMMATION OF THE BL INFLAMMATION OF THE BOWELS, CONGESTION OF TH SORE THROAT, DIFFICULT BREATHI PALPITATION OF THE H HYSTERICS, CROUP, DIPHTHERIA, CATARRH, INFLU HEADACHE, TOOTHACHE, NEURALGIA, RHEUM COLD CHILLS, AGUE CHILLS, CHILBLAINS and FROST-

The application of the Ready Relief part or parts where the pain or difficulty will afford ease and comfort.

Thirty to sixty drops in half a tum water will in a few moments cure Spasms, Sour Stomach, Heartburn, Sick ache, Diarrhea, Dysentery, Colic, Wind Bowels, and all Internal Pains.

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Observe the following symptoms, r ing from disorders of the Digestive Organ

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Or tread on each other's toes,
For the world at best, in its great unrest,
Is hard enough as it goes.
Oh! why should the strong oppress the weak,
Till the latter go to the wall?
On this earth of ours, with its thorns and flowers,
There is room enough for all.

If a lagging brother falls behind
And drops from the toiling band,
If fear and doubt put his soul to rout,
Then lend him a helping hand.
Cheer up his heart with the words of hope,
Nor season the speech with gall;
In the great highway, on the busiest day,
There is room enough for all.

If a man with the tread of a pioneer
Steps out on your path *ahead*,
Don't grudge his start, with an envious heart,
For the mightiest *once* were led.
But gird your loins for the coming day—
Let nothing your heart appal—
Catch up, if you can, with the *forward* man,
There is room enough for all.

And if, by doing your duty well,
You should get to lead the van,
Brand not your name with a deed of shame,
But come out an honest man.
Keep a bright lookout on every side,
Till, heeding the Master's call,
Your soul shall go, from the world below,
Where there's room enough for all.

Nell's Ruse.

Mr. Asher, Mr. Cole; Mr. Cole, my old friend Tod Asher. And now gentlemen, that I have broken the ice, you will please excuse me for a few minutes, as I see I am wanted."

And the speaker, Harry Johnson, who was a general favorite, turned smilingly away, and crossed the ball-room to where a group of ladies stood gayly beckoning him with their fans.

"Happy to make your acquaintance, Mr. Cole," murmured Mr. Asher, in a low, musical voice.

"The pleasure is mutual, I assure you," politely replied the gentleman addressed; "besides, it is an odd conceit of mine, but you seem to me like an old friend. Your have face is strangely familiar."

"Indeed, no; I think we have never met before. I am a stranger in this part of the country. But come, if you do not intend to join the dancers, let us go to the piazza where we can watch them, and have quiet chat?"

"Agreed. Dancing is a bore, and a cigar is a better companion than a lady. Do you smoke?"

And as they seated themselves, Cole produced a cigar, and offered one to his companion.

The latter hesitated a moment, as if uncertain whether to accept or decline the invitation, then replied:

"Thank you, I do not smoke at present. My physician forbids it. I am in rather delicate health."

"So I should judge; you look anything but strong, and your complexion is as pale as a girl's."

"Indeed!" and the speaker's voice sounded rather contemptuous. "Do you know that I consider that rather a compliment?"

"Umph! Our opinions differ somewhat on that subject, my friend. Now I don't believe that women are so much like angels as some people would make them out to be," replied Cole.

The handsome, girlish face of the listener flushed, and he exclaimed in astonishment:

"You cannot have a mother and sisters, Mr. Cole, or you would not possess such an opinion."

"Sisters, no—a mother, yes—in Heaven. She was an angel on earth, Mr. Asher, if ever there was one, but the girls of to-day are not like her. They are but butterflies and care for nothing but flirtations and fashions.

"I hope and believe that you are mistaken, sir. Perhaps you have not sought for anything deeper than what a flirtation will reveal; and if so, how can you blame the ladies for playing the Roland to your Oliver?"

"Well, every one to his liking, of course; the world is made up of opposites. But, I freely confess that I look upon the ladies as merely pleasant amusement for an idle hour—nothing more. Why, man, all they want is flattery. But at present I have no time to waste on them, for I got my hands full in subjugating the proudest beauty of them all—naughty, lovely Nell Atherton. I wish you could see her really."

His listener smiled oddly, but replied with eagerness.

"I wish I could. Can you not point her out to me?"

"Oh, she's not here to night; she is off on a week's visit to some relatives. If she were present, I should not be here, you may be sure. No, indeed! Pretty Nell accepts no lukewarm attentions, I can tell you; she would chain me to her side the whole evening. But then she's fond of me, there's no mistake about that."

"You think so?" and Tod Asher's lip curled.

"Think! Why, my dear boy, I'm sure of it. I'd like to see the girl who could withstand me—ha, ha! Why, she cannot bear to have me out of sight, I tell you, Asher."

"Well, and that surely must be pleasant. I cannot imagine anything more agreeable than to be with those we love."

"Ha, ha, ha!" laughed Cole, in great amusement; "but I don't love her, you see. I have made a wager that I can bring her to my arms, and I will do it too. I'm sure of my game; but as for love, pshaw!—I don't believe in it."

"But perhaps she does," replied Asher meaningly.

"Well, what of that? Girls have no hearts to break, or if they have, a new silk dress will speedily cure the worst case of heart-ache ever known.

"But in my case, I don't but know what I shall marry Nell.

"She loves me and I should be rather proud of such a handsome wife; besides I suppose I should be bitterly envied by the village gallants for carrying off the prize."

"But I should not marry her for love, mind you, but out of consideration for her father's money bags—ha, ha!"

"Really, your ideas are peculiar, Mr. Cole, and I should like to converse further with you upon the subject, but just at present that is impossible, as Harry and I have an engagement which he seems to have forgotten; so I must remind him, and therefore bid you good night."

And, bowing, he entered the parlor, and shortly after his late companion saw him issue therefrom arm in arm with Harry Johnson, and together they walked quickly out of sight.

"Oh, Harry, cousin Harry. I shall certainly die, I know I shall. It was too ridiculous!" cried an unmistakably girlish voice.

And again a clear rippling laugh burst from the lips of the one who was so lately introduced as Tod Asher.

"Don't Nell, for goodness' sake! If you predict such dreadful things, I'll never again consent to aid you in any more of your harum-scarum freaks. But by all that is laughable how Cole will be cut up when he discovers the identity of my old friend Asher!"

And the young man joined in the girl's infectious mirth.

"And to think," cried Nell, still laughing, "of the miserable creature's boasting to my very face that he would bring Nell Atherton to his arms! Ugh! I could have boxed his ears then and there and the only thing that restrained me was the knowledge that he would make a fuss, and then every one would have recognized me."

"I'm very glad you didn't, Nell; you would have spoiled our *denouement*. And as Cole really needs taking down, I'm not sure but that it may be a very good lesson for him. Oh, by-the-by, when is the final understanding to take place?"

"Next Tuesday night. And now remember, Harry, you are not to be in the room with the girls; that would make it rather too embarrassing for me. But you can listen in the conservatory, and, after the affecting part is over, you can make your appearance as quickly as you choose—the sooner, the better."

"All right. Nell, you're a trump. I wish all the girls had your good looks and spirits," said Harry, admiringly.

"Thanks, cousin mine; and now, good night. I'm almost tired to death. I suppose it is from dragging around these clothes all the heavy evening. Ugh! think of having to wear such things every day of one's life.

And with a laugh that had little of weariness in it she ran gayly up the stairs.

"You promised me my answer to night, Nell darling. What is it? Am I to be the happiest, or the most miserable of men?"

"Well, really, Mr. Cole, you are so impatient, one would almost believe your heart is concerned.

"Alas! I have no heart. Your bright eyes charmed it from me weeks ago, fair Nell. Why will you torture me thus?"

"I torture you? Positively you amuse me. The idea of a lady's having power to annoy you. How absurd!"

And she laughed gayly, apparently quite at her case; while her suitor, completely nonplussed at her odd behavior, gazed at her wonderingly, than said, affectionately:

"What has come over you, sweet one? You were not wont to be so sarcastic. Do you delight to see the sorrow you inflict on a loving heart?"

"Ha, ha, ha! Do you know what that is, Mr. Cole? I thought you did not believe in love."

He started, and gazed at her curiously, then exclaimed, reproachfully:

"How could I be blind to such charms as yours, my peerless Nell? Come, have done with all this irony, and tell me you will be my own sweet bride."

"Never!"

And her clear voice rang out contemptuously.

"What! you refuse me!"

And he sprang angrily to her feet.

"I do, most decidedly; and more than that, I tell you that I despise you, Mr. Cole."

"Madam!" cried he, in blank astonishment.

"Yes sir, I do. I despise a braggart and a coward. A coward you are, or you would not talk so lightly of the ladies, and win their hearts but to break them. You are a braggart, because even to a stranger you do not hesitate to boast of your conquests and venture so far as to mention the name of your lady-loves."

"Who told you all this?" gasped the astonished man.

"You did, Mr. Cole? I suspected you for your flattery was so fulsome.

"I determined to try your fidelity, and disguising myself in man's attire, I sought the ball-room with my cousin Harry, and was by him introduced to you as Tod Asher."

"Your yourself began conversation on a subject which I had intended to lead you to, and you know the rest."

"Very well, madam; since you are so well satisfied with your achievement, which, permit me to say, was at the least unladylike, I will bid you good evening."

"No, stay a moment," cried Nell, as she threw wide the folding-doors, near which, by design on her part, they had stood during the entire conversation, and disclosed to the gaze of her discomfited suitor a smiling circle of the fairest young ladies of the village.

"Ladies," cried Nell, addressing them, "I promised you a novel kind of entertainment, and I think you have had it. Hereafter you will all know how to value the fine speeches of this gentleman.

"Sir," and she turned to Cole, who had all this time stood motionless, as if changed to marble, "you can go; we desire your presence here no longer.

"Had you been more a man, I should have called upon those who have a right to protect me from your insult; but as it is, I would not trouble them. I can defend myself. Now go."

And she raised her beautiful arm, and pointed toward the door, out of which her abashed suitor was only too glad to escape.

The merry peal of laughter which followed him rang in his ears long after the house had been left behind.

"Well, Nell," laughed Harry, as he joined them, "that unfortunate fellow has had a lesson he'll not soon forget."

"So much the better, Harry," retorted Nell; "I did not mean that he should forget it. I've taught him better than to make game of the ladies, at least for a time. And, I'm sure, girls," and she turned appealingly to her friends, "you all join me in rejoicing that a villian has been unmasked."

Advertising Cheats.

It has become so common to write the beginning of an elegant, interesting article and then run it into some advertisement that we avoid all such cheats and simply call attention to the merits of Hop Bitters in as plain honest terms as possible, to induce people to give them one trial, as no one who knows their value will ever use anything else.

Judge Bogan.

When Judge Bogan was a practicing lawyer in Georgia he weighed about 300 pounds. He was a short man, and had no coupling pole betwixt his head and shoulders. His back was as broad as a cellar door. Of course he was a good-natured man, but sometimes was very sarcastic in the use of language before a jury. One day he had a case in a justice court, in one of the upper counties of Georgia, and there was a little lawyer on the other side named Wiggins. Wiggins weighed about ninety pounds, and was game and sassy, like most all little men, and had a voice as fine as the E string on a fiddle.

Well, the Judge was rollicking along in a good-natured way to the jury, and made some allusions that insulted Wiggins' dignity. Whereupon Wiggins hopped up like a killdee and hit the Judge a whack on the back.

The Judge looked round a little, and, says he, "What you 'bout, Wiggins—what you 'bout?"

"I'm a fitin'!" says Wiggins.

"Set down and behave yourself," said the Judge, and his eyes twinkled merrily as he continued his rhapsody of random remarks. Pretty soon he offended Wiggins again, who, rising forward, tumultuously popped him three or four times more, making as much impression as if he had hit the side of a house.

"What you 'bout, Wiggins? What you tryin' to do?" said the Judge as he winked at the jury.

"I tell you sir, I'm a fitin'," screamed Wiggins, and he popped him again.

The Judge reached his arm back and gently "squashed" Wiggins down in his chair, saying "set down, Wiggins, and be quiet, or I'll take you by the nape of the neck and seat of the breeches and throw you up so high that the blue birds will build in your jacket pocket before you come down. Be still, I say!"

Wiggins "beed still," but he studied the code of honor for a few days and then went back to his tailor's trade.

When the Judge was elevated to the bench he didn't give the jurors much latitude in making up a verdict. If the verdicts didn't suit him he charged 'em over again and sent 'em back. One day Colonel Foster was defending a fellow who was sued on a promissory note and wound up an eloquent speech with "these are grand principles of the law, gentlemen, which control this case. They are as old as England, as solid as the blue Ridge and have come down to us untarnished by the tide of time or the wreck of bloated Empires, and so will his Honor charge you."

The Judge was leaning forward, his eyes sparkling and his mouth twitching at the corners. Hardly waiting for the Colonel to sit down he said: "His Honor won't charge you any such thing, gentlemen; for those eternal principles my Brother Foster has elucidated have no more to do with the case than the Koran of Mohomet. This defendant admits that he signed this note, and if you believe him, then all these dilatory, nugatory, purgatory pleas that he has ripped up, tripped up, dug up, stumped up and trumped up, won't avail him. What do you say to that, Brother Foster, eh?"

"Nothing, sir; only that I am obliged to differ with the Court," said the Colonel.

"Yes, sir, you can differ; you have the right to differ; but where the Court and the council differ, the Court prevails, and that's the law of this case, gentlemen. Retire and make up your verdict."

A Chatter-Box.

Boxes of various kinds play an important part in our lives. From our earliest days, when rocked in a pine box cradle, until the hour when our mortal remains are "boxed up" to be conveyed to mother earth, we are in one kind of a box or another. During our tender years, owing to a thirst for knowledge, we were often called a chatter-box by our elders, and received many a box on the ear for being a sauce-box. In both cases it was a bad box for us—indeed, juvenile life seems full of such receptacles, being a very Pandora of miseries.

The band-box is a pasteboard affair, so called because having no band to keep it together it is constantly falling apart and into difficulties, especially at such times when an exposure of its contents is the least desirable. It is now chiefly used by the very old ladies and milliner girls.

The oyster-box is patronized by married men, who returning late from the lodge have a deep-seated conviction that their wives or mother-in-laws are warming their feet and wrath at the kitchen fire. The contents of this box has a wonderful effect in allaying domestic difficulties on such occasions.

The mission of the packing-box is to inflict contusions on hurried pedestrians by obstructing the side-walk, and, by entangling the drapery of ladies, to render a shopping excursion necessary the next day.

The cash-box is met with in the offices of paymasters and in works of fiction; never having handled one myself my knowledge of them is limited. Viewed from afar, I should say they were made of tin, and contained a supply of the same.

Sentry and watch-boxes are cousins; they are usually found with a man inside of them; if thrown over at such times there is apt to be a disturbance in the neighborhood.

The cartridge-box is used extensively in the army. Its contents are apt to go off suddenly.

The powder-box is patronized by young ladies, evidences of which may be found on the coat collars of their gentlemen admirers. Nurses sometimes make use of it.

Dice-boxes are used to keep dice out of. Were they kept in, no harm would result from their use.

The contribution-box when viewed in church has the wonderful power of increasing devotion. Instances of temporary blindness have also resulted from the sight of it.

The missionary-box is found in Sunday schools, and is designed to teach credulous children the virtues of self-denial by abstaining from pea-nuts and taffy, that the heathen may have a white man to wait upon.

The poor-box is similar to the above and generally contains a choice assortment of old coppers and worn-out buttons.

The Christmas-box is one of the few boxes that children are interested in. The contents, unfortunately, however, often render a resort to the pill-box necessary, the latter being a household institution in many families, more or less effective at such times.

The sardine-box is often found in company with retired oyster cans in vacant lots. They may be used as a candlestick by persons economically inclined.

"To box the compass" is a sailor's amusement being a sort of nautical multiplication table, there being nothing combative in the ceremony.

Snuff-boxes are bestowed by monarchs as rewards to those whom they delight to honor. It is not at all necessary that the recipient should be a snuff taker. These boxes are very valuable, being equal to a corner grocery. A more common kind of box used to hold snuff may be bought for ten cents.

Cigar-boxes are used to try the ingenuity and jack-knives of young Americans, as well as for their mothers to keep various articles of housewifery in.

D. W. CURTIS.

Hasslar's Eccentricities.

Hasslar was hampered and embarrassed continually by limited appropriations. His operations were not of that character easily seen; Congress wondered continually what he was about. While he was systematizing methods and training assistants, Congress was shrugging its shoulders and clamoring because results were inadequate to expenditures. Hasslar was an eccentric man of irascible disposition and great independence of character. On one occasion a committee from Congress waited upon him in his office to inspect his work.

"You come to 'spect my vork, eh? Vat you know 'bout my vork? Vat you going to 'spect?"

The gentlemen conscious of their ignorance, tried to smooth his ruffled temper by an explanation, which only made matters worse.

"You knows notting 'bout my vork. How can you 'spect my vork, ven you knows notting? Get out here; you in my vay. Congress be von big vool to send you to spect my vork. I 'ave no time to vaste vith such as knows notting vat I am 'bout. Go back to Congress and tell dem vat I say."

The committee did "go back to Congress" and report amid uproarious laughter, the result of their inspecting interview.

When Hon. Levi Woodbury was Secretary of the Treasury, he and Hasslar could not agree as to the compensation to be allowed to the superintendent, and Hasslar was referred to the President, at whose discretion the law placed the settlement of the dispute.

"So, Mr. Hasslar, it appears the Secretary and you cannot agree about this matter," remarked Jackson, when Hasslar had stated his case in his usual emphatic style.

"No, Sir, ve can't."

"Well, how much do you really think you ought to have?"

"Six tousand dollars, Sir."

"Why, Mr. Hasslar, that is as much as Mr. Woodbery, my Secretary of the Treasury, receives."

"Mr. Voodberry!" screamed Hasslar rising from his chair and vibrating his long forefinger toward his own heart. "Pl-e-e-n-t-y Mr. Voodburys, pl-e-e-n-t-y, Mr. Everybodys, for Secretary of de Treasury; v-o-ne, v-o ne Mr. Hasslar for de dead head of de Coast Survey!" and erecting himself in a haughty attitude, he looked down upon Jackson in supreme scorn at his daring comparison.

President Jackson, sympathizing with a character having some traits in common with his own, granted Hasslar's demand, and at the close of the next cabinet meeting told the joke, to the great entertainment of the gentlemen present.

What to Teach Boys.

To be true—to be genuine. No education is worth anything that does not include this. A man had better not know how to read,—he had better never learn a letter in the alphabet, and be true and genuine in intention and in action, rather than being learned in all sciences and all languages, to be at the same time false in heart and counterfeit in life. Above all things, teach the boys that truth is more than riches, more than culture, more than earthly power or position. To be pure in thought, language and life—pure in mind and body. An impure man, young or old, poisoning the society where he moves with smutty stories and impure examples, is a moral ulcer, a plague spot, a leper who ought to be treated as were the lepers of old, who were banished from society, and compelled to cry "unclean," as a warning to save others from the pestilence. To be unselfish; to care for the feelings and comforts of others; to be polite; to be generous, noble and manly. This will include a genuine reverence for the aged, and things sacred. To be self-reliant and self-helpful, even from early childhood; to be industrious always, and self-supporting at the earliest proper age. Teach them that all honest work is honorable, and that an idle, useless life of dependence on others is disgraceful. When a boy has learned these things, when he has made these ideas a part of his being—however young he may be, however poor, or however rich, he has learned some of the most important things he ought to know when he becomes a man. With these properly mastered, it will be easy to find all the rest.

Lambrequins.

"For the land's sake!" exclaimed Mrs. Brown, dropping in upon me for a morning's call, "what an extravagant creature that young Mrs. Harman is! why, just as I was coming through the back yard I happened to glance up, and I declare, if there to all her kitchen windows didn't hang the most beautiful lace lambrequins I ever set my eyes on!"

"Lace lambrequins at her kitchen windows! you must be mistaken."

"No, I am not, and if you don't believe it, just go and see for yourself."

I did so; and there, sure enough, were hung what appeared to be elegant lace lambrequins.

"She'll ruin that husband of hers," continued Mrs. Brown. "I must say it makes me angry to see such doings, Mr. Brown is worth twice as much as her husband, and I never thought of having any but green paper curtains at any of my windows."

"Well," I remarked, "I think myself it is a very extravagant move. Young persons, when starting in life, should be economical, if ever, and look out for a rainy day."

"Have you called?" asked Mrs. Brown.

"No, but I should like to."

"Then supposin' you slip on your bunnit, and we'll step over. Those lambrequins have made me kind o' curious."

I assented, and in less than five minutes we stood at the door of a pretty cottage.

"Good morning, ladies," said Mrs. Harman, appearing at the door in a neat calico dress, "walk in," and she ushered us into a cool, shady room, whose windows were draped with curtains of white dotted muslin.

She was very social, and we fell at once into a pleasant chat. At last Mrs. Brown introduced the topic of domestic economy.

"Yes, indeed," said Mrs. Harman, "I know something of economy. Harry and I are just starting in life, and I feel we ought to save in every way we can, without infringing on our real comfort. He wanted me to keep a girl, but I said no; that I had much rather do my own work, and I find it very pleasant, too. Through the hot weather I arise bright and early, and get all the baking and sweeping away before breakfast; then I have plenty of leisure to sew. Yesterday I finished those curtains (pointing to the window); I didn't think they would do so well. I made them out of a couple of old white dresses that I had thrown aside—"

"You ought to have put your lace lambrequins in here," said Mrs. Brown.

Mrs. Harman looked puzzled.

"What do you mean?" she asked.

"Why, them beautiful lace things you've got hanging up to your windows. I couldn't think of such extravagance in my house."

Mrs. Harman broke into a hearty laugh.

"Won't you step out and look at them?" she asked.

"Well, I never! if I ain't beat!" uttered the amazed Mrs. Brown, as we surveyed them. For lo and behold, they were nothing but newspapers, cut and notched in imitation of lace pattern.

Mrs. H. kindly showed us how to fold the papers and cut them, so we both walked home and hung lace lambrequins at our kitchen windows. Try it.

Mysterious Transparent Clock.

One of Houdin's most puzzling contrivances was a clock, consisting simply of a brass hand and a glass dial, and which, in spite of its complete transparency and absolute lack of anything corresponding to an inside pendulum or weights, kept accurate time, and what was more curious still, returned to correct time if purposely moved backward or forward. There were other performances of this mysterious timepiece, but the chief source of interest was the veritable keeping of time by a clock without any works, and the the same kind of mechanical mystery has since been frequently exhibited, very much to the bewilderment of people in general, if not to the more ingenious of mechanicians. The French Society for the Encouragement of National Industry has recently been investigating and reporting on the subject. They have issued a "bulletin," illustrated by engravings, which lays bare the mystery in all its details. Without entering into the minutiæ of the matter, it may be explained that the mechanism, it appears, lies coiled up in the ornamental knob in which he hand terminates behind the central pivot—at the end of the hand opposite to the point indicating the time on the dial. This knob contains the whole of the clock-work, consisting of a main spring and a system of wheels which carry round a little platinum weight once in twelve hours. The motion of this weight round the inside of the ornamental knob keeps altering the centre of gravity of the delicately-balanced hand, which thus by its own weight moves in a circle round the dial once in twelve hours, or, by a simple modification of the machinery, once every hour. It is easy to see that as any external interference with the hand or hands of such a clock does not effect the motion of the little planitum weight, they must naturally revert to the position in which that weight will sustain them on being allowed to move freely again.

FOOD FOR THOUGHT.

A man who cannot mind his own business is not fit to be trusted with the king's.

Gray hairs seem like the light of a soft morn, silvering over the evening of life.

There is a German proverb which says that Take-It-Easy and Live-Long are brothers.

The best teacher of duties that still lie dim to us is the practice of those we see and have at hand.

Adversity is the trial of principle. Without it a man hardly knows whether he is honest or not.

The most miserable pettifogging in the world is that of a rich man in the court of his own conscience.

Would you learn to judge kindly an offending brother, place yourself in the position of the culprit.

Those who are formed to win general admiration are seldom calculated to bestow individual happiness.

The remembrance of a beloved mother becomes the shadow of all our actions; it either goes before or follows.

A soul which studies its spiritual interests in a quarter of an hour's daily meditation can never be lost.

No man is rich whose expenditures exceed his means; and no man is poor whose incomings exceed his outgoings.

Toil, think, feel, hope. A man is sure to dream enough before he dies without making arrangements for the purpose.

Happy is he who has learned to do the plain duty of the moment quickly and cheerfully, wherever and whatever it may be.

The poorest of the poor have been as brave as the wealthy; the learned have died gloriously, but the unlearned have almost stolen the palm.

A mind trained to self-denial meets trials with an amount of reserved moral force quite inexplicable to those less habituated to self-control.

A man should never be ashamed to own he has been in the wrong; which is but saying, in other words, that he is wiser to-day than he was yesterday.

Great effort from great motives is the best definition of a happy life. The easiest labor is a burden to him who has no motive for performing it.

There are few things in life more interesting than an unrestricted interchange of ideas with a congenial spirit; and there are few things more rare.

There are some men who are busy in idleness and make the leisure of peace not only more troublesome, but even more wicked than the business of war.

Harsh words and harsh requirements have many a time alienated a child's feelings and crushed out all love of home.

Good temper is like a sunny day; it sheds a brightness over everything; it is the sweetner of toil and the smoother of disquietude.

A true friend is one who will tell you of your faults and follies in prosperity, and assist you with his hand and heart in adversity.

Put your heart in your work; in business concentrate your thoughts upon it. Be ever ready to learn, strive to excel; be in earnest.

I think the first virtue is to restrain the tongue; he approaches nearest to the gods who knows how to be silent even though he is in the right.

Though the word and the spirit do the main work, yet suffering so unbolts the door of the heart that both the word and the spirit have entrance.

It is often said that every man likes flattery. But as too much oil prevents machinery running smoothly, so too much flattery makes its recipient appear flat.

Tears do not dwell long on the cheeks of youth. Rain drops easily from the bud, rests on the maturer flower, and breaks down that which has lived its day.

There are no hands upon the clock of eternity; there is no shadow upon its dial. The very hours of Heaven will be measured by the sunshine—not by the shadow.

A very rich man said: "I worked like a slave till I was fifty to make my fortune and I've been watching it like a detective ever since for my lodging, food, and clothes."

There can be no surer way to success than by disclaiming all confidence in ourselves, and referring the events of things to God with an implicit confidence.

Our customs and habits are like the ruts in roads. The wheels of life settle into them, and we jog along through the mire, because it is too much trouble to get out of them.

Beauty, like the flowering blossoms, soon fades; but the divine excellence of the mind, like the medical virtues of the plant, remains in it when all those charms are withered.

A man need only correct himself with the same rigor that he reprehends others and excuse others with the same indulgence that he shows to himself.

Ideas, as ranked under names, are those that, for the most part, men reason to within themselves, and always those which they commune about with others.

Education is not a preventive of crime, but its diffusion will certainly help the people to know the advantages of obedience, the policy of honesty, and dangers of doing wrong.

A man's charity to those who differ from him upon great and difficult questions will be in the ratio of his own knowledge of them. The more knowledge, the more charity.

A man to be a success must not be a pure idealism, but he must have ideas. He does not want to be sun-dazzled or sun-blind, but he must have glimmer enough to keep him from knocking his head against the wall.

The rainbow is beautiful, but without a storm, without a passing cloud, without descending rain drops, it does not appear. It comes after darkness and gloom, and the contrast makes its light the more charming and effective.

You turn exactly around. Food is meant to serve life, but life, forsooth, serves food. Clothes are to serve the body, but the body, forsooth, must serve the clothing, and so blind are the world that they see not this.

The Republican.

SATURDAY, MAY 24, 1879.

A NEGRO RAVISHER LYNCHED IN ST. CLAIR COUNTY.

A negro by the name of Dave Beason recently committed a terrible outrage upon Mrs. Tope of St. Clair county, accomplishing his infamous purpose, by inflicting the most dreadful bruises, rendering his helpless victim well nigh insensible. In his flight from that retribution which he knew would follow the perpetration of this deed of hellish cruelty, the libidinous scoundrel made two other attempts at outrage. One upon the daughter of Mr. Nyman, the other upon Miss Franklin. But for some timely intervention which frustrated his attempts, two other innocent women would have been sacrificed to the unholy passions of a profligate and debauched negro. Retributive justice followed swiftly the commission of these crimes. He perished. Nearly two thousand people, of every color, age and condition, came in one grand concourse to Ashville, demanded the prisoner from the officers of justice, and carried out the expiatory sentence which an outraged public had passed.

We are no advocates of mob law, nor do we pass any condemnation upon those who visited such swift and summary vengeance upon the head of this heartless malefactor. The law is equal to every emergency. In the conservation of peace and the equalization of justice, it extends its omnipotent hand, but there are some crimes so unnatural, some deeds so atrocious in their character, which arouses every sensibility of man's nature, and prompts him to expunge from society, that one who has dared to violate its most sacred and divine principle. The execution of the abandoned creature by the people of St. Clair was not for the gratification of personal revenge, but for the protection of woman, to vindicate her honor—to throw around her that bulwark of safety, which her own charming helplessness fails in every instance to prove.

In every cultivated and enlightened community, the very name of woman is sacred from opprobrium and insult, and when her honor is tarnished, her innocence tainted by the violence of the abandoned ravisher; then it is that a higher law, a more inexorable edict, than statutory provisions call for expiation of the offense. It is virtue pleading for vindication; it is the mute, yet eloquent and powerful appeal of murdered innocence, and when the crime blackened wretch is made an expiatory sacrifice for the violation of the highest natural law of society, it is sanctioned by the immaculate principles of justice, and confirmed by an enlightened public opinion.

SELMA, ROME AND DALTON, R. R.

"This road is being thoroughly rebuilt and repaired, and is now in first class order. The construction of bridges is under the direction of Messrs. Trafton of Louisville, Ky., and O'Brien of Knoxville, Tenn., two of the most competent civil engineers in this country. All portion of the track that required renewing have recently been relaid with 1,000 tons of new rails. New iron bridges have been completed over Hurricane and Silver creeks. New bridges have also been lately constructed at Parham,s (over Big Mulberry), Salt creek, Nance's creek, Terrapin, Little Cedar Etowah river, Oostanaula river and Snake creek. A new iron bridge is in course of construction across Coosa, one span being already complete, and another of the same design is being built at Big Cedar river. The Louisville Bridge and Iron Company, also Edington Brothers, of Knoxville, with large forces have been in the employ of the company for several months, besides a large bridge force belonging to the road under the charge of D. E. Buckley. The management of this road has worked with untiring energy, and has succeded in putting the entire line in the very best condition.

The above is taken from the Railway Age of the 12th inst.

Under the management of Supt. Webb, this road has been greatly improved. Mr. Webb is a practical energetic skillful railroad man, and by his untiring industry, constant and undivided attention to the road, has succeeded in making it one of the safest and best lines in the south. New bridges have been built, new iron laid, and many other important improvements made until the bed of the road is now in better condition than it has been during any previous administration.

Dr. Burke's Picnic Wednesday was the most delightful affair of the season.

The Picnic was held amid the beautiful and picturesque scenery of Sulphur Springs, and under the magnificent oaks which stand upon the banks of the gentle stream, assembled the youth, beauty and chivalry of our city, to enjoy the festivities of a gala day. In pleasant recreation and happy social converse, the hours flew upon golden pinions, and not until the deepening shadows of twilight began to fall, did the gay companions return to their homes to dream of sweet memories and fond associations, which lingered upon the woodembowered banks of the soft flowing waters.

Mr. Couper has made vast excavations in the mountain west of this place. The mines now extend far under the earth, and subterraneous channels have been cut in every direction under the mountain. The ore is of a very superior quality and the supply is inexhaustible. If we could induce a few more such enterprising men as he to settle among us a blast furnace would soon be in successful operation within the limits of

BAD HABITS IN STATESMEN.

Washington correspondent Boston Herald.]

The report that Senator Carpenter is killing himself with nicotine, by sucking twenty cigars a day, is a reminder that others are suffering from the same sort of excess. Most of the smokers in Congress smoke too much. Some of them carry cigars in their mouths all the time. There are Senators and Members who never walk down the avenue without a stump of a cigar between their fingers. One prominent man in Congress is rapidly killing himself with opium, and one of the door-keepers of the House is at the point of death from the same cause. The public man I refer to is a popular and respected man, whose strange ways have long been a wonder to those who do not know of his secret habit. He is a kind and genial gentleman, but he is liable to pass his best friend with a blank stare half an hour after he has met him pleasantly in conversation. His fits of abstraction and depression amount almost to craziness. At times he is so odd and queer that his associates are puzzled by his conduct. Opium is eating up his life, and he will not last long. It is a pity, for his is one of the best intellects in Congress, and he might render much useful public service, if he would.

GEORGIA'S WONDER.

There is a wonderful freak of nature about six miles northwest of Gainesville, Georgia, which is commonly known as the Devil's Mill Hopper. This curiosity is a large sink in the earth, covering an area of perhaps four acres around the top, which gradually becomes smaller in circumference as you descend—being one hundred and fifty feet below the earth's surface. Having effected the descent of the steep walls of rock, a body of water is approached which is perhaps five hundred feet in circumference, probably less in dry weather. Into this sheet of water is a continual flow of ten to twelve goodssized streams, from the crevices of the rock wall surrounding. Around this wall is a large growth of the various kinds of trees grown in Florida—oak, ash, hickory, bay and also a thick under-growth of ferns and mosses.

Two young men, dwellers in classic Norridgewock, in Maine, met one morning years ago, and one said to the other: "Charles, I dreamed last night that you were a judge of the Supreme Court of Maine, that I was a minister, and that you called on me to open your court with prayer." Just thirty years after this the Rev. Dr. Charles F. Allen, late president of the State College, happened to step into the Supreme Court room in Augusta. Judge Charles Danforth beckoned to him, and asked him to open his court with prayer, and the dream of thirty years was verified.

Mr. Francis Barr, very well known in Milan, was in his room counting some money which he had just received, when his barber was announced. That personage appeared and commenced operations, when suddenly he threw his razor on the floor and ran out of the room. They caught him and asked an explanation.

"Well," he confessed at last, "the sight of the gold was too much for me. If I had not ran away I would have cut Mr. Barr's throat and robbed him."

Mr. Barr presented the barber with 100 francs.—Paris Letter.

KANSAS CITY, June 16.—T. G. Noonan and wife were awakened early yesterday morning, and supposing robbers to be in the house, Noonan went into the front room followed by his wife. She became frightened and threw her arms around his neck and he supposing himself assailed by robbers, fired killing her instantly. They are well to do people who moved here a few years ago from Milwaukee, where Noonan was a prominent merchant. He is a graduate of Yale College.

A reign of terror prevails in Wetzel county, West Virginia. Thieving and lawlessness got so bad that a band of regulators was organized, under the name of "Red Men." As usual, the remedy was worse than the disease, for the worst men in the country got control of the organization and instituted a reign of lawlessness worse than the first. They threaten destruction to all who try to bring them to justice, and the magistrates are afraid to commit them.

WHERE HONEST LEGS WON.

New York, June 1.—William Porter alias Morris, and John Irving alias Joseph Condit, two notorious burglars, escaped from Raymond street jail, Brooklyn, at 7 o'clock this morning. Shiriff Riley has offered a reward of $2,500 for their capture.

Mr. Stokes, who lives on the Oskclockonee river, in Liberty co., cut a bee tree last week, from which he extracted thirty gallons of strained honey, sixty pounds of good wax and one colony of bees, which, at the market price, would

16 lbs a Week.

SIXTEEN POUNDS A WEEK—of the richest golden butter in the world, of Lilla Fay, (3249 A. J. H. B.) the dam of my Young Prize Jersey Bull,

TEMLAW BOY, (2866.)

He will be permitted to serve a few good cows this season at five dollars, cash. This price is put thus low to encourage the breed of this valuable and beautiful race of cattle in this country. Jersey grade heifers, coming in now brings $75 at the cattle sales

J. W. BURKE.

June 21.—3m.

CALHOUN COUNTY SUNDAY SCHOOL CONVENTION.

PROGRAMME:

1 Temporary organization—Election of President and Secretary.
2 Enrolling names of Delegates.
3 Address of Welcome, by J. P. Word
4 Response, by J. G. Walker.
5 Miscellaneous business.—Permanent Organization.

12 M. Intermission.

2 Saturday P. M.—Discussion—The importance of Sunday School Conventions, Principal G. W. Boggs; and brief voluntary addresses.

2 The best manner conducting Sunday Schools. Discussion opened by J. L. Dodson, followed by D. P. Gunnells and J. T. Pearce.

3 Reports of Delegates.

Saturday 8½ P. M.

1 Reports of Delegates continued.
2 Discussion. The importance of Teachers' meetings, opened by James M. McLean, followed by Revs. T. P. Guinn, John Glenn and John A. Thompson.

Sunday Morning 9 o'clock.

Sunday School Mass Meeting.

Address by James Crook, H. H. McLean and John G. Walker. Music led by Miss Carrie McLean, Annie Taylor, Mrs. William Warnock, Robt. J. Riddle, Dr. De Taylor and James D. McLean.

Sunday Morning 11 o'clock.

Sermon by James M. McLean.

Sunday evening 4 o'clock.

1 How can the attendance of Sabbath School children; upon the Gospel ministry be best secured.
Discussion, opened by A. B. Goodlue, followed by J. C. Wilson and Rev. William M. Taylor.

Sunday night 8½

Music in the Sabbath School and how to improve it. Discussion opened by John Caldwell, followed by Dr. De Tarlor and Jno. A. Thompson.

2 Farewell meeting and Service of Song.

The Convention will meet in Oxford, Ala, Saturday, July 12, 9 A. M., and will be opened with devotional services by Jno. A. Thompson.

NOT SORRY.

You will not be sorry for hearing before judgment.
For thinking before speaking.
For stopping the ear to a talebearer.
For disbelieving most of the ill reports.
For being kind to the distressed.
For being patient toward everybody.
For doing good to all men.
For asking pardon for all wrongs.
For speaking evil of no one.
For being courteous to all.

Weather for June.

OFFICE SOUTHERN ÆGIS,
ASHVILLE, ALA., May 26, 1879.

Area—from the Lakes to the Gulf and from the Atlantic to the Mississippi.

About 3-7 cooling development—rain preceding. Thunder storms over the entire area—hail and increasing magnetic display—storms continuing up to the 12th.

About 17-21 cooling development—rain preceeding and following. Continuation of magnetic storms through the month.

The hottest weather of the year will probably be experienced about 20-26—excepting the nights

The change of temperature for cooling weather must be noted in the night time, owing to the weather paradox, of which we will have something to say shortly.

WANTED.—For the purpose of popularizing our wanted column, and making it what we designed it to be—a means of effecting exchange and sale of property by our people.

☞ We have concluded to reduce our terms of advertisement under that head, (not to exceed five lines,) to 25 cents; or, just half the price that we have heretofore charged.—This certainly brings it within the reach of every body—who has anything to sell. That an advertisement of this kind will bring about the sale of property advertised, stands to reason. A man can hardly have anything that he is willing to sell but that there is some one anxious to

BUY

that identical article, if he only knew where to find it. If it is advertised, he will know exactly who has it, and thus a trade will be brought about; or if he

WANTS

an article, and does not know where to buy it, he can *quickly find it*, by advertising that he wishes to buy such an article. As the price we charge for this kind of advertisement is *only one-fourth* of our published rates, we shall insist on cash payments for every advertisement under the head of

WANTED.

No advertisement of the kind will be inserted unless accompanied by the cash. If you have anything in the way of farm products—a cow, hogs, wagon, buggy, or anything to sell, advertise it in the

WANTED

column. If you want to buy any of these things, advertise for them in the wanted column, and you will be quickly supplied.

There are nearly one hundred Catholic papers in America.

The Democrats elected their judicial ticket in Chicago the 2d.

Queen Victoria has the appointment of the Bisbop of Jerusalem.

A baby in Meridian, Mississippi is 13 years younger than its mother.

Six thousand Chinamen are at work on the Texas Pacific railroad.

The cut-worm is very destructive to the corn crop in all parts of Virginia.

In Rockingham, N. C., a man twenty three years old weighs 713 pounds.

A new and fatal cattle disease is creating alarm in many parts of Georgia.

The cyclone in Kansas destroyed the lives of at least forty people, and wounded about eighty more.

The brig Natalia, in which Napoleon escaped from Elba, lies rotting in the

Sufferers with Rheumatism, Lame Back, etc., who have had all the pleasure of life destroyed by these sad afflictions, can again enjoy the light elastic step of perfect health, and experience permanent relief, by using Coussens' Lightning Liniment; the only unfailing remedy for Rheumatism, Lame Back, Neuralgia, Sprains, Bruises, etc. Price 50 cents. For sale by all druggists.

CALHOUN COLLEGE,

FOR MALES AND FEMALES.

JACKSONVILLE, ALABAMA.

The 5th Session will commence on Monday, the 14th day of July, 1879, and continue 20 weeks.

Terms of tuition, from $2 to $5 per month, according to grade, payable in advance.

Board in good families at from $8 to $10 per month.

For further particulars address L. W. Cannon, Secretary, or,

W. J. BORDEN
Principal.

Ask Yourself these Questions.

Are you a despondent sufferer from Sick Headache, Habitual Costiveness, Palpitation of the Heart? Have you Dizziness of the Head? Is your Nervous System depressed? Does your Blood circulate badly? Have you a Cough? Low Spirits? Coming up of the food after eating? &c., &c. All of these and much more are the direct results of Dyspepsia, Liver Complaint and Indigestion. Green's August Flower is now acknowledged by all Druggists to be a positive cure. 2,400,000 bottles were given away in the U. S. through Druggists to the people as a trial. Two doses will satisfy any person of its wonderful quality in curing all forms of indigestion.—Sample bottles 10 cents. Regular size 75 cts. Sold positively by all first-class druggists in the United States.

HAMILTON CULTIVATOR.

HUGHES' Sulky Plows, two or three horse, with redland bottoms, guaranteed to scour. Reapers, Mowers and Sulky Rakes, Hamilton Cultivator, putting up a neat and finishing a row at ONE furrow in superior style. Also two horse handle plows, guaranteed to scour in red land.

J. E WELCH, Agent.

Alpine, April, 22, 1879

May 10, 1879.

M. H Cruikshank, Esqr.

Mr. Editor, The great leakage in the farm is the COST OF LABOR—stop that leak and prosperity will greet the farmer with earnest and full hand. I would call the attention of the farmers of Talladega county to the testimony of men whom they know.

J. E. WELCH.

Mr. J. E. Welch—Sir: The Hamilton Cultivator purchased of you does its work almost to perfection. It is durable, does its work thoroughly and a great deal of it. To the farmer it is timely, being as it is, the greatest labor-saving implement in cultivation ever yet presented to them.

W. T. WEBB, | O. M. REYNOLDS,
W. A. WELCH, | G. M. TAUL.

Talladega, May 12, 1879.

J. E. WELCH, Esqr.—Dear Sir: I have gone over my corn twice with the Hamilton Cultivator, and I don't want any thing better for corn culture—it is quite the thing. The proof of the pudding is the eating thereof.

S. H. JOHNSON,
B. P. AUTERY.

STATE OF ALABAMA, }
Calhoun county. }
Probate Court for said county—
Special Term, June 21 1879

This day came R. T Johnston, C. G. Morgan and J. J. Young, and filed in court their petition in writing under oath; and also a paper writing purporting to be the last will and testament of William Johnston, deceased; and moves the court to admit said will to probate, and to grant to the said R. T. Johnston, C. G. Morgan and J. J. Young, letters testamentary under said will.

It is thereupon ordered that the 1st day of July, 1879, be set for hearing the said application; and that notice be given by publication in the Jacksonville Republican, a newspaper published in said county, for three successive weeks prior to said day as a notice to Wm. E. Edwards, Mary E. Hill, Carrie Compton, Inis Compton, Elizabeth J Cooper, and Carrie R. McGee, who are heirs at law and next of kin of the deceased, and who are non-residents of the State of Alabama, to be and appear at a special term of said court to be holden at the court house of said county, on said 1st day of July 1879 and show if any thing they have to allege why said will should not be admitted to probate.

June 7—2t. L. W. CANNON,
Judge of Probate.

GREAT BARGAINS IN Pianos & Organs.

H. A. SMITH

ROME, GA.
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL
Bookseller and Music Dealer

Has just received from the Manufacturers, the

Largest Stock of Pianos

ever brought to this market. These Instruments having been bought for cash at

LOW PRICES,

will be sold to cash customers at

PRICES LOWER THAN EVER KNOWN

in this country.

Purchasers, by calling early, can have the advantage of selecting from the large stock on hand. Large lot of School & Miscellaneous Books always on hand, at

LOW RATES.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

By virtue of one fifa issued from the circuit court of Calhoun county, and to me directed, in favor of John Ross, executor of Ross deceased, and against E. G. & I. G. Morris, I will sell to the highest bidder for cash, before the court house door, in the town of Jacksonville Calhoun county, Ala., within the legal hours of sale, on the fifth Monday in June, that being the 30th day of June, the following described property, towit:

Commencing at the southeast corner of Sec. 9, township 16, range 9—east in Coosa Land District—thence south 85½ degrees, west 95 poles, to a stake, thence north 4½ degrees—west 85 poles to a stake, crossing the creek 40 poles from southwest corner of the lot, thence north 85½ degrees, east 98 poles, to a stake, crossing the creek 40 poles from the northwest corner—thence south 4½ degrees, east 85 poles, to the beginning corner, containing 52 acres more or less, with all the improvements thereon, levied upon as the property of E. G. & I. G. Morris, to satisfy said fifa.

D. Z. GOODLETT,
Sheriff.
J. E. MATTISON,
Deputy Sheriff.

Job work Wanted at thiis

OFFICE.

45 Years Before the Public.

THE GENUINE

DR. C. McLANE'S

CELEBRATED

LIVER PILLS,

FOR THE CURE OF

Hepatitis, or Liver Complaint,

DYSPEPSIA AND SICK HEADACHE.

Symptoms of a Diseased Liver.

PAIN in the right side, under the edge of the ribs, increases on pressure; sometimes the pain is in the left side; the patient is rarely able to lie on the left side; sometimes the pain is felt under the shoulder blade, and is frequently extends to the top of the shoulder, and is sometimes mistaken for rheumatism in the arm. The stomach is affected with loss of appetite and sickness; the bowels in general are costive, sometimes alternative with lax; the head is troubled with pain, accompanied with a dull, heavy sensation in the back part. There is generally a considerable loss of memory, accompanied with a painful sensation of having left undone some thing which ought to have been done. A slight, dry cough is sometimes attendant. The patient complains of weariness and debility; he is easily startled, his feet are cold or burning, and he complains of a prickly sensation of the skin; his spirits are low, and although he is satisfied that exercise would be beneficial to him, ye he can scarcely summon up fortitude enough to try it. In fact, he distrusts every remedy. Several of the above symptoms attend the disease, but cases have occurred where few of them existed, yet examination of the body after death, has shown the LIVER to have been extensively deranged.

AGUE AND FEVER.

DR. C. McLANE'S LIVER PILLS, IN CASES OF AGUE AND FEVER, when taken with Quinine, are productive of the most happy results. No better cathartic can be used, preparatory to or after taking Quinine. We would advise all who are afflicted with this disease to give them a FAIR TRIAL.

For all bilious derangements, and as a simple purgative, they are unequaled

BEWARE OF IMITATIONS.

The genuine are never sugar coated.

Every box has a red way seal on the lid with the impression DR. McLANE'S LIVER PILLS.

The genuine McLANE'S LIVER PILLS bear the signatures of C. McLANE and FLEMING Bros. on the wrappers.

Insist upon having the genuine DR. C. McLANE'S LIVER PILLS, prepared by Fleming Bros., of Pittsburgh, Pa., the market being full of imitations of the name *McLane* spelled differently but same pronunciation

Grand Reduction in Prices.

B. F. CARPENTER

HAS JUST RECEIVED
A LARGE AND
COMPLETE
Assortment
of Family Groceries, which he proposes to sell at bottom prices. Very best brands of Coffee, Sugar, Tea, Finely flavored Cigars, Western Bacon, Meal, Snowdrift Flower, Molasses, Crockery, Hardware, Kerosene oil, Buckets Tinware. Every thing kept in a well stocked grocery establishment.

He also has on hand a large assortment of Harness, Saddles, Bridles, made of the very best leather, and designed and executed by workmen of superior skill. He invites all to call, for he is determined to sell at such prices as to deserve the patronage of the public. Give him a call, and examine his prices, before going elsewhere.

BOOKS For the MILLION

WOMAN AND MARRIAGE

A large, new and complete Guide to Wedlock, containing, with many others, the following chapters: A competent Womanhood, Selection of Wife, Evidences of Virginity, Temperaments, compatible and incompatible, Sterility in Women, cause and treatment, Advice to Bridegroom, Advice to Husbands, Advice to Wives, Prostitution its causes, Celibacy and Matrimony compared, Conjugal duties, Conception, Confinement, Love and Courtship, Impediments to Marriage in male and female, Science of Reproduction, Single Life considered, Law of Marriage, Law of Divorce, Legal rights of married women, etc., including Diseases peculiar to Women, their cause and treatment. A book for private and considerate reading, of 320 pages, with full Plate Engravings, by mail, sealed, for 50 cents.

"THE PRIVATE MEDICAL ADVISER"

on Syphilis, Gonorrhœa, Gleet, Stricture, Varicocele, &c., also on Spermatorrhœa, Sexual Debility, and Impotency, from Self-abuse and Excesses, causing Seminal Emissions, Nervousness, Aversion to Society, Confusion of Ideas, Physical Decay, Dimness of Sight, Defective Memory, Loss of Sexual Power, etc., making marriage improper or unhappy, giving treatment, and a great many valuable receipts for the cure of all private diseases; 224 pages, over 50 plates, 50 cents.

Medical Advice, "Lecture on Manhood and Womanhood, 10 c.

FOR ONE DOLLAR we send all three of the above described books, nicely bound in one volume, containing 600 pages and over 100 Illustrations, and embracing everything on the generative system that is worth knowing. The combined volume is positively the most popular Medical Book published. The Author is an experienced physician of many years practice, (as is well known), and the advice given, and rules for treatment laid down, will be found of great value to those suffering from impurities of the system, early errors, lost vigor, or any of the numerous troubles coming under the head of "Private" or "Chronic" diseases.—Postage stamps taken in payment for any of these books.

DR. BUTTS' DISPENSARY established in 1847, has acquired a national reputation for skill in the treatment of chronic diseases and complicated cases, Syphilis, Gonorrhœa, Gleet, Stricture, Orchitis, all Urinary Troubles, Syphilitic or Mercurial affections of the throat, skin or bones, treated with success, without using Mercury.

PATIENTS TREATED by mail and express, but where possible, personal consultation preferred, which is FREE and invited DR. BUTTS invites all persons suffering from NATURE to send him their name and address, and hereby assures them that they will learn something to their advantage. All communications and should be

CALHOUN NURSERY.

We the undersigned citizens of Calhoun county Alabama, take pleasure in recommending to the public, Mr. J. W. Bradley; "an old citizen of our county," as a man of undoubted truth and veracity—one who may be fully relied upon, as to any statements he may make in presenting to the public, the laudable business of his choice.

He has founded in this county a Fruit Nursery, and has been uniting in his efforts to make it a success, by the selection of choice fruits, and such only as best suits this climate; which object has been to a very great extent attained. He is now able to offer to purchasers; choice fruits already acclimated. We have fruit trees from his nursery, and find that they come fully up to his recommendations; and especially the "genuine Shockley," a Winter apple of fine quality, which suits this climate admirably. His great object and aim is to stock the Southern country; and especially Alabama, with choice fruits, well adapted to our climate, from a "home nursery."

Jacksonville, Ala., April 29 1879

L. W. CANNON, Probate Judge
J. M. PATTERSON, Co. Com.
G. E. DOUTHIT, Clk Circuit court;

Rev. B. D. TURNER,
W. B. DOSS, Esqr.;
A. WOODS, Ex Judge of Probate.

First-class fruit trees, 25 cts each,
Two year old trees 15 cts. each,
One year old trees 10 cts each,
Variety apple; peach, pear;
Plum and the grape vine.
I will be around and engage this fall, and deliver at some convenient point.

J. W. BRADLEY.

Carriage and Wagon MANUFACTORY.

The undersigned having bought the building formerly occupied by W. H. Fleming as a wagon shop, will henceforth carry on at that stand the business of carriage and wagon making, repairing, &c &c. Good work guaranteed, and low prices asked for all kinds of work. I am also prepared to repaint vehicles of all kinds, and paint new work in good style, with lasting material.

JOE H. PRIVETT.

January 18 1879.

W. W. HARRISON, E. G. BORDEN.

HARRISON & BORDEN.

Physicians & Surgeons,

OFFICE

Over Carpenter's Store,

JACKSONVILLE, ... ALA.

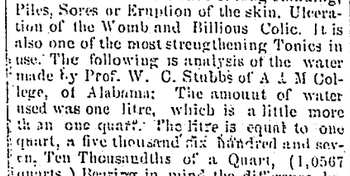
RADICAL CURE OF LEUCORRHEA OR WHITES

THE

VAGINAL PASTILLE

TRADE MARK. COPYRIGHTED.

Prof. Harris, after many years of study, aided by chemical research and experiment, together with experience gained in the treatment of a large number of cases under his care, has at last succeded in compounding an INFALLIBLE REMEDY for the scourge so common among



WOMEN AND MAIDENS

CALLED

LEUCORRHEA,

Fluor Albus

or WHITES

This disease, so prevalent among females, is but little understood by physicians. Its drain upon the system is so excessive and debilitating, that our American women are rapidly becoming a "race of invalids," incapable of producing healthy offspring, or enjoying life's pleasures. Prof. Harris' Vaginal Pastille, a new departure in medicine. A thoroughly common sense treatment. Applied directly to the seat of the disease, and its specific influence exerted at once, producing an immediate soothing and restorative effect. The application of the remedy is attended with no pain or unpleasantness, and does not interfere with the ordinary pursuits and pleasures of life. Circulars are sent in perfectly plain envelopes, securely sealed from observation, and remedy put up in neat plain boxes of three sizes, with full directions inside. No. 1, (enough to last a month,) $5; No. 2, (enough to last two months), $8; No. 3, (lasting three months, and ample for cure, excepting in chronic cases) $10. With each box we send a Female Syringe and some Tonic Pills, as auxiliaries to the remedy.

(Send stamp for a pamphlet giving full description of Remedy, and illustrated by plates showing its application. This pamphlet alone is worth a hundred times its cost to any lady in delicate health, being a thoroughly practical treatise on this disease.)

Prof. Harris' Vaginal Pastilles can be obtained only from

HARRIS REMEDY CO. MF'G. CHEMISTS.
Market and 6th Sts. ST. LOUIS, MO.

THE STATE OF ALABAMA, }
Calhoun county. }
Probate Court, Special Term, May 20, 1879

This day came C D Davis, administrator of the estate of R M Biddle, deceased, and filed his statement, accounts, vouchers and evidences, for an annual settlement of his said administration.

It is ordered that the 24th day of June, 879, be appointed a day on which to make such settlement. At which time all persons interested can appear and contest the said settlement if they think proper.

L W CANNON,
Judge of Probate.

The Roper Mineral Well

IS LOCATED 3 MILES EAST OF GREENVILLE, ALABAMA.

For the information of persons desiring to use the Roper Well Water, I will state some of the cures it has effected: Dyspepsia in its worst form, Chronic Diarrhœa, Diabetes, or any derangement of the Urinary Organs, Sick or Nervous Headache of long standing, Piles, Sores or Eruption of the skin. Ulceration of the Womb and Billious Colic. It is also one of the most strengthening Tonics in use. The following is analysis of the water made by Prof. W. C. Stubbs of A & M College, of Alabama: The amount of water used was one litre, which is a little more than an one quart. The litre is equal to one quart, a five thousand six hundred and seven, Ten Thousandths of a Quart, (1,0567 quarts.) Bearing in mind the difference between the litre and the quart we can estimate the strength of the water.

One litre was found to contain—

Sulphuric Acid	84½	Grains.
Ferric Oxide	27½	"
Ferrous "	17⅝	"
Calcic "	10 7-10	"
Potassic "	2½	"
Magnestic "	4⅝	"
Sodium "	4-10	"
Chlorine "	3-5	"
Sillica "	2⅝	"
Carbonic Acid	5 7-10	"

The Price of the Roper Mineral Well Water is $1 per Gallon.

GREENVILLE ALA., Oct 9th, 1879.—Messrs Roper & McCall: Gents—I am glad to inform you that the use of one gallon of your Mineral Water has cured my mother of Chronic Diarrahœa. It was a case of eight years standing. The best medical aid had failed to arrest it. Very Respectfully,

P N. WEATHERLY.

SANDY RIDGE, ALA., June 29 1878.—Messrs. Roper & McCall, Proprietors of Mineral Well; This is to certify that for five years I have been terribly afflicted with Tetter on the head which had covered it. I have spent much money in remedies and for prescriptions from our physicians, but all without any good result. I heard of your well and concluded to try it—I did so, and the result was far beyond my expectations. I used it for some weeks—am now fully and completely free from Tetter. I give you this certificate, which you can use as you see proper. J. D. GAFFORD.

GREENVILLE, ALA., July 16 1878.—Messrs McCall & Roper This is to certify that during the past six months I have been using the Roper Well Water for Diabetes and Dyspepsia, from which diseases I have been suffering for many years (particularly the latter) and am now proud to say from its use I have received the greatest benefits, and further certify that it has been used in my family for chronic sore throat and catarrh to great advantage. J W MALLET.

Direct all orders to ROPER & McCALL.
Greenville, Ala.

BLUE MOUNTAIN ROUTE.

Change of Schedule.

S. R. & D. R. R.

On and after Sunday, May 25th 1879 trains will run on the Selma, Rome & Dalton railroad as follows:

No. 1, North.	Stations.	No. 3, South.
	Going North	
6.00 a. m	Lv Selma	4.00 p. m
8 15 a. m	Randolph	7.15 p. m
9.35 a. m	Calera	5.55 p. m
11.45 a. m	Talladega	10.00 p. m
12.41 p. m	Oxford	1.50 p. m
12 56 p. m	Anniston	3.20 p. m
1.28 p. m	Jacksonville	5.00 p. m
3.31 p. m	Cave Spring	8.10 p. m
4.20 p. m	Rome	9.55 p. m
6.15 p. m	Ar Dalton	12.50 p. m
No. 2. South.	Stations.	No. 4, South.
	Going South.	
8.06 a. m	Lv Dalton	3.10 p. m
9.55. a. m	Rome	6.25 p. m
10 39 a. m	Cave Spring	7.45 p. m
12 23 p. m	Jacksonville	10.40 p. m
12.55 p. m	Anniston	11.50 p. m
1.03 a. m	Oxford	12.20 a. m
1.57 p. m	Talladega	1.50 a. m
4.35 p. m	Calera	6.00 a. m
5.50 p. m	Randolph	7.50 a. m
8.00 p. m	Selma	12.30 p. m

No. 1 connects closely at Dalton with T & G for all Tenn & Va Mineral Springs and for all eastern cities, and with R R at Dalton for Chattanooga and all western cities.

No. 2 connecting with E T & Ga at Dalton makes close connection for Montgomery, Mobile and New Orleans.

No. 3 connects at Calera with the mail train of S & N Great So. R R for western and western cities.

No. 4 leaving Dalton at 3.10 connects at Calera with S N Great So. R R for Montgomery, Mobile and New Orleans.

NORMAN WEBB, Supt. | RAY KNIGHT, G. P. A.
J. W. FULENWIDER, Gen. Ticket Agt.

Memphis and Charleston RAILROAD.

MEMPHIS, TENN—On and after Dec 1st 78, the following passenger schedule will be operated:

Going East. Read down.	Going West. Read up.
Lve 12.20 night	Memphis 12.10 p. m.
" 3.02 am	Grand Junction 9.35 a. m.
" 3.56 am	Middleton 8.50 a. m.
" 5.08 am	Corinth 7 45 a. m.
" 10.15 am	Decatur 2.35 p. m.
" 3 00 pm	Stevenson 10.15 p. m.
Arr 4 50 pm	Chattanooga 8.00 p. m.

GREAT CHANGES have been made on this line.

This road has been newly ballasted, the track repaired with steel rails, improvements make it second to no road in the south.

TO THE EAST

Close connection is made for all eastern and southern cities.

Only Line running through Palace Sleeping Cars and day coaches, between Memphis and Chattanooga without change.

TO THE WEST

Close connection made for all Arkansas and Texas points, a full first class and grant tickets on sale at all principal points.

Round Trip emigrant tickets at greatly reduced rates now on sale at Chattanooga principal Texas points.

Day Coaches run between Brinkley Memphis, and between Montgomery, Selma, and Texarkana, Arkansas, without change.

Baggage checked through. No delays.

For further information as to rates, routes etc. address either JAS. R. WOOD, Gen. Passenger Agent, Knoxville, Tenn. T. S. EAVANSON, Asst. Gen Passenger agent, Memphis. P. R ROGERS, Gen. Western Agent, Dallas, Texas.

Special Notice to the Ladies.

C. H. RANGER

HOUSE, Sign and Ornamental Painter is ready to do all class of

PAINTING

Plain and Fancy, Paper Hanging all styles, both plain and Fresco, Kalsomining on hard or soft finish. This Kalsomine warranted to give entire satisfaction, neither peel nor crack. Also his Lead is the best brands from F. W. Devoe & Co. tested strictly pure N. Y. Lead and Oil, and the St. Louis Southern White Lead. I am seeking for work, try me and be pleased, as I warrant all work and use the best stock. Good references if required.

Address Republican Office, or

C. H. RANGER,
Jacksonville, Ala.

July 27—3m.

THE GREAT CURE OF HUMAN MISERY

Just Published, in a Sealed Envelope. Price six cents.

A Lecture on the Nature, Treatment and Radical cure of Seminal Weakness, or Spermatorrhœa, induced by Self-abuse, Involuntary Emissions, Impotency, Nervousness, Mental and Physical Incapacity, Impediments to Marriage, etc.; also Consumption, Epilepsy, and Fits; Mental and Physical Incapacity, ROBERT J. CULVERWELL, M. D., Author of the Green Book, &c.

The world renowned author, in this admirable Lecture, clearly proves from his own experience that the awful consequences of Self-abuse may be effectually cured without medicine, and with out dangerous surgical operations, bougies, instruments, rings, or cordials; pointing out a mode of cure at once certain and effectual, by means of which every sufferer, no matter what his condition may be, cure himself cheaply, privately and radically.

☞ This Lecture will prove a blessing to thousands. Sent under seal, in a plain envelope, to any address, on receipt of six cents or two postage stamps. Address the Publishers, THE CULVERWELL MEDICAL CO., 41 Ann St, New York, Box, 4586.

CITY BA

ICE, ICE, ICE, ICE, ICE, COLD

Go to Ramagnano's and get ice cream, lemon and good pure Summer drinks, lemonade, cider, beer, whiskies, brandies, gin, wine and all kinds of drinks for intemperate men use. I still to no other. I also sell sacramental wine of the purity. I ask all to call and see me before buying in my line elsewhere.

The gents of town and surrounding can call at John's and play a game of billiards on the best Monarch table, smoke the best Havana cigar in the market, if tobacco is preferred, he gives the best market for the least money.

JNO. RAMAGNANO.

JAMES HUTCHINSON

Barber & Hair-dresser

Room on Office Row, recently occupied by Dick Walker.

If you desire to have a close shave, or have your hair cut in neat and fashionable style,

The Republican.

Strayed from the subscribed about 2 months since, a very large cow, about nine or ten years old. She has red sides with white spots, a white belly, and horns somewhat crumpled, and legs quite short. When she left, she had a large yearling calf, with a white face, and quite long legs. Any information in regard to her will be suitably rewarded. Address me at Jacksonville, Ala.

T. H. YARBOROUGH.

June 13, '79.

INFANT SCHOOL.

Mrs. Ida Woodward will open in the Female Academy, Monday June 16th, a school for children. Tuition, $1 per month.
June 7th—tf.

WANTED—To sell one Mill-saw and gearing—Spring wagon and 2 Buggies. Apply to H. L. STEVENSON.
Jacksonville, Ala.

Our young friend Walter Privett with a friend from Memphis is spending some days with his family near the city.

We urge upon the Sunday Schools of the county, the great necessity of sending delegates to the convention at Oxford. This convention is a move in the right direction, and we hope it will have a large attendance.

The Commencement exercises of Oxford College, have been in progress during the last week. Those who attended speak in glowing terms of the Institution, and the generous hospitality of the people.

Miss Genie Lockett, daughter of our former townsman Col. S. H. Lockett, who has won high destinction in the service of the Khedive of Eygpt, is the guest of Mrs. B. F. Wyly.

Little Eddie Woodward recently found upon the streets an elegant and valuable gold locket. He immediately brought it to this office and had it advertised, asking no emuneration whatever for this performing his duty. The owner who lives in Atlanta wrote, that upon its reception the finder should have five dollars. Little Ed was utterly astounded at this turn of affairs and remarked: "I did not expect any thing for giving back what was not mine."

Messrs Edwin Borden and Willie Hammond left for Montgomery Thursday to attend the State Sunday School Convention.

Judge Cannon has returned from Atlanta where he has been for medical treatment, we are happy to see that his health has greatly improved.

Dr. Burke, who is a fine chemist and has had considerable experience with mineral waters, says, that the medicinal properties of our Sulphur Springs are superior to any in the state and their mineral strength equal to any of his knowledge. This could be made a most delightful watering place.

Thursday, four of Calhoun's most accomplished and beautiful daughters, returned home after a long absence in the North. Miss Forney, who has been visiting the monumental city, the Misses Rowan and Nisbet, have been attending a Female Seminary in Washington City. The youthful society of our town welcomes with delight these brilliant accessions to their circle. They were chaperoned from Knoxville by Bennie Wyly.

SUNDAY SCHOOL CONVENTION.

There will be a Sunday School Convention held at Bethel church, three miles east of Cross Plains on Saturday 28th June for the purpose of determining as to the time and place of our next annual Celebration, and of arranging a programme for the same. Sunday Schools that desire to participate in the next annual Celebration are earnestly requested to send delegates to the Convention at Bethel on the 28th of June.

W. P. Howell.
Chair. Ex. Com.

Oak Level June 18th 179.

SAVED.—This section was blessed with a fine rain yesterday, and we may say the country saved from ruin. A few more weeks drought would have been fatal to the crops, particularly the corn crop, which is of more importance than all others with the farmer.—Minden Democrat.

While a photograph was being taken of the new Confederate monument in Columbia, a little Bird alighted upon the head of the Confederate soldier, near the muzzle of his gun, and was photographed with the monument.

MARRIED BUT SEPARATED.

DECATUR, ALA., JUNE 16—A boy aged sixteen and a girl fourteen eloped on foot from St. Clair county on Friday. After being gone two days their parents overtook them near Pelham, Shelby county, and going to a magistrate had them married. Each father then took his child behind him on horse-back and jogged home.

Nearly two million cattle, mostly young, will be driven from Texas north before the hot weather of August begins. The number of cattle in a drive is generally three thousand, though it is sometimes much larger.

[Communicated.]

Considerations for the Young.

A very large majority of our promising young men, from the age of ten to twenty-five, are passing along carelessly and heedlessly through the bright and beautiful morn of life, without any fixed determination, as it is the case in all the land and all over the country, and without working to any object in life. Remember the time is near at hand, when you will have to take in charge and bear upon yourself the important business and undergo all the responsibilities of your aged father who must soon pass away.—

Death has taken from our presence some noble citizens of the country—men whose places and positions will be exceedingly hard and difficult to fill. They came to this country penniless and friendless, when it was nothing but a howling wilderness. The yell of the Red man, the dreadful howling of the wolf, and startling screams of the panther was the principal music which greeted the ears of the hardy pioneers.

But under all the misfortunes and disadvantages, he moved in and civilized the country; and by his resolute spirit and courage, brought it under the control of man, and now civilization reigns throughout the land, instead of barbarism. The woodman's axe was soon heard in the forest, felling the tall oaks and lofty pines which the whistling winds of winter, laden with snow and ice, had beat upon for centuries. This was only the begining of the pioneer settlement, when the hovel and hut were built, in which our forefathers resided.

Now, young men, compare the difficulties which those men toiled and labored under, with the chances and privileges, and the many golden opportunities you are now surrounded and blessed with. There is not the least possible chance for you to make a failure in life, if you have any thing like a manly spirit and resolution to take you forward; and nothing to hinder and retard your onward progress, up to the highest and most elevated degree of success. You should appreciate, and value more highly those precious gifts and great and good blessings which have been so cheerfully and willingly bestowed upon you.

Your parents have spent time, money and labor on you, in sending you to high schools and institutions of learning, that you might procure a classical education, so that you may be eminently qualified and well prepared to enter upon active and useful life, and to fill high and honored positions. But it seems that his education is paltry—is of no benefit to himself or parents—but is often a great and serious injury to both—because it will, in some instances, make a fool of the young and inexperienced lad, rather than a wise and good man. Being raised up unacquainted with work and useful labor, he will, in the majority of cases, be led astray in the gambling-room; and will try to swindle and beat the world out of a living, instead of taking the plow in hand, and tilling the soil, which was intended and designed for him. I fear that there are too many seeking professions who are not made of the right kind of material.

As you walk beneath the umbrage of the queenly elms and princely oaks, whose gnarled branches robed in a mantle of summer green, have waved above the frosty heads of your aged sires, you should take a retrospective view of past events, and you will observe that those rich and rare blessings which you are environed with, did not come by silent and slumbering dreams, but by toiling daily through summer's heat and winter's cold; and that it will take an equilibrium of labor to keep them up.

O. H. A.

OBITUARY.

DIED—At Concho mail station, Tom Green county, Texas, on Thursday morning, May 15, 1879, Mrs. E. A., wife of Col, F. C. Taylor, aged 51 years.

Thus unexpectedly has passed away a most estimable lady; one who was beloved by all who had ever met her, and probably no lady in west Texas had so large a circle of acquaintances and friends as she. The remains were followed to their last resting place by a large concourse of relatives and friends. The bereaved husband and relatives have the heartfelt sympathy of all who know them. Mrs. Taylor was a sister of Dr. B. S. Evans, of White Plains.

IN MEMORIAM.

JOHN WRIGHT EVANS, son of Dr. B. S. and Mrs. Emma C. Evans, was born June 26th, 1877, and died at their residence, in White Plains, Ala., April 15th, 1879, aged 1 year, nine months and 15 days.

Nature lavished on little Johnnie her gifts and graces in richest measure. To the handsome person, symmetrical form, attractive features, were abded the corruscations of intellect and the sunshine of childish affection. Affable in manner, amiable in disposition, kindly in spirit, quick in perception, and extra in every particular, he was a favorite among all his acquaintances. But things brightest fade soonest.

Two summer suns had scarcely rolled
Above his little head,
Before he was called to leave the world
To dwell among the dead.

His short summer life was one rosy ray, that blushed into dawn, then passed away. A shadow of sweetness, a soft reflection of the sky, lightly touching this dark sphere, a beamy prism through which you saw earth's beauties and heavens virtues brightly blending.

He was beautiful in death. As flowers, the painted populace of the field; as dewdrops that glitter on the diadem of morn; as meteors glancing along the archway of the sky, soon vanish;—so, this blossom of being, vision of beauty, flashed from view, as if by some soft enchantment. His bland and beautiful expression seemed a dream of immortality.

The star went down
To rise upon some fairer shore,
And bright is heaven's jeweled crown,
It shines forevermore.

And while the mocking-birds and south winds in grove and garden, sigh his requiem around his now desolate home, his little angel spirit answers back in sweetest whispers:

"I know you miss me, mother dear;
When my empty couch you see,
And hear no more my plaint or moan,
But do not weep for me.

"And father dear, weep not a tear;
Nor sigh, nor cry, for one on high,
For forms of light and spirits bright
All say, "Tis well."

Oxford Ala. J. C. W.

THE NORTHWEST PASSAGE DISCOVERED AT LAST.

New York Graphic.

On the 4th of July last year, Prof. Nordenskjold sailed from Gothenburg, in Sweden to attempt the circumnavigation of the northern cost of Europe and Asia. The cable brings the welcome intelligence that the Swedish explorer has successfully accomplished the great achievement. After being frozen in all winter, his ship reached Behrings Strait on the 3d of May. The Northwest passage is thus shown to be a reality. Nordenskjold's voyage proves that navigable waters to the north of Europe and Asia, connect the Atlantic and Pacific oceans In the absence of detailed reports from the brave explorer, it would be useless to discuss at large, his great achievement. Suffice to say that Nordenskjold has placed his name high among the explorers of all time. It must, however, be distinctly understood that from present information commerce will not be strictly benefitted by the new discovery. The Northwestern passage will not become a highway for trade between Europe and Asia, unless the dangers are much less than they now appear to be, though it is not at all unlikely that a trade may spring up between European ports and the mouths of the great rivers that flow into the northern seas. There is another point that should not be overlooked. Nordenskjold's voyage can have no direct bearing upon Arctic discovery. It does not solve the mystery of the North Pole. It may have a tendency to change the ordinary way of entering the explored regions of the extreme north. Hitherto Arctic expeditions have most usually been made from the continuations of the North American Continent. Prof. Nordenskjold's observations may indicate a probability that some point to the north of Asia affords better opportunities for attempting to penetrate into the region of Polar ice than those to be found in the course followed by the American expeditions. But until a preliminary report of the expedition reaches this country, all inferences based upon its supposed results will be so problematical as to be well nigh worthless. Still, explorers need not pine for work to do.

Mr. Bonnett's Jeannette, which will sail from San Francisco in about two weeks for an exploring voyage in the Arctic regions, will have plenty of problems to be solved, and will find that neither her owner or commander have been forestalled in reaching the North Pole.

Do we Believe in Witchcaft?

"I take the position that we do not, in its broad sense," said a gentleman of years and experience; "and yet we find many of the present day carrying a Buckeye in their pocket through a kind of superstition, when they might be relieved by a few applications of Tabler's Buckeye Pile Ointment." This Ointment is made from the Buckeye, and is recommended for nothing else but Piles. Try it. It will cure you. Price, 50 cents per bottle. For Sale by all Druggists.

THE SOUTH'S HOPEFUL FUTURE.

Boston Herald.

A matter of great interest to New England, and vital importance to the South, is the rapid increase of the cotton mills in the States South of the Potomac. North Carolina has fifty, and in all there are reported 183 erected since the war in the cotton growing States This is the only opportunity of the south. Let principles of economy be observed in state and municipal government; and let law and order prevail as in New England, and there is no reason why the region where the cotton grows at the factory door, where rivers turn the mill wheels, and the adjacent fields furnish the operatives with the staff of life, cannot compete successfully with the territory east of the Hudson, which brings its cotton a thousand miles for manufacture, buys its fuel five hundred miles away and transports the food of its laborers half way across the continent. The outlook in the southern states is hopeful, and they must have a great future before them.

THE SINKING OF A MOUNTAIN.

The Toccoa Herald says—On last Thursday night we had some very heavy thunder and lightning, and a terrible shaking was plainly felt. On the next day it was found that the northeast side of Tallulah, Habersham county, Ga., sloping down to the Chattooga river at an angle of 45 degrees, the top of the mountain being about twelve hundred feet above the river, was gradually sinking. There was a break near the top, and at one place over the top of a sloping ridge, was a perpendicular rock, the depth of which was about sixteen feet, and the extent thirty or forty acres.—Trees were standing with their tops downward, and roots and large stones were seen on the mountain. A large crack was discovered about three years ago on the mountain.

The Philadelphia North American expresses the opinion, that the South will, at no distant day, supplant the North in the business of manufacturing cotton goods. There is no reason that cotton should be shipped to New England to be made into cloth to be reshipped to the southern planter at a large cost for transportation two ways. Georgians have learned this, and their factories are flourishing. The other Southern states will join in, and in the course of twenty-five years may become the manufacturing section of the United States.

Temperance lecturers will make a note of Walker's end at Niagara. Powerless to contend with the current after he had lost his oar, he stood up in his boat, took one long drink from his bottle and then fell flat on his stomach. Quickly the boat was borne along over the edge of the falls. In jumping one of the ledges of rock the boat was cut in two, but Walker clung to the forward part, lying like an oyster on the half shell. As he was swept under the Goat Island bridge he was clinging to an oar. In a moment the poor drunkard went over the Falls.

A poor but high spirited woman in Chicago pounds an old rag on the kitchen table every morning to make her neighbors believe she has beefsteak for breakfast.

From the Atlanta Dispatch.]

KING MOUNTAIN, June 17th.—Train No 47, of the Air-Line railroad, ran over a man near King's Mountain, N. C., this afternoon. He was badly cut up. The train hands found a cut in his throat as if he had been stabbed first, and then put upon the track. He was cold. The best information is that he was a crazy man named McAll, from S C.

WINCHESTER, Ind., June 17.—Mrs. Eliza Wendenhall of this place, has been in poor health for the last twenty years, contending all the time that a snake or something of that kind in her stomach was the cause of her miseries. Her mother gave her an emetic, and she vomited a lizard six inches long, which had caused all her trouble.

LOUISVILLE, Jan. 17.—News have just been recived of a horrible murder and suicide in Meade county. Wm. Padgett is a man of morose and sour disposition, and not of good habits. For a long time he has been very abusive to his family, and about nine weeks ago he left home after cruelly treating his wife, and only returned Saturday at midnight. A short time after returning home he seized an axe, split his wife's skull, and then beat her brains out with an axe handle. He then took a razor and cut his own throat from ear to ear. He is still alive, but cannot survive.

NEW YORK, June 17, 1879.—The steamer Hattie Hows arrived at this port on Sunday night after having lost nearly all her original crew by yellow fever. Dr. Vanderpool, health officer at quarantine, says the Hattie Hows was the worst case that has come to the port this season, and fully as bad as any last year. He said the prevailance of the scourge is such a malignant form in Hayti was placing this port in extreme jeopardy, and spoke of vessels smitten by yellow fever arriving every few days. Two are now lying in the upper bay discharging their cargoes.

MURDER AND SUICIDE.

CINCINNATI, JUNE, 10.—Ed Jenkins, a tar roofer, after butchering his mistress in a horrible manner, fled from the officers, and being hotly pursued by them, jumped into the river.

[illegible] 50 cents, [illegible] estimation. We allude to that invaluable compound, Coussens' Honey of Tar, which has gained the enviable reputation of being the greatest cough medicine of the age. For Croup, Whooping Cough, and all Throat and Lung diseases it has no equal. Sufferers with consumption who use it always experience speedy relief. Try it. For sale by all druggists.

A five-year-old girl, lost in Minnesota woods, had the good sense to hang bits of her dress on bushes as she wandered, and these led to her discovery, after she had lived four days on berries and wild onions.

LOCAL MATTERS.

The PARRS want 500 dozen eggs, 100,000 Spring Chickens, 100,000 Hides for which they will pay the HIGHEST Market Price.

A GREAT Break Down In Prices.

The Parrs are reducing their prices every day: they are buying their Goods cheaper; and consequently they are able to sell them lower.

Go to Parrs

TO BUY YOUR GOODS.

They pay cash for what they buy, and can sell lower than those who buy on time. They are offering clear side meat from 6½ to 7cts per lb: lard from 9 to 12cts: Coffee 16 to 18 cts per lb; Sugar 9 to 11cts per lb. Garden Seeds of all kinds at COST! Five hundred pounds of Sole & Upper Leather at Tanners' prices. Large lot of

TIN WARE

lower than ever sold before. Jug and Jar ware at 12½cts per gallon.

Taxes all off

Smoking and Chewing Tobacco 8cts per lb lower than ever before.

SOMETHING STRANGE!

The Parrs have got

M E A L!

And will keep it constantly on hand in the future.

Why Do You Grumble

about your Flour.

Go to Parrs and get the very best, and the good wife will not make a

Wry Face

at you about it.

As all stories must [illegible] an end—so do ours, and we end by saying, that we sell as good goods as any one, and more of them than any one for the

MONEY

ROWAN, DEAN & Co.

JACKSONVILLE, ALABAMA.

DRY GOODS AND GROCERIES, HARD WARE QUEENS WARE, DRUGS, &C,

In fact, everything kept in a first class establishment. Our Mr. Rowan attends personally to our purchas in New York, and buys to such advantage that we are enabled to give our customers the *VERY BOTTOM OF THE MARKET.* *TRY* us and see if you can't get *BETTER BARGAINS* than you can get elsewhere. We have the *LARGEST and BEST* assorted Stock in NORTH ALABAMA.

THE TENNESEE WAGON, THE BEST WAGon on the market, sold by us.

ROME GEO., MARBLE WORKS.
JONES & EDMUNDSON;
AMERICAN AND ITALIAN
MARBLE & GRANITE.
And Manufacturers of Tombs, Monuments and Headstones,

ROME GEORGIA.

Write for what you want, and they will write you what it will cost you.

SURANCE.

The undersigned is Agent for (4) four good and reliable FIRE CO PANIES of the South, to wit.

GEORGIA HOME INSURANCE CO., COLU BUS, GEORGIA
HO E PROTECTION " " HUNTSVILLE, ALA.
CENTRAL CITY " " SEL A, ALA.
COLUMBUSS INS., & BANKING CO., COLUMBUSS, MISSS.

It is wisdom to Insure your Dwellings Barns, Gin Houses, Merchandise, etc.

If you desire INSURANCE, call on me at JACKSONVILLE, ALABA A, or address me through the mails—

I think I am warranted in saying that these Companies are all in a healthy condition financially, have a CAPITAL ample and sufficient to meet all their Liabilities.

I. L. SWAN, Agent,
Jacksonville, Ala.

April 26th, 1879—1 y

R. T. HOYT.
WHOLESALE DRUGGIST,

NO 43 BROAD STREET, *ROME, GA.*

W I L L S E L L

clover & grass seed

TO THE FARMERS AT WHOESALE PRICES

Send for Price List and Descriptive Catalogue.

R. T. HOYT,
WHOLSALE DEALER.
ROME. GA.

Cancers Cured.

SCROFULOUS ULCERS AND CANCERS ARE CURABLE.

Dr. S. C. Williams, after an experience of more than thirty years, is fully convinced that, when applied to in time, he can cure the above named diseases. As to his success in the treatment of the same, and as to his standing as a physician, he would respectfully refer to the following named gentlemen:

Dr. A. Pelham, Alexandria, Alabama
Dr. J. Y. Nesbet, Jacksonville, "
Dr. B. S. Evans, White Plains, "
Judge M. J. Turnley, Gadsden, "
J. W. Whiteside, Esq. Rabbit Town. "

And to the physicians, merchants and ministers of Oxford, Ala.; also to his former patients everywhere.

Charges moderate.

S. C. WILLIAMS. M. D.
Oxford, Ala

April 6th, 1878—1y.

Extract of a Letter

STERVETT, Sheby County, Ala.
DR. S. C. WILLIAMS,

Dear Sir,

This is to inform you that my cancer is now well. I would not have it back as it was one month ago for five hundred dollars. Accept of my thanks for the same. I wish the whole world could know what success you have in curing cancers, as there are numbers who are suffering with it. Your charges are very moderate and medicine comparatively mild.

Your's Truly,
LARKIN VANDIVER.

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(At the old Forney Corner,)

Has on hand the best brands of Chewing and Smoking TOBACCOS, including the popular Swanson's Pride and the celebrated Durham Smoking Tobacco's. He has the largest stock of CIGARS in Town. Among his brands you will find the Solace, Margarita, Royal, Standard and the favorite Tidal Wave.

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ED. G. CALDWELL'S.

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Cheap Groceries for Cash at the old Forney Corner.

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YOU can buy TEN pounds of RICE for $1 00 at
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YOU can buy 5 pounds of good COFFEE for ONE DOLLAR at
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Sister Jones called on Elder Smith a few evenings since. Being a next door neighbor she entered his study unannounced, and was greatly shocked at seeing him taking a drink from a suspicious looking bottle. He noticed her look of inquiry, and said: "This, Sister Jones, is Tabler's Portaline, or Vegetable Liver Powder, the only remedy I have ever found for the many troubles arising from a disordered Liver. I can recommend it." Price 50 cents. For Sale by all Druggists.

NEW FAMILY GROCERY.

The undersigned has opend out near the depot, a large and varied stock of Family Groceries, at prices certain to attract attention. I will also do a

GENERAL COMMISSION

business, both buying and selling at reasonable commission rates. I will also sell the **Standard Sewing Machine,** delivered in Jacksonville for $20 cash. It is one of the best machines now in use, and has more attachments than belong to any other machine. See Sign near depot of
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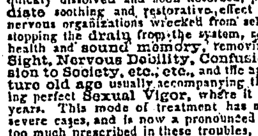
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Send for a Descriptive Pamphlet giving Anatomical Illustrations, which will convince the most skeptical that they can be restored to perfect manhood, and fitted for the duties of life, same as if never affected. Sent Sealed for stamp to any one. Sold ONLY by the

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It removes all eruptions, itching and dandruff. It gives the head a cooling, soothing sensation of great comfort, and the scalp by its use becomes white and clean.

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As a dressing, nothing has been found so effectual or desirable.

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Price, One Dollar.

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This elegant preparation may be relied on to change the color of the beard from gray or any other undesirable shade, to brown or black, at discretion. It is easily applied, being in one preparation, and quickly and effectually produces a permanent color, which will neither rub nor wash off.

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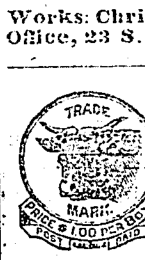
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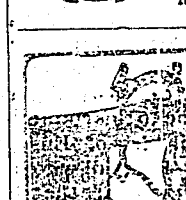
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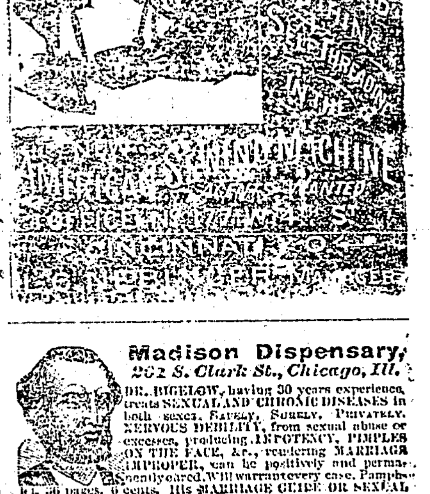
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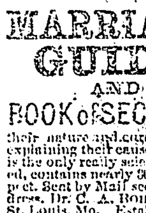
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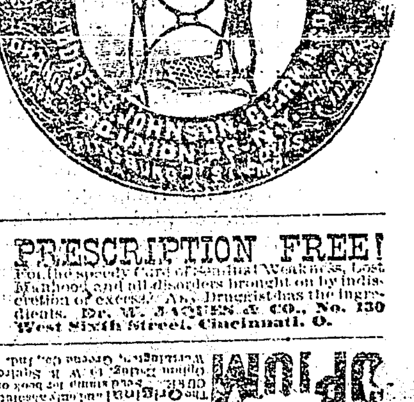
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OPIUM

The Starlings' Nest.

Rev. J. D. Bell, of Tottenridge Park, Herts, England, has a large school of over one hundred boys, consequently a very large establishment, and the daily receipts of letters very large; he had to send about a mile for his letters so he obtained permission to have a letter-box fixed in his park-paling, at the nearest point to the house, as the postman passed this point, and it is on the side of a large shrubbery of many years growth. The slip outside the rails was about six feet high, and, of course, the box for the letters was a large square one, about eighteen inches by twelve During the first week of its being put up, twice each day the letters were fetched, and each time a double handful of small sticks and straw was thrown out of the box, which was attributed to mischievous boys on their way to school. After two or three days a messenger was sent round to the house with two letters found on the road, next day several more, and this rubbish continued to be put in the box although twice a day thrown out. The letters being found on the road, caused Mr. Bell to set a watch for the boys, but none were seen to go near. Next morning the rubbish had been put in the box in larger quantities, a nest put in one corner and a blue egg. Now of course, Mrs. Starling was found out; she continued daily to add to the number until five, then commenced sitting, and for several days a large number of letters were thrown upon her, as she sat, the box door opened and the letters taken away, but she never left her nest as they took the letters off her back. The passer-by on the road must have discovered her, for one morning a stone was found to have fallen and broken the eggs (no doubt a mischievous boy), the stone was thrown out, and when they went to clear the box they found she was covering the broken eggs with flowers, dog-daisies and prim-roses. In a few days she formed a nest in another corner and laid four eggs. These were likewise broken and covered with flowers. Then another corner and three eggs. These were broken with stones dropped in, and the same process of covering up with flowers. Then the fourth corner, she laid two eggs, and to save her from the outside enemy we cut her a piece out of the door. Here she was for a time safe. She sat, and had two young ones; when nearly ready to fly, he heard a great screaming, as from the letter-box; he ran to it and caught a boy "jobbing" with a stick through the outside slip, the mother extending her wings to protect her young—one killed and the other slightly injured; the old bird much bruised; she flew into a large cedar tree just over his head, while he took the young one into his hand and stroked its feathers into shape; after some minutes it flew into the tree to its mother, when the noise of a great quantity of starlings assembled in the tree was astounding, quite deafening. 'Here was the rejoicing over the one saved.' Mr. Bell says, what a subject for an address on perseverance! I know you to take great interest in these matters. I cannot help but forward you a description of such an event. To me such is new; to sit without fear when covered with letters; the same when the hand took them off her; to cover the broken eggs with flowers and persistently to use the four corners of the letter-box as soon as her nest was destroyed in the other, and laying respectively five, four, three and two—as she was no doubt weakened by these natural efforts.

The Decorator of the Capitol.

Although Brumidi's great work is the allegorical painting on the ceiling of the dome, some of the work that has been done in the several committee rooms and other parts of the Senate wing will probaly never be surpassed. This man, now almost about to leave this world, is certainly a phenomena. Before he came to this country he made his mark in all parts of Europe, for it was the same Brumidi who did these remarable works of art that decorated the walls of St. Peter's in Rome, which have always been admired, and which are admitted by all judges to be perfection, if perfection can ever be reached in anything. It was he who also did the decorations in the palace of the czar of Russia, as well as other important work elsewhere. The old gentleman has become so feeble that he is now unable to climb up the steps leading to the rotunda, where he is painting a record of this country which will, if completed, reach entirely around the rotunda. It starts out with the landing of the Pilgrims, and will continue scene after scene, until he reaches the centennial, which finishes the first hundred years of the country. This work is pure fresco, and from the floor the figures are brought out so remarkably that even experienced persons suppose that they are statues. A derrick has been rigged by which he is carried every day that he is able to work up to a stationary swinging scaffold. Large crowds witness his ascension, and hundreds are, at all times during the sessions of Congress, engaged in viewing it. It is with great difficulty that some people can be made to believe or understand that the various figures seen above are not real statues. Brumidi has been at work on this, probably the last work of his life, for over a year, and it is not yet more than one-tenth completed. He says, however, if he has good health, and is able to work a little every day, he can complete the circle in about two years. It will be difficult, even if it is possible, in case he dies before he gets through, to secure an artist who can do so. The idea is entirely his own, and, as he only makes his drawings as he needs them, no one else can complete the work as he intends if he lives long enough. Brumidi works on fresh plaster, which is put on the walls as he needs it. He uses three colors—white, a kind of pink and black, making from these pearls and grays, light and dark as he needs them for shading. Brumidi is, as almost every one knows, an Italian. He is over 70 years of age.

AGRICULTURE.

Barren Apple Trees.—"What can be done for them?" The answer uppermost in our minds is: "Cut them down. Why cumber they the ground?" But I would not do that. There is one thing you can do; you can strike at the life of the tree but don't kill it. By wounding so as to check the wood growth of the tree you may throw the tree into fruitage. All know that to girdle the limb of an apple tree—that is, take out a ring of bark at the base of a limb in the early spring—will induce the formation of fruit buds that season, which the following year will develop in a crop of fruit. In many cases the failure to fruit is due to the rapid growth of wood. Checking the growth in any way—by seeding to grass, or by withholding manure, or by girdling as indicated—will in many cases induce fruitage. In my practice I have done this; I have taken a saw and gone through the orchard and girdled each tree, say one foot from the ground, sawing through the bark in a ring around the body of the tree. This does little, if any, permanent injury. In the course of the seasons growth the wound is healed, and the connection again made in the bark, but not till the fruit buds have formed, which is a pledge for a crop of fruit the following season. It is sometimes the case with particular varieties, as for example with the bell-flowers, that they blossom full but set no fruit. The cause in most cases is the too rapid growth of the wood. Girdling the bodies of the trees—which is most conveniently done with a saw—is the remedy, and will generally cause the fruit to set. Even if injury should be done to the tree, so as to shorten its life for a few years it is better—for a few years of usefulness is better than many years without any use. I have no doubt many who see this suggestion will recognize at once the good sense that is in it, and will act upon it, and as a result will profit by it.

Early Melons.—Gardeners generally find it difficult to get as early melons as they would like, for the reason that they will not bear transplanting. I have tried a way by which they can be started early and transplanted when wanted. Save all the pasteboard collar boxes, and fill them with the best soil. Any kind of boxes will do; they can be made of wood with buttons tacked on. After warming the soil, plant the seeds about five to the box. They can now be sunk in the hot bed, or if you do not have one, they can be kept in the house by the stove. When the young plants are large enough they can be transplanted. After making the ground mellow, make a hole the size of the box; then slip out the bottom, and the earth, with the plants, will slip through without being disturbed. This plan will do for other plants besides melons, as cucumbers, etc., the tender egg plant, and some varieties of flowers. By starting plants in this way, several weeks can be gained.

Early Rhubarb.—Turn a barrel ever the crown of rhubarb and you soon will have plenty of long, stocky leaves, tender and nice. The barrel will protect them from the cold wind and exclude the light, and the plants will grow white and tender. If earth or manure is heaped up on the north and west sides of the barrel, having the south side exposed to the rays of the sun, the growth of the plants will be quickened.

After many experiments, a certain and speedy remedy for burdocks has been discovered in kerosene oil. A small quantity poured into the heart of the plants, directly after cutting, leaves no trace of their existence save a small hole in the earth where they stood. Refined or crude oil will accomplish the purpose equally well.

Pure air and water are of even more importance than exercise in the care of young animals. They are often huddled together in houses altogether insufficient in size, and in which the atmosphere is almost constantly impure from the product of respiration.

Have tools and machines that are pu away for the winter, thoroughly clean ed, and make needed repairs at once.

British Stock Yards.

The great live-stock market of London, known as the Metropolitan market is situated in Islington, and is a well-planned and well-kept business place. The yard has long rows of open pens in which the cattle stand, tied by the neck to the cross-bars. This leaves the beast enough liberty to admit of the buyer judging of him. Every pen has room for 100 head. The sheep pens are also open, and hold in the aggregate 50,000 head. The pens for calves are raised above the level of the yards, add are sheltered with roofs, the sides being open. There is room, yet again, for 1,000 swine. These animals remain under shelter. Four thousand head of horned cattle have room at one time, together with the other number given. The altey-ways, pans and causeways are floored with granite bloeds. There are four hotels, one on every corner of the space occupied by the market. The hotel, the Black Bull, kept by the Widow Davis, appears the favorites Islington market is most easy of access. Tramways, omnibuses and railway. lead to it from all directions. A strong palisade of wrought iron work surrounds these yards, the entrances to which are wide and handsomely ornamented with bull's heads. In the centre of this enclosure is a building for bank and market offices; also a telegaph and post office. The sanitary laws are rigidly enforced. The market is swept out and flushed every day after business hours. On Friday there is a market for horses, ponies and donkeys; also for miscellaneous articles, where those who will can buy anything from a pin to a steam plow. Close to the live-stock yards is what Britons call a lairage, where weary beasts are rested, and where herds and flocks are collected to await market days. This lairage is sheltered, and sub-divided, and provenher can be had at fair rates. In compliance with a recent act of Parliament, spacious slaughter-houses have been erected adjoining the live-stock yards. The animals are slaughtered in a most merciful manner; one blow from the pointed end of a pole-axe stuns the beast, the butcher then inserts the point of the lance into the spinal cord, then one gash severs the great blood vessels of the throat. The blood flows freely; there is no pain, no discoloration, death having been instantaneous.

DOMESTIC.

A Secret Worth Knowing by House-Keepers. — A sort of trade secret among upholsters, it is said, is this recipe for ridding furuiture of moths: A set of furniture that seemed to be alive with the larvæ, and from which hundreds of these pests had been picked and brushed, was set into a room by itself. Three gallons of benzine had been purchased, at thirty cents a gallon, retail. Using a small watering pot, with a fine rose-sprinkler, the whole upholstery was saturated through and through with the benzine. Result: every moth, larvæ and egg was killed. The benzine dried out in a few hours, and its entire odor disappeared in three or four days. Not the slightest harm happened to the varnish, or fabric, or wood, or hair stuffing. That was months ago, and not a sign of a moth has since appeared. The carpets were also well sprinkled all around the sides of the room, with equally good effect. For furs, flannels, indeed all woolen things containing moths—benzine is most valuable. Put them in a box, sprinkle them with benzine, close the box tightly, and in a day or two the pests will be exterminated, and the benzine will all evaporate on opening. In using benzine great care should be taken that no fire is near by, as the stuff, in fluid or vapor form, is very inflammable.

A Losing Joke.—A prominent physician of Pittsburgh said jokingly to a lady patient who was complaining of her continued ill health, and of his inability to cure her, "try Hop Hitters!" The lady took it in earnest and used the Bitters, from which she obtained permanent health. She now laughs at the doctor for his joke, but he is not so well pleased with it, as it cost him a good patient.

Grate finely as much well-cooked ham as you are likely to require, flavor it with a very little cayenne and some nutmeg. Roll out some good puff-paste very thinly, cut it into two perfectly even portions, prick in one or two places to prevent it rising too high, and bake in a quick oven till of a golden brown. Then take out and let it stand till cool, then spread a little fresh butter lightly over the whole. This should not be done till the paste is perfectly cool. Now spread the grated ham evenly over the paste, lay the second piece of puff-paste over it, and with a very sharp knife cut into small-sized sandwiches. This is a charming supper dish.

Fruit for a Summer Diet.—Now that the warm season of the year is at hand, it may be worth while to call the attention of our readers to the fact that if they wish to keep well, they should add as much fruit to their daily food as possible. It will save doctor's bills and, what is more important, much illness. Of course there are many who cannot, or think they cannot, eat fruit. The cause often is a spoiled stomach. In such cases it takes time and care to habituate the organ to this change, and sometimes it cannot be done at all. Leaving out such cases we advise the liberal use of fruit from this time on, wherever it can be obtained.

Marrow Dumplings.—Two eggs, two ounces beef marrow, some crumbs of bread, and a tablespoonful of flour. Beat the marrow to a cream; whisk the eggs and add to the marrow. Well-soak the crumbs in boiling milk, beat them up and add to the other ingredients. Stir all well together, then form into small dumplings. Drop them into boiling broth and let them simmer for half an hour. They may be served in soup or with roast meat.

If there are any of our readers who have not tried Dobbins' Electric Soap, (made by Cragin & Co., Philadelphia,) we advise them to give it one trial, for their own sake. Have your grocer get it.

Broiled Salmon. — Slices from a fresh salmon, well scaled, cleaned and wiped; two ounces of butter, melted; one teaspoonful of flour; one saltspoonful of salt. Melt the butter smoothly, thicken it with flour, and the salt, and roll the salmon well in it; make a very clear fire; take a perfectly clean gridiron, and broil carefully. Time, ten minutes.

A Realistic Dream.

The following is an account of a dream, if dream it may be called, which visited Nellie Hickey, the thirteen-year-old daughter of the Mrs. Hickey who was murdered in Warren, Ohio, recently. The child lives in Akron. The most singular part of it is the fact that the dream and the crime were simultaneous events. On the morning of the fatal affray, at the hour of six, just the time Hickey and his wife were engaged in the terrible struggle in the room of the Warren hotel, the daughter woke from a frightful dream in her East Market street home, sobbing and crying over a horrible vision which had appeared in the midst of her disturbed slumbers. So deep an impression did it make on her mind that she communicated it to other members of the household. The sight which she had seen was nothing else than the cold-blooded murder of her mother. The form and features of the parent were plainly visible and her agonized appeal to her murderer was as clearly pictured, but the face of the assassin was hid from her view. An involuntary cry for help came from the troubled sleeper, and the next instant she awoke to find that the frightful picture was only a dream. It still clung to her mind with all the vividness of a real occurrence, refusing to be dismissed, and the first item that met her gaze on taking up the evening paper, was the startling news of her mother's murder which she had seen in her morning dream. The child states that the long series of troubles between her father and mother have been paving the way for this tragic ending, and that her mother had frequently expressed the fear that she would sooner or later die at Hickey's hands. She exhibits little sympathy for her father, but was overwhelmed with grief over the fate of her mother, who, she states, has always treated her with the greatest kindness. She will probably be a witness for the prosecution at Hickey's trial which takes place some time in May."

Exposure to Drafts when heated and sudden changes in the temperature of the atmosphere, are prolific sources of sever. Colds, from which many cases of Inflammation of the Lungs, Pleurisy, Asthma, and other Pulmonary Affections are developed. Should you unfortunately contract a cold, resort at once to Dr. Jayne's Expectorant, a remedy that will not only promptly cure Coughs and Colds, but will relieve and strengthen the Pulmonary and Bronchial Organs, and remove all dangerous symptoms.

HUMOROUS.

"Raising Cain."—He was a malicious, mean-spirited man. He was ugly drunk in the first place, ugly after arrest, and all night long he "raised Cain in his cell by kicking, shouting and pounding. The officers coaxed, argued, threatened and showered cold water on him, but he wouldn't keep still. They were thinking of gagging the fellow when Bijah came in and expressed a firm conviction that he could silence the chap in four minutes. Drawing a chair in front of the cell door and began singing. Good judges of bad music have gone before a justice of the peace and made affidavit that Bijah's singing would kill a horse in twenty minutes. The song selected for this occasion was an ode to a keg of ten-penny nails, written by a man who lost both legs in the Mexican war and then came home to be nagged around by a wife wearing No. 7 shoes. In one minute the prisoner had stopped shouting. In two minutes he exhibited astonishment. In three he began to tremble, and at the end of four he screamed to the police for heaven's sake to remove that horse-fiddle and he'd go right to sleep. Bijah went away and the prisoner was as good as his word.

Timely Discovery.

"Great men are not always wise, neither do the aged understand judgment."—Job. This afflicted patriarch might have known of the useless and painful treatment of "Emerods" in his own time, but his words would have been even more applicable had his prophetic eye looked down the long vista of medical history and witnessed the cruel, absurd and ineffectual treatment of Piles by the many schools of "great and aged professors," until at last a disgusted doctor pronounced piles "the opprobrium of the art." Dr. Silsbee has put to shame, by the simplicity and excellence of his great pile remedy, not only the whole family of quack nostrums, whose name is legion, but the pretended wisdom of the medical profession. This *Anakesis* (or pile remedy), is simple and easy of application, gives instant relief, and by combining the merits of a poultice to soothe, an instrument to hold up and compress the tumors, and a skilfully devised medicine, applied directly to the diseased parts ultimately cures the worst cases of piles and keeps them cured. Half a million of persons pronounce *Anakesis* the most beneficent discovery of the age, and we believe them. *Anakesis*, Dr. S. Silsbee's External Pile Remedy is sold by all first-class druggists. Price $1 00. Samples mailed *free* to all sufferers by P. Neustaedter & Co., Box 3946, New York.

"Little Gutter Pup."—He came swaying up from below, singing:

"For I'm little Buttercup,
Poor little Gutter Pup."

when the Justice gently asked him if he would stop his noise.

"Can't do it, 'Squire; I'll lose it—I'm little——"

"Lose what? What have you got to lose."

"Lose the tune, man. Went to the opera last night—see little Gutter——"

"And where did you go after the opera was over?" asked the Court.

"Went straight to the hotel—straight. P'leceman showed me the way. What's my bill? Where's the feller 't keeps this hotel? I'm little gutter pup——"

"Yes, you're evidently a little gutter pup," said the Justice, sadly. "Your hotel bill will be five dollars, with the understanding that you follow the Seville company out of town and play the character of gutter pup somewhere else."

Instructor in German, after astonishing the division by the announcement that the German words for "heaven" and "shirt" have the same root. "Mr. P——, can you see any resemblance between heaven and a clean shirt, for instance?" Mr. P——, hesitating: "Well, sir, they are both good things for a man to get into!"

In the olden time it was customary for lovers only to imprint kisses upon the eyes of their mistresses. As the ladies' eyes, under those circumstances, had but little to do but to remain quiet, and to be kissed, is it any wonder their lovely owners were said to be idle-eyes-ed?

"Genteemen of the jury," said an Irish barrister, "it will be for you to say whether this defendant shall be allowed to come into court with unblushing footsteps, with the cloak of hypocracy in his mouth, and draw three bullocks out of my client's pocket with impunity."

The Sweets of the Morning.—She (sentimental)—"Oh! I call this quite too exquisitely lovely! So delightful to see the little early birds! They seem so happy."

He (hard-up)—"Yes; with their bills all over dew, too! Lively little beggars!"

When an artist climbs over a fence to get a nearer view of a handsome bull dog, he must take chances of his sketching the dog or the dog's ketching him.

The proprietor of a bone factory announces that persons leaving their bones with him can have them ground at short notice."

A grave digger buried a man named Button, and brought in the following bill to his widow: "To making one Button hole, $5."

Women are generally in quest of something. Conquest seems to suit them about as well as anything.

An Albany florist is endeavoring to arrange a match between a Virginia creeper and a scarlet runner.

Whiskey is about the only enemy man has succeeded in loving.

Woman's sphere—That she will never get married.

Fashionable Foolishness.

There is no modern fashionable notion quite so absurd as the generally received idea that to be beautiful and attractive a woman must possess a wan, *spirituelle* face and a figure of sylph-like proportions—a fragility in nine cases out of ten the result of disease. By many fashionable belles it is considered a special compliment to be spoken of as frail and delicate. They forget that the naturally delicate face and *petite* figure are very different from the pale and disease-stricken faces that meet us in the city thoroughfares, look out from the luxuriant carriages of wealth, and glide languidly through our crowded drawing-rooms. If disease were unfashionable, as it ought to be, not a lady in the land but would take every possible precaution to secure the fresh, blooming face and well-rounded figure that only health can give. Ladies should remember that much as gentlemen may profess to admire the face and form paled and emaciated by disease, when they choose a wife they prefer a blooming, healthful, buoyant-spirited woman. Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription is the acknowledged standard remedy for female disease and weakness. It has the two-fold advantage of curing the local disease and imparting a vigorous tone to the whole system. It is sold by druggists.

The White House.

The White House is still the greatest residence in America. It has cost more money than the Stewart mansion on Fifth avenue, New York, or, with its rebuilding, refurnishing, etc., about $1,700,000. The original cost in 1792, was about $333,000; it was begun in that year, occupied in 1800, rebuilt in 1815, reoccupied in 1818, and its porticos completed as late as 1829. The east room was finished only fifty years ago. Every one of our Presidents, except Washington, has lived in this great house, and he has poked his horse's head into it's portal to look up at the workmen plastering on the scaffolds. An Irish architect named Heber, direct from Dublin via Charleston, took the award of $500 for the design, and he built and rebuilt it, and lies buried in the Catholic Cemetery here, and his descendants are respectable lawyers and citizens of the place. A building for a private residence of 170 feet front by 40, may yet attract republican attention; its vestibule within the front door is alone 50 by 40 feet. Twenty acres of garden and park immediately inclose it, and on either side, each separated by only 450 feet, are buildings which cost seven to twelve millions a piece. Yet in all its apparent antiquity, how new! The lawn is still a naked plain, reaching off to the Potomac, like a desert coming to the palace stairs. Like Versailles in the time of Louis XIV., Washington is a Government creation, and this White House is hoary only by events. The President's office, which is in the second story, is also the Cabinet room, and is not a very large apartment for the White House, although about thirty-five or forty feet in depth by perhaps thirty feet wide, and with a high ceiling. A long table is in the middle of the floor, with leather-seated chairs around it; the two windows have long lambrequins and curtains of a dark bluish gray color. A large map of the United States is on the wall. The carpet is of a red tint with large figures. The general effect of the room as one enters, is that of a library without books.

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It is possible to do this even in regions of country where miasma is most rife and where the periodic fevers which it causes assume their most formidable types. The immense popularity of Hostetter's Stomach Bitters is very largely attributable to the fact of its efficacy as a remedy for chills and fever, bilious remittents, and as a preventive of the various forms of malarial disease. In those portions of the West and South where complaints of this nature prevail, and in the Tropics, it is particularly esteemed for the protective influence which it exerts; and it has been very widely adopted as a substitute for the dangerous and comparatively ineffective alkaloid, sulphate of quinine. Physicians have not been among the last to concede its merits, and the emphatic professional indorsements which it has received have added to the reputation it has obtained at home and abroad.

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By Dr. Bond's new discovery—a positive cure for this dread malady—*no knife, no caustic, no pain*. Dr. Bond's success in treating Cancer is truly marvelous. Remedies sent to any part of the world, with full directions for successful home treatment. Send a description of your case, or any cancer sufferer you may know of. Pamphlets and full directions sent free. Address, Dr. H. T. Bond, Philad'a., Pa.

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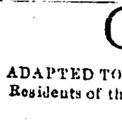
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THE END.

The course of the weariest river
Ends in the great grey sea;
The acorn, for ever and ever,
Strives upward to the tree;
The rainboy, the sky adorning,
Shines promise through the storm;
The glimmer of coming morning
Through midnight gloom will form.
By time all knots are riven,
Complexal though they be
And peace will at last be given,
Dear, both to you and me.

Then, though the path may be dreary,
Look onward to the goal;
Though the heart and the head be weary,
Let faith inspire the soul.
Seek the right, though the wrong be tempting
Speak truth at any cost;
Vain is all weak exempting
When once the gem is lost.
Let strong hand and keen eye be ready,
For plain and ambushed foes;
Though earnest and fancy steady
Bear best unto the close.

The heavy clouds may be raining,
But with evening comes the light;
Through the dark are low winds complaining,
Yet the sunrise gilds the height;
And love has his hidden treasure
For the patient and the pure;
And time gives his full measure
To the workers who endure;
And the Word that no law has shaken
Has the future pledge supplied;
For we know that when we awaken
We shall be satisfied.

John and I.

"Come, John," said I, cheerfully, "it really is time to go; if you stay any longer I shall be afraid to come down and lock the door after you."

My visator rose—a proceeding that almost reminded me of the geni emerging from the copper vessel, as he measured six feet three—and stood looking reproachfully down upon me.

"You are in a great hurry to get rid of me," he said.

Now I didn't agree with him. for he had made his usual call of two hours and a half; having, in country phrase, taken to "sitting up" with me so literally that I was frequently at my wit's end to suppress the yawn that I knew would bring a troop rushing after it.

He was a fine, manly-looking fellow, this John Cranford, old for his age—22—and every way worthy of being loved. But I didn't love him. I was seven years his senior; and when instead of letting the worm of concealment prey on his damask cheek, he ventured to tell his love for my mature self, I remorselessly seized an English prayer-book, and pointed sternly to the clause, "A man may not marry his grandmother." That was three years ago; and I added, encouragingly. "besides, John you are a child and don't know your own mind."

"If a man of nineteen doesn't know his own mind," remonstrated my lover, "I would like to know who should. But I will wait for you seven years, if you say so—fourteen—as Jacob did for Rachel."

"You forget," I replied, laughing at his way of mending matters, "that a woman does not, like wine, improve with age. But seriously, John, this is absurd; you are a nice boy, and I like you—but my feelings toward you are more those of a mother than a wife."

The boy's eyes flashed indignantly; and before I could devine his intention he lifted me from the spot where I stood, and carried me, infant fashion, to the sofa at the other end of the room.

"I could almost find it in my heart to shake you!" he muttered, as he set me down with emphasis.

This was rather like the courtship of William of Normandy, and matters promised to be quite exciting.

"Don't do that again," said I, with dignity, when I had recovered my breath.

"Will you marry me?" asked John, somewhat threateningly.

"Not just at present," I replied.

"The great handsome fellow," I thought, as he paced the floor restlessly, "why couldn't he fall in love with some girl of fifteen, instead of setting his affections on an old maid like me? I don't want the boy on my hands, and I won't have him!"

"As to your being twenty-six," pursued John, in answer to my thoughts, "you say its down in the family Bible, and I suppose it must be so; but no one would believe it; and I don't care if you're forty. You look like a girl of sixteen, and you are the only woman I shall ever love,"

"Oh, John, John! at least five millions of men have said that same thing before in every known language. Nevertheless, when you fairly break down and cry, I relent—for I am digracefully soft-hearted—and weakly promise then and there that I will either keep my own name or take yours." For love is a very dog in the manger, and John looked radiant at this concession. It was a comfort to know that if he could not gather the flower himself, no one else would.

A sort of family shipwreck had wafted John to my threshold. Our own household was sadly broken up, and I found myself comparatively young in years, with a half invalid father, a large house and very little money. What more natural than to take boarders? And among the first were Mr. Cranford and his son, and sister, who had just been wrecked themselves by the death of the wife and mother in a foreign land—one of those sudden, unexpected deaths, that leaves the survivors in a dazed condition, because it is so difficult to imagine the gay worlding who has been called hence to another state of being.

Mr. Cranford was one of my admirations from the first. Tall, pale, with dark hair and eyes, he reminded me of Dante, only that he was handsomer; and he had such a general air of knowing (without the least pedantry, however), that I was quite afraid of him. He was evidently wrapped up in John, and patient with his sister—which was asking quite enough of Christian charity under the sun, for Mrs. Shellgrove was an unmitigated nuisance. *Such* a talker? babbling of her own and her brother's affairs with equal indiscretion, and treating the latter as though he were an incapable infant.

They stayed with us three years, and during the time I was fairly persecuted about John. Mrs. Shellgrove wrote me a letter on the subject, in which she informed me that the whole family were ready to receive me with open arms—a prospect that I did not find at all alluring. They seemed to have set their hearts upon me as a person peculiarly fitted to train John in the way he should go.

A special interview with Mr. Cranford, at his particular request, touched me considerable.

"I hope," said he, "that you will not refuse my boy, Miss Edna. He has set his heart so fully upon you, and you are everything that I could desire in a daughter. I want some one to pet. I feel sadly and lonely at times and I am sure that you would just fill the vacant niche."

I drew my hand away from his caress, and almost felt like hating John Cranford. Life with him would be one of ease and luxury; but I decided that I had rather kept boarders.

Not long after this the Cranfords concluded to go to housekeeping, and Mrs. Shellgrove was in her glory. She always came to luncheon now in her bonnet, and gave us minute details of all that had be done and talked about the house in the last twenty-four hours.

"It is really magnificent," said she, lengthening out each syllable. "Brother has such perfect taste; and he is actually furnishing the library, Miss Edna, after your suggestion. You see, we look upon you quite as one of the family.

"That is very good of you," I replied, shortly; "but I certainly have no expectation of ever belonging to it."

Mrs. Shellgrove laughed as though I had perpetrated an excellent joke.

"Young ladies always deny these things, of course; but John tells a different story."

I rattled the cups and saucers angrily; and my thoughts floated off not to John, but to John's father, sitting lonely in the library furnished after my suggestion. Wasn't it after all my duty, to marry the family generally?

The house was finished and moved into, and John spent his evenings with me. I used to get dreadfully tired of him. He was really too devoted to be at all interesting, and I had reached that state of feeling that, if summarily ordered to take my choice between him and the gallows, I would have prepared myself for hanging with a sort of cheerful alacrity.

I locked the door upon John on the evening in question, when I had finally gotten rid of him, with these feelings in force; and I meditated while undressing on some desperate move that should bring matters to a crisis.

But the boy had become roused at last.—He, too, had reflected in the watches of the night; and next day I received quite a dignified letter from him, telling me that business called him from the city, for two or three weeks, and that possibly on his return I might appreciate his devotion better. I felt inexpressively relieved. It appeared to me the most sensible move that John made in the whole course of our acquaintance, and I began to breathe with more freedom.

Time flew, however, and the three weeks lengthened to six without John's return. He wrote to me but his letters became somewhat constrained; and I scarcely knew what to make of him. If he would only give me up, I thought; but I felt sure that he would hold me to that weak promise of mine, that I should either become Edna Cranford or remain Edna Carrington.

"Mr. Cranford" was announced one evening, and I entered the parlor fully prepared for an overdose of John, but found myself confronted by his father.

He looked very grave; and instantly I imagined all sorts of things, and reproached myself from my coldness.

"John is well?" I gasped finally.

"Quite well," was the reply in such kind tones that I felt sure there was *something* wrong.

What it was I cared not, but poured forth my feelings impetuously to my astonished visitor.

"He must not come here again!" I exclaimed. "I do not wish to see him. Tell him so, Mr. Cranford! tell him that I had rather remain Edna Carrington, as he made me promise, than to become Edna Cranford."

"And he made you promise this?" was the reply. "The selfish fellow? But, Edna, what am I to do without the little girl that I have been expecting? I am very lonely—so lonely that I do not see how I can give her up."

I glanced at him and the room seemed swimming round—everything was dreadfully unreal. I tried to sit down, and was carried tenderly to the sofa.

"Shall it be Edna Carrington or Edna Cranford?" he whispered. "You need not break your promise to John."

"Edna Cranford," I replied, feeling that I had left the world entire and was in another sphere of existence.

If the thought crossed my mind that Mr. Cranford had rather cheerfully supplanted his son, the proceeding was fully justified during the visit which I soon received from that young gentleman. I tried to make it plain to him that I did no wrong, as I had never professed to love him though not at all sure that I wouldn't receive the shaking threatened on a previous occasion, and I endeavored to be as tender as possible, for I felt very sorry for him.

To my surprise, John laughed.

"Well, this is jolly!" he exclaimed. "And I'm not a villain, after all. What do you think of her, Edna?"

He produced an ivorytype in a rich velvet case—a pretty little blue-eyed simpleton; she looked like ætat 17.

"Rose," he continued—"Rose Darling; the name suits her, doesn't it? She was staying at my uncle's in Maryland—that's where I've been visiting, you know—and she's such a dear little confiding thing a fellow couldn't help falling in love with her. And she thinks no end of me, you see; says she's afraid of me, and all that."

John knew that I wasn't a bit afraid of him; but I felt an elderly sisterly sort of interest in his happiness, and had never liked him so well as at that moment. And this was the dreadful news that his father had come to break to me, when his narrative was nipped in the bud by my revelations, and the interview ended in a far more satisfactory manner than either of us had anticipated.

So I kept my promise to John, after all, and as Miss Rose kept hers he is now a steady married, and a very agreeable son-in-law.

No form of government has yet been discovered by which cruelty can be wholly prevented. Subordination supposes power on one part and subjection on the other; and if power be in the hands of men it will sometimes be abused.

Lobsters.

When the young lobster leaves its parent it seeks refuge in small clefts of the rocks, or crevices at the bottom of the sea, where it passes the earliest days of its existence in a vagabond state, for a period of from 30 to 40 days. During this time it undergoes four different changes of the shell, but on the fourth it loses its natatory organs, and is therefore no longer able to swim on the surface of the water, but falls to the bottom lying torpid and motionless, where it remains for the future; according, however, to its increase in size it gains courage to approach the shore, which it had left at its birth. The number of enemies which assail the young embryos in the deep sea is enormous. Thousands of all kinds of fish, mollusks and crustacea are pursuing it continually to destroy it. The very changing of the shell causes great ravages at these periods, as the young lobsters have to undergo a crisis which appears to be a necessary condition to their rapid growth. In fact, every young lobster loses and remakes its crusty shell from eight to ten times the first year, five to seven the second, three to four the third, and from two to three the fourth year. After the fifth year the change is only annual. For some days before the change the animal loses its usual strength and vigor, lying torpid and motionless; and just before casting its shell, striking its claws against each other, every limb seems to tremble. Then the body swells in an unusual manner, and the shell begins to divide—it seems turned inside out, the stomach coming away with its shell. In like manner the claws are disengaged, the lobster casting them off much as a person would kick off a boot too big for him. For several hours it now continues enfeebled and motionless, but in two days the new skin becomes hardened, and within 48 hours the shell is perfectly formed and hard, like the one cast off. Below in his native element the lobster reaches the age of 20 years, and loses a foot or claw without feeling the loss, for he well knows it will grow again. When suddenly alarmed by a peal of thunder, or the report of a cannon, its shoots its claws immediately. No part of the lobster is poisonous. The so-called "lady" is simply the cartilaginous stomach, and would not be good eating because it is tough. The delicious "tomally" is the liver, while the impregnated eggs form the "coral" and are considered a delicacy. The lobster is often caught in a kind of trap, or "lobster-pot," as it is called. It is made with narrow strips of board or lath nailed upon strong hoops, so as to give it an oval form upon the top. Inside are placed stones to sink it to a certain depth. At each end of the pot is a network of cord fastened to a small hoop in the centre of the net. Tough this hop of six inches diameter, perhaps, the lobster struggles to get the bait placed inside the cage. But when once in he finds himself a prisoner; for he cannot retreat at the same door by which he entered. The situation of the trap is marked by a buoy, and is visited at interval to remove the game and make room for others. They are sometimes caught with merely a piece of fish tied to a string—the lobster convey the bait to his mouth with his claws, and will let you draw him to the surface if you do it quietly so as not to alarm him, but if he is frightened in the least he is off like a flash. You must grasp the instant his horns are out of the water. In this country the lobster is found from the coast of New York northward; the best are taken on the rocky shores of New England, north of Cape Cod. Fishermen at Marshfield and Plymouth, Mass., catch from 50,000 to 100,000 a year, which are sold to Boston dealers. Great numbers have been put up in cans and shipped abroad. The packing houses of Portland, Me., send large quantities in tins to England. It is said that the demand for canned lobsters in America equals the supply.

Old Tunneling Pete.

Old "Tunneling Pete" was what he was always called, and if he had any other name it was never heard on the Pacific coast. It is said that he was from the lead mines of Galena, Ill., where they to this day tell how he burrowed his way through the limestone from cave to cave in search of "mineral," making the cave last found his abiding place. Even in those days he was nearly always underground. How he managed to endure the light of day long enough to cross the plains has always been a mystery to all who knew him. Some assert that he traveled only during the night, and others that he wore a huge pair of goggles of black glass. Old Pete landed in California in 1849, and as soon as he struck the golden soil took pick and shovel, and went out of sight beneath it. During the ten years he mined in California he was under the ground most of the time, only coming out to the light of the day at night, as a son of Erin would say. Old Pete was a regular ground mole, and like that little animal, appeared to hate the light of the sun, which kept him winking and blinking, even when his eyes were half closed, as they always were when he was on the surface. In California old Pete mined the gravel banks Mexican fashion, running coyote holes in them till they were a greater puzzle than was the famed labyrinth of Crete. What he did with the gold he found no one ever knew, as he was never seen to have any in his possession, nor was he ever seen to purchase either food or drink. It was the same in the lead mines, and a story came from Galena that he was not a human being, but a gnome in disgrace in some shape with the beings of his race. He was seen here on the Comstock soon after silver was found, but straightway disappeared under ground. No one saw him on his way hither or knew he was coming; the first intimation had of his migration was when he was seen here. There were those among the prospectors of that day who swore that old Pete had merely extended one of his California holes and so "come square through the Sierra Nevada mountains." It is reported that after the day of his arrival he was not seen for over two years, when he finally came out near where the town of Sutro now stands—some now say that Mr. Sutro followed in on "old Pete's hole" when he dug his tunnel, otherwise he could never have found his way to the Comstock. The story goes that when old Pete's head popped out through the ground, down by the verge of the valley, it was daylight, and when he saw the cottonwood trees along the Carson River he is said to have been in a terrible rage, as he had supposed he was deep enough to pass under the channel of the Carson and get beneath the big peaks of the Como. All day he sat winking and blinking and cursing and swearing in the mouth of his hole—for old Pete was fearfully wicked—and at night he gathered up his drifting-bar, pick, and shovel, and crossed over the hills to Flowery District, where he set to work, and was out of sight under the base of a big hill long before morning. He was seen on the surface, in the twilight and of moonlight nights, two or three times each year by the miners of Flowery until about three years ago, when he seemed to have disappeared for good. No one cared much whither he had gone, for he was an unsightly old man and exceedingly snappish and disagreeable. One morning about six months ago some Indians rushed into the village of Flowery in a terrible fright, saying the "devil" had appeared in their camp. A few miners went with the Indians and found old Pete sitting in the middle of their rancheria beside a big hole, through which it was evident he had just risen. The old man's eyes were glassy and his gray hairs were matted with clay, like those of a badger just dragged from his hole, and it was easy to see that he was on his last legs. He said he had come to the surface to get a mouthful of fresh air in order that he might have strength to die. He had just life enough left to say that he had been away up under the roots of the Comstock during the past three years, and had there seen more wealth than Fair, Mackey, or any mining millionaire of them all had ever dreamed of. "They will never find it, though," chuckled he; "they will never find it! They will never go down to where it is. They will become discouraged far above, up among the twisting clays and cross-courses and faults and great horses of porphyry. I must die now, but none of them will ever find what I have seen—no, never!" So saying, the old fellow suddenly pressed his hands to his breast, a rattling came from his throat, he fell back upon the ground, gasped, and clutched the gravel with his bony fingers, a tremor passed through his frame, he straightened out, and was dead.

A Woman's Hair.

There is a lady residing in Omaha who has the most beautiful black hair—three feet and more in length, soft, glossy, waving, the pride of her husband and envied by all the ladies who know her. She has been in the habit of having her servant give it a good washing with soap and water every few days. One Friday night the customary cleansing was done, and the servant attempted to do an extra good job. She had the water hotter than usual, used more soap, and folding the long waving tresses on the top of the head, she rubbed and rubbed them until they were covered with white foam. After a little time she poured cold water on and rinsed it, and dried it with a towel. After waiting awhile she got a comb and brush, but to her astonishment she found the great roll of hair as hard as a brick. The comb would no more penetrate the solid roll than it would a stone wall. It then was washed and wetted and rinsed again, and to the utter amazement of the lady and servant, the mass of hair was harder and more compact than ever. It could not be persuaded, coaxed nor combed out of that gnarled mass. Here was a pretty state of affairs. A consultation was held and the servant was sent for a professional hairdresser, but it was so late at night that none could be found. Early on Saturday morning the lady bundled up her head and went to a worker in hair. It was beyond the hair-worker's ken. It had now become so hard that a knitting needle could not be pushed through it, and the lady was told that the only hope was to cut it off. That was a catastrophe she could not think of without weeping, and besides her husband was away and what would he say to come home and find her hair as short as a school-boy's. She could not possibly have it cut off. Then she went for a hairdresser again.

This time he came, and a moment's examination enabled him to explain matters.

"Madam," he said, "your hair has been 'fulled' just on the same principle that they full cloth in a fulling mill. There is no way to save it but to pick it out one hair at a time."

She told him to go to work, and for five hours he toiled away. At the end of that time he had it straightened out, with the loss of about one-half of the original quantity. And so endeth this chapter on a lady's hair.

A Strange People.

Dr. E. R. Heath, in a paper on "Peruvian Antiquities," describes a strange people living in a town called Eten in seven degrees south latitude and about two miles from the sea. They number about four thousand, and speak, beside the Spanish, a language which some of the recently brought over Chinese laborers understand, but there is no other similarity between the two peoples. They intermarry uncles, nieces, brothers and sisters, nephews and aunts, that is, promiscuously, and with no apparent cause of consanguinity; but they will not permit any intermarriage into their number, or with the outside world. They have laws, customs and dress of their own, and live by braiding hats and mats and weaving cloths. They will give no account of the place whence they came, or of the time they settled at Eten. History does not mention their existence before the Spaniards arrived. There are no sick or deformed persons among them, their custom being to send a committee to each sick or old person, and those who are reported past discovery or usefulness are promptly strangled by the public executioner. Eten orders it, they say, and with Eten's orders there is no interference.

A Passionately Scientific Physician.

Paul Emile Chauffard, who was a Professor at the Academy of Medicine in Paris, and whose death was announced a short time ago, carried the love of his art to its furthest limits. On being consulted two or three months ago by a man who was evidently suffering from some acute form of skin disease, he looked at him attentively, and then, as a strange light sparkled in his eye, he exclaimed:

"Extraordinary — unparalleled — inconceivable!"

The startled patient eagerly inquired if it was a "bad case."

"I rather think it is," replied the Doctor. "You're suffering from the Jewish leprosy—that's all!"

"Mon Dieu!" gasped the poor patient.

"Don't distress yourself," continued the Professor; "it was simply a form of disease that we had lost sight of. It had entirely disappeared, but now we have found it again, thanks to you. You're really doing us a good service, and I am delighted!"

Auntie's Robbers.

Black eyes, blue eyes, grey eyes—three pairs, all as bright as diamonds, and all begging as earnestly as did the three little tongues below them—for auntie to tell them a story.

"*Another* story!" exclaimed auntie, "why I've told you *two* already to-day."

"I know it auntie," said black-eyed Will, always ready with an answer, "but you see how it rains so we can't play out, and 'sides—I *guess* I don't feel very well—my head kinder aches."

"And we're *dreffle* tired playing in the nattic," put in blue-eyed baby Bess, and I do want to jus' cuddle in somebody's arms, and I'll keep *jus* as *still* as any little mice."

"She'd think you're big enough to say *attic* 'stead of *nattic*," muttered Robbie, the owner of the big gray eyes; "but say auntie, won't you tell us a robber story?"

"Yes, yes, auntie, a robber story," echoed Will, while Bessie "cuddled" in auntie's arms and prepared to be frightened by the horrors to come. "Can't you think of a *true* robber story with lots of fighting in it?" he added.

Auntie, like the little old man, had to "scratch her head and think," for she could not say "No" to the little pleaders.

"A true robbers story," he said smiling, "well I'll do the best I can. I'll tell you about a band of robbers that once lived in a country a long way from here." (Bessie gave a great sigh of relief at the last words—"a long way from here.") "They were big, ugly-looking fellows, regular savages, like all the people of those countries. They did not have nice houses like ours but just dug holes in the ground, piled in a lot of cocoanut husks, torn into strips, to answer for beds, and that was all the furniture they cared for. They drank salt water instead of fresh water like ours, and used to carry about with them wherever they went two bags, of skin which they filled every morning in the ocean, which was near their home."

"Why did they carry water around with them all the time?" querried Will.

"Well, I think they wanted water very often, and being away from home much of the time, they wanted to have it handy," replied auntie. "It is in that country the cocoanuts grow, which you children are so fond of—and these queer old robbers like them even better than you do, for they would not eat nothing else."

"No beefsteak, auntie?" asked Robbie. Beefsteak was the chief of his diet.

"No, they were vegetarians," replied auntie; "that's what people who eat no meat are called. But did you ever see any cocoanuts as they grow on the tree, children?"

"I have," shouted Rob, eagerly; "the mish'nary that preached in our Sunday-school showed us one. You couldn't see the nice white part that we eat at all, only a big brown thing, with 'mawful hard shell covered with a funny kind of stuff—I do' know what you call it—*hair*, I guess."

"Yes," said auntie, "and that hair as you call it, is what the robbers used for beds, and the white part inside is what they ate, and as they had no tools, no hammers, knives or axes, with which to break the hard shells, they used to climb up the cocoanut trees, and fling the big nuts down as hard as they could throw them: This generally broke the shell, and they could dig out the fruit."

"But, auntie, tell about the fighting part," said Will.

"Oh! the fighting part!" said auntie. "Well, these fellows were always called the robbers,' yet most of the fighting was done by another tribe, and they had a funny way of fighting, too. They did not know how to make any kind of weapons, but really they needed none, for they had immensely large, strong hands, and when they fought they would seize their enemy with a terrible grip and then run off—leaving the hand and arm still clutched in the flesh of their foes."

"Why, auntie, you don't mean that they could take their arms off—*really*," you aren't telling true, auntie."

"But I do mean just that—only you see the loss of an arm was not much to one of these fellows because a new one would grow in a little while."

"Pho! you're just making that up, auntie," said incredulous Will, shrugging his shoulders.

"Not a bit of it Willie, it's all real honest truth," replied auntie, laughingly.

"But real men don't have new arms grow when their are cut off—'cause don't you know that one-armed beggar that came here yesterday? He said his arm was shot off in the war—and that was ever'n so long ago."

"Ah, Willie, boy. I did not say that my robbers were *men*. They are robber-*crabs*, and every word I told you about them is true," laughed auntie, "but I haven't time to tell you any more, for the supper bell will ring in five minutes, and six little hands must be washed and three little heads be brushed, so as to be ready in season."

"But did they carry the bags of salt water, auntie?" questioned Will.

"Yes—they have two large bags or sacks attached to their bodies, which they keep constantly filled with salt water," replied auntie as she trotted off up stairs with baby Bess pick-a-back.

Elephantine Surgery.

During the late wind storm in the vicinity of Philadelphia, Pa., a large lantern on top of the elephant house in the Zoological Garden was demolished and pieces of the heavy glass fell into the cage occupied by the elephants. The female elephant in walking around the enclosure trod on one of the fragments and, being in her bare feet, received a painful wound. She set up a howl that made the roar of the storm seem the sighing of a zephyr by contrast. Her companion was found to be comforting her as well as he could by trying to roar louder than she did, and by letting a half pint tear of sympathy now and then roll down his trunk, which was wound tenderly about the wounded leg of the prostrate beast. Dr. Chapman, surgeon to the Zoological society, was summoned. She was secured by ropes and thrown on her side on a bed of straw, treatment which evoked from her some extra efforts in the roaring line. When Dr. Chapman began to probe softly around the wound with a lancet, however, she showed an elephant's instinctive respect for a friend by ceasing her bellowing and holding the injured foot perfectly still. Dr Chapman successfully removed the fragments of glass, stopped the flow or blood from the wound, and in a few minutes the huge beast was again on her feet, looking as amiable as a lamb.

FOOD FOR THOUGHT.

The higher up the mountain you climb the higher you can see.

We are as liable to be corrupted by books as by companions.

The great misfortune of all is not to be able to bear misfortune.

One can not bear to pay for an article he used to get for nothing.

Age that lessens the enjoyment of life, increases our desire of living.

Example is always more efficacious than precept.

Few things are impossible to diligence and skill.

A man used to vicissitudes is not easily dejected.

One smile for the living is worth a dozen tears for the dead.

Laziness is a premature death. To be in no action, is not to live.

Divine vengeance comes with feet of lead, but strikes with the hand of iron.

Absence destroys trifling intimacies, but it invigorates strong ones.

To the blessed eternity itself there is no other handle than this instant.

Let us search ourselves in the first place, and afterwards the world.

Ragged clothing cannot debase a man as much as a frayed reputation.

If evil be said of thee, and it is true, correct it; if it be a lie, laugh at it.

Employment is Nature's physician, and is essential to human happiness.

If every year we rooted out one vice, we should soon become perfect men.

No one will dare maintain that it is better to do injustice than to bear it.

It is more profitable to look up our defects than to boast of our attainments.

A man owes his success in his life work to the woman who walks beside him.

The sweetest thing on earth is a little child, when it has learned to know and love.

Bodily enjoyment depends upon good health, and health depends upon temperance.

Knowledge will always predominate over ignorance, as man governs the other animals.

Human life is everywhere a state in which much is to be endured, and little to be enjoyed.

After friendship and love come benevolence and that compassion which unites the soul to the unfortunate.

How contagious is the laugh of some people; how jarring that of others, like playing on a worn-out piano.

The innocence and purity of childhood brings bitter heart pangs to the sin-hardened man and worldly woman.

People who cannot heartily love and hate will never command the first or know the clearing influence of the latter.

It is better to wear out than to rust out. We must not only strike the iron while it is hot, but strike until it is made hot.

Life would surely be a dreary waste if one could not have his picture taken every time a new collar is introduced into the market.

Only they who carry sincerity to the highest point, in whom there remains not a single hair's breadth of hypocrisy, can see the hidden springs of things.

Good pictures are great teachers. A fine work of art hanging in one's house speaks to him constantly in language of tender beauty that wins its way to the heart.

A superior capacity for business, and a more extensive knowledge, are steps by which a new man often mounts to favor and outshines the rest of his contemporaries.

How few realize that the strata of love and hate lie so close together that it takes but little to bring the latter uppermost, when under the pressure of unkindness or injustice.

Great works are performed, not by strength, but by perseverance: he that shall walk with vigor three hours a day, will pass in seven years a space equal to the circumference of the globe.

The liberty of using harmless pleasures will not be disputed; but it is still to be examined what pleasures are harmless. The evil of any pleasure is not in the act itself, but in its consequences.

Such is the state of life that none are happy but by the anticipation of change. The change itself is nothing; when we have made it the next wish is to change again. The world is not yet exhausted.

Whatever facilitates our work is more than an omen; it is a cause of success. This is one of those pleasing surprises [illegible] tion. Many things difficult to design prove easy to performance.

We smile at the ignorance of the savage who cuts down the tree in order to reach the fruit; but the fact is that a blunder of this description is made by every person who is ever eager and impatient in the pursuit of pleasure.

In the decline of life, shame and grief are of short duration; whether it be that we bear easily what we have borne long, or that, finding ourselves in age less regarded, we less regard others; or, that we look with slight regard upon afflictions, to which we know that the hand of death is about to put an end,

The life that is devoted to knowledge passes silently away, and is very little diversified by events. To talk in public, to think in solitude, to read and to hear, to inquire, and to answer inquiries, is the business of a scholar. He wanders about the world without pomp or terror, and is neither known nor valued but by men like himself.

Every day a little self-denial. The thing that is difficult to do to-day will be an easy thing to do three hundred and sixty-five days hence, if each day it shall have been repeated. What power of self-mastery shall he enjoy who, looking to God for His grace, seeks every day to practice the grace he prays for.

Two gifts are offered to men in this world; they very seldom can have both. One is success, with weariness; the other failure, with hope. The last is much the best. The man who succeeds finds that his success does not amount to a great deal; the man who fails, but keeps his hope, is the happy man.

The Republican.

SATURDAY, MAY 24, 1879.

CONFEDERATE SOLDIERS.

The Confederate Soldiers of Montgomery county have organized an association, which now numbers over five thousand; and propose to have on the Fourth of July a barbacue and grand reunion, that for magnitude will surpass anything of the kind that has ever been seen in this State. The most eminent soldiers of the country, both South and North, have been invited to attend, and many of them have already signified their acceptance. If his health will permit, the venerable and beloved ex-President of the Confederate States Government will be there and exchange greetings with those gallant spirits who for four years, with unparalled fortitude and more than Spartan heroism, held up on their bayonets the fortunes of that glorious but ill-starred Confederacy of which he was the head.

This is a move in the right direction, and it glad'ens our heart to see it. It is meet that the gallant men of the Revolution of 1861 should come together and perpetuate memories of that glorious struggle, and renew friendships formed by common danger in a common cause, that cannot be broken, though time and distance devide them never so widely. They have a record that any men, any country, any age might be proud of, and each and every man who attends such re-unions will return home with a loftier self-respect, a higher aim in life and renewed aspirations, caught from association with the exalted spirits who go to make up such assemblies of men. The Tenth Alabama Regiment was the first to inaugurate these soldiers' reunions in this State, and as long as they were kept up, they were looked forward to as the most pleasant occurrences in the life of each and every man who made one of that brave Regiment. Other soldiers from other commands no les heroic joined annually our re-unions and the people of the sections in which they were held, especially the glorious women of the country, vied with each other in attentions to the soldiers present all alike.

We would like to see the soldiers' reunion revived in Calhoun county, not as that of any par icular Regiment, but of the Confederate soldiers of the county, without respect to command or branch of service. Calhoun gave to her country some as lofty spirits as have illustrated the history of any clime or any age, and some of their names have passed into history, to go ringing down the corridor of time, for the emulation of the youth of every generation of men Passing over the living, the mind reverts to the peerless Pelham, Martin, Francis, Geo. H Forney, Whatley and others as devoted, though not so high in rank; and there yet live, from her soldier element, men of as grand a type as England's Hampden or Scotland's Wallace. Descending from men of rank, she has given, from her private soldiery, men who filled the very highest ideal of true manhood and who proved it by an unrecompensed shedding of every drop of their precious blood for all that men hold most dear—personal liberty and political independence. Their brothers, their comrades still live and walk the ordinary avenues of life, but the memory of their common struggle still they carry in their bosoms. Why should they not annually come together and look into the brave eyes of each other, grasp hands, once raised in a common cause, revive cherished memories of camp life and perpetuate that good will that every Confederate soldier should bear one to the other? Why not?

The Military encampment and 4th of July celebration at Rome, Ga., promises to be one of the grandest affairs that city has had since the war. Many Military Companies from Georgia and Alabama have signified their intention to attend and participate in the festivities incident to the occasion, and our twenty thousand people are expected. The railroads will of course give low rates of fare and the attendance will be immense. The Romans are making huge preparations for the affair, and they will be equal to the emergency. They never fail on anything they undertake. We have received an invitation to attend and shall doubtless be there, Providence permitting.

The first part of the week this section of country was blessed with a very fine season. The rain descended in copious abundance for the greater part of two days, and all nature is smiling from the effect of the invigorating draught. All the prospects point to an unparalled crop yield this year. The oat crop, now nearly harvested, is generally fine. The wheat crop has proved the best we have had in ten years. Corn is booming and the cotton prospect is exceedingly good. So far God has been very good to us this year, and we should all take courage and labor with renewed zeal for the good seemingly in store for us. A few such years will see this country prosperous beyond precedent, men in a large measure disenthralled of debt and everybody happy.

A letter from our regular correspondent

DELUGE, DINNER, AND DISCOURSE.

Last Tuesday was the day appointed by the Masonic Fraternity of Peeks Hill for a grand celebrat on. With the dawn of morning, dark and angry clouds gathered upon the horizon, and soon the rain was pouring down in torrents. Nothing daunted, however, by the inclemency of the weather, Mr. Hammonds invited Messrs Hames, Goodrum, the irrepressible Peter, and your correspondent, to accompany him upon what promised to be a dreary and uneventful excursion. But we were most agreeably disappointed. Reclining upon the luxurious cushions of the carriage, and protected by an awning above, the monotonous patter of the rain-drops, and the soughing of the wind amid the pines, was unheeded as we listened to the delightful conversation of our genial and cultivated associates. At length we arrived safely at our destination. As we alighted from the carriage, we were cordially welcomed by our chivalrous and gifted friend, Capt. Montgomery of Texas. For an hour we were entertained by his beautiful and glowing description of that magnificent young State.

We gazed with veneration upon his pictures of the Alamo, around whose crumbling ruins cluster so many proud historic memories, and upon whose battlements the chivalry of the American soldier was so grandly illustrated during the struggle for Texan independence. The Alamo consecrated by the blood of martyred patriots, and immortalized by the courage of men who "never surrendered, but died", has passed into history as the Thermopylea of the Modern World.

But we were called from listening to reminiscences of the quaint cosmopolitan city of San Antonio, to partake of refreshments which the generous hospitality of the people of Peeks Hill and surrounding country, had provided for the occasion. A bounteous repast was spread under the "friendly oaks which so graciously waved our cordial welcome". The tables did not "groan under the food". Oh no, indeed, our party did the groaning upon their return home. I will attempt no description of the variety and munificence of that collation. The roast beef and pig were splendid, the mutton admirable, the chicken delicious, and the manner in which the venison was prepared inimitable. We could there appreciate that devotion which prompted the epicure Polypheme in the Cyclops of Euripides, to make a deity of his stomach. With the ingenious savage, we too, could swear, that upon earth there was no visible source affording more rapturous delight or keener enjoyment. We sighed for a perpetual appetite that would renew its virginity with every touch, and with the inspiration of Epicurus, we would have made our digestive receptacles, a temple dedicated to the choice viands, which were served in such boundless profusion.

After this diversion was over, all assembled in the academy to listen to the oration of Mr. Hammonds. Notwithstanding the unpropitious weather, about five hundred people were present. Mr. Hammonds was introduced to the audience by the Rev. John Glenn. His address was classical, scholarly and chaste. It was embellished with the choicest flowers of literature, and abounded in rare gems of thought, clothed in the most silvery and rhythmical language. He entered into an elaborate description of the origin and progress of this mysterious organization, and closed with an eloquent and beautiful peroration, upon the mighty influence which it has exerted in the progressive development of civilization and christianity. He reached the height of the moral sublime in his eulogy upon the character of woman. With impassioned eloquence he described the heroic women of the South, their fortitude, constancy and self abnegation, when the dark night of oblivion had closed forever, around that brilliant galaxy of Southern stars which once shone in the firmament of nations.

The installation of officers followed the conclusion of his address, after which, Col. Hames was enthusiastically called for. The polished blade of Saladin had described its beautiful evolutions, and now the ponderous battle axe of Richard was to descend. Col. Hames arose with admirable self possession and composure. His oration was logical, argumentative and profound. With a mind analytical in its conceptions, highly cultivated, and trained in the astute science of law; with an address which mingles the rigidity acquired in forensic disputation, with the softness of natural urbanity, he founded every proposition upon philosophic reasoning, and enunciated with a clearness and power which carried with it irresistible conviction. He closed with an earnest and powerful appeal to the bret eren of the mystic tie, to be true to their principles, and let the purity of their lives vindicate Masonry from the misrepresentation of the unjust, and aspersion of the ignorant.

Upon the conclusion of his oration, we bid the generous hospitable people of Peeks Hill, a fond an affectionate farewell, and were soon whirling rapidly along in the direction of home.

W. W. W.

We direct attention to the advertisement of Messrs J. B. Carver & Co, Rome, Ga. These gentlemen are among the most extensive dealers in their line in the South. Their offer to duplicate any bill that can be made anywhere else in this country is worthy the attention of our merchants. The saving of freight made by buying in Rome will be great. Let the merchants of Calhoun county give them a trial.

The pic nic at Germania of the John Pelham Rifles Thursday was the largest affair of the kind this season. Every available spring vehicle in town was brought into requisition and after that four mule teams with wagons were resorted to. Bright and early the streets were gay with brilliant uniforms of the Rifles as they passed hurriedly to and fro in busy preparation for the start. About nine o'clock the last of the pic-nic party got off, but as the distance to Germania is not great, this was none too late. By ten the pic-nic grounds looked like a flower garden, thickly flecked as it was with the bright spring dresses of our lovely girls, the gay uniform of the Rifles and the more sober garb of the civilians. Boating on Germania lake, dancing; delightful promenades; and we dare say some flirting gave the hours the swiftness of the eagle's wing; and before anyone was aware of it the matrons of the party had spread under the shadow of the oaks a feast fit for the gods and announced dinner. After dinner the gallant Rifles engaged in a shooting match with the following result:

(5 was the highest count that could be made under the rules at one shot. Each marksman had three shots—2 standing and one kneeling or lying down. The prize was a fine gold medal.)

MARKERS.—Mr. David Wakely, of Germania and Mr. J. Bourne, of Memphis Tennessee.

Distance 100 yards.

1st. ROUND.— Wakely 0, E. Caldwell 3, Porter 1, Privett 0, McGinnis 0, Ed Read 5, Stewart 0, Weaver 0, W. Seymour 0, A. Seymour 5, Capt. J. M. Caldwell 0, Cannon 0, Wyly 0, Marion 0.

2nd. ROUND.— Wakely 1, E. Caldwell 2, Porter 0, Privett 0, McGinnis 0, Ed Read 0, Stewart 0, Weaver 5, W. Seymour 0, A Seymour 0, Capt. J. M. Caldwell 0, Cannon 4, Wyly 0, Marion 0.

3rd. ROUND.— Wakely 1, E. Caldwell 1, Porter 1, Privett 0, McGinnis 0, Ed Read 1, Stewart 0, Weaver 4, W. Seymour 3, A. Seymour 5, Capt. J. M. Caldwell 0, Cannon 0, Wyly 0, Marion 0.

Albin Seymour was declared the winner, he having made the highest score of 10. His closest competetor was Frank Weaver who made a score of 9.

It is due the company to say they had but recently received their cartridges and had had no practice with their long range guns. Some of the best shots in the company with the ordinary rifle failed to make a single count.

The company drilled both before and after the shooting match and the evolutions were almost perfect.

About six o'clock the party broke up and thus ended a red letter day in the calander of the young people of Jacksonville, Germania and surrounding country.

Queensware at *Wholesale.*

French China in Sets or by the single piece.

SILVER PLATED GOODS

Fine and CHEAP Table knives & Forks, Tin-ware, Wooden-ware, Glass-ware,

Lamps, and Lampfixtures.

Orders solicited from merchants.
We will duplicate any bill that can be bought in America.

J. B. CARBER & Co.,
China Hall, Rome, Ga.

June 28—3m.

W. W. HARRISON,

Physician and Surgeon,

OFFICE OVER

CARPENTER'S STORE.

Jersey Cattle.

My young prize bull, TUMLAW BOY, (No. 2866 American Jersey, Head Register,) will be permitted to serve a few good cows. Terms— five dollars cash. His dam, Lilla Fay (No. 3249, A. J. H R)has a record of sixteen pounds of butter a week.

I have for sale two pure bred bull calves; prices reasonable. Grade Jersey heifer commanded seventy five dollars cash at the West cattle sales in Te n. A few extra well bred Berkshire pigs and young sows for sale.

June 28—3t.

J. W. BURKE.

Taken in the Act.

Sister Jones called on Elder Smith a few evenings since. Being a next door neighbor she entered his study unannounced, and was greatly shocked at seeing him taking a drink from a suspicious looking bottle. He noticed her look of inquiry, and said: "This, Sister Jones, is Tabler's Portaline, or Vegetable Liver Powder, the only remedy I have ever found for the many troubles arising from a disordered Liver. I can recommend it." Price 50 cents. For Sale by all Druggists.

Sufferers with Rheumatism, Lame Back, etc., who have had all the pleasure of life destroyed by these sad afflictions, can again enjoy the light elastic step of perfect health, and experience permanent relief, by using Coussens' Lightning Liniment, the only unfailing remedy for Rheumatism, Lame Back, Neuralgia, Sprains, Bruises, etc. Price 50 cents. For sale by all druggists.

CALHOUN COLLEGE,

FOR MALES AND FEMALES.

JACKSONVILLE, ALABAMA.

The 5th Session will commence on Monday, the 14th day of July, 1879, and continue 20 weeks.

Terms of tuition, from $2 to $5 per month, according to grade, payable in advance.

Board in good families at from $8 to $10 per month.

For further particulars address L. W. Cannon, Secretary, or,

W. J. BORDEN
Principal.

Ask Yourself these Questions.

Are you a despondent sufferer from Sick Headache, Habitual Costiveness, Palpitation of the Heart? Have you Dizziness of the Head? Is your Nervous System depressed? Does your Blood circulate badly? Have you a Cough? Low Spirits? Coming up of the food after eating? &c; &c. All of these and much more are the direct results of Dyspepsia, Liver Complaint and Indigestion. Green's August Flower is now acknowledged by all Druggists to be a positive cure. 2,400,000 bottles were given away in the U. S. through Druggists to the people as a trial. Two doses will satisfy any person of its wonderful quality in curing all forms of indigestion.—Sample bottles 10 cents. Regular size 75 cts. Sold positively by all first-class druggists in the United States.

HAMILTON CULTIVATOR.

HUGHE'S Sulky Plows, two or three horse, with redland bottoms, guaranteed to scour. Reapers, Mowers and Sulky Rakes, Hamilton Cultivator, putting up a bed and finishing a row at ONE furrow in superior style. Also two horse handle plows, guaranteed to scour in red land.

J. E WELCH, Agent.

Alpine, April, 22, 1879.

May 10, 1879.

M. H Cruikshank, Esqr.

Mr. Editor, The great leakage in the farm is the COST OF LABOR—stop that leak and prosperity will greet the farmer with earnest and full hand. I would call the attention of the farmers of Talladega county to the testimony of men whom they know.

J. E. WELCH.

Mr. J. E. WELCH—Sir: The Hamilton Cultivator purchased of you does its work almost to perfection. It is durable, does its work thoroughly and a great deal of it. To the farmer it is timely, being as it is, the greatest labor-saving implement in cultivation ever yet presented to them.

W. T. WEBB, | O. M. REYNOLDS,
W. A. WELCH, | C. M. TAUL.

Talladega, May 12, 1879.

J. E. WELCH, Esqr.—Dear Sir: I have gone over my corn twice with the Hamilton Cultivator, and don't want any thing better for corn culture—it is quite the thing. The proof of the pudding is the eating thereof.

J. H. JOHNSON,
B. P. AUTERY.

STATE OF ALABAMA,
Calhoun county.

Probate Court for said county—Special Term, June 3d, 1879.

This day came R. T. Johnston, C. G. Morgan and J. J. Young, and filed in court their petition in writing under oath; and also a paper writing purporting to be the last will and testament of William Johnston deceased, and moves the court to admit said will to probate, and to grant to the said R. T. Johnston, C. G. Morgan and J. J. Young, letters testamentary under said will.

It is thereupon ordered that the 1st day of July, 1879, be set for hearing the said application and that notice be given by publication in the Jacksonville Republican, a newspaper published in said county, for three successive weeks prior to said day as a notice to Wm. E. Edwards, Mary E. Hill, Carrie Compton, Inis Compton, Elizabeth J Cooper, and Carrie R. McGee, who are heirs at law and next of kin of the deceased, and who are non-residents of the State of Alabama, to be and appear at a special term of said court to be holden at the court house of said county, on said 1st day of July 1879 and show if any thing they have to allege why said will should not be admitted to probate.

June 7—3t.

L. W. CANNON,
Judge of Probate.

GREAT BARGAINS IN

Pianos & Organs.

H. A. SMITH

ROME, GA.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

Bookseller and Music Dealer

Has just received from the Manufacturers, the

Largest Stock of Pianos

ever brought to this market. These Instruments having been bought for cash at

LOW PRICES,

will be sold to cash customers at

PRICES LOWER THAN EVER KNOWN

in this country.

Purchasers, by calling early, can have the advantage of selecting from the large stock on hand. Large lot of School & Miscellaneous Books always on hand, at

LOW RATES.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

By virtue of one fifa issued from the circuit court of Calhoun county, and to me directed, in favor of John Ross, executor of F Ross deceased, and against E. G. & I. G. Morris I will sell to the highest bidder for cash, before the court house door, in the town of Jacksonville Calhoun county, Ala., within the legal hours of sale, on the fifth Monday in June, that being the 30th day of June, the following described property, to-wit;

Commencing at the southeast corner of Sec. 9, township 16, range 9—east in Coosa Land District—thence south 85½ degrees, west 98 poles, to a stake, thence north 4½ degrees—west 85 poles to a stake, crossing the creek 40 poles from southwest corner of the lot, thence north 85½ degrees, east 98 poles to a stake, crossing the creek 40 poles from the northwest corner—thence south 4½ degrees, east 85 poles, to the beginning corner, containing 52 acres more or less, with all the improvements thereon, levied upon as the property of E. G. & I. G. Morris, to satisfy said fifa.

D. Z. GOODLETT,
Sheriff.
J. L. MATTISON,
Depty Sheriff.

May 31 1—6t.

Do we Believe in Witchcaft?

"I take the position that we do not, in its broad sense," said a gentleman of years and experience; "and yet we find many of the present day carrying a Buckeye in their pocket through a kind of superstition, when they might be relieved by a few applications of Tabler's Buckeye Pile Ointment." This Ointment is made from the Buckeye, and is recommended for nothing else but Piles. Try it. It will cure you. Price, 50 cents per bottle. For Sale by all Druggists.

The price is only 50 cents, yet the real value is beyond estimation. We allude to that invaluable compound, Coussens' Honey of Tar, which has gained the enviable reputation of being the greatest cough medicine of the age. For Croup, Whooping Cough, and all Throat and Lung diseases it has no equal. Sufferers with consumption who use it always experience speedy relief. Try it. For sale by all druggists

---

THE GENUINE

DR. C. McLANE'S

Celebrated American

WORM SPECIFIC

OR

VERMIFUGE.

SYMPTOMS OF WORMS:

THE countenance is pale and leaden-colored, with occasional flushes, or a circumscribed spot on one or both cheeks; the eyes become dull; the pupils dilate; an azure semicircle runs along the lower eye-lid; the nose is irritated, swells, and sometimes bleeds; a swelling of the upper lip; occasional headache, with humming or throbbing of the ears; an unusual secretion of saliva; slimy or furred tongue; breath very foul, particularly in the morning; appetite variable, sometimes voracious, with a gnawing sensation of the stomach, at others, entirely gone; fleeting pains in the stomach; occasional nausea and vomiting; violent pains throughout the abdomen; bowels irregular, at times costive; stools slimy; not unfrequently tinged with blood; belly swollen and hard; urine turbid; respiration occasionally difficult, and accompanied by hiccough; cough sometimes dry and convulsive; uneasy and disturbed sleep, with grinding of the teeth; temper variable, but generally irritable, &c.

Whenever the above symptoms are found to exist,

DR. C. McLANE'S VERMIFUGE

will certainly effect a cure.

IT DOES NOT CONTAIN MERCURY

in any form; it is an innocent preparation, *not capable of doing the slightest injury to the most tender infant.*

The genuine DR. McLANE'S VERMIFUGE bears the signatures of C. McLANE and FLEMING BROS. on the wrapper.

DR. C. McLANE'S

LIVER PILLS

are not recommended as a remedy "for all the ills that flesh is heir to," but in affections of the liver, and in all Bilious Complaints, Dyspepsia and Sick Headache, or diseases of that character, they stand without a rival.

AGUE AND FEVER.

No better cathartic can be used preparatory to, or after taking Quinine.

As a simple purgative they are unequaled.

BEWARE OF IMITATIONS.

The genuine are never sugar coated.

Each box has a red wax seal on the lid with the impression DR. McLANE'S LIVER PILLS.

Each wrapper bears the signatures of C. McLANE and FLEMING BROS.

Insist upon having the genuine DR. C. McLANE'S LIVER PILLS, prepared by Fleming Bros., of Pittsburgh, Pa., the market being full of imitations of the name *McLane*, spelled differently but same pronunciation.

Grand Reduct[illegible] in Prices.

B. F. CARPENTER

HAS JUST RECEIVED
A LARGE AND
COMPLETE
Assortment
of Family Groceries, which he proposes to sell at bottom prices. Very best brands of Coffee, Sugar, Tea, Finely flavored Cigars, Western Bacon, Meal, Snowdust Flower, Molasses, Crockery, Hardware, Kerosene oil, Buckets, Tinware. Every thing kept in a well stocked grocery establishment.

He also has on hand a large assortment of Harness, Saddles, Bridles, made of the very best leather, and designed and executed by workmen of superior skill. He invites all to call, for he is determined to sell at such prices as to deserve the patronage of the public. Give him a call, and examine his prices, before going elsewhere.

BOOKS for the MILLION

WOMAN AND MARRIAGE

A large, new and complete Guide to Wedlock, containing, with many others, the following chapters: A competent Womanhood, Selection of Wife, Evidences of Virginity, Temperaments, compatible and incompatible, Sterility in Women, cause and treatment, Advice to Bridegroom, Advice to Husbands, Advice to Wives, Prostitution, its causes, Celibacy and Matrimony compared, Conjugal duties, Conception, Confinement, Love and Courtship, Impediments to Marriage in male and female, Science of Reproduction, Single Life considered, Law of Marriage, Law of Divorce, Legal rights of married women, etc., including Diseases peculiar to Women, their causes and treatment. A book for private and considerate reading, of 320 pages, with full Plate Engravings, by mail, sealed, for 50 cents.

"THE PRIVATE MEDICAL ADVISER"

on Syphilis, Gonorrhoea, Gleet, Stricture, Varicocele, &c., also on Spermatorrhoea, Sexual Debility, and Impotency, from Self-abuse and Excesses, causing Seminal Emissions, Nervousness, Aversion to Society, Confusion of Ideas, Physical Decay, Dimness of Sight, Defective Memory, Loss of Sexual Power, etc., making marriage improper or unhappy, giving treatment, and a great many valuable receipts for the cure of all private diseases; 224 pages, over 50 plates, 50 cents.

"Medical Advice," Lecture on Manhood and Womanhood, 10 c.

FOR ONE DOLLAR we send all three of the above described books, nicely bound in one volume, containing 600 pages and over 100 illustrations, and embracing everything on the generative system that is worth knowing. The combined volume is positively the most popular Medical Book published. The Author is an experienced physician of many years practice, (as is well known), and the advice given, and rules for treatment laid down, will be found of great value to those suffering from impurities of the system, early errors, lost vigor, or any of the numerous troubles coming under the head of "Private" or "Chronic" diseases.— Postage stamps taken in payment for any of these books.

DR. BUTTS' DISPENSARY established in 1847, has acquired a national reputation for skill in the treatment of chronic diseases and complicated cases. Syphilis, Gonorrhoea, Gleet, Stricture, Orchitis, all Urinary Troubles, Syphilitic or Mercurial affections of the throat, skin or bones, treated with success, without using Mercury.

PATIENTS TREATED by mail and express, but where possible, personal consultation preferred, which is FREE and invited.

DR. BUTTS invites all persons suffering from RUPTURE to send him their name and address, and hereby assures them that they will learn something to their advantage.—It is not a Truss.

All communications strictly confidential, and should be addressed to DR. BUTTS, 12 North 8th St., St. Louis, Mo.

CALHOUN NURSERY.

We the undersigned citizens of Calhoun county Alabama, take pleasure in recommending to the public, Mr. J. W. Bradley, an old citizen of our county, as a man of undoubted truth and veracity—one who may be fully relied upon as to any statements he may make in presenting to the public, the laudable business of his choice.

He has founded in this county a Fruit Nursery, and has been uniting in his efforts to make it a success, by the selection of choice fruits; and such only as best suits this climate, which object has been to a very great extent attained. He is now able to offer to purchasers, choice fruits already acclimated. We have fruit trees from his nursery, and find that they come fully up to his recommendations, and especially the "genuine Shockley," a Winter apple of fine quality, which suits this climate admirably. His great object and aim is to stock the Southern country, and especially Alabama, with choice fruits, well adapted to our climate, from a "home nursery."

Jacksonville, Ala., April 29 1879.

L. W. CANNON, Probate Judge
J. M. PATTERSON, Co. Com.
G. B. DOUTHIT, Cl'k Circuit court;
Rev. B. D. TURNER,
W. B. DOSS, Esqr;
A. WOODS, Ex Judge of Probate.

First-class fruit trees; 25 cts each;
Two year old trees 15 cts. each;
One year old trees 10 cts each;
Variety apple, peach, pear,
Plum and the grape vine.
I will be around and engage this fall; and deliver at some convenient point.

J. W. BRADLEY.

Plow and Wagon

MANUFACTORY.

The undersigned having bought the building formerly occupied by W. H. Fleming as a wagon shop, will henceforth carry on at that stand the business of carriage and wagon making, repairing, &c &c. Good work guaranteed, and low prices asked for all kinds of work. I am also prepared to repaint vehicles of all kinds, and paint new work in good style, with lasting material.

JOE H. PRIVETT.

January 18 1879.

W. W. HARRISON; E. G. BORDEN.

HARRISON & BORDEN,

Physicians & Surgeons,

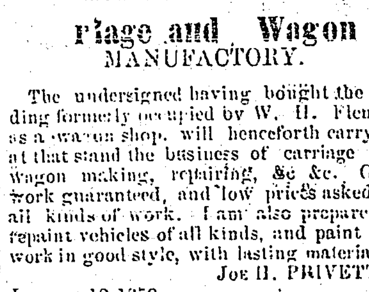
OFFICE

Over Carpenter's Store,

JACKSONVILLE, ... ALA.

RADICAL CURE FOR LEUCORRHEA OR WHITES

THE



Prof. Harris, after many years of study, aided by chemical research and experiment, together with experience gained in the treatment of a large number of cases under his care, has at last succeeded in compounding an INFALLIBLE REMEDY for the scourge so common among

WOMEN AND MAIDENS

CALLED

LEUCORRHEA,

Fluor Albus

OR WHITES

This disease, so prevalent among females, is but little understood by physicians. Its drain upon the system is so excessive and debilitating, that our American women are rapidly becoming a "race of invalids," incapable of producing healthy offspring, or enjoying life's pleasures. Prof. Harris' Vaginal Pastille, a new departure in medicine. A thoroughly common sense treatment. Applied directly to the seat of the disease, and its specific influence exerted at once, producing an immediate soothing and restorative effect. The application of the remedy is attended with no pain or unpleasantness, and does not interfere with the ordinary pursuits and pleasures of life. Circulars are sent in perfectly plain envelopes, securely sealed from observation, and remedy put up in neat plain boxes of three sizes, with full directions inside. No. 1, (enough to last a month,) $5; No. 2, (enough to last two months), $8; No. 3, (lasting three months, and ample for cure, excepting in chronic cases) $10. With each box we send a Female Syringe and some Tonic Pills, as auxiliaries to the remedy.

Send stamp for a pamphlet giving full description of Remedy, and illustrated by plates showing its application. This pamphlet alone is worth a hundred times its cost to any lady in delicate health, being a thoroughly practical treatise on this disease.

Prof. Harris' Vaginal Pastilles can be obtained only from

HARRIS REMEDY CO. MF'G. CHEMISTS.
Market and 8th Sts. ST. LOUIS, MO.

THE STATE OF ALABAMA,
Calhoun county.

Probate Court, Special Term, May 20, 1879.

This day came C D Davis, administrator of the estate of B M Riddle, deceased, and filed his statement, accounts, vouchers and evidences, for an annual settlement of his said administration.

It is ordered that the 25th day of June, 1879, be appointed a day on which to make such settlement. At which time all persons interested can appear and contest the said settlement if they think proper.

L W CANNON,
Judge of Probate.

The Roper Mineral Well

IS LOCATED 3 MILES EAST OF GREENVILLE, ALABAMA.

For the information of persons desiring to use the Roper Well Water, I will state some of the cures it has effected: Dyspepsia in its worst form, Chronic Diarrhoea, Diabetes, or any derangement of the Urinary Organs, Sick or Nervous Headache of long standing, Piles, Sores or Eruption of the skin, Ulceration of the Womb and Billious Colic. It is also one of the most strengthening Tonics in use. The following is analysis of the water made by Prof. W. C. Stubbs of A & M College, of Alabama: The amount of water used was one litre, which is a little more than one quart. The litre is equal to one quart, a five thousand six hundred and seven, Ten Thousandths of a Quart, (1,0567 quarts.) Bearing in mind the difference between the litre and the quart we can estimate the strength of the water.

One litre was found to contain—

Sulphuric Acid	84½	Grains.
Feric Oxide	27⅓	"
Ferrou "	17⅔	"
Calcic "	10 7-10	"
Potssic "	2¼	"
Magnestic "	4⅓	"
Sodium "	4-10	"
Chlorine "	3-5	"
Sillica "	2⅞	"
Carbonic Acid	5 7-10	"

The Price of the Roper Mineral Well Water is $1 per Gallon.

GREENVILLE ALA., Oct 9th, 1879.—Messrs Roper & McCall: Gents—I am glad to inform you that the use of one gallon of your Mineral Water has cured my mother of Chronic Diarrahoea. It was a case of eight years standing. The best medical aid had faile to arrest it. Very Respectfully,

P N. WEATHERLY.

SANDY RIDGE, ALA., June 29 1878.—Messrs. Rope & McCall, Proprietors of Mineral Well, This is to certify that for five years I have been terribly afflicted with Tetter on the head which had covered it. I have spent much money in remedies and for prescriptions from our physicians, but all without any good result. I heard of your well and concluded to try it—I did so, and the result was far beyond my expectations. I used it for some weeks—am now fully and completely free from Tetter. I give you this certificate, which you can use as you see proper.

J. D. GAFFORD.

GREENVILLE, ALA., July 16 1878.—Messrs McCall & Roper This is to certify that during the past six months I have been using the Roper Well Water for Diabetes and Dyspepsia, from which diseases I have been suffering for many years (particularly the latter) and am now proud to say from its use I have received the greatest benefits, and further certify that it has been used in my family for chronic sore throat and catarrh to great advantage.

J W MALLET.

Direct all orders to ROPER & McCALL,
Greenville, Alabama.

Feb 22 —3m.

"BLUE MOUNTAIN

Change of Sche[dule]

S. R. & D. R

On and after Sunday, May [...] trains will run on the Selma [...] ton railroad as follows:

No. 1, NORTH. STATIONS.
Going North
6.00 a. m...Lv Selma
8.15 a. m......Randolph
9.35 a. m.......Calera
11.45 a. m.......Talladega
12.41 p. m.......Oxford
12.55 p. m.......Anniston
1.28 p. m.......Jacksonville
3.31 p. m.......Cave Spring
4.20 p. m. ......Rome
6.15 p. m..Ar Dalton

No. 2. SOUTH. STATIONS.
Going South
8.00 a. m......Lv Dalton
9.55 a. m.......Rome
10 39 a. m.......Cave Spring
12 23 p. m.......Jacksonville
12.55 p. m.......Anniston
1.03 p. m.......Oxford
1.57 p. m.......Talladega
4.35 p. m.......Calera
5.50 p. m.......Randolph
8.00 p. m.......Selma

No. 1 connects closely at Da[lton with E] T & G for all Tenn & Va [...] and for all eastern cities, and [...] R R at Dalton for Chattanooga [...] tern cities.

No. 2 connecting with E T [...] A at Dalton makes close con[nection with Ca]lera for Montgomery, Mobile [...] leans.

No. 3 connects at Calera [with] mail train of S & N Great [...] tern and western cities.

No. 4 leaving Dalton at [...] Calera with S N Great So. [...] gomery, Mobile and New Or[leans].

NORMAN WEBB, Supt. | RAY[...]
J. W. FUL[...]

Memphis and Ch[arleston]

RAILRO[AD]

MEMPHIS, TENN—On and af[ter ...] 78, the following passenger [...] operated:

Going East
Read down.
Lve 12.20 night Memphis
" 3.02 am Grand Junction
" 3.56 am......Middleton
" 5:08 am...... Corinth
" 10.15 am......Decatur
" 3 00 pm .... Stevenson
Arr 4 50 pm..Chattanooga

GREAT CHANGE[S] have been made on th[is road]

This road has been newly [...] the track repaired with [...] improvements make it [...] road in the south

TO THE EA[ST]

Close connection is made fo[r] southern cities.

Only Line running through [...] ing Cars and day coaches, bet[ween ...] and Chattanooga without ch[ange].

TO THE WEST

Close connection made for all [...] and Texas points, a full first [...] grant tickets on sale at all pr[...]

Round Trip emigrant tick[ets at] reduced rates now on sale at [...] principal Texas points.

Day Coaches run between Memphis, and between Mont[gomery ...] bama, and Texarkana, Ark[...] change.

Baggage checked through [...] delays.

For further information [...] ules etc. address either J.S. [...] Gen. Passenger Agent, Knox[ville]

T. S. [...]
Asst. Gen Passenger agent, [...]
P. S. [...]
Gen. Western Agent [...]

Special Notice to [...]

C. H. RANGE[...]

HOUSE, Sign and Orna[mental] E is ready to do all cla[sses]

PAINTIN[G]

Plain and Fancy, Paper Ha[nging ...] styles, both plain and Fresc[o ...] on hard or soft finish. This [...] warranted to give entire satis[faction ...] neither peel nor crack. Also [...] the best brands from F. W. D[...] ted strictly pure N. Y. Lead [...] and the St. Louis Southern W[...] I am seeking for work, [...] pleased, as I warrant all [...] the best stock... Good referen[ces]

Address Republican Office, [...]
C. H. RANGE[...]
Jacksonville

July 27—3m.

THE GREAT [...] of HUMAN [...]

Just Published, in a Seal[ed ...] Price six cents.

A Lecture on the Nature, [...] Radical cure of Seminal Wea[kness, or Sper]matorrhoea, induced by Self[-abuse, Invol]untary Emissions, Impotency, [...] bility, and impediments to M[arriage gener]ally; Consumption, Epilepsy [...] Mental and Physical Incapa[city ...] ROBERT J. CULVERWELL [...] thor of the Green Book, &c.

The world renowned auth[or ...] mirable Lecture, clearly p[roves from his] own experience that the awf[ul consequences] of Self-abuse may be effec[tually removed] without medicine, and with[out dangerous] surgical operations, bougies, [instruments,] rings, or cordials; pointing [out a mode of] cure at once certain and effec[tual, by which] every sufferer, no matter w[hat his condi]tion may be, cure himself [cheaply, pri]vately and radically.

This Lecture will prove [a boon to] thousands. Sent under seal, [in a plain en]velope, to any adderss, on [receipt of six] cents or two postage stamps. [Address the] Publishers, THE CULVERW[ELL MEDI]CAL Co., 41 Ann St, New [York, Post] Office Box, 4586.

CITY B[...]

ICE, ICE, ICE, ICE, ICE, [...]

Go to Ramagnano's and [get ...] lemon and good pure Summ[er ...] lemonade, cider, beer, [...] dies, gin, wine and all kinds [...] temperate men use. I sell to [...] I also sell sacramental wine [...] ity. I ask all to call and see [...] ing in my line elsewhere.

The gents of town and [...] can call at John's and play a [game of] billiards on the best Mona[rch tables, and] smoke the best Havana cig[ars, or if] tobacco is preferred, he give[s ...] market for the least money.

Jno. RA[...]

JAMES HUTCH[...]

Barber & Hair[dresser]

Room on Office Row, re[...] by Dick Walker.

If you desire to have a clean shave, or have your [...] in neat and fashionable st[yle ...] call. Jacksonville.

The Republican.

AGENTS who know enough to WANTED try to sell only thoroughly useful and first class works, send for our liberal terms on the famous Dr. W. W. HALL'S great Family Medical book.

HEALTH AND HOME

by far the best out, and one with which Agents succeed better and longer than on any other. To get in the way of making money for all the part of your time, write to STANDARD PUB. HOUSE, ST. LOUIS, MO. June 28—6m

DISSOLUTION.

The firm of Crook Bros. was mutually dissolved on the 24 day of June.

Mr. John M. Crook retires, Mr. Emmett F. Crook assuming all liabilities and assets, will continue the business.

We thank the public for their generous patronage, and solicit their liberality for the the new firm, when we guarantee them kind treatment, and low prices.

Very Respectfully,
CROOK BROS.

INFANT SCHOOL.

Mrs. Ida Woodward will open in the Female Academy, Monday June 16th, a school for children. Tuition, $1 per month. June 7th—tf.

WANTED—To sell one Mill-saw and gearing—Spring wagon and 2 Buggies. Apply to H. L. STEVENSON. Jacksonville, Ala.

The first crate of tomatoes from Charleston was shipped by the steamship Virginia, on Thursday for Philadelphia. They were grown by Mr. John M. Mitchell, on his farm in Christ Church Parish.

As James Hutchinson's assistant has left him, he requests his customers to come hereafter Saturday evening for shaves.

Germania has a boot and shoe maker equal both in the finish, fit and beauty of his work to any in New York. His advertisement will appear next week.

Mr. Johnathan Pruitt, a very worthy and industrious young man, has laid the first cotton bloom of the season upon our table. It was out Tuesday morning.

LOST.—A two-bladed nearly new, large bone-handled pocket knife, make of Westenhlom. Finder will please return to this office.

FOR SALE.—Any one wishing a new six-horse thresher and mounted power of the Russel machine, can procure one that I have on hand at Ladiga, Ala.

Apply to J. B. PALMER, LADIGA, ALA.

WANTED.—Twenty bushels of cotton seed. Apply to this office.

The little poem on Moonbeams, handed us two weeks since with request to publish, has, we regret, been mislaid. If our young friend still wishes its insertion, he will please write it out again and hand it into this office.

Mr. F. C. Taylor, of Concho Mail Station, Texas, one of the largest mail contractors in the United States recently died at that place. His devoted wife had died but a short while previous. We published her obituary last week.

Some of our citizens have gone to Peeks Hill to-day (Tuesday) to participate in the Masonic celebration at that place

Many who would otherwise have gone are deterred by the pouring rain, which is at this writing descending in torrents, the editor of this paper among the number. *We* have a reporter on the ground, however, who will doubtless write it up. Messrs. Wm Hames and J. D Hammonds of this place, will deliver the address.

Attention is directed to the double column advertisement of Messrs Govan & Co, of Rome, Ga. These gentlemen are already known to our people through previous advertisements in the Republican. They carry an immense stock and give good bargains. Try them.

Commissioner John M. Patterson and Mr. J. D. Privett, of this county, returned some two weeks ago from South Carolina, where they have been sojourning several months. They look as if improved in health by the trip, and report that they were reasonably successful in the object for which they visited the Palmetto State.

THE BURT OAT.—Last season Capt. Crook of this place was fortunate enough to secure a few bushels of this remarkable oat, and from it secured this spring most splendid results. The oat has only lately been discovered by a planter of this State. They are spring oats, rust proof, and come from two to three weeks sooner than the red rust proof and other oats planted in the Fall. The oats reaped by Capt. Crook this spring were planted on the 8th of March, were the first cut in this county this season and were equally as heavy as the red rust proof.

DIED.—On the 26th inst, after an illness of but four days, of congestion of stomach and lungs, Kiziah, relict of Samuel B. Hudson deceased.

The sudden death of this good woman has cast a gloom over our entire community. Her christain virtues, her sorrows under the Providence of God, begat for her a sympathetic friendship in every heart. She was a most devoted mother, and lived in and for her children alone, and her last prayer was to be spared, God willing, to live for them longer. They have lost in her the best friend they will ever look upon again this side the grave.

But a few days ago she was in the bloom of health to all appearance. Now she is dead. What a lesson to the living, to remind them of the uncertainty of life! Let us all so live, that when our summons comes, we may, like her, be fully prepared to meet it calmly and with perfect trust.

BURT OATS FOR SALE.

The undersigned has fifteen bushels of this remarkable spring oats, which he will dispose of at a reasonable price.

Address JAMES CROOK. Jacksonville, Ala.

DEATH OF MAJ. WIGGS.

We are pained to announce the death of Maj. A. R. Wiggs, of Huntsville, who died in that city last week of consumption.

He established the Huntsville Independent before the war, but retired from that journal before the breaking out of the war and made a tour of Europe and Asia. On his return he published a book known as "Hal,s Travels" which gave him reputation as a writer of more than ordinary ability.

He was again on the editorial staff of the Independent a few years ago, and later on the staff of the Huntsville Advocate, which terminated his brilliant newspaper career.

Maj. Wiggs was a graceful writer and was an honor to journalism.

He was a particular friend to the writer, and often gave us words of cheer through his paper. He was a friend to the young men and they held him in high estimation for his sterling qualities of head and heart.

He was buried by the Knights of Honor, to which organization he was a member, and his wife will get two thousand dollars from that order. His bereaved family have our heartfelt sympathy in their sore affliction. He is quietly sleeping that "sleep that knows no waking" in the "silent city of the dead, but we will revere his memory and drop a tear of sorrow. Requiescat in pace.—Scottsboro Citizen.

Maj. Wiggs was an uncle of Mrs. Otterson Smith and Miss Alice Wiggs, of this county.

CLEBURNE NEWS.

The harvesting still goes on and is proving satisfactory to farmers. The weather has been very favorable thus far—dry and not excessively hot—and it is hoped will continue so, until the wheat is safely housed. The growing crops are looking quite well and are in good condition.

We announced last week that there would be an examination of the Edwardsville High School on the 13th inst and an exhibition at night; and at 8 o'clock on the appointed day the exercises commenced and continued without intermission until half past 11 A. M. The audience was small at the beginning, but steadily increased until the large and commodious school building could not hold them. Dinner had been prepared by the patrons of the school and the community, and at the hour above named it was announced that in twenty minutes it would be ready and all were respectfully invited to remain and partake of the refreshments. After all had been accommodated, many baskets full were taken up. At 1 o'clock P. M. the exercises in the school room were resumed and continued until 5 o'clock to the satisfaction of all interested. It was announced by Prof. N. G. Malloy at the commencement that he nor none of his pupils knew upon what they would be examined—that there were no set lessons. The pupils acquitted themselves in such a way as to satisfy all that their instructor had done his work faithfully and well. At the close of the examination, several gentlemen were called upon to address the audience impromptu. Prof. A. A. Hurst, Dr. E. T. Camp, W. B. Ferguson, Esq., Mr. W. T. Noell and Mr. John Hilton all responded to the call. After supper on the grounds the school met at the Methodist Church and formed in procession and marched to the school grounds, amid banners flying, with appropriate inscriptions. The ladies and girls were dressed in uniform, and each student carried in hand a lighted candle. This, together with the excellent music made the scene quite imposing. The school took position, according to height, on the temporary stage in front of the school house, and T. J. Burton, Esq., delivered a short address to the school and audience. Then the exhibition commenced and lasted until 12 o,clock. All seemed to enjoy the occasion fully. Good order prevailed during the whole time, notwithstanding there were some five hundred in attendance. During the interval between the pieces recited, the audience was charmed and delighted by excellent instrumental music furnished by Miss Carrie C. Shelnot, of Bowden Ga., and Messrs. Jas. H. and Wm. Johnson, of Edwardsville, Ala. At 12 o'clock Prof. Mulloy came forward and made a few remarks and announced that the exhibition had closed. Then he and the whole school sang a piece of sacred music, and the audience were dismissed. and dispersed, no doubt entertaining a better opinion of themselves than ever. W. B. F.

One hundred and fifty armed men took John Moore, who had outraged and murdered a Miss Wodward near Welford, S. C., from the custody of the Sheriff, at Spartanburg, and hung him at the place of outrage and murder!

THE WRONG MAN.

BY DUDLEY WILLIAMS

Written for the Jacksonville Republican.

Some twenty years ago, Peter Phillips, a young German of daring enterprise, married in the Old Country, shortly afterward emigrated with his young wife to the New World, and settled in the vicinity of the thriving town of Pittsburg, Penn.

After urgent and persistent solicitation, he was employed as a common laborer by a company owning some extensive coal fields, near that place.

We may infer, and correctly too, from this, that Peter was not flush in this world's goods. But he possessed within himself all the essentials of success—a strong arm, a sound judgment, and an inflexible will.

Cheered and sustained by a faithful and loving companion, he devoted himself zealously to his work, and the most wonderful results crowned his honest efforts.

From the menial employment of a common day laborer in the coal pit, he rose to the lucrative and responsible position of Chief Superintendent, and in due time succeeded to the proprietor-ship of the gigantic enterprise.

At the expiration of twenty years from the date of his naturalization, we find the still persevering Peter, an acknowledged millionaire living in all the comfort and elegance of a prince, in a palatial residence, basking in the sunny smiles of a queenly wife, and Katie and Bertha, two pretty blue-eyed daughters, aged respectively eighteen and sixteen.

Joseph, the only son, a handsome, robust young man of twenty two, was living at this time in the city of L——The heavy demand for coal at that place, supplied almost exclusive from the "Pittsburg Fields", had necessitated the establishment of a branch office and depot. Its convenient location and manifold sources of access to the towns and cities of the South, rendered it also a most excellent radiating point for the distribution of the valuable commodity.

In token of his high appreciation of his son's sprightliness and business zeal, and as a stimulus to his latent resources, the old man had given Joe full control the of branch department, at a very handsome salary.

"Manage my business faithfully and with dilligence Joe", said he, on the eve of his departure, "and it may be my pleasure ere long to take you into a partnership".

A simple nod of assurance was Joe's only reply; but the father discovered in the sparkle of determination that leaped from his eye, that his admonitions would be duly respected.

A twelve month's trial sufficed to thoroughly convince the old man, that the new enterprise was a success, and created within him almost unbounded confidence in his son's business ability. So the half-promised partnership was conferred Joe to remain as hitherto, in full charge of the branch office and depot at L——.

During his twelve months sojourn, the young man had formed quite an extensive acquaintance with the more fashionable classes of society, as natural a young man of his wealth and talents should, and the gay bells of fashion and beauty, exhausted their arts in vain to captivate him.

Quite a sensation was produced two months from this time, when he had purchased a small, but elegant residence in the South Eastern portion of the city, and fitted it up in all the lavish attire, the skillful artisan's ingenuity could suggest. 'Twas rumored that Joe had at last lost his heart in the tangled mazes of love, and been persuaded by that same little witching Cupid to take issue with "single blessedness". Many were the conjectures that flew from mouth to mouth, as to the name of the fortunate one, soon to share the wealth and love of this noble man of twenty three.

But connubial felicity had never for once entered Joe's head. certainly had no hold upon his heart. Another motive, widely different, had prompted it, and just now claimed his most earnest attention.

The following letter, written his parents a few days after, will suffice to give a superficial explanation of his actions.

We will quietly steal away to the millionaire's home and hear it from the lips of the venerable Peter himself.

In the dining apartment, adjoining the front parlor, the old man, his wife and two daughters, the morning meal over, sat pleasantly chatting in front of the comfortable grate, all luminous with dissolving coal.

Quite contrary to city custom, this family arose and breakfasted quite early, Mr Phillips being a practical admirer of "poor Richard".

The old lady was just on the point of inquiring, concerning the tardiness of the postman, when the sound of the door bell dispelled her solicitation. In a few moments the servant who had promptly responded, entered with the accustomed bountiful supply of mail.

"A letter from Joe", said the old man in a low tone, as he tore off the end of an envelop with the address "Peter Phillips and Son" neatly printed in the extreme left-hand corner.

Letters of business from Joe to his father were of such frequent occurrence that the old lady and her two daughters, not having an inordinate taste for such things, paid but little attention to the accus'tomed soliloquies of the old man on this occasion.

Mr. Phillips eagerly began to devour the contents of the letter, but his eye had scarcely rested upon the page, when halting suddenly, he glanced up at his wife who was eagerly absorbed in perusing the morning "Courier".

"It seems my dear", said he in a voice as tender as during the honeymoon twenty-five years ago, "that you have a joint interest in this epistle, as it is addressed to both of us. Wonder what's up".

The old lady looked up in surprise, while the fair maidens betrayed no little eagerness to catch every word, as the millionaire began:

My dear father and mother:

As you may suppose, continued absence from home, to one unacquainted thereto, and who has been wont daily to enjoy the loving smiles of parents and sisters, is liable to beget within such an one's bosom, a feeling of loneliness. I must confess that this is true in my case. Now I have a request to make of you, one which I am confident for more reasons than the one I have named, you will willingly grant It is simply this: I have purchased and handsomely furnished a snug little house in town, and I desire Katie to come and live with me. She shall be happy here, as every thing that can in any way contribute to her comfort or pleasure, will be at her disposal. What say you? I know Katie will be delighted with the idea Write me when, and on what boat to expect her, that I may meet her promptly on her arrival.

Affectionately Your's,
JOE.

For a moment after, Mr. Phillips had folded and replaced the letter, all were breathlessly still. Kate sat pensively gazing into the crimson grate, her face pale, her lashes tremulous, while underneath them two lustrous eyes were swimming in tears. Her joyous heart had been stunned by this wholly unexpected message from her brother, and had sunk until it had almost died within her. Why do yu ask? *Nans verrons.*

"Katie", said her father, removing his glasses, "since you are chiefly concerned in this matter, before your mother and I proceed to discuss the propriety of complying with Joe's request, we would like to hear from you first—I suppose you have been listening".

"Papa", said Katie, trying to appear cheerful, but making a most egregious failure, "yourself and mamma know what is best, and, brother Joe takes such a deep interest in me and loves me so".

Despite the most desperate efforts to restrain the emotion heaving within her bosom her tongue faltered and tear drops trickled down her cheeks. Katie was a dutiful, loving daughter, and strove above all things else to please and honor her parents.

"Katie", now spoke her mother, "Joe would be so proud to have you come and occupy his beautiful home with him; if only for a short while! You would be so much company for him, and then L——is such an elegant city! So many splendid attractions for pleasure loving ones! I am sure you would be delighted with the visit! Would you not?

"Yes mother I will go".

To be continued.

Guide TO Success WITH FORMS FOR business AND SOCIETY

is BY FAR the best Business and Social Guide and Hand-Book ever published, and much the latest. It tells both sexes completely HOW TO DO EVERYTHING in the best way. HOW TO BE YOUR OWN LAWYER, and contains a gold mine of varied information indispensable to all classes for constant reference. AGENTS WANTED for all or spare time. To know why this book of REAL value and attractions sells better than any other, apply for terms to H. B. SCAMMEL & CO., ST. LOUIS, MO. June 28—6m

WANTED.—For the purpose of popularizing our wanted column, and making it what we designed it to be—a means of effecting exchange and sale of property by our people.

We have concluded to reduce our terms of advertisement under that head, (not to exceed five lines,) to 25 cents; or, just half the price that we have heretofore charged.—This certainly brings it within the reach of every body,—who has anything to sell. That an advertisement of this kind will b r i n g a b o u t the sale of property advertised, stands to reason. A man can hardly have anything that he is willing to sell but that there is some one anxious to BUY that identical article, if he only knew where to find it. If it is advertised, he will know exactly who has it, and thus a trade will be brought about; or if he W A N T S an article, and does not know where to buy it, he can *quickly find it*, by advertising that he wishes to buy such an article. As the price we charge for this kind of advertisement is *only one-fourth* of our published rates. we shall insist on cash payments for every advertisement under the head of

W A N T E D.

No advertisement of the kind will be inserted unless accompanied by the cash. If you have anything in the way of farm products—a cow, hogs, wagon, buggy, or anything to sell, advertise it in the W A N T E D column. If you want to buy any of these things, advertise for them in the w a n t e d column, and you will be quickly supplied.

James Logan, a private detective who has spent much time on the Charlie Ross case, claims to have in his possession positive evidence that the missing boy is alive and predicts that the mystery of the abduction will soon be solved.

The Methodist says: "This thing of promising and not paying to ministers is a grievous burden on the work. In fourteen of the conferences of the Southern Methodist Church the ministers were saddled with an aggregate deficiency of almost $173,000."

LOCAL MATTERS.

The PARRS want 500 dozen eggs, 100,000 Spring Chickens, 100,000 Hides for which they will pay the HIGHEST Market Price.

A GREAT Break Down In Prices.

The Parrs are reducin their prices every day:they are buying their Goods cheaper; and consequently they are able to sell them lower.

Go to Parrs

TO BUY YOUR GOODS.

They pay cash for what they buy, and can sell lower than those who buy on time. They are offering clear side meat from 6½ to 7cts per lb: lard from 9 to 12cts: Coffee 16 to 18 cts per lb; Sugar 9 to 11cts per lb. Garden Seeds of all kinds at COST! Five hundred pounds of Sole & Upper Leather at Tanners' prices. Large lot of

TIN WARE

lower than ever sold before. Jug and Jar ware at 12½cts per gallon.

Taxes all off

Smoking and Chewing Tobacco 5cts per lb lower than ever before.

SOMETHING STRANGE!

The Parrs have got

MEA!

And will keep it constantly on hand in the future.

Why Do You Grumble

about your Flour.

Go to Parrs and get the very best, and the good wife will not make a

Wry Face

at you about it.

[illegible] ories must [illegible] an end—so do ours, and we end by saying, that we sell as good goods as any one, and more of them than any one for the MONEY

ROWAN, DEAN & CO.

JACKSONVILLE, ALABAMA.

DRY GOODS AND GROCERIES, HARDWARE QUEENS WARE, DRUGS, &C,

In fact, everything kept in a first class establishment Our Mr. Rowan attends personally to our purchas in New York, and buys to such advantage that we are enabled to give our customers the *VERY BOTTOM OF THE MARKET. TRY* us and see if you can't get *BETTER BARGAINS* than you can get elsewhere. We have the *LARGEST and BEST* assorted Stock in NORTH ALABAMA.

THE TENNESEE WAGON, THE BEST WAGON on the market, sold by us.

ROME GEO., MARBLE WORKS.

JONES & EDMUNDSON,

AMERICAN AND ITALIAN

MARBLE & GRANITE.

And Manufacturers of Tombs, Monuments and Headstones,

ROME GEORGIA.

Write for what you want, and they will write you what it will cost you.

[illegible] U R [illegible] N C E.

The undersigned is Agent for (4) four good and reliable FIRE CO PANIES of the South, to wit.

GEORGIA HOME INSURANCE CO., COLU BUS, GEORGIA
HO E PROTECTION " " HUNTSVILLE, ALA.
CENTRAL CITY " " SEL A, ALA.
COLUMBUSS INS., & BANKING CO., COLUMBUSS, MISSS.

It is wisdom to Insure your Dwellings Barns, Gin Houses, Merchandise, etc.

If you desire INSURANCE, call on me at JACKSONVILLE, ALABA A, or address me through the mails—

I think I am warranted in saying that these Companies are all in a healthy condition financially, have a CAPITAL ample and sufficient to meet all their Liabilities.

I. L. SWAN, Agent, Jacksonville, Ala.

April 26th, 1879—1 y

R. T. HOYT.

WHOLESALE DRUGGIST,

NO 43 BROAD STREET, *ROME, GA.*

W I L L S E L L

clover & grass seed

TO THE FARMERS AT WHOESALE PRICES

Send for Price List and descriptive Catalogue.

R. T. HOYT,

WHOLSALE DEALER. *ROME. GA.*

Fine Shoes.

We keep constantly on hand a beautiful assortmsnt of Gents' Fine Hand and Machine made Shoes, of the best Manufactures in the United Stotes.

ALSO, a beautiful assortment of Ladies' Fine Dress Shoes, including all the Latest Styles, by the best makers: A beautiful line of Ladies' Summer Shoes, including Newport Ties and Slippers.

Orders from a distance for Single Pairs will receive our careful attention. Shoes sent In this way, can be returned, if desired.

M. F. GOVAN & CO, 21 Broad St., Rome, Ga.

SPRINGVALE STOCK FARM.

JAMES CROOK,

—BREEDER OF—

Thorough-bred Merino Sheep, Angora Goats, Herd Registered Jersey Cattle, Berkshire and Essex Hogs,

JACKSONVILLE, ALA.

ED. G. CALDWELL,

(At the old Forney Corner,)

Has on hand the best brands of Chewing and Smoking TOBACCOS, including the popular Swanson's Pride and the celebrated Durham Smoking Tobacco's. He has the largest stock of CIG RS in Town. Among his brands you will find the Solace, Margarita, Royal, Standard and the favorite Tidal Wave.

Chocolate Creams, Imported Chow Chow. Boston Baked Beans, Salmon & Canned Goods in great variety at ED. G. CALDWELL'S.

Coffee, Sugar, Flour, Meal, Meat, Potatoes, Mackerel, Macaroni & Cheese at ED. G. CALDWELL'S.

Cheap Groceries for Cash a the old Forney Corner.

Fresh Lard at ED. G. CALDWELL'S.

Fresh Meal at ED. G. CALDWELL'S.

YOU can buy anything in the GROCERY line CHEAP for CASH at ED. G. CALDWELL'S.

Go buy one of those fine Plows of the Towers patent at ED. G. CALDWELL'S.

Splendid lot of new **Tin-ware** at ED. G. CALDWELL'S.

Finest article of kerosine oil af E. G. CALDWELL'S

New lot of stone-ware at E. G. CALDWELL'S.

YOU can buy TEN pounds of RICE for $1 00 at E. G. CALDWELL'S

YOU can buy 10 pounds of SUGAR for $1 00 at E. G. CALDWELL'S

Salt at manufacturers prices at E. G. CALDWELL'S.

YOU can buy 5 pounds of good COFFEE for ONE DOLLAR at ED. G. CALDWELL'S.

NEW FAMILY GROCERY.

The undersigned has opend out near the depot, a large and varied stock of Family Groceries, at prices certain to attract attention. I will also do a

GENERAL COMMISSION

business, both buying and selling at reasonable commission rates. I will also sell the **Standard Sewing Machine**, delivered in Jacksonville for $20 cash. It is one of the best machines now in use, and has more attachments than belong to any other machine. See Sign near depot of C. W. BREWTON.

Cancers Cured.

SCROFULOUS ULCERS AND CANCERS ARE CURABLE.

Dr. S. C. Williams, after an experience of more than thirty years, is fully convinced, that, when applied to in time, he can cure the above named diseases. As to his success in the treatment of the same, and as to his standing as a physician, he would respectfully refer to the following named gentlemen:

Dr. A. Pelham, Alexandria, Alabama
Dr. J. Y. Nesbet, Jacksonville, "
Dr. B S. Evans, White Plains, "
Judge M. J. Turnley, Gadsden, "
J. W. Whiteside, Esq. Rabbit Town. "

And to the physicians, merchants and ministers of Oxford, Ala.; also to his former patients everywhere.

Charges moderate,

S. C. WILLIAMS, M. D. Oxford, Ala

April 6th, 1878—1y.

Extract of a Letter

STERRETT, Sheby County, Ala.

DR. S. C. WILLIAMS,

Dear Sir,

This is to inform you that my cancer is now well. I would not have it back as it was one month ago for five hundred dollars. Accept of my thanks for the same. I wish the whole world could know what success you have in curing cancers, as there are numbers who are suffering with it. Your charges are very moderate and medicine comparatively mild. Your's Truly,

LARKIN VANDIVER.

G U [illegible] O

AT OLD PRICES.

The undersigned would respectfully inform the farmers of Calhoun and surrounding counties, that he has ready for delivery

SOLUBLE PACIFIC GUANO,

which he will sell at the rate of one ton for 500 lbs middling cotton, delivered Nov. 1st, 1879. Also Acid Phosphate for composting, at cheap rates. Call on J. D. HAMMOND, Jacksonville Ala.



This standard article is compounded with the greatest care.

Its effects are as wonderful and as satisfactory as ever.

It restores gray or faded hair to its youthful color.

It removes all eruptions, itching and dandruff. It gives the head a cooling, soothing sensation of great comfort, and the scalp by its use becomes white and clean.

By its tonic properties it restores the capillary glands to their normal vigor, preventing baldness, and making the hair grow thick and strong.

As a dressing, nothing has been found so effectual or desirable.

A. A. Hayes, M. D., State Assayer of Massachusetts, says, "The constituents are pure, and carefully selected for excellent quality; and I consider it the BEST PREPARATION for its intended purposes."

Price, One Dollar.

Buckingham's Dye FOR THE WHISKERS.

This elegant preparation may be relied on to change the color of the beard from gray or any other undesirable shade, to brown or black, at discretion. It is easily applied, being in one preparation, and quickly and effectually produces a permanent color, which will neither rub nor wash off.

Manufactured by R. P. HALL & CO., NASHUA, N. H.

Sold by all Druggists, and Dealers in Medicines.

W. M. NISBET, Agent, Sep 21 '78 1y Jacksonville, Ala.

MARRIED LIFE DR. BUTTS No. 12 N. Eighth St. St. Louis, Mo.

Who has had greater experience in the treatment of the sexual troubles of both male and female than any physician in the West, gives the results of his long and successful practice in his two new works, just published, entitled

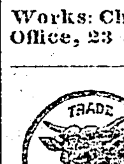
The PHYSIOLOGY OF MARRIAGE
The PRIVATE MEDICAL ADVISER

Books that are really Guides and Self-Instructors in all matters pertaining to Manhood and Womanhood, and supply want long felt. They are beautifully illustrated, and in plain language, easily understood. The two books embrace 545 pages, and contain valuable information for both married and single, with all the recent improvements in medical treatment. Read what our home papers say: "The knowledge imparted in Dr. Butts' new works is in no way of questionable character, but is something that every one should know. The Youth, the victim of early indiscretion; the Man, otherwise perfectly healthy maybe, but with waning vigor in the prime of life, and the Woman, in misery from the many ills her sex is heir to."—St. Louis Journal.

POPULAR PRICES—50 cts. each; both in one volume, $1; in cloth and gilt, 25 cts extra. Sent under seal, on receipt of price in money or stamps.

SINGLE LIFE

SMOKE BLACKWELL'S DURHAM TOBACCO



BURNHAM'S WATER WHEEL
WARRANTED BEST AND CHEAPEST. Prices reduced. *Pamphlet free.*
Also MILLING SUPPLIES.
Works: Christiana, Lancaster co Pa Office, 23 S. Beaver St., York, Pa

The Remedy of the 19th Century.

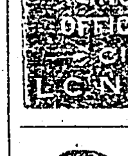


Barham's Infallible PILE CURE.

Manufactured by the Barham Pile Cure Co., Durham, N. C.

It never fails to cure Hemorrhoids or Piles, when a cure is possible. Price List and bona fide testimonials furnished on application



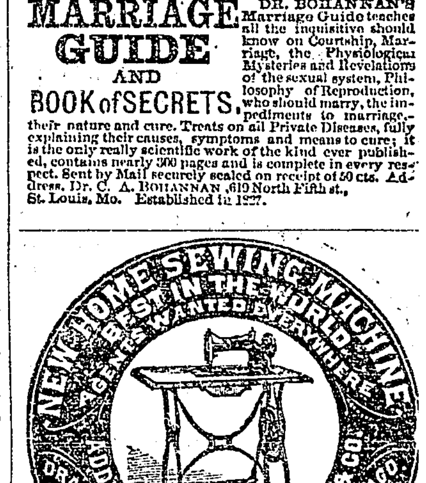


Madison Dispensary, *261 S. Clark St., Chicago, Ill.*

DR. BIGELOW, having 30 years experience, treats SEXUAL AND CHRONIC DISEASES in both sexes SAFELY, SURELY, PRIVATELY. NERVOUS DEBILITY, from sexual abuse or excesses, producing IMPOTENCY, PIMPLES ON THE FACE, &c., rendering MARRIAGE IMPROPER, can be positively and permanently cured. Will warrant every case. Pamphlet, 50 pages, 2 cents. His MARRIAGE GUIDE OR SEXUAL PATHOLOGY, 230 large pages, ILLUSTRATED, containing much that was never before published, Price 50 cts. Letters CONFIDENTIAL. FEMALE PILLS, $5, EXTRA STRONG, $10. Send 50 cts. for sample Rubber Goods, &c. by Express.

MARRIAGE GUIDE AND BOOK of SECRETS,

DR. BOHANNAN'S Marriage Guide teaches all the inquisitive should know on Courtship, Marriage, the Physiological Mysteries and Revelations of the sexual system, Philosophy of Reproduction, who should marry, the impediments to marriage, their nature and cure. Treats on all Private Diseases, fully explaining their causes, symptoms and means to cure; it is the only really scientific work of the kind ever published, contains nearly 300 pages and is complete in every respect. Sent by Mail securely sealed on receipt of 50 cts. Address, Dr. C. A. BOHANNAN, 619 North Fifth st., St. Louis, Mo. Established in 1827.



PRESCRIPTION FREE!

For the speedy Cure of Seminal Weakness, Lost Manhood and all disorders brought on by indiscretion or excess. Any Druggist has the ingredients. Dr. W. JAQUES & CO., No. 130 West Sixth Street, Cincinnati, O.

OPIUM and Morphine habit cured. The Original and only absolute cure. Send stamp for book on Opium Eating, to W. P. Squire, Worthington, Greene Co., Ind.

Watches $3 to $7. Revolvers $2.50. Over 100 latest Novelties. Ag'ts wanted. So Supply Co. Nashville, Tenn.

AGRICULTURE.

SADDLE HORSES.—It is not a good rule to use a first-class saddle horse in harness or vice versa, and horsemen all know that to use a trotter to saddle is to shorten his gait and get him in the habit of cantering. As soon as a horse finds it is easier to canter or 'run,' as it is commonly called, when going fast he will invariably take the latter gait. But with the ordinary buggy horse or saddle horse, if properly trained, it will not make any difference. The writer has trained a great many horses for saddle and harness purposes both in Europe and America, and knows that the best saddle horses in the world are never harnessed until their services to saddle are over. In England, when a horse has hunted four or five seasons he is sold to some tradesman, and then he is good for four or five more seasons for the dogcart or gig. With regard to the developement of the muscles of a horse undergoing training for either trotting or running, his muscles will all be fully developed. The horse of all work should be first thoroughly trained to saddle, as in my experience he will always work to those gaits; that is to say, when in saddle to trot or canter, but never to pace or single foot. When in harness he will learn the two latter too soon. Some people think a saddle horse ought to pace, but this is a mistake, as the canter is by far the best for horses. I speak from experience, as for the last twenty years I have been in the saddle six days out of seven. In traveling a long distance the horse which trots or canters will take you over the road with more ease than the pacing horse. A good trainer can train a horse to the saddle gaits so that these will never conflict with each other, and on the proper application of the bridle hand and the legs the horse will change his gait at any moment.

LEACHED ASHES.—Leached ashes vary *so much in character, that no precise* estimate of their value can be made. The effect of their application must depend, too, on the kind of soil on which they are used. Heavy clay is likely to be injuriously compacted by liberal dressings of ashes, leached or unleached, unless the land is in sod, in which case ashes spread upon the surface tend to increase the crop of grass. In a case reported by Mr. Billings, where large quantities of leached ashes were spread on a field of a few acres, the soil clay loam, inclining to muck in many places, there was the appearance of permanent injury from their use. The land broke up cloddy, and there was great difficulty in reducing it to a friable condition, while there was no perceptible increase of fertility. The safest and best use of leached ashes on most kinds of soil, is spreading them on old meadow or old pasture. Working them into land on which potatoes are to be planted in the same season, is also a good way to use them. Good ashes make valuable dressing for wheat land and for corn; but the leached ashes are too uncertain in their character to be recommended for such use.

BARNS.—In building barns the wants of no two farms will be found alike. One should make up his mind as to the size of barn and price, and not run beyond his means. He should have a systematic arrangement before commencing to build. It is estimated that a farm of 100 acres would cut 100 tons of hay. How large a barn should that farm have. One ton of hay is equal to 600 cubic feet, so the 100 tons would require 60,000 cubic feet. There should be a bay 60 feet long, 40 feet wide and 25 feet high. In addition we should want room for grain, driveways, threshing floor, &c. This would require a barn 120 feet long, 40 feet wide and 25 feet high of post, with a basement of stone well ventilated. Some think cattle would be better off in a boarded basement. Never store manure in the barn with cattle or under them. It should be kept in a separate shed, to which it should be hauled every day; or it could be corded up. Construct through the mows chimneys to drop hay down to the cattle—one or two rows, as the case demands. I have found that in large mows great advantage is derived by putting an empty barrel in while unloading the hay, and raising it up as the hay was built around it. A barn made of rough boards costs $1 for 3 square feet. If it is to be planed and painted, then $1 for 2 square feet of floor space. The present outlook does not warrant any one in expending enough to make these improvements, unless the farmer has something laid up in advance.

WEANING PIGS.—The following plan was furnished for weaning pigs by a New Jersey farmer: When the pigs are of the proper age to be taken from the sow shut them up in the pen in the morning; let them out a little while at noon and again at evening. The second day let them out only at morning and evening, keeping them up at night. On the third day let them out at noon for the last time. While doing this let them have all the slop they want, but refuse the mother everything except scant feeds of corn and water. This will insure the sow's drying up at once and without any evil effect.

The World in Miniature.

Mr. Grube, a maker of wax images in New York, has constructed what is claimed to be the largest globe in the world, showing the ranges of mountains and other peculiarities of the surface of the earth in relief, now in existance. Its diameter is four feet and one inch, the scale being one in 10,000,000. The range of even the Himalayas would not be visible upon this globe if the same scale were adopted for the elevations as for the map, and accordingly the relief is made upon a scale which exaggerates heights twenty times. The oceans, seas and rivers are colored blue; the continents are yellow the glaciers, ice-bergs and floating cakes of ice white. Plains and mountain ranges are clearly shown, and every part of the world is exhibited in its true character. Red, black and white lines cross the globe to indicate the isothermal belts, the variations of the magnetic needle, the date line where ships correct their logs by skipping from Saturday to Monday, and vice versa, and other facts of like character. The map has been corrected in the light of the latest discoveries down to two months ago. The northern coast of Siberia has been much altered in the atlases by the Nordenskeldt expedition the ships sailing in deep water over places marked as 500 miles inland, and being compelled to go hundereds of miles around promonotories etc., which are occupied on the maps by bodies of water. The globe is made of wood. The relief is formed by wax.

DOMESTIC.

ALUM IN BREAD.—A nuisance that troubled Europe fifty years ago is beginning to attract attention here—that is, putting alum in the bread we eat. The bread must be "light" that it may be digested; that is, it must be filled by the well-known cells we are accustomed to see in it. Where beer or ale is brewed those who understand healthy bread-making procure yeast, which "lightens" the bread better than any substitute, and is wholesome. Where yeast is not readily to be obtained, "baking powders" are resorted to, and out of them comes mischief. Bicarbonate of soda and cream of tartar, or tartaric acid, are the usual constituents of a good baking powder. Cream of tartar sells from sixty cents to eighty-five cents a pound. This high price has led "cheap baking powders" to be made of alum, as a substitute for some or all of the cream of tartar. Alum will make bread look whiter, so that baker's can make an inferior flour salable as bread by its use; and they use it, in some places calling it "rock," so that no inadvertent expression may let "outsiders" know that alum is used. Alum is an injurious article to the human constitution in large quantities, or in small quantities often repeated. It is the small quantities, taken every meal, that do the mischief in bread. Alum is cheap—three cents a pound—to the pocket, but it takes what is so saved out of the stomach, and takes it with fearful interest. Alum is an astringent, and is used by dyers and others as such. Taken frequently on the human stomach it produces heartburn, indigestion, griping, constipation, dyspepsia and kindred troubles resulting from irritation of the mucous membrane, produced by the astringent properties of alum. All these are nice things to be inflicted by the bread eaten morning, noon and evening. To young children, growing girls, persons of weakly frame and sedentary occupations this alum bread is poison more especially. If the reader wants to know something of alum let him suck a lump of it, notice its effect upon the mouth, which is something like that of an unripe persimmon; then let him reflect how it acts upon the tender, delicate coats of the stomach. Dr. Henry A. Mott, the celebrated analytical chemist, analyzed twenty-three of the baking powders most in use, and found alum in every one of them. It is time we took measures to stop this bread poisoning that kills our little ones and perpetuates dyspepsia and cholera.

"I DON'T WANT THAT STUFF" is what a lady of Boston said to her husband when he brought home some medicine to cure her of sick headache and neuralgia which had made her miserable for fourteen years. At the first attack thereafter, it was administered to her with such good results, that she continued its use until cured, and made so enthusiastic in its praise, that she induced twenty-two of the best families in her circle to adopt it as their regular family medicine. That "stuff" is Hop Bitters.

TINWARE.—Every housekeeper may not know of what they are capable in the line of keeping tinware in order. If a pan or any other vessel leaks, take a sharp knife and scrape the tin around the leak until it is bright, so that the solder will stick Then sprinkle on a little powdered resin, and with your soldering iron melt it on. Do not have the iron too hot, or the solder will adhere to that. After two or three trials you will do a job to be proud of. If you do not own a soldering-iron, procure one by all means; but when hard-pressed the knob on the end of the fire shovel or a smooth piece of iron will do, or you may hold a candle under the spot to be mended.

VEAL CHOPS WITH TOMATO SAUCE.—Trim and flatten the chops. Dip in raw egg, then in cracker dust, and fry, rather slowly, in lard or dripping. Open a can of tomatoes, and drain off the liquor. Salt the rest of the tomatoes and reserve for Friday's soup. Put the liquor into a saucepan with a sliced onion and stew ten minutes. Strain out the onion, return the juice to the fire; thicken with a great spoonful of butter, worked up in a teaspoonful of corn starch; pepper and salt. Boil up sharply, and when you have laid the chops upon the dish, pour the sauce over them.

STEAK STEWED IN A PLAIN WAY.—Fry the steak in butter a good brown, then put in a stew-pan half a pint of water, one onion sliced, a tablespoonful of walnut ketchup, a little caper liquor—pepper and salt. Cover the pan close and let them stew slowly. Thicken the gravy with a piece of butter rolled in flour, and serve them on a hot dish.

KEROSENE-OIL STAINS IN A FLOOR OR CARPET.—Cover the spots of oil with Indian meal, and when the oil strikes through, remove and put on fresh, and repeat until the oil is entirely absorbed.

Rather Thin.

A ludicrous incident occurred, one season, at "Woodlawn," on the Bloomingdale road. Jone's hotel, of that place, is ornamented with a hostler whose fun is as fearless as his face is ugly. One day in July, while twenty or thirty fast gentlemen were standing in the front balcony of the hotel, an individual rode up the path, on the thinnest horse mortal eyes ever looked upon. Leaping from his phantom steed, the equestrian said, turning to the hostler:

"Here, John, give my horse some water."

"Sir!" said John, with a look of astonishment.

"Give my horse some water!" thundered the stranger.

"Your *horse!*" ejaculated John, still more surprised.

"Yes, you fool; my horse!" and the stranger looked savagely at him, and commenced drawing the lash of his whip through his hand.

John walked toward him as though he would demand an explanation, and had taken about six steps, when he suddenly stopped as one surprised beyond expression:

"Bless my soul! says he, "I ax your pardon, sir; but your hanimal was a standin' on a line with that 'ere hitching post, and I didn't see him." The owner of the spectral beast tried to frown, but a roar from the balcony made him change his mind.

EXPOSURE TO DRAFTS when heated and sudden changes in the temperature of the atmosphere, are prolific sources of severe Colds, from which many cases of inflammation of the Lungs, Pleurisy, Asthma, and other Pulmonary Affections are developed. Should you unfortunately contract a cold, resort at once to Dr. Jayne's Expectorant, a remedy that will not only promptly cure Coughs and Colds, but will relieve and strengthen the Pulmonary and Bronchial Organs, and remove all dangerous symptoms.

HUMOROUS.

"NOT AT HOME."—A sign on Crogham street, informs the public that washing is done there, and it was quite natural that a mechanic working near by should take a bundle under his arm and call there and ask of the boy on the step:

"Bub, is the washwoman in?"

"No, sir!" was the prompt reply; "there's no washwoman lives here at all."

"But the sign says 'Washing done here,'" remarked the man.

"'Spose it does?" remarked the boy in a higher key—"'spose it does? A lady may become the victim of unfortunate circumstances to such an extent that she is willing to wash and iron shirts, but that doesn't make a washwoman of her, does it?"

"I thought it did," said the man.

"Humph! if you draw a buggy down to the shop to be repaired, does that make a horse of you?"

The man was silently turning away when the boy added:

"If you want to find the lady of unfortunate circumstances, go around to the side door, but the washwoman isn't at home."

A Benefactor of Mankind.

P. Magnus M. Mayr, O. S. B., Cath. priest, New Trier, Dacota Co., Minn., writes to P. Neustaedter & Co., sole manufacturers of *Anakesis*, Dr. Silsbee's INFALLIBLE CURE FOR PILES: I used only four of the *Anakesis* beans; the first two without observation of the prescript, therefore without success! My case was very difficult, lasting many years. I wrote for other medicaments to support the first dosis; meanwhile I took the second and third globulus according to ordinance, and since four weeks and two days after using the moistened pills, *I am cured.* Dr. Silsbee is really a benefactor of mankind. I suppose I will have no need of the second box and even not of the first one! I am cured, but I will keep it for my fellow-citizens suffering under like pain, and send hereby the two dollars, an unspeakable small amount for so great a benefit. Thanks be to God.

Respectfully, your obedient servant,
P. MAGNUS M. MAYR, O. S. B., Cath. priest.

Samples of *Anakesis*, the Great External Pile Remedy, are mailed *free* to all sufferers on application to P. Neustaedter & Co., Box 3916, New York.

ALL OF one long, happy hour mamma had been reading to the little ones, Sunday afternoon, and talking to them about heaven and the angels, and showing them pictures of angels with their snowy wings. Suddenly Jack shouted, "Mother, when I'm an angel I want to be a Shanghai—" Shocked silence on the part of the fatally circle, followed by the explanatory clause by Jack, "Feathers on my legs, you know!" Mother dismissed the congregation without the usual benediction.

A BRIGHT little fellow of four, the son of a former pastor of a flourishing church, who attends the infant class in Sunday-school, received the other day a card on which were the words, "Pray without ceasing." After his mother had explained the text, he said, "I guess I won't show that to the minister; he prays long enough now."

THE rage of building churches on the opera-house plan, and making them look as nearly as possible like theatres, has finally reached the culminating point in a Delaware church, where, in the vestibule, a printed placard reads, "Smoke if you want to."

"Ah, yes," said Mrs. Partington, some years ago on the 22d of February, as she saw the military pass by, "ah, yes; Washington is dead, and the worst of it is that his mantelpiece don't seem to have fallen on any man now living."

THE town is flooded with spurious silver coin. We asked a witty Irishman if he had any idea where they came from. "Yes, sir, they come from some feller's base-mint, and the buyer passes them to the seller again."

A DAM never smoked. Eve said she wasn't going to have the lace curtains spoiled by the nasty old smoke, and he didn't care to go out in the woodshed, for fear he'd set something afire.

A DOMETIC named Angelica Jordan has passed over her last name and become a portion of her first name She attempted to kindle a fire with coal oil.

A PUPIL in one of our puplic schools recently revised an old saying in his grammar, as follows: "It is better to give than to receive—a thrashing."

As people learn how true economy it is to use Dobbins' Electric Soap, (made by Cragin & Co., Philadelphia,) the common, adulterated, dishonest soaps are being driven out of the market.—Try it.

"SEE how I ride over the raging mane!" exclaimed a man who was thrown over the horse's head into a ditch on the other side of the fence.

A NEW HAVEN editor announced that he had seen "a pure white swallow," and a wicked contemporary suggests that it was one of Holland gin.

THE boy who was getting a little too large to enjoy the flattery of his mother's sisters, said he had got "sye-ophants" long ago.

SOLILOQUY by a tippler: "The public always notices when you have been tippling, but never when you are thirsty."

"HOW CAN I leave thee?" said Adam to Eve. She made no reply, but pointed calmly to a fig-tree in the distance.

IN THESE artistic days, when you are asked to take a drink, you are requested to "decorate your inside."

WHEN the schoolmaster reduced the boy to submission it was an unfair contest, because it was tutor won.

IT IS too never late to mend. Even the devil had his darning-needle.

Somebody's Child.

Somebody's child is dying—dying with the flush of hope on his young face and an indescribable yearning to live and take an honored place in the world beside the companions of his youth. And somebody's mother is thinking of the time when that dear face will be hidden where no ray of hope can brighten it—when her heart and home will be left desolate—because there was no cure for consumption. Reader, if the child be your neighbor's take this comforting word to the mother's heart *before it is too late.* Tell her that consumption is curable, that men are living to-day, aged, robust men, whom the physicians pronounced incurable at the age of twenty-five, because *one lung had been almost destroyed by the disease.* Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery is a most efficient alterative for separating the scrofulous matter from the blood and lungs, and imparting strength to the system. It has cured hundreds of consumptives.

An Austrian clockmaker named Jean Wirtz is said to have invented a rifle with which from 400 to 500 shots can be fired each minute. The mechanism of the weapon has some resemblance to the movements of a watch, and the cartridges are so arranged as to form a sort of lengthened ribbon. The handling of the piece is said to be a very simple affair; and the inventor is engaged in perfecting those parts proved by experiments to be defective, in order that the arm may be used in war.

WOMEN NEVER THINK!—If the crabbed old bachelor who uttered this sentiment could but witness the intense thought, deep study and thorough investigation of women in determining the best medicines to keep their families well; and would note their sagacity and wisdom in selecting Hop Bitters as the best and demonstrating it by keeping their families in perpetual health, at a mere nominal expense, he would be forced to acknowledge that such sentiments are baseless and false.

Reporting by Machinery.—A reporting machine at the Paris Exposition, known as "La machine Stenographique Michela," the latter being the name of its inventor, attracted much attentian. The claims made respecting it are that after a fortnight's practice, any person can take down in shorthand characters a speech however rapidly delivered. It is a small instrument, piano-like in form, with twenty-two keys, white and black, and the stenographic characters are small and impressed on slips of paper. Signor Michela claims to have classfied all the sounds which the human organs of speech are capable of producing, and to have so constructed his machine that it shall report with unerring fidelity whatever is said in German, French, Italian, Spanish and English. The machine is highly ingenious, and seems to have stood several practical tests satisfactorily.

Complexional Indications.

The complexion of persons whose digestion is out of order, who are bilious, or who lack vigor, always exhibits an unhealthy tint. It is by regulating the bodily organs and promoting digestion and assimilation, that the parchment hue indicative of ill health, is banished from the cheeks. To rectify the fault of a sallow complexion, use Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, an invigorant and alterative which removes those obstacles to renewed strength, physical comfort and personal attractiveness—an imperfect digestion and secretion, and a disordered condition of the bowels. Persistence in the use of this inestimable corrective and tonic will assuredly result in renewed physical regularity and vigor, will tend to increase bodily substance, and cause the glow and clear color of health to return to the sallow, wasted cheek.

FOR PIMPLES on the Face, use *Hieskell's Tetter Ointment.*

Cancer can be Cured

By Dr. Bond's new discovery—a positive cure for this dread malady—*no knife, no caustic, no pain.* Dr. Bond's success in treating Cancer is truly marvelous. Remedies sent to any part of the world, with full directions for successful home treatment. Send a description of your case, or any cancer sufferer you may know of. Pamphlets and full direct ons sent free. Address, Dr. H. T. Bond. Parad'a., Pa.

IF YOU Would Enjoy Good Health Take *Hoofland's German Bitters.*

RHEUMATISM.

This dreadful disease, the doctors tell us, is in the blood, and believing this to be true, we advise every sufferer to try Durang's Rheumatic Remedy. It is taken internally and positively cures the worst case in the shortest time. Sold by every Druggist in town.

IF Troubled with Constipation, take *Hoofland's German Bitters.*

WORMS. WORMS. WORMS.

E. F. Kunkel's Worm Syrup never fails to destroy Pin, Seat and Stomach Worms. Dr. Kunkel, the only successful physician who removes Tape Worm in two hours, alive with head, and no fee until removed. Common sense teaches if Tape Worms be removed all other worms can be readily destroyed. Advice at office and store free. The doctor can tell whether or not the patient has worms. Thousands are dying, daily, with worms, and do not know it. Fits, spasms, cramps, choking and suffocation, sallow complexion, circles around the eyes, swelling and pain in the stomach, restless at night, grinding of the teeth, picking at the nose, cough, fever, itching at the seat, headache, foul breath, the patient grows pale and thin, tickling and irritation in the anus—all these symptoms, and more, come from worms. E. F. Kunkel's Worm Syrup never fails to remove them. Price, $1.00 per bottle, or six bottles for $5.00. (For Tape Worm, write and consult the Doctor.) For all others, buy of your druggist the Worm Syrup, and if he has it not, send to Dr. E. F. Kunkel, 259 N. Ninth, street, Philadelphia, Pa. Advice by mail, free; send three-cent stamp.

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Gives tone to the stomach. It improves the appetite and assists digestion; excites the bowels to healthy action, expelling all the foul humors that contaminate the blood, corrupt the secretions and offend the breath. It excites the liver to a healthy action and strengthens the nerves imparting that glow to life that proceeds alone from perfect health.

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IF YOUR Liver is Disordered *Hoofland's German Bitters* will set it aright.

IF YOU are Dyspeptic *Hoofland's German Bitters* will cure you.

WE would call the attention of our readers to the advertisement of the old and well established house of French, Richards & Co., Philadelphia, which appears in another column of our paper. This firm having achieved, during thirty-five years of successful business a reputation for furnishing the best and most reliable goods at the lowest prices, desire to call special attention to their new production, strictly Pure Lead, tinted and mixed ready for use. The selection of colors is arranged to suit all tastes, comprising all the most beautiful and durable tints now in use. This paint is guaranteed to be perfectly pure lead only, and weighs 16 pounds to the gallon, while competing brands being largely composed of alkalies and water, weigh only about 12 pounds to the gallon, making French, Richards & Co's very much cheaper at the same price per gallon. It has been used and tried in various sections, but the most severe test has been at sea-side resorts, where the salt air quickly attacks and destroys or linary paints. Wherever used, French, Richards & Co's Pure Tinted Lead has come out victorious and been pronounced the best in use. For parties desiring to mix their own paints, they furnish the same article in the same colors, in paste form, while to buyers desiring the best grade of White Lead, without color, they offer their old and well known brand of Pure Buck Lead, as well as a full line of paints and painter's materials.

Hieskell's Tetter Ointment Will cure every form of Tetter.

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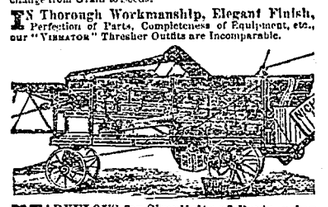
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THEY CURE
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$1000 IN GOLD.
Will be paid for a case they will not cure or help, or for anything impure or injurious found in them.
Ask your druggist for Hop Bitters and try them before you sleep. Take no other.
Hop Cough Cure is the sweetest, safest and best. Ask Children
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THE Matchless Grain-Saving, Time-Saving, and Money-Saving Threshers of this day and generation. Pronounced all over for Rapid Work, Perfect Cleaning, and for Saving Grain from Wastage.


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AFTER USING THEM FOR SEVERAL YEARS.
NEW YORK, Jan. 4, 18
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Truly yours, (signed)
DR. RADWAY. THURLOW WE

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RADWAY'S READY RELIEF
CURES THE WORST PAINS
In from One to 20 Minutes
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Radway's Ready Relief is a Cure
EVERY PAIN. It was the first and is

The Only Pain Remedy
that instantly stops the most excruciating pains, allays Inflammations and cures Congestions, whether of the Lungs, Stomach, Bowels, or other glands or organs, by one application.
IN FROM ONE TO TWENTY MINUTES
no matter how violent or excruciating the pain the RHEUMATIC, Bed-ridden, infirm, Crippled, Nervous, Neuralgic, or prostrated with disease may suffer,
RADWAY'S READY RELIEF
WILL AFFORD INSTANT EASE.
INFLAMMATION OF THE KIDNEYS,
INFLAMMATION OF THE BLADDER,
INFLAMMATION OF THE BOWELS,
CONGESTION OF THE LUNGS,
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The application of the Ready Relief to the part or parts where the pain or difficulty exists will afford ease and comfort.
Thirty to sixty drops in half a tumbler of water will in a few moments cure Cramps, Spasms, Sour Stomach, Heartburn, Sick Headache, Diarrhea, Dysentery, Colic, Wind in the Bowels and all Internal Pains.
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THE GREAT BLOOD PURIFIER
FOR THE CURE OF CHRONIC DISEASES
SCROFULA OR SYPHILITIC, HEREDITARY OR CONTAGIOUS,
be it seated in the Lungs or Stomach, Skin, Bones, Flesh or Nerves, corruption in the solids and vitiating the fluids.
Chronic Rheumatism, Scrofula, Glandular Swelling, Hacking Dry Cough, Cancerous Affections, Syphilitic Complaints, Bleeding of the Lungs, Dyspepsia, Water Brash, The Leucorrhœa, White Swellings, Tumors, Ulcers, Skin and Blood Diseases, Female Complaints, Gout, Leprosy, Salt Rheum, Bronchitis, Consumption.
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Not only does the Sarsaparillian Resolvent exce. all remedial agents in the cure of Chronic Scrofulous, Constitutional and Skin Diseases, but it is the only positive cure for
Kidney & Bladder Complaints
Urinary and Womb Diseases, Gravel, Diabetes, Dropsy, Stoppage of water, Incontinence of Urine, Bright's Disease, Albuminuria and all cases where there are brick dust deposits or the water is thick, cloudy, mixed with substances like the white of an egg, or threads like white silk, or there is a morbid, dark, bilious appearance and white bone-dust deposits, and when there is a prickling, burning sensation when passing water, and pain in the small of the back and along the loins.
Sold by druggists, PRICE ONE DOLLAR.
OVARIAN TUMOR
OF TEN YEARS' GROWTH CURED BY RADWAY'S REMEDIES.
Dr. RADWAY & CO., 32 Warren Street, NEW YORK.

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Perfectly tasteless, elegantly coated with sugar gum, purge, regulate, purify, cleanse and strengthen. Radway's Pills for the cure of all disorders of the Stomach, Liver, Bowels, Kidneys, Bladder, Nervous Diseases, Headache, Constipation, Costiveness, Indigestion, Dyspepsia, Biliousness, Fever, Inflammation of the Bowels, Piles, and all derangements of the internal viscera. Warranted to effect a positive cure. Purely Vegetable, containing no Mercury, mineral or deleterious drugs.
Observe the following symptoms resulting from disorders of the Digestive Organs:
Constipation, Inward Piles, Fullness of Blood in the Head, Acidity of the Stomach, Nausea, Heartburn, Disgust of Food, Fullness or Weight in the Stomach, Sour Eructations, Sinkings or Flutterings in the Pit of the Stomach, Swimming of the Head, Hurried and Difficult Breathing, Fluttering at the Heart, Choking or Suffocating Sensations when in a lying posture, Dots or Webs before the Sight, Fever and Dull Pain in Head, Deficiency of Perspiration, Yellowness of Skin and Eyes, Pain in the Side, Chest, Limbs, and sudden Flushes of Heat, Burning in the Flesh.
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Information worth thousands will be sent you.

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BLOOD PURIFIER
Is Tonic, Cordial, Anti-Bilious,
CURES LIVER COMPLAINT, BILIOUSNESS, JAUNDICE, SICK HEADACHE, NAUSEA, FEVER AND AGUE, PALPITATION, CONSTIPATION,
DYSPEPSIA
and all Diseases of the Stomach, Liver, and Blood. It builds up the system, is pleasant to take, does not sicken, give pain, nor leave the system constipated, as other medicines do.
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Keep your liver active and your blood pure, and you may save your doctor's bills. This is not a patent medicine, but prepared by the Case from his favorite prescription, used in his extensive practice for over 27 years. Recommended by all known remedies. *Its success is simply wonderful.*
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EXTRAORDINARY INDUCEMENTS offered. Send for Circular and Terms to Agents. HOME MEDICINE CO., Philadelphia.
Sold by all Druggists, General Stores, and Peddlers. Price, 25c.; Large Bottles, half pint, 50c. Box of 6 Large for $2.75, sent by express. Trial Bottle free. Ask your Druggist for it.

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