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DESERTED.

A briery lane, where wild birds sing
All through the summer day;
A beech-tree old, whose branches fling
Long shadows o'er the way.

A nest, built up in the rustling boughs,
Lined soft with moss, so green,
A tiny dwelling—a woodland house
With leaves for a sheltering screen;

Three delicate eggs, that pearl-like lie
Beneath two brooding wings.
A mate that hovers all watchful by,
Or sits beside, and sings.

A careless boy, with a pitiless heart,
That cares not for loving things;
A bird, that rises with timid start,
On sacred and fluttering wings.

A sorrowful note of plaint and woe
Rings out in the quiet air,
And the pearl-like eggs lie crusted below,
On the beech-roots, old and bare.

And still, in the boughs of the old beech-tree,
'Mid its rustling sprays of green,
The deserted nest you still may see
Peep out from its verdant screen,

But the bird on its gay and gladsome wing
Returns to the nest no more;
And the mate that would sit on the boughs and sing,
His summer songs are o'er

And nought can bring from the happy Past
When light and love have fled
(Though the walls of the dear old home may last,)
But memories of the dead.

Adrienne's Mistake.

Adrienne Huntley sat thoughtfully reading two letters. Her father and brother had long since finished their breakfast and departed to their daily avocations. Still she did not move, her barely tasted coffee had grown cold, and the spaniel, Carlo, waited in vain for his usual knob of sugar.

Very pretty was Adrienne, though now an anxious frown contracted her delicate brow. The male population of Coinwood were not far wrong when they declared her to be the belle of the town. Not often would you meet with such a pure-tinted complexion, such lustrous dark eyes, such a coronol of glossy chestnut plaits, or such a perfectly proportioned figure.

At length she rose, and ringing to have the table cleared, went about her usual household occupations.

She neglected nothing. The pantry was duly inspected, stores were given out, pastry was made, and the necessary amount of dusting was accomplished. But during the performance of these customary duties, her face never lost its *distrait*, pre-occupied expression.

The last post the night before had brought her an offer of marriage. This offer was from a gentleman whom she respected much, but certainly did not love. He was, though, very rich, and the owner of considerable property in the neighborhood.

Then by the first post that morning had come another proposal. Strange to say, from the cousin of her other suitor. He, however, had neither land nor money to boast of, being by profession an artist, and at present only an unknown, unappreciated one.

Hence arose Adrienne's difficulty. She liked her rich lover, but alas! for the contrariety of human nature, she loved her poor one. But, then, all her life she had to pinch, and contrive and manage. Her father was a poor doctor in a poor parish, and every pound his patients paid him was spent in anticipation long before it found its way into his waiting hand.

A new pair of gloves or a new ribbon was a subject for deep rejoicing to his pretty daughter, while the cunning turnings and twistings and re-trimming that her bonnets and dresses underwent, would fairly have astonished a young lady of more ample means.

Consequently a sharp temptation now assailed her. Should she bid adieu to poverty, and shabbiness, and second-rate living, and accept George Morley, and with him the certainty of a splendid home, carriages, plentiful jewelry, and all those countless luxuries that wealth can purchase? Or should she—bravely resisting the enticing prospect—consent to become Guy Morley's wife, and her presence and sympathy soothe and encourage him in his struggles and disappointments?

It was hard to decide, and all the morning she hesitated and wavered. In the afternoon irresolution was no longer possible. Yet even with her desk open and writing materials ready, she paused. What should she do? Which should it be? At last, with pale face and compressed mouth she dipped her pen in the ink and wrote two short notes. And the one of acceptance was for George Morley and the one of rejection was for his cousin Guy.

These dispatched, she hoped her mind would be at peace. But now she felt wretched and miserable, and in the twilight, when she played to her father, and sang his favorite old ballads, her voice had a harsh, strained tone, and suddenly, in the midst of the concluding verse of "Auld Robin Grey," she broke down completely, and burst into tears.

"Why, Addie, child, are you not well? Is anything the matter, dear?" exclaimed her father.

"I—my head aches. I will go to bed I think. Good night, papa."

Once in her room the pent-up feelings so long repressed had their way. Now that it was too late she would have given her right hand to retract her decision. Position and comfort, dresses and diamonds, of what value would they be without him?

A sleepless night passed, and she arose tired and heavy-eyed. Every knock at the door, every step at the door, every ring at the bell, caused her to tremble with fear and apprehension. She must expect an early visit from her favored suitor; she must expect him to arrive radiant with triumph, and how should she meet him?

It was evening, but he had not come. Her father had been called to a patient at some distance, her brother had gone to attend a lecture on vivisection, and Adrienne was alone in the drawing-room.

She could not sit still, so out through the open French window she stepped, and across the smooth-cut grass.

At the end of the lawn was a moss-grown path, and up and down this she paced, her dress of soft gray making her moving figure distinctly visible against the sombre background of an ivy-colored wall.

The sunset hour was passed, the opal hues of the sky were darkening, when a step on the gravel startled her, and a man's figure came hastening toward her.

Instinctively she recoiled, and would have fled; but in a moment she was folded in strong arms and hot kisses fell on her cheeks, and lips and brow.

"I—I" she began, trying to release herself.

The waning light revealed who it was that held her in such close embrace. Resistance was at end then.

She forgot that her troth was plighted elsewhere—forgot everything but the present rapture, as she let her head drop forward on Guy's breast.

"Oh! my darling—my darling?" he murmured, in passionate accents, "what have I done to deserve such happiness? I scarcely dared to hope that you would be mine, and when I got your sweet little letter, I think I was nearly delirious with joy for a time."

"My letter? Why, it—why, I—"

You expected me before, dearest? You thought me a tardy wooer, did you not? But I have strange and wonderful news to tell you, my beautiful one?"

"Oh! Guy, stay—stay. Have you my letter with you? Let me see it, please?"

Reluctantly, and with many fond endearments, he withdrew his arm and produced the precious epistle.

She read it, and her blushes were succeeded by a deadly pallor, as she discovered that she must have put the notes in the wrong envelopes, so that the letter of acceptance had reached "G. Morley, Esq., care of Mrs. Prett, Laburnum Cottage," and the letter of rejection had gone to "G. Morley, Esq., Peterwood Hall." Their initials and surnames being the same had rendered such a miscarriage perfectly easy and undetectable.

Unwittingly she had had obeyed the dictates of her heart. Should she now let things be as they were? Should she say no word, but allow her lover to remain in blissful ignorance of her former mercenary determination? No one had been in her confidence; even her father had been unaware of the receipt of her two proposals. But honor and loyalty whispered nay. She must tell Guy all, and then—and then—

He had become impatient, and would have drawn her to his side again but she stepped back.

"No, no, wait. I—I have something to say to you."

Very low and quivering was her voice.

"Yes, darling, I am listening, but do not try my patience too much. You have not given me a single word of welcome yet."

Whiter she grew.

"I made a mistake. I did not write this letter to you."

"Did not write that letter to me, Adrienne? Oh, Heaven! what do you mean?"

He sprung forward and grasped her arm so fiercely that she winced with pain. His face was ghastly, and his eyes were fixed on her with wild entreaty.

I had a proposal of marriage from Mr. George Morley, and I wrote this letter to accept it."

"And what was my answer, then?" he hoarsely interrupted.

"It—I said I was sorry, but I could not be your wife, but—"

He staggered back. The revulsion of feeling was too much, and he felt stunned and dizzy.

For the first time since she had begun her explanation she raised her head and looked at him. With a cry she sprang to him.

"Oh, Guy, forgive me, forgive. It is you I care for, you I love. I have been so unhappy ever since I sent the letters. It was his wealth tempted me. I have been so poor all my life, and thought it would be so nice to be rich; but when I had written I saw my wickedness. I knew I never could be happy with him, and I did not know what to do. I have been dreading that he would come all day, and I was afraid to see him."

She clung to him in agony; but he was passive and silent, making no motion to hold her.

"Oh! Guy, speak to me," she moaned; say you do not utterly despise me!"

Gently he disengaged her hands, slowly he retreated a pace.

"You would have thrown me over because I was poor; you would have married George because he is rich."

"Yes," she faltered, standing like a criminal before him, her bosom heaving and her fingers tightly entwined.

"You would have done violence to your own feelings; you would have deceived him by a pretence of affection, when all the while his wealth was the attraction?"

"Yes," came the low pitiful whisper.

And I—I should have been treated as a daring, presumptuous fellow, who—"

"No—no! I never should have thought that. You do not know how bitterly I repent. Oh! forgive me, even if you can no longer love me!"

She waited, her very attitude pleading for mercy; then, sadly, and with lagging feet, she turned to go.

Scarcely a dozen yards had she proceeded, when, with a hasty stride or two, he had overtaken her.

She shrank away.

"Spare me any further reproaches. You are cruelly just; for a moment of weakness you would mete out a lifetime of punishment."

"My darling!"

She started and turned, and the love she thought was forfeited forever, she knew was hers still.

"I must tell you my news now, dearest. I had a telegram yesterday summoning me to London at once. I went and found it was from a firm of lawyers. They told me that a distant relation, from whom I had not the slightest expectations, had died, and left me a large fortune, I stayed just to sign a few papers, then hurried back, for I was eager to have your answer. It was waiting at my lodgings; and, as soon as I read it, I came straight here. So you see, dear, you will have a rich husband after all."

"Hush—hush! Don't—please don't!" she begged.

"Forgive me, dear one! I was wrong to speak so. But you forget that you have not yet sealed your promise to me."

"What do you mean?"

"Not one kiss have I received, and I have been very patient, I think. Sweetheart, I claim my due now."

She lifted her rosy lips, and the seal was set to their betrothal.

A Night's Rest.

The food passes from the stomach at the right side, hence its passage is facilitated by going to sleep on the right side. Water and other fluids flow equally on a level, and it requires less power to propel them on a level than upward. The heart propels the blood to every part of the body at each successive beat, and it is easy to see that if the body is in a horizontal position the blood will be sent to the various parts of the system with greater ease, with less expenditure of power, and more perfectly than could possibly be done if one portion of the body was elevated above a horizontal line. On the other hand, if one portion of the body is too low, the blood does not return as readily as it is carried thither; hence, there is an accumulation and distension, and pain soon follows. If a person goes to sleep with the head but a very little lower than the body, he will either soon wake up or will die with apoplexy before the morning, simply because the blood could not get back from the brain as fast as it was carried to it. If a person lays himself down on a level floor to sleep, a portion of the head at least is lower than the heart, and discomfort is soon induced; hence, very properly the world over the head is elevated during sleep. The savage uses a log of wood or a bunch of leaves; the civilized a pillow, and if this pillow is too thick, raising the head too high, there is not blood enough carried to the brain, and as the brain is nourished, renewed, and invigorated by the nutriment it receives from the blood during sleep, it is not fed sufficiently, and the result is unquiet sleep during the night, and a waking up in weariness, without refreshment, to be followed by a day of drowsiness, discomfort, and general inactivity of both mind and body.

The healthful mean is a pillow which, by the pressure of the head, keeps it about four inches above the level of the bed or mattrass, nor should the pillow be so soft as to allow the head to be buried in it and excite perspiration, endangering ear ache or cold in the head on turning over. The pillow should be hard enough to prevent the head sinking more than about three inches.

A New Stove.

A fat citizen having in view the purchase of a new coal stove, was yesterday standing in front of a new store, when a newsboy halted and respectfully said:

"I s'pose you've seen the new stove, the one that beats 'em all."

"I don't know that I have," was the calm reply.

"You orter see this, sir. They are allus talkin' 'bout these coal stoves which save ten per cent. of fuel, and now they've got one."

"Have, eh?"

"Yes'r, I saw this one going the other day hot 'nuff to bake an ox, an' it didn't burn any coal at all—not even a pound."

"Is that possible. Why, I never heard of such a thing. Didn't burn any coal at all?"

"Not an ounce, and it was throwing out an awful heat."

"Well, that beats me. I don't see how they got the heat."

"They burned wood, sir," was the humble reply.

The man tried to coax the boy within reach, but the lad had to go to the post-office.

The pleasure of doing good is the only pleasure that never wears out.

Sweet is Revenge.

He was a very estimable young man, and her parents had invited him to stop to supper. She was behaving in the most charming manner, while the old folks beamed benevolently around the table on all. There was one dark cloud, however. The young heir, aged eleven, was evidently not at ease, and gave premonitions of an outbreak of some nature, that certainly would not appear well before a visitor. A slight nervousness pervaded the behavior of the young miss in consequence of this fact.

"Father!" ejaculated the heir, during a lull in the conversation, and with such suddenness that the young man bit his tongue.

"What is it, my son?" inquired the father mildly.

"Do you know where Jen was las' night?" said the heir, malevolently scowling at the visitor as he spoke.

"Hush, Charley," said the sister, with a horrible look, while the young man turned red, white and blue in rapid succession.

"Never mind, now," said the mother soothingly.

"Oh, yes, you say never mind—oh yes!" exclaimed the heir, malignantly "but if you'd seen 'er an' this feller's arm a holdin' on her shawl——"

"Oh, what a lie!" screamed the yung lady, hysterically, while the young man grasped the sides of the chair and tried to pull himself out of his perspiration-soaked shirt.

The father was equal to the occasion. He grabbed the heir by the ear, and lifted him tarough the door. And when the horror-stricken young man soon after tottered out the door and down the street, the dreadful boy stood behind the fence, and hissed through a crack:

"Oh, you sop-headed pill—you—you boarding-house-hash masticator, perhaps youll make yerself kind enough to 'squeal' on me again when you see me with the fellers in swimming on Sunday down at the brick-yard."

Japanese Fireworks.

On a recent visit to a manufactory of Japanese fireworks, the proprietor courteously insisted upon sending up a couple of his magic cases, as unlike the foreign rocket as can well be conceived. Out of one of these burst clouds of variegated hue, with fantastic accessories, but which were blurred and smothered by the murk behind. From the other emerged a tricol or flag, which was seized by the wind and borne rapidly far out into the bay, "mere wattage of the air." Night and day rockets—we must use this word for want of a better—are neither of them self-propelling. They are shot perpendicularly into the air from mortars imbedded into the soil at right angles to the horizon. Perfect accuracy of flight is thus insured, a result hardly attainable with the Western stick and self-propulsion system. The ordnance is made of wood—very often mere pine, though camphor wood is preferred. Every mortar is composed of two pieces, each like half of one of the metal mortars in use among our armies, supposing the instrument to be split downward from the mouth to the breech. A touch-hole is bored in the lower extremity of one of these half tubes, and the two are then solidly and tightly bound together with bamboo strips, just as buckets and tubs are coopered, but continuously from end to end. The engine is then complete. It only remains to plant the solid portion of the butt firmly in the ground, and all is ready for action. These toy mortars are of various sizes, from a foot or 18 inches to 7 feet in length, and with a diameter, within the tube, of from 1½ to 6 inches. A good one will bear 700 or 800 discharges. The extreme ordinary range is 1,200 yards, though a higher elevation can be attained by affixing wings to the missile. This latter is sometimes of spherical or more generally of cylindrical form. In the latter case the bursting charge is contained in a globe at the bottom of the cylinder. Suppose one of these about to be discharged. A mortar of suitable bore is sponged out, a charge of powder is dropped into the muzzle, and a quick fuse is put in the touch-hole. If you have looked closely at the projectile you have seen at the flat extremity two little loops of twine, the object of which may have puzzled you. It is now apparent. The operator passes through them, from side to side, a piece of stout cord, with the aid of which he lets the firework carefully down till it touches the charge, and then withdraws the cord. A fire stick is applied to the fuse, and instantly the contents of the gun are hurled straight into the air. Now, as we said above, the bursting charge is in the globular portion of the bomb, and this part is lowest in the gun, so that its time fuse, communicating with the detonants, may ignite with the discharge. But the whole case is so weighted that, as soon as it leaves the muzzle, top and bottom are reversed, with the result that the fuse burns, and the explosion or explosions take place upward, the wisdom of which arrangement will be at once apparent. There is practically no end, excepting the period of descent of the case or its component parts, to the number "surprises" which could be put in one rocket, in which both for night and day exhibitions the system followed is the same. Explosive charge, compartment, dragon or stars; explosive charge, flag, or luminous crysenthena; explosive charge, etc., to the end of the chapter. We will now tell as much as we dare, or it would be fair to say, of what Mr. Hirayama puts inside his missles. And we frankly confess that, compared with what we do not know, what we do know of the matter is very little indeed. Certain questions could neither have been properly asked or wisely answered. Moreover, if his own artists keep him in the dark as to many of their operations, what could be expected of him or them towards a stranger. The brighter or more expensive of the figures emitted from smoke or cloud are made of silk; by far the greater number, however, are formed of a very soft, light, but singularly cohesive paper. In the cast of dragons, tigers, fish, birds, and such like, the material is cut, sewn and painted in the form and colors of the object intended to be represented. But this is not enough. It is necessary that the image shall assume its proper posture in the air, when released from the space in which it is folded and packed as lightly as possible; that it shall float lightly, and descend but gradually. To insure this requires, as may be imagined, great nicety of adjustment of the flimsy texture. Small leaden weights are disposed here and there about the figure, and small circular holes are cut in carefully determined spots on the belly, back, legs and head for the admission and exit of the air which keeps it inflated. Flags and banners, pictures and screens, are in one piece; their folds are opened, and they themselves are kept continually in a visible position to the eye in the flight and descent, by small weights, as above, but only on that edge which should be downward. All of the simple, and many of the more elaborate cloud effects are produced by colored earths of fine consistency, judiciously disposed; others are the result of the combustion of aerial commixture of certain chemical substances.

A Nevada Shepherdess.

A party of gentlemen, recently, returned to Virginia, Nevada, from a prospecting tour North and East of that place and while searching for a hidden ledge over the hills some five miles north of the Badger mine, they came upon a veritable shepherdess among the foothills. Whatever of the romantic which is usually attached in the mind to thoughts of such an adventure, in this instance give way to the stern realities of the case. There was no "fairy creature with her crook, tending her father's flocks," but "a woman, wrinkled and wry," and of three-score years, leading a herd of from 275 to 300 goats. She was clad plainly, if not neatly, in an apron like a school-girl's, armless and open in front—"simply this and nothing more." She was making her headquarters within the inclosure of three rough stone walls, with an old wagon-cover over one-half the top, and the front being wanting. Her couch would scarcely do for a Morpheus-wooing contrivance for a modern belle. It was half a blanket and a sack of wool for a pillow. The food on hand consisted of a pound and a half of flour, which she used by mixing it in water and drinking it in place of tea and coffee. She had also two dried up slapjacks, on one of which she was nibbling. She added to these luxuries such portions of the flesh of her kids killed by coyotes as she was able to recover. But the boys appear to have caught the shepherdess away from her home. She told them where she lived, and invited them to call. It was five miles away, over the mountains. In the course of their wanderings they found the place, and accepted the invitation accordingly, although the mistress of the mansion was not at home. They found there eight pounds of beans and about as many of bacon, eight chickens and nary a rooster among them. She explained this to them on their return. She got hungry in the spring, and killed the rooster, as the hens were laying, and she did not care to eat them up. They also found there a sort of dress, and the other half of the old lady's blanket. She refused to talk much of her history or tell her name. She said, however, that she used to keep the house on the other side of the desert. At the time of the Reese river excitement her husband left her, and she has never seen him since. She then lived with Sam Dildine, but he had gone off and left her, taking 21 head of her cattle, and she did not know where he or her kine were. She started in as a shepherdess with one goat of her own and two others which were given her, and from these had sprung in six years her entire herd, besides all which had died and been killed by coyotes. This shows the advantages of herding in Nevada. When the prospectors left her they gave her provisions enough to last a couple of weeks.

Fruit Culture in the United States.

Fruit culture is making rapid progress in the United States. According to recent official statements, the land appropriated to this branch of industry is 4,500,000 acres. Upon this there flourish 112,000,000 apple trees, 28,000,000 pear trees, 112,270,000 peach trees and 141,260,000 grapevines. The total value of the fruit crop in the Union is set down at $138,216,700, an amount equal to half the value of the average wheat crop of the country. Towards this large sum apples are held to contribute $50,400,000; pears, $14,130,000; peaches, 46,135,000; grapes, $2,118,000; strawberries, $5,000,000, and other fruit $10,432,000.

FOOD FOR THOUGHT.

Wise men make opportunities, others wait and find them.

He who knows no language but his own does not even know that.

Who hath sorrow; who hath woe? They that tarry long at the watermelon.

People always retain sufficient energy to do that of which they are convinced.

Flowers are the sweetest thing that God ever made and forgot to put a soul into.

We are often more agreeable through our faults than through our good qualities.

Let memory fail so long as you can rely on your judgment at a moment's notice.

Our greatest glory consists not in never falling, but in rising every time we fall.

Change of fashions is the tax which industry imposes on the the vanity of the rich.

There is no man so friendless but that he can find a friend sincere enough to tell him his faults.

Politeness is money, which enriches not him who receives it, but him who dispenses it.

You cannot dream yourself into a character; you must hammer and forge yourself one.

The heart that is soonest awake to the flowers is always the first to be touched by the thorns.

Socrates being asked the way to honest fame, said, "Study to be what you wish to seem."

A fixed idea is like the iron rod which the sculptors put in the statues. It impales and sustains.

The flights of the human mind are not from enjoyment to enjoyment, but from hope to hope.

We often think ourselves full of philosophy when we are simply happy over our food and drink.

The heart that is soonest awake to the flowers is always the first to be touched by the thorns.

The grandest of heroic deeds are those which are performed within four walls and in domestic privacy.

It is always more safe, on matters of healthy human sentiment, to trust to poets than to philosophers.

Without a belief in personal immortality religion surely is like an arch resting on one pillar, like a bridge ending in an abyss.

The sweat of one's brow is no longer a curse when one works for God; it proves a tonic for the system and is actually a blessing.

An ignorant teacher is like a blind torch-bearer with an unlighted torch; he holds it up, but it gives no light, and he does not know it.

Charity toward the weaknesses of human nature is a virtue which we demand in others, but which we find very hard to practice ourselves.

Memory and hope are set like stars above the soul—the one shining dimly through the twilight of the past, the other lighting the archway of the future.

Education is not a charity it is a necessity, and parents are guilty of a crime against the State when they refuse to give their children a decent education.

A beautiful form is better than a beautiful face; a beautiful behavior is better than a beautiful form; it gives a higher pleasure than statues and pictures; it is the finest of the fine arts.

I protest against the unfair distribution of the world's work, which can only be well done when every man and woman is fixed to work, and condemned by public opinion if they refuse to work.

We can easily manage if we will only take, each day, the burden appointed for it. But the load will be too heavy for us if we add to its weight the burden of to-morrow before we are called to bear it.

He that will put time and eternity before him, and who will dare to look steadfastly on both of them, will find that the more often he contemplates them the former will grow greater and the latter less.

Want of goods is easily repaired; poverty of soul is irreparable. Socrates, seeing a great quantity of riches, jewels and furniture of great value carried in pomp through the city: "How many things," said he, "do I not desire?"

Carry the radiance of your soul in your face. Let the world have the benefit of it. Let your cheerfulness be felt for good wherever you are, and let your smiles be created like sunbeams "on the just as well as on the unjust."

There is no power like that of oratory. Cæsar controlled men by exciting their fears, Cicero by captivating their affections and swaying their passions. The influence of one perished with its author; that of the other continues to this day.

Men may as well expect to grow stronger by always sitting, as wiser by always reading. Too much overcharges nature, and turns more into disease than nourishment. It is thought, which is mental digestion, which makes books serviceable, and gives health and vigor to the mind.

The financial wrecks of our times, the miseries endured by so-called "successful men," the ups and downs of commercial life and the general unhappiness of the very rich, ought to teach the philosophy of contentment to those who enjoy a respectable and modest income, without cares or harassments.

Many of us have to lament, not so much a want of opportunities in life, as our uneasiness for them when they come. "It might have been," is the language of our hearts oftener than words of complaint and murmuring. God sends us flax, but our spindle and distaff are out of repair or mislain, so that we are not ready to use them.

There is no place on earth where human feet stand so burdened with fearful responsibilities to God and to man, as the pulpit of salvation. "Put off thy shoes from off thy feet," said God to Moses in the presence of the burning bush, "for the place whereon thou standest is holy ground." "Keep thy foot when thou goest to the house of God," said Solomon. Invisible angels stand around every pulpit, and the Son of God is there looking on, and sees and hears.

The Republican.

SATURDAY, NOV 2 1878.

FOR CONGRESS—7th DISTRICT

W. H. FORNEY.

The letter addressed to Mr. Stiff, we print at the request of Gen. Walker. He wrote us that it had been sent to the Cherokee Advertiser, Oct. 1st, and that if it did not appear in that paper, he wanted it in the Republican. If it has appeared in the Advertiser, we have failed to see it; and hence, after waiting more than a reasonable time, we comply with the request of Gen. Walker, and give it a place. It is with reluctance we re-open through our columns, the subject of controversy between the Republican and Advertiser. The death of the senior editor of this paper ended it in the first place, for a time, and, the generous and sympathetic words from the editor of the Advertiser to us in an hour of deep distress, erased entirely from our memory, the recollection of any word or sentence we might have deemed unkind on his part during the contrversy, and with us ended it fe ever.

LETTER FROM GEN. WALKER

HUNTSVILLE, ALA.,
Oct., 1st, 1878.

Editor "Cherokee Advertiser,"
Centre, Cherokee Co., Ala.

Sir, I observe in the "Jacksonville publican," of September 28th, 1878, that you re-iterate the charge heretofore made against me, that I voted for D. P. Lewis for Governor of Alapama. You have, likewise in a former article, charged me with having opposed Gov. Houston's election.

In your article copied into the Republican, of date September 28th, you said: "We confidently believe that Mr. Walker, as did Chief Justice Brickell, supported Lewis against a democratic nominee for Governor."

As you do not know me personally, I take it for granted, that there can be no malevolence in your article. Indeed, you say, that this information was received from the "fountain head itself, "and that it is openly avowed on the streets of Huntsville, where both live." My answer to these charges, so far as I am concerned, is, that they are wholly false. I warmly supported Col. Herndon, and voted for him, for Governor. I earnestly opposed Governor Lewis, and voted against him. I was among the very first who advocated the nomination of Gov. Houston in 1874, and I warmly and earnestly urged his election, and voted for him in 1874 and 1876.

Your informant, whoever he is, has deliberately perpetrated a falsehood: and it is your duty to me to publish this letter, and your duty to yourself to publish his name. The calumny is without excuse, and its author deserves exposure. I do not object to opposition, but think I have just right to complain of deliberate misrepresentation.

I am Sir,
Very respectfully,
L. P. WALKER.

The Legislature will convene on the 12th inst. There is much important work for it to do. We shall try to keep our readers posted as to the proceedings, and let the people know whether their servants are "good and faithful" or not. This is a journalist's privilege, as well as his province. He stands on the watch-tower to guide the people's interests. He cannot be silent either in praise or blame of the acts of public men, where they are "honest, capable and faithful," he should let the people know it. There they lack either of these essential elements, as shown by the record, it is his duty also, to tell the people, in order that such a servant may be dismissed as "unprofitable." It is the intention of the REPUBLICAN to be fearless to praise or blame where deserved, regardless of consequences.

John. H. Forney tickets have been sent to all the voting precincts in the county. We hope they will be used.

—ASHVILLE AEgis. 30th

If you do use them, you will use the wrong ticket. The name of our nominee is Wm. H. Forney, a brother of Gen. Jno. H. Forney.

The day before and openinfi day of the Fair, was rainy and exceedingly gloomy, but Wednesday about 12 o'clock it cleared off, and the prospects brightened. At this writing, articles for exhibition are coming in fast, and the promise of a big attendance is as good as at any previous exposition.

On account of the bad weather Wednesday, the Fair was continued over Saturday.

A lady with three twins, all exactly alike, came in to visit the Fair Wednesday, and created quite a flutter of excitement. A dense crowd gathered around the wagon, containing the mother and infants. Some one proposed, we understand, a purse for the mother, and the silver fell in quite a shower for a few moments. It has been proposed to her to enter them at the Fair.

Remember that the election for Congress comes off next Tuesday, the 5th. Don't fail to vote. It is the duty of every citizen to vote every time, oprosition or no opposition. In this case it should be the pleasure of every citizen, to go out and vote for so good a man, and so faithful a public servant as Gen. Forney.

Our representation in the next Congressional Convention may be measured by the vote we cast this time. Therefore, vote. Calhoun is now the fourth county in importance in the next State Convention by reason of her vote in the last election. Let us not grow weary in well-doing.

A terrible torn recently, did great damage to shipping.

Those who did not come to the Fair missed it.

The vote of Garth on the District of Columbia Bill was all right, and we do not approve of the warfare of Col. Lowe upon it. It will in time, be sprung upon every Representative from Alabama; and we now tell the people there is nothing in it. It was only a vote to give the Government of Washington city into the hands of the tax payers of that city, and take it out of the hands of the Government clerks, negroes and tramps who infested the city and controlled it, yet paid no taxes. Lowe charges Garth a desire to restrict sufferage. Universal suffrage was not of our own making; and when a man takes up the cudgels for it, he becomes the champion of the Radical Congress that forced the Reconstruction measures upon us. We know Col. Lowe, and like him, and we are sorry that he finds it necessary to descend to such claptrap to secure his election over the nominee of the party.

Hon James F. Grant, the senior editor of the Jacksonville Republican, died at his home in Jacksonville on Thursday, the 10th inst. Had he lived three months longer he would have completed the period alloted to man for this life—three score and ten years. A native of North Carolina, he came to Alabama in 1834, ere his manhood had shaken off the dew of youth, or fully unfolded to public view those stirling attributes of true manhood that so adorned and beautified his character throughout his long life of usefulness Settling at Jacksonville, he at once established the Republican, and from that until his death he continued its editor. During that long period he never ceased to raise his voice and wield his pen in the interest of his State and country. Truth, justice, honesty, and the rights and liberties of the people never had a more zealous or fearless advocate than he. He espoused the cause of right with all the strength of his vigorous mind, and labored for its success early and late. With injustice, tyranny, dishonsty and corruption he held no sympathy, and his fearless denunciations of everything savoring of these were withering and terrible. In public and private life he illustrated the religion he professed, and it may be said of him in truth, that he was the highest type of man—a christian gentleman. He filled the responsible position of State Treasurer for two years, and discharged the duties of that office as he did all others that devolved upon him, with the greatest fidelity. By his cotemporaries of the press he was held in the highest esteem, and being the oldest among them, was revered and honored as a father. In his death Alabama has lost one of her truest and noblest sons. He leaves behind him an example well worthy of imitation. We extend our sympathies to the bereaved family.

—Columbiana Sentinel.

We direct attention to the advertisement of the Talladega Fair in another column. Our neighbors have made large preparations to make the first Fair a grand success, and we have no doubt but they will succeed admirably. Many attractions are promised visitors, and we hope Calhoun will be largely represented there.

Administrator's Sale of Land.

Under and by virtue of an order issued by the Honorable, the Probate Court of Calhoun county, Alabama, the undersigned as Administrator of the Estate of Miles W. Abernathy, deceased, will sell at public outcry to the highest bidder, the following described lands to-wit:

Lots one, seven and eight in section 16 containing eighty acres each—also a part of S W quarter of section 15, beginning at southwest corner, thence north 53° W 160 poles to the half mile stake; thence north 84½° east 155 poles to a stake and pointers on east side of mountain at D. Hoke's corner; thence south 53° east 160 poles to a stake and pointers on section line between sections 21 and 22; thence with said line to beginning, including the line Merchant Mills and all appurtenances; also 100 acres in section 15 adjoining the lands of Alfred and Jos. Hoke, and a part of the home tract—all in township 14 and range 8. Also one-half interest in Tan Yard Lot in the Town of Jacksonville, containing one and one half acres in northeast corner of section 15, township 14, range 8; also southeast quarter of southwest quarter of section 28, township 14, range 8—all in Calhoun county, State of Alabama and adjoins the corporate limits of the town of Jacksonville

TIME, PLACE OF SALE & TERMS.

Said lands and mills will be sold at the mills on Monday the 2nd day of December, 1878, in lots of 80 acres.

Purchasers will be required to pay one third cash, one third in twelve months thereafter and one third in two years.—Note with two approved securities will be required for the unpaid purchase money.

H. L. STEVENSON,
Administrator &c.

Notice of Land Renting.

The undersigned, as Executor of the Estate of Thos. K. Cook, deceased, will proceed, on

MONDAY the 11th day of NOV. next, to rent for the ensuing year, the lands of the estate of said deceased, at public outcry. The cultivable land consists of three lots, one lot of about eighty acres, one of fifty-five acres and one of about forty acres.

Said land will be rented at White Plains, Ala., upon a credit of twelve months. Parties renting will be required to give note and approved securities for the payment of the rents.

WM. C. SCARBROUGH,
Executor.
Oct. 26—3t.

Encourage Home Manufacture.

ED. REPUBLICAN:—I would like a little space in your valuable paper for the good of our country and the public generally.

I have purchased from Mr. E. G. Morris one of his Turbine Water Wheels, of small size, (20 inches in diameter) for the purpose of running my cotton gin, and have given it a fair trial, and am pleased to say that it comes fully up to my highest expectation. By its power I can easily, at the present low state of water, gin ten bales of cotton in twenty-four hours; while I could not gin more than 3 bales in the same length of time with my old wheel under the same circumstances. I find it simple of construction, durable, compact of fine finish and workmanship—runs rapidly with a strong steady motion,—takes very little water to run it, and wastes none:—it costs but little over half of what it would to get one of the same capacity from the North.

I would cheerfully recomend all persons owning water-power and in want of a wheel to purchase the Morris Turbine wheel, and keep their money at home, instead of sending it North to further enrich already bloated capitalists.

A. M. WHITESIDE.
Oct 26—3t.

Sale of Personal Property.

Under and by virtue of an order issued by the Honorable, the Probate Court of Calhoun county, Ala., the undersigned as Guardian for J. B. Williams will sell at public outcry to the highest bidder, the following personal property to wit: 1 horse, 1 mule, 2 wagons, household and kitchen furniture, plows and plow gear; 1 yoke of oxen, 500 bushels corn, 800 bundles fodder and various other articles not mentioned. Said personal property will be sold at the residence of said John B. Williams on Monday the 18th day of Nov. 1878. Purchasers will be required to pay cash for articles sold under ten dollars; for all articles sold for over ten dollars, notes payable 12 mos, from date with two approved securities, will be required.

J. W. WILLIAMS,
Guardian &c.
Oct 26—3t

TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN.

NOTICE is hereby given that the undersigned will petition the next General Assembly, to pass a law authorizing her to peddle without license.

SALLIE A. W. McADAMS.
Jacksonville Oct. 26th 1878.

NEW GOODS

Just Arriving at the Store of

W. C. LAND & CO.,

JACKSONVILLE ALA.,

A full line of Fall and Winter Goods, of Every Grade, Suited to the people's wants, Viz: Alpacos, Worsted figured Dress Goods, Calicoes, White Goods, Hoisery, Sheetings, Pellow Casings, Ladies' Under wear, both Worsted and Cotton, and a Great Variety of Notions, as well as a heavy Stock in men's wear in Jeans, Deesklngs, Suitings, waterproofs &c., with a heavy Stock of

READY MADE CLOTHING,

of fine Quality, made from English & Scotch Goods. Also

BOOTS AND SHOES

of Every Grade and Description, Ladies' boots and Shoes, Misses' and Children's boots & Shoes, in Great Varieties—Boots at $1,25 up, women's Shoes at 75 cents up to every price desired. Sole Leather constantly on hand, with a fine lot of Crockery, Iron Stone, China and Common ware, umbrellas, Men's fine and common Hats, with a special lot of

GROCERIES,

Sugars, Coffee, Soda, Rice, Pepper, Nails, Horse & Mule Shoes; all of which we will sell at the lowest possible price for cash. All are invited to call and examine for themselves

Sept 28—4t.]

PUBLIC NOTICE

ALEXANDRIA, ALA.,
Oct. 19, 1878.

IS hereby given to all parties upon whom I hold Guano Notes, specifying Cotton option, that they will be deprived of said option, if the cotton is not delivered by the first of November, 1878 as that is the specification in the face of said notes.

The notes specify low middling cotton and a lower grade will not be received in payment of said notes. The time is nearly out and we hope every bale of the cotton will be delivered at Weavers Station without delay; arrangements have been made with Messrs. Ledbetter & Co. to receive the same.

W. P. COOPER.
Oct 26—2t.

NOTICE.

On, or about the 28th of Feb 1859, a Duplicate Land Warrant, No. 32642, was issued to Ellis Lott, for 120 acres, and said Duplicate warrant has been lost or destroyed, having been filed by me in the Register and Receiver's office at Centre Ala., on the 20th July 1861. And that I have made application to the Commissioner of the General Land office for the issue of a duplicate for said warrant, No 32642.

October 3rd 1878.

JAMES KEMP.
Kemp's Creek, Ala.

EXECUTOR'S SALE OF LAND.

Under and by virtue of an order issued by the honorable, the Probate Court of Calhoun county, Alabama, the undersigned, as Executor of the last will and testament of J. J. Henderson, late of said county, deceased, will sell at public outcry to the highest bidder, the following described lands, to-wit:

The West ½ of North East ¼, East ½ of North West ¼, W. ½ of North West ¼ & a strip thirteen rods wide, lying South of the above described land—all in Section 7., Township 16. Range 6; and known as a part of the Border's Mill Tract—situated in Chockolocco valley, in said county.

Time, Place of Sale, and Terms.

Said lands will be sold at Harmony church near said lands, on Monday the 25th day of November 1878

Purchasers will be required to pay one third cash—one third in twelve months thereafter, and one third in two years; Notes bearing interest from date, with two approved securities, will be required for the unpaid purchase money.

W. F. JORDAN.
Executor &c.

TAX COLLECTOR'S Last Round.

I will attend at the following places, and on the days mentioned below, for the purpose of collecting the State and County Taxes, for the county of Calhoun, Ala., for the year 1878.

Precinct No. 7 Webster's Chapel, Monday Dec. 2 1878.
Precinct No 8 Green's School house Tuesday Dec. 3 1878.
Precinct No 6 Cross Plains Wednesday Dec. 4.
Precinct No 10 Ladiga Thursday Dec. 5
Precinct No 10 Rabbit Town Friday Dec. 9
Precinct No 11 White Plains Saturday Dec 7.
Precinct No 12 Davisville Tuesday Dec. 10.
Precinct No 13 Oxford Wednesday Dec. 11
Precinct No 15 Anniston Thursday Dec. 12
Precinct No 2 June Bug (4 mile school-house) Friday Dec 13
Precinct No 1 Jacksonville Saturday Dec. 14.
Precinct No 4 Ganaway's School house Tuesday Dec. 17.
Precinct No 14 Sulphur Springs Wednesday Dec. 18.
Precinct No 5 Polkville Thursday Dec 19.
Precinct No 2 Alexandria Friday Dec. 20.
Precinct No 6 Peeks Hill Saturday Dec. 21.

I will also attend Jacksonville for 5 days at the close of the month of Dec., to-wit: the 25th, 27th, 28th, 29th, 30th and 31st. All taxes will become delinquent on the 1st day of January 1879 if not paid before that day.

JANES M. WEBSTER,
T. C. C. Co.
Nov. 2.—8t

REGISTER'S SALE.

Under and by virtue of a decree of the Chancery Court for the 1st District of the Eastern Chancery Division of the State of Alabama, rendered at the June term of said Court, 1878, in the cause of E. L. Woodward vs. Geo. I. Turnley, David Atkins, James A. Gladden and A. M. Whiteside, I will, as Register of said Court, sell to the highest bidder for cash, before the court house door of Calhoun county Ala., on Monday the 4th day of November next, the following described house and lot in the town of Jacksonville, Ala., described as follows: fronting on Depot street and bounded on the west by L. W. Cannon's residence lot, on the north by lot on which L. J. Parr resides, on the east by vacant lot formerly owned by J. D. Hammond and better known as the Wm. Adams house and lot, in section 11, township 14, range 8, east in the Coosa Land District, Calhoun county, Ala. Said house and lot will be sold to satisfy said decree in favor of the complainant, E. L. Woodward, and against the said Geo. I. Turnley, David Atkins, James A. Gladden and A. M. Whiteside.

Also at the same time and place and on like terms, under a decree of said Chancery Court, rendered at said June Term, 1878, in the cause of E. L. Woodward vs. Robert Adams and George I. Turnley, I will sell an undivided one-third interest in the following described land to wit: a portion of section 27, T. 14, R. 8, east, containing one hundred and twenty acres more or less in north-east corner of said section and more particularly described as follows: Beginning at the northeast corner of said section No. 27, thence south 85° west 61 poles and 5 links to a stake and pointers in a road, thence south 18° west 18 poles to the Boiling Springs road and with said road south 18° west 68 poles to a stake, thence with the meanderings of said road south 12½° west 54 poles, thence south 34° east 42 poles, thence sout 27° west 14 poles, thence south 33½° west 14 poles to the middle of little Tallasahatchee creek, thence up the creek with its meanderings, south 69° east 9 poles, thence south 29° east 7 poles, thence south 59° east 10 poles, thence south 79° east 7 poles, thence 55° east 6 poles, thence north 47½° east 42 poles, thence north 18° east 8 poles, thence south 66° east 20 poles, thence south 85° east 12 poles to a point where Cruthfield's line formerly was, now J. A. Stevenson's line, it being the east line of said section, thence with said line of said section to the beginning corner. Said land will be sold to satisfy said decree in favor of E. L. Woodward vs. the said Robert Adams and George I. Turnley.

WM. M. HAMES,
Register
Sep 28—5t

45 Years Before the Public.

THE GENUINE

DR. C. McLANE'S

CELEBRATED

LIVER PILLS,

FOR THE CURE OF

Hepatitis, or Liver Complaint,

DYSPEPSIA AND SICK HEADACHE.

Symptoms of a Diseased Liver.

PAIN in the right side, under the edge of the ribs, increases on pressure; sometimes the pain is in the left side; the patient is rarely able to lie on the left side; sometimes the pain is felt under the shoulder blade, and it frequently extends to the top of the shoulder, and is sometimes mistaker for rheumatism in the arm. The stomach is effected with loss of appetite and sickness; the bowels in general are costive, sometimes alternative with lax; the head is troubled with pain, accompanied with a dull, heavy sensation in the back part. There is generally a considerable loss of memory, accompanied with a painful sensation of having left undone some thing which ought to have been done A slight, dry cough is sometimes an attendant. The patient complains of weariness and debility; he is easily startled, his feet are cold or burning, and he complains of a prickly sensation of the skin; his spirits are low, and although he is satisfied that exercise would be beneficial to him, yet he can scarcely summon up fortitude enough to try it. In fact, he distrusts every remedy. Several of the above symptoms attend the disease, but cases have occurred where few of them existed, yet examination of the body, after death, has shown the LIVER to have been extensively deranged.

AGUE AND FEVER.

DR. C. McLANE'S LIVER PILLS, IN CASES OF AGUE AND FEVER, when taken with Quinine, are productive of the most happy results. No better cathartic can be used, preparatory to, or after taking Quinine. We would advise all who are afflicted with this disease to give them a FAIR TRIAL.

For all bilious derangements, and as a simple purgative, they are unequaled

BEWARE OF IMITATIONS.

The genuine are never sugar coated.

Every box has a red wax seal on the lid with the impression DR. MCLANE'S LIVER PILLS.

The genuine McLANE'S LIVER PILLS bear the signatures of C. McLANE and FLEMING BROS. on the wrappers.

Insist upon having the genuine DR. C. McLANE'S LIVER PILLS, prepared by Fleming Bros., of Pittsburgh, Pa., the market being full of imitations of the name *McLane* spelled differently but same pronunciation.

SHERIFF SALE.

BY virtue of one alias fi fa. issued from the the circuit court of Calhoun county, & to me directed, in favor of A. Summer vs John M Carroll and James F. Grant, I will sell to the highest bidder for cash before the court house door in the town of Jacksonville, Ala. on the first Monday in October next, one Empire Sewing Machine, levied upon as the property of John M. Carroll to satisfy said alias fi fa.

sep 14—3t. D. Z. GOODLETT, Shff.

SHERIFF SALE.

BY virtue of one fi fa. issued from the Circuit Court of Calhoun county and to me directed, in favor of Oscar Crook vs John M. Carroll and John B. McCain, I will sell to the highest bidder for cash, before the court house door in the town of Jacksonville, Ala. the first Monday in October next, one Piano Forte, levied upon as the property of John M. Carroll to satisfy said fi fa.

D. . GOODLETT, Sheriff.
Sep 14—3t.

A REQUEST.

Owing to the prevalence of yellow-fever throughout Mississippi, and now at Decatur, Ala. and Chattanooga, Tenn., I would urge upon our citizens the importance of putting their premises in a cleanly condition, by removing any and all kinds of filth, and by making a free use of lime on back yards, and especially at privies. Copperas may be used to advantage in cellars, closets and fire places.

Resp'y J. D. HAMMOND.

REAL ESTATE AGENCY.

JACKSONVILLE, ALA.

For information in regard to any of the Lands mentioned below, parties can apply to the undersigned either by letter or in person. Letters of either buyers or sellers promptly and cheerfully answered. Parties with the means and the desire to purchase will be shown any lands advertised at the expense of the undersigned. Those having lands to sell are invited to communicate with him, when commission for selling, directions for writing advertisement, etc. will be given.

L. W. GRANT.
Real Estate Agent, Jacksonville, Ala.

$1200. Three hundred acres on road to Greensport, eleven miles from Jacksonville, one mile from Pegg's Hill Post Office, known as Fuller's Ferry place; 70 acres in cultivation, balance well-timbered in Oak, Poplar, Hickory and Black Walnut. Three good springs on the place. School house and Church on the premises.

TERMS—Half cash, balance in one and two years. Title perfect. A bargain

$400.—EIGHTY acres of fine wood land, within three miles of Jacksonville, on main road. Two thousand loads of wood can be cut from it. Growth mostly Post Oak. Land very good. It is a bargain at $400.

$2 000. TWO HUNDRED ACRES OF LAND splendidly improved, heavily timbered and well watered. It is situated on the Jacksonville and Gadsden road, seven miles from Gadsden. Daily mail both ways. One of the most desirable places in the county. Terms made known on application.

$1.700. THE undersigned offers a bargain in a FARM near Jacksonville for $1,300. It contains one hundred and twenty acres of land, nearly all cleared—good orchards, three good farm houses, out houses, two bold springs (one freestone and one limestone), running water in every lot, and about ten acres of the very best meadow land in this county. One of the farm houses was put up last fall at a cash expense of six hundred dollars. The present proprietor gave for the place, since the war, $3,500. Desire to move to Texas is his reason for selling at a sacrifice.

$1500. ONE HUNDRED & FIFTY-FIVE acres of land more or less. Good new dwelling of five rooms—not quite complete. Fine springs within a few steps of the door. Good outbuildings. Excellent tan yard site. About fifty acres under fence. Land produces well Natural fish pond on the place Fine range for stock. Situated four miles south of Jacksonville on public road from Jacksonville to Oxford. Good stand for blacksmith and woodshop.

$4,000 SIX HUNDRED ACRES of fine river bottom land.

Three payments—three good settlements on the place—Five good springs, gin house, screcher, and one of the finest orchards in the country. First bottom, 150 acres. Second and creek bottoms, 150 acres. 180 acres open. Enough pine timber on the upland flats to pay for the land at the ruling price per tree, within one mile of the river. The healthiest location in the country. A boat landing on the plantation One boat a week from Rome, Ga. The bottom lands are very rich and inexhaustible. Specialty roads to interior markets,

$4,000 THREE HUNDRED & twenty acres, situated on the Oxford Road, one mile from White Plains, Calhoun county, in the rich and fertile valley of Choccolocco. One hundred and forty acres in cultivation balance well timbered. A running stream and two good wells, one good dwelling house, sub-building, stables, stock houses, tenant houses &c. on the place. Best adapted to cotton, yields fine corn and wheat crops. Last year thirty acres of this land made seventeen bales of cotton. Fine orchard of all kinds of fruit and splendid garden spot. Located within a half mile of church, school-house and post office. Excellent settlement. One of the most desirable locations in the county. Terms of payment made known on application.

$3 100 ONE HUNDRED & SIXTY ACRES on Oxford and Gadsden road, one mile from Phillip's mill. Eighty acres open and in fine state of cultivation—balance well timbered. A new framed house 32x64 with seven rooms, necessary outbuildings, and tenant house on the place. Never failing well of water within twenty steps of the door. One feature of this place is the orchards and vineyard The apple orchard contains 200 bearing trees of best varieties. The peach orchard is large and choice. The vineyard contains 200 bearing vines of different varieties of grapes suitable to this country—one-half acre of same already trellised. Proprietor made this year seventy gallons of wine, in second year of bearing. Convenient to churches and school. Terms $1500 cash; balance in one and two years.

$1 300 THREE HUNDRED AND TWENTY ACRES, situated two miles, and a half from Phillip's mill on Oxford and Gadsden road. Well improved. Two story 7 room ceiled and papered dwelling, barns, stables, two good wells, and apple and peach orchards on the place. 125 acres open; balance fine land to clear. Large spring on and running water through the farm the entire year. A good stock farm and a bargain. Terms one-half cash—balance on time

A BARGAIN.—400 acres or more, sold in separate tracts or together. Embraces fine flouring and corn mill, saw mill and cotton gin. Two sets of framed dwellings and outhouses. Four good settlements included. Land in good state of cultivation. Terms to suit purchaser.

$2,000—THIRTY-TWO—Acres, lying within 300 yards of the court house in Jacksonville, known as the Fielding Snow place. Fine meadow land, with bold spring branch running through it. Has upon it good stables, crib and other buildings. The spring branch furnishes sufficient water power for a flouring mill. Fine location for a tan-yard—vats already made, bark shed and finishing house standing and in fair order The yard could be put in thorough order at small expense. $500 cash, balance in 1, 2, & 3 yrs

$400 One Hundred and twenty acres. Forty acres under fence. Lies on Gosben[illegible] the road, two miles northeast of [illegible]. Churches and school houses convenient. Four room frame house and good tenant house on the place and fine well of water in the yard. Mineral spring near. Orchard.

Terms.—$250 next fall; balance the fall following.

$1,650 One hundred and sixty-six acres three miles northeast of White Plains on southside of Choccolocco creek, the creek being the line. Good dwelling and all necessary outbuildings. Well of water in yard. The land is fine and well watered. Orchard. Sixty acres cleared and in high state of cultivation. Good school within one mile and a half. Churches convenient. Terms cash.

AT A SACRIFICE.—Two town lots. One known as the Hudson livery stable lot; the other facing the south-west corner of the public square. Terms made knewno n application

VALUABLE LEAD MINE.

The undersigned has been authorized by the owners in Georgia and Tennessee to sell the valuable lead mine, west of this place, that was so successfully worked by the Confederate Government, for six thousand dollars. This mine sold before the war for thirty-two thousand dollars. There is money in it, and the attention of capitalists is invited to it as a good investment.

Address, L. W. GRANT,
Jacksonville, Ala.

$4550 Six hundred and forty acres, known as the Gregle place, six miles north of Jacksonville on the S. R. & D. R. R Two hundred acres in high state of cultivation. Splendid farm house and several good outhouses, gin, barn and every convenience, fine stand on a first class turn. Orchard. Land fine and splendidly watered. Elegantly adapted for a stock farm. A capital bargain. Terms, one-third cash, balance in one and two years.

$5000 Seven hundred acres one hundred and seventy-five acres in cultivation All in one tract one and a quarter by three quarter miles square. Watered by two mountain branches and several springs The spring at the dwelling is White Sulphur. There is besides a good well in the yard and one in the horse lot, both supplied with pumps. The dwelling is nearly new, built in tasteful style, and nicely paled in. It cost $2000. There is on the place six good tenant houses, gin house and screw, large barn and stables, well built store house, shoe and blacksmith shops, tan yard of 20 vats, two bark sheds, one leather finishing house and many other buildings necessary to a well improved farm and country merchant's stand. It is convenient to churches, and there is a good school on the place. Merchant mill in two miles. The soil will compare favorably with that of most lands in Calhoun. The health of the place is surpassingly good and the scenery delightful. Titles perfect. Terms one-third cash, balance in one and two years.

$10 000.—SIX HUNLREED and forty acres. Two hundred and fifty acres cleared. Of the improved land, about fifty acres is rich Choccolocco Lottom. Of the unimproved land, about one hundred and twenty acres is of the same character. The remainder is first class upland. The creek flows through it for half a mile, and for the whole extent there is a splendid cane brake sufficient to winter fifty head of cattle. The cane brake range for winter, and the mountain range (one mile distant) for summer, renders it one of the best stock farms in the country. The place has upon it all the improvements necessary to a first class farm. The dwelling house is a six room two story elegantly finished building. Dining room, kitchen, smoke-house, well-house and pantry are all of brick. There is a cellar passage from house to dining room. The house, yard and purse lot are watered by pipes conveying pure free-stone water from the mountain near by. Church, good school and merchant mill in convenient distance. There is no more desirable place offerd for sale in the county. Terms—one-third cash, balance in one, two and three years, or longer if purchaser desires it, and he pays interest paid up.

$2 000 EIGHTY-SIX ACRES—FIFTY cleared and in good state of cultivation. Land very fertile. Good dwelling, stables, gin house and screw, tenant house and other necessary out buildings. Choccoloco creek is the line on the East side of it. Good young orchard. Splendid well at dwelling and tenant house. It is known best as the McAuley place. Title perfect. Terms cash. Convenient to churches, and good school within one and one-half miles of the house.

Dirt Cheap!

HOUSE AND LOT FOR $350 CASH.—Six room house, kitchen and stable. Rooms plastered or ceiled; porches in front. Lot contains 128 feet front and extending back 240 feet. Fine fruit, and well on premises. 300 yds. from Court House Possession given 1st of January 1878. A good investment for any person desiring to move to Jacksonville for school facilities.

TWO THOUSAND DOLLARS. A great bargain, a town lot situated about two hundred yards west of the depot, in the town of Jacksonville, Ala., containing seven acres more or less, on which is located a corn and flouring mill. This is a convenient and valuable location for wool Carder or cotton Gin, one or both as well as milling. One-half cash, balance one and two year, with interest. If the property is not sold pretty soon, it can be leased for a term of years.

$50 160 acres—15 in cultivation—good framed 4 room dwelling and outbuildings—well in yard—running water through it—excellent timber and fine outlet and range for cattle, hogs &c.—schools and churches convenient. This place is 7 miles from White Plains and 14 miles from Jacksonville, and will be sold for $650, half cash, balance in 12 months

Small Farms.

I have much enquiry after small, cheap farms, but have few such houses for sale.—Parties who own such farms and desire to sell them, would do well to consult me. No sale, no charge.

L. W. GRANT.

Land buyers will take notice that I have other valuable places booked for sale not advertised L. W. GRANT.

MARSHAL'S TAX SALES.

On Monday the 5th day of November 1878, I will sell before the court house door, in the town of Jacksonville, between the usual hours of sale, for cash, the following described property for tax of the years 1875 1876 1877 to wit:

One house and lot on Depot Street, now occupied by Mrs Cobb, assessed to Wm. Adams.
Unpaid corporation tax $11 00
Cost 2 00

One house and lot assessed to Thos. Harris. Known as the Caroline Norman estate.
Unpaid corporation tax $7 50
Cost 2 00

One store house and lot assessed to J. M. Carroll in 1875, assessed to Joe Feshiel in 1877, and now occupied by D. J. Privett.
Unpaid corporation tax $16 73
Cost 2 00

One vacant lot assessed to Mrs. Sarah Adams.
Unpaid corporation tax $2 00
Cost 2 00

One grist mill and lot, assessed as the property of Woods and Clark
Unpaid corporation tax $8 00
Cost 2 00

Nine acres of land more or less, assessed as the property of John M. Wyly.
Unpaid corporation tax $20 00
Cost 2 00

One house and lot on main street, assessed as the property of John H. Crawford, now occupied by him.
Unpaid corporation tax $7 20
Cost 2 00

One house and lot known as the old jail lot, assessed as the property of McClellen & Hill.
Unpaid corporation tax $3 50
cost 2 00

One house and lot on Depot street, now occupied by B. J. Mathews, assessed as the property of Wm. Cook.
Unpaid corporation tax $15 50
Cost 2 00

Eighteen acres of land more or less, assessed as the property of Burrell Slayton.
Unpaid corporation tax $4 50
Cost 2 00

One house and lot assessed as the property of Alfred Grant, now occupied by him.
Unpaid corporation tax $5 00
Cost 2 00

One house and lot assessed as the property Mrs N. J. Kimbrell, now occupied by M. L. McGinnis.
Unpaid corporation tax $5 00
Cost 2 00

W. F. LAIRD,
Marshal

"BLUE MOUNTAIN ROUTE."

Change of Schedule.

S. R. & D. R. R.

Taking effect Sunday, June 9th, 1878, at 5 p. m.

Mail Trains Daily.

No. 1, North.	Stations.	No. 2, South.
4.10 a. m.	Lv Selma	Ar 9.30 p. m.
6 38 a. m.	Randolph, Lv	7.05 p. m.
7 25 a. m.	Montevallo	6.00 p. m.
8.15 a m.	Calera	6.00 p. m.
10 47 a. m.	Talladega	3 35 p. m.
11.54 p. m.	Oxford	2 35 p. m.
12 45 p. m.	Jacksonville	1.30 p. m.
3.45 p. m.	Ar. Ar. Rome	ar. 10-22 a. m.
5.50 p. m.	Ar Dalton	Lv. 8-25 a. m.

Accommodation Trains.

Daily—Sunday excepted.

No. 3. North.	Stations.	No. 4. South.
3.40 p. m.	Lv Selma Ar	12.30 p. m.
7.05 p. m.	Randolph Lv	9 45 a. m.
8.20 p. m.	Montevallo	8 34 a. m.
9.40 p. m.	Calera Ar	7.00 a. m.
12.55 p. m.	Talladega	3 50 a. m.
2.25 a. m.	Oxford	2.35 a. m.
3 55 a. m.	Jacksonville	12 50 a. m.
8.30. a. m.	Ar. Rome Lv	8.15 p. m.
11.00 a. m.	Dalton	5.51 p. m.

The 5.20 a. m. train connects at Calera with mail trains of L. & N. and Gt. So. R. R. for all points west and at Dalton with trains of E. T. Va. & Ga. R. R. for all eastern cities, Tennessee and Virginia springs, and with W. & A. railroad for Chattanooga and north western cities.

No. 3 leaving at 7.40 p. m. makes close connection at Rome for Atlanta, and at Dalton with trains of E. T. Va. & Ga. R. R. and W. & A. railroads for all eastern and western cities

Nos 2 mail and 4 accommodation trains leave Dalton upon arrival at trains of E. T. Va. & Ga. railroad and W. & A. railroad, making close connection at Calera with mail train of L. & N. & Gt. So. railroad from all western cities.

Sleeping cars on all night trains

Tickets as low as by any other route.

RAY KNIGHT, G. P. & T. Agt.

NORTH
LOUISVILLE
AND THE
SOUTHERN
RAILROAD LINE
WITHOUT CHANGE
SPEED
UNRIVALED

For information in regard to rates and time, address C. P. ATMORE, Gen'l Pas'ger & Ticket Agt. Louisville, Ky.

W. C. LAND,

WATCH MAKER

& JEWELLER,

Jacksonville, Ala.

15. January 1877—1y.

Cancers Cured.

SCROFULA,

SCROFULOUS ULCERS AND CANCERS ARE CURABLE.

Dr. S. C. Williams, after an experience of more than thirty years, is fully convinced that, when applied to in time, he can cure the above named diseases. As to his success in the treatment of the same, and as to his standing as a physician, he would respectfully refer to the following named gentlemen:

Dr. A Pelham, Alexander, Alabama.
Dr. J. Y. Nesbit, Jacksonville, "
Dr. B. S. Evans, White Plains, "
Judge M. J. Turnley, Gadsden, "
J. W. Whiteside, Esq. Rabbit Town. "

And to the physicians, merchants and ministers of Oxford, Ala.; also to his former patients everywhere.

Charges moderate,

S. C. WILLIAMS M. D.
Oxford, Ala

April 5th, 1878—1y.

State Agricultural and Mechanical College.

AT AUBURN, ALA.

Next Term Begins Sept. 25th, 1878.

Six independent courses:—Agriculture, Literature, Science, Engineering, Surveying, Book-keeping, &c. An excellent Preparatory School is provided, with graded classes, free of tuition.

EXPENSES PER TERM:

Contingent fee, $5 00; Surgeon's fee, 2 50; Total College fees, per term, $7 50.

TUITION FREE Board and lodging $12 50 to $15 00 per month. Cadet uniforms are furnished in Auburn at lowest possible rate. For further information send for catalogues. Address any member of the Faculty, or

I. T. TICHENOR, President.
W. C. STUBBS, Sec'y.

Repairing,

WHOLESALE OR RETAIL,

BY

W. W. NESBIT,

Jacksonville, ... Ala.

Attachment Notice.

Wm. Gray, } In Justice Court, beat
vs. } No. 6, Calhoun County,
J. B. Gray. } Ala.

IT appearing to the Court that suit was commenced by Attachment, and levied by writ of Garnishment on W. F. Dickie.—it further appearing to the Court, that the said Defendant is a non-resident of the State, and resides in the State of Arkansas, Post Office ——

It is Ordered by the Court, that notice be given by publication in the Jacksonville Republican, a newspaper published in said county, for three successive weeks, and a copy to be sent by mail to Defendant's Post Office if known.

Notice is given to said Defendant to appear at a term of said Court to be holden on the 12th day of October, 1878, and defend said suit.

A. W. KIRBY, N. P. & J. P.
Sept. 14, 1878—3t.

The Republican.

THE FIRST

Annual Fair

OF THE

North East Alabama

AGRICUTURAL & ME-CHANICAL FAIR ASSOCIATION

Will be held at the Fair Ground at

TALLADEGA ALA.

Beginning Tuesday, Nov. 12th. 1878, and continuing Five Days.

Nov. 2—2t.

Floyd Bush has his pretty little horse here again this season. If she don't take the prize for the fastest nag, it will be because she flies the track.

If anybody wants to buy a buggy that cost $125, nine months ago, for $100. let them apply at this office.

The older the Fair gets, the better it gets.

We noticed several gentlemen from Talladega, attending the Fair.—among hem are Messers. Plowman, Vandiver, Johnson and Huey,—among the best citizens of Talladega county. Let our people return the compliment.

Go see the Talladega Fair and see if they beat us.

Kind old Jack Frost has stepped in and put a stop to the yellow fever.

Give one day to your country next Tuesday.

Gen. Forney has gone to Cullman to speak to the Germans. He is somewhat of a Dutchman himself.

Go out and vote for the soldier of two wars, on Tuesday.

The lady and three babies have been put up as a side show at the Fair The placard on the tent says the "greatest wonder of the Nineteenth Century Admission *only* twenty cents.

The competition for the elegant silver set offered by Maj. T. W. Francis, for the greatest display from any one farm, is vey active. Several farmers have entered for the prize, and some of them have more than fifty articles on display. We will publish the winner of the prize next week.

Lost—A silver mounted five shooter pistol—rosewood handle with a piece broken out. Two dollars reward for it return. Apply to W. F. LIARD, Marshal.

Col. Chilton was taken sick at Talladega, and the large crowd that was awaiting for him the night of his appointment, was disappointed.

The Fair opened up rather gloomy but ended very brightly. Friday, the day we go to press, the attendance is very large.

It is needless to say that the Military Ball of the John Pelham Rifles was a complete success.

The Gadsden Cornet Band was here during the Fair, and played on the Grounds each day. They were the admiration of our people by their splendid proficiency in music, and the esteem of all by the gentlemanly bearing of the members of the Band during their stay. Mr. Lamb, the leader of the Band, is a most accomplished musician, and accommodating gentleman.

We were pleased to meet Bro. Meeks of the Gadsden Times, and Bro. Chas. H. Greer, of the Wedowee Journal, in town this week, attending the Fair.

The rush of job work incident to the Fair has occupied all hands this week, and it has been impossible for us to give that attention to the paper that we should have liked. Editor and printer were all ingaged day and night during the week and jobs waiting. So busy have we been kept, that we have had but few hours in which to visit the Fair Ground during the week.

We will publish the list of principal premiums next week, if indeed we do not publish the entire list.

Owing to the Fair we run the paper over one day, and issue it on Saturday instead of Friday. This will throw some of our papers over to Tuesday that should have gone Saturday; but under the circumstances we feel confident our subscribers will excuse us.

FOR THE FAIR.

AT A. M. LANDER'S.

Fresh Beer in kegs or bottles.
Rio Coffee, 5 lbs to the dollar.
Sugar, 9 " " " "
Rice, 10 " " " "

In fact, everything in the grocery line low for cash.

People who want alcohol can find it at *A. M. LANDER'S.*

A. M. LANDERS offers a premium of $8 in money at the Fair—$4 for 1st best colt by his horse and $2 each for the two next best.

An Undeniable Truth

You deserve to suffer, and if you lead a miserable, unsatisfactory life in this beautiful world, it is entirely your own fault and there is only one excuse for you,—your unreasonable prejudice and skepticism, which has killed thousands. Personal knowledge and common sense reasoning will soon show you that Green's August Flower will cure you of Liver Complaint, or Dyspepsia, with all its miserable effects, such as sick headache, palpitation of the heart, sour stomach, habitual costiveness, dizziness of the head, nervous prostration, low spirits, &c. Its sales now reach every town on the Western Continent and not a Druggist but will tell you of its wonderful cures. You can buy a Sample Bottle for 10 cents. Three doses will relieve you. For sale by W. M. NISBET, Jacksonville, Ala.

Athens, Ga., December 8, 1877.

A few nights since, I gave my son one dose of Worm Oil, and the next day he passed 16 large worms. At the same time I gave one dose to my little girl, four years old, and she passed 86 worms from 4 to 15 inches long. W. F. Phillips.

For sale by Dr. W. M. Nisbet, Jacksonville July 6, '78—6m.

Athens, Ga., February 22, 1878.

Sir: A child, five years old, had symptoms of worms. I tried calomel and other worm medicines, but failed to expel any worms. Seeing Mr. Bain's certificate, I got a vial of your Worm Oil, and the first dose brought forty worms, and the second dose so many were passed I did not count them. S. H. Adams.

For sale by Dr. W. M. Nisbet, Jacksonville, July 6, '78—6m.

ELECTION NOTICE.

THE STATE OF ALABAMA }
CALHOUN COUNTY }

Notice is hereby given that I, David Z. Goodlett, as the Sheriff of said County, will cause to be opened and held at the several places of voting in the election precincts in said County, on Tuesday after the first Monday in November, 1878, that being the 5th day of said month, an election for the purpose of electing a Representative in the Congress of the United States for the 7th Congressional District of the State of Alabama; and notice is herby farther gives that the following named persons are appointed Inspectors of said election for the respective precincts in said county as hereinafter to wit:

Precinct No. 1—Jacksonville.
Wm H Bean, J M Caldwell, T R Ward } Inspectors.
R F Riley, Returning officer.

Precinct No 2—Alexandria.
Hosea Bears, C H Bowling, E D McClelen } Inspectors.
Ned Lee, Returning officer.

Precinct No 3—Four mile spring.
M W Woodruff, Richard Bonds, James A Douglass } Inspectors.
J Bonds, Returning officer.

Pre. No 4—Gannaway's School House
M D C Spradley, T J Harrison, J W Anderson } Inspectors.
E J Haynie, Returning officer.

Precinct No 5—Polkville.
E V Weaver, S F Morris, J P Setliff } Inspectors
P R Hess, Returning officer.

Precinct No 6—Peeks Hill
Wm Gray, H F Montgomery, Wm Kennedy } Inspectors
Jackson Dickie, Returning officer

Pre No 7—Hollingsworth's School House
G W Landers, J W Ford, J D McCormick } Inspectors
W D Atkins, Returning officer

Precinct No 8—Hickory Grove school house
S B White, Jason Scott, Carter Boozer } Inspectors
W H McElrath, Returning officer

Precinct No 9—Cross Pl.
John Faughender, Lon Ferguson, A M Stewart } Inspectors
Clay Keith, Returning officer

Precinct No 10—Cross Roads
S S Love, Wm Whiteside, J C Watson } Inspectors
Henry Murray, Returning officer

Precinct No 11—White Plains
A T Martin, J P Ward, D S Black } Inspectors
Jas S Hanks, Returning officer

Precinct No 12—Corn Grove
J J Young, J V Rhodes, W E Bowling } Inspectors
Bank Rust, Returning officer

Precinct No 13—Oxford
Henry T Snow, John F Smith, D D Draper } Inspectors
J B Farmer, Returning officer

Precinct No 14—Sulphur Springs
W C Martin, W J Love, J H Jones } Inspectors
Milton H Harrison, Returning officer

Precinct No 15—Anniston
W A McMillion, H W Sides, Henry Jeffries } Inspectors
R M Hunter, Returning officer

Precinct No 16—Ladiga
J R Graham, J P Whitlock, J C Wilson } Inspectors
W A Stewart, Returning officer

D Z GOODLETT, Sheriff.
L W CANNON, Judge of Probate.
G B DOUTHIT, Clerk.

Sep 25th, 1878.

I hereby appoint the above named Returning Officers Special Deputy Sheriff's for their respective Precincts, whose duties shall be to maintain good order and allow no one within thirty feet of the ballot boxes, except when voting.

D Z GOODLETT, Sheriff.

Sep 22, 1878—3t

Watches $8 to $7. Revolvers $2.50. Over 100 latest Novelties. Agts wanted. So. Supply Co. Nashville, Tenn

LOCAL MATTERS.

ED. G. CALDWELL,

(At the old Forney Corner,)

Has on hand the best brands of Chewing and Smoking TOBACCOS, including the popular Swanson's Pride and the celebrated Durkam Smoking Tobaccos. He has the largest stock of CIGARS in Town. Among his brands you will find the Solace, Margarita, Royal, Standard and the favorite Tidal Wave.

Chocolate Cocoine, Imported Chow Chow, Boston Baked Beans, Salmon & Canned Goods in great variety at
ED. G. CALDWELL'S.

Coffee, Sugar, Flour, Meal, Meat, Potatoes, Mackerel, Macaroni & Cheese at ED. G. CALDWELL'S.

Cheap Groceries for Cash a the old Forney Corner.

Fresh Lard at
ED. G. CALDWELL'S.

Fresh Meal at
ED. G. CALDWELL'S.

YOU can buy anything in the GROCERY line CHEAP for CASH at
ED. G. CALDWELL'S.

Go buy one of those fine Plows of the Towers patent at
ED. G. CALDWELL'S.

A splendid lot of new **Tin ware** at
ED. G. CALDWELL'S.

Finest article of kerosine oil at E. G. CALDWELL'S

New lot of stone-ware at E. G. CALDWELL'S.

YOU can buy TEN pounds of RICE for $1 00 at
E. G. CALDWELL'S

YOU can buy 10 pounds of SUGAR for $1 00 at
E. G. CALDWELL'S

Salt at manufacturers prices at E. G. CALDWELL'S.

YOU can buy 5 pounds of good COFFEE for ONE DOLLAR at
ED. G. CALDWELL'S.

ARE YOU GOING TO TRAVEL?

Go to A. MEYERS & CO. Crow's Brick corner, and get your trunks, Valises and complete outfit. Also, you can get fine Boots at $1 50 up, Linen Bosom Shirts, 65 cents; besides the finest assortment in Baltimore Shoes, Corsets, Kid Gloves, Chenille Shawls, Ladies' Silk Ties, and new Styles of Peach Waterproofs. Come and examine A. MEYERS & Co's Cheap Cash Store.

WONDERFUL!

You ought to take a peep at A. MEYERS & CO's large Stock of Dry Goods, Notions, and all kinds of Fancy articles and you will be left in a frame of interest wonderment. The quantity of their Goods, quality, beauty, Style and cheapness would astonish you. The question is often asked: How can A. MEYERS & CO. bring such a fine Stock of Good all the way from NEW YORK, and sell them for so *little* money in Jacksonville? The question is fully answered, when it is known they buy with so much *care and judgment*, and in such "large" quantities. We can recommend the public to this Store for *Good* Goods, and *Cheap* Goods. The Firm is most "excellent, and accommodating" Clerks, and it is with great pleasure, they wait on all who patronize their Mammoth Emporium.

Wanted By

W. P. & ED. L. PARR,

WANTED,

One good MILCH COW, for which we will pay cash, provided she has a young calf and milks well.

The PARRS offer for sale a first class line of **Family Groceries** too numerous to advertise.

We have for sale a large and well selected stock of GLASS WARE.

Look in and see our new and large assortment of TIN-WARE.

We have Jugs for the Gents, and Jars for the Ladies. A few more of those matchless fresh Oysters and Crackers. The Young Bloods who want a good chew of Tobacco, go to PARRS to get it; or they prefer a splendid five cents Cigar, we will give them two cents for a nickle.

The PARRS still want 100, pounds of nice fresh Butter, for which they will pay 15 cents in Cash or 20 cents in trade.

They also want one hundred dozen Eggs, for which they will pay 12cents in Cash, or 15 cents in trade. And they want five hundred Chickens, for which they will pay 10 to 20 cents in Cash, according to size.

THE GRANDEST AFFAIR OF THE SEASON.

The Calhoun Grange Fair, we invite all to come; you shall meet with a hearty welcome; the Parrs will be on hand at the Fair Grounds with every thing to eat in the way of Substantials and Essentials as well as Fruits, Cakes, Candies, Oranges, Lemons, Apples, Cocoanuts, in fact all the fruits and good things that can be had in this market, not even fresh oysters excepted. We will do all in our power to make the attendance at the Fair free and welcome.

All who wish to sell anything on the Fair Grounds will please apply for License to Hon. L. W. Cannon H. L. Stevenson, W J Borden, or L J Parr.

A. M. Landers takes pleasure in informing his patrons and the public generally, that he has removed his Family Grocery and Bar to the Commodious store rooms, South-east corner of public square, known as the old Hudson store rooms.

People who come to the Fair cannot find a more pleasant place to lounge in than at A. M. LANDER'S.

When it comes to Segars, for quality and cheapness, no house in town can compete with A. M. LANDERS

A. M. LANDERS is known extensively throughout the county as a fair dealer. He buys for cash and sells for cash, and this is the secret why he can give such great bargains.

Whiskies for 50 cents to $1.25 per quart at the fine Bar of
A. M. LANDERS.

Save Your Child's Life!

By giving Dr. Moffett's Teethina (*Teething Powders.*) Teethina will Regulate the Bowels and make Teething easy. Cures Cholera Infantum and Summer Complaints of Children, Heals Eruptions and Sores, Removes and Prevents Worms. And relieves only by soothe; Teethina cures the child.

For sale by Dr. W. M. Nisbet, Jacksonville, Ala., and all Druggists keep it.

Relief at Last!

From Cholera Infantum and Summer Complaints. Dr. Moffett's Teethina. (*Teething Powders*) Regulates the Bowels and makes Teething easy; Heals Eruptions and Sores, Removes and Prevents the formation of Worms in Children. No mother should be without it.

For sale by Dr. W. M. Nisbet, Jacksonville, Ala., and all Druggists keep it.

aug 3

COMMON SENSE.

It is simply in keeping with common sense to say that a specialist who gives his undivided attention to the treatment of a certain class of diseases ought to succeed where practitioners in general practice may fail. Dr. E B Foote, of 126 Lexington Avenue, New York city, has given his exclusive attention to the treatment of Chronic Diseases for 25 years, during which time he has cured thousands whose cases he has never seen. If you will send to him for his searching list of questions you will see how this has been done in part.—Consultations in person or by mail free. Dr Foote's works, Plain Home Talk embracing Medical Common Sense, Science in Story, etc., are publications well known to the reading public. Taking all of the Doctor's publications together it is not too much to say that millions of copies have been sold.

THE STATE OF ALABAMA, }
CALHOUN COUNTY. }
Probate Court for said county. Special Term, Oct., 12th, 1878.

This day came Jno. A. Crow, Guardian of Zenri Crow, a minor and filed in Court, his account and vouchers for a final settlement of his said Guardianship. It is ordered that the 11th day of Nov., 1878, be appointed a day on which to make such settlement. At which time all persons interested, can appear and contest the said settlement if they think proper.

L W. CANNON,
Judge of Probate.

Oct. 19.—3t

THE STATE OF ALABAMA, }
CALHOUN COUNTY. }
Probate Court for said county, Special Term. Oct. 7th, 1878.

This day came C. W. Brewton, general administrator for said county and the administrator of the estate of E. H. S. Garrett deceased, and filed his account and vouchers for a final settlement of said estate.

It is ordered that the 15th day of November next, be appointed a day on which to make said settlement at which time all persons interested can appear and contest said settlement, if they think proper.

L W. CANNON,
Judge of Probate.

Oct. 19.—3t.

Ayer's Ague Cure,

For Fever and Ague, Intermittent Fever, Chill Fever, Remittent Fever, Dumb Ague, Periodical or Bilious Fever, &c., and indeed all the affections which arise from malarious, marsh, or miasmatic poisons.

This is a compound remedy, prepared with scientific skill from vegetable ingredients, which rarely fails to cure the severest cases of **Chills and Fever** and the concomitant disorders. Such a remedy the necessities of the people in malarious districts demand. Its great superiority over any other medicine yet discovered for the cure of Intermittents is, that it contains no quinine or mineral, and those who take it are free from danger of quinism or any injurious effects, and are as healthy after using it as before. It has been extensively employed during the last thirty years in the treatment of these distressing disorders, and so unerring has been its success that it has gained the reputation of being infallible. It can be safely recommended as a sure remedy and specific for the **Fever and Ague of the West**, and the **Chills and Fever** of the South, which, once broken up by it, do not return until the disease is again contracted.

The great variety of disorders which arise from the irritation of this poison, such as **Neuralgia, Rheumatism, Gout, Headache, Blindness, Toothache, Earache, Catarrh, Asthma, Palpitation, Splenic Affections, Hysterics, Pain in the Bowels, Colic, Paralysis**, and derangement of the **Stomach**, all of which become intermittent or periodical, have no speedier remedy than Ayer's Ague Cure, which cures them all alike, and protects the system from future attacks. As a preventive, it is of immense service in those communities where **Fever and Ague** prevails, as it stays the development of the disease if taken on the first approach of the premonitory symptoms. Travellers and temporary residents are thus enabled to defy these disorders, and few will ever suffer if they avail themselves of the protection this remedy affords.

For Liver Complaints, arising from torpidity, it is an excellent remedy; it stimulates this organ into healthy activity, and produces many remarkable cures where other medicines fail.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co.,
Practical and Analytical Chemists,
LOWELL, MASS.
SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS EVERYWHERE.

W. M. NISBET, Agent.
Sep 21 '78 1y Jacksonville, Ala.

NOTICE!

CALHOUN COUNTY NURSERY.

Being solicted by many influential citizens of this county, I commenced preparing in 1875 for an Apple Nursery, and will be prepared for market the ensuing Fall and Winter with the best selection of Spring, Summer, Fall and Winter Apple trees, acclimated for this latitude. The following varieties are embraced in my list:

Early Season.—May Apple, Sweet Red June, Yellow June, White June, Green June, Striped June, Scarlet June.

Summer Season.—Sweet Apple, Horse Apple, Cider Apple.

Fall Season.—Fall Excelsior, Red Fall, Petty Fall, Turner Fall

Winter Season.—Shockley, Red Pippen, Ben Nabors, Hall Crab, Clark Permain, Ben Davis, The Bradley, Nickojack, Carolina Red, Never Fail, Wine Sap, Limber Twig, English Crab, Sweet Permain, Tenn. Royal Red, Father Abram.

I solicit all citizens to buy trees of my Nursury, which will be cheaper and as good or better then others, being acclimated, and keep your money near home so your neighbors can get to pay you for what he needs, instead of buying from a distance, paying the carrige and your money gone from this county. I expect to be around and engage trees and deliver at some convenient point. My Nursery is eight miles North of Jacksonville at the head of Ohatchee creek.

Respectfully,
May 18-6-m. John W. Bradley.

Bargain in a Piano.

For Sale, a First Class Piano, Cheap. For price, enquire of Messrs. Rowan, Dean & Co.

We are now selling

New Pianos at $125,

Each, and all styles, including **Grand, Square and Upright**, all **now** and strictly **first-class**, at the lowest nett **cash wholesale factory** prices, direct to the purchaser. No Agents. Pianos for $200, containing

MATHUSHEK'S
New Patent Duplex Overstrung Scale,

which is acknowledged by the highest musical authorities to be the greatest improvement ever put into a square Piano, producing the *most astonishing power, richness and depth of tone*, and a *sustaining singing quality never before attained*, being a "Grand Piano in a Square Case."

THE MENDELSSOHN UPRIGHTS
ARE THE FINEST IN AMERICA.

They are pronounced the "Pianos of the Future." All our Pianos are made entirely by ourselves at our

MANUFACTORY,

Originally established in 1842, over 36 years ago, being among the few makes of Pianos which have **stood the test of time.**

OVER 12,000 IN USE.

Every Piano fully warranted for five years. We are now making all our Pianos entirely of

VULCANIZED LUMBER.

The Greatest Discovery of the Ages. Wood rendered **imperishable, shrinking, checking or warping impossible**, and as incapable of **absorbing moisture** as vulcanized rubber. The increased hardness and toughness of the wood produces a **resonance** of tone truly **wonderful.**

In the grand results of **strength, durability, reliability**, and ability for **standing in tune, volume, power, resonance, brilliancy, sweetness, sympathetic** and **singing quality** of tone, **evenness** throughout the entire scale; **delicacy** and **elasticity** of touch and **beauty** of finish, the

MENDELSSOHN
Piano stands without an Equal.

These Pianos made one of the finest displays at the Centennial Exhibition, and were unanimously recommended for the **Highest Honors.**

Pianos sent on trial, and sold on installments. Don't fail to write for Illustrated and Descriptive Catalogue—mailed free.

Caution.—The Mendelssohn is a regularly incorporated manufacturing company, and the **only** house which makes the **entire** piano, and sells direct to the purchaser at **factory price.** Beware of **"bogus"** pianos offered by dealers who **pretend** to be manufacturers. We refer you to the New York Commercial Agencies, which will give you **reliable** information in regard to them, as well as to our **integrity, character and responsibility.**

MENDELSSOHN PIANO CO.,
No. 21 East 15th Street,
Near Union Square. **NEW YORK.**

THE WORLD RENOWNED

WILSON SEWING MACHINE

FOR SALE.

No. 6,	freight added,	$22 00,
No. 6½	" "	24 00.
No. 7,	" "	26 00.

New samples received from the great emporium of Wannamaker & Brown.

Give me your orders. I guarantee satisfaction or no trade.

Sep 7 '78—tf D. F. SHUFORD

SHERIFF'S SALE.

By virtue of one fi. fa. issued from the Circuit Court of Calhoun county, Ala., in favor of W. H. Lovens and against Jackson Dickie, I will sell to the highest bidder, for cash, before the Court House door of Calhoun county, Ala., on the first Monday in October, 1878, the following described land, to wit:

South half of S E quarter of Sec. 10, T. 14, R. 6; S W quarter of N E quarter of Sec. 3, T. 14, R. 6; South half of S W quarter of Sec. 13, T. 14, R. 6; S E quarter of S E quarter of Sec. 14, T 14, R. 6, all in Coosa land District, levied upon as the property of Jackson Dickie, to satisfy said fi. fa.

D. Z. GOODLETT,
Sheriff Calhoun Co

Sep 7—4t

Special Notice to the Public,

C. H. RANGER

House, Sign and Ornamental Painter He is ready to all classes of

PAINTING

Plain and Fancy, Paper Hanging in all styles, both plain and Fresco, Kalsomining on hard or soft finish. This Kalsomine is warranted to give entire satisfaction; it will neither peel nor crack. Also his Leads is of the best brands from F. W. Devoe's celebrated strictly pure N. Y. Lead and Color Co. and the St. Louis Southern White Lead Co. I am seeking for work, try me and be pleased, as I warrant all work and use the best stock. Good references if required.

Address Republican Office, R.
C. H. RANGER,
Jacksonville, Ala.

aly 27 —3m.

Tax Collector's NOTICE.

The undersigned Tax Collector of Calhoun County, State of Alabama, will attend at the following places and at the times specified, for the purpose of collecting the State and County Tax for the year 1878. The Poll Tax becomes delinquent on 31st October, 1878, to-wit:

Webster's Chapel, Precinct No 7, Monday, Oct 7th, 1878.

Wragg's School House, Pre No. 8, Tuesday, Oct 8th, 1878.

Cross Plains, Pre No. 9, Wednesday, Oct 9th, 1878.

Ladiga, Precinct No 16, Thursday Oct 10th, 1878.

Rabbit T
Friday, Octown Cross Roads, Pre No 10,
White P. 11th, 1878.
15th, 1878.ains, Pre No 11, Tuesday, Oct
Davis-ll
Oct 16th, le, Precinct No 12, Wednesday,
Oxford, 1878.
ber 17th, Precinct No 13, Thursday, Octo-
Annist 1878
ber 18th.on, Precinct No 15, Friday, Octo-
Fou 1878.
day, r mile School House, Pre No 3, Saturd October 19th, 1878.
da anaway's School House, Pre No 4, Tuesy Oct 22nd, 1878.
ne.Sulphur Springs, Precinct No 14, Wedsday, October 23rd, 1878.
b Polkville, Precinct No 5, Thursday, October 24th, 1878.
Alexandria, Precinct No 2, Friday, October 25th, 1878.
Jacksonville, Precinct No 1, Saturday, October 26th, 1878.
Peeks Hill, Precinct No 6, Monday, October 28th, 1878.

Tax payers are requested to attend and make payment of their taxes, as required by law.

J. M. WEBSTER, T. C.

Sept. 7—3t.

Good Water Gin.

The undersigned notifies the public that he will give his Gin his personal supervision this season, do good work and guarantee satisfaction.

Sep 14—3t A. O. STEWART.

To Suit the Times.

GINNING FOR THE 20TH.

I am putting the Bob Alexander Gin in first-class order to gin for the public Bring me one bale, and if you are no well treated in every respect, quit.

Aug 31, 1878—4t A. A. JETER

Rust Proof Oats.

I have several hundred bushels of my celebrated Rust Proof Oats, of fully established reputation, which I offer for sale very low.

J. L. GREEN,
Alexdria, Ala.

WANTED TO SELL—One good canter, cheap. Apply to this office

ROWAN, DEAN & Co.

JACKSONVILLE, ALABAMA.

DRY GOODS GROCERIES, HARDWARE QUEENSWARE, DRUGS &C,

In fact, everything kept in a first class establishment. Our Mr. Rowan attends personally to our purchas in New York, and buys to such advantage that we are enabled to give our customers the *VERY BOTTOM OF THE MARKET. TRY* us, and see if you can't get *BETTER BARGAINS* than you can get elsewhere. We have the *LARGEST and BEST* assorted Stock in NORTH ALABAMA.

THE TENNESSEE WAGON, THE BEST WAGON on the market, sold by us.

ROME GEO., MARBLE WORKS.

JONES & EDMUNDSON,

AMERICAN AND ITALIAN

MARBLE & GRANITE.

And Manufacturers of Tombs, Monuments and Headstones,

ROME GEORGIA.

Write for what you want, and they will write you what it will cost you.

FIRE INSURANCE.

The undersigned is Agent for (3) three good and reliable FIRE COMPANIES of the South, to wit.

GEORGIA HOME INSURANCE CO., COLUMBUS, GEORGIA.
HOME PROTECTION " " HUNTSVILLE, ALA.
CENTRAL CITY " " SELMA, ALA.

It is wisdom to Insure your Dwellings, Barns, Gin Houses, Merchandise, etc.

If you desire INSURANCE, call on me at JACKSONVILLE, ALABAMA, or address me through the mails—

I think I am warranted in saying that these Companies are all in a healthy condition financially, have a CAPITAL ample and sufficient to meet all their Liabilities.

I. L. SWAN, Agent,
Jacksonville, Ala.

Mch 25th, 1875—1 y

HILLS & MC'DONALD,

UNDERTAKERS,

ROME, GA.,

We have added to our

FURNITURE

Business that of Undertaking, and to those needing articles in this line we can offer a LARGE STOCK from which to select, and our best attention in the details of the business. We have a fine HEARSE and are prepared in every way to give satisfaction to our patrons.

Our Combined

CATALOGUE

FOR 1878 OF

EVERYTHING

FOR THE

GARDEN

Numbering 175 pages, with Colored Plate.

SENT FREE

To our customers of past years, and to all purchasers of our books, either GARDENING FOR PROFIT, PRACTICAL FLORICULTURE, Or GARDENING FOR PLEASURE, Price $1 50 each, prepaid by mail, To others on receipt of 25 cts. Plain Plant or Seed-Catalogues, without Plate, free to all.

Peter Henderson & Co.,
Seedsmen Market-Gardeners, and Florists,
35 Cortland St., New York.

WYLY HOUSE.

South East Corner Public Square-
(OLD FORNEY CORNER)

JACKSONVILLE ALA.

Having made additional Improvements for the comfort of guests we respectfully solicit a continuance of that patronage so liberally bestowed upon us for the past two years. It is our pride and intention to make it one of the best HOTEL'S to be found in any Village, and to make every one comfortable and their stay pleasant while with us. Every convenience given to commercial men for showing samples.

Board	per	day	$2 00
"	"	week	9 00
"	"	meal	50

Reasonable reduction on board by the day for regular customers, and county people. JOHN M. WYLY.

The Remedy of the 19th Century.
Barham's Infallible
PILE CURE.
Manufactured by the Barham Pile Cure Co., Durham, N. C.
It never fails to cure Hemorrhoids or Piles, when a cure is possible. Price List and bona fide testimonials furnished on application

---

JAMES HUTCHINSON,
Barber & Hair-dresser,

Room on Office Row, recently occupied by Dick Walker.

If you desire to have a pleasant and clean shave, or have your hair trimmed in neat and fashionable style, give him a call. Jacksonville, Apl 20, 1878.

THE WHITE SEWING MACHINE

The Best and Cheapest.

This Machine combines all the best and latest improvements, and has marked advantages over all others in use, being simple in construction, easily understood and worked.

The treadle enables the operator to run the Machine easier and faster than any other.

Every working part is in hardened adjustable steel bearings, having but little wear, so all loss motion can be easily taken up. For sale by

WOODSTOCK IRON CO.
Anniston, Ala.

A liberal discount allowed to Agents. I have seen nearly every kind of Sewing Machine. I consider the White the best and most perfect made.

SAM'L NOBLE.

April 20 1878—1y.

MARRIED LIFE

DR. BUTTS

No. 12 N. Eighth St. St. Louis, Mo.

Who has had greater experience in the treatment of the sexual troubles of both male and female than any physician in the West, gives the results of his long and successful practice in his two new works, just published, entitled

The PHYSIOLOGY of MARRIAGE
The PRIVATE MEDICAL ADVISER

Books that are really Guides and Self-Instructors in all matters pertaining to Manhood and Womanhood, and supply wanting felt. They are beautifully illustrated, and in plain language, easily understood. The two books embrace 548 pages, and contain valuable information for both married and single, with all the recent improvements in medical treatment.

Read what our home papers say: "The knowledge imparted in Dr. Butts' new works is in no way of questionable character, but is something that every one should know. The Youth, the victim of early indiscretion; the Man, otherwise perfectly healthy may be troubled with a weakness in the prime of life, and the Woman, in misery from the many ills for sex is heir to."—St. Louis Journal.

POPULAR PRICES—50 cts. each; both in one volume, $1; in cloth and gilt, $1 25 cts. extra. Sent under seal, on receipt of price in money or stamps.

SINGLE FREE

R. T. HOYT,

(Successor to W. D. HOYT & CO.)

Wholesale Druggist,

No. 43 Broad Street. ROME, Ga

Keeps constantly on hand,

DRUGS, Field & Grass Seeds of all kinds; ONION SETTS; **Seed Irish Potatoes;**

Buist's GARDEN SEEDS;

WINDOW GLASS, PAINTS, OIL VARNISHES, &c

Rome, Ga. Jan. 23, 1877—tf.

H. A. SMITH

ROME, GA.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

Bookseller and Music Dealer

Keeps constantly on hand, a large stock of **School and Miscellaneous BOOKS. Stationery and Fancy Articles—Pianos and Organs,** at prices that will defy competition in any market in the South.

A MAGNIFICENT STOCK OF

CROQUET SETS

In Wood Boxes $1.50,

and upwards, complete. Orders by mail promptly filled—heavy discounts to Merchants and Schools. Jan. 27, 1877.

A LECTURE TO YOUNG MEN.

Just Published, in a sealed Envelope. Price six cents.

A Lecture on the Nature Treatment, and Radical cure of Seminal Weakness or Spermatorrhœa, induced by self-abuse, involuntary emissions, impotency, nervous debility, and impediments to marriage generally; consumption, epilepsy, and fits, mental and physical incapacity, &c.—By ROBERT J. CULVERWELL, M. D., author of the Green Book, &c.

The world-renowned author, in this admirable Lecture, clearly proves from his own experience that the awful consequences of self abuse may be effectually removed without medicine, and without dangerous surgical operations, bougies, instruments, rings or cordials; pointing out a mode of cure at once, certain and effectual by which every sufferer, no matter what his condition may be may cure himself cheaply, privately and radically.

☞ This Lecture will prove a boon to thousands and thousands. Sent under seal, in a plain envelope, to any address, on receipt of six cents or two postage stamps.

Address the Publishers,
THE CULVERWELL MEDICAL CO.
41 Ann St. N. Y., Post Office Box, 4586.

AGRICULTURE.

PONY RAISING.—There is a branch of stock-raising that Americans seems to have overlooked, that is, raising ponies for children's use. No more healthy recreation for children can be found than riding. Small ponies, like those from the Shetland Islands and Peninsula of Corea, cost little or no more than a large dog does, to keep, and all suburban residences can easily accommodate one in some of the out-houses; or, tethered on a lawn, they will take the place of a lawn-mower and utilize the grass. These ponies are of a hardy nature, very intelligent and affectionate to children—a noble, health-inspiring plaything. In countries where they are common, many tales are told of their sagacity and faithfulness, quite equaling that of the noble St. Bernard dog. I will relate one only of the many told. Some children and their shaggy Shetland were playing on the lawn near a pond. A little girl fell into the water. While the other children were making a great "to do" and noise, Master Shetland waded into the pond, took the little one by its clothes in his teeth, and brought her out and laid her on the shore, and saved her little life—taking a wiser action in the matter than many a nurse would have done. To this might be added many instances of this little pet's sagacity. How much better to give our little ones such a plaything than subject them to the liability of hydrophobia from feline or canine pets. They need litite of grain; they will find ample nourishment in summer on the lawn; and in winter they are satisfied with a little coarse hay and occasional tit-bit or sweetmeat from the children. They thrive on the food that would keep a goat, and are as hardy, and much more ornamental; and their companionship instills into the mind of infant humanity much nobler thoughts than the cat, dog or goat is capable of inspiring. Why not breed these diminutive horses, and spread them through the land? At Barnet Fair, in London, we have seen the Scotch and Shetland ponies sold at from $2.50 to $10 or $12 each, just as they come in, in herds, two, three and four years old. If brought up on the lawn with the children, they need no breaking, but conform themselves to their place as simply and quietly as a child learns to talk or walk. In some parts of Westchester county, N. Y., and portions of the Eastern States, only fit for grazing, herds of these toy-horses could be raised at a comparatively trifling expense. Thus, while our farmers would secure another marketable article, our suburban citizens could give their children a toy that would ennoble: invigorate and strengthen them for their battle in life. Why has this been overlooked?

EFFECT OF DIFFERENT MANURES ON GRASS LAND.—A Yorkshire correspondent of the London *Agricultural Gazette* gives the following bit of experience, which shows that one should not be too hasty in judging of the comparative effects of different kinds of manure: "Last January I dressed a very poor plain, or sheep run (21 acres,) with about 14 loads of farmyard manure (not very rotten) on 4 acres. The rest of the pasture was sown about three weeks later with special dissolved bones, at the rate of 4 cwt. per acre. The effect of the first dressing was soon visible, and the 4 acres were distinctly marked out from the rest, showing where the manure was applied. As this result remained unchanged till the beginning of April, and the artificial manure then appeared to have been used in vain, judgment was given in favor of the yard manure. After this, however, we had some warm weather, with fine growing showers, which soon altered matters, and the line of demarcation became each day less distinct, till at length the superiority of the bones became manifest. I have now (June 19th) got a most luxuriant mixture of grasses (chiefly red and white clovers) from the portion sown with artificial manure. On the 4-acre piece there is scarcely any clover, and only a poor share of rye-grass and other common varieties. I have dissolved bones on a good deal of grass this year, and the result in each case is astonishing. My land is a strong loamy clay."

ALL those wishing to enjoy that high degree of health which pure blood induces and maintains should use Dr. Bull's Blood Mixture.

SKINNING VS. SCALDING HOGS.—I saw a man dressing a small pig in a manner which was novel to me. Instead of the long and laborious method of heating water and scalding and shaving, he simply skinned the animal. He claims that he could skin six hogs in less time than they could be dressed by scalding. The pork looked nicer than I expected to see it—In fact, full as well as when the skin was left on. There was one butcher or more in the neighborhood who skinned hogs for the sake of the skin, and since the process of scalding costs a dollar or more, many of the farmers who do not care to eat the pork have their hogs skinned, or such of them as they intend to keep for their own eating. I was unable to learn what price the skins brought in the market or to what use they are put. Probably they are worth as much as the price usually obtained for butchering, or the butchers would not choose to skin for the hide instead of money. Whether the hides are used for riding or "Russian leather" hand bags and pocket books I know not; but if they do the world any good in that way it is more than they do in the pork barrel. As a matter of curiosity I would add that the hide from a 200 pound pig weighs about 12½ pounds.

The Tailor Bird.

The tailor bird, which is found in India and the Indian Archipelago, is a sober little creature, not more conspicuous than a common sparrow, and is chiefly remarkable for its curious nest, which is made in a singular and most ingenious manner. Taking two leaves at the extremity of a slender twig, the bird literally sews them together at their edges, its bill taking the place of the needle, and the vegetable fiber constituting the thread. A quantity of soft cottony down is then pushed between the leaves, and a convenient hollow scraped out, in which the eggs may lie and the young may rest at their ease. Sometimes, if the leaf be large enough, its two edges are drawn together, but in general a pair of leaves are needed. A few feathers are sometimes mixed with the down. This curious nest is evidently hung at the very extremity of the twigs in order to keep out of the way of the monkeys, snakes, and other enemies which might otherwise attack and devour mother and young together.

A STUBBORN COUGH that will not yield to ordinary remedies, may be thoroughly cured by Dr. Jayne's Expectorant, an efficacious medicine in Bronchial and Pulmonary Disorders.

SCIENTIFIC.

Deep Sea Soundings.—The mean depth of the Atlantic, is a little over 2,000 fathoms. An elevated ridge, rising to an average height of about 1,900 fathoms below the surface, traverses the basins of the North and South Atlantic in a meridional direction from Cape Farewell, probably as far south at least as Gough Island, following roughly the outlines of the coasts of the Old and the New Worlds. This ridge, with two branches, divides the Atlantic into three great baisns; an eastern, which extends from Ireland nearly to the Cape of Good Hope, with an average depth along the middle line of 2,660 fathoms; a northwestern basin, occupying the great eastern height of the American continent with an average depth of 3,000 fathoms; and a gulf running up the coast of South America as far as Cape Orange, and open to the southward, with a mean depth of 3,000 fathoms. The numerous soundings taken in every part of the Atlantic establish the interesting fact, that the distribution of living beings has no depth limit; but that animals of all the marine invertebrate classes, and probably fishes also, exist over the whole of the floor of the ocean. Although life is thus universally extended, the size, with the exception of some groups, decreases after a certain depth is reached; while the number of species and of individuals also diminishes. At depths a little above 2,000 fathoms the fauna is varied and numerous. Thus the dredge, the trawl, and the deep sea thermometer, clear away much of the ignorance that has prevailed concerning the depths of the ocean. They tell us of the life that passes on thoses unlighted plains and peaks, where the massive waters rest undisturbed by the flow of currents or the wrath of storms—life in curious, beautiful and delicate forms, which art is not refined enough to reproduce in all their graces. They make us acquainted with the conformation of the ocean bed, with its unseen ridges, plains and heights; with the vast currents that flow between watery banks, with limits almost as well defined as these of land rivers.

An article on note-deafness is contributed by Mr. Grant Allen to the quarterly review, Mind, devoted to psychology (in the scientific sense of that term) and philosophy. By note-deafness he distinguishes an abnormal condition of hearing which is analogous with color blindness. He is satisfied that that this condition is by no means uncommon, inasmuch as many persons are incapable of distinguishing in consciousness between the sounds of any two tones lying within the compass of about half an octave, or even more, from one another. He relates a number of interesting observations in the case of a person so constituted; and one of these confirms a view we have long entertained, that an accurate perception of time and metre in poetry can exist without any particular appreciation of music. Mr. Allen maintains that there is in reality very little connection between poetry music as sources of pleasure, and that a correct analysis would lead us to expect the most delicate discrimination as to metre from those persons whom tune has no power to distract.

Two Spanish gentlemen of Salamanca have just obtained a patent in Spain for making writing paper incombustible. The experiments are said to have been very satisfactory. The paper will not burn, no matter what may be the intensity of the heat applied. A single sheet submitted to the direct action of a flame will carbonize, but does not take fire. If a roll of prepared paper is placed in the hottest fire the outside leaves will carbonize the edges for a short depth, but the interior remains unaltered, the writing or printing being perfectly legible. The cheapness of the preparation makes it accessible to every purpose in which paper is used.

The London News describes a recently invented and useful little device, namely, a watch-chain measuring instrument, which will do the work of both rule and measuridg tape, and will measure with accuracy minute fractions of an inch or the length of a room. To measure any object, it is simply necessary to run it over the surface, when the distance is at once indicated by the hands, the large hand registering the inches and fraction of an inch, and the small hand the feet. The device is also convenient for the ready measuring of distances on maps, however irregular the route may be.

Several instances of the spontaneous rupture or explosion of toughened glass have been reported recently. Prof. Ricard says that a child's drinking glass broke in pieces a short time ago without any apparent cause.

Light in ether moves at the rate of 100,000 miles a second, and electricity in free wires moves at probably the same rate. But the nerves transmit their messages at the rate of only 70 feet a second.

The Wife's Victory.

For half an hour before the circus opened an anxious looking middle aged man was observed walking around nervously, as if he had a free ticket and was afraid the show was on the point of busting up. When the ticket wagon opened he made a rush for it and secured a pasteboard, but while on his way to the tent, ticket in hand, a woman dodged into the procession, seized his collar, and for half a minute the air seemed full of heels.

"Going to the circus, eh?" she exclaimed, as she slammed him around. "Sneaked out of the back way and made a bee-line for here, did you?"

—"Let up on me—stop—for heaven's sake! stop this disgraceful conduct!" he ejaculated, as he tried to keep her at arm's length.

"Gentlemen," she said to the crowd, as she held up one foot and then the other, "see them shoes! I've worn 'em better nor a year, and there hain't nothing left but the heels and shoe-strings. And the children are just as bad off and we don't have half enough to eat. That explains why I'm bouncing him—why I'll make his good-for-nothing heels break his good-for-nothing neck!"

They fell over a rope as she grasped him, and in the confusion he broke away, leaving the ticket on the ground. A boy handed it to her, and wiping the mud off her nose with her apron, she said:

"I hain't seen no giraffes, nor clowns, nor snakes, nor hyenas for twenty-five years, and being this ticket is bought I'll walk in and view the gorgeousness, and the children shall come to night if I have to pawn the washtub to raise the money!"

DOMESTIC.

PICKLED RED CABBAGE.—The purple red cabbage is the finest. Slice them into a sieve and salt each layer, remembering that too much salt will spoil the color. Drain for three days; dry it, add some sliced beet-root and put it in a jar. Pour boiling vinegar over it. Mace, bruised ginger, whole pepper, horse-radish and cloves, boiled with the vinegar will make a great improvement. Tie bladders over the jars. In a few days open and see if the vinegar has shrunk away, if so fill up with cold vinegar. Some recommend that the vinegar be boiled but allowed to cool before pouring over the cabbage. A little bruised cochineal makes this pickle a beautiful color and is harmless. If kept very long, pickled cabbage gets soft, but is very nice especially if eaten soon after it is made. Another method of making this pickle is to quarter the cabbage, remove all stalks, then slice thin, and, after treating as the above, add vinegar cold with one ounce of whole black pepper, one-half ounce of ginger bruised and a little cayenne pepper to every quart of vinegar.

"THE fine and striking qualities of deep thought, glowing style of picturesque scene and character painting which made Dr. March's former books so attractive are found in "From Dark to Dawn." I hope it will have as it will justly merit an appreciation as pronounced and extensive." *From letter of Rev. Bishop Wightman*, Charleston, S. C., to the publishers J. C. MCCURDY & Co., Phila. Agents wanted everywhere. Rev. Dr. Thomas of Chicago says: "In beauty and clearness of style, depth and purity of sentiment and high moral tone, Dr. March is not excelled by any modern writer. Every lover of a noble Bible literature must rejoice in the appearance of his new work, from "Dark to Dawn." It leads one back into the very spirit and life of the ancient days. This book is published by J. C. McCurdy & Co., Phila., who want agents in every county.

VINEGAR FROM SUGAR BEETS.—One bushel of sugar beets, properly rasped and pressed, will yield five gallons of juice, which, treated the same as cider is, will make a stronger vinegar of as good but different flavor; and in making cider, nine bushels of apples and one of sugar beets will make a cider superior to apples alone. Every farmer can raise sugar beets, and with the juice expressed at the cider mill make all the vinegar he wants for his own use and have a surplus for sale. With vinegar at a price it could be made for from beets, its consumption would be increased, as it would be entered into many articles of manufacture from which the price now precludes it. When it is found how cheap sugar beets can be raised, and their value for vinegar as well as food for stock, they will be grown more. The beet juice can also be worked into sugar as easily as maple sugar now is and requires no more skill.

KEEPING GRAPES IN WATER.—As the practice of keeping grapes in the fruit room with the stalks inserted in bottles filled with water, and suspended from the roof, has now become general, it is very important to direct attention to the fact that the stem must be inserted in the water immediately after it is severed from the vine, and also that the end of the shoot must be shortened. When the branches are not at once inserted the stalks will soon become brown and the berries shrivel. Also, if the end of the branch is shortened for the purpose of giving a neater appearance to the bunches when suspended in the fruit room, the grapes will soon begin to shrivel, and if not used within a short space of time, will be of little service. Last Winter I saw in the garden of an amateur a very splendid lot of grapes which were very nearly spoiled through that portion of the wood above the bunch being removed.

TABLECLOTHS.—Tablecloths are often a source of disputes between mistress and maid, but much of this may be obviated if the servant will wash out each spot carefully with a damp cloth immediately after meals. A piece of stone or of some heavy material, the exact size of the tablecloth when folded, should be kept in the dining-room closet, and the cloth should be kept under it when not in use. This keeps the creases sharp and fresh.

WORTH MORE THAN PREMIUMS—The testimony of business men all over the world to the excellence of FAIRBANKS' STANDARD SCALES from actual use for many years, is more valuable than any premiums.

In addition to this, they have received more premiums than all other scales, including the highest at the present Paris Exposition.

FOR THE TOOTHACHE.—The application of the following remedy for the toothache is said to be efficacious in the most desperate cases, provided it be not connected with rheumatism: Alum, reduced to an impalpable powder, two drachms; nitrous spirits of ether, seven drachms; mix them well and apply them to the tooth.

TO EXPEL MUSQUITOS.—It is said that a room may be rid of musquitos by taking a piece of gum camphor about one-third the size of a hen's egg, and evaporate it by placing it in a tin vessel, holding it over a lamp or candle, taking care that it does not ignite. The smoke will soon fill the room and expel the musquitos.

ORANGE SALAD.—Peel one dozen oranges, and cut in slices; put in layers in a glass dish, sprinkle each layer plentifully with sugar. Squeeze over this the juice of six oranges, and pour over all a glass of wine or brandy.

PAINTER'S COLIC.—It is said upon good authority that those painters who are exposed during the entire day to the fumes of white lead do not suffer from the painter's colic if they drink a quart of milk daily. The milk is an antidote to the poison of the lead.

High Livers.

Mr. Webber states that in Thibet he has lived for months together at a height of more than 15,000 feet above the level of the sea, and the result was as follows: His pulse at normal heights only sixty-three per minute, seldom fell below 100 per minnte during the whole time he was at that level. His respirations were often twice as numerous in the minute as they were at ordinary levels. A run of 100 yards would quicken both pulse and respiration more than a run of 1,000 yards at the sea-level, and the higher the level the greater the difficulty of walking or running fast. He crossed the shoulder of the Gurla Mandhata at a height of some 20,000 feet, and found the greatest difficulty in getting his breath quickly enough, had frequent and violent headaches, and found that his native guides and companions suffered much more than even he did.

HUMOROUS.

A DISCOURAGED TRAVELER.—A belated and rather poverty-stricken foot-traveler, whose railway ticket was good on all country roads and cattle paths, stopped at a small mansion of apparently four rooms and a kitchen in the South Hill suburbs, the other evening, to beg a night's lodging. As he stood timidly knocking at the half-opened door, he heard the shrill commanding tones of the lady of the house, disposing the garrison for the night: "Tommy, go hunt up Charley and Ben and tell them to go to the grocery and tell your father to bring Ella and Willie right home. it's their bed time, and if they see Louise on the way send her to Miss Crozier's for Alice and Jim, and see if they know where Ezra is; you take this lamp up to granma's room and ask her if she won't take care of baby while I go and find Dick, and while I am gone you undress Mabel and put her to bed, and if cousin Harry comes while I am gone tell him he's to sleep with you." And the traveler sighed and turned away so oppressed with a feeling of overcrowdedness that he walked out into the country and slept all night in the middle of a prairie nine miles long.

"OCH, Jamie, did ye niver hear uv my great spache afore the Hibernian Society?"

"No, Pat, how should I! for sure I was not on the ground?"

"Well, Jamie, you see I was called upon by the Hibernian Society for a spache; and, be jabers, I rose with the inthusiastic cheers of thousands, with me heart overflowing with gratitude, and me eyes filled with tears, and divil a word did I spake!"

A ROMANCING traveler told Garrick that he had seen a church in Spain a mile and a half long. "Bless me," said Garrick; "how broad was it?" "About ten yards," was the reply. "This is, you will observe, gentlemen," said Garrick to the company, "not a round lie, but differs from his other stories, which are generally as broad as they are long."

A LITTLE GIRL asked a minister, "Do you think my father will go to heaven?" "Why, yes, my child. Why do you ask?" "Well, because if he don't have his own way there he won't stay long."

"THAT's the smallest horse I ever saw," said a countryman on viewing a Shetland pony. "Indade, now," replied his Irish companion, "but I've seen one as small as two of him."

A YOUNG LADY wished her lover to promise her that he would never smoke another cigar. "I'll do it," he said; "sustained by your love, a meerschaum will do me."

THE annoyance occasioned by the continual crying of the baby, at once ceases when the cause is (as it should be) promptly removed by using Dr. Bull's Baby Syrup. Price 25 cents per bottle.

WHEN a dealer tells you the stiff, uncomfortable looking boots he wants to sell you are calfskin, remember that a full grown cow, or bull, is a calf's kin.

"ARE you lost, my little fellow?" asked a gentleman of a four-year old one day in Rochester. "No," he sobbed in reply; "b-but m-my mother is."

"IF a body kiss a body," where is the bodily harm?"

A Word of Warning to Counterfeiters.

The wide-spread fame of Hostetter's Stomach Bitters causes a necessity on our part to remind, from time to time, whom it may concern, of the fact that imitating said article is a punishable offence, and we now give this word of caution, that we will most assuredly have all those persons engaged in re-filling our second-hand bottles, selling by the gallon or barrel, or in any manner whatsoever palming off on the public a spurious article purporting to be our preparation, punished to the full extent of the law. Penalty for counterfeiting, or dealing in counterfeit trade mark goods, as set forth in a law recently passed by Congress: "Fine not exceeding $1,000, or imprisonment not more than two years, or both such fine and imprisonment." We never fail to convict.

NOTICE TO DEALERS AND PURCHASERS.—Hostetter's Bitters are never, under any circumstances, sold in bulk, but always in bottles, with a finely engraved U. S. Internal Revenue (special proprietary) stamp covering the cork of each bottle, fastened to both sides of the neck of the same. All Bitters purporting to be Hostetter's, without this stamp, are counterfeit. HOSTETTER & SMITH.

Enjoy Life.

What a truly beautiful world we live in Nature gives us grandour of mountains, glens and oceans, and a thousand means for enjoyment. We can desire no better when in perfect health; but how often do the majority of people feel like giving it up disheartened, discouraged and worried out with disease, when there is no occasion for this feeling, as every sufferer can easily obtain satisfactory proof that Green's August Flower will make them as free from disease as when born. Dyspepsia and Liver Complaint is the direct cause of seventy-five per cent of such maladies as Billiousness, Indigestion, Sick Headache, Costiveness, Nervous Prostration, Dizziness of the Head, Palpitation of the Heart, and other distressing symptoms. Three doses of August Flower will prove its wonderful effect. Sample bottels, 10 cents. Try it.

International Exhibition, Philadelphia.

We are glad to learn that this grand institution is meeting with great success, which it deserves, for there is not an institution in our country where so much enjoyment and instruction can be had as the visitors receive in this magnificent building, which covers 21 acres of ground, and contains over 2,000 exhibits of Manufactures, Works of Art, and of the wonderful resources of our country. All this can be enjoyed for the low price of 15 cts. In addition to the great attractions of the building and exhibits, there is an excellent Concert every day, which of itself is worth more then the price of admission. Every citizen of our country ought to see this grand exhibition, for there is nothing that will compare with it on this continent. The Wednesday evening Promenade and Dress Hops are a great success, and have become quite popular.

FORTY YEARS OF SUCCESS is sufficient evidence of the value of Schenck's Pulmonic Syrup as a cure for Consumption, Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Sore Throat. It contains no opium, is pleasant to the taste.

For sale by all Druggists.

Hoofland's German Bitters.

During the warm season the nerves become enfeebled and the whole system debilitated. The stomach loses its power of digestion, the liver becomes congested and sluggish, causing constipation or diarrhea, dysentery and cholera morbus; and the prevalence of more or less malaria at this season engenders ague, bilious or typhoid fevers, often of serious import. To avoid these consequences, take, night and morning, a tablespoonful of Hoofland's German Bitters; it is a splendid tonic and alterative, that will restore the appetite and digestion, tone the nerves, regulate the liver and strengthen and build up the whole system to withstand the summer heat and all its baneful influences.

Never Despair!

A living witness of the remarkable curative effect of Dr. Herndon's great remedy, the "Gypsey's Gift," in stubborn and painful cases of Rheumatism, may be found in the person of the excellent Turnkey of the Fifth District Police Station, Mark Hamilton, Esq., who after exhausting the skill of physicians and gallons of patent medicines, through many years, despaired of a cure, but was restored to perfect health in two days by its use. Have him interviewed. Sold by all Philadelphia Druggists. Send for circular to J. J. Grindall, Box 920 P. O. Baltimore.

Reliable Dry Goods House.

If you want Silks, Black Goods, Dress Goods, Hosiery or Dry Goods of any kind below the market prices, and wish to have the advantage of all the great trade sales, and of losses made by importers, send your orders or write for samples to B. F. Dowees, 1124 (formerly of 725) Chestnut street. They send out thousands of samples and fill orders daily from all parts of the country.

STAUNTON (VA.) VINDICATOR OFFICE.—Dr. C. W. Benson:—We lose no opportunity to recommend your Celery and Chamomile Pills to our friends for Neuralgia and Sick and Nervous Headache. They act like a charm with us. TINSLEY & MORTON.

Pennsylvania trade supplied by Johnston Holloway & Co., French Richard & Co., Bullock & Crenshaw, of Philadelphia.

Mrs. General Sherman

Says: I have frequently bought Durang's Rheumatic Remedy for friends suffering with Rheumatism, and in *every instance* it worked like magic. Sufferers with rheumatism make a note of this, and send for circular to Helphenstine & Bentley. Druggists, Washington, D. C. Sold by all druggists.

NATURE'S REMEDY.
VEGETINE
THE GREAT BLOOD PURIFIER.

SHACKAMAXON SQUARE PHARMACY, 1024 Beach St. above Laurel, Philadelphia, Pa., June 12, 1877.

DR. H. R. STEVENS:

Dear Sir.—Having during the past five years sold your Vegetine, which has been praised by my customers highly for the various diseases requiring a blood purifier, and as I have heard very favorable reports of its use, I cordially indorse it as a good remedy, and believe it to be what you claim it is, viz: "The Great Blood Purifier" of the day.

Respectfully yours,
J. W. ABEL, M. D., Druggist.

Vegetine is Sold by all Druggists.

Those answering an Advertisement will confer a favor upon the Advertiser and the Publisher by stating that they saw the advertisement in this journal (naming the paper

Established 1833.

MERCHANT'S
GARGLING OIL LINIMENT.

Yellow Wrapper for Animal and White for Human Flesh.

IS GOOD FOR

Burns and Scalds,	Sprains and Bruises,
Chilblains, Frost Bites,	Strains, Windgalls,
Scratches or Grease,	Foot Rot in Sheep,
Chapped Hands,	Foundered Feet,
Fleah Wounds,	Hoose in Poultry,
External Poisons,	Cracked Heels,
Sand Cracks,	Epizootic,
Galls of all Kinds,	Lame Back,
Sitfast, Ringbone,	Inflammations or Piles,
Poll Evil,	Toothache,
Swellings, Tumors,	Rheumatism,
Garget in cows,	Spavins, Sweeney,
Cracked Teats,	Fistula Mange,
Callous, Lameness,	Caked Breasts,
Barn Distempers,	Sore Nipples,
Crowscab, Quitter,	Curb, Old Sores,
Foul Ulcers, Farcy,	Corns Whitlows,
Abscess of the Udder,	Cramps, Boils,
Swelled Legs,	Weakness of the Joints,
Thrush,	Contraction of Muscles.

Merchant's Gargling Oil is the standard Liniment of the United States. Large size, $1; medium, 50c.; small, 25c. Sma l size for family use, 25c. Manufactured at Lockport, N. Y., by Merchant's Gargling Oil Company.

JOHN HODGE, Sec'y.

PIANO Another battle on high prices. War with monopolists renewed. Monopolists cut off; their ranks broken; forced to surrender. Victory complete rout and defeat of the enemy; grand triumph. See Beatty's latest Newspaper for full reply sent free. Before buying PIANO or ORGAN read my late circular. Beatty's celebrated Pianos and Organs, beauti ul instruments! Challenge comparison! Rivals are jealous of my success. Most successful house in America. Commenced a few years ago without a dollar; sold now nearly $20,000 annually. Lowest prices ever given; elegant Rosewood Pianos, $125; Stop Church Organs, $115. Tremendous bargains now ready. Address D. F. Beatty, Washington, N. J., U.S.A. WAR ORGAN WAR

WE HAVE IT AT LAST.
A PERFECT
Shirt Bosom Stretcher
AND IRONING BOARD.

Best selling article in Market. Sells at sight, both in city and country. Three Agents selling Two Dozen daily. It is Superior in every respect, and suited November 20, 1877. Large percentage paid. Territorial and Retail Agents Wanted. STATE AND COUNTY RIGHTS FOR SALE. Send for circulars and terms to

A. W. SMITH,
McKeesport, Allegheny County, Pa.
(Say in what paper you saw this advertisement.)

IT COSTS NOTHING!

To try our organs, as we send one to any address on ten days' trial, and refund freight if not purchased. Solid walnut cases, 12 stops, 2 sets of reeds. Five Years Warranty. Direct from the factory.

PRICE $71. Alleger, Bowlby & Co., WASHINGTON, New Jersey.

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PICTORIAL HISTORY OF THE WORLD

Embracing full and authentic accounts of every nation of ancient and modern times, and including a history of the rise and fall of the Greek and Roman Empires, the growth of the nations of modern Europe, the middle ages, the crusades, the feudal system, the reformation, the discovery and settlement of the New World, etc., etc.

It contains 672 fine historical engravings and 1000 large double-column pages, and is the most complete History of the World ever published. It sells at sight. Send for specimen pages and extra terms to agents, and see why it sells faster than any other book. Address, NATIONAL PUBLISHING CO., Philadelphia, Pa.

HUEY & CHRIST,
No. 121 N. THIRD STREET, Philadelphia.

Bailey's Pure Rye, from $2.20 to $3.20.
Copper Distilled, from $1.25 to $1.70.
Catawba Wine, $1.25.
Send for full price list.
HUEY & CHRIST.

HARVEY'S SCIOPTICONS
MAGIC LANTERN SLIDES,
With Improved and Carefully Selected
1,217 Chestnut St., Phila'a.
For convenience and delicacy for private or for public use, they stand
UNRIVALLED!
Prices the lowest.
Circulars free. Catalogue, 10 cts. Manual, 6th Ed. 75 cts. Specimen Relantie Slide, 25 cts.

MACK'S NEW AND IMPROVED SCHOOL FOR PARLOR ORGAN—Sent by mail for $2.50—has the most thorough system of instruction and an elegant collection of vocal and instrumental melodies. LEE & WALKER, 1113 Chestnut St., Philad'a.

Representative Business Houses
OF
PHILADELPHIA.

TYPE FOR ALL, at the lowest prices. THE NATIONAL TYPE CO. Catalogue, six cents. PHILADELPHIA

Cheapest Toy Lantern to Best Stereoptico
MAGIC LANTERN 60 VIEWS $25.
CATALOGUE FREE! OUTFITS WANTED!
Great Needham Musical Marvel. THEO. J. HARBACH 809 Filbert St., Philada., Pa.

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OPEN EVERY DAY.
MAGNIFICENT DISPLAY OF EXHIBITS.
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SPECIAL ATTRACTIONS ADDED EVERY DAY
GRAND SACRED MUSIC Every Sunday.
PROMENADE AND DRESS HOPS
WEDNESDAY EVENINGS,
Under the direction of Prof. D. C. CARPENTER, when the building will be lighted with the
NEW ELECTRIC LIGHT.
Recitals on the GREAT ROOSEVELT ORGAN, and Solos on the Cornet by the celebrated performer, Mr. WM. NORTHCOTT, every afternoon.
ADMISSION during the day, Adults, 15 cents; Children, 5 cents. EVENINGS, 25 cents.

MICROSCOPES,
Barometers, Telescopes, Spy Glasses, Spectacles, Thermometers, Eye Glasses and Opera Glasses
AT GREATLY REDUCED PRICES.
R. & J. BECK,
Manufacturing Opticians,
921 CHESTNUT ST., PHILA.
Illustrated price catalogue of 135 pages mailed to any address on receipt of three stamps.

AMERICAN DIAMOND WHEAT from Colorado. The best and most prolific grain ever introduced. Yielding 50 to 75 Bushels to the acre. Awarded the highest premium at Centennial Exhibition in 1876. Sample and price by mail on receipt of a 3-ct. stamp. Address C. B. ROGERS, Seed Merchant, 133 MARKET St., PHILADA.

Neffin's Treatise on Milch Cows, (Geuuon's Theory.) Very important for Farmers. Published by authority Phila. Ag. Soc. 78 Illustrations. 36cts.; postage, 5cts. C. B. ROGERS, 133 MARKET Street, Philadelphia.

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PUBLIC SUNDAY SCHOOL HOME EXHIBITIONS
C. T. MILLICAN

A Profitable Business for a man with small capital. PRICES GREATLY REDUCED.

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Of Curled-Hair, Hunk and Palm-Leaf, Woven-wire and all celebrated Spring Beds. Geese Feathers, thoroughly selected and steam-brassed, (that cannot bever to smell) in bulk, and made up in Pillows, Bolsters and Beds. Blankets, Comfortables and Bedding in general.
STERNBERGER'S
Old Reliable Feather and Bedding Depot,
115 North Second Street, Philadelphia.

BLATCHLEY'S PUMPS
Are made to suit cisterns or wells of any depth, from 15 to 75 feet, either plain or lined with galvanized iron, or seamless drawn tube copper. We keep in stock a complete assortment in size, length and price, from the cheapest to the MOST PERFECT and IMPROVED PUMP THAT CAN BE MADE. Our manufacturing facilities enable us to furnish the best pumps AT PRICES BUT LITTLE ABOVE SECOND AND THIRD-RATE GOODS. When buying pumps, see that they have MY TRADE MARK AND NAME. If not for sale in your town, your orders can always be filled without delay at 440 MARKET Street, on door from Fifth street, south side, Philadelphia.
C. G. BLATCHLEY
Manufacturer.
ESTABLISHED 1848.

MORGAN & HEADLY,
Importers of Diamonds
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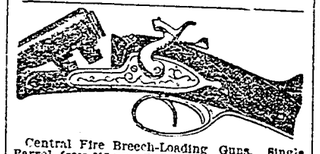

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COMPOUND OXYGEN The new cure for Consumption, Asthma, Catarrh, Bronchitis, Headache, Dyspepsia, and all Chronic Diseases, by a revitalizing process.
REMARKABLE CURES have been made, which are attract. ing the widest attention.
STRONGLY ENDORSED by the Hon. JUDGE KELLEY, Hon. T. S. ARTHUR, Hon. MONTGOMERY BLAIR, and others who have used this Treatment.
SENT FREE! Brochure (200 pp.) with many testimonials to most remarkable cures. DRS. STARKEY & PALEN, 1112 Girard St., Phila.

This book needs no Endorsement.—DR. PALMER.
AGENTS WANTED for DR. MARCH'S NEW BOOK, FROM DARK TO DAWN
In this new volume the Popular Author of Night Scenes in the Bible portrays with vivid and thrilling force and eloquence the events of Sacred Truth, and adds fresh testimony to the beauty, pathos and sublimity of the Stories of the Bible. Agents will find this Book with its sparkling thoughts, flowing style, beautiful Engravings, and rich bindings, the best in the market. Terms Liberal. Circulars Free. Address, J. C. McCURDY & CO., Philadelphia, Pa.

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ARE THE BEST.
D. LANDRETH & SONS.
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Advertisements in the Best Positions, at Very Reasonable Rates.
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IS CELEBRATED FOR PRODUCING THE BEST WHEAT IN THE WORLD, MAKING FINER flour than the best brands of California Wheat. The Royal Agricultural Society of Australia offered a Gold Medal for the best lot of wheat exhibited at Adelaide, South Australia. The First Prize Wheat was imported, and was purchased by us. It is an extraordinarily large and fine grain.
To introduce the Royal First-Prize Australian Wheat, we will give $145 worth of Bloodel Live Stock to farmers raising the largest crops from one Fifty-cent package of Seed. We will send a sample of this magnificent Wheat, free of charge, to any reader of this paper. A few good Agents wanted. Our supply is limited, and this advertisement will appear but a short time. Address
W. ATLEE BURPEE & CO., Seed Merchants,
P. O. Box 1890. No. 221 CHURCH STREET, Philadelphia.

R. R. R.
DYSENTERY,
CHOLERA MORBUS,
FEVER AND AGUE,
CURED AND PREVENTED BY
Radway's Ready Relief
RHEUMATISM, NEURALGIA, DIPHTHERIA, INFLUENZA, SORE THROAT, DIFFICULT BREATHING,
RELIEVED IN A FEW MINUTES BY
RADWAY'S READY RELIEF

Bowel Complaints.
Looseness, Diarrhœa, Cholera Morbus, or painful discharges from the bowels are stopped in fifteen or twenty minutes by taking Radway's Ready Relief. No congestion or inflammation or weakness or lassitude, will follow the use of the R. R. Relief.

Aches and Pains.
For headache, whether sick or nervous, rheumatism, lumbago, pains and weakness in the back, spine or kidneys, pains around the liver, pleurisy, swelling of the joints, pains in the bowels, heartburn and pains of all kinds, Radway's Ready Relief will afford immediate ease, and its continued use for a few days effect a permanent cure. Price 50 cents.

Dr. Radway's Regulating Pills
Perfectly tasteless, elegantly coated, for the cure of all disorders of the stomach, liver, bowels, kidneys, bladder, nervous diseases, headache, constipation, indigestion, dyspepsia, biliousness, bilious fever, inflammation of the bowels, piles, and all derangements of the internal viscera. Warranted to effect a perfect cure. Price 25 cents per box.

DR. RADWAY'S
Sarsaparillian Resolvent,
The Great Blood Purifier,
FOR THE CURE OF CHRONIC DISEASE, SCROFULA OR SYPHILITIC, HEREDITARY OR CONTAGIOUS,
BE IT SEATED IN THE
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Chronic Rheumatism, Scrofula, Glandular Swelling, Hacking Dry Cough, Cancerous Affections, Syphilitic Complaints, Bleeding of the Lungs, Dispepsia, Water Brash, Tic Doloreux, White Swellings, Tumors, Ulcers, Skin and Blood Diseases, Mercurial Diseases, Female Complaints, Gout, Dropsy, Salt Rheum, Bronchitis Consumption.

Liver Complaint, &c.
Not only does the Sarsaparillian Resolvent excel all remedial agents in the cure of Chronic, Scrofulous, Constitutional, and Skin Diseases, but it is the only positive cure for
Kidney & Bladder Complaints,
Urinary and Womb Diseases, Gravel, Diabetes, Dropsy, stoppage of water, incontinence of Urine, Bright's Disease, Albuminuria, and in all cases where there are brick-dust deposits, or the water is thick, cloudy, mixed with substances like the white of an egg, or threads like white silk, or there is a morbid, dark, bilious appearance and white bone-dust deposit, and when there is a pricking, burning sensation when passing water, and pain in the small of the back and along the loins. Sold by druggists. PRICE ONE DOLLAR.

OVARIAN TUMOR
OF TEN YEARS' GROWTH
CURED BY
Dr. Radway's Remedies.
HAVE HAD AN OVARIAN TUMOR IN THE OVARIES AND BOWELS FOR OVER TEN YEARS.
ANN ARBOR, Dec. 27, 1875.
DR RADWAY: That others may be benefited I make this statement:
I have had an Ovarian Tumor in the ovaries and bowels for ten years. I tried the best physicians of this place and others without any benefit. It was growing with such rapidity that I could not have lived much

File Paper. Probate Office

Jacksonville Republican.

"THE PRICE OF LIBERTY IS ETERNAL VIGILANCE."

VOLUME XLII. JACKSONVILLE, ALABAMA, SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 9, 1878. WHOLE NO. 2169.

THE REPUBLICAN.

EDITED, PRINTED AND PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY MORNING BY

J. F. & L. W. GRANT.

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Special attention given to the collection of debts, the getting up of pension and land warrant claims, the making out of homestead entries of lands, and the cancelation of old forfeited homestead entries of lands. Office in the southwest corner of the court-house, opposite the Circuit Clerk's office.

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SOLICITORS IN CHANCERY,

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Will practice in all the courts of the 12th judicial District and the supreme and federal courts of the State.

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Attorney-at-Law.

AND

Solicitors in Chancery.

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REPUBLICAN OFFICE

THE OLD GRIST MILL.

By Willow Brook, beneath the hill,
Stands quaint and gray the old grist mill
Spring mosses on its steep roof grow
Where broad their shade the willows throw.
The pond near by is clear and deep,
And round its brink the alders sweep;
The lily pads spread gay and green
The lilies white and gold between;
While grinds the mill with rumbling sound
The water-wheel turns round and round.

Among the reeds the musk-rat dives;
And swift "the swallow homeward flies;"
The robin sits in cedars near
Where Willow Brook runs swift and clear;
The children by the school-house play,
Where slumberous shadows softly stray
And warm and low the summer breeze
Is whispering thro' the willow leaves:
While grinds the mill with rumbling sound
The water-wheel turns round and round.

The crows now wing their southern way
The squirrels in the nut trees play;
With merry shouts the school boys run;
The mountains blush 'neath autumn's sun
Their grain they bring adown the hill,
The farmers, to the old grist mill;
And faint from far o'er hill and dale
Falls on the ear the thresher's flail,
While grinds the mill with rumbling sound
The water-wheel turns round and round.

Long years have come and passed away;
The mill with age is gaunt and gray;
The roof gaps wide to rain and sun;
With cobwebs thick the walls are hung.
The pond is overgrown with weeds;
The marsh-wren builds among the reeds;
The night winds thro' the willows moan
The school-house gone, the children grown;
The farmers sleep where wild flowers grow
Who brought their grain so long ago,
When ground the mill with rumbling sound
And the water-wheel turned round and round.

Flame Under Ashes.

Reginald Douglas had just returned from the Occident, and it was not tardily made known that he had accumulated a fortune within the shadow of the Golden Gate.

He was much past forty, and a childless widower, and it was not long before his sister knew that he intended to make her handsome son his heir.

But Mrs. Guion was plentifully endowed with the good things of this world, and demurred in a manner seemingly wise and affectionate.

"You are not old Reggy," she observed, tenderly, "and most desirable women admire you. Why should you not marry again and rear up a family of heirs and heiresses of your own?"

A most satirical smile curled his bearded lips.

"I did not find matrimony so sweet and fine a state that I should wish to try it again," he answered.

"And yet your late wife was said to be beautiful, irreproachable, and rich and aristocratic like yourself," returned the sister.

"Yes," he replied slowly; "but a wife if unloved and unloving may be all this and yet make a home a hateful place, and a husband a cynic or a fiend."

"How very shocking!" ejaculated Mrs. Guion.

"The only woman I ever loved, he went on bitterly, "was false, or thinking me so, vanished out of my life in silence and mystery; and that event left my heart in ashes. I married in angry haste, and my bonds are my rightful punishment."

"There must still be flame beneath the ashes, Reginald," was the half playful reply; "or surely you could not remember Agnes De Ideville to speak of her thus."

"I loved her," he said.

"Impossible! You could not have truly loved a variety actress?"

"And why not?" he demanded with energy; "Agnes was pure as snow and as noble in principle as she was comely of person. She was the sole support of a dying father and a heart-broken invalid sister. She could procure no other employment to give them the necessaries of life. Surely it was no dishonor, with such a motive, to sing for her bread, though her songs were heard by the gross and clownish."

"You were always peculiar in your ideas," said Mrs. Guion, with a sneer, "and my son is like you. He fell in love with my maid, and I was obliged to send her away."

"No!" exclaimed her brother, the Douglass pride bringing forth a disapproving frown in spite of his own tender memories and valiant democracy.

"Yes," responded his sister, pursuing her advantage with vigor, "he would have married her at once had I not threatened him with expulsion from home and utter and eternal disinheritance."

"You did rightly," said Reginald Douglas.

"But you see if you make him your heir he will be independent of our riches," said Mrs. Guion, pleadingly.

"He shall never have a dollar of mine except on conditions that will make it impossible for him to take a wife from a class beneath him," answered the wealthy man. "The good old granite Douglass pride is beneath the ashes of my heart—no dissolving flame, as you shall see."

"I am glad that it is so, Reggy," rejoined Mrs. Guion.

"And now I will go out to find the lad," said her brother.

The day was heavy with a cloudy heat as he went forth, and as he reached humming, whirling Broadway, a shock thunder cracked across the dead air.

He turned into a side street, and was half across it when a blinding lightning flash dazed him.

He heard a shout of warning and alarm, a roar of grinding wheels and crashing hoofs, and the next instant felt himself, struck down, dully stunned, and conscious only of a great stinging sensation of pain.

Hours later when his senses came back, he found himself in a pretty, simple chamber, alone with the fairest creature he had ever seen.

She was a petite blonde, colorless as snow, with black gray eyes and dead gold hair, like a nimbus framing her perfect and angelic young face.

She was evidently a lady, notwithstanding her meek robes and unadorned surroundings.

A motion fretted his bruises, and he uttered a groan.

She was at his side instantly, holding a dainty cup to his lips with an authoritative hand.

"Please take this," she said, with coaxing sweetness. "You must sleep again if you would soon be well."

And so he drank and slept again, and again awoke to marvel at the graces of his lovely nurse.

He asked no questions. As in a dream he fancied that some siren had given him to drink of the lotus-eater's cup, and that he would be content to lie there in supine helplessness forever.

But the second day when he awoke, and felt his strength coming back anew, his fancies vanished.

"I must request my ministering angel to send me home," he thought.

He looked about the little chamber, but she was not there.

But through the open door he caught a flutter of white garments and a shimmer of dead-gold hair.

"Dr. Willetts tells me that your gentle nursing has saved his life," a man's low whisper was saying. "My dear little wife, what a treasure you are."

Then followed a brief murmured colloquy, unconsciously telling the listener that grave difficulties of some kind had beset their wedded love.

"They are troubled for want of money," he thought, "and I have been a burden to them, but their burden shall be a bag of gold to them."

Then he called faintly.

His lovely nurse came quickly to him, her lovely cheeks flushed like sunrise on snow.

"I have heard that you saved my life," he said.

"And what more?" she asked confusedly.

"That you are in some sort of trouble," he smiled. "Will you let me help you? It is my duty, and it is your right to ask what you will. Anything you ask is yours."

"Anything?" she returned, her sweet face whitening and anxious.

"Yes," he answered; "I am quite rich enough to give all you may ask."

"It is not of money I am speaking," she responded, proudly, but with that sort of pride that seems sacrificing something of itself. "I think you have some influence with one who is making us—my husband and me—very unhappy. Could you persuade one, do you think, that it is best to let true love have its way, and that I would not make—an unworthy wife?"

Two big tears lay on the soft cheeks, and her womanly eyes were full upon him.

"An unworthy wife! Why, my dear child, I should consider myself a fortunate man if your husband could be my own son, if I had one. Ah! what is this?"

As he spoke, Albert Guion, agitated and embarrassed, advanced to the bedside and drew the pretty pleader within his strong arms.

"Then you will not allow mother to be too unkind to us, Uncle Reginald?"

"Which do you care more for, her affection or your birthright?" he asked, sternly.

"I care for both, uncle," was the answer; "but for Susie more than all."

There was a long silence then.

Reginald Douglas was battling with his pride and the olden tenderness that still made his life so bitter, as well as with the humorous sense of his position.

"We shall see," he said at last; "send for your mother, and let me think alone."

Albert Guion led his young wife out of the room, and for a long time the proud man lay watching the sunshine playing on the wall, and thinking of the old, dear time, when one sweet face had been more precious to him than favor or fortune, and of the agony and madness that had sickened him when he had lost the one love of his life.

"After all it is not stone but flame under the ashes of my heart," he mused; but his face was set and hard, and his stormy eyes were stern.

So thought the slender, graceful woman who fluttered and trembled as she came noiselessly into the chamber with white-satin-shod feet.

"Pardon me," she said, and her voice had the ring of silvery bells. "I was looking for my niece. I was not aware that—"

Then she stopped, and a blush flashed over the unfaded beauty of her countenance.

She had never been false to him except in deeming him untrue, and he, in his softened mood, spoke to her as a lover speaks to the one woman of his life-long worship.

"You are mine," he said at last, drawing her closely to him, "you are mine by the right of discovery and possession, and I shall hold you in my arms until you promise to be my wife before the roses are gone."

Perhaps it was the changeless love he saw in her beautiful, veiled eyes that made him at once so gallant and humorous and bold.

But he gained the promise that was scarcely given before Mrs. Guion entered, as angry as her motherly affection and well-bred politeness would allow her to be.

"These are unpleasant things I hear," she said; "surely, Reginald, you have not incited my only son to disobey me, nor allow him to think that you discountenance such unwarantable conduct?"

"It is best to let young love have its way, sister; and do you remember the good old saying that 'a house divided against itself shall not stand?' Susie will be a daughter whom you can well honor and love, and as she is the niece of this lady who is about to be my wife, I shall be happy to welcome and esteem her as the bride of a Douglas."

"Not Agnes De Ideville?" cried Mrs. Guion, with a little gasp of astonishment.

Nevertheless, then and there she accepted the situation with becoming grace; and afterwards, as the two brides became more and more beloved and admired among their new and aristocratic friends, she became a model of a sister and mother, perhaps because of policy, and perhaps because under the ashes of pride there had ever smouldered a flame of womanly kindness and affection.

Vesuvius.

This remarkable volcano, which is now in a state of eruption, stands on the east shore of the Bay of Naples, and about 10 miles from the city. It stands alone on the plains of Campania, upon a base of about thirty miles in circumference. In its upper portion it divides into two peaks, one of which, called the Somma, attains the height of 3,747 feet above the sea: and the other, known as Vesuvius, reaches an elevation of 3,949 feet, but varies both in height and shape in consequence of the eruptions of the volcano.

Vesuvius is often mentioned by ancient Roman writers without allusion to its volcanic character. The first recorded eruption occurred in August, A. D. 79, and it was during this that the cities of Pompeii and Herculaneum were buried beneath the ashes. The materials ejected from the mountain were scoriæ and ashes alone, the quantities of which exceeded its own bulk; and in the occasional eruptions which succeeded these, were the only volcanic products until the year 1066, when the first flow of lava occurred. The total number of its great eruptions, down to the present time, has been about sixty, and some of them have been remarkable for the vast movements taking place in a short time. Between the years 1306 and 1651 no eruption occurred, except a slight one in 1500. But throughout this period Etna was in a state of unusual activity, and this, perhaps, gave vent to elastic vapors and lava that would otherwise have found a passage through the craters of Vesuvius.

The eruption in 1631 was accompanied with great currents of lava, which flowed over most of the villages at the base of the mountain, and at the same time torrents of boiling water were sent forth. The eruption of 1779 is described as among the grandest and most terrible of these phenomena. White sulphurous smoke, like heaps of cotton, rose up four times as high as the volcano, and spread about to a proportional extent. In June, 1794, occurred a terrible eruption which destroyed the town of Torre del Greco. A single stream of lava was estimated by BREISLAK as containing more than 46,000,000 cubic feet. The eruption of 1822 broke up the whole top of the mountain and formed an elliptical chasm about three miles in circumference, and supposed to be 2,000 feet deep. In May, 1855, the floods of lava destroyed the village of Cercolo.

An eruption of great violence occurred in December, 1851. The disturbances commenced on Sunday morning, the 8th, in tremblings of the ground. In the afternoon a large opening was made in the ground a little above Torre del Greco, about half way up the mountain, which was soon followed by others, from all of which proceeded terrific explosions and jets of flame. Streams of lava poured forth, and on the morning of the 9th, were flowing in a current half a mile broad. The explosions like the sound of heavy artillery, continued till toward evening, and at night were succeeded by the most brilliant display of electric lights, forked lightning and columns of fire and smoke continually rising from the crater. The convulsions continued for several days, even up to January 1, 1862, the trembling of the earth had not ceased. The effect of this eruption was to materially alter the shape of Vesuvius, deepening the old crater and forming several new ones.

The nature of the present eruption remains to be determined; but it is thought it will be one of considerable violence. The base of the new cone is now covered with lava, which is flowing down the sides of the mountain in a stream of considerable size. Much alarm is felt in the villages at the foot of the mountain, the inhabitants of which are prepared for flight at the first appearance of danger.

—It is estimated that North Carolina has spent $10,000,000 for fencing in $2,000,000 worth of stock.

—The exportation of American fruit has increased in value from $269,000 in 1862, to over $3,000,000 in 1877.

—The country pays $100,000,000 annually as the price of sugar we use.

Wanted to be Interviewed.

He walked into the office with an air of grandeur and importance scarcely commensurate with his general untidy, unclean and unkempt appearance. He might have been a tramp, but the probabilities were that he was only a boarder from the Hay Bunk hotel, of Commercial street wharf, on a short rural excursion for the benefit of his declining health.

"I've arroven," he rasped.

"Well, what of it?"

"Nothin' pertick'lar; only I thought you might want to see me. So I dropped around to save you the trouble o' hunting me up."

"Why should we want to hunt you up?"

"Why? Well, your the wust I ever saw. Why, to interview me, of course!"

"To interview you? What do we want to interview you for? What do you know?"

"I reckon I am 'bout as well posted ez the general run o' terriers you interview."

"We don't know where to begin."

"You don't? S'pose Gen'ral Grant should skip along out here, what'd you ask him? Er how'd you tackle Beecher, s'pos'n you was to give him the grand talk? Er King Calico, er the Chinese Embassy, er the Tullis gang, er any roosters o' note and cons'quence? How'd you begin on them?"

"We'd question them on those subjects with which they are most familiar, of course."

"Well, let me see; maybe you could pump me on finance. Try."

"Are you familiar with the financial question?"

"Familiar enough, ef bein' on speakin' terms is familiar. But, to tell you the truth, finance an' me never did git along together very well, though we never disagreed when I could git a fair holt."

"What do you think of the present state of the finances throughout the country?"

"Now look here, Mister, please don't press me so hard. The finances is all right ef the financiers would only let 'em alone. What we need is a circulatin' mejium, an' how're we goin' to hev a circulatin' mejium ef it don't circulate? What good's money in the bank do? Fur instance: You've got two bits in your pocket, what good is it doin' there? No good. All right. Now, s'pose—I'm only s'posin', you understand—you should convey the idle capital to me and I transfer it to the five cent beer man, and he pays it over to the brewery proprietor, and the brewery man pays it over to you for subscription. You get your money back less the wear and the tear, and it hez circulated and done good an' lifted a single soul at least from the pit of despair to the gallery of bliss in the theatre of life."

His tones were almost eloquent, and his sottish eyes almost flashed as he caught this last sentiment on the fly.

"What do you think of communism?"

"Communism! Now you've got me where I live. You've tumbled to my gentle racket, an' sent her in with a twist. It's a line shot, a ten strike, an' the las' roll down my alley. If you'd called it Kearneyism I'd a dodged the issue; if you'd a called it Butlerism I'd a backed water. But you pooled the issues and called the turn for Communism. Communism is good. Division is the price of Liberty. What's yours is mine, and what's mine is my own. Capital's a fraud, and the greatest good to the greatest number is the hinge the times swings on. The greatest number is us Communists. The greatest good that can be bestowed on us is capital. Give us capital, an' we'll run the universe. I'm a Communist from the word go. Anything else you wan't to know?"

"No, not to-day. The valuable information you have already vouchsafed is sufficient for the day thereof."

"Ain't you goin' to say nuthin'?"

"Haven't we said enough?"

"Skeercely."

"What more do you want?"

"Didn't I say something about circulatin' mejiums?"

"I believe you did."

"Did I mention any pertick'ler 'mount?"

"You did—two bits."

"Well, ef you think my reasonin' was sound, I should be pleased to illustrate in a practical manner. I would circulate."

His cool proposition was so sublimely impudent that the quarter was immediately forthcoming, and the last view we obtained of the "interviewed" he was "circulating" around the corner to "circulate" the "mejium" in a five cent beer hall.

Mr. Babbitt's Hair.

In estimating the value of the repairs and alterations which art puts upon aged man, there is an irreconcilable difference of opinion between theold and the young. There is Mr. Babbitt, of Barrington, Me., who has reaped the ripe wisdom of 63 years. That wise old man maintains that neither hair, teeth, nor limbs ought to be permanent fixtures. Mr. Babbitt wears a wig, a complete set of false teeth, and a cork leg, and instead of trying to deny their artificiality, he constantly testifies to their superiority to the hair, teeth, and legs, with which he was originally fitted out. In hot weather he sincerely pities the young who cannot take off their hair. When one of his teeth is out of order, he sends the whole set to the dentist by a special messenger, and when they are returned in a perfect state of repair, he triumphantly asks his younger acquaintances who undergo grinding torments in the dentist's chair, it they do not wish they too had removable teeth. In the mosquito season, when his neighbors have to constantly wear heavy boots to protect their ankles, Mr. Babbitt will take off his cork leg, and placing it on the table will chuckle as he watches the deceived mosquitoes swarming upon it, and neglecting all other legs to prey upon that fair, false calf. Mr. Babbitt even pities other elderly men who wear their own hair in a gray or white condition, and insists that his raven locks are far more beautiful than any natural hair. Altogether he is as frank and cheerful as he is wise, and his only fault—if he has one—is to forget his hair and to leave it lying about in inappropriate places. It was through this inexcusable forgetfulness that Mr. Babbitt became the cause of the tragedy in the Bangor and Boston sleeping-car last April, the mere recollection of which causes the average Barrington citizen to turn pale and shudder. The sleeping-car was full, and the stove was, of course, extremely hot, although it was a warm night. Mr. Babbitt had noticed among his fellow passengers a lady of indefinite age, but of much personal beauty. Her hair was especially ravishing. It was of a golden yellow, banged in front, scolloped on the edges, and heaped up on the top of her head in great four-ply braids fastened together by gilt safety-pins with large black beads, and sprinkled with flowers and ribbons. In fact it was simply gorgeous, and for once Mr. Babbitt began to doubt whether nature could not when she gave her whole mind to it, manufacture hair superior to that of the best wig-maker. The golden-haired lady occupied berth No. 22, and Mr. Babbitt felt a vague and unreasonable pleasure when he remembered that his berth was No. 23. In course of time the beds were made and the passengers withdrew to their couches to sleep, perchance to snore. Mr. Babbitt as usual, took off his hair and laid it by the side of his pillow, but with a view to possible railway accidents, thought it best to keep his teeth and legs at their respective posts of duty. The heat and the noise made it impossible for him to sleep, so that, just before daylight arrived, he arose and went to the rear platform in search of air. When he had nearly reached the door, he remembered that he had forgotten his hair, so he went back to his berth, and putting his hand under the curtain grasped his wig adjusted it carelessly and went out of the door. One by one the passengers woke up and climbed out of their berths. The train was due at Boston at 7 A. M., and a little before that hour, Mr. Babbitt re-entered the car. He had scarcely closed the door behind him when an infuriated lady in a badly-fitting black, masculine wig rushed at him and denounced him as a heartless villain and an atrocious thief. His astonishment was naturally very great, but with much dignity he pushed on, intending to enter the next car and so escape the supposed lunatic. The enthusiasm of the other passengers, which immediately manifested itself in cheers, yells and efforts to lie down and die in strong laughter, convinced him that something was the matter. A casual glance in the mirror apprised him that he was wearing the yellow hair which he had so much admired the previous evening. His apologies and explanations were not accepted by the angry lady, but a committee of passengers finally arranged a compromise, in accordance with which Mr. Babbitt and the lady concealed themselves behind the curtains of contiguous berths while the committee effected an exchange of hair. It was certainly a very terrible affair, but if it effectually warns Mr. Babbitt never to leave his hair on his pillow or anywhere else except on his head, it will prove a blessing in disguise.

Be Careful of the Sick.

Tact and skill in preparing palatable and proper nourishment for the sick is an art which deserves cultivation. Where appetite is to be coaxed, variety and daintiness will go far towards accomplishing this end which is sometimes of as much importance as the physician's prescriptions, and the point to which they often tend. A person who is not particularly fastidious in health, will be likely to become more so by sickness, and even they turn in disgust from lukewarm tea in a cracked cup and all refreshments of a similar nature. Whatever else is neglected, the serving of an invalid's meals should receive the most careful attention. Fresh napkins, the daintiest dishes the house affords, and the brightest silver are none too nice. The good nurse will not only remember this, but she will, with her own hands, prepare the food and thus insure its proper cooking and dainty serving. A *tete a tete* service is the most convenient, but if this be lacking and there is no little sugar bowl or cream jug at hand, put the cream into a small cup add the sugar into another, so that the patient may have the precise flavor fancied for the cup of tea. The seasoning of of food should be light, as sickness often changes one's tastes in these matters, and furthir seasoning can be added if necessary. One of the surest methods of destroying the appetite is to leave the remnants of each meal in the room until time to serve the next.

FOOD FOR THOUGHT.

Working for bare life—making clothes for a new baby.

It requires a great deal of badness and a great deal of caution to make a great fortune, and when you have got it it requires ten times as much wit to keep it.

In most quarrels there is fault on both sides. Both flint and steel are necessary to the production of a spark. Either of them may hammer on wood forever, and no fire will follow.

Look not mournfully into the past; it comes not back again. Wisely improve the present—it is thine. Go forth to meet the shadowy future without fear, and with a manly heart.

Misfortune sprinkles ashes on the head of the man, but falls like dew on the head of the woman, and brings forth gems of strength of which she herself had no conscious possession.

This body in which we are now sitting or standing is not a substance which shall abide, but it is a shadow which shall dissolve, mouldering into dust and exhaling into water.

No matter how pious men are, the moment they place policy before principle they become incapable of doing right, and are transformed into the most odious tools of despotism.

If two men are united, the wants of neither are any greater, in some respects, than they would be were they alone, and their strength is superior to the strength of two separate men.

Every other sin hath some pleasure annexed to it, or will admit of some excuse; envy wants both; we should strive against it, for if indulged in it will be to us a foretaste of hell upon earth.

Good words do more than hard speeches; as the sunbeams without any noise will make the traveler cast off his cloak, which all the blustering winds could not do, but only make him bind it closer to him.

Some eyes threaten with a loaded and levelled pistol, and others are as insulting as hissing or kicking; some have no more expression than blueberries, while others are as deep as a well which you can fall into.

Fashion is a tyrant from which nothing frees us. We must suit ourselves to its fantastic tastes. But being compelled to live under its foolish laws, the wise man is never the first to follow, nor the last to keep it.

All men need something to poetize and idealize their life a little, something which they value for more than its use, and which is a symbol of their emancipation from the mere materialism and drudgery of daily life.

Tears and sorrows and losses are a part of what must be experienced in this present state of life; some for our manifest good, and all, therefore, it is trusted, for our good concealed—for our final and greatest good.

We who give the first shock to a State are naturally the first to be overwhelmed in its ruin. The fruits of public commotion are seldom enjoyed by the man who was the first to set it agoing; he only troubles the water for another's net.

The condition and characteristic of a vulgar person are that he never looks for either help or harm from himself, but only from externals. The condition and characteristic of a philosopher are that he looks to himself for all help or harm.

If we are faultless we should not be so much annoyed by the defects of those with whom we associate. If we were to acknowledge honestly that we have not virtue enough to bear patiently with our neighbor's weaknesses, we should show our own imperfection, and this alarms our vanity.

Every failure is a step to success; every detection of what is false directs us towards what is true; every trial exhausts some tempting form of error. Not only so, but scarcely any attempt is entirely a failure; scarcely any theory, the result of steady thought, is altogether false; no tempting form of error is without some latent charm derived from truth.

Intelligence is an effect, as well as a cause; and one potent cause of it in the moral sphere, is obedience to the moral law. "It is good will," says Emerson, "that makes intelligence;" and again he says, "if a man's eye is on the Eternal, his intellect will grow." And Jesus Christ has said, "if any man will do his will, he shall know of the doctrine." As the moral vision is blurred by every evil action, so it is purified and strengthened by every righteous deed.

The man who has given himself to his country loves it better; the man who has fought for his friend honors him more; the man who has labored for his community values more highly the interests he has sought to conserve; the man who has wrought and planned and endured for the accomplishment of God's plan in the world sees the greatness of it, the divinity and glory of it, and is himself more perfectly assimilated to it.

Culture if consistently and thoroughly carried out, must lead on to religion, that is, to the cultivation of the spiritual and heavenward capacities of our nature. And religion, if truthful and wise, must expand into culture, must urge men who are under its power to make the most of all their capacities; not only for the worth of those capacities in themselves, but because they are gifts of God, and given for this purpose, that we may carefully cultivate them.

Faith, hope, charity, by which the gospel designates the triple manifestation of the spiritual life, are new names for new things; for it is needless to say that in classical Greek the words have nothing like their gospel signification. It would be difficult, we believe, to find in any Greek or Roman writer an expression of hope for the future of humanity. The nearest approach to such a sentiment, perhaps, is in the political Utopianism of Plato. The social ideal placed in a Golden Age has irretrievably passed away. Virgil's Four h Eclogue, even if it were a more serious production than it is, seems to refer to nothing more than the pacification of the Roman Empire and the restoration of its material prosperity by Augustus. But Christianity in the Apocalypse at once breaks forth into a confident prediction of the ultimate triumph of good over evil, and of the realization of the ideal.

The Republican.

SATURDAY, NOV 9 1878.

The election in this county passed off very quietly. Only a small vote was polled.

This was the only District in the State in which there was no opposition to the regular nominee of the Democratic party. The compliment bestowed upon Gen. Forney was a high one indeed. In a District composed of eminent men who have made brilliant records upon the political arena, and who have won reputation at the bar and at the hustings, no opposition whatever was developed and so invincible was he regarded, that many of his warmest friends and most enthusiastic supporters failed to cast their votes for him, realizing as they did, the utter impossibility of defeat. This is but an evidence of his unbounded popularity, and the wonderful hold he has upon the affections of his people, and it clearly indicates the tremendous majority he would have received, had there been a shadow of opposition.

Ten years ago a Greenback dollar was worth 72 cents. To-day it is worth 99¼ cents. It is now worth 27¼ cents more than it was then. The advocates of a sound currency effected that improvement, acting within the Democratic and Conservative organization.—Could a Greenback party, organized as that of to-da is, have accomplished more? And if not, why should a distinct organization now be necessary in order to carry out currency reforms?—Livingston Journal.

The following is one of the planks of the Greenback-Labor platform on which Mr. Armstrong is running for Congress in the Montgomery District:

When the price of labor is due and unpaid, any laborer who is not so paid, shall be enabled to enter any court of competent jurisdiction and upon that statement, properly verified, without any further formality, cause the appointment of a receiver to take charge of any property of the employer, except his residence, and apply enough of the same to the payment of any labor unpaid, before using the estate or any portion thereof for any other purpose.

Mr. Planter, how do you like this? Would you not prefer the old Freedmen's bureau to such a law? A receiver to take possession of and control your property upon the mere statement of a laborer that he has not been fully paid for his services up to date.—Livingston Journal.

The colored people of Richmond Va., have held a meeting and resolved to support Gen. Johnston, the Democratic nominee for Congress instead of Mr. Newman the Greenback man. One of their whereases, reported by the committee and adopted by the meeting reads as follows:

Whereas, There are two candidates in the field asking the suffrage of the people, your committee, after serious and mature consideration of the premises, are of the opinion that it is best for the colored people of this city and of this district to support and stand by the solid and substantial men of the district of whom we receive our daily bread, and upon whom we must necessarily depend for future prosperity.

Florida is one of the Southern states that has emerged from carpet-bag rule with credit unharmed. Gov. Drew has just ordered the state collector to collect only a part of the state tax, because the collection of the entire amount assessed would yield a greater sum than is required in the administration of the state government.

This is no time and Alabama is no place for a third party. Let those who have been beguiled and deluded by any such political nonsense stop, reflect and come back to the Democratic party. There will be but two parties in the contest in 1880. Let all those who do not expect to act with the Republicans then come into full fellowship with the Democrats now.—Livingston Journal.

A special from Nashville says three hundred illicit distillers, who have been before the U. S. Court during the week, have been hopelessly demoralized in consequence of heavy penalties imposed. Sixty have been fined one hundred to one thousand dollars, and sentenced to imprisonment from one to six months in jails. One hundred and fifty others have forfeited their bonds and fled to the mountains.

A few years ago the Alabama Penitentiary entailed on the State an annual expense of from $25,000 to $30,000. For the fiscal year ending 30th of last September, it paid a profit of $35,619. So much for Democratic retrenchment and reform.—Livingston Journal.

A terrific gale swept the Atlantic coast Oct., 23-24th, doing great damage to shipping and seaport towns. In Philadelphia 384 dwellings and stores were unroofed and otherwise injured; several were completely demolished. In addition to these, were 31 churches, 23 school houses, 35 factories and warehouses, 5 hotels, 2 elevators and 50 other large buildings, such as depots, ferry houses, mills and railroad offices. Six persons were killed.

The merchants of Jacksonville are now selling more goods than they ever have at any one time since the war. They are undoubtedly selling goods cheaper than they ever sold before. And it affords us much pleasure to invite the people of Calhoun and adjoining counties to come and see for themselves, and examine their prices before going elsewhere.

We can truthfully say that Jacksonville can no longer bear the name of being a high price market. She has already won the reputation of being one of the best trading points in this section of the State. Our merchants are all good and reliable men. And their goods are of the very best quality.

Gen E. W. Martin, former State Senator from the 17th District, died at his home in Conecuh on the 22d inst.—Livingston Journal.

The result of the Congressional elections in most of the States of the Union was on the whole satisfactory to the Democrats and gives them a greater majority in the next Congress than the present.

We failed last week to notice the large double column advertisement of Rowan, Dean & Co. They have this season the largest stock of everything in their line ever before bought by them, and are more deserving of special mention than at any previous season. Their prices are low enough to suit the times, and we venture the assertion that they can, and will sell goods as cheap as any house in this part of Alabama. They have already won the distinction of being the largest house in this section of the State. Both proprietors and employees are very gentlemanly and courteous to all who transact business with them; and you may be sure of kind treatment when you step in to their store to make a bill—no matter how small.

The contest for the magnificent silver set offered by Maj. T. W. Francis, for the greatest display of farm products was taken by W. D. Bush Esq. of Alexandria valley. The display from his farm was over 52 varieties of products. Other gentlemen of the county competed for the prize and run him close but Dudley walked off with the prize. He has the reputation of being one of the best farmers in Calhoun.

Nebraska boasts of raising this year, twenty-six million bushels of wheat, forty-six million bushels of corn, nine million bushels of oats, three million bushels each of rye, barley and potatoes, and five hundred thousand head of cattle, and seven hundred thousand hogs.

Some of our Southern States are not far behind, in other good qualities.

The day is fast approaching on which we will be able to come fully up, in every respect, with all those States that are now boasting of their wealth and riches.

We are blessed with all the good things that are sufficient to render our earthly home happy and pleasant.

Let us be vitally and practically interested in the welfare of our own country, and by so doing, we may expect at a future day, to find our selves more completely folded in the arms of luxury than at present.

The industrious and laboring class of the South, are the people that are most respected and honored by all; and it was by their good works and noble deeds that she was once more brought to life after being so completely robbed and trampled upon. And if they wish a continuance of success, let them patronize "home manufacture," and spend their money with the mechanics and merchants at home, where they will stand a chance of getting it again, instead of sending it to the North or West to further enrich already bloated bond holders.

GENERAL NEWS.

There was a tree felled in Texas recently, in which was found the skeleton of a human being.

A negro in Savannah Ga., fell the distance of seventy feet off of a building in that city.

There are now six new railroads being built in Iowa.

A severe storm swept the Atlantic Coast from the Gulf of Mexico, to the State of Maine.

A lady at St. Louis used a kerosene can to pour oil upon a slow fire, and in two hours afterwards she was a charred and blackened corpse.

A seven year old boy in Randolph county picks one hundred pounds of cotton every day.

A Grocery house was broken open last week in Wedowee. A few articles and about three dollars in cash were taken.

A Viena firm is now manufacturing glass slippers.

The Indians out West recently rushed in among the white people of Kansas and killed several persons,—destroyed a great deal of property, and laid waste to many peaceful homes.

The most authentic news from Rome Ga., points to the election of Felton over Lester by a considerable majority.

The indications point to the election of Lowe over Garth, in the 8th District

MACON GA. Nov. 4.—A fire in Montezuma destroyed the west half of the business portion of that town. Eleven stores with light stocks of goods were burned. The loss is estimated at thirteen thousand dollars, on which there is insurance to the amount of three thousand and five hundred dollars. The fire is supposed to have been incendiary.

Iowa, Nebraska, and Kansas advices, state that prairie fires are still raging in these states, destroying grain, bridges barns, fences and other property. Many persons have perished in the flames. Unconfirmed reports prevailed in Lincoln Nebraska, Oct. 24 that Albia Boone county a town of 250 inhabitants, had been utterly destroyed. It is supposed the fires, in some cases had been lighted by the Cheyennes.

At Cincinnati, recently, the dwelling of Michael. Reuther was burned. Ruther on awaking ran up stairs to rescue his little daughter, and in doing so was obliged to pass through the flames. He found the child with her night dress burning, and grasping her in his arms he forced his way back through the flames and reached the ground in safety. The child was badly burned about the face and arms. Reuther is probably fatally injured, both arms being burned almost to the bone, and the flesh scorched off his back.

IN CHANCERY.

Bessie A. White, by next friend Simon Jewell, vs. John C. White.	In Chancery at Jacksonville, Alabama. Nov. 1st. 1878. In this cause it is made to appear to the Register by affidavit of C C Ellis, complainant's solicitor, that the defendant, John C White, is a non-resident of this State, and that his last place of residence known to affiant was Gold Hill Nevada and further that the said defendant is over the age of twenty-one years. It is therefore ordered by the Register that publication be made in the Jacksonville Republican, a weekly newspaper published in the town of Jacksonville, Alabama, for four consecutive weeks requiring the said John C. White to appear and plead to or answer the bill of complaint in this cause by the 25th day of Dec 1878, or a decree pro confesso will be taken against him, the said John C White, in thirty days thereafter. Done at office this 1st day of Nov. 1878.

WM. M. HAMES, Register.
Nov9—4t

Administrator's Sale of Land.

Under and by virtue of an order issued by the Honorable, the Probate Court of Calhoun county, Alabama, the undersigned as Administrator of the Estate of Miles W. Abernathy, deceased, will sell at public outcry to the highest bidder, the following described lands to-wit:

Lots one, seven and eight in section 16 containing eighty acres each—also a part of S W quarter of section 15, beginning at southwest corner, thence north 53° W 160 poles to the half mile stake; thence north 84½° east 115 poles to a stake and pointers on east side of mountain at D. Hoke's corner; thence south 55° east 160 poles to a stake and pointers on section line there with the Section line, South 85½° West crossing the mill pond 82 poles and 10 links to rock and pointers on the side of the Hill to J. Feaney's corner; thence South 30° west to a stake and pointers on the line; thence with said line to beginning, including the fine Merchant Mills and all appurtenances: also 100 acres in section 15 adjoining the lands of Alfred and Jos. Hoke, and a part of the home tract—all in township 14 and range 8. Also one-half interest in Tan Yard Lot in the Town of Jacksonville, containing one and one half acres in northeast corner of section 15, township 14, range 8; also southeast quarter of southwest quarter of section 28, township 14, range 8—all in Calhoun county, State of Alabama and adjoins the corporate limits of the town of Jacksonville.

TIME, PLACE OF SALE & TERMS.

Said lands and mills will be sold at the mills on Monday the 2nd day of December, 1878, in lots of 80 acres.

Purchasers will be required to pay one third cash, one third in twelve months thereafter and one third in two years.—Note with two approved securities will be required for the unpaid purchase money.

H. L. STEVENSON.
Administrator &c.

Notice of Land Renting.

The undersigned as Executor of the Estate of Thos. K. Cook, deceased, will proceed, on

MONDAY the 11th day of NOV. next, to rent for the ensuing year, the lands of the estate of said deceased, at public outcry. The cultivable land consists of three lots, one lot of about eighty acres, one of fifty-five acres and one of about forty acres.

Said land will be rented at White Plains, Ala., upon a credit of twelve months. Parties renting will be required to give note and approved securities for the payment of the rents.

WM. C. SCARBROUGH,
Oct. 26—3t. Executor.

Encourage Home Manufacture.

ED. REPUBLICAN:—I would like a little space in your valuable paper for the good of our country and the public generally.

I have purchased from Mr. E. G. Morris one of his Turbine Water Wheels, of small size, (20 inches in diameter) for the purpose of running my cotton gin, and have given it a fair trial, and am pleased to say that it comes fully up to my highest expectation. By its power I can easily, at the present low state of water, gin ten bales of cotton in twenty-four hours; while I could not gin more than 3 bales in the same length of time with my old wheel under the same circumstances. I find it simple of construction, durable, compact of fine finish and workmanship—runs rapidly with a strong steady motion,—takes very little water to run it, and wastes none;—it costs but little over half of what it would to get one of the same capacity from the North.

I would cheerfully recommend all persons owning water-power and in want of a wheel to purchase the Morris Turbine wheel, and keep their money at home, instead of sending it North to further enrich already bloated capitalists.

A. M. WHITESIDE.
Oct 26—1t

Sale of Personal Property.

Under and by virtue of an order issued by the Honorable, the Probate Court of Calhoun county, Ala., the undersigned as Guardian for J. B. Williams will sell at public outcry to the highest bidder, the following personal property to wit: 1 horse, 1 mule, 2 wagons, household and kitchen furniture, plows and plow gear, 1 yoke of oxen, 500 bushels corn, 500 bundles fodder and various other articles not mentioned. Said personal property will be sold at the residence of said John B. Williams on Monday the 18th day of Nov. 1878. Purchasers will be required to pay cash for articles sold under ten dollars; for all articles sold for over ten dollars, notes payable 12 mos. from date with two approved securities will be required.

J. W. WILLIAMS.
Oct 26—3t Guardian &c.

EXECUTOR'S SALE OF LAND.

Under and by virtue of an order issued by the honorable, the Probate Court of Calhoun county, Alabama, the undersigned, as Executor of the last will and testament of J. J. Henderson, late of said county, deceased, will sell at public outcry to the highest bidder, the following described lands, to wit:

The West ½ of North East ¼, East ½ of North West ¼ S. W. ¼ of North West ¼ & a strip thirteen rods wide, lying South of the above described land—all in Section 7., Township 16, Range 6; and known as a part of the Border's Mill Tract—situated in Chockolocco valley, in said county.

Time, Place of Sale, and Terms.

Said lands will be sold at Harmony church near said lands, on Monday the 25th day of November 1878

Purchasers will be required to pay one third cash—one third in twelve months thereafter, and one third in two years; Notes bearing interest from date, with two approved securities, will be required for the unpaid purchase money.

W. F. JORDAN.
Executor &c.

NOTICE.

On, or about the 28th of Feb 1859, a Duplicate Land Warrant, No. 52642, was issued to Ellis Lott, for 120 acres, and said Duplicate warrant has been lost or destroyed, having been filed by me in the Register and Receiver's office at Centre Ala., on the 20th July 1861. And that I have made application to the Commissioner of the General land office for the issue of a duplicate for said warrant, No 32642.

October 3rd 1878.

JAMES KEMP.
Kemp's Creek, Ala.

TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN.

NOTICE is hereby given that the undersigned will petition the next General Assembly, to pass a law authorizing her to peddle without license.

SALLIE J. W. McADAMS.
Jacksonville Oct. 26th 1878.

45 Years Before the Public.

THE CENUINE

DR. C. McLANE'S

CELEBRATED

LIVER PILLS,

FOR THE CURE OF

Hepatitis, or Liver Complaint,

DYSPEPSIA AND SICK HEADACHE.

Symptoms of a Diseased Liver.

PAIN in the right side, under the edge of the ribs, increases on pressure; sometimes the pain is in the left side; the patient is rarely able to lie on the left side; sometimes the pain is felt under the shoulder blade, and it frequently extends to the top of the shoulder, and is sometimes mistaken for rheumatism in the arm. The stomach is affected with loss of appetite and sickness; the bowels in general are costive, sometimes alternative with lax; the head is troubled with pain, accompanied with a dull, heavy sensation in the back part. There is generally a considerable loss of memory, accompanied with a painful sensation of having left undone something which ought to have been done. A slight, dry cough is sometimes an attendant. The patient complains of weariness and debility; he is easily startled, his feet are cold or burning, and he complains of a prickly sensation of the skin; his spirits are low, and although he is satisfied that exercise would be beneficial to him, yet he can scarcely summon up fortitude enough to try it. In fact, he distrusts every remedy. Several of the above symptoms attend the disease, but cases have occurred where few of them existed, yet examination of the body after death, has shown the LIVER to have been extensively deranged.

AGUE AND FEVER.

DR. C. McLANE'S LIVER PILLS, IN CASES OF AGUE AND FEVER, when taken with Quinine, are productive of the most happy results. No better cathartic can be used, preparatory to, or after taking Quinine. We would advise all who are afflicted with this disease to give them a FAIR TRIAL.

For all bilious derangements, and as a simple purgative, they are unequaled

BEWARE OF IMITATIONS.

The genuine are never sugar coated.

Every box has a red wax seal on the lid with the impression DR. MCLANE'S LIVER PILLS.

The genuine MCLANE'S LIVER PILLS bear the signatures of C. MCLANE and FLEMING BROS. on the wrappers.

Insist upon having the genuine DR. C MCLANE'S LIVER PILLS, prepared by Fleming Bros., of Pittsburgh, Pa., the market being full of imitations of the name *McLane* spelled differently but same pronunciation.

TAX COLLECTOR'S

Last Round.

I will attend at the following places, and on the days mentioned below, for the purpose of collecting the State and County Taxes, for the county of Calhoun, Ala., for the year 1878.

Precinct No 8 Green's School house Tuesday Dec. 3 1878.

Precinct No 9 Cross Plains Wednesday Dec. 4.

Precinct No 16 Ladiga Thursday Dec. 5

Precinct No 10 Rabbit Town Friday Dec. 6

Precinct No 11 White Plains Saturday Dec 7.

Precinct No 12 Davisville Tuesday Dec. 10.

Precinct No 13 Oxford Wednesday Dec. 11

Precinct No 15 Anniston Thursday Dec.12

Precinct No 2 June Bug (4 mile school house) Friday Dec 13

Precinct No 1 Jacksonville Saturday Dec. 14.

Precinct No 4 Ganaway's School house Tuesday Dec. 17.

Precinct No 14 Sulphur Springs Wednesday Dec. 18.

Precinct No 5 Polkville Thursday Dec 19.

Precinct No 2 Alexandria Friday Dec. 20.

Precinct No 6 Peeks Hill Saturday Dec. 21.

Precinct No. 7 Webster's Chapel, Monday Dec. 23 1878.

I will also attend Jacksonville for 5 days at the close of the month of Dec., to-wit: the 26th. 27th. 28th. 29th, 30th and 31st. All taxes will become delinquent on the 1st day of January 1879, if not paid before that day.

JAMES M. WEBSTER,
T. C. C. Co.
Nov. 2.—8t

A noiseless car wheel has been invented.

REAL ESTATE AGENCY.

JACKSONVILLE, ALA.

☞For information in regard to any of the Lands mentioned below, parties can apply to the undersigned either by letter or in person. Letters of either buyers or sellers promptly and cheerfully answered. Parties with the means and the desire to purchase will be shown any lands advertised at the expense of the undersigned. Those having lands to sell are invited to communicate with him, when commission for selling, directions for writing advertisement, etc. will be given.

L. W. GRANT,
Real Estate Agent, Jacksonville, Ala.

$1200. Three hundred acres on road to Greensport, eleven miles from Jacksonville, one mile from Peck's Hill Post Office, known as Fullenwider place; 70 acres in cultivation, balance well timbered in Oak, Poplar, Hickory and Black Walnut. Three good springs on the place. School house and Church on the premises.

TERMS.—Half cash; balance in one and two years. Title perfect. A bargain

$400.—EIGHTY acres of fine wood land, within three miles of Jacksonville, on main road. Two thousand loads of wood can be cut from it. Growth mostly Post Oak. Land very good. It is a bargain at $400.

$2 000. TWO HUNDRED ACRES of LAND splendidly improved, heavily timbered and well watered. It is situated on the Jacksonville and Gadsden road, seven miles from Gadsden. Daily mail both ways. One of the most desirable places in the county. Terms made known on application.

$1.700.—THE undersigned offers a bargain in a FARM near Jacksonville for $1,300. It contains one hundred and twenty acres of land, nearly all cleared—good orchards, three good farm houses, one house, two bold springs (one freestone and one limestone), *running water in every lot*, and about ten acres of the very best meadow land in this country. One of the farm houses was put up last fall at a cash expense of six hundred dollars. The present proprietor gave for the place, since the war, $3,600. Desire to move to Texas is his reason for selling at a sacrifice.

$1500. ONE HUNDRED & FIFTY-FIVE acres of land more or less. Good new dwelling of five rooms—not quite complete. Fine springs within a few steps of the door. Good out buildings. Excellent tan yard site. About fifty acres under fence. Land produces well. Natural fish pond on the place. Plenty of pine for stock. Situated four miles south of Jacksonville on public road from Jacksonville to Oxford. Good stand for blacksmith and woodshop.

$4,000 SIX HUNDRED ACRES of fine river bottom land.

Three payments—three good settlement's on the place—Five good springs, gin house, dresser, and one of the finest orchards in the country. First bottom, 150 acres. Second and creek bottom, 150 acres. 180 acres open. Enough pine timber on the upland flats to pay for the land at the ruling price per tree, within one mile of the river. The healthiest location in the country. A boat landing on the plantation. One boat a week from Rome, Ga. The bottom land are very rich and inexhaustible. Splendid roads to interior markets.

$4,000 THREE HUNDRED & twenty acres, situated on the Oxford Road, one mile from White Plains, Calhoun county, in the rich and fertile valley of Chockolocco. One hundred and forty acres in cultivation; balance well timbered. A running stream and two good wells, one good dwelling house, splendid cribs, stables, stock houses, tenant house &c. on the place. Best adapted to cotton but yields fine corn and wheat crops. Last year thirty acres of this land made seventeen acres of cotton. Fine orchard of all kinds of fruit and splendid garden spot. Located within a half mile of church, school-house and post office. Excellent settlement. One of the most desirable locations in the county. Terms of payment made known on application.

$3 100 ONE HUNDRED & SIXTY ACRES on Oxford and Gadsden road, one mile from Phillip's mill. Eighty acres open and in the state of cultivation—balance well timbered. A new framed house 32x64 with seven rooms, necessary outbuildings, and tenant house on the place. Never failing well of water within twenty steps of the door. One feature of this place is the orchards and vineyard. The apple orchard contains 200 bearing trees of best varieties. The peach orchard is large and choice.—The vineyard contains 200 bearing vines of different varieties of grapes suitable to this country—one-half acre of it is improving already trellised. Proprietor made this year seventy gallons of wine, in second year of bearing. Convenient to churches and school forms. $1000 cash; balance in one and two years.

$1 200 THREE HUNDRED AND TWENTY ACRES, situated two miles and a half from Phillip's mill on Oxford and Gadsden road. Well improved. Two story 7 room ceiled and papered dwelling, barns, stables, two good wells, and apple and peach orchards on the place. 125 acres open; balance fine land to clear. Large spring on and running water through the farm the entire year. A good stock farm and a bargain. Terms one-half cash—balance on time.

A BARGAIN.—400 acres or more, sold in separate tracts or together. Embraces fine touring and corn mill, saw mill and cotton gin. Two sets of framed dwellings and outhouses. Four good settlements included. Land in good state of cultivation. Terms to suit purchaser.

$2,000—THIRTY-TWO—Acres, lying within 500 yards of the court house in Jacksonville, known as the Fielding Snow place. Fine meadow land, with bold spring branch running through it. Has upon it good stables, crib and other buildings. The spring branch furnishes sufficient water power for a flouring mill. Fine location for a tan-yard—vats already made, bark shed and finishing house standing and in fair order. The yard could be put in thorough order at small expense. $500 cash, balance in 1, 2, & 3 yrs

$400 One hundred and twenty acres. Forty acres under fence. Lies on Cobbs Jacksonville road, two miles northeast of Cross Plains. Churches and school houses convenient. Four room frame house and good tenant house on the place and fine well of water in the yard. Mineral spring near. Orchard.

Terms.—$250 next fall; balance the fall following.

$1,650 One hundred and sixty-six acres three miles northeast of White Plains on southside of Chocolocco creek, the creek being the line. Good dwelling and all necessary outbuildings. Well of water in yard. The land is fine and well watered. Orchard. Sixty acres cleared and in high state of cultivation. Good school within one mile and a half. Churches convenient. Terms cash.

AT A SACRIFICE.—Two town lots. One known as the Hudson livery stable lot; the other facing the south-west corner of the public square. Terms made known on application

VYLUABLE LEAD MINE.

The undersigned has been authorized by the owners in Georgia and Tennesse to sell the valuable lead mine, west of this place, that was so successfully worked by the Confederate Government, for six thousand dollars. This mine sold before the war for thirty-two thousand dollars. There is money in it, and the attention of capitalists is invited to it as a good investment.

Address, L. W. GRANT,
Jacksonville, Ala.

$4550 Six hundred and forty acres, known as the Greene place, six miles north of Jacksonville on the S. R. & D. R. R. Two hundred acres in high state of cultivation. Splendid farm house and several good out-houses, gin, barn and every convenience to be found on a first class farm. Orchard. Land fine and splendidly watered. Elegantly adapted for a stock farm. A capital bargain. Terms, one-third cash, balance in one and two years.

$5000 Seven hundred acres One hundred and seventy-five acres in cultivation All in one tract one and a quarter by three quarter miles square. Watered by two mountain branches and several springs. The spring at the dwelling is White Sulphur. There is besides a good well in the yard and one in the horse lot, both supplied with pumps. The dwelling is nearly new, built in tasteful style, and nicely paled in. It cost $2000. There is on the place six good tenant houses, gin house and screw, large barn and stables, well built stock house, shoe and blacksmith shops, tan yard of 20 vats, two bark sheds, one leather finishing house and many other buildings necessary to a well improved farm and country merchant's stand. It is convenient to churches, and there is a good school on the place. Merchant mill in two miles. The soil will compare favorably with that of most lands in Calhoun. The health of the place is surpassingly good and the scenery delightful. Titles perfect. Terms one-third cash, balance in one and two years.

$10 000.—SIX HUNDRED and forty acres. Two hundred and fifty acres cleared. Of the improved land about fifty acres is rich Chockolocco bottom. Of the unimproved land, about one hundred and twenty acres is of the same character. The remainder is first class upland. The creek flows through it for half a mile, and for the whole extent there is a splendid cane brake sufficient to winter fifty head of cattle. The cane brake range for winter, and the mountain range (one mile distant) for summer, renders it one of the best stock farms in the country. The place lies upon it all the improvements necessary to a first class farm. The dwelling house is a six room two story elegantly finished building. Dining room, kitchen, smoke-house, well-house and pantry are all of brick. There is a cellar passage from house to dining room. The house, yard and purse lot are watered by pipes conveying pure freestone water from the mountain near by. Church, good school and merchant mill in convenient distance. There is no more desirable place offered for sale in the county. Terms—one-third cash, balance in one, two and three years, or longer if purchaser desires it, and keeps interest paid up.

$2 000 EIGHTY-SIX ACRES—FIFTY cleared and in good state of cultivation. Land very fertile. Good dwelling, stables, gin house and screw, tenant house and other necessary out buildings. Chocolocco creek is the line on the East side of it. Good young orchard. Splendid wells at dwelling and tenant house. It is known best as the McAuley place. Titles perfect. Terms cash. Convenient churches, and good school within one and one-half miles of the house.

Dirt Cheap!

HOUSE AND LOT FOR

350 CASH.—Six room house, kitchen and stable. Rooms plastered or ceiled, porches in front. Lot contains 128 feet front and extending back 210 feet. Fine fruit, and well on premises. 300 yds. from Court House. Possession given 1st of January 1878. A good investment for any person desiring to move to Jacksonville for school facilities.

TWO THOUSAND DOLLARS. A great bargain, a town lot situated about two hundred yards west of the depot, in the town of Jacksonville, Ala., containing seven acres more or less, on which is located a corn and flouring mill. This is a convenient and valuable location for wood Cutter or cotton Gin one or both as well as milling. One-half cash, balance one and two years, with interest. If the property is not sold pretty soon, it can be leased for a term of years.

$50 66 acres—45 in cultivation—good fences, 2 room dwelling and out-buildings—well in yard—running water through out—excellent timbered land—water and range for cattle, hogs &c.—near school and church convenient. This place is 7 miles from White Plains and 9 miles from Jacksonville, and will be sold for $50, half cash, balance in 12 months

Small Farms.

I have much enquiry after small, cheap farms, but have few such booked for sale.—Parties who own such farms and desire to sell them, would do well to consult me.

No sale, no charge.

L. W. GRANT.

Land buyers will take notice that I have other valuable places booked for sale not advertised

L. W. GRANT.

TRUST SALE

Under and by virtue of a certain Deed of Trust, executed to the undersigned as trustee, by J. D Hammond and F. A. Hammond on the 28th day of February 1876, to secure T. W. Francis in the payment of a certain promissory note therein mentioned, and which said Deed of Trust and promissory note have subsequently been transferred to Cochran & Co., of New York. Said Deed of Trust was recorded in the Probate Court of Calhoun county Alabama, in Book ——, 24 Vo; Register of Deeds on pages 197 & 198, on the 3d day of March 1876

I will as Trustee aforesaid, sell to the highest bidder for cash, before the Court house door in the town of Jacksonville in said county, on Tuesday the 16th day of December 1878, the following described real estate, to wit

The house and lot situated in the town of Jacksonville, known as the residence of J. D. Hammond; containing two acres more of less, of North East corner of lot No. 6, original plan of said town, on corner of Broad & Depot streets Township 14, Range 8, East in Coosa Land District.

Said real estate will be sold to satisfy said promissory note described in said Deed of Trust. This Nov. 9th 1878

I. L. SWAN.
Trustee.

ADM. SALE OF LAND.

Under and by virtue of an order issued by the honorable, the Probate Court of Calhoun county, State of Alabama. The undersigned as administrator of the estate of Fleming Young late of said county, will sell at public outcry to the highest bidder, on the premises, on Saturday the 7th day of December 1878, the following described real estate to-wit:

The East ½ of lot No. 1, and Fraction 9 of Sec. 16, Township 13 of Range 10; also lot No. 24 of Sec. 36, Township 12 Range 10, containing 158 acres more or less, situated in Terrapin creek valley in said county.

TERMS OF SALE.—One third cash,—the remainder on a credit of 12 months with interest from date. Note with approved security will be required to secure the unpaid purchase money. This November 4th 1878.

J. H. SAVAGE,
Administrator.
Nov. 9—4t.

"BLUE MOUNTAIN ROUTE"

Change of Schedule.

S. R. & D. R. R.

Taking effect Sunday, June 9th, 1878, at 5 p. m.

Mail Trains Daily.

No. 1, North.	Stations	No. 2, South.
4.10 a. m	Lv Selma Ar	3.30 p. m.
6.38 a. m	Randolph Lv	7.05 p. m.
7.25 a. m	Montevallo	6.00 p. m.
8.15 a. m	Calera	5.00 p. m.
10.47 a. m	Talladega	2.35 p. m.
11.54 p. m	Oxford	1.30 p. m.
12.45 p. m	Jacksonville	12.45 p. m.
3.45 p. m.	Ar Rome Lv	9.30 a. m.
5.50 p. m.	Ar Dalton Lv	8.25 a. m.

Accommodation Trains.

Daily—Sunday excepted.

No. 3. North.	Stations.	No. 4. South.
3.40 p. m	Lv Selma Ar	12.30 p. m.
7.05 p. m	Randolph Lv	9.55 a. m.
8.20 p. m	Montevallo	8.34 a. m.
9.40 p. m	Calera Ar	7.00 a. m.
12.56 p. m	Talladega	3.50 a. m.
2.28 a. m	Oxford	2.35 p. m.
3.55 a. m	Jacksonville	12.50 p. m.
8.50 a. m	Ar Rome Lv	8.15 p. m.
11.06 a. m	Dalton	5.51 p. m.

The 5.30 a. m. train connects at Calera with mail trains of L. & N. R. R. for all points west, and at Selma with trains of E. T. Va. & Ga. R. R. for all eastern cities, Tennessee and Virginia springs, and with N. & C. trains for Chattanooga and north western cities.

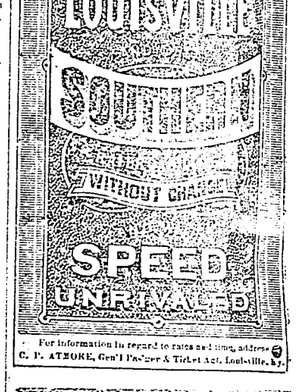
No. 3 leaving at 3.40 p. m. makes connection at Rome for Atlanta, and at Dalton with trains of E. T. Va. & Ga. and W. & A. railroads for all eastern and western cities.

Nos 2 mail and 4 accommodation trains have Dalton upon arrival of trains of E. T. Va. & Ga. railroad and W. & A. railroad, making close connection at Dalton with mail train of L. & N. & Ga. railroad from all western cities.

Sleeping cars on all night trains.

Tickets as low as by any other route.

RAY KNIGHT, G. P. & T. Ag't.



For information in regard to rates and time, address C. P. ATKORE, Gen'l Pas'ger & Ticket Agt. Louisville, Ky.

W. C. LAND,

WATCH MAKER

& JEWELLER

Jacksonville, Ala.

15, January 1877—1y.

Cancers Cured.

SCROFULOUS HUMORS AND DISEASES OF THE BLOOD.

DR. S. C. WILLIAMS, after an experience of more than thirty years, is fully confident that, when applied to in time, he can cure the above named diseases. As to his success in the treatment of the same, and as to his standing as a physician, he would respectfully refer to the following named gentlemen:

Dr. A. Pelham, Alexandria, Alabama
Dr. J. Y. Nesbet, Jacksonville, "
Dr. B. S. Evans, White Plains, "
Judge M. J. Turnley, Gadsden, "
J. W. Whiteside, Esq. Rome Georgia.

And to the physicians, merchants and ministers of Oxford, Ala., and to his former patients everywhere.

Charges moderate,

S. C. WILLIAMS M. D.
Oxford, Ala

April 6th, 1878—1y.

State Agricultural and Mechanical College.

AT AUBURN, Ala.

Next Term Begins Sept. 25th, 1878.

Six independent courses—Agriculture, Literature, Science, Engineering, Surveying, Book-keeping. An excellent Preparatory School is provided, with graded classes, free of tuition.

EXPENSES PER TERM:

Contingent fee, $5 00; Surgeon's fee, 2 50; Total College fees, per term, $7 50.

TUITION FREE. Board and lodging $12 50 to $15 00 per month. Cadet uniforms are furnished in Auburn at lowest possible rate. For further information send for catalogues. Address any member of the Faculty, or

I. T. TICHENOR, President.
W. C. STUBBS, Sec'y.

WHOLESALE OR RETAIL,

BY

W. W. NESBIT,

Jacksonville, - - - - - Ala.

Attachment Notice.

Wm. Gray, vs. J. S. Gray.	In Justice Court, beat No. 6, Calhoun County, Ala.

IT appearing to the Court that suit was commenced by Attachment, and levied by writ of Garnishment on W. F. Dickie.—It further appearing to the Court, that the said Defendant is a non-resident of the State, and resides in the State of Arkansas, Post Office ——.

It is Ordered by the Court, that notice be given by publication in the Jacksonville Republican, a newspaper published in said county, for three successive weeks, and a copy to be sent by mail to Defendant's Post Office if known.

Notice is given to said Defendant to appear at a term of said Court to be holden on the 12th day of October, 1878, and defend said suit.

A. W. KIRBY, N. P. & J. P.
Sept. 14, 1878—3t.

The Republican.

THE FIRST

Annual Fair

OF THE

North East Alabama AGRICUTURAL & MECHANICAL FAIR ASSOCIATION

Will be held at the Fair Ground at

TALLADEGA ALA.

Beginning Tuesday, Nov. 12th, 1878, and continuing Five Days.

Nov. 2—2t.

Here is your chance at last to get a fine vehicle cheap. Mr W. P. Conner, of the great firm of Davis, Gould & Co., of Cincinnati: has just arrived and has on exhibition a car load of buggies, wagons, carriages &c, which he is determined to dispose of at this point if he has to give them away. All work of this firm is guaranteed for a year, and the buyer given a written guarantee at time of purchase. The firm claims to manufacture a better style, and a more superior finished vehicle throughout for the price, than any other House in the United States.

Mr. Conner the representative of the House, at this point has been several days in our place, and has made friends rapidly by his courteous, gentlemanly bearing. We are satisfied from our short acquaintance with him that he will not misrepresent his goods.

CASH BUYER

The largest and most extensive stock in Clothing, dress Goods, dry Goods, Boots and shoes, Ladies' Fancy Goods, Gents' furnishing Goods, Shawls, Cloaks, Hats, Cashmeres, Jeans and everything belonging to a First Class Dry Goods & Clothing Store. Also a fine assortment of Carpets and Rugs. Do not fail to call and examine our Stock on visiting Talladega. No trouble to show goods.—Extending a kind invitation to one and all. We remain Respectfully MEYERS & ULLMAN, TALLADEGA, Ala.

The little grey of our friend Floyd Bush's flew the track again; but for her she would have won the race.

Wilson Jacobs, while feeding the gin of R. D. Williams, accidentally got his hand in the gin, and was very badly cut.

The farmers are about done gathering corn.

Both corn and cotton crops are reported to be very good.

MARRIED.—At the residence of the bride's Grand Father, Tuesday 29th ult., by Rev. E Martin, Mr. W. F. Woodall and Miss M. E. S. Landers—all of this county.

We were pleased to meet, during the Fair, Mr. W. W. Woodward of Jacksonville, Ala. Mr. Woodward is correspondent of several Alabama papers, and a highly intelligent, genial gentleman.—Atlanta Independant.

Prof. John P. McAuley, who was associated with Col. S. H. Lockett in the management of Calhoun College in 1873-74 is in town on a short visit. He made many friends while while he was with us, all of whom are glad to see him. He is now Professor of Ancient Languages in the Louisiana State University, at Baton Rouge.

When he leaves us to enter upon his duties there, he will take with him the best wishes of our people.

Rev R. G. Ragan, a devout minister of the gospel, a good man and most useful citizen, died at his home in Oxford the 1st inst.

We will publish the list of premiums awarded by Calhoun Grange Fair, in our next issue.

Mr. A. J. Kerr has shown us several very strong certificates of remarkable cures in the treatment of affections of the eyes. He has been uniformly successful in the employment of the recipe he has.

To-day week the Legislature of Alabama convenes in Montgomery, and there after will follow in due course the counting, and declaration of the votes of the last election for state officers. Then the installation of the Governor and his associate state officers elect will be in order. It is proposed in some parts of the state to make the installation of Governor Cobb a gala day, and the military companies of Birmingham, Greenville and Selma are fixing to make the trip and aid in giving eclat to the occasion.—Mobile News

BURNHAM'S
WARRANTED BEST AND CHEAPEST.
Prices reduced. Pamphlet free.
Also MILLING SUPPLIES.

2 Watches $3 to $7. Revolvers $2.50. Over 100 latest Novelties. 26 to Learn. Go Sample Co. Nashville, Tenn.

An Undeniable Truth

You deserve to suffer, and if you lead a miserable, unsatisfactory life in this beautiful world, it is entirely your own fault and there is only one excuse for you,—your unreasonable prejudice and skepticism, which has killed thousands. Personal knowledge and common sense reasoning will soon show you that Green's August Flower will cure you of Liver Complaint, or Dyspepsia, with all its miserable effects, such as sick headache, palpitation of the heart, sour stomach, habitual costiveness, dizziness of the head, nervous prostration, low spirits, &c. Its sales now reach every town on the Western Continent and not a Druggist but will tell you of its wonderful cures. You can buy a Sample Bottle for 10 cents. Three doses will relieve you. For sale by W. M. NISBET, Jacksonville, Ala.

ATHENS, GA., December 6, 1877.

A few nights since, I gave my son one dose of Worm Oil, and the next day he passed 16 large worms. At the same time I gave one dose to my little girl, four years old, and she passed 86 worms from 4 to 15 inches long. W. F. PHARES.

For sale by Dr. W. M. Nisbet, Jacksonville July 6, '78—6m.

ATHENS, GA., February 22, 1878.

S——y child, five years old, had symptoms of worms. I tried calomel and other worm medicines, but failed to expel any worms. Seeing Mr. Bain's certificate I got a vial of your Worm Oil, and the first dose brought forty worms, and the second dose so many were passed I did not count them. S. H. ADAMS.

For sale by Dr. W. M. NISBET, Jacksonville, July 6, '78—6m.

ADMR. SALE OF LAND.

Under and by virtue of an order of the Probate Court of Calhoun county, State of Alabama. The undersigned as administrator of the estate of Craven Wilson late of said county, deceased, will sell at public outcry to the highest bidder, upon the premises, on Saturday the 7th day of December 1878, the following described real estate, to wit:

Lots Nos. 20, 21 and 22 of Section 31, and Lot No. 22 of Sec. 33, and Fraction No. 17 of Sec. 30 in Township 12, Range 11; and also the North East ¼ and Fractions E and F of Sec. 18, and North East ¼ of North East ¼ and South West ¼ of North East ¼ of Sec. 9 Township 12, Range 11, and 20 acres of bottom land described as bounded on the west by Terrapin creek, on the south by J. J. Wilson's land, and by a stake running north North West bearing the East North East and South side, and being in Sec. 1 of T. 13 of Range 11.

TERMS OF SALE.—One Fourth cash on the remaining three-fourths on a credit of twelve months with interest from date: Note and approved security will be required to secure the unpaid purchase money.—This Nov. 4th 1878.

J. J. WILSON,
J. C. WILSON,
Administrators.

ADMR. SALE OF LAND.

Under and by virtue of an order of the Probate Court of Calhoun county, Alabama. The undersigned Administrators of the estate of M. M. Hanna deceased, will proceed to sell upon the premises of decedent on the 20th day of Nov. 1878 the entire land and premises belonging to said estate, for the year 1879.

Said lands and premises will be sold on a credit of twelve months, note and good security will be required to secure the rent money.

MONROE M. HANNA,
ADMR.

Nov. 9—4t.

SALE OF LAND.

I will offer for sale at public outcry, to the highest bidder, on credit of 12 months, bearing interest from date, on the first Monday of the court house door in the town of Jacksonville, Ala. on Monday, the 2nd day of Dec. 1878, the Nelson place 5 miles West of Jacksonville, Ala., Calhoun county, the North East ¼ containing one hundred acres more or less, and a stake and mound will be placed at the corner from one stake to the other, supposed to be 180 acres more or less, of Section 12, Township 11, Range 7, in the Coosa Land District.

J. R. LOVE.

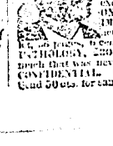
FOR SALE!

One saddle and buggy horse: No. one under the saddle and a fair trotter in the buggy. One warranted buggy,—one good cow, now giving milk. Apply at this office.

A. M. Landers takes pleasure in informing his patrons and the public generally, that he has removed his Family Grocery and Bar to the Commodious store rooms, Southeast corner of public square, known as the old Hudson store rooms.

People who come to the Fair cannot find a more pleasant place to lounge in than at A. M. LANDER'S.

When it comes to Segars, for quality and cheapness, no house in town can compete with A. M. LANDERS



Madison Dispensary,
261 S. Clark St., Chicago, Ill.

DR. BIGELOW, having 20 years experience in SEXUAL AND CHRONIC DISEASES (at above address), treats with unparalleled success all forms of SEXUAL DEBILITY, from sexual abuse or excesses, including IMPOTENCY, PIMPLES ON THE FACE, &c., rendering MARRIAGE IMPROPER, can be positively and permanently cured. Will warrant every case. Pamphlets, 10 cents. His MARRIAGE GUIDE OR SCIENCE OF LIFE, 250 large pages, ILLUSTRATED, containing PATHOLOGY, and all the necessary information to a married man that was never before published. Price 50 cts. Letters strictly CONFIDENTIAL. Private Prices, $5. Extra Strength, $10. Send 50 cts. for sample. Rubber Goods, &c. by Express.

LOCAL MATTERS.

ED. G. CALDWELL,

(At the old Forney Corner,)

Has on hand the best brands of Chewing and Smoking TOBACCOS, including the popular Swanson's Pride and the celebrated Durham Smoking Tobacco's. He has the largest stock of CIGARS in Town. Among his brands you will find the Solace, Margarita, Royal, Standard and the favorite Tidal Wave.

Chocolate ——ine, Imported Chew Glow, Boston Baked Beans, Salmon & Canned Goods in great variety at

ED. G. CALDWELL'S.

Coffee, Sugar, Flour, Meal, Meat Potatoes, Mackerel, Macaroni & Cheese at ED. G. CALDWELL'S.

Cheap Groceries for Cash a the old Forney Corner.

Fresh Bacon at ED. G. CALDWELL'S.

Fresh Meal at ED. G. CALDWELL'S.

YOU can buy anything in the GROCERY line CHEAP for CASH at

ED. G. CALDWELL'S.

Go buy one of those fine Plows of the Tavers patent at

ED. G. CALDWELL'S.

A splendid lot of new Tin ware at ED. G. CALDWELL'S.

Finest article of kerosine oil at E. G. CALDWELL'S

New lot of stone-ware at E. G. CALDWELL'S.

YOU can buy TEN pounds of RICE for $1 00 at

E. G. CALDWELL'S

YOU can buy 10 pounds of SUGAR for $1 00 at

E. G. CALDWELL'S

Salt at manufacturers prices at E. G. CALDWELL'S.

YOU can buy 5 pounds of good COFFEE for ONE DOLLAR at ED. G. CALDWELL'S.

ARE YOU GOING TO TRAVEL? Go to A. MEYERS & CO. Crow's Brick corner, and get your trunks, Valises and complete outfit. Also, you can get fine Boots at $1 50 up, Linen Bosom Shirts, 75 cents; besides the finest assortment in Baltimore Shoes, Corsets, Kid Gloves, Chenille Shawls, Ladies' Silk Ties, and new Styles of Peach Waterproofs. Come and examine A. MEYERS & Co's CHEAP CASH STORE.

WONDERFUL!

You ought to take a peep at A. MEYERS & CO's large Stock of Dry Goods, Notions, and all kinds of Fancy articles, and you will be left in a frame of interne wonderment. The quantity of their Goods, quality, beauty, Style and cheapness would astonish you. The question is often asked: How can A. MEYERS & CO. bring such a fine Stock of Goods all the way from NEW YORK, and sell them for so *little* money in Jacksonville? The question is fully answered, when it is known they buy with so much *cash and judgment*, and in such "large" quantities. We can recommend the public to this House for *Good* Goods, and *Cheap* Goods. The Fair has most certainly, and unmistakably "Corbs," and it is with great pleasure, they wait on and wish patronize their Mammoth Emporium.

A GREAT BARGAIN!

Stand by

W. P. & ED. L. PARR IN

Anything in the Grocery Line and house furnishing Goods offered at ten per cent lower than

ROCK BOTTOM PRICES

We are constantly receiving something fresh and nice, such as Fresh Oysters, Pork Sausages, Cod fish, finest Cream Cheese, Soda biscuit, Lemon Crackers, Sweet Oarranges, Apples Raisins, Nuts of all kinds, Sweet Cider, Figs, Canned goods, in a great variety. It is to your interest to call and see us, for we are determined to

Please Our Customers

It would surprise you to price our house furnishing goods they are extremely Low, for we will sell you a good bucket for 25 cents, tubs the best made, from 25 to one dollar and seventy five cents, Marshall's best axes, guaranteed, $1, a hand-some Porcelain bottom Lamp complet for 75 cents; a handsome set of Glass ware, for 75 cents; a set of Goblets and tumblers for 40 cts, Tin ware exceedingly low, 12 inch plug of tobacco for 12½ cents.

THE BEST GOODS

will win therefore we keep only the best Coffee, Sugar, Flour, Meal, Soda, Pepper, Spice, Tea, Soap, Starch, Kerosene oil; try them and be convinced.

HEAD QUARTERS

For Tobaccos, Segars, Second hand No. 8 Stove four joints, pipe and all complete for 7 dollars.

LOST—A silver mounted five chamber pistol—rosewood handle with a piece broke out. Two dollars reward for its return. Apply to W. F. LIARD,

Marshal.

Save Your Child's Life!

By giving Dr. MOFFETT'S TEETHINA (*Teething Powders.*) TEETHINA will Regulate the Bowels and make Teething easy. Cures Cholera Infantum and Summer Complaints of Children, Heals Eruptions and Sores. Removes and Prevents Worms. And cures only soothing TEETHINA cures the Child.

For sale by Dr. W. M. NISBET, Jacksonville, Ala, and all Druggists keep it.

Relief at Last!

From Cholera Infantum and Summer Complaints. DR. MOFFETT'S TEETHINA, (*Teething Powders*) Regulates the Bowels and makes Teething easy; Heals Eruptions and Sores. Removes and Prevents the formation of Worms in Children. No mother should be without it.

For sale by Dr. W. M. NISBET, Jacksonville, Ala., and all Druggists keep it.

aug 3

COMMON SENSE.

It is simply in keeping with common sense to say that a specialist who gives his undivided attention to the treatment of a certain class of diseases ought to succeed where practitioners in general practice may fail. Dr. E B Foote, of 120 Lexington Avenue, New York city, has given his exclusive attention to the treatment of Chronic Diseases for 25 years, during which time he has cured thousands whose faces he has never seen. If you will send to him for his searching list of questions you will see how this has been done in part.—Consultations in person or by mail FREE. Dr Foote's works, Plain Home Talk embracing Medical Common Sense, Science in Story, etc., are publications well known to the reading public. Taking all of the Doctor's publications together it is not too much to say that millions of copies have been sold.

THE STATE OF ALABAMA, }
CALHOUN COUNTY. }

Probate Court for said county. Special Term, Oct., 12th, 1878.

This day came Jno. A. Crow, Guardian of Xenri Crow, a minor and filed in Court, his account and vouchers for a final settlement of his said Guardianship.

It is ordered that the 11th day of Nov., 1878, be appointed a day on which to make such settlement. At which time all persons interested, can appear and contest the said settlement if they think proper.

L. W. CANNON,
Judge of Probate.

Oct. 19—3t

THE STATE OF ALABAMA, }
CALHOUN COUNTY. }

Probate Court for said county, Special Term, Oct. 7th, 1878.

This day came C. W. Brewton, general administrator for said county and the administrator of the estate of E. H. S. Garrett deceased, and filed his account and vouchers for a final settlement of said estate.

It is ordered that the 15th day of November next, be appointed a day on which to make said settlement at which time all persons interested can appear and contest said settlement, if they think proper.

L. W. CANNON,
Judge of Probate.

Oct. 19.—3t.

Ayer's Ague Cure,

For Fever and Ague, Intermittent Fever, Chill Fever, Remittent Fever, Dumb Ague, Periodical or Bilious Fever, &c., and indeed all the affections which arise from malarious, marsh, or miasmatic poisons.

This is a compound remedy, prepared with scientific skill from vegetable ingredients, which rarely fails to cure the severest cases of **Chills and Fever** and the concomitant disorders. Such a remedy the necessities of the people in malarious districts demand. Its great superiority over any other medicine yet discovered for the cure of Intermittents is, that it contains no quinine or mineral, and those who take it are free from danger of quinism or any bad effects, and are as healthy after using it as before. It has been extensively employed during the last thirty years in the treatment of these distressing disorders, and so wonderful has been its success that it has gained the reputation of being infallible. It can be safely recommended as a sure remedy, as a specific for the **Fever and Ague** of the West, and the **Chills and Fever** of the South, which, once broken up by it, do not return until the disease is again contracted.

The great variety of disorders which arise from the irritation of this poison, such as **Neuralgia, Rheumatism, Gout, Headache, Blindness, Toothache, Earache, Catarrh, Asthma, Palpitation, Splenic Affections, Hysteries, Pain in the Bowels, Colic, Paralysis,** and derangement of the **Stomach**, all of which become intermittent or periodical, have no speedier remedy than AYER'S AGUE CURE, which cures them all alike, and protects the system from future attacks. As a preventive, it is of immense service in those communities where **Fever and Ague** prevails, as it stays the development of the disease if taken on the first approach of the premonitory symptoms. Travellers and temporary residents are thus enabled to defy these disorders, and few will ever suffer if they avail themselves of the protection this remedy affords.

For Liver Complaints, arising from torpidity, it is an excellent remedy; it stimulates this organ into healthy activity, and produces many remarkable cures where other medicines fail.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co.,
Practical and Analytical Chemists,
LOWELL, MASS.
SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS EVERYWHERE.

W. M. NISBET, Agent.
Sep 21 '78 1y Jacksonville, Ala.

NOTICE!

CALHOUN COUNTY NURSERY.

Being solicited by many influential citizens of this county, I commenced preparing in 1875 for an Apple Nursery, and will be prepared for market the ensuing Fall and Winter with the best selection of Spring, Summer, Fall and Winter Apple trees, acclimated for this latitude. The following varieties are embraced in my list:

EARLY SEASON.—May Apple, Sweet Red June, Yellow June, White June, Green June, Striped June, Scarlet June.

SUMMER SEASON.—Sweet Apple, Horse Apple, Cider Apple.

FALL SEASON.—Fall Excelsior, Red Fall, Perry Fall, Turner Fall

WINTER SEASON.—Shockley, Red Pippen, Ben Nabors, Hall Crab, Clark Perrault, Len Davis, The Bradley, Nickojack, Carolina Red, Never Fail, Wine Sap, Limber Twig, English Crab, Sweet Permain, Tenn. Royal Red, Father Abram.

I solicit all citizens to buy trees of my Nursery, which will be cheaper and as good or better than others, being acclimated, and keep your money near home so your neighbors can get to pay you for what he needs, instead of buying from a distance, paying the carriage and your money gone from this county. I expect to be around and engage trees and deliver at some convenient point. My Nursery is eight miles North of Jacksonville at the head of Ohatchee creek.

Respectfully,
May 18-6-m. JOHN W. BRADLEY.

Bargain in a Piano.

For Sale, a First Class Piano, Cheap. For price, enquire of Messrs. Rowan, Dean & Co.

WE ARE NOW SELLING

New Pianos at $125,

Each, and all styles, including **Grand, Square and Upright,** all new and recent, first-class, at the lowest **nett cash wholesale factory** prices, direct to the purchaser. No Agents. Pianos for $200, containing

MATHUSHEK'S
New Patent Duplex Overstrung Scale,

which is acknowledged by the highest musical authorities to be the greatest improvement ever put into a square Piano, producing the *most astonishing power, richness and depth of tone*, and a *sustaining singing quality never before attained*, being a "GRAND PIANO IN A SQUARE CASE."

THE MENDELSSOHN UPRIGHTS
ARE THE FINEST IN AMERICA.

They are pronounced the "Pianos of the Future." All our Pianos are made entirely by ourselves at our

MANUFACTORY,

Originally established in 1842, over 36 years ago, being among the few makes of Pianos which have **stood the test of time.**

OVER 12,000 IN USE.

Every Piano fully warranted for five years.
We are now making all our Pianos entirely of

VULCANIZED LUMBER.

The Greatest Discovery of the Ages. Wood rendered **imperishable, shrinking, checking or warping impossible,** and as incapable of **absorbing moisture** as vulcanized rubber. The increased hardness and toughness of the wood produces a **resonance** of tone truly **wonderful.**

In the grand results of **strength, durability, reliability,** and ability for **standing in tune, volume, power, resonance, brilliancy, sweetness, sympathetic** and **singing quality** of tone, **evenness** throughout the entire scale, **delicacy** and **elasticity** of touch and **beauty** of finish, the

MENDELSSOHN
Piano stands without an Equal.

These Pianos made one of the finest displays at the Centennial Exhibition, and were unanimously recommended for the Highest Honors.

Pianos sent on trial, and sold on installments. Don't fail to write for Illustrated and Descriptive Catalogue—mailed free.

Caution.—The MENDELSSOHN is a regularly incorporated manufacturing company, and the **only** house which makes the **entire** piano, and sells direct to the purchaser at **factory price.** Beware of **"bogus"** pianos offered by dealers who **pretend** to be manufacturers. We refer you to the New York Commercial Agencies, which will give you **reliable** information in regard to them, as well as to our **integrity, character and responsibility.**

MENDELSSOHN PIANO CO.,
No. 21 East 16th Street,
Near Union Square. NEW YORK.

THE WORLD RENOWNED

WILSON SEWING MACHINE
FOR SALE.

No. 6,	freight added,	$22 00,
No. 6½	" "	24 00.
No. 7,	" "	26 00

New samples received from the great emporium of Wanamaker & Brown.

Give me your orders. I guarantee satisfaction or no trade.

Sep 7 '78—tf D. F. SHUFORD

Special Notice to the Public.

C. H. RANGER

HOUSE, Sign and Ornamental Painter is ready to do all classes of

PAINTING

Plain and Fancy, Paper Hanging in all styles, both plain and Fresco, Kalsomining on hard or soft finish. This Kalsomine is warranted to give entire satisfaction; it will neither peel nor crack. Also his Leads is of the best brands from F. W. Devoe's celebrated strictly pure N. Y. Lead and Color Co, and the St. Louis Southern White Lead Co. I am seeking for work, try me and be pleased, as I warrant all work and use the best stock. Good references if required.

Address Republican Office, R.
C. H. RANGER,
Jacksonville, Ala.

July 27—3m.

Look Here!

All those indebted to me are earnestly requested to make pay ment. Do, by all means attend to this matter *now*, for "delays are dangerous." I am not able to go over the country to see you, as to days gone by; but you can, and *ought*, to come in and see me. Think of your *duty* in the matter, and *discharge* that duty, so as to *have a clear conscience.*

I furnished you with goods at fair prices,—have waited patiently for the money, and now, when necessity calls for payment, surely you will be when to the call. Please pay all *soon* if you can; but if you cannot pay all at once, do be certain to pay some promptly, and the balance as soon as circumstances will permit. Please call at my office and see me. Respectfully,

E. L. WOODWARD.

THE TIMES DEMAND
THAT YOU
Should buy your Type and material from us, and then reduce your price on printing. Send stamp for catalogue, and compare prices. Address, National Type Co., 58 South Third Street, Philadelphia.

Oct. 12.—tf.

State you saw the advertisement in this paper.

ADMR. SALE OF VALUABLE LAND.

Under and by virtue of an order of the Probate Court of Calhoun county Alabama, made on the 7th day of November 1878. The Undersigned as administrator of the estate of J. B. Prater deceased, will on Thursday the 5th day of December 1878,

At the late residence of said deceased, proceed to sell at public outcry to the highest bidder, the following described land, to-wit:

The North West quarter and the North East quarter of the North East quarter, and East half of South West quarter, and West half of North East quarter, and North West quarter of South East quarter of Section 29, Township 13, Range 9, East in the Coosa Land District; containing 400 acres More or less.

THE TERMS of said sale will be one-third of the purchase money to be paid on day of sale, and the remaining two-thirds to be paid one year from said date of sale: Notes with approved security, and bearing interest from date of sale, will be required to secure the payment of the balance of the purchase money.

W. B GREEN.
Administrator.

Nov. 9.—3t

THE STATE OF ALABAMA. }
CALHOUN COUNTY. }
Court of Probate.

Letters of administration on the estate of Wm. Scott deceased, having been granted to the undersigned on the 6th day of November 1878, by the Hon. L. W. Cannon Judge of the Probate Court of Calhoun county.

NOTICE is hereby given, that all persons having claims against said estate, will be required to present the same within the time allowed by law, or the same will be barred.

Nov. 9—3t

EDWAN, DEAN & CO.

JACKSONVILLE, ALABAMA.

DRY GOODS GROCERIES, HARDWARE QUEENSWARE, DRUGS &C,

In fact, everything kept in a first class establishment. Our Mr. Rowan attends personally to our purchas in New York, and buys to such advantage that we are enabled to give our customers the *VERY BOTTOM OF THE MARKET. TRY* us and see if you can't get *BETTER BARGAINS* than you can get elsewhere. We have the *LARGEST and BEST* assorted Stock in NORTH ALABAMA.

THE TENNESEE WAGON, THE BEST WAGON on the market, sold by us.

ROME GEO., MARBLE WORKS.
JONES & EDMUMDSON,
AMERICAN AND ITALIAN
MARBLE & GRANITE.
And Manufacturers of Tombs, Monuments and Headstones,
ROME GEORGIA.

Write for what you want, and they will write you what it will cost you.

FIRE INSURANCE.

The undersigned is Agent for (3) three good and reliable FIRE COMPANIES of the South, to wit:

GEORGIA HOME INSURANCE CO., COLUMBUS, GEORGIA.
HOME PROTECTION " " HUNTSVILLE, ALA.
CENTRAL CITY " " SELMA, ALA.

It is wisdom to Insure your Dwellings, Barns, Gin Houses, Merchandise, etc.

If you desire INSURANCE, call on me at JACKSONVILLE, ALABAMA, or address me through the mails—

I think I am warranted in saying that these Companies are all in a healthy condition financially, have a CAPITAL ample and sufficient to meet all their Liabilities. I. L. SWAN, Agent,
Jacksonville, Ala.

Mch 25th, 1878—1 y

HILLS & MC'DONALD,
UNDERTAKERS.

ROME, GA.,

We have added to our

FURNITURE

Business that of Undertaking, and to those needing articles in this line we can offer a LARGE STOCK from which to select, and our best attention in the details of the business. We have a fine HEARSE, and are prepared in every way to give satisfaction to our patrons.

Our Combined
CATALOGUE
FOR 1878 OF
EVERYTHING
FOR THE
GARDEN
Numbering 175 pages, with Colored Plate.
SENT FREE
To our customers of past years, and to all purchasers of our books, either GARDENING FOR PROFIT, PRACTICAL FLORICULTURE, or GARDENING FOR PLEASURE, Price $1 50 each, prepaid by mail. To others on receipt of 25 cts. Plain Plant or Seed-Catalogues, without Plate, free to all.

Peter Henderson & Co.,
Seedsmen Market-Gardeners, and Florists,
35 Cortland St., New York.

WYLY HOUSE,

South East Corner Public Square
(OLD FORNEY CORNER)
JACKSONVILLE ALA.

HAVING made additional improvements for the comfort of guests we respectfully solicit a continuance of that patronage so liberally bestowed upon us for the past two years. It is our pride and intention to make it one of the best HOTEL'S to be found in any Village, and to make every one comfortable and their stay pleasant while with us. Every convenience given to commercial men for showing samples.

Board	per	day	$2 00
"	"	week	9 00
"	"	meal	50

Reasonable reduction on board by the day for regular customers, and county people. JOHN M. WYLY.

The Remedy of the 19th Century.
Barham's Infallible
PILE CURE.
Manufactured by the Barham Pile Cure Co., Durham, N. C.
It never fails to cure Hemorrhoids or Piles, when a cure is possible. Price List and bona fide testimonials furnished on application

JAMES HUTCHINSON,
Barber & Hair-dresser,

Room on Office Row, recently occupied by Dick Walker.

If you desire to have a pleasant and clean shave, or have your hair trimmed in neat and fashionable style, give him a call. Jacksonville, Apl 20, 1878.

THE WHITE SEWING MACHINE
The Best and Cheapest.

THIS Machine combines all the best and latest improvements, and has marked advantages over all others in use, being simple in construction, easily understood and worked.

The treadle enables the operator to run the Machine easier and faster than any other.

Every working part is in hardened adjustable steel bearings, having but little wear, so all loss motion can be easily taken up. For sale by

WOODSTOCK IRON CO.
Anniston, Ala.

A liberal discount allowed to Agents.

I have seen nearly every kind of Sewing Machine. I consider the White the best and most perfect made.

SAM'L NOBLE.

April 20, 1878—1y.

MARRIED OR SINGLE
No. 12 N. Eighth St. St. Louis, Mo.

Who has had greater experience in the treatment of Sexual Diseases than the author of the PHYSIOLOGY OF MARRIAGE and PRIVATE MEDICAL ADVISER, now in its 37th edition, and which can be consulted on these subjects privately. The Physiology of Marriage, a book of 300 pages, and medical advisor, 125 pages, both bound in one volume, full of engravings, and sent by mail for only $1. It points out the cause of your troubles, and how you may be cured. Both books sent together for only $1, by mail, postpaid. Illustrated sample, 6 cts. In the Doctor's office for sale in sets or singly. Hours from 9 A. M. to 9 P. M. Sundays, 10 to 12 A. M. Consultation free, personally or by letter. Medicines sent by express everywhere. Send for circular. Address as above.

The PHYSIOLOGY OF MARRIAGE
The PRIVATE MEDICAL ADVISER

Books that are to all intents and purposes lectures pertaining to manhood and womanhood, and how lost, how restored, how perfected. They point out the cause of your troubles, and how you may be cured. Both books sent together for only $1, by mail, postpaid. Illustrated sample, 6 cts. In the Doctor's office for sale in sets or singly. Hours from 9 A. M. to 9 P. M. Sundays, 10 to 12 A. M. Consultation free, personally or by letter. Medicines sent by express everywhere. Send for circular. Address as above.

POPULAR PRICE—25 cts. each, or both in one volume, $1; in German, 50 cts. each, or both in one volume, $1. Sent by mail, postpaid, on receipt of price in money or stamps.

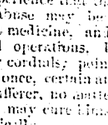
R. E. HOPE,
(Successor to W. D. HOPE & CO.)
Wholesale Druggist,
No. 45 Broad Street, ROME, GA.
Keeps constantly on hand.
DRUGS, Fluid & Extract Medicines of all kinds; ONION SETTS; Seed Irish Potatoes;
Quist's GARDEN SEEDS;
WINDOW GLASS, PAINTS, OIL VARNISHES, &c
Rome, Ga. Jan. 26, 1877—tf.

H. A. SMITH,
ROME, GA.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL
Bookseller and Music Dealer

KEEPS constantly on hand a large stock of School and Miscellaneous BOOKS, Stationery and Fancy Articles—Pianos and Organs, at prices that will defy competition in any market in the South.

A MAGNIFICENT STOCK OF
CROQUET SETS
In Wood Boxes $1.50,
and upwards, complete. Orders by mail promptly filled—heavy discounts to Merchants and Schools. Jan. 27, 1877.



A LECTURE TO YOUNG MEN.
Just Published, in a sealed Envelope. Price six cents.

A Lecture on the Nature Treatment, and Radical cure of Seminal Weakness or Spermatorrhœa, induced by self-abuse, involuntary emissions, impotency, nervous debility and impediments to marriage generally; consumption, epilepsy, and fits; mental and physical incapacity, &c.—By ROBERT J. CULVERWELL, M. D., author of the Green Book, &c.

The world-renowned author, in this admirable Lecture, clearly proves from his own experience that the awful consequences of self abuse may be effectually removed without medicine, and without dangerous surgical operations, bougies, instruments, rings or cordials; pointing out a mode of cure at once, certain and effectual, by which every sufferer, no matter what his condition may be, may cure himself cheaply, privately and radically.

☞ This Lecture will prove a boon to thousands and thousands. Sent under seal in a plain envelope, to any address, on receipt of six cents or two postage stamps. Address the Publishers

THE CULVERWELL MEDICAL CO.
41 Ann St. N. Y., Post Office Box, 4586.

AGRICULTURE.

NEATNESS IN THE DAIRY.—Quality is always a measure of value; and unless perfect cleanliness is observed, the quality of butter or cheese cannot be of the best. The dairyman or farmer may not perceive any difference, but the expert buyer, or the fastidious consumer, will instantly detect inferiority in flavor, and hence be slow to purchase. Means for washing or brushing cows are rarely seen in a stable, and still less frequently is opportunity offered for cleansing the hands of milkers. So that in the great majority of cases impurities invariably get into the pail, are dissolved by the milk, and become absorbed by the butter. Dairymen admit the value of cleanliness and skill, but are not always aware of what constitutes proper cleanliness. As a blind man has no conception of a brilliant sunset, so some persons cannot understand what perfect cleanliness and purity are. We were never more impressed with this fact than when visiting the Echo Farm dairy at Litchfield, Ct. There the stalls were cleanly sanded, and without stain; not a loose hair was to be found upon the cows; the stable was spacious, airy, and well lighted; the cows' udders were scrupulously clean; the milker's hands were carefully washed before milking, and even the conversation of the hired men was clean, foul language or noisy talk being forbidden and avoided. The most scrupulous cleanliness was carried out in the dairy, every utensil was pure and bright, and the dairymaid who superintended the butter-making was a pattern of feminine neatness. No one, however fastidious or exacting, could object to the product of this dairy; and there is no reason why the same methods could not be observed anywhere. A cottage can be kept as clean as a palace, and a very ordinary dairy can be made as clean as that of the Echo Farm. We give herewith a few hints as to how this cleanly management may be practiced: All droppings should be removed out at least once a day. The litter should be short: sand, sawdust, or earth, being better than straw. The cows should be cleaned, carded, and brushed daily, and in the spring when the coat is falling off, they should be brushed before each milking. The stable should be well lighted, and kept whitewashed and free from dust and cobwebs. Before the milking, the udders should be brushed, wiped or washed; if washed, they should be thoroughly dried at once to avoid cracking of the teats, and clear water be used. We find a brush, or a sponge, preferable to a cloth for this purpose.

PLASTER AND CLOVER.—Farmers must inform themselves as to the necessity of supplying nitrogen to their soils and to their animals. Plants can not mature without nitrogen. A full supply will insure a paying crop. Animals can not thrive without food containing nitrogen. All the nitrogen supplied to animals and plants is again returned through their putrefaction and decay in the form of ammonia. This volatile substance floats over the earth in the atmosphere, is condensed by the hydrogen of water and descends to the farm, whereas if converted to a salt it is assimilated by cultivated plants. Gypsum is the steady and certain agent that will lay its invisible hand upon it and fix it as a salt, in which form the nitrogen is re-conveyed to the soil and to plants. Clover is par excellence a plant most active in taking up ammonia of nitrogen and storing above and below. As a forage it is invaluable. As a manurial plant it has but few equals. Plaster is then a fertilizer always to be within the reach of the cultivator of the soil. It should be strewn over the floor of the stables, over every animal and vegetable substance in the process of putrefaction and decay, over his fields, no matter to what crop he devotes them. If there is any farmer who doubts the scientific experiment of Liebieg, my advice is for such a one to purchase Liebieg's agricultural chemistry, and study and read it over and he will then cease to be the creature of prejudice and ignorance,

The healthy growth of the baby is dependent upon its freedom from the pernicious effects of opium. Dr. Bull's Baby Syrup is the best remedy known for the diseases of early childhood.

VALUABLE TREE WASH.—William Saunders, of the government garden at Washington, uses the following wash for fruit trees: Put half a bushel of lime and four pounds of powdered sulphur in a tight barrel, slacking the lime with hot water, the mouth of the barrel being covered with a cloth. This is reduced to the consistency of ordinary whitewash, and at the time of application half an ounce of carbolic acid added to each gallon of liquid. Mr. Saunders says: I generally applied it in the spring, before the leaves make their appearance, but I am convinced that it would be more effective if applied later. But then it is difficult to do so when the tree is in foliage."

Fatal Plunge over a Waterfall.

George Compton, who keeps a summer boarding house near the Delaware Water Gap, on the Pennsylvania side of the river, accompanied by his wife, daughter, and a number of his guests left home recently to drive to Bushkill and vicinity for the purpose of visiting the numerous retreats in that romantic section. As they were about starting for home one of the party proposed that they should visit the Bushkill Falls, two miles from the village. Arriving at the Falls, Mr. Compton, his wife and daughter Josephine, the latter a beautiful and accomplished girl, aged seventeen, separated from the rest of the party and went to the head of the cataract. Miss Compton walked cautiously to the edge of the fall, and while looking at the seething waters 120 feet below became dizzy, lost her balance, and with a shriek for help fell headlong down the rocky abyss. As she disappeared from sight Mrs. Compton who saw her fall, became almost wild from grief, and was with difficulty prevented from leaping down the cataract after her daughter. Mr. Compton hastened to the foot of the falls to find his unfortunate child feebly combating the rough billows and struggling to reach the shore. Without a moment's hesitation he jumped into the stream, and after a desperate struggle succeeded in rescuing her. As he emerged from the water the almost heart-broken mother arrived upon the scene. A physician was summoned, who upon arriving pronounced her injuries of a fatal nature. Her body was bruised and mangled from her head to her feet.

IT IS altogether wrong to trifle with a Bad Cough or Cold, when the risk is great and a remedy so sure, prompt and thorough as Dr. Bayne's Expectorant can be readily found.

SCIENTIFIC.

Disinfectants and Deodorants.—Thos. Taylor, Microscopist of the Department of Agriculture, gives the following in the Washington *Evening Star*: During the year 1876 I made series of experiments with essential oils, including the oil of eucalyptus globulus and spirits of turpentine, which were published in the report of the Department of Agriculture for that year. I found that the oil of eucalyptus disinfected fresh meat as effectually as carbolic acid, besides being a powerful deodorizer, and on combining it with soap found it agreeable, forming a valuable substitute for, the carbolic, especially for the sick room. Turpentine I found to be also a most powerful deodorizer. A tablespoonful of the latter, added to a pallful of water, will destroy the odor of cesspools instantly, and in the sick chamber will prove a powerful auxiliary in the destruction of germs and bad odors, being both a disinfectant and deodorizer. I have quite recently added to the list of disinfectants one of general application, and it has for many purposes the advantage of cheapness with remarkable effectiveness. I allude to gasoline, one of the products of petroleum. Gasoline when applied to the germs of fungi or of other cryptogamic plants instantly destroys them although it fails to deodorize gases. Being a solvent of oils and fats it destroys animal germs, and fatty degeneration gives way to it. It may be employed full strength to wash delicate and tender plants and sores without producing pain. It is wholly devoid of the caustic principle, even when applied to the tongue: it produces no disagreeable sensation. A single drop applied to any insect will kill it, and even its vapors have a most destructive effect on the lower forms of animal life. When gasoline is applied to a wound or to any delicate part of the body, on evaporation it produces the sensation of cold, *followed soon after* by a sensation of heat. Of course all experiments should be made in the absence of artificial light, as it is a very explosive gas. Mail matter supposed to be infected can be thoroughly disinfected by the application of gasoline, either by immersion or by sponging the surfaces. It penetrates with lightning rapidly all porous substances, such as leather, gloves, bank-notes, ribbons, dress goods, silk, cotton, and linen, evaporating in a few minutes without injury to the goods. I have placed sealed letters in this solution for a few moments, completly wetting the contents, and in less than five minutes the gasoline evaporated, leaving the letters dry, without stain, and well disinfected.

Edge-Laid Belt.—According to Leigh, a better method of producing a broad belt than the usual American double leather belting sewed together—a method by which the article can be made with the greatest ease, of any thickness or width, perfectly equal in texture through ut, and alike on both sides—consists in cutting up the hides into strips of the width of the intended thickness of the belt, and setting them on edge, these strips to have holes punched through them about one-eighth of an inch in diameter and one inch apart; nails made of round wire, clinched up at one end for a head and flattened at the other, are used for fastening the leather strips together. Each nail is in this case half the width of the intended belt, and after the strips are all built upon the nails, the ends of the latter are turned down and driven into the leather, thus making a firm strap without any kind of cement, splicing or similar treatment. When a strap made in accordance with this plan requires to be tightened, it is only necessary to take it asunder at the step lines of the splice, cut off from one end of the strap at each step what is required, and piece up again with wire nails or laces going entirely through the strap.

The Secretion of Sweat.—The secretion of sweat is now known to be, like that of saliva, directly under the control of the nervous system, and to be excited by secreting nerves, independently of alterations in the vessels which supply secreting glands. Dr. Ott and Mr. Field, in the *Journal of Physiology*, show that the nerve centers, in connection with the sweat glands, can be stimulated by the poisonous principle of the toadstool—*muscarine*—and a greater amount of carbonic acid than usual in the circulating blood will also excite functional activity. This fact would tend to explain the well known greater tendency to perspire which people observe when they are shut up in a close room, a tendency which appears to be greater than can readily be accounted for by the warmth of the room alone.

Prof. Salvador Calderon thus explains the impenetrable darkness of caverns, which torchlight dispels only within a very limited radius: "The walls as well as the floor and roof of caverns, are continually covered with moisture, which works without interruption in condensing the corpuscles that float around in that circumscribed space. It thus performs the same functions as the glycerine doses which varnish the sides of the crystal box by means of which Prof. Tyndall obtains an optical vacuum, the light diffusing itself imperfectly from want of those atoms which act as reflecting bodies." Prof. Calderon verified this hypothesis in his cavern explorations. Scattering around the torch very fine dust, he saw that the brightness was regularly diffused so long as the dust maintained itself in the required state of closeness and fluctuation and vanished slowly as the dust spread or deposited itself.

Kaiser Wilhelm.

While the Emperor's life at Babelsberg is that of a country gentleman, at Berlin he is occupied unceasingly with the duties of empire. Rising at an early hour, he receives reports from different officials, inspects troops, and works, with short intervals occupied in visits and drives, until late in the evening, when, before taking tea with her Majesty, he may, in winter, often be seen in his well known box in the opera or the Schauspielhouse. His mode of living is extremely simple. Although M. Urban Dubois, acknowledged to be the greatest living master of the culinary art, is *chef de cuisine* in the royal kitchen, his Majesty has, like his father, whose favorite dish was the national sour-krout and peas, an affection for homely fare. If in company he lights a cigar it is more as a signal to his guests that the smoking hour has arrived than for the pleasure which it gives him, and after a few minutes the cigar is allowed to go out. From his youth an enthusiastic sportsman, the Emperor is still an excellent shot. Despite his years, he rides erect on his charger in front of the troops. As a soldier, he has a keen eye for the minutest details. The army, mainly indebted to him for its present strength and greatness, is, in a measure, his own family, justifying the "Good morning, children!" with which, on reviews, he familiarly greets his soldiers.

DOMESTIC.

COFFEE VS. RHEUMATISM.—One of our late exchanges narrates with much detail a case of a merchant who was very fond of coffee, drinking it twice a day, and three or four cups at a time. About two years ago he began to suffer from rheumatism, his attacks being so severe that he could not sleep, and for days together depriving him of the use of his arms. His physician, after trying various remedies without avail, recommended the discontinuance of coffee, which as it increased bile and nervousness, contributed to the disorder. The patient followed the medical advice with excellent effect. The rheumatism decreased steadily; in three months he was entirely free from it, and has never had it since, except some six months since, when returning to his coffee, the trouble immediately reappeared. We should have thought there might be reason to believe coffee a creator of rheumatism, if we had not read the same week of a well authenticated instance of a woman suffering from the disease to such an extent that she had to keep her bed for weeks at a time. She was advised to drink strong black coffee (she had always used tea) thrice a day, and in six weeks she experienced relief, and in four months her pain had wholly ceased. In one case coffee caused, and in another coffee cured rheumatism. Which story is to believed? Both may be true, for medical, like general experience proves the old law; that one man's meat is another man's poison.

HINTS ON WASHING.—The quickest and best way to do the washing for a family of six or eight persons: First, have plenty of boiling water; to every boilerful add from two to three tablespoonfuls of pulverized borax; use some of the borax water from the boiler for every tubful of clothes, adding only enough cold water to make it comfortable for the hands; use soap on the most soiled, and rub on the board or through a washing machine; do not boil the clothes; have a tub partly full of boiling hot borax water, in which to put the clothes that have been rubbed; let them remain in the hot borax water until you are ready to rinse them. The improvement in clothes washed after this direction will be noticed after the second or third trial, often after the first. Add a teaspoonful of borax to every quart of starch; it keeps the starch from sticking and adds to the polish.

"THE fine and striking qualities of deep thought, glowing style of picturesque scene and character painting which made Dr. March's former books so attractive are found in "From Dark to Dawn." I hope it will have as it will justly merit an appreciation as pronounced and extensive." *From letter of Rev. Bishop Wightman*, Charleston, S. C., to the publishers J. C. MCCURDY & Co., Phila. Agents wanted everywhere. Rev. Dr. Thomas of Chicago says: "In beauty and clearness of style, depth and purity of sentiment and high moral tone, Dr. March is not excelled by any modern writer. Every lover of a noble Bible literature must rejoice in the appearance of his new work, from "Dark to Dawn." It leads one back into the very spirit and life of the ancient days. This book is published by J. C. McCurdy & Co., Phila., who want agents in every county.

TO DYE SCARLET.—One and one-half ounces of muriate of tin; one ounce of cochineal; one ounce of cream of tartar. To one pound of cloth or yarn allow three gallons of water; when blood warm, add one ounce of cream of tartar; increase the heat a little and add one teaspoonful of pulverized cochineal and three-fourths of an ounce of muriate of tin; wet the goods in warm water; put into the dye and boil one hour, turning often; take out and rinse in cold water; then add the remaining cochineal and tin liquid to three gallons of warm water; put in the goods and proceed as before. This recipe for scarlet is the best I have ever known. It does not fade or turn dark when washed with soap.

PLAIN BUNS.—One pound of flour, 6 ounces of good butter, 1-4 pound of sugar, 1 egg, nearly 1-4 pint of milk, 2 small teaspoonfuls of baking powder, a few drops of essence of lemon. Warm the butter, without boiling it; beat it with a wooden spoon; stir the flour in gradually with the sugar, and mix these ingredients well together. Make the milk lukewarm, beat up with the yolk of the egg and the essence of lemon, and stir these in the flour, etc. Add the baking-powder, beat the dough well for about 10 minutes, divide it into 24 pieces put them into buttered tins or cups, and bake in a brisk oven from 20 to 30 minutes.

HOLLAND is stepping into line with other nations in recognizing the superiority of American manufactures, that government having just passed a law recommending the use of FAIRBANK'S SCALES throughout the country.

ESSENCE BOUQUET TOILET WATER.—Attar of roses, three drams; attar of bergamot, (fresh,) eight drams; attar of lemon, (fresh,) two drams; extract of musk, (simple,) two ounces; extract of orris root, eight ounces; cologne water, eight pints; rose water, one pint. Mix the oils and extracts with the spirits; then add the rose water; shake well, and after standing a few days, filter through paper, but it is rather expensive. It can be diluted with a mixture of three parts cologne spirits to one of water, and still have the true odor.

KEEPING SAUSAGES.—Seeing in your paper an inquiry about keeping sausages, I will give my method. Partly cook them, place them in earthen pots as you fry them, and pour the fat over them; if not enough, melt lard and pour over them until entirely covered. It is best to have small pots, that will hold enough for one or two meals; then you can warm them, and take the sausage out without breaking. Leave them uncovered several days, until they are perfectly cold, then tie them up tightly, and keep in the cellar.

A New Use for Mirrors.

An engineer on the New York Central and Hudson River Railroad, who runs a locomotive between Hudson and New York, has introduced a new feature by placing looking glasses outside on the engine, at an angle from the cab. These enable him to see the rear part of the train at all times without putting his head out to watch the conductors' signals when making up trains. The custom of using such glasses on private residences has been in vogue for some time. Two glasses are placed on a window sill and so arranged that a person sitting in a room can watch all passers by from either direction on the street, or in case any one calls and rings the door bell while madame happens to be in dishabille, all that is necessary is to give the glass a turn, and the caller is readily discerni ble.

HUMOROUS.

WANTED SECURITY.—Said Jake Metzenmaker to his sweetheart:

"Loweeza you vas a pcody gal!"

To which that bright-eyed young German damsel replied: "Shake, dot vas nice, say it again."

"Py golly!" Jake exclaimed, "You vas more beautiful ash a budder cup, and I hope you vill marry me right avay."

Then that sensible young woman responded.

"Shake, I like dot marriage idea poody vell. I peleve me it vas a sensible peezness. Und I like you, Shake, more ash a gooble dimes. But I vants segurity."

"Vant's segurity! I undershtand me not such dhings," said Jake in amazement.

"Nein? Right avay I dole you. Ouf you read dose babers, you find out it was a great peezness by married fellers to run aroundt the saloon, und don't like to vork und oufter the wife say some dings she got plack eye, and then she vas goome by the Police Gourt foi some segurity for make him do petter."

"Put you don'd vas pelieve I do such a dings, Loweeza? I schwear dot my lofe—"

"Schwear vas a leedle fence not more ash goople feed high, und you shump over him shoost as easy ash you like. I pelieve you vas right now, Shake. I'ut there vas a great risk, und I vant some segurity for dose dime vhen you vill'pe poss."

"Und you vond marry me widout dot segurity?

"I pelieve me, Shake, it vas petter ve got him now ash py und-py ouf dot Bolice Gourt—ain'd id?"

"Vell, vat segurity you vant?"

"I tink anyvay a tousand tollars pond vould pe apout righd."

"A tousand dollars! I don'd know ouver I find some man vhat like to shain hisself py such a gueldt."

"If you don'd could find a friend mit dot much gontidence py you, Shake, vhat sort of shance you dink I dake?"

"Anyvay, I do id," said Jake, after a short consideration."

"All righd; you gif me segurity dot you sthay all de dime a goot man, und vork for my life, den I vas villing you dalk mit dot berson shoost so quick you mind to.

Und now, Shake, dat vas all good seddled. Say dose nice dings over again and I gif you von leetle kiss on credid!"

A LADY reached the passenger depot in Dayton, Ohio, the other day, just as the train she intended to take was leaving, and as she stood almost crying with vexation on the platform a gentleman arrived at the depot on a full run, with his carpet-bag in his hand, his coat on his arm, and his face streaming with perspiration. As he looked on the train now fast moving away, he sat down on his carpet-bag, wiped his face, and deliberately and emphatically said, "Darn that train!" The lady heard him, and smiling upon him with a lady's sweetness, said, "Thank you, sir."

SHORT-SIGHTED.—On the day of an eclipse, when the inhabitants of Vienna were without doors, provided with telescopes and pieces of smoked glass, an Englishman was seen driving furiously in a fiacre along one of the principal streets.

"Where does my lord wish to go?" said the driver.

"To see the eclipse!" exclaimed the Englishman, thrusting his head out of the coach-window; "only drive up as near as possible, for I am short-sighted."

ON THE day of the eclipse a decayed specimen of humanity about three sheets in the wind, making his way up one of the principal avennes of the city, found he had miscalculated his strength, and sinking down on an aristocratic doorstep composed himself to sleep. A wandering policeman observing him, took his club and gave him three or four smart raps on the soles of his feet. "Who 'zer'?" he muttered, dreamily. "'Clipsh? Say m' nozza' 'ome. Call s'm' ozzer time."

HER ANXIOUS FEAR.—It was the voice of the flower of the family from the top stair:

"Oh, mama, please do come up."

"What is wanted, my daughter?" queried the tender parent.

"Dear, dear me!" was the pathetic reply: "I can't decide which dress to wear, and I am so afraid I shall be late to church."

And this may have accounted for her coming so late.

By every consideration of profit and propriety, the blood should be kept absolutely pure by using Dr. Bull's Blood Mixture.

A FAT WOMAN of Corinth, Miss., drank ash-bark tea to make her lean, and she skipped for the better land just two hours ahead of a lean woman who was eating gum-arabic to make her fat.

HOSPITALITY, whisky and watermelons are recommended as Indian exterminators.

ST. LOUIS postpones all her executions until the directory man has been around.

A VERY unsatisfactory sort of bread—The roll of fame.

A Health-Destroying Vapor

It is generated by the action of the sun's rays upon damp decaying vegetation, stagnant pools, and marshy, low-lying tracts. The true nature of this miasma is by no means clearly understood, but there are two facts in relation to it, that are. The first is, that the periodical fevers which it breeds, are of the most virulent type; the second is, that these maladies are rarely cured, although they may be ameliorated, by the ordinary remedies employed to overcome them. The true antidote to the effects of miasma is Hostetter's Stomach Bitters. This medicine is one of the most popular remedies of an age of successful proprietary specifics, and is in immense demand wherever on this Continent, fever and ague exists. A wineglassful three times a day is the best possible preparative for encountering a malarious atmosphere, regulating the liver, and invigorating the stomach.

DYSPEPSIA, DEBILITY, and loss of appetite, whether the result of sickness or over-exertion, may be readily cured by Schenk's Seaweed Tonic. It builds up the enervated system by aiding digestion and stimulating the appetite.

For sale by all Druggists.

WE ASK the attention of our readers to the advert sement in another column of Seth S. Hance's "Epileptic Pills." These pills are not a new thing, but are well known to the public, and are an efficient and reliable remedy, and we recommend a careful perusal of the certificates and testimonials from persons who ave been benefitted by their use.

He Knows What is Good.

M. Hartman, Esq., Philadelphia Fire Department, Truck D, says: that having been tormented with rheumatism for three years, without relief from anything, he took a bottle of Dr. Herndon's Gypsey's Gift and found himself entirely CURED. If you doubt it, have him interviewed. The "Gift" is a new, powerful but harmless vegetable remedy, which drives the disease from the blood. Sold by all Druggists in Philadelphia. Send for a circular to J. Grindall, Box 520, P. O., Baltimore.

STAUNTON(VA.) VINDICATOR OFFICE.—DR. C. W. Benson:—We lose no opportunity to recommend your Celery and Chamomile Pills to our friends for Neuralgia and Sick and Nervous Headache. They act like a charm with us.
TINSLEY & MORTON.

Pennsylvania trade supplied by Johnston Holloway & Co., French Richard & Co., Bullock & Crenshaw, of Philadelphia.

Liver is King.

The Liver is the imperial organ of the whole human system, as it controls the life, health and happiness of man. When it is disturbed in its proper action, all kinds of ailments are the natural result. The digestion of food, the movements of the heart and blood, the action of the brain and nervous system, are all immediately connected with the workings of the Liver. It has been successfully proved that Green's August Flower is unequalled in curing all persons afflicted with Dyspepsia or Liver Complaint, and all the numerous symptoms that result from an unhealthy condition of the Liver and Stomach. Sample bottles to try, 10 cents. Positively sold in all towns on the Western Continent. Three doses will prove that it is just what you want.

Hon. A. H. Stevens,

The great statesman of the South, says: "I used Durang's Rheumatic Remedy for rheumatism with great benefit." It never fails to cure the worst case. Send for circular to Helphenstine & Bentley, Druggists, Washington, D. C. Sold by all druggists.

Hoofland's German Bitters.

During the warm season the nerves become enfeebled and the whole system debilitated. The stomach loses its power of digestion, the liver becomes congested and sluggish, causing constipation or diarrhea, dysentery and cholera morbus; and the prevalence of more or less malaria at this season engenders ague, bilious or typhoid fevers, often of serious import. To avoid these consequences, take, night and morning, a tablespoonful of Hoofland's German Bitters; it is a splendid tonic and alterative, that will restore the appetite and digestion, tone the nerves, regulate the liver and strengthen and build up the whole system to withstand the summer heat and all its baneful influences.

Reliable Dry Goods House.

If you want Silks, Black Goods, Dress Goods, Hosiery or Dry Goods of any kind below the market prices, and wish to have the advantage of all the great trade sales, and of losses made by importers, send your orders or write for samples to E. F. Dewees, 1124 (formerly of 725) Chestnut street. They send out thousands of samples and fill orders daily from all parts of the country

VEGETINE
FOR
EPILEPSY.

BARABOO, May 15, 1877.

DR. H. R. STEVENS:

Dear Sir.—My husband has had Epilepsy for the past fifteen years. The past winter his blood seemed to be in a bad condition, and seeing the good results from the use of Vegetine by others, felt anxious to try it. Has taken some six bottles, and the result has been, that he has had only ten fits in three months past, whereas, he was accustomed to having as many in two days at his worst, an effect that he did not expect. Am very anxious to have him continue the use some time longer, and write you to ask you what terms or what reduction you would make and send me one dozen bottles.

Very respectfully,
MRS. A. C. COLE.
Baraboo, Sauk Co., Wis.

Vegetine thoroughly eradicates every kind of humor, and restores the entire system to a healthy condition.

VEGETINE

ST. VINCENT SCHOOL, TROY, N. Y.,
October 5, 1871.

MR. H. R. STEVENS:

Dear Sir.—We are truly grateful for your generous donation of Vegetine, received last evening. A lady has been using it here, with much benefit to herself, who, for years has been pronounced "broken down," "worn out," &c. Frequently she was disturbed in her sleep by a violent nervous twitching of a foot or the face or the whole body. By taking this Vegetine, she is enabled to sleep quietly, and her general health seems much improved, though she has a complication of chronic diseases to contend with. May God bless you for your charity to the orphans. Respectfully and gratefully,
SISTERS OF CHARITY.

HARASSING DREAMS.—An unnatural excitement of the brain and nervous system is the direct cause of sleeplessness, as also of harassing dream. Vegetine has a peculiarly soothing effect in a l such cases, when taken just before going to bed.

VEGETINE

For all Ladies who are Sufferers.

CINCINNATI, O., March 28, 1877.

MR. H. R. STEVENS:

Dear Sir.—I have taken several bottles of your Vegetine for Female Weakness, and in justice to the medicine, and to all ladies who are sufferers from such complaints, I will recommend the Vegetine. I must say it has helped me very much; indeed, it is invaluable for such complaints. MARY E. MEREDITH.
169 Eastern Avenue.

FEMALE WEAKNESS.—Vegetine acts directly upon the causes of these complaints. It invigorat s and strengthens the whole system, acts upon the secretive organs, allays inflammation, cleanses and cures ulceration, cures constipation, regulates the bowels, heals sores and pains in the back cease: in fact, there is no disease or complaint where the Vegetine gives so quick relief, and is so effective in its cure, as in what is termed female weakness. It has never failed in one instance.

VEGETINE
Druggists Recommend It.

SPRINGFIELD, O., Feb. 24, 1877.

MR. H. R STEVENS:

Having for many years sold Vegetine, manufac tured by Mr. H. R. Stevens, Boston, Mass., I cheerfully recommend it to the afflicted generally. Respectfully,
J. J. BROWN, Druggist,
No 9 S. Limestone St.

VEGETINE,
Prepared by
H. R. STEVENS, Boston, Mass.

Vegetine is Sold by all Druggists.

Those answering an Advertisement will confer a favor upon the Advertiser and the Publisher by stating that they saw the advertisement in this journal (naming the paper

75

FOR SINGING SCHOOLS AND CHOIRS.

L. O. EMERSON'S **ONWARD**! a new book for Singing Schools, fully equal to any ever issued, is ready for use. 65 pages of instructions, 60 pages of Glees, and 60 pages of Sacred Music.
75 cents; $7.50 per dozen.

EMERSON'S **CHURCH OFFERING**, a new book for Choirs, contains a large and admirable collection of Anthems, which fit perfectly to the Episcopal Service, but are of the best quality for any service. Also a large number of fine Chants.
$1.25; or $12 per dozen.

EMERSON'S **SACRED QUARTETTES**, a new book for Quartette Choirs has a most musical collection of new pieces by the most popular authors, and provides about one new one for every Sabbath in the year.
Boards $2.00; Cloth $2.25.

COOK'S **FESTIVAL CHORUS BOOK** ($1.25) has a fine selection of chorus s.

W. O. PERKINS' **REQUIEM** is a new and convenient collection of hymns and tunes for Funeral occasions. Price 50 cents.

Send for Catalogues containing the descriptions of many other excellent books for Choirs or Singing Classes.

Any book mailed post free for retail price.

Oliver Ditson & Co., Boston.
C. H. Ditson & Co., 843 Broadway, N. Y.
J. E. Ditson & Co., 922 Chestnut St., Phila.

CONSUMPTION AND ASTHMA CURED—as certain as Asiatic Cholera. Success, or pay for trouble. Address, with stamp,
NATIONAL RELIEF JOURNAL, PRO-TSURO, MD.

IT COSTS NOTHING!
To try our organs, as we send one to any address on ten days' trial, and refund freight if not purchased. Solid walnut cases, 12 stops, 2 3-5 sets of reeds.
PRICE $71. Five Years' warranty
Alleger, Bowlby & Co.,
Catalogue free. WASHINGTON, New Jersey.

FITS!
FITS! FITS! FITS!

CURE OF EPILEPSY, OR, FALLING FITS, BY HANCE'S EPILEPTIC PILLS.

Persons laboring under this distressing malady will find Hance's Epileptic Pills to be the only remedy ever discovered for curing Epilepsy or Falling Fits.

The following certificates should be read by all the afflicted; they are in every respect true, and should they be read by any one who is not afflicted himself, if he has a friend who is a sufferer, he will do a humane act by cutting this out and sending it to him.

A MOST REMARKABLE CURE.

PHILADELPHIA, June 23, 1867.

SETH HANCE, Baltimore, Md.—DEAR SIR: Seeing your advertisement, I was induced to try your Epileptic Pills. I was attacked with Epilepsy in July, 1863, immediately my physician was summoned, but he could give me no relief. I then consulted another physician, but I seemed to grow worse. I then tried the treatment of another, but without any good effect. I again returned to my family physician; was cupped and bled several times. I was generally attacked without any premonitory symptoms. I had had from two to five fits a day, at intervals of two weeks. I was often attacked in my sleep, and would fall wherever I would be, or whatever be occupied with, and was severely injured several times from the falls. I was affected so much that I lost all confidence in myself. I also was affected in my business, and I consider that your Epileptic Pills cured me. In February, 1865, I commenced to use your Pills and only had two attacks afterward. The last one was April 5, 1865, and they were of a less serious character. With the blessing of Providence your medicine was made the instrument by which I was cured of that distressing affliction. I think that Pills and their good effects should be made known everywhere, that persons who are similarly affected may have the benefit of them. Any person wishing further information can obtain it by calling at my residence, No. 836 North Third Street, Philadelphia, Pa.
WILLIAM ELDER.

THERE IS A CURE FOR EPILEPSY.

The subjoined will answer.

GRENADA, Miss., June 30.

SETH S. HANCE—Dear Sir: You will find inclosed five dollars, which I send you for two boxes of your Epileptic Pills. I was the first person who tried your Pills in this part of the country. My son was badly afflicted with fits for two years. I wrote for and received two boxes of your Pills, which he took according to directions. He has never had a fit since. It was by my persuasion that Mr. Lyon tried your Pills. His case was a very bad one; he had fits nearly all his life. Persons have written to me from Alabama and Tennessee on the subject, for the purpose of ascertaining my opinion in regard to your Pills. I have always recommended them, and in no instance where *I have had a chance of hearing from their effect* have they failed to cure. Yours, etc.,
C. H. GUY,
Grenada, Yalabusha Co., Miss.

ANOTHER REMARKABLE
CURE OF EPILEPSY; OR, FALLING FITS, BY HANCE'S EPILEPTIC PILLS.

MONTGOMERY TEXAS, June 30, 1867.

To Seth S. HANCE.—A person in my employ had been afflicted with Fits, or Epilepsy, for thirteen years; he had these attacks at intervals of two to four weeks, and oftentimes several in quick successon, sometimes continuing for two or three days. On several occasions they lasted until his mind appeared totally deranged, in which state he would continue for a day or two after the fits had ceased. I tried several remedies prescribed by our resident physicians, but without success. Having seen your advertisement I concluded to try your remedy. I obtained two boxes of your Pills gave them according to directions, and they effected a permanent cure. The person is now a stout and healthy man, about 30 years of age and has not had a fit since he commenced taking your medicine, ten years since. He was my principal wagoner and has, since that time, been exposed to the severest of weather. I have great confidence in your remedy, and would like every one who has fits to give it a trial.
B. L. DEFREESE.

STILL ANOTHER CURE.

Read the following testimonial from a respectable citizen of Grenada, Miss.

SETH S. HANCE, Baltimore, Md.—Dear Sir:—I take great pleasure in recommending a case of Spasms, or Fits, cured by your invaluable Pills. My brother, J. J. Logan, has long been afflicted with this awful disease. He was first attacked while quite young. He would have one or two spasms at one attack at first, but as he grew older they seemed to increase. Up to the time he commenced taking your Pills he had them very often and quite severe, prostrating him, body and mind. His mind had suffered seriously, but now, I am happy to say, he is cured of these fits. He has enjoyed fine health for the last five months. His mind has also returned to its original brightness. All that I take great pleasure in communicating, as it may be the means of the cure of others to the remedy that will cure them.
Yours respectfully etc. W. P. LOGAN.

Sent to any part of the country, by mail, free of postage, on receipt of a remittance. Address SETH S. HANCE, Baltimore St. Baltimore, Md. Price, one box, $1, two, $5; twelve, $27.

☞ Please mention where you saw this advertisement.

Established 1833.
MERCHANT'S
GARGLING OIL LINIMENT.
Yellow Wrapper for Animal and White for Human Flesh.

IS GOOD FOR

Burns and Scalds,	Sprains and Bruises,
Chilblains, Frost Bites,	Stringhalt, Wind-galls,
Scratches or Grease,	Foot Rot in Sheep,
Chapped Hands,	Foundered Feet,
Fl sh Wounds,	Hoop In Poultry,
External Poisons,	Cracked Heels,
Sand Cracks,	Epizootic,
Ga ls of all kinds,	Lame Back,
Si fast, Ringbone,	Hemorrhoids or Piles,
Pod Evil,	Toothache,
Sw llings, Tumors,	Rheumatism,
Garget in cows,	Spavin, Sweeney,
Cracked Teats,	Fistula Mange,
Gallons, Lam ness,	Caked Breast,
Horn Distempers,	Sore Nipples,
Crow-scab, Quitter,	Curb, old Sores,
Foul Ulcers, Fatcy,	Corns Whitlows,
Abscess of the Udder,	Cramps, Boils,
Swelled Legs,	Weakness of the Joints,
Thrush,	Contraction of Muscles.

Merchant's Gargling Oil is the standard Liniment of the United States. Large size, $1; medium, 50c.; small, 25c. Small size for family use, 25c. Manufactured at Lockport, N. Y., by Merchant's Gargling Oil Com'p'y.

JOHN HODGE, Sec'y.

HUEY & CHRIST.
No. 121 N. THIRD STREET, Philadelphia
Bailey's Pure Rye, from $2.50 to $3.50.
Copper Distilled, from $3.00 to $4.50.
Catawba Wine, $1.25.
Send for full price list.
HUEY & CHRIST.

BEATTY
PIANOS Another battle on high prices RAGING
See Beatty's latest Newspaper full of spicy matter
Before buying PIANO or ORGAN re d my list at right
In As rices; commenced a few years ago without a
WAR dollar; sales now nearly $2,000 00 ORGANS
annual . D. F. Beatty, Wash'n, N. J.

WE HAVE IT AT LAST.
A PERFECT
Shirt Bosom Stretcher AND IRONING BOARD.

Best selling article in Market. Sells at sight, both in city and country. There are Agent selling Two Dozen daily. It is Superior in every respect, and cost November 20, 1877. Large percentage paid. Territorial and Retail Agents Wanted. STATE AND COUNTY RIGHTS FOR SALE. Send for circulars and terms to
A. W. SMITH,
McKeesport, Allegheny County, Pa.
(Say in what paper you saw this advertisement).

Representative Business Houses
OF
PHILADELPHIA.

TYPE FOR ALL, at THE LOWEST PRICES.
THE NATIONAL TYPE CO.
Catalogue, SIX cents. PHILADELPHIA

MAGIC LANTERNS AND STEREOPTICONS
FOR PUBLIC, SUNDAY-SCHOOL & HOME EXHIBITIONS
VIEWS & ACCESSORIES
C. T. MILLIGAN
SUPERIOR QUALITY AT LOWEST PRICES

A Profitable Business for a man with small capital. PRICES GREATLY REDUCED.

INTERNATIONAL EXHIBITION.
☞ OPEN EVERY DAY. ☜
MAGNIFICENT DISPLAY OF EXHIBITS.
MACHINERY IN MOTION.
SPECIAL ATTRACTIONS ADDED EVERY DAY
GRAND SACRED MUSIC Every Sunday.
PROMENADE AND DRESS HOPS
WEDNESDAY EVENINGS,
Under the direction of Prof. D. C. CARPENTER, when the building will be lighted with the
NEW ELECTRIC LIGHT.
Recitals on the GREAT ROOSEVELT ORGAN, and Solos on the Cornet by the celebrated performer, Mr. WM. NORTHCOTT, every afternoon.
ADMISSION during the day, Adults, 15 cents; Children, 5 cents. EVENINGS, 25 cents.

ESTABLISHED 1848.

MORGAN & HEADLY,
Importers of Diamonds
AND
Manufacturers of Spectacles.
613 SANSOM Street, Philadelphia.
Illustrated Price List sent to the trade on application.

Cheapest Toy Lantern to Best Stereopticon
MAGIC LANTERN 60 VIEWS $25.
CATALOGUE FREE! OUTFITS WANTED!
Great Needham / PEHRO. J. HARBACH
Musical Marvel. \ 810 Filbert St., Philada., Pa.

CEESE FEATHERS,
MATTRESSES,
BLANKETS, COMFORTABLES,
AT ASTONISHINGLY LOW PRICES.
STERNBERGER'S
FEATHER AND BEDDING DEPOT,
115 North Second St., above Arch, Philad'a

AGENTS WANTED FOR THE
PICTORIAL HISTORY OF THE WORLD
Embracing full and authentic accounts of every nation of ancient and modern times, and including a history of the rise and fall of the Roman Empire, the growth of the nations of Europe, the middle ages, the crusades, the feudal system, the reformation, the discovery and settlement of the New World, etc., etc.
It contains 672 fine historical engravings and 1200 large double

Jacksonville Republican.

"THE PRICE OF LIBERTY IS ETERNAL VIGILANCE."

VOLUME XLII. JACKSONVILLE, ALABAMA, SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 16, 1878. WHOLE NO. 2170.

THE REPUBLICAN.

EDITED, PRINTED AND PUBLISHED EVERY [illegible] MORNING BY [illegible] SATURDAY

J. F. & L. W[illegible] GRANT.

Terms of Subscription:

For one year in advance.....$2 00
If not paid in advance.....3 00

Terms of Advertising:

One square of 10 lines or less, first insertion.....$1 00
Each subsequent insertion.....50
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One square twelve months.....10 00
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One-fourth column six months.....20 00
One-fourth column twelve months.....30 00
One-half column three months.....25 00
One-half column six months.....35 00
One-half column twelve months.....50 00
One column three months.....40 00
One column six months.....60 00
One column twelve months.....100 00

A. WOODS,

ATTORNEY AT LAW,

JACKSONVILLE, ALA.

Special attention given to the collection of debts, the getting up of pension and land warrant claims, the making out of homestead entries of lands, and the cancelation of old forfeited homestead entries of lands. Office in the southwest corner of the court-house, opposite the Circuit Clerk's office.

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JNO. M. CALDWELL.

Caldwell, Hames & Caldwell,

ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW

AND

SOLICITORS IN CHANCERY,

JACKSONVILLE, ALA.

Will practice in all the courts of the 12th judicial District and the supreme and federal courts of the State.

W. W. WOODWARD,

Attorney-at-Law

AND

Solicitor in Chancery,

Office formerly occupied by Gen. W. H. Forney.
JACKSONVILLE, ALABAMA.

TAUL BRADFORD. H. L. STEVENSON

BRADFORD & STEVENSON,

Attorney-at-Law.

AND

Solicitors in Chancery.

JACKSONVILLE, ALABAMA.

M. J. TURNLEY,

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.

AND

SOLICITOR IN CHANCERY.

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C. C. ELLIS. JOHN T. MARTIN.

ELLIS & MARTIN,

ATTORNEYS AT LAW,

No. 7 Office Row, Jacksonville, Alabama.

Have associated in the practice of their profession, and will attend to all business confided to them, in the counties of the 12th judicial circuit, and adjoining counties in the supreme court of the State. may15,1878-tf

H. L. STEVENSON,

ATTORNEY AT LAW

JACKSONVILLE, ALA.

J. D. ARNOLD,

SURGEON DENTIST

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All work executed in the most durable and scientific manner.
Charges very moderate. jay25,'78-tf

JOB

PRINTING

FROM

SMALL CARDS

TO

MAMMOTH POSTERS

EXECUTED

Neatly,

Cheap,

AND

Promptly,

AT THE

REPUBLICAN OFFICE

SUMMER'S DONE.

Thinner the leaves of the larches show,
Motionless held in the languid air;
Fainter by waysides the sweet briers grow,
Wild blooms laying their gold hearts bare,
Languishing one by one,
Summer is almost gone.

Deeper hued roses have long since died,
Silent the birds through the white mist fly;
Down of the thistles, by hot suns dried,
Covers with pale fleece vines growing high;
Little brooks calmer run;
Summer is almost done.

Later the flush of the sunrise sweeps,
Shortening the reign of the slow coming day;
Earlier shade of the twilight creeps;
Over the shadows skimming away;
Crickets their notes have begun;
Summer is almost gone.

Darkened to mourning the sad colored beech;
Empty the nests in its purple boughs lie;
Something elusive we never can reach
Deepens the glory of days going by;
Aftermath left in the sun;
Summer is almost done.

Child! why regret that the summer must go?
Sweet lies the aftermath lies in the sun;
Lives that are earnest more beautiful grow
Out of a childhood in beauty begun;
Harvest of gold can be won
Only—when summer is done.

The Twin Bracelets.

"I will not threaten you, Hilton. Years ago I made my will, and you will be my heir. I shall not alter one line of that document, because I will not bribe you to do my will, or even to be an honorable man. You may marry whom you will, may defy my wishes in every way, and lose my love and my respect, but the money will still be yours."

The quick, indignant flush upon Hilton Grame's face, the sudden erectness of his figure, told that his uncle had well calculated the effect of his words. Truly, with his frank, brown eyes, his sensitive mouth, his broad white brow, he looked little like a man to be bribed; but it was as easy to read that he could be ruled by his affections. When he spoke, his voice was low and his tone pleading.

"Do you mean, Uncle George, that I shall lose your love and respect if I marry Ada Willet?"

"Or any other woman who is absolutely nobody. What do you know of her?"

"Only that she is the loveliest, noblest woman I ever saw. If you knew her you——"

"Yes, yes; but I mean, what do you know of her family?"

"Only what she told me herself, that her mother died of poverty, after struggling to support herself by her needle. They were miserably poor for a long time, and then Mrs. Willet began to give work to Ada's mother. When she died, Mrs. Willet took Ada to her own home; and, after giving her every advantage her own child could have enjoyed, adopted her."

"What was her own name?"

"Smith."

"Bah!" said Mr. Hilton, with every expression of deep disgust. "Well, marry her, if you will. Your present allowance shall be doubled, but you need not bring her here;" and, with a sudden fierceness, he added, "I want no woman here, to remind me of a past I hoped I had forgotten."

Never, in all his recollection of his grave, quiet uncle had Hilton seen him so moved. His voice was sharp with the pang of some sudden memory, his eyes flashed, and his whole frame trembled with emotion.

"You are a man now," he said, with one of those strange impulses to confidence that often seize the most reserved men, "a man seeking a wife. I will tell you what has never before passed my lips to any living being. I have a wife somewhere, and a child, it may be."

Utter astonishment kept Hilton silent.

"It is all my own fault," Mr. Hilton continued, "that I am a lonely, miserable man, instead of a happy husband and father. Twenty years ago, when I was past forty years old, I fell in love. Fell in love, for I was fairly insane over Myra Delano when I had seen her three time. I courted her with eager attention, rich presents, flattery, every fascination I could command. I was not an unattractive man at forty. I had travelled extensively, been a close student, was emphatically a society man, a successful lawyer, commanding great wealth. Myra was twenty-five, superbly handsome, accomplished and graceful.

"I thought she loved me. I thought there was only trust and devotion in the love-light of her large eyes, the varying color upon her cheek. We were married, travelled two years in Europe, and then returned here to this house, and opened its doors to society. Our child was nearly a year old when we came home, and what love I could spare from Myra, I gave to Baby Anna. We were very popular being hospitable and generous, gathering around us refined people, and both exerting ourselves to the utmost for the pleasure of our guests. But while we were travelling, all in all to each other, there was sleeping in my heart a demon which stirred to life when we returned. Strong as my love I found my jealousy. I was a fool, a mad, jealous fool—for I stung a sensitive woman to contempt of my opinion, defiance of my unworthy suspicions. Now I can see that Myra was but filling her proper place in society as hostess or guest; but then, blinded by my jealousy, I grudged any other man a pleasant look or a cheery word. I cannot tell you now of every scene that turned her love for me to fear and dislike. She became pale and miserable, often sullen and defiant. Finally she left me!"

"Left you!"

"I came home one afternoon, after conducting an intricate criminal case, and found a note on my table, telling me Myra could no longer endure the life of constant quarreling and reproach. She had taken her child, and would never return to me."

"Did she not go to relatives?"

"She had but few. Her father died while we were abroad, and having been considered a rich man, was found to have left less than his funeral expenses. She had an aunt and some cousins, to all of whom I went, but who denied all knowledge of her. After searching with the eagerness of penitence deep and sincere and love most profound, I finally advertised, and even employed private police investigation. It was all in vain. I never found wife or child."

"Yet you think they live?"

"I cannot tell. I remained here for five years, and then, as you know, went to see my only sister, dying of consumption."

"And to become my second father."

"Yes, my boy. I found you, my little namesake, a sobbing boy of twelve, heartbroken over your mother's illness and death. You know the rest of my life-history. I retired from the pursuit of my profession, travelled with you, made you my one interest in life. You filled my empty house and heart, for I loved you, Hilton, as dearly as I loved my baby-daughter, whose childhood is a closed, sealed book to me."

"But now, Uncle George—can nothing be done now?"

"We have been here three years, and every month there has been an advertisement only Myra would understand in the leading papers. I have never had one line of answer. No, my boy, it is hopeless now! If in the future you ever know of my wife or child, I trust her to your care and generosity."

It seemed as if, in the excitement of his recital, Mr. Hilton had forgotten the conversation that had immediately suggested it. He rose from his seat, and opening a cabinet in the room, brought back a small box. It contained a bracelet of hair with an inexpensive clasp, and a locket.

"When we were in Paris," he said, "I had this bracelet made of Myra's hair and mine woven together; she has the companion one. This tiny coil of gold in the clasp was cut from the baby's head, our little darling, then but three months old. It must have been some lingering love that made Myra still keep the bracelet like this which she wore constantly. What is the matter, Hilton? You are as white as death."

"Nothing. Is your wife's picture in the locket?"

"Yes. You see how beautiful she was."

"I see more than that!" said Hilton; "and yet I dare not tell you what I hope. Will you give one little hour to see if—"

"If what?"

"Only one hour—I will be back then!"

"Stop!" Mr. Hilton cried, shaking with excitement. But his nephew was gone. Hoping, fearing, not knowing what to hope or fear, Mr. Hilton watched the clock till the hour should be over. He walked up and down, he tried to read, he lived over and again that past, whose remorseless memories had been so vividly recalled. With Myra's picture before him, he thought again of the wild, fierce love that had been his curse.

"Why was I not calm, reasonable, as became my years and position?" he asked himself, bitterly. "Why did I give a boy's love to a woman who had lived in society, and respected all its requirements? I lived an idle life—Myra the actual one around us. Where is Hilton? What can he know? What has he discovered? Only thirty minutes gone, and it seems a day since he was here!"

But even before the hour was over, Hilton returned. In his eagerness to question him, Mr. Hilton did not notice that he came through the drawing-room to the library where he waited, leaving the door a little open.

"Where have you been?" Mr. Hilton asked.

"To procure this," Hilton answered, gravely, placing in his uncle's hand the duplicate of the bracelet upon the table.

The same braid of sunny brown hair, with here and there some of raven black streaked with gray; the same small clasp with a wee coil of baby curl under the glass; the same lettering, too—Myra and George twined together with fantastic scrolls and twists. For several moments there was deep silence. The old man could not speak, and the young one would not break in upon what he felt to be a sacred emotion. At last, lifting his head, George Hilton asked, "Does Myra live? Can she forgive me?"

"It is years since she died," Hilton answered, "but surely, in heaven she has forgiven you! She never of you to your child but in words of respect and affection, though she always spoke of you as dead."

"My child! You know my child?"

"I know and love her. Did you not guess, Uncle George, where I saw that bracelet whose duplicate I recognized at once, whose face is a living copy of the one in your locket? Must I tell you that the child Mrs. Willet rescued from poverty, and adopted for her own, is my cousin, and your daughter?"

"Ada Smith?"

"Smith was the name her mother thought most probably would best conceal her identity, and Ada was the name of Mrs. Willet's only child, who died in infancy."

"But why have you not brought her to me?" asked Mr. Hilton, with almost a sob in his voice. And as he spoke, the door Hilton had left ajar opened, and across the threshold stepped a tall beautiful girl, with sunny brown hair, and large blue eyes, who waited timidly until her father came quickly to meet her.

"Anna!" he said, softly. "Can this be my baby—my wee daughter? It must, for it is my Myra, who has not grown old and gray, as I have, but lives in perpetual youth. My child, I once wronged your mother, but I have sorrowed and repented for that wrong. Can you forgive me.

The tears were falling fast from Anna Hilton's eyes, and her voice was trembling with sobs as she said, "My dear father."

That was all; but as George Hilton folded his child in his arms, he knew that he was forgiven, and for him at last there might be happiness in making others happy.

Good Mrs. Willett mourned and rejoiced at once over her own loss and her adopted daughters good fortune, but consoled herself with the thought that Ada must have left her to be Hilton's wife, and, after all, they would still be neighbors.

But she would not give her up until after a most brilliant wedding, and George Hilton only welcomed his daughter to her home when he also gave tender greeting to Hilton's wife.

Having It Hot.

My neighbor, Cooley, suffered a good deal last winter from rheumatism in his breast, and his wife was badly frightened about it for fear it would end in consumption. Cooley could not be induced to try any remedy for this trouble, and Mrs. Cooley was nearly worried to death about it. At last she determined to try strategy. She made up a dry mustard plaster, and one night while he was asleep she sewed it on to the inside of his undershirt, so that it would just about cover the rheumatic place. Cooley dressed himself in the morning, wholly unsuspicious of the plaster, and went down stairs At the breakfast table, while he was talking to his wife, he suddenly stopped, looking cross-eyed, and a spasm of pain passed over his face. Then he took up the thread of the conversation again, and went on. He was in the midst of an explanation of the political situation in Ohio, when all at once he ceased again, grew red in the face, and exclaimed:

"I wonder what in the—no, it can't be anything wrong."

Mrs. Cooley asked what was the matter, and Cooley said:

"Oh, it's that infernal old rheumatism again, come back awful. But I never felt it exactly the same way before; it kinder stings me."

Mrs. Cooley said she was sorry.

Then Mr. Cooley began again, and was just showing her how the ravages of the potato bugs in the East, and the grasshoppers in the West would affect the political result next fall by making the people discontented, and so likely to strike at the party in power, when he suddenly dropped the subject and jumping up, said:

"Thunder and lightning, what was that? Ouch! O Moses!! I feel's if I had a shovel full of hot coals inside my undershirt!"

"Must be that rheumatism, getting worse," said Mrs. Cooley, sympathetically.

"Oh! gracious no! It's something worse than rheumatism. Feels like fire burning into my skin. Ouch! Ow-wow-wow! It's awful! I really can't stand it another minute! I believe it's cholera or something, and I'm going to die!"

"Do try to be calm, Mr. Cooley."

"Calm!! How can a man be calm with a volcano boiling over under his shirt? G'way from here! Get out of my way, quick, while I go up stairs to undress. Murder-r-r-r-r, but it hurts. Let me get out quick."

Then he rushed up to the bedroom and stripped off his clothing. His chest was the color of a boiled lobster, but he couldn't tell for the life of him what was the matter. Then his eyes rested on something white on his undershirt. He picked up the garment and examined it. Ten minutes later he came slowly down stairs with a dry mustard plaster in his hand, while his brow was clothed with thunder.

Going up to Mrs. Cooley he Cooley shook the plaster under her nose, and said in a suppressed voice:

"Did you put that thing in my undershirt?"

"I did it for the best, Charles," she said, "I thought——"

"Oh never mind what you thought, you crooked-nosed, chuckle-headed old idiot! Never mind what you thought. You've taken the bark clean off my bosom till I'm as raw as a sirloin steak, and I'll probably never be well again as long as I live. That lets you out. You play any more tricks on me, and I'll hist you into the coal bin and keep you there till you starve to death."

Then he slammed the door and went out. Mrs. Cooley doesn't know to this day exactly what effect the grasshoppers are going to have on the fall elections.

—There are on the earth's surface 147,000,000 square miles of water to 49,500,000 square miles of land.

Mental pleasures never cloy. Unlike those of the body, they are increased by repetition, improved by reflection, and strengthened by enjoyment.

A Hyena's Memory.

A desperate struggle recently took place in the carnivora house at the Fair grounds at St. Louis between a striped female hyena lately purchased, and a large spotted hyena occupying with its mate one of the cages. The fight was a bloody one and the striped animal received injuries which caused its death in a few hours, despite the brave efforts to rescue it from its assailant made by Winners, one of the keepers at the fair grounds. He boldly entered the cage when the animals were fighting and wounded the spotted animal upon the head with a club, until it was stunned and its victim released. Recently the spotted hyena had its revenge.

Since the fight in June, the spotted hyena with another of the same species, has occupied a cage in the carnivora house, between a lion's cage and one appropriated to the leopards.

Winners has attended to the animals, as usual, and the hyena's have, since relieved of their objectionable striped associate, seemed as tractable as hyenas ever get, which is nothing to speak of.

Recently a few people, including a couple of ladies, were gathered about the carnivora house looking at the animals, when Winners, the keeper, chanced to pass along between the railing and the cages. He is familiar with the animals and the ferocious beasts seem to entertain a sort of friendship for him. As he passed alongh e patted the leopard on the head, and the beast seemed rather to like the attention. Then he came to the hyenas' cage. The big spotted brute lay close to the bar, and its mate was a little ways off. Winners carelessly as he passed reached out his hand and patted the hyena as he had the leopard. It was a cruel mistake. The ugly brute awaiting his opportunity for months, saw it at last, and, quick as lighting, caught the kindly hand in his mouth, sinking its fangs into it deeply. There was a frightful struggle. The man sought to tear his hand away, and at the same instant, with a growl, the other hyena sprang to the assistance of its mate. For a moment it seemed as though Winners would have his entire arm drawn in through the bars, but with a supreme effort he wrenched himself away a cripple. The strong jaws of the hyena had not loosened their grip, and the left portion of the right hand was torn away as the man released himself, the bones and sinews parting like thread in the grip of the ugly brute, who drew back yelling with his bloody mouthful

The ladies who witnessed the terrible scene were to be pitied, one of them almost fainting at the time, and being ill from the effect of the sight even after getting into a street car. Assistance was promptly summoned, and Winners was conveyed to a physician, who bound up the mangled stump, the man suffer-excruciating pain from his injuries. He will, of course be crippled by the occurrence. The men who carried him to a physician came back pallid as spectres.

Winners has been long engaged as a keeper of animals, and is understood to have been once seriously hurt by a lion in his charge. His brother, also a keeper at the grounds, reproached him recently with his carelessness, saying that one so experienced should have known better than to trust a hyena, but the wounded man did not consider himself much to be blamed. The hyenas, after the occurrence dashed about like mad things. They shrieked continually, and the other animals joined in, making the gardens resound for quite a time with the ugliest of choruses.

The Grim Engineer.

A locomotive engineer from the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad was in Detroit lately on a brief visit to his sister. In some way or other a new reporter on one of the daily papers ran across the man and appointed an interview, in order to secure the engineer's adventures during the "late war." The brother of the footboard was willing to tell his story, and without stopping to take on wood or water he rang the bell and began:

"I ran the last passenger train over the road—the last train allowed to pass by the strikers. All the train officials were heavily armed, many of the passengers carried revolvers, and we were all ready for a muss. We expected that the strikers would displace a rail, let us through a bridge, or switch us into some gravel pit, and just before we left the station I kissed my wife and told her where she would find the sum of $38,000 which I had buried in the garden.

"Possible!" gasped the new reporter, as he made a note of it.

"And my fireman, feeling certain that he would not live two hours longer, confessed to me that he was the abductor of Charlie Ross, and that he once murdered a man in Missouri."

The reporter made his pencil fly for a minute, and when he let up his notebook read:

"Great Heavens—* * *—coolly confessed—$38,000—Charlie Ross—!!!!!—murdered seventeen men—name of the fireman Tom Collins—!!!—more coming—* * *—!!"

"And the conductor of the train," continued the engineer, "also prepared for death. He returned to the company $2,558,644.13 which he had knocked down during his connection with the road, and humbly asked forgiveness. He was much troubled to think he had invested his share of the plunder in founding an orphan asylum and could not restore it to the road. He owned up to having killed an old woman or two, but I forget their names, or whether they struggled very hard when he was choking them."

The pale-faced reporter wrote again, and his note-book read:

"Further horrors—* *—conductor stricken with remorse— ! ! ! restores money—owns up to murders—sees the ghosts of his victims around him—! ! biggest item ever published in a Detroit paper—* * *—scoop the Detroit Free Press stone blind—! !"

"Well, we finally pulled out," said the grim engineer, as he wiped his big heated brow on the back of his hand. "I had a Derringer on one side of me, a revolver on the other, a bowie knife down behind my coat collar, and a big musket loaded with one hundred and seventeen buck-shot was strapped on my back. The fireman had four revolvers and six one-pound cans of nitro-glycerine. We meant to give them the best we had, you see."

The reporter wrote:

"Revolvers—muskets—Derringers—nitro-glycerine—all ready—brave as lions, but modest as school girls. The plot thickens—full particulars in this issue—no other Detroit paper has a line of it."

"We lit out at a speed of forty miles an hour," the engineer went on, "for I reasoned that we might as well go down with flying colors as to crawl like a snail. We whizzed through cuts dashed past farm houses, and across highways, and everything was running finely, when far ahead, in the deep gleam of the headlight I saw a man on the track. The moment had come."

"I see," whispered the reported, as he seized his pencil again—"rails torn up—fiends waiting to wash their hands in blood—horrible massacre of innocent * * *—devils—! ! ! ! :—a-h-h-h ! !"

"I should have put on all steam and dashed ahead," resumed the engineer, "but the fireman entreated me to give him time to confess that he had been hiding the Bender family in his front bedroom, and I slowed down till the train stopped just where I had seen the crowd. Only one man was now visible."

"The rest were in ambuscade!" exclaimed the reporter.

"I guess so. This one man approached. Had he something in his hand?"

"Yes, he did—a hand grenade—a bombshell!" shouted the listener.

"He came closer and closer, walking like a man who means murder."

"Hold on!" shouted the reporter, and he wrote:

"Dark figure came nearer—nearer—nearer—skulking—sliding—murderous purpose displayed in every move—full account in this paper—newspaper enterprise will tell! ! ! —chance for graphic writing here—* * *—whoop it up heavy and make the other papers feel bad!"

"Well, he was finally at the step," said the engineer. "He looked up; he raised his right hand. He held some thing out towards me, and he spoke."

"He did! Great heavens what a terrible moment! What a fiend he was! He handed you something and spoke?"

"Yes, he handed me up a flask of brandy, and he wanted to know, being that the train had stopped, if I didn't think that the conductor would let him ride to the next station, seven miles ahead, for an old jack-knife and half a bottle of cough medicine! That was the best brandy I ever tasted, and I shudder now as I realize how narrowly I missed it!"

"Is—that—all?" asked the reporter, as his jaw dropped and his ears grew red.

"Yes, that's all. Seems to me you can make a graphic thing of it—something to travel all over the country."

"Yes—ahem—jess so," coughed the reporter, as he reached for his hat.

"And you'll give me seven copies of the paper, won't you?"

"Seven—yes—seven—just exactly seven," was the faint reply, as a pair of boots went down the walk.

For further particulars see "the very latest edition."

A Lake of Fire.

Mrs. Brassey, an Englishwoman, who accompanied her husband in a recent yacht voyage round the world, thus describes the crater of the great Sandwich Island volcano Kilauea: "We were standing on the extreme edge of a precipice, overhanging a lake of molten fire, 100 feet below us, and nearly a mile across. Dashing against the cliffs on the opposite side, with a noise like the roar of a stormy ocean waves of blood red, fiery, liquid lava hurled their billows upon an iron-bound headland, and then rushed up the face of the cliffs to toss their gory spray high in the air. The restless, heaving lake boiled and bubbled, never remaining the same for two minutes together. There was an island on one side of the lake, which the fiery waves seemed to attack unceasingly with relentless fury, as if bent on hurling it from its base On the other side was a huge cavern, into which the burning mass rushed with a loud roar, breaking down in its impetuous headlong career the gigantic stalactites that overhung the mouth of the cave, and flinging up the liquid material for the formation of new ones.

—Boston consumes 2,190,000 barrels of flour per annum.

—The pressure of the sea, at the depth of 1,100 yards, is equal to 15,000 pounds to the square inch.

FOOD FOR THOUGHT.

Prosperity is not without many fears and distastes; and adversity is not without comforts and hopes.

No man can keep long locked up in his heart a strong desire to do good; it will show itself in action.

Some of the grandest things which have been achieved were by those whom we thought our inferiors.

Narrow not your mind to your own selfishness, but give it a broad field for your fellow men to work in.

What men want is not talent but purpose; in other words not the power to achieve but the will to labor.

A sour heart will never make a sweet life. Plant the crab apple where you will, it will never bear pippins.

The chief properties of wisdom are to be mindful of things past, careful of things present, provident of things to come.

We must row with the oars we have and as we can not order the wind, we are obliged to sail with the wind that God gives.

The infidel Arab said, "I will lose my camel and trust in God." The man of faith says, "I will tie my camel and trust in God."

There is no merit where there is no trial; and, till experience stamps the mark of strength, cowards may pass for heroes, faith for falsehood.

The narrow-minded ask, is this one of our tribe, or is he a stranger? But to those who are of a noble disposition the whole world is but one family.

Character is the eternal temple that each one begins to rear, yet death only can complete. The finer the architecture, the more fit for the indwelling of angels.

With every exertion, the best man can do only a moderate amount of good; but it seems in the power of the most contemptible individual to do incalculable mischief.

Anxiety is the poison of life: the parent of many sins and of more miseries. Why, then, allow it, when we know that all the future is guided by a Father's hand?

The exercise of Approbativeness is specially blameable when a person aims at the esteem and affections of people by means in appearance honest, but in their end pernicious and destructive.

It is not worth while to think too much about doing good. Doing the best that we know, minute by minute and hour by hour, we insensibly grow to goodness as fruit grows to ripeness.

Sterne says in his Koran: "I never drink—I can not do it on equal terms with others. It costs them only one day, but me three: the first in sinning, the second in suffering, and the third in repenting.

True honor results from the secret satisfaction of our own minds, and is decreed us both by religion and the suffrages of wise men—it is the shadow of wisdom and virtue, and it is inseparable from them.

Two of the most precious things on this side the grave are reputation and life. And yet, strange to tell, the most contemptible whisper may deprive us of the first, and the weakest weapon of the second. Be more anxious, then, to *deserve* a good name than to possess it.

Make not a hungry soul sorrowful, neither provoke a man in his distress. Reproach not a man that turneth from sin, but remember that we are all worthy of punishment. Do good unto thy friend before thou diest, and according to thy ability stretch out thy hand and give to him.

Nature made us just, that we might share our goods with each other, and supply each other's wants. We can in no way assamilate ourselves so much with the beneficent disposition of the Creator, as by contributing to the health, comfort, and happiness of our fellow creatures.

How the universal heart of man blesses flowers! They are wreathed round the cradle, the marriage altar, and the tomb. The Persian in the far East delights in their perfume, and writes his love in nosegays; while the Indian child of the Far West claps his hands with glee as he gathers the abundant blossoms—the illuminated scriptures of the prairies. The cupid of the ancient Hindoos tipped his arrows with flowers, and orange flowers are a bridal crown with us, a nation of yesterday.

As bees sting not the flesh, if smeared with honey, opposition and wrath even are baffled by love. "Prepare yourselves as the athletes used to do for their exercises; oil your mind and manners to give them the necessary suppleness and flexibility; strength alone will not do." This advice of Chesterfield sprung from policy, not love. A child may veil his selfishness in honeyed words and fascinating smiles. Bonaparte studied manners with Talma the actor; and Mirabeau, one of the most hideous and wicked of men, possessed a wizard's spell that bound to him men and women too, as the serpent charms the dove.

We never wake in the morning but we want strength for the day; we never go to bed at night without needing grace to cover the sins of the past. We are at all periods of life; when we begin with Christ in our journey days we need to be kept from sins and follies. In middle life our needs are greater, and in old age we are needy still. So needy are we that in lying down to die we need our last bed to be made for us in mercy. So needy are we that if Jesus had not prepared a mansion for us in heaven we should have no place to dwell in. We are full of wants, as the sea is full of water. We must keep those two adjectives close together in our confession, "I am poor and needy."

I agree with the great scholar Bengel that death should not become a spiritual parade, but should be regarded as the natural close of our ordinary life; the final note of the psalm of which each day has been a stanza. We ought so to live that to die would be no more remarkable than for a man in the middle of business to hear a knock at the street door, and quietly to step away from his engagements. There should be no hurrying for a clergyman to administer sacraments, or for a lawyer to write a hasty will, or for an estranged relative to make peace; but all should be arranged and ordered as if we kept our accounts closely balanced, expecting an immediate audit. This would make noble living.

The Republican.

SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 16 1878

THE LEGISLATURE.

The letter of our correspondent from Montgomery gives all the news from the capitol this week of consequence.

The Legislature will not get down fairly to its work until several days after the organization. Hon. David Clopton, the speaker of the House, is a prominent lawyer of Montgomery,—has been a member of Congress, and Grand Master of the Masonic order of the State. He is a fine parliamentarian, and will make a good Speaker. Hon Wm. G. Little, President of the Senate, is a lawyer of Livingston, Sumter county. He has served many years in the State Senate and will preside well.

Col. Lowe, Independent, beat Hon. W. W. Garth, nominee for Congress, in the 8th (Huntsville) District, by over 2,000 majority.

The Black Hamburg GRAPE.

We mentioned several weeks ago that Dr. Bellamy of this place, was the only man in the United States, so far as we could learn, who has succeeded in perfecting this fine foreign grape in the open air.

After several years of study and experiment, he has discovered a process of acclimating it to this section; and now has it in a degree of perfection,—hardly to be realized by those who have not seen it on his vine. He has also, in his vineyards at this place, quite a number of other choice varieties of grapes in full bearing. His success in grape culture, and manufacture of a superior quality of wine demonstrates beyond a doubt, that this is one branch of industry to which our fertile valleys are particularly well adapted. Dr. B's wines are superior to many imported ones, and excelled by few only, if any. His vineyards, which are yet in their infancy, bid fair to become a matter of considerable interest to this neighborhood. He has perhaps devoted more time, labor, and study to the grape than any other man in this section; and is fortunately rewarded for his diligence with fine success.

He has our thanks for a well grown rooted vine, from which we hope we may soon enjoy fruit as rich and luscious as his own.

LETTER FROM MONTGOMERY.

MONTGOMERY, Nov. 12, 1878.

EDITOR REPUBLICAN:—The General Assembly convened at the Capitol to-day at 12 M. Thirty-one Senators and 95 Representatives answered to their names. After a temporary organization, each House adjourned to meet in caucus at 3½ o'clock P. M. to nominate candidates for permanent officers of the same, which resulted as follows:

SENATE—W. G. Little, of Sumter, President; W. L. Clay, of Madison, Secretary; C. C. Shorter, of Barbour, Assistant Secretary; Richard Baugh, of Tuscaloosa, Enrolling Clerk; Thos. S. Herbert, of Montgomery, Door-keeper.

HOUSE—David Clopton, of Montgomery, Speaker: Ellis Phelan, of Jefferson, Clerk; Elmore Garrett, of Coosa, Assistant Clerk; J. Ramsey, of Macon, Enrolling Clerk; J. D. Hudson, of Covington, Door-keeper. A permanent organization will be effected tomorrow by the election of the gentlemen named.

The election of United States Senator to succeed the notorious Geo. E. Spencer, whose term of office expires March 4, 1879, is the all-absorbing question, and will be for a week to come. The contest will, no doubt, be the most heated one that has ever been known in Alabama for that high office. It is difficult at this stage of the contest to even conjecture who will be the successful candidate. The following gentlemen—candidates for that office—are here upon the track, each one having his force in good trim, to-wit: Gov. Houston, Taul Bradford, L. P. Walker, James L. Pugh, Gen. Jos. Wheeler, and Peter Hamilton.

Never in the history of Montgomery has so many of Alabama's distinguished sons been assembled at the Capital as now—I mean those other than members of the Legislature. Among them I notice the following members elect of the 46th Congress: Gen. Forney, B. B. Lewis, Thos. H. Herndon, C. M. Shelley, Thos. Williams and other distinguished lawyers and politicians.

The State Agricultural Fair opened to-day and is drawing large crowds.—Gen. Burke of your town is here with a fine herd of Jersey cattle—15 in number.

Capt. Savage and lady arrived this morning.

The complexion of the Legislature carries one back to ante bellum times when Alabama had her true representative men in her legislative halls. There are but two negroes in the House—none in the Senate. I shall try to keep your readers posted during the present session of the current events, and the doings of the public servants of the people.

W. P. H.

Said a happy phrase maker in a late lecture—"Fill the vast cathedral aisles with symphonies sweet and dim—deft touches of the organ keys; blow, bugle, blow, until thy silver notes do touch and kiss the moonlit waves, and charm the lovers wandering mid the vine-clad hills. but know your sweetest strains are discords all—compared with childhood's happy laugh—the laugh that fills the eye with light—and heart with joy. O, rippling river of laughter—thou art the blessed boundary line between the beast and man; and every wave of thine doth drown some fret fiend of care. O, Laughter! rose-lipped daughter of Joy! there are dimples enough in thy cheeks to catch and hold and glorify all the tears of Grief

A few days since, Gov. Wade Hamton jumped from a frightened mule he was riding a deer hunting, near Columbia, S. C., and broke his leg in two places below the knee joint.

A Frenchman has suggested a new kind of duel. The men are to appear on the ground without weapons but with at least one coin between them. At the word "fire," they toss; and the looser has forthwith to invite his mother-in-law to come and live with the family. This project has, after all its drawbacks. Why discourage dueling to promote suicide?

We will keep our readers thoroughly posted on the work of the Legislature.

PREMIUM LIST,

The following is a list of premiums awarded at the Third Annual Calhoun county Grange Fair held at Jacksonville Ala., on the 30-31st, Oct. & Nov. 1st- 2d 1878.

S. H. Striplin, Cleburne Co. Ala.
Best stallion 4 years & over, Ala. raised, Cup
J. W. Bradley,
Doz. Winter apples, Pruning Knife.
H. L. Stevenson,
Trio Buff Cochin Chickens, Butter Knife.
Plymouth Rock " "
Display of Chickens 5 Trios "
Mrs. H. L. Stevenson,
5 lbs Hard Soap, home made "
Loaf wheat bread "
Handsomest table cover Nap. Ring
John F. Davis
No top buggy Diploma
Col. J. C. Miles, Talladega,
Best Stallion 4 years and over Cup
Filley 3 years and over Cup
Fastest trotting by Bedford Foust Goblet
One mile dash 3 year old Sarah Goldsley, Pitcher
" " all ages "
Best Gelding 3 years old and over,
Frank Dabney, Cup
Fastest pacer by Dick Gambrell, Goblet
2d best single harness horse, Cup
Jas. E. Welch, Talladega,
Hugh's 3 horse sulky plow, Diploma
Black Land $2, two horse plow "
Walking Cultivator "
Mrs. James Crook,
Best pair turkeys, Butter Knife
2 lbs Jersey butter Cup
Hearth rug Nap ring
½ Doz. table mats, Pr. Scissors
Most tastefully worked pin cushin, Diploma
Best fancy shawl "
Best display embroidery, Nap Ring
Cap. Jas. Crook,
Best Jersey cow $20 in Gold
Best yearling heifer Cup
Best Cashmere ram goat "
Ollie A. Wynn, Etowah Co.
Best jack 4 years and over Cup
Frank Davis,
Best heifer 1 year old & over, Butter Knife
Saml. N. Johnston,
Best Spring colt Cash $4 by A. M. Landers
Jas. H. Smith,
Best 5lbs leaf tobacco Pkt Knife
Best milker Diploma & "
Duey Sparks,
Best bark collar Pkt Knife
Mrs. S M Smith,
Best suit bed clothing Cup
W. J Borden,
Best ½ Bu meal Pkt Knife
Ross Whisenant Etowah county
Best Pr. match Carriage horses Cup
" Gelding any age "
Walter W. Nesbit,
Best Yearling bull Cup
Miss. Kate Crawford,
Best display Millinery Cup
A. M Landers,
2d best stallion Ala. raised Cup
Best stallion and 5 of his colts Cup
Mrs. A M. Landers,
Best Pr. woolen stockings Pr. Scissors
Cotton "
Larkin D Cannon,
Best ½ Bu sweet potatoes Pkt Knife
A O Stewart,
Best single harness horse Cup
Half Bu ground peas Pkt Knife
Pony club race Cash $2
2d best Pr match horses Cup
Best ½ Bu rye Pkt Knife
Mrs Nannie Monger,
Best cotton plaids, home made Nap Ring
J T Brittain
Best stallion 3 years old Cup
G W Landers,
Best Gal. sorghum Pkt Knife
Mrs. G. W. Landers,
Best made men's suit jeans Cup
Best Tatting Cup
Little daughter of G W McLuskey,
For best exhibit and variety of individual Industry, Cup
and one session in Calhoun College.
Mrs. C Gasson,
Best log cabin built Cup
" quilt by a lady over 70 years old Cup
W. P Cooper,
Best boar any blood Cup
Miss Anna Cooper,
Best collection jellies Pkt Knife
Seaborn Lankford,
Best cotton picker 10 year old Pr. Boots
Columbus Crook,
Best cotton picker for the Season Cup
Mrs Saml. B White
Best loaf corn bread Butter Knife
Best 5lbs soft soap Butter Knife
Greatest yield of honey, 1 stand 150lbs Cup
T H Mathews
Best Trio black breasted game. Butter Knife
L D Miller,
Best boar pig under 1 year Cup
S D McCleden,
Largest yield sorghum on ¼ acre Cup
Miss Annie Nesbit
Best display ornamental needle work Pr. Scissors
Mary F Landers,
Quilt with greatest No. pieces 4420 Cup
Rachael Landers,
Best striped counter pane Nap Ring
Nathan Clark
Best Dog ears flour corn Pkt Knife
Miss Mary Broyles.
Best collection canned fruits Pkt Knife
Best rag carpet H. made Cup
Miss Lizzie Broyles,
Best Crochet work in cotton Pr. Scissors
Handsomest chair cover Nap Ring
Handsomest Scarf Pr Scissors
Handsomest collection crochet work Pr Scissors
A J Cross,
Best display common sheep Cup
Mrs. E J Cross,
Best Pr Woolen coverlits Cup
Best fly brush Pr Scissors
A T Hanna,
Largest yield cotton on 1 acre Cup
Capt A W Ledbetter,
Best Spring colt Cup
Pelham Neal,
For picking most cotton one day Pr Boots
S N. Landers,
2d best Spring colt, mule, Cup
Wm Landers,
Best Spring colt Cup
2d best brood mare over 4 years Cup
W D Bush
Greatest and best variety garden vegetables Pkt Knife
Greatest and best variety of farm products from one farm Cup
and $25 premium offered by T. W Francis.
Saml N Johnson,
2d best yearling mule Cup
Wm J Whiteside
2d best brood mare 4 years or over Cup
2d best 3 year old filley Cup
Best calf under 1 year Cup
Best peck onions Pkt Knife
Mrs. W J Whiteside,
Best Spec. apple preserves Pkt Knife
Best muscadine preserves Diploma
Best display pickles Butter Knife
J W Whiteside,
Best 4 mule team Cup
Best Doz ears white corn Pkt Knife
Biggest pumpkin in the county Pkt Knife
Best bale cultivated clover hay Cup
Best bale cultivated millet hay Cup
Mrs. J W Whiteside,
Best woolen carpet, home made, Cup
Katie Watson,
Best quilt by girl under 12 years Cup
Oswell Griffin
Best hamper basket Pkt Knife
Mrs. L D Miller,
Best arranged bouquet Pkt Knife
Jefferson Crow,
2d best Spring colt Cup
Addie Hammond,
Best Spec. raised work Diploma
Mrs. Mary Nisbit,
Best pencil drawing Cup
Wm M Nisbit
Best half Bu Irish potatoes Pkt Knife
Mrs. M W Abernathey,
Best childs' stockings Pr Scissors
Miss Ella Abernathey
Best half Doz lamp mats Pr Scissors
Best plain apron Pr Scissors
Best apple jelly Pkt Knife
Best collection jelly Pkt Knife
Best plain jelly Pkt Knife
A J H Borders
Best half bu chufas Pkt Knife
Best artichokes Diploma
Best half bu turnips Pkt Knife
Mrs A J H Borders,
Best 5lbs bees wax. Butter Knife
Best straw berry acid Diploma
Best dried tomatoes Diploma
Best dried Figs Diploma
Best crab apple jelly Pkt Knife
Best jar peach preserves Pkt Knife
Best sponge cake Butter Knife
Best pound cake Butter Knife
Mrs. Ott. Smith,
Best black berry wine Silver Thimble
Best apple and tomato wine Diploma
Miss Allice Wiggs,
Best apple preserves Pkt Knife
Miss C B Holly, Clay county
Best ornamental quilt Premium
A Levert, Clay county,
Best yearling heifer Cup
Mess. A Meyers & Co.
Prettiest ladies' hat Diploma
M S Bozemore, Cheroke county
Best Churn Pkt Knife
S A Doss,
Best hoe handle Pkt Knife
Miss Sallie Rowan,
Best oil paintings Cup
H H McLean
Best photo Callio picture Diploma
Best water color painting Cup
Mrs. Annie Grant,
Best Quince jelly Pkt Knife
Best canned fruits Diploma
Gen. J W Burke,
Best yearling bull Cup
Bes merino ram Cup
Best merino ewe Cup
Best display of sheep Cup
Best trio Brama chickens Pkt Knife
Mrs Kate Burke,
Best crochet work in wool Pr Scissors
Miss Lizzie Landers,
Best 5 yards white cloth, home made Nap Ring
N B DeArman
bes bull 1 year and over Cup
best mixed blood heifer 1 year & over Cup
best fatted beef Cup
best brood sow & 5 pigs Cup
best sow any blood Cup
best sow pig under 1 year Cup
J T DeArman,
best common ewe Cup
J H Smith,
best half bushel oats Pkt Knife
biggest gourd Pkt Knife
W T Bush,
best brood mare 4 years Cup
best gelding 3 years & over Cup
Mrs J H Thompson
best made ladie's underwear Cup
Mrs T S DeArman
best knit counterpane Pr Scissors
L H Wagnor
best common ram Cup
best trio white game chickens Butter Knife
best ½ bushel field peas Pkt Knife
Mrs. L H Wagnor,
best 4lbs home made lard Pkt Knife
best Gal homemade vinegar Pkt Knife
best pair woolen blankets Cup
handsomest pillow covers Nap Ring
Mrs. M E Hudson,
best log cabin quilt Cup
Mrs L Hudson,
best pair woolen socks Pr Scissors
best pair cotton socks Pr Scissors
John Yee,
2d best stallion 4 years and over Cup
best churn Pkt Knife
Mrs Susan Martin,
best patch work quilt Cup
George Rowan,
best half Doz beets Pkt Knife
Sarah Landers,
best 2lbs home made butter Butter Knife
Mrs. E M Allday,
best Emb. picture Diploma
Eva DeArman,
best needle work Pr Scissors
Miss Pet DeArman,
best quilt by little girl Nap Ring
Miss M M Corley,
best 5 yds home made jeans Cup
Larkin C Coker,
best pair match mules Cup
best mule 2 years old
best mule 2 years old Cup
Linder & Montgomery,
best manure distributer Diploma
Gilleland & Montgomery,
best plow fastening "
Willis Lanford,
best white counterpane Nap Ring
James McKibbon,
best gin brush Diploma
J T DeArman,
twin calves 3 Knives
best sample of wool Pkt Knife
best sample ginned cotton Nap Ring
J S Parker,
best yoke oxen Cup
Mrs. Annie Grant,
best trio white cochins Butter Knife
Mrs H L Stevenson,
best biscuit Butter Knife
Elizabeth Reasons,
best basket quilt Cup
Mrs F W Smith,
best counterpane Nap Ring
Mrs. E F Crook,
best grape jelly Pkt Knife
best collection preserves Pkt Knife
best pear preserves Pkt Knife
best melon preserves Pkt Knife
best tomato preserves Pkt Knife
Germania Tanning Co.
best side harness and sole leather Diploma
Mrs. Nannie Ware,
best peck lima beans, Pkt Knife
G B Douthit,
best half bushel barley Pkt Knife
Daniel Broyles,
best half bushel wheat Pkt Knife
Miss Willie Borden,
best Pr ducks Butter Knife
Miss Pelham Borden,
best Pr pea fowls Butter Knife
W J Borden,
plain photograph Diploma
V L Ware,
Best ewe guess Cup
Capt O'Bryan,
best yearing mule Cup
J N Towns,
best Scuppnong wine Silver Thimble
Miss Lula Barnes,
best apple jelly Thimble
Miss H J Dean,
best cradle quilt Cup
J E Williams,
mule race dash Cup
W H Fleming,
best half doz hatchet handles Pkt Knife
D P Gunnels,
10 stalks genuine Orleans sugar cane Diploma
J T DeArman,
1 bale pea vine hay Cup
S W Borders,
fastest walking horse under saddle Cup
J M Stewart & Co,
best single harness, blind bridle, round bridle and man's saddle Diploma
J N Landers,
best single harness mule Cup
best mule any age Cup
James Mahon,
2d best Spring colt by A M Landers Cash $2
W M Meeks, Gadsden,
two best out of three, by Gipsey $10 Pitcher
W Coker,
1st pony Club race Cash $3
Willie Borders,
trotting mule race Cup

The late Thomas H. Benton, who was so long in public life and surrounded by temptation, paid the following tribute to his mother:

My mother asked me never to use any tobacco, and I never touched it from that time to the present day; she asked me not to game, and I have not, and I cannot tell who is winning or who is losing in games that can be played. She admonished me too, against hard drinking, and whatever capacity for endurance I may have at present, and whatever usefulness I may attain in life, I attribute it to having complied with her pious and correct wishes. When I was 7 years of age she asked me not to drink and then I made a resolution of total abstinence at a time when I was sole constituent member of my own body, and that I have adhered to it through all the time I owe to my mother.

Both the Senate and House of the next Congress will be democratic by good working majorities.

"What are yon in jail for?" asked a prison visitor of a negro. "For borwin money, sah." "Why they dont put men in jail for borrowing money." Yes, but you see I had to knock the man down free or four times afore he'd lend it to me," exclaimed Afric's cdild.

Among those who died of the plague just before the frost came in New Orleans was a man who had deserted his wife and five children in Indiana, disposed of most of her property and converted it into hard cash, and then eloped with a servant girl employed in their house. The girl herself had died of the fever five days before

A Jamaica (L. I.) tombstone has an inscription as follows: Here lieth the body of Lewis Galdy, Esq., who died on the 22d day of September, 1737, aged 80. He was born at Montpelier, in France, which place he left for his religion, and settled on this island, where, in the great earthquake, 1672, he was swallowed up, and by the wonderful providence of God, by a second shock, was thrown out into the sea, where he continued swimming until he was taken up by a boat, and thus miraculously preserved. He afterward lived in great reputation, and died universally lamented

Two brothers named Walter A. and William A. Wood run for Congress in the Troy, New York District. One was the Democratic nominee and the other was the Republican standard bearer. The Democratic W. A. was elected

It is now generally conceded that Mr. Morrison, of Illinois, the Democratic member from the 17th district of that State, has been again re-elected, notwithstanding the reports circulated at first that he was defeated. His election is a matter of National congratulation, for we can poorly spare such a man from the public service at a time like this

Do good and leave behind you a monument of virtue that the storm of time can never destroy. Write your name in kindness, love and mercy on the hearts of the thousands you come in contact with year by year: you will never be forgotten: no, your name and your deeds will be as legible on the hearts you leave behind as stars on the brow of evening. Good deeds will shine as the stars of heaven

FINAL SETTLEMENT NOTICE.

THE STATE OF ALABAMA, CALHOUN COUNTY. Probate Court for said county, Regular Term, November 11th 1878.

This day came J. Y. Henderson guardian of Texanna Crow now dead and formerly Texanna Satcher, and filed in Court his account and vouchers for a final settlement of his said guardianship.

It is ordered the 10th day of December, 1878, be appointed a day on which to make such settlement. At which time all persons interested can appear and contest said settlement, if they think proper.

L W CANNON,
JUDGE OF PROBATE.

Nov. 16—4t

FINAL SETTLEMENT NOTICE.

THE STATE OF ALABAMA, CALHOUN COUNTY. Probate Court for said county, Regular Term, November 11th, 1878.

This day came J. Y. Henderson guardian of Allice Holcomb, formerly Allice Ware, and now the wife of J. R. Holcomb, and filed in court his account and vouchers for a final settlement of his said guardianship.

It is ordered that the 10th day of December, 1878, be appointed a day on which to make such settlement. At which time all persons interested can appear and contest said settlement if they think proper.

L W CANNON,
Judge of Probate.

Nov. 16—4t

THE STATE OF ALABAMA, CALHOUN COUNTY. Probate Court for said county, Special Term, November 9th, 1878.

This day came W. B. Green, executor of the estate of Wm. Green deceased, and filed his account & vouchers for an annual settlement of said estate.

It is ordered that the 10th day of December 1878, be appointed a day on which to make such settlement. At which time all persons interested can appear and contest said settlement if they think proper.

L W. CANNON,
Judge of Probate

Nov. 16—4t

NOTICE

Is hereby given that we will make application to the Legislature this present session to pass a bill reimbursing us for money expended for the State, in bringing one Johnson, a fugitive from justice, from the State of Virginia back to the State of Alabama.

MARTIN & CLARK.

Nov. 16.—4t

CONSTABLE'S SALE.

By virtue of an execution from Justice Court of Beat No. 2. His honor W. S. Neel presiding, in favor of M. E. Ezelle against John Givins, I will sell at Alexandria, Saturday, Nov. 23d, one wagon belonging to said John Givens to satisfy said execution

E. G LEE.
Constable.

NOTICE

Is hereby given to the creditors of the estate of Woodford R. Hanna, deceased, that the undersigned have been selected and chosen as the legal Representatives of said estate. Therefore all persons having legal claims against said estate, will present them to us for payment, and all persons owing said estate are requested to make payment to us. as we are fully authorized to receive and receipt for the same. This 2nd day of November, 1878.

JOHN W. HANNA,
Nov 16—3t ROBERT M. HANNA.

REAL ESTATE AGENCY.

JACKSONVILLE, ALA.

Information in regard to any property mentioned below, parties can get the same by calling either by letter or apply to the undersigned buyers or sellers in person. Letters of enquiry answered. Parties promptly and cheerfully accompanied to purchase with the means and the desirability of the same will be shown any lands advertised, saving expense of the undersigned. Those desiring to sell lands to sell are invited to communicate with him, when commission for selling, and directions for writing advertisement, etc. will be given.

L. W. GRANT,
Real Estate Agent, Jacksonville, Ala.

$1200. Three hundred acres on road to Greensport, eleven miles from Jacksonville, one mile from Peck's Hill Post Office, known as Fullenwider place; 70 acres in cultivation, balance well timbered in Oak, Poplar, Hickory and Black Walnut. Three good springs on the place. School house and Church on the premises.

TERMS—Half cash, balance in one and two years. Title perfect A bargain

$400.—EIGHTY acres of fine wood land, within three miles of Jacksonville, on main road. Two thousand loads of wood can be cut from it. Growth mostly Post Oak. Land very good. It is a bargain at $400.

$2 000. TWO HUNDRED ACRES of LAND splendidly improved, heavily timbered and well watered. It is situated on the Jacksonville and Gadsden road, seven miles from Gadsden. Daily mail both ways. One of the most desirable places in the county. Terms made known on application.

$1.700.—THE undersigned offers a bargain in a FARM near Jacksonville for $1,300. It contains one hundred and twenty acres of land, nearly all cleared—good orchards, three good farm houses, one houses, two bold springs (one freestone and one limestone), running water in every lot, and about ten acres of the very best meadow land in this country. One of the farm houses was put up last fall at a cash expense of six hundred dollars. The present proprietor gave for the place, since the war, $3,600. Desire to move to Texas is his reason for selling at a sacrifice.

$1500. ON' HUND RED & FIFTY-FIVE acres of land more or less. Good new dwelling of five rooms—not quite complete. Fine springs within a few steps of the door. Good out buildings Excellent ten yard site. About fifty acres under fence. Land produces well. Natural fish pond on the place. Fine range for stock. Situated four miles south of Jacksonville on public road from Jacksonville to Oxford. Good stand for blacksmith and woodshop.

$4,000 SIX HUNDRED ACRES of fine river bottom land. Three payments—three good settlements on the place—Five good springs, gin house, thresher, and one of the finest orchards in the country. First bottom, 150 acres. Second and creek bottoms, 150 acres. 150 acres open. Enough pine timber on the upland lots to pay for the land at the ruling price per tree, within one mile of the river. The healthiest location in the country. A boat landing on the plantation One boat a week from Rome, Ga. The bottom lands are very rich and inexhaustible. Splendid roads to interior markets.

$4,000 THREE HUNDRED twenty acres, situated on the Oxford Road, one mile from White Plains, Calhoun county, in the rich and fertile valley of Chocoloco. One hundred and forty acres in cultivation balance well timbered. A running stream and two good wells, one room dwelling house, splendid cribs, stables, stock houses, tenant houses etc. on the place, land adapted to cotton, but yields fine corn and wheat crops. Last year thirty acres of this land made seventeen bales of cotton. Fine orchard of all kinds of fruit and splendid garden spot Located within a half mile of church, school-house and post office. Excellent settlement. One of the most desirable locations in the county Terms of payment made known on application.

$3 100 ONE HUNDRED & SIXTY ACRES on Oxford and Gadsden road, one mile from Phillip's mill. Eighty acres open and in fine state of cultivation—balance well timbered. A new framed house 42x64 with seven rooms, necessary out buildings, and tenant house on the place. Never failing well of water within twenty steps of the door. One feature of this place is the orchards and vineyard. The apple orchard contains 200 bearing trees of best varieties. The peach ordered 2 large and choice.—The vineyard contains 200 bearing vines of different varieties of grapes suitable to this county;—one-half acre of scuppernong already trellised. Proprietor made this year seventy gallons of wine, in second year of bearing. Convenient to churches and school Terms $1000 cash balance in one and two years.

$1 300 THREE HUNDRED AND TWENTY ACRES, situated two miles and a half from Phillips mill on Oxford and Gadsden road. Well improved. Two story 7 room ceiled and papered dwelling, barns, stables, two good wells, and apple and peach orchards on the place. 125 acres open; balance fine land to clear. Large spring on and running water through the farm the entire year. A good stock farm and a bargain. Terms one-half cash—balance on time

A BARGAIN.—100 acres or more, sold in separate tracts or together. Embraces fine clearing and corn mill, saw mill and cotton gin. Two sets of framed dwellings and outhouses. Four good settlements included. Land in good state of cultivation. Terms to suit purchaser.

$2,000—THIRTY-TWO—Acres, lying within 300 yards of the court house in Jacksonville, known as the Fielding Snow place. Fine meadow land, with bold spring branch running through it. Has upon it good stables, crib and other buildings. The spring branch furnishes sufficient water power for a flouring mill. Fine location for a tan-yard—vats already made, bark shed and finishing house standing and in fair order The yard could be put in thorough order at small expense. $500 cash, balance in 1, 2, & 3 yrs

$400 One Hundred and twenty acres. Forty acres under fence. Lies on Goshen-Jacksonville road, two miles northeast of Cross Plains. Churches and school houses convenient. Four room frame house and good tenant house on the place and fine well of water in the yard. Mineral spring near. Orchard.

Terms—$350 next fall; balance the fall following.

$1,650 One hundred and sixty-six acres three miles northeast of White Plains on southside of Chocoloco creek, the creek being the line. Good dwelling and all necessary outbuildings. Well of water in yard. The land is fine and well watered. Orchard. Sixty acres cleared and in high state of cultivation. Good school within one mile and a half. Churches convenient. Terms cash.

AT A SACRIFICE.—Two town lots. One known as the Gadson livery stable lot, the other facing the south-west corner of the public square. Terms made known on application

VYLUABLE LEAD MINE.

The undersigned has been authorized by the owners in Georgia and Tennesse to sell the valuable lead mine, west of this place, that was so successfully worked by the Confederate Government, for six hundred dollars. This mine sold before the war for thirty-two thousand dollars. There is money in it, and the attention of capitalists is invited to it as a good investment.

Address, L. W. GRANT,
Jacksonville, Ala.

$4550 Six hundred and forty acres, known as the Greene place, six miles north of Jacksonville on the S. R. & D. R. R Two hundred acres in high state of cultivation. Splendid farm house and several good outhouses, gin, barn and every convenience to be found on a first class farm. Orchard. Land fine and splendidly watered. Elegantly adapted for a stock farm. A capital bargain. Terms, one-third cash, balance in one and two years.

$5000 Seven hundred acres One hundred and twenty-five acres in cultivation All in one tract one and a quarter by three quarter square. Watered by two mountain streams and several springs. The spring branch near house is White Sulphur. There at the dwelling well in the yard and one is besides a branch supplied with pumps. In the horse lot, new, built in usefulness. The dwelling is neat It cost $2000. style, and nicely paled. Tenant house. There is on the place six horse barn and cribs, gin house and screw, blacksmith shop and stables, well built store houses, two blacksmith shops, ten yard of 20 wagon and work sheds, one leather finishing house, many other buildings necessary to a well improved farm and country merchant's stand. It is convenient to churches, and there is a good school on the place. Merchant mill in two miles. The soil will compare favorably with that of most lands in Calhoun. The health of the place is surpassingly good and the scenery delightful. Titles perfect. Terms one-third cash, balance in one and two years.

$10 000.—SIX HUNDRED and forty acres. Two hundred and fifty acres cleared Of the unimproved land, about fifty acres is rich Choccoloco bottom. Of the unimproved land, about one hundred and twenty acres is of the same character. The remainder is first class upland. The creek flows through it for half a mile, and for the whole extent there is a splendid cane brake sufficient to winter fifty head of cattle. The cane brake range for winter, and the mountain range (one mile distant) for summer, renders it one of the best stock farms in the country. The place has upon it all the improvements necessary to a first class farm. The dwelling house is a six room two story elegantly finished building. Dining room, kitchen, smoke-house, well house and pantry are all of brick. There is a cellar passage from house to dining room. The house, yard and porse lot are watered by pipes conveying hare free-stone water from the mountain near by. Church, good school and merchant, mill in convenient distance. There is no more desirable place offered for sale in the county. Terms—one-third cash, balance in one, two and three years, or longer if purchaser desires it, and keeps interest paid up.

$2 000 EIGHTY-SIX ACRES—FIFTY cleared and in good state of cultivation. Land very fertile. Good dwelling, stables, gin house and screw, tenant house and other necessary out buildings. Choccoloco creek is the line on the East side of it. Good young orchard. Splendid wells at dwelling and tenant house It is known best as the McAuley place. Titles perfect. Terms cash. Convenient to churches, and good school within one and one-half miles of the house.

Dirt Cheap!

HOUSE AND LOT FOR

$350 CASH.—Six room house, kitchen and stable. Rooms plaster'd or ceiled; porches in front Lot contains 58 feet front and extending back 240 feet. Fine fruit, and well on premises. 300 yds. from Court House P session given 1st of January 1879. A good investment for any person desiring to move to Jacksonville for school facilities.

TWO THOUSAND DOLLARS. A great bargain. A town lot situated about two hundred yards west of the depot, in the town of Jacksonville, Ala., containing seven acres more or less, on which is located a corn and flouring mill. This is a convenient and valuable location for wool Carder or cotton Gin one or both as well as milling. One-half cash, balance one and two year, with interest. If the property is not sold pretty soon, it can be leased for a term of years.

$50 100 acres—to be cultivated—good framed 4 room dwelling and out-buildings—well, never failing running water enough for a water power for cotton gin and grist mill and range for cattle. Lies on cotton and churches convenient. This place is 3 miles from Willow Springs and 9 miles from Jacksonville, and will be sold for $850, half cash, balance in 12 months

Small Farms.

I have much enquiry after small, cheap farms, but have few on hand for sale.—Parties who want such farms would do well to call and see me. If I have not what they want I will do well to consult me.

No sale, no charge.

L. W. GRANT.

Land buyers will take notice that I have other valuable places booked for sale not advertised

L. W. GRANT.

TRUST SALE

Under and by virtue of a certain Deed of Trust, executed to me as Co-signed as trustee, by J. D Hammond and F. A. Hammond on the 26th day of February 1876, to secure T. W. Francis in the payment of a certain promissory note therein mentioned, and which said Deed of Trust and promissory note have subsequently been transferred to Cochran & Co., of New York. Said Deed of Trust was recorded in the Probate Court of Calhoun county Alabama, in Book "F" 2d Vol; Register of Deeds on pages 197 & 198, on the 3d day of March 1876.

I will as Trustee aforesaid, sell to the highest bidder for cash, before the Court house door in the town of Jacksonville in said county, on Tuesday the 10th day of December 1878, the following described real estate, to wit

The horse and lot situated in the town of Jacksonville, known as the residence of J. D. Hammond; containing two acres more or less, of North East corner of lot No. 6, original plan of said town, on corner of Broad & Depot streets Township 14, Range 8, East in Coosa Land District.

Said real estate will be sold to satisfy said promissory note described in said Deed of Trust. This Nov. 9th 1878.

I. L. SWAN.
Trustee.

ADM. SALE OF LAND.

Under and by virtue of an order issued by the honorable, the Probate Court of Calhoun county, State of Alabama. The undersigned as administrator of the estate of Fleming Young late of said county, will sell at public outcry to the highest bidder, on the premises, on Saturday the 7th day of December 1878, the following described real estate to-wit:

The East ½ of lot No. 1, and Fraction 9 of Sec. 16, Township 13 of Range 10; also lot No. 24 of Sec. 36, Township 12 Range 10, containing 158 acres more or less, situated in Terrapin creek valley in said county.

TERMS OF SALE.—One third cash—the remainder on a credit of 12 months with interest from date: Note with approve security will be required to secure the unpaid purchase money. This November 4th 1878.

J. H. SAVAGE,
Administrator.

Nov. 9—4t.

"BLUE MOUNTAIN ROUTE."

Change of Schedule.

S. R. & D. R. R.

Taking effect Sundap, June 9th, 1878, at 5 p. m.

Mail Trains Daily.

No. 1, North.	Stations.	No. 2, South.
4.40 a. m	Ar Selma Lv	6.30 p. m.
6 38 a. m	Randolph Lv	7.30 p. m.
7.25 a. m	Montevallo	7.05 p. m.
8.15 a. m	Calera	6.00 p. m.
10 47 a. m	Talladega	5 00 p. m.
11.54 p. m	Oxford	2 25 p. m.
12 45 p. m	Jacksonville	1.20 p. m.
3.45 p. m.	Ar Rome Lv	12.45 p. m.
5 50 p. m	Ar Dalton Lv	8 25 a. m.

Accommodation Trains.

Daily—Sunday excepted.

No. 3. North.	Stations.	No. 4, South.
3.40 p. m	Lv Selma Ar	12.30 p. m.
7.05 p. m	Randolph Lv	9 45 a. m.
8 20 p. m	Montevallo	9 45 a. m.
9 0 p. m	Calera Ar	8 34 a. m.
9.-- m	Talladega	7.50 a. m.
12.55 p. m	Oxford	3.50 a. m.
2.25 a. m	Jacksonville	2.25 a. m.
3 55 a. m	Ar Rome Lv	12.50 a. m.
8.30 a. m	Dalton	8.15 p. m.
11.00 a. m		5.51 p. m.

Connects at Calera with mail trains of L. & N. at Dalton with trains of E. T Va. & Ga. R. R. for all eastern cities, Tennessee and Virginia springs, and with W. & A. railroad for Chattanooga and north western cities.

No. 3 leaving at 3.40 p. m. makes close connection at Rome for Atlanta, and at Dalton with trains of E. T. Va. & Ga. railroads for all eastern and western cities.

Nos. 2 mail and 4 accommodation trains leave Dalton upon arrival of trains of E. T. Va. & Ga. railroad and W. & A. railroad, making close connection at Calera with mail train of L. & N. & Gt. So. railroad from all western cities.

Sleeping cars on all night trains

Tickets as low as by any other route.

RAY KNIGHT, G. P. & T. Agt.

TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN.

NOTICE is hereby given that the undersigned will petition the next General Assembly to pass a law authorizing her to sell the Widow Reeves.

SALLIE L. W. McADAMS
Jacksonville Oct. 26th 1878.

Madison Dispensary, 201 S. Clark St., Chicago, Ill.

DR. BIGELOW, having 20 years experience, treats SPECIALLY and EXCLUSIVELY all forms of SEXUAL DISEASES, both Secret, Special, Nervous, Private, NERVOUS DEBILITY, from sexual excesses, recently cured. With wonderful new remedies. Pamphlet, 64 pp. sent free. Address, DR. BIGELOW, 201 S. CLARK ST., CHICAGO, ILL. PATHOLOGY, 250 large pages, ILLUSTRATED, contains much that every man, married or single, should know. Sent CONFIDENTIAL. Female Pills, $5, Special, $10. Send 50 cts. for Samples. Other Goods, list by Express.

Cancers Cured,

SCROFULA,

SCROFULOUS ULCERS AND

DISEASES ARE CURABLE

Dr. S. C. Williams, after an experience of more than thirty years is fully confident that, when applied to in time, he can cure the above named diseases. As to his success in the treatment of the same, and as to his standing as a physician, he would respectfully refer to the following named gentlemen:

Dr. A. Pelham Alexandria, Alabama
Dr. J. Y. Nesbet, Jacksonville, "
Dr. B. S. Evans, White Plains, "
Judge M. J. Turnley, Gadsden, "
J. W. Whiteside, Esq. Rabbit Town, "

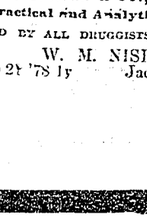
And to the physicians, merchants and ministers of Oxford, Ala.; also to former patients every where.

Charges moderate.

S. C. WILLIAMS M. D.
Oxford, Ala

April 6th, 1878—1y.

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral



For Diseases of the Throat and Lungs, such as Coughs, Colds, Whooping Cough, Bronchitis, Asthma, and Consumption.

The reputation it has attained in consequence of the marvellous cures it has produced during the last half century, is a sufficient assurance to the public that it will continue to realize the happiest results that can be desired. In almost every section of country there are persons, publicly known, who have been restored from alarming and even desperate diseases of the lungs, by its use. All who have tried it acknowledge its superiority; and where its virtues are known, no one hes

The Republican.

The Queenly and accomplished Mrs Helen Woodward is spending a few weeks with her relatives in town.

Miss Annie Wyly, one of Jacksonville's fairest daughters has just returned from a long visit to North Carolina.

See double column advertisement of W. W. Nesbit, the old reliable Tinner and Dealer in Stoves. He has most perfect arrangements for getting stoves at low rates, and he says if anybody can undersell him he will give the party a stove on call. His tin work is far-famed. He will not let shoddy work go from his shop, Call on him before you buy stove. He came from Stovevill—y a moved here. —e when

CASH VS. CREDIT.—W. C. Land & Co., merchants of this place, commenced a general mercantile business here four years ago on a strictly cash basis, during a time of great scarcity of money and business depression. They were advised by friends that they could not sustain themselves on an entire cash system, but the energy of the firm triumphed over every obstacle; and their immense and varied stock of goods, at low prices, proves to a discerning public that it is better to do a cash than a credit business. The firm made a small beginning and had a hard struggle, but it has increased until it now ranks among the best retail houses to be found in any interior town. All merchants advise customers it is better to pay cash. They can afford to sell cheaper for cash. If people will go to their merchants here with the cash, they can get as good bargains, in retail purchases, as in any of the cities.

Mr. C. W. Brewton is our authorized agent to travel and collect subscriptions for the REPUBLICAN. Subscribers are earnestly requested to be ready to settle when he calls.

The farm of Mr. Jno. A. DeArman, in the suburbs of Jacksonville, which has been advertised through the Real Estate Agency of L. W. Grant, has been sold to Mr. Joseph Nolen for $1250 Mr. DeArman will start for Texas the 1st of January next.

MARRIED.—On the 3d inst. at the residence of the bride's father, by W. J Scott, Esq., Mr. Jas. Ray of Carroll county, Ga., and Miss Arminda Dale.

MARRIED.—On the 7th inst., at the residence of the bride's father, by Rev. Thos. Keer, Mr. James McFarland, and Miss Maggie Ward.

Also, at the same time and place, by the same minister, Mr. William Napper and Miss Sallie Ward:—all of this county.

Dr. W. C. Bellamy of this place, together with his family, will go this week to Atlanta to spend the winter. They will be much missed in the social life of Jacksonville. Dr. Bellamy is an accomplished writer, and will favor us together with other papers for which he corresponds, with letters from the capital city of Georgia.

See notice of Mr. E. L Woodward, headed "look here." He earnestly desires all men who owe him to come forward and settle.

See administrator's notice of Mr. W. J. Scott. Last week his name did not appear to the notice.

Among the list of premiums taken will be seen one by Mr. Jno. F. Davis, for the best buggy. We were particularly struck with the elegant finish of the buggy when we first saw it on the streets, and were surprised to learn that it was of Calhoun make. In appearance it equals Northern work of the best quality; and those who need an article of the kind, would do well to consult them.

Miss Josie Deimer, of Fayetteville Tenn., a gentle and lovable young lady, who has been spending the summer with relatives in Jacksonville, returned to her home Friday.

The Pelham Rifles went to Talladega Thursdry.

Prof. A. E. Goodhue, of Oxford, now travelling for the People's Mutual Relief Association, of Mobile, gave us a pleasant call last week.

Thanks to Mr. C. H. Mentz, of Ohatchee, for a fine mess of freshly caught fish.

We have been compelled to decline some local communications last week and this, not for want of merit in the articles, but for want of space. We shall always be glad to hear from those gentlemen who wrote them.

Look Here!

All those indebted to me are earnestly requested to make payment. Do, by all means attend to this matter *now*, for "delays are dangerous." I am not able to go over the country to see you, as in days gone by; but you can, and *ought*, to come in and see me. Think of your *duty* in the matter, and *discharge* that duty, so as to *have a clean conscience*.

I furnished you with goods at fair prices,—have waited patiently for the money, and now, when necessity calls for payment, surely you will hearken to the call. Please pay all *now* if you can; but if you cannot pay all at present do be certain to pay some promptly, and the balance as soon as circumstances will permit. Please call at my office and see me, Respectfully,

E. L. WOODWARD.

FOR SALE!

One saddle and buggy horse: No. one under the saddle and a fair trotter in the buggy. One warranted buggy,—one good cow, now giving milk. Apply at this office.

LOCAL MATTERS.

ED. G. CALDWELL

(At the old Forney Corner)

Has on hand the best brands of Cigars, (Leading and Smoking TOBACCO Chewing the popular Swanson's J., including the celebrated Durkam Smoking and Chewing Tobacco and Cigarettes, and co's. He has the largest stock of CIGARS in Town. Amstock of Cigars you will find the Solacong his brands at Standard and the Margarita, Royal Wave. favorite Tidal

Chocolate Cream Candy, Chow. Boston Cane, Imported Chow Canned Goods, Baked Beans, Salmon & Lobsters in great variety at

Coffee, Sugar, Flour, Meal, Meat, Potatoes, Mackerel, Macaroni & Cheese ED. G. CALDWELL'S.

Cheap Groceries for Cash a the old Forney Corner.

Fresh Lard at
ED. G. CALDWELL'S.

Fresh Meal at
ED. G. CALDWELL'S.

YOU can buy anything in the GROCERY line CHEAP for CASH at
ED. G. CALDWELL'S.

Go buy one of those fine Plows of the Towers patent at
ED. G. CALDWELL'S.

A splendid lot of new Tin ware at
ED. G. CALDWELL'S.

Finest article of kerosine oil at E. G. CALDWELL'S

New lot of stone-ware at E. G. CALDWELL'S.

YOU can buy TEN pounds of RICE for $1 00 at
E. G. CALDWELL'S

YOU can buy 10 pounds of SUGAR for $1 00 at
E. G. CALDWELL'S

Salt at manufacturers prices at E. G. CALDWELL'S.

YOU can buy 5 pounds of good COFFEE for ONE DOLLAR at
ED. G. CALDWELL'S.

ARE YOU GOING TO TRAVEL? Go to A. MEYERS & CO. Crow's Brick corner, and get your trunks, Valises and complete outfit. Also, you can get fine Boots at $1 50 up, Linen Bosom Shirts, 65 cents; besides the finest assortment in Baltimore Shoes, Corsets, Kid Gloves, Chenille Shawls, Ladies' Silk Ties, and new Styles of Peach Waterproofs. Come and examine A. MEYERS & CO's CHEAP CASH STORE.

WONDERFUL!

You ought to take a peep at A. MEYERS & CO's large Stock of Dry Goods, Notions, and all kinds of Fancy articles, and you will be left in a frame of intense wonderment. The quantity of their Goods, quality, beauty, Style and cheapness would astonish you. The question is often asked: How can A. MEYERS & CO. bring such a fine Stock of Goods all the way from NEW YORK, and sell them *for so little* money in Jacksonville? The question is fully answered, when it is known they buy with so much *cash and judgment*, and in such "large" quantities. We can recommend the public to this Store for *Good Goods*, and *Cheap Goods*. The Firm has most excellent, and accommodating Clerks, and it is with great pleasure they wait on all who patronize their Monmouth Emporium.

A GREAT BARGAIN!

offered by

W. P. & ED. L PARRIN

Anything in the Grocery Line and house furnishing Goods offered at ten per cent lower than

ROCK BOTTOM PRICES

WE are constantly receiving something fresh and nice, such as Fresh Oysters, Pork Sausages, Cod fish, finest Cream Cheese, Soda biscuit, Lemon Crackers, Sweet Oranges, Apples, Raisins, Nuts of all kinds, Sweet Cider, Figs, Canned goods, in a great variety. It is to your interest to call and see us, for we are determined to

Please Our Customers

It would surprise you to price our house furnishing goods they are extremely Low, for we will sell you a good bucket for 25 cents, tubs the best made, from 25 to one dollar and seventy five cents, Marshall's best axes, guaranteed, $1, a handsome Porcelain bottom Lamp complet for 75 cents; a handsome set of Glass ware, for 75 cents; a set of Goblets and tumblers for 40 cts, Tin ware exceedingly low, 12 inch plug of tobacco for 12½ cents.

THE BEST GOODS

will win; therefore we keep only the best Coffee, Sugar, Flour, Meal, Soda, Pepper, Spice, Tea, Soap, Starch, Kerosene oil; try them and be convinced.

HEAD QUARTERS

For Tobaccos, Segars. Second hand No. 8 Stove four joints, pipe and all complete for 7 dollars.

Lost—A silver mounted five shooter pistol—rosewood handle with a piece broke out. Two dollars reward for its return. Apply to W. F LIARD,
Marshal.

An Undeniable Truth.

You deserve to suffer, and if you lead a miserable, unsatisfactory life in this beautiful world, it is entirely your own fault and there is only one excuse for you,—your unreasonable prejudice and skepticism, which has killed thousands. Personal knowledge and common sense reasoning will soon show you that Green's August Flower will cure you of Liver Complaint, or Dyspepsia, with all its miserable effects, such as sick headache, palpitation of the heart, sour stomach, habitual costiveness, dizziness of the head, nervous prostration, low spirits, &c. Its sales now reach every town on the Western Continent and not a Druggist but will tell you of its wonderful cures. You can buy a Sample Bottle for 10 cents. Three doses will relieve you. For sale by W. M. NISBET, Jacksonville, Ala.

Save Your Child's Life!

By giving DR. MOFFETT'S TEETHINA (*Teething Powders.*) TEETHINA will Regulate the Bowels and make Teething easy. Cures Cholera Infantum and Summer Complaints of Children, Heals Eruptions and Sores, Removes and Prevents Worms. Anodynes only soothe; TEETHINA cures the child.

For sale by Dr. W. M. NISBET, Jacksonville, Ala, and all Druggists keep it.

Relief at Last!

From Cholera Infantum and Summer Complaints, DR. MOFFETT'S TEETHINA, (*Teething Powders*) Regulates the Bowels and makes Teething easy; Heals Eruptions and Sores, Removes and Prevents the formation of Worms in Children. No mother should be without it.

For sale by Dr. W. M. NISBET, Jacksonville, Ala., and all Druggists keep it.
aug 3

ATHENS, GA., December 8, 1877.

A few nights since, I gave my son one dose of Worm Oil: and the next day he passed 16 large worms. At the same time I gave one dose to my little girl, four years old, and she passed 86 worms from 4 to 15 inches long. W. F. PHILLIPS.

For sale by Dr. W. M. NISBET, Jacksonville
July 6, '78—6m.

ATHENS, GA., February 22, 1878.

Some years ago, five years old, had symptoms of worms. I tried calomel and other worm medicines, but failed to expel any worms. Seeing Mr. Bain's certificate, I got a vial of your Worm Oil, and the first dose brought forty worms, and the second dose so many were passed I did not count them. S. P. ADAMS.

For sale by Dr. W. M. NISBET, Jacksonville, July 6, '78—6m.

Encourage Home Manufacture.

ED. REPUBLICAN:—I would like a little space in your valuable paper for the good of our country and the public generally.

I have purchased from Mr. E. G. Morris one of his Turbine Water Wheels, of small size, (20 inches in diameter) for the purpose of running my cotton gin, and have given it a fair trial, and am pleased to say that it comes fully up to my highest expectation. By its power I can easily, at the present low state of water, gin ten bales of cotton in twenty-four hours; while I could not gin more than 3 bales in the same length of time with my old wheel under the same circumstances. I find it simple of construction, durable, compact of fine finish and workmanship—runs rapidly with a strong steady motion.—takes very little water to run it, and wastes none—it costs but little over half of what it would to get one of the same capacity from the North.

I would cheerfully recommend all persons owning water-power and in want of a wheel to purchase the Morris Turbine wheel, and keep their money at home, instead of sending it North to further enrich already bloated capitalists.

A. M. WHITESIDE.

Oct 26—tf

IN CHANCERY.

Bessie A. White, by next friend Simon Jewell. vs. John C. White	In Chancery at Jacksonville, Alabama, Nov. 1st, 1878. In this cause it is made to appear to the Register by affidavit of G C Ell, complainant's solicitor, that the defendant, John C White, is a non-resident of this State, and that his last place of residence known to affiant was Gold Hill Nevada and further that the said defendant is over the age of twenty-one years. It is therefore ordered by the Register that publication be made in the Jacksonville Republican, a weekly newspaper published in the town of Jacksonville, Alabama, for four consecutive weeks requiring the said John C. White to appear and plead to or answer the bill of complaint in this cause by the 25th day of Dec. 1878, or a decree pro confesso will be taken against him, the said John C White, in thirty days thereafter. Done at office this 1st day of Nov. 1878.

WM. M. HAMES, Register.
Nov 9—4t

EXECUTOR'S SALE OF LAND.

Under and by virtue of an order issued by the honorable, the Probate Court of Calhoun county, Alabama, the undersigned, as Executor of the last will and testament of J. J. Henderson, late of said county, deceased, will sell at public outcry to the highest bidder, the following described lands, to-wit:

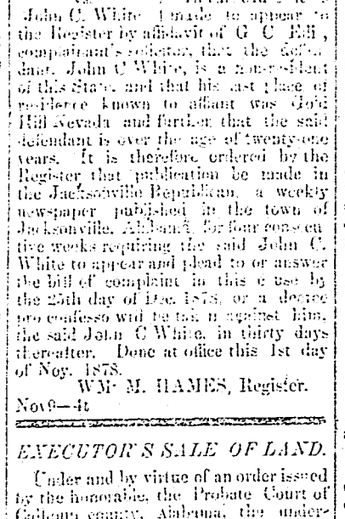
The West ½ of North East ¼, East ½ of North West ¼, W. ½ of North West ¼ & a strip thirteen rods wide, lying South of the above described land—all in Section 7... Township 16, Range 6; and known as a part of the Border's Mill Tract—situated in Chockoloco valley, in said county.

Time, Place of Sale, and Terms.

Said lands will be sold at Harmony church near said lands, on Monday the 25th day of November 1878

Purchasers will be required to pay one third cash—one third in twelve months thereafter, and one-third in two years; Notes bearing interest from date, with two approved securities, will be required for the unpaid purchase money.

W. F. JORDAN.
Executor &c.



ADMR. SALE OF LAND.

Under and by virtue of an order issued by the honorable, the Probate Court of Calhoun county, State of Alabama. The undersigned as administrator of the estate of Craven Wilson late of said county, deceased, will sell at public outcry to the highest bidder, upon the premises, on Saturday the 7th day of December 1878, the following described real estate, to-wit:

Lots No. 20, 21 and 22 of Section 31, and Lot No. 22 of Sec. 36, and Fraction No. 17 of Sec. 36 in Township 12, Range 11; and also the North East ¼ and Fractions E. and F. of Sec. 18, and North East ¼ of North East ¼ and South West ¼ of North East ¼ of Sec. 9, Township 13, Range 11, and 30 acres of bottom land described as bounded on the west by Terrapin creek, on the south by J. J Wilson's land, and by a slough running nearly North West bounding the East. North East and North side, and being in Sec. 1 of T. 13 of Range 10.

TERMS OF SALE.—One fourth cash and the remaining three-fourths on a credit of twelve months with interest from date: Note and approved security will be required to secure the unpaid purchase money.—This Nov. 4th 1878.

J. J. WILSON.
J. C. WILSON,
Administrators

ADMR. RENTING OF LAND.

Under and by virtue of an order of the Probate Court of Calhoun county, Ala. The undersigned Admr. of the estate of M. M. Hanna deceased, will proceed to rent upon the premises of decedent on the 30th day of Nov. 1878 the cleared land and premises belonging to said estate, for the year 1879.

Said lands and premises will be rented on a credit of twelve months, note and good security will be required to secure the rent money.

MONROE M. HANNA,
ADMR.
Nov. 9—4t.

SALE OF LAND.

I will offer for sale at public outcry, to the highest bidder, one-half cash,—balance on a credit of 12 months, bearing interest from date, in front of the court house door in the town of Jacksonville, Ala. on Monday, the 2nd day of Dec. 1878, the Nelson place 5 miles West of Jacksonville, Ala., Calhoun county, the North East ¼; running to the top of the mountain to a stake and running with a straight line from one stake to the other, supposed to be 180 acres more or less, of Section 12. Township 14, Range 7, in the coosa land District.

J. R. LOVE.

TAX COLLECTOR'S

Last Round.

I will atttend at the following places, and on the days mentioned below, for the purpose of collecting the State and County Taxes, for the county of Calhoun, Ala., for the year 1878.

Precinct No 8 Green's School house Tuesday Dec. 3 1878.
Precinct No 9 Cross Plains Wednesday Dec. 4.
Precinct No 16 Ladiga Thursday Dec 5
Precinct No 10 Rabbit Town Friday Dec 6
Precinct No 11 White Plains Saturday Dec 7.
Precinct No 12 Davisville Tuesday Dec. 10.
Precinct No 13 Oxford Wednesday Dec. 11
Precinct No 15 Anniston Thursday Dec 12
Precinct No 2 June Bug (4 mile school house) Friday Dec 13
Precinct No 1 Jacksonville Saturday Dec 14.
Precinct No 4 Genaway's School house Tuesday Dec. 17.
Precinct No 14 Sulphur Springs Wednesday Dec. 18.
Precinct No 5 Polkville Thursday Dec 19.
Precinct No 2 Alexandria Friday Dec. 20.
Precinct No 6 Peaks Hill Saturday Dec. 21.
Precinct No. 7 Webster's Chapel, Monday Dec. 23 1878.

I will also attend Jacksonville for 5 days at the close of the month of Dec., to-wit: the 26th, 27th, 28th, 29th, 30th and 31st. All taxes will become delinquent on the 1st day of January 1879, if not paid before that day.

JAMES M. WEBSTER,
T. C. C. Co.
Nov. 2—tf

Administrator's Sale of Land.

Under and by virtue of an order issued by the Honorable, the Probate Court of Calhoun county, Alabama, the undersigned as Administrator of the Estate of Miles W. Abernathy, deceased, will sell at public outcry to the highest bidder, the following described lands to-wit:

Lots one, seven and eight in section 16 containing eighty acres each—also a part of S W quarter of section 15, beginning at southwest corner, thence north 53° W 160 poles to the half mile stake; thence north 84° east 115 poles to a stake and pointers on east side of mountain at D. Hoke's corner: thence south 53° east 160 poles to a stake and pointers on section line there with the Section line, South 85° West, crossing the mill pond 82 poles and 10 links to rock and pointers on the side of the hill to J. Forney's corner; thence South 30° west to a stake and pointers on the line: thence with said line to beginning, including the fine Merchant Mills and all appurtenances; also 100 acres in section 15 adjoining the lands of Alfred and Jos. Hoke, and a part of the home tract—all in township 14 and range 8. Also one-half interest in Tan Yard Lot in the Town of Jacksonville, containing one and one half acres in northeast corner of section 15, township 14, range 8, also southeast quarter of southwest quarter of section 28, township 14, range 8—all in Calhoun county, State of Alabama and adjoins the corporate limits of the town of Jacksonville.

TIME, PLACE OF SALE & TERMS.

Said lands and mills will be sold at the mills on Monday the 2nd day of December, 1878, in lots of 80 acres.

Purchasers will be required to pay one third cash, one third in twelve months thereafter and one third in two years.—Note with two approved securities will be required for the unpaid purchase money.

H. L. STEVENSON,
Administrator &c.

NOTICE.

On, or about the 28th of Feb 1859, a Duplicate Land Warrant, No. 32642, was issued to Ellis Lott, for 120 acres, and said Duplicate warant has been lost or destroyed, having been filed by me in the Register and Receiver's office at Centre Ala., on the 20th July 1861. And that I have made application to the Commissioner of the General Land office for the issue of a duplicate for said warrant, No 32642.

October 3rd 1878.

JAMES KEMP.
Kemp's Creek, Ala.

THE GENUINE

DR. C. McLANE'S

Celebrated American

WORM SPECIFIC

OR

VERMIFUGE.

SYMPTOMS OF WORMS.

THE countenance is pale and leaden-colored, with occasional flushes, or a circumscribed spot on one or both cheeks; the eyes become dull; the pupils dilate; an azure semicircle runs along the lower eye-lid; the nose is irritated, swells, and sometimes bleeds; a swelling of the upper lip; occasional headache, with humming or throbbing of the ears; an unusual secretion of saliva; slimy or furred tongue; breath very foul, particularly in the morning; appetite variable; sometimes voracious, with a gnawing sensation of the stomach, at others, entirely gone; fleeting pains in the stomach; occasional nausea and vomiting; violent pains throughout the abdomen; bowels irregular, at times costive; stools slimy; not unfrequently tinged with blood; belly swollen and hard; urine turbid; respiration occasionally difficult, and accompanied by hiccough; cough sometimes dry and convulsive; uneasy and disturbed sleep, with grinding of the teeth; temper variable, but generally irritable, &c.

Whenever the above symptoms are found to exist,

DR. C. McLANE'S VERMIFUGE will certainly effect a cure.

IT DOES NOT CONTAIN MERCURY in any form; it is an innocent preparation, *not capable of doing the slightest injury to the most tender infant.*

The genuine DR. McLANE'S VERMIFUGE bears the signatures of C. McLANE and FLEMING BROS. on the wrapper.

—:o:—

DR. C. McLANE'S

LIVER PILLS

are not recommended as a remedy "for all the ills that flesh is heir to," but in affections of the liver, and in all Bilious Complaints, Dyspepsia and Sick Headache, or diseases of that character, they stand without a rival.

AGUE AND FEVER.

No better cathartic can be used preparatory to, or after taking Quinine.

As a simple purgative they are unequaled

BEWARE OF IMITATIONS.

The genuine are never sugar coated.

Each box has a red wax seal on the lid with the impression DR. MCLANE'S LIVER PILLS.

Each wrapper bears the signatures of C. McLANE and FLEMING BROS.

Insist upon having the genuine Dr. C. McLANE'S LIVER PILLS, prepared by Fleming Bros., of Pittsburgh, Pa., the market being full of imitations of the name *McLane*, spelled differently but same pronunciation.

THE TIMES DEMAND THAT YOU

Should buy your Type and material from us, and then reduce your price on printing. Send stamp for catalogue, and compare prices. Address, National Type Co., 58 South Third Street, Philadelphia.

Oct. 12.—tf.

State you saw the advertisement in this paper.

ADMR. SALE OF VALUABLE LAND.

Under and by virtue of an order of the Probate Court of Calhoun county Alabama, made on the 7th day of November 1878. The Undersigned as administrator of the estate of J. B. Prater deceased, will on Thursday the 5th day of December 1878.

At the late residence of said deceased, proceed to sell at public outcry to the highest bidder, the following described land, to-wit:

The North West quarter and the North East quarter of the North East quarter, and East half of South West quarter, and West half of North East quarter, and North West quarter of South East quarter of Section 29, Township 13, Range 9, East in the Coosa Land District; containing 400 acres More or less.

THE TERMS of said sale will be one-third of the purchase money to be paid on day of sale, and the remaining two-thirds to be paid one year from said date of sale: Notes with approved security, and bearing interest from date of sale, will be required to secure the payment of the balance of the purchase money.

W. B. GREEN,
Administrator.

Nov. 9.—3t

THE STATE OF ALABAMA,
CALHOUN COUNTY.
Court of Probate.

Letters of administration on the estate of Wm. Scott deceased, having been granted to the undersigned on the 6th day of November 1878, by the Hon. L. W. Cannon Judge of the Probate Court of Calhoun county.

NOTICE is hereby given, that all persons having claims against said estate, will be required to present the same within the time allowed by law, or the same will be barred.

Nov. 9—3t. W. J. SCOTT, Admr.

NOTICE!

CALHOUN COUNTY NURSERY.

Being solicited by many influential citizens of this county, I commenced preparing in 1875 for an Apple Nursery, and will be prepared for market the ensuing Fall and Winter with the best selection of Spring, Summer, Fall and Winter Apple trees, acclimated for this latitude. The following varieties are embraced in my list:

EARLY SEASON.—May Apple, Sweet Red June, Yellow June, White June, Green June, Striped June, Scarlet June.

SUMMER SEASON.—Sweet Apple, Horse Apple, Cider Apple.

FALL SEASON.—Fall Excelsior, Red Fall, Petty Fall, Turner Fall.

WINTER SEASON.—Shockley, Ben Nabors, Hall Crab, Clark Permain, Ben Davis, The Bradley, Nickojack, Carolina Red, Never Fail, Wine Sap, Limber Twig, English Crab, Sweet Permain, Tenn. Royal Red, Father Abram.

I solicit all citizens to buy trees of my Nursery, which will be cheaper and as good or better than others, being acclimated, and keep your money near home so your neighbors can get to pay you for what he needs, instead of buying from a distance, paying the carriage and your money gone from this county. I expect to be around and engage trees and deliver at some convenient point. My Nursery is eight miles North of Jacksonville at the head of Ohatchee creek.

Respectfully,
JOHN W. BRADLEY.
May 16-6-m.

ROWAN, DEAN & Co.

JACKSONVILLE, ALABAMA.

DRY GOODS GROCERIES, HARDWARE. QUEENSWARE, DRUGS &C.

In fact, everything kept in a first class establishment. Our Mr. Rowan attends personally to our purchas in New York, and buys to such advantage that we are enabled to give our customers the *VERY BOTTOM OF THE MARKET. TRY* us and see if you can't get *BETTER BARGAINS* than you can get elsewhere. We have the *LARGEST and BEST* assorted Stock in NORTH ALABAMA.

THE TENNESSEE WAGON, THE BEST WAG on on the market, sold by us.

ROME GEO. MARBLE WORKS.

JONES & EDMUNDSON,

AMERICAN AND ITALIAN

MARBLE & GRANITE.

And Manufacturers of Tombs, Monuments and Headstones,

ROME GEORGIA.

Write for what you want, and they will write you what it will cost you.

FIRE INSURANCE.

The undersigned is Agent for (3) three good and reliable FIRE COMPANIES of the South, to wit.

GEORGIA HOME INSURANCE CO., COLUMBUS, GEORGIA.
HOME PROTECTION " " HUNTSVILLE, ALA.
CENTRAL CITY " " SELMA, ALA.

It is wisdom to Insure your Dwellings, Barns, Gin Houses, Merchandise, etc.

If you desire INSURANCE, call on me at JACKSONVILLE, ALABAMA, or address me through the mails—

I think I am warranted in saying that these Companies are all in a healthy condition financially, have a CAPITAL ample and sufficient to meet all their Liabilities.

I. L. SWAN, Agent,
Jacksonville, Ala.

Mch 25th, 1878—1 y

HILLS & MC'DONALD,

UNDERTAKERS

ROME, GA.,

We have added to our

FURNITURE

Business that of Undertaking, and to those needing articles in this line we can offer a LARGE STOCK from which to select, and our best attention in the details of the business. We have a fine HEARSE, and are prepared in every way to give satisfaction to our patrons.

HEAD QUARTERS

FOR STOVES.

W. W. NISBET Still leads the market in cheap Cooking and Heating Stoves, and yet he sells the very BEST in the market. If you want a

Real Good Stove

of any kind for a SMALL amount of money, call on him at Jacksonville, and he will supply you at short notice.

Nov. 16.—tf.

Our Combined
CATALOGUE
FOR 1878 OF
EVERYTHING
FOR THE
GARDEN
Numbering 175 pages, with Colored Plate.
SENT FREE
To our customers of past years, and to all purchasers of our books, either GARDENING FOR PROFIT, PRACTICAL FLORICULTURE, or GARDENING FOR PLEASURE, Price $1 50 each, prepaid by mail, To others on receipt of 25 cts. Plain Flower or Seed Catalogues, without Plate, free to all.
Peter Henderson & Co.,
Seedsmen Market-Gardeners, and Florists,
35 Cortland St., New York.

JAMES HUTCHINSON,
Barber & Hair-dresser,
Room on Office Row, recently occupied by Dick Walker.

If you desire to have a pleasant and clean shave, or have your hair trimmed in neat and fashionable style, give him a call. Jacksonville, Apl 20, 1878.

THE WHITE SEWING MACHINE

The Best and Cheapest.

THIS Machine combines all the best and latest improvements, and has marked advantages over all others in use, being simple in construction, easily understood and worked.

The treadle enables the operator to run the Machine easier and faster than any other.

Every working part is in hardened adjustable steel bearings, having but little wear, so all loss motion can be easily taken up. For sale by

WOODSTOCK IRON CO.
Anniston, Ala.

A liberal discount allowed to Agents.

I have seen nearly every kind of Sewing Machine. I consider the White the best and most perfect made.

SAML NOBLE.

April 20, 1878—1y.

Special Notice to the Public.

C. H. RANGER

HOUSE, Sign and Ornamental Painter. He is ready to do all kinds of

PAINTING

Plain and Fancy, Paper Hanging in all styles, both plain and Fresco. Kalsomining on hard or soft finish. This Kalsomine is warranted to give entire satisfaction; it will neither peel nor crack. Also his Leads is of the best brands from F. W. Devoe's celebrated strictly pure N. Y. Lead and Color Co, and the St. Louis Southern White Lead Co. I am seeking for work, try me and be pleased, as I warrant all work and use the best stock. Good references if required.

Address Republican Office, or
C. H RANGER,
Jacksonville, Ala.

July 27—3m.

The Remedy of the 19th Century.
Barham's Infallible
PILE CURE.
Manufactured by the Barham Pile Cure Co., Rochester, N. Y.
It never fails to cure. If unsatisfactory Pile Cure, when a cure is possible. Price List and home testimonials furnished on application.

R. T. HOYT,

(Successor to W. D. HOYT & CO.)

Wholesale Druggist,

No. 42 Broad Street, ROME Ga

Keeps constantly on hand.

GRASS, Field & Grass Seeds of all kinds; ONION SETTS; Seed Irish Potatoes;

Buist's GARDEN SEEDS;

WINDOW GLASS, PAINTS, OIL, VARNISHES, &c

Rome, Ga. Jan. 26, 1877—tf.

E. A. SMITH,

ROME, G.A.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

Bookseller and Music Dealer

KEEPS constantly on hand, a large stock of *School and Miscellaneous* BOOKS, Stationery and Fancy Articles—Pianos and Organs, at prices that will defy competition in any market in the South.

A MAGNIFICENT STOCK OF

CROQUET SETS

In Wood Boxes $1.50,

and upwards, complete. Orders by mail promptly filled—heavy discounts to Merchants and Schools. Jan. 27, 1877.

A LECTURE TO YOUNG MEN.
Just Published, in a sealed Envelope. Price six cents.

A Lecture on the Nature Treatment, and Radical cure of Seminal Weakness or Spermatorrhœa, induced by self-abuse, involuntary emissions, impotency, nervous debility, and impediments to marriage generally; consumption, epilepsy, and fits, mental and physical incapacity, &c.—By ROBERT J. CULVERWELL, M. D., author of the Green Book, &c.

The world-renowned author, in this admirable Lecture, clearly proves from his own experience that the awful consequences of self abuse may be effectually removed without medicine, and without dangerous surgical operations, bougies, instruments, rings of cordials; pointing out a mode of cure at once, certain and effectual by which every sufferer, no matter what his condition may be, may cure himself cheaply, privately and radically.

☞ This Lecture will prove a boon to thousands and thousands. Sent under seal, in a plain envelope, to any address, on receipt of six cents or two postage stamps.

Address the Publishers,
THE CULVERWELL MEDICAL CO.,
41 Ann St. N. Y., Post Office Box, 4586.

AGRICULTURE.

HANDLING SHEEP.—In the proper handling of sheep there is good profit and quick returns. In England it is the practice of many farmers to select common ewes of good breeding qualities, those are bred to Cotswold or Leicester rams. The ewes were generally fed some roots previous to their lambing, their vitality sustained to the fullest extent. They were also well fed on mixed feed until the early tame grass furnished a rich and bountiful supply. By such a course many of the lambs were made to weigh ten pounds per quarter (forty pounds of dressed mutton) at four months, and sold for £1 sterling, $5 per head. Now just think of the kind of meat such lambs produced! If we could get more of it in this country our people would soon cultivate a greater taste for mutton. Some one says, we cannot obtain as good price in this country as in England for this kind of meat! We grant it, but suppose a farmer has 50 breeding ewes, and he secures an improved ram, for the double purpose of raising early lambs and to improve the flock; we will estimate the lambs at $2.50 each (say nothing about twins) if the ewes are good they will average 7 lbs. of wool; this, even at 35 cents, would aggregate $122.50; lambs aggregate $125; total, $247.50 net return per head, or $4.95 per ewe (this being a low estimate if properly managed): and on any moderately sized farm can be produced at small cost. By the course suggested above, the advantage of improving the flock would be no small consideration to the farmer, for if a thoroughbred ram is constantly kept at the head of the flock, that farmer would soon be called upon to furnish breeding stock to his neighbor farmers at good prices, and his fleece average would from 7 to 12 or 15 lbs. per head.

BORERS.—Let me suggest what may prove a perfect remedy for borers in trees. Years ago, when there stood about a dozen locust trees along the street and north of the square, and borers were evidently destroying them, old Dr. Reed, a druggist, said he had saved a large plantation of locusts similarly afflicted, by boring a small augur hole in half of his trees, putting a teaspoonful of calomel in, and carefully plugging it up. He said the trees so treated lived, and the others died. As his hearers laughed, he said, "try it on one of the worst of those trees, leave the rest alone; it will live; they will die." It was done. That one is the sole remaining tree to-day—the rest all died within two years. I tried it on an apple tree badly affected by borers five years ago. Not a borer is in it and it is still thriving. I am told the borers never quit a tree till they have killed it. Is it so? Now is about the time to try it, as the sap will soon be passing up from the roots again, and this will send the calomel through the tree. Certainly it is a cheap, harmless experiment, and suggests treatment with other remedies in the same manner. It will make the tree look drooping after a few days, but it soon recovers. There are drugs, etc., that the sap dissolves and carries through the tree in the same way; and other diseases may be tried in the same manner. I intend to try it for pear blight. Calomel is death to worms, they say, in the animal, why not in the tree?

BABIES cry because they suffer and the most reliable remedy for the relief of their discomfort is Dr. Bull's Baby Syrup. Only 25 cents per bottle.

AN ORCHARD SAVINGS BANK.—A young man starting out in farming cannot do a better thing than to plant an apple orchard, if his land is within "the apple belt." Don't rely on the gnarled and decaying old trees; the life of an orchard, under favorable conditions, is only about that of a man. Nothing will lift a mortgage, or run up the profit side of an account, like a prime orchard in its first years of bearing. Go for the standard varieties, or such as experience has proved do well in your locality and soil. Theories are good in their place, but a day spent in driving through your town and finding out what fruit-growers have actually learned and done, is better. Get your trees from some reliable nursery—the nearer at hand the better—and use your own best care and other people's experience in planting them.

Sound Logic.

"Dad," said a hopeful sprig, "how many fowls are there on the table?"

"Why," said the old gentleman, as he looked complacently on a pair of fine roasted chickens that were smoking on the dinner table, "why, my son, there are two."

"Two!" replied young smartness, "there are three, sir, and I'll prove it."

"Three," said the old gentleman, who was a plain matter-of-fact man, and understood things as he saw them, "I'd like to see you prove that."

"Easily done, sir, easily done! Ain't that one?" laying his knife on the first one.

"Yes, that's certain," said dad.

"Ain't that two?" pointing to the second, "and don't one and two make three?"

"Really," said the father, turning to the lady, who was in amazement at the immense learning of her son, "really, wife, this boy is a genius, and deserves to be encouraged for it. Here old lady, you take one fowl and I'll take the second, and John shall have the third."

A Test for Adulterated Butter.

The city chemist of Cleveland, Dr. Classen, in a recent report on butter adulterated by mixture with lard, gives a simple method of testing for this fraud. The suspected butter is melted, and about fifty grains of it poured into a test tube. When this is cooled to the temperature of a human hand, there is to be added, mixing slowly by agitation, 120 grains pure sulphuric acid. If the butter is pure the mixture will at once become yellow, and afterwards a bright yellowish red. If lard is present the mixture will pass from the color last named to brownish black. Turmeric or annatto is frequently used to color adulterated butter. To detect either of these dyes the butter should be melted and shaken with twice the quantity of alcohol. The butter having subsided, the dye, if any is present, will appear above in solution, in the alcohol, and tint it yellow, but from pure butter no color will be extracted.

THE LUNGS ARE STRAINED AND RACKED by a persistent Cough, the general strength wasted, and an incurable complaint established thereby. Dr. Jayne's Expectorant is an effective remedy for Coughs and Colds, and exerts a beneficial effect on the Pulmonary and Bronchial Organs.

DOMESTIC.

COLORING GREEN.—Seeing a request for the best method for coloring green, I hasten to offer mine, which I have proven by experience to be most excellent and reliable. "Green for woolen"—To one pound of yarn or cloth, two and one half ounces of alum, and one pound of fustic; steep to get the strength but not boil; soak the goods until they acquire a good yellow color; then throw out the chips and add indigo compound slowly, until you have the desired shade; rinse in cold water. "Dark green for cotton"—For three pounds of cloth, one pound of fustic and two ounces of logwood; soak separately and strain together; add one ounce of blue vitrol; stir well and then put in the cloth; scald one hour, then dry and scour in strong soap suds and rinse well. This should be colored in brass.

THE *Journal of Chemistry* asserts that tea is not the simple, harmless beverage that is generally supposed, but that its effects, in their character, may rightly claim to be classed with those of tobacco and alcohol. The paper also adds:—"Many disorders of the nervous system are the direct result of excessive tea-drinking. Tea is a 'narcotic poison;' its essential principle, theine, is allied in composition with such poisons as strychnine and morphia. It first excites the nervous system and then exhausts it. Experiments show that both in man and other animals it impairs power in the lower extremities; so that it affects the 'understanding' in a double sense—literally as well as figuratively."

TO MAKE PALATABLE CHICKEN BROTH.—Cut up an ordinary sized fowl, crack the bones and put it into cold, unsalted water. Cover it closely and boil for three or four hours, then strain of the broth, set it away to cool and remove every particle of fat before using. Soak two tablespoonfuls of pearl barley in a little lukewarm water; add it, with four tablespoons of milk to the broth, and simmer all until the barley is well cooked. Season lightly with salt and pepper and serve with crackers or dry toast.

MAKE HOME PLEASANT IN WINTER.—Now is the time to be gathering grasses, oats, wheat, rye and anything, and everything, for a grass bouquet. Gather a few pretty ones every day, hang them heads downward in a dark closet. Put but one bouquet in a room, and put that high in a cornucopia; hang high in a corner over a picture. You will be astonished to see how beautiful it will look, if you blend the light and dark grasses, letting the oats droop gracefully over the edge.

CANNING FRUIT COLD.—A lady in Springfield, Mass., has been making some experiments in putting up canned goods without cooking. Heating the fruit tends more or less to the injury of the flavor, and the lady referred to has found that by filling the cans with fruit and then with pure cold water, and allowing them to stand until all the confined air has escaped, the fruit will, if then sealed perfectly, keep indefinitely without change or loss of original flavor.

THE Holland Government have used the metric system in weights since 1817, but by law compelled all scales to be adjusted to a graduation of their own. This caused more or less trouble among their merchants and recently a Board of Engineers was appointed to recommend some improvement. As the result of their observations, the Government has just modified the law, and adopted the plans of Fairbanks & Co., naming that make of scales the new standard.

ROAST PIGEONS.—Wipe them quite dry; truss them, and season them inside with pepper and salt, and put a piece of butter the size of a walnut in each. Put them down to a sharp fire, and baste them all the time they are cooking. They will take about half an hour. Garnish them with fried parsley, and serve with a tureen of bread sauce.

CHOCOLATE KISSES.—Three heaping tablespoonfuls of grated chocolate, one pound of granulated sugar, the whites of four eggs; beat the eggs to a froth, not too stiff; add the sugar and chocolate, and stir well together; flavor with thirty drops of vanilla; drop on buttered paper with a teaspoon; bake in a moderate oven for ten minutes.

UNION CAKE.—Four eggs, one cup butter, two of sugar, coffee-cup milk, four cups flour, one teaspoon cream of tartar, one-half teaspoon of soda, one-half cup corn starch. Beat the white of the eggs alone and add with the corn starch just before putting in the pan to bake. Makes two loaves. Nice with currants or any flavor.

FILLING FOR CRACKED CEILING.—Whiting mixed with glue water, or calcined plaster and water makes a good putty for filling cracks in plastered ceilings.

EVERTON TAFFY.—Take one cup of sugar, one of molasses, three-fourths of a cup of butter. Boil not quite so long as molasses candy, and pour on buttered plates.

RIPE tomatoes will remove ink and other stains from white cloth; also, from the hands.

Humors of the Ostrich.

Like every other created thing the ostrich appears to have somewhere or other in his minute brain a latent sense of humor. At least it is very difficult otherwise to account for the habit of dancing attributed to him by observers, on grounds which, according to Mr. Hellier, of Graham's Town, are amply sufficient. This gentleman thus describes a scene he witnessed in an ostrich enclosure belonging to Mr. Douglas, of Hilton, a farm about twelve miles from Graham's Town. "Out of the enclosure given up to the exclusive use of this polygamous family of three, we entered through a locked gate into a large enclosure or paddock, in which were fifty-eight one and two year old birds. They all looked exceedingly well, and though they did not dance they seemed full of life. They do some times favor the spectators with a dance, and it is one of the funniest of all the freaks or habits of animals that evidence a sense of the jokeful were ever beheld. We once saw some twenty nearly full-grown birds waltzing together. They began with a sort of sidling, slow revolution on their toes, moving their wings gently up and down, and presently they seemed to get into the spirit of the thing without the aid of any fiddler that we saw, and spun round at a rate that would have astonished any one but a dancing dervish. In dancing they swept round and round without ever coming into contact with each other."

HUMOROUS.

HUMORS OF THE LAW.—Quite an amusing incident once occurred in the Seventh District Court. A trial for murder was progressing. A witness was testifying that on the morning after the murder he met the defendant at breakfast, and the latter "called the waiter, and said"—"Hold on!" exclaimed the attorney for the defense, "I object to what he said." Then followed a legal argument of about an hour and a half on the objection, which was finally overruled, and the court decided that the witness might state what he had said. "Well, go on and state what was said to the waiter," remarked the District Attorney, flushed with the legal victory. "Well," replied the witness, "he said, 'Bring me a rare beefsteak and a couple of soft-boiled eggs.'" In one of our courts, a little while ago, an old lady was being examined as a witness. To almost every question asked, the counsel on the opposite side would jump up and say, "I object to it as irrelevant, immaterial and incompetent." This appeared to annoy the old lady, who seemed inclined to make a personal matter of it. Finally the interrogatory was put, "Did you see those men in that field on that day?" "Maybe what I saw wouldn't be evidence," was her answer, "because I saw them through glasses. I am old and wear glasses."

A HIGHLAND bagpiper on his travels opened his wallet by a wood-side, and sat down to dinner. No sooner had he said grace than three wolves came about him. To one he threw bread, to another meat, till his provender was all gone; at length he took up his bagpipes and began to play, at which the wolves ran away. "The de'il take me," said the now dinnerless piper, "an I had kenn'd you lo'ed music sae weel, you should ha' hearn it before dinner."

REV. BISHOP WIGHTMAN, Charleston, S. C., says: The fine and striking qualities of deep thought, glowing style, of picturesque scene and character painting, which made Dr. March's former books so attractive, and gave them so wide a circulation are found in his new book, "From Dark to Dawn," published by J. C. McCurdy & Co., Philadelphia. I hope it will have, as it will justly merit, an appreciation as pronounced and extensive.

AN OLD man who had been badly hurt in a railroad collision, being advised to sue the company for damages, said, "Well, no, not for damages. I've had enough of them; but I'll just sue 'em for repairs."

SCENE, hotel piazza, Newport. Lady—"Drowning must be the favorite form of suicide; it is so refreshing." Gentleman—"No; I would prefer a large dose of laudanum, only it makes you so sick the next day."

"DEAREST," he murmured, ecstatically, as he folded her in his arms for the first time, "let me sample the nectar of your lips." "Take a whole schooner of it," she faintly whispered; "it's all on tap."

THERE is a man in Pittsburg who is so thin that a window-glass company there has hired him to cut glass with his elbow-joint.

THE multiplication of poison germs in diseases of the blood is exceedingly rapid, and if unchecked vitiates all the blood of the body. Dr. Bull's Blood Mixture by its peculiar influence kills these germs, and purifying the blood, removes all possible chance of disease establishing itself.

FROM feet they have begun twitting on the length of ears, out West. You'd better stop it; you'll get into trouble ear long.

"KEEP your patients alive," said an old doctor to a graduating class of students; "dead men pay no bills."

THE compositor who made it read, "In the midst of life we are in debt," was'nt so much out of the way.

MOST OF the shadows that cross our path through life are caused by our standing in our own light.

A BOOK is a man's best friend, and the only one he can shut up without giving offence.

THE young man of the period is one whose career has not yet come to a full stop.

"I LOVE ewe," said Mr. Sheep to Mrs. Sheep. Said Mrs. S., "Bah!"

ARE lovers of the esculent musk melon musk-eaters?

NOAH kept his bees in the ark hives, of course.

AN ATTACHED couple—Oyster shells.

A GALLEY Slave—A ship's cook.

The Wounded Heron.

A sportsman of Portsmouth, N. H., was recently rowing down through the narrows in a small boat, one evening about two weeks ago, when his attention was attracted to a pair of night herons which were standing upon a large rock near the water's edge. The discharge of a gun by a man concealed among the bushes on the river's bank was heard, and the birds took to their wings, uttering cries of distress as they flew. When nearly an eighth of a mile off, one of them was seen to falter, and it soon fell into the river. As soon as the boat drew near, the gentleman perceived that the bird was wounded, and was swimming confidently toward him as though claiming protection and help. He extended one of his oars, and the bird seized it with his sharp claws and suffered himself to be lifted out of the water. Upon examination the gentleman found that the bird's right wing was broken and that fractured bones were protruding. A linen handkerchief furnished bandages for the bleeding wing, until upon arriving at New Castle, the wound was properly dressed by a surgeon, who admired the fortitude of his feathered patient during the painful operation. Portions of the bone had to be removed, but the doctor thought it possible for the bird to live with careful nursing. Our friend brought the bird to this city and under careful treatment it soon regained its wonted health and strength, and was pronounced a "perfect beauty" by many ladies who called to see him. The wound healed rapidly and the heron was allowed to go in quest of his mate as soon as he could fly.

SCIENTIFIC.

Town Sewage Changed into Hydraulic Cement.—The Corporation of Burnley England was prohibited by injunction from allowing the effluent from their sewers to flow into and pollute the River Calder. The Corporation and Scott's Company entered into a contract whereby Scott's Company engaged to produce and have produced a clear effluent. The injunction has been got rid of, and the Corporation has recorded its satisfaction at the results which the company has attained. The works at Duckpits, a short distance from Burnley, have been erected by the corporation, after the designs by Mr. W. B. Bryan, C. E., which exemplify the latest scientific views on the subject, in order to deal with all the sewage of the town and district except in time of floods. The Corporation deliver the sewage into the tanks, and then Scott's Company purifies it by precipitation to be supplemented eventually by filtration, through coke if required. The clear effluent passes into the Pendle water which joins the River Calder. The stream into which Colne and Barrowford, Nelson and Brierfield pour their raw sewage is at present unpurified. The Calder below Duckpits also receives a considerable amount of sewage before it joins the Ribble. Duckpits thus placed, as it were, between two sources of impurity, presents a case of some difficulty. How it is met on the Pendle water is shown by the pure effluent discharged into it. The sludge, always an offensive difficulty, is entirely cleared away by its conversion into cement (Portland and other hydraulic and Roman cements). All that has hitherto been made has been sold or used in the works. The cement is sold with a guarantee as to the strength and quality. The company is open to make contracts with an other sanitary authority. The nature of the contract and cost of working the process depend on local circumstances. The sewage from the town passes into four settling tanks, after receiving the proper dose of lime cream previous to entering them. After settlement, the time for which varies from a few days to a fortnight, according to circumstances, the sludge is pumped into draining and drying "backs" from whence it is dug out and carried to a heated drying floor. When sufficiently dry it is packed into kilns and burnt, the only fuel used beyond that which it contains being a small amount of coal and shavings to set it alight. At the end of a few hours the kiln is drawn, and the "cement clinkers," as they are termed are ground into a coarse powder, which forms the cement. The cement is readily salable as Portland or other hydraulic cement, according to the character and treatment of the sludge. It is understood that that these are the first works on a commercial scale for carrying out the process. The Corporation are satisfied with the effluent, and the company feel assured that the results of working up to the present time are a money success.

If a whale 70 feet long were struck by a harpoon in the tail, a second would elapse before the disturbance would reach the brain.

An appreciable quantity of arsenic is found to exist in all rubber stoppers and tubes.

From Acute to Chronic

Is an easy stage in cases of dyspepsia. A slight attack of Indigestion, especially when there is a predisposition to digestive weakness of the stomach, must speedily culminate in the more obstinate form of the disease. It is well, therefore to adopt preventive measures early. Although Hostetter's Stomach Bitters overcomes, if persisted in, cases of dyspepsia of long standing, it is obviously the part of wisdom to use it ere the malady assumes a chronic phase. This is particularly true, because as dyspepsia advances, it engenders other bodily evils, such as disorder of the liver, constipation or undue looseness of the bowels, nervous disorders, hypochondria, sleeplessness. These maladies are both prevented and remedied by the Bitters, but how much better to check them in their outset with the great alterative, than to wait until they establish a firmer foothold in the system. Surely the advisability of this must be apparent.

Hoofland's German Bitters.

During the warm season the nerves become enfeebled and the whole system debilitated. The stomach loses its power of digestion, the liver becomes congested and sluggish, causing constipation or diarrhœa, dysentery and cholera morbus; and the prevalence of more or less malaria at this season engenders ague, bilious or typhoid fevers, often of serious import. To avoid these consequences, take, night and morning, a tablespoonful of Hoofland's German Bitters; it is a splendid tonic and alterative, that will restore the appetite and digestion, tone the nerves, regulate the liver and strengthen and build up the whole system to withstand the summer heat and all its baneful influences.

BILIOUSNESS and Liver Complaint cannot withstand Schenck's Mandrake Pills. They act upon the stomach and liver without nauseating or griping, are perfectly safe and harmless, containing no mercury or other injurious drug, and may be used by the most delicate person.

For sale by all Druggists.

Ask and Ye Shall Know.

If you are sufficiently interested to wish to know the wonderful curative power of Dr. Herndon's Gypsey's Gift in bad cases of Rheumatism, enquire of Lieut. Rice, Third Police District, Philadelphia. He well knows its magical influence on members of the police and others. It strikes the disease at the root and drives it from the System. Sold by all Druggists in Philadelphia. Send for circular to J. J. Grundall, Box 520, P. O. Baltimore.

Mrs. General Sherman

Says: I have frequently bought Durang's Rheumatic Remedy for friends suffering with Rheumatism, and in *every instance* it worked like magic. Sufferers with rheumatism make a note of this, and send for circular to Helphenstine & Bentley, Druggists, Washington, D. C. Sold by all druggists.

Enjoy Life.

What a truly beautiful world we live in Nature gives us grandeur of mountains, glens and oceans, and a thousand means for enjoyment. We can desire no better when in perfect health: but how often do the majority of people feel like giving it up disheartened, discouraged and worried out with disease, when there is no occasion for this feeling, as every sufferer can easily obtain satisfactory proof that Green's August Flower will make them as free from disease as when born. Dyspepsia and Liver Complaint is the direct cause of seventy-five per cent of such maladies as Biliousness, Indigestion, Sick Headache, Costiveness, Nervous Prostration, Dizziness of the Head, Palpitation of the Heart, and other distressing symptoms. Three doses of August Flower will prove its wonderful effect. Sample bottels, 10 cents. Try it.

WE ASK the attention of our readers to the advertisement in another column of Seth S. Hance's "Epilepsie Pills." These pills are not a new thing, but are well known to the public, and are an efficient and reliable remedy, and we recommend a careful perusal of the certificates and testimonials from persons who have been benefitted by their use.

Reliable Dry Goods House.

If you want Silks, Black Goods, Dress Goods, Hosiery or Dry Goods of any kind below the market prices, and wish to have the advantage of all the great trade sales, and of losses made by importers, send your orders or write for samples to B. F. Dewees, 1124 (formerly of 725) Chestnut street. They send out thousands of samples and fill orders daily from all parts of the country

STAUNTON (VA.) VINDICATOR OFFICE.—I recommend your Celery and Chamomile Pills—our friends for Neuralgia and Sick and Nervous Headache. They act like a charm with us. TINSLEY & MORTON.

Pennsylvania trade supplied by Johnston, Holloway & Co., French Richard & Co., Bullock & Crenshaw, of Philadelphia.

NATURE'S REMEDY.
VEGETINE
THE GREAT BLOOD PURIFIER

Druggists' Report.

Dear Sir.—We sell your Vegetine and find it to be good for the complaints for which it is recommended. It is a good medicine. We have many calls for it.
H. R. WHITHERSPOON & CO.,
Druggists and Apothecaries,
Dec. 27, 1877. Evansville, Ind.

Vegetine is acknowledged by all classes of people to be the best and most reliable blood purifier in the world.

Vegetine is Sold by all Druggists.

FITS!
FITS! FITS! FITS!
CURE OF EPILEPSY; OR, FALLING FITS, BY HANCE'S EPILEPTIC PILLS.

Persons laboring under this distressing malady will find Hance's Epileptic Pills to be the only remedy ever discovered for curing Epilepsy or Falling Fits.

The following certificates should be read by all the afflicted; they are in every respect true, and should they be read by any one who is not afflicted himself, if he has a friend who is a sufferer, he will do a humane act by cutting this out and sending it to him.

A MOST REMARKABLE CURE.

PHILADELPHIA, June 23, 1867.

SETH HANCE, Baltimore, Md.—Dear Sir: Seeing your advertisement, I was induced to try your Epileptic Pills. I was attacked with Epilepsy in July, 1865. Immediately my physician was summoned, but he could give me no relief. I then consulted another physician, but I continued to grow worse. I then tried the treatment of another, but without any good effect. I again returned to my family physician; was cupped and bled several times. I was generally attacked without any premonit ry symptoms. I had had from two to five fits a day, at intervals of two weeks. I was often attacked in my sleep, and would fall wherever I would be, or whatever be occupied with, and was severely injured several times from the falls. I was affected so much that I lost all confidence in myself. I also was affected in my business, and I consider that your Epileptic Pills cured me. In February, 1866, I commenced to use your Pills, and only had two attacks afterwards. The last one was April 5, 1866, and they were of a less serious character. With the blessing of Providence your medicine was made the instrument by which I was cured of that distressing affliction. I think that the Pills and their good effects should be made known everywhere, that persons who are similarly affected may have the benefit of them. Any person wishing further information can obtain it by calling at my residence, No. 836 North Third Street, Philadelphia, Pa.

WILLIAM ELDRE.

THERE IS A CURE FOR EPILEPSY.

The subjoined will answer.

GRENADA, Miss., June 30.

SETH S. HANCE—Dear Sir: You will find inclosed five dollars, which I send you for two boxes of your Epileptic Pills. Was the first person who tried your Pills in this part of the country. My son was badly afflicted with fits for two years. I wrote for and received two boxes of your Pills, which he took according to directions. He has never had a fit since. It was by my persuasion that Mr. Lyon tried your Pills. His case was a very bad one, he had fits nearly all his life. Persons have written to me from Alabama and Tennessee on the subject, for the purpose of ascertaining my opinion in regard to your Pills. I have always recommended them, and in no instance where I have had a chance of hearing from their effect have they failed to cure. Yours, etc., C. H. GUY,
Grenada, Yalabusha Co., Miss.

ANOTHER REMARKABLE CURE OF EPILEPSY; OR, FALLING FITS, BY HANCE'S EPILEPTIC PILLS.

MONTGOMERY TEXAS, June 20, 1867.

To Seth S. HANCE.—A person in my employ had been afflicted with Fits, or Epilepsy, for thirteen years; he had these attacks at intervals of two to four weeks, and oft times several in quick successions, some once continuing for two or three days. On several occasions he passed until his mind appeared totally deranged, in which state he would continue for a day or two after the fits had ceased. I tried several remedies prescribed by our resident physicians, but with no success. Having seen your advertisement I concluded to try your remedy. I obtained two boxes of your Pills, gave them according to directions, and they effected a permanent cure. The person is now a stout and healthy man, about 30 years of age, and has not had a fit since he commenced taking your Pills. He continues to work for me. He was my principal waggoner and has, since that time, been exposed to the severest of weather. I have great confidence in your remedy, and would like every one who has fits to give it a trial.

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STILL ANOTHER CURE.

Read the following testimonial from a respectable citizen of Granada, Miss.

SETH S. HANCE, Baltimore, Md.—Dear Sir:—I take great pleasure in recording a case of Spasms, or Fits, cured by your invaluable Pills. My brother, J. J. Lyon, has long been afflicted with this awful disease. He was first attacked while quite young. He would have one or two spasms at one attack at first, but as he grew older they seemed to increase. Up to the time he commenced taking your Pills he had them very often and quite severe, producing much pain, body and mind. His mind had suffered seriously, but now, I am happy to say, he is cured of these fits. He has enjoyed fine health for the last five months. His mind has also returned to its original brightness. All this I take great pleasure in communicating, as it may be the means of directing others to the remedy that will cure them.

Yours respectfully etc. W. P. LYON.

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Sprains and Bruises, Stringhalt, Windgalls, Foot Rot in Sheep, Foundered Feet, Roup in Poultry, Cracked Heels, Epizootic, Lame Back, Hemorrhoids or Piles, Toothache, Rheumatism, Spavins, Sweeney, Fistula, Mange, Caked Breasts, Sore Nipples, Curb, Old Sores, Corns Whitlows, Cramps, Boils, Weakness of the Joints, Contraction of Muscles.

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VOLUME XLII. JACKSONVILLE, ALABAMA, SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 23, 1878. WHOLE NO. 2171.

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AUTUMN.

The dying leaves fall fast,
Chestnut, willow, oak and beech,
All brown and withered lie,
Now swirling in the cutting blast,
Now sodden under foot—they teach,
That one or all must die.

This autumn of the year
Comes sadly home to my heart,
Whose youthful hopes are fled,
The darkening days are drear—
Each love once mine I see depart
As withered leaves and dead.

But is it all decay?
All present loss—no gain remote?
Monotony and pain?
Ah! no! I here a lay
The robin sings. How sweet the note—
A pure, unearthly strain.

And, of all flowers, the first
Beneath these leaves in spring shall blow
Sweet violets blue and white,
So all lost love shall burst
In springlike beauty, summer glow.
In heaven upon our sight.

John, Junior.

John Basil Ximines, Greek merchant, of Mincing lane, London, was in trouble. Not financial trouble, for the old house stood on a firm foundation, and no one knew this better than Sam Postlethwaite, confidential book keeper of the firm and the trusted friend of the Greek merchant. Therefore, when he saw John Basil in so anxious a mood, he resolved to know and to share his annoyance.

"Master," he said, "you are in trouble. What is it?"

"John, Junior," was the prompt reply. "He takes no interest in the business, and if he comes to the office, he grumbles and blunders till we are glad to see him leave things. You know it is so, Sam."

"John, Junior, wants an object to work for, sir. If he thought the firm was in trouble now, he would be full of energy and interest. No doubt of it, sir."

"He has lost interest in everything—hunting, yachting, shooting, travel—everything is a bore."

"Any lady in the case?"

"There is a governess at Sir Thomas Oakes' I don't like—a tall girl with red hair and a wonderful figure and color.'

"Why don't you like her?"

"She is poor; besides, John is to marry Leanora Zeiton. I bought the estate with that view. The two united will make the finest in Middlesex. You can put them together in a ring fence.'

"If you have told John this he will never marry her."

"I have said nothing to John yet. Zeiton and I have talked over the matter, but the girl Leanora is yet at school.'

The two men sat thoughtfully a few minutes, and then Sam Postlethwaite made an astounding proposal. "John Basil," he said decidedly, "if you wish to make a man of your son, give up the business to him awhile. You go off to Zante for a year or two and let him feel his feet. Put him in your place. I will see no harm comes either to him or the business. Drop a few hard words about Zeiton before you go; it may help your plans for Leanora." And half an hour's further conversation made the old clerk's plans clear to the father.

That night he said to his son:

"John, there are serious changes in hand. I must go to Zante, and the business in Mincing lane will need your severest attention and industry. It is a great charge for a young man, but Sam says I can trust you."

John rose at once to the occasion:—"To be sure you can trust me, father. If the old house of Ximines is in danger, I will work for it night and day."

"John, thank you. You make me very happy and hopeful. If we take things over this year we may not only keep our standing but also add greatly to our influence. And, John, do not let this place run down. I don't want Zeiton to get the better of me in this matter, but don't have anything to do with them—nothing whatever."

John readily promised. The next day his father left for Greece, and he went at once to the front in the daily fight in Mincing lane. He was a man sure to fail and weary in small routines, but in whom great trusts developed great resources and untiring energy, and Sam made him believe that the very existence of the house of Ximines depended upon his personal oversight and influence.

It was about a year after his father's departure for Zante that Sam said one warm evening in June "Mr. John, you had better run down to the country and see after the place. A change will do you good, and now that you have got the better of Zeiton about those olives, there is nothing pressing for a week."

So John went to the country, resolved to lie down and dream under the blossoming lilacs, and throw all care away. He was fully carrying out this intention one warm, sunny afternoon, when he heard a little stir of conversation, and the rippling music of girlish laughter. This side of the garden adjoined a little wooded park, through which ran a rapid brook famous for its excellent trout fishing. As it was strictly private ground, he wondered who were the trespassers and quietly moved aside the foliage to look.

The picture that met his view was a very pretty one. Upon a rocky elevation, shaded by a drooping birch, stood a beautiful girl, with a fishing rod in her hand, and at her feet, reclined the splendid-haired woman whom he had known as governess to the daughter of Sir Thomas Oakes. She was reading, while her charge whipped the babbling waters with a grace and skill John had never seen equalled.

John looked and wondered and admired. He knew the governess, and had once been half in love with her beauty, but now he thought her hardly worth looking in comparison with her companion. Who could she be? His recent contact with life had taught him to be prompt and self reliant, and he soon decided that it would be a very agreeable thing for him to join the ladies upon the rocks.

There was a little wicket further down. He opened it and at once faced the intruders. There was no retreat for them, even if they had wished one, but the governess was glad to see her old admirer. She came to him with outstretched hands, and the little maiden with the fishing rod stood in beautiful and blushing confusion. Then he heard her name—Leanora Zeiton—and for a moment his father's charge ran in his mind, but in the next he had looked in Leanora's face, and forgotten it.

Such a charmed afternoon as that one was! John prolonged it by every possible device. He induced the ladies to come into the garden and eat strawberries; then they rambled through the greenhouses and got lost in the hazel maze, and forgot the hours were flying, till the governess in alarm pointed to her watch, and said there was barely time to reach home before the dinner bell rang.

Without any definite arrangement these pleasant meetings occurred every day for a week. John was so deeply in love by this time that he put Mincing lane out of his thoughts altogether. He did not write to Sam, and he hoped that Sam would not write to him at the least for a month. But one morning just eight days after he had met Leanora, there came that disagreeable big blue letter. Sam said "he must come to London at once; everything was in need of him; there was an important consignment from Greece, and some custom house business which could not be managed without his personal influence.

This summons, in spite of his disappointment, flattered him very much. He let Leanora's governess read it, for John knew that she would talk about it, and he was quite aware that women admire men who carry great trusts, and are of importance in the world. And the governess, in return for the compliment, was kind that last afternoon to the lovers, so that they found plenty of opportunities to say to each other those few sweet monosyllables that mean so much. In fact, they parted as plighted lovers, and John went back to London with a new sense of his own importance, and a very happy man.

Sam looked at him queerly. "The country has done you a great deal of good, Mr. John," he said.

"Yes, Sam: I think I shall run down every Saturday. I found the gardens rather out of order. I can come back Monday."

"Yes, you *can*," answered Sam, very doubtfully.

The justice of Sam's "can" was soon proved. John went to the country very punctually Saturday mornings, but Sam had generally to write an urgent letter on Monday or Tuesday to get him back to business again, and at the end of the summer he thought it well to notice this.

"I should think, Mr. John, that the gardens are now in order, and I don't see that you can be spared every week now. Business is very brisk again."

"Sam, I'll work till midnight if you wish, but I must go to the country on Saturday."

"Then, Mr. John, it is not flowers that is taking you?"

"Well, Sam, it is not. It is the loveliest lady in the world—Leanora Zeiton."

"Mr. John! What ever will your father say! And old Zeiton! You are aware of how ugly he was about that cargo of currants."

Next Saturday John went to the country, but he did not see Leanora. Her father had discovered her engagement and had threatened to send her to a German convent. The governess was full of grief, and could not conceive how Mr. Zeiton had found all out. John remembered Sam—but that was impossible; Sam and old Zeiton hardly spoke civilly to each other; besides, Sam had professed so much sympathy with Leanora and him. It could not be Sam. But he went back sorrowfully to London, and told Sam that Leanora was to be sent away from him.

"I would not stand it, Mr. John," said the old clerk, "I would ask her to marry me, and take her away myself."

"But you say the business can't afford me more than eight hundred pounds a year, Sam?"

"And if you love each other and can not live on eight hundred pounds a year, you don't deserve to live at all. Take a little house in a quiet neighborhood, and ask her to come and share it with you."

Sam's advice just pleased the eager lover. He was for taking it at once, and Sam did not oppose him, though John might have wondered if he had seen the face that followed his footsteps. "The lesson is pretty nearly learned," he muttered. "It takes an old man like me to bring up a young man properly," and the good fellow dipped his pen in his ink with a self-satisfied chuckle.

John returned in high spirits. Leanora was an angel. She was willing to be his wife, no matter how humbly they must begin. She was coming to London next day on a visit to her aunt, and would meet him in St. Pancras' church next Saturday morning. He would have a special license by that time, and Sam could be witness.

Sam said of course he could. But Sam had no idea of doing such a thing. He put on his hat soon after and went to Alexander Zeiton's office. The two men did not meet like those who have a chronic quarrel about consignments, but like old friends. They clasped hands and went together into an inner room, from which soon came sounds of pleasant good fellowship. Then Sam telegraphed to John Basil Ximines in Zante thus:

"Send for John, Jun., immediately!"

After this piece of business, Sam was very busy all day and kept John by his side. They were eating a late dinner together when a telegram was brought over to Sam, which he quietly passed over to John:

"Very important—Mr. John Ximines, Jr., wanted in Zante at once."

"What am I to do about Leanora, Sam? What am I to do?"

"Write to her and go to Zante immediately; there is nothing else to be done." Sam's face was so impassive John saw resistance was useless, and indeed Sam was so urgent that he found himself by midnight on the way to Greece.

"Very important" his journey might be to the house of Ximines, but very miserable for himself John felt it. Indeed, he was so evidently wretched that his father hurried back to London with his son as soon as possible. But when they arrived John found that the Zeitons were in France, and would not return till Christmas. There was nothing to do but wait and hope, and he was encouraged by the fact that the houses of Zeiton and Ximines had lately had very large transactions together.

Sam drew his attention first to this circumstance, and advised John, Jun., to make a confidant of his father, who could then ask the old Greek in regular form for the hand of his daughter. This was three days before Christmas, and the letter was sent upon the 23rd of December. Before the Ximineses could receive any answer to it, a letter from Zeiton, also dated on the 23rd, came to John Basil saying:

"Our lands join, our business is intimately connected; why should not our families be happy together? Come on and spend Christmas at Zeiton hall."

The concession, therefore, was as mutual as if it had been so arranged, and Sam talked a great deal about this wonderful unanimity of feeling. But John Jun., was too happy to have any suspicions, and this happy Christmas visit was only the prelude to that grand wedding which took place three months afterwards in St. George's famous church, and when the handsome Anglo-Greek bride and bridegroom were the theme of every tongue.

"A very suitable wedding indeed," said the magnates of Mincing lane. "it unites two fine estates and two old firms."

"A very handsome, loving couple," said John Basil to Sam, "and it is your doing, old friend."

"Yes," said Sam cheerily, "it is all my doing. I have made a good merchant and a good match, and saved an old proverb besides—'A batchelor's children are always well brought up.' Here's to the children, John Basil."

A Wonderful Tree.

A tree well deserving cultivation, which exists in Morocco, is mentioned with favorable comment by Consul Drummond Hay in his trade report on Mogador for the past year. This remarkable tree is the "argan." It grows only in the province of Haka Shiedma and Sooz, and in times of scarcity affords nourishment both for the natives and their flocks. It is utilized in the following ways: In the first place the peasants extract an oil from the nut, which is useful both for burning and cooking purposes. When the nuts ripen and fall off the trees they are collected by the natives, who are aided in the harvest by their goats. These animals swallow the fruit for the rind, but being unable to digest the nut, they throw it up again, and it is then added by their owners to the store for making oil. For their private consumption the peasants rarely make a large quantity of oil at a time, but crack open a few handfuls of nuts with a stone, and after toasting the kernels in an earthenware dish, grind them into flour. The oil is extracted by adding water in a small quantity to the flour, which is stirred in a bowl. As the oil is being formed by this process, the flour hardens into a cake, which is finally squeezed, leaving the oil perfectly clear and fit for use. This kind of oil cake then serves as an excellent food for cattle, as also the dry rind of the nut, which is generally given to them with the cake, forming together their principal and most nutritive food during the year, and is invaluable to the natives in time of drought; for the argan tree is very hardy, and a dry year has little or no effect upon it. Even the empty husk of the nut when broken is not thrown away by the peasants, but is used as fuel. The best charcoal is made from the argan tree, and the dry timber is excellent firewood. The goats feed also upon the leaves of the tree, and when browsing in the argan forest may be seen climbing among the trees, plucking and nibbling the nuts and leaves.

The "Chromo Man."

It was decided at breakfast that the Bunce family should have greens for dinner. The little boys with the classical names should go down in the meadow before school time and gather cowslips, Betsey and the girl should take the hoe and the butcher knife and get yellow-dock in the fence corners, Adonijah should send over a piece of salted swine, and Alice Mabel should splash her hands in the pan while the provender was being washed, and scream when she was made to desist. There is nothing like a well arranged programme in family affairs; it saves confusion.

Time passed on; it always does as you will notice if you watch the hands of a clock. The programme was gone through with to part second; the girl with the broom and duster, Betsey washing and rinsing the "greens," and the baby with her hands in. Alas, how smilingly and innocently mortals stand on the very brink of a precipice. It is wisely ordered, for, as Pat would say, if we knew just what we were going to do, maybe we wouldn't do it. The rinsing water was forming new channels inside Betsey's sleeve to her elbow, likewise the length of the table to the floor; the time had arrived for the petite princess' crowning act, when came an ominous thud, thud, thud, on the kitchen door. "Come in," called Betsey from the midst of her plight, and he came. A man with a fatherly collar, a banged hat, a perpetual smile, and a big, square, cherry-colored portfolio. He bowed to the girl and to Betsey and to the cupboard door and to the baby. He slid through, took a chair in the sitting-room, removed his banged hat, and invited the family in. He turned his ring over—set on the top—and twisted his moustache with his little finger. Thus in moments of supreme concerns do trifles impress themselves on the mind. He hopped around sideways in his chair, undid the hasp of the cherry-colored case with a prompt business-like snap, and began: "Something here I must show you." Couldn't possibly buy anything to-day," Betsey hurried to explain, as she dried her soaked hands on her apron. "A paper I am getting subscribers for; every man and woman in the village have put their names down as I am sure you will," and he shook out a dirty looking quarto and spread it on the carpet. "Look at the size of it, a perfect marvel of economy, semi-weekly, only fifty cents a year, all the news of the day, a fashion page, an agricultural editor; notice that beautiful plate, Cotswold sheep, here is a Sunday-school column, and a youth's corner, and a seat of war correspondent, and a puzzle page, and a sanitary department—"I couldn't possibly—" struggled Betsey, unsuccessfully, "and a paper pattern with every number, and a set of silver spoons at the end of the first six months, with the family name on, or a corn-sheller, or a French horn, whichever you choose. Look at this lovely cut of the Prodigal Son; he has brought his old father home the present of a fat calf—this is the calf on this side; and in addition to all this unprecedented array and because it is hard times and we live only for the good of the public, witness this pair of chromos." Here he opened wide the cherry case and stood it up, woopings down over this climax of all gifts, his shoulders lifted, and his limber arms hanging, very much resembling the eagle on the new dollar. "You see this beautiful child, running down hill, her hair streaming in the wind, from an original painting by West. Here you have a cross, 'wreathed with flowers;' the picture from which this is copied took the first mention at the World's Fair. You see?" Betsey saw a rose, wider across than the standard, and a grape leaf and a cherry on the same stem. "I couldn't possibly—" she screamed desperately. "No matter if you haven't the money I'll call again this evening," and he skipped around among his traps like a pet lamb in a posy bed. "You neglected to notice these recipes—no continued stories—Lingo Linwood and Kitty Karson, and all noted authors of both hemispheres write exclusively for it! Surely you wouldn't be the only woman in Pegtown getting along without the Fireside Illuminator. And these remarkable offers these chromos—semi-weekly—only fifty cents a year."

Time passed on.

Alice Mabel had gone to sleep in her high chair with her head on a heap of wilted cowslips; the girl had gone to ask Miss Slimmens how long it took to cook greens; the boy had left the pork in a wad on the kitchen table, but alas! and ah me, the chromo man wasn't down on the list. When you make out a programme always leave a space labeled "incidentals."

Betsey looked at the clock, so did the chromo man, who caught his breath and hastened to remark: "I always stop in the rural districts when noon overtakes me, and where I have dinner I sell the paper, and the chromos, and the spoons and all for twenty-five cents, paid in monthly instalments. How do you spell your last name?" and he whipped out a smutty note book and a slim lead pencil. Bang! went the gate with a patent fastening—one, struck the fence, and a pair of men came in the front hall door, at the exact moment a girl crawled through the back fence where a board was off. A glossy hat hung on the rack, a genteel smoothly wound umbrella was put in place, and a tall spooky specimen, with lemon-hued locks parted in the middle and soaped back, and a mouth like that of a big pickerel, was piloted in.

Adonijah waved his right arm and his left leg gracefully in the air and exclaimed enthusiastically:

"This, my beloved Betsey, is a late member of our old Society at the University so he tells me. He is traveling in search of his health, the Hon. Atwater Allen, my wife Betsey Bunce. Mr. Allen is in quest of rusticity in all its forms, and I knew he would enjoy the rhubarb pie and the greens."

The chromo man?

He bowed to the "late member," to the rocking chair, to Adonijah, and to the suggestions about pie and cowslips. He rearranged his Fireside Illuminator, his case of chromos, his ring and his moustache, opened his mouth and the stream began to pour. Betsey could think of only one thing in the world that would be likely to stop it, so she dodged the gesturing arms and escaped unhurt into the kitchen, with a small benignant smile on her face as she thought of Adonijah and the Amphictryon caged with the chromo man.

"Oh," she murmured, as she glanced out the window at a near black cloud, "that it were given me to guide the downward stroke of the forked lightning."

An Actor's Romance.

"Perhaps," said Michael Moran, superintendent of the Joliet, Illinois, Gasworks, "you would not believe it, but John McCullough, the popular actor, and I were boys together and worked together in the Philadelphia Gas Works. I never shall forget him. I was a 'charger' and he a 'barrow' man in the retort building. He had the very lowest place in the whole works. His business was to wheel up coal to the furnace, dump in the cinders and carry away trash. He was a student from the beginning. Many a night have I seen him walking along in front of the retorts with a copy of Shakspeare in one hand and a crust of bread in the other. He was a great admirer of *Hamlet*, and read that play more than any other. I would say to him, 'John, quit your foolishness.' 'Ah, Mickey,' he would answer, I'll make money out of this yet.' There were two men in the works, named Ned Downey and Dan Dugan, and at nights they would sometimes go to sleep. John would come along reading his *Hamlet*, or his *Othello*, and all at once he would yell out some important part, slap his foot upon the floor, and make such a noise as would waken up the sleepy fellows, and they would growl out, 'Ye gulp, McCullough, will ye never learn sense?' He gave them so much disturbance that they finally went to the Superintendent and complained about the strange conduct of the crazy spalpeen. The Superintendent, however told them to go back and attend to their work, that the boy was just wanting to keep them awake, so that they would attend to their business. Every now and then, when somebody would scold him for his loud talking and reading he would repeat to me, 'Mickey, I'll make money out of this yet.' And sure enough, he has; but I never dreamed of it then. One day he came to me and said: 'Mickey, we must quit the brogue, We are living in America now, and must be Americans, and I'm going to get rid of the brogue.' He quit it, but I have a little of it yet, as you observe. John worked with me four years and then quit a place where he was getting $8.50 a week to take a supe's place in a theatre at $6 a week. He was bent on satisfying his ambition and nothing could hold him back. He is now one of the greatest tragedians in America, and has thoroughly quit the brogue, but he is a full-blooded Irishman for all that. I see him occasionally. Some time ago I met him in Chicago. He was a fine, magnificent looking man, and the people were crazy after him. We were standing in the hotel. I says, 'John, let's get away; I'm too rough a looking man to be talking to you here.' 'Ah,' says he, 'Mickey, you are the same to me that you used to be, and I'd as soon have hold of your hand as that of a prince.' And that was true; he is that kind of a man and I love him the more for it. I do not envy him his honor and his fame. He took one road in life and I took another. I am very well satisfied with what I have done, and if you ever come to Joliet I'll show you what I have done and what kind of a man I am. Now let's drink the health of America's star tragedian, John McCullough. May his shadow never grow less." The bumper was a hearty one.

Every One's Hand Against Her.

There was a touching little scene on one of our streets recently, says a southern journal. A kind-hearted lady was going to see a sick friend when she heard her name called. Turning she saw a slender girl, dressed in mourning, advancing toward her. As the child came nearer the lady recognized in her the daughter of a neighbor who had died the day before near the city. The little girl threw her arms about the lady, and, sobbing, cried:

"You aren't afraid of me, are you?"

"No, dear," was the soothing reply.

"Everybody else is," said the poor child. "They won't come near me because papa died of the fever, and we were with him, mamma and I."

The little girl's heart was stung by the chilling repulsion which came to her in so deep a sorrow."

TOM THUMB has invented a door with one hinge.

FOOD FOR THOUGHT.

He who promiseth runs in debt.

He that does you a very ill turn will never forgive you.

A sweet and innocent compliance is the cement of love.

Dissolute youths are called "bloods" because they live in vain.

Poverty is the test for civility and the touchstone of friendship.

Want of manliness is the great danger among all people of all nations.

A habitation giddy and unsure hath he that buildeth on the vulgar heart.

We are often more agreeable through our faults than through our good qualities.

The gnarled and twisted oak has its counterpart in the narrow and stinted mind.

Give, if thou canst, an alms; if not, afford instead of that a sweet and gentle word.

Woes cluster; rare are solitary woes; they love a train; they tread each other's heel.

To enjoy the benefits of Providence is wisdom; to enable others to enjoy them is virtue.

I prefer my family to myself, my country to my family, and the human race to my country.

There is no condition so low but may have hopes; nor any so high that is out of the reach of fears.

Among those who labor for future happiness, he is the greatest who lives well in his household.

False friedship is like the parasitic moss, which feeds on the life of the tree which it pretends to adorn.

No life can be pure in its purpose and strong in its strife and all life not be purer and stronger thereby.

When I was happy I thought I knew men, but it was fated that I should know them in misfortune only.

A sour heart will never make a sweet life. Plant the crabapple where you will, it will never bear pippins.

The church is a help not a force. It acts on us by rational and moral means, and not by mystical operations.

Sense shines with double lustre when it is in humanity. An able and yet humble man is a jewel worth a kingdom.

That family is the best who obtain not unjustly, keep not unfaithfully and spend in a way that produces no repentance.

The chief properties of wisdom are to be mindful of things past, careful of things present, provident of things to come.

The strength of a nation, especially of a republican nation, is in the intelligent and well-ordered homes of the people.

Many a man makes religion a cover to hide a wicked life; but do not blame religion for the black crime of the hypocrite.

Give bread to a stranger in the name of the universal brotherhood which binds all men together under the Common Father of Nature.

A golden rule for a young lady is to converse always with your female friends as though a gentleman were of the party, and with young men as if your female friends were present.

The inquiry of truth, which is the love-making or wooing of it; the knowledge of truth, which is the presence of it; the belief of truth, which is the enjoyment of it, is the sovereign good of human nature.

There may be, and there is, indeed, a regard for ancestry which nourishes only a weak pride; as there is also a care for posterity, which disguises an habitual avarice, or hides the workings of a low and grovelling vanity. But there is also a moral and philosophical respect for our ancestors, which elevates the character and improves the heart.

Do anything but love; or if thou lovest and art a woman, hide thy love from him whom thou dost worship; never let him know how dear he is; flit like a bird before him; lead him from tree to tree, from flower to flower; but be not won, or thou wilt, like that bird, when caught and caged, be left to pine neglected and perish in forgetfulness.

For a man to stay at home simply because he feels "he can better enjoy his God" there, is a superfine, though common, form of selfishness. He is bound to consider the interests of his children, his wife, and the entire community. If it is his deliberate judgment that the church is of no benefit to the community, then he has a right to withdraw from it, but he ought to be willing to bear whatever odium that withdrawal may entail. If, on the other hand, he believes that on the whole the church is doing a good service in the community, then he ought to be willing to sustain it by his example and influence as well as by his funds, even if does not give him an hour and a half of enjoyment at every service.

In some way or other, whatever be my character or profession, I must acquire the holy habit of connecting everything that passes in my house and affairs with God. If sickness or health visit my family, my eye must see and my heart must acknowledge the hand of God therein. Whether my affairs move on smoothly or ruggedly, God must be acknowledged in them. If I go out of my house or come into it, I must go out and come in as beneath the eye of God. If I am occupied in business all the day long, I must still have the glory of God in view. If I have any affair to transact with another person, I must pray that God would be with us in that affair, lest we should blunder, and injure and ruin each other.

A story is told of a woman who freely used her tongue to the scandal of others, and made confession to the priest of what she had done. He gave her a ripe thistle-top, and told her to go out in various directions, and scatter the seeds, one by one. Wondering at the penance, she obeyed, and then returned and told her confessor. To her amazement he bade her go back and gather the scattered seeds; and when she objected on the ground that it would be impossible, he replied that it would be still more impossible to gather up and destroy all evil reports which she had circulated about others. Any thoughtless, careless child can scatter a handful of thistle seeds before the wind in a moment; but the strongest and wisest man cannot gather them again.

The Republican.

SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 23 1878

THE LEGISLATURE.

The letter of our Montgomery correspondent, Hon. W. P. Howell, gives all that is of importance in the proceedings of the Legislature so far.

The usual number of bills to amend the Code have been introduced, but as the proceedings published in the Advertiser do not state the nature of the amendments, we have no means of knowing whether the proposed legislation is good or bad. The Code never will be perfect—in the eyes of our law-makers. It is safe to say that four-fifths of such bills will be strangled in the Judiciary committees of the two houses.

The reduction of taxation is much talked of, but at the same time new subjects of taxation are being sought for to make up for the deficit caused by such reduction, and after all it may amount to nothing beneficial. So long as the people have to pay a million dollars tax, it does not matter to them whether it is raised by a 70 cents rate of a 50 cents rate—it is a million still taken out of their hard earnings. The adoption of the Moffett Register Liquor law, now talked of, may enable the Legislature to make a reduction without embracing new subjects of taxation. If the experiment proves a success here, as in Virginia, it will be a great relief to the people and prove a boon. Hon. W. P. Howell first brought this measure before the Legislature.

Mr. Troy, of the Senate, has proposed an amendment to the Constitution, but the published proceedings do not disclose the nature of it. If it relates to the homestead, the people would be interested in reading it in full. Whatever it may be, it will have to be submitted to a popular vote before it can become a part of the fundamental law.

The member from Calhoun has introduced one bill to date—a bill for the relief of Martin & Clark. While we have the very highest regard for Mr. Clopton, the Speaker, and think him an exceptionally good and able man, we cannot refrain from expressing regret that he did not give Calhoun a more prominent place on the committees. The two committees to which Col. Sheid belongs, will probably have about four unimportant resolutions referred to them during the session. Our member will have a good easy time and no committee work, it is true, but at no time before since the war has it been the case that the member from Calhoun did not have a place on one or two of the most important committees of the House, which gave him plenty of work to do and a large share of influence in shaping legislation. When our readers understand that most of the real work of the session is done in the committee rooms, and that the debates in the House are as much for buncombe as for the purpose of shaping legislation, they will join us in regret that Calhoun does not occupy a more important place on the committees.

So far neither House has done much in the way of legislation, the whole attention of members being directed to exciting contest for U. S. Senator. Only one bill has passed the House at this writing, and that a bill to regulate Constable's sales, introduced by a Mr. Hutto we believe.

The Talladega Fair is said to have been a complete success by those of our citizens who were there. Calhoun must make extra exertions to get up an extra good Fair next year or she will be eclipsed. Calhoun has the finest exposition building in the South, and by a little outlay of work and money could have a splendid race track. Our cattle men take the premiums over all competitors at the State Fair. Our half mile race rings distance all competitors at Talladega. Our farmers are as good as the world affords. There is nothing, then, to prevent Calhoun from having a yearly Fair that will be known far and wide for the excellence of its exhibits its varied attractions and splendid premiums. Let us all make up our minds to spend some money on our next Fair and make it the best County Fair in the South.

LETTER FROM MONTGOMERY.

MONTGOMERY, NOV., 20, 1878

ED. REPUBLICAN :

The nomination of a candidate for U. S. Senator, has not yet been made. There are in the Democratic caucus 119 members, at the last sessions balloting was had. On the 13th ballot last evening the ballot stood, Houston 54, Pugh 39, Walker 15, Bradford 16, Wheeler 4: Hamilton had been withdrawn.

If the two-third rule is adhered to it is difficult to ever conjecture who or when a nomination will be made It is conceded, however, if a choice is made of any of the gentlemen on the track; it will be made between Houston and Pugh.

LEGISLATIVE MATTERS.

Some important matters of legislation has been inaugurated among which is the reduction in the rate of taxation, and the people need not be uneasy, for I am led to believe, from the tone and sentiment of members that taxes will be reduced if it is at all practicable to do so. Steps have been taken in both Houses to provide for a revenue on whisky, similar to that of the Virginia "Moffet Register Liquor Law." The auditor of public accounts in Va. reports that the revenue realized from that source for the last fiscal year is $600,000.

It is claimed, and I have no doubt is true, that the system prevents to a very large extent the ill use of whisky, and is a great source of revenue. I hope the public Journals of the country will press this subject upon legislators

ELECTION OF SOLICITORS.

The subject of electing these officers has elicited much discussion within the last few days, and the fact has developed itself that these officers will not be elected at this session.

Committees are at work, dividing the state into 8 judicial circuits, and 3 chancery divisions.

INAUGURATION OF GOV. COBB.

Extensive preparations are being made to inaugurate the Governor on the 27th inst. The various Military companies in the state and I believe of Atlanta have been invited.

W. P. H.

You never lose by doing a good thing.

LETTER FROM ATTLANA.

ATLANTA GA., NOV. 18th, 1878.

ED. REPUBLICAN :

Arriving in the middle of a rainy, sloppy, disagreeable night, at the Gate city, you may guess that I appreciated the warm home-like welcome I got at the Kennesaw House, kept by Mr. Wm. Smith and his estimable wife, a quite gentle and polite couple, who know so well how to keep a hotel so much desired and get so rarely found, where gentlemen, either alone or with their wives and daughters may find a desirable resting place. This house recently refitted, is while very near the business thoroughfares as quiet and retired as a private house, and I can conscientiously recommend all who desire the conveniences of a hotel combined with retirement and cheap rates, to try this house when they come to the city.

Last Friday night the city was fairly boiling over with political excitement, trying to harmonize two elements as opposing as water and oil; all enthusiasm on both sides, yet nothing riotous. The two Independents elected to Congress. Dr. Felton and Mr. Speers, desired to define their position before the people and De Gives Opera House was crowded to overflowing with the opposing elements of Democrats and Independents; Senator Hill acting as stage manager for the occasion, introducing the speakers.

Dr Felton, after being received with applause loud and long, expatiated on Democratic principles in general, and declared himself most unequivocally a true Jeffersonian Democrat, and defied any living man to successfully attack his record as such, After a defence of Independent candidates generally, he turned to the financial condition of the country, and declared his intention of standing by the Democratic party in any and all efforts it may make towards a remedy, deprecated the paying of the bonded debt in gold, the demonitization of silver, and went into a long argument to show that the shrinkage of values was the result of bad legislation and the cause of all our financial troubles. He wants gold, silver and greenbacks all legal tenders.

The Atlanta Constitution makes some pertinent remarks and concludes that if Dr. F. is really the true Jeffersonian Democrat that he claims to be, then his election is not "altogether a calamity." On the whole it is believed by a great many that he will be acceptable even to the most ultra Democrats. Of Mr. Speer's speech I have not space to give even a synopsis. The Constitution speaks of him rather contemptuously—says he is too young in the cause; (being, I believe, only about twenty-nine years old,) "has no record" &c. &c; but he certainly must have some sand in his gizzard, or he would most inevitably have gone down before the immense energies and ability that were brought to bear against him.

The Georgia legislature convened on the 6th; but little has as yet been done beyond organizing and getting ready for business. The most important matter before it, and the most absorbing topic is a committee investigating some rumors about the signing of some R. R. bonds by Gov. Colquit; but as the investigation is going on in secret, and the whole thing so obscured by a thousand conflicting and vague rumors, nothing positive can be known about it. A very large number of men have been subpoenaed as witnesses and the matter has gotten into a very ugly shape, the denouement of which will fall very heavily on some one. If the matter goes against the Governor, it will ruin him, and if not it will his accusers; and character is so sacred to man, I refrain from writing anything that may prejudice either way. One of the bills introduced is to redistrict the judicial circuits, and it is said to be creating quite a flutter among aspirants for Judgships and District Attorneys. Another to compel the use of Moffet Register, supplemented by one to tax bar rooms $2,000 per annum is causing an equal flurry among the class most intetested.

Dr. Vincent, the great methodist preacher and lecturer who, during the late International Sunday school convention here, so delighted his audience with a lecture on "That Boy," will deliver a companion lecture here on That Boy's Sister next Wednesday night, for the benefit of the First methodist church. But space is limited and I will close till next week. MERCE.

Collecting newspaper subscription is a rather discouraging business, but in Rhode Island the sturdy yeomanry seem to take a very peculiar view of the business relation existing between publisher and subscriber. Recently Walter P. Phillips, editor and business manager of a Providence daily, went out to Chepachet, where his paper had enjoyed an extensive circulation, to collect some long standing subscription bills. Among others he interviewed a steady reader and ardent admirer of Mr Phillips paper, & asked him to settle a bill of eight years subscription, the amount really due. The old farmer was at first startled, then amazed, and finally waxed indignant. He put on his spectacles, scrutinized the bill, and after assuring himself that it was genuine, he exclaimed:

"I've bin supportin' this yere paper for nigh onto eight year, and I never had no such thing as that flung at me before. I'll stop supportin it." He not only withdrew his valuable support, but failed to pay the bill.

To be sure all subscribers are not of his stamp, else no newspaper could live, but there are unfortunately too many who labor under the quite erroneous impression that they are supporting a newspaper and really conferring a substantial favor on its publishers by reading it, enjoying it, perhaps admiring it, when in fact, they do not pay one cent in return for the money, time and labor expended by the publishers in sending the paper to the subscriber.

Subscribers of newspapers should remember the peculiar relations existing between them and newspaper publishers. It is not a mere business relation, it is more. It is almost a personal friendship On account of this friendship that most readers feel toward their favorite newspapers, and which in like degree is felt by publishers towards their readers, the enforcing of the collection of overdue subscription bills and the stopping of the sending of the papeas to delinquent subscribers are the most unpleasant and disagreeable parts of the business of printing a newspaper. To tell an old subscriber you will not send your paper to him is as disagreeable as to refuse to shake hands with an old friend. To send the subscription bill to a lawyer for collection is a serious mortification, to the publisher at least. Subscribers should remember these things. They should recollect that newspapers are printed not for fun but to make money out of—for purely business purposes—and where the sum due from any one person may be only a few paltry dollars yet when a like sum is due from thousands of subscribers it amounts to a sum of great importance.

Montgomery Advertiser.

Upright walking is sure walking. Richest is he who wants the least. Quiet conscience gives the quiet sleep.

Charles A. Ross Killed.

Charlie Ross, formerly of this place, was killed at Mechanicsville Ga., on Friday, the 8th, by Isaac Baily. Charlie was shot a few months ago by the same man, but was not seriously injured. On Friday he was standing in the Post Office at Mechanicsville with his back to the door, when Bailey entered, drew a pistol and shot him through the back. Charlie had only time to utter the words. "Who shot me?" when he fell, expiring instantly. Gadsden Times.

The Hon. W. M. McMath of Shelby county died on the 5th inst. He was thrown from his buggy on the 27th of August last, breaking his leg which was amputated. From the effects of this he died.

We knew Mr. McMath intimately, and can truthfully say a nobler heart never beat within the breast of man. Talented, yet unassuming in his contact with men, he was cut down, when he had just begun his career in life, yet he lived long enough to gain an enviable reputation as a lawyer and legislator.

Kissing the baby may result in deforming its nose and bringing on nearsightedness. The safest plan is not to kiss a baby of the feminine persuasion until it attains the age of sixteen years. The cartilage of the nose is much stronger then.

Last week, a son of Mr. Norrill near Ridge Grove, Lee county while fixing something about a cane mill, got his head caught between the rollers, and was killed instantly

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One day last week, while a young white man in Elmore county was ginning, his left hand and arm was caught in the saws, and fearfully lacerated, the flesh being torn in strips, and the wrist joint broken and crushed. His arm was amputated.

The right kind of a man will always have his life insured. It gives his wife's second husband a start.

A little miss, who was spending a few days with a farmer uncle, visited the barnyard, and while looking at the well-fed cows, remarked, "Why, uncle, just see all the cows are chewing gum, aren't they?"

A child of Wm. Pilgreen was recently burned to death, near Calera.

Henry Bridger, a carpenter in Selma, fell from the roof of a house and broke his left leg and right foot, recently.

Simon Hutchinson, negro, was run over by a Box-car on the Western Railroad the 31st ult., receiving injuries from which he died.

John Dobson was cut by Walter Watts, colored, at a corn shucking in Randolph county recently

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William Boatwright, of Elmore county, had his left arm so badly injured, 5th, in a cotton gin, that amputation near the shoulder was necessary.

Mrs. W. E. McGhee's clothing caught fire at McGhee's Switch, Montgomery county, recently, and burned her considerably, though not dangerously.

Ex-Governor R. B. Lindsay has entirely recovered from a stroke of paralysis received two or three years ago and resumed the practice of law in Tuscumbia

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Geo. W. Garlington and his sister were thrown from a buggy six miles of La Fayette, the 24th ult. and the former was injured so badly that he died the next day

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"My dear boy" said a mother to her son, as he handed round his plate for more turkey, "this is the fourth time you have been helped." "I know, mother, replied the boy, but that turkey pecked at me once and I want to get square with him." He got his turkey.

It is a great misfortune to have a fretful disposition. It takes the fragrance out of one's life, and leaves only weeds where a cheerful disposition would cause flowers to bloom. The habit is one which grows rapidly unless it be sternly repressed; and the best way to overcome it is to try always to look on the cheerful side of things

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A family, consisting of fifty French people, recently purchased from Mr. John G. Cullman, of Cullman, Ala., 1 289 acres of land, and intend to confine themselves entirely to the raising of silk. In this family are grandfathers and grandmothers, grandsons and granddaughters, and they have been engaged all their lives in the silk culture. — Montgomery Adv.

A little Norwich girl was standing at her mother's side at the window in deep meditation. As one star after another came twinkling into the sky she watched them with the eyes that grew bigger and brighter. At last she turned to her mother and said: "I guess it's 'bout time to light up, mother. God's lit up his house."

A little girl named Kingsbury, at Oil City on Thursday, was so frightened by a trick of the Humpty-Dumpty troupe, in which a man is apparently beheaded, that she went into spasms, from the effects of which she died Friday.

Virtue and happiness are near kin.

One day last week, while Mr. Boone and Mr. Kim Thomas were out in the woods near Plattsburg, Mo., engaged in chopping, Mr. Boone saw a large black snake run into a hollow log. He told Mr. Thomas about it, and the latter went to the end of the log to take a peep at the serpent. Just about this time the reptile dashed out, and, before Mr. Thomas could move, was seriously coiled around his neck, with its head in front of his, licking out its tongue ferociously at him. Although nearly choked, he seized it near the head, and with the aid of Mr. Boone, who had gathered enough courage to take hold of the tail, the business of unwinding was successfully performed. The snake was almost six feet long

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A little Girl's Observations.—"Ain't you exprised to see me?" said a five-year-old girl, as she tripped into my house in the midst of a rain storm. "The rain fell all over me like it fell down through a strainer, and I shooked it off, but it won't stay shooked. I asked God to stop, but there was a big thunder in the way, and he could not hear me, I underspeck; and I 'most know he couldn't see me, 'cause a black cloud got over my head as black as—anything! Nobody couldn't see little girls through black clouds. I'm going to stay till the sun shines, and then, when I go home, God will look down and say why there's Nettie! She went to see her auntie right in the middle of the rain, and I guess he'll be just as much exprised as you was!"

Don't complain, says the Baltimore Gazette, and then draws a happy contrast between the United States and other countries, as follows:

We have a fraudulent President and yellow fever, we have Kearney and Cobb and Gail Hamilton, but we have a land flowing with corn and hog, and on top of this an untrammeled press. In Turkey only one man in ten has a decent home and fit clothes to wear, while the Sultan has twelve palaces, a new suit of clothes every day in the year and six hundred wives. Austria is bankrupt and growing worse every day, while five hundred blooded horses stand in the Emperor's stables and his le grande chassuese is galloping after foxes and boars in the Bohemian mountains. In Germany the people are crushed with taxation, the press is muzzled, every man is a soldier and only the nobleman is happy. In France the patient, laboring man lives on less than the poor man wastes in this land of plenty, and can't damn his President without being fined and thrown into jail. In England thirty thousand fellows in aristocrats possess all the land and all the privileges, while thirty millions of people virtually work for them. Spain is a pauperized, bargen, hopeless charnel house. Italy is a land where full stomachs are as scarce as angel's visits and where women are compelled to drudge like field hands. Mexico has a revolution every three months, while we only have them every few years.

A Prediction.— According to the Science of Health, medical journal, the coming seven years will be a period of war, famine and pestilence upon the face of the earth, superinduced by celestial causes. It is noted that the period of woe unto mankind has already set in, as witness the recent famines in China and India, the Phenomenal tidal waves and marine earthquakes in the South Pacific, the ominous mutterings of wars and rumors of wars in Europe and Asia, the yellow fever epidemic in our own country, and the skeleton footprints of Cholera advancing westward across the North African deserts. The cause of these alarming disturbances in the physical world is stated by the Science of Health to be the approaching simultaneous perihelion of the four largest planets of our solar system, Jupiter, Saturn, Uranus, and Neptune. During the terrestial year of 1880-81, these four planets will make their nearest approach to the sun all at once and it is predicted that the result will be a serious modification of atmospheric and organic conditions of our globe.

Three Things.—The following lines were copied from the album of a young lady of Elizabeth, N. J.:

1. Three things to admire: Intellectual power, dignity and gracefulness.

2 Three things to love: Courage, gentleness and affection.

3 Three things to hate: Cruelty, arrogance and ingratitude.

4 Three things to delight in: Frankness, freedom and beauty.

5 Three things to wish for: Health, friends and a cheerful spirit.

6 Three things to avoid: Idleness, loquacity and flippant jesting.

7 Three things to fight for: Honor, country and home.

8 Three things to govern: Temper, tongue and conduct.

9 Three things to think about: Life, death and eternity.

One hour today is worth two tomorrow.

He has hard work who has nothing to do.

IN CHANCERY.

James B. Gannaway } In Chancery at Jack-
Vs } sonville Calhoun
Sarah Gannaway } county Ala.

In this cause it is made to appear to the Register by affidavit of John H. Caldwell, solicitor for the complainan that the defendant Sarah Gannaway is a non resident citizen of this state, and that her particular place of residence is in Marin county Ark. P O Three Creek, and further that said defendant, is over the age of 21 years

It is ordered by the Register that publication be made in the Jacksonville Republican a newspaper published in the town of Jacksonville Calhoun county Alabama, for four successive weeks requiring the said Sarah Gannaway to answer and plead answer, demur to the bill of complaint in the cause by Monday the 20th day of January 1879, or thirty days thereafter a decree pro confesso may be taken against her the said Sarah Gannaway.

Done at office on this, the 20th day of November 1878.

WM. M HAMES,
Register.

Nov. 23—4t

FINAL SETTLEMENT NOTICE.

THE STATE OF ALABAMA, } CALHOUN COUNTY }

Probate Court for said county, Regular Term, November 11th 1878.

This day came J. Y. Henderson guardian of Texanna Crow now dead and formerly Texanna Satcher, and filed in Court his account and vouchers for a final settlement of his said guardianship.

It is ordered the 10th day of December, 1878, be appointed a day on which to make such settlement. At which time all persons interested can appear and contest said settlement if they think proper.

L W CANNON,
JUDGE OF PROBATE.

Nov. 16—4t

FINAL SETTLEMENT NOTICE.

THE STATE OF ALABAMA, } CALHOUN COUNTY. }

Probate Court for said county, Regular Term, November 11th, 1878.

This day came J. Y. Henderson guardian of Allice Holcomb, formerly Allice Ware, and now the wife of J. R. Holcomb, and filed in court his account and vouchers for a final settlement of his said guardianship.

It is ordered that the 10th day of December, 1878, be appointed a day on which to make such settlement. At which time all persons interested can appear and contest said settlement if they think proper.

L W CANNON,
Judge of Probate.

Nov. 16—4t

THE STATE OF ALABAMA, } CALHOUN COUNTY. }

Probate Court for said county, Special Term, November 9th, 1878.

This day came W. B. Green, executor of the estate of Wm. Green deceased, and filed his account & vouchers for an annual settlement of said estate.

It is ordered that the 10th day of December 1878, be appointed a day on which to make such settlement. At which time all persons interested can appear and contest said settlement if they think proper.

L. W. CANNON,
Judge of Probate

Nov. 16 – 4t

NOTICE

Is hereby given that we will make application to the Legislature this present session to pass a bill relinquishing us for money expended for the State, in bringing one Johnson, a fugitive from justice, from the State of Virginia back to the State of Alabama.

MARTIN & CLARK.

Nov. 16.—4t

CONSTABLES SALE.

By virtue of an execution from Justice Court of Beat No. 2, His honor W. S. Noel presiding, in favor of M. E. Ezelle against John Givins, I will sell at Alexandria, Saturday, Nov. 23d, one wagon belongin to said John Givens to satisfy said execution

E. C. LEE,
Constable.

NOTICE

Is hereby given to the creditors of the estate of Woodford R. Hanna, deceased, that the undersigned have been selected and chosen as the legal Representatives of said estate. Therefore all persons having legal claims against said estate, will present them to us for payment, and all persons owing said estate are requested to make payment to us, as we are fully authorized to receive and receipt for the same. This 2nd day of November, 1878.

JOHN W. HANNA,
Nov 16—3t ROBERT M. HANNA.

ADM. SALE OF LAND.

Under and by virtue of an order issued by the honorable, the Probate Court of Calhoun county, State of Alabama. The undersigned as administrator of the estate of Fleming Young late of said county, will sell at public outcry to the highest bidder, on the premises, on Saturday the 7th day of December 1878, the following described real estate to-wit :

The East ½ of lot No. 1, and Fraction 9 of Sec. 16, Township 13 of Range 10; also lot No. 24 of Sec. 36, Township 12 Range 10, containing 158 acres more or less, situated in Terrapin creek valley in said county.

TERMS OF SALE.—One third cash,—the remainder on a credit of 12 months with interest from date: Note with approve security will be required to secure the unpaid purchase money. This November 4th 1878.

J. H. SAVAGE,
Administrator.

Nov. 9—4t.

TRUST SALE

Under and by virtue of a certain Deed of Trust, executed to the undersigned as trustee, by J. D Hammond and F. A. Hammond on the 28th day of February 1876, to secure T. W. Francis in the payment of a certain promissory note therein mentioned, and which said Deed of Trust and promissory note have subsequently been transferred to Cochran & Co., of New York. Said Deed of Trust was recorded in the Probate Court of Calhoun county Alabama, in Book "F" 23 Vo; Register of Deeds on pages 197 & 198, on the 3d day of March 1876

I will as Trustee aforesaid, sell to the highest bidder for cash, before the Court house door in the town of Jacksonville in said county, on Tuesday the 10th day of December 1878, the following described real estate, to wit

The house and lot situated in the town of Jacksonville, known as the residence of J. D. Hammond; containing two acres more or less, of North East corner of lot No. 5, original plan of said town, on corner of Broad & Depot streets. Township 14, Range 8, East in Coosa Land District.

Said real estate will be sold to satisfy said promissory note described in said Deed of Tsust. This Nov. 9th 1878.

I. L. SWAN,
Trustee.

REAL ESTATE AGENCY.

JACKSONVILLE, ALA.

☞ For information in regard to any of the Lands mentioned below, parties can apply to the undersigned either by letter or in person. Letters of either buyers or sellers promptly and cheerfully answered. Parties with the means and the desire to purchase will be shown any lands advertised at the expense of the undersigned. Those having lands to sell are invited to communicate with him, when commission for selling, directions for writing advertisement, etc. will be given.

L. W. GRANT,
Real Estate Agent, Jacksonville, Ala.

$1200. Three hundred acres on road to Greensport, eleven miles from Jacksonville, one mile from Peek's Hill Post Office, known as Fullenwider place; 70 acres in cultivation, balance well timbered in Oak, Poplar, Hickory and Black Walnut. Three good springs on the place. School house and Church on the premises. TERMS—Half cash, balance in one and two years. Title perfect A bargain

$400.—EIGHTY acres of fine wood land, within three miles of Jacksonville, on main road. Two thousand lords of wood can be cut from it. Growth mostly Post Oak. Land very good. It is a bargain at $400.

$2 000. TWO HUNDRED ACRES OF LAND splendidly improved, heavily timbered and well watered. It is situated on the Jacksonville and Gadsden road, seven miles from Gadsden. Daily mail both ways. One of the most desirable places in the county. Terms made known on application.

$1.700.—THE undersigned offers a bargain in a FARM near Jacksonville for $1,300. It contains one hundred and twenty acres of land, nearly all cleared—good orchards, three good farm houses, on houses, two bold springs (one freestone and one limestone), running water in every lot and about ten acres of the very best meadow land in this county. One of the farm houses was put up last fall at a cash expense of six hundred dollars. The present proprietor gave for the place, since the war, $2,600. Desire to move to Texas is his reason for selling at a sacrifice.

$1500. ONE HUNDRED AND FIFTY FIVE acres of land more or less. Good new dwelling of five rooms—not quite complete. Fine springs within a few steps of the door. Good out buildings Excellent tan yard site. About fifty acres under fence. Land produces well. Natural fish pond on the place Fine range for stock. Situated four miles south of Jacksonville on public road from Jacksonville to Oxford. Good stand for blacksmith and woodshop.

$4,000 SIX HUNDRED ACRES of fine river bottom land. Three payments—three good settlements on the place—Five good springs, one house, thresher, and one of the finest orchards in the country. First bottom, 150 acres. Second and creek bottoms, 150 acres. 180 acres open. Enough fine timber on the upland flats to pay for the land at the ruling price per tree, within one mile of the river. The healthiest location in the country. A boat landing on the plantation One hour a week from Rome, Ga. The bottom lands are very rich and inexhaustible. Splendid roads to interior markets.

$4,000 THREE HUNDRED AND twenty acres, situated on the Oxford Road, one mile from White Plains, Calhoun county, in the rich one fertile valley of Choccoloco. One hundred and forty acres in cultivation balance well timbered. A running stream and two good wells, one good dwelling house, splendid cribs, stables, stock houses, tenant house etc. on the place. Best adapted to cotton, but yields fine corn and wheat crops. Last year thirty acres of this land made seventeen bales of cotton. Fine orchard of all kinds of fruit and splendid garden spot. Located within a half mile of church, schoolhouse and post office. Excellent settlement. One of the most desirable locations in the county Terms of payment made known on application.

$3 100 ONE HUNDRED & SIXTY ACRES on Oxford and Gadsden road, one mile from Phillip's mill. Eighty acres open and in fine state of cultivation—balance well timbered. A new framed house 52x64 with seven rooms, necessary outbuildings, and tenant house on the place. Never failing well of water within twenty steps of the door. One feature of this place is the orchards and vineyard. The apple orchard contains 200 bearing trees of best varieties. The peach orchard is large and choice.—The vineyard contains 200 bearing vines of different varieties of grapes suitable to this country—one half acre of scuppernong already trellised. Proprietor made this year seventy gallons of wine, in a good year of bearing. Convenient to churches and school Terms $1000 cash, balance in one and two years.

$1 300 THREE HUNDRED AND TWENTY ACRES, situated two miles and a half from Phillip's mill on Oxford and Gadsden road. Well improved. Two story 7 room ceiled and papered dwelling, barns, cribs, two good wells, and apple and peach orchards on the place. 125 acres open; balance fine land to clear. Large spring on and running water through the farm the entire year. A good stock farm and a bargain. Terms one-half cash—balance on time

A BARGAIN.—160 acres or more, sold in separate tracts or together. Embraces fine flouring and corn mill, saw mill and cotton gin. Two sets of framed dwellings and outhouses. Four good settlements included. Land in good state of cultivation. Terms to suit purchaser.

$2,000—THIRTY-TWO—Acres, lying within 300 yards of the court house in Jacksonville, known as the Fielding Snow place. Fine meadow land, with bold spring branch running through it. Has upon it good stables, cribs and other buildings. The spring branch furnishes sufficient water power for a flouring mill. Fine location for a tan-yard—vats already made, tank sunk and finishing house standing still in fair order. The yard could be put in thorough order at small expense. $500 cash, balance in 1, 2, & 3 yrs

$400 One Hundred and twenty acres. Forty acres under fence. Lies on Shen-Jacksonville road, two miles northeast of Cross Plains. Churches and school houses convenient. Four room frame house and good tenant house on the place and fine well of water in the yard. Mineral spring near. Orchard. Terms.—$150 next fall; balance the fall following.

$1,650 One hundred and sixty-six acres three miles northeast of White Plains on southside of Choccoloco creek, the creek being the line. Good dwelling and all necessary outbuildings. Well of water in yard. The land is fine and well watered. Orchard. Sixty acres cleared and in high state of cultivation. Good school within one mile and a half. Churches convenient Terms cash.

AT A SACRIFICE.—Two town lots. One known as the Dobson livery stable lot; the other facing the south-west corner of the public square. Terms made known on application

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VALUABLE LEAD MINE.

The undersigned has been authorized by the owners in Georgia and Tennessee to sell the valuable lead mine, west of this place, that was so successfully worked by the Confederate Government, for six thousand dollars. This mine sold before the war for thirty-two thousand dollars. There is money in it, and the attention of capitalists is invited to it as a good investment.

Address, L. W. GRANT,
Jacksonville, Ala.

"BLUE MOUNTAIN ROUTE."

Change of Schedule.

S. R. & D. R. R.

Taking effect Sunday, June 9th, 1878, at 5 p. m.

Mail Trains Daily.

No. 1, North.	Stations.	No. 2, South.
4.40 a. m	Lv Selma Ar	9.30 p. m.
6 58 a. m	Randolph. Lv	7.05 p. m.
7.25 a. m	Montevallo	6.00 p. m.
8.15 a m	Calera	5 00 p. m.
10.47 a. m	Talladega	2.35 p. m.
11.54 p. m	Oxford	1.30 p. m.
12 45 p. m	Jacksonville	12.45 p. m.
3.45 p. m.	Ar Rome Ar	10.22 a. m.
5 50 p. m	Ar Dalton Lv	8.25 a. m.

Accommodation Trains.

Daily—Sunday excepted.

No. 3. North.	Stations.	No. 4, South.
3.40 p. m	Lv Selma Ar	12.20 p. m.
7.05 p. m	Randolph Lv	9 45 a. m.
8.20 p. m	Montevallo	8.34 a. m.
9.40 p. m	Calera Ar	7.00 a. m.
12.55 p. m	Talladega	3 50 a. m.
2.25 a. m	Oxford	2.25 a. m.
3.55 a. m	Jacksonville	12.50 a. m.
8.30. a m	Ar. Rome Lv	8.15 p. m.
11.06 a. m	Dalton	5.51 p. m.

The 5.30 a. m. train connects at Calera with mail trains of L. & N. and Gt. So. R. R. for all points west, and at Dalton with trains of E. Tn. Va. & Ga. R. R. for all eastern points, Tennessee and Virginia springs, and with W. & A. railroad for Chattanooga and north western cities.

No. 3 leaving at 3.40 p. m. makes close connection at Rome for Atlanta, and at Dalton with trains of E. T. Va. & Ga. and W. & A. railroads for all eastern and western cities

Nos. 2 mail and 4 accommodation trains leave Daltol upon arrival of trains of E. T. Va. & Ga. railroad and W. & A. railroad, making close connection at Calera with mail train of L. & N. & Gt. So. railroad from all western cities.

Sleeping cars on all night trains.

Tickets as low as by any other route.

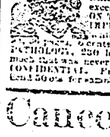
RAY KNIGHT, G. P. & T. Agt.

TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN.

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned will petition the next General Assembly to pass a law authorizing her to sell her without license.

SALLIE J. McADAMS.

Jacksonville Oct. 26th 1878.



Madison Dispensary,
261 S. Clark St., Chicago, Ill.

DR. BIGELOW, having 30 years experience, treats SKIN AND CHRONIC DISEASES in both sexes. SAFELY, SURELY, PRIVATELY. NERVOUS DEBILITY, from sexual abuse or excesses, producing IMPOTENCY, PIMPLES ON THE FACE, &c., rendering MARRIAGE UNHAPPY, CURED. Consultation free, personally or by letter. Medicines sent everywhere, secure from observation. Call or write. The MARRIAGE GUIDE, OR SEXUAL PHYSIOLOGY, 250 large pages, ILLUSTRATED, with many fine engravings, sent by mail, secure in sealed envelope, only 25 cents. Contains more information than any book ever before published. Price 50 cts. Extra Fine, $1. Extra Finest, $10. Lost Manhood Restored. Rupture Cured, &c., by Express.

Cancers Cured.

SCROFULA,

SCROFULOUS ULCERS AND CANCERS ARE CURABLE.

Dr. S. C. Williams, after an experience of more than thirty years, is fully convinced that, when applied to in time, he can cure the above named diseases. As to his references in the treatment of the same, and as to his standing as a physician, he would respectfully refer to the following named gentlemen:

Dr. A Pelham, Alexandria, Alabama
Dr. J. Y. Nesbet, Jacksonville, "
Dr. B. S. Evans, White Plains, "
Judge M. J. Turnley, Gadsden, "
J. W. Whiteside, Esq. Rabbit Town, "

And to the physicians, merchants and ministers of Oxford, Ala.; also to his former patients everywhere.

Charges moderate.

S. C. WILLIAMS M. D.
Oxford, Ala

April 6th, 1878—1y.

Ayer's Sarsaparilla

For Scrofula, and all scrofulous diseases, Erysipelas, Rose or St. Anthony's Fire, Eruptions and Eruptive diseases of the skin, Ulcerations of the Liver, Stomach, Kidneys, Lungs, Pimples, Pustules, Boils, Blotches, Tumors, Tetter, Salt Rheum, Scald Head, Ringworm, Ulcers, Sores, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Pain in the Bones, Side and Head, Female Weakness, Sterility, Leucorrhœa, arising from internal ulceration, and uterine disease, Syphilitic and Mercurial diseases, Dropsy, Dyspepsia, Emaciation, General Debility, and for Purifying the Blood.

This Sarsaparilla is a combination of vegetable alteratives—Stillingia, Mandrake, Yellow Dock—with the Iodides of Potassium; and Iron, and is the most efficacious medicine yet known for the diseases it is intended to cure.

Its ingredients are so skilfully combined that the full alterative effect of each is assured, and while it is so mild as to be harmless even to children, it is still so effectual as to purge out from the system those impurities and corruptions which develop into loathsome disease.

The reputation it enjoys is derived from its cures, and the confidence which prominent physicians all over the country repose in it proves their experience of its usefulness.

Certificates attesting its virtues have accumulated, and are constantly being received, and as many of these cases are publicly known, they furnish convincing evidence of the superiority of this Sarsaparilla over every other alterative medicine. So generally is its superiority to any other medicine known that we need do no more than to assure the public that the best qualities it has ever possessed are strictly maintained.

PREPARED BY
Dr. J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass.,
Practical and Analytical Chemists.

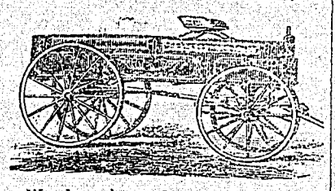
SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS EVERYWHERE.

W. M. NISBET, Agent,
Sep 21 '78 1y Jacksonville, Ala.

The Republican.

Mr. C. W. Brewton is our authorized agent to travel and collect subscriptions for the REPUBLICAN. Subscribers are earnestly requested to be ready to settle when he calls.

THE WAGON IS HERE.



We have heretofore noticed the excellent lot of Buggies, Pheatons, Spring Wagons &c. here on exhibition by Mr. Connor, Agent for the great carriage manufactory of Davis, Gould & Co., of Cincinnati, Ohio. The display was very attractive, and the workmanship was pronounced by competent judges to be of excellent quality. He has sold vehicles as follows:

To Mr. Emmett E. Crook, of Alexandria, a fine two seat pheaton.

To Mr. Wm. Scarbrough, of White Plains, a two seat spring wagon.

To Mr. Jonas Aderholt, near Aderholts Mills, a two seat spring wagon.

To Mr. Mc. Whitesides, of Choccoloco Valley, an open buggy.

To Capt. Fry, of Germania, an open buggy.

All these sales were made with written guarantee for one year. The gentlemen who bought were well satisfied with their bargains.

Mr. Davis, a member of this great firm paid us a call Tuesday. He represents an immense business, his huge manufactory turning out as many as twenty-five vehicles a day, all of the very best material that can be had in the United States. From the opinion we formed of Mr. Davis in conversation, we feel assured that he is a man who will make all his guarantees good, and put nothing on the market that will not come up to representation. The firm has sold in Alabama and on the line of Georgia since the 1st of October about fifty car loads of the various varieties of vehicles and not one has been returned by a buyer. In the principal cities of the United States there are wholesale dealers who buy all their work of this great house.

Mr. Conner, the agent here, has won during his short stay in our midst, lots of friends by his genial manner and gentlemanly, courteous bearing. He will remain here next week to close out his stock, which he will doubtless be able to do. Parties wishing work had better come in the first of the week.—1t

WAIT FOR "COOKS" WAGON.

Louis Cook, of Cincinnati, Ohio, the largest carriage manufacturer in the world, represented by Mr. T. J. Jones, will have on exhibition in Jacksonville, during next week, a car load of his most excellent work, consisting of open and top Buggies, side bar Pheatons, open and top Carriages, spring Wagons, and in fact, everything in the shape of a first class turnout. Mr Cook's work has a world-wide reputation as being the best work on the market. The materials used in the construction of his carriages is the best that cash will buy in the United States, and the workmanship the best that money will hire and buying as he does in large quantities, paying cash for everything, we see no reason why he cannot make a better buggy and sell it for less money than any man living; and we would advise all our friends, who contemplate buying, to avail themselves of the present opportunity and purchase one of his excellent wagons.—1t

Thanks to Mr. Eddie Parr for some fine apples. The Parrs have some very fine fruit of this kind.

Rev. Mr. Goodrum left for Conference Friday.

Rev. Mr Richardson will sell at public outcry before the Court-house door, in Jacksonville, Saturday, Nov. 30th, a buggy and harness, a fine buggy and saddle horse, a good Cow, and some household and kitchen furniture. No doubt bargains can be obtained. He is preparing to move to Mobile, we understand.

NELSON—HUBBARD.—Married at the residence of the bride's parents, Nov. 20, 1878, by Rev. W. H. Richardson, Mr. E. Brasher Nelson, formerly of Columbianna, to Miss Ella Hubbard.

After partaking of a pleasant repast prepared by the bride's mother, the happy young couple left on the morning's train for his father's home in Co. lumbianna, accompanied by friends and relatives, to spend a few days.

May the golden chain of peace bind those young hearts for ever.

We leave out a column of our real estate advertisements this week to make room for more reading matter.

One of the most gratifying results of the late election was the defeat of Beast Butler, in Massachusetts. Nominated for Governor by the communistic element in both parties, during the canvass he developed enough strength to create alarm, and convince conservative men of the necessity for maintaining conservative principles. Therefore the Democrats in whose ranks the greatest defection existed—cast nearly their whole vote for the Republican candidate, and secured the defeat of Butler. They did right. Of two evils choose the lesser. For unmitigated meanness Butler caps the climax.

A Good Omalet.— Allow to each egg one tablespoonfull of milk, sufficient salt pepper, and butter to season well; beat the whites and yolks separately, the whites to a froth; add to the salt pepper and butter; finally beat all together, and turn into a hot buttered saucepan. The omelet is more palatable when moist in the centre, which is accomplished by rolling it in the pan before [illegible]

LINCOLN'S STRENGTH

Few are aware of the physical strength possessed by Mr. Lincoln. In muscular power he was one in a thousand. One morning, while we were sitting on deck, he saw an axe in a socket on the bulwarks, and, taking it up, held it at arm's length at the extremity of the helve with his thumb and forefinger, continuing to hold it there for a number of minutes. The most powerful sailors on board tried in vain to imitate him. Mr. Lincoln said he could do this when he was 18 years of age, and had never seen a day since that time when he could not. It occurred to me when reading the details of the plot that terminated in the death of the president, that his abduction, which was at one time proposed by the conspirators, would have resulted very disastrously to those who should have the temerity to undertake it. The plan proposed was to waylay the the president at night, during one of his frequent visits to the war department, where he was in the habit of going to read the telegraphic dispatches during the time of important military movements, and where he would often remain until a late hour, returning alone through the grounds of the White House. A half dozen men were to seize and carry him off; but had they attempted it they would probably have found that they had met their match, for he had the strength of a giant. Judge Swett of Chicago who was an intimate friend of his, says that he has seen him dash into a crowd where two powerful men were fighting, and taking each by the collar hold them out at arms' length in the most helpless and ridiculous position.

Gen. Viele in Scribner.

A little five-year old boy at Hartford was asked by a lady a few days since for a kiss. He immediately complied but the lady, noticing that the little fellow drew his hand across his lips, remarked, "Ah, but you are rubbing it off." "No, I ain't," was the quick rejoinder. "I'm rubbing it in."

The boughs that bear most hang lowest.

Not to hear conscience is a way to silence it.

LOCAL MATTERS.

ED. G. CALDWELL,

(At the old Forney Corner.)

Has on hand the best brands of Chewing and Smoking TOBACCOS, including the popular Swanson's Pride and the celebrated Durham Smoking Tobacco's. He has the largest stock of CIGARS in Town. Among his brands you will find the Solace, Margarita, Royal, Standard and the favorite Tidal Wave.

Chocolate [illegible]ine. Imported Chow Chow, Boston Baked Beans, Salmon & Canned Goods in great variety at

ED. G. CALDWELL'S.

Coffee, Sugar, Flour, Meal, Meat, Potatoes, Mackerel, Macaroni & Cheese at ED. G. CALDWELL'S.

Cheap Groceries for Cash a the old Forney Corner.

Fresh Lard at ED. G. CALDWELL'S.

Fresh Meal at Ed. G. CALDWELL'S

YOU can buy anything in the GROCERY line CHEAP for CASH at

ED. G. CALDWELL'S.

Go buy one of those fine Plows of the Towers patent at

ED. G. CALDWELL'S.

A splendid lot of new Tin ware at ED. G. CALDWELL'S.

Finest article of kerosine oil at E. G. CALDWELL'S

New lot of stone-ware at E. G. CALDWELL'S.

YOU can buy TEN pounds of RICE for $1 00 at

E. G. CALDWELL'S

YOU can buy 10 pounds of SUGAR for $1 00 at

E. G. CALDWELL'S

Salt at manufacturers prices at E. G. CALDWELL'S.

YOU can buy 5 pounds of good COFFEE for ONE DOLLAR at

ED. G. CALDWELL'S.

ARE YOU GOING TO TRAVEL? Go to A. MEYERS & CO. Crow's Brick corner, and get your trunks, Valises and complete outfit. Also, you can get fine Boots at $1 50 up, Linen Bosom Shirts, 65 cents; besides the finest assortment in Baltimore Shoes, Corsets, Kid Gloves, Chenille Shawls, Ladies' Silk Ties, and new Styles of Peach Waterproofs. Come and examine A. MEYERS & Co's CHEAP CASH STORE.

WONDERFUL!

You ought to take a peep at A. MEYERS & CO's large Stock of Dry Goods, Notions, and all kinds of Fancy articles, and you will be left in a frame of intense wonderment. The quantity of their Goods, quality, beauty, Style and cheapness would astonish you. The question is often asked: How can A. MEYERS & CO. bring such a fine Stock of Goods all the way from NEW YORK, and sell them for so *little* money in Jacksonville? The question is fully answered, when it is known they buy with so much *care and judgment*, and in such "large" quantities. We can recommend the public to this Store for *Good* Goods, and *Cheap* Goods. The Firm has most excellent, and accommodating Clerks, and it is with great pleasure, they wait on all who patronize their Mammoth Emporium.

SOMETHING NEW.

The Parrs are daily receiving new goods. Go to Parrs to buy your fancy groceries. Fresh pork, Bologna sausgage, pork sausage, breakfast bacon, dried beef, white fish, cod fish, mackerel, cearse and fine grits for breakfast or dinner, Irish potatoes, onions, cabbage, turnips, the best Chedder cheese, the best Young America family cheese—small, 10 to 12 lbs each—and many other good things. Come and see.

THE PARRS.

Have one fine milch cow for sale. Call soon. Also a few pounds of lucerne seed low. We have a full stock of family supplies and fancy groceries and would be happy to see our friends and sell to them at lower figures than ever sold in this market. Call and examine our large stock.

An Undeniable Truth.

You deserve to suffer, and if you lead a miserable, unsatisfactory life in this beautiful world, it is entirely your own fault and there is only one excuse for you,—your unreasonable prejudice and skepticism which has killed thousands. Personal knowledge and common sense reasoning will soon show you that Green's August Flower will cure you of Liver Complaint, or Dyspepsia, with all its miserable effects, such as sick headache, palpitation of the heart, sour stomach, habitual costiveness, dizziness of the head, nervous prostration, low spirits, &c. Its sales now reach every town on the Western Continent and not a Druggist but will tell you of its wonderful cures. You can buy a Sample Bottle for 10 cents. Three doses will relieve you. For sale by W. M. NISBET, Jacksonville, Ala.

Save Your Child's Life!

By giving Dr. MOFFETT'S TEETHINA (*Teething Powders.*). TEETHINA will Regulate the Bowels and make Teething easy. Cures Cholera Infantum and Summer Complaints of Children. Heals Eruptions and Sores. Removes and Prevents Worms. Anodynes only soothe; TEETHINA cures the child.

For sale by Dr. W. M. NISBET, Jacksonville, Ala., and all Druggists keep it.

Relief at Last!

From Cholera Infantum and Summer Complaints. Dr. MOFFETT'S TEETHINA, (*Teething Powders*) Regulates the Bowels and makes Teething easy. Heals Eruptions and Sores. Removes and Prevents the formation of Worms in Children. No mother *should* be without it.

For sale by Dr. W. M. NISBET, Jacksonville, Ala., and all Druggists keep it.

aug 3

ATHENS, GA., December 8, 1877.

A few nights since, I gave my son one dose of Worm Oil, and the next day he passed 16 large worms. At the same time I gave one dose to my little girl, four years old, and she passed 38 worms from 4 to 15 inches long. W. F. PHILLIPS.

For sale by Dr. W. M. NISBET, Jacksonville July 6, '78—ca.

ATHENS, GA., February 22, 1878.

S. H. Adams' five years old, had symptoms of worms. I tried calomel and other worm medicines but failed to expel any worms. Seeing Mr. Bain's certificate, I got a vial of your Worm Oil, and the first dose brought forty worms, and the second dose so many were passed I did not count them. S. H. ADAMS.

For sale by Dr. W. M. NISBET, Jacksonville. July 6, '78—9m.

Encourage Home Manufacture.

ED. REPUBLICAN:—I would like a little space in your valuable paper for the good of our country and the public generally.

I have purchased from Mr. E. G. Morris one of his Turbine Water Wheels, of small size, (20 inches in diameter) for the purpose of running my sewing machine, and have given it a fair trial, and am pleased to say that it comes fully up to my highest expectations. By its power I can easily, at the present low state of water, run the belt of same in twenty-four hours, while I could not run more than 4 hours in the same length of time with an ox wheel under the same circumstances. I find it simple of construction, durable, compact of the finish and workmanship—thus rightly with a strong recommendation—takes very little water to run it, and wastes none—it costs but little over half as much as it would to get one of the same capacity from the North.

I would cheerfully recommend all persons owning water-power and in want of a wheel to purchase the Morris Turbine wheel, and keep their money at home, instead of sending it North to further enrich already bloated capitalists.

A. M. WHITSHIRE.

Oct 23—3

IN CHANCERY.

Bessie A. White [illegible] In Chancery at Jacksonville, Alabama [illegible] by next friend [illegible] Simon Jacobs, [illegible] vs. No. [illegible] John C. White. In the cause it is [illegible] 30th C. White, [illegible] to appear to the bill of complaint in this cause, on the complainant's solicitor, that the defendant, John C. White, is a non-resident of this State, and that his last place of residence known to affiant was Gold Hill, Nevada, and further that the said defendant is over the age of twenty-one years. It is therefore ordered by the Register that publication be made in the Jacksonville Republican, a weekly newspaper published in the town of Jacksonville, Alabama, for four consecutive weeks requiring the said John C. White to appear and plead to or answer the bill of complaint in this cause by the 25th day of Dec 1878 or a decree pro confesso will be taken against him, the said John C White, in thirty days thereafter. Done at office this 1st day of Nov. 1878

WM. M. HAMES, Register.

Nov9—4t

Look Here!

All those indebted to me are earnestly requested to make payment. Do by all means attend to this matter *now* for "delays are dangerous." I am notable to go over the country to see you, as in days gone by; but you can, and *ought*, to come in and see me. Think of your *duty* in the matter, and *discharge* that duty, so as to *have a clear conscience*.

Furnished you with goods at fair prices,—have waited patiently for the money, and now, when necessity calls for payment, surely you will hearken to the call. Please pay all *now* if you can; but if you cannot pay all at present do be certain to pay some promptly, and the balance as soon as circumstances will permit. Please call at my office and see me. Respectfully,

E. L. WOODWARD.

MARRIED OR SINGLE

DR. BUTTS

No. 12 N. Eighth St.

St. Louis, Mo.

Who has had greater experience in the treatment of the sexual troubles of both males and females than any physician in the West, gives the results of his long and successful practice in his own words, just published, entitled

The PHYSIOLOGY OF MARRIAGE

The PRIVATE MEDICAL ADVISER

Books that every really thinking and well-instructed man in all matters relating to Sexual and Womanhood, and supply wanting facts. They are beautifully illustrated, and in plain language, easily understood. 350 pages, by mail, in plain sealed wrapper, only $1 00. Illustrations for both, extra. Send single 3c. stamp for descriptive circulars, containing testimonials and full table of contents. Read what our home papers say of The Knowledge imparted in Dr. Butts' new work is in the way of an immense charity—but its sympathetic, fatherly tone should know. The Youth, the victim of early indiscretion, the Man, otherwise perfectly healthy, but suffering from the effects of ignorance in the selection of life, and the Married in misery, or disease, from the many ills that flesh is heir to,—St. Louis Journal.

POPULAR PRICES—50 cts. each; 3 for $1 00. Both in one volume, $1; in cloth and gilt, $1 25 each. Sent under seal, on receipt of price in money or stamps.

SINGER

BURNHAM'S

WARRANTED BEST AND CHEAPEST. Prices reduced. *Pamphlet free.*

AND MILLING SUPPLIES.

[illegible]

FOR SALE!

One saddle and buggy horse. No one can ride the saddle and a fast trotter in the buggy. One warranted buggy,—one good cow, and sewing mill. Apply

SALE OF LAND.

Under and by virtue of an order issued by the honorable the Probate Court of Calhoun county, State of Alabama. The undersigned as administrator of the estate of Craven Wilson late of said county, deceased, will sell at public outcry to the highest bidder, upon the premises, on Saturday the 7th day of December 1878, the following described real estate, to-wit:

Lots No. 20, 21 and 22 of Section 31, and Lot No. 22 of Sec. 33, and Fraction No. 17 of Sec. 36 in Township 12, Range 11; and also the North East ¼ and Fractions E. and F. of Sec. 18, and North East ¼ of North East ¼ and South West ¼ of North East ¼ of Sec. 9, Township 13, Range 11, and 30 acres of bottom land described as bounded on the west by Terrapin creek, on the south by J. J. Wilson's land, and by a slough running nearly North West bounding the East, North East and North side, and being in Sec. 1 of T. 13 of Range 10.

TERMS OF SALE.—One fourth cash and the remaining three-fourths on a credit of twelve months with interest from date: Note and approved security will be required to secure the unpaid purchase money.—This Nov. 4th 1878.

J. J. WILSON.
J. C. WILSON,
Administrators

ADM'R. SALE OF LAND.

Under and by virtue of an order of the Probate Court of Calhoun county, Ala. The undersigned Admr. of the estate of M. M. Hanna deceased, will proceed to rent upon the premises of decedent on the 30th day of Nov. 1878 the cleared land and premises belonging to said estate, for the year 1879.

Said lands and premises will be rented on a credit of twelve months, note and good security will be required to secure the rent money.

MONROE M. HANNA,
ADMR.

Nov. 9—4t.

SALE OF LAND.

I will offer for sale at public outcry, to the highest bidder, one-half cash,—balance on a credit of 12 months, bearing interest from date, in front of the court house door in the town of Jacksonville, Ala. on Monday, the 2nd day of Dec. 1878, the Nelson place 5 miles West of Jacksonville, Ala.. Calhoun county, the North East ¼, running to the top of the mountain to a stake and running with a straight line from one stake to the other, supposed to be 180 acres more or less, of Section 12, Township 14, Range 7, in the coosa land District.

J. R. LOVE.

TAX COLLECTOR'S

Last Round.

I will attend at the following places, and on the days mentioned below, for the purpose of collecting the State and County Taxes for the county of Calhoun, Ala., for the year 1878.

Precinct No 8 Green's School house Tuesday Dec. 3 1878.

Precinct No 9 Cross Plains Wednesday Dec. 4.

Precinct No 10 Ladiga Thursday Dec. 5

Precinct No 10 Beaver Town Friday Dec. 6

Precinct No 11 White Plains Saturday Dec. 7.

Precinct No 12 Davisville Tuesday Dec. 10.

Precinct No 13 Oxford Wednesday Dec. 11

Precinct No 15 Anniston Thursday Dec 12

Precinct No 2 Juno Bug (4 miles south of Jacksonville Friday Dec 13

Precinct No 1 Jacksonville Saturday Dec. 14.

Precinct No 4 Conaway's School house Tuesday Dec. 17

Precinct No 14 Sulphur Springs Wednesday Dec. 18.

Precinct No 6 Piedmont Thursday Dec. 19.

Precinct No 5 Alexandria Friday Dec 20

Precinct No 6 Peaks Mill Saturday Dec. 21.

Precinct No. 7 Webster's Chapel, Monday Dec. 23 1878.

I will also attend Jacksonville for 5 days in each of the month of Dec., to wit: the 26th, 27th, 28th, 30th and 31st. All taxes will become delinquent on the 1st day of January 1879, if not paid before that day.

JAMES M. WEBSTER,
T. C. C. Co.

Nov. 2—3t

Administrator's Sale of Land.

Under and by virtue of an order issued by the Honorable, the Probate Court of Calhoun county, Alabama, the undersigned as Administrator of the Estate of Miles W. Abernathy, deceased, will sell at public outcry to the highest bidder, the following described lands to-wit:

Lots one, seven and eight in section 16 containing eighty acres each—also a part of S. W quarter of section 15, beginning at southwest corner, thence north 54° W 160 poles to the half mile stake; thence north 54° east 115 poles to a stake and pointers on east side of mountain at D. Hoke's corner; thence south 54° east 160 poles to a stake and pointers on section line there, with the Section line, South 54° West, crossing the mill pond 82 poles and 10 links to rock and pointers on the side of the hill to J. Forney's corner; thence South 30° west to a stake and pointers on the line; thence with said line to beginning, including the line Merchant Mills and all appurtenances; also 100 acres in section 15 adjoining the lands of Alfred and Jos. Hoke, and a part of the home tract—all in township 14 and range 8. Also one-half interest in Tan Yard Lot in the Town of Jacksonville, containing one and one half acres in northeast corner of section 15, township 14, range 8; also southeast quarter of southwest quarter of section 28, township 14, range 8—all in Calhoun county, State of Alabama, and adjoins the corporate limits of the town of Jacksonville.

TIME, PLACE OF SALE & TERMS.

Said lands and mills will be sold at the mills on Monday the 2nd day of December, 1878, in lots of 80 acres.

Purchasers will be required to pay one third cash, one third in twelve months thereafter and one third in two years.—Note with two approved securities will be required for the unpaid purchase money.

H. L. STEVENSON,
Administrator &c.

NOTICE.

On, or about the 28th of Feb 1856, a Duplicate Land Warrant, No. 32642, was issued to Ellis Lott, for 120 acres, and said Duplicate warrant has been lost or destroyed, having been filed by me in the Register and Receiver's office at Centre Ala., on the 20th July 1861. And that I have made application to the Commissioner, of the General Land office for the issue of a duplicate for said warrant, No 32642.

October 3rd 1878.

JAMES HASON

45 Years Before the Public.

THE GENUINE

DR. C. McLANE'S

CELEBRATED

LIVER PILLS,

FOR THE CURE OF

Hepatitis, or Liver Complaint,

DYSPEPSIA AND SICK HEADACHE.

Symptoms of a Diseased Liver.

PAIN in the right side, under the edge of the ribs, increases on pressure; sometimes the pain is in the left side; the patient is rarely able to lie on the left side; sometimes the pain is felt under the shoulder blade, and is frequently extends to the top of the shoulder, and is sometimes mistaken for rheumatism in the arm. The stomach is affected with loss of appetite and sickness; the bowels in general are costive, sometimes alternative with lax; the head is troubled with pain, accompanied with a dull, heavy sensation in the back part. There is generally a considerable loss of memory, accompanied with a painful sensation of having left undone some thing which ought to have been done. A slight, dry cough is sometimes an attendant. The patient complains of weariness and debility; he is easily startled, his feet are cold or burning, and he complains of a prickly sensation of the skin; his spirits are low and although he is satisfied that exercise would be beneficial to him, yet he can scarcely summon up fortitude enough to try it. In fact, he distrusts every remedy. Several of the above symptoms attend the disease, but cases have occurred where few of them existed, yet examination of the body, after death, has shown the LIVER to have been extensively deranged.

AGUE AND FEVER.

DR. C. MCLANE'S LIVER PILLS, IN CASES OF AGUE AND FEVER, when taken with Quinine, are productive of the most happy results. No better cathartic can be used, preparatory to, or after taking Quinine. We would advise all who are afflicted with this disease to give them a FAIR TRIAL.

For all bilious derangements, and as a simple purgative, they are unequaled

BEWARE OF IMITATIONS.

The genuine are never sugar coated.

Every box has a red wax seal on the lid with the impression DR. MCLANE'S LIVER PILLS.

The genuine MCLANE'S LIVER PILLS bear the signatures of C. MCLANE and FLEMING BROS. on the wrappers.

Insist upon having the genuine DR. C. MCLANE'S LIVER PILLS, prepared by Fleming Bros., of Pittsburgh, Pa., the market being full of imitations of the name *McLane* spelled differently but same pronunciation.

THE TIMES DEMAND THAT YOU

Should buy your Type and material from us, and then reduce your price on printing. Send stamp for catalogue, and compare prices. Address, National Type Co., 58 South Third Street, Philadelphia.

Oct. 12.—tf.

State you saw the advertisement in this paper.

ADM'R. SALE OF VALUABLE LAND.

Under and by virtue of an order of the Probate Court of Calhoun county Alabama, made on the 7th day of November 1878. The Undersigned as administrator of the estate of J. B. Prater deceased, will on Thursday the 5th day of December 1878.

At the late residence of said deceased, proceed to sell at public outcry to the highest bidder, the following described land, to-wit:

The North West quarter and the North East quarter of the North East quarter, and East half of South West quarter, and West half of North East quarter, and North West quarter of South East quarter of Section 29, Township 12, Range 9, East in the Coosa Land District; containing 400 acres More or less.

THE TERMS of said sale will be one-third of the purchase money to be paid on day of sale, and the remaining two-thirds to be paid one year from said date of sale: Notes with approved security, and bearing interest from date of sale, will be required to secure the payment of the balance of the purchase money.

W. B. GREEN,
Administrator.

Nov. 9.—3t

THE STATE OF ALABAMA,
CALHOUN COUNTY.
Court of Probate.

Letters of administration on the estate of Wm. Scott deceased, having been granted to the undersigned on the 6th day of November 1878, by the Hon. L. W. Cannon Judge of the Probate Court of Calhoun county.

NOTICE is hereby given, that all persons having claims against said estate, will be required to present the same within the time allowed by law, or the same will be barred.

Nov. 9—3t. W. J. SCOTT, Admr.

NOTICE!

CALHOUN COUNTY NURSERY.

Being solicited by many influential citizens of this county, I commenced preparing in 1875 for an Apple Nursery, and will be prepared for market the ensuing Fall and Winter with the best selection of Spring, Summer, Fall and Winter Apple trees, acclimated for this latitude. The following varieties are embraced in my list:

EARLY SEASON.—May Apple, Sweet, Red June, Yellow June, White June, Green June, Striped June, Scarlet June.

SUMMER SEASON.—Sweet Apple, Horse Apple, Cider Apple.

FALL SEASON.—Fall Excelsior, Red Fall, Petty Fall, Turner Fall

WINTER SEASON.—Shockley, Red Pippen, Pen Nabors, Ball Crab, Clark Permain, Ben Davis, The Bradley, Nickajack, Carolina Red, Never Fail, Wine Sap, Limber Twig, English Crab, Sweet Permain, Tean, Royal Led, Father Abram.

I solicit all citizens to buy trees of my Nursery, which will be cheaper and as good or better than others, being acclimated, and keep your money near home so your neighbors can get to pay you for what he needs, instead of buying from a distance, paying the carrige and your money gone from this county. I expect to be around and engage trees and deliver at some convenient point. My Nursery is eight miles North of Jacksonville at the head of Ohatchee creek.

EDWAN, DEAN & Co.

JACKSONVILLE, ALABAMA.

DRY GOODS GROCERIES, HARDWARE QUEENSWARE, DRUGS &C.

In fact, everything kept in a first class establishment. Our Mr. Rowan attends personally to our purchas in New York, and buys to such advantage that we are enabled to give our customers the *VERY BOTTOM OF THE MARKET. TRY* us and see if you can't get *BETTER BARGAINS* than you can get elsewhere. We have the *LARGEST and BEST* assorted Stock in NORTH ALABAMA.

THE TENNESEE WAGON, THE BEST WAG on on the market, sold by us.

ROME GEO., MARBLE WORKS.

JONES & EDMUNDSON,

AMERICAN AND ITALIAN

MARBLE & GRANITE.

And Manufacturers of Tombs, Monuments and Headstones,

ROME GEORGIA.

Write for what you want, and they will write you what it will cost you.

FIRE INSURANCE.

The undersigned is Agent for (3) three good and reliable FIRE COMPANIES of the South, to wit.

GEORGIA HOME INSURANCE CO., COLUMBUS, GEORGIA.
HOME PROTECTION " " HUNTSVILLE, ALA.
CENTRAL CITY " " SELMA, ALA.

It is wisdom to Insure your Dwellings, Barns, Gin Houses, Merchandise, etc.

If you desire INSURANCE, call on me at JACKSONVILLE, ALABAMA, or address me through the mails—

I think I am warranted in saying that these Companies are all in a healthy condition financially, have a CAPITAL ample and sufficient to meet all their Liabilities.

I. L. SWAN, Agent,
Jacksonville, Ala.

Mch 25th, 1878—1 y

HILLS & MC'DONALD,

UNDERTAKERS.

ROME, GA.,

We have added to our

FURNITURE

Business that of Undertaking, and to those needing articles in this line we can offer a LARGE STOCK from which to select, and our best attention in the details of the business. We have a fine HEARSE, and are prepared in every way to give satisfaction to our patrons.

HEAD QUARTERS

FOR STOVES.

W. W. NISBET Still leads the market in cheap Cooking and Heating Stoves, and yet he sells the very BEST in the market. If you want a

Real Good Stove

of any kind for a SMALL amount of money, call on him at Jacksonville, and he will supply you at short notice.

Nov. 16.—tf.

Our Combined

CATALOGUE

FOR 1878 OF

EVERYTHING

FOR THE

GARDEN

Numbering 175 pages, with Colored Plate.

SENT FREE

To our customers of past years, and to all purchasers of our books, either GARDENING FOR PROFIT, PRACTICAL FLORICULTURE, Or GARDENING FOR PLEASURE. Price $1 50 each, prepaid by mail, To others on receipt of 25 cts. Plain Plant or Seed-Catalogues, without Plate, free to all.

Peter Henderson & Co.,
Seedsmen Market-Gardeners, and Florists,
35 Cortland St., New York.

JAMES HUTCHINSON,

Barber & Hair-dresser,

Room on Office Row, recently occupied by Dick Walker.

If you desire to have a pleasant and clean shave, or have your hair trimmed in neat and fashionable style, give him a call. Jacksonville, Apl 20, 1878.

THE WHITE SEWING MACHINE

The Best and Cheapest.

THIS Machine combines all the best and latest improvements, and has marked advantages over all others in use, being simple in construction, easily understood and worked.

The treadle enables the operator to run the Machine easier and faster than any other.

Every working part is in hardened adjustable steel bearings, having but little wear, so all loss motion can be easily taken up. For sale by

WOODSTOCK IRON CO.
Anniston, Ala.

A liberal discount allowed to Agents. I have seen nearly every kind of Sewing Machine. I consider the White the best and most perfect made.

SAM'L NOBLE.

April 20, 1878—1y.

Special Notice to the Public.

C. H. RANGER

HOUSE, Sign and Ornamental Painter. He is ready to do all class of

PAINTING

Plain and Fancy, Paper Hanging in all styles, both plain and Fresco, Kalsomining on hard or soft finish. This Kalsomine is warranted to give entire satisfaction; it will neither peel nor crack. Also his Leads is of the best brands from F. W. Devoe's celebrated strictly pure N. Y. Lead and Color Co, and the St. Louis Southern White Lead Co. I am seeking for work, try me and be pleased, as I warrant all work and use the best stock. Good references if required.

Address Republican Office, R.

C. H. RANGER.

The Remedy of the 19th Century.

Barham's Infallible

PILE CURE.

Manufactured by the Barham Pile Cure Co., Durham, N. C.

It never fails to cure Hemorrhoids or Piles, when a cure is possible. Price $1.0 and bona fide testimonials furnished on application

R. T. HOYT,

(Successor to W. D. HOYT & CO.)

Wholesale Druggist,

No. 43 BROAD STREET, ROME Ga

Keeps constantly on hand,

DRUGS, Field & Grass Seeds of all kinds; ONION SETTS; *Seed Irish Potatoes*;

Buist's GARDEN SEEDS;

WINDOW GLASS, PAINTS, OIL VARNISHES, &c

Rome, Ga. Jan. 20, 1877—tf.

H. A. SMITH

ROME, G.A.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

Bookseller and Music Dealer

KEEPS constantly on hand, a large stock of School and Miscellaneous BOOKS, Stationery and Fancy Articles—Pianos and Organs, at prices that will defy competition in any market in the South.

A MAGNIFICENT STOCK OF

CROQUET SETS

In Wood Boxes $1.50,

and upwards, complete. Orders by mail promptly filled—heavy discounts to Merchants and Schools. Jan. 27, 1877.

A LECTURE TO YOUNG MEN,

Just Published, in a sealed Envelope. Price six cents.

A Lecture on the Nature Treatment, and Radical cure of Seminal Weakness or Spermatorrhœa, induced by self-abuse, involuntary emissions, impotency, nervous debility, and impediments to marriage generally; consumption, epilepsy, and fits, mental and physical incapacity, &c.—By ROBERT J. CULVERWELL, M. D., author of the Green Book, &c.

The world-renowned author, in this admirable Lecture, clearly proves from his own experience that the awful consequences of self abuse may be effectually removed without medicine, and without dangerous surgical operations, bougies, instruments, rings or cordials, pointing out a mode of cure at once, certain and effectual by which every sufferer, no matter what his condition may be, may cure himself cheaply, privately and radically.

☞ This Lecture will prove a boon to thousands and thousands. Sent under seal, in a plain envelope, to any address, on receipt of six cents, or two postage stamps.

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AGRICULTURE.

EFFECT OF DIFFERENT MANURES.—The writer has had a good chance to note the effect upon grain of a difference in soil by removal of buildings and clearing up of an old home site. The whole was ploughed and sown to oats.—Where the pig pen had stood was a black growth lodged flat before the grain was headed out. The chip-yard showed a good growth except in a few small spots, where the grain dwindled; it was too dry. The place occupied by the ash-shanty had little upon it, but around it was a dark circle of long, thick grain—nothing better. The door-yard showed a good yield, about like the garden and the potato patch, perhaps a little stouter. —Around the cellar was a heavy yield, lodged somewhat; the rest of the field bore an ordinary crop. Perhaps the best of all these was that around the ash-house. That on the pig manure was worthless. We should like to have seen the corn upon it. We have seen grass (orchard grass) and weeds grow around an old heap of spent ashes, and the growth was interesting; such a profusion of grass blades, such length, measuring several feet, we have never seen; it seemed almost incredible.—Urine applied fresh upon the grass will kill it; but afterwards it will make up in growth. Where sewage has been applied for many years, great weeds rose when the application was suspended. A sunflower planted in the same spot was almost a tree, and yet the land was a hard clay and gravel. The sunflower was incidentally planted where the soil had been loosened in search of angle-worms. All these things tell, and are useful lessons. The lesson is, save and distribute the fertilizers; all of them.

WHEAT, HAY &c.—Careful experiments have shown that wheat cut twelve to fourteen days before the grain is fully ripe weighs heavier, measures more, is of better quality, and yields a larger proportion of flour. There is going to be a second crop of good hay in many localities, on account of the recent rains. Grass, when made into hay, contains 14 to 15 per cent. of water; in the green state some 80 per cent. The dry part contains, besides its nutritious substances, gum, sugar and oil, and about 50 per cent. of woody fibre. The time of cutting grass has much to do with the nutritious value of hay. When the leaves and stems are green they contain large quantities of sugar, gum, etc., a part of which is changed into woody fibre as they ripen. Hence they lose a larger portion of their nutritious qualities when not cut before ripening. A large quantity of poor hay is brought to market simply because farmers are not particular as to the time of cutting their grass.

ALL the world over, baby governs. Yet often disease will overcome the baby and then it is that Dr. Bull's Baby Syrup proves its worth by conquering the disease. Price 25 cents a bottle.

RULES FOR TAE CARE OF SHEEP.—Keep sheep dry under foot with clean litter. This is more necessary than roofing them. Never let them stand or lie in the mud or snow. If a ewe loses her her lamb, milk her daily for a few days, and mix a little alum with her salt. Never frighten sheep, if possible to avoid it. Separate all weak, sick or thin sheep in the fall from those that are strong, and give them special care. If any sheep is hurt, catch it at once and wash the wound with a healing lotion. If a leg is broken, bind it with splinters tightly, loosening as the limb swells. If a sheep is lame, examine its foot, clean out between the hoofs; if unsound, apply tobacco, with blue vitroil boiled in a little water. Shear at once any sheep commencing to shed its wool, unless the weather is too severe. Keep none but the best, and see that they are properly attended to.

SHEDS ADJOINING BARNS.—No barnyard is complete without its shed, or sheds, fronting the south, or the east. Sheep and young stock will in most winters be amply protected in them; and they can here be fed in racks in cold, stormy weather, and in the open yard in mild weather. If made high and commodious, the fodder for sheep and young cattle can all be kept in the upper part; and it would often be very useful to have a door to open from the second story of the shed to the second story of the barn. The party who asked the above question, speaks of swine in connection with planning a barn; but the hog pen should always be separate from the barn, but at the side of a small building made to contain their food, and a boiler to cook it at times.

Butter in Paris.

It is true that the only salted butter you ever find in Paris is the American butter, but there this is only used for cooking, and is never sold in butter stores, but in groceries. It is our common tub butter. The French butter, the finest possible product of its kind, is sold in the butter stores scattered all over the city, which furnish nothing but dairy products and eggs. These stores are generally models of order and neatness. Young girls or women in snowy caps and aprons, courteous and obliging, serve the customers, while a responsible looking maiden sits at the desk supervising the business and keeping the books. In Paris, women seem to have monopolized the occupation of book keeping. One of the butter stores of Paris I remember especially, and will briefly describe it. It was near the grand market (La Halle). The large window on the right of the entrance always contained a large, loosely-arranged boquet of fresh flowers, apparently gathered from some rural garden. There was nothing else in the window except a glass covered stand containing Bondon cheese and the *double creme seisse*. Inside, there was a long horseshoe counter or table, where eggs and cheese were sold, and on either side marble tables, each containing about four huge masses of butter, shaped like an inverted butter firkin. Over each mass was hung a delicate silver wire about two feet long, both ends terminating in a piece of cork. With this wire the sales-woman would cut, almost always exactly, any amount ordered from a half a quarter to a pound. It being a costly product, and always purchased daily, small quantities are the rule. To separate the quantity ordered, lay it on a square of delicate white paper on the little scales, weigh it, pinch the corners of the paper together, and place it on the cool lettuces in your basket, is the work of a very few seconds with these expert sales-women. Lettuces you would be sure to have in your basket, for no one goes to market in Paris without buying them, they are so crisp and fresh, and naturally you would purchase butter after everything else, that it might reach home in the freshest possible state. In a Paris butter store there is no need of tasting or smelling the butter; buy the highest or even the next to the highest price, and the quality is sure to be perfect, having that exquisite color, texture, and sweet clover aroma possible only to the very best. Salt lessens or destroys this aroma in a very short time, and is not necessary as a preservative, for the butter is made every day. Ten years ago the Paris price of the finest butter was about forty cents a pound; during the siege it sold at forty francs, and was scarce enough at that.

Esquimaux Dogs.

Arctic explorers complain that their Esquimaux dogs are very much in the way on deck. The English explorer, Captain Nares, says: "Being in strange quarters the dogs are baying in concert, the distracting noise frequently diversified by a sharp howl, as a sailor in forcing his way through their midst uses the toe of his boot. The packs collected from three or four different settlements are strangers to each other. The king dog of each team is necessarily tied up, his subordinates clustering around and crouching at his feet. In their anxious endeavors to protect their followers, and if possible to maintain and extend their rights, these king dogs are straining their very utmost at the ropes, snarling and lifting their upper lips, evidently longing for the time when they may fight it out and decide who is to be ruler over all. By sheer fighting each has worked his way to the position he now holds, the most determined animal gaining the day.

SCIENTIFIC.

The Electric Light in Paris.—The electric light in Paris, chiefly known to American visitors, is the Jablochkoff candle. There is another, however, known as the Lontin light, which has been adopted by several establishments, and is now exhibited in London outside the Gaiety Theatre. The Lontin light is worked by a machine invented by M. Lontin himself, it produces at will a single current or multiple currents, direct currents, and inverted currents. These can be distributed on several circuits. With a single machine thirty-six lights have already been produced. The motive force employed to produce a light equal to 100 Carcel burners is half a horse power. The carbons are vertically placed, one above the other, in the Lontin light as in that of M. Jablochkoff. The light comes not only from the electric arc between them, but also from the carbon ends themselves, which become incandescent and are consumed. A clock-work regulator advances them as they waste away, and it is stated that to such perfection has this contrivance been brought, that for a week or more the lights at the Gaiety have required no adjustment during the four hours for which they burn every night. Having once been set, the regulator has each night advanced the points without any aid from men. At Paris little accidents are not unfrequent with the electric light. The Avenue de l'Opera is occasionally left in sudden darkness by some contretemps. A Lontin light exhibited in experiments at the Paris Exhibition has remained luminous for twenty-one hours.

The Sheep's Sense of Hearing.—It is said that so acute is the sheep's sense of hearing that she can distinguish the cry of her own lamb among as many as a thousand others all bleating at the same time; and another lamb, too, is able to to recognize its mother's voice even though it be in the midst of a large flock. James Hogg, who was a shepherd as well as a poet, tells us that it was very amusing to watch the sheep and lambs during their shearing season. While the sheep were being shorn the lambs would be put in a fold by themselves, and the former would be sent to join their little ones as soon as the operation of shearing was over. The moment a lamb heard its mother's voice it would hasten from the crowd to meet her, but instead of finding the "rough, well-clad comfortable mamma" which it had left a short time before, it would meet a strange and most deplorable-looking creature. At the sight of this it would wheel about, uttering the most piteous cry of despair, and perhaps run away. Soon, however, the sheep's voice was heard again; the lamb would thereupon return, once more bound away, and sometimes repeat this conduct for ten or a dozen times before it fully understood that the shorn ewe was really its mother.

Influence of Gaslight on the Eye.—The German Minister of Instruction has recently issued a report on the influence of gaslight on the eye. The conclusion arrived is that no evil results follow a moderate use of gas, if the direct action of the yellow flame on the eye is prevented. For this purpose screens or shades are employed. Grave objections, however, exist to the use of zinc or lead shades, most evils affecting the eye being traceable to them. Their use, it is said, inevitably tends to blindness or inflamation, and other harmful effects. The milky-white glass shade is the best, as it distributes the light and has a grateful effect on the eye. The burner should not be to close too the head, as congestions of the forhhead and headaches result from the radiated heat. The glass plate below the gas, employed in some places, in some places, is especially useful for the purpose, as it causes an equal distribution of the light —necessary where a number are working at one burner—prevents the radiation of heat, and tends to a steady illumination by shielding the flames from currents of air. In cases of highly inflamed eyes, dark blue globes can be very beneficially employed. With precautions of this kind, no evil effects from the burning of gas need be feared.

M. Chevreul, in a paper in Comptes Rendus, comes forward in support of the optical principles of Newton, and in opposition to the false hypothesis recently advanced by various scientists that the fundamental colors are red, green and violet—yellow being formed of red and green, and blue of violet and purple. The author's experiments sufficiently prove to him that the late views are absolutely false.

WEAK LUNGS and Sensitive Throats are severely tried by the sudden changes of temperature, which are usual in our climate, and we accordingly find Asthmatic Affections, Lung Troubles, Pleurisy, Bronchitis, and similar complaints more or less prevalent at all seasons. Coughs and Colds, the forerunners of these often fatal complaints, should be promptly taken in hand on the first symptoms, by resorting at once to Dr. Jayne's Expectorant, an old and well-tried remedy, certain to remove your Cold, and to exert a healing and strengthening effect on the Pulmonary and Bronchial organs.

DOMESTIC.

HOW TO MAKE DYES.—A German writer tells us that a number of excellent dyes can be obtained from the berries of common plants, by boiling them in water so as to produce a strong decoction. The whortleberry and the blueberry, when boiled down, with an addition of a little alum and copperas, will make a fine shade of dark blue. The same treatment, with a solution of nut galls added to it, will make a handsome brown; while, by adding alum, verdigris and sal ammoniac to the berries, several shades of bright purple and red can be obtained. The juice of elderberries boiled in water with a little alum will also produce a shade of blue. The berries of the privet, when overripe, will yield, by a mixture of a little salt, a scarlet red; and the seeds of the burning bush, when treated with sal ammoniac, make a beautiful reddish-purple. The juice of the currant, with a little alum, will dye a bright shade of red; and the bark of the bush, treated in the same way, makes a good brown. Yellow can be obtained from the bark of the elm, the poplar, the ash and the apple tree, boiled down strong and mixed with alum water. The tassels of broom corn, treated in the same way, produce a good shade of green.

TOMATOES FOR SUPPER.—Few people know how to prepare uncooked tomatoes in the way adopted in my family, and incomparably better than any mode I have ever tasted. By this mode they are very desirable for supper or for breakfast. For a family of half a dozen persons, take six eggs, boil four of them hard, dissolve the yolk with vinegar sufficient and about three teaspoonfuls of mustard, and mash as smooth as possible; then add the two remaining eggs (raw) yolk and white, stir well; then add oil to make altogether sauce sufficient to cover the tomatoes well; add plenty of salt and cayenne pepper, and beat thoroughly until it froths. Skin and cut the tomatoes a full fourth of an inch thick, and pour the sauce over, and you have a dish fit for a President. Though a little troublesome to prepare, yet if once eaten by people who are blessed with palates to enjoy good they will be pronounced to be far superior to any other mode of preparation. We use them constantly in this way for these meals. For dinner they are the best stewed, but they should always be strained before sending to table.

APPLE PUDDINGS should be made thus: Make a paste with equal quantities of sifted flour and finely chopped suet, a pinch of salt and a little water. Roll it out thin into a large piece, place this over a well-buttered basin, and push it in so as to line the basin with it; cut it off all round so as to leave enough to fold up; roll the trimmings to such a size as to cover the top of the basin. Pare, core and slice a quantity of good sound apples. Put them in the basin with brown sugar to taste, and either some chopped lemon peel, two or three cloves, or a little grated nutmeg; add a small piece of fresh butter, pack the apples tightly in, put on the cover of paste; turn up the edges and press them down, tie floured pudding cloth over, and put the basin into a sance-pan full of boiling water, which should come well over the pudding. Boil from two to three hours, according to size.

NOODLE SOUP.—Cut fine all the flesh from the bones of two fowls and together with the frame put the meat on to boil; about an hour before dinner take out the bones or frame; half an hour before dinner put in some noodles made as follows: Four eggs well beaten, mixed well with flour and a pinch of salt, stiff enough to roll very thin; make two hours before you are ready to use them; cut them into the thinnest possible strips; season the soup with salt and pepper.

TO CLEAN CANE CHAIR BOTTOMS.—Turn up the chair bottom, and wash well, so that it may become completely soaked. If very dirty, use soap. A slight washing of the upper part with a sponge, or flannel and water, will suffice. Let the chairs dry in the open air, if possible, or in a place where there is a thorough draught, and they will become as tight and firm as when new, provided they be not broken.

OUR WESTERN BORDER ONE HUNDRED YEARS AGO.—THE PERIOD OF INDIAN WARS AND PIONEER HARDSHIPS.—HISTORY OF AN HEROIC AGE. Published by J. C. McCURDY & Co., Philadelphia, Cincinnati, Chicago, Ill., and St. Louis Mo. See advertisement in another column. It was with agreeable surprise that we learned of the publication of a volume which filled our ideal of an intermediate history, covering the heroic events between the coast settlements and the triumphant establishment of white supremacy on our soil. It was with equal pleasure that we learned this book was from the pen of one so familiar with the field as Mr. McKnight, whose previous volumes have brought him a notice not by any means confined to this country or a single language. We looked into the volume with no misgivings of its merits, and we read it only to be surprised with the amount of labor it evinced.

The author has well nigh exhausted the rich field of history and tradition, intervening between the dawn of colonial settlement and the sunrise of our permanent institutions. He has gleaned with untiring hand the stirring events of the Western Border One Hundred Years Ago, and has set them in an order and language for which he should receive universal thanks. We know not which to commend most, the faithful collating and chronicling of recognized historic facts, or the literary embalmment of a myriad of floating traditions, the latter always throwing a romantic halo around the former, the former always contributing spine and probability to the latter.

Certes, out of a truly fruitful and wonderful subject, the author has made a wonderfully interesting book, and one as useful as it is thrilling. It is customary to speak of Cooper's "Leather Stocking Series" as embracing in a fanciful way all the varied lessons of Border Life. But it is too refined and fictional to satisfy, however much it may excite and interest. Ideality is not life. The honey-fed soon long for bread. However sweet the waters of the stream, those at the source are sweeter. In "Border Life One Hundred Years Ago" we get the very spring of pioneer character and existence. We taste of the real, and not of the ideal. Yet we find, as it has ever been found, that fact in a heroic age surpasses all fiction in interest, and that native traditions do not improve, either in their wonderment or their poetry, when they are dressed up to suit the purposes of the novelists.

It is but due to the publishers of this gem of modern books to say that they have gotten it up in that elaborate and elegant style so peculiarly their own, and that they offer it to the public at a rate which shows their determination to secure for it the large circulation its merits demand. We prophesy for it a very large patronage, for it has all the elements of easy introduction and rapid sale.

HUMOROUS.

BIJAH AND NOVEL-READING.—A motherly-looking woman about fifty years of age, entered the parlor, and when invited to divide her burden of woe and anxiety she began:

"Mr. Joy, I have a daughter."

"And I have three," was his encouraging reply.

"This daughter of ours is a dear girl, Mr. Joy. She is our only child, and of course we are concerned about her future."

"Very likely, madam. I used to be concerned for fear my daughters would marry blind men."

"Our daughter has a passion for reading, Mr. Joy. She reads about ten novels per week, and often sits up till midnight to read the story-papers. Her father and I have been wondering if she is not reading a little too much. I was going by, you see, and I thought I'd call in and see you about it. Do you think this novel-reading will affect her future! What would you advise?"

"Well, if I had a daughter," he slowly replied, "I think I'd let her read about twenty-four novels per week; I'd let her sit up till midnight, and lie abed till noon; I'd hire a servant to comb her hair and cook her canaries; I wouldn't let her lift her hand to housework, and I'd practice her till she could pound a piano and drawl her voice in a fashionable way."

"And then?" she queried as he paused.

"Then, when she was old enough to marry, the whole family would turn out and hunt down a husband for her, wish 'em much joy, and——"

"And what?"

"And know that she would make him the most miserable wretch in town, madam! Don't teach your daughter to sweep or cook, because it is unfashionable. Don't teach her to know butter from beef-bones, because it will affect her standing in society. Don't teach her to cut and baste and fit and sew, because some one may suspect that her grandmother invented the needle. Bring her up to be nothing and know nothing. Get her three average servant girls to run her house for her, and if her husband doesn't run away or commit suicide within eight months it's because he hasn't brains enough to come in when it hails!"

"Mr. Joy, I shall not take your advice!" she indignantly replied.

"My dear woman, I haven't given you any," he humbly remarked.

"I think we know enough to manage our daughter, sir!"

"I believe you, madam."

"And she shall read all the novels she wants to, sir!"

"She shall, madam; I have a dozen to lend you."

The woman rushed out in an indignant manner, leaving a cloud of dust behind, and the old man fought a fly off his bald head and mused:

"P'raps a wife who can jump out of bed at midnight and run down-stairs and mix a mustard plaster in the dark, or knock an old barrel to pieces and cook dinner for fifteen country relations at twenty minutes notice, hain't of no account in this world, but I've got just an hour and a half to argy that point with some human hyena."

THE Holland Government have used the metric system in weights since 1817, but by law compelled all scales to be adjusted to a graduation of their own.

This caused more or less trouble among their merchants and recently a Board of Engineers was appointed to recommend some improvement. As the result of their observations the Government has just modified the law, and adopted the plans of Fairbanks & Co., naming that make of scales the new standard.

"HOW DID my little girl get on with her alphabet?" asked a mother of a school-teacher. "She was lost at C, ma'am," was the reply.

A LOVELY landscape all dotted over with unsightly boulders, is not more unpleasant to the sight than is a human face disfigured with Bumps and Pimples, those prime evidences of impurity of the Blood. Dr. Bull's Blood Mixture will remove all such disfigurements promptly.

"AH!" EXCLAIMED good old Deacon Stebbins, as he gazed at the skeleton of a jackass, "we are tearfully and wonderfully made!"

AN OLD MAID, who hates the male sex, cuts a female acquaintance recently, who complimented her on the *buoyancy* of her spirits.

THE man who dreamt he dwelt in marble halls woke up to find that the clothes had been pulled off from him by his wife.

THE only objection we have to sleeping cars arises from our disinclination to being bed-ridden.

"ANOTHER fat man reduced." He was a soap-fat man, and once worth his thousands.

PROCRASTINATION is a Peter Funk—giving for genuine that which proves to be worthless.

A Fatal Meal.

Eating heartily at once after long famishing will produce excruciating pain, and sometimes death. A man named Paquette was engaged in one of the upper Ottawa shanties as cook, but neglecting his personal appearance, the men insisted upon his being discharged.

He left the shanty after having supplied himself with sufficient provisions to last him until he reached the first farm houses. On his second day out, a blinding snow storm came on, and he lost his way. At the end of the third day his provision bag gave out, and he had not the slightest idea of his whereabouts. He walked on, however, in the hope of reaching some welcome goal. On the seventh day, he had grown so weak that he was unable to walk any further. He had laid himself down on a snow bank, and made up his mind that he had to perish.

He had been there but a few minutes when a horse and cutter came in view, and he had hardly strength left to hail the driver. He succeeded, however, in the end, and it turned out to be a priest, to whom he told his story. The reverend gentleman drove him to the parsonage, and gave the half starved man something to eat. He left him alone at the table while he went out to look after his horse, and when he returned, found Paquette lying on the floor, writhing in agony. Before medical aid could be summoned, the unfortunate man had expired. On examination being made it was found death was caused by excessive eating.

THE following comes from Kansas: Two persons, neither of whom bears any striking resemblance to any great jurist except for corpulency, were comfortably seated, talking over matters and things, when one said:

"I once sat on the judge's bench in Texas."

"That so?" asked his friend. "Where was the judge?"

WHAT does it profit a man these days to know that his wife has a closet stored full of mop rags, and at the same time feel that he has no ulster.

A WAG recently defined moustaches to be the upper lip in mourning for the brains.

Well Toned Systems.

Systems toned and renovated with Hostetter's Stomach Bitters are most effectually defended from disease. That supreme invigorant soon overcomes that distressing feebleness, consequent upon ailments which impoverish the blood and relax the muscles. Vigor, appetite, sleep, return to the wasted frame, and every physical faculty gains greater activity through its benign influence. Nor is this all, for the Bitters have a most genial and cheering effect upon the mind of the despondent invalid, which is the natural effect of the increased bodily vitality which they produce. Nervous symptoms disappear in consequence of the use of this medicine, and the evil consequences sure to result from a premature decay of the physical energies are averted. Dyspepsia, liver complaints, rheumatic ailments, urinary and uterine irregularities, malarial diseases, and many other disordered conditions of the system, are remedied by the Bitters.

FOR ALL DISORDERS arising from an unhealthy condition of the liver and stomach, no remedy equals Schenck's Mandrake Pills. No matter how costive or bilious the system may be, the habit of the body is immediately corrected and regulated, and the organs are brought to a healthy and natural activity.

For sale by all Druggists.

Something of Interest.

Chas. W. Skill, Esq., telegraph operator, Nineteenth District Station House, Philadelphia, says that having suffered a long time with a bad attack of rheumatism, which nothing would relieve, he tumbled by good luck upon Dr. Herndon's Gypsey's Gift, a single bottle of which acted like magic, relieving him in one day, and he "praises the bridge that carried him over." The great point is its action on the blood, from which it drives the germs of the malady. Sold by all Druggists in Philadelphia. Send for circular to J. J. Grindall, Box 520, P. O. Baltimore.

Liver is King.

The Liver is the imperial organ of the whole human system, as it controls the life, health and happiness of man. When it is disturbed in its proper action, all kinds of ailments are the natural result. The digestion of food, the movements of the heart and blood, the action of the brain and nervous system, are all immediately connected with the workings of the Liver. It has been successfully proved that Green's August Flower is unequalled in curing all persons afflicted with Dyspepsia or Liver Complaint, and all the numerous symptoms that result from an unhealthy condition of the Liver and Stomach. Sample bottles to try, 10 cents. Positively sold in all towns on the Western Continent. Three doses will prove that it is just what you want.

Hoofland's German Bitters.

During the warm season the nerves become enfeebled and the whole system debilitated. The stomach loses its power of digestion, the liver becomes congested and sluggish, causing constipation or diarrhea, dysentery and cholera morbus; and the prevalence of more or less malaria at this season engenders ague, bilious or typhoid fevers, often of serious import. To avoid these consequences, take, night and morning, a tablespoonful of Hoofland's German Bitters; it is a splendid tonic and alterative, that will restore the appetite and digestion, tone the nerves, regulate the liver and strengthen and build up the whole system to withstand the summer heat and all its baneful influences.

Reliable Dry Goods House.

If you want Silks, Black Goods, Dress Goods, Hosiery or Dry Goods of any kind below the market prices, and wish to have the advantage of all the great trade sales, and of losses made by importers, send your orders or write for samples to B. P. Dewees, 1124 (formerly of 725) Chestnut street. They send out thousands of samples and fill orders daily from all parts of the country.

STAUNTON (VA.) VINDICATOR OFFICE.—Dr. C. W. Benson:—We lose no opportunity to recommend your Celery and Chamomile Pills to our friends for Neuralgia and Sick and Nervous Headache. They act like a charm with us.
TINSLEY & MORTON.

Pennsylvania trade supplied by Johnston Holloway & Co., French Richard & Co., Bullock & Crenshaw, of Philadelphia.

Hon. A. H. Stevens.

The great statesman of the South, says: "I used Durang's Rheumatic Remedy for rheumatism with great benefit." It never fails to cure the worst case. Send for circular to Helphenstine & Bentley, Druggists, Washington, D. C. Sold by all druggists.

EPILEPSY, or Falling Fits, is such a distressing malady and one so calculated to rob life of its comfort and take from the afflicted ones that feeling of confidence and security which health promotes, that it is with a feeling of relief, we read the certificates of those who have been great sufferers from this malady, but whose restoration to health has been brought about by the use of "Hance's Epileptic Pills." Their testimonials will be found in another column of this paper, and are worthy of careful consideration.

LANDRETHS' SEEDS
ARE THE BEST.
D. LANDRETH & SONS.
21 & 23 South SIXTH St., Philadelphia.

Established 1833.
MERCHANT'S
GARGLING OIL LINIMENT.
Yellow Wrapper for Animal and White for Human Flesh.
IS GOOD FOR

Burns and Scalds,	Sprains and Bruises,
Chilblains, Frost Bites,	Strains, Windgalls,
Scratches or Grease,	Foot Rot in Sheep,
Chapped Hands,	Foundered Feet,
Flesh Cuts,	Hoop in Poultry,
External Poisons,	Cracked Heels,
Sand Cracks,	Epizootic,
Galls of all kinds,	Lame Back,
Scratches,	Hemorrhoids or Piles,
Salt Rheum,	Toothache,
Ringbone,	Rheumatism,
Spavin,	Spavin, Sweeney,
Sweenings, Tumors,	Fistula, Mange,
Garget in Cows,	Caked Breasts,
Cracked Teats,	Sore Nipples,
Callous, Lameness,	Curb, Old Sores,
Horn Distempers,	Corns, Whitlows,
Crown-scab, Quitter,	Grease, Bolls,
Foul Ulcers, Farcy,	Weakness of the Joints,
Abscess of the Udder,	Contraction of Muscles.
Swelled Legs,	
Thrush,	

Merchant's Gargling Oil is the standard Liniment of the United States. Large size, $1; medium size, 50c.; small, 25c. Small size for family use, 25c. Manufactured at Rockport, N. Y., by Merchant's Gargling Oil Company.
JOHN HODGE, Sec'y.

WE HAVE IT AT LAST.
A PERFECT
Shirt Bosom Stretcher
AND IRONING BOARD.

Best selling article in Market. Sells at sight, both in city and country. There are Agents selling Two Dozen daily. It is Superior in every respect, and more saleable than any other board. It was Patented November 20, 1877. Large percentages paid. Territorial and Retail Agents Wanted. STATE AND COUNTY RIGHTS FOR SALE. Send for circulars and terms to

A. W. SMITH,
McKeesport, Allegheny County, Pa.
(Say in what paper you saw this advertisement.)

IT COSTS NOTHING!
To try our organs, as we send one to any address on ten days' trial, and refund freight if not purchased. Solid walnut cases, 12 stops, 2 1/2 sets of reeds.
PRICE $71. Five Years' warranty. Direct from the factory.
Alleger, Bowlby & Co.,
Catalogues free. WASHINGTON, New Jersey.

VEGETINE

I will try Vegetine.

HE DID, AND WAS CURED.

DELAWARE, O., Feb. 16, 1877.

DR. H. R. STEVENS:

Dear Sir,—I wish to give you this testimony, that you may know and let others know what Vegetine has done for me. About two years ago a small sore came on my leg; it soon became a large Ulcer, so troublesome, that I consulted the doctor, but I got no relief, growing worse from day to day. I suffered terribly; I could not rest day or night; I was so reduced my friends thought I would never recover. I consulted a doctor at Columbus. I followed his advice; it did no good. I can truly say I was discouraged. At this time I was looking over my newspaper; I saw your advertisement of Vegetine, the "Great Blood Purifier," for cleansing the blood from all impurities, curing Humors, Ulcers, &c. I said to my family, I will try some of the Vegetine. Before I had used the first bottle I began to feel better. I made up my mind I had got the right medicine at last. I could now sit up well nights. I continued taking the Vegetine. I took thirteen bottles. My health is good. The Ulcer is gone, and I am able to attend to business. I paid about four hundred dollars for medicine and doctors before I bought the Vegetine. I have recommended Vegetine to others with good success. I always keep a bottle of it in the house now. It is a most excellent medicine.

Very respectfully yours, F. ANTHONI,

Mr. Anthoni is one of the pioneers of Delaware, O. He settled here in 1834. He is a wealthy gentleman, of the firm of F. Anthoni & Sons. Mr. Anthoni is extensively known, especially among the Germans. He is well known in Cincinnati. He is respected by all.

IMPURE BLOOD.—In morbid conditions of the blood are many diseases, such as salt-rheum, ringworm, boils, carbuncles, sores, ulcers and pimples. In this condition of the blood try the Vegetine and cure these affections. As a blood purifier it has no equal. Its effects are wonderful.

VEGETINE

Cured Her.

DORCHESTER, MASS., June 11.

MR. H. R. STEVENS:

Dear Sir,—I feel it my duty to say one word in regard to the great benefit I have received from the use of one of the greatest wonders of the world: it is your Vegetine. I have been one of the greatest sufferers for the last eight years that ever could be living. I do sincerely thank my God and your Vegetine for the relief I have got. The Rheumatism has pained me to such an extent, that my feet broke out in sores. For the last three years I have not been able to walk. Now I can walk and sleep, and do my work as well as ever I did, and I must say I owe it all to your blood purifier, Vegetine.

MARGERY WELLS.

VEGETINE.—The great success of the Vegetine as a cleanser and purifier of the blood is shown beyond a doubt by the great number who have taken it and received immediate relief, with such remarkable cures.

VEGETINE

Is Better than any Medicine.

HENDERSON, KY., Dec. 1877.

I have used H. R. Stevens Vegetine, and like it better than any medicine I have used for purifying the blood. One bottle of Vegetine accomplished more good than all other medicines I have taken. THOS. LYNE,
Henderson, Ky.

Vegetine is composed of Roots, Barks and Herbs. It is very pleasant to take; every child likes it.

VEGETINE

Recommended by M. D.'s.

MR. H. R. STEVENS:—

Dear Sir,—I have sold Vegetine for a long time, and find it gives almost excellent satisfaction. A. B. DE FIEST, M. D.,
Hazleton, Ind.

VEGETINE,
Prepared by
H. R. STEVENS, Boston, Mass.

Vegetine is Sold by all Druggists.

FITS!
FITS! FITS! FITS!
CURE OF EPILEPSY; OR, FALLING FITS,
BY HANCE'S EPILEPTIC PILLS.

Persons laboring under this distressing malady, will find Hance's Epileptic Pills to be the only remedy ever discovered for curing Epilepsy or Falling Fits.

The following certificates should be read by all the afflicted as they are in every respect true, and should be read by any one who is not afflict himself, if he has a friend who is a sufferer, be with the humane act by cutting this out and sending it to him.

A MOST REMARKABLE CURE.

PHILADELPHIA, June 28, 1877.

SETH HANCE, Baltimore, Md.—Dear sir: Seeing your advertisement, I was induced to try your Epileptic Pills. I was attacked with Epilepsy in July, 1864. Immediately my physician was summoned, but he could give me no relief. I then consulted another physician, but I seemed to grow worse. I then tried the treatment of another, but without any good effect. I again returned to my family physician; was cupped and bled several times. I was generally attacked without any premonitory symptoms. I had four to twelve fits a day, at intervals of two weeks. I was often attacked in my sleep, and would fall wherever I would be, or whatever be occupied with, and was severely injured several times from the falls. I was also affected so much that I lost all confidence in myself. I also was affected in my business, and I consider that your Epileptic Pills cured me. In February, 1865, I commenced to use your Pills, and only had two attacks afterward. The last one was April 5, 1865, and they were of a less serious character. With the blessing of Providence your medicine was made the instrument by which I was cured of that distressing affection. I ask that the Pills and their good effects should be made known everywhere, that persons who are similarly affected may have the benefit of them. Any person wishing further information can obtain it by calling at my residence, No. 536 North Third Street, Philadelphia, Pa.

WILLIAM ELDRE.

THERE IS A CURE FOR EPILEPSY.

The subjoined will answer.

GRANADA, Miss., June 30.

SETH S. HANCE—Dear Sir: You will find inclosed five dollars, which I send you for two boxes of your Epileptic Pills. I was the first person who tried your Pills in this part of the country. My son was badly afflicted with fits for two years. I wrote for and received two boxes of your Pills, which he took according to directions. He has never had a fit since. It was by my persuasion that Mr. Lyon tried your Pills. His case was a very bad one; he had his nearly all his life. Persons have written to me from Alabama and Tennessee on the subject, for the purpose of ascertaining my opinion in regard to your Pills. I have recommended them, and in no instance where they failed to cure. Yours etc., C. H. GUY,
Grenada, Yalabusha Co., Miss.

ANOTHER REMARKABLE CURE OF EPILEPSY; OR, FALLING FITS, BY HANCE'S EPILEPTIC PILLS.

MONTGOMERY, Texas, June 20, 1877.

To Seth S. Hance:—A person in my employ had been afflicted with Fits, or Epilepsy, for thirteen weeks, and oft-times several in quick succession, and sometimes continuing for two or three days. On several occasions they lasted until his mind appeared totally deranged, in which state he would continue for a day or two after the fits had ceased. I tried several remedies prescribed by our resident physicians, but without success. Having seen your advertisement I concluded to try your remedy. I obtained two boxes of your Pills gave them according to directions, and they effected a permanent cure. The person is now a stout and healthy man, about 30 years of age, and has not had a fit since he commenced taking your medicine, now two years since. He was my principal wagoner and has, since that time, been exposed to the severest of weather. I have great confidence in your remedy, and would like every one who has fits to give it a trial.

B. L. DEFREESE.

STILL ANOTHER CURE.

Read the following testimonial from a respectable citizen of Granada, Miss.

SETH S. HANCE, Baltimore, Md.—Dear Sir:—I take great pleasure in reading a case of Spasms, or Fits, liken, has long been afflicted with this awful disease. He was first attacked while quite young. He would have one or two spasms at one attack at first, but as time he grew older they seemed to increase. Up to the time he commenced taking your Pills he had them very often and quite severe, procuring him, body and mind. His mind had suffered seriously, but now, I am happy to say, he is cured of these fits. He has enjoyed fine health for the last five months. His mind has also returned to its original brightness. All this I take great pleasure in communicating, as it may be the means of directing others to the remedy that will cure them.

Yours respectfully etc. W. P. LIGON.

Sent to any part of the country, by mail, free of postage, on receipt of a remittance. Address SETH S. HANCE, 108 Baltimore St., Baltimore, Md. Price, one box, $3, two, $5; twelve, $27.

☞ Please mention where you saw this advertisement.

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PROMENADE AND DRESS HOPS
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THE REPUBLICAN.

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A PLEASANT MEMORY.

'Twas August's sultry prime.
And all along the hills and on the vales,
And where the shrunken brooks made silvery rhyme,
The golden rod, swept o'er by summer gales,
Glowed in the landscape yet untouched by blight,
Wearing June's freshness in the still, clear light.

It is young Autumn's flower;
What doth it here amid late summer songs,
And trees yet laden with their spring-time dower,
And all that to this gladsome time belongs?
It speaks of waking days, of life's swift flow,
Of thick-leaved forests with all hues aglow.

How regally it wears
Its feathery honors, nodding to the wind
That lightly passes by, and freely bears
Upon its perfumed wings fond memories twined
With days departed yet so near, we feel
Their very breathings round the spirit steal.

How beautiful thou art,
Thou Golden-Rod! We will not blend with thee
Sad thoughts that linger when the flowers depart
And summer sun shines not on summer sea,
Thou wilt fulfil thy mission and then rest;
What more doth man, with his unquiet breast.

All For Love.

It was a beautiful day at Fort——, just outside the national capital: on this occasion a particularly brilliant event, as the general-in-chief, together with the President, were to be present.

The sun, sinking in the west a mass of golden splendor, flashed its farewell rays upon lines of burnished steel and men drawn up in battle array, the ladies reflecting its colors in the gay plumage with which they had adorned themselves while their merry laughter and musical voices were now and then to be heard amid the pauses of the band.

Then all eyes turned upon the troops. Evolution followed evolution, till the whole field seemed a bewildering mass fairly dazzling to look upon, when, to the distant left, the order for a cavalry charge suddenly was given, and in another moment men and horses, as though moulded together in one solid phalanx, swept forward to the front.

But now, above the clash of instruments and thud of hoofs, rose a woman's cry, shrill and piercing, stabbing every heart with its agonized expressions.

The cause was but too soon to be seen. A little child—a fairy vision, with long golden curls floating to her waist—had, unobserved, darted from her mother's side, and now was directly in the path of the approaching horsemen, her white dress in startling contrast to the green sward, soon, perhaps, to be dyed with her innocent blood.

Every face blanched, every lip trembled, every pulse thrilled. The poor mother whose one scream of agony had proclaimed her suffering, seemed converted into a piece of marble. From the bystanders there was no hope of rescue. Another instant and the little form would be crushed beneath the oncoming hoofs.

Foremost in the ranks rode the young officer who led the charge. The tiny figure fluttering before him, the baby smiling in glee, caught his eye, and his mind grasped the danger and the one chance of averting it.

But a few feet separated them. With his horse at full gallop, he swung himself from the saddle, down almost to the ground, caught the child's dress in his firm clutch, and before its smile had frozen to terror, lifted it to his saddle-bow, and swept on over the field.

It was a gallant deed, gallantly done. Cheer after cheer, in deafening chorus, rent the air; but the color had not yet fluttered back into the cheek of the beautiful young mother, when the charge over, the officer reined his steed before her, and placed her child, all uninjured and unmarred into her arms.

One glance she took up into the handsome face bending over her, sympathy and consideration marked upon it, but the words she meant to utter died on her lips, while his expression changed to cold, incredulous hauteur, and merely with a bow down to his horse's mane, a courteous raising of his hat, he turned, and soon was but a speck in the distance.

At her writing table sat Constance Burton—before her the sheet of paper on which her pen had just rested, in her hand a portrait. The letter was to the saviour of her child's life—the portrait, of a man to whom she had once worked a bitter wrong. Yet, strange indeed, though years had changed the smile about his mouth to stern and bitter lines, that instant's glance, when he placed her child back in her arms, revealed to him to whom the letter was addressed, and the picture in her hand one and the same. Bitter mockery of fate! Would he accept the flower of peace she offered him?

She had written:

"Will you not let me see and thank you? What revenge for real or fancied wrong could you have given more noble than you laid yesterday at my feet? Terry, I dare not say forgive, but oh, forget! I will be home to-morrow at four. I will expect you at that hour. You will at least allow me to thank you in person, my child's deliverer."

Like a voice from the dead the written words seemed to Terry Randolph. How little he had dreamed whose child it was he had saved from instant death, till, like a sword, the pale, beautiful face of its mother rose to pierce him.

"But can I withstand her witchcraft?" he said aloud. "Her presence moved me only because I was so unprepared for it. Is her husband with her, I wonder—the Croesus for whose money-bags she threw me over. Certainly, Mrs. Burton, I await your pleasure. To me, Constance Allen is dead. I need not fear her ghost in Mrs. Burton."

But, spite of this soliloquy, the appointed hour found the usually composed man walking restlessly up and down the hotel parlor, awaiting her coming.

Scarcely a sound her light footfall made upon the velvet carpet; but, light as it was, it thrilled through every fiber of his frame as he turned to meet her.

A vision of loveliness she stood before him. Time had but added to her beauty, but the memory of the ruin that self-same beauty had wrought hardened him, as the hot iron hardens when carried from the heart of the hot flame; and once more the self-composed, immovable man of the world waited in courteous hauteur, that she might break the silence.

"Terry—Colonel Randolph," she began, her voice low and gentle, murmuring through the room, "will you not let me thank you?"

"Thanks are unnecessary, Mrs. Burton. You must remember I should have done the same had anyone else's child stood in my path."

"But I cannot forget that it was your own life you risked."

"You value life so much, Mrs. Burton? Ah, I forget! To you it must be full of possibilities. By-the-way, may I not pay my respects to Mr. Burton?"

"Terry, is it possible you do not know? I have been five years a widow! Mr. Burton lived but a year; but here comes my baby—my darling! You will accept from her lips a kiss, when words of mine you spurn, and when—"

But the sentence remained unfinished; tears sparkled in her eyes and trembled in her voice.

If this was acting, it was marvelous; but mother-love is strong in every woman's heart, even though no other feeling may enter, thought Randolph, as he caught the little child—her child—to his breast, with a thrill of exultation, in spite of himself, that he had been the hand to save it. An hour later he rose to go.

"You will call again?" questioned the sweet tones. "You—you have forgiven me, Terry?"

"Not only forgiven, but learned to thank you, Mrs. Burton. You made a man of me, and taught me a lesson for which I must ever remain a debtor."

Under the courteous words the woman paled. Each lashed with a sharp chord, each held its hidden sting; but her pride came to her rescue.

"Then we are still friends? I shall see you often?"

"As often as my professional duties will admit. A soldier is not always his own master. Surely I shall not want for an attraction."

Then, with his old grace of manner, he bowed low and left her. With weary steps she ascended to her rooms; but, once within their sacred precincts, the storm so long repressed gave way, and sob after sob shook her gentle frame.

"Why did I send for him? Why did I see him?" she cried aloud. "Has not the ghost of the past haunted me for five long years, that I could not rest until I had called up the reality of the present? So he has learned even to thank me—to thank me! The wasp, they say, leaves its sting in the wound it makes, and dies. The person stung writhes a moment in pain, and then forgets that he ever had a wound. Ah, me, foolish wasp! You, too, have left your sting behind, while he has forgotten even the momentary pain!"

So week followed week, almost every day, on some pretext, bringing together the two whose paths in life had once again been so strangely crossed, each meeting but seeming to build higher the wall of coldness and distrust, whose first foundations her slender hand, in that far-off past, had lain.

If either suffered, they wore an impenetrable mask, until one morning it was whispered through the hotel that the beautiful young widow had been suddenly attacked with low malarial fever, and was dying.

The physicians came forth from their long consultation with grave looks and portentious shakes of the head, and one, the oldest of them all, approached her side.

"Am I dying, doctor?" she asked.

"Some trouble has been wearing you, Mrs. Burton. I fear it lies beyond the physician skill."

She turned wearily towards her child, whom they had brought into the room.

"Send for Colonel Randolph," she murmured, "I must speak with him."

An hour later, he stood within her presence. For the first time the old smile of welcome lit her face as she beckoned him to a seat at her side, and the attendants left them alone.

"Terry," she said, "they tell me I am dying. You will not visit the sins of the mother upon the child? I have sent for you to accept the trust of guardian. You saved her life. It is right that I should place it in your hands."

"I will accept the trust, Mrs. Burton."

The beautiful eyes turned reproachfully toward him. That cold, unrelenting tone, even here! She was dying. What mattered pride now? Imploringly she extended her hand toward him.

"Terry," she said, "will you not kiss me once—just once, as in the olden time? It will not be so hard then to go, and I shall known you will love my child for her mother's sake. Can you never forgive the wrong I did you? Oh, who, think you, has suffered most? Your love lies buried, shattered in the ruins of the past. Mine—*mine will never die.*"

Was this acting, too? One glance he took at the pale, pure face, and the memory of the years he had suffered was swept away, as bending low he snatched her to his breast, covering the sweet mouth with kisses which burned his soul.

"My own!" he murmured at last; "do you think God would seperate us now? Live, Constance—live that, in the bright future wakening before us we may forget there has been a past!"

So once again the physician's verdict failed, as life, and health, and happiness came back together—a joyous trio, to drive out the dark shadow of the skeleton upon the treshold; while never for one moment has Terry Randolph ceased to feel greatful for the brave impulse which, at peril of his life, snatched from the grasp of death, while yet his icy breath breathed on her cheek, the little child whose lips have long since learned to give him the name her heart echoes, of "father."

"Chairs to Mend."

He carries all his implements and materials with him. A very much worn chair is thrown over one arm as an advertisement of his occupation, and it is needed, for his cry, "Cha-ir-s to men-n-d," is uttered in a melancholy and indistinct, though penetrating, tone. Under the other arm he usually has a bundle of cane, split into narrow ribbons. His look is that of forlorn respectability; his hat is greasy, and mapped with so many veins, caused by crushings, that it might have been used as a chair or, at least, a foot-stool; around his neck he wears a heavy cloth kerchief, and his long coat of by gone fashion reaches nearly to the ankles, which are covered by shabby gaiters. He walks along at a very gentle pace and scans the windows of the houses for some sign that his services are wanted. Perhaps business is dull, but in the neighborhood where there are plenty of children he is pretty sure to find some work. Cane-seated chairs are durable, but they will not stand the rough usage of those little boys and girls who treat them as step-ladders and stamp upon them. It often happens that a neat English house-maid appears at the area railings with a chair that has a big, ragged hole in the seat, through which Master Tommy has fallen, with his boots on, in an effort to reach the gooseberry jam on the pantry shelf. Master Tommy probably looks on while the repairs are being made, and is much interested by the dexterity with which the mender does his work. The old and broken canes are cut away, and the new strips are woven into a firm fabric, with little eight sided openings left in it. The overlapping ends of the ribbons are trimmed with a sharp knife, and the chair-seat is as good as new. It seems so easy that Tommy thinks he could have done it himself; but when he experiments with a slip of cane that the mender gives him, he finds that chair-mending is really a trade that must be learned. Some chair-menders are blind men, and it is still more interesting to watch them at their work. The plaiting of the canes is done as unerringly by their unseeing fingers as by the men who can see, and with wonderful quickness. Occasionally the business is combined with that of basket-making, and should we follow the poor old "Chairs-to-mend" home, we might discover his family busy weaving reeds and willowy branches with the same cleverness the father shows in handling the canes.

Pemmican.

It is only of late years that pemmican has come into public notice as a condensed food valuable to the commissariat upon long expeditions. Hitherto it has been a provision peculiar to British America, and particularly to the service of the Hudson's Bay Company. Notwithstanding the vast annual slaughter of buffaloes south of the forty-ninth parallel, no pemmican is made there, the meat being used in the fresh or green state, or in the form of jerked beef. The pemmican of the English Arctic expeditions differs from the real article in being made of beef mixed with raisins and spices, and preserved from decay by being hermetically sealed. Buffalo pemmican may be said to keep itself, requiring no spices or seasoning for its preservation, and may be kept in any vessel and under any conditions, except that of dampness, for an unlimited time. It is one of the most perfect forms of condensed food known, and is excelled by no other provision in its satisfying quality. The amount of it used throughout the territory is almost incredible, as, beside the enormous quantity consumed in the company's service, it appears when attainable, upon the table of every half-breed in the country. So essential is it to the wants of the voyagers, as the staple article of food upon the long voyages made in the transportation service of the Fur Company, that its manufacture is stimulated in every way by the agents of that corporation, and every available pound is bought up for its use.

The Cider Inspector.

A short time ago a farmer, having a barrel of cider on tap in his wagon, was doing a fine retail business near the market at five cents per glass, when a man with a very thin voice and very old clothes softly advanced and said:

"Has the State Inspector of Pomological Juices inspected that cider yet?"

"I—I guess not," replied the farmer, greatly embarrassed in a moment.

"I thought not," continued the thin-voiced man; well "well, sir, you can draw me a full glass."

The farmer drew one, scanning the man with considerable anxiety, and when the "inspector" had received it he held it up between his eye and the sun and said:

"The precipitation appears most too rapid, while the floating particles denote unusual compression. Perhaps a second glass will be clearer."

He swallowed the contents of the first at exactly four gulps, and taking a second glass he critically examined it and said:

"Ah! the precipitation is clearing away. This cider appears to have been made from apples."

"It was, sir, and they were nice apples, too, replied the farmer.

"Let's see how a third glass will look. I am not quite satisfied on the point of compression."

He drained the second and received the third, and as he sipped it he inquired:

"You used a hand cider-press, didn't you?"

"Yes, sir."

"Ah! I thought so. Worked with a lever, didn't it?"

"Yes, sir."

"Did the mill stand in a draught of air while you were working it?"

"I—I—don't know, sir."

"Well, I think it did. Be a little more careful after this. The Inspector of Pomological Juices grades this barrel 'A No. 2,' but if you take a little more pains, you can increase the grade every time in the future. All right, sir—go on with your selling."

The man had been gone ten minutes before anyone mustered courage to remark that he was a fraud, but the word fell upon stony ground.

"I know he's all right," persisted the farmer. "The minit I see him draw his coat tail around to wipe out the corner of his mouth, I knew he was a big gun, and I was just shivering in my boots for fear he'd ask me why I didn't punch the seeds out of the apples before grinding. Only five cents a glass, now, and warranted pure!"

Summer Night Sounds in the Woods.

In an August letter from his "Lonesome Lake" cabin, on the wild wooded mountain just back of the Profile House in the Franconia mountains of New Hampshire, Mr. Prime of the Journal of Commerce, tells these stories of forest sounds at night, in a primeval untrodden region:—

"You have often heard and read of the sounds in the forest, and their resemblance to artificial sounds, the noises and the music of crowded life, but, doubtless, you have believed all this to be imaginary. Pass with me some seasons in this cabin, and you will learn that it is all plain matter of fact. To-night the air is still. Not a breath of wind disturbs a leaf. But there are innumerable sounds around the cabin, and no imagination is necessary to liken them to human voices and sounds proceeding from the arts of men.

My friend has gone to sleep, after a long evening's talk. I have been sitting on the piazza listening and summing up the sounds. I heard the sharp tinkle of a bell, clear and quite distinct. There is none nearer than at the hotel, three miles away, and a mountain, a thousand feet higher than the cabin is between. While I was trying to guess the true cause, a frog in the lake remarked "Not so." It was a short, peremptory utterance, and so startling that, after a moment's reflection, I laughed at myself for yielding to imagination; whereupon the frog again said "Not so," with perfect distinctness, and he has said it fifty times since. Then came the creak of a heavily loaded wagon. This is an old familiar sound of a frog that I have heard here and elsewhere. Then came distant cannon or thunder. But it was a cool starry night. These were wind sounds. It was a flat calm on the lake, but a puff of wind must have started the vibrations down in the hollow, or up on the mountain. Suddenly I heard the tread of human feet running on hard ground. This was the thump of rabbits pounding the ground with successive strokes. Again and again came human voices. The words were not audible, but you could hear two people talking at a distance, and once in a while one of them was apparently angry and the other calm and unchanged. A long, low whistle was a natural forest sound, from a wakeful or dreaming bird, but it was very like a boy's whistle. The chief inlet brook of the lake comes down the side of the mountain over the heavy falls, and the outlet flows over the dam. One is to the right of the cabin the other to the left, a half mile apart. Although there was not a perceptible breath of wind, the air was moving fitfully and the alternate rise and fall of the roar of the two brooks was remarkable. One responded to the other. As one sank the other swelled. These sounds of waterfalls are exceedingly various—now harsh now musical, often rising into grand melodies. Again and again I closed my eyes and heard those sounds like the far-off voices of a great crowd of men, now passionate now in prayer. No imagination, I tell you. The sound is so exact, that if I could transport you here blindfolded, not knowing where you were, I need but tell you at one instant, "That is a mass meeting in Union Square, two miles off," "That is the confusion at the opening of the service in a great church near us," and you would not doubt me. The trees themselves utter sounds, and that in apparent times of perfect repose. I have frequently stopped in the woods at a sudden sound exceedingly human, but very loud and sought its cause by looking for a tree leaning across another. Two heavy trees in that position, often move imperceptibly, and the rubbing of the trunks, the motion of a mere fraction of an inch produces a variety of sounds more like human voice than perhaps any other forest utterance. When the wind rises they wail and moan and shriek. I remember well one day when Dupont and myself were startled and both sprang into the woods from the path we were walking, as a loud, fierce cry of pain came out from among the trees. It was some minutes before it was repeated, and we then found the cause in a dead tree lying across a living tree. I don't know which one wailed. There is a queer forest sound often heard in June. It is the whine of an old partridge when she fears injury to her just-hatched brood; it precisely resembles the whine of a young dog, and strangers to the forest, when they hear it, will not believe it to be the voice of a biped. It is a decided quadrupedal voice. Of course you know all about the thunderous sound of a partridge drumming."

How to Circumvent Dyspepsia.

I had dyspepsia for fifteen years. I had bloating about the chest, heartburn, waterbrash, headache, acute pains in the stomach. Sometimes I had a ravenous appetite, and would often eat to excess. I could not then be persuaded to put myself on a proper diet, or to observe the laws of health generally. I was also an immoderate worker, often eat in a hurry, swallowing my dinner in five minutes, thus not taking time to chew my victuals properly, and often worked or studied until after midnight. Well, twelve years the disease took hold of my nervous system, and wakeful nights, loss of appetite, and continued hard work with mind and body, began to work rapid ruin to my health. I used some patent medicine, but soon made up my mind to try the better and cheaper way. I resolved to abandon all kinds of stimulants, butter, salt pork, fried potatoes, dumplings, warm bread, sweet meats, pickles, pastry, and everything else that would hinder digestion, and to eat only the substantials,—taking plenty of time to chew my victuals. I ate only two meals a day, with nothing except a little fruit between meals. For warm drink I used hot water and milk, and never drank it till I had finished eating. I ate plenty of fresh, soft boiled eggs, fresh beef, mutton, corned beef, and other meats, and some fresh fish, and used plenty of fresh fruit. I also worked more moderately, and tried to induce sleep. I always wore loose clothing. I tried to avoid all unnecessary worry of mind, and having my mind too much on any one subject. The result was that after three weeks of healthful living I felt as though I was all made over again, fresh and strong. I asked God to help me to persevere in the good way, and live in that way for about a year. Since then my stomach has been strong enough to allow me to use tea, coffee, and butter sparingly. I usually use fresh milk or pure cold water for my drink. I seldom use any medicine, I wear all-wool flannel in cold or damp weather, winter or summer. I have been cured more than three years. I am getting stronger all the time, but can expect health and happiness only by right living. I would recommend lemon juice for those who feel the need of acids. I would also say, never eat a meal until the previous one has had time to digest. Physicians tell us that a strong stomach requires five or six hours to digest a meal, and that a dyspeptic requires a longer time. They also tell us that it is not "the quantity that we eat, but the quantity we digest well," that strengthens us. Never eat unless you are hungry.

A Remedy for Heart Disease.

A middle-aged man walked into one of the drug stores in a certain village, and handing to the clerk a half-drachm vial, filled apparently with white powder, asked him if he could tell what it contained. It was labelled, "For heart disease—take three times a day." He said he took the vial from the pocket of a young man who, he thought, acted strangely, and wanted to know its contents. The clerk took it to his prescription desk, drew out the cork, when he observed a thread following it attached to the cork. Drawing it out, he found at the end of the thread a minute mitten. The vial was lined with clean white paper, which gave it the appearance of being filled. The clerk replaced the mitten and cork, and, handing it back to the man, told him that it was a well-known but harmless remedy for heart disease, and that in most cases one dose was sufficient. The inquirer looked relieved, and walked away with his precious bottle snugly tucked in his vest pocket. The girl that gave him that bottle won't be troubled with any more calls from him.

FOOD FOR THOUGHT.

A man may be said to know thoroughly only what he can communicate to others.

There are some who never would have lived if they never had heard it spoken of.

The taste of extraordinary merit is to see those who envy it, the most obliged to praise it.

"What is often called indolence," is in fact the unconscious consciousness of incapacity.

Few are sufficiently wise to prefer censure which is useful to praise which is treacherous.

To establish ourselves in the world we do everything to appear as if we were established.

Children are unconcious philosophers. They refuse to pull to pieces their enjoyments to see what they are made of.

Prosperity is a great teacher; adversity is a greater. Possession pampers the mind; privation trains and strengthens it.

Nothing is so wholesome, nothing does so much for people's looks, as a little interchange of the small coin of benevolence.

O this itch of the ear that breaks out at the tongue! Were not curiosity so over-busy, detraction would soon be starved to death.

Take all sorrows out of life, and you take away all richness, and depth, and tenderness. Sorrow is the furnace that melts hearts together in love.

The old ought to treat the young with benevolence, and men should be kind to children, remembering that childhood is especially dear to God.

The path of duty is near, yet men seek it afar off. The way is wide; it is not hard to find. Go home and seek it and you will not lack teachers.

Applause waits on success. The fickle multitude, like the light straw that floats along the stream, glide with the current still, and follow fortune.

Events are only shells of ideas; and often ere the fluent thought of ages that is crystalized in a moment by the stroke of a pen or the point of a bayonet.

This span of life was lent for lofty duties, not for selfishness; not to be wiled away from aimless dreams, but to improve ourselves and save mankind.

If we toiled as listlessly over the things of the world as over the things of heaven the merchant would become a bankrupt, and the business man a beggar.

What is even poverty itself that a man should murmur under it? It is but as the pain of piercing a maiden's ear, and you hang precious jewels in the wound.

Thou shalt cherish thy father and thy mother. To honor father and mother is better than to worship gods of heaven and earth. If a child should carry father and mother, one upon each shoulder, for a hundred years, he would not then do more for them than they have done for him.

There is an even-handed justice in Time; for what he takes away he gives us something in return. He robs us of elasticity of limb and spirit, and in its place he brings tranquility and repose, the mild, autumnal weather of the soul. He takes away hope, but he gives us memory, and the settled, unfluctuating atmosphere of middle age is no bad exchange for the stormful emotions, the passionate crises and suspense of the earlier day.

When God formed the rose, he said, "Thou shalt flourish and spread thy perfume." When he commanded the sun to emerge from chaos, he added, "Thou shalt enlighten and warm the world." When he gave life to the lark, he enjoined upon it to soar and sing in the air. Finally, he created man and told him to love. And seeing the sun shine, perceiving the rose scattering its odors, hearing the lark warble in the air, how can man help loving.

Beware of anger of the tongue; control the tongue. Beware of anger of the mind. Practice virtue with thy tongue and with thy mind. By reflection, by restraint and control, a wise man can make himself an island which no floods can overwhelm. He who conquers himself is greater than he who in battle conquers a thousand men. He who is tolerant with the intolerant, mild with fault-finders, and free from passion with the passionate, him I call indeed a wise man.

"Do justly," are two little words we should all take as our motto, for in them lie the foundation stones upon which we cannot fail to build a structure that will not go down to bury us in its ruins. Society winks at dishonest transactions, and our laws give too much license to careless ones as well as to the intentionally treacherous ones. There should be nothing in the customs of society, nothing in our statutes to tempt a man to rascality or to shield him in its committal, no matter what name the transaction assumes, nor how high a personage is the guilty one.

We shall never make much impression upon this world with our preaching and our religious machinery till we make a great deal less than we now do of some small things, and a great deal more than we now do of some great things; till we get it firmly fixed in our minds that the only really sacred and precious thing in the world is character; that nothing is worthy to be mentioned among "grave diggers" that does not assail character; and that nothing is of any great value that does not plainly tend to the building up, in the heart and in the home, and the school and the church and the state, of sound and pure and noble character.

Nothing hurts a man more than to seem small in his own eyes. It is the slavish feeling that degrades the slave. A base ambition makes the man that cherishes it base. No one can debase you but yourself. Slander, satire, falsehood, injustice—these can never rob you of your manhood. Men may lie about you, they may denounce you, they may cherish suspicions manifold, they may make your failings the target of their wit or cruelty—never be alarmed—never swerve an inch from the line your judgment and conscience have marked out for you. They cannot by all their efforts take away your knowledge of yourself, the purity of your motives, the integrity of your character, and the generosity of your nature. While these are left you are, in point of fact, unharmed.

The Republican.

SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 30 1878

UNITED STATES SENATOR.

The exciting contest for United States Senator ended in the election of Gov. Houston. He will take his seat the 4th of March next.

GOVERNOR COBB.

Gov. Cobb was formally inaugurated Tuesday. His inaugural address was short but sensible, it is said. We have not yet seen his message in print, but will lay the chief features of it before our readers next week.

THE LEGISLATURE.

Our Montgomery correspondent has not favored us with a letter this week.

The published proceedings reveal no important legislation perfected as yet. Now that the absorbing senatorial question is out of the way, and the election of solicitors postponed two years, there is nothing to prevent the Legislature from linking down to its work and giving Gov. Cobb something to do in the way of signing or vetoing bills.

A bill has passed the House taxing lightning rod agents $100 for the State and $10 for each county they peddle in. The tax ought to be $1000 for the State and $100 for each county. As a general rule they swindle the people outrageously and the tax on them should amount to practical prohibition. The *Moffet Register Liquor Bill* will likely become a law.

Col. Sheid has introduced two more bills—one for the relief of Caroline Cook and one to amend section 4733 of the Code.

Mr. Akers, of Jefferson, has introduced a bill to prevent farmers, doctors, merchants, mechanics, and teachers from going on the bonds of certain persons. This leaves preachers and editors to make the bonds of these "certain persons." Perhaps Mr Akers thinks these two very worthy; but impecunious classes of people could not be hurt by going on any kind of bond, and hence, did not extend to them the benefit of his bill.

Memorial Service.—Rev. Mr. Ragan, lately deceased, was to have held Communion service at Union Church the third Sunday in this month, but before the time of his appointment rolled around, the good man died. Rev. Mr. Taylor attended and filled his appointment, and the service was changed to memorial service. Several Methodist ministers attended, and a very large congregation was out to pay the last tribute of respect to a former pastor, who had endeared himself to their hearts by his amiable, christian traits of character. After the sermon of Mr. Taylor, Rev. Messrs Livingston, Goodrum, Webster, and Browning made appropriate remarks.

Messrs Couper and Nelson, from Georgia have been engaged a short time in raising iron ore within a mile and a half of Jacksonville, on the land of Judge Walker, and shipping it to the Rome Iron Works at Chattanooga. They employ from 15 to 20 hands and ship two car loads a day. The ore is Brown Hematite and of excellent quality. They are very much encouraged, and complain of only one drawback, and that is want of transportation. If the Selma Rome and Dalton Railroad would furnish cars enough, they would largely increase their shipments.

FOR THE LADIES.

Miss Dodds, an English lady who has recently come over to New York to teach the true art of cookery, thus makes "Soda Scones," a favorite bread of the Scotch people for lunch and tea. 1lb of flour, 1 ounce of butter, 1 ounce of sugar, a pinch of salt, a small teaspoonfull of soda, 2 teaspoonsfull of cream of tartar and nearly a pint of new milk. Put the flour into a basin with an ounce of pepper, add a little butter and sugar, then compound a mixture of the cream of tartar, soda sugar, butter, salt and pint of milk and chuck the whole into the flour and make a big ball of dough. Knead well and bake fifteen minutes to a crisp brown. The lady says it is more important that the dough should be quickly kneaded than kneaded too much. We advise our lady readers to try the above. Next week, if we do not lose our Herald, we shall tell them how Miss Dodds makes an Italian pudding.

A New York correspondent of the Providence Journal writes: "Poor Mr. Tilden is a physical wreck. I saw him this week in the park. He is a mere shadow of his former self. He walks feebly, and his paralyzed hand hangs uselessly at his side. His speech is thick, and careful attention is needed to understand him. He is a good liver, and fond of strong drinks."

When this country places wiser and more economical men in office it will become prosperous. We have had altogether too much "ring" legislation. This is why the people now suffer.

The chance of the Democratic party in the next Presidential election depends very much on the spirit manifested by the Southern members at the approaching session of Congress. New York Sun.

Children at toys, as men at titles aim: in effect, both covet but the same.

Letters are pouring into Memphis containing offers to adopt orphans left by the plague.

READ THIS GIRLS.

The blooming and beautiful young lady, rosy cheeked and bright-eyed, who can darn a stocking, mend her own dress, command a regiment of pots and kettles, feed the pigs, milk the cows, and be a lady all the time, is the girl that sensible men are in quest of for a wife. But you pining, wasp-waisted, doll-dressed, consumption mortgaged, music-murdering, novel-devouring daughters of fashion and idleness, you are no more fit for matrimony than a pullet to look after a brood of fourteen chickens. The truth is, dear girls you want less of restraint and more liberty of action; more kitchen and less parlor; more exercise and less sofa; more pudding and less piano; more frankness and less mock-modesty. Loosen your corsets and breathe in the pure atmosphere and be something as good and beautiful as nature designed.

In a recent letter Senator Hill said: The Democratic party is the party of the future. It will govern this country for the good of the country. In this party the young men of the South must expect to develop their usefulness and achieve their fame. It will be a fatal mistake for any one of them to place himself, or allow others to place him, in a position of even apparent antagonism to that party, and especially in a position in which he could either desire or expect help of the common enemy.

The would-be assassin of King Humbert, in his examination, calmly stated his intention not to wound but to kill the King. If this mania for King killing spreads in Europe the head that wears a crown will certainly lie uneasy. The fact of the assassin having an internationalist book in his possession proves that the pernicious doctrines of that body of fanatics are being disseminated throughout Europe. The poison is spreading through the system of European society and grave consequences may yet be the result.

—A correspondent of the London Standard gives an account of the fruits of Afghanistan, which recalls to mind the report of the Israelitish spies on their return from the brook of Eschol. He says "The fruit all along the line of march is cheap, and in great quantity. As for its quantity, I have never seen it equalled in any country in the world. There is one kind of grape which it is no exaggeration to say that each one is the size of a large walnut, and the bunches are often so long that a tall man cannot hold them clear of the ground.

On and after the first of January the international revenue bureau will subject all medicines and bitters containing alcohol at the manufactory to the rectifier's license before they shall be allowed to sell such articles. The object of this order is "to check the rapidly growing sale of whiskey which, by the use of a small amount of chemicals, is escaping the ninety cent tax and license. Legitimate medicines and bitters containing alcohol only as a preservative, or to aid in the administering of drugs or chemicals, will be relieved by the revenue office from the effects of the order referred to.

Senator Lamar says that the yellow fever scourge was, in proportion, a far greater calamity than the war, and a terrible blow to the South, which was just be ginning to revive after the prostrating effects of the war. It will take years to rebuild and get back to the starting place again.

The cause of Temperance has been very materially aided in the nutmeg State by a decision of the Court of Appeal affirming the constitutionality of the Civil-damage law, which makes all real estate used for the purpose of selling intoxicating liquor responsible for damages by over indulgence in the ardent. The case was that of a young man who had ruined a valuable horse while under the influence of liquor, and the owner recovered the full value of the horse from the landlord and tenant of the place in which the liquor was sold.

The old negress had a philosophic brain and saw far into the significance of this enlightened nineteenth century who said, when some one asked her to define a rogue:—"A rogue? Wy, bress you, my chil'n, a rogue is a man who steals jest like other folks till he gits kotched, an' de minit he gits kotched he's a rogue."

If you take one of the new silver half dollars, pour a little muriatic acid on the figure of the eagle, and set it out in the sun for twenty minutes, when you come to look at it it will be gone. And the tramp who took it will be gone also.

England has been trying, for some time to get up a war with Afghanistan, and has at last, succeeded. The troops were marching upon the Ameer at last accounts.

The latest development of the Grant talk is out in Illinois, and takes the shape of a story that the Logan and Oglesby men in the Legislature will finally conclude to drop their favorites and give the Senatorship to the ex-President.

How a Strong Man Faced Death

Hartford Times.

None of us can know how we would act in a supreme moment of revealed fate. Edger Poe nor Victor Hugo could have imagined a form of death more completely calculated to test the victim's fortitude than the terrible scene which terminated the life of one John Conlan, at Norwich, last Friday night. Conlan, who was a pistol maker in that city, was walking on the railway track at Norwich Falls, at a point where there is a double switch, and accidentally had one foot caught in a "frog" in such a way that with all his efforts he was unable to extricate it. A northern-bound train was coming at full speed, and Conlan, finding himself unable to escape his doom, half turned, in his chained position, and faced the engine (literally an engine of death) in a defiant way, and almost smiled as it struck him. His body was frightfully mangled, almost literally torn to pieces under the remorseless wheels, and when picked up it presented a horrible sight. A portion of his clothing, in which was his revolver, was torn from him by the engine and carried to Willimantic before discovered.

The City bank of Atlanta has suspended. Liabilities $55,000.

In Cincinnati the Theatres and other shows make no distinction between Sunday and any other day.

It is said that artificial eyes for horses are now so skillfully made that they defy detection. The imitation must be wonderful indeed for the horses themselves cannot see through the deception.

Mr. Talmage says that if he could only convert all the Telegraph operators and all the editors the whole earth would hear salvation's call in twenty-four hours.

An agricultural paper tells "how to dress a hog." We know how to dress a hog. Give him a cane, a stove-pipe hat and a pair of eye-glasses. After awhile he will try to pass for a gentleman. But, pshaw! a hog will be a hog, no matter how he may be dressed.

George Cook, colored, was shot and killed by Harve Beavers, colored near the depot, last Saturday night. Whiskey and a dispute over a small amount of money brought on the difficulty. Beavers has not yet been caught.

[Talladega Mountain Home.

A lampecked husband said, in extenuation of his wife's raids upon his scalp, "You see, she takes her own hair off so easily, she dosen't know how it hurts to have mine pulled out."

Otto Montgomery attempted suicide at St. Paul, Minn., last Monday, by scalding, but did not succeed. His son, however, finished the job by fainting and falling while standing at the bedside with a coal oil lamp in his hand. The lamp exploded, set the bed afire and cremated the old man.

The Old Man's New Hat

We were coming up on the boat from Sea Breeze, says a contemporary, when we met a traveler who was in the steamboating business out west. He wished to tell us about the old man.

"Old man always wears a silk hat," he said. "That is, he always keeps it standing on the office counter until he hears a boat whistle, then he grabs it up, claps it on his head, and shoots out of the office like mad." Well one day he bought a new hat. "Glossy as light," itself, stylish shape, white satin lining, just the tone. He set it down on the counter as usual, and some of the boys mailed it right down to the counter, right as wax. Pretty soon, when-ee-oo! boat whistled up the river, the old man grabbed his hat, yanked it off at the top, and sailed away with the fringed edges of the lining fluttering out of the top of his tile, and he never knew a thing about it until he came back to the office and his eye fell on the top of his new hat nailed down to the counter with four ten-penny nails."

The traveler paused here and looked out of the cabin window. We asked; "Was he very mad?"

The traveler looked at us.

"Young man," he said, "I'll tell you what he said, word for word, if you'll promise solemnly to put it in your paper." But we had some misgivings, and wouldn't promise; the traveler was obstinate, and so we never heard and don't know what remarks the old man was called upon to make. We can only guess at their general nature, and we are never very good at guessing.

The heavens declare the Glory of God and the firmament showeth His handiwork. Day unto day uttereth speech and night unto night showeth knoledge.

Few people have studied the "Science of the Stars." The large majority in all ages of the world, have gazed upon the visible heavens at night, without comprehending what they see. They have cast a vacant eye upon the bright orbs unfolded to their view, just as children amuse themselves with a book which they are unable to read. They have caught here and there, as it were, a capital letter or a picture, but do not understand the characters upon which the sense depends.

The stars are regarded by the ignorant as so many bright specks created to illumine this world of ours by night and nothing more, and many who even deem themselves educated, affirm that they believe the earth is in the centre of the solar system, and that the sun and these small specks revolve around it; and that beyond there is no habitable world.

But such persons have narrow and contracted views of the wisdom, goodness, and omnipotence of God who created them. The inquiring and well educated mind, however, forms conclusions entirely different from these. He believes that space is boundless and infinite, that this earth which we inhabit, with all its vast oceans, its mighty continents, its millions of people, and its gigantic proportions, is only a small province of God's empire, a mere grain of sand, as it were upon the the sea shore. He believes that there are millions of millons of suns larger than ours, and billions of inhabited worlds all of which revolve around a great Central Sun, yea, around the Throne of God, where the saints sing ceaseless praises to Him who redeemed them; "for there shall be no night there, and they need no candle, neither light of the sun, for the Lord God giveth them light."

But it will be asked upon what data are these conclusions based. The answer is, all astronomers, without a dissenting voice say that the earth is ninety five millions of miles from the sun, that it with the planets, Mercury, Mars, Venus, Saturn, Jupiter, Uranus, Neptune and the Astroids, revolve around it, and that the most remote of these, Neptune, is two billions eight hundred and fifty millions of miles from the sun. Beyond this the largest telescopes do not reveale any other planets, but we can, with the naked eye, see an innumerable number of what are commonly called fixed stars all revolving in orbits which in ages past, have never deviated from their original course. The nearest of these Sirius or the Dog Star, with which the dire calamities of hydrophobia have from time immemoral been associated, is twenty trillions of miles from our sun, a distance which can scarcely be conceived by the human mind, a distance which could not be reached by a train of cars, though running thirty miles an hour day and night during seventy millions of years.

This then being the nearest star can any idea be formed of the distance of those more remote, and moreover what must be the size of those objects; is it not immense? and is it not inferable that they are many, many times larger than this earth, or even our sun? and if so, that they are the suns of other solar systems having inhabited worlds revolving around them, as our sun has?

But it will be again asked, how do you prove the distance of Sirius.

Very easily by the Rule of Three; that is

As the sine of the stars' parallax
Is to radius, or ninety degrees.
So is the earth's distance from the sun
To the distance of the star from the sun.

To be more explicit. The angular bearing of the above mentioned star has been again and again taken at a certain period, and at the expiration of six months it has been again taken, when the earth had passed 190,000,000 of miles in its orbit and it has been ascertained that it had changed its position only one second; this is called its parallax. Now as we have the statement. One second of the stars parallax, is to be [illegible] 95,000,000, to the distance of the [illegible] referring to a table of Logarithms we find the sine of one second to be [illegible] 4.8481368, the sine of 90 degrees to be [illegible] Multiplying 95,000,000 by 1 and dividing the product by the above sine 4.8481368 we obtain 1,960,627,620 or nearly twenty trillion of miles for the distance of Sirius.

MOONBEAMS' PASS.

Sunlight has faded from off the green earth,
Hushing in nature each glad sound of mirth.
Twilight has passed with its sapphire hues
Leaving naught to cheer, but soft falling dews.

But look! what splendors are seen in the skies!
The stars seem to peep with their soft bright eyes,
Then tremble and pale, in the wondrous blue;
For the "queen of night" is coming in view.

Away, away through the wide welkin skies,
Silvering clouds that [illegible]
We come in glittering [illegible]
Flying [illegible]

And the entire realms of [illegible]
Are moved once more by the [illegible]
As we wind our flight, and [illegible]
A flower of light from each [illegible]

On the grand old mountain we cast a light,
Encircling them with a halo bright;
Then the craggy rocks we catch as with
Shining with waters, forming [illegible]

How pale our beams in the volcano's light.
As we pass through its red glaring flames so bright,
To the eagle's eyrie so high,
As he rests in grandeur above the sky.

Ah! now we flash down from the [illegible]
Like silver sprays over the dark green boughs.
Till in dreamy vales of sweet repose there
Soft falls our radiance, wandering fair.

Waken, oh waken to gladness now,
Drink in nature's cool dewy sweets
See! they tremble on their stems with delight
As passes the playful breeze of the night.

Oh! vales when bathed in moonlight are rare,
Surely no scene we in Eden more fair,
Here lulled by the murmuring music of streams!
The "spirit of beauty" seems [illegible] into dreams.

But away, away to the wide world we soar
We next dance to night on the [illegible] lined bar,
And glint the foam on the crest of a wave
As it dashes over some [illegible]

The morning sun! How we love him to rest
And weave pictures fair on her deep blue breast.
Glittering riches we form of the [illegible]
Like heaps of Gold from [illegible] caves.

O'er city and village we'll pass [illegible]
Leaving no impress of our [illegible]
For lo! our warning we read in that flash,
That pencils the cloud, like a maiden blush.

Farewell sweet earth, farewell for a while
You will next awake in the sunbeams smile.
A bright silver clasp we have formed to-night
Uniting the darkness with fair daylight.

STELLA

TALLADEGA NURSERIES.

R. D. HUNDLEY,

Talladega.....Alabama.

Southern Raised, No. 1 Trees.

Apples, Pears, Peaches, Nectarines, Apricots, Cherries, Quinces, Grapes, Vines, Raspberries, Strawberries &c. &c. cheap. Send orders through Rowan, Dean & Co., Jacksonville, Ala.

Nov. 30 1878—3m

IN CHANCERY.

James B. Gannaway vs Sarah Gannaway } In Chancery at Jacksonville Calhoun county Ala.

In this cause it is made to appear to the Register by affidavit of John H. Caldwell, solicitor for the complainant that the defendant Sarah Gannaway is a non resident citizen of this state, and that her particular place of residence is in Union county Ark. P O Three Creek, and further that said defendant is over the age of 21 years

It is ordered by the Register that publication be made in the Jacksonville Republican a newspaper published in the town of Jacksonville Calhoun county Alabama, for four successive weeks requiring the said Sarah Gannaway to appear and plead answer demur to the bill of complaint in this cause by Monday the 20th day of January 1879, or thirty days thereafter a decree proconfesso may be taken against her the said Sarah Gannaway.

Done at office on this, the 29th day of November 1878.

WM. M HAMES,
Register.

Nov. 23—4t

FINAL SETTLEMENT NOTICE.

THE STATE OF ALABAMA, } CALHOUN COUNTY }

Probate Court for said county, Regular Term, November 11th 1878.

This day came J. Y. Henderson guardian of Texanna Crow now dead and formerly Texanna Satcher, and filed in Court his account and vouchers for a final settlement of his said guardianship.

It is ordered the 16th day of December, 1878, be appointed a day on which to make such settlement. At which time all persons interested can appear and contest said settlement, if they think proper.

L W CANNON,
JUDGE OF PROBATE.

Nov. 16—4t

FINAL SETTLEMENT NOTICE.

THE STATE OF ALABAMA, } CALHOUN COUNTY. }

Probate Court for said county, Regular Term, November 11th, 1878.

This day came J. Y. Henderson guardian of Alice Holcomb, formerly Alice Wren, and now the wife of J. R. Holcomb and filed in Court his account and vouchers for a final settlement of [illegible]

It is ordered that the 16th day of December [illegible] be appointed a day on which to make such settlement. At which time all persons interested can appear and contest said settlement if they think proper.

L W CANNON,
Judge of Probate.

Nov. 16—4t

THE STATE OF ALABAMA, } CALHOUN COUNTY. }

Probate Court for said county, November 11th, 1878.

It appearing to the satisfaction of the undersigned W. H. Green, executor of the last will and testament of Wm. Green deceased, that he has rendered his account & vouchers for a final settlement of said estate, It is therefore ordered that the 16th day of December [illegible] be appointed a day on which to make such settlement. At which time all persons interested can appear and contest said settlement if they think proper.

L W CANNON,
Judge of Probate

Nov. 16—4t

NOTICE

In the matter of the estate of Wm. Green deceased.

All persons having claims against said estate will present them to me for payment within the time prescribed by law, or they will be barred. All persons indebted to said estate are required to make immediate payment to us, as we are determined to settle up said estate and be ready for the Spring. This 2nd day of November 1878.

JOHN W. HANNA,
ROBERT J. HANNA
Executors.

Nov 16—6t

NOTICE

Is hereby given to the creditors of the estate of Woodford B. Hanna, deceased, that the undersigned have been selected and chosen as the legal Representatives of said estate. Therefore all persons having claims against said estate will present them to us for payment within the time prescribed by law, or they will be barred. All persons indebted to said estate are required to make immediate payment to us, as we are determined to settle up said estate and be ready for the Spring. This 2nd day of November 1878.

JOHN W. HANNA,
ROBERT J. HANNA
Executors.

Nov 16—6t

SALE OF LAND.

By virtue of a certain Deed of Trust executed to the undersigned by [illegible] D. Hammond and F. A. Hammond on the 26th day of February 1878 to secure [illegible] W. Francis in the sum of [illegible] certain promissory note [illegible] which said Deed of Trust was duly recorded in the Probate Court of Calhoun County, Alabama, in Book [illegible] Page [illegible] and the said [illegible] Hammond having failed and refused to pay said note at maturity, and the undersigned Trustee having been requested by the holder of said note to sell the property described in said Deed of Trust, I will on Tuesday the 10th day of December 1878, at the Court House door in the town of Jacksonville, Alabama, between the hours of 10 o'clock a. m. and 4 o'clock p. m. on said day, sell to the highest bidder for cash, before the Court House door in the town of Jacksonville, Alabama, on Tuesday the 10th day of December 1878, the following described real estate, to wit

The house and lot situated in the town of Jacksonville, known as the residence of J. D. Hammond, containing two acres more or less, of North East corner of lot No. 6, original plan of said town, on corner of Broad & Pelham streets Township 14, Range 8, East in Coosa Land District.

Said real estate will be sold to satisfy said promissory note described in said Deed of Trust. This Nov. 9th 1878.

L L SWAN,
Trustee.

REAL ESTATE AGENCY.

JACKSONVILLE, ALA.

☞For information in regard to any of the Lands mentioned below, parties can apply to the undersigned either by letter or in person. Letters of either buyers or sellers promptly and cheerfully answered. Parties with the means and the desire to purchase will be shown any lands advertised at the expense of the undersigned. Those having lands to sell are invited to communicate with him, when commission for selling, directions for writing advertisement, etc. will be given.

L. W. GRANT,
Real Estate Agent, Jacksonville, Ala.

$1200. Three hundred acres on road to Greensport, eleven miles from Jacksonville, one mile from Peck's Hill Post Office, known as Fullenwider place; 70 acres in cultivation, balance well timbered 16 Oak, Poplar, Hickory and Black Walnut. Three good springs on the place. School house and Church on the premises. TERMS—Half cash; balance in one and two years. Title perfect. A bargain

$400.—EIGHTY acres of fine wood land, within three miles of Jacksonville, on main road. Two thousand lords of wood can be cut from it. Growth mostly Post Oak. Land very good. It is a bargain at $400.

$2 000. TWO HUNDRED ACRES OF LAND splendidly improved, heavily timbered and well watered. It is situated on the Jacksonville and Gadsden road, seven miles from Gadsden. Daily mail both ways. One of the most desirable places in the county. Terms made known on application.

$1.700.—THE undersigned offers a bargain in a FARM near Jacksonville for $1,350. It contains one hundred and twenty acres of land, nearly all cleared—good orchards three good farm houses, on house, two bold springs (one freestone and one limestone) running water in every lot, and about 60 acres of the very best meadow land in this county. One of the farm houses was put up last fall at a cash expense of six hundred dollars. The present proprietor gave for the place, since the war, $3,200. Desire to move to Texas is his reason for selling at a sacrifice.

$1500. ONE HUNDRED & FIFTY FIVE acres of land more or less. Good new dwelling of five rooms not quite complete. Fine springs within a few steps of the door. Good out buildings. Excellent tan yard site. About fifty acres under fence. Land produces well. Natural fish pond on the place. Fine range for stock. Situated four miles south of Jacksonville on public road from Jacksonville to Oxford. Good stand for blacksmith and woodshop.

$4,000 SIX HUNDRED ACRES of fine river bottom land. Three payments—three good settlements on the place—Five good springs, gin house, thresher, and one of the finest orchards in the country. First bottom, 150 acres. Second and creek bottom, 150 acres. 150 acres open. Enough pine timber on the upland flats to pay for the land at the ruling price per tree, within one mile of the river. The healthiest location in the country. Good landing on the plantation. One boat a week from Rome, Ga. The bottom lands are very rich and inexhaustible. Splendid route to interior markets.

$4,000 THREE HUNDRED & twenty acres, situated on the Oxford Road, one mile from White Plains, Calhoun county, in the rich and fertile valley to Choccolocco. One hundred and forty acres in cultivation; balance well timbered. A running stream and two good wells, one good dwelling house, splendid cribs, stables, stock houses, tenant houses, etc. on the place. Best adapted to cotton, corn yields fine corn and wheat crops. Last year thirty acres of this land made seven bales of cotton. Fine orchard of all kinds of fruit now splendid garden spot. Located within a half mile of church, school-house and post office. Excellent settlement. One of the most desirable locations in the county. Terms of sale to suit purchaser. Terms of sale and made known on application.

$2,100 ONE HUNDRED & SIXTY ACRES of land lying one mile from Phillip's mill, lying three feet and in one state of cultivation, balance well timbered. A new framed house 22x24 with seven rooms, new barn, new stables and tenant house on the place. Never failing well of water within twenty steps of the door. The location of the place is the healthiest and most desirable in the county. The grounds around the house are large and shady.—The cleared consists [illegible] different varieties of grass cultivated in this country—one-half acre of asparagus already trellised. Proprietor made this year seventy gallons of wine, in second year of bearing. Convenient to churches and school. Terms $1600 cash; balance in one and two years.

$1,800 THREE HUNDRED AND TWENTY ACRES, situated two miles and a half from Phillip's mill on Oxford and Jacksonville road. Well improved. Two story frame of eight rooms, splendid dwelling, crib, stables, two good wells, an apple and peach orchard on the place. 125 acres of cultivation on the land to rent. Large spring of never failing water through the farm, the cattle yard. A good stock farm and a bargain. Terms one-third cash—balance on time.

A BARGAIN.—[illegible] or more, sold in separate tracts or together. Embraces fine flooring and oven mill, saw mill and cotton gin. Two sets of framed dwellings and outhouses. Four good settlements included. Land in good state of cultivation. Terms to suit purchaser.

$2,000—THIRTY-TWO—[illegible] lying within two miles of the court house in Jacksonville, known as the Fielding Snow place. Fine meadow land, with [illegible] spring branch running through it. Has upon it good stables, cribs and other buildings. The spring branch furnishes sufficient water power for a [illegible] mill. Fine location for a tannery—very valuable water [illegible] house standing and in fair order. The yard could be put in thoroughly order at small expense. Terms cash, one in 1, 2, & 3 yrs

$400 One hundred and twenty acres. Forty acres under fence. Lies on Gadsden-Jacksonville road, two miles from the city. Churches, Public Cisterns and school houses convenient. Four room frame house and good tenant house on the place and fine well of water in the yard. Never failing spring near. Orchard. Terms.—$250 cash balance the fall following.

$1,650 One hundred and sixty six acres three miles northeast of White Plains on southside of Choccolocco creek, the creek being the line. Good dwelling and all necessary outbuildings. Well of water in yard. The land is [illegible] and well watered. Orchard. 50 acres cleared and in high state of cultivation. Good ground work stock cattle and a half. Cotton connected. Terms easy.

AT A SACRIFICE.—Two town lots, one known as the Hudson Henry stable lot, the other facing the southwest corner of the public square. Terms made known on application

VYLUABLE LEAD MINE.

The undersigned has been authorized by the owners in Georgia and Tennessee to sell the valuable lead mine, west of this place, that was so successfully worked by the Confederate Government, for six thousand dollars. This mine sold before the war for thirty-two thousand dollars. There is money in it, and the attention of capitalists is invited to it as a good investment.

Address, L. W. GRANT,
Jacksonville, Ala.

"BLUE MOUNTAIN ROUTE."

Change of Schedule.

S. R. & D. R. R.

Taking effect Sunday, June 9th, 1878, at 5 p. m.

Mail Trains Daily.

No. 1, North.	Stations.	No. 2, South.
4.40 a. m	Lv Selma Ar	9.30 p. m.
6 38 a. m	Randpolli. Lv	7.05 p. m.
7.25 a. m	Montevallo	6.00 p. m.
8.15 a. m	Calera	5 00 p. m.
10.47 a. m	Talladega	2.35 p. m.
11.54 p. m	Oxford	1.30 p. m.
12.45 p. m	Jacksonville	12.45 p. m.
3.45 p. m.	Ar Rome Lv	10.22 a. m.
5 50 p. m	Ar Dalton Lv	8 22 a. m.

Accommodation Trains.

Daily—Sunday excepted.

No. 3. North.	Stations.	No. 4, South.
3 40 p m	Lv Selma Ar	12.30 p. m.
7.05 p. m	Randolph Lv	9 45 a. m.
8 20 p. m	Montevallo	8 34 a. m.
9.40 p. m.	Calera Ar	7.00 a. m.
12.55 p. m	Talladega	3 55 a. m.
2.25 a m	Oxford	2.25 a. m.
3.55 a. m	Jacksonville	12.50 a. m.
6 30. a. m	Ar. Rome Lv	8.15 p. m.
11.06 a. m	Dalton	5.51 p. m.

The 5.30 a. m. train connects at Calera with mail trains of L. & N. and Ga. So. R. R. for all points west, and at Dalton with trains of E. T. Va. & Ga R. R. for all eastern cities, Tennessee and Virginia springs, and with W. & A. railroad for Chattanooga and north western cities.

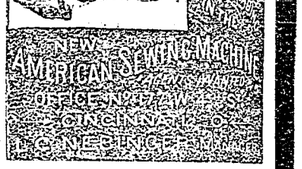
No. 3 leaving at 3.40 p. m. makes close connection at Rome for Atlanta, and at Dalton with trains of E. T. Va. & Ga. and W. & A. railroads for all eastern and western cities

Nos. 2 mail and 4 accommodation trains leave Dalton upon arrival of trains of E. T. Va. & Ga. railroad and W. & A. railroad, making close connection at Calera with mail train of L. & N. & Ga. So. railroad from all western cities.

Sleeping cars on all night trains.

Tickets as low as by any other route.

RAY KNIGHT, G. P. & T. Agt.

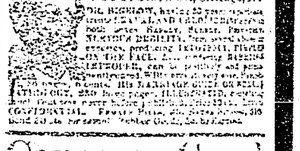


TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN.

Know ye hereby given that the undersigned will petition the next General Assembly to pass a law authorizing Sally Ann Brown to sell her homestead.

SALLIE A. W. McADAMS

Jacksonville Oct. 26th 1878.



Cancers Cured.

SCROFULA

SCROFULOUS ULCERS AND SORES

CANCERS AND SCROFULA

Dr. S. C. Williams, who is possessed of a remedy which I have to state will cure that, when applied to in time. I do state the above named diseases. And I refer to the treatment of the same as to his standing as a physician, to whom I respectfully refer to the following named gentlemen:

Dr. A. Pelham, Alexandria, Alabama
Dr. J. V. Nesbet, Jacksonville, "
Dr. B. S. Evans, White Plains, "
Judge M. J. Turney, Gadsden, "
J. W. Whiteside, Esq. Rabbit Town, "

And to the physicians, merchants and ministers of Oxford, Ala.; also to all former patients every where.

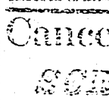
Charges moderate,

S. C. WILLIAMS, M. D.
Oxford, Ala

April 6th, 1878—1y.

Ayer's

Sarsaparilla



For Scrofula, and all scrofulous diseases, Erysipelas, Rose or St. Anthony's Fire, Eruptions and Eruptive diseases of the skin, Ulcerations of the Liver, Stomach, Kidneys, Lungs, Pimples, Pustules, Boils, Blotches, Tumors, Tetter, Salt Rheum, Scald Head, Ringworm, Ulcers, Sores, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Pain in the Bones, Side and Head, Female Weakness, Sterility, Leucorrhœa, arising from internal ulceration, and uterine disease, Syphilitic and Mercurial diseases, Dropsy, Dyspepsia, Emaciation, General Debility, and for Purifying the Blood.

This Sarsaparilla is a combination of vegetable alteratives—Stillingia, Mandrake, Yellow Dock—with the Iodides of Potassium and Iron, and is the most efficacious medicine yet known for the diseases it is intended to cure.

Its ingredients are so skillfully combined that the full alterative effect of each is assured, and while it is so mild as to be harmless even to children, it is still so effectual as to purge out from the system those impurities and corruptions which develop into loathsome disease.

The reputation it enjoys is derived from its cures, and the confidence which prominent physicians all over the country repose in it proves their experience of its usefulness.

Certificates attesting its virtues have accumulated, and are constantly being received, and as many of these cases are publicly known, they furnish convincing evidence of the superiority of this Sarsaparilla over every other alterative medicine. So generally is its superiority to any other medicine known that we need do no more than to assure the public that the best qualities it has ever possessed are strictly maintained.

PREPARED BY

Dr. J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass.,

Practical and Analytical Chemists.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS EVERYWHERE.

W. M. NISBET, Agent,
Sep 21 '78 1y Jacksonville, Ala.

The Republican.

Mr. C W. Browton is our authorized agent to travel and collect subscriptions for the REPUBLICAN. Subscribers are earnestly requested to be ready to settle when he calls.

The ladies of the M. E. Church at Cross Plains will give a supper Thursday evening week for the purpose of raising money to buy a bell for the church.

We hope the legislature will pass the bill for the relief of Martin Clark, introduced by Col. Sheid. It is a just measure. These gentlemen actually paid out for the State near or quite $400 to bring from Virginia to this State a criminal for whom Governor Houston had made requisition on the Governor of Virginia, and it is but right that the State should reimburse them.

Dr W. W. Harrison, of Alexandria valley, has secured a house in Jacksonville, and will henceforth make this place his residence, for the purpose of practicing his profession. He has the reputation of being an excellent physician.

Rev. W. H Richardson will preach in the Presbyterian church next Sabbath at 11 o'clock A. M., and 6½ o'clock P. M.

We direct special attention to the advertisement of the Talladega Nurseries. Mr. Hundley has all the varieties of fruits sold in this country, and his fruit trees have the advantage of being acclimated, and about one half the cost of those brought from nurseries north of us. Why our people insist in sending their money out of the country to buy inferior fruit trees at double cost, is something we cannot comprehend. Let us cease such folly, and patronize our home nurseries, that give us better bargains and that make no misrepresentations.

On the land of Mr. J. W. Williams, of this county, there is a red oak growing that is six-teen feet in diameter at the base—and perfectly solid. It is not uncommon to see trees of this size that are hollow; but this tree is the largest solid oak in the country so far. Mr. Williams estimates that fifty feet of it will make boards. If any gentleman thinks he can beat it, let him trot out his tree.

MARRIED.—At the residence of the bride's mother, on the 20th of November, by Rev. Wyly Woodall, Miss S. C. Martin of Calhoun, and Mr. M. G. Martie of St. Clair county.

FINE SHEEP FOR ALABAMA.—Mr. James Crook of Jacksonville, Ala., has purchased from B. F. Cockrill, of the Richland stock farm, one hundred ewes and three bucks of his celebrated Merino flock. This celebrated flock furnished the premium wool at London at the world's fair in 1851-52; also the premium wool at the great exhibition of textile fabrics held at Cincinnati some years since, and have universally been first or there-a-bouts at every exhibition where ever shown. This flock was founded in 1812 by M. R. Cockrill, and have been bred pure ever since, selection being made from the best flocks in the world for breeding purposes. We congratulate Mr. Crook on the purchase, as well as the state of Alabama on their introduction.—Rural Sun.

Capt. Crook received the Merinos in good condition, and will soon carry them to his stock farm in Alexandria valley. He has planted this Fall one hundred and thirty acres in Winter oats, some thirty or forty acres in clover, and a large area in lucerne. Besides this he has ordered sixty bushels of orchard grass, which he will put in.

Altogether he has the finest stock farm in this part of the state, and it will not be long before he can begin to sell the bucks of his fine breeds, and thus contribute to the improvement of the common breeds of the county. To make it easy for sheep raisers to acquire his fine sheep, it is his intention to sell them at prices that will bring them within the reach of the farmers of the county. He has also Angora goats

Capt. Crook, Gen. Burke, Major Francis, Messrs. Tyler & Noble, and other gentleman who are importing fine stock into the county, are really public benefactors. Such importations will, in the course of time, add immensely to the wealth of the county, and place Calhoun among the best stock-raising counties in the state.

COUNTY GRANGE.

ED. REPUBLICAN:

On last Thursday morning to those of us who desired to attend a meeting of the County Grange, the clouds had an angry and threatening appearance. Soon the rain began to descend, and one felt little inclined to venture out with a prospect so gloomy. About this time the worthy representative of Alexandria Grange passed, showing a resolution to brave the terrors of the weather, and consulting our weather prophet, (who never fails, except in dry weather.) I was assured the rain would soon cease—the wind would shift, and the rays of old Sol would beam with renewed splendor. Thus encouraged, I ventured to start. Before reaching the mountain, sure enough, the sun began to shine—and all nature seemed to put on a bright and cheerful appearance.

As one ascends the lofty mountain, breathes the pure and wholesome air, and beholds the mighty handiwork of nature, the soul is naturally filled with reverence and purity of thought. How emotional one feels, as he looks down from some lofty peak upon the little village or hamlet that contains those that are dearer to him than life.

—Crossing the mountain, I soon reached the village of White Plains, and enjoyed the hospitable fire of Mr. W. A. Scarbrough, who is becoming one of the most prosperous merchants in the county; the rain began to fall heavily, but one by one representatives of the different Granges began to collect, including our genial friend W. P. Cooper. Having partaken of a repleteniyable dinner, the Grange was called to order.

Mr. Editor, why is it that all of us do not feel kindly towards the Grange? Has it done any harm? On the contrary, has it not accomplished much permanent good? Has it not stimulated the agricultural interests of the county? Has it not disseminated the experience of practical farmers and improved our system of farming? Has it not only encouraged, but brought about social intercourse among our farmers, and thereby engendered a more friendly feeling.

Let us all encourage the farmer, and aid him all we can.

The bills and accounts of the Third Annual fair were audited, approved and ordered, paid and much important business was transacted. A vote of thanks was tendered the managers of the fair for the able and zealous manner in which they discharged their duties. Considerable discussion was had in relation to the holding of the Fourth Annual fair for 1879, and the Grange not arriving at a decision, postponed the subject to a special or adjourned meeting to be held at Jacksonville on Thursday before the fourth Sunday, being the 19th day of December next, when a full delegation from all the Granges will be expected.

By publishing this notice, you will deserve the thanks of

* * *

Little Rock, November 19.—A distinct shock of an earthquake was felt here last night and considerable excitement prevailed.

New Orleans, Democrat: A private letter from an intimate and dear friend of ex-President Davis, written at Beauvoir, informs us that for some months past Mrs. Davis has been seriously ill, and Mr. Davis has himself been fearfully prostrated by anxiety and care for his beloved and devoted wife. To add to their distress, while Mrs. Davis was convalescing the news came that their son, Jefferson Davis, jr., had fallen ill with the fever in Memphis. Mrs. Davis was again taken violently ill and narrowly escaped death, though convalescing, and has been declared out of danger by her physician. Mr. Davis, overwhelmed by the loss of his only remaining son and the illness and danger of his wife, is still much prostrated.

Southern Russia threatens to become a rival of Pennsylvania in the product of petroleum. The persons who some time ago found oil near the shores of the Caspian sea are reported to have turned their discovery to profit. From one of the wells a stream, free from gas and froth, is forced to a height of seventy-five feet, yielding at the rate of 10,000 barrels a day. It is believed that oil abounds in Circassia, Georgia and Astrachan, and that, when improved methods of drilling and pumping the wells have been devised, oil will be got in immense quantities. Companies are already forming, it is reported, at Odessa, Novo Leherkosk, Astrachan, and other cities for the purpose of obtaining oil.

LOCAL MATTERS.

ED. G. CALDWELL,

(At the old Forney Corner,)

Has on hand the best brands of Chewing and Smoking TOBACCOS, including the popular Swanson—Prince—and the celebrated Durham Smoking Tobacco's. He has the largest stock of CIGARS in Town. Among his brands you will find the Solace, Margarita, Royal, Standard and the favorite Tidal Wave.

Chocolate Caramine, Imported Chow Chow, Boston Baked Beans, Salmon & Canned Goods in great variety at

ED. G. CALDWELL'S.

Coffee, Sugar, Flour, Meal, Meat, Potatoes, Mackerel, Macaroni & Cheese at ED. G. CALDWELL'S.

Cheap Groceries for Cash at the old Forney Corner.

Fresh Lard at

ED. G. CALDWELL'S.

Fresh Meat at

ED. G. CALDWELL'S.

YOU can buy anything in the GROCERY line CHEAP for CASH at

ED. G. CALDWELL'S.

YOU can buy 25 pounds of RICE for $1.00 at

ED. G. CALDWELL'S

YOU can buy 15 pounds of SUGAR for $1.00 at

ED. G. CALDWELL'S

Salt at panic-makers prices at

ED. G. CALDWELL'S

YOU can buy 5 pounds of good COFFEE for ONE DOLLAR at

ED. G. CALDWELL'S

ARE YOU GOING TO TRADE? Go to A. MEYERS & CO. Cross Plains, and get your trunks. Valises and satchels cheap. Also, go and get the Boots at $1.50 a pair. Linen Saratoga Chips, 25 cents, besides the largest assortment of Baltimore Notion Counters, Kid Gloves, Chenille Shawls, Linen Silk Ties, and new Styles of Dress Waterproofs. Come and examine A. MEYERS & Co's CHEAP CASH STORE

WONDERFUL!

You ought to take a peep at A. MEYERS & CO's large Stock of Dry Goods, Notions, and all kinds of Fancy articles, and you will be left in a frame of mind—wonderment. The quantity of their Goods, quality, beauty, Style and cheapness would astonish you. The question is often asked: How can A. MEYERS & CO. bring such a fine Stock of Goods all the way from NEW YORK, and sell them for so little money in Jacksonville? The question is easily answered, when it is known they buy with so much *cash and influence*, and in such *large quantities*. We can recommend the public to this *Store for Good Goods*, and *Cheap Goods*. The Firm has most excellent and accommodating Clerks, and it is a great place for they want us all to patronize their Mammoth Emporium.

ADVERTISING NEW.

The Parisers are daily receiving new goods. Go to Parts to buy your fancy groceries. Fresh pork, Bologna sausage, pork sausage, breakfast bacon, dried beef, white fish, cod fish, mackerel, roasted and fine grits for breakfast or dinner, Irish potatoes, onions, cabbage, turnips, the best Cheddar cheese, the best Young America Lardy cheese—small, 10 to 12 lbs each—and many other good things. Come and see.

THE PARISERS.

Have one fine milch cow for sale. Call soon. Also a few pounds of lucerne seed low. We have a full stock of family supplies and fancy groceries and would be happy to see our friends and sell to them at lower figures than ever sold in this market. Call and examine our large stock.

W. F. & E. L. PARK.

A splendid lot of new Trimmings at

ED. G. CALDWELL'S

Best selection of dress-goods at

E. G. CALDWELL'S

New lot of stone-ware at E. G. CALDWELL'S

YOU can buy TEN pounds of RICE for $1.00 at

E. G. CALDWELL'S

YOU can buy SIX pounds of SUGAR for $1.00 at

E. G. CALDWELL'S

Salt at panic-makers prices at

E. G. CALDWELL'S

YOU can buy 5 pounds of good COFFEE for ONE DOLLAR at

ED. G. CALDWELL'S

ARE YOU GOING TO TRADE? Go to A. MEYERS & CO. Cross Plains, and get your trunks. Valises and satchels cheap. Also, go and get the Boots at $1.50 a pair. Linen Saratoga Chips, 25 cents, besides the largest assortment of Baltimore Notion Counters, Kid Gloves, Chenille Shawls, Linen Silk Ties, and new Styles of Dress Waterproofs. Come and examine A. MEYERS & Co's CHEAP CASH STORE

LOOK HERE!

All those indebted to me are earnestly requested to make payment. Do not let excuses attend to this matter, *time is getting late and dangerous.* I am not able to go over the country to see you as in days gone by, but you can, and *ought* to come in and see me. Think of your *duty* in the matter, and *discharge* that duty, so as to *have a clean conscience.* I furnished you with goods at fair prices—have waited patiently for the money, and now, when necessity calls for payment, surely you will hearken to the call. Please pay all *now* if you can, but if you cannot pay all at present do be certain to pay some promptly, and the balance as soon as circumstances will permit. Please call at my office and see me. Respectfully,

E. L. WOODWARD.

HARDER BUTTS

No. 12 S. Eighth St.

St. Louis, Mo.

Who has had greater experience in the treatment of sexual troubles of both men and women than any physician in the West, gives the results of his long and successful practice in his new work, just published, entitled

The PHYSIOLOGY of MARRIAGE

The PRIVATE MEDICAL ADVISER

Both the great early treatise and the instructive medical work containing the latest and most advanced ideas of the author, and comprising a valuable information for both married and single persons. The two books together, in one volume, are sent by mail, sealed, for $1.00. Illustrated circular free. Read what our contemporaries say of the author and his books: "Dr. Butts is one of the most successful physicians in the Mississippi valley. His new work is to us a source of much pleasure, for it is sound, and what every one should know." "Dr. Butts is a gentleman of the highest character, and his work is a credit to the author and to the age in which we live." "Dr. Butts is thoroughly endorsed by the leading medical men of this city, and his work is the most valuable publication of the kind ever issued from the press

AGRICULTURE.

SHEAF BINDING.—In the French Section of the Paris Exhibition, are various attempts to obviate the use of a bunch of straw taken from the sheaf to form a band for enclosing the same in a safe and proper manner. One man proposes to use the bark peeled from osiers, two or three twisted together; these are sold very cheap. Another has cheap hempen strings cut to length and sold in bundles of one thousand each. It is estimated that the annual crop of France is about 4,000,000,000 sheaves of grain, and that 50 straw bands contain one franc's worth of grain, the whole representing 80,000,000 francs, most of which is lost by shelling out on to the ground or mildewing under the band. Add to this the loss of time in making and applying, and the injury to the grain in the size of the band, which causes dampness to the sheaf. The figures seem formidable, and an *automatique* band is presented to solve the difficulty. The mode of using it is evident. The wooden block being held in one hand, one knee of the operator is placed upon the sheaf to compress it, while the other hand draws the cord through the ring. The expansion of the sheaf binds the cord between the ring and the block, and makes a perfectly tight fastening. The cord and block are treated with tar, and are smoked to render them indestructible by humidity and noxious to insects, rats, and lizards. The price is 70 francs ($14) per 1,000, 5 feet long. Another candidate in the same field offers his sheaf bands with a statement that it saves in the neighborhood of 80 per cent of the labor involved, and more than 200 per cent of the cost of the ordinary bands. It is surely worth examination, for this is actually money in the pocket. The band is composed of of two cords knotted together, forming loops. The point of the tool is introduced through a loop at or near one end, and is thrust as far as the handle permits. The band being placed around the sheaf, the point of the tool is thrust through such one of the other loops as will give the tightness to the band, and the handle end of the tool is then carried over, describing an arc upon the point which is in the sheaf; the loop slips down from the handle to the point end, and the loop caught in the notch is then drawn through the loop on the top, and the latter is withdrawn, allowing the knot drawn through to catch in the loop, where it is held by the expansion of the sheaf. They are five feet long, and the price is, according to size, from $5.32 to $7.60 per 1,000.

HEAVES AND HOG CHOLERA.—Heaves or broken wind, is something like asthma in people. They cannot make much exertion without puffing and a dry coughing. Prevention is easier than cure; indeed, when, the disease has progressed far, to cure is out of the question. To alleviate, keep away dusty hay, Do not let the animal expand his belly with bulky food; water frequently that he may not drink too heartily. Cut hay moistened; all the food moistened and rich, rather than poor and bulky, will be found best. Prof. Law says; "The water as the exclusive drink is often useful, and a course of carminatives (ginger, caraway cardamoros, fennel,) may be added with advantage. But nerve tonics and above all arsenic in five-grain doses daily (be careful of your doses, as excess will poison your horse), and continued for a month or two, are especially valuable. He says further that no broken-winded horse should have food or water for from one to two hours before going to work.

NO ONE can develop the grace of meekness by listening to a crying baby. Stop its fretfulness by curing the Colic with Dr. Bull's Baby Syrup.

SMUT AS A CATTLE POISON.—Smut is poisonous to cattle, and if eaten in any considerable quantity, produces disease and death. Great care must therefore be taken not to feed them with ears of corn which are partly affected with smut, as they will be greedy after the grain and swallow the smut with it. There is less danger with corn fodder, provided all the smutty ears have been removed. But it usually happens that the husker on coming to these diseased ears, leaves them on stalks, which is a dangerous practice. The best way to treat them is to go through the corn field before the stalks are cut, and with a knife and basket, cut off all the diseased parts of every hill of corn, and burn them in a bush heap. This, if carefully done, will remove the danger. Where good ears have small portions with smutted grains, it has been recommended to select these for feeding pigs, and to cook them well before feeding.

SALT FOR ANIMALS.—If you want to keep your hogs, horses, cattle and sheep healthy, give them salt regularly. There is no better vermifuge than salt. Much of the so-called hogera is due to intestinal worms. Plenty of salt would prevent the accumulation of these worms. All animals desire salt, showing that it is a want of their nature, and undoubtedly for wise purposes.

The Flying Fox.

The flying fox is a very curious inhabitant of the forest near Moreton Bay, in East Australia. It lives in flocks and moves generally towards the dusk of the evening, and the noise produced by the heavy flapping of the so-called wings is very singular. The flocks like quiet places, where there are large Araucanian pine trees, with an underwood of scrubs and creepers. The foxes hang in vast numbers from the horizontal branches of the pine trees. When there is a clear space among the trees, an enormous number of the animals may be seen, and their noise can be heard; for directly they see anything unusual, they utter a short bark, something like the sound made by young rooks. Often every branch is crowded and the flying foxes are seen either flapping their wings and with their heads downwards, or snarling and fighting for places. Suddenly the whole take to flight, flapping their furry, wing-like sides and wheeling around like heavy birds. Many fly with their young holding on to them. The creature is not a true fox, and there is a fold of skin which reaches from the fore to the hind legs. This is called the wing, and it enables the oterpus, as the animal is called, to float and turn in the air.

FOR SEVERAL YEARS I have used Dr. Jayne's Expectorant in my family, and can truly say that I know of no medicine equal to it for checking and curing the frequent Coughs and Colds to which children are subject at all seasons of the year. I have also realized great benefit from it myself, and have recommended it to others, who almost invariably have learned to value it. I always prescribe it to the students under our care, when necessary, and the teachers willingly add their testimony to mine in praise of this medicine.—*J. S. Edwards, Principal of Providence Conf. Sem., East Greenwood, R. I.*

DOMESTIC.

HOW TO "DO UP" LACE.—Real Valenciennes and thread lace sometimes come within the purse-range of people who can afford to read the papers. It is poor economy and poor taste to wash and iron these like common rags. A much better method seems coming into common use, and nearly all laces good enough to wear at all should be washed in this way. This includes lace and tatting collars, pieces of footing, and also the better kinds of machine-made lace. Take a large-sized bottle—a common junk bottle will do—and wind it smoothly with several thicknesses of white cotton, or at least two thicknesses of clean white flannel. Fasten this smoothly. Begin at the lower end of the bottle and wind the lace around it, the scalloped edge down, bringing it around so that the edge of each row just overlaps the straight edge of the preceding row. With a fine thread baste the lace in position, pulling it out evenly and snug, but not stretched, over the flannel. Over this wind carefully two thicknesses more of white flannel or stout cotton, sewing it snug. Put this into a kettle and cover it with soft water, in which sufficient soap of the best quality, white castile, if you can get it, has been shaved to make a good suds. To this add a small half teaspoonful of borax, or a few drops of aqua ammonia. Let it come to a boil and continue boiling only a few minutes. Set off the kettle and remove the bottle when the water is cool enough to allow pressing out the suds gently with the hands. To rinse and starch the lace, put the bottle in a kettle of clean water, stirring in a few drops of bluing and stiffening of some kind. Rice flour starch is said to be the best, but well made common laundry starch is used, and simple gum arabic water is recommended. When this water boils take the kettle again from the fire and partially cool the water by standing. Press out all the moisture possible, then hang the bottle in the sunshine until its wrappings are dry. Rip off the outer flannel and remove the lace. If the edge does not look even and new, pick out the pearling with a pin. Of course the lace should not be ironed.

A Letter for Sunday School Teachers.

DEAR FRIENDS:—Many of you are already on the lookout for the best lesson helps for next year. It is not the purpose of this letter to claim that a certain publication is better adapted to your use than another; but to afford you an opportunity to judge for yourselves. Probably the surest way to get what is best suited to your wants is for you to make a fair trial now, of some of the prominent publications. While the regular price of The Sunday School Times (a sixteen page weekly paper) is $2.15 a year, it will be sent to new subscribers, on trial, for three months, for twenty-five cents.

The Boston Journal in commenting upon The Sunday School Times, pronounces it "beyond all question the best paper of the kind published in the country." *The Congregationalist*, of Boston says: "The Times was never better than it is now, and in breadth, intelligence, variety, and general ability, it compares favorably with the leading religious papers of the land;" while *The Independent*, of New York, calls it, "The best periodical of its class in the world, with a subscription list which only two or three of our religious periodicals can profess to equal."

It will be well for you to enclose also, seven cents for a specimen copy of The Scholars' Quarterly. This publication has a circulation of 140,000 copies among all denominations. Specimens of the Weekly Lesson Leaf will be sent to you, free, if you wish to see them.

Yours, truly,

JOHN D. WATTLES,
610 Chestnut St., Philadelphia, Pa.

ORANGES filled with jelly makes a pretty appearance on a supper table, and are acceptable when much variety is desired. Take some very fine oranges, and with the point of a small knife cut from the top of each a round hole about the size of a shilling; then, with the small end of a tea or egg spoon, empty them entirely, taking care not to break the rinds. Throw these into cold water, and make jelly of the juice, which must be well pressed from the pulp, and strained as clear as possible. Color one-half a fine rose color, with prepared cochineal, and leave the other very pale; when it is nearly cold, drain and wipe the orange rinds, and fill them with alternate stripes of the two jellies; when they are perfectly cold cut them in quarters, and dispose them tastefully in a dish, with a few light branches of myrtle between them. Calf's feet, or any other variety of jelly, or different blanc manges, may be used at choice to fill the rinds; the colors, however, should contrast as much as possible.

SAUER KRAUT.—In the first place let your "stand," holding from half a barrel to a barrel, be thoroughly scalded out; the cutter, the tub and the stamper also well scalded. Take off all the outer leaves of the cabbage, halve them, and remove the heart and proceed with the cutting. Lay some clean leaves at the bottom of the stand, sprinkle with a handful of salt, fill in half a bushel of cut cabbage, stamp gently until the juice just makes its appearance, then add another handful of salt, and so on until the stand is full. Cover over with cabbage leaves, place on top a clean board fitting the space pretty well, and on the top of tha a stone weighing twelve or fifteen pounds. Stand away in a cool place, and when hard freezing comes on, remove to the cellar. It will be ready for use in from four to six weeks. The cabbage should be cut tolerable coarse.

SHORTCAKES.—Shortcakes need not be made of strawberries alone. A writer in the *Housekeeper's Companion* says rhubarb, strawberries, peaches, raspberries, may each be used in their season, by making a shortcake thus: One teacupful sour cream, or butter size of a butternut and teacupful buttermilk, or teaspoonful of cream of tartar and cup of cold water or sweet milk, and half a teaspoonful, of saleratus; flour to roll; roll half an inch thick, bake twenty minutes, split and butter both sides, fill with berries, and sweeten with white sugar. Serve warm or cold with cream.

THE LEMON VERBENA.—It is said that a few of the dried leaves of this plant mixed with Chinese tea adds to its tastefulness to the palates of many people.

STAINS IN LIGHT GOODS.—Chloroform is very useful in removing great stains from light silk and poplin. French chalk is also very good.

Leavened Bread.

The invention of leavened bread was perhaps like others the result of accident. Its antiquity is doubtful, though the Chinese are credited with the knowledge of making leavened bread from wheaten flour nearly 2,000 B. C. At all events the art was familiar to the Egyptians in the time of Moses. The secret afterwards became known to the Greeks, and through them to the Romans, who spread the invention far and wide in their campaigns. Baking became a profession at Rome in 170, B. C., and after the conquest of Macedon, 148 B. C., numbers of Greek bakers came to Rome and obtained special privileges, which resulted in the trade becoming a monopoly in their hands.

HUMOROUS.

FAMILIAR QUOTATIONS.—A young Oil Citizen calls his sweetheart Revenge, because she is sweet.

And the young married man on South Hill calls his mother-in-law Delay, because she is dangerous.

And a South End man calls his wife Fact, because she is a stubborn thing.

And a fourth wife of a district attorney calls him Necessity, because he knows no law.

And a Cincinnatti man names his coachman Procrastination, because he stole his watch.

And a Syracuse man calls his wife Sluggard, because she gets mad and goes to her aunt every time he stays out to lodge.

A Yonkers man calls his wife Frailty, because Shakespeare says: "Frailty, thy name is woman."

And a New York insurance agent calls his wife Honesty, because it's the best policy.

And a Pittsburg man calls his wife Adversity because sweet are its uses.

The acting assistant editor of this paper calls his wife Liberty because when he returns from the office he find her eternally vigilant (her name was price.)

Our young man calls his maiden aunt The Wicked Flea, for no man pursueth her. He also calls his crooked legged doctor "A Friend Indeed," because he is a friend in-kneed.

The wife of a Lynchburger is denominated a musquito "Concealment," because he fed "upon her damask cheek."

THEY KNEW HE MEANT IT.—When a newly married widower passed a crowd who were standing on First street recently one of the party remarked:

"He waited a long time before he hitched onto his second wife, didn't he?"

"How long ago did his first wife die?" queried a subdued looking stranger who was standing near.

The party figured that it had been about four years.

"Too soon, too soon," mused the stranger; "if my wife should die I'd never get married again."

The moisture that gathered in the stranger's eyes engulphed the crowd in a sea of sympathy, and when he bowed his head, and they saw the marks of a rolling-pin behind his ear, and observed that several tufts of hair were missing from his scalp, they knew that he meant what he said.

A LITTLE Brighton girl went on a visit to a friend's house with her mother, and listened with great delight to her hostess playing the piano. When the air was concluded she deliberately handed the surprised lady a cent. "Why, ma," she replied to the remonstrances of her shocked parent, "we always give the organ man a cent, and Mrs.—— plays ever so much gooder than he does!" Fact.

A PARTY of clergymen were dining with a brother in a neighboring city, and as the evening wore on it was noticed that the generous giver of the feast was considerably overcome by his own wine. The attention of a witty brother having been called to the fact, he irreverently remarked that it might be spoken of as the "elevation of the host."

THERE may be no more edifying and ennobling sight than to see a lady have a tussel with her best dress on Sunday morning, after the church bells begin to ring, and she finds, at the last moment, it malignantly refuses to hang right behind. Angels couldn't use their tears to better advantage than at such a time—so we have been told.

SEARCHING will discover all things; and to discover as well as remove impurities of the blood, the best blood searcher is Dr. Bull's Blood Mixture.

THE Saratogian tells of a Unitarian clergyman at the recent conference who saw the placard, "Leave your dog outside," and tried to purchase a dog in order to comply with the regulations. We suspect that clergyman of atrocious levity.

FAIRBANKS & Co. are receiving orders from every inhabited part of the globe, and although they made more scales last week than in any week before, they have orders for more than four thousand scales ahead of production.

A CORONER'S verdict reads thus: "The deceased came to his death by excessive drinking, producing apoplexy in the minds of the jury."

A WESTERN paper says: "A child was run over by a wagon 3 years old, and cross-eyed with pantalets on, which never spoke afterwards."

A CLERGYMAN says: "A young woman died in my neighborhood, recently, while I was preaching in a beastly state of intoxication."

LAME excuses seldom carry the crutches of plausibility.

IT IS not fair to strike an average when it is down.

THERMOMETERS have been working over time lately.

THE bell-punch noteth even the fall of a swallow.

WOMAN'S sphere—that she won't get a rich husband.

A NEW machine is not always what it seems.

Mocht Nix Ous.

The day had been set and the young man was happy. When his father failed in business he collected together all the pink love letters, the lock of her hair, the faded violet, &c., and started for her father's mansion. He was high minded and honorable, and he felt in duty bound to release her from the engagement. Yet he grew faint as he was ushered into the parlor. Such love as his wouldn't stay crushed.

"Gworge, dear Gworge!" she exclaimed, as she entered the parlor and seized his hand.

"Arabella, I am here to do my duty," he said, as he rose up.

"W-what's the matter?" she asked.

"H-haven't you heard of—of my poor father's failure?" he inquired, his heart beating painfully.

"Why, yes, dwear Gworge, and now what of it?"

"Aren't you—won't you—that is—"

"I'm glad of it—that's all!" she said.

"You are?"

"Of course I am! I was talking with father, and he said if your father had failed for $90,000 he'd make at least $50,000 out of it, and of course you'll get twice as much as you counted on."

Some girls would have set the dog on him, not having a business father to make due explanations.

To make an amber varnish take white amber purified or bleached by heating with salgemmæ (rock or fossil salt), and reduce it to powder in a mortar. It is then melted over a fire in a clean iron pot, and as much fine nut oil as will make it into a varnish is then added, after which the whole is well stirred until throughly mixed. The pot is then removed from the fire, and when the heat has sufficiently evaporated, essence of turpentine is added to form a composition of the proper consistence for use. The following proportions answer well: White amber, 1lb.; fine nut oil, 1lb.; essence of turpentine, 2lbs.

Bromine is now highly lauded as a cure for poisoning by the poison ivy.

Though Shaking Like an Aspen Leaf

With the chills and fever, the victim of malaria may still recover by using the celebrated specific, Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, which not only breaks up the most aggravated attacks but prevents their recurrence. It is infinitely preferable to quinine, not only because it does the business far more thoroughly, but also on account of its perfect wholesomeness and invigorating action upon the entire system. Testimony is concurrent, positive and ample, showing the decisive nature of its effects, and that it is no mere palliative. Physicians concede its excellence, and there is a constant influx of communications from persons in every class of society avouching its merits, and bearing witness to its superiority over other remedies for malarial disease. It is especially popular throughout the West, wherever fever and ague prevails, as it does in many of the fairest and most fertile portions of that vast region.

SCHENCK'S PULMONIC SYRUP will at once relieve and loosen a tight cough, and is such an agreeable remedy that children will take it without being coaxed. A cold on the lungs, if consumption is not already developed, may be easily mastered by the use of Schenck's Pulmonic Syrup.

For sale by all Druggists.

Enjoy Life.

What a truly beautiful world we live in Nature gives us grandeur of mountains, glens and oceans, and a thousand means for enjoyment. We can desire no better when in perfect health; but how often do the majority of people feel like giving it up disheartened, discouraged and worried out with disease, when there is no occasion for this feeling, as every sufferer can easily obtain satisfactory proof that Green's August Flower will make them as free from disease as when born. Dyspepsia and Liver Complaint is the direct cause of seventy-five per cent of such maladies as Biliousness, Indigestion, Sick Headache, Costiveness, Nervous Prostration, Dizziness of the Head, Palpitation of the Heart, and other distressing symptoms. Three doses of August Flower will prove its wonderful effect. Sample bottels, 10 cents. Try it.

Reliable Dry Goods House.

If you want Silks, Black Goods, Dress Goods, Hosiery or Dry Goods of any kind below the market prices, and wish to have the advantage of all the great trade sales, and of losses made by importers, send your orders or write for samples to B. F. Dewees, 1124 (formerly of 725) Chestnut street. They send out thousands of samples and fill orders daily from all parts of the country.

STAUNTON (VA.) VINDICATOR OFFICE.—Dr. C. W. Benson:—We lose no opportunity to recommend your Celery and Chamomile Pills to our friends for Neuralgia and Sick and Nervous Headache. They act like a charm with us.
TINSLEY & MORTON.

Pennsylvania trade supplied by Johnston Holloway & Co., French Richard & Co., Bullock & Crenshaw, of Philadelphia.

EPILEPSY, or Failing Fits, is such a distressing malady and one so calculated to rob life of its comfort and take from the afflicted ones that feeling of confidence and security which health promotes, that it is with a feeling of relief, we read the certificates of those who have been great sufferers from this malady, but whose restoration to health has been brought about by the use of "Hance's Epileptic Pills." Their testimonials will be found in another column of this paper, and are worthy of careful consideration.

A Reporter Reporting Himself

A. W. Frick, Esq., of the *Evening Bulletin* Philadelphia, says that after three attacks of Rheumatism in the same Summer, all severe, he discarded the Doctor's physic and resorted to Dr. Herndon's Gypsey's Gift, which entirely relieved him in two days. Have him interviewed. It is a new, harmless and powerful remedy. Sold all over Philadelphia. Send for circular to J. J. Grindal, Box 520, P. O. Baltimore.

Mrs. General Sherman

Says: I have frequently bought Durang's Rheumatic Remedy for friends suffering with Rheumatism, and in *every instance* it worked like magic. Sufferers with rheumatism make a note of this, and send for circular to Helphenstine & Bentley, Druggists, Washington, D. C. Sold by all druggists.

Hoofland's German Bitters.

During the warm season the nerves become enfeebled and the whole system debilitated. The stomach loses its power of digestion, the liver becomes congested and sluggish, causing constipation or diarrhœa, dysentery and cholera morbus; and the prevalence of more or less malaria at this season engenders ague, bilious or typhoid fevers, often of serious import. To avoid these consequences, take, night and morning, a tablespoonful of Hoofland's German Bitters; it is a splendid tonic and alterative, that will restore the appetite and digestion, tone the nerves, regulate the liver and strengthen and build up the whole system to withstand the summer heat and all its baneful influences.

HUMPHREY'S HOMEOPATHIC SPECIFIC No. 28 VERBENA THE GREAT BLOOD PURIFIER

I regard it as a Valuable FAMILY MEDICINE.

January 1, 1875.

MR. H. R. STEVENS:

Dear Sir.—I take pleasure in saying, that I have used the Verbena in my family with good results, and I have known of several cases of remarkable cures effected by it. I regard it as a valuable family medicine. Truly yours,
REV. WM. McDONALD.

Rev. Wm. McDonald is well known through the United States as a minister in the M. E. Church.

Vegetine is Sold by all Druggists.

PIANO Another battle on high prices. War ORGAN with monopolists renewed. More pianos sold. Prices defeated; retreat cut off; their ranks broken; complete rout and defeat of the enemy; grand triumph. See Beatty's latest Newspaper for full report free. Before buying PIANO or ORGAN send for illustrated circular. Beatty's celebrated Pianos and Organs, beauti ul instruments. Challenge comparison. Rivals are jealous of my success. Most successful houses in America. Commenced a few years ago without a dollar; sold now nearly $250,000 annually. Lowest prices ever given; elegant Rosewood Pianos $225; 16-stop Church Organs, $115. Treasonable WAR on prices now ready. Address WAR D. F. Beatty, Washington, N. J., U.S.A. WAR

NEW MUSIC BOOKS.

Johnson's Method for Singing Classes

By A. N. Johnson, is a book of admirable simplicity and clearness of explanation, and is endorsed by Asa for practice, 40 Hymn Tunes, 16 Anthems, and 24 Glees and 4-Part Songs, a limit unsurpassed for teaching the Science. The introductory price is the favor. Price 60 cents., or $6 per dozen.

Clarke's Harmonic School for the Organ,

By Wm. H. Clarke, is a new and magnificent Instruction book for those who wish to play the Organ (Pipe or Reed) in Church, is full of fine music for practice or enjoyment. Forms a basis for the best kind of organ Music, and has the unique and special merit of preparing the learner to compose and extemporize interludes and Voluntaries, as well as to play them. Price $2

THE MUSICAL RECORD,

The Weekly Musical Paper of the country! Dexter Smith, Editor. All Music Teachers need it. 5 cents per copy, $2 per year. 32 pages of music per year.

Any book mailed post-free, for retail price.

OLIVER DITSON & CO., Boston,

J. E. DITSON & CO., 922 Chestnut St., Phila.

FITS!

FITS! FITS! FITS!

CURE OF EPILEPSY; OR, FALLING FITS, BY HANCE'S EPILEPTIC PILLS.

Persons laboring under this distressing malady will find Hance's Epileptic Pills to be the only remedy ever discovered for curing Epilepsy or Falling Fits.

The following certificates should be read by all the afflicted; they are in every respect true, and should they be read by any one who is not afflicted himself, if he has a friend who is a sufferer, he will do a humane act by cutting this out and sending it to him.

A MOST REMARKABLE CURE.

PHILADELPHIA, June 23, 1867.

SETH HANCE, Baltimore, Md.—Dear Sir: Seeing your advertisement, I was induced to try your Epileptic Pills. I was attacked with Epilepsy in July, 1865. Immediately my physician was summoned, but he could give me no relief. I then consulted another physician, but I seemed to grow worse. I then tried the treatment of another, but without any good effect. I again returned to my family physician who cupped and bled several times. I was generally attacked without any premonitory symptoms. I had had from two to five fits a day, at intervals of two weeks. I was often attacked in my sleep, and would fall where ever I would be, or whatever be occupied with, and was severely injured several times from the falls. I was affected so much that I lost all confidence in myself. I also was affected in my business, and I consider that your Epileptic Pills cured me. In February, 1865, I commenced to use your Pills, and only had two attacks afterward. The last one was April 5, 1865, and they were of a less serious character. With the blessing of Providence your medicine was made the instrument by which I was cured of that distressing affliction. I think that the Pills and their good effects should be made known everywhere, that persons who are similarly affected may have the benefit of them. Any person wishing further information can obtain it by calling at my residence, No. 836 North Third Street, Philadelphia, Pa.

WILLIAM ELDER.

THERE IS A CURE FOR EPILEPSY.

The subjoined will answer.

GRENADA, Miss., June 30.

SETH S. HANCE—Dear Sir: You will find inclosed five dollars, which I send you for two boxes of your Epileptic Pills. I was the first person who tried your Pills in this part of the country. My son was badly afflicted with fits for four years, I wrote for and received two boxes of your Pills, which he took according to directions. He has never had a fit since. It was by my persuasion that Mr. Lyon tried your Pills. His case was a very bad one; he had fits nearly all his life. Persons have written to me from Alabama and Tennessee on the subject, for the purpose of ascertaining my opinion in regard to your Pills. I have always recommended them, and in no instance where I have had a chance of hearing from their effect have they failed to cure. Yours, etc., G. H. GUY,
Grenada, Yalabusha Co., Miss.

ANOTHER REMARKABLE
CURE OF EPILEPSY; OR, FALLING FITS, BY HANCE'S EPILEPTIC PILLS.

MONTGOMERY Texas, June 29, 1867.

To Seth S. Hance.—A person in my employ had been afflicted with Fits, or Epilepsy, for thirteen years; he had these attacks at intervals of two to four weeks, and often several in quick successson, sometimes continuing for two or three days. On several occasions they lasted until his mind appeared totally deranged, in which state he would continue for a day or two after the fits had ceased. I tried several remedies prescribed by our resident physicians, but with no success. Having seen your advertisement I concluded to try your remedy. I obtained two boxes of your Pills gave them according to directions, and they effected a permanent cure. The person is now a stout and healthy man, about 30 years of age and has not had a fit since he commenced taking your medicine, ten years since. He was my principal wagoner and has, since that time, been exposed to the severest of weather. I have great confidence in your remedy, and would like every one who has fits to give it a trial. B. L. DUFREESE.

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