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Prompt Attention given to Collections.
May 15, 1875-1y.

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May 15, 1875—tf.

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J. D. ARNOLD,
Surgeon Dentist,
JACKSONVILLE, ALA.
All work executed in the most durable and scientific manner.
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THE brutal Turks have disregarded the Geneva Cross. This is the emblem of hospital attendants—the angels of mercy on the battle-field. The wearers of the Geneva Cross have always moved about with immunity upon the battle-field, indifferent as to which side they served, and all civilization soldiers have venerated the emblem with respect and reverence. The ferocious Turks would seem determined to place themselves outside of the pale of civilization. It is strange that with the entire sympathies of Europe against them they are permitted to continue their atrocities day after day. The time must come when the Mussulman with his crescent and his implements of torture will be swept across the Bosphorus.

..A farmer the other day wrote to a New York merchant asking how the farmer's son was getting along, and where he slept nights. The merchant replied: "He sleeps in the store in the daytime. I don't know where he sleeps nights."

FATHER, HELP!

Father, teach me how to pray,
How to ask for what I need,
So to live that every day
Shall be Thine in thought and deed

Father, help me every hour,
Grant me grace for every day,
So to live that by Thy power,
I may pat[illegible] us away!

Father, let Thy will be mine,
All my will absorbed in Thee,
Let the graces in me shine—
Gifts of mercy unto me!

Father, fill my heart with love,
Keep it pure and free from sin,
That its thoughts Thou canst approve,
So that peace may enter in!

Father, keep me evermore!
Keep my heart at peace with Thee,
Let Thy Holy Spirit pour
Its reviving breath on me!

—*F. G. Wheeler.*

LOVE'S TEMPEST.

I wonder if it seems as long
To you; three years have passed or more,
Since, loth to speak the final word,
We parted at the vine-wreathed door.

The graceful gesture of your hand,
Your wistful eyes, I see them yet,
And hear from out those pleading lips
The whis, ered mandate, "Don't forget."

Ah, was it that your faith in me
Was weak, or that my thoughts you read
And guessed the plot my brain conceived,
Black as the heavens overhead?

Fast fell the rain, the pallid moon
Was hidden by the tempest's rack.
"Adieu!" you cried; "now don't forget
To bring our best umbrella back!"

WINFIELD'S SWEET-HEART.

BY M. R. C.

The solemn hush of midnight was over the softly-swaying trees and fair, luxuriant park of Winfield Hall; and Ronald Winfield, grave, quiet, handsome, with a splendid physical beauty that was in perfect accord with his keen, fine intellect, and his pure, manly principles of right and honor, and religion and duty, stood in one of the great bay windows of his library.

"To think my darling has condescended to love me! To think that, a month ago, I never knew such a lovely girl existed. Madge, my queen, my love, my darling. If you knew half how I love you."

His ardent, passionate thoughts came in torrents of unspoken words, as he stood on the threshold of the night; and the glad happiness and perfect content of his soul was mirrored plainly on his faultless face—a face women had loved time and again—a face that had time and again bowed lowly over fair hands and smiled in courteous pleasantry in bright eyes, but that never, for the sake of the grand chivalrous soul that governed him—that had never lighted with the warmth of love-words whose truth did not feel, until Madge Ernest had come and bowed this splendid man at her feet at almost the first glance.

It had been quick, ardent, passionate—Ronald Winfield's wooing and Madge Ernest's conquest—both were rapturously congratulating themselves.

And while Ronald Winfield stood in the starry silence, with her kisses yet warm on his lips, and his heart exulting in the crowning glory of his life, Madge Ernest was standing before the mirror in her dressing-room, the wide sleeves of her azure cashmere wrapper falling away from the perfect, ivory-like arm, as she slowly removed the hair-pin from her hair, leaving it fall in tress after tress of vivid, golden splendor over her pretty shoulders and swelling bosom and down past her round, fine waist.

"I am so sick and tired of it all! A month in the country is enough to drive one wild with ennui; and I believe, if I wasn't going back to London to-morrow, where there is excitement and gayety, I would die!"

She was brushing her hair slowly, and the light from the shaded lamp gleamed on her engagement ring—a magnificent solitaire, with a thousand gorgeous lights imprisoned in its cold breast. Her blue eyes lighted momentarily.

"It has been a success after all—a glorious success, that even my dignified hostess and sister dared hardly hope when she invited me for a month purposely to meet her invulnerable Prince Charming. I wonder what Ronald would think if he knew I had come down for the sole, simple object of having him fall in love with me?"

A curious little smile accompanied her reflections.

"At all events, it is settled now, and I shall be mistress of Winfield Hall before the 'roses blow,' as Roland said so romantically. But I know I am wicked, insane; I would exchange it all this minute for just one word, just one kiss, from Theobald. Theo, my love, my love!"

It came in a wail of unspoken agony, and the lips grew pallid and the eyes took in them a yearning of unspeakable woe.

"I believe I am mad—of course I am—to think of such a thing when Ronald Winfield had such grand, good things to give me! I'll marry him before the roses blow, if he wishes, and enjoy my two week's absence from him—my reprieve of a fortnight, and then—"

She compressed her lips a second, then turned down the light and drowned her heart-uneasiness in the sleep that came to her white, drooping lids.

* * * * * *

Two handsomer men seldom sat down to a tete-a-tete dinner than Ronald Winfield and Theobald Garland, and a sunnier sky never shone over London street than shone that lovely April day, and that smiled into the dining room of the hotel where these two gentlemen ate through their menu leisurely, and watching the throngs passing just outside the plate-glassed flower-patterned windows.

"It seems almost too good to be true, Winfield, that you have run down from the Hall, if only for a day or so. You have been making a perfect recluse of yourself, these last two or three years. I don't think London society has caught a glimpse of you in all that, has it?"

"I don't think it has, as you say, although I'm not positive but that it's loss has been my gain. Garland—in confidence, old fellow—my fate has come to me—at home, too, among my books; come like an angel, and led me straight into paradise."

"You never mean you have succumbed at last? Winfield, I really thought better things of you, who knew the world so well. Why, women are the most—"

"You must not berate the sex to me, Theobald, for my own darling's sake—my affianced bride—whose name I can not give you now, at her own request that our engagement be kept private a short time yet. I'll tell you one thing, however, Theobald—she is the fairest vision man ever dreamed of; a beautiful, intelligent, fascinating girl, who loves me just as well, I believe, as I love her—wholly, perfectly."

"Winfield, God knows I hope you will be happy—that you will find your dream amply realized. I would be the last man to shadow your rosy sky, but experience—bitter, stinging experience—has taught me what it may never teach you—that there is no such thing as true, unselfish love in woman; no such thing as earnest, devoted affection. I loved once, Winfield, as fair a piece of God's handiwork as ever dazzled the eyes of men; and when she, in the same breath, refused to marry me because she could not live on my income I tell you, Winfield, it crushed out all the bright hopes and ambition of my life, and I'll never be the same man again, although I am pretty well over it, as they say."

Winfield's deep sympathetic pity was visible in the silent grasp of the hand he gave Garland.

"I have half a notion to remain over night for the ball as Mrs. Saybrooks's: she sent cards a week ago to the hall, and I can hardly account for it, but I am anxious as I have not been for years for the gayety and excitement of music and dancing and lights and flowers. A reaction, I dare say, after years of seclusion. You'll go, Theobald, if I do?"

"Yes, I'll go. There'll be lots of pretty girls on hand, and Mrs. Saybrook knows how to entertain to perfection."

The Ernests—and Madge of course, then! Winfield knows now why he had been erger to go. Madge—his peerless one! What a charming surprise it would be to meet her, perhaps in the conservatory, amid the tinkle of fountains, where the lights burned dimly and the air was fragrant and warm!

His heart was exulting in the possessionship of the lovely girl, and he wondered if Theobald would suspect if he asked after her—his darling, whom he had not seen for nearly a fortnight since the midnight when he had kissed her under the solemn stars.

"Yes, I shall be glad to meet the Dennisons and the Ernests—Miss Madge particularly. Do you see her often? She is a most beautiful girl!"

"Yes, semi-occasionally. As you say, a most beautiful young lady—bewildering, fascinating and not all averse to using the power she knows she possesses."

A hot flush warmed Winfield's fair cheeks. This of Madge—his Madge!

"I had no idea Miss Ernest enjoyed an unenviable reputation."

"You see I was right when I said you didn't know women as well as I. You'll doubtless be able to judge for yourself to-night at Mrs. Saybrooks."

And the stiff reserve in Theobald Garland's tone did not come, as Ronald Winfield thought, from the fact of Ronald's own coldness of answer an instant before.

* * * * * *

It was late that night when Ronald Winfield bowed his salutations over his surprised and delighted hostess' plump hand.

"How delicious of you to come Mr. Winfield, but how provoking to come so late! They have been dancing this hour or more, and your particular friend, Mr. Garland, has been enjoying himself as long, in his usual way, flirting, but there's room for you."

Roland smiled and bowed, and went on through the pleasantly-filled rooms, looking for the golden head and peachy cheeks of Madge Ernest.

But Madge was nowhere to be seen.

Then all the world changed suddenly to him for all time. Then he caught a glimpse of a tall, stately girl, with ardent eyes, that the last time he had seen were smiling in his own; a glory of golden hair, that had so lately been pillowed on his breats: fair, ivory cheeks, just tinted with the pink hue of sunrise—Madge Ernest, all unconscious of his nearness, leaning on Theobald Garland's arm, her pale, pink kidded hand clasped lightly over his sleeve, her trailing skirts of creamy white and dainty blush sweeping regally over the velvet floor.

They passed between the blue silken curtains that separated the smaller saloon from the conservatory—a long twilighted apartment, just the very place where Ronald had fancied he would come upon her unawares; and with his grave, splendid eyes glowing, his heart panting, and all the love for his betrothed almost at his fingers' end, he went on after them, to pause sharply, suddenly, as if a pistol had been fired behind his ear—petrified into the motionlessness and silence of a statue by the sound of Madge Ernest's voice—Madge Ernest's sweet, intense voice—coming from within a rose-bower not a yard distant.

"But I don't love him, Theobald! I have been false to every feeling of my heart when I told him I loved him, for I love you. Oh, Theo, Theo! don't look at me so—don't. Give me just one word, just one look as you used to do, and I will to be content when I go to Mr. Winfield. For God's sake, Theobald, don't repulse me!"

And Garland's low, steady tones came like the clang of a steely bell:

"Miss Ernest, if I had a word or look for you, for my friend Ronald's sake, I would not let it pass my lips or my eyes. He loves you; he has perfect trust in you as I had once——"

And Ronald Winfield parted the sprays of drooping, fragrant roses, and stepped into their presence.

"As he never well have again! Theobald, friend, I thank you! Miss Ernest, good-night, good-bye!"

That has been a long time ago, and Madge Ernest is Madge Ernest still; and while the days have brought healing to Ronald Winfield's bruised heart, so it did to Theobald Garland—for here there remains nothing but vain regretsand unavailing self-reproaches.

WASHINGTON AS A MORAL REFORMER.

BY THE REV. CHARLES J. WARREN.

The father of his country as Washington has been so justly called, will be often remembered in this centennial year, by many as a successful military leader, by others as a wise statesman and by some as an unwavering patriot. When mentioned in popular addresses, those are the principal traits of character that have been given him. Yet he had other characteristics that should not be forgotten. He was pre-eminently a christian, who believed that the first duty of every human being was to fear, love and obey God. Another cardinal principle of his was, that both religion and patriotism demand from one and all a strictly virtuous and sober life. And he was, after the best method, a moral reformer, who taught that the well-being and safety of every nation depended greatly on the virtuous principles and good conduct of the individuals who composed that nation. He also believed, if we may credit his words or his life, that just in proportion as men are, by official position, elevated to extended influence, they are bound to exert that influence, so as to inculcate and enforce the prime duty of morality, virtue and piety upon all in every subordinate position. He evidently possessed the principles that should regulate his official conduct on such lessons of political wisdom and duty as are found in the 72nd and 101st Psalms; and upon such models as those of Joshua and Nehemiah.

All these characteristics Washington began to exhibit on his earliest entrance upon public life. In his first campaign, when only twenty-four years of age, he was not only a gallant, sagacious and cautious military leader, but to his army he was a moral and religious teacher, example and guide. Whether engaged in sanguinary battles with the French and Indians, or in the almost equally perilous marchings in the wilderness, he would have a religious service dialy performed in camp. Through his whole military career, in the French war and in that of the revolution, his general orders against profane swearing, gaming, drunkenness and other vices, and exhorting to a reverential fear of God, and a serious attendance upon the duties of divine worship, display the tender heart of a father and a friend, as fully as they do the stern authority he was obliged to assume as a military commander.

FROM THE ORDERLY BOOK, 1756.
FRENCH WAR.

Col. Washington has observed that the men of his regiment are very profane. He takes this opportunity to inform them of his great displeasure at such practices, and assures them that, if they do not leave them off, they shall be severely punished. The officers are desired, if they hear any man swear, or make use of an oath or imprecation, to order the offender immediately twenty-five lashes. Any commissioned officer, who stands by and sees irregularities committed, and does not endeavor to quell them, shall be put under arrest. Any non-commissioned officer present who does not interfere, shall be immediately reduced, and shall receive corporal punishment. Any soldier who shall presume to quarrel or fight, and any soldier found drunk, shall receive one hundred lashes, without the benefit of a court martial.

FROM THE ORDERLY BOOK, 1776. WAR OF THE REVOLUTION.

All officers, non-commissioned officers and soldiers, are positively forbid playing at cards, and other games of chance. At this time of public distress, men may find enough to do in the service of their God and their country, without abandoning themselves to vice and immorality. The general is sorry to be informed, also, that the foolish and wicked practice of profane cursing and swearing, a vice heretofore little known in an American army, is growing into fashion. He hopes the officers will, by their example as well as their influence, endeavor to check it; and that both they and the men will reflect that we can have but little hope of the blessing of Heaven on our folly. Added to this, it is a vice so mean and low, and without any temptation, that any man of sense and character must detest and despise it.

INSTRUCTIONS TO BRIGADIER-GENERALS, MAY 1777.

Let vice and immorality of every kind be discouraged, as much as possible, in your brigade; and as a chaplain is allowed to each regiment, see that the men regularly attend divine worship. Gaming of every kind is expressly forbidden, as being the fountain of evil, and the cause of ruin to many a brave and gallant officer.

GENERAL ORDER, OCTOBER 10, 1781. THE DAY AFTER THE SURRENDER OF CORNWALLIS.

Divine service is to be performed to morrow in the several brigades and divisions. The commander-in-chief recommends that the troops not on duty should universally attend, with that seriousness of deportment and gratitude of heart, which the recognition of such astonishing interpositions of providence demand of us.

GENERAL ORDER, APRIL 18, 1783, ON PROCLAIMING THE CESSATION OF HOSTILITIES.

The proclamation which will be communicated herewith, will be read to-morrow evening at the head of every regiment and corps in the army; after which the chaplains with the several brigades, will render thanks to Almighty God for all his mercies, particularly for his overruling the wrath of man for his own glory, and causing the rage of war to cease among the nations.

The foregoing specimens of Washington's general orders, selected from many similar documents, collected by Hon. John Sparks, in his "Life and Writings of Washington," demonstrate that, while he was from necessity a stern disciplinarian, he was a humane and tender-heated man. The severe penalties denounced against profane swearing, drunkenness and other vices, in the French war, were not dictated by his heart, but were forced upon him by the spirit of the age, and the accepted code of army discipline. At the time, also, when these corporal punishments were threatened, both officers and men were soldiers of the British king, and the vigorous discipline of the camp was an inheritance from former generations. After Washington took command of the American army, his appeals to both officers and men, were addresses to their religious and moral convictions, to their sense of honor and of right, to their love of country, and their obligations to obey and worship God, in order to obtain his blessing on themselves, and his favor to the cause, for which they periled their lives.

"Washington's Farewell Address," that imperishable document, is far too valuable to be so seldom read and quoted as it has been of late. No public document ever inculcated a more disinterested patriotism, a higher sense of political obligation, or a deeper conviction of responsibility to God for right political action.

In this farewell address, perhaps more distinctly than in any other act of his life, Washington developed his real character as a patriot, a statesman, a christian, and in the highest sense the advocate and exemplar of moral virtue and political integrity. And as in 1756, in his earliest manhood, he was as a father and a moral guide to his army; and in 1776, the chosen, trusted and successful leader in the most perilous and important political revolution ever undertaken; and again in 1796, the wisest and most disinterested counsellor to the then youthful republic; so also in this centennial year, 1876, may his counsels and examples have influence with the people of that same republic in its precocious maturity.

The proposition recently made in the United States senate and elsewhere, to complete the Washington monument at the seat of government, may be as judicious as it is patriotic. But a more immediate necessity to perpetuate the memory and the influence of the "Father of his Country," is to put his "Farewell Address," in a form at once attractive and easy to be read and preserved, into every family in this great nation.

..A magazine writer asks: "Do birds die a natural death?" As birds do not employ physicians we can see no good reason for asking that question.

SCIENTIFIC TRUTH.—PROF. HUXLEY.

From the Christian at Work.

Emerson has shown how a law of compensation runs through everything. The truth is older than Plato, and had recognition ages before the columns of the Erechtheum flashed back the clear Athenian light from the summit of the Acropolis. And we find compensation everywhere to-day. We live in a great age of the world, when knowledge has increased in a way as unlooked for as unimagined. No man can now challenge universal questioning; indeed, it is as much as any one cares to do to appropriate all the available knowledge in any department of learning, be it in pursuing any branch of science, art, literature, industry, or in any business, profession or trade. It never was permitted to any man to know so much, and never did so great a reward promise itself to the seeker after knowledge. Yet never was so much hopelessly beyond his reach. When the great Humboldt was complimented on his vast learning, his reply came back: "Alas! I know not anything!" When a chemical problem was presented to Agassiz, his reply was: "I study natural history, and know but little of that—of chemistry I know nothing!" The conceit of a little knowledge passes away with the acquisition of the greater, and so we all come back to the lesson of tolerance. We read our Bible differently than we used to, yet prize it dearly as ever. With increasing knowledge we find more divergent opinions, and this holds true in every department of knowledge. So while we differ and question, let us all possess our souls in patience.

In this connection the coming of the distinguished scientist, Professor Huxley, affords religious men a good opportunity to practice that tolerance and patience which we enjoin. But it is said that Mr. Huxley preaches the doctrine of "evolution," and that evolution cannot be true. How can this be asserted? Who shall say that it may not be God's method of creation—the plan by which He established the vast systems of worlds and their suns, swinging in their illimitable orbits? Why may not evolution too, be God's method by which the vertebrate, mollusk, articulate, and radiate were developed from the lowest germ to the highest types to which they have attained, and which we witness to-day? No man, conscious of possessing a soul, need fear that he will be obliged to call a monkey "grandfather!" Nor can any man having a reasonable soul, yet remaining in ignorance touching the matter, afford to denounce the whole doctrine of evolution as a fraud; yet this has been done in a quarter where we looked for better things. Evolution is not only a possibility, but, in the light of recent events, becomes a huge probability; not to the extent which Mr. Darwin first declared, and which we believe he has since modified: not that it is itself an uncreated original force; but that it is God's method of creation. The christian of to day cannot afford to stand where the Catholic prelates stood when Galileo propounded the theory of the revolution of the earth. Let us not for a moment forget that truth, be it theological or scientific, is God's own truth. The same hand that wrote prophecy with the pen of inspiration, wrote also the record of the rocks and the stars. No man, least of all a christian, can afford to withstand the truth, "lest haply he be found even to fight against God." Of course here we enter no plea for the unscientific declaration of scientific men; each, for example, as that "matter cannot be created or destroyed;" this is not science. It is a mere unsupported assertion; it is sheer folly. But if scientific men say foolish things, they only do what others, even theologians, do. If Mr. Huxley shall put forth unsupported declaration in place of science, we shall soon find it out. If he comes to us with words of scientific truth, let us listen to all that a sublime science can say to us. And, above all, let us possess our souls in patience. All will come right by-and-by. The veil will be lifted, the darkness will flee away like mist before the morning sun. Truth is two-sided. We often can see but one side. But wait a bit, and we shall see the other. Now the twilight. By-and-by the perfect day.

THE ADULTERATION OF CLARET.

It has been lately ascertained that unscrupulous wine-growers in France are using the analine dye fuchsine, or magenta, to restore the color of claret after it has been diluted with water. That the beverage thus treated is harmful in its character, is proved by experiments conducted by MM. Feltz and Ritter. According to their testimony, a half-grain of fuchsine in solution, taken on an empty stomach, causes deep redness, of the ears, intense itching of the mouth, and slight swelling of the gums. On repeating the dose every day for a fortnight, diarrhea and albuminaria were developed in addition to the other symptoms. Fuchsine injected into the stomach or veins of a dog induced the same symptoms. A large or frequently repeated dose invariably caused the appearance of albumen in the urine—a result due to a peculiar degeneration of the cortical substance of the kidney.

GRAVE AND GAY.

..That was a neat satire of Rabelais's on ostentatious charity: "I owe much I have nothing; I give the rest to the poor."

..Coaching is fizzling out again in England. Fellows with plenty of money and nothing to do are at a loss to know what to get at next.

..Ours is a religion little in its demands, but how infinitely prodigal in its gifts! It troubles you for an hour, and repays you by immortality.—*Bulwer Lytton.*

..A law has been passed in Germany forbiding the construction of school-rooms with windows on both sides of the room. It is said to be proven that rooms so lighted are injurious to the eyes.

..A little five-year old of Dorchester somewhat surprised his mother, a few days since, with the remark: "God everywhere; he is all over me, and when you spank me you spank God!"

.."Peter, don't you enjoy the astronomical phenomena these evenings?" said a well-to-do citizen, residing in West Harrisburg, to his colored employe the other evening. "'Clar to goodness, I never tried 'em; mushmelon is my favorite fruit."

..Mrs. Astor, when she wants to feel dressed, wears $1,000,000 worth of diamonds at a time, and when a hotel clerk or a minstrel end man passes her his usually magnificent cluster just shrinks and folds itself up until it looks as if he had only spilled a drop of molasses on his shirt-front.—*Hawkeye.*

..The food "alarmists" having scared many persons out of the practice of using brown sugars by reporting that they were in the main full of a species of mite, a would-be scientist is now trying to make us believe that refined sugars are poisonous. What next, gentlemen? We await patiently further discoveries, and in the meantime are thankful that "we still live!"

..Mrs. Golightly (fishing for a compliment)—"Ah! Mr. McJoseph, beauty is the most precious of all gifts for a woman, I'd sooner possess beauty than anything in the world." Mr. McJoseph (under the impression that he is making himself very agreeable)—"I'm sure, Mrs. Golightly, that any regret you may possibly feel on that score must be amply compensated for by—er—the conciousness of your moral worth, you know, and of your various mental accomplishments. —*Punch.*

..Laura C. Redden, or "Howard Glyndon," the lady whose marriage was coupled in the newspaper with an account of her learning to talk after being a deaf mute until sixteen years of age, publishes a new poem in the Independent. Doubtless it was written during the honeymoon, for it contains this verse:

There's a beautiful country that gleams from the distance
Exceeding the country that Moses looked on
When his sad, dying eyes, with pathetic persistence,
From Pisgah's high top sought the far horizon.
'Tis the land that is loved of the box-leaning lover;
'Tis the land that is loved of the lass he leans over;
For the snake never hides in the sweet-scented clover,
And clouds never darken the blue of the sky
In the Sweet By and By!

..Rome Sentinel: Does it ever seem to you, kind reader, that the Allwise Father has forgotten this world which he has made? Do you ever, seeing poverty and suffering on every hand think that He comes but slowly to the relief of the children of men? When next you have the shadow of such a feeling as this, just take hold and do what you can yourself. The Almighty never instructed you to wait to see Him do His work. He only expects you to do your own. Not by hasty alms, neither felt nor remembered, may you labor, for alms giving is most frequently the promoter of idleness, but by kind words, hearty sympathy, constant watchfulness how and when and where you may wisely lift some burden from the shoulders of the weary. Once your mind set faithfully to this task, all your doubts as to the wise oversight of the great Supreme will fade.

SUNNY ROOMS AND SUNNY LIVES.

Light, says Scribner's, is one of the most active agencies in enlivening and beautifying a home. We all know the value of sunlight as a health-giving agent to the physical constitution; and it is not less so to our moral and spiritual natures. We are more active under its influence—can think better and act more vigorously.

Let us take the airiest, choicest and sunniest room in the house for our living room—the workshop where brain and body are built up and renewed. And let us there have a bay window, no matter how plain in structure, through which the good twin-angels of nature—sunlight and pure air—can freely enter.

Dark rooms bring depression of spirits, imparting a sense of confinement, of isolation, of powerlessness, which is chilling to energy and vigor; but in light rooms is good cheer.

Even in a gloomy house, where walls and furniture are dingy and brown, you have but to take down the heavy curtains, open wide the window, hang brackets on either side, set flower-pots on the brackets and let the warm sun stream freely in, to bring health to our bodies and joy to our souls.

The Republican.

SATURDAY, OCT. 14 th 1876

FOR PRESIDENT,

SAM'L J. TILDEN,

OF NEW YORK,

FOR VICE-PRESIDENT,

THOS. A. HENDRICKS

OF INDIANA.

For Congress—Seventh District.

Wm. H. FORNEY, of Calhoun.

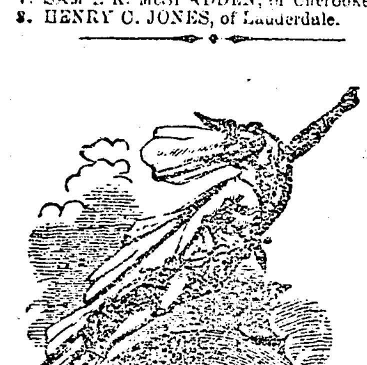
THE ELECTORAL TICKET.

Electors at Large.

JOHN T. MORGAN, of Dallas.
JAMES L. PUGH, of Barbour.

District Electors.

1. SYDNEY T. PRINCE, of Choctaw
2. JAMES T. HOLTZCLAW, of Montgom'ry.
3. JAMES F. WADDELL, of Russell.
4. JOHN Y. KILPATRICK, of Wilcox.
5. WM. H. NORTHINGTON, of Autauga.
6. WILLIAM G LITTLE, Jr., of Sumpter.
7. SAM'L K. McSPADDEN, of Cherookee.
8. HENRY C. JONES, of Lauderdale.



THE ELECTIONS.

VICTORY.

Sammy Serene!

INDIANA Democrtic by 7 000!
WEST VA. Democratic by 10 000!
COLORADO Democratic!
GEORGIA Democratic 80 000.
Ohio Radical by a Scratch.

The first great battle has been fought and won by the Democrats. It is cause profound gratitude to the Disposer of Events that in the election in this month in five States of the Union the Democracy has been triumphant in four of the five. The news from West Virginia and Indiana is especially inspiriting, and the result in Ohio has nothing in it to dash our rejoicing. The gallant Democracy have handsomely carried the first two and more than held their own in the last—Hayes' own State. Colorado is important only from the fact that it will give to the Democrats two more United States Senators.—Georgia was conceded to the Democrats as Ohio was conceded to the Radicals before the election. The Democracy threw away Ohio deliberately in the nomination of Tilden, who is unpopular in that State because of his supposed opposition to Allen on a soft money platform in the election last year. The real battle ground, therefore, was in Indiana and West Virginia, and a victorious Democracy in those two States sound the death knell of the hopes and ambitious dreams of Rutherford B. Hayes, and point unmistakably to the election of a Constitution revering, old fashioned patriot, the terror of theives and public robbers, whom we have come to know as Uncle Sammy Tilden.

Let us lift up our voices and rejoice.

Let us thank the God of Nations who hath given us the hope of a more complete and decisive victory a little over three weeks hence.

Since the Presidential contest has been progressing, the following States have held elections with the result be low. We think the two columns very clearly signify which way the cat is going to jump in November.

DEMOCRATIC COLUMN.
Alabama,
Connecticutt,
C o l o r a d o,
D e l a w a r e,
G e o r g i a,
I n d i a n a,
W e s t V i r g i n i a
RADICAL COLUMN.
Maine,
O h i o,
V e r m o n t.

How are you, Mr. Hays, how do you feel this morning?

Uncle Sammy is all serene and smiling.

The Fair paid up all expenses and had money left in the treasury.

Parties from other States and counties are lavish in their praises of our County Fair.

Taking into consideration the number of people on the Fair ground and around the enclosure, it is a gratifying fact that there was as little drunkenness as there was. We do not remember to have ever mixed with a more orderly and well behaved assemblage.

THE FAIR.

The people of Calhoun County, and especially the Patrons of Husbandry have just cause to be very pround of their first Fair.

It has been throughout a big success.

The whole management worked very smoothly and without jar; and the list of exhibitors and visitors was much larger than the most sanguine had reason to anticipate. Financially it has been a perfect success, which of itself is cause for congratulation, seeing that it is too often the case such enterprises do not pay out, and this insures it as a permanent feature of agricultural and industrial enterprise in the county.

Too much praise cannot be awarded the noble men who conceived the scheme and carried it through so successfully and satisfactorily.

During the two days two thousand, one hundred and fifty tickets were sold, but these do not represent the full attendance, as hundreds of children passed in free each day.

In comparison with other fairs it will in no wise suffer in any point of view and we repeat that the people of Calhoun ought to be proud of the success achieved.

As we go to press so soon after its close, we have not time to go into particulars or do it the justice it merits. Next week we shall allude to it more at length. We will then publish the award of premiums and such other matter relating to the conduct of the fair as we think will be of interest.

The biggest thing on ice—the Fair.

The boys who took a little too much enthusiasm in their Fair must not do like the old fellows of Amsterdam and Rotterdam on such occasions—stay drunk three days after the thing is over—but they must go home, bathe their temples, take a bottle of seltzer and get up fresh and smiling in the morning, and people will make allowances for the circumstances and not be too hard on them.

The following is a list of the grand and petit jurors drawn for the next term of the Circuit Court, which meets here on Monday oct. 16th.

GRAND JURORS.

R H Griffin, Peyton Rowan, E C Roberson, S W Crook, John M Bagley J C Faughender Joseph Borden, D F Weaver, W F Bush, J N Landers, P D Ross, J J O'Neal, A J H Borders, Robt. McCain, H T Snow, M W Fowler, Noah Baugh, Sith Smyley.

PETIT JURORS—1ST WEEK.

Thos White, Henry Snow, J M Hughes, J L Myrs, J K Gladden J I Morgan, W C Denman, Taylor Denman, W C Lipscomb, Washington Doble, John Craig, E C Poe, J W Ford, R J Boles, John M Crook, C H Reeves, Sargeant Griffin, Wm Landers, D D Nabors, John Hollingsworth, John Tuck, J L Kirby, E F Stovall F R Sheek, Wm T Alexander, Robt McKibbon, Thomas Martin, J W Whiteside, Wm L Stokes, Mack Henderson.

2ND WEEK.

J W Claridy, Scott Nabors, M A Parker, John Hughes A W Kirby, D W Walick, John Loyd, O P Allen, Jas A Hughes, W W Nisbet, G W Stewart, W W Pruitt, J C Griffin J B Loyd, John Putnam, C W P Phillips E I L Woodward, John T Chambers, Wm H Dean, Wm Allison, David Jennings J R Graham, A B Scarbrough, H L Whiteside J P Ward, E L Wakefield, J R Wilkerson, Nathan Clark, S B White, J B Palmer.

GEN. D. C. TURRENTINE, of Gadsden, has sent us some stalks of Louisiana Sugar Cane, which he raised. He has demonstrated the fact that the real sugar cane can be grown in this country, and we hope soon to see it supplant less valuable kinds. He has this year made on one half acre, syrup superior to sugar-house and sold $250 00 worth of cane for seed. Some of the stalks raised by him this year had from 16 to 20 well developed joints. The first year's planting only 8: thus showing that it gets better as it is acclimated. The stalks are larger and yields more than the sorghum

Next week a great many of our friends will be in town in attendance upon Court, and we would respectfully suggest that it would be a good time to visit the Republican office and settle up their subscription accounts. We are much in earnest in this appeal and hope our friends will consider it, and think of us when they come in. The past Summer has been a very hard one on us, inasmuch as we have paid cash for every thing we use; but we have not complained or worried our subscribers with duns, when we knew so few people had money; but now, since the crops have been gathered, and money is getting more plentiful, we shall expect all who owe us to come up and help us.

We return thanks to Mr. W. P. Cooper for a ten gallon keg of Sorghum which he exhibited at the Fair. Although it did not take the first premium, it is of very fine quality and attests the cleanliness, care and skill of the maker. Mr. Cooper tells us it was manufactured by Mr. Simeon Landford.

Snuff-Dipping Destroys Beauty.

Talk about the opium-eater or whisky drinker; how much more are they to be pitied than the lady who is addicted to dipping snuff? We believe there is more snuff used in Hopkinsville than in any other place of its size in Kentucky, and its use is steadily on the increase. Hopkinsville has a reputation for beautiful women, but how long that beauty will last 'tis hard to tell. Some of the prettiest women we knew ten or twelve years ago are now nothing but faded flowers. Lips that once looked like ripe cherries, and for one kiss from which a man would almost give his right arm, now look more like dried apples than anything else we can think of. The cheek once full and rosy is now sunken and colorless. The chin, which looks longer, now glories in a bronze colored stripe, which reaches down to the throat.

Hopkinsville Democrat.

A PATRIOTIC LETTER.

Words of Wisdom—Facts for Colored Men to Ponder—What Rev. J. W. Dunjee (Colored) Has to Say.

Rev. J. W. Dunjee, a prominent colored citizen of Richmond, Virginia, has addressed a long letter to his race, from which we make the following extract:

There never was a time when the fact was more clearley perceived and felt that the two races—the colored numbering four million, and the whites eight million—have to live together within the limits of the sixteen southern states; and that their highest moral, intellectual and physical well-being depend on the fact that both shall harmonize in their respective spheres, so that each may attain the greatest progress in these respects, to which thir race is capable. We believe after ten years experience, that this can best be attained by the colored people ceasing to antagonize the white race in their political campaigns, and manifesting that confidence politically in them which they daily manifest toward them in their business relations. We see constantly that colored men trust most implicitly the whites in vital matters appertaining to their contracts in labor, by which they and their families are supported. Why, therefore, should we not equaly trust them about our political matters, which are fare inferior in their bearing on our well-beining? If we answer candidly why this want of confi ence in political matters, we must say, in our judgment, it is due to the fact that our political guides and associates, mostly from the north, have persistently instilled in the minds of the colored people the idea if the democratic party obtain power that the amendments to the federal constitution and the guarantees of the states in behalf of freedom would be repealed, and that we would be put back in slavery. This has placed the colored people politically more in antagonism with the southern whites, and rendered their minds more susceptible to all forms of imposition at the hands of the carpet-bag element than all other causes combined. The experience, however, of conservative or democratic ascendency, in the last six or seven years, in most of the Southern states, is causing the scale of prejudice and error to fall very rapidly from our eyes, and, so far from placing our rights in jeopardy touching that our personal security seems to be only as in the south. [illegible] that such a [illegible] four million of people back into [illegible] is not ever [illegible] by the larger class of southern whites, if they could accomplish it. In fact the public sentiment of all civilized nations would be utterly hostile to it if it should be desired by the southern whites, nor [illegible] by the northern people. In regard to the fourteenth amendment, which gives the southern states [illegible] this ten or fourteen more members of congress, and, by consequence, the same number in the electoral colleges, more than they would have without it, the southern [illegible] at political power would be less willing therefore to see it repealed than the northern people themselves. [illegible] means of this they may now and [illegible] hope to [illegible] political struggle or continue their political ascendency in the house of representatives. And as a matter of such as each, we know of the fact that they will never willingly surrender it. [illegible] experience is rapidly opening the minds of the colored people, or at least the more intelligent of them, to aid the southern whites to obtain control of the southern states, and account for the immense majorities in the recent election in the states of Alabama and Mississippi. And this for the most manifest reasons, that their eyes are now being confronted with the fact that these civil and political rights guaranteed by the thirteenth fourteenth and fifteenth amendments, are much better respected in those states where the conservative or democratic party is in the ascendancy, than those where the republican party holds power. In proof of this we point conspicuously to the state of Virginia, where the two races are in every one more harmoniously than the most devoted friends of the colored race could have anticipated ten years ago. We have no hesitation in saying that the rights of the colored people, including their right to vote, are as well protected in Virginia to-day as they are in Massachusetts. And the provision made by the state for our education would be [illegible] [illegible] tion that nearly one half of [illegible] was lost by the war, and a debt of more than thirty millions dollars resting on her. It is all we have a right to expect. [illegible] Virginia is no exception to the [illegible] action on the colored [illegible] where the whites have gotten possession of the state government. Witness Arkansas, which, a few years since, under carpet-bag government, was a theatre of strife and bloodshed. Now, under conservative rule, all is peace and quiet. How gladly would the men [illegible] [illegible] South Carolina [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] Virginia and [illegible] states named. If these be facts, and no one can truthfully deny them, why the officious zeal and energy now [illegible] by Messrs. Morton, Chandler and Dix in our behalf? We neither ask nor desire such protection as they are now proposing to extend, and the [illegible] colored people the question is constantly put [illegible] [illegible] every president [illegible] [illegible] is very striking and [illegible] [illegible] the idea that the [illegible] or republicans [illegible] [illegible] certainly in seeking to excite the [illegible] [illegible] friends; but [illegible] [illegible] our race [illegible] about election times, when they are asp[illegible] [illegible] endament. Were it not for the fear of extending this communication beyond all reasonable limits, I would cite in extenso the operations of the freedmen's bank, professedly established in the interest and for the benefit of our race. It was actually but an instrument by which we could be the more effectually robbed and plundered of our hard earnings. The report of Hon. B. B. Douglass, of this state, in the last congress in relation to the freedmen's bank, if it could be read by every colored men in the land, would excite an indignation against the party that permitted this wholesale theft of the tens of thousands of dollars that the poor freedmen had deposited with a view to the purchase of homes, that no language of mine can depict. But I must here close, trusting that the Great Master, who overrules everything to his own honor and glory, may make plain to us the pathway of duty.

The Radicals tied tremendously about Colorado, but the facts are that the Democrats carried it.

Our **Roll of Honor** will be published in next paper.

CHICKEN CHOLERA—A CURE.—The following remedy is taken from the *Poultry Bulletin*, and is said to be an infallible cure for the so-called chicken cholera:

Make a mixture of 2 ounces each of red pepper, alum, resin and flour of sulphur, and put in their food in the proportion of one table-spoonful to three pints of scalded meal. In severe cases give one-third of a teaspoonful in meal pellets once a day to each fowl, putting a small lump of alum in their drinking water. This remedy has been used with great success, fowls having been cured by it when in the last stage of the disease. It would be well to give it once or twice a week as a preventive when the disease is in the neighborhood.

Characteristic Impertinence.

United States Marshal Baker who came down to Montgomery in 1872, and occupied Senator Edwards' seat long enough to vote for his boss Spencer, had the impertinence to write to the sheriff of Fraklin county about a prisoner indited by the grand jury of that county. The sheriff rather "went for him." But would it not be well if this man were taught, that he is treating on dangerous ground when he attemps to interfere with the authority of the courts? We occupy his letter and the sheriff's reply from the *North Alabamian* of the 15th inst.:

OFFICE OF THE U. S. MARSHAL,
NORTHERN DISTRICT OF ALA.
Huntsville, Ala., Sept. 9. 1876

To the Sheriff of Franklin County, Russelville, Ala:

SIR—I was greatly surprised to-day to learn that one L Taylor, who I had in my employ last Spring as a guard, had been indicted and was in jail in your county for carrying concealed weapons at that time. Please inform me if such is the fact, and if so, send me the names of the grand jury who found the indictment, as I desire to bring the matter before our next U. S. Court. If United States officers cannot travel through the State of Alabama without State interference and grand jury inquisitions, it is time that the [illegible] investigated and a stop put to all such outrages.

Let me hear from you at once and oblige,

R. P. BAKER,
U. S. Marshal.

RUSSELLVILLE, ALA., Sept. 13.
Mr. R. P. Baker, U. S. Marshal:

[illegible]—Your favor of the 9th inst. to hand and contents noted. One Lemick Taylor was arrested some time since, on an indictment found by the grand jury of this (Franklin) county, against said Taylor, for carrying a concealed pistol, and he was placed in the jail of said county until he gave bond for his appearance at the next term of the circuit court. The indictment did not state whether it was for a breach of the law while in your employ or not that will be developed at the trial of the case during our circuit court, which meets the [illegible] Monday in October next, and it seems [illegible] you had better wait until that time and see what the case may develop before you lay such a grave charge at the door of the people of Alabama. I can not [illegible] circumstances [illegible] a grand jury of a county [illegible] [illegible] a true bill of indictment against [illegible] higher [illegible] in St. Louis, [illegible] and several other cities doing something of this sort and have no [illegible] United States authorities have taken any action against said grand juries. I have three indictments in my hands, and some of them are against parties who traveled around with you unmolested in this county—and I suppose from the tenor of your letter, that it would be best for me to consult you before I make the arrests, as the grand jurors who found the indictments are conscientious, law-abiding citizens, who did nothing but what they believed to be their duty, it would be a great pity for them to come under the ban of your disapproval. Don't you think that you are a little hard up for a case upon which to make arrest for political effect?

Yours, very respectfully.

W. [illegible] BOWEN,
Sheriff Franklin county

The Army of Office-holders.

From the Harrisburg Patriot.

The census proves that the number of office-holders has been increased during President Grant's administration from 54,287 to [illegible], or at the rate of more than 6,000 a year, that during almost the whole of this period the country has been suffering from great commercial depression, and nearly every home has felt the pressure of hard times. This is the army with which the Republican leaders hope to overwhelm the voice of the people at the coming elections.

OFFICE OF SECRETARY.
ALEXANDRIA GRANGE No. 132.
To the Patrons of Husbandry and Public generally.

ALEXANDRIA GRANGE No. 132 will celebrate their third anniversary at their next regular meeting Oct. 28th at which time L. D. Miller and Rev J. C. McAuley will deliver public addresses, at 1 o'clock, P. M. The public and members of the order are cordially invited to be present

C. H. BOALING, Sec'y
Oct. 14, 1876—2t.

Stedying the Nervous System.

In nineteen cases out of ten, diseases of the [illegible] system arise from a disordered condition of the digestive and secretive apparatus. The alimentary region being connected by its organs [illegible] with the brain, which is the great nerve centre, it is not surprising that a disordered condition of the stomach, liver and bowels, should produce nervous headache, inability to sleep, vertigo, buzzing in the ears and other symptoms of cerebral derangement. The proper & most direct way to get rid of all these disagreeable symptoms is to overcome digestive weakness and inactivity of the liver. The intimate connection between the brain and alimentary canal is very clearly shown by the simultaneous disappearance of nervous and indigestive symptoms when the stomach and liver are subjected to the tonic and corrective influence of Hostetter's Stomach Bitters. No nervine in the whole range of [illegible] medica is comparable to this agreeable tonic and alterative, in the matter of soothing nervous excitement and impending a vigorous appetite and sound repose. But though it acts upon the nervous system through the stomach, yet being purely vegetable and wonderfully wholesome, it does not produce those unpleasant after consequences which are such a serious objection to the use of mineral sedatives. It is the province of this admirable medicine to overcome the diseases and disabilities, to the removal of which it is adapted by the most natural and progressive action, without disturbing the equilibrium of a single organ, or producing any undesirable result to mar its beneficent effects.

Administrator's Notice.

STATE OF ALABAMA,
CALHOUN COUNTY.

LETTERS OF ADMINISTRATION upon the Estate of Wm G Woodley, deceased, having been granted to the undersigned, by the Hon L. W. Cannon, Judge of the Probate court of Calhoun county, Alabama, on the 16th day of September, 1876: Notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against said estate to present them legally authenticated, within the time prescribed by law, or they will be barred; and all persons indebted to said estate are required to make immediate payment.

J. M. WOODLAY, Adm.
Oct 14, 1876—6t.

Notice.

UNDER and by virtue of an Order issued from the Probate Court of Calhoun county, State of Alabama, on the 7th day of October, 1876. I, J. M. Woodley, Administrator of the estate of W. G. Woodley, deceased, will sell at public outcry,

ON THE 6TH DAY OF NOVEMBER, 1876,

At the late residence of said deceased, in said State and county, on the Gadsden road, about five miles west of Jacksonville, the following described Personal Property to-wit:

One Mule,
Twelve Sheep,
Cow and Calf,
Two Cows,
Ten head of Hogs,
Lot of Carpenter Tools,
Two-horse Wagon,
One Buggy,
Some Kitchen Furniture,
Farming Implements,
Plough Gear,
One Clock,
One Loom,
Cross-cut Saw,
Bee Hives, and a
Lot of Corn, &c. &c.

At the same time and place the late

Residence and Lands

of said deceased will be RENTED to the highest bidder.

TERMS OF SALE—All sums over ten dollars, on a credit of twelve months secured by note with good security, bearing interest from date. All other sums cash.

J. M. WOODLEY, Adm.
Oct. 14, 1876—4t.

Chills and Fever Cured

for 50 Cents.



AGUEINE

Is the most remarkable discovery of the Age. It will most surely cure Chills and Fever or Fever and Ague, Intermittent or Bilious Fevers and all malarious cases. In Liver Complaints it often effects wonderful cures. Contains no QUININE, ARSENIC, CALOMEL or other hurtful drug, and will not injure the most delicate person. It is not only the best but the cheapest medicine in the world.

PRICE, 50 CENTS A BOT.

[illegible] for sale in Jacksonville by Dr. W. [illegible] and dealers generally.
Prepared by RICHARDSON & CO.,
Brooklyn, N. Y.

Town Tax Sale.

ON Monday the 16 day of October 1876 I will sell before the Court House door in the town of Jacksonville between the legal hours of sale for cash, the following described property for tax of the year 1875, to-wit:

One house and lot on Spring Hill, occupied by Ramagoney, a [illegible] to C. A. Aldon, unpaid corporation tax, $7 00
Cost, 2 00

One house and lot assessed as the property of J. L. Bush, and now occupied by [illegible]—corporation tax, $2 5[illegible]
Cost, 2 00

One vacant lot on main street assessed as the property of G. B. Wilson—tax, $[illegible]
Cost, 2 00

One vacant lot of land assessed to [illegible] [illegible]—corporation tax, $1 [illegible]
Cost, 2 00

One house and lot assessed to Forney [illegible], situated on the right hand side as you go the road leading to White Plains, [illegible] known as the [illegible] place
Corporation tax, $4 00
Cost 2 00

One house and lot on depot street assessed to S. H. Lester and now occupied by [illegible]
Unpaid corporation tax, $3 75
Cost, 2 00

One house and lot assessed to Good Turner and now occupied by [illegible]
Unpaid corporation tax, [illegible]
cost, 2 00

One store house assessed to L J Parr and now occupied by Mosley & Parr,
Corporation tax, $15 00
cost, [illegible]

One vacant lot assessed to L J Parr known as the Matthews corner on the public square
Corporation tax, $5 00
cost, 2 00

One vacant lot assessed to J B Hudson & known as the Lever house lot on main st.
Corporation tax, $10 00
cost, 2 00

J. L. MATTISON, Marshal.
sep 16—6ts.

LIVERY & SALE STABLE

HAVING bought the entire half interest of J. W. Fullenwider in the stock and outfit of the late firm of Hammond & Fullenwider's stable, we will continue the same business at the same place, and hope that by fair dealing and reasonable charges to merit a liberal share of patronage. A stable is an indispensable necessity to all villages, and we hope our citizens may give us sufficient patronage to make the stable self-sustaining. We will also continue the mail Hack to and from Gadsden, daily except Sunday.

Price for Gadsden Hack $3 00 through or $5 00 return.

Hack to and from depot 25c day 50c night. Horse, single trip 35c or $1 00 per day.
Horse and Buggy per day, ...$3 00
Hack and two horses per day, ... $3 5[illegible]

Waggons, Hacks, Buggies and Horses always on hand.

W. B. HAMMOND,
J. D. HAMMOND, Agent.
oct 7—tf

Manhood: How Lost, How Restored!

Just published, a new edition of **Dr. Culverwell's Celebrated Essay** on the *radical cure* (without medicine) of Spermatorrhœa or Seminal Weakness, Involuntary Seminal Losses, IMPOTENCY, Mental and Physical Incapacity, Impediments to Marriage, etc; also CONSUMPTION, Epilepsy and Fits, induced by self-indulgence or sexual extravagance, &c.

Price in a sealed envelope only six cents

The celebrated author, in this admirable Essay, clearly demonstrates, from a thirty years' successful practice, that the alarming consequences of self-abuse may be radically cured without the dangerous use of internal medicine or the application of the knife; pointing out a mode of cure at once simple, certain, and effectual, by means of which every sufferer, no matter what his condition may be, may cure himself cheaply, privately, and *radically*.

This Lecture should be in the hands of every youth and every man in the land

Sent under seal, in a plain envelope, to any address, post-paid, on receipt of six cts. or two post stamps.

Address,
THE CULVERWELL MEDICAL CO.,
41 Ann St., New York; P O Box, 4586.

NIJNE NOVGOROD FAIR. The great market of the eastern world has been held at this junction of the Volga and Olga Rivers in Russia, every summer for hundreds of years. Here the nations of Europe and Asia meet with their products for trade. Cossack, Chinese, Turk and Persian, meet the German and the Greek with every variety of merchandise that mankind employs, from sapphires to grindstones, tea, opium, fur, food, tools and fabrics, and last but not least, medicines. J. C. Ayer & Co.'s celebrated remedies from America were displayed in an elegant bazar where the Doctor himself might sometimes be seen. They are known and taken on steppes of Asia as well as the prairies of the West, and are an effectual antidote for the diseases that prevail in the [illegible] of the North, as well as the huts and cabins of the western continent

Lincoln (Ill) Times.

J. R. GRAHAM

HAS IN STORE AND TO ARRIVE a full and complete line of

Dry Goods,
Boots and Shoes,
Hats and Caps,
Hardware,
Bagging and Ties,

GROCERIES, &C.

which he is selling at very low prices for CASH, both at OXFORD and LADIGA, ALA.

Read Carefully.

We would respectfully call the attention of those indebted to us, to the fact, that we have to raise a considerable amount of money during the month of November, and must look to our customers for the money. We hope they will come up with the CASH or Cotton promptly, as we are compelled to collect—will hold your Cotton if you do not wish to sell. We hope you will not fail to respond

J. R. GRAHAM.
Oct. 14. 1876—5t.

JACKSONVILLE

Commercial College.

A business school is a necessity, and should be sustained regardless of the time!

A business course in four month for only twenty dollars!

A business education applicable to all, regardless of profession or sex!

The exercises of this Institution opened Tuesday, Sept. 5th 1876. Doors always open to visitors.

MALE AND FEMALE DEPARTMENTS.

The Institution is conducted on actual business plans!

RATES OF TUITION:

(Due at expiration of each term.)

Penmanship Dept.	$5 00
Business Calculations..................	5 00
Business Forms	5 00
Single & Double Entry Book-keeping	5 00

Improved systems adopted. Diagrams to simplify the different departments. Review lectures given at half rates. Private lessons given if desired. Each department embraces a period of one month. The usual course embracing the above branches, requires a period of four months. Students under 15 years of age admitted in penmanship only at half rates. Day and night sessions to suit the convenience of all. Deductions in cases of protracted sickness or unavoidable hindrance. The indigent and disabled are admitted free of charge. Minor orphans of limited means, children of ministers and notes admitted at half rates. A scholarship in any department entitles the student to a privilege of continuing, without regard to time and without extra charge. Students may enter at any time and for any number of branches. Diplomas awarded for any branch. Required advancement for entry upon the regular course embraces spelling, reading, first rules in Arithmetic and scribbling. The business community are invited to attend and witness the exercises and act as examining board. Students under 15 only admitted in penmanship

O. Q. ZINNAMON
PRINCIPAL.

Commercial and Literary Author & late Pres. and Founder of the Southern Commercial College, New Orleans

Men not professionally engaged the Principal would be pleased to do any business writing in writing up books, making out [illegible] sheets, bookkeeper's [illegible] [illegible] settlements [illegible]

[illegible] —tf.

The Rome Hotel.

Within Ten Steps of the Rail Road.

BROAD STREET. ROME, GEORGIA.

NO OMNIBUS NEEDED.

The Hotel is situated in the principal business square of the city is New and Clean from Bottom to Top, having been

THOROUGHLY RENOVATED

In the last sixty days and has received an addition of fourteen

ELEGANT, AIRY AND CONVENIENT

ROOMS, NEWLY FURNISHED.

The Hotel is abundantly supplied with Fresh Milk, Butter and Vegetables from our own Dairy and Garden.

Rates Two Dollars per day, or seventy-five cents for single meal and single lodging, with no extra charge for handling baggage.

Representatives from the principal business houses of the city can be found boarding in the Hotel

J A STANSBURY, Proprietor.
sept 30—1y.

ELECTION NOTICE

THE STATE OF ALABAMA,
Calhoun County.

NOTICE is hereby given, that Alex. O. Stewart, as the Sheriff of said County, will cause to be opened and held at the various places of voting in the Election Precincts of said County, **On the first Tuesday in November, 1876**, that being the [illegible] day of said month, an Election for the purpose of electing ten Electors for President and Vice President of the United States, consisting of one for each Congressional District and two for the State at large; and also for the purpose of electing a member of Congress from the 7th Congressional District of Alabama.

Notice is hereby further given, that the following named persons are appointed Special Deputy Sheriffs, and Inspectors of said election, for the respective election precincts in said county, hereinafter named, to-wit.

For Pre. No. 1,—Jacksonville.
B C Wyly } Inspectors
Thos. R Ward
W P Crook,
R. F. Riley, Returning Officer.

Pre. No. 2—Alexandria—S [illegible] Special Deputy Sheriff.
Samuel T Peace } Inspectors
Wm F Bush
W W Crook
Jack Clark, Returning Officer.

Pre No. 3—Green B Skelton, Dep Sheriff.
Wm E Lambert } Inspectors
David R Reaves
R P Weaver
S O McCullers, Returning Officer.

Pre No. 4 -Court Ground—J A [illegible] Special Deputy Sheriff.
J L Kirby } Inspectors
R K Brothers
J M Anderson
E J Haynie, Returning Officer.

Pre. No. 5—Polkville—J M [illegible] Special Deputy Sheriff.
W L Stokes } Inspectors
Noah Baugh
Mack Henderson
R P Hess, Returning Officer.

Pre. No. 6—Peeks Hill—Jackson [illegible] Special Deputy Sheriff.
O A Finch } Inspectors
Wm M Cochran
John C Archer
H. F. Montgomery, Returning Officer.

Pre No. 7 — Hollingsworth's School House—John Abernathy, Spe. Dpy Sheriff.
Henry McBee } Inspectors
Jas. N Landers
[illegible] Woodward, jr
E B Dickinson, Returning Officer.

Pre. No. 8—Court Ground—[illegible] Wragg, Special Deputy Sheriff.
W B Doss } Inspectors
G W Wells
W B Green
Geo Nabors, Returning Officer.

Pre. No. 9—Cross Plains—D B Wi[illegible] Special Deputy Sheriff.
John C Faughender } Inspectors
J B Smith
F M Savage
Wm A Stewart, Returning Officer.

Pre. No 10—Cross Roads—J R Wil[illegible]son, Special Deputy Sheriff.
J C Watson } Inspectors
Joseph Borden
Wm Dalreen
Henry Murray, Returning Officer.

Pre. No. 11—Marion Whiteside, Spl Dpy Sheriff.
D S Black } Inspectors
W A Scarbrough
Alfred Morgan
J P Ward, Returning Officer.

Pre. No 12 — Davistown — Wm Hughes Special Dpy Sheriff.
John F Davis } Inspectors
W A Wood
Jacob DeArman
John Elston, Returning Officer.

Pre. No. 13—Oxford—D F Shaffer Special Dpy Sheriff.
D P Gunnels } Inspectors
E G Robertson
S C Kelly
J M Hayes, Returning Officer.

Pre. No. 14—Sulphur Springs—John T Henderson, Special Dpy Sheriff.
Miles H Harrison } Inspectors.
Harvey Whiteside
J T Vincent
J B Chappel, Returning Officer.

ALEX. O. STEWART.
Sheriff.

Sept. 27, 1876. sep30-te

Register's Sale OF LAND.

UNDER and by virtue of a Decree of the Chancery Court, rendered in the cause of James C. Francis, vs. L. J. Parr, James Crow and H. W. Collier, at the June Term. A. D. 1876, of said Court, held for the 1st District of the Eastern Chancery Division of Alabama at Jacksonville; I will, as Register of said Court, sell to the highest bidder for cash, before the Court House door of Calhoun County, on

Monday the 6th day of November, 1876.

The following described Real Estate, to wit. The west half of section 32, also east half of the south west quarter and the south west quarter of the south west quarter, and the east half of the north west quarter of section 29, all in township 13, range 7. Also, all that portion of section 23 in township 14, range 8, which lies on the south east of the public road leading from Jacksonville to Alexandria. Said land will be sold to satisfy, first, the decree in the case above mentioned, and secondly to satisfy a decree rendered in favor of Jas Crow in his cross bill against the said L. J. Parr, H. W. Collier and James C. Frances. Also, at the same time and place, and on like terms, and by direction of said Court, in a decree rendered at the said term of said Court, in the case of Mrs. H. E. Reynolds vs. L. J. Parr, I, as Register of said Court, will sell the following town property, to wit: one house and lot in the town of Jacksonville, Ala., known as the house and lot upon which the said L. J. Parr now resides, bounded east by Main street, north by Mrs. Jane Tare's lot, on the west by L. W. Cannon's lot, and on the south by John D. Hammond's lot. Said lot contains 3½ acres, more or less, and being a portion of Sec. 1[illegible], T. 14, R. 8, in Calhoun county, Ala. Said house and lot sold to satisfy said decree in favor of the said Reynolds vs. said L. J. Parr

This Sept. 27th, 1876.

WM. M. HAMES,
Register, &c.

sep30-ts

NEW LIVERY AND SALE STABLE

The undersigned has opened at the place of Jas. H. Privitt, a Livery and Sale Stable, and would respectfully solicit a share of the public patronage.

Good Horses! Good Vehicles! SAFE DRIVERS!

Hire Horse,	per day,	$1,[illegible]
Hire Buggy,	"	1,[illegible]
Hire Horse and Buggy,	"	3,[illegible]
Hire Buggy and 2 Horses,	"	3,5[illegible]
Hire Hack & Horses (without driver,)		3,[illegible]
Hire Hack & Horses (with driver,)		4,[illegible]
Wagon and Horses (with driver,)		3,[illegible]

Apply to D. J. Privett, and anything ordered will be promptly furnished on short notice.

JOSEPH H PRIVETT.
Sep 30 1876—1y

[illegible] Ma[illegible] • Th[illegible]

BAC[illegible] Co[illegible]

And [illegible] alway[illegible] dex [illegible] cheap[illegible]

OIL, [illegible] grees [illegible] —get [illegible]

80 [illegible] $4 50 [illegible] are di[illegible] ware [illegible] would [illegible]

CIG[illegible] hands[illegible] Chero[illegible] & Par[illegible]

A[illegible] have [illegible] which [illegible] is your[illegible]

Salt, [illegible] Virginia[illegible]

12½ C[illegible] DOX & [illegible] ceived.

A larg[illegible] just recei[illegible] which th[illegible] by the ba[illegible] them bef[illegible]

HEA[illegible] PA[illegible] Fall Stock[illegible] will sell a[illegible] freight ad[illegible]

Cash-[illegible] MADDO[illegible]

200 PIE[illegible] two days[illegible] The bes[illegible] will sell [illegible] TIES! TI[illegible] at Madder[illegible] Rock botto[illegible]

RICE! [illegible] Jar at Mad[illegible] TEA! T[illegible] superior qu[illegible]

BAG[illegible] A larg[illegible] and Ties[illegible] sale, as [illegible] elsewhere[illegible] time. Also, a[illegible] & SHOE[illegible] erally, on[illegible] every trai[illegible] HAM[illegible] se. 30-[illegible]

Fair Ex[illegible] The Co[illegible] cutive Con[illegible] ly, SATURD[illegible] House in [illegible] of Special[illegible] acted. B[illegible]

A. O. S[illegible] Sep, 23-[illegible]

WANTED. [illegible] Goats. Ed [illegible] Ala.

Georgia [illegible] Democratic[illegible]

Grant [illegible] will carry [illegible] Louisiana w[illegible] can't comp[illegible] moral suas[illegible] short gun o[illegible]

Friday n[illegible] young peopl[illegible] lege. Mr. [illegible] Anniston as[illegible] band with hi[illegible]

LOST.—O[illegible] the Fair. T[illegible] send it to t[illegible] reach the ow[illegible]

LOST.—A[illegible] lady's shawl. [illegible] send it to thi[illegible]

Ledbetter [illegible] best competin[illegible] the Fair.

Those who [illegible] should not be [illegible] try the harde[illegible]

Grant said [illegible] carry West V[illegible] easily: but the[illegible] nied his staten[illegible]

The Israel[illegible] Republican i[illegible] Democrtic tic[illegible] are looking ou[illegible] and want to so[illegible] y prosperous.

The Republican.

Maddox & Parr's Motto,

"The Best Goods at the Lowest Prices."

BACON, LARD,
Coffee, Sugar,
Tea, Tobacco,
Rice, Corn,
Meal, Oats;
Fish, Bran,
Syrup Molasses,
Kerosine Oil, Vinegar,
Crockery-ware & Lamps,
And all kinds of Fancy Groceries always on hand an hand at Maddox & Parr's, cheaper than the cheapest.

OIL, OIL, Kerosine Oil 126 degrees fire heat at Maddox & Parr's—get the best.

80 pieces Crockeryware for $4 50 at Maddox & Parr's—they are disposing of their sets Crockery ware rapidly—call at once if you would secure a bargain.

CIGARS, Cigars, a large and handsome stock of Cigars and Cheroots just received at Maddox & Parr's.

AT COST—Maddox & Parr have a remnant of FRUIT JARS which they will sell at cost now—is your time.

Salt, Salt, Salt—A new supply of Virginia Salt, just received by
MADDOX & PARR.

12½ CENTS for Side Meat at MADDOX & PARR'S, a large lot just received.

A large stock **Sugar** of all grades, just received at MADDOX & PARR'S which they are offering at bottom prices by the barrel or half barrel. Go to see them before you buy elsewhere.

HEAVY STOCK—MADDOX & PARR is daily receiving their heavy Fall Stock of GROCERIES, which they will sell as cheap as any market with freight added.

Cash—Gash paid for Dried Fruit at MADDOX & PARR'S—Call at once.

300 PIECES—Crockery ware sold in two days at Maddox & Parr's
The best goods at the Lowest Prices will sell BAGGING! BAGGING!! TIES! TIES!!—Large lot just received at Maddox & Parr's which will be sold at Rock bottom Prices try them.

RICE! RICE!!—10 lbs to the dollar at Maddox & Parr's

TEA! TEA!!—Green and black of a superior quality at Maddox & Parr's

BAGGING & TIES,

A large lot of superior Bagging and Ties, just received and for sale, as low as can be purchased elsewhere. Supply yourselves in time.

Also, a large stock of BOOTS & SHOES & DRY GOODS generally, on hand and to arrive by every train.
HAMMOND & WILLIAMS.
se. 30—2t.

Fair Executive Committee.

The County Grange Fair Executive Committee will meet promptly, SATURDAY, Oct. 7, at the Court House in Jacksonville. Business of Special importance to be transacted. By order of Chairman,
JAMES CROOK.
A. O. STEWART, Sec'y.
Sep, 23—2t.

WANTED.—To sell ten or twelve Goats. Ed L. Woodward Mt. Polk Ala.

Georgia gave eighty thousand Democratic majority.

Grant thinks the Democrats will carry South Carolina and Louisiana with the shot gun. He can't comprehend any thing like moral suasion It is either the short gun or bayonet with him.

Friday night of the Fair the young people had a hop at the College. Mr. David A. Garrett, of Anniston assisted the local string band with his violin.

LOST.—One bear skin during the Fair. The finder will please send it to this office and it will reach the owner.

LOST.—At the fair ground one lady's shawl. The finder will please send it to this office.

Ledbetter & Co. bought the two best competing bales of cotton at the Fair.

Those who did not get premiums should not be discouraged, but only try the harder next year.

Grant said the Radicals would carry West Virginia and Indiana easily; but the Democrats have denied his statement.

The Israelites, Democrtic and Republican in Cincinati voted the Democrtic ticket. They say they are looking out for Southern trade and want to see the South politically prosperous.

We could have elected Tilden without Indiana, but the accession of that state makes it much easier. The election of the Democratic Presidential ticket may be regarded as crtain as any future human event can be.

Prof. Tichenor delivered an eloquent address at the Fair Ground Friday.

Our printers wanted to be on the Fair Ground some Friday and the Republican was consequently not issued until Saturday.

The skies are bright for the Democracy. Let us take advantage of the situation to make new converts to the party.

Over half the colored men of Marshall county have joined Tilden & Hendrick clubs.

Candidates will soon begin their announcements. In every case we wish it understood that the announcement fee must be paid in advance. We cannot vary from this rule and hope none of our friends will ask us to. tf.

The young men composing the Oxford Band attended the Fair both days and treated the assembled multitude to choice music throughout both days.

The Jacksonville band played the forenoon of the first day at the Fair and acquitted themselves well, considering the time they have been playing.

We are under obligations to Mr. Woolf telegraph operator at Patoka, Messrs Sam Morgan and B F. Sawyer of Rome, and Messrs. E. H. Allen and R. G. Roberts of Oxford, for dispatches concerning the late elections.

We have received a specimen of clear yellow Sorghum, at the hands of Messrs. Foster and Evans of White Plains, a sample of one hundred and sixty gallons made from one acre.

Nobody but the grangers could have made the county fair such a success. Through the grange the work was done, Let them have the credit.

New goods are coming in, and bottom figures are the ruling price: but our merchants will doubtless tell you more about it though our advertising columns.

Crawford has the first Tilden & Hendricks segars. The best ever brought to this market for 5 cents.

The Republican office acknowledges courtesies at the hands of the Fair management.

The managers of the Rome Fair and Selma State Grange Fair have our thanks for tickets of invitation.

Mr. J. W. Bradley has our thanks for a box of Shockley Apples of fine variety. He has the grafts for sale, and we recommend them to any body who may want to buy apple trees. These apples took the diploma at the county Fair.

For the past two weeks quite a revival has been going on in the M. E. church at this place. Revs. Daniel Duncan, and J. M. Boland of Talladega, Rev. R. A. Timmons, of Oxford, Rev. J. M. Webster of Peeks Hill, and Rev. J. C. McAuley of Alexandria, participated in the meeting and assisted the resident pastor, Rev. Mr. Hill. During the meeting there was a number of penitents and several conversion and the church generally was revived. Several joined the church, and the meeting on the whole was fruitful of much good. Previous to this meeting the Rev. Mr. Russel of Cherokee, of the Cumberland Presbyterian church, preached a series of able sermons, which also accomplished great good.

Crawford has the first Tilden & Hendricks segars. The best ever brought to this market for 5 cents.

Our friend, Jo. Alexander, has opened up his office for the present in the store room formerly occupied by Mrs. Rowland. He has two agents travelling, and is filling large orders every day from all parts of the State. Great saving in freight can be made by trading through him.

Mr. M. L. Richie has presented us some of the finest wool rolls we ever saw, the product of his carding machine at Nesbit's mill.

200 Bushels COAL, Wanted at MADDOX & PARR'S—Go and see them at once.

Circuit Court opens here Monday. On that day Capt. Walter L Bragg will address the people of Calhoun. Let him have a good crowd.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

It affords us pleasure to call the attention of our readers to the advertisement, in another column, of Messrs. Poole & Hunt, Baltimore, Md., whose reputation as Manufacturers of first-class machinery is preeminent in the South, and second to none in the United States. For nearly a quarter of a century they have been prominently before the public, year by year, strengthening their claims to public confidence, until, to-day with an immense establishment, as perfect in its appointments as experience and mechanical skill can make it, they can send forth every article of their manufacture perfect and accurate in all of its parts, as tested by the fixed and high standards by which their work is regulated. They who have used their machinery can best vouch for the truth of what we have asserted.

SENSIBLE ADVICE.

You are asked every day through the columns of newspapers and by your Druggist to use something for Dyspepsia and Liver complaint that you may know nothing about, you get discouraged spending money with but little success. Now to give you satisfactory proof that GREEN'S AUGUST FLOWER will cure you of Dyspepsia and Liver Complaint with all its effects, such as Sour Stomach, Sick Headache, Habitual Costiveness, Palpitations of the Heart, Heart burn, Water brash, coming up of food after eating, low spirits, &c., we ask you to go to your Druggist, Wm. M. Nisbet and get a sample bottle of GREEN'S AUGUST FLOWER for 10 cents and try it, or a regular size for 75 cents, two doses will relieve you.

The People Want Proof.

There is no medicine prescribed by physicians, or sold by Druggists, that carries such evidence of its success and superior virtue as BOSCHEE'S GERMAN SYRUP for severe Coughs, Colds settled on the Breast, Consumption, or any disease of the Throat and Lungs. A proof of this fact is, that any person afflicted, can get a sample bottle for 10 cents and try its superior effect before buying the regular size at 75 cents. It has lately been introduced in this country from Germany, and its wonderful cures are astonishing everyone that use it. Three doses will relieve any case. Try it. Sold by W. M. Nisbet in Jacksonville.

Rupture cured in from 30 to 90 days by the Triumph Truss Co., of 334 Bowery, N. Y., who offer $1,000 for a rupture they cannot cure. See advertisement and cut of Truss in another column. Send 10 cents for descriptive book of Triumph Rupture Cure.

Best and Cheapest Chill and Fever Remedy in the World.—The attention of our readers is directed to the advertisement of "CAPUDINE" in another column. This remarkable remedy contains no quinine, calomel, or other hurtful drug, yet surely kills or cures the "CHILLS" and all other malarial diseases. It will not injure the most delicate person and leaves no unpleasant after-effects. The low price at which it is sold is likely to soon give it a large sale. See advertisement, and don't fail to give it a trial.

The Only Cure for Rupture.

The oldest and best known surgeon in the world, the only lady surgeon on earth skilled in the cure of Rupture, the only elastic truss worthy of the name, examination and advice free, all to their advantage to call by or address Triumph Truss Company. No. 334 Bowery, New York. Send 10 cents for their new book.

[Extract of a letter of Dr. Louis Pierce to Sparta, to Rev. L. P. Davies.]

Macon, Jan. 6 1876.

Dear Bro Davies. Excuse me for writing only when I am deeply interested. I have been speechless about two months. Could not read and pray in a family. Had tried many things. Got no benefit from any. Since conference came to the rescue from Americus. Little or Thanks Consumption Cure and Lung Restorer, which I have been taking now, this is the forth day and I can talk now with some ease. I cannot leave home to bring other things to supply myself with this medicine. No drug yet have I taken for sale. I must have it. I want you to write person to Purdy & Co. about their order, and make them send me by express. Sparta, Ga., two, three or four bottles. Will. I am getting on finely.

Yours truly, [illegible]

For sale by Dr W. M. Nisbet, Jacksonville, Ala.

Dr. J. C. FLEMING

HAS removed to WOODWARD'S CORNER where he keeps constantly on hand a fine stock of

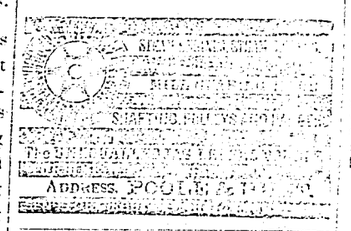
DRUGS,

Medicines, Fancy and Toilet articles, Perfumery, Soaps, Brushes, Glass, and all other articles usually kept by Druggists.

ALSO—Fresh, Choice, Staple
FAMILY GROCERIES,
Stationery and Pocket Cutlery.

All of which will be sold as low for Cash or COUNTRY PRODUCE as can be sold at this market.

Jacksonville, Ala., Oct. 7, 1876—tf.



T. W. FRANCIS & CO.
MONTGOMERY, Ala.

HAVE A GOOD STOCK OF STAPLE AND FANCY

DRY GOODS,

Samples of Goods sent by mail with prices when requested. Terms cash or C O D
June 10—3m

BLUE MOUNTAIN ROUTE

On and after Monday Sep. 11th, passenger Trains will run as follows.

GOING NORTH.			GOING SOUTH.
No. 1. Passenger, Daily	STATIONS		No. 2. Passenger, Daily.
7 55 m	Leave	Selma, Arrive	9.35 a m
11 28 a m	"	Calera, "	4 33 a m
3 15 p m	"	Jacksonville, "	11.53 p m
5 50 "	"	Rome, "	8 50 p m
8.12 "	"	Dalton, "	6 00 p m
8.00 a m	"	Bristol, "	4 50 a m
12 05 p m	"	Lynchburg, "	5.15 p m
5.25 "	Arrive.	Washing'n, Leave	8 07 p m
9.50 "	"	Baltimore "	6.00 a m
1 20 p m	"	Philadelphia, "	12 45 p m
5.10 "	"	New York, "	8.55 p m

Nos. 1 makes close connections at Dalton with W & A R R for Chattanooga, Nashville Louisville, Cincinnati, Chicago and St. Louis; with E T V & G R R for Bristol, Lynchburg, Washington, Baltimore, Philadelphia and New York. Has sleeper from Vicksburg to Dalton only one change through to Baltimore

No 2 make close connections at Calera with trains of S & N. Railroad for Montgomery, Eufaula, Columbus Ga Tallahasse Fla, Mobile, and New Orleans—at Selma with Ala Central R R for Meridian, Jackson, Nicksburg and all points in Mississippi. Has sleeper from Dalton to Vicksburg.

M. STANTON,
Superintendent.

RAY KNIGHT,
General Passenger Agent.

Cheapest & Best.
HOWARD
HYDRAULIC CEMENT,

MANUFACTURED NEAR KINGSTON, BARTOW COUNTY, GA.

EQUAL TO THE BEST IMPORTED PORTLAND CEMENT.

SEND FOR CIRCULAR. Try this before buying elsewhere.

Refers by permission to Mr. A. J. West, President of Cherokee Iron Company, Polk county, Georgia, who has built a splendid dam across Cedar Creek, using this cement and pronouncing it the best he ever used. Also refer to Messrs. Smith Son & Bro., J. E. Veal, F. I. Stone, J. J. Cohen and Major Tom Berry, Rome, Georgia. Major H. Bryan, of Savannah, T. C. Douglas, Superintendent of Masonry, East River Bridge, New York.

Address, CHARLES H. WARING, *Kingston, Ga.*

Carriage & Wagon Making

JAMES H. & JOS. B PRIVETT

HAVE now and will keep constantly on hand, first-class Buggies, Wagons, &c., manufactured of the best of timber and material, and in the most neat, durable and fashionable style. Orders for any particular style of work filled promptly, and every description of repairing done with despatch.

Finished work now on hand will be sold at remarkably low prices for cash. Long experience in the business, enables them to build work promise made in reference to neat and durable work. Their shop is located two miles south of Jacksonville.

May 22, 1876—1y.

Notice

TO THE PUBLIC GENERALLY

I WILL sell my Gannaway, having abandoned the mill business, at home, without the use or possession elsewhere. I have no money to collect outside, I have no money to settle with parties generally, and I will not be responsible in any way for any debts that may contract with any one after this date. Sept 22nd, 1876.

JAMES B GANNAWAY.
sep 30—3t

THE STATE OF ALABAMA,
Calhoun County.

Probate Court, Sept. 14th, 1876.

THIS day came S. D. McCleud, Admr of the Estate of John Cannon, deceased, and filed his account and vouchers for an annual settlement of said estate, and prays for an annual settlement of said estate. It is ordered that the 6th day of November, 1876, be appointed a day on which to make such settlement, at which time all persons interested can appear and contest the said settlement if they think proper.

L. W. CANNON,
Judge of Probate.

THE STATE OF ALABAMA,
Calhoun County.

Probate Court, Sept. 14th, 1876.

THIS day came [illegible] Admr of the Estate of [illegible], deceased, and filed his account and vouchers for an annual settlement of said estate. It is ordered that the 6th day of November, 1876, be appointed a day on which to make such settlement, at which time all persons interested can appear and contest the said settlement if they think proper.

L. W. CANNON,
Judge of Probate.

Fall and Winter

[illegible]

Sept 23—3t.

THE STATE OF ALABAMA,
Calhoun county.

Probate Court, Sep. 14, 1876.

THIS day came John C. Watson, Guardian of Wm. Mc. Watson, Louis T. Whiteside and Martha V. Whiteside, minors &c., and filed his accounts and vouchers for an annual settlement of the said guardianship. It is ordered that the 16th day of Oct. 1876, be appointed a day on which to make such settlement at which time all persons interested can appear and contest the said settlement if they think proper.

L. W. CANNON,
Judge of Probate.

Sept 23—3t.

Hunnicut & Bellingraths,

No. 12, Marietta st. ATLANTA, Ga

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN

Cooking and Heating Stoves, Ranges, Furnaces,

HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS.

Slate and Iron Mantels, Grates, Wrought Iron Pipe for Steam, Gas and Water, Gas Fixtures, Pumps, Rubber Hose Steam Fittings, and Plumbers' Goods, Agents for Knowles Steam Pumps. Plumbers, Steam & Gas Fitters, Coppersmiths, Galvanized Iron Workers, Cornice, Window Caps, Door Heads, Tin-Roofing; Contractors for Steam Heating, Manufacturers of Concrete Sewer and Drain Pipes. Ap 1 22—6m.

Jacksonville Hotel,

West Side Square,

Jacksonville, Ala.

Is now prepared, to take care of Commercial Travelers, and other Gentlemen and Ladies. Comfortable rooms, polite and attentive servants and as good fare as our county affords.

A large room specially for Exhibiting samples of merchandize.

Board per day,	$2 00
" " week,	7 00
" " Meal,	50

We have also a LIVERY and FEED STABLE—Hacks, Wagons, Buggies, and Horses always on hand. Can also see you.

Respectfully,
J. D. HAMMOND, Pro.
April 22, 1876.

NEW HOTEL

CROSSPLAINS, ALA.

JUST OPENED and ready for the reception of travelers and the public generally. Feeds the best the country affords. Charges moderate.

Remember I am in the Brick Building on the corner of the public square.

L. FERGUSON, Proprietor.

Farm for Sale.

DESIRING to go West I now offer for sale my Farm lying on the public road leading from Jacksonville to Cross Plains, 6 miles from the former place, containing two hundred acres one hundred of which is under fence and in a good state of cultivation—fifteen or twenty acres well adapted to meadow—Perpetual stream of water running through the place—never failing—and [illegible] for in the yard—good House, [illegible] and other houses. Will sell on good terms for cash or [illegible] on credit of twelve months, and [illegible]

A. T. GREEN.

Aug. 19 1876—tf.

Books, Stationery & Music.

E. A. SMITH,

ROME, GA.

WHOLESALE & RETAIL

Bookseller and Stationer,

AND DEALER IN

Pianos, Organs, Wall Paper, etc

A full stock of School and Miscellaneous Books by New York, Boston, and all other publishing houses, always on hand. Orders through the mail will have prompt attention. Ap 22, 1876.

W. C. LAND,

WATCH MAKER

& Jeweller,

Jacksonville, Ala.

KEEPS on hand a fine Gold and Silver WATCHES, and has and common Jewelry, Silver and Plated ware—every thing kept in first class Jewelry store.

REPAIRING done in a good workmanlike manner, with every material on hand for dispatch. , 1876—1y.

ABNER WILLIAMS,

WITH

STOLLENWERCK BROS.

Selma, Ala.

P. E. STOLLENWERCK & BROTHER

MOBILE, ALA.

Cotton Factors

and

Commission Merchants.

W. F. LYMAN T. S. BOWEN

BOWEN & LYMAN,

Wholesale Grocers

AND DEALERS IN

PRODUCE,

No. 5 Central Block,

WATER STREET,

SELMA, ALA.

Our prices are low and stock large which will be kept constantly full of cheese articles.

Nov. 1875—1y.

Merchants Look To your Interest.

TIN WARE at who'sale and retail at *LOWEST PRICES*, Made of best I X Tin.

Cooking Stoves

Best Philadelphia make Good, Heavy and Durable.

Also a good lot of Stove Ware. Roofing and Tin Guttering solicited

W. W. NESBIT.

Dec. 18, 1875—tf.

WEST HOUSE.

South East Corner Public Square
(OLD FORNEY CORNER)

JACKSONVILLE ALA.

HAVING made additional Improvements for the comfort of guests we respectfully solicit a continuance of the patronage so liberally bestowed upon us for the past two years. It is our pride and attention to make it one of the best HOTELS to be found in any Village, and to make every one comfortable and their stay pleasant while with us. Every convenience given to commercial men for showing samples

Board	per	day	$2 00
"	"	week	9 00
"	"	meal	50

Reasonable reduction [illegible] by the day for regular customers, and county [illegible]

D. HAMMOND.—R. D. WILLIAMS

HAMMOND & WILLIAMS,

WOULD respectfully announce to the citizens of Jacksonville and surrounding country, that they have formed a copartnership for the purpose of doing a general MERCHANTILE BUSINESS.

We now have in store and to arrive,
A GENERAL LINE OF

DRY GOODS,
NOTIONS,
Ready Made Clothing,
BOOTS & SHOES,
HATS & CAPS,
Sugar, Coffee, Teas, Soda,
HARDWARE, QUEENSWARE,
FLOUR and MEAL.

We hope for, and will endeavor to merit a liberal share of patronage, by fair dealing, low prices, and genuine Goods.

Call and examine our Goods and prices.

CLOTHING AT COST for CASH, for 30 Days

ALSO AGENTS FOR WINSHIP'S CELEBRATED COTTON GINS AND IRON PRESS, SCANTLIN'S SORGHUM MILLS AND EVAPORATORS, and SEVERAL RELIABLE FIRE INSURANCE CO'S.

Business solicited.

Jacksonville, July 15, 1876.—6m.

WOOL CARDING.

The undersigned respectfully informs the public that he will have his new carding machine in splendid order to commence carding about Sept. 15th, 1876. His carding machine is situated at Nisbet's mill, four miles north-west of Jacksonville.

PRICES FOR CARDING—Ten cents per pound where grease is furnished, or twelve and a half cents where it is not.

I have leased Mr. Nisbet's mill for three years, and have put all the machinery in excellent condition for making first class flour and meal.

Sep 9-4t M. L. RICHIE.

RICHARD WALKER,

Barber and Hair Dresser.

FIRST door east of Maddox & Parr's Family Grocery. Give him a call and he will guarantee perfect satisfaction with his neat, complete and fashionable work.

Jacksonville, June 17, 1876—tf.

New Steam Cotton Gin and New Mill.

THE undersigned have just fitted up at Weavers Station on the Selma, Rome & Dalton Railroad, splendid new machinery for Ginning Cotton and Sawing Lumber. The Gin has a newly invented Condenser attached, by which all waste of cotton is avoided, and it samples better for market. Cotton will be ginned for the sixteenth, and Lumber sawed upon the usual terms.

Give us a trial and you will be well pleased.

Messrs. Ledbetter keep at this point a full stock of Goods, and give the highest market price in cash for cotton, including remnants.

WILLIAM ADAMS,
ROBERT ADAMS.

Sept 2, 1876—2m.

Trustee's Sale of House and Lot in the Town of Jacksonville, Ala.

UNDER and by Virtue of a Deed of Trust executed to the undersigned by George [illegible] and recorded on pages [illegible] and [illegible] of deeds in the office of Judge of Probate of Calhoun county, Ala., I will proceed to sell [illegible] day of October, 1876, at Jacksonville, in said county between the usual hours of sale, the following described property, to-wit:

[illegible] in the original plan of the town of Jacksonville, Ala., in the Cross Land District, in the county of Calhoun, known and designated as the Hilgas property, on the north east corner of the public square.

A. J. LITTLE, Trustee.

sep. 2—5t.

A. W. JONES. E. E. CARLISLE. H. H. STEWART

H. H. STEWART & CO.

WHOLESALE

GROCERS,

Corner Water and Washington Streets,

SELMA, ALA.

Our Stock is LARGE, embracing all the Staple Articles to be found in the Wholesale Business. Our facilities for Buying and Selling are such, that we [illegible] competition.

Selma, Nov. 6, 1875—1y.

Ayer's
Sarsaparilla



For Scrofula, and all scrofulous diseases, Erysipelas, Rose or St. Anthony's Fire, Eruptions and Eruptive diseases of the skin, Ulcerations of the Liver, Stomach, Kidneys, Lungs, Pimples, Pustules, Boils, Blotches, Tumors, Tetter, Salt Rheum, Scald Head, Ringworm, Ulcers, Sores, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Pain in the Bones, Side and Head, Female Weakness, Sterility, Leucorrhœa, arising from internal ulceration, and uterine disease, Syphilitic and Mercurial diseases, Dropsy, Dyspepsia, Emaciation, General Debility, and for Putifying the Blood.

This Sarsaparilla is a combination of vegetable alteratives—Stillingia, Mandrake, Yellow Dock—with the Iodides of Potassium and Iron, and is the most efficacious medicine yet known for the diseases it is intended to cure.

Its ingredients are so skilfully combined that the full alterative effect of each is assured, and while it is so mild as to be harmless even to children, it is still so effectual as to purge out from the system those impurities and corruptions which develop into loathsome disease.

The reputation it enjoys is derived from its cures, and the confidence which prominent physicians all over the country repose in it proves their experience of its usefulness.

Certificates attesting its virtues have accumulated, and are constantly being received, and as many of these cases are publicly known, they furnish convincing evidence of the superiority of this Sarsaparilla over every other alterative medicine. So generally is its superiority to any other medicine known that we need do no more than to assure the public that the best qualities it has ever possessed are strictly maintained.

PREPARED BY
Dr. J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass.,
Practical and Analytical Chemists.
SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS EVERYWHERE.

W. M. NISBET, Agent,
Jacksonville, Ala.

NOTICE FARMERS!

W. D. BUSH & CO.

Having bought the right to manufacture and sell the celebrated

SANFORD PLOW

In the counties of Calhoun, Talladega and Cleburne, are now ready to supply the demand. These plows will be exhibited as rapidly as possible in the above counties, and farmers will find it to their interest not to purchase others before seeing them.

We claim, 1st, that they are the cheapest plow that has ever been offered in this country; 2nd, that being all iron (handles excepted) they are the most durable; 3rd, they are the most simple in construction; 4th, they can be adjusted to run deep, medium depth or shallow by the movement of only one bolt; 5th, the handles can be set to suit the tallest man or small boy by the movement of one bolt, with the bed is constructed with a slot, so that the plow may be moved up or down to suit its length, thus avoiding the necessity and expense of laying—a sure plow doing as good work as a long one; 6th, the shoulder and heel bolt are self-a justing, and all your old plows will fit the stock. In short, it is the best and only universal Iron Plow Stock. Is not heavier than a common wood stock. Is perfectly durable, and has given entire satisfaction s for as tried. Price to suit the times, and a liberal discount made when plows are bought at our works three miles south of Alexandria, Calhoun [illegible]

—tf

ATLANTA
Medical College,
Atlanta, Ga.

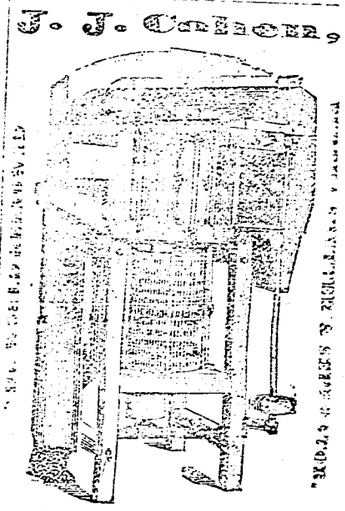
THE Nineteenth Annual Course of Lectures in this Institution commence October 16th, 1876, and end March 1st, 1877.

Send for announcement, giving full information.

JNO. THAD. JOHNSON, M. D.,
Dean of the Faculty.

Aug. 26, 1876—3t.

J. J. CARLEON,



Rome, Georgia,

Keeps Constantly on hand the most celebrated and latest MILL MACHINERY, at Manufacturer's prices. Also, Importer of the Double Anchor Dutch Bolting Cloth, French Burr and Esopus MILL STONES, Double Turbine Water Wheel, and an assortment of Belting, &c. Dec. 30, '71.—1y.

THE STATE OF ALABAMA,
Calhoun county.

Probate Court, Sept. 14, 1876

THIS day came John C. Watson, Admr of the Estate of Eliza Teague, deceased and filed his account and vouchers for an annual settlement of said estate. It is ordered that the 16th day of Oct. 1876 be appointed a day on which to make such settlement, at which time all persons interested can appear and contest the said settlement if they think proper.

L. W. CANNON,
Judge of Probate.

sep 23—3t.

THE

Triumph Truss Co



334 Bowery, N. Y., to whom was awarded the Premium Medal for the best Elastic Truss and Supporter at the late session of the Great American Institute Fair, cures Rupture in from 30 to 90 days, and offers $1,000 for a case they cannot cure. Terms moderate and cures guaranteed. Examinations Free. The usual discount to Grangers. Send 10 cents for Descriptive Book [illegible]

AGRICULTURAL.

Around the Farm.

WOOL-RAISING has become an important industrial feature of Oregon.

THE orchards of this country are estimated to occupy 500,000 acres and contain 20,000 trees.

THE only effectual cure for a sheep-killing dog is a large dose of leaden bullet from the barrel of a rifle, with plenty of powder to give it force.

THE cultivation of the castor oil bean could be made profitable in South Florida, beyond doubt. It grows here for an indefinite period after being once planted, and produces abundantly and continuously.—*Tampa Guardian.*

PASTURES are usually short during the month of August, and if cows are not fed extra, the flow of milk will be correspondingly lessened. It is much easier to keep it up by feeding than to restore it after it has decreased to any considerable extent.

A CONNECTICUT farmer spread some refuse from a brewery as a fertilizer, this spring, and then planted potatoes on the field. The potatoe bugs, though devouring everything else in the neighhood, have never touched the plants where the brewery stuff was put.

THE difference in the amount of labor performed by a well-fed man or animal and an ill-fed one is considerable. There is no real economy in placing the laborer upon a starvation diet. Abundant and good food give bodily strength and contentment of mind, which is an important item.

I WOULD urge upon the youth the importance of studying the history of the world down to the present period, and let him carefully note the large number of great men who were agriculturists, who owed their success to the judicious training and good discipline of country life.—*Western Rural.*

I AM glad to know you are calling attention to the Holsteins. The cow I purchased last season has made a remarkable milk record. Her butter, too, is excellent, particularly in keeping quality. This cow, and others in this vicinity, satisfy me they are the cows for the northwest.—*Western Rural.*

MANY despise poplar as a timber, but it has one golden property—it will not burn. Some years ago a factory at Nottingham took fire on the second floor, and burnt to the top furiously, but not downward; although the floors lay a yard thick with hot clinkers and melted machinery, yet it did not get downward, because the floors were of poplar.—*The Garden.*

AS MUCH as I detest being in debt, I would not hesitate to recommend a young man to run in debt moderately for a farm, if he loves the occupation, and who has a wife who does not mind living on a farm; for I think with these requisites, if he be cautious and frugal for a few years, he will be better off and take more comfort on a farm than in a city.—*Boston Cultivator.*

THE state of New York alone has now nearly 1,000 cheese manufactories, which use the milk of more than 250,000 cows, making therefrom 80,000,000 pounds of cheese, which is 1,000 pounds for every three cows. The cheese production of the whole United States is over 250,000,000 pounds, of which 96,600,000 are exported. England scarcely exports 25,000,000, while little Holland, which used to be the principal cheese producing country of the world, exports at present 60,000,000 pounds.

THREE noted bulls died in Kentucky during the very hot weather in July, as follows: The seventeenth duke of Airdrie, 6629, owned by Simms & McClintoch, Williamsburg, died on the 19th of July. He was bred by R. A. Alexander, of Kentucky. His sire was royal Oxford, dam fourth duchess of Airdrie. This fine bull was for several years at the head of the herd of George Murray, Esq., of Racine. In December last he was sold at J. B. Taylor's sale, at Toronto, for $4,500. Louan's tenth duke, owned by Gen. L. Desha, of Cynthiana, died also on the 19th. He was four years old; was sired by the fourteenth duke of Airdrie, dam Louan tenth. The last of the three was the duke of Bloomfield, 11689, owned by C. M. Clay, Jr.—a fine bull sired by duke of Geneva, dam lady Bates.

About the House.

JELLY MOULDS should be washed with the white of eggs to insure a clear impression.

APPLE PUDDING.—Eight apples grated; the same quantity of stale bread; three eggs; one and a half pints of milk; sugar and flavoring to taste. Bake one hour in a slow oven. To be eaten with cream.

SPICED CURRANTS.—Three pounds of sugar to seven pounds of currants, one teaspoon each of ground cinnamon, allspice and cloves, a pinch of red pepper if liked. Boil a half hour. Very nice to eat with meat.

POTATO SOUP.—Boil eight potatoes and one good-sized onion until tender; strain through a seive; add one quart of milk, salt and pepper to taste, and nearly one teacup of butter; put all in a saucepan and let it come to a boil. Serve hot.

MUSTY COFFE AND TEA-POTS.—The best way to clean the inside of tea-pots, coffee-pots, or old iron pots and pans, is to fill them with water in which a few ounces of washing soda are dissolved, and set them on the fire. Let the water boil till the inside of the vessel looks clean.

TO HAVE a good light the wicks of kerosene lamps should be changed frequently. They may be washed, if not too short, or replaced by new ones. The unsatisfactory light sometimes afforded by kerosene lamps is often caused by the pores of the wick being filled with refuse matter, which obstructs the free passage of the oil.

CAULIFLOWER PICKLE.—Select the closest and whitest flowers; put them in bunches, spread them on earthen dishes, sprinkle salt on them; in three days put them in earthen jars, pour scalding salt water upon them; let them stand six or eight hours, drain them carefully, then put them in glass cans, cover with vinegar, and seal up tightly. Elder flowers and buds add a very high flavor to pickles and horseradish. Either the leaves or the root will keep pickles from molding.

PRESERVING TOMATOES.—In order to preserve tomatoes through the year, it is not necessary to resort to the expense of canning them. If stewed in the ordinary manner, but without butter or crackers, only a little salt and sugar, they can be put into jugs—two-quart or gallon, according to the size of the family—and if corked up tightly, will keep for a year. To make assurance doubly sure, some melted wax may be poured around the corks. Tomatoes may also be dried easily. Skinned and prepared with a little sugar they make a good substitute for figs, and are sold under the name of tomato figs.

FAILURES—WHAT THEY TEACH.

The numerous failures and suspensions which have made the commercial world, since the panic of 1873, one of constant upheaval and change, should be utilized by those fortunate ones who have thus far escaped disaster and by those who are entering for the first time the field of business life, for the lessons that may be drawn from them. Failures, like every species of mishap, only follow from a sufficient cause; and usually it is one that could have easily been counteracted or avoided if the fact of its existence had not been unknown. And it is just here that we find so many of our business men weak. In their acquaintance with their own business, they lack that complete command of the calling they have professedly made themselves master of, which alone enables one to understand and avoid its dangerous points.

The man who makes a study of, or who devotes time to, an accurate and scientific education in the business he has chosen, as a means for the accumulation of wealth, is now rarely found; and it seems to us that a large number of the failures of the last three years might justly be attributed to this cause. The idea seems to prevail that a business transacted on one's own account is a kind of perpetual motion, that, once started, will not only keep itself in operation, but may be drawn upon to an almost unlimited extent for the means to sustain other enterprises. The inventor who spends years in attempting to realize his impossible machine is not more certain of failure than he who starts in business with such expectation. The time when money could be made by ignoramuses, and when wealth could be had almost for the taking, has faded far away in the dim past; and an era of strife and struggle has dawned, in which only those who have most carefully prepared themselves for the warfare can hope to succeed.

It is not luck that makes one man fai and his neighbor succeed; it is not fickle fortune that brings clouds of difficulties upon one while another has apparently plain sailing; it is something far more certain in its operations than either of these. It is skill and a perfect command of his resources that enables one man to advance where another can make no progress; and these two qualities are possessed only by those who have made their business the one thing they must become perfectly familiar with.

The world is not yet so crowded that any need go to the wall to support the rest; there is room for all, and an abundance to spare. The great want is for more men who are well qualified for work, and who will put their shoulders to the wheel and push. Any person who is determined to win, and who unites with his perseverance sense enough to know that success come only to those who deserve it, by the patience and skill with which they toil, has before him an uninviting field for labor, and may enter it with the assurance that, if his efforts are rightly directed, they will meet with a sure reward.—*Northwestern Lumberman.*

HORRORS OF TURKISH CRUELTY.

Belgrade Cor. N. Y. Herald.

The devilish cruelty of the Turks makes the Servians express themselves in tones of deep horror and disgust. After the defeat at Velixi-Isvor, they commenced to mutilate the Servian wounded, and to murder the prisoners who fell into their hands, to the number of nearly one thousand. Unfortunately a great many officers were made prisoners, and these were the special objects of Mussulmen hatred and savagery. After being tortured in a manner worthy of the red Indians of the plains, their heads were cut off, and reeking and dripping, carried about on poles, in the Turkish camps, to be hooted at and stoned. These odious and revolting acts were reported in due course to Leschanine, and I received them from the lips of his chief of staff. So great has the horror become among the Servians at these continued acts of barbarism, that officers and men always endeavor to reserve one cartridge in their revolver so as to blow their own brains out as soon as they fall into the hands of the Turks. It is easy to affirm the truth of all this. Your partial correspondent and your diplomat may stay at a distance and pooh, pooh, but the fact will remain. "Civilized" Europe is always considered the leader of the world, but she allows Turkey to butcher and destroy; she allows emperors to be made and unmade within the holy precints of St. Sophia—rulers who neither know nor condescend to understand the people they govern—and although women and children are murdered by a regular soldiery like pigs and sheep, and dead bodies mutilated beyond recognition, the Porte is still considered as being within the pale of "civilization," one of the "great powers" of the nineteenth century.

RIDICULOUS TESTIMONY.

The Kind of Witnesses Who Swear that Hayes is Not a Perjurer.

Chicago Times' Fremont (O.) Telegram.

The republicans here are devoting their time just now to that pastime which occupied the attention of the boy in the woods—whistling like mad to keep their courage up. These recent exposes of the failure of Gov. Hayes to make honest tax returns to the assessor of Sandusky county, thereby swindling under oath the state out of its just dues, have told with alarming effect. Those who have stood by the immaculate Rutherford during his long public career find a host of excuses to offer in defense of his acts which have just come to light; but when it is known that nearly, if not quite, all are in the same boat, and have followed up, systematically, the same course on the tax frauds, it is not to be wondered at that they should spring to the front by published affidavits, and announce that Hayes has done nothing wrong.

THE SWORN STATEMENTS

which republicans expect are to take the sting out of these exposes come almost entirely from those who have reason to expect most from him should he be so fortunate as to secure an election. The exception politically is a democrat, who, however, can not well afford to be otherwise than faithful to his former master. One of the affidavits just presented, and which has with the others gone out to offset the publication of Hayes' perjury, is from A. H. Miller, cashier of the First National bank of Fremont, which is owned and controlled by and carried around in the pocket of R. B. Hayes. This man Miller, among other things, attempted to swear away the obligation that Hayes had no more than $1,000 in personalty in 1874. Mr. Miller is one of those patriots who will dodge a tax levy whenever he can, and he succeeds every time. He lives in elegant style—in such a style as one would expect of a bank officer—and yet for years he has listed his personalty at about $800. This year he swore to $860. Mr. Miller has his piano, alone worth $450, and horse and buggy, worth $250. This leaves the meager sum of $160 in household goods. Of course he couldn't see anything wrong in

HAYES LISTING HIS PROPERTY AT A MERE SONG'S VALUE.

Another man who makes affidavit is Mr. Wilson, president of this bank. He is reputed the richest man in Fremont, yet his household goods are worth $810. Another affidavit-maker is John M. Smith, a democrat, who was a member of the board of equalization in 1874, and who reconciled to his own satisfaction the discrepancy between Birchard's $9,982 and Hayes' $1,000. I have it from a gentleman who was one of that board that Smith, who was appointed a committee to look into it, never went near Hayes, and saw nobody but the Miller mentioned above. Neither was he shown any papers, but reported back that it was all right. Smith formerly worked in the First National bank. These are a few samples of the men who have undertaken to defend Gov. Hayes. I have, in previous dispatches, confined myself to the mortgages which were held by Gov. Hayes, which formed a portion of his credits, and yet were omitted entirely. I have shown that he was carrying about $11,000 worth of this paper, every cent of which was subject to taxation, and yet he has

SOLEMNLY SWORN HE HAD NO SUCH PROPERTY.

There has also been something said of his personalty. To-day I called upon a person who at one time lived in the family of Birchard, and more recently with Hayes, and who is pretty familiar with the family mansion. The conversation turned upon pictures which Birchard owned. "Why," said my informant, "he had a very large number of them, fully eighty, I should think. Many o them were very fine, and cost all the way up to $500 a piece. I should estimate them to be worth fully $4,000." "How about Gov. Hayes' books?" I asked. "You were at his house all the year 1874, and you ought to know whether he added as largely to his library as he said he did." "Gov. Hayes did get a few books that year," was the reply. "He made a case for them against one of the walls, but the volumes were comparatively cheap. If he got $4,000 worth I would like to know where he put them. He must have carted them off to the woods somewhere. He had some books which he brought from Cincinnati, and Birchard left him quite a number. Those are, without doubt, the books he refers to.

LOOKING THROUGH THE TELESCOPE.

In the course of an interview with a Herald reporter at Utica, Friday, Gov. Seymour said:

Why, then, do their senators and leaders, when speaking at the north, where a hundred men have died from anxiety and want where ten have perished by violence at the south, turn their eyes away from the distress which surrounds them and talk of wrongs elsewhere, which will be punished if they will do their duty? I will show you why. Did you ever, when you walk down Broadway on a moonlight night, notice a man with a telescope inviting the passers-by to look at the moon? You heard him talk eloquently of the earthquakes that have convulsed its surface and made it so sad and desolate; you soon notice that those who yield to his solicitations, while their minds and eyes were occupied with that distant orb, had their pockets picked here on earth. If our republican friends can amuse the people by fighting over the battles of the rebellion, or can excite their passions by events, real or fictitious, in distant states, they may hold their followers. On the other hand, if they are forced to discuss the state of affairs now about the homes of their hearers, where the truth is seen and felt, they are lost. I can not think that the American people will put every branch of this government into the hands of those who can not give a vote for reform or economy without self-condemnation. I believe the best and most thoughtful of the republican party wish to get out of this dilemma; that they will be glad to have political power so disturbed that needed reforms can be brought about. They can get their party into a shape where it will be more serviceable to the public welfare. With a democratic president and house on the one hand, and a republican senate, and array of officials upon the other, there will be a discussion with regard to public affairs which would compel both organizations to elevate their standards of patriotism and public virtue with a view of gaining the confidence of the American people.

POLITICAL POINTS.

..Vermont shows a net democratic gain of thirty-four per-cent., and that notwithstanding the efforts of the administration in a state that has been radical ever since the birth of that odious party. Good enough for one day, we think.

..It must not be forgotten that the republicans who objected to reducing the salaries of government clerks ten per cent., for the benefit of the people, have not scrupled to assess them twenty per cent. for party purposes.—*St. Louis Times.*

..The republican papers are smitten with silence as to the charge of wholesale, repeated perjury of their candidate for president, in his annual assessment lists. It is well enough for them to wait a bit before they pull down his name from the mast-head, but they ought to let their readers know the facts.—*Milwaukee News.*

..Little did the radicals think when they started out on the smirching and mud-throwing business, that their own candidate was not at all the spotless creature they pretended he was. The outrageous and indecent attacks upon Gov. Tilden has forced the democrats to examine Hayes' character, and the result is they have found real dirt-spots upon the glossy linen.—*Kansas City Times.*

..These charges—and there are more of the same sort where these came from—are quite as ugly and quite as specific as the New York Times' celebrated charges against Mr. Tilden. We dare say they are entitled to quite as much credit—that is, to none at all. It will require as it ought to require, the most unescapable evidence to convince the public that either Mr. Hayes or Mr. Tilden is a rascal.—*Springfield Republican.*

..The disgraceful nonsense talked by the New York Times about Gov. Tilden's income tax, should have been reserved until the end of the campaign. It might not have set the Ohio people to looking up the official records of Mr. Hayes' financial relations with the state exchequer. From Toledo we get this morning a story not at all pleasant to be printed about a presidential candidate. What with Thurlow Weed's silver beehives presented to Miss Tweed in honor of her father, and ex-governor Morgan's railway and whisky operations, and Mr. Hayes' obliviousness in the matter of taxation, the party of republican reform is in sore need of a surgeon.—*New York World.*

..We have gone into this "charge" (of Tilden's railroad wrecking) at considerable length, because it illustrates the straits to which the republicans have reduced themselves for campaign powder. In the present campaign, all the benefit that can be extracted from "charges" will be reaped by the democrats, who can prove by undeniable evidence a corruption in the dominant party of the most gigantic extent, widespread throughout all the departments of the government, and practically encouraged by its head. The republicans are perfectly entitled, if they can do it, to show that under Hayes this sort of thing will come to an end, that he will elevate and purify the public service, aud redeem the reputation of his party, they have a perfect right to show, if they can, that he will, notwithstanding the bitter opposition of all the chiefs of his own party, reform the civil service, and that he will bring about resumption in 1879, and that the democrats have the disadvantage of struggling with an inflation element in their own party. But they will do well to be very cautious in their use of "charges," because, if the campaign were only a question of these, there can be no doubt in any honest man's mind that the party would be driven out of power in a storm of disgust.—*The Nation.*

AN "INDEPENDENT" VIEW OF THE CHARGES AGAINST TILDEN.

Springfield (Mass.) Republican.

A man like Mr. Tilden is not to be convicted except upon that sort of evidence. He is not a new man. He has lived over sixty years among his neighbors. During nearly forty of these years his life has been one of unusual activity and publicity. He has been in the front ranks of professional and political strife, a conspicuous figure visible to all. How does it happen that these charges are not heard of until he is nominated for the presidency, and it has become the duty of one set of party organs to blacken him? How does it happen that he has passed all these years, even with the austerely virtuous New York Times, for an honest, clean-handed gentleman? How did he chance to get such a testimonial as this from Horace Greeley at a moment when the latter was profoundly angry with him at that: "But this I will say for you, that I am confident that you have never sought to enrich yourself by politics, or at the expense of the public—that whatever of wealth you may have acquired or enjoyed, was earned in your profession as a lawyer—and that your instincts and influences, partizanship apart, have generally been felt on the side of economy in public expenditure and uprightness in the conduct of public affairs." How came General Dix, only year before last, to publicly speak of Mr. Tilden's proved aptitude and capacity for reform work? How does it happen that republican merchants, lawyers and capitalists in different parts of the country, who have had dealings with Mr. Tilden, come forward of their own notion to testify that they have found him the impersonation of rectitude and honor? In his profession Mr. Tilden has been classed with the O'Conors and Evartses; not with the Fields, Spencers and Shermans. A man of this sort, of this record, of these associations, is not to be convicted on campaign assertion or even ex-parte evidence. He is entitled to his character, just as Mr. Morgan and Governor Hayes are entitled to theirs, as specific charges have been made against both these gentlemen. Prima facia cases have been made out. Governor Hayes is charged with appropriating four hundred dollars, the property of a dead bounty-jumper. Nobody, not even the most demonstratively scandalized democratic journalist believes a word of it. Mr. Morgan is already accused of buying a $600,000 railroad—the Troy and Schenectady—for $75,000; of taking advantage of the legal tender act to cheat a worthy shipmaster, &c., &c. He has made a good deal of money in railroads, and he has the name of spending it liberally in politics—quite as liberally as Mr. Tilden. No doubt old and unpleasant stories will be taken up again. If Mr. Morgan is entitled to his character, Mr. Tilden is entitled to his. If if had been blown upon, as Blaine's was, that would be another affair. Common report and common suspicion, had long been busy with Mr. James G. Blaine; when the disclosure came, they merely confirmed, they didn't startle. The case stands very differently with Mr. Tilden. He has not been under moral surveillance.

We shall continue to note the republican discoveries about him as they are made; that is our business as a newspaper. We don't regard those already made as furnishing reason why any body who feels "so disposed" should refrain from voting for him. There are good and sufficient reasons, as it seems to us. We don't doubt that Tilden would try to do the work that needs doing; but it will be against more formidable obstacles, with less help, under more unpropitious conditions, than Mr. Hayes. We desire the latter's election, accordingly. But we intend to treat Mr. Tilden as fairly in this canvass as we do Mr. Hayes, and we don't propose to do any hitting under the belt. If Mr. Hayes wants any such dirty work done for him, the organs will, no doubt, be happy to oblige. But the Republican is not that sort of a paper.

DEATH OF HENRY A. WISE.

Ex-Gov. Henry A. Wise, of Virginia, died in Richmond on the 12th instant, at the advanced age of seventy years. He was born in Accomac county in that state, December 4, 1806, graduated at Washington college, Pennsylvania, in 1822, studied law in Winchester, Va., till 1828, when he went to Nashville, Tenn., where he married, and settled down to practice his profession. After two years' residence in Nashville he returned to Virginia and soon actively engaged in politics.

As a delegate to the national democratic convention in 1832 he advocated Gen. Jackson's nomination. During the nullification excitement he was elected to congress over the nullification candidate, whom he immediately afterward wounded in a duel, and was re-elected in 1835–'37, after having, with sixteen others, gone over to the opposition on the question of removing the government deposits from the United States' bank. He acquired notoriety by acting as second for Mr. Graves, of Kentucky, in the duel with Mr. Cilley, of Maine. All were members of the house, and the latter was killed. From May, 1844, until October, 1847, Gov. Wise served as minister to Brazil by president Tyler's appointment.

In December, 1854, he was nominated for governor of Virginia. He was elected by 10,000 majority. It was at nearly the end of his term as governor when John Brown made the raid on Harper's Ferry, and that noted individual's execution was among his last official acts.

For a time during the war he served as a brigadier-general in the confederate service as commander of the Wise legion. After the war he appeared in public at long intervals, and lived quietly at his home, half forgotten by the world which was so busy with his name and acts only a few years ago.

..Norwich Herald: A young man disappeared from his home last spring and his parents heard nothing of him until yesterday, when he came home with a broken nose, four fingers frightfully out of shape, one ear partially gone, one eye missing and a crutch under the right arm. At first his mother thought he was the victim of a nitroglycerine explosion, but when he sank down into a chair and feelingly remarked: "Home base at last," she knew right away that he had been traveling with a professional base-ball club, and charitably forbore questioning him.

..A poor relation—telling an anecdote badly.

..We should not grow angry amidst jesting and bantering, for we make our selves enemies thereby; nor in discussions, because they then change into disputes; nor in instructing, because instruction then becomes our antipathy; nor in prosperity, because it adds to the envy with which others are filled.—*Plutarch.*

FORTUNES FOR ALL.—Agents wanted. Add'ss Bullion Mining Co., 176 Broadway, N.Y.

WE would not recommend the frequent or constant use of any medicine. It is important to take even a good article judiciously. Parsons' Purgative Pills are safe, prompt and reliable as a laxative or cathartic.

BASE ball is undoubtedly good exercise and capital amusement, but it often occasions bunged eyes, broken skins and blistered hands. We can tell you that in all such cases, if Johnson's Anodyne Liniment is resorted to, it will reduce the swelling and stop the pain.

PIMPLES on the face, rough skin, chapped hands, saltrheum and all cutaneous affections cured, the skin made soft and smooth, by the use of Juniper Tar Soap. That made by Caswell, Hazard & Co., New York, is the only kind that can be relied on, as there are many imitations, made from common tar, which are worthless.

Ornamental Trees and Small Fruits.

We are glad to see Messrs. R. G. Craig & Co., Memphis, Tenn., have added largely to their business in this line. Messrs. Craig & Co. are public benefactors to this country in the Grass question and introducing improved Seeds and Agricultural Implements, and well worthy the reputation they have as enterprising men.

WILHOFT'S TONIC is not a panacea—is not a cure for everything, but is a catholicon for malarious diseases, and day by day adds fresh laurels to its crown of glorious success. Engorged Livers and Spleens, along the shady banks of our lakes and rivers, are restored to their healthy and normal secretions. Health and vigor follow its use, and Chills have taken their departure from every household where Wilhoft's Anti-Periodic is kept and taken. Don't fail to try it. G. R. FINLAY & Co., Proprietors, New Orleans.
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100,000 WITNESSES
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$50 or $100 BOUNTY.
Act of 1866 renewed. Soldiers, Widows, Children, Parents, write term of service, am't of bounty received, sending stamp to Col. L. BINGHAM & Co., Aty's for Claims, Patents, Land Titles, Washington, D. C

GENERAL MARKET REVIEW

LOUISVILLE.

Flour firm; family, $5a5.50. Wheat firm; red, $1. Corn dull, 42a43c. Oats firmer, 34a36c. Pork buoyant, $17. Bulk meat 7a9c. Bacon, 7¾a10¼c. Sugar cured hams, 15½c. Lard steady. Whisky, $1.07.

CINCINNATI.

Flour quiet but firm. Wheat steady, with a fair demand; red, 90ca$1 06. Corn in fair demand, 46a47c. Oats in good demand, 33a39c. Pork easier, $19a19.25. Lard in fair demand; closing at 10¼c. Bulk meats, 7a9½c. Bacon, 7¾a10½c. Whisky, $1.07.

ST. LOUIS.

Flour firmer for superfine, fine and sound medium extras, but prices unchanged. Wheat firmer for best grades but higher for others; No. 2 red winter, $1.15¼. Corn inactive and lower, at 41¼c. Oats firm; 35c bid for No. 2. Whisky, $1.08. Lard dull and lower at 10¾c. Bulk meat, 9a9¾c. Bacon 8a10c. Hogs higher, $5.15a6.25.

NEW ORLEANS.

Flour, $4.50a6 25. Corn in fair demand; yellow, 65c. Oats in fair demand; Galena higher, 50c. Cornmeal, $2 40. Hay—prime, $16. Pork—mess, $17 50a18. Lard, 11a11½c. Bulk meats—shoulders, 7½c. Bacon, 8¾a11¾c. Sugar cured hams, 15¼a16¼c. Whisky—choice western, $1.11a1.15.

COTTON MARKETS.

NEW ORLEANS—Middling 11c.
MOBILE—Middling 10¾c.
SAVANNAH—Middling 10¾c.
CHARLESTON—Middling 10¾c.
MEMPHIS—Middling 11c.

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$2 OUTFIT FREE. Best Chance Yet. Write at Once. COLLINS & CO., 2 Clinton Place, N.Y.

Profitable, Pleasant work; hundreds now employed; hundreds more wanted. M. N. Lovell, Erie, Pa

$10 a Day. Employment for all. Chromo & Novelty Catalogue free. Felton & Co., 119 Nassau st., N.Y

$55 to $77 a Week to Agents. Samples FREE. P. O. VICKERY, Augusta, Me.

20 a week salary guaranteed to male & female. Send stamp for circulars. E. M. Bodine, Indianap's, Ind

$20 a Day. HOW TO MAKE IT. Something new & salable. COE, YONGE & CO., St. Louis, Mo.

AGENTS. Send for circulars of our new book. Don't engage till you have seen them. Anchor Publishing Co., St. Louis, Mo.

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$3 WATCHES. A Great Sensation. Sample Watch and Outfit free to Agents. Better than Gold. Address A. COULTER & CO., Chicago.

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Tested by successful use for over a Quarter of a Century, cure Constipation, Biliousness, Liver Complaint, Malarial Fevers, Diarrhea, Dysentery, etc.; Cleanse the Stomach and Bowels; give healthy action to the Liver; purify the Blood SOLD EVERYWHERE.

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After an attack of paralysis persons are liable to many ordinary diseases which did not affect them before. Your doctor will tell you that you must keep your bowels regular. This can be best done by using
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It cleanses without weakening, thus enabling the sick man to regain his strength. Ask your physician, and he will recommend its use.
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Protect your buildings by using Slate Paint, which neither cracks in winter nor runs in summer. Old shingle roofs can be painted looking much better and lasting longer than new shingles without the paint, for one-fourth the cost of re-shingling. On decayed shingles it fills up the holes and pores, and gives a new substantial roof, that lasts for years. Curled or warped shingles it brings to their places and keeps them there. This paint requires no heating, is applied with a brush and very ornamental. It is chocolate color when first applied, but changes to a uniform slate color, and is to all intents and purposes slate.
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the red color is the best paint in the world for durability. It has a heavy body, is easily applied, expands by heat, contracts by cold, dries slow and never cracks nor scales. One coat equals 4 of any other.
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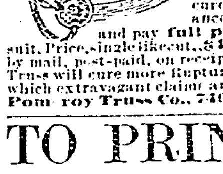
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Prompt Attention given to C
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Attorneys at
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Have associated in the practi
profession and will attend to a
entrusted to them, in the counties
Judicial circuit, and adjourning c
Supreme court of the state.
May 15, 1875—tf.

H. L. STEVENSO
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JACKSONVILLE, A

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work executed in the mo
scientific manner.
Charges very moderate. ja

THE Black Hills furor has br
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claims to have taken ou
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Deadwood City is the metropol
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house, three Chinese laun
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claimed that a good many mi
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WORK on the tunnel across th
channel is to begin on the 1st
1877. The tunneling machine
can bore a drift nine feet
across the channel in two y
cost of $4,000,000. Four years
additional outlay of $20,000
plete the tunnel.

Jacksonville Republican.

"THE PRICE OF LIBERTY IS ETENRAL VIGILANCE."

VOLUME 40. JACKSONVILLE, ALABAMA, SATURDAY, OCTOBER 21, 1876. WHOLE NO. 2062.

The Republican.

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Surgeon Dentist,

JACKSONVILLE, ALA.

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THE Black Hills furor has broken out again. To St. Paul has returned a miner who claims to have taken out $80,000 from his claim in a year, and affirms that $100,000 have been brought away. Sidwood City is the metropolis of the new region, and contains a population of 2,000, twenty houses, three hotels, six restaurants, three drug stores, two hardware stores, four or five clothing and dry goods stores, five or six blacksmith shops, three or four barber shops, twenty grocery stores, six doctors, one dentist, a theatre house, three Chinese laundries, and a daily newspaper and job printing office, where a weekly paper is issued. It is estimated that "a good many miners" are making up from $100 to $300 per day.

WORK on the tunnel across the British channel is to begin on the 1st of July, 1877. The tunneling machinery to be used can bore a drift nine feet in diameter across the channel in two years at a cost of $4,000,000. Four years more and an additional outlay of $20,000,000 will complete the tunnel.

SOUTHERN NEWS.

THERE is now a full regiment of soldiers at Atlanta, Ga.

TEN cents a bushe is the Texas price for corn, the purchaser to gather it.

ADJUTANT GENERAL SLIDE, of Texas, says there are "only" 4,793 fugitives from justice in that state.

A GEORGIA man has six thousand terapins penned up under his house preparatory to shipping to New York.

A LOUISIANA negro has solved the great social problem of the age, "What shall we do with our mothers-in-law?" He took a shot-gun and knocked the stuffin' out of her.

VANDERBILT university opened with two hundred students, and it is thought the number will increase to five hundred. Last year there were three hundred and seven.

FATHER F. B. LANGLOIS, formerly theologian of the Pio Nono college, Macon, Ga., and lately of Milledgeville, died Saturday morning of yellow fever at Savannah. He had gone there to administer to the sick.

A RICHMOND correspondent of the Petersburg Post says: A gentleman in this city has a letter from a friend in Cairo, Egypt, in which it is stated that the khedive has dismissed from his service all the American officers. Among them were several Virginians and ex-confederates. Gen. Stone, his chief, goes also.

A LOS ANGELOS dispatch narrates a terrible tale of suffering on the Colorado desert. Henry Smith, from St. Louis, with one companion and a pack-train, left Yuma for Los Angelos. He wandered for four days on the desert without water. Smith opened the veins of his arm and drank the blood, which clotted in his throat. He then cut his wind-pipe to remove it and died a few hours afterward. His companion reached a station in the last stage of exhaustion.

VIRGINIAN: The oyster-packers of Norfolk held a meeting at the Atlantic hotel on Wednesday night, and, after some discussion, concluded that on account of the stringency of the times they were paying too much money for opening oysters, and agreed to reduce the price to fifteen cents per gallon. The darkies, on hearing the result of the meeting of their employers, held a meeting also, and the result was a strike. The packers are making arrangements to do without the strikers.

MONTGOMERY (Ala.) Advertiser: In some places along the line of the Montgomery and Eufaula railroad, in the black, rich lands, the worms have literally stripped the cotton stalks of boll, leaves and everything, and but one-third of a yield may be expected. It is gratifying to know that the corn crop was never better, and that the farmers can subsist, at least, and keep body and soul together. Cotton is a most uncertain crop, and it must be the surplus crop in our country before we prosper.

MARSHALL Herald, 14th: "Tobacco now bids fair to become a staple crop in east Texas. We learn that many persons in the south part of Harrison and Panola counties are raising tobacco for home consumption. Messrs. McLendon, Yates and Richardson, of Elysian Fields, have raised tobacco this season that will compare favorably with that raised in Tennessee and Kentucky. Mr. Richardson planted four hundred plants of Havana and 2,000 of Connecticut seed leaf, and thinks he will raise five hundred pounds of tobacco from the 2,400 plants.

A CORRESPONDENT of the Atlanta Times writing from Savannah, September 14, says: There are, at the lowest estimate, eight hundred cases of fever in the city at this writing, and mostly among the poorer classes. The death rate from yellow fever slowly but surely increases each day. The "unterrified" had, until yesterday, kept up stolid countenances, but the continual stream of hearses, and wagons of every description carrying coffins for the dead in all directions, blanched the cheeks of the bravest, each wondering if his turn would come next, and wishing he were miles away. By nine the streets are entirely deserted, and silence reigns, reminding one of the city of the dead. Now and then one may be seen hurrying along the streets in quest of medicine for the sick or for a doctor. Even the dogs seem to be affected by the gloom, and their bark is seldom heard.

INTELLECTUAL AND MORAL DEVELOPMENT IN TURKEY.

Constantinople Cor. London Times.

The Turks have remained stationary, and have made very little, if any, progress either in intellectual, social or moral development. Their youths are still instructed in the old-fashioned medresses (schools), where the alphabet and the recital of a few prayers are the commencement, and the Koran the crowning work of their education. Mathematics, science and philosophy and no room in these schools, while geography is held in mistrust, because it professes to teach the sphericity and revolution of the earth—a doctrine contrary to the teachings of the Koran and altogether repugnant to Turkish common sense. True, there exists in the capital an "Imperial Lycee," but so far as I know it has not been productive of much good. After the defeat of France in 1870-71 some of its ablest French professors were dismissed or forced to resign, and it has since been deteriorating from year to year. There are also in the provinces a few rushdiehs (higher schools) established, but from aught I know they are far from imparting a sound moral and intellectual education to their pupils. The Turkish erudites of the empire are composed of an extremely limited number, excepting, of course, the Sofras, Mollahs, Cadis, etc., of whom there are thousands, but whose erudition does not go beyond the recital of the Koran and a knowledge of the Cheri, and whose mental capacities as to learning anything else, in the majority of cases, may be well questioned. What is commonly styled the "Young party of Turkey," who are looked upon by many as the future reformer and regenerators of the empire, is composed, very few excepted, of young persons who understand some European language and have vague notions, principally derived from newspapers, concerning the outward world. Constantinople is their seat, and although I have traveled through most parts of European Turkey I have never been able to find any traces of this party among the Turks of the interior. These Turkish progressists usually go about dressed in the latest fashion, with gloves and occasionally a book, generally a French romance, in hand. I have had personal intercourse with many of these young party Turks, who, be it said to their credit, are very civil and polite in their manners and conversation, but I have never as yet found anything like a sound moral intellectual progress in them. I have known also several who had been sent to Paris to be educated, and who after two or three years' stay in France had returned to their homes. They seem to have gained a tolerably good knowledge of the French language; but upon being asked how did they like Europe, they expressed their regret at having quitted "the nicely paved streets and attractive *cafes chantants* of Paris."

THE STRUGGLE FOR EXISTENCE.

Bruin goes about the islands now and then searching for the eggs of multitudes of gulls, fulmars, eider ducks and hawks, that hover about; or he is found making a stealthy, but precipitate acquaintance with a seal, and will not hesitate to attack even a walrus. In the winter the "Ursus Mavitimus" is not a very expert swimmer, and the seal, if it feels in a humor, will frolic around him and make all sorts of sport, but let "U. Maritimus" catch Mr. Seal taking a ride on a cake of ice, and you will see how successfully and quickly he will corral him. Seals are the principal subsistence of the white bear, and he kills many of them on "fast" ice, and how the clumsy wretch ever manages to get within arm's length of his prey is a mystery; but when the seals are floating about on loose drift ice, bruin's little game is obvious enough. He either sees or scents out his prey—and he is equally good at either, and then slipping into the water a mile or so to leeward, he swims slowly and silently towards him, keeping very little of his head above water. On approaching the ice on which the seal is lying, the bear slips along unseen under the edge of it, sometimes it being necessary for him to dive, to avoid being seen, until he is close under the hapless seal, when one jump up and one blow from his tremendous paw generally fixes the business. It is impossible for the seal to cross to the other side of the iceberg fast enough to avoid being caught by the bear, and his only chance for life is to jump into the very arms of his foe, and carry him into the water. In this manner he may escape, being in his own element, and rather a clumsy and heavy armful for the bear; and the latter has frequently to relinquish his hold of the six hundred pounds of struggling seal, only, however, after a desperate effort to retain it. Seals have escaped in this manner, as many have been captured whose hides were deeply gashed and scored by claws of bears. The seals, constantly on the alert for "gamle Erio," have become uneasy and restless when they are on the ice, rendering their capture by the seal hunters extremely difficult; whereas in the water they seem to have no fear of man's presence, and will approach the boats within harpooning, and even lancing distance. When there are bears around seals are always difficult of access, and consequently, the hunter never omits an opportunity of putting a bullet through bruin's brain, though possession of the body may be impossible.—*Letter from Hammerfest, Norway, to St. Louis Globe-Democrat.*

TWO ANCIENT MARINERS.

Their Incredible Sufferings from Starvation and Leprosy.

Philadelphia Ledger.

Two ancient mariners who landed in San Francisco nine days ago, could a tale unfold that would keep the average wedding guest away from the feast and gives him the nightmare for a fortnight. They had been rescued from the wreck of a Japanese junk on July 5 by a British bark, after drifting in the open sea for nearly eight months. The junk left Hakodadi on November 9, and lost its masts and rudder in a heavy squall. The crew threw overboard the cargo of salt fish on November 21, and the vessel was kept afloat. Water, firewood and provisions soon gave out, and scurvy—the blackest of scurvy—appeared. On January 11, a sailor died; three days afterwards the captain's sufferings were ended; and before the end of the month four of the crew went mad from drinking salt water, and died raving maniacs, blackened to a char with scurvy. The next death occurred late in March, and the next in the middle of May. There were now two survivors. A heavy shower brought them relief and enabled them to store considerable water. There was a little rice in the larder and early in June they caught fifteen fish. The junk was an utter wreck, covered with sea weed and barnacles. At last a sail appeared and the sailors were rescued. To provide against emergencies they had salted down the bodies of their comrades.

CALIFORNIA will make up for the shortness of the New Jersey grape crop, the yield of the former being twenty per cent. in excess of that of last year. Eight millions of gallons of wine were made there last season, and this year it is estimated that there will be ten millions.

"Though very low, he is able to talk," is reported of a life insurance agent who was shot the other day at Saybrook, Connecticut.

I SUPPOSE.

BY T. H. ROBERTSON.

He.—Suppose,
Fadette, that I, instead of keeping tryst
With you to-night, had strayed away to doze,
Or call on Miss Brant, or play at whist—
Suppose?

She.—Suppose
You had? Think you I should have cared? Indeed?
Ain't you a bit conceited—don't take my rose—
A gift to me. From whom? Well—Joseph Mead,
Suppose?

He.—Suppose
It is? Then I'm to understand Fadette—
If I must read your words as plainest prose—
My presence matters not to you—and—yet,
Suppose?

She.—Suppose
You are to understand me so? You're free;
Do, if you wish! And—oh! the river's froze;
What skating we shall have! To-morrow we—
That's Jose—

He.—And Jose
Be hanged! It seems to me, Miss Lowe that you
Are acting rather lightly; rumor goes
That he—but since I seem to bore, adieu—

She.—Suppose—

He.—Suppose
We say good-night.

She.—Good-night, sir, and good-bye!

He.—What does this mean, Fadette? Are you—

She.—We'll close
This scene at once My words are plain, sir, I
Suppose?

He.—Compose
Yourself, Fadette.

She.—My name, sir, is Miss Lowe!

He.—Come, come, Fadette, do look beyond your nose,
And—

She.—Here's your ring, sir!

He.—I receive it, though
Suppose—

She.—Suppose
You do, sir!—you—

He.—Enough, Miss Lowe. Farewell!
'Tis best. I've been deceived in you, God knows!
Coquette! a heartless flirt! a haughty belle
Who chose—

She.—Suppose
Oh!—oh! let's part as friends! I hate you—there!

He.—Fadette! why, sweet, in tears! This surely shows
You'll pardon me, a brute!

She.—And—Frank—we'll ne'er
Suppose.

—*Scribner.*

A MISSOURI STORY.

What Came of Entertaining an Old Salt.

Sedalia Bazoo.

A year or so ago an old Jack tar, who had knocked around on Neptune's billows nearly all his life, concluded to heave anchor on dry land. He left the coast for the interior, in order to get as far as possible from the briny temptation, and finally found his way into Saline county. An old and well-to-do farmer happened to be Jack's host one night, and took a great liking to him. Jack saw what a snug harbor he had entered, and very sensibly concluded to remain with him. The farmer and his sailor protege were the best of friends, and though Jack would at first steer the cattle home by their tails, and insist that the hay stacks needed an extra reef, and otherwise puzzle his granger friend by his nautical lingo, he afterwards gradually learned his agricultural duties and proved a valuable acquisition.

But at times Jack's heart yearned for the ocean, and the sight of the waving grain always reminded him of the familiar rolling billows. The farm was about fourteen miles from the river, and the contiguity of so much water without being able to sail on it worried Jack constantly. Finally, a bright idea struck Jack, and he instantly communicated it to his farmer friend. It was this: He would go to work and build a small schooner, load it with potatoes, cabbage, apples, etc, and make a trip to New Orleans and dispose of it.

The farmer coincided with Jack's proposition and to work they went. Under the old sailor's skillful superintendence a small but trim little craft was constructed, and after considerable engineering transported overland to Arrow Rock, where it was successfully launched. It was loaded with its freight of well selected produce, and with Jack as captain and the farmer as first mate, they set sail for New Orleans. No accident befell them, and after a pleasant voyage they reached New Orleans.

When they put their cargo on the market, the amount they realized far exceeded their most sanguine expectations. They then dispensed with the sloop at a good advantage, and the aggregate for their investment amounted to a very handsome little sum.

This voyage, however, reawakened in Jack's heart all the fascination for the ocean so characteristic with old sailors, and the Saline county farmer could not prevail on him to return home with him. Jack had another bright idea: If his granger patron would advance him the money, he would purchase a suitable vessel and go into the coast trade around the gulf, and they would divide the profits that accrued from the enterprise.

The farmer agreed, the funds were furnished and Jack got his vessel. After she had secured a cargo, and everything necessary had been procured, Jack set sail, accompanied by the good wishes of his faithful friend. So as Jack skimmed over the white-capped billows in his gallant craft, the farmer returned to Saline county and went to work upon the fertile acres that were sure to yield a steady, safe return for the labor and capital bestowed upon them.

Jack's voyages so far have proved very profitable, and he faithfully remits to his patron his share of the proceeds. And thus this queer partnership, that commenced in a hospitable farmer giving a night's lodging to an old salt, continues. This is literally a fulfillment of the old adage that "Bread cast upon the waters after many days shall return."

TRIFLES FOR THE LADIES.

Less than four months of leap year remain.

Rufus Choate said of a woman: "She is a sinner—no, not a sinner, for she is my client, but a very disagreeable saint."

There are nineteen new styles of bonnet this fall. In fact anything that an independent woman wants to wear is fashionable.

Buckskin under garments is what the ladies wear in Paris in order to make their dresses cling to the figure as fashion decrees.

Winter is coming. The leaves are reddening along their tips like a young woman's ears when she is proposed to by a man of sixty.

There is a rumor that short skirts will be worn and very small bustles. This is a severe blow to the newspaper business. —*Boston Post'.*

There are five regular established matrimonial agencies in Paris, and the proprietors all complain that the market is overstocked with girls.

An exchange says Boston has 30,000 shop-girls. They all belong to the "Society of Minerva," and carry ten cent tin types of Ralph Waldo Emerson in their bosoms.

"Any offers?" says Miss Whifet to Miss Wriggle, both home from the country. "None," says the Wriggle girl, laughing hysterically, "but I'm good for another season!"

The fashion of grabbing one's self in the vicinity of the hips and lifting the form on tip-toes over the crossings is still a favorite custom among the ladies, especially in muddy weather.

A woman in Council Bluffs, Iowa, sold her husband for a brindle cow, calf and twenty dollars to boot. Cows must be dog cheap in Iowa. But perhaps it was a sick cow and a counterfeit twenty dollar note.—*Norristown Herald.*

A Paris letter says: "False hair will be a drug in the market when frost comes. Short curls and natural hair, such as the pictures of Mme. Recamier and Queen Hortense have made familiar to everybody, will be all the fashion."

A women slipped while getting on a railroad car at Warrensburg, Mo. The conductor caught her in his arms, so that she did not fall, but she was frightened to death. A railway company has no right to employ such ugly conductors.—*Hawkeye.*

Mrs. Albert Fredericks, of Chicago, took poison, but her husband sent for two doctors, who saved her life. Now he says his domestic infelicity was caused by two physcians. Does he mean the doctors who pumped the poison from his wife's stomach?

Italy, which created two fashionable colors, to wit, the magenta and solferino, has developed a third this season, but modestly yields to the Herzegovinia the distinction of giving it a name. Need we say that Herzegovinia is a rich, in fact, a rebellious blood-tint.

Since Dr. Mary Walker was bitten by a dog so badly she talks of discarding trowsers and resuming the protection of the skirt. Let us hope that the prodigal will indeed return to crinoline, and if the fatted calf is sacrificed it wont be by another dog.—*St. Louis Republican.*

The Woman's Journal asks: "Should women be self-supporting?" We don't know much about the merits of the question, but if they should ever be, man would be deprived of half the pleasure of a long walk home from spelling school. —*St. Louis Globe-Democrat.*

"You see," said Uncle Job, "my wife's a curious woman. She scrimped, and saved, and almost starved all of us to get the parlor furnished nice, and now she won't let one of us go in it, and hain't even had the window blinds of it open for a month. She is a curious woman."

It is very true, as the Boston Transcript observes, that the spider is a type of persistency. But this is not the spider's fault; instinct regulates its action; whereas a woman who begins the campaign for a fall bonnet as early as July or August has only Satan's well known influence with the sex to excuse her.—*Brooklyn Argus.*

A writer in fashions gushes forth as follows: "A stylish priestess in the temple of fashion looks very like a perambulating conflagration. Lurid ribbons leap about her shapely limbs, glowing tissue envelops her head and clasps her white throat in blood-red coils; startling lines of flame dart in and out, up and down her dark garments, and even shine between the soft kid of her little boots."

A NEW USE FOR IRON.

One of the most incomprehensible discoveries—if it be true, which is questionable—that we have ever encountered, is announced in a recent French journal by M. Massie. He says that the mere introduction of an iron bar, in the box in which barley, rice, bran, biscuit, and like farinaceous materials are stored, is sufficient to prevent either the ravages of decay or the attacks of insects. Full details of the experimental investigation are given. An iron bar three pounds in weight is reputed to have protected forty gallons of grain; and certain biscuits were preserved for seven months in excellent condition, while others, under like circumstances, but without the iron, were totally destroyed by weevils.

THE TRAMP, SCIENTIFICALLY CONSIDERED.

The tramp has been written about and talked about from pretty near every conceivable point of view since he became ubiquitous in this country a year or two ago, but we are only now beginning to understand him and to comprehend his significance.

He was lucky enough, or shrewd enough—it is not easy to say which—to make his first miscellaneous appearance, so to speak, about the time of the financial panic of 1873, and the country accepted him as the first victim of hard times. We pitied him as a laborer whom no man would hire. We regarded him as a worthy fellow in search of employment, who accepted charity only upon compulsion of necessity, and ate the bread of dependence only to stop the sharp prickings of hunger. If he appeared sullen, we accepted his sullenness as an indication of depressed spirits. If he demanded food rather peremptorily, as he usually did, we made allowance for his ill manners as one of his misfortunes.

He came and he went not. He multiplied upon the face of the earth, and we began to get a new notion of his nature. His search for work resulted in nothing, chiefly because it was no search for work at all. He declined employment, indeed, when it was offered him, precisely as he refused to avail himself of the opportunities for bathing which the brooks and creeks of the country held out to him. We began to understand at last that he was a sturdy beggar, plying his trade, and not a workman out of employment at all. We discovered that his vagrancy and his idleness were as much a part of him as his rags and his filth were. He got rid of neither because he objected to neither.

Understanding him better, but still not understanding him thoroughly, we wondered and speculated concerning him. How was it, we asked, that he made his appearance so suddenly and so opportunely? Why were there so many of him? Whence came he, and why? One magazine writer studied him as the entomologist studies a new species of insect, and pronounced him an importation, against which our tariff laws had failed to protect us, devised, as they are, for the purpose of keeping out only prosperity and thrift. The tramp, partaking in no degree of either prosperity or thrift, had free entrance, and, according to the writer referred to, he is simply the English sturdy beggar, transplanted from the lanes and hedges of Britain to the wider field of operations which our country affords. We doubt this, however, if for no other reason, because the tramp comprehends no mode of travel and respects none except that from which he takes his name, and he can not have crossed the Atlantic ocean on foot. The theory that he saved up money enough to pay even steerage passage across is too wildly absurd to be entertained for a moment, and there is every reason to believe that he is a native growth, closely resembling the English beggar, but springing from a different source, precisely as our housefly, which naturalists say is a distinct species, closely resembling the European insect of the same name.

There was this much of truth, however, in the magazinist's theory, that like the English beggar our tramp has gone permanently into business. He is not, as we supposed when he first appeared, a temporary outgrowth—a fungus, as it were—of the panic and of the hard times; he is a "development," in the Darwinian sense; and while the panic may have helped, as an environment, to hasten his growth, he is nevertheless a natural product of advancing civilization. We had him not until recently, because we were yet too young as a nation to have produced him by the processes of evolution, but he has come into being now precisely as his fellow, the sturdy beggar, came into being in the mother country—as the result of certain conditions, operating through a long series of years.

It is a great gain that we know and recognize these facts now. Having the tramp, and understanding that he is a permanent possession, and not a mere accident of the time, we shall better determine what to do with him. He has been annoying, disgusting and mischievous, hitherto, chiefly because our social and political system was organized without reference to him. In country districts especially, in which hospitality to wayfarers has always been deemed a christian and a social duty which must never be neglected, neither law nor custom was fitted to the new condition of things; but now that we know the tramp as a separate species, not in any way to be confounded with the needy wayfarer, we shall provide for him by local legislation, as has been done already in some instances, or otherwise, and if we can not exterminate him we may at least abate him as a nuisance. He will tramp still, and beg and pilfer, but he will do these things less insolently than now and less annoyingly. In a word, we have no place for him in our social system, but we shall make one, and then his presence will be less irritating than it has been hitherto. We shall assimilate him, as the doctors say, and he will no longer be, as he is now, a foreign substance in the body politic and social.—*N. Y. Evening Post.*

GRAVE AND GAY.

..In classic Italy they don't speak of "square meals"—they call them "serious repasts."

..Canny.—Sportsman—"That's a tough old fellow, Jemmy!" Keeper—"Aye, sir, a grand bird to send to your freens."—*Punch.*

..On a child being told that he must be broken of bad habits, he naively replied: "Papa, hadn't I better be mended?"

..A thrifty young Teuton was asked if he should attend the races. "I vaits dil Tursday," said he, "dil der free for all, den I bays notting."—*Springfield Union.*

..The following epitaph upon himself is said to have been written by an old bachelor:

"At threescore winters' end I died;
A cheerless being sole and sad;
The nuptial knot I never tied,
And wish my father never had."

.."Seventy-seven holes in one pair o trousers," said Jones meditatively, "and yet Mrs. J. said that no moth would approach that camphor wood chest for which I paid twenty dollars. Can I, ah, can I ever trust my soul's idol again?"

..A very sympathetic gentleman recently went out to the county jail and while looking about among the inmates he saw one fine looking fellow whom he pitied most sincerely. "How came you in here?" said the s. g. to the jail bird. "Oh I came in here to get out of the crowd," replied the tender youth.

.."I think I'd like to see those busy little creatures at work," said a city fellow gazing at a beehive. "Futhermore, I think I will see them at work." So he opened a back door of the hive and in thirty seconds he not only saw but felt the busy little creatures at work. Novel reading has now no charm for him.

..A lady in describing to an irreverent boy an occurrence in which his father figured, closed by remarking: "I am sorry to say that the thing ended by your father losing his temper." "Did father lose his temper?" exclaimed the young scapegrace; "then I hope he'll never find it again, for it was the worst temper I ever heard of."

..When age creeps on one and the twilight of a well-spent life touches with roseate beams the passing hours, what can awaken those long-gone days of youth, the "suavis recordation preteriti temporis" of the poet, quicker than to have your darling grandchild fondly kiss you while its face is all aglow with a coat of molasses?—*New Orleans Bulletin.*

..A certain eminent physician, being invited to a dinner party, arrived at the house of his host at a somewhat earlier hour than had been named as the dinner hour. He accordingly strolled out of the house into a church yard which was hard by. When dinner was announced, the doctor was absent, and an inquiry was made as to where he was. "Oh," said one of the guests, who had seen him in the church yard, "he is paying a visit to some of his old patients."

..Myriads of crickets have been depredating in Nevada. The Elko Independent says of their ravages: "Some weeks ago a rancher in the valley, who has a water ditch around his place, harvested a crop of four hundred and fifty bushels of crickets by driving them into the water and scooping them into a sack. We considered that rather a solid cricket story, but from Bull Run basin we learn that it is a common thing for them to eat up all the woolen clothes they can get hold of, and artistically pile the buttons in one place, arranging them in rows according to size. On one occasion a resident of the latter place got 'full' and lay down on the side of the mountain to sun. In about an hour his friends instituted a search for him, and found him bleaching in the sun with nothing but a paper collar to protect him from the heat. The crickets had eaten off all his clothes, even to his boots."

INTOXICATING GRASS.

Beside the "dronk" grass, *i. e.*, drunk grass, of the Dutch colonists in South Africa, of which we mentioned Dr. Shaw's account a year or two ago, it now appears that there is in Mongolia another grass with a corresponding native name and similar properties. The account of it is given by Dr. Hance, in the July number of Trimen's Journal of Botany, from specimens of information supplied by Dr. Bresschneider, of the Russian legation at Peking. It proves to be a new species of *stipa* brought from the Alachan mountains by a Roman Catholic missionary, whose horses were disabled by its inebriating properties. The wandering Mongols of the region are familiar with this grass, and use vinegar as an antidote.

PROTESTANT CLERGYMEN.

The "Century of Gospel Work" gives the following as the increase of ministers in the leading protestant denominations of the country since 1776: Methodist from 20 to 20,453; Baptist from 370 to 10,517; Presbyterian from 140 to 7,954; Congregational from 574 to 3,223; Lutheran from 25 to 2,662; Reformed German from 25 to 703; Reformed Dutch from 25 to 466; Episcopalian from 250 to 3,140; Moravian from 12 to 75. There are altogether about 60 000 clergymen in the United States.

The Republican.

SATURDAY, OCT. 21st 1876.

FOR PRESIDENT,

SAM'L J. TILDEN,

OF NEW YORK.

FOR VICE-PRESIDENT,

THOS. A. HENDRICKS

OF INDIANA.

For Congress—Seventh District.

Wm. H. FORNEY, of Calhoun.

THE ELECTORAL TICKET.

Electors at Large.

JOHN T. MORGAN, of Dallas.
JAMES L. PUGH, of Barbour.

District Electors.

1. SYDNEY T. PRINCE, of Choctaw
2. JAMES T. HOLTZCLAW, of Montgom'y.
3. JAMES F. WADDELL, of Russell.
4. JOHN Y. KILPATRICK, of Wilcox.
5. WM. H. NORTHINGTON, of Autauga.
6. WILLIAM G LITTLE, Jr., of Sumpter.
7. SAM'L K. McSPADDEN, of Cherookee.
8. HENRY C. JONES, of Lauderdale.

In lieu of any editorial matter of our own this week we give the views of other journals upon the effect of the last elections. The New York HERALD, a Hayes paper, it will be seen, considers it a drawn battle, which of itself is encouraging. Other journals take a different view, and go so far as to claim Tilden's election as certain. We concur with those latter in opinion, and a little over two weeks hence expect to receive over the wires news of a glorious victory all along the line.

It is with the deepest sorrow we chronicle the death, from consumption, of MORTIMER M. COOK, the brilliant editor of the Montgomery ADVERTISER. He was a self-made man and one among the most accomplished writers of the Alabama press. His memory will long be treasured in the hearts of his brethren of the press of this State. Peace to his noble ashes.

Grant has issued his proclamation preliminary to throttling the voice of the people of South Carolina in the coming elections; but we trust Hampton will be victorious for all that.

In another column will be found an address to our people on the subject of our Male School, that should receive the careful attention of all our people. It is manifestly our interest to foster the enterprise. No one disputes Mr. McKellar's competency and fitness. Why don't the College receive a more liberal support? We want our people to think of these things until next week, when we may have more to say on the subject.

The latest dispatches bring tidings of a war between Russia and Turkey growing out of the war betwen Servia and some other principalities of the latter power. If not arrested it will be certain to involve the most of Europe and prove to be the most stupendous and bloody war of the century.

Hon. W. H. Forney and Hon. J. H. Caldwell will address the people of Calhoun at the Court House Monday next.

Capt. Walter L. Bragg addressed the people of Calhoun Monday last, and Hon. Taul Bradford spoke Tuesday. Both gentlemen had good audiences, and both made able and eloquent speeches, calculated to do much good.

Tilden's Election Certain.

The New York *Sun* and Philadelphia *Times*, both figure out Mr. Tilden's election to a certainty, since the results of Tuesday last, in Ohio, Indiana and West Virginia. The whole number of electors to be chosen, is 369, and it will take 185 to elect. The *Sun* gives Mr. Tilden 195 as follows, viz.

Alabama	10	Missouri	15
Arkansas	5	New Jersey	9
Connecticutt	6	New York	35
Delaware	3	North Carolina	10
Georgia	11	Oregon	3
Indiana	15	Tennessee	12
Kentucky	12	Texas	8
Louisiana	8	Virgina	11
Maryland	8	West Virgina	5
Mississippi	8		
Total			195

It also classes the following States as likely to vote for Tilden, viz:

California	6	New Hampshire	5
Florida	4	South Carolina	7
Total			22

This with the certain states gives a grand total for Mr. Tilden of 217 votes, or 32 more than is necessary to elect him. For Hayes there are only 65 certain votes, classed as follows, viz:

Iowa	11	Nevada	3
Kansas	5	Ohio	22
Maine	7	Rode Island	4
Minnesota	5	Vermont	5
Nebraska	3		
Total			65

The following States it also classes as likely to vote for Hayes, viz:

Colorado	3	Michigan	11
Illinois	21	Wisconsin	10
Massachusetts	13		
Total			58

Adding the two, we have a possible total for Hayes of 123 electoral votes. Pennsylvania is classed as doubtful by both the *Sun* and the *Times*, but giving her vote of 29 to Hayes he would only have a total of 152, or 33 votes short of a sufficient number to elect him. The *Sun* says that the October result leaves Tilden's success about as certain as Pierce's was after the October election in 1852. In concluding, the *Sun* says:

"We have no longer any doubt of the complete triumph of the Reform party. But it will not be achieved without an earnest struggle. The party of corruption will die hard. The possession of power will only be surrendered after desperate fighting. In the State of New York especially, the combat will be most intense and incessant from this day forth until the election on Tuesday, Nov. 7. Every trick and device will be resorted to by the men in office to save themselves from the dire necessity of seeking a new occupation. But no trick and no device, however cunning or however audacious, can overcome the will of the people to have a change, and to turn out the Grants, Robesons, Chandlers, Blains, Babcocks, Fishes, Shepherds, and all the banditti who for the last seven years have disgraced or plundered the country."

The Elections Yesterday in Ohio and Indiana—A Drawn Battle

The returns thus far received indicate that Ohio has been carried by the republicans with a moderate increase over their majority of last year, and that Indiana has gone democratic by a majority somewhat less than that of 1874, the date of the last election. There has been no very marked political change in either State, republicans having gained no more in Ohio than might have been expected from the fact that one of its citizens is the republican candidate for the Presidency, and the democrats have lost no more in Indiana than can be accounted for by the fact that its last election, with which the present vote is compared, was held in the year of the famous "tidal wave," and that in all elections held since 1874 the democratic majorities have fallen off except in the Southern States. There is nothing in the returns to encourage either party to hope that it will walk over the course in the direct contest for the Presidency.

It seems clear enough that the Presidential election was not decided yesterday and that there lies before us during the ensuing month a strenuous and impassioned contest. Mere hair-breadth majorities in close States like Ohio and Indiana decide nothing as to the drift of public sentiment. Both parties have substantially held their own, and there is nothing in the returns which should very much elate or discourage either. In estimating the results we must consider the expectations of both parties when they put their respective tickets in the field. The republicans expected to carry Ohio, and supposed that the nomination of Hayes would insure them a large majority. They have done no better than they expected at the outset of their canvass, nor quite as well, although they have carried the State, which was already theirs by last year's election, and has been, for the most part, a strong republican State for the last twenty-one years. Within that long period the democrats have succeeded in Ohio but three times. Allen was elected in 1872 by a slender plurality of only 817, with a temperance ticket in the field which polled 10,277 votes, drawn almost entirely from the republican ranks. In 1874, which was an expectional year—the year of the so-called tidal wave—the democrats had a plurality of 17,202 on a very light vote, and aided by a temperance ticket, which polled nearly 8,000 votes. Considering that Ohio has been, in the main, steadily and strongly republican ever since the repeal of the Missouri Compromise, the fact that the republicans have carried it by a moderate majority now gives them no great reason for exultation. It was a republican State last year, it is the home of their Presidential candidate: it has been saved only by gigantic efforts during the last two or three weeks of the canvass. Such a victory does not show a powerful drift of public sentiment in favor of the republican party.

On the other hand, the loss of Ohio by the democrats does not disappoint any calculations made by them in the beginning of the campaign. The nomination of Tilden was a deliberate surrender of Ohio to the republicans. No possible democratic candidate was so unpopular in that State. The greenback supporters of Governor Allen, forming a large majority of the democratic party in Ohio, detested the very name of Tilden. The unanimity with which they have come into line, and the vigorous campaign they have made in behalf of an unpopular candidate, is a marvellous demonstration of the power of party pride and discipline. The most sanguine democrat would not have predicted that his party would make so good a fight in Ohio with such a Presidential candidate as Tilden.

As to Indiana the democrats organized their canvass with an expectation that they could carry it, but the nomination of Hendricks proved that they were not very sanguine. The only excuse for this hybrid ticket was a belief that Tilden could not carry Indiana without a soft money man of great local popularity in that State to balance the ticket. Mr. Tilden's nomination was almost as repulsive to the greenback democrats of Indiana as to their brethren in Ohio, & so the St. Louis Convention, fearing the effect of the October elections, tried to save Indiana by nominating Hendricks. This was a confession that a consistent Tilden ticket would lose the State.

Yesterday's elections will have no effect one way or the other on the vote of the Southern States, which will be solid or nearly solid for the democratic ticket, as it would have been in any event. There is nothing in the results yesterday to reduce the Southern democracy to despair, and even if Ohio and Indiana had both gone republican by large majorities it would have made but little difference in the South. The republican organs and orators have had a great deal to say about a "solid South," which is an implied concession that they expect nothing from that part of the country. Assuming, then, a "solid" support of Mr. Tilden in the South, his prospects are by no means rendered desperate by the returns of the October elections. In addition to the "solid South" he needs only the three States of New York, New Jersey and Connecticut to insure him a majority of the electoral votes. One hundred and eighty five is a majority of the Electoral College, and the united South with these three Northern States give 188 electoral votes, or three more than a majority. But the three States went democratic in their last elections, and each of them has at present a democratic Governor. Unless the elections which took place yesterday can be regarded as such a dipping, chilling wet blanket as will extinguish democratic efforts and hopes in these three States, which are already theirs, if judged by the last elections, the Presidential contest cannot be thought to have been decided by the result in Ohio and Indiana. It seems more reasonable to suppose that the only effect of these elections will be to make the contest in New York, New Jersey and Connecticutt more vehement. Although each of them was carried by the democrats last year the majorities were not large to discourage republican effort, and within this small cluster of adjacent States we are likely to witness the most hotly contested political battle ever fought in this country. The republicans seem to concede that the solid South is against them, and if this impression should be verified it is as certain as the rules of arithmetic that their Presidential ticket will be defeated if Tilden carries his own State and the adjoining States of Connecticutt and New Jersey. To be sure, the democratic party can derive little hope or consolation from the October elections; but it must be considered that the three pivotal States are already democratic, and that the republicans must not merely hold their own, but make conquests to wrest them from democratic control. The democratic party has also some chances in California and Oregon, which would more than balance South Carolina if the republicans should carry that one Southern State. Yesterday's elections, instead of deciding the Presidential contest, will make it more close, doubtful, strenuous and resolute than any national canvass in the history of our politics.—*New York Herald.*

During Court call on us and pay your subscription, if you want to be happy.

THE VICTORY AND ITS MEANING.

The following is the editorial of the Indiana State *Sentinel*, Democratic, on the result of the Indiana election:

The battle is over. The victory is decisive, and the enemy are ours.—Every inch of the ground has been fiercely contested, but the harness of our adversaries turns out to have been too thin to withstand the hot shot, the steady and well-directed fire of our yeomanry. It has proven to be in the hour of trial not only too thin, but too loosely jointed, for the arrow of truth and honor and honesty, aye, and of love, have pierced to the core the stout hearts it encased. The people of Indiana have pronounced in the most unequivocal manner not only against corruption, against extravagance, but against the foul breath of slander and the fell spirit of hate. Henceforth the bloody shirt will be a cipher in our politics, for the people are heartily tired of the disgusting sight It may be still red enough to infuriate a Sitting Bull; but it has lost the power to goad the masses to suicidal madness.—Interest and principle alike, honesty and charity, policy and fraternity, move us to shake hands across the bloody chasm, to recognize the fact that the war is over, that our Southern neighbors are men and brethren, living loyally under the same government, having the same glorious heritage and await a common destiny. It is manifestly our interest to cultivate fraternal relations with the South. It is surely our du y to live in charity with all men, and so says the great State of Indiana.

To the indictment framed by the St. Louis convention charging fraud corruption and extravagance upon the party in power, the Indiana Republicans upon the stump virtually plead confession and avoidance, confessing the sins of the Administration, but seeking to avoid responsibility for them and the political punishment which they deserved, by parading what they styled the short-coming of the Confederate Democracy, the rebellion, and the bloody-shirt, interlarded with senseless lies about Southern war claims and the assumption of the Confederate debt. To all of this the people have replied, "It will not do. You have betrayed our confidence and abused our trust, and we will not be diverted from visiting a verdict against you for it, the verdict of "tried in the balance and found wanting."

Neither threats nor invectives, nor ridicule, nor calumnies, have been able to move the masses from this just and virtuous determination; and the *fiat* to step down and out has been issued by a power which brooks no resistance. The declaration of the people upon this point is all the more impressive and unmistakable, from the fact that Gen. Harrison, the defeated candidate, is perhaps the strongest man in his party in this State. His commanding ability, his high character, have not been assailed in this canvass, and he owes his defeat in a great measure to his blunder in adopting the brutal opinions and tactics of Morton. This much may be said without detracting anything from Gov. Williams, for whom we, in common with all who are familliar with his integrity, his prudence and his sound statesmanship, entertain sentiments of the highest respect and confidence. He will not make a glittering ruler, but he will, we feel confident, prove a golden one—a golden ruler to his people, enriching them by his economy and honesty and wise and prudent counsels.

Gov. Williams' election by such a decided majority, of course, settles the campaign in this State and insures its electoral vote for Tilden and Hendricks by at least 20 000 majority. In fact we have gallantly fought the decisive battle of the national contest and it may fairly be considered as settled that the State is safe and the nation saved.—Congratulations are in order.

The Detroit *Free Press* contains the following on the result;

"The returns already in show that the State ticket is elected by not less than 4,000 majority, in spite of 10,000 fraudulent votes cast by the Republicans. A more infamous attempt was never made to cheat the people out of an honest victory than in this election. The regime of Isaiah Rynder and Boss Tweeed, in their palmiest days in New York, does not equal this wholesale attempt at fraud and ballot-box stuffing. The result shows that a bloody-shirt campaign, with or without money, nor the theory of a solid South and Democratic payment of rebel claims, can deceive an outraged and plundered people when fully aroused to the dangers with which they are surrounded. In Indiana, the hosts of Chandler, Morton & Co. have been routed, foot, horse and dragoons, with none to regret the deep damnation of their taking off. Ever the right comes uppermost, and ever is justice done. All that now remains is to follow them up all along the line to complete the grand and glorious victory."

THE COLFAX RIOT.

Kellogg, Packard and Longstreet are Charged with Getting it up. Like Ames, They Thought the Killing of a Few Negroes would Benefit the Party.

E. H. Flowers, a leading, and certainly an intelligent colored man, a citizen of Grant parish, when the Colfax riot occurred, made a speech in New Orleans Wednesday night, which is thus reported in New Orleans Democrat.

No doubt, my colored friends, you think it strange that I should be in this place to night, and no doubt you wonder for what purpose. It is due to you, it is due to myself, that I should tell the reason I am here. A great many of you know what an active part I took about three years ago in the parish of Grant, and also on the trial of the Grant parish prisoners. I was then a Republican, and being in my nature a thorough-going man, with courage enough to be up and doing" when I beleive I am right. I labored hard for what I then believed to be for the greatest glory of the Republican party, which, I had been taught to believe, had waged war for the sole purpose of liberating the colored people, and had bestowed upon us the inestimable boon of liberty and citizenship. To tell you how, after working in such a manner as to feel ashamed of it now, to tell you how Ward, my bosom friend, and myself, were used as catpaws by Kellogg, Packard, Beckwith, and others, would take all night. I charge emphatically and distinctly the Republican leaders Kellogg, Packard, Longstreet and others—with having coolly and deliberately planned with consumate perfidy, the dead lock in the struggle for office in Grant parish between the Democrats and Republicans, which culminated in the terrible slaughter of colored men at Colfax, on the 13th April, 1872. My friend Ward will tell you more about this. I was Ward's Lieutenant, and both he and I soon discovered what were their hellish plans. Kellogg, by the advice of his spiritual adviser, S. B. Packard, appointed in Grant parish two sets of officers, and told each of them to take the offices. Kellogg and Packard knew a fight was inevitable, which was just what they wanted. Kellogg wanted a few negroes killed to make his hold to the usurped gubernatorial chair a political necessity in the eyes of the Northern people and the National Congress. Ward and myself were to be killed, but though good friends of Kellogg and Packard at that time, we were still better friends to ourselves, and we escaped with a prudence which we have never had occasion to regret. [Laughter.]

The carpet-baggers and scalawags work upon the fears of the negroes; they tell the more ignorant of us that the Democrats will deprive them of their freedom and their rights to vote if they get into power. And believing that, we see them driven like flocks of sheep, with no more reason than sheep for the "faith that is in them." I come here to tell you and blazon it to the country, that I, for one, will be driven no longer. I am going to stump this State. I am going to tell the colored people that if they want to live, and work, and prosper in this State, they must vote against the carpet-baggers in November next, for, to get rid of them, you must vote them out of office. Believe me, my colored friends, just so soon as you fail to elect them to office—where they can steal and grow rich, whilst your wages diminish, and starvation stares you in the face—you will see them sneak back to whence they came. In conclusion, I would pray you in the interest of good government, in your own interest, to follow my example, and in November next to cast your votes for Tilden and Hendricks, Nicholls and Wiltz. [Great applause.]

The Legislature

The new legislature will consist of a number of the best men in the State. About a third in each branch of the late Legislature were radicals, and now they are cut down to about one sixth of each House. There is not a negro in the Senate, for the first time since 1868; and 10 in the House, where there were 20 or 25 last winter.

Of the Senators, 17 of the 33 have served at Montgomery before. The most venerable member is Mr. F. S. Lyon of Marengo, who is 76;; and who was Secretary of the State Senate from 1822 to 1830; entered it as a member 43 years ago, and the next year (1834) was its President. The most striking figures will be those of Gen. Gordon of Henry (6th Ala. Infantry) and Gen. Harrison of Lee; though Col. Wilson of Bullock, Capt. Armstrong of Macon and one or two others, are portly men. Mr. Little of Sumter will be the handsomest. Col. Dunklin of Butler and Dr. Rice of Madison, will make their mark as among the most affable. Three members have been on the bench; Mr. Saffold of Dallas, Mr. Chambers of Russell, Mr Torrey of Monroe. Two have been in Congress; Mr. Lyon and Mr. Sherrod of Lawrence. Only 5 of the 33 were members of the late Senate (Messrs Cobb, Little, Robinson, Tait and Saffold); and 4 others were members of the lower House (Messrs. Rice, Chambers, Billups and Harris.)

Of the 100 Representatives only about a third of them have served at Montgomery before, 17 of them in the late House, the others are n w men. What Mr. Lyon is to the Senate, Gen. Manasco of Walker, will be to the House, in point of antique interest; for he is also 76 years old, served in the House 31 years ago, and this is his 7th election to that body. The best known men of the House will be judge Rice, Col. Hendon, Col. Jolly, Capt. McElroy, Col. Clements and ex-Speaker Hubbard. —Messrs. Rice, Betts, Darden, and Hobson have been on the bench:

There are good names to be found throughout the list of either House, and we might name many of them who would adorn places of equal responsibility and far higher rank. We only regret that, as we have bienniel sessions now (unhappily), that there is not a larger proportion of experienced men among them. Fortunately there is less to do than there was two years ago, as the patriotic legislature laid the axe at the root of the tree to some purpose. These men will complete the work so well begun, and so effectively carried on.—*Exchange.*

Steadying the Nervous System.

In nine cases out of ten, diseases of the nervous system arise from a vitiated condition of the digestive and secretive apparatus. The alimentary region being connected by the epigastric nerve with the brain, which is the great nerve centre, it is not surprising that a disordered condition of the stomach, liver and bowels, should produce nervous headache, inability to sleep, vertigo, buzzing in the ears and other symptoms of cerebral derangement. The proper & most direct way to get rid of all these disagreeable symptoms is to overcome digestive weakness and inactivity of the liver. The intimate connection between the brain and alimentary canal is very clearly shown by the simultaneous disappearance of nervous and indigestive symptoms when the stomach and liver are subjected to the tonic and corrective influence of Hostetter's Stomach Bitters. No nervine in the whole range of materia medica is comparable to this agreeable family tonic and alterative, in the matter of soothing nervous excitement and superinducing a vigorous appetite and sound repose. But though it acts upon the nervous system through the stomach, yet being purely vegetable and wonderfully wholesome, it does not produce those unpleasant after consequences which are such a serious objection to the use of mineral sedatives. It is the province of this admirable medicine to overcome the diseases and disabilities, to the removal of which it is adapted by the most natural and progressive action, without disturbing the equilibrium of a single organ, or producing any undesirable result to mar its benificent effects.

NIJNE NOVGOROD FAIR. The great market of the eastern world has been held at this junction of the Volga and Olga Rivers in Russia, every summer for hundreds of years. Here the nations of Europe and Asia meet with their products for trade. Cossack, Chinese, Turk and Persian, meet the German and the Greek with every variety of merchandise that mankind employs, from sapphires to grindstones, tea, opium, fur, food, tools and fabrics, and last but not least, medicines. J. C. Ayer & Co.'s celebrated remedies from America were displayed in an elegant bazar where the Doctor himself might sometimes be seen. They are known and taken on steppes of Asia as well as the prairies of the West, and are an effectual antidote for the diseases that prevail in the yaourts of the North, as well as the huts and cabins of the western continent
Lincoln (Ill.) Times.

Fashionable Millinery.

THE undersigned have just received a full stock of fine and fashionable material for Millinery: Ribbons, Laces, Ties, &c. Trimmed HATS of every variety and price, from 75 cents to $10 00.

LADIES DRESSES cut and made in the latest styles.

Room back of W. A. Driskell's Dry Goods Store.

Ladies respectfully invited to call and examine Goods.

Misses KATE & LOU CRAWFORD.
Jacksonville, Oct. 21, 1876—tf.

Alexandria, Ala. }
Oct. 18th, 1876. }

Public Notice

IS hereby given to all parties upon whom I hold Guano Notes, specifying Cotton option, that they will be deprived of said option, if the cotton is not delivered by the 1st of November, 1876, as that is the specification in the face of said notes.

The notes specify low middling cotton, and a lower grade will not be received in payment of said notes. The time is nearly out, and we hope every bale of the cotton will be delivered at Weaver's Station without delay. Arrangements have been made with Messrs. Ledbetter & Co. to receive the same.

W. P. COOPER.
oct. 21—2t.

A Good Farm For Sale.

I will sell sell at public sale to the highest bidder, on the **20th November next**, at the late residence of L. P. Fullenwider dec. 360 acres of LAND. The Land is known and designated as the east half section seven, Township fourteen and range seven, with the exception of forty acres off the south-west line; also the south-east eighty acres of section six, township fourteen range seven east, all in the Coosa Land District, being the land where L. P. Fullenwider lived at the time of her death.

There is about 70 acres of land under fence; the balance a l wood land, with three good springs, convenient to churches and schools.

TERMS OF SALE—One half cash, the other half twelve months after date.

J. R. LOYD.
Oct. 21, 1876—3t.

$5 00 to $10 00 per day Saved by Using Linder's Distributor!

WE have just secured a patent for a Machine that will grind and distribute Guano, Stable Manure, or any course Fertilizer, in the drill, at the rate of 200 to 1500 lbs. per acre.

Simple, Durable & Effective.

It is so simple that it cannot get out of order, and a boy of 12 year's old can operate it as well as a man. So durable that it will last an ordinary life time, and so effective that by its use, a saving of 300 per cent. in manure will be gained—putting it right in the drill where it will do the most good. The Machine is made so that in turning at the end the grinding stops and no manure is lost.

State, County and Beat rights for sale.

☞ A few good, reliable Agents wanted.

LINDER & MONTGOMERY.
Oct. 21, 1876—3m.

LOST DOG.—A small black Esquiman dog with white breast and bushy tail which curls very high; head and ears somewhat resembles those of a fox. A suitable reward for the finder of the dog and a licking for the man who stole him.
James Snow.
Oct 21st, 3t. Oxford Ala.

THE STATE OF ALABAMA, }
Calhoun county. }

Court of Probate for said County, Special Term. Oct. 17th 1876.

THIS day came Ellen Sisson, widow of C. B. Sisson, late of said county, deceased, and filed in Court her written petition, and under oath, asking an order of court setting apart to her the said Ellen Sisson, dower in the Lands of which the said C. B. Sisson, deceased, died seized and possessed, and which Lands are fully set out and described in said petition.

Thereupon, it is ordered by the court that the 21st day of November, 1876, be set for the hearing said petition, and that notice thereof be given by publication in the Jacksonville Republican, a newspaper published in said county, for three successive weeks, prior to said day, as a notice to the non-resident heirs at law of said decedent, and all other persons concerned, to be and appear at a special term of said court to be holden at the Court House of said county on said 21st day of November, 1876, and defend against said petition if they think proper.

L. W. CANNON,
Judge of Probate.
Oct. 21—3t.

The Greatest Improvement of the Age.

Artificial Tomb Stones and Monuments.

BOX WORK of any style or ornamentation from a plain surface to the most delicate traceries—sharply defined Alto and Basso Relievos can be most artistically executed in this stone, by means of Plaster Paris moulds. The invention of Portland Cement stone is to statuary and sculpture what Photography is to drawing and painting. This invention has all that is essential in a Tomb stone, combining neatness, cheapness and durability, the cost being less than a tenth that of Marble. I am aware that grave stones have been made of Rosendale and other American cements that would not resist the changes of the weather; but English Portland cement stone, as has been tested by government officers, is nearly 20 times as strong as the Rosendale, and stands the influences of the weather equal to the best building stone. Its resistance to frost is absolute—(see government report of Gen. Gilmore, J. B. McClelland, Prof'r. Adolph Ott, Knight and other scientific men.) The patent was granted to G. W. Arnold. Aug. 8th, 1876, is not and has nothing to do with the F M Jones patent, or a style of work called Arch work. It does not require the services of a mason to put it up, but I can learn any one to put it up in a few hours.

Persons desirous of securing exclusive State or County rights to manufacture this Tomb stone, address J. D. ARNOLD or G. W. ARNOLD, Jacksonville, Ala. or J. L. GWIN, Spring Garden, Ala.
Oct 21—3m.

Dr. J. C. FRANCIS

HAS removed to WOODWARD'S CORNER, where he keeps constantly on hand a fine stock of

DRUGS,

Medicines, Fancy and Toilet articles Perfumery, Soaps, Brushes, Glass, and all other articles usually kept by Druggists.

ALSO—**Fresh, Choice, Staple FAMILY GROCERIES,**

Stationery and Pocket Cutlery.

All of which will be sold as low for Cash or COUNTRY PRODUCE as can be sold in this market.

Jacksonville, Ala., Oct. 7, 1876—tf.

T W FRANCIS & CO.

MONTGOMERY, Ala.

HAVE A GOOD STOCK OF STAPLE AND FANCY

Dry Goods.

Samples of Goods sent by mail, with prices, when requested. Terms cash or C O D.
June 10—3m

J. R. GRAHAM

HAS IN STORE AND TO ARRIVE a full and complete line of
Dry Goods,
Boots and Shoes,
Hats and Caps,
Hardware,
Bagging and Ties,

GROCERIES, &C.

which he is selling at very low prices for CASH, both at OXFORD and LADIGA, ALA.

Read Carefully.

We would respectfully call the attention of those indebted to us, to the fact, that we have to raise a considerable amount of money during the month of November, and must look to our customers for the money. We hope they will come up with the CASH or Cotton promptly, as we are compelled to collect—will hold your Cotton if you do not wish to sell. We hope you will not fail to respond

J. R. GRAHAM.
Oct. 14, 1876—5t.

Manhood: How Lost, How Restored!

Just published, a new edition of **Dr Culverwell's Celebrated Essay** on the *radical cure* (without *medicine*) of *Spermatorrhœa* or Seminal Weakness, Involuntary Seminal Losses, IMPOTENCY Mental and Physical Incapacity, Impediments to Marriage, etc ; also CONSUMPTION, Epilepsy and Fits, induced by self-indulgence or sexual extravagance, &c.

☞ Price in a sealed envelope only six cents.

The celebrated author, in this admirable Essay, clearly demonstrates from a thirty years' successful practice, that the alarming consequences of self-abuse may be radically cured without the dangerous use of internal medicine or the application of the knife; pointing out a mode of cure at once simple, certain, and effectual, by means of which every sufferer, no matter what his condition may be, may cure himself cheaply, privately, and *radically.*

☞ This Lecture should be in the hands of every youth and every man in the land.

Sent under seal, in a plain envelope, to any address, post-paid, on receipt of six cts. or two post stamps.

Address
THE CULVERWELL MEDICAL CO.,
41 Ann St., New York; P O Box, 4586.

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A business school is a necessity, and should be sustained regardless of the times !

A business course in four month for only twenty dollars !

A business education applicable to all, regardless of profession or sex !

The exercises of this Institution opened Tuesday, Sept. 5th 1876. Doors always open to visitors.

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Improved systems adopted. Diagrams to simplify the difficult departments. Review courses given at half rates. Private lessons given, if desired. Each department embraces a period of one month. The usual course embracing the above branches, requires a period of four months. Students under 15 years of age admitted in penmanship only at half rates. Day and night sessions to suit the convenience of all. Deductions in cases of protracted sickness or unavoidable hindrance. The indigent and disabled are admitted free of charge. Minor orphans of limited means, children of ministers and mutes admitted at half rates. A scholarship in any department entitles the student to a privilege of continuing, without regard to time and without extra charge. Students may enter at any time and for any number of branches. Diplomas awarded for any branch. Required advancement for entry upon the regular course embraces spelling, reading, first rules in Arithmetic and scribbling. The business community are invited to attend and witness the exercises and act as examining board. Students under 15 only admitted in penmanship.

O. Q. ZINNAMON
PRINCIPAL.

Commercial and Literary Author & late Pres. and Founder of the Southern Commercial College, New Orleans

☞ When not professionally engaged, the Principal would be pleased to do any business writing in writing up books, making out balance sheets, book-keeper's diagrams, partnership settlements &c. &c
Sept. 16, 187—tf.

The Rome Hotel.

Within Ten Steps of the Rail Road.

BROAD STREET, ROME, GEORGIA.

NO OMNIBUS NEEDED.

The Hotel is situated in the principal business square of the city, is New and Clean from Bottom to Top, having been

THOROUGHLY RENOVATED

In the last sixty days, and has received an addition of fourteen

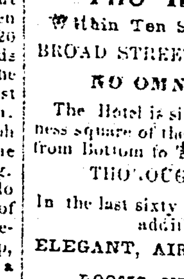
ELEGANT, AIRY AND CONVENIENT ROOMS, NEWLY FURNISHED.

The Hotel is abundantly supplied with Fresh Milk, Butter and Vegetables from our own Dairy and Garden.

Rates Two Dollars per day, or seventy-five cents for single meal and single lodging, with no extra charge for handling baggage.

Representatives from the principal business houses of the city can be found boarding in the hotel

J A STANSBURY, Proprietor.
sept 30—1y.



PORTABLE and STATIONARY STEAM ENGINES, STEAM BOILERS, SAW, FLOUR AND GRIST MILLS, MILL GEARING MADE Without Patterns, SHAFTING, PULLEYS AND HANGERS OF ... DESIGNS A SPECIALTY. The UNEQUALLED JAS. LEFFEL DOUBLE TURBINE WATER WHEEL, 7000 in use. ADDRESS, POOLE & HUNT. SEND FOR CIRCULARS BALTIMORE, MD.

Administrator's Notice.

STATE OF ALABAMA, }
CALHOUN COUNTY }

LETTERS OF ADMINISTRATION upon the Estate of Wm G Woodley, deceased, having been granted to the undersigned, by the Hon L. W. Cannon, Judge of the Probate court of Calhoun county, Alabama, on the 16th day of September, 1876: Notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against said estate to present them legally authenticated, within the time prescribed by law, or they will be barred; and all persons indebted to said estate are required to make immediate payment.

J. M. WOODLEY, Adm.
Oct 14, 1876 - 6t.

ELECTION NOTIC…

THE STATE OF ALABA…
Calhoun Coun…

NOTICE is hereby given, … Alex. O. Stewart, as the … of said County, will cause to be … and held at the various places … in the Election Precincts of said C… **On the first Tuesday … vember, 1876**, that being … day of said month, an Election … purpose of electing ten Election … ident and Vice President of the … States, consisting of one for each … gressional District and two for the … at large; and also for the … electing a Member of Congress … 7th Congressional District of Ala…

Notice is hereby further given … the following named persons are … ted Special Deputy Sheriffs, and … tors of said election, for the … election precincts in said county, … inafter named, to-wit:

For Pre. No. 1,—Jacksonville.
B C Wyly, Thos. R Ward, W P Crook, } Inspec…
R. F. Riley, Returning Officer.

Pre. No. 2—Alexandria—S… Special Deputy Sheriff.
Samuel T Peace, Wm F Bush, W W Crook } Inspec…
Jack Clark, Returning Officer.

Pre No. 3—Green B Skelton, Dp…
Wm E Lambert, David R Reaves, R P Weaver } Insp…
S O McCullers, Returning O…

Pre No. 4 -Court Ground—J … Special Deputy Sheriff.
J L Kirby, R K Brothers, J M Anderson } Inspec…
E J Haynie, Returning Officer.

Pre. No. 5—Polkville—J … Special Deputy Sheriff.
W L Stokes, Noah Baugh, Mack Henderson } Inspec…
R P Hess, Returning Officer.

Pre. No. 6—Peeks Hill—Jackson… Special Deputy Sheriff.
O A Finch, Wm M Cochran, John C Archer } Inspec…
H. F. Montgomery, Returning O…

Pre No. 7 — Hollingsworth's … House—John Abernathy, Spe. Dp…
Henry McBee, Jas N Landers, Ed L Woodward, jr } Inspec…
E B Dickinson, Returning Of…

Pre. No. 8—Court Ground—… Wragg, Special Deputy Sheriff.
W B Doss, G W Wells, W B Green } Inspec…
Geo Nabors, Returning Officer.

Pre. No. 9—Cross Plains—D B W… Special Deputy Sheriff.
John C Faughender, J B Smith, F M Savage } Inspec…
Wm A Stewart, Returning Officer.

Pre. No. 10—Cross Roads—J W… sen, Special Deputy Sheriff.
J C Watson, Joseph Borden, Wm Delreese } Inspec…
Henry Murray, Returning Officer.

Pre. No. 11—Marion Whiteside, Dpy Sheriff.
D S Black, W A Scarbrough, Alfred Morgan } Inspec…
J P Ward, Returning Officer.

Pre. No. 12 — Davistown — … Hughes, Special Dpy Sheriff.
John F Davis, W A Wood, Jacob DeArman } Inspec…
John Elston, Returning Officer.

Pre. No. 13—Oxford—D … Special Dpy Sheriff.
D P Gunnels, E G Robertson, S C Kelly } Inspectors
J M Hayes, Returning Officer.

Pre. No. 14—Sulphur Springs—John Henderson, Special Dpy Sheriff.
Miles H Harrison, Harvey Whiteside, J T Vincent } Inspec…
J B Chappel, Returning Officer.

ALEX. O. STEWART, Sheriff.
Sept. 27, 1876. sep30-ts

Register's Sale OF LAND.

UNDER and by virtue of a … of the Chancery Court, … in the cause of James C. Francis, … J. Parr, James Crow and H. W. C… at the June Term. A. D. 1876, … Court, held for the 1st District … Eastern Chancery Division of Ala… at Jacksonville; I will, as Regi… said Court, sell to the highest … for cash before the Court House … of Calhoun County, on

Monday the 6th da… November, 1876

The following described Real Es… wit: The west half of section … east half of the south west quarter … the south west quarter of the south… quarter, and the east half of the … west quarter of section 27, all in … ship 13, range 7. Also, all that … tion of section 23 in township … range 8, which lies on the south … east of the public road leading … Jacksonville to Alexandria. … will be sold to satisfy, first, the … the case above mentioned, and also … to satisfy a decree rendered in … Jas Crow in his cross bill against … L. J. Parr, H. W. Collier and … C. Frances. Also, at the same time … place, and on like terms, and by … tion of said Court, in a decree … at the said term of said Court, in … case of Mrs. H. K. Reynolds vs. L… Parr, I, as Register of said Court, … sell the following town property, … one house and lot in the town of J… sonville, Ala., known as the house … lot upon which the said L. J. Parr … resides, bounded east by Main … north by Mrs. Jane Tate's lot, … west by L. W. Cannon's lot, and … south by John D. Hammond's lot. … lot contains 3½ acres, more or less, being a portion of Sec. 11, T. 14, R… in Calhoun county, Ala. Said h… and lot sold to satisfy said decree in … of the said Reynolds vs. said L. J. P…

This Sept. 27th, 1876.
WM. M. HAMES, Register.
sep30-ts

NEW

LIVERY AND SALE STA…

The undersigned has opened at the … of Jas. H. Privitt, a Livery and Sale S… and would respectfully solicit a share … public patronage.

Good Horses! Good Vehicles! SAFE DRIVERS!

Hire Horse,	per day,
Hire Buggy,	"
Hire Horse and Buggy,	"
Hire Buggy and 2 Horses,	"
Hire Hack & Horses	
Wagon and Horses	

Apply to JOSEPH K PRIVITT
Sep 30 1876—1y

Salt, Salt, Salt—… Virginia Salt, just receiv… MADDO…

12½ CENTS for Side … DOX & PARR'S, a lar… ceived.

A large stock **Sugar** … just received at MADDO… Which they are offering a… by the barrel or half barr… them before you buy else…

HEAVY STOCK—… PARR is daily receivi… Fall Stock of GROCERI… will sell as cheap as any … freight added.

200 PIECES—Crockery … two days at Maddox & Pa… The best goods at the … will sell. BAGGING! … TIES! TIES!!—Large lot … at Maddox & Parr's which … Rock bottom Prices try the…

RICE! RICE!!—10 lb… for at Maddox & Parr's

TEA! TEA!!—Green a… superior quality at Maddox…

CROCKERY-WARE… Parr's new stock Crockery … in a few days, when the… offer their sets of 30 pieces…

ORANGES of superior … ways on hand at Maddox & …

CHEESE and MACCA… and Fine at Maddox & Par…

BAGGING—BAGGING… by many that Maddox & … ing is the best in Calhoun C… examine for yourself.

FLOUR—FLOUR—Mad… are determined to please the… --hence their keeping such a… of Tennessee Flour at such a…

Roll of Hono…

The following named person… their subscription since our la…

D Z Goodlet,	R P Mor…
Joseph McRoberts,	W M Ha…
H W Sides,	Josiah H…
G W Loyd,	D Sieber…
J T Wilkins,	W Dorha…
Joseph Mote,	G W A…
J H Reaves,	J F Smit…
E F Crook,	J W Pik…
D J Clark,	J B Gan…
J S Wakefield,	Allen Ma…
W Dofreese,	J W Fo…
J H Gilliland,	M D C S…
C G Morgan,	A Farme…
Thomas Alsup,	J Y Dem…
J A Aderholt,	L R Wra…
Mark Driskill,	Dr J L F…
Gen J H Forney,	L C Obria…
J H Price,	J M Brow…
G W Burns,	B G McC…
	Capt. M. H. Fowler.

A Card.

The citizens of this comm… doubtless aware of the fact t… than twelve months ago the Tr… Calhoun College secured the se… Prof. McKellar as principle of … stitution. He came to them we… mended, by Profs. of Colleges a… gentlemen of high standing and … as a competent instructor of yo… has now been with us as a teach… children for more than a yea… which time, he has given us a… evidence, that he is not only th… competent, but apt to teach … by precept and example.

Hence we heartily commend … gentleman of high moral charact… a good citizen, and do earnestly … to parents and guardians to … at once to the duty and import… educating their children, and … themselves of the opportunity a… vantages now offered at Calhoun…

W H Forney,	James Crook…
A O Stewart,	W P Crook,
G B Douthit,	Wm M Ham…
John M Caldwell,	W A Driskill…
E L Woodward,	Peyton Rowa…
L W Cannon,	J F Grant,
J D Hammond,	L W Grant,
H D Hill,	

☞ In the hurry and confusio… dent to the Fair last week, we … to call attention to the advertisem… that energetic, reliable and suc… merchant, Mr. J. R. Graham, who … just received a splendid stock … and Winter Goods, both at Oxford … Ladiga. He possesses in an e… degree, and well deserves, the conf… of the public.

Capt. J. M. Alexander, who is … senting the firm of Field, Thayer & … boot and shoe dealers, 162 Congre… 180 and 182 Franklin streets, B… was in town this week with the … splendid lot of samples we have … Messrs. Field, Thayer & Co. wo… immense capital in their business, … stand as the leading Boston firm i… line. Capt. Alexander, who so fait… ly represents them, is a native East … nessean, was born and raised … among us; is a gentleman of first … business capacity—fair and square i… dealings—holds his customers when … they buy of him—is liberal to his pa… —faithful to his employers and p… with the orders he receives. He is … pared to offer superior inducement… retail dealers, and we commend him … his house to the consideration o… friends here and elsewhere. Capt … left Tuesday in the direction of Lou…
Sweetwater (Tenn.) Enterpris…

The many friends of Mr. C. M. M… tin, an old and honored citizen of … county, will rejoice to hear that h… much improved in health lately an… now on the high road to complete re… ery.

Married on the 5th instant at the r… dence of Rev. W. M. Taylor, by R… R. A. Timmons, Mr. Harris Self a… Miss Annie J. Baugh,—all of this co… ty.

Circuit Court is now in session; Ju… Whitlock presiding. Among attorn… from a distance we notice Messrs Br… ford and Heflin, of Talladega, Mess… Aiken & Martin of Gadsden, Jas. … Savage, Esq., of Cherokee, and J. …

The Republican.

Salt, Salt, Salt—A new supply of Virginia Salt, just received by
MADDOX & PARR.

12½ CENTS for Side Meat at MADDOX & PARR'S, a large lot just received.

A large stock **Sugar** of all grades, just received at MADDOX & PARR'S which they are offering at bottom prices by the barrel or half barrel. Go to see them before you buy elsewhere.

HEAVY STOCK—MADDOX & PARR is daily receiving their heavy Fall Stock of GROCERIES, which they will sell as cheap as any market with freight added.

200 PIECES—Crockery ware sold in two days at Maddox & Parr's

The best goods at the Lowest Prices will sell. BAGGING! BAGGING! TIES! TIES!!—Large lot just received at Maddox & Parr's which will be sold at Rock bottom Prices try them.

RICE! RICE!!—10 lbs to the dollar at Maddox & Parr's

TEA! TEA!!—Green and black of a superior quality at Maddox & Parr's

CROCKERY-WARE—Maddox & Parr's new stock Crockery-ware will be in in a few days. when they will again offer their sets of 30 pieces for $4 50.

ORANGES of superior quality always on hand at Maddox & Parr's.

CHEESE and MACCARONI, Fresh and Fine at Maddox & Parr's.

BAGGING—BAGGING—It is said by many that Maddox & Parr's Bagging is the best in Calhoun Co.—go and examine for yourself.

FLOUR—FLOUR—Maddox & Parr are determined to please their customers—hence their keeping such a fine article of Tennessee Flour at such a low price.

Roll of Honor.

The following named persons have paid their subscription since our last report:

D Z Goodlet,	R P Morgan,
Joseph McRoberts,	W M Hawkins,
H W Sides,	Josiah Hawkins,
G W Loyd,	D Siebers,
J T Wilkins,	W Dothard,
Joseph Mote,	G W Allison,
J H Reaves,	J F Smith,
E F Crook,	J W Pike,
D J Clark,	J B Gannaway,
J S Wakefield,	Allen Matthews,
W Dafreese,	J W Ford,
J H Gilliland,	M D C Spradley,
C G Morgan,	A Farmer,
Thomas Alsup,	J Y Dempsey,
J A Aderholt,	L R Wragg,
Mark Driskill,	Dr J L Hughes,
Gen J H Forney,	L C Obrian,
J H Price,	J M Brewton,
G W Burns,	B G McClelen,

Capt. M. H. Fowler.

A Card.

The citizens of this community are doubtless aware of the fact that more than twelve months ago the Trustees of Calhoun College secured the services of Prof. McKellar as principle of that Institution. He came to them well recommended, by Profs. of Colleges and other gentlemen of high standing and learning, as a competent instructor of youth. He has now been with us as a teacher of our children for more than a year; during which time, he has given us abundant evidence, that he is not only thoroughly competent, but apt to teach both by precept and example.

Hence we heartily commend him as a gentleman of high moral character, and a good citizen, and do earnestly appeal to parents and guardians to wake up at once to the duty and importance of educating their children, and to avail themselves of the opportunity and advantages now offered at Calhoun College.

W H Forney,	James Crook,
A O Stewart,	W P Crook,
G B Douthit,	Wm M Hames,
John M Caldwell,	W A Driskill,
E L Woodward,	Peyton Rowan,
L W Cannon,	J F Grant,
J D Hammond,	L W Grant,
H D Hill,	

In the hurry and confusion incident to the Fair last week, we omitted to call attention to the advertisement of that energetic, reliable and successful merchant, Mr. J. R. Graham, who has just received a splendid stock of Fall and Winter Goods, both at Oxford and Ladiga. He possesses in an eminent degree, and well deserves, the confidence of the public.

Capt. J. M. Alexander, who is representing the firm of Field, Thayer & Co., boot and shoe dealers, 162 Congress and 180 and 182 Franklin streets, Boston, was in town this week with the most splendid lot of samples we have seen. Messrs. Field, Thayer & Co. work an immense capital in their business, and stand as the leading Boston firm in their line. Capt. Alexander, who so faithfully represents them, is a native East Tennessean, was born and raised here among us; is a gentleman of first class business capacity—fair and square in his dealings—holds his customers when once they buy of him—is liberal to his patrons—faithful to his employers and prompt with the orders he receives. He is prepared to offer superior inducements to retail dealers, and we commend him and his house to the consideration of our friends here and elsewhere. Capt. A. left Tuesday in the direction of Loudon.—*Sweetwater (Tenn.) Enterprise.*

The many friends of Mr. C. M. Martin, an old and honored citizen of this county, will rejoice to hear that he is much improved in health lately and is now on the high road to complete recovery.

Married on the 5th instant at the residence of Rev. W. M. Taylor, by Rev. R. A. Timmons, Mr. Harris Self and Miss Annie J. Baugh,—all of this county.

Circuit Court is now in session; Judge Whitlock presiding. Among attorneys from a distance we notice Messrs Bradford and Heflin, of Talladega, Messrs. Aiken & Martin of Gadsden, Jas. A. Savage, Esq., of Cherokee, and J. W.

The Fair.

AWARD OF PREMIUMS.

T A Pelham, best Mare any age, Silver Cup.
W S Neal, Best colt 1 yr or under do do
B F Shelberg Best side sole leather, Diploma
B F Shelberg Best side harness leather, do
B F Shelberg Best goat skin, do
Miss K Crawford Best rustic work do
Miss H D Brock Best bird cage & brackets do
H McBee Best home made syrup Silver medal
Miss N Lester Best embr'd table cover Diplo'
J H Cave Best oil window shades do
George White Best bushel fall apples do
Miss Ella Echols Best cotton tidy do
W Glover Best pr pigs under 1 yr Sil. med.
R P Weaver Best jack any age Silver cup
R P Weaver Best heifer over 1 yr Diploma
J M Caldwell Best orn'ment'l penmn'ship do
O Q Zinnmon Best book-keeper's closing diagram do
S Woodruff Best bu dried apples Silver knife
S Woodruff Best bushel barley Silver medal
S Woodruff Best 6 puddle ducks do do
S Woodruff Best scuppernong grapes Diplo'
S Woodruff Best domestic wine Silver Medal
Miss Mary Broylee Best rag rug Diploma
Joseph Higgins Best set gold ear rings manufactured in Calhoun co. do
Joseph Higgins Best silver watch chain do
Miss Nettie Higgins Best infants opera cloak, embroidered, do
Miss Nettie Higgins Best pillow covers do
Mrs Sarah Fell Best display in merit and variety female handicraft, Silver Goblet
Miss Minnie Cobb Best pieced quilt for girl under 6 years Diploma
W J Whiteside Best milk cow any blood Silver Medal
W J Whiteside Best bull calf under 1 yr do
Miss V L Whiteside Best collection paintings by girl under 16 years Silver Cup
B F Stewart Best single harness mule do do
N B Bellamy Best pr black Java chickens for laying qualities Diploma
S K Cunningham Best pacing horse Sil. cup
S W Borders Best saddle horse do do
John McPherson Best winter apples Diplo'
John McPherson Best variety of fruit trees Silver knife
John McPherson Best collection of canned fruits Silver medal
John McPherson Best collect'n pears. Diplo'
C Morgan Best mule, open to world Sil. cup
F W Smith Best cider Diploma
Mrs F W Smith Best home made white counterpane Silver Medal
Mrs F W Smith Best carpeting do do
Mrs F W Smith Best home made jeans do
Miss E Turnley Best zephyr shawl Nap. ring
J M Whiteside Best 6 stalks cotton Sil. med.
E A Aderhold, Tal. co., Best harrow Diplo'
E A Aderhold " " Best bull Silver med.
W P Prickett Best garden plow Diploma
Miss Sallie Stevenson Best fire screen do
Miss S Stevenson Best oil painting Nap. ring
N S Spradley Best double foot plow stock Silver cup
W F Hanna Best pr harness mules do do
W F Hanna Best bu sweet potatoes Sil. med
W F Hanna best trio ½ spanish chickens do
John McPherson best muscadine wine Diplo'
W P Cooper 2nd best bull calf under one year Silver medal
W P Cooper best 4 mule team Silver Cup
W P Cooper best bushel oats Silver medal
W P Cooper best pr bl'k turkeys do do
W P Cooper best pr com turkeys do do
W P Cooper best acre sorghum, 144 gals, $2
Mrs W P Cooper best 2 bottles blackberry wine Diploma
E J Dean best bu Irish potatoes silver med.
E J Dean best heifer calf under 1 yr do do
J W Whiteside best collection preserves, jellies &c silver medal
J. W Whiteside best bu turnips do do
J W Whiteside best bu onions do do
J W Whiteside best water melons Diploma
J W Whiteside best display garden products silver cup
J W Whiteside best 100 ears corn do do
H L Stevenson best display domestic fowls, not less than 6 trio silver medal
Miss Lucy J Landers best home knit pic nic gloves Diploma
O H Smith best 3 yr old mule silver cup
Miss Mattie Griffin best home made counterpane silver medal
J W Whiteside best bu Irish potatoes. 2nd crop silver medal
T Pitt best fancy work box Diploma
Rebecca Johns best assortment hosiery by blind girl silver goblet
W A McMillian best pr com. pigs Diploma
W A McMillian best 3 game chickens medal
Mrs W A McMillian best specimen of silk embroiderd Napkin Ring
Miss Mary Phillips best tatted collar tie Diploma
Miss Ella Abernathy best worked slipper do
M W Abernathy best pk lima beans, nap ring
W A McMillian best pk cholces silver med.
E F Crook best single pig under 1 yr do do
J P Allgood best set artificial teeth Diplo'
L B Holcomb, cucumber grown in 1855, do
Mrs Jessie W Woods best boquet do
A B Clark best stuffed birds do
Mrs E F Price best and handsomest bed clothing silver cup
Mrs E J Dean best beaded slippers Diploma
Mrs E J Dean best display leather work do
Mrs E J Dean, Finest display wax work, Butter knife
A J Douthit best col. perfumery Diploma
Mrs Alice Davis best infants dress embr'd do
R L Arnold best set double entry books do
Mrs L E Arnold best patch work quilt silver knife
J Crump Best com bull any age, silver med.
J M Stewart & co Best side skirting Diploma
J M Stewart & co Best side har. leather do
J M Stewart & co Best side up. " do
J M Stewart & co Bes. single harness do
Miss E H Goodlett, Best skirt needle work embroidery do
Mrs E H Kelly Best pr half hose, wool. do
Miss Lou Crawford Best worsted quilt pieced Fruit knife
Miss Katie Crawford Best lady's handkerchief Diploma
Miss Katie Crawford The most beautifully arranged lady's hat Napkin Ring
J Y Nisbet Best Essex boar silver medal
Miss Ella Echols Best vase flowers Diploma
Mrs N Crook Best fancy wall basket do
Mrs N Crook Best fancy basket do
Mrs N Crook Best fancy scarf do
Mrs N Crook Best scarf do
John N Cave Best collection crayon drawing Fruit Knife
J C McAuley Best blooded bull of any age Silver medal
Master Johnny Francis Best trio buff Cochin chickens Silver medal
G F Mattison Best cultivator Diploma
Mrs L D Miller Best display cotton tidies and mats Silver cup
L D Miller Best bale clover hay silver med
Miss Mollie Ezell Best quilt by girl 14 yrs old Napkin Ring
Miss Sallie Powers Best specimen chair cover, raised work Diploma
L Coker Best mule 1 yr or under silver cup
Mrs S G Jenkins Best wool blanket do do
J J B McElrath Best shot pouch and powder horn Diploma
J W Pike Best mare with colt by her side silver cup
A T McComb Best farm gate Diploma
J H Price Best broom corn do
W C Bellamy Best red pepper do
Mrs A C Snow Best skirt needle work do
Mrs L Hudson Best pr cotton half hose do
Mrs Mary Samuels Best pr cotton hose do
Mrs A Pelham Best pieced quilt, quilted silver medal
Mrs M G Linder Best collection preserves silver cup
Mrs M G Linder Best jar of honey Diploma
Linder & Montgomery Best manure and guano distributor do
M H Fowler Best 1 horse buggy silver cup
Mrs John M Crook Best ladies collar, sleeves and chimmisett do do
W J Edmiston Best acre wheat, 22½ bu $5
W J Edmiston best sample corn, 2nd crop after wheat Diploma
J M Ford Best sample apples do
Martin Coker Best pr work oxen, any age, silver medal
Martin Coker Best ox yoke silver cup
Martin Coker Best man's saddle Diploma
J Y Henderson best calf skin do
J Y Henderson Largest gourd, silver medal
J Y Henderson best deer skin Diploma
M G Bomeley best bu wheat, 62lb siver med
G W & J D Arnold best tomb and head stones Diploma
J W Burke best blooded milch cow, sil. med
S W Crook best Berkshire boar do do
Drurey Sparks, 82 yrs old, best bark collar Diploma
Washington Williams best feather fan do
W J Aderhold best log pump do
Wiley Carpenter best mule of any age, county raised silver cup
J Z Dickie best bale cotton do do
Mrs I G Morris best home made jeans suit Silver cup
Mrs L W Grant best 20 Muscovey ducks Silver Medal
J W Bradley best half bu Shockley apples Diploma
Henry Green (colored) best 2 plows, his own make Diploma
A M Stewart best pr mules in harness Silver cup
Miss S C Graham best rag carpet Nap. ring
John Glover fastest trotting horse Silver cup
Miss Emma Francis best and most tasty vase mats, one dozen Diploma
Miss Emma Francis best set table mats do
J B Hudson best patent rail fence do
Mrs J B Hudson largest collection hot house plants silver cup
Miss H Seymour best ladies work Diploma
Ayer & McDonald, Rome Ga., best two horse turning plow do
I Seymour best dry dow do
J & S Bones & Co., Rome Ga.,—Towers, best changeable plow Diploma
Same, best furnace chimney and grate, —Towers Beaire, do
James Crook best pr harness horses, sil. cup
James McHughes best pumpkins, silver med
Mrs Annie C Snow best embr'd linin apron Diploma
Mrs K Nabors, 77 yrs old, best home spun cotton dress Silver medal
Same, best cotton checks Diploma
Same best display coverlets & counterpins do
Same, Presented by James Crook, silver cup
Miss L Castillo, best display paper flowers, Diploma
Miss L Burke best frame needle work do
Mrs J F Grant best collection hot house plants silver medal
Mrs J H Caldwell best pyramid boquet Diploma
Mrs M E Borders best 2 bottles scuppernong wine Diploma
A O Stewart best single harness horse silver cup
Miss B Snow best vegetable dish rag, Diplo'
J & S Bones & co., best single combination plow Diploma
James Crook best brood sow silver medal
W C Whiteside best sample pears do
Mrs A O Stewart best frame Confederate money do
Warren Harris largest sweet potato do
DeArman Bros best 2 horse harrow do
Miss Carrie Abernathy best and most tastily cut and made calico dress do
W D Bush & Co best universal 1 horse plow stock, Sanford patent do

Next week a great many of our friends will be in town in attendance upon Court, and we would respectfully suggest that it would be a good time to visit the Republican office and settle up their subscription accounts. We are much in earnest in this appeal and hope our friends will consider it, and think of us when they come in. The past Summer has been a very hard one on us, inasmuch as we have paid cash for every thing we use; but we have not complained or worried our subscribers with duns, when we knew so few people had money; but now, since the crops have been gathered, and money is getting more plentiful, we shall expect all who owe to come up and help us.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

It affords us pleasure to call the attention of our readers to the advertisement, in another column, of Messrs. Poole & Hunt, Baltimore, Md., whose reputation as Manufacturers of first-class machinery is preeminent in the South, and second to none in the United States. For nearly a quarter of a century they have been prominently before the public, year by year, strengthening their claims to public confidence, until, to-day, with an immense establishment, as perfect in its appointments as experience and mechanical skill can make it, they can send forth every article of their manufacture perfect and accurate in all of its parts, as tested by the fixed and high standards by which their work is regulated. They who have used their machinery can best vouch for the truth of what we have asserted.

SENSIBLE ADVICE.

You are asked every day through the columns of newspapers and by your Druggist to use something for Dyspepsia and Liver complaint that you may know nothing about, you get discouraged spending money with but little success. Now to give you satisfactory proof that GREEN'S AUGUST FLOWER will cure you of Dyspepsia and Liver Complaint with all its effects, such as Sour Stomach, Sick Headache, Habitual Costiveness, Palpitations of the Heart, heart burn, Water brash, coming up of food after eating, low spirits, &c., we ask you to go to your Druggist, WM. M. NISBET and get a sample bottle of GREEN'S AUGUST FLOWER for 10 cents and try it, or a regular size for 75 cents, two doses will relieve you.

The People Want Proof.

There is no medicine prescribed by physicians, or sold by Druggists, that carries such evidence of its success and superior virtue as BOSCHEE'S GERMAN SYRUP for severe Coughs, Colds settled on the Breast, Consumption, or any disease of the Throat and Lungs. A proof of that fact is that any person afflicted, can get a sample bottle for 10 cents and try its superior effect before buying the regular size at 75 cents. It has lately been introduced in this country from Germany, and its wonderful cures are astonishing everyone that use it. Three doses will relieve any case. Try it. Sold by W. M. NISBET in Jacksonville.

Best and Cheapest Chills and Fever Remedy in the World.—The attention of our readers is directed to the advertisement of "AGUEINE" in another column. This remarkable remedy contains no quinine, calomel, or other hurtful drug, yet rarely fails to cure the "CHILLS," and all other malarial diseases. It will not injure the most delicate person, and leaves no unpleasant after-effects. The low price at which it is sold is likely to soon give it a large sale. See advertisement, and don't fail to give it a trial.

[Extract of a letter of Dr. Lovic Pierce, of Sparta, to Rev. L. F. Davies.]

Macon, June 8, 1876.

Dear Bro Davies. Excuse me for writing only when I am deeply interested. I have been speechless about two months. Could not read and pray in a family. Had tried many things Got no benefit from any. Since conference some one sent me from Americus a bottle of Thrash's Consumptive Cure and Lung Restorer, which I have been taking now, this is the ninth day, and I can talk now with some ease. I came here, among other things, to supply myself with this medicine. No druggist here has it on sale. I must have it. I want you to go in person to Thrash & Co., show them this letter, and make them send me by express to Sparta, Ga., two, three or four bottles, with bill. I am getting on finely.

(Signed) LOVIC PIERCE.

BLUE MOUNTAIN ROUTE

On and after Monday Sep. 11th, passenger Trains will run as follows.

GOING NORTH. No. 1. Passenger, Daily.		STATIONS		GOING SOUTH. No. 2. Passenger, Daily.
7.55 a m	Leave	Selma,	Arrive	9.35 a m
11 28 a m	"	Calera,	"	4.33 a m
3.15 p m	"	Jacksonville,	"	11.53 p m
5 50 "	"	Rome,	"	8.55 p m
8.12 "	"	Dalton,	"	6 00 p m
8.00 a m	"	Bristol,	"	4 30 a m
12.00 p m	"	Lynchburg,	"	5.15 p m
6 89 a m	Arrive.	Washing'n,	Leave	8 07 p m
9.30 "	"	Baltimore	"	6.00 a m
1.20 p m	"	Philadelphia,	"	12 45 p m
5.10 "	"	New York,	"	8.55 p m

Nos. 1 makes close connections at Dalton with W & A R R. for Chattanooga, Nashville, Louisville, Cincinnati, Chicago and St. Louis; with E T V & Ga R R for Bristol, Lynchburg, Washington, Baltimore, Philadelphia and New York. Has sleeper from Vicksburg to Dalten with only one change through to Baltimore

No. 2 make close connections at Calera with trains of S. & N. Railroad for Montgomery, Eufaula, Columbus, Ga. Tallahasse, Fla. Mobile, and New Orleans—at Selma with Ala Central R R for Meridian, Jackson, Vicksburg and all points in Mississippi. Has sleeper from Dalton to Vicksburg.

M. STANTON, Superintendent.

RAY KNIGHT, General Passenger Agent.

Cheapest & Best. HOWARD HYDRAULIC CEMENT,

MANUFACTURED NEAR KINGSTON, BARTOW COUNTY, GA.

EQUAL TO THE BEST IMPORTED PORTLAND CEMENT.

SEND FOR CIRCULAR. Try this before buying elsewhere.

Refers by permission to Mr. A. J. West, President of Cherokee Iron Company, Polk county, Georgia, who has built a splendid dam across Cedar Creek, using this cement and pronouncing it the best he ever used. Also refer to Messrs. Smith Son & Bro., J. E. Veal, F. I. Stone, J. J. Cohen and Major Tom Berry, Rome, Georgia, Major H. Bryan, of Savannah, T. C. Douglas, Superintennt of Masonry, East River Bridge, New York.

Address, GEORGE H. WARING, *Kingston, Ga.*

Carriag & Wagon Making

JAMES H. & JOS. H. PRAVETT

Have now and will keep constantly on hand, Barouches, Buggies, Wagons, &c. manufactured of the best of timber and material, and in the most heat, durable and fashionable style. Orders for any particular style of work filled promptly, and every description of Repairing done with dispatch.

Finished work now on hand will be sold at remarkably low prices for cash. Long experience in the business, enables them to fulfil every promise made to patrons of neat and durable work. Their shop is located two miles south of Jacksonville.

May 22, 1875—1y.

THE STATE OF ALABAMA, Calhoun County.

Probate Court, Sept. 18th, 1876.

THIS day came S D McClelen, adm'r of the Estate of John Walker, deceased, and filed his account and vouchers for an annual settlement of said estate. It is ordered that the 8th day of November, 1876, be appointed a day on which to make such settlement, at which time all persons interested can appear and contest the said settlement if they think proper.

L. W. CANNON, Judge of Probate.

sep 30—3t.

Fall and Winter

GOODS.

KNOX & PARKS,

Broad Street, ROME, Ga.,

HAVING purchased the entire retail stock of W. T. McWilliams & Co. are now enabled to offer to purchasers and country merchants, a very complete assortment upon as good terms as can be obtained elsewhere.

Send orders, which will be promptly filled, or call and examine stock and prices while in Rome. sept. 29, 1876.

Notice.

UNDER and by virtue of an Order issued from the Probate Court of Calhoun county, State of Alabama, on the 7th day of October, 1876. I, J. M. Woodley, Administrator of the estate of W. G. Woodley, deceased, will sell at public outcry,

ON THE 8th DAY OF NOVEMBER, 1876,

At the late residence of said deceased, in said State and county, on the Gadsden road, about five miles west of Jacksonville, the following described Personal Property to-wit:

One Mule,
Twelve Sheep,
Cow and Calf,
Two Cows,
Ten head of Hogs,
Lot of Carpenter Tools,
Two-horse Wagon,
One Buggy,
Some Kitchen Furniture,
Farming Implements,
Plough Gear,
One Clock,
One Loom,
Cross-cut Saw,
Bee Hives, and a
Lot of Corn, &c. &c.

At the same time and place the late **Residence and Lands** of said deceased will be RENTED to the highest bidder.

TERMS OF SALE—All sums over ten dollars, on a credit of twelve months secured by note with good security, bearing interest from date. All other sums cash.

J. M. WOODLEY, Adm.

Oct. 14, 1876—4t.

DR. S. F. SMITH. E. E. SMITH.

S. F. SMITH & SON, Wholesale Grocers AND Liquor Dealers,

Smith's Block. ROME, GA.

Proprietors and General Agents for the

Steamer Mary Carter,

Upon which Goods shipped freight has been reduced full 20 per cent.

A good and roomy WAGON YARD in rear of their Block for the accommodation of Teamsters.

SMITH'S AROMATIC

STOMACH BITTERS.

These Bitters are a pleasant TONIC for persons suffering from loss of appetite, or weakness, and a never-failing Remedy for

Hunnicut & Bellingraths,

No. 12, Marietta st. ATLANTA, Ga

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN

Cooking and Heating Stoves, Ranges, Furnaces.

HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS,

Slate and Iron Mantels, Grates, Wrought Iron Pipe for Steam, Gas and Water, Gas Fixtures, Pumps, Rubber Hose, Steam Fittings, and Plumbers' Goods, Agents for Knowls Steam Pump. Plumbers, Steam & Gas Fitters, Coppersmiths, Galvanized Iron Workers, Cornice, Window Caps, Door Heads, Tin-Roofing; Contractors for Steam Heating, Manufacturers of Concrete Sewer and Drain Pipes. ap'l 22—6m.

Jacksonville Hotel.

West Side Square,

Jacksonville, Ala.

Is now prepared, to take care of Commercial Travelers, and other Gentlemen and Ladies. Comfortable rooms, polite and attentive servants and as good fare as our county affords.

A large room specially for Exhibiting samples of merchandise.

Board per day,	$2 00
" " week,	7 00
" " Meal,	50

We have also a LIVERY and FEED STABLE—Hacks, Wagons, Buggies, and Horses, always on hand. Call and see me. Respectfully,

J. D. HAMMOND, Pro.

April 22, 1876.

NEW HOTEL

CROSS PLAINS, ALA.

JUST OPENED and ready for the reception of travelers and the public generally. FARE the best the country affords. Charges moderate.

Remember I am in the Brick Building on the corner of the public square.

L. FERGUSON, PROPRIETOR.

Farm for Sale.

DESIRING to go West, I now offer for sale my Farm, lying on the public road leading from Jacksonville, Calhoun co via Goshen, to Centre, eight miles from the former place, containing two hundred acres, one hundred of which is under fence and in a good state of cultivation—fifteen or twenty acres well adapted to meadow—Perpetual stream of water running through the place—well timbered and convenient to good range—never failing well of good water in the yard—good frame dwelling and out houses. Will sell on good terms for cash, or half on credit of twelve months. Call and see me at once.

A. T. GREEN.

Aug. 19, 1876—tf.

Books, Stationery & Music.

E. A. SMITH,

ROME, GA.

WHOLESALE & RETAIL

Bookseller and Stationer,

AND DEALER IN

Pianos, Organs, Wall Paper, etc.

ALWAYS in stock, one of largest assortments of **School and Miscellaneous Books** in Northern Georgia, and at prices that will defy competition.

Orders through the mail will have prompt attention. Apl 22, 1876.

W. C. LAND, WATCH MAKER & Jeweller,

Jacksonville, Ala.

KEEPS constantly on hand fine Gold and Silver WATCHES, and fine and common JEWELRY, Silver and Plated ware—every thing kept in first class Jewelry store.

REPAIRING done in a good workmanlike manner, with every material on hand for dispatch. 1875—1y.

ABNER WILLIAMS,

WITH

STOLLENWERCK BROS.

Selma, Ala.

F. E. STOLLENWERCK & BROTHER,

MOBILE, ALA.

Cotton Factors *and* Commission Merchants,

D. HAMMOND.——R. D. WILLIAMS

HAMMOND & WILLIAMS,

WOULD respectfully announce to the citizens of Jacksonville and surrounding country, that they have formed a copartnership for the purpose of doing a general MERCHANTILE BUSINESS.

We now have in store and to arrive,

A GENERAL LINE OF

DRY GOODS, NOTIONS,

Ready Made Clothing, BOOTS & SHOES, HATS & CAPS,

Sugar, Coffee, Teas, Soda,

HARDWARE, QUEENSWARE, FLOUR and MEAL.

We hope for, and will endeavor to merit, a liberal share of patronage, by fair dealing, low prices, and genuine Goods.

Call and examine our Goods and prices.

CLOTHING AT COST for CASH, for 30 Days.

ALSO AGENTS FOR WINSHIP'S CELEBRATED COTTON GINS AND IRON PRESS, SCANTLIN'S SORGHUM MILLS AND EVAPORATORS, and SEVERAL RELIABLE FIRE INSURANCE CO'S.

Business solicited.

Jacksonville, July 15, 1876.—6m.



WOOL CARDING.

The undersigned respectfully informs the public that he will have his new carding machine in splendid order to commence carding about Sept. 15th, 1876. His carding machine is situated at Nisbet's mill, four miles north-west of Jacksonville.

PRICES FOR CARDING—Ten cents per pound where grease is furnished, or twelve and a half cents where it is not.

I have leased Mr. Nisbet's mill for three years, and have put all the machinery in excellent condition for making first class flour and meal.

Sep 9-4t M. L. RICHIE.

RICHARD WALKER,

Barber and Hair-Dresser.

FIRST door east of Maddox & Parr's Family Grocery. Give him a call and he will guarantee perfect satisfaction with his neat, complete and fashionable work.

Jacksonville, June 17, 1876—tf.

New Steam Cotton Gin and Saw Mill.

THE undersigned have just fitted up at Weavers Station on the Selma, Rome & Dalton Railroad, splendid new machinery for Ginning Cotton and Sawing Lumber. The Gin has a newly invented Condenser attached, by which all waste of cotton is avoided, and it samples better for market Cotton will be ginned for the sixteenth, and Lumber sawed upon the usual terms.

Give us a trial and you will be well pleased.

Messrs. Ledbetter keep at this point a full stock of Goods, and give the highest market price in cash for cotton, including remnants.

WILLIAM ADAMS,
ROBERT ADAMS.

Sept. 2, 1876—2m.

Trustee's Sale of House and Lot in the Town of Jacksonville, Ala.

UNDER and by virtue of a Deed of Trust executed to the undersigned by George Stipes and recorded on pages 350 and 351 of Book "F" of deeds in the office of Judge of Probate of Calhoun county, Alabama, I will proceed to sell on the 16th day of October, 1876, at Jacksonville, in said county, between the legal hours of sale, the following described property, to-wit:

West half of Lot No. twenty-nine, 29 in the original plan of the town of Jacksonville, Ala. in the Coosa Land District, in the state of Alabama, known and designated as the Stipes property, on the north east corner of the Public square.

A. J. LITTLE, Trustee.

Sep. 2—5t.

A. W. JONES. E. K. CARLISLE. H. H. STEWART.

H. H. STEWART & CO.

WHOLESALE

GROCERS,

Corner Water and Washington Streets,

SELMA, ALA.

Our Stock is LARGE, embracing all the Staple Articles to be found in the Wholesale Business. Our facilities for Buying and Selling are such, that we challenge competition.

Selma, Nov. 6, 1875—1y.

W. F. LYMAN T. S. BOWEN.

BOWEN & LYMAN, Wholesale Grocers

AND DEALERS IN

PRODUCE,

No. 5, Central Block,

WATER STREET,

SELMA, ALA.

Our prices are low and stock large, which will be kept constantly full of choice articles.

Nov. 1875—1y.

Merchants Look to your Interest.

TIN WARE at wholesale and retail at *ANTI WAR PRICES*, Made of best I X Tin.

Cooking Stoves

Best Philadelphia make

Good, Heavy and Durable.

Also a good lot of Stove Ware.

Roofing and Tin Guttering solicited

W. W. NESBIT.

Dec. 18, 1875—tf.

WYLY HOUSE.

South East Corner Public Square (OLD FORNEY CORNER)

JACKSONVILLE ALA.

HAVING made additional improvements for the comfort of guests we respectfully solicit a continuance of that patronage so liberally bestowed upon us for the past two years. It is our pride and intention to make it one of the best HOTEL'S to be found in any Village, and to make every one comfortable and their stay pleasant while with us. Every convenience given to commercial men for showing samples

Board	per day	$2 00
"	" week	9 00

Ayer's Cathartic Pills,

For all the purposes of a Family Physic; and for curing Costiveness, Jaundice, Indigestion, Foul Stomach, Breath, Headache, Erysipelas, Rheumatism, Eruptions and Skin Diseases, Biliousness, Dropsy, Tumors, Worms, Neuralgia; as a Dinner Pill, for purifying the Blood,



Are the most effective and congenial purgative ever discovered. They are mild, but effectual in their operation, moving the bowels surely and without pain. Although gentle in their operation, they are still the most thorough and searching cathartic medicine that can be employed: cleansing the stomach and bowels, and even the blood. In small doses of one pill a day, they stimulate the digestive organs and promote vigorous health.

AYER'S PILLS have been known for more than a quarter of a century, and have obtained a world-wide reputation for their virtues. They correct diseased action in the several assimilative organs of the body, and are so compounded that obstructions within their range can rarely withstand or evade them. Not only do they cure the every-day complaints of everybody, but also formidable and dangerous diseases that have baffled the best of human skill. While they produce powerful effects, they are, at the same time, the safest and best physic for children. By their aperient action they gripe much less than the common purgatives; and never give pain when the bowels are not inflamed. They reach the vital fountains of the blood, and strengthen the system by freeing it from the elements of weakness.

Adapted to all ages and conditions in all climates, containing neither calomel nor any deleterious drug, these Pills may be taken with safety by anybody. Their sugar-coating preserves them ever fresh and makes them pleasant to take; while being purely vegetable, no harm can arise from their use in any quantity.

PREPARED BY

Dr. J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass.,

Practical and Analytical Chemists.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS EVERYWHERE.

W. M. NISBET, Agent, Jacksonville, Ala.

NOTICE FARMERS!

W. D. BUSH & CO.

Having bought the right to manufacture and sell the celebrated

SANFORD PLOW

In the counties of Calhoun, Talladega and Cleburne, are now ready to supply the demand. These plows will be exhibited as rapidly as possible in the above counties, and farmers will find it to their interest not to purchase others before seeing them,

We claim, 1st, that they are the cheapest plow that has ever been offered in this country; 2nd, that being all iron (handles excepted) they are the most durable; 3rd, they are the most simple in construction; 4th, they can be adjusted to run deep, medium depth or shallow by the movement of only one bolt; 5th, the handles can be set to suit the tallest man or small boy by the movement of one bolt; 6th, the heel is constructed with a slot, so that the plow may be moved up or down to suit its length, thus avoiding the necessity and expense of laying—a short plow doing as good work as a long one; 7th, the shoulder and heel bolt are self-adjusting, and all your old plows will fit the stock. In short, it is the best and only universal Iron Plow Stock. Is not heavier than a common wood stock. Is perfectly durable, and has given entire satisfaction so far as tried. Price to suit the times; and a liberal discount made when plows are bought at our works three miles south of Alexandria, Calhoun county, Ala.

Sep 23—4t

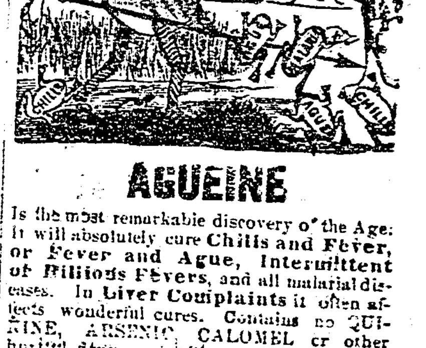
J. J. Cohen,



Rome, Georgia,

Keeps Constantly on hand the most celebrated and latest MILL MACHINERY, at Manufacturer's prices. Also, Importer of the Double Anchor Dutch Bolting Cloth, French Burr and Esopus MILL STONES. Double Turbine Water Wheel, and an assortment of Belting, &c. Dec. 30, '71.—1y.

Chills and Fever Cured for 50 Cents.



AGUEINE

Is the most remarkable discovery of the Age: it will absolutely cure **Chills and Fever, or Fever and Ague, Intermittent or Billious Fevers**, and all malarial diseases. In **Liver Complaints** it often affects wonderful cures. Contains no QUININE, ARSENIC, CALOMEL or other hurtful drug, and *will not injure* the most delicate person. It is not only the best but the cheapest remedy in the world.

PRICE, 50 CENTS A BOX.

AGUEINE is for sale in Jacksonville by Dr. W. M. NISBET, and dealers generally. Don't fail to give it a trial.

Prepared by RICHARDSON & CO., Brooklyn, N. Y.

Superior Seed Oats FOR SALE.

I have a quantity of superior Red Rust

POLITICAL NOTES.

..That which this republican administration dare not attempt in the state of Pennsylvania they are meanly doing in South Carolina, Mississippi and Louisiana.—*Pittsburgh Post.*

..We should not grow angry amidst jesting and bantering, for we make our selves enemies thereby; nor in discussions, because they then change into disputes; nor in instructing, because instruction then becomes our antipathy; nor in prosperity, because it adds to the envy with which others are filled.—*Plutarch.*

..We push away all stories of governor Tilden's railway wrecking and perjury and disloyalty as utterly unworthy of notice. He has been one of the first lawyers of the country, his services were in constant demand at his own terms, and he doubtless charged no more for them than other lawyers would have taken, if so much.—*Daily Graphic, Rep.*

..This warfare on the south thus inaugurated by Blaine has been taken up and echoed by Wheeler, Frye, Morton, Edmunds, Chandler, Carpenter, Colfax, Sargent, Booth and Sherman, not one of whom ever shouldered a musket and marched forth to the succor of the government in the hour of peril.—*Dallas Commercial.*

..Ben Butler takes his place on the platform of reform that governor Hayes has laid down for the party of Grant. He was nominated by the irrepressible reformers of the seventh Massachusetts district yesterday, and proceeded with characteristic impetuosity to lay onto the press. The general never had a good opinion of the newspapers since he discovered in them a forty-jackass-mud-throwing power, which discounts him by a good deal.—*Chicago Times.*

..Col. David Friedlander, one of the most influential German citizens of Albany, N. Y., late a republican, writes: "I have faith that the election of Samuel J. Tilden will carry terror to the hordes of dishonest government officers at Washington, and may cause the emigration of some of them to Europe to join Tweed and Connolly and company, whom Tilden helped more than any other man to drive out of place and power in New York city and bring to justice or exile."

..In St. Albans, Vt., at the recent election, the republican vote was seven hundred and forty-seven, against nine hundred and one in 1874, and the democratic vote was four hundred and eighty-seven, against two hundred and fifty-three in 1874. St. Albans is the place, be it remembered, where Mr. Wheeler made the mistake of flaunting the bloody-shirt. This might be said to be significant.—*Indianapolis News.*

..The amiable Washington Chronicle puts the sum and substance of radical campaign venom into this characteristic paragraph: "The honest men of Maine will prove by their votes to-morrow that they do not believe reform can possibly be found in an organization engineered by perjurers, swindlers, prize-fighters, cut throats, thieves and men who tried and are willing to renew their attempt to destroy the union."

..Could the people witness the cold bloodedness with which a bloody-shirt political campaign was chalked out by the republican managers, simply because it would tend to distract public attention from the pressing question of reform and prevent business from urging its present claims to consideration, the symptoms of their indignation would be too numerous and prompt to be withstood. Yet this very programme was written down as deliberately as an architect draws the plan of a house.

..Grant has under him an army of *ninety thousand* office-holders. Zach Chandler, the head devil of the administration and of the radical party, bleeds them freely to secure a corruption fund for the canvass. Just think of it. Ninety thousand at an average assessment of $50 each yields *four million five hundred thousand dollars;* and yet the cry of the radicals in Indiana, is "more money!"—*Richmond Whig.*

..This demonstration at Charleston is but a legitimate outgrowth of the iniquitous system of dragooning the southern states that, for partisan purposes, the administration has forced upon this section of the country. Assured of protection and aid in any effort, however revolutionary in its character, that would tend to bloodshed and riot, the radical negroes of the south have been urged to deeds of lawlessness of which this Charleston affair is a sample.—*Mobile Register.*

..With the record of the fraudulent returning board; with the history of every election in Louisiana since 1868; with the character of the republican leaders, and of Packard especially, before the people, no sane man can expect aught else than that Louisiana will be dragooned during the weeks preceding and on the day of election, with a horde of depraved scoundrels, invested with almost absolute license to subvert the integrity of the ballot by violence as well as by fraud. This may be and will be the influence of attorney general Taft's instructions in Louisiana.—*World.*

..Whether Mr. Adams is elected governor of Massachusetts or not his nomination will have an inspiring effect in the democratic national canvass. His consent to be put in this position is a conspicuous and emphatic indorsement of the leading name on the democratic ticket by the most eminent, capable and experienced of all our public men. Mr. Adams' indorsement will encourage and strengthen the democratic party in every state where it has any chance of success, and it will do more than any other event which has yet occurred to attract the support of independent voters.—*Herald.*

..Canadian Ponies on Sable Island.—When measures were first taken to furnish Sable Island with means of sustenance for shipwrecked sailors it was found that the solitary shrub which that mass of shifting sand produces could not support life in any of the animals placed there, except the small shaggy Canadian pony. After a time this species grew wild and could only be caught in trenches overlaid with boughs and straws. Their method of procuring water was peculiar. They followed their leader, a stallion, to the strand and there dug wells with their hoofs in the sand near the water. The water which gradually oozed through was perfectly fresh.

..The Times' charges were completely answered by the full records on which it raided with its familiar "sham sample trick." It was shown that in 1862 Mr. Tilden paid the full revenue tax on all that he earned in 1862, and that was all that every other citizen did or paid. At the same time, it was shown that the Times' inspirers were the same dirty gang that put up a job of perjury on speaker Kerr—a job which was exposed so as to blister its authors with everlasting infamy, but which, all the same, hastened Mr. Kerr into his grave. Since then the Times' continued investment in the slander has only been important as evincing the bondage under which a journal is held, by the necessities of the case, when once it surrenders itself to a career of calumny, slander, forgery and lying.—*Brooklyn Eagle.*

..It is a significant and startling fact that in this canvass the republican leaders, stumpspeakers and newspapers have utterly ceased to discuss the general character and conduct of their party since 1865. Of what its courts, its congress and its executive have been doing since the latter date, they are silent. On not a single official act of Hayes since the war do they ask one vote for him. Whoever reads the New York Times sees nothing in the canvass but political calumny against governor Tilden's private life and character. Against the democracy nothing material is charged but in respect to the dead issues of the war, or in respect to the relation which the democratic party is alleged to have borne to the southern states from 1860 to 1865! The little that a few republicans now and then say of civil-service reform is a confession that their party has been incompetent to deal with it. The republican canvass is confined to "the bloody-shirt" and vile abuse to governor Tilden.—*World.*

..Senator Bayard in his recent speech at the New Jersey democratic convention made the following telling point:

When the expenses of this government are paid, by whom are they contributed? Look at your lists—see where your internal revenue comes from in 1875:

Virginia	$7,546,249
Kentucky	8,831,640
Missouri	3,730,344

while from the whole five New England states the internal revenue is only $2,771,014. Upon these states the government relies for the means to meet its just obligation to the creditor. Are you so rich that you can disregard these figures, and do you wish to discard the aid of your southern brethren? Give to the people of Louisiana, Mississippi and the Carolinas the peace of the law, and they will speedily join the other southern states in a common contribution that will go far to relieve the present burdens of taxation, while a continuance of the system of the republican party will soon leave the people of all these states, without revenue, a burden upon the federal government. Why, then, will you support a party who seeks to array the northern states in a body against them? John Milton, one of liberty's chief apostles, cried in his day, what can war but endless war breed?" And I ask you, 'what can come of this hostile array of the sections of the republic, this deliberate renewal of hostilities by the republican party?"

JERE BLACK ON HAYES.

Hon. Jere Black, in a recent letter addressed to Mr. Garfield, in reply to his speech in congress in reply to Mr. Lamar, of Mississippi, shows what it takes to make a reformer, and demonstrates very clearly that Gov. Hayes is not the man, nor his party the sort of support a reformer should have. Mr. Black said:

You would have us believe that Hayes, if elected, will reform abuses and give us a pure administration. Your statement, and that of other gentlemen equally reliable, make it certain that Mr. Hayes bears an irreproachable character in all his private relations. I do not doubt his possession of that negative honesty which it is a disgrace to want. I accord him those tame household virtues which entitle him to the respect of his neighbors and the confidence of his family; but he can no more stem the torrent of republican corruption than he can swim against the rapids of Niagara. His whole history shows that he would not even make an effort to do so. He has been most happily called "a man of tried subserviency."

A reformer in these times must be made of stern material. He must have no connection with, and be under no obligation to, the authors of the abuses which need reform. Above all things, he must not have consented expressly or impliedly to the commission of the public wrongs which his duties as a reformer would require him to punish. Where he comes to oppose wickedness in high places the consciousness that he himself is *in pari delicto* will make even a strong man as nerveless as infancy.

To show how hard it would be for a man like Mr. Hayes to resist the worst orders of his own party, I must cite a case directly in point, and certainly within your recollection as well as mine.

In the case of Milligan, you made an eloquent and powerful speech before the supreme court for those free principles which I, at the same time, supported in my weaker way. You showed the indestructible right of every citizen to a legal trial; you proved that *Magna Charta* did not perish on the battle field; you demonstrated by irresistible logic that the constitution was as supreme after the war as it was before; you spurned with lofty contempt the brutal idea that law was extinguished by the victory of the forces called out to defend it; and you closed with that grand peroration on the Goddess of Liberty, which, if spoken at Athens in the best days of her "fierce democratic," would have "shook the arsenal and fulminated over Greece." These were not the words of a paid advocate, for you had volunteered in the case; nor the sudden emotions of a neophyte, for you had read and pondered the subject well. You spoke the deliberate conclusions of your mind, and there is no doubt that in your heart of hearts you believe them to be true this day.

Yet when the reconstruction law was proposed you suffered yourself to be whipped in, surrendered your conscience to your party, and voted against your recorded convictions, for a measure that nullified every provision of the constitution, whereby ten millions of people were deprived of rights which you knew to be sacred and inalienable.

If this was the case, what subserviency may not be expected from Mr. Hayes, when the party lash comes to be laid on his back? You are his superior in every quality that holds a man true to public duty. You have been carefully schooled in the morality of the new testament, you have lived all your life in the full blaze of the gospel, you are gifted with a logical acumen which few can boast, and with moral courage far above the average. If you fell down before the moloch of abolitionism, and gave up all principle at once, what act of worship will Hayes deny to that grim idol?

SITUATION AT CHARLESTON.

Charleston News and Courier.

"The negroes who were engaged in the turbulent scenes of last week, or who sympathize with the persons who are responsible for them, were no less insolent and defiant yesterday than on the days before, although of actual violence there was comparatively little. In the meantime the whites, compacted together by the stern necessities of the times, rest, so to speak, upon their arms, and are fixed in the purpose, come what may, to maintain the position in which circumstances and a due regard for their public rights and personal dignity have placed them. This position is broader and larger than that which they held when the lawless acts of Wednesday were done. Almost insensibly the situation has changed, and to-day the white citizens are banded together to defend themselves against the insults and open attacks of the radical negroes, as well as to protect the colored people who have had the independence and good sense to become members of the democratic party. Out of this last purpose, the original cause of the present form of organization among the whites, has grown the necessity for that constant vigilance on the part of the whites which, up to this time, has been their sole defense against the aggression and violence of the blacks."

THE HIGH AND THE HANDY STYLE.

Francis Jeffrey, the celebrated critic, had, even in conversation, an artificial style and language, which were fit only for books and a small circle of learned friends. His diction and pronunciation, it is said, were unintelligible to the mass of his countrymen, and in the house of commons offensive and ridiculous. An anecdote told in illustration of this peculiarity strikingly shows the superiority of simple to highflown language in the practical business of life. In a trial, which turned upon the intellectual competency of a testator, Jeffrey asked a witness (a plain countryman) whether the testator was a "man of intellectual capacity?" "an intelligent, shrewd man?" "a man of capacity?" "Had he ordinary mental endowments?" "What d'ye mean, sir?" asked the witness. "I mean," answered Jeffrey, "was the man of sufficient ordinary intelligence to qualify him to manage his own affairs?" "I dinna ken," replied the chafed and mystified witness, "wad ye say the question over again, sir?" Jeffrey being baffled, Cockburn took up the examination. He said: "Ye kenned, Tammas?" "On ay, I kenned Tammas weel; me and him herded together when we were laddies." "Was there anything in the cretur?" "De'il a thing but what the spoon put into him." "Would you have trusted him to sell a cow for you?" "A cow? I would na' trusted him to sell a calf." Had Jeffrey devoted a review article to the subject he could not have given a more vivid idea of the testator's incapacity to manage his own affairs."

A MOUND BUILDER'S PIPE.

Courier-Journal.

A very interesting relic of the mound builders in the shape of a rudely-carved stone pipe came into the possession recently of one of our antiquaries. This is evidently an owl, and is not very dissimilar to the stone representation of that bird unearthed last year by Prof. Schliemann in his excavations at ancient Troy. The specimen found here is about ten inches in height, weighs about eleven pounds and is made from a semi-hard rock. The bowl and orifice for the stem are perfect, and are peculiar from the circumstance of there being carving inside of both.

..The Augusta mule, that had been ailing for several months and was finally killed about six weeks ago by being struck with two bolts of lightning, got up day before yesterday and ambling painfully into the office of the Augusta paper, demanded the name of the editor who had stated that infamous lie about his death.—*Hawkeye.*

STERLING ADVICE TO A YOUNG WOMAN ABOUT TO MARRY.

Newark Advertiser.

The young woman said her lover was coming on in the midnight train and she was going on with him to the next station to be married. Whereupon the old lady said she had much experience in the "marrying business," and would give the young lady some advice, and here is what she said:

"Well, child, never marry a railroader, for he is liable to get killed at any time. Besides he has such a nice chance to flirt.

"Never marry a military man, for he's liable to go to war and get shot. Besides, his gorgeous clothes attract the attention of the women.

"Never marry a hotel-keeper. My first husband was a hotel-keeper and fell through the elevator opening and broke his darned skull. It riles me when I think of that man.

"Never marry a travelling man, for he's always away from hum. Nobody knows what these men are up to when they are away from hum.

"Never marry a steamboater. My second husband was a steamboat captain, and got blowed into 4,000,000 pieces, blast him! I always get terribly mad when I think of that man.

"Never marry a dry goods man. Dyes in cloths is so injurious. They never live half their days.

"Never marry a grocer. They have such dirty hands. My third husband was a grocer, and such hands as he'd have was 'nuf to sicken a body. He was killed by a molasses barrel fallin' on him. When I think of him I'm completely disgusted.

"Never marry a carpenter. My fourth husband was a carpenter, and fell off a scaffold and was smashed to a jelly. May his soul sleep in peace.

"Never marry a machinist. My fifth husband was a machinist. I'll never forget the day he was brought home on a board. I didn't recognize him. A belt had come off a pulley and hit him plum in the face, and spread his nose all over his countenance. I promised him on his dyin' bed I'd never marry another machinist."

Just then the train rolled in, and the old lady asked:

"Child, what business is your lover in?"

"Insurance business."

"Oh, mercy! You don't mean to marry him! My sixth husband was an assurance——"

But the young lady was gone to meet her lover.

..The following anecdote is submitted to professional gentlemen who give evidence before coroners' juries: A witness for the prosecution in a murder case was thus questioned by his honor: "You say you saw the man shot at and killed?" "Yes, sir." "You said, I think, that the charge struck the deceased on his body between the diaphragm and the duodenum?" Witness—"No, sir: I didn't say no such thing. I said he was shot between the hog-pen and the wood house."—*Cincinnati Gazette.*

THE SMALL FRUIT AND ORNAMENTAL NURSERY branch of Messrs. Craig & Co. has grown to fine proportions. They have opened a large Fruit farm a few miles South of Memphis, and will be fully prepared to supply the good people around the city with choicest fruits; they have also opened an Experimental Farm on the M. & C. R. R., where they are now plowing in a luxuriant growth of Pea Vine, using the No. 2 Prairie Plow with land side cutter, preparatory to sowing Fall Grasses. Messrs. Craig & Co. have given the GRASS QUESTION considerable thought, and are fully prepared to give their customers correct ideas how to get a start in Grasses.

An Educated Lady

or gentleman desiring to devote a few hours each day to a light, active business can clear from $1 to $2 per hour, by showing a new publication that every one wants and taking subscriptions therefor. For full particulars write to J. B. Ford & Co., New York.

Chapped hands, face, pimples, ring, worm, saltrheum, and other cutaneous affections cured and rough skin made soft and smooth, by using Juniper Tar Soap. Be careful to get only that made by Caswell, Hazard & Co. New York, as there are many imitations made with common tar, all of which are worthless.

See advt of Ladies Floral Cabinet. It is the most beautiful magazine in America.

THERE is no disease flesh is heir to more trouble some to manage than rheumatism. It comes when you least expect it, and generally remains till it gets ready to go away. The most conspicuous remedy for this complaint is Johnson's Anodyne Liniment.

Two or three doses of Sheridan's Cavalry Condition Powders will cure a horse of any common cough or cold and the very worst cases may be cured in a few weeks. We know this from experience.

A GREAT INVENTION

has been made by DR. TUTT, of New York, which restores youthful beauty to the hair. That eminent chemist has succeeded in producing a Hair Dye which imitates nature to perfection. Old bachelors may now rejoice.

GENERAL MARKET REVIEW

LOUISVILLE.

Flour firm; family, $4 50. Wheat firm; red. $1. Corn dull, 52a53c. Oats firmer, 33a36c. Pork buoyant, $17. Bulk meat 7a9c. Bacon, 7½a11½c. Sugar cured hams, 15½c. Lard steady. Whisky $1.07.

CINCINNATI.

Flour quiet but firm. Wheat steady, with a fair demand; red, 90a$1 05. Corn in fair demand, 46a47c. Oats in good demand, 31a38c. Pork easier, $16a16 25. Lard in fair demand; closing at 10½c. Bulk meats, 7a9½c. Bacon, 7½a11½c. Whisky, $1.07.

ST. LOUIS.

Flour firmer for superfine, fine and sound medium extras, but prices unchanged. Wheat firmer for best grades but higher for others; No. 2 red winter, $1.17½. Corn inactive and lower, at 41c. Oats firmer, at 31c for No. 2. Whisky, $1.08. Lard steady at 10½c. Bulk meats, 6a9½c. Bacon 8½a12c. Hogs lower, $5 15a6 25.

NEW ORLEANS.

Flour, $4.75a6 25. Corn in fair demand; yellow, 60c. Oats in fair demand; Galena higher, 50c. Cornmeal, $2 50. Hay—prime, $16. Pork—lower, $17 50a18. Lard, 11a11½c. Bulk meats—shoulders, 7½c. Bacon, 8½a11½c. Sugar cured hams, 15½a16c. Whisky—choice western, $1.11a1.15.

COTTON MARKETS.

New Orleans—Middling 11c.
Mobile—Middling 10½c.
Savannah—Middling 10½c.
Charleston—Middling 10½c.
Memphis—Middling 11c.

Purebred Calves, Chester White, Berkshire and Yorkshire Pigs, Scotch Sky, and Shepherd pups, Fowls and Pigeons of the finest imported strains, bred and for sale by Francis Morris, Morton, Del. Co., Pa. Send for Circular.

$8 a Day to Agts. Sample free H. Albert, Boston, Ms

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ASTHMA The only sure remedy. Trial package free. L. SMITHNIGHT, Cleveland, O.

76 Mixed or 25 Chromo visiting cards, with name, 25c. Agents wanted. E. MYERS, Po'keepsie, N.Y.

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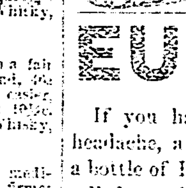
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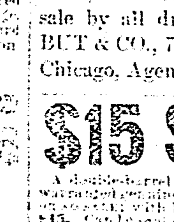
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One Grand Cash Gift		$100,000
One Grand Cash Gift		50,000
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One Grand Cash Gift		20,000
One Grand Cash Gift		10,000
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50 Cash Gifts of	$1,000 each	50,000
100 Cash Gifts of	500 each	50,000
100 Cash Gifts of	400 each	40,000
100 Cash Gifts of	300 each	30,000
200 Cash Gifts of	200 each	40,000
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Total, 11,156 Gifts, All Cash		600,000

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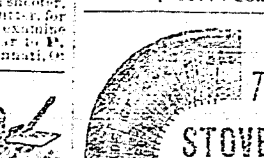
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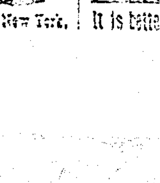
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We, the undersigned Physicians, have known Smith's Green Mountain Renovator since its first introduction to the public, years since—have used it in our practice and families—have been eye witnesses, as it were, of its efficacy in the cure of the diseases which before had baffled remedial agencies, and do hereby bear willing testimony to all that is claimed for it through certificates or general advertisements: G. W. Nichols, M. D., St. Albans, Vt.; R. R. Sherman, M. D., St. Albans, Vt.; S. R. Day, Vt.; Allen Plant, M. D., St. Albans, Vt.; D. J. Merrill, M. D., Swanton, Vt.; G. H. Plumley, M. D., Montpelier, Vt.; G. W. Brush, Cambridge, Vt.; L. J. Dyer, M. D., Milton, Vt.; B. Fairchilds, M. D., Milton, Vt.; A. G. Brush, M. D., Fairfax, Vt.; Chas. Coley, M. D., Waterville, Vt.; Chas. Winooski, Vt.; R. L. Flagg, M. D., Cambridge, Vt.; H. P. Blair, M. D., Georgia, Vt. For certificates see circulars. Sold by all druggists. Wholesale Western Agents, H. A. HURLBUT & CO., 75 and 77 Randolph St., Chicago, Ill.

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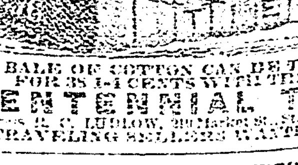
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VOLUME 4

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A SPANISH capitalist advoca connection of Africa and Europ tunnel under the straits of G He desires to obtain for the e $20,000,000, and says that, wi tunnel and the one between Cal Dover completed, the railroad co might soon be advertising tha would take passengers from Lo Calcutta "without change of cars

Jacksonville Republican.

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VOLUME 40. JACKSONVILLE, ALABAMA, SATURDAY, OCTOBER 28, 1876. WHOLE NO. 2063.

The Republican.

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PRENTICE MULFORD writes from the centennial that "there is a certain species of irritation in perpetually running afoul of George Washington—everywhere —George Washington on canvass—in oil —in water colors—on village tavern signs—George W. in marble—in terra cotta, India rubber—gutta percha—in tallow, wax, stearine, gum, soap—in iron, brass and bronze—in sewing machine work, wire work, hair work—and always George Washington, no matter how hot, no matter how cold the weather—G. W. with that monotonously serene father-of-his-country face—and G. W. doing nothing but standing for a perpetual model of greatness and benevolence."

A SPANISH capitalist advocates the connection of Africa and Europe by a tunnel under the straits of Gibraltar. He desires to obtain for the enterprise $20,000,000, and says that, with this tunnel and the one between Calais and Dover completed, the railroad companies might soon be advertising that they would take passengers from London to Calcutta "without change of cars."

"TILDEN AND REFORM."

[Will S. Hays' National Campaign Song and Chorus.]

Come all ye jolly democrats, let each man raise his voice;
The time has come for every man to let his heart rejoice;
We'll gather round the good old flag, with hearts both true and warm,
And give three honest rousing cheers for Tilden and reform.

CHORUS:

Three cheers for Tilden, three for Hendricks, too;
Stand by the good old flag, the red, white and blue.
Three cheers for Tilden, three for Hendricks, too;
Stand by the good old flag, the red, white and blue.

Come, let us live as once we lived—obey our country's laws,
The constitution as it is, the union as it was;
We'll take the democratic ship and bravely face the storm,
And land her safe in port again, with Tilden and reform.

Come, strike now, while the iron's hot. Remember Washington.
The work of honest government has earnestly begun;
Let's shout aloud to all the world, and give the wild alarm
To let them know the people are for Tilden and reform.

Come, rally round the same old flag, that won the world's applause,
When Jackson fought at New Orleans, and honest men made laws;
Unchain the bird of liberty to soar above the storm,
God bless our country, let us shout, for Tilden and reform.

Come, now's the time, 'twere better far we all sleep in our graves
Than to submit to men who've made us nothing but their slaves;
Let liberty lift up her eyes to Heaven and raise her arm
And say, "Thank God, the country's safe, through Tilden and reform.

WHAT THE REPUBLICAN PARTY COSTS.

Extract from Baltimore Speech of Hon. Montgomery Blair.

We are not now called upon to decide which has been the better man, or which has been the better party in the past, but only which candidate and which party suits the present emergency. The partisan republican asks votes for his party candidate, because his party carried the country through the late civil war, preserved the union, and emancipated the slave; while the partisan democrat claims your suffrage because his party carried the country through the war of 1812, made all our vast acquisitions of territory, has maintained the constitution, and conducted the government honestly and frugally during three-fourths of our history. The independent voter will say: Your arguments are good as far as they go, but they do not touch the question of the day. This the hour of calamity. A paralysis is upon the country. Business of every kind is ruined. Capital is locked up, and the laborer is idle. What your several party candidates have done in the past and what may be their merit, except as it adapts them to rescue the people from present wretchedness and to restore them prosperity, is nothing to the purpose of the present inquiry. We start our inquiries with the conceded fact that the financial condition of the country is deplorable, and that it has become so under the managment of the republican party. Hence upon that party devolves the responsibility. The vast expenditures and the heavy taxation which have actually exceeded the earnings of the people since the war, and which have swept away all the treasury accumulations of such vast numbers, have been made and imposed by the republican party. The great frauds of the credit-mobilier ring, of the whisky ring and of the ten thousand other rings which have preyed upon the people and robbed them of sums of more than sufficient to have paid off the public debt, have grown up and been fostered during the sway of this party. The enormous frauds are not disputed, and the only excuse attempted for the extravagant expenditure by which the country has been ruined is that the war occasioned it, and that the democrats are responsible for the war. The answer is, that the money was not expended in carrying on the war; that the public debt, created ostensibly for that purpose, was enhanced enormously by the fraudulent contracts given for mere party and personal objects. And this answer is demonstrated to be true by tables of expenditure, which I submit, and which I have derived from the official reports. The first shows the entire expenditure prior to, during and since the war. The second compares the expenditure before and since the war in branches of the service not effected by the war. The first reveals the startling fact that Grant's seven years of administration has already cost nearly as much as was expended for all purposes during the seventy-one years which preceded the advent of the republicans to power, and the second shows that his expenses in branches of the service having no relation to the war are more than three times greater than the same service cost in 1861.

It is not necessary to show that this money has been applied to expand the army of officeholders to a force of eight hundred thousand or a million of men, an organized, active, willing and thoroughly disciplined body of unquestioning partisans, or to expose in detail how that large sums are taken from the treasury and applied to the control of elections in the interest of the dominant party, under the form of contracts given to partisans, or upon which a bonus is paid for such uses. The immense expenditure itself implies corruption, and shows it to be the systematic policy of the party. Details as to the manner in which this is accomplished would not make the proof more convincing. This proposition is also confirmed by statement No. 3, to which I now call attention, contrasting the amount of the revenue in 1866 with the revenue in 1874-5, and the cost of collecting it. This table shows that it now costs near a million more than in 1866 to collect two hundred and twenty million less revenue. There could be no reason for increasing the number and pay of those engaged in collecting one-half the amount of revenue, but to increase the electioneering organizations. But the fourth statement, which I now submit, showing that the expenses of the government rise immensely at every presidential election, and showing that it has added nearly forty millions to the miscellaneous and Indian expenses alone, to carry the last three elections for the radicals, makes the system by which they operate about as plain as if we had receipts in the treasury from their campaign committee in Pennsylvania and other contested states. The deficiency of receipts from internal revenue for the presidential year of 1868-69, as contrasted with the preceding year, amounting to nearly thirty-three million, and as contrasted with the succeeding year, amounting to more than twenty-seven and a half millions, tells the same story. Hence Bristow's determination to break up the whiskey-ring and the system by which thirty-three millions were diverted from the treasury in presidential years rendered him an unavailable candidate at Cincinnati. The fifth statement contrasts the army expenses of the last presidential year with the years preceding and succeeding, and shows that that election added eleven millions to the account. Add to this the loss of internal revenue shown to occur in the presidential election, more than thirty-three millions, and the increased expenditure charged to the account of miscellaneous and Indian expense in those years, and we can trace in these three items alone an application of about fifty-five millions of public money to the election of a radical president. The centralizing policy avowed by the radical party involves enormous taxation and expenditure, and breeds corruption necessarily; and while I myself felt it necessary to act with that party in maintaining the union, now that there is not a disunionist in the land, the occasion has long since passed when the agency of such a party could be useful, and we are now suffering from the abuses which its consolidating and despotic tendencies necessary entail. These are the essentials of its existence. No one who at all comprehended the philosophy of parties could ever have thought it possible that Secretary Bristow should be nominated at Cincinnati. I told his friends long before the convention that he had not the slightest chance of a nomination there, and that he altogether misconceived the spirit and genius of his party. Without the use of enormous sums of money in the elections, the chiefs of that party know that it could not be sustained for an hour. We have not General Hayes' answer to Kilpatrick's letter informing him that nothing short of the bloody shirt and money could carry Indiana for him; but we do know that General Hayes' partisans are responding by pouring in the money which they are collecting from the office-holders and contractors in enormous sums. Nor has General Hayes publicly remonstrated against Kilpatrick's proposition, nor against the manner in which it is being responded to by his partisans. He understands better than Bristow the spirit of his party, and General Kilpatrick and his party understand him.

AN UNPLEASANT SUBJECT.

Chicago Times.

It should not be forgotten that while Gov. Tilden has given to the country a clear, comprehensive and conclusive explanation of every item in the charges brought by the Hayesite organs against him, and has proved a record in his dealings with the government as clear as the sun, Gov. Hayes, on the other hand, has made no effort to clear up the dark features of his tax history, as revealed in the exposition furnished by the special commissioner of the Times. He or some friend of his has, it is true, undertaken to show that his watches were dummies, and his horses and carriages of a quality that justified him in returning them at forty or fifty dollars a piece, and that he gave notes to the Fremont library to the amount of $6,000; but there is still an unexplained and apparently unexplainable sum of $14,000 in bonds of the city of Toledo, besides unsatisfied mortages to the amount of about $6,500 upon which he has evaded taxation, while deliberately swearing that he had listed all his taxable property. The account stands about in this way:

Property in Hayes' possession upon which no returns is made:	
HAYES' MORTGAGES—NOT RETURNED.	
In 1871.....	$2,000 00
In 1875.....	5,540 29
In 1876.....	6,140 29
And Toledo bds	14,250 00
BISCHARD'S MORTGAGES NOT DELIVERED.	
In 1871	$4,031 00
In 1875.....	1,220 00
In 1876.....	200 00

Credits in Gov. Hayes' possession as sworn to by him:	
MONEYS IN POSSESSION OR ON DEPOSIT.	
In 1874.....	$100
In 1875.....	200
In 1876	500
VALUE OF ALL CREDITS.	
In 1874	None
In 1875	None
In 1876	None

Furthermore, there are grave suspicions that Hayes evaded the payment of just dues to the federal government, as well as to the state of Ohio. The amount to which the treasury was defrauded on account of income tax by Hayes is not known, for the very conclusive reason that his friends in the internal revenue department flatly refuse to permit an examination of the books for the purpose of getting at the exact figures. A formal request was made by a representative of the Times at Cincinnati, for the privilege of exploring this income tax fraud, but it was denied; and the demand of a leading member of congress from New York, addressee directly to the commissioner of internal revenue, has been ignored, and remains unanswered. This policy of silence and suppression on the part of Hayes' friends can only be understood as a confession that the record will not bear examination. There is a manifest fitness in the presentation of Hayes, an admitted tax-evader, as the presidential candidate of Grant and the faction who have just emptied the Chicago jail of its whisky-ring tenants. But the people who are looking to the coming presidential election as the possible starting-point for a new era of administration honesty, will not take kindly to the ticket whose head is apparently unable personally to present a straight account with the tax department of the government, and whose most enthusiastic supporters are of the class of Grant, Babcock and Hesing.

MODERN BECKY SHARPS.

From Celia Logan's New York Letter to the San Francisco Call.

In New York at present Becky Sharp is omnipresent. She assumes many characters, but like some popular actors, is the same in all. Her soft hands have confidingly pawed the coat sleeves of every man we know. Boarding houses are the chosen field of operations of the Becky Sharp of to-day, in American life at least. She may appear as an unprotected orphan, whose only brother has gone to China on business; as a widow, whose poor, dear husband sleeps beneath the daisies in some far Western village; as a wife, whose husband has had to go to the Mediterranean for his health, or to Montana as a commercial traveller; as a demure young lady, who is in the city only for the purpose of studying music with an eminent professor, and who sings in some choir on Sundays; as a middle-aged lady, whose husband (a judge on the Pacific coast) has sent her east to be treated for a chronic disease of the nerves; as an unhappy maiden, who cannot live at home with her cruel step-mother; as an artist, who always has the same unfinished picture on her easel; as a writer for the press, waiting to have her story accepted; as a music teacher, who hopes to get some pupils next week, &c., but in all cases she is the same Becky Sharp. There are two things she seldom, if ever forgets. The first is a punctuality of payment which wins the heart of the landlady; the second, an ultra respectability and prosperity which command the respect of her fellow-boarders. She takes care to dress elegantly, but does not neglect to explain that "dear hubby" has sent her that fine camel's-hair shawl or "brother Will" has presented her with the costly watch and chain, or she has received her new set of pearls and diamonds from "dearest mamma," or timely remittances from beloved relatives have enabled her to procure her superb spring outfit. With such gushing confidences she nips the early growth of that most inconvenient of queries, "Where does she get them?"

Often, after dinner, you will hear her sweet voice singing in the parlor, especially if there are well-to-do bachelors in the house; but on such occasions she always prefers to have at least two or three persons present, and the door must be open; no quiet *tete-a-tetes* for her; she knows that they give rise to whispers, which may grow to scandals. She will go to the theater or opera if her dear friend, Mrs. X——, will go along. At table she blushes if such horrid things as the Beecher case are talked of. On Sunday she makes a point of not simply going to church, but of incidentally mentioning at dinner that she has done so.

Whatever else she may do or avoid doing, there is one purpose of which the unmarried Becky Sharp never loses sight—that is, catching a husband. She prefers an elderly man, who has already made his fortune, rather than a young one who has it yet to make—not because she is mercenary, or for the still better reason that "there's no fool like an old fool," but, as she naively argues, because the farmer is "more staid and quiet, having sown his wild oats and settled down." It is not often, when she makes a "dead-set" at a victim, that he escapes. An innocent girl has no chance at all against her, and even a widow cannot afford to give her a single point in the game. After she is married her husband may notice, with some surprise, how many gentlemen give her partial or entire recognitions on the street, but he need not hope to find any old letters or make any discoveries which will enlighten him. Becky is too smart to be caught.

..The old probverb about having too many irons in the fire is an abominable old lie. Have all in, shovel, tongs and poker.—*Adam Clarke.*

AN INDIAN'S LAST SHOT.

Still Fighting After Both Legs and a Shoulder Had Been Broken.

From the Black Hills Pioneer.

On Monday morning, August 21st, four white men, while out hunting two miles from Deadwood, killed a deer, and while they were skinning it, one of them saw an Indian approaching them, leading his pony. He was probably trying to surprise them, but, being uncertain of their exact position, he had approached too near, and they discovered him first. One of the party snatched up his shot-gun, loaded with buck shot, and fired both barrels, bringing down the Indian and his pony. The confident manner in which the Indian had walked towards them had led them to believe that he was supported by a number of others, and so they quickly retreated toward Deadwood for reinforcements. A party started out to scout the country, and, on reaching the spot where the deer lay the men saw the Indian by the side of his pony, and, thinking him dead, they rushed forward. The action was fatal to one of the party, for a shot from the Indian's rifle struck him in the heart. A volley from the others killed the Indian instantly, however, and the body was quickly surrounded by the white men. The Indian had been almost riddled with buck shot, one shoulder and both legs having been broken, yet he had managed to bandage his legs and to take unerring aim with his wounded arm. Knowing that his life would be taken without doubt, he had prepared to sell it as dearly as possible, and, lying on his back, he rested his rifle on his wounded legs and shot dead the foremost of his assailants. In his mouth was another cartridge ready to reload. His rifle was the best and latest breech-loading arm issued to the army in 1875, and it was probable that he had obtained it in the Custer or Reno fight, since an old bullet mark in the grip of the stock showed that it had been in action.

HOW THE SIOUX FIGHT.

It awakens a very lively interest in the topographical features of the country, when you know that any hill or ravine may conceal a party of the enemy. There is little rear or front in the usual Indian fight. In fact it is all front, for they circulate on all sides, and shoot from every point which offers a place of concealment. When the Sioux attacked Gen. Crook in the valley of the Rosebud, just before the Custer disaster, the fire opened in the rear, front and flanks, within five minutes of the time the first shots were heard. There are no non-combatants in such an affair. One place is as safe or unsafe as another, and every man who has a gun goes in to use it if he wishes to save his scalp. It is entirely a mistake, however, that only the cavalry are of use in Indian fighting. The infantry carrying rifles which shoot closer and further than the cavalry carbine, have driven the Indians from positions which cavalry were unable to carry. These savages understand the difference between the infantry and cavalry gun as well as the men who carry them; but they will make a bold stand against both. Artillery, however, is the thing that demoralizes them. Let a shell explode among a lot of rocks in which they have been making a stand against the musketry, and there will not an Indian remain a moment longer than is sufficient for him to jump and run. Brave as the Sioux are, and they are the bravest of their race, they will never stand against field guns; but, with small arms alone, it is the opinion of officers here who have fought them, that it requires man to man to thoroughly thrash them. This may seem strange talk to people who have been accustomed to believe that one white man was equal to any three Indians, but I give the opinion of gentlemen of unquestioned courage who are thoroughly acquainted with the Sioux.—*Cor. New York Times.*

THE INTIMIDATORS INTIMIDATED

From the Marion Star.

A number of the South Carolina cotton strikers went to a field last week in which a stalwart son of Ham was working, and accosted him about how much he received, when the following dialogue took place:

Strikers—Say, Nat, what do you git for dat dar work you doin'?

Nat—Look here, niggers, tell me, are you ready to meet yo' God?

Strikers—No foolin' Nat; what dese buckra pay you for dis work?

Nat—I'm not foolin', nudder; tell me, niggers, are you ready to meet yo' God?

Strikers—See here, Nat, we come to stop dis workin' for nothin', so you get to stop dat work 'mediately and go wid us.

Nat—'Fore God, niggers, you flingin' graveyard dirt on yo'self, and if you ain't ready to meet yo' God, leave here, for de fust nigger puts his hand on me, dat nigger'll wake up in hell.

Nat worked on.

..Discussion between a wise child and its tutor: "That star you see up there is bigger than this world." "Noit isn't." "yes it is." "Then why doesn't it keep the rain off?"

THE GEYSERS OF CALIFORNIA.

California Cor. Louisville Courier-Journal.

After tea, accompanied by the old German guide, we armed ourselves with stout Aldine staves, and went down the ravine at the side of the house to the springs. A gulch only a few feet wide, and some half a mile long, contains steam, smoke, boiling springs of all colors, and rocks covered by salts and minerals of various hues. Copperas, alum, and sulphur lie in thick powder around some of the springs, and cinnabar and magnesia color the ground under our feet. We passed all the weird places which have been so many times described; sat in the devil's high places, were entertained in his office, and feasted on tea, bean porridge, and hot lemonade. We walked over ground from which steam was spurting, and which was so hot it burnt our shoes; the steam keeps puffing from the subterranean engines, and some day the boiler will burst and scatter these rocks and visitors to the four winds of the heavens. A short distance from this smoking gulch may be seen the crater of an extinct volcano. The ground was hollow beneath our tread, and on every hand were pieces of lava which had in past time issued in a molten state from the crater. It is truly a fearful and wonderful place. All night our ears were saluted by the strange muffled sound of steam and water forcing their way through the fissures just back of the house, and in the morning we saw great volumes of steam rising from the gulch and floating upwards in feathery lines. Of course, the volume of steam increases in proportion to the lowness of the temperature of the surrounding atmosphere.

HOW TIGHT THEY WEAR THEM.

R. Kemble's English gossip in Harper's Bazar.

The extremities to which fashion has advanced in London in female attire are really deplorable. A lady on whose truthfulness I can depend confides to me the following particulars: She was asked the other day to inspect the wedding trousseau of a young lady of high rank. The dresses were very numerous and beautiful, and every accessory of attire was in the height of fashion, if not of good taste. "But where," inquired my friend, "is the underclothing?"

"Oh," said the milliner with a smile of pity, "ladies wear none nowadays. They wear these instead." And she pointed to three complete suits, not of armor, but of chamois leather.

It is only over chamois leather that the skirts from Worth can be strained tight enough. At Bristol the other day, the mayor gave an entertainment to the lord mayor of London, and the occasion seemed so important that one lady guest sent to Paris for her dinner dress. It was so tight when it came that she had to take off garment after garment before she could get into it at all. And then she had to sit down at the table. I am told her sufferings were considerable during the repast; but her worst misery was the reflection, "how shall I get up again?" Eventually she did get up, thanks to the gentlemen on each side of her, who pulled down the refractory garment by main force.

At the very last drawing-room at Buckingham palace a similar catastrophe took place. A lady made her bow to the queen a little too low for her "kicking-trap" (as a man would call it, but I dare say Mr. Worth has a prettier name), and it slipped down so far that she could not get up again. The lord high chamberlain himself had to come forward and set her straight.

AN ARTIFICIAL ICE-RINK.

American Register, Paris.

Prof. Gamge's real ice rink is the latest novelty in town. The glaciarium, which covers a superficial acre of 1,000 square feet, has just been opened at the old Chelsea clock house, London: and, although at present its use is limited to the members of a couple of private clubs, a site has been obtained by the professor at Lillie bridge, and a much larger, grander affair will soon be opened to the public. Still, "rinko-mania" is undoubtedly dying out, and in a short time we may expect to hear of the closing of the asphalte and concrete ones altogether. Strange as it must sound, it is nevertheless a fact, that the professor makes his ice by steam power and at a very small cost. Sulphuric acid is first condensed to a liquid, then allowed to expand in a slight vacuum, and is finally passed into a refrigerator. A mixture of glycerine and water is then, by means of the refrigerator, brought down to a temperature of about twenty degrees below freezing point, and is passed through small pipes under the ice, which it makes, preserves and renews. Both the sulphurous acid and the glycerine are returned to the starting point, and used over and over again. Thus it appears that the only expense attending the manufacture of the ice is the cost of the acid and glycerine, and the fuel to work the steam engine which condenses the acid.

..Ce n'est que le Second Pa——.—To what length may a widow go when she desires a new parent for her children? She may go one step farther.

GRAVE AND GAY.

..The mild despairing of a heart resigned.—*Coleridge.*

..Rage is for little wrongs; despair is dumb.—*Hannah More.*

..Some noble spirits mistake despair for content.—*Willis.*

..Despair makes victims sometimes victors.—*Bulwer Lytton.*

..Sick in the world's regard, wretched and low...*Shakespeare.*

..What we wish for in youth comes in heaps on us in old age.—*Goethe.*

..Heartsease is a flower which blooms from the grave of desire.—*W. R. Alger.*

..According to the latest fashions black pantaloons and a maroon necktie are suitable for suicides.

..O what a tangled web we weave when first we practice to deceive.—*Walter Scott.*

..Cowards die many times before their death; the valiant taste of death but once.—*Shakespear.*

..Death is as the foreshadowing of life. We die that we may die no more.—*Hooker.*

..Commonly they use their feet for defense whose tongue is their weapon.—*Sir P. Sidney.*

..The surest way of making a dupe is to let your victim suppose you are his.—*Bulwer Lytton.*

..When desperate ills demand a speedy cure, distrust is cowardice and prudence folly.—*Johnson.*

..That man that has a tongue, I say, is a man if with his tongue he can no win a woman.—*Shakespeare.*

..The covetous man pines in plenty like Tantalus up to the chin in water, and yet thirsty.—*Rev. T. Adams.*

..Fresh—"I wonder why my mustache doesn't grow under my nose as well as at the corners of my mouth?" Soph—"Too much shade."

..A gentleman that loves to hear himself talk will speak more in a minute than he will stand to in a month.—*Shakespeare.*

..Have you so much leisure from your own business that you can take care of other people's, that does not at all belong to you?—*Terene.*

..Covetousness is a sort of mental gluttony, not confined to money, but craving honor, and feeding on selfishness.—*Chamfort.*

..Poor in abundance, famished at a feast, man's grief is but his grandeur in disguise, and discontent is immortality.—*Young.*

..Books, like proverbs, receive their value from the stamp and esteem of ages through which they have passed.—*Sir. W. Temple.*

..The opera-house which is to be built in San Francisco and leased to the Strakosch brothers is to have one hundred boxes, half of them owned by stockholders. The building is to be plain in exterior, but very elaborate and beautiful internally.

..During the course of some proceedings instituted by the society for the suppression of vice in England, the point to be decided being whether or no certain photographs were indecent, the judge observed that it was difficult to determine by how many inches women might exhibit themselves without coming under the notice of the society for the suppression of vice. He had seen portraits of ladies of rank in the Royal academy more exposed than any of the photographs before him.

HELL GATE NOT OPEN.

New York Sun.

Mr Bennett heads his account of the blasting of the reef at Hallett's Point, "Hell Gate Open." This is wrong. Hell Gate is by no means open, as yet. Some three millions of dollars more than has already been spent will have to be put in the operations there before Hell Gate is open. The reef at Hallett's Point was only one, though probably the most important, of the rocky obstructions that interfere with the navigation of Hell Gate.

Moreover, the explosion of Sunday was merely the end of one stage in the progress of the work of cleaning away the Hallet's Point reef. The first stage was when the excavation was completed and charged. The second was the explosion of the blast and the breaking up of the rock. The third will be the removing of the shattered rock. This last will be a work of a good deal of time. No one knows yet whether some of the rocks may not be too large to be lifted. If any of them chance to weigh fifty or a hundred tons, there is no apparatus in the harbor that can lift them except the powerful derrick of the department of docks.

The probabilities are that it will be a year before the work of grappling these rocks has gone far enough to make any appreciable improvement in navigation. Meantime, it will be necessary, in order to enable the carrying on of the grappling operations, to buoy out the bottom covered by the explosion. Consequently, for the time being, instead of there being a large channel for vessels to pass through, there will be a smaller one.

Gen. Newton has so far conducted the vast improvement with great wisdom and skill. The explosion of Sunday was one of the most successful achievements in submarine engineering on record.

The Republican.

SATURDAY, OCT. 28th 1876.

FOR PRESIDENT,

SAM'L J. TILDEN,

OF NEW YORK.

FOR VICE-PRESIDENT,

THOS. A. HENDRICKS

OF INDIANA.

For Congress—Seventh District.

Wm. H. FORNEY, of Calhoun.

THE ELECTORAL TICKET.

Electors at Large.

JOHN T. MORGAN, of Dallas.
JAMES L. PUGH, of Barbour.

District Electors.

1. SYDNEY T. PRINCE, of Choctaw
2. JAMES T. HOLTZCLAW, of Montgom'y.
3. JAMES F. WADDELL, of Russell.
4. JOHN Y. KILPATRICK, of Wilcox.
5. WM. H. NORTHINGTON, of Autauga.
6. WILLIAM G. LITTLE, Jr., of Sumpter.
7. SAM'L K. McSPADDEN, of Cherokee.
8. HENRY C. JONES, of Lauderdale.

The most frequent question now asked is, "What do you think of the election prospects of Mr. Tilden?"

In order to satisfy our own mind on this question and be able to answer it intelligently, we have diligently read all the Northern papers that come to this office; and we are glad to say that from all the information we have through this channel, we think Mr. Tilden's chances for election are much better than those of Mr. Hayes.

All parties agree that neither can be elected without the vote of New York State. From an extract elsewhere published, it will be seen that the member of the National Democratic Executive Committee from Georgia has interviewed Mr. Tilden on his chances, and he says he will carry New York by 75,000 majority. And why should he not? He was elected on a Reform platform over Dix, a popular Republican Governor, by a majority of 50,000. Dix had previously been elected over a Democrat by a majority of 55,000; and the two elections show a popular change of 105,000 in favor of Mr. Tilden. Why should this immense vote fall away from him now? He has kept his pledges of reform. The public robbers of New York have been brought to justice under his administration and the taxes of the people have been reduced one half. These are arguments in his favor with the people of that State that no display of the bloody shirt can overcome. Besides the State pride of New Yorkers will lead many to vote for him. He is a splendid organizer, and the very fact of his candidacy has operated to heal the divisions of the New York city democracy for the time and enabled them to go into the fight with solid front and unexampled vigor.

The Washington Government by the unconstitutional employment of the bayonet may carry South Carolina and Louisiana for Hayes, but with New York, Connecticutt and New Jersey, can he elected without them. The Pacific slope States, which are not taken into the count, are almost certain to go for him. New Jersey and Connecticut are as reliably Democratic as Alabama; and Illinois, Wisconsin and some other States, with large numbers of German voters, that have hitherto been Republican, are now claimed as doubtful. Hayes, it seems to us, stands not the ghost of a chance for election. All the signs point to a very large majority for Tilden in the electoral college. While all the States may be closely and hotly contested, and there may not be a very great difference in the popular vote between the two men, Tilden's chances in the electoral college are about as two to one. Tuesday week will tell the tale—until then, let us possess our souls in patience.

Both Gen. Forney and Col. Caldwell were advertised to speak here Monday, but for lack of time only one of them addressed the respectable and attentive crowd present—For an hour Gen. Forney highly entertained his audience.

At the end of which time the court was ready to begin business when he desisted, not wanting to tresspass on the time of the court. For the same reason Col. Caldwell refused to speak. Gen. Forney promising for him the crowd that at some other time would speak, when he could do so without tresspass upon the time of the Court. Both gentlemen left Tuesday to fill several appointments in other counties.

The war cloud has partially blown over and immediate hostilities between Rusia and Turkey is not now so much feared though war still is not improbable. The mere rumor of the war sent gold up in New York, advanced bread stuff and depressed cotton, which shows that while a war would help some portions of the United States in the advance in grain and the stimulation of the manufacturing interests of those sections, it would not benefit the South, whose chief product would be cheapened there while everything we eat would be made higher. All of which goes to teach us that the South to be prosperous must raise more to eat and less cotton; then be there war or peace in Europe she would not be materially damaged. Should she raise a sufficiency to eat, so as not to be disturbed by an advance in bread stuffs, and add manufacturing to her industries a foreign war would generally inure to her benefit.

We are much gratified in being enabled to publish so favorable a report of the Grand Jury of our present Court; especially that part relating to the fair and impartial manner in which our excellent election laws have been obeyed. We have no doubt a similar report could be truthfully made in every county of the State; notwithstanding the lies and slanders of the Radical party about intimidation.

Gen. Williard Warner has gone back to "bloody shirt Radicalism like the dog to his vomit. He has lately written a letter to a Cincinnati paper in which he claims that Alabama among other southern States is Republican beyond a doubt if his party were not intimidated and kept from the polls. He says defeat of the Republican party in this State last August may be accounted for on the ground that his party put up a weak and wishy washy ticket headed by Woodruff—the man who said in New York after the election that he had lived fifty years to find out that he was a d—d fool. To give the less to the assertions of such dogs as Warner Democrats must go to the polls every man and roll up as big a majority against Hayes as they did against Warner's so-called wishy washy ticket. Let colored men who do not approve of the slanders such men utter against their State walk up to the polls with their white friends and freely deposit their ballot for honesty and better times and against the Freedman's Bureau Robbers and Hard Times They Know they are not intimidated in this country, but are free to vote as they please. Whenever a sneak like Warner writes that they are intimidated he casts a reflection on the courage and manhood and leads the Northern people to believe that they are a set of timid creatures like sheep, fears control them in their political action, and they bring them in cotempt and reproach. Let colored men say to all such, "we can vote as we please and we please to vote against a party that for political ends grossly slander us and brings contempt down on our race in every election by raising this false cry of intimidation. The Democrats have never so slandered you. They have always said to the world you were not intimidated. They never robbed you of millions of dollars, as have the Radicals through the freedman's bank. They have never told you lies or made you promises to be broken. They have always said to you they would not take away any of your rights; but that should be equal with them before the law. In every Democratic State, as in Alabama, these pledges have been kept, and when Tilden is elected these pledges will be still kept. Go with your white neighbors colored men and consult your interest at the same time that you rebuke such men as Williard Warner.

The fact is now conceded by both sides that without the vote of New York neither Hays nor Tilden can be elected. This is all satisfactory. We are willing to risk Uncle Sammy on his own native heath. His reduction of taxation will do the work for him there. In the meantime let us attend to rolling up such a majority in Alabama as cannot be cavilled at.

The Camp Fires Still Burning

After the unparalleled campaign in Indiana, which closed on Tuesday of last week, it was thought that there would be a lull. But the people have taken to rejoicing and grand demonstrations are held everywhere in the State. If there was excitement before, it pales before the extraordinary enthusiasm of the Indiana Democrats. They are literally on the war path, have the enemy on the hip, and will rout them by an overwhelming majority in November. Blazing torches, grand processions and shouts that reach almost to the heavens are the daily and night events in the Hoosier State. With such feeling inspiring the Democratic hosts victory is already assured. The greatest political gathering ever known in Indianapolis was the one of Wednesday night last, when there was outpouring to welcome honest old farmer Williams to the Capital. He made a speech creditable to his head and heart, and which demonstrated his eminent fitness to preside over the destinies of that great Commonwealth. Gov. HENDRICKS was next called for. He has made many noble speeches, but he never made one in his life that so touched the popular heart as the one he delivered last Wednesday night. We would be glad to publish it entire but can only make the following extracts:

There are three weeks yet of this contest—three busy weeks—and in those three weeks the people are to consider the questions that are forced upon them: Are you going to lay by your arms and be quiet during these three weeks, when the questions are of purity of government, economy of expenditures and the reduction of the enormous army of office-holders that are eating out the substance of the people? [Voices. "No, No."] I can not to night discuss these questions.

I will say to you if the Democrats carry the congress and the presidency you will see still larger reductions in the public expenditures. The last House of Representatives compelled the Senate to yield to a redudtion of thirty millions of dollars. [Applause.] That thirty millions of dollars is one million three hundred thousand dollars to the State of Indiana. It is to every congressional district one hundred and five thousand dollars. It is for the State of Indiana three hundred thousand dollars more than the entire taxes upon the people of the State for the ordinary purposes of State government. What does that thirty millions of dollars reduction mean and signify? It means that in the expenditures there shall be economy and honesty—it means that the money shall be left in the pockets of the people and not collected from them. It means that this 30,000,000 shall remain in the channels of trade and commerce. It means that those 30,000,000 shall be like the red blood that courses through your veins and arteries and gives you your life, vitality and power. This money left in the channels of trade will stimulate enterprises, will give employment to labor that now begs on the street corners. [Applause.] My fellow-citizens, I believe that if for the eleven years since the close of the war, $30,000,000 had been saved each year, we need not have had a panic in this country. I believe that if that economy had been observed during the past years, as the Democratic House of Representatives has forced it this year, that we would now not be in the paralysis of hard times. Why shall we have hard times in this country and not rejoice while the sun shines on a population of wonderful inteligence and enterprise and energy, with all the varieties of climate and production, with the wonderful manufacturing advantages of New England, with the rich coal fields of Pennsylvania and Indiana, with the wonderful productions of the Southern States, which form the staple in the world's commerce and commands the market the world over, with a country also having the richest [illegible] metals? [illegible] a country, occupied by a people of such wonderful energy, we ought, in my opinion, never to have hard times. [Applause.] Hard times: the people of Indiana have heard many orators this year, there is one orator that has been heard more than all the others together, and that is general hard times. [Applause.] That speaker will be heard whether you will or no, he comes to the door of your residence and with his cold, and glassy eye, and with his hard face, he looks into your residence, and into many of your houses; he enters and looks into the closet and into the meat-tub, and he takes his stand beside the cold hearth-stone, and he takes his seat beside the family table, between husband and wife, between parent and child, and he discourses about the poverty that is coming upon the people of this country. Ah, why won't he go away; stubbornly and persistently, he sits there and tells his dreadful story, the story of hard times. Do you know when he will go? He will go when the people of this country resolve that there shall be economy and honesty in high places, [Applause.] He will leave your homes, my countrymen forever I hope, when we shall establish it that the large army of public officers now near 100,000 strong shall be reduced by one-half, and when the expenditures shall be reduced still more, as the Democratic house of representatives has indicated, when the reduction shall go up to $50,000,000, as I believe it may go, and as I believe Mr. Tilden will make it go. [Applause.] And I have a faith that in his election hope will return to this country. Why, what now have you in the continuance in power of the present party? Hav'nt you trusted it? My Republican friend, hav nt you trusted it enough in the past? Take a survey of these eight years that have just closed, a period of wonderful corruption, a period of such corruption, a period of such corruption that Carl Schurz was compelled to say to the people in his speech at Cincinnati, "that things have become so bad that every honest and patriotic man desires a change." That change will come. The people are interested in all these questions, and I believe that Mr. Tilden's election will inspire a hope. What are we without hope? What is an individual, a nation without hope? When we look forward to something better and brighter, it is hope, and it gives us the happiness of life. There is scarcely any one of us that is content with the present condition, but we look forward, we think the morrow, the next year will be brighter and better than the present. Why, we look beyond the grave and have a hope for brighter and more glorious existense, and so of a great nation of forty millions of people. If hope dies business will die, enterprise will die, all activities will cease; but inspire those forty millions once more with hope, let them realize that there is a chance in the future, and enterprise will spring up again, and individuals will experience the blessings of a bright and better time. I believe that next spring, when Mr. Tilden will take his seat as the President of the United States, we will turn our backs on the bad times that have been brought about by corruptions in high places, that have brought a cabinet officer to trial on impeachment for high crimes, before the Senate of The United States. We will turn our attention away from such scenes, and realize in the purity of the new and better administration that which our fathers did enjoy; and I believe that when he takes his seat there will come over this country like the spring showers, the refreshing influences of better government, and as the spring sunshine and shower come the grasses and vegetation spring up for man's blessing and food, so the sunshine of better government will be felt in all the enterprises and interests of the people. [Applause.] I ask you, my countrymen, not to cease your efforts. You are not fighting an ordinary opponement. If the Republican party was just as poor as the Democratic party, I would not be afraid of those three weeks at all. [Applause.] but single-handed you are figating an organized band of a hundred thousand office-holders, and the Secretary of the Interior is the head man of the Republican organization, and has postmasters and every office-holder of the country to contribute of his money, and it means your money or your office, your money or your political life, and it is given in thousands and in hundreds of thousands, and it is to be brought into Indiana to break down the public virtue of the people.

I ask you to gird up your loins to rally for the great contest of the 7th of November, and lift the banner, the glorious banner of reform once more float in triumph before forty millions of people. [Immense cheering.]

New York Sure for Tilden by 75,000 Majority.

Augusta (Ga.) Chronicle, Oct. 12.

Hon. George T. Barnes, the Georgia member of the Democratic National Executive Committee, returned to Augusta yesterday, having recently attended a meeting of the committee in New York. A reporter of the *Chronicle and Sentinel* interviewed Maj. Barnes during the day, in reference to the political situation.

Reporter—You have just returned from New York, Maj. Barnes; what are your views now in regard to the Presidential election?

Maj. Barnes—I left Augusta ten days ago with very gloomy anticipation as to the future. I have returned with very opposite feelings and now feel confident of Tilden's election.

Reporter—How about New York?

Maj. Barnes—There can be no doubt about that State, it will certainly go for Tilden and Mr. Hewitt, President of the Democratic Executive Committee, both say that it will give 75,000 Democratic majority in November. The spit of the Tammany and anti-Tammany wings in New York city rather aids than injures the Tilden cause, and for this reason, while some of the Democrats are Tammy and others anti-Tammany men they are all Tilden men, and as the local feeling will cause a heavier vote to be polled than otherwise, Tilden's majority will, therefore, be large. I have spoken with prominent men in New York, and know what their views are on the subject. At Democratic headquarters everybody is assured of Mr. Tilden's election. Connecticut, New Jersey and Indiana will certainly cast their votes for him, and our friends in Michigan and Wisconsin [illegible] confident that those States will go the same way. The majority in Indiana and Ohio will be much larger than it was last week. Blue Jeans Williams was very unpopular with the railroad interest in Indiana and the West, and that influence was used against him. This will not be the case in November, however, and Tilden's majority will be at least double that of Williams. The Republicans of the North are very much disheartened. The South Carolina affair has had but little effect; but our friends think it will gain votes for Tilden. A table of the electoral vote, published in the N. York World of Saturday, was read at the meeting of the National Committee, and accepted as correct. This elects Tilden by a large majority."

The Out-Look To day.

There is but one out-look that the readers of the *DayBook* are especially interested in at this moment, the Southern readers particularly, and that is, the political outlook. "What are the chances for our candidates?" is the question upon the lips of the members of the Nation Democracy when they meet. We are gratified at being able to announce that as the date of the great election draws near, the prospects of one grand national vote for for Tilden and Hendricks, loom up into a probability little short of an absolute certainty. We have of late, and prior to the contest in Ohio, Indiana and West Virginia, held that the chances of the Democratic standard bearers were as 90 against 10 as the Republican chances. To-day, as we see the smoke of the late political battles fade away in a dim cloud, and the condition of those localities where the fight just took place is made clearer to our mind's eye, we feel satisfied that the chances of Tilden and Hendricks on the 7th of November, are 95, against 5 possibly held by Hayes and Wheeler. In fact the election of the great reform leaders seems almost an absolute certainty.

N. Y Day-Book.

Steadying the Nervous System.

In nine cases out of ten, diseases of the nervous system arise from a vitiated condition of the digestive and secretive apparatus. The alimentary region being connected by the epigastric nerve with the brain, which is the great nerve centre, it is not surprising that a disordered condition of the stomach, liver and bowels, should produce nervous headache, inability to sleep, vertigo, buzzing in the ears and other symptoms of cerebral derangement. The proper & most direct way to get rid of all these disagreeable symptoms is to overcome digestive weakness and inactivity of the liver. The intimate connection between the brain and alimentary canal is very clearly shown by the simultaneous disappearance of nervous and indigestive symptoms when the stomach and liver are subjected to the tonic and corrective influence of Hostetter's Stomach Bitters No nervine in the whole range of materia medica is comprable to this agreeable family tonic and alterative, in the matter of soothing nervous excitement and superinducing a vigorous appetite and sound repose. But though it acts upon the nervous system through the [illegible], yet being purely vegetable and wonderfully wholesome, it does not produce those unpleasant after consequences which are such a serious objection to the use of mineral sedatives. It is the province of this admirable medicine to overcome the diseases and disabilities, to the removal of which it is adapted by the most natural and progressive action, without disturbing the equilibrium of a single organ, or producing any undesirable result to mar its benificent effects.

NIJNE NOVGOROD FAIR. The great market of the eastern world has been held at this junction of the Volga and Olga Rivers in Russia, every summer for hundreds of years Here the nations of Europe and Asia meet with their products for trade. Cossack, Chinese, Turk and Persian, meet the German and the Greek with every variety of merchandise that mankind employs, from sapphires to grindstones, tea, opium, fur, food, tools and fabrics, and last but not least, medicines. J. C. Ayer & Co.'s celebrated remedies from America were displayed in an elegant bazar where the Doctor himself might sometimes be seen. They are known and taken on steppes of Asia as well as the prairies of the West, and are an effectual antidote for the diseases that prevail in the yaourts of the North, as well as the huts and cabins of the western continent

Lincoln (Ill.) Times.

$999 Can't be made by every agent every month in the business we furnish, but those willing to work can easily earn a dozen dollars a day right in their own localities. We have no room to explain here. Business pleasant and honorable Women, and boys and girls do as well as men. We will furnish you a complete Outfit free. The business pays better than anything else. we will bear expense of starting you. write and see. Farmers and mechanics, their sons and daughters; and all classes in need of paying work at home, should write to us and learn all about the work at once. Now is the time. Don't delay. Address TRUE & Co, Augusta, Maine.

To the Working Class.—We are now prepared to furnish all classes with constant employment at home, the whole of the time, or for their spare moments. Business new, light and profitable. Persons of either sex easily earn from 50 cents to $5 per evening, and a proportional sum by devoting their whole time to the business Boys and girls earn nearly as much as men. That all who see this notice may send their address, and test their business, we make this unparalleled offer. To such as are well satisfied we will send one dollar to pay for the trouble of writing. Full particulars, samples worth several dollars to commence work on, and a copy of Home and Fireside, one of the largest and best Illustrated Publications, all sent free by mail. Reader, if you want permanent, profitable work, address, GEORGE STINSON & CO. Portland, Maine.

Fashionable *Millinery.*

THE undersigned have just received a full steck of fine and fashionable material for Millinery: Ribbons, Laces, Ties, &c. Trimmed HATS of every variety and price, from 75 cents to $10 00.

LADIES DRESSES cut and made in the latest styles.

Room back of W. A. Driskell's Dry Goods Store.

Ladies respectfully invited to call and examine Goods.

Misses KATE & LOU CRAWFORD.
Jacksonville, Oct. 21, 1876—tf.

Alexandria, Ala.,
Oct. 18th, 1876.

Public Notice

IS hereby given to all parties upon whom I hold Guano Notes, specifying Cotton option, that they will be deprived of said option, if the cotton is not delivered by the 1st of November, 1876, as that is the specification in the face of said notes.

The notes specify low middling cotton, and a lower grade will not be received in payment of said notes. The time is nearly out, and we hope every bale of the cotton will be delivered at Weaver's Station without delay. Arrangements have been made with Messrs. Ledbetter & Co. to receive the same.

W. P. COOPER.

oct. 21—2t.

A Good Farm For Sale.

I will sell sell at public sale to the highest bidder, on the **20th November next**, at the late residence of L. P. Fullenwider dec. 360 acres of LAND. The Land is known and designated as the east half section seven, Township fourteen and range seven, with the exception of fifty acres off the south-west line; also the south-east eighty acres of section six, township fourteen range seven east, all in the Coosa Land District, being the land where L. P. Fullenwider lived at the time of her death.

There is about 70 acres of land under fence; the balance all wood land, with three good springs, convenient to churches and schools.

TERMS OF SALE—One half cash, the other half twelve months after date.

J. R. LOYD.

Oct. 21, 1876—3t.

$5 00 to $10 00 per day Saved by Using Linder's Distributor!

WE have just secured a patent for a Machine that will grind and distribute Guano, Stable Manure, or any course Fertilizer, in the drill, at the rate of 200 to 1500 lbs. per acre.

Simple, Durable & Effective.

It is so simple that it cannot get out of order, and a boy of 12 year's old can operate it as well as a man. So durable that it will last an ordinary life time, and so ffective that by its use, a saving of 500 per cent. in manure will be gained—putting it right in the drill where it will do the most good. The Machine is made so that in turning at the end the grinding stops and no manure is lost.

State, County and Beat rights for sale.

A few good, reliable Agents wanted.

LINDER & MONTGOMERY.
Peek's Hill, Calhoun co., Ala.
Oct. 21, 1876—3m.

LOST DOG.—A small black Esquimau dog with white breast and bushy tail which curls very high. Head and ears somewhat resembles those of a fox. A suitable reward for the finder of the dog and a licking for the man who stole him.

James Snow.
Oct 21st. 3t. Oxford Ala.

THE STATE OF ALABAMA,
Calhoun county.

Court of Probate for said County, Special Term, Oct. 17th, 1876.

THIS day came Ellen Sisson, widow of C. B. Sisson, late of said county, deceased, and filed in Court her written petition, and under oath, asking an order of court setting apart to her the said Ellen Sisson, dower in the Lands of which the said C. B. Sisson, deceased, died seized and possessed, and which Lands are fully set out and described in said petition.

Thereupon, it is ordered by the court that the 21st day of November, 1876, be set for the hearing said petition, and that notice thereof be given by publication in the Jacksonville Republican, a newspaper published in said county, for three successive weeks, prior to said day, as a notice to the non-resident heirs at law of said decedent, and all other persons concerned, to be and appear at a special term of said court to be holden at the Court House of said county on said 21st day of November, 1876, and defend against said petition if they think proper.

L. W. CANNON,
Judge of Probate.

Oct. 21—3t.

The Greatest Improvement of the Age.

Artificial Tomb Stones and Monuments.

BOX WORK of any style or ornamentation from a plain surface to the most delicate traceries—sharply defined Alto and Basso Relievos can be most artistically executed in this stone by means of Plaster Paris moulds. The Invention of Portland Cement stone is to statuary and sculpture what Photography is to drawing and painting. This invention has all that is essential in a Tomb stone, combining neatness, cheapness and durability, the cost being less than a tenth that of Marble. I am aware that grave stones have been made of Rosendale and other American cements that would not resist the changes of the weather; but English Portland cement stone, as has been tested by government officers, is nearly 20 times as strong as the Rosendale, and stands the influences of the weather equal to the best building stone. Its resistance to frost is absolute—(see government report of Gen. Gilmore, J. B. McClelland, Prof. r. Adolph Ott, Knight and other scientific men.) The patent was granted to G. W. Arnold Aug. 8th, 1876, is not and has nothing to do with the F. M Jones patent, or a style of work called Arch work. It does not require the services of a mason to put it up, but I can learn any one to put it up in a few hours

Persons desirous of securing exclusive State or County rights to manufacture this Tomb stone, address J. D. ARNOLD or G. W. ARNOLD, Jacksonville, Ala., or J. L. Gwin, Spring Garden, Ala.

Oct 21—3m.

Dr. J. C. FRANCIS

HAS removed to WOODWARD'S CORNER, where he keeps constantly on hand a fine stock of

DRUGS,

Medicines, Fancy and Toilet articles Perfumery, Soaps, Brushes, Glass, and all other articles usually kept by Druggists.

ALSO—**Fresh, Choice, Staple**

FAMILY GROCERIES,

Stationery and Pocket Cutlery.

All of which will be sold as low for Cash or COUNTRY PRODUCE as can be sold in this market.

Jacksonville, Ala., Oct. 7, 1876—tf.

T W FRANCIS & CO.

MONTGOMERY, Ala.

HAVE A GOOD STOCK OF STAPLE AND FANCY

Dry Goods.

Samples of Goods sent by mail, with prices, when required. Terms cash or C O D

June 10—3m

J. R. GRAHAM

HAS IN STORE AND TO ARRIVE a full and complete line of

Dry Goods,
Boots and Shoes,
Hats and Caps,
Hardware,
Bagging and Ties,

GROCERIES, &C.

which he is selling at very low prices for CASH, both at OXFORD and LADIGA, ALA.

Read Carefully.

We would respectfully call the attention of those indebted to us, to the fact, that we have to raise a considerable amount of money during the month of November, and must look to our customers for the money. We hope they will come up with the CASH or Cotton promptly, as we are compelled to collect—will hold your Cotton if you do not wish to sell. We hope you will not fail to respond

J. R. GRAHAM.

Oct. 14, 1876—5t.

Manhood: How Lost. How Restored!

Just published, a new edition of **Dr. Culverwell's Celebrated Essay** on the *radical cure* (without medicine) of Spermatorrhea or Seminal Weakness, Involuntary Seminal Losses, IMPOTENCY Mental and *Physical Incapacity, Impediments to Marriage*, etc.; also CONSUMPTION, Epilepsy and Fits, induced by self-indulgence or sexual extravagance, &c.

Price in a sealed envelope only six cents.

The celebrated author, in this admirable Essay, clearly demonstrates from a thirty years' successful practice, that the alarming consequences of self-abuse may be radically cured without the dangerous use of internal medicine or the application of the knife; pointing out a mode of cure at once simple, certain, and effectual, by means of which every sufferer, no matter what his condition may be, may cure himself cheaply, privately, and *radically*.

This Lecture should be in the hands of every youth and every man in the land.

Sent under seal, in a plain envelope, to any address, post paid, on receipt of six cts. or two post stamps.

Address,
THE CULVERWELL MEDICAL CO.,
41 Ann St., New York; P O Box, 4586.

JACKSONVILLE

Commercial College.

A business school is a necessity, and should be sustained regardless of the times!

A business course in four month for only twenty dollars!

A business education applicable to all, regardless of profession or sex!

The exercises of this Institution opened Tuesday, Sept. 5th 1876. Doors always open to visitors.

MALE AND FEMALE DEPARTMENTS.

The Institution is conducted on actual business plans!

RATES OF TUITION:

(Due at expiration of each term.)

Penmanship Dept.	$5 00
Business Calculations	5 00
Business Forms	5 00
Single & Double Entry Book-keeping	5 00

Improved systems adopted. Diagrams to simplify the difficult departments. Review courses given at half rates. Private lessons given, if desired. Each department embraces a period of one month. The usual course embracing the above branches, requires a period of four months. Students under 15 years of age admitted in penmanship only at half rates. Day and night sessions to suit the convenience of all. Deductions in case of protracted sickness or unavoidable hindrance. The indigent and disabled are admitted free of charge. Minor orphans of limited means, children of ministers and widows admitted at half rates. A scholarship in any department entitles the student to a privilege of continuing, without regard to time and without extra charge. Students may enter at any time and for any number of branches. Diplomas awarded for any branch. Required advancement for entry upon the regular course embraces spelling, reading, first rules in Arithmetic and scribbling. The business community are invited to attend and witness the exercises and act as examining board. Students under 15 only admitted to penmanship.

O. Q. ZINNAMON
PRINCIPAL.

Commercial and Literary Author & Pres. and Founder of the Southern Commercial College, New Orleans

When not professionally engaged the Principal would be pleased to do any business writing in writing up books making out balance sheets, book keeper's diagrams, partnership settlements &c. &c

Sept. 16 1876 —tf.

The Rome Hotel.

Within Ten steps of the Rail Road.

BROAD STREET, ROME, GEORGIA.

NO OMNIBUS NEEDED.

The Hotel is situated in the principal business square of the city, is New and Clean from Bottom to Top, having been

THOROUGHLY RENOVATED

In the last sixty days, and has received an addition of fourteen

ELEGANT, AIRY AND CONVENIENT ROOMS, NEWLY FURNISHED.

The Hotel is abundantly supplied with Fresh Milk, Butter and Vegetables from our own Dairy and Garden.

Rates Two Dollars per day, or seventy-five cents for single meal and single lodging, with no extra charge for handling baggage.

Representatives from the principal business houses of the city can be found boarding in the hotel!

J A STANSBURY, Proprietor.

sept 30—1y.

PORTABLE and STATIONARY STEAM ENGINES, STEAM BOILERS, SAW, FLOUR AND GRIST MILLS MILL GEARING MADE Without Patterns. SHAFTING, PULLEYS AND HANGERS [illegible] The UNEQUALLED JAS. LEFFEL DOUBLE TURBINE WATER-WHEEL, 7000 in use. ADDRESS, POOLE & HUNT. SEND FOR CIRCULARS BALTIMORE, MD.

Administrator's Notice.

STATE OF ALABAMA,
CALHOUN COUNTY.

LETTERS OF ADMINISTRATION upon the Estate of Wm G Woodley, deceased, having been granted to the undersigned, by the Hon L. W. Cannon, Judge of the Probate court of Calhoun county, Alabama, on the 16th day of September, 1876: Notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against said estate to present them legally authenticated within the time prescribed by law, or they will be barred; and all persons indebted to said estate are required to make immediate payment.

[illegible] WOODLEY, Adm.

Oct 14, 1876 6t.

ELECTION NOTICE.

THE STATE OF ALABAMA,
Calhoun County.

NOTICE is hereby given, that I, Alex O Stewart, as the Sheriff of said County, will cause to be opened and held at the various places of voting in the Election Precincts of said County, **On the first Tuesday in November, 1876**, that being the 7th day of said month, an Election for the purpose of electing ten Electors for President and Vice President of the United States, consisting of one for each Congressional District and two for the State at large; and also for the purpose of electing a member of Congress from the 7th Congressional Distric, of Alabama.

Notice is hereby further given, that the following named persons are appointed Special Deputy Sheriffs, and Inspectors of said election, for the respective election precincts in said county, as hereinafter named, to-wit.

For Pre. No. 1,—Jacksonville.
B C Wyly, Thos. R Ward, W P Crook, Inspectors.
R. F. Riley, Returning Officer.

Pre. No. 2—Alexandria—B Dowdell, Special Deputy Sheriff.
Samuel T Peace, Wm F Bush, W W Crook, Inspectors.
Jack Clark, Returning Officer.

Pre No. 3—Green D Skelton, Dep Shff.
Wm E Lambert, David R Reaves, R P Weaver, Inspectors.
S O McCullers, Returning Officer.

Pre No. 4—Court Ground—J A Cobb, Special Deputy Sheriff.
J L Kirby, R K Brothers, J M Anderson, Inspectors.
E J Haynie, Returning Officer.

Pre. No. 5—Polkville—J M Moore, Special Deputy Sheriff.
W L Stokes, Noah Baugh, Mack Henderson, Inspectors.
R P Hess, Returning Officer.

Pre. No. 6—Peeks Hill—Jackson Dickie, Special Deputy Sheriff.
O A Finch, Wm M Cochran, John C Archer, Inspectors.
R. F. Montgomery, Returning Officer.

Pre. No. 7—Hollingsworth's School House—John Abernathy, Spe Dpy Shff.
Henry M Bee, Jas N Landers, Ed L Woodward jr, Inspectors.
E B Dickinson, Returning Officer.

Pre. No. 8—Court Ground—L R Wingo, Special Deputy Sheriff.
W H Boss, G W Wells, W B Green, Inspectors.
Geo Nabors, Returning Officer.

Pre. No. 9—Cross Plains—D B Wilson, Special Deputy Sheriff.
John C Faughender, J B Smith, F M Savage, Inspectors.
Wm A Stewart, Returning Officer.

Pre. No. 10—Cross Roads—J R Wilson, Special Deputy Sheriff.
J C Watson, Joseph Borden, Wm Delrees, Inspectors.
Henry Murray, Returning Officer.

Pre. No. 11—Marion Whiteside, Special Dpy Sheriff.
D S Buck, W A Scarbrough, Alfred Moreau, Inspectors.
J P Ward, Returning Officer.

Pre. No. 12—Davistown—Wm R Hughes Special Dpy Sheriff.
John F Davis, W A Wood, Jacob DeArman, Inspectors.
John Elston, Returning Officer.

Pre. No. 13—Oxford—D F Shaford, Special Dpy Sheriff.
D P Gunnels, E G Robertson, S C Kelly, Inspectors.
J M Hayes, Returning Officer.

Pre. No. 14—Sulphur Springs—John F Henderson, Special Dpy Sheriff.
Miles H Harrison, Harvey Whiteside, J T Vincent, Inspectors.
J B Chappel, Returning Officer.

ALEX. O. STEWART,
Sheriff.

Sept. 27, 1876. sep30 te

Register's Sale OF LANDS.

UNDER and by virtue of a Decree of the Chancery Court, rendered in the cause of Jones C. Francis, vs. L. J. Parr, James Crow and H. W. Collier, at the June Term, A. D. 1876, of said Court, held for the 1st District of the Eastern Chancery Division of Alabama, at Jacksonville; I will, as Register of said Court, sell to the highest bidder for cash, before the Court House door of Calhoun County, on

Monday the 6th day of November, 1876.

The following described Real Estate to wit: The west half of section 32, also the east half of the south west quarter and the south west quarter of the south west quarter, and the east half of the north west quarter of section 29, all in township 13, range 7. Also, all that portion of section 23 in township 14 of range 8, which lies on the south and east of the public road leading from Jacksonville to Alexandria. Said Lands will be sold to satisfy, first the decree in the case above mentioned, and second to satisfy a decree rendered in favor of Jas Crow in his cross bill against the said L. J. Parr, H. W. Collier and Jones C. Frances. Also, at the same time and place, and on like terms, and by direction of said Court, in a decree rendered at the said term of said Court, in the case of Mrs. H. E. Reynolds vs. L. J. Parr, I, as Register of said Court, will sell the following town property, to wit: one house and lot in the town of Jacksonville, Ala., known as the house and lot upon which the said L. J. Parr now resides, bounded east by Main street, north by Mrs. Jane Tate's lot, on the west by L. W. Cannon's lot, and on the south by John D. Hammond's lot. Said lot contains 3½ acres, more or less, and being a portion of Sec. 11, T. 14, R 8, in Calhoun county, Ala. Said house and lot sold to satisfy said decree in favor of the said Reynolds vs. said L. J. Parr.

This Sept. 27th, 1876.

WM. M. HAMES,
sep30-ts Register, &c.

NEW

LIVERY AND SALE STABLE.

The undersigned has opened at the place of Jas. H. Privitt, a Livery and Sale Stable, and would respectfully solicit a share of the public patronage.

Good Horses! Good Vehicles! SAFE DRIVERS!

Hire Horse,	per day	$1.50
Hire Buggy,	"	1.50
Hire Horse and Buggy,	"	2.50
Hire Buggy and 2 Horses,	"	3.50
Hire Hack & Horses		3.50
Wagon and Horses		

Apply to JOSEPH H. PRIVETT.

Sept 30 1876—1y

The Republican.

Salt, Salt, Salt!—A new [illegible] Virginia Salt, just received by MADDOX & [illegible]

12½ CENTS for Side Meat at MADDOX & PARR'S, a large lot just received.

A large stock Sugar of all [illegible] just received at MADDOX & P[ARR'S], which they are offering at bottom [prices] by the barrel or half barrel. Go [see] them before you buy elsewhere.

HEAVY STOCK—MADDOX & PARR is daily receiving their Fall Stock of GROCERIES, which will sell as cheap as any market [fr]eight added.

[5]00 PIECES—Crockery ware [illegible] [in] two days at Maddox & Parr's

The best goods at the Lowest [illegible] will sell BAGGING! BAGGING! TIES! TIES!!—Large lot just [received] at Maddox & Parr's which will be [sold at] Rock bottom Prices try them.

RICE! RICE!!—10 lbs to the [dollar] at Maddox & Parr's

TEA! TEA!!—Green and black superior quality at Maddox & Parr's

CROCKERY WARE—Maddox & Parr's new stock Crockery-ware [in] a few days, when they will offer their sets of 30 pieces for $4

ORANGES of superior quality always on hand at Maddox & Parr's

CHEESE and MACCARONI, [good] and Fine at Maddox & Parr's.

BAGGING—BAGGING—It [is said by] many that Maddox & Parr's [is] the best in Calhoun Co.—go examine for yourself.

FLOUR—FLOUR—Maddox & [Parr] are determined to please their customers hence their keeping such a fine [lot of] Tennessee Flour at such a low [price].

For lack of room we neglected [calling] attention last week to the Milliner[y] advertisement of Misses Katie and Lou Crawford. They have in a new Fall and Winter stock of the very latest styles and can fill orders on the shortest notice. These ladies display the most elegant taste in all their work and no one can fail to be pleased with it. We hope our people will remember it is right to patronize our home institutions, and give them their orders.

MANURE DISTRIBUTOR.—This great invention of Messrs Linder & Montgomery is advertised in another column. It is destined to make a great revolution in our agriculture and be of immense benefit to our people. Through it every smallest amount of manure may be utilized and farms that have heretofore been unproductive because of the barrenness of the soil and the great cost bringing it up through fertilizers, can at small expense be made to produce abundantly and blossom like the rose. We saw the machine on Exhibition at the Fair and thought it perfectly answers the need it was made to supply. It grinds the coarsest stable manure, swamp muck or guano and by a simple process lays it in any quantity desired along the furrows as fast as a horse can walk. There is no waste, as under the old plan of scattering the manure. Every particle of the fertilizer used is placed by this machine where it cannot waste and where it will immediately yield back a large return in increased production. It will in a very short time save more than its cost in the manner in which it economises manure. It saves a vast expenditure of muscle and labor and will in this way again soon pay its cost. A little boy with it can do the work of several brawney men. In short it is the very thing every farmer ought to have and its cheap price brings it within the reach of every one. Don't crop next year without one.

Read the advertisement of J. R. L[oyd's] sale of 2nd Nov. 20th. Here is a chance for a bargain for some one.

[Mr.] J. W. Bradley has at Rowan D[ean's] [illegible]'s, a choice lot of the fine [illegible] apple grafts, the fruit of which took premium at the Fair. Parties wishing to plant a good winter apple or June apple can get the plants from lot he has with Rowan Dean & [illegible]

[Co]l Jno. H. Caldwell will address the people at Anniston Wednesday next on political issues of the day. We hope [he] will have a large crowd, both white and black, to hear him.

[We] are glad that the Democracy [of the Ci]ty of New York have nominated [for M]ayor, a man upon whom all [the] heads of factions in the party can unite. [It is] well for the country and for the re[presen]tative men of the Democracy [of New] York that such is the case. [Harmony in] New York is essential to M[r. Tilde]n's election. Had things so shaped [them]selves that he would have been [defeate]d in his own State through the [divisions] of the Democrats of New York [the] National Democratic party would [never] again have selected a candidate for [the P]residency from that State.

We invite particular attention to the [adver]tisement of **J. T. McDonald & Co.**, Leading Clothiers of Montgomery. They always keeps a heavy stock of durable, neat and fashionable Clothing. We have had personal dealings with them since 1870, and always found them reliable, accommodating and liberal. We would advise members of the Legislature, and others visiting Montgomery to call upon them. They can save money by trading with them.

A public meeting on the subject of EDUCATION will be held at the Court House in Jacksonville on on Friday the 10th day of November next [Severa]l competent gentlemen will address the meeting.

The Republican.

Salt, Salt, Salt!—A new supply of Virginia Salt, just received by MADDOX & PARR.

12½ CENTS for Side Meat at MADDOX & PARR'S, a large lot just received.

A large stock Sugar of all grades, just received at MADDOX & PARR'S which they are offering at bottom prices by the barrel or half barrel. Go to see them before you buy elsewhere.

HEAVY STOCK—MADDOX & PARR is daily receiving their heavy Fall Stock of GROCERIES, which they will sell as cheap as any market with freight added.

500 PIECES—Crockery ware sold in two days at Maddox & Parr's

The best goods at the Lowest Prices will sell BAGGING! BAGGING! TIES! TIES!!—Large lot just received at Maddox & Parr's which will be sold at Rock bottom Prices try them.

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CROCKERY-WARE—Maddox & Parr's new stock Crockery-ware will be in in a few days, when they will again offer their sets of 30 pieces for $4 50.

ORANGES of superior quality always on hand at Maddox & Parr's.

CHEESE and MACCARONI, Fresh and Fine at Maddox & Parr's.

BAGGING—BAGGING—It is said by many that Maddox & Parr's Bagging is the best in Calhoun Co.—go and examine for yourself.

FLOUR—FLOUR—Maddox & Parr are determined to please their customers hence their keeping such a fine article of Tennessee Flour at such a low price.

For lack of room we neglected to call attention last week to the Millinery advertisement of Misses Katie and Lou Crawford. They have in a new Fall and Winter stock of the very latest styles and can fill orders on the shortest notice. Those ladies display the most elegant taste in all their work and no one can fail to be pleased with it. We hope our people will remember it is right to patronize our home institutions, and give them their orders.

MANURE DISTRIBUTOR.—This great invention of Messrs Linder & Montgomery is advertised in another column. It is destined to make a great revolution in our agriculture and be of immense benefit to our people. Through it the very smallest amount of manure may be utilized and farms that have heretofore been unproductive because of the barrenness of the soil and the great cost bringing it up through fertilizers, can at very small expense be made to produce abundantly and blossom like the rose. We saw the machine on Exhibition at the Fair and thought it perfectly answered the need it was made to supply. It grinds the coarsest stable manure or swamp muck or guano and by a very simple process lays it in any quantity desired along the furrows as fast as a horse can walk. There is no waste, as under the old plan of scattering the manure. Every particle of the fertilizer used is placed by this machine where it cannot waste and where it will immediately yield back a large return in increased production. It will in a very short time save more than its cost in the manner in which it economises manure. It saves a vast expenditure of muscle and labor and will in this way again soon save its cost. A little boy with it can do the work of several brawney men. In short it is the very thing every farmer ought to have and its cheap price brings it within the reach of every one. Don't crop next year without one.

Read the advertisement of J. R. Loyd Sale of 22nd Nov. 20th. Here is a chance for a bargain for some one.

Mr. J. W. Bradley has at Rowan Dean & Co's. a choice lot of the fine stock—apple grafts, the fruit of which took the premium at the Fair. Parties wishing to plant a good winter apple or an June apple can get the plants from the lot he has with Rowan Dean & Co.

Col Jno. H. Caldwell will address the people at Anniston Wednesday next on the political issues of the day. We hope we will have a large crowd, both white and black, to hear him.

We are glad that the Democracy of the city of New York have nominated for Mayor, a man upon whom all the heads of factions in the party can unite. It is well for the country and for the representative men of the Democracy of New York that such is the case. A solid New York is essential to Mr. Tilden's election. Had things so shapen themselves that he would have been defeated in his own State through the divisions of the Democrats of New York, the National Democratic party would never again have selected a candidate for the Presidency from that State.

We invite particular attention to the advertisement of J. T. McDonald & Co., Leading Clothiers of Montgomery. They always keeps a heavy stock of durable, neat and fashionable Clothing. We have had personal dealings with them since 1870, and always found them reliable, accommodating and liberal. We would advise members of the Legislature, and others visiting Montgomery to call upon them. They can save money by trading with them.

A public meeting on the subject of EDUCATION will be held at the Court House in Jacksonville on on Friday the 10th day of November next. All competent gentlemen will address the meeting. 2t.

Presentments of the Grand Jury.

To the Hon. Wm. L. Whitlock, Judge presiding for the 12th Judicial Circuit of Alabama.

The Grand Jurors, sworn and empannelled for the County of Calhoun, to enquire into all indictable offences, and to perform such other duties as are enjoined upon them by law, have diligently enquired into all the offences committed in the county of Calhoun, not barred by the statute of limitation, and take pleasure in reporting to your Honor, that violations of the law, both felonies and misdemeanors, are much less frequent than heretofore. Our enquiries have developed few heinous crimes, & we report with pride, that violations of the law in the county of Calhoun, are almost entirely petty misdemeanors, and these are becoming more rare at each session of our court. After a searching investigation, we find that our election laws have not in the least been violated or infringed, within the last twelve months; but that every man, notwithstanding race, color, or previous condition of servitude, has been allowed to deposit his ballot, and that no fraud, intimidation or other unlawful means have been used to defeat the right of suffrage.

As a portion of our duties, we have closely looked into the condition of the public roads of the county, and we regret to report, that there is a carelessness and indolence on the part of Apportioners and Oversees, which we regard as very culpable, and yet not of sufficient magnitude as to be indictable, owing to defects in our road laws. Apportioners, Overseers and hands might be held strictly to the performance of their duties, and yet our roads would remain in almost an impassable condition.

We hope that glaring and radical defects in our road law will be remedied by our law makers, and we take this occasion of calling the attention of our Legislature to this matter; remarking before we pass from the subject, that unless action is soon taken in this behalf, that our roads will become utterly and entirely impassable, and none but the most reckless will risk their lives upon our public highways.

We find the jail building needs some slight repairs, and suppose the County Commissioners will attend to this matter before the session of next court. The prisoners are well kept and attended to, with bedding and food, clean and sufficient. The building is entirely secure, and all prisoners confined therein are healthy and well provided for.

The books of the various county officials have been examined as well as their bonds. We found the books well bound indexed and neatly kept—the bonds good and sufficient, except the bond of Robert Riley, Constable of Beat No. 1, which we declare insufficient.

We are gratified to learn from the County Treasurer's report, that by May, 1877, the County of Calhoun will be out of debt, with a balance in the treasury.

In conclusion, we would respectfully tender our thanks to your Honor, for the able and lucid charge when you delivered to our body, and for the ability displayed in presiding during the present session of court.

We would also tender our thanks to Wellington Vandiver, Esq., Solicitor of the 12th Judicial Circuit, for the patient and able manner in which he has examined the various questions of law necessarily arising in our deliberations. We regard Mr. Vandiver as one of the most promising young Lawyers in our District.

Our thanks are also due the courteous Sheriff, for his attention, as well as Uncle Henry Murray, the venerable deputy, who has attended the Grand Jury so faithfully for the past fifteen years.

We request the Jacksonville Republican and Oxford Tribune to publish this report. All of which is respectfully submitted.

W. F. BUSH, Foreman.

For the Republican.

Baby's Dreamland.

Soft and low the lullaby sing,
Soft as the notes of doves in Spring;
Low as murmur of honey bees
Sipping sweets among apple trees.

Rock-a-by baby, hush to rest
Softly your head on mother's breast;
Who but mother can still your fears,
Who like mother can dry your tears.

List to the Katy-dids in their clatter,
When the black birds cease to chatter;
One by one the little stars peep,
Playing with baby hide-and-seek.

Oh! wee stars, you are not so bright
As the eyes of my little sprite;
And oh! such sweet red lips has she
Red as coral under the sea.

Lids are dropping, o'er eyes of blue,
Deeper far than violet's hue;
And sunny smiles have left their print
On little cheeks of sea-shell tint.

Asleep little one? asleep at last;
See the toy in her hands unclasped—
It falls! like some dear dream of life
When broken hearts droop in the strife.

Oh Dreamland! how enchanting fair,
Glowing, teeming with beauty rare;
As a golden light falls tender,
Bathing all in matchless splendor.

Here fountains lift their silver spray,
While gorgeous rain-bows arch the way;
With young morn's crystal dew drops strewn
Exotics rare, perennial bloom.

Oh! fair as sunset's dying light,
Ere he yields the world to night;
And sweet as childhood's laugh and low
These crystal fountains softly flow.

From shining brinks, gay birds arise
With plumage of a thousand dyes;
Seraphic notes to them belong,
While trembles all the air with song.

No wonder 'tis entrancing fair,
All the fairies are gathered there:
Laughing, dancing, whirling in song,
By fragrant zephyrs borne along.

Over beds of blooming flowers
That drop their blooms in rosy showers,
With zones of tinkling hare-bells sweet
That keep gay time to dancing feet.

While floats back soft each fairy hill
All woven out of moon beams pale,
And decked with many a brighter gem
Than ever graced a diadem.

O'er all float clouds of rose hue,
With trembling star-gems gleaming through;
Oh! who would not a baby be
And roam with her in dreamland free.

STELLA.

THIS PAPER IS ON FILE WITH
GEO. P. ROWELL & CO.
10 SPRUCE ST. NEW YORK
Where Advertising Contracts can be made.

A call is made in this paper for a public meeting, on the 10th November, to devise some means to foster the interest of education.

It is an absolute reproach to the citizens of Jacksonville and vicinity, that more interest is not taken in the cause of education, and her schools permitted to languish. It is not for the want of good buildings and other facilities. It is not for the want of competent and faithful teachers; but simply indifference and neglect. This state of things has to be remedied, or else our citizens must make up their minds either to forego the advantages of education for their children, or encounter the additional expense of boarding them out at distant schools.

JUST RECEIVED.

A Fine Lot of Superior St. Louis

Cooking Stoves!

For sale very Cheap by W. W. NESBIT.

Oct. 28—tf.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

It affords us pleasure to call the attention of our readers to the advertisement, in another column, of Messrs. Poole & Hunt, Baltimore, Md., whose reputation as Manufacturers of first-class machinery is preeminent in the South, and second to none in the United States. For nearly a quarter of a century they have been prominently before the public, year by year, strengthening their claims to public confidence, until, to-day, with an immense establishment, as perfect in its appointments as experience and mechanical skill can make it, they can send forth every article of their manufacture perfect and accurate in all of its parts, as tested by the fixed and high standards by which their work is regulated. They who have used their machinery can best vouch for the truth of what we have asserted.

SENSIBLE ADVICE.

You are asked every day through the columns of newspapers and by your Druggist to use something for Dyspepsia and Liver complaint that you may know nothing about, you get discouraged spending money with but little success. Now to give you satisfactory proof that GREEN'S AUGUST FLOWER will cure you of Dyspepsia and Liver Complaint with all its effects, such as Sour Stomach, Sick Headache, Habitual Costiveness, Palpitations of the Heart, heart burn, Water brash, coming up of food after eating, low spirits, &c., we ask you to go to your Druggist, Wm. M. NISBET and get a sample bottle of GREEN'S AUGUST FLOWER for 10 cents and try it, or a regular size for 75 cents, two doses will relieve you.

The People Want Proof.

There is no medicine prescribed by physicians, or sold by Druggists, that carries such evidence of its success and superior virtue as BOSCHEE'S GERMAN SYRUP for severe Coughs, Colds settled on the Breast, Consumption, or any disease of the Throat and Lungs. A proof of that fact is that any person afflicted, can get a sample bottle for 10 cents and try its superior effect before buying the regular size at 75 cents. It has lately been introduced in this country from Germany, and its wonderful cures are astonishing everyone that use it. Three doses will relieve any case. Try it. Sold by W. M. NISBET in Jacksonville.

Best and Cheapest Chills and Fever Remedy in the World.—The attention of our readers is directed to the advertisement of "AGUEINE" in another column. This remarkable remedy contains no quinine, calomel, or other hurtful drug, yet rarely fails to cure the "CHILLS," and all other malarial diseases. It will not injure the most delicate person, and leaves no unpleasant after-effects. The low price at which it is sold is likely to soon give it a large sale. See advertisement, and don't fail to give it a trial.

[Extract of a letter of Dr. Lovic Pierce, of Sparta, to Rev. L. F. Davies.]

Macon, Jan. 8. 1876.

Dear Bro Davies. Excuse me for writing only when I am deeply interested. I have been speechless about two months. Could not read and pray in a family. Had tried many things. Got no benefit from any. Since conference some one sent me, from Americus a bottle of Thrash's Consumptive Cure and Lung Restorer, which I have been taking now, this is the ninth day, and I can talk now with some ease. I came here, among other things, to supply myself with this medicine. No druggist here has it on sale. I must have it. I want you to go in person to Thrash & Co. show them this letter, and make them send me by express to Sparta, Ga, two, three or four bottles, with bill. I am getting on finely.

(Signed) LOVIC PIERCE.

For sale by Dr W. M. NISBET, Jacksonville, Ala. Sep. 23—3m.

Fall and Winter

GOODS.

KNOX & PARKS,

Broad Street, ROME, Ga.,

HAVING purchased the entire retail stock of W. T. McWilliams & Co. are now enabled to offer to purchasers and country merchants, a very complete assortment upon as good terms as can be obtained elsewhere.

Send orders, which will be promptly filled, or call and examine stock and prices while in Rome. Sept. 20, 1876.

Attention--Important!

I have a new and improved

Smoke stack for EVAPORATORS,

By which double the quantity of Sorghum can be made in the same length of time, which can be attached to any Evaporator at comparatively small cost.

Reference will be given to several who have tried them.

I am also prepared to do all kinds of REPAIRING in SHEET IRON & COPPER on Evaporators; also constantly on hand SKIMMERS of superior quality, which will be sold low for cash exclusively, and all Repairing done upon like terms.

W. W. NESBIT.

Jacksonville, July 29, 1876—3t.

J. T. McDONALD & Co.

LEADING CLOTHERS,

15 Market Street, Montgomery Alabama.

WITHOUT EXCEPTION WE OFFER

The Best and Most Reliable Stock of

Men's and Boy's CLOTHING

AND

FURNIRHING GOODS

TO BE FOUND IN THE STATE.

All of Which, having been Purchased at Recent

Low Prices,

We are Enable to dispose of at

Extremelg Economical Rates.

Orders Filled Promptly and

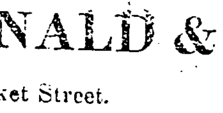
PRICES GUARANTEED

—TO BE—

THE LOWEST.

J. T. McDONALD & Co.

15 Market Street.



BLUE MOUNTAIN ROUTE

On and after Monday Sep. 11th, passenger Trains will run as follows.

GOING NORTH. No. 1. Passenger, Daily.		STATIONS		GOING SOUTH. No. 2. Passenger, Daily.
7.55 m	Leave	Selma,	Arrive	9.25 a m
11 28 a m	"	Calera,	"	4.33 a m
3 15 p m	"	Jacksonville,	"	11.53 p m
5 50 "	"	Rome,	"	8.55 p m
8.12 "	"	Dalton,	"	6 00 p m
8.00 a m	"	Bristol,	"	4 30 a m
12 00 p m	"	Lynchburg,	"	5.15 p m
6 32 a m	Arrive.	Washing'n,	Leave	8 07 p m
9.30 "	"	Baltimore	"	6.00 a m
1.20 p m	"	Philadelphia,	"	12 45 p m
5.10 "	"	New York,	"	8.55 p m

Nos. 1 makes close connections at Dalton with W & A R R for Chattanooga, Nashville, Louisville, Cincinnati, Chicago and St Louis; with E T V & Ga R R for Bristol, Lynchburg, Washington, Baltimore, Philadelphia and New York. Has sleeper from Vicksburg to Dalton with only one change through to Baltimore.

No 2 make close connections at Calera with trains of S. & N. Railroad for Montgomery, Eufaula, Columbus Ga, Tallahasse Fla, Mobile, and New Orleans—at Selma with Ala Central R R for Meridian, Jackson, Vicksburg and all points in Mississippi. Has sleeper from Dalton to Vicksburg.

M. STANTON, Superintendent.

RAY KNIGHT, General Passenger Agent.

W. C. LAND,

WATCH MAKER & Jeweller,

Jacksonville, Ala.

KEEPS constantly on hand fine Gold and Silver WATCHES, and fine and common JEWELRY. Silver and Plated ware—every thing kept in first class Jewelry store.

REPAIRING done in a good workmanlike manner, with every material on hand for dispatch. , 1876—1y.

DR. S. P. SMITH. H. H. SMITH

S. P. SMITH & SON,

Wholesale Grocers

AND

Liquor Dealers,

Smith's Block, ROME, Ga.

Proprietors and General Agents for the

Steamer Mary Carter,

Upon which Goods shipped freight has been reduced full 20 per cent.

A good and roomy WAGON YARD in rear of their Block for the accommodation of Teamsters.

SMITH'S AROMATIC

STOMACH BITTERS.

These Bitters are a pleasant TONIC for persons suffering from loss of appetite, or weakness, and a never-failing Remedy for Dyspepsia, Liver Complaint, Female Irregularities, Chills and Fever. Diseases of the Kidneys. Rome, Ga. Sep. 30 1876.—1y

Notice.

UNDER and by virtue of an Order issued from the Probate Court of Calhoun county, State of Alabama, on the 7th day of October. 1876. I. J. M. Woodley, Administrator of the estate of W. G. Woodley, deceased, will sell at public outcry,

ON THE 9TH DAY OF NOVEMBER. 1876,

At the late residence of said deceased, in said State and county, on the Gadsden road, about five miles west of Jacksonville, the following described Personal Property to-wit:

One Mule,
Twelve Sheep,
Cow and Calf,
Two Cows,
Ten head of Hogs,
Lot of Carpenter Tools,
Two-horse Wagon,
One Buggy,
Some Kitchen Furniture,
Farming Implements,
Plough Gear,
One Clock,
One Loom,
Cross-cut Saw,
Bee Hives, and a
Lot of Corn, &c. &c.

At the same time and place the late **Residence and Lands** of said deceased will be RENTED to the highest bidder.

TERMS OF SALE—All sums over ten dollars, on a credit of Twelve months secured by note with good security, bearing interest from date. All other sums cash.

J. M. WOODLEY, Adm.

Oct. 14, 1876—4t.

Jacksonville Hotel.

West Side Square,

Jacksonville, Ala.

Is now prepared, to take care of Commercial Travelers, and other Gentlemen and Ladies. Comfortable rooms, polite and attentive servants and as good fare as our country affords.

A large room specially for Exhibiting samples of merchandise.

Board per day,	$2 00
" " week,	7 00
" " Meal,	50

We have also a LIVERY and FEED STABLE—Hacks, Wagons, Buggies, and Horses, always on hand. Call and see me. Respectfully,

J. D. HAMMOND, Pro.

April 29, 1876.

NEW HOTEL

CROSS PLAINS, ALA.

JUST OPENED and ready for the reception of travelers and the public generally. FARE the best the country affords. Charges moderate.

Remember I am in the Brick Building on the corner of the public square.

L. FERGUSON, PROPRIETOR.

Farm for Sale.

DESIRING to go West, I now offer for sale my Farm, lying on the public road leading from Jacksonville, Calhoun co via Goshen, to Centre, eight miles from the former place, containing two hundred acres, one hundred of which is under fence and in a good state of cultivation—fifteen or twenty acres well adapted to meadow—Perpetual stream of water running through the place—[illegible] and convenient to good [illegible]—a fine lasting well of good water in the yard—good frame dwelling and outhouses. Will sell on good terms for cash, or half on credit of twelve months. Call and see me at once.

A. T. GREEN.

Aug. 19, 1876—tf.

Books, Stationery & Music.

H. A. SMITH,

ROME, GA.

WHOLESALE & RETAIL

Bookseller and Stationer,

AND DEALER IN

Pianos, Organs, Wall Paper, etc.

ALWAYS in stock, one of largest assortments of School and Miscellaneous Books in Northern Georgia, and at prices that will defy competition.

Orders through the mail will have prompt attention. Apl 22, 1876.

ABNER WILLIAMS,

WITH

STOLLENWERCK BROS.

Selma, Ala.

F. E. STOLLENWERCK & BROTHER

MOBILE, ALA.

Cotton Factors

and

Commission Merchants.

A. G. STOLLENWERCK, Selma. F. E. STOLLENWERCK, Mobile.

Sept. 2, 1876 6m.

D. HAMMOND. R. D. WILLIAMS

HAMMOND & WILLIAMS,

WOULD respectfully announce to the citizens of Jacksonville and surrounding country, that they have formed a copartnership for the purpose of doing a general MERCHANTILE BUSINESS.

We now have in store and to arrive, A GENERAL LINE OF

DRY GOODS, NOTIONS, Ready Made Clothing, BOOTS & SHOES, HATS & CAPS,

Sugar, Coffee, Teas, Soda,

HARDWARE, QUEENSWARE, FLOUR and MEAL.

We hope for, and will endeavor to merit, a liberal share of patronage, by fair dealing, low prices, and genuine Goods.

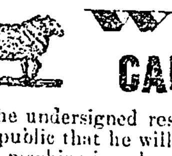
Call and examine our Goods and prices.

CLOTHING AT COST for CASH, for 30 Days.

ALSO AGENTS FOR WINSHIP'S CELEBRATED COTTON GINS AND IRON PRESS, SCANTLIN'S SORGHUM MILLS AND EVAPORATORS, and SEVERAL RELIABLE FIRE INSURANCE CO'S.

Business solicited.

Jacksonville, July 15, 1876.—6m.



WOOL CARDING.

The undersigned respectfully informs the public that he will have his new carding machine in splendid order to commence carding about Sept. 15th, 1876. His carding machine is situated at Nisbet's mill, four miles north-west of Jacksonville.

PRICES FOR CARDING—Ten cents per pound where grease is furnished, or twelve and a half cents where it is not.

I have leased Mr. Nisbet's mill for three years, and have put all the machinery in excellent condition for making first class flour and meal.

Sep 9-4t M. L. RICHIE.

RICHARD WALKER,

Barber and Hair-Dresser.

FIRST door east of Maddox & Parr's Family Grocery. Give him a call and he will guarantee perfect satisfaction with his neat, complete and fashionable work.

Jacksonville, June 17, 1876—tf.

New Steam Cotton Gin and Saw Mill.

THE undersigned have just fitted up at Weavers Station on the Selma, Rome & Dalton Railroad, splendid new machinery for Ginning Cotton and Sawing Lumber. The Gin has a newly invented Condenser attached, by which all waste of cotton is avoided, and it samples better for market. Cotton will be ginned for the sixteenth, and Lumber sawed upon the usual terms.

Give us a trial and you will be well pleased.

Messrs. Ledbetter keep at this point a full stock of Goods, and give the highest market price in cash for cotton, including remnants.

WILLIAM ADAMS, ROBERT ADAMS.

Sept 2, 1876—2m.

Trustee's Sale of House and Lot in the Town of Jacksonville, Ala.

UNDER and by virtue of a Deed of Trust executed to the undersigned by George Stipes, and recorded on pages 350 and 351 of Book "F" of deeds in the office of Judge of Probate of Calhoun county, Alabama, I will proceed to sell, on the 16th day of October, 1876, at Jacksonville, in said county, between the legal hours of sale, the following described property, to-wit:

West half of Lot No. twenty-nine, 29 in the original plan of the town of Jacksonville, Ala. in the Coosa Land District, in the state of Alabama, known and designated as the Stipes property, on the north east corner of the public square.

A. J. LITTLE, Trustee.

Sep. 2—5t.

A. W. JONES. E. K. CARLISLE. H. H. STEWART.

H. H. STEWART & CO.

WHOLESALE

GROCERS,

Corner Water and Washington Streets,

SELMA, ALA.

Our Stock is LARGE, embracing all the Staple Articles to be found in the Wholesale Business. Our facilities for Buying and Selling are such, that we challenge competition.

Selma Nov. 6, 1875—1y.

W. F. LYMAN T. S. BOWEN.

BOWEN & LYMAN,

Wholesale Grocers

AND DEALERS IN

PRODUCE,

No. 5, Central Block,

WATER STREET,

SELMA, ALA.

Our prices are low and stock large, which will be kept constantly full of choice articles.

Nov. 1875—1y.

Merchants Look to your Interest.

TIN WARE at wholesale and retail at ANTI-WAR PRICES, Made of best I X Tin.

Cooking Stoves

Best Philadelphia make Good, Heavy and Durable.

Also a good lot of Stove Ware. Roofing and Tin Guttering solicited

W. W. NESBIT.

Dec. 18, 1875—tf.

WYLY HOUSE.

South East Corner Public Square (OLD FORNEY CORNER)

JACKSONVILLE ALA.

HAVING made additional Improvements for the comfort of guests we earnestly solicit a continuance of that patronage so liberally bestowed upon us for the past two years. It is our pride and intention to make it one of the best HOTEL'S to be found in any Village, and to make every one comfortable and their stay pleasant while with us. Every convenience given to commercial men for showing samples

Board	per	day	$2 00
"	"	week	9 00
"	"	meal	50

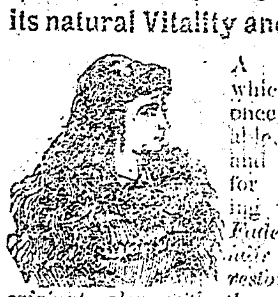
Reasonable reduction on board by the day for regular customers, and county people.

JOHN M. WYLY.

Ayer's

Hair Vigor,

For restoring Gray Hair to its natural Vitality and Color.



A dressing which is at once agreeable, healthy, and effectual for preserving the hair. *Faded or gray hair is soon restored to its original color, with the gloss and freshness of youth.* Thin hair is thickened, falling hair checked, and baldness often, though not always cured by its use. Nothing can restore the hair where the follicles are destroyed, or the glands atrophied and decayed. But such as remain can be saved for usefulness by this application. Instead of fouling the hair with a pasty sediment, it will keep it clean and vigorous. Its occasional use will prevent the hair from turning gray or falling off, and consequently prevent baldness. Free from those deleterious substances which make some preparations dangerous and injurious to the hair, the Vigor can only benefit but not harm it. If wanted merely for a

HAIR DRESSING,

nothing else can be found so desirable. Containing neither oil nor dye, it does not soil white cambric, and yet lasts long on the hair, giving it a rich glossy lustre and a grateful perfume.

PREPARED BY

Dr. J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass.,

Practical and Analytical Chemists.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS EVERYWHERE.

W. M. NISBET, Agent, Jacksonville, Ala.

NOTICE FARMERS!

W. D. BUSH & CO.

Having bought the right to manufacture and sell the celebrated

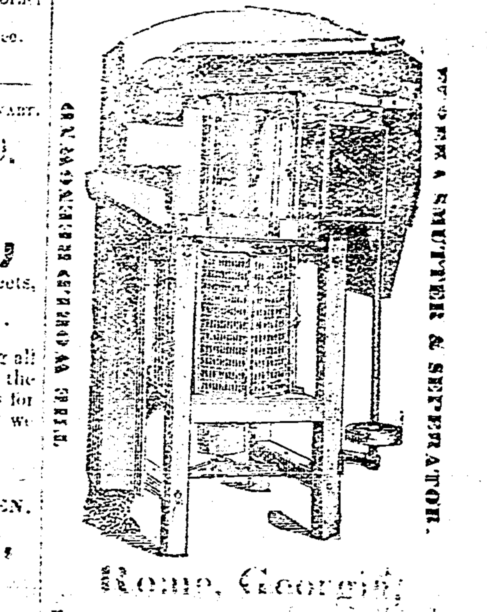
SANFORD PLOW

In the counties of Calhoun, Talladega and Cleburne, are now ready to supply the demand. These plows will be exhibited as rapidly as possible in the above counties; and farmers will find it to their interest not to purchase others before seeing them.

We claim, 1st, that they are the cheapest plow that has ever been offered in this country: 2nd, that being all iron (handles excepted) they are the most durable; 3rd, they are the most simple in construction; 4th, they can be adjusted to run deep, medium depth or shallow by the movement of only one bolt; 5th, the handles can be set to suit the tallest man or small boy by the movement of one bolt; 6th, the heel is constructed with a slot, so that the plow may be moved up or down to suit its length, thus avoiding the necessity and expense of laying—a short plow doing as good work as a long one; 7th, the shoulder and heel bolt are self-adjusting, and all your old plows will fit the stock. In short, it is the best and only universal Iron Plow Stock. Is not heavier than a common wood stock, is perfectly durable, and has given entire satisfaction so far as tried. Price to suit the times, and a liberal discount made when plows are bought at our works three miles south of Alexandria, Calhoun county, Ala.

Sep 23—4t

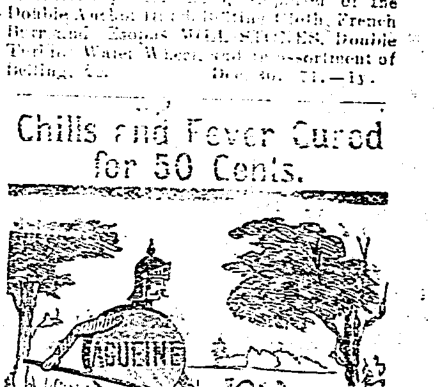
J. J. Cahee,



Rome, Georgia,

Keeps Constantly on hand the most celebrated and latest WALL PAPER, [illegible] at Manufacturer's prices, [illegible] Importer of the Double Anchor Bolting Cloth, French Burr and Esopus Mill Stones, Double Turbine Water Wheels, and an assortment of Belting, &c. Dec. 30, 71.—1y.

Chills and Fever Cured for 50 Cents.



AGUEINE

Is the most remarkable discovery of the Age. It will absolutely cure **Chills and Fever, or Fever and Ague, Intermittent or Billious Fevers**, and all malarial diseases. In **Liver Complaints** it often affects wonderful cures. Contains no QUININE, ARSENIC, CALOMEL or other hurtful drug, and *will not injure* the most delicate person. It is not only the best but the cheapest remedy in the world.

PRICE, 50 CENTS A BOX.

AGUEINE is for sale in Jacksonville by Dr. W. M. NISBET, and dealers generally. Don't fail to give it a trial.

Prepared by RICHARDSON & CO., Brooklyn, N. Y.

Superior Seed Oats FOR SALE.

I have a quantity of superior Red Rust Proof Oats, which I am now offering for sale at 60 cents per bush.

J. L. GREEN, Alexandria, Ala.

The Republican.

SATURDAY, OCT. 28tt 1876

FOR PRESIDENT,

SAMUEL J. TILDEN,

OF NEW YORK.

FOR VICE-PRESIDENT,

THOS. A. HENDRICKS

OF INDIANA.

For Congress—Seventh District.

Wm. H. FORNEY, of Calhoun.

THE ELECTORAL TICKET.

Electors at Large.

JOHN T. MORGAN, of Dallas.
JAMES L. PUGH, of Barbour.

District Electors.

1. SYDNEY T. PRINCE, of Choctaw
2. JAMES T. HOLTZCLAW, of Montgom'y.
3. JAMES F. WAGDELL, of Russell.
4. JOHN Y. KILPATRICK, of Wilcox.
5. WM. H. NORTHINGTON, of Autauga.
6. WILLIAM G. LITTLE, Jr., of Sumpter.
7. SAM'L K. McSPADDEN, of Cherookee.
8. HENRY C. JONES, of Lauderdale.

The most frequent question now asked is, "What do you think of the election prospects of Mr. Tilden?"

In order to satisfy our own mind on this question and be able to answer it intelligently, we have diligently read all the Northern papers that come to this office; and we are glad to say that from all the information we have through this channel, we think Mr. Tilden's chances for election are much better than those of Mr. Hayes.

All parties agree that neither can be elected without the vote of New York State. From an extract elsewhere published, it will be seen that the member of the National Democratic Executive Committee from Georgia has interviewed Mr. Tilden on his chances, and he says he will carry New York by 75,000 majority. And why should he not? He was elected on a Reform platform over Dix, a popular Republican Governor, by a majority of 50,000. Dix had previously been elected over a Democrat by a majority of 55,000; and the two elections show a popular change of 105,000 in favor of Mr. Tilden. Why should this immense vote fall away from him now? He has kept his pledges of reform. The public robbers of New York have been brought to justice under his administration and the taxes of the people have been reduced one half. These are arguments in his favor with the people of that State that no display of the bloody shirt can overcome. Besides the State pride of New Yorkers will lead many to vote for him. He is a splendid organizer, and the very fact of his candidacy has operated to heal the divisions of the New York city democracy for the time and enabled them to go into the fight with solid front and unexampled vigor.

The Washington Government by the unconstitutional employment of the bayonet may carry South Carolina and Louisiana for Hayes, but with New York, Connecticutt and New Jersey, can be elected without them. The Pacific slope States, which are not taken into the count, are almost certain to go for him. New Jersey and Connecticut are as reliably Democratic as Alabama; and Illinois, Wisconsin and some other States, with large numbers of German voters, that have hitherto been Republican, are now claimed as doubtful. Hayes, it seems to us, stands not the ghost of a chance for election. All the signs point to a very large majority for Tilden in the electoral college. While all the States may be closely and hotly contested, and there may not be a very great difference in the popular vote between the two men, Tilden's chances in the electoral college are about as two to one. Tuesday week will tell the tale—until then, let us possess our souls in patience.

Both Gen. Forney and Col. Caldwell were advertised to speak here Monday, but for lack of time only one of them addressed the respectable and attentive crowd present—For an hour Gen. Forney highly entertained his audience.

At the end of which time the court was ready to begin business when he desisted, not wanting to trespass on the time of the court. For the same reason Col. Caldwell refused to speak. Gen. Forney promising for him the crowd that at some other time would speak, when he could do so without trespass upon the time of the Court: Both gentlemen left Tuesday to fill several appointments in other counties.

The war cloud has partially blown over and immediate hostilities between Rusia and Turkey is not now so much feared though war still is not improbable. The mere rumor of the war sent gold up in New York, advanced bread stuff and depressed cotton, which shows that while a war would help some portions of the United States in the advance in grain and the stimulation of the manufacturing interests of those sections, it would not benefit the South, whose chief product would be cheapened there while everything we eat would be made higher. All of which goes to teach us that the South to be prosperous must raise more to eat and less cotton; then be there war or peace in Europe she would not be materially damaged. Should she raise a sufficiency to eat, so as not to be disturbed by an advance in bread stuffs, and add manufacturing to her industries a foreign war would generally inure to her benefit.

We are much gratified in being enabled to publish so favorable a report of the Grand Jury of our present Court; especially that part relating to the fair and impartial manner in which our excellent election laws have been obeyed. We have no doubt a similar report could be truthfully made in every county of the State; notwithstanding the lies and slanders of the Radical party about it.

Gen. Williard Warner has gone back to "bloody shirt Radicalism like the dog to his vomit. He has lately written a letter to a Cincinnati paper in which he claims that Alabama among other southern States is Republican beyond a doubt if his party were not intimidated and kept from the polls. He says defeat of the Republican party in this State last August may be accounted for on the ground that his party put up a weak and wishy washy ticket headed by Woodruff—the man who said in New York after the the election that he had lived fifty years to find out that he was a d—d fool. To give the less to the assertions of such dogs as Warner Democrats must go to the polls every man and roll up as big a majority against Hays as they did against Warner's so-called wishy washy ticket. Let colored men who do not approve of the slanders such men utter against their State walk up to the polls with their white friends and freely deposit their ballot for honesty and better times and against the Freedman's Bureau Robbers and Hard Times They Know they are not intimidated in this country, but are free to vote as they please. Whenever a sneak like Warner writes that they are intimidated he casts a reflection on the courage and manhood and leads the Northern people to believe that they are a set of timid creatures like sheep, fears control them in their political action, and they bring them in contempt and reproach. Let colored *men* say to all such, "we can vote as we please and we please to vote as best a party that for political ends grossly slander us and brings contempt down on our race in every election by raising this false cry of intimidation. The Democrats have never so slandered you. They have always said to the world you were not intimidated. They never robbed you of millions of dollars, as have the Radicals through the freedman's bank. They have never told you lies or made you promises to be broken. They have always said to you they would not take away any of your rights; but that should be equal with them before the law. In every Democratic State, as in Alabama, these pledges have been kept, and when Tilden is elected these pledges will be still kept. Go with your white neighbors colored men and consult your interest at the same time that you rebuke such men as Williard Warner.

The fact is now conceded by both sides that without the vote of New York neither Hays nor Tilden can be elected. This is all satisfactory. We are willing to risk Uncle Sammy on his own native heath. His reduction of taxation will do the work for him there. In the meantime let us attend to rolling up such a majority in Alabama as cannot be cavilled at.

The Camp Fires Still Burning

After the unparalleled campaign in Indiana, which closed on Tuesday of last week, it was thought that there would be a lull. But the people have taken to rejoicing and grand demonstrations are held everywhere in the State. If there was excitement before, it pales before the extraordinary enthusiasm of the Indiana Democrats. They are literally on the war path, have the enemy on the hip, and will rout them by an overwhelming majority in November. Blazing torches, grand processions and shouts that reach almost to the heavens are the daily and night events in the Hoosier State. With such feeling inspiring the Democratic hosts victory is already assured. The greatest political gathering ever known in Indianapolis was the one of Wednesday night last, when there was outpouring to welcome honest old farmer Williams to the Capital. He made a speech creditable to his head and heart, and which demonstrated his eminent fitness to preside over the destinies of that great Commonwealth. Gov. HENDRICKS was next called for. He has made many noble speeches, but he never made one in his life that so touched the popular heart as the one he delivered last Wednesday night. We would be glad to publish it entire but can only make the following extracts:

There are three weeks yet of this contest—three busy weeks—and in those three weeks the people are to consider the questions that are forced upon them. Are you going to lay by your arms and be quiet during these three weeks, when the questions are of purity of government, economy of expenditures and the reduction of the enormous army of office-holders that are eating out the substance of the people? [Voices, "No, No."] I can not to night discuss these questions.

I will say to you if the Democrats carry the congress and the presidency you will see still larger reductions in the public expenditures. The last House of Representatives compelled the Senate to yield to a reduction of thirty millions of dollars. [Applause.] That thirty millions of dollars is one million three hundred thousand dollars to the State of Indiana. It is to every congressional district one hundred and five thousand dollars. It is for the State of Indiana three hundred thousand dollars more than the entire taxes upon the people of the State for the ordinary purposes of State government. What does that thirty millions of dollars reduction mean and signify? It means that in the expenditures there shall be economy and honesty—it means that the money shall be left in the pockets of the people and not collected from them. It means that this 30,000,000 shall remain in the channels of trade and commerce, it means that those 30,000,000 shall be like the red blood that courses through your veins and arteries and gives you your life, vitality and power. This money left in the channels of trade will stimulate enterprises, will give employment to labor that now begs on the street corners. [Applause.] My fellow citizens, I believe that if for the eleven years since the close of the war, $30,000,000 had been saved each year, we need no have had a panic in this country. I believe that if that economy had been observed during the past years, as the Democratic House of Representatives has forced it this year, that we would now not be in the paralysis of hard times. Why shall we have hard times in this country and not rejoice while the sun shines on a population of wonderful intelligence and enterprise and energy, with all the varieties of climate and production, with the wonderful manufacturing advantages of New England, with the rich coal fields of Pennsylvania and Indiana, with the wonderful productions of the Southern States, which form the staple in the world's commerce and commands the market the world over, with a country also having the richest [illegible] metals? [illegible] country occupied by a people of such wonderful energy, we ought, in my opinion, never to have hard times. [Applause.] Hard times! the people of Indiana have heard many orators this year, there is one orator that has been heard more than all the others together, and that is general hard times. [Applause.] That speaker will be heard whether you will or no, he comes to the door of your residence and with his cold, and glassy eye, and with his hard face, he looks into your residence, and into many of your houses; he enters and looks into the closet and into the meal-tub, and he takes his stand beside the cold hearth-stone, and he takes his seat beside the family table, between husband and wife, between parent and child, and he discourses about the poverty that is coming upon the people of this country. Ah, way won't he go away; stubbornly and persistently, he sits there and tells his dreadful story, the story of hard times. Do you know when he will go? He will go when the people of this country resolve that there shall be economy and honesty in high places. [Applause.] He will leave your homes, my countrymen forever I hope, when we shall establish it that the large army of public officers now near 100,000 strong shall be reduced by one-half, and when the expenditures shall be reduced still more, as the Democratic house of representatives has indicated, when the reduction shall go up to $50,000,000, as I believe it may go, and as I believe Mr. Tilden will make it go. [Applause.] And I have a faith that in his election hope will return to this country. Why, what now have you in the communance in power of the present party? Have'nt you trusted it? My Republican friend, have'nt you trusted it enough in the past? Take a survey of these eight years that have just closed, a period of wonderful corruption, a period of such corruption that Carl Schurz was compelled to say to the people in his speech at Cincinnati, "that things have become so bad that every honest and patriotic man desires a change." That change will come. The people are interested in all these questions, and I believe that Mr. Tilden's election will inspire a hope. What are we without hope? What is an individual, a nation without hope? When we look forward to something better and brighter, it is hope, and it gives us the happiness of life. There is scarcely any one of us that is content with the present condition, but we look forward, we think the morrow, the next year will be brighter and better than the present. Why, we look beyond the grave and have a hope for brighter and more glorious existense, and so of a great nation of forty millions of people. If hope dies business will die, enterprise will die, all activities will cease; but inspire those forty millions once more with hope, let them realize that there is a chance in the future, and enterprise will spring up again, and individuals will experience the blessings of a bright and better time. I believe that next spring, when Mr. Tilden will take his seat as the President of the United States, we will turn our backs on the bad times that have been brought about by corruptions in high places, that have brought a cabinet officer to trial on impeachment for high crimes, before the Senate of The United States. We will turn our attention away from such scenes, and realize in the purity of the new and better administration that which our fathers did enjoy; and I believe that when he takes his seat there will come over the country like the spring showers, the refreshing influences of better government, and as the spring sunshine and shower come the grasses and vegetation spring up for man's blessing and food, so the sunshine of better government will be felt in all the enterprises and interests of the people. [Applause.] I ask you, my countrymen, not to cease your efforts. You are not fighting an ordinary opponement. If the Republican party was just as poor as the Democratic party, I would not be afraid of those three weeks at all. [Applause, but single-handed you are fighting an organized band of a hundred thousand office-holders, and the Secretary of the Interior is the head man of the Republican organization, and has postmasters and every office-holder of the country to contribute of his money, and it means your money or your political life, and it is given in thousands and in hundreds of thousands, and it is to be brought into Indiana to break down the public virtue of the people.

I ask you to gird up your loins to rally for the great contest of the 7th of November, and let the banner, the glorious banner of reform once more float in triumph before forty millions of people. [Immense cheering.]

New York Sure for Tilden by 75,000 Majority.

Augusta (Ga.) Chronicle, Oct. 12.

Hon. George T. Barnes, the Georgia member of the Democratic National Executive Committee, returned to Augusta yesterday, having recently attended a meeting of the committee in New York. A reporter of the *Chronicle and Sentinel* interviewed Maj. Barnes during the day, in reference to the political situation.

Reporter—You have just returned from New York, Maj. Barnes; what are your views now in regard to the Presidential election?

Maj. Barnes—I left Augusta ten days ago with very gloomy anticipation as to the future. I have returned with very opposite feelings and now feel confident of Tilden's election.

Reporter—How about New York?

Maj. Barnes—There can be no doubt about that State, it will certainly go for Tilden and Mr. Hewitt, President of the Democratic Executive Committee, both say that it will give 75,000 Democratic majority in November. The spirit of the Tammany and anti-Tammany wings in New York city rather aids than injures the Tilden cause, and for this reason, while some of the Democrats are Tammy and others anti-Tammany men they are all Tilden men, and as the local feeling will cause a heavier vote to be polled than otherwise, Tilden's majority will, therefore, be large. I have spoken with prominent men in New York, and know what their views are on the subject. At Democratic headquarters everybody is assured of Mr. Tilden's election. Connecticut, New Jersey and Indiana will certainly cast their votes for him, and our friends in Michigan and Wisconsin feel confident that those States will go the same way. The majority in Indiana and Ohio will be much larger than it was last week. Blue Jeans Williams was very unpopular with the railroad interest in Indiana and the West, and that influence was used against him. This will not be the case in November, however, and Tilden's majority will be at least double that of Williams. The Republicans of the North are very much disheartened. The South Carolina affair has had but little effect; but our friends think it will gain votes for Tilden. —A table of the electoral vote, published in the N. York World of Saturday, was read at the meeting of the National Committee, and accepted as correct. This elects Tilden by a large majority."

The Out-Look To day.

There is but one out-look that the readers of the *DayBook* are especially interested in at this moment, the Southern readers particularly, and that is, the political outlook. "What are the chances for our candidates?" is the question upon the lips of the members of the Nation Democracy when they meet. We are gratified at being able to announce that as the date of the great election draws near, the prospects of one grand national vote for for Tilden and Hendricks, loom up into a probability little short of an absolute certainty. We have of late, and prior to the contest in Ohio, Indiana and West Virginia, held that the chances of the Democratic standard bearers were as 90 against 10 as the Republican chances. To-day, as we see the smoke of the late political battles fade away in a dim cloud, and the condition of those localities where the fight just took place is made clearer to our mind's eye, we feel satisfied that the chances of Tilden and Hendricks on the 7th of November, are 95, against 5 possibly held by Hayes and Wheeler. In fact the election of the great reform leaders seems almost an absolute certainty. *N. Y Day-Book.*

Steadying the Nervous System.

In nine cases out of ten, diseases of the nervous system arise from a vitiated condition of the digestive and secretive apparatus. The alimentary region being connected by the cirgastric nerve with the brain, which is the great nerve centre, it is not surprising that a disordered condition of the stomach, liver and bowels, should produce nervous headache, inability to sleep, vertigo, buzzing in the ears and other symptoms of cerebral derangement. The proper & most direct way to get rid of all these disagreeable symptoms is to overcome digestive weakness and inactivity of the liver. The intimate connection between the brain and alimentary canal is very clearly shown by the simultaneous disappearance of nervous and indigestive symptoms when the stomach and liver are subjected to the tonic and corrective influence of Hostetter's Stomach Bitters No nervine in the whole range of materia medica is comparable to this agreeable family tonic and alterative, in the matter of soothing nervous excitement and superinducing a vigorous appetite and sound repose. But though it acts upon the nervous system through the stomach, yet being purely vegetable and wonderfully wholesome, it does not produce those unpleasant after consequences which are such a serious objection to the use of mineral sedatives. It is the province of this admirable medicine to overcome the diseases and disabilities, to the removal of which it is adapted by the most natural and progressive action, without disturbing the equilibrium of a single organ, or producing any undesirable result to mar its benificent effects.

NIJNE NOVGOROD FAIR. The great market of the eastern world has been held at this junction of the Volga and Oka Rivers in Russia, every summer for hundreds of years Here the millions of Europe and Asia meet with their products for trade. Cossack, Chinese, Turk and Persian, meet the German and the Greek with every variety of merchandise that mankind employs, from sapphires to grindstones, tea, opium, fur, food, tools and fabrics, and last but not least, medicines. J. C. Ayer & Co.'s celebrated remedies from America were displayed in an elegant bazar where the Doctor himself might sometimes be seen. They are known and taken on steppes of Asia as well as the prairies of the West, and are an effectual antidote for the diseases that prevail in the vasorts of the North, as well as the huts and cabins of the western continent

Lincoln (Ill.) Times.

$999 Can't be made by every agent every month in the business we furnish, but those willing to work can easily earn a dozen dollars a day right in their own localities Have no room to explain here. Business pleasant and honorable Women, and boys and girls do as well as men we will furnish you a complete Outfit free. The business pays better than anything else. we will bear expense of starting you. write and see. Farmers and mechanics, their sons and daughters and all classes in need of paying work at home, should write to us and learn all about the work at once. Now is the time. Don't delay. Address TRUE & Co, Augusta, Maine.

To the Working Class.—We are now prepared to furnish all classes with constant employment at home, the whole of the time, or for their spare moments. Business new, light and profitable. Persons of either sex easily earn from 50 cents to $5 per evening, and a proportional sum by devoting their whole time to the business Boys and girls earn nearly as much as men. That all who see this notice may send their address, and test their business, we make this unparalleled offer. To such as are well satisfied we will send one dollar to pay for the trouble of writing. Full particulars, samples worth several dollars to commence work on, and a copy of Home and Fireside, one of the largest and best Illustrated Publications, all sent free by mail. Reader, if you want permanent, profitable work, address, GEORGE STINSON & CO. Portland, Maine.

Fashionable *Millinery.*

THE undersigned have just received a full stock of fine and fashionable material for Millinery: Ribbons, Laces, Ties, &c. Trimmed HATS of every variety and price, from 75 cents to $10 00.

LADIES DRESSES cut and made in the latest styles.

Room back of W. A. Driskell's Dry Goods Store.

Ladies respectfully invited to call and examine Goods.

Misses KATE & LOU CRAWFORD.
Jacksonville, Oct. 21, 1876—1m.

Alexandria, Ala.
Oct 18th, 1876.

Public Notice

IS hereby given to all parties upon whom I hold Guano Notes, specifying Cotton option, that they will be deprived of said option, if the cotton is not delivered by the 1st of November, 1876, as that is the specification in the face of said notes.

The notes specify low middling cotton, and a lower grade will not be received in payment of said notes. The time is nearly out, and we hope every bale of the cotton will be delivered at Weaver's Station without delay. Arrangements have been made with Messrs. Ledbetter & Co. to receive the same.

W. P. COOPER.

oct. 21—2t.

A Good Farm For Sale.

I will sell sell at public sale to the highest bidder, on the **20th November next**, at the late residence of L. P. Fullenwider Dec. 360 acres of LAND. The Land is known and designated as the east half section seven, Township fourteen and range seven, with the exception of fifty acres off the south-west line; also the south-east eighty acres of section six, township fourteen range seven east, all in the Coosa Land District, being the land where L. P. Fullenwider lived at the time of her death.

There is about 70 acres of land under fence; the balance all wood land, with three good springs, convenient to churches and schools.

TERMS OF SALE—One half cash, the other half twelve months after date.

J. R. LOYD.

Oct? 21, 1876—3t.

$5 00 to $10 00 per day Saved by Using

Linder's Distributor!

WE have just secured a patent for a Machine that will grind and distribute Guano, Stable Manure, or any course Fertilizer, in the drill, at the rate of 200 to 1500 lbs. per acre.

Simple, Durable & Effective.

It is so simple that it cannot get out of order, and a boy of 12 year's old can operate it as well as a man. So durable that it will last an ordinary life time, and so effective that by its use, a saving of 500 per cent. in manure will be gained—putting it right in the drill where it will do the most good. The Machine is made so that in turning at the end the grinding stops and no manure is lost.

State, County and Beat rights for sale.

☞A few good, reliable Agents wanted.

LINDER & MONTGOMERY.
Peck's Hill, Calhoun co., Ala
Oct. 21, 1876—3m.

LOST DOG.—A small Mack Esquimau dog with white breast and bushy tail which curls very high; head and ears somewhat resembles those of a fox. A suitable reward for the finder of the dog and a licking for the man who stole him. James Snow.
Oct 21st, 3t. Oxford Ala.

THE STATE OF ALABAMA }
Calhoun county. }

Court of Probate for said County, Special Term, Oct. 17th, 1876.

THIS day came Ellen Sisson, widow of C. B. Sisson, late of said county, deceased, and filed in Court her written petition, and under oath, asking an order of court setting apart to her the said Ellen Sisson, dower in the Lands of which the said C. B. Sisson, deceased, died seized and possessed, and which Lands are fully set out and described in said petition.

Thereupon, it is ordered by the court that the 21st day of November, 1876 be set for the hearing said petition, and that notice thereof be given by publication in the Jacksonville Republican, a newspaper published in said county, for three successive weeks, prior to said day, as a notice to the non-resident heirs at law of said decedent, and all other persons concerned, to be and appear at a special term of said court to be holden at the Court House of said county on said 21st day of November, 1876, and defend against said petition if they think proper.

L. W. CONNON.
Judge of Probate.

Oct. 21—3t.

The Greatest Improvement of the Age.

Artificial Tomb Stones and Monuments.

BOX WORK of any style or ornamentation from a plain surface to the most delicate traceries—simply defined Alto and Basso Relievos can be most artistically executed in this stone by means of Plaster Paris moulds. The invention of Portland Cement stone is to statuary and sculpture what Photography is to drawing and painting. This invention has all that is essential in a Tomb stone, combining neatness, cheapness and durability, the cost being less than a tenth that of Marble. I am aware that grave stones have been made of Rosendale and other American cements that would not resist the changes of the weather; but English Portland cement stone, as has been tested by government officers, is nearly 20 times as strong as the Rosendale, and stands the influences of the weather equal to the best building stone. Its resistance to frost is absolute—(see government report of Gen. Gilmore, J. B. McClelland, Prof'r. Adolph Ott, Knight and other scientific men.) The patent was granted to G. W. Arnold Aug. 8th, 1876, is not and has nothing to do with the F M Jones patent, or a style of work called Arch work. It does not require the services of a mason to put it up, but I can learn any one to put it up in a few hours

Persons desirous of securing exclusive State or County rights to manufacture this Tomb stone, address J. D. ARNOLD or G. W. ARNOLD, Jacksonville, Ala. or J. C. GWIN, Spring Garden, Ala.

Oct 21—3m.

Dr. J. C. FRANCIS

HAS removed to WOODWARD'S CORNER, where he keeps constantly on hand a fine stock of

DRUGS,

Medicines, Fancy and Toilet articles Perfumery, Soaps, Brushes, Oils, and all other articles usually kept by Druggists.

ALSO—**Fresh, Choice, Staple**

FAMILY GROCERIES,

Stationery and Pocket Cutlery.

All of which will be sold as low for Cash or COUNTRY PRODUCE as can be sold in this market.

Jacksonville, Ala., Oct. 7, 1876—tf.

T W FRANCIS & CO.

MONTGOMERY, Ala.

HAVE ON HAND A GOOD STOCK OF STAPLE AND FANCY

Dry Goods.

Samples of Goods sent by mail, with prices, when requested. Terms cash or C O D
June 10 3m

J. B. GRAHAM

HAS IN STORE AND TO ARRIVE a full and complete line of

Dry Goods,
Boots and Shoes,
Hats and Caps,
Hardware,
Bagging and Ties,

GROCERIES, &C.

which he is selling at very low prices for CASH, both at OXFORD and LADIGA, ALA.

Read Carefully.

We would respectfully call the attention of those indebted to us, to the fact, that we have to raise a considerable amount of money during the month of November, and must look to our customers for the money. We hope they will come up with the CASH or Cotton promptly, as we are compelled to collect—will hold your Cotton if you do not wish to sell. We hope you will not fail to respond

J. B. GRAHAM.

Oct. 14, 1876—5t.

Manhood: How Lost. How Restored!

Just published, a new edition of **Dr. Culverwell's Celebrated Essay** on the *radical cure* (without medicine) of Spermatorrhœa or Seminal Weakness, Involuntary Seminal Losses, Impotency Mental and Physical Incapacity, Impediments to Marriage, etc.; also Consumption, Epilepsy and Fits, induced by self-indulgence or sexual extravagance, &c.

☞Price in a sealed envelope only six cents.

The celebrated author, in this admirable Essay, clearly demonstrates from a thirty years' successful practice, that the alarming consequences of self-abuse may be radically cured without the dangerous use of internal medicine or the application of the knife; pointing out a mode of cure at once simple, certain, and effectual, by means of which every sufferer, no matter what his condition may be, may cure himself cheaply, privately, and *radically*.

☞This Lecture should be in the hands of every youth and every man in the land.

Sent under seal, in a plain envelope, to any address, post-paid, on receipt of six cts. or two post stamps.

Address,

THE CULVERWELL MEDICAL CO.,
41 Ann St., New York, P O Box, 4586.

JACKSONVILLE

Commercial College.

A business school is a necessity, and should be sustained regardless of the times!

A business course in four month for only twenty dollars!

A business education applicable to all, regardless of profession or sex!

The exercises of this Institution opened Tuesday, Sept. 5th 1876. Doors always open to visitors.

MALE AND FEMALE DEPARTMENTS.

The Institution is conducted on actual business plans!

RATES OF TUITION:

(Due at expiration of each term.)

Penmanship Dept.	$5 00
Business Calculations	5 00
Business Forms	5 00
Single & Double Entry Book-keeping	5 00

Improved systems adopted. Diagrams to simplify the difficult departments. Review courses given at half rates. Private lessons given, if desired. The above rates embrace a period of four months. The usual course of reciting the above branches, requires a period of four months. Students under 15 years of age admitted in penmanship only at half rates. Day and night sessions to suit the convenience of all. Deductions in case of protracted sickness or unavoidable absence. The indigent and disabled are admitted free of charge. Minor orphans of limited means, children of ministers and widows admitted at half rates. A scholarship in any department entitles the student to a privilege of continuing, without regard to time and without extra charge. Students may enter at any time and for any number of branches. Diplomas awarded for any branch. Required advancement for entry upon the regular course embraces spelling, reading, first rules in Arithmetic and scribbling. The business community are invited to attend and witness the exercises and act as examining board. Students under 15 only admitted to penmanship.

O. Q. ZINNAMON
Principal.

Commercial and Literary Author & Lecturer and Founder of the Southern Commercial College, New Orleans

☞When not professionally engaged the Principal would be pleased to do any business writing in writing up books making out balance sheets, book keeper's diagrams, partnership settlements &c. &c

Sept. 16 187 —tf

The Rome Hote'.

Within Ten Steps of the Rail Road.

BROAD STREET, ROME, GEORGIA.

NO OMNIBUS NEEDED.

The Hotel is situated in the principal business square of the city, is New and Clean from Bottom to Top, having been

THOROUGHLY RENOVATED

In the last sixty days, and has received an addition of fourteen

ELEGANT, AIRY AND CONVENIENT

ROOMS, NEWLY FURNISHED.

The Hotel is abundantly supplied with Fresh Milk, Butter and Vegetables from our own Dairy and Garden.

Rates Two Dollars per day, or seventy-five cents for single meal and single lodging, with no extra charge for handling baggage.

Representatives from the principal business houses of the city can be found boarding in the hotel

J A STANSBURY, Proprietor.
sept 30—1y.

PORTABLE AND STATIONARY STEAM ENGINES, STEAM BOILERS, SAW-MILLS, FLOUR AND GRIST MILLS, MILL GEARING MADE WITH FRICTION PULLEYS, SHAFTING, PULLEYS AND HANGERS, IMPROVED DESIGNS & SPECIALTIES. The UNEQUALLED JAS. LEFFEL DOUBLE TURBINE WATER WHEEL. 2000 IN USE. ADDRESS, POOLE & HUNT, BALTIMORE, MD. SEND FOR CIRCULARS.

Administrator's Notice.

STATE OF ALABAMA, }
CALHOUN COUNTY. }

LETTERS OF ADMINISTRATION upon the Estate of Wm G Woodley, deceased, having been granted to the undersigned, by the Hon L. W. Cannon, Judge of the Probate court of Calhoun county, Alabama, on the 16th day of September, 1876; Notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against said estate to present them legally authenticated within the time prescribed by law, or they will be barred; and all persons indebted to said estate are required to make immediate payment.

J. M. WOODLEY, Adm.
Oct 14, 1876—6t.

ELECTION NOTICE.

THE STATE OF ALABAMA }
Calhoun County. }

NOTICE is hereby given, that I, Alex O Stewart, as the Sheriff of said County, will cause to be opened and held at the various places of voting in the Election Precincts of said County, **on the first Tuesday in November, 1876**, that being the 7th day of said month, an Election for the purpose of electing ten Electors for President and Vice President of the United States, consisting of one for each Congressional District and two for the State at large; and also for the purpose of electing a member of Congress from the 7th Congressional District of Alabama.

Notice is hereby further given, that the following named persons are appointed Special Deputy Sheriffs, and Inspectors of said election, for the respective election precincts in said county, as hereinafter named, to-wit.

For Pre. No. 1.—Jacksonville.

B C Wyly, Thos. R Ward, W P Crook } Inspectors.
R. E. Riley, Returning Officer.

Pre. No. 2—Alexandria—S Daniel, Special Deputy Sheriff.

Samuel T Peace, Wm F Bush, W W Crook } Inspectors.
Jack Clark, Returning Officer.

Pre No. 3—Green B Skelton, Dep Shff.

Wm E Lambert, David B Reaves, R P Weaver } Inspectors.
S O McCullers, Returning Officer.

Pre No. 4 Court Ground—J A Cobb, Special Deputy Sheriff.

J L Kirby, R K Brothers, J M Anderson } Inspectors.
E J Jaynie, Returning Officer.

Pre. No. 5—Polkville—J M Mears, Special Deputy Sheriff.

W L Stokes, Noah Baugh, Mack Henderson } Inspectors.
R P Ross, Returning Officer.

Pre. No. 6—Parks Bridge—Jackson Dicks, Special Deputy Sheriff.

O A Finch, Wm M Cochran, John C Arches } Inspectors.
H. F. Montgomery, Returning Officer.

Pre No. 7—Hollingsworth's School House—John Abernathy, Spe Dep Shff.

Henry M Bee, Jas N Landers, Ed L Woodward jr } Inspectors.
E B Dickinson, Returning Officer.

Pre No. 8—Court Ground—L K Wingo, Special Deputy Sheriff.

W B Doss, G W Wells, W B Green } Inspectors.
Geo Nabors, Returning Officer.

Pre. No. 9—Cross Plains—D B Wilson, Special Deputy Sheriff.

John C Vaughenaver, J B Smith, F M Savage } Inspectors.
Wm A Stewart, Returning Officer.

Pre. No. 10—Cross Roads—J B Wilson, Special Deputy Sheriff.

J C Watson, Joseph Borden, Wm Bellenee } Inspectors.
Henry Murray, Returning Officer.

Pre. No. 11—Marion Whiteside, Special Dpy Sheriff.

D S Beck, W A Scarborough, Alfred Morgan } Inspectors.
J P Ward Returning Officer.

Pre. No. 12—Parkerson—Wm H Hughes Special Dpy Sheriff.

John F Davis, W A Wood, Jacob D Arnum } Inspectors.
John Elston Returning Officer.

Pre. No. 13—Gunnel—D F Shaford, Special Dpy Sheriff.

D P Gunnels, E G Robertson, S C Kelly } Inspectors.
J M Hayes, Returning Officer.

Pre. No. 14—Sulphur Springs—John F Henderson, Special Dpy Sheriff.

Miles H Harrison, Harvey Whiteside, J T Vincent } Inspectors.
J B Chappell Returning Officer.

ALEX. O. STEWART,
Sheriff.

Sept. 27, 1876. sept30-te

Register's Sale OF LANDS.

UNDER and by virtue of a Decree of the Chancery Court, rendered in the cause of James C. Francis vs. L. J. Parr, James Crow and H. W. Collier at the June Term, A D 1876, of said Court, in the 1st District of the Eastern Chancery Division of Alabama, at Jacksonville, I will, as Register of said Court, sell to the highest bidder for cash, before the Court House door of Calhoun County, on

Monday the 6th day of November, 1876.

The following described Real Estate, to wit: The west half of section 32, also the east half of the south west quarter and the south west quarter of the south west quarter, and the west half of the north west quarter of section 29, all in township 15, range 7. Also, all that part of section 23 in township 14, range 8, which lies on the south and east of the public road leading from Jacksonville to Alexandria. Said land will be sold to satisfy first the decree in the case above mentioned and second to satisfy a decree rendered in favor of Jas Crow in his cross bill against the said L. J. Parr, H. W. Collier and Jas C Francis. Also, at the same time and place, and on like terms, and by direction of said Court, in a decree rendered at the said term of said Court, in the case of Mrs. H. E. Reynolds vs. L. J. Parr, I, as Register of said Court, will sell the following town property, to wit: one house and lot in the town of Jacksonville, Ala., known as the house and lot upon which the said L. J. Parr now resides, bounded east by Main street, north by Mrs. Jane Tate's lot, on the west by L. W. Cannon's lot, and on the south by John D. Hammond's lot. Said lot contains 3½ acres, more or less, and being a portion of Sec. 11, T. 14, R 8, in Calhoun county, Ala. Said house and lot sold to satisfy said decree in favor of the said Reynolds, vs. said L. J. Parr.

This Sept. 27th, 1876.

WM. M. HAMES,
Register, &c.

sept30-t5

NEW

LIVERY AND SALE STABLE.

The undersigned has opened at the place of Jas. H. Privett, a Livery and Sale Stable, and would respectfully solicit a share of the public patronage.

Good Horses! Good Vehicles! SAFE DRIVERS!

Hire Horse,	per day	$1 00
Hire Buggy,	"	1 00
Hire Horse and Bugger,	"	2 00
Hire Bugger and 2 Horses,	"	3 00
Hire Hack & Horses		3 00
Wagon and Horses		

Apply to JOSEPH H PRIVETT.

The Republican.

Salt, Salt, Salt—A new supply of Virginia Salt, just received by

MADDOX & PARR.

12½ CENTS for Side Meat at MADDOX & PARR'S, a large lot just received.

A large stock **Sugar** of all grades, just received at MADDOX & PARR'S which they are offering at bottom prices by the barrel or half barrel. Go to see them before you buy elsewhere.

HEAVY STOCK—MADDOX & PARR is daily receiving their heavy Fall Stock of GROCERIES, which they will sell as cheap as any market with freight added.

500 PIECES—Crockery ware sold in two days at Maddox & Parr's

The best goods at the Lowest Prices will sell BAGGING! BAGGING !! and TIES!!—Large lot just received at Maddox & Parr's which will be sold at Rock bottom Prices try them.

RICE! RICE!!—10 lbs to the dollar at Maddox & Parr's

TEA! TEA!!—Green and black of a superior quality at Maddox & Parr's

CROCKERY WARE—Maddox & Parr's new stock Crockery-ware will be in in a few days. when they will again offer their sets of 30 pieces for $4 50.

ORANGES of superior quality always on hand at Maddox & Parr's.

CHEESE and MACCARONI, Fresh and Fine at Maddox & Parr's.

BAGGING—BAGGING—It is said by many that Maddox & Parr's Bagging is the best in Calhoun Co.—go and examine for yourself.

FLOUR—FLOUR—Maddox & Parr are determined to please their customers hence their keeping such a fine article of Tennessee Flour at such a low price.

For lack of room we neglected to call attention last week to the Millinery advertisement of Misses Katie and Lou Crawford. They have in a new Fall and Winter stock of the very latest styles and can fill orders on the shortest notice. These ladies display the most elegant taste in all their work and no one can fail to be pleased with it. We hope our people will remember it is right to patronize our home institutions, and give them their orders.

MANURE DISTRIBUTOR.—This great invention of Messrs Linder & Montgomery is advertised in another column. It is destined to make a great revolution in our agriculture and be of immense benefit to our people. Through it the very smallest amount of manure may be utilized and farms that have heretofore been unproductive because of the barrenness of the soil and the great cost bringing it up through fertilizers, can at very small expense be made to produce abundantly and blossom like the rose. We saw the machine on Exhibition at the Fair and thought it perfectly answered the need it was made to supply. It grinds the coarsest stable manure or swamp muck or guano and by a very simple process lays it in any quantity desired along the furrows as fast as a horse can walk. There is no waste, as under the old plan of scattering the manure. Every particle of the fertilizer used is placed by this machine where it cannot waste and where it will immediately yield back a large return in increased production. It will in a very short time save more than its cost in the manner in which it economises manure. It saves a vast expenditure of muscle and labor and will in this way again soon save its cost. A little boy with it can do the work of several brawney men In short it is the very thing every farmer ought to have and its cheap price brings it within the reach of every one. Don't crop next year without one.

Read the advertisement of J. R. Loyd sale of 22nd Nov. 20th. Here is a chance for a bargain for some one.

Mr. J. W. Bradley has at Rowan Dean & Co's. a choice lot of the fine shock apple grafts, the fruit of which took the premium at the Fair. Parties wishing to plant a good winter apple or an autumne apple can get the plants from the lot he has with Rowan Dean & Co.

Col Jno. H. Caldwell will address the people at Anniston Wednesday next on political issues of the day. We hope we will have a large crowd, both white and black, to hear him.

We are glad that the Democracy of the City of New York have nominated for Mayor, a man upon whom all the shades of factions in the party can unite. It is well for the country and for the representative men of the Democracy of New York that such is the case. A united New York is essential to Mr. Tilden's election. Had things so shapen themselves that he would have been defeated in his own State through the divisions of the Democrats of New York, the National Democratic party would not again have selected a candidate for the Presidency from that State.

We invite particular attention to the advertisement of **J. T. McDonald & Co.**, Leading Clothiers of Montgomery. They always keeps a heavy stock of durable, neat and fashionable Clothing. We have had personal dealings with them since 1870, and always found them reliable, accommodating and liberal. We would advise members of the Legislature, and others visiting Montgomery to call upon them. They can make money by trading with them.

A public meeting on the subject of EDUCATION will be held at the Court House in Jacksonville on on Friday the 10th day of November next, several competent gentlemen will address the meeting. 2t.

Presentments of the Grand Jury.

To the Hon. Wm. L. Whitlock, Judge presiding for the 12th Judicial Circuit of Alabama.

The Grand Jurors, sworn and empannelled for the County of Calhoun, to enquire into all indictable offences, and to perform such other duties as are enjoined upon them by law, have diligently enquired into all the offences committed in the county of Calhoun, not barred by the statute of limitation, and take pleasure in reporting to your Honor, that violations of the law, both felonies and misdemeanors, are much less frequent than heretofore. Our enquiries have developed few heinous crimes, & we report with pride, that violations of the law in the county of Calhoun, are almost entirely petty misdemeanors, and these are becoming more rare at each session of our court. After a searching investigation, we find that our election laws have not in the least been violated or infringed, within the last twelve months; but that every man, notwithstanding race, color, or previous condition of servitude, has been allowed to deposit his ballot, and that no fraud, intimidation or other unlawful means have been used to defeat the right of suffrage.

As a portion of our duties, we have closely looked into the condition of the public roads of the county, and we regret to report, that there is a carelessness and indolence on the part of Apportioners and Oversees, which we regard as very culpable, and yet not of sufficient magnitude as to be indictable, owing to defects in our road laws, Apportioners, Overseers and hands might be held strictly to the performance of their duties, and yet our roads would remain in almost an impassable condition.

We hope that glaring and radical defects in our road law will be remedied by our law makers, and we take this occasion of calling the attention of our Legislature to this matter; remarking before we pass from the subject, that unless action is soon taken in this behalf, that our roads will become utterly and entirely impassable, and none but the most reckless will risk their lives upon our public highways.

We find the jail building needs some slight repairs, and suppose the County Commissioners will attend to this matter before the session of next court. The prisoners are well kept and attended to, with bedding and food, clean and sufficient. The building is entirely secure, and all prisoners confined therein are healthy and well provided for.

The books of the various county officials have been examined as well as their bonds. We found the books well bound indexed and neatly kept—the bonds good and sufficient, except the bond of Robert Riley, Constable of Beat No. 1, which we declare insufficient.

We are gratified to learn from the County Treasurer's report, that by May, 1877, the County of Calhoun will be out of debt, with a balance in the treasury.

In conclusion, we would respectfully tender our thanks to your Honor, for the able and lucid charge which you delivered to our body, and for the ability displayed in presiding during the present session of court.

We would also tender our thanks to Wellington Vandiver, Esq., Solicitor of the 12th Judicial Circuit, for the patient and able manner in which he has explained the various questions of law necessarily arising in our deliberations. We regard Mr. Vandiver as one of the most promising young lawyers in our District.

Our thanks are also due the courteous Sheriff for his attention, as well as Uncle Henry Murray, the venerable deputy, who has attended the Grand Jury so faithfully for the past fifteen years.

We request the Jacksonville Republican and Oxford Tribune to publish this report. All of which is respectfully submitted.

W. F. BUSH. Foreman.

For the Republican.

Baby's Dreamland.

Soft and low the lullaby sing,
Soft as the notes of doves in Spring;
Low as murmur of honey bees
Sipping sweets among apple trees.

Rock-a-by baby, hush to rest
On the your head on mother's breast;
Who like mother can still your fears,
Who like mother can dry your tears.

List to the Katy-dids in their clatter,
When the black birds cease to chatter;
One by one the little stars peep,
Playing with baby hide-and-seek.

Oh! wee stars, you are not so bright
As the eyes of my little sprite;
And oh! such sweet red lips has she
Red as coral under the sea.

Lids are dropping, o'er eyes of blue,
Deeper far than violet's hue;
And sunny smiles have left their print
On little checks of sea-shell tint.

Asleep little one? asleep at last;
See the toy in her hands unclasped —
It falls! like some dear dream of life
When broken hearts droop in the strife.

O! Dream-land! how enchanting fair,
Glowing, teeming with beauty rare;
As a golden light falls tender,
Bathing all in matchless splendor.

Here fountains lift their silver spray,
While gorgeous rain-bows arch the way:
With young morn's crystal dew drops strewn
Exotics rare, perennial bloom.

Oh! fair as sunset's dying light,
Ere he yields the world to-night;
And sweet as childhood's laugh and low
These crystal fountains softly flow.

From shining brinks, gay birds arise
With plumage of a thousand dyes;
Seraphic notes to them belong,
While trembles all the air with song.

No wonder 'tis entrancing fair,
All the fairies are gathered there:
Laughing, dancing, whirling in song,
By fragrant zephyrs borne along.

Over beds of blooming flowers
That drop their blooms in rosy showers,
With zones of tinkling hare-bells sweet
That keep gay time to dancing feet.

While floats back soft each fairy tail
All woven out of moon beams pale,
And decked with many a brighter gem
Than ever graced a diadem.

O'er all float clouds of rose hue,
With trembling star-gems gleaming through;
Oh! who would not a baby be
And roam with her in dreamland free.

STELLA.

THIS PAPER IS ON FILE WITH

GEO. P. ROWELL & CO.

NEWSPAPER ADVERTISING AGENTS

41 PARK ROW, N.Y.

Where Advertising Contracts can be made.

A call is made in this paper for a public meeting, on the 10th November, to devise some means to foster the interest of education.

It is an absolute reproach to the citizens of Jacksonville and vicinity, that more interest is not taken in the cause of education, and her schools permitted to languish. It is not for the want of good buildings and other facilities. It is not for the want of competent and faithful teachers; but simply indifference and neglect. This state of things has to be remedied, or else our citizens must make up their minds either to forego the advantages of education for their children, or encounter the additional expense of boarding them out at distant schools.

JUST RECEIVED.

A Fine Lot of Superior St. Louis

Cooking Stoves!

For sale very Cheap by

W. W. NESBIT.

Oct. 28—tf.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

It affords us pleasure to call the attention of our readers to the advertisement, in another column, of Messrs. Poole & Hunt, Baltimore, Md., whose reputation as Manufacturers of first-class machinery is preeminent in the South, and second to none in the United States. For nearly a quarter of a century they have been prominently before the public, year by year, strengthening their claims to public confidence, until, to-day, with an immense establishment, as perfect in its appointments as experience and mechanical skill can make it, they can send forth every article of their manufacture perfect and accurate in all of its parts, as tested by the fixed and high standards by which their work is regulated. They who have used their machinery can best vouch for the truth of what we have asserted.

SENSIBLE ADVICE.

You are asked every day through the columns of newspapers and by your Druggist to use something for Dyspepsia and Liver complaint that you may know nothing about, you get discouraged spending money with but little success. Now to give you satisfactory proof that GREEN'S AUGUST FLOWER will cure you of Dyspepsia and Liver Complaint with all its effects, such as Sour Stomach, Sick Headache, Habitual Costiveness, Palpitations of the Heart, heart burn, Water brash, coming up of food after eating, low spirits, &c., we ask you to go to your Druggist, W. M. NISBET and get a sample bottle of GREEN'S AUGUST FLOWER for 10 cents and try it, or a regular size for 75 cents, two doses will relieve you.

The People Want Proof.

There is no medicine prescribed by physicians, or sold by Druggists, that carries such evidence of its success and superior virtue as BOSCHEE'S GERMAN SYRUP for severe Coughs, Colds settled on the Breast, Consumption, or any disease of the Throat and Lungs. A proof of that fact is that any person afflicted, can get a sample bottle for 10 cents and try its superior effect before buying the regular size at 75 cents. It has lately been introduced in this country from Germany, and its wonderful cures are astonishing everyone that use it. Three doses will relieve any case. Try it. Sold by W. M. NISBET in Jacksonville.

Best and Cheapest Chills and Fever Remedy in the World.—The attention of our readers is directed to the advertisement of "AGUEINE" in another column. This remarkable remedy contains no quinine, calomel, or other hurtful drug, yet rarely fails to cure the "CHILLS," and all other malarial diseases. It will not injure the most delicate person, and leaves no unpleasant after-effects. The low price at which it is sold is likely to soon give it a large sale. See advertisement, and don't fail to give it a trial.

[Extract of a letter of Dr. Lovic Pierce, of Sparta, to Rev. L. F. Davies.]

Macon, Jan. 8, 1876.

Dear Bro Davies. Excuse me for writing only when I am deeply interested. I have been speechless about two months. Could not read and pray in a family. Had tried many things Got no benefit from any. Since conference some one sent me, from America a bottle of Thrash's Consumptive Cure and Lung Restorer, which I have been taking now, this is the ninth day, and I can talk now with some ease. I came here, among other things, to supply myself with this medicine. No druggist here has it on sale. I must have it. I want you to go in person to Thrash & Co. show them this letter, and make them send me by express to Sparta, Ga, two, three or four bottles, with bill. I am getting on finely.

(Signed). LOVIC PIERCE.

For sale by Dr W. M. NISBET, Jacksonville, Ala. Sep. 23—3m.

Fall and Winter

GOODS.

KNOX & PARKS,

Broad Street, ROME, Ga.,

HAVING purchased the entire retail stock of W. T. McWilliams & Co. are now enabled to offer to purchasers and country merchants, a very complete assortment upon as good terms as can be obtained elsewhere.

Send orders, which will be promptly filled, or call and examine stock and prices while in Rome. Sept. 20, 1876.

Attention--Important!

I have a new and improved

Smoke Stack for

EVAPORATORS,

By which double the quantity of Sorghum can be made in the same length of time, which can be attached to any Evaporator at comparatively small cost.

Reference will be given to several who have tried them.

I am also, prepared to do all kinds of **REPAIRING** in SHEET IRON & COPPER on Evaporators; also constantly on hand SKIMMERS of superior quality which will be sold low for cash exclusively. and all Repairing done upon like terms.

W. W. NESBIT.

Jacksonville, July 29, 1876—5t.

J. T. McDONALD & Co.

LEADING CLOTHERS,

15 Market Street, Montgomery Alabama.

WITHOUT EXCEPTION WE OFFER

The Best and Most Reliable Stock of

Men's and Boy's CLOTHING

AND

FURNIRHING GOODS

TO BE FOUND IN THE STATE.

All of Which, having been Purchased at Recent

Low Prices,

We are Enable to dispose of at

Extremelg Economical Rates.

Orders Filled Promptly and

PRICES GUARANTEED

TO BE

THE LOWEST.

J. T. McDONALD & Co.

15 Market Street.

BLUE MOUNTAIN ROUTE

On and after Monday Sep. 11th, passenger Trains will run as follows.

GOING NORTH. GOING SOUTH.

No. 1. Passenger, Daily.		STATIONS		No. 2. Passenger, Daily.
7.55 a m	Leave	Selma,	Arrive	9.35 a m
11 28 a m	"	Calera,	"	4 33 a m
3 15 p m	"	Jacksonville,	"	11.53 p m
5 50 "	"	Rome,	"	8 55 p m
8.12 "	"	Dalton,	"	6 00 p m
8.00 a m	"	Bristol,	"	4 30 a m
12 00 p m	"	Lynchburg,	"	5.15 p m
6 32 a m	Arrive.	Washing'n,	Leave	8 07 p m
9.30 "	"	Baltimore	"	6.00 a m
1.20 p m	"	Philadelphia,	"	12 45 p m
5.10 "	"	New York,	"	8.55 p m

Nos. 1 makes close connections at Dalton with W & A R R for Chattanooga, Nashville, Louisville, Cincinnati, Chicago and St. Louis; with E T V & Ga R R for Bristol, Lynchburg, Washington, Baltimore, Philadelphia and New York. Has sleeper from Vicksburg to Dalton with only one change through to Baltimore

No 2 make close connections at Calera with trains of S. & N. Railroad for Montgomery, Eufaula, Columbus Ga Tallahasse Fla, Mobile, and New Orleans—at Selma with Ala Central R R for Meridian, Jackson, Vicksburg and all points in Mississippi. Has sleeper from Dalton to Vicksburg.

M. STANTON, Superintendent.

RAY KNIGHT, General Passenger Agent.

W. C. LAND,

WATCH MAKER

& Jeweller,

Jacksonville, Ala.

KEEPS constantly on hand fine Gold and Silver WATCHES, and fine and common JEWELRY, Silver and Plated ware—every thing kept in first class Jewelry store.

REPAIRING done in a good workmanlike manner, with every material on hand for dispatch. , 1876—1y.

DR. S. P. SMITH. H. S. SMITH.

S. P. SMITH & SON.

Wholesale Grocers

AND

Liquor Dealers,

Smith's Block, ROME, Ga.

Proprietors and General Agents for the

Steamer Mary Carter,

Upon which Goods shipped freight has been reduced full 20 per cent.

A good and roomy WAGON YARD in rear of their Block for the accommodation of Teamsters.

SMITH'S AROMATIC

STOMACH BITTERS.

These Bitters are a pleasant TONIC for persons suffering from loss of appetite, or weakness, and a never-failing Remedy for Dyspepsia, Liver Complaint, Female Irregularities, Chills and Fever, Diseases of the Kidneys. Rome, Ga. Sep. 30 1876.—1y

Jacksonville Hotel.

West Side Square,

Jacksonville, Ala.

Is now prepared, to take care of Commercial Travelers, and other Gentlemen and Ladies. Comfortable rooms, polite and attentive servants and as good fare as our county affords.

A large room specially for Exhibiting samples of merchandise.

Board per day,		$2 00
" " week,		7 00
" " Meal,		50

We have also a LIVERY and FEED STABLE—Hacks, Wagons, Buggies, and Horses, always on hand. Call and see me. Respectfully.

J. D. HAMMOND, Pro.

April 29, 1876.

NEW HOTEL

CROSS PLAINS, ALA.

JUST OPENED and ready for the reception of travelers and the public generally. FARE the best the country affords Charges moderate.

Remember I am in the Brick Building on the corner of the public square.

L. FERGUSON, PROPRIETOR.

Farm for Sale.

DESIRING to go West, I now offer for sale my Farm, lying on the public road leading from Jacksonville, Calhoun co via Goshen, to Centre, eight miles from the former place, containing two hundred acres, one hundred of which is under fence and in a good state of cultivation—fifteen or twenty acres well adapted to meadow—Perpetual stream of water running through the place—well [illegible] and convenient to good [illegible]—a never failing well of good water in the yard—good frame dwelling and outhouses. I will sell on good terms for cash, or half on credit of twelve months. Call and see me at once.

A. T. GREEN.

Aug. 19, 1876—tf.

Notice.

UNDER and by virtue of an Order issued from the Probate Court of Calhoun county, State of Alabama, on the 7th day of October. 1876. I. J. M. Woodley, Administrator of the estate of W. G. Woodley, deceased, will sell at public outcry,

ON THE 9th DAY OF NOVEMBER. 1876,

At the late residence of said deceased, in said State and county, on the Gadsden road, about five miles west of Jacksonville, the following described Personal Property to-wit:

One Mule,
Twelve Sheep,
Cow and Calf,
Two Cows,
Ten head of Hogs,
Lot of Carpenter Tools,
Two-horse Wagon,
One Buggy,
Some Kitchen Furniture,
Farming Implements,
Plough Gear,
One Clock,
One Loom,
Cross-cut Saw,
Bee Hives, and a Lot of Corn, &c. &c.

At the same time and place the late

Residence and Lands

of said deceased will be RENTED to the highest bidder.

TERMS OF SALE—All sums over ten dollars, on a credit of Twelve months secured by note with good security, bearing interest from date. All other sums cash.

J. M. WOODLEY, Adm.

Oct. 14, 1876—4t.

Books, Stationery & Music.

H. A. SMITH,

ROME, GA.

WHOLESALE & RETAIL

Bookseller and Stationer,

AND DEALER IN

Pianos, Organs, Wall Paper, etc.

ALWAYS in stock, one of largest assortments of **School and Miscellaneous Books** in Northern Georgia, and at prices that will defy competition.

Orders through the mail will have prompt attention. Apl 22, 1876.

ABNER WILLIAMS,

WITH

STOLLENWERCK BROS.

Selma, Ala.

F. E. STOLLENWERCK & BROTHER

MOBILE, ALA.

Cotton Factors

and

Commission Merchants.

A. G. STOLLENWERCK, Selma. F. E. STOLLENWERCK, Mobile.

Sept. 2, 1876—6m.

D. HAMMOND. R. D. WILLIAMS

HAMMOND & WILLIAMS,

WOULD respectfully announce to the citizens of Jacksonville and surrounding country, that they have formed a copartnership for the purpose of doing a general MERCHANTILE BUSINESS.

We now have in store and to arrive, A GENERAL LINE OF

DRY GOODS,

NOTIONS,

Ready Made Clothing,

BOOTS & SHOES,

HATS & CAPS,

Sugar, Coffee, Teas, Soda,

HARDWARE, QUEENSWARE,

FLOUR and MEAL.

We hope for, and will endeavor to merit, a liberal share of patronage, by fair dealing, low prices, and genuine Goods.

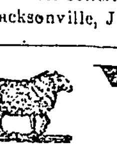
Call and examine our Goods and prices.

CLOTHING AT COST for CASH, for 30 Days.

ALSO AGENTS FOR WINSHIP'S CELEBRATED COTTON GINS AND IRON PRESS, SCANTLIN'S SORGHUM MILLS AND EVAPORATORS, and SEVERAL RELIABLE FIRE INSURANCE CO'S.

Business solicited.

Jacksonville, July 15, 1876.—6m.



WOOL CARDING.

The undersigned respectfully informs the public that he will have his new carding machine in splendid order to commence carding about Sept. 15th, 1876. His carding machine is situated at Nisbet's mill, four miles north-west of Jacksonville.

PRICES FOR CARDING—Ten cents per pound where grease is furnished, or twelve and a half cents where it is not.

I have leased Mr. Nisbet's mill for three years, and have put all the machinery in excellent condition for making first class flour and meal.

Sep 9-4t M. L. RICHIE.

RICHARD WALKER,

Barber and Hair Dresser.

FIRST door east of Maddox & Parr's Family Grocery. Give him a call and he will guarantee perfect satisfaction with his neat, complete and fashionable work.

Jacksonville, June 17, 1876—tf.

New Steam Cotton Gin and Saw Mill.

THE undersigned have just fitted up at Weavers Station on the Selma, Rome & Dalton Railroad, splendid new machinery for Ginning Cotton and Sawing Lumber. The Gin has a newly invented Condenser attached, by which all waste of cotton is avoided, and it samples better for market. Cotton will be ginned for the sixteenth, and Lumber sawed upon the usual terms.

Give us a trial and you will be well pleased.

Messrs. Ledbetter keep at this point a full stock of Goods, and give the highest market price in cash for cotton, including remnants.

WILLIAM ADAMS,
ROBERT ADAMS.

Sept 2, 1876—2m.

Trustee's Sale of House and Lot in the Town of Jacksonville, Ala.

UNDER and by virtue of a Deed of Trust executed to the undersigned by George Stipes, and recorded on pages 550 and 551 of Book "F" of deeds in the office of Judge of Probate of Calhoun county, Alabama, I will proceed to sell, on the 16th day of October, 1876, at Jacksonville, in said county, between the legal hours of sale, the following described property, to-wit:

West half of Lot No. twenty-nine, 29 in the original plan of the town of Jacksonville, Ala. in the Coosa Land District, in the state of Alabama, known and designated as the Stipes property, on the north east corner of the public square.

A. J. LITTLE, Trustee.

Sep. 1—5t.

A. W. JONES. E. K. CARLISLE. H. H. STEWART.

H. H. STEWART & CO.

WHOLESALE

GROCERS,

Corner Water and Washington Streets,

SELMA, ALA.

Our Stock is LARGE, embracing all the Staple Articles to be found in the Wholesale Business. Our facilities for Buying and Selling are such, that we challenge competition.

Selma. Nov. 6, 1875—1y.

W. F. LYMAN T. S. BOWEN.

BOWEN & LYMAN,

Wholesale Grocers

AND DEALERS IN

PRODUCE,

No. 5, Central Block,

WATER STREET,

SELMA, ALA.

Our prices are low and stock large. which will be kept constantly full of choice articles.

Nov. 1875—1y.

Merchants Look to your Interest.

TIN WARE at wholesale and retail at ***ANTI-WAR PRICES,***

Made of best I X Tin.

Cooking Stoves

Best Philadelphia make

Good, Heavy and Durable.

Also a good lot of Stove Ware, Roofing and Tin Guttering solicited

W. W. NESBIT.

Dec. 18, 1875—tf.

WYLY HOUSE.

South East Corner Public Square

(OLD FORNEY CORNER)

JACKSONVILLE ALA.

HAVING made additional Improvements for the comfort of guests we respectfully solicit a continuance of that patronage so liberally bestowed upon us for the past two years. It is our pride and intention to make it one of the best HOTELS to be found in any Village, and to make every one comfortable and their stay pleasant while with us. Every convenience given to commercial men for showing samples

Board	per	day	$2 00
"	"	week	9 00
"	"	meal	50

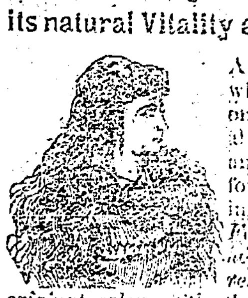
Reasonable reduction on board by the day for regular customers, and country people.

JOHN M. WYLY.

Ayer's

Hair Vigor,

For restoring Gray Hair to its natural Vitality and Color.



A dressing which is at once agreeable, healthy, and effectual for preserving the hair. *Faded or gray hair is soon restored to its original color, with the gloss and freshness of youth.* Thin hair is thickened, falling hair checked, and baldness often, though not always, cured by its use. Nothing can restore the hair where the follicles are destroyed, or the glands atrophied and decayed. But such as remain can be saved for usefulness by this application. Instead of fouling the hair with a pasty sediment, it will keep it clean and vigorous. Its occasional use will prevent the hair from turning gray or falling off, and consequently prevent baldness. Free from those deleterious substances which make some preparations dangerous and injurious to the hair, the Vigor can only benefit but not harm it. If wanted merely for a

HAIR DRESSING,

nothing else can be found so desirable. Containing neither oil nor dye, it does not soil white cambric, and yet lasts long on the hair, giving it a rich glossy lustre and a grateful perfume.

PREPARED BY

Dr. J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass.,

Practical and Analytical Chemists.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS EVERYWHERE.

W. M. NISBET. Agent,
Jacksonville, Ala.

NOTICE FARMERS!

W. D. BUSH & CO.

Having bought the right to manufacture and sell the celebrated

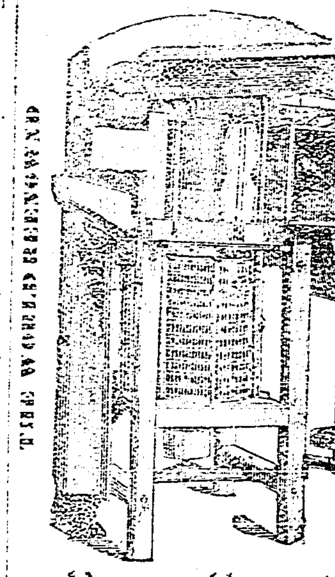
SANFORD PLOW

In the counties of Calhoun, Talladega and Cleburne, are now ready to supply the demand. These plows will be exhibited as rapidly as possible in the above counties; and farmers will find it to their interest not to purchase others before seeing them.

We claim, 1st, that they are the cheapest plow that has ever been offered in this country: 2nd, that being all iron (handles excepted) they are the most durable; 3rd, they are the most simple in construction; 4th, they can be adjusted to run deep, medium depth or shallow by the movement of only one bolt; 5th, the handles can be set to suit the tallest man or small boy by the movement of one bolt; 6th, the heel is constructed with a slot, so that the plow may be moved up or down to suit its length, thus avoiding the necessity and expense of laying—a short plow doing as good work as a long one; 7th, the shoulder and heel bolt are self-adjusting, and all your old plows will fit the stock. In short, it is the best and only universal Iron Plow Stock. Is not heavier than a common wood stock. Is perfectly durable, and has given entire satisfaction so far as tried. Price to suit the times, and a liberal discount made when plows are bought at our works three miles, south of Alexandria, Calhoun county, Ala.

Sep 23—4t

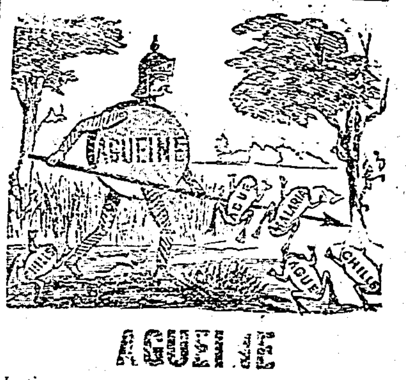
J. J. Cohen,



Rome, Georgia,

Keeps Constantly on hand the [illegible] celebrated [illegible] MILL MACHINERY, at Manufacturer's prices, [illegible] Importer of the Double Anchor [illegible] Bolting Cloth, French Burr and Esopus MILL STONES, Double Turbine Water Wheel, and an assortment of Belting, &c. Dec. 26, '71.—1y.

Chills and Fever Cured for 50 Cents.



AGUEINE

Is the most remarkable discovery of the Age. It will absolutely cure **Chills and Fever, or Fever and Ague, Intermittent or Billious Fevers**, and all malarial diseases. In **Liver Complaints** it often affects wonderful cures. Contains no QUININE, ARSENIC, CALOMEL or other hurtful drug, and *will not injure* the most delicate person. It is not only the best but the cheapest remedy in the world.

PRICE, 50 CENTS A BOX.

AGUEINE is for sale in Jacksonville by Dr. W. M. NISBET, and dealers generally. Don't fail to give it a trial.

Prepared by RICHARDSON & CO., Brooklyn, N. Y.

Superior Seed Oats

FOR SALE.

I have a quantity of superior Red Rust Proof Oats, which I am now offering for sale at [illegible] cents per bush

J. L. GREEN,
Alexandria, Ala.

POLITICAL NOTES.

..The Sioux war is over and the troops will proceed to the task of electing Hayes in the south.—*Boston Post.*

..The demand for reform is now unheard in the republican ranks.—*Baltimore Gazette.*

..Howell wrote the life of Hayes in four weeks. There wasn't much to do the last three weeks.—*Detroit Free Press.*

..You may vote for the bloody-shirt if you want to, but you should understand that there is a pocket in it which will hold unlimited stealing.—*St. Louis Times.*

..Every vote cast for the republican ticket at tha state election is a vote for Hayes and all the swindles and swindlers of Grant's administration.—*Cairo Bulletin.*

..It is plain to all observing men that the southern radicals are deliberately attempting to get up race riots in the south. At Senatobia, in this state, and recently in Louisiana and South Carolina, their intention is made so plain that no fair person can longer doubt it. *Vicksburg Herald.*

..The politicians who affect so much affection for the boy in blue love him only on condition that he will vote on their side, and not because he risked his life on the field of battle to preserve the union. The sooner the blue uniforms and the gray disappear from our national politics the better will it be for the country.—*New York Herald.*

..The peace and good order which have attended the late elections in Alabama and Arkansas gives the lie direct to all the allegations of the outrage-mongers, and we greatly mistake public sentiment in the south if, in the future, the same peaceful and orderly spirit is not maintained.—*Memphis Appeal.*

..An educated and inquiring foreigner writes of the American system: "This seemingly complicated system reduces itself to a beautifully simple and symmetrical formula. The office-holders elect the congressmen, and the congressmen appoint the officer-holders. This is the real American constitution in a nutshell."

..It should be remembered that if the democrats had been in power in the senate, the expenses of the government would have been reduced $40,000,000 instead of $30,000,000. So that the people have gained $30,000,000 by electing a democratic house, and lost $10,000,000 by not having a democratic senate.—*Peoria Democrat.*

..This sudden and general determination to carry the campaign on the southern issue shows a deep and uncontroable alarm among the republican leaders. They are evidently panic stricken. They have by this time compared notes, and their conclusion appears to be that on a fair and honest canvas, on the real issues of the year, they will lose the country.—*New York Herald.*

..It is hard to take in the fact that in a civilized land, among a christian people, thousands of men can meet, as the so-called "boys in blue" have met this week, to indulge in the old war feeling against millions of their countrymen, who were defeated in war and who are submissive in peace; but so it is, and the fact does no credit to those who called, or those who participated in, the meeting at Indianapolis.—*New York Express.*

..A correspondent of the New York Sun gives the names of six soldiers on each side in the impending political campaign:

For Tilden, Hendricks and Reform	For Hayes, Wheeler and Grantism
Gen. Geo. B. McClellan,	Gen. Wm. W. Belcnap,
Gen. Wm. F. Bartlett,	Gen. Benj. F. Butler,
Gen. Joe Hooker,	Gen. O. E. Babcock,
Gen. S. A. Williams,	Gen John McDonald,
Gen. J. M. Palmer,	Gen. Geo. E. Spencer,
Gen. Franz Sigel.	Gen. Carl Schurz.

These are only specimens taken at random. Both sides can easily be extended with names of the same general character as those given in the respective columns.

..This government is a union of states—of equal states—if it be any union at all. There can be no union in a despotism. There can be no union of states and provinces. If our southern people expect to receive any of the blessings possible to a union of states, let them adjust themselves to their obligations to the union. If our northern people expect to continue to receive the blessings possible to this union, let them use all their arts of wisdom, justice and kindness to make the states of the south feel at home in the union.

..Every intelligent man knows that if the south could live under the dominion of stable laws, and an economical administration of them, a decade would not pass away before she would repair the losses and ravages of the civil war—before she would be a profitable consumer of northern manufactures, and give profitable employment to northern shipping, and become a rich contributor to the national revenue, and, more than all, become thoroughly identified in feeling and interest with the feeling and interest of the whole country. But this does not suit or promote the political fortunes of the Boutwells, the Mortons, the Wheelers and the Camerons, *et id o nne genus*,—*Philadelphia Times.*

..Grant's fifty odd thousand useless office-holders—half those now employed in the civil service—will be dismissed by Tilden, for he will be under no obligation to them. Hayes can not touch them, for they are all republicans, and they are working like beavers for his success. Fifty million dollars per annum will be saved to the people by this single measure of reform, and fifty thousand able-bodied men will have a chance to produce something. They are now living upon the labor of others. The worst possible democrat can do better than the best possible republican under the circumstances, and hence when the people say, we want a change, they sum up pretty well the whole political situation. —*Brooklyn Eagle.*

..The republican Boston Advertiser's judgment of Hayes, that he was infirm of purpose, a friend of "the rings," and a weak man who would "never institute any reforms to hurt," is sustained by the language of Mr. Bolies, editor of the republican Norwich Bulletin, who, on returning from the Cincinnati convention, expressed his disappointment over such a mediocre candidate in this pointed style. We quote from the Norwich Bulletin of June 17: "The nomination in itself is no guarantee of administrative reform, a principle for which the people and many influential leaders of current opinion have this year developed a wonderful enthusiasm. * * There will be a widespread feeling of regret that a higher standard was not reached; that a man was not nominated for president who has had an active hand in purifying the party!"—*Hartford Times.*

..Under Mr. Tilden there can be no interference with the supreme court. No more enforcement laws. No more military laws for states. No hostility to whites or blacks. No further hostility to states. No more sectional legislation. No Tafts; no Camerons. No Robesons; no Chandlers. No Belknaps, Delanos, nor Babcocks. The negative advantages will be immense to the country, besides an honest peace and just hopes of greater prosperity by improved business. The affirmative blessings will be: Economy of administration. Honesty of administration. Official responsibility More order and accountability. The removal of drones and imbeciles. A currency of gold, silver, and paper. No union of church and state. No more whisky rings. Under Mr. Tilden, in a word, we shall look not for a perfect government, but for better government, a truer union of the states, a larger confidence among the people, and everywhere in Washington a wiser administration of public affairs.—*New York Express.*

..We live in an epoch in which the legal profession has attained astonishing power and importance. Both candidates for the presidency are lawyers. Mr. Tilden is ranked as one of the keenest, most prominent and succesful lawyers in the country. Mr. Hayes, as in all other things, so also is he in his special calling almost a cipher. It is quite plain that the instructions which Mr. Tilden could give to his attorney general; that the way in which he could manage the claims of the United States government on the railroads in which the government has an interest, and that his hand in all other business matters requiring legal knowledge for adjustment, would be worth millions upon millions to the United States treasury. All these things the "reformers" that were to be, took into account when they wanted a man and not a platform, and to-day when they must choose between a man and a nothing, they assert that the man can do nothing, but that the nothing will reform their own party.—*Anzeiger des Westens.*

..The republican party have violated the fundamental law in many particulars during their incumbency; but the democrats, we trust, have more respect for this great conservator of the public liberties. There can be no allowance of "southern war claims," no "pensioning of the confederate soldiers," no "danger that the claims for the value of slaves would be considered and paid," whichever party is in power, because section 4 of article XIV. of the constitution of the United States in direct terms expressly forbids it. It is not proper to attribute to the president any purpose to misrepresent his convictions in that respect, and therefore we must suppose that he has entirely overlooked these provisions of the constitution. We beg, therefore, to assure him, and all others who are so misled by their partisan feelings, that, no matter which party succeeds in the contest, the claims and allowances thus described are forever excluded from congressional legislation. We wish that we were equally convinced that the wholesale corruption and debauchery now manifest in every department of the government will not continue without remedy if the dominant party are allowed to retain the control for another term.—*N. Y. Journal of Commerce.*

NEW YORK OVERRUN WITH STRANGERS.

New York Herald.

New York was never so full of strangers as it is at the present time. The hotels of all classes are thronged to overflowing, and the streets are filled with our cousins from every section of the country. The hotel people state that the "rush" is entirely without precedent in the history of New York. The usual travel to this city is due, it is said, almost entirely to the centennial exposition and its attendant attractions. The terrible heat of the summer just passed prevented thousands from visiting Philadelphia. It was at first whispered, then talked about, and finally accepted as a fact, that the proper time to "see the centennial" was during the month of September. The natural result of this is the overcrowding of railways and hotels. To the western people New York is as much of an attraction as even the exposition itself. To the easterners it is the gate to Philadelphia. In consequence, many from choice, a few perhaps from necessity, flock to the metropolis.

..Summer has faded into the irretrievable past, floated out of the gates that never will open for its return, going with its memories of blossom and bird, and fragrant hedge and swaying vines, the clink of the scythe down in the meadow, and the whirr of the reaping machine eating up a farm hand, but the scent of pennyroyal and the red lump that marks where the last mosquito stopped for refreshments still linger round the scene.—*Burlington Hawkeye.*

MEXICAN REVOLUTION.

Diaz in the South with an Army, and Cortinas Besieging Matamoras.

Special to the Cincinnati Gazette.

Col. John B. Nixon, quartermaster of the 24th United States Infantry, from Brownsville, Taxas, brings much interesting information regarding affairs in Mexico. The revolutionists, under Porfierio Diaz, are making strong headway, and appearances indicate that they will probably succeed, unless congress, which met last Sunday, the 17th, adopts certain compromise measures, which have been proposed. Mejiah has been removed as minister of war, by president Laredo, and is succeeded by Gen. Escabedo. Fault was found with Mejiah on account of his course in prosecuting the war. Gen. Cortina, who escaped from the City of Mexico, is besieging Matamoras with a force of about three hundred men, and so closely invested the place that Gen. Revealtas, commanding the government garrison, is unable to obtain forage for his horses, and is supplied by a contractor in Brownsville. Cortina issued a proclamation on the eighth, declaring that when he obtains possession of Matamoras, he will treat liberally with the citizens and troops, and will forget and overlook all past offenses against him or the revolutionists' cause. He says that he intends to be friendly to the United States authorities, and will aid them in quelling disorders along the border. He denounces Gen. Revealtas, however, as an interloper, who has no real authority, and is holding out only to oppress the citizens. Porfierio Diaz, the head of the revolution, is at Oaxaca, in the south, with 3,000 to 4,000 efficient, well-armed men, and from his great personal popularity is constantly receiving accessions to his force. The governor of the state of Tamaulipas, Gen. Canales, has been recently issuing paper money, with which he has been purchasing large amounts of supplies. He, it is said, will pronounce very soon for Diaz, and this defection will be a serious blow to the government.

SCIENCE AND RELIGION ONCE MORE.

New York Tribune.

There has been a disposition among some well-meaning but very injudicious clergyman to protest against the consideration with which Prof. Huxley has been treated, and to denounce him as an enemy to religion. Such men are themselves the worst foes to religion—as its bigots have been found to be in every age of its progress. Prof. Huxley will receive the attention due to an eminent man of science, whose candor and fearlessness are only equaled by his ability.

Meantime, we commend to dissatisfied zealots these golden words from one of the last addresses of Horace Greeley: "This, then, I apprehend is the proper work of the college: To appreciate, and measure, and undistrustfully accept and commend the gigantic strides which physical science is making in our day, yet be not swept away by them; to lend an attentive and unprejudiced ear to the bold speculations of our Darwins and Huxleys, wherein they seem almost to lay a confident finger on the very heart of the great mysteries of life, without fear that they will ever evict God from His universe, or restrict Him to some obscure corner thereof; to welcome all that is true and beneficent in the impetuous current of modern thought, but not exaggerate their breadth and depth, nor accept their direction as authoritative and final; to proffer a genial and graceful hospitality to whatever is nobly new, yet hold fast and from time to time assert the grand old truths which are grounded in the nature of man and his relations in regard to the universe, in the firm assurance that no discoveries in science, no advances in human knowledge, can ever invalidate or ever belittle the Golden Rule, and no conclusion of philosophy ever equal in importance that simple affirmation of the untaught Judean peasant who long ago perceived and proclaimed that GOD IS LOVE.

AN AMERICAN VENUS.

By an English Writer at the Seaside.

Just after my arrival, as I was walking among the tents, I was considerably amazed, not to say alarmed, by a very stout female christian suddenly popping out from a tent just in front of me with bare feet, a huge flapping straw hat, innocent of all ribbon or outer ornament, and but two garments, the lower of which looked very much as if it belonged by right to her husband. My first hasty impression—due, perhaps, to the bare feet—was that she was a beggar women summarily ejected from the tent, and that she had got herself up in this style to excite compassion—a singularly, weak-minded illusion, it struck me, since in hot weather she looked enviably cool, comfortable, and in one word, jolly. The sea was some three hundred to four hundred feet off, but it seems to be the practice of the pilgrims to dress and undress in their tent homes, instead of going to the expense of a bathing-house, and one may meet them at a distance from home sometimes dry, sometimes dripping, but always innocent of shame, as Adam and Eve before their fall. From a notice in my hotel, which is about a quarter of a mile from the sea, that "the guests are requested not to change their bathing-suits in the rooms," it must, I fear, be inferred that the practice of dressing, or rather "undressing, at home for the bath is less genial than it was, and that Ocean Grove is so far losing its primitive simplicity.

..A New York hat manufacturer began business poor, accumulated a large fortune, bought an estate on the Hudson estimated at $500,000, employed twenty-two servants to take care of it, and has just gone into bankruptcy.

SOUTHERN NEWS.

CATHOLIC sisters of Fond du Lac, Wis., are nursing Savannah sick.

SOUTHERN cities are giving dramatic entertainments for the benefit of Savannah.

COLUMBUS, Ga., expects 10,000 more bales of cotton this season than she received last, and some of her citizens want to bet on it.

EX-CONFEDERATE GEN. D. H. HILL is superintendent of a mission Sunday school in South Carolina.

THE records show that in the yellow fever epidemic of 1853 their died 7,849 whites and only forty-three negroes.

THE graves of Gen. Lee and Miss Agnes Lee, in Memorial chapel, Lexington, Va., are ornamented with fresh flowers every morning, winter and summer.

WELL done for the colored people: St. James' A. M. E. church, of Columbus, contributed $50 to the Savannah sufferers; St. John's A. M. E. Church, $10, and Shady Grove Baptist church $10.50.

RICHMOND (Va.) Whig: In a few days a young lady of great wealth and personal attractions, who lives in this city, will be led to the altar by the man of her choice, who is an ex-penitentiary convict, he having served for nine years for robbery.

THE Creek Nation Indian Journal reports the death of Mrs. Pauline Jones, relict of the late Rev. Evan Jones, for so many years a missionary of the Baptist Union among the Cherokees. Mrs. Jones was seventy years old and had lived for fifty years among the Cherokees.

WHEN a southern town wants to wreak its vengeance on a rival it starts the report that everybody there is dying with yellow fever, and at once declares quarantine against it. Hearne has just tried it on Houston, and one can almost hear the gnashing of teeth in healthful Houston.

..Some one says: "Learn this lesson. No one cares about the size of your feet except yourself; therefore be comfortable." But a young man who is going to see a girl who has an eccentric father cares more about the size of her parent's foot than he does about his own.

IN the forty years that the Merchant's Gargling Oil has been before the public, thousands of patent medicines have been ushered into the market and retired, while this old remedy has held on its way, increasing in popularity with each succeeding year. Merchant's Gargling Oil is known familiarly the whole length and breadth of the land, and the name of the Secretary, Mr. John Hodge, of Lockport, has a fame as wide as the medicine he dispenses. We have no data as to the number of bottles sent out from the manufactory last year, but the quantity must have been enormous. The company distribute two millions of almanacs and domestic receipt books annually, and when it is remembered that these are given away, some idea of the extent of the advertising enterprise may be formed. A medicine that will stand the test of forty years, as the Merchant's Gargling Oil has done, needs no special endorsement at this late day.—*Buffalo Courier.*

THE Nursery of Messrs. Craig & Co. is situated on the Poplar Street Turnpike, East of Memphis, Tenn., and their stock consists of rarest GREEN-HOUSE PLANTS for WINTER BLOOMING, consisting in part of the following specialties: CAMELLIA JAPONICA, BOUVARDIAS, BEGONIAS, STEVIAS, EUPHORBIAS, EUPAFORIUMS, ROSES, etc., all kinds of soft or BEDDING PLANTS, THE BEST THE MARKET AFFORDS. Their stock of Hardy Evergreens is very fine. The MAGNOLIA GRANDIFLORA they have in great quantity and splendid specimen trees, and also the various other variety of Evergreens.

PARSONS' PURGATIVE PILLS will greatly relieve, if not entirely cure, dyspepsia when everything else fails. They have been tried in some desperate cases, and have given more relief than any other medicine.

MANY valuable horses die from the effects of colic. The best thing to do in a case of this kind is to pour a bottle of Johnson's Anodyne Liniment into a long-necked junk bottle, add half pint of molasses and water, then pour the whole down the horse's throat. In ten minutes the horse will begin to eat.

PIMPLES on the face, rough skin chapped hands, saltrheum and all cutaneous affections cured, the skin made sof and smooth, by the use of Juniper Tar Soap. That made by Caswell, Hazard & Co., New York, is the only kind that can be relied on, as there are many imitations, made from common tar, which are worthless.

Chronic Constipation

is not cured by simply unloading the bowels. The medicine must possess tonic, alterative and corrective properties. These qualities are combined in Dr. TUTT'S Pills, and they will permanently cure this serious disease. 18 Murray Street, N. Y.

GENERAL MARKET REVIEW

LOUISVILLE.

Flour firm; family, $5a4.50. Wheat firm; red, $1. Corn dull, 42a43c. Oats firmer, 34a36c. Pork buoyant, $17. Bulk meat 7a9c. Bacon, 7¾a10¼c. Sugar cured hams, 15½c. Lard steady. Whisky, $1.07.

CINCINNATI.

Flour quiet but firm. Wheat steady, with a fair demand; red, 90a$1 06. Corn in fair demand, 46a47c. Oats in good demand, 23a29c. Pork easier, $19a19.25. Lard in fair demand; closing at 10¼c. Bulk meats, 7a9¼c. Bacon, 7¾a10¼c. Whisky, $1.07.

ST. LOUIS.

Flour firmer for superfine, fine and sound medium extras, but prices unchanged. Wheat firmer for best grades, but higher for others; No. 2 red winter, $1.15¼. Corn inactive and lower, at 41½c. Oats firm; 35c bid for No. 2. Whisky, $1.08. Lard dull and lower at 10¼c. Bulk meat, 9a9¾c. Bacon 8a10c. Hogs higher, $5.15a6.25.

NEW ORLEANS.

Flour, $4.50a6.25. Corn in fair demand; yellow, 65c. Oats in fair demand; Galena higher, 50c. Cornmeal, $2 40. Hay—prime, $16. Pork—mess, $17 50a18. Lard, 11a11½c. Bulk meats—shoulders, 7¼c. Bacon, 8¼a11½c. Sugar cured hams, 15¼a16½c. Whisky—choice western, $1.11a1.15.

COTTON MARKETS.

NEW ORLEANS—Middling 11c.
MOBILE—Middling 10¼c.
SAVANNAH—Middling 10½c.
CHARLESTON—Middling 10¼c.
MEMPHIS—Middling 11c.

$8 a Day to Agts. Sample free. H. Albert, Boston, M.

$2 OUTFIT FREE. Best Chance Yet. Write at Once. COLLINS & CO., 2 Clinton Place, N.Y.

Profitable, Pleasant work: hundreds now employed; hundreds more wanted. M. N. Lovell, Erie, Pa

$10 a Day. Employment for all. Chromo & Novelty Catalogue free. Felton & Co., 119 Nassau st., N.Y

$55 to $77 a Week to Agents. Samples FREE. P. O. VICKERY, Augusta, Me.

AGENTS—For 400 Papers & Magazines WANTED. C. W. Bennett, Gen. Agt, Quincy, Mich.

$15 for $5 Agents Mammoth Catalogue free. F. NASON & Co., 111 Nassau St., N. Y.

$10 to $25 a day sure made by Agents selling our Chromos, Crayons, Picture and Chromo Cards. 125 samples, worth $5, sent postpaid for 85c. Illustrated Catalogue free. J. H. BUFFORD'S SONS, BOSTON, MASS.

20 a week salary guaranteed to male & female. Send stamp for circulars. E. M. Bodine, Indianap's, Ind

$350 A MONTH.—Agents wanted. 36 best selling articles in the world. One sample free. Address JAY BRONSON, Detroit, Mich.

WILL pay Agents $150 and expenses to sell our Novelties and Feather Dusters. Samples free. C. W. MORRISON, 21 W. Sixth St., Cincinnati, O.

MONEY Made rapidly with Stencil and Key Check Outfits. Catalogue and samples FREE. S. M. Spencer, 347 Wash. St., Boston, Mass

KIDDER'S PASTILLES. Sure relief ASTHMA. Price 40cts. by mail. Stowell & Co. Charlestown, Mass.

WELL AUGER! The best in the world. Send for our Auger Book. U. S. Auger Co., St. Louis, Mo.

$20 a Day. HOW TO MAKE IT. Something new & salable. COE, YONGE & CO., St. Louis, Mo.

$100 to $200 per month to agents canvassing for Taylor's Copying House, Rochester, N.Y.

CAMPAIGN Pictures of TILDEN and HAYES. 22x28 inches. Sample copy, by mail, 50 cents. Large Discounts to Agents. J. H. BUFFORD'S SONS, BOSTON.

AGENTS. Send for circulars of our new book. Don't engage till you have seen them. Anchor Publishing Co., St. Louis, Mo.

NO MONEY We will start you in a business you can make $50 a week without capital, easy and respectable for either sex. AGENTS SUPPLY CO., 261 Bowery, N. Y.

$80 a month, hotel and traveling expenses paid for salesmen. No Peddling. Address Monitor Manuf'g Co., Cincinnati, Ohio.

$60 A WEEK Male or Female. No capital. We give steady work that will bring you $240 a month at home day or ev'g. INVENTORS' UNION, 173 Greenwich St., New York.

GLASS CARDS.—Your name on 20 beautiful Glass Cards in gilt, assorted shades 50c.; 4 for 10c., at store. If by mail send price and 3c. stamp. S. J. FRENCH, 927 Broadway, N. Y. City.

THE SPORTSMAN. Turf, Field Sports, Agriculture. $3 per year. Specimen copy free. C. J. FOSTER & CO., Pubs., 9 Murray st., New York.

$3 WATCHES. A Great Sensation. Sample Watch and Outfit free to Agents. Better than Gold. Address A. COULTER & CO., Chicago.

OPIUM HABIT CURED AT HOME. No publicity. Time short; terms moderate. 1,000 testimonials. Describe case. Dr. F. E. Marsh, Quincy, Mich

MEMORY made strong; Bashfulness cured; the Body made vigorous: Valuable Book: 10c. Sent Free. Address, M. L. BYRN, Box 4669, N. Y.

SEEDS FREE. 6 sample pk's for two 3 ct. stamps. Send for our new illustrated circular, Blooded Cattle, Sheep, Swine, Poultry, Pigeons and Dogs. Benson & Burpee, Seed Warehouse, 223 Church St., Philadelphia, Pa.

AGENTS If you want the best selling article in the world and a solid gold patent lever watch, free of cost, write at once to J. BRIDE & CO., 765 Broadway, N.Y.

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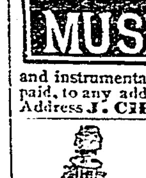
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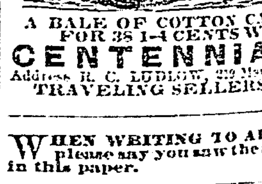
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