JUNE

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CKSONVILLE A
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INESS SOLICITED
B. C. WYLY.
JOHN H. FORNEY.
JNO. M. WYLY.
1871—1y.

R. R. R.
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THE WORST PA
One to Twenty Minute
NOT ONE HOUR
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SUFFER WITH PAIN
'S READY RELIEF
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It was the first and is
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RADWAY'S
PURGATIVE PILLS
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RADWAY'S PILLS
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d True." Send one
WAY & CO., No. 32
Church Street, New
ousands will
ly

Jacksonville Republican.

"The Price of Liberty is Eternal Vigilance."

VOL. 36. JACKSONVILLE, ALA., JUNE 1, 1872. WHOLE NO 1833

Jacksonville Republican.
ED, PRINTED & PUBLISHED, EVERY SATURDAY MORNING, BY
J. F. & L. W. GRANT.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.
One year in advance,.....$2 00
t paid in advance,.....$3 00
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subsequent insertion.....50
one square counted as two, &c.
uaries charged at advertising rates.
riage notices,.....50
Annunciation of Candidates.
County offices,.....$5 00
State offices,.....$10 00

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" " "	12 "	50 00
One column,	3 "	40 00
" "	6 "	60 00
" "	12 "	100 00

Charges due and collectable quarterly.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

M. HAMES, J. T. MARTIN
HAMES & MARTIN,
orneys at Law and Solicitors in Chancery, No. 8. Office Row, Jacksonville,
WILL practice in all the Courts of Law and Equity in the counties of 12th Judicial circuit, consisting of oun, Cleburne, St. Clair, Etowah Cherokee, and the Supreme court of State.
may20—1871.

FOSTER. WM. H. FORNEY.
FOSTER & FORNEY,
Attorneys at Law,
Jacksonville Alabama.
WILL practice in the Counties of Calhoun, Talladega, Randolph, St. Cherokee, DeKalb and the Supreme rt of the State.
e. 23d, 1865.

TURNLEY, G. I. TURNLEY.
J. & G. I. TURNLEY,
torneys at Law
Solicitors in Chancery
AND
General Collecting Agents.
JACKSONVILLE, ALA.
WILL practice Law in the counties of Calhoun, Talladega, Randolph, urne, Cherokee, Etowah, St. Clair and lby; in the Supreme Court of the , and in the U. S. District Court, hern and Middle Division of Alaba-

ELLIS. J. H. CALDWELL.
ELLIS & CALDWELL,
Attorneys at Law,
AND
Solicitor in Chancery.
JACKSONVILLE, ALA.
HAVING associated themselves in the practice of Law, will practice to- er, except in CRIMINAL CASES, in the nties of Calhoun, Talledega, St. Clair, dolph, Cherokee and DeKalb. an. 6. 1866.

R. L. STEVENSON,
Attorney at Law,
JACKSONVILLE, Ala.

avage & de Rochemont,
TTORNEYS AT-LAW
AND
L ITORS IN CHANCERY & COLLECTING AGENTS,
OXFORD, ALA.
WILL practice in all the courts of the State also in the Supreme court. llections made before the United State urt of Claims, also general land and nsion Agents.
April 13 1872 1y.

J. D. HAMMOND,
Notary Public
AND
EX-OFFICIO JUSTICE OF THE PEACE
CKSONVILLE,.....ALABAMA
WILL attend to any business that may be put into his nands, with dis- ch.
eb17 1872—1y.

Dr. M. W. FRANCIS,
Physician & Surgeon,
FICE, DRUG STORE J. C. FRANCIS,
North West Corner Square,
CKSONVILLE - - ALA
eb 25 1871—1y.

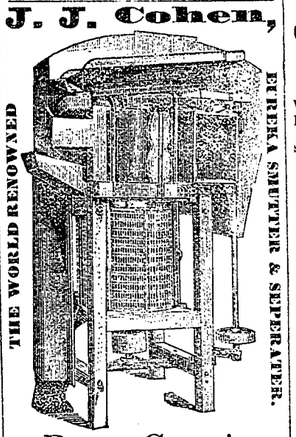
R. W. W. HARRISON,
HAVING permanently located in Alexandria, offers his professional services the citizens of Alexandria and vicinity. He can be found at his office in Green & abutter's Store during the day, and at the residence of Jas. A. Gladden at night, less professionally absent.
March 1872.—9m.

RAIL ROAD SCHEDULES.

South & North Ala. Rail Road.
SCHEDULE.
Passenger trains will run on this Road, follows:
ght'g Exp. Pv's Montgomery, at 10,00 am
" " Arrives at Calera 12,50 p m
" " at Birmingham 3,30 p m
ail train leaves Montgomery at 2'20 p m
" " Arrives at Calera 6,15 p m
ght'g Exp. Pv's Birmingham at 5,25 p m
" " Arrives at Montgomery 12,05 a m
ail train Leaves Calera at 5,05 a m
" " Arrives at Montgomery 8,25 a m.
ose Connections with DOUBLE DAILY ains on Mobile & Montgomery Rail Road, Mobile, New Orleans and all points of xas.
This is the SHORTEST and quickest route and from points named above for Passen- rs. Through Tickets and Through Bills ued. Rates as low as by any other line.
A. SHAW, Ass't Sup't.

. Pierce, G. A. Morrison,
H. Jones Wm. L. Thompson.
PIERCE, JONES & CO.
Cotton Factors,
Proprietors of Planters Fire Proof Warehouse.
Drake's new Building opposite Troup House,
SELMA.....ALABAMA.

ROME ADVERTISEMENTS.
C. C. SAMUEL.
Successor to Elliot & Samuel,
COTTON FACTOR
Warehouse & Commission Merchant
(At Steamboat Landing,)
Rome, Ga.
Cotton compressed and put in splendid shipping order and forwarded same day of its arrival, at reduced rates of freight.
sept 23,1871—1y

J. J. Cohen,

THE WORLD RENOWNED
EUREKA SKILLET & SKEPTER SUPERSEDER.
Rome, Georgia,
Keeps Constantly on hand the most celebrated and latest MILL MACHINERY, at Manufacturer's prices. Also, Importer of the Double Anchor Dutch Bolting Cloth, French Burr and Esopus MILL STONES, Double Turbine Water Wheel, and an assortment of Belting, &c. Dec. 30, '71.—1y.

SELMA ADVERTISEM'TS'
THOS. A. WALTHALL, T. S. BOWEN,
BOWEN & WALTHALL,
Whosale Grocers
—AND—
COMMISSION MERCHANTS
NO. 5 CENTRAL BLOCK, WATER ST.
SELMA——ALABAMA.
Ja——61y

W. R. ETHERIDGE. W. B. MCKINNEY.
McKINNEY & Co.,
Receiving and Forwarding
Merchnants
—AND—
STEAMBOAT AGENTS,
Selma.....Alabama.
We have a large and convenient Warehouse, a Brick Wharf and every facility for protecting Goods.
Jan 6 1y

Nashville
Marble Works.
D. C. COLEMAN,
MANUFACTURER OF ALL KINDS OF
MARBLE MONUMENTS,
TOMBS, HEADSTONES,
MANTLES, TOPS
Vases, Etc.,
Of the finest
ITALIAN
AND
AMERICAN MARBLE
Yard No. 31 S. College Street, between Church and Broad,
NASHVILLE, TENNESSEE.
Orders promptly filled and satisfaction guaranteed.
Feb24 1872—1y.

To the Public.
The Partnership heretofore existing between McCLELEN & LANDERS, having, by mutual consent, been dissolved, I have opened a business on my own account in the house formerly occupied by Mrs. M. E. Rowland. where I will be glad to see my old patrons and friends and sell them any and all articles kipt in a
Family Grocery
low for Cash or its equivolent.
I have also a fine assortment of
LIQUORS OF ALL KINDS
ot sell at wholesale.
A. M. LANDERS.
February, 3d 1872.—tf.

CALL AT THE
Old Hotel,
West Side of the Public Square
Jacksonville, Ala.
WHICH has been repaired, refurnished and refitted up, especially for the comfort of those who may favor us with a call. Rooms large and comfortable—fare good as the country affords—servants polite and attentive—charges reasonable.
Can accommodate a dozen or two regular boarders.
J. D. HAMMOND,
Dec. 18, '69—1y. Proprietor.

CROSS PLAINS HOUSE
COME ALONG.
This House is not quite completed, but will receive Boarders and the Traveling public generally.
No rush promises made—come and see.
A. S. JOHNSON,
J. N. HOOD,
J. N. HOOD, Prop'r.
june18—tf.

NEW BRICK HOTEL.
The undersigned is now prepared to accommodate the travelling public.
S. C. KELLY, Prop.
LIVERY AND SALE STABLE
Sign of the Horned Horse,
OXFORD ALA.,
S. C. KELLY.
sep16 '71—tf.

J. & B. TRIMBLE,
Corner Bibb & Commerce Streets,
Montgomery, Ala.
HAVING just completed their removal into the Splendid, New and Commodious Building at the corner of Bibb and Commerce Streets, would inform their friends and the public, that they have constantly on hand and are daily receiving, a
LARGE & ELEGANT STOCK OF
Fall and Winter Goods,
—SUCH AS—
Kerseys, Linseys,
Jeans, Tweeds,
Cassimeres, Cloths,
Opera, all Wool and
Cotton Flannels: Calicoes of the Best Brands;
Brown and Bleached Domesties; Mattrass and Feather.
Ticking; Table Damask,
Toweling, Hosiery, Crib and Bed Blankets, Balmoral and Felt Skirts.
also, a Nice Line of Ladies' Shawls, Notions, Ribbons and Trimmings in Great Variety; Foreign and Domestic Dress Goods,
Very Attractive in Style and Fabric.
We intend to keep our stock replenished with the best of just such goods as the demands of the trade require, which will be sold at the
LOWEST LIVING RATES.
ROWAN, DEAN & CO.
HAVE ADDED TO THNIR EXtensive and varied
Stock of Merchandise
A lot of handsome
FURNITURE
Consisting of
Bedsteads,
Wardrobes,
Bureaus,
Washstands,
Centre Tables,
Dining Tables,
&c., &c., &c.
Which they will sell very cheap
For Cash.
The time is at hand for us to provid for buying a
Spring Stock,
And we need money. All who have not paid their last year's account will please do so at once. It is not our practice to all on our customers for money unless
WE REALLY NEED IT.
But we cannot comply with the terms upon which which we buy goods, and sell on time, unless we can collect once year.
ROWAN, DEAN & CO.
Feb24 1872—tf.

J. H. LAKIN,
Artistic Photographs,
No. 51 Market Street,
MONTGOMERY, ALA.
PERSONS at a distance having old and fading Deguerreotypes can safely send them by mail to be resopied. ALL WORK GUARANTEED FIRST CLASS, AND PRICES REASONABLE.
May 11th, 1872—1y.

NOTICE.

The Books, Notes and accounts of S. & T. J. Morgan having been put in my hands for collection. Notice is hereby given to those indebted to said firm to come forward and adjust their accounts. Those who promptly respond can make arrangements for further indulgence. W. H. DE ROCHEMONT, Attorney.
April 13—tf.

Administrator's Sale of Real Estate.

Under and by virtue of an order and decree of the Probate Court, of Calhoun county, Alabama, made the 1st day of April, 1872, I will as the administrator, with the will annexed, of the estate of Richard Pellum, deceased, proceed to sell before the court house door in Jacksonville, Alabama, at public outcry, to the highest bidder, on Monday the 3d day of June next, the following desc ibed lands belonging to said estate, to-wit: A part of section two, township fifteen, range nine, and lying between John and David Worthingtons tracts of land on Choccolocco creek as owned by them in 1846, and north of the residence of John G. J. Whiteside. Also a three acre lot in section three, township fifteen, range nine, lying and being in the town of White Plains, adjoining the Baptist church in said town and the lands of Mrs. N. P. Scarbrough and between the roads leading to J. G. Whiteside's late residence and the present residence of Mrs N. P. Scarbrough and being the lot upon which said testator resided at his death.
Said land and lot will be sold for one third cash and two thirds on credit of twelve months with interest from date of sale, note with two good and solvent securities will be required on the credit part of said sale to secure the purchase money.
ROLLEY JENKINS,
apr23d Adm'r with will annexed.

Register's Sale.

UNDER and by virtue of a decree rendered by the Honorable Chancery Court for the First District of the Eastern Chancery Division of Alabama, at the January Term, 1872, in the suit of Robert Worthington vs Margaret Hall *et uls*, I will sell to the highest bidder, for cash, on Monday the 3rd day of June, 1872, before the Court House door of Calhoun county Alabama, within the usual hours of sale, the following described land, to-wit:
Fifty-six acres, situated in the southern part of Section 2, Township 15. Range 9, East in the Coosa Land District of Alabama, commencing at the south-west corner of said section and running north on section line between sections 2 and 3 about Two Hundred and Twenty (220) yards; thence due east about three-fourths of one mile; thence south Two Hundred and Twenty (220) yards to the section line between sections 2 and 11; thence to the beginning; in all, containing about Fifty-six acres, more or less. Said land is located north of and near the residence of the late Jno. G. J. Whitesides, deceased.
WM. M. HAMES,
Apr27w4t. Register.

MOBILE ADVERTISEMENTS.
F. J. BARNARD & Co.
WHOLESALE & RETAIL DEALERS IN
Paints, Oils, Glass, Putty, Brushes,
AND
A Large Assortment of
ARTIST MATERIALS,
PICTURE FRAMES AND MOULDINGS &c.
No. 11. NORTH WATER STREET,
MOBILE, ALA.
This House was established in the year 1842.
sep16—6m.

W. C. LAND,

THE oldest Watch maker in the State, (near Forty years at the bench,) still in Jacksonville, to repair all good watches that may be brought in. No brass or oreide watches need be brought in to be fixed.
Having made arrangements with the Manufacturers, I am prepared to have any part or parts of good watches made new, in the best manner and at short notice, doing away with the tedious process of hand work. All fine and complicated watches repaired and put in as good order as new, if desired.
nov1 1871—tf.

NEW LIVERY STABLE.
The undersigned takes pleasure in notifying his friends, and the
PUBLIC GENERALLY
that he has opened the stables formerly known as the Privett Stables.
HE IS PREPARED TO HIRE
Hacks, Wagons, Buggies, and Horses at the following schedule of prices:

Two-hors: hacks and driver per day	$6,00.
Two-horse wagon and driver per day	$5,00
Buggy and horse per day	$3,00.
Single Buggy per day	$2,00.
Single Horse per day	$2,00.

He will also feed and take care of stock charges to be paid when the stock is taken from the stable. Terms cash, only.
RICHARD WEAVER,
aug12—71.

Song of the Shears.

Weary and not over-stout,
The victim of heartless quizzers,
A news editor sat, with his elbows out,
Plying his pencil and scissors.
Clip! Clip! Clip!
In mucilage, tatters and tears,
And still, with a song of dolorous dip,
He sang the "Song of the Shears."

Clip! Clip! Clip!
While the foreman calls for more!
And clip—clip—clip,
Till the "devil" looks in at the door!
Its oh! to be a councilman,
Or even a school trustee,
A mayor, policeman or anything,
Or anybody else but me!

Clip! Clip! Clip!
Till the jaws drop open wide;
Till the elbows creak like an old barn door,
And you take that "stitch"—in the side!
Enquirers, Tribunes, Gazettes,
And *Stars* that make you doze,
Till over the *Herald* you fall asleep,
And clip off the end of your nose!

Oh, woman with paper curls!
With bustles that rattle and quiver!
It is not paper you're wearing out,
But a human editor's liver!
Clip! Clip! Clip!
Hunting for something new,
Which the managing editor swears after all
Is old as the Wandering Jew!

But why do I talk of the Jews—
That race of the nasal hook?
If only I had such a nose for news,
To get it by hook or crook!
By hook or by crook, and I wouldn't be slow,
Because of the fast I keep:
O God! that bustles should be so huge,
And Chinese labor so cheap!

Letter from Hon. F. P. Blair.

We copy the following letter from the Selma *Times*. It is said that Horatio Seymour also supports Mr. Greeley. The question presents itself. whether the Democrats of the South who rallied so enthusiastically to the support of these two gentlemen, in the last Presidential campaign, will not now be willing to follow where they lead?

WASHINGTON, D. C., May 21, 1872.
JOSEPH E. JOHNSTON, Selma Ala.:
Dear Sir—I have yours of the 17th. I entirely agree with you in thinking that the South, which alone can cast an electoral vote for the Democratic party, should have its say on the present phase of politics.
I agree with you also in thinking that it is useless, and worse than useless, to undertake to run a straight Democratic ticket. Even if it were possible to elect, the candidate would be counted out, and if not counted out would be powerless to do anything with the Senate against him.
In my opinion, the Tennessee lead should be followed by every Southern State. It cannot be concealed that the South is for Greeley, and as for him not as an expedient to obtain power over the Federal Government, but as a means to obtain peace and the restoration of good relations between the citizens of the Southern States, and between that section of the Union and the North.
The election of Greeley will not be a sectional triumph. He will will be supported by both sections, and hence he will be the representative of both, and will be able to restore fraternal feeling.
Grant represents only the conquering section, and has no faith in the maintainance of peace save by the sword. Local disorders, which can only be suppressed only by local power, he makes the pretext of surpressing local power itself. It is like curing a temporary lameness by cutting off a limb.
I think the Southern States should all declare for Greeley, but in doing so should declare that they did so as a manifestation of their desire for peace, and the restoration of harmony between the sections, and between the races, resident in the South, and with a view to inaugurating era of good feeling.
Voorhees is a man of strong feeling and was warmly enlisted for Judge Davis. He will, I have no doubt, support Greeley; notwithstanding his present declarations to the contrary. I hope so for his own sake, as well as for the sake of the cause. He cannot support Grant, and he will have to choose between Greeley and Grant.
Yours truly
FRANK P. BLAIR.

HORACE GREELEY'S LETTER OF ACCEPTANCE.

His Version of the Cincinnati Platform.

Official.

NEW YORK, May 21.

The following is the official notice to Mr. Greeley of the Liberal Republican nomination:

CINCINNATI, May 3, 1872.
Dear Sir: The National Convention of the Liberal Republicans of the United States have instructed the undersigned, President, Vice-President, and Secretaries of the Convention, to inform you that you have been nominated as the candidate of the Liberal Republicans for the Presidency of the United States. We also submit to you the address and resolutions unanimously adopted by the convention. Be pleased to signify to us your acceptance of the platform and nomination, and believe us,
Very truly yours,
CARL SCHURZ, Pres't,
GEO. W. JULIAN, Vice-Pres't,
WM. E. McCLEAN,
JOHN G. DAVIDSON,
J. H. RHODES,
Secretaries.
To Hon. HORACE GREELEY, New York City.

Mr. Greeley's Reply.

NEW YORK, May 20.
GENTLEMEN: I have chosen not to acknowledge your letter of the 3d inst., until I could learn how the work of your convention was received in all parts of our great country, and more, whether that work was approved and ratified by the mass of our fellow citizens. Their response from day to day has reached me through telegrams, letters and comments of journalists independent of official patronage and indifferent to smiles and favors of power. The number and character of these unconstrained, unpurchased, unsolicted utterances satisfied me that the movement which found expression at Cincinnati has received the stamp of public approval, and has been hailed by a majority of our country as the harbinger of a better day of the Republic. I do not misinterpret this approval as especially complimentary to myself, nor even the chivalrous and justly esteemed gentleman with whose name I thank the convention for associating mine. I receive and welcome it as a spontaneous and deserved tribute to that admirable platform of principles wherein your convention so tersely, so forcibly set forth the convictions which impelled, and the purpose which guided its course, a platform which, casting behind it the wreck and rubbish of worn-out contentions and by-gone feuds, embodies in fit and few words the needs and aspirations of to-day. Though thousands stand ready to condemn your every act, hardly a syllable of criticism or cavil has been aimed at your platform, of which the substance may be fairly epitomized as follows.
1. All political rights and franchises which have been acquired through our late bloody convulsion, must and shall be guaranteed, maintained, enjoyed and respected evermore.
2. All political rights and franchises which have been lost through that convulsion should and must be promptly restored and re-established, so that there shall be henceforth no proscribed class and no disfranchised caste within the limits of the Union, whose long estranged people shall reunite and fraternize upon the broad basis of universal amnesty and impartial suffrage.
3. That subject to our solemn constitutional obligation to maintain the equal rights of citizens, our policy should aim at local government and not centralization; that the civil authorities shall be supreme over military, the habeas corpus should be jealously upheld as the safeguard of personal freedom: that the individual citizen should enjoy the largest liberty consistent with public order, and there shall be no Federal dictation of the internal policy of the several States, but that each shall be left free to enforce the rights and promote the well being of its inhabitants by such means as the judgment of its own people shall prescribe.
4. There shall be a real and not merely a simulated reform in civil service of the Republic, to which end it is indispensable that the chief dispensor of its vast official patronage shall be shielded from the mean temptation, to use his power selfishly by a rule inexorably forbidding and precluding his re-election:
5. That the raising revenue whether by tariff or otherwise, shall be recognized and treated as the people's immediate business, to be shaped and directed by them through their representatives in Congress, whose action the President must neither overrule by his vote, nor attempt to dictate or presume to punish by bestowing office only on those who agree and withdrawing from those who do not.
6. That the public lands must be sacredly reserved for occupation and acquisition by cultivators and not recklessly squandered on the projectors of railroads for which our people have no present need, and the premature construction of which is annually plunging the United States into deeper and deeper abysses of foreign indebtedness.
7. The achievement of these grand purposes of universal beneficience of all who approve of them, irrespective of past affiliations.
8. The public faith must at all hazards be maintained, and the national credit preserved.
9. The patriotic devotedness and inestimable services of our fellow citizens, who as soldiers or sailors upheld the flag and maintained the unity of the republic, shall ever be gratefully remembered and honorably requited.
These proposition so ably and forcibly presented in the platform of your convention, have already fixed the attention and commanded the assent of a large majority of our countrymen who joyfully adopt them as the bases of true beneficent national reconstruction, of a new departure from the jelousies and strifes and hates which have no longer any adequate motive or even plausible pretext, into the atmosphere of peace, fraternity and mutual good will. In vain do the drill sergeants of decaying organization flourish menacingly their truncheons and angrily insist that the files shall be closed and straightened. In vain do the whippers of parties, once vital because rooted in vital needs of the hour protest against straying and bolting, and denounce men in no wise their inferiors as traitors and renegades, and threaten them with infamy and ruin. I am confident that the American people have already made your cause their own, and resolved that their brave hearts and strong arms shall bear it on to triumph. In this faith and with the distinct understanding that if elected I shall be President, not of a party but of a whole people, I accept your nomination in confident trust that the masses of our country North and South, are eager to clasp hands across the bloody chasm which has too long divided them, forgetting they have been enemies and joyful in the consciousness that they all remain brethren.
Yours gratefully,
HORACE GREELEY.
To Hon. Carl Schurz, Prsident; Geo. W. Julian, Vice-President; Messrs. Wm. E. McLean and others, Secretaries of the National Convention Liberal Republicans of the United States.

The Richmond (Va) *Dispatch* declares that "the South is tired of fighting hopeless battles, and will, in no case, go with the Democrats, should they be so wayward and impracticable as to nominate a Presidential ticket."

Why is Grant displeased with Greeley's old hat? Because there is no *Dent* in it, though, after the election he expects to find a Presi-dent under it.

Mrs. Davis and Mr. Greeley—A Scrap of History.

The accompanying communication comes from a source of the most unquestionable authenticity, and reflects honor upon the nominee of the Cincinnati Convention. No true Southron can peruse it with unmoistened eye, and the rebuke to Mr. Voorhees is most withering and complete:

Editors Telegraph & Messenger: Mr. Voorhees in his recent attack on Mr. Greeley, styled his signing of Mr. Davis' bond "an impertinent interference." Allow me to give you the true history of that matter as I recently learned it in New York, from a gentleman who knew all about it. Mrs. Davis went to New York to consult Charles O'Connor, Mr. Davis' counsel, as to the best manner of effecting his release from prison. Mr. O'Connor told her that in his opinion there was but one way that it could be done, and that was to get the representative man of the Republican party to sign his bond. Mrs. Davis inquired who that man was. Mr. O'Connor replied that it was Horace Greeley. She then asked him if he would not see Mr. Greeley and get him to do it. He replied that he had no influence with Mr. Greeley, and that she was the proper person to see him. She said she would go and see him. She went to his office, sent in her card and was invited into his private office. She said to him: "Mr. Greeley, my husband is confined in a casement at Fortress Monroe. He has been there for many long, weary months. He is a feeble old man, and he is gradually sinking under his rigorous imprisonment. He will die if he remains there much longer. I came here to consult Mr. O'Connor as to the means of getting him released. He has told me that there is but one way to do it, and that is to get the representative man of the Republican party to sign his bond, and says that you are that man. He says that you have a kind heart, and that you will do it, if you believe it to be right. My husband is dying. Mr. Greeley, may I hope that you will favorably consider my application?"
Mr. Greeley arose, extended his hand to Mrs. Davis, and said: "Madam, you may, for I will sign his bond." Mr. Greeley was then a prominent candidate before the Legislature for the United States Senate. Some of his friends heard that he had agreed to sign Mr. Davis' bond. They went to him and protested against it. They told him that they had made a count, and that he would be elected by six majority, but that if he signed this bond it would defeat him. He replied, "I know it will." They told him that he was one of the owners of the *Tribune*, and if he signed this bond he would lose thousands of subscribers. He replied, "I know it." They said, "Mr. Greeley, you have written a history of the war, one volume you have out, and have sold large numbers of it. Your second volume is nearly out and you have large orders for that. If you sign this bond, these orders will be countermanded and you will lose a large amount of money." He replied, "Gentlemen, I know it, but *it is right* and *I'll do it.*" He did do it, and I am informed that he lost a seat in the United States Senate, and over thirty thousand dollars.
To my mind this does not look like "impertinent interference," * *—
Telegraph & Messenger, May 18th.

Senator Ferry on the Political Situation—He "Will Continue in the Old Republican Track."

Special Despatch to the Chicago Tribune.

NEW YORK, May 24.—The *Times* publishes the following letter from Senator Ferry.

WASHINGTON, May 16th, 1872.
Hon. J. B. Ferris, Stamford, Conn.;
MY DEAR SIR: I do not know why any one should misapprehend my political position on account of what has happened. I have never concealed my opinions. My record in the Senate is open to everybody. I believe as firmly as ever in the doctrines which I have advocated for the last 16 years—ever since the Republican party had a national existence. There are certain ideas, indeed, which have grown into prominence since the passage of the acts of reconstruction, in which I do not believe. I do not believe in the continuance of political disabilities after they have become a needless and mischievous irritation without a single good result. I do not believe in miscalled "Civil Rights" bills, subversive to local self-government, and destructive of the school system of a whole group of States. I do not believe in the re-enactment of the ku-klux law after it has expired by its own limitation, and has accomplished all that was originally alleged to be its purpose. The truth is, that since the adoption of the last three amendments of the constitution of the United States, and the closing up of the war question, our foreign relations and our domestic policy in matters of finance and revenue are again assuming their natural prominence. To intrust these great interests to an administration made up and controlled by Mr. Greeley would be mere mid-summer madness. The administration of the State Department during the last three years has preserved for the nation an honorable peace in the midst of the most delicate and embarrassing complications, both with Great Britain and Spain, while that of the Treasury has steadily enhanced the public credit and promoted the business interests of the country. I do not appreciate the wisdom of those who, instead of all this, would press an untenable claim from England at the risk of war, would recognize the belligerency of the Cuban insurgents contrary to every principle of international law, and would diminish permanently the specie reserves in the Federal Treasury to ten or twelve millions of dollars at whatever hazard to the public credit. There are other matters to which I might allude, but these are perhaps enough. You and I will continue in the old Republican track. If new issues arise we will think and act as our convictions of expediency and duty require, and always be hopeful for the future of our country.
Yours truly,
O. S. FERRY.

The Liberal movement may be a joke, but Hawley, of the Hartford *Courant* don't laugh at it.

Grant'S Bayonets.

Grant's bayonets have made their appearance in our midst. The blue coats are again among us. The fall elections are approaching and the necessary disturbances, ku-klux outrages, and threatened invasions by whole legions of dead and living rebels, must be made to figure throughout the North and here come the boys in blue, to arrest, drag to jail and imprison, without the right of the writ of habeas corpus, any number of good citizens, for the purpose of showing how terribly rebellious and blood-thirsty the whole people of the South have ever been and are still. Although women and children are suffering and farms go uncultivated, and crops ruined for want of attention by reason of citizens being carried away to a distant city, charged with ku-kluxing some negro, still Grant must be elected or some Radical will lose his office and then—
"Othello's occupation's gone."
Montgomery Advance.

A SILENT SAM.

Reminiscence of President Grant.

[P. in the St. Louis Democrat.]

At the outbreak of the war General Grant, then an unpretending colonel, had his regiment stationed in some of the upper counties, its special duty being the guarding and protecting the North Missouri railroad. He was often in St. Louis; and one morning, in citizen's dress, the inevitable cigar ablaze, he presented himself at the up-town depot, telling Mr. Moulton, our present City Engineer—then superintendent of the North Missouri—that he had occasion to visit the road, and asked if he could be sent out. "Very easily," said Mr. Moulton, "and now. There stands an engine with steam up. I will have a car hitched on." "No," said the Colonel, "I don't need a car. Back out your engine, and I'll ride on the tender." So said, so done; and the Colonel, being seated on the woodpile, added, "Can't you come up with me, Moulton?" It so happened that the superintendent had business to look after along the line—for this or other cause the invitation was accepted. He relates since that it proved a dull ride indeed, and dull companionship. The locomotive shot out of the city, into the woods, athwart the prairies, but save the succeeding volumes of cigar smoke, nothing issued from the Colonel's lips, the superintendent modestly awaiting the while the whim of his guest. They crossed the Missouri, and sped away beyond the limits of St. Charles county, when the moody Colonel, breaking silence for the first time, said, "I believe I'll apply for a brigadiership," and subsided. The superintendent, determined to improve the opportunity, and with a desperate effort towards good fellowship, remarked: "I should say, Colonel, with your military education, and your experience in Mexico, you ought to have no trouble in getting promotion now." "Yes," returned the Colonel. "I think I could handle a brigade—in fact I feel pretty certain of it." Then ensued another gap—a long one—unbroken for sixty miles or more, when the express reached its destination, the Colonel was set afloat, muttering something which sounded like "much obliged" as he walked towards the encampment, and the engine rattled on its course with the superintendent.
About two months after, Mr. Moulton was crossing Fourth street, near the Planters' when he was met by Colonel Grant, who crossed in the opposite direction. They merely saluted, but as the superintendent reached the sidewalk some one back called, "I say." He turned; it was the Colonel; "it's all right; I got it last week." And so they parted again, no question being asked and no explanation being given; but the superintendent readily remembering the dismal ride and brief chat of two months before.

An Eagle Attempts to Kidnap a Child.

Correspondence of The Sun.

COPAKE, N. Y., May 7.—Jacob Decker, living near Rhoda Lake, about two miles from this place, has a little daughter about three years of age. Yesterday afternoon while she was playing in the yard, her shouts attracted her mother. Going out Mrs. Decker found a large eagle attempting to carry off the little one. Almost frantic with fright, she seized the child and rushed towards the house. No sooner had she caught the child in her arms than the eagle showed fight. It followed Mrs. Decker, pecking savagely at the little girl, several times touching her hair with his beak; but by running rapidly and shielding the child as best she could, she managed to reach the house in safety.
Enraged at being thus cheated of its prey, the eagle flew against the door and beat furiously at the windows, as if determined to effect an entrance, until Mrs. Decker, fearing it might break in, hid her child in a closet for greater security. At nightfall the bird flew away.
Early this morning the eagle again made its appearance. After flying wildly around, it perched upon a tree hard by the house, apparently awaiting an opportunity to renew the attack. As soon as she discovered the bird, Mrs. Decker notified the neighbors, and it was shot. It proved to be a bald American eagle, measuring seven feet between the tips of its wings.

PURE WATER.—We should let our water pipes run a minute before we take water to drink, or use for cooking in the morning; and in going into a new house, or into one in which water pipes have just been placed, It is better not to use the water for drinking or cooking for at least one month. And in returning home after some weeks absence, in summer excursions or for other reasons, take the same precautions. Perhaps in these things we find the reason of some persons sickening and dying soon after getting into new houses.
Baltimore Methodist.

Governor Caldwell, of North Carolina, has just pardoned out of the Penitentiary a convict who died about six years ago.

An exchange says fashionable young people are calling upon somebody to invent a new dance. Suppose "somebody" invents one wherein the young ladies dances around the house and looks after every thing.

JACKSONVILLE REPUBLICAN

JACKSONVILLE, ALABAMA.

SATURDAY, JUNE 1st, 1872.

☞ Pursuant to a call of the Democratic Executive Committee of the State the Democratic State Convention will be held in the City of Montgomery the NINETEENTH of JUNE.

Call for a County Convention of the Democratic and Conservative Party of Calhoun.

The Central Committee of the Democratic and Conservative Party of Calhoun county hereby respectfully request the members of said party to meet, at an early day, in their respective Beats, and select delegates to represent them in a County Convention to be held at the Court House, on Saturday the 8th day of June next

The object of the Convention is to select delegates to the State Convention, at Montgomery, on the 19th July, and to consider such other matters as may be thought advisable when assembled.

J. H. CALDWELL,)
JAMES CROOK, } Central Com.
G. I. TURNLEY,)

Democratic Fellow citizens of Beat No. 1., of Calhoun County Alabama: At a meeting of the Executive Committee of said Beat, it is Requested that you attend in primary meeting at the court house in Jacksonville on the 1st day of June at 2 o'clock, P. M., for the purpose of so organizing as to reflect your wishes in the County Convention to be held June 8th.

H. L. STEVENSON,
Secretary.

☞ The friends of Hon. Thos. A. Walker, announce his name as a candidate for the Senate from the counties of Cherokee and Calhoun; subject to the action of a nominating convention, should one be held.

Ex. Gov. John Gill Shorter died in Eufaula, at ten minutes before two o'clock Wednesday morning last.

Horace Greeley married a Southern lady. Her maiden was Cheney and her home was North Carolina.

Charles Sumner designates Greeley and Grant as the big G and little G, respectively.

The initials of Horace Greeley and Gratz Brown, make a square and blend elegantly together, for instance

H. G.
G. B.

Reading from left to right you have Horace Greeley, Gratz Brown. Now read down and you have the same result, Horace Greeley, Gratz Brown. This is a certain augury of the success of the ticket.

Chas. Francis Adams has been nominated for President by the National Christian Association, on a anti-secret society platform. Colfax should endure the convention of fanatical diseases. Cheeky has not, as yet, signified his acceptance.

The Montgomery *Advance* not long since suggested a general convention of new paper men at Montgomery, to take into consideration any follies that might be brought up for the good of the craft. The press throughout the State endorse the suggestion and the day generally agreed upon is the 16th of this month the day preceding the State Democratic Convention. As many newspaper men will attend the last named convention at that time anyway, we think the time well chosen. We shall be there, purse and Providence permitting.

The Liberal Republican Club, of Huntsville, have appointed delegates to the Montgomery Democratic Convention June 19th. Nick Davis, Chairman of the club, is among the number.

We make no apology for publishing the following from the Scottsboro *Herald*. We always copy such things on principle. Our vanity suggest it and our modesty does not forbid. We think Mr. Snodgrass' head is very level:

The Jacksonville Republican.

We have read several articles recently in that respectable old journal, the Jacksonville REPUBLICAN, which meet our hearty indorsement, and show that it is becoming wide awake, and has a just comprehension of the political situation.

First Knock Down for Greeley.

In the House on the 27th, Poland moved to suspend the rules for the purpose of taking up and passing the Senate bill extending the Ku-Klux bill until the end of the next regular session of Congress. His motion was rejected by a vote of 108 nays to 74 ayes. Twenty-three Republicans voted with the Democrats against the bill. This action of the House is the practical death of all such infamous legislation this session, and Gen. Grant will have to fight it out fairly with Greeley in the South. Had the measure prevailed the people of Alabama would have felt the mailed hand heavily before November, and they may thank the Greeley Democratic Combination for escape. Maynard, also, moved to suspend the rules and pass the Senate supplementary Civil rights bill, over which poor Sumner has exercised himself this session but that shared the fate of the Ku-Klux bill, motion to suspend having failed to receive the necessary two-third vote.

The Rome *Commercial* says that the Baltimore Convention was called for a specific purpose, and dare not nominate any but a Democrat. Will the *Commercial* please tell us who made the callers of the Baltimore Convention superior to the Convention itself? *What* authority is above that of the people assembled in Convention in the persons of their chosen delegates? The Baltimore Convention can depose the callers of the Convention and most likely will, as far as the chairman is concerned.

AMNESTY.

Immediately following Amnesty comes a call from the people of the South for their old and trusted leaders again, and many brilliant young men of the country just entering upon political life, who were within one step of position and honorable political promotion, find themselves, for the time in the back ground, all their calculations come to naught, all their castles in the air whiffed out of sight at the bare breath of Congress; find themselves again in the traces, while old familiar faces, with the wrinkles of just ten years added, again occupy the driver's box. And, the cheery old fellows, bearing few of the traces of that severe heart-sickness that is supposed to come of hope deferred, have picked up the reins with the confident and sprightly air of the elder Weller, have given us an old time blast from the old bugle horn, and now are driving right along with great spirit and dash, but with just a little, barely a shade, less speed than before the late catastrophe, wherein, after a protracted dispute, our friends over the line took possession of the team and retired them for awhile.

Writing as a young man, we do not know whom to most congratulate upon the change, the elderly gentlemen who find themselves again "invested with the functions which they were divested," or the young men whose prospects of immediate promotion are somewhat impaired by it; but we incline to the opinion that of the two the latter have at last most reason to be satisfied with it.

The old gentlemen (comparatively old, of course) have arrived just in time to take charge at a most critical juncture, when the road is very bad and the weather very foggy. The country is now passing through a great political revolution, parties are just now in hotch potch and after the common danger that now compels us to travel along with all these strange passengers is over, there will be a general looking up, and present political readers will have all to gain or all to loose by the issue, which none can foresee and which they can hardly shape, for the people, (to return to the figure,) have the bits in their teeth and are beyond restraint or control. Men who can spare the time to wait, cannot afford to stake all on this one short drive. But this is not the only and the greatest danger they have escaped.

In the late abnormal condition of affairs, when offices, before attainable by our fathers only after long and faithful service to the State, hung within the reach of mere lads, comparatively, the danger to our young men lay in the too early abandonment of their professions and various honorable avocations for the dubious field of politics, in which so many men that would otherwise make useful members of society, are spoiled, and in which so few rise to real distinction and usefulness.

As it is, those who have political aspirations have yet all the advantages enjoyed by other citizens of the Republic up to the time of our late war, with the additional advantage of entering upon political life at a less stormy time. After awhile they may enter the arena more fully developed in knowledge, both of politics and human nature, more firmly rooted and grounded in right political principles, and consequently more likely to pursue what is right in the face of temporary unpopularity, and will be very rarely reflects great honor, a *consistent* political course. It yet remains to them, without one sigh for what "might have been," to go heartily and manfully to work, and in the old fashioned way, win for themselves names and places, that, when acquired, shall bring to them *real* honor; that shall redound to the welfare of the State; that shall make the pages of the history of our country upon which they figure as attractive, as marked as any in the volume.

Our distinguished fellow citizen, Gen. Wm. H. Forney, has been importuned, and strongly urged, from various portions of State, to become a candidate for Governor, in the approaching campaign, but he firmly declines to enter the field of politics yet awhile. We know of no gentleman in the State who would fill more creditably the honorable position, to one whose administration would draw more justice upon the State abroad; no one who would give more unqualified satisfaction at home. We regret, therefore, that the requirements of his profession should so operate as to deprive the State of the service of so gallant and accomplished a soldier, as leader of our forces in the coming campaign.

That old Indian dead-beat and humbug, Red Cloud, has again gone to Washington with his staff of chiefs and squaws. The immediate reason for this visit to Washington is that some of Red Cloud's men have been killing a few white men on the plains, and Red Cloud wants to explain and get some more calico, powder and fire-water, heap. The names of the distinguished Indians that accompany the old humbug are as follows: Red Dog, Little Wound, Lame Horse, High Wolf, Fat Bull, Little Wolf, Red Leaf, Afraid-of-the-eagle, Good Buffalo, Red Top, Two Elk, Big Foot, Lone Wolf, Poor Elk, High Bear, Cay, Stabber, Leaf, Carry the-crow-on-his-head, Hard Heart, Cayotte, Hawk Eagle, and Thunder Hawk. The two squaws are called Ear of Corn and and Dirty Face.

J. J. B. W. ROGERS, of Cherokee county, Ala., and formerly of this county, was drowned in the Coosa near Dean Rice's his son-in-law, on Saturday evening last. It appears he had pulled off his clothes, except his shoes, and we understand some parties saw him sink near the opposite bank from where he went in at. On last accounts his friends were searching for his body.

Rome Courier.

We are compelled to defer the publication of Post Oak Locals until next issue.

The Merry Nine Base Ball Club of this place played with the Oxford Nine last week, a match game and were victorious, as the score printed below will show. The Merry Nine are taking them as they come. Talladega we believe is the next town to Oxford.

"OXFORDS."	Runs.	Outs	H. R.	L. on B.
Reid, P.	7	2		
Breeding, C.	7	1	1	1
Herring, 1st B.	4	4		1
Watkins, 2nd B.	3	6		
Jackson, 3d B.	5	2		1
Doughdrill, S. S.	5	1		1
Harkins, R. F.	2	6		1
Orr, C. F.	4	1		3
Snow, L. F.	3	4		1
Totals.	40	27	1	9

"MERRY NINE."	Runs	Outs	H. R	L. on B.
Rambo 1st B.	9	2	1	1
Caldwell, S. S.	8	4		
Reid, C.	9	2		
Murphy, L. F.	8	3		1
Clark, 3d B.	9	2		
Francis, R. F.	9	1	1	
Rowan, C. F.	6	4		
Rosenberg, 2nd B.	7	1		
*Laird, P.	2	8		
Totals.	63	27	2	-

Captains:—J. W. Reid of the "Oxfords," and G. G. Rambo of the "Merry Nine."
Umpire:—Mr. W. H. Debuchemont.
Scorers:—J. R. Draper of the "Oxfords," and J. R. Goode of the "Merry Nine."

*Laird was sick.

E. L. Woodward's Son will give you Goods or Money for Bee wax, Dry Hides, Wool and Clean Cotton Rags.

POLITICAL STATE NOTES.—The Montgomery *Advertiser* by authority announces that Gov. Lind by will not be a candidate for renomination. This has evoked various comment from the newspapers of the State, in the main complimentary to the Governor. The Montgomery correspondent of the Hayneville *Examiner* thinks the ticket run up by the Selma *Times* and which we print below, good enough, but would prefer to have Henderson at the head of the ticket. The Oxford *Chronicle* has a complimentary article of Col. Hodgson and thinks the sentiment throughout the State is a unit on his name. The Troy *Messenger* says the Democracy met in convention the 20th inst., appointed delegates to the County Convention here with the instruction to present the name of Wm. J. Bond as candidate for Superintendent of Public Instruction, and to urge that the Calhoun delegation to the State Convention be instructed to put his name in nomination and insist upon his nomination. The editor of the Rome *Courier* would like to be a citizen of Alabama awhile that he might vote for Hon. Thos. A. Walker. The Henry county *Register* and other papers mention Mr. Oates for Governor. The present Lieut. Governor, Mr. Moren, has been mentioned by the press for Governor. Mr. Faulkner of Montgomery has been mentioned to Auburn, on the same ticket with Mr. Moren.

The Jefferson County Convention thinks it inpolitic for the Baltimore Convention to make a nomination, as it is that the interests of the country demand that the Democratic party should support Greeley and Brown. The Convention also pledges itself to support the nominees of the State Convention who ever they may be; and says that it would most cheerfully support the following named gentlemen for the office of Governor, if either is nominated, to wit:—Newton L. Whitfield, of Tuscaloosa, Edmund W. Pettus, of Dallas, and Wm H. Forney, of Calhoun. The Convention also opposed making State aid to Railroad an issue in the approaching canvass. The appointment of Capt. Allen to Marion as a delegate from Alabama to the National Convention at Baltimore, would be pleasing to the people of Jefferson. The *Republican* may add that the appointment would be a most good one, and that it is certain to give satisfactory to the friends of Capt. Martin in Calhoun as in Jefferson. Perry County Convention expresses a willingness to pay a just indebtedness of the State, but not a dollar pressed otherwise than through honest and legitimate means. The Convention sends a hundred delegates to Montgomery. The Selma *Times* authoritatively announces that Gen. Pettus will not be a candidate for Governor. Below we give extracts from three of our State exchanges.

The Selma *Times* has run up to its mast head the following State ticket:

For Governor, Thos. A. Walker, of Calhoun; for Lieut Governor, Thomas H. Herndon, of Mobile; for Secretary of State, A. J. Parker, of Monroe; for Attorney General, John W. A. Sanford, of Montgomery; for Auditor, M. M. Crook, of the Montgomery *Advertiser*; for State Treasurer, J. F. Grant, of Talladega; for Superintendent of Public Instruction, Joseph Hodgson of Marengo; for Congress at large, Wm. C. Oates, of Henry.

The *Times* in speaking of its nominations says:

"We place at our mast-head this morning, the names of honored citizens of Alabama for the different State offices, to which we invite the consideration of the convention, to meet at Montgomery on the 19th day of June. It is due to the parties whose names we have thus put, to state that we take this step without the knowledge or consent of either of them, and without consultation with their personal or political friends. We believe that the ticket will heal any division that has existed in the party; that it will create such an enthusiasm from the Tennessee to the Gulf as to assure us of victory in November. We offer the ticket as one that will harmonize and in the spirit of dictation, or with the idea of insisting factiously upon the nomination of either of the gentlemen. We regard it as a judiciously selected ticket. Others may enter with us. It is their right, and we do not question it."

State Treasurer

We have received, post-paid, a newspaper with a flattering notice "marked," recommending Mr. R. A. Mosely, Jr., of Talladega, for State Treasurer. With kindest regard for Mr Mosely, our voice and vote are for father Grant for Treasurer of Alabama as long as he wants the office.—*Stevenson New Era.*

While we do not mean to indicate any other sentiment than one of great personal kindness and respect for Mr Mosely, whose interest it would ordinarily afford us great pleasure to promote, our friend Osborne of the Stevenson *New Era* utters our sentiments exactly. We venture in this case to depart from our rule of never presuming to suggest particular candidates to the Convention, because of the irreproachable character of the venerable Treasurer Grant, and because we consider him in age and services the Nestor of the Alabama press. We hope that this pure and excellent man will have no opposition.

Montgomery Advertiser.

The *Negro Gazette* is the title of a Grant campaign organ lately started at New Orleans, the character of which may be judged from the following *verbatim* extract:

The *Negro Gazette* is going to be edited and printed by Dr. Cromwell, if he lives and God spares his life this year of 1872; and I tell you one and all, don't kick against the *Negro Gazette* because it is printed on a small sheet and only once a week for the present, because when the political issue begins to get hot, the sheets of the *Negro Gazette* will spread itself twice as large as now, and be printed every day in the week, and I will make things so eternal hot for some of these office seekers that they will wish to God that old Dr. Cromwell was in the interior of Africa with Dr. Livingston, the great explorer, *take that for high and smoke that in your pipe.*

AN UNFORTUNATE OCCURRENCE.—We learn that Col. R. H. Abercrombie, a prominent lawyer and popular citizen of Tuskegee, shot and killed Mr. Bolling Reid, last Saturday.

Base-ball. No. 2. Sheboygan, Wisconsin, aged sixteen. Hot liner to third base, beautifully stopped by the baseman's right temple. Died in thirty-six hours.

Chattanooga, Tennessee, has raised the $120,000 necessary to secure the location of the Southern Baptist Seminary in that city.

TELEGRAPHIC RESUME

MAY 28.—All proceedings for violations of the 14th Amendment except against persons excluded from amnesty to be discontinued by order from the Department of Justice.

Red Cloud and chiefs at White House. He was dissatisfied with the President's speech.

House appropriation for awards of the Southern Claims Commission will fail in the Senate for want of time.

Senate adopted House resolution to adjourn sine die.

Forty thousand men engaged in the New York strikes.

Terrific tornado has swept a portion of Missouri, levelling houses and killing and wounding many.

One hundred and fifty members of the Press can be accommodated on the floor of the National Republican Convention.

National Baptist Educational Convention assembled in Philadelphia to-day. Hon. Francis Wayland, of Connecticut, chosen President.

The Orangemen will parade in all parts of the Union on the 12th of July. More riots.

Paper Mache Works in Springfield Massachusetts, burned. Loss $70,000.

Largest block of buildings in Biddeford, Maine, burned.

The mother of the Emperor Francis Joseph, of Austria, died this morning of typhoid fever.

In the House the Senate bill extending the suspension of the writ of habeas corpus until after the Presidential election was defeated by 94 to 108.

MAY 29.—Gen. Butler reported from the Ku-Klux Committee the bill to amend the enforcement act. Democrats resorted to parliamentary tactics and by the help of some Republicans succeeded in defeating it for the time by adjournment.

Thaddeus S. Bennett of Richmond, Va., in an affray killed Wm. R. Hawly, this afternoon. Cause, alledged intimacy between Bennet and Hawly's wife.

The Republican the oldest radical paper in South Carolina, is out for Greeley and Brown.

MAY 30.—James Gordon Bennett is lying at the point of death.

The Pinchback Republican convention of Louisiana, has nominated Wadsworth for Governor and Pinchback for Lieutenant Governor. Pinchback is for Grant.

In the House Butler renewed his amendment to the force bill. The Speaker ruled the privileges of report at any time by outrage committee lapsed, when any member moved a suspension of the rules. This almost certainly excludes all violent partizan legislation this session.

NEW YORK.—Cotton firm, Orleans 26¾. Gold strong at $1:14. Wheat quiet and nominally unchanged.

A "H. Greeley Grand March" has appeared.

Pope Pius was eighty years old last Monday.

J. L. Pennington, advertises two commodious residences or Quarters for rent or sale.

In Whitley County, Ind., there is a [illegible] per. It despises corn and [illegible] and [illegible] the [illegible] of [illegible] [illegible] [illegible]

Republican

ROSE & CO.
WHOLESALE
LIQUOR DEALERS,
SELMA——ALABAMA.

Dr. C. C. Porter,
DENTIST.
Office: East of Rowan's Store.

TWO nice rooms—one for operative and the other for Mechanical Dentistry, a fine Silk Plush and Spring bottom Operating chair. Just received a new supply of Dental instruments and materials.—Tooth powders, Mouth washes, Tooth soap, and indeed everything necessary to success. So come one, come all; I will do the very best for you I can, and for as little money as possible.
April 20th, 1872.—tf.

We are authorized to state the Rev. Mr. Milburn, the celebrated "Blind Man Eloquent," will deliver his famous lecture "What a Blind Man Saw in England," at the M. E. Church, in this place, Thursday next, June 6th, half the proceeds of the lecture to go for the benefit of the Methodist Church here. Mr. Milburn is perhaps the most celebrated lecturer in the world, and those who hear him while here, will enjoy a richer treat than may ever be within their reach again. The London *Times* the greatest newspaper in the world, characterizes him as "indeed a brilliant and most powerful orator." The Louisville *Courier-Journal* says "as a lecturer Mr. Milburn is far in advance of any one we have ever heard before." The Memphis *Avalanche* says that "a friend who has heard Webster, Clay, Calhoun and Prentiss in their happiest and most celebrated efforts, says he never heard anything from those celebrated orators superior to his subtle rationale of the English character of 'Reserve.'" Hon. John Forsyth of the Mobile *Register* pays him a splendid compliment. Among other things, alluding to the subject he will lecture on here, he says: "Mr. Milburn's treatment of his subject was by turns eloquent, picturesque, and replete, with racy, genial and delicious humor."

We hope that many will come from the country and surrounding towns to hear him, and that he will have a *crowded* house.

Can any one tell the day fixed upon for the next re-union of the 10th Alabama regiment? Was the place chosen? Is it not time the subject was agitated? Capt. Cobb, of Shelby, we believe is the orator and Mr. Henderson, of Talladega, the poet for the occasion.

Attention is directed to the advertisement of Mr. A. S. Patrick, book-seller, stationer and general news dealer, Rome, Georgia. Mr. Patrick's stock embraces all the latest publications both of books and periodicals, the best chromos, all kinds of stationery and a thousand and one other things that strike the fancy. He will promptly fill all orders sent to him. Remember his name when you want a new book or anything else in his line.

While in Rome we took a peep in to the millinery establishment of Mrs. S. C. Hammond. Her stock is very full and beautiful, and those of our ladies who order from Rome could not do better than send their orders to her.

We publish this week an advertisement of special interest to our readers about town. We allude to the advertisement of Messrs. Ayer & McDonald, Rome, Georgia. It will be seen they keep on hand every thing in the iron, composition or lead pipe line that will be required by our people to get the water into their houses after the completion of our works, as well as rubber hose, hose nozles, &c., that will be used in street and garden sprinkling. They have a large stock of all kinds of agricultural implements. We invite attention to the advertisement. Read for yourselves and give them your orders.

The young gentlemen composing the delegation from the Jacksonville Fire Company, return thanks to the Firemen of Rome, through the REPUBLICAN, for the unbounded hospitality and courtesy extended them during the recent Firemen festivities in that city. The firemen of Jacksonville expect to have a "blow out" themselves upon the completion of our water works, at which time they hope the Romans will afford them an opportunity to reciprocate.

We take the first opportunity to return thanks to Messrs J. E. Veal, H. A. Smith, J. M. Elliott, M. Dwinell, H. W. Grady, for courteous attention shown us while in Rome recently attending the Firemen's parade.

We have now received the fourth number of the Courtland *News*, a new Democratic paper in Courtland, Alabama, published by Messrs. White & White and edited by Mr. M. L. Frierson. It is a large and beautifully printed paper, ably edited and deserving of the largest measure of success; and such we do most heartily wish Messrs. White & White may realize.

The charming retreat opened by Dr. Bellamy for the pleasure of our people during the coming sultry days, is sought after more and more as the days become hotter and hotter. He deserves thanks for establishing it.

Well now, boys, hav'nt we said about enough about "it"? Let's talk about Greeley awhile. How does he go in your neighborhoods? Don't be afraid; but speak right out in meeting

ERRATA.—In the Treasurer's Report last week in the enumeration of "cash received," in item of tax assessed to E. McClelen, tax collector, it read "fees, insolvencies and errors being *detected*." It should have read "fees, insolvencies and errors being "*deducted*." In the list of claims paid, the last names from John Glenn down, read for "solicitor's claim," instead of witness fees.

On the outside is a little scrap concerning the care necessary in the use of water brought through piping. We presume the pipe alluded to is of lead, as iron is in no wise injurious.

To the lovers of a good segar, we could recommend no better place than Hammond's hotel. He keeps a lot of a most excellent brand.

While in Atlanta recently we had the pleasure of stopping at the National Hotel, recently taken charge of by Messrs Owens & Foster, two gentlemen of Lynchburg, Va. Situated as it is even in the very shadow of the H. I. Kimball House and far less pretentious in point of architectural finish, it yet has a splendid run of custom, gained solely by the most careful and courteous attention to guests, a most unexceptionable bill of fare and its excellently furnished rooms. One who stops at the National once and is the recipient of its hospitality including the kind attention of the clerks, among whom we would mention Mr. Lanford, will never on a second visit to the city go elsewhere. The day we left Messrs Owens & Foster were in receipt of a 320 lb turtle, which no doubt their sleek, well fed and happy boarders have had them a good time over since. Let us all go to National when we visit Atlanta.

Prof. A kins, the badoonist, who made an ascension while Lipman's circus was here, was drowned in the Tennessee river at Decatur. His balloon came down in the river and every attempt to save him failed.

The communication of "J." touching the Homestead law, will find a place in the next issue of the REPUBLICAN.

Jno T. Wilkins is the local agent here for the Rome, *Commercial*. Any one having any business with the *Commercial* can confer with him.

The Oxford *Chronicle* supposes that the late game of base ball in that place between the "Merry Nine," of this place and the "Oxfords" was so "irregular" that it was not thought necessary by the Oxfords to furnish the Score for publication. Our fellows esteemed it regular enough to do so and we present it. Come, Oliver, no hiding out in that way.

A bill containing a map of some lots that Messrs. de Rochemont & Christian, of Oxford, propose to sell in that growing city soon, states among other things that purchasers will be passed over the Selma, Rome and Dalton and South and North railroads for half fare. This is all right, but we are troubled to know why the Georgia Western and East Alabama and Cincinnati roads, which we see by the map run right up to the lots do not extend the same courtesy. Campbell Wallace and Col. Pennington ought to pan out better.

THOSE PARTRIDGES.—Lem. Grant, of the Jacksonville REPUBLICAN, has a *novel* way of catching country editors. He pens a lie, so he says.

Stevenson New Era.

Yes, and they walked right into the pen; especially the pretty birds of the Talladega *Watchtower* and Livingston *Journal*. The game Cox of the Gadsden *Times* had an eye on it too, but just at that juncture a Wills Valley hen, who crows woman's rights and circulates Woodhull & Claflin's paper, attracted his attention and he was saved, *saved*.

PINEY WOODS LOCALS.

DEAR LON—We are having a nice time farming at this time. The lovely showers of rain are falling every two or three days making everything look prosperous.

We are sorry to say that our friend and neighbor J. S. Kirby is very sick, but not so bad as he has been. We hope he will recover soon.

Our friend and neighbor I. M. Ford is still lingering under that dreadful disease Bronchitis with which he has been suffering for some eight or ten years, but we still hope for his recovery.

There will be preaching at I. M. Ford's residence, on Wednesday night, by the Rev. Thomas Slaughter.

We want to make a trade with some of our Cane Creek friends. We will give them two old bachelors and three maids for two nice young men. They are very nice bachelors. I guess you know one of them, his name is John John-son, brother to Richard Johnson, of Jacksonville. Poor John he is alone; if anybody need a wife I am sure he does.

Our two schools are still in progress. Miss Mollie Turner's will expire about the 14th of June. L. M. Ford's will expire about the sixth or middle of August. He will try to interest the people at the close of his session, by having the school recite some dialogues, speeches and compositions.

SUCCESSOR TO MISS JANE.

CROSS PLAINS LOCALS.

The "rippling and laughing" of Terrapin Creek must have bamboozled the brain of Ladiga's most eminent "Local." Is it possible, you reckon; he doesn't know the difference between a "Dress Parade" and a "Pic-nic?" I attended that Pic-nic, as I wrote you before, and remember distinctly to have cro-sed the spring branch (styled "slough") and as the party were leaving I saw two gentlemen *replacing* the two or three rails, that had been taken from a fence near by to make a safe crossing for persons passing to and from the spring. There was no "closing of schools" connected with the affair if I understood it aright. It was merely a holiday for the pupils of the Institute, and they asked their friends to help them to enjoy the delightful day. But apropos of L. L.—can you inform me to what species of the piscatorial tribe the "nicks" belong? Certainly our dear little "rippling, laughing" streams around here, are growing "Imps" to be scattered broadcast over our feeble land. To my mind we have enough of those already. (You know "when one gets a chance to express their opinion, he don't like to miss the opportunity.")

Frequent and copious rains have brightened our prospects for crops of every description.

Some farmers in the neighborhood will cut wheat next week.

SKYHY.

CORRESPONDENCE.

EDITOR REPUBLICAN.—We crave permission to present the following "few lines" to His Honor the Obelus.

During t.—Your communication in a recent number of the REPUBLICAN was read carefully. I perceive sir, you are possessed of an acute sense of right and wrong, of justice and injustice, of composition and imposition, of acceptibiney and contemptibiney, of examination and contamination and de-cognition of all those essential qualities that go to make up a brave man, and I must confess to having a most decided regard for the like of you. I myself think it a shame, a crying, burning shame to lead up the mar-tages, bother the post masters, crowd the poor printers out of what little elbow-room they have by such trash. But worst of all sir, to impose sir, such articles sir, upon that worthy man, the editor, sir, his wife and high-strung high-hand-d, high-hearted, high-falutin generosity and benevolence always prevails that as-ured sir return, and induces their appearance in his widely-circulated newspaper. I can't imagine what the e local fellows mean. They have surely lost all respect for themselves, for their wives, their families, their kin-folk, their relations, their neighbors, the towns in which they live, and the country at large. They certainly have a very convenient indulgence for their literary reputation, are bound to rate as well as genius, thus to ignore the opinions and sentiments of highly civilized, not to say cultivated and enlightened sections of these United States. So fixated and dedicated are many of their descriptions even the common appearances of things, that their efforts might well be made a fit subject of mirth for the noble side. I pity them, sir, upon my word I do! Yet I could by believe the honest, straight forward course you have ever grace-fully adopted of surrendering to happy their errors, will have the desired effect of eradicating sufficient enough to enable them to see and appreciate the point, to change the whole tenor of their lives, thoughts and feelings, and in course, since their writing from the base community to the trash-refined excessiveness of exuberance in tone and talent, which, in your perusal of the local columns, you have, no doubt, frequently observed in the compositions of your humble correspondent. Would there were more like us! Sir, I feel that your communication, however short and pungent, was to the point, and will do good. A change in the face of our literary world is surely threatening. When men of such gentlemanly urbanity as I and you, will stoop to correct the faults and failures of our weaker brethren in the field, the human race may well look for the dawning of an era.

It is useless to observe, that I did not take any of your very just insinuations to myself. Of course such an idea is simply preposterous. I understand clear † for whom you "went." It was "those other fellows," and I've no doubt they will duly thank you for your kindness.

In conclusion, allow me to subscribe myself, with every appreciation of respect and esteem.

Yours, etc.

SKYHY.

Special Notice from the Capital.

General John B. Gordon to the Front—He Flays a Radical Knave—An Eloquent Extract from his Letter to Scott.

[Special Telegram to the Savannah, News.]

WASHINGTON, May 23, 1872.

General John B. Gordon has written a letter to Senator Scott, of Pennsylvania, replying to the charge of the latter, made in the Senate the other day, in which he alleged that Gordon was among the organizers and earliest leaders of the Ku-Klux. Gordon pronounces the charge false, and quotes what he on testify before the Ku-Klux Committee. The letter concludes as follows:

The kindliest relations existed between the two races. Peace and the observance of the law were everywhere found, and never, sir, until your carpet-bag governments, through the fears and cupidity of the poor, deluded negro, had encountered him against us and, by his aid and years had robbed our treasuries, plundered our corporations, blighted our agriculture, blasted our hopes, and hung debt, like a mill-stone, about our necks—never until then, and until the administration of the law had become a mockery and political subserviency the passport to Executive clemency for crime, was the peace of the South ever broken or ill-will engendered between the races. And this diabolism you would continue in the South. Like tormentors in the Spanish bull fights, you continually fling the bloody flag in the face of the negro and goad the white man to desperation with the bayonet, that the inevitable conflict may furnish an excuse for the perpetuation of your despotism. I pray that the American people may rebuke this spirit in the coming elections and let the reign of constitutional government be once more inaugurated. But be that as it may, I shall not permit you, by my silence, to bolster up the fortunes of your political party by thus dragging my name into notoriety, without asking you to carry the responsibility of the wilful falsehood you have perpetrated in the effort.

Grantism Illustrated in Kansas.

That distinguished pillar of the Administration, Senator Caldwell of Kansas, has undergone a little in the courts of that State which is calculated to shake his faith in human nature.

From the evidence it appears that the virtuous Caldwell succeeded in securing the support of a no less virtuous newspaper while he was a candidate for Senatorial honors, by endorsing the notes of the editor to the amount of six thousand dollars. After Caldwell had been elected to the seat which he now adorns in the highest legislative body in the land, the editor, having furnished his contract, compounded with his conscience by turning upon his late candidate and taking sides with the majority of the Kansas Legislature, which has sent to the Senate resolutions charging the Senator with bribery and all manner of flagrant corruption.

In revenge for this ingratitude, Caldwell went to work and bought up the notes he had endorsed, and sued the editor for their payment. The result was that Senator Caldwell is permitted to keep the notes, and if he insists upon their being paid he will have to pay them himself. It is no wonder that the Senator voted for the suspension of the *habeas corpus* after such treatment. He hopes to take satisfaction out of the Ku-Klux.

New York Sun.

How a Hired Jersey Judicial Murderer Condemns a Woman—Sentence of Libbie Garrabrant.

[From the New York Sun.]

The Judge said: "The sentence of the Court is, that you, Elizabeth Garrabrant, be taken from this bar to the prison at Passaic county, and there kept in close confinement until Friday, the 19th day of July next, and between the hours of 10 in the morning and 3 in the afternoon of that day, you be taken to such place as may be provided by the sheriff, in accordance with the law, and then and there (*with loud emphasis*) be hanged by the neck until you are dead." [Here the Judge made a pause. Then with deep feeling]—"And may God have mercy on your soul!"

Andrew Johnson and Henry S. Foote are candidates for Congressman at-large for Tennessee. They are both veterans, skilled stumpers, and will wool each other well in the canvass. It will be a rich one indeed.

Voorhees has made another speech against Greeley, this time in his own district. It contains all that can be said against Greeley from the old Democratic standpoint; and he is for the old Bourbon issue. The speech will do Greeley good among Northern Republicans.

An inebriated Democrat was dining at the Ives House the other day. "Beef, pork, mutton, veal or chicken," said the polite waiter. "I don't care a d—n," was the reply; any thing to beat Grant."

Sedalia Times

The New York *Sun* says the "red, white and blue" of the coming Presidential canvass consists of Gratz Browns hair, Greeley's hat and the countenance of the office-holders next November.

A gentleman in Memphis has made a bet of $500—money up—that the Greeley ticket will carry the following States: Alabama, Georgia, Louisiana, Texas, Kentucky, Tennessee, Arkansas, Missouri, Indiana, Pennsylvania, New York, Delaware, Maryland, Nevada, and California, making more than a majority of the electoral votes. He also offers to bet that the Greeley ticket will take Nebraska, Oregon, Ohio, and West Virginia.

Since 1824, Baltimore has had thirteen National Nominating Conventions, Philadelphia four, Chicago three, and Harrisburg, Buffalo, New York, Charleston, Columbus, and Cincinnati, one each. The coming Democratic Convention will score fourteen for the Monumental City.

Somehow or other, each Congressman has this term managed to get along with forty knives, twenty-six gold pens, twenty-two hair-brushes, and sixty cakes of scented soap.

The Dayton *Journal*, the hottest Grant paper in Ohio, has a leading editorial headed "Dan Voorhees and His Persecutors." All the Grant papers are patting Dan on the back.

The legend of Captain Kidd has at last been verified. A New Jersey farmer has found a chest full of gold with the Captain's name on the lid.

Two Mobile lawyers had a little "skrimmage" during the city court on Friday. Three hours in jail cooled their ardor.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

FLAVORING EXTRACTS are of primary importance in cookery; and of all articles of this description the highly concentrated STANDARD EXTRACTS, prepared by Joseph Burnett & Co., Boston, are pronounced by leading cuisiniers—Professor Blot among the number—the purest and the best.

HUMAN WRECKS—Every day and hour we meet with broken down specimens of humanity—wrecks that seem past hope of salvage. At least seven-eighths of these might be filled with new vitality, by a course of DR. WALKER'S CALIFORNIA VINEGAR BITTERS. Many are suffering from the reaction of rum-polluted bitters or powerful minerals. It is characteristic of Dr. Walker's Great Restorative that it neutralizes the effect of these mis-called remedies, and accomplishes, in due time, a perfect cure.

NATURE GIVES US TEETH, but she does not preserve and purify them. That must be done with Fragrant Sozodont. The dental bone and its enamel casing are made invulnerable to all destructive influences by the daily use of this beneficent preparation.

$50,000 WILL BE PAID for any remedy which will cure Chronic Rheumatism. Pains in the Limbs, Back and Chest, Sore Throat, Insect Stings, Croup, Dysentery, Colic, Sprains and Vomiting, quicker than Dr Tobins' Venetian Liniment; established in 1847; never fails. Sold by all Druggists. Depot, 10 Park Place, New York.

PRATT'S ASTRAL OIL.—More accidents occur from using unsafe oils, than from steamboats and railroads combined. Over 200,000 families continue to burn Pratt's Astral Oil, and no accidents directly or indirectly have occurred from burning, storing or handling it. Oil House of Chas Pratt, Established 1770, New York.

A BEAUTIFUL, WHITE, soft, smooth and clear skin is produced by using G. W. Laird's "Bloom of Youth." It removes tan, pickles, sunburns, and all other discolorations from the skin, leaving the complexion brilliant and beautiful. Sold at all druggists. This preparation is entirely free from any material detrimental to health

JUST THE REMEDY NEEDED.—Thanks to Mrs Winslow's Soothing Syrup, we have for years been relieved from sleepless nights of pain of watching with poor, suffering, teething children.

FOR DYSPEPSIA, Indigestion, depression of spirits and general debility in their various forms; also, as a preventive against Fever and Ague, and other intermittent fevers. The Ferro-Phosphorated Elixir of Calisaya, made by Caswell, Hazard & Co., New York, and sold by all Druggists, is the best tonic, and for patients recovering from fever or other sickness, it is so equal.

RISLEY'S GENUINE GOLDEN BELL COLOGNE WATER according to the original formula of Pirvost, Paris, so long known to the customers of Haviland Barral and Risley, and their branches, for its fine permanent fragrance, is now made by W. H. Risley and the trade supplied by his successors, Morgan & Risley, Wholesale Druggists, New York.

THURSTON'S IVORY PEARL TOOTH POWDER.—The best article known for cleansing and preserving the teeth and gums. Sold by all Druggists.—Price 25 and 50 cents per bottle. F. C. Wells & Co., New York

CARBOLIC SALVE, unequalled as a healing compound. Physicians recommend it as the most wonderful remedy ever known. Price 25 cents per box. John F. Henry, Sole Proprietor, 8 College Place, N. York.

CRISTADORO'S HAIR DYE.—This magical preparation is perfect in every respect, the safest and most reliable dye in existence; never failing to impart to the hair uniformity of color, nourishment and elasticity. Manufactory, 68 Maiden Lane, N. Y.

SYAPNIA is Opium purified of its sickening and poisonous qualities. It is a perfect anodyne not producing headache or constipation of the bowels, as is the case with other preparations of opium. John Farr, Chemist, New York.

The cause of Temperance finds some of its most insidious and dangerous foes in the many so-called "tonics" and "appetizers," made of cheap whisky and refuse liquors, finished up to suit depraved appetites, under the name of medicines. DR. WALKER'S CALIFORNIA VINEGAR BITTERS are none of these. They are not a beverage, but a genuine medicine, purely vegetable, prepared from California herbs by a regular physician. For all diseases of the stomach, liver, kidneys, bladder, skin and blood, they are an infallible and unrivalled remedy.

CAMPAIGN TRIBUNE.

Reduced Rates for The Weekly Chicago Tribune for the Campaign

The country is now entering upon a Presidential Campaign which will, perhaps be the most exciting that has been known since 1860. It is now morally certain that the only candidates in the field for the Presidency will be HORACE GREELEY and ULYSSES S. GRANT. THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE will support Greeley and Brown for President and Vice-President, on the Cincinnati Platform; and the weekly campaign edition will be furnished from the 15th of May to the 15th of November, or for any shorter time, at the following extremely low rates:

one copy	$0.50
Ten copies	4.50
Twenty-five copies	10.00

Send in your orders.

Remittances may be made either by draft, express, Post Office order, or in registered letters, at our risk.

Address THE TRIBUNE COMPANY,
Chicago, Illinois.

THE GREAT CAUSE OF
HUMAN MISERY.
Just Published, in a Sealed Envelope.
PRICE SIX CENTS.

A Lecture on the Nature, Treatment and Radical Cure of Seminal weakness or Spermatorrhœa, induced by Self-Abuse, Involuntary emissions, Impotency, Nervous Debility and Impediments to Marriage generally; Consumption, Epilepsy, and Fits; Mental and Physical Incapacity, etc. By ROBERT J. CULVERWELL, M. D., author of the "Green Book" etc

The world renowned author in this admirable Lecture, clearly proves from his own experience that the awful consequences of Self-Abuse may be effectually removed without medicines, and without dangerous surgical operations, bougies, instruments, rings, or cordials, pointing out a mode of cure at once certain and effectual, by which every sufferer, no matter what his condition may be, may cure himself cheaply, privately, and radically. THIS LECTURE WILL PROVE A BOON TO THOUSANDS AND THOUSANDS.

Sent under seal, to any address, in a plain sealed envelope, on the receipt of six cents, or two postage stamps. Also, Dr. Culverwell's "Marriage Guide," price 25 cents. Address the Publishers,

CHAS. J. C. KLINE & CO.,
127 Bowery, New York, P. O. box, 4,589

M. A. TURNER,
FASHIONABLE TAILOR.

WOULD respectfully inform the citizens of Jacksonville and vicinity, that he has removed to No. 7 Office-row where he is ready at all times to make Boys & Gents clothing, according to latest styles and in a most durable manner. Thanking the public generally for their past liberal patronage, he hopes by skill and attention to merit a continuance of the same. Terms Cash.

P. S. Twenty-five per cent. will be added, when work is taken from the shop unsettled for.

Jan27 1872—tf.

W. F. AYER. J. C. McDONALD.
AYER & McDONALD,
DEALERS IN
HARDWARE & AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS,
No. 71 Broad Street, Rome, Georgia.

We desire to call special attention to our Stock of
WATER PIPE,
Of Composition, Lead or Iron,
RUBBER HOSE, HOSE NOZLES, COUPLINGS, PIPES, ETC.

We also invite our farmer friends to an examination of our Warehouse, where will be found

REAPERS & MOWERS, THRESHERS & HORSE POWERS, PLOWS & HARROWS, CRADLES, GRASS BLADES, HORSE RAKES WHEAT FANS, HAY FORKS, &C. &C., also the DOW LAW COTTON PLANTER.

Our stock of Hardware, Rubber, Belting, &c., kept full and complete. Prices guaranteed. June1 1872—tf.

Great Attractions.
THE OLD RELIABLE HOUSES OF
TITSWORTH, SCOTT & CO.,
No. 6 Court Square, MONTGOMERY, ALA.,
And No. 39 Market Street, SELMA, ALA.,
Have one of the finest Stocks of
CLOTHING & GENT'S FURNISHING GOODS,
Ever brought to this market. Also, full line
Hats, Caps, Trunks and Valises,
Which they are selling as Cheap as any house in the City. We also take
Alabama State Money, at 90 Cents on a Dollar, for all Goods.
GENERAL AGENTS of the Celebrated WHEELER & WILSON NOISELESS FAMILY SEWING MACHINE, for Central Alabama.
TITSWORTH, SCOTT & CO.

ATTENTION!!

AS we move along in life, it is absolutely necessary that we should eat, and to that end it is better that we should have at least
Thirty Days Rations
on hand. To procure these cheap you should
Come Well Armed
with the Cash. At PARR'S you will find polite clerks always
Ready
to wait on you and extend to you the greatest courtesy. It is his
Aim
to sell Goods at such prices as will please; and neither
Fire,
floods nor pestilence shall deter him from doing his whole duty by his customers.

Just received, a large lot of everything in the Grocery line, call and examine.

L. J. PARR,
Jacksonville, Ala.

Apr20 1872—wtd.

THE FAMOUS STUDABAKER WAGON.

THE STUDABAKER WAGON IS MADE OF THE BEST SEASONED TIMBERS, THE lightest and most durable wagon in market; their thimble skeins never break; the slope shoulder spoke is used; they are warranted to give satisfaction in every case

W. B. GILL,
CARRIAGE WAREHOUSE,
(Of Eighteen Years Established Reputation and Standing.)
CORNER OF WASHINETON & SELMA ST. NEXT TO CONCIL HOUSE
Has always on hand a large Stock of
Carriages Rockarways Phaetons Barouches Buggies Coaches
BRETTS, BARAZZS, &c.

Has also on hand a large assortment of Children's Perambulators, Cabs, Buggies, wagons, Bobby Horses, &c. Repairing of all kinds of vehicles done at shortest notice. Plantation Wagons and Carts made to order. jan 6 1y.

Womans' Rights.—One who has long studied this absorbing subject now presents to the women of our county the result of his investigations. He is happy to say that he has at last discovered "Woman's Best Friend." It is adapted, especially, to those cases where the womb is disordered, and will cure any irregularity of the "menses." Dr J. Bradfield's Female Regulator acts like a charm in "whites," or in a sudden check of the "monthly courses" from cold trouble of mind, or like causes, by restoring the discharge in every instance. So also in chronic cases its action is prompt and decisive, and saves the constitution from countless evils and premature decay. This valuable preparation is for sale at $1.50 per bottle by all respectable Druggist in the land. Prepared and sold by L. H. Bradfield, Druggist, Atlanta, Ga. A thousand women testify to its merits.

October 7 3m.

Springfield (Mass.) Republican.

A LARGE, FIRST-CLASS, QUARTO JOURNAL OF NEWS, POLITICS, LITERATURE AND SOCIAL LIFE.

The completest and promptest Local and General Newspaper in New England.

Independent and out spoken on all public questions.

Abounding in Critical and Literary Miscellanies and Family Reading.

DAILY for $8 a year; WEEKLY for $2—cash in advance. Specimen copies sent on application.

SAMUEL BOWELS & COMPANY,
Springfield Mass.

SPRING GOODS!
First Arrival
OF THE
SEASON!!
Consisting of a large Stock of
Ladies Dress Goods,
Brown and Bleached Domestics,
Gents' and Boy's Piece Goods,
Oil Cloths, "Oak Printed & Plain,"
Switches and Notions of
Every Description.
Gents and Boys Ready Made Clothing,
Hats and Caps, Very latest Styles.
Ladies, Mens, Boys, Misses & Children's
Boots & Shoes,
Trunks, Traveling Bags and Carpet sacks,
Hardware, Woodenware,
Window Curtains and Shades, Groceries.

We can offer you the VERY LATEST STYLES, and good Goods. Do not fail to give us a call and examine for yourselves You can get bargains for the cash.

CARROLL & McCAIN.
March 30—1872.

Wanted!
Beef Hides, Dry or Green, and also Tallow—for which we will pay the highest market price, in Dry Goods, Groceries, Bacon, Lard or any thing in our line.
CARROLL & McCAIN

NEW-YORK TRIBUNE
DURING THE CAMPAIGN

THE TRIBUNE is not and will nevermore be a party organ; but it is ardently enlisted in the contest now waging for Civil Service Reform and for One Presidential Term as essential to that Reform. It accepts the Cincinnati Platform as a terse and a forcible exposition of the political right and wrong, the needs and hopes of To-Day, and looks hopefully to Universal Amnesty as essential to the restoration of a genuine fraternity between North and South, and of mutual confidence & good will between White and Black. It believes the People are preparing to break the rusty shackles of mere bygone partisanship, and it hopes for a result next November which will cheer and strengthen the champions of Peace and Good Will. It will issue no campaign edition, but proffers to all who believe its further diffusion may serve the Good Cause its regular editions at the lowest possible prices.

The virtual surrender by the Democratic party of its hostility to Equal Rights regardless of Color has divested our current politics of half their bygone intensity. However parties may henceforth rise or fall, it is clear that the fundamental principles which have hitherto honorably distinguished the Republicans are henceforth to be regarded as practically accepted by the whole country. The right of every man to his own limbs and sinews—the equality of all citizens before the law—the inability of a State to enslave any portion of its people—the duty of the Union to guarantee to every citizen the full enjoyment of his liberty until he forfeits it by crime—such are the broad and firm foundations of our National edifice; and palsied be the hand which shall seek to displace them! Through not yet twenty years old, the Republican party has completed the noble fabric of Emancipation, and may fairly invoke thereon the sternest judgment of Man and the benignant smile of God.

Henceforth, the mission of our Republic is one of Peaceful Progress. To protect the weak and the humble from violence and oppression—to extend the boundaries and diffuse the blessings of Civilization—to stimulate Ingenuity to the production of new inventions for economizing Labor and thus enlarging Production—to draw nearer to each other the producers of Food and of Fabrics of Grains and of Metals, and thus enhance the gains of Industry by reducing the cost of transportation and exchanges between farmers and artisans—such is the inspiring task to which this Nation now addresses itself, and by which it would fain contribute to the progress, enlightenment, and happiness of our race. To this great and good work THE TRIBUNE contributes its zealous, persistent efforts.

Agriculture will continue to be more especially elucidated in its Weekly and Semi-Weekly editions, to which some of the ablest and most successful tillers of the soil will sterilly contribute. No farmer who sells $200 worth of produce per annum can afford to do without our Market Reports, or others equally lucid and comprehensive. If he should read nothing else but what relates to his own calling and its rewards, we believe that no farmer who can read at all can afford to do without such a journal as THE TRIBUNE. And we aspire to make it equally valuable to those engaged in other departments of Productive Labor. We spend more and more money on our columns each year, as our countrymen's generous patronage enables us to do; and we are resolved that our issues of former years shall be exceeded in varied excellence and interest by those of 1872. Friends in every State! help us to make our journal better and better, by sending in your subscriptions and increasing your Clubs for the year just before us!

DAILY TRIBUNE, Mail Subscribers, $10 per annum.

SEMI-WEEKLY TRIBUNE, Mail Subscribers, $4 per annum. Five copies or over, $3 each; an extra copy will be sent for every club of ten sent for at one time.

During the Presidential Campaign we will receive Six-month Subscriptions at the same rates.

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In making remittances, always procure a draft on New-York, or a *Post-Office Money Order*, if possible. Where neither of these can be procured, send the money, *but always in a REGISTERED letter*. The registration fee has been reduced to *fifteen cents*, and the present registration system has been found by the postal authorities to be nearly an absolute protection against losses by mail. *All* Postmasters are obliged to register letters when requested to do so. Terms, cash in advance.

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Dr. GOTTLIEB FISCH'S BITTERS.

This preparation of the great Scientist, Dr. Gottlieb Fisch, of Germany, is based on the fact that, as all materials of the body are derived from Food, so all Vital Force, or Health, is derived from the Force stored up in Food. *Dr. Fisch's Bitters* enables the System to liberate and appropriate these Forces creates Appetite, cures Dyspepsia, with its resulting Debility and lack of Nervous Energy; so tones the Stomach and Liver as to make Constipation and Biliousness impossible; reinforces the System so it can ride over bad results of changing climate, water &c., and better endure the demands often unexpectedly made on its Forces and Energy. Ladies in delicate health, aged persons and all emaciated and weak, after sickness, will rapidly strengthen by using this great preparation.

JACKSONVILLE REPUBLICAN

JACKSONVILLE, ALABAMA.

SATURDAY, JUNE 1st, 1872.

Pursuant to a call of the Democratic Executive Committee of the State, the Democratic State Convention will be held in the City of Montgomery the NINETEENTH of JUNE.

Call for a County Convention of the Democratic and Conservative Party of Calhoun.

The Central Committee of the Democratic and Conservative Party of Calhoun county hereby respectfully request the members of said party to meet, at an early day, in their respective Beats, and select delegates to represent them in a County Convention to be held at the Court House, on Saturday the 8th day of June next.

The object of the Convention is to select delegates to the State Convention, at Montgomery, on the 19th July, and to consider such other matters as may be thought advisable when assembled.

J. H. CALDWELL, }
JAMES CROOK, } Central Com.
G. I. TURNLEY, }

Democratic fellow citizens of Beat No. 1, of Calhoun County, Alabama: At a meeting of the Executive Committee of said Beat, it is Requested that you attend in primary meeting at the court house in Jacksonville on the 1st day of June at 2 o'clock, P. M., for the purpose of so organizing as to follow your wishes in the County Convention to be held June 8th.

H. L. STEVENSON,
Secretary.

☞The friends of Hon. Thos. A. Walker, announce his name as a candidate for the Senate from the counties of Cherokee and Calhoun; subject to the action of a nominating convention, should one be held.

Ex. Gov. John Gill Shorter died in Eufaula, at ten minutes before two o'clock Wednesday morning last.

Horace Greeley married a Southern lady. Her name was Cheney and her home was North Carolina.

Charles Sumner designates Greeley and Grant as the Lib'ral and little G, respectively.

The initials of Horace Greeley and Gratz Brown, make a square and Head elegantly together, for instance

H. G.
G. B.

Reading from left to right you have Horace Greeley, Gratz Brown. Now read down and you have the same result, Horace Greeley, Gratz Brown. This is a certain augury of the success of the ticket.

Chas. Francis Adams has been nominated for President by the National Christian Association, a moral and secret society platform. Gen'l Grant failed to endure the convention of fanatical oddnesses. Cheeley has not, as yet, signified his acceptance.

The Montgomery *Advertiser* not long since suggested a secret convention of new paper men at Montgomery, to take into consideration any thing that might be brought up for the good of the craft. The press throughout the State endorse the suggestion and the day generally agreed upon is the 19th of this month, the day preceding the State Democratic Convention. As many new paper men will attend the last named convention at that time anyway, we think the time well chosen. We shall be there, purse and Providence permitting.

The Liberal Republican Club, of Huntsville, have appointed delegates to the Montgomery Democratic Convention June 19th. Nick Davis, Chairman of the club, is among the number.

We make no apology for publishing the following from the Selmaino *Herald*. We always copy such things on principle. Our vanity suggest it and our modesty does not forbid. We think Mr. Snodgrass' head is very level:

The Jacksonville Republican.

We have read several articles recently in that respectable old journal, the Jacksonville REPUBLICAN, which meet our hearty indorsement, and show that it is becoming wide awake, and has a just comprehension of the political situation.

First Knock Down for Greeley.

In the House on the 27th, Poland moved to suspend the rules for the purpose of taking up and passing the Senate bill extending the Ku Klux bill until the end of the next regular session of Congress. His motion was rejected by a vote of 108 nays to 74 ayes. Twenty-three Republicans voted with the Democrats against the bill. This action of the House is the practical death of an such infamous legislation this session, and Gen. Grant will have to fight it out fairly with Greeley in the South. Had the measure prevailed the people of Alabama would have felt the malign hand heavily before November, and they may thank the Greeley Democratic Combination for escape. Maynard, also, moved to suspend the rules and pass the Senate supplementary Civil rights bill, over which poor Sumner has exercised himself this session but that shared the fate of the Ku-Klux bill, motion to suspend having failed to receive the necessary two-third vote.

The Rome *Commercial* says that the Baltimore Convention was called for a specific purpose, and dare not nominate any but a Democrat. Will the *Commercial* please tell us who made the callers of the Baltimore Convention superior to the Convention itself? *What* authority is above that of the people assembled in Convention in the persons of their chosen delegates? The Baltimore Convention can depose the callers of the Convention and most likely will, as far as the chairman is concerned.

AMNESTY.

Immediately following Amnesty comes a call from the people of the South for their old and trusted leaders again, and many brilliant young men of the country just entering upon political life, who were within one step of position and honorable political promotion, find themselves, for the time in the back ground, all their calculations come to naught, all their castles in the air whiffed out of sight at the bare breath of Congress; find themselves again in the traces, while old familiar faces, with the wrinkles of just ten years added, again occupy the driver's box. And, the cheery old fellows, bearing few of the traces of that severe heart-sickness that is supposed to come of hope deferred, have picked up the reins with the confident and sprightly air of the elder Weller, have given us an old time blast from the old bugle horn, and now are driving right along with great spirit and dash, but with just a little, barely a shade, less speed than before the late catastrophe, wherein, after a protracted dispute, our friends over the line took possession of the team and retired them for awhile.

Writing as a young man, we do not know whom to most congratulate upon the change, the elderly gentlemen who find themselves again "invested with that franchise which they were divested," or the young men whose prospects of immediate promotion are somewhat impaired by it; but we incline to the opinion that of the two the latter have at last most reason to be satisfied with it.

The old gentlemen comparatively old, of course) have arrived just in time to take charge at a most critical juncture, when the road is very bad and the weather very foggy. The country is now passing through a great political revolution, parties are just now in hot ch pitch and after the common danger that now compels us to travel along with all these strange passengers is over, there will be a general free for all, and newest politicians will have all to gain or all to lose by the issue, which none can foresee and which they can hardly shape, for the people, too return to the figure, have the bits in their teeth and are beyond restraint or control. Men who can spare the time to wait, cannot afford to stake all on this one short drive. But this is not the only and the greatest danger they have escaped.

In the late abnormal condition of affairs, when offices, before attainable by our fathers only after long and faithful service to the State, hung within the reach of mere lads, comparatively, the danger to our young men lay in the too early abandonment of their professions and various honorable avocations for the dubious field of politics, in which so many men that would otherwise make useful members of society, are spoiled, and in which so few rise to real distinction and usefulness.

As it is, those who have political aspirations have yet all the advantages enjoyed by other citizens of the Republic up to the time of our late war, with the additional advantage of entering upon political life at a less stormy time. After awhile they may enter the arena more fully developed in knowledge, both of politics and human nature, more firmly rooted and grounded in right political principles, and consequently more likely to pursue what is best, in the [illegible] and will be very rarely retreats great error, a *consistent* political course. It yet remains to them, without one sigh for what "might have been," to go heartily and manfully to work, and in the old fashioned way, win for themselves names and places, that, when acquired, shall bring to them *real* honor; that shall redound to the welfare of the State; that shall make the pages of the history of our country upon which they figure as attractive, as marked as any in the volume.

Our distinguished fellow citizen, Gen. Wm. H. Forney, has been importuned and strongly urged, from various portions of State, to become a candidate for Governor, in the approaching campaign; but he firmly declines to enter the field of politics yet awhile. We know of no gentleman in the State who would fill more creditably the honorable position; no one whose administration would show more justice upon the State abroad; no one who would give more unqualified satisfaction at home. We regret, therefore, that the requirements of his profession should so operate as to deprive the State of the service of so gallant and accomplished a soldier, as leader of our forces, in the coming campaign.

That old Indian dead-beat and hammer, Red Cloud, has again gone to Washington with his staff of chiefs and squaws. The immediate reason for this visit to Washington at that time of Red Cloud's most have been killing a few white men on the plains, and Red Cloud wants to explain and get some more calico, powder and fire-water, heap. The names of the distinguished Indians that accompany the old hammer are as follows: Red Dog, Little Wound, Bad Horse, High Wolf, Fast Bull, Little Wolf, Red Leaf, Afraid-of-the-eagle, Good Buffalo, Red Top, Two Elk, Big Foot, Lone Wolf, Poor Elk, High Bear, Cay, Stabber, Leaf, Carry-the-crow-on-his-head, Hard Heart, Coyotte, Hawk Eagle, and Thunder Hawk. The two squaws are called Ear of Corn and and Dirty Face.

J. J. B. W. ROGERS, of Cherokee county, Ala., and formerly of this county, was drowned in the Coosa near Dean Rice's his son-in-law, on Saturday evening last. It appears he had pulled off his clothes, except his shoes, and we understand some parties saw him sink near the opposite bank from where he went in at. On last accounts his friends were searching for his body.

Rome Courier.

We are compelled to defer the publication of Post Oak Locals until next issue.

The Merry Nine Base Ball Club of this place played with the Oxford Nine last week, a match game and were victorious, as the score printed below will show. The Merry Nine are taking them as they come. Talladega we believe is the next town to Oxford.

"OXFORDS"	Runs.	Outs	H. B.	1. on B.
Reid, P.	7	2		
Breeding, C.	7	1	1	1
Herring, 1st B.	4	4		1
Watkins, 2nd B.	3	6		
Jackson, 3d B.	5	2		1
Douglashell, S. S.	5	1		1
Harkins, R. F.	2	6		1
Orr, C. F.	4	1		3
Snow, L. F.	3	4		1
Totals.	40	27	1	9

"MERRY NINE"	Runs	Outs	H. R.	1. on B.
Rambo 1st B.	9	2	1	1
Caldwell, S. S.	8	4		
Reid, C.	9	2		
Murphy, L. F.	8	3		1
Clark, 3d B	9	2		
Francis, R. F.	10	1	1	
Swann, C. F.	6	4		
Rosenberg, 2nd B.	7	1		
*Laird, P.	2	8		
Totals.	65	27	2	-

Captains—J. W. Reid of the "Oxfords," and G. G. Rambo of the "Merry Nine."
Umpire—Mr. W. H. Golsoe present.
Scorers—J. R. Draper of the "Oxfords," and J. R. Goode of the "Merry Nine."
*Laird was sick.

E. L. Woodward's Son will give you Goods or Money for Beeswax, Dry Hides, Wool and Clean Cotton Rags.

POLITICAL STATE NOTES.—The Montgomery *Advertiser* by authority announces that Gov. Lindsay will not be a candidate for renomination. This has evoked various comment from the newspapers of the State, in the main complimentary to the Governor. The Montgomery correspondent of the Hayneville *Examiner* thinks the ticket run up by the Selma *Times* and which we print below, good enough, but would prefer to have Herndon at the head of the ticket. The Oxford *Chronicle* has a complimentary article of Col. Hodgson and thinks the sentiment throughout the State is a unit on his nomination. The Democracy of Lowndes met in convention the 20th inst., appointed delegates to the County Convention here with the instruction to present the name of Wm. J. Bailey as candidate for Superintendent of Public Instruction, and to urge that the Calhoun delegation to the State Convention be instructed to put his name in nomination and insist upon his nomination. The editor of the Rome *Courier* would like to be a citizen of Alabama awhile that he might vote for Hon. Thos. A. Walker. The Henry county *Register* and other papers mention Mr. Oates for Governor. The present Lieut. Governor, Mr. Morris, has been mentioned by the press for Governor. Mr Faulkner of Montgomery has been mentioned to Attorn ey on the same ticket with Mr. Morris.

The Jefferson County Convention thinks it impolitic for the Baltimore Convention to make a nomination, and that the interests of the country demand that the Democratic party should support Greeley and Brown. The Convention also pledges itself to support the nominees of the State Convention whoever they may be, and says that it would most cheerfully support the following named gentlemen for the office of Governor, if either is nominated, to wit:—Newton L. Whitfield, of Tuscaloosa, Edmund W. Pettus, of Dallas, and Wm H. Forney, of Calhoun. The Convention opposed making State aid to Railroads an issue in the approaching canvass. The appointment of Capt. Allen to Martin's seat as delegate from Alabama to the National Convention at Baltimore, would be pleasing to the people of Jefferson. The *Ingelligencer* may add that the appointment would be a most [illegible] to the friends of Capt. Martin in Calhoun as in Jefferson. Perry County Convention expresses a willingness to pay a just indebtedness of the State, but not a dollar presented otherwise than through honest and legitimate means. The Convention sends a hundred delegates to Montgomery. The Selma *Times* authoritatively announces that Gen. Pettus will not be a candidate for Governor. Below we give extracts from three of our State exchanges.

The Selma *Times* has run up to its mast head the following State ticket:

For Governor, Thos. A. Walker, of Cherokee; for Lieut Governor, Thomas H. Herndon, of Mobile. For Secretary of State, J. J. Parker, of Monroe; for Attorney General, John W. A. Sanford, of Montgomery. For Auditor, M. M. Cooke, of the Montgomery *Advertiser*; for State Treasurer, J. F. Grant, of Colbert; For Superintendent of Public Instruction, Joseph Hodgson, of Macon; for Congress at large, Wm. C. Oates, of Henry.

The *Times* in speaking of its nominations says:

"We place at our mast-head this morning, the names of honored citizens of Alabama for the different State offices, to which we have the honor of nomination of the convention, to meet in Montgomery on the 19th day of June. It is due to the parties whose names we have thus put out, to state that we take this step without the knowledge or consent of either of them, and without consultation with their personal or political friends. We believe that the finest will heal any division that has existed in the party; and it will create such an enthusiasm from the Tennessee to the Gulf as to assure us of victory in November. We offer the ticket as one that will harmonize and in the spirit of liberation, or with the idea of insisting factiously upon the nomination of either of the gentlemen. We regard it as a judiciously selected ticket. Others may differ with us. It is their right, and we do not question it."

State Treasurer

We have received, post-paid, a newspaper with a flattering notice "marked," recommending Mr. R. A. Mosely, Jr., of Talladega, for State Treasurer. With kindest regard for Mr Moseley, our voice and vote are for father Grant for Treasurer of Alabama as long as he wants the office.—*Stevenson New Era.*

While we do not mean to indicate any other sentiment than one of great personal kindness and respect for Mr Moseley, whose interest it won't ordinarily afford us great pleasure to promote, our friend Osborne of the Stevenson *New Era* utters our sentiments exactly. We venture in this case to depart from our rule of never presuming to suggest particular candidates to the Convention, because of the irreproachable character of the venerable Treasurer Grant, and because we consider him in age and services the Nestor of the Alabama press. We hope that this pure and excellent man will have no opposition.

Montgomery Advertiser.

The *Negro Gazette* is the title of a Grant campaign organ lately started at New Orleans, the character of which may be judged from the following *verbatim* extract:

The *Negro Gazette* is going to be edited and printed by Dr. Cromwell, if he lives and God spares his life this year of 1872; and I tell you one and all, don't kick against the *Negro Gazette* because it is printed on a small sheet and only once a week for the present, because when the political issue begins to get hot, the sheets of the *Negro Gazette* will spread itself twice as large as now, and be printed every day in the week, and I will make things so eternal hot for some of these office seekers that they will wish to God that old Dr. Cromwell was in the interior of Africa with Dr. Livingston, the great explorer, *take that for high and smoke that in your pipe.*

AN UNFORTUNATE OCCURRENCE.—We learn that Col. R. H. Abercrombie, a prominent lawyer and popular citizen of Tuskegee, shot and killed Mr. Bolling Reid, last Saturday.

Base-ball. No. 2. Sheboygan, Wisconsin, aged sixteen. Hot liner to third base, beautifully stopped by the baseman's right temple. Died in thirty-six hours.

Chattanooga, Tennessee, has raised the $125,000 necessary to secure the location of the Southern Baptist Seminary in that city.

TELEGRAPHIC RESUME

MAY 28.—All proceedings for violations of the 14th Amendment except against persons excluded from amnesty to be discontinued by order from the Department of justice.

Red Cloud and chief at White House. He was dissatisfied with the President's Speech.

House appropriation for awards of the Southern Claims Commission will fail in the Senate for want of time.

Senate adopted House resolution to adjourn sine die June.

Forty thousand men engaged in the New York strikes.

Terrible tornado has swept a portion of Missouri, leveling houses and killing and wounding many.

One hundred and fifty members of the press can be accommodated on the floor of the National Republican Convention.

National Baptist Educational Convention assembled in Philadelphia today. Hon. Francis Wayland, of Connecticut, chosen President.

The Orangemen will parade in all parts of the Union on the 12th of July. More riots.

Paper Mache Works in Springfield Massachusetts, burned. Loss $70,000

Largest block of buildings in Biddeford, Maine, burned.

The mother of the Emperor Francis Joseph, of Austria, died this morning of typhoid fever.

In the House the Senate bill extending the suspension of the writ of habeas corpus until after the Presidential election was defeated by 94 to 108.

MAY 29.—Gen. Butler reported from the Ku-klux Committee the bill to amend the enforcement act. Democrats resorted to parliamentary tactics and by the help of some Republicans succeeded in defeating it for the time by adjournment.

Thaddeus S. Bennett of Richmond, Va., in an affray killed Wm. R. Hawly, this afternoon. Cause, alledged intimacy between Bennett and Hawly's wife.

The Republican the oldest radical paper in South Carolina, is out for Greeley and Brown.

MAY 30.—James Gordon Bennett is lying at the point of death.

The Pinchback Republican convention of Louisiana, has nominated Warmouth for Governor and Pinchback for Lieutenant Governor. Pinchback is for Grant.

In the House Butler renewed his amendment to the force bill. The Speaker ruled the privileges of report at any time by outrage committee lapsed, when any member moved a suspension of the rules. This almost certainly excludes all violent partizan legislation this session.

NEW YORK.—Cotton firm, Orleans 25¾. Gold strong at $1:14. Wheat quiet and nominally unchanged.

A "H. Greeley Grand March" has appeared.

Pope Pius was eighty years old last Monday.

J. L. Pennington, advertises two commodious residences in Opelika for rent or sale.

In Whitley County, Ky., [illegible] There is a [illegible] Reporter. It [illegible] of space before the [illegible] Courier. All the operator has to do is to bear up against a tree and sweat until the horn blows.

Hon. Horatio Seymour has declared in favor of Greeley. Mr. Seymour used to be considered a very good Democrat. He was a candidate himself for President in 1868 on what is called a straight ticket.

A young gentleman recently created quite a sensation, while reading at a circle of young ladies a poetic effusion "To a Beautiful Belle," by pronouncing the last word in two syllables.

A man in Washington only belongs to four hundred and ninety-nine secret societies. He is unhappy because refused admittance to the "Seven Serious Jackasses," the number being complete without him.

Alexander Harris, a preacher, and one of the most honest and respectable colored citizens in York county, N. C., opened the Liberal Republican campaign in South Carolina; at Rock Hill, a few days since.

A Texan tells this story of lost opportunities: "Now, you see," said he "land was cheap enough at one time in Texas I have seen the day when I could have bought a square league of land, covered with fine grass and timber, for a pair of boots." "And why didn't you buy it?" asked his companion. "Didn't have the boots," said the Texan.

Colonel Adair, of Atlanta, remarked to the Georgia Press Association, recently convened in that city, that he owed about all he possessed to advertising. "Nothing," said he, "costs so little and pays so well as a liberal use of printer's ink."

The Summer Term of the State Supreme Court will commence at Montgomery on Monday, 3rd of June; and the 7th and 8th Divisions, comprising the Northern counties, as follows:

The Seventh Division, composed of the counties of Calhoun, Cherokee, Clay, Cleburne, Coosa, De Kalb, Etowah, Jefferson, Shelby and Talledega, shall commence on Monday, the 15th day of July, 1872, and continue one week.

The Eighth Division, composed of the counties of Blount, Colbert, Franklin, Jackson, Lauderdale, Lawrence, Limestone, Madison, Marshall, Morgan, St. Clair, and Winston, shall commence on Monday, the 22d day of July, 1872, and continue one week.

IN CHANCERY

At Jacksonville, Alabama

G. C. ELLIS, Complainant,
vs
Wm. T. YEATMAN Defendant.

B. F. ATKINSON,
J. L. HENDRICKS, Garnishees.

AT the January Term, 1872, of this Chancery court, for the 1st District of the Eastern Chancery Division of Alabama. The said B. F. Atkinson one of said garnishees filed his written answer in this cause, disclosing the fact that he the said garnishee stands indebted to the firm of Yeatman & Bro., and that said firm is composed of Wm. F. Yeatman and Sam'l Yeatman, the latter being a non-resident of Alabama. It is therefore ordered by the court that the said Sam'l Yeatman be brought into court by publication in the Jacksonville Republican, and that he be required to disclose at the May Term 1872, of said court, what interest he has, if any, in said indebtedness.

Witness hand of the Register of said court at office, this the 30th day of May, 1872.

Wm. M. HAMES,
Register.

June 1st—4t.

NOTICE.—The stockholders of Calhoun College are hereby notified to meet at the Court House in Jacksonville on Tuesday, the 11th day of June next, at 3 o'clock P. M., for the purpose of electing a new board of Trustees for said institution.

By order of the present board.

Wm. M. HAMES,
Secretary.

June 1st—2t.

An Ordinance.

At a meeting of the Town Council held 14th May, 1872, the following ordinance was introduced and passed:

"Be it ordained by the Intendent and Councilors of Jacksonville, Alabama, That any person who shall in any manner injure or abuse the growing crop of resident of said Town shall be fined not less than ten, nor more than twenty-five dollars.

JNO. M. CALDWELL,
Secretary C. C.

An Ordinance.

At a meeting of the Council held 28th of May, 1872, Ordinance No. 1 in the Code of Ordinances of the Town of Jacksonville was changed to read as follows:

Be it ordained by the Town Council of Jacksonville, Alabama, That if any person or persons shall be guilty of an affray, or an assault and battery where weapons are used or not, the person or persons so offending, shall be fined not less than one nor more than five dollars. For an affray or an assault and battery with sticks, stones, rocks, brick-bats or any other missile thrown by hand, shall be fined not less than eight nor more than fifteen dollars. For an affray or an assault and battery with a knife, pistol, gun, or weapons greatly endangering life, each offender shall be fined not less than twenty five nor more than fifty dollars.

JNO. M. CALDWELL,
Secretary C. C.

Sheriff's Sale.

To and from me *ifsit* in my hands against A. J. McGuire, and in favor of Sevia Cowden, D. Henry Wood & Co. and R. L. Woodward & Son, I have levied on certain personal property as the property of said A. J. McGuire, and will expose for sale at the court house door in Jacksonville, Calhoun county, Alabama, on the first Monday in July next, the following described land, to-wit: East half of south-east fourth of section forty-five, also the west half of south-west fourth of section thirty-six, township four ten range eight.

C. P. REID,
Sheriff.

June 1st, 1872.—5t. $6.

A. S. PATRICK,

No 53 Broad Street, ROME, GA.

Bookseller, Stationer

AND

GENERAL NEWS DEALER

ANY order sent to my house will receive prompt attention.

Give me a trial.

June 1st, 1872—1y.

BEWARE OF STOVE PEDDLERS

It has been seldom necessary to caution our friends against imposition. But now they are apparently being imposed upon, we have to say that the stove sold by Peddlers, are

OLD FASHIONED ELEVATED OVEN,

AND UNSIGHTLY IN APPEARANCE AT $48—*Can be Furnished by us in any Quantity, at* $25, including 2 Pots, 2 Kettles, 2 Griddles, 1 Heater, 1 Gridiron, 1 Tea Kettle, 1 Waffle Iron, 1 Muffin, 1 Oval Boiler, 1 Sauce Pan, 1 Steamer, 1 Coffee Boiler, 3 sheet Iron Pans, 3 Joint Stove Pipe—

IN ALL TWENTY-ONE PIECES.

If they prefer the stove above described and, as we are informed, is being sold, we will agree to furnish any number at the price named. At the same time advise our friends to avail themselves of the Latest improvements and manufactured of the toughest native iron, upon which we give a full guaranty upon every stove sold by us.

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J. & S BONES & CO.,
Rome, Ga.

may18'72—tf.

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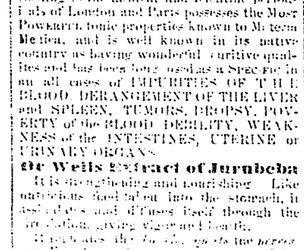

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Send for the new Descriptive Pamphlet with new maps, published in English, German, Swedish and Danish, mailed free everywhere. Address O. F. DAVIS,
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GREAT MEDICAL BOOK Just Published and Acknowledged to be the best. Sent free for 25 cents. Address Dr. BONAPARTE, Cincinnati, Ohio.

UNIVERSALIST HERALD
Published at
Notasulga, Alabama
Jno. C. Burruss
Editor and Proprietor
TERMS: $2 per year, *in advance*

THIS paper has entered upon its 4th volume. It is the organ of the Universalist denomination in the South and Southwest. Try it a year. Money can be sent by mail at the risk of the editor.

April 20th, 1872.

PURIFY YOUR BLOOD
AT ONCE.

Wherever the Poke Root grows, its reputation for curing Rheumatism, and Blood Purifier. In the spring the early shoots are used by many people for "greens," because of their healthy-giving qualities. With all the distinction and the praise of distinguished physicians (Drs. C. G. Lee, King, Wilson & Hartshorne, Copland and others,) who have tested its powers, it has been neglected by the people at large, as much, though a want of appreciation of its merits, as a knowledge of its

Scrofula in any form. For Rheumatism, Pains in Bones, Broken-down Constitutions, Mercurial Diseases, Mercurial Poisons, more effectual relief is obtained from this remedy than from all others. It thoroughly purifies as it cures. It is indispensable in the treatment of long standing disorders of the Liver, and prevents a certain, safe and effectual treatment, manifesting its influence throughout the entire glandular system. Chronic diseases of the Kidneys, Diseases of the Skin, Eruptions, Pustules, Blotches, Pimples, Boils, Tetter, Ring-worm, Salt-Rheum, Scald Head, Ulcers and Sores, are all conquered by the use of it. Any disease depending on a depraved condition of the blood can be relieved by it. Try one bottle. Sold by all Druggists. Prepared only by

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April 20th, 1872.—tf.

We are authorized to state the Rev Mr. Milburn, the celebrated "Blind Man Eloquent," will deliver his famous lecture "What a Blind Man Saw in England," at the M. E. Church, in this place, Thursday next, June 6th, half the proceeds of the lecture to go for the benefit of the Methodist Church here. Mr. Milburn is perhaps the most celebrated lecturer in the world, and those who hear him while here, will enjoy a richer treat than may ever be within their reach again. The London *Times* the greatest newspaper in the world, characterizes him as "indeed a brilliant and most powerful orator." The Louisville *Courier-Journal* says 'as a lecturer Mr. Milburn is far in advance of any one we have ever heard before." The Memphis *Avalanche* says that "a friend who has heard Webster, Clay, Calhoun and Prentiss in their happiest and most celebrated efforts, says he never heard anything from those celebrated orators superior to his subtle rationale of the English character of 'Reserve.'" Hon. John Forsyth of the Mobile *Register* pays him a splendid compliment. Among other things, alluding to the subject he will lecture on here, he says: "Mr. Milburn's treatment of his subject was by turns eloquent, picturesque, and replete with racy, genial and delicious humor."

We hope that many will come from the country and surrounding towns to hear him, and that he will have a *crowded* house.

Can any one tell the day fixed upon for the next re-union of the 10th Alabama regiment? Was the place chosen? Is it not time the subject was agitated? Capt. Cobb, of Shelby, we believe is the orator and Mr. Henderson, of Talladega, the poet for the occasion.

Attention is directed to the advertisement of Mr. A. S. Patrick, book-seller, stationer and general news dealer, Rome, Georgia. Mr. Patrick's stock embraces all the latest publications both of books and periodicals, the best chromos, all kinds of stationery and a thousand and one other things that strike the fancy. He will promptly fill all orders sent to him. Remember his name when you want a new book or anything else in his line.

While in Rome we took a peep in to the millinery establishment of Mrs. S. C. Hammond. Her stock is very full and beautiful, and those of our ladies who order from Rome could not do better than send their orders to her.

We publish this week an advertisement of special interest to our readers about town. We allude to the advertisement of Messrs. Ayer & McDonald, Rome, Georgia. It will be seen they keep on hand every thing in the iron, composition or lead pipe line that will be required by our people to get the water into their houses after the completion of our works, as well as rubber hose, hose nozles, &c., that will be used in street and garden sprinkling. They have a large stock of all kinds of agricultural implements. We invite attention to the advertisement. Read for yourselves and give them your orders.

The young gentlemen composing the delegation from the Jacksonville Fire Company, return thanks to the Firemen of Rome, through the REPUBLICAN, for the unbounded hospitality and courtesy extended them during the recent Firemen festivities in that city. The firemen of Jacksonville expect to have a "blow out" themselves upon the completion of our water works, at which time they hope the Romans will afford them an opportunity to reciprocate.

We take the first opportunity to return thanks to Messrs J. E. Veal, H. A. Smith, J. M. Elliott, M. Dwinell, H. W. Grady, for courteous attention shown us while in Rome recently attending the Firemen's parade.

We have now received the fourth number of the Courtland *News*, a new Democratic paper in Courtland, Alabama, published by Messrs. White & White and edited by Mr. M. L. Frierson. It is a large and beautifully printed paper, ably edited and deserving of the largest measure of success; and such we do most heartily wish Messrs. White & White may realize.

The charming retreat opened by Dr. Bellamy for the pleasure of our people during the coming sultry days, is sought after more and more as the days become hotter and hotter. He deserves thanks for establishing it.

Well now, boys, hav'nt we said about enough about "†"? Let's talk about Greeley awhile. How does he go in your neighborhoods? Don't be afraid; but speak right out in meeting.

ERRATA.—In the Treasurer's Report last week in the enumeration of "cash received," in item of tax assessed to E. McClelen, tax collector, it read "fees, insolvencies and errors being *detected*." It should have read "fees, insolvencies and errors being" *deducted*. In the list of claims paid, the last names from John Glenn down, read for "solicitor's claim," instead of witness fees.

On the outside is a little scrap concerning the care necessary in the use of water brought through piping. We presume the pipe alluded to is of lead, as iron is in no wise injurious.

To the lovers of a good segar, we could recommend no better place than Hammond's hotel. He keeps a lot of a most excellent brand.

While in Atlanta recently we had the pleasure of stopping at the National Hotel, recently taken charge of by Messrs Owens & Foster, two gentlemen of Lynchburg, Va. Situated as it is even in the very shadow of the H. I. Kimball House and far less pretentious in point of architectural finish, it yet has a splendid run of custom, gained solely by the most careful and courteous attention to guests, a most unexceptionable bill of fare and its excellently furnished rooms. One who stops at the National once and is the recipient of its hospitality including the kind attention of the clerks, among whom we would mention Mr. Lunsford, will never on a second visit to the city go elsewhere. The day we left Messrs Owens & Foster were in receipt of a 320 lb turtle, which no doubt their sleek, well fed and happy boarders have had them a good time over since. Let us all go to National when we visit Atlanta.

Prof. A kins, the badoonist, who made an ascension while Lipman's circus was here, was drowned in the Tennessee river at Decatur. His balloon came down in the river and every attempt to save him failed.

The communication of "J." touching the Homestead law, will find a place in the next issue of the REPUBLICAN.

Jno T. Wilkins is the local agent here for the Rome, *Commercial*. Any one having any business with the *Commercial* can confer with him.

The Oxford *Chronicle* supposes that the late game of base ball in that place between the "Merry Nine," of this place and the "Oxfords" was a "fine game" that it was not thought necessary by the Oxfords to furnish the Score for publication. Our fellows esteemed it regular enough to do so and we present it. Come, Oliver, no hiding out in that way.

A bill containing a map of some lots that Messrs. de Rochemont & Christian, of Oxford, propose to sell in that growing city soon, states among other things that purchasers will be passed over the Selma, Rome and Dalton and South and North railroads for half fare. This is all right, but we are troubled to know why the Georgia Western and East Alabama and Cincinnati roads, which we see by the map run right up to the lots do not extend the same courtesy. Campbell Wallace and Col. Pennington ought to pan out better.

THOSE PARTRIDGES.—Lon. Grant, of the Jacksonville REPUBLICAN, has a *bad* way of catching country editors. He pens a lie, so he says.

Stevenson New Era.

Yes, and they walked right into the pen; especially the pretty birds of the Talladega *Watchtower* and Livingston *Journal*. The game Cox of the Gadsden *Times* had an eye on it too, but just at that juncture a Wills Valley hen, who crows woman's rights and circulates Woodhull & Catlin's paper, attracted his attention and he was saved, *saved*.

PINEY WOODS LOCALS.

DEAR DAN—We are having a delightful time farming at this time. The lovely showers of rain are coming every two or three days making everything look propitious.

We are sorry to say that our friend and neighbor J. S. Kirby is very sick, but not so bad as he has been. We hope he will recover soon.

Our friend and neighbor I. M. Ford is still lingering under that dreadful disease Bronchitis with which he has been suffering for some eight or ten years, but we still hope for his recovery.

There will be preaching at I. M. Ford's residence, on Wednesday night, by the Rev Thomas Slaughter.

We want to make a trade with some of our Cane Creek friends. We will give them two old bachelors and three maids for two nice young men. They are very nice bachelors. I guess you know one of them, his name is John Johnson, brother to Richard Johnson, of Jacksonville. Poor John he is alone; if anybody need a wife I am sure he does.

Our two schools are still in progress. Miss Mollie Turner's will expire about the 14th of June. L. M. Ford's will expire about the sixth or middle of August. He will try to interest the people at the close of his session, by having the school recite some dialogues, speeches and compositions.

SUCCESSOR TO MISS JANE.

CROSS PLAINS LOCALS.

The "rippling and laughing" of Terrapin Creek must have bamfoozzled the brain of Ladiga's most eminent "Local." Is it possible, you reckon, he doesn't know the difference between a "Dress Parade" and a "Pic-nic?" I attended that Pic-nic, as I wrote you before, and remember distinctly to have cro-ssed the spring branch (styled "slough") and as the party were leaving I saw two gentlemen *replacing* the two or three rails, that had been taken from a fence near by to make a safe crossing for persons passing to and from the spring. There was no "closing of schools" connected with the affair if I understood it aright. It was merely a holiday for the pupils of the Institute, and they asked their friends to help them to enjoy the delightful day. But apropos of L. L.—can you inform me to what species of the piscatorial tribe the "nicks" belong? Certainly our dear little "rippling, laughing" streams around here, are growing "Imps" to be scattered broadcast over our feeble land. To my mind we have enough of those already. (You know "when one gets a chance to express their opinion, he don't like to miss the opportunity.")

Frequent and copious rains have brightened our prospects for crops of every description.

Some farmers in the neighborhood will cut wheat next week.

SKYHY.

CORRESPONDENCE.

EDITOR REPUBLICAN.—We crave permission to present the following "few lines" to His Honor the Obelus.

During †.—Your communication in a recent number of the REPUBLICAN was read anciously. I perceive sir, you are possessed of an acute sense of right and wrong, of justice and injustice, of composition and imposition, of deceptibility and contemptibility, of examination and contamination and d—mination of all those essential qualities that go to make up a brave man, and I must confess to having a most decided regard for the like of you. I myself think it a shame, a crying, burning shame to load up the mail-bags, bother the post masters, crowd the poor printers out of what little elbow-room they have by such trash. But worst of all sir, to impose sir, such articles sir, upon that worthy man, the editor sir, a boss woman and high-strung high-handed, high-minded, high-falutin specimen of chivalry and benevolence always perverse in the practice of return, and insures their appearance in his widespread circulated newspaper. I can't imagine what the d—l local Editors mean. They have surely less self respect for themselves, for their wives, their families, their kins-folk, their relations, their neighbours, the towns in which they live, and the country at large. They certainly have a very convenient imitation hog for their literary operations, are hard to excite as well as generous, due to ignore the opinions and sentiments of highly civilized, not to say cultivated and enlightened sections of these United States. So modest and decadent are many of their descriptions of even the common appearances of nature, that their efforts might well be made a fit subject of mirth by the bright side. I pity them, sir! Upon my word I do! Yes I really believe the boys in Oxford, Alabama, forsooth, could have about as much right to publish a newspaper as they then chose, will have the desired effect of eradicating sufficient conceit to enable them to see and appreciate the point, to change the whole tenor of their lives, thoughts and feelings, or in other words, when writing from the base proclivity to the trade refined excrescences of exuberance in odor and bloom, which, in your point of the local column, you have, no doubt, frequently observed in the compositions of your humble correspondent. Would there were more like us! Sir, I feel that your communication, however short and pungent, was to the point and will do good. A change in the face of our choicy world is surely threatening. When men of such gigantic capacity as I am you, will stoop to correct the freaks and failures of the weaker brethren in the field, the human race may well look for the dawning of glory.

It is useless to observe that I did not make any of your very just permutations to make it. Of course such an idea I simply repudiate. I understand clear what whom you meant. It was "those other fellows" and I've no doubt they will duly thank you for your kind notice.

In conclusion, allow me to subscribe myself, with every appreciation of respect and esteem,

Yours, &c.

SKYHY.

Special Notice from the Capital.

General John B. Gordon to the Front—He Flays a Radical Knave—An Eloquent Extract from his Letter to Scott.

[Special Telegram to the Savannah News.]

WASHINGTON, May 23, 1872.

General John B. Gordon has written a letter to Senator Scott, of Pennsylvania, replying to the charge of the latter, made in the Senate the other day, in which he alleged that Gordon was among the organizers and earliest leaders of the Ku-Klux. Gordon pronounces the charge false, and quotes what he did testify before the Ku-Klux Committee. The letter concludes as follows:

The kindliest relations existed between the two races. Peace and the observance of the law were everywhere found, and never, sir, till your carpet-bag governments, through the fears and cupidity of the poor, ignorant negro, had embittered him against us and, by sins and tears had robbed our treasuries, plundered our corporations, blighted our agriculture, blasted our hopes, and mortgaged, like a malt-scone, a out our acres—never until then, and until the administration of the new had become a mockery and political subserviency the passport to Executive clemency for crime, was the peace of the South ever broken or ill-will engendered between the races. And this diabolism you would continue in the South. Like tormentors in the Spanish bull fights, you continually fling the bloody flag in the face of the negro and goad the white man to desperation with the bayonet, that the inevitable conflict may furnish an excuse for the perpetuation of your despotism. I pray that the American people may rebuke this spirit in the coming elections and let the reign of constitutional government be once more inaugurated. But be that as it may, I shall not permit you, by my silence, to bolster up the fortunes of your political party by thus dragging my name into notoriety, without asking you to carry the responsibility of the wilful falsehood you have perpetrated in the effort.

Grantism Illustrated in Kansas.

That distinguished pillar of the Administration, Senator Caldwell of Kansas, has undergone a little in the courts of that State which is calculated to shake his faith in human nature.

From the evidence it appears that the virtuous Caldwell succeeded in securing the support of a no less virtuous newspaper while he was a candidate for Senatorial honors, by endorsing the notes of the editor to the amount of six thousand dollars. After Caldwell had been elected to the seat which he now adorns in the highest legislative body in the land, the editor, having furnished his contract, compounded with his conscience by turning upon his late candidate and taking sides with the majority of the Kansas Legislature, which has sent to the Senate resolutions charging the Senator with bribery and all manner of flagrant corruption.

In revenge for this ingratitude, Caldwell went to work and bought up the notes he had endorsed, and sued the editor for their payment. The result was that Senator Caldwell is permitted to keep the notes, and if he insists upon their being paid he will have to pay them himself. It is no wonder that the Senator voted for the suspension of the *habeas corpus* after such treatment. He hopes to take satisfaction out of the Ku-Klux.

New York Sun.

How a Hired Jersey Judicial Murderer Condemns a Woman—Sentence of Lizzie Garrabrant.

[From the New York Sun.]

The Judge said: "The sentence of the Court is, that you, Elizabeth Garrabrant, be taken from this bar to the prison at Passaic county, and there kept in close confinement until Friday, the 19th day of July next, and between the hours of 10 in the morning and 3 in the afternoon of that day, you be taken to such place as may be provided by [illegible], in accordance with the law, and then and there *(with loud emphasis)* be hanged by the neck until you are dead." [Here the Judge made a pause. Then with deep feeling]—"And may God have mercy on your soul!"

Andrew Johnson and Henry S. Foote are candidates for Congressman at large for Tennessee. They are both veterans, skilled stumpers, and will wool each other well in the canvass. It will be a rich one to see.

Voorhees has made another speech against Greeley, this time to his own district. It contains all that can be said against Greeley from the old Democratic standpoint, and he is for the old Bourbon issue. The speech will do Greeley good among Northern Republicans.

An inebriated Democrat was dining at the Ives House the other day. "Beef, pork, mutton, veal or chicken," said the polite waiter. "I don't care a d—n," was the reply; any thing to beat Grant."

Sedalia Times

The New York *Sun* says the "red, white and blue" of the coming Presidential canvass consists of Gratz Brown's hair, Greeley's hat and the county sauce of the office-holders next November.

A gentleman in Memphis has made a bet of $500—money up—that the Greeley ticket will carry the following States: Alabama, Georgia, Louisiana, Texas, Kentucky, Tennessee, Arkansas, Missouri, Indiana, Pennsylvania, New York, Delaware, Maryland, Nevada, and California, making more than a majority of the electoral votes. He also offers to bet that the Greeley ticket will take Nebraska, Oregon, Ohio, and West Virginia.

Since 1824, Baltimore has had thirteen National Nominating Conventions. Philadelphia four, Chicago three, and Harrisburg, Buffalo, New York, Charleston, Columbus, and Cincinnati, one each. The coming Democratic Convention will score fourteen for the Monumental City.

Somehow or other, each Congressman has this term managed to get along with forty knives, twenty-six gold pens, twenty-two hair-brushes, and sixty cakes of scented soap.

The Dayton *Journal*, the hottest Grant paper in Ohio, has a leading editorial headed "Dan Voorhees and His Persecutors." All the Grant papers are patting Dan on the back.

The legend of Captain Kidd has at last been verified. A New Jersey farmer has found a chest full of gold with the Captain's name on the lid.

Two Mobile lawyers had a little "skrimmage" during the city court on Friday. Three hours in jail cooled their ardor.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

FLAVORING EXTRACTS are of primary importance in cookery; and of all articles of this description the highly concentrated STANDARD EXTRACTS, prepared by Joseph Burnett & Co., Boston, are pronounced by leading cuisiniers—Professor Blot among the number—the purest and the best.

HUMAN WRECKS—Every day and hour we meet with broken down specimens of humanity—wrecks that seem past hope of salvage. At least seven-eighths of these might be filled with new vitality, by a course of DR WALKER'S CALIFORNIA VINEGAR BITTERS. Many are suffering from the reaction of rum-polluted bitters or powerful mineralls. It is characteristic of Dr. Walker's Great Restorative that it neutralizes the effect of these mis-called remedies, and accomplishes, in due time, a perfect cure.

NATURE GIVES US TEETH, but she does not preserve and purify them. That must be done with Fragrant Sozodont. The dental bone and its enamel casing are made invulnerable to all destructive influences by the daily use of this benificent preparation.

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NEW-YORK TRIBUNE
DURING THE CAMPAIGN

THE TRIBUNE is not and will nevermore be a party organ; but it is ardently enlisted in the contest now waging for Civil Service Reform and for One Presidential Term as essential to that Reform. It accepts the Cincinnati Platform as a terse and a forcible exposition of the political right and wrong, the needs and hopes of To-Day, and looks hopefully to Universal Amnesty as essential to the restoration of a genuine fraternity between North and South, and of mutual confidence & good will between White and Black. It believes the People are preparing to break the rusty shackles of mere bygone partisanship, and it hopes for a result next November which will cheer and strengthen the champions of Peace and Good Will. It will issue no campaign edition, but proffers to all who believe its further diffusion may serve the Good Cause its regular editions at the lowest possible prices.

The virtual surrender by the Democratic party of its hostility to Equal Rights regardless of Color has divested our current politics of half their bygone intensity. However parties may henceforth rise or fall, it is clear that the fundamental principles which have hitherto honorably distinguished the Republicans are henceforth to be regarded as practically accepted by the whole country. The right of every man to his own limbs and sinews—the equality of all citizens before the law—the inability of a State to enslave any portion of its people—the duty of the Union to guarantee to every citizen the full enjoyment of his liberty until he forfeits it by crime—such are the broad and firm foundations of our National edifice; and pabled be the hand which shall seek to displace them! Though not yet twenty years old, the Republican party has completed the noble fabric of Emancipation, and may fairly invoke thereon the sternest judgment of Man and the benignant smile of God.

Henceforth, the mission of our Republic is one of Peaceful Progress. To protect the weak and the humble from violence and oppression—to extend the boundaries and diffuse the blessings of Civilization—to stimulate Ingenuity to the production of new inventions for economizing Labor and thus enlarging Production—to draw nearer to each other the producers of Food and of Fabrics, of Grains and of Metals, and thus enhance the gains of Industry by reducing the cost of transportation and exchanges between farmers and artisans—such is the inspiring task to which this Nation now addresses itself, and by which it would fain contribute to the progress, enlightenment, and happiness of our race. To this great and good work THE TRIBUNE contributes its zealous, persistent efforts.

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DR. GOTTLIEB FISCH'S BITTERS.

This preparation of the great Scientist, Dr. Gottlieb Fisch, of Germany, is based on the fact that, as all materials of the body are derived from Food, so all Vital Force, or Health, is derived from the Food stored up in Food. *Dr. Fisch's Bitters* enables the System to liberate and appropriate these Forces, creates Appetite, cures Dyspepsia, with its resulting Debility and lack of Nervous Energy; so tones the Stomach and Liver as to make Constipation and Biliousness impossible; reinforces the system so it can tide over bad results of changing climate, water, etc., and better endure the demands often unexpectedly made on its Forces and Energy. Ladies in delicate health, aged persons and all emaciated and weak, after sickness, will rapidly strengthen by using this great preparation.

The Washington special dispatch to the *Commercial*, in speaking of Voorhees' speech, says:

"As long ago as Thursday last the rumor was afloat on the Democratic side of the House that Voorhees had sold out. The story was that he had an interview with the President, in which Grant had said: 'There are a number of men in the Republican party that we would like to get rid of, and take in their places just such Democrats as you, Mr. Voorhees,' and that Voorhees agreed to aid Grant by trying to disrupt the Democratic party in case it should indorse Greeley. This report was carried to Voorhees on Friday, by some of the newspaper correspondents, but he denied its truth so strenuously that they did not publish it, notwithstanding the fact that several Democratic members declared that they had it on good authority, and predicted that Voorhees would soon begin to perform his part of the bargain by making a furious attack upon Mr. Greeley in the House." When Voorhees said that "Grant, who had prevented the arrest and imprisonment of General Lee was was more worthy of support than the man who had bailed Jefferson Davis," the Administration members, who had listened with evident delight to the whole speech, could restrain themselves no longer, and broke out in a hearty round of applause. This added to the indignation of the Democrats. The correspondent, in conclusion, says: "Among those who walked over and congratulated Voorhees were General Butler and several other Administration members." No man can doubt where, hereafter, Voorhees will stand, when, on account of a political effort, Butler extends to him his hand. The speech will fall still-born among Democrats.

Railroad voting is one of the horrors of a Presidential canvass. It has broken out already, and from this time on every passenger train and every hog train, going and coming, will be cavassed by some restless ass to test the relative strength of Greeley and Grant.

The Last Scene at Appomattox—Speech of a Federal Officer.

There was a re-union of the Society of the Army of the Potomac, held at Cincinnati, on the 7th inst., At this Celebration the Oration was delivered by Gen. Stewart L. Woolford, of New York, and from this Oration we make the following extracts:

The morning crept slowly on—first into gray dawn, then into rosy flush. Still on! still on! The mists crept upward and into line you wheeled, and on your muskets lay down, each man in place, to get scant rest, which even in the exhaustion of those 36 hours of terrible marching you neither sought nor heeded. You were squarely across Lee's front, and had closed forever his last line of retreat.

The enemy reaching your cavalry advance saw the serried line of Union troopers. Gordon gathered and massed his men for their last charge. Tattered and hungry, worn by ceaseless marching and fighting, with no hope of victory, with little possibility of escape, they closed their lines with a fidelity of discipline and soldierly resolution to which words can do little justice—but which each soldier's heart must recognize and honor.

As the Old Guard closed around their Emperor at Waterloo, so these men closed round the Flags of their "Lost Cause."—Lost, because God would have it so.—My heart abhors their treason to "the best Government the world ever saw;" but it warms beyond restraint to their manhood, so grandly brave, even in disloyalty. Slowly they advanced to their last attack. No battle yell, no crack of the skirmisher's rifle broke the strange stillness of that Sabbath morn. Steadily, silently they came, when Sheridan drew back his horsemen, as parts some mighty curtain, and there stood the close—formed battalions of your infranty, the cannon gleaming in the openings, quietly awaiting the coming of Gordon's men.

Instinctively your enemy halted. Meanwhile Lee has turned back to meet Grant and surrender his command. Sheridan swung his cavalry around upon Gordon's left, and was about to charge, when Custar reached Longstreet. Assurance of surrender was given, and the end had come.

That Sabbath day, with tears and in sorrow, Southern men folded the Banners of the "Lost Cause," and their bravest and best sought honorably to bury them from sight forever.

How sad it is that poor ambitions, jealousies of race, the wretched greed of pelf and place, and the miserable hates of social rivalries, should so often disturb the hearty reconciliation of that surrender and for a time revive the bitterness which you then sought to bury in a common grave.

This hour is no time for politics.—Mine not the lips, I trust, to introduce them here. But when I think of that heroic past, which your faces and presence so vividly recall, and then how trading, trickster politicans, forgetful of what baptism of blood sealed the new birth of the Nation, seek to array races in needless hostility, to excite the ignorance of the one and the brutal prejudices of the other, I would like to summon a Guard, half from the Confederate Army of Northern Virginia and half from the Federal Army of the Potomac, take such malcontents out, give them drumshead court-martial, immediate execution and soldierly burial under the apple tree at Appomattox.

BRUTAL MASSACRE.

Seventeen Persons Belonging to a Wagon Train Burned to Death by a Mixed Band of Indians, Mexicans and Negroes.

WASHINGTON, May 17.—A report has been received at the War Department giving the details of a massacre by Indians, Mexicans and negroes combined, of persons in charge of a train of supplies *en route* to Fort Stockton, at Howard's Wells, near old Fort Lancaster. Facts as reported to General Augur by Colonel Merrit of the Ninth Cavalry, under date 29th April, from Fort Clark, are given as follows: On the 20th inst., I arrived with cavalry, my command, at Howard's Wells, *a few hours too* late to prevent one of the most horrible massacres that has ever been perpetrated on the frontier. A Mexican train, loaded with United States commissary stores, on its way from San Antonio to Fort Stockton, was attacked by Indians, plundered, and burned. All the people with the train, seventeen souls in all, were killed or wounded, except one woman. My command buried eleven bodies and brought three wounded men and one woman into this post. Before arriving at the burning train, the first intimation we had of the horrible disaster was the charred and blackened corpses of some of the poor victims, but no one was alive to tell the horrors of the affair. I suppose up to this time that Capt. Sheridan, with the infrantry of my command, was in camp at Howard's Well, about a mile from the scene of the massacre, and while at some distance from the point, the smoke of the burning wagons, mistaken for his camp fires, confirmed me in this belief. I knew at least that a Sergeant and four men were at the Well in charge of forage. The command moved rapidly toward the Well, when the Sergeant in charge of the detachment at that point was met, and pointed out the course the Indians had taken with the stolen animals belonging to the train. In less time than it takes to relate it, the trail was found, and a rapid pursuit at once made by Companies A and H of the Ninth Cavalry, commanded respectively by Captain Cooney and Lieutenant Vincent. After following the trail some seven or eight miles, the cavalry came upon the Indians in force, on the summit of a steep and almost impassable bluff. Here a sharp fight occurred, in which I regret to say that Lieutenant Vincent fell mortally wounded while bravely leading and attempting to control his men. He died shortly after returning to camp, about ten o'clock that night, Captain Cooney was painfully, though not seriously, injured by his horse falling while moving at a rapid gait. He, however, remounted and retained his command. The men of his company behaved very well, but being in great part recruits, without experience in Indian fighting, which was the case in Company H to still greater extent, they squandered their ammunition. Lack of ammunition made a protracted pursuit of the Indians impracticable.

A woman who escaped reports that six Idians were killed in the fight. Words fail to convey an idea of the sickening atrocities committed by the demons who overpowerered the train. The men, several of them, were taken alive, tied to wagons, and burned. An old woman was carried some distance from the place of attack and then shot and scalped. Her grandchild had its ears cut off, was scalped, and had its brains dashed out, while her daughter, the mother of the child, who witnessed it all, as also the death of her husband at the train, was carried off by the fiends. More than one poor wretch crawled from the burning wagons after the ropes which bound them had burned off, only to burn to blackened unrecognizable masses, with their charred hands and faces raised in positions of entreaty. The train had nine men with it. The remainder of the party were women and children. It is feared that one woman was taken away by the band, though it is possible that she, as well as the body unaccounted for, was burned to ashes with the wagons. It is reported that the band consisted of from 125 to 150 and was composed of Indians, Mexicans, and deserters from the army. A number of arms and supplies of ammunition were taken from the train by the band before burning it—how many arms I cannot say. It was the supply which was lately sent from the arsenal at San Antonio to Fort Stockton.

General Augur, in his report, expresses the opinion that the Indians came from Mexico, and this belief is sustained by the fact that Mexicans and deserters from colored regiments were with them, such deserters universally escaping into Mexico.

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In Chemical and Medical Science.

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SOLUTION & COMPOUND ELIXIR
OF
TAR

FIRST AND ONLY SOLUTION ever made in one mixture of ALL THE TWELVE valuable active principals of the well known curative agent,
PINE TREE TAR,
UNEQUALED in Coughs, Colds, Catarrh, Asthma, Bronchitis, and consumption.
CURES WITHOUT FAIL
A recent cold in three to six hours; and also, by its VITALISING, PURIFYING and STIMULATING effects upon the general system, is remarkably efficacious in all
DISEASES OF THE BLOOD.
Including Scrotula and Eruptions of the skin, Dyspepsia, Diseases of the Liver and Kidneys, Heart Disease, and General Debility.
ONE TRIAL CONVINCES!
ALSO, A
Volatile Solution of Tar
For INHALATION, *without application of* HEAT. A remarkably VALUABLE discovery, as the whole apparatus can be carried in the vest pocket, ready at any time for the most effectual and positively curative use in
All Diseases of the NOSE, THROAT and LUNGS.
THE COMPOUND
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for use in connection with the ELIXIR TAR, is a combination of the TWO most valuable ALTERATIVE Medicines known in the Profession, and renders this Pill without exception the very best ever offered.
The SOLUTION and COMPOUND ELIXIR of
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is without doubt the Best remedy known in cases of
CHOLERA AND YELLOW FEVER.
It is a Specific for such diseases, and should be kept in the household of every family, especially during those months in which
CHOLERA AND YELLOW FEVER
are liable to prevail. A small quantity taken daily will prevent contracting these terrible diseases.
Solution and Compound Elixir, $1.00 per Bottle
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Tar and Mandrake Pills, 50cts per box.
Send for Circular of POSITIVE CURES to your Druggist, or to
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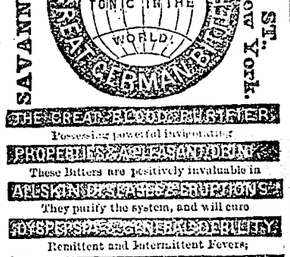

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Remittent and Intermittent Fevers;
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All yield to their powerful efficacy.
A PERFECT PURGATIVE ORGANIZATION
Are an antidote to change of Water and Diet.
THEY WILL RESTORE THE BLOOM
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IRREGULARITIES OF THE BOWELS
Will save days of suffering to the sick, and
BUSINESS MEN A WORLD OF PAIN
The grand Tonic for all the ills of life.
The Standard BITTERS OF GERMANY
FOR FEMALE COMPLAINTS
In Young or Old, Married or Single, these Bitters are unequalled and have often been the means of saving life.
PHYSICIANS THERE, PRESCRIBE IT IN THEIR PRACTICE.
TRY ONE BOTTLE.

The State of Alabama, Calhoun County.

In Circuit Court, Spring Term, A. D., 1872.
Whisenant & Driskill, Plaintiff.
No. 86. vs. Attachment.
Blakeman and Jenkins, Defendants.

And J. F. Grant, P. Rowan, E. L. Woodward, W. H. Forney, Thos. A. Walker and J. H. Caldwell, Garnishees.

April 5th, 1872.

This day came the plaintiffs by their attorneys, and the plaintiffs moved the court for an order of publications against the defendants who are non-residents, and it appearing to the court from an inspection of the papers on file, that this suit was commenced by attachment and levy upon the property of the defendants by summoning J. F. Grant, P. Rowan, E. L. Woodward, W. H. Forney, Thos. A. Walker and John H. Caldwell, as guarnishees, and returned into court by C. P. Read, sheriff. It is ordered by the court that the clerk of this court cause a notice of this attachment and levy upon the property of the defendants to be published in the Jacksonville Republican, a newspaper published in the town of Jacksonville, in the county of Calhoun, in the State of Alabama, for four successive weeks, and that a copy of the same be sent by mail to the residence of the defendants if their residence is known or can be ascertained.

A true copy from the minutes—as witness my hand at office. This 10th day of May, A. D., 1872.

W. P. CROOK, Clerk.

Probate Court of Calhoun County, Ala.

James Price, Deceased, Estate.

LETTERS of Administration upon the Estate of said decedent having been granted to the undersigned, on the 30th day of April, 1872, by the Hon. A. Woods, Judge of the Probate Court of Calhoun county, Ala. Notice is hereby given, that all persons having claims against said estate, will be required to present the same, within the time alowed by law or the same will be barred.

S. D. McCLELEN,
M. M. PRICE,
Administrators.

May 11, 1872.—6t.

HENRY A. SMITH,
113 Broad Street,
Rome, Ga
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL
BOOKSELLER & STATIONER.
Keeps alway on hand a large Stock
School, Theological and Miscellaneous Books,
PAPER, Letter Cap, Note. ENVELOPES, PENCILS, PENS, INKS, Blank, Copy and Scrap BOOKS, MEMORANDUMS, PORTFOLIOS, SLATES, DESKS, Pocket Bibles, Hymn and Prayer Books, Square and Oval Picture Frames, Engravings, Photographs, Photograph Albums, Chromos, Gilt, Rosewood, Walnut Moulding, for Picture Frames, in the Piece, Picture Cord and Tassel, Sheet Music, for the Piano and Guitar, Italian, German and French Violin and Guitar Strings.
WALLPAPERING, BORDERING, FIRE SCREENS AND PAPER WINDOW SHADES.
☞ NEW and SECOND HAND PIANOS and PARLOR ORGANS of first class manufactures, at a Liberal Discount from manufacturer's prices. Also, SECOND HAND PIANOS TAKEN IN EXCHANGE for new ones, allowing full value for those taken in exchange.
Liberal discounts to Country Merchants and Schools.
Apr13 1872—td.

New Spring and Summer Goods!
LADIGA, Ala., Apri, 1872.
The undersigned would respectfully announce to their friends and customers, that they are receiving direct from New York, a very extensive and desirable Stock of
Dry Goods,
CLOTHING, BOOTS & SHOES
Gent's, Misses and Children's
HATS,
In great variety.
Hardware, Saddlery, Drugs, Medicines,
Crockery &c.
All of which have been carefully selected by our Mr. J. R. GRAHAM and bought with Cash, and will be sold at the very LOWEST PRICES.
We defy competition in quality and prices of Goods!
We also keep a full and complete Stock of
GROCERIES, BACON, LARD, &c.,
which we propose to sell only for Cash, at lowest prices.
Our Stock comprises almost everything usually kept in a Mercantile House, and you are especially invitee to come and see us, we guarantee quality and prices of Goods to suit you.
J. R. GRAHAM & CO.

PATTEN & PAYNE,
WHOLESALE
Bookseller & Stationers,
And agents for the
ROCK RIVER PAPER CO'S.
Building Paper:
Roofing for Sheathing, Lining, Plastering and Roofing Buildings.
WALL PAPER
Of every Grade, Quality and Price, and trimmed for customers. Wall and Ceiling Decorations, and Centre Pieces in great variety.
WINDOW SHADES
And FIXTURES Very Cheap.
Prepared Plastering Board
Makes a smooth and warm Ceiling and Wall, and is a perfect substitute for Lath and Plaster, and can be Papered, Painted or Whitewashed if desired.
It is cheap. Costs less than half as much as plaster. It can be easily and quickly applied by any one. It saves all the anhoyances, dirt, and delay of plastering. It makes a perfectly smooth, warm and durable wall. In case of accident, it can be easily and quickly repaired. It is not affected by dampness in the atmosphere.
FELT ROOFING
With the Quarts Cement makes a better and much cheaper roof than Tin, is warranted for Five Years.
DOUBLE THICK CARPET PAPER is a thick Wool Felting—prevents dust from rising and protects the Carpet from the uneven surface of the floor.
Samples of above sent on application.
No. 243 Market Street,
CHATTANOOGA, TENN.

HARDWARE.
B. L. WYMAN,
(Successor to HALL, MOSES & ROBERTS) has removed to
NO. 3 SIGN OF

COURT THE
SQUARE, *Padlock,*
Montgomery, Ala.
Where the readers of the REPUBLICAN are invited to examine one of the largest and best assorted Stocks ever brought to Montgomery; consisting of Hardware, Iron and Steel, Nails, Castings, Cutlery, Stoves, Tinware and housekeeping Goods, AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS, Plows, Hoes, Chains, &c., and the
Celebrated Fashion Cook Stove.
B. L. WYMAN.
Dec 23 1871—6m.

JOHN L. COBBS;
DEALER IN
DRY GOODS
Hosiery and Gloves,
CARPETS and OIL CLOTHS.
33 MARKET STREET,
Montgomery, Ala.
Jan27—6mo.

J. T. McDONALD & CO.,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL
CLOTHIERS,
No. 7 Court Square, MONTGOMERY, ALA.
We claim to lead the market in
READY MADE CLOTHING
Of which we carry full lines of all grades for both Men and Boys.
In addition we have the largest line of *GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING GOODS, TRUNKS, VALISES, SACHELS, UMBRELLAS, &c., &c., &c.* to be found in the city. Buying for cash and doing the largest business of any house in the trade, we are confident of our ability to undersell the market.
J. T. McDONALD & CO.,
THE CLOTHIERS, 7 Court Square, Montgomery, Ala.
Mar13—3m.

IF YOU WANT CORRECT TIME
GO TO
Randall of Gadsden,
THE BEST
Watch-Maker in North Alabama.
Prices for Goods & Work reduced 25 to 50 per cent. Everything guaranteed as represented and satisfaction given every time.
Cash or no Trade
Oct28 1871—tf.

J. & S. BONES & CO.
IMPORTERS OF & DEALERS IN
IRON and STEEL,
HARDWARE, CUTLERY, GUNS &c.
Rome Ga.,
In addition to keeping the largest Stock of HARDWARE in the Cherokee Country for Merchants supplies, are the Agents for
BLANDY'S CELEBRATED STEAM ENGINES & MILLS,
and can furnish at Manufactures prices, anything from a small size Saw Mill to the
LARGEST FLOURING MILL COMPLETE,
also Agents for CLEMANS' CORN and WHEAT MILL, which we keep in Stock.
[*READ HOME TESTIMONY.*]
NEAR CEDAR BLUFF Feb., 28, 1871
MESSRS. J. & S. BONES, *Dear Sir:*
I have given the 16 inch Mill (Clemans) bought of you, a thorough test, and can but express myself perfectly satisfied. The power was the running gear fo my gin, which although in very bad order, was sufficient to grind *one bushel* (by the watch) in *eleven minutes*, I find no trouble to do my grinding before breakfast. Several of my neighbors were present at the time, and all were satisfied with the result, and were astonished at the quantity and fine quality of the meal produced in so short a time, I prefer the meal to any steam mill meal. The 16 inch mill I bought of you for the Foster Farm, and used since the above was written proves equally satisfactory. It is a complete mill.
Yours Truly,
H. H. MILLER.
Upon all machinery sold by us we give a full guarantee. Send for catulogue and price list.
J. & S. BONES & CO.
apr15 1871—tf

CLOVER, GRASS AND GARDEN SEED.

W. D. HOYT & CO

WILL KEEP CONSTANTLY ON HAND A FULL STOCK OF THE ABOVE AT THE LOWEST FIGURES,
Clover, and Grass Seed.
STRICTLY CASH. Also
Lead, Oil and Glass,
At Manufactures prices. Also a full STOCK of
Drugs, Brushes, Perfumery Soaps of all kinds, Lamps, &c. &c.
W. D. HOYT & CO.
WHOLESALE DRUGGISTS,
Rome Ga.
Oct 28, tf.

KIRTLAND & TOURTELLOTTE,
Manufacturers, Wholesale and Retail Dealers in
BOOTS & SHOES,
The largest, oldest and only exclusive Boot and Shoe House in
MIDDLE ALABAMA,
LEATHER & FINDINGS,
No. 7 Market St.
MONTGOMERY ALABAMA.
dec23 71—6m.

Agency of the
CENTRAL CITY
Insurance Company,
OF SELMA ALABAMA,
H. A. STOLENWERCK, PRESIDENT. ED. K. FOWLKES, SECRETARY.
Cash Capital and Accumulations.....$125,000
Losses Paid Since Organization, over.....$115,000
Stores, Merchandise, Dwellings, Rents, and other insurable interest taken at customary rates. Three (3) and Five (5) Year policies or dwelling houses issued at a reduction or the annual rate.
ED. L. WOODWARD, Agent,
Apr18 Jacksonville, Ala,

East Alabama
LAND AGENCY,
B. C. WYLY & Co.
REAL ESTATE
and
General Agency Office,
No. 4. OFFICE ROW,
JACKSONVILLE ALA.
We are prepared to give our attention to the Sale, or Rent of
REAL ESTATE
in this and adjoining counties.
Having special facilities for finding purchasers, invite those who may desire to put their lands in market, to give us a trial. We will keep on exhibition in our office
MAPS,
taken from County Surveys, and personal reconnaissance of such places as may be entrusted to us—and will visit the property with parties contemplating a purchase.
All information concerning the lands of East Alabama freely given upon application in person, or by letter, at their office. Will also act as General Agents for the sale of all articles of merit which may be entrusted to them. Their extensive acquaintance with the people, and personal knowledge of the Country, gives them facilities which no other Company can have.
BUSINESS SOLICITED.
B. C. WYLY,
JOHN H. FORNEY,
JNO. M. WYLY.
aug19 1871—1y.

R. R. R.
Radway's Ready Relief
CURES THE WORST PAINS in from One to Twenty Minutes.
NOT ONE HOUR
after reading this advertisement need any one SUFFER WITH PAIN.
RADWAY'S READY RELIEF IS A CURE FOR EVERY PAIN.
It was the first and is
The Only Pain Remedy
that instantly stops the most excruciating pains, allays Inflammations, and cures Congestions, whether of the Lungs, Stomach or other glands or organs, by one application. IN FROM ONE TO TWENTY MINUTES no matter how violent or excruciating the pain the RHEUMATIC, Bed-ridden, Infirm, Dripplel, Nervous, Neuralgic, or prostrated with disease may suffer,
RADWAY'S READY RELIEF
Will afford instant Ease.
Inflamation of the Kidneys
Inflamation of the Bladder.
Inflamation of the Bowels
Congestion of the Lungs.
Sore Throat, Difficult Breathing
Palpitation of the Heart.
Hysterics, Croup, Diphtheria
Catarrh, Influenza.
Headache Toothache
Neuralgia, Rheumatism.
Cold Chills, Ague Chills
The application of the READY RELIEF to the part or parts where the difficulty exists will afford ease and comfort.
Twenty drops in half a tumbler of water will in a few moments cure Cramps, Spasms Sour Stomach, Heartburn, Sick Headache, Diarrhea, Dysentery, Colic. Wind in the Bowels, and all Internal Pains.
Travelers should always carry a bottle of RADWAY'S READY RELIEF with them. A few drops in water will prevent sickness or pains from change of water. It is better than French Brandy or Bitters as a stimulant.
FEVER AND AGUE.
Fever and Ague cured for fifty cents. There is not a remedial agent in this world that will cure Fever and Ague, and all other Malarious, Bilous, Scarlet, Typhoid Yellow, and other Fevers (aided by RADWAY'S PILLS) so quick as RADWAY'S READY RELIEF. Fifty cents per bottle.
DR. RADWAY'S
Sarsaparillian Resolvent
Has made the most astonishing cures; so quick, so rapid are the changes the body undergoes, under the influence of this truly wonderful Medicine, that
Every day an increase in Weight and Flesh is Felt.
THE GREAT BLOOD PURIFIER.
Every drop of the SARSAPARILLIAN RESOLVENT communicates through the Blood, Sweat, Urine, and other fluids and juices of the system *the vigor of life*, for it repairs the wastes of the body with new and sound material. *Scrofula, Syphilis, Consumption, Glandular disease, Ulcers in the throat, Mouth, Tumors, Nodes in the Glands and other parts of the system, Sore Eyes, Strumorous discharges from the Ears, and the worst forms of Skin diseases, Eruptions, Fever Sores, Scald Head, Ring Worm, Salt Rheum, Erysipelas, Acne, Black Spots, Worms in the Flesh, Tumors, Cancers in the Womb*, and all weakening and painful discharges, Night Sweats, Loss of Sperm and all wastes of the life principle, are within the curative range of this wonder of Modern Chemistry, and a few days' use will prove to any person using it for either of these forms of disease its potent power to cure them.
If the patient, daily becoming reduced by the wastes and decomposition that is continuly progressing, succeeds in arresting these wasts, and repairs the same with new material made from healthy blood—and this the SARSAPARILIAN will and does accomplish—a cure is certain; for when once this remedy commences its work of purification, and succeeds in diminishing the loss of waste its repairs will be rapid, and every day each patient will feel himself growing better and stronger, the food digesting better, appetite improving, and weight increasing.
Not only does the Sarsaparillian Resolvent excels all known remedial agents in the cure of Chronic, Scrofulous, Constitutional, and Skin diseases; but it is the only positive cure for
Kidney and Bladder Complaints,
Urinary, and Womb diseases, Gravel, Diabetes, Dropsy, Stoppage of Water, Incontinence of Urine, Bright's Disease, Albuminuria, and in all cases where there are brick-dust deposits, or the water is thick, cloudy, mixed with substances like the white of an egg, or threrds like white silk, there is a morbid, dark, billious appearance, and white bone-dust deposits, and when there is a pricking, burning sensation when passing water, and pain in the Small of hte Back and along the Loins.
DR. RADWAY'S
PERFECT PURGATIVE PILLS,
perfectly tasteless, elegantly coated with sweet gum, purge, regulate, purify, cleanse, and strengthen. Radway's Pills, for the cure of all disorders of the Stomach, Liver, Bowels, Kidneys, Bladder, Nervous Diseases, Headache, Constipation, Costiveness, Indigestion, Dyspepsia, Billiousness, Billious Fever, Inflamation of the Bowels, Piles, and all Derangements of the Internal Viscera. Warranted to effect a positive cure. Purely Vegetable, containing ho mercury, minerals, or deleterious drugs.
A few doses of RADWLY'S PILLS will free tthe system from all the above named disorders. Price, 25 cents per Box. Sold by Druggists.
Read "False and True." Send one letter stamp to RADWAY & CO., No. 32 Warren Street, Corner of Church Street, New York. Information worth thousands will be sent you.
Sep 23, 1871—1y

Jacksonville Republican.

BOINED, PRINTED & PUBLISHED, EVERY SATURDAY MORNING, BY

J. F. & L. W. GRANT.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

For one year in advance,.....$2 00
If not paid in advance,.....$3 00

TERMS OF ADVERTISING.

One square of 10 lines or less, first insertion,.....$1 00
Each subsequent insertion.....50
Over one square counted as two, &c.
Obituaries charged at advertising rates.
Marriage notices,.....50

Annunciation of Candidates.

For County offices,.....$5 00
For State offices,.....$10 00

Jacksonville Republican.

"The Price of Liberty is Eternal Vigilance."

VOL. 36. JACKSONVILLE, ALA., JUNE 8, 1872. WHOLE NO 1834

Rates of Advertising,

For three, six, or twelve Months.

One square of 10 lines,	3 months,		$5 0
" "	6	"	7 50
" "	12	"	10 00
One fourth column,	3	"	10 00
" " "	6	"	15 00
" " "	12	"	25 00
One half column,	3	"	25 00
" " "	6	"	35 00
" " "	12	"	50 00
One column,	3	"	40 00
" "	6	"	60 00
" "	12	"	100 00

Charges due and collectable quarterly.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

WM. M. HAMES. J. T. MARTIN

HAMES & MARTIN,

Attorneys at Law and Solicitors in Chancery. No. 8. Office Row, Jacksonville,

WILL practice in all the Courts of Law and Equity in the counties of the 12th Judicial circuit, consisting of Calhoun, Cleburne, St. Clair, Etowah and Cherokee, and the Supreme court of the State.
may20—1871.

JOHN FOSTER. WM. H. FORNEY.

FOSTER & FORNEY,

Attorneys at Law,

Jacksonville Alabama.

WILL practicein the Counties of Calhoun, Talladega, Randolph, St. Clair, Cherokee, DeKalb and the Supreme Court of the State.
Dec. 23d, 1865.

M. J. TURNLEY, G. I. TURNLEY.

M. J. & G. I. TURNLEY,

Attorneys at Law

Solicitors in Chancery

AND

General Collecting Agents.

JACKSONVILLE, ALA.

WILL practice Law in the counties of Calhoun, Talladega, Randolph, Cleburne, Cherokee, Etowah, St. Clair and DeKalb; in the Supreme Court of the State, and in the U. S. District Court, Northern and Middle Division of Alabama.

G. G. ELLIS. J. H. CALDWELL.

ELLIS & CALDWELL,

Attorneys at Law,

AND

Solicitor in Chancery.

JACKSONVILLE, ALA.

HAVING associated themselves in the practice of Law, will practice together, except in CRIMINAL CASES, in the counties of Calhoun, Talledega, St. Clair, Randolph, Cherokee and DeKalb.
Jan. 6. 1866.

M. L. STEVENSON,

Attorney at Law,

JACKSONVILLE, Ala.

Savage & de Rochemont,

ATTORNEYS AT-LAW

AND

SOLICITORS IN CHANCERY &

COLLECTING AGENTS,

OXFORD, ALA.

WILL practice in all the courts of the State also in the Supreme court. Collections made before the United State Court of Claims, also general land and Pension Agents.
April 13 1872 1y.

J. D. HAMMOND,

Notary Public

AND

Ex-officio Justice of the Peace

JACKSONVILLE,.....ALABAMA

WILL attend to any business that may be put into his nands, with dispatch.
Feb17 1872—1y.

Dr. M. W. FRANCIS,

Physician & Surgeon,

OFFICE, DRUG STORE J. C. FRANCIS,

North West Corner Square,

JACKSONVILLE - - ALA
Feb 25 1871—1y.

DR. W. W. HARRISON,

HAVING permanently located in Alexandria, offers his professional services to the citizens of Alexandria and vicinity.
He can be found at his office in Green & Ledbetter's Store during the day, and at the late residence of Jas. A. Gladden at night, unless professionally absent.
March 1872.—9m.

RAIL ROAD SCHEDULES.

South & North Ala. Rail Road.

SCHEDULE.

Passenger trains will run on this Road, as follows:

Light'g Exp. Tr's Montgomery,	at 10,00 am
" " Arrives at Calera	12,50 p m
" " at Birmingham	3,30 p m
Mail train leaves Montgomery at	2'20 p m
" " Arrives at Calera	6,15 p m
Light'g Exp. Tr's Birmingham at	5,25 p m
" " Arrives at Montgomery	12,05 a m
Mail train Leaves Calera at	5,05 a m
" " Arrives at Montgomery	8,25 a m.

Close Connections with DOUBLE DAILY trains on Mobile & Montgomery Rail Road, or Mobile, New Orleans and all points of Texas.

This is the SHORTEST and quickest route to and from points named above for Passengers. Through Tickets and Through Bills issued. Rates as low as by any other line.

A. SHAW, *Ass't Sup't.*

H. Pierce, G. A. Morrison,
J. H. Jones Wm. L. Thompson.

PIERCE, JONES & CO.

Cotton Factors,

Proprietors of Planters Fire Proof Warehouse.

Drake's new Building opposite Troup House,

SELMA.....ALABAMA.

ROME ADVERTISEMENTS.

C. G. SAMUEL.

Successor to Elliot & Samuel,

COTTON FACTOR

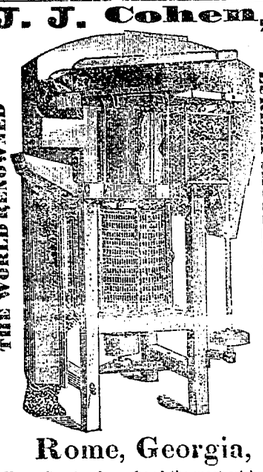
Warehouse & Commission Merchant

(At Steamboat Landing,)

Rome, Ga.

Cotton compressed and put in splendid shipping order and forwarded same day of its arrival, at reduced rates of freight.
sept 23,1871—1y

J. J. Cohen,



EUREKA SHUTTER & SPEEDER.

THE WORLD RENOWNED

Rome, Georgia,

Keeps Constantly on hand the most celebrated and latest MILL MACHINERY, at Manufacturer's prices. Also, Importer of the Double Anchor Dutch Bolting Cloth, French Burr and Esopus MILL STONES, Double Turbine Water Wheel, and an assortment of Belting, &c. Dec. 30, '71.—1y.

SELMA ADVERTISEMT'S

THOS. A. WALTHALL, T. S. BOWEN,

BOWEN & WALTHALL,

Whosale Grocers

—AND—

COMMISSION MERCHANTS

NO. 5 CENTRAL BLOCK, WATER ST.

SELMA——ALABAMA.

Ja2—6ly

W. R. ETHERIDGE. W. R. MCKINNEY.

McKINNEY & Co.,

Receiving and Forwarding

Merchants

—AND—

STEAMBOAT AGENTS,

Selma.....Alabama.

We have a large and convenient Warehouse, a Brick Wharf and every facility for protecting Goods.
Jan 6 1y

Nashville

Marble Works.

D. C. COLEMAN,

MANUFACTURER OF ALL KINDS OF

MARBLE MONUMENTS,

TOMBS, HEADSTONES,

MANTLES, URNS

Vases, Etc.,

Of the finest

ITALIAN

AND

AMERICAN MARBLE

Yard No. 31 S. College Street, between Church and Broad,

NASHVILLE, TENNESSEE.

Orders promptly filled and satisfaction guaranteed.
Feb24 1872—1y.

To the Public.

The Partnership heretofore existing between McCLELEN & LANDERS, having, by mutual consent, been dissolved, I have opened a business on my own account in the house formerly occupied by Mrs. M. E. Rowland, where I will be glad to see my old patrons and friends and sell them any and all articles kipt in a

Family Grocery

low for Cash or its equivolent.
I have also a fine assortment of

LIQUORS

OF ALL KINDS

ot sell at wholesale.

A. M. LANDERS.
February, 3d 1872.—tf.

CALL AT THE

Old Hotel,

West Side of the Public Square

Jacksonville, Ala.

WHICH has been repaired, refurnished and refitted up, especially for the comfort of those who may favor us with a call. Rooms large and comfortable—fare good as the country affords—servants polite and attentive—charges reasonable.

Can accommodate a dozen or two regular boarders.

J. D. RAMMOND,
Dec. 18, '69—1y. Proprietor.

CROSS PLAINS HOUSE

COME ALONG.

This House is not quite completed, but will receive Boarders and the Traveling public generally.

No rash promises made—come and see.

A. S. JOHNSON,
J. N. HOOD,
J. N. HOOD, Prop'r.
june18—tf.

J. & B. TREMBLE,

Corner Bibb & Commerce Streets,

Montgomery, Ala.

HAVING just completed their removal into the Splendid, New and Commodious Building at the corner of Bibb and Commerce Streets, would inform their Friends and the public, that they have constantly on hand and are daily receiving, a

LARGE & ELEGANT STOCK OF

Fall and Winter Goods,

—SUCH AS—

Kerseys, Linseys,
Jeans, Tweeds,
Cassimeres, Cloths,
Opera, all Wool and
Cotton Flannels; Calicoes of the Best Brands;
Brown and Bleached Domestics; Mattress and Feather-Ticking; Table Damask,
Toweling, Hosiery, Crib and Bed Blankets, Balmoral and Felt Skirts, also, a Nice Line of Ladies' Shawls, Notions, Ribbons and Trimmings in Great Variety; Foreign and Domestic Dress Goods, Very Attractive in Style and Fabric.

We intend to keep our stock replenished with the best of just such goods as the demands of the trade require, which will be sold at the

LOWEST LIVING RATES.

KUWAN, BEAN & CO.

HAVE ADDED TO THEIR EXtensive and varied

Stock of Merchandise

A lot of handsome

FURNITURE

Consisting of

Bedsteads,

Wardrobes,

Bureaus,

Washstands,

Centre Tables,

Dining Tables,

&c., &c., &c.

Which they will sell very cheap

For Cash.

The time is at hand for us to provid for buying a

Spring Stock,

And we need money. All who have not paid their last year's account will please do so at once. It is not our practice to all on our customers for money unless

WE REALLY NEED IT.

But we cannot comply with the terms upon which which we buy goods, and sell on time, unless we can collect once year. ROWAN, DEAN & CO.
Feb24 1872—tf.

J. H. LAKIN,

Artistic Photographs,

No 51 Market Street,

MONTGOMERY, ALA.

PERSONS at a distance having old and fading Daguerreotypes can safely send them by mail to be recopied. ALL WORK GUARANTEED FIRST CLASS, AND PRICES REASONABLE.
May 11th, 1872—1y.

NEW BRICK HOTEL.

The undersigned is now prepared to accommodate the traveling public.

S. C. KELLY, Prop.

LIVERY AND SALE STABLE

Sign of the Horned Horse,

OXFORD ALA.,
S. C. KELLY.
sep16 '71—tf.

THE GREAT CAUSE

OF

HUMAN MISERY.

Just Published, in a Sealed Envelope.

PRICE SIX CENTS.

A Lecture on the Nature, Treatment and Radical Cure of Seminal weakness, or Spermatorrhœa, induced by Self-Abuse, Involuntary emissions, Impotency, Nervous Debility and Impediments to Marriage generally; Consumption, Epilepsy, and Fits; Mental and Physical Incapacity, etc. By ROBERT J. CULVERWELL, M. D., author of the "Green Book" etc

The world-renowned author in this admirable Lecture, clearly proves from his own experience that the awful consequences of Self-Abuse may be effectually removed without medicine, and without dangerous surgical operations, bouies, instruments, rings, or cordials, pointing out a mode of cure at once certain and effectual, by which every sufferer, no matter what his condition may be, may cure himself cheaply, privately, and radically. THIS LECTURE WILL PROVE A BOON TO THOUSANDS AND THOUSANDS.

Sent under seal, to any address, in a plain sealed envelope, on the receipt of six cents, or two postage stamps. Also, Dr. Culverwell's "Marriage Guide," price 25 cents. Address the Publishers,

CHAS. J. C. KLINE & CO.,
127 Bowery, New York, P. O. box, 4,589

T. A. HURT, J. F. WOOD.
Formerly of Atlanta. Tennessee.

HURT & WOOD,

GROCERS,

AND

GENERAL

Commission Merchants,

For the Purchase and Sale of Grain, Bacon, Flour, and all kinds of Tennessee Produce.

202 MARKET STREET.

Chattanooga, Tenn.

Any orders left with R. D. Williams will meet prompt attention.

REFERENCES:

First National Bank,
W. Crutchfield & Co.,
Chattanooga.
P. & G. T. Dodd & Co.,
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The undersigned takes pleasure in notifying his friends, and the

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that he has opened the stables formerly known as the Privett Stables.

HE IS PREPARED TO HIRE.

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He will also feed and take care of stock at charges to be paid when the stock is taken from the stable. Terms cash only.

RICHARD WEAVER,
aug12—71.

MY DREAM.

BY HORACE GREELEY.

I dream of a beautiful time
When the world shall happy be;
When elephants and hyenas
Shall blossom on every tree.
When tamarinds and potatoes
Shall cease their dreadful roar,
When turnip trees shall blossom
In the garden forever more.

I dream of a great Republic,
Whose people shall all go West,
Sow plums and reap tomatoes
In the land they love the best;
Where pig iron and molasses
Shall bloom on every hill,
And chickens low in the barnyard.
While gooseberries toil at the mill.

I'm weary of seeing the cabbage
Handle the rake and hoe;
I'm weary of watching and waiting
For the grasshopper buen to grow.
I long for the time when spinach
Shall cope with bread and milk;
When hens shall lay tomatoes
And horses spin raw silk.

Oh, sweet were the vanished hours
When I wandered down the glen,
And wreathed my brow with tomatoes
Or plucked the ripened hen.
When the donkey twined up the trellis
And the cucumber chirped in the grass,
And the sweet potato whistled
To its mate in the mountain pass.

But gone are the days of childhood,
And wonderful dreams are mine,
Yet I long for the bygone hours
As I sit 'neath the turkey vine.
Oh, wreathe your blossoms about me,
And soothe my aching breast,
While the gooseberry plaintively warbles
And lulls me into rest.

A Nevada Funeral.

[From Mark Twain's "Roughing It."

There was a great time over Buck Fanshaw when he died. He was a representative citizen. He had "killed his man;" not in his own quarrel, it is true, but in the defense of a stranger beset by numbers. He had kept a sumptuous saloon. He had held a high position in the fire department, and had been a very Warwick in politics, when he died there was a great lamentation throughout the town, especially in the vast bottom stratum of society.

Prodigious preparations were made for the funeral. All the vehicles in the town were hired, all the saloons were put in mourning, as the municipal and fire company flags were hung at half-mast, and all the firemen ordered to muster in uniform and bring their machines duly draped in black.

Regretful resolutions were passed and various committees appointed, among others a committee of one appointed to call on a minister—a fragile, gentle, spiritual new fledgling from an Eastern theological seminary, and a yet unacquainted with the ways of the mines. The Committeeman, "Scotty" Briggs, made his visit.

Being admitted to his presence, he sat down before the clergyman, placed his five-hat on an unfinished manuscript sermon under the minister's nose, took from it a red silk handkerchief, wiped his brow, and heaved a sigh of dismal impressiveness explanatory of his business. He choked, and even shed tears, but with an effort he mastered his voice, and said, in lugubrious tones:

"Are you the duck that runs the gospel-mill next door.

"I am the pardon me, I believe I do not understand?'

With another sigh and a half sob, Scotty rejoined:

"Why, you see, we are in a bit of trouble, and the boys thought may be you'd give us a lift if we'd tackle you, that is, if I've got the rights of it and you are the head clerk of the doxology works next door."

"I am the shepherd in charge of the flock whose fold is next door."

"The which?"

"The spiritual adviser of the little company of believers whose sanctuary adjoins these premises."

Scotty scratched his head, reflected a moment, and then said:

"You rather hold me over, pard. I reckon I can't call that hand. Ante and pass the buck."

"How? I beg your pardon. What did I understand you to say?"

"Well, you've rather got the bugle on me. Or may be we've both got the bugle somehow. You don't smoke me and I don't smoke you. You see, one of the boys has passed in his checks, and we want to give him a good send-off, so the thing I'm now on is to rout out somebody to jerk a little chin-music for us, and waltz him through handsome."

"My friend, I seem to grow more and more bewildered. Your observations are wholly incomprehensible to me. Cannot you simplify them some way? At first I thought perhaps I understood you, but now I grope. Would it not expedite matters if you restricted yourself to categorical statements of fact unincumbered with obstructing accumulations of metaphor and allegory?"

Another pause, and more reflection. Then Scotty said:

"I'll have to pass, Judge."

"How?"

"You've raised me out, pard."

"I still fail to catch your meaning."

"Why, the best lead of your'n is too many for me—that's the idea. I can't neither trump nor follow suit."

The clergyman sank back in his chair perplexed. Scotty leaned his head on his hand, and gave himself up to reflection. Presently his face came up, sorrowful, but confident.

"I've got it now, so's you covy," said he. "What we want is a gospel-sharp. See?

"A what?"

"Gospel-sharp—parson."

"Oh! Why didn't you say so before? I am a clergyman—a parson."

"Now you talk! You see my blind, and straddle it like a man. Put it there!"—extending a brawny paw which closed over the minister's small hand and gave it a shake indicative of fraternal sympathy and fervent gratification.

"Now we're all right, pard. Let's start fresh. Don't you mind me snuffing a little, becuz we're in a power of trouble. You see one of the boys has gone up the flume—"

"Gone where?"

"Up the flume—throw'd up the sponge, you know."

"Thrown up the sponge?"

"Yes—kicked the bucket—"

"Ah! has departed to that mysterious country from whose bourne no traveler returns."

"Return? Well, I reckon not. Why, pard, he's dead."

"Yes, I understand."

"Oh, you do?" "Well, I thought may be you might be getting tangled once more. Yes, you see he's dead again—"

"Again! Why, has he ever been dead before?"

"Dead before? No. Do you understand a man has got as many lives as a cat? But he's awful dear now, poor old boy, and I wish I'd never seen this day. I don't know no better friend than Buck Fanshaw. I know'd him by the back; and when I know a man like him—you hear me. Take him all around, pard, there never was a bullier man in the mines. No man ever knowed Buck Fanshaw go back on a friend. But it's all up, you know; it's all up. It ain't no use. They've scooped him!"

"Scooped him?"

"Yes—death has. Well, well, well, we've got to give him up. Yes, indeed. It's a kind of hard world, after all, ain't it? But, pard, he was a rustler. You ought to see him get started once. Just spit in his face and give him room according to his strength, and it was just beautiful to see him peel and go in. He was the worst son of a thief that ever draw'd breath. Pard, he was on it. He was on it bigge, than tujuc!"

"On it! On what?"

"On the shoot. On the shoulder. On the fight. Understand? He didn't give a continental—for anybody. Beg your pardon, friend, for coming so near saying a cuss word—but you see I'm on an awful strain in this palaver, on account of having to cram down and draw every thing so mild. But we've got to give him up. There ain't any getting around that. I don't reckon. Now, if we can get you to help plant him—"

"Preach the funeral discourse. Assist at the obsequies?"

"Cos'quies is good. Yes. That's it; that's our little game. We are going to get up the thing regardless, you know. He was always nifty himself, and so you bet his funeral ain't goin' to be no slouch; send silver door-plate on his coffin, six plumes on the hearse, and a nigger on the box with a oiled shirt and a plug hat—how's that for high? And we'll take care of you, pard. We'll fix you all right. There will be a kerriage for you and whatever you want you jut scape out and we'll rent to it. Put Buck through as budy as you can, pard, or any body that knowed him will tell you that he was one of the whitest men that was ever in the mines. You can't draw it too strong. He never could stann to see things going wrong. He's done more to make this town peaceable than any man in it. I've seen him lick four Greasers in eleven minutes myself. It a thing wanted regulating, he warn't the man to go browsing around after somebody to do it; he would prance in and regulate it himself. He warn't a Catholic; but it didn't make no difference about that when it came down to what a man's right was—and so, when some roughs jumped the Catholic bone-yard, and started in to take out town lots in it, he went for 'em! And he cleaned 'em, too! I was there and see it myself."

"That was very well indeed—at least the impulse was—whether the act was strictly defensible or not. Had deceased any religious convictions? That is to say, did he feel a dependence upon, or acknowledge allegiance to a higher power?"

More reflection.

"I reckon you've stumped me again, pard. Could you say it over once more, and say it sow?"

"Well, to simplify it somewhat, was he, or rather had he ever been connected with any organization sequestered from secular concerns and devoted to self-sacrifice in the interest of morality?

"Ad down but none—set 'em up on the other alley pard!"

"What did I understand you to say?"

"Why, you're most too many for me, you know. When you get in with your left, I hunt grass every time."

"How? Begin again?"

"That's it."

"Very well. Was he a good man, and—"

"There—see that; don't put up another chip till I look at my hand. A good man, says you? Pard, it ain't no name for it. He was the best man that ever—pard, you would have doted on that man. He could lam any galoot of his inches in America. It was him that put down the riot last election before it got a start; and everybody said that he was the only man that could have done it. He waltzed in with a trumpet in one hand and a spanner in the other, sent fourteen men home on a shutter in less than three minutes. He had the riot all broke up and prevented nice before anybody ever got a chance to strike a blow.

"He was always for peace; and he would have peace—he could not stand disturbance. Pard, he was a great loss to this town. It would please the boys if you could chip in something like that and do him justice. He was the bulliest man in the mountains, pard; he could run faster, jump higher, swear harder and hold more tangle-foot whisky than any man in seventeen counties. Put that in, pard; it'll please the boys more than any thing else that you could say, pard, that he never shook his mother."

"That's it—any of the boys will tell you so."

"Well, but why should he shake her?"

"That's what I say; but some people does."

"Not of any repute."

"Well, some that average pretty sosc."

"In my opinion a man who would offer personal violence to his mother ought to—"

"Cheese it, pard; you've booked your ball clean out of the string. What I was a drivin' at was that he never *throwed off* on his mother—don't you see? No, indeedy. He gave her a house to live in and town lots, and plenty of money; and he looked after her and took care of her all the time; and when she was down with the small pox he set up nights and nursed her himself. I think you're white. I think you're a square man, pard. I like you, and I'll lick any man that don't. I'll lick him till he can't tell himself from a last year's corpse! Put it there!" [Another fraternal hand-shake—and exit.]

The obsequies were all that "the boys" could desire. Such a marvel of funeral pomp had never been seen in Virginia City. The plumed hearse, the dirge-breathing brass bands, the closed marts of business, the flags drooping at half-mast, the long, plodding procession of uninformed secret societies, military battalions, fire companies, draped engines, carriages of officials, and citizens in vehicles and on foot, attracted multitudes of spectators to the sidewalks, roof and windows; and for years afterward the degree of grandeur attained by any civic display in Virginia was determined by comparison with Buck Fanshaw's funeral.

Dolly Varden.

A Dolly Varden was first used in London, by the daughter of a blacksmith, who we are told was an honest man. But the daughter was no exception to the generality of her sex. Her thoughts only being how she could entrap some masculine into matrimony. After trying nearly every thing which the ingenuity of a woman can suggest, who has been smitten with a desire to better her condition she conceived the idea of a Dolly Varden. Her success was established and one man entrapped, to whom she at once hastened to tie in that knot which knows of no untieing this side of the grave. This poor fellow we are told suffered as only a true martyr can. He was haunted by Dolly Vardens, even to the end of his spotless life.

Neither words nor pen can even faintly describe the raptures he was thrown into, when told by the minister at his death bed, that in that land of eternal bliss Dolly Vardens were unknown.

As we once before said, the women of this leap year have determined to make hay while it remains hay day with them. And for this purpose the D. V. was rehatched and brought out in all the glory of the past. The success that they are having is alarming, thousands of innocent youths are being entrapped, and the cry is still they come!

And we like the immortal Wilkins of old, await for something to turn up that will forever move free us from Dolly Vardens and scheming females.

AN ATROCIOUS CALUMNY.

EX-President Johnson Slandered and a Virtuous Woman Driven to Self-Destruction.

From Knoxville Press & Herald, May 24.]

In the local columns of the *Press and Herald*, of April 30th, the following paragraph appeared:

"There comes to us reports of a great scandal at Greenville. We have heard already in our city, half a dozen or more different versions of it. We caution our readers against giving too ready credence to the busy tongue of scandal, which spares neither high nor low, the pure nor the impure.—Our only reason for referring to it is that the scandal is on the wing of the wind."

At the time this precautionary paragraph was penned a vile slander, which had reached here by the train from Greenville, was flying through our city, gathering volume as it went. It was a scandal in which the name of ex-President Johnson and that of a most estimable married lady of Greenville (Mrs. Emily Harold) were brought into criminal association, and the atrocious calumny was circulated with all the particularity of circumstances and postiveness of detail necessary to give it plausibility and gain for its credence among that so great multitude, who, while detesting the slanderer, are ready to receive and entertain his slanders.

A prompt and thorough investigation in the affair by a number of the true and intelligent citizens of Greenville, at once revealed the entire groundlessness of the diabolical reports, and so overwhelming was the evidence that it was a most cruel and malicious fabrication, that the scandal itself seemed instantly to perish.—But it perished not before it had done its deadly work. It reached the ear of Mrs. Harold, and fell with crushing weight upon her innocent heart. Reason yielded to the shock and fell from its throne. Driven to madness, her own hand sought and took her life. An account of her tragic death and her burial at Greeneville, on the 9th inst., was published in these columns, though without reference to the calumny that had impelled her to self-destruction.

So thorough and satisfactory was the exposure of the slander and so shocked was the community by its terrible results, that it was hoped, both for the sake of the living and the memory of the dead, that it might escape the heartless news-mongers of the press, and be forgotten and remain buried with its innocent victim. But too much reputation was in issue for it to perish there. With redoubled venom it comes to life in a distant paper, and the citizens of Greenville are constrained by a sense of justice to come before the public in vindication of the living and the dead. The following communication explains, itself, the necessity and the propriety of its appearance. Of the parties, represented by the signatures, we will say that they are among the most honorable and intelligent of our people. They are citizens of Greenville, and men of prominence in both political parties. Their statements will be endorsed by every man and woman who know them, or have knowledge of the facts. While the calumnious paragraph that has called forth their communication will no doubt run its rapid round, the reputation of ex-President Johnson will survive the slander, unsullied, and though the grave cannot give up the murdered victim, the memory of her virtues will be her lasting vindication. The cold-blooded villian, who invented the slander and sent it forth on its fatal errand, has fled to parts unknown—better for him could he flee to parts unknown to his God.

GREENVILLE, TENN., May 26, 1872.

Eds. Press & Herald: Our attention has been called to the following "special" cut from the Indianapolis *Journal*, of the 20th instant:

ANDY JOHNSON AS A SEDUCER—SUICIDE OF HIS VICTIM.

BROOKLYN, May 18.—A few days since it was announced that Mrs. Emily Harold, wife of the postmaster at Greenville, East Tennessee, had committed suicide by shooting herself through the head with a revolver. A letter just received by a resident of Greenville, now in Brooklyn attending the Methodist General Conference, conveys the intelligence that Mrs. Harold had been seduced by ex-President Johnson, and that discovery and exposure led her to the commission of the rash act. Great indignation is expressed among the citizens of Greenville against the ex-President, and many of the best citizens refuse to speak to him on the street.—*May 20th.*

So far as we know, this is the first libelous publication of the scandal current here about a month since, which doubtless impelled Mrs. Harold to suicide. At that time it was thoroughly and carefully investigated by some of us and we did not hesitate then, nor do we now, to pronounce it a cruel and malicious slander.

Mrs. Harold was about fifty-two years of age, and for over thirty years had been a member of the Presbyterian Church here, during all which time she had sustained the character of an earnest, consistent christian, a chaste and faithful wife, a kind and dutiful mother, a charitable neighbor and a true and noble woman, respected and esteemed by all in this community. She had during all her whole life been the intimate friend and companion of Mrs. Johnson, living for many years past within a few steps of each other. The cruel shaft of slander dethroned her reason and pierced her heart.

"Great indignation is felt among the good citizens of Greenville." Its object, however, is not the ex-President, but the author and utterers of the infamous and groundless slander, which has caused the death of one of our purest women, sent sorrow and grief to many happy homes, and cast a gloom over the whole community.

Unsolicited, and without consulting either of the injured families, we offer this voluntary tribute of truth to the memory of a virtuous, noble woman, and the character of a distinguished, respected, and esteemed neighbor, most foully saundered; and in justice to the living and the dead, request its publication.

H. H. Ingersoll.
Robert M. McKee.
E. C. Reeves, Editor of Sentinel.
Sam Milligan, Judge U. S. Court of Claims.
James A. Galbraith, former Int. Rev. Collector.
James H. Robinson, Attorney,
Lewis F. Self, former Senator
A. W. Walker, Sheriff of Greene county.
A. H. Pettibone, Ass't U. S. District Attorney.
S. E. Snapp, Mayor of Greenville.
S. V. McCorkle, Pastor of Presbyterian Church.
D. R. Britton, Clerk Circuit Court.
David Seviler, twenty-seven years C. & M.
Robert McCorkle.
Felix A. Reeve, Attorney.
A. M. Piper, Deputy Int. Rev. Col.
Citizens of Greeneville.

A Voice from Radicalism.

We have urged that the South has less to fear from Horace Greeley than from Grant. Opposed to our opinions are a few Democratic journals who say there is no choice between the two for the South. Certain is it that what the Radicals fear most, and strive hardest against, is the success of the men and the measures that look to lifting the yoke from our necks, and the insuring of a Democratic triumph. The New York *Times*—Radical to the core—publishes the proceedings of a "crowded meeting" of the Seventeenth Assembly District Republican Association on the 23d inst. Now read what the said crowded meeting resolves Mr. Greeley to be:

"Whereas, The Cincinnati Convention having nominated as their standard bearer in the coming Presidential campaign the bondsman of the traitor Jeff Davis; and

"Whereas, The loyal people of the country do not think the time has yet arrived to reward traitors and their allies, it is

"Resolved, By the Republican Association of the Seventeeth Assembly District, of New York, that we have entire faith in the integrity and wisdom of our Chief-executive, Gen. U. S. Grant, and that we have not forgoten Vicksburg and Appomattox, and we still love and honor the noble hero who carried our flag from victory to victory and saved the Republic.

"Resolved, That we say to the rebel South now as we said to them before, that we intend to fight it out on this line for four years more and that the Republican party of this district have no affiliation with trading politicians, and those who desire to compromise with the armed forces of our country.

"Resolved, That we believe that the nomination of Horace Greeley was made in the interest of the Democratic party, and as we are for reform we do not propose to assist in any way Tammany Hall thieves or their friends.

Resolved, That in Gratz Brown, for Vice-President, we see a man who (as Governor) cannot control his own State and stop murders, and would not be able to do so with the nation.

Resolved, That this Association, recognizing the ability, patriotism and fearless advocate in its worthy President, Colonel Joel W. Mason, are proud to know that he will represent this district at the Philadelphia Convention, and we respectfully request him to use his best efforts for the nomination, as a candidate for re-election of the honest soldier, U. S. Grant, believing him entitled to our confidence, respect and continued support.

These resolutions were unanimously adopted.

We submit the question: Who offers the most to the South, the nominee on the Liberal platform of the Cincinnati Convention, who is believed by the Radicals to be elected in our interest, or the honest soldier," U. S. Grant, whose supporters breathe forth such enmity as is expressed above, against the South?

The Augusta Constitutionalist.

JACKSONVILLE REPUBLICAN

JACKSONVILLE, ALABAMA.

SATURDAY, JUNE 8th 1872.

☞ **Pursuant to a call of the Democratic Executive Committee of the State, the Democratic State Convention will be held in the City of Montgomery the NINETEENTH of JUNE.**

☞The friends of Hon. Thos. A. Walker, announce his name as a candidate for the Senate from the counties of Cherokee and Calhoun; subject to the action of a nominating convention, should one be held.

☞We give up most of our editorial space, this week, to the "Political State Notes," which we trust will be found interesting.

Senator Goldthwaite has written a a letter favoring the adoption of Greely and Brown by the Democratic party. Messers Dox, Sloss and Handley are said to occupy the same attitude.

Alabama is now entitled to *two* Congressmen at Large.

We return thanks to Hon. Peter M. Dox, our courteous Representative, for a copy of the testimony taken before Ku-Klux Committee.

The Philadelphia *Age* of the 3rd inst. says the Pennsylvania Democratic Convention very properly ignored Mr. Greely Anybody must be very astute who can discern in the platform or in the Delegates to Baltimore, the least concession to the Cincinnati ticket.

OUR FIRE COMPANY, is not large enough, and needs some recruits. The Water Works will soon be completed and the hose here, and we will not have enough men to do effective service should a fire occur. The young men who have already enrolled their names deserve the greatest credit; but we should not expect a few to take upon themselves the duties and responsibilities that develve upon the many. Without a well organized fire company the water works will be of little use to us in fires. Let us then have a full company. Let the business men of the town, who are most directly interested, enroll themselves and give encouragement by so doing to the company. In all towns and cities where such organizations exist, we find such to be the case, and there is no reason why Jacksonville should present an exception to the rule. Firemen are public benefactors and should be encouraged here as elsewhere. Will not every business house in town send some recruits to the fire company?

The Apology for Grant.

[From the Montgomery Advertiser.]

When Mr. Voorhees in his denunciation of Greeley and apology for Grant, declared in the House of Representives that "Grant had only executed bad laws which another man demanded" he forgot the following wicked Message urgently sent by Grant to Congress on the 23rd of March, 1871:

To the Senate and House of Representatives:

A condition of affairs now exists in some of the States of the Union rendering life and property insecure, and the carrying of the mails and the collection of the revenue dangerous. The proof that such a condition of affairs exists in some localities is now before the Senate. That the power to correct these evils is beyond the control of the State authorities I do not doubt. That the power of the executive of the United States, acting within the limits of existing laws, is sufficient for the present emergencies is not clear. Therefore, I urgently recommend such legislation as in the judgment of Congress shall effectually secure life, liberty and property in all parts of the United States.—It may be expedient to provide that such law as shall be passed in pursuance of this recommendation shall expire at the end of the next session of Congress. There is no other subject on which I would recommend legislation during the present session.

U. S. GRANT.

In consequence of this false and insidious Message all the Enforcement acts and Ku-klux Legislation were ushered into their hell-born life. The Bill giving the power to suspend the Habeas Corpus and proclaim Martial Law until the next 4th of March, in order that the election polls might be controlled by bayonets in a dozen States, passed by the Senate and happily killed in the House, was based on this Message. With what truth then can Mr. Voorhees make his apologetic assertion for Grant. It is certain that he by his Message, first originated and then executed most cruelly in the Carolinas the diabolic Ku-klux acts.

BEAT MEETING.—Pursuant to call of the Beat Democratic Executive Committee, the Citizens of Beat No. 1, met in the Court House, the 3rd day of June, 1872.

On motion, Hon. M. J. Turnley was called to the chair, and L. W. Grant requested to act as Secretary.

On motion, six Delegates were appointed to represent the Beat in the County Convention to be held in Jacksonville June the 8th, whose names are as follows: W. H. Forney, John H. Caldwell, E. T. Read, Thos. A. Walker, Wm. M. Hames and G. B. Douthit. On motion the name of the Chairman was was added to the list of delegates.

By unanamous vote of the Convention, E. T. Read, G. B. Douthit and H. L. Stevenson, were continued as the Executive Committee of the Beat.

M. J. TURNLEY, Chairman.

L. W. GRANT, Sec'y.

Congress protracts its session till the 10th inst. There is to be another struggle to get through the Bayonet bill, on which Grant now centres all his hopes of re-election. Let every Democrat, let every man in the House, who is true to American institutions, be vigilant and firm in his resistance to this villainy.

Philadelphia Age.

POLITICAL STATE NOTES.

Hon. F. S. Lyon is the first choice of the Demopolis *Bigbee News* for Governor, but is is understood he will not run. The *News* hoists the following State ticket: For Governor, Thos. A. Walker; for Lieut. Governor, Thos. H. Herndon; for Secretary of State, J. J. Parker; for Attorney General, John W. A. Sanford; for Auditor, Jas. A. Young; for Treasurer, J. F. Grant; for Superintendent of Public Instruction, Joseph Hodgson; for Congress at Large, Jos. W. Taylor.

Col. Wm. W. Garth, of Madison, is the choice of the Decatur *News* for Congress.

J. G. Harrison is the choice of the Marion *Commonwealth* and the Shelby County *Guide* for Congress from the 4th District.

A Crenshaw correspondent of the Montgomery *Advertiser*, says that Wm. H. Barnes and J. M. Whitehead, editor of the Greenville Thinker are each spoken of favorably for Governor in that county.

One of the Camden, (Wilcox county,) newspapers hoists as its ticket, Col. C. C. Langdon for Governor; R. H. Dawson for Congress at Large; Brutus Howard for Congress 1st District.

A correspondent of the Greenville *South Alabamian* puts out the following ticket: For Governor, E. H. Moren, of Bibb; for Lieut. Governor, W. H. Crenshaw, of Butler; for Auditor, Jefferson Faulkner, of Montgomery; for Congress at Large, Wm. H. Barnes, of Lee.

A correspondent of the Elyton *Independent* recommends W. R. Smith for Governor.

The Wilcox *Vindicator* runs up C. C. Langdon for Governor.

Pr. G. T. Deason, of Jefferson, is mentioned for Congress from the 6th District.

The Talladega *News* hoists the name of Mr. Handley for Congress from the 3rd District. It is also authorized to state that Mr. A. W. Plowman will be brought before the county convention for the nomination as Representative from Talladega county.

A meeting in Shelby county brings forward R. B. Lewis for Governor.

The Talladega *Reporter* is for Gen. L. W. Lawler for Governor.

A Russell county correspondent of the Montgomery *Advertiser*, presents the name of Hon. J. F. Waddell, of Russell, for Congress from the 3rd District.

A correspondent of the Montgomery *Advertiser* writing from Autauga county says that most of the people of that county endorse the administration of Governor Lindsay, and stand ready and willing to support him again, if nominated.

The Eufaula *News* wants W. C. Oates for Governor.

A Clark county correspondent of the Mobile *Tribune* wants Price Williams, of Mobile for Governor. The *Tribune* says editorially, "our Clark county friend may rest assured that Col. Price Williams will not be overlooked, as his former residence in Sumter county and his prominence in this city for the last 20 years as one of our most successful merchants, and now 'President of the Board of Trade,' will very certainly place his name among those to be considered."

A correspondent of the Talladega *Watch-tower* thinks that Alex. White will be the Radical candidate for Congress from the 3rd District, and that Hon. Taul Bradford is the man to oppose him. The same correspondent suggests the name of Hon. Wm. H. Thomas, of Talladega, for State Treasurer.

Another correspondent of the *Watch-tower* presents the name of Hon. Jno. T. Heflin, of Talladega, as a suitable man for Governor.

Another correspondent of the *Watch-tower* wants Mr. Street, of Clay, in the Senate from Clay and Talladega; next to Mr. Street, Judge Wm. H. Thornton. He wants Talladega's "Great Commoner." Col. Bradford, at his post in the House. Pr. M. G. Slaughter, according to the correspondent, has also been thought of for the Senate, and Capt Joe McCann, for the House.

A correspondent of the Birmingham *Sun* favors the nomination of Hon. T. J. Burnett for Auditor.

A correspondent of the North Port *Spectator* brings forward the name of Hon. E. A. Powell, of Tuscaloosa, for Congress at Large.

The Cherokee *Advertiser* of June 6th contains a communication signed "Many Friends of Cherokee" addressed to Hon. Thos. A. Walker, in which, after noticing the communication in the JACKSONVILLE REPUBLICAN calling him out says, in relation to the office of Governor, "If you aspire to that position, you may safely rely upon an almost unanimous support of Cherokee. You are pre-eminently the man for the times and the people are the judges!" We may publish the communication entire next week.

A correspondent of the Cherokee *Advertiser* pays a high and deserved compliment to Hon. J. J. Parker and hopes the Cherokee delegation may go to Montgomery instructed to vote for his re-nomination.

The Birmingham *Sun* still keeps up the name of Gen. Pettus for Governor and will do so until the convention, in the hope that he will accept, if nominated.

The Gadsden *Times* is for Gov. Lindsay for Congress at Large.

A correspondent of the Talladega *News* suggests Rev. T. A. Cook, of Talladega county, for Superintendent of Public Instruction.

G. A. Joiner of the Talladega *Watch-tower* is brought out by his friends for the Legislature.

The Shelby *Guide* has up the following ticket: For Governor, Thos. A. Walker; for Lieut. Governor, Thos H. Herndon; for Secretary of State, J. J. Parker; for Treasurer, Dan'l Crawford, of Coosa; for Auditor, M. M. Cooke, of Montgomery; for Superintendent of Public Instruction, W. H. Meredith, of Shelby; for Congress at Large, Taul Bradford, of Talladega.

The Talladega *News* hoists the name of Gen. Levi W. Lawler for Governor.

The Oxford *Chronicle* is for Judge T. A. Walker for Governor, since it is understood Governor Lindsay will not be before the Convention.

The Evergreen *Observer* is for Col. Jolly for Congress at Large.

The Lowndes County Convention sends 100 delegates to Montgomery. The 1st Resolution declares unfaltering fidelity to the Constitution; the 2nd denounces the enforcement acts of Congress, the 3rd expresses full confidence in the Montgomery Convention, and pledges the county to abide its action; the 4th hails with satisfaction Amnesty; the 5th recommends that nominations at Montgomery be deferred until later in the campaign; the 6th deems it unwise at this juncture to nominate candidates for the two houses of the Legislature.

The Hayneville *Examiner* has a strong impression that Hon. C. C. Langdon will be nominated for Governor.

TELEGRAPHIC RESUME

JUNE 1.—Logan spoke in Senate in favor of Grant's administration. Sumner spoke and skinned Grant alive.

Female College at Selbyville, Kentucky, burned.

James Gordon Bennett dead.

The Supreme Court, of Florida, have decided that Bloxam, (Conservative) is the legal Lieutenant Governor, in place of Day. Bloxam has been sworn in and itpis all night with Day.

The Pennsylvania Democracy plants itself upon the Constitution, Jackson's Farewell Address and Jefferson's Inaugural Address. No allusion made to Greeley and Brown ticket.

JUNE 2.—Congress has agreed to prolong the session to June 10th.

Insurgent forces of Mexico in Monterey. Government forces before the city and will attack it.

No solution as yet to the Washington treaty muddle.

JUNE 3.—Spanish advices indicate an early release of Dr. Howard, the American citizen, so brutally treated by the Spanish-Cuban authorities.

A uniform tax of 20 cents on tobacco is probable.

Primary Democratic elections to Baltimore Convention in Missouri, show large majority in favor of Greeley.

Trevino attempted to evacuate Monterey, was attacked and routed.

JUNE 4.—The Greeley ratification meeting in New York immense. Trumbull writes a letter to the meeting favoring Greeley. Gen. Imboden says the opposition to Greeley in Virginia is too feeble to provoke a campaign.

The Democracy Convention at Los Angeles, California, has declared for Greeley.

A special dispatch says that Trevino, the insurgent leader, rallied his troops and utterly defeated the Government troops at Monterey.

In the House the bill distributing quota of arms to the Insurrectionary States from 1862 to 1869, passed.

Another bill removing disabilities, passed.

In the Methodist Conference, Rev. Dr. Fuller offered a resolution to establish a colored conference in the territory now occupied by the Georgia and Alabama Conferences. After some discussion the resolution was tabled.

In the International Typographical Union, which is in session at Richmond, Virginia, a resolution recommending subordinate unions to open their sessions with prayer was animatedly discussed and finally rejected.

The editor of the Paris *Rappel* and Paul de Cassagnac fought a duel. Editor wounded.

JUNE 5.—In the House the bill relieving the disabilities of certain citizens of Alabama passed.

In the General Conference of M. E. Church North the committee on the state of the church reported that all differences between this church and the Methodist Church South, were harmoniously settled and they proposed a committee to confer with the leaders of the Church South, to bring about fraternal relations between the two churches. Several delegates spoke in favor of this project. The report was unanimously adopted by a rising vote.

Mass meeting in New York to ratify nominations of Greeley and Brown. Meeting large and enthusiastic.

JUNE 6.—The opposition in the Lower House of Congress, argued that payment of Southern mail service, before the war, would be the entering wedge to pensioning Southern soldiers and paying Southern war debt.

National Republican Convention met at Philadelphia; Thos. H. Settle, of North Carolina was elected President and Convention adjourned until to-morrow.

During the day speeches were made by Morton, Logan, Gerritt, Smith, Gov. Oglesby, Jno. A. Gray, a colored delegate from Arkansas, and others all of them in warm eulogy of Grant, who it is declared will be nominated by acclamation. There is intense excitement over the Vice-Presidency. The friends of Wilson and Colfax are both working with the greatest vim. On the question of platform it is said that the only diversity of opinion that exists is on the tariff.

The Convention has a Vice-President from each State, Paul Strabach being the one from Alabama, W. V. Turner is the Secretary from Alabama and Henry F. Pickles from Mobile.

The International Typographical Union adopted a resolution condemning the practice of making religious or political sentiments qualification or disqualification for employment. All subordinate Unions are recommended to admit female printers on same footing as males. A resolution was adopted fixing time of apprenticeship four years.

JUNE 7.—It is announced that Secretary Fish has resigned.

Wilson's friends are sanguine that he will be nominated on the second ballot.

Grant has been nominated.

Returns from the Oregon election indicate a Republican victory.

NEW YORK:—Gold, $1,14⅛. Cotton (middlings) 27cts.

A most remarkable crowd assembled two or three weeks since in Paris, before the Ministry of Justice. There were all the executioners in France. It had been determined that for the whole Republic there should be only one headsman, and each of these skillful operators hoped to secure the proud position. In all there were thirty of them—artists whose business it was to cut off heads; and yet it is said that a milder looking set of men was never gathered together. Most of them had been apprenticed to their beautiful business in early boyhood, and each looked to the coveted appointment as to what A. Ward calls "a sweet boon." We believe France is the only country in the world in which the executioner is not *ex-officio* disreputable.

A gentleman ought not to whistle in a printing office.

A DIABOLICAL CONSPIRACY.

Selma to be Burned and Her Prominent Citizens Assassinated—The Foul Work Already Inaugurated.

The following from the Selma *Times* of a late date will explain itself. We are particularly pleased with the last part of the *Times'* answer:

SELMA, May 30, 1872.

COL. S. J. SAFFOLD, EDITOR TIMES:

In your editorial comments on an article from the *Mobile Register*, this morning, you refer to an incendiary document in your possession, and state that the author is well known. As this is a matter that vitally interests every man, woman and child in this community, self-protection warrants every man in asking the name of the public enemy, that we may be always prepared, and vigilant against him at sight.

With the greatest confidence in your judgment, and a willingness to defer to it, as to the right or wrong of giving his name to the public, I join with others in asking for the information.

CITIZEN.

In reply to "Citizen," we will state that the matter is in the hands of several of the best citizens of the city, and has been for several days. We are following their judgment—in direct opposition to our own—in withholding the name of the party who has made the effort to obtain incendiaries and assassins, to burn the houses and assassinate several of our prominent citizens. In this connection, we state that circumstances tend to show that Captain R. H. English's house was set on fire by the paid scoundrel of the same party. The shot that came so near killing the estimable lady of Maj. J. C. Compton, and which was, doubtless, intended for him, is explained in this letter, to say nothing of the threat that was made, by unknown parties, the night of the burning of Capt. English's residence, and, of which we, at the time, told several of our friends, that "our time would be next." "Citizen" may rest assured, that if anything occurs in the shape of assassination or incendiarism, several parties, all in collusion, will be found swinging to the lamp posts of the city.

Leroy G. Weaver Writes to Mobile for "smart Rascals" to do his Hellish Work.

"Fear and Money Control the World."

"When Thieves Fall out Honest Men get their Rues."

The Swindling and Embezzling Ring Attempt to Bully and Intimidate the People of Selma and Dallas County.

House Burning and Murder the Order of the Day.

What Say the People???

[From the Selma Times, June 4th.]

It has been known for some time past by a few of the most influential and prudent citizens of this city, that an attempt had been made to procure assassins and incendiaries from neighboring cities to come here and kill some of our prominent citizens, and to burn their houses. How we came in possession of the document that develops this diabolical and hellish effort, and which we append below, concerns no one but the guilty fiend who wrote it. But we will state, for the benefit of the public, that it has been by a happy combination of fortunate circumstances, that even "smart rascals" and diabolically inclined parties cannot prevent. The hand writing has been identified by the best men in the city who are familiar with the hand-writing of this fiend, who would hire "smart rascals" to kill men, simply because they have discharged their duty to their city, county and State. Judge Cooney, Judge Brooks, Judge Heflin, Gen. Pettus, Col. Dawson, Mayor Dedman, Wm. White, Cashier of Selma Savings Bank, Menzo Watson and others will swear to the hand-writing. They have each seen the letter, and have pronounced upon the genuineness of the document. Personally, we have never exchanged a dozen words with the author of this letter. His social and moral status are well are well known in this community, and his conduct has forfeited the esteem and confidence, that his family association, wealth and capacity would have entitled him to. He has been a strong card with Radical officials in this county, for he was a man of immense means, as compared to other men, after the war, having inherited a large patrimony; and through his wealth many of the official bonds for the Radicals have been made.

We call the attention of our citizens to the fact that J. C. Compton, Esq., the attorney for Dallas county, brought suit against Leroy G. Weaver as the bondsman of J. C. Timberlake, former tax collector, who is charged with embezzling forty thousand dollars of county funds, on the ELEVENTH DAY OF APRIL. On the night of the THIRTEENTH a shot was fired from the side-walk, between Major Hardie's residence and the residence of J. H. Robinson, on Broad street, at J. C. Compton's room. The ball was aimed a little too low and lodged in the window sill, penetrating about three inches. The estimable lady of Major Compton was sitting by the window, with the blinds closed, reading. An elevation of two inches and the shot would have done the murderous work of the assassin, except that it would have killed a most estimable lady instead of her esteemed husband. The letter that we publish below was written on the THIRTEENTH, the day the shot was fired, and bears the *Selma Postmark* of the 14th of April. The man to whom it was addressed may have done wrong in other respects, but we do not believe that he was ever intended to do such hellish work as to hire assassins and incendiaries to kill his fellow-citizens, and to burn their houses, at the dead hour of night. He has many friends here who regret his misfortunes, and may be his crimes, but we do not believe that the bitterest enemy Frank Bradley has, believes him capable of such diabolical conduct as the writer of the letter below believed him to be capable of. It can be proved by prominent men in this city, that L. G. Weaver has said that a certian able and distinguished lawyer, who has been acting as associate counsel in the prosecution of these embezzlers, should be assassinated. Threats of like character have been made in reference to other men. Dr. Locke, we think, has heard as much, and we are informed that Col. Murphy, of Montgomery, has been heard to say as much. Even on yesterday, L. G. Weaver said "that all this was political persecution (God save the mark), and that he forwarded each copy of the Selma *Times* to headquarters at Washington, and that he would have a company of soldiers brought here immediately."

We call attention to another fact, that our citizens may thoroughly understand this matter. The night that Captain English's residence was burned, it was self-evident that it was the work of an incendiary. If our citizens will revert to the time, they will remember that we were quite sick, and confined at home, with violent attacks of neuralgia, for several days. While we wrote the editorials of the paper, Captain English edited the local column. He wrote several paragraphs in reference to the arrest of the embezzlers. The burning of his residence was the result. The night that his house was set fire to, we got up from a bed of sickness, went to where he was, afterwards came to our office, and, after 2 o'clock A. M., wrote the notice that appeared next morning in reference to the fire. Soon after getting home, two or three men, unknown to us, came by our residence and said, loud enough to be heard by Mrs. Saffold and a young lady spending the night with her: "G—d d—n him, his time will come next!" We mentioned the fact next day to several of our personal friends. Among the number, Gen'l Shelley, Dr. J. C. Clarke, Dr. Kent, Captain English, and others. Who the parties were we do not know, but we state the facts, and will let an impartial public say in what direction the circumstances point.

In the letter annexed will be found the term "ring" employed. The question will arise in the minds of all, who is meant by the ring? We do not know. But Judge Cooley and Captain William E. Beard made the first effort for the investigation, that has developed the stupendous frauds; we urged the investigation most strenuously, and demanded the prosecution of the embezzlers repeatedly through the columns of Selma *Times*. Solicitor John and his associate counsel have prosecuted the matter with determined energy and signal ability; while J. C. Compton, Esq., as attorney of the county, put the capstone on, when he instituted a suit to recover from the bondsmen of the former tax collector the amount of funds stolen from the county. When he brought action the weight was felt, and the theory was advanced that "fear and money control the world," and Major J. C. Compton's life was attempted to see whether the theory would hold good.

We have now, as a journalist, performed our duty to the public. The only comment that we make is, that if the people intend that men in their employ, and doing their duty to them, shall be bullied and threatened by men guilty of almost every crime known to the code, then they may expect to be robbed, murdered and plundered, and in our judgment they deserve it.

FRANK BRADLEY, ESQ.,
CARE OF W. P. ENGLAND,
MOBILE, ALA.
April 13, 1872.

F. BRADLEY: Can you get in N. O. or M., a smart rascal and send him to me and make an advance? If so appraise me by letter, and I can lighten up things for you and all concerned, in a few days. Go to N. O. yourself if you have not the article in M. It is absolutely necessary, and a great saving of time, and of expense and danger. Answer on receipt of this, and direct to Elias Brown, Selma, my care. Yours,
L.

Send two if you can get them—they are cheap now.

Notices and summons were served on Timberlake's bondsmen yesterday, for deficit of forty thousand dollars, by the County Attorney, Compton, $40,000 each, there being two of them making $80,000. Myself, Sevier, Gunnels, Rice, on one, and myself, V. G. Weaver and Sevier on the other. Your securities will be sued in a few days with Morgans. Send me those rascals, and I will set them to work. Fear and money govern the world. It is time to break this d—d ring. Had you not better come up a day?

As an impartial recorder of events, we give below the card of Mr. Weaver, in reply to the article above.

Card From L. G. Weaver.

SELMA, June 4th, 1872.

Col. S. J. Saffold, Editor Selma Times:

DEAR SIR:—The publication made in your issue of this morning, under its startling sensational caption, referring to myself *by name* as the author of a letter signed "L.," and the diabolical plot to burn houses and assassinate people, is before me, and I ask the courtesy due me under the circumstances, of a publication in your paper of the subjoined reply.

I utterly deny the authorship of the letter, published under date of the 13th of April, addressed to "Mr. Frank Bradley, Mobile," and brand it as a base fabrication, so-called experts to the contrary notwithstanding. I maintain the position that an offence, of the grave character charged, if supportable before the Courts of the country, should be referred to those tribunals, and not be prejudged by the premature publication in the most *sensational* form, of *mere assumptins as facts*, thereby prejudicing the cause of the wronged and accused before an already *excited* community.

This letter signed "L." I am informed, was inspected by the Grand Jury of the Circuit Court, during the last term, and was put aside as having no legal force and value and it is now published to bolster up evil and false evidence in the future, or injure me without cause, before the community. Should it therefore have moral force?

Assuming the ill founded charges to be correct, the editor has stepped aside from his political premises, to indulge in vituperative reflections upon my general character and social status. Blended with the foregoing comes in an allusion to the political party of which I profess to be a member and any discredit which may be thrown upon that great and predominant party in the United States, through a personal attack upon its members, only serves to show the weakness of its opponents, whose dissolution feebleness will be heralded to us, in a few days, from the National Convention now assembled in Philadelphia.

In the pursuit of Justice legally, let us leave political partisanship out of the question. The service I have rendered the Republican party in Dallas county, as bondsman for several of its officers elect, were only such as Democrats *themselves* are and have been in the habit of rendering to *their own* party under similar circumstances.

A mere reliance on the conjectural identification of any given hand writing, by those usually considered experts in chirography, even for the uncharitable purpose of resting a base suspicion upon an individual, is itself bad enough; but when the very fountain of justice is sought to be poisoned at its source by such an illusory reliance, what are we to think of the times in which we live, and the dangerous element by which we are surrounded?

Have we not recently seen in a neighboring State large sums of money drawn out of banks, themselves watched over by the keen-eyed sentinals of their interests, by the forgeries so well executed as to baffle even the detection of their professional experts? And are not the records of the courts of all countries filled with such multiplied instances of *temporary* success?

As to Mr. English and Mr. Compton, I certainly entertain no unkind feelings towards them; the one simply discharging his duties as an editor and the other those of a counsellor.

As to the charge of embezzlement—or any other crime—those are matters as yet "subjudice," and of which I have every confidence of proving my innocence.

All I ask is a suspension of public opinion, of judgment, until the further developments can be elicited before the Courts.

L. G. WEAVER.

ANOTHER FIRE!

BROAD STREET ABLAZE.

LOSS NOT LESS THAN FIFTY THOUSAND DOLLARS!!

From the Selma Times, June 5th.

Our city was again visited by another disastrous fire about one o'clock this morning. The fire, the origin of which is unknown, was first discovered in the wooden building occupied by, and belonging to Jos. Meyer & Son, the flames from which soon communicated to the three story brick building belonging to Mr. Amos Lloyd, and occupied by Greil & Kohn. In this building were also sleeping apartments and law offices. Among the latter, were White & Boynton, whose loss was considerable, a valuable library being consumed. The third, story owned by Selma Fraternal Lodge No. 37, the jewels, furniture, etc., of which were saved. Greil & Kohn lost heavily in goods, which were only partially covered by insurance. The entire building was consumed. Loss about $11,000, insurance $4,000. Three wooden buildings adjoining that of Jos. Meyer & Son, two of which belonged to Henry Cochran and occupied by Mrs. L. G. Weaver as a millinery store, and Phillip Keip as a grocery store, and another belonging to Mrs. Jordan, and occupied by Wise & Browie as a tin shop, were also consumed. Loss not known. The goods in the three last mentioned houses were nearly all saved. Nothing was saved from the houses of Joseph Meyer & Son, Mr. Marcus Meyer and his clerk barely having time to escape from the second story window, after discovering that the house was on fire. Their loss is not known.

The house occupied by Adler and Seigle, and owned by B. Eliasburg, was considerably damaged in the roof.

At the hour of midnight, it is impossible to ascertain the losses, or the amounts of insurance, but it is estimated that fifty thousand dollars will not more than cover the damaged.

The Fire Department turned out in full force, and did noble work; the Mechanic's deserve especial mention here for the promptness with which they responded, and the short time they were in getting to work. It would be unfair to discriminate when all worked so nobly, and through the combined efforts of whom the entire block north of Alabama street was probably saved. The Phœnix, Hook and Ladder, and the Central City Fire Company were promptly on hand, and worked manfully, especially the latter, their engine throwing the first water upon the roof of the burning building.

The lateness of the hour precludes a very accurate report of the fire and the losses this morning.

It was reported in the city yesterday, that the stables, outhouses and several mules, on the plantation of Mr. L. G. Weaver, at Weaver's woodyard, were burned on Tuesday night last. It is supposed to have been the work of an incendiary, the fire having broken out in three different places.

Selma Times, June 6th.

CORRESPONDENCE.

The Homestead and Exemption Laws.

DEAR REPUBLICAN: I have read the REPUBLICAN for over thirty years, and have written few communications for the paper; but now having a subject on my mind that I think of great interest to all classes, both rich and poor, high and low, I desire space to say a few words upon it.

I am now and have ever been opposed to exemptions, to the extent allowed by the laws of Alabama, and am opposed to it from many considerations. It may be said that money on the brain is the cause of my opposition, which, of course, I deny. There are other reasons why I should and why every man should be opposed to it, which I propose to show. In the first place, I oppose the law because it is inconsistent and dishonest in its spirit. It is inconsistent because the law provides that a creditor may sue the debtor, obtain a judgment, have an execution issued, levy on property by the proper officers and make for the creditor what he is justly and honestly entitled to collect. This is all right. This is a just law and one approbated by the laws of Heaven. God says, "pay what thou owest—owe no man anything," &c. This law was made from pure and honest motives; but we have another law which says, "you shall not collect your debt, unless your debtor happens to be worth over thirty-five hundred or four thousand dollars;" a rare thing in most neighborhoods of this country. Is it not inconsistent with common sense to pass a law making debts collectable and on the same statute book say that you shall not collect them?

It is not an honest law, for several reasons. First because it was not made by nor for honest men, for I conclude that an honest man would not receive the benefit of it, and therefore would not pass such a law. I hold that, in a moral sense, the man is just as guilty that buys his neighbor's horse, corn or any other commodity, and intentionally fails to pay his neighbor, as if he had gone in the darkness of night and stolen it. He has received from his neighbor something for nothing, and tell me if there is any difference? I hold that if there is any difference, the one that buys is most guilty; because he has taken his neighbor's property and also betrayed his confidence. Disguise it as you may, you cannot find a name for such an act so appropriate as "stealing." Many become involved in debt and cannot meet their obligations promptly. I do not charge many such with dishonest motives, for I am well assured that thousand become involved with honest, pure motives, and from the subsequent tide of events are not able to meet their obligations, and sincerely desire to do so. Such men are willing that their property, be it much or little, be liable for the satisfaction of their just debts; but while this is the case, are there not thousands who contract debts with the felonious intention at the time never to pay? It is of the latter I speak, and for such the law has been passed, and *they* only desire to be the beneficiaries of the law. Is it an honest and just law that licences a man to thus defraud his neighbor, leaving him no remedy? The answer is plain. As the law now stands, a man worth three thousand dollars may buy one hundred dollars worth of property from a man not worth five or even two hundred dollars, and yet no remedy is left whereby the poor man may recover from that comparatively rich man his just dues. Is this a just law? I propose in a future communication to show that this law is against the interest of the poor man; and that thousands are made slaves by its effects, who could and would be free were it not in existence. I will also show that credit is capital and without capital that we cannot make a comfortable living for our families nor command respect for ourselves. J.

OBITUARY.

DIED, after an illness of 21 days, of disease of the lungs and brain, on the 18th day of May, 1872, LOUISA CATHERINE, wife of DR. B. S. EVINS, of White Plains.

Deceased was born in Wilkes County, Ga. on the 20th day of July 1825, but at a very early age removed with her parents to this (then Benton) county, where she resided until the time of her death. At the age of fifteen years she professed religion and joined the M. E. Church, of which she continued a consistent member, her whole life from that date being one beautiful exemplification of the truth and beauty of that religion. She leaves six children and a husband to mourn her irreparable loss. May God, in his infinite mercy, give them grace sufficient unto this, the day of their trouble.

ROME HOTEL,

Formerly Tennessee House.

J. A. STANSBURY, Proprietor.

ROME, - - GEORGIA.

NEAR the Railroad, convenient to the Wharf, and in the business part of the City. Has been re-fitted and re-furnished throughout. All baggage handled free of charge.

GEO. A. RAINWATER, Clerk.

THE STATE OF ALABAMA,
COUNTY CALHOUN.

Probate Court, June the 6th 1872.

Carolino Norman, Dec'd Estate of

THIS day came John D. Hoke, Executor of the last will of said deceased and filed his statement, accounts, vouchers and evidence for a final settlement of said Estate. It is ordered that the 1st day of July, 1872 be appointed a day on which to make such settlement, at which time all persons interested can appear and contest the said settlement, if they think proper.

A. WOODS,
Judge of Probate.

Sheriff's Sale.

To satisfy one *fifa* in my hands against A. J. McGuire, and in favor of Ellis & Caldwell, Wm. H. Forney, Wm. R. Hubbard and E. L. Woodward, I will proceed to sell to the highest bidder for cash before the court house door in the town of Jacksonville on the first Monday in July next, all of A. J. McGuire's interest in the following discribed land, to-wit: East half of South-east fourth of section thirty-five, and the west half of south-west fourth of section thirty-six, township fourteen range eight.

C. P. REID,
Sheriff.

June 1st, 1872.—5t. $6.

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BLOOD PURIFIER
Is a powerful Tonic, specially adapted for use in Spring, when the LANGUID and DEBILITATED system needs strength and vitality: it will give vigor to the feeble, strength to the weak, animation to the dejected, actively to the sluggish, rest to the weary, quiet to the nervous, and health to the infirm.
It is a South American plant, which, according to the medical and scientific periodicals of London and Paris possesses the MOST POWERFUL tonic properties known to Materia Medica, and is well known in its native country as having wonderful curitive qualities and has been long used as a SPECIFIC in an all cases of IMPURITIES OF THE BLOOD, DERANGEMENT OF THE LIVER and SPLEEN, TUMORS, DROPSY, POVERTY of the BLOOD, DEBILITY, WEAKNESS of the INTESTINES, UTERINE or URINARY ORGANS.
Dr Wells Extract of Jurubeba
It is strengthening and nourishing. Like nutricious food taken into the stomach, it assimilates and diffuses itself through the circulation, giving vigor and health.
It regulates the *bowels, quiets the nerves*, acts directly on the secretive organs, and, by its powerful *Tonic* and restoring effects, produces *healthy* and *vigorous* action to the whole system.
J. Q. KELLOGG, 18 Platt St., N. York, Sole Agent for the United States.
☞Price One Dollar per Bottle. Send for Circular. 1w—D

E. L. WOODWARD'S
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COTTON RAGS, DRY
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ROSE & CO.
WHOLESALE
LIQUOR DEALERS,
SELMA——————ALABAMA.

Dr. C. C. Porter,
DENTIST.
Office: East of Rowan's Store.

TWO nice rooms—one for operative and the other for Mechanical Dentistry, a fine Silk Plush and Spring bottom Operating chair. Just received a new supply of Dental instruments and materials.—Tooth powders, Mouth washes, Tooth soap, and indeed everything necessary to success. So come one, come all; I will do the very best for you I can, and for as little money as possible.
April 20th, 1872.—tf.

Ned Allen, Esq., living near Ball Play in this county, aged 91 years, professed religion and was baptised two or three weeks ago.

Mrs. Rowland has shown to us a most beautiful cake presented her by Messrs. Bennett & Rhea, of Gadsden. Our people might order from them any day.

C. C. McAlister, has added from time to time to the stock of the Dollar Store, until it has become the most showy and attractive store room in town. He is constantly receiving new supplies of goods, and his one price of a dollar is cheap for anything in the house. People miss bargains by not looking into the DOLLAR STORE more frequently.

A merchant of a neighboring town, after a fair comparison between the Bacon market of Montgomery and Jacksonville, found that, taking into consideration the freight from Montgomery to his place of business, he could buy cheaper here and did buy here.

We have been showu a stalk of cotton from the place of T. K. Cook, which is 17 inches high and has 13 squares. This beats anything.

A CARD.

The Hon. Thos. Hardeman of Macon, will deliver a literary address at the commencement of the Rome Female College, Rome, Ga., on the 13th of June. The Hon. A. R. Wright will deliver an address to the Ladies who have been educated in Rome since 1845, on the 12th of June. To these addresses and to the examination of the classes of the college, the attention of the public is respectfully invited.

J. M. M. CALDWELL, Pres.

POST OAK LOCALS.

DEAR REPUBLICAN:—I did think after the 'Critic's' persuasive hint, not to say anything of our flourishing little neighborhood; but after reading the reply of Successor I feel somewhat better. Our's is a quiet community, but still, some very stirring events occasionally come up. We have one Church (Baptist) which is largely attended and which has an increasing membership. We have a choir now on foot, and predict its success, as it is being conducted by Mr. M. Glenn, who possesses five vocal powers. I sincerely regret to say we have no Sunday school. Hope, however, some of our deserving neighbors will see and feel the importance of such an organization and go to work. Let us have a Sabbath school.

Our crops in general are very good, especially wheat, which will average ten bushels to the acre. Corn is promising, though farmers find trouble in getting stands. The budworm is playing havoc with cotton. Oats indifferent, owing to continued drouth.

MIZPAH.

SKETCH OF MR. BUCKALEW.

Charles R. Buckalew, the gentleman selected by the Democratic Convention of Pennsylvania, yesterday, for the position of Governor, is a man of the first reputation, not only in his own State but throughout the nation. Born in Columbia County, Penn., in 1821, and in 1843 was admitted to the practice of law before the bar of his native State. He filled the office of District-Attorney for his county between 1846 and 47, and in 1850 entered the State Senate, where he remained for six years, serving mean time as a National Commissioner to ratify a treaty with Paraguay. In 1857, he served as chairman of the State Democratic Committee, and was appointed to revise the Penal Code of his State. These positions were relinquished to accept the place of Minister Resident in Ecuador, on Mr. Buchanan's appointment. He remained abroad but a short time, and in 1863 was elected United States Senator by the Pennsylvania Legislature, and on all the war issues acted with the Republican party. His term expiring in 1869, he returned to his law practice, until returned to the State Senate two years ago.

N. Y. Tribune, May 31.

A little boy was sentenced in the criminal court, yesterday, to three years' confinement in the State Reform School, for stealing twenty-five cents from the toe of his mother's stocking. The jury had no hesitation in making up their verdict, but did their duty manfully, and, for three years, have saved the maternal hose from the depredations of this abandoned ruffian. While we are always disposed to rejoice whenever the majesty of the law is so signally vindicated as it was in this case, and society is protected from its dangerous enemies, our rejoicing is somewhat tempered by the fact that the murderers in our midst can go unhanged. There is encouragement, however, in the punishment of this abandoned twenty-five cent wretch. Who shall say that the time may not yet come when a convicted murderer can be sentenced in Chicago,—perhaps even receive a sentence as severe as that of the depraved miscreant who stole twenty-five cents from the toe of his mother's stocking?—*Chicago Tribune, May* 31st.

John H. Haberlein, editor of the Kansas *Free Press*, has resigned his position as Delegate to the Philadelphia Convention, and announced his intention to support the Liberal ticket. He is a very influential man, especially among the Germans.

Gov. Shorter is Dead.

The most melancholly duty that has ever come within the province of the writer since his connection with the public press, is imposed by the death of our universally honored and beloved citizen, Ex-Governor John Gill Shorter. He died at his residence in this city at fifty minutes after one o'clock Wednesday morning the 29th inst.

Gov. Shorter was born in Monticello, Jasper county, Georgia, on the 23d of April, 1818, and was at the time of his death fifty-four years, one month and six days old. He removed with his parents to this city in 1827. Having laid the foundation for a substantial intellectual structure, he was sent to Franklin College, now the University of Georgia, where he graduated with honors in 1836. He subsequently, addressed himself to the study of law, and was admitted to practice in this Circuit before Judge A. Martin and Chancellor A. Crenshaw, in September 1838, before having attained the age of twenty-one years. The native integrity of the young barrister in connection with his superior legal and literary attainments did not fail to secure lucrative business in his profession. He was elected to the State Senate in 1845, and in 1851 to the House of Representatives. The latter success was a signal triumph of worth over the political prejudices of the opposite party which was, at that time, largely in the majority. In 1852 he was appointed Judge of the 8th Judicial Circuit vice Judge Goldthwaite who had been raised to the Supreme bench of the State. At the end of the unexpired term he was elected to the same position and at the expiration of that term was replaced on the bench by a people who placed no small value upon the services of an incorruptible and profound jurist. After secession, Gov. Shorter was elected by the State Convention a member of the Provisional Congress that organized the Provisional Government of the Confederate States. He retired from that position to fill the Gubernatorial Chair of Alabama, to which he was called by the people of the State in 1861.

Gov. Shorter became a member of the Baptist Church while only fourteen years of age, and a brighter member never illuminated the precincts of any sanctuary. On the 4th of January, 1843, he was united in marriage with Miss Mary Jane Battle, daughter of Dr. Cullen Battle, who now survives him and mourns the loss of one whose worth was far beyond all computation. Her tears, however, are mingled with those of innumerable others.

Ill does it become us to attempt a tribute to the memory and worth of this good man. As one might stand and gaze in silence at some towering mountain that hid its head above the skies, so do we contemplate the pyramid of virtues taken from us. He was known throughout the State and country, and it was his heart as well as his brain that made him known. In the practice of his profession he clung to the most exalted ideas of integrity and uprightness. No consideration could seduce him from these. No client could expect him to warp and distort facts or the law, nor disappoint the ends of justice. He was a champion of justice, and while he bent all of his energies to the interests of those for whom he acted as counsel, he did it because he believed that the *right* lingered with them. As a Judge he was above reproach. He probably served on the bench of this Circuit longer than any other man ever did or will, and this we think, speaks volumes for the profound jurist, the upright Judge. As a statesman he had few peers. During his administration of the affairs of the State there were none to accuse him. The idea of subordinating position to the uses of self to the detriment of others, could is possibly have entered his thoughts, would have been as revolting as the offer made by the tempter to Him who said, "Get the behind me Satan." No, Gov. Shorter was as pure as mortals ever become.

During his last illness his conversations were a series of most eloquent and touching sermons. He never contemplated death; he never spoke of death, he was only "crossing the river," and he knew that his family and friends would soon follow after. Never was there a happier illustration of the power of faith in the Redeemer and the Atonement than that given by him, and never was there a more perfect ideal of the character of him spoken of by the sweetest of the singers of Isreal when he said, "Mark the good man and behold the upright, for the end of that man is peace."—*Eufaula News.*

Will There be a Democratic Bolt?

As it becomes more and more probable that Horace Greeley and B. Gratz Brown will be nominated for President and Vice-President by the Democratic National Convention at Baltimore, the possibility that those Democrats who will be dissatisfied with such a nomination may bolt and set up a ticket for themselves becomes more and more interesting.

The Chicago *Times*, one of the ablest of the few prominent Democratic journals which advocate a new ticket, affirms that "with probably fifty per cent. of the Democracy in the Northern States, and perhaps not any less proportion in the South," some other candidate than the Philosopher of Chappaqua is a necessity. That is to say, unless we misunderstand the proposition, that if Horace Greeley is nominated at Baltimore a large portion of the Democratic party, led by the *Times*, will revolt and nominate a third candidate.

Who this third candidate will be is no where stated. Neither the Chicago *Times* nor the *World*, nor the Philadelphia *Age* distinctly proposes any prominent Democrat for this position; and yet how absurd it would be for these straight-out Democrats to rebel against the nomination of Horace Greeley and to put up another Republican as their candidate. If they are going to insist upon a straight Democratic nomination, they ought at least to make up their ticket out of straight Democrats.

Well, we are bound to admit that the conflict rages with a great deal of animation, and that the Chicago *Times* and the *World* are making a very active war upon the Cincinnati nominations. Their antagonists in the Democratic party reply to them, also with equal vigor, accusing them of being sold out to Grant. That accusation we are not ready to admit; but it is certain that the *World* and the *Times* are doing Grant a service which none of his professed organs can possibly render.

We do not wish to do injustice to any one, and our hope is that the campaign will, as far as possible, be carried on with good nature. But it would really be interesting to know whether the Chicago *Times* and the *World* mean to support the ticket of the Baltimore Convention or not. And if the contest is confined to Greeley and Grant, which will they prefer?—*New York Sun.*

The Paris *Patrie* is evidently not thoroughly posted on American political affairs. It announces that Mr. Greeley was elected at Cincinnati, and will take his seat in November. The *Patrie*, however, is wrong only on the question of time.—*Chicago Tribune.*

DR. HUSTON'S TRIAL.

The Alleged Seduction of Mary Driscoll.

[Special to the Commercial.]

BALTIMORE, May 29.

In the case of Dr. Huston, now on trial here before a church committee, for alleged improper conduct with lady members of his congregation, there is little now to note. To-day, as on yesterday, there was a scarcity of witnesses, and the prosecution asked an adjournment until Tuesday, when it promises to have them on hand to proceed. There were a few witnesses examined to-day, however, as to the character of the girl bringing the charge of seduction, both to sustain and damage it; and, as is usual in such cases, the evidence was very contradictory, some of them swearing it is good, while others declared that it is bad.

There is much dissatisfaction among all classes interested in the trial at the neglect or refusal of witnesses relied upon to sustain the case to come forward and testify, and a growing belief that there has been a wide range of gossip in relation to the matter under investigation having little if any foundation in fact, and that a verdict of acquittal will be the final result.

The Alabama claims have once more slid back into their original muddle, and the country has got to be tortured with more diplomatic correspondence. Earl Granville sent a very clear and concise proposition, which any child could have comprehended. It was sent to the Senate, and, when it emerged from there and was sent back to England, it was so doctored that the English now don't know what it means. After the usual fashion, its contents will be concealed from the American people, the diplomatic correspondence will reopen, and the happy result upon which the country was felicitating itself will disappear in a muddle twice muddled. It would be idle to express an opinion upon a matter the nature of which is only known to the State Department: but the fact that the English can't understand it would seem to indicate that our State Department is not only deficient in diplomacy, but also in English literature.

Mr. Sumner, yesterday, submitted a constitutional amendment providing for the direct election of the President by the people, and the abolition of the Vice-Presidency. The fate of such an amendment can be easily imagined and described, in these days, when the regnant Administration is decidedly and deservedly unpopular, and relies for success upon reckless promises of the barren honors of the second place on the ticket to Mr. Colfax, Senator Wilson, Senator Scott, or General Wilson; in short, anybody to elect Grant.

Chicago Tribune, May 31st.

A correspondent of the Springfield *Republican* quotes Mr. Dana as saying that journalism is the most fascinating of all professions. We agree to this statement with an amendment. There is only one employment in the world more accessible than to edit a newspaper; and that is, not to edit it.—*Golden Age.*

Shelby Springs now supports two nice bands of music, for the entertainment of visitors.

Beginning Magazines.—The June number of the *Atlantic* contains as the continuation of the series of articles on prominent living American public men, a fine portrait in steel of Senator Carl Schurz. This is perhaps the best portrait of Mr. Schurz that has been published, and taken in connection with the other portraits that have already appeared, or which are yet to come, will make the current volumes of the Magazine especially valuable.

The leading articles of the June number are: *Mr. Darg Hamilton's Recollections; The Pedagogics of Aging; Wine-bibbing in Japan; Temperature and Movements of the Deep Sea; A Month at Newport; Mem Chahib; Lords; Experiences Dwelling Princes; Works of the Tongue; Our Dictionary; The Atoll*, by Robert Buchanan; *Curiosity in the Kitchen*; and several others of equal attractiveness. The Editorial Departments are full as usual, and *The Strange Adventures of a Phaeton* is continued.

Published by E. R. Pelton, 124 Fulton Street, New York. Terms $5.00 a year; two copies, $9.00. Single number, 45 cents.

Death of Mike Lipman's Best Journalist.

Further Particulars of the Tragedy.

From the Nashville (Tenn.) Banner.

A balloon ascension, resulting in a fearful tragic catastophe, occurred at Decatur, Alabama, last Monday. The balloon was of the main attractions connected with Mike Lipman's Queen City Circus.

When a large crowd had gathered and before the process of inflation had been fully completed, Prof. Adkins, the aeronaut, expressed great uneasiness as to the safety of the ascension. The circus men, however, only laughed at his apprehensions, and, in a joking way, remarked that he would come down all right. Still he could not dismiss his dark forebodings, and after he had gotten into the basket of the balloon prepartory to its being let off, he remarked to the spectators in a sad tone of voice, "This is the last ascension I'll ever make!"

Very soon, the balloon was released from its mooring and shot up almost like a rocket, ascending to the height of about half a mile. It was steadily driven by a current of wind over Decatur, hovered over the Tennessee River and then descended as rapidly as it had ascended, falling about middle of the river. Prof. Adkins soon rose to the surface, but having unfortunately become entangled in the ropes attached to the basket, he succeeded in releasing himself only after a desperate struggle which, it, is supposed, exhausted his strength. He swam heroically toward the shore opposite Decatur, while the balloon floated down stream.

A fisherman named Abe Nichols, who was half a mile away at the time the balloon fell into the river, rowed toward it as fast as possible, to save the daring aeronaut. Not being able to see him after the balloon had struck the water, and believing that he would cling to it until it sunk, Nichols made for the balloon. On nearing it however, he discovered Prof. Adkins some distance off, and at once tried to row to him, but in vain, for just as he got within about twenty or thirty feet of him, Prof. Adkins, who had himself nearly reached the shore, sank and rose no more.

James Gordon Bennett.

This distinguished journalist died at his home in New York, last Saturday, aged 77 years. Mr. Bennett was a native of Scotland. He landed at Halifax in 1819 and from there made his way to Portland, in Maine. He only remained there a few months before leaving for Boston in which city he found employment for several years in a publishing house. His next stepping place was New York, whence he sailed for Charleston and became connected with the *Courier*. He returned to New York and was connected with many journals in that city and at one time was the editor of the *Pennsylvanian*, published in Philadelphia. In 1834 he founded the New York *Herald*, and it is now known throughout the civilized world. It is all due to Mr. Bennett's wonderful mind and energy. It has been a source of great income to him and he died leaving an immense fortune for his family.—*Montgomery Advertiser.*

ALABAMA NEWS.

The "Elmore Sun" is the name of a new paper at Wetumpka. J. P. Spalding, Editor and Proprietor.

John Medlin and Samuel Callahan, aged respectively seventeen and fifteen years, compositors in the Elyton Independent office, set up, on Monday last, sixteen thousand ems, in which there were only three typographical errors. Can any of the craft in Alabama beat this?

The St. Johns Episcopal Church at Elyton will be consecrated on the 6th instant.

There were twenty-four deaths in Mobile during the week ending June 1st.

Last week a tornado passed over the Southeast portion of Colbert county, Alabama, blowing down houses, ginhouses, and fences, and Mrs. Felton's residence, at LaGrange, was struck by lightning and burnt.

Livingston has a pig with one head and two bodies.

The residence of H. S. Norville, at Livingston, was entirely destroyed by fire on Monday night last. Loss six thousand dollars.

During the storm at Courtland, on the 23d ult., three actors in the Queen city circus were dangerously wounded.

Henry Thorn, of Courtland, had his arm badly mangled in one of the wheels of a saw mill on Saturday last.

A young man named Flannagan stabbed and instantly killed a Mr. Pate, in Colbert county, on Saturday last.

A wedding was indefinitely postponed in the Northern portion of the State, a few days since, by the bride taking French leave just before the ceremony was to be performed. The bridegroom is said to be the maddest man in that section.

The ladies of Greenville have revived the old fashion quilting parties. Dolly Varden quilts are all the go.

Hon. John Elliott, Judge of the 9th Judicial District, has become disgusted with Mobile, and will leave for North Alabama as soon as his Court adjourns.

The corps of Engineers will commence the survey of the Hawkinsville and Eufaula road in a short time.

The burnt district of Eufaula is being rebuilt.

The excursionists from Montgomery were received at Birmingham on Friday last. A barbecue was prepared for the occasion, and all enjoyed a pleasant time.

The hogs around Abbeville are dying with the cholera.

Green corn has made its appearance in Eufaula.

Pat Shorter, (negro.) was drowned near Eufaula on Friday last.

The annual meeting of the Stockholders of the M. & M. R. R. will be held in Montgomery on the 12th instant.

The Journal devotes seven columns to tax sales of unknown lands in Montgomery county.

The thermometer stood at 100 in the shade, at Montgomery, on Monday.

Montgomery has three courts now in active session, and transacting business—the Supreme Court, United States District Court and the Circuit Court of Montgomery county.

We learn that all the penitentiary convicts on the South and North Alabama Railroad will be shortly transfered to the Selma, Marion & Memphis Railroad, of which General Forrest is President.

The Supreme Court convened on Monday last, and adjourned until Tuesday morning, in honor of the late Judge Walker.

Some malignant villain fired into a train on the S. R. & D. Railroad near Briarfield last Wednesday night, wounding Mr. Seward, a baggage master.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

FLAVORING EXTRACTS are of primary importance in cookery; and of all articles of this description the highly concentrated STANDARD EXTRACTS, prepared by Joseph Burnett & Co., Boston, are pronounced by leading culinaries—Professor Blot among the number—the purest and the best.

HUMAN WRECKS.—Every day and hour we meet with broken down specimens of humanity—wrecks that seem past hope of salvage. At least seven-eighths of these might be filled with new vitality, by a course of Dr. WALKER'S CALIFORNIA VINEGAR BITTERS. Many are suffering from the reaction of rum-polluted bitters or powerful minerals. It is characteristic of Dr. Walker's Great Restorative that it neutralizes the effect of these miscalled remedies, and accomplishes, in due time, a perfect cure.

NATURE GIVES US TEETH, but she does not preserve and purify them. That must be done with Fragrant SOZODONT. The dental bone and its enamel casing are made invulnerable to all destructive influences by the daily use of this beneficent preparation.

$5,000 WILL BE PAID for any remedy which will cure Chronic Rheumatism, Pains in the Limbs, Back and Chest, Sore Throat, Insect Stings, Croup, Dysentery, Colic, Diarrhea and Vomiting, quicker than Dr Tobias' Venetian Liniment; established in 1847; never fails. Sold by all Druggists. Depot, 56 Park Place, New York.

PRATT'S ASTRAL OIL.—More accidents occur from using inferior oils, than from steamboats and railroads combined. Over 200,000 families continue to burn PRATT'S Astral Oil, and no accidents directly or indirectly have occurred from handling, storing or handling it. Off House of Chas Pratt, Established 1770, New York.

A BEAUTIFUL WHITE, soft, smooth and clear skin is produced by using G. W. Laird's "Bloom of Youth." It removes tan, freckles, sunburns, and all other discolorations from the skin, leaving the complexion brilliant and beautiful. Sold at all druggists. This preparation is entirely free from any material detrimental to health.

JUST THE REMEDY NEEDED.—Thanks to Mrs Winslow's Soothing Syrup, we have for years been relieved from needless nights of painful watching with poor, suffering, teething children.

FOR DYSPEPSIA. Indigestion, depression of spirits and general debility in their various forms; also, as a preventive against Fever and Ague, and other intermittent fevers. The Ferro-Phosphorated Elixir of Calisaya, made by Caswell, Hazard & Co., New York, and sold by all Druggists, is the best tonic, and for patients recovering from fever or other sickness, it is no equal.

RISLEY'S GENUINE GOLDEN BELL COLOGNE WATER according to the original formula of Prevost, Paris, so long known to the customers of Haviland Hazard and Risley and their branches, for its fine permanent fragrance, is now made by W. H. Risley and the trade supplied by his successors, Morgan & Risley, Wholesale Druggists, New York.

THURSTON'S IVORY PEARL TOOTH POWDER.—The best article known for cleansing and preserving the teeth and gums. Sold by all Druggists.—Price 25 and 50 cents per bottle. F C Wells & Co., New York

CARBOLIC SALVE, unequalled as a Healing compound. Physicians recommend it as the most wonderful remedy ever known. Price 25 cents per box. John F. Henry, Sole Proprietor, 8 College Place, N. York.

CRISTADORO'S HAIR DYE.—This magnificent compound is beyond countenance or the effect and most reliable dye in existence; never failing to impart to the hair a brilliancy of color, nourishment and elasticity. Manufactory, 6% Maiden Lane, N. Y.

SWAPNIA is opium purified of its sickening and poisonous qualities. It is a perfect anodyne not producing headache or constipation of the bowels as is the case with other preparations of opium. John Farr, Chemist, New York.

THE CAUSE OF TEMPERANCE finds none of its most insidious and dangerous foes in the open assaults of rum and opposition, made of cheap whiskey and poisonous drugs, flashed up to suit depraved appetites, sold over a num. of machines. Dr. WARNER'S CALIFORNIA VINEGAR BITTERS are none of these. They are not a beverage, but a pure tonic, being purely vegetable, prepared from California herbs by a regular physician. For all cases of dyspepsia, liver, kidney, bladder, skin and blood, they are an infallible and a speedy remedy.

IN CHANCERY
At Jacksonville, Alabama.

G. C. ELLIS, Complainant,
vs
Wm. T. YEATMAN, Defendant.
B. F. ATKINSON,
J. L. HENDRICKS, Garnishees.

AT the January Term, 1872, of this Chancery court, for the 1st District of the Eastern Chancery Division of Alabama. The said B. F. Atkinson one of said garnishees filed his written answer in this cause, disclosing the fact that he the said garnishee stands indebted to the firm of Yeatman & Bro., and that said firm is composed of Wm. T. Yeatman and Sam'l Yeatman, the latter being a non-resident of Alabama. It is therefore ordered by the court that the said Sam'l Yeatman be brought into court by publication in the Jacksonville Republican, and that he be required to disclose at the July Term 1872, of said court, what interest he has, if any, in said indebtedness.

Witness hand of the Register of said court at office, this the 30th day of May, 1872.

Wm. M. HAMES,
Register.

June 1st—4t.

NOTICE.—The stockholders of Calhoun College are hereby notified to meet at the Court House in Jacksonville on Tuesday, the 11th day of June next, at 3 o'clock P. M., for the purpose of electing a new board of Trustees for said Institution.

By order of the present board.
Wm. M. HAMES,
June 1st—2t. Secretary.

An Ordinance.

At a meeting of the Town Council held 14th May, 1872, the following ordinance was introduced and passed:

"Be it ordained by the Intendent and Councilors of Jacksonville, Alabama, That any person who shall in any manner injure or abuse the growing crop of resident of said Town shall be fined not less than ten, nor more than twenty-five dollars.

JNO. M. CALDWELL,
Secretary C. C.

An Ordinance.

At a meeting of the Council held 28th of May, 1872, Ordinance No. 1 in the Code of Ordinances of the Town of Jacksonville was changed to read as follows:

Be it ordained by the Town Council of Jacksonville, Alabama, That if any person or persons shall be guilty of an affray, or an assault and battery whether weapons are used or not, the person or persons so offending, shall be fined not less than one nor more than five dollars. For an affray or an assault and battery with sticks, stones, rocks, brick-bats or any other missile thrown by hand, each offender shall be fined not less than eight nor more than fifteen dollars. For an affray or an assault and battery with a knife, pistol, gun, or weapons greatly endangering life, each offender shall be fined not less than twenty-five nor more than fifty dollars.

JNO. M. CALDWELL,
Secretary, C. C.

W. F. AYER. J. C. McDONALD.
AYER & McDONALD,
DEALERS IN
HARDWARE & AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS,
No. 71 Broad Street, Rome, Georgia.

We desire to call special attention to our Stock of
WATER PIPE,
Of Composition, Lead or Iron,
RUBBER HOSE, HOSE NOZZLES, COUPLINGS, PIPES, ETC.

We also invite our farmer friends to an examination of our Ware house, where will be found
REAPERS & MOWERS, THRESHERS & HORSE POWERS, PLOWS & HARROWS, CRADLES, GRASS BLADES, HORSE RAKES WHEAT FANS, HAY FORKS, &C. &C., also the DOW LAW COTTON PLANTER.

Our stock of Hardware, Rubber, Belting, &c., kept full and complete. Prices guaranteed. June1 1872—tf.

Great Attractions.
FOR CASH PURCHASERS OF
TITSWORTH, SCOTT & CO.,
No. 6 Court Square, MONTGOMERY, ALA.,
And No. 39 Market Street, SELMA, ALA.,
Have one of the finest Stocks of
CLOTHING & GENT'S FURNISHING GOODS,
Ever brought to this market. Also, full line
Hats, Caps, Trunks and Valises,
Which they are selling as Cheap as any house in the City. We also take
Alabama State Money, at 90 Cents on a Dollar, for all Goods.
GENERAL AGENTS of the Celebrated WHEELER & WILSON NOISELESS FAMILY SEWING MACHINE, for Central Alabama.
TITSWORTH, SCOTT & CO.

ATTENTION!!
AS we move along in life, it is absolutely necessary that we should eat, and to that end it is better that we should have at least
Thirty Days Rations
on hand. To procure these cheap you should
Come Well Armed
with the Cash. At PARR'S you will find polite clerks always
Ready
to wait on you and extend to you the greatest courtesy. It is his
Aim
to sell Goods at such prices as will please and neither
Fire,
floods nor pestilence shall deter him from doing his whole duty by his customers.
Just received, a large lot of everything in the Grocery line, call and examine.
L. J. PARR,
Jacksonville, Ala.
Apr20 1872—wtd.

THE FAMOUS STUDABAKER WAGON.
THE STUDABAKER WAGON IS MADE OF THE BEST SEASONED TIMBERS THE lightest and most durable wagon in market; their thimble skeins never break; the slope handle spoke is used; they are warranted to give satisfaction in every case.
W. B. CHILD
CARRIAGE WAREHOUSE,
(Of Eighteen Years Established Reputation and Standing.)
CORNER OF WASHINETON & SELMA STS NEXT TO CONCIL HOUSE
Has always on hand a large Stock of
Carriages Rockarways Phaetons Barouches Buggies Coaches
HEARSES, HARNESS, &c.
Has also on hand a large assortment of Children's Perambulators, Cabs, Buggies, wagons, Hobby Horses, &c. ☞Reparing of all kinds of vehicles done at shortest notice. Plantation Wagons and Carts made to order. jan 6 1y.

A. S. PATRICK,
No. 53 Broad Street, ROME, GA.
Bookseller, Stationer
AND
GENERAL NEWS DEALER
ANY order sent to my house will receive prompt attention.
Give me a trial.
June 1st, 1872—1y.

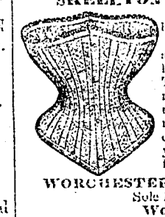
BEWARE OF STOVE PEDDLERS
It has been seldom necessary to caution our friends against imposition. But since they are apparently being imposed upon, we have to say that the stove sold by Peddlers, are
OLD FASHIONED ELEVATED OVEN,
AND UNSIGHTLY IN APPEARANCE AT $48—*Can be Furnished by us, in any Quantity, at* $25, including 2 Pots, 2 Kettles, 2 Griddles, 1 Heater, 1 Gridiron, 1 Tea Kettle, 1 Waffle Iron, 1 Muffin, 1 Oval Boiler, 1 Sauce Pan, 1 Steamer, 1 Coffee Boiler, 3 Sheet Iron Pans, 3 Joint Stove Pipe—
IN ALL TWENTY-ONE PIECES
If they prefer the stove above described, and, as we are informed, is being sold, we will agree to furnish any number at the price named. At the same time advise our friends to avail themselves of the latest improvements and manufactured of the toughest native iron, upon which we give a full guaranty upon every stove sold by us.
Our facilities for furnishing any article in our line is not surpassed, and we hope this caution will be considered and acted upon.
J. & S BONES & CO.,
Rome, Ga.
may1s'72—tf

SPRING GOODS!
First Arrival
OF THE
SEASON!!
Consisting of a large Stock of
Ladies Dress Goods,
Brown and Bleached Domestics,
Gents' and Boy's Piece Goods,
Oil Cloths, "Oak Printed & Plain,"
Switches and Notions of
Every Description.
Gents and Boys Ready Made Clothing, Hats and Caps, Very latest Styles,
Ladies, Mens, Boys, Misses & Children's
Boots & Shoes,
Trunks, Traveling Bags and Carpet sacks, Hardware, Woodenware, Window Curtains and Shades, Groceries.
We can offer you the VERY LATEST STYLES, and good Goods Do not fail to give us a call and examine for yourselves. You can get bargains for the cash.
CARROLL & McCAIN.
March 30—1872.

Wanted!
Beef Hides, Dry or Green, and also Tallow—for which we will pay the highest market price, in Dry Goods, Groceries, Bacon, Lard or any thing in our line.
CARROLL & McCAIN

TARRANT'S SELTZER APERIENT
A Century of Triumphs over dyspepsia, liver disease, bowel complaints and various febrile and nervous disorders, has immortalized the Seltzer Spa, and these victories are now repeated throughout this hemisphere by TARRANT'S EFFERVESCENT SELTZER APERIENT; containing all the elements and producing all the happy results of the Great German Spring.
SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

Cheap Farms! Free Homes!
ON THE LINE OF THE
UNION PACIFIC RAILROAD.
A LAND GRANT OF
12,000,000 ACRES
IN THE
BEST FARMING & MINERAL LANDS IN AMERICA.
3,000,000 ACRES IN NEBRASKA,
IN THE
GREAT PLATTE VALLEY,
THE
GARDEN OF THE WEST,
Now for Sale!
These lands are in the central portion of the United States, on the 41st degree of North Latitude, the central line of the great Temperate Zone of the American Continent, and for grain growing and stock raising unsurpassed by any in the United States.
CHEAPER IN PRICE, more favorable terms given, and more convenient to market than can be found elsewhere.
FREE HOMES FOR ACTUAL SETTLERS.
The Best Locations for Colonies.
SOLDIERS ENTITLED A HOMESTEAD OF 160 ACRES.
Free Passes to Purchasers of Land
Send for the new Descriptive Pamphlet, with new maps, published in English, German, Swedish and Danish, mailed free everywhere. Address O. F. DAVIS,
Land Commissioner, U. P. R. R. Co.,
Omaha, Nebraska.

FANNING'S PATENT KID-FITTING SKELETON CORSET.

Recommended by leading physicians Should be worn by all ladies who value health and comfort. They are particularly recommended for summer wear & warm climates although adapted to all seasons of the year. For sale by all first class dealers.
WORCHESTER SKIRT CO.,
Sole Manufacturers,
Worchester, Mass.

PORTABLE SODA FOUNTAINS
$40 $50 $75 $100.
GOOD, DURABLE AND CHEAP!
Shipped Ready for Use!
MANUFACTURED BY
J W CHAPMAN & CO Madison Ind
SEND FOR CIRCULAR.

$1,000
Reward!
For any case of Blind, Bleeding, Itching or Ulcerated Piles that Dr. Bate's PILE REMEDY fails to cure. It is prepared expressly to cure the Piles, and nothing else. Sold by all druggists. Price $1.00.

AGENTS Wanted.—Agents make more money at work for us than at any thing else. Business light and permanent. Particulars free. G Stinson & Co., *Fine Art Publishers*, Portland, Me.

U.S. Piano Co. N. Y. Price $290 No Agents. Circulars free.

GREAT MEDICAL BOOK of useful knowledge to all. Sent free for two stamps. Address Dr. BONAPARTE & CO., Cincinnati, Ohio.

Don't Fail while on your Summer Excursion North to secure one of the CELEBRATED IMPROVED STEWART COOK STOVES With its special attachment, Roaster, Baker & Broiler. The Stove and Furniture carefully packed for safe shipment. Books sent on application.
FULLER, WARREN & Co 236 Water St N Y

BURNETT'S COCOAINE FOR THE HAIR
TRADE MARK
The Best Hair Dressing and Restorer.
Millions say
"BURNETT'S COCOAINE."
Your Druggist has it.

CHEAP ADVERTISING
Advertisements occupying ONE INCH of space will be inserted in 269 NEWSPAPERS, including 23 DAILIES, in
SOUTHERN STATES,
covering thoroughly the States of Maryland, Delaware, Virginia, West Virginia, North Carolina, South Carolina, Georgia, Alabama, Mississippi, Louisiana Aakansas Tennessee, Kentucky and Missouri,
One Month for $148.
More Papers, More Dailies Larger, Circulation, Lower Price, than any other List. Special rates given for more or less pace than one inch. Equally favorable quotations made for any single State. Copies of Lists, Circulars, Estimates, and full information, furnished on application.
GEO. P. ROWELL & CO.,
Newspaper Advertising Agents, 41 Park Row, New York.

The Best Paper! Try It!!
The Scientific American is the cheapest and best illustrated weekly paper published. Every number contains from 10 to 15 original engravings of new machinery, novel inventions, Bridges, Engineering works, Architecture! Improved Farm implements, and every new discovery in Chemistry. A year's numbers contain 832 pages and several hundred engravings. Thousand of volumes are preserved for binding and reference. The practical receipts are well worth ten times the subscription price. Terms, $3 a year by mail. Specimens sent free. May be had of all News Dealers.
PATENTS obtained on the best terms. Models of new inventions and sketches examined, and advice free. All patents are published in the Scientific American the week they issue. Send for Pamphlet, 110 pages, containing laws and full directions for obtaining Patents.
Address for Paper, or concerning Patents, MUNN & CO. 37 Park Row; N. Y. Branch Office, cor. F. & 7th Sts. Washington, D. C.

Hon. Geo. H. Pendleton for Greeley.

The St. Louis Republican of May 29th says:

Our Washington dispatches of last night dissipate any doubt there may be relative to the attitude of Hon. George H. Pendleton, of Ohio on the subject of the presidency. He unequivocally and emphatically supports Greeley, and no doubt at the proper time will make his eloquent voice heard on the hustings in behalf of the new revolution.

THE LATTER-DAY JOSEPH.

Jim Fisk's Advice to a Beautiful Miss Potiphar.

Eleanor Kirk tells a beautiful little incident of the late Col. Fisk, which she vouches for as true in every particultr: In passing out of his opera-house one day last winter, Col. Fisk was accosted by a very beautiful young girl, apparently about seventeen. She was plainly, but tastefully, dressed, and appeared very earnest in her desire to be allowed a few minutes conversation. Her story was quietly told: "I have failed in everything I have undertaken in earning my own living. My father is a paralytic, and is utterly helpless. I must take care of him. To do this I must have money. I am beautiful—that I know as well as you do." "Well," volunteered the colonel, "and you wish to speculate on these personal charms?" "I want money, Mr. Fisk, for my father," replied she. "Tell me," continued this strange man, "and tell me the truth—are you a good girl?" "Yes, sir," sobbed the child. "And would you rather continue one?" he asked again. "Oh, Mr. Fisk! of course I would!" she replied, bursting into tears. "Well, then," said he kindly and with strong feeling, "for God's sake keep so. Jim Fisk is a pretty rough boy, but *he never hurt a hair of a woman's head yet*, and he never will; and more than that, little girl, it shall never be said of him, when he has passed in his checks and stands before the judgment seat, that he has ever so much as winked at the ruin of any girl. I will help your father, if you will promise me that you will never try this dodge again with anybody; and I want you to be solemn about it as if you stood in the presence of your God." The promise was given, the father was taken care of until his death, and the girl was educated for a music teacher, and is now successfully employed.

Printer's Rules.

The following rules should be strictly observed by persons having occasion to visit a printing office;

1. Enter softly.
2. Sit down quietly.
3. Subscribe for the paper.
4. Pay for it in advance.
5. Don't touch the type.
6. Keep six feet from the devil.
7. Don't talk to the compositors.
8. Hands off manuscript.
9. Don't carry off the exchanges.
10. Never beg a paper.

Gentlemen observing these rules when entering an office will greatly oblige the editor, and need not fear the devil.

Ladies who sometimes bless us for a few minutes with their presence are not expected to keep these rules strictly.

Boys unaccompained by their fathers are requested to keep their pockets and mouths shut. Girls are exempt from this rule.

Greeley's nomination has had the effect of relieving several thousand citizens from the disabilities imposed by the Fourteenth Amendment. If his more candidacy is so beneficial in its effects, what may we not expect from his Presidency?

Courier-Journal.

We were pleased to receive a call from Gen. J. W. Burke, the accomplished Register in Bankruptcy from the Northern District of Alabama. Though differing with Gen. B. as widely as possible, politically, we have always entertained the highest respect and esteem for him, personally. We were sorry we did not have the pleasure of seeing Gen. B. who called during our absence. He left the city at 12:30 Thursday.

Montgomery Advance.

The avaricious man is like the barren, sandy ground of the desert, which sucks in all the rain and dews with greediness, but yields no fruitful herbs or plants for the benefit of others.—[Zeno.

In the opinion of the world, marriage ends all, as it does in a comedy. The truth is precisely the reverse. It begins all. So they say of death. "It is the end of all things." Yes, just as much as marrige.—[Mad Swetchine.

Pleasure and pain, though directly opposite, are yet so contrived by nature as to be constant companions; and it is a fact that the same motions and muscles of the free are employed both in laughing and crying.—[Charron.

So many of these things happon now-adays that we have to note them briefly. This is the last: Barnes—collector revenue, Omaha—gone visiting—took $4,400 for emergencies—not expected back.

Never write on a subject without having first read yourself full on it; and never read on a subject till you have thought yourself hungry on it.—[Richlerr.

The art of pleasing consists in being pleased. To be amiable is to be satisfied with one's self and others. Good humor is essential to pleasantry.—[Hazlitt.

A man is like a bit of Labrador spar, which has no lustre as you turn it in your hand, until you come to a particular angle; then it shows deep and beautiful colors.—[Emerson.

I think half the troubles for which men go slouching in prayer to God, are caused by their intolerable pride. Many of our cares are but a morbid way of looking at our privileges. We let our blessings get mouldy and then call them curses.—[Beecher.

We should every night call ourselves to an account: What infirmity have I mastered to-day? what passion opposed? what passion opposed? what temptation resisted? what virtue acquired? Our vices will abate of themselves if they be brought every day to the shrift.—[Seneca.

Women govern us; let us render them perfect: the more they are enlightened, so much the more shall we be. On the cultivation of the mind of women depends the wisdom of men. It is by women that nature writes on the hearts of men.—[Sheridan.

A man is known to his dog by the smell, to his tailor by the coat, to his friend by the smile; each of these know him, but how little or how much depends on the dignity of the intelligence. That which is truly and indeed characteristic of the man is known only to God.—Ruskin.

Jim Campbell, the little mulatto boy who murdered Mrs. Dr. Files and attempted to murder her daughter on January last and who was tried and convicted at the Spring term of our Circuit Court, was executed on last Friday in accordance with the sentence of said Court.

Clark County Democrat.

Never lose an opportunity of seeing anything beautiful. Beauty is God's handwriting—a wayside sacrament; welcome it in every fair face, every fair sky, every fair flower, and thank Him for it. the fountain of loveliness; and drink it in, simply and earnestly, with your eyes; it is a charmed draught, a cup of blessing.

It is a great mistake to suppose that a woman with no heart will be an easy creditor in the exchange of affection. There is not on earth a more merciless exacter of love from others than a thoroughly selfish woman; and the more unlovely she grows the more jealously and scrupulously she exacts love to the uttermost farthing.—[Mrs. Stowe.

And now we have the case of a young girl in Sullivan county, New York, killed by the discharge of a gun "pointed at her in fun." It is about time some of the e joeose murderers were hung "just for fun." This is about the only way in which their eccentric ideas as to what constitutes general sport can be corrected.

An Indiana farmer, after trying to trap, poison and shoot the rats that overrun his premises, bought two goats and gave them the range of yards and stables. Within a week every rat emigrated and stayed away until the goats were sold, nearly two years afterwards, when they all came back with all their friends. A second edition of goats were procured, and since then not a rat has been seen on the premises.

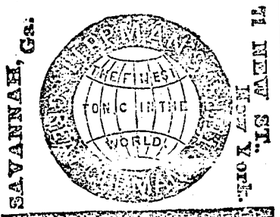
A curious suit was tried at Ellsworth, Me., at the last term of court. It was upon a promissory note. The defence was that the note was one that was written for practice, as the defendant and his brothers were one evening studying "partial payments." One of the notes was made payable to an old man who happened to be in the room. Nothing was heard of it for several years. The old man died, and now it is presented for payment by one who claims he purchased it for a valuable consideration. The defendant, luckily for him, was able to prove his nonage at the date of the note, and thus got clear.

Attempts at suicide may be expensive; and nothing can be more ridiculous than for a man to pay the bill out of his own pocket for cutting his own throat. This happened to an unfortunate fellow lately at Iowa City. He, to make matters sure, not only severed his windpipe, but slashed the arteries of his wrists. Then three Doctors took him in hand and stitched him up, and insisted upon his living; and so live he did to receive from the high-cost doctors a bill of $300. He said that he would n't pay it; but the sawbones brought an action against him, and the judge and jury said that pay he must. The poor man will probably refrain from such luxuries in future.

THE NEW DISCOVERY
In Chemical and Medical Science.

Dr. E. F. GARVIN'S
SOLUTION & COMPOUND ELIXIR
OF
TAR

FIRST AND ONLY SOLUTION ever made in one mixture of ALL THE TWELVE valuable active principals of the well known curative agent,
PINE TREE TAR,
UNEQUALED in Coughs, Colds, Catarrh, Asthma, Bronchitis, and consumption.
CURES WITHOUT FAIL
A recent cold in three to six hours; and also, by its VITALISING, PURIFYING and STIMULATING effects upon the general system, is remarkable efficacious in all
DISEASES OF THE BLOOD,
including Scrofula and Eruptions of the skin, Dyspepsia, Diseases of the Liver and Kidneys, Heart Disease, and General Debility.
ONE TRIAL CONVINCES!
Volatile Solution of Tar
For INHALATION, without application of HEAT. A remarkably VALUABLE discovery, as the whole apparatus can be carried in the vest pocket, ready at any time for the most effectual and positively curative use in
All Diseases of the NOSE, THROAT and LUNGS.
THE COMPOUND
Tar and Mandrake Pill.
for use in connection with the ELIXIR TAR, is a combination of the TWO most valuable ALTERATIVE Medicines known in the Profession, and renders this Pill without exception the very best ever offered.
The SOLUTION and COMPOUND ELIXIR of
TAR
is without doubt the Best remedy known in cases of
CHOLERA AND YELLOW FEVER.
It is a Specific for such diseases, and should be kept in the house and used by every family, especially during those months in which
CHOLERA AND YELLOW FEVER
are liable to prevail. A small quantity taken daily will prevent contracting these terrible diseases.
Solution and Compound Elixir, $1.00 per Bottle
Volatile Solution for Inhalation, $5.00 per Box
Tar and Mandrake Pills, 50cts per box.
Send for Circular of POSITIVE CURES to your Druggist, or to
L. F. HYDE & CO.,
SOLE PROPRIETORS,
110 E. 22d St., New York.



Possessing powerful influence in
These Bitters are positively invaluable in
They purify the system, and when used
Remittent and Intermittent Fevers,
and are a preventative of Chills and Fever.
All yield to their powerful efficacy.
Are an antidote to change of Water and Food,
to the wasted frame, and restore it
Will save days of suffering to the sick, and
The grand Panacea for all the ills of life.
The Standard BITTERS OF GERMANY
PHYSICIANS THERE, PRESCRIBE IT IN THEIR PRACTICE
In Young or Old, Married or Single, their influence are equalled and have often been the means of saving life.
TRY ONE BOTTLE.

DR. GOTTLIEB PRICE'S BITTERS.

(Shape of the Bottle)

This preparation of the great Scientist, Dr. Gottlieb Price, of Germany, is based on the fact that, as all materials of the body are derived from Food, so all Vital Force, or Health, is derived from the Food stored up in Food. *Dr. Price's Bitters* enables the System to liberate and appropriate these Forces creates Appetite, cures Dyspepsia, with its resulting Debility and lack of Nervous Energy; so tones the Stomach and Liver as to make Constipation and Biliousness impossible; reinforces the System so it can take over bad results of climate, water &c., and better endure the demands often unexpectedly made on its Force and Energy. Ladies in delicate health, aged persons and all emaciated and weak after sickness, will rapidly strengthen by using this great preparation.

Probate Court of Calhoun County, Ala.

James Price, Deceased, Estate.

LETTERS of Administration upon the Estate of said decedent having been granted to the undersigned, on the 30th day of April, 1872, by the Hon A. Woods, Judge of the Probate Court of Calhoun county, Ala. Notice is hereby given, that all persons having claims against said estate, will be required to present the same, within the time allowed by law or the same will be barred.

S. D. McCLELEN,
M. M. PRICE,
Administrators.

May 1, 1872.—6t.

M. A. TURNER,
FASHIONABLE
TAILOR.

WOULD respectfully inform the citizens of Jacksonville and vicinity, that he has removed to No. 7 Office-row where he is ready at all times to make them a Gents cloth ing, according to latest styles and in a most durable manner. Thanking the public generally for their past liberal patronage, he hopes by skill and attention to merit a continuance of the same. Terms Cash.

P. S. Twenty-five per cent. will be added, when work is taken from the shop unsettled for.

Jan27 1872—1y.

HENRY A. SMITH,
113 Broad Street,
Rome, Ga
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL
BOOKSELLER & STATIONER.

Keeps alway on Land a large Stock
School, Theological and Miscellaneous Books,

PAPER Letter Cap, Note.
ENVELOPES,
PENCILS,
PENS,
INKS,
Engravings, Photographs,
Photograph Albums Chromos,
Gilt, Rosewood, Walnut Moulding, for Picture Frames, in the Piece, Picture Cord and Tassel, Sheet Music, for the Piano and Guitar. Italian, German and French Violin and Guitar Strings.
Blank, Copy and Scrap BOOKS,
MEMORANDUMS,
PORTFOLIOS,
SLATES,
DESKS,
Pocket Bibles, Hymn and Prayer Books, Square and Oval Picture Frames.

WALLPAPERING, BORDERING, FIRE SCREENS AND PAPER WINDOW SHADES.

☞ NEW and SECOND HAND PIANOS and PARLOR ORGANS of first class manufactures, at a Liberal Discount from manufacturer's prices. Also, SECOND HAND PIANOS TAKEN IN EXCHANGE for new ones, allowing full value for those taken in exchange.

Liberal discounts to Country Merchants and Schools.

April3 1872—6d.

New Spring and Summer Goods!

LADIGA, Ala., Apri, 1872.

The undersigned would respectfully announce to their friends and customers, that they are receiving direct from New York, a very exclusive and desirable Stock of

Dry Goods,
CLOTHING, BOOTS & SHOES,
Gent's, Misses and Children's
HATS,
In great variety.

Hardware, Saddlery, Drugs, Medicines,
Crockery &c.

All of which have been carefully selected by our Mr. J. R. GRAHAM and bought with Cash, and will be sold at the very LOWEST PRICES.

We defy competition in quality and prices of Goods!

We also keep a full and complete Stock of
GROCERIES, BACON, LARD, &c.,
which we propose to sell only for Cash, at lowest prices.

Our Stock comprises almost everything usually kept in a Mercantile House, and you are especially invitee to come and see us, we guarantee quality and prices of Goods to suit you.

J. R. GRAHAM & CO.

PATTEN & PAYNE,
WHOLESALE
Booksellers & Stationers,
And agents for the
ROCK RIVER PAPER CO'S.
Building Paper:
Roofing for Sheathing, Lining, Plastering and Roofing Buildings.

WALL PAPER

Of every Grade, Quality and Price, and trimmed for customers. Wall and Ceiling Decorations, and Centre Pieces in great variety.

WINDOW SHADES
And FIXTURES Very Cheap.

Prepared Plastering Board

Makes a smooth and warm Ceiling and Wall, and is a perfect substitute for Lath and Plaster, and can be Papered, Painted or Whitewashed if desired.

It is cheap. Costs less than half as much as plaster. It can be easily and quickly applied by any one. It saves all the annoyances, dirt, and delay of plastering. It makes a perfectly smooth, warm and durable wall. In case of accident, it can be easily and quickly repaired. It is not affected by dampness in the atmosphere.

FELT ROOFING

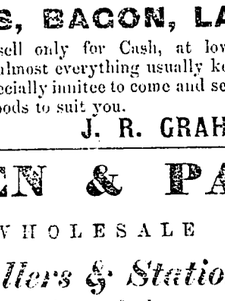
With the Quarts Cement makes a better and much cheaper roof than Tin, is warranted for Five Years.

DOUBLE THICK CARPET PAPER is a thick Wool Felting—prevents dust from rising and protects the Carpet from the uneven surface of the floor.

Samples of above sent on application.

No. 213 Market Street,
CHATTANOOGA, TENN.

HARDWARE.
B. L. WYMAN.
(Successor to HALL, MOSES & ROBERTS) has removed to
NO. 3 SIGN OF



COURT THE
SQUARE, *Padlock,*
Montgomery, Ala.

Where the readers of the REPUBLICAN are invited to examine one of the largest and best assorted Stocks ever brought to Montgomery; consisting of Hardware, Iron and Steel, Nails, Castings, Cutlery, Stoves, Tinware and housekeeping Goods, AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS, Plows, Hoes, Chains, &c., and the
Celebrated Fashion Cook Stove.
B. L. WYMAN.

Dec 23 1871—3m.

JOHN L. COBBS;
DEALER IN
DRY GOODS
Hosiery and Gloves,
CARPETS and OIL CLOTHS.
33 MARKET STREET,
Montgomery, Ala.

Jan27—6mo.

J. T. McDONALD & CO
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL
CLOTHIERS,
No. 7 Court Square, MONTGOMERY, ALA.

We claim to lead the market in
READY MADE CLOTHING

Of which we carry full lines of all grades for both Men and Boys.

In addition we have the largest line of *GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING GOODS, TRUNKS, VALISES, SACHELS, UMBRELLAS, &c., &c.,* to be found in the city. Buying for cash and doing the largest business of any house in the trade, we are confident of our ability to undersell the market.

J. T. McDONALD & CO.,
THE CLOTHIERS, 7 Court Square, Montgomery, Ala

Mar13—3m.

IF YOU WANT CORRECT TIME
GO TO
Randall of Gadsden,
THE BEST
Watch-Maker in North Alabama.
Prices for Goods & Work reduced 25 to 50 per cent. Everything guaranteed as represented and satisfaction given every time.
Cash or no Trade

Oct28 1871—tf.

J. & S. BONES & CO.
IMPORTERS OF & DEALERS IN
IRON and STEEL,
HARDWARE, CUTLERY, GUNS &c.
Rome Ga.,

In addition to keeping the largest Stock of HARDWARE in the Cherokee Country for Merchants supplies, are the Agents for
BLANDY'S CELEBRATED STEAM ENGINES & MILLS,
and can furnish at Manufactures prices, anything from a small size Saw Mill to the
LARGEST FLOURING MILL COMPLETE,
also Agents for CLEMANS' CORN and WHEAT MILL, which we keep in Stock.

[*READ HOME TESTIMONY.*]

NEAR CEDAR BLUFF Feb. 28, 1871

MESSRS. J. & S. BONES. *Dear Sirs:*

I have given the 16 inch Mill (Clemans) bought of you, a thorough test, and can but express myself perfectly satisfied. The power was the running gear to my gin, which although in very bad order, was sufficient to grind *one bushel* (by the watch) in *eleven minutes*. I had no trouble to do my grinding before breakfast. Several of my neighbors were present at the time, and all were satisfied with the result, and were astonished at the quantity and the quality of the meal produced in so short a time. I prefer the meal to any steam mill meal. The 16 inch mill I bought of you for the Foster Farm, and used since the above was written proves equally satisfactory. It is a complete mill.

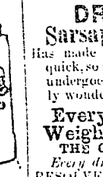
Yours Truly,
H. H. MILLER.

Upon all machinery sold by us we give a full guarantee. Send for catalogue and price list.

J. & S. BONES & CO.

apr15 1871—tf

CLOVER, GRASS AND GARDEN SEED.



W. D. HOYT & CO
WILL KEEP CONSTANTLY ON HAND A FULL STOCK OF THE ABOVE AT THE LOWEST FIGURES.
Clover, and Grass Seed.
STRICTLY CASH. Also
Lead, Oil and Glass,
At Manufactures prices. Also a full STOCK of
Drugs, Brushes, Perfumery Soaps of all kinds, Lamps, &c. &c.

W. D. HOYT & CO.
WHOLESALE DRUGGISTS,
Rome Ga.

Oct 28. tf.

KIRTLAND & TOURTELLOTTE,
Manufacturers, Wholesale and Retail Dealers in
BOOTS & SHOES.

The largest, oldest and only exclusive Boot and Shoe House in
MIDDLE ALABAMA,
LEATHER & FINDINGS,
No. 7 Market St.
MONTGOMERY ALABAMA.

dec23 71—6m.

Agency of the
CENTRAL CITY
Insurance Company,
OF SELMA ALABAMA,

H. A. STOLENWERCK, PRESIDENT. ED. K. FOWLKES, SECRETARY.

Cash Capital and Accumulations $125,000
Losses Paid Since Organization, over $115,000

Stores, Merchandise, Dwellings, Rents, and other insurable interest taken at customary rates. Three (3) and Five (5) Year policies or dwelling houses issued at a reduction or the annual rate.

ED. L. WOODWARD, Agent,
Apr18 Jacksonville, Ala,

East Alabama
LAND AGENCY,
B. C. WYLY & Co.
REAL ESTATE
and
General Agency Office,
No. 4. OFFICE ROW,
JACKSONVILLE ALA.

We are prepared to give our attention to the Sale, or Rent of
REAL ESTATE
in this and adjoining counties.

Having special facilities for finding purchasers, invite those who may desire to put their lands in market, to give us a trial. We will keep on exhibition in our office
MAPS,
taken from County Surveys, and personal reconnaissance of such places as may be entrusted to us, and will visit the property with parties contemplating a purchase.

All information concerning the lands of East Alabama freely given upon application in person, or by letter, at their office. Will also act as General Agents for the sale of all articles of merit which may be entrusted to them. Their extensive acquaintance with the people and personal knowledge of the Country, gives them facilities which no other Company can have.

BUSINESS SOLICITED.
B. C. WYLY,
JOHN H. FORNEY,
JNO. M. WYLY,
aug19 1871—1y.

R. R. R.
Radway's Ready Relief
CURES THE WORST PAIN in from One to Twenty Minutes.
NOT ONE HOUR
after reading this advertisement need any one SUFFER WITH PAIN.
RADWAY'S READY RELIEF IS A CURE FOR EVERY PAIN.
It was the first and is
The Only Pain Remedy
that instantly stops the most excruciating pains, allays Inflammations, and cures Congestions, whether of the Lungs, Stomach, other glands or organs, by one application IN FROM ONE TO TWENTY MINUTES no matter how violent or excruciating the pain the RHEUMATIC, Bed-ridden, Infirm, Crippled, Nervous, Neuralgic, or prostrated with disease may suffer,
RADWAY'S READY RELIEF
Will afford instant Ease.
Inflammation of the Kidneys,
Inflamation of the Bladder.
Inflamation of the Bowels,
Congestion of the Lungs.
Sore Throat, Difficult Breathing,
Palpitation of the Heart.
Hysterics, Croup, Diphtheria,
Catarrh, Influenza.
Headache Toothache,
Neuralgia, Rheumatism,
Cold Chills, Ague Chills,
The application of the READY RELIEF to the part or parts where the difficulty exists will afford ease and comfort.

Twenty drops in half a tumbler of water will in a few moments cure Cramps, Sick, Sour Stomach, Heartburn, Sick Headache, Diarrhea, Dysentery, Colic, Wind in the Bowels, and all Internal Pains.

Travelers should always carry a bottle of RADWAY'S READY RELIEF with them. A few drops in water will prevent sickness or pains from change of water. It is better than French Brandy or Bitters as a stimulant.

FEVER AND AGUE.

Fever and Ague cured for fifty cents. There is not a remedial agent in this world that will cure Fever and Ague, and all other Malarious, Bilous, Scarlet, Typhoid, Yellow, and other Fevers (aided by RADWAY'S PILLS) so quick as RADWAY'S READY RELIEF. Fifty cents per bottle.

DR. RADWAY'S
Sarsaparillian Resolvent
Has made the most astonishing cures so quick, so rapid are the changes it effects, so radically wonderful Medicine, that

Every day an increase in Weight and Flesh is Felt
THE GREAT BLOOD PURIFIER

Every drop of the SARSAPARILLIAN RESOLVENT communicates through the Blood, Sweat, Urine, and other fluids and juices of the system *the vigor of life*, repairs the wastes of the body with new and sound material. *Scrofula, Syphilis, Consumption, Glandular disease Ulcers in the throat, Mouth, Tumors, Nodes in the Eyes, Strumerous discharges from the Ears, and the worst forms of Skin disease, Eruptions, Fever Sores, Scald Head, Ring Worm, Salt Rheum, Erysipelas, Acne, Black Spots, Worms in the Flesh, Tumors, Cancers in the Womb*, and all weakening and painful discharges, Night Sweats, Loss of Sperm, and all wastes of the life principle, are within the curative range of this wonder of Western Chemistry, and a few days' use will prove to any person using it for either of these forms of disease its potent power to cure them.

If the patient, daily becoming reduced by the wastes and decomposition that is constantly progressing, succeeds in arresting these wasts, and repairs the same with healthy material made from healthy blood—and such is the SARSAPARILLIAN will and does secure—a cure is certain; for when once this remedy commences its work of purification, and succeeds in diminishing the loss of waste, its repairs will be rapid, and every day the patient will feel himself growing better and stronger, the food digesting better, appetite improving, and weight increasing.

Not only does the Sarsaparillian Resolvent exceed all known remedial agents in the cure of Chronic, Scrofulous, Constitutional and Skin diseases; but it is the only positive cure for

Kidney and Bladder Complaints,
Urinary, and Womb diseases, Gravel, Diabetes, Dropsy, Stoppage of Water, Incontinence of Urine, Bright's Disease, Albuminuria, and in all cases where there are brick dust deposits, or the water is thick, cloudy, mixed with substances like the white of an egg, or threads like white silk, or there are morbid, dark, billious appearance, and when bone-dust deposits, and when there is pricking, burning sensation when passing water, and pain in the Small of the Back or along the Loins.

DR. RADWAY'S
PERFECT PURGATIVE PILLS,
perfectly tasteless, elegantly coated with sweet gum, purge, regulate, purify, cleanse and strengthen. Radway's Pills, for the cure of all disorders of the Stomach, Liver, Bowels, Kidneys, Bladder, Nervous Diseases, Headache, Constipation, Costiveness, Indigestion, Dyspepsia, Billiousness, Bilious Fever, Inflamation of the Bowels, Piles, and all Derangements of the Internal Viscera. Warranted to effect a positive cure. Purely Vegetable, containing no mercury, minerals, or deleterious drugs.

A few doses of RADWLY'S PILLS will free the system from all the above named disorders. Price, 25 cents per Box. Sold by Druggists.

Read "False and True." Send one letter stamp to RADWAY & CO., No. 32 Warren Street, Corner of Church Street, New York. Information worth thousands will be sent you.

Sep 28, 1871—1y

Jacksonville Republican.

ISSUED, PRINTED & PUBLISHED, EVERY SATURDAY MORNING, BY

J. F. & L. W. GRANT.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

For one year in advance,.....$2 00
If not paid in advance,.....$3 00

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One square of 10 lines or less, first insertion,.....$1 00
Each subsequent insertion.....50
Over one square counted as two, &c.
Obituaries charged at advertising rates.
Marriage notices,.....50

Annunciation of Candidates.

For County offices,.....$5 00
For State offices,.....$10 00

Jacksonville Republican.

"The Price of Liberty is Eternal Vigilance."

VOL. 36. JACKSONVILLE, ALA., JUNE 15, 1872. WHOLE NO 1835

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For three, six, or twelve Months.

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Charges due and collectable quarterly.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

WM. M. HAMES, J. T. MARTIN

HAMES & MARTIN,

Attorneys at Law and Solicitors in Chancery. No. 8. Office Row, Jacksonville,

WILL practice in all the Courts of Law and Equity in the counties of the 12th Judicial circuit, consisting of Calhoun, Cleburne, St. Clair, Etowah and Cherokee, and the Supreme court of the State.
may20—1871.

ROBERT FOSTER. WM. H. FORNEY.

FOSTER & FORNEY,

Attorneys at Law,

Jacksonville Alabama.

WILL practice in the Counties of Calhoun, Talladega, Randolph, St. Clair, Cherokee, DeKalb and the Supreme Court of the State.
Dec. 23d, 1865.

H. J. TURNLEY, G. L. TURNLEY.

H. J. & G. L. TURNLEY,

Attorneys at Law

Solicitors in Chancery

AND

General Collecting Agents.

JACKSONVILLE, ALA.

WILL practice Law in the counties of Calhoun, Talladega, Randolph, Cleburne, Cherokee, Etowah, St. Clair and DeKalb; in the Supreme Court of the State, and in the U. S. District Court, Northern and Middle Division of Alabama.

S. C. ELLIS. J. H. CALDWELL.

ELLIS & CALDWELL,

Attorneys at Law,

AND

Solicitor in Chancery.

JACKSONVILLE, ALA.

HAVING associated themselves in the practice of Law, will practice together, except in criminal cases, in the counties of Calhoun, Talladega, St. Clair, Randolph, Cherokee and DeKalb.
Jan. 6. 1868.

H. L. STEVENSON,

Attorney at Law,

JACKSONVILLE, Ala.

Savage & de Rochemont,

ATTORNEYS AT-LAW

AND

SOLICITORS IN CHANCERY &

COLLECTING AGENTS,

OXFORD, ALA.

WILL practice in all the courts of the State also in the Supreme court. Collections made before the United State Court of Claims, also general land and Pension Agents.
April 13 1872 1y.

J. D. HAMMOND,

Notary Public

AND

Ex-OFFICIO JUSTICE OF THE PEACE

JACKSONVILLE,.....ALABAMA

WILL attend to any business that may be put into his hands, with dispatch.
Feb17 1872—1y.

Dr. H. W. FRANCIS,

Physician & Surgeon,

OFFICE, DRUG STORE J. C. FRANCIS,

North West Corner Square,

JACKSONVILLE - - ALA

Feb 25 1871—1y.

DR. W. W. HARRISON,

HAVING permanently located in Alexandria, offers his professional services to the citizens of Alexandria and vicinity.
He can be found at his office in Green & Ledbetter's Store during the day, and at the late residence of Jas. A. Gladden at night, unless professionally absent.
March 1872.—9m.

RAIL ROAD SCHEDULES.

South & North Ala. Rail Road.

SCHEDULE.

Passenger trains will run on this Road, as follows:

Light'g Exp. Tr's Montgomery, at 10,09 am
" " Arrives at Calera 12,50 p m
" " at Birmingham 3,39 p m
Mail train leaves Montgomery at 2'20 p m
" " Arrives at Calera 6.15 p m
Light'g Exp. Tr's Birmingham at 5,25 p m
" " Arrives at Montgomery 12,05 a m
Mail train Leaves Calera at 5,05 a m
" " Arrives at Montgomery 8,25 a m.

Close Connections with DOUBLE DAILY trains on Mobile & Montgomery Rail Road, or Mobile, New Orleans and all points of Texas.
This is the SHORTEST and quickest route to and from points named above for Passengers. Through Tickets and Through Bills issued. Rates as low as by any other line.
A. SHAW, Ass't Sup't.

H. Pierce, G. A. Morrison,
J. H. Jones Wm. L. Thompson.

PIERCE, JONES & CO.

Cotton Factors,

Proprietors of Planters Fire Proof Warehouse.

Drake's new Building opposite Troup House,

SELMA.....ALABAMA.

ROME ADVERTISEMENTS.

C. C. SAMUEL.

Successor to Elliot & Samuel,

COTTON FACTOR

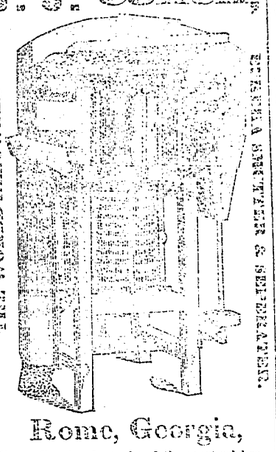
Warehouse & Commission Merchant

(At Steamboat Landing,)

Rome, Ga.

Cotton compressed and put in splendid shipping order and forwarded same day of its arrival, at reduced rates of freight.
sept 23, 1871—1y

J. J. Cohen,



Rome, Georgia,

Keeps Constantly on hand the most celebrated and latest MILL MACHINERY, at Manufacturer's prices. Also, Importer of the Double Anchor Dutch Bolting Cloth, French Burr and Esopus MILL STONES, Double Turbine Water Wheel, and an assortment of Belting, &c. Dec. 30, '71.—1y.

SELMA ADVERTISEMENTS

THOS. A. WALTHALL, T. S. BOWEN,

BOWEN & WALTHALL,

Wholesale Grocers

—AND—

COMMISSION MERCHANTS

NO. 5 CENTRAL R. OCK, WATER ST.

SELMA——ALABAMA.

Jan—6ly

W. R. ETHERIDGE. W. B. MCKINNEY.

McKINNEY & Co.,

Receiving and Forwarding

—AND—

STEAMBOAT AGENTS,

Selma.....Alabama.

We have a large and convenient Warehouse, a Brick Wharf and every facility for protecting Goods.
Jan 6 1y

Nashville

Marble Works.

D. C. COLEMAN,

MANUFACTURER OF ALL KINDS OF

MARBLE MONUMENTS,

TOMBS, HEADSTONES,

MANTELS, VASES

Vases, Etc.,

Of the finest

ITALIAN

AND

AMERICAN MARBLE

Yard No. 31 S. College Street, between Church and Broad,

NASHVILLE, TENNESSEE.

Orders promptly filled and satisfaction guaranteed.
Feb24 1872—1y.

To the Public.

The Partnership heretofore existing between McCLEEREN & LANDERS, having, by mutual consent, been dissolved, I have opened a business on my own account in the house formerly occupied by Mrs. M. E. Rowland, where I will be glad to see my old patrons and friends and sell them any and all articles kept in a

Family Grocery

low for Cash or its equivolent.
I have also a fine assortment of

LIQUORS OF ALL KINDS

ot sell at wholesale.

A. M. LANDERS.

February, 3d 1872.—tf.

CALL AT THE

Old Hotel,

West Side of the Public Square

Jacksonville, Ala.

WHICH has been repaired, refurnished and refitted up, especially for the comfort of those who may favor us with a call. Rooms large and comfortable—fare good as the country affords—servants polite and attentive—charges reasonable.
Can accommodate a dozen or two regular boarders.

J. D. HAMMOND,
Dec. 18, '69—1y. Proprietor.

CROSS PLAINS HOUSE

COMMERCE.

This House is now open for the reception of guests, and will receive Boarders on the most reasonable terms. No pains will be spared to render satisfaction to all who may favor us with their patronage.
No trash promised—trash come and see.

A. B. Johnson,
J. N. Hood,
J. N. Hood, Prop'r.

june15—tf.

J. & B. TERRELL,

Corner Bibb & Commerce Streets,

Montgomery, Ala.

HAVING just completed the removal into the Commodious new and Commodious Building on the corner of Bibb and Commerce streets, would inform their friends and the public, that they have on hand and are daily receiving, a

LARGE & ELEGANT STOCK OF

Fall and Winter Goods,

—CONSISTING IN PART OF—

Kerseys, Linseys,
Jeans, Tweeds,
Cassimeres, Cloths,
Opera, all Wool and
Cotton Flannels, Cali-
coes, Shirting Prints,
Brown and Bleached Sheetings,
Ticking, Table Damask,
Towels, Napkins,
and a full line of
Domestics,
Hosiery, Gloves,
and Notions,
Dress Goods,
Very Attractive
in Style and
Quality.

We intend to keep our stock replenished with [illegible] to meet the demands of our customers, which it will be our aim to

SECURE THE LOWEST MARKET PRICES.

ROWAN, DEAN & CO.

HAVE ADDED TO THEIR EXtensive and varied

Stock of Merchandise

A full line of

FURNITURE

Consisting of

Bedsteads,

Wardrobes,

Bureaus,

Washstands,

Centre Tables,

Dining Tables,

&c., &c., &c.

Which they will sell very cheap

For Cash.

The time is at hand for us to provide for buying a

Spring Stock,

And we need money. All who have not paid their last year's account will please do so at once. It is not our practice to call on our customers for money unless

WE REALLY NEED IT.

But we cannot comply with the terms upon which which we buy goods, and sell on time, unless we can collect once year.

ROWAN, DEAN & CO.
Feb24 1872—tf.

J. H. LAKIN,

Artistic Photographs,

No. 51 Market Street,

MONTGOMERY, ALA.

PERSONS at a distance having old and fading Deguerreotypes can safely send them by mail to be recopied. ALL WORK GUARANTEED FIRST CLASS, AND PRICES REASONABLE.
May 11th, 1872—1y.

NEW BRICK HOTEL.

The undersigned is now prepared to accommodate the travelling public.

S. C. KELLY, Prop.

LIVERY AND SALE STABLE

Sign of the Horned Horse,

OXFORD ALA.,

S. C. KELLY.

sept13 '71—tf.

THE GREAT CAUSE OF HUMAN MISERY.

Just Published, in a Sealed Envelope.

PRICE SIX CENTS.

A Lecture on the Nature, Treatment and Radical Cure of Seminal weakness, or Spermatorrhœa, induced by Self-Abuse, Involuntary emissions, Impotency, Nervous debility and Impediments to Marriage generally; Consumption, Epilepsy, and Fits; Mental and Physical Incapacity, etc. By ROBERT J. CULVERWELL, M. D., author of the "Green Book" etc

The world-renowned author in this admirable Lecture, clearly proves from his own experience that the awful consequences of Self-Abuse may be effectually removed without medicine, and without dangerous surgical operations, bougies, instruments, rings, or cordials, pointing out a mode of cure at once certain and effectual, by which every sufferer, no matter what his condition may be, may cure himself cheaply, privately, and radically. THIS LECTURE WILL PROVE A BOON TO THOUSANDS AND THOUSANDS.

Sent under seal, to any address, in a plain sealed envelope, on the receipt of six cents or two postage stamps. Address, Dr. Culverwell's "Marriage Guide," price 25 cents. Address the Publishers,

CHAS. J. C. KLINE & CO.,
127 Fulton, New York, P. O. box, 4,589

T. A. HUNT, J. F. WOOD,
Formerly of Atlanta. Tennessee.

HUNT & WOOD,

GROCERS,

AND

GENERAL

Commission Merchants,

For the Purchase and Sale of Grain, Bacon, Flour, and all Kinds of Country Produce.

202 MARKET STREET,

Chattanooga, Tenn.

Any orders left with R. D. Williams will meet prompt attention.

REFERENCES:

First National Bank,
W. Crutchfield & Co.,
Chattanooga.
T. & G. T. Doll & Co.,
A. C. & B. F. Wyly,
Atlanta Ga.

March 1872—1y

MOBILE ADVERTISEMENTS.

F. J. BARNARD & CO.

WHOLESALE & RETAIL DEALERS IN

Paints, Oils, Glass,

Putty, Brushes,

AND

A Large Assortment of

ARTIST MATERIALS,

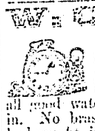
PICTURE FRAMES AND MOULDINGS &c.

No. 11. North Water Street,

MOBILE, ALA.

This House was established in the year 1842.
sep16—6m.

W. G. LANIER,



THE oldest Watch maker in the State, (near Forty years at the bench,) still in Jacksonville, to repair all good watches that may be brought in. No brass or oreide watches need be brought in to be fixed.
Having made arrangements with the Manufacturers, I am prepared to have any part or parts of good watches made new, in the best manner and at short notice, doing away with the tedious process of hand work. All fine and complicated watches repaired and put in as good order as new, if desired.
nov11 1871—tf.

NEW LIVERY STABLE.

The undersigned takes pleasure in notifying his friends, and the

PUBLIC GENERALLY

that he has opened the stables formerly known as the Privett Stables.

HE IS PREPARED TO HIRE.

Hacks, Wagons, Buggies, and Horses at the following schedule of prices:

Two-horse hacks and driver per day $6,00.
Two-horse wagon and driver per day $5,00.
Buggy and horse per day $2,00.
Single Buggy per day $2,00.
Single Horse per day $2,00.

He will also feed and take care of stock at charges to be paid when the stock is taken from the stable. Terms cash, only.

RICHARD WEAVER,
aug12—71.

Maud Muller.

[If there is, in human language, a sentiment sweeter, or inspiration more divine, than the following, we have never seen it:—Ed.]

Maud Muller, on a summer's day,
Raked the meadow sweet with hay.

Beneath her torn hat glowed the wealth
Of simple beauty and rustic health.

Singing, she wrought, and her merry glee
The mock-bird echoed from his tree.

But, when she glanced to the far-off town,
White from its hill slope looking down,

The sweet song died, and a vague unrest
And a nameless longing filled her breast—

A wish, that she hardly dared to own,
For something better than she had known.

The Judge rode slowly down the lane,
Smoothing his horse's chestnut mane.

He drew his bridle in the shade
Of the apple trees, to greet the maid,

And ask a draught from the spring that flowed
Through the meadow across the road.

She stooped where the cool spring bubbled up,
And filled for him her small tin cup.

And blushed as she gave it, looking down
On her feet so bare, and her tattered gown.

"Thanks!" said the Judge "a sweeter draught
From a fairer hand was never quaffed."

He spoke of the grass and flowers, and trees,
Of the singing birds and the humming bees;

Then talked of the haying, and wondered whether
The cloud in the west would bring foul weather.

And Maud forgot her brier-torn gown,
And her graceful ankles bare and brown;

And listened, while a pleased surprise
Looked from her long-lashed hazel eyes.

At last, like one who for delay
Seeks a vain excuse, he rode away.

Maud Muller looked and sighed: "Ah, me!
That I the Judge's bride might be!

"He would dress me up in silk so fine,
And praise and toast me at his wine.

"My father should wear a broadcloth coat;
My brother should sail a painted boat.

"I'd dress my mother so grand and gay,
And the baby should have a new toy each day.

"And I'd feed the hungry and clothe the poor,
And all should bless me who left our door."

The Judge looked back as he climbed the hill,
And saw Maud Muller standing still.

"A form more fair, a face more sweet,
Never has it been my lot to meet.

"And her modest answer and graceful air
Show her wise and good as she is fair.

"Would she were mine, and I to-day,
Like her, a harvester of hay:

"No doubtful balance of rights and wrongs,
Nor weary lawyers with endless tongues,

"But low of cattle and song of birds,
And health and quiet and loving words."

But he thought of his sisters proud and cold,
And his mother vain of her rank and gold.

So, closing his heart, the Judge rode on,
And Maud was left in the field alone;

But the lawyers smiled that afternoon,
When he heard in court an old love-tune;

And the young girl mused beside the well,
Till the rain on the unheeded clover fell.

He wedded a wife of richest dower,
Who lived for fashion, as he for power;

Yet, in his marble hearth's bright glow,
He watched a picture come and go:

And sweet Maud Muller's hazel eyes
Looked out in their innocent surprise.

Oft, when the wine in his glass was red,
He longed for the wayside well instead;

And closed his eyes on his garnished rooms,
To dream of meadows and clover blooms;

And the proud man sighed, with a secret pain:
"Ah, that I were free again!

"Free as when I rode that day,
Where the barefoot maiden raked her hay."

She wedded a man unlearned and poor,
And many children played round her door;

But care and sorrow, and child-birth pain,
Left their traces on heart and brain;

And oft, when the summer sun shone hot
On the new-mown hay in the meadow lot,

And she heard the little spring brook fall
Over the roadside, through the wall,

In the shade of the apple-tree again
She saw a rider draw his rein;

And, gazing down with timid grace,
She felt his pleased eyes read her face.

Sometimes her narrow kitchen walls
Stretched away into stately halls;

The weary wheel to a spinet turned,
The tallow candle an astral burned,

And for him who sat by the chimney log,
Dozing and grumbling o'er pipe and mug,

A manly form at her side she saw,
And joy was duty and love was law.

Then she took up her burden of life again,
Saying only, "It might have been."

Alas for maiden, alas for Judge!
For rich repiner and household drudge!

God pity them both and pity us all,
Who vainly the dreams of youth recall.

For of all sad words of tongue or pen,
The saddest are these: "It might have been!"

Ah, well! for us all some sweet hope lies
Deeply buried from human eyes;

And, in the hereafter, angels may
Roll the stone from its grave away!

THE PHILADELPHIA CONVENTION.

Grant Nominated.

Old John Brown's Body Lies Mouldering in the Ground.

Harry Wilson for Vice.

The Platform.

PHILADELPHIA, June 6.

The vote for Grant was unanimous. In casting the vote of delegations, each chairman made a little speech which was received with great good humor. The following is not among the most extravagant: Topham of Virginia said: "Her Republican people marching forward under her banner *six vamper (quere?)* in her usual next autumn to put her armed heel on the head of the Democratic party. The grandsires and Virginia must and will be redeemed." (Cheers.)

The Convention united in singing "John Brown's body, etc." When the nomination was announced and after the hearty hurrahs subside, a motion was made to suspend the rules and nominate a Vice President, which was carried.

Pennsylvania nominated Wilson, and Massachusetts seconded the nomination.

Indiana nominated Colfax, Rhode Island seconded the nomination.

Missouri also seconded the nomination, Lynch, (colored) saying that it seemed to him as if the spirit of Lincoln was here, and he remembered what that patriot said on one occasion when he said it was not a safe time to sleep between the proceedings were interrupted by the entrance of the Platform Committee. After adoption of the platform Virginia nominated John F. Lewis. Colored delegates from Texas nominated R. J. Davis.

Vote for Wilson 364½, Colfax 321½.—Virginia changed to Wilson, which gave him the nomination.

Convention then adjourned *sine die.*

The Platform of the Republican party of the United States assembled in National Convention in the city of Philadelphia on the 5th and 6th days of June, 1872, again declares its faith, appeals to its history and announces its position upon the questions before the country:

1. During eleven years of its supremacy it has accepted with grand courage the solemn duties of the times. It suppressed a slaveholders' rebellion, emancipated four millions of slaves, decreed the equal citizenship of all, established universal suffrage.—Prohibiting unspeakable inhumanity, it criminally punished no man for political offences, and warmly welcomed all who proved their loyalty by obeying the laws, and it aims in its work to abolish the evils of patronage and make honesty, efficiency and fidelity the essential qualifications for public position, while practically creating a life tenure of office.

2. Complete liberty and exact equality in the enjoyment of all civil, political and public rights should be established and effectually maintained throughout the Union by efficient and appropriate State and Federal legislation. Neither the law nor its administration should admit of any discrimination in respect of citizens by reason of race, creed, color or previous condition of servitude.

3. The recent amendments to the National Constitution should be cordially sustained, because they are right, not merely tolerated because they are the law, and should be carried out according to their spirit by appropriate legislation, the enforcement of which can safely be entrusted only to the party that secured those amendments.

4. The National Government should seek to maintain honorable peace with all nations, protecting its citizens everywhere and sympathizing with all peoples who strive for greater liberty.

5. That any system of the civil service under which the subordinate positions of the Government are considered rewards for mere party zeal we regard as fatally demoralizing, and therefore favor a reform of the system by laws which shall abolish the evils of patronage and make honesty, efficiency and fidelity the essential qualifications for public position, while practically creating a life tenure of office.

6. We are opposed to further grants of the public lands to corporations and monopolies, and demand that the National domain be set apart for free homes for the people.

The annual revenue after paying current expenses and the interest on the public debt should furnish a moderate balance for the reduction of the principal and the revenue except so much as may be derived from a tax upon tobacco and liquors should be raised by duties upon importation, the duties of which should be so adjusted as to aid in securing remunerative wages to labor and promote the industries, growth and prosperity of the whole country.

8. We hold in undying honor the soldiers and sailors whose valor saved the Union. Their pensions are a sacred debt of the Union, and the widows and orphans of those who died for their country are entitled to the care of such additional legislation, as will extend the bounty of the Government to all our soldiers and sailors who were honorably discharged, and in the time of duty became disabled without regard to the length of service or the cause of such discharge.

9. The Doctrine of Great Britain and other European powers concerning allegiance once a subject always a subject having at last through the efforts of the republican party, been abandoned and the American idea of the individual's right to transfer allegiance having been accepted by European nations it is the duty of our Government to guard with jealous care the rights of adopted citizens against the assumption of unauthorized claims by their former Government and we urge continued careful encouragement and protection of voluntary immigration.

10. The franking privilege ought to be abolished and the way prepared for a speedy reduction in the rate of postage.

11. Among the questions which press for attention is that which concerns the relation of capital and labor and the Republican party recognizes the duty of so shaping legislation as to secure full protection and the amplest field for capital, and for labor the creator of capital the largest opportunities and a just share of profits of production these two great servants of civilization.

12. We hold that Congress and the President have only fulfilled an imperative duty in their measures for the suppression of violent and treasonable organizations in certain lately rebellious regions and for the protection of the ballot box and that they are entitled to the thanks of the nation therefor.

13. We denounce repudiation of the public debt in any form or disguise as a national crime. We witness with pride the reduction of the principal of the debt and the rates of interest upon the balances and confidently expect that our excellent national currency will be perfected by a speedy resumption of specie payments.

14. The Republican party is mindful of its obligations to the loyal women of America for their noble devotion to the cause of freedom and their admission into a wide field of usefulness is viewed with satisfaction and the honest demands of any class of citizens for additional rights should be treated with respectful consideration.

15. We heartily approve the action of Congress in extending amnesty to those lately in rebellion and rejoice in the growth of peace and fraternal feeling throughout the land.

16. The Republican party proposes to respect the rights reserved by the people to the States as carefully as the powers delegated by them to the State.

17. It is the duty of the General Government to adopt such measures as will tend to encourage American commerce and ship building.

I. We declare that the modest petition, the earnest purpose, the sound judgment, the practical wisdom, the enlightened statesmanship and the illustrious services of Ulysses S. Grant have commended him to the hearts of the American people, and with him at our head we start to-day upon a new march to victory.

Gratz Brown's Letter of Acceptance.

WASHINGTON, June 2.—The following is the text of Governor Gratz Brown's letter accepting the nomination of the Cincinnati Convention:

ST. LOUIS, June 1—I accept the nomination as Vice-President, and endorse most cordially the resolutions setting forth the principles upon which an appeal is made to the whole people of the United States. A century is closing upon our experience of Republican government, and while that lapse of time has witnessed the great expansion of our free institutions, yet it has not been without illustrious events, and also grave dangers to the stability of such a system. Of those successfully encountered, it is needless to speak of; those which remain to menace us, most threatening, are provided against. I firmly believe in the wise and pacific measures proposed by your platform. It has come to be a practice of those elevated to positions of national authority to regard the public service but as means to retain power. This result, and in substituting a mere party organization for the government itself, which constitutes control, responds to no laws or moralities, murders all independent thought, enables a few to rule the many, and makes personal allegiance the road to favor. It requires trifling forecast to perceive that this will wreck all our liberties unless there be interposed a timely reform of administration from its highest to its lowest station, which shall not only prevent abuses, but likewise take away the incentive to their practice. We are tired of the contentions that are carried on in avarice of the spoils. The country demands repose. The Union is fortified by more power than ever before; it remains as an imperative duty to cement our nationality by perfect reconciliation. At the North a wide-spread sympathy is aroused in behalf of those States of the South which, long after the termination of resistance to the rightful authority, are still plundered under guise of loyalty, and tyrannized over in the name of freedom. Along with this feeling, is at present too a recognition that in complete amnesty alone can be found a hope of any return to the constitutional government as of old, or any development of more enduring unity and broader national life in future. Amnesty, however, to be efficacious, must be real, not nominal—genuine, not evasive—it must carry along with it equal rights, as well as equal protection to all. For removal of the disabilities as to some, with enforcement as to others, leaves room for suspicion that that portion is measured by political gain, and especially will such professed clemency be futile in presence of a renewed attempt at prolonging a suspension of the habeas corpus, and persistent resort to martial rather than civil law in upholding those agencies used to alienate the races, when concord is most essential, and in preparing for another elaborate campaign on a basis of dead issues and arbitrary intervention; all will rightly credit such conduct as but mockery of amnesty, and demand an administration which can give better warrant of honesty in the real work of reconstruction and reform. In array of sectional interests, a republic, so wide as is ours, is never entirely safe from atrocious conflicts. These become still more dangerous when complicated with question of taxation, where unequal burdens are levied to be imposed on one import at the expense of another import. It was a bold as well as admirable policy in the interest as well as future tranquility, to withdraw the decision of industrial and revenue matters from the virtual arbitration of the electorial college chosen with the single animating purpose of parties' ascendency, and refer them for a more direct popular expression to each congressional district. Instead of being muzzled by some evasive declaration, the country is thereby invited to its frankest utterance, and sections which would revolt at being denied a vote out of deference of other success, would be content to acquiesce in general judgment, honestly elected. If local government be, and it undoubtedly is, the most vital principle of our institutions, much advance will be made towards establishing it by enabling people to pass upon questions so nearly affecting their well-being, dispassionately through their local representations. The precipitance which would force controlling declaration on tax or tariff through Presidential candidacy is only disguised form of centralization, involving hazardous reaches of executive influence. A conclusion will be much more impartially determined, and with less disturbance to trade and finance, by appealing to the most truthful and diversified local expression. Industrial issues can be likewise emancipated from the power of great monopolies and each representative held to fidelity toward his immediate constituents. These are the most prominent features of that general concert of action which proposes to replace the present administration by one more in sympathy with the aspirations of the masses of our countrymen. Of course such concert cannot be attained by thrusting every minor or past difference into the foreground, and it will be for the people first to determine whether the objects are of such magnitude and present urgency as to justify them in doing other adjustments until the country shall be first restored to free suffrage, unbiassed by official declaration, and ours becomes in fact a free Republic, relieved from all apprehensions of a central domination. Without referring in detail to the various other propositions embraced in the resolutions of the convention, but seeing how they all contemplate a restoration of power to the people, peace to the nation, purity of the government; that they condemn the attempt to establish an ascendancy of military over civil rule, and affirm with explicitness the maintenance of equal freedom to all citizens, irrespective of race, previous condition, or pending disabilities. I have only to pledge again my sincere co-operation.

I have the honor to remain, very respectfully, yours,

[Signed] B. GRATZ BROWN.

Senators Morton, Carpenter, Conkling and Frelinghuysen will reply to the anti-Grant speeches of Sumner and Schurz this week. The strength of the late assaults upon the Grant administration may be gathered from the fact that it is thought necessary to open with four guns upon two.

NEGRO WOMEN AS OFFICERS.—There was a fight yesterday, about two miles from the city, between a white man and a negro, in which the latter came out second best. It seems the negro gave the white man some impudence, when he went for the "he Chem." After he had succeeded in giving him a good sound thrashing, five negro wenches came up and seized him, before he could say "Jack Robinson," and started for the city, the unfortunate brother following behind crying, "that's right gals carry him to Judge Busteed, for he has nearly killed me." They succeeded in bringing the man to the city. By the time they had arrived, about five hundred had joined the five sisters, swearing vengeance. The officers arrived in time to take the man in charge.—*Mont gomery Advance.*

STARTLING EXPOSITION OF CORRUPTION IN SPAIN.—The cause of the fall of the Sagasta ministry is as follows: On presentation of the budget it was found that $20,000,000 had been diverted from colonial to the interior department. On being called upon to explain, Sagasta said that the money had been used in the secret service. The reply was unsatisfactory, and the resignations were demanded. Sagasta finally declared that the money was used by the police spy department, and produced the records to procure which the money was spent. These records consist of letters of politicians, deputies and generals, and of reports of their movements. Whether these records are true or false, it is the most wonderful exhibit ever made by any government. Every prominent Spaniard is represented as being involved in some conspiracy, and Madrid appears to be a vast nest of political intrigue. Serrano is said to be involved in the movement in favor of Alphonzo, son of ex-Queen Isabella; Rey, recently minister of war, is said to be compromised with the Carlists, and Zorilla with the Internationals. Distinguished republicans are reported as proposing to plunder the bank of Spain, Castelar wishing only to seize the coin, and Margall urging the seizure of the bullion also. The king is represented as having no confidence in the capacity or honesty of the Spaniards; and as having asked the advice of his father on the propriety of employing Prussian generals. This remarkable glimpse of Spanish parties in their intrigues has had the effect of a political earthquake.

The "regular Republican party" seems to think that there is nothing like leather, having nominated the "Tanner of Galena" and the "Cobbler of Natick."

The female suffragists will draw about as much solid comfort from the declaration of the Philadelphia Convention that, "the honest demands of any class of citizens for additional rights should be treated with respectful consideration," as a suitor to Government for a claim receives from an indefinite official letter signed "Yours, respectfully."

Mr. Grant might safely use the language of the lamented Uriah Heep, and allude to the 'umbleness of Mr. Fish and himself. Spain, emboldened by the unbounded stomach shown by our Administration in its negotiations with England, now declines to release Dr. Howard unless we sue for the favor with bended knee and bated humbleness. Such an Administration as ours will, however, in all probability, put up with even such an affront from even such a power as Spain.

JACKSONVILLE REPUBLICAN

JACKSONVILLE, ALABAMA.

SATURDAY, JUNE 15th 1872.

☞ Pursuant to a call of the Democratic Executive Committee of the State, the Democratic State Convention will be held in the City of Montgomery the NINETEENTH of JUNE.

☞ The friends of Hon. Thos. A. Walker, announce his name as a candidate for the Senate from the counties of Cherokee and Calhoun; subject to the action of a nominating convention, should one be held.

We are authorized to announce H. L. STEVENSON, as a candidate for the office of County Solicitor for Calhoun County. Election first Tuesday after the first Monday in November.

The Montgomery Board of Trade have tendered their rooms to the Alabama Press Convention to meet in Montgomery the 18th inst.

Rev. Dr. Huston, of Baltimore, accused of gross licentiousness, has been acquitted by a committee, appointed by Conference to investigate the case.

A baby was found floating in the Coosa above Gadsden a few days ago in its little cradle, playing "patty cake" with its little hands, and Tom Cox tries to make out that that is all he knows about it.

Browning Bozeman one of the Elmore County prisoners lately under trial in Judge Busteed's Court in Montgomery, has been acquitted by the jury. At last account no verdict had been rendered in the case of the other prisoners.

It will be seen, from Resolutions of Col. Ellis, that a Convention of the Democracy of Cherokee and Calhoun is invited. It strikes us that Cross Plains or Ladiga would be about middle ground.

Ex-Gov. Parsons introduced in the Philadelphia Convention what the New York *Herald* calls some buncombe resolutions, in relation to the Alabama Claims, &c. They attracted very little attention as did everything else that emanated from the small fry of the convention.

A colored delegate to the Philadelphia Convention, evidently thinking of the good old days when he used to eat good old ash cake, and pick the banjo and dance on his master's lawn at night, and sleep in the *good warm* Summer sun during the day, asked the band in attendance to play "Auld Lang Syne." The band played it and coffee was again for a time happy.

Has not Colfax traded upon that poor old mother of his about long enough? Only last year he lent her, with his wonderful career, to the advertisers of that great humbug, Confidence; and the other day, in the Philadelphia Convention, his friends endeavored to secure his renomination because he had supported her, as a dutiful son should, in the early days of his poverty. Since Colfax has retired, we ask that the old lady be permitted to retire too, never more to be dragged out by quack doctors and political charlatans.

The friends of Colfax in the Philadelphia Convention vainly urged that in his earlier days he had been first a poor printer boy and afterwards an editor, in this way supporting his mother, etc. The friends of Harry Wilson were equal to the emergency. They showed that he had been even poorer and more humble in his youth than had Colfax: that he had earned his living in early life at the shoemaker's bench; and then went further and showed the eternal fitness of things in putting the Tanner Grant and the Shoemaker Wilson on the same ticket. The convention recognized the superior claims of Wilson, and the poor printer boy was passed by for the shoemaker.

A Confederate General named Carter, "not very handsome to look upon, being bleached as to hair and freckled as to skin," according to the correspondent of the New York *Herald*, played a very Uriah Heep for "humbleness" before the Philadelphia Convention. He styled himself a type [God save the mark] of "the men who fought honestly and got whipped squarely." Quoth this type of Southern chivalry, "One of the lessons I have learned, is that the will of the American people is to be respected." He thought that if the issue was made in the South as between Grant and Greeley, the Southern people "who have abandoned their abstractions" would "prefer the man who *makes them behave themselves*." [Here the yankees cheered him.] He thought that Grant would get more straight Democratic votes than would Greeley, in Louisiana.

The proceedings of our County Convention will be found in another column. It will be seen that the convention confined itself strictly to business. By agreement all around, no resolutions calculated to provoke debate were introduced. Calhoun county is willing to leave all matters of general State interest to the State Convention, and will be satisfied to make the fight on the platform and resolutions put forth by that convention, whatever they may be. When it comes to the election of our Representative and State Senator, the bond question will doubtless be sprung by individuals and the aspirant compelled to make categorical answers to questions propounded through the columns of the newspapers and from the stump.

The sentiment of the convention, as privately gathered, was averse to making any suggestion to the State Convention as to the course to be pursued touching the candidacy of Greeley and Brown.

THE RIGHTS AND DIGNITY OF THE STATES.

Some time ago it appears that three men in Elmore county were indicted for murder; that their cases were continued and the men remanded to the custody of the Sheriff of the county; that these men were, in the "most extraordinary and singular manner," forcibly taken from the custody of the Sheriff by a Marshall of the U. S., under a process from the District Court of the United States, to answer for an offense against the laws of the United States. These facts Gov. Lindsay brought to the attention of Hon. Richard Busteed, Judge of the U. S. District Court, before whom the said prisoners are undergoing trial, closing his note as follows;

"If the facts set forth in the communication now submitted to your consideration are found to be even substantially true, a grievous wrong has been inflicted on the rights and dignity of the State of Alabama and the jurisdiction of her tribunals, which I feel confident you will redress by ordering that said prisoners be surrendered by the Marshal to the Sheriff of Elmore county, from whose custody they were wrongfully taken."

To this note Judge Busteed replied at length, plainly indicating an unalterable purpose to not relinquish the prisoners to the State authorities. The "rights and dignity of the State of Alabama," he disposed of as follows:

"For myself, I cannot regard the State of Alabama, or any other State of the Union, as possessed of either rights or dignity that are not utterly subordinated, in whole and in part, to the sovereignty and authority of the United States, their constitution and laws. These are supreme in Alabama. They are regnant here."

And now brethren hear what that old Hero, General Jackson, says in his farewell address to his countrymen.

"It is well known that there has always been those among us, who wish to enlarge the powers of the General Government; and experience would seem to indicate that there is a tendency on the part of this Government to overstep the boundaries marked out for it by the Constitution.

"Its legitimated authority is abundantly sufficient for all the purposes for which it was created; and its powers being expressly enumerated, there can be no justification for claiming anything beyond them. Every attempt to exercise power beyond these limits, should be promptly and firmly opposed. For one evil example will lead to other measures still more mischievous; and if the principle of constructive powers, or supposed advantage or temporary circumstances, shall ever be permitted to justify the assumption of a power not given by the Constitution, the General Government will before long absorb all the powers of Legislation, and you will have, in effect, but one Consolidated Government.

"From the extent of our country, its diversified interests, different pursuits, and different habits, it is too obvious for argument, that a single Consolidated Government would be wholly inadequate to watch over, and protect its interests; and every friend of our free institutions should be always prepared to maintain unimpaired, and in full vigor, the *rights and Sovereignty of the States*, and to confine the action of the General Government strictly to the sphere of its appropriate duties."

Ku-Klux Bi-ccurse Bill.

The Senate put this bill upon the Sundry Civil Appropriation bill, by a violation of their own rules, to compel the House to take it or lose the whole Sundry appropriation bill. If the Sundry Appropriation bill should fail to pass, a call session of Congress would become necessary, and then the Ku-klux bill and Civil rights bill, which are now dead, would be revived and passed by a large majority. To avoid this extra session the opponents of the bill in the House were forced to make some concessions, and it was finally agreed that the bill should go to a Conference Committee with all the Senate amendments non-concurred in and that the House should adjourn until Monday o'clock, leaving but 4 hours of the session. The Democrats knew they could filibuster this time out, if the committee agreed to force the political amendment, as it came from the Senate. There were about ninety-odd amendments, mainly relating to appropriations, besides this political one. The Committee sat 6 hours, and after disposing of all the amendments except the one in question, it was proposed in Committee that the Senate should recede from this and pass the bill without it. This Messrs. Cole and Edmunds positively refused to do. They constituted a majority of the Senate conferees, and there was nothing left but to report a disagreement to both Houses, with the certainty of the bill failing and an extra session as the result, or, to attempt some compromise. The House conferees took the latter course, and set to work to see how many of the fangs the Senate conferees would consent to have drawn from the Force amendment. The final result was a very important modification of the amendment, ridding it of some of its worst features. The principal changes made are three. It is provided that ten reputable citizens in a county must request the application of the law instead of two, as in the original amendment. The provision for the deputy marshals to attend the polls and arrest voters are stricken out, and provision made that there shall be no interference with State election laws or election officers. In this shape the measure amounts to little more than to authorize two Federal supervisors to attend such poll to electioneer for Grant, watch the proceedings, and make a report to the Federal Court. The two Democratic members of the Conference refused to sign the report, considering the measure so objectionable even in the amended form that they did not wish to put their names to it.

Congress has adjourned. The closing scenes were boisterous and disgraceful.

Mr. Brooks remarked upon the unconstitutionality of the force bill.

Mr. Bingham said the pretence of unconstitutionality was the inauguration of treason as dishonorable and damning as that of twelve years ago.

Here there was impatient outburst on the Democratic side, and Mr. Morgan shouted out that Bingham's statement was a lie.

Bingham added "And as treasonable as that other pretext."

Morgan again shouted, "It is a lie and I will thrust it down your throat."

The 42nd Congress is no more—may we never have another like it.

State Political Notes.

The Barbour County Convention endorsed Greeley and Brown, and passed resolutions complimentary of Gov. Lindsay.

The Shelby County Convention passed resolutions declaring a willingness to pay every claim against the State valid in law and equity, and opposition to the payment of any and all not created in good faith and in accordance with the law. A resolution to co-operate with all good citizens in the election of Greeley and Brown was also adopted.

The Lee County Resolutions pledge the undivided support of the county to the nominees of the Montgomery Convention, and will not allow a difference upon local question to interfere with such support.

The Blandon Springs *Herald* is for Hon. Thos. A. Herndon for Governor.

The Marion *Commonwealth* is opposed to W. C. Oats for Governor, and the Eutaw *Whig* is opposed to him for Congress at Large.

A correspondent of the Evergreen *Observer* wants Hon. J. W. Leslie for State Auditor.

A correspondent of the Mobile *Tribune* suggest the name of Col. Wm. Bayles for Governor. Col. Bayles in a card to the *Tribune* declines to allow his name used.

The Eutaw *Whig and Observer* hoists the name of Col. J. J. Jolly for Congress at Large. The same paper says that if M. M. Cooke wants the place of Auditor, it is for him heart and soul. The same paper contains an article highly complimentary of Col. John W. A. Sanford and hopes he will be nominated.

The Autauga County Convention endorses the Liberal candidates, deprecates division in our ranks upon local questions, expresses confidence in Gov. Lindsay and recommends Maj. J. G. Harris, of Sumpter, and Judge Jones Bush, of Perry, either of them, for Congress from that District. Maj. Harris begs that his name be withdrawn from the canvass. He makes room for the recently relieved.

Maj. Jere N. Williams is recommended in the Troy *Messenger*, for Congress at Large.

Hon. E. G. Richards has been suggested through the Opelika *Locomotive* and Lafayette *Reporter* for Congress at Large.

Mr. Price Williams, in a card to the Mobile *Tribune* declines to enter the field for Governor, and yields his claims to another Mobile gentleman.

A correspondent of the Henry County *Register* recommends Hon. John Cochrane as a suitable candidate for Congress from the State at Large.

The Athens *Post* hoists the name of Judge Wm. M. Byrd, of Dallas, for Governor.

The Madison County Convention appointed sixty delegates to go to Montgomery, and declared against the State Convention nominating a State or Electoral ticket until after the Baltimore Convention. Two Democrats in the convention, says the *Advocate*, were for a straight out nomination at Baltimore while all the rest were for the Liberal movement and for uniting the whole opposition.

The Talladega *Watchtower* speaks a word in behalf of West Alabama, and unites with the friends of Col. J. J. Jolly in urging his claims for Congressman at Large, before the Montgomery Convention.

The Selma *Times* places the name of Hon. B. F. Lewis, of Tuscaloosa, at its mast head as its choice for second man for Congress at Large.

On the subject of State Treasurer, the Carrollton *West Alabamian* says, "Father Grant is *honest* and competent, true and tried—the right man in the right place."

A special dispatch to the Selma *Times* from Montgomery says the Montgomery County Convention passed resolutions endorsing Greeley unanimously. The convention also passed resolutions complimentary to Gov. Lindsay. The dispatch further says that the opinion is very confidently expressed here, by those who ought to be well posted in State politics, that Thos. A. Walker will go before the State Convention with very decided strength and that his prospects for the Gubernatorial nomination are flattering.

The Green County Convention expressed a preference for Greeley and Brown, and instructed her delegates to Montgomery, to present the claims of Thos. H. Herndon, of Mobile, for Governor; as also to press the nomination of Col. J. J. Jolly for Congress at Large.

A correspondent of the Huntsville Democrat, signing himself "Madison," strongly urges the nomination of Col. W. C. Oates for Governor.

A correspondent of the Montgomery *Advertiser* suggests Hon. M. A. Chisolm, for Auditor.

Another correspondent of the *Advertiser* wants Dr. Sykes, of Lawrence county, elected United States Senator to succeed Spencer.

The Etowah County Convention Resolutions squint strongly at Greeley and Brown.

The Perry County Resolutions regard a straight Democratic nomination at Baltimore as unwise and inexpedient.

In a caucus of the District delegates at the Indiana Convention the fact was developed that Voorhees' District was favorable to Greeley and Brown. A motion to substitute Voorhees as a delegate to Baltimore from the State at large, in place of Dowling was lost. That "personal explanation" was a bad old lick for Daniel.

Judge Busteed in his charge characterizes the people as *subjects* of the United States. The Montgomery *Advertiser* calls his attention to the fact that in former days of the Republic the people used to be called *citizens* and were the *masters* of the Government. All public officers were spoken of as *servants* of the people.

An Alabama Delegate.

A German, from Alabama, was now despatched to the stage by United States Senator George Spencer who sat near the stage. He related the story of the burning of a family where white and black intermixed. After awhile this man grew to be a nuisance by the length of his speech and was clapped off the platform by a vigorous and interrupting series of yells, hawks, hoots and cat calls. Finally the end came by the band breaking in and giving some very good music.—*Correspondent of the New York Herald.*

The German alluded to was Stroback, of Montgomery, and here is what, after some other things, he said at Philadelphia:

One of the distinguished orators said yesterday that he came from the Ku-klux. I am not from that region, but I know something about it, and I tell you that many outrageous and terrible crimes have been committed in my next neighborhood, and it will need the strong arm of the Government to protect us. I will mention one instance:—In my jail I have thirty-three United States prisoners under the Ku-Klux law. One of the most outrageous cases will be tried today in Montgomery by Judge Busteed—one in which a colored man and his wife were burned alive; and the man's only crime was that he had married a white woman. I tell you that I consider that a matter of taste. (Laughter and cheers.) It is nobody's business who a white man marries. If that white woman desired to marry that colored man nobody else had anything to do about it but herself. They went and destroyed the little house, and, after killing the husband, burned the wife alive. This is one of a few instances to show you that the Ku Klux are not what the Democratic papers say, for there are facts and accusations so plain that we must have the strong arm of the government to protect us. Talking is of no use. If we should have that pure, good-minded philosopher as our next ruler I am confident that we down South would suffer. I hope, therefore, that you will give us the only man who shall himself be able and willing to keep the people down there (General Grant) as our next ruler.

CORRESPONDENCE.

OXFORD, ALA., June 13th 1872.

Editor Jacksonville Republican:

Oxford at this present writing seems to have become enlivened with business, owing perhaps to the prospect of a heavy trade in wheat a number of our merchants offering for this months delivery two dollars per bushel. Certain it is that trade has not been so brisk for several weeks as at present. The farmers are very busy harvesting the crop, and say it will prove more than an average one. Some sickness prevalent (Flux). Our esteemed fellow citizen, Mr. Bynum, has been confined to his bed for several weeks with a very severe attack of it, also D. D. Draper and J. B. Farmer have quite severe attacks; but we are glad to again see them on the street and at their places of business. We understand a raid was made on the camp of the Railroad contractors last night and that some considerable property was stolen, consisting of money and clothing belonging to the gentlemen connected with the road. The robbers are supposed to be gentlemen of color in the employ of the company. Efforts are being made to capture them.

We understand Dr. Henry Snow has gone to Selma to endeavor to negotiate the bonds issued in aid of the E. A. & C. R. R. He has been absent several days, but as he has not returned, we do not know the result of his labors. Doctor S. has been a faithful worker in the interest of this work of securing the location of this road at this point; but it is a question with some, at this time, as to its completion. We think it *only a question of time, but how long a time?* That is the question. It is rumored on the streets that the suit lately gained in Busteed's court by Henry Clews & Co. has placed the road in a condition to command funds. We trust at the present to see how the company can be greatly benefitted by the decision; yet we hope it may enable them to push forward the work to an early completion. We wish the enterprise a hearty success.

One thing the Oxford people have to boast of is that the early completion of the Iron works of Messrs. Noble Bros. & Co. is secured to them beyond a doubt and will without a doubt add greatly to the business of the city. The energetic gentlemanly superintendent of the works at this point Maj. McMillan, I am secession beyond doubt to our business community. His motto is "Go ahead." Any one wishing to enjoy a pleasant evening, can do so by a drive out to the works, where everything gives evidence of thrift and prosperity. The grounds at the old Maddox place, now the residence of the major, are being thoroughly improved and beautified and the buildings receiving new dresses of white. In fact, everything tends to show that the gentlemen connected with the enterprise mean business. A large brick store house is being built 120X60—two stories—of latest style of architecture. Major John Graham is having built a brick store house on the corner of Choccolocco and Railroad streets, to be completed in August next, when we hope to secure this worthy gentleman as a permanent citizen.

The action of the late County Convention meets with entire satisfaction in leaving the delegates free and untrammelled; but the general expression seems to be that the State Convention should leave its delegates instructed to go to the Baltimore Convention and endeavor to secure to Greeley and Brown the vote of Alabama. Such, no doubt, will be the action of the Convention.

OLD CALHOUN.

AUTAUGA COUNTY, ALA.,
(*En Route.*)
June 10th, 1872.

EDITOR REPUBLICAN: Now that the old State ticket, with but little change, (not material) will be nominated, and Col. J. J. Jolly and Gov. Lindsay will be nominated from the State at large, the State, you know, cannot get along without the chief who *planned* the "charge of the light brigade," which reduced the Radical majority of the Fourth Congressional District some 8,000 votes. But I write to ask you, and the delegates from your section, to send Hon. Charles L. Scott, of Wilcox county, to the Baltimore Convention. He left Congress, for which he yet labors under disabilities, and enlisted in the ranks of the bloody fourth Alabama regiment, and as its Major, received wounds from which he yet suffers. No man has been more diligent and faithful since the war, the voice of none will be more eloquent and harmonious in that great body of political difficulty.

Col. Saffold and P. D. Page are spoken of from the First District. Old Dallas bets high on her editors and lawyers, and justly too. This country is for the entire old ticket. Hurrah for Walker!

X. X. X.

TELEGRAPHIC RESUME

JUNE 9.—Terrible tornada passed over a portion of Ohio. The town of Quincy was nearly destroyed and fifty persons were injured in the town of Degraff. A woman and two children were killed.

The river Po, in Italy, has overflowed its banks and inundated a large strip of country. Twenty-two thousand people homeless in one Province alone.

The United States has demanded of Spain the release of Dr. Howard. Otherwise decisive steps will be taken.

JUNE 10.—The House passed the supplemental election law as reported by the Conference Committee.

Washington Treaty so far as it relates to the Alabama claims is a failure.

The Florida State Democratic Convention sends delegates to Baltimore favorable to Greeley and Brown; but pledged to abidet he action of the convention.

The Delaware State Democratic Convention bitterly denounced Grant, the 13th, 14th and 15th Amendments and called for straight Democratic nominations at Baltimore.

JUNE 12.—The Indiana State Democratic Convention nominated Hon. T. A. Hendricks for Governor. The selection of electoral ticket was postponed until after the Baltimore Convention. The convention passed resolutions favorable to Greeley and Brown.

The South Carolina State Democratic Convention accepts the Cincinnati platform, and instructs delegates to oppose a distinct Democratic nomination at Baltimore.

The Democrats of the First Massachusetts District met in Lowell, and recommended the adoption of the Cincinnati platform by the Baltimore Convention.

The Democratic Conventions of Kansas and Iowa indicate an overwhelming sentiment for the Cincinnati platform and nominees.

A Loyal Indorsement of Ku-klux.

* * * * *

The Convention then united in singing John Brown's body lies mouldering in the grave, &c.—*Dispatch from Philadelphia Convention.*

* * * * *

One bright morning in the year 1859, the peaceful inhabitants of the little town of Harper's Ferry, which nestles at the foot of mountainous cliffs, that there divide to give passage to the Potomac and Shenandoah rivers, awoke to find their town in the possession of a band of outlaws, and their Major, his grey hairs dabbling in gore, foully murdered in cool and deliberate wickedness. This band of outlaws, captured the United States Arsenal, fired upon and killed women and children, seized prominent citizens, and levied war for the purpose of promoting a horrid servile insurrection among the peaceful citizens of Virginia.

This same outlaw defied the United States, *fired upon the United States Flag and killed United States soldiers, while encamped in an United States Armory which he had seized with armed forces.* His acts were clearly and undoubtedly in most flagrant rebellion against the Constitution and laws of the United States, the Constitution and laws of the State of Virginia, as well as violative of the laws of God and man.

After his capture, despite the clamor of an excited people for his trial by *drum head* Court Martial, the State of Virginia refused to depart from that old Anglo Saxon system of trial by jury which has distinguished every English speaking people that loves liberty, and gave the fanatical outlaw and his followers a fair and impartial trial by "due course of law" counsel of his own choice were permitted to attend him and every facility afforded for his defence, as he himself admitted. And then and not till then did "old John Brown" meet the fate's doom which he so well merited. We pass by the approval and sympathy which was then every where manifested by the radical idiots for this wicked outlaw. Thirteen years have elapsed since then, *and yet on the day is fair yesterday a Convention representing the hideous and purposes of a party that succeeds this country and claims still to rule as the only salvation of the liberties of America,* insults the majesty of the Constitution and laws of the country, and shocks the sense of mankind by lauding this wretch in a bacchanalian song, as the fit and crowning finale to a nomination for President or the United!

The men who sang that song "in the face of high Heaven," lauded the first man who seized an United States Arsenal, killed United States soldiers, fired on the American flag and murdered peaceful citizens of the United States in furtherance of a diabolical conspiracy to rob citizens of property, rights and immunities guaranteed them by the laws of their country. Their hero is the first and worst of Ku Klux! And yet these men suspend the writ of *habeas corpus*, trample down the Constitution, fill the jails with innocent citizens, govern whole communities by the bayonet, and persecute and injure millions of their fellow-citizens, for the sake of preventing, *in the interest of their party*, the few special disorders of this section while they shut their eyes to more numerous and daring crimes in their own midst. What Southern man can believe that Grant and his supporters are friendly to the people, when they thus insult us, or can believe that he will "let us have peace."—*Montgomery Advertiser.*

The Last Scenes in Congress—The Folly of the Politicians.

The Sabbath enacted in Congress in its closing hours will not serve to raise the reputation of that body either for statesmanship, honesty or decency. The politicians in the Senate and House, who profess to be the supporters of the administration, are certainly taking a very extraordinary course to aid its prospects in the approaching election; and if Gen. Grant's strength did not rest with the people, independent of party, he would have to pray with earnestness to be protected from his friends. The country is now at peace and the South is behaving well, and only asking to be allowed to pursue her way quietly and to redeem her fallen fortunes. There is no more necessity for extending military law over the Southern States than over the New England States. But the narrow-minded Washington politicians have taken it into their heads that it may become necessary in case of Greeley's endorsement by the Democrats to carry the South at the point of federal bayonets, and hence they have resolved to pass what is known as the Ku-klux law—an extreme measure, that would give the President the power to place all the Southern States under martial law, to suspend the habeas corpus act and surrounded the polls with federal troops. Their efforts to secure the passage of the bill on its merits have repeatedly failed, and so, when the Sundry Civil Appropriation bill, in which a number of persons are interested, and which is needed to carry on the government, was before the Senate on Friday, they added on to it, as an amendment, the previously rejected Ku-klux bill. By this trick they seek to force the objectionable measure through, in contravention of the deliberate judgment of Congress, or by defeating the Appropriation bill to compel an extra session of Congress. The opposition resolved to interpose every parliamentary obstacle within their reach to prevent the success of this policy, and hence for two nights a scene of disgraceful filibustering has been enacted, first in the Senate and then in the House, to the obstruction of necessary business and the scandal of the nation.

New York Herald.

Mr. Artemus Ward's snakes, harmless as the new-born babe though they were, could not have been more innocuous than the Tariff plank in the thimble-rig platform. The annual revenue, it says, should furnish "a moderate balance for reduction of the national debt," say two millions of dollars. Revenue, except on tobacco and liquors, should be "raised by duties on importation," which should be adjusted so as to secure good wages for the laborer, and "to promote"—not "protect"—the industries, growth, and prosperity of the country. The Delphic oracle, in its haziest days, was never more satisfactorily unsatisfactory. In this utterance, Free-Trader and Protectionist may alike find subject for congratulation and disgust.

The Philadelphia platform-builders followed, literally, the Pauline advice to be all things to all men, that thereby they might win some votes next November. Like the bats, they have been nice with the weasels and birds with the owls. The character of the whole platform was admirably summed up in the introductory and apologetic remark that, if any one did not find precisely what he wanted in it, he must not therefore conclude that it was not there, but believe that it might have been incorporated had any one thought about doing so. Such comfortable doctrine as this, would, were it enunciated at Cincinnati, have been characterized as wretched trimming.

It is understood that the friends of Chancellor John Foster will present his name as a candidate for Congress in the 5th District. Chancellor Foster is one whom of all the Democrats delighted to honor.—*Montgomery Advertiser.*

Grant has been renominated, and his magnificent array of brothers-in-law again breathe freely.

When Vice-President Colfax told Senator Wilson he would not be a candidate for re-election, he unintentionally uttered the truth.

J. Proctor Knott, of Kentucky, figures in one of his State papers as a possible candidate for the Vice-Presidency on the Thurman ticket. Knott thinks not.

Ex-President Johnson—better know as "Andy"—has been nominated for Congressman-at-Large by the Labor Reformers of Tennessee.

The past week has been unusually fatal in the literary world, the deaths of Charles Lever, Henry Bulwer Lytton, and James Gordon Bennett, having all been reported.

The Radicals in their platform say the franking privilege ought to be abolished. Then why have they not abolished it during the ten years they have been in power?

Henry Wilson, the Grant candidate for Vice-President, was once a cobbler, and his name was Jeremiah Colbaith. He changed his name, entered politics, and lived to be in at the final retirement of the luminated Schuyler Colfax.

The men who could find sermons in stones and good in everything, are considerably exceeded in acuteness of perception by the editors of the local Administration organs, who discern in the Philadelphia Platform "not one sentence that has an uncertain sound."

A letter from one of the leading citizens of Clay county to a friend in Montgomery says:

"U. S. soldiers are scouring our county over for distillers and Ku-Kluxes, doing as great damage by driving the farmers and mechanics from the field and workshops.

Governor Pierreport, of West Virginia, has been unable to stomach Philadelphia, and, accordingly, has withdrawn from the delegation and declared for Greeley. He does so because his anticipations have not been realized in the character and conduct of the Convention.

LADIES LOOK HERE!

Don't you want a Sewing Machine? If so, you want the best! And that is the

WHEELER & WILSON

I am Agent for this county (Calhoun) and would be pleased to sell to any one in need of a machine. I deliver them at your houses and give you a long time to pay for them. It only costs 17½ cents per day, for 17 or [illegible] to pay for one. Price $90 [illegible] a credit of 17 and 19 months [illegible] notes due 4, 8, 12 and 17 months without interest, for the $90 machine, and 4, 8, 12 and 19 months, without interest, for the $100 machine.

The Machines will do any kind of work runs light, is durable and will last a life time. If you want a Machine write to me and I will bring it to your house and learn you how to operate it. By paying cash we allow 10 per cent. discount from the above prices. Address

S. B. KIRBY,
No. 7, Office Row,
Jacksonville, Ala.

Estate of Moses Latham, Deceased.

Court of Probate for Calhoun County, Alabama.

Special Term, June 11th, A. D. 1872.

Letters of Administration upon the estate of said decedent having been granted to the undersigned on the 11th day of June, 1872, by the Hon. A. Woods, judge of the probate court of said county, notice is hereby given that all persons having claims against said estate will be required to present the same within the time allowed by law or the same will be barred.

ELIZA J. LATHAM.
Administratrix of the estate of
Moses Latham, deceased.
june15'72—6t.

Estate of Nathan Boles, Deceased.

Court of Probate for Calhoun County, Alabama.

Regular Term, May 13th, 1872.

Letters testamentary under the last will and testament of said decedent having been granted to the undersigned on the 13th day of May, 1872, by the Hon. A. Woods, judge of the probate court of said county of Calhoun, notice is hereby given that all persons having claims against said estate will be required to present the same within the time allowed by law, or that the same will be barred.

ISSABELLA BOWLES and
ALBIN C. BUSH,
Executrix and executor of the estate of Nathan Bowles, deceased.
june15'72—6t.

Estate of Mary Young, Deceased.

Court of Probate for Calhoun County, Alabama.

Special Term, June 10th, A. D., 1872.

Letters of administration upon the estate of said decedent having been granted to the undersigned on the 10th day of June, 1872, by the Hon. A. Woods, judge of the probate court of said estate, will be required to present the same within the time allowed by law, or that the same will be barred.

JAMES H. SAVAGE,
Adm'r of said estate.
june15'72—6t.

THE STATE OF ALABAMA,
COUNTY CALHOUN.

Probate Court, June the 6th 1872.

Caroline Norman, Dec'd Estate of

THIS day came John D. Hoke, Executor of the last will of said deceased and filed his statement, accounts, vouchers and evidence for a final settlement of said Estate. It is ordered that the 1st day of July, 1872 be appointed a day on which to make such settlement, at which time all persons interested can appear and contest the said settlement, if they think proper.

A. WOODS,
Judge of Probate.

Sheriff's Sale.

To satisfy one *fifa* in my hands against A. J. McGuire, and in favor of Ellis & Caldwell, Wm. H. Forney, Wm. R. Hubbard and E. L. Woodward, I will proceed to sell to the highest bidder for cash before the court house door in the town of Jacksonville on the first Monday in July next, all of A. J. McGuire's interest in the following discribed land, to-wit: East half of south-east fourth of section thirty-five, and the west half of south-west fourth of section thirty-six, township fourteen range eight.

C. P. REID,
Sheriff.

June 1st, 1872.—5t. $6.

MONEY MADE RAPIDLY with Stencil and Key Check Outfits. Catalogues, samples and full particulars FREE. S. M. Spencer, Brattleboro, Vt. 4w

FREE TO BOOK AGENTS

We will send a handsome Prospectus of our *New Illustrated Family Bible* containing over 450 fine scripture Illustrations, to any Book Agent, free of charge. Address National Publishing Co., Philadelphia, Pa., Atlanta, Ga., or St. Louis, Mo.

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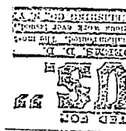
Do you want an agency, *local or traveling*, with an opportunity to make $5 to $20 a day selling our new 7 strand *White Wire Clothes Lines? They last forever.* Sample free. Send for circular. Address *Grover Hudson Wire Works*, cor. Water St. and Maiden Lane, N. Y., or 246 W. Randolph St. Chicago, Ill.

STANDARD AMERICAN
BILLIARD TABLES!

Everything pertaining to Billiards at lowest prices. Illustrated Catalogues sent by mail.

H. W. COLLENDER New York.
Successor to PHELAN & COLLENDER,
738 BROADWAY.

Thea-Nectar. A Pure CHINESE TEA.
THE BEST TEA IMPORTED.
Warranted to suit all tastes.
Put up in our trade mark Half-Pound and Pound Packages only, 30 & 60 Pound Boxes. For Sale at Wholesale only by
The Great Atlantic & Pacific Tea Co
P. O. Box 5506 New York City.



BURNHAM'S WHEEL

New Turbine is in general use throughout the U. S. A six inch, is used by the Government in the Patent Office, Washington, D. C. Its simplicity of Construction and the power it transmits renders it the best water wheel ever invented. Pamphlet free.
N. F. BURNHAM, York, Pa. 4w d & co.

THE GREAT SOUTH AMERICAN
JURUBEBA
BLOOD PURIFIER

Is a powerful Tonic, specially adapted for use in Spring, when the DEBILITATED system needs strength and vitality; it will give vigor to the feeble, strength to the weak, animation to the dejected, actively to the sluggish, rest to the weary, quiet to the nervous, and health to the infirm.

It is a South American plant, which, according to the medical and scientific periodicals of London and Paris possesses the Most Powerful tonic properties known to Materia Medica, and is well known in its native country as having wonderful curitive qualites and has been long used as a Specific in an all cases of IMPURITIES OF THE BLOOD, DERANGEMENT OF THE LIVER and SPLEEN, TUMORS, DROPSY, POVERTY of the BLOOD, DEBILITY, WEAKNESS of the INTESTINES, UTERINE or URINARY ORGANS.

Dr Wells Extract of Jurubeba

It is strengthening and nourishing. Like nutritious food taken into the stomach, it assimilates and diffuses itself through the circulation, giving vigor and health.

It regulates the *bowels*, *quiets* the *nerves*, acts directly on the secretive organs, and, by its powerful *Tonic* and restoring effects, produces *healthy* and *vigorous* action to the whole system.

J. Q. KELLOGG, 18 Platt St., N. York, Sole Agent for the United States.
Price One Dollar per Bottle. Send for Circular. 4w—9

You can buy a Hat from E. L. Woodward's Son at about cost.

You can buy a pair of Boots of E. L. Woodward's Son at about cost.

You can buy WhiteGoodsNotions &c., from E. L. Woodward's Son at about cost.

Go see the bargains offered by E. L. Woodward's Son before buying your Goods.

He means what he says.

Republican

ROSE & CO.
WHOLESALE
LIQUOR DEALERS,
SELMA——————ALABAMA.

Dr. C. C. Porter,
DENTIST.
Office: East of Rowan's Store.

TWO nice rooms—one for operative and the other for Mechanical Dentistry, a fine Silk Plush and Spring bottom Operating chair. Just received a new supply of Dental instruments and materials.—Tooth powders, Mouth washes, Tooth soap, and indeed everything necessary to success. So come one, come all; I will do the very best for you I can, and for as little money as possible.
April 20th. 1872.—tf.

THOS. A WALKER, for Governor.

JACOB ROSENBERG, for Cheap Goods.

A small party of the young folk had a very pleasant pic nic at the Sulphur Springs Saturday before last, which our local failed to record. We hope it was the first of many, if only for Dick Weaver's sake.

LEAF TOBACCO.—All persons wishing to buy Leaf Tobacco would do well to call on E. L. Woodward's Son and lay in their supplies at once. The Tax on same after July 1st 1872 will be $500 00; consequently there will be none for sale.

Victoria Lawns, Marsailles, Piques, in fact everything in the White Goods line at greatly reduced prices, at Rosenberg's

Col. Wm. B. Martin of Gadsden met with a most painful accident Wednesday night. He was coming out of the Court House when he fell down the steps from the upper story, severely injuring himself. He was bleeding at the mouth nose and ears when last heard from, and fears were entertained that he would not live.

Rosenberg is selling shoes wonderfully cheap. Give him a call.

Will our correspondents and "Locals" please send in their communications earlier in the week? As it is, they pour into the office the day previous to publication, and consequently cannot all receive attention. Let communications be sent in by Wednesday, anyhow.

Buff Linen at Rosenberg's 25cts per yard. Call and see him.

We are pained to learn that Mr. R. H. Hart, a most excellent citizen of Gadsden, was drowned in the Coosa river, at Gadsden, Wednesday night. It is supposed he had gone in bathing, and getting beyond his depth, was swept off by the current and drowned. His body has not yet been recovered. His body clothing, towel, soap etc., were found on the bank as he had left them.

Nice lot of Grenadines at Rosenberg's cheap.

We have a letter from our old friend Maj. Jas. D. Truss, written from Ferryville, St. Clair County, which closes as follows:

"We have good crops in good fix, good health, and are generally for Greeley."

It would do the soul of the old farmer of Chappaqua good to see this cheerful report, and we think we will send him the paper containing it.

We judge workmen by the chips they make. Look in front of Col. Parr's store. The chips there shows he has not been idle—one thousand boxes and barrels, all empty!—1t

Jacksonville has recently received an accession in Mr. J. B. Peck, General Ticket Agent of the Selma, Rome and Dalton Railroad, who with his estimable family, has taken up his residence here. Mr. Peck is a most polite and agreeable gentleman, and an excellent Railroad man. We hope to see him Superintendent of the road after the next meeting of the Directors.

Gents Cassimeres just the thing for the boys, at Rosenberg's.

THE MOBILE TRIBUNE.—This ably edited paper comes to us in a new dress looking ever so much handsomer than before. The whole make up of the paper has been changed and the eye can rest on it with really pleased interest. We hope the proprietors may find a reward for their enterprise in this matter in the appreciation of present subscribers and a long list of new ones.

Summer clothing at a sacrifice at Rosenberg's.

From letters that we have been permitted to see from dealers, we are satisfied that those who bring their wheat to market the earliest will get the best price. Wheat is now engaged to be delivered in Rome from the 1st to the 15th of July at $1,25. This is probably not the bottom of the market, as the Western and Southern crop is reported as very large.

Mr. R. P. Baker, Special Commissioner for Southern Claims Commission, for Alabama, heard claims at this place Thursday of loyalists who had lost property, at the hands of the United States Government, during the war. The only claimants from this county, were John A. DeArman as Administrator of his father's estate, and Robt. Pruitt.

See Col. Parr's advertiesment in another column of this paper. He wants Wheat at the highest cash market price. He wants all the clean washed Cotton or Woolen rags you have, for which he will pay cash or Goods.—1t.

Some one has sent us an interesting letter of Col. Powell, on the natural advantages of the country immediately surrounding Birmingham, which we think of publishing next week. While on the subject of Birmingham it may not be out of place to mention the "Railroad Hotel" kept by Col. Ketchum long and favorably known to many citizens of North Georgia and this section of Alabama, as an able and successful Railroad manager and successful hotel keeper. The hotel he now has in Birmingham is in every respect worthy the fame he has so justly earned in that line heretofore.

Birmingham has two fine papers, neatly printed and ably edited, while the flourishing town of Elyton near by, has one equally creditable to the county.

Carry all your Cotton or Woolen rags to Col. Parr and sell them for Cash and take the money and pay the printer. The "devil" wants us to settle up, and we can't do it for want of the "requisite." Imagine yourself contending with the devil! Go to Parr's, get the money and redeem us.—1t.

Dr. C. C. Porter has handed us the fullest ear of corn this season. It was fully matured and beginning to harden.

Great Bargains in Embroideries and Edgings at J. Rosenberg's; call and examine for yourself.

Summer visitors are daily arriving and our people are extending them that courteous hospitality characteristic of the town. Good board can be had for $25 per month for visitors and $15 per month for servants. We hope to see the town full this Summer.

Fancy Goods of all kinds at Rosenbergs, at New York prices.

The Selma, Rome & Dalton Railroad will pass delegates to and from the State Convention at Montgomery for one fare, *provided* delegates purchase tickets at the point of taking the cars. Under this arrangement tickets will be sold on the 16th, 17th and 18th of this month at Patona, Jacksonville, Oxford and other points along down the line.

The nomination of Greeley and Brown reminds us that Rosenberg sells cheaper Goods than anybody.

MATCH GAME OF BASE BALL BETWEEN THE MUTUALS OF CALHOUN AND MERRY NINE OF JACKSONVILLE, JUNE, 8.

MUTUALS.	Outs.	Runs.	H. R.	L. on B.
Nash, C.	0	8	1	0
Dunn, P.	4	4	1	1
McCollister, 1st B.	2	6	1	1
Teague, 2nd B.	4	3	0	2
Crane, 3d B.	3	3	0	2
Whitstone, S. S.	5	2	0	1
Sharp, R. F.	4	2	0	0
Farmer, C. F.	4	2	0	0
Woolum, L. F.	1	6	2	0
TOTALS.	27	36	5	7

Flys Caught.—Dunn 3, McCollister 1, Teague 1, Crane 1, Woolum 1.
Foul Flys.—Nash 2, McCollister 3.
Foul Bounds—Nash 5, McCollister 1, Crane 1.

MERRY NINE.	Outs.	Runs.	H. R.	L. on B.
Francis, R. F.	1	7	0	0
Ream, 1st B.	4	4	0	0
Caldwell, C. F.	4	3	0	1
Rosenberg, 2nd B.	4	2	0	2
Rambo, L. F.	2	6	1	0
Laird, P.	4	3	0	1
Clarke, 3d B.	4	2	0	1
Murphy, S. S.	2	4	0	1
Read, C.	2	5	1	1
TOTALS.	27	36	2	7

Flys Caught.—Rambo 1, Laird 1, Murphey 2.
Foul Flys.—Clark 1, Read 11.
Foul Bounds.—Read 5.

When 9 Innings were played it was found that the Clubs had an equal score and a 10th inning was played, which resulted in the defeat of the Merry Nine. Score.—Mutuals 15. Merry Nine, 4.

INNINGS.

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10.	Total.
MERRY NINE.	2	3	6	9	3	5	2	3	4		40.
MUTUALS.	2	5	0	3	6	1	0	3	0	2	15	51.

Time of Game, 3 hours.
Umpire.—J. Rosenberg. Scorers.—Barbour of Patona, & Caldwell of Jacksonville.

Col. Parr has one of the largest and best assorted Stocks of Family supplies and Plantation Groceries ever brought to this market. Call and see him.—June 15—tf.

At the last regular meeting of the Masonic Lodge of this place, the vote upon the question of removal of the Grand Lodge from Montgomery, was against removal.

Col. Parr has presented us a half dozen of his self sealing glass fruit jars. They are the very thing for putting up fruit. He has them by the thousands. A liberal discount will be made to merchants buying of him. We ask housekeepers to go look at Col. Parr's stock of fruit-preserving jars.

The Jacksonville Republican leans to the liberal movement.—*Clayton Courier.*

Yes, "like a sick kitten leans to a hot brick."

The initials of Horace Greeley and Gratz Brown, make a square and blend elegantly together, for instance

H G.
G. B.

Reading from left to right you have Horace Greeley, Gratz Brown. Now read down and you have the same result. This is a certain augury of the success of the ticket. *Jacksonville Republican.*

Let us extend the significance thus: Read diagonally and you have "Go it Greeley, Hurrah Brown."
G. B. are the initials also of
Greeley and Brains
vs.
Grant and Bayonets.
Northport Spectator.

LADIGA LOCALS.

The people here think Greeley a hard pill to swallow; but they think he "greased himself" in bailing Jefferson Davis

Greeley is not a representative man of our people, but as a choice of evils, we prefer the least, and hope that the Democratic Convention will make no nomination. The Democratic party should still remain *solid*; but when our enemies are making a false move, it is *necessary not to interrupt them.*

Skyby wants to know to what tribe of the Piscatorial family the "Nicks" belong.

They are supposed to have descended from that "huge silver serpent," seen by the C. P. Locel.

ROCK.

CROSS PLAINS LOCALS.

The Sabbath School children had a nice pic nic on last Friday the 7th inst.

The weather is very pleasant. The warm sunshine is tempered by the cool refreshing breezes. Harvesting is the order of the day. Crops in many instances have exceeded the anticipations of farmers in our vicinity. We hear of one young man, who has, alone and unaided, raised four hundred (400) bushels of wheat. This speaks well for him, considering this is his first year of farming.

The match game between the "Mutuals" and the "Merry Nine" B. B. C's, took place in your town, and of course you can tell more about that than we who did not witness the play. We think from the complimentary remarks made in reference to Jacksonville as a town; the ecstasies gone into over the beauty and intelligence of the ladies, and the gallantry of the gentlemen; and the general good time the boys say they had while in the place, that it will be a *losing* game for one or the other of the places. Either a portion of that "beauty and intelligence" will be lost to Jacksonville, or else the "Mutuals" will lose some of their good players. (We mean some of those *without the whiskers.*

CANE CREEK LOCAS.

In my last I promised some details of the farming interests up to date. Most all the wheat is cut, and where land is good the wheat is good. Oats will make two-thrids of a crop. Corn prospects fair. Cotton I do not think will turn out more than two-thirds of a crop. There will be farmers and renters next Fall who have depended on cotton, as usual, to pay their debts, that will find, I think, their hopes delusive; at least I venture to say you could not measure their faces with a yard stick when pay day comes. The shipment of corn, meat, &c., on the Selma, Rome and Dalton railroad, is immense I hear. If farmers wish to live off the products of their farms why do they plant so much cotton? Can they, will they not quit it? It is time to abandon so much cotton planting.

Since my last locals, Maj. John A. Findley has died in the 70th year of his age. His death leaves Tom the only member of the family entitled to the name of Findley. He was a most worthy citizen, a man of integrity, and his loss will be felt in the community.

SINE QUA NON.

Calhoun College.

MEETING OF STOCK HOLDERS.

Stock Holders of Calhoun College met June 8th. Col. G. C. Ellis was elected President and H. L. Stevenson Secretary.

A quorum being present, the convention proceeded to the election of Trustees for Calhoun College for the ensuing year. Gen. Wm. H. Forney, James Crow, Col. W. M. Hames, S. W. Crook, Judge T. A. Walker, Judge A. Woods, E. L. Woodward, G. B. Douthit and P. Rowan, were elected.

Resolved, That the Trustees be authorized to collect all unpaid subscription by suit or compromise; also that at the next annual meeting only those who have paid their subscription be allowed to vote. It was resolved that a seal be furnished the Trustees, and that they issue certificates of stock to all who have paid their subscription.

Gen. Wm. H. Forney made a full report of the condition of the College, which was unanimously adopted.

Resolved, That the next annual meeting of the Stock holders shall be on the 2d Tuesday in June, 1873.

G. C. ELLIS, Prest.
H. L. STEVENSON, Sec'y.

(*Communicated.*)

The Exemption Law—Continued.

EDITOR REPUBLICAN:—In my first communication, I made an attempt to show that our present homestead and exemption law was inconsistent, unjust and dishonest. I now propose to show that the poor man, whom the law was to benefit has not been benefitted thereby. In the first place it has drawn a line of distinction between him and his more fortunate neighbor. It has made nine-tenths of our best citizens insolvent. I can remember the time when it was not quite honorable to be insolvent, and there are few men now who like to be called so; but it cannot be otherwise with a very large portion of our citizens as the law now stands. Is it not a shame and should it not be criminal in the eyes of all good men for members of the Legislature of the proud and noble State of Alabama to meet in assembly and by the enactment of such laws degrade a large majority of her citizens without their consent? What, reader, is it to be insolvent, without money, without credit and without bread? Have we not all seen the effect of this very thing this year? Have we not seen men without the very necessaries of life, who, being insolvent by process of law, were unable to buy, because no man could afford to sell them supplies in justice to himself and family, until they had first gone to the expense and endured the mortification of mortgaging their crops and other little effects at their command, thus making a rich harvest for the recording officers, all at the expense of those poor men who were then hardly able to pay for a scanty supply of provision to enable them to weather the storm until gathering time? And when the crop is gathered it is generally all mortgaged to pay for past supplies at high prices and fees for fixing up the mortgages and perhaps trustees' fees. Such men, under present laws, are nothing more nor less than slaves. Thousands are now in this condition under our present unwholesome laws, who, if those laws were repealed, would have a good and sufficient credit to enable them to make a start in the world, free men and women; for any working man could buy a horse to plow and corn to feed it and provisions for his family on credit, if all his effects were liable in satisfaction of his debts. A poor man now may be honest and *he* may know it; but who else knows it? The law has set up a barrier between him & his creditor. How humiliating it must be to a sincere and honest man to be treated as though he were the vilest and most dishonest wretch; yet it is so, and it has been made so by this law. Give a working, industrious man credit and he has a capital that is better than money. Go ask the wholesale dealers of New York and other cities which custom they most appreciate—that of a man of undoubted veracity and solvent beyond a doubt in the eyes of the law, on credit, or that of an insolvent man for cash, and they will unhesitatingly answer "Give me the solvent customer with credit;" and they have good reasons for this preference. Cash bills lead to credit orders sooner or later, if but for a short time. Those short credits with fair premises not unfrequently lead to losses amounting to more than all the cash trade obtained from the cash man is worth.

It may be said, by the advocates of the law, that without it, good men and all their effects are liable to fall into the unjust hands of their creditors, who will unmercifully sell them out, leaving them in distress. This I propose to answer in my next communication. There are also other principles involved that I will allude to when your readers hear from me again.

J.

Proceedings of the Calhoun County Democratic Convention.

Pursuant to a call of the Central Executive Committee, the Democracy of Calhoun, through delegates from the various beats of the county, met in the court house, in Jacksonville, June 8, 1872.

Col. John H. Caldwell, Chairman of the Central Executive Committee, after explaining the object of the meeting, in a few well chosen words, called upon the delegates from the various beats of the county to come forward and enroll their names; which being done, in furtherance of the organization of the convention, on motion of Thos. A. Walker, Dr. S. C. Williams was called to the chair, and H. T. Persons and W. H. De Rochemont were appointed secretaries.

The Chairman upon taking his seat announced the convention ready for business; whereupon, on motion, the privileges of the floor were extended all Democrats and Conservatives, other than delegates, who were present from the various beats of the county.

On motion, a committee, composed of the Chairmen of the several beat delegations, was appointed to select thirty delegates to represent the county in the State Democratic Convention to be held at Montgomery June 19. The committee, after consultation, reported the following names, and the report was adopted by the convention:

Thos. A. Walker, John H. Caldwell, S. C. Williams, Samuel Kelly, W. H. De Rochemont, J. B. Mallory, A. D. Bailey, Jno. T. Martin, Jno. P. Gore, J. B. Farmer, D. B. Wilson, E. A. Crandall, H. M. Sneed, Jno. Y. Henderson, F. Woodruff, A. W. Ledbetter, I. G. Morris, Wiley Glover, D. P. Forney, James Crook, Jason Scott, Robt. McCain, L. W. Grant, J. F. Dailey, W. R. Hanna, A. H. Borders, J. W. Whiteside, Geo. I. Turnley, W. H. Forney.

On motion, E. T. Read, John H. Caldwell and W. H. Forney were appointed a committee to select and present to the convention the names of delegates to represent the county in the Congressional District Convention hereafter to be held. They reported the following names and the report was adopted:

J. C. Francis, H. L. Stevenson, G. C. Ellis, Wm. Scott, C. W. Sharp, A. D. Bailey, D. F. Weaver, E. A. Crandall, Henry McBee, J. D. Hollingsworth, W. F. Bush, A. W. Ledbetter, J. M. Shied, Wm. Mynatt, jr., Jno. Y. Henderson, D. D. Draper, W. H. De Rochemont, H. L. Oliver, C. D. Davis, H. T. Persons, O. Smith.

On motion the committee, Messrs. Read, Caldwell and Forney, were added to the list of delegates.

By unanimous vote of the convention the present Central Executive Committee, composed of Jno. H. Caldwell, Jas. Crook and Geo. I. Turnley, were retained for another term of service.

By leave of the convention G. C. Ellis submitted the following resolution which was adopted.

WHEREAS, Cherokee and Calhoun counties compose a Senatorial District; and as a Senator has to be elected to represent said District in the next Legislature, and

WHEREAS, We, the Democracy of Calhoun, deem it proper and right that the Democracy of Cherokee should be consulted as to who should be the candidate run by the joint Democracy of the entire District; therefore be it, by this convention.

Resolved, That we invite the Democracy of Cherokee county to meet us, the Democracy of Calhoun county, in convention, at such time and place as may be agreed upon, for the purpose of nominating a suitable candidate to represent this District in the Senatorial branch of our next Legislature.

On motion the thanks of the convention were tendered the President and Secretaries of the convention.

On motion the Secretaries were instructed to furnish the Jacksonville REPUBLICAN and the Oxford *Chronicle* with proceedings of the convention, with the request that they publish the same.

On motion the convention adjourned.
S. C. WILLIAMS, Chairman.
Wm. H. DEROCHEMONT,
H. T. PERSONS,
Secretaries.

Colloquy Sam to Jerry.

Hello Jerry, wher's you gwine? Ise's gwine to Col. Parr's. What you gwine thar for? Gwine to trade. What dis you got? *Scrap Iron.* What dis? *Cotton rags.* What dis? Woolien rags. Hush, he no buy all dis trash. Yes he do; he is a good friend to the colored persons; he buys everything from them. SAM.—Well the Col. clean gone foremost himself. I tell you, Jerry, he is a good man, but you wait; I tell you something—he is after office; he wants to get Mr. DeArman's or Mr. Pink Crook's place in the Union League; dats de reason he treats you niggers so well. Buy old woollen rags! Its all stuff; dey no account to nobody, no dey aint.

Sam was wrong. Col. Parr will buy all the clean washed woollen rags he can get—1t.

Citoyenne Victoria C. Woodhull accepts the nomination of the Apollo Hall Convention for the Presidency in a letter three columns long, being twice the length of one of Mr. A. H. Stephens' paragraphs. It is fortunate that Mr. Grant's taciturnity precludes all probability of an acceptance equally long, of a nomination equally hopeless.

Hon. Joseph Hodgson, Superintendent of Public Instruction, has been invited to deliver an address upon "Public Instruction in the South" at the next meeting of the "National Educational Association," to be held in the city of Boston on the 6th, 7th and 8th days of August next. We learn that he will accept.

Montgomery Advertiser.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

FLAVORING EXTRACTS are of primary importance in cookery; and of all articles of this description the highly concentrated STANDARD EXTRACTS, prepared by Joseph Burnett & Co., Boston, are pronounced by leading cuisiniers—Professor Blot among the number—the purest and the best.

HUMAN WRECKS—Every day and hour we meet with broken down specimens of humanity—wrecks that seem past hope of salvage. At least seven-eighths of these might be filled with new vitality, by a course of Dr. WALKER'S CALIFORNIA VINEGAR BITTERS. Many are suffering from the reaction of rum-polluted bitters or powerful minnerals. It is characteristic of Dr. Walker's Great Restorative that it neutralizes the effect of these mis-called remedies, and accomplishes, in due time, a perfect cure.

NATURE GIVES US TEETH, but she does not preserve and purify them. That must be done with Fragrant Sozodont. The dental bone and its enamel casing are made invulnerable to all destructive influences by the daily use of this benificent preparation.

$50,000 WILL BE PAID for any remedy which will cure Chronic Rheumatism, Pains in the Limbs, Back and Chest, Sore Throat, Insect Stings, Croup, Dysentery, Colic, Sprains and Vomiting, quicker than Dr Tobias' Venetian Liniment: established in 1347: never fails. Sold by all Druggists. Depot, 10 Park Place, New York.

PRATT'S ASTRAL OIL.—More accidents occur from using unsafe oils, than from steamboats and railroads combined. Over 200,000 families continue to burn Pratt's Astral Oil, and no accidents directly or indirectly have occurred from burning, storing or handling it. Oil House of Chas Pratt, Established 1770, New York.

A BEAUTIFUL WHITE, soft, smooth and clear skin is produced by using G. W. Laird's "Bloom of Youth." It removes tan, freckles, sunburns, and all other discolorations from the skin, leaving the complexion brilliant and beautiful. Sold at all druggists. This preparation is entirely free from any material detrimental to health.

JUST THE REMEDY NEEDED.—Thanks to Mrs Winslow's Soothing Syrup, we have for years been relieved from sleepless nights of painful watching with poor, suffering, teething children.

FOR DYSPEPSIA. Indigestion, depression of spirits and general debility in their various forms; also, as a preventive against Fever and Ague, and other intermittent fevers. The Ferro-Phosphorated Elixir of Calisaya, made by Caswell, Hazard & Co., New York, and sold by all Druggists, is the best tonic, and for patients recovering from fever or other sickness, it can no equal.

RISLEY'S GENUINE GOLDEN BELL COLOGNE WATER according to the original formula of Provost, Paris, so so long known to the customers of Haviland Harral and Risley and their branches, for its fine permanent fragrance, is now made by W H Risley and the trade supplied by his successors, Morgan & Risley, Wholesale Druggists, New York.

THURSTON'S IVORY PEARL TOOTH POWDER.—The best article known for cleansing and preserving the teeth and gums. Sold by all Druggists.—Price 25 and 50 cents per bottle. F C Wells & Co., New York

CARBOLIC SALVE, unequalled as a Healing compound. Physicians recommend it as the most wonderful remedy ever known Price 25 cents per box. John F. Henry, Sole Proprietor, 8 College Place, N. York.

CRISTADORO'S HAIR DYE.—This magnificent compound is beyond contingency the safest and most reliable Dye in existence; never failing to impart to the hair a uniformity of color, nourishment and elasticity. Manufactory, 68 Maiden Lane, N. Y.

SYAPNIA is Opium purified of its sickening and poisonous qualities. It is a perfect anodyne not producing headache or constipation of the bowels as is the case with other preparations of opium. John Farr, Chemist, New York.

The cause of Temperance finds some of its most insidious and dangerous foes in the many so-called "tonics" and "appetizers," made of cheap whiskey and refuse liquors, finished up to suit depraved appetites, under the name of medicines. DR. WALKER'S CALIFORNIA VINEGAR BITTERS are none of these. They are not a beverage, but a genuine medicine, purely vegetable, prepared from California herbs by a regular physician. For all diseases of the stomach, liver, kidneys, bladder, skin and blood, they are an infallible and unrivalled remedy.

IN CHANCERY

At Jacksonville, Alabama.

G. C. ELLIS, Complainant,
vs.
Wm. T. YEATMAN Defendant.
B. F. ATKINSON,
J. L. HENDRICKS, Garnishees.

A T the January Term, 1872, of this Chancery court, for the 1st District of the Eastern Chancery Division of Alabama. The said B F Atkinson one of said garnishees filed his written answer in this cause, disclosing the fact that he the said garnishee stands indebted to the firm of Yeatman & Bro., and that said firm is composed of Wm. F. Yeatman and Sam'l Yeatman, the latter being a non-resident of Alabama. It is therefore ordered by the court that the said Sam'l Yeatman be brought into court by publication in the Jacksonville Republican, and that he be required to disclose at the July Term 1872, of said court, what interest he has, if any, in said indebtedness.

Witness hand of the Register of said court at office, this the 30th day of May, 1872.

Wm. M. HAMES,
Register.

June 1st—4t.

An Ordinance.

At a meeting of the Town Council held 14th May, 1872, the following ordinance was introduced and passed:

"Be it ordained by the Intendent and Councilors of Jacksonville, Alabama, That any person who shall in any manner injure or abuse the growing crop of resident of said Town shall be fined not less than ten, nor more than twenty-five dollars.

JNO. M. CALDWELL,
Secretary C. C.

An Ordinance.

At a meeting of the Council held 28th of May, 1872, Ordinance No. 1 in the Code of Ordinances of the Town of Jacksonville was changed to read as follows:

Be it ordained by the Town Council of Jacksonville, Alabama, That if any person or persons shall be guilty of an affray, or an assault and battery whether weapons are used or not, the person or persons so offending, shall be fined not less than one nor more than five dollars. For an affray or an assault and battery with sticks, stones, rocks, brick-bats or any other missile thrown by hand, each offender shall be fined not less than eight nor more than fifteen dollars. For an affray or an assault and battery with a knife, pistol, gun, or weapons greatly endangering life, each offender shall be fined not less than twenty-five nor more than fifty dollars.

JNO. M. CALDWELL,
Secretary, C. C.

W. F. AYER. J. C. McDONALD.
AYER & McDONALD,
DEALERS IN
HARDWARE & AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS,
No. 71 Broad Street, Rome, Georgia.

We desire to call special attention to our Stock of
WATER PIPE,
Of Composition, Lead or Iron,
RUBBER HOSE, HOSE NOZLES, COUPLINGS, PIPES, ETC.

We also invite our farmer friends to an examination of our Warehouse, where will be found
REAPERS & MOWERS, THRESHERS & HORSE POWERS, PLOWS & HARROWS, CRADLES, GRASS BLADES, HORSE RAKES WHEAT FANS, HAY FORKS, &C. &C., also the DOW LAW COTTON PLANTER.

Our Stock of Hardware, Rubber, Belting, &c., kept full and complete. Prices guaranted. June1 1872—tf.

Great Attractions.
THE ODD RENDABLE HOUSES OF
TITSWORTH, SCOTT & CO.,
No. 6 Court Square, MONTGOMERY, ALA.,
And No. 39 Market Street, SELMA, ALA.,
Have one of the finest Stocks of
CLOTHING & GENT'S FURNISHING GOODS,
Ever brought to this market. Also, full line
Hats, Caps, Trunks and Valises,
Which they are selling as Cheap as any house in the City. We also take
Alabama State Money, at 90 Cents on a Dollar, for all Goods.
GENERAL AGENTS of the Celebrated WHEELER & WILSON NOISELESS FAMILY SEWING MACHINE, for Central Alabama.
TITSWORTH, SCOTT & CO.

ATTENTION!!
AS we move along in life, it is absolutely necessary that we should eat, and to that end it is better that we should have at least
Thirty Days Rations
on hand. To procure these cheap you should
Come Well Armed
with the Cash. At PARR'S you will find polite clerks always
Ready
to wait on you and extend to you the greatest courtesy. It is his
Aim
to sell Goods at such prices as will please and neither
Fire,
floods nor pestilence shall deter him from doing his whole duty by his customers.
Just received, a large lot of everything in the Grocery line, call and examine.
L. J. PARR,
Jacksonville, Ala.
Apr29 1872—wtd.

THE FAMOUS STUDABAKER WAGON.
THE STUDABAKER WAGON IS MADE OF THE BEST SEASONED TIMBERS THE lightest and most durable wagon in market; their thimble skeins never break; the slope boulder spoke is used; they are warranted to give satisfaction in every case.
W. B. GILL,
CARRIAGE WAREHOUSE,
(Of Eighteen Years Established Reputation and Standing.)
CORNER OF WASHINGTON & SELMA ST. NEXT TO CONCIL HOUSE
Has always on hand a large Stock of
Carriages Rockarways Phaetons Barouches Buggies Coaches
HERSES, HARNESS, &C.
Has also on hand a large assortment of Children's Perambulators, Cabs, Buggies, wagons, Hobby Horses, &c. ☞Repairing of all kinds of vehicles done at shortest notice. Plantation Wagons and Carts made to order. jan 6 1y.

A. S. PATRICK,
No. 53 Broad Street, ROME, GA.
Bookseller, Stationer
AND
GENERAL NEWS DEALER
ANY order sent to my house will receive prompt attention.
Give me a trial.
June 1st, 1872—1y.

BEWARE OF STOVE PEDDLERS
It has been seldom necessary to caution our friends against imposition. But since they are apparently being imposed upon, we have to say that the stove sold by Peddlers, are
OLD FASHIONED ELEVATED OVENS,
AND UNSIGHTLY IN APPEARANCE AT $43—*Can be Furnished by us, in any Quantity, at* $25, including 2 Pots, 2 Kettles, 2 Griddles, 1 Heater, 1 Gridiron, 1 Tea Kettle, 1 Waffle Iron, 1 Muffin, 1 Oval Boiler, 1 Sauce Pan, 1 Steamer, 1 Coffee Boiler, 3 Sheet Iron Pans, 3 Joint Stove Pipe—
IN ALL TWENTY-ONE PIECES.
If they prefer the stove above described, and, as we are informed, is being [illegible] will agree to furnish any number of the price named. At the same time advise our friends to avail themselves of the latest improvements and manufactured of the toughest native iron, upon which we give a full guaranty upon every stove sold by us.
Our facilities for furnishing any article in our line is not surpassed, and we hope this caution will be considered and acted upon.
J. & S BONES & CO.,
Rome, Ga.
may18'72—tf.

SPRING GOODS!
First Arrival
OF THE
SEASON!!
Consisting of a large Stock of
Ladies Dress Goods,
Brown and Bleached Domestics,
Gents' and Boy's Piece Goods,
Oil Cloths, Oak Printed & Plain,
Switches and Notions of
Every Description.
Gents and Boys Ready Made Clothing, Hats and Caps, Very latest Styles,
Ladies, Mens, Boys, Misses & Children's
Boots & Shoes,
Trunks, Traveling Bags and Carpet sacks, Hardware, Woodenware, Window Curtains and Shades, Groceries.
We can offer you the VERY LATEST STYLES, and good Goods. Do not fail to give us a call and examine for yourselves. You can get bargains for the cash.
CARROLL & McCAIN.
March 30—1872.

Wanted!
Beef Hides, Dry or Green, and also Tallow—for which we will pay the highest market price, in Dry Goods, Groceries, Bacon, Lard or any thing in our line.
CARROLL & McCAIN

A Century of Triumphs over dyspepsia, liver disease, bowel complaints and various febrile and nervous disorders, has immortalized the Seltzer Spa, and these victories are now repeated throughout this hemisphere by TARRANT'S EFFERVESCENT SELTZER APERIENT; containing all the elements and producing all the happy results of the Great German Spring.
SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

Cheap Farms! Free Homes!
ON THE LINE OF THE
UNION PACIFIC RAILROAD.
A LAND GRANT OF
12,000,000 ACRES
IN THE
BEST FARMING & MINERAL LANDS IN AMERICA.
3,000,000 ACRES IN NEBRASKA,
IN THE
GREAT PLATTE VALLEY,
THE
GARDEN OF THE WEST,
Now for Sale!
These lands are in the central portion of the United States, on the 41st degree of North Latitude, the central line of the great Temperate Zone of the American Continent, and for grain growing and stock raising unsurpassed by any in the United States.
CHEAPER IN PRICE, more favorable terms given, and more convenient to market than can be found elsewhere.
FREE HOMES FOR ACTUAL SETTLERS.
The Best Locations for Colonies.
SOLDIERS ENTITLED A HOMESTEAD OF 160 ACRES.
Free Passes to Purchasers of Land
Send for the new Descriptive Pamphlet, with new maps, published in English, German, Swedish and Danish, mailed free everywhere. Address O. F. DAVIS,
Land Commissioner, U. P. R. R. Co.,
Omaha, Nebraska.

FANNING'S PATENT KID-FITTING SKELETON CORSET.

Recommended by leading physicians Should be worn by all ladies who value health and comfort. They are particularly recommended for summer wear & warm climates although adapted to all seasons of the year. For sale by all first class dealers.
WORCHESTER SKIRT CO
Sole Manufacturers,
Worchester, Mass.

PORTABLE SODA FOUNTAINS
$18 $50 $75 $100.
GOOD, DURABLE AND CHEAP!
Shipped Ready for Use!
MANUFACTURED BY
J W CHAPMAN & CO Madison Ind.
SEND FOR CIRCULAR.

$1,000
Reward!
For any case of Blind, Bleeding, Itching or Ulcerated Piles that Dr. Bate's PILE REMEDY fails to cure. It is prepared expressly to cure the Piles, and nothing else. Sold by all druggists. Price $1.00.

AGENTS Wanted.—Agents make more money at work for us than at anything else. Business light and permanent. Particulars free. G STINSON & Co., *Fine Art Publishers*, Portland, Me.

U. S. Piano Co. N. Y. Price $200. No Agents. Circulars free.

GREAT MEDICAL BOOK of useful knowledge to all. Sent free for two stamps. Address Dr. BONAPARTE & CO., Cincinnati, Ohio.

Do not Fail while on your Summer Excursion North to secure one of the
CELEBRATED IMPROVED
STEWART COOK STOVES
With its special attachment, Roaster, Baker & Broiler. The Stove and Furniture carefully packed for safe shipment. Books sent on application.
FULLER, WARREN & Co 236 Water St N Y

The Best
Hair Dressing and Restorer.
Millions say
"BURNETT'S COCOAINE."
Your Druggist Has It.

CHEAP ADVERTISING
Advertisements occupying one inch of space will be inserted in 2697 NEWSPAPERS; including 22 DAILIES, in
SOUTHERN STATES,
covering thoroughly the States of Maryland, Delaware, Virginia, West Virginia, North Carolina, South Carolina, Georgia, Alabama, Mississippi, Louisiana Arkansas Tennessee, Kentucky and Missouri,
One Month for $148.
More Papers, More Dailies Larger, Circulation, Lower Price, than any other List. Special rates given for more or less space than one inch. Equally favorable quotations made for any single State. Copies of Lists, Circulars, Estimates, and full information, furnished on application.
GEO. P ROWELL & CO.,
Newspaper Advertising Agents, 41 Park Row, New York.

The Best Paper! Try It!!
The Scientific American is the cheapest and best illustrated weekly paper published. Every number contains from 10 to 15 original engravings of new machinery, novel inventions, Bridges, Engineering works, Architecture, Improved Farm implements, and every new discovery in Chemistry. A year's numbers contain 832 pages and several hundred engravings. Thousand of volumes are preserved for binding and reference. The practical receipts are well worth ten times the subscription price. Terms, $3 a year by mail. Specimens sent free. May be had of all News Dealers.
PATENTS obtained on the best terms. Models of new inventions and sketches examined, and advice free. All patents are published in the Scientific American the week they issue. Send for Pamphlet, 110 pages, containing laws and full directions for obtaining Patents.
Address for Paper, or concerning Patents, MUNN & CO. 37 Park Row; N. Y. Branch Office, cor. F. & 7th Sts. Washington D. C.

CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT CONVENTION.

The Place Where and Time When to be Held.

John W. Parks, Esq., member of the Congressional Executive Commitee of this District, called our attention a day or two ago to the contents of a letter received by him from the Hon. J. A. Reeves, of Cherokee county, Chairman of said committee. Mr. Reeves' object in his correspondence with the several members of the committee is to arrive at the sentiments of a majority, in reference to the time and place of holding a convention to nominate a candidate for Congress. Mr. R. expresses an opinion favorable to Gadsden, and suggests the propriety of postponing the time until the policy of the Democratic party is manifest by its action at Baltimore. We heartily indorse the suggestion of postponement, and are not going to urge grave objections to Gadsden as the place—if the committee so decide we will cheerfully acquiese. Pending the discussion of the question, however, we will remark that Scottsboro, has also been suggested, and it is said that the three counties of Madison, Jackson and Marshall prefer this place. For our own part, whilst individually, we should be pleased to see our old friends from Cherokee and Calhoun here, we will not withhold the opinion that it would not be just to require them to come here to a point at one side of the District.

We will, to compromise, conflicting opinions, suggest Lebanon as being about as central and suitable a place as can be selected.

Another question is also agitated. It is necessary to arrive at the Democratic strength of each county, in order to assign to each its proper weight in the convention. In Jackson county in the last Congressional election, Judge Dox received over 1,600 votes. In the last election for State officers, when the county voted 2,800 votes, the Democratic candidates received near 2,000.—*Scottsboro Herald June 6th.*

Staff of the N. Y. Tribune.

Now that Mr. Greeley has temporarily withdrawn from the control of the Tribune, it may well be considered as under the immediate direction of young persons. Whitelaw Reid, the managing editor; Jno. R. G. Hassard, Jno. Hay, Noah Brooks, Lucia Gilbert Runkle, Rebecca Harding Davis, all editorial writers; Wm. Winter, dramatic critic; Clarence Cook, art critic; Wm. F. G. Shanks, city editor; and many others who contribute regularly to the columns of that journal, range from 20 to 40, exclusive of the ladies, of course, and are therefore decidedly young. Saving Mr. Greeley and Mr. Geo. Ripley, there is hardly a member of the staff who can be considered at all advanced in years.

What is true of the Tribune is true of most of the leading dailies, and indeed of the majority of the leading literary men. The brain work of New York is nearly all done by young men, as any one can see who happens to be present at a gathering of the scribes of Manhattan.

Petty Proscription.

Ten Virginia printers, who had been working for some time in the Government Printing Office at Washington, were discharged on Saturday. On that day a circular was addressed to the compositors in the office inquiring whether they were Republicans or Democrats. The ten Virginians, amongst whom there were two young gentlemen from this city, answered that they were Democrats, and in less than fifteen minutes they were summarily discharged. Comment on such contemptible petty tyranny and proscription as this, by the best and most paternal Government the world ever saw, is unnecessary.

Lynchburg News.

The precise state of the negotiations concerning the supplemental article it is difficult to ascertain. This much, however, is proved true: Mr. Grant has made doubly good his title to the name of "Unconditional Surrender."

John Rose, a Canadian, convicted of committing rape on a girl 11 years old, was sentenced, in Buffalo, yesterday, to 20 years' imprisonment in the Auburn State Prison. Judge Barrows, in passing sentence, regretted that he could not sentence him to death.

A Novel But Practical Idea.—It is perhaps not generally known that the Augusta Water Works have been successfully applied as a motive power for the running of light machinery. Mr. James L. Gow, proprietor of a job printing establishment in this city, using the water from an ordinary street pipe, is enabled to run all his presses at a great saving of labor and expense. There are in Augusta various other branches of industry to which this fact might be made profitable.—[Chronicle and Sentinel.

Lieutenant Frederick D. Grant, first-born of the Administration, has arrived at Berlin. Among his retinue is an American officer named Sherman.

An examination into the Methodist Book Concern, of New York, resulted in disclosures by no means favorable to the reputation of the managers of that establishment. For instance, an error of $20,000 in addition, was covered by carrying that amount over from a previous year. This was a peculiar system of accounts, but it answered the purpose in this case. The cost of binding books varied thirty-seven per cent, in the course of two years. Additional evidence, said to be in the possession of the Committee, shows that an agent sold from the Book Concern hundreds of skins for which no credit appears; that he sold paper shavings at one time on his own personal account to the amount of over $1,000; that he appropriated sweepings of gold and silver leaf, amounting to a heavy per centage of the material used and that discrepancies in the wages account point clearly to the fraudulent appropriation of money claimed to have been paid to the bindery employees. The statements of Dr. Lanahan seem to have some foundation in fact, and the General Conference cannot afford to stop short of the most thorough investigation of the whole matter.

Philadelphia Age

Petty Vardenism.

It is with no small degree of solemnity, not to say grief, that we commence this brief exposition of a nation's disgrace—of a press run to hedquilts—of the editorial or paragraphical brain run to seed in flowering petticoats. Whether it be meagerness of brain, laziness or carelessness, we will not pretend to judge, but if ever editors or "locals" followed each other, repeated each other and doubled-up on each others' nonsense to an alarming degree, it is in this same case of D. V. As recorders of the dangerous as well as the agreeable features of the journalism of the hour, it behooves us to apply the editorial tongs to some of these paragraphs, so that posterity may wonder over the eccentricities of 1872. Comment will not be attempted. Hear the boons:

How's your Dolly Varden?

The latest—Dolly Varden cocktails.

Personal—Dolly Varden lives here.

Dolly Varden horse shoes are the latest.

Dolly Varden, if now alive, would be about fifty years old.

The Chicago *Post* recommends oyster cans as Dolly Vardens for dogs.

Which of the elements is it that into the calico mare natural Dolly Varden?

The spotted fever is now here as the Dolly Varden meningitis.

The Digger Indians have the smallpox in Dolly Varden patterns.

Dolly Varden foolhardies have been thrust upon the agricultural market.

It has gone as far as "Dolly Varden chilli" in Georgia. The editor turns all sorts of colors.

Mary had a little lamb,
She had it in the garden,
And every time it wagged its tail
It spoilt her Dolly Varden.

As the ladies gain courage, Dolly Vardens grow more numerous upon the streets, but no arrests have been made as yet, though the instigator of this hideous fashion is looked up by competent detectives.

We have seen men present themselves at the bar of the police court with faces beautifully Dolly Vardened by the masterly efforts of the "cops," and yet they live and move and have their—whisky just as usual.

A St. Louis maiden explains that "Dolly Varden was a character in Thackeray's play of the Terrible Temptation." Thanks, dear.

Dolly Varden gems are advertised, three dozen for twenty-five cents.

Dolly Varden noses are the latest out. Old topers have 'em, "Santa Cruz" and "Old Jamaiky" get up the most stunning styles.

A female infant was found on the porch of a house in Germantown, Pa., and carried to the poor house, where it was registered as "Dolly Varden."

The best Dolly Varden story yet, is told of a young lady of Little Rock, Arkansas, who had a very small kitten she named Dolly Varden, but as it progressed in age and other developments she discovered it was not that kind of a cat, so she re-christened it Thomas Varden.

The Federal soldiers stationed at Opelika rescued a prisoner from the town Marshal, who had him in custody for disorderly conduct. The Marshal went to the coops, re-arrested the man and confined him in the calaboose.

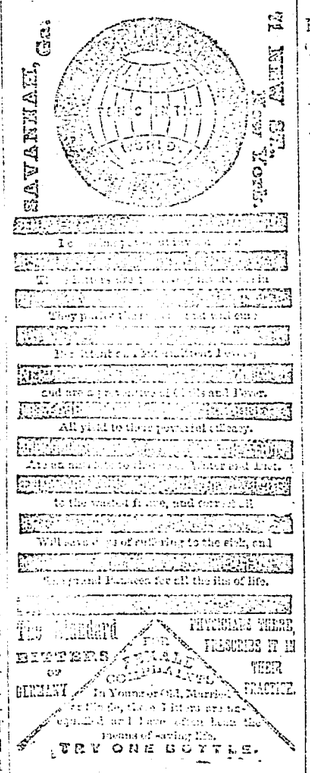
Mr. William Lloyd Garrison has written a letter to Mr. Sumner, scolding him violently for delivering such a speech at such a time. If Mr. Sumner's philippic on Grant carries, as Mr. Garrison alleges, its own cure in its extreme vehemence, it is surely a work of supererogation to abuse him for delivering it.

There now! The Randolph county headless rooster has been arrested at Boston for obtaining money under false pretences. We thought that chicken would get into a difficulty if it ever attempted to humbug Boston.

THE NEW DISCOVERY
In Chemical and Medical Science.

Dr. E. F. GARVIN'S
SOLUTION & COMPOUND ELIXIR
OF
TAR

FIRST AND ONLY SOLUTION ever made in one laboratory of ALL THE TWELVE valuable active principals of the well known curative agents,
PINE TREE TAR,
TRIUMPHANT in Coughs, Colds, Catarrh, Bronchial affections, and consumption.
CURES WITHOUT FAIL
Any case of Kidney or Bladder disease, and also, by CLEANSING, TONIFYING and INVIGORATING effect upon the general system, it removes at once those causes in all
DISEASES OF THE BLOOD.
Including Scrofula and Eruptions of the skin, Dyspepsia, Diseases of the Liver and Kidneys, Heart [illegible] General Debility.
ONE TRIAL CONVINCES!
Volatile Solution of Tar
For INHALATION, without application of HEAT. A perfectly VALUABLE discovery, curing all diseases of the throat and chest in the most prompt and speedy manner for the most effectual and direct way to reach the
All Diseases of the NOSE, THROAT and LUNGS.
THE COMPOUND
Tar and Mandrake Pill.
for use in connection with the ELIXIR TAR, is composed of the two most valuable ALTERATIVES of Nature known in the Profession. [illegible] Pill without exception the most perfect ever offered.
The SOLUTION and COMPOUND ELIXIR of
TAR
is without doubt the Best Remedy Known in Cases of
CHOLERA AND YELLOW FEVER.
It is a specific for such diseases, and should be kept in every family, especially during the [illegible] of malaria.
CHOLERA AND YELLOW FEVER
available to prevail. A small quantity taken daily will prevent contracting these terrible diseases.
Solution and Compound Elixir, $1.00 per Bottle
Volatile Solution for Inhalation, $5.00 per Box
Tar and Mandrake Pills, 50cts per box.
Send for Circular of POSITIVE CURES to your Druggist, or to
E. F. HYDE & CO.,
SOLE PROPRIETORS,
110 E. 23d St., New York.



Dr. GOTTLIEB PISCH'S BITTERS.

This preparation of the celebrated Dr. Gottlieb Pisch, of Germany, is based on the fact, that as all material in the body are derived from Food, so all Vital Force, or Health, is derived from the Force stored up in Food. *Dr. Pisch's Bitters* enables the System to liberate and appropriate these Forces from the Digestive, cures Dyspepsia, with its resultant [illegible] and [illegible] Nervous Misery, so tones the Stomach and Liver as to promote Digestion and Assimilation, and Diffuses throughout the entire system the Vital Force so that it can [illegible] over and resists disease, cures Chronic Chills, and Fever, and better endures the demands often unexpectedly made on its Power and Energy. Ladies in delicate health, aged persons and all emaciated and weak after sickness, will rapidly strengthen by using this great preparation.

(Shipped in bottles)

Probate Court of Calhoun County, Ala.

James Price, Deceased, Estate.

LETTERS of Administration upon the Estate of said deceased having been granted to the undersigned, on the 20th day of April, 1872, by the Hon. A. Woods, Judge of the Probate Court of Calhoun county, Ala. Notice is hereby given that all persons having claims against said estate are required to present the same, within the time allowed by law or the same will be barred.

S. L. McCLELLEN,
P. M. PRICE,
Administrators.

May 4 1872

M. A. TURNER,
FASHIONABLE
TAILOR.

WOULD respectfully inform the citizens of Jacksonville and vicinity, that he has removed to No. 7 Office-row where he is ready at all times to make Boys & Gents clothing, according to latest styles and in a most durable manner. Thanking the public generally for their past liberal patronage, he hopes by skill and attention to merit a continuance of the same. Terms Cash.

P. S. Twenty-five per cent. will be added, when work is taken from the shop unsettled for.

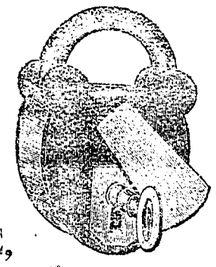
Jan27 1872—1y.

HENRY A. SMITH,
113 Broad Street,
Rome, Ga
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL
BOOKSELLER & STATIONER.
Keeps alway on hand a large Stock
School, Theological and Miscellaneous Books,
PAPER, Letter Cap, Note.
ENVELOPES,
PENCILS,
PENS,
INKS,
Engravings, Photographs,
Photograph Albums, Chromos,
Gilt, Rosewood, Walnut Moulding, for Picture Frames, in the Piece, Picture Cord and Tassel, Sheet Music, for the Piano and Guitar, Italian, German and French Violin and Guitar Strings.
Blank, Copy and Scrap BOOKS,
MEMORANDUMS,
PORTFOLIOS,
SLATES,
DESKS,
Pocket Bibles, Hymn and Prayer Books,
Square and Oval Picture Frames,
WALLPAPERING, BORDERING, FIRE SCREENS AND PAPER WINDOW SHADES.
☞ New and Second Hand PIANOS and PARLOR ORGANS of first class manufactures, at a Liberal Discount from manufacturer's prices. Also, SECOND HAND PIANOS TAKEN IN EXCHANGE for new ones, allowing full value for those taken in exchange.
Liberal discounts to Country Merchants and Schools.
April 3 1872—ed.

New Spring and Summer Goods!
LADICA, Ala., Apri, 1872.
The undersigned would respectfully announce to their friends and customers, that they are receiving direct from New York, a very extensive and desirable Stock of
Dry Goods,
CLOTHING, BOOTS & SHOES
Gent's, Misses and Children's
HATS,
In great variety.
Hardware, Saddlery, Drugs, Medicines,
Crockery! &c.
All of which have been carefully selected by our Mr. J. R. GRAHAM and bought with Cash, and will be sold at the very LOWEST PRICES.
We defy competition in quality and prices of Goods!
We also keep a full and complete Stock of
GROCERIES, BACON, LARD, &c.,
which we propose to sell only for Cash, at lowest prices.
Our Stock comprises almost everything usually kept in a Mercantile House, and you are especially invited to come and see us, we guarantee quality and prices of Goods to suit you.
J. R. GRAHAM & CO.

PATTEN & PAWNE,
WHOLESALE
Booksellers & Stationers,
And Agents for the
ROCK RIVER PAPER CO'S.
Building Papers
Roofing for Sheathing, Lining, Plastering and Roofing Buildings.
WALL PAPER
Of every Grade, Quality and Price, and trimmed for customers. Wall and Ceiling Decorations, and Centre Pieces in great variety.
WINDOW SHADES
And FIXTURES Very Cheap.
Prepared Plastering Board
Makes a smooth and warm Ceiling and Wall, and is a perfect substitute for Lath and Plaster, and can be Papered, Painted or White-washed if desired.
It is cheap. Costs less than half as much as plaster. It can be easily and quickly applied by any one. It saves all the annoyances, dirt, and delay of plastering. It makes a perfectly smooth, warm and durable wall. In case of accident, it can be easily and quickly repaired. It is not affected by dampness in the atmosphere.
FELT ROOFING
With the Quarts Cement makes a better and much cheaper roof than Tin, is warranted for Five Years.
DOUBLE THICK CARPET PAPER is a thick Wool Felting—prevents dust from rising and protects the Carpet from the uneven surface of the floor.
Samples of above sent on application.
No. 213 Market Street,
CHATTANOOGA, TENN.

HARDWARE.
B. L. WYMAN,
(Successor to HALL, MOSES & ROBERTS) has removed to
NO. 3 SIGN OF



COURT THE
SQUARE, *Padlock,*
Montgomery, Ala.
Where the readers of the REPUBLICAN are invited to examine one of the largest and best assorted Stocks ever brought to Montgomery; consisting of Hardware, Iron and Steel, Nails, Castings, Cutlery, Stoves, Tinware and housekeeping Goods, AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS, Plows, Hoes, Chains, &c., and the
Celebrated Fashion Cook Stove.
B. L. WYMAN.
Dec 23 1871—3m

JOHN L. COBBS,
DEALER IN
DRY GOODS
Hosiery and Gloves,
CARPETS and OIL CLOTHS,
32 MARKET STREET,
Montgomery, Ala.
Jan27—6mo.

J. T. McDONALD & CO
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL
CLOTHIERS,
No. 7 Court Square, MONTGOMERY, ALA.
We claim to lead the market in
READY MADE CLOTHING
Of which we carry full lines of all grades for both Men and Boys.
In addition we have the largest line of *GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING GOODS, TRUNKS, VALISES, SACHELS, UMBRELLAS,* &c., &c., &c. to be found in the city. Buying for cash and doing the largest business of any house in the trade, we are confident of our ability to undersell the market.
J. T. McDONALD & CO.,
THE CLOTHIERS, 7 Court Square, Montgomery, Ala.
Mar13—3m.

IF YOU WANT CORRECT TIME
GO TO
Randall of Gadsden,
THE BEST
Watch-Maker in North Alabama.
Prices for Goods & Work reduced 25 to 50 per cent. Everything guaranteed as represented and satisfaction given every time.
Cash or no Trade
Oct28 1871—tf.

J. & S. BONES & CO.
IMPORTERS OF & DEALERS IN
IRON and STEEL,
HARDWARE, CUTLERY, GUNS &c.
Rome Ga.,
In addition to keeping the largest Stock of HARDWARE in the Cherokee Country for Merchants supplies, are the Agents for
BLANDY'S CELEBRATED STEAM ENGINES & MILLS,
and can furnish at Manufactures prices, anything from a small size SAW MILL to the
LARGEST FLOURING MILL COMPLETE,
also Agents for CLEMANS' CORN and WHEAT MILL, which we keep in Stock.
[READ HOME TESTIMONY]
NEAR CEDAR BLUFF Feb., 28, 1871
Messrs. J. & S. Bones, *Dear Sirs:*
I have given the 16 inch Mill (Clemans) bought of you, a thorough test, and can but express myself perfectly satisfied. The power was the running gear to my gin, which although in very bad order, was sufficient to grind *one bushel* (by the watch) in *eleven minutes.* I find no trouble to go my grinding before breakfast. Several of my neighbors were present at the time, and all were satisfied with the result, and were astonished at the quantity and fine quality of the meal produced in so short a time. I prefer the meal to any steam mill meal. The 16 inch mill I bought of you for the Foster Farm, and used since the above was written proves equally satisfactory. It is a complete mill.
Yours Truly,
H. H. MILLER.
Upon all machinery sold by us we give a full guarantee. Send for catalogue and price list.
J. & S. BONES & CO.
april5 1871—tf

CLOVER, GRASS AND GARDEN SEED.

W. D. HOYT & CO
WILL KEEP CONSTANTLY ON HAND A FULL STOCK OF THE ABOVE AT THE LOWEST FIGURES,
Clover, and Grass Seed.

STRICTLY CASH. Also
Lead, Oil and Glass,
At Manufactures prices. Also a full STOCK of
Drugs, Brushes, Perfumery Soaps of all kinds, Lamps, &c. &c.
W. D. HOYT & CO.
WHOLESALE DRUGGISTS,
Rome Ga.
Oct 28, tf.

KIRTLAND & TOURTELLOTTE,
Manufacturers, Wholesale and Retail Dealers in
BOOTS & SHOES,
The largest, oldest and only exclusive Boot and Shoe House in
MIDDLE ALABAMA.
LEATHER & FINDINGS,
No. 7 Market St.
MONTGOMERY ALABAMA.
dec23 71—6m.

Agency of the
CENTRAL CITY
Insurance Company,
OF SELMA ALABAMA,
H. A. STOLENWERCK, PRESIDENT. ED. K. FOWLKES, SECRETARY.
Cash Capital and Accumulations.....$125,000
Losses Paid Since Organization, over.....$115,000
Stores, Merchandise, Dwellings, Rents, and other insurable interest taken at customary rates. Three (3) and Five (5) Year policies or dwelling houses issued at a reduction or the annual rate.
ED. L. WOODWARD, Agent,
Apr18 Jacksonville, Ala.

East Alabama
LAND AGENCY
B. C. WYLY & Co
REAL ESTATE
and
General Agency Office
No. 4. OFFICE ROW,
JACKSONVILLE, ALA.
We are prepared to give our attention to the Sale, or Rent of
REAL ESTATE
in this and adjoining counties.
Having special facilities for finding purchasers, invite those who may desire to put their lands in market, to give us a trial. We will keep on exhibition in our office
MAPS,
taken from County Surveys, as personal reconnaissance of such places as may be entrusted to us, and will visit the property when parties contemplating a purchase.
All information concerning the lands of East Alabama freely given upon application in person, or by letter, at their office. Will also act as General Agents for the sale of all articles of merit which may be entrusted to them. Their extensive acquaintance with the people and personal knowledge of the Country, gives them facilities which no other Company can have.
BUSINESS SOLICITED.
B. C. WYLY,
JOHN H. FORNEY,
JNO. M. WYLY,
aug19 1871—1y.

R. R. R.
Radway's Ready Relief
CURES THE WORST PAIN in from One to Twenty Minutes.
NOT ONE HOUR
after reading this advertisement need any one SUFFER WITH PAIN.
RADWAY'S READY RELIEF IS A CURE FOR EVERY PAIN.
It was the first and is
The Only Pain Remedy
that instantly stops the most excruciating pains, allays Inflammations, and cures Congestions, whether of the Lungs, Stomach, other glands or organs, by one application. IN FROM ONE TO TWENTY MINUTES no matter how violent or excruciating the pain the RHEUMATIC, Bed-ridden, Infirm, Crippled, Nervous, Neuralgic, or prostrated with disease may suffer.
RADWAY'S READY RELIEF
Will afford instant Ease.
Inflammation of the Kidneys,
Inflamation of the Bladder,
Inflamation of the Bowels,
Congestion of the Lungs,
Sore Throat, Difficult Breathing,
Palpitation of the Heart,
Hysterics, Croup, Diphtheria,
Catarrh, Influenza,
Headache Toothache,
Neuralgia, Rheumatism,
Cold Chills, Ague Chills,
The application of the READY RELIEF to the part or parts where the difficulty exists will afford ease and comfort.
Twenty drops in half a tumbler of water will in a few moments cure Cramps, Spasms, Sour Stomach, Heartburn, Sick Headache, Diarrhea, Dysentery, Colic, Wind in the Bowels, and all Internal Pains.
Travelers should always carry a bottle of RADWAY'S READY RELIEF with them. A few drops in water will prevent sickness or pains from change of water. It is better than French Brandy or Bitters as a stimulant.
FEVER AND AGUE.
Fever and Ague cured for fifty cents. There is not a remedial agent in this world that will cure Fever and Ague, and all other Malarious, Bilous, Scarlet, Typhoid, Yellow, and other Fevers (aided by RADWAY'S PILLS) so quick as RADWAY'S READY RELIEF. Fifty cents per bottle.
DR. RADWAY'S
Sarsaparillian Resolvent
Has made the most astonishing cures, so quick, so rapid are the changes the body undergoes, under the influence of this truly wonderful Medicine, that
Every day an increase in Weight and Flesh is Felt
THE GREAT BLOOD PURIFIER.
Every drop of the SARSAPARILLIAN RESOLVENT communicates through the Blood, Sweat, Urine, and other fluids and juices of the system *the vigor of life,* for it repairs the wastes of the body with new and sound material. *Scrofula, Syphilis, Consumption, Glandular disease, Ulcers in the throat, Mouth, Tumors, Nodes in the Glands and other parts of the system, Sore Eyes, Strumorous discharges from the Ears, and the worst forms of Skin diseases, Eruptions, Fever Sores, Scald Head, Ring Worm, Salt Rheum, Erysipelas, Acne, Black Spots, Worms in the Flesh, Tumors, Cancers in the Womb,* and all weakening and painful discharges, Night Sweats, Loss of Sperm and all wastes of the life principle, are within the curative range of this wonder of Modern Chemistry, and a few days' use will prove to any person using it for either of these forms of disease its potent power to cure them.
If the patient, daily becoming reduced by the wastes and decomposition that is continually progressing, succeeds in arresting these waste, and repairs the same with new material made from healthy blood—and this the SARSAPARILLIAN will and does secure—a cure is certain; for when once this remedy commences its work of purification, and succeeds in diminishing the loss of waste, its repairs will be rapid, and every day a patient will feel himself growing better and stronger, the food digesting better, appetite improving, and weight increasing.
Not only does the Sarsaparilian Resolvent excels all known remedial agents in the cure of Chronic, Scrofulous, Constitutional, and Skin diseases; but it is the only positive cure for
Kidney and Bladder Complaints,
Urinary, and Womb diseases, Gravel, Diabetes, Dropsy, Stoppage of Water, Incontinence of Urine, Bright's Disease, Albuminuria, and in all cases where there are brick-dust deposits, or the water is thick, cloudy, mixed with substances like the white of an egg, or threads like white silk, there is a morbid, dark, bilious appearance, and white bone-dust deposits, and when there is a pricking, burning sensation when passing water, and pain in the Small of the Back and along the Loins.
DR. RADWAY'S
PERFECT PURGATIVE PILLS,
perfectly tasteless, elegantly coated with sweet gum, purge, regulate, purify, cleanse, and strengthen. Radway's Pills, for the cure of all disorders of the Stomach, Liver, Bowels, Kidneys, Bladder, Nervous Diseases, Headache, Constipation, Costiveness, Indigestion, Dyspepsia, Biliousness, Bilious Fever, Inflamation of the Bowels, Piles, and all Derangements of the Internal Viscera. Warranted to effect a positive cure. Purely Vegetable, containing no mercury, minerals, or deleterious drugs.
A few doses of RADWLY'S PILLS will free the system from all the above named disorders. Price, 25 cents per Box. Sold by Druggists.
Read "False and True." Send one letter stamp to RADWAY & CO. No. 32 Warren Street, Corner of Church Street New York. Information worth thousands will be sent you.
Sep 23, 1871—1y

Jacksonville Republican.

EDITED, PRINTED & PUBLISHED, EVERY SATURDAY MORNING, BY

J. F. & L. W. GRANT.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

For one year in advance,.....$2 00
If not paid in advance,.....$3 00

TERMS OF ADVERTISING.

One square of 10 lines or less, first insertion,.....$1 00
Each subsequent insertion.....50
Over one square counted as two, &c.
Obituaries charged at advertising rates.
Marriage notices,.....50

Annunciation of Candidates.

For County offices,.....$5 00
For State offices,.....$10 00

Jacksonville Republican.

"The Price of Liberty is Eternal Vigilance."

VOL. 36. JACKSONVILLE, ALA., JUNE 22, 1872. WHOLE NO 1836

Rates of Advertising,

For three, six, or twelve Months.

One square of 10 lines,	3 months,		$5 0
" "	6	"	7 50
" "	12	"	10 00
One fourth column,	3	"	10 00
" " "	6	"	15 00
" " "	13	"	25 00
One half column,	3	"	25 00
" " "	6	"	35 00
" " "	12	"	50 00
One column,	3	"	40 00
" "	6	"	60 00
" "	12	"	100 00

Charges due and collectable quarterly.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

WM. M. HAMES, J. T. MARTIN

HAMES & MARTIN,

Attorneys at Law and Solicitors in Chancery. No. 8. Office Row, Jacksonville,

WILL practice in all the Courts of Law and Equity in the counties of the 12th Judicial circuit, consisting of Calhoun, Cleburne, St. Clair, Etowah and Cherokee, and the Supreme court of the State.
may20—1871.

OWEN FOSTER. WM. H. FORNEY.

FOSTER & FORNEY,

Attorneys at Law,

Jacksonville Alabama.

WILL practice in the Counties of Calhoun, Talladega, Randolph, St. Clair, Cherokee, DeKalb and the Supreme Court of the State.
Dec. 23d, 1865.

C. J. TURNLEY, G. H. TURNLEY.

C. J. & G. H. TURNLEY,

Attorneys at Law

Soicitors in Chancery

AND

General Collecting Agents.

JACKSONVILLE, ALA.

WILL practice Law in the counties of Calhoun, Talladega, Randolph, Cleburne, Cherokee, Etowah, St. Clair and DeKalb; in the Supreme Court of the State, and in the U. S. District Court, Northern and Middle Division of Alabama.

R. C. ELLIS. J. H. CALDWELL.

ELLIS & CALDWELL,

Attorneys at Law,

AND

Solicitor in Chancery.

JACKSONVILLE, ALA.

HAVING associated themselves in the practice of Law, will practice together, except in CRIMINAL CASES, in the counties of Calhoun, Talladega, St. Clair, Randolph, Cherokee and DeKalb.
Jan. 6. 1866.

H. L. STEVENSON,

Attorney at Law,

JACKSONVILLE, Ala.

Savage & de Rochemont,

ATTORNEYS AT-LAW

AND

SOLICITORS IN CHANCERY & COLLECTING AGENTS,

OXFORD, ALA.

WILL practice in all the courts of the State also in the Supreme court. Collections made before the United State Court of Claims, also general land and pension Agents.
April 13 1872 1y.

J. D. HAMMOND,

Notary Public

AND

EX-OFFICIO JUSTICE OF THE PEACE

JACKSONVILLE,.....ALABAMA

WILL attend to any business that may be put into his hands, with dispatch.
Feb17 1872—1y.

Dr. M. W. FRANCIS,

Physician & Surgeon,

OFFICE, DRUG STORE J. C. FRANCIS,

North West Corner Square,

JACKSONVILLE - - ALA

Feb 25 1871—1y.

DR. W. W. HARRISON,

HAVING permanently located in Alexandria, offers his professional services to the citizens of Alexandria and vicinity. He can be found at his office in Green & Ballentine's Store during the day, and at the late residence of Jas. A. Gladden at night, unless professionally absent.
March 1872.—9m.

RAIL ROAD SCHEDULES.

South & North Ala. Rail Road.

SCHEDULE.

Passenger trains will run on this Road, as follows:

Night'g Exp. Pa's Montgomery, at 10,00 am
" " Arrives at Calera 12,50 p m
" " at Birmingham 3,30 p m
Mail train leaves Montgomery at 2'20 p m
" " Arrives at Calera 6,15 p m
Night'g Exp. Pa's Birmingham at 5,25 p m
" " Arrives at Montgomery 12,05 a m
Mail train Leaves Calera at 5,05 a m
" " Arrives at Montgomery 8,25 a m.

Close Connections with DOUBLE DAILY trains on Mobile & Montgomery Rail Road, for Mobile, New Orleans and all points of the S.

This is the SHORTEST and quickest route to and from points named above for Passengers. Through Tickets and Through Bills issued. Rates as low as by any other line.

A. SHAW, Ass't Sup't.

H. Pierce, G. A. Morrison,
H. Jones Wm. L. Thompson.

PIERCE, JONES & CO.

Cotton Factors,

Proprietors of Planters Fire Proof Warehouse.

Clarke's new Building opposite Troup House,

SELMA.....ALABAMA.

ROME ADVERTISEMENTS.

C. G. SAMUEL.

Successor to Elliot & Samuel,

COTTON FACTOR

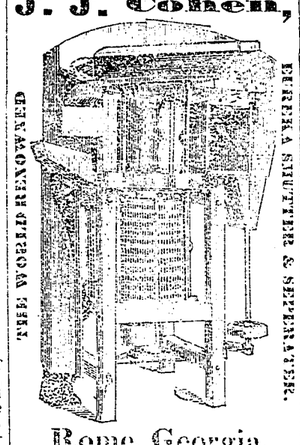
Warehouse & Commission Merchant

(At Steamboat Landing,)

Rome, Ga.

Cotton compressed and put in splendid shipping order and forwarded same day of its arrival, at reduced rates of freight.
sept 23, 1871—1y

J. J. Cohen,



EXCELSIOR WOODEN RENOWNED SCREW GIN STAND.

Rome, Georgia,

Keeps Constantly on hand the most celebrated and latest MILL MACHINERY, at Manufacturer's prices. Also, Importer of the Double Anchor Dutch Bolting Cloth. French Burr and Esopus MILL STONES, Double Turbine Water Wheel, and an assortment of Belting, &c. Dec. 30, '71.—1y.

SELMA ADVERTISEMTS

THOS. A. WALTHALL, T. S. BOWEN,

BOWEN & WALTHALL,

Whosale Grocers

—AND—

COMMISSION MERCHANTS

NO. 5 CENTRAL BLOCK, WATER ST.

SELMA——ALABAMA.

Ja7—6ly

W. R. ETHERIDGE. W. R. MCKINNEY.

McKINNEY & Co.,

Receiving and Forwarding

—AND—

STEAMBOAT AGENTS,

Selma.....Alabama.

We have a large and convenient Warehouse, a Brick Wharf and every facility for protecting Goods.
Jan 6 1y

Marble Works.

D. C. COLEMAN,

MANUFACTURER OF ALL KINDS OF

MARBLE MONUMENTS,

TOMBS, HEADSTONES,

MANTELS, VASES

Vases, Etc.,

Of the finest

ITALIAN

AND

AMERICAN MARBE

Yard No. 31 S. College Street, between Church and Broad,

NASHVILLE, TENNESSEE.

Orders promptly filled and satisfaction guaranteed.
Feb24 1872—1y.

To the Public.

The Partnership heretofore existing between McCLELEN & LANDERS, having, by mutual consent, been dissolved, I have opened a business on my own account in the house formerly occupied by Mrs. M. E. Rowland, where I will be glad to see my old patrons and friends and sell them any and all articles kept in a

Family Grocery

low for Cash or its equivolent.

I have also a fine assortment of

LIQUORS OF ALL KINDS

ot sell at wholesale.

A. M. LANDERS.
February, 3d 1872.—tf.

CALL AT THE

Old Hotel,

West Side of the Public Spuar

Jacksonville, Ala.

WHICH has been repaired, refurnished and refitted up, especially for the comfort of those who may favor us with a call. Rooms large and comfortable—fare good as the country affords—servants polite and attentive—charges reasonable.

Can accommodate a dozen or two regular boarders.

J. D. HAMMOND,
Dec. 18, '69—1y. Proprietor.

CROSS PLAINS HOUS

COME ALONG.

This House is not quite completed, but will receive Boarders and the Traveling public generally.

No rash promises made—come and see.

A. S. JOHNSON,
J. N. Hood,
J. N. Hood, Prop'r.

june18—tf.

J. & R. TREMBLE,

Corner Bibb & Commerce Streets,

Montgomery, Ala.

HAVING just completed their removal into the Splendid, New and Commodious Building at the corner of Bibb and Commerce Streets, would inform their friends and the public, that they have generally on hand and are daily receiving, a

LARGE & ELEGANT STOCK OF

Fall and Winter Goods,

—SUCH AS—

Kerseys, Linseys,
Jeans, Tweeds,
Cassimeres, Cloths,
Opera, all Wool and
Cotton Flannels Calicoes of the Best Grades;
Brown and Bleached Domestics; Mattress and Feather Ticking; Table Damask, Toweling, Hosiery, Crib and Bed Blankets, Balmoral and Felt Skirts, also, a Nice Line of Ladies' Shawls, Nations, Ribbons and Trimmings in Great Variety; Foreign and Domestic Dress Goods, Very Attractive in Style and Fabric.

We intend to keep our stock replenished with the best of just such goods as the demands of the trade require, which will be sold at the

LOWEST LIVING RATES.

ROWAN, DEAN & CO.

HAVE ADDED TO THEIR EXtensive and Varied

Stock of Merchandise

A lot of handsome

FURNITURE

Consisting of

Bedsteads,

Wardrobes,

Bureaus,

Washstands,

Centre Tables,

Dining Tables,

&c., &c., &c.

Which they will sell very cheap

For Cash.

The time is at hand for us to provid for buying a

Spring Stock,

And we need money. All who have not paid their last year's account will please do so at once. It is not our practice to all on our customers for money unless

WE REALLY NEED IT.

But we cannot comply with the terms upon which which we buy goods, and sell on time, unless we can collect once year.

ROWAN, DEAN & CO.
Feb21 1872—tf.

J. H. LAKIN,

Artistic Photographs,

No. 51 Market Street,

MONTGOMERY, ALA.

PERSONS at a distance having old and fading Daguerreotypes can safely send them by mail to be recopied. ALL WORK GUARANTEED FIRST CLASS, AND PRICES REASONABLE.
May 11th, 1872—1y.

NEW BRICK HOTEL.

The undersigned is now prepared to accommodate the traveling public.

S. C. KELLY, Prop.

LIVERY AND SALE STABLE

Sign of the Horned Horse,

OXFORD ALA.,

S. C. KELLY.

sep16 '71—tf.

THE GREAT CAUSE

OF

HUMAN MISERY.

Just Published, in a Sealed Envelope.

PRICE SIX CENTS.

A Lecture on the Nature, Treatment and Radical Cure of Seminal weakness, or Spermatorrhœa, induced by Self-Abuse, Involuntary emissions, Impotency, Nervous Debility and Impediments to Marriage generally: Consumption, Epilepsy, and Fits; Mental and Physical Incapacity, &c. By ROBERT J. CULVERWELL, M. D., author of the "Green Book" etc.

The world-renowned author in this admirable Lecture, clearly proves from his own experience that the awful consequences of Self-Abuse may be effectually removed without medicines, and without dangerous surgical operations, bouies, instruments, rings, or cordials, pointing out a mode of cure at once certain and effectual, by which every sufferer, no matter what his condition may be, may cure himself cheaply, privately, and radically. THIS LECTURE WILL PROVE A BOON TO THOUSANDS AND THOUSANDS.

Sent under seal, to any address, in a plain sealed envelope, on the receipt of six cents, or two postage stamps. Also, Dr. Culverwell's "Marriage Guide," price 25 cents. Address the Publishers,

CHAS. J. C. KLINE & CO.,
127 Bowery, New York, P. O. box, 4,589

T. A. HURT, J. F. WOOD,
Formerly of Atlanta. Tennessee.

HURT & WOOD,

GROCERS,

AND

GENERAL

Commission Merchants,

For the Purchase and Sale of Grain, Bacon, Flour, and all kinds of Tennessee Produce.

292 MARKET STREET,

Chattanooga, Tenn.

Any orders left with R. D. Williams will meet prompt attention.

REFERENCES:

First National Bank,
W. Crutchfield & Co.,
Chattanooga.
P. & G. T. Dodd & Co.,
A. C. & B. F. Wyly,
Mch23 1872—3mo Atlanta, Ga.

MOBILE ADVERTISEMENTS.

F. J. BARNARD & Co.

WHOLESALE & RETAIL DEALERS IN

Paints, Oils, Glass,

Putty, Brushes,

AND

A Large Assortment of

ARTIST MATERIALS,

PICTURE FRAMES AND MOULDINGS &c.

No. 11. NORTH WATER STREET,

MOBILE, ALA.

This House was established in the year 1842.
sep16—6m.

W. C. LAND.

THE oldest Watch maker in the State, (near Forty years at the bench,) still in Jacksonville, to repair all good watches that may be brought in. No brass or oreide watches need be brought in to be fixed.

Having made arrangements with the Manufacturers, I am prepared to have any part or parts of good watches made new, in the best manner and at short notice, doing away with the tedious process of hand work. All fine and complicated watches repaired and put in as good order as new, if desired.
nov11 1871—tf.

NEW LIVERY STABLE.

The undersigned takes pleasure in notifying his friends, and the

PUBLIC GENERALLY

that he has opened the stables formerly known as the Privett Stables.

HE IS PREPARED TO HIRE.

Hacks, Wagons, Buggies, and Horses at the following schedule of prices:

Two-hors: hacks and driver per day	$6,00.
Two-horse wagon and driver per day	$5,00.
Buggy and horse per day	$3,00.
Single Buggy per day	$2,00.
Single Horse per day	$2,00.

He will also feed and take care of stock charges to be paid when the stock is taken from the stable. Terms cash, only.

RICHARD WEAVER,
may12—71.

Horace Greeley and the Loyal League.

When Mr. Horace Greeley returned to New York after having signed the release bond of Mr. Jefferson Davis, he was served with notice of motion having been made in the Union League for his expulsion as a traitor, and that he must appear and show cause why that motion should not be adopted. On the reception of that notice, Mr. Greeley addressed to the creatures, whose small souls were shocked at conduct they could not comprehend, the following letter, which he also caused to appear in the New York *Tribune* of that date:

"Gentlemen—I shall not attend your meeting. I have an engagement out of town, and shall keep it. I do not recognize you as capable of judging, or even fully apprehending me. You evidently regard me as a weak sentimentalist, misled by a maudlin philosophy. I arraign you as narrow-minded block-heads, who would like to be useful to a great and good cause, but don't know how. Your attempt to lead a great and enduring party on the hate and wrath necessarily engendered by a bloody civil war, is as though you should plant a colony on an iceberg which had somehow drifted into a tropical ocean. I tell you here, that out of a life constantly devoted to the good of human kind, your children will select my going back to Richmond and signing that bail bond as the wisest act, and will say that it did more for the freedom and humanity than all of you were competent to do, though you had lived to the age of Methuselah. I ask nothing of you, then, but that you proceed to your end by a direct, frank and manly way. Don't slide off into a mild resolution of censure, but move the expulsion which you proposed, and which I deserve if I deserve any reproach whatever. All I care for is that you make this a square stand-up fight, and record your judgment by yeas and nays. I care not how few vote for me, or how many vote against me, for I know the latter will repent in dust and ashes before three years have past. Understand, once for all, that I dare and defy you, and that I propose to fight it out upon the line that I have held from the day of Lee's surrender. So long as any man was seeking to overthrow our government he was my enemy; from the hour in which he laid down his arms he was my formerly erring countryman. So long as he is opposed to national unity, the Federal authority, or the assertion of rights to all men, which has become practically identified with loyalty and nationality, I shall do my best to deprive him of power; but whenever he ceases to do this, I demand his restoration to all privileges of American citizenship. I give you fair notice that I shall urge the re enfranchisement of those now proscribed for rebellion, so soon as I feel confident that this course is consistent with the freedom of the blacks and the unity of the republic; and that I shall demand a recall of all now in exile only for participating in the rebellion, whenever the country shall have been so thoroughly pacified that its safety will not be thereby endangered. And, so, gentlemen, hoping that you will henceforth comprehend me somewhat better than you have done, I remain, yours,

HORACE GREELEY.

Commenting, subsequently, on the treatment to which he was subjected at the period, and for the reason stated, Mr. Greeley said:

At once a concerted howl of denunciation and rage was sent up from every side against me by the little creatures whom God, for some inscrutable purpose, permits to edit a majority of our minor journals, echoed by a yell of "stop my paper," from thousand of imperfectly instructed readers of the *Tribune*. One impudent puppy wrote me to answer categorically whether I was in favor of hanging Jefferson Davis, adding that I must stop his paper if I were not. Scores volunteered assurance I was defying public opinion, that most of my readers were against me, as if I could be induced to write what they wished said, rather than what they needed to be told. I never before realized so vividly the baseness of the editorial vocation, according to the vulgar conception of it. The din about my ears now is nothing to what I then endured and despised. I am humiliated by the reflection that it is or was in the power of such insects to annoy me, even by pretending to discover with surprise something that I have for years been publicly and emphatically proclaiming.

A lover of statistics has calculated the average of the human mouth, when open, is about 1 square inches, the combined mouths of the 25,000 singers at the Boston Jubilee will form a cavity of over 736 square feet.

Grant's Letter of Acceptance.

EXECUTIVE MANSION,
Washington, June 10, 1872.

Hon. Thos. Settle, President National Republican Convention, and others;

GENTLEMEN: Your letter of this date advising me of the action of the convention held in Philadelphia on the 5th and 6th of this month and of my unanimous nomination for the Presidency by it, is received. I accept the nomination and through you return my heartfelt thanks to your constituents for this mark of their confidence and support. If elected in November and protected by a kind Providence in health and strength to perform the duties of the high trust conferred, I promise the same zeal and devotion to the good of the whole people for the future of my official life as shown in the past. Past experience may guide me in avoiding mistakes inevitable with novices in all professions, and in all occupations. When relieved from the responsibility of my present trust by the election of a successor, whether it be at the end of this term or the next, I hope to leave to him as executive a country at peace within its own borders, at peace with the outside Nations, with a credit at home and abroad and without embarrassing questions to its future prosperity. With the expression of a desire to see a speedy healing of all bitterness of feeling between sections, parties or races of citizens, and the time when the title of citizen carries with it all the protection and privileges to the humblest that it does to the most exalted, I subscribe myself, very respectfully, your obedient servant;

U. S. GRANT.

Senator Wilson's Letter of Acceptance.

WASHINGTON, June 18—The following is Senator Wilson's letter of acceptance of the Philadelphia nomination:

WASHINGTON, June 14.

Hon. Thomas Settle and others, President and Vice-Presidents National Republican Convention, held at Philadelphia:

GENTLEMEN: Your note of the 10th inst., conveying to me the action of the convention in placing my name in nomination for the office of Vice-President, is before me. I need not give you assurance of my grateful appreciation of the high honor conferred on me by this action of the fifth National Convention of the Republican party. Sixteen years ago, in the same city, was held the first meeting of men who, amid the darkness and doubts of that hour of slaveholding ascendancy and aggression, had associated in National Convention to confer with each other on the exigencies to which that fearful domination had brought their country. After a full conference, the highest point of resolve they could reach, the most they dared to recommend, was an avowed purpose to prohibit the existence of slavery in the Territories. Last week the same party met, by its Representatives from thirty-seven States and ten Territories, at the same great centre of wealth, intelligence, and power to review the past, take note of the present, and indicate its line of action for the future. As typical facts and headlands of the nations of the recent history, there set on its platform, taking a prominent and honorable part in its proceedings, admitted on terms of perfect equality to the leading hotels of the city, not only the colored representatives of the race which were ten years before in abject slavery, but one of the oldest and most prominent of the once despised Abolitionists, to whom was accorded, as to no other, the warmest demonstration, not to him alone, but to the cause he had so ably, and for so many years represented, and to men and women living and dead, who had toiled through long years of obloquy and self-sacrifice for the glorious fruition of that hour. It hardly needed the brilliant summary of its platform to set forth its illustrious achievements. The very presence of those men was alone significant of the victories already achieved, the progress already made, and the great distance which the nation had traveled between the years 1856 and 1872. But grand as has been its record, the Republican party rests not on its past alone. It looks to the future, and grapples with its problems of duty and danger. It professes, as objects of its immediate accomplishment, complete liberty and equality for all; the enforcement of the recent amendments to the national constitution; reform in the civil service; the national domain to be set apart for homes to the people; the adjustment of duties on imports to secure remunerative wages to labor; extension of bounties to all soldiers and sailors who in the line of duty became disabled; continued and careful encouragement and protection of voluntary immigration, and guarding with zealous care the rights of all adopted citizens; abolition of the franking privilege, and speedy reduction of the rates of postage; reduction of the national debt and rates of interest and resumption of specie payment; encouragement of American commerce and of ship building; suppression of violence and protection of the ballot-box. It also placed on record the opinions and purposes of the party in favor of amnesty, against all forms of repudiation, and indorsed the humane and peaceful policy of the administration in regard to the Indians. But while clearly defining and distinctly announcing the policy of the Republican party on these questions of practical legislation and administration, the convention did not ignore the great social problems which are pressing their claims for solution, and which demand the most careful study and wise consideration.

Foremost stands the labor question.

Concerning the relations of capital and labor, the Republican party accepts the duty of so shaping legislation as to secure full protection and the amplest field for capital and for labor, the creation of capital, the largest opportunities and just share of the mutual profits of those two great servants of civilization. To woman, too, and her new demands, it extends the hand of grateful recognition, and proffers its most respectful inquiry. It recognizes her noble devotion to the country and freedom; welcomes her admission to wider fields of usefulness, and commends her demands for additional rights to the calm and careful consideration of the nation.

To guard well what has already been secured, to work out faithfully and wisely what is now in hand, and to consider the questions which are looming up to view but a little way before us, the Republican party is to-day what it was in the days of slavery, rebellion, and reconstruction. A national necessity. It appeals therefore, for support to the patriotic and liberty-loving; to the just and humane; to all who would dignify labor; to all who would educate, elevate, and lighten the burdens of the sons and daughters of toil. With its great record, the work still to be done, and under the great soldier whose historic renown, and whose successful administration for the last three years beget such popular confidence, the Republican party may confidently, in the language of the convention you represent, "start on a new march to victory."

Having accepted, thirty-six years ago, the distinguishing doctrines of the Republican party of to-day; having, during years of that period, for their advancement, subordinated all other issues, acting in and co-operating with political organizations with whose leading doctrines I sometimes had neither sympathy nor belief; having labored incessantly for many years to found and build up the Republican party, and having, during its existence, taken an humble part in its grand work. I gratefully accept the nomination thus tendered, and shall endeavor, if it shall be ratified by the people, faithfully to perform the duties it imposes. Respectfully yours,

HENRY WILSON.

REV. E. E. HOUSTON.—The decision of the committee acquitting Dr. Houston is now said to have been reached by a vote of three against two.

The New Force Bill.

The following is the full text of the New Federal Election law as passed by Congress yesterday:

That whenever in any County or Parish, in any Congressional District there shall be ten citizens there of good standing who prior to any registration of voters for an election for Representatives in Congress or prior to any election at which a representative in Congress is to be voted for shall make known in writing to the Judge of the Circuit Court of the U. S. for the District wherein such county or Parish is situated their desire to have said registration or election both guarded and scrutinized, it shall be the duty of the said Judge of the Circuit Court within not less than ten days prior to said registration, or election, as the case may be to open the said Court at the most convenient point in said District, and the said Court, when so opened by said Judge shall proceed to appoint and commission from day to day, and from time to time and under the hand of the said Judge and under the seal of said Court for such election District or voting precinct in said congressional District as shall in the manner herein presented have been applied for and to revoke, change or renew said appointment from time to time, two citizens residents of said election District or voting precinct in said County or Parish who shall be of different political parties and able to read and write the English language and who shall be known and designated as Supervisors of elections, and the said Court, when opened by the said Judge as required herein, shall therefrom and thereafter, and up to and including the day following the day of the election, be always open for the transaction of business under this act, and the powers and jurisdiction hereby granted and conferred shall be exercised as well in vacation as in Term time, and a Judge sitting at Chambers shall have the same power and jurisdiction, including the power of keeping order, and of punishing any contempt of his authority, as when sitting in the Court, and no person shall be appointed under this act as Supervisors of election who is not at the time of his appointment a qualified voter of the county, parish, election district, or voting precinct for which he is appointed and no person shall be appointed a Deputy Marshal who is not a qualified voter at the time of his appointment in the county, parish, district, or precinct in which his duties are to be performed, and section thirteen of the act of which this is an amendment shall be construed to authorize and require the Circuit Courts of the United States under the section mentioned to name and appoint as soon as may be after the passage of the act the Commissioner provided for in said section, in all cases in which such appointments have not already been made in conformity therewith, and the third section of the act to which this is an amendment shall be taken and construed to authorize each of the judges of the District Courts within his Circuit to discharge the duties arising under this act, as the act to which this is an amendment and the words "any person" in section 4 of the act of May 31st, 1870 shall be held to include any officer or other person having powers or duties of an official character under this act or the act to which this is an amendment. Provided further that the supervisors herein provided for shall have no power to make arrests, but are authorized to be in the immediate presence of the officers holding the election, and they are hereby authorized to witness all the returns thereof as provided in the act to which this is an amendment and so much of said sum herein appropriated as may be necessary for said supplemental and amendatory provisions is hereby appropriated from, and after the passage of this act.

GREELEY, ORIGINAL ABOLITIONIST, TO FORNEY, EX DEMOCRAT.—The *Press* (Philadelphia) well says:

"The stern purpose of the patriotism of the country must not be relaxed until life and liberty are secure in every township of the South—until every acre of its rich soil shall bloom with the prosperity of free labor."

Good! capital! excellent! But, neighbor, suppose the villains who ruin the government of South Carolina (for instance) in the abused and disgraced name of Republicanism, persist in stealing more every year than the surplus product of this "free labor," so as to sink the people deeper into debt in spite of their best exertions, what do you propose to do about it?—*N. Y. Tribune.*

We notice that some of our contemporaries are finding fault with Hon. Henry Wilson because, they say, his original name was Jeremiah Colbath, and he had it changed by act of the Legislature to its present appellation. Very well, why shouldn't he? Jeremiah Colbath isn't a handsome name and Henry Wilson is. But if he hated the name of Colbath in his youth, how will he feel about the cold bath he will receive when he is immersed in the icy waters of Salt River in November? Poor Wilson!

The Philadelphia *Press* of Friday shows how the "newspaper syndicate" defeated Mr. Colfax. It says Mr Colfax snubbed the newspaper men who had done so much from 1863 to 1864 to help him, that they entered upon this warfare to defeat him, if possible, and that they are entirely satisfied with the result.

TENNIE GETS A COMMAND AT LAST.—Tennie C. Claflin having failed to secure the election to the colonelcy of Fisk's regiment, the Ninth New York, has been chosen to command the Veteran Guards, a colored organization, and has accepted. This command has been in existence two years, and numbers about one hundred and fifty members. Colonel Claflin will formally assume command on Wednesday next.

The Philadelphia Platform is gushingly enthusiastic over the success of the present Administration in both foreign and financial matters. Now the News comes from Washington that Secretary Boutwell has decided, in view of our complications with England and Spain, that it will be impossible, at present, to negotiate any loans with European capitalists. This is a striking proof of how marvellously successful the present Administration has been in both its foreign and financial policy.

☞ Considering the extravagant self-laudation of the Radicals in their Philadelphia platform, it would seem as if they might have condensed the whole into one sentence—"In the beginning the Republican Party created the heaven and the earth."

Governor Warmouth, of Louisiana, has declined the nomination for Governor tendered him by the Baton Rouge (Pinch beck) Convention. He refuses to make peace with Mr. Casey's brother-in-law, and will support the Cincinnati ticket.

Red Cloud, Red Dog, and their associated assassins are delivering set speeches to the people of Philadelphia. Marked as has been the effect of these orations upon the people of the Keystone State, these untutored orators have been more startlingly successful on the frontier of Minnesota, where, in their most impassioned moments, they have succeeded in raising the hair of their auditors.

Colonel John Martin, of the Paducah *Kentuckian*, Speaker of the Tennessee Legislature in 1861, announces himself for Congress, and thus epitomizes his convictions:

First—I do not believe, much as I desire it, that the Democratic party can elect a straight Democratic ticket; and I think it would be worse than madness—it would be a crime—to make nominations at Baltimore. Second—I conscientiously believe that the perpetuation of Republican liberty on this continent depends on the defeat of General Grant in November next. Third—I can see no way to defeat Grant except to vote for Horace Greeley.

SUICIDE.—Miss Emily Edwards, daughter of Jesse Edwards, living about three miles up the river on the east side drowned herself in the river near her parents residence on the morning of the 6th inst. Miss Edwards has been suffering from disease for some time, which impaired her mind and in a state of aberation she sought a "watery grave" as she had previously expressed a desire to do. We express condolence with the bereaved family in their sad affliction.

Gadsden Times.

A Much-Married Woman.

From the Milwaukee News.

A lady of this city has recently experienced the "Death do us part" with her seventh husband, and she is now a fresh and charming widow of 34. She was first married in 1855, at the age of 17 and her husband died two years afterward. She married her second in 1859, who lived but six months after the marriage. She married again in 1861, and her husband enlisted and was killed in an action in Virginia. During the war she married twice, and both of these husbands were killed. In 1866 she married again, and the husband died in 1867. In 1870 she was again in the oft-trodden pathway to the alter, and about two months ago she returned from the well-tracked pathway to her husband's tomb. Her experience of mankind ought to be valuable.

The trains now run regularly on the A. & C. Railroad, leaving Birmingham for Chattanooga every morning and evening, and arriving from Meridian at 6¼ o'clock P. M., and leaving for there at 3½ o'clock A. M. daily.

Elyton Independent.

Lindsay, the "Egyptian Corn Swindler."

ABINGDON, Va., June 6, 1872.

The second trial of F. E. G. Lindsay, for robbing the mails, while postmaster at a small town in Southwestern Virginia, was concluded here to-day before Judge Reves, of the United States District Court. Lindsay is known over the whole county as the "Egyptian corn" man, having realized an immense sum of money from the sale of Western corn, which he advertised as Egyptian corn, shortly after the war. He was appointed Postmaster in 1869, and during that year he robbed the mails of large amounts, until finally entrapped by a decoy letter mailed by Special Agent Frey, of the P. O. Department. He was first tried by Judge Underwood, who subsequently granted him a new trial, which resulted in his conviction to-day. Sentence has not yet been pronounced, but there is no doubt that Lindsay will be sent to the Albany Penitentiary for a number of years.

The Alabama and Chattanooga Railroad.

It is with unfeigned satisfaction that we are able to announce to the people of Alabama, that Governor Lindsay has arranged the purchase money for the valuable property recently purchased by him for the State at bankrupt sale, that the sale has been confirmed by the bankrupt court, and that Alabama now possesses the undivided and indisputable title to this important railroad. We further hope in a short time to be able to announce its sale by the State to a perfectly solvent and competent party, and the security of the State from all future embarrassment in connection with it.

Montgomery Advertiser.

SHERIFF'S SALES—IMPORTANT DECISION.—His Honor, Judge Davis, delivered a very important opinion at Franklin court last week—important to sheriff's and publishers. He decided in substance, that, when not otherwise stipulated in the contract with the printer, the sheriffs are personally bound for all advertising fees, no matter what plea of homestead exemption, bankruptcy, insolvency, etc., may be exposed—that he takes the office with the knowledge of the fact the law holds him responsible for these fees, and he cannot afterwards avoid the responsibilities.

Athens Watchman.

DIVORCE OF MILBURN, THE BLIND PREACHER.—At Jacksonville, Illinois, on Saturday last, the Rev. Wm. H. Milburn obtained a decree of divorce from his wife, from whom he had been separated for several years. The ground upon which he obtained a divorce was desertion. Mrs. Milburn was formerly a beautiful belle of Baltimore, Maryland, and was united to the "Blind Preacher," while he was chaplain to Congress.

JACKSONVILLE REPUBLICAN

JACKSONVILLE, ALABAMA.

SATURDAY, JUNE 22d 1872.

☞The friends of Hon: Thos. A. Walker, announce his name as a candidate for the Senate from the counties of Cherokee and Calhoun; subject to the action of a nominating convention, should one be held.

We are authorized to announce
H. L. STEVENSON,
as a candidate for the office of County Solicitor for Calhoun County. Election first Tuesday after the first Monday in November.

The editor has been absent the entire week at Montgomery attending the State Convention. Any deficiencies of the present number of the REPUBLICAN is attributable to this fact.

A marked copy of the Cherokee *Advertiser* has come to hand containing a communication signed "A Young Man," in reply to an editorial in the *Republican* of June 1st entitled "Amnesty." The editor is absent, for the week, but the paper has been pigeon-holed for his inspection when he returns. He will doubtless have *his* "say" after he has read it.

Hon. John Foster who has been absent at the Virginia Alum Springs, seeking relief from a temporary affection of the throat which had troubled him for some weeks before his departure, writes to a friend here that the water has almost affected a cure, and that he will be back home in a short time sound and well. This is indeed gratifying. We shall now hear his voice raised in defence of right principle, in the coming exciting Presidential Canvass, and have his powerful aid in the conduct of our State Campaign. It would have been indeed unfortunate if relief had not come in time to have allowed of his participation in both.

We call attention to the advertisement of S. B. Kirby to be found in another column. Mr. Kirby is Agent for the Improved Wheeler and Wilson Sewing Machine, and he offers the most liberal terms ever before offered. We are fully satisfied that he has the *best* Machine now made, for durability, simplicity and lightness of draft. We would say to *all* that now is the time to get your Sewing machines. Call on him.

The Eufaula *Times* says that R. G. Young, Ringold Young and J. D. Young of Tallapoosa county, recently tried in Busteed's Court at Montgomery, as Ku-Klux and sentenced to the Albany Penitentiary for 10 years and fined five thousand dollars each, are sons of the veritable Byrd Young, the original Simon Suggs.

Wonderful Offer-Strange but True

We must confess to a surprise at receiving from Pittsburgh, Pa, a number of a beautiful, 16-page, *illustrated* paper—the *only* illustrated paper of any size and pretensions outside of New York. *But this is not all.* It sends *free* and *postage-paid*, to *every new, yearly* subscriber at only $1,50, either *two* large and valuable 24x30 inch engravings, or, if preferred, a fruitful chromo *in the sheet*, (when sized, varnished, and "mounted" ready for framing, 25 cents extra) and a 24x30 engraving, of different subjects, for *every* yearly subscription *additional* to one's own, or a $10.00 Beckwith Sewing Machine —expressage paid by club-getter—for every club of 20 *new* subscribers sent with $30. Or, this *universally* popular Monthly for the *homes of the people*, sent on *trial*, from June to January, (7 months) with a beautiful 24x30 engraving, *free and postage-paid*, for only *one dollar*.

Now any reader can see, by application at our office, that this Monthly is no mean, or shabby humbug, but a *pure*, bright attractive and beautiful 16-page *home* paper, elegantly printed, and of about same size, and appearance as *Every Saturday* and *Harper's Weekly*. It is now entering its *second year* and is filled with a variety of choice original and selected reading matter, with a Household and Children's department *fully* worth the price of the paper. Permanent, and steady going canvassers are *everywhere* wanted for it, on *big commission*. The tools are put in their hands, and a liberal price paid for using them. For agents circular and "outfit" address PEOPLE'S MONTHLY, Pittsburgh, Pa. Any *live* agent, who closely follows instructions, *must* clear from $5 to $10 per day. Send on your subscriptions *at once*, or keep this for reference.

JUNE 18, 1872.

We very respectfully inform our customers and friends that we are still holding forth at our former stand, "Forney's Corner." Trade being dull we must have something to do. We will make liberal advances on wheat (to responsible parties) to be delivered, and will pay the highest market price at the time of delivery.

We further inform those who wish to build or make repairs that we are prepared to furnish any kind of timber on short notice. Our goods are still going cheap for cash. Call and see us.

Yours Truly,
DRAPER & JOHNSON.

Ladies it only requires 17½ cents per day to buy an Improved Wheeler & Wilson Sewing Machine and you have 19 months to pay for it. Get one. Now is the time.
S. B. KIRBY, No 7 Office Row.

Mr. Als Clark has sent to our office, a cotton bloom gathered on on the 17th inst. This is the first one we have seen this season.

Mrs. I. Seymour laid on our table this week a large white beat, that was amply sufficient for one meal at a table of twelve persons; also, a cabbage weighing three pounds. Mrs. S. is renowned for her fine gardens and excellent early vegetables.

PIC NIC.—On Thursday the 4th of July, there will be a Pic-nic at Geo. White's on the mountain Everybody is invited to attend. He will have refreshments of every discription on the grounds. He has erected a dancing hall for the accommodation of all lovers of this healthful and delightful recreation. The Minnehaha Cornet Band will be in attendance. This is an opportunity for fun and pleasure rarely presented, and we would advise every one to go.

Everybody ought to have one of the Improved Wheeler & Wilson Sewing machines. Call on S. B. KIRBY, No 7 Office Row.

Mr. J. L. Matison killed a bird some weeks ago that he wishes to know the name of. Will some naturalist give him the desired information through the REPUBLICAN? Here is a discription of the bird as he gave it to us: 2 feet 9 inches high; 3 feet across the wings; head black with top-knot composed of three perfectly white feathers about 3 inches long; neck and breast white; black spot about 6 inches in diameter on the back; wings, light dove color; eyes red, and almost as large as a man's; bill straight about four inches long, al out as wide as a man's finger, inclined to be round and tapering to a point; legs yellow and feet something like a crow's—not webbed.

A match game of base ball will be played here to-day between the Independent Club of Rome and the Merry Nine of this place.

We gather the following from the Gadsden *Times* of the 20th inst,

Mr. Hart's body was found last Sunday night near Gilbert's ferry, about ten miles below Gadsden.

Col. W. B. Martin who received severe injuries from falling down the stair steps of the court house, is thought by the physician who attends on him to be out of all danger.

Mr. Shook's store was on fire on last Saturday night, 15th inst. It was supposed to be the work of an incendiary.

Capt. I. P. Morgan's mill, situated about three miles from town on the east side of the river, was burned on the night of the 15th inst. The fire is supposed to have originated from accident or carelessness. Loss about $3,000. No insurance.

Democratic State Convention.

At the hour of 12 M. the Convention was call to order by Hon. thomas J. Judge, Chairman of the State Executive Committee, upon whose motion Hon. M. J. Bulger of Tallapoosa county, was selected to act as temporary chairman.

Col. Bulger on taking the chair thanked the Executive Committee and the Convention for the honor of temporarily presiding over its deliberations. He paid a warm tribute to the honor and manhood of the people of Alabama—to their law-abiding and Constitution-loving principles, and appeald in a glowing and fervid manner to all present to enter the ensuing campaign inspired by a united determination to win a glorious victory.

On motion of Col. Wm Garrett, of Coosa, Messrs: Micah Taul, Ellis Phelan, Turner Clanton and J. H. Francis were requested to act as Temporary Secretaries.

Col. Judge laid before the Convention a resolution from the Board of Trade, of Montgomery, extending to the delegates the courtesies of their rooms and invitation to visit at all hours. The invitation was accepted.

Owing to the immense number in the Hall and the trouble of getting Committees together, on motion of Gen. Lawler, of Talledaga, Hon. R. W. Walker, of Madison, was elected permanent President by acclamation.

Mr. Walker was escorted to the Chair and delivered an able and impressive speech, which was listened to with marked attention, and frequently applauded.

The following were elected Secretaties: M. Taul, E. Phelan, J. M. Macon, F. S. Ferguson J. H, Francis and T. Clanton.

Mr. McCaa offered a resolution for appointment of committee to fix ratio of representation and adopt rules for the Convention. The Chair appointed the following Committee: T. N. Fowler of Mobile, C. L. Scott of Wilcox, I. A. Wilson of Bullock, J. M. Carmichael of Dale, R. F. Ligon of Macon, M. H. Cruikshank of Talladega, J. H. Caldwell of Calhoun, S. D. Cabaniss of Madison, M. L. Stansel, of Pickens, Eugene McCaa of Marengo, and J. Phelan of Limestone, G. T. Deason of Jefferson.

Mr. Lyon of Marengo, moved appointment of Committee on Resolutions, was carried with proviso that all resolutions be refered to that Committee without debate. The Chair appointed as follows, E. W. Pettus, J. W. Portis, T. H. Watts, J. F. Clements, W. H. Barnes, L. W. Lawler, W. H. Forney, P. M. Dox, F. S. Lyon, W. B. Modawell, F. W. Sykes and J. D. Rather.

Hon. T. J. Judge, Chairman of the State Executive Committee with a few eloqtent prefatory remarks offered the following resolutions which were adopted by a rising vote.

It is proper that a tribute should be paid, to the memory of those who have rendered signal services to their country.

That Gen. James H. Clanton was eminently entitled to this distiction, is universally conceded. From his youth up to the moment of his death, he responded with alacrity, to every appeal, which was made by the country upon her citizens. As a soldier, he was as brave as the bravest—but there were thousands like him. It is not then to him, as a soldier, we offer this tribute. When war ceased to exist, when the cause, which he loved so well was lost, when this whole people were clothed in the drapery of mourning, when the fair promises of victors were transformed to the bloody decrees of tyrants. when the very hearts of our people were almost ground to dust by the iron heel of despotism; and when even hope itself had almost gone; it was then that the voice of Gen. Clanton, was heard calling upon the people, to arouse from their lethargy; to shake off the dew drops, that glittered on their garments,—and to make one bold determined effort, to rescue the State from the vandals, who had taken possession of it.

Most nobly was that appeal responded to by the people. His spirit became the spirit of the people—and the redemption of the State from the hords of ruthless invaders—was the result of the conflict which he inaugurated. This is the monument which he has erected to his own memory, and upon it should a grateful people heap their garlands.

Be it therefore Resolved, That we, the people of Alabama, whom, living, he loved so well and served so faithfuly, look back with gratitude and pride upon the brilliant career of our late fellow-citizen, James H. Clanton, in whose untimely death we mourn a tried and affectionate friend, while the State has lost a distinguished, talented and devoted son, and the whole country an upright man, a good citizen and an ardent patriot.

Resolved, That in all the acts of his life he exhibited the qualities which have ever secured the esteem and admiration of mankind—a heart pulsating to every generous prompting of duty and affection—a mind quick to conceive the noblest thoughts—a hand ready and able to execute the most daring purposes—a courage that never faltered—a devotion to duty that knew no considerations of self-unlimited generosity in thought and act, and a patriotism that grew with his years and ripened with his strength.

Resolved, That we cherish his memory as a sacred legacy and commend his example to the youth of our country.

Resolved, That the President of this convention be requested to transmit a copy of the foregoing preamble and resolutions to the widow of the deceased, and to convey to her the assurance of our sympathy and grief at her irreparable loss.

THOS. J. JUDGE,
Chairman Executive Committee.

The convention adjourned to 4 o'clock P. M.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

Convention met at 4 P. M.

Mr. Fowler, of Mobile, from the committee on ratio of votes made a report which was adopted. Also recommended that the rules governing the last House of Representatives govern this Convention, which was adopted.

The total number of votes the convention is allowed under the report is 423.

Mr. Lyon, from the committee on Resolutions reported as follows: The committee on resolutions to which was referred the resolution in opposition to a nomination for State officers at this session of the convention have considered the same and have directed me to report the following resolutions and ask their adoption.

Resolved, That the Convention will nominate candidates for State officers, and also two candidates for members of Congress for the State at large.

Resolved, That this Convention will not nominate candidates for electors for President and Vice-President.

Resolved, That the State Executive Committee, hereafter to be be appointed, shall have power to nominate candidates for electors whenever they may deem it expedient to do so, after the action of the Baltimore Convention is made known.

The ayes and nays by counties were called on the adoption of the above resolutions. On the first resolution the vote resulted as follows; yeas 289, nays 93.

The second and third resolutions were re-committed.

On motion, the convention then proceeded to ballot for Governor.

Gen Pettus, of Dallas, nominated Col. Thos. H. Herndon, of Mobile.

Ex-Gov. Watts of Montgomery, nominated Hon. C. C. Langdon, of Mobile.

Hon. J. T. Heflin, of Talladega, nominated Hon. Thos. A. Walker, of Calhoun.

Gen. Alpheus Baker, of Barbour county, nominated Hon. W. C. Oates, of Henry.

Hon. W. H. Barnes, of Lee, nominated Hon. R. F. Ligon, of Macon.

The first ballot resulted as follows:

For Herndon	135½
For Oates	73½
For Langdon	71½
For Ligon	58½
For Walker	61½

The Convention then adjourned until 8 o'clock Thursday morning.

SECOND DAY'S PROCEEDINGS.

THURSDAY, June 20.

Convention met at 8 o'clock.

Several resolutions were offered and referred to Committee on Resolutions.

An invitation from the Committee of Arrangements at Birmingham was read inviting the Convention to visit that city on Friday the 21 inst.

The invitation was accepted and a vote of thanks returned to the city authorities of Birmingham.

(The two-thirds rule was adopted by the convention on the first day of its session.)

The convention then took a ballot for Governor as follows:

Herndon	156½
Langdon	52½
Ligon	63½
Oates	64
Walker	61½

There being no nomination the Convention took another ballot with the following result:

Herndon	180½
Langdon	33½
Ligon	58½
Oates	78
Walker	47½

There being no nomination the Convention took another ballot.

Col Scott, of Wilcox, withdrew the name of C. C. Langdon.

The ballot resulted:

Herndon	323
Oates	84
Ligon	49
Walker	41

No nomination.

Col. N. S. Graham, of Macon, withdrew the name of Robt F. Ligon.

Judge Heflin, of Talladega, withdrew the name of Thomas A. Walker.

The convention then took another ballot.

Herndon	283
Oates	114

Col. Herndon having received the requisite number, a two-thirds vote, he was declared the nominee of the convention.

Gen. Baker, in a few eloquent remarks, as the friend of Col. Oates, pledged the nominee the friendship and support of Col. Oates and all his friends, and moved that the nomination of Col. Herndon be made unanimous, which was done with rousing cheers.

In response to loud and long continued calls, Col. Herndon took the stand, accepted the nomination, and pledged his earnest efforts to achieve a glorious victory for the Democratic party in the November election.

Loud and long repeated calls were made for Col. Oates. He ascended the stand—paid a high tribute to the worth and ability and patriotism of Col. Herndon and pledged his earnest and warmest support.

Col. Langdon was vociferously called for, and in response made a magnificent speech, which received round after round of applause.

Judge Walker was called for, but not being in the Convention. Mr. Caldwell, of Calhoun, said that while Judge Walker might, like Israel, have retired to his tent, it was only to whet his blade, with which to make a more determined fight from now until November.

Mr. Ligon was enthusiastically called for. He appeared upon the stand, thanked the Convention for having selected the right man for the right place, and pledged a glorious majority for Thos. H. Herndon from East Alabama.

LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR.

The President announced that the next thing in order was the nomination of a candidate for Lieutenant Governor.

Gen'l Lawler placed in nomination the name of Lieut. Gov. Moren. The nomination was ratified by acclamation and with great and long continued applause.

Being called for Lieut. Gov. Moren appeared upon the stand and was greeted with a most enthusiastic reception.

He accepted the nomination in a few graceful and well-timed remarks and pledged his earnest endeavors, in the future as in the past, to achieve a victory for the Democratic and Conservative people of Alabama.

SECRETARY OF STATE.

The President announced that the nomination of a candidate for Secretary of State was the next thing in order.

Ex-Gov. Watts placed in nomination the name of Hon. J. J. Parker for re-election.

Gen'l Clayton in seconding the nomination moved that Mr. Parker be renominated by acclamation which was carried and Mr. Parker was declared the nominee of the convention.

Mr Parker in response to the enthusiastic calls of the convention accepted the nomination and pledged his best efforts to protect the honor and rights of the State in the future as in the past.

ATTORNEY GENERAL.

The next business was the nomination of a candidate for Attorney General.

Col. E. S. Shorter placed in nomination the name of J. W. A. Sanford for re-election.

Col. B. M. Woolsey nominated Col. *M.* L. Woods, of *Montgomery*.

The ballot stood—

For Sanford	305.
For Woods	87.

Col Sanford having received the requisite majority of two-thirds was declared the nominee for Attorney-General.

Col. B. *M.* Woolsey in behalf of Col. Woods stated that he heartily acquised in the nomination of Col. Sanford and moved that it be made unanimous, which was carried.

Col. Sanford was heartily and enthusiastically called for—thanked the Convention for again honoring him with a nomination for position which he had filled for the past eighteen months—accepted the nomination and pledged his earnest efforts to do everything required of a true son of Alabama in the ensuing campaign.

FOR STATE AUDITOR.

The next business announced was the nomination of a candidate for Auditor.

Mr. Lyon placed in nomination the name of James A. Young, of Marengo.

Maj. Modawell warmly seconded the nomination.

Col. Judge nominated T. J. Burnett.

Col. Herbert, of Butler, earnestly and eloquently seconded the nomination.

Mr. Ferguson, of Montgomery, nominated W. V. Chardavoyne.

Col. M. J. Bulger, of Tallapoosa, nominated M. A. Chisholm.

Judge Heflin nominated Jefferson Faulkner.

The result of the ballot was as follows:

Burnett	143.
Chardavoyne	107.
Young	84.
Faulknor	21.
Chisholm	21.

Chisholm withdrawn.

There being no choice the Convention proceeded to the second ballot which was as follows:

Burnett	162.
Chardavoyne	133.
Young	75.
Faulkner	25.

The names of Messrs. Young, Faulkner and Chisholm were withdrawn.

The third ballot resulted:

Burnett	215.
Chardavoyne	183.

Necessary for a choice 265 and there being no nomination the Convention proceeded to take another ballot.

There being no nomination the Convention took another ballot.

For Burnett	226.
For Chardavoyne	171.

No nomination, neither candidates having a two- thirds vote.

A motion was made to adjourn until 4 o'clock, and carried.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

The Convention proceeded to ballot for Auditor. The roll of counties were called, but before the vote was announced changes commenced from Mr. Burnett to Mr. Chardavoyne and it being evident that the choice of the Convention was Maj. Burnett, of Butler, Mr. Sykes, of Lawrence, moved that Maj. Burnett be declared the unanimous nominee of the Convention. This was done in the midst of the greatest enthusiasm.

Maj. Burnett being called for ascended the stand and in well timed language and appropriate manner accepted the nomination and pledged his earnest efforts to aid in securing the election of the State and National tickets.

TREASURER.

The next nomination was for Treasurer.

Hon. John Cochran placed in nomination the name of Hon. Jas. F. Grant, of Calhoun, and moved that his nomination be made unanimous, which was done with hearty good will.

Mr. Grant was called to the stand and in a few remarks that pleased the entire Convention accepted the nomination.

SUPERINTENDENT OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION.

On motion of Mr. Robinson, of Russell, Col. Joseph Hodgson was renominated by acclamation.

Col. Hodgson was loudly called for and in an eloquent address accepted the nomination.

Mr. Lyon from the Committee on Resolutions made the following report:

Resolved, That inasmuch as the National Democratic Convention has been called to meet at Baltimore, and as it is desirable that the Democracy of Alabama shall be represented in said Convention. We do hereby authorize and appoint two delegates, and two alternates from each Congressional District, and eight delegates from the State at large. The delegates and Alternates from the Congressional districts to be selected by the representatives to this Convention from the respective Congressional districts, and the delegetes from the State at Large to be selected by a Committee of two from each Congressional District to be appointed by the President of this Convention.

INDUSTRIAL RESOURCES.

The Convention then proceeded to nominate a candidate for Commissioner of Industrial Resources.

Mr. Lyon nominated ex Gov. A. B. Moore of Perry.

Mr. Ferguson nominated J. L. Tait for re-election.

Gov. Watts paid a high and glowing tribute to Gov. Moore, after which Mr. Ferguson withdrew the name of Mr Tait.

Hon F. W. Sykes placed in nomination the name of E. F. Comegys of Lawrence county.

Mr. Phelan of Lawrence, warmly urged the claims of *Mr.* Comegys.

The name of Gov *Moore* was withdrawn by Gov Watts, and *Mr.* Comegys was elected by acclamation. *Mr.* Comegys being loudly called, briefly responded, accepting the nomination.

CONGRESSMAN AT LARGE.

The President stated that the next business in order was the nomination of candidates for the State at Large; the State being entitled to two. It was decided that the Convention ballot for two at a time.

Col. S. W. Harris, of Chambers, nominated Hon. E. G. Richards of Chambers.

Col. Geo. P. Harrison, of Lee, seconded and endorsed the name of Judge Richards.

Ex-Gov. Watts nominated Col. J. J. Jolly.

Gen'l Pettus seconded the nomination.

Hon. J. H. Leath, of Cherokee, placed in nomination the name of Hon. J. B. McClellan, of Limestone.

Hon. Wm. Garrett, of Coosa, nominated Col. M. J. Bulger, of Tallapoosa.

Maj. A. Proskauer, of Mobile, placed in nomination the name of Robert Tyler, of Montgomery.

Col. M. D. Graham, of Montgomery, seconed the nomination of Col. Tyler.

Capt. A. L. O'Brion also asked that the Convention nominate Col. Tyler.

Hon. N. L. Whitfield nominated the Hon. Jos. W. Taylor, of Tuscaloosa.

Hon. C. L. Scott, of Wilcox, nominated Hon. W. B. H. Howard, of Wilcox.

Hon. J. H. Caldwell, of Calhoun, nominated Hon. Taul Bradford of Talladega.

Hon R W Walker, of Madison, nominated Gen Alpheau Baker, of Barbour.

Hon Henry C Jones, of Lauderdale nominated Hon R O Pickett, of Lauderdale.

Hon. W B Wood, and S D Cabaniss seconed the nomination of Judge Pickett.

Before balloting the Chair announced the following as Committee to select delegates for the State at Large to Baltimore.

N H R Dawson, H T Toulmin, H D Clayton, J J Jolly, Bolling Hall, G S Walden, A A Coleman, J Moore, J Crook, W M Lowe, W B Wood, John Phelan.

FIRST BALLOT. FOR CONGRESSMEN AT LARGE.

Richards	60½
Jolly	126½
McClellan	40 1-2
Bulger	47½
Tyler	118½
Taylor	42½
Howard	64 17-36
Bradford	100 2-9
Baker	168 7-12
Pickett	81 17-18

Mr. Sanford of Lee, withdrew the name of E G Richards.

Mr. Davis of Limestone, withdrew the name of *Mr* McClellan.

SECOND BALLOT.

Jolly	158
Bulger	41
Tyler	132
Taylor	32
Howard	53
Bradford	129
Baker	143
Pickett	114

Mr. Howard withdrew his own name from nomination, and *Mr.* Whitfield withdrew *Mr.* Taylor.

A motion to adjourn until to-morrow morning at 8 o'clock was made and carried.

THE GALLOWS IN TEXAS.

Hanging of the Notorious Steph Ballew—He Murders a Brother, Marries a Sister, and is Afterwards Tried, Convicted and Twice Hung

McKINNEY, Texas, June 1, 1872.

This section of Texas has looked upon many heart-rending spectacles, but the double hanging of the notorious and hardened villain, Steph. Ballew, on the 24th ult., far outstripped anything ever beheld, even by the rough and weather-worn frontiersmen that had assembled from miles around to witness it. The day was a beautiful one, and long before sunrise the curious backwoodsmen were upon the grounds discussing the coming events. The citizens of McKinney, also, seemed interested, and by 12 o'clock fully four thousand people had assembled upon the commons, directly south of the town, in the centre of which had been erected the gallows. About half past 1 o'clock

THE PRISONER

was led from the County Jail and placed in a wagon with the Sheriff and his posse, to be conveyed thence to the place of execution. He was neatly attired in a plain suit of black, and as the wagon drove up through the crowd to the gallows not an eye of the many thousands that were fixed upon him lent one pitying glance to Steph. Ballew, the murderer of Jimmy Golden. The prisoner was taken from the wagon by Sheriff Bush and led up to the gallows. His face wore a sullen and cold-blooded look, and as he sat there calmly smoking a cigar while the officiating clergy were performing service a thrill of horror crept over the multitude as they witnessed such unequalled coolness and dogged indifference.

After a few short prayers, of which the prisoner took no notice, the Sheriff advanced and announced that the prisoner had

NOTHING TO SAY,

he having positively declined to utter a single word. Ballew was then informed that the time had come when the penalty of the law had to be carried out, when he got down from the railing upon which he had been perched, advanced towards the Sheriff with a sneer, and, with such devil-may-care indifference as has never before been read of in the annals of crime, he lowered his head in order to allow the Sheriff to properly adjust the rope. After the black cap had been drawn over his head and all necessary arrangements having been made, the Sheriff knocked the prop from under the trap, and the heartless scoundrel, Steph. Ballew, was swinging in mid-air, paying the penalty for the cold-blooded murder of James P. Golden. The fall

FAILED TO BREAK HIS NECK,

and it was discovered by the convulsive struggles of the dare-devil that something was wrong. After swinging for fifteen minutes, during which time the prisoner made desperate efforts to free himself, it was ascertained that the noose fit so loosely as to admit air into his lungs. Then came a trying time for the Sheriff and his posse. The assembled crowd were unanimously in favor of

A SECOND HANGING,

and were not slow in publicly demanding it. The voices of the cattle drovers and backwoodsmen could be heard above the noise and confusion, shouting "Give the villain another dose!" "Shoot him!" "Cut his throat!" and numerous other ejaculations of similar tenor. Women fainted and a scene of

THE WILDEST CONFUSION

ensued. Sheriff Bush regained the platform, and by a determined effort of his assistants the half hung man was raised, the noose tightened, and amid the shouts of the more hardened attendants Ballew was swung to the winds the second time and in thirty minutes he was

SUCCESSFULLY HUNG

and pronounced dead by the physicians.

The circumstances of

THE MURDER,

as elicited in the trial, are as follows:—On September 30, 1870, Ballew and his victim, James P. Golden, started to Texas from Quincy, Ill., on a trading expedition, Ballew having successfully played the confidence game on the Golden family, inducing the belief that he was a regular trader in Texas stock. By these representations he was enabled to buy farming stock from Golden's father on credit. Upon starting Ballew gave to the senior Golden a note for $1,500 which he promised to pay to young Golden when both arrived in Texas. The young man came overland, and, as is supposed, reached this place early in October. Then it was that Golden was murdered. Ballew induced his victim into a thicket, murdered him with an axe and buried him. Ballew was then in sole ownership of the property, which he afterwards sold, squandered the money, and, after wandering about the country, he again appeared at the home of the Goldens, in Illinois, expressing great surprise and astonishment at the absence of his companion, who, as he stated, had started on his return home several weeks before. Ballew told the murdered boy's father that he had given him large sums of money, among other amounts $1,500, to pay the note. After talking in this manner it was generally believed that the son had ran away. Shortly after this Ballew, clad in the apparel of his victim, sought the hand of Clara Golden, sister of the man he had murdered, and led her to the marriage altar. Conflicting stories brought about suspicion, shrewd detectives were put upon the search, one development followed another, and it soon was proved that Ballew was indeed a murderer of the deepest dye. He paid the penalty of his crime yesterday, and no tear was shed as the body was buried in the woods, two miles below town.

How is This for Pedigree?

A very searching investigation was carried on a few years ago, in the north of England, by two families who were hunting up their respective ancestry.

The strife was great between them; each one determined to look back into antiquity farther than the other.

One of the families, whose name was Spencer, employed an artist to paint a historic scene representing the building of the ark, and the loading up of the ship by Noah and his sons, with its multifarious cargo.

On the gang-plank leading to the deck of the ark two men were seen rolling up a huge dox, on one side of which was painted in large letters, "Relics, insignia and papers belonging to the Spencer family."

This was considered a *coup d'etat* hard to beat, but the other family, not to be outdone in the antediluvian pretensions of their name, prepared at great cost and research a record of their antiquity.

In describing the exploits of one of their ancestors at a very early day, who was represented as a man of great authority, this remarkable passage occurs: "*During this year Adam and Eve were driven out of Paradise!*"

A POINTED ANSWER.—The New York World having asked "what the Democratic party will gain besides a share of the Federal offices, by indorsing Mr. Greeley," the Galveston (Texas) *News* answers:

"If the editor will spend a month in the South, pay our taxes submit to the indignities which we endure, and be ruled over as we are by the dregs of the human race, he will probably be able to answer the question for himself. It is well for gentlemen in New York to poohpooh at the results of Greeley's election. The wealthy gourmand who dine on turtle and port every day may turn up his nose at plain victuals, but to the poor man, who often goes hungry, corned-beef and bread without butter, are very toothsome luxuries. So with us; the gain that we should make, would be wealth and happiness to us, however much they may despise it who have the full measure of their liberties. That which the rich man wastes would supply many poor families. The ever blessed writ of habeas corpus, the freedom from military surveillance the habit of voting once in a while, and similar privileges, would be very dear to us did we possess them."

The New York Herald on the Philadelphia Nomination.

It is clear as the noonday sun, from the harmony and overwhelmming enthusiasm of this Philadelphia Convention in support of Grant, that, with some scattering exceptions, he is backed by the rank and file of the republican party throughout the country, North, South, East and West. And yet, what with the temperance reformers and the labor reformers and the Cincinnati republican reformers, the democracy may astonish the world with the astounding results from their adoption of Greeley and Brown. Who can tell? That glorious old democratic hero, General Jackson, might, perhaps, have been defeated in 1832 with a coalition of the national republicans, the anti-Masons and the Southern nullifiers, and other outside odds and ends, upon a common Presidential ticket; but as they could not agree to join their forces they were divided and Old Hickory walked over the course. And so Van Buren was elected in '36, and Polk in '44, and Taylor in '48, and Buchanan in '56 from the divisions of the opposition elements. Nothing but an opposition coalition—democrats included—will suffice to make an impression against Grant and Wilson; and the only available basis for such a coalition now is the independent joint stock liberal ticket of Greely and Brown.

Crops are said to be fine in Greene county this season, and much advanced. The recent rains have given them a vigorous start, and they seem determined to keep it. The stands are also much improved.

NOTICE!!—NOTICE!!!—The 10th day of July is hereby appointed for correction of errors in the assessment of taxes due the Incorporation for the year A. D. 1872; and all parties interested can attend and have such corrections made as may be proper.
G. I. TURNLEY,
Intendent.
JOHN M. CALDWELL,
C. C. C.

It Leads to Happiness!

A BOON TO THE WHOLE RACE OF WOMEN!

DR. J. BRADFIELD'S

FEMALE REGULATOR!

It will bring on the Menses; all pain at the monthly "Period;" cure Rheumatism and Neuralgia of Back and Uterus; Leucorhœa or "Whites," and partial prolapsus Uteri; check excessive flow, and corect all irregularities peculiar to ladies.

It will remove all irritation of Kidneys & Bladder; relieve Costiveness; purify the Blood; give tone & strength to the whole system clear the skin imparting a rosy hue to the cheek, & cheerfulness to the mind.

It is as sure a cure in all the above diseases as Quinine is in Chills & Fever.

Ladies can cure themselves of all the above diseases without revealing their complaints to any person, which is always mortyfying to their pride and modesty.

It is reccommended by the best physicians and the clergy.

LAGRANGE, GA., March 23, 1870.
BRADFIELD & CO., Atlanta, Ga.—Dear Sirs: I take pleasure in stating that I have used for the last twenty years, the medicine you are now putting up, known as Dr. J. Bradfield's FEMALE REGULATOR, and consider it the best combination ever gotten together for the disease for which it is recommended. I have been familiar with the prescription both as a practitioner of medicine and in domestic practice, and can honestly say that I consider it a boon to suffering females, and can but hope that every lady in our whole land, who may be suffering in any way peculiar to their sex, may be able to precure a bottle, that their sufferings may not only be relieved, but that they may be restored to health and strength. With my kindest regards,
I am respectfully, W. B. FERRELL, M.D.

NEAR MARIETTA, GA., March 21, 1870.
MESSRS. WM. ROOT & SON.—Dear Sirs: Some months ago I bought a bottle of BRADFIELD'S FEMALE REGULATOR from you, and have used it in my family with the utmost satisfaction, and have recommended it to three other families, and they have found it just what ti is recommended. The females who have used your REGULATOR are in perfect health, and are able to attend to their household duties, and we cordially recommended it to the public.
Yours respectfully, Rev. H. B. JOHNSON

We could add a thousand other cirtificates; but we consider the above ample proof of its virtue. All we ask is a trial.

For full particulars, history of diseases, and certificates of its wonderful cures, the reader is referred to the wrapper round the bottle.
Manufactured & sold by
BRADFIELD & CO.,
Price $1.50. Atlanta, Ga.
Sold by all Druggists.

The State of Alabama, } Court of Pro-
Calhoun County. } bate for said County, June 17th 1872.

Notice is hereby given that Sarah B. Ingram as the Guardian of John B. Ingram, Richard W. Ingram, Avery B. Ingram and Sam'l P. Ingram, Minor children of R. A. Ingram dec'd, this day filed in said Court the amount and vouchers for an annual Settlement and the 15th day of July 1872, is set for making settlement.
A. WOODS,
June 22, 1872.—3t. Judge of Probate.

EVERYBODY SHOULD HAVE A PHOTOGRAPH OF THE MONUMENT TO THE CONFEDERATE DEAD OF CALHOUN COUNTY,

Soon to be Erected at this Place.

FOR SALE BY
E. GOODE,
POTOGRAPHIC ARTIST,
Jacksonville, Ala.
PRICE 25 CENTS EACH,

☞ *ONE-HALF OF THE ENTIRE PROCEEDS OF SALES GO TO THE MONUMENT.* ☜

LADIES LOOK HERE!

Don't you want a Sewing Machine? If so, you want the best! And that is the

Improved
WHEELER & WILSON

I am Agent for this county (Calhoun) and would be pleased to sell to any one in need of a machine. I deliver them at your houses and give you a long time to pay for them. It only requires 17½ cents per day, for 17 or 19 months, to pay for one. Price, $80 and $100, on a credit of 17 and 19 months, respectively, notes due 4, 8, 12 and 17 months, without interest, for the $80 machine, and 4, 8, 12 and 19 months, without interest, for the $100 machine.

The Machines will do any kind of work runs light, is durable and will last a life time. If you want a Machine write to me and I will bring it to your house and learn you how to operate it. By paying cash we allow 10 per cent. discount from the above prices. Address
S. B. KIRBY,
No. 7, Office Row,
Jacksonville, Ala.

Estate of Moses Latham, Deceased.

Court of Probate for Calhoun County, Alabama.

Special Term, June 11th, A. D. 1872.

Letters of Administration upon the estate of said decedent having been granted to the undersigned on the 11th day of June, 1872, by the Hon. A. Woods, judge of the probate court of said county, notice is hereby given that all persons having claims against said estate will be required to present the same within the time allowed by law or the same will be barred.
ELIZA J. LATHAM.
Administratrix of the estate of
Moses Latham, deceased.
june15'72—6t.

Estate of Nathan Boles, Deceased.

Court of Probate for Calhoun County, Alabama.

Regular Term, May 13th, 1872.

Letters testamentary under the last will and testament of said decedent having been granted to the undersigned on the 13th day of May, 1872, by the Hon. A. Woods, judge of the probate court of said county of Calhoun, notice is hereby given that all persons having claims against said estate will be required to present the same within the time allowed by law, or that the same will be barred.
ISSABELLA BOWLES and
ALBIN C. BUSH,
Executrix and executor of the estate of Nathan Bowles, deceased.
june15'72—6t.

Estate of Mary Young, Deceased.

Court of Probate for Calhoun County, Alabama.

Special Term, June 10th, A. D., 1872.

Letters of administration upon the estate of said decedent having been granted to the undersigned on the 10th day of June, 1872, by the Hon. A. Wooods, judge of the probate court of said estate, will be required to present the same within the time allowed by law, or that the same will be barred.
JAMES H. SAVAGE,
Adm'r of said estate.
june15'72—6t.

THE STATE OF ALABAMA,
COUNTY CALHOUN.

Probate Court, June the 6th 1872.

Caroline Norman, Dec'd Estate of

THIS day came John D. Holt, Executor of the last will of said deceased and filed his statement, accounts, vouchers and evidence for a final settlement of said Estate. It is ordered that the 1st day of July, 1872 be appointed a day on which to make such settlement, at which time all persons interested can appear and contest the said settlement, if they think proper.
A. WOODS,
Judge of Probate.

Sheriff's Sale.

To satisfy one *fifa* in my hands against A. J. McGuire, and in favor of Elliott Caldwell, Wm. H. Forney, Wm. B. Hubbard and E. L. Woodward, I will proceed to sell to the highest bidder for cash before the court house door in the town of Jacksonville on the first Monday in July next, all of A. J. McGuire's interest in the following discribed land, to-wit: East half of south-east fourth of section thirty-five, and the west half of south-west fourth of section thirty-six, township fourteen range eight.
C. P. REID,
Sheriff.
June 1st, 1872.—5t. $6.

MONEY MADE RAPIDLY with Stencil and Key Check Outfits. Catalogues, samples and full particulars FREE. S. M. SPENCER, Brattleboro, Vt.

FREE TO BOOK AGENTS. We will send a handsome Prospectus

Republican

ROSE & CO.
WHOLESALE
LIQUOR DEALERS,
SELMA——ALABAMA.

Dr. C. C. Porter,
DENTIST.
Office: East of Rowan's Store.

TWO nice rooms—one for operative and the other for Mechanical Dentistry, a fine Silk Plush and Spring bottom Operating chair. Just received a new supply of Dental instruments and materials.—Tooth powders, Mouth washes, Tooth soap, and indeed everything necessary to success. So come one, come all; I will do the very best for you I can, and for as little money as possible.
April 20th. 1872.—tf.

Alabama Press Convention.

This Convention met in the rooms of the Board of Trade, in the city of Montgomery, Tuesday, the 18th day of June, 1872:

On motion of R. H. Henly, of the Birmingham Sun, S. J. Saffold, of the Selma Daily Times, was called to the chair and J. M. Richards of the Opelika Locomotive was requested to act as Secretary.

Upon motion the representatives of the Alabama Press present, were requested to come forward and enroll their names. The following names were enrolled:

W. W. Screws, Montgomery Advertiser; R. A. Mosely, jr., Talladega News and Our Mountain Home; R. H. Henly, Birmingham Sun; Thomas D Osborne, semi-weekly Stevenson New Era; Eppes Tucker, Opelika Congregational Methodist; J. E. Roberts, Opelika Locomotive; E. C. Meredith, Evergreen Observer; R. A. Mosely, jr, Oxford Chronicle; J. R. Thames, Greenville South Alabamian; J. F. Grant, Jacksonville Republican; J. M. Macon, Eufaula Times; Sidney Herbert, Troy Messenger; W. J. Wood, Lauderdale Times; M. C. Burke, Demopolis Bigbee News; J. H. Francis, Montgomery Advance; L. W. Grant, Jacksonville Republican; Jos. Shackleford, Tuscumbia, North Alabamian and Ford, Tuscumbia, North Alabamian and Times; H. A. Hale, Birmingham Herald; W. Brewer, Hayneville Examiner; J. M. Whitehead, Greenville Indp't Thinker; J. M. Withers, Mobile Tribune; Robert McKee, Selma Argus; L. H. Mathews, Elyton, Jefferson Independent; J. B. Stanley, Greenville Advocate; P. D. Page, late of the Evergreen Observer; S. J. Saffold, Selma Times; T. J. Cox, Gadsden Times; R. McFarland; Florence Journal; J. M. Richard, Lafayette Reporter; D. C. White, Moulton Advertiser; and Courtland News.

On motion of P. D. Page, the chair appointed a committee to select permanent officers; for the convention, as follows: P. D. Page, R. H. Henly, M. C. Burke.

The committee recommended the following: For President, J. M. Withers, of the Mobile Tribune; 1st Vice-President, W. W. Screws, of the Montgomery Advertiser; 2nd Vice-President, Macon, of the Eufaula Daily Times; Recording Secretary, L. W. Grant, of the Jacksonville Republican; Corresponding Secretary, J. H. Francis, of the Montgomery Advance; Treasurer, J. F. Grant, Gen. Withers for reasons stated, which were deemed satisfactory by the convention, asked to be excused and S. J. Saffold of the Selma Daily Times was chosen to fill the vacancy.

5. Any editor and publisher of any daily or monthly regularly published in the State, and none other, may become a member of this Association, upon the recommendation of the Executive Committee, and on payment of the initiation fee of $2, and subscribing to this Constitution. Application for membership and payment of initiation fees, shall be made to the Secretary and Treasurer at least 30 days previous to the holding of each annual Convention.

6. Annual dues shall be paid on the first day of each annual Convention.

7. This Constitution may be amended by a vote of two-thirds of the members of the Association, upon one day's notice.

8. The annual meeting of the Association shall be held at such time and place as shall be determined by a majority of the members. Such other meetings may be held as the Association may determine.

9. The number of representatives to any Journal entitled to membership in the Association shall not be limited, provided each member received is actually connected with said Journal in the capacity of Editor or Publisher, and that the annual assessments are paid by each member.

10. One vote and no more shall be allowed.

BY-LAWS.

1. The ordinary rules that govern legislative bodies shall be observed in the meeting of this Association.

2. Whenever a division is called for the Secretary shall call the roll of Journals represented and the vote shall be given as the roll is called.

3. Any member of the Association who is unable to attend the annual meeting may appoint a proxy in writing, who, on payment of the annual assessment of the member he represents, shall receive a certificate from the Secretary, entitling him to all the rights and privileges of membership in the Association during the meeting for which he is appointed to act as proxy.

4. Ex-members of the press and members of the press in other States can be admitted as honorary members of this Association, but such honorary members will not be entitled to vote or speak on any question before said Association.

5. It shall be the duty of the Secretary to keep a roll of the members of the Association—together with the names of all persons hereafter admitted to membership, and the dates of their admission.

6. The Secretary shall call the roll at each meeting of Association during the Annual session, and each member shall answer to his name, or be represented by proxy.

7. At all meetings the Secretary shall read the journal of the last annual Convention.

8. The President shall call upon the Secretary for a report of all business transacted during interims since last annual meeting, and all business in course of consideration.

On motion, Messrs. Howard of the West Point News, Sanders of the Tenn. Press, Clark of the Georgia Press, Clements, Feagin and Hodgson late of the Alabama Press were invited to seats on the floor of the Convention.

Several resolutions relating to Advertising Agencies, uniformity of rates &c., were discussed and finally tabled.

The following resolutions were offered and adopted:

Mr. J. H. Francis moved that a committee of five be appointed to report business for the consideration of the convention; the motion prevailed and the following committee were appointed: J. H. Francis, W. W. Screws, J. M. Macon, Jos. Shackleford and W. Brewer. The committee returned and upon returning presented to the convention the constitution and by-laws, which were adopted.

For purposes of mutual benefit, through annual reunions, and social and business intercourse there to be had, we do hereby associate ourselves together and do adopt as follows:

SEC. 1. This association shall be known as the Editors and Publishers' Association of the State of Alabama.

2. Its officers shall consist of 1 President — 5 Vice-Presidents, a Recording Secretary, Corresponding Secretary and Treasurer, and an Executive Committee, who shall be elected by a majority of the members voting at each annual Convention, whose term of office shall begin at the adjournment thereof, and continue until the close of the Convention next ensuing, or until their successors shall be elected, and this election shall be the last business of each Convention.

3. It shall be the duty of the President to call the annual Convention, to preside thereat, and to arrange and direct the proceedings at the same time.

4. The Executive Committee shall consist of five members, and with the President and Secretary, shall constitute an Advisory Board with power to fill all official vacancies.

The following communication was read by the President of the Convention. The invitation was received and accepted:

OFFICE OF ELYTON LAND CO.,
BIRMINGHAM, ALA., June, 16, '72.

To the President and Members of the Press Association of Alabama:

I am authorized to invite you to accept the hospitalities of the city of Birmingham on Friday the 21st inst. There will be an excursion train on that day from Montgomery, Selma, Chattanooga and Meridian connecting with other trains from different points.

We will be pleased to have the pleasure of your company; and will endeavor to make your stay agreeable in the young and growing industrial city of the South.

Hoping that it may suit your convenience to participate with us in the festivities of the day, I am, very respectfully, your obedient servant,

J. R. POWELL

The following resolution was offered by Mr. Richards and adopted:

Resolved, That if at any time a contract between any publisher of this Association and any advertising agent, be violated by such advertising agent; upon complaint of the publisher with whom such contract has been made, he filing complaint containing the full statement of facts with the Executive Committee; such committee is authorized to investigate the matter and if such complaint should be found to be well founded said agent shall be exposed through every newspaper of the Association.

The following gentlemen compose the Executive Committee:

W. Brewer, Hayneville Examiner; R. J. A. Mosely, jr., Talladega News; J. H. Francis, Montgomery Advance; Joseph Shackelford, Tuscumbia Times.

R. H. Henley, Birmingham Sun, President and Secretary of the Association.

The following communication was received and disposed of in an appropriate manner, and thanks returned to Messrs. LeGrand & Co.,

To the Press Association of Alabama;

GENTLEMEN: Please accept the accompanying basket of wine with our compliments. We trust that your visit to Montgomery will be both pleasant and profitable.

Very respectfully yours,
LEGRAND & CO.

Mr. Mosely offered the following which was adopted:

Resolved, That the Secretary be instructed to have 200 copies of the Constitution, By-Laws and proceedings of this Association printed, and that the contract be given to whatever office will do it cheapest and best.

The following was adopted:

Resolved, That the newspapers of this Association charge advertising rates henceforth for communications suggesting or recommending candidates for office, and obituaries, exceeding 5 lines in length.

Resolved, That the Corresponding Secretary be requested to send a copy of the Constitution and By-Laws and Proceedings of this Association to all the Press Associations in the Southern States, as also to each newspaper in this State.

Be it further Resolved, That the Corresponding Secretary solicit publishers and editors within the State not members of this Association to become so at once. Adopted.

Resolved, That we mutually aid and assist each other in business, and lose no opportunity to throw business to any member of this Association when in our power to do so. Adopted.

Resolved, That the thanks of this Convention be tendered to the President for the able and efficient manner in which he has discharged his arduous duties. Adopted.

The following was announced as the Executive Committee under a resolution heretofore adopted.

W. Brewer, Hayneville Examiner; R. A. Mosely, jr., Talladega News; J. H. Francis, Montgomery Advance; Joseph Shackleford, North Alabamian; and R. H. Henley, Birmingham Sun.

The President and Secretary are *ex-officio* members of the committee.

The following officers were elected for the ensuing year: S. J. Saffold, President; W. W. Screws, J. M. Macon, R. McFarland, T. D. Osborne, R. A. Mosely, jr., Vice-Presidents; J. F. Grant, Treasurer; L. W. Grant, Recording Secretary; J. H. Francis, Corresponding Secretary.

On motion the Convention adjourned to meet in Mobile, Tuesday the 3d day of December, 1872.

S. J. SAFFOLD, Pres't.
L. W. GRANT, Sec'y.

TELEGRAPHIC RESUME

The Grand Jury of Baltimore has presented Rev. Dr. Houston for adultery, notwithstanding the fact that a clerical Committee of Investigation has just pronounced him innocent of immoral conduct.

NEW YORK, June 15.

The sugar refiners of New York and Brooklyn have decided to suspend operations and have recalled all their available stocks to keep the market from a corner.

The manufacturers at their meeting to-day resolved to go into the lock which will deprive three thousand men of work.

The World's special from London the 15th says that before the meeting of the Arbitrators at Geneva to-day the Americans received important dispatches from Washington and they will absolutely refuse to request an adjournment of the arbitration. It is believed that the English difficulties in regard to Arbitration are insurmountable. The Americans are confident that the tribunal will not accede to the English declaration of abeyance.

The Steamer City of Brussells arrived with the British Grenadier Guard band.

MATAMORAS, June 16.

The steamer Tobasco arrived at the mouth of the Rio Grande to-day with 375 troops, money, and munitions of war for this city, which are being disembarked. The steamer city of Merida is reported coming with six hundred men for Gen'l Caballos. To-days telegrams from Camargo confirm the defeat of the Revolutionists under Gen'l Achra and that the insurgents had lost nearly all their horses and were dispersed through the mountains. Upon the arrival of troops coming per city of Merida Gen'l Caballos will be in a condition to advance on Monterey which is the only point of importance, north of Sierra Madra held by the rebels.

WASHINGTON, June 16.

A Sergeant of the Signal service has received orders to hold himself in readiness to make a balloon ascension from Boston on the 4th proximo, for the purpose of scientific observations of the upper air currents. The ascension is to be the first of a series inaugurated by the War Department for the Signal Office, for the solution of questions in relation to aerial currents. Sergeant Scraffau is supplied with a complete set of instruments, and will make a formal report of the results of his operations.

MARSAILLES, JUNE 16.

While the Spanish steamship Guadayen was lying in this port to-day, with passengers on board, her boiler exploded. Forty-four passengers and eleven officers were killed, and several hundred bales of cotton were consumed.

LOUISVILLE, June 17.

Twenty persons were bitten by a mad-dog in the east end of the city last night.

WASHINGTON, June 17.

The following is a brief synopsis of the statement of area and condition of the present cotton crop, which will appear in the June report of the Department of Agriculture: An increase in the cotton area is reported in every State, and a very small proportion of county returns show a decrease of acreage. Planting was generally retarted by a protracted season of drought, and fields that were planted late occasioned some trouble in obtaining perfect stands, but the recent rains and renewed efforts in replanting have finally secured stands of average completeness. The percentage of increase in the area, last year's crop being the basis of comparison, is as follows: North Carolina 16, South Carolina 9, Georgia 12, Florida 10, Alabama 11, Mississippi 10, Louisiana 11, Texas 18, Arkansas 16, Tennessee 12. The average increase throughout the cotton States will approximate 13 per cent. Texas has naturally made the largest relative increase, not only having enjoyed a favorable season for planting, but also, during the past year having received accessions of immigrants, who are cotton planters. The condition of the plant throughout the cotton section is very nearly a full average. Separating the Atlantic from the more Westerly States, the farmers stand a little below an average; the latter are fully up to the standard of a fair condition. The drought which prevailed in April and the first half of May delayed the growth, and the cold nights in the more northern belt had a further retarding effect. but the abundant rains and general temperature which followed have invigorated and advanced the crops. The following figures represent the condition of cotton in the several States, one hundred standing for an average: N. C. 96, S. C. 92, Ga. 96, Fla. 95, Ala. 100, Miss. 100, La. 104, Texas 100, Ark. 98, Tenn. 101.

The larger number of men at the Concrete Works refused to resume labor today unless the time was reduced from 10 to 8 hours and compensation increased from $1,50 to $2,00 a day. The Superintendent of the Company refused to accede to their demands, explaining as a reason that contracts were based on wages heretofore paid the strikers. Three hundred or more sat on the curb stone much of the day waiting to hear from laborers at other points, thus indicating a general strike.

The House of Delegates have unanamously passed a bill, constituting eight hours a day's work, and $2,00 a day's pay for laborers on work under contract of the District Government.

The Tobacco manufacturers who have been storing large quantities of tabacco in bonded warehouses since the 6th of June, the day when the new revenue law was signed by the President, are astonished at the decision of Commissioner Douglas, that tobacco put in bond since that date and withdrawn for consumption must pay the present tax of 32 cents per pound. The Commissioner says the wording of the law is to that effect and that only, the tobacco in bond on that day is entitled to be withdrawn after July 1st at the new rate of 20 cts per pound.

Telegrams and letters in large numbers were yesterday received from merchants in New York, Philadelphia, Baltimore and Richmond asking if there is not some mistake. Mr. Douglas replied that he had no discretion in the matter, and the parties aggrieved must appeal to Congress for relief.

A number of tobacco dealers are under the impression that after July 1st they will be entitled to a refund of the difference in the old tax of 32 cents, and the new tax of 20 cents on all tobacco in their possession. Commissioner Douglas is preparing a letter to the effect that such applications are useless and no such provision is made in the new law.

The National Theatre under the management of J. G. Sorille, closed to-night the most successful season in the annals of the institution.

NEW YORK, June 17.

James M. Ashley, of Ohio, stated today that Carl Schurz will certainly support Greeley in case of a nomination at Baltimore.

PAXTON, Ill., June 17.

The construction train of LaFayette, Bloomington & Mississipi Road wrecked, 7 killed and 25 hurt, train consisted of two flat and one box car and was pushed by a locomotive. The car in front was new and light and is supposed to have jumped the track.

ST. LOUIS, June 17.

The Democrat, this morning, publishes crop dispatches from over 100 points in Missouri, Kansas, Illinois, Iowa and Nebraska, which represent that the winter wheat is very poor. A large amount has been ploughed up and the remainder will yield only from one-third to half a crop. There is very little old wheat on hand.

WASHINGTON, June 18.

On and after July 1st, 1872, every person who sells or offers for sale manufactured tobacco, snuff or cigars, except manufacturers of those articles who sell only their own products at the place of production will be required to pay a special tax at the rate of five dollars per annum without regard to the amount of his annual sales. The exemption of persons whose sales do not exceed one hundred dollars is repealed by the new law.

The Treasury Department in answer to numerous inquiries has decided that on and after 1st day of July next and until the first of October, tea and coffee produced east of Cape of Good Hope and imported into the U. S. from points west thereof will not be charged with the discriminating duty of ten per cent now collected on importations of this character, but by the third section of the new tariff law this duty will be reimposed on and after October 1st, 1872, on said article.

PHILADELPHIA, June 19.

Manufacturers of this city passed resolutions declaring unalterable determination to adhere to the 10 hour system and resist the strike to its bitter end.

WASHINGTON, June 20.

State Conventions Yesterday.—Maryland delegation were a unit for the Cincinnati platform and candidates.

Minnesota—Every indication of the endorsement of Greeley and Brown.

Pennsylvania—It is conceded at Democratic head quarters that delegates to the Baltimore Convention will vote for Greeley.

Louisiana—No promise of a fusion in the Republican wings. Senator Kellogg will be a candidate for Governor of the Grant faction and Pinchback of the other wing.

Arkansas—All counties represented. Greeley and Brown will be undoubtedly endorsed. Liberal Republican Convention reaffirmed the Cincinnati platform and candidates.

Texas—Convention recognizes the Cincinnati movement as commendable effort at reform, but tabled a motion to instruct delegates to Baltimore for Greeley and Brown by a large majority.

California—Democratic State Convention adopted resolutions endorsing Cincinnati platform and recommend action which will secure co-operation to defeat Grant but have delegates to Baltimore uninstructed as to candidates.

New York—Genova special says the result of Wednesday's sitting of the Board of Arbitration is of the most favorable character, and it is confidently believed that when the tribunal meets again on the 26th, success will be assured. It is believed that considerable progress has been made in solution of the question.

Matamoras—It is reported on creditable authority that the revolutionary chiefs, finding themselves unable to permanently hold Monterey, have proposed terms of surrender.

Minnesota—Convention adopted resolutions that the Cincinnati platform, as explained by Greeley, expresses true Democratic iden upon every living political issue and that they heartily endorse the same and the nominees of that convention.

Connecticut—Delegates to Baltimore organized, though unpledged, delegation is unanimous for Greeley.

Philadelphia—The daily meetings of the strikers have been suspended in consequence of slim attendance. They have adjourned to Sunday P. M., when a mass meeting occurs.

The Prospects at Baltimore.

The Cincinnati *Enquirer* briefly presents a view not only of the prospect at Baltimore, but of the result of the popular vote between Greeley and Grant. The article below was written before the action of the Democracy of Kansas, Iowa, Vermont, Wisconsin, Missouri, Indiana, South Carolina, and Florida, had rendered certain the vote of their States. The *Enquirer* says:

The Democratic National Convention at Baltimore will consist of double the number of electoral votes, represented by delegates in that proportion. If all the States are represented, as they undoubtedly will be; it will make an imposing body of 734 delegates, of which the old fifteen Southern States have 278. Of this number at least 269 will be for the endorsement of Greeley and Brown. New England has 80 delegates and New York 70, making a total of 150. It is well known that they will be for Greeley and Brown.

Here are 400 votes to start with and to them may be safely added a majority of the 58 from Pennsylvani, Wisconsin 20, Iowa 22, Kansas 10, Illinois 42. All of Ohio's 44 and Indiana's 30 will be for them beyond any resonable doubt. In fact we cannot see where the opposition can count on a hundred votes in the Convention. So inconsiderable will it be, that the nomination of Greeley and Brown should be made unanimous from the start.

As to the election, with the endorsement of Baltimore, Mr. Greeley's Southern vote, united to New York and Pennsylvania, which are certain for him will elect him by a triumphant vote, even if he gets no other Northern State. The South has 139 electors, and New York and Pennsylvania have 64. Of the 139 Southern votes, Mr. Greeley will get at least 120, which, added to 64, makes 184, or just the number requisite for a choice.

But he is certain of New Jersey, Connecticut, New Hampshire, Wisconsin, Indiana, and with great confidence we claim Ohio and Illinois. In fact, we think he will receive about two-thirds of the electoral vote. Those who desire to be on the strong side will, at the proper time, swell his preponderance into immense proportions.

Senator Morton appeared to be in earnest for Colfax's re-nomination by the late Office-holders' Convention in the city, notwithstanding the Vice-President is not friendly to the Indianapolis 'Ring.' Mr. Morton's position is explained by the fact that he wants to be re-elected; that the contest will be a close one in Indiana, and that his scheme cannot succeed without the aid of Mr. Colfax's friends. Even the half-hearted assistance of the "similer" will not save Mr. Morton, since the action of the Democratic State Convention of Indiana. By the nomination of Mr. Hendricks, for Governor; of Mr. Kerr, for one of the Congressmen-at-large, and filling the other offices with men of like honesty, purity and intelligence, a Radical defeat is assured in the home of Colfax and Morton. The former is a veritable *Jerry Sneak* in politics, wriggling out of one office into another by slimy and unmanly ways, and the latter, one of the most unscrupulous and corrupt men in the United States. Colfax has been repudiated by his own party, and at the next election Morton will be laid on the shelf among other damaged goods. The removal of Morton from the Senate will do much to purify that body and bring back the reign of decency and reason to supercede that of partisan passion and official plunder. Now for Morton.

Philadelphia Age.

George Francis Train detests Greeley, but says: "All admit that if no Democratic Champion is nominated, the people's candidate would win. Hence if the Democrats nominate a man at Baltimore, it shows they do it to re-elect Grant, as they did in 1868. All works well. The spirit of liberty is abroad; only six German newspapers out of one hundred and thirty, support Grant—and those six are feeding on the pap."

A dozen Missippi bells have been recently married to journalists. They seem to be fond of the press.

THE ATLANTA SUN.
DAILY and WEEKLY.

"A Live Paper on Live Issues."

ALEXANDER H. STEPHENS, Political Editor,
A. R. WATSON, News Editor,
J. HENLY SMITH, General Editor and Business Manager.

FOR 1872:

During the present year a President and members of Congress are to be elected.

Liberty must be preserved or lost. The Corruptionists of the day—the Bond Rings—the ambitious enemies of free government—are actively, persistently paving the way to the overthrow of the Federal Republic, founded by Washington, Jefferson and Madison, and the establishment of a Centralized Empire and a Dynasty in its stead.

THE PEOPLE can prevent this if they will. They can retain their freedom, or they can become slaves. The destiny of this country is to be decided by the *people's votes!*

If the Democratic party will but stand firmly upon its time-honored platform, and erect the standard of Liberty, and honesty in the administration of the government, a glorious triumph will be achieved. Victory is within our grasp. The enemy is giving way—in receding from his utter disregard of law and constitutional guaranties. Now is the time for a vigorous charge upon his wavering lines.

The Sun has been sowing the good seed of truth. It has already brought forth good fruit. We shall continue to sow the seed, and shall expect a rich harvest to be reaped in the triumph of honest principles in the next election.

We trust our patrons will aid us in extending the circulation of The Sun. We have entered upon our enterprise to assist in the great work of redeeming the country from the control of robbers, tyrants and money-changers, who are infesting the temple of Liberty. Their tables must be overturned and public opinion must scourge them from the public presence.

Hon. Alexander H. Stephens, the Editor-in-chief, has specially arranged his business so as to devote almost his entire time to the political department of The Sun, during the coming spring and summer, and to the end of the Presidential election.

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We will be responsible for the safe arrival of all money sent us by Money Order, by Registered Letter, by Express, or by Draft, but not otherwise. If money sent in an unregistered letter is lost, it must be the loss of the person sending it.

No paper will be sent from the office till it is paid for, and names will always be erased when the time paid for expires.

To Correspondents.

Mr Stephens will remain in Crawfordville. His connection with The Sun will not change his residence. All letters intended for him, either on private matters or connected with the Political Department of this paper, should be addressed to him at Crawfordville, Georgia.

All letters on business of any kind, connected with The Sun, except its Political Department, should be addressed to J. Henly Smith, Manager, Atlanta, Georgia.

GREAT FREIGHT AND PASSENGER ROUTE
BETWEEN
JACKSONVILLE
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RICHMOND, NORFOLK,
BALTIMORE, PHILADELPHIA,
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THIS line forms the great centre route between the North and South. Give instructions to ship your freight by the "**Virginia and Tennessee Line**," the only fast and reliable FREIGHT LINE. Passengers can go *via* Rail through Lynchburg and Washington, or by that most delightful route: rail to Norfolk, Virginia, and by those splendid Side Wheel first-class Ocean Steamers from Norfolk, Boston, Baltimore and Philadelphia, a short and delightful ride in full view of Old Point Comfort, Fortress Monroe, &c. Be sure and ask for tickets *via* Norfolk, Virginia.

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NEW YORK, PHILADELPHIA AND BOSTON,—	240	210	170	140	95
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ATTENTION!!

AS we move along in life, it is absolutely necessary that we should eat, and to that end it is better that we should have at least

Thirty Days Rations

on hand. To procure these cheap you should

Come Well Armed

with the Cash. At PARR'S you will find polite clerks always

Ready

to wait on you and extend to you the greatest courtesy. It is his

Aim

to sell Goods at such prices as will please; and neither

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floods nor pestilence shall deter him from doing his whole duty by his customers.

Just received, a large lot of everything in the Grocery line, call and examine.

L. J. PARR,
Jacksonville, Ala.

Apr20 1872—wtd.

Great Attractions.

THE OLD RELIABLE HOUSES OF
TITSWORTH, SCOTT & CO.,
No. 6 Court Square, MONTGOMERY, ALA.,
And No. 39 Market Street, SELMA, ALA.,
Have one of the finest Stocks of
CLOTHING & GENT'S FURNISHING GOODS,
Ever brought to this market. Also, full line
Hats, Caps, Trunks and Valises,
Which they are selling as Cheap as any house in the City. We also take
Alabama State Money, at 90 Cents on a Dollar, for all Goods.
GENERAL AGENTS of the Celebrated WHEELER & WILSON NOISELESS FAMILY SEWING MACHINE, for Central Alabama.
TITSWORTH, SCOTT & CO.

SPRING GOODS!
First Arrival
OF THE
SEASON!!
Consisting of a large Stock of
Ladies Dress Goods,
Brown and Bleached Domestics,
Gents' and Boy's Piece Goods,
Oil Cloths, "Oak Printed & Plain,"
Switches and Notions of
Every Description.
Gents and Boys Ready Made Clothing,
Hats and Caps, Very latest Styles,
Ladies, Mens, Boys, Misses & Children's
Boots & Shoes,
Trunks, Traveling Bags and Carpet sacks,
Hardware, Woodenware,
Window Curtains and Shades, Groceries.
We can offer you the VERY LATEST STYLES, and good Goods. Do not fail to give us a call and examine for yourselves. You can get bargains for the cash.
CARROLL & McCAIN.
March 30—1872.

Wanted:
Beef Hides, Dry or Green, and also Tallow—for which we will pay the highest market price, in Dry Goods, Groceries, Bacon, Lard or any thing in our line.
CARROLL & McCAIN

A. S. PATRICK,
No. 52 Broad Street, ROME, GA.
Bookseller, Stationer
AND
GENERAL NEWS DEALER
ANY order sent to my house will receive prompt attention.
Give me a trial.
June 1st, 1872—1y.

BEWARE OF STOVE PEDDLERS
It has been seldom necessary to caution our friends against imposition. But since they are apparently being imposed upon, we have to say that the stove sold by Peddlers, are
OLD FASHIOED ELEVATED OVEN,
AND UNSIGHTLY IN APPEARANCE AT $48—*Can be Furnished by us, in any Quantity, at* $25, increase 2 Pots, 2 Kettles, 2 Griddles, 1 Heater, 1 Gridiron, 1 Tea Kettle, 1 Waffle Iron, 1 Muffin, 1 Oval Boiler, 1 Sauce Pan, 1 Steamer, 1 Coffee Boiler, 3 Sheet Iron Pans, 3 Joint Stove Pipe—
IN ALL TWENTY-ONE PIECES.
If they prefer the stove above described and, as we are informed, is being sold, we will agree to furnish any number at the price named. At the same time advise our friends to avail themselves of the latest improvements and manufactured of the toughest native iron, upon which we give a full guaranty upon every stove sold by us.
Our facilities for furnishing any article in our line is not surpassed, and we hope this caution will be considered and acted upon. J. & S BONES & CO.,
may18'72—tf. Rome, Ga.

IN CHANCERY
At Jacksonville, Alabama.
G. C. ELLIS, Complainant,
vs
Wm. T. YEATMAN Defendant.
R. F. ATKINSON,
J. L. HENDRICKS, Garnishees.
AT the January Term, 1872, of this Chancery court, for the 1st District of the Eastern Chancery Division of Alabama. The said R. F. Atkinson one of said garnishees filed his written answer in this cause, disclosing the fact that he the said garnishee stands indebted to the firm of Yeatman & Bro., and that said firm is, composed of Wm. T. Yeatman and Sam'l Yeatman, the latter being a non-resident of Alabama. It is therefore ordered by the court that the said Sam'l Yeatman be brought into court by publication in the Jacksonville Republican, and that he be required to disclose at the July Term 1872, of said court, what interest he has, if any, in said indebtedness.
Witness hand of the Register of said court at office, this the 30th day of May, 1872. Wm. M. HAMES,
June 1st—4t. Register.

TARRANT'S SELTZER APERIENT
A Century of Triumphs over dyspepsia, liver disease, bowel complaints and various febrile and nervous disorders, has immortalized the Seltzer Spa, and these victories are now repeated throughout this hemisphere by TARRANT'S EFFERVESCENT SELTZER APERIENT; containing all the elements; producing all the happy results of the Great German Springs.
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Cheap Farms! Free Homes!
ON THE LINE OF THE
UNION PACIFIC RAILROAD.
A LAND GRANT OF
12,000,000 ACRES
IN THE
BEST FARMING & MINERAL LANDS IN AMERICA.
3,000,000 ACRES IN NEBRASKA,
IN THE
GREAT PLATTE VALLEY.
THE
GARDEN OF THE WEST,
Now for Sale!
These lands are in the central portion of the United States, on the 41st degree of North Latitude, the central line of the great Temperate Zone of the American Continent, and "grain growing and stock raising unsurpassed by any in the United States.
CHEAPER IN PRICE, more favorable terms given, and more convenient to market than can be found elsewhere.
FREE HOMES FOR ACTUAL SETTLERS.
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SOLDIERS ENTITLED A HOMESTEAD OF 160 ACRES.
Free Passes to Purchasers of Land.
Send for the new Descriptive Pamphlet, with new maps, published in English, German, Swedish and Danish, mailed free everywhere. Address O. F. DAVIS,
Land Commissioner, U. P. R. R. Co.,
Omaha, Nebraska.

FANNING'S PATENT KID-FITTING SKELETON CORSET.

Recommended by leading physicians. Should be worn by all ladies who value health and comfort. They are particularly recommended for summer wear & warm climates although adapted to all seasons of the year. For sale by all first class dealers.
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GOOD, DURABLE AND CHEAP!
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For any case of Blind, Bleeding, Itching or Ulcerated Piles that Dr. BOSS'S PILE REMEDY fails to cure. It is prepared expressly to cure the Piles, and nothing else. Sold by all druggists. Price $1 00.

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Fine Art Publishers, Portland, Me.

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No Agents. Circulars free.

GREAT MEDICAL BOOK of Old knowledge to all. Sent free for two stamps. Address Dr. BONAPARTE & Co., Cincinnati, Ohio.

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HENRY WILSON'S RECORD.

The Philadelphia Convention yesterday nominated Hon. Henry Wilson, of Massrchusetts, for Vice-President, and retired Schuyler Colfax, his only competitor who developed any strength. Mr. Wilson's public career is familiar to all, from the fact that for over thirty years he has been a professional office-seeker and a confirmed office-holder. His political life commenced in the Presidential canvass of 1840, in which he took the stump for General Harrison, the Whig candidate. Between 1840 and 1845, he was elected three times from Natick his native town, to the Legislature, and twice as a Senator from Middlesex County. In 1848, he was a delegate to the Whig National Convention, but withdrew from it on the rejection of anti-slavery resolutions, and took a prominent part in organizing the Free Soil party. He then bought the Boston *Republican*, which he edited for two years, and by its aid made himself President of the State Senate in 1851-'2, and, in the latter year, President of the Free Soil National Convention, at Pittsburgh. In 1853, he was the Free Soil candidate for Governor of Massachusetts, but was defeated, and at once made a New Departure in the politics of that day, by organizing the Know-Nothing party in his State. He was the prime mover in the establishment of that party, filled its highest office, established lodges in every city, town, and village of Massachusetts, and, by its bitter hatred and proscription of foreigners not only drove them out of office and stripped them of every vestige of political rights, but stirred up against them personal animosities, which for a time provoked frequent collisions, and eventually compelled both Irish and Germans to leave for other States, where they could live in security and peace. Mr. Wilson, more than any other man, inspired the political action of the Know-Nothing Councils, and organized and directed their movements, with the sole purpose of excluding foreign-born citizens from politics, and making foreign birth sufficient cause for both personal and political ostracism. By virtue of his leading position in the Order, and the success with which Native American principles were advocated and applied under his direction, he received the Know-Nothing nomination for Governor, but declined it in favor of Gardner, as he had higher game in view. Gardner was elected, and a Know-Nothing Legislature also, and the secret machinery was at once set to work which elected Wilson to the United States Senate, in 1855, —a position which he has held ever since. After his election, he quit the Know-Nothing party and became a Republican, not disclaiming its distinctive principles, but abandoning it because it had selected other leaders, and, in fact, was beginning to show the signs of speedy dissolution and future uselessness as a means of securing office. The evil which this party did in Massachusetts, although seventeen years have elapsed since it flourished, is not yet entirely obliterated. It was more offensive in Massachusetts, under Mr. Wilson's counsels, than elsewhere, because more powerful and more proscriptive. He carried its practices to the furthest extreme of political fanaticism; and the Germans and the Irish of that State, even to-day, have cause to remember the bitterness of feeling which was causelessly engendered against them by his administration of Know-Nothing power. With his course in the Senate, the public is so familiar that we need not speak of it at this time. He has now sought with more than his usual persistency, and obtained, the nomination for still another office. In intellect, political experience, statesmanship, knowledge of Government and brains, he is by no means the equal of Colfax; and his name will not help the Grant ticket in any of these respects. On the other hand, it will only burden it, and make it all the more intolerable, by adding discrimination against foreigners to the long catalogue of abuses which have been practised in Grant's Administration. It remains to be seen how foreigners who have sought our shores to avoid the military oppressions of their own rulers, and to enjoy the blessings and privileges of a free Government will accept a ticket which, on the one hand, tenders them a personal military Government; and, on the other, the records of the proscription and persecution of themselves and their friends in the secret chambers of Know-Nothing conclaves.

Chicago Tribune (*June* 6.)

If hanging is to be kept up in Ken., the Branham system (see last week's news from Owen county) has claims upon the people. Branham was taken out and hanged quickly and quietly, and the affair is already nearly forgotten. A regular hanging is talked of and goes on horrifying everybody for weeks, and brutalizes more or less the entire community. Mistakes may be made in carrying out the Branham system, but the courts themselves often make mistakes. The noble one hundred who hanged Branham are evidently disposed to look at matters in a matter-of-fact way.

The Boston *Post* says:

So far as our own observation goes, and aided by the constant advices with which our position qualifies us to speak, it is every day becoming more evident that the Democratic masses are joyfully accepting Horace Greeley, on the Liberal and Reformatory Cincinnati Platform, and with the thoroughly satisfactory interpretation given it in his letter, as the Presidential candidate whom they are ready to support.

Mr. Greeley has informed the prominent gentleman, on whose shoulders has descended the mantle of the Intelligent Contraband, that he will not withdraw from the Presidential campaign, even should the Democratic National Convention at Baltimore refuse its indorsation of his candidature. This the Baltimore Convention is not likely to do; but, in any case, the item is of interest, as tending to show that the hopes of the Granitites (who, through Voorhees and other tools, are endeavoring to secure the nomination of a Bourbon Democrat at Baltimore), to the effect that Mr. Greeley would withdraw rather than defeat that eminent exponent of Republican principles, Mr. Grant, are illfounded!

One carpet-bagger has come to grief. Lieutenant-Governor Day, of Florida, has resigned his ill-gotten office. That is, his friends say that he has resigned. Others are unkind enough to point out the fact that the Supreme Court of the State decided, last Saturday, that W. B. Bloxham, a Conservative, was really elected Lieutenant-Governor in 1870 by quite a large majority; that he was "counted out" and Day "counted in" by the Florida Ring; and that the carpet-bagger has no shadow of right to the position he has usurped. In view of these very plain facts, the "resignation" of this gentleman appears to have been a good deal of a farce.

Chicago Tribune.

A LESSON ON HUMILITY.—A farmer took his son into a wheat field in harvest-time. "See father," exclaimed the boy, "how straight those stems hold up their heads! They must be the best ones. Those that hang their heads down, I am sure, cannot be good for much." The farmer plucked a stalk of each kind, and said: "See here, my child! This stalk that stood so straight is light-headed, and almost good for nothing, while that that hung its head so modestly is full of precious grain."

The following is an editorial "spree-ual" from the New York *Sun*:

If the young female in a blue tarleton overskirt, with a violet corsage and back hair done up *a la* Frizette, who sat in a box at Thomas' last night, has as bad a cold to-night as she had then, and goes to the same place, will kindly carry a large pocket-handkerchief with her, and use it, she will greatly oblige an admirer. Snuffles may do for ladies and sucklings, but they're played out in old girls.

Henry Watterson, of the Louisville *Courier Journal*, accepts an invitation to make an oration at "Fountain Park," in Bowling Green, during the session of the Editorial Convention in that village, subject, however, to the will of the Almighty. This is the first instance on record where Watterson ever suffered dictation from any source whatever.

There is danger in taking ether. A man may let out the inmost secrets of his life, while under its influence. A citizen of Lawrence, Mass., inhaled the insidious vapor the other day for the purpose of having a tooth extracted, and as he began to regain his consciousness, anxiously inquired "Where am I?" "In jail for killing your wife," responded the facetious dentist. "In jail for killing my wife! I always thought it would come to that." That man needs watching.

AN OLD BABY.—The oldest man in North Carolina lives in Wilkes county, and is now one hundred and eight years old. His mind is perfectly sound, and he recollects the march of Cornwallis through the State in the year 1781. He has eight children, the oldest 82, and the baby is 67 years old.

Exchange.

Hon. Daniel Pratt, President of the Red Mountain Iron Works, has gone North to purchase machinery to put the works in operation.

Incendiaries fired a house on the corner of Palmetto and Dearborn streets, Mobile, but it was extinguished before much damage was done.

Two unknown persons were found drowned near Mobile on Saturday last.

Strawberries are going out and commencements are coming in. To graduates who are now holding the mirror up to their valedictories, it is respectfully submitted that a neat point may be made by comparing the Class of '72 to mariners about to venture forth upon the sea of life, and that the house may be brought down by judicious use of the opposite and ever-acceptable quotation, beginning:

Lives of great men all remind us.

THE NEW DISCOVERY
In Chemical and Medical Science.

Dr. E. F. GARVIN'S
SOLUTION & COMPOUND ELIXIR
OF
TAR

FIRST AND ONLY SOLUTION ever made in one mixture of ALL THE TWELVE valuable active principals of the well known curative agent,
PINE TREE TAR,
UNFAILED in Coughs, Colds, Catarrh, Asthma, Bronchitis, and consumption.
CURES WITHOUT FAIL
A powerful cure in three to six hours; and also, by its VITALISING, PURIFYING and STIMULATING effects upon the general system, is remarkable effectious in all
DISEASES OF THE BLOOD,
including Scrofula and Eruptions of the skin, Dyspepsia, Diseases of the Liver and Kidneys, Heart Diseases, and General Debility.
ONE TRIAL CONVINCES!
ALSO, A
Volatile Solution of Tar
For INHALATION, without application of HEAT. A remarkably VALUABLE discovery, as the whole apparatus can be carried in the vest pocket, ready at any time for the most effectual and positively curative use in
All Diseases of the NOSE, THROAT and LUNGS.
THE COMPOUND
Tar and Mandrake Pill.
For use in connection with the ELIXIR TAR, is a combination of the TWO most valuable ALTERATIVE Medicines known in the Pharmacopœia for Liver Diseases. This Pill without exception
the very best ever offered.
The SOLUTION and COMPOUND ELIXIR of
TAR
is without doubt the Best remedy known in cases of
CHOLERA AND YELLOW FEVER.
It is a Specific in such diseases, and should be kept in the house hold of every family, especially during those months in which
CHOLERA AND YELLOW FEVER
are liable to prevail. A small quantity taken daily will prevent conflicting these terrible diseases.
Solution as Compound Elixir, $1.00 per Bottle
Volatile Solution for Inhalation, $5.00 per Box
Tar and Mandrake Pills, 50cts per Box.
Send for Circulars of POSITIVE CURES to your Druggist, or to
L. F. HYDE & CO.,
SOLE PROPRIETORS,
110 E. 22d St., New York.

Dr. GOTTLIEB PISCH'S BITTERS.

This preparation of the great Scientist, Dr. Gottlieb Pisch, of Germany, is based on the fact that, as all materials of the body are derived from Food, so all Vital Force, or Health, is derived from the Force stored up in Food. *Dr. Pisch's Bitters* enables the system to liberate and appropriate these Forces causes Appetite, cures Dyspepsia, with its resulting Debility and lack of Nervous Energy; so tones the Stomach and Liver as to make Constipation and Biliousness impossible; reinforces the System so it can ride over bad results of changing climate, water &c., and better endure the demands often unexpectedly made on its Force and Energy. Ladies in delicate health, aged persons and all emaciated and weak after sickness, will rapidly strengthen by using this great preparation.

(Keep Certain)

Probate Court of Calhoun County, Ala.
James Price, Deceased, Estate.

LETTERS of Administration upon the Estate of said Deedent having been granted to the undersigned, on the 20th day of April, 1872, by the Hon. A. Woods, Judge of the Probate Court of Calhoun county, Ala. Notice is hereby given, that all persons having claims against said estate, will be required to present the same within the time allowed by law or the same will be barred.
S. D. McLELLEN,
M. M. PRICE,
Administrators.
May 11, 1872—6t.

M. A. TURNER,
FASHIONABLE
TAILOR.

WOULD respectfully inform the citizens of Jacksonville and vicinity, that he has removed to No. 7 Office-row where he is ready at all times to make Boys & Gents clothing, according to latest styles and in a most durable manner. Thanking the public generally for their past liberal patronage, he hopes by skill and attention to merit a continuance of the same. Terms Cash.
P. S. Twenty-five per cent. will be added, when work is taken from the shop unsettled for.
Jan27 1872—1y.

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113 Broad Street,
Rome, Ga
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BOOKSELLER & STATIONER.
Keeps alway on Land a large Stock
School, Theological and Miscellaneous Books,
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INKS,
Blank, Copy and Scrap BOOKS,
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Photograph Albums, Chromos,
Gilt, Rosewood, Walnut Moulding, for Picture Frames, in the Piece, Picture Cord and Tassel, Sheet Music, for the Piano and Guitar, Italian, German and French Violin and Guitar Strings.
Pocket Bibles, Hymn and Prayer Books, Square and Oval Picture Frames.
WALLPAPERING, BORDERING, FIRE SCREENS AND PAPER WINDOW SHADES.
☞ NEW and SECOND HAND PIANOS and PARLOR ORGANS of first class manufactures, at a Liberal Discount from manufacturer's prices. Also, SECOND HAND PIANOS TAKEN IN EXCHANGE for new ones, allowing full value for those taken in exchange.
Liberal discounts to Country Merchants and Schools.
Apr13 1872—td.

New Spring and Summer Goods!
LADIGA, Ala., Apri, 1872.
The undersigned would respectfully announce to their friends and customers, that they are receiving direct from New York, a very extensive and desirable Stock of
Dry Goods,
CLOTHING, BOOTS & SHOES
Gent's, Misses and Children's
HATS,
In great variety.
Hardware, Saddlery, Drugs, Medicines,
Crockery &c.
All of which have been carefully selected by our Mr. J. R. GRAHAM and bought with Cash, and will be sold at the very LOWEST PRICES.
We defy competition in quality and prices of Goods!
We also keep a full and complete Stock of
GROCERIES, BACON, LARD, &c.,
which we propose to sell only for Cash, at lowest prices.
Our Stock comprises almost everything usually kept in a Mercantile House, and you are especially invited to come and see us, we guarantee quality and prices of Goods to suit you.
J. R. GRAHAM & CO.

PATTEN & PAYNE,
WHOLESALE
Booksellers & Stationers,
And agents for the
ROCK RIVER PAPER CO'S.
Building Paper:
Roofing for Sheathing, Lining, Plastering and Roofing Buildings.
WALL PAPER
Of every Grade, Quality and Price, and trimmed for customers. Wall and Ceiling Decorations, and Centre Pieces in great variety.
WINDOW SHADES
And FIXTURES Very Cheap.
Prepared Plastering Board
Makes a smooth and warm Ceiling and Wall, and is a perfect substitute for Lath and Plaster, and can be Papered, Painted or Whitewashed if desired.
It is cheap. Costs less than half as much as plaster. It can be easily and quickly applied by any one. It saves all the annoyances, dirt, and delay of plastering. It makes a perfectly smooth, warm and durable wall. In case of accident, it can be easily and quickly repaired. It is not affected by dampness in the atmosphere.
FELT ROOFING
With the Quarts Cement makes a better and much cheaper roof than Tin, is warranted for Five Years.
DOUBLE THICK CARPET PAPER is a thick Wool Felting—prevents dust from rising and protects the Carpet from the uneven surface of the floor.
Samples of above sent on application.
No. 212 Market Street,
CHATTANOOGA, TENN.

HARDWARE.
B. L. WYMAN,
(Successor to HALL, MOSES & ROBERTS) has removed to
NO. 3 SIGN OF
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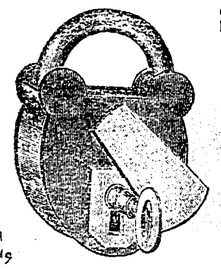

SQUARE, *Padlock,*
Montgomery, Ala.
Where the readers of the REPUBLICAN are invited to examine one of the largest and best assorted Stocks ever brought to Montgomery; consisting of Hardware, Iron and Steel, Nails, Castings, Cutlery, Stoves, Tinware and housekeeping Goods, AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS, Plows, Hoes, Chains, &c., and the
Celebrated Fashion Cook Stove.
B. L. WYMAN.
Dec 2: 1871—1 n

JOHN L. COBBS;
DEALER IN
DRY GOODS
Hosiery and Gloves,
CARPETS and OIL CLOTHS.
33 MARKET STREET,
Montgomery, Ala.
Jan27—6mo.

J. T. McDONALD & CO
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL
CLOTHIERS,
No. 7 Court Square, MONTGOMERY, ALA.
We claim to lead the market in
READY MADE CLOTHING
Of which we carry full lines of all grades for both Men and Boys.
In addition we have the largest line of *GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING GOODS, TRUNKS, VALISES, SACHELS, UMBRELLAS,* &c., &c., &c. to be found in the city. Buying for cash and doing the largest business of any house in the trade, we are confident of our ability to undersell the market.
J. T. McDONALD & CO.,
THE CLOTHIERS, 7 Court Square, Montgomery, Ala.
Mar13—3m.

IF YOU WANT CORRECT TIME
GO TO
Randall of Gadsden,
THE BEST
Watch-Maker in North Alabama.
Prices for Goods & Work reduced 25 to 50 per cent. Everything guaranteed as represented and satisfaction given every time.
Cash or no Trade
Oct28 1871—tf.

J. & S. BONES & CO.
IMPORTERS OF & DEALERS IN
IRON and STEEL,
HARDWARE, CUTLERY, GUNS &c.
Rome Ga.,
In addition to keeping the largest Stock of HARDWARE in the Cherokee Country for Merchants supplies, are the Agents for
BLANDY'S CELEBRATED STEAM ENGINES & MILLS,
and can furnish at Manufactures prices, anything from a small size Saw Mill to the
LARGEST FLOURING MILL COMPLETE,
also Agents for CLEMANS' CORN and WHEAT MILL, which we keep in Stock.
[*READ HOME TESTIMONY.*]
NEAR CEDAR BLUFF Feb., 28, 1871
MESSRS. J. & S. BONES, *Dear Sirs*
I have given the 16 inch Mill (Clemans) bought of you, a thorough test, and can but express myself perfectly satisfied. The power was the running gear fo my gin, which although in very bad order, was sufficient to grind *one bushel* (by the watch) in *eleven minutes*. I find no trouble to do my grinding before breakfast. Several of my neighbors were present at the time, and all were satisfied with the result, and were astonished at the quantity and fine quality of the meal produced in so short a time. I prefer the meal to any steam mill meal. The 16 inch mill I bought of you for the Foster Farm, and used since the above was written proves equally satisfactory. It is a complete mill.
Yours Truly,
H. H. MILLER.
Upon all machinery sold by us we give a full guarantee. Send for catalogue and price list.
J. & S. BONES & CO.
apr15 1871—tf

CLOVER, GRASS AND GARDEN SEED.

W. D. HOYT & CO
WILL KEEP CONSTANTLY ON HAND A FULL STOCK OF THE ABOVE AT THE LOWEST FIGURES.
Clover, and Grass Seed.

STRICTLY CASH. Also
Lead, Oil and Glass,
At Manufactures prices. Also a full STOCK of
Drugs, Brushes, Perfumery Soaps of all kinds, Lamps, &c. &c.
W. D. HOYT & CO.
WHOLESALE DRUGGISTS,
Rome Ga.
Oct 28, tf.

KIRTLAND & TOURTELLOTTE,
Manufacturers, Wholesale and Retail Dealers in
BOOTS & SHOES,
The largest, oldest and only exclusive Boot and Shoe House in
MIDDLE ALABAMA,
LEATHER & FINDINGS,
No. 7 Market St.
MONTGOMERY ALABAMA.
dec23 71—6m.

Agency of the
CENTRAL CITY
Insurance Company,
OF SELMA ALABAMA,
H. A. STOLENWERCK, PRESIDENT. ED. K. FOWLKES, SECRETARY.
Cash Capital and Accumulations.....$125,000
Losses Paid Since Organization, over.....$115,000
Stores, Merchandise, Dwellings, Rents, and other insurable interest taken at customary rates. Three (3) and Five (5) Year policies or dwelling houses issued at a reduction or the annual rate.
ED. L. WOODWARD, Agent,
Apr13 Jacksonville, Ala,

East Alabama
LAND AGENCY,
B. C. WYLY & Co.
REAL ESTATE
and
General Agency Office,
No. 4. OFFICE ROW,
JACKSONVILLE ALA.
We are prepared to give our attention to the Sale, or Rent of
REAL ESTATE
in this and adjoining counties.
Having special facilities for finding purchasers, invite those who may desire to put their lands in market, to give us a trial. We will keep on exhibition in our office
MAPS,
taken from County Surveys, and personal reconnaissance of such places as may be entrusted to us—and will visit the property with parties contemplating a purchase.
All information concerning the lands of East Alabama freely given upon application in person, or by letter, at their office. Will also act as General Agents for the sale of all articles of merit which may be entrusted to them. Their extensive acquaintance with the people, and personal knowledge of the Country, gives them facilities which no other Company can have.
BUSINESS SOLICITED.
B. C. WYLY,
JOHN H. FORNEY,
JNO. M. WYLY.
aug19 1871—1y.

R. R. R.
Radway's Ready Relief
CURES THE WORST PAINS
in from One to Twenty Minutes.
NOT ONE HOUR
after reading this advertisement need any one SUFFER WITH PAIN.
RADWAY'S READY RELIEF IS A CURE FOR EVERY PAIN.
It was the first and is
The Only Pain Remedy
that instantly stops the most excruciating pains, allays Inflammations, and cures Congestions, whether of the Lungs, Stomach or other glands or organs, by one application.
IN FROM ONE TO TWENTY MINUTES,
no matter how violent or excruciating the pain the RHEUMATIC, Bed-ridden, Infirm, Crippled, Nervous, Neuralgic, or prostrated with disease may suffer,
RADWAY'S READY RELIEF
Will afford instant Ease.
Inflamation of the Kidneys,
Inflamation of the Bladder,
Inflamation of the Bowels,
Congestion of the Lungs,
Sore Throat, Difficult Breathing,
Palpitation of the Heart,
Hysterics, Croup, Diphtheria,
Catarrh, Influenza,
Headache Toothache,
Neuralgia, Rheumatism,
Cold Chill's, Ague Chills
The application of the READY RELIEF to the part or parts where the difficulty exists will afford ease and comfort.
Twenty drops in half a tumbler of water will in a few moments cure Cramps, Spasms, Sour Stomach, Heartburn, Sick Headache, Diarrhœa, Dysentery, Colic, Wind in the Bowels, and all Internal Pains.
Travelers should always carry a bottle of RADWAY'S READY RELIEF with them. A few drops in water will prevent sickness or pains from change of water. It is better than French Brandy or Bitters as a stimulant.
FEVER AND AGUE.
Fever and Ague cured for fifty cents. There is not a remedial agent in this world that will cure Fever and Ague, and all other Malarious, Bilous, Scarlet, Typhoid, Yellow, and other Fevers (aided by RADWAY'S PILLS) so quick as RADWAY'S READY RELIEF. Fifty cents per bottle.
DR. RADWAY'S
Sarsaparillian Resolvent
Has made the most astonishing cures; as quick, so rapid are the changes the body undergoes, under the influence of this truly wonderful Medicine, that
Every day an increase in Weight and Flesh is Felt.
THE GREAT BLOOD PURIFIER.
Every drop of the SARSAPARILLIAN RESOLVENT communicates through the Blood, Sweat, Urine, and other fluids and juices of the system *the vigor of life*, for it repairs the wastes of the body with new and sound material. *Scrofula, Syphilis, Consumption, Glandular disease, Ulcers in the throat, Mouth, Tumors, Nodes in the Glands and other parts of the system, Sore Eyes, Strumorous Discharges from the Ears, and the worst forms of Skin diseases, Eruptions, Fever Sores, Scald Head, Ring Worm, Salt Rheum, Erysipelas, Acne, Black Spots, Worms in the Flesh, Tumors, Cancers in the Womb*, and all weakening and painful discharges, Night Sweats, Loss of Sperm and all wastes of the life principle, are within the curative range of this wonder of Modern Chemistry, and a few days' use will prove to any person using it for either of these forms of disease its potent power to cure them.
If the patient, daily becoming reduced by the wastes and decomposition that is continually progressing, succeeds in arresting these wasts, and repairs the same with new material made from healthy blood—and this the SARSAPARILIAN will and does secure—a cure is certain; for when once this remedy commences its work of purification, and succeeds in diminishing the loss of waste its repairs will be rapid, and every day the patient will feel himself growing better and stronger, the food digesting better, appetite improving, and wright increasing.
Not only does the Sarsaparilian Resolvent excels all known remedial agents in the cure of Chronic, Scrofulous, Constitutional, and Skin diseases; but it is the only positive cure for
Kidney and Bladder Complaints,
Urinary, and Womb diseases, Gravel, Diabetes, Dropsy, Stoppage of Water, Incontinence of Urine, Bright's Disease, Albuminuria, and in all cases where there are brick-dust deposits, or the water is thick, cloudy, mixed with substances like the white of an egg, or threads like white silk, there is a morbid, dark, billious appearance, and when bone-dust deposits, and when there is a pricking, burning sensation when passing water, and pain in the Small of the Back and along the Loins.
DR. RADWAY'S
PERFECT PURGATIVE PILLS,
perfectly tasteless, elegantly coated with sweet gum, purge, regulate, purify, cleanse, and strengthen. Radway's Pills, for the cure of all disorders of the Stomach, Liver, Bowels, Kidneys, Bladder, Nervous Diseases, Headache, Constipation, Costiveness, Indigestion, Dyspepsia, Biliousness, Billious Fever, Inflamation of the Bowels, Piles, and all Derangements of the Internal Viscera. Warranted to effect a positive cure. Purely Vegetable, containing no mercury, minerals, or deleterious drugs.
A few doses of RADWLY'S PILLS will free the system from all the above named disorders. Price, 25 cents per Box. Sold by Druggists.
Read "False and True." Send one letter stamp to RADWAY & CO. No. 32 Warren Street, Corner of Church Street New York. Information worth thousands will be sent you.
Sep 23, 1871—1y

Jacksonville Republican.
PUBLISHED, PRINTED & PUBLISHED, EVERY SATURDAY MORNING, BY
J. F. & L. W. GRANT.

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For one year in advance,.....$2 00
If not paid in advance,.....$3 00
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Jacksonville Republican.

"The Price of Liberty is Eternal Vigilance."

VOL. 36. JACKSONVILLE, ALA., JUNE 29, 1872. WHOLE NO 1837

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For three, six, or twelve Months.

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" "	6 "	7 50
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Charges due and collectable quarterly.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

WM. M. HAMES. J. T. MARTIN
HAMES & MARTIN,
Attorneys at Law and Solicitors in Chancery. No. 8. Office Row, Jacksonville, Ala.
WILL practice in all the Courts of Law and Equity in the counties of the 12th Judicial circuit, consisting of Calhoun, Cleburne, St. Clair, Etowah and Cherokee, and the Supreme court of the State.
may20—1871.

JOHN FOSTER. WM. H. FORNEY.
FOSTER & FORNEY,
Attorneys at Law,
Jacksonville Alabama.
WILL practice in the Counties of Calhoun, Talladega, Randolph, St. Clair, Cherokee, DeKalb and the Supreme Court of the State.
Dec. 23d, 1865.

G. J. TURNLEY, G. I. TURNLEY.
J. J. & G. I. TURNLEY,
Attorneys at Law
Solicitors in Chancery
AND
General Collecting Agents.
JACKSONVILLE, ALA.
WILL practice Law in the counties of Calhoun, Talladega, Randolph, Cleburne, Cherokee, Etowah, St. Clair and DeKalb, in the Supreme Court of the State, and in the U. S District Court, Northern and Middle Division of Alabama.

C. C. BLIR. J. H. CALDWELL.
ELLIS & CALDWELL,
Attorneys at Law,
AND
Solicitor in Chancery.
JACKSONVILLE, ALA.
HAVING associated themselves in the practice of Law, will practice together, except in CRIMINAL CASES, in the counties of Calhoun, Talladega, St. Clair, Randolph, Cherokee and DeKalb.
Jan. 6. 1866.

H. L. STEVENSON,
Attorney at Law,
JACKSONVILLE, Ala.

Savage & de Rochemont,
ATTORNEYS AT-LAW
AND
SOLICITORS IN CHANCERY & COLLECTING AGENTS,
OXFORD, ALA.
WILL practice in all the courts of the State also in the Supreme court. Collections made before the United State Court of Claims, also general land and Pension Agents.
April 13 1872 1y.

J. D. HAMMOND,
Notary Public
AND
EX-OFFICIO JUSTICE OF THE PEACE
JACKSONVILLE,.....ALABAMA
WILL attend to any business that may be put into his hands, with dispatch.
Feb17 1872—1y.

Dr. M. W. FRANCIS,
Physician & Surgeon,
OFFICE, DRUG STORE J. C. FRANCIS,
North West Corner Square,
JACKSONVILLE - - ALA
Feb 25 1871—1y.

DR. W. W. HARRISON,
HAVING permanently located in Alexandria, offers his professional services to the citizens of Alexandria and vicinity. He can be found at his office in Green & Bellinger's Store during the day, and at the late residence of Jas. A. Gladden at night, unless professionally absent.
March 1872.—9m.

RAIL ROAD SCHEDULES.

South & North Ala. Rail Road.

SCHEDULE.

Passenger trains will run on this Road, as follows:

Light'g Exp. Pr's Montgomery,	at	10,00 am
" " "	Arrives at Calera	12,50 p m
" " "	at Birmingham	3,30 p m
Mail train leaves Montgomery at		2'20 p m
" "	Arrives at Calera	6,15 p m
Light'g Exp. Pr's Birmingham at		5,25 p m
" "	Arrives at Montgomery	12,05 a m
Mail train Leaves Calera at		5,05 a m
" "	Arrives at Montgomery	8,25 a m.

Close Connections with DOUBLE DAILY trains on Mobile & Montgomery Rail Road, for Mobile, New Orleans and all points of Texas.
This is the SHORTEST and quickest route to and from points named above for Passengers. Through Tickets and Through Bills issued. Rates as low as by any other line.
A. SHAW, *Ass't Sup't.*

H. Pierce, G. A. Morrison,
J. H. Jones Wm. L. Thompson.
PIERCE, JONES & CO.
Cotton Factors,
Proprietors of Planters Fire Proof Warehouse.
Drake's new Building opposite Troup House,
SELMA.....ALABAMA.

ROME ADVERTISEMENTS.
C. C. SAMUEL.
Successor to Elliot & Samuel,
COTTON FACTOR
Warehouse & Commission Merchant
(At Steamboat Landing,)
Rome, Ga.
Cotton compressed and put in splendid shipping order and forwarded same day of its arrival, at reduced rates of freight.
sept 23,1871—1y

J. J. Cohen,

Rome, Georgia,
Keeps Constantly on hand the most celebrated and latest MILL MACHINERY, at Manufacturer's prices. Also, Importer of the Double Anchor Dutch Bolting Cloth, French Burr and Esopus MILL STONES, Double Turbine Water Wheel, and an assortment of Belting, &c. Dec. 30, '71.—1y.

SELMA ADVERTISEM'TS'
THOS. A. WALTHALL, T. S. BOWEN,
BOWEN & WALTHALL,
Whosale Grocers
—AND—
COMMISSION MERCHANTS
NO. 5 CENTRAL BLOCK, WATER ST.
SELMA——ALABAMA.
July—61y

W. R. ETHERIDGE. W. R. MCKINNEY.
McKINNEY & Co.,
Receiving and Forwarding
Merchants
—AND—
STEAMBOAT AGENTS,
Selma.....Alabama.
☞We have a large and convenient Warehouse, a Brick Wharf and every facility for protecting Goods.
Jan 6 1y

Nashville
Marble Works.
D. C. COLEMAN,
MANUFACTURER OF ALL KINDS OF
MARBLE MONUMENTS,
TOMBS, HEADSTONES,
MANTELS, URNS
Vases, Etc.,
Of the finest
ITALIAN
AND
AMERICAN MARBLE
Yard No. 31 S. College Street, between Church and Broad,
NASHVILLE, TENNESSEE.
Orders promptly filled and satisfaction guaranteed.
Feb24 1872—1y.

To the Public.
The Partnership heretofore existing between McCLELLEN & LANDERS, having, by mutual consent, been dissolved, I have opened a business on my own account in the house formerly occupied by Mrs. M. E. Rowland, where I will be glad to see my old patrons and friends and sell them any and all articles kept in a
Family Grocery
low for Cash or its equivolent.
I have also a fine assortment of
LIQUORS OF ALL KINDS
at sell at wholesale.
A. M. LANDERS.
February, 3-1 1872.—tf.

Democratic State Convention.

At the hour of 12 M. the Convention was called to order by Hon. Thomas J. Judge, Chairman of the State Executive Committee, upon whose motion Hon. M. J. Bulger of Tallapoosa county, was selected to act as temporary chairman.

Col. Bulger on taking the chair thanked the Executive Committee and the Convention for the honor of temporarily presiding over its deliberations. He paid a warm tribute to the honor and manhood of the people of Alabama—to their law-abiding and Constitution-loving principles, and appealed in a glowing and fervid manner to all present to enter the ensuing campaign inspired by a united determination to win a glorious victory.

On motion of Col. Wm. Garrett, of Cocsa, Messrs Micah Taul, Ellis Phelan, Turner Clanton and J. H. Francis were requested to act as temporary Secretaries.

Col. Judge laid before the Convention a resolution from the Board of Trade, of Montgomery, extending to the delegates the courtesies of their rooms and invitation to visit at all hours. The invitation was accepted.

Owing to the immense number in the Hall and the trouble of getting Committees together, on motion of Gen. Lawler, of Talledega, Hon. R. W. Walker, of Madison, was elected permanent President by acclamation.

Mr. Walker was escorted to the Chair and delivered an able and impressive speech, which was listened to with marked attention, and frequently applauded.

The following were elected Secretaries: M. Taul, E. Phelan, J. M. Macon, F. S. Ferguson J. H. Francis and T. Clanton.

Mr. McCaa offered a resolution for appointment of committee to fix ratio of representation and adopt rules for the Convention. The Chair appointed the following Committee: T. N. Fowler of Mobile, C. L. Scott of Wilcox. I. A. Wilson of Bullock, J. M. Carmichael of Dale, R. F. Ligon of Macon, M. H. Cruikshank of Talladega, J. H. Caldwell of Calhoun, S. D. Cabaniss of Madison, M. L. Stansel, of Pickens, Eugene McCaa of Marengo, and J. Phelan of Limestone, G. T. Deeson of Jefferson.

Mr. Lyon of Marengo, moved appointment of Committee on Resolutions, was carried with proviso that all resolutions be referred to that Committee without delace. The Chair appointed as follows, E. W. Pettus, J. W. Portis, T. H. Watts, J. F. Clements, W. H. Barnes, L. W. Lawler. W. H. Forney, P. M. Dox, F. S. Lyon, W. B. Modawell, F. W. Sykes and J. P. Barber.

Hon. T. J. Judge, Chairman of the State Executive Committee with a few eloquent appropriate remarks offered the following resolutions which were adopted by a rising vote.

RESOLUTIONS.

It is proper that a tribute should be paid, to the memory of those who have rendered signal services to their country.

That Gen. James H. Clanton was eminently entitled to this distinction, is universally conceded. From his youth up to the moment of his death, he responded with alacrity, to every appeal, which was made by the country upon her citizens. As a soldier, he was as brave as the bravest—but there were thousands like him. It is not then to him, as a soldier, we offer this tribute. When war ceased to exist, when the cause, which he loved so well was lost, when this whole people were clothed in the drapery of mourning, when the fair promises of victors were transformed to the bloody decrees of tyrants, when the very hearts of our people were almost ground to dust by the iron heel of despotism; and when even hope itself had almost gone; it was then that the voice of Gen. Clanton, was heard calling upon the people, to arouse from their lethargy; to shake off the dew drops, that glittered on their garments,—and to make one bold determined effort, to rescue the State from the vandals, who had taken possession of it.

Most nobly was that appeal responded to by the people. His spirit became the spirit of the people—and the redemption of the State from the hordes of ruthless invaders—was the result of the conflict which he inaugurated. This is the monument which he has erected to his own memory, and upon it should a grateful people heap their garlands.

Be it therefore Resolved, That we, the people of Alabama, whom, living, he loved so well and served so faithfully, look back with gratitude and pride upon the brilliant career of our late fellow-citizen, James H. Clanton, in whose untimely death we mourn a tried and affectionate friend, while the State has lost a distinguished, talented and devoted son, and the whole country an upright man, a good citizen and an ardent patriot.

Resolved, That in all the acts of his life he exhibited the qualities which have ever secured the esteem and admiration of mankind—a heart pulsating to every generous prompting of duty and affection—a mind quick to conceive the noblest thoughts—a hand ready and able to execute the most daring purposes—a courage that never faltered—a devotion to duty that knew no considerations of self-unlimited generosity in thought and act, and a patriotism that grew with his years and ripened with his strength.

Resolved, That we cherish his memory as a sacred legacy and commend his example to the youth of our country.

Resolved, That the President of this convention be requested to transmit a copy of the foregoing preamble and resolutions to the widow of the deceased, and to convey to her the assurance of our sympathy and grief at her irreparable loss.

THOS. J. JUDGE,
Chairman Executive Committee.

The convention adjourned to 4 o'clock P. M.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

Convention met at 4 P. M.

Mr. Fowler, of Mobile, from the committee on ratio of votes made a report which was adopted. Also recommended that the rules governing the last House of Representatives govern this Convention, which was adopted.

The total number of votes the convention is allowed under the report is 423.

Mr. Lyon, from the committee on Resolutions reported as follows: The committee on resolutions to which was referred the resolution in opposition to a nomination for State officers at this session of the convention have considered the same and have directed me to report the following resolutions and ask their adoption.

Resolved, That the Convention will nominate candidates for State officers, and also two candidates for members of Congress for the State at large.

Resolved, That this Convention will not nominate candidates for electors for President and Vice-President.

Resolved, That the State Executive Committee, hereafter to be be appointed, shall have power to nominate candidates for electors whenever they may deem it expedient to do so, after the action of the Baltimore Convention is made known.

The ayes and nays by counties were called on the adoption of the above resolutions. On the first resolution the vote resulted as follows; yeas 289, nays 93.

The second and third resolutions were recommitted.

On motion, the convention then proceeded to ballot for Governor.

Gen. Pettus, of Dallas, nominated Col. Thos. H. Herndon, of Mobile.

Ex-Gov. Watts, of Montgomery, nominated Hon. C. C. Langdon, of Mobile.

Hon. J. T. Heflin, of Talladega, nominated Hon. Thos. A. Walker, of Calhoun,

Gen. Alpheus Baker, of Barbour county, nominated Hon. W. C. Oates, of Henry.

Hon. W. H. Barnes, of Lee, nominated Hon. R. F. Ligon, of Macon.

The first ballot resulted as follows:

For Herndon	133
For Oates	73
For Langdon	71½
For Ligon	58
For Walker	61½

The Convention then adjourned until 8 o'clock Thursday morning.

SECOND DAY'S PROCEEDINGS.

THURSDAY, June 20.

Convention met at 8 o'clock.

Several resolutions were offered and referred to Committee on Resolutions.

An invitation from the Committee of Arrangements at Birmingham was read inviting the Convention to visit that city on Friday the 21 inst.

The invitation was accepted and a vote of thanks returned to the city authorities of Birmingham.

(The two-thirds rule was adopted by the convention on the first day of its session.)

The convention then took a ballot for Governor as follows:

Herndon	156½
Langdon	52½
Ligon	63
Oates	61½
Walker	61½

There being no nomination the Convention took another ballot with the following result:

Herndon	180½
Langdon	33½
Ligon	58½
Oates	78
Walker	47½

There being no nomination the Convention took another ballot.

Col. Scott, of Wilcox, withdrew the name of C. C. Langdon.

The ballot resulted:

Herndon	223
Oates	84
Ligon	49
Walker	41

No nomination.

Col. N. S. Graham, of Macon, withdrew the name of Rob't F. Ligon.

Judge Heflin, of Talladega, withdrew the name of Thomas A. Walker.

The convention then took another ballot.

Herndon	283
Oates	114

Col. Herndon having received the requisite number, a two-thirds vote, he was declared the nominee of the convention.

Gen. Baker, in a few eloquent remarks, as the friend of Col. Oates, pledged the nominee the friendship and support of Col. Oates and all his friends, and moved that the nomination of Col. Herndon be made unanimous, which was done with rousing cheers.

In response to loud and long continued calls, Col. Herndon took the stand, accepted the nomination, and pledged his earnest efforts to achieve a glorious victory for the Democratic party in the November election.

Loud and long repeated calls were made for Col. Oates. He ascended the stand—paid a high tribute to the worth and ability and patriotism of Col. Herndon and pledged his earnest and warmest support.

Col. Langdon was vociferously called for, and in response made a magnificent speech, which received round after round of applause.

Judge Walker was called for, but not being in the Convention, Mr. Caldwell, of Calhoun, said that while Judge Walker might, like Israel, have retired to his tent, it was only to whet his blade, with which to make a more determined fight from now until November.

Mr. Ligon was enthusiastically called for. He appeared upon the stand, thanked the Convention for having selected the right man for the right place, and pledged a glorious majority for Thos. H. Herndon from East Alabama.

LIEETENANT GOVERNOR.

The President announced that the next thing in order was the nomination of a candidate for Lieutenant Governor.

Gen'l Lawler placed in nomination the name of Lieut. Gov. Moren. The nomination was ratified by acclamation and with great and long continued applause.

Being called for Lieut. Gov. Moren appeared upon the stand and was greeted with a most enthusiastic reception.

He accepted the nomination in a few graceful and well-timed remarks and pledged his earnest endeavors, in the future as in the past, to achieve a victory for the Democratic and Conservative people of Alabama.

SECRETARY OF STATE.

The President announced that the nomination of a candidate for Secretary of State was the next thing in order.

Ex-Gov. Watts placed in nomination the name of Hon. J. J. Parker for re-election.

Gen'l Clayton in seconding the nomination moved that Mr. Parker be renominated by acclamation which was carried and Mr. Parker was declared the nominee of the convention.

Mr Parker in response to the enthusiastic calls of the convention accepted the nomination and pledged his best efforts to protect the honor and rights of the State in the future as in the past.

ATTORNEY GENERAL.

The next business was the nomination of a candidate for Attorney General.

Col. E. S. Shorter placed in nomination the name of J. W. A. Sanford for re-election.

Col. B. M. Woolsey nominated Col. M. L. Woods, of Montgomery.

The ballot stood—

For Sanford	305.
For Woods	87.

Col Sanford having received the requisite majority of two-thirds was declared the nominee for Attorney-General.

Col. B. M. Woolsey in behalf of Col. Woods stated that he heartily acquised in the nomination of Col. Sanford and moved that it be made unanimous, which was carried.

Col. Sanford was heartily and enthusiastically called for—thanked the Convention for again honoring him with a nomination for position which he had filled for the past eighteen months—accepted the nomination and pledged his earnest efforts to do everything required of a true son of Alabama in the ensuing campaign.

FOR STATE AUDITOR.

The next business announced was the nomination of a candidate for Auditor.

Mr. Lyon placed in nomination the name of James A. Young, of Marengo.

Maj. Modawell warmly seconded the nomination.

Col. Judge nominated T. J. Burnett.

Col. Herbert, of Butler, earnestly and eloquently seconded the nomination.

Mr. Ferguson, of Montgomery, nominated W. V. Chardavoyne.

Col. M. J. Bulger, of Tallapoosa, nominated M. A. Chisholm.

Judge Heflin nominated Jefferson Faulkner.

The result of the ballot was as follows:

Burnett	143.
Chardavoyne	107.
Young	84.
Faulkner	21.
Chisholm	21.

Chisholm withdrawn.

There being no choice the Convention proceeded to the second ballot which was as follows:

Burnett	162.
Chardavoyne	133.
Young	75.
Faulkner	25.

The names of Messrs. Young, Faulkner and Chisholm were withdrawn.

The third ballot resulted:

Burnett	215.
Chardavoyne	183.

Necessary for a choice 265 and there being no nomination the Convention proceeded to take another ballot.

There being no nomination the Convention took another ballot

For Burnett	226.
For Chardavoyne	171.

No nomination, neither candidates having a two- thirds vote.

A motion was made to adjourn until 4 o'clock, and carried.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

The Convention proceeded to ballot for Auditor. The roll of counties were called, but before the vote was announced changes commenced to Mr. Burnett from Mr Chardavoyne & it being evident that the choice of the Convention was Maj. Burnett, of Butler, Mr. Sykes, of Lawrence, moved that Maj. Burnett be declared the unanimous nominee of the Convention. This was done in the midst of the greatest enthusiasm.

Maj. Burnett being called for ascended the stand and in well timed language and appropriate manner accepted the nomination and pledged his earnest efforts to aid in securing the election of the State and National tickets.

TREASURER.

The next nomination was for Treasurer.

Hon. John Cochran placed in nomination the name of Hon. Jas. F. Grant, of Calhoun, and moved that his nomination be made unanimous, which was done with hearty good will.

Mr. Grant was called to the stand and in a few remarks that pleased the entire Convention accepted the nomination.

SUPERINTENDENT OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION.

On motion of Mr. Robinson, of Russell, Col. Joseph Hodgson was renominated by acclamation.

Col. Hodgson was loudly called for and in an eloquent address accepted the nomination.

Mr. Lyon from the Committee on Resolutions made the following report:

Resolved, That inasmuch as the National Democratic Convention has been called to meet at Baltimore, and as it is desirable that the Democracy of Alabama shall be represented in said Convention. We do hereby authorize and appoint two delegates, and two alternates from each Congressional District, and eight delegates from the State at large. The delegates and Alternates from the Congressional districts to be selected by the representatives to this Convention from the respective Congressional districts, and the delegates from the State at Large to be selected by a Committee of two from each Congressional District to be appointed by the President of this Convention.

INDUSTRIAL RESOURCES.

The Convention then proceeded to nominate a candidate for Commissioner of Industrial Resources.

Mr. Lyon nominated ex Gov. A. B. Moore of Perry.

Mr. Ferguson nominated J. L. Tait for re-election.

Gov. Watts paid a high and glowing tribute to Gov. Moore, after which Mr. Ferguson withdrew the name of Mr Tait.

Hon F. W. Sykes placed in nomination the name of E. F. Comegys of Lawrence county.

Mr. Phelan of Lawrence, warmly urged the claims of *Mr.* Comegys.

The name of Gov Moore was withdrawn by Gov Watts, and Mr. Comegys was elected by acclamation. Mr. Comegys being loudly called, briefly responded, accepting the nomination.

CONGRESSMAN AT LARGE.

The President stated that the next business in order was the nomination of candidates for the State at Large; the State being entitled to two. It was decided that the Convention ballot for two at a time,

Col. S. W. Harris, of Chambers, nominated Hon. E. G. Richards of Chambers.

Col. Geo. P. Harrison, of Lee, seconded and endorsed the name of Judge Richards.

Ex-Gov. Watts nominated Col. J. J. Jolly.

Gen'l Pettus seconded the nomination.

Hon. J. H. Leath, of Cherokee, placed in nomination the name of Hon. J. B. McClellan, of Limestone.

Hon. Wm. Garrett, of Coosa, nominated Col. M. J. Bulger, of Tallapoosa.

Maj. A. Proskauer, of Mobile, placed in nomination the name of Robert Tyler, of Montgomery.

Col. M. D. Graham, of Montgomery, seconed the nomination of Col. Tyler.

Capt. A. L. O'Brien also asked that the Convention nominate Col. Tyler.

Hon. N. L. Whitfield nominated the Hon. Jos. W. Taylor, of Tuscaloosa.

Hon. C. L. Scott, of Wilcox, nominated Hon. W. B. H. Howard, of Wilcox.

Hon. J. H. Caldwell, of Calhoun, nominated Hon. Taul Bradford of Talladega.

Hon R W Walker, of Madison, nominated Gen Alpheus Baker, of Barbour.

Hon Henry C Jones, of Lauderdale nominated Hon R O Pickett, of Lauderdale.

Hon. W B Wood, and S D Cabaniss seconded the nomination of Judge Pickett.

Before balloting the Chair announced the following as Committee to select delegates for the State at Large to Baltimore.

N H R Dawson, H T Toulmin, H D Clayton, J J Jolly, Bolling Hall, G S Walden, A A Coleman, J Moore, J Crook, W M Lowe, W B Wood, John Phelan.

FIRST BALLOT. FOR CONGRESSMEN AT LARGE.

Richards	60½
Jolly	126½
McClellan	40 1-2
Bulger	47½
Tyler	118½
Taylor	42½
Howard	64 17-36
Bradford	100 2-3
Baker	108 7-12
Pickett	81 17-19

Mr. Sanford of Lee, withdrew the name of E G Richards.

Mr. Davis of Limestone, withdrew the name of *Mr* McClellan.

SECOND BALLOT.

Jolly	158
Bulger	41
Tyler	122
Taylor	32
Howard	53
Bradford	129
Baker	143
Pickett	111

Mr. Howard withdrew his own name from nomination, and *Mr.* Whitfield withdrew *Mr.* Taylor.

A motion to adjourn [illegible] morrow morning at 8 o'clock [illegible] carried.

THIRD DAY'S PROCEEDINGS.

FRIDAY June 21.

The convention met at 8 o'clock.

The Committee on Resolutions, through Mr. Lyon, made a report, the consideration of which was postponed until 12 o'clock, M.

CONGRESSMEN AT LARGE.

The convention took a ballot, which resulted:

THIRD BALLOT.

Jolly	173 5-6
Baker	173 3-7
Bradford	152 4-7
Tyler	149 3-7
Pickett	144 4-7

No nomination.

FOURTH BALLOT.

Jolly	192 5-6
Baker	166
Bradford	149 1-2
Tyler	166 1-14
Pickett	126

No nomination.

FIFTH BALLOT.

Jolly	181 2-3
Baker	152 1-7
Bradford	164 1-7
Tyler	174 2-3
Pickett	121 3-7

No nomination.

SIXTH BALLOT

Jolly	172 2-5
Baker	149 1-3
Bradford	173 1-6
Tyler	195 2-5
Pickett	103 4-7

Mr. Jones, of Lauderdale, withdrew the name of Judge R. O. Pickett.

SEVENTH BALLOT.

Before the result was announced a good many changes were made from one candidate to another.

Jolly	112 2-3
Tyler	227 1-2
Bradford	158 1-2
Baker	184 2-3

EIGTH BALLOT

Tyler	184
Jolly	193
Bradford	209
Baker	209

NINTH BALLOT

Bradford	214
Baker	222
Jolly	181
Tyler	168

No nomination.

TENTH BALLOT.

Baker	243
Bradford	235
Tyler	169
Jolly	149

No nomination.

ELEVENTH BALLOT.

Baker	276
Bradford	242
Tyler	149
Jolly	131

Gen. Baker [illegible] received the requisite majority [illegible] nominated for one of the [illegible] at Large.

Maj. Proskau[illegible] stated, as Col. Tyler resides [illegible] same District with the gallant gentleman who had received the nomination, at his request he begged to withdraw his name and moved the nomination of Gen'l Baker by acclamation, which was carried with great enthusiasm.

Gen. Baker was called on and responded in a manner that was enthusiastically greeted and accepted the nomination.

Col. Tyler in answer to repeated and enthusiastic calls briefly responded, and pledged his utmost efforts as ever heretofore to achieve victory for the Democratic party.

TWELFTH BALLOT.

The convention proceeded to ballot for the other Congressman, Col. Jolly, and Col. Bradford being the only names in nomination. The result was as follows:

Jolly	200
Bradford	197

No nomination.

Col. Livingston, of Autauga, put in nomination the name of Col. Wm. M. Lowe, of Madison.

Mr. Lowe in a brief and spirited speech declined the nomination.

THIRTEENTH BALLOT.

Jolly	229
Bradford	168

No nomination.

Gen. Lawler, of Talladega, at the request of Col. Bradford, withdrew his name in a spirit of harmony and with a desire to expedite the business of the convention.

Mr. Boyd, of Marshall, nominated Col. W. C. Oates, of Henry.

Col. Oates declined to be put in nomination.

Col. J. J. Jolly, of Greene, was thereupon nominated by acclamation for Congress at Large. In answer to calls he ascended the stand and gracefully accepted the nomination.

Col. Bradford was loudly called for, and in response expressed his satisfaction with the nomination of Col. Jolly and urged every one present to forget all else save securing a glorious victory.

Convention adjourned to 5 P M.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

Mr. McCaa offered the following resolution:

Resolved, That a committee of two from each Congressional District throughout the State be appointed to recommend to this convention suitable persons to act as an Executive Committee for the State, three to be selected from each District. Adopted.

Gen'l Clayton, from committee to select delegates for State at Large to Baltimore, made the following report:

Delegates—Wm. M. Byrd, Eli S. Shorter, Levi W Lawler, J B Clark, Thos A Walker, F W Sykes, Jones M Withers, P M Dox.

Alternates—R H Smith, A N Worley, W H Barnes, F S Lyon, S H Moore, E A O'Neal, R H Powell, John Phelan.

1st District—Gen Pettus reported C L Scott, of Wilcox; J W Posey, of Monroe. Alternates—B M Woolsey, of Dallas, and P D Page, of Conecuh.

2d District—John Cochran reported Gen A C Gordon, of Henry, and Albert Strassburger, of Montgomery. Alternates—S H Dent, of Barbour, and B W Young, of Lowndes.

3d District—Maj B Hall reported Daul Crawford, of Coosa, and C J Bryant, of Macon. Alternates—Gen B D Fry, of Elmore, and J D Trammell, of Chambers.

4th District—W E Clarke reported Allen C Jones, of Hale, and L M Stone, of Pickens. Alternates—M A King, of Tuscaloosa, and T D Cory, of Autauga.

5th District—J H Caldwell reported S D Cabiniss, of Madison, and Thos B Cooper, of Cherokee. Alternates—Thomas D Osborn, of Jackson, and Leonidas W Grant, of Calhoun.

6th District—Reported Alberto Martin, of Jefferson, and H C Jones, of Lauderdale. Alternates—Lee Crandall, of Morgan, and Robert McFarland, of Lauderdale.

The nominations were unanimously ratified.

Mr Porter, of Clarke, from Committee on Resolutions made the following report:

Resolved 1st, That in the opinion of this convention, under existing circumstances the National Democratic Convention ought not to make nominations in opposition to the nominations recently made at Cincinnati. But this resolution is not intended to instruct the delegates to be sent to Baltimore.

2d. That the Democrats and Conservatives of Alabama will abide by the action of the National Democratic Convention.

3d. That this convention condemns, as alike demoralizing and dangerous to good order and peace, all associations of men formed to evade or violate the laws, whether State or Federal. That it is the duty of every good citizen to obey the laws, until repealed by the law-making power (or decided to be unconstitutional by a court of competent jurisdiction.)

4th. That this convention denounces as alarming to the citizen, and destructive to constitutional liberty, the use of the military in the execution of the laws, on the pretence of protecting the freedom of elections. That every person, who by law, is entitled to vote should be permitted to exercise this great privilege of freemen, unseduced by corrupt influences, and unawed by power. That the purity of the ballot box is the life republics.

Mr Boyd moved to lay first resolution on the table—yeas, 105; nays, 268.

Mr Boyd offered the following as a substitute for the first resolution:

Resolved, That no instructions shall be given to the delegates to the Baltimore Convention believing they will vote for and sustain that policy which the true interest of the State demands and the Democratic and Conservative party of Alabama will endorse their action and abide by and uphold the decision of the National Democratic party in convention assembled.

Mr Judge, of Montgomery, moved to lay the resolution on the table. Carried—yeas 256, nays 103.

Mr Boyd offered the following:

Resolved, That we refer the whole question of policy to be pursued in the ensuing contest by the Democracy to the Baltimore Convention—pledging ourselves to abide by its action.

Gen H D Clayton, of Barbour, offered an amendment to the effect that it is the sense of this convention that the Baltimore Convention should ratify the nomination made at Cincinnati.

Mr Boyd and Gen Clayton both withdrew their resolutions, and the previous question on the resolutions reported by the committee was ordered and carried. Yeas, 287; Nays, 85.

There was some discussion of the resolutions *pro* and *con*, when they were adopted by the following vote: Yeas 254; nays, 94; on the first resolution, and the others unanimously.

Mr McCaa from committee reported the following State Executive Committee:

1st District—Price Williams, of Mobile; E W Martin, of Conecuh; Joseph F Johnston, of Dallas.

2d District—Thomas J Judge, of Montgomery; R H Powell, of Bullock; H D Clayton, of Barbour.

3d District—Osceola Kyle, of Elmore; R F Ligon, of Macon; W D Bulger, of Tallapoosa.

4th District—H M Summerville, of Tuscaloosa; W B Modawell, of Perry; E W Smith, of Sumter.

5th District—James Crook, of Calhoun; W M Lowe, of Madison; R K Boyd, of Marshall.

6th District—Robt McFarland, of Lauderdale; G T Deeson, of Jefferson; John Phelan, of Lawrence.

Mr Powell, of Tuscaloosa, moved that some other name be substituted for that of Mr Judge, of Montgomery, in order to continue Mr Judge as chairman.

This would have been done by acclamation but Mr Judge stated that for several reasons he preferred not to be re-elected chairman, that he would necessarily be absent from the State some time during the canvass, and that at the proper time he desired to nominate a gentleman whom it was his earnest desire should succeed him.

Whereupon the report of the committee was unanimously ratified.

Mr Moseley, of Talladega, nominated John T Heflin, of Talladega, as chairman of the State Executive Committee.

Mr Heflin stated that it was essential for the chairman of the committee to reside in Montgomery and he asked that his name be not presented.

Mr Judge nominated for chairman of the State Executive Committee, Robert Tyler, of Montgomery.

Col Lowe seconded the motion of Col Judge with great satisfaction—he knew no man worthier than Robert Tyler to succeed the pure and incorruptible Judge who had succeeded the noble and lamented Clanton.

The nomination was ratified by acclamation.

Mr. Semple, of Montgomery, offered the following resolution which was adopted.

Resolved, That four persons be appointed by the President who, with the Chairman of the Executive Committee, shall constitute the General Committee and compose a part of the Executive which was adopted.

The Chair appointed H C Semple, T B Bethea, P T Sayre, and T H Watts.

The following resolution from the Committee on Resolutions was adopted.

Resolved, That this convention will not select electors for President and Vice President but that the State Executive Committee shall, after the action of the Baltimore Convention, select four candidates for electors and four alternates for the State at large, and that the several Congressional Districts shall select one candidate in each District for elector for President and Vice-President and one alternate and that the Executive Committee of the State shall fill all vacancies that may occur on the electoral ticket from any cause whatever.

Mr Powell, of Tuscaloosa, offered a resolution which was unanimously adopted, thanking Hon R W Walker for the able and courteous manner in which he presided over the convention and the Secretaries for the faithful discharge of their duties.

Also a resolution of thanks to Patrick Doran for his efficient services as door keeper. Adopted.

Mr Walker returned thanks to the convention for the patience it had displayed and the kind treatment he had received and wished the delegates one and all a safe return to their homes.

On motion the convention then adjourned *sine die*.

Reward of a Rascal.

The President has appointed ex-Congressman Clark, of Texas, to be Postmaster at Galveston, at a salary of $4,000 a year. It is little more than a month since Clark was expelled from his seat in Congress by a unanimous vote of the House, on the unanimous report of a committee that he held it by the grossest fraud. There are no charges made against the present Postmaster at Galveston, and his supersedure is not only a violation of the new Civil Service rules, but is followed by an appointment universally denounced by friend and foe alike of the administration.

The South Carolina Legislature has passed a law that prohibits praying and preaching in public, unless a license has been previously taken out therefor. This is not, as might be supposed, an attempt to prevent the publication of false doctrines. All religions are alike false to the high-toned carpet-baggers of the Palmetto State. It is merely a new scheme for raising the sinews of the war that the rulers of South Carolina are carrying on against the citizens of South Carolina. The latter have been so outrageously robbed and oppressed that religion has become their sole solace. The fact has not escaped the keen eyes of their masters, who have decided to tax even this one remaining luxury, in order to swell still further their ill-gotten gains.

Chicago Tribune.

School Girls and Editors. A pleasant Welcome.

The following welcome to the press was read before the Columbus Female College, by Miss Mellie Eeford, during the late meeting of the Press Association in this city. It was received with decided applause:

Gentlemen of the Press Association of the State of Mississippi: We welcome you into our halls. Your visit is an era in the history of our little city, and a pleasant episode in our social experience. Especially has your visit set the heart of the school girl all agog with excitment, for, whether it be imagination or not, we have been accustomed to regard the editor's brain as the very fountain of wisdom, his pen prolific of compliments and his heart overflowing with generosity. Marvel not then, ye sage knights of the quill, should we feel as if some great potentate had honored us with a visit:

Our desire is that your visit may be a pleasant one, that your lives may be cast in pleasant places—that your hopes may never be frustrated—that you may all become married men, and that you may all vote for Horace Greeley, if you can't do any better.

May you ever be the school girl's friend, as we have always considered you, and may our regard for you only increase with length of days.—*Goodman Central Star.*

JACKSONVILLE REPUBLICAN

JACKSONVILLE, ALABAMA.

SATURDAY, JUNE 29th 1872.

DEMOCRATIC STATE TICKET.

FOR GOVERNOR.

THOS. H. HERNDON,

of Mobile.

FOR LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR.

E. H. MOREN, of Bibb.

SECRETARY OF STATE.

J. J. PARKER of Monroe.

ATTORNEY GENERAL.

J. W. A. SANFORD,

of Montgomery.

AUDITOR.

T. J. BURNETT, of Butler.

TREASURER.

J. F. GRANT, of Calhoun.

SUPT. PUBLIC INSTRUCTION.

JOSEPH HODGSON,

of Montgomery.

COMMISS'R INDUSTRIAL RESOURCES.

E. F. COMEGYS,

of Lawrence.

CONGRESSMEN AT LARGE.

ALPHEUS BAKER, of Barbour.

J. J. JOLLY, of Greene.

Delegates to the Baltimore Convention.

FROM THE STATE AT LARGE.

Delegates—Wm. M. Byrd, Eli S. Shorter, Levi W Lawler, J B Clark, Thos A Walker, F W Sykes, Jones M Withers, P M Dox.

Alternates—R H Smith, A N Worthy, W H Barnes, F S Lyon, S H Moore, E A O'Neal, R H Powell, John Phelan.

1st District.

C L Scott, of Wilcox; J W Posey, of Monroe. Alternates—B M Woolsey, of Dallas, and P D Page, of Conecuh.

2d District.

Gen A C Gordon, of Henry, and Albert Strassburger, of Montgomery. Alternates—S H Dent, of Barbour, and B W Young, of Lowndes.

3d District

Dani Crawford, of Coosa, and C J Bryant, of Macon. Alternates—Gen B D Fry, of Elmore, and J D Trammell, of Chambers.

4th District—Allen C. Jones, of Hale and L M. Stone, of Pickens. Alternates—M. A. King, of Tuscaloosa and T. D. Cory, of Autauga.

5th District—S. D. Cabiniss, of Madison and Thos. B. Cooper, of Cherokee. Alternates—Thos. D. Osborn, of Jackson and Leonidas W. Grant, of Calhoun.

6th District—Alberto Martin, of Jefferson and H. C. Jones, of Lauderdale. Alternates—Lee Crandall, of Morgan, and Robert McFarland, of Lauderdale.

State Democratic Executive Committee.

ROBERT TYLER, of Montgomery, Ch'm.

1st District—Price Williams, of Mobile; E W Martin, of Conecuh; Joseph F Johnston, of Dallas.

2d District—Thomas J Judge, of Montgomery; R H Powell, of Bullock; H D Clayton, of Barbour.

3d District—Osceola Kyle, of Elmore; R F Ligon, of Macon; W D Bulger, of Tallapoosa.

4th District—H M Summerville, of Tuscaloosa; W B Modawell, of Perry; E W Smith, of Sumter.

5th District—James Crook, of Calhoun; W. M. Lowe, of Madison; R. K. Boyd, of Marshall.

6th District—Robert McFarland, of Lauderdale; G. T. Deason, of Jefferson; John Phelan, of Lawrence.

CENTRAL EXECTIVE COMMITTEE.

H. C. Semple, T. B. Bethea, P. T. Sayre, T. H. Watts.

The Democratic Convention.

The proceedings of this great body of representative men speaks for it. It was the largest that has been held in the State for years, and as patriotic as any that *ever* assembled. One idea only possessed the convention, and that was to devise ways and means for a return to pure government. To this end the delegates composing it and the sections they represented were prepared to make any sacrifice. The ticket they have given out is a good and strong one and will be elected next November, if the Democracy of the State does but half its duty.

The Georgia State Democratic Convention met and Hon. A. R. Lamar was made President. The action of the Convention was entirely harmonious. The Resolutions plant the Democracy upon the equality of the States, invite everybody to co-operate with them in the overthrow of the present corrupt Administration, and decline to instruct Delegates to the Baltimore Convention. But it is known that the Delegates appointed by the Convention are favorable to Greeley and Brown. Among them are Gen. Wright of the Augusta *Chronicle*, and Col. Avery of the Atlanta *Constitution*, both of which papers have advocated the endorsement of Greeley.

Gov. Randolph, on taking the chair at the New Jersey Democratic Convention, among other things, said: "Unless some unexpected reaction occurs, the action of the Baltimore Convention is a foregone conclusion. Endorsed at Baltimore, I deem Greeley's election assured. It is well known that my judgment has been against the endorsement of the Cincinnati ticket."

The Ohio Democratic Convention will endorse Greeley and Brown or send Delegates favorable to their endorsement to the Convention at Baltimore.

The Press Convention.

We published last week the proceedings of this respectable body, but owing to the make up, in somewhat mutilated form. Sufficient may have been gathered from it, however, to learn that its entire action was highly important to newspaper interests in Alabama. Several important measures were discussed, which owing to the shortness of the session were not matured. These we trust will be brought up and disposed of at the Convention in Mobile, December 4th. Each member present pledged himself and the paper he represented to abide by the rules and regulations adopted. Our subscribers will notice that among these was a resolution to publish no communications recommending or suggesting candidates for office except upon the payment of advertising rates therefor. As such communications are generally of little interest to any one but the candidate so recommended or suggested, and as they always contemplate in their publication an actual outlay of money on the part of the publisher, we regard the action of the Convention on this head as eminently proper; and we hereby give notice to all concerned that we shall adopt the resolution of the Association, as in duty bound, as our own. The resolution referred to also provided for a charge for obituaries over five lines in length. Another important matter, looking to the protection of publishers in their dealings with advertising agents was satisfactorily disposed of. We trust that publishers will not be backward in making complaints and that the Committee will be *prompt* to act in every case. These advertising agents, one and all, seem to make it a rule, while swindling one publisher here, to be careful to pay another promptly there, that in every event they may find some defenders in each State, and always have references that will report them satisfactorily, on enquiry. The resolution to make the cause of one swindled publisher the cause of all, readily heads off this pretty game. Other important action was had, which may be seen by reference to the proceedings published last week.

The session of the Convention though short was harmonious and very pleasant. Each and every one of us had an opportunity to scan the faces and talk to men we had been curious to see, from reading after them each week. To say that we were not disappointed in the personal appearance of some of them would not be true, but it was always an agreeable disappointment. We can truthfully say that, in almost every instance, we had formed an idea of the personal appearance of the men composing the Association, that did not do justice to them. Many pleasant acquaintances and we trust lasting friendships were formed.

The Association occupied the rooms gracefully tendered by the Board of Trade, whose President, Mr. Strassberger, a most courteous and hospitable gentleman, and whose Secretary Ben. H. Screws, author of the "Alabama Legislature and other works," the very prince of good fellows and a member of the "old guard" himself were personally present the entire day.

Bro. W. W. Screws, of the *Advertiser* office enacted the part of host in a manner becoming his generous spirit and social disposition; while Bro. Francis of the *Advance* made himself agreeable and was observant of the wants of the "visiting brethren."

To Messrs. Screws of the *Advertiser* and LeGrand & Co., the principliest advertisers in Alabama, the Association is indebted for a bountiful supply of champagne. The Havanas consumed during the deliberations were the gift of Mr. Strassberger, the President of the Board of Trade.

Col. S. J. Saffold, the President of the Association presided throughout the day with dignity, now and then descending to the floor to lend the members present the benefit of his experience and observation. The entire discussion, on every subject brought forward, was full of information and fraught with good to the Press of Alabama. So far as we observe the newspapers represented at the Convention speak in terms of pleasure of the meeting. Some are a little miffed that Montgomery was not more lavish in her attentions; but this was hardly to be expected when we reflect that she had another large convention on her hands, which was about as much as she could well attend to. She made a fair divide, and we think the press ought to rest content with this. In fact we cannot see why not. It is time that newspaper men should cease insisting on special favors in that way—favors which interested parties here and there over the country have rendered a custom. Editors who live by their brains should be less sensitive to slights put upon their stomachs.

The best hearted and most generous young man in the State lives at Selma, but he is not indigenous to Selma soil. He is a transplant from Jacksonville, we are happy to say, and his friends here know him by the name of John Woodward. As proof of either fact; that is to say, as proof that he is the best hearted boy in Alabama, or that his name is Jno. Woodward, we have only to mention that on our return from Montgomery, we found awaiting us, as a gift from him, an elegant Greeley and Brown hat. Need we say more?

Conferences to see about who is to be the next President are the order of the day. Just following the Fifth Avenue *fiasco*, come John Van Allen and Joseph R. Flanders, who want a Conference of the Anti-Greeley Democrats at Baltimore, July 8th, the day preceding the National Democratic Convention. It is no use Mr. Flanders. You may swear like the army in Flanders from now until the 9th and *then* Mr. Greeley will walk over the track. "The people have got the bits in their teeth."

Col. Robert Tyler.

No man in the State, within the last few years, has been of more signal service to the Democratic party than COL. ROBT. TYLER; and Col. JUDGE could have performed no more graceful act than to have transferred, as he did, to his shoulders the mantle of the popular, the patriotic, the lamented CLANTON.

The position of Chairman of the Democratic Executive Committee, at this time, is one of high honor and responsibility; but Col. TYLER will worthily wear the one and answer faithfully to the other.

While we rejoice that his services to the party and his eminent ability has been thus publicly acknowledged, we candidly express a regret (and in doing so we would not be construed as expressing dissatisfaction at the nomination of either Messrs. JOLLY or BAKER) that an evident misunderstanding, of no moment, in the convention, deprived him of the place upon the ticket, for Congress at Large, which it was the evident wish of the Convention to confer upon him. His great popularity in the State was evinced in the round after round of and long continued applause which greeted the mention of his name when Mr. PROSKAUER placed it before the convention. That he stood in high favor with the convention, the ballots will show, he being at one time far ahead of all competitors and that notwithstanding the fact that there was another competitor for the honor from his own District. But if he was popular in the convention before, the lofty sentiment uttered in response to a call of the convention after the withdrawal of his name, rendered him doubly so, and stamped the conviction of his eminent fitness for the position his friends sought to confer upon him, upon the minds of all present. "It were enough for any man" said this pure patriot, "to see the vindication of the principles for which he has contended and the triumph of the cause which he has espoused." Had the convention been permitted another ballot after the utterance of that sentiment, coming as it did, clothed in the most modest garb that language and manner could throw around it, he would have received a response in an almost *unanimous* nomination.

As it is, his friends are cheered with the thought that Alabama has in store yet more and greater honors for her favorite and most faithful sons.

Hon. Thos. A. Walker.

It will be seen by reference to the Proceedings of the Convention that this worthy son of Calhoun county received an honorable vote, for the nomination for Governor, in that body. His locality was all that prevented that respectable vote from being swelled into proportions large enough to nominate him. Mobile has a very heavy Democratic vote, and inasmuch as she neither asked nor received a place on the State ticket in the last canvass, the convention was disposed to look with great favor on any candidate she might put forward. That man was the Hon. Thos. H. Herndon, her favorite son, and he received an enthusiastic support from the beginning; for besides being the first choice of Mobile county, he was well known to members of the convention as a man who in times past they had delighted to honor. None are better satisfied with the result than Judge Walker, we know, and when the time comes for hard licks in the canvass, no arm will be found more stalwart than his, and there will be no more willing laborer in the field. His friends who may be disappointed that he was not chosen to fill a position they knew he would grace, need not be deprived of his services altogether. They can easily send him to the State Senate, a position to which they have already shown a desire to elevate him, where he will be in position to put in his best licks in behalf of their rigths and interests.

Dr. Shepard.

This faithful democrat will, we understand, be before the 6th Senatorial District Convention, for the nomination of State Senator from the counties of Cleburne, Randolph and Chambers. We advert to the fact, merely to say that the people of that District might hunt the State over and not find within her entire borders a fitter man to represent their interests than Dr. Shepard. He is known to us all as a gentleman of superior intellect, a man of unflinching courage, a good democrat, and an ardent lover of his country. What more could the people of the District want in their representative? Nothing more, and we hope to have the pleasure of recording the fact, after the Wedowee Convention, that the Dr. has been unanimously nominated as the Democratic Candidate for Senator from that District.

The Illinois Liberal Republican and the Democratic Conventions met in Springfield on the same day. Steps looking to a fusion of the parties represented in each were taken. Harmony prevailed in both conventions. Senator Schurz in a letter to the Liberal Republican Convention defined his position for Greeley.

The following are the delegates from Cleburne County to the Senatorial District Convention to be held in Wedowee, the 1st Monday in August next: Wm. McMahan, Jos. Burton Esq., H. S. Whitman, Dr. Shepard, Wm. Douthard and John Pollard.

The Democratic State Convention of Minnesota, instructed its delegates to the Baltimore Convention for Greeley, amid a scene of unusual enthusiasm. The Democrats agreed to coalesce with the Liberal Republicans in the State and Congressional District elections.

Amnesty and Its Opponents.

Some weeks ago we wrote an article on the then fresh topic of Amnesty, in which we saw fit to say a pleasant word of welcome to the men again admitted to all the rights and immunities of American citizenship by a simple act of justice on the part of Congress, and which contained a chapter of hope for the young men of the South who, under the new order of things, may have found their prospects of immediate promotion somewhat impaired thereby. In it we espoused neither the cause of old or young Indeed, no such unworthy thought occurred to us in connection therewith.

It has suited the purpose of some, however, (among them a correspondent of the Cherokee *Advertiser* under the *nom de plume* of "Young Man," and a correspondent of the Gadsden *Times* under the inappropriate title of "Junius,") to construe the article as an assertion of the superior claims of the old over the young, and to make it the occasion for a display of that disfranchising and proscriptive spirit, which we all bitterly condemned in a Radical Congress. We say the same spirit which we have condemned in a Radical Congress, because if the men who have recently had their franchises restored to them by Congress, are again to be disfranchised to all intents and purposes by the "young men," what has been effected by recent legislation on the subject? Would "young man" replace the shackles upon the limbs of as good and true old soldiers as ever bore arms, and as wise and sagacious statesmen as ever sat in council? Such men are Cooper and McSpadden of his own county, to say nothing of thousands of others scattered all over the South. Would he "retire these old men," because, forsooth, ambition has filled his mind and heart with the vainglorious thought that "young men" "can drive the 'concern' and hold a steady rein in such a manner as to avoid a 'catastrophe?"

Both correspondents alluded to, singularly agree upon the construction placed upon our article; and, since both are as alike as two black eyed peas, one reply will suffice for both. That reply we have already made in disclaiming the construction placed upon the article in question. It only remains for us to correct some of the errors of these young knights who have set their lances in rest for a tilt against "the fathers" and we are done.

It is not true that we are "jubilant over the withering effect amnesty is to have upon the 'outcropping' prospects of the young men of our beloved South." If we displayed any jubilant spirit, it was because Congress had at last done justice to a large portion of our honored fellow citizens, who had until then been the longest sufferers in a common cause. We should be sorry to think that either "A Young Man" or "Junius" were not stirred by the same generous emotions, on the reception of the tidings. We recognize no cause of the young men separate and apart from that of the old men. If we did, our heart and sympathy would be all on the side of the former. In a fight for the *spoils* between the two, it would be a shame for us, or for any one else, to espouse the cause of either. Neither do we recognize the superior claims of either to office; for neither have any claims upon the country; it is the country that has claims upon both.

That our entire article was not published, in connection with the communications criticising it, we shall not complain, as it best suited the purpose of the critics to garble it.

To the only point in the article of "Junius" apart from the points made in the article of a "Young Man," and *that* under cover of a *pun*, we shall not reply, further than to remark, that it is not for *him*, writing in the interest of the one he names, to talk about "kinsfolk" in the matter.

"Young Man," with becoming feeling, alludes to the gallant spirits who perished from among the young men of the country in the late struggle. Why did it not suit his purpose to mention some of the gallant spirits who yet *survive* the war—the Sheffields, the Boyds, the Lowes, the Robinsons, the Dobbs, the Dunlaps, the Leaths, the Boxs, the Inzers, the Aikins, for instance? Was it because he feared that by such allusion, the eyes of the people of the District might be turned from his favorite candidate to the contemplation of some of these?

"Who inaugurated the rebellion," enquires this sapient "young man;" and then he proceeds to answer his own question by saying "it was not the young men," thus attempting, by implication, to fix it upon the old men of the country. He has read history to but little purpose, his knowledge of the causes which led to the war is but shallow, if he does not know that neither our young nor our old men are responsible for the war; if he does not know that it was *forced* upon us by the dominant party North, bent, first, upon the utter subversion of our form of government and, incidentally, the destruction of the people of the South.

But in claiming for the young men of the South credit for fighting the war, he is again in error. It was a common remark at the time that the Southern Confederacy, in the prosecution of the war, had anticipated the cradle and robbed the grave. We took a slight hand in that little affair, and we have a clear recollection that we fought through it all side by side with men old enough to have full grown sons in the army, whom they sometimes had the pleasure to meet in quieter hours, in the camp, and whom they sometimes had the keen anguish to bear from the bloody field of battle, their *more* than sacrifice of *life*, offered up as a holocaust upon the alter of liberty. Shame upon the young man who would now attempt to ostracise such as these!

To another point. The "young man" resents, for the people, the expression employed by us wherein we said "the people have the bits in their teeth and are beyond restraint or control." This we regarded as the very highest compliment we could have paid "the people" and we are surprised to see one of them, in the person of the "young man," so asinine as to resent it. If it meant anything it meant that they were out from under the hands of the politicians, both young and old; that *they were doing their own thinking*.

But why this argument after all? The "young man" says at the end of his article, just before he picks up the gauntlet supposed to be thrown him by the old men, that the people will make as the test for office, not age, but "is he honest, is he faithful, is he qualified, has he the moral courage to discharge his whole duty?" This is what they ought to do. This is what they will do. "The line" therefore "is [*not*] drawn and the issue is [*not*] squarely made between the young and old men in the coming elections." Nor indeed should it be. Old and young alike should scorn the thought, and, as one of the latter class, we modestly suggest, since the Jeffersonian rule has been invoked, that "Young Man" and those having *affinity*, go slow, even on *that line*, lest the people, under the application of *his tests* should summarily consign him to the tomb of the Capulets.

Look on this Picture.

You will, find that the young men of the South will take "possession of the team," which requires activity and energy in its management, and will retire these old men to less arduous duties but honorable ease—an easy going service of an administrative character, with good pay and light work, adapted to their enervated and less *heliecose* natures, and we young men will try and drive the "concern," and hold a steady rein in such manner as to avoid a "catastrophe," and construct, after such manner as will harmonize old differences.

"*A Young Man*" *in the Cherokee Advertiser of recent date.*

And then Look on this.

[From the Marion Commonwealth.]

LIVINGSTON, June 25, 1872.

Gentlemen: The telegrams from Washington, inform us that Congress has passed an amnesty bill removing all political disabilities with but few exceptions. This is simply an act of sheer justice to the brave, noble, patriotic, and chivalric citizens of the Southren States. No credit can be ascribed to those few who aided our friends in achieving this glorious result.

I congratulate our oppressed and cruelly treated fellow-citizens in again being placed in a position to serve their country, to give us the aid of their wisdom, their sagacity, and their statesmanship in the halls of legislation, in the executive chambers, and in our judicial tribunals. I say it is time for rejoicing when we behold our brethren liberated from the hands of political thralldom, and our fathers restored unto us, with all the rights and immunities of citizenship by a simple act, that justice would not cease claiming until granted.

The times present a more cheerful prospect; our political skies are brightening; a new dawn is breaking in upon us; reason is resuming her wonted sway, and the dark plottings of a black centralization are fading away before the rising sun of a new political era founded on truth, justice, and law regulated by reason.

It was my duty in 1870, when many, very many, of our purest and best men were bound with proscriptive fetters, to enter the canvass by order of a convention of the people, to aid in some feeble way, in vindication of the rights of the commonwealth, and if possible, to wrest from the hands of our enemies the helm of State. You well remember the result brought about by the untiring energies of the people and the faithful labors of their representatives.

Now, that our brethren, men of noble bearing and deserving merit, are free to aspire to public position, both State and Federal, which, if elected, the law will permit them to take—I do now, as an act of justice to, and appreciation of them, request that you withdraw my name from the list of candidates for Congress in this District.

I know that others may desire the honorable position; men who are more competent, more deserving, having stronger and higher claims upon the people, and, if elected, will fill the station with credit to themselves and honor to their State. I am, therefore, unwilling, and averse, to having my name thrown upon the political arena in a wrangle or scramble for office. I would expect to have visited upon me, justly, the severest condemnation of the people and witness the burial of my every political hope in the grave of political doom.

The maxim that has come down to us from other generations that offices, political offices, should neither be sought nor declined, should be written upon the lintels of every man's door. It is the part of duty, of patriotism, for every citizen to serve his country for his country's good—making every feeling, every desire, every interest subservient to harmony, *unity, success*. I, therefore, gentlemen, most heartily and sincerely thank you, and the other journals in this district, for the honorable mention you have seen fit to make of me in the columns of your respective journals. I shall ever recall with feelings of gratitude and undiminished pride, the aid the press and the people gave me, in that memorable campaign of 1870, when I endeavored to bear the standard of the Democratic and Conservatic party through the fourteen counties composing the District. When that campaign was ended, the result known, I returned that flag to those from whose hands I received it, I trust, untarnished, and unsullied as it was when I first unfolded it to the popular breeze, conscious that I had done my duty to the best of my ability.

In conclusion, let me say that into whatever hands that flag may be placed in the coming contest, the standard-bearer will find me on his right, aiding in its defence, with unceasing zeal and unflinching fidelity, with the motto:

"Be just and fear not
Let all the ends thou aim'st at be thy country's,
Thy God's, and truth's, and if thou fall'st,
O Cromwell!
Thou fall'st a blessed martyr."

Again, gentlemen, thanking you for your kind preference and your appreciation of my public services,

I remain your friend,
And fellow-citizen,
J. G. HARRIS.

ANNUAL EXAMINATION

CROSS PLAINS INSTITUTE.

Sunday Morning, June 30th.

Commencement Sermon at 11 o'clock.

Monday, July 1st.

Examination of Classes from 9 o'clock, A. M., to 2 o'clock, P. M.

At night, Speeches, Recitations, Dialogues and Music.

Tuesday, July 2d.

Examination of Classes from 9 o'clock, A. M., to 2 o'clock, P. M.

At night, a Musical and Dramatic Entertainment.

Wednesday Morning.

Closing Exercises to consist of Original Compositions by the young ladies and Speeches by the young gentlemen, Music, Award of Prizes, and Addresses by gentlemen invited for the occasion. Benediction.

The friends of education generally invited.

A. D. BAILEY,
Principal.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

To satisfy one fifa in my hands issued from the circuit court of Talladega county against E. G. Morris and in favor of Roshmore, Carvel & Co., I will proceed to sell to the highest bidder for cash before the court house door in the town of Jacksonville on the 1st Monday in August next, all of E. G. Morris' interest in the following described property to wit:— One set of Merchant Mills and ten acres of land more or less, known as the Phillips mill, in section 22 Township 14 Range 7. C. P. READ,
Sheriff.

June 29 1872—5t.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

To satisfy one fifa in my hands issued from the circuit court of Talladega county against E. G. Morris and in favor of John C. Whitcomb, I will proceed to sell to the highest bidder for cash before the court house door in the town of Jacksonville, on the first Monday in August next, all of E. G. Morris' interest in the following described property to wit:— One set of Merchant Mills and ten acres of land more or less known as the Phillips Mills in section 22, township 14 range 7. C. P. READ,
Sheriff.

June 29 1872—5t.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

To satisfy one fifa in my hands issued from the circuit court of Calhoun county against Samuel Skelton and E. G. Morris and in favor of the State, I will proceed to sell to the highest bidder for cash before the court house door in the town of Jacksonville on the first Monday in August next, all of E. G. Morris' interest in the following described property to wit:— One set of Merchant mills and ten acres of land, more or less, known as the Phillips mills in section 22 township 14 range 7. C. P. READ,
Sheriff.

June 29 1872—5t.

ESTRAY NOTICE.

The State of Alabama, Calhoun County.

TAKEN up by J. E. Reese and posted before W. C. Whitesides, a Justice of the Peace of said county, on 24th day of June, 1872, a certain stray horse about 12 years old, fifteen and a half hands high, a dark chesnut-sorrel, with a knot on lower part of left thigh, and blind in left eye. Appraised by W. C. Searbrough, J. M. Warnock and W. H. Clay at the value of $130 00.

A. WOODS, Judge
of Probate

F. J. BARNARD & Co.

WHOLESALE & RETAIL DEALERS IN

Paints, Oils, Glass, Putty, Brushes,

AND

A Large Assortment of

ARTIST MATERIALS,

PICTURE FRAMES AND MOULDINGS &c.

No. 11. NORTH WATER STREET,

MOBILE, ALA.

☞ This House was established in the year 1842.

sep16—6m.

NEW LIVERY STABLE.

The undersigned takes pleasure in notifying his friends, and the

PUBLIC GENERALLY

that he has opened the stables formerly known as the Privett Stables.

HE IS PREPARED TO HIRE.

Hacks, Wagons, Buggies, and Horses at the following scheudle of prices:

Two-hors: hacks and driver per day	$6,00.
Two-horse wagon and driver per day	$5,00.
Buggy and horse per day	$3,00.
Single Buggy per day	$2,00.
Single Horse per day	$2,00.

He will also feed and take care of stock charges to be paid when the stock is taken from the stable. Terms cash, only.

RICHARD WEAVER,

aug12—7t.

Estate of Moses Latham, Deceased.

Court of Probate for Calhoun County, Alabama.

Special Term, June 11th, A. D. 1872.

Letters of Administration upon the estate of said decedent having been granted to the undersigned on the 11th day of June, 1872, by the Hon. A. Woods, judge of the probate court of said county, notice is hereby given that all persons having claims against said estate will be required to present the same within the time allowed by law or the same will be barred.

ELIZA J. LATHAM.
Administratrix of the estate of
Moses Latham, deceased.

june15'72—6t.

NOTICE!!—NOTICE!!!—The 10th day of July is hereby appointed for correction of errors in the assessment of taxes due the Incorporation for the year A. D. 1872; and all parties interested can attend and have such corrections made as may be proper.

G. I. TURNLEY,
Intendent.

JOHN M. CALDWELL,
C. C. C.

It Leads to Happiness!

A BOON TO THE WHOLE RACE OF WOMEN!

DR. J. BRADFIELD'S

FEMALE REGULATOR!

It will bring on the Menses; all pain at the monthly "Period;" cure Rheumatism and Neuralgia of Back and Uterus; Leucorrhea or "Whites," and partial prolapsus Uteri; check excessive flow, and corect all irregularities peculiar to ladies.

It will remove all irritation of Kidneys & Bladder; relieve Costiveness; purify the Blood; give tone & strength to the whole system clear the skin imparting a rosy hue to the cheek, & cheerfulness to the mind.

It is as sure a cure in all the above diseases as Quinine is in Chills & Fever.

Ladies can cure themselves of all the above diseases without revealing their complaints to any person, which is always mortyfying to their pride and modesty.

It is recommended by the best physicians and the clergy.

LAGRANGE, GA., March 23, 1870.

BRADFIELD & CO., Atlanta, Ga.—Dear Sirs: I take pleasure in stating that I have used for the last twenty years, the medicine you are now putting up, known as Dr. J. Bradfield's FEMALE REGULATOR, and consider it the best combination ever gotten together for the disease for which it is recommended. I have been familiar with the prescription both as a practitioner of medicine and in domestic practice, and can honestly say that I consider it a boon to suffering females, and can but hope that every lady in our whole land, who may be suffering in any way peculiar to their sex, may be able to procure a bottle, that their sufferings may not only be relieved, but that they may be restored to health and strength.

With my kindest regards,
I am respectfully, W. B. FERRELL, M.D.

NEAR MARIETTA, GA., March 21, 1870.

MESSRS. WM. ROOT & SON.—Dear Sirs: Some months ago I bought a bottle of BRADFIELD'S FEMALE REGULATOR from you, and have used it in my family with the utmost satisfaction, and have recommended it to three other families, and they have found it just what it is recommended. The females who have used your REGULATOR are in perfect health, and are able to attend to their household duties, and we cordially recommended it to the public.

Yours respectfully, Rev. H. B. JOHNSON

We could add a thousand other certificates; but we consider the above ample proof of its virtue. All we ask is a trial.

For full particulars, history of diseases, and certificates of its wonderful cures, the reader is referred to the wrapper round the bottle.

Manufactured & sold by

BRADFIELD & CO.,

Price $1.50. Atlanta, Ga.

Sold by all Druggists.

The State of Alabama, } Court of Pro-
Calhoun County. } bate for said County, June 17th 1872.

Notice is hereby given that Sarah B. Ingram as the Guardian of John B. Ingram, Richard W. Ingram, Avery B. Ingram and Sam'l P. Ingram, Minor children of R. A. Ingram dec'd, this day filed in said Court the amount and vouchers for an annual Settlement and the 15th day of July 1872, is set for making settlement.

A. WOODS,
June 22, 1872.—3t. Judge of Probate.

BEWARE OF STOVE PEDDLERS

It has been seldom necessary to caution our friends against imposition. But since they are apparently being imposed upon, we have to say that the stove sold by Peddlers, are

OLD FASHIOED ELEVATED OVEN,

AND UNSIGHTLY IN APPEARANCE AT $48—*Can be Furnished by us, in any Quantity, at* $25, INCLUDING 2 Pots, 2 Kettles, 2 Griddles, 1 Heater, 1 Gridiron, 1 Tea Kettle, 1 Waffle Iron, 1 Muffin, 1 Oval Boiler, 1 Sauce Pan, 1 Steamer, 1 Coffee Boiler, 3 Sheet Iron Pans, 3 Joint Stove Pipe—

IN ALL TWENTY-ONE PIECES.

If they prefer the stove above described and, as we are informed, is being sold, we will agree to furnish any number at the price named. At the same time advise our friends to avail themselves of the latest improvements and manufactured of the toughest native iron, upon which we give a full guaranty upon every stove sold by us.

Our facilities for furnishing any article in our line is not surpassed, and we hope this caution will be considered and acted upon. J. & S BONES & CO.,

may18'73—tf. Rome, Ga.

LADIES LOOK HERE!

Don't you want a Sewing Machine? If so, you want the best! And that is the

IMPROVED

WHEELER & WILSON

I am Agent for this county (Calhoun) and would be pleased to sell to any one in need of a machine. I deliver them at your houses and give you a long time to pay for them. It only requires 17½ cents per day, for 17 or 19 months, to pay for one. Price, $90 and $100, on a credit of 17 and 19 months, respectively, notes due 4, 8, 12 and 17 months, without interest, for the $90 machine, and 4, 8, 12 and 19 months, without interest, for the $100 machine.

The Machines will do any kind of work runs light, is durable and will last a life time. If you want a Machine write to me and I will bring it to your house and learn you how to operate it. By paying cash we allow 10 per cent. discount from the above prices. Address

S. B. KIRBY,
No. 7, Office Row,
Jacksonville, Ala.

CALL AT THE

Old Hotel,

West Side of the Public Squar

Jacksonville, Ala.

WHICH has been repaired, refurnished and refitted up, especially for the comfort of those who may favor us with a call. Rooms large and comfortable—fare good as the country affords—servants polite and attentive—charges reasonable.

Can accommodate a dozen or two regular boarders.

J. D. HAMMOND,
Dec. 18, '69—1y. *Proprietor.*

CROSS PLAINS HOUSE

COME ALONG.

This House is not quite completed, but will receive Boarders and the Traveling public generally.

No rash promises made—come and see.

A. S. JOHNSON,
J. N. HOOD,
J. N. HOOD, Prop'r.

june18—tf.

Estate of Nathan Boles, Deceased.

Court of Probate for Calhoun County, Alabama.

Regular Term, May 13th, 1872.

Letters testamentary under the last will and testament of said decedent having been granted to the undersigned on the 13th day of May, 1872, by the Hon. A. Woods, judge of the probate court of said county of Calhoun, notice is hereby given that all persons having claims against said estate will be required to present the same within the time allowed by law, or that the same will be barred.

ISSABELLA BOWLES and
ALBIN C. BUSH,
Executrix and executor of the estate of Nathan Bowles, deceased.

june15'72—6t.

Estate of Mary Young, Deceased.

Court of Probate for Calhoun County, Alabama.

Special Term, June 10th, A. D., 1872.

Letters of administration upon the estate of said decedent having been granted to the undersigned on the 10th day of June, 1872, by the Hon. A. Woods, judge of the probate court of said estate, will be required to present the same within the time allowed by law, or that the same will be barred.

JAMES H. SAVAGE,
Adm'r of said estate.

june15'72—6t.

THE STATE OF ALABAMA,
COUNTY CALHOUN.

Probate Court, June the 6th 1872.

Caroline Norman, Dec'd Estate of } THIS day came John D. Hoke, Executor of the last will of said deceased and filed his statement, accounts, vouchers and evidence for a final settlement of said Estate. It is ordered that the 1st day of July, 1872 be appointed a day on which to make such settlement, at which time all persons interested can appear and contest the said settlement, if they think proper.

A. WOODS,
Judge of Probate.

Sheriff's Sale.

To satisfy one *fifa* in my hands against A. J. McGuire, and in favor of Ellis Caldwell, Wm. H. Forney, Wm. R. Hubbard and E. L. Woodward, I will proceed to sell to the highest bidder for cash before the court house door in the town of Jacksonville on the first Monday in July next, all of A. J. McGuire's interest in the following discribed land, to-wit: East half of south-east fourth of section thirty-five, and the west half of south-west fourth of section thirty-six, township fourteen range eight.

C. P. REID,
Sheriff.

June 1st, 1872.—5t. $6.

MONEY MADE RAPIDLY with Stencil and Key Check Outfits. Catalogues, samples and full particulars FREE. S. M. SPENCER, Brattleboro, Vt. 4w

FREE TO BOOK AGENTS

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Everything pertaining to Billiards at lowest prices. Illustrated Catalogue sent by mail.

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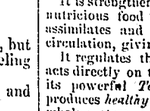

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THE BEST TEA IMPORTED.

Warranted to suit all tastes.

Put up in our trade mark Half-Pound & Pound Packages only, 30 & 60 Pound Boxes. For Sale at Wholesale only by

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"JESUS."

BY CHARLES F. DEEMS, D. D.

The most highly exalted and fascinating Portrait. The most popular and rapidly selling religious work ever issued. For circulars, address U.S. PUBLISHING CO. No. 4 Chestnut, Chicago or St. Louis.

BURNHAM'S

New Turbine is in general use throughout the U. S. A six inch, is used by the Government in the Patent Office, Washington, D. C. Its simplicity of Construction and the power it transmits renders it the best water wheel ever invented. Pamphlet free. N. F. BURNHAM, York, Pa. 4w d & co.

THE GREAT SOUTH AMERICAN

JURUBEBA

BLOOD PURIFIER

Is a powerful Tonic, specially adapted for use in Spring, when the LANGUID and DEBILITATED system needs strength and vitality; it will give vigor to the feeble, strength to the weak, animation to the dejected, active to the sluggish, rest to the weary, quiet to the nervous, and health to the infirm.

It is a South American plant, which, according to the medical and scientific periodicals of London and Paris possesses the Most POWERFUL tonic properties known to Materia Medica, and is well known in its native country as having wonderful curitive qualities and has been long used as a Specific in an all cases of IMPURITIES OF THE BLOOD, DERANGEMENT OF THE LIVER, and SPLEEN, TUMORS, DROPSY, POVERTY of the BLOOD, DEBILITY, WEAKNESS of the INTESTINES, UTERINE or URINARY ORGANS.

Dr Wells Extract of Jurubeba

It is strengthening and nourishing. Life nutricious food taken into the stomach, it assimilates and diffuses itself through the circulation, giving vigor and health.

It regulates the *bowels, quiets the nerves*, acts directly on the secretive organs, and by its powerful *Tonic* and restoring effects produces *healthy* and *vigorous* action to the whole system.

J. Q. KELLOGG, 18 Platt St., N. York, Sole Agent for the United States. Send for Circular.

☞ Price One Dollar per Bottle.

Republican

Dr. C. C. Porter,

DENTIST.

Office: East of Rowan's Store.

TWO nice rooms—one for operative and the other for Mechanical Dentistry, a fine Silk Plush and Spring bottom Operating chair. Just received a new supply of Dental instruments and materials.—Tooth powders, Mouth washes, Tooth soap, and indeed everything necessary to success. So come one, come all; I will do the very best for you I can, and for as little money as possible.

April 20th, 1872.—tf.

☞The friends of Hon. Thos. A. Walker, announce his name as a candidate for the Senate from the counties of Cherokee and Calhoun; subject to the action of a nominating convention, should one be held.

We are authorized to announce
H. L. STEVENSON,
as a candidate for the office of County Solicitor for Calhoun County. Election first Tuesday after the first Monday in November.

Rev. E. T. Smythe will preach at the Baptist church to-morrow (Sunday.)

Mrs. Seymour has presented us the largest Beats of the season. Thanks.

We have received an invitation to be present at the third Cincinnati Industrial Exposition, which will be open from September 4th to October 5th. The Premium list is very full.

We publish again this week that portion of the Proceeding of the State Convention published last week, in order that our readers may have the *entire* proceedings before them at one time.

The largest stock of Groceries ever brought to Jacksonville, at astonishing low prices, to exchange for Wheat. Farmers, come one, come all and examine Col. Parr's stock.

The Rome Base Ball Club beat the Jacksonville Merry Nine in the game last week, and consequently the M. N's. have not handed us the score for publication.

Mrs. Tommie Corey, *nee* Williams, is spending a few days among her old friends of Jacksonville. She is still mistress of that charming grace of manner that endeared her to every heart in Jacksonville when Jacksonville could claim her as a resident.

Alice Brown and W. B. Brown will be at the store of Col. Parr for several days. Call and see them.

The mass of convention matter crowds out some of our correspondents again this week. We will give them all a showing in our next.

Some of the last instalment of pipe for the Water Works arrived some days ago and Messers S. D. Wood & Co. write that they will ship the remainder in a few days. The work we trust will now go ahead to an early completion.

John A. DeArman requests us to say to Col. Parr, that he will readily yield him his position in the Union League, provided the Col. will surrender to him his position in the Ku-Klux Klan.

The cropped appearance of the REPUBLICAN this week is attributable to the fact that our paper makers made a mistake in the size of paper ordered, and sent us this upon which it is printed.

Dr. C. C. Porter, who seems to be ahead in the vegetable line this year, has presented us a cucumber, of the "Long Green" variety, the seed of which was sent him from Washington, which is *thirteen inches long*. "How's this for a cucumber."

Col. Parr wants to buy Twenty Thousand Bushels of Wheat, for which he will pay the highest cash price.

We return thanks to Mr. J. B. Peck, the courteous ticket agent of the Selma, Rome and Dalton railroad, for complimentary passes over the line of his road, to be used in going to and returning from the Montgomery and Baltimore Conventions.

We are glad to see that the needed repairs to the court house, suggested in the REPUBLICAN some weeks ago, is being made. The building will be much improved in strength and convenience thereby.

Go to Parr's to get the best bargains in all Family supplies and Plantation Groceries. He has a very large and well assorted stock at very low prices.

We failed last week, owing to absence, to call attention to the advertisment of the Va., & Ten., Air Line Railway. We do so now merely to attract to it the attention of any whom it may have escaped in the advertising columns. The advertisment sets out the advantage of the line as a line of travel and the rates speak for themselves. We shall do no more than recommend the line now, and in the future, when we have travelled over it, shall speak of it more at length.

Jim Farmer keeps the shade tree near his place of business well watered and it is the most flourishing one on the square.

Mr. W. C. Land is building for himself a neat cottage, on the street leading to the Chalybeate Spring.

We return most grateful thanks to Mrs. M. Linder for a dish of rich and delightful honey. The gum from which it was taken presents the rare spectacle of one full drawer with cells running the entire depth of it and the whole in one solid peice. Several of the drawers, weighing twenty pounds each, we see are at Messrs Draper & Johnson for sale.

In the report of the Press Convention last week some confusion was apparent in the make up. We trust, however, it was sufficiently intelligible to our readers. At least in the present crowded state of our columns we shall not republish it for the sake of having it appear entirely correct.

Last week, during our absence, one of the apprentices of the office slipped into the paper, after the foreman had proved and locked up the form, a warm puff of a litterary paper, called the "People's Monthly," published at Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania. Inasmuch it appears from the reading of the article, that the paper is endorsed by this office, we deem it proper to state how it came to be recommended in our columns. We have offers from such concerns to puff them every week, but uniformly refuse to do so on principle. They send their puffs ready printed and are generally humbugs.

What lady at the Presbyterian Supper Thursday night failed to admire the most beautiful trimmed cakes upon the table? Not one. *All* admired them and the onquiry upon every lip was, where did they come from. It affords us pleasure to say that they were sent from the Bakery of Messrs Bennett & Rhea, of Gadsden, the nicest and largest establishment of its kind in North Alabama—an establishment presided over by as generous, as fair-dealing, as accommodating men as live in the State. On future occasions like this we hope to see them largely patronized from Jacksonville, and the next wedding supper table spread in Jacksonville we want to see groaning under the good things from Bennett's. Do not be afraid of prices. It is cheaper to buy from them than to do your own baking.

As we go to press the examination exercises of Calhoun College are in progress. We have not been able to attend, owing to press of business consequent on the loss of last week at Montgomery and the greater part of this by sickness, but we understand, so far, everything has passed off very satisfactorily to the patrons of the school. Next week, perhaps, we may refer to the subject more at length.

The supper given by the ladies of the Presbyterian Church was a perfect success every way. The tables were richly and bountifully spread, the atttendance large, receipts $ and everybody pleased. Two of the best features of the affair was the Jacob's well, from which was drawn an inexhaustible supply of excellent lemonade, and the Ice Cream Saloon, presided over by the prettiest young ladies one would meet in a day's march. We have not time to describe the supper as it deserves, as it was given Thursday night and our forms are made up Friday morning.

We were absent at the time and therefore unable to attend the closing exercises of Miss Snow's school. We understand, however, that the examination and exhibition were highly creditable to both pupils and teachers. We have no doubt of it. Miss Snow is one of the finest teachers and best disciplinarians in the South, and she was ably assisted during the session by Miss Melvin. We regret that Miss Snow is not to continue in charge of the Female Academy. So far as we know she gave the very highest satisfaction, and we know that she advanced rapidly some of her pupils who came under our immediate observation. She will leave behind her many to regret her absence and will carry with her to her new field of labor, wherever that may be, the best and kindest wishes of her patrons for her success and happiness.

If you are in want of Sugars go to L. J. Parr's. He has the Crushed, Powdered, Demerara, Granulated and New Orleans Sugars and the best Coffees.

Cleburne County Democratic Convention

EDWARDSVILLE, ALA.
June 15th, 1872.

In accordance with a call by the Democratic Executive Committee, of Cleburne county, the Democratic and Conservative party, of Cleburne county, met in the court house.

The meeting was called to order by B. Owens, Chairman Executive Committee.

On motion, Maj. J. W. Wiggonton was called to the Chair, and T. J. Burton requested to act as Secretary.

On motion, a committee of five was appointed to draft suitable resolutions for the action of the convention. The chairman appointed the following as the committee, to-wit: Dr. O. W. Shepard, J. J. Polland, Hon. W. P. Howell, B. Owens, and J. D. Walker, who reported the following resolutions which, were adopted:

WHEREAS, It is essential to good and wholesome government that the wishes and sentiments of the people should be expressed and, when expressed, heeded by their representatives. And, Whereas, The profoundest interest of the whole country is involved in the results of the approaching elections, both State and National.

Be it Therefore Resolved By the Democratic and Conservative party of Cleburne County, that we pledge ourselves to support the nominations that may be made by the State Convention of the Democratic and Conservative party of Alabama, which is to convene at Montgomery on the 19th inst. for the various State offices.

Be it further Resolved, That we discard any and all issues and dissentions upon the payment or non-payment of R. R bonds in the approaching elections.

Resolved, That we recommend the following persons for nomination to the State offices, to-wit:

Hon. J. J. Parker for Secretary of State,

Hon. Jefferson Falkner for Auditor.

Hon. W. J. Borden for State Superintendent.

Hon. J. F. Grant for Treasurer.

Hon. E. G. Richards for Congress for the State at Large.

We recommend as delegates to the State Convention, Dr. O. W. Shepard, Hon. W. P. Howell, and J. D. Hogan, Esq.

As delegates to the Congressional Convention of this District, J. W. Wiggonton, T. J. Burton, B. Owens, W. P. Howell and Matthew Alexander.

As delegates to the Senatorial Convention of this District, Dr. O. W. Shepard, Wm. McMahon, H. S. Whitman, T. J. Burton and Wm. Dothard.

We recommend that J. C. Barker, B. Owens and T. J. Burton be appointed a Central Committee for this county of the Democratic and Conservative party.

On motion agreed to meet at the court house on the 1st Saturday in September next for the purpose of nominating candidates for county offices.

On motion, requested that these proceedings be published in the Jacksonville REPUBLICAN.

J. W. WIGGONTON, Chairman.
T. J. BURTON, Sec'y.

The above proceedings arrived too late for publication before the State Convention. It affords us pleasure to state from observation that the Cleburne delegation faithfully carried out the spirit of their instructions, in the State Convertion, and otherwise bore themselves in a manner highly creditable to themselves and the county they represented.

Re-Union of the Tenth Alabama Regiment.

At the first Re-Union of the 10th Ala Regiment held at Shelby Springs on the 27 and 28th of July, 1871, the Association "resolved to hold its next annual meeting at or near Talladega, on the Thursday before the 4th Monday in July, 1872."

In accordance with this resolve a call is hereby made upon all who are members of the association, or who have been heretofore connected with the 10th Ala. Regiment, to meet in the town of Talladega on Thursday the 18th day of July next, to carry out the purposes of the organization.

Orator, Capt. R. W. Cobb, of Shelby.
Poet, Thomas Henderson, of Talladega.
Historian, Paul Lewis, of Shelby.

It is anxiously hoped that every survivor in the Regiment will be present on that occasion. By order of the Pres't.

G. I. TURNLEY,
Secretary.

Papers published within the counties in which the Regiment was raised please copy.

The Imperial Order.

The Knoxville *Press & Herald* contains additional evidence of the centralizing tendency of the Radical Administration. In the minds of many radicals the Grant Government has become personal and Dynastical. One Roberts, whom we hope President Greeley will dismiss from the Army within a week after his Inauguration, signing himself a "Major of Engineers," has been protecting the personal sanctity of Emperor Grant and the several Princess in his Cabinet from popular criticism or remark by an official military order! But we will allow the *Press & Herald* to present the facts to the Country in its own way:

Not only in the center but on the verge of the government as well, the imperial spirit of the present administration is displaying itself. The following notice which, according to the Benton *Democrat*, was lately posted up at Yaquina, Bay, Oregon, is a fair illustration:

NOTICE—Any person employed on this work—Cape Foulweather Lighthouse—who shall speak disrespectfully, on or off duty, of the President of the United States, or of any superior officer of the the Government, will be immediately discharged.

HENRY M. ROBERTS,
Major of Engineers U. S. A.

This reads like an order from one of Louis Napoleon's Chamberlains. It would seem from this insolent warning that the mechanics had been exercising their rights as freemen. They had probably criticised the President for taking presents, or the Secretary of State for bungling the Treaty, or the Secretary of War selling arms to France, or the Secretary of the Navy for paying the Secor claim, or the Postmaster General for the Chorpenning job, or the Secretary of the Interior for speculating in Georgia railroads, or the Secretary of the Treasury for his "Syndicate" operations, or some "superior officer" for mutilating or purloining the army archives. These comments may have been made in the privacy of their own homes and when "off duty." Yet it is now announced in a formal "notice," over the signature of a "Major of Engineers," that this liberty is denied, and that any violation of the rule will be punished by "discharging" the workman who dares to exercise the right of a freeman by "speaking disrespectfully" of certain privileged persons.

Such is the pass to which Grant's idea of personal government has brought the country. It is sought to reduce the mechanics and other employees of government to a condition of absolute servility.

Montgomery Advertiser.

The Philadelphia *Press* says:

There was some comment as to the battered condition of a flag used in one of the head lines of the *Press* yesterday. This is accounted for by the fact that it is the same old flag that Grant fought under. It was damaged in battle.

No flag that Grant ever "fought under" was "damaged in battle." The flags that were so damaged were carried by the men whom Grant's want of generalship made food for powder.

Chattanooga Times.

Our State Ticket.

As yet we have received but few State papers containing the proceedings of the late Democratic Convention. Those we have received, however, speak with but one voice—that of unqualified approval of the ticket—and breathe but one spirit—that of a determination to enter the contest resolved on victory. In due time our candidates will put out their appointments, the different Congressional and Legislative candidates will be in the field and there will be such an uprising of the people as will sweep every vestige of Radicalism from Alabama.—*Montgomery Advertiser.*

Groesbeck not in the Way.

Cincinnati, June 26.—It is understood here as certain that Mr. Groesbeck will respect the decision of the Baltimore Democratic National Convention, and will not antagonize it by accepting a nomination made at New York or by any other nomination made outside of the regular Democratic Convention.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

FLAVORING EXTRACTS are of primary importance in cookery; and of all articles of this description the highly concentrated STANDARD EXTRACTS, prepared by Joseph Burnett & Co., Boston, are pronounced by leading cuisiniers—Professor Blot among the number—the purest and the best.

HUMAN WRECKS—Every day and hour we meet with broken down specimens of humanity—wrecks that seem past hope of salvage. At least seven-eighths of these might be filled with new vitality, by a course of DR. WALKER'S CALIFORNIA VINEGAR BITTERS. Many are suffering from the reaction of rum-polluted bitters or powerful minnerals. It is characteristic of Dr. Walker's Great Restorative that it neutralizes the effect of these mis-called remedies, and accomplishes, in due time, a perfect cure.

NATURE GIVES US TEETH, but she does not preserve and purify them. That must be done with Fragrant Sozodont. The dental bone and its enamel casing are made invulnerable to all destructive influences by the daily use of this benificent preparation.

$50,000 WILL BE PAID for any remedy which will cure Chronic Rheumatism, Pains in the Limbs, Back and Chest, Sore Throat, Insect Stings, Croup, Dysentery, Colic, Sprains and Vomiting, quicker than Dr Tobins' Venetian Liniment; established in 1847; never fails. Sold by all Druggists. Depot, 10 Park Place, New York.

PRATT'S ASTRAL OIL.—More accidents occur from using unsafe oils, than from steamboats and railroads combined. Over 200,000 families continue to burn Pratt's Astral Oil, and no accidents directly or indirectly have occurred from burning, storing or handling it. Oil House of Chas Pratt, Established 1770, New York.

A BEAUTIFUL WHITE, soft, smooth and clear skin is produced by using G. W. Lairds "Bloom of Youth." It removes tan, freckles, sunburns, and all othet discolorations from the skin, leaving the complexion brilliant and beautiful. Sold at all druggists. *This preparation is entirely free from any material detrimental to health.*

JUST THE REMEDY NEEDED.—Thanks to Mrs Winslow's Toothing Syrup, we have for years been relieved from sleedless nights of painful watching with poor, suffering, teething children.

FOR DYSPEPSIA. Indigestion, depression of spirits and general debilty in their various forms; also, as a preventive against Fever and Ague, and other intermittent fevers. The Ferro-Phosphorated Elixir of Calisaya, made by Caswell, Hazard & CO., New York, and sold by all Druggists, is the best tonic, and for patients recovering from fever or other sickness it has no equal.

RISLEY'S GENUINE GOLDEN BELL COLOGNE WATER according to the original formula of Prevost, Paris, so so long known to the customers of Haviland Harrod and Risley and their branches, for its fine permanent fragrance, is now made by W H Risley and the trade supplied by his successors, Morgan & Risley, Wholesale Druggists, New York.

THURSTON'S IVORY PEARL TOOTH POWDER.—The best article known for cleansing and preserving the teeth and gums. Sold by all Druggists.—Price 25 and 50 cents per bottle. F C Wells & Co', New York.

CARBOLIC SALVE, unequalled as a Healing compound. Physicians recommend it as the most wonderful remedy ever known Price 25 cents per box. John F. Henry, Sole Proprietor, 8 College Place, N. York.

CRISTADORO'S HAIR DYE.—This magnificent compound is beyond contingency the safest and most reliable Dye in existence; never failing to impart to the hair uniformity of color, nourishment and elasticity. Manufactory, 68 Maiden Lane, N. Y.

SYAPNIA is Opium purified of its sickening and poisonous qualities. It is a perfect anodyne not producing headache or constipation of the bowels as is the case with other preparations of opium. John Farr, Chemist, New York.

The cause of Temperance finds some of its most insidious and dangerous foes in the many so-called "tonics" and "appetizers," made of cheap whisky and refuse liquors, finished up to suit depraved appetites, under the name of medicines. DR. WALKER'S CALIFORNIA VINEGAR BITTERS are none of these. They are not a beverage, but a genuine medicine, purely vegetable, prepared from California herbs by a regular physician. For all diseases of the stomach, liver, kidneys, bladder, skin and blood, they are an infallible and unrivalled remedy.

THE GREAT CAUSE
OF
HUMAN MISERY.

Just Published, in a Sealed Envelope.
PRICE SIX CENTS.

A Lecture on the Nature, Treatment and Radical Cure of Seminal weakness, or Spermatorrhœa, induced by Self-Abuse, Involuntary emissions, Impotency, Nervous Debility and Impediments to Marriage generally; Consumption, Epilepsy, and Fits; Mental and Physical Incapacity, etc. By ROBERT J. CULVERWELL, M. D., author of the "Green Book" etc.

The world-renowned author in this admirable Lecture, clearly proves from his own experience that the awful consequences of Self-Abuse may be effectually removed without medicine, and without dangerous surgical operations, bouics, instruments, rings, or cordials, pointing out a mode of cure at once certain and effectual, by which every sufferer, no matter what his condition may be, may cure himself cheaply, privately, and radically. THIS LECTURE WILL PROVE A BOON TO THOUSANDS AND THOUSANDS.

Sent under seal, to any address, in a plain sealed envelope, on the receipt of six cents, or two postage stamps. Also, Dr. Culverwell's "Marriage Guide," price 25 cents. Address the Publishers,

CHAS. J. C. KLINE & CO.,
127 Bowery, New York, P. O. box, 4,589

J. H. LAKIN,
Artistic Photographs,
No. 51 Market Street,
MONTGOMERY, ALA.

PERSONS at a distance, having old and fading Daguerreotypes can safely send them by mail to be resopied. ALL WORK GUARANTEED FIRST CLASS, AND PRICES REASONABLE.
May 11th, 1872—1y.

NEW BRICK HOTEL.

The undersigned is now prepared to accommodate the travelling public.

S. C. KELLY, Prop.

LIVERY AND SALE STABLE

Sign of the Horned Horse,
OXFORD ALA.,
S. C. KELLY.
sep16 '71—tf.

A. S. PATRICK,
No. 53 Broad Street, ROME, GA.
Bookseller, Stationer
AND
GENERAL NEWS DEALER

ANY order sent to my house will receive prompt attention.
Give me a trial.
June 1st, 1872—1y.

You can buy a Hat from E. L. Woodward's Son at about cost.

You can buy a pair of Boots or Shoes from E. L. Woodward's Son at about cost.

You can buy White Goods Notions &c., from E. L. Woodward's Son at about cost.

Go see the bargains offered by E. L. Woodward's Son before buying your Goods.

He means what he says.

GREAT FREIGHT AND PASSENGER ROUTE
BETWEEN
JACKSONVILLE
AND
RICHMOND, NORFOLK,
BALTIMORE PHILADELPHIA,
Boston & New York,
BY THE
Virginia and Tennessee
Air Line Railway

THIS line forms the great centre route between the North and South. Give instructions to ship your freight by the "**Virginia and Tennessee Line**," the only fast and reliable FREIGHT LINE. Passengers can go *via* Rail through Lynchburg and Washington, or by that most delightful route; rail to Norfolk, Virginia, and by those splendid Side Wheel first-class Ocean Steamers from Norfolk, Boston, Baltimore and Philadelphia, a short and delightful ride in full view of Old Point Comfort, Fortress Monroe, &c. Be sure and ask for tickets *via* Norfolk, Virginia.

RATES TO JACKSONVILLE FROM

☞NEW YORK,	1st Class	2nd Class	3rd Class	4th Class	5th Class.
PHILADELPHIA AND BOSTON,—	240	210	170	140	95
BALTIMORE, - -	222	194	157	130	93

OFFICES:

BOSTON, 87 Washington street. | PHILADELPHIA, 44 South Fifth St.
BALTIMORE, 154 West Baltimore St | RICHMOND, 1325 Main St.

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JOHN L. COBBS;
DEALER IN
DRY GOODS
Hosiery and Gloves,
CARPETS and OIL CLOTHS.
33 MARKET STREET,
Montgomery, Ala.
Jan27—6mo.

W. F. AYER. J. C. McDONALD
AYER & McDONALD,
DEALERS IN
HARDWARE & AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS,
No. 71 Broad Street, Rome, Georgia.

We desire to call special attention to our Stock of
WATER PIPE,
Of Composition, Lead or Iron,
RUBBER HOSE, HOSE NOZLES, COUPLINGS, PIPES, ETC.

We also invite our farmer friends to an examination of our Warehouse, where wil be found
REAPERS & MOWERS, THRESHERS & HORSE POWERS, PLOWS & HARROWS, CRADLES, GRASS BLADES, HORSE RAKES WHEAT FANS, HAY FORKS, &C., &C., also the DOW LAW COTTON PLANTER.

Our stock of Hardware, Rubber, Belting, &c., kept full and complete. Prices guaranteed. June1 1872—tf

J. & B. TRIMBLE,
Corner Bibb & Commerce Streets,
Montgomery, Ala.

HAVING just completed their removal into the Splendid, New and Commodious Building at the corner of Bibb and Commerce Streets, would inform their friends and the public, that they have constantly on hand and are daily receiving, a

LARGE & ELEGANT STOCK OF
Fall and Winter Goods,
—SUCH AS—
Kerseys, Linseys,
Jeans, Tweeds,
Cassimeres, Cloths,
Opera, all Wool and Cotton Flannels; Calicoes of the Best Brands;
Brown and Bleached Domestics; Mattrass and Feather Ticking; Table Damask, Toweling, Hosiery, Crib and Bed Blankets, Balmoral and Felt Skirts, also, a Nice Line of Ladies' Shawls, Notions, Ribbons and Trimmings in Great Variety; Foreign and Domestic Dress Goods, Very Attractive in Style and Fabric.

We intend to keep our stock replenished with the best of just such goods as the demands of the trade require, which will be sold at the
LOWEST LIVING RATES.

SPRING GOODS!
First Arrival
OF THE
SEASON!!
Consisting of a large Stock of
Ladies Dress Goods,
Brown and Bleached Domestics,
Gents' and Boy's Piece Goods,
Oil Cloths, "Oak Printed & Plain,"
Switches and Notions of
Every Description.
Gents and Boys Ready Made Clothing,
Hats and Caps, Very latest Styles,
Ladies, Mens, Boys, Misses & Children's
Boots & Shoes,
Trunks, Traveling Bags and Carpet sacks,
Hardware, Woodenware,
Window Curtains and Shades, Groceries.

We can offer you the VERY LATEST STYLES, and good Goods. Do not fail to give us a call and examine for yourselves. You can get bargains for the cash.
CARROLL & McCAIN.
March 30—1872.

Wanted!

Beef Hides, Dry or Green, and also Tallow—for which we will pay the highest market price, in Dry Goods, Groceries, Bacon, Lard or any thing in our line.
CARROLL & McCAIN

ROWAN, DEAN & CO.

HAVE ADDED TO THEIR EXtensive and varied
Stock of Merchandise
A lot of handsome
FURNITURE
Consisting of
Bedsteads,
Wardrobes,
Bureaus,
Washstands,
Centre Tables,
Dining Tables,
&c., &c., &c.
Which they will sell *very cheap*
For Cash.

The time is at hand for us to provid for buying a
Spring Stock,

And we need money. All who have not paid their last year's account will please do so at once. It is not our practice to all on our customers for money unless

WE REALLY NEED IT.

But we cannot comply with the terms upon which which we buy goods, and sell on time, unless we can collect once year.

ROWAN, DEAN & CO.
Feb241872—tf.

TARRANT'S SELTZER APERIENT

A Century of Triumphs over dyspepsia, liver disease, bowel complaints and various febrile and nervous disorders, has immortalized the Seltzer Spa, and these victories are now repeated throughout this hemisphere by TARRANT'S EFFERVESCENT SELTZER APERIENT; containing all the elements and producing all the happy results of the Great German Spring.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

Cheap Farms! Free Homes
ON THE LINE OF THE
UNION PACIFIC RAILROAD.
A LAND GRANT OF
12,000,000 ACRES
IN THE
BEST FARMING & MINERAL LANDS IN AMERICA.
3,000,000 ACRES IN NEBRASKA,
IN THE
GREAT PLATTE VALLEY,
THE
GARDEN OF THE WEST,
Now for Sale!

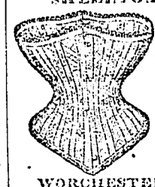
These lands are in the central portion of the United States, on the 41st degree of North Latitude, the central line of the great Temperate Zone of the American Continent, and for grain growing and stock raising unsurpassed by any in the United States.

CHEAPER IN PRICE, more favorable terms given, and more convenient to market than can be found elsewhere.

FREE HOMES FOR ACTUAL SETTLERS.
The Best Locations for Colonies.
SOLDIERS ENTITLED A HOMESTEAD OF 160 ACRES.
Free Passes to Purchasers of Land

Send for the new Descriptive Pamphlet, with new maps, published in English, German, Swedish and Danish, mailed free everywhere. Address O. F. DAVIS,
Land Commissioner, U. P. R. R. Co,
Omaha, Nebraska.

FANNING'S PATENT KID-FITTING SKELETON CORSET.



Recommended by leading physicians. Should be worn by all ladies who value health and comfort. They are particularly recommended for summer wear & warm climates although adapted to all seasons of the year. For sale by all first class dealers.

WORCHESTER SKIRT CO
Sole Manufacturers,
Worchester, Mass.

PORTABLE SODA FOUNTAINS
$10 $50 $75 $100.
GOOD, DURABLE AND CHEAP!
Shipped Ready for Use!
MANUFACTURED BY
J W CHAPMAN & CO Madison Ind
☞SEND FOR CIRCULAR.☜

$1,000
Reward!
For any case of Blind, Bleeding, Itching or Ulcerated Piles that Dr. Bate's Pile Remedy fails to cure. It is prepared expressly to cure the Piles, and nothing else. Sold by all druggists. Price $1.00.

AGENTS Wanted.—Agents make more money at work for us than at anything else. Business light and permanent. Particulars free. G Stinson & Co., *Fine Art Publishers*, Portland, Me.

U.S. Piano Co. N. Y. Price $200 No Agents. Circulars free.

GREAT MEDICAL BOOK of useful knowledge to all. Sent free for two stamps. Address Dr. BONAPARTE & CO., Cincinnati, Ohio.

Don't Fail while on your Summer Excursion North to secure one of the
CELEBRATED IMPROVED
STEWART COOK STOVES
With its special attachment, Rooster, Baker & Broiler. The Stove and Furniture carefully packed for safe shipment. Books sent on application.
FULLER, WARREN & Co 236 Water St N Y

The Best
Hair Dressing and Restorer.
Millions say
"BURNETT'S COCOAINE."
Your Druggist has it.

CHEAP ADVERTISING

Advertisements occupying ONE INCH of space will be inserted in 260 NEWSPAPERS, including 23 DAILIES, in
SOUTHERN STATES,
covering thoroughly the States of Maryland, Dilaware, Virginia, West Virginia, North Carolina, South Carolina, Georgia, Alabama, Mississippi, Louisiana Arkansas Tennessee, Kentucky and Missouri,
One Month for $148.
More Papers, More Dailies Larger, Circulation, Lower Price, than any other List. Special rates given for more or less space than one inch. Equally favorable quotations made for any single State. Copies of Lists, Circulars, Estimates; and full information, furnished on application.
GEO. P. ROWELL & CO.,
Newspaper Advertising Agents, 41 Park Row, New York.

The Best Paper! Try It!!

The Scientific American is the cheapest and best illustrated weekly paper published. Every number contains from 10 to 15 original engravings of new machinery, novel inventions, Bridges, Engineering works, Architecture Improved Farm implements, and every new discovery in Chemistry. A year's numbers contain 832 pages and several hundred engravings. Thousand of volumes are preserved for binding and reference. The practical receipts are well worth ten times the subscription price. Terms, $3 a year by mail. Specimens sent free. May be had of all News Dealers.

PATENTS obtained on the best terms. Models of new inventions and sketches examined, and advice free. All patents are published in the Scientific American the week they issue. Send for Pamphlet, 110 pages, containing laws and full directions for obtaining Patents.

Address for Paper, or concerning Patents, MUNN & CO. 37 Park Row, N. Y. Branch Office, cor. F. & 7th Sts., Washington D. C.

One-Cent Postal Cards.

The new Postal Bill, which became a law just before the session closed, makes some changes in the existing postal regulations, which are of general interest. The most important is the authorization of one cent postal cards for correspondence or for printed circulars, similar to those which were introduced in Great Britain nearly two years ago, and are now in use in nearly all European countries. The House provided in the bill for cards, with paper flap, to cover and conceal the writing. The Senate changed this to an open card. In the conference committee the style of the card was left to the discretion of Post-master General, who prefers the open card, and will order that kind only to be manufactured. The face of the card will bear a one-cent stamp, and will be provided with lines for the address, and the back will be ruled for the letter. The price of the card and stamp will be only one cent. It will probably be three or four weeks before they will be ready for sale, as the plates for printing have yet to be prepared.

The postage on circulars, newspaper and other transient printed matter, which, under old law was two cents for every four ounces or less, is now one cent: small circulars, which formerly cost two cents to mail, can now be sent for one cent—an important reduction to business men who use the mails largely to advertise their business. The change is now in force, the law being immediate in its effects.

The following is from the Baltimore *Evening Journal:*

WHY WE SUPPORT GREELEY.—Because he is the only man who has any chance to succeed against Grant and his corrupt ring.

Because he is an honest man.

Because he is a national, and not a sectional candidate.

Because he is a statesman, and if elected will make a good President.

Because he is in favor of giving to the people of the State exclusive jurisdiction over their local concerns.

Because he does not get drunk.

Because he has very few relations to quarter on the people.

Because the South wants repose.

Because he is opposed to carpet-bag supremacy.

Because the South can hope to see no President for years to come who did not take active part against us in the civil war, and Greeley is the most magnanimous of all our late foes.

Because he is opposed to all sorts of rings and ring-masters.

Because he is not mercenary or avaricious, and has as much money as he wants.

Because he is an ardent friend of agriculture.

Because he will not take gifts.

Because he has no talent for bull pups and horsemanship.

Because he does not spend the summer at Long Branch.

Because he will not send his children to Europe, as if they were princes of the blood, in government vessels.

Because he is an incessant worker, and not an idler.

Because he will not appoint an imbecile Cabinet.

Because he will surround himself with statesmen.

Because our diplomacy under his administration will not be a series of blunders and backdowns.

Because he will restore the fraternal feelings that once existed between the people of the North and South, and put an end to the war for our utter subjugation that is still waged against us.

Every new nostrum must have its day. The day of cundurango seems to be about over. It is now stated that the London Chemical Society, having determined to give it a thorough trial, for months treated the patients in the cancer wards of the Middlesex Hospital with the different preparations from the root. The board now declare that the drug has no possible effect whatever on cancer, not one single instance of improvement having been observed in the cases treated.

After the adjournment of the Baltimore Convention it is understood that the heads of all the government employees who favor Greeley will come off.

Administration authorities now admit that Mr. Greeley has already secured 517 out of the 724 votes to be cast at Baltimore, and do not scruple to concede all but thirteen of the votes to be cast by the Democratic National Convention to the Cincinnati nominees.

The people see how it is. In spite of the clamor of a few politicians, who are not so much impracticable on their own account as mistaken in their estimate of the situation, the Liberal movement grows and grows and grows. Wherever Greeley and Brown come face to face with the Democratic masses, they sweep the field. As it was in Indiana it will be in Kentucky. There is no stopping the stream that flows out of the hearts of the people in an irresistible current toward the realization of the long-deferred, long-cherished hopes of the best part of the country. All roads that lead from Greeley go to Grant.—*Courier Journal.*

What the Religious Press Say.

The *Golden Age* (Theodore Tilton) dilates upon what it calls "The Successful Failure at Philadelphia," and draws a parallel "between the two republican parties," to use its own phraseology. Says the *Golden Age:*—

Cincinnati, fresh from the people, initiated a long-needed movement of reform; Philadelphia, drawing its breath from the public offices, clamored like claquers in a theatre for a continuance of the administration & the reappointment of its fifty thousand paid stipendiaries. Cincinnati declared for the one-term principle; Philadelphia was as hush as the grave concerning this central and main-spring measure of civil service reform. Cincinnati demanded that our foreign policy should ask for nothing that was not right, and submit to nothing that was wrong; Philadelphia, forgetting this maxim of Jackson, connived at the Alabama surrender, and gave this ignominy the name of honor. Cincinnati protested against elevating the military over the civil law; Philadelphia entertained itself with a picture of Grant on horseback, as typical of the administration which it seeks to maintain in power. Cincinnati denounced the abuses which the government has feared to investigate; Philadelphia was a prearranged mechanism, subordinating the individual freedom of its delegates to affect a unanimity which did not exist, by an enginery which itself was one of the chief abuses of which the administration has been guilty. Cincinnati was for universal amnesty; Philadelphia was for limiting this clemency. Cincinnati denounced the distribution of public offices among persons who had given gifts to the President; Philadelphia officially represented these givers and receivers. Cincinnati denounced nepotism; Philadelphia bandaged its eyes into blindness to it. Cincinnati indicated the President as a violator of law; Philidelphia gave a sycophant's compliment to his practical wisdom. Cincinnati proposes to unite the North and the South on the basis of liberty, equality and fraternity; Philadelphia determines to tear open afresh the healed wounds of the two sections. Cincinnati is for peace; Philadelphia for war. Fellow countrymen, choose between them!

A party of sensible Greenville gentleman have signed a pledge not to use tobacco in any shape during church service.

It is estimated that two miles square, of the iron mountain near Birmingham, Alabama, the new city that has sprung as if by magic into existence within the past six months, contains more wealth than the whole State of California, with her immense mines of gold and precious metals.

The Maryville Republican, edited and published in Tennessee by colored men, repudiates Grant and comes to the support of Greeley and Brown in this eminently sensible way. "After the most careful, mature deliberation, we have concluded to unfurl our standard and hoist at our masthead the only candidate for President who represents the principles for which we have battled—Horace Greeley."

The Cotton Tax Bill

In response to many inquiries upon the subject from parties both North and South, who are interested in the bill, the Washington *Republican* says it is still pending in the Ways and Means Committee, and will be reported by them early in the December session. Both houses have been committed in a direct manner to its passage, and particularly to the unconstitutionality of the tax. The defeat of the amendment to the deficency bill was the first indication of the feeling in favor of the proposition to refund. The great bulk of the cases brought before the Court of Claims are cotton claims, and the fight against the amendment was made directly in the interest of the cotton producing class. The next, or second, and most conclusive evidence of the feeling in the premises, is to be found in the fact that the amendment to the omnibus bill prohibiting the Secretary of the Treasury from collecting the two cents per pound on cotton judgments obtained before the Court of Claims, was passed by the almost unanimous vote of both political parties accepting and committing themselves to the position originally taken by Mr. Dawes and others when the tax was first imposed, that it was not constitutional.—*Montgomery Advertiser.*

Gen. D. E. Coon, delegate to the late Philadelphia Convention, has returned to the city, bringing the *cheering* intelligence that Wilson, the "Natick Cobbler," the Republican nominee for Vice-President, will canvass the Southern States during the campaign, and will, in all probability, hold forth to suffragans of Selma during his tour.—*Selma Times.*

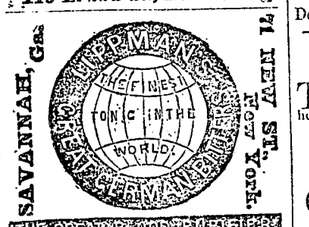
The Methodist Church of Centre, was badly injured by lightning a few days ago.

The wheat crop of DeKalb county is better than it has been for years. Corn and cotton fine.

THE NEW DISCOVERY
In Chemical and Medical Science.

Dr. E. F. GARVIN'S
SOLUTION & COMPOUND ELIXIR
OF
TAR

FIRST AND ONLY SOLUTION ever made in cup mixture of ALL THE TWELVE valuable active principals of the well known curative agent,
PINE TREE TAR.
UNEQUALED in Coughs, Colds, Catarrh, Asthma, Bronchitis, and consumption.
CURES WITHOUT FAIL
A recent cold in three to six hours; and also, by its VITALISING, PURIFYING and STIMULATING effects upon the general system, is remarkably efficacious in all
DISEASES OF THE BLOOD,
including Scrutula and Eruptions of the skin, Dyspepsia, Diseases of the Liver and Kidneys, Heart Disease, and General Debility.
ONE TRIAL CONVINCES!
ALSO, A
Volatile Solution of Tar
For INHALATION, without application of HEAT. A remarkably VALUABLE discovery, as the whole apparatus can be carried in the vest pocket, ready at any time for the most effectual and positively curative use in
All Diseases of the NOSE, THROAT and LUNGS.
THE COMPOUND
Tar and Mandrake Pill.
for use in connection with the ELIXIR TAR, is a combination of the TWO most valuable ALTERATIVE Medicines known in the Profession, and renders this Pill without exception the very best ever offered.
The SOLUTION and COMPOUND ELIXIR of
TAR
is without doubt the Best remedy known in cases of
CHOLERA AND YELLOW FEVER.
It is a Specific for such diseases, and should be kept in the household of every family, especially during those months in which
CHOLERA AND YELLOW FEVER
are liable to prevail. A small quantity taken daily will prevent contracting these terrible diseases.
Solution and Compound Elixir, $1.00 per Bottle
Volatile Solution for Inhalation, $5.00 per Box
Tar and Mandrake Pills, 50cts per box.
Send for Circular of POSITIVE CURES to your Druggist, or to
E. F. HYDE & CO.,
SOLE PROPRIETORS,
110 E. 22d St., New York.



THE GREAT BLOOD PURIFIER
Possessing powerful invigorating
PROPERTIES OF A PERFECT DRINK!
These Bitters are positively invaluable in
ALL SKIN DISEASES & ERUPTIONS
They purify the system, and will cure
DYSPEPSIA, LIVER & KIDNEY COMPLAINTS
Remittent and Intermittent Fevers
NERVOUS DISEASES, LIVER COMPLAINT
and are a preventive of Chills and Fever.
DISEASES OF THE BONE, BLADDER &
All yield to their powerful efficacy.
ARE GOOD FOR THE MENTAL ORGANIZATION
Are an antidote to change of Water and Diet.
THEY WILL RESTORE THE VAULTED VIGOR
to the wasted frame, and correct all
IRREGULARITY OF THE BOWELS
Will save days of suffering to the sick, and
CURES NEVER KNOWN TO FAIL
The grand Panacea for all the ills of life.
PHYSICIANS RECOMMEND
The Standard BITTERS OF GERMANY
FOR FEMALE COMPLAINTS
PHYSICIANS THERE, PRESCRIBE IT IN THEIR PRACTICE.
In Young or Old, Married or Single, these Bitters are unequalled and have often been the means of saving life.
TRY ONE BOTTLE.

Dr. GOTTLIEB FISCH'S BITTERS.

This preparation of the great Scientist, Dr. Gottlieb Fisch, of Germany, is based on the fact that, as all materials of the body are derived from Food, so all Vital Force, or Health, is derived from the Force stored up in Food. *Dr. Fisch's Bitters* enables the System to liberate and appropriate these Forces creates Appetite, cures Dyspepsia, with its resulting Debility and lack of Nervous Energy; so tones the Stomach and Liver as to make Constipation and Biliousness impossible; reinforces the System so it can ride over bad results of changing climate, water &c., and better endure the demands often unexpectedly made on its Force and Energy. Ladies in delicate health, aged persons and all emaciated and weak after sickness, will rapidly strengthen by using this great preparation.

(Shape of the Bottle.)

Probate Court of Calhoun County, Ala.

James Price, Deceased, Estate.

LETTERS of Administration upon the Estate of said decedent having been granted to the undersigned, on the 30th day of April, 1872, by the Hon. A. Woods, Judge of the Probate Court of Calhoun county, Ala. Notice is hereby given, that all persons having claims against said estate, will be required to present the same, within the time alowed by law or the same will be barred.

S. D. McCLELEN,
M. M. PRICE,
Administrators.

May 1, 1872.—6t.

M. A. TURNER,
FASHIONABLE
TAILOR.

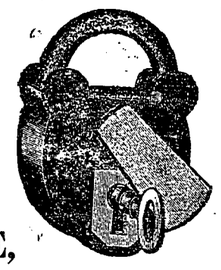
WOULD respectfully inform the citizens of Jacksonville and vicinity, that he has removed to No. 7 Office-row where he is ready at all times to make Boys & Gents clothing, according to latest styles and in a most durable manner. Thanking the public generally for their past liberal patronage, he hopes by skill and attention to merit a continuance of the same. Terms Cash.

P. S. Twenty-five per cent. will be added, when work is taken from the shop unsettled for.

Jan27 1872—1y.

HENRY A. SMITH,
113 Broad Street,
Rome, Ga
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL
BOOKSELLER & STATIONER.
Keeps alway on hand a large Stock
School, Theological and Miscellaneous Books,
PAPER, Letter Cap, Note.
ENVELOPES,
PENCILS,
PENS,
INKS,
Blank, Copy and Scrap BOOKS,
MEMORANDUMS,
PORTFOLIOS,
SLATES,
DESKS,
Engravings, Photographs, Photograph Albums, Chromos, Gilt, Rosewood, Walnut Moulding, for Picture Frames, in the Piece, Picture Cord and Tassel, Sheet Music, for the Piano and Guitar, Italian, German and French Violin and Guitar Strings.
Pocket Bibles, Hymn and Prayer Books, Square and Oval Picture Frames,
WALLPAPERING, BORDERING, FIRE SCREENS AND PAPER WINDOW SHADES.
☞ New and SECOND HAND PIANOS and PARLOR ORGANS of first class manufactures, at a Liberal Discount from manufacturer's prices. Also, SECOND HAND PIANOS TAKEN IN EXCHANGE for new ones, allowing full value for those taken in exchange.
Liberal discounts to Country Merchants and Schools.
Apr13 1872—td.

HARDWARE.
B. L. WYMAN,
(Successor to HALL, MOSES & ROBERTS) has removed to
NO. 3 SIGN OF



COURT THE
SQUARE, *Padlock,*
Montgomery, Ala.
Where the readers of the REPUBLICAN are invited to examine one of the largest and best assorted Stocks ever brought to Montgomery; consisting of Hardware, Iron and Steel, Nails, Castings, Cutlery, Stoves, Tinware and housekeeping Goods, AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS, Plows, Hoes, Chains, &c., and the
Celebrated Fashion Cook Stove.
B. L. WYMAN.
Dec 23 1871—3m.

THE FAMOUS STUDABAKER WAGON.
THE STUDABAKER WAGON IS MADE OF THE BEST SEASONED TIMBERS THE lightest and most durable wagon in market; their thimble skeins never break; the slope boulder spoke is used; they are wernated to give satisfaction in every case.
W. B. GILL,
CARRIAGE WAREHOUSE,
(Of Eighteen Years Established Reputation and Standing.)
CORNER OF WASHINETON & SELMA ST' NEXT TO CONCIL HOUSE
Has always on hand a large Stock of
Carriages Rockarways Phaetons Barouches Buggies Coaches
BRETTS, HARNESS, &c.
Has also on hand a large assortment of Children's Perambutators, Cabs, Buggies, wagons, Hobby Horses, &c, ☞ Reparing of all kinds of vehicles done at shortest notice. Plantation Wagons and Carts made to order. jan 6 1y.

Great Attractions.
THE OLD RELIABLE HOUSES OF
TITSWORTH, SCOTT & CO.,
No. 6 Court Square, MONTGOMERY, ALA.,
And No. 39 Market Street, SELMA, ALA.,
Have one of the finest Stocks of
CLOTHING & GENT'S FURNISHING GOODS,
Ever brought to shis market. Also, full line
Hats, Caps, Trunks and Valises,
Which they are selling as Cheap as any house in the City. We also take
Alabama State Money, at 90 Cents on a Dollar, for all Goods.
GENERAL AGENTS of the Celebrated WHEELER & WILSON NOISELESS FAMILY SEWING MACHINE, for Central Alabama.
TITSWORTH, SCOTT & CO.

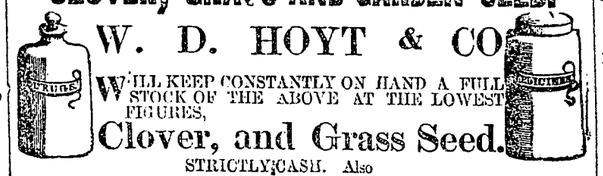
ATTENTION!!
AS we move along in life, it is absolutely necessary that we should eat, and to that end it is better that we should have at least
Thirty Days Rations
on hand. To procure these cheap you should
Come Well Armed
with the Cash. At PARR'S you will find polite clerks always
Ready
to wait on you and extend to you the greatest courtesy. It is his
Aim
to sell Goods at such prices as will please; and neither
Fire,
floods nor pestilence shall deter him from doing his whole duty by his customers.
Just received, a large lot of everything in the Grocery line, call and examine.
L. J. PARR,
Jacksonville, Ala.
Apr20 1872—wtd.

J. T. McDONALD & CO
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL
CLOTHIERS,
No. 7 Court Square, MONTGOMERY, ALA.
We desire to lead the market in
READY MADE CLOTHING
Of which we carry full lines of all grades for both Men and Boys.
In addition we have the largest line of *GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING GOODS, TRUNKS, VALISES, SACHELS, UMBRELLAS,* &c., &c., &c. to be found in the city. Buying for cash and doing the largest business of any house in the trade, we are confident of our ability to undersell the market.
J. T. McDONALD & CO.,
THE CLOTHIERS, 7 Court Square, Montgomery, Ala.
Mar13—3m.

IF YOU WANT CORRECT TIME
GO TO
Randall of Gadsden,
THE BEST
Watch-Maker in North Alabama.
Prices for Goods & Work reduced 25 to 50 per cent. Everything guaranteed as represented and satisfaction given every time.
Cash or no Trade
Oct28 1871—tf.

J. & S. BONES & CO.
IMPORTERS OF & DEALERS IN
IRON and STEEL,
HARDWARE, CUTLERY, GUNS &c.
Rome Ga.,
In addition to keeping the largest Stock of HARDWARE in the Cherokee Country for Merchants supplies, are the Agents for
BLANDY'S CELEBRATED STEAM ENGINES & MILLS,
and can furnish at Manufactures prices, anything from a small size Saw Mill to the
LARGEST FLOURING MILL COMPLETE,
also Agents for CLEMANS' CORN and WHEAT MILL, which we keep in Stock.
[*READ HOME TESTIMONY.*]
NEAR CEDAR BLUFF Feb., 28, 1871
MESSRS. J. & S. BONES *Dear Sirs:*
I have given the [illegible] (Clemans) bought of you, a thorough test, and can but express myself [illegible] fied. The power was the running gear to my gin, which although in [illegible] was sufficient to grind *one bushel* (by the watch) in *eleven minutes.* [illegible] e to do my grinding before breakfast. Several of my neighbors wer[illegible] e time, and all were satisfied with the result, and were astonished a[illegible] and fine quality of the meal produced in so short a time, I prefer the meal [illegible] any steam mill meal. The 16 inch mill I bought of you for the Foster Farm, and used since the above was written proves equally satisfactory. It is a complete mill.
Yours Truly,
H. H. MILLER.
Upon all machinery sold by us we give a full guarantee. Send for catalogue and price list.
J. & S. BONES & CO.
apr15 1871—tf

CLOVER, GRASS AND GARDEN SEED.



W. D. HOYT & CO
WILL KEEP CONSTANTLY ON HAND A FULL STOCK OF THE ABOVE AT THE LOWEST FIGURES,
Clover, and Grass Seed.
STRICTLY CASH. Also
Lead, Oil and Glass,
At Manufactures prices. Also a full STOCK of
Drugs, Brushes, Perfumery Soaps of all kinds, Lamps, &c. &c.
W. D. HOYT & CO.
WHOLESALE DRUGGISTS,
Rome Ga.
Oct 28, tf.

KIRTLAND & TOURTELLOTTE,
Manufacturers, Wholesale and Retail Dealers in
BOOTS & SHOES,
The largest, oldest and only exclusive Boot and Shoe House in
MIDDLE ALABAMA,
LEATHER & FINDINGS,
No. 7 Market St.
MONTGOMERY ALABAMA.
dec23 71—6m.

Agency of the
CENTRAL CITY
Insurance Company,
OF SELMA ALABAMA,
H. A. STOLENWERCK, PRESIDENT. ED. K. FOWLKES, SECRETARY.
Cash Capital and Accumulations.....$125,000
Losses Paid Since Organization, over.....$115,000
Stores, Merchandise, Dwellings, Rents, and other insurable interest taken at customary rates. Three (3) and Five (5) Year policies or dwelling houses issued at a reduction or the annual rate.
ED. L. WOODWARD, Agent,
Apr13 Jacksonville, Ala,

East Alabama
LAND AGENCY,
B. C. WYLY & Co.
REAL ESTATE
and
General Agency Office,
No. 4. OFFICE ROW,
JACKSONVILLE ALA.
We are prepared to give our attention to the Sale, or Rent of
REAL ESTATE
in this and adjoining counties.
Having special facilities for finding purchasers, invite those who may desire to put their lands in market, to give us a trial. We will keep on exhibition in our office
MAPS,
taken from County Surveys, and personal reconnaissance of such places as may be entrusted to us—and will visit the property with parties contemplating a purchase.
All information concerning the lands of East Alabama freely given upon application in person, or by letter, at their office. Will also act as General Agents for the sale of all articles of merit which may be entrusted to them. Their extensive acquaintance with the people, and personal knowledge of the Country, gives them facilities which no other Company can have.
BUSINESS SOLICITED,
B. C. WYLY,
JOHN H. FORNEY,
JNO. M. WYLY.
aug19 1871—1y.

R. R. R.
Radway's Ready Relief
CURES THE WORST PAINS
in from One to Twenty Minutes.
NOT ONE HOUR
after reading this advertisement need any one SUFFER WITH PAIN.
RADWAY'S READY RELIEF IS A CURE FOR EVERY PAIN.
It was the first and is
The Only Pain Remedy
that instantly stops the most excruciating pains, allays Inflammations, and cures Congestions, whether of the Lungs, Stomach other glands or organs, by one application IN FROM ONE TO TWENTY MINUTES no matter how violent or excruciating the pain the RHEUMATIC, Bed-ridden, Infirm, Dripplied, Nervous, Neuralgic, or prostrated with disease may suffer,
RADWAY'S READY RELIEF
Will afford instant Ease.
Inflamation of the Kidneys
Inflamation of the Bladder.
Inflamation of the Bowels
Congestion of the Lungs,
Sore Throat, Difficult Breathing
Palpitation of the Heart.
Hysterics, Croup, Diphtheria
Catarrh, Influenza.
Headache Toothache
Neuralgia, Rheumatism.
Cold Chills. Ague Chills
The application of the READY RELIEF to the part or parts where the difficulty exists will afford ease and comfort.
Twenty drops in half a tumbler of water will in a few moments cure Cramps, Spasms Sour Stomach, Heartburn, Sick Headache Diarrhea, Dysentery, Colic. Wind in the Bowels, and all Internal Pains.
Travelers should always carry a bottle RADWAY'S READY RELIEF with them. A few drops in water will prevent sickness or pains from change of water. It is better than French Brandy or Bitters as a stimulant.
FEVER AND AGUE.
Fever and Ague cured for fifty cts. There is not a remedial agent in this world that will cure Fever and Ague, and all other Malarious, Bilous, Scarlet, Typhoid Yellow, and other Fevers (aided by RADWAY'S PILLS) so quick as RADWAY'S READY RELIEF. Fifty cents per bottle.
DR. RADWAY'S
Sarsaparillian Resolvent
Has made the most astonishing cures so quick, so rapid are the changes that the body undergoes, under the influence of this truly wonderful Medicine, that
Every day an increase in Weight and Flesh is Felt.
THE GREAT BLOOD PURIFIER
Every drop of the SARSAPARILLIAN RESOLVENT communicates through the Blood, Sweat, Urine, and other fluids and juices of the system *the vigor of life,* for repairs the wastes of the body with new and sound material. *Scrofula, Syphilis, Consumption, Glandular disease, Ulcers of the throat, Mouth, Tumors, Nodes in the Glands and other parts of the system, Sore Eyes, Strumorous discharges from the Ears and the worst forms of Skin diseases, Eruptions, Fever Sores, Scald Head, Ring Worm, Salt Rheum, Erysipelas, Acne, Black Worms in the Flesh, Tumors, Cancers in the Womb,* and all weakening and painful discharges, Night Sweats, Loss of Sperm, and all wastes of the life principle, are within the curative range of this wonder of Modern Chemistry, and a few days' use will prove to any person using it for either of these forms of disease its potent power to cure them.
If the patient, daily becoming reduced from the wastes and decomposition that is constantly progressing, succeeds in arresting these wasts, and repairs the same with pure material made from healthy blood—and this the SARSAPARILIAN will and does surely—a cure is certain; for when once this remedy commences its work of purification, and succeeds in diminishing the loss of waste by its repairs will be rapid, and every day the patient will feel himself growing better, stronger, the food digesting better, appetite improving, and weight increasing.
Not only does the Sarsaparillian Resolvent excels all known remedial agents in the cure of Chronic, Scrofulous, Constitutional and Skin diseases; but it is the only positive cure for
Kidney and Bladder Complaints
Urinary, and Womb diseases, Gravel, Diabetes, Dropsy, Stoppage of Water, Retentinence of Urine, Bright's Disease, Albuminuria, and in all cases where there are brick dust deposits, or the water is thick, cloudy, mixed with substances like the white of egg, or threrds like white silk, thick, morbid, dark, billious appearance, and bone-dust deposits, and when there is pricking, burning sensation when passing water, and pain in the Small of the Back and along the Loins.
DR. RADWAY'S
PERFECT PURGATIVE PILLS
perfectly tasteless, elegantly coated with sweet gum, purge, regulate, purify, cleanse and strengthen. Radway's Pills, for the cure of all disorders of the Stomach, Liver, Bowels, Kidneys, Bladder, Nervous Diseases, Headache, Constipation, Costiveness, Indigestion, Dyspepsia, Biliousness, Bilious Fever, Inflamation of the Bowels, Piles, and all Derangements of the Internal Viscera. Warranted to effect a positive cure. Purely Vegetable, containing no mercury, minerals, or deleterious drugs.
A few doses of RADWLY'S PILLS will free tthe system from all theabove named disorders. Price, 25 cents per Box. Sold by Druggists.
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Sep 23, 1871—1y