DECEMBER

Jacksonville Republican.

"The Price of Liberty is Eternal Vigilance."

VOL. 36. JACKSONVILLE, ALA., DEC. 7, 1872. WHOLE NO 1860

sonville Republican.
ISHED & PUBLISHED, EVERY SATURDAY MORNING, BY
J. F. & L. W. GRANT.

MS OF SUBSCRIPTION.
year in advance,.....$2 00
d in advance.....$3 00
MS OF ADVERTISING.
of 10 lines or less, first insertion.....$1 00
sequent insertion.....50
square counted as two, &c.
w charged at advertising rates.
notices,.....50
nouncement of Candidates
ty offices,.....$5 00
ate offices,.....$10 00

Rates of Advertising.
For three, six, or twelve Months.

One square of 10 lines,	3 months,	$5 00
" "	6 "	7 50
" "	12 "	10 00
One fourth column,	3 "	15 00
" " "	6 "	25 00
" " "	12 "	40 00
One half column,	3 "	25 00
" " "	6 "	40 00
" " "	12 "	80 00
One column,	3 "	40 00
"	6 "	60 00
"	12 "	100

Charges due and collectable quarterly.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

M. HAMES, J. T. MARTIN
HAMES & MARTIN,
Attorneys at Law and Solicitors in Chancery
Nos. 8, Office Row, Jacksonville,
WILL practice in all the Courts of Law and Equity in the counties of the 12th Judicial circuit, consisting of Calhoun, Cleburne, St. Clair, Etowah, Cherokee, and the Supreme court of State.
may 9—1871.

WM. H. FORNEY.
FORNEY & FORNEY,
Attorneys at Law,
Jacksonville Alabama.
WILL practice in the Counties of Calhoun, Talladega, Randolph, St. Clair, Cherokee, DeKalb and the Supreme Court of the State.
Dec. 23d, 1865.

G. I. TURNLEY.
G. J. & G. I. TURNLEY,
Attorneys at Law
Solicitors in Chancery
AND
General Collecting Agents.
JACKSONVILLE, ALA.
WILL practice Law in the counties of Calhoun, Talladega, Randolph, Cleburne, Cherokee, Etowah, St. Clair and DeKalb; in the Supreme Court of the State, and in the U. S District Court, Northern and Middle Division of Alabama.

J. B. ELLIS. J. H. CALDWELL
ELLIS & CALDWELL,
Attorneys at Law.
AND
Solicitor in Chancery.
JACKSONVILLE, ALA.
HAVING associated themselves in the practice of Law, will practice together, except in CHANCERY CASES, in the Counties of Calhoun, Talladega, St. Clair, Randolph, Cherokee and DeKalb.
Jan. 6. 1866.

H. L. STEVENSON,
Attorney at Law,
JACKSONVILLE, Ala

Savage & de Rochemont
ATTORNEYS AT-LAW
AND
SOLICITORS IN CHANCERY &
COLLECTING AGENTS,
OXFORD, ALA.
WILL practice in all the courts of the State also in the Supreme court; collections made before the United State Court of Claims, also general land and pension Agents.
April 13 1872 1y.

J. D. HAMMOND,
Notary Public
AND
EX-OFFICIO JUSTICE OF THE PEACE
JACKSONVILLE..... ALABAMA
WILL attend to any business that may be put into his hands, with dispatch.
Feb17 1872—1y.

Dr. M. W. FRANCIS.
Physician & Surgeon,
OFFICE, DRUG STORE I. C. FRANCIS,
North West Corner Square,
JACKSONVILLE - - ALA
Feb 25 1871—1y.

DR. W. W. HARRISON,
HAVING permanently located in Alexandria, offers his professional services to the citizens of Alexandria and vicinity.
He can be found at his office in Green & Ledbetter's Store during the day, and at the late residence of Jos. A. Gladden at night, unless professionally absent.
March 1872.—9m.

RAIL ROAD SCHEDULES.

South & North Ala. Rail Road.

SCHEDULE.

Passenger trains will run on this Road, as follows:

Light'g Exp. Tr's	Montgomery, at	10,00 am
" "	Arrives at Calera	12,50 p m
" "	at Birmingham	3.30 p m
Mail train	leaves Montgomery at	2'20 p m
" "	Arrives at Calera	6.15 p m
Light'g Ex	Birmingham at	5,25 p m
" "	Arrives at Montgomery	12,05 a m
Mail train	leaves Calera at	5.05 a m
" "	Arrives at Montgomery	8.25 a m.

Close Connections with DOUBLE DAILY trains on Mobile & Montgomery Rail Road, for Mobile, New Orleans and all points of Texas.

This is the SHORTEST and quickest route to and from points named above for Passengers. Through Tickets and Through Bills Issued. Rates as low as by any other line.

A. SHAW, *Ass't Sup't.*

H. Pierce, G. A. Morrison,
J. H. Jones, Wm. L. Thompson.

PIERCE JONES & CO.
Cotton Factors,
Proprietors of Planters Fire Proof Store house.
Duke's new building opposite Troup House,
SELMA, ALABAMA.

THOS. A. WALTHALL, T. S. BOWEN.
BOWEN & WALTHALL,
Wholesale Grocers
—AND—
COMMISSION MERCHANTS
NO. 5 CENTRAL BLOCK, WATER ST.
SELMA ——ALABAMA
Jn —61y

W. B. ETHERIDGE. W. B. MCKINNEY.
McKINNEY & Co.,
Receiving and Forwarding
Merchants
—AND—
STEAMBOAT AGENTS,
Selma.....Alabama
We have a large and convenient Warehouse, a Brick Wharf and every facility for protecting Goods.
Jan 6 tv

NEW BRICK HOTEL.
The undersigned is now prepared to accommodate the travelling public.
S. C. KELLY, Prop.
LIVERY AND SALE STABLE
Sign of the Horned Horse,
OXFORD ALA.,
S. C. KELLY.
sep16 '71—tf.

CALL AT THE
Old Hotel,
West Side of the Public Square
Jacksonville, Ala.
Which has been repaired, refurnished and refitted up, especially for the comfort of those who may favor us with a call. Rooms large and comfortable—fare good as the country affords—servants polite and attentive—charges reasonable.
Can accommodate a dozen or two regular boarders.
J. D. HAMMOND,
dec. 18, '69—1y. *Proprietor.*

A. W. LEDBETTER,
ALABAMA, WITH
JEHIAL READ. NATHANIEL NORTON
Jehial Read & Co.
Late Geo. W. & Jehial Read,
MANUF'S & WHOLESALE DEALERS IN
FUR and WOOL HATS,
Straw Goods Umbrellas &c.
No. 468 Broadway,
Adjoining Cochran, McLean & Co.
NEW-YORK.

W. C. LAND,
THE oldest Watch maker in the State, (near Forty years at the bench,) still in Jacksonville, to repair all good watches that may be brought in. No brass or oreide watches need be brought in to be fixed.
Having made arrangements with the Manufacturers, I am prepared to have any part or parts of good watches made new, in the best manner and at short notice, doing away with the tedious process of hand work. All fine and complicated watches repaired and put in as good order as new, if desired.
nov11871 -tf.

NEW LIVERY STABLE.
The undersigned takes pleasure in notifying his friends, and the
PUBLIC GENERALLY
that he has opened the stables formerly known as the Privett Stables.
HE IS PREPARED TO HIRE.
Hacks, Wagons, Buggies, and Horses at the Following schedule of prices:

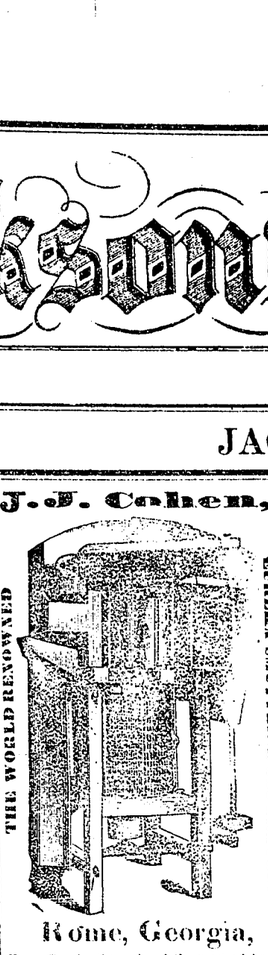
Two-horse hacks and driver per day	$6,00.
Two-horse wagon and driver per day	$5,00.
Buggy and horse per day	$3,00.
Single Buggy per day	$2,00.
Single Horse per day	$2,00.

He will also feed and take care of stock at charges to be paid when the stock is taken from the stable. Terms cash, only.
RICHARD WEAVER.
ug12—7.1

C. C. SAMUEL.
Successor to Elliot & Samuel,
COTTON FACTOR
Warehouse & Commission Merchant
(At Steamboat Landing,)
Rome, Ga.
Cotton compressed and put in splendid shipping order and forwarded same day of its arrival, at reduced rates of freight.
sept 23, 1871—1y

Trees! Flowers! Bulbs! Seeds
HEDGE PLANTS!
NURSERY STOCK! FRUIT & FLOWER PLATES!
Address F. K. PHŒNIX,
BLOOMINGTON NURSERY, ILL.
600 Acres; 21st year; 12 Greenhouses. Apple, 1,000 1 yr., $20; 2 yr. $30; 3 yr. $40; 4 yr. $50: 4 Catalogues, 20 cents

CROSS PLAINS HOUSE
COME ALONG
This House is not quite completed, but will receive Boarders and the Traveling public generally.
No rash promises made—come and see.
A. S. JOHNSON,
J. N. HOOD,
J. N. HOOD, Prop'r.
jun6—tf.

J. F. Cohen,


Rome, Georgia,
Keeps Constantly on hand the most celebrated and latest MILL MACHINERY, at Manufacturer's prices. Also, Importer of the Double Anchor Punch Bolting Cloth, French Burr and Esopus MILL STONES, Double Turbine Water Wheel, and an assortment of Belting, &c. Dec. 30, '71.—1y.

M. A. TURNER,
FASHIONABLE
TAILOR.
WOULD respectfully inform the citizens of Jacksonville and vicinity, that he has removed to No. 7 Office-row where he is ready at all times to make Boys & Gents cloth ing, according to latest styles and in a most durable manner. Thanking the public generally for their past liberal patronage, he hopes by skill and attention to merit a continuance of the same. Terms Cash
P. S. Twenty-five per cent. will be added, when work is taken from the shop unsettled for.
Jan27 1872—1y.

Nashville
Marble Works.
D. C. COLEMAN,
MANUFACTURER OF ALL KINDS OF
MARBLE MONUMENTS,
TOMBS, HEADSTONES,
MANTLES, URNS
Vases, Et.,
Of the finest
ITALIAN
AND
AMERICAN MARBLE
Yard No. 31 S. College Street, between Church and Broad.
NASHVILLE, TENNESSEE.
Orders promptly filled and satisfaction guaranteed.
Feb24 1872 -1y.

J. & B. TENNILE,
Corner Bibb & Commerce Streets.
Montgomery, Ala.
HAVING just completed their removal into the Splendid, New and Commodious Building at the corner of Bibb and Commerce Streets, would inform their friends and the public, that they have constantly on hand and are daily receiving, a
LARGE & ELEGANT STOCK OF
Fall and Winter Goods.
—SUCH AS—
Kerseys, Linseys,
Jeans, Tweeds,
Cassimeres, Cloths,
Opera, all Wool and
Cotton Flannels; Calicoes of the Best Brands;
Brown and Bleached Domestics;
Mattrass and Feather,
Ticking; Table Damask,
Toweling, Hosiery, Crib and Bed Blankets, Balmoral and Felt Skirts, also, a Nice Line of Ladies' Shawls, Notions,
Ribbons and Trimmings in Great Variety; Foreign and Domestic Dress Goods,
Very Attractive in Style and Fabric.
We intend to keep our stock replenished with the best of just such goods as the demands of the trade require, which will be sold at the
LOWEST LIVING RATES.

J. H. LAKIN,
Artistic Photographs,
No 51 Market Street,
MONTGOMERY, ALA.
PERSONS at a distance having old and fading Daguerreotypes can safely send them by mail to be recopied. ALL WORK GUARANTEED FIRST CLASS, AND PRICES REASONABLE.
May 11th, 1872—1y.

A TRUE HERO.

JAMES BRAIDWOOD—Died June 22, '61. BY THE AUTHOR OF "JOHN HALIFAX, GENTLEMAN."

[The great fire at Cotton's wharf, London, in which James Braidwood lost his life, is believed to have originated in the spontaneous combustion of hemp. He was killed by a falling wall while venturing into a burning warehouse, to encourage his men exhausted by the extreme heat. This act of heroism—only one of the many which shed lustre upon his name—and the unobtrusive virtues of his private life, are commemorated by Miss Muloch, in these words of touching and beautiful simplicity.]

Not at the battle front,
Writ of in story;
Not on the blazing wreck,
Steering to glory;

Not while in martyr-pang
Soul and flesh sever—
Died he, this Hero now—
Hero for ever.

No pomp poetic crowned,
No forms enchained him,
No friends, applauding, watched,
No foes arraigned him:

Death found him there, without
Grandeur or beauty—
Only an honest man
Doing his duty.

Just God fearing man,
Simple and lowly,
Constant at kirk and hearth,
Kindly and lowly—

Death found, and touched him with
Finger in flying:
So he rose up complete—
Hero undying.

Now all men mourn for him,
Lovingly raise him
Up from his life obscure,
Chronicle, praise him;

Tell his last act, done 'midst
Peril appalling,
And the last word of cheer
From his lips falling;

Follow in multitudes
To his grave's portal;
Leave him there buried in
Honor immortal.

So many a Hero walks
Daily beside us,
Till comes the supreme stroke
Sent to divide us.

Then the Lord calls his own—
Like this man, even,
Carried, Elijah-like,
Fire-winged, to heaven.

The obsequies of the United States, at Philadelphia in 1876, are, very appropriately to the spirit of the times, to be celebrated by a joint stock company, with a capital of $10,000 000. Big funeral, and doubtless big profits, unless Philadelphia should meanwhile follow the role of Chicago and Boston.

THE BISHOPS OF THE M. E. CHURCH, SOUTH.—The Episcopacy of the M. E Church South, represented in the following honored and revered name:—Bishops John Early, Robert Paine, George F. Pierce, Wm. M. Whiteman, H. H. Kavenaugh, E. M. Marvin, H. N. McTyeir Bishops Doggett and Keenan. The venerable John Early is now on the supernumerated list' thus leaving but eight, on whom rests the varied duties of this responsible and honored office.

The following quaint and expressive lines conclude the remarks of a travelling correspondent: "We were made very comfortable by the conductor of the sleeping-car; he was called 'the sleeping-car conductor,' but he was an efficient man, he was in 'everybody's mess and nobody's watch'—he at ended the brake, he was a graduate of some college, and when 'retiring time' came he could sling a sheet and skin a pillow equal to Eddy McAvoy, chief chamberm-aid at the hotel."

The "epizootic" has not spared even the animals in the New York Central Park. Lions and tigers were taken with the same symptoms as the horses, and the keepers were puzzled to know in what manner to treat them. Bengal tigers and royal African lions, with bad coughs and inflamed nostrils, were in no amiable mood, and would have soon vented their displeasure on the keepers. At last it was suggested to subject them to a vapor bath. A gentle perspiration broke out upon them, and they were soothed and quieted, and at last accounts much improved, taking their "raw" with appetite.

A TRIAL OF FIFTY YEARS.—The New York Observer has passed through the ordeal and starts out anew on the second fifty years with a larger list of readers and more numerous friends than ever. Such a steady course of prosperity is unexampled, and inspires confidence. We heartily rejoice in the great success of a paper which has always advocated those sound principles that underlie the foundations of society and good government. Orthodox in the truest sense, both in Church and State, its influence is always good. We see its publishers propose to give to every subscriber for 1873 an appropriately embellished "Jubilee Year Book." Those who subscribe will have no cause to regret the step. $3 a year. Sidney E. Morse & Co., 37 Park Row New York

CHEEK.—The Lumberton (N. C.,) "Robesonian" tells that Stephen Lowery was present at a Justice's Court in Burt Swamp township, in the Smiffletown district, a short time since:

He was armed to the teeth, holding in his hands all of the time a Spencer rifle, and having his belt stuck full of revolvers. There were on the ground a large number of mulattoes and half a dozen whites. He seemed entirely at ease, and during the progress of the trial manifested considerable interest in it. The trial was held in the church, a close log building, from which it would have been impossible for him to escape otherwise than by the door, yet he seemed to feel no apprehension, and but for the fact that he constant held his rifle in his hands a stranger would not have seen anything in his manner to betray the peculiar relation in which he stood to society.

[From the Montgomery Advertiser.]

ALABAMA LEGISLATURE.

SENATE—TWELFTH DAY.

MONTGOMERY, Nov. 30, 1872.

Senate met at 10 o'clock.

Journal of yesterday read and approved.

CALL OF DISTRICTS.

Mr. Hamilton, a resolution, the House concurring, that a Joint Committee to consist of 3 from the Senate and 6 from the House to communicate to His Excellency, the President of the United States by telegraph the precise facts attending the organization and action of this General Assembly to this late, and the obstacles which have been and are interposed to prevent exercise by this General Assembly of its powers, under the Constitution and the performance of its Constitutional duties.

Mr. Martin offered the following Amendment, "and that said committee be authorized if they deem it best to prepare an address in the name of this General Assembly and cause the same to be presented the President of the United States by a proper delegate to be chosen by said committee. The Resolution as amended was adopted and Messrs. Hamilton, Martin of Tuscaloosa and Robinson, were appointed on the committee.

MESSAGE FROM THE HOUSE.

A Message was received that the House had adopted a Joint resolution, appointing a joint committee to lay the present state of facts in this State before the president. Special order for 1 o'clock.

Mr. Terrell, a resolution the House concurring that a joint committee of one from the Senate and two from the House be appointed to wait upon his Excellency David P. Lewis and enquire of him the cause of the Presence of Federal Troops now encamacked on the Capitol Grounds. Lost.

MESSAGE FROM THE HOUSE

A message was received from the House informing the Senate that the House had concurred in the Senate Resolution, providing for a joint committee to communicate with the President, and had appointed Messrs. Manning, Taylor, Hamilton Brewer and Brown of Tuscaloosa.

MESSAGE FROM THE HOUSE.

A message was received from the House, informing the Senate that the House had originated and passed a bill to prevent the payment of certain taxes into the Treasury of the State

On motion of Mr. Cooper the rules were suspended, and the bill taken up and read a 2d time.

Mr. Cunningham offered a substitute. The bill and substitute were made special order for 11 o'clock Monday

Senate adjourned to 10 o'clock. Monday.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

SATURDAY, Nov. 30, 1872.

Prayer by Mr. Rowell of the House

Journal of yesterday read and approved.

BILLS ON SECOND READING

Bill to authorize the Governor to make such negotiations as may be necessary to secure and maintain the par value of the State money or certificates; Read second time and referred to Committee on Ways and Means when raised.

To require the Treasurer of the State to keep the School fund separate and distinct in the Treasury Read second time and referred to Committee on Education when raised.

The Speaker announced that he would proceed to the appointment of the regular standing Committees unless otherwise ordered by the House.

Mr. Manning of Mobile submitted the following:

JOINT RESOLUTION.

Resolved, that a Committee of three members of this House be appointed to act jointly with a like Committee on the part of the Senate to prepare to be submitted to the Governments of the United States at Washington a report of the facts and circumstances attending the inauguration of this General Assembly and of the events and facts which have embarrassed its proceedings and action. Unanimously adopted and the chair appointed Messrs. Manning of Mobile, Hamilton of Marion and Taylor of Lauderdale to constitute said Committee on the part of the House.

Mr. Jones, of Lee, offered the following joint resolution which was unanimously adopted.

Whereas, the General Assembly of Alabama now convened in accordance with the Constitution and laws of Alabama, is holding its sessions at the Capitol of the State and

Whereas, an armed body of United States Cavalry has appeared at the Capitol and is now encamped some fifty yards distant from the Capitol, and

Whereas the Governor of the State of Alabama has not recognized this General Assembly but has recognized another body not organized and constituted as required by the Constitution and Laws of Alabama as the General Assembly of Alabama, and

Whereas it is reported from credible sources that the United States troops now here are under the orders of his Excellency Gov. Lewis: Therefore be it.

Resolved the Senate concurring, that a committee of two on the part of the House and one on the part of the Senate be appointed to telegraph these facts to the President of the United States and request of him to know the purpose for which the troops have been sent and to request him to have them withdrawn.

The Speaker appointed Messrs. Jones of Lee, and Purcell of Henry to constitute said committee on the part of the House.

Mr. Boyd of Marshall, a resolution as follows:

Resolved, That the Chief Sergeant-at Arms of the House of Representatives of this General Assembly is hereby instructed and authorized to maintain possession of this House during the session of this General Assembly and is authorized and empowered to summon to his assistance a sufficient number of the citizens of the State for the due performance of the duties of his office whenever in his opinion it may become necessary. Adopted.

Mr. White of Clay, moved to reconsider the vote by which the resolution passed, in order that a proviso might be inserted excepting Federal troops, &c., but withdrew his motion to make way for the following supplemental resolution conveying the same idea, offered by way of amendment by Mr. Boyd.

Resolved, That the said Chief Sergeant-at Arms be further authorized to call upon the Federal troops for assistance in the performance of these duties.

The resolution was unanimously adopted.

A joint resolution originating in the Senate and covering the same ground as that covered by the resolution of Mr. Manning of Mobile, but authorizing a committee of five instead of three, and requiring the Committee to appoint a delegate to Washington, &c., was taken up and concurred in. The Speaker, as authorized by the resolution, added Messrs. Brewer and Brown to the committee appointed under the resolution of Mr. Manning.

Mr. White, of Clay, offered the following joint resolution, which was adopted.

Resolved, by the House of Representatives of the General Assembly of Alabama, the Senate concurring, that a Committe of three from each House be appointed to wait upon his excellency, the Governor and ascertain from him whether the United States troops now now stationed near the Capitol are so stationed by any agency or any act of his Excellency and if so, what are the purposes or purpose of his Excellency in the premises.

Mr. White requested the speaker to appoint Mr. Jones, of Lee as Chairman of the Committee on the part of the House, whereupon the Speaker appointed Messrs Jones, White and Franklin to constitute said Committee on the part of the House.

HOUSE BILLS.

Mr. Boyd, of Marshall, introduced a bill to prohibit the tax collectors of the State from paying taxes into the Treasury of the State under the penalty of a fine of $500. Read 1st 2d and 3d times, under a suspension of the rule, passed and certified to the Senate

House adjourned to 10 o'clock Monday morning.

Humorous Literature

Humor, as the word relates to literature, is, according to the lexicographers, that quality of the imagination which gives rise to a wild and fantastic turn of mind, apt to excite laughter or, at least, a theories of mirthful pleasure by judicious images or representations. Wit is often confounded with humor, and *vice versa*, but, while the two may be accepted as twin sisters, they are by no means the same. In genuine humor we invariably find something to please us, and never a thing calculated to do otherwise, while wit, though it may please us, is very likely, at the same time, to be displeasing somebody else. We all like the true humorist because he affords us pleasure and never pain, and the world is the better for his being in it, but the wit, though he may acquire a reputation for brilliancy and cleverness, has really very few true friends. The one moves us as the rising moon moves the darkness of night, causing us with gentleness, raising in our hearts and hearths no evil feeling save that outline upon the memory which makes one ever recall to mind with pain me the beauties of a rainbow by moonlight. But with the other the case is decidedly different. In the one case an electric flash dazzles us with its sudden brilliancy, and splinters the object against which it has been directed.

The humorous literature, so called, of this country, may be gathered into two distinct classes, and these classes might be distinguished from each other under the names of "high humor" and "low humor." "Genuine humor" and "no humor" would be better, but hardly admissible, since the world accepts both classes for what they claim to be—humor. Belonging to the first-named class we may find very good specimens in the writings of Dr. Holmes, and Ross Brown, and Mark Twain, while J. R. Lowell, and Artemus Ward, and Josh Billings have given us very fair samples of the last. One is genuine humor hung out in plain English, while the other, though it may embody some humorous thoughts, depends most for its success on a vulgar murdering of the language in imitation of some low class of people, ranking far beneath the common level of the country. How intelligent persons can find pleasure in mere vulgarity is a mystery to us, nevertheless we must admit that they seem to do it. J. R. Lowell's popular Yankee doggerel, "The Courtin'," stands as an important witness in the establishment of this fact. It gave the writer about all the fame that ever fell to his portion, and here are a few of its best points:

Zezel crep' up, quite unbeknown,
An, peeked in thru the winder,
An' thar sot Hulda all alone
'Ith no one nigh to hender.
Agin the chembley crookneck hung,
An' in among 'em rusted
The old queen's arm that gran'ther Young
Fetch't home from Concord busted.

* * * * * *

"You want to see my pa, I 'spose?"
"Wal, no; I came designin'—"
"To see my ma? She's sprinklin' clo'es
Agin to-morrow's i'nin."

Now suppose Lowell had, in place of this, told us in rhyme that the young man called at the premises unheralded, and, looking through the open window, saw the young lady alone in the sitting-room; extending his glance to the fireplace, he saw gourds hanging just above it upon a rack supporting an old musket that had cut an important figure at the battle of Concord; he was admitted in obedience to his summons, and the young lady, desirous of obliging him, remarked that he wished to see her father, and was about to call the old gentleman in; but he replied that his business was not with the man of the house; he had called designing—" To see my mother?" she responded, at a pause in his sentence; "my mother is in the next room, sprinkling clothes for the morrow's ironing, and will soon be through." Suppose, we say, that this had been the style of Lowell's popular doggerel—or in other words, that it had appeared in plain English—where then would have been the fame which the author now enjoys as a humorous writer?

With the design of more clearly illustrating the two classes of humorous literature, we call the attention of our readers to a little poem which went through most of the papers about a dozen years ago—it is entitled

JENNY.

On a sunny summer morning
Early as the dew was dry,
Up the hill I went a berrying.
And I'll tell the reason why:
Farmer Davis had a daughter,
And it happened that I knew
On each sunny, summer morning,
She went out a berrying too.

Lonely work was picking berries,
So I joined her on the hill:
"Jenny, dear," said I, your basket's
Quite too large for one to fill."
So we set about to fill it;
Jenny talking—I was still—
Leading where the hill was steepest,
Picking berries up the hill.

This is up-hill work," said Jenny.
"So is life," said I, "but we
Climb the hill so well together
I'm thinking you and me
Would do well to try a life-climb—
"What say you?" and came and went
Color redder than the berries
As she gave a sweet consent

We find running through this little effort lively vein of genuine humor, belonging to what we have denominated the high class but it is possible that there are some readers who will not consider it humorous at all. They would prefer something in the other class, and for their benefit we shall undertake to cut it down a few notches; that is, translate it from the original English:

GINNY.

On a smashin' summer mornin',
Long afore the weeds got dry,
I poked up the hill a berryin'—
Mout a well jest tell ye why.
Old man Davis had a likely
Gal, an' I'd the luck to know,
Every day the killin' critter
Berryin' up the hill did go.
Stunnin' work was pickin' berries,
So I met her on the hill;
"Gone, my gal," said I, "yer basket's
Mortal big for one to fill!"
So we both pitched in to fill it,
Gabbin' she—I nary gab
Gettin' off, but pickin' berries—
Gobs of berries every grab.

"This ar' climbin' work," said Ginny;
"Nothin short," said I, "want we
Stick an' alers climb together—
Hitch our trace, you and me?"
I reckon not a busted berry
Growed the gal—just as she ort—
Fed her not a pile of berries,
As she answered, "Nothin' short!"

A very touching episode interrupted the regular proceedings of the Thursday morning session of the Methodist Conference in the formal presentation by Bishop Pierce of a relic which the now saintea Bishop Andrew had in his dying hours requested to Bishop Marvin.

Bishop Pierce said that he was not a worshiper of images, nor did he believe there is any atonement in the bones of dead saints. But he was fond of relics of the past, particularly when they are consecrated by association with the great and good. Bishop Andrew, that great and good man, revered by all the Church, in his last moments sent his sons of love to some of the brethren, and articles of property to others. To Bishop Marvin he had sent—not silver nor gold, no pearl from the ocean, or gems from the mountain, for he had none of these; it was a razor and case that had belonged to the severed Bishop Asbury, by whom it was presented to Bishop Andrew. Bishop Pierce begged that Bishop Marvin would accept this little piece of property, valuable in the associations that were connected with it, with the wish that the time of his possession and use of it might be long, happy and useful.

Bishop Marvin was visibly affected by the remarks and presentation, and expressed a profound appreciation of this remembrance by the holy man by whom he was received into the connexion as a Deacon. He would venerate the gift, not with superstitution, but with a tender and lasting regard. He had recent ly been presented with another relic. A friend who was present while the pulpit of the City Road Chapel in Europe was being removed, obtained a piece of the wood, and fixing an inkstand to it, presented it to him. He would cherish them, and long after he was dead, that they would be in the hands of Bishops or the church.—*Atlanta Sun 30th.*

Death of Hon N. L. Whitfield

We regret to state that this able and patriotic gentleman died in this city at two o'clock this morning. Mr. Whitfield was a member of the House of Representatives from Tuscaloosa county, a position which he had often filled to the satisfaction of his intelligent constituency and with great credit as one of the ablest and safest legislators in the State and with those who knew him his word was equivalent to his bond. Although suffering from an attack of sickness, just before the meeting of the present General Assembly, knowing the perilous situation of affairs and appreciating to the fullest extent the need of wise counsels and disinterested patriotism he left his home to be present at the organization of the House. We all know how thoroughly devoted he was to the cause of Conservatism, and how anxious that all troubles might be settled upon a basis maintaining the honor of the State. A few days ago he was taken sick. On Sunday his disease rapidly assumed a dangerous phase and at two o'clock this morning he breathed his last. Peace to his honored ashes.—*Montgomery Advertiser.*

Drop a piece of wool on the floor. Do you hear it? No. It is noiseless. How about the snow? Does it make a great shout to tell us it is coming! Certainly not. "He giveth snow like wool." It is noiseless. And this is altogether characteristic of Divine operations. The great forces of the universe are mute. Gravitation has no tongue:

Who wears the cross prays oft and well;
Bruised herbs send forth the sweetest smell.
Where ships ne'er tossed by stormy wind,
The pole-star who would care to find?
Had David spent no darksome hours.
His sweetest songs had ne'er been ours.

[From the Montgomery Advertiser.]

A Plea for an Emperor.

A correspondent of the Cincinnati *Enquirer* writes to that paper avowing the reasons that influenced him to vote for Gen'l Grant. He says that he supported Mr. Lincoln, and that he voted for Gen'l Grant "in face of the efforts of the Administration to control the State elections by official terrorism and money." Speaking of these acts of the Administration he says:

They satisfied me that if this country wants peace and stability it must have a Centralized power—a Government not subject to the change every four years—in the hands of a man—President for life—in whom the people have confidence, and who has shown his patriotism by his works. I saw by the North Carolina and Pennsylvania State elections that elections were farces. You know they are farces as well as I. Everybody who has a grain of sense and any observation of his own knows them to be farces. Money and fraud control them every-where. If the people can be tickled by such jumping-jack toys let them have them for local uses. But for the Presidency we want no more elections. The Washington Administration can and will carry them as it wants them to go, anyhow. Why then have the country convulsed by them? Business' commerce, finances all demand steadiness; and when they are steady, the farmer, mechanic and laborer, know what to depend on.

Is liberty better assured by electing a President every four years than by having one for life, in which latter case we are relieved of the dangerous convulsions with which we are threatened? I voted for Grant, hoping and believing his re-election would lead to his holding the office for life. With such change in our system, we should have unity of country, no more secessions, no more civil war' no stirring up of strife and incipient convulsions every four years.

And you may believe it or not, when I say that those who are of my way of thinking are multitudinous, a large majority of the substantial people of the country; but, judging from my own observation, I have no doubt about it now whatever. Grant as President for life would be acceptable to a vast majority. We should have a Republic as well then as now, but one that could be counted on for its stability. Let the constitution go by the board. It is no longer considered of any account anyhow, and was the parent of secession. The will of the people expressed by Congress will be constitution enough.

If the Government succeeds in getting control of the telegraph lines it will be able to crush out every independent or opposition daily newspaper in the United States by withholding dispatches from it! *There will then be no more freedom of the press*; and soon thereafter no more freedom of any other kind. In other times this would have been considered a most detestable scheme; but under present circumstances we doubt if there are a considerable number of men in the country who care whether it succeeds or fails. The people are reckless and desperate!

The nine millions of Southern white men are beyond question, taken altogether, the most dissatisfied and hopeless population in any civilized country! The millions of Radical idiots in the North and West, have no idea that life was given them for any other purpose but the enjoyment of lust and dollars; while the ruffians of all classes value existence only as affording glorious opportunities to cheat some dupe, or fellow rascal less shrewd and unprincipled, of whatever one may be able to rob another! All these noble and virtuous American citizens will, we are sure, cheerfully respond to the view presented by the Enquirer's correspondent! As for the two or three millions of Conservative voters in the North and West, they are at this moment in such an abject and pitiabel condition that our heart bleeds for the poor devils! They are fully sensible (and know, too, that all the world understands it) of having been denied a fair expression of the elective franchise, by actual force and fraud. They know that ruffianly hands have turned the ballot boxes of the people against themselves, and counted the people *out* and their tyrants *in*. Still the Conservative citizens feel their moral and physical impotence to overthrow their brutal masters, and to recover their lost rights. In bitterness and shame three millions of Northern and Western Conservative voters bow down their heads conscious of having sunk into an attitude of political slavery! They recognze the truth at last that they, with the rest of us, have been the victims of a great conspiracy designed from the beginning to destroy the constitution of the United States and the blessed Union of our fathers! These are gone now and forever!

So, on the whole the present condition of the country appears favorable to the consummation of the wishes of the state-man correspondent of the Cincinnati Enquirer. Here in the "Home of the Free" and the "Land of the Brave," let us try the experiment of a Republic with a Military Despot at the head of it. The idea is entirely moral! It will be a splendid sensation for the enthusiastic masses who fought for the "old Flag." We ought to try it by all means!

At a New York church the prospective marriages in the congregation are bulletined every Sunday, for the benefit of the young ladies.

A thousand American girls, for whom the schools on this side of the water are not good enough, are receiving their education in France and Italy.

Four hundred miles of narrow-guage railways are to be built in California, and a company with seven millions of capital has been organized to do it.

A new danger threatens society. An eminent French chemist announces that many of the new evening silks are colored with picrate of lead, and are, therefore, liable to a tremendous explosion at any moment.

The Tarboro (N. C.) Enquirer says about twenty-five bears have been killed in Beaufort county during the past week.

Republican

JACKSONVILLE, ALABAMA.

SATURDAY, DEC. 7, 1872.

Death of Horace Greeley.

A week ago to-day the telegraph announced the death of Horace Greeley the eminent journalist and philospher. He died of a broken heart, superinduced by the affecting death of a beloved wife and his crushing political defeat—his rejoction at the hands of a people to whom he had dedicated his life, and whose welfare and happiness usurped the greater portion of his thoughts. Near his dissolution his great mind gave way, and from then until the end came his lucid moments were few. Among the last coherent expressions that fell from his lips were, "The country is gone—the Tribune is gone—I am gone." "It is done." "I know that my Redeemer liveth." The man that could rationally make that last expression is more to be envied than mourned for. The change with such an one could not fail to be grateful to a weary and broken spirit.

Horace Greeley's last days were the noblest of his life, and in the eyes of the Southern people are sufficient to work a pardon for what they may regard and what perhaps were his past errors. The Southern people, even those who refused to vote for him, cannot fail to recognize the fact that he died a martyr to the cause of "peace, reconciliation and purification" in the Government.

As a self-made man he was a conspicuous and shining example. Going to New York as a poor printer boy, he rose by his own single exertions to the front rank of an honorable profession, and died possessed of a competency and honors more than usually fall to the lot of men.

Strictly temperate in his habits, frugal, pious and industrious, he may well be taken as an exemplar by young men who come after him.

The Situation at Montgomery.

The situation of affairs at Montgomery up to last advices, remains unchanged. The "Rump" at the United States Court Room had elected Spencer, and that worthy, with his retinue, had departed from Montgomery. The true Legislature was also endeavoring to effect the election of an United States Senator.

A committee of both houses have issued an address, setting forth the situation and fully justifying the true Legislature in its action so far. It is certainly an unanswerable document. The Radical Auditor is issuing warrants to the Court House mob, for which it is hoped he may be made some day, responsible, on his official bond. The true Legislature are worrying along without any warrants on the Treasury and taking such action daily as appears in the published proceedings of that body elsewhere. Dr. Lawrence, the Radical from Cherokee, who associated him elf with the lawful representatives of the people of Alabama just long enough to receive the encomiums of the respectable newspaper press of the State, has, true to his Radical instincts, joined the mob at the Court House, and Cherokee county is left without a Representative in the lower house. Rumor says that some of the more wishy-washy Democrats are also getting quite weak-kneed and are talking of returning home. If a few of them should do so, the effect will be to destroy the quorum in both bodies of the Legislature and entirely destroy its efficiency. Such action on their part should be regarded as party treason and the offenders forever laid on the shelf.—The duty of the Legislature, it seems to us, is plain, and the people of Alabama expect that body to discharge that duty quickly, firmly, fearlessly. Nothing less will excuse any member of the body.

Immediately after the Senate had convened Charles Sumner introduced a bill to strikes from the United States flags and the Army Register all records of battles with fellow-citizens. The New York Herald eulogizes Mr. Sumner for the generous act and says: "Mr. Sumner's bill ought to pass unanimously at once. In fact everything possible should be done to obliterate the memory of the sad event and to restore harmony and fraternal feeling among all the citizens of our common country."

Mr. Whitfield, of Tuscaloosa, (a member of the true Legislature) died some days ago, and now we have the intelligence of the death of a Radical member (Mr. Beauett from Hale county) who had been operating with the court house mob. He went to his room at the Exchange Hotel, complained of being sick on retiring and was found dead in his bed next morning.

Committees from both Alabama Legislatures are in Washington endeavoring to see Grant to tell him how it is. Grant refers them to Attorney Gen'l Williams, and Williams says the Administration will have nothing to do with the fuss unless something should arise under the constitution of the United State which shall render necessary the intervention of the Federal Authority.

Hon. Geo. Goldthwaith and Judge Richard Busteed have arrived at New York from Europe.

The result of the Presidential election in America, was published in London, and known all over Europe the next morning after the polls were closed. So much for sub-marine cables and electric wires.

The total number of Universalist ministers in the United States is six hundred and eighty-three, and the total number of societies or parishes is nine hundred and forty-four.

[From the Montgomery Advertiser.]

ALABAMA LEGISLATURE.

SENATE—THIRTEENTH DAY.

MONDAY, Dec. 2.

Senate met at 11 o'clock.

Journal of Saturday read and approved.

Mr. Martin, of Tuscaloosa, moved a suspension of the call of Districts. Adopted.

Also, that a committee of three be appointed to draft suitable resolutions to be presented to this Senate, on to-morrow, in relation to the death of the Hon. N. L. Whitfield, of Tuscaloosa. The chair appointed Messrs. Martin, of Tuscaloosa, Cooper and Terrell.

Also, that in honor of the memory of deceased this Senate adjourn to 10 o'clock to-morrow. Adopted.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

MONDAY, Dec. 2.

The House met pursuant to adjournment.

Prayer by Rev. Mr. Howell, member from Cleburne.

The Journal of last Saturday was read and approved.

On motion of Mr. Browne, of Tuscaloosa, the reading of the Journal was dispensed with.

Mr. Browne, of Tuscaloosa, then offered the following resolutions:

WHEREAS, The House of Representatives has just learned that the Hon. Newton L. Whitfield, a member of this House from the county of Tuscaloosa, departed this life in this city at 2 o'clock this morning, therefore

Resolved, That this House learns with the deepest pain and regret of the sudden and unexpected calamity which has thus fallen upon the Legislature and the State of Alabama.

Resolved, That the deceased was recognized as one of the leaders of this House, wise, conservative and prudent in council but firm in action, and that his loss to the State is indeed deplorable.

Resolved, That we extend the family of the deceased our warmest sympathy in this affliction, and that the Clerk of this House be requested to furnish them a copy of these resolutions.

Resolved, That the members of this House will wear the usual badge of mourning for thirty days.

Resolved, That in honor of the deceased this House adjourn until 10 o'clock to-morrow morning.

Mr. Browne delivered a few feeling and eloquent remarks in support of his resolutions which were seconded by Mr. Manning, of Mobile, in the same vein. After which, the resolutions were unanimously adopted, and the House adjourned until 10 o'clock to-morrow morning.

SENATE—FOURTEENTH DAY.

TUESDAY, Dec. 3.

Senate met at 10 o'clock.

Journal read and approved.

CALL OF DISTRICTS.

Mr. Edwards, a bill to make Malinda Ann Cain a free dealer. Ordered to second reading on to-morrow.

Mr. Hewitt, a bill to repeal an act entitled an act to authorize the publication of the laws of Alabama, approved Oct. 10, 1868, and an act entitled an act to amend the same approved Dec. 19, 1871. Rules suspended, bill read a third time and passed.

Also, a bill to economize in the public printing and to repeal section 123 of the revised code. Read a second time and referred to a special committee of five, viz: Messrs. Hewitt, Carmichael, Parks, Cunningham and Snodgrass.

Mr. Carmichael, a bill to amend section 3704 of the revised code. Rules suspended, bill read a second time and referred to a special committee of three, viz: Messrs. Carmichael, Cobb and Jones.

Mr. Robinson moved to proceed to the election of United States Senator. Carried.

Mr. Coleman nominated George. S. Houston.

Mr. Snodgrass nominated Richard W. Walker.

In presenting his name Mr. Snodgrass said:

MR. PRESIDENT—In accordance with what I conceive to be the desire of a majority of the Democracy of the Senatoral District which I have the honor to represent in this body, I beg leave to place in nomination for Senator of the United States, the Hon. Richard W. Walker, of the city of Huntsville, a gentleman as much esteemed for his pre-eminent ability as a statesman of the highest order, as for the purity and worth of his private character.

Mr. Carmichael nominated Taul Bradford.

On the first ballot

Mr. Houston received	7
Mr. Walker received	5
Mr. Bradford received	6

On motion, the Senate took a recess to 3½ o'clock p. m.

EVENING SESSION.

At 3½ o'clock the Senate was called to order.

HOUSE BILLS.

The House bill to prevent the payment of taxes into the State Treasury, together with the substitute offered by Mr. Cunningham, and made special order for 11 o'clock Monday, was taken up and referred to special committee of five, viz: Messrs. Cobb, Cunningham, Walton, Coleman and Hewitt.

Mr. Martin, a resolution that the President appoint standing committees, and that the committees thus appointed will only hold during the present session.

BILLS ON THIRD READING.

The bill to repeal an act to authorize the Commissioners Court of Walker county to levy a special tax, was taken up and passed.

The Senate adjourned to 10 o'clock to-morrow.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

TUESDAY, Dec. 3.

No quorum being present the House adjourned until to-morrow morning 10 o'clock.

SENATE—FIFTEENTH DAY.

WEDNESDAY, Dec. 5.

CALL OF DISTRICTS.

Mr. Cooper in the Chair.

Mr. Ervin, A Bill to regulate the holding of special terms of the Circuit Court in this State. Read 2nd time and referred to Judiciary Committee when raised.

Also, A Bill to require the Clerk of the Circuit Court in the County of Wilcox to set the cases on the State docket, for trial on certain days — Passed.

Also, A Bill to regulate the trial of attachment cases. Referred to Judiciary Committee.

Mr. Carmichael, A Bill to prevent the carrying of slungshots. Referred to Judiciary Committee when raised.

JOINT MEMORIAL.

Mr. Jones, A Joint Memorial to the Congress of the United States asking that payment be made to the owners of cotton unlawfully seized, and taken from them by U. S. Treasury agents, of the value or proceeds of such cotton. Adopted.

The hour of 12 having arrived the Senate proceeded to the Hall of the House, for the purpose of comparing votes for U. S. Senator. (See proceedings for the result.)

The Senate returned to its Chamber when the President announced the standing Committees.

The Senate then adjourned to 10 o'clock to-morrow.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

WEDNESDAY, Dec. 4.

Mr. Boyd called the attention of the Chair to the absence of members of this House, and asked that the Sergeant-at-Arms be instructed to bring them in. The question having been put the House conferred the necessary authority on the Sergeant-at-Arms and he was instructed to compel the attendance of absent members.

At the hour of 12, M., the Senate came into the Hall of the House for the purpose of comparing votes for U. S. Senator. The Secretary of the Senate (President Ervin in the chair,) read the Senate proceedings of yesterday.

The Clerk of the House also read the proceedings, which showed that no quorum being present, no vote was taken.

Mr. Speaker Stone then read the law under which the General Assembly was to act, and announced that nominations were in order:

On the call of the rolls, 18 Senators and 49 Representatives answered to their names, making in all 97 members, which constitute a majority of the General Assembly,

ON THE FIRST BALLOT.

Walker received	20
Houston received	15
Mudd received	4
Bradford received	19
Cochran received	9

Neither candidate receiving a majority of the votes cast, the joint convention, on motion of Mr. Cobb, adjourned to 12 M. to-morrow.

The Senate then proceeded to its chamber and the House adjourned.

On Thursday, the Sixteenth day, nothing was done in the Legislature but the appointment of the standing committees, in the Senate, and the ballot for United States Senator, when both Houses adjourned, in respect to the memory of Mr. Bennett, member elect from Hale county, who had not taken his seat with the true Legislature.

Before the ballot for Senator, the name of Judge Mudd was withdrawn. The ballot resulted as follows: Bradford, 21; Walker, 21; Houston, 21; Cochran 4.

Telegraphic.

WASHINGTON, December 5.—The House passed the bill to admit building material in Boston free, then took up the bill for the ten sloops of war.

Sumner asked, on account of ill health, to be excused from service on any committee. Prize tried to call up his resolution asking the President why troops have been or are to be sent to Arkansas, but Edmonds objected.

Pomeroy introduced a bill to prohibit the sale or manufacture or importation of intoxicating liquors in the district of Columbia, or in the territories.

Morrill, of Vermont, called up the bill on the endowment of national colleges and spoke on it.

NEW YORK, Dec. 5.—The schooner L. Murchison from Wilmington hither is ashore at Rockaway.

Ben Wood, of the News, subscribed $1,000 to Greeley's press fund. Other subscriptions are reported, including $100 from John Mullaly, of the Metropolitan Record.

JEFFERSON CITY, Mo, Dec. 5.—The Electoral College voted: Gratz Brown 8; Hendricks 6; David Davis 1.

SAN FRANCISCO, Dec. 5.—The famous Stanton ruby valued at a quarter of a million proves to be a soft garnet worth a hundred dollars.

SALT LAKE, Dec 5.—Full advices of the diamond swindle show that Californians lost two millions and New Yorkers three—quarters of a million dollars.

London, December 5.—The Newburyport gas works exploded. Seven instantly killed and many wounded.

Boston, December 5.—The Legislature has leased the old South Church for postoffice purposes.

Rev. Dr. Haight, of New York, has been elected Bishop of the Protestant Episcopal Church of Massachusetts, vice Eastburn deceased.

THE WHOOPING COUGH is a terrible disease and is no respecter of persons. Mothers, if this paragraph should meet your eye cut it out and preserve it. A simple cure for the whooping cough is as follows: "Pour one quart of boiling water on one ounce of chestnut leaves and keep covered. When cold, an ordinary tea cup full may be given three or four times daily, the last at the time of the patient retiring to rest for the night. Sugar and milk may be added if necessary, to deceive the patient."

The Selma Argus on the Duty of the Legislature.

The general assembly of the state has not acted with proper dignity and decision in dealing with the conspiracy against itself and the people of Alabama. Its hesitation and timidity have made that a grave matter which two weeks ago was a pitiful and contemptible attempt to control by bargain and sale the senatorial election. Its hesitation and timidity add each hour to the gravity of the situation. It should master the danger or submit to it, and at once end apprehensions which disturb the public mind and menace the peace of the commonwealth. It must terminate the embroglio soon or it will itself be dissolved by providential causes and the machinations of the conspirators.

We know the difficulties which beset the members of the legislature in dealing with the unprecedented state of affairs which confronts them; but we believe those difficulties arise mainly in their own excessive conservatism—originate in feelings which do honor to their hearts and endanger their country. Those difficulties should not exist. Too much prudence is a very rascally virtue in times of public danger. Too much forbearance and caution, too much hunting for precedents and forms, too much thought about a federal interferance which there is no reason to fear, too much dallying with outlaws, on the part of the majority in the capitol have made all the danger there is to fear. The people are losing faith, not in the integrity and courage, but in the temper and spirit, of their repre-sentatives; and a wide-spread dissatisfaction now calls for action which the people think has been too long delayed.

We do hope that the general assembly will now elect a senator, impeach the Governor, and proceed to other public business.—*Selma Argus.*

United States Judge Underwood had the prisoners in jail at Norfolk taken to the polls and voted for Grant.

"IT IS DONE."

OBSEQUIES OF MR. GREELEY

THE CYPRESS WREATH.

A Beautiful Tribute.

"I Know That My Redeemer Liveth."

The Last Sad Rites to Departed Virtue.

NEW YORK, December 4.—The interior of the Church of the Divine Fraternity, presented, to-day a sombre and beautiful appearance. The pulpit was heavily draped in crape and long lines of crape were suspended from every pillar and every butment of the beautiful Gothic interior. The several offerings in the Church were exquisite in design and appropriateness. Principal among them were the following: "I know that my Redeemer Liveth." Red on white ground and green body. At the rear of the pulpit was a sheaf of wheat from Chappaqua in the form of a crown, and suspended overhead a pen and an axe.

Around the pulpit were innumerable offerings of flowers & wreaths. In front of the pulpit was a beautiful design of flowers, with the words "It is Done," on white ground, purple letters and green borders. On a tablet to the left of the pulpit was a floral wreath bearing the letters "H. G." Then there were in flowers, "A Plough from the Tribune Office," a quill from the German Greeley Club, a basket of flowers with crown and cross from Lincoln Club, and floral offerings from Lotes, Arcadian, Herald and other clubs.

As early as 9 o'clock, the crowd flocked to the Church but only those having tickets succeeded in gaining admission. By 10 o'clock, the galleries, which had been reserved for ladies, were crowded. About a quarter before 11 President Grant entered, and immediately following him were Senator Henry Wilson, Minister Washburn, and Secretary of War Belknap. They took seats on the right of the pulpit. There were also present Carl Schurz, Lyman Trumbull, and Vice-President Colfax. Mr. Colfax took a Seat next to the President.

Promptly at 11 o'clock the funeral procession started from Mr. SinClair's house, on Forty-fifth street. Many affecting scenes took place there during the morning. Mr. Greeley's daughters were inconsolable in their greif. The corpse was borne by ten men. Next came the clergymen, mourners, and then the Tribune Association. Next, the Herald Club. Then followed in succession military and civil officers of the United States, located in this and adjoining cities: officers of the government of the State of New York and of other States now in this city: the Mayor and members of Common Council of New York; Mayor and members of the Common Council of Brooklyn Jersey City, Long Island city, New York and Elizabeth; Representatives from Philadelphia, Baltimore, and other cities; then came Judges from all courts; and the line of citizens was of immense length.

Miss Clara Louise Kellogg next sang very touchingly, "I know that my Redeemer Liveth," after which Henry Ward Beecher delivered the funeral oration. He says: "Of all who have passed away, not one has gone for a long time who will carry with him so much reverence—so much honor—so much devotion. Who is this man who gets all these civic honors? Who is this man? Was he one of those great princes of wealth? Was he one of great military renown? No! and yet here are men from every walk in life; here is our Chief Magistrate; here are our most prominent citizens from all parts of the country, gathered around the bier of this man, who is now no more. Here we see the criticism is disarmed. A little time ago, and men's political passions were all aroused, and we differ as much on politics as ever. but here lies before us this man who but a brief time ago was a great leader in the land, and why do men of all parties gather here in reverence round his remains. Heroes, to-day, between the two oceans, there is scarcely a man or child who has not felt the beneficient influence of the character of Horace Greeley. Horace Greeley gave the strehgth of his life to education, to humanity and especially to persons who could little help themselves.

He had a great heart, that longed for sympathy. Though he may be remembered by those memorials which carry other men's names down, he will be remembered throughout this land for those great qualities of mind and heart which made his character commensurate, as it were, with the genius of this great Republic. His influence has gone out to teach a nobler manhood to the mechanic, the laborer and farmer. What more can we say in eulogy of the character of this illustrious dead? Alas! alas! he had a long and not intempestiuous voyage and has reached the shore. How blessed are the dead that die in the Lord. May God grant that in the solemnity of these thoughts, in which we have gathered here, it may be our happy lot that, when we die, angels shall open the gates and receive us into the glory of the Lord."

It is as hard to do business without advertisiug as it for a cross-eyed man to dorrow a shot-gun.

A hunter in Craig county, Virginia, a few days ago killed three deer at two shots.

To the Farmers of Calhoun County.

JACKSONVILLE, ALA., Nov. 26 '72.

I have associated myself with Mr. J. R. Jones in an effort to organize a stock Company with a Capital sufficient to build an iron Blast Furnace to be located six miles, north of Jacksonville, on the Selma, Rome and Dalton Railroad.

The several ore banks and the timber on twelve thousand acres of land have already been placed at our disposal, at an average cost to the Company of one dollar per acre.

The quality and amount of ore, the timber, the building material, and the eligibility of the site, are respectively satisfactory.

Mr. Jones is an expert Iron man, learned the business in his native country—Wales. He is recently from the Iron Fields of Pennsylvania, and unless we succeed in raising the necessary funds here, will return to Pennsylvania with the view of soliciting the desired amount from the capitalists of that State.

If there is the great profit on iron that we are led to believe and do believe, why not secure it for our own people?

Shall we forever fold our arms and see not only our hard earnings but the rich minerals of our country pass into the strong box of the Northern Capitalists?

You have only to will and the reward is ours. One thousand shares will build the works. Five hundred shares at least, can and should be in the hands of the young men of the county to whom this appeal is particularly and respectfully made.

JOHN H. FORNEY.

An Ordinance.

Be it ordained by the Intendant and Councilors of the town of Jacksonville, That if any person who does not pay to the town regular water tax shall use water from the Reservoir or the private hydrants of any citizen of the town the same shall be fined five dollars for each and every offence.

Be it further ordained, That if the owner of any hydrant shall permit the use of water from such hydrant by any person or persons not paying to the town regular water tax, the same shall be fined five dollars for each and every offence.

GEO. I. TURNLEY,
Intendant.
JOHN M. CALDWELL,
Sec'y T. C.

An Ordinance.

Be it ordained by the Intendant and Councilors of the town of Jacksonville, That from and after the passage of this ordinance if any person shall use water from any of the Fire Plugs of the town, other than for the extinguishment of fires or in the regular practice of the Fire Company, or shall open the same so as to allow the water to waste, or shall otherwise tamper with the same, shall be fined, upon conviction, for each and every offence five dollars.

Be it further ordained, That any officer of the town shall have free access to any part of the Water Works, Fire Plugs, &c., for the purpose of examination and inspection, as in so far, shall be excepted from the provisions of the above ordinance.

GEO. I. TURNLEY,
Intendant.
JOHN M. CALDWELL,
dec7'72—2t Sec'y T. C.

SALE
OF
PERSONAL PROPERTY.

Estate of Thomas J. Caver, deceased.

Under and by virtue of an order of the probate court of Calhoun county, Alabama, made on the 6th of December, 1872, we will sell at the late residence of decedent, on the

6th day of January, 1873,

At public auction to the highest bidder, all the personal property of the Estate of said decedent, consisting of

Two Mules and one mule colt,
One Pony, one Yoke Oxen,
Wagon, Carriage, Buggy and Harness,
Farming Utensils,
Beds and Bed Clothing,
Bedsteads,
Household and Kitchen Furniture,
Set Blacksmith's Tools,
About 1000 Bushels of Corn.

Said property will be sold on a CREDIT OF 12 MONTHS, with interest from date. Note and two solvent securities will be required. No property delivered until terms of Sale are complied with.

A. F. ALLEN,
JOHN F. SMITH,
Administrators of Estate of
T. J. Caver, dec'd.
Dec. 7, 1872.—5t.

SALE
OF VALUABLE
COOSA RIVER LANDS

UNDER and by virtue of an Order and Decree of the Probate Court of Calhoun County, Alabama, made on the 7th day of December, 1872, we will sell the following described Lands, belonging to the Estate of Elias Teague, deceased, upon the premises,

On the 20th day of December, 1872,

At public auction to the highest bidder, an undivided one half interest in Fraction D, fractional section 6. Fraction E, fractional section 6; and fraction F, fractional section 6. Also north west fourth of south east fourth, and south half of north west fourth of section 6, all in township 15, range 6. Also, fraction A, fractional section one, and fraction B, fractional section one, township 15, range 5, east in the Coosa Land District and in said county of Calhoun. Said Lands are a part of the Miller Ferry tract on Coosa River, and will be sold on a CREDIT OF ONE AND TWO YEARS, in equal annual payments, with interest from date of sale. Two equal notes, with two or more solvent securities will be required to secure the prompt payment of the purchase money.

ALSO,

At the same time and place,

We will sell to the highest bidder for cash, about ONE HUNDRED AND FIFTY BUSHELS OF CORN.

E. C. TEAGUE,
J. C. WATSON.
Administrators with the will annexed of Estate of Elias Teague, dec'd.
Dec. 7, 1872.—4t.

Notice to Creditors.

LETTERS of Administration upon the Estate of Thomas Hall, deceased, having been granted to the undersigned by the Probate Court of Calhoun County, Alabama, on the 5th day of December, 1871:—Notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against said estate, to present them legally authenticated, within the time prescribed by law, or they will be barred; and all persons indebted to said estate are required to make immediate payment.

JAMES H. SAVAGE,
Administrator.
December 5, 1873.—6t.

The State of Alabama, Calhoun Co.

Probate Court Special Term, Dec. 4 '72.

Estate of James T. Williams deceased.

This day came Thomas A. Kerr, the Executor of said estate, and filed his statement, accounts, vouchers, and evidences for annal settlement of his administration. It is ordered by the court, that the 30th day of December next, 1872, be appointed a day on which to make such settlement, at which time all persons interested can appear and contest the said settlement if they think proper.

A. WOODS, Judge of
Dec. 7, 1872. Probate.

NOTICE!!
To my Friends and Patrons.

I take this method of informing you that I have just returned from New York, with a large and carefully selected stock of

FASHIONABLE CLOTHING
—AND—
FURNISHING GOODS,
—FOR—

Men's Youth's & Boy's, Hats, Caps, Canes, Umbrellas, Etc., Etc., Etc.

Which I am in daily receipt of, and which, having been purchased late in the season, during the decline in goods, I can offer fully 10 per cent. lower than any other house in the city.

Having added to my business this season a "Custom Department," superintended by

A First-Class Cutter

from New York, I am prepared to receive any and all orders for "custom made garments," guaranteeing in every instance entire satisfaction.

A full line of Cloths, Cassimeres and Vestings always on hand.

H. C. DAVIDSON,
17 Market Street.
MONTGOMERY, ALA.
Oct26 d1w

JUST RECEIVED AT

Dr. Francis'

DRUG STORE

A Fresh Supply of

DRUGS,

Medicines,

And all Toilet and Fancy Articles usually kept in the Drug line. Call and examine. North West corner Public square, Jacksonville, Ala.

Oct29dtd.

Photography.
RARE CHANCE
FOR ANY YOUNG MAN WITH
150 DOLLARS CAPITAL!

The undersigned, proposes to learn any one the Photographic Art in all its branches; how to take Ferreotypes, Gems, Ambrotypes, Messotint Photographs, Albatypes, etc., etc., and furnish a good half-size Instrument with all other fixtures and materials necessary to carry on the business successfully, for one hundred-and-fifty dollars ($150.) He also has a good and convenient Gallery, with good Side and Sky light, situated in Oxford, Ala., which he will rent at low rates, or sell very cheap.

For further information and particulars call on or address the undersigned.

E. GOODE.
Jacksonville, Ala., Oct. 28th 1872.

Notice to Tax Payers.

The undersigned hereby notifies the citizens of Jacksonville, that he will proceed next Monday to the collection of all outstanding corporation taxes. The books for the present tax year must be closed up at a very early day. Tax payers are earnestly requested to pay over their taxes to the Marshal, at his office, within the incoming week. Otherwise he will be compelled to proceed as the law directs. S. M. PRUITT,
Marshal

Cotton Gins! Cotton Presses!!

GULLETT'S IMPROVED LIGHT DRAFT COTTON GIN,

Price $4 00 per Saw.

THE IMPROVED GIN DIFFERS MATERIALLY FROM THE STEEL BRUSH, THE STEEL BRUSH having Three Brushes, while the New Gin has but One.

We guarantee every Gin to be of Light Draft; thoroughly clean the seed and make a Superior Sample.

Every Gin is fully tested and made to gin Cotton perfectly before leaving the Factory.

Office of Agricural, Mechanical and Blood Stock Association of Texas,
Houston, Texas, May 18th, 1872.

I hereby certify that I was in charge of and run the Engine which drove the Machinery at the Third Annual Fair of the State of Texas, and that the Engine drove the GULLETT'S IMPROVED LIGHT DRAFT GIN with ten pounds less steam on the test than any other Gin on Exhibition.

C. N. BURCH, Engineer.

Will Be Prepared to Furnish

GULLETT'S LEVER COTTON and HAY PRESS Price $150 00. This Press will pack from 15 to 20 bales Cotton a day. Two hands are all that is necessary to pack a 500 lb. bale.

They are very simple and will last a life time. Every Press guaranteed. Address all orders to

J. & S. BONES & CO., Rome Ga

Great Attractions.

THE OLD RELIABLE HOUSES OF

TITSWORTH, SCOTT & CO.,

No. 6 Court Square, MONTGOMERY, ALA.,

And No. 39 Market Street, SELMA, ALA.,

Have one of the finest Stocks of

CLOTHING & GENT'S FURNISHING GOODS,

Ever brought to shis market. Also, full line

Hats, Caps, Trunks and Valises,

Which they are selling as Cheap as any house in the City. Weds take

Alabama State Money, at 90 Cents on a Dollar, for all Goods.

GENERAL AGENTS of the Celebrated WHEELER & WILSON NOISELESS FAMILY SEWING MACHINE, for Central Alabama.

TITSWORTH, SCOTT & CO.

W. T. & C. S. ALEXANDER,
Grocers and Produce Merchants,
Jacksonville, Ala.,

Has now in store Sugar, Coffee, Rice, Meal, Tobacco, Syrup, Bacon, Flour, Lard, Salt, Fish, Cigars and everything kept in a first class Grocery Store.

Would respectfully solicit a liberal share of patronage. Come and see.

HOW TO GET RICH.

Attend your own Business and leave other people's Business alone. Buy your Goods where you can buy good Goods the cheapest. PARR'S is the PLACE, he is determined not to be undersold. I will sell the following as low as any one. Try me. To prove the Pudding eat it.

FIRST CLASS
Grocery Establishment.

Below I will give a few of the leading articles.

100 Rolls of the heaviest Bagging of different kinds, weighing from 2¼ to 2½ lbs, will be sold for twenty cents per yard.

10,000 lbs. of Bailing Ties of various kinds and patterns, at 11½ cents per pound.

200 Sacks Salt in store and to arrive. 20 Sacks Coffee, a superior article.

25 Barrels Sugar, all grades and qualities. 25 Barrels and Hogsheads of Syrup and Molasses.

25 Boxes Tobacco, from the finest to the cheapest. 15,000 Cigars of the best Brands.

200 lbs. Smoking Tobacco. 20 Boxes Candies, Parifine, Star and Spurm.

16 Boxes Superior Starch. 20 Cases Superior Oysters, Fresh.

200 Boxes Sardines and Lobsters. 50 Kits Mackerel. 5 Barrels Mackerel.

10 half Barrels Mackerel. 10 half Barrels White Fish.

500 Cans and Bottles of Preserved Fruits. 50 Boxes Raisins and Figs.

500 lbs. Best Stick and Fancy Candies.

A large lot of Pepper, Spice, Ginger, Indigo and all kinds of Dye Stuffs, Powder, Shot, and Caps. In short, I have everything my Customers need in my line.

My Stock is large and shall be kept full. The supply shall only be limited by the demand. The prices shall suit. I will pay every one the *last cent* and see *that none go away dissatisfied.* I will pay the highest market price for all kinds of Country Produce, Cotton, Corn, Flour, Bacon, Lard, Peas, Oats and Tallow, in short, everything the Farmer raises.

oct26d&wtf. L. J. PARR,
Jacksonville, Alabama.

GOOD NEWS! GOOD NEWS!

THE LATEST FROM THE NORTH IS GRATIFYING!!

CARROLL AND McCAIN'S
Fall & Winter Stock for 1872
IS HERE AND ARRIVING!

Consisting of

Dry Goods,
Boots and Shoes,
Hardware,
Groceries,
Clothing, Hats and Caps, Drugs, Saddlery, Crockery, &c.

We can confidently offer our stock as one not surpassed by any, for taste durability, and *liberal* terms.

We cordially invite all to give us a call and examine our stock before purchasing. We think we can make it to your interest to buy of us.

The very highest market *Price* paid for *Cotton.*

Oct. 26, 1872.—d&wtf. CARROLL & McCAIN,
Jacksonville, Ala.

Republican

LOCAL.

Dr. G. Porter,

DENTIST.

Office: East of Rowan's Store.

TWO nice rooms—one for operative and the other for Mechanical Dentistry—a fine Silk Plush and Spring bottom Operating chair. Just received a new supply of Dental instruments and materials.—Tooth powders, Mouth washes, Tooth soap, and indeed everything necessary to success. So come one, come all; I will do the very best for you I can, and for as little money as possible.

April 20th, 1872.—tf.

The books of Subscription to the Capital Stock of the Iron Works, to be located 6 miles north of Jacksonville, are in the hands of L. W. Cannon, at the office of the Judge of Probate.

Nov. 30—5t.

OUR PAUPERS.

Some days ago, in company with H. L. Stevenson, Esq., we took a flying trip to the County Poor House, to witness the treatment of the paupers, inspect the grounds, and, if necessary, through the force of public opinion, correct any abuses that we might discover.

After a complete examination of the premises and free conversation with the most rational of the inmates, we are gratified to be able to state that the few unfortunates now there are the recipients of the very kindest treatment at the hands of the humane man (Mr. Parker,) who has them in charge. This is further confirmed by people living outside who have, every day, chances for observation.

The present occupants number six, being insane, idiotic and infirm. They have been charges on the county ranging from twenty, seventeen and fourteen years to within a few months.

We thought, when we visited the place, to sketch the various characters, and took notes for that purpose, but as we write we have neither the time nor the space, other and more important matter having crowded in. The visit was full of interest and furnished material for a curious and interesting article.

Presentation of the Banner.

Last Saturday a body of citizens from Beat No. 8 came into town, mounted, to receive the Banner won by them in the late election by reason of having made the largest increase on their Democratic vote of 1870, of any other beat in the County. They were greeted by the Band, which discoursed music from the South balcony of the Court House. The flag was presented by Mr. John M. Caldwell in a short but eloquent speech, and was received by Mr. Jason Scott, for the Beat, in a speech equally as eloquent. The flag was then turned over to Mr. Bud Dale by Mr. Scott, and the procession, after giving three cheers for the Executive Committee, filed out of town in fine order. Allusion was made in the speeches of both gentleman, mentioned above, to the noble conduct of other Beats which had contended for the Banner, and which had not cast a single Radical vote, and there was no unseemly exultation on the part of the Representatives of the Beat. This generous action proves the Beat worthy to wear the honor so hardly won.

J. Rosenberg has a large general line of Dry Goods which he proposes to sell at prices commensurate with the hard times and the scarcity of money.

GOLDEN OPPORTUNITY.—Mr. T. E. Hanbury of Memphis, Tenn., who is en route for Selma, by urgent solicitation has consented to stop over here with Mr. E, Goode at his Gallery for *ten days*, to make fine pictures of every variety for our citizens. Mr. H. for the past 12 years has conducted the first Galleries in Memphis and for 9 years was chief artist at F. H. Clark & Co's. marble block where the *lite* of the city always obtain their rare pictures. Mr. H. is highly commended by the entire city Press and by private letters—and there is no doubt of his artistic ability. We bespeak for him the courtesies of our people and a liberal patronage. Call on him in time.

THE EPOZOOTIC or Horse Disease do not affect the prices of Goods at J. Rosenberg's, and he wants the people to know it.

We learn through Mr. E. Goode, that Mr. T. E. Hanbury, an eminent photographer, of Memphis, will remain over here two or three weeks at his (Goode's) gallery for the purpose of executing fine work for those who may desire. Mr. Hanbury has the best of references from prominent parties in Memphis, and no doubt is able to accomplish all in his line that he promises to do. He will begin work next Monday.

Diana Cigars at W. T. & C. S. Alexander's.

The epizootic has undoubtedly appeared among the horses of Jacksonville and vicinity.

Finest Tobacco ever kept in Jacksonville can be had at W. T. & C. S. Alexander's.

MARRIED—At the residence of the bride's father, in Newton county, Georgia, November 28th, 1872, by Rev. Mr. Bebee, Mr. H. T. Francis, of this place, and Miss S. W. Sims, of Newton county, Georgia.

The printers, with many thanks, acknowledge the receipt of a portion of the bride's cake.

If you want to buy any Groceries you will do well to call and see W. T. & C. S. Alexander's.

Attention is directed to the sale of valuable Lands by the administrators of the estate of E. Teague, deceased, and also, sale of valuable Personal property by the administrators of the estate of Thos. J. Caver, deceased.

Cigars, Cigars, Good Cigars at W. T. & C. S. Alexander's.

The Selma Times we notice is out in an entirely new dress and is now an exceedingly handsome paper. We know of no journalist in the State more enterprising than Mr. Saffold, or more devoted to his newspaper. The citizens of Selma doubtless appreciate this fact and extend the Times that liberal patronage and encouragement that it deserves at the hands of the city. Selma is well represented in her newspapers. We have only recently had occasion to notice a vast improvement in the Argus, another of her newspapers.

Cranberries at W. T. & C. S. Alexander's.

Mr. John M. Caldwell has been made District Deputy of the I. O. G. T. He went to Alexandria to organize a lodge some days ago, with what success we have not learned.

Those who enjoy Smoking a good Cigar can get them at W. T. & C. S. Alexander's.

Corn Nashed for Nothing

AT

STEVENSON'S OLD MILL.

ALEX. O. STEWART has a complete and new Corn Sheller, and will shell free of charge all corn brought to his mill to be ground. He has also ginned one hundred bales of Cotton this year. Dec. 7, 72,—1t.

Codfish at W. T. & C. S. Alexander's.

See notice of Mr. Barely, piano tuner. He has tuned pianos for our family several years and has given satisfaction.

Good Havana Cigarg always on hand at W. T. & C. S. Alexander.

It is reported in the Virginia papers that Mr. Joseph Thornton has gained his English law suit, by which he recovers property to the amount of six million dollars.

Christmas apples and cocoanuts can be found at W. T. & C. S. Alexander's.

Piano Tuning.

B. S. Barclay will be in Town December 10th to tune and repair Pianos in Jacksonville and its vacinity. Charges moderate, and work done thoroughly. Orders left at Mr. Hammond's Hotel or through the Post Office will be promptly attended to. dec7'72—1t

NEW YORK, Dec. 2.

The following letter is issued by the National Democratic Committee:

Headquarters National Democratic Committee, New York, Dec. 2, 1872.

The National Democratic Committee do not regard it as within the scope of the authority delegated to them to advise the electors of the several States who favored the election of the candidates nominated at the Baltimore Convention as to the course which they shall pursue in view of the death of Horace Greeley. Such an event was unprovided for by the action of the Convention. Succeeding Conventions will without doubt make provision for a similar contingency and as no practical result can follow the establisment of a precedent by this Committee it is deemed inadvisable that this Committee should make any recommendations to electors.

Signed AUGUSTUS SCHELL,
Chairman.

Maj. Gen. Gideon J. Pillow, was married in New Orleans, on the 27th, to mrs. P. D. Trigg, a highly accomplised lady of that city.

There are now 726 convicts in the penitentiary at Nashville, nearly two-thirds of whom are colored.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

ASTHMA.—JONAS WHITCOMB'S REMEDY. Prepared from a German recipe obtained by the late Jonas Whitcomb, in Europe. It alleviated this disorder in his case when all other appliances of medical skill had been abandoned. Joseph Burnett & Co., Boston. For sale by all Druggists.

SUBSTITUTES IN DENTAL RANKS are not desirable; therefore, keep the natural teeth sound and pure with that wholesome vegetable elixir SOZODONT. Do this, and they will last as long as the breath lasts, and the breath itself will never be tainted.

TO OWNERS OF HORSES AND CATTLE.—Tobias' Derby Condition Powders are warranted superior to any others, or no pay, for the cure of Distemper, Worms, Bots, Coughs, Hyde-Bound, Cold, &c. in Horses, and Colds, Coughs, Loss of Mild, Black Tongue, Horn Distemper, &., in Cattle. Price 25 Cents. Depot, 10 Park Place, New York.

PHYSIOLOGISTS SAY THAT OUR BODIES are renewed once in 7 years. The material of which they are reconstructed is the blood, and unless it be fully charged with the elements of vitality, the strength and health of the system decline. Of all blood depurents, DR. WALKER'S VINEGAR BITTERS is the safest and most infallible. There is no disease, arising from depravation of the blood, which it will not speedily cure.

FOR DYSPEPSIA, indigestion, depression of spirits and general debility in their various forms; also, as a preventive against Fever and Ague, and other intermittent fevers. The Ferro-Phosphorated Elixir of Calisaya, made by Caswell, Hazard & CO., New York, and sold by all Druggists, is the best tonic, and for patients recovering from fever or other sickness, it has no equal.

THURSTON'S IVORY PEARL TOOTH POWDER.—The best article known for cleansing and preserving the teeth and gums. Sold by all Druggists.—Price 25 and 50 cents per bottle. F C Wells & Co., New York

CRISTADORO'S HAIR DYE.—This magnificent compound is beyond contingency the safest and most reliable Dye in existence; never failing to impart to the hair uniformity of color, nourishment and elasticity. Manufactory, 68 Maiden Lane, N. Y.

CARBOLIC SALVE, unequalled as a healing compound. Physicians recommend it as the most wonderful remedy ever known Price 25 cents per box. John F. Henry, Sole Proprietor, 8 College Place, N. York

RISLEY'S GENUINE GOLDEN BELL COLOGNE WATER according to the original formula of Prevost, Paris, so so long known to the customers of Haviland Harral and Risley and their branches, for its fine permanent fragrance, is now made by W H Risley and the trade supplied by his successors, Morgan & Risley, Wholesale Druggists, New York.

SYAPNIA is Opium purified of its sickening and poisonous qualities. It is a perfect anodyne not producing headache or constipation of the bowels as is the case with other preparations of opium. John Farr, Chemist, New York.

PRATT'S ASTRAL OIL.—More accidents occur from using unsafe oils, than from steamboats and railroads combined. Over 200,000 families continue to burn Pratt's Astral Oil, and no accidents directly or indirectly have occurred from burning, storing or handling it. Oil House of Chas Pratt, Established 1770, New York.

JUST THE REMEDY NEEDED.—Thanks to Mrs Winslow's Soothing Syrup, we have for years been relieved from sleedless nights of painful watching with poor, suffering, teething children.

A BEAUTIFUL WHITE, soft, smooth and clear skin is produced by using G. W. Laird's "Bloom of Youth." It removes tan, freckles, sunburns, and all other discolorations from the skin, leaving the complexion brilliant and beautiful. Sold at all druggists. This preparation is entirely free from any material detrimental to health

THE STATE OF ALABAMA,
Calhoun County.

Probate Court, 25th day of Nov. 1872.

Estate of E. C. Dickie, deceased.

This day came Washington Dickie, administrator of said estate, and filed his statement, accounts, vouchers and evidences for an annual settlement of his administration. It is ordered that the 23d day of December, 1872, be appointed a day on which to make such settlement, at which time all persons interested can appear and contest the said settlement if they think proper.

A. WOODS, Judge of
nov30'72 Probate.

STATE OF ALABAMA,
Calhoun County.

Probate Court, Nov. 20th, 1872.

This day came W. G. Keller, guardian of Thomas Gorden a minor, and filed his statement, accounts, vouchers and evidences for annual settlement of his guardianship. It is ordered that the 23d day of December, 1872, be appointed a day on which to make such settlement, at which time all persons interested can appear and contest the said settlement if they think proper.

A. WOODS, Judge of
nov30'72. Probate.

NOTICE

To Debt Paying Men!

Money Saved by Buying for Cash.

Having bought the stock of Gunnels & Co at a liberal discount on original cost, and having established the Cash System, thereby making no Bad Debt to be made up in additional prices. We are determined to sell our extensive stock, of both old and new goods as low as they can be sold in any market at retail every article.

We have the following articles at remarkable low figures:

Hardware of every description, Boots and Shoes of every variety, Ladies, Gentlemen's and Boys Hats, Ladies Cloth Cloaks, all grades, Shawls, Nubias, Hoods and Furs, Delains, Pongee, Silk and other Dress Goods, the best of Calicoes at 12½ per yard.

We simply ask you to give us a call before you make your purchase, and we feel confident of selling you. Our motto is "Short Profits and Quick Sales," lower than any one will sell on a Credit.

Jas Cunningham and J. Gus Orr, are with us, and ask their friends, (to whom they extend their thanks for former favors) to give them a chance.

J. & W. W. DRAPER.

The books of Gunnels, Draper & Co., are at the House of J. & W. W. Draper, ready for collection and all those indebted will please come forward and settle, as the accounts are DUE and we NEED THE MONEY. Respectfully,

GUNNELS, DRAPER & CO.,
Oct30dtf Oxford, Ala.,

Bulbs and Fruit Tree Season.

JANES & YEISER

DRUGGISTS,

17 Shorter Block, Rome Georgia,
DEALERS IN

Bulbs, Flower Seeds, Fruit Trees, Evergreens, Greenhouse Plants.

AGENTS FOR

P. J. BERKMANS, Augusta, Ga. D. LANDRETH & SON, Philadelphia, Pa.
JAMES VICK, Rochester, N. Y. F. K. PHŒNIX, Bloomington, Ill.

Orders solicited for above names. Satisfaction guaranteed.

20,000 Choice Cigars
Just Received.

oct27—d1w

In Chancery at Jacksonville.

JOHN F. ADAMS,
vs.
CARRIE ADAMS.

In this cause it is made to appear to the Register by affidavit of the complainant that the said Carrie Adams is a non-resident of the State and that her particular place of residence is in the State of Georgia, and farther that in the belief of said affiant the defendant is over twenty-one years of age. It is therefore ordered by the Register that publication be made in the Jacksonville Republican, a newspaper published in the town of Jacksonville, for four successive weeks, requiring her the said Carrie Adams to answer or demur to the bill of complaint in this cause by the 30th day of Dec. 1872, or in thirty days thereafter, a decree professo may be taken against her.

Done at office this the 26th day of Oct., A. D. 1872.

Wm. M. HAMES,
Register.

VALUABLE FARM
For Sale.

Being desirous to sell my farm I offer it cheap and on easy terms. It lies on the Selma, Rome and Dalton railroad 1½ miles South of Weaver's Station. Six hundred acres of No. 1 up land, 275 acres open; fine improvements—house of six large rooms, never failing well with pump in it, extra fine orchard of select fruit, gin house, gin, cotton press, thresher, barn and all necessary out houses. Will sell land alone or will include personal property.

Apply to T. V. FINDLY,
Weaver's Station,
Calhoun County, Ala.
Or REPUBLICAN Office.
aug17'72—5m

The State of Alabama, Calhoun Co.

Estate of Thomas J. Caver, Dec'd. } Probate Court.

LETTERS of Administration of said decedent having been granted to the undersigned, on the 1st day of November, A. D. 1872, by the Hon. A. Woods, Judge of the Probate Court of Calhoun Co. Notice is hereby given that all persons having claims against said Estate are hereby required to present the same within the time allowed by law or that the same will be barred.

A. F. ALLEN,
JOHN F. SMITH,
Adm'rs.

The State of Alabama, Calhoun Co.

Probate Court, Special Term, Aug 27 '72

Estate of P. D. Bonds, deceased.

LETTERS of administration with the will annexed, of said decedent having been granted to the undersigned on the 27th day of August 1872, by the Hon. A. Woods, Judge of the Probate Court of Calhoun county. Notice is hereby given that all persons having claims against said Estate, are hereby required to present the same within the time allowed by law, or that the same will be barred.

JACKSON A. BONDS,
Administrator.

oct26 1872.

The State of Alabama, Calhoun Co.

Probate Court, Nov. 1st, 1872.

David E. Hawkins, Deceased Estate of.

This day came L. P. Hawkins, the Administrator of said Estate and filed his statement, accounts, vouchers and evidences for a final settlement of his administration. It is ordered that the 25th day of Nov., 1872, be appointed a day on which to make such settlement, at which time all persons interested can appear and contest the said settlement if they think proper.

A. WOODS Judge of Probate.

Receiver's Notice.

By virtue of an Act of the General Assembly of Alabama, "To provide for administering the Securities that are or may be held by the State from Insurance Companies, which have ceased to do business or take risks in the State," approved Dec. 14th 1871. I have been appointed by the Governor of Alabama to the office of Receiver, to take charge of and collect or sell the Securities deposited with the Treasurer of Alabama under the law, and for the administration of the trusts attached to such securities.

Now in pursuance of law, I do hereby give notice that I require all parties interested to come forward on or before the 1st of January, 1873, and present their claims to me and receive their dividend. I further give notice that the decision and distribution then made will, under the law, be final, unless some person interested shall then dissent and notify me in writing of the particular matter dissented from.

C. B. FERRELL,
nov30'73—30 days. Receiver.

THE STATE OF ALABAMA,
Calhoun County.

Probate Court, 25th day Nov. 1872.

Estate of Jason Campbell deceased.

THIS day came Washington Dickie, administrator of said estate, and filed his statement, accounts, vouchers, and evidences, for an annual settlement of his administration. It is ordered that the 23rd day of December 1872 be appointed a day on which to make such settlement, at which time all persons interested can appear and contest said settlement if they think proper.

A. WOODS, Judge of
Nov 30 1872. Probate.

THE STATE OF ALABAMA,
Calhoun County.

Probate Court, Nov. 27th, 1872.

Ellis Satcher, deceased, Estate.

This day came John Y. Henderson, the administrator of said estate, and filed his statement, accounts, vouchers and evidences for a final settlement of his administration. It is ordered that the 23d day of December, 1872, be appointed a day on which to make such settlement, at which time all persons interested can appear and contest the said settlement if they think proper.

A. WOODS, Judge of
nov30'73. Probate.

For Sale or Rent.

THE Aderholt House and Lot, a convenient residence, is now offered for sale on very favorable terms. If not sold soon it will be rented.

J. Y. HENDERSON.
Nov. 9, 1872—3t.

Manhood:

How Lost, How Restord!

Just published a new edition of **Dr. Culverwell's Celebrated Essay** on the *radical cure* (without medicine) of SPERMATORRHŒA, or Seminal Weakness, Involuntary Seminal Losses, Impotency, Mental and Physical Incapacity, Impediments to Marriage, etc.; also CONSUMPTION, EPILEPSY and FITS, induced by self-indulgence or sexual extravagance.

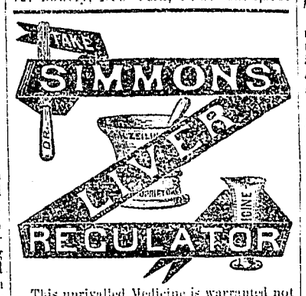
☞Price, in a sealed envelope, only 6cts.

The celebrated author, in this admirable essay, clearly demonstrates, from a 30 years' successful practice, that the alarming consequences of self-abuse may be radically cured without the dangerous use of internal medicine or the application of the knife; pointing out a mode of cure at once simple, certain and effectual, by means of which every sufferer, no matter what his condition may be, may cure himself cheaply, privately and *radically*.

☞This Lecture should be in the hands of every youth and every man in the land.

Sent under seal, in a plain envelope, to any address, *postpaid*, on receipt of six cents, or two post stamps. Also, Dr. Culverwell's "Marriage Guide," price 50 cents. Address the Publishers,

CHAS. J. C. KLINE & CO.,
127 Bowery, New York, P. O. box, 4,586.



This unrivalled Medicine is warranted not to contain a single particle of MERCURY, or any injurious mineral substance, but is

Purely Vegetable.

For FORTY YEARS it has proved its great value in all disease of the Liver, Bowels and KIDNEYS. Thousands of the good and great in all parts of the country vouch for its wonderful and peculiar power in purifying the Blood, stimulating the torpid Liver and Bowels, and imparting new life and Vigor to the whole system. SIMMONS' LIVER REGULATOR is acknowledged to have no equal as a

Liver Medicine.

It contains four medical elements, never united in the same happy proportion in any other preparation, exceptionable Alterative and a certain Corrective of all impurities of the body. Such signal success has attended its use that it is now regarded as the

Great Unfailing Specific

for LIVER COMPLAINT and the painful offspring thereof, to-wit: DYSPEPSIA, CONSTIPATION, Jaundice, Billious attacks, SICK-HEADACHE, Colic, Depression of spirits, SOUR STOMACH, Heart Burn, &c., &c.

Regulate the Liver and prevent CHILLS AND FEVER. SIMMONS' LIVER REGULATOR is manufactured only by J. H. ZEILIN & CO., Macon, Ga., Philadelphia.

Price $1.00 per package; sent by mail, postage paid, $1.25. Prepared ready for use in bottles, $1.50.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

☞Beware of all Counterfeits and Imitations.☜

Sept1872.

NOTICE.

By virtue of the authority conferred upon me by a Deed of Trust, made by S. P. McCluney on the 20th day of August, 1867, to secure debts due John Easterwood, H. L. Pettit, and others which is recorded in book "A," 24 vol. Deed of Records, pages 287, 288 and 289. I will proceed to sell for cash, before the court house door in the town of Jacksonville, Alabama, on

Monday, the 23d Day of December Next

The following property conveyed to as Trustee in said Deed of Trust, viz: West half of north west fourth and north-east fourth of north-west fourth and south-west fourth of section three, except thirty acres in south-east corner; also south-east fourth of north-east fourth of section five, except three acres; also ten acres in north-east corner of the north-east fourth of the south-east fourth of said section five. All in township fourteen, range seven, in Calhoun county, Alabama. This place has upon it some good houses and several acres of cleared land. It is about eight miles west of Jacksonville, and is near the projected railroad between Oxford and Gadsden. L. W. CANNON,
nov23d872—4t Trustee.

THE STATE OF ALABAMA,
Calhoun County.

Probate Court, 18th day of November, 1872.

Estate of P. P. Riddle, deceased.

This day came C. B. Davis, the administrator of said estate, and filed his statement, accounts, vouchers and evidences for an annual settlement of his administration. It is ordered that the 18th day of December, 1872, be appointed a day on which to make such settlement, at which time all persons interested can appear and contest said settlement if they think proper.

A. WOODS, Judge of
nov23d872—4t Probate.

THE STATE OF ALABAMA,
Calhoun County.

Probate Court, 18th day of Nov., 1872.

Estate of R. M. Riddle, deceased.

This day came C. B. Davis, the administrator of said estate, and filed his statement, accounts, vouchers and evidences for an annual settlement of his administration. It is ordered that the 18th day of December, 1872, be appointed a day on which to make such settlement, at which time all persons interested can appear and contest said settlement if they think proper.

A. WOODS, Judge of
nov23d872—4t. Probate.

VICK'S

FLORAL GUIDE

FOR 1873.

The GUIDE is now published Quarterly. 25 cents pays for the year, four numbers, which is not half the cost.

Those who afterwards send money to the amount of One Dollar or more for Seeds may also order Twenty-five Cents worth extra—the price paid for the Guide.

The January Number is beautiful, giving plans for making Rural Homes, Designs for Dining Table Decorations, Window Gardens, &c., and containing a mass of information invaluable to the lover of flowers.——One Hundred and Fifty pages, on fine tinted paper, some Five Hundred Engravings and a superb Colored Plate and Chromo Cover. The First Edition of Two Hundred Thousand just printed in English and German, and ready to send out.

JAMES VICK, Rochester, N. Y.

GREAT FREIGHT AND PASSENGER ROUTE

BETWEEN

JACKSONVILLE

AND

RICHMOND, NORFOLK,

BALTIMORE PHILADELPHIA

Boston & New York,

BY THE

Virginia and Tennessee

Air Line Railway

THIS line forms the great centre route between the North and South. Give instructions to ship your freight by the "**Virginia and Tennessee Line,**" the only fast and reliable FREIGHT LINE. Passengers can go *via* Rail through Lynchburg and Washington, or by that most delightful route: rail to Norfolk, Virginia, and by those splendid Side Wheel first-class Ocean Steamers from Norfolk, Boston, Baltimore and Philadelphia, a short and delightful ride in full view of Old Point Comfort, Fortress Monroe, &c. Be sure and ask for tickets *via* Norfolk, Virginia.

RATES TO JACKSONVILLE FROM

	1st Class	2nd Class	3rd Class	4th Class	5th Class.
NEW YORK,					
PHILADELPHIA					
AND BOSTON,—	240	210	170	140	95
BALTIMORE, - -	222	194	157	130	93

OFFICES:

BOSTON, 87 Washington street. | PHILADELPHIA, 44 South Fifth St.
BALTIMORE, 15a West Baltimore St | RICHMOND, 1225 Main St.

C. E. EVANS,
General Eastern Agent, 303 Broadway, New York

TIN AND PLUMBING

ESTABLISHMENT!

W. W. NESBIT, Proprietor,

JACKSONVILLE, ALABAMA.

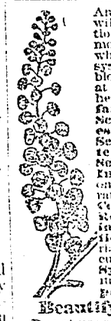
The undersigned would inform his friends and the public generally that he has removed from the Kahn buildings to the Adam's Steam Mill House, North of the Square, where he is prepared to do all work in his line promptly. As soon as the necessary tools arrive, he will be prepared to lay water pipe for parties who may desire it.

W. W. NESBIT.

P. S. I will take great pleasure in working for all to whom I am indebted, on time; but those few whom I do not owe are respectfully requested to bring the cash when they come with work.

oct31d&w—tf

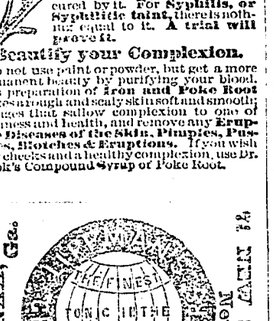
KEEP THE BLOOD PURE



And the health of the system will follow. There has a preparation of **Iron and Poke Root** more effectual than all others, which will remove from your system the impure and vitiated blood which causes disease, and at the same time build up your health and strength. **It never fails to cure.** If you have **Scrofula, Scrofulous Diseases of the Eyes or Ears, or Scrofula in any form, Tetter, White Swelling, Old Sores, Ulcers, or Scrofulous Inflammations,** you can rely on being cured with this preparation known as **Dr. Crook's Compound Syrup of Poke Root. Rheumatism, Pains in Limbs or Bones, Constitutions broken down** by Mercurial or other poisons, are all cured by it. **For Syphilis, or Syphilitic taint,** there is nothing equal to it. **A trial will prove it.**

Beautify your Complexion.

Do not use paint or powder, but get a more permanent beauty by purifying your blood. This preparation of **Iron and Poke Root** makes a rough and scaly skin soft and smooth; changes that sallow complexion to one of freshness and health, and remove any **Eruptive Diseases of the Skin, Pimples, Pustules, Blotches & Eruptions.** If you wish rosy cheeks and a healthy complexion, use Dr. Crook's Compound Syrup of Poke Root.



THE SECRET REVEALED

Possessing powerful invigorating

PROPERTIES

These Bitters are positively invaluable in

DISEASES

They purify the system, and will cure

DISEASES

Remittent and Intermittent Fevers,

DISEASES

and are a preventive of Chills and Fever.

DISEASES

All yield to their powerful efficacy.

DISEASES

Are an antidote to change of Water and Diet.

DISEASES

to the wasted frame, and correct all

DISEASES

Will save days of suffering to the sick, and

DISEASES

The grand Panacea for all the ills of life.

DISEASES

The Standard BITTERS OF GERMANY

FOR FEMALE COMPLAINTS

PHYSICIANS THERE, PRESCRIBE IT IN THEIR PRACTICE.

In Young or Old, Married or Single, their Virtues are unequalled and have often been the means of saving life.

TRY ONE BOTTLE.

H. E. DAY & CO.,

No. 26 Market Street.

Montgomery, Ala.

THE only house in the city devoted entirely to the trade of

Hats, Caps,

—AND GENTLEMEN'S—

Furnishing Goods.

☞A Superb Stock Just Received.☜

Oct26d&w3mo.

Last Notice.

I will attend at the County Treasurer's office in the Town of Jacksonville, Ala., on the 2d, 3d, 4th, 5th and 6th days of December next, for the purpose of receiving the Taxes due and unpaid for the year 1872. All persons who have failed to pay their taxes are hereby notified to attend and pay the same.

E. McCLELLEN, T. C.
Nov. 20, 1872.

GRAND EXPOSITION

—OF—

Dry Goods!

FASHIONABLE HEADQUARTERS

MAMMOTH DISPLAY!!

Immense Stocks!

POPULAR PRICES!!

ROWAN, DEAN & CO.

Take pleasure in informing their friends and the public generally that they have just received a general Assortment of

FALL & WINTER GOODS

Which they will take pleasure in showing to customers.

On Consignment.

Large lot of 2¼ lb. India Bagging, on consignment, which the owner has instructed us to sell by the roll at 20cts cash.

ROWAN, DEAN & CO.

ATTENTION TRADE.

We very respectfully call your attention and would be pleased to have you call and examine our stock of

Dry Goods and Groceries

which are, without exageration or foolishness, of superb quality. If you are doubtful of the correctness of this statement just take the time and bring the money or its equivalent and you'll be surprised at the low prices when the money is seen. We recently received the best assortment as well as quality of

SHOES

we've ever had. The balance of our stock are in *statu quo* (respectfully submitted to the taste of the printer.)

You who hav'nt bought goods from us for cash please call and pay again, the books don't balance.

Yours truly,
DRAPER & JOHNSON.

NOTICE.

Administrator's Sale of Land and Lots in Cross Plains, Ala.

BY virtue of an order from the Probate Court of Calhoun Co., Ala., we will as the administrators of the estate of James Price, deceased, sell on Tuesday the 17th day of December next, at Cross Plains. The following real estate lying in said county of Calhoun, viz: The northeast quarter of northwest quarter section 8, township 13, range 10, and east half of southwest quarter of section 5, township 13, range 10.

This land is situated in and near the beautiful, healthy and growing village of Cross Plains, upon the Selma, Rome and Dalton Railroad and will be sold in lots of various sizes to suit purchasers. A good opportunity is now offered for a safe investment of money as Cross Plains bids fair to one of the most flourishing town in the up country.

Terms of Sale—One-third cash, two-thirds on twelve months time with interest from date, and approved security will be required.

At the same time we will sell some CORN, COTTON, WHEAT and Oats for cash.

S. D. McCLELEN,
M. M. PRICE.
Administrators.

We will sell on the 23rd of December the following Lands on the premises lying in Cherokee county, Ala., viz., S. E. ¼ of S. W. ¼ and the S. ½ of S. W. ¼ of Sec. 18, T. 11, Range 9, on Sugar creek and near Samuel Coblers.

S. D. Mc. & M. M. P.

The State of Alabama,
Calhoun County.

Court of Probate for said County October 2d, A.,D., 1872.

This day came E. C. Teague and J. C. Watson, administrators, with the will annexed, of the estate of Elias Teague, deceased, and present and file in court their petition in writing representing among other things that said decedant died seized and possessed of an undivided one half-interest in the following described lands, lying and being situated in said county, to-wit: E Fractions D., E. and F. and north-west fourth of south-east fourth, and south half of north-west fourth, all in section six. Also fractions A. and B. in section one, and all in township fifteen of range five, east in the Coosa Land District.

Petitioners further allege that Catherin Teague, R. J. Teague, Laura Barrett, wife of L. W. Barrett, Hellen Teague, Eugene Teague, Florence Teague, Rachael Watts, wife of W. Watts, Daniel Johnson, Catherin Roberts, wife of J. R. Roberts, Mary Johnson, J. R. P. Johnson, Margaret Davis, wife, of Wm. Davis, Sarah Whatley, wife of Loyd Whatley, Martha Carpenter, wife of Carpenter, Reuben Johnson, Abner A. Teague, Sarah J. Whiteside, wife of O. D. Whiteside, Martha Whiteside, Rachael Warnock, wife of R. N. Warnock, Dorcas Fleming, wife of John A. Fleming, Anna Teague, Catherin Watson, wife of J. C. Watson, and E. C. Teague are the heirs at law and next of kin of decedent and are all of full age, except the said J. R. P. Johnson and P. D. Watson who are minors under the age of 21 years, and all of whom reside in the State of Alabama, in the counties of Calhoun and Clay, except the said Laura Barrett and her husband, L. W. Barrett, Helen Teague, Eugene Teague, Florence Teague, Abner A. Teague, Sarah J. Whiteside and her husband, O. D. Whiteside, who are non-residents residing beyond the limits of the State of Alabama.

Petitioners further allege that said interest in said lands cannot be equitably divided among said heirs without a sale of the same, whereupon the premises being considered, and it appearing to the satisfaction of the court that the hearing of said petition was set for the 15th day of November, 1872, and on account of the notice of the filing of said petition and of the day set for the hearing of the same not being published, it is ordered by the court that the hearing of said petition be continued until the 7th day of December, 1872. It is further ordered that notice be given to said non-residents-heirs by publication in the Jacksonville Republican for three successive weeks notifying them to be and appear at a special term of said court to be holden at the court house of said county on said 7th day of December, 1872, and defend against said petition if they think proper.

A. WOODS, Judge of
nov16'1872—4t Probate.

HOUSE PAINTING.

M. M. MAUCK, House Painter Grainer and Paper Hanger, respectfully informs the citizens of Jacksonville and surrounding country, that he will take all contracts, and is prepared to execute all work in the above named lines in the neatest, most durable and fashionable style. His terms are moderate. For the manner in which he executes work, he refers to Judge Walker, Col. P. Rowan, J. F. Grant and Sam'l Crook, Esq. for all of whom he has done both inside and outside Painting. Apply to him personally, or Address

M. M. MAUCK,
(Care of P. Rowan,)
Jacksonville, Ala.

DR. CROOK'S WINE OF TAR!

Ten Years of public test has proved Dr. Crook's Wine of Tar to have more merit than any similar preparation ever offered to the public. It is rich in the medicinal qualities of Tar, and unequaled for diseases of the Throat & Lungs, performing the most remarkable cures. It effectually cures all Coughs and Colds. It has cured so many cases of **Asthma and Bronchitis, that it has been pronounced a specific for these complaints. For Pains in the Breast, Side or Back, Gravel or Kidney disease,** diseases of the **Urinary Organs, Jaundice,** or any **Liver Complaint** it has no equal.

It is also a superior Tonic, Restores the Appetite, Strengthens the System, Restores the Weak and Debilitated, Causes the Food to Digest, Removes Dyspepsia and Indigestion, Prevents Nightmare, Fevers, Gives tone to your System.

DR. O. S. PROPHITT'S

ANODYNE PAIN KILL IT.

NEVER FAILING!

KILLS PAIN IN EVERY FORM.

CURES Pains in the Back, Chest, Hips or Limbs, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Coughs Colds, Bronchial Affections, Kidney Diseases, Dyspepsia, Liver Complaint, Colic, Cholera, Cholera Morbus, Pleurisy, Asthma, Heart Burn, Toothache, Jawache, Earache, Headache, Sprains, Bruises, Cuts, Contusions, Sores, Lacerated Wounds, Scalds, Burns, Chill Blains, Frost Bites Poisons of all kinds, vegetable or animal. Of all

PAIN KILL IT

the Remedies ever discovered for the relief of suffering humanity, this is the best Medicator known to Medical Science. The cure is speedy and permanent in the most inveterate diseases. This is no humbug, but a grand medical discovery. A Pain Killer containing no poison to inflame, paralyze or drive the inflammation upon an internal organs. Its efficiency is truly wonderful Relief is Instantaneous. Its is destined to banish pains and aches, wounds and bruises, from the face of the earth

Manufactured & Sold by L. H. Bradfield, Atlanta, Ga.

Stevenson's Old Mills.

I have lately purchased the Seymour Mills, 2½ miles South of Jacksonville, and put them in

GOOD REPAIR

and am now prepared for grinding wheat, corn, &c., in the best style. I propose to saw lumber on the shares. My cotton gin (Brown's Improved Machine) will be ready for the incoming crop—will gin for the 15th.

Come one, come all! and give me a trial. Satisfaction guaranteed.

ALEX. O. STEWART.

aug311872.—tf.

PATRICK,

The Bookseller & Stationer,

HAS NOT BEEN TO MARKET YET, THIS Fall, but he still manages to keep the old Wooden Store

52 Broad Street, Rome, Georgia.

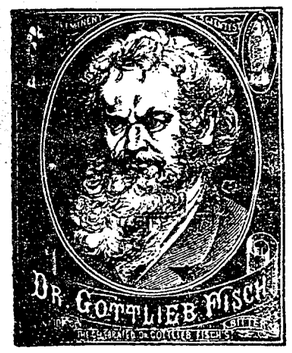
Comfortably filled with GOODS in his line.

Thankful for the Liberal patronage extended him during the past season, he invites a continuance of the same, promising his best efforts to please.

Call and see those beautiful Chromos, the COMPANIONS and the ACCIDENT.

oct12—tf.

THE GREAT TONIC OF T AGE.



DR. GOTTLIEB FISCH'S BITTERS

Cures Dyspepsia, Debility, Nervousness, Chills, Biliousness, & all Stomach Diseases.

WARE & SCHMITZ, Philadelphia Proprietors of DR. FISCH'S FOOD CURE BITTERS.

It Leads to Happiness!

A BOON TO THE WHOLE RACE OF WOMEN!

DR. J. BRADFIELD'S

FEMALE REGULATO R

It will bring on the Menses; all pain at the months "Period" cure Rheumatism and Neuralgia of Back and Loins. Leucorrhœa or "Whites," and partial prolapsus Uteri; check excessive flow, and correct all irregularities peculiar to ladies.

It will remove all irritation of Kidney & Bladder; relieve Costiveness; purify the Blood; give tone & strength to the whole system clear the skin imparting a rosy hue to the cheek, & cheerfulness to the mind.

It is as sure a cure in all the above diseases as Quinine is in Chills & Fever.

Ladies can cure themselves of all the above diseases without revealing their complaints to any person, which is always mortyfying to their pride and modesty.

It is recommended by the best physicians and the clergy.

LaGrange, Ga., March 23, 1870.

BRADFIELD & CO. Atlanta, Ga.—Dear Sirs: I take pleasure in stating that I have used for the last twenty years, the medicine you are now putting up, known as Dr. J. Bradfield's FEMALE REGULATOR, and consider it the best combination ever gotten together for the disease for which it is recommended. I have been familiar with the prescription both as a practitioner of medicine and in domestic practice, and can honestly say that I consider it a boon to suffering females, and can but hope that every lady in our whole land, who may be suffering in any way peculiar to their sex, may be able to procure a bottle, that their sufferings may not only be relieved, but that they may be restored to health and strength. With my kindest regards,

I am respectfully, W. B. FERRELL, M.D.

Near Marietta, Ga., March 21, 1870.

MESSRS. WM. ROOT & SON.—Dear Sirs: Some months ago I bought a bottle of BRADFIELD'S FEMALE REGULATOR from you, and have used it in my family with the utmost satisfaction, and have recommended it to three other families, and they have found it just what it is recommended. The females who have used your REGULATOR are in perfect health, and are able to attend to their household duties, and we cordially recommended it to the public.

Yours respectfully, Rev. H. B. JOHNSON

We could add a thousand other certificates; but we consider the above ample proof of its virtue. All we ask is a trial.

For full particulars, history of diseases, and certificates of its wonderful cures, the reader is referred to the wrapper round the bottle.

Manufactured & sold by

BRADFIELD & CO.,

Price $1.50. Atlanta, Ga.

Sold by all Druggists.

Cotton Gins! Cotton Presses!!

GULLETT'S IMPROVED LIGHT DRAFT COTTON GIN,

Price $4 00 per Saw.

THE IMPROVED GIN DIFFERS MATERIALLY FROM THE STEEL BRUSH, THE STEEL BRUSH having Three Brushes, while the New Gin has but One.

We guarantee every Gin to be of Light Draft; thoroughly clean the seed and make a Superior Sample.

Every Gin is fully tested and made to gin Cotton perfectly before leaving the Factory.

Office of Agricural, Mechanical and Blood Stock Association of Texas, Houston, Texas, May 18th, 1872.

I hereby certify that I was in charge of and run the Engine which drove the Machinery at the Third Annual Fair of the State of Texas, and that the Engine drove the GULLETT'S IMPROVED LIGHT DRAFT GIN with ten pounds less steam on the test than any other Gin on Exhibition.

C. N. BURCH, Engineer.

Will Be Prepared to Furnish

GULLETT'S LEVER COTTON and HAY PRESS Price $150 00. This Press will pack from 15 to 20 Bales Cotton a day. Two hands are all that is necessary to pack a 500 lb bale

They are very simple and will last a life time. Every Press guaranteed. Address all orders to

J. & S. BONES & CO., Rome Ga

Great Attractions.

THE OLD RELIABLE HOUSES OF

TITSWORTH, SCOTT & CO.,

No. 6 Court Square, MONTGOMERY, ALA.,

And No. 39 Market Street, SELMA, ALA.,

Have one of the finest Stocks of

CLOTHING & GENT'S FURNISHING GOODS,

Ever brought to this market. Also, full line

Hats, Caps, Trunks and Valises,

Which they are selling as Cheap as any house in the City. We also take

Alabama State Money, at 90 Cents on a Dollar, for all Goods.

GENERAL AGENTS of the Celebrated WHEELER & WILSON NOISELESS FAMILY SEWING MACHINE, for Central Alabama.

TITSWORTH, SCOTT & CO.

W. T. & C. S. ALEXANDER,

Grocers and Produce Merchants,

[illegible], Ala.,

are now in store Sugar, Coffee, Rice, Meal, Tobacco, Syrup, Bacon, Flour, Lard, Salt, Fish, Cigars and everything kept in a first class Grocery Store.

We respectfully solicit a liberal share of patronage. Come and see.

HOW TO GET RICH.

Attend your own Business and leave other people's Business alone. Buy your Goods where you can buy good Goods the cheapest. PERRY is the PLACE. he is determined not to be undersold. I will sell the following as low as any one. Try me. To prove the Pudding eat it.

FIRST CLASS

Grocery Establishment.

Below I will give a few of the leading articles.

100 Rolls of the heaviest Bagging of different kinds, weighing from 2¼ to 2½ lbs, will be sold for twenty cents per yard.

10,000 lbs. of Baling Ties of various kinds and patterns, at 11½ cents per pound.

50 Sacks Salt in store and to arrive. 20 Sack Coffee, a superior article.

25 Barrels Sugar, all grades and qualities. 25 Barrels and Hog-heads of Syrup and Molasses.

25 Boxes Tobacco, from the finest to the cheapest. 15,000 Cigars of the best Brands.

200 lbs. Smoking Tobacco. 20 Boxes Candles, Paraffine, Star and Sperm.

10 Boxes Superior Starch. 20 Cases Superior Oysters, Fresh

200 Boxes Sardines and Lobsters. 50 Kits Mackerel. 5 Barrels Mackerel. 10 half Barrels Mackerel. 10 half Barrels White Fish.

500 Cans and Bottles of Preserved Fruits. 50 Boxes Raisins and Figs.

500 lbs. Best Stick and Fancy Candies.

A large lot of Pepper, Spice, Ginger, Indigo and all kinds of Dye Stuffs, Powder, Shot, and Caps. In short, I have everything in Customers need in my line.

My Stock is large and shall be kept full. The supply shall only be limited by the demand. The prices shall suit. I will put every one the *last cent and so that none go away dissatisfied*. I will pay the highest market price for all kinds of Country Produce, Cotton, Corn, Flour, Bacon, Lard, Peas, Oats and Tallow. in short, everything the Farmer raises.

L. J. PARR,

oct26d&wtf. Jacksonville, Alabama.

GOOD NEWS! GOOD NEWS!

THE LATEST FROM THE NORTH IS GRATIFYING!!

CARROLL AND McCAIN'S

Fall & Winter Stock for 1872

S HERE AND ARRIVING!

Consisting of

Dry Goods.

Boots and Shoes,

Hardware,

Groceries,

Clothing, Hats and Caps, Drugs, Saddlery, Crockery, &c.

We can confidently offer our stock as one not surpassed by any, for taste durability, and *liberal* terms.

We cordially invite all to give us a call and examine our stock before purchasing. We think we can make it to your interest to buy of us.

The very highest market *Price* paid for *Cotton*.

Oct. 26, 1872.—d&wtf. CARROLL & McCAIN,

Jacksonville, Ala.

DRY GOODS AND GROCERIES.

LeGRAND & CO.,

DEALERS IN

Groceries and Jobbers in Dry Goods,

NOS. 96, 98 AND 100 COMMERCE STREET, MONTGOMERY, ALABAMA.

TO MERCHANTS ONLY!

We now offer to the Trade a full and complete stock of DRY GOODS, bought to great advantage and shipped at reduced freights, and will give our patrons the benefit of our advantages.

80 Cases Fall and Winter Prints, including every Price, Style and Variety.
100 Bales Striped, Checked and Plain Homespun.
350 Bales Sheetings, Shirtings and Osnaburgs.
40 Cases Bleached Goods, of all grades.
50 Cases Kentucky Jeans, of all prices.
10 Cases Cloths and Cassimeres.
25 Bales heavy Woolen Goods and Kerseys.
20 Cases Plain Linseys. 20 Bales Blankets, assorted. 30 Cases assorted Dress Goods.

BOOT & SHOE DEPARTMENT.

800 Cases of assorted Boots and Shoes, every variety.

READY-MADE CLOTHING.

A Full Stock bought with great care.

HAT DEPARTMENT.

Two Hundred Cases from $4.00 to $40.00 per Dozen.

NOTION DEPARTMENT.

This Department comprises Everything termed Notions, is very Complete, and in Endless Variety.

GROCERY DEPARTMENT.

200,000 Pounds Bacon, Sides and Shoulders.
2,500 Barrels Flour, of all Grades.
1,000 " " "Our Pet."
500 " " "Pride of Troy."
500 " " "Pride of Alabama."
800 Sacks of Coffee.
100 Hogsheads Sugar.
400 Barrels of Whiskey.
2,000 Sacks Liverpool Salt.

And a full stock kept in Grocery Stock, which will be sold at close figures

LeGRAND & CO.,

Nos. 96, 98 and 100 Commerce Street, MONTGOMERY, ALABAMA.

Sept. 1872—6mo.

J. F. AYER. J. C. McDONALD.

AYER & McDONALD,

DEALERS IN

HARDWARE & AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS,

No. 71 Broad Street, Rome, Georgia.

We desire to call special attention to our Stock of

WATER PIPE,

Of Composition, Lead or Iron,

RUBBER HOSE, HOSE NOZZLES, COUPLINGS PIPES, ETC.

We also invite our farmer friends to an examination of our Warehouse, where will be found

REAPERS & MOWERS, THRESHERS & HORSE POWERS, PLOWS & HARROWS, CRADLES, GRASS BLADES, HORSE RAKES WHEAT FANS, HAY FORKS, &c., &c., also the

LOW LAW COTTON PLANTER.

Our stock of Hardware, Rubber, Belting, &c., kept full and complete. Price guaranteed. June1 1872—t

HENRY A. SMITH,

113 Broad Street,

Rome, Ga.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

BOOKSELLER & STATIONER.

Keeps alway on hand a large Stock

School, Theological and Miscellaneous Books,

PAPER Letter Cap, Note.
ENVELOPES
PENCILS.
PENS.
INKS,
Engravings, Photographs,
Photograph Albums, Chromos,
Gilt, Rosewood.
Blank, Copy and Scrap BOOKS,
MEMORANDUMS,
PORTFOLIOS,
SLATES,
DESKS,
Pocket Bibles, Hymn and Prayer Books.
Square and oval Picture Frames.
Walnut Moulding, for Picture Frames, in the Piece, Picture Cord and Tassel, Sheet Music, for the Piano and Guitar, Italian, German and French Violin and Guitar Strings.

WALL PAPERING, BORDERING, FIRE SCREENS AND PAPER WINDOW SHADES.

NEW and SECOND HAND PIANOS and PARLOR ORGANS of first class manufactures, at a Liberal Discount from manufactuer's prices. Also, SECOND HAND PIANOS TAKEN IN EXCHANGE for new ones, allowing full value for those taken in exchange.

Liberal discounts to Country Merchants and Schools.

Apr13 1872—td.

CLOVER, GRASS AND BARDEN SEED.

W. D. HOYT & CO

WILL KEEP CONSTANTLY ON HAND A FULL STOCK OF THE ABOVE AT THE LOWEST FIGURES.

Clver, and Grass Seed.

STRICTLY CASH. Also.

Lead, Oil and Glass.

At Manufacturers prices. Also a full STOCK of

Drugs, Brushes, Soaps, of all kinds, Perfumery, Lamps, &c.

W. D. HOYT & CO.

Wholesale Druggists,

Rome, Ga.

Oct.26 tf.

IF YOU WANT CORRECT TIME

GO TO

Randall of Gadsden,

THE BEST

Watch-Maker in North Alabama. Prices for Goods & Work reduced 25 to 50 per cent. Everything guaranteed as represented and satisfaction given every time.

Cash or no Trade

Oct28 1871—tf.

THE FAMOUS STUDEBAKER WAGON.

THE STUDEBAKER WAGON IS MADE OF THE BEST SEASONED TIMBERS THE lightest and most durable wagon in market; their thimble skeins never break; the slope bonder spoke is used; they are warranted to give satisfaction in every case.

W. B. GILL,

CARRIAGE WAREHOUSE,

(Of Eighteen Years Established Reputation and Standing.)

CORNER OF WASHINGTON & SELMA ST. NEXT TO COUNCIL HOUSE

Has always on hand a large Stock of

Carriages Rockarways Phaetons Barouches Buggies Coaches Ba[illegible]s, Barouches, &c

Has also on hand a large assortment of Children's Perambulators, Cabs, Buggies, wagons, Hobby Horses, &c. Repairing of all kinds of vehicles done at shortest notice. Plantation Wagons and Carts made to order. jan 6 1y.

NO. 14 NORTH ROYAL STREET.

C. C. LANGDON & CO.,

Nurserymen, Seedsmen & Florists

NO. 14 NORTH ROYAL STREET,

DEALERS IN AGRICULTURAL & HORTICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS, FERTILIZERS,

Flower Pots, Rustic and Terra Cotta Ware, Hanging Baskets, Trellises, Native Fruits and Wine, etc., etc. Have just received the following articles, which will be found at their store No 14 North Royal street, (next to the Battle House.) Gatterlsons Improved Flat head Cabbage, Gregory's premium Flat Dutch Cabbage, Landreth's large late Drumhead Cabbage, Turnips, Beets, Carrots, Cauliflowers, Celery, Lettuce, Parsley and other seeds for Fall Planting. Agents for the celebrated **Dubois Flanged Ribbed Cotton Gin**. A Forty Saw Gin of this Patent Gin ranked to equal in execution a Fifty-five saw Gin of any other Patent. Sizes now in store 30—35—40—45—50 Saws. They are now receiving and have in store a full supply of the following Seeds: Blue Grass, Orchard Grass, Red Top, Timothy, Red Clover, Alsike Clover, White Clover, Lucerne, Hungarian Grass, Millet, Hemp, Buckwheat, Georgia Red Rag, White or White Wheat, Western Rye, Southern Rye, Rennie Grass Seed Oats, Barley, and all other Field Grass Seeds. 250 bushels Red Rust-Proof Oats. Agents for the Lancaster, Peerless 100 Tons Cotton Seed Meal at low figures. Also call the attention of Farmers, Gardners, and Factors to samples of the Improved Excelsior Plows and to Holbrook & Co.'s Hand seed Drills, Hand Cultivators and Hand Double Wheel Hoes, the best implements are indispensable for Amateur and Market Gardners. So simple and light that children and ladies can use them. A fine assortment of Cast Steel and other Hoes, Rakes, Shovels, Spades, &c., always in store in a few days a large lot of Red Onion Sets, Silverskin Onion Sets, and Button Onions, direct from the growers.

THE RURAL ALABAMIAN, a Southern Magazine of Progressive Agriculture and Improved Industry. Published Semi-Monthly at $2 per Year.

10 copies ..... $ 6 00 | 55 copies ..... $ 67 00
20 copies ..... 30 00 | 100 copies 125 00

☞ Invariably in advance Send for specimen copy Published by C. C. LANGDON & CO.,

No. 14 North Royal Street, Mobile, Ala.

Oct28 1871—tf.

***East Alabama* LAND AGENCY,**

B. C. WYLY & Co.

REAL ESTATE and General Agency Office

No. 4. OFFICE ROW, JACKSONVILLE ALA.

We are prepared to give our attention to the Sale, or Rent of

REAL ESTATE

in this and adjoining counties.

Having special facilities for finding purchasers, invite those who may desire to put their lands in market, to give us a trial. We will keep on exhibition in our office

MAPS,

taken from County Surveys, and personal reconnaissance of such places as may be entrusted to us—and will visit the property with parties contemplating a purchase.

All information concerning the lands of East Alabama freely given upon application in person, or by letter, at their office. Will also act as General Agents for the sale of all articles of merit which may be entrusted to them. Their extensive acquaintance with the people, and personal knowledge of the Country, gives them facilities which no other Company can have.

BUSINESS SOLICITED.

B. C. WYLY,
JOHN H. FORNEY,
JNO. M. WYLY.

aug19 1871—1y.

R. R. R.

Radway's Ready Relief

CURES THE WORST PAINS in from One to Twenty Minutes. NOT ONE HOUR

after reading this advertisement need any one SUFFER WITH PAIN.

RADWAY'S READY RELIEF IS A CURE FOR EVERY PAIN.

It was the first and is

The Only Pain Remedy

that instantly stops the most excruciating pains, allays Inflammations, and cures Congestions, whether of the Lungs, Stomache other glands or organs, by one application. IN FROM ONE TO TWENTY MINUTES, no matter how violent or excruciating the pain the RHEUMATIC, Bed-ridden, Infirm, Crippled, Nervous, Neuralgic, or prostrated with disease may suffer,

RADWAY'S READY RELIEF

Will afford instant Ease.

Inflamation of the Kidneys
Inflamation of the Bladder.
Inflamation of the Bowels
Congestion of the Lungs.
Sore Throat, Difficult Breathing.
Palpitation of the Heart.
Hysterics, Croup, Diphtheria
Catarrh, Influenza.
Headache Toothache
Neuralgia, Rheumatism.
Cold Chills. Ague Chills

The application of the READY RELIEF to the part or parts where the difficulty exists will afford ease and comfort.

Twenty drops in half a tumbler of water will in a few moments cure Cramps, Spasms Sour Stomach, Heartburn, Sick Headache, Diarrhœa, Dysentery, Colic, Wind in the Bowels, and all Internal Pains.

Travelers should always carry a bottle of RADWAY'S READY RELIEF with them. A few drops in water will prevent sickness or pains from change of water. It is better than French Brandy or Bitters as a stimulant.

FEVER AND AGUE.

Fever and Ague cured for fifty cents. There is not a remedial agent in this world that will cure Fever and Ague, and all other Malarious, Bilious, Scarlet, Typhoid, Yellow, and other Fevers (aided by RADWAY'S PILLS) so quick as RADWAY'S READY RELIEF. Fifty cents per bottle.

DR. RADWAY'S Sarsaparillian Resolvent

Has made the most astonishing cures so quick, so rapid are the changes the body undergoes, under the influence of this truly wonderful Medicine, that

Every day an increase in Weight and Flesh is Felt.

THE GREAT BLOOD PURIFIER.

Every drop of the SARSAPARILLIAN RESOLVENT communicates through its Blood, Sweat, Urine, and other fluids and juices of the system *the vigor of life*, for it repairs the wastes of the body with new and sound material. *Scrofula, Syphilis, Consumption, Glandular disease, Ulcers in the throat, Mouth, Tumors, Nodes in the Glands and other parts of the system, Sore Eyes, Strumorous discharges from the Ears, and the worst forms of Skin diseases, Erysipelas, Itch, Ringworm, Salt Rheum, Erysipelas, Acne, Black Spots, Worms in the Flesh, Tumors, Cancers in the Womb*, and all weakening and painful discharges, Night Sweats, Loss of Sperm and all wastes of the life principle, are within the curative range of this wonder of Modern Chemistry, and a few days' use will prove to any person using it for either of these forms of disease its potent power to cure them.

If the patient, daily becoming reduced by the wastes and decomposition that is continually progressing, succeeds in arresting these waste, and repairs the same with new material made from healthy blood—and this is the SARSAPARILIAN will and does accomplish—a cure is certain; for when once this remedy commences its work of purification, and succeeds in diminishing the loss of waste its repairs will be rapid, and every day the patient will feel himself growing better and stronger, the food digesting better, appetite improving, and weight increasing.

Not only does the Sarsaparilian Resolvent excels all known remedial agents in the cure of Chronic, Scrofulous, Constitutional, and Skin diseases; but it is the only positive cure for

Kidney and Bladder Complaints,

Urinary, and Womb diseases, Gravel, Diabetes, Dropsy, Stoppage of Water, Incontinence of Urine, Bright's Disease, Albuminuria, and in all cases where there are brick-dust deposits, or the water is thick, cloudy, mixed with substances like the white of an egg, or threads like white silk, there is morbid, dark, billious appearance, and white bone dust deposits, and when there is a pricking, burning sensation when passing water, and pain in the Small of the Back and along the Loins.

DR. RADWAY'S PERFECT PURGATIVE PILLS,

perfectly tasteless, elegantly coated with sweet gum, purge, regulate, purify, cleanse, and strengthen. Radway's Pills, for the cure of all disorders of the Stomach, Liver, Bowels, Kidneys, Bladder, Nervous Diseases, Headache, Constipation, Costiveness, Indigestion, Dyspepsia, Billiousness, Billious Fever, Inflamation of the Bowels, Piles, and all Derangements of the Internal Viscera. Warranted to effect a positive cure. Purely Vegetable, containing no mercury, minerals, or deleterious drugs.

A few doses of RADWLY'S PILLS will free the system from all the above named disorders. Price, 25 cents per Box. Sold by Druggists.

Read "False and True." Send one letter stamp to RADWAY & CO. No 32 Warren Street, Corner of Church Street New York. Information worth thousands will be sent you.

Sep 28, 1871—tf

Jacksonville Republican.

EDITED & PUBLISHED, EVERY SATURDAY MORNING, BY

J. F. & L. W. GRANT.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

For one year in advance,.....$2 00
If not paid in advance,.....$3 00

TERMS OF ADVERTISING.

One square (10 lines or less, first insertion,.....$1 00
Each subsequent insertion.....50
Spaces occupied by square counted as two, &c.
Obituaries charged at advertising rates.
Marriage notices,.....50

Announciation of Candidates

For County offices,.....$5 00
For State offices,.....$10 00

Jacksonville Republican.

"The Price of Liberty is Eternal Vigilance."

VOL. 36. JACKSONVILLE, ALA., DEC. 14, 1872. WHOLE NO 1861

Rates of Advertising,

For three, six, or twelve Months.

One square of 10 lines,	3 months,	$6	0
" "	6 "	7	50
" "	12 "	12	00
One fourth column,	3 "	10	00
" " "	6 "	15	00
" " "	12 "	25	00
One half column,	3 "	16	00
" " "	6 "	25	00
" " "	12 "	40	00
One column,	3 "	30	00
" "	6 "	50	00
" "	12 "	100	00

Charges due and collectable quarterly.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

GEO. M. HAMES. J. T. MARTIN

HAMES & MARTIN,

Attorneys at Law and Solicitors in Chancery. No. 8. Office Row, Jacksonville, Ala.

Will practice in all the Courts of Law and Equity in the counties of the 12th Judicial circuit, consisting of Calhoun, Cleburne, St. Clair, Etowah and Cherokee, and the Supreme court of the State
May 9—1871.

WM. H. FORNEY.

FORNEY & FORNEY,

Attorneys at Law,

Jacksonville Alabama.

Will practice in the Counties of Calhoun, Talladega, Randolph, St. Clair, Cherokee, DeKalb and the Supreme Court of the State.
Dec. 22d, 1865.

G. L. TURNLEY.

G. L. TURNLEY & CO.,

Attorneys at Law

Solicitors in Chancery

AND

General Collecting Agents.

JACKSONVILLE, ALA.

Will practice Law in the counties of Calhoun, Talladega, Randolph, Cleburne, Cherokee, Etowah, St. Clair and DeKalb; in the Supreme Court of the State, and in the U. S District Court, Northern and Middle Division of Alabama.

J. H. CALDWELL

ELLIS & CALDWELL,

Attorneys at Law,

AND

Solicitor in Chancery.

JACKSONVILLE, ALA.

Having associated themselves in the practice of Law, will practice together, except in CASUAL CASES, in the counties of Calhoun, Talladega, St. Clair, Randolph, Cherokee and DeKalb.
Jan. 6. 1869.

S. L. STEVENSON,

Attorney at Law,

JACKSONVILLE, Ala.

Savage & de Rochemont.

ATTORNEYS AT-LAW

AND

SOLICITORS IN CHANCERY &

COLLECTING AGENTS,

OXFORD, ALA.

Will practice in all the courts of the State also in the Supreme court. Collections made before the United State Court of Claims, also general land and Pension Agents.

April 13 1872 1y.

A. D. HAMMONDS,

Notary Public

AND

Ex-officio Justice of the Peace

JACKSONVILLE.....ALABAMA

Will attend to any business that may be put into his hands, with dispatch.

Feb17 1872—1y.

Dr. M. W. FRANCIS,

Physician & Surgeon,

OFFICE, DRUG STORE I. C. FRANCIS,

North West Corner Square,

JACKSONVILLE - - ALA

Feb 25 1871—1y.

DR. W. W. HARRISON,

Having permanently located in Alexandria offers his professional services to the citizens of Alexandria and vicinity.

He can be found at his office in Gieck & Leibsetter's Store during the day, and at the late residence of Jas. A. Gladden at night, unless professionally absent.

March 1872.—9m.

RAIL ROAD SCHEDULES.

Selma & North Ala. Rail Road.

SCHEDULE.

Passenger trains will run on this Road, as follows:

Light'g Exp. Tr's Montgomery, at 10.00 am
" " Arrives at Calera 12.50 p m
" " at Birmingham 3.30 p m
Mail train leaves Montgomery at 2.20 p m
" " Arrives at Calera 6.15 p m
Light'g Ex. " Birmingham at 5.25 p m
" " Arrives at Montgomery 12.05 a m
Mail train leaves Calera at 5.05 a m
" " Arrives at Montgomery 8.25 a m.

Close Connections with DOUBLE DAILY trains on A. & M. Montgomery Rail Road, for Mobile, New Orleans and all points of Texas.

This is the SHORTEST and quickest route to and from the points named above for Passengers. The Tickets and Through Bills issued. Rates as low as by any other line.

A. SHAW, Ass't Sup't.

R. Pierce G. A. Morrison,
J. H. Jordan Wm. L. Thompson.

PIERCE JONES & CO.

Cotton Factors,

Proprietors Planters Fire Proof Warehouse.

Drake's new building opposite Troup House,

SELMA, ALABAMA.

THOS. A. WALTHALL. T. S. BOWEN.

BOWEN & WALTHALL,

Wholesale Grocers

—AND—

COMMISSION MERCHANTS

NO. 5 CENTRAL BLOCK, WATER ST.

SELMA——ALABAMA.

Ja —6ly

W. R. FITZPATRICK. W. B. MCKINNEY.

McKINNEY & Co.,

Receiving and Forwarding

Merchants

—AND—

STEAMBOAT AGENTS,

Selma.....Alabama

We have a large and convenient Warehouse, a Brick Wharf and every facility for protecting Goods.

Jan 6 1y

NEW BRICK HOTEL.

The undersigned is now prepared to accommodate the travelling public.

S. C. KELLY, Prop.

LIVERY AND SALE STABLE

Sign of the Horned Horse.

OXFORD ALA.,

S. C. KELLY.

sep16 '71—tf.

CALL AT THE

Old Hotel.

West Side of the Public Square

Jacksonville, Ala.

Which has been repaired, refurnished and refitted up especially for the comfort of those who may favor it with a call. Rooms large and comfortable—fare good as the country affords—servants polite and attentive—charges reasonable.

Can accommodate a dozen or two regular boarders.

J. D. HAMMOND.

Dec. 18. '68—1y. Proprietor.

A. W. LEDBETTER,

ALABAMA, WITH

JEHIAL READ. NATHANIEL NORTON

Jehial Read & Co.

Late Geo. W. & Jehial Read.

MANUF'S & WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

FUR and WOOL HATS,

Straw Goods Umbrellas &c.

No. 468 Broadway,

Adjoining Cochran, McLean & Co.

NEW-YORK.

W. C. LAND,

The oldest Watch maker in the State, (near Forty years at the bench,) still in Jacksonville, to repair all good watches that may be brought in. No brass or oreide watches need be brought in to be fixed.

Having made arrangements with the Manufacturers, I am prepared to have any part or parts of good watches made new, in the best manner and at short notice, doing away with the tedious process of hard work. All fine and complicated watches repaired and put in as good order as new, if desired.

nov11 1871—tf.

NEW LIVERY STABLE.

The undersigned takes pleasure in notifying his friends, and the PUBLIC GENERALLY that he has opened the stables formerly known as the Privett Stables.

HE IS PREPARED TO HIRE.

Hacks, Wagons, Buggies, and Horses at the following schedule of prices:

Two-horse hacks and driver per day.....$6.00.
Two-horse wagon and driver per day.....$5.00
Buggy and horse per day.....$3.00.
Single Buggy per day.....$2.00.
Single Horse per day.....$2.00.

He will also feed and take care of stock at charges to be paid when the stock is taken from the stable. Terms cash, only.

RICHARD WEAVER,

ag12—7.1

C. C. SAMUEL.

Successor to Elliot & Samuel,

COTTON FACTOR

Warehouse & Commission Merchant

(At Steamboat Landing,)

Rome, Ga.

Cotton compressed and put in splendid shipping order and forwarded same day of its arrival, at reduced rates of freight.

sept 23.1871—1y

Trees! Flowers! Bulbs! Seeds

HEDGE PLANTS!

NURSERY STOCK! FRUIT & FLOWER PLATES!

Address F. K. PHŒNIX,

BLOOMINGTON NURSERY, ILL.

600 Acres; 21st year; 12 Greenhouses.

Apple, 1,000 1 yr., $20; 2 yr. $30; 3 yr. $40; 4 yr. $50; 4 Catalpas, 20 cents

CROSS PLAINS HOUSE

COME ALONG

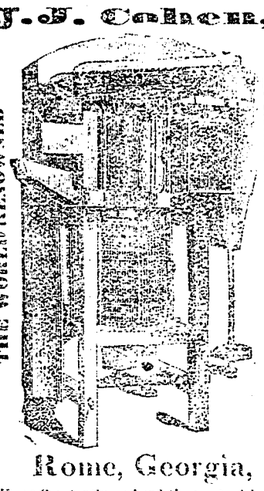
This House is not quite completed, but will receive Boarders and the Traveling public generally.

No rash promises made—come and see.

A. S. JOHNSON,
J. N. HOOD,
J. N. HOOD, Prop'r.

June20—tf

J. J. Cothran,



THE WORLD RENOWNED

EUREKA SKEETER & SEPERATER.

Rome, Georgia,

Keeps Constantly on hand the most celebrated and latest MILL MACHINERY, at Manufacturer's prices. Also, Importer of the Double Anchor Dutch Bolting Cloth, French Burr and Esopus MILL STONES, Double Turbine Water Wheel, and an assortment of Belting, &c. Dec. 30, '71.—1y.

M. A. TURNER,

FASHIONABLE

TAILOR.

Would respectfully inform the citizens of Jacksonville and vicinity, that he has removed to No. 7 Office row, where he is ready at all times to make Boys & Gents clothing, according to latest styles and in a most durable manner. Thanking the public generally for their past liberal patronage, he hopes by skill and attention to merit a continuance of the same. Terms Cash.

N. B. The latest styles will be added on when work is taken from the shop unsolicited.

Jan27 1872—1y.

Reasbeck

Marble Works.

D. C. COLEMAN,

MANUFACTURER OF AND DEALER IN

MARBLE MONUMENTS,

TOMBS, HEADSTONES,

MANTELS, TOPS

Vases, Et.,

Of the finest

ITALIAN

AND

AMERICAN MARBLE

Yard No. 21 S. College Street, between Church and Broad,

NASHVILLE, TENNESSEE.

Orders promptly filled and satisfaction guaranteed.

Feb24 1872—1y.

J. & B. TREBLE,

Corner Bibb & Commerce Streets,

Montgomery, Ala.

Having just completed their removal into the Splendid, New and Commodious Building at the corner of Bibb and Commerce Streets, would inform their friends and the public, that they have constantly on hand and are daily receiving a

LARGE & ELEGANT STOCK OF

Fall and Winter Goods.

—SUCH AS—

Kerseys, Linseys,
Jeans, Tweeds,
Cassimeres, Cloths,
Opera, all Wool and
Cotton Flannels: Calicoes of the Best Brands;
Brown and Bleached Domestics; Mattrass and Feather,
Ticking; Table Damask,
Toweling, Hosiery, Cuffs and Bed Blankets,
Balmoral and Felt Skirts,
also, a Nice Line of Ladies' Shawls, Notions,
Ribbons and Trimmings in Great Variety; Foreign and Domestic Dress Goods, Very Attractive in Style and Fabric.

We intend to keep our stock replenished with the best of just such goods as the demands of the trade require, which will be sold at the

LOWEST LIVING RATES.

J. H. LAKIN,

Artistic Photographs,

No. 51 Market Street,

MONTGOMERY, ALA.

Persons at a distance having old and fading Daguerreotypes can safely send them by mail to be recopied. ALL WORK GUARANTEED FIRST CLASS, AND PRICES REASONABLE.

May 15th, 1872—1y.

Bulbs and Fruit Tree Season.

JANES & KEISER

DRUGGISTS,

17 Shorter Block, Rome Georgia.

DEALERS IN

Bulbs, Flower Seeds, Fruit Trees, Evergreens, Greenhouse Plants.

AGENTS FOR

P. J. BERKMANS, Augusta, Ga.
JAMES VICK, Rochester, N. Y.
D. LANDRETH & SONS, Philadelphia, Pa.
F. K. PHŒNIX Bloomington, Ill.

Orders solicited for above names. Satisfaction guaranteed.

20,000 Choice Cigars

Just Received.

oct27—d1w.

NOTICE

To Debt Paying Men!

Money Saved by Buying for Cash.

Having bought the stock of Gunnels, Draper & Co. at a liberal discount on original cost, and having also Robbed the Cash System, thereby making no Bad Debt to be made up in additional prices. We are determined to sell our extensive stock, of both old and new goods as low as they can be sold in any market at retail every where.

We have the following articles at remarkable low figures:

Hardware of every description, Boots and Shoes of every variety, Ladies, Gentlemen's and Boys Hats, Ladies Cloth Cloaks, all grades, Shawls, Notions, Hoods and Fancy Delains, Poplins, Silks and other Dress Goods, the best at 62½ cts at 12½ per yard.

We simply ask you to give us a call before you make your purchase, and we are confident of selling you. Our motto is "Short Profits and Quick Sales," lower than any one will sell on a Credit.

The Gunnels, Draper and J. Gas Co. are with us, and ask their friends, (to whom they extend their thanks for former favors,) to give them a chance.

J. & W. W. DRAPER.

The books of Gunnels, Draper & Co., are at the House of J. & W. W. Draper, ready for collection and all those indebted will please come forward and settle, as the accounts are DUE and we NEED THE MONEY.

Respectfully,

GUNNELS, DRAPER & CO.,

Oct26d1w Of Ga. & Ala.

VICK'S

FLORAL GUIDE

FOR 1873.

The Guide is now published Quarterly. 25 cents pays for the year. Four numbers, which is not half the cost.

Those who afterwards send money to the amount of One Dollar or more for Seeds may also order Twenty five Cents worth extra—the price paid for the Guide.

The January Number is beautiful, giving plans for making Rural Homes, Designs for Dining Table Decorations, Window Gardens, &c., and containing a mass of information invaluable to the lover of flowers.—One Hundred and Fifty pages, on fine tinted paper, some Five Hundred Engravings and a superb Colored Plate and Chromo Cover. The First Edition of Two Hundred Thousand just printed in English and German, and ready to send out.

JAMES VICK, Rochester, N. Y.

H. E. DAY & CO.,

No. 26 Market Street.

Montgomery, Ala.

THE only house in the city devoted entirely to the trade of

Hats, Caps,

—AND GENTLEMEN'S—

Furnishing Goods.

A Superb Stock Just Received.

Oct26d1w3mo.

SPOTTED?

To my Friends and Patrons.

I take this method of informing you that I have just returned from New York, with a large and carefully selected stock of

FASHIONABLE CLOTHING

—AND—

FURNISHING GOODS,

—FOR—

Men's Youth's & Boy's. Hats, Caps. Canes. Umbrellas Etc.. Etc.. Etc.

Which I am in daily receipt of, and which, having been purchased late in the season, during the decline in goods, I can offer fully 10 per cent. lower than any other house in the city.

Having added to my business this season a "Custom Department," superintended by

A First-Class Cutter

from New York, I am prepared to receive any and all orders for "custom made garments," guaranteeing in every instance entire satisfaction.

A full line of Cloths, Cassimeres and Vestings always on hand.

H. C. DAVIDSON,

17 Market Street.

MONTGOMERY, ALA.

Oct26 d1w

Poor Alabama!

Poor Alabama!—We pity her from the uttermost depth of our heart. She was only free from the brigands long enough to taste the sweets of liberty, and is now remanded back to custody with the promise of still keener pangs, and a more extended and merciless saturnalia of fraud and oppression. The Radical wolves, after an enforced fast of two years, return to rend her with appetites sharpened to the point of a ravening ferocity that will gnaw her to the very bone. They lack no element of greed or cunning necessary to complete her destruction, and will not leave her until she is a grinning skeleton. The poor taxpayers and property owners of that unhappy State may as well prepare themselves for the sternest test of manhood and patience ever applied to a helpless people. Grants lay-outs are only waiting for the faintest whisper of insubordination to swoop down upon them and hold them fast, while the process of skinning by the mob of barbarians, carpet-baggers and scallawags is accomplished. There seems no help for our unhappy brothers of that State, but they can at least maintain their honor and dignity to the last, and refuse, with their last breath, to bow the knee to Baal or compromise one iota with the infamous crew who essay their utter ruin.—*Memphis Telegraph & Messenger.*

A TRIAL OF 50 YEARS.

The New York Observer has passed through the ordeal, and starts out anew on the second fifty years with a larger list of readers and more numerous friends than ever. Such a steady course of prosperity is unexampled, and inspires confidence. We heartily rejoice in the great success of a paper which has always advocated those sound principles that underlie the foundation of society and good government. Orthodox in the truest sense, both in Church and State, its influence is always good. We see its publisher proposes to give to every subscriber for 1873 an appropriately embellished *Jubilee Year-Book*. Those who subscribe will have no cause to regret the step. $3 a year. Sidney E. Morse & Co., 37 Park Row, New York.

A good many years ago, a Kentuckian went to Cincinnati and drove a cart, at low wages, until he had saved up $700. With this he bought a large load of coal, which sank at the landing the night it was delivered, and he had to sell it for $100. The party who bought it failed before paying for it, but finally compromised by giving two and a half acres of land for the debt. The land is now in the business part of Cincinnati, and is worth over $1,500,000.

No Penalty for Delinquent Taxes.—The last Legislature, by an Act approved January 26, 1871, repealed the ten per cent. penalty for the non-payment of taxes.

Street Rumors.

It is understood by those who say they know, that Governor Lewis' new Financial Agent has been making desperate efforts to obtain funds to enable Bingham to pay his mob Legislators now in a starving condition, but that the new Financial Agent has utterly failed in his patriotic efforts! We suppose money lenders don't like the speculation! Can't Mr. "Speaker" Parsons, who has done so much to get these starving human beings into their difficulties, now procure a little victuals for them. Lack, a day! *Montgomery Advertiser.*

Notice to Tax Payers.

By an act of the Legislature approved December 7th, 1871, it is enacted "That all taxes shall become due and payable on the first day of October of each year, and shall become delinquent *on the thirty-first day of December in each year*, except in cases where parties owing taxes are about to remove from the County."

Citizens will understand from this law that they have until the 31st of December in which to pay their taxes.

Montgomery Advertiser.

Advertising gives a certain dignity to the article advertised. It confers a kind of value it never before possessed. It makes the article conspicuous, places it on record, brings it before the public, and creates for it a status in the community. Advertise so ordinary an object as an old barn door, for example. That door has taken on a new value. It is worth more than it was before, because people know that it is in the market. People know that it exists, that it is for sale, and that it is considered worth advertising. It has gained a history, and becomes a matter of interest. People wonder if they do not want a barn-door, and perhaps, after some contemplation, feel a little despondent because they do not want one. The neighbors might suspect them of having no barn; or, worse yet, of not being able to buy a door to fit.

To the People of Alabama.

The members of the General Assembly of Alabama, under a sense of imperative duty, have resolved unanimously, to address the people of the State, on the situation of public affairs at the seat of Government. The occasion is one of the gravest, and most perilous, which has ever occured in the history of the State. For the first time in that history, two public bodies have been in session, since the 18th inst. each claiming the right to exercise the Legislative Power of the State.

Our Constitution, and the laws enacted under it, have provided for the formation and government, of a Senate and House of Representatives constituting together, a General Assembly, and there can be but one. The Constitution and Laws furnish the only test, by which the true and lawful General Assembly may be distinguished from that which is false, and revolutionary.

By an appeal to that standard, we will show to all good citizens of the State and to all men everywhere, who will attend to it, that this is the only lawfully constituted General Assembly, having the exclusive right to Legislative power. The Constitution provides in Art. 4 Sec. 5. that, "the House when assembled shall choose a Speaker, and its other officers, and the Senate shall choose a President, in the absence of the Lieutenant Governor, and its other officers; each House shall judge of the election qualifications and returns of its own members; but a contested election shall be determined in such manner as shall be directed by law. The President of the Senate, and the Speaker of the House of Representatives shall remain in office, until their successors are elected and qualified.

In regard to the number of members necessary to constitute a quorum in each House, it is provided in Section 7 of Art. 4. "A *majority* of each House shall constitute a Quorum to do business, but a smaller number may adjourn from day to day." The Constitution here defines what a *Quorum* is, giving to the majority of either body, the power to transact business; and limiting the power of the minority, to daily sojournments, and securing the attendance of absent members, until they have the requisite majority to constitute a Quorum.

Under Sections 2 & 3, of the 5th Article of the Constitution, the House of Representatives, consists of one hundred, and the Senate of thirty three members.

By an act approved December 31st, 1868, the time of meeting of the General Assembly is fixed by the third Monday of November of each year.

By the Acts of February 18th and February 13, 1868, and 1869 Acts in relation to the construction of the Capitol, and a Hall for the House of Representatives, and the Senate Chamber, the subsequent Acts, authorizing the Governor to assign rooms in the Capitol, for the Secretary of State, and other officers, and by the uniform usage of all General Assemblies, the Capitol, built, and owned by the State, is, and has been, the place, for the meeting, organization, and action of the two Houses, as a Legislative body.

In regard to the *evidence* of *election* of the *members*,—by the act of Oct., 8, 1868, it is made the duty of the Secretary of State to forward certificates of election to such persons as may be ascertained to be elected to any office in the State, addressed to the Board of Supervisors of the County, who shall forward such election certificates to the persons entitled thereto.

The same Act, which regulates elections in the State, prescribes, that the Board of Supervisors of each County, shall make certificates of the number of votes cast, in their counties for each person and forward them to the Secretary of State.

The same Act also provides for the contestation of the election of any Senator or Representatives; and the Constitution in the 4th Article before referred to, makes each House the Judge, (and the *exclusive* judge) of the qualifications, elections and returns of its own members.

We refer now to the Journals of the two Houses, and to the indisputable facts, showing that on the 18th inst., which was the third Monday of November,—the Hon. E. H. Moren, President of the Senate, appeared at the Capitol, in the Senate Chamber, at the hour of twelve, noon, and called the Senate to order; that after the appointment of a temporary clerk, and other officers, and the call of the Senatorial Districts of the State, eighteen gentlemen appeared, holding certificates of election, as Senators signed by the Secretary of the State; that these certificates were duly examined,—the names of the persons holding them, were enrolled, and the oath of office as Senators was regularly taken by each one of them!

In like manner, and at the same time in the Hall of the House of Representatives, in the room appropriated to that body, the Hon. John P. Hubbard, Speaker of the House of Representatives, took the chair, and called the members elect of the present House, to order.—After the appointment of a temporary clerk, and other officers, the roll of the Counties was called when forty-five gentlemen came forward, holding certificates of election as Representatives from their respective counties, registered their names and received the oath of office, administered by the Hon. J. Q. Smith, one of the Circuit Judges.

It appearing that there was not present, a sufficient number to constitute a Quorum, the House adjourned until the next day, when, on that, and the next succeeding day, nine other members appeared each presenting certificates of election signed by the Secretary of State and after enrolling their names, took the oath of office, administered by the same Judge.

It appearing that there were then present, fifty-four members, and a sufficient number to make a Quorum, the House proceeded to the election of a Speaker and Clerk, and other officers.

After the Senate and House had thus been fully organized, they communicated the fact, to His Excellency Governor Lindsay, and have since by special Message, and the Annual Message, required by law, and the approval of Bills passed by them, received the official recognition of the Chief Executive of the State, as the General Assembly of the State, the only body clothed with Legislative Power.

By comparing the facts of this history, thus plainly recited, with the requirements of the Constitution, and the Laws, it will appear to all candid men, that in respect to the time and place of assembling, the officers who presided, in the evidence of election of all the members claiming seats, and in the whole mode of proceeding, this General Assembly was organized according to Law, and is perfectly and legally constituted.

And it is equally certain that at the same time there can be only one General Assembly in the State.

It is known now, to the people of the State, that on the first day of the meeting of this Legislature, another body of persons assembled at the Court Rooms of the United States, in this city, and after electing a President of the Senate, and Speaker of the House, and other officers, for their bodies, declared themselves to be the General Assembly of Alabama, duly elected and organized. The larger number of them as we are informed held certificates of election, as members of the Senate and House of Representatives, duly issued by the Secretary of State. And it was a matter of surprise to all of us assembled in the Capitol, on the first day of the Session that not one of them, nor at that time, any other Republican member appeared and claimed his seat, as it was his right and duty to do.

We had no knowledge or suspicion, at that time, of any design to set up a Legislative body independent of this Assembly.

No notice was given of any such meeting. Neither the President of the Senate, nor the Speaker of the last House of Representatives, were invited to preside over, and direct their organization, and both of them were in the City, and at the Capitol.

The place of their assemblage was a building, neither owned, or occupied by the State, but held under a lease by the United States, and used as its Court Rooms, and in the custody of the Federal officers. Without a private agreement with the officers, they had no right of admission to that building; and there is no act of Congress or other legal authority, allowing those officers to let, or appropriate that building for any purpose.

The time and object and place of their assemblage, if not private, was carefully withheld from us, and the public, until they were consummated. No law of the land or usage, or act of former Assemblies, justify such a step; nor was there any prevailing epidemic, or war, or other imminent public necessity, to excuse or palliate it.

Let us examine now, their power to transact business under the Constitution, even if these fatal objections were out of the way.

The Constitution prescribes and fixes precisely, the number in either House, which shall have the power to do business. It is nothing less than a majority, in the Senate, and a majority in the House; not a majority of the members present, but of all required by the Constitution, for either body.

Those requisites to legal organization, they have never had, except by arbitrary act.

The Journals of the *two* Houses of the Legislature at the Capitol show that *nineteen* Senators have taken their seats in the Senate, and fifty-four members, in the House each of them having the required certificate of election. It is not alleged that any of those certificates are genuine. It has never been pretended that the Secretary of State issued more than one hundred certificates of election to members of the Lower House, nor more than thirty-three, to members of the Senate.

This assemblage then at the U. S. Court Room commenced their session of necessity, with not more than fourteen Senators, and not more than forty-six members of the House; and were under the Constitution, prohibited, from transacting any business or taking any other step, than adjourning from day to day, and sending for absent members.

And yet, as appears, from the State *Journal*, which published their proceedings, this minority declared vacant the seats of several members of the Senate, and several members of the House; sitting with us, and having proper certificates of election; and then arbitrarily elected others to fill such vacancies. And thus, before they were, or could be organized, they settled the rights of Claimants to seats with us notice to those holding true genuine certificates of Election.

When thus organized, in disregard, and in defiance of the laws of the Land and the regular proceedings of the Legislature at the Capitol, they appointed a committee to wait upon Governor Lindsay, and inform him of their organization, and that they were ready to receive any communication from him. In his reply, his Excellency, distinctly informed that Committee, that he did not regard the bodies which appointed them, as the Legislature of Alabama; and in the conclusion of his answer, he used this impressive language—"abstaining from further multiplying reasons for my conclusions, permit me to say, that my official oath and fidelity to the Constitution, and Laws, forbid my recognition of anybody as the General Assembly of Alabama, other than that which organized under the forms of the Constitution and the Laws, and in the Capitol of the State. The body which constituted you the Committee, I do not recognize as the General Assembly, and therefore have no official communication to transmit to it."

So far as we are informed, the only apology for this attempt to overthrow the existing order of Government, is the allegation that the administration of the members from Barbour and Marengo counties changes the political complexion of the Legislature, that these members were illegally returned as elected, but having the *prima facie* evidence of their election, they would occupy their seats during any contestation and the Democratic and Conservative party having this unfair majority, would combine together, to sustain these fraudulent returns.

These allegations, (and substantially they make the whole defence) rest on assumptions, which are hostile and destructive, in their spirit and in their effect, to the Constitution and Laws, and to the institutions of society. For they assume, first, that frauds have been committed in the election of the members from two counties, and that these frauds make void the certificates of elections which have been issued to those members. They assume next, that the Two Houses, appointed by the Constitution to decide all cases of contested election, of their own members, will not decide truly according to the evidence.

And that those facts entitled them as members elect of the Legislature, although in fact, a minority in numbers, to organize themselves into the General Assembly and thus by creating and filling vacancies, at their own pleasure, to have and exercise the Supreme Legislative power of the State.

We have already shown, that no complaint or notice of any contested election, has been laid before us—that we have not refused to act or put any obstruction in the way of a perfectly fair action, on such a case when it is made; but that on the contrary, all the Republican members, except one, from the beginning, have refused to operate with us even in organizing this Legislature. It is manifest then, that the attempted organization at the United States' Court Room was the result not of any act of ours but of the previous determination of ambitious men, to seize upon the Government, and manage it for their own ends. It cannot be represented with any approach to truth, that we have upheld any frauds in the elections, or that we will do so, for a party advantage.

It is not technical, but Parliamentary Law, of universal use in this country, and in England, that persons holding certificates or other legal proof of their election, are members of the Legislative body, for the purpose of organizing. In proof of this, we quote from Cushing's Law, and Practice of Legislative Assemblies, a work of the highest authority in this country. "These principles are as follows, that every person duly returned, is a member, whether legally elected or not until his election is set aside; Second, that no person who is not duly returned, is a member, even though legally elected, until his election is established; Third, that conflicting claimants, both in form legally returned, are neither of them entitled to be considered as members, until the question between them, has been settled, and Fourthly, that those members who are duly returned, and they alone, (the members whose rights are to be determined being excluded) constitute a judicial tribunal, for the decision of all questions of this nature." p. 91. Again, it is shown by this authority, that where the manner of conducting elections has been "established by the laws, and the evidence of authenticating them, has been prescribed, that the only evidence, by virtue of which any one can rightfully assume, or be permitted to assume the functions of a member of a Legislative Assembly under a representative form of Government, is the return or certificate, which contains and embodies the results of the proceedings at the election, as decided upon by the returning officers. p. 89.

These principles are fundamental and cannot be departed from without ignoring one of the elements of our government. Before the Assembly is organized, an inquiry into the validity of the returns, or certificates, is premature, unauthorized, and unprecedented. It is not allowed to the Judiciary to determine any question concerning the election, qualification and returns of the members of the two Houses at any stage, either before or after their organization. Until the organization of the body there can be no tribunal to settle the question of disputed seats; and unless we follow the law which allows those persons, and those only, who have certificates of the legal evidence of election to take their seats, there can be no organization. We do not suppose that it will be pretended, that the Judiciary have the constitutional power to inquire into the membership or decide a case of contested election in any representative body. Where ever the attempt has been made in the United States to induce the Courts to try such cases, they have uniformly refused on the ground that the body where the question of a public skip's raid, is the tribunal appointed by law, and the only one which has the jurisdiction to try the question.

In illustration of those views, the application of which has become of the highest importance to the people of Alabama, and that they may fully understand our true situation, we refer to the judgment of Courts of the highest authority.

In a case in 41st Penn. State Reports p. 256.—there was a motion for a *mandamus* requiring certain members of the select Council of the City of Philadelphia, being a majority thereof, to assemble with the Common Council, and proceed to the election of certain municipal officers required by the charter. The defence was, that three persons had been fraudulently retained as members of the Common Council, and that the majority thereby gained, had fraudulently excluded two others, who ought to be members, and this for the purpose of obtaining a majority in favor of a political party. From the opinion of the Court we quote these passages:

"We must, of course, understand the defendants as presenting these allegations as a legal justification of their conduct, and therefore they must be taken as asserting a legal right to decide who are proper members of the other branch of the Council, though no part of the evidence can ever be properly presented to them, and though the very law under which they obtain their own official position tells them plainly that each branch is to be the judge of the qualifications and election of its own members. They have not thought of this properly, or they would not have raised this dispute.

We have no rule to judge the conduct of the defendants by, but the law. They can have no other rule than this to guide their official conduct. In affairs wherein they have no official or authority to decide, they can have official right to question. Officially they must treat as right what they have no authority to correct. If this be not true, we have no difference between usurpation and legitimate authority.

But official conduct is never free from law: it is always regulated more or less strictly; it must follow the path prescribed to it; the law of society, and not individual will, is the measure of its freedom; and it is only thus that individual liberty is secured against official ar-

DR. O. S. PROPHITT'S

ANODYNE PAIN KILL IT.

NEVER FAILING!

KILLS PAIN IN EVERY FORM.

CURES Pains in the Back, Chest, Hips or Limbs, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Coughs Colds, Bronchial Affections, Kidney Diseases, Dyspepsia, Liver Complaint, Colic, Cholera, Cholera Morbus, Pleurisy, Asthma, Heart Burn, Toothache, Jawache, Earache, Headache, Sprains, Bruises, Cuts, Contusions, Sores, Lacerated Wounds, Scalds, Burns, Chill Blains, Frost Bites, Poisons of all kinds, vegetable or animal. ☞ Of all

PAIN KILL IT

the Remedies ever discovered for the relief of suffering humanity, this is the best Medicator known to Medical Science. The cure is speedy and permanent in the most inveterate diseases. This is no humbug, but a grand medical discovery. A Pain Killer containing no poison to inflame, paralyze or drive the inflammation upon an internal organs. Its efficiency is truly wonderful. Relief is instantaneous. It is destined to banish pains and aches, wounds and bruises, from the face of the earth

Manufactured & Sold by L. H. Bradfield, Atlanta, Ga.

Stevenson's Old Mills.

I have lately purchased the Seymour Mills, 2½ miles South of Jacksonville, and put them in

GOOD REPAIR

and am now prepaired for grinding wheat, corn, &c., in the best style. I propose to saw lumber on the shares. My cotton gin (Brown's Improved Machine) will be ready for the incoming crop—will gin for the 15th.

Come one, come all! and give me a trial. Satisfaction guaranteed.

ALEX. O. STEWART.

aug311872.—tf.

PATRICK,

The Bookseller & Stationer,

HAS NOT BEEN TO MARKET YET, THIS Fall, but he still manages to keep the old Wooden Store

53 Broad Street, Rome, Georgia.

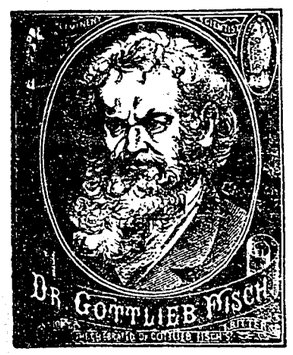
Comfortably filled with GOODS in his line.

Thankful for the Liberal patronage extended him during the past season, he invites a continuance of the same, promising his best efforts to please.

Call and see those beautiful Chromos, the COMPANIONS and the ACCIDENT.

oct12—tf.

THE GREAT TONIC OF FASH.



DR. GOTTLIEB FISCH'S BITTERS

Cures Dyspepsia, Debility, Nervousness, Chills, Biliousness, & all Stomach Diseases.

WARE & SCHMITZ, Philadelphia, Proprietors of DR. FISCH'S FOOD CURE BITTERS.

It Leads to Happiness!

A BOON TO THE WHOLE RACE OF WOMEN!

DR. J. BRADFIELD'S

FEMALE REGULATOR

It will bring on the Menses; all pain at the monthly "Period," cure Rheumatism and Neuralgia of Back and Loins, Leucorrhœa or "Whites," and partial prolapsus Uteri; check excessive flow, and corect all irregularities peculiar to ladies.

It will remove all irritation of Kidneys & Bladder; relieve Costiveness; purify the Blood; give tone & strength to the whole system; clear the Skin imparting a rose hue to the cheek, & cheerfulness to the mind.

It is as sure a cure in all the above diseases as Quinine is in Chills & Fever.

Ladies can cure themselves of all the above diseases without revealing their complaints to any person, which is always mortifying to their pride and modesty.

It is recommended by the best physicians and the clergy.

LAGRANGE, Ga., March 23, 1870.

BRADFIELD & CO., Atlanta, Ga.—Dear Sirs: I take pleasure in stating that I have used for the last twenty years, the medicine you are now putting up known as Dr. J. Bradfield's FEMALE REGULATOR, and consider it the best combination ever gotten together for the disease for which it is recommended. I have been familiar with the prescription both as a practitioner of the fi cine and in domestic practice, and can honestly say that I consider it a boon to suffering females, and can but hope that every lady in our whole land, who may be suffering in any way peculiar to their sex, may be able to secure a bottle, that their sufferings may not only be relieved but that they may be restored to health and strength. With my kindest regards,

I am respectfully, W. B. FERRELL, M.D.

NEAR MARIETTA, Ga., March 21, 1870.

MESSRS. WM. ROOT & SON.—Dear Sirs: Some months ago I bought a bottle of BRADFIELD'S FEMALE REGULATOR from you, and have used it in my family with the utmost satisfaction, and have recommended it to three other families, and they have found it just what it is recommended. The females who have used your REGULATOR are in perfect health, and are able to attend to their household duties, and we cordially recommended it to the public.

Yours respectfully, Rev. H. B. JOHNSON

We could add a thousand other certificates; but we consider the above ample proof of its virtue. All we ask is a trial.

For full particulars, history of diseases, and certificates of its wonderful cures, the reader is referred to the wrapper round the bottle.

Manufactured & sold by

BRADFIELD & CO.,

Price $1.50. Atlanta, Ga.

Sold by all Druggists.

Cotton Gins! Cotton Presses!!

GULLETT'S IMPROVED LIGHT DRAFT COTTON GIN,

Price $4 00 per Saw.

THE IMPROVED GIN DIFFERS MATERIALLY FROM THE STEEL BRUSH, THE STEEL BRUSH having Three Brushes, while the New Gin has but One.

We guarantee every Gin to be of Light Draft; thoroughly clean the seed and make a Superior Sample.

Every Gin is fully tested and made to gin Cotton perfectly before leaving the Factory.

Office of Agricural, Mechanical and Blood Stock Association of Texas, Houston, Texas, May 18th, 1872.

I hereby certify that I was in charge of and run the Engine which drove the Machinery at the Third Annual Fair of the State of Texas, and that the Engine drove the GULLETT'S IMPROVED LIGHT DRAFT GIN with ten pounds less steam on the test than any other Gin on Exhibition.

C. N. BURCH, Engineer.

Will Be Prepared to Furnish

GULLETT'S LEVER COTTON and HAY PRESS Price $150 00. This Press will pack from 15 to 20 bales Cotton a day. Two hands are all that is necessary to pack a 500 lb bale

They are very simple and will last a life time. Every Press guaranteed. Address all orders to

J. & S. BONES & CO., Rome Ga

Great Attractions.

THE OLD RELIABLE HOUSES OF

TITSWORTH, SCOTT & CO.,

No. 6 Court Square, MONTGOMERY, ALA.,

And No. 39 Market Street, SELMA, ALA.,

Have one of the finest Stocks of

CLOTHING & GENT'S FURNISHING GOODS,

Ever brought to this market. Also, full line

Hats, Caps, Trunks and Valises,

Which they are selling as Cheap as any house in the City. We also take

Alabama State Money, at 90 Cents on a Dollar, for all Goods.

GENERAL AGENTS of the Celebrated WHEELER & WILSON NOISELESS FAMILY SEWING MACHINE, for Central Alabama.

TITSWORTH, SCOTT & CO.

W. T. & C. S. ALEXANDER,

Grocers and Produce Merchants,

[illegible], Ala.,

has now in store Sugar, Coffee, Ice, Meal, Tobacco, Syrup, Bacon, Flour, Lard, Salt, Fish, Cigars and everything kept in a first class Grocery Store.

Would respectfully solicit a liberal share of patronage. Come and see.

HOW TO GET RICH.

Attend your own Business and leave other people's Business alone. Buy your Goods where you can buy and Goods the cheapest. PARR'S is the PLACE. he is determined not to be undersold. I will sell the following as low as any one. Try me. To prove the Pudding eat it.

FIRST CLASS

Grocery Establishment.

Below I will give a few of the leading articles.

200 Rolls of the heaviest Bagging of different Kinds, weighing from 2¼ to 2½ lbs. will be sold for twenty cents per yard.

1000 lbs. of Baling Ties of various kinds and patterns, at 11½ cents per pound.

50 Sacks Salt in store and to arrive. 20 Sacks Coffee, a superior article.

25 Barrels Sugar, all grades and qualities. 25 Barrels and Hog-heads of Syrup and Molasses.

25 Boxes Tobacco, from the finest to the cheapest. 15,000 Cigars of the best Brands.

200 lbs. Smoking Tobacco. 20 Boxes Candles, Parifine, Star and Sperm.

10 Boxes Superior Starch. 20 Cases Superior Oysters, Fresh

200 Boxes Sardines and Lobsters. 50 Kits Mackerel. 5 Barrels Mackerel. 10 half Barrels Mackerel. 10 half Barrels White Fish.

500 Cans and Bottles of Preserved Fruits. 50 Boxes Raisins and Figs.

500 lbs. Best Stick and Fancy Candies.

A large lot of Pepper, Spice, Ginger, Indigo and all kinds of Dye Stuffs, Powder, Shot, and Caps. In short, I have everything my Customers need in my line.

My Stock is large and shall be kept full. The supply shall only be limited by the demand. The prices shall suit. I will pay every one the *last cent and so that none go away dissatisfied*. I will pay the highest market price for all kinds of Country Produce, Cotton, Corn, Flour, Bacon, Lard, Peas, Oats and Tallow, in short, everything the Farmer raises.

L. J. PARR,

oct26d&wtf Jacksonville, Alabama.

GOOD NEWS! GOOD NEWS!

THE LATEST FROM THE NORTH IS GRATIFYING!!

CARROLL AND McCAIN'S

Fall & Winter Stock for 1872

S HERE AND ARRIVING!

Consisting of

Dry Goods.

Boots and

Shoes,

Hardware.

Groceries.

Clothing, Hats and Caps, Drugs, Saddlery, Crockery, &c.

We can confidently offer our stock as one not surpassed by any, for taste durability, and *liberal* terms.

We cordially invite all to give us a call and examine our stock before purchasing. We think we can make it to your interest to buy of us.

The very highest market *Price* paid for *Cotton*.

Oct. 26, 1872.—d&wtf. CARROLL & McCAIN,

Jacksonville, Ala.

DRY GOODS AND GROCERIES.

LeGRAND & CO.,

DEALERS IN

Groceries and Jobbers in Dry Goods,

NOS. 96, 98 AND 100 COMMERCE STREET, MONTGOMERY, ALABAMA.

TO MERCHANTS ONLY!

We now offer to the Trade a full and complete stock of DRY GOODS, bought to great advantage and shipped at reduced freights, and will give our patrons the benefit of our advantages.

80 Cases Fall and Winter Prints, including every Price, Style and Variety.
100 Bales Striped, Checked and Plain Homespun.
350 Bales Sheetings, Shirtings and Osnaburgs.
40 Cases Bleached Goods, of all grades.
50 Cases Kentucky Jeans, of all prices.
10 Cases Cloths and Cassimeres.
25 Bales heavy Woolen Goods and Kerseys.
20 Cases Plain Linseys. 20 Bales Blankets, assorted. 30 Cases assorted Dress Goods.

BOOT & SHOE DEPARTMENT.

800 Cases of assorted Boots and Shoes, every variety.

READY-MADE CLOTHING.

A Full Stock bought with great care.

HAT DEPARTMENT.

Two Hundred Cases from $4.00 to $40.00 per Dozen.

NOTION DEPARTMENT.

This Department comprises Everything termed Notions, is very Complete, and in Endless Variety.

GROCERY DEPARTMENT.

200,000 Pounds Bacon, Sides and Shoulders.
2,500 Barrels Flour, of all Grades.
1,000 " " "Our Pet."
500 " " "Pride of Troy."
500 " " "Pride of Alabama."
800 Sacks of Coffee.
100 Hogsheads Sugar.
400 Barrels of Whiskey.
2,000 Sacks Liverpool Salt.

And a full line kept in Grocery Stock, which will be sold at close figures

LeGRAND & CO.,
Nos. 96, 98 and 100 Commerce Street,
MONTGOMERY, ALABAMA.

Aug28 1872—6mo.

J. F. AYER. J. C. McDONALD.

AYER & McDONALD,

DEALERS IN

HARDWARE & AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS,

No. 71 Broad Street, Rome, Georgia.

We desire to call special attention to our Stock of

WATER PIPE,

Of Composition, Lead or Iron,

RUBBER HOSE, HOSE NOZZLES, COUPLINGS PIPES, ETC.

We also invite our former friends to an examination of our Warehouses, where will be found

REAPERS & MOWERS, THRESHERS & HORSE POWERS, PLOWS & HARROWS, CRADLES, GRASS BLADES, HORSE RAKES WHEAT FANS, HAY FORKS, &c., &c., including the LOW LAW COTTON PLANTER.

Our stock of Hardware, Rubber, Belting, &c., kept full and complete. Price guaranteed. June1 1872—t

HENRY A. SMITH,

113 Broad Street,

Rome, Ga.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

BOOKSELLER & STATIONER.

Keeps alway on hand a large Stock

School, Theological and Miscellaneous Books,

PAPER, Letter Cap, Note.
ENVELOPES,
PENCILS,
PENS,
INKS,
Engravings, Photographs,
Photograph Albums, Chromos,
Gilt, Rosewood, Walnut Moulding, for Picture Frames, in the Piece, Picture Cord and Tassel, Sheet Music, for the Piano and Guitar, Italian, German and French Violin and Guitar Strings.

Blank, Copy and Scrap BOOKS,
MEMORANDUMS,
PORTFOLIOS,
SLATES,
DESKS,
Pocket Bibles, Hymn and Prayer Books.
Square and Oval Picture Frames.

WALL PAPERING, BORDERING, FIRE SCREENS AND PAPER WINDOW SHADES.

☞ NEW and SECOND HAND PIANOS and PARLOR ORGANS of first class manufactures, at a Liberal Discount from manufacturer's prices. Also, SECOND HAND PIANOS TAKEN IN EXCHANGE for new ones, allowing full value for those taken in exchange.

Liberal discounts to Country Merchants and Schools.

April3 1872—td.

CLOVER, GRASS AND GARDEN SEED.

W. D. HOYT & CO

WILL KEEP CONSTANTLY ON HAND A FULL STOCK OF THE ABOVE AT THE LOWEST FIGURES.

Clver, and Grass Seed.

STRICTLY CASH. Also.

Lead, Oil and Glass.

At Manufacturers prices. Also a full STOCK of

Drugs, Brushes, Soaps, of all kinds, Perfumery, Lamps, &c.

W. D. HOYT & CO.

Wholesale Druggists,

Rome, Ga.

Oct26 tf.

East Alabama LAND AGENCY,

B. C. WYLY & Co.

REAL ESTATE

and

General Agency Office

No. 4. OFFICE ROW,
JACKSONVILLE ALA.

We are prepared to give our attention to the Sale, or Rent of

REAL ESTATE

in this and adjoining counties.

Having special facilities for finding purchasers, invite those who may desire to put their lands in market, to give us a trial. We will keep on exhibition in our office

MAPS,

taken from County Surveys, and personal reconnaissance of such places as may be entrusted to us—and will visit the property with parties contemplating a purchase.

All information concerning the lands of East Alabama freely given upon application in person, or by letter, at their office. Will also act as *General Agents* for the sale of all articles of merit which may be entrusted to them. Their extensive acquaintance with the people, and personal knowledge of the Country, gives them facilities which no other Company can have.

BUSINESS SOLICITED.

B. C. WYLY,
JOHN H. FORNEY,
JNO. M. WYLY.

aug19 1871—1y.

R. R. R.

Radway's Ready Relief

CURES THE WORST PAINS in from One to Twenty Minutes.

NOT ONE HOUR

after reading this advertisement need any one SUFFER WITH PAIN.

RADWAY'S READY RELIEF IS A CURE FOR EVERY PAIN.

It was the first and is

The Only Pain Remedy

that instantly stops the most excruciating pains, allays Inflammations, and cures Congestions, whether of the Lungs, Stomach or other glands or organs, by one application. IN FROM ONE TO TWENTY MINUTES, no matter how violent or excruciating the pain the RHEUMATIC, Bed-ridden, Infirm, Crippled, Nervous, Neuralgic, or prostrated with disease may suffer,

RADWAY'S READY RELIEF

Will afford instant Ease.

Inflammation of the Kidneys,
Inflamation of the Bladder,
Inflamation of the Bowels,
Congestion of the Lungs,
Sore Throat, Difficult Breathing,
Palpitation of the Heart,
Hysterics, Croup, Diphtheria,
Catarrh, Influenza,
Headache, Toothache,
Neuralgia, Rheumatism,
Cold Chills, Ague Chills.

The application of the READY RELIEF to the part or parts where the difficulty exists will afford ease and comfort.

Twenty drops in half a tumbler of water will in a few moments cure Cramps, Spasms, Sour Stomach, Heartburn, Sick Headache, Diarrhœa, Dysentery, Colic, Wind in the Bowels, and all Internal Pains.

Travelers should always carry a bottle of RADWAY'S READY RELIEF with them. A few drops in water will prevent sickness or pains from change of water. It is better than French Brandy or Bitters as a stimulant.

FEVER AND AGUE.

Fever and Ague cured for fifty cents. There is not a remedial agent in this world that will cure Fever and Ague, and all other Malarious, Bilious, Scarlet, Typhoid, Yellow, and other Fevers (aided by RADWAY'S PILLS) so quick as RADWAY'S READY RELIEF. Fifty cents per bottle.

DR. RADWAY'S

Sarsaparillian Resolvent

Has made the most astonishing cures so quick, so rapid are the changes the body undergoes, under the influence of this truly wonderful Medicine, that

Every day an increase in Weight and Flesh is Felt.

THE GREAT BLOOD PURIFIER.

Every drop of the SARSAPARILLIAN RESOLVENT communicates through its Blood, Sweat, Urine, and other fluids and juices of the system *the vigor of life*, for it repairs the wastes of the body with new and sound material. *Scrofula, Syphilis, Consumption, Glandular disease, Ulcers in the throat, Mouth, Tumors, Nodes in the Glands and other parts of the system, Sore Eyes, Strumorous discharges from the Ears, and the worst forms of Skin diseases, Ring Worm, Fever Sores, Scald Head, Ring Worm, Salt Rheum, Erysipelas, Acne, Black Spots, Worms in the Flesh, Tumors, Cancers in the Womb*, and all weakening and painful discharges, Night Sweats, Loss of Sperm and all wastes of the life principle, are within the curative range of this wonder of Modern Chemistry, and a few days' use will prove to any person using it for either of these forms of disease its potent power to cure them.

If the patient, daily becoming reduced by the wastes and decomposition that is continuly progressing, succeeds in arresting these wasts, and repairs the same with new material made from healthy blood—and this the SARSAPARILLIAN will and does accomplish—a cure is certain; for when once this remedy commences its work of purification, and succeeds in diminishing the loss of waste its repairs will be rapid, and every day one patient will feel himself growing better and stronger, the food digesting better, appetite improving, and weight increasing.

Not only does the Sarsaparillian Resolvent excels all known remedial agents in the cure of Chronic, Scrofulous, Constitutional, and Skin diseases; but it is the only positive cure for

Kidney and Bladder Complaints,

Urinary, and Womb diseases, Gravel, Diabetes, Dropsy, Stoppage of Water, Incontinence of Urine, Bright's Disease, Albuminuria, and in all cases where there are brick-dust deposits, or the water is thick, cloudy, mixed with substances like the white of an egg, or threads like white silk, there is a morbid, dark, bilious appearance, and where bone dust deposits, and when there is a pricking, burning sensation when passing water, and pain in the Small of the Back and along the Loins.

DR. RADWAY'S

PERFECT PURGATIVE PILLS,

perfectly tasteless, elegantly coated with sweet gum, purge, regulate, purify, cleanse, and strengthen. Radway's Pills, for the cure of all disorders of the Stomach, Liver, Bowels, Kidneys, Bladder, Nervous Diseases, Headache, Constipation, Costiveness, Indigestion, Dyspepsia, Biliousness, Bilious Fever, Inflamation of the Bowels, Piles, and all Derangements of the Internal Viscera. Warranted to effect a positive cure. Purely Vegetable, containing no mercury, minerals, or deleterious drugs.

A few doses of RADWLY'S PILLS will free the system from all the above named disorders. Price, 25 cents per Box. Sold by Druggists.

Read "False and True." Send one letter stamp to RADWAY & CO. No 32 Warren Street, Corner of Church Street New York. Information worth thousands will be sent you.

Sep 25, 1871—tf

IF YOU WANT CORRECT TIME

GO TO

Randall of Gadsden,

THE BEST

Watch-Maker in North Alabama. Prices for Goods & Work reduced 25 to 50 per cent. Everything guaranteed as represented and satisfaction given every time.

Cash or no Trade

Oct28 1871—tf.

THE FAMOUS STUDEBAKER WAGON.

THE STUDEBAKER WAGON IS MADE OF THE BEST SEASONED TIMBERS. THE lightest and most durable wagon in market; their thimble skeins never break; the slope shoulder spoke is used; they are warranted to give satisfaction in every case.

W. B. GILL,

CARRIAGE WAREHOUSE,

(Of Eighteen Years Established Reputation and Standing.)

CORNER OF WASHINGTON & SELMA ST. NEXT TO CONCIL HOUSE

Has always on hand a large Stock of Carriages Rockarways Phaetons Barouches Buggies Coaches Hacks, Barouches, &c

Has also on hand a large assortment of Children's Perambulators, Cabs, Buggies, wagons, Hobby Horses, &c. ☞ Repairing of all kinds of vehicles done at shortest notice. Plantation Wagons and Carts made to order. jan 6 1y.

NO. 14 NORTH ROYAL STREET.

C. C. LANGDON & CO.,

Nurserymen, Seedsmen & Florists

NO. 14 NORTH ROYAL STREET,

DEALERS IN AGRICULTURAL & HORTICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS, FERTILIZERS, Flower Pots, Rustic and Terra Cotta Ware, Hanging Baskets, Trellises, Native Fruits, Wine, etc., etc. Have just received the following articles, which will be found at their store No 14 North Royal street, (next to the Battle House.) Gattetsons Improved Flat Dutch Cabbage, Gregory's Mammoth Marblehead Cabbage, Landreth's large late Drumhead Cabbage, Gregory's premium Flat Dutch Cabbage, Landreth's large late Flat Dutch Cabbage. Turnips, Beets, Carrots, Cauliflowers, Celery, Lettuce, Parsley and other seeds for Fall Planting. Agents for the celebrated **Dubois Flanged Ribbed Cotton Gin**. A Forty Saw Gin of this Patent Gin warranted to equal in execution a Fifty-two saw Gin of any other Patent. Sizes now in store 20—25—40—55—60 Saws. They are now receiving and have in store a full supply of the following Seeds: Blue Grass, Orchard Grass, Red Top, Timothy, Red Clover, Alsike Clover, White Clover, Lucerne, Hungarian Grass, Millet, Hemp, Buckwheat, Georgia Red Rag, White Wheat, Western Rye, Southern Rye, Rice, Seed Corn, Barley, and all other Produce Grasses. 750 bushels Red Rust-Proof Oats. Agents for the Langdon Fertilizer. 100 Tons Cotton Seed Meal at low figures. Also call the attention of Farmers, Gardiners, and Factors to samples of the Planting and Excelsior Plows added to Holbrook & Co.'s Hand seed Drills. Hand Cultivators and Hand Double Wheel Hoes, the most complete and handy tools for Amateur and Market Gardeners. So simple and light that children and ladies can use them. A full assortment of Cast Steel and other Hoes, Rakes and Shovels, and garden. Will have in store in a few days a large lot of Red Onion Sets, Silverskin Onion Sets, and Button Onions, direct from the growers.

THE RURAL ALABAMIAN, a Southern Magazine of Progressive Agriculture and Improved Industry. Published Monthly, at $2 per Year.

10 copies	$ 6 00	50 copies	$ 27 50
20 copies	10 00	100 copies	50 00

☞ Invariably in advance. Send for specimen copy. Published by

C. C. LANGDON & CO.,

No 14 North Royal Street, Mobile, Ala.

Oct28 d&wtf

Jacksonville Republican.

EDITED, PUBLISHED & PUBLISHED, EVERY SATURDAY MORNING, BY

J. F. & L. W. GRANT.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

For one year in advance,.....$2 00
If not paid in advance,.....$3 00

TERMS OF ADVERTISING.

One square of 10 lines or less, first insertion,.....$1 00
Each subsequent insertion,..... 50
One square counted as two, &c.
Obituaries charged at advertising rates.
Marriage notices,..... 50

Announciation of Candidates

For County offices,.....$5 00
For State offices,.....$10 00

Jacksonville Republican.

"The Price of Liberty is Eternal Vigilance."

VOL. 36. JACKSONVILLE, ALA., DEC. 14, 1872. WHOLE NO 1861

Rates of Advertising,

For three, six, or twelve Months.

One square of 10 lines,	3 months,	$5	0
" "	6 "	7	50
" "	12 "	10	00
One fourth column,	3 "	10	00
" " "	6 "	15	00
" " "	12 "	25	00
One half column,	3 "	15	00
" " "	6 "	25	00
" " "	12 "	40	00
One column,	3 "	25	00
" "	6 "	40	00
" "	12 "	100	00

Charges due and collectable quarterly.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

GEO. M. HAMES. J. T. MARTIN.

HAMES & MARTIN,

Attorneys at Law and Solicitors in Chancery. No. 8. Office Row, Jacksonville, Ala.

Will practice in all the Courts of Law and Equity in the counties of the 12th Judicial circuit, consisting of Calhoun, Cleburne, St. Clair, Etowah and Cherokee, and the Supreme court of the State.
May 9—1871.

JAS. FO TER. WM. H. FORNEY.

FOSTER & FORNEY,

Attorneys at Law,

Jacksonville Alabama.

Will practice in the Counties of Calhoun, Talladega, Randolph, St. Clair, Cherokee, DeKalb and the Supreme Court of the State.
Dec. 23d, 1865.

M. J. TURNLEY. G. I. TURNLEY.

M. J. & G. I. TURNLEY,

Attorneys at Law

Solicitors in Chancery

AND

General Collecting Agents.

JACKSONVILLE, ALA.

Will practice Law in the counties of Calhoun, Talladega, Randolph, Cleburne, Cherokee, Etowah, St. Clair and DeKalb; in the Supreme Court of the State, and in the U. S. District Court, Northern and Middle Division of Alabama.

G. G. ELLIS. J. H. CALDWELL.

ELLIS & CALDWELL,

Attorneys at Law,

AND

Solicitor in Chancery.

JACKSONVILLE, ALA.

HAVING associated themselves in the practice of Law, will practice together, except in CRIMINAL cases, in the counties of Calhoun, Talladega, St. Clair, Randolph, Cherokee and DeKalb.
Jan. 8, 1869.

S. L. STEVENSON,

Attorney at Law,

JACKSONVILLE, Ala.

Savage & de Rochemont.

ATTORNEYS AT-LAW

AND

SOLICITORS IN CHANCERY &

COLLECTING AGENTS,

OXFORD, ALA.

WILL practice in all the courts of the State also in the Supreme court. Collections made before the United State Court of Claims, also general land and Pension Agents.
April 13 1872 1y.

J. D. HAMMOND,

Notary Public

AND

EX-OFFICIO JUSTICE OF THE PEACE

JACKSONVILLE.....ALABAMA

WILL attend to any business that may be put into his hands, with dispatch.
Feb17 1872—1y.

Dr. M. W. FRANCIS,

Physician & Surgeon,

OFFICE, DRUG STORE J. C. FRANCIS,

North West Corner Square,

JACKSONVILLE - - ALA
Feb 25 1871—1y.

DR. W. W. HARRISON,

HAVING permanently located in Alexandria offers his professional services to the citizens of Alexandria and vicinity.

He can be found at his office in Green & Leicester's Store during the day, and at the late residence of Jas. A. Gladden at night, unless professionally absent.
March 1872.—tm.

RAIL ROAD SCHEDULES.

South & North Ala. Rail Road.

SCHEDULE.

Passenger trains will run on this Road, as follows:

Light'g Exp.	Leave Montgomery, at	10.00 a m
" "	Arrives at Calera	12.50 p m
" "	at Birmingham	3.30 p m
Mail train	leaves Montgomery at	2.20 p m
" "	Arrives at Calera	6.15 p m
Light'g Ex.	Leaves Birmingham at	5.25 p m
" "	Arrives at Montgomery	12.05 a m
Mail train	Leaves Calera at	5.05 a m
" "	Arrives at Montgomery	8.25 a m.

Close Connections with DOUBLE DAILY trains on A. & M. A. at Montgomery Rail Road, for Mobile, and to the North and all points of Texas.

This is the SHORTEST and quickest route to and from the points named above for Passengers. The LOWEST Rates and Through Bills issued. Baggage as by any other line.

E. SHAW, Ass't Sup't.

H. Pierce G. A. Morrison,
J. H. Jordan Wm. L. Thompson.

PIERCE JONES & CO.

Cotton Factors,

Proprietors Planters Fire Proof Brick house.

Drake's new building opposite Troup House,

SELMA, ALABAMA.

THOS. A. WALTHALL. T. S. BOWEN.

BOWEN & WALTHALL,

Wholesale Grocers

—AND—

COMMISSION MERCHANTS

NO. 5 CENTRAL BLOCK, WATER ST.

SELMA——ALABAMA.

Ja —6ly

W. R. RTHERIDGE. W. B. MCKINNEY.

McKINNEY & Co.,

Receiving and Forwarding

Merchants

—AND—

STEAMBOAT AGENTS,

Selma.....Alabama

☞We have a large and convenient Warehouse, a Brick Wharf and every facility for protecting Goods.
Jan 6 1y

NEW BRICK HOTEL.

The undersigned is now prepared to accommodate the travelling public.

S. C. KELLY, Prop.

LIVERY AND SALE STABLE

Sign of the Horned Horse,

OXFORD ALA.,

S. C. KELLY.

sep16 '71—tf.

CALL AT THE

Old Hotel.

West Side of the Public Square

Jacksonville, Ala.

Which has been repaired, refurnished and refitted up especially for the comfort of those who may favor us with a call. Rooms large and comfortable—fare good as the country affords—servants polite and attentive—charges reasonable.

Can accommodate a dozen or two regular boarders.

J. ED. HAMMOND.
Dec. 18, '66—1y. Proprietor.

A. W. LEDBETTER,

ALABAMA, WITH

JEHIAL READ. NATHANIEL NORTON

Jehial Read & Co.

Late Geo. W. & Jehial Read,

MANUF'S & WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

FUR and WOOL HATS,

Straw Goods Umbrellas &c.
No. 408 Broadway,
Adjoining Cochran, McLean & Co.
NEW-YORK.

W. C. LAND,

THE oldest Watch maker in the State, near Forty years at the bench, still in Jacksonville, to repair all good watches that may be brought in. No brass or oreide watches need be brought in to be fixed.

Having made arrangements with the Manufacturers, I am prepared to have any part or parts of good watches made new, in the best manner and in short notice, doing away with the tedious process of hand work. All fine and complicated watches repaired and put in as good order as new, if desired.

nov11871—tf

NEW LIVERY STABLE.

The undersigned takes pleasure in notifying his friends, and the PUBLIC GENERALLY that he has opened the stables formerly known as the Privett Stables.

HE IS PREPARED TO HIRE.

Hacks, Wagons, Buggies and Horses at the following schedule of prices:

Two-horse hacks and driver per day	$6.00.
Two-horse wagon and driver per day	$5.00
Buggy and horse per day	$5.00.
Single Buggy per day	$2.00.
Single Horse per day	$2.00.

He will also feed and take care of stock at charges to be paid when the stock is taken from the stable. Terms cash only.

RICHARD WEAVER,
ug12—7.1

C. C. SAMUEL.

Successor to Elliot & Samuel,

COTTON FACTOR

Warehouse & Commission Merchant
(At Steamboat Landing,)
Rome, Ga.

Cotton compressed and put in splendid shipping order and forwarded same day of its arrival, at reduced rates of freight.
sept 23.1871—1y

Trees! Flowers! Bulbs! Seeds

HEDGE PLANTS!

NURSERY STOCK! FRUIT & FLOWER PLATES!

Address F. K. PHŒNIX,

BLOOMINGTON NURSERY, ILL.

600 Acres; 21st year; 12 Greenhouses. Apple, 1,000 1 yr., $20; 2 yr. $30; 3 yr. $40; 4 yr. $50; 4 Catalogues, 20 cents.

CROSS PLAINS HOUSE

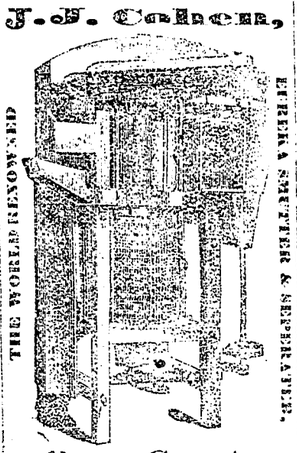
COME ALONG

This House is not quite completed, but will receive Boarders and the Traveling public generally.

No rash promises made—come and see. A. S. JOHNSON,
J. N. HOOD,
J. N. HOOD, Prop'r.

June20—tf

J. W. Culver,



THE WORLD RENOWNED

LITERARY SECRETARY & SEPERATER.

Rome, Georgia,

Keeps Constantly on hand the most celebrated and latest MILL MACHINERY, at Manufacturer's prices. Also, Importer of the Double Anchor Dutch Bolting Cloth, French Burr and Esopus MILL STONES, Double Turbine Water Wheel, and an assortment of Belting, &c. Dec. 30, '71.—1y.

M. A. TURNER,

FASHIONABLE

TAILOR.

WOULD respectfully inform the citizens of Jacksonville and vicinity, that he has removed to No. 7 Office-row where he is ready at all times to make Boots & Gentlemen's clothing, according to fashion styles and in a most durable manner. Thanking the public generally for their past liberal patronage, he hopes by skill and attention to merit a continuance of the same. Terms Cash.

☞ N. B. Repairing done with neatness and dispatch, when work is taken from the shop unsolicited for.
Jan27 1872—1y.

Marble Works.

D. C. COLEMAN,

MANUFACTURER OF ALL KINDS OF

MARBLE WORKMANSHIP,

TOMBS, HEADSTONES,

MANTELS, TOPS

Vases, Et.,

Of the finest

ITALIAN

AND

AMERICAN MARBLE

Yard No. 31 S. College Street, between Church and Broad,

NASHVILLE, TENNESSEE.

Orders promptly filled and satisfaction guaranteed.
Feb21 1872—1y.

J. & B. TRIMBLE,

Corner Bibb & Commerce Streets,

Montgomery, Ala.

HAVING just completed their removal into the Splendid, New and Commodious Building at the corner of Bibb and Commerce Streets, would inform their friends and the public, that they have constantly on hand and are daily receiving a

LARGE & ELEGANT STOCK OF

Fall and Winter Goods.

—SUCH AS—

Kerseys, Linseys,
Jeans, Tweeds,
Cassimeres, Cloths,
Opera, all Wool and
Cotton Flannels: Calicoes of the Best Brands;
Brown and Bleached Domestics; Mattrass and Feather Ticking; Table Damask, Toweling, Hosiery, Cloth and Bed Blankets, Balmoral and Felt Skirts, also, a Nice Line of Ladies' Shawls, Notions, Ribbons and Trimmings in Great Variety; Foreign and Domestic Dress Goods, Very Attractive in Style and Fabric.

We intend to keep our stock replenished with the best of just such goods as the demands of the trade require, which will be sold at the

LOWEST LIVING RATES.

J. H. LAKIN,

Artistic Photographs,

No. 51 Market Street,

MONTGOMERY, ALA.

PERSONS at a distance having old and fading Daguerreotypes can safely send them by mail to be recopied. ALL WORK GUARANTEED FIRST CLASS, AND PRICES REASONABLE.
Montgomery, March 1872—1y.

Bulbs and Fruit Tree Season.

JANES & KEISER

DRUGGISTS,

17 Shorter Block, Rome Georgia.

DEALERS IN

Bulbs, Flower Seeds, Fruit Trees, Evergreens, Greenhouse Plants.

AGENTS FOR

P. J. BERKMANS, Augusta, Ga. D. LANDRETH & SONS, Philadelphia, Pa.
JAMES VICK, Rochester, N. Y. F. K. PHŒNIX, Bloomington, Ill.

Orders solicited for above names. Satisfaction guaranteed.

20,000 Choice Cigars

Just Received.
oct27—d1w.

NOTICE

To Debt Paying Men!

Money Saved by Buying for Cash.

Having bought the stock of Gunnels, Draper & Co. at a liberal discount on original cost, and having cash behind the Cash System, therein making me Rich Point to be made up in additional prices. We are determined to sell our extensive stock, of both old and new goods as low as they can be sold in any market at retain every article.

We have the following articles at remarkable low figures:

Hardware of every description, Boots and Shoes of every variety, Ladies, Gentlemen's and Boys Hats, Ladies' Cloth Cloaks, all grades, Shawls, Notions, Bonds and Face, Delains, Poplins, Silk and other Dress Goods, the best of Calicoes at 12½ per yard.

We simply ask you to give us a call before you make your purchase, and we feel confident of selling you. Our motto is "Short Profits and Quick Sales," lower than any one will sell on a Credit.

Jesse Gunnels, Jr. and J. Gus Gee, are with us, and ask their friends, (to whom they extend their thanks for former favors) to give them a chance.

J. & W. W. DRAPER.

The books of Gunnels, Draper & Co., are at the House of J. & W. W. Draper, ready for collection and all those indebted will please come forward and settle, as the accounts are due and we NEED THE MONEY.

Respectfully,
GUNNELS, DRAPER & CO.,
Oct26 Oxford, Ala.

VICK'S

FLORAL GUIDE

FOR 1873.

The GUIDE is now published Quarterly. 25 cents pays for the year. Four numbers, which is not half the cost.

Those who afterwards send money to the amount of One Dollar or more for Seeds may also order Twenty five Cents worth extra—the price paid for the Guide.

The January Number is beautiful, giving plans for making Rural Homes, Designs for Dining Table Decorations, Window Gardens, &c., and containing a mass of information invaluable to the lover of flowers.—One Hundred and Fifty pages, on fine tinted paper, some Five Hundred Engravings and a superb Colored Plate and Chromo Cover. The First Edition of Two Hundred Thousand just printed in English and German, and ready to send out.

JAMES VICK, Rochester, N. Y.

H. E. DAY & CO.,

No. 26 Market Street.

Montgomery, Ala.

THE only house in the city devoted entirely to the trade of

Hats, Caps,

—AND GENTLEMEN'S—

Furnishing Goods.

☞A Superb Stock Just Received. Call Oct26d1w3mo.

SPOTTED?

To my Friends and Patrons.

I take this method of informing you that I have just returned from New York, with a large and carefully selected stock of

FASHIONABLE CLOTHING

—AND—

FURNISHING GOODS,

—FOR—

Men's Youth's & Boy's. Hats, Caps. Canes. Umbrellas Etc.. Etc.. Etc.

Which I am in daily receipt of, and which, having been purchased late in the season, during the decline in goods, I can offer fully 10 per cent. lower than any other house in the city.

Having added to my business this season a "Custom Department," superintended by

A First-Class Cutter

from New York, I am prepared to receive any and all orders for "custom made garments," guaranteeing in every instance entire satisfaction.

A full line of Cloths, Cassimeres and Vestings always on hand.

H. C. DAVIDSON,
17 Market Street.
MONTGOMERY, ALA.
Oct26 d1w

Poor Alabama!

Poor Alabama!—We pity her from the uttermost depth of our heart. She was only free from the brigands long enough to taste the sweets of liberty, and is now remanded back to custody with the promise of still keener pangs, and a more extended and merciless saturnalia of fraud and oppression. The Radical wolves, after an enforced fast of two years, return to rend her with appetites sharpened to the point of a ravening ferocity that will gnaw her to the very bone. They lack no element of greed or cunning necessary to complete her destruction, and will not leave her until she is a grinning skeleton. The poor taxpayers and property owners of that unhappy State may as well prepare themselves for the sternest test of manhood and patience ever applied to a helpless people. Grants bayonets are only waiting for the faintest whisper of insubordination to swoop down upon them and hold them fast, while the process of skinning by the mob of barbarians, carpet-baggers and scallawags is accomplished. There seems no help for our unhappy brothers of that State, but they can at least maintain their honor and dignity to the last, and refuse, with their last breath, to bow the knee to Baal or compromise one iota with the infamous crew who essay their utter ruin.—*Georgia Telegraph & Messenger.*

A TRIAL OF 50 YEARS.

THE NEW YORK OBSERVER has passed through the ordeal, and starts out anew on the second fifty years with a larger list of readers and more numerous friends than ever. Such a steady course of prosperity is unexampled, and inspires confidence. We heartily rejoice in the great success of a paper which has always advocated those sound principles that underlie the foundation of society and good government. Orthodox in the truest sense, both in Church and State, its influence is always good. We see its publisher proposes to give to every subscriber for 1873 an appropriately embellished *Jubilee Year-Book*. Those who subscribe will have no cause to regret the step. $3 a year. Sidney E. Morse & Co., 37 Park Row, New York.

A good many years ago, a Kentuckian went to Cincinnati and drove a cart, at low wages, until he had saved up $700. With this he bought a large load of coal, which sank at the landing the night it was delivered, and he had to sell it for $400. The party who bought it failed before paying for it, but finally compromised by giving two and a half acres of land for the debt. The land is now in the business part of Cincinnati, and is worth over $1,500,000.

NO PENALTY FOR DELINQUENT TAXES.—The last Legislature, by an Act approved January 26, 1871, repealed the ten per cent. penalty for the non-payment of taxes.

Street Rumors.

It is understood by those who say they know, that Governor Lewis' new Financial Agent has been making desperate efforts to obtain funds to enable Binghem to pay his mob Legislators now in a starving condition, but that the new Financial Agent has utterly failed in his patriotic efforts! We suppose money renders don't like the speculation! Can't Mr. "Speaker" Parsons, who has done so much to get these starving human beings into their difficulties, now procure a little victuals for them. Luck, a day! *Montgomery Advertiser.*

Notice to Tax Payers.

By an act of the Legislature approved December 7th, 1871, it is enacted "That all taxes shall become due and payable on the first day of October of each year, and shall become delinquent *on the thirty-first day of December in each year*, except in cases where parties owing taxes are about to remove from the County."

Citizens will understand from this law that they have until the 31st of December in which to pay their taxes. *Montgomery Advertiser.*

Advertising gives a certain dignity to the article advertised. It confers a kind of value it never before possessed. It makes the article conspicuous, places it on record, brings it before the public, and creates for it a status in the community. Advertise so ordinary an object as an old barn door, for example. That door has taken on a new value. It is worth more than it was before, because people know that it is in the market. People know that it exists, that it is for sale, and that it is considered worth advertising. It has gained a history, and becomes a matter of interest. People wonder if they do not want a barn-door, and perhaps, after some contemplation, feel a little despondent because they do not want one. The neighbors might suspect them of having no barn; or, worse yet, of not being able to buy a door to it.

To the People of Alabama.

The members of the General Assembly of Alabama, under a sense of imperative duty, have resolved unanimously, to address the people of the State, on the situation of public affairs at the seat of Government. The occasion is one of the gravest, and most perilous, which has ever occured in the history of the State. For the first time in that history, two public bodies have been in session, since the 18th inst. each claiming the right to exercise the Legislative Power of the State.

Our Constitution, and the laws enacted under it, have provided for the formation and government, of a Senate and House of Representatives constituting together, a General Assembly, and there can be but one. The Constitution and Laws furnish the only test, by which the true and lawful General Assembly may be distinguished from that which is false, and revolutionary.

By an appeal to that standard, we will show to all good citizens of the State and to all men everywhere, who will attend to it, that this is the only lawfully constituted General Assembly, having the exclusive right to Legislative power. The Constitution provides in Art. 4 Sec. 5, that, "The House when assembled shall choose a Speaker, and its other officers, and the Senate shall choose a President, in the absence of the Lieutenant Governor, and its other officers; each House shall judge of the election qualifications and returns of its own members; but a contested election shall be determined in such manner as shall be directed by law. The President of the Senate, and the Speaker of the House of Representatives shall remain in office, until their successors are elected and qualified.

In regard to the number of members necessary to constitute a quorum in each House, it is provided in Section 7 of Art. 4. "A *majority* of each House shall constitute a Quorum to do business, but a smaller number may adjourn from day to day." The Constitution here defines what a *Quorum* is, giving to the majority of either body, the power to transact business; and limiting the power of the minority, to daily sojournments, and securing the attendance of absent members, until they have the requisite majority to constitute a Quorum.

Under Sections 2 & 3 of the 8th Article of the Constitution, the House of Representatives, consists of one hundred, and the Senate of thirty three members.

By an act approved December 31st, 1868, the time of meeting of the General Assembly is fixed for the third Monday of November of each year.

By the Acts of February 11th and February 13, 1850, and prior Acts in relation to the construction of the Capitol, and a Hall for the House of Representatives, and the Senate Chamber, the subsequent Acts, authorizing the Governor to assign rooms in the Capitol, for the Secretary of State, and other officers, and by the uniform usage of all General Assemblies, the Capitol, built, and owned by the State, is, and has been, the place, for the meeting, organization, and action of the two Houses, as a Legislative body.

In regard to the *evidence of election* of the *members*,—by the act of Oct., 8, 1868, it is made the duty of the Secretary of State to forward certificates of election to such persons as may be ascertained to be elected to any office in the State, addressed to the Board of Supervisors of the County, who shall forward such election certificates to the persons entitled thereto.

The same Act, which regulates elections in the State, prescribes, that the Board of Supervisors of each County, shall make certificates of the number of votes cast, in their counties for each person and forward them to the Secretary of State.

The same Act also provides for the contestation of the election of any Senator or Representatives; and the Constitution in the 4th Article before referred to, makes each House the Judge, (and the *exclusive* judge) of the qualifications, elections and returns of its own members.

We refer now to the Journals of the two Houses, and to the indisputable facts, showing that on the 18th inst., which was the third Monday of November,—the Hon. E. H. Moren, President of the Senate, appeared at the Capitol, in the Senate Chamber, at the hour of twelve, noon, and called the Senate to order; that after the appointment of a temporary clerk, and other officers, and the call of the Senatorial Districts of the State, eighteen gentlemen appeared, holding certificates of election, as Senators signed by the Secretary of the State; that these certificates were duly examined,—the names of the persons holding them, were enrolled, and the oath of office as Senators, was regularly taken by each one of them!

In like manner, and at the same time in the Hall of the House of Representatives, in the room appropriated to that body, the Hon. John P. Hubbard, Speaker of the House of Representatives, took the chair, and called the members elect of the present House, to order.—After the appointment of a temporary clerk, and other officers, the roll of the Counties was called when forty-five gentlemen came forward, holding certificates of election as Representatives from their respective counties, registered their names and received the oath of office, administered by the Hon. J. Q. Smith, one of the Circuit Judges.

It appearing that there was not present, a sufficient number to constitute a Quorum, the House adjourned until the next day, when, on that, and the next succeeding day, nine other members appeared each presenting certificates of election signed by the Secretary of State and after enrolling their names, took the oath of office, administered by the same Judge.

It appearing that there were then present, fifty-four members, and a sufficient number to make a Quorum, the House proceeded to the election of a Speaker and Clerk, and other officers.

After the Senate and House had thus been fully organized, they communicated the fact, to His Excellency Governor Lindsay, and have since by special Message, and the Annual Message, required by law, and the approval of Bills passed by them, received the official recognition of the Chief Executive of the State, as the General Assembly of the State, the only body clothed with Legislative Power.

By comparing the facts of this history, thus plainly recited, with the requirements of the Constitution, and the Laws, it will appear to all candid men, that in respect to the time and place of assembling, the officers who presided, in the evidence of election of all the members claiming seats, and in the whole mode of proceeding, this General Assembly was organized according to Law, and is perfectly and legally constituted.

And it is equally certain that at the same time there can be only one General Assembly in the State.

It is known now, to the people of the State, that on the first day of the meeting of this Legislature, another body of persons assembled at the Court Rooms of the United States, in this city, and after electing a President of the Senate, and Speaker of the House, and other officers, for their bodies, declared themselves to be the General Assembly of Alabama, duly elected and organized. The larger number of them as we are informed held certificates of election, as members of the Senate and House of Representatives, duly issued by the Secretary of State. And it was a matter of surprise to all of us assembled in the Capitol, on the first day of the Session that not one of them, nor at that time, any other Republican member appeared and claimed his seat, as it was his right and duty to do.

We had no knowledge or suspicion, at that time, of any design to set up a Legislative body independent of this Assembly.

No notice was given of any such meeting. Neither the President of the Senate, nor the Speaker of the last House of Representatives, were invited to preside over, and direct their organization, and both of them were in the City, and at the Capitol.

The place of their assemblage was a building, neither owned, or occupied by the State, but held under a Lease by the United States, and used as its Court Rooms, and in the custody of the Federal officers. Without a private agreement with the officers, they had no right of admission to that building; and there is no act of Congress or other legal authority, allowing those officers to let, or appropriate that building for any purpose.

The time and object and place of their assemblage, if not private, was carefully withheld from us, and the public until they were consumated. No law of the land or usage, or act of former Assemblies, justify such a step; nor was there any prevailing epidemic, or war, or other imminent public necessity, to excuse or palliate it.

Let us examine now, their power to transact business under the Constitution, even if these fatal objections were out of the way.

The Constitution prescribes and fixes precisely, the number in either House, which shall have the power to do business. It is nothing less than a majority, in the Senate, and a majority in the House; not a majority of the members present, but of all required by the Constitution, for either body.

Those requisites to legal organization, they have never had, except by arbitrary act.

The Journals of the *two* Houses of the Legislature at the Capitol show that *nineteen* Senators have taken their seats in the Senate, and fifty-four members, in the House each of them having the required certificate of election. It is not alleged that any of those certificates are genuine. It has never been pretended that the Secretary of State issued more than one hundred certificates of election to members of the Lower House, nor more than thirty-three, to members of the Senate.

This assemblage then at the U. S. Court Room commenced their session of necessity, with not more than fourteen Senators, and not more than forty-six members of the House; and were under the Constitution, prohibited, from transacting any business or taking any other step, than adjourning from day to day, and sending for absent members.

And yet, as appears, from the State *Journal*, which publishes their proceedings, this minority declared vacant the seats of several members of the Senate, and several members of the House; sitting with us, and having proper certificates of election; and then arbitrarily elected others to fill such vacancies. And thus, before they were, or could be organized, they settled the rights of Claimants to seats without notice to those holding true genuine certificates of Election.

When thus organized, in disregard, and in defiance of the Laws of the Land and the regular proceedings of the Legislature at the Capitol, they appointed a committee to wait upon Governor Lindsay, and inform him of their organization, and that they were ready to receive any communication from him. In his reply, his Excellency, distinctly informed that Committee, that he did not regard the bodies which appointed them, as the Legislature of Alabama; and in the conclusion of his answer, he used this impressive language—"abstaining from further multiplying reasons for my conclusions, permit me to say, that my official oath and fidelity to the Constitution, and Laws, forbid my recognition of anybody as the General Assembly of Alabama, other than that which organized under the forms of the Constitution and the Laws, and in the Capitol of the State. The body which constituted you the Committee, I do not recognize as the General Assembly, and therefore have no official communication to transmit to it."

So far as we are informed, the only apology for this attempt to overthrow the existing order of Government, is the allegation that the administration of the members from Barbour and Marengo counties changes the political complexion of the Legislature, that these members were illegally returned as elected, but having the *prima facie* evidence of their election, they would occupy their seats during any contestation and the Democratic and Conservative party having this unfair majority, would combine together, to sustain these fraudulent returns.

These allegations, (and substantially they make the whole defence) rest on assumptions, which are hostile and destructive, in their spirit and in their effect, to the Constitution and Laws, and to the institutions of society. For they assume, first, that frauds have been committed in the election of the members from two counties, and that these frauds make void the certificates of elections which have been issued to those members. They assume next, that the Two Houses, appointed by the Constitution to decide all cases of contested election, of their own members, will not decide truly according to the evidence.

And that those facts entitled them as members elect of the Legislature, although in fact, a minority in numbers, to organize themselves into the General Assembly and thus by creating and filling vacancies, at their own pleasure, to have and exercise the Supreme Legislative power of the State.

We have already shown, that no complaint or notice of any contested election, has been laid before us—that we have not refused to act or put any obstruction in the way of a perfectly fair action, on such a case when it is made, but that on the contrary, all the Republican members, except one, from the beginning, have refused to operate with us even in organizing this legislature. It is manifest then, that the attempted organization at the United States Court Room was the result not of any act of ours but of the previous determination of ambitious men, to seize upon the Government, and manage it for their own ends. It cannot be represented with any approach to truth, that we have upheld any frauds in the elections, or that we will do so, for a party advantage.

It is not technical, but Parliamentary Law, of universal use in this country, and in England, that persons holding certificates or other legal proof of their election, are members of the Legislative body, for the purpose of organizing. In proof of this, we quote from Cushing's Law, and Practice of Legislative Assemblies, a work of the highest authority in this country. "These principles are as follows, that every person duly returned, is a member, whether legally elected or not until his election is set aside; Second, that no person who is not duly returned, is a member, even though legally elected, until his election is established; Third, that conflicting claimants, both in form legally returned, are neither of them entitled to be considered as members, until the question between them, has been settled, and Fourthly, that those members who are duly returned, and they alone, (the members whose rights are to be determined being excluded) constitute a judicial tribunal, for the decision of all questions of this nature." p. 91. Again, it is shown by this authority, that where the manner of conducting elections has been "established by the laws, and the evidence of authenticating them, has been prescribed, that the only evidence competent by virtue of which any one can rightfully assume, or be permitted to assume the functions of a member of a Legislative Assembly under a representative form of Government, is the return or certificate, which contains and embodies the results of the proceedings at the election, as decided upon by the returning officers. p. 89.

These principles are fundamental and cannot be departed from without ignoring one of the elements of our government. Before the Assembly is organized, an inquiry into the validity of the returns, or certificates, is premature, unauthorized, and unprecedented. It is not allowed to the Legislature to determine any question concerning the election, qualification and returns of the members of the two Houses at any stage, either before or after their organization. Until the organization of the body there can be no tribunal to settle the question of disputed seats; and unless we follow the law which allows those persons, and those only, who have certificates of the legal evidence of election to take their seats, there can be no organization. We do not suppose that it will be pretended, that the Judiciary have the constitutional power to inquire into the membership or decide a case of contested election in any representative body. Where ever the attempt has been made in the United States to induce the Courts to try such cases, they have uniformly refused on the ground that the body where the question of a seat is in dispute is, is the tribunal appointed by law, and the only one which has the jurisdiction to try the question.

In illustration of those views, the application of which has become of the highest importance to the people of Alabama, and that they may fully understand our true situation, we refer to the judgment of Courts of the highest authority.

In a case in 41st Penn. State Reports p. 336.—there was a motion for a *mandamus* requiring certain members of the select Council of the City of Philadelphia, being a majority thereof, to assemble with the Common Council, and proceed to the election of certain municipal officers required by the charter. The defence was, that three persons had been fraudulently retained as members of the Common Council; and that the majority thereby gained, had fraudulently excluded two others, who ought to be members, and this for the purpose of obtaining a majority in favor of a political party. From the opinion of the Court we quote these passage:

"We must, of course, understand the defendants as pre-existing these allegations as a legal justification of their conduct, and therefore they must be taken as asserting a legal right to decide who are proper members of the other branch of the Council, though no part of the evidence can ever be properly presented to them, and though the very law under which they obtain their own official position tells them plainly that each branch is to be the judge of the qualifications and election of its own members. They have not thought of this properly, or they would not have raised this dispute.

We have no rule to judge the conduct of the defendants by, but the law. They can have no other rule than this to guide their official conduct. In affairs wherein they have no official or authority to decide, they can have official right to question. Officially they must treat as right what they have no authority to correct. If this be not true, we have no difference between usurpation and legitimate authority.

But official conduct is never free from law; it is always regulated more or less strictly; it must follow the path prescribed to it; the law of society, and not individual will, is the measure of its freedom; and it is only thus that individual liberty is secured against official ar-

bitrariness. This plea of the defendants shows that they are attempting officially to meddle with functions that do not officially belong to them, and to control the action of others, over whom they have no authority. They refuse to join those whom the law has appointed to act with them in a particular business, because they think that the law actually carried out has not rightly appointed their colleagues in the business.

"No doubt the defendants have satisfied their consciences in so acting against law, by appealing to some principle which they suppose to be more obligatory than civil law. But they ought to know that it is by civil law only, that their official duties can be defined, and by civil law we must judge them. If, therefore, they may appeal, there can be no earthly one to try it, except that which is found in wars and revolutions—human force; and surely this is not a more intelligent tribunal than those which the law provides, imperfect as they may be. An appeal from the law of official duty, except to the law-making power, can be nothing else than usurpation, or rebellion or revolution."

Again, in a case directly in point reported in 41st Penn. State Reports 397 which was in a proceeding in equity, for injunction, and to annul certificates of election, on the ground of fraud and forgery in procuring them; and where the proof was conclusive, that the returns were forgeries—the court say, after stating the proof of the frauds:—"Can we on this account interfere, and declare the certificates void? We think not. According to our laws, the election had passed completely through all its forms; the result has been in due form certified and the defendants have received their certificates of election and are entitled to their seats as members of the council. The title-papers of their offices are complete, and have the signatures of the proper officers of the law; and if they are vitiated by any fraud or mistake in the process that has produced them this raises a case that must be tried by the forms of a "contested election" before the tribunal appointed by law to try such questions. The Common Council is the proper tribunal to try cases of contested election relative to its own members and there the fraud and forgery must necessarily be tried and decided with final effect. They are appointed by law to try the whole case, and they alone can try it. If in this way we suffer a gross fraud to pass through our hands without remedy, it is not because we have any mercy for the fraud, but because we cannot frustrate it by any decree of ours, without an act of usurpation."

If in that enlightened Court, in a case, where no party prejudice, seems to have entered, those just principles, were applied to a municipal election, how much more important and decisive are they, in their application to conflicting claimants for the high offices of the law-making power in a time of the greatest party agitation.

We refer also to the principle stated in Cooley on Constitutional limitation, p. 133, a work of acknowledged authority; and to the case of the People vs. Mahony, 13 Michigan Report 481 where Judge Cooley delivered the opinion. In this case it was held, that the correctness of a decision by one of the Houses of the General Assembly that certain persons had been chosen members could not be inquired into by the courts.

In that case a law was assailed as void, on the ground, that a portion of the members who voted for it, and without whose votes it would not have had the requisite majority, had been given their seats in the House, in defiance of law, and to the exclusion of others who had a majority of legal votes.

But, the persons composing the Assembly at the United States Court Rooms refuse to bring the charges and the proofs of the alleged frauds before the tribunal appointed by Law to try them, and the only one which can try them. They appeal to some forum higher than any the civil law has erected—"which can only be that, which war and revolution provide—human force." When they refuse to abide by the result of a trial under the Constitution and the Laws; when they refuse to join the Democratic members in organizing the General Assembly in the mode provided by law, on the ground expressly and openly avowed, that thereby the Republicans would lose their majority, and when to prevent such a result, they proceed, with a less number than a constitutional quorum, to organize the Republican members only under other persons and at other places than those appointed by law, into a General Assembly, claiming the supreme legislative power of the State, what is this but palpable and undisguised usurpation and revolution? It is a manifest attempt for mere party advantage to set up an authority that shall supercede the laws of the land, and if this attempt shall succeed, all the interests of society which are protected alone by respect for established law and order, are left to the perils of anarchy and revolution. By this disorderly proceeding the confidence of the people in the stability of our Government is shaken; the credit of the State in the payment of its bond is seriously impaired, all needed legislation is prevented, and the peace and security of society are put in jeopardy.

Since this address was ordered, efforts have been made by Conservative Republicans and Democrats to remove all difficulties out of the way; and we had hoped that before this time the two parties would have been working harmoniously in the performance of their public duties.

But this hope is dissipated by the recent act of Governor Lewis in recognizing the organization at the United States Court Rooms, and declaring his readiness to co-operate with them in the dispatch of the public business.

In a communication to a Joint Committee of the two Houses, appointed to inform him of his election, and to know when it would suit him to take the oath of office, he informs us that in consequence of the alleged wrongful issuance of certificates to three members from Barbour, and the alleged action of the supervisors of election, in Marengo, that the members from those counties were not entitled to seats in the House, and that by thus reducing the number in that body to what it was properly entitled to, there would be left only forty-eight members, not sufficient to make a quorum.

To our surprise, the Governor has, contrary to the official declaration of the House and the public and recorded acts of that body, which the Constitution has made the conclusive evidence in the case, taken on himself the responsibility of deciding that the House is not a judge of the elections and returns of its own members, nor when it has a quorum to do business.

We do not wish to enter into a contest with the Governor, nor to censure the motives of his conduct. But in assuming the right to decide who are members of either House, and the right to review and set aside the action of the House, as to its own organization, he has usurped authority which does not belong to his office, and has committed an act of arbitrary power utterly destructive of a Republican government, without precedent in the history of the country.

By the 3d Art. of the Constitution, the powers of the Government are divided into three distinct and separate departments—those which are legislative, to one; those which are Executive, to another; and those which are Judicial, to another, and in the 2nd section, it declares that "no person, or collection of persons, being of one of those Departments, shall exercise any power properly belonging to either of the others except in the instances herein-after expressly permitted and directed."

Among the powers given to the Legislative Department is, that "each House shall judge of the qualifications, election, and returns of its own members, but a contested election shall be determined in such manner as shall be directed by law." This power in the Legislative bodies, is essential to their independent existence.

There is a positive, unmistakable inhibition on the Executive that he will not interfere with, or exercise any power belonging to the Legislative Department; and added to that express prohibition, is the powerful sanction of his oath, that he will support that Constitution, and see that the laws under it are executed.

By no possible construction, of the Constitution, not even by any precedent in his Department, can any justification be found, for the proceeding of the Governor to go out of his way for evidence, and without any legal proof, or the form of a trial or notice to the parties, to decide on the validity of contested elections. He has not a shadow of jurisdiction in the matter; and no case, or facts, or parties, or information even of a contest were before him. On this assumption, no General Assembly can hereafter organize without the permission of the Governor, and the members elected may be turned out, and his own friends substituted, at his will. Surely a doctrine leading to such a result, (and this, infallibly does so) cannot be defended, under a Republican government. We will not further extend this view of the subject, except by referring to a historical illustration, well known to the founders of our Representative system of Government, State and Federal. A series of struggles was carried on in England, for many years, between the King and Lords, and sometimes the Privy Council, on the one side, and the House of Commons on the other,—over the very power, exercised here, by our Governor, in the year 1624, the Commons Resolved, That they were the Judges of the qualifications, elections and returns of their own members.—"as their ancient, natural, and undoubted privilege." And to this day, unshaken by all the storms of political opinion, which have passed over that great empire,—and from thence it found its way into the English Colonies of America, and the Republic of the United States.

But the communication of his Excellency is remarkable in its other features, as well in what it communicates as in what it withholds. He shows us the novel mode by which a House, capable under the Constitution of performing its legal functions, can be reduced to a minority, incapable of transacting business. Until we become a quorum, which he hopes will soon come, "he cannot co-operate with us." In his argument to us he is elaborate in proving our disability. He knew that the Assembly at the Court Room had organized with but forty-six members in the House and fourteen in the Senate. This was a palpable *minority*, to start with. How did they ever get a quorum? The Governor proves, and the Constitution declares, that a minority can do no business; it can decide to go out of contested elections or returns, it cannot nullify the certificates of election in the hands of the members at the Capitol who have the majority in each house. Nevertheless with no accession from the Assembly, Gov. Lewis informs *them* he considers he is ready to co-operate with *them* in the dispatch of public business! We do not charge it, but so far as we understand it, there is in this not only inconsistency in the reasoning but what is more noteworthy in so high an officer, a want of candor and good faith!

Again, we observe in his reply a significant silence as to the status of the Senate. Is that "legally constituted" according to Executive theory? It is an important question for the people, since it is an important body, and the Governor assumes to hold the right of final decision upon it. It is fair to infer that he has no objection to that body since he states none. But why withhold the statement? Is it a strategic movement of the politician to use the name and official prestige of the Governor to induce that body to surrender its position.

Again the Governor takes no notice of certain proofs in his own office which he cannot ignore, viz: the official acts of his predecessor in his recognition of this Assembly, not only by his message, but by his approval of a bill which had passed through all the forms of constitutional legislation. Is there any Court in the land which can declare that act void, for the reasons given by his Excellency?—*Not one.* The case cited in 13th Mich., and other cases, and, we may safely say, the received opinion of the whole legal profession in the United States, and the very character of our Government make it certain that no Court can or will certain jurisdiction to set it aside. Gov. Lewis found a Legislature in session, which had been sanctioned as such by his immediate predecessor, and which had been constituted and organized in the manner and form prescribed by the Constitution, so that no Judicial tribunal could set aside its acts on an inquiry into its membership; on what possible theory could an Executive, limited and tied by inhibition and by oath, to the mere *execution* of laws passed, of his own motion, or in any form set aside and supersede, not only the laws which had on their face the legal evidence of enactment, but the very existence of the body itself? We must understand that when an Executive with very limited authority sets out on such an unprecedented enterprise, it must be prompted by some powerful motive either of public good, or private, or party advantage. If of public good the necessity must be imperious, and the world must know it, and there can be no reason for concealing the motive. But in this instance, where his Excellency disregards the public and recorded declarations and acts of a representative body as to its formation and its capacity to do business, and the official acts of his predecessor, on the same facts, and in the same office, it is difficult to conceive, from the circumstance, that the motive and the object, can be any other than a party movement, which must either control or ruin the State. The Constitution forbids it; his oath is against it; all the policy of well ordered society is broken down by it, and men are everywhere in fear on account of its consequences.

For what prompted such an invasion of what is permanent and sacred in our Government, his Excellency withholds all explanation.

We do not see the issue of these troubles, nor how the moral and political disaster may be averted, but if we can do nothing else, we will, in this public manner, record our *solemn and indignant Protest*, against this arbitrary exercise by the Executive, of a power which belongs alone to the Legislative authority in violation of the Constitution and Laws of the State, is aiding to confirm insurrection against the same, and against the General Assembly; has obstructed the passage of measures required by the public interest; has invaded the privileges of this House and is encouraging domestic violence.

With apprehension of its evil effects on every interest of the State, we have witnessed the rise and progress of a Combination, formed for a political party purpose only, but claiming to exercise the Legislative powers of the Government, for it was an example, by the trusted agents of the people, of disorder, rebellion, and revolution. But this combination would have dissolved and come to naught, without Executive support, and and recognition. We had hoped that the Governor would seize the happy opportunity, at the outset of his administration, to distinguish his reverence for the sovereignty of Law, and Order, and to make it known, that within the sacred precints of official duty, he would be the Chief Magistrate of the whole State, and not the Executive of his party, and its laws.

It was within the power of Governor Lewis to make for himself a noble and lasting reputation, for truth and honor, and patriotism,—and to have planted more firmly the claims of his party to the respect of all good men, by appealing to the Constitution and the Laws, for the line of his official conduct.

We cannot foresee the issue of these troubles. We know that we have not contributed in any degree to bring them on. We are fully satisfied, and so we declare to the people of the State standing in our places in the Capitol, that this is the only lawfully constituted General Assembly of the State. On this declaration we stand; and if all that is comprised in civil liberty, in true patriotism, in manly virtue, have power in this land of Alabama, we will maintain it.

D. C. ANDERSON, Cha'n.
A. R. MANNING,
J. H. COWAN,
J. B. GRESHAM,
On part of the House.
PETER HAMILTON, Cha'n.
W. H. PARKS,
J. M. CARMICHAEL
On part of the Senate.

Republican

JACKSONVILLE, ALABAMA.

SATURDAY, DEC. 14, 1872.

Under the head of Correspondence of the New York Herald, we give a specimen of "Yaller dog" Bill Smith's lying qualities. The National Guard of which he speaks is a simon-pure Radical organization, and the scamp is no doubt a member of it.

We rather like the pluck of Mr. Boyd of Marshall. He goes at things in an honest straight-forward way that is refreshing in these days of weak-kneed Conservatism and over-cautiousness.—Were there more Boyds there would be fewer Parsons and Whites.

St. Paul Strobach didn't put his foot on the "necks of the white men" at the Capitol worth a cent. His "dear precious colored friends" will conclude that he is better to advise than execute, if he don't look out.

Parsons in a speech to his Court House dupes, the other day said that "come weal, come woe, he would stand firm." We would remind Parsons that the "feet of the wicked stand on slippery place" and that he should not promise things if too much in that respect.

Attorney General Williams, with the advice and consent of President Grant, submits a "compromise" highly satisfactory to David P. Lewis, we judge from the haste with which that gentleman sends it up with a special communication, to the "*Legislature* at the Capitol," a body his Excellency has heretofore entirely ignored. So anxious is the Governor to secure the attention of that respectable body to the communication of the Attorney General, that he swallows his pride and addresses them as the "Legislature." If the body at the Capitol is the Legislature, then the body at the Court House is not, and yet Governor Lewis doubtless addressed the Rump as the "Legislature" too. His troubles make him illogical. We hope that the "Legislature at the Capitol" will disregard the advice of the Attorney General, courteously since they have sought it, and go on in the discharge of duty as though it had not been made.

It delights us to report that the Legislature has at last secured a quorum in both houses, and gone to work in a manner that will meet the wishes and expectations of the people of Alabama.

With Lewis impeached, it matters not, in a party point of view, whether Federal interference follows or not. In fact Federal interference to prevent the deposition of Lewis would do more to solidify our party and save it from dissolution, than would complete success now. The dissolution of the body at the Capitol without the show that has been made, meant the complete discouragement and destruction of the Democratic party of the State. On its future course hang much of the fortunes of the party. Let them but press forward to the accomplishment of that they have so boldly and righteously undertaken, and no more popular Legislature will have ever assembled, whether their action be crowned with complete success or not. The men who sent them there will feel that their honor has been vindicated; and in 1874 they will cheerfully undertake to finish the work, at the ballot box, so happily begun by their Representatives at Montgomery this session.

We have received from the publishing house at Atlanta, a copy of Garrett's "Public Men of Alabama." We have not as yet had such time to look over it as would warrant us in passing an opinion upon its merits. Three copies have been left at this office for sale.

A Louisville man who had only been acquainted with his girl two nights, attempted to kiss her at the gate. In his dying deposition he told the doctors that just as he "kissed her the earth slid out from under his feet, and his soul went out of his mouth, while his head touched the stars." Later dispatches show that what ailed him was the old

No quorum having been in either house within the last week, we omit the proceedings, which amounted to nothing but meetings and adjournments, and begin with the day on which both bodies did have a quorum and commenced a righteous work in a righteous way.

[From the Montgomery Advertiser.]

ALABAMA LEGISLATURE.

SENATE.

TUESDAY, Dec. 10.

Senate met at 12 o'clock.

Prayer by Rev. Mr. Padgett of Wilcox.

Journal of yesterday read and approved.

The call of districts was suspended and the Senate repaired to the Hall of the House for the purpose of continuing vote for U. S. Senator. (See House proceedings.)

Upon the return of the Senate to its Chamber, Mr. Hewitt (Mr. Cooper in the Chair) introduced a bill to regulate elections in Alabama. Read twice and referred to Judiciary Committee.

Also, A Bill to exempt certain property therein named from levy and sale. Referred to Judiciary Committee.

Also, a bill to repeal an act entitled an act to relieve the disabilities of persons against whom a divorce from the bonds of matrimony has been decreed approved Feb. 7th, 1870. Referred to special committee.

Also, a bill to amend section 87 of revenue law of 1868. Referred to Committee on Judiciary.

Mr. Terrell, a bill to repeal an act entitled an act to amend an act to establish revenue laws for the State of Alabama, approved Feb. 9th, 1870. Referred to Committee on Finance and Taxation.

Mr. Robinson, a bil to repeal an act to suppress murder, lynching and assault and batteries, approved Dec. 28th, 1868. Read a third time and passed.

(This bill repeals the law which holds the county responsible for all murders committed by unknown persons.)

RESOLUTIONS.

Mr. Robinson, a resolution that all persons claiming to be entitled to seats now occupied by members on this floor, or of those holding certificates of election, who have failed to qualify as such members be permitted to appear before the committee of this Senate on elections and privileges, and furnish said committee all such evidence and proof as they may see proper to adduce in support of their respective rights to said seats, and that said committee shall be required to report to this body as soon as practicable their opinion concerning the validity of all such claims, together with the law by which they have been governed in their investigation, and the facts upon which they have based their opinion, Provided that all persons now occupying seats on this floor shall be notified of such claim, and those holding certificates of election, but who have not qualified as members, shall have been notified as required by law in cases of contested elections.

2d. That in said investigation said committees shall be empowered to send for persons and papers, and have all such legal and competent evidence that may be submitted to them by either party, as may be necessary to have a fair and impartial determination of, the respective rights of each of said claimants. Special order for to-morrow, 11 o'clock.

On motion of Mr. Terrell the joint resolution to extend the present session was called from the table and on motion of Mr. Carmichael was made special order for 10 o'clock to-morrow.

The Senate adjourned to 10 o'clock to-morrow.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

TUESDAY, Dec. 10, 1872.

Mr. Boyd, offered the following Resolutions.

Whereas, an alarming conspiracy, to subvert the Government of the State of Alabama, exists in this city and

Whereas, David P. Lewis, Governor of the State of Alabama, in direct violation of his solemn oath to support and defend, honestly and faithfully, the Constitution and laws of the State, has by every means in his power given aid and comfort and persists in giving aid and comfort to an unlawful and revolutionary assemblage of men claiming to be the General Assembly of the State of Alabama, and

Whereas, David P. Lewis, Governor as aforesaid, has refused and persists in refusing to recognize the lawful General Assembly of the State of Alabama, thus contributing the influence of his official sanction to the revolutionary schemes of a desperate conspiracy to subvert the Government of the State, and

Whereas, David P. Lewis, Governor as aforesaid, has approved of acts purporting to be laws passed by an illegal and revolutionary cabal in palpable violation of his oath of office;

Therefore be it Resolved by the House of Representatives of the State of Alabama that David P. Lewis, Governor of the State of Alabama, should be impeached for high crimes and misdemeanors in office.

Be it further Resolved, that a Committee of three members be appointed to draft and report to this House articles of impeachment against David P. Lewis, Governor of the State of Alabama.

The Senate then appeared in the Hall of the House, and the two bodies

IN JOINT CONVENTION.

proceeded to ballot for United States Senator.

Mr. Terrell placed in nomination the name of Hon. F. W. Sykes of Lawrence County, who received the unanimous vote of both Houses of the General Assembly (51 in the House and 18 in the Senate) and was declared duly and constitutionally elected United States Senator for the term of 6 years.

After the adjournment of the Joint Convention the consideration of the resolution offered by Mr. Boyd was resumed.

Mr. Manning offered the following resolutions as a substitute for those offered by Mr. Boyd.

Resolved, That his Excellency Governor David P. Lewis, by his action as explained in his communication dated Nov.— and delivered on the 29th day of that month to the joint committee from the two Houses of this General Assembly of Alabama, in reply to their official information, on behalf of said General Assembly, to him of his election to the office of Governor and inquiry of him when it would be his pleasure to take the oath of office, and by his, the said David P. Lewis', acts about the same time, and since, done as Governor toward the subversion and overthrow of the authority of this General Assembly which was in peaceful session and the regular exercise of its functions as such, and in harmonious co-operation with the Executive Department of the Government when he, the said Lewis, acceded thereto; and toward the establishment in its stead of the authority of the body of men falsely claiming to be the Legislature of Alabama, assembled in the rooms of the U. S. District Court or elsewhere in this city; and toward giving validity and effect to the acts and doings of said bodies or either of them or any of the so-called

Mr. Cobb said he was requested to state by Mr. Strobach to the Senate, that the duty he had been called upon to perform was no pleasant duty to himself, and that he only appeared at the command of the Governor.

Mr. Jones introduced the following preamble and resolution, which was adopted:

WHEREAS, Paul Strobach has explained to the Senate, that in the execution this day of the mandate of his Excellency, the Governor, he was only acting in the unpleasant performance of what he considered to be an official duty,

And, whereas, By the conviction and punishment already inflicted upon the said Paul Strobach, the Senate has vindicated itself from his contemptuous conduct.

Therefore, be it resolved by the Senate, That the Sergeant-at-Arms be instructed to release said Paul Strobach from custody at 3, p. m., to-day.

The Senate then resolved into secret session.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

DECEMBER, 11, 1872.

The House met pursuant to adjournment.

Leave of absence was granted Hon. W. P. Howell on account of the serious and alarming illness of his wife.

No quorum appearing the House adjourned until to-morrow morning ten o'clock.

[After the House had adjourned Paul Strobach, sheriff of Montgomery county, appeared at the door of the House of Representatives and was met by Col. F. Titcomb, Sergeant-at-Arms. Strobach informed him that he appeared for the purpose of taking possession of the Hall of the House of Representatives and that he had in his possession the warrant of Gov. Lewis, commanding him to do so. Mr. Titcomb requested him to read the warrant, which he did. After the reading of the warrant Mr. Titcomb informed the sheriff that the House had adjourned and the Hall was then in his possession, under instructions to keep possession of the same—and that he *should* obey his instructions, resisting force with force if necessary, and that he should only surrender to superior force or to the Federal soldiery; whereupon the sheriff withdrew.]

[Special Correspondence of the Selma Times]

MONTGOMERY, ALA., Dec. 12, 1872.

The troubled political waters have, for the time being, become somewhat more placid, in Montgomery, under the influence of dispatches from Washington City to the Chief Executive of the State containing suggestions for a settlement of existing difficulties. The dispatches referred to, were received yesterday evening, and were communicated this morning by Gov. Lewis to the Senate, and by that body to the House of Representatives. Both Houses were in secret caucus this morning. The doors being opened, the Senate went into open session, and received a communication from Gov. Lewis to the effect that he would send them the suggestions of the Attorney General, to gether with a communication from himself, relating to the same subject. The Senate then took an informal recess.

In the House, a quorum being present, the Senate resolution extending the session beyond the constitutional period was adopted; and the committee to whom was referred the resolution on impeachment, and who were to report to-day, asked for and obtained further time.

Mr. Boyd then introduced a resolution, in substance, declaring vacant the seats of those members that had organized at the Court House.

In view of the pending negotiations and the communication from Governor Lewis, Mr. Manning moved to lay the resolution on the table; which motion prevailed.

The House then took an informal recess.

At one o'clock the Senate reassembled, with closed doors, and, after a short session, sent to the House the Governor's communication and the Washington dispatch, before alluded to.

The House went immediately into secret session.

The following is Gov. Lewis' communication:

THE STATE OF ALABAMA,

EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT,

Montgomery, Dec. 12, 1872.

Dr. R. B. Ervin, President, and the Democratic Senators and Members of the Legislature at the capitol:

I have the honor herewith to submit to you a copy of a telegram received by me from Hon. George H. Williams, of the Department of Justice, Washington city, proposing terms for the adjustment of the questions involved in the contests respecting the organization of the General Assembly.

When it is remembered that there has been a full and able representation of the merits of the controversy by authorized commissioners pro and con, who have personally appeared before the Department of Justice, we are authorized to receive these suggestions as a gentle intimation of the convictions of the law officer of the United States Government, of his views of what is right; and allow me to say that we should all acquiesce in it with more cheerfulness, since it comes rather as friendly advice than as a command.

While I have heretofore carefully refrained from sanctioning or condemning any plan that was under consideration, I feel it my duty to declare that these suggestions of the Attorney-General should be unhesitatingly accepted and carried out in good faith and sincerity of purpose.

Allow me to add that our General Assembly will then, both in numbers and animus, be in a more hopeful condition for the important legislation that the interests of the State demands than by any other solution that is likely to be attained.

I have the honor to be your obedient servant,

DAVID P. LEWIS,
Governor.

[The proposition of the Attorney General is about as follows: That the officers of each organization resign, to take effect on permanent organization of the whole body. That at a specified day the hall of the House shall be vacant, and that at 12 o'clock that day all persons holding certificates shall assemble therein, the members from Barbour, however, holding Ragland's certificates, to be the only members from Barbour seated. That two tellers, one Democrat and one Radical, shall count, in the presence of the House, the votes cast for Representatives in Marengo, taking the return of the Precinct Inspectors, or in case they cannot be found, the evidence of said Inspectors as to what such vote was; the persons found to have the highest vote to be seated; but the persons now holding certificates from Marengo shall not vote upon or in said temporary organization. The House to make a permanent organization when such contest is decided. The same rule to apply to contested seats in the Senate. All parties holding seats in either organization to have mileage and per diem compensation until a temporary organization is effected.]

It is generally understood that no immediate action was taken by either House on the suggestions of the Attorney-General—but the matter was referred to a committee of three by both Houses. The same communication was had by the Governor, with the body at the Cout House and they likewise went into secret session, their action, conse-

[From the New York Herald.]

The Bayonet in the State House at New Orleans—A Disgraceful Condition of Affairs.

Up to present indications no immediate rupture leading to sanguinary consequences seems probable in New Orleans, although a contest between "State Rights" and centralization" looms up out of this fight between mere politicians. The federal bayonets still glistened around the building used as a State House, and the war was being carried on in the Courts. The Returning Board, in the hands of Kellogg and Casey, promulgated yesterday a return of the members said to have been elected, which gives a republican majority of forty-five in the House and twenty in the Senate. The return promulgated on Thursday last by the Governor's Board of course gives quite another political complexion to the Legislature. We are further informed that this pleasant result for the Custom House people was achieved through the process of counting in some thousands of votes belonging to negroes alleged to have been refused registration in their districts. This performance, which would give the Custom House faction all it desires—and it desires everything—from the United States Senator and Govenor down to every particle of State and federal patronage within the confines of Louisiana, meets with determined opposition from Warmoth and his party. Their intent is announced to be a calling of the Legislature, as announced by the Governor's Board, and it seems likely that we shall witness the disgraceful scenes of two rival bodies, each claiming to represent the unfortunate Commonwealth, each anxious to plunder it as much as possible, and neither possessing a clear title to existence. Such is the deplorable picture which carpet-baggism has sketched in one of its wildest freaks.

For the sake of present peacefulness it is well indeed that the majority of the population look on either in apathy or disgust at this demon dance of the plunderers. But, with the threatening phase of this difficulty removed, the immobility of the respectable masses will become a reproach they will do well to wipe out at an early day. The heaven of corruption will rise more quickly and continuously than any other, and will pervade the whole mass of society until nothing short of the scorching heat of revolution will kill it. As the extent of the corruption is the greater or lesser so must be the means of eradicating it. History has recorded that ever the overwhelming violence of an outraged people swamping it in torrents of blood, has not succeeded wholly in the object. The sword, the axe and the guillotine may kill corruptionists; but if the contagion itself has not been grappled with and made a moral as well as a physical horror, society is nothing bettered, for the executioners, with power in their hands, will become corruptionists in turn. On the miserable, plundered and outraged past of Louisiana, since carpet-bag ascendancy, we shall not now speak in detail. It is needless to state that those from the North who undertook the task of ruling the conquered but yet seething South were men requiring but little incentive to become the most unprincipled scoundrels civilization with its half-teachings could produce. The well-to-do, the patient and the honest, who might have left the South in a few years as contented with their lot as a sense of humiliation would permit, betrayed no inclination to leave their quiet comfort for the after risks of the war. For the carpet-baggers to enlist the negroes on their side was no hard work, and to make them abettors and sharers in their knavish schemes scarcely more difficult. The worst feature was yet to come—namely the absorption of much of the white Southern element into the ranks of the scramblers for plunder. The material benefits of political immorality once palpable, its pursuit, regardless of all consequences, became far more wide than many at the North suppose. As if all the malign influences were conspiring to make the wounds of the South less curable, the hot-headed masqueraders of the Ku-Klux, with their fantastic deeds of inane blood thirstiness, came upon the scene. Giving as they did a spurious crown of martyrdom to the carpet-baggers, they only succeeded in fastening them more firmly in their midst. A strongly Radical Congress took the opportunity of disciplining the South with bayonets, and the foolish fellows of the midnight mask, the pistol and the whip found that disarmament by force was no reform ever out of the question. When the Ku-Klux excesses had failed, as they deserved, of their object, there began the no less dangerous era of compromise. With the birth of the liberal movement at Cincinnati it was fully put under way. In many States of the South—North and South Carolina and Louisiana for instance—the indecency of the plunder had excited lordly remonstrance from the Executive circles in Washington as they had aroused indignation everywhere else. The fight for the spoils had split up the carpet-baggers themselves into bitter factions, and wherever an attempt was made for a choice between them at Washington, it resulted in sending the rejected faction with unreal shibboleths of reform over to the Democracy. Warmoth, the present Governor of Louisiana, was one of these "converts" to reform. Snubbed, as he was at Cincinnati, by the honest and earnest of the experimental party, he possessed so much real power to his State that the Democracy fell into the snare and helped him to make his fight for revenge and continued power. The insincerity in principle of the bargain, which was, doubtless, one of the causes of the failure of the coalition everywhere, has now found its fruit in the present position of affairs in New Orleans. Manipulating laws and persons to suit his ends, removing this man and crushing the other, he prepared with his party for the election. Lest any light should be shed upon the matter the rival returning boards arrive at opposite conclusions, the United States courts under the Enforcement act fight the State courts under the local laws, the troops step in, an appeal is sent on to Washington, and it is a question of fear, not scruple, which prevents a carnival of blood following it. How this remarkable and disgraceful state of things can end will not be known before Monday. Kellogg, the carpet-bagger on the one side, is confident, and Warmoth, the carpet-bagger on the other, expresses his resolution to stand by his cause to the end. The unfortunate State thus stands between rival camps, and its people gape stolidly at the deplorable exhibition before them.

The earnest mind, in contemplating this, must wish for a solution—for an escape from the shame and the danger. It will naturally lie in the first instance with the honest masses of the citizens of Louisiana, who must awake from their dormant condition and work earnestly and continuously for the advancement of the moral principle rather than a political one in their government. It will be continually argued by this class that the hold of the carpet-baggers on the negroes neutralizes all such efforts. Here, then, is the point on which they can be helped from outside. The Republican party, if it does not glory in the spoliation of the South, has been glad to receive the power which its carpet-bag offspring preserved for it. With the great prestige which the party has gained from the late election it can surely now afford to be just, and to be just means to discountenance carpet-bagism everywhere. Cannot President Grant or his advisers find some equitable solution of the present difficulty without straining his power, since both sides have appealed to him, and cannot he give a proof of civil service reform by limiting the New Orleans Custom House to its proper sphere? It is certain, however, that no effort from outside can complete the cure; that will lie, as we have said, in the hands of the honest masses of the State; but he can take care that no poison is placed in the wound through the agency of the Federal office-holders.

UNEASY HONORS.—John J. Patterson, an obscure unknown, has been elected United States Senator by the South Carolina Legislature, and is now in jail for bribery. Truly South Carolina is unfortunate with her great men. Whitte-

NEW FAMILY GROCERY!

H. FITZ & CO.

Have just opened, at STEVENSON'S CORNER, an assortment of

GROCERIES,

CONSISTING IN PART OF

Sugar, Coffee, Salt,

A Large Stock of Superior Quality and Every Variety of

SYRUP & MOLASSES,
OYSTERS, SARDINES, CHEWING AND SMOKING TOBACCO, PEPPER, SPICE, PICKLES, &c., &c., &c.

They will also keep on hand
FLOUR, MEAL, BACON & LARD

Christmas Toys,

They will keep a full Stock of superior Articles, and sell on good terms to purchasers. They will also exchange Groceries, upon fair and liberal terms, for

Country Produce

of almost every description. Give us a call, examine our Stock, and satisfy yourselves that we can make it your interest to trade with us.

H. FITZ & CO.
Jacksonville, Dec. 14, 1872—3m

CONFECTIONARIES!

I have on hand and am receiving a fresh stock of fine Confectionaries to which the attention of the public is respectfully invited. I am determined to sell as *cheap* as the *cheapest* and on this basis shall expect a liberal share of patronage. The Ladies are especially invited to call and examine the quality & price of my varied assortment of.

Fruits and Candies.

A supply of Fine Tobaccos and Cigars on hand for the Gentlemen.

P. J. GARRETT.

An Ordinance.

Be it ordained by the Intendant and Councilors of the town of Jacksonville, Alabama, that any person or persons who shall fire, shoot or burn fire-crackers, rockets, or other fire-works within the corporate limits of said town shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and, upon conviction, shall be fined five dollars for each and every offense.

GEO. I. TURNLEY,
Intendant.
JNO. M. CALDWELL,
Secretary, T. C.

Repairs of Court House.

The undersigned, Commissioners, appointed by the Commissioners Court of Calhoun county, Alabama, will receive sealed proposals, to be deposited at the counting room of Rowan, Dean & Co., until the 1st of January, 1873, for repairing the Court House, to consist of repairs on the wood work, the Brick work, and the repairing of the entire building.

P. ROWAN,
L. W. CANNON, Comm'rs.
J. M. CARROLL,
dec14-3t.

CHANCERY COURT

By order of Hon. B. B. McCraw, Chancellor for the Eastern Chancery Division, State of Alabama, a special term of the Chancery Court for Cleburne county, will be held, at Edwardsville, Saturday, Dec. 28th, 1872.

REGISTER IN CHANCERY,
Cleburne County.
Dec. 14—3t.

THE STATE OF ALABAMA,
Calhoun County.

Probate Court, Dec. 12th, 1872.

R. R. Boles' deceased. Estate.

This day came W. W. Little, the administrator of said estate, and filed his settlement, accounts, vouchers and evidences for a final settlement of his administration. It is ordered that the 7th day of January, 1873, be appointed a day on which to make such settlement, at which time all persons interested can appear and contest the said settlement if they think proper.

A. WOODS, Judge of Probate.

CATCH THE THIEF!

A reward of Twenty Dollars is offered by the undersigned living in Choccolocco valley for the arrest and delivery to him of Henry Taylor, a colored man, who on the night of the 11th instant took from the undersigned a large portion of his gin band. Said Henry Taylor is a dark mulatto, about 5 feet, 9 or 10 inches high, is heavy built and weighs about 165 pounds and is about 34 or 35 years old, wears a moustache and had on when he left, a white hat, and shoes half-soled from a portion of the gin band.

The thief has a brother living near Cross Plains.

H. P. WHITESIDE.
Dec14—3t

An Ordinance.

Be it ordained by the Intendant and Councilors of the town of Jacksonville, That if any person who does not pay to the town regular water tax shall use water from the Reservoir or the private hydrants of any citizen of the town the same shall be fined five dollars for each and every offence.

Be it further ordained, That if the owner of any hydrant shall permit the use of water from such hydrant by any person or persons not paying to the town regular water tax, the same shall be fined five dollars for each and every offence.

GEO. I. TURNLEY,
Intendant.
JOHN M. CALDWELL,
Sec'y T. C.

An Ordinance.

Be it ordained by the Intendant and Councilors of the town of Jacksonville, That from and after the passage of this ordinance if any person shall use water from any of the Fire Plugs of the town, other than for the extinguishment of fires or in the regular practice of the Fire Company, or shall open the same so as to allow the water to waste, or shall otherwise tamper with the same shall be fined, upon conviction, for each and every offence five dollars.

Be it further ordained, That any officer of the town shall have free access to any part of the Water Works, Fire Plugs, &c., for the purpose of examination and inspection, and in so far, shall be excepted from the provisions of the above ordinance.

GEO. I. TURNLEY,
Intendant.
JOHN M. CALDWELL,

Republican

LOCAL.

Dr. C. C. Porter,

DENTIST.

Office: East of Rowan's Store.

TWO nice rooms—one for operative and the other for Mechanical Dentistry, a fine Silk Plush and ing bottom Operating chair. Just received a new supply of Dental instruments d materials.—Tooth powders, Mouth kes, Tooth soap, and indeed everything essary to success. So come one, come I will do the very best for you I can, d for as little money as possible.

April 20th, 1872.—tf.

The books of Subscription to the apital Stock of the Iron Works, to be ated 6 miles north of Jacksonville, e in the hands of L. W. Cannon, at e office of the Judge of Probate.

Nov. 30—5t.

TO BENEFIT ALL.—Mr. E. Goode rticularly urges all who desire e pictures to call in the next few ys. It is for his and the people's nefit that he makes this request.

The Young Mens' Christian Association, of this place, have determined to establish a library and reading room. In order to accomplish this praiseworthy design, they need the assistance of the community. The books of subscription are in the hands of Hon. A. Woods and L. W. Cannon, Esq., who are authorized to receive contributions of books or money. Let all who are friendly to this noble enterprise encourage it by a liberality that will make it a glorious success. Every christian should deem it a privilege as well as a duty to lend a helping hand. Do not delay, if you intend contributing; but carry your books and money to the above named gentlemen at once.

The business of Jacksonville is steadily on the increase.

We this week have the pleasure of advertising another Family Grocery, just established by H. Fitz & Co. The stock that the new firm has opened up with is large, well assorted and very superior.—It is the aim of the proprietors to keep the very best of everything, at the very lowest living prices.—Real old-fashioned sugar house molasses, such as our people have mainly enquired for since the war, is one of the attractions at this house. We hope our citizens will extend the new firm a generous support.

HURRY UP.—Mr. Hanbury the artist only remains a few days longer. Hurry up if you want fine pictures.

A very pleasant visit from Mr. R. O. Randall and Col. Beck, enter into the sum of this week's social enjoyment with us.

We have heretofore noticed the Establishment of P. J. Garrett, in the new brick store. We this week present an advertisement of it. He has a most select and charming stock. He deserves encouragement at the hands of our people, which will doubtless be cordially extended. Read advertisement.

Petroleum Oil.

A New Source of Wealth in Alabama.

A Wonderful Accidental Discovery.

It seems that Alabama is destined to rival if not excel Pennsylvania in all the wealth-producing elements that have made that State so powerful in riches.

It is conceded, we believe, that Alabama, in the vastness and quality of her iron ore, is far in advance of Pennsylvania; but, after a vain and fruitless search for petroleum oil, in the bowels of the earth, at Gadsden and other points, we were ready to yield the point that Pennsylvania possessed the advantage of us in that one element of wealth. Accident, however, has revealed the fact that Pennsylvania has nothing to boast over Alabama even in that; but that we possess (from the indications) petroleum oil in quantities so vast and so easily reached as will make the oil princes of Pennsylvania stare with amazement and almost die with envy.

It is the fortune of Scottsboro', a beautiful village in Jackson co., in this State, to possess within its corporate limits the wonderful well in which this inspiring doscovery was made.

A short time since, Mr. M. W. Kirby, a most excellent citizen of the village, commenced digging a well on his premises, for the purpose of obtaining water. At a depth of ten feet the workmen struck a solid rock. Blasting was resorted to and continued until a depth of twenty-five feet was reached, when the long looked for vein was struck. The peculiar odor of the water attracted the quick curiosity of the men, but the taste was not that of Adam's ale. On the contrary, it was most nauseous and disgusting. Further examination revealed the fact that it was petroleum oil. The stream continued to flow into the well until night, when it was found to contain a barrel of remarkably pure oil. At the depth attained this is about the flow each day; but who can doubt but that at a lower depth a basin will be struck that will send it gushing up in quantities as vast as that which it is said flowed from some of the largest wells in Pennsylvania in the first flush of the great oil excitement in that State—a time when poor men possessed of mere "patches" of barren soil suddenly became millionaires and the riches of the already wealthy swelled enormously each day.

Scottsboro' is a village of some fifteen hundred or two thousand inhabitants. It has attained most of its growth within the past four years; and lately there has been erected there the finest court house in the State, at a cost of thirty thousand dollars. The Memphis & Charleston Rail Road passes directly through it, and there exists a charter for a Road leading from the place to Guntersville, in Marshall county, and thence to intersect the A. & C. R. R. Several fine stone quarries lie near the place, and one is now being worked by the Millwood Mining & Manufacturing Company which makes large shipments of paving stone to Memphis and other points, where it commands a ready sale at paying prices. Several steam saw and flouring mills are also located in the immediate vicinity.

A word about the conformation of the country about Scottsboro' and we are done.

The town is bounded on the North by a spur of the Cumberland mountains; on the South by what is known as Back Bone Ridge, a small mountain separating the town from the Tennessee river; and on the West by a very high mountain known as July mountain. On the East is a large and fertile valley stretching to Stevenson some twenty-eight miles distant. The Cumberlnd and July mountains are noted for their vast beds of coal. Rich valleys and coves, peopled by well-to-do and hospitable farmers, abound near the place.—A valley lies between Back Bone Ridge and the Tennessee river which cannot be surpassed for the richness and fertility of its soil.—A good farming country lies between the town and July mountain: but the Cumberland spur comes down close to the corporate limits.

It would seem from the conformation of the country, as described, that the basin in which Scottsboro' is located, would be the natural receptacle for immense deposits of oil—deposits so vast as to astonish the world, and put to confusion the monopolists of Pennsylvania, who, by agreement, have decreased the yield of their wells, so as to enhance the price of that now indispensible article. Future developments will tell.

Correspondence New York Herald.]

The Alabama Difficulty.

Mr. Hamilton, the delegate of the of the democratic faction of the Alabama Legislature which occupies the Capitol in Montgomery, had a hearing before Attorney General Williams to-day. He submitted a joint memorial from both branches of the Capitol faction, praying the United States government for interference in their favor upon the ground of their alleged legality. The Attorney General listened to Mr. Hamilton's statement with his accustomed patience and fairness, but refrained from expressing any opinion. On Monday he will give a hearing to the delegates of the republican faction, which requests the government to recognize it as the only rightful Legislature. He will probably indicate his opinion on Tuesday, but it is not yet certain whether he will render any decision at all. He believes that each side has told a plausible story, and that they ought to settle the difficulty by some compromise among themselves. The delegates of the republican faction are ex-Governor William Smith, ex-Auditor R. M. Reynolds and ex-Congressman B. W. Norris.

Your Correspondent had a conversation with them this evening. Ex-Governor Smith says that the delegation had asked to see the President, but that the latter had replied by note desiring them to submit their case first to the Attorney General and to see him afterward. The ex-Governor then stated the following to your correspondent:—

"Our case has been fairly stated in the Montgomery correspondence of the Herald. The difficulty however, is not caused by the election of Senator Spencer, nor has that gentleman had anything to do with the conflict. This I state in justice to General Spencer, although he is no friend of mine and not my choice for the United States Senate. The real object of the democrats is to get control of the State, and in order to disfranchise the colored people and the poor whites. They have threatened to bring 40,000 troops to their support. I suppose they mean the Ku Klux clans and ex-Confederates. Now, I believe that they have at their command that number of men, but they will be afraid to resort to any violence unless they are encouraged by the federal government at this juncture, and we have come to ask the government not to support them. One branch of the Capitol faction has no quorum now, and their number will gradually diminish, and for lack of support the whole faction will dissolve. They acknowledge that eight democrats owe their seats to fraudulent certificates from the democratic Secretaay of State, but they want to have the investigation themselves, and the result can be easily foreseen when the very men put in by fraud sit in judgment on themselves. A further proof of their insincerity is that they have proposed a compromise on condition that we leave them one majority where they now fraudulently have more in each branch of the Legislature, as by the law of Alabama, one vote is enough to override the veto of the Governor. Now is it right that the shadow should prevail over the substance; that certificates should overturn the honest vote of the people which went for the eight republicans, fraudulently superseded by the democrats? I know the democrats are backed by a large armed force; arms belonging to the United States have been given out without receipt to the so-called National Guard, about whose organization I have not been able to find any records. I have made diligent search. I believe they are Ku Klux clans and ex-Confederates, armed for the purpose of intimidating the loyal republicans.

Here Ex-Congressman Norris remarked that they had received the assurace from a member of the Cabinet that the Confederates will not be allowed to override the republicans.

The delegation is awaiting the arrival of a joint memorial from the republican faction, which will be addressed to the President and Congress.

David P. Lewis' Order to Sheriff Strobach.

EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT,
STATE OF ALABAMA.
MONTGOMERY, Dec. 11, '72.

To Paul Strobach, Esq., Sheriff of Montgomery County, Alabama:

These are to authorize and direct you, in the name and the authority of the State of Alabama, and to command you to take possession of the two rooms in the Capitol Building, known as the room in which the Senate of the State of Alabama, usually convenes at its sessions, *and also* to command you to take possession of the room in the said Capitol Building in which the House of Representatives usually convenes at its sessions, and to hold the same subject to my orders.

You will execute this warrant and make your return on the same without delay.

Given under my hand and the great seal of the State, at the City of Montgomery, this, the Eleventh day of December, A. D., 1872, and of the Independence of the United States of America, the Ninety-Seventh year.

DAVID P. LEWIS,
Govenor of Alabama.

By the Governor:
PAT RAGLAND, Sec. of State.

Telegraphic.

WASHINGTON.

WASHINGTON, December 12.—The Attorney General has, with the approval of the President, submitted a plan of compromise for the existing difficulty in the Alabama Legislature. It suggests a recognition of all the House; also that the votes of the members for Barbour county be counted in the House with a view of retaining whoever is found to be properly elected, the member to be seated during the contest who has a certificate. It proposes the contest for Senators in districts where disputes have arisen be settled in a similar manner, and makes further provisions for compensation of officers and members during a temporary organization of the House while the contests are pending.

LOUISIANA.

NEW ORLEANS, December 12.—The Kellogg Legislature has abolished the 7th and 8th Districts Courts and created a Superior Court with executive jurisdiction in injunction where the State, city or municipal board is concerned. They placed Longstreet in command of the militia. The officers of the militia refuse to obey Longstreet. Warmoth commands, by proclamation, that specific tax-collectors and officers who will disregard the Kellogg Legislature, he promising to use full power of the State for their protection. The militia who refuse to obey Longstreet are guarding their armory.

PHILADELPHIA.

PHILADELPHIA, Decemper 12.—Edwin Forrest, the Tragedian, fell dead this morning while dressing at his residence, on North Broad street.

TENNESSEE.

An engine and twenty loaded coal cars ran off at South Branch, seventeen miles from here. The fireman was killed, and the engineer, conductor and brakesman were hurt.

Receiver's Notice.

By virtue of an Act of the General Assembly of Alabama, "To provide for administering the Securities that are or may be held by the State from Insurance Companies, which have ceased to do business or take risks in the State," approved Dec. 14th 1871. I have been appointed by the Governor of Alabama to the office of Receiver, to take charge of and collect or sell the Securities deposited with the Treasurer of Alabama under the law, and for the administration of the trusts attached to such securities.

Now in pursuance of law, I do hereby give notice to the "INTERNATIONAL INSURANCE CO. OF NEW YORK," and the "STATE INSURANCE CO. OF MISSOURI, AT HANNIBAL," that I require all parties interested to come forward on or before the 10th of January, 1873, and present their claims to me and receive their dividend. I further give notice that the decision and distribution then made will, under the law, be final, unless some person interested shall then dissent and notify me in writing of the particular matter dissented from.

C. B. FERRELL,
nov30'73—30 days. Receiver.

SALE
OF
PERSONAL PROPERTY.

Estate of Thomas J. Caver, deceased.

Under and by virtue of an order of the probate court of Calhoun county, Alabama, made on the 6th of December, 1872, we will sell at the late residence of decedent, on the

6th day of JanuAry, 1873.

At public auction to the highest bidder, all the personal property of the Estate of said decedent, consisting of

Two Mules and one mule colt,
One Pony, one Yoke Oxen,
Wagon, Carriage, Buggy and Harness,
Farming Utensils,
Beds and Bed Clothing,
Bedsteads,
Household and Kitchen Furniture,
Set Blacksmith's Tools,
About 1000 Bushels of Corn.

Said property will be sold on a CREDIT OF 12 MONTHS, with interest from date. Note and two solvent securities will be required. No property delivered until terms of Sale are complied with.

A. F. ALLEN,
JOHN F. SMITH,
Administrators of Estate of
T. J. Caver, dec'd.

Dec. 7, 1872—5t.

SALE
OF VALUABLE
COOSA RIVER LANDS

UNDER and by virtue of an Order and Decree of the Probate Court of Calhoun County, Alabama, made on the 7th day of December, 1872, we will sell the following described Lands, belonging to the Estate of Elias Teague, deceased, upon the premises.

On the 30th day of December, 1872,

At public auction to the highest bidder, an undivided one half interest in Fraction D, fractional section 6. Fraction E, fractional section 6; and fraction F, fractional section 6. Also north west fourth of south east fourth, and south half of north west fourth of section 6, all in township 15, range 6. Also, fraction A, fractional section one, and fraction B, fractional section one, township 15, range 5, east in the Coosa Land District and in said county of Calhoun. Said Lands are a part of the Miller Ferry tract on Coosa River, and will be sold on a CREDIT OF ONE AND TWO YEARS, in equal annual payments, with interest from date of sale. Two equal notes, with two or more solvent securities will be required to secure the prompt payment of the purchase money.

ALSO,

At the same time and place,

We will sell to the highest bidder for cash, about ONE HUNDRED AND FIFTY BUSHELS OF CORN.

E. C. TEAGUE,
J. C. WATSON.
Administrators with the will annexed of Estate of Elias Teague, dec'd.

Dec. 7, 1872.—4t.

Notice to Creditors.

LETTERS of Administration upon the Estate of Thomas Hall, deceased, having been granted to the undersigned by the Probate Court of Calhoun County, Alabama, on the 5th day of December, 1871:—Notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against said estate, to present them legally authenticated, within the time prescribed by law, or they will be barred; and all persons indebted to said estate are required to make immediate payment.

JAMES H. SAVAGE,
Administrator.

December 5, 1873.—6t.

The State of Alabama, Calhoun Co.

Probate Court Special Term, Dec. 4 '72.

Estate of James T. Williams deceased.

This day came Thomas A. Kerr, the Executor of said estate, and filed his statement, accounts, vouchers, and evidences for anual settlement of his administration. It is ordered by the court, that the 30th day of December next, 1872, be appointed a day on which to make such settlement, at which time all persons interested can appear and contest the said settlement if they think proper.

A. WOODS, Judge of
Dec. 7, 1872. Probate.

The State of Alabama, Calhoun Co.

Probate Court, Special Term, December 11, 1872.

Estate of Sam'l M. Williams, dec'd.

LETTERS of administration upon the Estate of Samuel M. Williams, deceased, having been granted to the undersigned on 11th December, 1872, by the Hon. A. Woods, Judge of the Probate Court of Calhoun county. Notice is hereby given that all persons having claims against said Estate, are hereby required to present the same within the time allowed by law, or that the same will be barred.

W. W. LITTLE,
Administrator.

Dec. 11, 1872.—6t.

NOTICE.

By virtue of the authority conferred upon me by a Deed of Trust, made by S. P. McCluney on the 30th day of August, 1867, to secure debts due John Easterwood, H. L. Pettit, and others which is recorded in book "A," 2d vol. Deed of Records, pages 287, 288 and 289. I will proceed to sell for cash, before the court house door in the town of Jacksonville, Alabama, on

Monday, the 23d Day of December Next

The following property conveyed to as Trustee in said Deed of Trust, viz: West-half of north west-fourth and north-east fourth of north-west fourth and south-west fourth of section three, except thirty acres in south-east corner; also south-east fourth of north-east fourth of section five, except three acres; also ten acres in north-east corner of the north-east fourth of the south-east fourth of said section five. All in township fourteen, range seven, in Calhoun county, Alabama. This place has upon it some good houses and several acres of cleared land. It is about eight miles west of Jacksonville, and is near the projected railroad between Oxford and Gadsden. L. W. CANNON,
nov23'872—4t Trustee.

THE STATE OF ALABAMA,
Calhoun County.

Probate Court, 18th day of November, 1872.

Estate of P. P. Riddle, deceased.

This day came C. D. Davis, the administrator of said estate, and filed his statement, accounts, vouchers and evidences for an annual settlement of his administration. It is ordered that the 18th day of December, 1872, be appointed a day on which to make such settlement, at which time all persons interested can appear and contest said settlement if they think proper.

A. WOODS, Judge of
nov23'872—4t Probate.

THE STATE OF ALABAMA,
Calhoun County.

Probate Court, 18th day of Nov., 1872.

Estate of R. M. Riddle, deceased.

This day came C. D. Davis, the administrator of said estate, and filed his statement, accounts, vouchers and evidences for an annual settlement of his administration. It is ordered that the 18th day of December, 1872, be appointed a day on which to make such settlement, at which time all persons interested can appear and contest said settlement if they think proper.

A. WOODS, Judge of
nov23'872—4t. Probate.

In Chancery at Jacksonville.

JOHN F. ADAMS,

vs.

CARRIE ADAMS.

In this cause it is made to appear to the Register by affidavit of the complainant that the said Carrie Adams is a non-resident of the State and that her particular place of residence is in the State of Georgia, and farther that in the belief of said affiant the defendant is over twenty-one years of age. It is therefore ordered by the Register that publication be made in the Jacksonville Republican, a newspaper published in the town of Jacksonville, for four successive weeks, requiring her the said Carrie Adams to answer or demur to the bill of complaint in this cause by the 30th day of Dec. 1872, or in thirty days thereafter, a decree pro confesso may be taken against her.

Done at office this the 26th day of Oct., A. D. 1872.

Wm. M. HAMES,
Register.

VALUABLE FARM
For Sale.

Being desirous to sell my farm I offer it cheap and on easy terms. It lies on the Selma, Rome and Dalton railroad 14 miles South of Weaver's Station. Six hundred acres of No. 1 up land, 275 acres open; fine improvements—house of six large rooms, never failing well with pump in it, extra fine orchard of select fruit, gin house, gin, cotton press, thresher, barn and all necessary out houses. Will sell land alone or will include personal property.

Apply to T. V. FINDLY,
Weaver's Station,
Calhoun County, Ala.

Or REPUBLICAN Office.

aug11'72—3m

THE STATE OF ALABAMA,
Calhoun County.

Probate Court, 25th day Nov. 1872.

Estate of Jason Campbell deceased.

THIS day came Washington Dickie, administrator of said estate, and filed his statement, accounts, vouchers, and evidences, for an annual settlement of his administration. It is ordered that the 23rd day of December 1872 be appointed a day on which to make such settlement, at which time all persons interested can appear and contest the said settlement if they think proper.

A. WOODS, Judge
of Probate.

Nov 30 1872.

THE STATE OF ALABAMA,
Calhoun County.

Probate Court, 25th day of Nov. 1872.

Estate of E. C. Dickie, deceased.

This day came Washington Dickie, administrator of said estate, and filed his statement, accounts, vouchers and evidences for an annual settlement of his administration. It is ordered that the 23d day of December, 1872, be appointed a day on which to make such settlement, at which time all persons interested can appear and contest the said settlement if they think proper.

A. WOODS, Judge of
nov30'73 Probate.

THE STATE OF ALABAMA,
Calhoun County.

Probate Court, Nov. 27th, 1872.

Ellis Satcher, deceased, Estate.

This day came John Y. Henderson, the administrator of said estate, and filed his statement, accounts, vouchers and evidences for a final settlement of his administration. It is ordered that the 23d day of December, 1872, be appointed a day on which to make such settlement, at which time all persons interested can appear and contest the said settlement if they think proper.

A. WOODS, Judge of
nov30'73. Probate.

STATE OF ALABAMA,
Calhoun County.

Probate Court, Nov. 29th, 1872.

This day came W. G. Keller, guardian of Thomas Gordon a minor, and filed his statement, accounts, vouchers and evidences for annual settlement of his guardianship. It is ordered that the 23d day of December, 1872, be appointed a day on which to make such settlement, at which time all persons interested can appear and contest the said settlement if they think proper.

A. WOODS, Judge of
nov30'72. Probate.

GRAND EXPOSITION
—OF—
Dry Goods!
FASHIONABLE HEADQUARTERS

MAMMOTH DISPLAY!!

Immense Stocks!

POPULAR PRICES!!

ROWAN, DEAN & CO.

Take pleasure in informing their friends and the public generally that they have just received a general Assortment of

FALL & WINTER GOODS

Which they will take pleasure in showing to customers.

On Consignment.

Large let of 2½ lb. India Bagging, on consignment, which the owner has instructed us to sell by the roll at 20cts cash.

ROWAN, DEAN & CO.

Warner Brothers:

How Lost, How Restord!

Just published a new edition of **Dr. Culverwell's Celebrated Essay** on the *radical cure* (without medicine) of SPERMATORRHŒA, or Seminal Weakness, Involuntary Seminal Losses, Impotency, Mental and Physical Incapacity, Impediments to Marriage, etc; also Consumption, Epilepsy and Fits, induced by self-indulgence or sexual extravagance.

☞Price, in a sealed envelope, only 6cts.

The celebrated author, in this admirable essay, clearly demonstrates, from a 30 years' successful practice, that the alarming consequences of self-abuse may be radically cured without the dangerous use of internal medicine or the application of the knife; pointing out a mode of cure at once simple, certain and effectual, by means of which every sufferer, no matter what his condition may be, may cure himself cheaply, privately and *radically*.

☞This Lecture should be in the hands of every youth and every man in the land.

Sent under seal, in a plain envelope, to any address, *postpaid*, on receipt of six cents, or two post stamps. Also, Dr. Culverwell's "Marriage Guide," price 50 cents. Address the Publishers,

CHAS. J. C. KLINE & CO.,
127 Bowery, New York, P. O. box, 4,586.

TAKE
SIMMONS' LIVER REGULATOR

This unrivalled Medicine is warranted not to contain a single particle of Mercury, or any injurious mineral substance, but is

Purely Vegetable.

For FORTY YEARS it has proved its great value in all disease of the LIVER, BOWELS and KIDNEYS. Thousands of the good and great in all parts of the country vouch for its wonderful and peculiar power in purifying the Blood, stimulating the torpid LIVER and BOWELS, and imparting new Life and Vigor to the whole system. SIMMONS' LIVER REGULATOR is acknowledged to have no equal as a

Liver Medicine.

It contains four medical elements, never united in the same happy proportion in any other preparation, exceptionable Alterative and a certain Corrective of all impurities of the body. Such signal success has attended its use that it is now regarded as the

Great Unfailing Specific

for LIVER COMPLAINT and the painful offspring thereof, to-wit: DYSPEPSIA, CONSTIPATION, Jaundice, Bilious attacks, SICK-HEADACHE, Colic, Depression of Spirits, SOUR STOMACH, Heart Burn, &c., &c.

Regulate the Liver and prevent CHILLS AND FEVER. SIMMONS' LIVER REGULATOR is manufactured only by J. H. ZEILIN & CO., Macon, Ga., Philadelphia.

Price $1.00 per package; sent by mail, postage paid, $1.25. Prepared ready for use in bottles, $1.50.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

☞Beware of all Counterfeits and Imitations.☜

Sept7'1872.

For Sale or Rent.

THE Aderholt House and Lot, a convenient residence, is now offered for sale on very favorable terms. If not sold soon it will be rented.

J. Y. HENDERSON.
Nov. 9, 1872—tf.

GREAT FREIGHT AND PASSENGER ROUTE
BETWEEN
JACKSONVILLE
AND
RICHMOND, NORFOLK,
BALTIMORE PHILADELPHIA
Boston & New York,
BY THE
Virginia and Tennessee
Air Line Railway

THIS line forms the great centre route between the North and South. Give instructions to ship your freight by the "**Virginia and Tennessee Line,**" the only fast and reliable FREIGHT LINE. Passengers can go *via* Rail through Lynchburg and Washington, or by that most delightful route; rail to Norfolk, Virginia, and by those splendid Side Wheel first-class Ocean Steamers from Norfolk, Boston, Baltimore and Philadelphia, a short and delightful ride in full view of Old Point Comfort, Fortress Monroe, &c. Be sure and ask for tickets *via* Norfolk, Virginia.

RATES TO JACKSONVILLE FROM

	1st Class	2nd Class	3rd Class	4th Class	5th Class.
NEW YORK,					
PHILADELPHIA					
AND BOSTON,—	240	210	170	140	95
BALTIMORE, - -	222	194	157	130	93

OFFICES:

BOSTON, 87 Washington street. | PHILADELPHIA, 44 South Fifth St,
BALTIMORE, 154 West Baltimore St | RICHMOND, 1525 Main St.

C. E. EVANS,
General Eastern Agent, 303 Broadway, New York

SAVANNAH, Ga. LIPPMAN'S GREAT GERMAN BITTERS 71 NEW St. New York

THE FINEST TONIC IN THE WORLD!

THE GREAT BLOOD PURIFIER
Possessing powerful invigorating
PROPERTIES & A PLEASANT DRINK.
These Bitters are positively invaluable in
ALL SKIN DISEASES & ERUPTIONS.
They purify the system, and will cure
DYSPEPSIA & GENERAL DEBILITY.
Remittent and Intermittent Fevers,
NERVOUS DISEASES LIVER COMPLAINT
and are a preventive of Chills and Fever.
DISEASES OF THE KIDNEY & BLADDER
All yield to their powerful efficacy.
ARE GOOD FOR THE MENTAL ORGANIZATION.
Are an antidote to change of Water and Diet.
THEY WILL RESTORE YOUTHFUL VIGOR
to the wasted frame, and correct all
IRREGULARITY OF THE BOWELS.
Will save days of suffering to the sick, and
CURES NEVER WELL PEOPLE
The grand Panacea for all the ills of life.
TRY ONE BOTTLE

The Standard BITTERS OF GERMANY
FOR FEMALE COMPLAINTS
PHYSICIANS THERE, PRESCRIBE IT IN THEIR PRACTICE.
In Young or Old, Married or Single, these Bitters are unequalled and have often been the means of saving life.
TRY ONE BOTTLE.

ATTENTION TRADE.

We very respectfully call your attention and would be pleased to have you call and examine our stock of

Dry Goods and Groceries

which are, without exageration or foolishness, of superb quality. If you are doubtful of the correctness of this statement just take the time and bring the money or its equivalent and you'll be surprised at the low prices when the money is seen. We recently received the best assortment as well as quality of

SHOES

we've ever had. The balance of our stock are in *statu quo* (respectfully submitted to the taste of the printer.)

You who hav'nt bought goods from us for cash please call and pay again, the books don't balance.

Yours truly,
DRAPER & JOHNSON.

The State of Alabama, Calhoun Co.

Probate Court, Nov. 1st, 1872.

David E. Hawkins, Deceased Estate of.

This day came L. P. Hawkins, the Administrator of said Estate and filed his statement, accounts, vouchers and evidences for a final settlement of his administration. It is ordered that the 25th day of Nov., 1872, be appointed a day on which to make such settlement, at which time all persons interested can appear and contest the said settlement if they think proper.

A. WOODS Judge of Probate.

The State of Alabama, Calhoun Co.

Estate of Thomas J. Caver, Dec'd. } Probate Court.

LETTERS of Administration of said decedent having been granted to the undersigned, on the 1st day of November, A. D. 1872, by the Hon. A. Woods, Judge of the Probate Court of Calhoun Co. Notice is hereby given that all persons having claims against said Estate are hereby required to present the same within the time allowed by law or that the same will be barred.

A. F. ALLEN,
JOHN F. SMITH,
Adm'rs.

NOTICE.

Administrator's Sale of Land and Lots in Cross Plains, Ala.

BY virtue of an order from the Probate Court of Calhoun Co., Ala., we will as the administrators of the estate of James Price, deceased, sell on Tuesday the 17th day of December next, at Cross Plains. The following real estate lying in said county of Calhoun, viz: The northeast quarter of northwest quarter section 8, township 13, range 10, and east half of southwest quarter of section 5, township 13, range 10.

This land is situated in and near the beautiful, healthy and growing village of Cross Plains, upon the Selma, Rome and Dalton Railroad and will be sold in lots of various sizes to suit purchasers. A good opportunity is now offered for a safe investment of money as Cross Plains bids fair to one of the most flourishing town in the up country.

Terms of Sale—One-third cash, two-thirds on twelve months time with interest from date, and approved security will be required.

At the same time we will sell some CORN, COTTON, WHEAT and Oats for cash.

S. D. McCLELEN.
M. M. PRICE.
Administrators.

We will sell on the 23rd of December the following Lands on the premises lying in Cherokee county, Ala., viz., S. E. ¼ of S. W. ¼ and the S. ½ of S. W. ¼ of Sec. 18, T. 11, Range 9, on Sugar creek and near Samuel Coblers.

S. D. Mc. & M. M. P.

KEEP THE BLOOD PURE

And the health of the system will follow. There is a preparation of **Iron and Poke Root** more effectual than all others, which will remove from your system the impure and vitiated blood which causes disease, and at the same time build up your health and strength. It never fails to cure. If you have **Scrofula, Scrofulous Diseases of the Eyes or Ears, or Scrofula in any form, Tetter, White Swelling, Old Sores, Ulcers, or Scrofulous Inflammations,** you can rely on being cured with this preparation known as **Dr. Crook's Compound Syrup of Poke Root. Rheumatism, Pains in Limbs or Bones, Constitutions broken down by Mercurial or other poisons,** are all cured by it. For **Syphilis, or Syphilitic taint,** there is nothing equal to it. A trial will prove it.

Beautify your Complexion.

Do not use paint or powder, but get a more permanent beauty by purifying your blood. This preparation of **Iron and Poke Root** makes a rough and scaly skin soft and smooth; changes that sallow complexion to one of freshness and health, and removes any **Eruptive Diseases of the Skin, Pimples, Pustules, Blotches & Eruptions.** If you wish rosy cheeks and a healthy complexion, use **Dr. Crook's Compound Syrup of Poke Root.**

HOUSE PAINTING.

M. M. MAUCK, House Painter or Grainer and Paper Hanger, respectfully informs the citizens of Jacksonville and surrounding country, that he will take all contracts, and is prepared to execute all work in the above named lines in the neatest, most durable and fashionable style. His terms are moderate. For the manner in which he executes work, he refers to Judge Walker, Col. P. Rowan, J. F. Grant and Sam'l Crook, Esq. for all of whom he has done both inside and outside Painting. Apply to him personally, or Address

M. M. MAUCK,
(Care of P. Rowan,)
Jacksonville, Ala.

DR. CROOK'S WINE OF TAR!

Ten Years of public test has proved Dr. Crook's Wine of Tar to have more merit than any similar preparation ever offered to the public. It is rich in the medicinal qualities of Tar, and unequaled for diseases of the Throat & Lungs, performing the most remarkable cures. It effectually cures all Coughs and Colds. It has cured so many cases of Asthma and Bronchitis, that it has been pronounced a specific for these complaints. For Pains in the Breast, Sides or Back, Gravel or Kidney disease, diseases of the Urinary Organs, Jaundice, or any Liver Complaint it has no equal.

It is also a superior Tonic, Restores the Appetite, Strengthens the System, Restores the Weak and Debilitated, Causes the Food to Digest, Removes Dyspepsia and Indigestion, Prevents Malarious Fevers, Gives tone to your System.

DR. O. S. PROPHITT'S

ANODYNE PAIN KILL IT.

NEVER FAILING!

IS PAIN IN EVERY FORM.

[illegible]ES Pains in the Back, Chest, Hips or [illegible]oby, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Coughs [illegible]Bronchial Affections, Kidney Diseases, Dyspepsia, Liver Complaint, Colic, Cholera Morbus, Pleurisy, Asthma, Burn, Toothache, Jawache, Earache, [illegible]se, Sprains, Bruises, Cuts, Contusions, Lacerated Wounds, Scalds, Chill Blains, Frost Bites, Poisons of [illegible], vegetable or animal. For all

PAIN KILL IT

[illegible]medies ever discovered for the relief [illegible]ring humanity, this is the best Medi[illegible]known to Medical Science. The cure [illegible]ly and permanent in the most inveter[illegible]cases. This is no humbug, but a [illegible]medical discovery. A Pain Killer [illegible]ving no poison to inflame, paralize or [illegible]he inflammation upon an internal or[illegible]. Its efficiency is truly wonderful—[illegible]e Instantaneous. It is destined to [illegible]pains and aches, wounds and bruis[illegible]the face of the earth

[illegible]nufactured & Sold by L. H. Bradfield, Atlanta, Ga.

Stevenson's Old Mills.

[illegible]ve lately purchased the Seymour [illegible]5 miles South of Jacksonville, [illegible]them in

GOOD REPAIR

[illegible]ow prepared for grinding [illegible]corn, &c., in the best style. I [illegible]to saw lumber on the Shares. [illegible]ton gin (Brown's Improved Ma[illegible]will be ready for the incoming [illegible]will gin for the 15th.

[illegible]one, come all! and give me a [illegible]Satisfaction guaranteed.

ALEX. O. STEWART.

[illegible]1872.—tf.

[illegible]ATRICK,

[illegible]k Bookseller & Stationer,

[illegible]S NOT BEEN TO MAR[illegible]YET, THIS Fall, but he [illegible]manages to keep the old [illegible]en Store

[illegible]Broad Street, Rome, Georgia.

[illegible]rtably filled with COODS [illegible]fine.

[illegible]nkful for the Liberal patron[illegible]extended him during the past [illegible], he invites a continuance of [illegible]me, promising his best efforts [illegible]ase.

[illegible]ll and see those beautiful [illegible]os, the COMPANIONS and ACCIDENT.

[illegible]52—tf.

GREAT TONIC OF THE AGE.

[illegible]OTTLED FISCH'S BITTERS

[illegible]s Dyspepsia, Debility, Nervous[illegible]ills, Biliousness, & all Stomach [illegible]es.

[illegible]RE & SCHMITZ, Philadelphia, [illegible]tors of DR. FISCH'S FOOD [illegible]BITTERS.

Leads to Happiness!

[illegible]TO THE WHOLE RACE OF WOMEN!

DR. J. BRADFIELD'S

[illegible]F[illegible]MALE REGULATO R

[illegible]ill being on the Menses; all pain [illegible]monthly "Period;" cure Rheuma[illegible]and Neuralgia of Back and Uterus; [illegible]hoea or "Whites," and partial pro[illegible]Uteri, check excessive flow, and all irregularities peculiar to ladies. It will remove all irritation of Kidneys [illegible]der; relieve Costiveness; purify the [illegible]give tone & strength to the whole [illegible]em; thus invigorating a rosy Lily cheek, & the vibrance to the mind. [illegible]se voice is sure to all the above [illegible]s a Quinine is in Chills & Fever. [illegible]es can cure themselves of all the [illegible]Evils without [illegible]ble, their [illegible]nts to any one, or, which is cheap[illegible]ging to the trade and peddlers. [illegible]ecommended by the best physi[illegible]and the clergy.

[illegible]Lagrange, Ga., March 29, 1870.

[illegible]BRADFIELD & CO., Atlanta, Ga.—Gentlemen: [illegible]take pleasure in stating that I have [illegible]the last twenty years the medicine [illegible]now putting up, known as Dr. [illegible]'s FEMALE REGULATOR, and [illegible]it the best combination ever got [illegible]for the disease it is said to cure. [illegible]I have long been familiar with the [illegible]tion in which it was prescribed, and [illegible]in domestic practice, and feel [illegible]y that I consider it a boon to suffer[illegible]sics, and so long as I [illegible] that every [illegible]our wives and daughters [illegible]any way [illegible]ble to their [illegible]s to procure it for their [illegible]ly not only to relieve but to [illegible]restore [illegible]th, beauty and strength [illegible]y kind of regularity.

[illegible]spectfully, W. H. TERRELL, M. D.

[illegible]Near Marietta, Ga., March 21, 1870.

[illegible]SSRS. WM. ROOF & SON.—Dear [illegible]Some months ago I bought a bottle of [illegible]FIELD'S FEMALE REGULATOR [illegible]on, and have used it in my family [illegible]the utmost satisfaction, and have [illegible]sided it to their other [illegible]ds, and have found it just what it is recommended [illegible]. The females who have used your REGULATOR are in perfect health, and are able [illegible]nd to their household duties, and we [illegible]ly recommended it to the public.

[illegible]respectfully, Rev. H. B. JOHNSON

[illegible]could add a thousand other certifi[illegible]; but we consider the above ample [illegible]of its virtue. All we ask is a trial.

[illegible]r full particulars, history of diseases [illegible]d certificates of its wonderful cures, [illegible]order is referred to the wrapper [illegible]the bottle.

[illegible]anufactured & sold by

BRADFIELD & CO.,

[illegible]P[illegible] $1.50. Atlanta, Ga.

Cotton Gins! Cotton Presses!!

GULLETT'S IMPROVED LIGHT DRAFT COTTON GIN,

Price $4 00 per Saw.

THE IMPROVED GIN DIFFERS MATERIALLY FROM THE STEEL BRUSH, THE STEEL BRUSH having Three Brushes, while the New Gin has but One.

We guarantee every Gin to be of Light Draft; thoroughly clean the seed and make a Superior Sample.

Every Gin is fully tested and made to gin Cotton perfectly before leaving the Factory.

Office of Agricural, Mechanical and Blood Stock Association of Texas, Houston, Texas, May 18th, 1872.

I hereby certify that I was in charge of and run the Engine which drove the Machinery at the Third Annual Fair of the State of Texas, and that the Engine drove the GULLETT'S IMPROVED LIGHT DRAFT GIN with ten pounds less steam on the test than any other Gin on Exhibition.

C. N. BURCH, Engineer.

Will Be Prepared to Furnish

GULLETT'S LEVER COTTON and HAY PRESS Price $150 00. This Press will pack from 15 to 20 bales Cotton a day. Two hands are all that is necessary to pack a 500 lb bale.

They are very simple and will last a life time. Every Press guaranteed. Address all orders to

J. & S. BONES & CO., Rome Ga

Great Attractions.

THE OLD RELIABLE HOUSES OF

TITSWORTH, SCOTT & CO.,

No. 6 Court Square, MONTGOMERY, ALA.,

And No. 39 Market Street, SELMA, ALA.,

Have one of the finest Stocks of

CLOTHING & GENT'S FURNISHING GOODS,

Ever brought to this market. Also, full line

Hats, Caps, Trunks and Valises,

Which they are selling as Cheap as any house in the City. We also take

Alabama State Money, at 90 Cents on a Dollar, for all Goods.

GENERAL AGENTS of the Celebrated WHEELER & WILSON NOISELESS FAMILY SEWING MACHINE, for Central Alabama.

TITSWORTH, SCOTT & CO.

W. T. & C. S. ALEXANDER,

Grocers and Produce Merchants,

Jacksonville, Ala.,

Has now in store Sugar, Coffee, Rice, Meal, Tobacco, Syrup, Bacon, Flour, Lard, Salt, Fish, Cigars and everything kept in a first class Grocery Store.

Would respectfully solicit a liberal share of patronage. Come and see.

HOW TO GET RICH.

Attend your own Business and leave other people's Business alone. Buy your Goods where you can buy Good Goods the cheapest. P. BROS is the PLACE. It is determined not to be undersold. I will sell the following as low as any one. Try me. To prove the Pudding eat it.

FIRST CLASS
Grocery Establishment.

Below I will give a few of the leading articles.

Two Bolls of the heaviest Bagging of different kinds, weighing from 2¼ to 2½ lbs. will be sold for twenty cents per yard.

10,000 lbs. of Bailing Ties of various kinds and patterns, at 11¼ cents per pound.

200 Sacks Salt in Store and to arrive. 20 Sacks Coffee, a superior article.

25 Barrels Sugar, all grades and qualities. 25 Barrels and Hogsheads of Syrups and Molasses.

25 Boxes Tobacco, from the finest to the cheapest. 15,000 Cigars of the best Brands.

200 lbs. Smoking Tobacco. 20 Boxes Candles, Parifine, Star and Spurm.

10 Boxes Superior Starch. 20 Cases Superior Oysters, Fresh.

200 Boxes Sardines and Lobsters. 50 Kits Mackerel. 5 Barrels Mackerel. 10 half Barrels Mackerel. 10 half Barrels White Fish.

500 Cans and Bottles of Preserved Fruits. 50 Boxes Raisins and Figs.

500 lbs. Best Stick and Fancy Candies.

A large lot of Pepper, Spice, Ginger, Indigo and all kinds of Dye Stuffs. Powder, Shot, and Caps. In short, I have everything in. Customers need in my line.

My Stock is large and shall be kept full. The supply shall only be limited by the demand. The prices shall suit. I will say every one the *last cent and we don't want to carry them Child.* I will pay the Highest market price for all kinds of Country Produce, Cotton, Corn, Flour, Bacon, Lard, Peas, Oats and Tallow. In short, everything the Farmer raises.

oct26 4wtf. L. J. PARR, Jacksonville, Alabama.

GOOD NEWS! GOOD NEWS!

THE LATEST FROM THE NORTH IS GRATIFYING!!

CARROLL AND McCAIN'S

Fall & Winter Stock for 1872

IS HERE AND ARRIVING!

Consisting of

Dry Goods,

Boots and Shoes,

Hardware,

Groceries,

Clothing, Hats and Caps, Drugs, Saddlery, Crockery, &c.

We can confidently offer our stock as one not surpassed by any, for taste durability, and *liberal* terms.

We cordially invite all to give us a call and examine our stock before purchasing. We think we can make it to your interest to buy of us.

The very highest market *Price* paid for *Cotton*.

Oct. 26, 1872.—d&wtf. CARROLL & McCAIN, Jacksonville, Ala.,

DRY GOODS AND GROCERIES.

LeGRAND & CO.,

DEALERS IN

Groceries and Jobbers in Dry Goods,

NOS. 96, 98 AND 100 COMMERCE STREET, MONTGOMERY, ALABAMA.

TO MERCHANTS ONLY!

We now offer to the Trade a full and complete stock of DRY GOODS, bought to great advantage and shipped at reduced freights, and will give our patrons the benefit of our advantages.

80 Cases Fall and Winter Prints, including every Price, Style and Variety.
100 Bales Striped, Checked and Plain Homespun.
350 Bales Sheetings, Shirtings and Osnabargs.
40 Cases Bleached Goods, of all grades.
50 Cases Kentucky Jeans, of all prices.
10 Cases Cloths and Cassimeres.
25 Bales heavy Woolen Goods and Kerseys.
20 Cases Plain Linseys. 20 Bales Blankets, assorted. 30 Cases assorted Dress Goods.

BOOT & SHOE DEPARTMENT.

800 Cases of assorted Boots and Shoes, every variety.

READY-MADE CLOTHING.

A Full Stock bought with great care.

HAT DEPARTMENT.

Two Hundred Cases from $4.00 to $40.00 per Dozen.

NOTION DEPARTMENT.

This Department comprizes Everything termed Notions, is very Complete, and in Endless Variety.

GROCERY DEPARTMENT.

200,000 Pounds Bacon, Sides and Shoulders.
2,500 Barrels Flour, of all Grades.
1,000 " " "Our Pet."
500 " " "Pride of Troy."
500 " " "Pride of Alabama."
800 Sacks of Coffee.
100 Hogsheads Sugar.
400 Barrels of Whiskey.
2,000 Sacks Liverpool Salt.

And all goods kept in Grocery Stock, which will be sold at close figures

LeGRAND & CO.,
Nos. 96, 98 and 100 Commerce Street.
MONTGOMERY, ALABAMA.

Sept28 1872—6mo.

W. F. AYER. J. C. McDONALD.

AYER & McDONALD,

DEALERS IN

HARDWARE & AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS,

No. 71 Broad Street, Rome, Georgia.

We desire to call special attention to our Stock of

WATER PIPE,

Of Composition, Lead or Iron,

RUBBER HOSE, HOSE NOZZLES, COUPLINGS, TIPES, ETC.

We also invite our farmer friends to an examination of our Warehouse, where will be found

REAPERS & MOWERS, THRESHERS & HORSE POWERS, PLOWS & HARROWS, CRADLES, GRASS BLADES, HORSE RAKES WHEAT FANS, HAY FORKS, &C., &C., also the DOW LAW COTTON PLANTER.

Our stock of Hardware, Rubber, Belting, &c., kept full and complete. Price guaranteed. June1 1872—t

HENRY A. SMITH,

113 Broad Street,

Rome, Ga.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

BOOKSELLER & STATIONER.

Keeps always on hand a large Stock

School, Theological and Miscellaneous Books,

PAPER, Letter Cap, Note.
ENVELOPES
PENCILS,
PENS,
INKS,
Engravings, Photographs,
Photograph Albums, Chromos,
Gilt, Rosewood, Walnut Mouldings, for Picture Frames, in the Piece, Picture Cord and Tassel, Sheet Music, for the Piano and Guitar, Italian, German and French Violin and Guitar Strings.
Blank, Copy and Scrap BOOKS,
MEMORANDUMS,
PORTFOLIOS,
SLATES,
DESKS,
Pocket Bibles, Hymn and Prayer Books,
Square and Oval Picture Frames,

WALLPAPERING, BORDERING, FIRE SCREENS AND PAPER WINDOW SHADES.

☞ NEW and SECOND HAND PIANOS and PARLOR ORGANS of first class manufactures, at a Liberal Discount from manufacturer's prices. Also, SECOND HAND PIANOS TAKEN IN EXCHANGE for new ones, allowing full value for those taken in exchange.

Liberal discounts to Country Merchants and Schools.

Apr12 1872—td.

GLOVER, GRASS AND BARDEN SEED,

W. D. HOYT & CO

WILL KEEP CONSTANTLY ON HAND A FULL STOCK OF THE ABOVE AT THE LOWEST FIGURES,

Clver, and Grass Seed.

STRICTLY CASH. Also,

Lead, Oil and Glass,

At Manufacturers prices. Also a full STOCK of

Drugs, Brushes, Soaps, of all kinds, Perfumery, Lamps, &c.

W. D. HOYT & CO.

Wholesale Druggists,

Rome, Ga.

Oct.26 tf.

IF YOU WANT CORRECT TIME

GO TO

Randall of Gadsden,

THE BEST

Watch-Maker in North Alabama.

Prices for Goods & Work reduced 25 to 50 per cent. Everything guaranteed as represented and satisfaction given every time.

Cash or no Trade

Oct28 1871—tf.

THE FAMOUS STUDABAKEE WAGON.

THE STUDABAKER WAGON IS MADE OF THE BEST SEASONED TIMBERS THE lightest and most durable wagon in market; their thimble skeins never break; the slope shoulder spoke is used; they are warranted to give satisfaction in every case.

W. B. GILL,

CARRIAGE WAREHOUSE,

(Of Eighteen Years Established Reputation and Standing.)

CORNER OF WASHINETON & SELMA ST. NEXT TO CONCIL HOUSE

Has always on hand a large Stock of

Carriages Rockarways Phaetons Barouches Buggies Coaches BRETTS, HARNESS, &c.

Has also on hand a large assortment of Children's Perambutators, Cabs, Buggies, wagons, Hobby Horses, &c. ☞ Repairing of all kinds of vehicles done at shortest notice. Plantation Wagons and Carts made to order. jan 6 1y.

NO. 14 NORTH ROYAL STREET.

C. C. LANGDON & CO.,

Nurserymen, Seedsmen & Florists

NO. 14 NORTH ROYAL STREET,

DEALERS IN AGRICULTURAL & HORTICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS, FERTILIZERS,

Flower Pots, Rustic and Terra Cotta Ware, Hanging Baskets, Trellises, Native Fruits and Wine, etc., etc. Have just received the following articles, which will be found at their store No 14 North Royal street, (next to the Battle House.) Cattelsons Improved Flat head Cabbage, Gregory's Mammoth Marblehead Cabbage, Landreth's large late Drumhead Cabbage, Gregory's premium Flat Dutch Cabbage, Landreth's large late Dutch Cabbage, Turnips, Beets, Carrots, Cauliflowers, Celery, Lettuce, Parsley and other seeds for Fall Planting. Agents for the celebrated **Dubois Flanged Ribbed Cotton Gin**, A Forty Saw Gin of this Patent Guaranteed to equal in execution a Fifty-five saw Gin of any other Patent. Sizes now in store, 30—35—40—45—50 Saws. They are now receiving and have in store a full supply of the following Seeds: Blue Grass, Orchard Grass, Red Top, Timothy, Red Clover, Alsike Clover, White Clover, Lucerne Hungarian Grass, Millet, Hemp, Buck-wheat, Georgia Red May Wheat, White Wheat, Western Rye, Southern Rye, Rescue Grass, Seed Rice, Barley, and all other Popular Grasses. 250 bushels Red Rust-Proof Oats. Sole agents for the Langdon Fertilizer. 100 Tons Cotton Seed Meal at low figures. They also call the attention of Farmers, Gardners, and Planters to samples of the Celebrated Moline and Excelsior Plows, and to Holbrook & Co.'s Hand seed Drills, Hand Cultivators and Hand Double Wheel Hoes, the latter implements are indispensable for Amateur and Market Gardners. So simple and light that children and ladies can use them. A full assortment of Cast Steel and other Hoes for field and garden. Will have in store in a few days a large lot of Red Onion Sets, Silver-skin Onion Sets, and Button Onions, direct from the growers.

THE RURAL ALABAMIAN, a Southern Magazine of Progressive Agriculture and Improved Industry. Published Monthly at $2 per Year.

10 copies.....$1 00 | 50 copies.....
20 copies.....30 00 | 100 copies.....$ 67 00
☞ Invariably in advance. Send for specimen copy. Published by 125 00

C. C. LANGDON & CO.,

East Alabama LAND AGENCY.

B. C. WYLY & Co.

REAL ESTATE

and

General Agency Office

No. 4. OFFICE ROW,

JACKSONVILLE ALA.

We are prepared to give our attention to the Sale, or Rent of

REAL ESTATE

in this and adjoining counties.

Having special facilities for finding purchasers, invite those who may desire to put their lands in market, to give us a trial. We will keep on exhibition in our office

MAPS,

taken from County Surveys, and personal reconnaissance of such places as may be entrusted to us—and will visit the property with parties contemplating a purchase.

All information concerning the lands of East Alabama freely given upon application in person, or by letter, at their office. Will also act as General Agents for the sale of all articles of merit which may be entrusted to them. Their extensive acquaintance with the people and personal knowledge of the Country, gives them facilities which no other Company can have.

BUSINESS SOLICITED.

B. C. WYLY,
JOHN H. FORNEY,
JNO. M. WYLY.

aug19 1871—1y.

R. R. R.

Radway's Ready Relief

CURES THE WORST PAINS in from One to Twenty Minutes. NOT ONE HOUR

after reading this advertisement need any one SUFFER WITH PAIN.

RADWAY'S READY RELIEF IS A CURE FOR EVERY PAIN.

It was the first and is

The Only Pain Remedy

that instantly stops the most excruciating pains, allays Inflammations, and Cures Congestions, whether of the Lungs, Stomach or other glands or organs, by one application. IN FROM ONE TO TWENTY MINUTES no matter how violent or excruciating the pain the RHEUMATIC, Bed-ridden, Infirm, Crippled, Nervous, Neuralgic, or prostrated with disease may suffer.

RADWAY'S READY RELIEF

Will afford instant Ease.

Inflammation of the Kidneys,
Inflamation of the Bladder,
Inflamation of the Bowels,
Congestion of the Lungs,
Sore Throat, Difficult Breathing,
Palpitation of the Heart,
Hysterics, Croup, Diphtheria,
Catarrh, Influenza,
Headache, Toothache,
Neuralgia, Rheumatism,
Cold Chills, Ague,

The application of the READY RELIEF to the part or parts where the pain exists will afford ease and comfort.

Twenty drops in half a tumbler of water will in a few moments cure Cramps, Spasms, Sour Stomach, Heartburn, Sick Headache, Diarrhea, Dysentery, Colic, Wind in the Bowels, and all Internal Pains.

Travelers should always carry a bottle of RADWAY'S READY RELIEF with them. A few drops in water will prevent Sickness or pains from change of water. It is better than French Brandy or Bitters as a stimulant.

FEVER AND AGUE.

Fever and Ague cured for fifty cents. There is not a remedial agent in this world that will cure Fever and Ague, and all other Malarious, Bilious, Scarlet, Typhoid, Yellow, and other Fevers (aided by RADWAY'S PILLS) so quick as RADWAY'S READY RELIEF. Fifty cents per bottle.

DR. RADWAY'S Sarsaparillian Resolvent

Has made the most astonishing cures so quick, so rapid are the changes the body undergoes, under the influence of this truly wonderful Medicine, that

Every day an increase in Weight and Flesh is Felt.

THE GREAT BLOOD PURIFIER.

Every drop of the SARSAPARILLIAN RESOLVENT communicates through the Blood, Sweat, Urine, and other fluids and juices of the system *the vigor of life*, for it repairs the wastes of the body with new and sound material. *Scrofula, Syphilis, Consumption, Glandular disease, Ulcers in the throat, Mouth, Tumors, Nodes in the Glands and other parts of the system, Sore Eyes, Strumorous discharges from the Ears, and the worst forms of Skin diseases, Erysipelas, Fever Sores, Scald Head, Ring Worm, Salt Rheum, Erysipelas, Acne, Black Spots, Worms in the Flesh, Tumors, Cancers in the Womb*, and all weakening and painful discharges, Night Sweats, Loss of Sperm, and all wastes of the life principle, are within the curative range of this wonder of Modern Chemistry, and at four days' use will prove to any person using it for either of these forms of disease its potent power to cure them.

If the patient, daily becoming reduced by the wastes and decomposition that is continuly progressing, succeeds in arresting these wastes, and repairs the same with new material made from healthy blood—and this the SARSAPARILLIAN will and does—a cure is certain; for when once the renovady commences its work of purification, and succeeds in diminishing the loss of waste its repairs will be rapid, and every day the patient will feel himself growing better and stronger, the food digesting better, appetite improving, and weight increasing.

Not only does the Sarsaparillian Resolvent excels all known remedial agents in the cure of Chronic, Scrofulous, Constitutional and Skin diseases; but it is the only positive cure for

Kidney and Bladder Complaints,

Urinary, and Womb diseases, Gravel, Diabetes, Dropsy, Stoppage of, Water, Incontinence of Urine, Bright's Disease, Albuminuria, and in all cases where there are brick dust deposits, or the water is thick, cloudy, mixed with substances like the white of an egg, or threads like white silk, they are morbid, dark, bilious appearance, and when there is pain in the Small of the Back and along the Loins.

DR. RADWAY'S PERFECT PURGATIVE PILLS,

perfectly tasteless, elegantly coated with sweet gum, purge, regulate, purify, cleanse and strengthen. Radway's Pills, for the cure of all disorders of the Stomach, Liver, Bowels, Kidneys, Bladder, Nervous Diseases, Headache, Constipation, Costiveness, Indigestion, Dyspepsia, Biliousness, Bilious Fever, Inflamation of the Bowels, Piles, and all Derangements of the Internal Viscera. Warranted to effect a positive cure. Purely Vegetable, containing no mercury, minerals, or deleterious drugs.

A few doses of RADWAY'S PILLS will free the system from all the above named disorders. Price, 25 cents per box. Sold by Druggists.

Read "False and True." Send one letter stamp to RADWAY & CO. No 32 Warren Street, Corner of Church Street New York. Information worth thousands will be sent you.

Jacksonville Republican.
EDITED, PUBLISHED AND OWNED BY A PUBLISHED, EVERY SATURDAY MORNING, BY
J. F. & L. W. GRANT.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.
One copy one year in advance,.....$2 00
One copy six months in advance,.....$3 00

TERMS OF ADVERTISING.
One square of 10 lines or less, first insertion,.....$1 00
Each subsequent insertion.....50
Every square counted as two, &c.
Obituaries is charged at advertising rates.
Marriage notices,.....50

Announciation of Candidates
For County offices,.....$5 00
For State offices,.....$10 00

Jacksonville Republican.

"The Price of Liberty is Eternal Vigilance."

VOL. 36. JACKSONVILLE, ALA., DEC. 21, 1872. WHOLE NO 1862

Rates of Advertising,
For three, six, or twelve months.

One square of 10 lines,	3 months,	$5 00
" "	6 "	7 50
" "	12 "	10 00
One fourth column,	3 "	12 00
" " "	6 "	16 00
" " "	12 "	25 00
One half column,	3 "	20 00
" " "	6 "	35 00
" " "	12 "	60 00
One column,	3 "	40 00
" "	6 "	65 00
" "	12 "	100

Charges due and collectable quarterly.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

WM. M. HAMES, J. T. MARTIN
HAMES & MARTIN,
Attorneys at Law and Solicitors in Chancery. No. 8. Office Row, Jacksonville,

Will practice in all the Courts of Law and Equity in the counties of the 12th Judicial circuit, consisting of Calhoun, Cleburne, St. Clair, Etowah and Cherokee, and the Supreme court of the State
may. 0—1871.

SAM'L FOSTER, WM. H. FORNEY.
FOSTER & FORNEY,
Attorneys at Law,
Jacksonville Alabama.

Will practice in the Counties of Calhoun, Talladega, Randolph, St. Clair, Cherokee, Etowah, St. Clair and DeKalb; in the Supreme Court of the State, and in the U. S. District Court, Northern and Middle Division of Alabama.

C. C. ELLIS. J. H. CALDWELL.
ELLIS & CALDWELL,
Attorneys at Law,
AND
Solicitor in Chancery.
JACKSONVILLE, ALA.

Having associated themselves in the practice of Law, will practice together, except in criminal cases, in the counties of Calhoun, Talladega, St. Clair, Randolph, Cherokee and DeKalb.
Jan. 6, 1872.

W. L. STEVENSON,
Attorney at Law,
JACKSONVILLE, Ala.

George & de Rochemont,
ATTORNEYS AT-LAW
AND
PUBLIC TOWN SURVEYORS &
COLLECTING AGENTS,
OXFORD, ALA.

Will practice in all the courts of the State also in the Supreme court. Collections made before the United State Court of Claims, also; general land and Pension Agents.
April 13 1872 1y.

J. D. HAMMOND,
Notary Public
AND
Ex-officio Justice of the Peace
JACKSONVILLE,.....ALABAMA

Will attend to any business that may be put into his hands, with dispatch.
Feb17 1872—1y.

Dr. M. W. FRANCIS,
Physician & Surgeon,
OFFICE, DRUG STORE I. C. FRANCIS,
North West Corner Square,
JACKSONVILLE - - ALA
Feb 25 1871—1y.

DR. W. W. HARRISON,

Having permanently located in Alexandria, offers his professional services to the citizens of Alexandria and vicinity.
He can be found at his office in Green & Leibfatter's Store during the day, and at the late residence of Jas. A. Gladden at night, unless professionally absent.
March 1872.—9m.

RAIL ROAD SCHEDULES.
South & North Ala. Rail Road.
SCHEDULE.

Passenger trains will run on this Road, as follows:
Light's Exp. Fv's Montgomery, at 10,00 am
" " Arrives at Calera 12,50 p m
" " at Birmingham 3,30 p m
Mail train leaves Montgomery at 2'20 p m
" " Arrives at Calera 6,15 p m
Light's Ex[illegible] Birmingham at 5,25 p m
" " [illegible] Montgomery 12,05 a m
Mail train [illegible] Calera at 5,05 a m
" " [illegible] Montgomery 8,25 a m.
Close Connections with DOUBLE DAILY trains on the Montgomery Rail Road, for Mobile, New Orleans and all points of Texas.
This is the QUICKEST and quickest route to and from [illegible] named above for Passengers. Through Tickets and Through Bills issued. Rates as by any other line.
SHAW, Ass't Sup't.

H. Pierce G. A. Morrison.
J. H. Jones Wm. L. Thompson.
PIERCE JONES & CO.
Cotton Factors,
Proprietors [illegible] Planters Fire Proof Warehouse.
Drake's new [illegible] opposite Troup House,
SELMA, ALABAMA

THOS. A. WALTHALL, T. S. BOWEN.
BOWEN & WALTHALL,
Wholesale Grocers
—AND—
COMMISSION MERCHANTS
NO. 5 CENTRAL BLOCK, WATER ST.
SELMA——ALABAMA.
Ja —6ly

W. R. ETHERIDGE. W. B. MCKINNEY.
McKINNEY & Co.,
Receiving and Forwarding
Merchants
—AND—
STEAMBOAT AGENTS,
Selma.....Alabama

We have a large and convenient Warehouse, a Brick Wharf and every facility for protecting Goods.
Jan 6 1y

NEW BRICK HOTEL.

The undersigned is now prepared to accommodate the travelling public.
S. C. KELLY, Prop.
LIVERY AND SALE STABLE
Sign of the Horned Horse,
OXFORD ALA.,
S. C. KELLY.
sep16 '71—tf.

CALL AT THE
Old Hotel.
West Side of the Public Spar
Jacksonville, Ala.

Which has been repaired, refurnished and refitted up especially for the comfort of those who may favor us with a call. Rooms large and comfortable—fare good as the country affords—servants polite and attentive—charges reasonable.
Can accommodate a dozen or two regular boarders.
J. D. HAMMOND.
Dec. 18, '69—1y. Proprietor.

A. W. LEDBETTER,
ALABAMA, WITH
JEHIAL READ. NATHANIEL NORTON
Jehial Read & Co.
Late Geo. W. & Jehial Read,
MANUF'S & WHOLESALE DEALERS IN
FUR and WOOL HATS,
Straw Goods Umbrellas &c.
No. 468 Broadway,
Adjoining Cochran, McLean & Co.
NEW-YORK.

W. C. LAEL,
[illegible] Watch maker in the State, (over Forty years at the bench,) still in Jacksonville, to repair all good watches that may be brought in. No brass or oreide watches need be brought in to be fixed.
Having made arrangements with the Manufacturers, I am prepared to have any part or parts of good watches made new, in the best manner and at short notice, doing away with the tedious process of hand work. All fine and complicated watches repaired and put in as good order as new, if desired.
nov11 1871—tf.

NEW LIVERY STABLE.

The undersigned takes pleasure in notifying his friends, and the
PUBLIC GENERALLY
that he has opened the stables formerly known as the Privett Stables.
HE IS PREPARED TO HIRE.
Hacks, Wagons, Buggies, and Horses at the following schedule of prices:

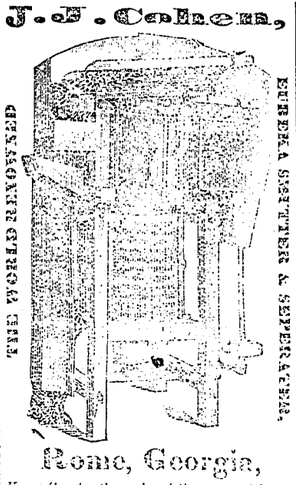
Two-horse hacks and driver per day	$6,00.
Two-horse wagon and driver per day	$5,00
Buggy and horse per day	$3,00.
Single Buggy per day	$2,00.
Single Horse per day	$2,00.

He will also feed and take care of stock charges to be paid when the stock is taken from the stable. Terms cash, only.
RICHARD WEAVER,
ug12—7.1

C. C. SAMUEL.
Successor to Elliot & Samuel,
COTTON FACTOR
Warehouse & Commission Merchant
(At Steamboat Landing,)
Rome, Ga.
Cotton compressed and put in splendid shipping order and forwarded same day of its arrival, at reduced rates of freight.
sept 23,1871—1y

Trees! Flowers! Bulbs! Seeds
HEDGE PLANTS!
NURSERY STOCK! FRUIT & FLOWER PLANTS!
Address F. K. PHŒNIX,
BLOOMINGTON NURSERY, ILL.
600 Acres; 21st year; 12 Greenhouses. Apple, 1,000 1 yr., $20; 2 yr. $30; 3 yr. $40; 4 yr. $50; 4 Catalogues, 20 cents.

CROSS PLAINS HOUSE
COME ALONG
This House is not quite completed, but will receive Boarders and the Traveling public generally.
No rash promises made—come and see.
A. S. JOHNSON,
J. N. HOOD,
J. N. HOOD, Prop'r.
june18—tf.

J. F. Cohen,

Rome, Georgia,
Keeps Constantly on hand the most celebrated and latest MILL MACHINERY, at Manufacturer's prices. Also, Importer of the Double Anchor Dutch Bolting Cloth, French Burr and Esopus MILL STONES, Double Turbine Water Wheel, and an assortment of Belting, &c. Dec. 30, '71.—1y.

M. A. TURNER,
FASHIONABLE
TAILOR.

WOULD respectfully inform the citizens of Jacksonville and vicinity, that he has removed to No. 7 Office-row where he is ready at all times to make Boys & Gents clothing, according to latest styles and in a most durable manner. Thanking the public generally for their past liberal patronage, he hopes by skill and attention to merit a continuance of the same. Terms Cash.
P. S. Twenty-five per cent. will be added, when work is taken from the shop unsettled for.
Jan27 1872—1y.

Marbleized
Marble Works.

D. C. COLEMAN,
MANUFACTURER OF ALL KINDS OF
MARBLE MONUMENTS,
TOMBS, HEADSTONES,
MANTELS, VASES
Vases, &c.,
Of the finest
ITALIAN
AND
AMERICAN MARBLE
Yard No. 21 S. College Street, between Church and Broad,
NASHVILLE, TENNESSEE.
Orders promptly filled and satisfaction guaranteed.
Feb21 1872—1y.

J. & E. TURMELE,
Corner Bibb & Commerce Streets,
Montgomery, Ala.

HAVING just completed their removal into the Splendid, New and Commodious Building at the corner of Bibb and Commerce Streets, would inform their friends and the public, that they have constantly on hand and are daily receiving, a
LARGE & ELEGANT STOCK OF
Fall and Winter Goods,
—SUCH AS—
Kerseys, Linseys,
Jeans, Tweeds,
Cassimeres, Cloths,
Opera, all Wool and
Cotton Flannels: Calicoes of the Best Brands;
Brown and Bleached Domestics; Mattrass and Feather Ticking; Table Damask,
Toweling, Hosiery, Crib and Bed Blankets, Balmoral and Felt Skirts,
also, a Nice Line of Ladies' Shawls, Notions, Ribbons and Trimmings in Great Variety; Foreign and Domestic Dress Goods,
Very Attractive in Style and Fabric.
We intend to keep our stock replenished with the best of just such goods as the demands of the trade require, which will be sold at the
LOWEST LIVING RATES.

J. H. LAKIN,
Artistic Photographs,
No. 51 Market Street,
MONTGOMERY, ALA.
PERSONS at a distance having old and fading Daguerreotypes can safely send them by mail to be recopied. ALL WORK GUARANTEED FIRST CLASS, AND PRICES REASONABLE.
May 11th, 1872—1y.

Bulbs and Fruit Tree Season.
JAMES & YEISER
DRUGISTS,
17 Shorter Block, Rome Georgia,
DEALERS IN
Bulbs, Flower Seeds, Fruit Trees, Evergreens, Greenhouse Plants.
AGENTS FOR
P. J. BERKMANS, Augusta, Ga
JAMES VICK, Rochester, N. Y.
D. LANDRETH & SON, Philadelphia, Pa.
F. K. PHŒNIX, Bloomington, Ill.
Orders solicited for above names. Satisfaction guaranteed.
20,000 Choice Cigars
Just Received.
oct27—dlw.

NOTICE
To Debt Paying Men!
Money Saved by Buying for Cash.

Having bought the stock of Gunnels & Co at a liberal discount on original cost, and having established the Cash System, thereby making no Bad Debt to be made up in additional prices. We are determined to sell our extensive stock, of both old and new goods as low as they can be sold in any market at retail every article.
We have the following articles at remarkable low figures:
Hardware of every description, Boots and Shoes of every variety, Ladies, Gentlemen's and Boys Hats, Ladies Cloth Cloaks, all grades, Shawls, Nubias, Hoods and Furs, Delains, Poncee, Silk and other Dress Goods, the best of Calicoes at 12½ per yard.
We simply ask you to give us a call before you make your purchase, and we feel confident of selling you. Our motto is "Short Profits and Quick Sales," better than any one will sell on a Credit.
Jas. Cunningham and J. Gus Cox are with us, and ask their friends to call when they extend their Goods for future sales to give them a chance.
J. & W. W. DRAPER.

The Books of Gunnels, Draper & Co. are at the Doors of J. & W. W. Draper, ready for collection and all those indebted will please come forward and settle, as their accounts are DUE and we NEED THE MONEY.
Respectfully,
GUNNELS, DRAPER & CO.,
Oct26dlw Oxford, Ala.,

VICK'S
FLORAL GUIDE
FOR 1873.

The Guide is now published Quarterly, 25 cents pays for the year, four numbers, which is not half the cost.
Those who afterwards send money to the amount of One Dollar or more for Seeds may also order Twenty-five Cents worth extra—the price paid for the Guide.
The January Number is beautiful, giving plans for making Rural Homes, Designs for Dining Table Decorations, Window Gardens, &c., and containing a mass of information invaluable to the lover of flowers.——One Hundred and Fifty pages, on fine tinted paper, some Five Hundred Engravings and a superb Colored Plate and Chromo Cover. The First Edition of Two Hundred Thousand just printed in English and German, and ready to send out.
JAMES VICK, Rochester, N. Y.

H. E. DAY & CO.,
No. 26 Market Street.
Montgomery, Ala.
THE only house in the city devoted entirely to the trade of
Hats, Caps
—AND GENTLEMEN'S—
Furnishing Goods.
A Superb Stock Just Received.
Oct26dlw3mo.

SPOONER'S
To my Friends and Patrons.

I take this method of informing you that I have just returned from New York, with a large and carefully selected stock of
FASHIONABLE CLOTHING
—AND—
FURNISHING GOODS,
—FOR—
Men's Youth's & Boy's. Hats, Caps. Canes. Umbrellas. Etc., Etc., Etc.
Which I am in daily receipt of, and which, having been purchased late in the season, during the decline in goods, I can offer fully 10 per cent. lower than any other house in the city.
Having added to my business this season a "Custom Department," superintended by
A First-Class Cutter
from New York, I am prepared to receive any and all orders for "custom made garments," guaranteeing in every instance entire satisfaction.
A full line of Cloths, Cassimeres and Vestings always on hand.
H. C. DAVIDSON,
17 Market Street,
MONTGOMERY, ALA.
Oct26 d1w

A Lesson to be Learned.

The Secret of Yankee Prosperity.

We copy the following from the Mobile Register, with the hope that every man in Alabama will read and ponder it:

A Southern man after having made a flying trip through the New England States, comes back filled with astonishment at what he has seen and perfectly discouraged with his own section of country. There he saw little villages sticking in the midst of barren and uninhabitable mountains, with no surrounding to support them, evincing a spirit of life and prosperity unknown to even our large towns—the recognized centres of our best agricultural regions. And in the country he saw little farms producing like first-class English gardens, though on soil originally too poor to have grown bear-grass, and in situations that a Southern man never would have thought capable of being converted into a goat pasture. The people all as a general thing, seem contented and prosperous: and if he had inquired into their circumstances he would have found, strange as it may appear, everybody in these little villages well off and making money, and the little farms, with their stone piles here and there, and their stones constantly working to the surface to be carried off into other piles and their annual calls for fertilizers to the extent of one hundred and fifty dollars per acre, actually clearing their owners from two to three hundred dollars on every acre incessed. No wonder that he is discouraged when he looks from this picture upon our favorably located towns and notes their inactivity, their poverty and general dilapidations, and upon our broad and fertile acres, and reflects that they are really, in very many instances not paying the expense of culture.

One would naturally conclude that there must be some secret connected with all this, and so there is. At the village station the close observer won't notice piles of cotton bales, a circumstance calculated to create no particular interest in the South, but there, thousands of miles away from where it could be grown, it would take the form of a mystery. Stepping out upon the platform in quest of a solution, his ears would be greeted by a sound as of a water fall having a peculiar humming accompaniment — spindles. The case would be made plain—the strange in the village would be recognized as a manufacturing point, and then he would know that we, in a far off section, were digging its prosperity from our soil—feeding it into a vigorous life upon the very food for which our own towns were starving, and asking it nothing in return. Actually shipping our cotton at our expense, then, in order that it might grow fat on its business, buying its fabrics at its own profitable figures, and paying transportation on them to our homes—What a kind hearted people we Southerners must be!

Then for the secret of success among the farmers: Passing thro' the country with his eyes open, the close observer would at the proper season soon have his attention arrested by an approved mower sweeping over the meadow under the exclusive management of a youth say sixteen and accomplishing more in a day than could in that time be wormed out of a dozen freedmen with their scythes. A little later and he would see the younger brother of the youth driving through the field on a 'tedder,' turning the hay and then in due time would come a still smaller boy with a horse rake, followed by a trio of little fellows having all sorts of fun as they, with a hay fork, stored away the crop in the hay loft.

In everything done on the farm in New England, this same plan is resorted to. If the soil must be prepared, instead of putting a dozen freedmen at it with their mules and plows, to sweat through a week as we would do out comes a machine, managed by a boy or two, and in an incredibly short space of time the job was done, and well done. A lot of seed is to be sown that would give our hands a long tedious task, but then a tripping with a seed sower puts it down exactly right and in very short order. And when the crop is already to be hood, instead of charging it with a black army to play for pay; a boy harnessing his nag or a horse, takes his seat in a sulky, and rides about over the field hoeing several rows at a time. In short, New England works by machinery, and therein lies the secret of Yankee prosperity. She has simply changed places with us—she owns her labor. If it were otherwise, or in different words, did she have to work on our plan and depend on our kind of labor, and did we not in goodness of heart, give her the profits on our products, a few years would find her entirely depopulated—a happy hunting ground, upon which the red-man might pitch his wigwam, never to be disturbed by any encroachment of civilization.

There is no reason why we in the South should not own our labor in the same way, and set our spindles going, thus giving prosperity to our own towns and villages. We can never be a success till we do it. Let us think the matter over.

THE DOMESTIC RELATIONS OF THE THREE GREAT EDITORS.—The New York correspondent of the Augusta Constitutionalist calls attention to the fact that the editors of three great dailies of that city died as few men wish to die. He says:

Mr. Raymond, of the Times, was found soon after midnight in the hall of his dwelling, prostrated with apoplexy, and never spoke more; his wife and older children far from him, and he was buried by his business and political associates. Mr. Bennett, although an old man, had been entirely deserted by every one of his kith and kin, and in his last moments was ministered to only by his faithful servants, in the selection of which he was always fortunate. Mr. Greeley died as has been narrated. Besides, they were unfortunate in their marriage relations. Mr. Greeley and his wife had lived apart for fifteen years; and for years before the death of their husbands, Mrs. Bennett and Mrs. Raymond had lived in Europe. I believe however, that no estrangement had ever taken place between Mr. and Mrs. Bennett; it was simply indifference: their tastes and habits of thought were in opposite directions, and they followed them.

Prof. Liebig, the German Chemist, says good coffee should be rich in two principles, extract and aroma. When boiled a long time coffee is rich in extract but deficient in aroma: and when boiled only a short time it is rich in aroma but deficient in extract. In order to obtain both of these properties, Prof. Liebig directs us to take two-thirds of the ground coffee needed for the meal, put it into water and boil it briskly for a considerable time, and when the meal is nearly ready, take the coffee from the fire and add the remaining third of ground coffee; stir it well, let it stand a few minutes and serve.

The A. & C. Road has, apparently, been in a more irregular and defective condition, since again falling into the hands of Stanton, than ever before. The schedule time is not complied with at all, and when we get two or three tolerable mails a week, we have cause for great rejoicing. Three days often elapse ere we receive anything like a fair mail; therefore, our readers must not be astonished at the Blade's dearth of late news from abroad.—*Tuscaloosa Blade.*

Uncle L.—"Now, Sammy, tell me, have you read the beautiful story of Joseph?"
Sam—"Oh, yes, uncle."
Uncle—"Well, then, what wrong did they do when they sold their brother?"
Sammy—"They sold him too cheap, uncle, I think."

A train on the A. and C. Road ran off near Jones' Bluff on last Thursday and killed J. H. Hemphill, of Tuscaloosa. Another train on the same road ran off near Tuscaloosa, on Friday, and killed the conductor, Mr. Bell, and two brakemen. These railroad accidents are getting fearfully frequent.

O, the snow, the snow, the beautiful snow; such a hunky thing you know, you know; blueing your nose and chilling your toes, as whirling along the streets, it goes. No silly praise, not any for Joe, for that coldest of frauds, the beautiful snow.

"What are you doing there, you rascal?" "Merely taking cold, sir." "It looks to me as if you were stealing ice."—"Well—yes—perhaps it will bear that construction."

Geo. Peace, one of the men sentenced by Busteed to the Albany Penitentiary, has been pardoned by President Grant.

A train on the South and North Road ran off the track one day last week and injured fifteen or twenty persons.

By Telegraph.

WASHINGTON.

WASHINGTON, December 16.—The Supreme Court in the case of ex parte T. Jefferson Greer on a writ of habeas corpus to the Marshal of the District Court of South Carolina, Greer was held under a legal warrant from the Circuit Court upon an indictment of felony under the enforcement act. The question was one of jurisdiction and power of the Court to discharge the prisoner. The Court voted four and four and the writ was denied. A decision of the Court would have involved the constitutionality of the enforcement act. Adjourned.

HOUSE.—In the House to-day many bills were presented, including an appropriation to pay the awards of the Court of claims; repealing tobacco tax; refunding taxes collected on raw cotton; repealing taxes on spirits made from fruits; removing all political disabilities; importing duty free on iron for Helena and Drum Mountain railroad; surveying steamboat canal from Fernandena, Florida, to Orleans; improving certain Florida harbors and rivers.

Cox, of New York, moved to suspend the rules, and adopt resolutions reciting that the State government of Louisiana is now administered by orders from the federal courts, supported by federal bayonets. Such a condition of things being subversive of civil government and dangerous to liberty, and requesting the President to inform the House why the Executive of the United States interfered in the affairs of that State, giving all the facts; also to give all information on that subject relative to the conduct of E. H. Durrell, United States Judge there, so that the House may determine what steps, if any, ought to be taken in consequence of such interference in the political affairs of Louisiana.

Stevenson, of Ohio, asked Cox to omit the preamble.

Cox consented to that and to the insertion of the words, "if not incompatible with the public interests."

Eldridge, of Wisconsin, asked Cox not to insert those words, as there could be no such thing as incompatibility with the public interests in a matter of that kind.—Congress was entitled to know by what right or authority the President interfered in the civil government of a State.

Cox said he had inserted those words so as to have the resolution adopted without any partisan or acrimonious discussion. He only wanted the facts to come out, and all the basis for the President's action in that most important matter.

Sypher, of Louisian, denied that the President had interfered in any way in the Louisiana matter, except to order the execution of the mandates of the U. S. Court.

Cox declined to take the statement of Sypher or the newspapers in the matter.

Sypher said, "I will furnish the proof of it."

Cox said, "the gentleman cannot speak for the President. I want the information from the President."

Bingham, of Ohio, suggested to Cox to strike out the allusion to Judge Durrell, as the information which the President would furnish, would necessarily cover the point.

Cox said he did not intend to amend the resolution any further.

Schofield of Pennsylvania, asked Cox to omit the closing words of the resolution, "so that the House may judge," etc., which he thought implied that the House would do something perhaps offensive.

Cox declined to accede to the suggestion.

Many Republican members said, "let us vote it down."

The resolution was rejected.—Yeas 79: nays 99—a party vote.

Stephenson, of Ohio, then offered a resolution, which was adopted, requesting the President to communicate information relative to the condition of affairs in Louisiana and what action, if any, he has taken with regard thereto.

Adjourned.

LOUISIANA.

NEW ORLEANS, December 16.—B. L. Lynch, Republican, has been installed as Judge of the 4th District court. Benner was forcibly ejected. Benner held his commission from Warmoth. Lynch holds his commission from acting Governor Pinchback. Upon the return of the Bench Board the Federal court attached Warmoth for contempt in the case. Several Witnesses examined but no new developments were made. The matter is now taken under consideration by the Legislature. Impeachment postponed until Wednesday. It is stated the Governor won't answer citation. The ballot for United States Senator will take place tomorrow. Billings, Casey, Durell, Pinchback and Ex-Governor Hans will probably be nominated. Pinchback is supposed to be the strongest, nearly three-fourths of the Legislature being colored.

Gov. Lewis' Letter.

There are some sentences in this mendacious letter addressed by Mr. D. P. Lewis to the Attorney General of the United States, an extract from which we published in our yesterday morning's edition, which require something more than the brief and contemptuous notice we gave to the entire production. Lewis says in his concluding paragraph:

"I beg leave to state that I feel under obligations to Capt. Weir for his prompt response to Mr. Strobach's request and I must say that, in my judgment, his prompt presence alone prevented violence, revolution and bloodshed. If I, or any officer of my administration had been impeached and arrested, as was universally believed on Friday, no other power but the presence of national authority could have prevented the effusion of blood, or perhaps the destruction of the city. The summons of any local *posse* by the Sheriff would, on such an issue, have been so near an alignment by race, in this community, that the preservation of peace by such means would have been simply impossible. Capt. Weir has shown the highest qualities of an officer and a gentleman.

"I have the honor to be, your obedient servant, DAVID P. LEWIS.
Governor of Alabama."

It appears from this that his truthful (?) Excellency would have people believe that he had reason to anticipate being impeached and arrested on "Friday," and that the presence of the troops, appearing near the Capitol on that day, alone prevented the "effusion of blood," or "*perhaps the destruction of the city.*" He consequently designed, as he leaves us to infer, resisting his Impeachment by force, or his friends for him, and in the preservation of the peace, on such an issue, the "Sheriff's *posse* would have been so near an alignment of *race*," that bloodshed, and the probable destruction of Montgomery would have followed! We are compelled to declare that every statement here made by the Truthful Governor is absolutely unsupported by fact. There was on the "Friday" not the slightest indication of any "violence, revolution, (except Lewis' own) and bloodshed." There had not been before that day the *least* evidence pointing to violence or disorder of any kind. Lewis knew that no Resolutions looking to his impeachment had been even introduced into the House, much less any Articles of Impeachment! He knew that there had been no unusual crowds at the Capitol, but on the contrary, fewer persons attending the deliberations of the Legislature than usual. The public mind, both in the city and throughout the State, was by no means excited, because we had not sought to arouse it beyond a point of aroused observation. Subsequently, when a fortnight afterwards Resolutions contemplating the Impeachment of Lewis and his removal from office were proposed in the House, *he, himself, resorted at once to violence, and sent your Strobach on his insulting and dangerous mission in execution of an order to drive the Legislature out of the Capitol by closing their Chambers against them!* It was then that he attempted to embroil the soldiers in his illegal and treasonable proceedings, and that Captain Weir was too much of "an officer and gentleman" to be seduced into a false position by an unscrupulous Alabama scalawag who had crept by negro votes like a "cutpurse of the Empire and the Rule" into a once respectable office which so far he has only prostituted and degraded.

It appears then, that Mr. D. P. Lewis and his friends really intended to commit bloodshed had the Legislature dared to impeach him in due course of Law, and even to devote themselves "to the destruction of the City." It is impossible to find any other meaning in the words of this demented creature! But we differ from our once brave Confederate hero! We do not think a single drop of blood would have been shed, or a shanty of the smallest dimensions fired! It is our serious opinion, however, that, in the event of the fearless Governor Lewis having through his Sheriff, Strobach, resorted to an "alignment of race" for a *posse* on the occasion, and if any blood had been shed, or any movement towards the destruction of the city taken, not only would that *posse* have been in a bad way but certainly *one* man, before he had been thirty minutes older, would have been dangling at the end of a rope! We are satisfied that Lewis does gross injustice to Sheriff Strobach, who would never have thought of striking on the idea "of an alignment of race" and who would have seen Lewis at the devil ten times over before consenting to admit that he had imagined such a thing!

If Mr. Lewis entertained any self-respect, or possessed any consideration for the true interests of the people of Alabama, he would undoubtedly resign and go back to hunting "loyal chaimants" or mayhap to his "little mill." He has lost the confidence of every intelligent and respectable citizen in Alabama! He can be of no manner of use. Those whose poor, bungling, irresolute tool he has been, really despise him! He is not considered worthy of the wretched office to which he has been returned by the ignorant ballots of seventy thousand negroes, ten thousand white voters owned by the Blacks, and ten thousand fraudulent tickets without any legal voters at all! Here is a Governor to be admired! Here is an office worth holding! Here is something indeed for a man to sell his self-respect for, to forget that he was born of respectable parentage, and to deny his race and his country, that he might ignominously attain it! Hail to thee D. P. Lewis, *Governor* of Alabama!
Montgomery Advertiser.

Republican

JACKSONVILLE, ALABAMA.

SATURDAY, DEC. 21, 1872.

Pious Enterprise.

Rev. Mr. Hamilton, a methodist minister now stationed at Tuscaloosa, made a speech some days ago, in the Alabama Conference, of which he was formerly a member, which arrested our attention.

He spoke feelingly of his long connection with that Conference; of his sadness at being separated from it, if only for a time, and declared his intention, should he live, to return to it, perhaps in one year, at the end of two years at farthest. (The specific time may have been mentioned by Dr. Summers, in after remarks, to which, however, Mr. H. raised no objection.)

To the casual reader there is nothing in the declared intention of Mr. Hamilton to attract notice; but taken in connection with facts which we shall presently mention, it presents to the unsanctified mind a first-rate illustration of "whipping the devil around the stump," if such an expression be allowable in connection with affairs ecclesiastical.

We know that we run the risk of being called an "intruder" when we leave the field of politics to discuss the affairs of the Lord's chosen vessels; but even the "lost sheep" have a remote interest in the church, and to the extent of that interest, we propose to speak of the case in point.

A vacancy having occurred in the M. E. church at Tuscaloosa, one of the Bishops of the church exercised his prerogative and placed Bro. Hamilton, of the Alabama Conference, over that church, which, be it borne in mind, belongs to the North Alabama Conference as distinguished from the Alabama Conference. To this arrangement of the Bishop nobody demurred. This, however, being one of the two best appointments in the North Alabama Conference, the clergy of that Conference, it is natural to presume, desired that Bro. Hamilton, if he would enjoy the "fat things" of the Conference, should transfer to it. This was done, to the satisfaction of all parties, but with what sincerity on the part of the Reverend gentleman, is disclosed in his speech, to which we have alluded. After foraging on the rich pastures of his less fortunate brethren of this Conference, he "will doubtless return again," in *one* year, if the field should be taken from him at the end of that time by the North Alabama Conference, under the jurisdiction of which he will then be; in two years at farthest.

About the same thing has happened with the church at Huntsville, another pasture green. Bro. Ross, another member of the rich Alabama Conference, sallies forth and takes possession of that to the exclusion of the hard worked, poorly paid and, it would seem, unappreciated preachers of the Conference bounds in which Huntsville lies. He, too, will go back to his first love "when Providence opens the way;" that is, when there are no more Huntsvilles or Tuscaloosas in the North Alabama Conference for Bro. Ross to conquer. Indeed, Dr. Summers offered a Resolution, which was adopted by a rising vote, expressive of regret at the "necessity" of the transfer of Bro. Ross, and the willingness of the Conference to "welcome him back when Providence shall open the way." Yea, doubtless. Such material cannot be spared for good. The transfers are made to meet the present necessities of the case, begotten of the cultured and fastidious tastes of the children of God who worship in tabernacles at Huntsville and Tuscaloosa.

The inference that the ungodly will draw from all this is, that both the churches at Tuscaloosa and Huntsville, the Bishops and the Alabama Conference all agree in the opinion that the material wherewith the spiritual wants of these two churches are to be ministered unto, is not to be found in the North Alabama Conference. Such may be the case. That question we leave for the preachers, (who, as a class, are too meek to grumble at any injustice,) to settle. But, if such *be* the case, we, as one of the very sickliest stalks in the field already white to harvest, would call upon the Bishops for another shuffle and a new deal all around. Possibly, next time, the North Alabama Conference may draw a hand flush with Rosses and Hamiltons.

The modesty of Attorney General Williams in *advising* instead of *directing* what course the General Assembly of Alabama should pursue is only equalled by that of the revival Preacher during a time of great excitement who in his prayer after giving his own views of what it would be right and proper to do wound up as follows: "yet Oh, Lord! we would not presume to *direct* what you should do, but only give you the benefit of our advice." If Alabama was a sovereign State she would treat the effusions of the Attorney General in the same way that we presume the Almighty did that of his self-constituted adviser.

It is in order now for the Democratic wing of the Legislature to withdraw that "Address to the People of Alabama," wherein they showed how right they were in the position assumed; seeing as how they have abandoned that position at the bare "suggestion" of a man who had about as much to do with the affair as did the Mikado of Japan.

"Suggestions" are mightier than the sword. Grant's sword conquered Alabama in four years. Grant's suggestion did it in about five days.

We refer our readers to the proceedings of the Legislature, published in another column for details.

The Coming Empire.

It is astonishing how rapidly we are getting into monarchial usages and courtly phrases. The General Assembly of Alabama organized in conformity with law and the Constitution of the State. The Governor did not see fit to recognize this Constutional Legislature, but allied himself with the revolutionists in an attempt to overthrow the lawful Government of the State. Now although there is nothing in the Constitution of the United States which gives the President any more right or power to interfere in the matter than it does the Czar of Russia; yet both parties anticipating what will soon be the law hasten to lay their grievances at the foot of the throne and ask for the decision of his Imperial Highness. He through the law officer of the Crown responds to this appeal, and Governor Lewis thinks it an additional reason why we should not hesitate to obey the mandate thus issued that his majesty has been greciously pleased instead of commanding, to convey his decision by way of advice. We cannot be too grateful for the condescension on this part of his majesty.

He does not

"Shake his ambrosial locks and give the nod
The stamp of fate the sanction of a God."

But in the plenitude of his mercy first gently points out to his subjects the path of duty and loyal y.

Last week we found much to commend in the acts of our Representatives at Montgomery when it seemed they were about to assert the honor and dignity of the State and remove, by impeachment, the double traitor who was clogging the wheels of government; but that we were too hasty, after events proved. It was only a game of bluff after all, and Lewis and Parsons and White were better at that game than our men, and raked down the pool with the "suggestions" of Attorney-General Williams.

We could have wished, for the integrity of our party organization and the feelings of the men whom the body at the capitol represented, that they had not been so hasty to surrender.

"Grant's suggestion amounted to a command, and he would have enforced his command with the bayonet," some say.

Granted. Then on Grant and the party he heads would have rested the sole responsibility for the crime against the State and civil liberty, and the skirts of the Democracy would have been clear. As it is, we have helped establish a precedent and admitted a principle that will be very troublesome in future.

By becoming parties to the "compromise," we have become parties to the crime.

It would have been better for the Democratic members to have retired from the capitol in the face of cold steel and returned to their constituents, than that things should be as they are.

The Fifth Wheel.

Some people never can be satisfied at anything. Here, now, are some soreheads grumbling at the action of our Board of Education—that imported yankee notion brought down by the benignant carpet baggers.

True, as stated, that the Board has entailed a considerable expense on parents and put much money into the purse of the publisher of Brown's grammar by adopting that as a text book for our public schools; but didn't Cloud's radical Board legislate in the interest of A. S. Barnes & Co.? Didn't Cloud's crowd set a precedent? Say.

True, as a Board of Regents, they have not cut down the professorships of the University as the people who elected them expected they would; but on the contrary have filled two vacated chairs by two other professors, one of whom enjoys the distinction of being a Radical, but we must remember that Speed, the Radical Superintendent, is said to have great influence with the Board, and that, besides, our party is just now on the giving hand.

True that the students are leaving the University by fives in consequence of the election of a Radical to fill a vacant chair, by this most sapient Board of Regents; but what are a few students, what is the University, as compared to the benefits derivable from the legislation of our most essential fifth wheel legislature?

Abolish it?

Well, seeing as how the grumblers are bound to have their way, "Barkis is willin'."

One of the Democratic members of the Legislature voted with the Radicals on the temporary organization of the House, whereat the Radicals begin to wonder whether they will be able to "hold him" or not, and the Montgomery Advertiser pats him kindly on the back to bring him back to the Democratic line. It would perhaps be better for the Democratic party, in the long run, if the Radicals should not only succeed in holding him, but also succeed in tolling over all others likewise inclined. Such men are of no possible use to a party; but on the contrary are of postive injury. We have forgotten the name of the person in question, but it makes no difference, as our readers never heard of him, and would not know him by his name.

The late municipal election in Mobile, where a population of 32,000 voted 16,000, has actually made the Radicals ashamed of their infamous election law; and one Radical paper says both parties ought to unite in the passage of an honest election law. Surely the world is coming to an end, when a Radical paper pleads for honesty and fair play in elections. The paper that did it never issued another number.

Thursday night's flood was the largest ever known in this county. Some of the creeks rose six feet higher than ever before known within the knowledge of the oldest inhabitant.

If it makes no difference, the people would like to be informed as to the records made by Democratic members of the Legislature, in the late little game at Montgomery, in which our men laid down everything and took up nothing. Perhaps it may be asking too much, but it *would* be a great satisfaction to know how all the Democratic members stood on the question of the surrender. Now that the seal of secrecy is removed, cannot the Montgomery Advertiser give the desired information? We assure that influential journal that such a statement will be "mighty interesting reading" to its numerous subscribers.

Owing to the unparalleled freshets along the line of the Selma, Rome & Dalton Rail Road, we have had no mail from either north or south, and consequently, are ignorant of the proceedings of the Legislature later than we publish. Very little, if anything, has been done though, we presume, further than to investigate returns from the counties over which there is dispute.

Captions of Acts Passed by Board of Education.

An Act, for the relief of Alexander McKinstry, approved Dec. 2, 1872.

An Act, for the relief of Sophia W. Martin, approved Dec. 2, 1872.

An Act, to provide a contingent fund, approved Dec 2, 1872.

An Act, for relief of E. Mancill, Superintendant of Education of Covington county, approved Dec. 3, 1872.

An Act, for relief of Frank Dillon, approved Dec. 3, 1872.

An Act, for relief of Francis H. Yarbrough.

An Act, for relief of M. T. Whatley and Ed. W. Sewell, teachers of free public schools.

An Act, to empower County Superintendents to appoint examining Committees.

An Act, to provide for the introduction of Browne's Grammar into the Public Schools of the State.

An act, to provide for the distribution of all the surplus and unexpended funds belonging to the years 1868, 1869, 1870 and 1871

An act, to regulate the introduction of Text books in the Free Public Schools and for the protection of teachers.

An act, to require County Superintendents to have an office at the County Seat of their respective counties.

An act, to provide for bringing suit against defaulting School Officers.

An act, to constitute the city of Selma a School District and for the regulation of Public Schools therein.

An act, to establish a City Public School in the City of Opelika.

An act, to provide for the support of colored Normal Schools.

An act, to regulate Public Schools in the City of Eufaula.

An act, to provide for publication of School Laws.

An act, to constitute the City of Birmingham a School District for the regulation of Public Schools therein.

An act, for relief of Miss Lou Flake.

An act, to prevent the employment of teachers unless they can be promptly paid.

An act, to abolish the office of school directors.

An act, to establish a seperate school district in the corporate limits of the town of Ozark, in Dale county.

An act, for the relief of E. W. Vann.

An act, to extend the term of office of the present County Superintendent of Education.

An act, to provide for the distribution of unexpended funds in Talladega county.

An act, to provide for the publication of the apportionment of the school fund.

An act, for the relief of Miss C. A. Kimball.

An act, for the relief of Coosa Bailey.

An act to except Walker county from provisions of an act to fix the salaries of teachers and to provide for supplementing the same.

An act, to repeal section 1, article 9, of the school laws of Alabama as codified by Joseph Hodgson, late State Superintendent of Public Instruction.

An act, to provide for removal of County Superintendent of Education.

An act, in relation to the State Normal School at Florence.

Joint resolution, in relation to publication of proceedings of Boards of Education and Regents.

Joint Resolution, in Relation to proposed publication of school journal.

A Reminiscence of the late Edwin Forrest.

[From the New York World.]

How was he in his relation with other actors?"

"Just as he was with every body whom he met. if they happened to please him, well and good; if not it was uncomfortable for them if they came in contact with him. To use a slang word, he was extremely apt to 'bully' all in the theator, from the manager down. But he once met his match. It was when he was playing at the old Broadway Theater, near Pearl street. His pieces were followed by an exhibition of lions by their tamer, a certain Herr Driesbach. Forrest was one day saying that he had never been afraid in all his life—could not imagine the emotion. Driesbach made no remarks at the time, but in the evening, when the curtain had fallen, invited Forrest home with him. Forrest assented and the two entering a house, walked a long distance through many devious passages—all dark—until finally Driesbach, opening a door, said, 'This way, Mr. Forrest.'" Forrest entered and immediately heard the door slammed and locked behind him. He had not time to express any surprise at this, for at the same moment, he felt something soft rubbing against his leg, and putting out his hand touched what felt like a cat's back. A rasping growl saluted the motion, and he saw two fiery glaring eyeballs looking up at him. 'Are you afraid, Mr. Forrest?' asked Driesbach, invisible in the darkness. 'Not a bit.' Driesbach said something; the growl deepened and became hoarser, the back began to arch and the eyes to shine more fiercely. Forrest held out two or three minutes, but the symptoms became so terrifying that he owned up in so many words that he was afraid. 'Now let me out, you infernal scoundrel,' he said to the lion-tamer, 'and I'll break every bone in your body.' He was imprudent there, for Driesbach kept him, not daring to move a finger, with the lion rubbing against his leg all the time, until Forrest promised not only immunity but a champagne supper into the bargain-"

One of the new branches of industry that demands no capital and no special endowments is the mat trade. The way to obtain a stock in trade is to walk up to the front door of a dwelling, take a mat go home and wash it and then go back and sell it to the former owner. The profits are immense says the New York Commercial.

A Reminiscence.—In the past career of Hon. Henry Wilson there was an intermediate stage between the "Natick Cobbler" and the Vice Presidency, when his fortunes presented a very marked contrast to his present eminent position. It was about 1849-50, when he edited a small daily paper called the Boston Whig, and a small room in a very shabby old building at the junction of Water and Devonshire sts., and Spring lane was alike his editorial sanctum, printing office and dormitory. Thither came, like Nicodemus at night, Charles Sumner and Charles Francis Adams, with hurried, stealthy footsteps, bringing their contributions to the precious sheets, and there in that humble upper chamber this rare triumvirate of Wilson, Sumner and Adams met nightly to arrange those plans that eventuated in placing one at the head of the Senate Committee of Foreign Relations; another, Chairman of the War Committee and Vice President elect, and the third Ambassador to England, during the civil war, which their machinations did much to fetch on.—*Boston Correspondent of the Salem Gazette.*

The year which is now drawing to a close has witnessed the disappearance by death of some of the most notable characters in the United States. Among them we may notice Greeley and Bennett in Journalism; Fisk and Pike in the world of business enterprise and venture, and Edwin Forrest, the great representative of the drama. In politics and official life, is Wm. H. Seward. In their several departments all these men were giants. None were better known to the American people. We had been so long accustomed to their presence that it did not seem possible that they would ever leave us. But, in the language of Edmund Burke, "what shadows we are and what shadows we pursue!"

The *Courier-Journal* says Theodore Tilton, in his 'Personal Retrospect of the Campaign,' pays this noble tribute to Southern Democrats: "Many of the extremest Democrats;" says he—"whom I had traditionally disliked since 1856—emerged upon me like shining stars though the darkness with which I had ignorantly clouded their names. Sir Philip Sidney; were he alive would acknowledge them for types of ideal gentlemen. They enter into my mind to occupy its highest places; and to set therein with that conclave of true souls whom every man, in his own way, selects for himself, and with whom, in memory, he holds perpetual parliament." Mr. Tilton not only tells the truth in this superb sentence but he tells it beautifully and eloquently.

So, Patterson, of Pennsylvania, who in 1864, only eight years ago, ran for Congress in that State, has bought one of the two seats in the United States Senate from South Carolina. The old rotten borough system of electing members of Parliament in England, which was abolished in 1832 was an excellent thing compared with the corrupt Senatorial representation which the dominant party in the North has established in the South. Only think of the tool of Cameron, of Pennsylvania, filling the seat of John C. Calhoun.

Buckell's Digest of the Alabama Supreme Court Decisions.—The first volume of this invaluable work to Alabama lawyers has been published and is for sale at Murray's Book Store. No lawyer in the State was more competent to prepare such a work; and we have no doubt that he has discharged the duty in the most satisfactory manner.

It has been before been stated that the $75,000 prize in the Louisville lottery was drawn by a club in Columbus, Ind. it was composed of a saloon-keeper, a crockery merciant, a grocer, a farmer, a "drummer," a retired merchant, a builder, a blacksmith, and a carpenter. They paid $10 apiece for $7,500, but one of them sold half of his ticket to an insurance agent for $5, and these two divide their tenth equally between them. Columbus is wild with excitement over the city's good luck and everybody there is looking out for a chance to buy more lottery tickets.

By a dispatch published from Attorney-General Williams, it seams that the Federal government has determined to "recognize" one of the contending factions in Louisiana. Being old fashioned enough to still turn to the Constitution to find the warrant. for any intervention of the Federal power, we can find none for this new function of "recognition." The chaotic condition of several of the Southern States is due to the mistaken policy of "Reconstruction;" which has been in the source of infinite corruption and confusion, the best remedy for which lies now in the strict adherence of the Federal goverment to its Constitutional functions.—*Philadelphia Age.*

Receipt for Corns.—The following is an English remedy: Bathe the feet well in warm water, then with a sharp instrument pare off as much of the corn as can be done without pain or causing it to bleed, and dress once a day with the following salve: Black oxide of copper, gr. xv.; lard, oz. ss.

Robt Dale Owen says that the years mentioned in the book of Genesis meant months, and thus brings Methuselah down a peg or two. A correspondent in a religious exchange takes up this idea and applies it to Shem. "Shem was 100 years old and begat Arphaxad." That is, he was a little over eight years of age, according to Owen. Fast young man that Shem.

To color hair black, and not stain the skin, it is asserted that liquid may be made by taking one part of bay rum, three parts of olive oil, and one part of good brandy, by measure. The hair must be washed with the mixture every morning and in a short time the use of it will make the hair a beautiful black, without injuring it in the least. The article must be of the best quality, mixed in a bottle, and always shaken before applied.

A famous skater died in New York, the other day, and while preaching the funeral sermon the minister said he had "gone where there is no ice," thus leaving the friends of the poor fellow the melancholy reflection that he must either come down to roller skates or abandon the business altogether.

A village was once defined to be a community blessed with a dozen or so sprightly individuals possessed of great conversational powers, whose duty it was to collect all the slanderous tales, and idle gossip afloat around among the people, to polish all they heard into forcible language, then to believe that it is true, and retail it as such, throughout the entire community,

The two branches of the Alabama Legislature have united, and affected a permanent organization. In what position does this place Mr. Spencer, who claims to have been re-elected Senator from Alabama by one of these bodies? Certainly no claim can now be set up, that the body which elected him was the legal Legislature of the State.
Philadelphia Age.

The dangers of the Presidential Electorial College were forcibly exposed by the late Senator Thomas H. Benton, of Missouri, as far back as 1824, in a powerful speech, which he made in Congress in favor of the abolition of the College, he said that "the Elector may betray the wishes of the people, by selling his votes. The violation is easy, because he votes by ballot. Detection is impossible, because he does not sign his vote. The restraint is nothing but his own conscience, for there is no legal punishment for his breach of trust."

Remedy for Chronic Diarrhœa.—Take two tablespoons full of molasses, one teaspoonful of castor oil, and ten drops of laudanum; stir them all well together, so that they are thoroughly mixed; one tablespoonful three times a day, until the diarrhœa is checked.

Atmospheric waves are going to be the fahsion for ladies hair this winter.—This will add a capilary attraction to the dear creatures.

A Vain Hope.

Then we hope the Capitol Legislature will never compromise law and principle. If there is no other alternative left them but to yield, rather let them come home to their injured constituents at once, than to retain their seats and become accessories to the assassination of Alabama's freedom. If we must perish, rather let us die as slaves than as villians.—*Cherokee Advertiser.*

THE STATE OF ALABAMA,
Calhoun County.

Court of Probate for said County, *December 16th, 1872.*

THIS day came W. W. Little, as the Administrator de bonis non, with the will annexed, of Hezekiah Cross, deceased, and presents and files in court his petition in writing, representing that said decedent died seized and possessed of the following described Lands, lying and being situated in said county, to-wit: The south west fourth of Fractional Section three, township 13, range 10 east, in the Coosa Land District.

Petitioner further alleges, that the following named persons are the heirs at law and legatees of said Hezekiah Cross deceased, to wit: Lethey Alexander, Sarah P. Stewart, wife of Wm. J. Stewart, Tennessee Baird, wife of Henry Baird, and Mary Cross, all of whom reside in Calhoun county, Ala., and are over the age of twenty-one years. Nancy Slayton, wife of A. J. Slayton, Mira C. Cross, Newton Cross and George Cross, who are over the age of twenty-one years, and reside in the State of ——, Post-office unknown to petitioner, and John Woolf, minor heir of ——— Woolf, deceased, aged about thirteen years.

Petitioner further alleges, that said land cannot be equitably divided among said heirs without a sale of the same.

It is ordered by the court, that the 26th day of January, 1873, be set for the hearing of said petition and the granting of said order.

It is further ordered, that notice of said application be given to said non-resident heirs, by publication in the Jacksonville Republican, for three successive weeks, notifying them to be and appear at a special term of said court to be holden at the court house of said county, on said 26th day of January, 1873, and defend against said petition if they think proper.

A. WOODS, Judge of Probate.
Dec. 21, 1872—3t.

Tax Assessor's Notice.

LIST of appointments of HENRY FITZ, Tax Assessor of Calhoun County, Alabama.

Precinct	No. 10,	Rabbit Town, Monday January 20, 1873.
"	" 11,	White Plains, Tuesday, Jan. 21, 1873.
"	" 12,	Corn Grove, Wednesday Jan. 22, 1872.
"	" 13,	Oxford, Thursday, January 23, 1872.
"	" 4,	I. M. Ford's, Friday January 24, 1873.
"	" 3,	June Bug, Saturday January 25, 1873.
"	" 2,	Alexandria, Monday January 27, 1873.
"	" 14,	Sulphur Springs, Tuesday, Jan. 28, 1873.
"	" 5,	Polkville, Wednesday, Jan. 29, 1873.
"	" 6,	Peak's Hill, Thursday Jan. 30, 1873
"	" 7,	Hollingsworth's Friday Jan. 31, 1873.
"	" 1,	Jacksonville, Saturday February 1, 1873.
"	" 8,	Edward Allen's Monday Feb 3, 1873.
"	" 9,	Cross Plains, Tuesday Feb 4, 1873. Ladiga, Wednesday Feb. 5, 1873.

I will attend at the times and places above mentioned, for the purpose of assessing the State and county Taxes.

HENRY FITZ,
Tax Assessor.

Dec. 21 1873.

Strayed or Stolen.

FROM the undersigned, 3 Head of Cattle—one grown cow and two heifer Yearlings. The three cattle nearly white. The cow had on a dull sounding bell. Information of them thankfully received, and a reasonable reward for their return.

S. E. DOWDELL.
Alexandria, Ala., Dec. 21, 1872—4t.

Don't Fail

When you go to

MONTGOMERY

to go to

Wharton's New Louisville

FURNITURE STORE,

Montgomery, Ala.

Bed Room Setts, Fine Parlor Setts, and Furniture of all styles and grades make up his stock.

Parties from the country desiring to purchase Furniture, will find it to their advantage, before purchasing elsewhere, to address Wharton's New Louisville
Furniture Store,
Montgomery, Ala.

AN ORDINANCE.

Water Rates.

Be it ordained by the Mayor and Councillors of Jacksonville, That the following shall be the rates of taxes, annually, for the use of water from the Public Water Works of the Town, from and after the 1st day of January, 1873.

For a family of 3 persons or less,	$ 8 00.
For each person in family over 3,	1 00.
For each horse, mule or cow kept by private family,	1 00.
For each private bath tub or bath house,	1 00.
For each dry goods or grocery store,	8 00.
For each drug store.	8 00.
For each confectionary, bake shop or restaurant,	8 00.
For each Female Academy,	10 00.
Calhoun Male College,	15 00.
For each blacksmith shop, (two forges or less,)	5 00.
For each additional forge,	1 00.
For each shoe-maker's, saddler's tailor's, cabinet, tin or wagon shop,	5 00.
For each barber shop,	5 00.
For each printing office,	5 00.
For each public bath tub,	4 00.
For each washer-woman who takes in washing for others,	5 00
For each steam engine, 3 horse power or less,	10 00.
For each power over three.	1 00.
For each drinking saloon, where liquors are retailed,	15 00.
For each beer saloon, where beer of any kind is sold,	16 00.
For each drinking saloon, connected with a hotel, where liquors are sold,	16 00.
For each water closet in public building,	3 00.
For each water closet in private house,	1 00.
For the jailor of Calhoun county,	20 00.
For each urinal sink, public,	2 00.
" " " " private,	1 00.
For each dentist's office,	5 00.
For each law office,	5 00.
For each doctor's office,	5 00.
For each insurance office,	5 00.
For each broker's office,	5 00.
For each banking house, public or private,	5 00.
For Sheriff's office, Clerks office & Judge of Probate's office, each	5 00.
For each mortar yard,	10 00
For each stone or brcik mason using water for building purposes,	5 00.
For each Daguerreotype or Photograph establishment,	5 00.
For each stock or cattle yard,	5 00.
For each Soda fount,	5 00.
For each Billiard Saloon or bolling ally.	5 00.

Special rates for Hotel, livery stable & any other purposes not specified will be made by the corporate authorities.

Be it further ordained, the water Tax above imposed shall be paid quarterly in advance on the 1st days of January, April July and October, of each year; and it shall be the duty of the marshal to collect said water Tax on the days above specified, and that consumers shall be subject to all such rules and regulations respecting the use and waste of the water, and changes in the amount of water Tax, as the corporate authorities of said Town may impose.

Be it further ordained, That if any person having a hydrant shall refuse or fail to pay said water tax on demand, it shall be the duty of the Marshall to shut off the water, and keep it shut off till such water tax shall be paid.

Be it further ordained, That if after the water shall be shut off any person shall turn it on, and use the water without paying such tax, he shall be fined therefor not less than five dollars, and not more than fifty dollars.

Be it further ordained, That if any person not having a hydrant shall use the water from the works, after a demand for said taxes, on a refusal or failure to pay the same, he shall be fined not less than five dollars, and not more than fifty dollars.

GEO. I. TURNLEY,
Intendant.

JNO. M. CALDWELL,
Secretary T. C.

Nances Creek Local.

I have lately removed and fitted up my gin to run by water power, 8 miles east of Jacksonville, on Nances Creek, on the Sam Morgan old place. My cotton gin, Brown's Improved Machine is doing the best of work and will gin the next crop for the 15th. I also have a corn mill and am now ready to grind for the public. Come and give me a trial.

Satisfaction guaranteed.

REUBEN P. MORGAN.
Dec. 21, 1872.—3t.,

THE MOBILE

LIFE INSURANCE CO.

This first class Southern Company is a grand success. It has issued over One Hundred policies during the past year. It was organized by the leading business men in the State with the view of stopping the flow of money to Northern Insurance Companies. It has succeeded wonderfully. Over One Hundred Thousand Dollars have been kept in this State that would have otherwise been sent out.

ITS CAPITOL,..... ..$300,000,

Is securely invested, and its accumulations are all kept in our midst, thereby enhancing the value of our property and developing our resources. Every Alabamian should insure in this safe, home company.

I. Because every dollar is kept in our State instead of being sent out.

II. It is economically and prudently managed.

III. Its managers are gentlemen whom we all know—and whom we can trust; they are well and favorably known throughout the South.

The Gadsden, Col. R. B. Kyle, President, has directors in Gadsden and Jacksonville.

R. O. RANDALL,
Manager of Agencies.

L. W. Grant and J. M. Carroll, Directors in Jacksonville.

THE STATE OF ALABAMA,
Calhoun County.

Probate Court, Dec. 12th, 1872.

R. R. Boles', deceased, Estate.

This day came W. W. Little, the administrator of said estate, and filed his scatement, accounts, vouchers and evidences for a final settlement of his administration. It is ordered that the 7th day of January, 1873, be appointed a day on which to make such settlement, at which time all persons interested can appear and contest the said settlement if they think proper.

A. WOODS, Judge of Probate.

CATCH THE THIEF!

A reward of Twenty Dollars is offered by the undersigned living in Choccolocco valley for the arrest and delivery to him of Henry Taylor, a colored man, who on the night of the 11th instant took from the undersigned a large portion of his gin band. Said Henry Taylor is a dark mulatto, about 5 feet, 9 or 10 inches high, is heavy built and weighs about 165 pounds and is about 34 or 35 years old, wears a moustache and had on when he left, a white hat, and shoes half-soled from a portion of the gin band.

The thief has a brother living near Cross Plains.

H. P. WHITESIDE.
Dec14—3t

CONFECTIONARIES!

I have on hand and am receiving a fresh stock of fine Confectionaries to which the attention of the public is respectfully invited. I am determined to sell as *cheap* as the *cheapest* and on this basis shall expect a liberal share of patronage. The Ladies are especially invited to call and examine the quality & price of my varied assortment of

Fruits and Candies.

A supply of Fine Tobaccos and Cigars on hand for the Gentlemen.

P. J. GARRETT.

An Ordinance.

Be it ordained by the Intendant and Councilors of the town of Jacksonville, Alabama, that any person or persons who shall fire, shoot or burn fire-crackers, rockets, or other fire-works within the corporate limits of said town shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and, upon conviction, shall be fined five dollars for each and every offense.

GEO. I. TURNLEY,
Intendant.

JNO. M. CALDWELL,
Secretary, T. C.

Repairs of Court House.

The undersigned, Commisioners, appointed by the Commissioners Court of Calhoun county, Alabama, will receive sealed proposals, to be deposited at the counting room of Rowan, Dean & Co., until the 1st of January, 1873, for repairing the Court House, to consist of repairs on the wood work, the Brick work, and the repairing of the entire building.

P. ROWAN,
L. W. CANNON,
J. M. CARROLL. } Com'ers.

dec14—3t.

CHANCERY COURT

By order of Hon. B. B. McCraw, Chancellor for the Eastern Chancery Division, State of Alabama, a special term of the Chancery Court for Cleburne county, will be held, at Edwardsville, Saturday, Dec. 28th, 1872.

REGISTER IN CHANCERY,
Cleburne County.

Dec. 14—3t.

It Leads to Happiness!

A BOON TO THE WHOLE RACE OF WOMEN!

DR. J. BRADFIELD'S

FEMALE REGULATOR

It will bring on the Menses: all pain at the monthly "Period;" cure Rheumatism and Neuralgia of Back and Uterus; Leucorhœa or "Whites," and partial prolapsus Uteri; check excessive flow, and correct all irregularities peculiar to ladies.

It will remove all irritation of Kidneys & Bladder; relieve Costiveness; purify the Blood; give tone & strength to the whole system; clear the skin imparting a rosy hue to the cheek, & cheerfulness to the mind.

It is as sure a cure in all the above diseases as Quinine is in Chills & Fever.

Ladies can cure themselves of all the above diseases without revealing their complaints to any person, which is always mortyfying to their pride and modesty.

It is recommended by the best physicians and the clergy.

LaGrange, Ga., March 23, 1870.

BRADFIELD & CO., Atlanta, Ga.—Dear Sirs: I take pleasure in stating that I have used for the last twenty years, the medicine you are now putting up, known as Dr. J. Bradfield's FEMALE REGULATOR, and consider it the best combination ever gotten together for the disease for which it is recommended. I have been familiar with the prescription both as a practitioner of medicine and in domestic practice, and can honestly say that I consider it a boon to suffering females, and can but hope that every lady in our whole land, who may be suffering in any way peculiar to their sex, may be able to procure a bottle, that their sufferings may not only be relieved, but that they may be restored to health and strength. With my kindest regards,

I am respectfully, W. B. FERRELL, M.D.

Near Marietta, Ga., March 21, 1870.

MESSRS. WM. ROOT & SON.—Dear Sirs: Some months ago I bought a bottle of BRADFIELD'S FEMALE REGULATOR from you, and have used it in my family with the utmost satisfaction, and have recommended it to three other families, and they have found it just what it is recommended. The females who have used your REGULATOR are in perfect health, and are able to attend to their household duties, and we cordially recommended it to the public.

Yours respectfully, Rev. H. B. JOHNSON

We could add a thousand other cirtificates; but we consider the above ample proof of its virtue. All we ask is a trial.

For full particulars, history of diseases, and certificates of its wonderful cures, the reader is referred to the wrapper round the bottle.

Manufactured & sold by

BRADFIELD & CO.,

Price $1.50. Atlanta, Ga.

Sold by all Druggists.

JUST RECEIVED AT

Dr. Francis'

DRUG STORE

A Fresh Supply of

DRUGS,

Medicines,

And all Toilet and Fancy Articles usually kept in the Drug line. Call and examine. North West corner Public square, Jacksonville, Ala.

Oct29dtd.

NEW FAMILY GROCERY

H. FITZ & CO.

Have just opened at STEVENSON'S CORNER, an assortment of

GROCERIES,

CONSISTING IN PART OF

Sugar, Coffee, Salt,

A Large Stock of Superior Quality and Every Variety of

SYRUP & MOLASSES,

OYSTERS, SARDINES, CHEWING AND SMOKING TOBACCO, PEPPER, SPICE, PICKLES, &c., &c., &c.

They will also keep on hand

FLOUR, MEAL, BACON & LARD

Christmas Toys,

They will keep a full Stock of superior Articles, and sell on good terms to purchasers. They will also exchange Groceries, upon fair and liberal terms, for

Country Produce

of almost every description. Give us a call, examine our Stock, and satisfy yourselves that we can make it your interest to trade with us.

H. FITZ, & CO.
Jacksonville, Dec. 14, 1872—3m.

R. R. R.

Radway's Ready Relief

CURES THE WORST PAINS in from One to Twenty Minutes. NOT ONE HOUR

after reading this advertisement need any one SUFFER WITH PAIN.

RADWAY'S READY RELIEF IS A CURE FOR EVERY PAIN.

It was the first and is

The Only Pain Remedy

that instantly stops the most excruciating pains, allays Inflammations, and cures Congestions, whether of the Lungs, Stomach or other glands or organs, by one application. IN FROM ONE TO TWENTY MINUTES, no matter how violent or excruciating the pain the RHEUMATIC, Bed-ridden, Infirm, Crippled, Nervous, Neuralgic, or prostrated with disease may suffer,

RADWAY'S READY RELIEF

Will afford instant Ease.

Inflamation of the Kidneys,
Inflamation of the Bladder.
Inflamation of the Bowels,
Congestion of the Lungs,
Sore Throat, Difficult Breathing,
Palpitation of the Heart.
Hysterics, Croup, Diphtheria,
Catarrh, Influenza.
Headache, Toothache,
Neuralgia, Rheumatism.
Cold Chills, Ague Chills,

The application of the READY RELIEF to the part or parts where the difficulty exists will afford ease and comfort.

Twenty drops in half a tumbler of water will in a few moments cure Cramps, Sour Stomach, Heartburn, Sick Headache, Diarrhea, Dysentery, Colic, Wind in the Bowels, and all Internal Pains.

Travelers should always carry a bottle of RADWAY'S READY RELIEF with them. A few drops in water will prevent sickness or pains from change of water. It is better than French Brandy or Bitters as a stimulant.

FEVER AND AGUE.

Fever and Ague cured for fifty cents. There is not a remedial agent in this world that will cure Fever and Ague, and all other Malarious, Bilious, Scarlet, Typhoid, Yellow, and other Fevers (aided by RADWAY'S PILLS) so quick as RADWAY'S READY RELIEF. Fifty cents per bottle.

DR. RADWAY'S Sarsaparillian Resolvent

Has made the most astonishing cures so quick, so rapid are the changes the body undergoes, under the influence of this truly wonderful Medicine, that

Every day an increase in Weight and Flesh is Felt.

THE GREAT BLOOD PURIFIER.

Every drop of SARSAPARILLIAN RESOLVENT communicates through the Blood, Sweat, Urine, and other fluids and juices of the system *the vigor of life*, for it repairs the wastes of the body with new and sound material. *Scrofula, Syphilis, Consumption, Glandular disease, Ulcers in the throat, Mouth, Tumors, Nodes in the Glands and other parts of the system, Sore Eyes, Strumorous discharges from the Ears, and the worst forms of Skin diseases, Ringworms, Fever Sores, Scald Head, Ring Worms, Salt Rheum, Erysipelas, Acne, Black Spots, Worms in the Flesh, Tumors, Cancers in the Womb,* and all wonkening and painful discharges, Night Sweats, Loss of Sperm, and all wastes of the life principle, are within the curative range of this wonder of Modern Chemistry, and a few days' use will prove to any person using it for either of these forms of disease its potent power to cure them.

If the patient, daily becoming reduced by the wastes and decomposition that is continuly progressing, succeeds in arresting these wastes, and repairs the same with new material, made from healthy blood—and this the SARSAPARILLIAN will and does secure—a cure is certain; for when once this process commences its work of purification, and dy commences its repairs will be rapid, and every day succeeds in diminishing the loss of w its repairs will be rapid, and every day patient will feel himself growing better and improving, and weight increasing.

Not only does the Sarsaparilian Resolvent excels all known remedial agents in the cure of Chronic, Scrofulous, Constitutional, and Skin diseases; but it is the only positive cure for

Kidney and Bladder Complaints,

Urinary, and Womb diseases, Gravel, Diabetes, Dropsy, Stoppage of Water, Incontinence of Urine, Bright's Disease, Albuminuria, and in all cases where there are brick dust deposits, or the water is thick, cloudy, mixed with substances like the white of an egg, or threds like white silk, there is morbid, dark, billious appearance, and when there is bone-dust deposits, and when there is pricking, burning sensation when passing water, and pain in the Small of bte Back and along the Loins.

DR. RADWAY'S PERFECT PURGATIVE PILLS,

perfectly tasteless, elegantly coated with sweet gum, purge, regulate, purify, cleanse and strengthen. Radway's Pills, for the cure of

Republican

LOCAL.

Dr. G. G. Porter,

DENTIST.

Next East of Rowan's Store.

TWO nice rooms—one for operative and the other for Mechanical Dentistry, a fine Silk Plush and Spring bottom Operating chair. Just received a new supply of Dental instruments and materials.—Tooth powders, Mouth washes, Tooth soap, and indeed everything necessary to success. So come one, come all; I will do the very best for you I can, and for as little money as possible.

April 20th, 1872.—tf.

The books of Subscription to the Capital Stock of the Iron Works, to be located 6 miles north of Jacksonville, are in the hands of L. W. Cannon, at the office of the Judge of Probate.

Nov. 30—5t.

Col. Parr has on hand and to arrive, the largest and best selected stock of Plantation and Family Supplies ever brought to Jacksonville. He is now receiving 600 Packages of Goods, all of which will be in store for Christmas. Do not fail to call and examine his large stock. He is determined not to be undersold.

☞A rumor having by some means got afloat, that Jacob Rosenberg was going to leave this place, we are glad to be enabled authoritatively to contradict it. He is not only not going to leave, but is permanently settled here in business. We are glad of this, because we have always found him correct, fair, liberal and generous in his dealings, and giving universal satisfaction to his patrons.

Col. Parr offers you Apples, Pine Apples, Oranges, Lemons, Figs, Raisins, Currents, Cherries, Peaches, Pickles, Cutsups and Sauces of different kinds, also Sugar, Coffee and Syrups that cannot be surpassed neither in quality or price.

We direct especial attention to the advertisement of Wharton's New Louisville Furniture Store. This is one of the largest establishments of its kind in Montgomery, and undoubtedly can sell better bargains in furniture than any other house that we are acquainted with in Montgomery, Rome, Selma or Atlanta. The proprietor is one of the cleverest of men, and will take great pleasure in showing parties through his immense stock, even if they should not desire to purchase. We advise all persons who send abroad for their furniture, to patronize Wharton, at Montgomery.

Go to Col. Parr's to buy your Confections and Family Groceries, Fruits and every other article kept in in a First Class Establishment.

ATTRACTIVE.—The family grocery store of Messrs. W. T. & C. S. Alexander is extremely neatly arranged. But this is not the most attractive feature of their establishment by any means with their customers. The quality of their goods as well as the cheap prices at which they offer them do more towards drawing customers to their house than anything else, except it be the politeness of that gentlemanly and affable young man, Charlie Alexander. And right here we may be permitted to say that Charlie is one of the politest and handsomest young men in Jacksonville. The firm have just received a new lot of family groceries, including the finest of flour, meal, buckwheat, syrup, meats, salt, tobaccos, cigars, and a large and well selected assortment of confectionaries. Call and examine their goods and prices and be convinced that we have told the truth.

KRISTMUS IS A KOMIN!!!—If you don't believe it go to Parr's and see his Toy-tea-sets, dogs, horses, cats, birds, hams, turkies, bacon and other Kristmus fixins Furskins and AIGS taken in exchange.

We attract attention to the advertisement of the Mobile Life Insurance Company—the best company doing business in this country for our people to invest in. We will have more to say of the merits of the company in our next regular issue.

ATTENTION HEARTLESS. — Call on Col. Parr and he will furnish you with (sweet) hearts.

The Firemen will have a Christmas Soiree, at the Female Academy, Thursday night, 26th. The ladies are invited to be present.

"The old folks at home" will find it to their interest to consult with Santa Clus at his Head-quarters in Col. Parr's store.

Next week being Christmas holiday we shall not issue a paper, more than a kind of extra to answer the purpose of giving the legal notices the legal number of insertions.

Go to Col. Parr's to get your Candies, Nuts, Jellies, Preserved Fruits, Fish, Oysters and all kinds of family supplies.

Jacksonville Female Academy.

A Musical and Dramatic Entertainment will be given by the Pupils of the Female Academy, Monday, 6 o'clock P. M., 23rd instant, at Calhoun College. Public is respectfully invited to attend. Admittance free.

J. K. ARMSTRONG.
Principal.

Jacksonville, Dec. 19th, 1872.

☞ Look *Here!*

I ask *all* indebted to me to come forward and make payment. I *am in earnest.* Please delay not, but *come quickly!*

Respectfully,
E. L. WOODWARD.

Dec 21—3t.

HARD TIMES

Is just now the cry with everybody that one meets. It is time that

BUSINESS IS DULL

But this, far from raising the price of Goods actually works a reduction; for when

MONEY IS SCARCE

It harder to get at by the merchant and he is induced to make a sacrifice of merchandise to obtain it. To prove this fact, you only have to call upon

J. ROSENBERG

And see the really marvelous bargains that he is giving to all who trade with him. A trial will satisfy.

ALABAMA LEGISLATURE.

HOUSE.

TUESDAY, December 17.

The House met pursuant to adjournment.

Mr. Jones of Lee from the committee appointed to confer with a like committee from the body at the Court rooms submitted the following:

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES,
MONTGOMERY, ALA., Dec. 17.

The committee appointed by this House to act in concurrence with a similar committee on the part of the Senate, and to meet in conference with the committee of the Court House Assembly, beg leave to report:

1st. That Tuesday the 17th, at noon, was agreed upon as the time for the temporary organization of the Legislature upon the plan submitted by the Attorney-General of the United States, and the committee appointed by the two bodies have adopted the following resolutions:

The Attorney-General's plan was taken as a basis of action, and for the purpose of carrying the same into effect, the following rules were adopted: "Provided that nothing in this adjustment be construed by either party to the same on admission of illegality in the organization of their respective bodies.

2d. On entering the Hall, persons holding certificates and entitled to seats under the rule laid down by the Attorney-General, shall present the same and their names shall be registered by the chief clerks of the two Houses, each of said clerks shall make a register and the two shall be compared and made uniform.

3rd. In electing a temporary chairman, the vote shall be taken by call of the roll of names so registered, each clerk keeping a tally, and the person receiving the highest number of votes shall be chairman of the temporary osganization.

4th. The officers of the two organizations shall tender their resignations in writing, to be filed with the chief clerks of their respective Houses, and to take effect upon a permanent organization in the manner suggested by the Attorney-General.

5th. The chief clerks of both bodies shall call the roll of their respective Houses, for election of temporary chairman and clerk.

6. The same rules adopted as applicable to the House, shall apply to the Senate, Provided, That the Lieutenant-Governor shall preside over the Senate.

The committee further report, that, in order to expedite the counting of the ballots, it was agreed that subpœnas duces tecum be issued to the Probate Judges of the counties of Marengo, Butler, Conecuh and Escambia, requiring them to bring the precinct returns and poll lists of their counties, to be used in determining the contest for seats; that, in order to expedite the production of persons and papers, communications were addressed to the Probate Judges of said counties, requesting them to hasten to the Capital with all dipatch, with the returns of the votes cast at the several precincts of their counties for representatives and senators; also the poll lists and ballots at said election.

(Signed)
Thos. B. Cooper,
A. Cunningham,
L. Walter,
Jno. A. Terrel,
Committee of Senate.
Sam. G. Jones,
B. F. Taylor,
J. H. Cowan,
Committee of House.
A. P. Wilson,
Chas. S. G. Doster,
A. H. Curtis,
Senate Com. Court House.
Alex. White,
G. W. Lawrence,
Jno. Bruce,
Lewis Parsons,
Reuben Jones,
Com. House, Court House.

The following resolution was then adopted:

That either or any party or person interested in the issue in controversy shall have the right to sue out process for obtaining such proof as may be deemed necessary and proper and for the purpose, may call upon the proper offices, of either organization (that at the Capitol or that at the Court House) to issue and execute such process.

Respectfully submitted.

SAM. G. JONES, Ch'm.

The report was adopted, and, on motion of Mr. Boyd, the House adjourned until 12 o'clock.

At 12 o'clock the body from the United States court room entered the hall of the house. The lobbies and gallery of the were fairly packed—the latter with negroes. When all parties were seated, Mr. Jones, chairman of the house conference committee, stated that in order that all might understand the nature of the present proceedings, he moved that the resolutions adopted by the committees establishing rules to be observed in the reorganization be read, which was accordingly done.

Mr. Alexander White, chairman of the Court House conference committee, then stated that the two committees had agreed that the roll should be called by the clerks of the respective bodies. As the counties were called, members would come forward, present their certificates, and register their names, which was likewise done.

[As the roll was called members came forward and enrolled their names. On count it was found that the Radicals had a majority of eight or nine in the house. Lewis E. Parsons was elected speaker. White, McAffee and a nigger shot off their mouths a few times and the concern adjourned. No definite action in the Senate.]

The Hartford Times tells of a gentleman in that city who, on getting a glass of soda, was retiring from the store without the usual little ceremony which follows that operation. "Recollect," said the polite proprietor "if you lose your pocket-book you didn't pull it out here."

The Chicago Times puts the solemn conundrum: "How can we escape fire?" The gospel offers you every encouragement but perhaps your "best hold" is to get out of Chicago.

During the freshet Thursday night ten bales of cotton were washed away from the mill and gin house of R. P. Morgan, on Nancy's creek. The cotton belonged to him and other parties. It is hoped he will recover it.

Mr. J. M. Macon offers the Eufaula Times newspaper and job office for sale. He wants to sell it on account of ill health. The office is one of the best fitted up in Alabama, and the paper has a large and well-established circulation.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

ASTHMA.—JONAS WHITCOMB'S REMEDY. Prepared from a German recipe obtained by the late Jonas Whitcomb, in Europe. It alleviated this disorder in his case when all other appliances of medical skill had been abandoned. Joseph Burnett & Co., Boston. For sale by all Druggists.

SUBSTITUTES IN DENTAL RANKS are not desirable; therefore, keep the natural teeth sound and pure with that wholesome vegetable elixir SOZODONT. Do this, and they will last as long as the breath lasts, and the breath itself will never be tainted.

TO OWNERS OF HORSES AND CATTLE.—Tobias' Derby Condition Powders are warranted superior to any others, or no pay, for the cure of Distemper, Worms, Bots, Coughs, Hyde-Bound, Cold, &c., in Horses, and Colds, Coughs, Loss of Mild, Black Tongue, Horn Distemper, &c., in Cattle. Price 25 Cents. Depot, 16 Park Place, New York.

PHYSIOLOGISTS SAY THAT OUR BODIES are renewed once in 7 years. The material of which they are reconstructed is the blood, and unless it be fully charged with the elements of vitality, the strength and health of the system decline. Of all blood depurents, DR WALKER'S VINEGAR BITTERS is the safest and most infallible. There is no disease, arising from depravation of the blood, which it will not speedily cure.

FOR DYSPEPSIA, Indigestion, depression of spirits and general debility in their various forms; also, as a preventive against Fever and Ague, and other intermittent fevers. The Ferro-Phosphorated Elixir of Calisaya, made by Caswell, Hazard & CO., New York, and sold by all Druggists, is the best tonic, and for patients recovering from fever or other sickness, it has no equal.

THURSTON'S IVORY PEARL TOOTH POWDER.—The best article known for cleansing and preserving the teeth and gums. Sold by all Druggists.—Price 25 and 50 cents per bottle. F C Wells & Co., New York

CRISTADORO'S HAIR DYE.—This magnificent compound is beyond contingency the safest and most reliable Dye in existence; never failing to impart to the hair uniformity of color, nourishment and elasticity. Manufactory, 68 Maiden Lane, N. Y.

CARBOLIC SALVE, unequalled as a Healing compound. Physicians recommend it as the most wonderful remedy ever known Price 25 cents per box. John F. Henry, Sole Proprietor, 8 College Place, N. York

RISLEY'S GENUINE GOLDEN BELL COLOGNE WATER according to the original formula of Prevost, Paris, so so long known to the customers of Haviland Harral and Risley and their branches, for its fine permanent fragrance, is now made by W H Risley and the trade supplied by his successors, Morgan & Risley, Wholesale Druggists, New York.

SVAPNIA is Opium purified of its sickening and poisonous qualities. It is a perfect anodyne not producing headache or constipation of the bowels as is the case with other preparations of opium. John Farr, Chemist, New York.

JUST THE REMEDY NEEDED.—Thanks to Mrs Winslow's Soothing Syrup, we have for years been relieved from sleepless nights of painful watching with poor, suffering, teething children.

PRATT'S ASTRAL OIL—More accidents occur from using unsafe oils, than from steamboats and railroads combined. Over 200,000 families continue to burn Pratt's Astral Oil, and no accidents directly or indirectly have occurred from burning, storing or handling it. Oil House of Chas Pratt, Established 1770, New York.

A BEAUTIFUL WHITE, soft, smooth and clear skin is produced by using G. W. Lairds "Bloom of Youth." It removes tan, freckles, sunburns, and all other discolorations from the skin, leaving the complexion brilliant and beautiful. Sold at all druggists. This preparation is entirely free from any material detrimental to health

Receiver's Notice.

By virtue of an Act of the General Assembly of Alabama, "To provide for administering the Securities that are or may be held by the State from Insurance Companies, which have ceased to do business or take risks in the State," approved Dec. 14th 1871. I have been appointed by the Governor of Alabama to the office of Receiver, to take charge of and collect or sell the Securities deposited with the Treasurer of Alabama under the law, and for the administration of the trusts attached to such securities.

Now in pursuance of law, I do hereby give notice to the "INTERNATIONAL INSURANCE CO. OF NEW YORK," and the "STATE INSURANCE CO. OF MISSOURI, AT HANNIBAL," that I require all parties interested to come forward on or before the 10th of January, 1873, and present their claims to me and receive their dividend. I further give notice that the decision and distribution then made will, under the law, be final, unless some person interested shall then dissent and notify me in writing of the particular matter dissented from.

C. B. FERRELL,
nov30'73—30 days. Receiver.

SALE
OF
PERSONAL PROPERTY.

Estate of Thomas J. Caver, deceased.

Under and by virtue of an order of the probate court of Calhoun county, Alabama, made on the 5th of December, 1872, we will sell at the late residence of decedent, on the

6th day of January, 1873,

At public auction to the highest bidder, all the personal property of the Estate of said decedent, consisting of

Two Mules and one mule colt,
One Pony, one Yoke Oxen,
Wagon, Carriage, Buggy and Harness,
Farming Utensils,
Beds and Bed Clothing,
Bedsteads,
Household and Kitchen Furniture,
Set Blacksmith's Tools,
About 1000 Bushels of Corn.

Said property will be sold on a CREDIT OF 12 MONTHS, with interest from date. Note and two solvent securities will be required. No property delivered until terms of Sale are complied with.

A. F. ALLEN,
JOHN F. SMITH,
Administrators of Estate of
T. J. Caver, dec'd.

Dec. 7, 1872—5t.

SALE
OF VALUABLE
COOSA RIVER LANDS

UNDER and by virtue of an Order and Decree of the Probate Court of Calhoun County, Alabama, made on the 7th day of December, 1872, we will sell the following described Lands, belonging to the Estate of Elias Teague, deceased, upon the premises.

On the 26th day of December, 1872,

At public auction to the highest bidder, an undivided one half interest in Fraction D, fractional section 6. Fraction E, fractional section 6; and fraction F, fractional section 6. Also north west fourth of south east fourth, and south half of north west fourth of section 6, all in township 15, range 6. Also, fraction A, fractional section one, and fraction B, fractional section one, township 15, range 5, east in the Coosa Land District and in said county of Calhoun. Said Lands are a part of the Miller Ferry tract on Coosa River, and will be sold on a CREDIT OF ONE AND TWO YEARS, in equal annual payments, with interest from date of sale. Two equal notes, with two or more solvent securities will be required to secure the prompt payment of the purchase money.

ALSO,

At the same time and place,

We will sell to the highest bidder for cash, about ONE HUNDRED AND FIFTY BUSHELS OF CORN.

E. C. TEAGUE,
J. C. WATSON.
Administrators with the will annexed of Estate of Elias Teague, dec'd.

Dec. 7, 1872.—4t.

Notice to Creditors

LETTERS of Administration upon the Estate of Thomas Hall, deceased, having been granted to the undersigned by the Probate Court of Calhoun County, Alabama, on the 5th day of December, 1871:—Notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against said estate, to present them legally authenticated, within the time prescribed by law, or they will be barred; and all persons indebted to said estate are required to make immediate payment.

JAMES H. SAVAGE,
Administrator.

December 5, 1872.—6t.

The State of Alabama, Calhoun Co.

Probate Court Special Term, Dec. 4 '72.

Estate of James T. Williams deceased.

This day came Thomas A. Kerr, the Executor of said estate, and filed his statement, accounts, vouchers, and evidences for anual settlement of his administration. It is ordered by the court, that the 30th day of December next, 1872, be appointed a day on which to make such settlement, at which time all persons interested can appear and contest the said settlement if they think proper.

A. WOODS, Judge of
Dec. 7, 1872. Probate.

The State of Alabama, Calhoun Co.

Probate Court, Special Term, December 11, 1872.

Estate of Sam'l M. Williams, dec'd.

LETTERS of administration upon the Estate of Samuel M. Williams, deceased, having been granted to the undersigned on 11th December, 1872, by the Hon. A. Woods, Judge of the Probate Court of Calhoun county. Notice is hereby given that all persons having claims against said Estate, are hereby required to present the same within the time allowed by law, or that the same will be barred.

W. W. LITTLE,
Administrator.

Dec. 11, 1872.—6t.

NOTICE.

By virtue of the authority conferred upon me by a Deed of Trust, made by S. P. McCluney on the 30th day of August, 1867, to secure debts due John Easterwood, H. L. Pettit, and others which is recorded in book "A," 2d vol. Deed of Records, pages 287, 288 and 289. I will proceed to sell for cash, before the court house door in the town of Jacksonville, Alabama, on

Monday, the 23d Day of December Next

The following property conveyed to as Trustee in said Deed of Trust, viz: West half of north west-fourth and north-east fourth of north-west fourth and south-west fourth of section three, except thirty acres in south-east corner; also south-east fourth of north-east fourth of section five, except three acres; also ten acres in north-east corner of the north-east fourth of the south-east fourth of said section five. All in township fourteen, range seven, in Calhoun county, Alabama. This place has upon it some good houses and several acres of cleared land. It is about eight miles west of Jacksonville, and is near the projected railroad between Oxford and Gadsden.

L. W. CANNON,
nov23 1872—4t Trustee.

THE STATE OF ALABAMA,
Calhoun County.

Probate Court, 18th day of November, 1872.

Estate of P. P. Riddle, deceased.

This day came C. D. Davis, the administrator of said estate, and filed his statement, accounts, vouchers and evidences for an annual settlement of his administration. It is ordered that the 18th day of December, 1872, be appointed a day on which to make such settlement, at which time all persons interested can appear and contest said settlement if they think proper.

A. WOODS, Judge of
nov23 1872—4t Probate.

THE STATE OF ALABAMA,
Calhoun County.

Probate Court, 18th day of Nov., 1872.

Estate of R. M. Riddle, deceased.

This day came C. D. Davis, the administrater of said estate, and filed his statement, accounts, vouchers and evidences for an annual settlement of his administration. It is ordered that the 18th day of December, 1872, be appointed a day on which to make such settlement, at which time all persons interested can appear and contest said settlement if they think proper.

A. WOODS, Judge of
nov23 1872—4t. Probate.

In Chancery at Jacksonville.

JOHN F. ADAMS,

vs.

CARRIE ADAMS.

In this cause it is made to appear to the Register by affidavit of the complainant that the said Carrie Adams is a non-resident of the State and that her particular place of residence is in the State of Georgia, and farther that in the belief of said affiant the defendant is over twenty-one years of age. It is therefore ordered by the Register that publication be made in the Jacksonville Republican, a newspaper published in the town of Jacksonville, for four successive weeks, requiring her the said Carrie Adams to answer or demur to the bill of complaint in this cause by the 30th day of Dec. 1872, or in thirty days thereafter, a decree professo may be taken against her.

Done at office this the 26th day of Oct., A. D. 1872.

Wm. M. HAMES,
Register.

VALUABLE FARM
FOR SALE.

Being desirous to sell my farm I offer it cheap and on easy terms. It lies on the Selma, Rome and Dalton railroad 14 miles South of Weaver's Station. Six hundred acres of No. 1 up land, 275 acres open; fine improvements—house of six large rooms, never failing well with pump in it, extra fine orchard of select fruit, gin house, gin, cotton press, thresher, barn and all necessary out houses. Will sell land alone or will include personal property.

Apply to T. Y. FINDLY,
Weaver's Station,
Calhoun County, Ala.

Or REPUBLICAN Office.

aug17'72—3m

THE STATE OF ALABAMA,
Calhoun County.

Probate Court, 25th day Nov. 1872.

Estate of Jason Campbell deceased.

THIS day came Washington Dickie, administrator of said estate, and filed his statement, accounts, vouchers, and evidences, for an annual settlement of his administration. It is ordered that the 23rd day of December 1872 be appointed a day on which to make such settlement, at which time all persons interested can appear and contest the said settlement if they think proper.

A. WOODS, Judge of Probate.

Nov 30 1872.

THE STATE OF ALABAMA,
Calhoun County.

Probate Court, 25th day of Nov. 1872.

Estate of E. C. Dickie, deceased.

This day came Washington Dickie, administrator of said estate, and filed his statement, accounts, vouchers and evidences for an annual settlement of his administration. It is ordered that the 23d day of December, 1872, be appointed a day on which to make such settlement, at which time all persons interested can appear and contest the said settlement if they think proper.

A. WOODS, Judge of
nov30'73 Probate.

THE STATE OF ALABAMA,
Calhoun County.

Probate Court, Nov. 27th, 1872.

Ellis Satcher, deceased, Estate.

This day came John Y. Henderson, the administrator of said estate, and filed his statement, accounts, vouchers and evidence for a final settlement of his administration. It is ordered that the 23d day of December, 1872, be appointed a day on which to make such settlement, at which time all persons interested can appear and contest the said settlement if they think proper.

A. WOODS, Judge of
nov30'73. Probate.

STATE OF ALABAMA,
Calhoun County.

Probate Court, Nov. 29th, 1872.

This day came W. G. Keller, guardian of Thomas Gordon a minor, and filed his statement, accounts, vouchers and evidences for annual settlement of his guardianship. It is ordered that the 23d day of December, 1872, be appointed a day on which to make such settlement, at which time all persons interested can appear and contest the said settlement if they think proper.

A. WOODS, Judge of
nov30'72. Probate.

GRAND EXPOSITION
—OF—
Dry Goods:
FASHIONABLE HEADQUARTERS

MAMMOTH DISPLAY!!

Immense Stocks!

POPULAR PRICES!!

ROWAN, DEAN & CO.

Take pleasure in informing their friends and the public generally that they have just received a general Assortment of

FALL & WINTER GOODS

Which they will take pleasure in showing to customers.

On Consignment.

Large lot of 2¼ lb. India Bagging, on consignment, which the owner has instructed us to sell by the roll at 20cts cash.

ROWAN, DEAN & CO.

Medical Treatise:

How Lost, How Restord!

Just published a new edition of **Dr. Culverwell's Celebrated Essay** on the *radical cure* (without medicine) of SPERMATORRHŒA, or Seminal Weakness, Involuntary Seminal Losses, Impotency, Mental and Physical Incapacity, Impediments to Marriage, etc.; also CONSUMPTION, EPILEPSY and FITS, induced by self-indulgence or sexual extravagance.

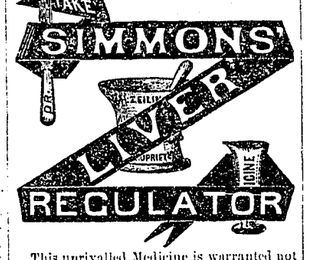
☞Price, in a sealed envelope only 6cts.

The celebrated author, in this admirable essay, clearly demonstrates, from a 30 years' successful practice, that the alarming consequences of self-abuse may be radically cured without the dangerous use of internal medicine or the application of the knife; pointing out a mode of cure at once simple, certain and effectual, by means of which every sufferer, no matter what his condition may be, may cure himself cheaply, privately and *radically*.

☞This Lecture should be in the hands of every youth and every man in the land.

Sent under seal, in a plain envelope, to any address, *postpaid*, on receipt of six cents, or two post stamps. Also, Dr. Culverwell's "Marriage Guide," price 50 cents. Address the Publishers,

CHAS. J. C. KLINE & CO.,
127 Bowery, New York, P. O. box, 4,586.



This unrivalled Medicine is warranted not to contain a single particle of MERCURY, or any injurious mineral substance, but is

Purely Vegetable.

For FORTY YEARS it has proved its great value in all disease of the LIVER, BOWELS and KIDNEYS. Thousands of the good and great in all parts of the country vouch for its wonderful and peculiar power in purifying the BLOOD, stimulating the torpid LIVER and BOWELS, and imparting new Life and Vigor to the whole system. SIMMONS' LIVER REGULATOR is acknowledged to have no equal as a

Liver Medicine.

It contains four medical elements, never united in the same happy proportion in any other preparation, exceptionable Alterative and a certain Corrective of all impurities of the body. Such signal success has attended its use that it is now regarded as the

Great Unfailing Specific

for LIVER COMPLAINT and the painful offspring thereof, to-wit: DYSPEPSIA, CONSTIPATION, Jaundice, Billious attacks, SICK-HEADACHE, Colic, Depression of Spirits, SOUR STOMACH, Heart Burn, &c., &c.

Regulate the Liver and prevent CHILLS and FEVER. SIMMONS' LIVER REGULATOR is manufactured only by J. H. ZEILIN & CO., Macon, Ga., Philadelphia.

Price $1.00 per package; sent by mail, postage paid, $1.25. Prepared ready for use in bottles, $1.50.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

☞Beware of all Counterfeits and Imitations.☜

Sept7 1872.

For Sale or Rent.

THE Aderholt House and Lot, a convenient residence, is now offered for sale on very favorable terms. If not sold soon it will be rented.

J. Y. HENDERSON.
Nov. 9, 1872—3t.

GREAT FREIGHT AND PASSENGER ROUTE
BETWEEN
JACKSONVILLE
AND
RICHMOND, NORFOLK,
BALTIMORE PHILADELPHIA
Boston & New York,
BY THE
Virginia and Tennessee
Air Line Railway

THIS line forms the great centre route between the North and South. Give instructions to ship your freight by the "**Virginia and Tennessee Line,**" the only fast and reliable FREIGHT LINE. Passengers can go *via* Rail through Lynchburg and Washington, or by that most delightful route; rail to Norfolk, Virginia, and by those splendid Side Wheel first-class Ocean Steamers from Norfolk, Boston, Baltimore and Philadelphia, a short and delightful ride in full view of Old Point Comfort, Fortress Monroe, &c. Be sure and ask for tickets *via* Norfolk, Virginia.

RATES TO JACKSONVILLE FROM

	1st Class	2nd Class	3rd Class	4th Class	5th Class.
NEW YORK,					
PHILADELPHIA					
AND BOSTON,—	240	210	170	140	95
BALTIMORE, - -	222	194	157	130	93

OFFICES:

BOSTON, 87 Washington street. | PHILADELPHIA, 44 South Fifth St.
BALTIMORE, 154 West Baltimore St | RICHMOND, 1325 Main St.

C. E. EVANS,
General Eastern Agent, 303 Broadway, New York

THE GREAT BLOOD PURIFIER.
Possessing powerful invigorating
PROPERTIES & A PLEASANT DRINK.
These Bitters are positively invaluable in
ALL SKIN DISEASES & ERUPTIONS.
They purify the system, and will cure
DYSPEPSIA, GENERAL DEBILITY,
Remittent and Intermittent Fevers,
NERVOUS DISEASES, LIVER COMPLAINT
and are a preventive of Chills and Fever.
DISEASES OF THE KIDNEY & BLADDER
All yield to their powerful efficacy.
ARE GOOD FOR THE MENTAL ORGANIZATION
Are an antidote to change of Water and Diet.
THEY WILL RESTORE YOUTHFUL VIGOR
to the wasted frame, and correct all
IRREGULARITY OF THE BOWELS.
Will save days of suffering to the sick, and
CURES NEVER WELL PEOPLE.
The grand Panacea for all the ills of life.
TRY ONE BOTTLE.

The Standard BITTERS OF GERMANY — FOR FEMALE COMPLAINTS — In Young or Old, Married or Single, these Bitters are unequalled and have often been the means of saving life. PHYSICIANS THERE, PRESCRIBE IT IN THEIR PRACTICE.

TRY ONE BOTTLE.

ATTENTION TRADE.

We very respectfully call your attention and would be pleased to have you call and examine our stock of

Dry Goods and Groceries

which are, without exaggeration or foolishness, of superb quality. If you are doubtful of the correctness of this statement just take the time and bring the money or its equivalent and you'll be surprised at the low prices when the money is seen. We recently received the best assortment as well as quality of

SHOES

we've ever had. The balance of our stock are in *statu quo* (respectfully submitted to the taste of the printer.)

You who hav'nt bought goods from us for cash please call and pay again, the books don't balance.

Yours truly,
DRAPER & JOHNSON.

The State of Alabama, Calhoun Co.

Probate Court, Nov. 1st, 1872.

David E. Hawkins, Deceased Estate of.

This day came L. P. Hawkins, the Administrator of said Estate and filed his statement, accounts, vouchers and evidences for a final settlement of his administration. It is ordered that the 25th day of Nov., 1872, be appointed a day on which to make such settlement, at which time all persons interested can appear and contest the said settlement if they think proper.

A. WOODS Judge of Probate.

The State of Alabama, Calhoun Co.

Estate of Thomas J. Caver, Dec'd. } Probate Court.

LETTERS of Administration of said decedent having been granted to the undersigned, on the 1st day of November, A. D. 1872, by the Hon. A. Woods, Judge of the Probate Court of Calhoun Co. Notice is hereby given that all persons having claims against said Estate are hereby required to present the same within the time allowed by law or that the same will be barred.

A. F. ALLEN,
JOHN F. SMITH,
Adm'rs.

NOTICE.

Administrator's Sale of Land and Lots in Cross Plains, Ala.

BY virtue of an order from the Probate Court of Calhoun Co., Ala., we will as the administrators of the estate of James Price, deceased, sell on Tuesday the 17th day of December next, at Cross Plains. The following real estate lying in said county of Calhoun, viz: The northeast quarter of northwest quarter section 8, township 13, range 10, and east half of southwest quarter of section 5, township 13, range 10.

This land is situated in and near the beautiful, healthy and growing village of Cross Plains, upon the Selma, Rome and Dalton Railroad and will be sold in lots of various sizes to suit purchasers. A good opportunity is now offered for a safe investment of money as Cross Plains bids fair to one of the most flourishing town in the up country.

Terms of Sale—One-third cash, two-thirds on twelve months time with interest from date, and approved security will be required.

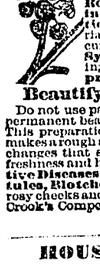
At the same time we will sell some CORN, COTTON, WHEAT and Oats for cash.

S. D. McCLELEN.
M. M. PRICE.
Administrators.

We will sell on the 23rd of December the following Lands on the premises lying in Cherokee county, Ala., viz., S. E. ¼ of S. W. ¼ and the S. ½ of S. W. ¼ of Sec. 18, T. 11, Range 9, on Sugar creek and near Samuel Coblers.

S. D. Mc. & M. M. P.

KEEP THE BLOOD PURE



And the health of the system will follow. There is a preparation of **Iron and Poke Root** more effectual than all others, which will remove from your system the impure and vitiated blood which causes disease, and at the same time build up your health and strength. **It never fails to cure.** If you have **Scrofula, Scrofulous Diseases of the Eyes or Ears, or Scrofula in any form, Tetter, White Swelling, Old Sores, Ulcers, or Scrofulous Inflammations,** you can rely on being cured with this preparation known as **Dr. Crook's Compound Syrup of Poke Root. Rheumatism, Pains in Limbs or Bones, Constitutions broken down** by Mercurial or other poisons, are all cured by it. For **Syphilis or Syphilitic taint,** there is nothing equal to it. **A trial will prove it.**

Beautify your Complexion.

Do not use paint or powder, but **get a more permanent beauty** by purifying your blood. This preparation of **Iron and Poke Root** makes a rough and scaly skin soft and smooth; changes that sallow complexion to one of freshness and health, and removes any **Eruptive Diseases of the Skin, Pimples, Pustules, Blotches & Eruptions.** If you wish rosy cheeks and a healthy complexion, use **Dr. Crook's Compound Syrup of Poke Root.**

HOUSE PAINTING.

M. M. MAUCK, House Painter Grainer and Paper Hanger, respectfully informs the citizens of Jacksonville and surrounding country, that he will take all contracts, and is prepared to execute all work in the above named lines in the neatest, most durable and fashionable style. His terms are moderate. For the manner in which he executes work, he refers to Judge Walker, Col. P. Rowan, J. F. Grant and Sam'l Crook, Esq. for all of whom he has done both inside and outside Painting. Apply to him personally, or Address

M. M. MAUCK,
(Care of P. Rowan,)
Jacksonville, Ala.

DR. CROOK'S WINE OF TAR!

Ten Years of a public test has proved Dr. Crook's Wine of Tar to have more merit than any similar preparation ever offered to the public. It is rich in the medicinal qualities of Tar, and unequaled for diseases of the Throat & Lungs, performing the most remarkable cures. In many cases of Asthma and Bronchitis, that it has been pronounced a specific for these complaints. For Pain in the Breast, Side or Back, Gravel or Kidney disease, diseases of the Urinary Organs, Jaundice, or any Liver Complaint it has no equal.

It is also a superior Tonic,
Restores the Appetite,
Strengthens the System,
Restores the Weak and Debilitated,
Causes the Food to Digest,
Removes Dyspepsia and Indigestion,
Prevents Malarious Poisons,
Gives tone to your System.

DR. O. S. PROPHITT'S

ANODYNE PAIN KILL IT.

NEVER FAILING!

KILLS PAIN IN EVERY FORM.

CURES Pains in the Back, Chest, Hips or Limbs, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Coughs Colds, Bronchial Affections, Kidney Diseases, Dyspepsia, Liver Complaint, Colic, Cholera Morbus, Pleurisy, Asthma, Heart Burn, Toothache, Jawache, Earache, Headache, Sprains, Bruises, Cuts, Contusions, Sores, Lacerated Wounds, Scalds, Burns, Chill Blains, Trust Bites, Poisons of all kinds, vegetable or animal. ☞Of all

PAIN KILL IT

the Remedies ever discovered for the relief of suffering humanity, this is the best Medicator known to Medical Science. The cure is speedy and permanent in the most inveterate diseases. This is no humbug, but a grand medical discovery. A Pain Killer containing no poison to inflame, paralize or drive the inflammation upon an internal organs. Its efficiency is truly wonderful—Relief is Instantaneous. It is destined to banish pains and aches, wounds and bruises, from the face of the earth.

Manufactured & Sold by L. H. Bradfield, Atlanta, Ga.

Stevenson's Old Mill.

I have lately purchased the Seymour Mills, 24 miles South of Jacksonville, and put them in

GOOD REPAIR

and am now prepared for grinding wheat, corn, &c., in the best style. I propose to saw lumber on the shares. My cotton gin (Brown's Improved Machine) will be ready for the incoming crop—will gin for the 15th.

Come one, come all, and give me a trial. Satisfaction guaranteed.

ALEX. O. STEWART.

aug31872—tf.

PATRICK,

The Bookseller & Stationer,

HAS NOT BEEN TO MARKET YET, THIS Fall, but he still manages to keep the old Wooden Store

53 Broad Street, Rome, Georgia.

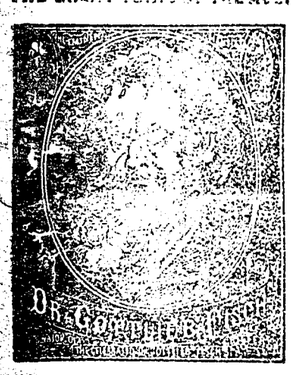
Comfortably filled with GOODS in his line.

Thankful for the liberal patronage extended him during the past season, he invites a continuance of the same, promising his best efforts to please.

Call and see those beautiful Chromos, the COMPANIONS and the ACCIDENT.

oct12—tf.

THE GREAT TONIC OF THE AGE.



DR. GOTTLIEB FIGOR'S BITTERS

Cures Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Nervousness, Chills, Biliousness, and all Stomach Diseases.

WARE & SCHMITZ, Philadelphia, Proprietors of DR. FIGOR'S FOOD CURE BITTERS.

It Leads to Happiness!

A BOON TO THE WHOLE RACE OF WOMEN!

DR. J. BRADFIELD'S

FEMALE REGULATOR

It will bring on the Menses; all pain at the monthly "Period" cure Rheumatism and Neuralgia of Back and Uterus; Leucorrhœa or "Whites," and Partial prolapsus Uteri; check excessive flow, and correct all irregularities peculiar to ladies.

It will remove all infection of Kidneys & Bladder; relieve Co tiveness; purify the Blood; give tone & strength to the whole system clear the skin and give a rosy hue to the cheek, & cheerfulness to the mind.

It is as sure a cure in all the above diseases as Quinine is to Ague & Fever.

Ladies can cure themselves of all the above diseases without revealing their complaints to any person, which is always mortyfying to the delicate and modest.

It is recommended by the best physicians and the clergy.

LaGrange, Ga., March 25, 1870.

BRADFIELD & CO., Atlanta, Ga.—Dear Sirs: I take pleasure in stating that I have used for the last twenty years the medicine you are now putting up known as Dr. J. Bradfield's FEMALE REGULATOR, and consider it the best combination ever gotten together for the diseases for which it is recommended. I have been familiar with its prescription both as a practitioner of medicine and in domestic practice, and can honestly say that I consider it a boon to suffering females, and can but hope that every lady in our whole land, who may be suffering in any way peculiar to their sex, may be able to procure a bottle, that their sufferings may not only be relieved, but that they may be restored to health and strength. With my kindest regards,

I am respectfully, W. B. FERRELL, M.D.

Near Marietta, Ga., May 21, 1870.

MESSRS. WM. ROOT & SON—Dear Sirs: Some months ago I bought a bottle of BRADFIELD'S FEMALE REGULATOR from you, and have used it in my family with the utmost satisfaction, and have recommended it to three other families, and they have found it just what it is recommended. The females who have used your REGULATOR are in perfect health, and are able to attend to their household duties, and we cordially recommended it to the public.

Yours respectfully, Rev. H. B. JOHNSON

We could add a thousand other certificates, but we consider the above ample proof of its virtue. All we ask is a trial.

For full particulars, history of diseases and certificates of its wonderful cures, the reader is referred to the wrapper around the bottle.

Manufactured & sold by

BRADFIELD & CO.,

Price $1.50. Atlanta, Ga.

Sold by all Druggists.

Cotton Gins! Cotton Presses!!

GULLETT'S IMPROVED LIGHT DRAFT COTTON GIN,

Price $4 00 per Saw.

THE IMPROVED GIN DIFFERS MATERIALLY FROM THE STEEL BRUSH, THE STEEL BRUSH having Three Brushes, while the New Gin has but One.

We guarantee every Gin to be of Light Draft; thoroughly clean the seed and make a Superior Sample.

Every Gin is fully tested and made to gin Cotton perfectly before leaving the Factory.

Office of Agricaul, Mechanical and Blood Stock Association of Texas, Houston, Texas, May 18th, 1872.

I hereby certify that I was in charge of and run the Engine which drove the Machinery at the Third Annual Fair of the State of Texas, and that the Engine drove the GULLETT'S IMPROVED LIGHT DRAFT GIN with ten pounds less steam on the test than any other Gin on Exhibition.

C. N. BURCH, Engineer.

Will Be Prepared to Furnish

GULLETT'S LEVER COTTON and HAY PRESS Price $850 00. This Press will pack from 15 to 20 bales Cotton a day. Two hands are all that is necessary to pack a 500 lb. Bale.

They are very simple and will last a life time. Every Press guaranteed. Address all orders to

J. & S. BONES & CO., Rome Ga

Great Attractions.

THE OLD RELIABLE HOUSE OF

TITSWORTH, SCOTT & CO.,

No. 6 Court Square, MONTGOMERY, ALA.,

And No. 30 Market Street, SELMA, ALA.,

Have one of the finest Stocks of

CLOTHING & GENT'S FURNISHING GOODS,

Ever brought to this market. Also, full line

Hats, Caps, Trunks and Valises,

Which they are selling as Cheap as any house in the City. We also take

Alabama State Money, at 90 Cents on a Dollar, for all Goods.

GENERAL AGENTS of the Celebrated WHEELER & WILSON NOISELESS FAMILY SEWING MACHINE, for Central Alabama.

TITSWORTH, SCOTT & CO.

W. T. & C. S. ALEXANDER,

Grocers and Produce Merchants,

Dalton, Georgia,

Has now in store Sugar, Coffee, Rice, Meal, Tobacco, Syrup, Bacon, Flour, Lard, Salt, Fish, Cigars and everything kept in a first class Grocery Store.

Would respectfully solicit a liberal share of patronage. Come and see.

HOW TO GET RICH.

Attend your own Business and leave other people's Business alone. Buy your Goods where you can buy good Goods the cheapest. PARR'S is the PLACE, he is determined not to be undersold. I will sell the following as low as any one. Try me. To prove the Pudding eat it.

FIRST CLASS

Grocery Establishment.

Below I will give a few of the leading articles.

100 Rolls of the heaviest Bagging of different kinds, weighing from 2¼ to 2½ lbs, will be sold for twenty cents per yard.

10,000 lbs. of Bailing Ties of various kinds and patterns, at 11½ cents per pound.

200 Sacks Salt in store and to arrive. 20 Sacks Coffee, a superior article.

25 Barrels Sugar, all grades and qualities. 25 Barrels and Hogsheads of Syrups and Molasses.

25 Boxes Tobacco, from the finest to the cheapest. 15,000 Cigars of the best Brands.

200 lbs. Smoking Tobacco. 20 Boxes Candles, Paritine, Star and Sperm.

10 Boxes Superior Starch. 20 Cases Superior Oysters, Fresh.

200 Boxes Sardines and Lobsters. 50 Kits Mackerel. 5 Barrels Mackerel.

10 half Barrels Mackerel. 10 half Barrels White Fish.

500 Cans and Bottles of Preserved Fruits. 50 Boxes Raisins and Figs.

500 lbs. Best Stick and Fancy Candies.

A large lot of Pepper, Spice, Ginger, Indigo and all kinds of Dye Stuffs, Powder, Shot, and Caps. In short, I have everything my Customers need in my line.

My Stock is large and shall be kept full. The supply shall only be limited by the demand. The prices shall suit. I will pay every one the *last cent and see that none go away dissatisfied.* I will pay the highest market price for all kinds of Country Produce, Cotton, Corn, Flour, Bacon, Lard, Peas, Oats and Tallow, in short, everything the Farmer raises.

L. J. PARR,

oct26d&wtf. Jacksonville, Alabama.

GOOD NEWS! GOOD NEWS!

THE LATEST FROM THE NORTH IS GRATIFYING!!

CARROLL AND McCAIN'S

Fall & Winter Stock for 1872

IS HERE AND ARRIVING!

Consisting of

Dry Goods,

Boots and

Shoes,

Hardware,

Groceries,

Clothing, Hats and Caps, Drugs, Saddlery, Crockery, &c.

We can confidently offer our stock as one not surpassed by any, for taste durability, and *liberal* terms.

We cordially invite all to give us a call and examine our stock before purchasing. We think we can make it to your interest to buy of us.

The very highest market *Price* paid for *Cotton.*

Oct. 26, 1872.—d&wtf. CARROLL & McCAIN,

Jacksonville, Ala.,

DRY GOODS AND GROCERIES.

LeGRAND & CO.,

DEALERS IN

Groceries and Jobbers in Dry Goods,

NOS. 96, 98 AND 100 COMMERCE STREET, MONTGOMERY, ALABAMA.

TO MERCHANTS ONLY!

We now offer to the Trade a full and complete stock of DRY GOODS, bought to great advantage and shipped at reduced freights, and will give our patrons the benefit of our advantages.

80 Cases Fall and Winter Prints, including every Price, Style and Variety.
100 Bales Striped, Checked and Plain Homespun.
350 Bales Sheetings, Shirtings and Osnaburgs.
40 Cases Bleached Goods, of all grades.
50 Cases Kentucky Jeans, of all prices.
10 Cases Cloths and Cassimeres.
25 Bales heavy Woolen Goods and Kerseys.
20 Cases Plain Linseys. 20 Bales Blankets, assorted. 30 Cases assorted Dress Goods.

BOOT & SHOE DEPARTMENT.

800 Cases of assorted Boots and Shoes, every variety.

READY-MADE CLOTHING.

A Full Stock bought with great care.

HAT DEPARTMENT.

Two Hundred Cases from $4.00 to $10.00 per Dozen.

NOTION DEPARTMENT.

This Department comprises Everything termed Notions, is very Complete, and in Endless Variety.

GROCERY DEPARTMENT.

200,000 Pounds Bacon, Sides and Shoulders.
2,500 Barrels Flour, of all Grades.
1,000 " " "Our Pet."
500 " " "Pride of Troy."
500 " " "Pride of Alabama."
800 Sacks of Coffee.
100 Hogsheads Sugar.
400 Barrels of Whiskey.
2,000 Sacks Liverpool Salt.

And all goods kept in Grocery Stock, which will be sold at close figures

LeGRAND & CO.,
Nos. 96, 98 and 100 Commerce Street.
MONTGOMERY, ALABAMA.

Sept28 1872—6mo.

W. F. AYER. J. C. McDONALD.

AYER & McDONALD,

DEALERS IN

HARDWARE & AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS,

No. 71 Broad Street, Rome, Georgia.

We desire to call special attention to our Stock of

WATER PIPE,

Of Composition, Lead or Iron,

RUBBER HOSE, HOSE NOZLES, COUPLINGS, PIPES, ETC.

We also invite our farmer friends to an examination of our Warehouse, where will be found

REAPERS & MOWERS, THRESHERS & HORSE POWERS, PLOWS & HARROWS, CRADLES, GRASS BLADES, HORSE RAKES WHEAT FANS, HAY FORKS, &C. &C., also the DOW LAW COTTON PLANTER.

Our stock of Hardware, Rubber, Belting, &c., kept full and complete. Price guaranteed. June1 1872—t

HENRY A. SMITH,

113 Broad Street,

Rome, Ga.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

BOOKSELLER & STATIONER.

Keeps alway on hand a large Stock

School, Theological and Miscellaneous Books,

PAPER, Letter Cap, Note.
ENVELOPES
PENCILS,
PENS,
INKS,
Engravings, Photographs,
Photograph Albums, Chromos,
Gilt, Rosewood, Walnut Moulding, for Picture Frames,
Blank, Copy and Scrap BOOKS,
MEMORANDUMS,
PORTFOLIOS,
SLATES,
DESKS,
Pocket Bibles, Hymn and Prayer Books,
Square and Oval Picture Frames,
in the Piece, Picture Cord and Tassel, Sheet Music, for the Piano and Guitar, Italian, German and French Violin and Guitar Strings.

WALL PAPERING, BORDERING, FIRE SCREENS AND PAPER WINDOW SHADES.

☞ NEW and SECOND HAND PIANOS and PARLOR ORGANS of first class manufactures, at a Liberal Discount from manufacturer's prices. Also, SECOND HAND PIANOS TAKEN IN EXCHANGE for new ones, allowing full value for those taken in exchange.

Liberal discounts to Country Merchants and Schools.

April3 1872—td.

GLOVER, GRASS AND BARDEN SEED.

W. D. HOYT & CO

WILL KEEP CONSTANTLY ON HAND A FULL STOCK OF THE ABOVE AT THE LOWEST FIGURES,

Clver, and Grass Seed.

STRICTLY CASH. Also,

Lead, Oil and Glass,

At Manufacturers prices. Also a full STOCK of

Drugs, Brushes, Soaps, of all kinds, Perfumery, Lamps, &c.

W. D. HOYT & CO.

Wholesale Druggists,

Rome, Ga.

Oct.28 tf.

IF YOU WANT CORRECT TIME

GO TO

Randall of Gadsden,

THE BEST

Watch-Maker in North Alabama. Prices for Goods & Work reduced 25 to 50 per cent. Everything guaranteed as represented and satisfaction given every time.

Cash or no Trade

Oct28 1871—tf.

THE FAMOUSSTUDABAKEE WAGON.

THE STUDABAKER WAGON IS MADE OF THE BEST SEASONED TIMBERS THE lightest and most durable wagon in market; their thimble skeins never break; the slopes boulder spoke is used; they are weranted to give satisfaction in every case.

W. B. GILL,

CARRIAGE WAREHOUSE,

(Of Eighteen Years Established Reputation and Standing.)

CORNER OF WASHINGTON & SELMA ST. NEXT TO CONCIL HOUSE

Has always on hand a large Stock of

Carriages Rockarways Phaetons Barouches Buggies Coaches BREETS, HARNESS, &c.

Has also on hand a large assortment of Children's Perambulators, Cabs, Buggies, wagons, Hobby Horses, &c, ☞Repairing of all kinds of vehicles done at shortest notice. Plantation Wagons and Carts made to order. jan 6 1y.

NO. 14 NORTH ROYAL STREET.

C. C. LANGDON & CO.,

Nurserymen, Seedsmen & Florists

NO. 14 NORTH ROYAL STREET,

DEALERS IN AGRICULTURAL & HORTICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS, FERTILIZERS, Flower Pots, Rustic and Terra Cotta Ware, Hanging Baskets, Trellises, Native Fruits and Vines, etc., etc. Have just received the following articles, which will be found at their store No 14 North Royal street, (next to the Battle House.) Cattetsons Improved Flat Dutch Cabbage, Gregory's Mammoth Marblehead Cabbage, Landreth's large late Drumhead Cabbage, Gregory's premium Flat Dutch Cabbage, Landreth's large late Flat Dutch Cabbage. Turnips, Beets, Carrots, Cauliflowers, Celery, Lettuce, Parsley and other seeds for Fall Planting. Agents for the celebrated **Dubois Flanged Ribbed Cotton Gin.** A Forty Saw Gin of this Patent Guaranteed to equal in execution a Fifty-five saw Gin of any other Patent. Sizes now in store, 30—35—40—45—60 Saws. They are now receiving and have in store a full supply of the following Seeds: Blue Grass, Orchard Grass, Red Top, Timothy, Red Clover, Alsike Clover, White Clover, Lucerne Hungarian Grass, Millet, Hemp, Buck-wheat, Georgia Red May Wheat, White Wheat, Western Rye, Southern Rye, Rescue Grass, Seed Rice, Barley, and all other Popular Grasses. 250 bushels Red Rust-Proof Oats. Sole agents for the Langdon Fertilizer. 100 Tons Cotton Seed Meal at low figures. They also call the attention of Farmers, Gardners, and Factors to samples of the Celebrated Moline and Excelsior Plows, and to Holoronk & Co.'s Hand seed Drills, Hand Cultivators and Hand Double Wheel Hoes, the latter implements are indispensable for Amateur and Market Gardners. So simple and light that children and ladies can use them. A full assortment of Cast Steel and other Hoes for field and garden. Will have in store in a few days a large lot of Red Onion Sets, Silver-skin Onion Sets, and Button Onions, direct from the growers.

THE RURAL ALABAMIAN, a Southern Magazine of Progressive Agriculture and Improved Industry. Published Monthly at $2 per Year.

10 copies	$15 00	50 copies	
20 copies	30 00	100 copies	$67 00
			125 00

☞Invariably in advance. Send for specimen copy. Published by

C. C. LANGDON & CO.,

Oct6d&wtf No. 14 North Royal Street, Mobile, Ala.

East Alabama

LAND AGENCY,

B. C. WYLY & Co.,

REAL ESTATE

and

General Agency Office

No. 4. OFFICE ROW,

JACKSONVILLE ALA.

We are prepared to give our attention to the Sale, or Rent of

REAL ESTATE

in this and adjoining counties.

Having special facilities for finding purchasers, invite those who may desire to put their lands in market, to give us a trial. We will keep on exhibition in our office

MAPS,

taken from County Surveys, and personal reconnaissance of such places as may be entrusted to us—and will visit the property with parties contemplating a purchase.

All information concerning the lands of East Alabama freely given upon application in person, or by letter, at their office. Will also act as General Agents for the sale of all articles of merit which may be entrusted to them. Their extensive acquaintance with the people, and personal knowledge of the Country, gives them facilities which no other Company can have.

BUSINESS SOLICITED.

B. C. WYLY,
JOHN H. FORNEY,
JNO. M. WYLY.

aug19 1871—1y.

R. R. R.

Radway's Ready Relief

CURES THE WORST PAINS in from One to Twenty Minutes. NOT ONE HOUR

after reading this advertisement need any one SUFFER WITH PAIN.

RADWAY'S READY RELIEF IS A CURE FOR EVERY PAIN.

It was the first and is

The Only Pain Remedy

that instantly stops the most excruciating pains, allays Inflammations, and cures Congestions, whether of the Lungs, Stomach or other glands or organs, by one application. IN FROM ONE TO TWENTY MINUTES no matter how violent or excruciating the pain the RHEUMATIC, Bed-ridden, Infirm, Crippled, Nervous, Neuralgic, or prostrated with disease may suffer,

RADWAY'S READY RELIEF

Will afford instant Ease.

Inflammation of the Kidneys,
Inflamation of the Bladder,
Inflamation of the Bowels,
Congestion of the Lungs,
Sore Throat, Difficult Breathing,
Palpitation of the Heart,
Hysterics, Croup, Diphtheria,
Catarrh, Influenza,
Headache Toothache
Neuralgia, Rheumatism,
Cold Chills, Ague Chills.

The application of the READY RELIEF to the part or parts where the difficulty exists will afford ease and comfort.

Twenty drops in half a tumbler of water will in a few moments cure Cramps, Spasms, Sour Stomach, Heartburn, Sick Headache, Diarrhea, Dysentery, Colic, Wind in the Bowels, and all Internal Pains.

Travelers should always carry a bottle of RADWAY'S READY RELIEF with them. A few drops in water will prevent sickness or pains from change of water. It is better than French Brandy or Bitters as a stimulant.

FEVER AND AGUE.

Fever and Ague cured for fifty cents. There is not a remedial agent in this world that will cure Fever and Ague, and all other Malarious, Bilious, Scarlet, Typhoid, Yellow, and other Fevers (aided by RADWAY'S PILLS) so quick as RADWAY'S READY RELIEF. Fifty cents per bottle.

DR. RADWAY'S Sarsaparillian Resolvent

Has made the most astonishing cures so quick, so rapid are the changes the body undergoes, under the influence of this truly wonderful Medicine, that

Every day an increase in Weight and Flesh is Felt.

THE GREAT BLOOD PURIFIER.

Every drop of the SARSAPARILLIAN RESOLVENT communicates through the Blood, Sweat, Urine, and other fluids and juices of the system *the vigor of life*, for it repairs the wastes of the body with new and sound material. *Scrofula, Syphilis, Consumption, Glandular disease, Ulcers in the Throat, Mouth, Tumors, Nodes in the Glands and other parts of the system, Sore Eyes, Strumorous discharges from the Ears, and the worst forms of Skin diseases, Eruptions, Fever Sores, Scalid Head, Ring Worm, Salt Rheum, Erysipelas, Acne, Black Spots, Worms in the Flesh, Tumors, Cancers in the Womb,* and all wondering and painful discharges, Night Sweats, Loss of Sperm and all wastes of the life principle, are within the curative range of this wonder of Modern Chemistry, and a few days' use will prove to any person using it for either of these forms of disease its potent power to cure them.

If the patient, daily becoming reduced by the wastes and decomposition that is continuly progressing, succeeds in arresting these wastes, and repairs the same with new material made from healthy blood—and this the SARSAPARILLIAN will and does secure—a cure is certain; for when once this remedy commences its work of purification, and succeeds in diminishing the loss of waste its repairs will be rapid, and every day the patient will feel himself growing better and stronger, the food digesting better, appetite improving, and weight increasing.

Not only does the Sarsaparillian Resolvent excels all known remedial agents in the cure of Chronic, Scrofulous, Constitutional, and Skin diseases; but it is the only positive cure for

Kidney and Bladder Complaints,

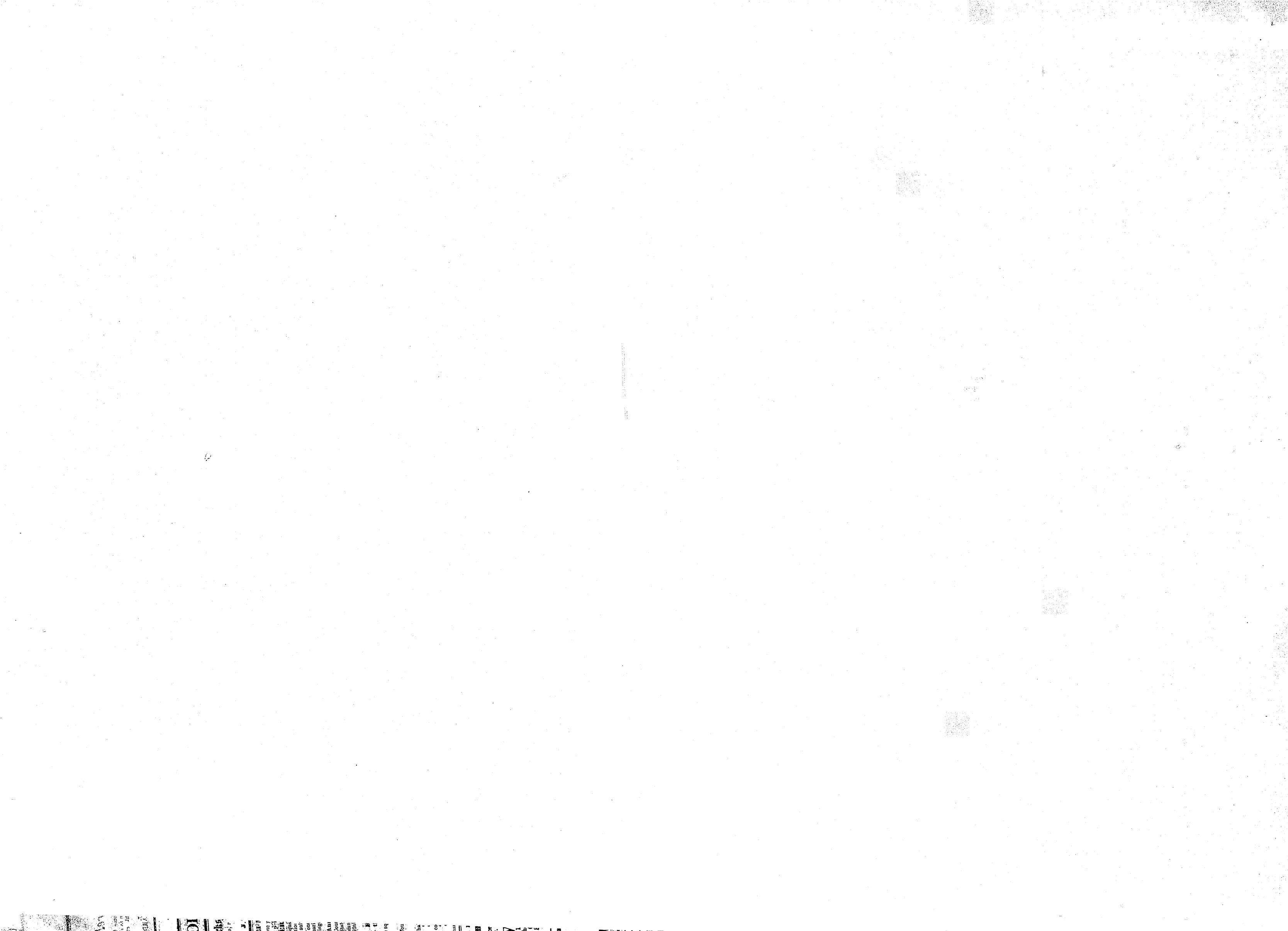
Urinary, and Womb diseases, Gravel, Diabetes, Dropsy, Stoppage of Water, Incontinuence of Urine, Bright's Disess, Albuminuria, and in all cases where there are brick-dust deposits, or the water is thick, cloudy, mixed with substances like the white of an egg, or threads like white silk, there is a morbid, dark, billious appearance, and white bone-dust deposits, and when there is a pricking, burning sensation when passing water, and pain in the Small of the Back and along the Loins.

DR. RADWAY'S

PERFECT PURGATIVE PILLS,

perfectly tasteless, elegantly coated with sweet gum, purge, regulate, purify, cleanse, and strengthen. Radway's Pills, for the cure of all disorders of the Stomach, Liver, Bowels, Kidneys, Bladder, Nervous Diseases, Headache, Constipation, Costiveness, Indigestion, Dyspepsia, Billiousness, Bilious Fever, Inflamation of the Bowels, Piles, and all Derangements of the Internal Viscera. Warranted to effect a positive cure. Purely Vegetable, containing no mercury, minerals, or deleterious drugs.

A few doses of RADWLY'S PILLS will free the system from a... beabere named disorders. Price, 25 cents per Box. Sold by Druggists.

Read "False and True." Send one letter stamp to RADWAY & CO. No 32 Warren Street, Corner of Church Street New York Information worth thousands will benefit you.

Sep 23, 1871—1y