NOVEMBER

Jacksonville Republican

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Jacksonville Republican

"The Price of Liberty is Eternal Vigilance."

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Charges due and collectable quarterly.

BUSINESS CARDS.

Dr. F. W. FRANCIS
Physician & Surgeon,
Office, DRUG STORE J. C. FRANCIS
South West Corner Square,
JACKSONVILLE - - ALA.
Jan. 7, 1871—1y.

WM. M. HAMES. J. T. MARTIN.
HAMES & MARTIN,
Attorneys at Law and Solicitors in Chancery. No. 8. Office Row, Jacksonville,
WILL practice in all the Courts of Law and Equity in the counties of the 12th Judicial circuit, consisting of Calhoun, Cleburne, St. Clair, Etowah and Cherokee, and the Supreme court of the State.
may20—1871.

Eating House
—AND—
OYSTER SALOON.
GEORGE WHITE respectfully announces to the public that he has removed to the large and commodious room under the Republican office, where he will be glad to furnish meals at all hours, and fresh oysters on call.
He has fresh fruits and Confections of the best. Charges moderate.
GEORGE WHITE.
sep30—1m.

MOBILE ADVERTISEMENTS.
Iff & Co.
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL
LIQUOR DEALERS,
32 COMMERCE STREET,
MOBILE, ALA.
We keep always on hand a full Stock of
Foreign & Domestic
WHISKIES
OF ALL GRADES AND PRICES.
ALSO
Wines, Brandies, Rum, Gin,
And all articles usually found in Liquor stores. We sell our goods at the lowest possible prices.
The experience of more than Twenty-five years as Rectifiers enables us to guarantee our Manufactures to be superior to any similar goods in the country. Call and examine for yourselves and save money.
oct7—6mos

IRA W. PORTER & CO
Under Odd Fellows' Hall Royal St.
Mobile Ala
BUILDERS' HARDWARE,
CUTLERY,
WHITE LEAD, PAINTS, OILS, VARNISHES, BRUSHES,
Marbleized Slate Mantles, Grates and Fenders.
WHITE PINE BLACK WALNUT & MAHOGANY
PLANK & WOOD
MOULDINGS.
Terra Cotta Chimney Tops, Drain Pipe, and House Furnishing Goods.
Doors, Sash & Blinds.
DIRECT IMPORTERS OF FOREIGN
Window, Car, Picture, Photographic and Ornamental Glass.
Oct7—6mo.

FALL AND WINTER TRADE.
1871--72.
MERCHANTS and all others visiting Mobile will find it to their advantage to examine the large and complete assortment of
MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS
MUSICAL MERCHANDISE,
VIOLIN & GUITAR STRINGS,
SHEET MUSIC
MUSICAL WORKS,
FANCY GOODS,
TOYS, FIREWORKS,
NOTIONS GENERALLY,
offered at lowest prices at
Ware-Rooms
108 Dauphin Street 108
(between Conception and Joachim) by
BROMBERG BROTHERS.
Also sole agents for
STEINWAY & SONS'
CELEBRATED
PIANO FORTES,
and for the best
Patent Cabinet Organs.
Orders per mail punctually attended to.
sep23—3m.

F. J. BARNARD & Co.
WHOLESALE & RETAIL DEALERS IN
Paints, Oils, Class, Putty, Brushes,
AND
A Large Assortment of
ARTIST MATERIALS,
PICTURE FRAMES AND MOULDINGS &c.
No. 11. NORTH WATER STREET,
MOBILE, ALA.
This House was established in the year 1842.
sep16—6m.

SELMA ADVERTISEMENTS.
H.A. STOLLENWERCK, Selma, Ala. F. E. STOLLENWERCK Mobile, Ala.
A. G. STOLLENWERCK. Selma, Ala.
H. A. STOLLENWERCK & BROS.
Water Street,
SELMA, Ala.
F. E. STOLLENWERCK & BROS.
42 North Commerce Street,
MOBILE Ala
COTTON FACTORS
AND
Commission Merchants.
Messrs. E. L. WOODWARD & SON, of Jacksonville, Ala., will act as Agents for this house.

N. WOODRUFF & Co.
COTTON FACTORS,
and
Commission Merchants,
OFFICE (UP STAIRS) CITY BLOCK,
SELMA ALA.
sep16—3m.

ABNER WILLIAMS,
Cotton Factor,
No. 4. CENTRAL BLOCK (UP STAIRS,)
WATER STREET, SELMA, ALA.
Bagging and Ties advanced on liberal terms to his patrons.
sep2—3m.

MONEY SAVED
IS
Money Made!
FARMERS, HOUSEKEEPERS,
and others
WILL NOTICE THIS.
We sell Dry Goods,
Dress Goods,
Fancy Goods,
Clothing, Hats,
China, Glass and
Granite Ware,
25 to 50 per cent Cheaper
than they are sold by small dealers.
We deliver all goods sold on the line of the Selma, Rome & Dalton Railroad
FREE OF CHARGE,
for cases Drayage and Railroad Freight when the cash accompanies the order, and the amount of bill is Fifty Dollars.
John W. Woodward, will be pleased to execute the *cash orders* of his friends.
E. JOHNSON & Co.,
Selma, Ala.
apr15—6m

MONTGOMERY ADV'S.
HARDWARE!
B. L. WYMAN,
Successor to
HALL, MOSES & ROBERTS,
has removed to
No. 3 COURT SQUARE,
SIGN OF THE PADLOCK,
MONTGOMERY ALA.
Where the readers of the REPUBLICAN are invited to examine one of
THE LARGEST
AND
Best Assorted Stock,
Ever brought to Montgomery consisting of Hardware, Iron and Steel, Nails, Castings, and Cutlery, Stoves, Tin Ware and House-keeping goods,
Agricultural Implements
PLOWS, HOES, CHAINS, &c.
The celebrated
Fashion Cook Stove.
B. L. WYMAN,
SIGN OF THE PADLOCK,
MONTGOMERY ALA.,
apr29—6m.

D. H SHULAR, Montgomery. T. C. HARTWELL, Lowndes Co.
SHULAR & HARTWELL,
Cotton Warehouse, Factors,
—AND—
GENERAL
Commission Merchants,
MONTGOMERY, ALA.
We would inform our friends and the planting community generally, that we have leased the Brick Warehouse on the corner of Commerce and Bibb streets, and are prepared to do the Storage and Factorage Business in all its branches. Our charge for Storage will be fifty cents per bale for the first, and twenty-five for each successive month. Our charge for selling cotton will be one dollar per bale. We are prepared to make liberal advances on cotton in store, or for shipment to our friends in New York, New Orleans or Mobile. We will furnish Bagging and Ties, or other plantation supplies at the lowest market price. From our long experience in business, and prompt attention to all matters entrusted to us, we hope to merit a share of patronage.
D. H. SHULAR,
THOS. C. HARTWELL.
Sept. 30.

CHEAP
JOB WORK,

ROME ADVERTISEMENTS.
C. G. SAMUEL.
Successor to Elliot & Samuel,
COTTON FACTOR
Warehouse & Commission Merchant,
(At Steamboat Landing,)
Rome, Ga.
Cotton compressed and put in splendid shipping order and forwarded same day of its arrival, at reduced rates of freight.
sept 23, 1871—1y

Mrs. S. C. HAMMONDS,
Fashionable Milliener,
ROME, GEORGIA.
HAS in stock a very fine lot of Millinery Goods, & is prepared to fill all orders from abroad, satisfactorily both as to style and price. The patronage of the public, along the line of the Selma, Rome & Dalton Railroad, respectfully solicited.
july 15—6 mo.

GENERAL ADVS.
R. A. PRINGLE,
Cotton Seller and General
PRODUCE BROKER,
OFFICE—CENTRAL WHARF,
CHARLESTON S. C.
REFERENCES.—Hon. C. T. Lowndes, President of the Bank of Charleston; W. B. Smith, Esq., President of the Union Bank; John Hanckel, Esq., President of People's Bank; Robert Adger, Esq., Messrs. Geo. A. Trenholm & Son, T. H. Wagner, Esq., Messrs. Henry Bischoff & Co., James M. Caldwell, Esq., Messrs. Ward, Crane Boyleston & Co., Messrs. D. F. Fleming & Co., Messrs. J. E. Adger & Co., Messrs. Marshall & Burge, Messrs. Edwin Bates & Co., Edward McCrady, Sr., Esq., B. C. Pressley, Esq., and H. T. Peaks, Esq.
Special attention given to the consignment and sale of Cotton, Rice, Naval Stores, Dried Fruit, Peanuts, &c.
The subscriber offers his services to his friends and the public as a
Cotton Seller and General
PRODUCE BROKER,
having had many years experience in the Cotton Houses of Messrs. Robinson & Caldwell and John Fraser & Co., He intends to give special attention to the consignment and sale of Cotton, Rice, Naval Stores, Dried Fruit, &c., and hopes by unremitting attention so business to merit a share of the public patronage, and respectfully solicits a call from his old friends and customers in the interior
R. A. PRINGLE.
sep23—3m,

BOOKS!
PATTEN AND PAYNE,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL
BOOKSELLERS STATIONERS
AND
NEWS DEALERS
Chattanooga, Tennessee.
KEEP constantly on hand a full supply of SHOOL AND COLLEGE TEXT BOOKS.
For Sale at Publishers' Lowest Prices,
WRITING PAPER
Of every size and Weight. Good Note Paper $1.20 per Ream. Good Foolscap $2,00 up. Wrapping Paper of all kinds.
ENVELOPES
Of every Style, quality and price.
INITIAL NOTE PAPER AND ENVELOPES
Put up in nice boxes, each contain 25 sheets of paper and 25 envelopes, mailed to any address for 50 cents.
Agents for the best BLANK BOOK Manufactures, and keep constantly on hand a full line of.
BLANKBOOKS,
Memorandums and records. Send for a price list.
GOLD PENS, John Holland's and Foley's Celebrated Gold Pens. Descriptive Circular containing prices, sent when requested.
MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS
Violins from $8.00 per dozen up. A Great variety of Banjos, Accordeons, Flutes' Guitars Violin and Guitar Strings, Violin Bows, Music Boxes, &c., &c.,
Wall Paper!
A large stock of Paper Hangings, Window Shades and Fixures. Send for samples and prices.
Catalogue an List of Books and Stationery sent on application
July 20.—1871.

A Successful & Wonderful
INVENTION.
NEW METHOD OF WASHING
CLOTHES WITHOUT LABOR.
C. R. Arnold's
SELF-ACTING
CLOTHES WASHER.
Price Five Dollars.
No Rubbing! No Wear! A Saving of Time and Labor!
SATISFACTION IN ALL CASES
Guaranteed!
It Can be Tried before Purchasing.
PATENTED MAY 4, 1869.
WM. JOHNSON,
OXFORD ALA.
sep16—3m.

JNO. FOSTER. WM. H. FORNEY.
FOSTER & FORNEY,
Attorneys at Law,
Jacksonville Alabama.
Will practice in the Counties of Calhoun, Talladega, Randolph, St. Clair, Cleburne, DeKalb and the Supreme Court of the State.
Jan. 1, 1865.

JOEL H. FRANCIS.
ATTORNEY AT LAW
—AND—
GENERAL COLLECTING AGENTS.
Jacksonville.....Alabama
Will practice in Etowah and adjoining counties. Special attention given to the filing petitions in Bankruptcy. Will prosecute claims against the Government for Bounty, Back pay, &c.
Jan. 7, 1871. J. H. CALDWELL

WALLIS & ALDWELL
Attorneys at Law,
AND
Solicitor in Chancery.
JACKSONVILLE, ALA.
HAVING associated themselves in the practice of Law, will practice together in CRIMINAL CASES, in the counties of Calhoun, Talladega, St. Clair, Randolph, Cherokee and DeKalb
Jan. 6, 1866.

G. I. TURNLEY, G. I. TURNLEY
L. J. & G. I. TURNLEY,
Attorneys at Law
AND
Solicitors in Chancery
General Collecting Agents.
JACKSONVILLE, ALA.
Will practice Law in the counties of Calhoun, Talladega, Randolph, Cleburne, Etowah, Blount, Shelby, Baine, St. Clair and DeKalb, in the Supreme Court of the State, and in the U. S District Court, Northern and Middle Division of Alabama.

BYRON WOSER. LEROY F. BOX.
WOSER & BOX,
Attorneys at Law,
AND
Solicitors in Chancery
ASHVILLE, Ala.
Will practice in all the Courts of St. Clair, Calhoun, Talladega, Shelby, Blount, DeKalb, Cherokee & Etowah also in the Supreme Court of the State. Prompt attention given.

W. L. STEVENSON,
Attorney at Law,
JACKSONVILLE, Ala.

JASPER N. HANEY,
Attorney at Law,
SELMA, ALA.
Will practice in all the State Courts and also the Federal Courts at Montgomery buy sell and rent real estate.

TENNESSEE HOUSE
Rome, Ga.
J. A. STANSBURY, Prop'r.
The Most convenient Hotel to Rail Road Depots.
March 12, 1870—tf

Selma Rome & Dalton Railroad.
CHANGE OF SCHEDULE.
Commencing Saturday, July 1st, 1871. Passenger Trains on this Road, will leave Jacksonville as follows:
COMING NORTH.
2 51 P. M. Express—Daily.
10 26 P. M. Mail—Daily.
GOING SOUTH.
12 37 A. M. Mail—Daily.
11 43 A. M. Express—Daily
Trains North make connections at Rome, with Rome Railroad for Atlanta, and points beyond—and at Dalton with trains of E. T. Va. & Ga. R. R., for Knoxville, Lynchburg and Eastern cities.
Passengers for Chattanooga, Nashville, Memphis and other points West, should take 10 26 P. M. train, to avoid detention at Dalton
Trains South, arrive in Selma, at 8 30 A. M., and 8 30 P. M.—and at Montgomery, via. S. & N. Ala., at 9 20 A. M. and 7 16 P. M.
Passengers for Pensacola, Mobile and New Orleans, VIA MONTGOMERY, should take 11 43 A. M. train.
Passengers for Mobile and New Orleans, via MERIDIAN—and for Jackson, Vicksburg, and Monroe La., should take 12 37 A. M train.
E. G. BARNEY,
Gen'l. Sup't,
M. STANTON,
Ass't Sup't.

Insurance a Specialty.
L. J. PARR.
SPECIAL AGENT,
JACKSONVILLE AL
Will insure Life, or Property of any kind in the following Companies:
Cotton States Life Insurance Co., MACON, GA.,
Georgia Home Fire Insurance Co. COLUMBUS, GA.,
Home Protection of North Alabama Fire Insurance Co., HUNTSVILLE ALA.,
mar25—1'71

When Mary Was a Lassie.

A WAIF.

The following song, exceedingly sweet and plaintive, comes to us from a mysterious source. It seems not to have been written by any one in the flesh, but dropped down itself from somewhere. Has any one ever heard or seen anything like it, we wonder! It has all the tenderness of Burns, but we never saw it in print:

The maple trees are tinged with red,
The birch with golden yellow,
And high above the orchard wall,
Hang apples ripe and mellow,
And that's the way, through yonder lane,
That looks so still and grassy—
The way I took one Sunday eve,
When Mary was a lassie.

You'd hardly think that patient face.
That looks so thin and faded,
Was once the very sweetest one
That ever bonnet shaded;
But when I went through yonder lane,
That looks so still and grassy,
Those eyes were bright, those cheeks were fair,
When Mary was a lassie.

But many a tender sorrow,
And many a patient care,
Have made those furrows on the face
That used to be so fair.
Four times to yonder churchyard,
Through the lane so still and grassy,
We've borne and laid away our dead,
Since Mary was a lassie.

And so you see I've grown to love
The wrinkles more than roses;
Earth's winter flowers are sweeter far
Than all spring's dewy posies;
They'll carry us through yonder lane
That looks so stil and grassy,
Adown the lane I used to go
When Mary was a lassie.

[*From the Columbus (Miss.) Index.*]

Horrible Tragedy at Artesia.

An Innocent White Man Butchered by Radical Devils!

The people of Mississippi have witnessed another terrible example of the teachings of carpet-baggery, and of what they may continue to to expect if the native and imported scoundrels who direct the passions of the negroes are not hurled, by a united effort, from the eminence they disgrace to the hell of a people's condemnation they deserve.

On Saturday evening last, a little before dark, there was perpetrated one of the most cold blooded murders that ever blackened the annals of crime. A harmless citizen was taken by an infuriated mob of blacks, who have been taught by such men as Lewis, Bliss, Gleed and Whitfield, and butchered like a dog to satisfy their hate and malice. But we will not pass judgment for our readers before giving the facts as represented by witnesses:

It appears that on the evening in question, a large number of Radical negroes, variously estimated at from eight hundred to two thousand, assembled in Artesia, a short distance from the Depot, to hear speeches from two carpet-baggers, Lewis and Bliss. They came to the station more like a troop of soldiers than as a body of citizens gathered to hear public addresses. Hundreds were mounted, and armed with swords, guns, pistols and sticks. Many came on foot, most of whom were armed. There seemed to be officers in charge, who ever and anon gave out the order, "close up!" "halt," and the like commands. The rostrum was a wagon, and Lewis had poured out his bile and poison, and Bliss was in the midst of a harangue, when a white man, named Lee, walked from the Hotel to the speaker's stand as an idle listener, with no interest in the gathering more than that of ordinary curiosity. It was known that he had arrived at Artesia that day—was a carpenter in the employ of the M. & O. Railroad—and was waiting for the down train to go to Meridian. He had not left the Hotel five minutes before a shot was fired in the crowd, followed by four others in rapid succession.

It is not given positively how the first shot was fired—whether by accident or design. But the gun was in the hands of a negro. A physician of Artesia saw it raised at an angle of forty five degrees, and fired, but he cannot now identify the negro. Lee turned to leave the crowd at this moment, fearing trouble, and as he did so, some of the crowd directed attention to him by shouting, "White man! white man! kill him! shoot him!" and they attacked him with their guns and pistols. One blow of a sabre cut a fearful gash in the back of his head, which alone would have killed him. Only one of the shots fired at him took effect, but that was enough. A hole was blown into his back beneath the left shoulder blade, which reached his heart, causing almost instant death. You could have put three fingers in the place! Not satisfied with this, the cowardly wretches actually kicked and trampled on the body after it was lifeless, and there was no carpet bagger's hand to prevent the doubly infamous deed. When the murder was done the whole mob fled with the speed of guilt in every direction, Lewis taking the road to Crawfordville with a portion of the crowd, the body being left to the charge of the few white citizens who were on the ground.

A citizen of our city, now a contractor on the road, was present at the examination of the body, and states that there was no sign of arms about the clothing—that he thought, from the man's character that he did not carry weapons. He also states that he conversed with Lee a few minutes before the tragedy, and that he was in his sober senses.

It is established by other responsible persons that Lee was a modest, harmless workman, the last man in the world to interfere in a political gathering. That he was well connected. That a few minutes before the tragedy he was in the hotel waiting for his shoes to be blacked, and talking rationally and socially to persons in the hall.

And who are accountable for the murder of poor Lee? Unquestionably the renegades and carpet baggers who have educated the ignorant negroes to these dark and fiendish deeds. Such men as Lewis, Bliss, Gleed and Whitfield are his real murderers. Whitfield had a part of that same crowd at Prairie Hill, the same day, with arms and evil intentions. By accident he left Artesia a few hours before the murder.

The wonder of this country of wonders is that such men are permitted to breathe the air that gives life to a proud and noble community.

Endurance.

The people of the South challenged the admiration of the world during the late war for their quality of endurance. Foremost among the Southern people in exhibiting that god-like quality were the people of Alabama. We have endured the pangs of war, hunger, death and fire. We have endured pangs worse than those of war, the pangs of brave men subjugated but not conquered, the reviling of cowards, the rule of our slaves, insults which we cannot avenge, and outrages which we dare not retaliate. We have endured the continual scoffing of the party in power. We have seen our homes and firesides visited with fears and sorrows engendered for purely partisan purposes. We have been imprisoned without trial, plundered without law, and murdered without justice to the assassins. In the midst of it all we have practiced a most wonderful endurance.

Six years have passed since the war closed. We have seen the counsels of the assassinated President Lincoln and of the ablest Federal General, Sherman, set aside. We have seen a President who attempted to give us the rights of our slaves brought to trial and barely escaping conviction. We have seen the whole land plundered by tax collectors with impunity. We have seen our States placed under negro rule, under the pretence that the whites of the South were still for war. We have seen sporadic breaches of the peace distorted into insurrection against the government and martial law declared at a period of profound peace. We have seen Alabama thrust under negro government at the point of the bayonet, in defiance of even the law of the persecutors.

We have seen all this and endured it all. Cannot we endure for a little time longer? What are two or four years in the life of a party? What are four or twelve years in the life of a principle?

Yet, at the very first reverse of fortune—no, not at a reverse, but because fortune has not favored us to the extent of our immediate expectations—we see people crying out that all is lost. We see new departures attempted just as our party Erees have exhibited their greatest strength. Impatient for victory the anxious leaders strike for a short cut, and wade into a morass. No short cut ever yet carried a party to victory.

The short cut is tried, and ends in defeat. Then we hear a distant cry, which is caught up by the timid, to the effect that we must disband our party. To go whither? No one can answer.

And yet, what is the amount of the disaster which causes this demoralization among the men who are even willing to depart at the least alarm? Simply, the adding of a few thousand negro votes in California, Ohio and Pennsylvania to the Radical majority. The Democracy are constantly gaining, never losing. What have we as an offset to the Radical gain of negroes at the North? We have the increasing Radical corruption and abuse of power at Washington, and the increasing fear of the people at the successive steps towards military rule which follow each election.

Let us practice a little more of that endurance which saved Alabama at last from the clutch of the Vandals! Let us remember that although Clanton is dead, the spirit of Clanton lives in the breasts of those who loved him! The people of Alabama will hear of no change of parties. The Democratic and Conservative party stand ready for action and for victory.

Let us lay aside any feeling of disappointment or despair. A change of a few thousand votes in two States of the Union will give the Democracy the next President. If any other party is formed it must adopt Democratic principles. If not, it will go backward, instead of forward.

At this period of doubt, when many of our leading journals appear to tremble in the balance, we moan the absence of that hero whose clarion voice was always heard above the perilous edge of danger. O, for a Clanton—

"One blast upon his bugle horn
Were worth a million men!"

Montgomery Advance.

ADROITLY HIT.—A correspondent of the *Herald and Presbyter* writing from Minnesota, tells the following:

"I have picked up a little story, which I think too good a reproof for disturbers of the peace in churches to be lost. A presiding elder of the United Brethren Church was preaching in this same neighborhood, and was much annoyed by persons talking and laughing. He paused looked at the disturbers, and said, I am always afraid to reprove those who misbehave in church. In the early part of my ministry I made a great mistake. As I was preaching, a young man who sat just before me was constantly laughing and making uncouth grimaces. I paused and administered a severe rebuke. After the close of the service of one of the official members came and said to me, "Brother——, you made a great mistake. That young man whom you reproved is an idiot." Since then I have always been afraid to reprove those who misbehave in church lest I should repeat that mistake, and reprove another idiot. During the rest of that service at least, there was good order.

STANTON IN LIMBO.—At the last session of the Grand Jury of this county, an indictment was found against J. C. Stanton for "obtaining money from the State of Alabama under false pretences." Stanton being at that time without the limits of the State, Gov. Lindsay issued his requisition upon the Governor of the State of Tennessee for his delivery into the possession of the officers of the law of this State, and sent (or caused to be sent,) Deputy Sheriff Goode to the city of Chattanooga to await developments. But the Deputy had not long to wait, inasmuch as Gov. Brown complied with the requisition of Gov. Lindsay without delay, and Stanton, on being informed of the nature and progress of the proceedings against him, surrendered himself without a word. The result was, that night before last Mr. Goode reached Montgomery with his prisoner, who was yesterday morning arraigned before the City Court, now in session, and held to bail in the sum of $4,000. Messrs. Eugene Beebe and W. T. Hatchett appeared as his bondsmen, and the great Mogul of the A. & C. R. R. was once more at liberty. The bond is conditioned to be void if Stanton appears for trial before the City Court of Montgomery on the 17th of November prox.

Montgomery Advertiser.

A First-class Notice of the Little Akerman.

We are indebted to the Ohio *Statesmen* for the following highly appreciative notice of the Fourpier Tinville of the Washington Commune. But Akerman was only a wagon-master, Mr. *Statesman*.

Col. Akerman, late Commissary on the staff of Gen Robert Toombs, in the rebel army, accompanied his patron, Gen. Grant, on his visit to the Soldiers' Home at Dayton, on Tuesday last. The Colonel made a glowing speech to the disabled veterans, but wisely refrained from any details of his own military service on Toombs' staff and in the ranks of the rebel Home Guard of Georgia. He is now Attorney General in the administration of General Grant, and bloodhounded in chief to the oppressors of the Southern people.

A purchased traitor to his own section, he is as bitter on the South as he was on his native North during the war, when it was to the interest of his pocket and his precious hide to get into the rebel commissary department.

Akerman is one of the few Northern men by birth and education who took service in the rebel army, but the veterans at Dayton had the consolation of knowing that he was never near enough to the front to be responsible for any of their injuries.

A QUAKER PRINTER'S PROVERBS.

Never sendest an article for publication without giving the editor thy name, for thy name oftentimes secures publication to worthless articles.

Thou shouldst not rap at the door of a printing office, for he that answereth the rap sweareth in his sleeves and loseth time.

Neither do thou loaf about; ask questions, or knock down type, or the boys will love thee like they do shade trees when thou leveth.

Thou shouldst never read the copy on the printer's case or the sharp and hooked container thereof or he may knock thee down.

Never inquire out of the editor for the news, for behold, it is his business at the appointed time to give it to thee without asking.

It is not right that thou shouldst ask him who is the author of an article, for his duty requires him to keep such things to himself.

When thou dost enter into his office, take heed unto thyself that thou dost not look at what may be *lying open and concerneth thee not*. For that is not meet in the sight of good breeding.

Neither examine thou the proofs sheet, for it is not ready to meet thine eye, that thou mayest understand.

Prefer thine own paper to any other, and subscribe for it immediately.

Pay for it in advance, and it shall be well with thee and thine.

THE MODERN OFFICE SEEKERS

A correspondent of the Lumberville (*N. J.*) *Beacon* says, a short time since, while staying at the borough of B., he overheard the following, which he thinks is too good to be lost:

A number of politicans, all of whom were seeking offices under the government were seated under a tavern porch, when an old toper named Joel B., a person who was very loquacious when corned, but exactly the opposite when sober, said he would tell them a story They told him to 'fire away,' whereupon he spoke as follows;

A certain King—I don't recollect his name—had a philosopher upon whose judgement he always depended. Now it happened one day that the King took it into his head to go hunting, and summoned his nobles, and making the necessary preparations, he summoned the philosopher and asked him if it would rain. The philosopher told him it would not, and they started. While journeying along they met a countryman mounted on a jackass.

He advised them to return, "for," said he, "it will certainly rain." They smiled contemptously upon him, and then passed on. Before they had gone many miles, however they had reason to regret not having taken the rustic's advice, as a shower coming up drenched them to the skin. When they returned to the palace the King reprimanded the philosopher severely.

"I met a countryman," said he, and he knows a great deal more than you. He told me it would rain, whereas you told me it would not."

The King then gave him his walking papers and sent for the country-man, who soon made his appearance.

"Tell me," said the King, "how you knew it would rain?"

"I did not know," said the rustic, "my jackass told me so."

"And how, pray, did he tell you?" asked the King.

"By pricking up his ears, your Majesty, said the rustic.

The King sent the countryman away, and procured the jackass of him, and passed him—the jackass—in the office the philosopher filled.

"And here," observed Joel, looking very wise, "is where the King made a great mistake."

"How so inquired the auditors.

"Why, ever since that time," said Joel, with a grin on his phiz," every jackass wants office."

"XENOPHON," an ancient Greek Greek correspondent in a neighboring State, sends us for publication a poem, at the beginning of which he exclaims;

Oh call not a shade of sadness
To linger upon my brow,
For my heart is o'er full of its gladness,
And I must be happy now.
I know that the shadows are creeping
O'er the sky that beameth so bright;
I know there'll be time for weeping,
But let me be happy to-night.

One would naturally suppose from this that we had formed a conspiracy to cause a shade of sadness to linger upon the young man's brow, and keep him perfectly miserable until to-morrow morning. We deny the charge. If he really must be happy to night, and nothing else will do him, let him proceed. If his heart is so full of its gladness that it wants to slop over, why, in the name of goodness let her slop. We are not going to interfere in the business, and therefore, should don't be asked to print such poetry, for we can't do it.

Courier Journal.

☞ The citizens of Kansas, in their social reunions, seem to indulge to a considerable extent in the festive and joyful pastime of firing their revolvers into the crowd. Sometimes this practice laudable, no doubt, in itself, but nevertheless liable to abuse—produces unanticipated results, as was the case on a recent occasion when a bullet passed through a partition and killed a young man who was sleeping in the next room. The unfortunate result of this convivial gathering was deeply regretted by the company.

☞ The Livingston Journal gives details of a horrible murder committed at York Station, by a man named John S. Currence.—who was drunk, was getting supper with his wife and his father-in-law Mr. John. Hall, when the latter remonstrated with him for throwing meat on the floor of the room to feed the dogs. Currence became much enraged—said Mr. Hall had insulted him and should answer for it, and stepping out of the door with a double-barrel shotgun in his hand, threatened to shoot. His life being in danger, Mr. Hall seized a gun, but was prevented from going out by his daughter, who ran to him begging him not to notice her husband as he was drunk. Mrs. Currence had thrown her arms around her father in affectionate entreaty and while in this position Currence fired killing his wife and, father-in-law immediately. In consequence of the distance of York Station from the scene of the murder—four miles—Currence succeeded in making his escape.

LONGEVITY.

Thomas Carn died 28th January 1588, aged 207; was born in the reign of Richard II., in 1381.—He lived in the reigns of ten sovereigns. There died in 1801 a Russian soldier who had served in the "thirty years' war," and was nearly 200 years old. Saint Mungo, otherwise called Kentigern, founder of the Bishopric of Glassgo Scotchman, died aged 185 years; Peter Czartzen, Hungarien, 185 years; Henry Jenkins, English, 169 years Joseph Surrington, Norwegian, 160 years; Thomas Drama, English, 152 years; Draaenborg, Dane, 146 years; J. Essingham, English, 144 years; George Wunder German, 136 yers; Douglass Gurgen, Swede, 120 years; Mittelstadt, German, 125 years; Maria Williams, Russian, 115 years.

JACKSONVILLE REPUBLICAN

JACKSONVILLE, ALABAMA.

SATURDAY, NOV. 4th, 1871.

An Amusing Fellow.

The Harrisburg (Pa.) *Journal* is the most Radical paper that we get, and we like to read it. It is about the only Radical paper an honest citizen can read without indignation. The political editor of the sheet in question, however, disarms one of anger by the very hugeness of his political lies, & moves one laughter to see with what facility he can gass and blow, or get mad, awful mad, as occasion requires. A cool taunting enemy can drive one to fury; but when one sees his opponent "jest a rarin' an a pitchin'—the most maddest man ever you see," he feels a degree of self complacency and amused superiority that is really pleasant. Hence, when we grow vexed over the columns of the St. Louis Democrat, in dignant at the manufactured misrepresentations and hypocritical cantings of the Montgomery *State Journal* or wrathy over the perverted perceptions of the New York *Times* that can see so much to condemn in Tammany thieves and nothing to censure in the Radical thieves of Grants' appointment, we always turn to the Harrisburg *Journal* and laugh it off. We would recommend, our subscribers who want a genuine, dyed in the wool Radical paper, to take it. "Red handed Traitor," Brawling rebel" "Red Blood of Loyalty" &c., sparkle like pyrotechnics through its columns. That our readers may see a specimen of its editorials and also read again the old fable of the Wolf and the Lamb in a new dress, we clip the article below at random, from the last number, and publish it.

People who remember that twelve sparsely populated States waged a respectable resistance for four years against the combined forces of twenty densely populated States, with whole armies of Southern slaves and the scum and scrapings of Europe thrown in, and old Confederate soldiers who remember with what ease we used to charge over and wildly rout the whole concern when not opposed by more than four to one, can but smile at the complacency this Bullrumist exhibits over the prowess and "valor" of the "Yankee" "that astonished the martial world and elicited the admiration of the most accomplished soldiers of the age."

A propos to the above quotation, Von Moltke, when asked on one occasion what he thought of the campaign of the American armies in our late war, said he had read nothing about them: that there was nothing to be learned from the tactics of mobs. Von Moltke, however, would be voted an old granny by this Harrisburg representative of that "invincible" people who are so patient, so averse to blood letting, so hard to get started, but who when they *are* aroused, "take on powerful."

It is but just to those truly brave men in the U. S. Army (and they were many) to say, that they ceased the war when the South did; and now hate these cowards, whose cowardice ties with the weakness of their opponents as heartily as we do. These are they who are the champions of the cause of constitutional liberty in this country, and with whom we must join hands to save the remnant of the liberties of the people of our whole country.

But we thought not to dwell so long or so seriously over the rhodomontade of this Harrisburg Communist. We give it.

"The controlling motive in leading the South into rebellion, in the first place, was a disposition on the part of a certain element in the social and political organization of that people to show the world they were superior to the North in men—that is, that the men of the South were better fighters. There was no cause under God's heaven for the rebellion. At the moment the South struck the government, when the red blood of loyalty was spilt the Southern or slave States were in the enjoyment of all they ever asked. But the trouble then was a suspicion that the North had outstripped the South—that our people were more intelligent, more enterprising and as a consequence possessed more of the qualities of true, exalted manhood than the inhabitants of the Southern States. The preponderance of the free States in the councils of the nation proved how rapidly they were growing in population, and a consequence how potential they were becoming in political influence. The knowledge of all this fired the Southern heart with envy and malice and in an hour of jealousy the Southern people proclaimed they suffered from wrongs which never had an existence. They rebelled proclaiming their superiority and we all know how they failed to make good this pretention. The overwhelming defeat of the slaveholders rebellion—a defeat in the face of the sympathy and influence of the aristocracies of the world against free government, showed the Northern people to be invincible. We all saw how utterly incapable of final victory the South proved. To be sure, traitors were able to prolong the war, but that was on account of the abhorrence of the Northern people to blood letting. It was a terrible thing for the people of the North to take up arms to fight those of the South. Northern men, even when first aroused to a degree, shrunk from positive conflict. It was hoped an immense demonstration of resistance would avail all that was necessary—would overawe the South and restore peace. But all this proved futile. The South meant fight—thirsted for blood—and forced the war to the most horrible extremities. They got all they wanted. They were whipped and beggerd. Under no circumstances, and with all the aid it was possible to give them—with the concerted cooperation of some of the strongest governments of Europe, and the aid and comfort of Northern doughfaces, the chivalry were yet not able to worst the hated Yankee, who when, he commenced to fight, waged the war on a magnitude and with a valor which astonished the martial world and elicited the admiration of the most accomplished soldiers of the age. The Yankee people fought for peace. All they wanted was peace. They had no fame to make in arms, because the quality of our institutions does not depend for strength and endurance upon the force of arms. The Southern people must now learn this fact, in addition to the truth, that they are incapable to cope with the men of the North. Whipped traitors have been unmindful of the fact that they are the defeated party. Had these men submitted in honor to the results of the war the memories of its attrocities as waged by them, would have soon been erased. But traitors force the government to increase their humiliation and disgrace by making the law so strong as to induce the world to believe the lately revolted States are inhabited by desperadoes and criminals. The Southern people have themselves to blame for this condition of official affairs. Their crimes have been a constant challenge to the government and the men of the North, and they will henceforth find the Yankee will fight longer for the sake of peace than any man on the face of the earth. The result of recent elections proves this statement. The course of the President still further goes to its establishment, and as long as there is a brawling traitor to defy the government and disturb the peace of the land, there will be loyal men ready to fight him down; mark these words: FIGHT HIM DOWN TO EXTERMINATION! It would be well if the people of the South could all be impressed with this fact, because it is a fact which can never be changed. The Yankee thrives best and glories most in peace, and if he is forced into war he fights for peace, and will not stop the conflict until he has secured it."

A correspondent of the Montgomery *Advertiser*, (Keffer) himself a Radical, reveals the existence of a secret armed organization of negroes and mean whites, in Montgomery county, numbering eighteen hundred men, whose object is the election of Radicals to office and whose pastime is that of firing into the houses and families of defenceless planters, at night. It is styled the National Guard, has its headquarters in Washington city and is the same organization that we made publication of some weeks ago, under the head of a "Dangerous Organization," as being established in Georgia. Its Generalissimo in Montgomery county is said to be one Brainard, Clerk of the Circuit Court; its Major Gen'l. one Robt. Knox, claiming to be Solicitor of the county, and its Colonel one Williams, a member of the Legislature. Its negro members are promised the lands of the Planters on New Years day—the forty acres and a mule over again—and some of them have already selected their places, the poor fools. Sam Rice, Judge Dunlap, the State *Journal* and other prominent Radicals denounce it in the severest terms as a Radical Ku Klux concern and strenuous efforts have been made by them to break it up. The result is, the Radical party in that county is in a terrible stew and the opponents and supporters of the organization are procuring the arrest of each other, under the Ku-Klux Act, at such a rate that it is thought the whole party in that county will be either in jail or under bond soon. The bondsmen have to be furnished from the ranks of the Democrats, as remarks the *Advertiser*, there is not enough property represented by the entire Radical party, in that county, to make one respectable bond.

It is with sincere pleasure that we hear of their bitter quarrel, but that pleasure is somewhat damped because of the action of the Democrats of Montgomery. We would have much preferred to have seen them "hands off," and the whole Radical happy family looked up for want of bondsmen.

Pat Robinson, Radical candidate in Montgomery county, calls Keffer, carpet-bagger, "that Pennsylvania thief," and threatens to "shake him like a bull terrier would a *rat*." This all goes to show how united the "Republican element" is in Alabama.

The Attalla Union (Radical) has "suspended for a month" which is the polite for "fizzled out." It adhered strictly to the fortunes of Stanton to the last, and even while that individual was under arrest in Montgomery was predicting how soon Stanton would be in possession of the Road, and how the Attallians, who have heretofore opposed his villianies, would then fall down and worship him. Smith was the strange name of the genius who engineered the *Union* in the days of its existence. His faith in Stanton was simply sublime. When all others were faithless the individual bearing the singular cognomen of Smith was faithful still. As the success of Stanton was a matter of meat and bread to Smith, this may not appear strange to some. However that may be, though, Smiths case is a sad one, and demands the sympathy of all the scallawags in the land.

Last week we received a cool invitation from one Henry Kimball, Railway Securities, Fulton St. N. Y., to publish as editorial a long printed puff of the Radical banking firm of Henry Clews & Co., who have lately superceded the Barrings as bankers abroad of the U. S. Government and Treasury Department. This of course we declined to do unless Messrs. Clews & Co., would pay for the space so occupied and allow same to go in among the advertisements.

The Barrings filled the place long and satisfactorily and it was simply an outrage to turn them out, for the benefit of Clews & Co., whose claims were based on their "loyalty" and the part they took in hounding on and supporting by their means the unholy crusade against the South.

Moreover, since the war, this firm has "made its jack" as agent of some of the carpet-bag governments of the South and all our people can guess the character of services rendered from the reputation of the principals.

It is therefore with regret that we notice some of the country papers of our State giving publication as editorial to this shallow gratuitous advertising dodge of Clews & Co.

Almost every man we have spoken to on the subject is in favor of the establishment of a Cotton Factory at or near this place. Several men we know of both in and out of Jacksonville who profess a willingness to put a thousand dollars each into it, and one gentleman in Jacksonville, we understand, says he has three thousand on hand to invest in that way. We are confident a respectable subscription could be made up in the county if some one would take the trouble to open a subscription book, and we are also confident that on proper representation a large amount of stock would be subscribed by parties in Columbus and Augusta Ga., Montgomery, Selma and other points where they know how such investments pay. Let some solid citizen of Jacksonville take hold of the matter and push it for the benefit of the country—some one whose connection with it will inspire the confidence of capitalists in the cities named. We could name the man, who, if he would take hold of it in his usual earnest, determined, persevering manner, could put it through successfully in a very short time. It would, be well for our people to make up an amount sufficient to bear the traveling expenses, and then invite one of our solid men to take hold of the matter and go to work. Of course we could expect no one to give more than his time in setting on foot an enterprise that would benefit largely the whole community.

The Terrible Michigan Fires.

Horrible Scenes and Thrilling Incidents.

A correspondent of the Cleveland *Herald*, writing from Port Huron, says:

In Huron and Sanilac Counties alone it is thought 10,000 men, women and children are now homeless, where but a few days ago all were happy and in their little homes.

Many terrible scenes are reported similar to the following: A Mr. John Dunlap, who lived just back of the Sand Beach, in Huron County, had ten in his family. Every one but one was badly burned in trying to get to the lake through the fire and smoke. The mother, carrying an infant in her arms, was burned in a most shocking manner, so that when she reached Port Huron her clothes had to be cut from her body, and strange to say, her babe was not touched by the fire. After reaching the lake the party with hundreds of others stood in the water waist deep, and when the fire got too warm for them, they would throw water over themselves to keep from burning to death. Here they stood waist deep for hours, fighting for dear life, praying to God to save them. Many of them told me they never expected to get out of the lake alive. Their limbs would cramp, and they had to be held up by others, while all, by their long exposure, were more or less chilled through, and then at last, after those long hours of suffering, they could not walk, and had to be laid on the sand until succor came.

Since writing the above I have seen Mr. Dunlap's family, and a sad, sorry looking set they are. Four of the little children are burned from their knees down to their feet. This was those who, running through the fire to the lake. Other members of the family are more or less burned about the head and arms. One of the eldest girls said that while they were going through the woods trees were falling all around them, and at one time a tree fell directly in front of her.

Another most thrilling incident and miraculous escape from death was in the case of the family of five children of Mr. William Mann, of Rock Creek. When the mother saw that they must leave their home, after fighting the fire fiend all day, she told the children (five in number) to go to the lake, and she would follow as soon as she had gathered up a few articles to take with her. They went in as big hurry as possible, and reached the lake just in time to be taken into a fishing boat, which three neighbors were about to shove off in. The mother in the mean time had gathered up what she could carry and started for the lake, but found the road, which her darling children had taken so full of smoke and fire and falling trees that she took another course through the woods, coming out some distance above where the children had. She knew not whether her little pets had passed through the fiery ordeal safely or not. She naturally feared the worst, and well she might. She eagerly and almost breathlessly inquired of those standing in the water if any one had seen them. Invariably the response was "No," "No," "No." Almost frantic she started through fire and smoke in the direction she knew they would naturally come. At last some one told her they had seen the children running for their lives toward the lake at such a place; thitherward she almost flew to find that they had been taken into a boat by some kind neighbors, who calculated to lay off from shore a short distance until they could return, or perhaps work along down shore, and land at some place where the fire was not raging so furiously. Here commences the romantic and thrilling part of the story. There was not an oar or sweep on board; a piece of board was all they had to control the boat with. For some time the boat rode gently upon the water, all the time working a little out from shore, although they did not realized, on account of the density of the smoke, how far they were getting from shore. They presumed they could easily return at their pleasure. It soon became apparent, on account of the roughness of the lake, that they were rapidly drifting into the lake, and they made all the efforts they possibly could to guide their unwieldy craft back toward the shore. Hour after hour they labored, but all was in vain. They knew that if they continued to drift, death was almost sure. All were in the greatest despair. The children were crying and calling for "Ma," "Ma." Some of them were deathly sick, and yet these brave men could do nothing to alleviate their suffering. They held a consultation, and all agreed nothing further could be done, and agreed to make the best of it. If death upon the ocean wave was their destination, so it must be. On they drifted, and the lake continued getting rougher. The oldest of the children, a girl of eleven summers was the bravest of the lot. She held the baby almost constantly during that terrible trip. On they went, the waves frequently breaking over them—of course all were wet and cold. Night came on with its Egyptian darkness. After weary and long, long hours of suffering daybreak was joyously hailed. They were now beyond the smoke of the burning forests. They were sure they would soon hail some vessel. All day long they looked, until darkness again set in without seeing a sail. I must here mention that there were four other children in the boat, besides the ones spoken of which belonged to the gentlemen in the boat. They (the men) had managed to get some bedding in the boat, and their children had the benefit of this, while the others were not allowed to enjoy this blessed privilege in these dreary moments, they continued to drift until the third morning, when a steamer name unknown, bound down, passed directly by them, in hailing distance. The gentlemen asked the captain to take them aboard, but he would not for some unexplained cause. This is a fact which the little girl told me herself, and I can not help believing her. The proper authorities should look after this matter, and punish the inhuman captain if it proves to be a fact, of which I have not a doubt. During the whole of this perilous journey, water had to be bailed from the boat constantly, and this had to be done with a boot and shoe. At about two o'clock in the morning of the third day out, one of Mr. Mann's children, a boy of three summers, died from hunger and exposure; when it died it was lying in the bottom of the boat, with water half over its little body. The little eleven years old girl said she wanted the man in the boat to put it on the bedding, but they would not, and she was too weak, and was holding the baby, and could not do it. The children did not cry much on the last day, as all were nearly exhausted. Finally, after three days and nights, they were drifted on shore at Kiln Karden, Ontario, where their wants were speedily attended to, and from there sent to Port Huron.

During these three days, will the reader imagine the mother's feelings, who knew not what might be the fate of her pet children? Every body that knew of the circumstances supposed, of course, they had gone to the bottom of the lake. The mother came into Port Huron yesterday and at once went to the relief rooms, where your correspondent was at the time. After making herself known, and bewailing the fate her children in pitcous sobs and moans (she had supposed them all dead till this moment) Mrs. Fred Wells, the very worthy Secretary of the Relief Association, told her, her children were here, well and apparently happy. I can not picture the scene. "Oh! is it so? is it so?" "God bless their little hearts!" "Where are they?" "Take me to them at once!" Mrs. Wells informed her they were near by and would take her there at once. Another and more painful part of the story was yet to be told Mrs. Mann. How to do this was a query, all the ladies in the room dreading to break the dreadful tidings to her. At last Mrs. Mann began to ask how Emma was, and then the next one Fanny, then Charley, how little Charley was? No one answered for a moment. She looked up and saw all was not right. "Is she dead? is he dead?" and commenced weeping and wringing her hands in the anguish no one can for the loss of her darlings. The story was only too true, and she was likewise informed of his death on the boat. By this time the ladies in their room, ten or fifteen in number, were weeping with the stricken mother, as though the last child was their own. I have seen several scenes of this kind but none so affecting as this.

St. Louis Republican New York letter.

PRISON TORTURE.

Some Discouraging Facts from Connecticut.

I question if ever the dungeons that echoed to the groans of the tortured Ugolino, or the unhappy Leonardo Da Vinci, heard more of man's misery than the Connecticut State prison. Warden after warden has fallen before the maddened victims of their tyranny, 'tis it really seems as if the law of self preservation would in some way control the Connecticut-ters' wild desire to oppress and destroy. They have just hung one of these resisters of oppression up in Hartford. I wonder if this is a affair with fire the warden and keepers to greater acts of injustice, or be the means of making matters better. The press all over the country are speaking of the man Wilson as the "American William Tell" That he deserved punishment for numerous burglaries who shall deny? But when goaded to madness by inhumanity and the cruelest tyranny, who, in his place, with one half the courage of that poor, crippled convict, but would have tried to do what Wilson did?

A TOUCHING STORY.

However, this case Wilson is not to example the Connecticut prison profit by alone. Ten years ago an Irishman came to this country, opened a modest little liquor and cigar shop in the city of New Haven. The building occupied by Gerald Toole for this purpose was a frame dwelling house, further inhabited by several families. One night this building burned, and Toole, being insured fully, was accused by his landlord of incendiarism, tried, found guilty by twelve bullheads on evidence of a very weak character, and sentenced by some judicial lightning glow to imprisonment for life. A mere boy of twenty, he was convicted, broke hearted, to the tender mercies of the Weathersfield prison.

He had never made a shoe in his life, and for that reason, probably, the astute authorities put the poor devil in the shoe shop. He meekly, humbly went to work to do his best. In a few weeks he got so well up to his part of the business that the overseer in charge told him he must do this particular branch of work on an entire case (12 pairs) of shoes each day, or take a flogging. Day after day saw that poor young wretch; working with all his might only to accomplish nine or ten pairs, to be flogged with leather thongs in the hands of a huge blackamoor; to have his raw and bloody back washed down with a bucket of salt water; his shirt put on and his maimed, mangled carcass thrust into a cell, where sleep and misery refused to lie down together.

Day with its blessed sun followed these nights of horror, till finally the man Toole was turned into a fiend, who looked upon any means of escape as justifiable. There came a day when working desperately at his bench all the hours allotted him, night overtook him with only the eleventh pair completed. He was, as usual taken to the stoneroom where the negro and the whip awaited him. This time the forlorn, abused wretch made up his mind that if he must die he would sell his life dearly. As the inhuman overseer, Doolittle, with his assistant, began stripping their victim the warden entered the room and, falling on his knees, poor Toole begged him to interfere, plead with him as if for life, assured him another day he thought he would be able to get through his case of boots; that he had done his best that day. But his prayer was of no avail; the warden told him to go ahead with the flogging.

The shirt was torn from his raw back, and the lash of the negro descended. In a moment, however, the scene was changed. Instead of tremblingly receving the cruel lash, the victim suddenly turned upon his tormentors with a small shoe knife he had concealed in his waistband, and making an onslaught on the entire party, cut and slashed right and left amongst them. The fiend Doolittle and the brute negro each got gash after gash and as the warden came within reach of the infuriated man, he got a rip from the flying knife that loosened his unnatural bowels for the rest of his natural life. Grabbing his injured crap with both hands he made for his office, sat down, and in less than a brace of shakes gave up his little ghost.

After the warden left the flogging party there was a reinforcement. Toole was overpowered, kicked, beaten, dragged and left in a dark cell for dead. However, the warden was a gone man, and of a natural consequence Toole would be wanted on a charge of murder. So to the cell they went, got the half dead creature out and went to work firing up their case to make a presentable show in the Hartford courts. The miserable man was tried, convicted and hung, all in due time, and three years thereafter there died in New Haven the owner of the house poor Toole was sentenced for burning; and this landlord on his death bed confessed to the priest that he was the real culprit. The good father would not, and did not, grant him absolution till that confession was made to the world and not to the church.

Law has got into such a muddle in this country, and "put up jobs" so often act instead of even handed justice, that going through our prisons I am not sure but I am viewing the real worth and virtue of the State, put out of the way of interfering with criminals by those who manage the bar and bench, and certainly the annals of the Connecticut State prison show some of the keepers and wardens to be harder and wickeder than the criminals under their charge.

The Happy Family.—Yesterday morning we learn that George W. Cox, late colored member of the Legislature from this county made affidavit before Commissioner Patrick charging R. H. Knox and M. D. Brainard with a violation of certain provisions of what are known as the Ku Klux and enforcement acts. We understand that they went before Commissioner Watts, in whose hands the papers had been placed and gave bond for their appearance to answer the charge, at a future time. It is understood that this charge is based upon the conduct of Knox and Brainard at the Radical mass meeting held at the Artesian [illegible]

[illegible] Judge Mi[illegible] the prosecuting attorney of the United States Government in this District, and well known throughout Alabama, he is described in Knox and Brainard's affidavit as John A. M[illegible] alias John A. P[illegible]—*Montgomery Ad.*

Great Fires in Modern Times.

Norfolk, Virginia, was destroyed by fire and cannon on January 1, 1776. Property to the amount of $1,509,000 was destroyed.

Soon after New York passed into the hands of the British, September 20, 1776, [illegible] were consumed by fire.

In 1811, December [illegible] atre at Richmond [illegible] which the Governor [illegible] leading citizens perished.

Six hundred warehouses, and property to the amount [illegible]

[illegible] ground.

April 10, 1845, [illegible] 1,000 buildings [illegible] fire. Loss $[illegible]

Fifteen hundred houses were burned in Quebec May 28, 1845, and in less than a month afterward 1,300 more; in all two-thirds of the city.

July 19, 1845, in New York city, 302 stores and dwellings and $6,000,000 worth of property were consumed.

September 9, 1848, in Albany, 600 buildings, besides steamboats, piers, &c; were burned loss $300,000.

St Louis lost 15 blocks and 23 steamboats by fire; May 17 1849.

July 9, 1850, in Philadelphia, 350 buildings were lost by fire, 25 persons burned, 9 drowned, 120 wounded; loss $1,500,000.

In San Francisco, May 3d to 5th 1851, 2,500 buildings were burned, many lives lost, and $3,500,000 worth of property destroyed.

December 24, 1851, 35,000 volumes were destroyed by fire in our Congressional Library.

July 13, 1852, 1,200 houses were burned in Montreal.

August 25, 1854, Demariscotta, Maine was entirely destroyed by fire. The same day more than 100 houses in Troy, N, Y., and a large portion of Milwaukee, Wis., were also destroyed.

October 9, 1857, a great fire occurred in Chicago; $600,000 in property destroyed.

July 3, 1865, the city of Portland, Maine, was nearly destroyed by fire; ten thousand people rendered homeless; loss, $15,000,000.

Febuary 17, 1865, the city of Charleston was almost destroyed by fire, and great quantities of military and naval stores.

The great fire in London, whose ruins covered 2436 acres, extended from the tower to the Temple Church, and from the northeast gate to Holburn bridge. It destroyed in the space of four days, 78 churches, the city gates, the Royal Exchange, the customhouse, Guildhall, Sion College, and many other public buildings, besides 13,200 houses, laying waste 400 streets. Over 200,000 people camped out after the fire, in Islington and Highgate. The fire lasted four days.

The Church of the Campania, Santiago, was burned December 8th 1863, and 2000 persons perished in the flames.

It will be seen from the above record that the conflagration in Chicago is the largest which has taken place in the world since the great fire in London, in 1666.

On the 5th of May, 1842, a fire broke out in the city of Hamburg, Germany, which raged with great fury for four days, destroying about one-third of the city. Sixty-one streets, containing 1,747 houses, were utterly laid waste, and 19,995 people were rendered homeless.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

NEW GOODS! NEW GOODS!

J. M. Carroll,

has just received his Stock of

FALL & WINTER GOODS,

suited to the trade of all, consisting of

Ladies Dress Goods,
Black Alpacas,
Flannels and Linseys,
Prints,
Bleach and Brown Domestics,
Bleach and brown Drillings,
Ladies and gentlemens
Shawls,
Red Blankets,
Cassimeres & Jeans,
Doe Skin and Broadcloth,
Notions, Hats and Caps,
Boots and Shoes,
Carpet Bags, Sole Leather,
Water and well Buckets,
Hardware and Crockery,
Bagging and Ties,
Chewing and Smoking
To[illegible] Sugar, Rice,
[illegible]

[illegible] Judge Mi[illegible] the prosecuting attorney of the United States Government in this District, and well known throughout Alabama, he is described in Knox and Brainard's affidavit as John A. M[illegible] alias John A. P[illegible]—*Montgomery Ad.*

Great Fires in Modern Times.

Norfolk, Virginia, was destroyed by fire and cannon on January 1, 1776. Property to the amount of $1,509,000 was destroyed.

Soon after New York passed into the hands of the British, September 20, 1776, [illegible] were consumed by fire.

In 1811, December [illegible] atre at Richmond [illegible] which the Governor [illegible] leading citizens perished.

Six hundred warehouses, and property to the amount [illegible]

[illegible] ground.

April 10, 1845, [illegible] 1,000 buildings [illegible] fire. Loss $[illegible]

Fifteen hundred houses were burned in Quebec May 28, 1845, and in less than a month afterward 1,300 more; in all two-thirds of the city.

July 19, 1845, in New York city, 302 stores and dwellings and $6,000,000 worth of property were consumed.

September 9, 1848, in Albany, 600 buildings, besides steamboats, piers, &c; were burned loss $300,000.

St Louis lost 15 blocks and 23 steamboats by fire; May 17 1849.

July 9, 1850, in Philadelphia, 350 buildings were lost by fire, 25 persons burned, 9 drowned, 120 wounded; loss $1,500,000.

In San Francisco, May 3d to 5th 1851, 2,500 buildings were burned, many lives lost, and $3,500,000 worth of property destroyed.

December 24, 1851, 35,000 volumes were destroyed by fire in our Congressional Library.

July 13, 1852, 1,200 houses were burned in Montreal.

August 25, 1854, Demariscotta, Maine was entirely destroyed by fire. The same day more than 100 houses in Troy, N, Y., and a large portion of Milwaukee, Wis., were also destroyed.

October 9, 1857, a great fire occurred in Chicago; $600,000 in property destroyed.

July 3, 1865, the city of Portland, Maine, was nearly destroyed by fire; ten thousand people rendered homeless; loss, $15,000,000.

Febuary 17, 1865, the city of Charleston was almost destroyed by fire, and great quantities of military and naval stores.

The great fire in London, whose ruins covered 2436 acres, extended from the tower to the Temple Church, and from the northeast gate to Holburn bridge. It destroyed in the space of four days, 78 churches, the city gates, the Royal Exchange, the customhouse, Guildhall, Sion College, and many other public buildings, besides 13,200 houses, laying waste 400 streets. Over 200,000 people camped out after the fire, in Islington and Highgate. The fire lasted four days.

Manhood: How Lost, How Restored

Just published, a new edition of DR. CULVERWELL'S Celebrated Essay on the *radical cure*, (without medicine) of SPERMATORRHŒA or Seminal Weakness, Involuntary Seminal Losses, Impotency, Mental and Physical Incapacity, Impediments to Marriages, etc; also, CONSUMPTION, EPILEPSY, and FITS, induced by self indulgence or sexual extravagance.

☞ Price, in a sealed envelope, only 6 cents.

The celebrated author, in this admirable essay, clearly demonstrates from a thirty years successful practice, that the alarming consequences of self-abuse may be radically cured without the dangerous use of internal medicine or the application of the knife; pointing out a mode of cure at once simple, certain, and effectual, by means of which every sufferer, no matter what his condition may be, may cure himself cheaply, privately, and *radically*.

☞ This Lecture should be in the hands of every youth and every man in the land.

Sent, under seal, in a plain envelope, to any address, *postpaid* on receipt of six cents, or two post stamps.

Also, Dr. Culverwell's "Marriage Guide" price 25 cents.

Address the Publishers,
CHAS. J. C. KLINE & CO.,
127 Bowery, New York, Post-office Box 4,586.

SALE OF PERSONAL PROPERTY.

THE UNDERSIGNED WILL SELL AT Private sale, at his residence, 8 miles West of Jacksonville, on the Gaylsden road, the following personal property, to wit:

Hogs, Cattle, Sheep, Household and Kitchen Furniture, Corn, Fodder, Farming *Implements, and other things too numerous* to mention, between now and Wednesday the 1st day of November next. All property not sold at private sale by that time, will be sold at Auction then, to the highest bidder. Terms made known on day of sale.

P. L. PETTIT.

oct11—tf

NEW GOODS.

I am just receiving a general assortment of GOODS, suited to the

Fall Trade,

Consisting of

DRY GOODS,
BOOTS & SHOES,
HARDWARE,
CUTLERY,
CHOICE COFFEE,
SUGARS & TEAS;
INDIGO,
MADDER,
SODA,
SOAPS,
CANDLES,
NAILS,
HORSE SHOES;

And in fact nearly everything the country demands; bought with judgment and taste and selling at the lowest CASH PRICES.

J. D. HOKE,
Jacksonville, Ala.

sep9 1871—tf

SAVANNAH, Ga. LIPPMAN'S GREAT GERMAN BITTERS 71 NEW ST. New York.

THE GREAT BLOOD PURIFIER

Possessing powerful invigorating

PROPERTIES & A PLEASANT DRINK.

These Bitters are positively invaluable in

ALL SKIN DISEASES & ERUPTIONS.

They purify the system, and will cure

DYSPEPSIA & GENERAL DEBILITY.

Remittent and Intermittent Fevers,

NERVOUS DISEASES & FEMALE COMPLAINTS

and are a preventive of Chills and Fever.

DISEASES OF THE KIDNEYS & BLADDER.

All yield to their powerful efficacy.

ARE GOOD FOR THE MENTALLY OR ANIZATIONS

Are an antidote to change of Water and Diet.

THEY WILL RESTORE THE LOST VIGOR

to the wasted frame, and correct all

IRREGULARITIES OF THE BOWELS.

Will save days of suffering to the sick, and

CURE SO MANY OVER WHO DOCTOR.

The grand Panacea for all the ills of life.

The Standard BITTERS OF GERMANY FOR FEMALE COMPLAINTS In Young or Old, Married or Single, these Bitters are unequalled and have often been the means of saving life. TRY ONE BOTTLE.

PHYSICIANS THERE, PRESCRIBE IN THEIR PRACTICE.

VINEGAR BITTERS

VEGETABLE FREE FROM ALCOHOL

PURELY

VINEGAR BITTERS

J. WALKER, Proprietor. R. H. McDONALD & Co., Druggists & Gen. Agents, San Francisco, Cal. and 31 Commerce St., N.Y.

MILLIONS Bear Testimony to their Wonderful Curative Effects.

Vinegar Bitters are not a vile **Fancy Drink**, Made of Poor Rum, Whisky, Proof Spirits and Refuse Liquors, doctored, spiced and sweetened to please the taste, called "Tonics," "Appetizers," "Restorers," &c, that lead the tippler on to drunkenness and ruin, but are a true Medicine, made from the Native Roots and Herbs of California, **free from all Alcoholic Stimulants.** They are the **GREAT BLOOD PURIFIER and A LIFE GIVING PRINCIPLE**, a perfect Renovator and Invigorator of the System, carrying off all poisonous matter and restoring the blood to a healthy condition. No person can take these Bitters according to directions and remain long unwell, provided their bones are not destroyed by mineral poison or other means, and the vital organs wasted beyond the point of repair.

They are a Gentle Purgative as well as a Tonic, possessing, also, the peculiar merit of acting as a powerful agent in relieving Congestion or Inflammation of the Liver, and of all the Visceral Organs.

FOR FEMALE COMPLAINTS, whether in young or old, married or single, at the dawn of womanhood or at the turn of life, these Tonic Bitters have no equal.

For Inflammatory and Chronic Rheumatism and Gout, Dyspepsia or Indigestion, Bilious, Remittent and Intermittent Fevers, Diseases of the Blood, Liver, Kidneys and Bladder, these Bitters have been most successful. **Such Diseases** are caused by **Vitiated Blood,** which is generally produced by derangement of the **Digestive Organs.**

DYSPEPSIA OR INDIGESTION, Headache, Pain in the shoulders, Coughs, Tightness of the Chest, Dizziness, Sour Eructations of the Stomach, Bad Taste in the Mouth, Bilious Attacks, Palpitation of the Heart, Inflammation of the Lungs, Pain in the regions of the Kidneys, and a hundred other painful symptoms are the offsprings of Dyspepsia.

They invigorate the Stomach and stimulate the torpid Liver and Bowels, which render them of unequalled efficacy in cleansing the blood of all impurities, and imparting new life and vigor to the whole system.

FOR SKIN DISEASES, Eruptions, Tetter, Salt Rheum, Blotches, Spots, Pimples, Pustules, Boils, Carbuncles, Ring-Worms, Scald Head, Sore Eyes, Erysipelas, Itch, Scurfs, Discolorations of the Skin, Humors and Diseases of the Skin, of whatever name or nature, are literally dug up and carried out of the system in a short time by the use of these Bitters. One bottle in such cases will convince the most incredulous of their curative effect.

Cleanse the Vitiated Blood whenever you find its impurities bursting through the skin in Pimples, Eruptions or Sores; cleanse it when you find it obstructed and sluggish in the veins; cleanse it when it is foul, and your feelings will tell you when. Keep the blood pure, and the health of the system will follow.

PIN, TAPE, and other **WORMS,** lurking in the system of so many thousands, are effectually destroyed and removed.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS AND DEALERS.

J. WALKER, Proprietor. R. H. McDONALD & CO., Druggists and Gen. Agents, San Francisco, Cal., and 32 and 34 Commerce Street, New York.

ELEGANT

JOB WORK DONE AT THIS OFFICE.

East Alabama

LAND AGENCY,

B. C. WYLY & Co.

REAL ESTATE

and

General Agency Office,

No. 4. OFFICE ROW,

JACKSONVILLE ALA.

We are prepared to give our attention to the Sale, or Rent of

REAL ESTATE

in this and adjoining counties.

Having special facilities for finding purchasers, invite those who may desire to put their lands in market, to give us a trial. We will keep on exhibition in our office

MAPS,

taken from County Surveys, and personal reconnaissance of such places as may be entrusted to us—and will visit the property with parties contemplating a purchase.

All information concerning the lands of East Alabama freely given upon application in person, or by letter, at their office. Will also act as General Agents for the sale of all articles of merit which may be entrusted to them. Their extensive acquaintance with the people, and personal knowledge of the Country, gives them facilities which no other Company can have.

BUSINESS SOLICITED.

B. C. WYLY,
JOHN H. FORNEY.
JNO. M. WYLY.

aug19 1871—1y.

CHEAP

JOB WORK.

Whenever the Pain leaves, it has a beautiful appearance for coming Blemishes, such as Blotches, Pimples, Tetter, Ringworm, Salt-Rheum, Scald-Head, Sore Eyes, Humors and Diseases of the Skin, Scrofula in any form, Fever Sores, Scrofulous Sores or Swellings, Chronic Sore Throat, Erysipelas, Mercurial Diseases, Mercurial Rheumatism, Syphilitic Affections, Ulcers, Old Sores, Fistula, Piles, Tetter, Blotches, Pimples, Boils, Tumors, Diseases of the Skin, Scrofulous Humors, and all diseases arising from Impure Blood, whether Scrofulous or not, are speedily and permanently cured by the use of the SARSAPARILLIAN RESOLVENT, or BLOOD PURIFIER. Not a disease can exist in the system where this remedy will be taken according to the directions, and the health not be restored. Many of the worst cases of Cancer, Tumors, Ulcers, Fever Sores, Scrofula, Erysipelas, Salt-Rheum, Scald-Head, Blotches, Pimples, Boils, Tetter, Ringworm, Skin-Diseases, &c., have been entirely cured by the use of it. Any disease originating in the Blood, Liver, Stomach or Kidneys, are all

LOCAL COLUMN.

For Treasurer.

We are authorized to announce
JOE S. MONTGOMERY,
JOSHUA DRAPER, JR.
B. C. WYLY,
JAMES B. TURNLEY,
THOS. S. NEIGHBORS,

For Sheriff.

We are authorized to announce
C. P. READ,
W. C. CROW,
Capt. JOHN A. COBB,
D. W. WARLICK,
MILTON PATTERSON,
MARION WHITESIDES,

For Tax Collector

We are authorized to announce
THOS. P. SAVAGE,
H. P. WHITESIDES,
D. P. WILLIAMS,
WYLY WOODALL,
SEABORN WOODRUFF
E. McCLELEN, Sr.
J. W. McDANIEL, Esq.

For Tax Assessor.

We are authorized to announce
M. T. LEDBETTER,
B. G. McCLELEN,
HENRY FITZ,
ALFRED M. MORGAN,
R. HASSON,
J. M. WHITESIDE, Esq.,

For County Commissioner.

We are authorized to announce
A. M. STEWART,
ELIAS C. TEAGUE,
Wm. A. WILSON
JOSEPH BORDEN,
D. SEIBER,
Capt. HENRY T. SNOW
JOHN Y. HENDERSON,
Capt. C. W. BREWTON,

We are authorized to announce the name of

PETER EDWARDS,

as an independent candidate for the offic of county Commissioner of Cleburne county.

For Coroner.

We are authorized to announce
J. H. PRICE.
JAMES GIDLEY.
S. A. McCOLLUM.

Cross Plains People's Ticket.

FOR MAGISTRATE.
Maj. A. D. BAILEY.

FOR CONSTABLE,
N. G. SCOTT.

NARROW ESCAPE FROM DEATH.—Some days ago, Wm. Gilbert, living on Tallassahatchee, while carrying his horse was knocked down by lightning and severely injured. The horse was killed. After recovering consciousness Gilbert made his way staggering home, where *he was attended* to by his mother and sister. *He is* not yet entirely recovered from the shock, and maybe never will.

His mother and sister were dependent on him for support, and the horse that was killed was all he had in the world that he could call his own. A purse will be made up to buy him another horse, and we hope our citizens will help when the subscription paper comes around to them.

MR. EDITOR REPUBLICAN.

DEAR SIR.—As I am one of the four candidates that are accused of forming a clique or party ticket; please allow me a short space in your columns, to contradict it with several other false rumors, that certain parties are running against me; and to the former, if my name is or has been used, it was or is without my consent, &c., and when I declared myself a candidate, I intended running the race through fairly and squarely, and if I am the choice of the people for Tax Assessor, I will be pleased to serve them, and hope to give satisfaction, and that they will never regret their selection.

R. HASSON.

THE SANS CEREMONIE will have their readings and music, at the Academy Hall, on next Friday evening, for the benefit of the Jacksonville Female Academy. Admission 50cts.

A. W. RICHARDSON, Pre't.
W. F. TURNLEY, Sec'y. pro-tem.

FIRE.—Last Monday morning the crib of Mrs. Jane Tate, near her residence, caught fire, and about sixty bushels of corn were consumed before it was extinguished. It is supposed to have originated from the lighted pipe of a negro woman who had gone into the crib that morning.

"Aunt Violet" has presented us a fine pound cake and wishes us to say to the ladies that she is always ready to do their baking at moderate charges. She will also have from this on, pound, sponge, fruit and other cakes on the market, we presume, at Montgomery Bros., as heretofore. We need not repeat that "Aunt Violet" is the best cook in town, never making a failure in her cake. All our ladies know that, and will keep her busy from now until the Christmas holidays.

We are under obligation to Ed. L. Woodward for some of his fine Calhoun chewing Tobacco, just received. We believe the Calhoun is the best brand brought to this market, and lovers of the weed will be glad to hear that Ed. has it on hand.

CROSS PLAINS, ALA
Nov. 1st, 1871.

MR. GRANT:—Please allow me a small space in your valuable paper. The impression has got out in some places in this County, that I am a candidate for the office of Coroner. I desire to say that I am not, nor will not be. I think we will need some few private citizens—all can not be officials.

Yours Respectfully,
S. E. DOWDEL.

The kind hearted ladies of Jacksonville, as a mark of their esteem, presented to Rev. Mr. Deavenport, a handsome suit of clothes. He requests us to return them his sincere thanks and the assurance of his appreciation of the gift.

Newspaper Jubilee.

Very few papers, religious or secular, now published, have been in existence more than a quarter of a century; but the NEW YORK OBSERVER announces that it will enter upon its fiftieth year in the beginning of 1872. It was established as a rehgious paper; giving, also, the most important secular news; and it has been one of the ablest, and at the same time, one of the most successful journals in the country.

The Publishers announce for the coming year, as a free gift to each of their subscribers, a NEW YEAR-BOOK; containing a vast amount of information in regard to Church and State, and all important business affairs, a real encyclopedia, such as any intelligent person wishes to have always at hand. Specimen copies of the paper and Prospectus of the Year-Book, sent free to all who will apply. New Subscribers will receive the paper free until January 1st.

The visits of boys to this office has become such a nuisance that we are compelled to ask parents to instruct them to keep away.

Those young men who do visit the office are requested to keep their hands off the job press.

OXFORDL OCALS.

The decline in the cotton market, has caused trade to be a little dull since my last report. Though cotton is bringing 16½@16¾ here readily. The receipts has been comparatively light. In this connection we would say to our farmers hold on to your cotton, and do not force it on the market in the present depressed condition. There is nothing to produce this depression in the cotton market only the great amount that has been thrown on the Southern market. The receipts of the present year being much greater than it was last season at this time. We all know that the crop is much shorter than it was last year, and the great bulk of this staple has been thrown upon the market. Therefore, we say do not be too hasty in throwing the remaining portion of your cotton on the market. This depression will not last long in our judgment, and then you will be able to realize a better price for your cotton than at present.

PERSONAL.—The many friends of Maj. C. J. Cooper, will be glad to learn that he has so far recovered from his illness, as to be able to be out in town once more, after being confined to his room for several weeks. He is looking quite feeble yet.

We once boasted of the morality of our little village, and have thought it a very peaceable, quiet little place, and we still think so; but ever and anon, they get up a little "fracas" here, for a' that, as Mr. Burns says; and so it was the other day; a 15th amendment (a 200 pounder) backed by a half gallon more or less of the "ardent," persisted in trespassing on the rights of one of our good citizens while attending to his business, until "forbearance ceased to be a virtue," when he was ordered out of his office, and refusing to obey orders, the citizen applied a hickory stick on the side of his head a few times, when he made his exit rather hastily and unceremoniously. Nobody hurt except the trespasser, and his head only skined a little.

"BRICK."

CROSS PLAINS LOCALS

Our town is very healthy just *now*, not a case of sickness in the place, and the doctors perfectly idle.

Busines for the week has been tolerably good, as evidence by the cheerful faces of our merchants, some cotton changing hands and being shipped.

At the lowest calculation there is at least one million election tickets scattered around town, with some fifteen or twenty candidates to hear from.

The beautiful spell of weather that we have been having for some time past, has been interrupted by clouds and rain, which has made the streets muddy and walking disagreeable. Signs, however, indicate more pleasant weather and pretty days.

Our Justices court was largely attended last Saturday, and a number of cases disposed of. Quite a sprinkle of candidates here to take advantage of the large concourse of people present to press their claims for office. Cant a few more offices be made in order to accommodate the numerous aspirants? We have the cleverest lot of fellows in the country, contesting for the various county offices, and the question is who shall we vote for? By the way we might supply some county whose candidates are not so clever as our's; let them send in their orders at once.

Cross Plains already boasts of four schools, all we presume, in a flourishing condition, and as we expect two more to start pretty soon, we may be said to rank high in an educational point of view. Indeed all may be suited from the infantine A-B-C-dinarian to the candidate for honors in "Jografy," and even to the earnest searcher after classicrl literature and the mysteries of the sciences. We have more competent teachers, more bright children and more patrons willing (?) to pay for tuition than almost any place of the same size in the world. Let the good work go on.

Capt. N. G. Scott, our wide awake Marshal and candidate for constable, is fast making reputation as a successful detective. His last *coup de main* was the capture of a notorious character named Fletcher, who broke jail somewhere in Georgia two years ago. We understand there is a reward of $1,000 offered for him by the Governor, and hope to see friend Scott return with a full pocket-book.

ALEXANDRIA LOCALS.

MARRIED.—On Sunday morning the 22nd of October, at the Mt. Zion Baptist Church near Alexandria, by the Rev. Samuel Henderson, Mr. Lawrence D. Miller, of Spartenburg, S. C., and Miss Mattie A. Crook, daughter of the late Col. J. M. Crook.

Mr. Ed. J. Dean of S. C., has purchased Mrs. M. M. Whatley's *handsome* place, with the intention of living in Alexandria. We welcome him to our little town.

Capt. Woodruff has sold his valuable place to Mr. Cooper, of Rome Ga., for $7,000 00. But will still remain in Alexandria.

Our valley will make two thirds crop of cotton, and a half crop of corn.

Messrs. Green & Ledbetter inform us that if receipts continue good, they will have 20,000 tickets by the 7th of November. After which time they will close out at cost.

Bagging and ties are so cheap in our town, it can be found in the streets at any time.

SUCCESSOR.

The Tea Island Baptist Association Minutes are now ready for delivery, at this office.

Mr E. Goode has sent us some specimens of his work in photographing, which we think reflects great credit on him as an artist and evinces a marked improvement over work done by him even a few months back. His work now will compare favorably with any done in the cities.

Notice.

All parties indebted to me will please come forward and pay up *at once*, as I have closed out my entire stock, and wish to close up my books.

W. H. MORRIS.
Office at Montgomery Bros.
nov4—3t.

Telegraphic.

SALT LAKE, Oct. 29.

The Mayor of the city and four others have been arrested by the United States Marshal. They are charged with the murder of the prisoners taken at camp Douglass Some wild words attended the proceedings but no resistance. Orson Hyde, one of the twelve apostles fled southward to avoid arrest. A dead body has been found near the city with four bullets in it. Warrants are out for the arrest of Brigham Young and his son Joseph on the charge of murdering Richard Yates. The indictments are founded upon the testimony of Bill Hickman, formerly a Danite or secret agent of the Mormons.

Hawkins, tried for adultry was fined $500 and sentenced to three years of hard labor. Notice of appeal to the Supreme Court has been given.

NEW YORK, Oct. 29.

A special to the Herald from Salt lake states an official rumor that Brigham Young is 120 miles south of Salt Lake and still flying. It is not known to what point he is bound. One conjecture is that he is leaving the country—another that he will find refuge in St. George, 50 miles from that place. It is certainly doubtful whether or not he will appear for trial or for anything else, until the trouble is over. Delegate Hooper has gone to Washington to see the President and endeavor to effect a compromise on some basis; meanwhile the whole church remains in a great ferment.

SALT LAKE City, Oct 31.

Daniel H. Wells, mayor of Salt Lake City, charged with murder, was released on a bail of $50,000. Several cases for divorce and alimony pending. In one case a ninth wife is plaintiff.

WASHINGTON, Oct 31.

A correspondence between the Government and Government officers in Utah indicate a determination to crush out polygamy.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 31.

Owing to straw bidding for Southern mail contracts, and the fact that the Postmaster General is compelled to award contracts to the lowest bidder is probable that most of the contracts now in force will be continued until the next annual letting.

It is rumored here that the little villian, Phil Sheridan, will be assisgned to the military command of the department of the South.

LEXINGTON, Oct. 30.

The Mayor and many offici ls of this city have been arrested on an indictment from the Federal court charged with felony, growing out of disturbances at the August elections.

San Francisco, Oct. 30.

The Coroner's Jury at Los Angelos returned a verdict of riot and murder against a number of persons of all nationalities for slaughter of the Chinese.

The Apaches are again raiding the white settlements in Arizona.

DEMOPOLIS, Oct. 29.

After a six day's sitting the Sub-KuKlux Committee adjourned last evening. They examined thirty-six witnesses, chiefly in relation to affairs in Marengo and adjoining counties. Gen. Crawford commanding the United States forces in Alabama, occupied one day, and testified concerning the condition of the whole State, with special accounts from about thirty different places. The Committee goes hence to Livingston to remain about one week.

SALT LAKE, Oct. 30

The prisoners are quartered comfortably.

Elder George O. Cannon arrived this morning from San Francisco, and preached this p. m., in the large Tabernacle, to an audence numbering at least 10,000. He counselled hearers to obstain from any act of violence and submit to the law; God would protect them from their persecutors. The crusade against them, he said would only strengthen and benefit them in the end. Their church could not be overturned; their faith was the inspiration of the Divine spirit and would endure forever.

Elder Pratt was not so conservative: he did not want any whining Judge to say to him as he did to Hawkins, "I am sorry for you." He wanted no sympaty from any Federal officers, he was ready to go to jail for twenty years but did not want any pity from such a source. He predicted that God would eventualy overthrow and annihilate the present persecutors of the Mormon people. Nothing further has been heard from Orson Hyde, The Apostle.

Savannah, November 2.—Augusta John the man. who was assailed in his store by an unknown negro, died this morning.

The De Mountmillion party, who were shot and wounded last week on the De Mountmillion plantation near this city, by a band of South Carolina negro KuKlux, are now in this city and will recover from wounds. There has been no arrests made of the negro assassins.

Negro highway men have been robbing countryman on their way to Savannah, via the Louisville road.

UTAH.

Salt Lake, November 2—Quite a numebr of Prophets have made an outbreak. Marshal Patrick is preparing an expodition to follow Brigham Young. It is reliably reported that Young is still moving South with his eleven wagons and a hundred mounted men.

Business is dull, money scarce and the weather delightful.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

IMPAIRED VITALITY.—When you feel as if the vital powers were giving away, strength gone, spirits depressed, memory failing, appetite lost, exhaustion stealing over every sense and paralyzing every energy, then is the time to resort to that powerful ally of nature, DR. WALKER'S VEGETABLE VINEGAR BITTERS. The properties they embody soon work a glorious renovation in the debilitated system and the clouded mind.

THE ATMOSPHERE OF LOVE.—Is a pure sweet breath. This desideratum is one of the results of using Sozodont which not only invigorates and preserves the teeth, but renders the mouth as fragrant as a rose.

CHILDREN'S LIVES SAVED FOR 50 CTS.—Every case of Croup can be cured when first taken, by DR. Tobias' Venetian Liniment, warranted for 24 years, and never a bottle returned. It also cures Diarrhœa, Dysentery, Colic, Sore Throat, Cuts, Burns and external pains. Sold by the Druggists, Depot 10 Park Place, New York.

THE BEST COSMETIC.—Burnett's Kalliston produces a fresh complexion, removes tan and freckles, and imparts a velvety softness to the skin. Results attending exposure to our changeable climate upon the skin, may be entirely obviated by its use. For sale by all Druggists.

PRATT'S ASTRAL OIL.—Not the Cheapest, but Safest and Best Illuminating Oil for family use ever made. Burns in the ordinary kerosene lamp. Does not take fire, nor explode if the lamp is upset and broken. Send for Circular, Oil House of Charles Pratt established 1770, New York.

RISLEY'S LINIMENT—Of Arnica Hops, Carbolic Acid, acts as a universal external cure-all, acting on the nerves connected with the skin. It promptly relieves Neuralgia Pains. Cleanses and cures old sores and ulcers flesh wounds, burns, bruises, sprains, &c. Sold everywhere at 50 cents. Morgan & Risley. Wholesale Druggists, New York. General Agents.

LAIRDS' BLOOM OF YOUTH.—A most delightful toilet preparation for beautifying the skin, has been established over ten years; during that time over one million ladies have used it; in every instance it has given entire satisfaction; it removes all imperfections, tans, freckles and sunburns, giving the skin a youthful appearance Sold at all Druggists and Fancy Goods Stores. Depot 5 Gold Street, New York.

THANKS TO THE TIMELY DISCOVERY of Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup, the hearts of many parents have been made glad by witnessing the beneficial effects, which this remedy never fails to produce the critical period of teething.

CARBOLIC SALVE.—Nothing like it ever known before. Cures cuts, burns, sores, wounds, &c. like magic. Physicians speak of it in terms of the highest praise. Price 25 cents per box. John F. Henry, Sole Proprietor, 8 College Place, New York.

PHYSICIANS who have prescribed Swapnia or Purified Opium use no other form of Opium in their practice.

CRISTADORO'S HAIR DYE.—If all his hairs were lives, Othello said, "my great revenge hath stomach for them all." But hair that's grey or sandy, white or red, the ladies have no stomach for at all. Use Christadoro's Dye and the evil is remedied. Manufactory, 68 Maiden Lane, New York.

THE PUREST and Sweetest Cod Liver Oil in the world is Hazard & Caswell's made on the sea-shore from fresh, selected livers, by Caswell, Hazard & Co. New York. It is absolutely pure and sweet. Patients who have once taken it prefer it to all others. Physicians have decided it superior to any of the other oils in the market.

JOUVIN'S Inodorus Kid Glove Cleaner restores soiled gloves equal to new. For sale by Druggists and Fancy Goods Dealers.—Price 25 cents per bottle. F. C. Wells & Co., New York.

nov6-4t.

Good News.

That greatest of Living Remedies, Globe Flower Cough Syrup is now sold in your Town, so that all may test its great virtues. It contains no Opium in any form, nor any other *poison*. It positively cures CONSUMPTION! Asthma, Bronchetis, Croup, Whooping Cough, Sore throat, Oppression of the chest and spitting of blood. *It is legally warranted* to cure, so that none can be humbugged by it. Just try it and be convinced. Sold by Dr. Nisbet.

apr29 1871—6m.

Look Out!!!

for the impurieties of the blood during the Summer months, and the long train of terrible diseases which follow. Pembertion's Compound Extract of Stillengia purifies the blood, cures Scrofula in its worst forms, cures Rheumatism, Syphilis and Gout and removes all Mercurial and venerial taint from the system. It is legally warranted to cure. Sold by Dr. Nisbet.

apr29 1871—6m

Malarial Diseases.

During these months, Fever-and-ague that scourge of our rich bottom-lands, issues fourth. The immediate cause of this malady is probably the moist exhaltations that arise from decomposing vegetable substances. But there are also secondary and predisposing causes. The weather prevalent at this season, although not, indeed, so intensely co as that of winter, is more chilling and more depressing. The effect of such weather is to reduce the measures of vital force, and thus to render the system more liable to succumb to diseases.—Endemic diseases is just now, like a bold enemy, advancing swiftly upon our position, and like a *skillful* enemy, he will not fail to select the weak points; let us with equal skill *fortify* the weak points—fortify them by the use of a stimulating and invigorating tonic such as Dr. Fish's Bitters. The soundness of this theory is strickingly illustrated by the fact that it is by no means every inhabitant, even of the most insalubrious districts, who yields to the foe. It conquers some but not all. The reasons is simple. Some their frames *already* fortified by nature's one great tonic, nourishing food, are, strong enough to resist the surrounding poisonous influences, to which others, whom an insufficient digesting faculty has in a great measure cut off from this source of strength, readily succumb. Now Dr. Fitch,s Bitters strengthens digestion, and thus enables the only real panacea, FOOD, to so invigorate the system that it can repel the attack of malarial diseases. Moreover, taken as directed, this Medicine is an infallible *cure* for Fever-and-ague, and for all forms of Intermittent Fever.

Oct. 21. 4t.

Trust What Time has Sanctioned.

The maxim that the voice of the people is the voice of the divinity, may in some case be open to doubt, but the testimony of honest and enlightened witnesses extending through a series of years, and all to the same purport, is worty of credence, admits of no question. Upon such testimony the reputation of Hostetter's Stomach Bitters as an antidote and cure for many ailments is based. During the twenty years that it has been before the world, innumerable preparations intended to compete with it, having gone up like rockets, and come down the extinguished sticks. Meanwhile the progress of that incomparable tonic has been swift and steady—always upward and onward like the eagel's flight. Its introduction produces a revolution in thorrapeusics, and it proved to be one of those salutary revolutions that cannot go backwards. To day Hostetter's Bitters is one of the most popular remedies in cheristendom, and commands a large sale than any other medicinal preparation, domestic or imported, on this side of the Atlantic. As a cure for dyspepsia, billious disorders, nervious affections, general debility, and,as a preventive of epidemic fevers, it takes precedence of every other remedy. This fact should teach the ambitions country dealers who endeavor to to foist their local abortions on the pubjic in its stead, how futile their small attempts to cajole the community must necessarily be. Where the game fish have failed there is no chance for the "suckers."

Womans' Rights.—One who has long studied this absorbing subject now presents to the woman of our country the result o. this investigations. He is happy to say that he has at last discovered "Woman's Best Friend." It is adapted, especially, to those cases where the womb is disordered, and will cure any irregularity of the "menses." Dr J. Bradfield's Female Regulator acts like a charm in "whites," or in a sudden check of the "monthly courses" from cold trouble of mind, or like causes, by ressoring the discharge in every instance. So also in chronic cases its action is prompt and decisive, and saves the constitution from countless evils and premature decay. This valuable preparation is for sale at $1.50 per bottle by all respectable Druggist in the land. Prepared and sold by L. H. Bradfield, Druggist, Atlanta, Ga. A thousand women testify to its merits.

October 7 3m

Fine Mixed Tulips for Fall?

CHEAPER THAN EVER.

By mail 35c per dozen, $1.25 per 100. By express 500 $5; 1000 $8. Send stamp for illustrated catalogue of bulbs and winter blooming plants.

Largest assortment. Best stock. Low prices. Trees, Shrubs, Plants, Bulbs, Seeds, Stocks, Gratts, &c. 100 Page Illustrated Catalogue, ten cents. Wholesale price list free. Send for these before buying elswhere.

F. K. PHOENIX, Bloomington Ill

ELECTION NOTICE.

An election will be opened at Jacksonville, Precl. No. 1,
Alexandria, " " 2,
Court House, Taylors, " " 3,
Old Place, " " 4,
Court Ground, " " 5,
Polkville, " " 6,
Peeks Hill, " " 7,
Mt. Gilead Church, " " 8,
Waldens Shop, " " 9,
Cross Plains, " " 10,
Cross Roads, " " 11,
White Plains, " " 12,
Corn Grove, " " 13,
Oxford, " " 14,
Sulphur Springs, " "

in Calhoun county Alabama, on Tuesday the 7th day of November, 1871, for the purpose of electing a Sheriff. Coroner, four county Commissioners, county Treasurer, Tax Assessor and Tax Collector for said county, and two Justices of the Peace, and one Constable for each of the above named Precincts in said county.

The managers appointed to open and hold said election, are hereby required to open the polls at between 7 and 8 o'clock A. M., and keep the same open without intermission to 6 o'clock P. M., and the returning officer of said election, are by law the special Registers of their respective Precincts, and they are hereby instructed at a place at the distance of 100 feet from the place of voting, to Register all voters who have not Registered at the general Registration in 1868, and since that time.

Said Returning officers will make returns of said election, and the persons Registered by them on the day of election to the Judge of Probate of Calhoun county Alabama.

J. W. WILLIAMS,
Sheriff.

sep30—6t.

WE KNOW that for cleaning paint, windows, china and glassware; for polishing knives, tin, iron, brass and copper wares, and for removing stains from marble and porcelain, and rust from machinery, Enoch Morgan's Sons Sapolio is the best thing in use.

NOTICE.

The members of the Agricultural Society of Calhoun County, Alabama, are most respectfully requested to attend an extra session of this body, to be held in the Court House, on the 2nd Saturday before the second Sabbath in November next, at 11 o'clock A. M., to attend to important business.

E. T. READ,
Cor. Sec'y. Agr'l. Soc. Calhoun county Ala

E. L. WOODWARD'S SON

Is now receiving, and has on hand

Bacon

SIDES, SHOULDERS AND HAMS.

Flour,

OF A VERY SUPERIOR QUALITY.

Salt,

VIRGINIA AND LIVERPOOL SALT.

Lard.

Sugar,

A NO. 1 NEW ORLEANS SUGAR,

Molasses,

Very fine New Orleans Molasses.

Coffee,

Choice and prime Coffee.

Tea,

Green and Black Tea.

RICE, SOAP STARCH CANDLES INDIGO,

Liquid Bluing,

Tobacco,

Fine Smoking and Chewing Tobacco.

Cigars,

Snuff,

Lorillard's Scotch Snuff; Lorillard's Macaboy Snuff; Garret's Scotch Snuff; Ralph's Scotch Snuff.

Soda, Matches, Pepper, Spice Ginger Concentrated Lye, Oysters, Macaroni.

Cheese,

Crackers,

Plain and Fancy Crackers.

CANDY,

Plain and Fancy Candies, Axle Grease, Blacking, Water-proof and G. D. Caps, Extract Logwood, Catsup.

Pickles,

American and Imported Pickles.

Electric Soap,

Saves time, saves money, saves Labor.

Bread Preparation,

Unsurpassed for making Light Bread, Biscuits, cakes and Pastry.

Enoch Morgan's Son's Sapolio.
New Mackerel, Nuts, Rasins,
Blue Stone.

BAGGING AND TIES.

OFFERED CHEAP FOR

Cash Only.

DRY GOODS, HATS, CROCKERY AND SHOES AT ABOUT COST.

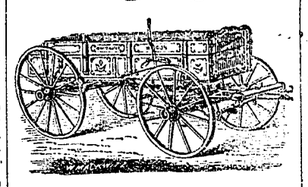
The Whitewater

WAGON!

For which we are the

MANUFACTURERS

Agent.



They are without an equal in style and finish. There is no factory in the United States where greater care is given to the

Selection of the Material used.

A better quality of Iron is used in their manufacture, and the tire is one eighth thicker than that used by other manufacturers.

THE TIMBER

Is of the choicest selection, thoroughly seasond. We claim by actual test that the

Whitewater Wagon is 20 per cent. lighter draft

than ordinary articles in the market

It is poor policy to buy a cheap Wagon. The Whitewater is furnished at a trifle above the price of ordinary wagons.

FOR SALE BY
E. L. WOODWARD'S SON,
Jacksonville Ala

AMERICAN STANDARD SCHOOL SERIES.

SCHOOL BOOKS

PUBLISHED BY

JOHN P. MORTON & CO.

LOUISVILLE KY.

READING AND SPELLING.

Butler's American Spelling Book.
Butler's First Book in Spelling and Reading.
Butler's New First School Reader.
Butler's New Second School Reader.
Butler's New Third School Reader

BUTLER'S GOODRICH READERS.

New First Reader.
New Second Reader.
New Third Reader.
New Fourth Reader.
New Fifth Reader.
New Sixth Reader.

Grammar and Rhetoric.

Butler's Introductory Grammar.
Butler's Practical Grammar.
Bonnell's First Lessons in Composition.
Bonnell's Manuel of Composition.

ARITHMETICS AND ALGEBRA.

Towne's Primary Arithmetic.
Towne's Intermediate Arithmetic
Towne's Mental Arithmetic.
Towne's Practical Arithmetic
Key to same.
Towne's Algebra. Key to Algebra.

Miscellaneous:

WEBSTER'S SPELLER AND DEFINER.
NELSON'S BOOK KEEPING
KAVANAUGH'S ORIGINAL DRAMAS, DIALOGUES, TABLEAUX-VIVANTS, &C.
BRONSON'S ELOCUTION.
BARBEE'S GEOLOGY.
BUTLER'S COMMON SCHOOL SPEAKER.
GOODRICH'S ANCIENT HISTORY.
GOODRICH'S MODERN HISTORY
WHATELY'S LOGIC.
WHATELY'S RHETORIC, &c.

Our school-books are electrotyped, printed and bound in Louisville. They are the work of Southern Authors. Ours is the ONLY Publishing House South of the Ohio engaged in the publication of school-books. These facts should incline teachers of the South and West to examine our books before coming to a conclusion. We invite a careful comparison with others, feeling satisfied that our publications will more fully meet the wants of our people than those of any other house. They are now in use in the most important schools of Virginia, Kentucky, North Carolina, Tennessee, Missouri, Georgia, Alabama Mississippi, Louisiana, Texas, and California.

*** *Principals of Schools and Colleges, and Members of Boards of Education, are requested to send us their Catalogues and School Reports. Correspondence invited.*

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Represented in Georgia, Alabama and Mississippi by MR. ISRAEL PUTNAM & Dr. R. H. WHITFIELD.
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ROWAN DEAN & CO

Are constantly receiving fresh supplies of DRY GOODS, Ready made Clothing, Boots & Shoes HARDWARE Crockery, Sole and upper Leather, Paints and Oils, Tobacco, COFFEE, SUGAR, MOLASSES, BACON &c., &c., to which they especially invite the attention of the community; ESPECIALLY of those who want to buy for CASH: and they pledge themselves to sell any goods in their line as low for CASH as they can be bought in the town or county.

P. S. All who have not closed their account with me will please delay it no longer, as I am compelled to have the money and it is *very* inconvenient to keep two sets of books open.

P. ROWAN.
Jeksonville March 11 1871.

THE CAUSE AND CURE OF CONSUMPTION.

The primary cause of Consumption is derangement of the digestive organs. This derangement produces deficient nutrition and assimilation. By assimilation I mean that process by which the nutriment of the food is converted into blood, and thence into the solids of the body. Persons with digestion thus impaired, having the slightest predisposition to pulmonary disease, or if they take cold, will be very liable to have Consumption of the Lungs in some of its forms: and I hold that it will be impossible to cure any case of Consumption without first restoring a good digestion and healthy assimilation. The very first thing to be done is to cleanse the stomach and bowels from all diseased mucus and slime, which is clogging these organs so that they cannot perform their functions, and then rouse up and restore the liver to a healthy action. For this purpose the surest and best remedy is Schenck's Mandrake Pills. These Pills clean the stomach and bowels of all the dead and morbid slime that is causing disease and decay in the whole system. They will clear out the liver of all diseased bile that has accumulated there, and rouse it up to a new and healthy action, by which natural and healthy bile is secreted.

The stomach, bowels, and liver are thus cleansed by the use of Schenck's Mandrake Pills; but there remains in the stomach an excess of acid, the organ is torpid and the appetite poor. In the bowels the lacteals are weak, and, requiring strength and support. It is in a condition like this that Schenck's Seaweed Tonic proves to be the most valuable remedy ever discovered. It is alkaline, and its use will neutralize all cases of acid, making the stomach sweet and in it will give permanent tone to this important organ, and create a good, hearty appetite, and prepare the system for the first process of a good digestion, and ultimately make good, healthy, living blood. After this preparatory treatment, what remains to cure most cases of Consumption is the free and persevering use of Schenck's Pulmonic Syrup. The Pulmonic Syrup nourishes the system, purifies the blood, and is readily absorbed into the circulation, and thence distributed to the diseased lungs. There it ripens all morbid matters, whether in the form of abscesses or tubercles, and then assists Nature to expel all the diseased matter, in the form of free expectoration, when once it ripens. It is then, by the great healing and purifying properties of Schenck's Pulmonic Syrup, that all ulcers and cavities are healed up sound, and my patient is cured.

The essential thing to be done in curing Consumption is to get up a good appetite and a good digestion, so that the body will grow in flesh and get strong. If a person has diseased lungs—a cavity or abscess there—the cavity cannot heal, the matter cannot ripen, so long as the system is below par. What is necessary to cure is a new order of things—a good appetite, a good nutrition, the body to grow in flesh and get fat; then Nature is helped, the cavities will heal, the matter will ripen and be thrown off in large quantities, and the person regain health and strength. This is the true and only plan to cure Consumption, and if a person is very bad, if the lungs are not entirely destroyed, or even if one lung is entirely gone, if there is enough vitality left in the other to heal up, there is hope.

I have seen many persons cured with only one sound lung, live and enjoy life to a good old age. This is what Schenck's Medicines will do to cure Consumption. They will clean out the stomach, sweeten and strengthen it, get up a good digestion, and give Nature the assistance she needs to clear the system of all the disease that is in the lungs; whatever the form may be.

It is important that while using Schenck's Medicines, care should be exercised not to take cold; keep in-doors in cold and damp weather; avoid night air, and take out-door exercise only in a genial and warm sunshine.

I wish it distinctly understood that when I recommend a patient to be careful in regard to taking cold, while using my Medicines, I do so for a special reason. A man who has but partially recovered from the effects of a bad cold is far more liable to a relapse than one who has been entirely cured; and it is precisely the same in regard to Consumption. So long as the lungs are not perfectly healed, just so long is there imminent danger of a full return of the disease. Hence it is that I so strenuously caution pulmonary patients against exposing themselves to an atmosphere that is not genial and pleasant. Confirmed Consumptives' lungs are a mass of sores, which the least change of atmosphere will inflame. The grand secret of my success with my Medicines consists in my ability to subdue inflammation instead of provoking it, as many of the faculty do. An inflamed lung cannot, with safety to the patient, be exposed to the biting blasts of Winter or the chilling winds of Spring or Autumn. It should be carefully shielded from all irritating influences. The utmost caution should be observed in this particular, as without it a cure under almost any circumstances is an impossibility.

The person should be kept on a wholesome and nutritious diet, and all the Medicines continued until the body has restored to it the natural quality of flesh and strength.

I was myself cured by this treatment of the worst kind of Consumption, and have lived to get fat and hearty these many years, with one lung mostly gone. I have cured thousands since, and very many have been cured by this treatment whom I have never seen.

About the First of October I expect to take possession of my new building, at the North-east Corner of Sixth and Arch Streets, where I shall be pleased to give advice to all who may require it.

Full directions accompany all my Remedies, so that a person in any part of the world can be readily cured by a strict observance of the same.

J. H. SCHENCK, M. D.
Philadelphia.

John F. Henry 8 College Place New York Wholesale Agents.

Sep19—1y71.

J. M. GARROLL,

RESPECTFULLY Calls the attention of the public to his **STOCK OF DRY GOODS,** Ready made Clothing, Boots and Shoes, Hardware, Crockery, Coffee and Sugar, Fine Chewing & Smoking Tobacco &c.

And the attention of the young ladies is especially called to his **SWITCHES & SASH RIBBONS.**

Call and examine for yourselves. His clerk is an obliging and accommodating young man, takes pleasure in waiting on his customers.

He tenders his thanks to the public for past patronage, and hope for a continuance of the same.

aug5 1871—tf.

Notice to Creditors of Estate of John R. Clark, dec'd.

LETTERS Testamentary on the above named Estate, having been granted to the undersigned by the Probate Court of Calhoun county, Alabama, on the 10th day of January, 1871; therefore all persons having claims against said estate are hereby notified to present them to me, legally authenticated, within the time prescribed by law, or they will be barred.

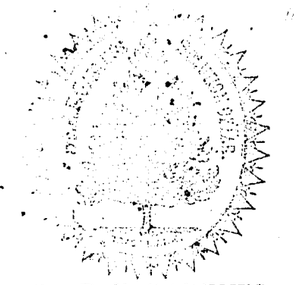
CATHARINE M. CLARK,
Executrix of said Estate.

Sept. 23, 1871.—6t.

Administrator's Notice.

LETTERS of Administration upon the Estate of David E. Hawkins, deceased, having been granted to the undersigned by the Probate Court of Calhoun county, Ala. on the 15th day of Sept. 1871; notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against said estate, to present them to me, legally authenticated, within the time prescribed by law, or they will be barred; and all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment.

LAWRENCE P. HAWKINS, Adm.
Sept. 23, 1871.—6t.



Dr. E. P. CARTER'S
EXTRACTION & COMPOUND ELIXIR
TAR,
AND ONLY
THE GENUINE
KNOWN
THIS CELEBRATED TAR,
CURES
CATARRH,
CROUP,
CONSUMPTION!
Pure Tar
AND
THROAT
AND
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TAR
CURES
YELLOW FEVER.
CURES
YELLOW FEVER
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& CO.,
PROPRIETORS,
New York.

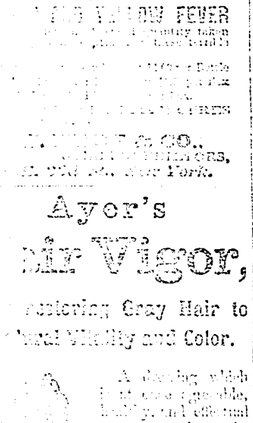
Ayer's
HAIR Vigor,
Restoring Gray Hair to
Original Vitality and Color.

A dressing which is at once agreeable, healthful, and effectual in preserving the hair. *Faded or gray hair is soon restored to its original color, with the gloss and freshness of youth.* Thin hair is thickened, falling checked, and baldness and diseases, caused by dandruff, are removed or relieved. Nothing can restore the hair where the follicles are destroyed or the glands decayed. But such as remain can be saved for usefulness by this preparation. Instead of the large quantity of sediment which other preparations contain, and which soils the hair, this will be found clear, and entirely free from oil, and can be used daily as a dressing. Free from the poisonous mineral ingredients which render many preparations dangerous, and so far from containing anything injurious to the hair, the Vigor can be safely recommended as the best dressing that can be used.

HAIR DRESSING,

which, while it is found so desirable, in all cases of dye, it does not soil, nor stain the skin, and yet lasts through many washings, leaving the hair soft, lustrous, and in perfect order.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co.,
PRACTICAL AND ANALYTICAL CHEMISTS,
LOWELL, MASS.
PRICE $1.00.



HOSTETTER'S BITTERS.
The reputation of the article of Dr. Gottlieb Hostetter, of Pittsburgh, is based upon the fact of its being a true Medicine, and not a mere beverage. Taken from the time of its introduction into the body from Food, so as to create appetite, or health, from the time it is introduced into the system so it is not to be found in the blood, and not to be found in the system, so it is not to be found in the blood, and not to be found in the system, so it is not to be found in the blood, and not to be found in the system,

Jacksonville Republican

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VOL. 35. JACKSONVILLE, ALA., NOVEMBER 11, 1871. WHOLE NO 1805

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One square of 10 lines,	3 months,		$5 00
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" " "	12 "		25 00
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" " "	6 "		35 00
" " "	12 "		50 00
One column,	3 "		40 00
" "	6 "		60 00
" "	12 "		100 00

Charges due and collectable quarterly.

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Dr. H. W. FRANCIS
Physician & Surgeon,
OFFICE, DRUG STORE J. C. FRANCIS
North West Corner Square,
JACKSONVILLE - - ALA
apr25 1871—1y.

JOHN FOSTER. WM. H. FORNEY.

FOSTER & FORNEY,
Attorneys at Law,
Jacksonville Alabama.

WILL practice in the Counties of Calhoun, Talladega, Randolph, St. Clair, Cherokee, DeKalb and the Supreme Court of the State.
Dec. 23d, 1865.

JOE. H. FRANCIS.

ATTORNEY AT LAW
—AND—
GENERAL COLLECTING AGENTS.
Gadsden .....Alabama

WILL practice in Etowah and adjoining counties. Special attention given to the filing petitions in Bankruptcy. Will prosecute claims against the Government for Bounty, Back pay, &c.

G.W. ELLIS. J. H. CALDWELL

ELLIS & ALDWELL

Attorneys at Law,
AND
Solicitor in Chancery.
JACKSONVILLE, ALA.

HAVING associated themselves in the practice of Law, will practice together, except in CRIMINAL CASES, in the counties Calhoun, Talladega, St. Clair, Randolph Cherokee and DeKalb
Jan. 6. 1866.

G. L. TURNLEY, G. I. TURNLEY

G. J. & G. I. TURNLEY,

Attorneys at Law
AND
Solicitors in Chancery
General Collecting Agents.
JACKSONVILLE, ALA.

WILL practice Law in the counties of Calhoun, Talladega, Randolph, Cherokee, Cherokee, Baine, St. Clair and DeKalb, in the Supreme Court of the State, and in the U. S. District Court, Northern and Middle Division of Alabama.

HN W INZER LEROY F. BOX.

INZER & BOX,
Attorneys at Law,
AND
Solicitors in Chancery
ASHVILLE, Ala.

WILL practice in all the Courts of St. Clair, Calhoun, Talladega, Shelby, Jefferson, Blount, DeKalb, Cherokee & Marshall also in the Superior Court of the State. Prompt attention given.

H. L. STEVENSON,

Attorney at Law,

JACKSONVILLE, Ala.

JASPER N. HANEY,
Attorney at Law,
SELMA, ALA.

WILL practice in all the State Courts also the Federal Courts at Montgomery; buy sell and rent real estate.

TENNESSEE HOUSE
Rome, Ga.

J. A. STANSBURY, Prop'r.
The Most convenient Hotel to Rail Road Depots.
Mar. 12, 1870—tf

Selma Rome & Dalton Railroad.

CHANGE OF SCHEDULE.

Commencing Saturday, July 1st, 1871, Passenger Trains on this Road, will leave Jacksonville as follows:

COMING NORTH.
2 51 P. M. Express—Daily.
10 26 P. M. Mail—Daily.
GOING SOUTH.
12 37 A. M. Mail—Daily.
11 43 A. M. Express—Daily

Trains North make connections at Rome, with Rome Railroad for Atlanta, and points beyond—and at Dalton with trains of E. T. Va. & Ga. R. R., for Knoxville, Lynchburg and Eastern cities.
Passengers for Chattanooga, Nashville, Memphis and other points West, should take 10 26 P. M. train, to avoid detention at Dalton
Trains South, arrive in Selma, at 8 30 A. M., and 8 30 P. M.—and at Montgomery, via. S. & N. Ala., at 9 20 A. M. and 7 10 P. M.
Passengers for Pensacola, Mobile and New Orleans, VIA MONTGOMERY, should take 11 43 A. M. train.
Passengers for Mobile and New Orleans, VIA MERIDIAN—and for Jackson, Vicksburg, and Monroe La., should take 12 37 A. M trains.

E. G. BARNEY,
Gen'l. Sup't,
M. STANTON,
Ass't Sup't.

Insurance a Specialty.

L. J. PARR.

SPECIAL AGENT,

JACKSONVILLE AL

Will insure Life, or Property of any kind in the following Companies:
Cotton States Life Insurance Co., MACON, GA.,
Georgia Home Fire Insurance Co. COLUMBUS, GA.,
Home Protection of North Alabama Fire Insurance Co., HUNTSVILLE ALA.,
mar26—1 '71

WM. M. HAMES, J. T. MARTIN

HAMES & MARTIN,

Attorneys at Law and Solicitors in Chancery. No. 8. Office Row, Jacksonville,

WILL practice in all the Courts of Law and Equity in the counties of the 12th Judicial circuit, consisting of Calhoun, Cleburne, St. Clair, Etowah and Cherokee, and the Supreme court of the State.
may20—1871.

Eating House
—AND—
OYSTER SALOON.

GEORGE WHITE respectfully announces to the public that he has removed to the large and commodious room under the Republican office, where he will be glad to furnish meals at all hours, and fresh oysters on call.
He has fresh fruits and Confections of the best. Charges moderate.
GEORGE WHITE.
sep30—1m.

MOBILE ADVERTISEMENTS.

Wolff & Co.
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL
LIQUOR DEALERS,
32 COMMERCE STREET,
MOBILE, ALA.

We keep always on hand a full Stock of
Foreign & Domestic
WHISKIES
OF ALL GRADES AND PRICES.
ALSO
Wines, Brandies, Rum, Gin,
And all articles usually found in Liquor stores. We sell our goods at the lowest possible prices.
The experience of more than Twenty-five years as Rectifiers enables us to guarantee our Manufactures to be superior to any similar goods in the country. Call and examine for yourselves and save money.
oct7—6mos

IRA W. PORTER & CO
Under Odd Fellows' Hall Royal St.
Mobile Ala
BUILDERS' HARDWARE,
CUTLERY,
WHITE LEAD, PAINTS, OILS, VARNISHES, BRUSHES,
Marbleized Slate Mantles, Grates and Fenders,
WHITE PINE BLACK WAL'
NUT & MAHOGANY
PLANK & WOOD
MOULDINGS,
Terra Cotta Chimney Tops, Drain Pipe, and House Furnishing Goods.
Doors, Sash & Blinds.
DIRECT IMPORTERS OF FOREIGN
Window, Car, Picture, Photographic and Ornamental Glass.
Oct7—6mo.

FALL AND WINTER TRADE.
1871--72.

MERCHANTS and all others visiting Mobile will find it to their advantage to examine the large and complete assortment of
MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS
MUSICAL MERCHANDISE,
VIOLIN & GUITAR STRINGS,
SHEET MUSIC,
MUSICAL WORKS,
FANCY GOODS,
TOYS, FIREWORKS,
NOTIONS GENERALLY,
offered at lowest prices at
Ware-Rooms
108 Dauphin Street 108
(between Conception and Joachim) by
BROMBERG BROTHERS.
Also sole agents for
STEINWAY & SONS'
CELEBRATED
PIANO FORTES,
and for the best
Patent Cabinet Organs.
Orders per mail punctually attended to.
sep23—3m.

F. J. BARNARD & Co.
WHOLESALE & RETAIL DEALERS IN
Paints, Oils, Glass, Putty, Brushes,
AND
A Large Assortment of
ARTIST MATERIALS,
PICTURE FRAMES AND MOULDINGS &c.
No. 11. NORTH WATER STREET,
MOBILE, ALA.
This House was established in the year 1842.
sep16—6m.

SELMA ADVERTISEMENTS.

H.A. STOLLENWERCK, Selma, Ala. F. E. STOLLENWERCK Mobile, Ala.
A. G. STOLLENWERCK. Selma, Ala.

H. A. STOLLENWERCK & BROS.
Water Street,
SELMA, Ala.

F. E. STOLLENWERCK & BROS.
42 North Commerce Street,
MOBILE Ala
COTTON FACTORS
AND
Commission Merchants.

Mess'rs. E. L. WOODWARD & SON, of Jacksonville, Ala. will act as Agents for it is house.

N. WOODRUFF & Co.
COTTON FACTORS,
and
Commission Merchants,
OFFICE (UP STAIRS) CITY BLOCK,
SELMA ALA.
sep16—3m.

ABNER WILLIAMS,
Cotton Factor,
No. 4. CENTRAL BLOCK (UP STAIRS,)
WATER STREET, SELMA, ALA.
Bagging and Ties advanced on liberal terms to his patrons.
sep2—3m.

MONEY SAVED
IS
Money Made!
FARMERS, HOUSEKEEPERS,
and others
WILL NOTICE THIS.
We sell Dry Goods,
Dress Goods,
Fancy Goods,
Clothing, Hats,
China, Glass and
Granite Ware,
25 to 50 per cent Cheaper
than they are sold by small dealers.
We deliver all goods sold on the line of the Selma, Rome & Dalton Railroad
FREE OF CHARGE,
for cases Drayage and Railroad Freight when the cash accompanies the order, and the amount of bill is Fifty Dollars.
John W. Woodward, will be pleased to execute the cash orders of his friends.
E. JOHNSON & Co.,
Selma, Ala.
apr15—6m

MONTGOMERY ADV'S.

HARDWARE!
B. L. WYMAN,
Successor to
HALL, MONES & ROBERTS,
has removed to
No. 3 COURT SQUARE,
SIGN OF THE PADLOCK,
MONTGOMERY ALA.
Where the readers of the REPUBLICAN are invited to examine one of
THE LARGEST
AND
Best Assorted Stock,
Ever brought to Montgomery consisting of Hardware, Iron and Steel, Nails, Castings, and Cutlery, Stoves, Tin Ware and House-keeping goods,
Agricultural Implements
PLOWS, HOES, CHAINS, &c.
The celebrated
Fashion Cook Stove.
B. L. WYMAN,
SIGN OF THE PADLOCK.
MONTGOMERY ALA.,
apr29—6m.

D. H. SHULAR, Montgomery. T. C. HARTWELL, Lowndes Co.

SHULAR & HARTWELL,
Cotton Warehouse, Factors,
—AND—
GENERAL
Commission Merchants,
MONTGOMERY, ALA.

We would inform our friends and the planting community generally, that we have leased the Brick Warehouse on the corner of Commerce and Bibb streets, and are prepared to do the Storage and Factorage Business in all its branches. Our charge for Storage will be fifty cents per bale for the first, and twenty-five for each successive month. Our charge for selling cotton will be one dollar per bale. We are prepared to make liberal advances on cotton in store, or for shipment to our friends in New York, New Orleans or Mobile. We will furnish Bagging and Ties, or other plantation supplies at the lowest market price. From our long experience in business, and prompt attention to all matters entrusted to us, we hope to merit a share of patronage.
D. H. SHULAR.
THOS. C. HARTWELL.
Sept.30.

ROME ADVERTISEMENTS.

C. G. SAMUEL.
Successor to Elliot & Samuel,
COTTON FACTOR
Warehouse & Commission Merchant,
(At Steamboat Landing,)
Rome, Ga.

Cotton compressed and put in splendid shipping order and forwarded same day of its arrival, at reduced rates of freight.
sept 23, 1871—1y

Mrs. S. C. HAMMONDS,
Fashionable Millener,
ROME, GEORGIA.

HAS in stock a very fine lot of Millinery Goods, & is prepared to fill all orders from abroad, satisfactorily both as to style and price. The patronage of the public, along the line of the Selma, Rome & Dalton Railroad, respectfully solicited.
july 15—6 mo.

GENERAL ADVS.

R. A. PRINGLE,
Cotton Seller and General
PRODUCE BROKER,
OFFICE—CENTRAL WHARF,
CHARLESTON S. C.

REFERENCES.—Hon. C. T. Lowndes, President of the Bank of Charleston; W. B. Smith, Esq., President of the Union Bank; John Hanckel, Esq., President of People's Bank; Robert Adger, Esq., Messrs. Geo. A. Trenholm & Son. T. H. Wagner, Esq., Messrs. Henry Bischoff & Co., James M. Caldwell, Esq., Messrs. Ward, Crane Boyleston & Co., Messrs. D. F. Fleming & Co., Messrs. J. E. Adger & Co., Messrs. Marshall & Burge, Messrs. Edwin Bates & Co., Edward McCrady, Sr., Esq., B. C. Pressley, Esq., and H. T. Peake, Esq.
Special attention given to the consignment and sale of Cotton, Rice, Naval Stores, Dried Fruit, Peanuts, &c.
The subscriber offers his services to his friends and the public as a
Cotton Seller and General
PRODUCE BROKER,
having had many years experience in the Cotton Houses of Messrs. Robinson & Caldwell and John Fraser & Co., He intends to give special attention to the consignment and sale of Cotton, Rice, Naval Stores, Dried Fruit, &c., and hopes by unremitting attention so business to merit a share of the public patronage, and respectfully solicits a call from his old friends and customers in the interior
R. A. PRINGLE.
sep23—3m,

BOOKS!
PATTEN AND PAYNE.
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL
BOOK-SELLERS STATIONERS
AND
NEWS DEALERS
Chattanooga, Tennessee.

KEEP constantly on hand a full supply of SHOOL AND COLLEGE TEXT BOOKS.
For Sale at Publishers' Lowest Prices,
WRITING PAPER
Of every size and Weight. Good Note Paper $1,20 per Ream. Good Foolscap $2,00 ep. Wrapping Paper of all kinds.
ENVELOPES
Of every Style, quality and price.
INITIAL NOTE PAPER AND ENVELOPES
Put up in nice boxes, each contain 25 sheets of paper and 25 envelopes, mailed to any address for 50 cents.
Agents for the best BLANK Book Manufactures, and keep constantly on hand a full line of.
BLANK BOOKS,
Memoranda as and records. Send for a price list.
GOLD PENS, John Holland's and Foley's Celebrated Gold Pens. Descriptive Circular containing prices, sent when requested.
MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS
Violins from $2.00 per dozen up. A Great variety of Banjos, Accordeons, Flutes' Guitars Violin and Guitar Strings, Violin Bows, Music Boxes, &c., &c.,
Wall Paper!
A large stock of Paper Hangings, Window Shades and Fixures. Send for samples and prices.
Catalogue an List of Books and Stationery sent on application
July 20.—1871.

A Successful & Wonderful
INVENTION.
NEW METHOD OF WASHING
CLOTHES WITHOUT LABOR.
C. R. Arnold's
SELF-ACTING
CLOTHES WASHER.
Price Five Dollars.
No Rubbing! No Wear! A Saving of Time and Labor!
SATISFACTION IN ALL CASES
Guaranteed!
It Can be Tried before Purchasing.
PATENTED MAY 4, 1869.
WM. JOHNSON,
OXFORD ALA.
sep16—3m.

OCTOBER.

October strews the woodland o'er
With many a brilliant color;
The world is brighter than before—
Why should our hearts be duller?
Sorrow and the scarlet leaf,
Sad thoughts and sunny weather!
Ah, me! this glory and this grief
Agree not well together.

This is the parting season—this
The time when friends are flying;
And lovers now, with many a kiss,
Their long farewells are sighing.
Why is earth so gaily dressed?
This pomp that autumn beareth
A funeral seems, where every guest
A bridal garment weareth.

Each one of us, perchance, may here,
On some blue morn hereafter,
Return to view the gaudy year,
But not with childish laughter.
We shall then be wrinkled men,
Our brows with silver laden,
And thou this glen mayest seek again,
But nevermore a maiden

Nature, perhaps, foresees that Spring
Will touch her teaming bosom.
And that a few brief months will bring
The bud, the bee, the blossom;
Ah! these forests do not know—
Or would less brightly wither—
The virgin that adorns them so
Will never more come hither.

GHOSTS IN INDIANA.

Strange Freaks of a Dead Peddler

Indiana has long been the home of sensations in crime and divorce, but the following story, published by the New Albany Standard, surpasses anything yet reported from there, and seems like a return to the days of the Rochester knockings:

"From a letter from a friend at the little town of Huron, on the Ohio and Mississippi railroad, we learn the particulars of some very singular spiritual manifestations. Our correspondent states that fifteen or twenty years ago a peddler was in the habit of passing through that country, selling notions, who drove a two horse team. That one night about 9 o'clock he passed the house of a Mr. Rubeck who lives some miles east of Harrisonville, on the Bryantsville road, going towards the former place. This was the last that was ever seen or heard of him. The fact of his being missed and failing to make his regular visits created some talk in that neighborhood at the time, but soon died away, and the peddler was forgotten.

"On this road, about one or two miles from White River, and some two and a half miles from Harrisonville, is a very rough hill, up which the road runs, and on the top, on the southwest side of the road, is an open field, long since abandoned. Near this field, and right by the side of the road, stands an old dead tree. Some three weeks ago Mr. Rubeck was passing along this road, on his way home from Harrisville, at about 11 o'clock at night. The night was quite dark, and it was with considerable difficulty that he could keep in the road, or prevent his horse from stumbling over the stones that obstructed the highway. He finally, however, reached the top of the hill, and when about twenty rods from the tree he heard a noise over in the old waste field above described which he took to be two dogs engaged in a desperate fight. Their growling, barking, snapping and scratching was fearful. It was apparently the most sanguinary dog-fight he had ever heard. At the moment it created little or no surprise. He only wondered that two dogs should be at that time of night so distant from any human habitation (for there is no farmhouse within a mile of this field,) engaged in such a desperate encounter. On second thought, however, he concluded that they had been out on a sheep hunting expedition, and having accidentally met there got into the fight.

"He had not long to consider upon this, however, for soon the clanking of chains, attracted his attention in another direction, and looking toward the tree, to his astonishment he beheld large broken links of what seemed to be a boat chain, red hot, falling around the tree, sizzing and scorching. There seemed to be at least twenty of these links falling at the same time, and continued to fall about a minute, when Mr. Rubeck was startled almost out of his wits by a heavy groan, which seemed to come from the earth beneath him. Strange as it may appear, up to this time his horse had not manifested the least uneasiness, and Mr. Rubeck himself had not imagined anything connected with what he had seen or heard but what could be accounted for upon a rational theory. The falling of red hot chains, he admits, he thought a little extraordinary, but had concluded within in his own mind to revisit the spot the next morning and gather them up, believing as he did, that they were meteors that had fallen from the sky in that peculiar shape. At the groan his horse reared and curvetted, plunged forward and started to run. Now came the most trying time to Mr. Rubeck's nerves, for just in front of him he heard the plunging rattling noise of a runaway team coming toward him, and the noise manifesting every indication that their course would be directly over him. He tried to rein his horse out of the course it was taking, but his efforts were to no purpose. On came the frightened team, on toward it plunged the ungovernable horse. 'Twas a moment of terrible suspense. All the deeds of an honest life came crowding upon his mind. He offered one short prayer for safety, and gave himself up for lost, when, more astonished than ever, the noise as suddenly ceased as they had commenced. His horse still fretted and tried to run, but Mr. Rubeck held him steadily in the road.

"At this moment Mr. Rubeck heard a voice calling for help, and the cry of murder fell upon his ear; and as he was getting out of the way he was more than ever startled by the exclamation, the voice apparently coming directly from the old field: "For God's sake! Jim, don't murder me."

"Having by this time passed the old field, he made his way home without seeing or hearing anything further, but in a state of mind better imagined than described. He spent a very restless night, and the next morning rode over the country telling his experience of the night before, and requesting the aid of his neighbors to assist him in solving the mystery. He gathered some eight or ten, who attended him the following night, when the same scenes were repeated.

"The dogs barked, the red-hot chains fell, the unearthly groans rose up from the ground, the frightened team came thundering down upon them, the voice was again heard in the waste field calling for help and begging Jim not to murder.

"Most of the witnesses to this second demonstration of the unearthly visitants, if such they may be called, became panic-stricken and precipitately fled. Those who remained could find no reasonable solution of the mystery, though one or two, who knew intimately and distinctly remembered the missing peddler, are willing to swear that it was his voice that called for help.

"The next day more citizens gathered upon the hill, and dug as close to the spot where the barking dogs were heard as they could, and what was their surprise when they unearthed a skeleton. Some parts of the clothing were still preserved, which corresponded with that usually worn by the peddler. Upon a close examination a fracture was found in the skull, which looked as though it was made with a heavy instrument, such as an axe or hatchet.

"These last discoveries have created a considerable excitement in the neighborhood, and some think it explains the mystery which surrounds the disappearance of the peddler, and will ultimately lead to the discovery of his murderer, if he was murdered. Taking the facts all in all, it is a singular affair, and if it does result in what our correspondent intimates, it will add something to the establishment of the theory of spiritualism."

"Whosoever will may come."—"I thank God," said Richard Baxter, "for the word Whosoever. If God had said there was mercy for Richard Baxter, I am so vile a sinner, that I wouldhave thought he meant some other Richrd Baxter but when he says Whosoever, I know that includes me, the worst of all Richard Baxters."

GRANT SPEAKS.—Grant made the following thrilling speech at Portland on Friday last:—

"I have a vivid recollection of visiting your city six years ago.—This is the second time I have been in your city, and am much pleased with the reception here, as at other places I have visited in your State. If I do not come oftener than I have, I shall not make many more visits here before I shall be quite an old man."

Lowrey and his gang of North Carolina outlaws still hold their own in Robeson county. The General in command of the troops sent to effect the capture of the outlaws, visted them alone by special invitation of few days since. He represents them as men of intelligence with a determination not to be captured. Since his visit the troops stationed in Robeson county have been withdrawn.

The Democrats made a clean sweep of Baltimore at the municipal election on Wednesday. Hon. Joshua Vansant, the Democratic candidate for Mayor, carried every ward in the city by heavy majorities. In the first branch of City Councils, there will be but one opposition member, while the second branch is entirely Democratic. The Radicals masked themselves behind the National Reform ticket, but the people saw through the thin disguise, and voted accordingly. The victory is important, and will have a direct bearing upon the coming State contest.

Call for an Army Reunion.

General Fitz Hugh Lee has issued the following call for a meeting of the Virginia division of the army of Northern Virginia:

Deriving authority from, and in conformity with, articles fifth and eight in the plan of an organization of the association of the Army of Northern Virginia, I hereby call a meeting of the Virginia division of that association, to take place in Richmond, on the evening of the 2d of November, 1871, to organize the division upon a permanent basis, to preserve friendships formed in the army to perpetuate its fame, to vindicate its history that Justice may be done to its living and dead in future, are among the objects for which we meet. To all officers non-commissioned officers and privates, who belonged to the Virginia organization of the Army of Northern Virginia, at any time during the war, and who did not desert during the war and have not deserted since, a hearty invention is hereby extended to be present.

The West Virginia Election.

The meagre returns received from the elections for the Legislature and delegates to a constitutional convention held on Thursday, in West Virginia, indicate what might be termed a "walk over" for the Democratic nominees. In the city of Wheeling and its attendant county, the entire Democratic ticket is reported elected.—In Berkeley county, Democratic majority of 2000 is reported—Greenberier, Monroe, Pocahontas and Summers are also reported as giving large Democratic majorities. In Greenbriet co., it is added that the colored voters generally supported the Democratic ticket. Among the delegates to the constitutional convention are some of the most able and conservative men in the State;

INFORMATION WANTED.—During the march through Kentucky, by the Confederate troops, a young officer, in the last stages of consumption was at my house. His name was J. J. Gamble, and he left a keep-sake and a message for his mother. I have endeavored to find out the residence of that dear mother, but so far have failed. Will the Alabama newspapers please publish this notice, it may bring balm and comfort to a wounded heart.

Mrs. A. S. WAYES,
Springfield, Washington Co.,
Kentucky.

P. S. He had dark hair, was very tall, and about twenty-three years of age. A. S.W.

"MR. BROWN, you said the defendant was honest, honest and intelligent. What makes you think so? Are you acquainted with him?"

"No sir, I have never seen him."

"Why, then, do you come to such a conclusion?"

"Because he takes ten newspapers, and pays for them in advance. Verdict for defendant.

A LOUISVILLE publication says that our people are disappointed in the DAVIDSON Fountain because it doesn't spout whiskey instead of water. Now, that's a very thin joke. We have more whiskey here than we know what to do with. We can even spare, from our generous superfluity, enough to keep down the growing population of Louisville.—*Cincinnati Enquirer.*

ROME PRINTERS MOVING.—We learn that the printers of the *Rome Commercial* will join the Good Templars at their next meeting, in a body. We should like to see this move followed by printers all over the State and elsewhere. It would be a glorious reformation. Even without the Good Templars, we venture to say that no city in Georgia has a soberer and more reliable set of printers than we have in our little "Eternal" among the hills.—*Rome Commercial.*

A Crisis in England

There seems to be scarcely a doubt that a crisis of affairs is approaching in England, the magnitude of which can only be compared to that combination of events which placed Cromwell in possession of the powers of a Protectorate. It is stated, and believed, that the Queen is mentally incapacitated from performing the duties of her office as sovereign, and the question of establishing a Regency is being seriously agitated. Disraeli, in a recent speech at Hackenden, confirmed the general rumors of the Queen's condition in these words: "The fact is, we cannot conceal from ourselves that her Majesty is physically and mentally incapacitated from performing the active public duties of her position." Following immediately upon this announcement Mr. Charles Bradlaugh the Republican leader, called for a Regency, the executive power to be intrusted to the judges of the law and equity courts until such time as a Republic can be peacefully proclaimed.

A dispatch from London on the 28th says that the royal family has held a council and a kell Queen Victoria consent to the marriage of the Duke of Edinburgh to a Russian princess, and also to the establishment of a Regency under the Prince of Wales. The Queen at once and indignantly refused to consent to the latter portion of the arrangement. Her Majesty subsequently refused to sign the public papers laid before her by the Ministers.

The same dispatch states that the Cabinet at its meeting discussed of a Regency. A proposal was also made to obviate the difficulty which would be caused by the Queen's refusal to sign the public documents by authorizing the Lord Chancellor to perform that duty for the present.

It appears that both the Queen and Bradlaugh are opposed to the Regency of the Prince of Wales. The latter expresses his full confidence in the Republicans, and there is no doubt that a very serious crisis in England's affairs is drawing nearer and nearer every day.

A CHICAGO SYMPATHIZER.—Old man Smith, of Butts, who lives on the line of Sherman's "Grand March to the Sea," was called on to subscribe for the relief of the Chicago people. He subscribed a hundred bundles of fodder to the cow that kicked over the kerosine lamp that burnt up the modern Sodom.

UNDER THE FLAMES.

An Adventure of the Forest Fires—An Old Veteran Who "Stayed to See It Out."

A man named Allison Weaver, who reached Detroit from Port Huron on Wednesday, had a narrow escape from being roasted alive in the north woods. His story is told in the Detroit *Free Press* of Thursday:

"Weaver is a single man, about fifty years old, and served all through the war in an Ohio regiment of infantry. Up to two weeks ago he was at work for a man named Bright, ten miles from Forestville, as fireman of a shingle mill. Two or three days before the approach of the flames, which eventually destroyed that section, Bright and his family left for Forestville, and the next day all the men employed about the place either followed his example or made haste to reach their homes. On leaving, Bright informed his men that the fire would sweep that way, and warned them to lose no time in making their escape. Having no property to lose, or family to take care of, Weaver determined, as he says, 'to stay and see the circus out,' meaning that he intended saving the mill if possible. He has a stubborn sort of spirit, and the fact that everybody else went induced him to stay.

As soon as the men left he set to work and buried all the provisions left in the house, including the knives, belts and other light machinery of the mill, as well as a stove and a lot of crockery ware. There was plenty of water in the vicinity of the mill, and he filled several barrels full, besides wetting down house, mill, stock and everything which would burn, scattering several hundred pailfuls of water on the ground around the buildings.

When night came and the fire had not appeared, he began to jeer his absent comrades. But his self conceit soon left him. About ten o'clock the heavens were so light that he could see the smallest objects around him, and there was a roaring in the forests which sounded like waves beating against rocks on the shore. He began to suspect that he would receive the visit predicted, and accordingly made preparations for it. In leveling up the ground around the shingle mill, earth had been obtained by digging here and there, and Weaver went to work and dug one of these pits deep enough for him to stand up in.

He then filled it nearly full of water, and took care to saturate the ground around it for a distance of several rods. Going to the mill, he dragged out a four inch plank, sawed it in two, and saw that the parts tightly covered the little well. 'I kalkeela ed it would be teeh and go,' said he, 'but it was the best I could do.' At midnight he had everything arranged, and the roaring then was awful to hear. The clearing was 10 or 12 acres in extent, and Weaver says that for two hours before the fire reached him there was a constant flight across the ground of small animals. As he rested a moment from giving the house another wetting down, a horse dashed into the opening at full speed and made for the house, where he stopped and turned towards the fire. Weaver could see him tremble and shake with excitement and terror, and felt a pity for him. After a moment the animal gave utterance to a snort of dismay, ran two or three times around the house, and then shot off into the woods like a rocket.

Not long after this the fire came. Weaver stood by his well, ready for the emergency, yet curious to see the breaking in of the flames. The roaring increased in volume, the cinders came showering down, and he could see the flame through the trees. It did not run along the ground, nor leap from tree to tree, but it came on like a Cyclone, a sheet of flame reaching from the earth to the tops of the trees. As it struck the clearing he jump down into his well, and closed over the planks. He could no longer see, but he could hear. He says that the flames made no halt whatever, or ceased their roaring for an instant, but he had hardly got the opening closed before the house and mill were burning like tinder, and both were down in five minutes. The smoke came down to him powerfully, and all the air was so hot he could hardly breathe.

Because that the planks above him were on fire, but remembering their thickness, he waited till the roaring of the flames had died away, and then with his head and hands turned them over and and put out the fire by dashing up water with his hands. Although it was a cold bath, and the water at first chilled him, the heat gradually warmed it up until he says that he felt very comfortable. He remained in his den until daylight, frequently turning over the planks and cutting out the fire, and then the worst had passed. The earth around was on fire in spots, house and mill were gone, leaves, brush and logs were swept away as if shaved off and swept with a broom, and nothing but coal and ashes were to be seen.

After the fire had somewhat cooled off, Weaver made an investigation of his premises and found that considerable of the property buried had been saved, although he lost all his provisions except a piece of dried beef, which the fire had cooked as in an oven without spoiling it. He had no other recourse than to remain around the place that day during the night, and the greater part of the next day, when the ground had cooled enough so that he could pick his way to the site of the burned village. He was nearly twelve hours going the twelve miles, as trees were falling, logs were burning, and the fallen timber had in some places heaped up a breastwork, over which no one could climb.

A Remarkable Relic.

Among all the incidents of the great Chicago fire, we have read none more remarkable, or that seems more miraculous, than the following related by the New York *Tribune:*

Mr. W. D. Bancker has brought from Chicago a curious memorial of the great fire. Among the ruins of the Western News Company's establishment, where an immense stock of periodicals and books was reduced to ashes, there was found a single leaf of a quarto Bible, charred around the edges. It contained the first chapter of the Lamentations of Jeremiah, which opens with the following words: "How doth the city sit solitary that was full of people! how is she become as a widow! she that was great among the nations and princess among the provinces, how is she become tributary! She weepeth sore in the night, and her tears are on her cheeks: among all her lovers she hath none to comfort her." And that was the only fragment of literature saved from the News Company's great depot.

NEWARK, Oct. 25.—On Monday a negro club left Patterson for this city, on a picnic, accompanied by Rudolph's Cotillion band. The band played for them until 5 o'clock, and then stated that they should return to Patterson.—The negroes declared they should not, and a quarrel ensued, resulting in the negroes hanging Walter Rudolph, the leader of the band, and the stabbing of Henry Walters, a musician. A party of Irishmen came along and attacked the negroes, or many of the musicians would have been killed.

ATLANTA, Oct. 30.

Governor Bullock resigned his office on the 23rd to take effect to-day, and at 3 p. m. to-day Benj. Conley, President of the Georgia Senate was installed Gov. Bullock's resignation written before his flight to New York. Great excitement prevails here.

JACKSONVILLE REPUBLICAN

JACKSONVILLE, ALABAMA.

SATURDAY, NOV. 11th, 1871.

THE ELECTION.

The election for county officers in Calhoun passed off most quietly. We have yet to hear of the slightest disturbance at any polling place in the county. Although the Democratic candidates for the various offices were very numerous, the Radicals put no candidates out. On the contrary they voted for Democrats, thus indicating the complete and final disbandment of the party in old Calhoun. Having now voted with the Democratic party, they are lost and absorbed in that organization, and can never be separated and organized again. This is important in view of future State elections, and we are now glad that the Democrat had no nominating convention to draw the lines and thus keep up the Radical organization per force.

The unsuccessful candidates all bear their defeat with good grace. Any of them would have filled creditably the offices they aspired to. To choose between the host of good fellows in the field was very hard. The people wanted to see them all elected; but the thing could not be done.

The elected ones are all good men, highly qualified to fill the positions of trust to which they have been called, and will serve the county with faithfulness and fidelity, we are sure.

Below we give the aggregate returns taken from the official count. Next week, we may, if we think it will interest our readers, give the vote of the county by Beats. This week we have not the time to thus give it. It will be seen from the returns we give that, Joshua Draper is the Treasurer, C. P. Read the Sheriff, E. McCleden the Collector, Henry Fitz the Assessor, J. Y. Henderson, J. Borden, C. W. Brewton and A. M. Stewart the Commissioners, and J. H. Price the Coroner.

FOR COUNTY TREASURER.

J. S. Montgomery,	195
Joshua Draper,	886
B. C. Wyly,	397
J. B. Turnley,	337
T. S. Neighbors,	549

FOR SHERIFF.

C. P. Read,	587
W. C. Crow,	116
John A. Cobb,	551
D. W. Warlick,	429
M. Patterson,	441
M. Whiteside,	155

FOR TAX COLLECTOR.

T. P. Savage,	358
H. P. Whitesides,	537
D. P. Williams,	217
W. Woodall,	156
S. Woodruff,	268
E. McCleden,	613
J. W. McDaniel,	95

FOR TAX ASSESSOR.

M. T. Ledbetter,	486
B. G. McCleden,	830
H. Fitz,	609
A. Morgan,	370
R. Hasson,	222
J. M. Whiteside,	193

FOR COMMISSIONERS.

A. M. Stewart,	192
E. C. Pearce,	127
W. A. Wilson,	558
J. Borden,	1582
D. Seiber,	859
H. T. Snow,	947
J. Y. Henderson,	1013
C. W. Brewton,	995

FOR CORONER.

J. H. Price,	697
James Gidley,	171
S. A. McCollum,	311

Contrary to expectation the Radicals have carried New York. This is owing to the incubus the party had to carry in that State, in the shape of the Tammany thieves. The Democracy did try to shake Tammany off, but like the "old man of the sea," Tammany would not let go. The Democrats should now join the Radicals in an effort to send the scoundrels to the Penitentiary and thus put themselves in power for the next canvass untrammeled, and win.

Grant's Ruffians, the telegraph tells us, are courageously charging defenceless women in South Carolina and imprisoning them in the common jail along with other prisoners of all kinds. This takes nobody by surprise. It is on the contrary, what we expected from the cowards, who still are disposed to persecute the South, from what we learned of them during the war. It then used to be their favorite mode of revenge on the men who whipped them out of their boots every time they could get close enough to them to do it, but they didn't venture even on that until they had carefully reconnoitered and found the last male Confederate was absent.

MILITARY ARRESTS.—It is reported that U. S. soldiers arrested several citizens of our neighboring county of Cleburne, some days ago. One man who had escaped from them passed through this place *en route* for some country where the tools of the tyrant molest not nor maketh afraid.

ATTEMPTED SUICIDE.—Some days ago an individual entered the Drugstore of Dr. J. C. Francis, purchased an ounce phial of laudanum and succeeded in swallowing the greater portion of it before the poison was wrested from him by the doctor. A powerful emetic, strong doses of coffee and a brisk walk, soon brought him around as lively as a cricket. Trouble (he was a South Carolina refugee) and mean whisky seem to have inspired him with the determination to kill himself.

The Alexandria circuit has lately bought a comfortable house and lot &c., in the heart of Alexandria, from Theodore Turk, and converted it into a Parsonage for the Methodist minister of that circuit. An old friend says to the adjoining circuits, "go thou and do likewise."

GEN. D. H HILL ON HENRY WARD BEECHER.

That clerical mountebank, Rev. Henry Ward Beecher, has been venting his malice to the South, while preaching a charity sermon in behalf of the Chicago sufferers. The Reverened buffoon thus delivered himself:

"If there is a God, and if we have received an intimation of his nature, he will surely have sympathy and succor for the poor and afflicted. Next to the greatness of the calamity is the admirableness of the national sympathy. This whole nation has risen up as one man—the Northern part of it. I have not seen any account of the contribution of any Southern city, I presume there are such, but I have seen none. All the North has risen up and taken that great city in its arms—almost adopted it and it lies upon the bosom of the nation as a child lies on its mother's breast. Broad raiment, the various succor that is required, is contributed most generously from the rising of the sun to the going down thereof. We know no Catholic or Protestant, no Democrat or Republican. All that we know is men and women that suffer and are suffering, and the amount of the charity of the nation is like God's charity that sends the rain upon the just and the unjust alike. It is sublime, and when you add to it that the great nation to the north of us rises up and becomes a partner in this great work, and that across the water, in England, yea, and in the German Empire, they are just as busy as we are here, it is grand, and it shows how great is the element of Christian sympathy that unites the world and how near mankind are to each other. It is one of the auspicious signs of the times.

It seems that this so called minister of the Gospel of Peace can never open his lips, even in the appeal for suffering humanity, without contrasting the goodness of the North with the wickedness of the South. "I have not seen any account," says the holy malignant, "of the contribution from any southern city. It is the generous, benevolent, warm hearted North that is giving so freely. Oh! these wicked rebels! they have hearts of stone. Does Mr. Beecher know that the unfeeling South was desolated for four years by fire and sword? Does he know that she has hundreds of thousands of suffering poor of her own still in her midst? Does he know that not a single Southern city, town, village or neighborhood has escaped the torch of negro incendiaries, incited to arson and murder by emissaries from the kind generous, sympathetic and philanthropic North? Does he know that the aggregate of all these fires will fall little short of the great disaster in Chicago? Does he reflect that Chicago shot and hung the robbers and burners, and that the Southern people, who tried to protect themselves from more brutish fiendish criminals, are being hunted, even now, like wild beasts of the forests? Does he know that troops are quartered all over the South to punish men for organizing vigilance committees, in the lurid light of their burning homes, such as the people of Chicago instituted amidst the flames of their burning city? Does he know that those who sought to protect the honor of wives and daughters and to give security to their homes are now treated as the most atrocious criminals? Surely, if Mr. Beecher knew of the vast multitudes of suffering poor at the South, even *he* could not taunt us with scanty contributions to Chicago.

The philanthropic Mr. Beecher, with his "great heart of humanity," seems fond of contrasting the holiness of the North with the depravity of the South. We remember the great meeting at Cooper Institute, New York, on the 25th of January, 1866 to raise contributions for the starving South. Horace Greeley made a noble speech full of kindly, Christian charity, in which he said that he would be greatly disappointed if New York City did not contribute a million of dollars. Rev. Mr Beecher followed in an artful covert speech, stirring up hatred to the South under the guise of pity for her dreadful condition. One extract will give the spirit of his address:

"The breed that the Southern widows and orphans would not give our poor boys in prison, their own lips crave for. Give them the beef—give them the loaf. The rains as they took from our boys, leaving them in the chilly winter to shake and die of cold as long as your looms are fruitful, spin off the yards and wind the clothes for their shivering limbs."

Mr. Beecher *knew* that the Southern people had not committed the crimes here charged, and that Federal soldiers had been better fed and clothed than our own. But the slander as weed has purpose. Instead of raising $1,000,000, as Mr. Greeley anticipated, the great rich, luxurious city of New York gave $3,500! We have learned that this pittance was given mainly by the Southern refugees in the wealthy emporium of the Union. It is more than probable that Mr. Beecher himself did not give a nickel. And what did Chicago, the Queen of the West, give to the starving shivering, homeless sufferers of the South? Chicago sent $500 in *Confederate* money to Mrs. A. F. Mears, Treasurer of the Southern Relief Association of Baltimore, accompanied with a mocking, taunting letter! That is what Chicago gave, Brother Beecher, and *our* Southern city of Baltimore has already contributed over $200,000 to that Chicago which five years ago laughed at the calamity of the South! You should remember, too, thou Pharisee, that the shout of exultation went up from your Chicago, when our Atlanta, Richmond, Charleston and Columbia were burning. We trust that there is a more Christian spirit among the Southern people, and that they will give, what their own suffering poor do not need, to the distressed of the great North-west. From our inmost hearts, we pity those homeless wanderers and want to see their houses, their towns and cities rebuilt. You are fond of contrast, reverend sir, and you may contrast the above language with that used by your great fire king—the bummer-chief Sherman. In his official report dated May 9th, 1865, City Point, Va., you may there read. "Charleston and Secession being synonymous terms, the city should be left as a sample, so that centuries may pass away before that false doctrine is again preached in our Union." So your great leader expressed the hope that Charleston might lie perpetually in her ashes and ruins—the city that had showered upon him hundreds of favors, while he had been stationed there in 1844-5.

The lecture of your reverence opens with a doubt as to the existence of a God: "*If* there is a God." Relied as we are, or rather have been, we believe that there is such an august Being, aye, we believe too that He is a God of vengeance. We believe that He is scourging your people for your sins, as he scourged us for our sins. We believe fully that the great fire in Chicago and the terrible devastation in the North west is His avenging wrath upon your people for the cruel burnings during the war, and the more fiendish burnings since the surrender. God is using upon you the *same element* of destruction which you so ruthlessly used upon us. The soldier of the Northwest were the chief incendiaries, and it is the North-west that has had this scourge of fire. The Emancipation Proclamation which brought misery to the black race and poverty to the white race, Chicago in her pride brought for $25,000, and the flames have burned it to ashes! The hotel named in honor to Sherman, the fire-fiend, has been consumed by the element of which he was so fond. Blackened ruins mark the spot of the Court House, where divorces were bought, and marriage, the ordinance of God made a by-word and a mockery. We see in all this the hand of God, and we wish that you could see it too.

When the floor of the Capitol at Richmond fell in and crushed so many to death, you and your loyal brethren of the pulpit said that it was a judgment of Heaven for the sin of the rebellion. All the Southern speakers, including Governor Wise, in their addresses to the people of Richmond recognizing the hand of God in the visitation, and called upon them to humble themselves in the dust before Him. Has the pulpit or the press of the North, so keen to see a judgment in the Richmond disaster, recognized God in the terrible scourge at Chicago and in the forests of the North-west? Not at all. Have they called upon their people to repent and turn from sin and iniquity? Not at all. On the contrary, Rev. Mr. Beecher and brethren of the cloth tell them how holy they are, and what sinners the Southern rebels are. "We have *all* gone astray, like lost sheep," and it becomes us all to return with sorrow and meekness to the fold of the Great Shepherd

Southern Home.

From the Montgomery Advertiser]

Treasurer Grant's Statement.

On yesterday we published in our advertising columns the official statement required by law of the State Treasurer "showing the aggregate receipts and disbursements *for the fiscal* year ending September 30th, 1871." The total receipts for the past fiscal year, foot up $1,451,754,68. The total disbursements show $1,425,166,52, with a small balance in the treasury of $6,588,16.

It must be remembered that the receipts for the year covered by Treasurer Grant's report came into the treasury under the tax and revenue laws in force before the present Democratic Administration was inducted into office. The change in these laws effected by the Democratic House of Representatives, have not been felt in the execution of the tax and revenue laws for the fiscal year covered by the present Treasurer's report. In comparing, therefore, the receipts for the past year with the receipts for the year ending the 30th of September, 1870, as obtained from the official report of Auditor Reynolds, we find that while the receipts for all sums during the year ending September 30th, 1870, amounted to $1,283,586,52; the receipts from all sources for the year ending the 30th September, 1871, realized the sum of $1,378, 168,85. At the commencement of the fiscal year ending the 30th September 1870, there was a balance of $127,168,15. At the beginning of the fiscal year ending the 30th September 1871, there was the sum of $53,585,84 in the treasury. Thus the first important fact developed is that while executing the same system of laws, the Democratic government of the State has managed to collect, and to account for nearly one hundred thousand dollars more than was collected, or if collected not honestly accounted for, by the late Radical administration.

In turning to the table of disbursements, we learn that the cost of the last Legislature (with a Democratic check) was $94,905,50. The preceeding Radical Legislature cost the State $106,160,-20, exhibiting by comparison the difference of upwards of $12,000 in favor of a Democratic House of Representatives and an intelligent and perfectly incorruptible State Administration. In the matter of fuel, lights and stationery, it will be seen that under the present Democratic Administration, these articles have cost the State only $3,736,73; while for the same period the Radical Government cost the State $14,861,18. In the item of the Contingent fund, including expenses of the Governor in his business trips to New York, and all counsel fees growing out of important litigation in relation to the Alabama and Chattanooga Railroad Company, it would appear that Governor Lindsay has only expended the sum of $8,531,99 while for the same time and with infinitely less advantage to the State, Governor Smith expended the amount of more than $29,000. The item in the Treasurer's Department under the "Ordinary Expenses Act of August 11th, 1868," must be properly placed to the general item of contingent expenses. In the matter of Public Printing, and Binding, including the Supreme Court Reports, we discover that since the 30th September 1870, to 31st September 1871, there has been expended $33,027,59, against the sum of $14,048,18 for the same time by the Radical Government.

On the whole we consider the statement of the Treasurer as highly satisfactory. In the saving by honestly and energetically collecting, and properly accounting for the taxes and the license fund, the Democratic Administration can boast of at least $141,916,67.

It must also be borne in mind that this is the first year since the close of the war that the interest on the bonded debt of the State has been paid out of the State Treasury. Heretofore the interest has been paid by selling bonds, and from what we can understand there is a sum from this source of more than six hundred thousand dollars not yet accounted for.

In implicit faith can be placed in the cable dispatch announcing vigorous warlike measures is Russia it may be set down that somebody on that side of the water is about to get hurt. An order from the Russian War Office calls to arms the entire adult population, mobilizes the entire nation, brings to the field an active army of 1,600,000 men and strengthens the reserve force with a half million more.—This is the most important bit of news that has come from that quarter since Europe gained her last peace. Such a warlike movement at this season of the year is incomprehensible. There has been no outbreak of any kind or excuse for it whatever. To have made a descent upon the "sick man" at any time would never have required the mustering of such an array. The Czar means mischief.

A Scotch minister recently told his neighbor that he spoke two hours and a half the sunday previous. "Why, minister were you not tired to death?" asked the neighbor. "Aw, nae," said he, "I was as fresh as a rose; but t'would have done your heart good to see how tired the congregation was."

Telegraphic.

LOUISVILLE, Nov. 4.

Last night a mob collected about the jail in Jeffersonville, Indiana, with the intention of lynching a negro named John Washington, who attempted an outrage on a little white girl, and whose father died from the excitement produced by the outrage. The prisoner was slipped out by a backway and consigned to the State prison, and on learning which the crowd dispersed. This morning the prisoner was taken to the jail in Charleston, Indiana.

ATLANTA, Nov. 4.

Acting Governor Conley's message was read to-day. He says nothing about an election. He hopes that there will be no ground for further reconstruction. He promises retrenchment. He says he cannot now tell of the disposition of the State bonds and urges an investigation of the matter. He counsels the execution of the laws and promises to pardon sparingly He argues for free education but against mixed schools. He urges that the State's pecuniary faith be kept in violable.

The *Constitution* of this morning says: "The General Assembly of Georgia has already done important things. It has recognized Conley as exercising the executive powers of the Government: it inaugurated a movement to provide for the special election of a Governor in December; it vindicated the General Assembly and the people of Georgia from the infamous slanders of Bullock; it started retrenchment by bills to reduce the pay of members and clerks, and to lessen the cost of the public journals; and it put in public progress the measure to investigate the State Road frands, and the crimes of the Radical administration by a committee of able and resolute citizens outside of the Legislature.

The whole action of the Legislative body has been calculated to crush the Radical slanders against the State. The permission of Conley to exercise the Executive functions until a Governor can be elected, when in the honest opinion of many, President Trammell should do the gubernatorial duties, is a concession for peace, and a refutation of the charges of a revolutionary spirit on the part of the Democracy that cannot be overestimated.

This matter has a broad significance. This was an unpleasant and, in the opinion of many, unauthorized concession made with a more patriotic spirit. It was good order yielding to believed temporary usurpation for the country's peace. It was the virtue of the state submitting to what it had the power to overthrow, rather than raise difficulty, embroil the quiet of the Commonwealth, and afford tyranny a pretext for up-turning the government.

One thing we are glad to see, and that is, that a spirit of liberal toleration marks this Legislature. It is a good, prudent, able body.

NEW YORK, Nov. 3.

A Special dispatch from Washington this evening states that it is asserted on the authority of Senator Poole, that President Grant has expressed his determination to declare martial law throughout the South, in consequence of con-continued outrages.

WATERBURY, CONN., Nov. 4.

The Button Co's building has been partially burned—loss $50-000.

CINCINNATI, Nov. 4.

A special from Portsmouth says the mail train going east stood at the depot when her boiler exploded killing Geo. Walker and Adam Wampeon. The boiler was 20 years old and had just been patched. The depot is badly wrecked.

CHICAGO, Nov. 4.

Gov. Palmer has written a letter to the Attorney General directing him to present the facts in regard to the killing of General Grosvenor to the grand jury of Cook county. Palmer argues that the act was the result of usurpation on the part of Gen Sherdian and others.

Gov. Palmer is after Gen. Sherdian and others, carrying out martial law in this city, and concludes:

"I think you will perceive it is now the duty of the Governor and Attorney General and all other officer to indict parties concerned in these illegal and dangerous acts. It is not necessary in determining upon a line of duty to be adopted to enquire whether the Mayor of Chicago, Gen. Sherdian and his associates and subordinates who were the agents by whom the death of Colonel Grosvenor was produced were influenced by proper or improper motives in assuming powers they did not possess and which cannot be conferred upon them.—They assumed to suspend the Constitution and laws of the State, and to substitute in their stead military force, defined and applied by themselves, They, by their lawless acts, attacked and insulted the dignity and authority of the State, and have by their conduct weakened public confidence in the Constiution and laws, and in their attempt to assert lawless authority have sacrificed the life of a peaces able citizen. Animated by the feelings I have thus expressed, and the confident belief that the State of Illinois, acting through the proper departments of her State Government, is capable of Protecting her own people, and of enforcing the dignity and authority of her own laws, I have to request that you, and the State's Attorney of the 7th circuit of Cook county, bring all the facts before the Grand Jury, in order that all persons concerned in the unlawful killing of Thos. Grosvenor be brought to speedy punishment."

PENNSYLVANIA.

Philadelphia, November 7—Cases of small pox last week 567; deaths 95. There is no ward entirely free from the disease.

KINGSTON, Nov. 7.

A negress of highly respectable character has been arrested for cannibalism. She had killed and eaten twenty-six children whom she had inveigled into her premises.

ST. LOUIS, Nov. 7.

The negro who attempted to outrage a whitewoman near Mecsor, Mo. was hanged by the citizens.

The Radical Reign of Terror in South Carolina.

We quote as below from the Baltimore *Sun* of Tuesday:

ARREST OF WOMEN.

We give below an extract from a letter from Yorkville district, South Carolina, by which it will be seen that women are also being arrested there by the military. We take no pleasure in chronicling such things, or those mentioned in the communication from the same locality published yesterday. While the use of violent language in relating great wrongs in natural, and therefore demands some allowance, yet the simple narrative of facts is all that we desire or or deem necessary. No comment on such statements as the subjoined is required:

"*Yorkville, S. C., October*—28 Women are being arrested as well as others here No woman is safe; wardrobes are being broken open for KuKlux "*robes du nuit.*" Terrible, isn't it? Why, three Misses Smith—it is sickening to write it even—are in jail. They were all reposing in peaceful slumber, when all of a sudden, a band of soldiers, armed and equipped, burst like a thunderbolt into the house, aroused the Misses Smith most outrageously, and dragged them off to the Yorkville jail, half dead with fright."

Referring doubtless to the above arrest, the Columbia (S. C.) Phœnix of the 29th inst., says:

"We learn that three ladies in York have been arrested and put in prison on a charge of aiding and abetting the KuKlux. It seems that the war on the women has begun. Shall we next hear of the arrest of children?"

West Virginia.

The Democrats have indeed made a clean sweep. The Wheeling *Register* reports that as far as heard from only *one Republican* has been elected to the State Senate in West Virginia. Two held over. So there are three certain, and probably one more to be added to those lonely gentlemen in the six counties to be heard from. The *Register*, basing its calculations upon reliable returns and some incomplete reports, gives the following as the probable strength of parties in the House and in the Constitutional Convention: In the House, Democrats sixty-six, Republicans twelve. In the Convention, Democrats forty-five, Republicans eleven.

ADVERTISING AGENCY.

A business acquaintance of the eight of a century with the Advertising Agency of Messrs. Coe, Wetherell & Co., of this city, enables us to say, from our own knowledge, that it possesses all the attributes of a first class house. It is high-toned, reliable, and faithful, and has great faculties for benefitting its customers. Advertisers can give their orders to this firm with an assurance that justice will be done them in every particular.—*Philadelphia Press.*

DEMOPLIS, Ala., Nov. 7.—Marengo county has gone Democratic at the county election. Big rejoicing here tonight.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

W. C. LAND,

The oldest watch maker in the State (near 40 years at the bench,) still in Jacksonville, to repair all good watches that may be brought in. No brass or oreide watches need be brought in to be fixed.

nov11 1871—tf.

A CARD.

After Tuesday the 31st of October, the **Tennessee House** will be closed for the purpose of being entirely remodled. It will be opened again as soon as finished with new appointments throughout; after which the proprietor hopes to merit more fully the liberal patronage heretofore received.

J. A. STANSBURY,
Proprietor.

Rome, Ga., October 30th, 1871.
nov18—tf.

SPECIAL COMMUNICATION
HIRAM LODGE NO. 42.

There will be a special communication of Hiram Lodge No. 42, at Jacksonville Ala., at 2, P. M., Monday, Nov. A. D. 1871. Each and every brother, is earnestly and specially requested to attend, as urgent business of importance demands a prompt and full attendance.

J. B. TURNLEY, Sec'y.

CHEAP
JOB WORK.

E. L. WOODWARD'S SON

Is now receiving, and has on hand

Bacon

SIDES, SHOULDERS AND HAMS.

Flour,

OF A VERY SUPERIOR QUALITY.

Salt,

VIRGINIA AND LIVERPOOL SALT.

Lard.

Sugar,

A NO. 1 NEW ORLEANS SUGAR,

Molasses,

Very fine New Orleans Molasses.

Coffee,

Choice and prime Coffee.

Tea,

Green and Black Tea.

RICE, SOAP STARCH CANDLES INDIGO,

Liquid Bluing.

Tobacco,

Fine Smoking and Chewing Tobacco.

Cigars,

Snuff,

Lorillard's Scotch Snuff; Lorillard's Macaboy Snuff; Garret's Scotch Snuff; Ralph's Scotch Snuff.

Soda, Matches, Pepper, Spice Ginger Concentrated Lye, Oysters, Macaroni.

Cheese,

Crackers,

Plain and Fancy Crackers.

CANDY,

Plain and Fancy Candies. Axle Grease, Blacking, Water-proof and G. D. Caps, Extract Logwood, Catsup.

Pickles,

American and Imported Pickles.

Electric Soap,

Saves time, saves money, saves Labor.

Bread Preparation,

Unsurpassed for making Light Bread, Biscuits, cakes and Pastry.

Enoch Morgan's Son's *Sapolio.*
New Mackerel, Nuts, Raisins,
Blue Stone.

BAGGING AND TIES.

OFFERED CHEAP FOR

Cash Only.

DRY GOODS, HATS, CROCKERY AND SHOES AT ABOUT COST.

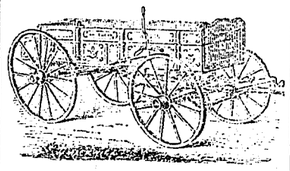
The Whitewater

WAGON!

For which we are the

MANUFACTURERS

Agent.



They are without an equal in style and finish. There is no factory in the United States where greater care is given to the

Selection of the Material used.

A better quality of Iron is used in their manufacture, and the tire is one eighth thicker than that used by other manufacturers.

THE TIMBER

Is of the choicest selection, thoroughly seasond. We claim by actual test that the

Whitewater Wagon is 20 per cent. lighter draft

than ordinary articles in the market

It is poor policy to buy a cheap Wagon. The Whitewater is furnished at a trifle above the price of ordinary wagons.

FOR SALE BY
E. L. WOODWARD'S SON,
Jacksonville Ala

AMERICAN STANDARD SCHOOL SERIES.

SCHOOL BOOKS

PUBLISHED BY

JOHN P. MORTON & CO.

LOUISVILLE KY.

READING AND SPELLING.

Butler's American Spelling Book.
Butler's First Book in Spelling and Reading.
Butler's New First School Reader.
Butler's New Second School Reader.
Butler's New Third School Reader

BUTLER'S GOODRICH READERS.

New First Reader.
New Second Reader.
New Third Reader.
New Fourth Reader.
New Fifth Reader.
New Sixth Reader.

Grammar and Rhetoric.

Butler's Introductory Grammar.
Butler's Practical Grammar.
Bonnell's First Lessons in Composition.
Bonnell's Manuel of Composition.

ARITHMETICS AND ALGEBRA.

Towne's Primary Arithmetic.
Towne's Intermediate Arithmetic
Towne's Mental Arithmetic.
Towne's Practical Arithmetic
Key to Same.
Towne's Algebra. Key to Algebra.

Miscellaneous:

WEBSTER'S SPELLER AND DEFINER.
NELSON'S BOOK KEEPING
KAVANAUGH'S ORIGINAL DRAMAS, DIALOGUES, TABLEAUX-VIVANTS, &C.
BRONSON'S ELOCUTION.
BARBEL'S GEOLOGY.
BUTLER'S COMMON SCHOOL SPEAKER.
GOODRICH'S ANCIENT HISTORY.
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P. S. All who have not closed their account with me will please do[ay] it no longer, as I am compelled to have the money and it is *very* inconvenient to keep two sets of books open.

P. ROWAN.

Jacksonville March 11 1871.

THE CAUSE AND CURE OF C[ONSUMPTION].

The primary cause of Consumption i[s] derangement of the digestive organs. [A] derangement produces deficient nutri[tion] and assimilation. By assimilation I [mean] that process by which the nutriment of [the] food is converted into blood, and th[en] into the solids of the body. Persons [in] digestion thus impaired, having the sli[ght]est predisposition to pulmonary disease, [if] they take cold, will be very liable to [have] Consumption of the Lungs in some o[f its] forms; and I hold that it will be impos[sible] to cure any case of Consumption wit[hout] first restoring a good digestion and hea[lthy] assimilation. The very first thing to [be] done is to cleanse the stomach and bo[wels] from all diseased mucus and slime, whi[ch] clogging these organs so that they ca[nnot] perform their functions, and then rous[e] and restore the liver to a healthy act[ion]. For this purpose the surest and best rem[edy] is Schenck's Mandrake Pills. These [will] clean the stomach and bowels of all [the] dead and morbid slime that is causing dis[ease] and decay in the whole system. They [also] clear out the liver of all diseased bile [that] has accumulated there, and rouse it up [to a] new and healthy action, by which [much] and healthy bile is secreted.

The stomach, bowels, and liver are [thus] cleansed by the use of Schenck's Mandr[ake] Pills; but there remains in the stomach [an] excess of acid, the organ is torpid and [the] appetite poor. In the bowels the lact[eals] are weak, and requiring strength and [re]port. It is in a condition like this [that] Schenck's Seaweed Tonic proves to be [the] most valuable remedy ever discovered. [It] is alkaline, and its use will neutralize [the] excess of acid, making the stomach sw[eet] and fre.h; it will give permanent tone [to] this important organ, and create a go[od] hearty appetite, and prepare the system [for] the first process of a good digestion, a[nd] ultimately make good, healthy, living blo[od]. After this preparatory treatment, what [re]mains to cure most cases of Consumption [is] the free and persevering use of Schenck's Pulmonic Syrup. The Pulmonic Syrup nourishes the system, purifies the blood, [and] is readily absorbed into the circulation, [and] thence distributed to the diseased lungs. There it ripens all morbid matters, which in the form of abscesses or tubercles, [it] then assists Nature to expel all the diseased matter, in the form of free expectoration when once it ripens. It is then, by [the] great healing and purifying properties of Schenck's Pulmonic Syrup, that all the [ul]cers and cavities are healed up sound, and the patient is cured.

The essential thing to be done in curing Consumption is to get up a good appetite and a good digestion, so that the body will grow in flesh and get strong. If a person has diseased lungs—a cavity or abscess there—the cavity cannot heal, the matter cannot ripen, so long as the system is below par. What is necessary to cure is a new order of things—a good appetite, a good assimilation, the body to grow in flesh and get fat; then Nature is helped, the cavities will heal, the matter will ripen and be thrown off in large quantities, and the person regain health and strength. This is the true and only plan to cure Consumption, and if a person is very bad, if the lungs are not entirely destroyed, or even if one lung is entirely gone, if there is enough vitality left in the other to keep up, there is hope.

I have seen many persons cured with only one sound lung, live and enjoy life to a good old age. This is what Schenck's Medicines will do to cure Consumption. They will clean out the stomach, sweeten and strengthen it, get up a good digestion, and give Nature the assistance she needs to clear the system of all the disease that is in the lungs, whatever the form may be.

It is important that while using Schenck's Medicines, care should be exercised not to take cold; keep in-doors in cold and damp weather; avoid night air, and take out-door exercise only in a genial and warm sunshine.

I wish it distinctly understood that when I recommend a patient to be careful in regard to taking cold, while using my Medicines, I do so for a special reason. A man who has but partially recovered from the effects of a bad cold is far more liable to a relapse than one who has been entirely cured, and it is precisely the same in regard to Consumption. So long as the lungs are not perfectly healed, just so long is there imminent danger of a full return of the disease. Hence it is that I so strenuously caution pulmonary patients against exposing themselves to an atmosphere that is not genial and pleasant. Confirmed Consumptives' lungs are a mass of sores, which the least change of atmosphere will inflame. The grand secret of my success with my Medicines consists in my ability to subdue inflammation instead of provoking it, as many of the faculty do. An inflamed lung cannot, with safety to the patient, be exposed to the biting blasts of Winter—the chilling winds of Spring or Autumn. It should be carefully shielded from all irritating influences. The utmost caution should be observed in this particular, or without it a cure under almost any circumstances is an impossibility.

The person should be kept on a wholesome and nutritious diet, and all the Medicines continued until the body has restored to it the natural quality of flesh and strength.

I was myself cured by this treatment of the worst kind of Consumption, and have lived to get fat and hearty these many years, with one lung mostly gone. I have cured thousands since, and very many have been cured by this treatment whom I have never seen.

About the First of October I expect to take possession of my new building, at the North-east Corner of Sixth and Arch Streets where I shall be pleased to give advice to all who may require it.

Full directions accompany all my Remedies so that a person in any part of the world can be readily cured by a strict observance of the same

J. H. SCHENCK, M. D.
Philadelphia.

John F. Henry & College Place New York Wholesale Agents.
Sep16—1871.

J. M. CARROLL.

RESPECTFULLY Calls the attention of the public to his **STOCK OF DRY GOODS,** Ready made Clothing, Boots and Shoes, Hardware, Crockery, Coffee and Sugar, Fine Chewing & Smoking Tobacco &c.

And the attention of the young ladies is especially called to his **SWITCHES & SASH RIBBONS.**

Call and examine for yourselves. His clerk is an obliging and accommodating young man, takes pleasure in waiting on his customers.

He tenders his thanks to the public for past patronage, and hope for a continuance of the same

aug5 1871—tf.

Notice to Creditors of Estate of John R. Clark, dec'd.

LETTERS Testamentary on the above named Estate, having been granted to the undersigned by the Probate Court of Calhoun county, Alabama, on the 10th day of January, 1871: therefore all persons having claims against said estate are hereby notified to present them to me, legally authenticated, within the time prescribed by law, or they will be barred.

CATHARINE M. CLARK,
Executrix of said Estate.
Sept. 23, 1871.—6t.

Administrator's Notice.

LETTERS of Administration upon the Estate of David E. Hawkins, deceased, having been granted to the undersigned by the Probate Court of Calhoun county, Ala. on the 15th day of Sept. 1871; notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against said estate, to present them to me, legally authenticated, within the time prescribed by law, or they will be barred; and all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment.

LAWRENCE P. HAWKINS, Adm.
Sept 23, 1871.—6t.

LOCAL COLUMN.

RAFFLE.—Next Saturday Mr. J. H. Crawford will raffle off the splendid and attractive set of furniture specially noticed by us some weeks ago. The charge for a throw is placed at the moderate sum of five dollars that all may have a chance to secure a set of bedroom furniture that would ornament any room in the most costly mansion. The throwing will take place in public with dice, by the parties who hold the chances, one disinterested person picking up the dice and replacing them in the cup to provide against the possibility of loaded dice being introduced. In event any one may not be present to throw for himself, he may delegate some one to throw for him. In event he delegates no one, his chance will be thrown by some disinterested bystander. The whole will be conducted with the utmost fairness, as all who know Mr. Crawford will agree. The cash must be paid when the Raffle comes off.

While at the Female Academy some evenings ago, we had an opportunity, through the courtesy of Miss Snow, to see the improvement wrought in the building, by means of the fund raised by the concert of the young men some nights ago. A very comfortable and cosy music room has been cut off one of the halls by a partition, and henceforth pupils may recite their music lessons without the loss of time incurred in going to private residences for that purpose. The whole school every alternate day will be exercised in vocal music and be taught the rudiments of the same by Mrs. Jno. M. Wyly, the accomplished teacher in that department.

Other repairs are necessary before the building will be as comfortable as it should be, in the Winter. The windows should have blinds or shades and the walls should be replastered &c. &c. We hope that those who have the matter at heart, will not relax their efforts until the Academy presents an appearance befitting the town in which it is located, and the purpose for which it is used.

PERSONAL.—We received a call on Wednesday from Maj. J. H. Francis, who had been to Montgomery to attend a call meeting of the State Executive Committee of the Democratic party. The committee took no action, because there was not a full attendance of the members. The committee will meet some time in December and proceed to elect a Chairman, and attend to other business looking to the welfare of the Democratic party in the State.

MARRIED.—On the evening of the 9th at the residence of the bride's father by *E. T. Read, Mr. L. E. Burton* and *Miss Partha R.* Allison, all of Calhoun county.

W. W. Crook was elected Notary Public in Alexandria Beat, and desires us to say that this gives him jurisdiction in any part of the county.

Ed L. Woodward has lately received a very large quantity of Cod Fish, Mackerel, Canned Fruits and Vegetables, &c., &c., which he proposes to sell cheap for cash.

The Cane Creek Minutes are now printed and ready for delivery at this office.

OXFORD LOCALS.

The citizens of Oxford held a Railroad meeting Tuesday last, the 7th of Nov. Rev. S. J. Jenkins was called to the chair, and E. H. Allen was requested to act as secretary. The object of the meeting being explained by a few remarks from the chairman, the Secretary read an encouraging letter from Col Pennington, President of the East Alabama and Cincinnati R. R. B. D. Williams then addressed the meeting at some length, speaking of the importance of rail roads generally—of the prosperous condition of Oxford at present, and drew a vivid picture of the future of Oxford, if we succeeded in obtaining the intersection of the East Ala. and Cincinnatirail road at this point—of the great advantage nature had given our place, and this route; and of the immense coal beds and mountains of Iron which lie undeveloped near our town. He illustrated the great importance of railroads by reference to Chicago, Atlanta and Montgomery, and urged the importance of giving material aid to said road. J. W. Clardy, also, addressed the meeting, with few, but appropriate remarks; urging the great importance of action and speedy action, and demonstrating the fact, that the amount necessary to be subscribed, to secure the intersection of this road, at this point, was a mere pittance, and would enhance the value of the real estate several fold, and that by securing the intersection of this one, there would be a greater probability of securing others, hereafter. This was almost certain if we would but secure this one.

On motion it was unanimously agreed to open books, for subscription of stock, for the East Ala. and Cincinnati R. R., and Dr. Henry Snow, D. D. Draper, J. W. Clardy and B. D. Williams were appointed a committee to solicit subscriptions.

Another meeting was appointed to be held Saturday the 18th of Nov. inst.

The meeting then adjourned.

E. H. ALLEN,
Sec'y.

We are confident that it will be an easy matter for Oxford to raise the amount necessary to secure this road. Twenty five thousand dollars from our small village, or half the amount required to be raised in all, is certainly all our town will be required, or expected to raise, leaving the entire route between Oxford and Gadsden to get up the other half, or twenty five thousand dollars. Oxford will certainly dance right up to the music, *at once*, with its amount.

Tuesday (Election day) passed off comparatively quiet. I saw but one man under the influence of the ardent, or we will say inebriated. Our wide awake marshal seeing him disobeying one of the ordinances of our town immured him within the walls of our town prison, to wait a time, until he was the better prepared to respect our ordinances and the peace of our good citizens.

I was glad to see our good citizens, making it a point to support, the most substantial, sober, steady men, for the several offices. These are the sort of men we want in office, from Governor down to bailiff.

Trade still dull, Cotton a little declined for a day or two, but a little advanced to-day (Wednesday). 'Tis bringing very readily to-day on the streets 16 3-8 (*a* 16¾ with an upward tendency.

The only vacant store room in our town was rented, a day or two ago, to a gentleman from Rome, Ga., who proposes to open a large stock of dry goods in it at once. We want more business rooms, here; we haven't enough to supply the demand. I know of another party who will want a business room within a few days, if he succeeds in putting on foot an enterprise which he has in contemplation, and he thinks there is but little doubt but he will if he can secure the room necessary to carry on this business. It is to be hoped that he will succeed in securing a suitable room for the contemplated enterprise, and all the obstacles in the way of this very important business may be removed if any there be.

Thos J Morgan has connected himself with the firm of North & Motes, making it North, Motes & Co.

We have quite a number of musicians in our town, good, bad and indifferent. A goodly number belonging to the latter. It is said, though, that practice makes perfect. If this be true, we expect to have a score, more or less, of No. 1 musicians soon. There is nothing like perseverance boys: if you would succeed in any business.

The appearance of our streets are greatly improved. Our marshal has given them a general going over. We are glad to see this.

"BRICK."

The following were received too late for insertion in our last. We with pleasure, print them this week, and hope to have more every week from the same source.

LADIGA LOCALS.

EDITORS REPUBLICAN:—Will you please permit Simeon Doughgut to drop a few lines to your excellent paper in the way of Local news, as with asserting I do not know that our little Town has been solicited to do so, as the balance of the towns in our country or nearly so has. I hope you will not take it as an intrusion to allow us a small space in your columns occasionally. There is none that might be termed Editors in our little village or even good writers; in fact our village is rather on the one hors order. We have but one Store, one Grocery, Blacksmith and wood shop, Tailor shop, Shoe shop, Private boarding house, Grist and Saw mill, there is about 85 inhabitants white and black, and I think I can say without boasting there is more business done here to the size of the place, than any place on the Selma, R. & D. R.

The people on Terrapin creek are about done gathering their corn crops. As a general thing they are very short but few sellers and plenty of buyers, per crop ordinary, cotton crop very good, turning out much better than expected early in the Fall.

I see Mr. Local of Nances creek speaking of having plenty acorns in the mountains. We have plenty in the flat woods even at our doors. He also speaks of their having a brick kiln up, we have one *up* and burned, good soft ones.

We occasionally have for our companions chills and fever, good land to work, hog and hominy to eat and candidates almost past enumeration; we have five candidates for Justice & three for Bailiff.

SIMEON DOUGHGUT.

Jacksonville, Ala. Nov. 10, 1871.

MR. GRANT: There will be a meeting of "the Teachers Institute" of Calhoun County at this place on the 28th & 29th of December next.

All teachers and friends of education are invited to attend. There will be lectures and discussions on several interesting and important subjects. Business of importance to the interests of education will engage the attention of the Institute.

S. FOUCHE,
Chm. Ex. Com.

THE REIGN OF TERROR IN SOUTH CAROLINA.

Letter to Hon. Reverdy Johnson

[From the Baltimore Sun of Monday Oct 30]

The following letter was received on Saturday by the Hon. Reverdy Johnson, to whom it was written. He has placed it in our hands, at the request of the writer, and tells us that he knows that he is a gentleman of high character, and that his statements may be confidently relied upon. Although Mr. Johnson is authorized to give the name of the writer, he deems it proper to withhold it from the fear that it might subject him to the tyranny which now prevails in many portions of his State. After referring to some matters of personal business, and, stating that he is deeply interested in the proceedings now going on in his state, he writes as follows:

ROCK HILL, YORK DISTRICT S. C. October 26 1871.

Hon. Reverdy Johnson, Baltimore, Md.:

DEAR SIR: * * * One of my brothers has been arrested and thrown into the common jail by United States soldiers, without charge or accusation, without form or warrant of law, without the shadow of right or justice. Before the suspension of the writ of *habeas corpus* profound quiet prevailed in this section of country; men pursuing their business avocations in the most peaceful manner, and a season of prosperity was beginning to dawn upon us; but now words are almost inadequate to describe the reign of terror that is existing among us. Bands of United States soldiers are riding the country, arresting citizens by the wholesale, tearing them from their homes in the night, terrifying women and children, hurrying the prisoners off to jail, and cramming them in dungeons and filthy cells. These arrests are made without warrant. Men are ignorant of the offenses for which they are thrown in jail. No explanation is given the prisoner as to the cause of his arrest; no hearing is allowed him. The innocent and the guilty are alike. The fury of the Radicals is leveled against the best of our citizens.—Old and young, gray-haired men, incapable of committing outrages, mere boys, innocent of crime, are arrested indiscriminately. In time of profound peace, when farmers are engaged in gathering in their corn and cotton, we are declared to be in a state of war. We are suffering for crimes that have never been committed and punished for offenses of which we are not guilty We are warred upon by the United States Government on account of a *rebellion* which—God save the mark—has existence only in the imagination of President Grant and the vile politicians who have poisoned his ears with false and malicious reports. There is no *rebellion*: there is no hostility to the United States Government: there is no resistance to lawful authority, either State or Federal; the reports of collisions between armed bands of KuKlux and Federal troops are utterly false, base and slanderous fabrications, uttered for a purpose.

The cruelty, the inhuman barbarity of this most unrighteous war upon us is enough to bring the blush of shame to the cheek of a Nero, and soften the heart of a Tiberius. Our women and children are the greatest sufferers by this monstrous act of wanton oppression: they are dispossessed with good and sufficient cause those good men upon whom they look for support are torn from them, and they are left defenseless and at the mercy of brutal, lawless negroes. And all this suffering is exacted upon our people that a few wicked politicians may continue in power and fatten on the spoils of office. Grant's proclamation, alleging that the upper districts of South Carolina are in a state of rebellion, is the most *stupendous lie* ever promulgated to the world: the most infamous document that ever bore an official seal. In its utter falsehood, its cool audacity, its daring assumption, its sublime modesty and its damnable iniquity, it is without precedent or parallel in history. There is no document on record comparable to it. The cruel tyranny of the measure is only equaled by the arbitrary despotism which has been practiced upon a Polandor a Hungary, a Greece or an Ireland. And the worst of it, there is no help for us. When the President of a free country, in a time of profound peace, deliberately turns his "dogs of war" loose upon an unoffending, defenseless people, and the cold eye of the world bears but no sympathy for us, there is no help for us under the sun, and little hope.

Pardon me for trespassing upon your time, and believe me to be with the highest sentiments of esteem and regard, your obedient servant.

The Last Radical Pow-wow.

AWFUL DISASTER!

Anvil Explodes and Death Ensues!

TWO CITIZENS KILLED

Two Terribly Wounded.

Great Excitement and Indignation.

About seven o'clock last night a crowd of negroes and white Radicals commenced to gather at the Artesian Basin for the purpose of a grand demonstration in favor of one faction of the party, generally called the National Guard crowd, preparatory to the pending election. Some old anvils that have been frequently used, and which had caused much fear in this community, were brought upon the ground, and prepared for use as cannon. One of these, filled with powder by the negro in charge, was touched off and exploded, breaking into several pieces and with the most dreadful results.

Mr. S. S. Campbell, ticket agent at the Western Rail Road, was crossing from McDonald's clothing store to the Telegraph corner. He was about half way between the two places. A large piece of the iron struck him back of the left ear, mashing in that side of his face and head. He sank upon the crossing, lived but a few hours only, and was not conscious a moment after he was struck. He was first taken to Irwine, Wallace & Co's. drug store and subsequently to his room.

Mr. Jeptha Frost, a workman in the Western Rail Road shop, was struck in the shoulder, side and arm and terrible mangled. He died instantly on the side walk, where he was standing when struck, at the Central Bank corner.

A piece of the iron broke the iron railing around the steps leading into the Globe Saloon, under the Liverpool, London & Globe building (Central Bank, corner) and struck Mr. Morris Light as he was starting up the steps. He was wounded in several places, the severest being in the forehead, which caused a fracture of the skull and is exceedingly serious. His right arm is also broken. He was carried to his room, where Dr. Hereford and Dr. Douglas dressed his wounds and a delegation of the Lomax Fire Company, of which he is a member, are paying him every attention. Mr. Light was talking with Mr. Henry Yelverton when he was struck.

Mr. D. W. Perdue, was standing on the same corner (Central Bank). He was struck above the knee, but his whole leg was crushed to his foot. His leg will be amputated this morning as that is the only chance to save his life. His condition is very critical. He was taken to his home in the western part of the city.

Eddie Walker, a little white boy was wounded, but we learn not seriously.

Thus two good citizens have been in a moment hurried into eternity.

Two others are terribly and one of them it is feared mortally wounded. They had nothing to do with this miserable Radical business but were good, peaceable citizens and Democrats, and were quietly going their own way attending to their own business.

Two or three large fragments of iron struck the Telegraph building—missing one of the messenger boys not more than six inches, another piece struck the clothing store of Titsworth, Scott & Co., and still another the store of J. T. McDonald & Co.

At last the city Council finds that it has authority to stop these demonstrations and an ordinance was adopted last night forbidding them in future.

At one time it seemed as if a bloody would be had although the poor sufferers had not far, more than a stone's throw. Something, however, operated to put a check upon it and the gathering quietly dispersed.

There was a feeling of disgust and current indignation there [illegible] night, and [illegible] that there would have been some tragedies if the Radical leaders had not adjourned their meeting and quietly dispersed their excitable followers.—*Montgomery Advertiser*

SPECIAL NOTICES.

[illegible] VITALIZER.—You [illegible] ask the cheap [illegible] Sarsaparilla, [illegible] Vitalizer, [illegible] every [illegible] ing appetite, [illegible] ness, [illegible] gy, then is the time to resort to that power [illegible] of nature. Dr. WALKER'S CALIFORNIA VINEGAR BITTERS. The properties [illegible] are extracted by a recent discovery [illegible] the California [illegible] and [illegible] of Plants, [illegible] &c., all of which [illegible] are [illegible] to the [illegible] of [illegible] and [illegible] Vitalizer. [illegible] Bitters [illegible] when [illegible] Liver [illegible] Kidneys [illegible] Bladder [illegible] Blood [illegible] Bitters

THE NEW DISCOVERY

In Chemical and Medical Science.

Dr. E. F. GARVIN'S SOLUTION OF TAR — TRADE MARK

Dr. E. F. GARVIN'S

SOLUTION & COMPOUND ELIXIR

OF

TAR

FIRST AND ONLY SOLUTION ever made in one package of **ALL THE TWELVE** valuable active principals of the well known curative agent,

PINE TREE TAR,

UNEQUALED in Coughs, Colds, Catarrh, Asthma, Bronchitis, and consumption.

CURES WITHOUT FAIL

A cure sold in three to six hours; and also, by its VITALISING, PURIFYING and STIMULATING effect upon the general system, is remarkable efficacious in all

DISEASES OF THE BLOOD,

including Scrofula and Eruptions of the skin, Dyspepsia, Diseases of the Liver and Kidneys, Heart Disease, and General Debility.

ONE TRIAL CONVINCES!

Also, A

Volatile Solution of Tar

For INHALATION, without application of HEAT. A remarkably VALUABLE discovery, as the whole apparatus can be carried in the vest pocket, ready at any time for the most effectual and positively curative use in

All Diseases of the NOSE, THROAT and LUNGS.

THE COMPOUND

Tar and Mandrake Pill.

for use in connection with the ELIXIR TAR, is a combination of the TWO most valuable ALTERATIVE Medicines known in the Profession, and tenders it the most without exception the very best ever offered.

The SOLUTION and COMPOUND ELIXIR of

TAR

is without doubt the best remedy known in cases of

CHOLERA AND YELLOW FEVER.

It is a Specific for these diseases, and should be kept in the house during every family, especially during the months in which

CHOLERA AND YELLOW FEVER

are liable to prevail. A small quantity taken daily will prevent contracting these terrible diseases.

Price of each Compound Elixir, $1.00 per Bottle Volatile Solution for Inhalation, $5.00 per 16oz Tar and Mandrake Pills, 50cts per box.

Send for Circular of POSITIVE CURES to your Druggist, or to

L. E. HYDE & CO.,
SOLE PROPRIETORS,
110 E. 22d St., New York.

Ayer's
Hair Vigor,

For restoring Gray Hair to its natural Vitality and Color.

A dressing which is at once agreeable, healthy, and effectual for preserving the hair. *Faded or gray hair is soon restored to its original color, with the gloss and freshness of youth.* Thin hair is thickened, falling hair checked, and baldness often, though not always, cured by its use. Nothing can restore the hair where the follicles are destroyed, or the glands atrophied and decayed. But such as remain can be saved for usefulness by this application. Instead of fouling the hair with a pasty sediment, it will keep it clean and vigorous. Its occasional use will prevent the hair from turning gray or falling off, and consequently prevent baldness. Free from those deleterious substances which make some preparations dangerous, and injurious to the hair, the Vigor can only benefit but not harm it. If wanted merely for a

HAIR DRESSING,

nothing else can be found so desirable. Containing neither oil nor dye, it does not soil white cambric, and yet lasts long on the hair, giving it a rich, glossy lustre and a grateful perfume.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co.,

PRACTICAL AND ANALYTICAL CHEMISTS,

LOWELL, MASS.

PRICE $1.00.

Dr. W. M. NISBET, Agt Jacksonville, & sold by Druggists & Merchants everywhere.

DR. GOTTLIEB FISCH'S BITTERS.

(Shape of the Bottle.)

This preparation of the great Scientist, Dr. Gottlieb Fisch, of Germany, is based on the fact that, as all materials of the body are derived from Food, so all Vital Force, or Health, is derived from the Force stored up in Food. *Dr. Fisch's Bitters* enables the System to liberate and appropriate these Forces, creates Appetite, cures Dyspepsia, with its resulting Debility and lack of Nervous Energy; restores the Stomach and Liver as to make Constipation and Biliousness impossible; refurnishes the System so it can throw over bad results of changing climate, water, &c., and better endure the demands often unexpectedly made on its Force and Energy. Ladies in delicate health, aged persons, and all enfeebled and weak after sickness, will rapidly strengthen by using this great preparation.

NEW BRICK HOTEL.

The undersigned is now prepared to accommodate the traveling public.

S. P. KELLY, Prop.

LIVERY AND SALE STABLE

Sign of the Horned Horse,

OXFORD ALA.,

S. C. KELLY.

sep16 '71—tf.

Door, Blind and Sash

MANUFACTORY.

THE undersigned is now prepared to manufacture, of the best materials, and in the neatest and most durable manner, any of the above named articles for persons who may desire them, at Rome prices.

Apply to, or address,

T. W. PITT.
Jacksonville, Ala.

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No. 96, 98 & 100 Commerce St.

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WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

GROCERIES, DRY GOODS, FANCY ARTICLES, NOTIONS, &c. &c.,

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TO Comply with NUMEROUS SOLICITATIONS, and to accommodate our MANY FRIENDS we have opened in connection with our WHOLESALE BUSINESS,

A RETAIL DEPARTMENT,

where may be obtained from Attentive Salesmen at LOWEST PRICES, every article usually kept in a

FIRST-CLASS RETAIL STORE

where we will be pleased to wait on CITY and COUNTRY BUYERS.

SHIRTING &C.

We have for your inspection a FULL STOCK of

BROWN 3-4 Shirting,
do 7-8 do
do 4-4 Sheeting,
do Sea. I 7-8 Sheetings,
do do 4-4 Sheetings,
do do 10-4 Sheetings,
Bleached 3-4 and 7-8 Sheeting,
do 4-4 Sheeting (best brands)
do 10-4 do

SATTINS, TICKING, &c.

PRINTS AT ALL PRICES,
Tickings of every Grade,
Plaid and striped domestics.
Domestic Ginghams,
Scotch Ginghams,
French Ginghams,
Irish Linen.
5-4 Linen sheetings,
10-4 Linen sheetings,
Linen cambricks,
Handkerchiefs,
Hosiery,
Gloves, &c., &c. &c.

BOOTS AND SHOES,

A Full Stock of Hats, Clothing Boots and Shoes, &c., &c. &c.,

LeGRAND & Co.

MONTGOMERY ALA.

☞ DON'T READ THIS ☜

WHISENANT & DRISKELL

ARE just receiving a large lot of

SUGAR.

COFFEE.

TEAS.

BEST NEW ORLEANS MOLASSES

(Purchased since the recent decline) Which they offer on terms in fact even more favorable than

HEN,

Iron,

NAILS,

HORSESHOES,

SPADING FORKS

&c. &c. &c.

We are now offering our entire stock

of DRY GOODS,

BOOTS & SHOES.

On the most reasonable terms.

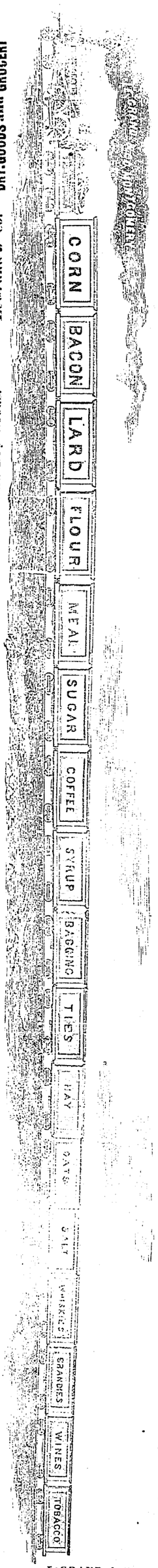
Thanking our friends and customers for past patronage, we respectfully solicit a continuance of the same.

Jan 21, 1871.

LeGRAND & Co.,

GROCERY DEPARTMENT

Having been unable in the past few weeks, to keep up our supply of Goods, we have started our daily train again and hope now to keep fully supplied at all times!!!



LeGRAND & Co. Groceries and Dry Goods. LeGRAND & Co.

WHOLESALE

Dry Goods Department.

We are now offering to the trade, the following Goods at the Lowest Market Prices and are DETERMINED not to be undersold by ANY

JOBBING HOUSE SOUTH

and will duplicate any Invoice bought of New York Jobbers.

40 Bales 4-4 brown sheeting (as'd brands
50 do 7-8 do do do do
40 do Sea I. brown cottons do
30 do 7-8 Osnaburgs,
10 do brown drilling,
20 cases assorted bleached shirtings,
5 do do do 4-4 sheetings,
5 do do do 10-4 do
5 do do brown 10-4 do
3 do do bleached drills,
15 do prints, assorted brands,
5 do ginghams, do do
10 do tickings, do do
50 do plaids and stripes.

NOTIONS, CLOTHING, HOSIERY, CLOTHING, HATS, BOOTS, SHOES, &c., &c., &c..

We would call the attention of the Trade to

THE

"PREMIUM" SHIRT COLLAR,

for which we are Sole Agents for Montgomery—each box containing a handsome PRIZE.

Having an office and an EXPERIENCED RESIDENT BUYER IN NEW YORK, JOHN M. RAMSEY, 356 Broadway, and receiving by EACH TRAIN from the Principal Factories South, their STAPLE PRODUCTION, our facilities for offering inducements to the TRADE, CANNOT BE SURPASSED.

LeGRAND & Co.,
MONTGOMERY, ALA.

NEW GOODS! NEW GOODS!

J. M. Carroll,

has just received his Stock of

FALL & WINTER GOODS.

suited to the trade of all, consisting of Ladies Dress Goods.
Black Alpacas,
Flannels and Lieseys,
Prints,
Bleach and Brown Domestics,
Bleach and brown Drillings,
Ladies and gentlemen
Shawls,
Red Blankets
Cassimeres & Jeans,
Doe Skin and Broadcloth,
Notions, Hats and Caps,
Boots and Shoes,
Carpet Bags, Sole Leather,
Water and well Buckets,
Hardware and Crockery,
Bagging and Ties,
Chewing and Smoking
Tobacco, Cigars, Coffee, Sugar, Rice,
Soda, Candles, Starch, indigo,
Matches, Cassia &c.
and everything kept in a country Town

Give him a call. He will sell you goods as cheap as any house in Town.

BOOTS, SHOES & HATS.

[illegible] he has on hand a large and well selected stock of Boots, Shoes and Hats, which he will sell on reasonable terms for cash or to punctual customers.

nov14 1871—tf.

Virginia and Tennessee.

AIR-LINE RAILWAY.

Through rates by the Air-Line, always as low a the published tariff of any competing route.

Freights run through without break of Bulk. All claims promptly adjusted by Thos. Pickney, claim agent; at Norfolk Va.

OFFICES.

Boston, 87 Washington street; New York, 303 Broadway; Philadelphia corner Washington Avenue and Swanson street; Baltimore, 154 west Baltimore street.

C. E. EVANS,
General Eastern Agent.

CURRIER FOR SALE.

THE undersigned having disposed of his interest in the

STEAM SAW MILL,

Six miles South of Jacksonville, upon terms that gives him the disposal of large amount of lumber, wishes to dispose of [illegible] who may wish to [illegible] a description [illegible] has cut [illegible] promptly and correctly Bills by his well known and reliable Agent, Green B. Skelton, on favorable terms, with [illegible] preliminary arrangements can be made.

RICHARD T. BOWLING.

aug19—4m.

NEW LIVERY STABLE

The undersigned takes pleasure in notifying his friends, and the

PUBLIC GENERALLY

that he has opened the stables formerly known as the Alexander Stables, North East from the Court House.

HE IS PREPARED TO HIRE

Hacks, Wagons, Buggies, and Horses at the following schedule of prices:

Two-horse hacks and driver per day $6,00.
Two-horse wagon and driver per day $5,00.
Buggy and horse per day $3,00.
Single Buggy per day $2,00.
Single Horse per day $2,00.

He will also feed and take care of stock, charges to be paid when the stock is taken from the stable. Terms cash, only.

RICHARD WEAVER,
aug12—71.

IF YOU WANT CORRECT TIME

GO TO

Randall of Gadsden,

THE BEST

Watch-Maker in North Alabama.

Prices for Goods & Work reduced 25 to 50 per cent. Everything guaranteed as represented and satisfaction given every time.

Cash or no Trade

Oct28 1871—tf.

D. D' DRAPER. J. R. DRAPER. J. DRAPER, Sen.

DD. DRAPER, SON & CO.

WHOLESALE & RETAIL DEALERS IN

Dry Goods, Groceries,

AND

General Merchandise.

Also, Agents for the sale of

Stoves, Brinleys Plows, Bagging, Iron Ties

All of which they keep a full and complete stock always on hand, and will order any kind of ***MACHINERY*** and ***IMPLEMENTS*** wanted, such as they do not keep.

Call to see them—they will BUY or SHIP your COTTON, and sell you GOODS at the lowest possible prices.

OXFORD, Ala., Oct. 14, 1871.—6m.

J. & S. BONES & CO.

IMPORTERS OF & DEALERS IN

IRON and STEEL,

HARDWARE, CUTLERY, GUNS &c.

Rome Ga.,

In addition to keeping the largest Stock of HARDWARE in the Cherokee Country for Merchants supplies, are the Agents for

BLANDY'S CELEBRATED STEAM ENGINES & MILLS.

and can furnish at Manufactures prices, anything from a small-size Saw Mill to the

LARGEST FLOURING MILL COMPLETE,

also Agents for CLEMANS' CORN and WHEAT MILL, which we keep in Stock.

[*READ HOME TESTIMONY.*]

NEAR CEDAR BLUFF Feb., 28, 1871

MESSRS. J. & S. BONES. *Dear Sirs:*

I have given the 16 inch Mill (Clemans) bought of you, a thorough test, and can express myself perfectly satisfied. The power was the running gear to my gin, which although in very bad order, was sufficient to grind *one bushel* (by the watch) *in eleven minutes*. I find no trouble to do my grinding before breakfast. Several of my neighbors were present at the time, and all were satisfied with the result, and were astonished at the quantity and fine quality of the meal produced in so short a time. I prefer the meal to any steam mill meal. The 16 inch mill I bought of you for the Foster Farm, and used since the above was written proves equally satisfactory. It is a complete mill.

Yours Truly,
H. H. MILLER.

Upon all machinery sold by us we give a full guarantee. Send for catalogue and price list.

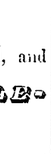
apr15 1871—tf

J. & S. BONES & CO.

CLOVER, GRASS AND GARDEN SEED.

W. D. HOYT & CO

WILL KEEP CONSTANTLY ON HAND A FULL STOCK OF THE ABOVE AT THE LOWEST FIGURES.



Clover, and Grass Seed.

STRICTLY CASH. Also

Lead, Oil and Glass,

At Manufactures prices.

Also a full STOCK of

Drugs, Brushes, Perfumery Soaps of all kinds, Lamps, &c. &c.

W. D. HOYT & CO.

WHOLESALE DRUGGISTS,

Rome Ga.

Oct 28, tf.

Fashionable Dress Making.

Mrs. M. E. HAMES

AND

MISS LOU CRAWFORD,

Respectfully inform their friends and the public generally, that they propose opening on the 1st October, at the residence of the former.

A Dress Making Establishment.

Cutting in the latest style after a new and highly approved Chart.

They are also prepared to do all kinds of sewing for both ladies and gentlemen.

Perfect satisfaction guaranteed.

Patronage solicited—a trial stamps *success.*

sep28 1871—tf

CROSS PLAINS HOUSE

COME ALONG.

This House is not quite completed, but will receive Boarders and the Traveling public generally.

No rash promises made—come and see.

A. S. JOHNSON,
J. N. HOOD,
J. N. HOOD, Prop'r.

june18—tf.

FORNY'S CORNER.

W very respectfully call the attention of our customers, to our large Stock of

Spring and Summer Goods,

also to our largely replenished Stock of

FAMILY GROCERIES.

Both departments are sufficiently supplied in quantity and quality to meet the demands of the trade.

Having bought our Stock from reliable Merchants for Cash, we recommend them to you as GOOD GOODS,

CHEAP FOR CASH.

Bring your money or country produce

We have just received a fine lot of NEW ORLEANS MOLASSES, BACON, LARD & HAMS.

Hoping to receive soon and frequent calls from you.

Yours Truly,
DRAPER & JOHNSON.

JACKSONVILLE ALA.

apr15—71

CUNDURANGO

THE WONDERFUL REMEDY FOR

Cancer, Syphilis, Scrofula, Ulcers, Salt Rheum and all other Chronic Blood Diseases.

DR. P. T. KEENE having just returned from Ecuador and brought with him a quantity of the genuine **Cundurango Bark**, secured through the official recommendation and assistance of His Excellency the President of Ecuador, and the Government of that Republic, we are prepared to fill orders for it to a limited extent, and at a price about one-quarter of that which the cost of the first very small supply compelled us to charge

A **spurious** article is now advertised and sold as Cundurango. We have, at a considerable expense, and with the co-operation of the authorities of Loja, the province where the plant grows, so directed the channel of our supply as to ensure that none but the **genuine article** shall be sold by us; and we particularly call the attention of the public, for their protection, to this fact.

BLISS KEENE & Co.,
60 Cedar St., New York.

D. W. Bliss, M. D., Washington, D. C., Z. E. Bliss, M. D., New York; P. T Keene, M. D., New York.

FREE Try Samples of our great 8 page, $1,00 Illustrated weekly—30 years established. Fine steel engravings free to subscribers. Agents make $5 a day. Send for **Saturday Gazette**, Hallowell, Me.

PATENTS Solicited by **Munn & Co.**, Publishers *Scientific American*, 37 Park Row, New York. Twenty-five year's experience.

Pamphlets containing Patent Laws, with full directions how to obtain Patents, Free.

A bound volume of 118 pages, containing the New Census by counties and all large cities, 140 Engravings of Mechanical Movements, Patent Laws and rules for obtaining Patents, mailed on receipt of 25 cents.

Earth Closets.—Get the best. **Earth Closet Co., 115 State St., Hartford, Ct.**, Sole U. S. Proprietors of Moules Moule & Gridleston's Luther's Waring's, Newton's and Doolittle's Patents. The only Closets that have proved effective. The Earth Closet, by its disinfection of faeces, is the most valuable means of preventing spread of cholera and other contagious diseases. Send for circulars. Agents wanted everywhere. Salesrooms: 19 Doane St., Boston; 696 Broadway, New York; 1221 Market Street, Philadelphia.

Bloomington Nursery Ill.

20th YEAR! 600 ACRES! 13 GREEN HOUSES! Largest Assortment. Best Stock. Low Prices Trees, Shrubs, Plants, Bulbs, Seeds, Stocks, Grafts, &c. 100 Page Illustrated Catalogue, 10 Cents. Bulb, Plant, Seed Catalogues, all for 10 cents. Wholesale Price List, free. Send for these, before buying elsewhere.

F. K. Phenix Bloomington, Ill

COCOAINE

A compound of Cocoanut Oil &c. Acknowledged *the best preparation for the growth and beauty of the hair.* 25 cents. &c., Boston, Mass. Sold by all druggists. *Beware of counterfeits.*

$20 WE WILL PAY $20

Agents $20 per week to sell our great and valuable discoveries. If you want permanent, honorable and pleasant work, apply for particulars. Address DYER & CO., Jackson, Michigan.

$425 A Month! Horse furnished. Expenses paid H. B Shaw, Alfred Me.

THE NEW DISINFECTANT

BROMO CHLORALUM,

Non-Poisonous Odorless,

Powerful

DEODORIZER AND DISINFECTANT.

Entirely Harmless and safe.

Arrests and prevents Contagion.

Used in private dwellings, hotels, restaurants, public schools, hospitals, insane asylums, dispensaries, jails, prisons, poor-houses, on ships, steam-boats, and in tenement-houses, markets, for water-closets, urinals, sinks, sewers, cess-pools, stables, &c.

A specific in all contagious and pestilential diseases, as cholera, typhoid fever, ship fever, small-pox, scarlet fever, measles, diseases of animals, &c. Prepared only by THILDEN & CO., 176 WILLIAM St., N. Y.

TREES,

Fruit and Ornamental,

FOR AUTUMN OF 1871.

We invite the attention of Planters and dealers to our large and complete stock of Standard and Dwarf Fruit Trees, Grape Vines and small Fruit, Ornamental Trees, Shrubs and Plants, New and Rare Fruit and Ornamental Trees, Bulbous Flower Roots.

Descriptive and Illustrated priced Catalogues sent prepaid on receipt of stamps, as follows:

No 1—Fruits, 10c No. 2—Ornamental Trees, 10c. No. 3—Green house, 10c. No. 4—Wholesale, free. No. 5—Bulbs, free. Address, ELLWANGER & BARRY, Rochester, N. Y.

APPLETONS' JOURNAL,

FOUR MONTHS FOR ONE DOLLAR.

Persons not now subscribers to Appletons, Journal can, as a trial subscription, obtain the remaining issues for the current year—from Sept. 24—FOR ONE DOLLAR.

This large reduction is offered to new subscribers to enable those not now acquainted with the Journal to fully test its merits. Remittances must be mailed direct to the publishers.

Appletons' Journal is published weekly, and consists of thirty-two pages quarto, each number attractively illustrated. Price 10c. per No: regular subscription price $4 per annum, in advance. D. APPLETON & CO., Publishers, New York.

ST. LOUIS LAW SCHOOL.

The regular annual term of this Law School will open on Wednesday, October 11th, 1871. Full course, two terms, six months each. Students admitted to the senior class on examination by application to, or before October 7th, 1871. Tuition fee, $60 per annum, including use of library. For particulars address

C. M. STEWART,

ACTING DEAN OF LAW FACULTY,

203 North 3d Street, St. Louis, Mo.

BLOOMINGTON NURSERY ILL.

20th Year! 600 Acres! 13 Green-Houses!

Largest Assortment. Best Stock. Low Prices. Trees, Shrubs, Plants, Bulbs, Seeds, Stocks, Grafts, &c. 100 Pages Illustrated Catalogue, 10 Cents. Bulb, Plant, Seed Catalogues, all for 10 cents. Wholesale Price List, free. Send for these, before buying elsewhere.

F. K. PHENIX, BLOOMINGTON, ILL.

FREE FOR ONE MONTH TO all who ask for it, 75c. to Jan., '72; $1.50 to July, '72; $2.50 to Jan. '73. **The Methodist.** Every week a Lecture Room Talk by Beecher; Sermon or article by Talmage, (second only to Beecher in popularity,) Mrs. Willing's great serial story exposing secret workings of Romanism in America, and much other good reading. *G. Halsted*, 114 *Nassau St. New York.*

AVOID QUACKS.—A victim of early indiscretion, causing nervous debility, premature decay, etc., having tried in vain every advertised remedy, has discovered a simple means of self-cure, which he will send to his fellow-sufferers. Address Lock Box 116, REEVES, 78 Nassau st., New York.

oct21—11m.

THIRTY YEARS EXPERIENCE

IN THE TREATMENT OF

CHRONIC AND SEXUAL DISEASES.

A PHYSIOLOGICAL VIEW OF MARRIAGE.

The cheapest book ever published—containing nearly three hundred pages, and one hundred and thirty fine plates and engravings of the anatomy of the human organs in a state of health and disease, with a treatise on early errors, its deplorable consequences upon the mind and body, with the author's plan of treatment—the only rational and successful mode of cure, as shown by a report of cases tried. A truthful adviser to the married and those contemplating marriage, who entertained doubts of their physical condition. Sent free of postage to any address, on receipt of twenty-five cents in stamps or postal currency, by addressing Dr. LA CROIX, No. 31 Maiden Lane, Albany, New York. The author may be consulted upon any of the diseases upon which his book treats, either personally of by mail and medicines sent to any part of the world.

oct21—1m.

R. R. R.

Radway's Ready Relief

CURES THE WORST PAINS

in from One to Twenty Minutes.

NOT ONE HOUR

after reading this advertisement need any one SUFFER WITH PAIN.

RADWAY'S READY RELIEF IS A CURE FOR EVERY PAIN.

It was the first and is

The Only Pain Remedy

that instantly stops the most excruciating pains, allays Inflammations, and cures Congestions, whether of the Lungs, Stomach or other glands or organs, by one application. IN FROM ONE TO TWENTY MINUTES no matter how violent or excruciating the pain the RHEUMATIC, Bed-ridden, Infirm, Crippled, Nervous, Neuralgic, or prostrated with disease may suffer,

RADWAY'S READY RELIEF

Will afford instant Ease.

Inflamation of the Kidneys,
Inflamation of the Bladder.
Inflamation of the Bowels,
Congestion of the Lungs.
Sore Throat, Difficult Breathing,
Palpitation of the Heart.
Hysterics, Croup, Diphtheria,
Catarrh, Influenza.
Headache Toothache,
Neuralgia, Rheumatism.
Cold Chill's, Ague Chills,

The application of the READY RELIEF to the part or parts where the difficulty exists will afford ease and comfort.

Twenty drops in half a tumbler of water will in a few moments cure Cramps, Spasms, Sour Stomach, Heartburn, Sick Headache, Diarrhea, Dysentery, Colic, Wind in the Bowels, and all Internal Pains.

Travelers should always carry a bottle of RADWAY'S READY RELIEF with them. A few drops in water will prevent sickness or pains from change of water. It is better than French Brandy or Bitters as a stimulant.

FEVER AND AGUE.

Fever and Ague cured for fifty cents. There is not a remedial agent in this world that will cure Fever and Ague, and all other Malarious, Bilous, Scarlet, Typhoid, Yellow, and other Fevers (aided by RADWAY'S PILLS) so quick as RADWAY'S READY RELIEF. Fifty cents per bottle.

HEALTH! BEAUTY!!

Strong and pure rich Blood—Increase of Flesh and Weight—Clear Skin and beautiful Complexion secured to all,

DR. RADWAY'S Sarsaparillian Resolvent

Has made the most astonishing cures so quick, so rapid are the changes the body undergoes, under the influence of this truly wonderful Medicine, that

Every day an increase in Weight and Flesh is Felt.

THE GREAT BLOOD PURIFIER.

Every drop of the SARSAPARILLIAN RESOLVENT communicates through the Blood, Sweat, Urine, and other fluids and juices of the system *the vigor of life*, for it repairs the wastes of the body with new and sound material. *Scrofula, Syphilis, Consumption, Glandular disease, Ulcers in the throat, Mouth, Tumors, Sores in the Glands and other parts of the system, Sore Eyes, Strumorous discharges from the Ears and the worst forms of Skin diseases, Erysipelas, Fever Sores, Scald Head, Ring Worm, Salt Rheum, Erysipelas, Acne, Black Spots, Worms in the Flesh, Tumors, Cancers in the Womb*, and all weakening and painful discharges, Night Sweats, Loss of Sperm and all wastes of the life principle, are within the curative range of this wonder of Modern Chemistry, and a few days' use will prove to any person using it for either of these forms of disease its potent power to cure them.

If the patient, daily becoming reduced from the wastes and decomposition that is continually progressing, succeeds in arresting these wasts, and repairs the same with new material made from healthy blood—and this the SARSAPARILLIAN will and does secure—a cure is certain; for when once this remedy commences its work of purification, and succeeds in diminishing the loss of waste, its repairs will be rapid, and every day the patient will feel himself growing better and stronger, the food digesting better, appetite improving, and weight increasing.

Not only does the Sarsaparilian Resolvent excels all known remedial agents in the cure of Chronic, Scrofulous, Constitutional, and Skin diseases; but it is the only positive cure for

Kidney and Bladder Complaints,

Urinary, and Womb diseases, Gravel, Diabetes, Dropsy, Stoppage of Water, Incontinence of Urine, Bright's Disease, Albuminuria, and in all cases where there are brick-dust deposits, or the water is thick, cloudy, mixed with substances like the white of an egg, or threads like white silk, there is a morbid, dark, billious appearance, and white bone-dust deposits, and when there is a pricking, burning sensation when passing water, and pain in the Small of the Back and along the Loins.

DR. RADWAY'S

PERFECT PURGATIVE PILLS,

perfectly tasteless, elegantly coated with sweet gum, purge, regulate, purify, cleanse, and strengthen. Radway's Pills, for the cure of all disorders of the Stomach, Liver, Bowels, Kidneys, Bladder, Nervous Diseases, Headache, Constipation, Costiveness, Indigestion, Dyspepsia, Billiousness, Billious Fever, Inflamation of the Bowels, Piles, and all Derangements of the Internal Viscera. Warranted to effect a positive cure. Purely Vegetable, containing no mercury, minerals, or deleterious drugs.

A few doses of RADWLY'S PILLS will free the system from all the above named disorders. Price, 25 cents per Box. Sold by Druggists.

Read "False and True." Send one letter-stamp to RADWAY & CO., No. 87 Maiden Lane, New York. Information worth thousands will be sent you.

Sep 23, 1871—1y

M. A. TURNER

TAILOR.

Takes pleasure in informing his old patrons and the public generally, that he is

STILL AT HIS OLD STAND,

PREPARED TO CUT & MAKE

Gentlemens Clothing in the latest and *MOST FASHIONABLE STYLE* & **MOST DURABLE MANNER.**

Terms now, henceforth, and forever CASH.

JACKSONVILLE ALA.

dec17 1870.—tf.

PARKER'S

BREECH-LOADING, DOUBLE BARRELED

SHOT GUN

BEST IN THE WORLD

PARKER BROTHERS WEST MERIDEN, CONN.

SEND FOR A CIRCULAR

New York Office, 27 BEEKMAN ST.

Jacksonville Republican

EDITED, PRINTED & PUBLISHED, EVERY SATURDAY MORNING, BY

J. F. & L. W. GRANT.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

For one year in advance, ...$2 00
If not paid in advance, ...3 00

TERMS OF ADVERTISING.

One square of 10 lines or less, first insertion, ...$1 00
Each subsequent insertion, ... 50
Over one square counted as two, &c.
Obituaries charged at advertising rates.

Annunciation of Candidates.

For County Offices, ... $5 00
For State Offices, ... $10 00

Jacksonville Republican.

"The Price of Liberty is Eternal Vigilance."

VOL. 35. JACKSONVILLE, ALA., NOVEMBER 18. 1871. WHOLE NO 1806

Rates of Advertising,

For three, six, or twelve Months

One square of 10 lines,	3 months,		$5 00
" "	6	"	7 50
" "	12	"	10 00
One fourth column,	3	"	10 00
" " "	6	"	15 00
" " "	12	"	25 00
One half column,	3	"	25 00
" " "	6	"	35 00
" " "	12	"	50 00
One column,	3	"	40 00
" "	6	"	60 00
" "	12	"	100 00

Charges due and collectable quarterly.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

Dr. M. W. FRANCIS
Physician & Surgeon,
OFFICE, DRUG STORE I. C. FRANCIS
North West Corner Square,
JACKSONVILLE - - ALA
feb25 1871—1y.

JOHN FOSTER. WM. H. FORNEY.

FOSTER & FORNEY,
Attorneys at Law,
Jacksonville Alabama.
WILL practice in the Counties of Calhoun, Talladega, Randolph, St. Clair, Cherokee, DeKalb and the Supreme Court of the State.
Dec. 23d, 1865.

JOE. H. FRANCIS.
ATTORNEY AT LAW
—AND—
GENERAL COLLECTING AGENTS.
Gadsden .....Alabama
WILL practice in Etowah and adjoining counties. Special attention given to the filing petitions in Bankruptcy. Will prosecute claims against the Government for Bounty, Back pay, &c.

G.C. ELLIS. J. H. CALDWELL

ELLIS & ALDWELL
Attorneys at Law,
AND
Solicitor in Chancery.
JACKSONVILLE, ALA.
HAVING associated themselves in the practice of Law, will practice together, except in CRIMINAL CASES, in the counties Calhoun, Talledega, St. Clair, Randolph Cherokee and DeKalb
Jan. 6. 1866.

H. TURNLEY, G. I. TURNLEY

M. J. & G. I. TURNLEY,
Attorneys at Law
AND
Solicitors in Chancery
General Collecting Agents.
JACKSONVILLE, ALA.
WILL practice Law in the counties of Calhoun, Talladega, Randolph, Cleburne, Cherokee, Baine, St. Clair and DeKalb, in the Supreme Court of the State, and in the U. S District Court, Northern and Middle Division of Alabama.

HN W INZER LEROY F. BOX.

INZ E & BOX,
Attorneys at Law.
AND
Solicitors in Chancery
ASHVILLE, Ala.
WILL practice in all the Courts of St. Clair, Calhoun, Talladega, Shelby, Jefferson, Blount, DeKalb, Cherokee & Marshall; also in the Superior Court of the State. Prompt attention given.

H. L. STEVENSON,
Attorney at Law,
JACKSONVILLE, Ala.

JASPER N. HANEY,
Attorney at Law,
SELMA, ALA.
WILL practice in all the State Courts also the Federal Courts at Montgomery; buy sell and rent real estate.

TENNESSEE HOUSE
Rome, Ga.
J. A. STANSBURY, Prop'r.
Most convenient Hotel to Rail Road Depots.
Mar. 12, 1870—tf

Selma Rome & Dalton Railroad.

CHANGE OF SCHEDULE.

Commencing Saturday, July 1st, 1871. Passenger Trains on this Road, will leave Jacksonville as follows:

COMING NORTH.
2 51 P. M. Express—Daily.
10 26 P. M. Mail—Daily.
GOING SOUTH.
12 37 A. M. Mail—Daily.
11 43 A. M. Express—Daily

Trains North make connections at Rome, with Rome Railroad for Atlanta, and points beyond—and at Dalton with trains of E. T. Va. & Ga. R. R., for Knoxville, Lynchburg and Eastern cities.

Passengers for Chattanooga, Nashville, Memphis and other points West, should take 10 26 P. M. train, to avoid detention at Dalton

Trains South, arrive in Selma, at 8 30 A. M., and 8 30 P. M.—and at Montgomery, via. S. & N. Ala., at 9 20 A. M. and 7 10 P. M.

Passengers for Pensacola, Mobile and New Orleans, VIA MONTGOMERY, should take 11 43 A. M. train.

Passengers for Mobile and New Orleans, VIA MERIDIAN—and for Jackson, Vicksburg, and Monroe La., should take 12 37 A. M trains.

E. G. BARNEY,
Gen'l. Sup't,
M. STANTON,
As't Sup't.

Insurance a Specialty.
L. J. PARR.
SPECIAL AGENT,
JACKSONVILLE ALA
Will insure Life, or Property of any kind in the following Companies:
Cotton States Life Insurance Co.,
MACON, GA.,
Georgia Home Fire Insurance Co.
COLUMBUS, GA.,
Home Protection of North Alabama Fire Insurance Co.,
HUNTSVILLE ALA.,
mar25—1871

WM. M. HAMES. J. T. MARTIN

HAMES & MARTIN,
Attorneys at Law and Solicitors in Chancery. No. 8. Office Row, Jacksonville,
WILL practice in all the Courts of Law and Equity in the counties of the 12th Judicial circuit, consisting of Calhoun, Cleburne, St. Clair, Etowah and Cherokee, and the Supreme court of the State.
may20—1871.

Eating House
—AND—
OYSTER SALOON.
GEORGE WHITE respectfully announces to the public that he has removed to the large and commodious room under the Republican office, where he will be glad to furnish meals at all hours, and fresh oysters on call.
He has fresh fruits and Confections of the best. Charges moderate.
GEORGE WHITE.
sep30—1m.

MOBILE ADVERTISEMENTS.

Wolff & Co.
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL
LIQUOR DEALERS,
32 COMMERCE STREET,
MOBILE, ALA.
We keep always on hand a full Stock of
Foreign & Domestic
WHISKIES
OF ALL GRADES AND PRICES.
ALSO
Wines, Brandies, Rum, Gin,
And all articles usually found in Liquor stores. We sell our goods at the lowest possible prices.
The experience of more than Twenty-five years as Rectifiers enables us to guarantee our Manufactures to be superior to any similar goods in the country. Call and examine for yourselves and save money.
oct7—6mos

IRA W. PORTER & CO
Under Odd Fellows' Hall Royal St.
Mobile Ala
BUILDERS' HARDWARE,
CUTLERY,
WHITE LEAD, PAINTS, OILS, VARNISHES, BRUSHES,
Marbleized Slate Mantles, Grates and Fenders,
WHITE PINE BLACK WAL'
NUT & MAHOGANY
PLANK & WOOD
MOULDINGS,
Terra Cotta Chimney Tops, Drain Pipe, and House Furnishing Goods.
Doors, Sash & Blinds.
DIRECT IMPORTERS OF FOREIGN
Window, Car, Picture, Photographic and Ornamental Glass.
Oct7—6mo.

FALL AND WINTER TRADE.
1871--72.
MERCHANTS and all others visiting Mobile will find it to their advantage to examine the large and complete assortment of
MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS
MUSICAL MERCHANDISE,
VIOLIN & GUITAR STRINGS,
SHEET MUSIC,
MUSICAL WORKS,
FANCY GOODS,
TOYS, FIREWORKS,
NOTIONS GENERALLY,
offered at lowest prices at
Ware-Rooms
108 Dauphin Street 108
(between Conception and Joachim) by
BROMBERG BROTHERS.
Also sole agents for
STEINWAY & SONS'
CELEBRATED
PIANO FORTES,
and for the best
Patent abinet Organs.
Orders per mail punctually attended to.
sep23—3m.
F. J. BARNARD & Co.
WHOLESALE & RETAIL DEALERS IN
Paints, Oils, Glass, Putty, Brushes,
AND
A Largo Assortment of
ARTIST MATERIALS,
PICTURE FRAMES AND MOULDINGS &c.
No. 11. NORTH WATER STREET,
MOBILE, ALA.
This House was established in the year 1842.
sep16—6m.

SELMA ADVERTISEMENTS.

H. A. STOLLENWERCK, *Selma, Ala.* F. E. STOLLENWERCK *Mobile, Ala.*
A. G. STOLLENWERCK. *Selma, Ala.*
H. A. STOLLENWERCK & BROS.
Water Street,
SELMA, Ala.
F. E. STOLLENWERCK & BROS.
42 North Commerce Street,
MOBILE Ala
COTTON FACTORS
AND
Commission Merchants.
Messrs. E. L. WOODWARD & SON, of Jacksonville, Ala. will act as Agents for tl is house.

N. WOODRUFF & Co.
COTTON FACTORS,
and
Commission Merchants.
OFFICE (UP STAIRS) CITY BLOCK,
SELMA ALA.
sep16—3m.

ABNER WILLIAMS,
Cotton Factor,
No. 4. CENTRAL BLOCK (UP STAIRS,)
WATER STREET, SELMA, ALA.
Bagging and Ties advanced on liberal terms to his patrons.
sep2—3m.

MONEY SAVED
IS
Money Made!
FARMERS, HOUSEKEEPERS,
and others
WILL NOTICE THIS.
We sell Dry Goods,
Dress Goods,
Fancy Goods,
Clothing, Hats,
China, Glass and
Granate Ware,
25 to 50 per cent Cheaper
than they are sold by small dealers.
We deliver all goods sold on the line of the Selma, Rome & Dalton Railroad
FREE OF CHARGE,
for cases Drayage and Railroad Freight when the cash accompanies the order, and the amount of bill is Fifty Dollars.
John W. Woodward, will be pleased to execute the *cash orders* of his friends.
E. JOHNSON & Co.,
Selma, Ala.
apr15—6m

MONTGOMERY ADV'S.

HARDWARE!
B. L. WYMAN,
Successor to
HALL, MOSES & ROBERTS,
has removed to
No. 3 COURT SQUARE,
SIGN OF THE PADLOCK,
MONTGOMERY ALA.
Where the readers of the REPUBLICAN are invited to examine one of
THE LARGEST
AND
Best Assorted Stock,
Ever brought to Montgomery consisting of Hardware, Iron and Steel, Nails, Castings, and Cutlery, Stoves, Tin Ware and House-keeping goods,
Agricultural Implements
PLOWS, HOES, CHAINS, &c.
The celebrated
Fashion Cook Stove.
B. L. WYMAN,
SIGN OF THE PADLOCK,
MONTGOMERY ALA.,
apr29—6m.

D. H. SHULAR, Montgomery. T. C. HARTWELL, Lowndes Co.
SHULAR & HARTWELL,
Cotton Warehouse, Factors,
—AND—
GENERAL
Commission Merchants,
MONTGOMERY, ALA.
We would inform our friends and the planting community generally, that we have leased the Brick Warehouse on the corner of Commerce and Bibb streets, and are prepared to do the Storage and Factorage Business in all its branches. Our charge for Storage will be fifty cents per bale for the first, and twenty-five for each successive month. Our charge for selling cotton will be one dollar per bale. We are prepared to make liberal advances on cotton in store, or for shipment to our friends in New York, New Orleans or Mobile. We will furnish Bagging and Ties, or other plantation supplies at the lowest market price. From our long experience in business, and prompt attention to all matters entrusted to us, we hope to merit a share of patronage.
D. H. SHULAR.
THOS. C. HARTWELL.
Sept.30.

ROME ADVERTISEMENTS.

C. C. SAMUEL.
Successor to Elliot & Samuel,
COTTON FACTOR
Warehouse & Commission Merchant,
(At Steamboat Landing,)
Rome, Ga.
Cotton compressed and put in splendid shipping order and forwarded same day of its arrival, at reduced rates of freight.
sept 23, 1871—1y

Mrs. S. C. HAMMONDS,
Fashionable Millenery
ROME, GEORGIA.
HAS in stock a very fine lot of Millinery Goods, & is prepared to fill all orders from abroad, satisfactorily both as to style and price. The patronage of the public, along the line of the Selma, Rome & Dalton Railroad, respectfully solicited.
july 15—6 mo.

GENERAL ADVS.

R. A. PRINGLE,
Cotton Seller and General
PRODUCE BROKER,
OFFICE—CENTRAL WHARF,
CHARLESTON, S. C.
REFERENCES.—Hon. C. T. Lowndes, President of the Bank of Charleston; W. B. Smith, Esq., President of the Union Bank; John Hanckel, Esq., President of People's Bank; Robert Adger, Esq., Messrs. Geo. A. Trenholm & Son. T. H. Wagner, Esq., Messrs. Henry Bischoff & Co., James M. Caldwell, Esq., Messrs. Ward, Crane Boyleston & Co., Messrs. D. F. Fleming & Co., Messrs. J. E. Adger & Co., Messrs. Marshall & Burge, Messrs. Edwin Bates & Co., Edward McCrady, Sr., Esq., B. C. Pressley, Esq., and H. T. Peaks, Esq.
Special attention given to the consignment and sale of Cotton, Rice, Naval Stores, Dried Fruit, Peanuts, &c.
The subscriber offers his services to his friends and the public as a
Cotton Seller and General
PRODUCE BROKER,
having had many years experience in the Cotton Houses of Messrs. Robinson & Caldwell and John Fraser & Co., He intends to give special attention to the consignment and sale of Cotton, Rice, Naval Stores, Dried Fruit, &c., and hopes by unremitting attention so business to merit a share of the public patronage, and respectfully solicits a call from his old friends and customers in the interior
R. A. PRINGLE.
sep23—3m,

BOOKS!
PATTEN AND PAYNE.
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.
BOOK SELLERS STATIONERS
AND
NEWS DEALERS
Chattanooga, Tennessee.
KEEP constantly on hand a full supply of SHOOL AND COLLEGE TEXT BOOKS.
For Sale at Publishers' Lowest Prices,
WRITING PAPER
Of every size and Weight. Good Note Paper $1,20 per Ream. Good Foolscap $2,00 up. Wrapping Paper of all kinds.
ENVELOPES
Of every Style, quality and price.
INITIAL NOTE PAPER AND ENVELOPES
Put up in nice boxes, each contain 25 sheets of paper and 25 envelopes, mailed to any address for 50 cents.
Agents for the best BLANK BOOK Manufactures, and keep constantly on hand a full line of.
BLANKBOOKS,
Memorandums and records. Send for a price list.
GOLD PENS, John Helland's and Foley's Celebrated Gold Pens. Descriptive Circular containing prices, sent when requested.
MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS
Violins from $9,00 per dozen up. A Great variety of Banjos, Accordeons, Flutes' Guitars Violin and Guitar Strings, Violin Bows, Music Boxes, &c., &c.,
Wall Paper!
A large stock of Paper Hangings, Window Shades and Fixures. Send for samples and prices.
Catalogue an List of Books and Stationery sent on application
Sept 20.—1871.

A Successful & Wonderful
INVENTION.
NEW METHOD OF WASHING
CLOTHES WITHOUT LABOR.
C. R. Arnold's
SELF-ACTING
CLOTHES WASHER.
Price Five Dollars.
No Rubbing! No Wear! A Saving of Time and Labor!
SATISFACTION IN ALL CASES
Guaranteed!
It Can be Tried before Purchasing.
PATENTED MAY 4, 1869.
WM. JOHNSON,
OXFORD ALA.
sep16—3m.

THAT BOY! THAT BOY!

[From Pomeroy's Democrat.]

Nine days has New York sat on end, with its gaze, through opera glasses, telescopes and spy-glasses directed seaward looking for that boy!

For nine days fashionble female fools have, with heads, and frizzes and waterfalls, and chignons, and false curls, and rats and burnt horse-hair, and wads of one stuff and another on their craniums protruding from windows, sat looking down Broadway, watching for that boy!

For nine days fashionable mammas, with painted, powdered, plumped, puffed and padded daughters wondered and talked and surmised as to where, under the great heavens, that boy can be!

For nine days fops and fools, and fancy favorites of fashion with roses in their button-hole, and sweet little lemon-colored kids, and hair parted in the middle, and winky-twinkey little eye-glasses, and simple lisps of vanity, have been running between newspaper offices and the residences of their dear little charmers for any information conning that boy!

For nine days twenty thousand odd volunteers, ordered out by some snobbish, toadying ass (whose name is Montgomery) have been halting between breakfast and business, expecting to be called out, with the loss of a day's time and ten or twelve dollars incidentals, to welcome with clear bugles, beating drums, dirty march and tiresome tread that blessed boy!

But he cometh not, So is that New York is in a fright, a fear fidget, and a tumult, lest the grand reception of that boy should end in a fizzle.

Mammas with marketable and marriageable daughters are cursing the ship that brought him not here quickly.

Shopkeepers who deal in delicate laces and trinkety gewgaws—whose counters are laden with funny frizzles and fashionary fixings, to be worn by fops and snobs as they stand on the streets to welcome little Alexis, are in pecks of trouble because that boy does not come.

The Chicago fire; the devastation in Michigan; the suffering in Wisconsin; the stealings of millions by Sweeny and his pals—all sink into utter insignificance compared with the non-arrival of that boy!

Blow, ye winds! Oh! blow breezily. Come, good ship that bears the son of the Russian Bear; come quickly; come with your barnacled bows to kiss our shores, that the Russian cub may alight. Come, that the snobs, and the fools, and the fashionables of this country may kiss the hand, the thumb, the little finger the foot or the little toe of that royalty Americans so affectto despise, but at all times are ready to worship.

Come good ship; come soon, else the Russian gloves, Russian furs, Russian silks, Russian neck-ties, Russian drawers, Russian vests, Russian tooth-picks, Russian stockings, Russian shirts, Russian chemises, and all the Russian things shop-keepers have been so rushing on the market will go out of fashion.

Where is that boy?

Nine days of terrible expectancy nine days of disappointment. Nine days spent over Russian pronouncing dictionaries. And all on account of that boy!

If you are coming, why don't you come along?

—A bear broke up a camp meeting at Charleston, Me., a few days ago. It is not remarkable, perhaps that beasts of *prey* should visit such places.

—The funeral expenses of a dog in Monroe, La., as regulated by the Council, amounts to twenty-five cents; of a cow to two dollars, and of a man to eleven dollars.

—The matrons of Leavenworth, Kansas have erected an illuminated clock in order that their husbands may have no excuse for "not thinking it was so late."

—Those gushing young females who edit the *Revolution* assert that they "have known very few women of fifty who did not wish themselves fifteen once more.

MARENGO COUNTY.

We take the following sensible paragraph from the *State Journal* the organ of the Radical party in this State. We call on the people of the North to note what is here written. It throws a flood of light on recent occurrences in the South. The *Journal* says:

The Democrats of Marengo county have succeeded in electing their ticket for county officers.—We hope now that we will never again be troubled with fictitious communications from that county about outrages. If men are afraid to sign their names to charges that are true, against their fellow citizens, they had better leave the subject alone. We received yesterday a long whine about wrongs, &c., in which the writer disguises his handwriting and signs no name, although we well know the writer. He is quite an expert in making charges, but a very poor hand at the proof. This last dodge of his is disgusting and contemptible.—He politely requests us to put the communication into our waste basket, if we want any pay for publishing it. We are heartily sick and tired of these whines, and do not wish to be troubled with them any more. We do not believe a word of them.

A negro living remote from Livingston, managed to find the Ku klux committee, and testified that while on his way thither he was whipped by a gang of white men.—He underwent a medical examination and his false testimony exposed.

The Amenities of Politics—How One Presidential Canidate "Goes for Another.

George Francis Train who is as all the world knows, an independent candidate for President against the field, made one of his ripstaving norations at St. Joseph, Missouri, one night last week.—The following extract will serve both to show George's style, and also what he thinks of his opponents:

Grant is the most gigantic sell ever played off on an outraged people. [Sensational.] He is an ignoramus. He thinks Lafayette came from Germany and the Hessians from France. [That's so.]—Hence he sided with a rotten empire against a live republic. [Hisses.] Don't hiss him; he don't know any better. I never see the General that I don't feel like saying General, I've only five minutes, tell me all you know. [Laughter.] You might as well try to light a wet squib as to get a popular cheer for the great deadbeat, bribestake!—[Sensation and applause.] His passage through the East and West is a funeral cortage, with Morton, Butler, and the official thieves as pall bearers. [Sensation.] His own party swallowed him as they would a dose of salts and senna.—[Laughter.] They are ashamed of him. His ignorance, his nepotism, his disgusting habits, are minutely portrayed by Sumner, Tilton and Phillips, once his bosom companions. [Laughter.] Greely and Butler loathe him while the party obliges these professional hacks to sleep with him. [Laughter.] A fast horse, a short tix, some rot-gut, a tanyard, a big steal and stolid stupidity make up his grand total. [Hisses.]

From the Nashville Banner.]

Circumstantial Evidence.

AN EXTRAORDINARY STORY FROM TENNESSEE.

Two men were arrested in Franklin county last Tuesday as the murderers of Elmore R. Horton. The facts of this extraordinary case is that Mr. Horton, who lived about 14 miles below Winchester, and near the mountain, was shot from his horse by some person from a concealed place in the corner of a fence. Several persons heard the guns, and the dead body was found a few minutes afterward. Upon examination it was found that two men had been concealed in a corner of the fence just where the road made a sudden turn into a little branch, and from the horse's tracks, and the place where the body was found, it was clear that he was shot when the horse was drinking. The cracks of the fence had all been stopped with weeds except the one through which the guns were put. This was just before sundown last Friday evening. Horton was returning from town, and was within a mile of home in a thickly settled neighborhood, there being several houses in sight.

The coroner's jury gave a verdict that the killing was done by two unknown persons.

The death of Mr. Horton was telegraphed to Col. A. S. Colyar, of this city, who at once commenced to make inquiries, but found that no one had left the settlement. Taking two or three reliable men with him Col. Colyar went rapidly from house to house to hear the story of every man and family, interrogating each separately as to his whereabouts on the day of the murder, and at a school house, where the children were all examined separately, one boy stated that Monroe and Hop Martin were out in the mountain that day (Friday last) hunting sheep. This, Bill denied upon examination. Monroe was then first seen and his tale heard. He was not allowed to see Hop until his story was fully given. They agreed that they left the house of one of them about a mile from where the murder was committed, and that they went up the mountain and stayed together until they returned. But one said they came back before sundown, and the other that they returned one hour after dark.

Without being formally arrested, these men were kept until the next day, but not allowed to talk to each other. Soon in the morning Col. Colyar, started with one of them to show his trip through the mountain which he did, climbing until he reached a point at the top of the mountain between three and four miles from home, then returning by a different route. Immediately afterward the other was taken and directed to travel over the route which they both agreed they had travelled together only last Friday evening, and he reached the mountain by a road at least two miles from the point where the other had reached it. The two routes, going and returning, were totally different, and no man ever took a walk with more trepidation than did the last one, knowing the other had been first over the ground. These two men were born and bred at the foot of the mountain and know every path.

This was regarded as the strongest sort of evidence, but on examining their shoes it was found they exactly conformed to the measures. The tracks in the field showed one shoe to be about No. 9, broad heel and the right shoe run down. The other was a small shoe, and the shoes of both parties suited the tracks precisely.

Both of these men lived on an adjoining farm to Mr. Horton, in sight of his house; and long been hostile to him, and threatened his life.

THE following epitaph is in the Gray Friar's Churchyard, Edinburgh:

"Our life is but a winter day—
Some only breakfast and away;
Others to dinner stay,
And are full fed;
The oldest man but sups
And goes to bed.
Large is his debt
That lingers out the day.
He that goes soonest
Has least to pay!"

AN Englishman has published a new prayer book. His litany contains the following petition: "That it may please Thee to help all literary persons and editors of the public press that they may use all their powers in the cause of truth and righteousness, and rise above the praise and blame of man."

PHENOMENA OF THE WISCONSIN FIRE.

There are some phases of the great calamity which fell upon this region last week worthy of scientific investigation. The testimony of the cooler-headed survivors of the fires at Peshtigo, the Sugar Bush and Williamsonville, is united as to one phenomena: They say that the fire did not come upon them gradually from burning trees or other objects to the windward, but the first notice they had of it was a whirlwind of flame, in great clouds, from above the tops of the trees, which fell upon and enveloped every thing. The atmosphere seemed one of fire. The poor people inhaled it, or the intensely hot air, and fell down dead. This is verified by the appearance of many of the corpses. They were found dead in the roads and open spaces where there were no visible marks of fire near by, with not a trace of burning upon their bodies or clothing

At the Sugar Bush, which is an extended clearing, in some places four miles in width, corpses were found in the open road, between fences which were only slightly burned. No mark of fire was upon them, but they laid there, as if asleep.

This phenomena seems to explain the fact that so many were killed in compact masses. They seem to have huddled together in what were evidently regarded at the moment as the safest places, away from buildings, trees, or other inflammable material, and there to have died together.

Fences around cleared fields were burned in spots of only a few rods in length, and elsewhere not touched. Fish were killed in the streams—as at Peshtigo.

We hear the universal testimony that the prevailing idea among the terror stricken people of those places was that the last day had come. They needed not to be terror stricken for such imaginings. What other explanation could be given at that imminent time, when there was an ominous warning sound coming from the distance, when the sky, so dark just before, burst into great clouds of fire, the beasts of the forest came running for succor into the midst of the settlements, and a great, red, consuming, roaring hell of fire fell upon all around. The dreadful scene lacked nothing but the sounding of the last trump—and indeed the approach of the awful roaring and the premonitions from the distance supplied, even that to the appalled imaginings of the people.

The Epsy theory, we think it is, that continued and wide spread fires will bring on rain, seems to be entirely exploded in in this instance. These fires had lasted nearly or quite four weeks, ravaging forests over a great area, and still not a drop of rain. The rain only came with a change of wind to the northward, and several days after the worst burnings were over with.—*Green Bay Advocate.*

A New Use for Paper.

In China and Japan, paper clothing has long been worn by the inhabitants; and so cheaply can it be produced, that a serviceable paper coat costs only ten cents, while a suit of the same material is limited to twenty five cents Heretofore, paper has been worked up among civilized nations into collars, cuffs, frills and similar minor articles; but by a recent English invention, a really serviceable paper fabric has been prepared, from which table cloths, napkins, handkerchiefs, pantaloons, curtains, shirts, petticoats and other articles of dress together with imitation blankets and bed furniture, lace and fringe, imitation leather, etc., can be made very cheaply. The substance used in preparing this fabric are both vegetable and animal, and comprise a mixture of wool, silk, flax, jute hemp and cotton. Reduced to a fine pulp and bleached, and then felted by means of machinery, the material thus obtained produces a fabric of wonderful flexibility and strength, which can be sewed together, and with as strong a seam and as well as any cloth. The articles made from this mixture are said not only to be very serviceable, but to so resemble cloth, linen, or cotton, as to defy the closest scrutiny.

The New York Election.

On the result in New York, the *Tribune* gives this comment: "The people of this city and State, in their election of yesterday, proclaimed their adhesion to the Divine mandate thundered from Sinai: *'Thou Shalt Not Steal!'* This is the meaning, this the moral of the verdict, which had very little reference to party politics. It means that there shall speedily be inaugurated a new era of uprightness in government and of frugality in administration. It means that there shall henceforth be diminished expenditures, reduced taxes, and steadily decreasing public debts. It means that peculators and plunderers, whether of high or low degree, whether of this party or of that, shall be exposed, prosecuted, and subjected to condign punishment. Woe to that party which shall fail to comprehend and heed the lesson!"

If this be so, and such is the meaning of the verdict, we shall not cry over it. It ought to please us more than the Radical plunderers here, at Washington, and everywhere else, New York not excepted. Tweed succeeds in that city, because his system of fraud, and his Board of Supervisors included the rogues of both parties. The Board that was the engine of fraud was half and half, like the Commissions proposed last year in the Radical branch of our Legislature. All the rogues in Tweed's district, without distinction of party, cheated for him; and he was, what he call, "elected." Very much the same thing happened in this city about a month ago.

In New York, this storm will clear the political atmosphere, and render it more wholesome and bracing, and the Democratic party there will feel the invigorating influence, and go forth schooled and cleansed to happier fortunes.

Philadelphia Age.

Not Quite so Much Breadth.

The result of the elections on Tuesday has not quite so much breadth as the Radicals claim for it. Outside of New York they have gained nothing. And the verdict in that State is pointed with as true a sight at the Radical rascals in this city, in Washington, and in all the States, as at Tammany. In Massachusetts the Radical candidate for Governor is chosen. That is not a gain. When has the Bay State done otherwise? Wisconsin holds her own in the Radical ranks. No more. There are no gains which show the people are augmenting the strength of the party in power. James R. Doolittle made a noble fight, and deserved to win. The Radical State ticket is chosen in Minnesota by the usual majority, and the Congressman-at-large in Illinois, upon the Radical ticket, has polled the vote of that party. No more. As an offset to all this we have elected Joel Parker, Governor of New Jersey, over one of the most popular members of the Radical party, and made gains in both branches of the Legislature, chosen the Governor of Maryland, and almost all the members of the Legislature; and achieved a signal victory in Virginia. This almost makes the "honors easy." It certainly reduces the breadth of the Radical victory and shows that the defeat was not a rout. The Democratic party is still a compact body, and ready to take the field for the defense of civil rights against military usurpation and despotism. This is the present aspect of affairs, and we believe the Radicals will have less reason to boast, when all the results of the late elections are officially ascertained.

Philadelphia Age.

The Atlanta Constitution contains the following bit of special correspondence:

WASHINGTON, November 1, 1871.

Editors Constitution: * * * * *

It is believed here that Bullock has fled to Canada.

Present indications are that the whole South will be put under martial law within thirty days. Private dispatches to this effect were sent to New York financiers to-day.

A lady correspondent wishes to know the meaning of "stag parties." They are entertainments whereat bucks usually get enough additional horns to make them stagger.

—An Englishman having paid an Irish shoeblack with rudeness, was thus accosted by the "dirty urchin:" "My honey, all the polish you have is upon your boots, and I guv you that."

—Robert Collyer defines the oyster plant as a vegerable that is always just going to taste like an oyster, but never quite does it. Its promise is excellent, but its performance unsatisfactory.

A Republican contemporary is sarcastic over the report that the Democrats in Savanah "hold their meetings in front of the jail." It is probably because the Republicans have theirs inside.

—An English Countess has lent her giant intellect to the production of a work on the diseases of cats

—Why are hens immortal?—Because in addition to having their necks twirled in this, their sons never set.

—What would a pig do who wished to build himself an habitation? Tie a knot in his tail, and call it a pigs-tie!

—A physician has discovered that the night mare, in nine cases out of ten, is produced from owing a bill to the printer.

—It was an Irishman who wanted to find a place where there was no death, that he might go and end his days there.

—"I wish I was dead," is the heading to a quack advertisement. This wish can be gratified by taking the medicine.

—In the course of an Illinois discussion a man is said to have "had a ravine built in the back of his head with a pop-bottle."

JACKSONVILLE REPUBLICAN.

JACKSONVILLE, ALABAMA.

SATURDAY, NOV. 18th, 1871.

A. & C. Railroad.

The trains have now been running entirely through for some days, from Chattanooga to Meridian. It is now in undisputed possession of the State; but we suppose will be more perfectly so when the sale takes place, which will be necessary under the Bankrupt proceedings. Even if it could be sold to a Northern company for enough to indemnify the State, we see no reason why the whole people of the State may not as well own this incalculably valuable road, as such a company. If it should be purchased by such a company, then the two greatest roads of the State—Selma, Rome and Dalton, and Alabama and Chattanooga would be thus owned; and it would not take them long, by a monopolizing combination, to tax the people of the State, by exhorbitant rates of freight and passage to the amount of ten millions or more: and at the same time give these two roads a controlling influence over all others in the State. By retaining the ownership of the Road, the State would, and ought to have this controlling influence, to prevent imposition upon her people. Besides, it is certain, that properly managed, this immensely valuable Road 200 miles long, would yield a handsome revenue to the State. In answer to the objection that it would not be honestly managed if owned by the State, we say, let the Legislature and Governor require as strict and rigid accountability from all concerned in the management of the Road, as they do of the State Auditor and Treasurer, and we shall hear nothing of stealing. Remember, it will not be in the hands of carpet-bag thieves.

We call the attention of the Governor, Legislature and Press and People of the State to this view of the question; and intend in the future to give our views more at large.

The most significant thing in the political world now, is the recently assumed attitude of the Washington *Patriot* in relation to the support of a moderate Republican by the Democratic party in order to defeat Grant and preserve a remnant of the liberties of the people of this country. The espousal of the scheme by the *Patriot* at once gives it ten fold the importance heretofore attached to it; for the expression of the *Patriot* may be looked upon as the expression of a majority of the Democratic members of Congress, if the endorsement of that paper by the Democratic Congressional Committee means anything. If nothing transpires to utterly change all calculation on the next Presidency, we may regard it as almost certain that "Fassivism" will be the Democratic policy in the next race. In the meantime the South will be treated, as a whole, to what South Carolina is now subjected to in part, if we are to judge from the "feelers" the President is now putting out in the shape of telegraphic "rumors" as to his intentions in this particular direction. All this, however, will redound to the injury of the Administration party; for the South is not now prepared, nor, if left quiet, would at the Presidential election be prepared to support, with any enthusiasm a Republican if any stripe—moderate or otherwise. But, if subjected to military rule between now and then, it will be "anything Lord" but Grant, with them, and they will, in spite of bayonets and blue jackets, roll up such a majority for the candidate opposed to Grant—be he Republican Democrat or Devil—as will astonish that gentleman beyond measure.

The Elections.

Elections were held in the following States with the following results, on the same day that election for county officers was held in this State. With the exception of New York, the Democrats have made gains everywhere, and the Democratic defeat there is not regarded as a party triumph by such Republican papers as the *Tribune*. New York will cast her usual Democratic majority in the Presidential election. It was not expected that Massachusetts and such States would go Democratic. We are satisfied with a decrease of Radical majority in such States.

In New Jersey the Democrats elected Joel Parker Governor by from 3000 to 5000 majority. In 1870 the Republican majority for Congressmen was 4503. The Radicals have the Legislature in that State.

In Maryland the Democrats made a sweeping victory both in the election of Governor Whyte and Legislature. In Massachusetts Washburne Republican is elected, by a reduced majority.

Minnesota, Republican by a reduced majority. In Illinois there was an election for one Congressman at large. The Republican candidate was elected. Wisconsin has gone Radical by increased majority. The fires don't help things much up there.

Virginia has gone Democratic by a very handsome majority. In Mississippi the negroes, carpet-baggers and scalawags have been successful by a vastly reduced majority, with ballot stuffing and false count to help.

"There will be bayonet rule at the South just so long as the people there follow the teachings of the corrupt Democracy"—*Harrisonburg (Pa.) State Journal.*

This explains the milk in the cocoanut. It is because the South is Democratic that Grant declares martial law and persecutes her people. When the South consents to vote Radical, as Grant wants her to do, then the bayonet will have done its work and be laid aside. But this will never be Mr. *Journal*, and your bayonet rule will have to run, until the friends of liberty in the United States rise up in their might and hurl the Radical tyrants and thieves from place and power and substitute in their stead men of honesty and principle. And the day of retribution is not far off. The honest thinking masses of the country are already becoming aroused, and they are marching right over party lines to the accomplishment of their purposes. The Republican (?) victory in New York has in it nothing that the corrupt Administration at Washington can utter congratulations over.

A Radical saint named Holden—an Alderman of Chicago—has forever endeared himself to his party by stealing $15000,00 of the fund sent to that city, by the charitable, for the relief of the sufferers.

County Elections.

The Democratic ticket was elected in Cleberne County by over two hundred majority.

The Democrats carried Etowah and Cherokee counties.

The Radical ticket was elected in Talladega by something over forty votes. We wonder if there were not over that number of Democrats who failed to vote in Talladega.

Randolph elected Democrats, and this with a strong "Independent" ticket in the field.

The county elections in this State show strong Democratic gains everywhere. In the next general State election the Democrats will carry Alabama by forty thousand majority.

The Democrats carried Madison county very handsomely in spite of "Independant candidates" on the Radical ticket. The closest contest was for Sheriff, but Brown (Dem.) beat his Radical competitor 140 votes. The Radicals crowded country negroes into Huntsville and elected beat officers there in defiance of law.

The full democratic ticket for county officers is elected in Greene.

The Democratic majority in Marengo county was 1900 votes.—The majority of Mr. Wynne for Assessor, was 2201 votes.

The Democrats swept Jackson county as usual.

St. Clair elected the entire Democratic ticket by a majority of 296 votes.

The entire Democratic ticket was elected in Shelby county over the independent candidates.

The Democrats carried Coosa county by a handsome majority over the combined Independant and Radical ticket.

The entire Democratic ticket has been elected in Washington county.

In Sumter county the whole Democratic and Conservative ticket was elected by handsome majorities.

The election for county officers in Lawrence resulted in the choice of Democrats throughout.

A negro was shot and killed at Mt. Vernon in Mobile county on the day of the late election, because he refused to vote in violation of law. He said he was a minor and therefore refused to vote, but his fellow blacks would listen to no such flimsy excuse, and so they slew him.

—The meeting between Grant and Butler the other day was very cordial. Winskey cordial?

GOV BULLOCK'S ALLEGED REASONS FOR RESIGNING.

EX. DEPUTY, STATE OF GEORGIA, ATLANTA, GA., Oct. 23, 1871.

To my Political Friends, and the People of Georgia:

I have this day received information, the truth of which I cannot doubt, that the political conspirators who seek the overthrow, not only of the reconstructed government of Georgia, but of the United States, have secured the pledges of a sufficient number of the incoming members of the Lower House of the Lower House of the General Assembly to vote without previous investigation for Articles of Impeachment against me immediately after they have assembled and organized on Wednesday, the first day of November next; and that having adopted such articles in the House a sufficient number of Republican Senators will be unseated to insure conviction upon the articles presented. I also learn that the Judge of the Supreme Court, who is personally and politically bitterly hostile to me, has informed his friends that this programme has been perfected, and that he has been selected to preside over the Senate during the trial; and that the Senator representing Gen. Toomb's district is to be elected President of the Senate and immediately announce himself as, and claim to be, Governor during the pending impeachment and thereafter for the balance of my unexpired term.

Upon this state of facts I have decided to resign the office of Governor, to take effect before the meeting and qualification of the new members of the new body, and thereby defeat this nefarious scheme of these desperate political conspirators.

By this course I shall protect my political friends in the State from the expulsion that has been forordained in order to secure my impeachment and, at the same time, save the State from the disasters that would be sure to follow in the wake of success on the part of the unpardoned and unrepentant Rebel leaders, who, though comparatively few in numbers, move the masses by the irresistable pressure of sectional hate and social proscription.

I have maintained my official position against the assaults of these people upon the course of equal rights and Republican Government just as long as it is possible for me to be of service, and now, for the purpose of again defeating this latest onslaught of these destroyers, I have resigned this office into the hands of that noble and unswerving friend of right and justice, the Hon. Benjamin Conley, who, under the Constitution, by reason of being President of the Senate, becomes Governor during my unexpired term, or until a successor is elected by the people. No charge has yet been brought against him, because he has not heretofore been supposed to be an obstacle in the way of the conspirators' success. If assaults are now made upon him the country will understand the purpose for which they are made.

As for myself, being divested of official position, the charges of every character which these people are sure to make and proclaim against me can be brought before the courts, and I shall never shrink from any judicial inquiry that is divested of political bias and prejudice. May I be pardoned for a word of warning to the men who fought for the Union?

Six months ago in Georgia the mass of the people were acquiescing in the results of the war, and were willing to accept those results as being finalities, but under the later public teaching of certain old leaders who need not be named, the whole situation has changed, and leading gentlemen, ever in the Democratic party, who dared to speak in favor of acquiescence and peace have been assailed and denounced, and the people so intimidated that they dare not follow the advice.

These conspirators fear, above all else, the re-election of General Grant. Their insidious efforts to mislead him as to the true situation in the South having utterly failed, they now fear that some persistent and irresistible maintenance of the right under civil administration which so brilliantly marked General Grant's military advances in the overthrow of the rebellion may defeat their revolutionary purposes.

I am now fully persuaded and satisfied that those men purpose to control the Government, and reverse the political results of the past few years by peaceful means if they can, or by foul means, if they are willing in this, another [illegible] separation will be made, [illegible] evidence of this were wanting, we need not point to the public and private utterances of those who were foremost in secession and rebellion, and now denounce and ignore the fundamental law —*the Constitution of the United States.*

Will the country heed and take care, before it is entirely too late to prevent another war with its frightful consequences?

If my action in this emergency had been postponed until after the meeting of the incoming body of legislators, the Executive branch of our State Government would have been absorbed by the conspirators in the Legislative branch, and there would have been no check upon the wholesale repeal and destruction of all the great measures of reform and progress that we have labored so hard to establish. The free school system would be abolished, and colored citizens denied every right guaranteed to them, and the whole work of internal improvement carried on by northern capital would be swept away. The growing spirit of lawlessness and proscription for opinion's sake is daily rendering the property and lives of Union men and Republicans more and more unsafe, and I fear the worst consequences if the Executive office should be filled by one not only in sympathy with those who urge on and inflame this feeling, but who is moved and actuated by them. With no one in the Executive office to call upon the General Government for protection, its friends and supporters would be handed over without mercy to the assaults of their enemies.

For these reasons I have determined on this step, believing that much which has already been accomplished can be preserved through the wise and firm check upon revolutionary measures that will be given by Gov. Conley in control of the Executive branch of the Government, and that thereby the good of the whole people of Georgia will be promoted, and I shall cheerfully give to Gov. Conley all the information and assistance within my power that he may desire.

RUFUS B. BULLOCK.

A FEW PLAIN FACTS.

Man's a fool!
When it's hot he wants it cool;
When it's cold he wants it hot;
Ne'er contented with his lot.

When it's dry,
He for showers is sure to sigh;
When—to meet his wish—it rains,
O'er the wet the fool complains.

Hot or cold, or dry or wet,
Nothing suits that he can get;
I consider, as a rule,
Man's a fool!

☞ The Savannah *Republican* very promptly remarks that the Presidential contest of 1872 will be one between the friends of free constitutional government and the advocates of a consolidated despotism. These are the parties to to the struggle, and the programme of battle will be arranged with sole reference to the concentration of the friends of the two sides respectively.

California boasts the largest orchard in the world. It contains 426 acres, and over 75,000 fruit trees.

Another poor girl has died in Virginia from the use of tobacco, at the age 100. She was an orphan.

They obtain their wisdom in solid chunks out in Missouri. A husband out there, his wife having applied for a divorce, wrote a protest to the judge, in which he said: "Don't you grant her, bress. In my opinion this darn thing call devoce has parted many a man an his wife."

☞ The widow of Wm. Tell, a descendant of the hero of Sheridan Knowles great play, is a pensioner of the United States, and draws her pension regularly through the Swiss Consul General in this city, her husband having been killed in the Union army during the late war.—[Patriot.

☞ The Washington *Patriot* says: The census returns from Alabama shows that of the sixty-five counties in the State, there are twenty-three in which there is a preponderance of blacks. The greatest proportionate number of blacks is in Lowndes county, where there is 80 per cent. Winston is the other extreme there being but one per cent of colored people in that county. The relative proportion in the entire State is 52 whites to 48 blacks.

Telegraphic.

MISSISSIPPI.

JACKSON, November 11.—Returns indicate the following complexion of the Legislature: House Republicans, 61; Democrts 53. It is doubtful about two Senate Republicans, and twenty-four Democrats. This shows heavy Democratic gains. Alcorn is going to the Senate, and will favor Gov. Rawes.

TENNESSEE.

CHATTANOOGA, November 12—A fire was discovered this morning at 1 o'clock, in Fisher & Bro's jewelry store, corner of Eight and Market Streets, destroying the square and half the business portion of the city. The loss is estimated at $75,000. The insurance on the property amounted to $30-000. The fire was the work of an incendiary. The city was fired in two other places, but extinguished. Fifteen supposed Chicago desperadoes arrived from Memphis last night, Suspicion points to them.—A large number of persons were arrested for committing robberies.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 13.

The Washington *Patriot*, the organ of the Democratic Congressional Committee, of yesterday morning, has an opening editorial in favor of the proposition that the Democracy shall unite in the support of a conservative Republican ticket, and promises further attention to the matter. This course is understood to have been taken after full deliberation with many leading Democrats. The *Patriot* indicates that it will support a movement to secure the co-operation of such Republicans as Senator Sumner, and says, "the Senator from Massachusetts would bring with him a force which would command gratitude. The concentration of the negro vote is the great weapon on which the centralists and their candidate rely, and Mr. Sumner, and perhaps one other eminent man to whose name in this connection, till his own views are more definitely expressed, we hesitate even distantly to refer, are they who, of all others, can wrench that weapon from their hand, nor could he better supplement his [illegible] of devotion to this emancipated race than by rescuing them from the new thraldom in which they are plunged, the fruit of a fear within and a falsehood without.—The freedmen would have no fear from any movement in which men like Mr. Sumner co-operated, and, instead of being moved in masses, as they are now, would find themselves as independent as white men—free to act and think for themselves."

WASHINGTON, Nov. 13.

It has been telegraphed north to-night that the President has under consideration the necessity of placing certain counties in Northwestern Georgia under restrictions like those imposed upon certain South Carolina counties.

The Grand Jury indicted Congressman Stokes from Tennessee, for defrauding the Government.

LOUISVILLE, Oct. 13.

A family named Parks, consisting of father, mother and son aged 10, daughters aged 17 and 15, were found murdered and terribly mutilated. There is no clue.

POTTSVILLE, PA., Nov 13.

Three children hunting coal in an old pit suffocated to death.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 13.

Charleston News prints a report of the action of a caucus of the colored members of the State Legislature held in the past week. The caucus resolved to make no appropriations this coming session for the payment of the interest on the State debt, and declared themselves in favor of repudiation of both the old and the new debt of the State.

ST. LOUIS, Nov. 13.

John P. Flanagan having sufferred pecuniary losses, and resolved to kill himself and family, chloroformed them. His wife recovered from the stupor and discovered her husband driving nails into the childrens' heads. She disarmed her husband, but the children are dead.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 15.

Gen. W. W. Allen, Adjutant General of Alabama, has been successful in obtaining the arms due that State. The arms are of approved pattern.

Louis H. Mayer is appointed Assessor of First Alabama District.

ATLANTA, Nov. 15.

The Legislature, yesterday, elected by an overwhelming majority Hon. Thomas. M. Norwood, moderate Democrat, of Savannah Georgia, to the United States Senate.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 15.

The Agricultural Department is preparing seeds seasonable for the South. A supply may be obtained by application to the agents of Departments or through members of Congress.—Distributions will be gratuitous, but the Department wants some guarentee that the seed will not be wasted.

NASHVILLE, Nov. 15.

An oil well, thirty miles from Nashville, flows one hundred gallons per day.

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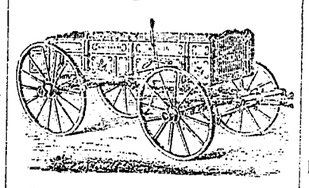

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P. ROWAN.
Jacksonville March 11 1871.

THE CAUSE AND CURE OF CONSUMPTION.

The primary cause of Consumption is derangement of the digestive organs. This derangement produces deficient nutrition and assimilation. By assimilation I mean that process by which the nutriment of the food is converted into blood, and thence into the solids of the body. Persons with digestion thus impaired, having the slightest predisposition to pulmonary disease, or if they take cold, will be very liable to have Consumption of the Lungs in some of its forms; and I hold that it will be impossible to cure any case of Consumption without first restoring a good digestion and healthy assimilation. The very first thing to be done is to cleanse the stomach and bowels from all diseased mucus and slime, which is clogging these organs so that they cannot perform their functions, and then rouse up and restore the liver to a healthy action. For this purpose the surest and best remedy is Schenck's Mandrake Pills. These Pills clean the stomach and bowels of all the dead and morbid slime that is causing disease and decay in the whole system. They will clear out the liver of all diseased bile that has accumulated there, and rouse it up to a new and healthy action, by which natural and healthy bile is secreted.

The stomach, bowels, and liver are thus cleansed by the use of Schenck's Mandrake Pills; but there remains in the stomach an excess of acid, the organ is torpid and the appetite poor. In the bowels the lacteals are weak, and requiring strength and support. It is in a condition like this that Schenck's Seaweed Tonic proves to be the most valuable remedy ever discovered. It is alkaline, and its use will neutralize all excess of acid, making the stomach sweet and fresh; it will give permanent tone to this important organ, and create a good, hearty appetite, and prepare the system for the first process of a good digestion, and ultimately make good, healthy, living blood. After this preparatory treatment, what remains to cure most cases of Consumption is the free and persevering use of Schenck's Pulmonic Syrup. The Pulmonic Syrup nourishes the system, purifies the blood, and is readily absorbed into the circulation, and thence distributed to the diseased lungs. There it ripens all morbid matters, whether in the form of abscesses or tubercles; and then assists Nature to expel all the diseased matter, in the form of free expectoration, when once it ripens. It is then, by the great healing and purifying properties of Schenck's Pulmonic Syrup, that all ulcers and cavities are healed up sound, and my patient is cured.

The essential thing to be done in curing Consumption is to get up a good appetite and a good digestion, so that the body will grow in flesh and get strong. If a person has diseased lungs—a cavity or abscess there—the cavity cannot heal, the matter cannot ripen, so long as the system is below par. What is necessary to cure is a new order of things—a good appetite, a good nutrition, the body to grow in flesh and get fat; then Nature is helped, the cavities will heal, the matter will ripen and be thrown off in large quantities, and the person regain health and strength. This is the true and only plan to cure Consumption, and if a person is very bad, if the lungs are not entirely destroyed, or even if one lung is entirely gone, if there is enough vitality left in the other to heal up, there is hope.

I have seen many persons cured with only one lung, live and enjoy life to a good old age. This is what Schenck's Medicines will do to cure Consumption. They will clean out the stomach, sweeten and strengthen it, get up a good digestion, and give Nature the assistance she needs to clear the system of all the disease that is in the lungs, whatever the form may be.

It is important that while using Schenck's Medicines, care should be exercised not to take cold; keep in-doors in cold and damp weather; avoid night air, and take out-door exercise only in a genial and warm sunshine.

I wish it distinctly understood that when I recommend a patient to be careful in regard to taking cold, while using my Medicines, I do so for a special reason. A man who has but partially recovered from the effects of a bad cold is far more liable to a relapse than one who has been entirely cured; and it is precisely the same in regard to Consumption. So long as the lungs are not perfectly healed, just so long is there imminent danger of a full return of the disease. Hence it is that I so strenuously caution pulmonary patients against exposing themselves to an atmosphere that is not genial and pleasant. Confirmed Consumptives' lungs are a mass of sores, which the least change of atmosphere will inflame. The grand secret of my success with my Medicines consists in my ability to subdue inflammation instead of provoking it, as many of the faculty do. An inflamed lung cannot, with safety to the patient, be exposed to the biting blasts of Winter or the chilling winds of Spring or Autumn. It should be carefully shielded from all irritating influences. The utmost caution should be observed in this particular, as without it a cure under almost any circumstances is an impossibility.

The person should be kept on a wholesome and nutritious diet, and all the Medicines continued until the body has restored to it the natural quality of flesh and strength.

I was myself cured by this treatment of the worst kind of Consumption, and have lived to get fat and hearty these many years, with one lung mostly gone. I have cured thousands since, and very many have been cured by this treatment whom I have never seen.

About the First of October I expect to take possession of my new building, at the North-east Corner of Sixth and Arch Streets, where I shall be pleased to give advice to all who may require it.

Full directions accompany all my Remedies, so that a person in any part of the world can be readily cured by a strict observance of the same.

J. H. SCHENCK, M. D.
Philadelphia.

John F. Henry & College Place New York Wholesale Agents.
Sep16—1871.

J. M. CARROLL,

RESPECTFULLY Calls the attention of the public to his **STOCK OF DRY GOODS,** Ready made Clothing, Boots and Shoes, Hardware, Crockery, Coffee and Sugar, Fine Chewing & Smoking Tobacco &c.

And the attention of the young ladies is especially called to his **SWITCHES & SASH RIBBONS.**

Call and examine for yourselves. His clerk is an obliging and accommodating young man, takes pleasure in waiting on his customers.

He tenders his thanks to the public for past patronage, and hope for a continuance of the same.

aug5 1871—tf.

Notice to Creditors of Estate of John K. Clark, dec'd.

LETTERS Testamentary on the above named Estate, having been granted to the undersigned by the Probate Court of Calhoun county, Alabama, on the 10th day of January, 1871: therefore all persons having claims against said estate are hereby notified to present them to me, legally authenticated, within the time prescribed by law, or they will be barred.

CATHARINE M. CLARK,
Executrix of said Estate.
Sept. 23, 1871.—6t.

Administrator's Notice.

LETTERS of Administration upon the Estate of David E. Hawkins, deceased, having been granted to the undersigned by the Probate Court of Calhoun county, Ala. on the 15th day of Sept. 1871; notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against said estate, to present them to me, legally authenticated, within the time prescribed by law, or they will be barred; and all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment.

LAWRENCE P. HAWKINS, Adm.
Sept 23, 1871.—6t.

LOCAL COLUMN.

The exhibition at the Female Academy by the Reading Society was the best of the kind we have had in Jacksonville for a long time, and those who were not present missed a rare intellectual treat. It was given for the purpose of raising funds for the benefit of the Academy, and we were sorry to see so slim an attendance. When we consider the purpose for which it was given and the character of the exhibition, it becomes really a matter of reproach to Jacksonville that so few of her citizens turned out. The audience present, though small, was appreciative, as evinced in hearty applause more than once. We say to the society not to become discouraged. Their next public reading will be *largely* attended, since people have found out what they can do to entertain. We like that sentiment of Miss Snow's wherein she expressed a determination *never* to give over until funds sufficient were raised to put the Academy in proper repair. The proceeds of the evening amounted to about $20 00. It should have been $100 00 at the very least.

DISTRESSING ACCIDENT.—On Wednesday evening a little girl, eleven years of age, the child of Taylor DeArman, living about two miles from Jacksonville, was killed under the following circumstances: For some time, the fire that has been raging in the mountains east of us, had threatened Mr. DeArman's steam saw mill, and had got into a pile of slabs near the same. The little girl had gone down to the mill to tell the hands that dinner was ready; and was standing looking at the fire in the slabs and knitting, when a chestnut sapling that was on fire, fell, and struck her across the temple and forehead, breaking her skull and killing her instantly. The part of the sapling that struck her was not larger than a man's wrist. The accident is the saddest that has occurred in Jacksonville for years, and the afflicted parent has the heartfelt sympathy of our entire community. Another child of Mr. DeArman, a little boy, was standing very near his sister and made a very narrow escape from death.

OUR LOSS IS HIS GAIN.—This week we graduate H. L. FRAZIER, an apprentice, who has served faithfully with us now two years, September last; and in sending him adrift to take his chances in the world, we think it due him to say that a more gentlemanly, well behaved, industrious faithful young man, we have never had under tutelage. The newspaper Proprietor that has the good fortune to secure his services, will find in him a young man free from the vices *incident* to his age and calling—temperate, sober, mindful of the interests of his employer, and in every way to be trusted. Smooth sailing and prosperity to him, say we.

We direct attention to the Prospectus of the Cincinnati Enquirer, and would recommend the paper to those of our subscribers who want a first class Democratic paper from that section. The Enquirer is one of our most valued exchanges and we are under obligation to the Proprietors for exchanging this valuable daily with *our* weekly.

MR GRANT.—Some time ago I saw it suggested that the radicals, who have played out in Calhoun, come forward and be put to use in filling up the old well on the square. I as one of the invited sufferers, beg leave to suggest that the defeated candidates in the late Democratic hurdle race, come forward and in their turn become useful as material for filling up the old well.

P. S. Those who have paid up their election liabilities are to be exempt. When a man pays up and quits, he has done "well" enough.

W. W. J.

For some days this week the boys have had them a high old time riding around the ring on the wooden horses of an individual, who has a number of them that he sends flying around very rapidly, by means of machinery. It created a great deal of amusement the first day.

It is said the stores were closed in Gadsden, when it passed through that place, and that Kyle, Hollingsworth, Ike Moragne and others almost fought about who should ride first. Jake Whisenant will do our fighting for this. He was there and saw the whole thing.

LeGrand & Co., Montgomery.

We have purchased Dry Goods and Groceries from this excellent and extensive House, and found articles of good quality and prices low. With reliable clerks of business capacity, everything is conducted with lockwork system. We assure our friends in this section of the State that LeGrand & Co. will make it their interest to deal with them. They will sell them Goods and Groceries upon as good if not better terms than they can purchase, paying expenses in New York or New Orleans. Give them a call this winter when in Montgomery, and satisfy yourselves that these things are so.

The friends and acquaintances of our young friend, and former townsman, Walter Caldwell, will find him in this house.

For some days past the fires have been sweeping the mountains east of Jacksonville. This is a regular occurrence every Fall and causes no uneasiness; but everybody having read so much of the Western fires lately, "our" conflagration is viewed with more interest than usual, this time.

The call for meeting of the members of Hiram Lodge, No. 42, appeared in our last, without day of meeting specified. The day is next Monday the 20th. All members are urgently requested to attend. Each one is interested for himself, for the business that will be transacted will vitally affect every member.

We are indebted to Mrs. Alex. Woods for a sack of very large and fine turnips. Three, picked at random from the lot, weighed eleven and a half pounds. This estimable lady can always make a finer show in the way of early fruits, flowers and vegetables than any one we know of. If any of our friends think they can beat the turnips we have spoken of, they are cordially invited to send them around.

The minutes of the Boiling Springs Association have just been finished and will be delivered immediately to the Clerk. The minutes of the Tallassatchee Association will be ready for delivery to the Clerk, in two or three days at the uttermost.

We are indebted to Mr. Stewart, our recently elected and worthy County Commissioner, for several cash subscribers from Ladiga. Will not other of our friends, at other post offices, lay us under similar obligations. Every subscriber might now and then speak a good word for the REPUBLICAN.

FOR SALE.—A fine milch cow, that will calve in two or three weeks, will be sold for $25,00, if application is made soon. Enquire at this office.

nov18—3t,

EDITORS OF THE REPUBLICAN.

Gentlemen:—I see in the last issue that a reputed Notary Public is elected for the Alexandria Beat, whose jurisdiction is coextensive with the county. How does this come to pass? What rights has the Alexandria over other Beats?

CITIZENS.

This week in response to the request of many of our subscribers, we give the official returns of the election in this county.

On Wednesday, the child of a negro woman staying with Durham McClelen, died in about three hours after it was attacked with sickness. The mother who was off at work somewhere was informed that her child was sick. She took it in her arms as soon as she arrived at home, and bore it to Dr. Crow, who informed her that the child was dying. The cause of its death is unascertained. The mother would not allow *post mortem* examination. Had one been made some light might have been thrown on a disease which has carried off several infants in this part of our State, recently.

MONEY.

ALL persons indebted to E. L. Woodward & Son or E. L. Woodward's Son are requested to call and make payment at once. The money due them is needed.

LADIGA LOCALS.

Business has been quite lively in our little town for several days past. A great number of wagons have been coming in, bringing cotton and country produce of various kinds—nearly all kinds bought in our market. There is a considerable quantity of cotton shipped from this point, and our merchants keep always a general assortment of Groceries and Merchandise Old Simeon, in giving you a description of our place, neglected to mention our cabinet shop.

I see that the Local of Cross Plains boasts of their many fine schools, their bright faced children, competent teachers and patrons so willing to pay tuition. Hurrah for Cross Plains! It looks as if the whole town would turn to good schools. Schools and churches are the life of a place.

We have no church building in our town, but we have an excellent school house that is used occasionally for purposes of worship. We also have a school in progress and an excellent teacher, and so far as bright faced children are concerned we always have them on hand, and greenbacks *always* ready when tuition is called for.

Well old Rock has been living in this unfriendly world nearly forty years, but he has never witnessed such electioneering as was for Beat officers on Tuesday, at Cross Plains, by the colored people. An old freedman who has been working with me for four years, came up shortly after I reached the polls. About six freedmen surrounded and commenced about as follows:

"How you do uncle. I'se so glad to see you here to-day—got your ticket yet—how is you going to vote?"

"Well I can't tell you; I don't know all de men what's runnin'," responds the old man.

"Well den jis let me tell you one man—"

(Another speaking)—"Now you des hold on. I can tell him de berry man—"

(Another speaking)—"Hold on now gemmen. I can ser him up square on de punchin wid a ticket."

(First darkey speaking;)—"I spoke fust uncle. I got a keg of bust-head not fur from dis place—"

(Another speaking.)—"Yes, I got som good old corn-in-de-shuck right here in my pocket."

"Look here, now, men, lem'e, lem'e loose. I wants none of your bust-head nor corn-in-de- shuck—lem'e loose I say," and the old man pulling loose, made his way to the polls and voted—

Not long since there was a rough looking customer passed through our town, going to parts unknown by gravel train. He called to some little boys who were playing marbles and enquired how far to the next station.

"Des two miles and a half by the dirt woad and two miles by de waill woad," was the rejoinder.

"What is the name of the station?" enquired the stranger.

"Ambersonville."

"It is as large a place as this?"

"Well da may be da mos houses over dar; but dase a *heap de mos greenbacks here.*"

ROCK.

OXFORD LOCALS.

Receipts of cotton for the present week has been comparatively light. Yesterday and to-day, however, the receipts has been large. Prices ranging from 16¼ to 16¾. 'Tis selling readily at 16¼ @ 16⅝ to day (Thursday). Our merchants seem anxious to buy.

MARRIED—Near Oxford, at the residence of the bride's father, by the Rev W. M. Taylor, Mr. J. P. Ford and Miss R. I. Murphy. All of Calhoun county.

REMARKABLE FACT.—There are two brothers (twins) in our little town, about ten years of age, who are so much alike that their own father cannot tell one from the other. This is certainly very remarkable—yet no less true. It is said by some who are with them very frequently that they can distinguish one from the other by looking at them very closely. Their mother dresses them just alike all the while. There is not, as a general thing, more than one pound difference in their weights.

We are succeeding very well with our subscription to the East Alabama and Cincinnati R. R. and the amount necessary to make Oxford a fixed point on this road will soon be forthcoming. Secure this and Oxford must soon bask beneath the cheering rays of prosperity. Secure this and all her institutions must prosper. Secure this and our chances for the Georgia Western R. R. is almost certain.

Much credit is due to our worthy and esteemed fellow citizen Dr. Henry Snow, for his untiring energy and efforts to secure this great and important enterprise. We are glad to know that he has the hearty cooperation of our good citizens in this great and important work.

Over coats, blankets and good fires, have been in great demand for the last two or three days.

"BRICK."

CROSS PLAINS LOCALS.

The election passed off quietly. No disturbances or brawls on our streets, like we have known on similar occasions. I believe *all* the *town Candidates* were defeated; in honor of which, some of the young folks "got up" a burlesque party, which they held in the Institute, by permission of the Principal. The season of parties being thus opened, many more will probably follow.

Mr. James Price, one of our oldest citizens, died Monday, the 13th, at 3 o'clock a m. His remains were carried by his family to their burying ground some miles from Jacksonville. The relatives have our warmest sympathy in their bereavements.

Business is tolerably lively, yet the extreme scarcity of money is felt by all. It reminds me forcibly of a jingling verse I've heard:—

This world is very funny, fanny,
But if you've got the money, *money*,
You'll slide, yes slick as butter'd honey,
Or the tongue of a newly fledged attorney.

Speaking of scarcity, we may mention butter, as having become quite a rarcity. The market does not afford enough to supply half the wants. Our merchants will probably remedy this by bringing supplies from the West. I would like to ask right here, if all the "pats" of butter, should necessarily be "done up" in green (s)?

(After long and patient study, over the above p(a)ragraphic query of our correspondent, we have come to the conclusion that it must have remote reference to our Irish paddies and the Emerald Isle—their native cumbric, and we give the result of our research to save the brains of our subscribers from over work.

ED. REP.

We have heard that our people will hereafter have to attend Justices Court at Ladiga, all the beat officers elect now live on that side of the beat.. Maral—never run too many candidates in the same town, at the same time and for the same office.

The ominous roar of the wind in the mountains has been succeeded by weather calculated

"To pinch the traveler's toes
And wring the Schoolboy's nose."

ALEXANDRIA LOCALS.

There came in last week after our paper had gone to press, and consequently did not appear last week—the week for which they were intended. [ED REP.]

OFF TO MONTGOMERY.—Mr. John M. Crook left to-day for Montgomery. He goes there for the purpose of attending the Baptist State Convention.

ACCIDENT.—Mr. Ed. Lipscomb shot his sister last Tuesday, while preparing his gun for a hunt. We learn she was not seriously injured.

The election passed off quietly on the 7th. None of the "*bein joufull*" on hand until after the polls were closed, then a few of the "15th amendments," partook freely; after which many wild words, but no *violence*.

The doctors are at present complaining of the "distressingly" healthy condition of the Valley. We can't say whether it is distressing or not; but 'tis surely healthy, for the M. D's. do nothing but "loaf."

The farmers of our Valley are not putting much cotton on the market this week; all waiting for better prices which they seem confident will soon come. Only 18 bales sold here this week at 16@ 16¼.

SUCCESSOR.

Pay Your

SUBSCRIPTION.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

IMPAIRED VITALITY.—When you feel as if the vital powers were giving away, strength gone, spirits depressed, memory failing, appetite lost, exhaustion stealing over every sense and paralyzing every energy, then is the time to resort to that powerful ally of nature, DR. WALKER'S VINEGAR BITTERS. The properties they embody soon work a glorious renovation in the debilitated system and the clouded mind.

THE ATMOSPHERE OF LOVE.—Is a pure sweet breath. This desideratum is one of the results of using Sozodont which not only invigorates and preserves the teeth, but renders the mouth as fragrant as a rose.

CHILDREN'S LIVES SAVED FOR 50 CTS.—Every case of Croup can be cured when first taken, by Dr. Tobias' Venetian Liniment, warranted for 24 years, and never a bottle returned. It also cures Diarrhœa, Dysentery, Colic, Sore Throat, Cuts, Burns and external pains. Sold by the Druggists, Depot 10 Park Place, New York.

THE BEST COSMETIC.—Burnett's Kalliston produces a fresh complexion, removes tan and freckles, and imparts a velvety softness to the skin. Results attending exposure to our changeable climate upon the skin, may be entirely obviated by its use. For sale by all Druggists.

PRATT'S ASTRAL OIL.—Not the Cheapest, but Safest and Best Illuminating Oil for family use ever made. Burns in the ordinary kerosene lamp. Does not take fire, nor explode if the lamp is upset and broken. Send for Circular, Oil House of Charles Pratt established 1770, New York.

RISLEY'S LINIMENT—Of Arnica Hops Carbolic Acid, acts as a universal external cure-all, acting on the nerves connected with the skin. It promptly relieves Neuralgia Pains. Cleanses and cures old sores and ulcers, flesh wounds, burns, bruises, sprains, &c. Sold everywhere at 50 cents. Morgan & Risley, Wholesale Druggists, New York. General Agents.

LAIRDS' BLOOM OF YOUTH.—A most delightful toilet preparation for beautifying the skin, has been established over ten years; during that time over one million ladies have used it; in every instance it has given entire satisfaction; it removes all imperfections, tans, freckles and sunburns, giving the skin a youthful appearance Sold at all Druggists and Fancy Goods Stores. Depot 5 Gold Street, New York.

THANKS TO THE TIMELY DISCOVERY of Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup, the hearts of many parents have been made glad by witnessing the beneficial effects, which this remedy never fails to produce the critical period of teething.

CARBOLIC SALVE.—Nothing like it ever known before. Cures cuts, burns, sores, wounds, &c, like magic. Physicians Speak of it in terms of the highest praise. Price 25 cents per box. John F. Henry sole Proprietor, 8 College Place, New York.

PHYSICIANS who have prescribed Swaynia or Purified Opium use no other form of Opium in their practice.

CRISTADORO'S HAIR DYE.—If all his hairs were lives, Othello said, "my great revenge hath stomach for them all." But hair hat's grey or sandy, white or red, the ladies have no stomach for at all. Use Christadoro's Dye and the evil is remedied. Manufactory, 68 Maiden Lane, New York.

THE PUREST and Sweetest Cod Liver Oil in the world is Hazard & Caswell's made on the sea-shore, from fresh, selected livers, by Caswell, Hazard & Co. New York. It is absolutely pure and sweet. Patients who have once taken it prefer it to all others. Physicians have decided it superior to any of the other oils in the market.

JOUVIN'S Inodorus Kid Glove Cleaner restores soiled gloves equal to new. For sale by Druggists and Fancy Goods Dealers.—Price 25 cents per bottle. F. C. Wells & Co., New York.

nov6-4t.

Trust What Time has Sanctioned.

The maxim that the voice of the people is the voice of the divinity, may in some case be open to doubt, but the testimony of honest and enlightened witnesses extending through a series of years, and all to the same purport, is worty of credence, admits of no question. Upon such testimony the reputation of Hostetter's Stomach Bitters as an antidote and cure for many ailments is based. During the twenty years that it has been before the world, innumerable preparations intended to compet with it, having gone up like rockets, and come down the extinguished sticks. Meanwhile the progress of that incomparable tonic has been swift and steady—always upward and onward like the eagel's flight. Its introduction produces a revolution in thorapeusis, and it proved to be one of those salutary revolutions that cannot go backwards To day Hostetter's Bitters is one of the most popular remedies in cheristendom and commands a large sale than any other medicinal preparation, domestic or imported, on this side of the Atlantic. As a cure for dyspepsia, billious disorders, nervious affections, general debility; and as a preventive of epidemic fevers, it takes precedence of every other remedy. This fact should teach the ambitious country dealers who endeavor to to foist their local abortions on the public in its stead, how futile their small attempts to cajole the community must necessarily be. Where the game fish have failed there is no chance for the "suckers."

A REALLY GOOD INVENTION

It is very seldom we commend to the public in this way patent improvements and iventions, which belong more properly to our advertising columns. What we have to commend, however, so deeply concerns the health, happiness and comfort of our American women, that we make no apology for giving it our most emphatic approval and endorsement. The invention referred to is the great American Washer, which is claimed to be in every conceivable respect superior to any other "washer" extant. It is the smallest, most compact, most portable, most easily operated, and is not at all liable to get out of order. Its construction is so simple, that even a child can be successfully taught to operate in an incredibly short time.

Some of the most prominent and desirable features in this washer which is an improvement in itself, are worthy of especial commendation. They are these: It is always ready for use; there is no adjusting; no screws to confuse and annoy, and no delay whatever in adapting it. Everything seems to have been done that ingenuity could suggest; and in our estimation it is simply a practical sensible and beautiful invention, and only requires to be appreciated, which cannot fail to please the rest of the most fastidious.—*Philadelphia Weekly Press.*

Womans' Rights.—One who has long studied this absorbing subject now presents to the woman of our country the result o. this investigations. He is happy to say that he has at last discovered "Woman's Best Friend." It is adapted, especially, to those cases where the womb is disordered, and will cure any irregularity of the "menses." Dr J. Bradfield's Female Regulator acts like a charm in "whites," or in a sudden check of the "monthly courses" from cold trouble of mind, or like causes, by restoring the discharge in every instance. So also in chronic cases its action is prompt and decisive, and saves the constitution from countless evils and premature decay. This valuable preparation is for sale at $1.50 per bottle by all respectable Druggist in the land. Prepared and sold by L. H. Bradfield, Druggist, Atlanta, Ga. A thousand women testify to its merits.

October 7 3m

NOTICE.

The members of the Agricultural Society of Calhoun County, Alabama, are most respectfully requested to attend an extra session of this body, to be held in the Court House, on the 2nd Saturday before the second Sabbath in November next, at 11 o'clock A. M., to attend to important business.

E. T. READ,
Cor. Sec'y. Agr'l. Soc. Calhoun county Ala

Official Return of the Vote of Calhoun County,

Cast at an Election held November 7th 1871.

CANDIDATES.	Jacksonville,	Alexandria,	Jane Bug,	Maddox,	Polkville,	Peeks Mill,	Oak Grove,	Waldens Shop,	Cross Plains,	Ballard Town,	White Plains,	Davisville,	Oxford,	Sulphur Springs,	Totals.
For Co Treasurer.															
J S Montgomery,	86	10	5	1	0	1	0	15	55	1	4	6	10	2	196
Joshua Draper,	102	136	18	46	5	61	17	12	66	26	68	66	229	34	886
B C Wyly,	142	22	0	0	10	2	6	11	22	8	6	24	51	3	307
J B Turnley,	66	90	3	3	5	29	0	4	48	3	6	24	51	3	307
T S Neighbors,	84	17	24	41	40	19	27	76	85	21	39	00	49	27	549
For Sheriff.															
C P Read,	172	57	28	16	7	39	38	82	71	5	17	4	49	2	587
W C Crow,	98	2	0	1	1	4	0	2	37	0	2	00	00	00	116
John A Cobb,	44	7	5	64	2	27	2	3	111	23	13	62	183	5	551
D W Warlick,	160	26	11	0	1	1	1	31	37	8	27	17	97	6	429
M Patterson,	31	187	5	10	49	42	3	0	17	16	11	11	17	59	460
M Whiteside.	13	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	9	8	102	12	10	60	155
For Tax Collector															
Thos. P Savage,	70	7	3	6	8	3	0	43	161	1	4	6	27	2	339
H P Whitesides,	103	9	11	17	3	25	8	31	65	48	70	47	87	13	537
D P Williams,	31	23	8	18	6	1	2	11	23	3	56	5	58	7	247
W Woodall,	17	9	0	0	7	45	18	4	3	0	5	1	3	24	136
Seabron Woodruff	40	49	10	31	1	18	4	13	3	1	5	00	86	1	268
E McClelen,	183	176	20	15	36	19	19	14	26	1	9	16	83	26	643
J W McDaniel,	34	3	3	2	1	0	0	1	1	0	17	26	7	00	95
For Tax Assessor.															
M T Jedbetter,	24	51	18	45	11	17	0	5	132	26	43	61	39	14	486
B G McClelen,	136	135	2	1	2	1	6	6	87	4	2	00	11	7	400
Henry Fitz,	208	28	28	30	28	23	35	103	29	5	24	7	42	9	609
A Morgan,	55	11	0	6	1	2	0	1	20	2	98	13	157	4	370
Robert Hasson,	46	48	0	0	5	62	4	3	6	1	2	7	15	24	222
J M Whitesides,	14	1	2	8	3	7	5	0	5	22	3	17	94	12	103
For Co. Com's.															
A M Stewart,	148	27	17	70	8	25	5	47	251	21	101	7	192	00	992
E Teague,	217	33	46	3	13	15	13	58	52	53	14	7	21	00	727
W A Wilson,	144	28	24	13	1	0	1	49	234	15	10	7	21	7	558
Joseph Borden,	255	240	12	88	32	63	48	86	207	45	92	38	311	7	1
D Seiber,	296	102	13	5	7	26	49	79	42	43	38	63	38	4	1
Henry T Snow,	307	182	22	4	2	8	14	37	45	7	101	37	138	18	917
J Y Henderson,	392	266	47	89	61	83	30	92	174	52	151	102	333	71	1943
C W Brewton.	91	197	16	86	39	107	45	1	20	0	39	10	301	43	995
For Co. Coroner															
J H Price,	112	75	9	66	2	62	10	49	258	31	14	4	3	00	695
James Gidley,	224	11	24	17	8	9	1	19	3	13	26	34	18	67	474
S A McCollum,	85	24	11	0	7	34	45	48	7	14	00	22	44	3	544
J H Crawford,	147			0	1				4		97		10		294
D P Forney,				1	1								265		266

ELECTION OF JUSTICES.

PRECINCT No. 1.

FOR JUSTICES.		FOR BAILIFFS.	
D. P. Forney,	171	E. L. Vernon,	71
J. H. Crawford	184	N. F. Wright,	100

PRECINCT No. 2.

S. T. Peace	187	Jas. Briant	154
W. W. Crook,	124	Wm. Kirby	94
S. Linscomb	90		
M. Glenn,	63		

PRECINCT No. 3.

M. W. Woodruff	41	V. Mayfield	36
Jas: Skelton,	41		
Jas. W. Reaves	19		

PRECINCT No. 4.

J. M. Ford,	53	G. W. Clough,	55
Wm. Clough,	62	J. Kirby,	33

PRECINCT No. 5.

B. G. Waddell	25	J. M. Roberts	35
R. P. Serliff,	7		
B. F. Meharg	26		
M. N. Coker	27		
G. W. Waits	1		

PRECINCT No. 6.

Wm. Moody	18	T. Gault,	89
J. A. Glenn,	57		
M. Cochran,	73		
L. M. Cochran	45		

PRECINCT No. 7.

G. W. Landers,	48	John Vansandt	14
Henry McBee,	48	W. D. Adkins	34

PRECINCT No. 8.

W. J. Scott	80	W. A. Neal,	96
J. T. Batey	89		
R. S. Steel	52		

PRECINCT No. 9.

S. Neighbors	65	W. A. Stewart	91
S. Penland	100	M. D. Scott	97
J. J. Wilson,	106	G. E. Reedy	100
J. N. Hood	61		
A. D. Baily	70		

PRECINCT No. 10.

J. C. Watson	50	H. Murry	51
B. O. Ramy	41	S. M. Hannett	3

PRECINCT No. 11.

W. C. Whiteside	85	Geo. McCerly	74
S. T. Rhodes	108	J. M. Smith	63
P. M. Watson	58	E. Cobb,	1
Bery Britt	38		
Elias Cobb	1		

PRECINCT No. 12.

John Ross	99	R. A. Scott	97
J. B. Malley	98		

PRECINCT No. 13.

C. G. Morgan	268	J. M. Hays	167
Jas. Kely	264	W. F. Mitchell	101

PRECINCT No. 14.

J. B. Ingram	25	J. N. Phillips	49
Wm. Martin	43	P. R. Hess	00
Sol Poe	9	H. Vincent	00
J. V. Henderson	14	R. Crow	9
P. N. Acker	32		

During the three months, Fever-and-ague that scourge of our rich bottom-lands, issues forth. The immediate cause of this malady is probably the moist exhalations that arise from decomposing vegetable substances. But there are also secondary and predisposing causes. The weather prevalent at this season, although not, indeed, so intensely cold as that of winter, is more chilling and more depressing. The effect of such weather is to reduce the measures of vital force, and thus to render the system more liable to succumb to diseases.—Endemic diseases is just now, like a bold enemy, advancing swiftly upon our position, and like a *skillful* enemy, he will not fail to elect the weak points; let us with equal skill *fortify* the weak points—fortify them by the use of a stimulating and invigorating tonic such as Dr. Fish's Bitters. The soundness of this theory is strickingly illustrated by the fact that it is by no means every inhabitant, even of the most insalubrious districts, who yields to the foe. It conquers some but not all. The reasons is simple. Some their frames *already* fortified by nature's one great tonic, nutrishing food, are, strong enough to resist the surrounding poisonous influences, to which others, who man in sufficient digesting faculty has in a great measure cut off from this source of strength, readily succumb. Now Dr. Fitch's Bitters strengthens digestion, and thus enables the only real panacea, FOOD, to so invigorate the system that it can repel the attack of malarial diseases. Moreover, taken as directed, this Medicine is an infallible *cure* for Fever-and ague, and for all forms of Intermittent Fever.

Oct. 28. 4t.

Good News.

That greatest of Living Remedies, Globe Flower Cough Syrup is now sold in your Town, so that all may test its great virtues. It contains no Opium in any form, nor any other *poison*. It positively cures CONSUMPTION! Asthma, Bronchietis, Croup, Whooping Cough, Sore Throat, Oppression of the chest and spitting of blood. *It is legally warranted* to cure, so that none can be humbugged by it. Just try it and be convinced. Sold by Dr. Nisbet.

apr29 1871—6m.

SPECIAL COMMUNICATION HIRAM LODGE NO. 42.

There will be a special communication of Hiram Lodge No. 42, at Jacksonville Ala., at 2. P. M., Monday, Nov. A. D. 1871. Each and every brother, is earnestly and specially requested to attend, as urgent business of importance demands a prompt and full attendance.

J. B. TURNLEY, Sec'y.

Look Out!!!

for the impurieties of the blood during the Summer months, and the long train of terrible diseases which follow. Pemberton's Compound Extract of Stillengia purifies the blood, cures Scrofula in its worst forms, cures Rheumatism, Syphilis and Gout and removes all Mercurial and venerial taint from the system. It is legally warranted to cure. Sold by Dr. Nisbet.

apr29 1871—6m

W. C. LAND,

The oldest watch maker in the State (near 40 years at the bench,) still in Jacksonville, to repair all good watches that may be brought in. No brass or oreide watches need be brought in to be fixed.

nov11 1871—tf.

A CARD.

After Tuesday the 31st of October, the **Tennessee House** will be closed for the purpose of being entirely refloddied. It will be opened again as soon as finished with new appointments throughout; after which the proprietor hopes to merit more fully the liberal patronage heretofore received.

J. A. STANSBURY,
Proprietor.

Rome, Ga. October 30th, 1871.

nov18—tf.

Notice.

All parties indebted to me will please come forward and pay up *at once*, as I have closed out my entire stock, and wish to close up my books.

W. H. MORRIS.

Office at Montgomery Bros.

nov4—3t.

Ayer's Cathartic Pills,

For all the purposes of a Laxative Medicine.

Perhaps no one medicine is so universally required by everybody as a cathartic, nor was ever any before so universally adopted into use, in every country and among all classes, as this mild but efficient purgative *Pill*. The obvious reason is, that it is a more reliable and far more effectual remedy than any other. Those who have tried it, know that it cures them; those who have not, know that it cures their neighbors and friends; and all know that what it does once it does always—that it never fails through any fault or neglect of its composition. We have thousands upon thousands of certificates of their remarkable cures of the following complaints, but such cures are known in every neighborhood, and we need not publish them. Adapted to all ages and conditions in all climates; containing neither calomel nor any deleterious drug, they may be taken with safety by anybody. Their sugar-coating preserves them ever fresh, and makes them pleasant to take, while being purely vegetable, no harm can arise from their use in any quantity.

They operate by their powerful influence on the internal viscera to purify the blood and stimulate it into healthy action—remove the obstructions of the stomach, bowels, liver, and other organs of the body, restoring their irregular action to health, and by correcting, wherever they exist, such derangements as are the first origin of disease.

Minute directions are given in the wrapper on the box, for the following complaints, which these *Pills* rapidly cure:—

For **Dyspepsia** or **Indigestion, Listlessness, Languor** and **Loss of Appetite**, they should be taken moderately to stimulate the stomach, and restore its healthy tone and action.

For **Liver Complaint** and its various symptoms, **Bilious Headache, Sick Headache, Jaundice** or **Green Sickness, Bilious Colic** and **Bilious Fevers**, they should be judiciously taken for each case, to correct the diseased action or remove the obstructions which cause it.

For **Dysentary** or **Diarrhœa**, but one mild dose is generally required.

For **Rheumatism, Gout, Gravel, Palpitation of the Heart, Pain in the Side, Back** and **Loins**, they should be continuously taken, as required, to change the diseased action of the system. With such change those complaints disappear.

For **Dropsy** and **Dropsical Swellings** they should be taken in large and frequent doses to produce the effect of a drastic purge.

For **Suppression** a large dose should be taken as it produces the desired effect by sympathy.

As a *Dinner Pill*, take one or two *Pills* to promote digestion and relieve the stomach.

An occasional dose stimulates the stomach and bowels into healthy action, restores the appetite, and invigorates the system. Hence it is often advantageous where no serious derangement exists. One who feels tolerably well, often finds that a dose of these *Pills* makes him feel decidedly better, from their cleansing and renovating effect on the digestive apparatus.

Dr. J. C. AYER & CO., Practical Chemists,
LOWELL, MASS., U. S. A.

NEW LIVERY STABLE

The undersigned takes pleasure in notifying his friends, and the

PUBLIC GENERALLY

that he has opened the stables formerly known as the Alexander Stables, North East from the Court House.

HE IS PREPARED TO HIRE

Hacks, Wagons, Buggies, and Horses at the following schedule of prices:

Two-horse hacks and driver per day	$6,00.
Two-horse wagon and driver per day	$5,00
Buggy and horse per day	$3,00.
Single Buggy per day	$2,00.
Single Horse per day	$2,00.

He will also feed and take care of stock charges to be paid when the stock is taken from the stable. Terms cash, only.

RICHARD WEAVER,

aug12—71.

THE AMERICAN WASHER.

PRICE, $5 50,

The American Washer Saves Money, Time, and Drudgery.

The Fatigue of Washing Day no Longer Dreaded, but Economy, Efficiency, and Clean Clothing, Sure.

In calling public attantion to this little machine, a few of the invaluable qualities, (not possessed by any other washing machine yet invented,) are here enumerated.

It is the smallest, most compact, most portable, most simple in construction, most easily operated. A child ten years old, with a few hours' practice, can thoroughly comprehend and effectually use it. There is no adjusting, no screws to annoy, no delay in adapting! It is always ready for use! It is a perfect little wonder! It is a miniature giant, doing more work and of a better finish, than the most elaborate and costly. One half of the labor is fully saved by its use, and the clothes will last one-third longer than by the old plan of the rub board. It will wash the largest blanket. Three shirts at a time, washing thoroughly! In a word, ablution of any fabric, from a Quilt to a Lace Curtain or Cambric Handkerchief, are equally within the capacity of this LITTLE GEM! It can be fastened to any time and taken off at will.

No matter how deep Rooted a prejudice may exist against Washing Machines, the moment this little machine is seen to perform its wonders, all doubts of its cleansing efficacy and utility are banished, and the doubter and detractor at once become the fast friends of the machine.

We have testimonials without end, setting forth its numerous advantages over all others and from hundreds who have thrown aside the unwieldy, useless machines, which have signally failed to accomplish the object promised in prominent and loud sounding advertisements.

It is as perfect for washing as a wringer is for wringing. The price another paramount inducement to purchasers, has been placed so low that it is within the reach of every housekeeper, and there is no article of domestic economy that will repay the small investment so soon.

$5.50.

All that is asked for this GREAT LABOR SAVER is a fair trial. We guarantee each machine to do its work perfectly.

SOLE AGENTS FOR THE UNITED STATES,

A. H. FRANCISCUS & CO.,

613 Market St., Philadelphia, Pa

The largest and cheapest WOODEG WARE HOUSE in the United States.

nov11 1871—3mo.

Fine Mixed Tulips for Fall!

CHEAPER THAN EVER.

JACKSONVILLE REPUBLICAN.

JACKSONVILLE, ALABAMA.

SATURDAY, NOV. 18th, 1871.

A. & C. Railroad.

The trains have now been running entirely through for some days, from Chattanooga to Meridian. It is now in undisputed possession of the State; but we suppose will be more perfectly so when the sale takes place, which will be necessary under the Bankrupt proceedings. Even if it could be sold to a Northern company for enough to indemnify the State, we see no reason why the whole people of the State may not as well own this incalculably valuable road, as such a company. If it should be purchased by such a company, then the two greatest roads of the State—Selma, Rome and Dalton, and Alabama and Chattanooga would be thus owned; and it would not take them long, by a monopolizing combination, to tax the people of the State, by exhorbitant rates of freight and passage to the amount of ten millions or more; and at the same time give these two roads a controlling influence over all others in the State. By retaining the ownership of the Road, the State would, and ought to have this controlling influence, to prevent imposition upon her people. Besides, it is certain, that properly managed, this immensely valuable Road 300 miles long, would yield a handsome revenue to the State. In answer to the objection that it would not be honestly managed if owned by the State, we say, let the Legislature and Governor require as strict and rigid accountability from all concerned in the management of the Road, as they do of the State Auditor and Treasurer, and we shall hear nothing of stealing. Remember, it will not be in the hands of carpet-bag thieves.

We call the attention of the Governor, Legislature and Press and People of the State to this view of the question; and intend in the future to give our views more at large.

The most significant thing in the political world now, is the recently assumed attitude of the Washington *Patriot* in relation to the support of a moderate Republican by the Democratic party in order to defeat Grant and preserve a remnant of the liberties of the people of this country. The espousal of the scheme by the *Patriot* at once gives it ten fold the importance heretofore attached to it; for the expression of the *Patriot* may be looked upon as the expression of a majority of the Democratic members of Congress, if the endorsement of that paper by the Democratic Congressional Committee means anything. If nothing transpires to utterly change all calculation on the next Presidency, we may regard it as almost certain that "Passivism" will be the Democratic policy in the next race. In the meantime the South will be treated, as a whole, to what South Carolina is now subjected to in part, if we are to judge from the "feelers" the President is now putting out in the shape of telegraphic "rumors" as to his intentions in this particular direction. All this, however, will redound to the injury of the Administration party; for the South is not now prepared, nor, if left quiet, would at the Presidential election be prepared to support, with any enthusiasm a Republican if any stripe—moderate or otherwise. But, if subjected to military rule between now and then, it will be "anything Lord" but Grant, with them, and they will, in spite of bayonets and blue jackets, roll up such a majority for the candidate opposed to Grant—be he Republican Democrat or Devil—as will astonish that gentleman beyond measure.

The Elections.

Elections were held in the following States with the following results, on the same day that election for county officers was held in this State. With the exception of New York, the Democrats have made gains everywhere, and the Democratic defeat there is not regarded as a party triumph by such Republican papers as the *Tribune*. New York will cast her usual Democratic majority in the Presidential election. It was not expected that Massachusetts and such States would go Democratic. We are satisfied with a decreased Radical majority in such States.

In New Jersey the Democrats elected Joel Parker Governor by from 5000 to 6000 majority. In 1870 the Republican majority for Congressmen was 4503. The Radicals have the Legislature in that State.

In Maryland the Democrats made a sweeping victory both in the election of Governor Whyte and Legislature. In Massachusetts Washburne Republican is elected, by a reduced majority.

Minnesota, Republican by a reduced majority. In Illinois there was an election for one Congressman at large. The Republican candidate was elected. Wisconsin has gone Radical by increased majority. The fires don't help things much up there.

Virginia has gone Democratic by a very handsome majority. In Mississippi the negroes, carpet-baggers and scalawags have been successful by a vastly reduced majority, with ballot stuffing and false count to help.

"There will be bayonet rule at the South just so long as the people there follow the teachings of the corrupt Democracy."—*Harrisonburg (Pa.) State Journal.*

This explains the milk in the cocoanut. It is because the South is Democratic that Grant declares martial law and persecutes her people. When the South consents to vote Radical, as Grant wants her to do, then the bayonet will have done its work and be laid aside. But this will never be Mr. *Journal*, and your bayonet rule will have to run, until the friends of liberty in the United States rise up in their might and hurl the Radical tyrants and thieves from place and power and substitute in their stead men of honesty and principle. And the day of retribution is not far off. The honest thinking masses of the country are already becoming aroused, and they are marching right over party lines to the accomplishment of their purposes. The Republican (?) victory in New York has in it nothing that the corrupt Administration at Washington can utter congratulations over.

A Radical saint named Holden—an Alderman of Chicago—has forever endeared himself to his party by stealing $15000,00 of the fund sent to that city, by the charitable, for the relief of the sufferers.

County Elections.

The Democratic ticket was elected in Cleburne County by over two hundred majority.

The Democrats carried Etowah and Cherokee counties.

The Radical ticket was elected in Talladega by something over forty votes. We wonder if there were not over that number of Democrats who failed to vote in Talladega.

Randolph elected Democrats, and this with a strong "independent" ticket in the field.

The county elections in this State show strong Democratic gains everywhere. In the next general State election the Democrats will carry Alabama by forty thousand majority.

The Democrats carried Madison county very handsomely in spite of "Independant candidates" on the Radical ticket. The closest contest was for Sheriff, but Brown (Dem.) beat his Radical competitor 140 votes. The Radicals crowded country negroes into Huntsville and elected beat officers there in defiance of law.

The full democratic ticket for county officers is elected in Greene.

The Democratic majority in Marengo county was 1900 votes.—The majority of Mr. Wynne for Assessor, was 2201 votes.

The Democrats swept Jackson county as usual.

St. Clair elected the entire Democratic ticket by a majority of 296 votes.

The entire Democratic ticket was elected in Shelby county over the independent candidates.

The Democrats carried Coosa county by a handsome majority over the combined Independant and Radical ticket.

The entire Democratic ticket has been elected in Washington county.

In Sumter county the whole Democratic and Conservative ticket was elected by handsome majorities.

The election for county officers in Lawrence resulted in the choice of Democrats throughout.

A negro was shot and killed at Mt. Vernon in Mobile county on the day of the late election, because he refused to vote in violation of law. He said he was a minor and therefore refused to vote, but his fellow blacks would listen to no such flimsy excuse, and so they slew him.

—The meeting between Grant and Butler the other day was very cordial. Whiskey cordial?

GOV BULLOCK'S ALLEGED REASONS FOR RESIGNING.

EX. DEPUTY, STATE OF GEORGIA, ATLANTA, GA., Oct. 23, 1871.

To my Political Friends, and the People of Georgia:

I have this day received information, the truth of which I cannot doubt, that the political conspirators who seek the overthrow, not only of the reconstructed government of Georgia, but of the United States, have secured the pledges of a sufficient number of the incoming members of the Lower House of the General Assembly to vote without previous investigation for Articles of Impeachment against me immediately after they have assembled and organized on Wednesday, the first day of November next; and that having adopted such articles in the House a sufficient number of Republican Senators will be secured to insure conviction upon the articles presented. I also learn that the Judge of the Supreme Court, who is personally and politically bitterly hostile to me, has informed his friends that this programme has been perfected, and that he has been selected to preside over the Senate during the trial; and that the Senator representing Gen. Toomb's district is to be elected President of the Senate and immediately announce himself as, and claim to be, Governor during the pending impeachment and thereafter for the balance of my unexpired term.

Upon this state of facts I have decided to resign the office of Governor, to take effect before the meeting and qualification of the new members of the new body, and thereby defeat this nefarious scheme of these desperate political conspirators.

By this course I shall protect my political friends in the State from the expulsion that has been foreordained in order to secure my impeachment and, at the same time, save the State from the disasters that would be sure to follow in the wake of success on the part of the unpardoned and unrepentant Rebel leaders, who, though comparatively few in numbers, move the masses by the irresistable pressure of sectional hate and social proscription.

I have maintained my official position against the assaults of these people upon the course of equal rights and Republican Government just as long as it is possible for me to be of service, and now, for the purpose of again defeating this latest onslaught of these destroyers, I have resigned this office into the hands of that noble and unswerving friend of right and justice, the Hon. Benjamin Conley, who, under the Constitution, by reason of being President of the Senate, becomes Governor during my unexpired term, or until a successor is elected by the people. No charge has yet been brought against him, because he has not heretofore been supposed to be an obstacle in the way of the conspirators' success. If assaults are now made upon him the country will understand the purpose for which they are made.

As for myself, being divested of official position, the charges of every character which these people are sure to make and proclaim against me can be brought before the courts, and I shall never shrink from any judicial inquiry that is divested of political bias and prejudice. May I be perdoned for a word of warning to the men who fought for the Union?

Six months ago in Georgia the mass of the people were acquiescing in the results of the war, and were willing to accept those results as being finalities, but under the later public teaching of certain old leaders who need not be named, the whole situation has changed, and leading gentlemen, ever in the Democratic party, who dared to speak in favor of acquiescence and peace have been assailed and denounced, and the people so intimidated that they dare not follow the advice.

These conspirators fear, above all else, the re-election of General Grant. Their insidious efforts to mislead him as to the true situation in the South having utterly failed, they now fear that some persistent and irresistible maintenance of the right under civil administration which so brilliantly marked General Grant's military advances in the overthrow of the rebellion may defeat their revolutionary purposes.

I am now fully persuaded and satisfied that these men purpose to control the Government, and reverse the political results of the past few years by peaceful means if they can, or by foul means, if they must, and in this, another [illegible] separation will be made. If evidence of this were wanting, we need not point to the public and private utterances of those who were foremost in secession and rebellion, and now denounce and ignore the fundamental law —*the Constitution of the United States.*

Will the country heed and take care, before it is entirely too late to prevent another war with its frightful consequences?

If my action in this emergency had been postponed until after the meeting of the incoming body of legislators, the Executive branch of our State Government would have been absorbed by the conspirators in the Legislative branch, and there would have been no check upon the wholesale repeal and destruction of all the great measures of reform and progress that we have labored so hard to establish. The free school system would be abolished, and colored citizens denied every right guaranteed to them, and the whole work of internal improvement carried on by northern capital would be swept away. The growing spirit of lawlessness and proscription for opinion's sake is daily rendering the property and lives of Union men and Republicans more and more unsafe, and I fear the worst consequences if the Executive office should be filled by one not only in sympathy with those who urge on and inflame this feeling, but who is moved and actuated by them. With no one in the Executive office to call upon the General Government for protection, its friends and supporters would be handed over without mercy to the assaults of their enemies.

For these reasons I have determined on this step, believing that much which has already been accomplished can be preserved through the wise and firm check upon revolutionary measures that will be given by Gov. Conley in control of the Executive branch of the Government, and that thereby the good of the whole people of Georgia will be promoted, and I shall cheerfully give to Gov. Conley all the information and assistance within my power that he may desire.

RUFUS B. BULLOCK.

A FEW PLAIN FACTS.

Man's a fool!
When it's hot he wants it cool;
When it's cold he wants it hot;
Ne'er contented with his lot.

When it's dry,
He for showers is sure to sigh;
When—to meet his wish—it rains,
Of the wet the fool complains.

Hot or cold, or dry or wet,
Nothing suits that he can get;
I consider, as a rule,
Man's a fool!

☞ The Savannah *Republican* very promptly remarks that the Presidential contest of 1872 will be one between the friends of free constitutional government and the advocates of a consolidated despotism. These are the parties to the struggle, and the programme of battle will be arranged with sole reference to the concentration of the friends of the two sides respectively.

California boasts the largest orchard in the world. It contains 426 acres, and over 75,000 fruit trees.

Another poor girl has died in Virginia from the use of tobacco, at the age 109. She was an orphan.

They obtain their wisdom in solid chunks out in Missouri. A husband out there, his wife having applied for a divorce, wrote a protest to the judge, in which he said: "Don't you grant her, boss. In my opinion this darn thing call devoce has parted many a man an his wife."

☞ The widow of Wm. Tell, a descendant of the hero of Sheridan Knowles great play, is a pensioner of the United States, and draws her pension regularly through the Swiss Consul General in this city, her husband having been killed in the Union army during the late war.—[Patriot.

☞ The Washington *Patriot* says: The census returns from Alabama shows that of the sixty-five counties in the State, there are twenty-three in which there is a preponderance of blacks. The greatest proportionate number of blacks is in Lowndes county, where there is 80 per cent. Winston is the other extreme there being but one per cent of colored people in that county. The relative proportion in the entire State is 52 whites to 48 blacks.

Telegraphic.

MISSISSIPPI.

JACKSON, November 11.—Returns indicate the following complexion of the Legislature: House Republicans, 61; Democrts 53. It is doubtful about two Senate Republicans, and twenty-four Democrats. This shows heavy Democratic gains. Alcorn is going to the Senate, and will favor Gov. Rawes.

TENNESSEE.

CHATTANOOGA, November 12—A fire was discovered this morning at 1 o'clock, in Fisher & Bro's jewelry store, corner of Eight and Market Streets, destroying the square and half the business portion of the city. The loss is estimated at $75,000. The insurance on the property amounted to $30-000. The fire was the work of an incendiary. The city was fired in two other places, but extinguished. Fifteen supposed Chicago desperadoes arrived from Memphis last night, Suspicion points to them.—A large number of persons were arrested for committing robberies.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 13.

The Washington *Patriot*, the organ of the Democratic Congressional Committee, of yesterday morning, has an opening editorial in favor of the proposition that the Democracy shall unite in the support of a conservative Republican ticket, and promises further attention to the matter. This course is understood to have been taken after full deliberation with many leading Democrats. The *Patriot* indicates that it will support a movement to secure the co-operation of such Republicans as Senator Sumner, and says, "the Senator from Massachusetts would bring with him a force which would command gratitude. The concentration of the negro vote is the great weapon on which the centralists and their candidate rely, and Mr. Sumner, and perhaps one other eminent man to whose name in this connection, till his own views are more definitely expressed, we hesitate even distantly to refer, are they who, of all others, can wrench that weapon from their hand, nor could he better supplement his [illegible] of devotion to this emancipated race than by rescuing them from the new thraldom in which they are plunged, the fruit of a fear within and a falsehood without.—The freedmen would have no fear from any movement in which men like Mr. Sumner co-operated, and, instead of being moved in masses, as they are now, would find themselves as independent as white men—free to act and think for themselves."

WASHINGTON, Nov. 13.

It has been telegraphed north to-night that the President has under consideration the necessity of placing certain counties in Northwestern Georgia under restrictions like those imposed upon certain South Carolina counties.

The Grand Jury indicted Congressman Stokes from Tennessee, for defrauding the Government.

LOUISVILLE, Oct. 13.

A family named Parks, consisting of father, mother and son aged 10, daughters aged 17 and 15, were found murdered and terribly mutilated. There is no clue.

POTTSVILLE, PA., Nov 13.

Three children hunting coal in an old pit suffocated to death.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 13.

Charleston News prints a report of the action of a caucus of the colored members of the State Legislature held in the past week. The caucus resolved to make no appropriations this coming session for the payment of the interest on the State debt, and declared themselves in favor of repudiation of both the old and the new debt of the State.

ST. LOUIS, Nov. 13.

John P. Flanagan having sufferred pecuniary losses, and resolved to kill himself and family, chloroformed them. His wife recovered from the stupor and discovered her husband driving nails into the childrens' heads. She disarmed her husband, but the children are dead.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 15.

Gen. W. W. Allen, Adjutant General of Alabama, has been successful in obtaining the arms due that State. The arms are of approved pattern.

Louis H. Mayer is appointed Assessor of First Alabama District.

ATLANTA, Nov. 15.

The Legislature, yesterday, elected by an overwhelming majority Hon. Thomas. M. Norwood, moderate Democrat, of Savannah Georgia, to the United States Senate.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 15.

The Agricultural Department is preparing seeds seasonable for the South. A supply may be obtained by application to the agents of Departments or through members of Congress.—Distributions will be gratuitous, but the Department wants some guarentee that the seed will not be wasted.

NASHVILLE, Nov. 15.

An oil well, thirty miles from Nashville, flows one hundred gallons per day.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

CUNDURANGO

BLISS KEENE & Co' Fluid Extract The wonderful remedy for **Cancer, Syphilis, Scrofula, Ulcers, Pulmonary Complaints, Salt Rheum,** and all other **Chronic Blood Diseases,** is prepared from the genuine **Cundurango Bark,** from Loja, Ecuador, secured by the assistance of the authorities of that country. It is the most effective, prompt and certain alterative and **Blood Purifier** known. Sold by all Druggists, in pint bottles, having on them our name, trade mark and directions. Send for a circular Office and Laboratory. No. 60 Cedar St., New York.

MORTON HOUSE, a New Southern Novel, by the author of "Valerie Aylmer." 8vo. paper, four illustrations. Price $1; cloth $1,50.

It is a story of the South, thirty years ago, and the scene is laid entirely in that region.

The young authoress, who is a lady of North Carolina, has in her second effort improved upon the first. Sent free by mail, to any address, on the receipt of price.

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GREAT LITERARY, RELIGIOUS, WEEKLY NEWSPAPER. Agents having great success! One took 1,000 names in 3 months; another 672 in 35 days; another 118 in one week; one 47 in one day, and many others equally well, making from $5 and $10 to $40 per day Takes on sight! An old agent who knows, says: "I think it the best business for canvassers ever offered. Sorry I did not engage sooner." Pays better than any book agency. A rare chance to make money.

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Intelligent men and women wanted everywhere. If you wish good territory, send early for circular and terms! J. B. FORD & CO., 27 Park Place, New York; 11 Bromfield St., Boston, Mass; 285 West Madison St., Chicago, Ill.

WOOD'S Household Magazine is offered free during the coming year to every subscriber of Merry's Museum, the Toledo Blade, Pomeroy's Democrat, etc., which is an evidence of its worth and popularity. Horace Greeley, James Parton Theodore Tilton, Gail Hamilton, etc., write for every number. In clubbing, it offers three first-class periodicals for the price of one of them. A variety of premiums on equally liberal terms. It is an original, first-class magazine. Volume X begins with Jan. '72. Three specimen copies free. Address S. S. WOOD, Newburgh, N. Y.

BAPTIST AGENTS WANTED

Everywhere for the largest Baptist paper in the world. Able writers, all the news, and constant improvements. Full Market Report, Sunday School Department—lesson every week. An inflexible advocate of Baptist principles. One price, only $2,50 per year. The most astonishing premium and clubbing list ever offered, or liberal cash commissions paid Specimen copy and particulars free to all who will write to LUTHER & YEAMAN, The Central Baptist, St. Louis, Mo.

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Can accommodate a dozen or two regular boarders.

J. D. HAMMOND,
Dec. 18, '69—1y. *Proprietor.*

E. L. WOODWARD'S SON

Is now receiving, and has on hand

Bacon

SIDES, SHOULDERS AND HAMS.

Flour,

OF A VERY SUPERIOR QUALITY.

Salt,

VIRGINIA AND LIVERPOOL SALT.

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A NO. 1 NEW ORLEANS SUGAR,

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Very fine New Orleans Molasses.

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Choice and prime Coffee.

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Green and Black Tea.

RICE, SOAP STARCH CANDLES INDIGO,

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Tobacco,

Fine Smoking and Chewing Tobacco.

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Lorillard's Scotch Snuff; Lorillard's Macaboy Snuff; Garret's Scotch Snuff; Ralph's Scotch Snuff.

Soda, Matches, Pepper, Spice Ginger Concentrated Lye, Oysters, Macaroni.

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Plain and Fancy Crackers.

CANDY,

Plain and Fancy Candies. Axle Grease, Blacking, Water-proof and G. D. Caps, Extract Logwood, Catsup.

Pickles,

American and Imported Pickles.

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Saves time, saves money, saves Labor.

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Unsurpassed for making Light Bread, Biscuits, cakes and Pastry.

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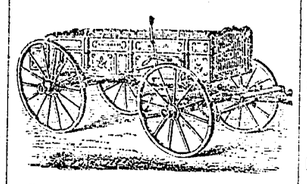

They are without an equal in style and finish. There is no factory in the United States where greater care is given to the

Selection of the Material used.

A better quality of Iron is used in their manufacture, and the tire is one eighth thicker than that used by other manufacturers.

THE TIMBER

Is of the choicest selection, thoroughly seasoned. We claim by actual test that the

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It is poor policy to buy a cheap Wagon. The Whitewater is furnished at a trifle above the price of ordinary wagons.

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Are constantly receiving fresh supplies of DRY GOODS, Ready made Clothing, Boots & Shoes HARDWARE Crockery, Sole and upper Leather, Paints and Oils, Tobacco, COFFEE, SUGAR, MOLASSES, BACON &c., &c., to which they especially invite the attention of the community; ESPECIALLY of those who want to buy for CASH; and they pledge themselves to sell any goods in their line as low for CASH as they can be bought in the town or county.

P. S. All who have not closed their account with me will please delay it no longer, as I am compelled to have the money and it is *very inconvenient* to keep two sets of books open.

P. ROWAN.

Jacksonville March 11 1871.

THE CAUSE AND CURE OF CONSUMPTION.

The primary cause of Consumption is a derangement of the digestive organs. This derangement produces deficient nutrition and assimilation. By assimilation I mean that process by which the nutriment of food is converted into blood, and then into the solids of the body. Persons with digestion thus impaired, having the slightest predisposition to pulmonary disease, or they take cold, will be very liable to have Consumption of the Lungs in some of its forms; and I hold that it will be impossible to cure any case of Consumption without first restoring a good digestion and healthy assimilation. The very first thing to be done is to cleanse the stomach and bowels from all diseased mucus and slime, which is clogging these organs so that they cannot perform their functions, and then rouse up and restore the liver to a healthy action. For this purpose the surest and best remedy is Schenck's Mandrake Pills. These Pills clean the stomach and bowels of all the dead and morbid slime that is causing disease and decay in the whole system. They will clear out the liver of all diseased bile and has accumulated there, and rouse it up to new and healthy action, by which healthy bile is secreted.

The stomach, bowels, and liver are then cleansed by the use of Schenck's Mandrake Pills but there remains in the stomach an excess of acid, the organ is torpid and the appetite poor. In the bowels the lacteals are weak, and requiring strength and support. It is in a condition like this that Schenck's Seaweed Tonic proves to be the most valuable remedy ever discovered. It is alkaline, and its use will neutralize the excess of acid, making the stomach sweet and fresh; it will give permanent tone to this important organ, and create a good hearty appetite, and prepare the system for the first process of a good digestion, and ultimately make good, healthy, living blood. After this preparatory treatment, what remains to cure most cases of Consumption is the free and persevering use of Schenck's Pulmonic Syrup. The Pulmonic Syrup nourishes the system, purifies the blood, and is readily absorbed into the circulation, and thence distributed to the diseased lungs. There it ripens all morbid matters, whether in the form of abscesses or tubercles, and then assists Nature to expel all the diseased matter, in the form of free expectoration when once it ripens. It is then, by the great healing and purifying properties of Schenck's Pulmonic Syrup, that all ulcers and cavities are healed up sound, and the patient is cured.

The essential thing to be done in curing Consumption is to get up a good appetite and a good digestion, so that the body will grow in flesh and get strong. If a person has diseased lungs—a cavity or abscess there—the cavity cannot heal, the matter cannot ripen, so long as the system is below par. What is necessary to cure is a new order of things—a good appetite, a good nutrition, the body to grow in flesh and get fat; then Nature is helped, the cavities will heal, the matter will ripen and be thrown off in large quantities, and the person regain health and strength. This is the true and only plan to cure Consumption, and if a person is very bad, if the lungs are not entirely destroyed, or even if one lung is entirely gone, if there is enough vitality left in the other to heal up, there is hope.

I have seen many persons cured with only one going sound, live and enjoy life to a good old age. This is what Schenck's Medicines will do to cure Consumption. They will clean out the stomach, sweeten and strengthen it, get up a good digestion, and give Nature the assistance she needs to clear the system of all the disease that is in the lungs, whatever the form may be.

It is important that while using Schenck's Medicines, care should be exercised not to take cold; keep in-doors in cold and damp weather; avoid night air, and take out-door exercise only in a genial and warm sunshine.

I wish it distinctly understood that when I recommend a patient to be careful in regard to taking cold, while using my Medicines, I do so for a special reason. A man who has but partially recovered from the effects of a bad cold is far more liable to a relapse than one who has been entirely cured; and it is precisely the same in regard to Consumption. So long as the lungs are not perfectly healed, just so long is there imminent danger of a full return of the disease. Hence it is that I so strenuously caution pulmonary patients against exposing themselves to an atmosphere that is not genial and pleasant. Confirmed Consumptives' lungs are a mass of sores, which the least change of atmosphere will inflame. The grand secret of my success with my Medicines consists in my ability to subdue inflammation instead of provoking it, as many of the faculty do. An inflamed lung cannot, with safety to the patient, be exposed to the biting blasts of Winter or the chilling winds of Spring or Autumn. It should be carefully shielded from all irritating influences. The utmost caution should be observed in this particular, as without it a cure, under almost any circumstances is an impossibility.

The person should be kept on a wholesome and nutritious diet, and all the Medicines continued until the body has restored to it the natural quality of flesh and strength.

I was myself cured by this treatment of the worst kind of Consumption, and have lived to get fat and hearty these many years, with one lung mostly gone. I have cured thousands since, and very many have been cured by this treatment whom I have never seen.

About the First of October I expect to take possession of my new building, at the Northeast Corner of Sixth and Arch Streets, where I shall be pleased to give advice to all who may require it.

Full directions accompany all my Remedies, so that a person in any part of the world can be readily cured by a strict observance of the same.

J. H. SCHENCK, M D.
Philadelphia.

John F. Henry 8 College Place New York Wholesale Agents.

Sep16—1871.

J. M. CARROLL,

RESPECTFULLY Calls the attention of the public to his **STOCK OF DRY GOODS,** Ready made Clothing, Boots and Shoes, Hardware, Crockery, Coffee and Sugar, Fine Chewing & Smoking Tobacco &c.

And the attention of the young ladies is especially called to his **SWITCHES & SASH RIBBONS.**

Call and examine for yourselves. His clerk is an obliging and accommodating young man, takes pleasure in waiting on his customers.

He tenders his thanks to the public for past patronage, and hope for a continuance of the same

aug5 1871—tf.

Notice to Creditors of Estate of John K. Clark, dec'd.

LETTERS Testamentary on the above named Estate, having been granted to the undersigned by the Probate Court of Calhoun county, Alabama, on the 10th day of January, 1871: therefore all persons having claims against said estate are hereby notified to present them to me, legally authenticated, within the time prescribed by law, or they will be barred.

CATHARINE M. CLARK,
Executrix of said Estate.

Sept. 23, 1871.—6t.

Administrator's Notice.

LETTERS of Administration upon the Estate of David E. Hawkins, deceased, having been granted to the undersigned by the Probate Court of Calhoun county, Ala. on the 15th day of Sept. 1871; notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against said estate, to present them to me, legally authenticated, within the time prescribed by law, or they will be barred; and all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment.

LAWRENCE P. HAWKINS, Adm.

Sept 23, 1871.—6t.

LOCAL COLUMN.

The exhibition at the Female Academy by the Reading Society was the best of the kind we have had in Jacksonville for a long time, and those who were not present missed a rare intellectual treat. It was given for the purpose of raising funds for the benefit of the Academy, and we were sorry to see so slim an attendance. When we consider the purpose for which it was given and the character of the exhibition, it becomes really a matter of reproach to Jacksonville that so few of her citizens turned out. The audience present, though small, was appreciative, its evinced in hearty applause more than once. We say to the society not to become discouraged. Their next public reading will be *largely* attended, since people have found out what they can do to entertain. We like that sentiment of Miss Snow's wherein she expressed a determination *never* to give over until funds sufficient were raised to put the Academy in proper repair. The proceeds of the evening amounted to about $20 00. It should have been $100 00 at the very least.

DISTRESSING ACCIDENT.—On Wednesday evening a little girl, eleven years of age, the child of Taylor DeArman, living about two miles from Jacksonville, was killed under the following circumstances: For some time, the fire that has been raging in the mountains east of us, had threatened Mr. DeArman's steam saw mill, and had got into a pile of slabs near the same. The little girl had gone down to the mill to tell the hands that dinner was ready; and was standing looking at the fire in the slabs and knitting, when a chestnut sapling that was on fire, fell, and struck her across the temple and forehead, breaking her skull and killing her instantly. The part of the sapling that struck her was not larger than a man's wrist. The accident is the saddest that has occurred in Jacksonville for years, and the afflicted parent has the heartfelt sympathy of our entire community. Another child of Mr. DeArman, a little boy, was standing very near his sister and made a very narrow escape from death.

OUR LOSS IS HIS GAIN.—This week we graduate H. L. FRAZIER, an apprentice, who has served faithfully with us now two years, September last; and in sending him adrift to take his chances in the world, we think it due him to say that a more gentlemanly, well behaved, industrious faithful young man, we have never had under tutelage. The newspaper Proprietor that has the good fortune to secure his services, will find in him a *young* man free from the vices *incident* to his age and calling—temperate, sober, mindful of the interests of his employer, and in every way to be trusted. Smooth sailing and prosperity to him, say we.

We direct attention to the Prospectus of the Cincinnati Enquirer, and would recommend the paper to those of our subscribers who want a first class Democratic paper from that section. The Enquirer is one of our most valued exchanges and we are under obligation to the Proprietors for exchanging this valuable daily with our weekly.

MR GRANT.—Some time ago I saw it suggested that the radicals, who have played out in Calhoun, come forward and be put to use in filling up the old well on the square. I as one of the invited sufferers, beg leave to suggest that the defeated candidates in the late Democratic hurdle race, come forward and in their turn become useful as material for filling up the old well.

P. S. Those who have paid up their election liabilities are to be exempt. When a man pays up and quits, he has done "well" enough.

W. W. J.

For some days this week the boys have had them a high old time riding around the ring on the wooden horses of an individual, who has a number of them that he sends flying around very rapidly, by means of machinery. It created a great deal of amusement the first day.

It is said the stores were closed in Gadsden, when it passed through that place, and that Kyle, Hollingsworth, Ike Moragne and others almost fought about who should ride first. Jake Whisenant will do our fighting on this. He was there and saw the whole thing.

LeGrand & Co., Montgomery.

We have purchased Dry Goods and Groceries from this excellent and extensive House, and found articles of good quality and prices low. With reliable clerks of business capacity, everything is conducted with lockwork system. We assure our friends in this section of the State that LeGrand & Co. will make it their interest to deal with them. They will sell them Goods and Groceries upon as good if not better terms than they can purchase, paying expenses in New York or New Orleans. Give them a call this winter when in Montgomery, and satisfy yourselves that these things are so.

The friends and acquaintances of our young friend, and former townsman, Walter Caldwell, will find him in this house.

For some days past the fires have been sweeping the mountains east of Jacksonville. This is a regular occurrence every Fall and causes no uneasiness; but everybody having read so much of the Western fires lately, "our" conflagration is viewed with more interest than usual, this time.

The call for meeting of the members of Hiram Lodge, No. 42, appeared in our last, without day of meeting specified. The day is next Monday the 20th. All members are urgently requested to attend. Each one is interested for himself, for the business that will be transacted will vitally affect every member.

We are indebted to Mrs. Alex. Woods for a sack of very large and fine turnips. Three, picked at random from the lot, weighed eleven and a half pounds. This estimable lady can always make a finer show in the way of early fruits, flowers and vegetables than any one we know of. If any of our friends think they can beat the turnips we have spoken of, they are cordially invited to send them around.

The minutes of the Boiling Springs Association have just been finished and will be delivered immediately to the Clerk. The minutes of the Tallassatchee Association will be ready for delivery to the Clerk, in two or three days at the uttermost.

We are indebted to Mr. Stewart, our recently elected and worthy County Commissioner, for several cash subscribers from Ladiga. Will not other of our friends, at other post offices, lay us under similar obligations. Every subscriber might now and then speak a good word for the REPUBLICAN.

FOR SALE.—A fine milch cow, that will calve in two or three weeks, will be sold for $25,00, if application is made soon. Enquire at this office,

nov18—3t,

EDITORS OF THE REPUBLICAN.

Gentlemen:—I see in the last issue that a reputed Notary Public is elected for the Alexandria Beat, whose jurisdiction is coextensive with the county. How does this come to pass? What rights has the Alexandria over other Beats?

CITIZENS.

This week in response to the request of many of our subscribers, we give the official returns of the election in this county.

On Wednesday, the child of a negro woman staying with Durham McClelen, died in about three hours after it was attacked with sickness. The mother who was off at work somewhere was informed that her child was sick. She took it in her arms as soon as she arrived at home, and bore it to Dr. Crow, who informed her that the child was dying. The cause of its death is unascertained. The mother would not allow *post mortem* examination. Had one been made some light might have been thrown on a disease which has carried off several infants in this part of our State, recently.

HONEY.

ALL persons indebted to E. L. Woodward & Son or E. L. Woodward's Son are requested to call and make payment at once. The money due them is needed.

LADIGA LOCALS.

Business has been quite lively in our little town for several days past. A great number of wagons have been coming in, bringing cotton and country produce of various kinds—nearly all kinds bought in our market. There is a considerable quantity of cotton shipped from this point, and our merchants keep always a general assortment of Groceries and Merchandise Old Simeon, in giving you a description of our place, neglected to mention our cabinet shop.

I see that the Local of Cross Plains boasts of their many fine schools, their bright faced children, competent teachers and patrons so willing to pay tuition. Hurrah for Cross Plains! It looks as if the whole *town* would turn to good schools. Schools and churches are the life of a place.

We have no church building in our town, but we have an excellent school house that is used occasionally for purposes of worship. We also have a school in progress and an excellent teacher, and so far as bright faced children are concerned we always have them on hand, and greenbacks *always* ready when tuition is called for.

Well old Rock has been living in this unfriendly world nearly forty years, but he has never witnessed such electioneering as was for Beat officers on Tuesday, at Cross Plains, by the colored people. An old freedman who has been working with me for four years, came up shortly after I reached the polls. About six freedmen surrounded and commenced about as follows:

"How you do uncle. I'se so glad to see you here to-day—got your ticket yet—how is you gwine to vote?"

"Well I can't tell you; I don't know all de men what's runnin'," responds the old man.

"Well den jis let me tell you one man—"

(Another speaking)—"Now you des hold on. I can tell him de berry man—"

(Another speaking)—"Hold on now gemmen. I can ser him up square on de punchin wid a ticket."

(First darkey speaking;)—"I spoke fust uncle. I got a keg of bust-head not fur from dis place—"

(Another speaking.)—"Yes, I got som good old corn-in-de-shuck right here in my pocket."

"Look here, now, men, lem'e, lem'e loose. I wants none of your bust-head nor corn-in-de- shuck—lem'e loose I say," and the old man pulling loose, made his way to the polls and voted—

Not long since there was a rough looking customer passed through our town, going to parts unknown by gravel train. He called to some little boys who were playing marbles and enquired how far to the next station.

"Des two miles and a half by the dirt woad and two miles by de waill woad," was the rejoinder.

"What is the name of the station?" enquired the stranger.

"Ambersonville."

"It is as large a place as this?"

"Well da may be da mos houses over dar; but dase a *heap de mos greenbacks here.*"

ROCK.

OXFORD LOCALS.

Receipts of cotton for the present week has been comparatively light. Yesterday and to-day, however, the receipts has been large. Prices ranging from 16¼ to 16½. 'Tis selling readily at 16¼ @ 16⅝ to day (Thursday). Our merchants seem anxious to buy.

MARRIED—Near Oxford, at the residence of the bride's father, by the Rev W. M. Taylor, Mr. J. P. Ford and Miss R. I. Murphy. All of Calhoun county.

REMARKABLE FACT.—There are two brothers (twins) in our little town, about ten years of age, who are so much alike that their own father cannot tell one from the other. This is certainly very remarkable—yet no less true. It is said by some who are with them very frequently that they can distinguish one from the other by looking at them very closely. Their mother dresses them just alike all the while. There is not, as a general thing, more than one pound difference in their weights.

We are succeeding very well with our subscription to the East Alabama and Cincinnati R. R. and the amount necessary to make Oxford a fixed point on this road will soon be forth coming. Secure this and Oxford must soon bask beneath the cheering rays of prosperity. Secure this and all her institutions must prosper. Secure this *and our chances* for the Georgia Western R. R. is almost certain.

Much credit is due to our worthy and esteemed fellow citizen Dr. Henry Snow, for his untiring energy and efforts to secure this great and important enterprise. We are glad to know that he has the hearty cooperation of our good citizens in this great and important work.

Over coats, blankets and good fires, have been in great demand for the last two or three days.

"BRICK."

CROSS PLAINS LOCALS.

The election passed off quietly. No disturbances or brawls on our streets, like we have known on similar occasions. I believe *all* the *town Candidates* were defeated; in honor of which, some of the young folks "got up" a burlesque party, which they held in the Institute, by permission of the Principal. The season of parties being thus opened, many more will probably follow.

Mr. James Price, one of our oldest citizens, died Monday, the 13th, at 3 o'clock a m. His remains were carried by his family to their burying ground some miles from Jacksonville. The relatives have our warmest sympathy in their bereavements.

Business is tolerably lively, yet the extreme scarcity of money is felt by all. It reminds me forcibly of a jingling verse I've heard:—

This world is very funny, fanny,
But if you've got the money, *money,*
You'll slide, yes slick as butter'd honey,
Or the tongue of a newly fledged attorney.

Speaking of scarcity, we may mention butter, as having become quite a rarity. The market does not afford enough to supply half the wants. Our merchants will probably remedy this by bringing supplies from the West. I would like to ask right here, if all the "pats" of butter, should necessarily be "done up" in green (s)?

(After long and patient study, over the above p(h)ansy query of our correspondent, we have come to the conclusion that it must have remote reference to our Irish paddies and the Emerald Isle—their native countries, and we give the result of our research to save the brains of our subscribers from over work.

ED. REP.

We have heard that our people will hereafter have to attend Justices Court at Ladiga, all the beat officers elect now live on that side of the beat. Moral—never run too many candidates in the same town, at the same time and for the same office.

The ominous roar of the wind in the mountains has been succeeded by weather calculated
"To pinch the traveler's toes
And wring the Schoolboy's nose."

ALEXANDRIA LOCALS.

There came in last week after our paper had gone to press, and consequently did not appear last week—the week for which they were intended. [ED REP.]

OFF TO MONTGOMERY.—Mr. John M. Crook left to-day for Montgomery. He goes there for the purpose of attending the Baptist State Convention.

ACCIDENT.—Mr. Ed. Lipscomb shot his sister last Tuesday, while preparing his gun for a hunt. We learn she was not seriously injured.

The election passed off quietly on the 7th. None of the "*very jovfull*" on hand until after the polls were closed, then a few of the "15th amendments," partook freely; after which many wild words, but no violence.

The doctors are at present complaining of the "distressingly" healthy condition of the Valley. We can't say whether it is distressing or not; but 'tis surely healthy, for the M. D's. do nothing but "loaf."

The farmers of our Valley are not putting much cotton on the market this week; all waiting for better prices which they seem confident will soon come. Only 18 bales sold here this week at 16@ 16¼.

SUCCESSOR.

Pay Your

SUBSCRIPTION.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

IMPAIRED VITALITY.—When you feel as if the vital powers were giving away, strength gone, spirits depressed, memory failing, appetite lost, exhaustion stealing over every sense and paralyzing every organ, then is the time to resort to that powerful ally of nature, DR. WALKER'S VINEGAR BITTERS. The properties they embody soon work a glorious renovation in the debilitated system and the clouded mind.

THE ATMOSPHERE OF LOVE.—Is a pure sweet breath. This desideratum is one of the results of using Sozodont which not only invigorates and preserves the teeth, but renders the mouth as fragrant as a rose.

CHILDREN'S LIVES SAVED FOR 50 CTS.—Every case of Croup can be cured when first taken, by Dr. Tobias' Venetian Liniment, warranted for 24 years, and never a bottle returned. It also cures Diarrhœa, Dysentery, Colic, Sore Throat, Cuts, Burns and external pains. Sold by the Druggists, Depot 10 Park Place, New York.

THE BEST COSMETIC.—Burnett's Kalliston produces a fresh complexion, removes tan and freckles, and imparts a velvety softness to the skin. Results attending exposure to our changeable climate upon the skin, may be entirely obviated by its use. For sale by all Druggists.

PRATT'S ASTRAL OIL.—Not the Cheapest, but Safest and Best Illuminating Oil for family use ever made. Burns in the ordinary kerosene lamp. Does not take fire, nor explode if the lamp is upset and broken. Send for Circular. Oil House of Charles Pratt established 1770, New York.

RISLEY'S LINIMENT.—Of Arnica Hops Carbolic Acid, acts as a universal external cure-all, acting on the nerves connected with the skin. It promptly relieves Neuralgia Pains. Cleanses and cures old sores and ulcers, flesh wounds, burns, bruises, sprains, &c. Sold everywhere at 50 cents. Morgan & Risley, Wholesale Druggists, New York. General Agents.

LAIRDS' BLOOM OF YOUTH.—A most delightful toilet preparation for beautifying the skin, has been established over ten years; during that time over one million ladies have used it; in every instance it has given entire satisfaction; it removes all imperfections, tans, freckles and sunburns, giving the skin a youthful appearance. Sold at all Druggists and Fancy Goods Stores. Depot 5 Gold Street, New York.

THANKS TO THE TIMELY DISCOVERY of Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup, the hearts of many parents have been made glad by witnessing the beneficial effects, which this remedy never fails to produce the critical period of teething.

CARBOLIC SALVE.—Nothing like it ever known before. Cures cuts, burns, sores, wounds, &c. like magic. Physicians Speak of it in terms of the highest praise. Price 25 cents per box. John F. Henry, sole Proprietor, 8 College Place, New York.

PHYSICIANS who have prescribed Swaim or Purified Opium use no other form of Opium in their practice.

CRISTADORO'S HAIR DYE.—If all his hairs were lives, Othello said, "my great revenge hath stomach for them all." But hair hat's grey or sandy, white or red, the ladies have no stomach for at all. Use Christadoro's Dye and the evil is remedied. Manufactory, 68 Maiden Lane, New York.

THE PUREST and Sweetest Cod Liver Oil in the world is Hazard & Caswell's made on the sea-shore, from fresh, selected livers, by Caswell, Hazard & Co. New York. It is absolutely pure and sweet. Patients who have once taken it prefer it to all others. Physicians have decided it superior to any of the other oils in the market.

JOUVIN'S Inodorus Kid Glove Cleaner restores soiled gloves equal to new. For sale by Druggists and Fancy Goods Dealers.—Price 25 cents per bottle. F. C. Wells & Co., New York.

nov6-4t.

Trust What Time has Sanctioned.

The maxim that the voice of the people is the voice of the divinity, may in some case be open to doubt, but the testimony of honest and enlightened witnesses extending through a series of years, and all to the same purport, is worty of credence, admits of no question. Upon such testimony the reputation of Hostetter's Stomach Bitters as an antidote and cure for many ailments is based. During the twenty years that it has been before the world, innumerable preparations intended to compete with it, having gone up like rockets, and come down the extinguished sticks. Meanwhile the progress of that incomparable tonic has been swift and steady—always upward and onward like the eagle's flight. Its introduction produces a revolution in therapeutics, and it proved to be one of those salutary revolutions that cannot go backwards. To day Hostetter's Bitters is one of the most popular remedies in christendom, and commands a large sale than any other medicinal preparation, domestic or imported, on this side of the Atlantic. As a cure for dyspepsia, billious disorders, nervious affections, general debility; and, as a preventive of epidemic fevers, it takes precedence of every other remedy. This fact should teach the ambitious country dealers who endeavor to to foist their local abortions on the public in its stead, how futile their small attempts to cajole the community must necessarily be. Where the game fish have failed there is no chance for the "suckers."

A REALLY GOOD INVENTION

It is very seldom we commend to the public in this way patent improvements and inventions, which belong more properly to our advertising columns. What we have to commend, however, so deeply concerns the health, happiness and comfort of our American women, that we make no apology for giving it our most emphatic approval and endorsement. The invention referred to is the great American Washer, which is claimed to be in every conceivable respect superior to any other "washer" extant. It is the smallest, most compact, most portable, most easily operated, and is not at all liable to get out of order. Its construction is so simple, that even a child can be successfully taught to operate in an incredibly short space of time.

Some of the most convenient and desirable features in this washer which is an inducement in itself, are worthy of especial commendation. They are these: It is always ready for use; there is no adjusting; no screws to confuse and annoy, and no delay whatever in adapting it. Everything seems to have been done that ingenuity could suggest; and in our estimation it is *simply* a practical sensible and beautiful invention, and only requires to be appreciated, which cannot fail to please the rest of the most fastidious.—*Philadelphia Weekly Press.*

Womans' Rights.—One who has long studied this absorbing subject now presents to the woman of our country the result o. this investigations. He is happy to say that he has at last discovered "Woman's Best Friend." It is adapted, especially, to those cases where the womb is disordered, and will cure any irregularity of the "menses." Dr J. Bradfield's Female Regulator acts like a charm in "whites," or in a sudden check of the "monthly courses" from cold trouble of mind, or like causes, by restoring the discharge in every instance. So also in chronic cases its action is prompt and decisive, and saves the constitution from countless evils and premature decay. This valuable preparation is for sale at $1.50 per bottle by all respectable Druggist in the land. Prepared and sold by L. H. Bradfield, Druggist, Atlanta, Ga. A thousand women testify to its merits.

October 7 3m

NOTICE.

The members of the Agricultural Society of Calhoun County, Alabama, are most respectfully requested to attend an extra session of this body, to be held in the Court House, on the 2nd Saturday before the second Sabbath in November next, at 11 o'clock A. M., to attend to important business.

E. T. READ,
Cor. Sec'y. Agr'l. Soc. Calhoun county Ala

Official Return of the Vote of Calhoun County,

Cast at an Election held November 7th 1871.

CANDIDATES.	Jacksonville,	Alexandria,	Jane Bug,	Maddox,	Polkville,	Peaks Hill,	Oak Grove,	Waldens Shop,	Cross Plains,	Talliat Town,	White Plains,	Davisville,	Oxford,	Sulphur Springs,	Totals.
For Co Treasurer.															
J S Montgomery,	86	10	5	1	0	1	0	15	55	1	4	6	10	2	196
Joshua Draper,	102	136	18	46	5	61	17	12	66	26	68	66	229	34	886
B C Wyly,	142	22	9	0	10	2	6	11	22	8	6	24	51	3	307
J B Turnley,	66	90	3	4	5	20	0	4	48	3	51	19	19	5	337
T S Neighbors.	84	17	24	41	40	19	27	76	85	21	39	00	49	27	549
For Sheriff.															
C P Read,	172	57	28	16	7	39	38	82	71	5	17	4	49	2	587
W C Crow,	98	2	0	1	1	4	0	2	37	0	2	00	00	00	116
John A Cobb,	44	7	5	64	2	27	2	3	111	23	13	62	183	5	551
D W Warlick,	160	26	11	0	1	1	7	31	37	8	27	17	97	6	429
M Patterson,	31	187	5	10	49	42	3	0	17	16	11	11	17	59	460
M White-side,	13	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	9	8	102	12	10	00	155
For Tax Collector															
Thos. P Savage,	70	7	3	6	6	3	0	43	161	1	4	6	27	2	339
H P Whitesides,	103	9	11	17	3	25	8	31	65	48	70	47	87	13	537
D P Williams,	31	23	8	18	6	1	2	11	23	3	56	5	58	7	247
W Woodall,	17	9	0	0	7	45	18	4	3	0	5	1	3	24	136
Seabron Woodruff	40	49	10	31	1	18	4	13	3	5	0	00	86	1	268
E McClelen,	183	176	20	15	36	19	19	14	26	1	9	16	83	26	643
J W McDaniel,	34	3	3	2	1	0	0	1	1	0	17	26	7	00	95
For Tax Assessor.															
M T Ledbetter,	24	51	18	45	11	17	0	5	132	26	43	61	39	14	486
B G McClelen,	136	135	2	1	2	1	6	6	87	4	2	00	11	7	400
Henry Fitz,	208	28	28	30	38	23	35	103	29	5	24	7	42	9	609
A Morgan,	55	11	0	6	1	2	0	1	20	2	98	12	157	4	370
Robert Hasson,	46	48	0	0	5	62	4	3	5	1	3	7	15	24	222
J M Whitesides,	14	1	2	8	3	7	5	0	5	22	3	17	94	12	193
For Co. Com's.															
A M Stewart,	148	27	17	70	8	25	5	47	261	21	101	[illegible]			
E Teague,	217	33	46	3	13	15	13	58	52	53	11	[illegible]			
W A Wilson,	144	28	24	13	1	9	1	49	234	15	10	[illegible]			
Joseph Borden,	255	240	12	88	32	63	48	86	207	45	92	58	311	[illegible]	
D Seiber,	296	102	13	5	7	26	49	79	42	43	38	63	35	[illegible]	
Henry T Snow,	307	182	22	4	2	8	14	37	45	7	101	37	138	18	917
J Y Henderson,	392	266	47	89	61	83	30	92	174	52	151	102	333	71	1943
C W Brewton.	91	197	16	86	39	107	45	1	20	0	39	10	301	43	995
For Co. Coroner															
J H Price,	112	75	9	66	2	62	10	49	258	31	14	4	3	00	695
James Gidley,	224	11	24	17	8	9	1	19	3	13	26	34	18	67	474
S A McCollum,	85	24	11	0	7	34	45	48	7	14	00	22	44	3	544
J H Crawford,	147			0	1				4		97		10		294
D P Forney,				11									265		266

ELECTION OF JUSTICES.

PRECINCT No. 1.

FOR JUSTICES. D. P. Forney, 171; J. H. Crawford 134. FOR BAILIFFS. E. L. Vernon, 71; N. F. Wright, 100.

PRECINCT No. 2.

S. T. Peace 187; W. W. Crook, 124; S. Lipscomb 90; M. Glenn, 63. Jas. Briant 154; Wm. Kirby 94.

PRECINCT No. 3.

M. W. Woodruff 41; Jas. Skelton, 41; Jas. W. Reaves 19. V. Mayfield 36.

PRECINCT No. 4.

J. M. Ford, 53; Wm. Clough, 62. G. W. Clough, 55; J. Kirby, 33.

PRECINCT No. 5.

B. G. Waddell 25; R. P. Setliff, 7; B. F. Meharg 26; M. N. Coker 27; G. W. Waits 1. J. M. Roberts 35

PRECINCT No. 6.

Wm. Moody 18; J. A. Glenn, 57; M. Cochran, 73; L. M. Cochran 45. T. Gault, 89

PRECINCT No. 7.

G. W. Landers, 48; Henry McDee, 48. John Vansandt 14; W. D. Adkins 34

PRECINCT No. 8.

W. J. Scott 89; J. T. Batey 89; R. S. Steel 52. W. A. Neal, 96

PRECINCT No. 9.

S. Neighbors 65; S. Penland 100; J. J. Wilson, 106; J. N. Hood 61; A. D. Baily 70. W. A. Stewart 31; M. D. Scott 97; G. E. Reedy 100

PRECINCT No. 10.

J. C. Watson 50; B. O. Ramy 41. H. Murry 51; S. M. Hannett 3

PRECINCT No. 11.

W. C. Whiteside 85; S. T. Rhodes 108; P. M. Watson 58; Bery Britt 38; Elias Cobb 1. Geo. McCerly 74; J. M. Smith 63; E. Cobb, 1

PRECINCT No. 12.

John Ross 99; J. B. Malley 98. R. A. Scott 97

PRECINCT No. 13.

C. G. Morgan 268; Jas. Kely 264. J. M. Hays 167; W. F. Mitchell 101

PRECINCT No. 14.

J. B. Ingram 25; Wm. Martin 43; Sol. Poe 9; J. Y. Henderson 14; P. N. Acker 32. J. N. Phillips 49; P. R. Hess 00; H. Vincent 00; R. Crow 9

During the e months, Fever-and-ague the scourge of our rich bottom-lands, issues Fourth. The immediate cause of this malady is probably the moist exhalations that arise from decomposing vegetable substances. But there are also secondary and predisposing causes. The weather prevalent at this season, although not, indeed, so intensely cold as that of winter, is more chilling and more depressing. The effect of such weather is to reduce the measures of vital force, and thus to render the system more liable to succumb to diseases.—Endemic diseases is just now, like a bold enemy, advancing swiftly upon our position, and like a *skillful* enemy, he will not fail to elect the weak points; let us with equal skill, *fortify* the weak points—fortify them by the use of a stimulating and invigorating tonic such as Dr. Fish's Bitters. The soundness of this theory is strickingly illustrated by the fact that it is by its means every inhabitant, even of the most insalubrious districts, who yields to the 'fits. It conquers some but not all. The reasons is simple. Some their frames *already* fortified by nature's one great tonic, nourishing food, are strong enough to resist the surrounding poisonous influences, to which others, who man in sufficient digesting faculty has in a great measure cut off from this source of strength, readily succumb. Now Dr. Fitch's Bitters strengthens digestion, and thus enables the only real panacea, FOOD, to so invigorate the system that it can repel the attack of malarial diseases. Moreover, taken as directed, this Medicine is an infallible *cure* for Fever-and ague, and for all forms of Intermittent Fever.

Oct. 2t. 4t.

Good News.

That greatest of Living Remedies, Globe Flower Cough Syrup is now sold in your Town, so that all may test its great virtues. It contains no Opium in any form, nor any other *poison*. It positively cures CONSUMPTION! Asthma, Bronchietis, Croup, Whooping Cough, Sore throat, Oppression of the chest and spitting of blood. *It is legally warranted* to cure, so that none can be humbugged by it. Just try it and be convinced. Sold by Dr. Nisbet.

apr29 1871—6m.

SPECIAL COMMUNICATION HIRAM LODGE NO. 42.

There will be a special communication of Hiram Lodge No. 42, at Jacksonville Ala., at 2. P. M., Monday, Nov. A. D. 1871. Each and every brother, is earnestly and specially requested to attend, as urgent business of importance demands a prompt and full attendance.

J. B. TURNLEY, Sec'y.

aug12—7t.

Look Out!!!

for the impurieties of the blood during the Summer months, and the long train of terrible diseases which follow. Pemberton's Compound Extract of Stillengia purifies the blood, cures Scrofula in its worst forms, cures Rheumatism, Syphilis and Gout and removes all Mercurial and venerial taint from the system. It is legally warranted to cure. Sold by Dr. Nisbet.

apr29 1871—6m

W. C. LAND,

The oldest watch maker in the State (near 40 years at the bench,) still in Jacksonville, to repair all good watches that may be brought in. No brass or oreide watches need be brought in to be fixed.

nov11 1871—tf.

A CARD.

After Tuesday the 31st of October, the **Tennessee House** will be closed for the purpose of being entirely refloored. It will be opened again as soon as finished with new appointments throughout; after which the proprietor hopes to merit more fully the liberal patronage heretofore received.

J. A. STANSBURY,
Proprietor.

Home. Ga., October 30th, 1871.

nov18—tf.

Notice.

All parties indebted to me will please come forward and pay up *at once*, as I have closed out my entire stock, and wish to close up my books.

W. H. MORRIS.

Office at Montgomery Bros.

nov4—3t.

Ayer's Cathartic Pills,

For all the purposes of a Laxative Medicine.

Perhaps no one medicine is so universally required by everybody as a cathartic, nor was ever any before so universally adopted into use, in every country and among all classes, as this mild but efficient purgative *Pill*. The obvious reason is, that it is a more reliable and far more effectual remedy than any other. Those who have tried it, know that it cured them; those who have not, know that it cures their neighbors and friends; and all know that what it does once it does always—that it never fails through any fault or neglect of its composition. We have thousands upon thousands of certificates of their remarkable cures of the following complaints, but such cures are known in every neighborhood, and we need not publish them. Adapted to all ages and conditions in all climates; containing neither calomel nor any deleterious drug, they may be taken with safety by anybody. Their sugar-coating preserves them ever fresh, and makes them pleasant to take, while being purely vegetable, no harm can arise from their use in any quantity.

They operate by their powerful influence on the internal viscera to purify the blood and stimulate it into healthy action—remove the obstructions of the stomach, bowels, liver, and other organs of the body, restoring their regular action to health, and by correcting, wherever they exist, such derangements as are the first origin of disease.

Minute directions are given in the wrapper on the box, for the following complaints, which these *Pills* rapidly cure:—

For **Dyspepsia** or **Indigestion, Listlessness, Langour** and **Loss of Appetite**, they should be taken moderately to stimulate the stomach, and restore its healthy tone and action.

For **Liver Complaint** and its various symptoms, **Bilious Headache, Sick Headache, Jaundice** or **Green Sickness, Bilious Colic** and **Bilious Fevers**, they should be judiciously taken for each case, to correct the diseased action or remove the obstructions which cause it.

For **Dysentery** or **Diarrhœa**, but one mild dose is generally required.

For **Rheumatism, Gout, Gravel, Palpitation of the Heart, Pain in the Side, Back** and **Loins**, they should be continuously taken, as required, to change the diseased action of the system. With such change those complaints disappear.

For **Dropsy** and **Dropsical Swellings** they should be taken in large and frequent doses to produce the effect of a drastic purge.

For **Suppression** a large dose should be taken as it produces the desired effect by sympathy.

As a **Dinner Pill**, take one or two *Pills* to promote digestion and relieve the stomach.

An occasional dose stimulates the stomach and bowels into healthy action, restores the appetite, and invigorates the system. Hence it is often advantageous where no serious derangement exists. One who feels tolerably well, often finds that a dose of these *Pills* makes him feel decidedly better, from their cleansing and renovating effect on the digestive apparatus.

Dr. J. C. AYER & CO., Practical Chemists, LOWELL, MASS., U. S. A.

NEW LIVERY STABLE.

The undersigned takes pleasure in notifying his friends, and the

PUBLIC GEVERALLY

that he has opened the stables formerly known as the Alexander Stables, North East from the Court House.

HE IS PREPARED TO HIRE

Hacks, Wagons, Buggies, and Horses at the following schedule of prices:

Two-horse hacks and driver per day	$6,00.
Two-horse wagon and driver per day	$5,00
Buggy and horse per day	$3,00.
Single Buggy per day	$2,00.
Single Horse per day	$2,00.

He will also feed and take care of stock charges to be paid when the stock is taken from the stable. Terms cash, only.

RICHARD WEAVER.

THE AMERICAN WASHER.
PRICE, $5 50.
The American Washer Saves Money, Time, and Drudgery.

The Fatigue of Washing Day no Longer Dreaded, but Positively, Efficiency, and Clean Clothing Sure.

In calling public attention to this little machine, a few of the invaluable qualities, (not possessed by any other washing machine yet invented,) are here enumerated.

It is the smallest, most compact, most portable, most simple in construction, most easily operated. A child ten years old, with a few hours' practice, can thoroughly comprehend and effectually use it. There is no adjusting, no screws to annoy, no delay in adapting! It is always ready to use! It is a perfect little wonder! It is a miniature giant, doing more work and of a better quality, than the most elaborate and costly. One half of the labor is fully saved by its use, and the clothes will last one-third longer than by the old plan of the rub board. It will wash the largest blanket. Three shirts at a time, washing thoroughly! In a word, ablution of any fabric, from a Quilt to a Lace Curtain or Cambric Handkerchief, are equally within the capacity of this LITTLE GEM! It can be fastened to any time and taken off at will.

No matter how deep footed a prejudice may exist against Washing Machines, the moment this little machine is seen to perform its wbiders, all doubts of its cleansing efficacy and utility are banished, and the doubter and detractor at once become the fast friends of the machine.

We have testimonials without end, setting forth its numerous advantages over all others and from hundreds who have thrown aside the unwieldy, useless machines, which have signally failed to accomplish the object promised in prominent and loud sounding advertisements.

It is as perfect for washing as a wringer is *for wringing.* The price another paramount inducement to purchasers, has been placed so low, that it is within the reach of every housekeeper, and there is no article of domestic economy that will repay the small investment so soon.

$5.50.

All that is asked for this GREAT LABOR SAVER is a fair trial. We guarantee each machine to do its work perfectly.

SOLE AGENTS FOR THE UNITED STATES,
A. H. FRANCISCUS & CO.,
513 Market St., Philadelphia, Pa.

The largest and cheapest WOODEG WARE HOUSE in the United States.

nov11 1871—3m0.

Fine Mixed Tulips for Fall?
CHEAPER THAN EVER.

By mail 35c per dozen, $1,25 per 100. By express 500 $5; 1000 $8. Send stamp for illustrated catalogue of bulbs and winter blooming plants.

Largest, assortment. Best stock. Low prices. Trees, Shrubs, Plants, Bulbs. Seeds, Stocks, Gratts, &c. 109 Page Illustrated Catalogue, ten cents. Wholesale price list free. Send for these before buying elswhere.

F. K. PHOENIX, Bloomington Ill

W. T. ALEXANDER,

Dealer in all kinds of

Groceries & Confectioneries.

TOBACCO; and SEGARS,

and all kinds of

SMOKERS ARTICLES,

Willow Ware, Stationary and

Various kinds of Fancy Articles.

JACKSONVILLE, ALA.

P. O. & Express Office building.

aug26—tf.

Manhood: How Lost, How Restored

Just published a new edition of DR CULVERWELL'S Celebrated Essay on the *radical cure*, (without medicine) of SPERMATORRHŒA or Seminal Weakness, Involuntary Seminal Losses, Impotency, Mental and Physical Incapacity, Impediments to Marriages, etc; also, Consumption, Epilepsy, and Fits, induced by self indulgence or sexual extravagance.

Price, in a sealed envelope, only 6 cents.

The celebrated author, in this admirable essay, clearly demonstrates from a thirty years' successful practice, that the alarming

THE NEW DISCOVERY

In Chemical and Medical Science.

Dr. E. F. GARVIN'S

SOLUTION & COMPOUND ELIXIR

OF

TAR

FIRST AND ONLY SOLUTION ever made in one mixture of **ALL THE TWELVE** valuable active principals of the well known curative agent,

PINE TREE TAR,

UNEQUALED in Coughs, Colds, Catarrh, Asthma, Bronchitis, and consumption.

CURES WITHOUT FAIL

A recent cold in three to six hours; and also, by its VITALIZING, PURIFYING and STIMULATING effects upon the general system, is remarkable efficacious in all

DISEASES OF THE BLOOD,

including Scrofula and Eruptions of the skin, Dyspepsia, Diseases of the Liver and Kidneys, Heart Disease, and General Debility.

ONE TRIAL CONVINCES!

ALSO, A

Volatile Solution of Tar

For INHALATION, without application of HEAT. A remarkably VALUABLE Discovery, as the whole apparatus can be carried in the vest pocket, ready at any time for the most effectual and positively curative use in

All Diseases of the NOSE, THROAT and LUNGS.

THE COMPOUND

Tar and Mandrake Pill.

for use in connection with the ELIXIR TAR, is a combination of the TWO most valuable ALTERATIVE Medicines known in the Profession and Medicine—but Till without exception the very best in existence.

The SOLUTION and COMPOUND ELIXIR of

TAR

is without doubt the Best remedy known in cases of

CHOLERA AND YELLOW FEVER.

It is a powerful Germ Destroyer, and should be kept in the house and for every family, especially during the Summer season when it

CHOLERA AND YELLOW FEVER

are liable to appear. A small quantity taken daily will prevent contracting these terrible diseases.

Solution and Compound Elixir, $1.00 per Bottle
Volatile Solution for Inhalation, $5.00 per Box
Tar and Mandrake Pills, 50cts per box.

Send for Circular of **POSITIVE CURES** to your Druggist, or to

L. F. HYDE & CO.,
SOLE PROPRIETORS,
110 E. 22d St., New York.

Ayer's
Hair Vigor,

For restoring Gray Hair to its natural Vitality and Color.

A dressing which is at once agreeable, healthy, and effectual for preserving the hair. *Faded or gray hair is soon restored to its original color, with the gloss and freshness of youth.* Thin hair is thickened, falling hair checked, and baldness often, though not always, cured by its use. Nothing can restore the hair where the follicles are destroyed, or the glands atrophied and decayed. But such as remain can be saved for usefulness by this application. Instead of fouling the hair with a pasty sediment, it will keep it clean and vigorous. Its occasional use will prevent the hair from turning gray or falling off, and consequently prevent baldness. Free from those deleterious substances which make some preparations dangerous, and injurious to the hair, the Vigor can only benefit but not harm it. If wanted merely for a

HAIR DRESSING,

nothing else can be found so desirable. Containing neither oil nor dye, it does not soil white cambric, and yet lasts long on the hair, giving it a rich, glossy lustre and a grateful perfume.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co.,

PRACTICAL AND ANALYTICAL CHEMISTS,

LOWELL, MASS.

PRICE $1.00.

Dr. W. W. NISBET, Agt Jacksonville, & sold by Druggists & Merchants everywhere.

Dr. GOTTLIEB FISCH'S BITTERS.

(Shape of the Bottle)

This preparation of the great Scientist, Dr. Gottlieb Fisch, of Germany, is based on the fact that, as all materials of the body are derived from Food, so all Vital Force, or Health, is derived from the Force stored up in Food. *Dr. Fisch's Bitters* enables the System to liberate and appropriate these Forces, creates Appetite, cures Dyspepsia, with its resulting Debility and lack of Nervous Energy; so tones the Stomach and Liver as to make Constipation and Biliousness impossible; reinforces the System so it can tide over bad results of changing climate, water, &c., and better endure the demands often unexpectedly made on its Force and Energy. Ladies in delicate health, aged persons, and all emaciated and weak after sickness, will rapidly strengthen by using this great preparation.

NEW BRICK HOTEL.

The undersigned is now prepared to accommodate the travelling public.

S. P. KELLY, Prop.

LIVERY AND SALE STABLE
Sign of the Horned Horse,
OXFORD ALA.,
S. C. KELLY.

sep16 '71—tf.

Door, Blind and Sash

MANUFACTORY.

THE undersigned is now prepared to manufacture, of the best materials, and in the neatest and most durable manner, any of the above named articles for persons who may desire them, at Rome prices.

Apply to, or address,

F. W. PITT,
Jacksonville, Ala.

aug. 6, 1870.

LeGrand & Company,

No. 96, 98 & 100 Commerce St.

MONTGOMERY ALABAMA,

WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

GROCERIES, DRY GOODS, FANCY ARTICLES, NOTIONS, &c. &c.,

RETAIL

DRY GOODS DEPARTMENT

TO Comply with NUMEROUS SOLICITATIONS, and to accommodate our MANY FRIENDS we have opened in connection with our WHOLESALE BUSINESS,

A RETAIL DEPARTMENT,

where may be obtained from Attentive Salesmen at LOWEST PRICES, every article usually kept in a

FIRST CLASS RETAIL STORE

where we will be pleased to wait on CITY and COUNTRY BUYERS.

SHIRTING &C.

We have for your inspection a FULL STOCK of

BROWN 3-4 Shirting,
do 7-8 do
do 4-4 Sheeting,
do Sea. I 7-8 Sheetings,
do do 4-4 Sheetings,
do do 10-4 Sheetings,
Bleached 3-4 and 7-8 Sheeting,
do 4-4 Sheeting (best brands)
do 10-4 do

CALPRIX, TICKING, &c.

PRINTS AT ALL PRICES,
Tickings of every Grade,
Plaid and striped domesties.
Domestic Ginghams,
Scotch Ginghams,
French Ginghams,
Irish Linen,
5-4 Linen sheetings,
10-4 Linen sheetings,
Linen cambricks,
Handkerchiefs,
Hosiery,
Gloves, &c., &c. &c.

BOOTS AND SHOES,

A Full Stock of Hats, Clothing Boots and Shoes, &c., &c., &c.,

LeGRAND & Co.

MONTGOMERY ALA.

DON'T READ THIS.

WHISENANT & DRISKELL

ARE just receiving a large lot of

SUGAR,

COFFEE.

TEAS.

BEST NEW ORLEANS MOLASSES

(Purchased since the recent decline:) Which they offer at the very lowest terms; in fact, everything in the Grocery line.

IRON,

Iron

TRACE CHAINS.
AMES' SHOVELS,
AMES' SPADE,
HAMES,
BREAST CHAINS,
SCOVAL HOES,
NAILS,
HORSESHOES,
SPADING FORKS
&c. &c. &c.

We are now offering our entire stock

of DRY GOODS,

BOOTS & SHOES.

On the most reasonable terms.

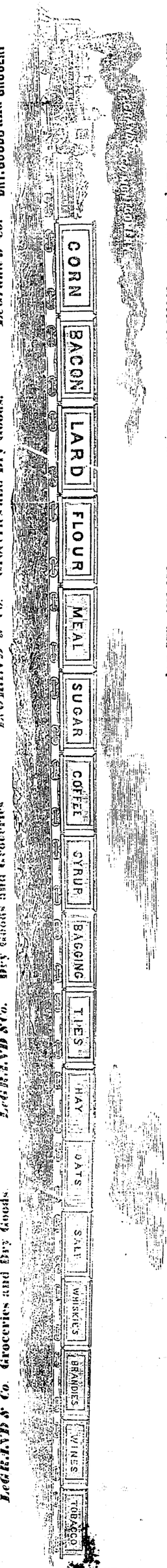
Thanking our friends and customers for past patronage, we respectfully solicit a continuance of the same.

Jan 21, 1871.

LeGRAND & Co.,

GROCERY DEPARTMENT

Having been unable in the past few weeks, to keep up our supply of Goods, we have started our daily train again and hope now to keep fully supplied at all times!!!



WHOLESALE

Dry Goods Department.

We are now offering to the trade, the following Goods at the Lowest Market Prices and are DETERMINED not to be undersold by ANY JOBBING HOUSE SOUTH and will duplicate any Invoice bought of New York Jobbers.

40 Bales 4-4 brown sheeting (as'd brands
50 do 7-8 do do do do
40 do Sea I. brown cottons do
30 do 7-8 Osnaburgs,
10 do brown drilling,
20 cases assorted bleached shirtings,
5 do do do 4-4 sheetings,
5 do do do 10-4 do
5 do do brown 10-4 do
3 do do bleached drills,
15 do prints, assorted brands,
5 do ginghams, do do
10 do tickings, do do
50 do plaids and stripes.

NOTIONS, CLOTHING, HOSIERY, CLOTHING, HATS, BOOTS, SHOES, &c., &c., &c..

We would call the attention of the Trade to

THE

"*PREMIUM*" SHIRT COLLAR,

for which we are Sole Agents for Montgomery—each box containing a handsome PRIZE.

Having an office and an EXPERIENCED RESIDENT BUYER IN NEW YORK, JOHN M. RAMSEY, 356 Broadway, and receiving by EACH TRAIN from the Principal Factories South, their STAPLE PRODUCTION, our facilities for offering inducements to the TRADE, CANNOT BE SURPASSED.

LeGRAND & Co.,
MONTGOMERY, ALA.

NEW GOODS! NEW GOODS!

J. M. Carroll,

has just received his Stock of

FALL & WINTER GOODS,

suited to the trade of all, consisting of Ladies Dress Goods.
Black Alpacas,
Flannels and Linseys,
Prints,
Bleach and Brown Domesties,
Bleach and brown Drillings,
Ladies and gentlemens
Shawls,
Red Blankets
Cassimeres & Jeans,
Doe Skin and Broadcloth,
Notions, Hats and Caps,
Boots and Shoes,
Carpet Bags, Sole Leather,
Water and well Buckets,
Hardware and Crockery,
Bagging and Ties,
Chewing and Smoking
Tobaccos, Cigars, Coffee, Sugar, Rice,
Soda, Candles, Starch, Indigo,
Matches, Tinware,
and in fact, everything kept in a country Town.

Give him a call. He will sell you goods as cheap as any house in Town,

FOR THE CASH.

He tenders his thanks to his customers, and the public generally for past patronage, and hope they will still call to see him.

nov4 1871—tf.

Virginia and Tennessee.

AIR-LINE RAILWAY.

Through rates by the Air-Line, always as low as the published tariff of any competing route.

Freights run through without break of Bulk. All claims promptly adjusted by Thos. Pickney, claim agent at Norfolk Va.,

OFFICES.

Boston, 87 Washington street; New York, 303 Broadway; Philadelphia corner Washington Avenue and Swanson street; Baltimore, 154 west Baltimore street.

C. E. EVANS,
General Eastern Agent.

LUMBER FOR SALE.

THE undersigned having disposed of his interest in the

STEAM SAW MILL,

six miles South of Jacksonville, upon terms that gives him the disposal of large amount of lumber, informs all persons who may wish to

purchase any discription of Lumber,

that their bills can be promptly and correctly filled by his well known and reliable Agent, Green B. Skelton, on favorable terms, with whom all preliminary arrangements can be made.

RICHARD T. BOWLING.

aug19—4m.

NEW LIVERY STABLE

The undersigned takes pleasure in notifying his friends, and the

PUBLIC GENERALLY

that he has opened the stables formerly known as the Alexander Stables, North East from the Court House.

HE IS PREPARED TO HIRE

Hacks, Wagons, Buggies, and Horses at the following schedule of prices:

Two-horse hacks and driver per day	$6.00.
Two-horse wagon and driver per day	$5.00
Buggy and horse per day	$3.00.
Single Buggy per day	$2.00.
Single Horse per day	$2.00.

He will also feed and take care of stock charges to be paid when the stock is taken from the stable. Terms cash only.

RICHARD WEAVER,

aug12—tf.

IF YOU WANT CORRECT TIME

GO TO

Randall of Gadsden,

THE BEST

Watch-Maker in North Alabama.

Prices for Goods & Work reduced 25 to 50 per cent. Everything guaranteed as represented and satisfaction given every time.

Cash or no Trade

Oct28 1871—tf.

D. D. DRAPER. J. R. DRAPER. J. DRAPER, Sen.

DD. DRAPER, SON & CO.

WHOLESALE & RETAIL DEALERS IN

Dry Goods, Groceries,

AND

General Merchandise.

Also, Agents for the sale of

Stoves, Brinleys Plows, Bagging, Iron Ties

All of which they keep a full and complete stock always on hand, and will order any kind of ***MACHINERY*** and ***IMPLEMENTS*** wanted, such as they do not keep.

Call to see them—they will BUY or SHIP your COTTON, and sell you GOODS at the lowest possible prices.

OXFORD, Ala., Oct. 14, 1871.—6m.

J. & S. BONES & CO.

IMPORTERS OF & DEALERS IN

IRON and STEEL,

HARDWARE, CUTLERY, GUNS &c.

Rome Ga.,

In addition to keeping the largest Stock of HARDWARE in the Cherokee Country for Merchants supplies, are the Agents for

BLANDY'S CELEBRATED STEAM ENGINES & MILLS,

and can furnish at Manufactures prices, anything from a small size **Saw Mill** to the

LARGEST FLOURING MILL COMPLETE,

also Agents for CLEMANS' CORN and WHEAT MILL, which we keep in Stock.

[*READ HOME TESTIMONY.*]

NEAR CEDAR BLUFF Feb., 28, 1871

MESSRS. J. & S. BONES, *Dear Sirs:*

I have given the 16 inch Mill (Clemans) bought of you, a thorough test, and can but express myself perfectly satisfied. The power was the running gear to my gin, which although in very bad order, was sufficient to grind *one bushel* (by the watch) in *eleven minutes*. I find no trouble to do my grinding before breakfast. Several of my neighbors were present at the time, and all were satisfied with the result, and were astonished at the quantity and fine quality of the meal produced in so short a time. I prefer the meal to any steam mill meal. The 16 inch mill I bought of you for the Foster Farm, and used since the above was written proves equally satisfactory. It is a complete mill.

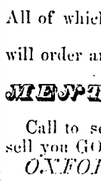
Yours Truly,
H. H. MILLER.

Upon all machinery sold by us we give a full guarantee. Send for catulogue and price list.

J. & S. BONES & CO.

apr15 1871—tf

GLOVER, GRASS AND GARDEN SEED.



W. D. HOYT & CO

WILL KEEP CONSTANTLY ON HAND A FULL STOCK OF THE ABOVE AT THE LOWEST FIGURES,

Clover, and Grass Seed.

STRICTLY CASH. Also

Lead, Oil and Glass,

At Manufactures prices.

Also a full STOCK of

Drugs, Brushes, Perfumery Soaps of all kinds, Lamps, &c. &c.

W. D. HOYT & CO.

WHOLESALE DRUGGISTS,

Rome Ga.

Oct 28. tf.

Fashionable Dress Making.

Mrs. M. E. HAMES

AND

MISS LOU CRAWFORD,

Respectfully inform their friends and the public generally, that they propose opening on the 1st October, at the residence of the former,

A Dress Making Establishment.

Cutting in the latest style after a new and highly approved Chart.

They are also prepared to do all kinds of sewing for both ladies and gentlemen. Perfect satisfaction guaranteed.

Patronage solicited—a trial stamps *success.*

sep23 1871—tf

CROSS PLAINS HOUSE

COME ALONG.

This House is not quite completed, but will receive Boarders and the Traveling public generally.

No rash promises made—come and see.

A. S. JOHNSON,
J. N. HOOD,
J. N. HOOD, Prop'r.

june18—tf.

FORNY'S CORNER.

WE very respectfully call the attention of our customers, to our large Stock of **Spring and Summer Goods**, also to our largely replenished Stock of

FAMILY GROCERIES.

Both departments are sufficiently supplied in quantity and quality to meet the demands of the trade.

Having bought our Stock from reliable Merchants for Cash, we recommend them to you as GOOD GOODS,

CHEAP FOR CASH.

Bring your money or country produce

We have just received a fine lot of NEW ORLEANS MOLASSES,
BACON, LARD & HAMS.

Hoping to receive soon and frequent calls from you.

Yours Truly,
DRAPER & JOHNSON.
JACKSONVILLE ALA.

apr15—71

NEW GOODS.

I am just receiving a general assortment of GOODS, suited to the

Fall Trade,

Consisting of

DRY GOODS,
BOOTS & SHOES,
HARDWARE,
CUTLERY,
CHOICE COFFEE,
SUGARS & TEAS,
INDIGO,
MADDER,
SODA,
SOAPS,
CANDLES,
NAILS,
HORSE SHOES,

And in fact nearly everything the country demands; bought with judgment and taste and selling at the lowest CASH PRICES.

J. D. HOKE,
Jacksonville, Ala..

sep9 1871—tf

Why not get well!
It is an established fact,
convincingly proved by the highest testimony, and by the practical test of 10 yrs successful experience, that Dr Crook's Wine of Tar has been administered with the most extraordinary success in all diseases of the Throat and Lungs, for pronouncing many of the remarkable cures of cases pronounced incurable,
Such a remedy merits a trial from all who are afflicted and vainly seek the relief. Will you not be judicious prevent by you from trying it?

The Reporter's wife that "all who try it recommend it—many buying several bottles at the second time, and said no they would not be without a bottle in their house." I expressed **Coughs, Colds and Chronic Coughs**, and it many cases of **Asthma and Bronchitis**, of which nothing—with other remedies have failed—have proved it to be second to none for these complaints. **Throat Affections** require but a few doses. **Consumptives**, and all suffering with **Pulmonary Affection** s, of any kind, should not fail to gain the relief and cure afforded by Dr Crook's Wine of Tar. Try one bottle. **It is safe to take at any time, and under any circumstances whatever.**

Permit no other remedy to be palmed off on you for Dr. Crook's Wine of Tar, for it is this remedy which is performing the many wonderful cures—**and you want IT**, and not an untried medicine with a similarity of name. Sold by Druggists.

Dr Crook's Wine of Tar is not prepared only for Diseases of the Throat & Lungs.

The rich medicinal qualities of Tar, it contains, would alone have a healthy action on the Stomach & Bowels, but there are Vegetable Ingredients of undoubted Tonic value combined with it, which cause it to build up the weak and debilitated, rapidly restore exhausted strength, Cleanse the stomach, relax the Liver, Cause the food to digest, and make pure blood, removing Dyspepsia

INDIGESTION, &c., &c.

Weakening sensations are [illegible] unpopular and needless when [illegible] increase are better than those which [illegible] strength. If you once use Dr. Crook's Wine of Tar, you will never use any more despite what a doctor says to take for **Strengthen the System, restore the Appetite**, and prepare you for any change in your system that the season may bring on. It is noted for its **Regulating and Healthy Action upon the Stomach and Bowels.** It is mild in its pleasant, and you will not feel you are taking medicine—all you have only to keep on, and your nervous, and it will keep you all right. **Every body can take it! Man, Woman and Child!** It is Alterative, Sedative, Tonic and Expectorant, and yet so mild it can be taken with perfect safety at any time. It does not intoxicate, and contains nothing in the least injurious. **The Old Folks, as well as the Middle-Aged People**, like it, because it is a health-giving appetizer, strengthening machine, and they can take it without becoming professed dram-drinkers, and they can give it to them. **Weak and Delicate Children**, and make them strong and healthy. **The Ladies speak in the highest terms of it.** It gives them an appetite, and strengthens their nervous system, and is just the remedy that **Delicate Females**, who have no appetite, are languid, always suffering, and never well, need to make them strong and healthy. It **gives tone and energy to Debilitated constitutions**, and all recovering from any illness will find it the best Tonic they can take. **Ask for Dr. Crook's Wine of Tar. Sold by Druggists everywhere.**

CALL AT THE

Old Hotel,

West Side of the Public Square

Jacksonville, Ala.

WHICH has been repaired, refurnished and refitted up, especially for the comfort of those who may favor us with a call. Rooms large and comfortable—fare good as the country affords—servants polite and attentive—charges reasonable.

Can accommodate a dozen or two regular boarders.

J. D. HAMMOND,
Dec. 18, '69—1y. ***Proprietor.***

Notice to Stockholders.

The annual meeting of the Stockholders of the East Ala. and Cincinnati Railroad Company, will be held at the office of the Company in the town of Opelika on the third Saturday, it being the 18th day of November A. D. 1871, at 12 o'clock, M.

JNO. C. TOWLES,
Secretary.

oct14—4t.

THIRTY YEARS EXPERIENCE

IN THE TREATMENT OF

CHRONIC AND SEXUAL DISEASES.

A PHYSIOLOGICAL VIEW OF MARRIAGE.

The cheapest book ever published—containing nearly three hundred pages, and one hundred and thirty fine plates and engravings of the anatomy of the human organs in a state of health and disease, with a treatise on early errors, its deplorable consequences upon the mind and body, with the author's plan of treatment—the only rational and successful mode of cure, as shown by a report of cases tried. A truthful adviser to the married and those contemplating marriage, who entertained doubts of their physical condition. Sent free of postage to any address, on receipt of twenty-five cents in stamps or postal currency, by addressing Dr. LA CROIX, No. 31 Maiden Lane, Albany, New York. The author may be consulted upon any of the diseases upon which his book treats, either personally or by mail and medicines sent to any part of the world. oct21—1m.

R. R. R.

Radway's Ready Relief

CURES THE WORST PAINS

in from One to Twenty Minutes.

NOT ONE HOUR

after reading this advertisement need any one SUFFER WITH PAIN.

RADWAY'S READY RELIEF IS A CURE FOR EVERY PAIN.

It was the first and is

The Only Pain Remedy

that instantly stops the most excruciating pains, allays Inflammations, and cures Congestions, whether of the Lungs, Stomach or other glands or organs, by one application IN FROM ONE TO TWENTY MINUTES no matter how violent or excruciating the pain the RHEUMATIC, Bed-ridden, Infirm, Crippled, Nervous, Neuralgic, or prostrated with disease may suffer,

RADWAY'S READY RELIEF

Will afford instant Ease.

Inflamation of the Kidneys,
Inflamation of the Bladder.
Inflamation of the Bowels.
Congestion of the Lungs.
Sore Throat, Difficult Breathing,
Palpitation of the Heart.
Hysterics, Croup, Diphtheria,
Catarrh, Influenza.
Headache Toothache,
Neuralgia, Rheumatism.
Cold Chills, Ague Chills,

The application of the READY RELIEF to the part or parts where the difficulty exists will afford ease and comfort.

Twenty drops in half a tumbler of water will in a few memeuts cure Cramps, Spasms, Sour Stomach, Heartburn, Sick Headache, Diarrhea, Dysentery, Colic, Wind in the Bowels, and all Internal Pains.

Travelers should always carry a bottle of RADWAY'S READY RELIEF with them. A few drops in water will prevent sickness or pains from change of water. It is better than French Brandy or Bitters as a stimulant.

FEVER AND AGUE.

Fever and Ague cured for fifty cents. There is not a remedial agent in this world that will cure Fever and Ague, and all other Malarious, Bilious, Scarlet, Typhoid, Yellow, and other Fevers (aided by RADWAY'S PILLS) so quick as RADWAY'S READY RELIEF. Fifty cents per bottle.

HEALTH! BEAUTY!!

Strong and pure rich Blood—Increase of Flesh and Weight—Clear Skin and beautiful Complexion secured to all,

DR. RADWAY'S
Sarsaparillian Resolvent

Has made the most astonishing cures so quick, so rapid are the changes the body undergoes, under the influence of this truly wonderful Medicine, that

Every day an increase in Weight and Flesh is Felt.

THE GREAT BLOOD PURIFIER.

Every drop of the SARSAPARILLIAN RESOLVENT communicates through the Blood, Sweat, Urine, and other fluids and juices of the system *the vigor of life*, for it repairs the wastes of the body with new and sound material. *Scrofula, Syphilis, Consumption, Glandular disease, Ulcers in the throat, Mouth, Tumors, Sores in the Glands and other parts of the system, Sore Eyes, Scrofulous discharges from the Ears and the worst forms of Skin diseases, Erruptions, Fever Sores, Scald Head, Ring Worm, Salt Rheum, Erysipelas, Acne, Black Spots, Worms in the Flesh, Tumors, Cancers in the Womb*, and all weakening and painful discharges, Night Sweats, Loss of Sperm, and all wastes of the life principle, are within the curative range of this wonder of Modern Chemistry, and a few days' use will prove to any person using it for either of these forms of disease its potent power to cure them.

If the patient, daily becoming reduced by the wastes and decomposition that is constantly progressing, succeeds in arresting these wasts, and repairs the same with new material made from healthy blood—and this the SARSAPARILLIAN will and does secure—a cure is certain; for when once this remedy commences its work of purification, and succeeds in diminishing the loss of waste, its repairs will be rapid, and every day the patient will feel himself growing better and stronger, the food digesting better, appetite improving, and weight increasing.

Not only does the Sarsaparillian Resolvent excels all known remedial agents in the cure of Caronic, Scrofulous, Constitutional and Skin diseases; but it is the only positive cure for

Kidney and Bladder Complaints, Urinary, and Womb diseases, Gravel, Diabetes, Dropsy, Stoppage of Water, Incontinence of Urine, Bright's Disease, Albuminuria, and in all cases where there are brick dust deposits, or the water is thick, cloudy, mixed with substances like the white of an egg, or threads like white silk, there are morbid, dark, bilious appearance, and white bone dust deposits, and when there is pricking, burning sensation when passing water, and pain in the Small of the Back and along the Loins.

DR. RADWAY'S
PERFECT PURGATIVE PILLS,

perfectly tasteless, elegantly coated with sweet gum, purge, regulate, purify, cleanse and strengthen. Radway's Pills, for the cure of all disorders of the Stomach, Liver, Bowels, Kidneys, Bladder, Nervous Diseases, Headache, Constipation, Costiveness, Indigestion, Dyspepsia, Biliousness, Bilious Fever, Inflamation of the Bowels, Piles, and all Derangements of the Internal Viscera. Warranted to effect a positive cure. Purely Vegetable, containing no mercury, minerals, or deleterious drugs.

A few doses of RADWLY'S PILLS will free the system from all the above named disorders. Price, 25 cents per Box. Sold by Druggists.

Read "False and True." Send one letter stamp to RADWAY & CO., No. 87 Maiden Lane, New York. Information worth thousands will be sent you.

Sep 23, 1871—1y

M. A. TURNER
TAILOR

Takes pleasure in informing his old patrons and the public generally, that he is

STILL AT HIS OLD STAND

PREPARED TO CUT & MAKE

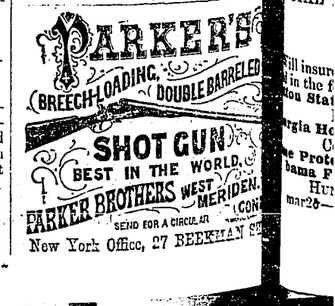
MOST FASHIONABLE STYLE

& MOST DURABLE MANNER

Terms now, henceforth, and forever CASH.

JACKSONVILLE ALA.

dec17 1870.—tf



Jacksonville Republican
ISSUED, PRINTED & PUBLISHED, EVERY SATURDAY MORNING, BY
J. F. & L. W. GRANT.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.
For one year in advance, ...$2 00
If not paid in advance, ...3 00

TERMS OF ADVERTISING.
One square of 10 lines or less, first insertion, ...$1 00
Each subsequent insertion, ... 50
Over one square counted as two, &c.
Obituaries charged at advertising rates.

Annunciation of Candidates.
For County Offices, ... $5 00
For State Offices. $10 00

Jacksonville Republican.

"The Price of Liberty is Eternal Vigilance."

VOL. 35. JACKSONVILLE, ALA., NOVEMBER 25. 1871. WHOLE NO 1807

Rates of Advertising,
For three, six, or twelve Months

One square of 10 lines,	3 months,		$5 00
" "	6 "		7 50
" "	12 "		10 00
One fourth column,	3 "		10 00
" " "	6 "		15 00
" " "	12 "		25 00
One half column,	3 "		25 00
" " "	6 "		35 00
" " "	12 "		50 00
One column,	3 "		40 00
" "	6 "		60 00
" "	12 "		100 00

Charges due and collectable quarterly.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

Dr. M. W. FRANCIS
Physician & Surgeon,
OFFICE, DRUG STORE I. C. FRANCIS
North West Corner Square,
JACKSONVILLE - - ALA
sep5 1871—1y.

JOHN FOSTER. WM. H. FORNEY.

FOSTER & FORNEY,
Attorneys at Law,
Jacksonville Alabama.
WILL practice in the Counties of Calhoun, Talladega, Randolph, St. Clair, Cherokee, DeKalb and the Supreme Court of the State.
Dec. 23d, 1865.

JOE. H. FRANCIS.
ATTORNEY AT LAW
—AND—
GENERAL COLLECTING AGENTS.
Gadsden ..... Alabama
WILL practice in Etowah and adjoining counties. Special attention given to the filing petitions in Bankruptcy. Will prosecute claims against the Government for Bounty, Back pay, &c.

J. G. ELLIS. J. H. CALDWELL
ELLIS & ALDWELL
Attorneys at Law,
AND
Solicitor in Chancery.
JACKSONVILLE, ALA.
HAVING associated themselves in the practice of Law, will practice together, except in CRIMINAL CASES, in the counties Calhoun, Talledega, St. Clair, Randolphs Cherokee and DeKalb
Jan. 6. 1866.

T. TURNLEY, G. I. TURNLEY
T. J. & G. I. TURNLEY,
Attorneys at Law
AND
Solicitors in Chancery
General Collecting Agents.
JACKSONVILLE, ALA.
WILL practice Law in the counties of Calhoun, Talladega, Randolph, Cleburne, Cherokee, Bainb, St. Clair and DeKalb, in the Supreme Court of the State, and in the U. S District Court, Northern and Middle Division of Alabama.

LEWIS W INZER LEROY F. BOX.
INZER & BOX,
Attorneys at Law,
AND
Solicitors in Chancery
ASHVILLE, Ala.
WILL practice in all the Courts of St. Clair, Calhoun, Talladega, Shelby, Jefferson, Blount, DeKalb, Cherokee & Marshall: also in the Superior Court of the State Prompt attention given.

H. L. STEVENSON,
Attorney at Law,
JACKSONVILLE, Ala.

CASPER N. HANEY,
Attorney at Law.
SELMA, ALA.
WILL practice in all the State Courts also the Federal Courts at Montgomery. buy sell and rent real estate.

TENNESSEE HOUSE
Rome, Ga.
L. A. STANSBURY, PROP'R.
Most convenient Hotel to Rail Road Depots.
Mar. 12, 1870—tf

Selma Rome & Dalton Railroad.
CHANGE OF SCHEDULE.
Commencing Saturday, July 1st, 1871. Passenger Trains on this Road, will leave Jacksonville as follows:
COMING NORTH.
2 51 P. M. Express—Daily.
10 26 P. M. Mail—Daily.
GOING SOUTH.
12 37 A. M. Mail—Daily.
11 43 A. M. Express—Daily
Trains North make connections at Rome, with Rome Railroad for Atlanta, and points beyond—and at Dalton with trains of E. T. Va. & Ga. R. R., for Knoxville, Lynchburg and Eastern cities. Passengers for Chattanooga, Nashville, Memphis and other points West, should take 10 26 P. M. train, to avoid detention at Dalton
Trains South, arrive in Selma, at 8 30 A. M., and 8 30 P. M.—and at Montgomery, via. S. & N. Ala., at 9 20 A. M. and 10 P. M.
Passengers for Pensacola, Mobile and New Orleans, VIA MONTGOMERY, should take 11 43 A. M. train.
Passengers for Mobile and New Orleans, via MERIDIAN—and for Jackson, Vicksburg and Monroe La., should take 12 37 A. M trains.
E. G. BARNEY, Gen'l. Sup't,
M. STANTON, As't Sup't.

Insurance a Specialty.
E. J. PARR.
LOCAL AGENT,
JACKSONVILLE, ALA.
Will insure Life, or Property of any kind in the following Companies:
United States Life Insurance Co., MACON, GA.,
Georgia Home Fire Insurance Co. COLUMBUS, GA.,
The Protection of North Alabama Fire Insurance Co., HUNTSVILLE ALA.,
mar26—1871

WM. M. HAMES. J. T. MARTIN
HAMES & MARTIN,
Attorneys at Law and Solicitors in Chancery. No. 8. Office Row, Jacksonville,
WILL practice in all the Courts of Law and Equity in the counties of the 12th Judicial circuit, consisting of Calhoun, Cleburne, St. Clair, Etowah and Cherokee, and the Supreme court of the State.
may20—1871.

Eating House
—AND—
OYSTER SALOON.
GEORGE WHITE respectfully announces to the public that he has removed to the large and commodious room under the Republican office, where he will be glad to furnish meals at all hours, and fresh oysters on call.
He has fresh fruits and Confections of the best. Charges moderate.
GEORGE WHITE.
sep30—1m.

MOBILE ADVERTISEMENTS.
Wolff & Co.
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL
LIQUOR DEALERS,
32 COMMERCE STREET,
MOBILE, ALA.
We keep always on hand a full Stock of
Foreign & Domestic
WHISKIES
OF ALL GRADES AND PRICES.
ALSO
Wines, Brandies, Rum, Gin,
And all articles usually found in Liquor stores. We sell our goods at the lowest possible prices.
The experience of more than Twenty-five years as Rectifiers enables us to guarantee our Manufactures to be superior to any similar goods in the country. Call and examine for yourselves and save money.
oct7—6mos

IRA W. PORTER & CO
Under Odd Fellows' Hall Royal St.
Mobile Ala
BUILDERS' HARDWARE,
CUTLERY,
WHITE LEAD, PAINTS, OILS, VARNISHES, BRUSHES,
Marbleized Slate Mantles, Grates and Fenders,
WHITE PINE BLACK WAL'
NUT & MAHOGANY
PLANK & WOOD
MOULDINGS.
Terra Cotta Chimney Tops, Drain Pipe, and House Furnishing Goods.
Doors, Sash & Blinds.
DIRECT IMPORTERS OF FOREIGN
Window, Car, Picture, Photographic and Ornamental Glass.
Oct7—6mo.

FALL AND WINTER TRADE.
1871--72.
MERCHANTS and all others visiting Mobile will find it to their advantage to examine the large and complete assortment of
MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS
MUSICAL MERCHANDISE,
VIOLIN & GUITAR STRINGS,
SHEET MUSIC,
MUSICAL WORKS,
FANCY GOODS,
TOYS, FIREWORKS,
NOTIONS GENERALLY,
offered at lowest prices at
Ware-Rooms
108 Dauphin Street 108
(between Conception and Joachim) by
BROMBERG BROTHERS.
Also sole agents for
STEINWAY & SONS'
CELEBRATED
PIANO FORTES,
and for the best
Patent Cabinet Organs.
Orders per mail punctually attended to.
sep23—3m.
F. J. BARNARD & Co.
WHOLESALE & RETAIL DEALERS IN
Paints, Oils, Glass, Putty, Brushes,
AND
A Large Assortment of
ARTIST MATERIALS,
PICTURE FRAMES AND MOULDINGS &c.
No. 11. NORTH WATER STREET,
MOBILE, ALA.
This House was established in the year 1842.
sep16—6m.

SELMA ADVERTISEMENTS.
H.A. STOLLENWERCK, Selma, Ala. F. E. STOLLENWERCK Mobile, Ala.
A. G. STOLLENWERCK. Selma, Ala.
H. A. STOLLENWERCK & BROS.
Water Street,
SELMA, Ala.
F. E. STOLLENWERCK & BROS.
42 North Commerce Street,
MOBILE Ala
COTTON FACTORS
AND
Commission Merchants.
Messrs. E. L. WOODWARD & SON, of Jacksonville, Ala. will act as Agents for this house.
N. WOODRUFF & Co.
COTTON FACTORS,
and
Commission Merchants,
OFFICE (UP STAIRS) CITY BLOCK,
SELMA ALA.
sep16—3m.

ABNER WILLIAMS,
Cotton Factor,
No. 4. CENTRAL BLOCK (UP STAIRS,)
WATER STREET, SELMA, ALA.
Bagging and Ties advanced on liberal terms to his patrons.
sep2—3m.

MONEY SAVED
IS
Money Made!
FARMERS, HOUSEKEEPERS,
and others
WILL NOTICE THIS.
We sell Dry Goods,
Dress Goods,
Fancy Goods,
Clothing, Hats,
China, Glass and
Granate Ware,
25 to 50 per cent Cheaper
than they are sold by small dealers.
We deliver all goods sold on the line of the Selma, Rome & Dalton Railroad
FREE OF CHARGE,
for cases Drayage and Railroad Freight when the cash accompanies the order, and the amount of bill is Fifty Dollars.
John W. Woodward, will be pleased to execute the *cash orders* of his friends.
E. JOHNSON & Co.,
Selma, Ala.
apr15—6m

MONTGOMERY ADV'S.
HARDWARE!
B. L. WYMAN,
Successor to
HALL, MOSES & ROBERTS,
has removed to
No. 3 COURT SQUARE,
SIGN OF THE PADLOCK,
MONTGOMERY ALA.
Where the readers of the REPUBLICAN are invited to examine one of
THE LARGEST
AND
Best Assorted Stock,
Ever brought to Montgomery consisting of Hardware, Iron and Steel, Nails, Castings, and Cutlery, Stoves, Tin Ware and House-keeping goods,
Agricultural Implements
PLOWS, HOES, CHAINS, &c.
The celebrated
Fashion Cook Stove.
B. L. WYMAN,
SIGN OF THE PADLOCK.
MONTGOMERY ALA.,
apr29—6m.

D. H SHULAR, Montgomery. T. C. HARTWELL, Lowndes Co.
SHULAR & HARTWELL,
Cotton Warehouse, Factors,
—AND—
GENERAL
Commission Merchants,
MONTGOMERY, ALA.
We would inform our friends and the planting community generally, that we have leased the Brick Warehouse on the corner of Commerce and Bibb streets, and are prepared to do the Storage and Factorage Business in all its branches. Our charge for Storage will be fifty cents per bale for the first, and twenty-five for each successive month. Our charge for selling cotton will be one dollar per bale. We are prepared to make liberal advances on cotton in store, or for shipment to our friends in New York, New Orleans or Mobile. We will furnish Bagging and Ties, or other plantation supplies at the lowest market price. From our long experience in business, and prompt attention to all matters entrusted to us, we hope to merit a share of patronage.
D. H. SHULAR,
THOS. C. HARTWELL.
Sept.20.

ROME ADVERTISEMENTS.
C. C. SAMUEL.
Successor to Elliot & Samuel,
COTTON FACTOR
Warehouse & Commission Merchant,
(At Steamboat Landing,)
Rome. Ga.
Cotton compressed and put in splendid shipping order and forwarded same day of its arrival, at reduced rates of freight.
sept 23, 1871—1y

MRS. S. C. HAMMONDS,
Fashionable Milliner,
ROME, GEORGIA.
HAS in stock a very fine lot of Millinery Goods, & is prepared to fill all orders from abroad, satisfactorily both as to style and price. The patronage of the public, along the line of the Selma, Rome & Dalton Railroad, respectfully solicited.
july 15—6 mo.

GENERAL ADVS.
R. A. PRINGLE,
Cotton Seller and General
PRODUCE BROKER,
OFFICE—CENTRAL WHARF,
CHARLESTON S. C.
REFERENCES.—Hon. C. T. Lowndes, President of the Bank of Charleston; W. B. Smith, Esq., President of the Union Bank; John Hanckel, Esq., President of People's Bank; Robert Adger, Esq., Messrs. Geo. A. Trenholm & Son, T. H. Wagner, Esq., Messrs. Henry Bischoff & Co., James M. Caldwell, Esq., Messrs. Ward, Crane Boyleston & Co., Messrs. D. F. Fleming & Co., Messrs. J. E. Adger & Co., Messrs. Marshall & Burge, Messrs. Edwin Bates & Co., Edward McCrady, Sr., Esq., B. C. Pressley, Esq., and H. T. Peaks, Esq.
Special attention given to the consignment and sale of Cotton, Rice, Naval Stores, Dried Fruit, Peanuts, &c.
The subscriber offers his services to his friends and the public as a
Cotton Seller and General
PRODUCE BROKER,
having had many years experience in the Cotton Houses of Messrs. Robinson & Caldwell and John Fraser & Co., He intends to give special attention to the consignment and sale of Cotton, Rice, Naval Stores, Dried Fruit, &c., and hopes by unremitting attention so business to merit a share of the public patronage, and respectfully solicits a call from his old friends and customers in the interior
R. A. PRINGLE.
sep23—3m,

BOOKS!
PATTEN AND PAYNE.
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.
BOOKSELLERS STATIONERS
AND
NEWS DEALERS
Chattanooga, Tennessee.
KEEP constantly on hand a full supply of SHOOL AND COLLEGE TEXT BOOKS.
For Sale at Publishers' Lowest Prices,
WRITING PAPER
Of every size and Weight. Good Note Paper $1,20 per Ream. Good Foolscap $2,00 up. Wrapping Paper of all kinds.
ENVELOPES
Of every Style, quality and price.
INITIAL NOTE PAPER AND ENVELOPES
Put up in nice boxes, each contain 25 sheets of paper and 25 envelopes, mailed to any address for 50 cents.
Agents for the best BLANK BOOK Manufactures, and keep constantly on hand a full line of.
BLANKBOOKS,
Memorandums and records. Send for a price list
GOLD PENS, John Holland's and Foley's Celebrated Gold Pens. Descriptive Circular containing prices, sent when requested
MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS
Violins from $0,00 per dozen up. A Great variety of Banjos, Accordeons, Flutes' Guitars Violin and Guitar Strings, Violin Bows, Music Boxes, &c., &c.,
Wall Paper!
A large stock of Paper Hangings, Window Shades and Fixures. Send for samples and prices.
Catalogue an List of Books and Stationery sent on application
July 20.—1871.

A Successful & Wonderful
INVENTION.
NEW METHOD OF WASHING
CLOTHES WITHOUT LABOR.
C. R. Arnold's
SELF-ACTING
CLOTHES WASHER.
Price Five Dollars.
No Rubbing! No Wear! A Saving of Time and Labor!
SATISFACTION IN ALL CASES
Guaranteed!
It Can be Tried before Purchasing.
PATENTED MAY 4, 1869.
WM. JOHNSON,
OXFORD ALA.
sep16—3m.

ANNAPEE.

The Terrible Story of the Last Wisconsin Hamlet that Fought the Hurricane of Fire.

COWARDS AND HEROES.

Human annals do not surpass, in equal time and space, the immensity and intensity of suffering and death crowded into the meagre epitome of one single hour. The scene of a thriving industry, and the home of nearly a hundred people, the place though isolated from any human vicinity, had maintained a flourishing and tranquil vitality. The shingle mill, with its coadjutant industries, gave employment to the entire people, women and children dividing the easy labor of shingling and binding.—There were but four buildings on the clearing—the mill, the general boarding house, a store and the barn. Economy and convenience, curious to say, had dictated the selection of this remote spot. The timber inexhaustibly covered the place, and it was of unequaled quality; a lazy little stream meandering through the gnarled roots and soft soil offered a supply of water, enough with artesian wells to drive the mill machinery. It was cheaper to work the great logs into marketable shape here, where, they were right at hand, than establish the mills on the lake or bay and drag the immense timber over miles of wretched roads. The fiery experience of the west shore—of the whole Northern Wisconsin—had been the experience of this wood-immersed hamlet.—For weeks, incessant, laborious battle had been waged night and day, reliefs of men, and even women, taking turns in the exhausting contest. It was hoped that all danger had been warded off when a wide belt, fully a mile deep had been burned outward from the clearing. The serenity of assured safety had come upon the people when this black circumvallation was complete—the very night before the calamity. On that fatal Sunday morning the mill operations suspended, and the men who had homes in the neighboring towns of Big and Little Sturgeon made an early start through the woods.—When night came some kindly Providence detained them and the massacre was so much less. The night came on tranquilly, the humid air gave grateful promises of coming rain and the last lingering distrust was banished from the timidest inhabitant. Early in the night most of the little population in the hamlet were in doors or in bed. It was still early when those casually astir outside saw a great glowing light shoot athwart the southern sky, and spreading rapidly west and northward, continue with dazzling brilliancy. Presently a slender column of fire shot forward and, caught by a whirlwind, came plowing through the solid timber toward the mill. By this time the sleepers and all had rushed from the barrack in a wild, clamoring consternation.

Three brothers, Williamsons, owned the mill, and had in the colony mother, father, sisters, wives and children. Hastily charging the women to care for themselves, the brothers set about save the property if possible. But before the hoes could be brought to bear, the saving of life alone became the stake in the dreadful encounter.—The brothers, as proprietors, seem for a time to have been full of calm, brave discretion, and, with the full realization of the sudden danger in the first rush of the tornado, attempted sytematic plans of preservation. The women were directed as far as possible to put on men's clothes throughout, as offering less chance for the fire to catch. So far as known, not a woman heeded the advice. Had they done so, their lives might not have been sacrificed on that ignoble pyre. Even if life had not been spared, the most revolting sights of the massacre would have been spared for heart-broken survivors. This was the last shred of coherent coherent conduct among the frightened people. Swift whirling columns of flame had cut through the intervening timber, and fell voraciously on the light frame buildings. The whirlwind lashing the trees into fragments caught the fire in roaring surges, and flung it about in billowy waves among the tree-tops. Slender tongues of fire falling from above played in malevolent currents across the clearing. A desperation of terror filled men, women and children—a terror as natural as fatal, for had common fortitude led the groupe not a soul need have perished. With one impulse the frantic mass, battling and crowding, rushed to the potato patch. Here a rising ground was crowned by a shallow pit not six feet around, and hardly, at the deepest part, two feet below the surface of the ground. Men now living, who came almost unscathed through that night of doom, tell how, before the evil time, when the fires were raging, this spot had been fixed on as a place safety, because, almost in the center of the clearing, with no inflammatory matter near, it seemed to promise a breathing in case of a general conflagration.—There had been constant jocosities and banter about this center of salvation," and some one cowardly attempting to enlarge the cavity had been driven off by good-natured ridicule. Even as late as Saturday it had been used as a place of refuge, notwithstanding, and when the actual danger came the ere lulous mass remembered the delusive pit. If that fatal spot had not been if the whimsical belief had not obtained a firm hold there is not the slightest doubt but the forty-seven that perished would have escaped in the neighboring woods. Into that cramped place, crowding, buffeting, begging, cursing, imploring praying, shrieking, men, children and women elbowed and fought in the frenzy of a hideous desperation and terror. Not large enough to admit a dozen by the closest packing, nearly fifty wrestled and crowded in and about the fatal spot With ostrich instinct, in the abjectness of their unreasoning fear, men plowed their burning heads under the living pyre. An inextricable pyramid of bodies, in all sorts of conceivable postures, in the flame swept place.

There were a few in this awful time that preserved an amasing equanimity. Engineer of the mill Byron Merrill, a young fellow of marked character and intelligence, battled resolutely till the last chance to save his employers' property, and only when the futility of the effort and the danger to life became obvious was his self-imposed duty resigned. A bit of romance tinges the glaring picture. His sweetheart was the relative of the mill-owners, Miss Maggie Wiliamson, a girl, it is said, of rare beauty and attraction. The young fellow, bright and cultured beyond his kind, regarded with favor and effection for many miles around, had won her heart and the two were to have been married. The girl, with her kindred, had fled to the potato patch, and here, suffocating with smoke their garments in flames, and writhing in awful agony, the young fellow found the chief part of the people: He tried to scatter the infatuated group; with his hat pressed closely over his mouth and nostrils; he directed the group to break and take shelter in the edge of the timber. Hopeless! The roar of hurricane, even the blood curdling shrieks of the sufferers drowned his voice. He tried by main force to tear the hideous mass asunder, but the strength of a giant could not have broken the maddened clutch of the wretched sufferers. The group was immovably fixed to the fatal spot and rose from burning sand a fiery Laocoon struggling with the coiling flames. Merrill, hastily fetching wetted blankets, threw them over the nearest sufferers, meantime shouting to them to break for the timber, not twenty steps away. Useless. With the skin hanging in shreds upon his hands and forehead, he carried water and poured it on the infatuated group, while the ignoble crowding went on madly among the swiftly roasting crowd. The tumultuous struggle had been from the first a loathesome unreasoning fear; a moment's coolness, a moment's cessation of the frightful effort to wedge downward would have given life to all. The time came, however, when the faithful Merrill, stripped almost of clothing, and burned beyond recognition, had to give up the heroic effort, and plunging through the darting flame, dashed his burning body in the well. Earlier in the castrophe a half dozen heavy sleepers had found tradiness their salvation from the potato patch, and they darted into the timber belt, which had been carefully burned out long before to keep the fire from the houses. Here, prone to the ground, they protected themselves, while the mad crowd, not ten yards away, roasted in their blindness. The falling trees could be guarded against, but nothing could save from the encompassing fire in the clearings. One came, too, whose frail chance of life the meanest creature struggling in that hot pit would have not refused, an old tottering, half-blind, trembling woman, mother to the owners of the mill. She must have been forgotten in the first rush, for when she came toward the potato patch it was filled with a crowd thrown prone upon their faces in the shallow depths of the potato pit. Seven of her kindred writhed in that hideous knot. Passing on with decrepit step, the venerable mother whose eighty four years had not worn out coolness and discretion, came upon a great boulder near the edge of the timber. Climbing on this, although half suffocated, she covered her head with her skirts, and with clothes carefully tucked up from the running flames kept for hours on the back of this unique salamander. The only son that came out of the fire with his life, it is said, did not forget his duty, and aided his mother to this forlorn refuge. Be that as it may, with a thick blanket well wetted over her body and her skirts out of reach of the hot incendiary sand, the old lady perched on that rock survived through the the long night of agony, every shriek of the roasting kindred splitting her ears and their burning bodies almost within reach of her helping arms. Twice through the night she received succor, once from her son, who came up and wetted covering, and once from the barnmaster, Bush who also bathed her head and gave her cool water to drink.

The mill blacksmith, Michael Adams, stands out as though of almost antique mold. He was a man of gigantic figure and grave, rough reserve. When the danger came he gathered his three children and baby in his great strong arms, and with wife strode to the centre of the clearing, where he calmly placed them on wetted blankets, and covering them with his coat, quietly brought water in buckets and saturated the frail protection. The flames hissed and roared about him, but he never desisted. Resisting their hot torrents with wonderful endurance, and even when his hair was ablaze, his hand fleshless, and the coals eating into his flesh, he continued his efforts for wife and child. The young engineer and the barnmaster shouted to him to fly to the o . He seemed to hear them, but calmly shaking his head remained at his post.

As his strength and sight began to fail, he looked with unutterable yearning toward the helpless group at his feet, then glanced anxious toward the wood. When he saw that there was the better chance of safety can never be known; he reeled suddenly and dropped like shot in his tracks. When help came to that group the next day, an unscarred babe lay in the arms of its dead mother, the father's arm about both. They were, of course all dead. but the father alone, with one arm burned off, was unrecognizable, save by his giant frame.

At the well, which stood near the house a wretched group had taken refuge—not only at, but in it. Six people hung themselves into this last resort, counting confidently on it as a place of security. Finally, when crippled by the fire, and exhausted by his long efforts, the young man Merrill threw himself into that crowded pit also, the place was packed. Even here his presence of mind was all that saved a life when life had very little chance. The frail wooden curbings above the mouth had taken fire, and the flames began to run downward fiercely. The paralyzed group dared not put out their heads lest the flames should smother them. But Merill, without an instant's hesitation, uprose and flung the dangerous thing away, and the barn-master, hovering about the edge of the woods, presently refreshed the smothered victims by a bucketfull of water. The well was, notwithstanding, a place of death. The flames, sweeping savagely over the clearing, lurched and spit down hatefully into the crowded pit, and soon the steady blaze from within indicated the fate of its inmates. Merrill still held his mind and resisted the flames. In this he was aided by Bush, who helped him to his final deliverance. He aided all who listened to him manfully and to him the few that were saved, in a large measure, owe their lives. He brought water from the creek to aid the group on the potato-patch, and kept the sheltering blankets saturated as long as he dared venture inside the line of fire.

The darkness of a new night threw a pitying vail over the scene when the first relief from the outside had succeeded in cutting away through. The work of burial began next morning, and 50 were accounted for in the fatal clearing. The venerable mother was found on the road to Big Sturgeon the day after her terrible exposure, very feeble and worn out. She was tenderly cared for, and is in a fair way to regain what she can count but little—her health. One son out of three was spared. Her husband laid his gray hairs in the terrible holocaust; her whole kindred passed away in the ravages of that dreadful night. To this day the woods are not clear of their dead.

For the REPUBLICAN].

Monitive Maxims.

It is important that we do our whole duty domestically, politically and religiously, thereby, we will have the commendations of the major part of our fellow-beings, and will be enabled to refute any report adverse to our reputation.

We should do unto others (with rare exceptions) as we would have them do unto us; meet every person with an open countenance, and friendly greeting, and pray for our enemies, and not curse them.

And not make our very particular secrets known to too many, for a secret is best kept within our own bosoms.

Let us be careful not to speak anything amiss in public of our neighbor or friend, except we have a good cause for so doing.

Let us not impose upon creditors, honor allied with honesty, is our strong support.

We should never stand a man's security except we know him to be reliable and responsible.

We should not drink but one dram of distilled spirits at one time and a long time between drams.

We should endeavor to make ourselves useful to our neighborhood and country, as well as to our families and selves.

We should learn our children manual practice the science of industry. The industrial pursuit of trades as well as professions, is not objectionable, and is occasionally beneficial, especially when the latter fails to be a success, and recourse has to be taken to the former.

We should be considerate relative to our entering into lawsuits, for such cost time and money, and sometimes a good reputation.

We should wait till we are thenty-one before we marry and not wait till we are forty-five. Ex re ues are not preferred as advantageous for wedlock. And one more maxim before closing we should be certain to pay the printer for our advertisements and announcements and also our subscription fees; do not neglect him till the last and pay off everybody else first, he is working faithfully for us every week hoping thereby to benefit and interest us and he undoubtedly expects for us to drop in occasionally to remunerate him with our pocket change (*what we are due him*).

PHILANTHROPY.
NANCY'S CREEK.

GENERAL STANDWATHIE.—The death of this distinguished Indian Chieftain robs the Cherokee nation of its greatest ornament and blessing. It will be remembered that at the outbreak of our late war the Cherokee Indians espoused the cause of the South and it was mainly due to General Stand Watie's position in and influence with his tribe that this result was accomplished. For this service as well as in recognition of his great abilities and bravery in the field, the Son of the Forest was made Brigadier General in the provisional army of the Confederate States.

But the General was not distinguished by his feats of arms alone. He was a man of great intelligence and of much ability as a ready writer. One of the most beautiful tributes ever paid to the memory of Stonewall Jackson was the product of his pen. In person he was said to have been short and stout, while his complexion was that peculiar to his race. Like other Indians, he was cautious, wary, and reticent; but amid the inspiring roar of battle his countenance was lit with the glow and ardor of the born soldier. He was the half-brother of Major E. C. Boudinot, the distinguished representative of this people in the Confederate Congress, whom many of our readers will remember. In his death the Cherokee Nation has lost one of its noblest sons, whose devotion to the South merits this notice at our hands.

A MAN OF BRAINS.—That distinguished divine, the Rev. Dr. Chapin, is not only a man of brains, but he has an ear for music, and his heart is moved by 'a concord of sweet sounds.' In one of his addresses he said:

I love to hear the rumbling of the steam power press better than the rattle and roar of artillery. It is silently attacking and vanquishing the Malakoffs of vice and the Redans of evil; and its parallels and approaches cannot be resisted. I like the click of type in the composing stick of the compositor better than the click of the musket in the hands of the soldier. It bears leaden messengers of deadlier power, of sublimer force, and of surer aim, which will hit its mark, though it is a thousand miles ahead,

GENERAL SHERIDAN A MURDERER.—It is reported that General Sheridan is to be indicted for the murder of Colonel Grosvenor of Chicago, who was shot by a soldier acting under Sheridan's orders, or those of one of his subalterns. Sheridan had no sort of right to establish military rule in Chicago of He has just as much right to go to New York, Philadelphia, or any other city, to-day, and establish the same sort of rule. The fact that there had been a fire in Chicago of course gave him no powers additional to those he had previously possessed. But Sheridan is like Grant, he is a stupid ass outside of his profession of arms. He knows no law. He has no respect for other people's rights, not knowing, indeed, that other people have any rights. He has no idea that he acted wrong in causing Colonel Grosvener's death, no more than Grant has that he violated the Federal Constitution in suspending the privilege of the writ of *habeas corpus* in South Carolina. Both acted in ignorance. But what is to become of the country which places such men in positions in which they can thus deprive people if their dearest rights—nay, kill them with, impunity?—*Richmond Dispatch.*

WE KNOW that for cleaning paint, windows, china and glassware; for polishing knives, tin, iron, brass and copper wares, and for removing stains from marble and porcelain, and rust from machinery, Enoch Morgan's Sons Sapolio is the best thing in use.

JACKSONVILLE REPUBLICAN

JACKSONVILLE, ALABAMA.

SATURDAY, NOV. 25th, 1871.

The Governor's Message.

The great length of this able State paper excludes it from our columns this week.

The Governor goes out of his way to rap over the knuckles the "repudiationists"—so-called. We know of no such party in the State. Those who have been dubbed repudiationists have always and ever expressed a willingness to go before the courts and leave the matter of grievance with them. No man could object to this. When a man expresses a willingness to abide by the law, he cannot in any fairness be called anything but an honest man. The Governor dwells at length on the situation of the A. & C. R. R. and thinks the matter may yet be adjusted to the satisfaction of the State. The manner hinted at is through the purchase of the Road, at bankrupt sale, by other R. R. Companies.

The Auditor comes in for rather a large share of attention and is roughly handled.

He suggests a temporary loan to meet school liabilities and thinks it unwise to raise the taxes to meet them, at present. He also suggests some very healthy reforms we think, in the school laws as they at present exist. The Governor treats of other and interesting subjects. We will publish next week, on the outside of our paper, his message condensed.

The Legislature.

This body met and proceeded vigorously to work. We are gratified to see a better spirit has possession of the Senate. That body seems to have at last realized that they have something more to do than merely oppose all legislation emenating from the house.

The House has passed the Jacksonville water works bill, and also the bill empowering the Commissioners Court to keep open the road over Blue Mountain, referred to a committee. A bill making it a misdemeanor to break a contract for labor will pass the House but will no doubt hitch in the Senate. Some gentleman endeavored to pass a kind of ku-klux bill; but it failed. The bill was evidently aimed at the Radical ku klux organization known as the National Guard, The House also passed a bill repealing the radical law relating to the publication of legal notices. This is commendable; but they should at the same time adopt a substitute or re-enact the Code on the subject. The Radical law had some good features that our Democratic Legislature might retain, For instance, that part requiring statements from public officers—the list of claims allowed by the Commissioners Court and the claims paid by the Treasurer. This the people are entitled to know.

Next week and thenceforward we will publish the proceedings of the body, so far as all public legislation is concerned.

EDITOR REPUBLICAN,

DEAR SIR:—The truth of the expression, "when the wicked rule, the people mourn," is fully indicated by the present status and surroundings for the past six or ten years, of the people of the United States of America. The once happy people! United States! Lee Republic! Democratic constitutional government, now torn into shreds. The Southern States, the birth place of the most distinguished Statesmen and warriors on earth, whose blood and treasure was freely spent in 176, to wrest their liberty and freedom from a monarchical, or Kingly government. Despoiled of their property, by the murderous small cannon, and fires of an incendiary army, commissioned by their envious, malicious, heartless sisters, constituting a worse and more despotic government, than the one thrown off by the revolution of 176. The Southern States, bereft of her children, her best and wisest men disfranchised, loaded down with political disabilities, to gratify partizan hate, and rancour, and a cowardly fear of their future prospects. The constitution, every line of which was written in the hearts of the patriots of the revolution of 176, as with a diamond pen, dipped in the blood of their departed comrades, and dear to the hearts of all true lovers of constitutional liberty. Despoiled of every protective principal of liberty and freedom; subjecting the people of all the States but especially the South, to be ruled by the whims, caprice, cupidity and malice of a military dictation, and his corrupt satraps.

Painfully true it is, "the wicked rule and the people mourn." All expedients heretofore tried to correct the evils and troubles, now pressing upon us have failed.

What is to be done? What can be done? Shall we give up in despair? No! No! Try, try again, is the doctrine.

What say you Mr. Editor, to calling a meeting of all the citizens of this county at an early day, at the court house, to consult about, and investigate these very grave and momentous questions?

Perhaps some one can suggest a course of action that may result to our advantage; and any measure giving reasonable promise of benefit, had as well have its origin in *Jacksonville Calhoun County*, as anywhere.

Please speak out; let us hear from you. Awake! awake!

SPIRIT OF 176.

OWING to the press of matter, in way of locals (which we like) and other things, we have to lay over several intere sting communications until next week. We know the writers will wait patiently.

Mr. Jno. A. Fleming has an excellent and well situated lot with a very comfortable house thereon, and in close proximity to the College and public spring, for sale, cheap. The fences, outhouses &c. are new. It is the best bargain that has ever been offered in Jacksonville. in a house and lot. For urther information apply at this office.

Who Betrayed General Morgan?

An Account of his Treacherous Surprise and Brutal Murder.

By Maj. C. A. Withers His Ch'ef of Staff

SAVANNAH, October 25, 1871.

Editor Morning News:

DEAR SIR:—My attention having been called to an article which appeared in a Memphis paper—under signature of General Alvin C. Gillem, U. S. A.—purporting to be a true version of the manner in which General John H. Morgan was killed, and the statement made by your efficient correspondent, whom I suspected to be an old and respected friend, in your issue of the 24th inst., compels me, very reluctantly, to appear in print to refute a willful misrepresentation on the part of the former, and an unintetional mistake of my worthy comrade. I had intended, soon after the war and several times since, to have published a stat ment of what passed under my personal observation on that eventful 4th of September, the *desire* of our command, but cautious friends advised against any re opening of dead issues to incite fresh animosities, which our model (?) accept-the situationists declare would delay the day of the Prodigal's return to the bosom of this "Glorious Union." The letter in the Memphis *Appeal* determined my course, and I had already commenced a reply, when your correspondent's notice of the circumstances causes me to hastily lay before your readers, and all who love our dear South and the glorious cause so manfully maintained, as succinct a statement as I can possibly make of the true events of *that mournful day.*

To anticipate: On the morning of the 2d of September, 1864, I received orders from General Morgan, then at Abington Va., to have the command ready for immediate movement. At that time it consisted of the Old Brigade, under command of Colonel D. Howard Smith, the Second under command of Colonel H. L. Giltner, and a detachment of General Vaughn's (the latter composed of stragglers, men reporting from leave of absence, &c., their brigade being absent with General Early in Maryland), under command of Colonel Wm. Bradford—the whole force numbering, as well as I can recollect, thirteen hundred men. We were stationed at Carter's Station, on the East Tennessee and Virginia Railroad, about thirty miles from Greenville. Later in the day, orders came for the force to move, the next morning early, on Greenville, and on the 3d Gen. Morgan, with Major W. C. Gassett, G. M., Captain Henry Clay, Acting Aid-de-Camp, Captain James Rogers, Acting Inspector General, and L. C. Johnson, a clerk in my office, arriving on the train, and we immediately proceeded to Jonesboro, at that time the terminus of the road. We here met the command, and advanced in regular marching order on Greenville.

Not having an opportunity on the train of discussing his plans, the General invited me to ride forward with him, and we rode beyond our advanced videttes I remonstrated against this as dangerous but the General said that he desired to converse with me quietly. He seemed to have a foreboding of evil, for he remarked upon my suggestion that we might be captured, "they will never take me alive—they have sworn to kill me if the ever catch me again." We still rode in advance, and entered Greenville fully fifteen minutes before our advance guard.

The General, after directing me as to the disposition of the troops, established his headquarters at the house of Mrs. Williams, but immediately sent for a detail of a lieutenant and ten men; and upon going up to the house, I learned that upon our arrival a Mrs. Williams, daughter-in law of our hostess, had suddenly taken her departure, for the ostensible purpose of getting some "watermelons." To those who know *that smile* when he was angry, I refer whether the General suspected treachery or no. His reply to me was that "he wished the men to assist Mrs. Williams *in bringing back her watermelons, and that they must go until found her.*" When alone, he told me his suspicions that Mrs. Williams had gone to give information to the enemy—"but that was nothing, as a thousand of our noble girls had brought us news, but I must prevent, if possible, the enemy getting wind of our approach." The scouting party returned unsuccessful after a diligent search, and reported that she had not been to the farm, to which the elder Mrs. W., *had said she had gone.*

In the disposition of the Division, Colonel Bradford was placed on the extreme left, his left resting on the Nolichucky river, and his line extending in a semi circle until it touched Colonel Giltner's left, and the latter in the same manner to the left of Colonel Smith—thus forming two thirds of a circle around Greenville, fronting the enemy's position, and about two miles from the town. I intimated the propriety of placing Colonel Smith in Bradford's position, as the force of the latter was without regular organization, but the General said that he intended his men should lead the charge in the morning, and that he desired they should be relieved from all duty.

A written order was dispatched to Col. Bradford to select his best officers and fifty picked men as a scouting party, with instructions to advance toward Bull's Gap until they struck the enemy's position, and to *feel* his picket until the command arrived next morning. Captain Clay and Maj. Gassett were ordered to ride over the picket line, and see that every road and bypath were properly guarded, and at 11 o'clock p. m., they reported that all instructions had been fully executed.

After issuing orders for the command to rendezvous on the Bull Gap road, at daylight the next morning, the General retired. He occupied a front room alone. At daylight on the morning of the 4th, I was awakened by the sentinel on duty, and went into the General's room to awaken him. Upon inquiry, finding that it was raining, he instructed me to countermand the order for immediate movement, and fixing 7 o'clock as the hour. After receiving reports from the different brigade commanders, I returned to bed, and was awakened by the heavy firing around the house. Hastening into the General's room, I found that he had gone out, and searching, found him in the garden.

A description of the grounds will better enable your reader to fully understand subsequent events. The enclosure occupied just one block, and therefore was surrounded by four streets, on the northern side and occupying almost the whole space stood the house—a large substantial brick, fronting south. To the right and southward were the stables; and still farther, and reaching to the front street was a small vineyard of probably two hundred vines. In the southeast corner of the lot stood a small frame church, raised on brick columns, about three feet from the ground. The remainder of the lot was filled with flowers and shrubbery.

I found the General in the vicinity of the church, and we took refuge under it to consult. He directed me to go to the top of the house to see if there was an opening in different directions, and found every street blocked with cavalry while lines of men were riding around next the fence, (a high plank fence,) shooting in all directions through the grounds. I could also see squads of men at the terminus of each street on the out skirts of the village.

Reporting these facts to the General, I urged him to go into the house and there surrender, as it was our only chance, and that growing momentarily less, as the fire was growing heavy and at a point blank range. He replied:

It is useless; they have sworn never to take me a prisoner."

Hearing the church being forced open, we crossed over into the vineyard. It must here be stated that all movements were effected by almost crawling and taking advantage of each bush as the enemy were not over twenty yards from us; and crouching down among the vines Mr. Johnston and myself again urged him to go up to the house. This he refused, and told us that we had better separate, as three together might be perceived. In leaving, the General shook hands with me, and remarked:

"You will never see me again."

I had gone but a few steps when I heard him call out:

"Don't shoot! I surrender.,'

Stopping immediately, I looked around and upon the outside of the fence, almost over the general, who had risen, and was holding up his hands, sat a Yankee with gun pre-ented, who replied.

"Surrender and be God damned—I know you"—and fired. I was so close, that to this day I firmly believe that I can identify the man.

As soon as the shot was fired, and the the General fallen, he commenced shouting: "I've killed the damned horse thief;" and began tearing down the fence, in which he was soon assisted by a large crowd of his comrades. (I neglected to mention that while we were dodging about in the garden, some fiends in the guise of woman were calling to the Yankees from their upper windows, Yonder he goes!". That's him! That's Morgan!" &c.. &c.)

Being soon after captured, taken some distance out of town, I saw nothing of the General's body until when, after repeated solicitations, the Sergeant who had me in charge consented to take me to Gen Gillem, commander of the Federal force and on my way there I was stopped by a crowd of half drunken wretches, who made me dismount.—"They wanted to show me something," and that something was the dead body of Gen Morgan thrown in a muddy ditch by the road side, the features almost undistinguishable from mud and blood, and the body nude save a pair of drawers the clothing then being torn up into small pieces souviners of the "Dead Lion."

Upon reaching the town, I found General Gillem at Mrs. Williams house and with him was the Mrs. Williams who had gone the day before for "watermelons" (?)and who had returned, strange to say about the same time, with the Yankees. I stated to Gen Gillem that my object in coming to him was for permission to get the General's body "as his men were treating it like a dog."

"Ay, sir and it shall lie there and rot like a dog, was his reply, and then followed a series of abuse, which, which would scarce be palatable to your readers or pertinent to this statement Suffice it he rejected every proposition by which I had hoped to have succeeded in getting the General's body to his friends.

Our force having rallied, Gen. Gillem summoned to the front, and one of his staff, whom I have thought was Col Brownlow, through my memory may be at fault but who nevertheless, seemed a gentleman, offered to bring in the body which was done, and in a small back room Capt Jas. Rogers and myself, with assistance of a negro man, washed and dressed it. The wound was full in the breast, and seemed to have glanced on the breast-bone passing through the breast and coming out under the left arm. The head was much bruised and the skin broken in several places upon the face and temples seeming a verification of the statement that the body was thrown over a horse, with the head dangling against the stirrups.

Such Mr. Editor, is a plain, unvarnished statement of facts, so far as my memory goes for I have no data upon which to rely. I sent a similar statement to Col. Reedy, the father of Mrs. Morgan immediately after my escape, and when I reached Canada I also wrote more fully to the General's mother, in Lexington Kentucky, and to Col. Dick Morgan then a prisoner at Fort Warren. This is another reason why I have not given this statement sooner to the public as I felt that as the General's immediate family were in possession of the facts they would publish them if they thought it best. Now however, as Gillem has deemed it prudent to make a statement, and as one of our own staff has endorsed it, I can no longer remain silent, not only in justice to the history of our holy cause, but to the sacred memory of one with whom it was my honor and privilege to serve, and than whom there never breathed a more noble and gallant spirit, whose name will be fondly cherished when those of his foul murderers shall have perished in oblivion.

Very respectfully, C. A. WITHERS,
Formerly A Brigad General on the staff of Gen. John H. Morgan.

Stubborn Facts.

The influences, usurpations of the authorities in Texas in connection with the recent election there were not confined to fraud in registration or to fraudulent returns of the voting but extended to actual murder, robbery, and to other acts of oppression which would be considered frightful in a country ruled by an absolute despot.

The people of Limestone and Freestone counties were known to be strongly against the Grant candidate for Congress; and only by throwing out their votes could the returns be made to elect him. This was done by a somewhat complicated process. An old man in Groesbeck was shot down in the street by a squad of negro police, and when the local authorities endeavored to arrest the murderers they were rested. On this pretext Gov. Davis proclaimed martial law not only in the county where this disturbance occurred, but also in the adjoining county, throwing out the votes of both; and, as a punishment for their political opinions, one of his Major-Generals has levied upon the inhabitants of the former county a war tax of $40,000, payable in three days, under penalty of ten per cent. additional and an immediate sale of their property! This may seem incredible, but it is true Here is the order issued by a subaltern of the State standing army maintained in Texas in flagrant violation of the Constitution of the United States. It bears date Oct. 24.

"Pursuant to order received from Major Gen. A. G. Malloy commanding State forces in Limestone county I am ordered to assess and levy a special military tax of forty thousand dollars ($40,000), to be paid by the citizens of Limestone county, to defray the expenses of military commission and State troops now on duty in said county. I therefore levy a tax of three per cent. on the hundred dollarls of all taxable property situated in said county, as per assessment rolls of 1871. All persons owning property in Limestone county are notified to appear at my office, in the city of Groesbeck, immediately, and pay the same. All persons refusing or failing to pay said tax within three (3) days from above date, ten (10) per cent. will be added, and their property levied upon and sold to satisfy said tax."

These measures are taken against the numerous Republicans who refuse to support the thieving carpet-bag officials who have robbed the State in every conceivable manner, as well as against the Democrats and the State authorities exultingly proclaim that they are acting in concert with the Administration at Washington, and that they have the whole power of the Federal Government to back them. The efforts so sedulously made in Washington to mislead public opinion in regard to the true situation of affairs in Texas afford confirmation for the truth of this boast.

If GRANT does these things in Texas now, what may we expect here in the North in 1872 should he receive the nomination of the Republican party?

New York Sun.

A drunken Scotchman who had lain down to sleep in the road and was awakened by the hogs rooting around his face exclaimed: 'Wha's kissing me noo? You see what comes of going liket by the lassies."

—The door of the Houghton county (Mich.) jail bears the following inscription:

"ADELIA LACLAIR
DETROIT MICH.
WHEN i GIT OuT oF THIS
PLAC i BET You DONT
GIT ME iN AGEN
VERY QUICK."

—A colored member of the Texas Legislature was recently seen with a roll of greenbacks in his hand, over which he chuckled so loudly as to attract the attention of a bystander, who said to him, "What are you laughing at, Jim?' Jim replied, "You see that money?" "Yes." "Well, boss, I just got that for my vote. I'se been bought four or five times in my life, but am de fust time I ever got de cash myself."

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

JACKSONVILLE, ALA.
Nov. 22, 1871.

It is our pleasure to inform our customers and the trading people generally, that our stock of WINTER GOODS is fully adequate to the demand and have been selected from the best stock at the shortest CASH TERMS. Our Grocery department, is also full, comprising all articles necessary for family supplies.

With a view of giving and continuing to give satisfaction to our customers in point of quality, we have purchased the best brands of Goods and choice articles of Groceries. We offer both goods and groceries at small profits for cash *only*, or its equivalent in country produce &c., at market price.

We especially want Eggs, Butter, Chickens, Beeswax, Peas, Corn, Potatoes and Wheat. Hoping to receive your early and oft repeated calls. We are, yours truly,

DRAPER & JOHNSON.

P. S.—We mean by our "CASH SYSTEM" that the goods must be paid for at the time of purchase or when the goods are taken out, and not to-morrow, next week, next year, nor when the next generation will have grown up, but to-day.

THE STATE OF ALABAMA, }
CALHOUN COUNTY. }

Court of probate for said county, this 21 day of November 1871.

Estate of John W. Easley, deceased. THIS day came R. G. Ragan, executor of said estate, and filed his statement, accounts, vouchers, and evidences for a final settlement of said estate. It is ordered that the 20th day of December 1871, be appointed a day on which to make such settlement, at which time all persons interested can appear and contest the said settlement if they think proper.

A. WOODS Judge of
Probate of Calhoun county.
nov25—4t

LIST OF APPOINTMENTS.

List of appointments of E. McClelen, Tax Collector of Calhoun county, Ala.

Pre'c. No. 9 Cross Plains, Monday and Tuesday, 18 & 19 Dec. 1871
" " 8 Walden's Shop Wednesday, 20th.
" " 7 Mt. Gilead church Thursday, 21st.
" " 6 Peeks Hill, Friday, 22nd.
" " 5 Polkville, Saturday 23rd
" " 14 Sulphur Springs Wednesday, 27th.
" " 2 Alexandria, Friday and Saturday, 29 and 30th.
" " 4 Isaac M. Fords Residence, Monday, 1st Jan. 1872.
" " 13 Oxford, Tuesday and Wednesday, 2nd and 3rd.
" " 12 Davisville, Thursday 4th.
" " 11 White Plains, Friday 5th.
" " 10 Rabbit Town (Cross Roads Saturday, 6th.
" " 1 Jacksonville, Monday and Tuesday, 8th and 9th.
" " 3 Taylor's old place Wednesday, 10th.

I will attend at the times and places, above mentioned for the purpose of collecting the State and County Tax, of Calhoun county, for the year 1871. I will make but one round, and all persons are hereby notified to attend and pay their taxes punctually. By so doing you will much oblige, Yours Truly,

E. McCLELEN, T. C. C. C.
nov25—3t.

NEW LIVERY STABLE.

The undersigned takes pleasure in notifying his friends, and the

PUBLIC GENERALLY

that he has opened the stables formerly known as the Alexander Stables, North East from the Court House.

HE IS PREPARED TO HIRE Hacks, Wagons, Buggies, and Horses at the following schedule of prices:

Two-horse hacks and driver per day	$6,00.
Two-horse wagon and driver per day	$5,00
Buggy and horse per day	$3,00.
Single Buggy per day	$2,00.
Single Horse per day	$2,00.

He will also feed and take care of stock charges to be paid when the stock is taken from the stable. Terms cash, only.

RICHARD WEAVER,
aug12—71.

W. C. LAND,

The oldest watch maker in the State (near 40 years at the bench,) still in Jacksonville, to repair all good watches that may be brought in. No brass or oreide watches need be brought in to be fixed.

nov11 1871—tf.

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F. K. Phœnix Bloomington, Ill

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Lorillard's Scotch Snuff; Lorillard's Macaboy Snuff; Garret's Scotch Snuff; Ralph's Scotch Snuff.

Soda, Matches, Pepper, Spice Ginger Concentrated Lye, Oysters, Macaroni.

Cheese,

Crackers,

Plain and Fancy Crackers.

CANDY,

Plain and Fancy Candies. Axle Grease, Blacking, Water-proof and G. D. Caps, Extract Logwood, Catsup.

Pickles,

American and Imported Pickles.

Electric Soap,

Saves time, saves money, saves Labor.

Bread Preparation,

Unsurpassed for making Light Bread, Biscuits, cakes and Pastry.

Enoch Morgan's Son's Sopolio. New Mackerel, Nuts, Raisins, Blue Stone.

BAGGING AND TIES.

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For which we are the

MANUFACTURERS

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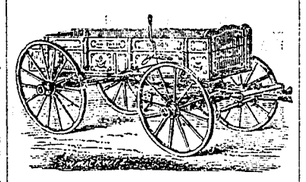

They are without an equal in style and finish. There is no factory in the United States where greater care is given to the

Selection of the Material used.

A better quality of Iron is used in their manufacture, and the tire is one eighth thicker than that used by other manufacturers.

THE TIMBER

Is of the choicest selection, thoroughly seasond. We claim by actual test that the

Whitewater Wagon is 20 per cent. lighter draft

than ordinary articles in the market

It is poor policy to buy a cheap Wagon. The Whitewater is furnished at a trifle above the price of ordinary wagons.

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THE CAUSE AND CURE OF CONSUMPTION.

The primary cause of Consumption is derangement of the digestive organs. The derangement produces deficient nutrition and assimilation. By assimilation I mean that process by which the nutriment of the food is converted into blood, and then into the solids of the body. Persons with digestion thus impaired, having the slightest predisposition to pulmonary disease, or they take cold, will be very liable to have Consumption of the Lungs in some of its forms; and I hold that it will be impossible to cure any case of Consumption without first restoring a good digestion and healthy assimilation. The very first thing to be done is to cleanse the stomach and bowels from all diseased mucus and slime, which is clogging these organs so that they cannot perform their functions, and then rouse and restore the liver to a healthy action. For this purpose the surest and best remedy is Schenck's Mandrake Pills. These Pills clean the stomach and bowels of all the dead and morbid slime that is causing disease and decay in the whole system. They will clean out the liver of all diseased bile that has accumulated there, and rouse it up to new and healthy action, by which natural and healthy bile is secreted.

The stomach, bowels, and liver are thus cleansed by the use of Schenck's Mandrake Pills; but there remains in the stomach an excess of acid, the organ is torpid and the appetite poor. In the bowels the lacteals are weak, and requiring strength and support. It is in a condition like this that Schenck's Seaweed Tonic proves to be the most valuable remedy ever discovered. It is alkaline, and this will neutralize the excess of acid, making the stomach sweet and fresh; it will give permanent tone to this important organ, and create a good hearty appetite, and prepare the system for the first process of a good digestion, and ultimately make good, healthy, living blood. After this preparatory treatment, what remains to cure most cases of Consumption is the free and persevering use of Schenck's Pulmonic Syrup. The Pulmonic Syrup nourishes the system, purifies the blood, and is readily absorbed into the circulation, and thence distributed to the diseased lungs. There it ripens all morbid matter, and throws it in the form of abscesses or tubercles, and then assists Nature to expel all the diseased matter, in the form of free expectoration, when once it ripens. It is then, by the great healing and purifying properties of Schenck's Pulmonic Syrup, that all ulcerations and cavities are healed up sound, and the patient is cured.

The essential thing to be done in curing Consumption is to get up a good appetite and good digestion, so that the body will grow in flesh and get strong. If a person has diseased lungs—a cavity or abscess there—the cavity cannot heal; the matter cannot ripen, so long as the system is below par. What is necessary to cure is a new order of things—a good appetite, a good nutrition, the body to grow in flesh and get fat; then Nature is helped, the cavities will heal, the matter will ripen and be thrown off in large quantities, and the person regain health and strength. This is the true and only plan to cure Consumption, and if a person is not too bad, if the lungs are not entirely destroyed, or even if one lung is entirely gone, it is still is enough vitality left in the other to build up, there is hope.

I have seen many persons cured, with only one sound lung, live and enjoy life to a good old age. This is what Schenck's Medicines will do to cure Consumption. They will clean out the stomach, sweeten and strengthen it, get up a good digestion, and give Nature the assistance she needs to clear the system of all the disease that is in the lungs, whatever the form may be.

It is important that while using Schenck's Medicines, care should be exercised not to take cold; keep in-doors in cold and damp weather; avoid night air, and take out-door exercise only in a genial and warm sunshine.

I wish it distinctly understood that when I recommend a patient to be careful in regard to taking cold, while using my Medicines, I do so for a special reason. A man who has but partially recovered from the effects of a bad cold is far more liable to a relapse than one who has been entirely cured, and it is precisely the same in regard to Consumption. So long as the lungs are not perfectly healed, just so long is there imminent danger of a full return of the disease. Hence it is that I so strenuously caution pulmonary patients against exposing themselves to an atmosphere that is not genial and pleasant. Confirmed Consumptives' lungs are a mass of sores, which the least change of atmosphere will inflame. The grand secret of my success with the Medicines consists in my ability to subdue inflammation instead of provoking it, as many of the faculty do. An inflamed lung cannot, with safety to the patient, be exposed to the biting blasts of Winter, or the chilling winds of Spring or Autumn. It should be carefully shielded from all irritating influences. The utmost caution should be observed in this particular, and without it a cure under almost any circumstances is an impossibility.

The person should be kept on a warm and nutritious diet, and all the Medicines continued until the body has restored to it the natural quality of flesh and strength.

I was myself cured by this treatment of the worst kind of Consumption, and have lived to get fat and hearty these many years with one lung mostly gone. I have cured thousands since, and very many have been cured by this treatment, whom I have never seen.

About the First of October I expect to take possession of my new building, at the North-east Corner of Sixth and Arch Streets, where I shall be pleased to give advice to all who may require it.

Full directions accompany all my Medicines, so that a person in any part of the world can be readily cured by a strict observance of the same.

J. H. SCHENCK, M. D.
Philadelphia

John F. Henry & College Place New York Wholesale Agents.
Sept16—1871.

J. M. CARROLL

RESPECTFULLY Calls the attention of the public to his

STOCK OF DRY GOODS

Ready made Clothing, Boots and Shoes, Hardware, Crockery, Coffee and Sugar, Fine Chewing & Smoking Tobacco &c.

And the attention of the young ladies is especially called to his

SWITCHES & SASH RIBBONS

Call and examine for yourself. His clerk is an obliging and accommodating young man, takes pleasure in waiting on his customers.

He tenders his thanks to the public for past patronage, and hopes for a continuance of the same.

aug5 1871—tf.

ROWAN DEAN & CO

Are constantly receiving fresh supplies of DRY GOODS, Ready made Clothing, Boots & Shoes HARDWARE Crockery, Sole and upper Leather, Paints and Oils, Tobacco, COFFEE, SUGAR, MOLASSES, BACON &c., &c., to which they especially invite the attention of the community; ESPECIALLY of those who want to buy for CASH; and they pledge themselves to sell any goods in their line as low for CASH as they can be bought in the town or county.

P. S. All who have not closed their account with me will please do lay it no longer, as I am compelled to have the money and it is *very* inconvenient to keep two sets of books open.

P. ROWAN.
Jacksonville March 11 1871.

Dr. GOTTLIEB FISCH'S BITTERS

(Shape of the Bottle)

This preparation of the great Scientist, Dr. Gottlieb Fisch, of Germany, is based on the fact that all materials of the food are derived from Food, all Vital Force, or Health is derived from the Food stored up in Food. *Fisch's Bitters* enables the System to liberate the appropriate these Forces, creates Appetite, cures Dyspepsia, with its train of Debility and Jaundice, Nervous Energy; so tones the Stomach and Liver, makes Constipation impossible, Enforces the System so it can tide over heat, changing climate, &c., and better endure demands often unexpectedly made on its Forces. Ladies in delicate health, aged persons and all emaciated or weak after sickness, rapidly strengthen using this great preparation.

LOCAL COLUMN.

We are pleased to see Mr. Joseph McFlannery, whose home is Memphis Tenn., in our town, with a view to making a bid for the construction of the Jacksonville water works. Mr. F. expresses himself much pleased with the inestimable advantages for a water supply, afforded us by nature; and says, we have only to reach out our hands to grasp the golden prize so beneficently prepared for us.

He proposes to complete the works in sixty days, and to do it at a cost within our reach, so that every family desiring it, can have water in their yards for an outlay of about ten dollars.

He together with his co-partner Mr. Wm. B. McDonough, have just completed the extensive gas work at Chattanooga Tenn., the destined centre of commerce South, in which they invested several thousand dollars stock, and are now constructing the handsome and elegant gas works at the city of Huntsville Ala.—Other places too present unmistakable evidence of the skill, energy and enterprise of these young gentlemen. Parties who have been contracting at other points, and are well known to the citizens of Jacksonville, bear testimony to their skill, integrity and reliability, in every way. Should they secure the contract on our works, it will certainly prove no mean addition to the prosperity of Jacksonville.

Any citizen wishing to know what it will cost him to get the water in his yard, can do so by calling upon Mr. McFlannery to-day or to-morrow at the office of G. I. Turnley.

Will the members of the Agricultural society of Calhoun county Ala., please meet at the court house on Saturday 2d day of December, to divide 64 packages of fresh seeds from the Department of Agriculture.

E. T. READ,
Cor. Sec'y. Agr'l. Soc. Calhoun county Ala

MURDER.—On Tuesday night, Hans Whatley (colored) killed James Alexander (colored) at a house occupied by negroes, known as the old Sunny South building, on Main St. From what we could gather, it was a cold blooded murder. The mother of Jim Alexander lived at the house mentioned.—Hans Whatley came to the house and was rather noisy. At length he began cursing the mother of Jim, whereupon Jim attempted to eject him from the house. As he thrust him out of the door Hans struck him in the neck with a sharp ground case knife, severing the jugular vein, and killing him almost instantly. He then fled immediately and has not been heard of since. It is thought he will try and make his way to *Chattanooga*, where it is hoped he will be arrested.

Appointments in the Talladega District, North Alabama Conference M. E. Church South.

Talladega District—W. R. Kirk, Presiding Elder.
Centre circuit—E. A. West.
Cross Plains circuit—W. C. Rowland.
Jacksonville station—T. H. Deavenport.
Alexandria circuit—R. G. Reagan.
Coosa Rive Mission—I. Q. Melton.
White Plains circuit—E. B. Norton.
Talladega circuit—R. A. Timmons.
Blue Mountain Mission—S. D. Lassiter.
Talladega station—C. D. Oliver.
Fayetteville circuit—C. L. Dobs.
Harpersville circuit—F. T. J. Brandon
Montevalla circuit—G. R. Lynch.
Cahaba mission—M. G. Foust.
Shelby Iron works station—D. L. McDonald.
L. M. Wilson—Sunday School Agent for North Alabama Conference.

OXFORD LOCALS.

Trade good, for the last week. Cotton selling at last week's quotations, with a little upward tendency to day, (Wednesday.) We quote 16 5-8@16¾ for middlings.

More Happy Folks.

MARRIED, at the residence of the bride's father, on the 21st inst., by Rev. W. M. Taylor, Mr. A. J. Hinds and Miss Martha J. Nicholason. All in Calhoun county.

Prolific Family.

There is a lady living at Columbiana, Shelby county, who gave birth to a child a few days ago, in the 73rd year of her age. She is the mother of several children, the youngest of which, before this one, is 32 years old, and the mother of several children. I neglected to state that the old lady was doing well. Capt. J. Mattox is responsible for the above.

Gold Mines.

Col. L. J. Parr, the Supt., of the gold mines in Randolph county, is here to-day after the machinery for working their mines more successfully and profitably than heretofore. We were shown a specimen from the mines which he had with him; and pronounce it a rich looking specimen. It was a small quartz with a number of particles of gold in it. He told us that there was any amount of the quartz as rich as the one he showed us. Success to them.

We have a regular organized string band in our town. It is called the "melville minstrels." Judging from the young men who compose this band, we will have the pleasure of listening to some sweet music, ere long. We have long needed something of the kind in Oxford. I learn that whiskey, and those who partake of it are ruled out. They intend to give a public entertainment in the course of a few weeks for the purpose of getting up a purse to purchase some more instruments. Success to you boys.

Oxford is soon to have a weekly newspaper. The first No. will probably be issued in the course of three weeks.

"BRICK."

CROSS PLAINS LOCALS.

Our town is still flourishing. No idler can get a berth in this place. No one here ashamed to work or too proud to "teach school." Our people are only waiting for an opportunity to display their skill, energy and activity, to show how "united they can stand," and "how divided they can fall." Ah sir! the vim of our people has, heretofore, lain dormant. Their desire for mental and tongual operations has at last risen to the boiling point, and over it will go, as soon as chance and material are found to go upon. Look out, sister cities, (!) when that time arrives, your lights will be dimmed. The weight of glory (!) attained will be stupendous, no doubt. O, no! you can have no idea what "paradise on earth" means, without you should happen to "locate" in a small flourishing village; a small flourishing village, built upon an old foundation, with several different stiles (styles) by which you can gain an "entree" into its much-to-be-sought-after sough-sigh-e-tigh.

We are much obliged to Ladiga Local for compliments, and for the same, in all honesty and sincerety, make a profound obeisance!

The town authorities are vigilant and wide awake. No uncouth, loud laughter at two story white hats, and such like, permitted.

"Re-unions" and "Sociables" are very much "the go," just now. Pleasant foretaste of winter festivities.

LADIGA LOCALS.

We will have another Blacksmith Shop, in operation soon by J. B. Palmer, of this place—his workman, one of the 15th amendments, perfectly able to make de anvil ring.

The owner of the Brick Kiln at this place would do well to shelter them soon, as they cannot bear much water without being ready to mould the second time.

In time of battle in the late war you could occasionally see soldiers playing out. I fear it is just the case with Mr. Local of Nances' Creek, in giving the news of that little Valley. The last news from him, was that they had a frame building and brick kiln going up, and right here he drops short off. Now Mr. Local, just come right out of them No 11.'s I know you are in there. I can occasionally see your head working. Come out.—Let us know if those brick are ready for market; that framed building done and occupied, and the acorns all gone. Let us hear from you. You can spare the time, as you have but little upland to cultivate and will soon have to hang up your bottom lands up to drip until the first of June next. No excuse Mr Local. Fire away.

We have peace and harmony in our village. Cotton ranging from 16 to 16½ and so far as greenbacks are concerned, a good share of them falls honorably into the hands of J. R. Graham, an old and reliable merchant of this place, who pays fair prices for cotton and country produce, and sells dry goods and groceries on reasonable terms.

We have been having some quite frosty mornings. The people in this vicinity are sowing wheat, some are nearly done.

ALEXANDRIA LOCALS.

We Alexandrians are very glad indeed to see Oxford so much interested about the E. Ala. & Cincinnati R. R. and know they mean business when they put their subscription books in the hands of such men as Dr. Henry Snow, D. D. Draper, J. W. Clardy and B. D. Williams. The citizens along the line of the *will be road* between Oxford & Gadsden will subscribe largely. simply because it is the thing they need and the thing they want.

We were shown the other day by our friend David F. Weaver a sample of 10 or 12 bales of Cotton grown on his plantation this year that was decidedly the best we have seen this fall. Since that time he has shipped some of the same cotton to Selma and it classed as strict middling. This is a grade of cotton that is by far not too common in our country. Will not many of our citizens follow Mr. Weaver's example, and, next year raise cotton, they can sell for two or three cts. more. It takes no more labor. Only procure the right seed, and with care you will have the right cotton. Mr. Weaver uses the pure Dixon seed, and we would suggest to all who desire some of the same to apply to him at once.

More than one of our citizens are complaining of money being very close, can't see it in that light. The last few days experience tells us its not close to many people.

CHEAP GROCERY HOUSE.—Messrs Green & Ledbetter have opened their new grocery house, hoisted their *cash cigar*, marked their goods low, and defy any house in Calhoun county to under sell them. Farmers look to your interest, call and examine their stock and prices.

Layfayette will see that all goods are delivered in any part of the "*city*" "*without*" drayage.

REMOVAL.—Mr. R. Bowling is moving his Steam Saw Mill from near Blue Mountain to within one and a half miles of our burg. Just the thing we want! Mr. B. knows exactly how to please us.

MARRIED.—On 21st at the residence of the brides' father, on Cane Creek by Rev D. P. Williams, Capt Wm Kyle & Miss Lou Bowls. May their voyage through life be a happy and successful one.

SUCCESSOR.

A HUNDRED MEN IN JAIL.

Imprisonment of Ku-Klux in South Carolina.

Scenes and Incidents at Yorkville.

[Correspondence Cincinnati Commercial 1st]

The morning broke clear and beautiful. Not a cloud in the horizon and the air as fresh and balmy as May. It was a morning that in disturbed Yorkville would suggest to the reflective mind the contrast between the moral and material world. The one all beautiful, regular and harmonious, and the other perverse, confused, irregular and well nigh in a state of war.

The sun shone out, "as if to beckon earth to heaven," even the wicked, diabolical old earth as it is. The birds sang among the trees unmindful of "man's inhumanity to man" which has, indeed, made countless thousands mourn. The church bells rang out clear and melodious, echoes dying away among the distant hills, and but for the steady tread of the sentinel and sweeping gallop of cavalry you would not know but what it was a time of profound peace and all Yorkville happy in the cloudless sunlight.

I walked out, intending to go to church but met Commissioner Pointer, who asked me to go to the jail with him, saying they were holding a reception down there. A reception at a jail on Sunday was a new thing to me, but as I have found a number of new things in South Carolina I expressed no surprise, but only asked him what he meant by reception.

"Well," said he, as we walked along the street, through the falling leaves from the great shade trees, "Well, you see there are about a hundred men in jail, and every morning Captain Ogden, the officer in charge, allows their friends to bring them food, flowers and little delicacies, and talk with them. This is Sunday, and there will be more present than usual. A large number have come in from the country."

We soon came in sight of the jail, a large three story brick building, heavy grates in all the side windows, from each one of which peered as many faces as could get to it. The prisoners were enjoying the balmy October breeze and warm sunlight as best they could. In front of the jail were quite a crowd of people who had come on horseback and in carriages from a distance. A large portion of them were ladies. Indeed, all ages and conditions were represented. There was the wife of the rich planter in her carriage, who had come to see her imprisoned husband with her little children clinging to her skirts and looking up at the great iron bound windows in terror. Then there was a mother who had come from the upper part of the county to see her son, and a daughter to see her father, a father to see his son, a sweetheart to see her sweetheart, and so on through the whole range of social and domestic relations. They all brought something, if it was nothing but flowers. you can imagine what a sensation it would make in some interior county in Ohio for armed soldiers to suddenly appear and clap a hundred citizens in jail without warrant or process, taking them in many instances out of their beds at midnight. how it would draw out their friends and relatives, and how widespread sympathy would be.

Forty or fifty people are let in at a time, and after they have spent a short time with their imprisoned friends they are turned out and a new set turned in. This is kept up until all are afforded an interview, short though it may be, but better than none.

We passed in by armed sentinels up the steps to the second story, where Capt Ogden conducted us all through the building allowing us to go in among the prisoners, examine their cells and giving us more liberty than is usually accorded to visitors. Not so much from this courtesy as from the fact that he deserves it for he manages that Captain Ogden does all he can to make the prisoners comfortable, and they speak of him in the highest terms. If one has to be in jail, the next best thing to being out is to have a kind and humane jailor.

In the second story there are no cells, and here are confined the better class of prisoners—that is, such as are merely accused of belonging to the Ku klux without any other specific charge. Up stairs the cells are the greatest number, and here we are considered the "worst class." The poor and rich, educated and uneducated, high and low, are all mixed together on both floors. If a man is accused of a bad case, he is put on the first floor in a cell, no matter how high his reputation or how great his wealth. This jail is a complete leveler. A number of cells have each a negro in them, thus enforcing the cardinal doctrine of negro equality.

Many of those in the cells, and all below, are a good looking set of men, above the average, in fact. Indeed, where all classes of society have contributed so liberal to fill up the jail, a number of apparently well behaved and good looking men would necessarily get in. That there are a number of innocent men in with the guilty I have no doubt, but this cannot be determined until the testimony is prepared and the trial comes off.

For two hours I remained in the jail looking at the curious spectacle. To see so many good looking, well dressed men looking out from behind iron bars at their wives and children was a painful novelty.

Those in the second story are confined in rooms, each door opening in the hall, having two holes cut through it. These are to be taken away, however, and iron grates put in. One of the rooms is reserved as a sort of reception room, to which the prisoners are taken to receive their friends. Each man who has friends calling to see him is allowed ten or fifteen minutes. As each prisoner emerges from his cell, he is followed by an armed soldier, who keeps close to him until the "interview" is over.

The first crowd of visitors are turned out, and another "floorful" let in. A mother in deep distress inquires for her son. "He is up stairs," says the officer, Oh, that "up stairs" has an ominous meaning, and the mother knows it. Her son is in a cell. 'Can I go and see him?" she asks. "No, but the guard will bring him." The guard goes up stairs, a great iron door turns on its rusty hinges, and he brings down the young man. He is a manly, handsome fellow, with a fine head and an honest face. The poor mother falls upon his neck and weeps, and then, after the first outburst of grief, she asks a hundred questions, that only a mother will ask: "Do you have enough to eat? How do you sleep? Ain't the nights cold without any fire? Is the man kind to you? Don't you need some clean clothes? Here I have brought you some, and here is some cake and a few apples, and a new pair of socks that sister knit, and don't you want a new pair of boots, and ain't you afraid of your lungs?" and thus the poor mother goes on until the officer calls out "time up, come on," and the man is hurried off to his cell.

Another mother talks to every one she meets, declaring that her son is innocent, that he always staid at home nights, that he never knew anything about Ku Klux and that he must be turned out; but it does no good—no one to whom she speaks has any power in the premises.

I saw a father stick his head out of the hole in the door, and ask for his child. It was handed him. "Now, papa," it said, "if you won't come home, I'll stay with you." The poor father choked up, and replied only in kisses. The little child prattled at every one that passed, saying, "I'm going to stay in prison all day."

A rich planter calls out "Officer, my servant is at the door, and wants to see me; will you let in my servant, sir?" He spoke in the haughty tone born of plantation life, not a whit the less gruff for coming through the iron bars of a felon's cell. The servant comes and brings his master some articles from home, and receives instructions about the management of the plantation.

"When will you be out, massa?" the faithful negro asks.

"The Lord only knows; I don't Bring me some tobacco next time you come, and take care of my children."

"I will massa," and the faithful fellow is conducted out.

A rich young girl comes to see her sweetheart. She brings a great bouquet in her hand, and a letter, for she can't talk all she wants to in the short time allowed. Her dear one is brought out, a handsome young fellow, well dressed, of good social standing, and one who I should not think would be guilty of a crime. A soldier with a polished musket marches closely behind him. He talks in a low tone, and she replies in a lower tone. She pins a flower in the buttonhole in his coat, places her jeweled hand upon his shoulder, and tells him to stand firm and fear not. To the soldier who stands close by with his musket she looks daggers, but the soldier is a statue, and does not care. He has faced worse things than scowling eyes. The young man says he is innocent, and has no fear but that he will come clear unless witnesses are hired to swear against him; but, oh, the ignominy and crushing disgrace of being locked in a felon's cell. That is what hurts him. But his brave girl cheers him up—tells him to be in jail in such a cause is an honor. Then the officer takes him away.

Sons come to see fathers, and fathers come to see sons. All ages from sixteen to sixty seem to be implicated. But the great majority are young men. That a large number within the jail are guilty of making midnight raids in disguise, and that many of them have aided and abetted in murder, there is no doubt. But I am satisfied that there are a number in prison who are not guilty of anything that can be tortured into a criminal offense. But under martial law the innocent frequently have to suffer, to a certain extent, with the guilty. To-day it transpired that one of the prisoners was innocent and Colonel Merrill promptly had him turned out.

The prisoners are considered martyrs to a military despotism by their friends, and everything they can give them or send them to add to their comfort is freely contributed. The prison fare is very good, and when to it is added the hundred luxuries furnished by the friends of the confined, the tin plates of the prisoners are full to overflowing. The amount of flowers they also receive is astonishing, considering the time of year. Hanging upon the grates of one cell I saw seven fresh bouquets, and not a cell was there that did not display the flowers sent by dear ones.

Sitting in the window at the end of the hall, and looking intently at this strange proceeding, was a man whom I instinctively took to be a very bad Ku-Klux. His hair was long and uncombed, his face covered with dirt, his shoes run down, and the whole aspect of the man that of poverty and degradation. Hour after hour he watched the reception, the meeting of prisoners with their friends, the steady tramp of the sentinels before the cells, but said not a word. Upon inquiring about him I was told that he was a lunatic who had been put in there because the asylum was full. That accounted for his strange conduct. No, it was not strange, either, sitting there all day and trying to understand what he saw. Great constitutional lawyers might sit there for a week and watch the strange proceedings going on before them without being able to understand it.

H. V. R.

Dreaming to Some Purpose.

The following occurrence is said, by the Hartford Times, to have actually transpired in that city, and not very long ago:

One of our prominent and wealthy citizens had purchased a sightly piece of land outside the city, but within the town limits, and the purchaser was troubled somewhat because he had been told that he could not get water, owing to the elevated position of his land, without digging further China-ward than any one would be likely to undertake. As we said, this troubled him.—He wanted a well on his place, and although a man of energy—one who never allowed any obstacle, no matter how great, to turn him from his path—he hesitated long before undertaking this task. The thought of excavating for a well through half a mile (more or less) of solid rock was enough to deter the stoutest heart At this juncture, before he had resolved upon anything definite, he dreamed that he had set a gang of men, to digging for a well on a certain (to his mind) well defined spot. and that after diggging a few feet, before the rock was reached, water came in abundance. The gentleman, though not a bit superstitious, and holding dreams as lightly as anybody, was more impressed with his sleeping vision than he would have cared to acknowledge. At first he would have scouted the idea of treating the subject seriously enough to put a spade into the earth at the spot indicated in his dream; but do what he would he could not dismiss the dream from his mind, and finally he resolved to test it, but without any real belief that his dream would be verified. He set his men to work, and strange to relate, after digging fifteen feet, water abundantly flowed, and thus the dream fully came to pass. We have seen the well with our own eyes, and the dreamer, who is a gentleman of undoubted veracity, assures us that our story is true.

A colored man in Alexandria, Va has been trying to play Elijah and be fed by ravens, but it doesn't work. Two weeks ago he left his employer; dressed in his Sunday clothes, saying he would work for man no more, as the Lord had promised to provide for him. He was found nearly starved to death, and so weak he could hardly crawl, having eaten only two peaches and a pear in twelve days. Not a single raven came to feed him.

We have Elijah's too, of that order—but they don't wait for the ravens: they go for the fat chickens.—*Eufaula News.*

THE latest kink in New York is, the ladies of fashion select their dresses now to match the color of their poodle dogs. For instance, a sky blue poodle calls for a sky blue dress, while the harmony of a pea green poodle must be preserved with a pea green dress.—*Rome Commercial.*

SPECIAL NOTICES.

IMPAIRED VITALITY.—When you fee of if the vital powers were giving away, strength gone, spirits depressed, memory failing, appetite lost, exhaustion stealing over every sense and paralyzing every energy, then is the time to resort to that powerful ally of nature, DR. WALKER'S VEGETABLE VINEGAR BITTERS. The properties they embody soon work a glorious renovation in the debilitated system and the clouded mind.

THE ATMOSPHERE OF LOVE.—Is a pure sweet breath. This desideratum is one of the results of using Sozodont which not only invigorates and preserves the teeth, but renders the mouth as fragrant as a rose.

CHILDREN'S LIVES SAVED FOR 50 CTS.—Every case of Croup can be cured when first taken, by Dr. Tobias' Venetian Liniment, warranted for 24 years, and never a bottle returned. It also cures Diarrhœa, Dysentery, Colic, Sore Throat, Cuts, Burns and external pains. Sold by the Druggists, Depot 10 Park Place, New York.

THE BEST COSMETIC.—Burnett's Kalliston produces a fresh complexion, removes tan and freckles, and imparts a velvety softness to the skin. Results attending exposure to our changeable climate upon the skin, may be entirely obviated by its use. For sale by all Druggists.

PRATT'S ASTRAL OIL.—Not the Cheapest, but Safest and Best Illuminating Oil for family use ever made. Burns in the ordinary kerosene lamp. Does not take fire, nor explode if the lamp is upset and broken. Send for Circular, Oil House of Charles Pratt established 1770, New York.

RISLEY'S LINIMENT—Of Arnica Hops Carbolic Acid, acts as a universal external cure-all, acting on the nerves connected with the skin. It promptly relieves Neuralgia Pains, Cleanses and cures old sores and ulcers, flesh wounds, burns, bruises, sprains, &c. Sold everywhere at 50 cents. Morgan & Risley, Wholesale Druggists, New York. General Agents.

LAIRDS' BLOOM OF YOUTH —A most delightful toilet preparation for beautifying the skin, has been established over ten years; during that time over one million ladies have used it; in every instance it has given entire satisfaction; it removes all imperfections, tans, freckles and sunburns, giving the skin a youthful appearance Sold at all Druggists and Fancy Goods Stores. Depot 5 Gold Street, New York.

THANKS TO THE TIMELY DISCOVERY of Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup, the hearts of many parents have been made glad by witnessing the beneficial effects, which this remedy never fails to produce the critical period of teething.

CARBOLIC SALVE.—Nothing like it ever known before. Cures cuts, burns, sores, wounds, &c. like magic. Physicians Speak of it in terms of the highest praise. Price 25 cents per box. John F. Henry sole Proprietor, 2 College Place, New York.

PHYSICIANS who have prescribed Svapnia or Purified Opium use no other form of Opium in their practice.

CRISTADORO'S HAIR DYE.—If all his hairs were lives, Othello said, "my great revenge hath stomach for them all." But hair hat's grey or sandy, white or red, the ladies have no stomach for at all. Use Christadoro's Dye and the evil is remedied. Manufactory, 68 Maiden Lane, New York.

THE PUREST and Sweetest Cod Liver Oil in the world is Hazard & Caswell's made on the sea-shore, from fresh, selected livers, by Caswell, Hazard & Co. New York. It is absolutely pure and sweet. Patients who have once taken it prefer it to all others. Physicians have decided it superior to any of the other oils in the market.

JOUVIN'S Imodorus Kid Glove Cleaner restores soiled gloves equal to new. For sale by Druggists and Fancy Goods Dealers.—Price 25 cents per bottle. F. C. Wells & Co., New York.

nov6-4t.

Trust What Time has Sanctioned.

The maxim that the voice of the people is the voice of the divinity, may in some case be open to doubt, but the testimony of honest and enlightened witnesses extending through a series of years, and all to the same purport, is worty of credence, admits of no question. Upon such testimony the reputation of Hostetter's Stomach Bitters as an antidote and cure for many ailments is based. During the twenty years that it has been before the world, innumerable preparations intended to compete with it, having gone up like rockets, and come down the extinguished sticks. Meanwhile the progress of that incomparable tonic has been swift and steady—always upward and onward like the angel's flight. Its introduction produces a revolution in thorapeusies, and it proved to be one of those salutary revolutions that cannot go backwards. To day Hostetter's Bitters is one of the most popular remedies in christendom, and commands a large sale than any other medicinal preparation, domestic or imported, in this side of the Atlantic. As a cure for dyspepsia, billious disorders, nervious affections, general debility, and as a preventive of epidemic fevers, it takes precedence of every other remedy. This fact should teach the ambitious country dealers who endeavor to to foist their local abortions on the public in its stead, how futile their small attempts to cajole the community must necessarily be. Where the game fish have baited there is no chance for the "suckers."

A REALLY GOOD INVENTION.

It is very seldom we commend to the public in thisway patent improvements and iventions, which belong more properly to our advertisting columns. What we have to commend, however, so deeply concerns the health, happiness and comfort of our American women, that we make no apology for giving it our most emphatic approval and endorsement. The invention referred to is the great American Washer, which is claimed to be in every conceivable respect superior to any other "washer" extant. It is the smallest, most compact, most portable, most easily operated, and is not at all liable to get out of order. Its construction is so simple, that even a child can be successfully taught to operate in an incredibable space of time.

Some of the most prominent and desirable features in this "washer which is an inducement in itself, are worthy of especial commendation. They are these: It is always ready for use; there is no adjusting; no screws to confuse and annoy, and no delay whatever in adapting it. Everything seems to have been done that ingenuity could suggest; and in our estimation it is simply a practical sensible and beautiful invention, and only requires to be appreciated, which cannot fail to please the tast of the most fastidious.—*Philadelphia Weekly Press.*

Womans' Rights.—One who has long studied this absorbing subject now presents to the woman of our country the result of this investigations. He is happy to say that he has at last discovered "Woman's Best Friend." It is adapted, especially, to those cases where the womb is disordered, and will cure any irregularity of the "menses." Dr J. Bradfield's Female Regulator acts like a charm in "whites," or in a sudden check of the "monthly courses" from cold trouble of mind, or like causes, by restoring the discharge in every instance. So also in chronic cases its action is prompt and decisive, and saves the constitution from countless evils and premature decay. This valuable preparation is for sale at $1.50 per bottle by all respectable Druggist in the land. Prepared and sold by L. H. Bradfield, Druggist, Atlanta, Ga. A thousand women testify to its merits.

October 7 3m

SPECIAL COMMUNICATION HIRAM LODGE NO. 42.

There will be a special communication of Hiram Lodge No. 42, at Jacksonville Ala., at 2, P. M., Monday, Nov. A. D. 1871. Each and every brother, is earnestly and specially requested to attend, as urgent business of importance demands a prompt and full attendance.

J. B. TURNLEY, Sec'y.

Look Out!!!

for the impurities of the blood during the Summer months, and the long train of terrible diseases which follow. Pemberton's Compound Extract of Stillengia purifies the blood, cures Scrofula in its worst forms, cures Rheumatism, Syphilis and Gout and removes all Mercurial and venerial taint from the system. It is legally warranted to cure. Sold by Dr. Nisbet.

apr29 1871—6m

A CARD.

After Tuesday the 31st of October the **Tennessee House** will be closed for the purpose of being entirely remodled. It will be opened again as soon as finished with new appointments throughout; after which the proprietor hopes to merit more fully the liberal patronage heretofore received.

J. A. STANSBURY,
Proprietor.

Rome, Ga., October 30th, 1871.

nov18—tf.

Good News.

That greatest of Living Remedies, Globe Flower Cough Syrup is now sold in your Town, so that all may test its great virtues. It contains no Opium in any form, nor any other *poison*. It positively cures CONSUMPTION! Asthma, Bronchetis, Croup, Whooping Cough, Sore throat; Oppression of the chest and spitting of blood. *It is legally warranted* to cure, so that none can be humbugged by it. Just try it and be convinced. Sold by Dr. Nisbet.

apr29 1871—6m.

Good News to Emigrants.

Thos. J. Perry, agent of the Emigrant Lines, has received orders to resume the sale of Emigrant Tickets. Parties going West can get tickets at reduced rates and be sent through in first class cars by applying to him at Rome. Ga.

A List of Claims.

A list of claims allowed at the Nov. Term of the court of county Commissioners, of Calhoun county Ala. A. D. 1871, to wit:

Claim in favor of M. A. Parker use of Rowan Dean & Co. as part pay for keeping paupers	$120 00
Claim in favor of M. A. Parker use of Ab McGinnis as part pay for keeping paupers.	40 00
Claim in favor of M A Parker ballance in full for keeping paupers.	100 41
Claim in favor of E J Andrews to the Insane Asylum.	20 00
Claim in favor of Montgomery Bros. for well rope and wheel for jail well.	3 65
Claim in favor of J D Privett for werk on Jail.	3 40
Claim in favor of Dr Monroe for medical examination of negro killed by Lewis Owal.	8 00
Claim in favor of Rufus Green for conveying Ed Dozier a col pauper to poor hou e.	2 50
Clim in favor of S H Lester for work done on court house.	15 00
Claim in favor of Henry Murry as special deputy Sheriff in holding election.	2 50
Claim in favor of Dr M W Francis for medicine and medical attention to paupers.	27 05
Claim in favor of N J Stephens as special deputy Sheriff in holding election.	2 50
Claim in favor of Whisenant & Driskell for merchandise furnished to jail and inmates.	27 68
Claim in favor of Mace Coker as special deputy Sheriff in holding election.	2 50
Claim in favor of W P Crook for exoficio services from 30th June 1871 to 30th Sept 1871.	50 00
Claim in favor of W P Crook for indexing the books of circuit court office.	25 00
Claim in favor of W P Crook for fuel circuit clerk's office.	10 50
Claim in favor of Mrs E J Tate for fuel Probate court office.	10 50
Claim in favor of J W Williams exofficio services as Sheriff.	88 35
Claim in favor of J W Williams Sheriff for road services.	31 80
Claim in favor of J W Williams Sheriff for committing and releasing 23 prisoners.	46 00
Claim in favor of J W Williams for clothing for prisoners in jail work done on jail, stationery &c.	59 60
Claim in favor of Driskell and Crow to aid in procuring a well of water on the public square.	200 00
Claim in favor of Jas Briant as special deputy Sheriff in holding election.	2 50
Claim in favor of John Smith as special deputy Sheriff in holding election.	2 50
Claim in favor of W A Stewart as special deputy Sheriff in holding 2 elections.	5 00
Claim in favor of John H Crawford for making 3 tables for use of court room.	15 00
Claim in favor of John M Smith for making 9 coffins for paupers	45 00
Claim in favor of J F & L W Grant for prenting for the county.	45 00
Claim in favor of J F & L W Grant for stationery for the county.	73 75
Claim as a road appropriation for the purpose of aiding in making a change in the Jacksonville and White Plains road across Blue Mountain.	350 00
Claim in favor of S M Pruitt for carrying Mr Morris a pauper to Poor House.	3 00
Claim in favor of J M Carroll for iron and blankets furnished for jail.	8 96
Claim in favor of A Woods for ex officio services as Judge of Probate from 30th June to 30 September 1871.	62 50
Claim in favor of A Woods Judge of Probate for road service from 30 June to 30th September 1871.	22 50
Claim in favor of A Woods Judge for indexing books of office.	25 00
Claim in favor of A Woods Judge of Probate for services as presiding officer in court of county Commissioners and keeping minutes of same.	32 00
Claim in favor of T J Napper for services as county commissioner.	20 00
Claim in favor of Elias Stehens services as county commissoner	20 00
Claim in favor of W W Crook for services as county commissioner	15 00
Claim in favor of J W Williams Sheriff expenses incurred in capturing Starling Snow, an escaped prisoner.	25 00

I Alexander Woods, Judge of the court of Probate in and for Calhoun county, Ala. Hereby certify that the foregoing contains a true list of all the claims allowed at the Nov. Term of this court of county Commissioners 1871, as appears of record in my office. Given under my hand this 21st day of Nov. 1871.

A. WOODS, Judge of Probate.

THE AMERICAN WASHER.
PRICE, $5.50.
The American Washer Saves Money, Time, and Drudgery.

Because of Washing Day—no longer Dreaded, but Economy, Efficiency, and Clean Clothing Sure.

To call the public attention to this little machine, a few of the invaluable qualities, (not possessed by any other washing machine yet invented,) are here enumerated.

It is the smallest, most compact, most portable, most simple in construction, most easily operated. A child ten years old, with a few hours' practice, can thoroughly comprehend and effectually use it. There is no adjusting, no screws to confuse and annoy, no delay in adapting! It is always ready for use! It is a perfect little wonder! yet, as a miniature giant, doing more work and of a better quality, than the most elaborate and costly. One half of the labor is fully saved by its use, and the clothes will last one-half longer than by the old plan of the rub board. It will wash the largest blanket. Three shirts at a time, washing thoroughly! In a word, ablution of any fabric, from a Quilt to a Lace Cravat or Cambric Handkerchief, are equally within the capacity of this LITTLE GEM! It can be fastened to any tiug and taken off at will.

No matter how deep rooted a prejudice may exist against Washing Machines, the moment this little machine is seen to perform its wonders, all doubts, of its cleansing efficacy and utility are banished, and the doubter and detractor at once become the fast friends of the machine.

We have testimonials without end, setting forth its numerous advantages over all others and from hundreds who have thrown aside the unwieldy, useless machines, which have signally failed to accomplish the object promised in prominent and loud sounding advertisements.

It is as perfect for washing as a wringer is for wringing. The price another paramount inducement to purchasers, has been placed so low that it is within the reach of every housekeeper, and there is no article of domestic economy that will repay the small investment so soon.

$5.50.

All that is asked for this GREAT LABOR SAVER is a fair trial. We guarantee each machine to do its work perfectly

SOLE AGENTS FOR THE UNITED STATES,
A. H. FRANCISCUS & CO.,
513 Market St. Philadelphia, Pa

The largest and cheapest WOODEG WARE HOUSE in the United States.

nov11 1871—3mo.

Fine Mixed Tulips for Fall?

CHEAPER THAN EVER.

By mail 35c per dozen, $1,25 per 100. By express 500 $5; 1000 $8. Send stamp for illustrated catalogue of bulbs and winter blooming plants.

Largest assortment. Best stock. Low prices. Trees, Shrubs, Plants, Bulbs, Seeds, Stocks, Grafts, &c. 100 Page Illustrated Catalogue, ten cents. Wholesale price list free. Send for these before buying elsewhere.

F. K. PHOENIX, Bloomington Ill

W. T. ALEXANDER,

Dealer in all kinds of

Groceries & Confectioneries,

TOBACCO, and SEGARS,

and all kinds of

SMOKERS ARTICLES,

Willow Ware, Stationary and

Various kinds of Fancy Articles.

JACKSONVILLE, ALA.

P. O. & Express Office building.

aug26—tf.

Manhood: How Lost, How Restored

Just published a new edition of DR. CULVERWELL'S Celebrated Essay on the *radical cure*, (without medicine) of SPERMATORRHŒA or Seminal Weakness, Involuntary Seminal Losses, Impotency, Mental and Physical Incapacity, Impediments to Marriages, etc; also, Consumption, Epilepsy, and Fits, induced by self indulgence or sexual extravagance.

Price, in a sealed envelope, only 6 cents.

The celebrated author, in this admirable essay, clearly demonstrates from a thirty year's successful practice, that the alarming consequences of self-abuse may be radically cured without the dangerous use of internal medicine or the application of the knife; pointing out a mode of cure at once simple, certain, and effectual, by means of which every sufferer, no matter what his condition may be, may cure himself cheaply, privately, and *radically*.

This Lecture should be in the hands of every youth and every man in the land.

Sent, under seal, in a plain envelope, to any address, *postpaid* on receipt of six cents, or two post stamps.

Also, Dr. Culverwell's "Marriage Guide" price 25 cents.

Address the Publishers.

CHAS. J. C. KLINE & CO.,
127 Bowery, New York, Post-office Box 4,586.

East Alabama
LAND AGENCY,

B. C. WYLY & Co.

REAL ESTATE
and
General Agency Office,
No. 4. OFFICE ROW.
JACKSONVILLE ALA.

We are prepared to give our attention to the Sale, or Rent of

REAL ESTATE

in this and adjoining counties.

Having special facilities for finding purchasers, invite those who may desire to put their lands in market, to give us a trial. We will keep on exhibition in our office

MAPS,

taken from County Surveys, and personal reconnaissance of such places as may be entrusted to us—and will visit the property with parties contemplating a purchase.

All information concerning the lands of East Alabama freely given upon application in person, or by letter, at their office. Will also act as General Agents for the sale of all articles of merit which may be entrusted to them. Their extensive acquaintance with the people, and personal knowledge of the Country, give them facilities which no other Company can have.

BUSINESS SOLICITED.

B. C. WYLY,
JOHN H. FORNEY,
JNO. M. WYLY.

aug19 1871—1y.

ELEGANT
JOB WORK DONE AT THIS OFFICE.

THE AMERICAN WASHER.
PRICE, $5.50.
The American Washer Saves Money, Time, and Drudgery.

Because of Washing Day—no longer Dreaded, but Economy, Efficiency, and Clean Clothing Sure.

To call the public attention to this little machine, a few of the invaluable qualities, (not possessed by any other washing machine yet invented,) are here enumerated.

It is the smallest, most compact, most portable, most simple in construction, most easily operated. A child ten years old, with a few hours' practice, can thoroughly comprehend and effectually use it. There is no adjusting, no screws to confuse and annoy, no delay in adapting! It is always ready for use! It is a perfect little wonder! yet, as a miniature giant, doing more work and of a better quality, than the most elaborate and costly. One half of the labor is fully saved by its use, and the clothes will last one-half longer than by the old plan of the rub board. It will wash the largest blanket. Three shirts at a time, washing thoroughly! In a word, ablution of any fabric, from a Quilt to a Lace Cravat or Cambric Handkerchief, are equally within the capacity of this LITTLE GEM! It can be fastened to any tiug and taken off at will.

No matter how deep rooted a prejudice may exist against Washing Machines, the moment this little machine is seen to perform its wonders, all doubts, of its cleansing efficacy and utility are banished, and the doubter and detractor at once become the fast friends of the machine.

We have testimonials without end, setting forth its numerous advantages over all others and from hundreds who have thrown aside the unwieldy, useless machines, which have signally failed to accomplish the object promised in prominent and loud sounding advertisements.

It is as perfect for washing as a wringer is for wringing. The price another paramount inducement to purchasers, has been placed so low that it is within the reach of every housekeeper, and there is no article of domestic economy that will repay the small investment so soon.

$5.50.

All that is asked for this GREAT LABOR SAVER is a fair trial. We guarantee each machine to do its work perfectly

SOLE AGENTS FOR THE UNITED STATES,
A. H. FRANCISCUS & CO.,
513 Market St. Philadelphia, Pa

The largest and cheapest WOODEG WARE HOUSE in the United States

THE NEW DISCOVERY
In Chemical and Medical Science.

Dr. E. F. GARVIN'S

SOLUTION & COMPOUND ELIXIR
OF

TAR

FIRST AND ONLY SOLUTION ever made in one mixture of **ALL THE TWELVE** vitalizing active principals of the well known curative agent,

PINE TREE TAR.

UNEQUALED in Coughs, Colds, Catarrh, Asthma, Bronchitis, and consumption.

CURES WITHOUT FAIL

recent cold in three to six hours; and also, by its VITALISING, PURIFYING and STIMULATING effects upon the general system, remarkably efficacious in all

DISEASES OF THE BLOOD,

including Scrofula and Eruptions of the skin, Dyspepsia, Diseases of the Liver and Kidneys, Heart Disease, and General Debility.

ONE TRIAL CONVINCES!

ALSO, A

Volatile Solution of Tar

For INHALATION, without application of HEAT. A remarkably VALUABLE discovery, as the whole apparatus can be carried in the vest pocket, ready at any time for the most effectual and positively curative use in

All Diseases of the NOSE, THROAT and LUNGS.

THE COMPOUND

Tar and Mandrake Pill.

To use in connection with the ELIXIR TAR. A combination of the TWO most valuable ALTERATIVE Medicines known in the Profession, and renders this Pill without exception the very best ever offered.

The SOLUTION and COMPOUND ELIXIR of

TAR

is without doubt the Best remedy known in cases of

CHOLERA AND YELLOW FEVER.

It is a Specific for such diseases, and should be kept in the household of every family, especially during those months in which

CHOLERA AND YELLOW FEVER

are liable to prevail. A small quantity taken daily will prevent contracting these terrible diseases.

Solution and Compound Elixir, $1.00 per Bottle
Volatile Solution for Inhalation, $3.00 per Box
Tar and Mandrake Pills, 50cts per box.
Send for Circular of **POSITIVE CURES**
To your Druggist, or to

L. F. HYDE & CO.,
SOLE PROPRIETORS,
110 E. 22d St., New York.

Ayer's
Hair Vigor,

For restoring Gray Hair to its natural Vitality and Color.

Faded or gray hair is soon restored to its original color, with the gloss and freshness of youth. A dressing which is at once agreeable, healthy, and effectual for preserving the hair. Thin hair is thickened, falling hair checked, and baldness often, though not always, cured by its use. Nothing can restore the hair where the follicles are destroyed, the glands atrophied and decayed. But such as remain can be saved for usefulness by this application. Instead of fouling the hair with a pasty sediment, it will keep it clean and vigorous. Its occasional use will prevent the hair from turning gray or falling off, and consequently prevent baldness. Free from those deleterious substances which make some preparations dangerous, and injurious to the hair, the Vigor can only benefit but not harm it. If wanted merely for a

HAIR DRESSING,

nothing else can be found so desirable. Containing neither oil nor dye, it does not soil white cambric, and yet lasts long on the hair, giving it a rich, glossy lustre and a grateful perfume.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co.,
PRACTICAL AND ANALYTICAL CHEMISTS,
LOWELL, MASS.

PRICE $1.00.

Dr. W. W. NISBET, Agt Jacksonville, & the Druggists & Merchants everywhere.

Dr. GOTTLIEB FISCH'S BITTERS.

This preparation of the great Scientist, Dr. Gottlieb Fisch, of Germany, is based on the fact that, as all materials of the body are derived from Food, so all Vital Force, or Health, is derived from the Forces stored up in Food. *Dr. Fisch's Bitters* enables the System to liberate and appropriate these Forces, creates Appetite, cures Dyspepsia, with its resulting Debility and lack of Nervous Energy; so tones the Stomach and Liver as to make Constipation and Biliousness impossible; reinforces the System so it can tide over bad results of changing climate, waters, &c., and better endure the demands often unexpectedly made on its Force and Energy. Ladies in delicate health, aged persons, and all emaciated and weak after sickness, will rapidly strengthen by using this great preparation.

NEW BRICK HOTEL.

The undersigned is now prepared to accommodate the traveling public.

S. P. KELLY, Prop.
LIVERY AND SALE STABLE
Sign of the Horned Horse,
OXFORD ALA.,
S. C. KELLY.
sep16 '71—tf.

Door, Blind and Sash

MANUFACTORY.

THE undersigned is now prepared to manufacture, of the best materials, and in the neatest and most durable manner any of the above named articles for persons who may desire them, at Rome prices.

Apply to, or address,
T. W. PITT,
Jacksonville, Ala.
aug. 6, 1870.

LeGrand & Company,

No. 98, 98 & 100 Commerce St.

MONTGOMERY ALABAMA,

WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

ROCERIES, DRY GOODS, FANCY ARTICLES, NOTIONS, &c. &c.,

RETAIL
DRY GOODS DEPARTMENT

TO Comply with NUMEROUS SOLICITATIONS, and to accommodate our MANY FRIENDS we have opened in connection with our WHOLESALE BUSINESS,

A RETAIL DEPARTMENT,

where may be obtained from Attentive Salesmen at LOWEST PRICES, every article usually kept in a

FIRST-CLASS RETAIL STORE

where we will be pleased to wait on CITY and COUNTRY BUYERS.

SHIRTING &C.

We have for your inspection a FULL STOCK of

BROWN 3-4 Shirting,
do 7-8 do
do 4-4 Sheeting,
do Sea. I 7-8 Sheetings,
do do 4-4 Sheetings,
do do 10-4 Sheetings,
Bleached 3-4 and 7-8 Sheeting,
do 4-4 Sheeting (best brands)
do 10-4 do

SUPRIN, TICKING, &c.

PRINTS AT ALL PRICES,
Tickings of every Grade,
Plaid and striped domestics.
Domestic Ginghams,
Scotch Ginghams,
French Ginghams,
Irish Linen,
5-4 Linen sheetings,
10-4 Linen sheetings,
Linen cambricks,
Handkerchiefs,
Hosiery,
Gloves, &c., &c. &c.

BOOTS AND SHOES,

A Full Stock of Hats, Clothing Boots and Shoes, &c., &c., &c.,

LeGRAND & Co.
MONTGOMERY ALA.

DON'T READ THIS.

WHISENANT & DRISKELL

ARE just receiving a large lot of

SUGAR
COFFEE
TEAS.

BEST NEW ORLEANS MOLASSES

Purchasers of Cotton are invited to call before selling their crops.

RICE,

Iron

TRACE CHAINS
AMES' SHOVELS
AMES' SPADES
HAMES
BREAST CHAINS
SUGAR KETTLES
NAILS.
HORSESHOES,
SPADING FORKS
&c. &c. &c.

We are now offering our entire stock of DRY GOODS,

BOOTS & SHOES.

On the most reasonable terms.

Thanking our friends and customers for past patronage, we respectfully solicit a continuance of the same.
Jan 21, 1871.

LeGRAND & Co.,
GROCERY DEPARTMENT

Having been unable in the past few weeks, to keep up our supply of Goods, we have started our daily train again and hope now to keep fully supplied at all times!!!

LeGRAND & Co
MONTGOMERY ALA.

WHOLESALE
Dry Goods Department.

We are now offering to the trade, the following Goods at the Lowest Market Prices and are DETERMINED not to be undersold by ANY

JOBBING HOUSE SOUTH

and will duplicate any Invoice bought of New York Jobbers.

40 Bales 4-4 brown sheeting (as'd brands
50 do 7-8 do do do do
40 do Sea I. brown cottons do
30 do 7-8 Osnaburgs,
10 do brown drilling,
20 cases assorted bleached shirtings,
5 do do do 4-4 sheetings,
5 do do do 10-4 do
5 do do brown 10-4 do
3 do do bleached drills,
15 do prints, assorted brands,
5 do ginghams, do do
10 do tickings, do do
50 do plaids and stripes.

NOTIONS, CLOTHING, HOSIERY, CLOTHING, HATS, BOOTS, SHOES, &c., &c., &c..

We would call the attention of the Trade to

THE
"PREMIUM" SHIRT COLLAR,

for which we are Sole Agents for Montgomery—each box containing a handsome PRIZE.

Having an office and an EXPERIENCED RESIDENT BUYER IN NEW YORK, JOHN M. RAMSEY, 356 Broadway, and receiving by EACH TRAIN from the Principal Factories South, their STAPLE PRODUCTION, our facilities for offering inducements to the TRADE, CANNOT BE SURPASSED.

LeGRAND & Co.,
MONTGOMERY, ALA.

NEW GOODS! NEW GOODS!

J. M. Carroll,

has just received his Stock of

FALL & WINTER GOODS.

suited to the trade of all, consisting of
Ladies Dress Goods,
Black Alpaces,
Flannels and Linseys,
Prints,
Corsets and Hoop Skirts,
Brocade and Crewn Trimmings,
Laces and Embroideries,
Shawls,
Red Blankets,
Cassimeres & Jeans,
Doe Skin and Broadcloth,
Notions, Hats and Caps,
Boots and Shoes,
Carpet bags, Sole Leather,
Water and well Buckets,
Hardware and Cutlery,
Bagging and Ties,
Chewing and Smoking
Tobacco, Cigars, Coffee, Sugar, Rice,
Soda, Candles, Starch, Indigo,
Matches, Tinware,
and in fact everything kept in a country store.

Give him a call. He will sell you goods as cheap as any house in Town.

FOR THE CASH.

He tenders his thanks to his customers, and the public generally for past patronage, and hope they will still call to see him.

nov4 1871—tf.

Virginia and Tennessee.

AIR-LINE RAILWAY.

Through rates by the Air-Line, always as low as the published tariff of any competing route.

Freights run through without break of Bulk. All claims promptly adjusted by Thos. Pickney, claim agent at Norfolk Va.,

OFFICES.

Boston, 87 Washington street; New York, 303 Broadway; Philadelphia corner Washington Avenue and Swanson street; Baltimore, 154 west Baltimore street.

C. E. EVANS,
General Eastern Agent.

LUMBER FOR SALE.

THE undersigned having disposed of his interest in the

STEAM SAW MILL,

six miles South of Jacksonville, upon terms that gives him the disposal of large amount of lumber, informs all persons who may wish to

purchase any discription of Lumber,

that their bills can be promptly and correctly filled by his well known and reliable Agent, Green B. Skelton, on favorable terms, with whom all preliminary arrangements can be made.

RICHARD T. BOWLING.
aug19—4m.

Notice to Creditors of Estate of John R. Clark, dec'd.

LETTERS Testamentary on the above named Estate, having been granted to the undersigned by the Probate Court of Calhoun county, Alabama, on the 10th day of January, 1871: therefore all persons having claims against said estate are hereby notified to present them to me, legally authenticated, within the time prescribed by law, or they will be barred.

CATHARINE M. CLARK,
Executrix of said Estate.
Sept. 23, 1871.—6t.

Administrator's Notice.

LETTERS of Administration upon the Estate of David E. Hawkins, deceased, having been granted to the undersigned by the Probate Court of Calhoun county, Ala. on the 15th day of Sept. 1871; notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against said estate, to present them to me, legally authenticated, within the time prescribed by law, or they will be barred; and all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment.

LAWRENCE P. HAWKINS, Adm.
Sept. 23, 1871.—6t.

IF YOU WANT CORRECT TIME

GO TO

Randall of Gadsden,

THE BEST

Watch-Maker in North Alabama.

Prices for Goods & Work reduced 25 to 50 per cent. Everything guaranteed as represented and satisfaction given every time.

Cash or no Trade

Oct28 1871—tf.

D. D. DRAPER. J. R. DRAPER. J. DRAPER, Sen.

D. D. DRAPER, SON & CO.

WHOLESALE & RETAIL DEALERS IN

Dry Goods, Groceries,

AND

General Merchandise.

Also, Agents for the sale of

Stoves, Brinleys Plows, Bagging, Iron Ties

All of which they keep a full and complete stock always on hand, and will order any kind of ***MACHINERY*** and ***IMPLEMENTS*** wanted, such as they do not keep.

Call to see them—they will BUY or SHIP your COTTON, and sell you GOODS at the lowest possible prices.

OXFORD, Ala., Oct. 14, 1871.—6m.

J. & S. BONES & CO.

IMPORTERS OF & DEALERS IN

IRON and STEEL,

HARDWARE, CUTLERY, GUNS &c.

Rome Ga.,

In addition to keeping the largest Stock of HARDWARE in the Cherokee Country for Merchants supplies, are the Agents for

BRANDY'S CELEBRATED STEAM ENGINES & MILLS,

and can furnish at Manufactures prices, anything from a small size **Saw Mill** to the

LARGEST FLOURING MILL COMPLETE,

also Agents for CLEMANS' CORN and WHEAT MILL, which we keep in Stock.

[*READ HOME TESTIMONY.*]

NEAR CEDAR BLUFF Feb.. 28, 1871

MESSRS. J. & S. BONES. *Dear Sirs:*

I have given the 16 inch Mill (Clemans) bought of you, a thorough test, and can congratulate myself perfectly satisfied. The power was the running gear to my gin, which although in very bad order, was sufficient to grind *one bushel* (by the watch) *in two minutes*. I find no trouble to do my grinding before breakfast. Several of my neighbors were present at the time, and all were satisfied with the result, and expressed astonishment at the quantity and fine quality of the meal produced in so short a time. I do not hesitate to say to any steam mill owner. The 16 inch mill I bought of you for the former [illegible] since the above was written proves equally satisfactory. It is a complete mill.

Yours Truly,
H. H. MILLER.

Upon all machinery sold by us we give a full guarantee. Send for catalogue and price list.

J. & S. BONES & CO.

apri5 1871—tf

CLOVER, GRASS AND GARDEN SEED.

W. D. HOYT & CO

WILL KEEP CONSTANTLY ON HAND A FULL STOCK OF THE ABOVE AT THE LOWEST FIGURES.

Clover, and Grass Seed.

STRICTLY CASH. Also

Lead, Oil and Glass,

At Manufactures prices.

Also a full STOCK of

Drugs, Brushes, Perfumery Soaps of all kinds, Lamps, &c. &c.

W. D. HOYT & CO.

WHOLESALE DRUGGISTS,

Rome Ga.

Oct 28, tf.

Fashionable Dress Making.

Mrs. M. E. HAMES
AND
MISS LOU CRAWFORD,

Respectfully inform their friends and the public generally, that they propose opening on the 1st October, at the residence of the former.

A Dress Making Establishment.

Cutting in the latest style after a new and highly approved Chart.

They are also prepared to do all kinds of sewing for both ladies and gentlemen.

Perfect satisfaction guaranteed.

Patronage solicited—a trial stamps *success.*

sep23 1871—tf

CROSS PLAINS HOUSE
COME ALONG.

This House is not quite completed, but will receive Boarders and the Traveling public generally.

No rash promises made—come and see.

A. S. JOHNSON,
J. N. HOOD,
J. N. HOOD, Prop'r.
june18—tf.

FORNY'S CORNER

WE very respectfully call the attention of our customers, to our large Stock of

Spring and Summer Goods,

also to our largely replenished Stock of

FAMILY GROCERIES.

Both departments are sufficiently supplied in quantity and quality to meet the demands of the trade.

Having bought our Stock from reliable Merchants for Cash, we recommend them to you as GOOD GOODS,

CHEAP FOR CASH.

Bring your money or country produce

We have just received a fine lot of NEW ORLEANS MOLASSES,
BACON, LARD & HAMS.

Hoping to receive soon and frequent calls from you.

Yours Truly,
DRAPER & JOHNSON.
JACKSONVILLE ALA.
apr15—71

NEW GOODS.

I am just receiving a general asssortment of GOODS, suited to the

Fall Trade,

Consisting of

DRY GOODS,
BOOTS & SHOES,
HARDWARE,
CUTLERY,
CHOICE COFFEE,
SUGARS & TEAS,
INDIGO,
MADDER,
SODA,
SOAPS,
CANDLES,
NAILS,
HORSE SHOES,

And in fact nearly everything the country demands; bought with judgment and taste and selling at the lowest CASH PRICES.

J. D. HOKE,
Jacksonville, Ala..
sep9 1871—tf

I will get well!
It is an established fact.
convincingly proved by
highest testimony, and a
the practical test of 10 yrs
successful experience, that
Brooks Wine of Tar has
been administered with the
most extraordinary success
in all diseases of the throat
and Lungs, performing
many very remarkable
cures of cases pronounced
incurable.
Such a remedy merits a
trial from all who are
afflicted and vainly seek
a relief. Will you let
your fellow-men prevent you
from trying it?

[illegible] all who are ill are [illegible] it is not [illegible] Bottle's the see [illegible] would not be without [illegible] I cured of **Coughs, Colds** and **Chronic Coughs**, and it many cases of **Asthma** and **Bronchitis**, of long standing such as [illegible] have failed. have used it in [illegible] Our best physicians recommend it to [illegible] Clergymen [illegible] all suffering with [illegible] any kind, should [illegible] cure afforded in it. Try one bottle. **It is safe to take at any time, and under any circumstances.**

Beware of [illegible] and worthless [illegible] off on you for Brooks' [illegible] it is this [illegible] be had, won derful [illegible] and you want IT, and it [illegible] an unrivalled [illegible] with a tendency of cures. Sold by [illegible]

Dr Brooks Wine of Tar is not
prepared only for Diseases
of the Throat & Lungs.
The rich medicinal qualities
of Tar, it contains, would alone
give a healthy action on
Stomach & Bowels, but
as we Vegetable Ingredients
combined Tonic value
joined with it, which
make it to build up the
weak and debilitated, rapidly
restore exhausted strength,
tone the Stomach, relax
bile, cause the food to
digest and make pure
blood, curing Dyspepsia
&c. &c.

[illegible] people [illegible] are last [illegible] sh. If you [illegible] will never [illegible] see to take to [illegible] store the Ap- [illegible] change in your [illegible] It is noted [illegible] Action [illegible] are taking [illegible] dont your [illegible] Every- [illegible] Man, Woman and [illegible] Tonic and [illegible] be taken with [illegible] and intoxicate. [illegible] The [illegible] Middle-Aged [illegible] debilitating [illegible] they can take [illegible] to drinkers [illegible] and Beth- [illegible] strong and [illegible] in the high- [illegible] appetite, and [illegible] is just the [illegible] here no [illegible] and never [illegible] healthy. [illegible] Tinted [illegible] from [illegible] [illegible] of [illegible]

Read "False and True." Send one letter-stamp to RADWAY & CO., No. 87 Maiden Lane, New York. Information worth thousands will be sent you.
Sep 23, 1871—1y

CALL AT THE

Old Hotel,

West Side of the Public Square

Jacksonville, Ala.

WHICH has been repaired, refurnished and refitted up, especially for the comfort of those who may favor us with a call. Rooms large and comfortable—fare as good as the country affords—servants polite and attentive—charges reasonable.

Can accommodate a dozen or two regular boarders.

J. D. HAMMOND,
Dec. 18, '69—1y. ***Proprietor.***

Notice to Stockholders.

The annual meeting of the Stockholders of the East Ala. and Cincinnati Railroad Company, will be held at the office of the Company in the town of Opelika on the third Saturday, it being the 18th day of November A. D. 1871, at 12 oclock, M.

JNO. C. TOWLES,
Secretary.
oct14—4t.

THIRTY YEARS EXPERIENCE
IN THE TREATMENT OF
CHRONIC AND SEXUAL DISEASES.
A PHYSIOLOGICAL VIEW OF MARRIAGE.

The cheapest book ever published—containing nearly three hundred pages, and one hundred and thirty fine plates and engravings of the anatomy of the human organs in a state of health and disease, with a treatise on early errors, its deplorable consequences upon the mind and body, with the author's plan of treatment—the only rational and successful mode of cure, as shown by a report of cases tried. A truthful adviser to the married and those contemplating marriage, who entertained doubts of their physical condition. Sent free of postage to any address, on receipt of twenty-five cents in stamps or postal currency, by addressing Dr. LA CROIX, No. 31 Maiden Lane, Albany, New York. The author may be consulted upon any of the diseases upon which his book treats, either personally or by mail, and medicines sent to any part of the world.
oct21—1m.

R. R. R.
Radway's Ready Relief
CURES THE WORST PAINS
in from One to Twenty Minutes.
NOT ONE HOUR

after reading this advertisement need any one SUFFER WITH PAIN.

RADWAY'S READY RELIEF IS A CURE FOR EVERY PAIN.

It was the first and is

The Only Pain Remedy

that instantly stops the most excruciating pains, allays Inflammations, and cures Congestions, whether of the Lungs, Stomach or other glands or organs, by one application. IN FROM ONE TO TWENTY MINUTES, no matter how violent or excruciating the pain the RHEUMATIC, Bed-ridden, Infirm, Crippled, Nervous, Neuralgic, or prostrated with disease may suffer,

RADWAY'S READY RELIEF

Will afford instant Ease.

Inflamation of the Kidneys.
Inflamation of the Bladder.
Inflamation of the Bowels.
Congestion of the Lungs.
Sore Throat, Difficult Breathing.
Palpitation of the Heart.
Hysterics, Croup, Diphtheria.
Catarrh, Influenza.
Headache Toothache.
Neuralgia, Rheumatism.
Cold Chills. Ague Chills
The application of the READY RELIEF to the part or parts where the difficulty exists will afford ease and comfort.

Twenty drops in half a tumbler of water will in a few moments cure Cramps, Spasms Sour Stomach, Heartburn, Sick Headache, Diarrhea, Dysentery, Colic, Wind in the Bowels, and all Internal Pains.

Travelers should always carry a bottle of RADWAY'S READY RELIEF with them. A few drops in water will prevent sickness or pains from change of water. It is better than French Brandy or Bitters as a stimulant.

FEVER AND AGUE.

Fever and Ague cured for fifty cents. There is not a remedial agent in this world that will cure Fever and Ague, and all other Malarious, Bilous, Scarlet, Typhoid, Yellow, and other Fevers (aided by RADWAY'S PILLS) so quick as RADWAY'S READY RELIEF. Fifty cents per bottle.

HEALTH! BEAUTY!!

Strong and pure rich Blood—Increase of Flesh and Weight—Clear Skin and beautiful Complexion secured to all,

DR. RADWAY'S
Sarsaparillian Resolvent

Has made the most astonishing cures: so quick, so rapid are the changes the body undergoes, under the influence of this truly wonderful, Medicine, that

Every day an increase in Weight and Flesh is Felt.
THE GREAT BLOOD PURIFIER.

Every drop of the SARSAPARILLIAN RESOLVENT communicates through the Blood, Sweat, Urine, and other fluids and juices of the system *the vigor of life*, for it repairs the wastes of the body with new and sound material. *Scrofula, Syphilis, Consumption, Glandular disease, Ulcers in the throat, Mouth, Tumors, Nodes in the Glands and other parts of the system, Sore Eyes, Strumorous discharges from the Ears, and the worst forms of Skin diseases, Eruptions, Fever Sores, Scald Head, Ring Worm, Salt Rheum, Erysipelas, Acne, Black Spots, Worms in the Flesh, Tumors, Cancers in the Womb*, and all weakening and painful discharges, Night Sweats, Loss of Sperm and all wastes of the life principle, are within the curative range of this wonder of Modern Chemistry, and a few days' use will prove to any person using it for either of these forms of disease its potent power to cure them.

If the patient, daily becoming reduced by the wastes and decomposition that is continually progressing, succeeds in arresting these wasts, and repairs the same with new material made from healthy blood—and this the SARSAPARILIAN will and does secure—a cure is certain; for when once this remedy commences its work of purification, and succeeds in diminishing the loss of waste its repairs will be rapid, and every day es patient will feel himself growing better and stronger, the food digesting better, appetite improving, and weight increasing.

Not only does the Sarsaparilian Resolvent excels all known remedial agents in the cure of Chronic, Scrofulous, Constitutional, an Skin diseases; but it is the only positive cure for

Kidney and Bladder Complaints, Urinary, and Womb diseases, Gravel, Diabetes, Dropsy, Stoppage of Water, Incontinence of Urine, Bright's Diseas, Albuminuria, and in all cases where there are brick-dust deposits, or the water is thick, cloudy, mixed with substances like the white of an egg, or threrds like white silk, there is a morbid, dark, billious appearance, and white bone-dust deposits, and when there is a pricking, burning sensation when passing water, and pain in the Small of hte Back and along the Loins.

DR. RADWAY'S
PERFECT PURGATIVE PILLS,

perfectly tasteless, elegantly coated with sweet gum, purge, regulate, purify, cleanse, and strengthen. Radway's Pills, for the cure of all disorders of the Stomach, Liver, Bowels, Kidneys, Bladder, Nervous Diseases, Headache, Constipation, Costiveness, Indigestion, Dyspepsia, Biliousness, Billious Fever, Inflamation of the Bowels, Piles, and all Derangements of the Internal Viscera. Warranted to effect a positive cure. Purely Vegetable, containing no mercury, minerals, or deleterious drugs.

A few doses of RADWLY'S PILLS will free the system from all the above named disorders. Price, 25 cents per Box. Sold by Druggists.

Read "False and True." Send one letter-stamp to RADWAY & CO., No. 87 Maiden Lane, New York. Information worth thousands will be sent you.
Sep 23, 1871—1y

M. A. TURNER
TAILOR,

Takes pleasure in informing his old patrons and the public generally, that he is ***STILL AT HIS OLD STAND,*** **PREPARED TO CUT & MAKE** Gentlemens Clothing in the latest and *MOST FASHIONABLE STYLE,* **& MOST DURABLE MANNER.**

Terms now, henceforth, and forever CASH.

JACKSONVILLE ALA.,
dec17 1870.—tf

PARKER'S
BREECH LOADING DOUBLE BARRELED
SHOT GUN
BEST IN THE WORLD.
PARKER BROTHERS WEST MERIDEN, CONN.
SEND FOR A CIRCULAR
New York Office, 27 BEEKMAN ST.

Jacksonvil

SATURDAY

J. F. & L.

TERMS OF

One year in ad
Front paid in adv

TERMS OF

One square of 10
Each subsequent
Over one square c
Obituaries charge

Annunciatio

For County Off
For State Office

Dr. M. W

Physician

OFFICE, DRUG

North, Wes

JACKSONVI
dec5 1871—ly.

JOHN FOSTER.

FOSTER

Attorney

Jackso

Will practice
Holmes, Tal
Choctaw, I
Court of the Sta
Dec. 23d, 1868.

JOE. H.

ATTORN

GENERAL CO

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&c.

A. C. ELLIS.

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M. J. &

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Marshall;
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