JUNE

Jacksonville Republican

EDITED, PRINTED & PUBLISHED, EVERY SATURDAY MORNING, BY

J. F. & L. W. GRANT.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

For one year in advance, ...$2.00
For six months, ...1.25

TERMS OF ADVERTISING.

One square of 10 lines or less, first insertion, ... $1 00
Each subsequent insertion,.................. 50.
Over one square counted as two, &c.
Obituaries charged at advertising rates.

Annunciation of Candidates.

For County Offices, ... $5 00
For State Offices, ... $10 00

Jacksonville Republican.

"The Price of Liberty is Eternal Vigilance."

VOL. 35. — JACKSONVILLE, ALA., JUNE 3. 1871. — WHOLE NO 1782

Rates of Advertising,

For three, six, or twelve Months.

One square of 10 lines,	3 months,		$5 00
" "	6	"	7 50
" "	12	"	25 00
One fourth column,	3	"	10 00
" "	6	"	15 00
" " "	12	"	25 00
One half column,	3	"	25 00
" "	6	"	35 00
" " "	12	"	60 00
One column,	3	"	40 00
" "	6	"	75 00
" "	12	"	100 00

Charges due and collectable quarterly.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

Dr. M. W. FRANCIS
Physician & Surgeon,
OFFICE, DRUG STORE J. C. FRANCIS
North West Corner Square,
JACKSONVILLE - - ALA.
feb25 1871 —1y.

JOHN FOSTER. — WM. H. FORNEY.

FOSTER & FORNEY,
Attorneys at Law,
Jacksonville Alabama.

WILL practice in the Counties of Calhoun, Talladega, Randolph, St. Clair, Cherokee, DeKalb and the Supreme Court of the State.
Oct. 24, 1865

JOS. H. FRANCIS.

ATTORNEY AT LAW
—AND—
GENERAL COLLECTING AGENTS.
Gadsden ....Alabama

WILL practice in Etowah and adjoining counties. Special attention given to the filing petitions in Bankruptcy. Will prosecute claims against the Government for Bounty, Back pay, &c.

J. A. ELLIS. — J. H. CALDWELL

ELLIS & CALDWELL,
Attorneys at Law,
AND
Solicitor in Chancery.
JACKSONVILLE, ALA.

HAVING associated themselves in the practice of Law, will practice together, except in CRIMINAL CASES, in the counties Calhoun, Talladega, St. Clair, Randolphs Cherokee and DeKalb.
Jan. 6, 1866.

W. J. TURNLEY. — G. I. TURNLEY

W. J. & G. I. TURNLEY.
Attorneys at Law
AND
Solicitors in Chancery
General Collecting Agents.
JACKSONVILLE, ALA.

WILL practice law in the counties of Calhoun, Talladega, Randolph, Cleburne, Cherokee, Baine, St. Clair and DeKalb in the Supreme Court of the State, and in the U. S. District Court, Northern and Middle Division of Alabama.

W. P. INZER. — LEROY F. BOX.

INZER & BOX,
Attorneys at Law,
AND
Solicitors in Chancery
ASHVILLE, Ala.

WILL practice in all the Courts of St. Clair, Calhoun, Talladega, Shelby, Jefferson, Blount, DeKalb, Cherokee & Marshall, also in the Superior Court of the State. Prompt attention given.

R. L. STEVENSON,
Attorney at Law,
JACKSONVILLE, Ala.

TENNESSEE HOUSE
Rome, Ga.
J. A. STANSBURY, Propr.
Most convenient Hotel to Rail Road Depots
Mar. 12, 1870 -tf

Selma Rome & Dalton Railroad

CHANGE OF SCHEDULE.

PATONA, ALA., March 20, 1871.
Trains of this Road until farther notice will run as follows:

NORTHWARD.

Accommodation Train.

Leaves	Selma,	5:00 P M
Arrives	Calera,	11:30 P M

Freight Train.

Leaves	Selma,	5:00 A M
	Calera,	12:50 P M
	Talladega,	7:30 P M
	Jacksonville,	11:15 P M
	Rome,	10:00 A M
Arrives	Dalton,	1.30 P M

Mail Train.

Leaves	Selma,	12.18 P M
	Calera,	3.45 P M
	Talladega,	6.36 P M
	Jacksonville,	8.27 P M
	Rome,	12.52 P M
Arrives	Dalton,	2.30 A M

SOUTHWARD.

Mail Train.

Leaves	Dalton,	11.30 P M
	Rome,	2.30 A M
	Jacksonville,	5.06 A M
	Talladega,	6.57 A M
	Calera,	10.00 A M
Arrives	Selma,	1.30 P M

Freight Train.

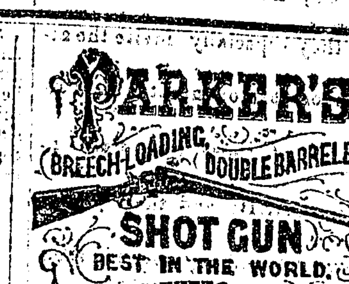
Leaves	Dalton,	8.45 A M
	Rome,	1.35 P M
	Jacksonville,	5.06 P M
	Talladega,	12.05 A M
	Calera,	6.45 A M
Arrives	Selma,	1.45 P M

Accommodation Train.

Leaves	Calera,	11.30 A M
Arrives	Selma,	6.30 P M

E. G. BARNEY,
Gen'l Sup't.
M. STANTON,
Assist't Sup't. [apr8–'71

Insurance a Specialty.
L. J. PARR,
SPECIAL AGENT,
JACKSONVILLE ALA.,
Will insure Life, or Property of any kind in the following Companies:
Cotton States Life Insurance Co.,
MACON, GA.,
Georgia Home Fire Insurance Co.
COLUMBUS, GA.,
Home Protection of North-Alabama Fire Insurance Co.,
HUNTSVILLE ALA.
mar25 1871.



CALL AT THE
Old Hotel,
West Side of the Public Square.
Jacksonville, Ala.

WHICH has been repaired, refurnished and refitted up, especially for the comfort of those who may favor us with a call. Rooms large and comfortable—fare good as the country affords—servants polite and attentive—charges reasonable.
Can accommodate a dozen or two regular boarders.

J. D. HAMMOND.
Dec. 18, '69—1y. ***Proprietor.***

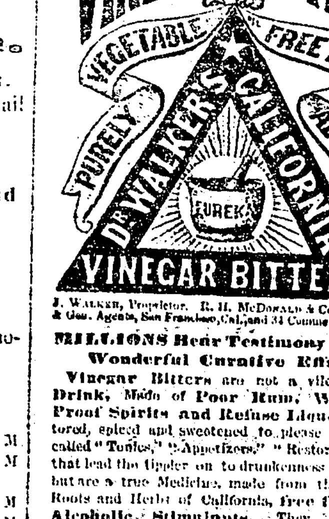
FORNEY'S CORNER.

We very respectfully call the attention of our customers, to our large Stock of
Spring and Summer Goods.
also to our largely replenished Stock of
FAMILY GROCERIES.

Both departments are sufficiently supplied in quantity and quality to meet the demands of the trade.
Having bought our Stock from reliable Merchants for Cash, we recommend them to you as GOOD GOODS,
CHEAP FOR CASH.
Bring your money or country produce, except BUTTER,
SOCKS,
SOFT SOAP.
Hoping to receive soon and frequent calls from you.
Yours Truly,
DRAPER & JOHNSON.
JACKSONVILLE ALA.
apr15—71

M. A. TURNER
TAILOR,

Takes pleasure in informing his old patrons and the public generally, that he is ***STILL AT HIS OLD STAND,*** **PREPARED TO CUT & MAKE** Gentlemens Clothing in the latest and *MOST FASHIONABLE STYLE.* **& MOST DURABLE MANNER.**
Terms now, henceforth, and forever CASH.
JACKSONVILLE ALA.,
dec17 1870.—tf.



J. WALKER, Proprietor. R. H. McDONALD & Co., Druggists & Gen. Agents, San Francisco, Cal., and 34 Commerce St., N.Y.

MILLIONS Bear Testimony to their Wonderful Curative Effects.

Vinegar Bitters are not a vile Fancy Drink, Made of Poor Rum, Whiskey, Proof Spirits and Refuse Liquors, doctored, spiced and sweetened to please the taste, called "Tonics," "Appetizers," "Restorers," &c., that lead the tippler on to drunkenness and ruin, but are a true Medicine, made from the Native Roots and Herbs of California, **free from all Alcoholic Stimulants.** They are the **GREAT BLOOD PURIFIER and A LIFE GIVING PRINCIPLE,** a perfect Renovator and Invigorator of the System, carrying off all poisonous matter and restoring the blood to a healthy condition. No person can take these Bitters according to directions and remain long unwell, provided their bones are not destroyed by mineral poison or other means, and the vital organs wasted beyond the point of repair.

They are a Gentle Purgative as well as a Tonic, possessing, also, the peculiar merit of acting as a powerful agent in relieving Congestion or Inflammation of the Liver, and of all the Visceral Organs.

FOR FEMALE COMPLAINTS, whether in young or old, married or single, at the dawn of womanhood or at the turn of life, these Tonic Bitters have no equal.

For Inflammatory and Chronic Rheumatism and Gout, Dyspepsia or Indigestion, Bilious, Remittent and Intermittent Fevers, Diseases of the Blood, Liver, Kidneys and Bladder, these **Bitters** have been most successful. **Such Diseases** are caused by **Vitiated Blood,** which is generally produced by derangement of the **Digestive Organs.**

DYSPEPSIA OR INDIGESTION. Headache, Pain in the Shoulders, Coughs, Tightness of the Chest, Dizziness, Sour Eructations of the Stomach, Bad Taste in the Mouth, Bilious Attacks, Palpitation of the Heart, Inflammation of the Lungs, Pain in the regions of the Kidneys, and a hundred other painful symptoms are the offsprings of Dyspepsia.

They invigorate the Stomach and stimulate the torpid Liver and Bowels, which render them of unequalled efficacy in cleansing the blood of all impurities, and imparting new life and vigor to the whole system.

FOR SKIN DISEASES, Eruptions, Tetter, Salt Rheum, Blotches, Spots, Pimples, Pustules, Boils, Carbuncles, Ring-Worms, Scald Head, Sore Eyes, Erysipelas, Itch, Scurfs, Discolorations of the Skin, Humors and Diseases of the Skin, of whatever name or nature, are literally dug up and carried out of the system in a short time by the use of these Bitters. One bottle in such cases will convince the most incredulous of their curative effect.

Cleanse the Vitiated Blood whenever you find its impurities bursting through the skin in Pimples, Eruptions or Sores; cleanse it when you find it obstructed and sluggish in the veins; cleanse it when it is foul, and your feelings will tell you when. Keep the blood pure, and the health of the system will follow.

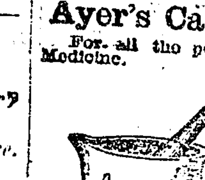
PIN, TAPE, and other WORMS, lurking in the system of so many thousands, are effectually destroyed and removed.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS AND DEALERS.
J. WALKER, Proprietor. R. H. McDONALD & CO., Druggists and Gen'l Agents, San Francisco, Cal., and 32 and 34 Commerce Street, New York.

FRUIT TREES SMALL FRUITS,
Ornamental Trees and Plants,
Choice Garden & Field Seeds &c
A splendid stock of the choicest varieties.
Send for Descriptive Catalogues and Priced List.
All Trees well packed so as to carry safely to any part of the United States.

Small Fruits & Small Plants
of all kinds, sent by mail, *postage paid,* to any Post Office in the United States.
EDW'D J. EVANS & CO.,
Nurserymen and Seedsmen,
YORK PA.

Ayer's Cathartic Pills,
For all the purposes of a Laxative Medicine.



Perhaps no one medicine is so universally required by everybody as a cathartic, nor was ever any before so universally adopted into use, in every country and among all classes, as this mild but efficient purgative *Pill.* The obvious reason is, that it is a more reliable and far more effectual remedy than any other. Those who have tried it, know that it cured them; those who have not, know that it cures their neighbors and friends; and all know that what it does once it does always—that it never fails through any fault or neglect of its composition. We have thousands upon thousands of certificates of their remarkable cures of the following complaints, but such cures are known in every neighborhood, and we need not publish them. Adapted to all ages and conditions in all climates; containing neither calomel nor any deleterious drug, they may be taken with safety by anybody. Their sugar-coating preserves them ever fresh, and makes them pleasant to take, while being purely vegetable, no harm can arise from their use in any quantity.

They operate by their powerful influence on the internal viscera to purify the blood and stimulate it into healthy action—remove the obstructions of the stomach, bowels, liver, and other organs of the body, restoring their irregular action to health, and by correcting, wherever they exist, such derangements as are the first origin of disease.

Minute directions are given in the wrapper on the box, for the following complaints, which these *Pills* rapidly cure:—

For **Dyspepsia or Indigestion, Listlessness, Languor and Loss of Appetite,** they should be taken moderately to stimulate the stomach, and restore its healthy tone and action.

For **Liver Complaint** and its various symptoms, **Bilious Headache, Sick Headache, Jaundice or Green Sickness, Bilious Colic and Bilious Fevers,** they should be judiciously taken for each case, to correct the diseased action or remove the obstructions which cause it.

For **Dysentery or Diarrhoea,** but one mild dose is generally required.

For **Rheumatism, Gout, Gravel, Palpitation of the Heart, Pain in the Side, Back and Loins,** they should be continuously taken, as required, to change the diseased action of the system. With such change those complaints disappear.

For **Dropsy** and **Dropsical Swellings** they should be taken in large and frequent doses to produce the effect of a drastic purge.

For **Suppression** a large dose should be taken as it produces the desired effect by sympathy.

As a *Dinner Pill,* take one or two *Pills* to promote digestion and relieve the stomach.

An occasional dose stimulates the stomach and bowels into healthy action, restores the appetite, and invigorates the system. Hence it is often advantageous where no serious derangement exists. One who feels tolerably well, often finds that a dose of these *Pills* makes him feel decidedly better, from their cleansing and renovating effect on the digestive apparatus.

Dr. J. C. AYER & CO., Practical Chemists, LOWELL, MASS., U. S. A.

DR. W. W. NISBET, Ag't Jacksonville, & sold by Druggists & Merchants everywhere.

J. J. Cohen,

THE WELL RENOWNED — EUREKA SMUTTER and SEPARATOR.



Rome, Georgia,

Keeps constantly on hand the most celebrated and latest MILL MACHINERY, at Manufacturer's prices. Also, Importer of the Double Anchor Dutch Bolting Cloth, French Burr and Esopus MILL STONES, Double Turbine Water Wheel, and an assortment of Belting, &c. Oct. 15, '70.

To the Planters of Calhoun County.
Send your COTTON to
JAS. M. COOPER
OF ROME, GA., who will sell it for you, and charge you only (50 c.) fifty cents per Bale for selling. If you want to Store your Cotton he will make liberal Cash advances on it.
Rome, Ga., Oct. 1, 1870.—3m.

JACKSONVILLE
Iron Foundry.
STRAIN & VEITCH Prop's.

This Foundry is now in full blast. All kinds of castings done promptly and to order. Bills filled for all kinds of
Hollow Ware,
Mill & Gin Gear,
Iron Railing,
Grates,
Plows, &c. &c.,
A liberal patronage solicited.
Address, STRAIN & VEACH
mch25—1y Jacksonville, Ala.

J. M. ELLIOTT. — C. G. SAMMUEL

Elliott & Samuel
COTTON FACTORS,
Warehouse and Commission Merchants,
Rome Ga.
Real Estate Agents.
AGENTS FOR THE STEAMBOAT LINE ON THE COOSA RIVER, AND ALSO General Receiving and Forwarding Agents.
We compress through cotton without delay saving thereby to the shipper, 40 cents per bag besides putting the cotton in much better condition for transportation and handling when in market.

PARLOR ALBUM
IN FIVE QUARTO VOLUMES.
Price $9.00 per volume or
$40.00 PER SET COMPLETE,

Description of the Work.

THE PARLOR ALBUM is doubtless the most extensive ART GALLERY ever published and, by those who have examined the several portions of the work, it has been pronounced "The Climax of Beauty." Each volume contains 20 full page Chromo Lithographs, in Oil Colors, 40 full page Steel Engravings, 40 full page engravings on wood and 260 pages of reading matter descriptive of the illustrations, the whole making each volume about one half as thick, and same sized pages, of Websters largest Dictionary. Each volume is complete in itself and will be sold separately, if desired.

Sold by Subscription, Only.
Vol. I, Is devoted to Wild American Birds.
Vol. II, Contains Wild American Animals.
Vol. III, American Domesticated Birds and Animals.
Vol. IV, Foreign Birds and Animals.
Vol. V, Fishes, Reptiles and Insects.

This work will at once commend itself to the cultivated American people, and no library will, hereafter, be complete without this addition to its treasures; while as a parlor amusement it is unequalled by American publications.

Agents Wanted.

We will give agents very liberal terms for selling the above described publications, and wish to appoint an agent in every town in the United States and British Provinces. Experienced book agents and all other persons of respectability should apply at once. Any Young Man, or Young Lady, can, by devoting a short time during the day or evening, secure a complete set, free of expense, or, if preferred, we will allow large Commission in Cash.

We have prepared a most beautiful SPECIMEN BOOK FOR AGENTS containing 5 of the Oil Chromos, 10 Steel Engravings, 10 Wood Engravings and 50 pages of descriptive reading, being selections from each volume, together with blank paper, specimens of binding, &c., &c.

Our Specimen Book has cost us quite largely, and we do not wish to send it to persons who do not intend to act as agents, but to any one who will make an effort to procure subscribers to the Work, we will send the Specimen Book, prepaid, on receipt of 10 cents to cover postage. Enclose stamp for reply and address.

American Publishing Co.,
RUTLAND VT.
mar11—6mo.

SEEDS, SEEDS.

Sat free by mail, select vegetable seeds, choice Flower Seeds, splendid Gladiolus, Lilies, and other Flowering Bulbs.

Complete assortments of Vegetable Seeds for a large or small Garden.

Assortment No. 5.	contains 57	varieties	$3.
No. 6.	"	33	$2.
No. 7.	"	18	$1.

The above sent Post paid, upon receipt of price. The following larger collections can be safely sent by Express, (freight paid by purchaser.)
No. 1. $20—No. 2. $15—No. 3. $10—No. 4. $5.
Collections of Flower Seed by mail. Twenty splendid varities of annuals $1. Larger collections from $2 to $5—mailed free. The Golden rayed Queen of Lilies (Lilium auratum) $1.

Lilium Lancifolium Album	50ct.
" " Rubrum	50ct.
" " Roseum	50ct.

One each of the above varieties by mail $2.00. Seed and plant Catalogues sent free on application.
RICHARDSON & GOULD,
245 Broadway New York.
American Agriculturist Building, P. O. Box 5131.
mar25—1871.

New Groceries.

MC'CLELEN & LANDERS

ARE now receiving a large and varied Stock of FAMILY GROCERIES in the house formerly occupied by Stypes & Rowland, on the N. E. corner of the Public Square, which they propose to sell cheaper than they can be purchased elsewhere. They will also take in exchange, COUNTRY PRODUCE at Cash prices.
Their Stock consists, in part, of the following Articles:

SUGARS,
COFFEES,
MOLASSES,
TEAS,
BACON,
LARD,
FLOUR,
RICE,
FISH,
CHEESE,
ORANGES,

ALL KINDS COOKING EXTRACTS

PLAIN
AND
FANCY
CANDIES,

In fact, everything kept in a Family Grocery.
In connection wit this, we have opened a

FIRST CLASS BAR,

In which is kept the fiinest brands jo
ALES,
LIQUORS,
BRANDIES,
CHAMPAGNE,
AND OTHER WINES.
Come all ye that thirst. We will give you drink.
Jan. 21—3m

Virginia and Tennessee.
AIR-LINE RAILWAY.

Through rates by the Air-Line, always as low as the published tariff of any competing route.
Freights run through without break of Bulk. All claims promptly adjusted by Thos. Pickney, claim agent at Norfolk Va.,

OFFICES.

Boston, 87 Washington street; New York, 303 Broadway; Philadelphia corner Washington Avenue and Swanson street; Baltimore, 154 west Baltimore street.

C. E. EVANS,
General Eastern Agent.

"NOT YET."

"I have called, and ye refused."—Prov 1 24

"Give me thy heart, dear one;
At early morn, I've come,
That thou might'st hear
My voice, so deep and low,
Through the deep silence flow
To thy young ear."
The little feet are stayed,
Flits o'er the brow a shade
A half regret
Then a low murmuring,
As some wild bird might sing,
"Not yet, not yet."

"Give me thy heart, My child,
The paths of earth are wild,
I'll keep it pure;
Through mazes yet untried,
My own right hand shall guide
Thy feet, secure."
"O, low persuasive tone,
I all its sweetness own,
Nor will forget,
For love as true as Thine
To give this heart of mine,
But O, not yet.

"Give me thy heart, My own,
The noon-day sun hath shone
Full on thy brow.
The shelt'ring Rock is strong,
And thou hast wandered long,
Come, rest thee now."
"I hear the noon bells chime,
And Lord, that voice of Thine—
But I must get
Earth treasure; it shall be
All given unto Thee;
But O, not yet."

"Give me thy heart, My son,
I, the long-suffering One,
Call yet once more;
The twilight shades draw near,
O, surely thou wilt hear,
If ne'er before."
He hears that midnight call,
Voice quickly heard by all,
But lips are set
With mystic seal of death;
Still falls with parting breath,
"Not yet, not yet!"

Presidential Politics—A Note of Alarm.

The N. Y. *Tribune* is getting alarmed at the shaky aspect of the Republican party, in view of the next Presidential election. It dwells on the Vallandigham speech in a spirit of ill concealed uneasiness, and concludes its meditation with the following admonition to "men and brethren" who call themselves Republicans:—*Cincinnati Enquirer.*

We tell our Republican friends wrangling over the publication of a treaty at Washington, or dividing the spoils of office in New York, or fritting away their influence elsewhere in needless contests and relentless personal feuds, that the new Vallandigham movement means danger. To repeat our warning.—The next Presidential campaign is to be the hottest of a generation. Rancorous wrangles and inexcusable tyranny in the Senate; a crusade against the Press of the whole country, aroused with absolute unanimity in defence of what it thinks its rights; persecution of prominent Republicans because they favor this man for Senator, or do not favor that man for the succession to the Presidency; warfare upon the Republican Administration in the hope of killing off a Republican candidate; interference in local politics in the hope of building up one—are alike unwise means of preparing for the contest.

It Reminds Us.

In looking over CHARLES O'MALLEY the other day, we came across the following bit of a story, which in some of its parts so forcibly reminds us of some of the Yankee snobs who are just now prospecting our "fine country—splendid country" with the view of setting us right with our neighbors north of the line, where notions regarding us "are far, very far from just," that we are constrained to copy it. The superior airs they take upon themselves in their championship of us, entitle some of them to the same consideration shown the English cockney by those rare old Galway gentlemen. Horace Greeley, who is just now "doing" the South, after he has seen everything else, should not be suffered to depart before he has been treated to a first rate Ku-klux outrage. We can spare two or three negroes and as many carpet-baggers without any special inconvenience, just for his sake.

"By Jove, Charley, I mustn't keep it from you; it's too good a thing not to tell you: do you remember that very essenced young gentleman who accompanied Sir George Dashwood from Dublin as a kind of electioneering friend?"

"Do you mean Mr. Prettyman?"

"The very man; he was, you are aware, an under secretary in some government department. Well, it seems that he had come down among us poor savages, as much from motives of learned research and scientific inquiry, as though we had been South Sea islanders: report had gifted us, humble Galwagians, with some very peculiar traits, and this gifted individual resolved to record them. Whether the election week might have sufficed his appetite for wonders I know not; but he was peaceably taking his departure from the West on Saturday last, when Phil Macnamara met him, and pressed him to dine that day with a few friends at his house.—You know Phil; so that when I tell you, Sam Burke, of Greenmount, and Roger Doolan were of the party, I need not say that the English traveller was not left to his own unassisted imagination for his facts: such anecdotes of our habits and customs as they crammed him with, it would appear never were heard before—nothing was too hot or too heavy for the luckless cockney, who, when not sipping his claret, was faithfully recording in his tablet the mems. for a very brilliant and very original work on Ireland.

"'Fine country—splendid country—glorious people—gifted—brave—intelligent—but not happy—alas! Mr. Macnamara, not happy. But we don't know you, gentleman—we don't indeed, at the other side of the channel; our notions regarding you are far, very far from just.'

"'I hope and trust,' said old Burke, you'll help them to a better understanding ere long.'

"'Such, my dear sir, will be the proudest task of my life—the facts I have heard here this evening have made so profound an impression upon me, that I burn for the moment when I can make them known to the world at large to think—just to think, that a portion of this beautiful island should be so steeped in poverty—that the people not only live on the mere potatoes, but are absolutely obliged to wear the skins for raiment, as Mr. Doolan has just mentioned to me.'

"'Which accounts for our cultivation of lumpers,' added Mr. Doolan, 'they being the largest species of the root, and best adapted for wearing apparel.'

"'I should deem myself culpable, indeed I should, did I not inform my countrymen upon the real condition of this great country.'

"'Why, after your great opportunities for judging,' said Phil, 'you ought to speak out—you've seen us in a way, I may fairly affirm, few Englishmen have, and heard more.'

"'That's it, that's the very thing, Mr. Macnamara: I've looked at you more closely, I've watched you more narrowly I've witnessed what the French call your *vie intime.*'

"'Begad you have,' said old Burke, with a grin, 'and profited by it to the utmost.'

"'I've been a spectator of your election contests—I've partaken of your hospitality—I've witnessed your popular and national sports—I've been present at your weddings, your fairs, your wakes—but no, I was forgetting, I never saw a wake.'

"'Never saw a wake!' repeated each of the company in turn, as though the gentleman was uttering a sentiment of very dubious veracity.

"'Never,' said Mr. Prettyman, rather abashed at this proof of his incapacity to instruct his English friends upon *all* matters of Irish interest.

"'Well, then,' said Macnamara, 'with a blessing, we'll show you one. Lord forbid that we shouldn't do the honors of our poor country to an intelligent foreigner, when he's good enough to come amongst us.'

"'Peter,' said he, turning to the servant behind him, 'who's dead hereabouts?'

"'Sorra one, yer honor. Since the scrimmage at Portumna, the place is peaceable.'

"'Who died lately, in the neighborhood?'

"'The widow Macbride, yer honor.'

"'Couldn't they take her up again, Peter? My friend here never saw a wake.'

"'I'm afeerd not; for it was the boys roasted her, and she wouldn't be a decent corpse for to show a stranger,' said Peter in a whisper.

"Mr. Prettyman shuddered at these peaceful indications of the neighborhood, and said nothing.

"'Well, then, Peter tell Jemmy Divine to take the old musket in my bedroom, and go over to the Clunagh bog: he can't go wrong: there's twelve families there that never pay a half penny rent; and *when it's done,* let him give notice to the neighborhood, and we'll have a rousing wake.'

"'You don't mean Mr. Macnamara—you don't mean to say—' stammered out the cockney, with a face like a ghost.

"'I only mean to say,' said Phil, laughing, 'that you're keeping the decanter very long at your right hand.'

"Burke contrived to interpose before the Englishman could ask any explanation of what he had just heard, and for some minutes he could only wait in impatient anxiety, when a loud report of a gun close beside the house attracted the attention of the guests: the next moment old Peter entered, his face radiant with smiles.

"'Well, what's that?' said Macnamara.

"'Twas Jimmy, yer honor: as the evening was rainy, he said he'd take one of the neighbors, and he hadn't to go far; for Andy Moore was going home, and he brought him down at once.'

"'Did he shoot him?' said Mr. Prettyman, while cold perspiration broke over his forehead. 'Did he murder the man.'

"'Sorra murder,' said Peter disdainfully; 'but why wouldn't he shoot him when the master bid him?'

"I needn't tell you more, Charley; but in ten minutes after, feigning some excuse to leave the room, the terrified cockney took flight, and offering twenty guineas for a horse to convey him to Athlone, he left Galway, fully convinced 'that they don't yet know us on the other side of the channel.'"

A Novel and Curious Vegetable.

—In a tract of country in the southwestern part of Africa, distinguished for its dry but rich soil, the Boston *Journal of Chemistry says,* a gigantic perennial melon has been discovered, which is a most delicious wholesome fruit and which is largely consumed by the native inhabitants as food. In order that this melon may flourish, it is necessary that it should strike its roots through the sand thirty feet to reach permanent moisture. This it does and grows in great luxuriance where all else is shriveled and parched by heat. But this is not all. If it were simply a huge melon, with smooth and delicate skin, every one would be destroyed by wild beasts before coming to maturity. To prevent this, nature has armed its outer rind with a covering of long, sharp, terrible thorns which so lacerate the mouth and noses of animals that they are glad to leave them alone in all their tempting freshness. Man, with his hands and sharp knives, finds little difficulty in opening the luscious fruit. The natives have no necessity of putting fences about their melon patches, for the plants are self-productive.

A four-year old boy in Westport Conn. cries for his pipe and tobacco, and gets them and smokes with evident enjoyment.

Important Decision by Judg Bradley.

We learn from Col. William Dougherty, who is in the city for a few days, that during the sitting of the U. S. Circuit Court, at Savannah, last week, Judge Bradley, Associate Justice of the Supreme Court of the United States, held that the investment by Executors, Administrators and Trustees, of funds in their hands, as Trustees, in Confederate States Bonds and securties, under the acts of the Georgia Legislature, passed during the war, were not illegal and void. But that all of such investments, when made in good faith by Trustees, are valid and binding. This decision is of great importance to persons who were so unfortunate as to be the recipients and holders of funds which could not, as all know, be invested in other securities without an iminent danger of loss.

We were pleased to learn that the decision made was directly upon the question in the case, and that his Honor put it upon a sound legal principle.

Atlanta Sun.

Gov. Alcorn, of Mississippi, though a scallawag, made a table of murder statistics showing that instead of negroes being murdered to any extent in that State, one hundred and seventy whites have been killed by negroes during the last two years. In some cases whole families, embracing women and children, have been butchered. This is the real Ku-Kluxing all all over the South, and the lying scoundrels of Congress know it perfectly well.—*Rome Com.*

☞ The first lucifer matches were made in this country in 1836, by John Hatfield, who died in Troy a few days ago. He cut them out one by one with his jack-knife. The chemical composition necessary to insure combustion was prepared by him, the ingredients at that time being known in America only to himself.—*Mail*

☞ "M." Brown you said the defendant was honest and intelligent; what makes you think so, are you acquainted with him?"

"No, sir I never seed him."

"Why, then, do you come to such a conclusion?"

"Cause he takes two newspapers and, *pays for 'em in advance.*

Verdict for defendant.

A Big Baby Show—The Ladies in Ecstasies.

St. Louis, May 19.—A baby show was held at the temple to-day, in connection with a festival for the benefit of the Good Samaritan Hospital, and created an immense sensation among the ladies. The hall was jammed, and the competition was very lively. Eight single babies, seven pairs of twins and one set of triplets were on exhibition. The first prize was awarded John Walker, four months old, weighing thirty-seven pounds, the second to John B. Gorman, seven months old, weighing twenty six-pounds.

WITTY.

We met with this witty and unanswerable retort in a sketch of a short trip through a portion of Ireland. The writer is conversing with his driver:

"You are a Catholic, Jimmy?"

"Yes, yer honor."

"And pray to the Virgin Mary?"

"I do, yer honor."

"Well, there's no doubt that she was a good women. The bible says so. But she may have been no better than your mother or mine."

"True, yer honor. But yu'll allow there is a mighty difference in her children."

Laura Fair thinks as the dignity of the laws has been satisfied by her conviction of murder in the first degree, she ought now to be pardoned. She said to her jailor the other day. "Look at my form can they ever hang such a woman?"

An Historical Incident.

The King of Denmark has lately repaired the celebrated Round Tower of Copenhagen, and an interesting historical souvenir is attached to this old monument.—Peter the Great visited it in the begining of the last century. Frederick IV, King of Denmark, accompained him at the time. The two soverigns ascended to the top of the tower to enjoy the magnificent view, and Peter explained his political system to Frederick. All of a sudden he said. "Would you like me to give you an idea, of the power of my authority?" And without awaiting the King's reply the founder of the Russian monarchy made signs to a Cossack belonging to his retinue, and pointing to the abyss beneath his feet said "Jump!" The Cossack looked at the Czar, bowed, and without hesitation, leaped over the edge of the tower.

"What do you think of it?" said Peter, turning to the horrified King.

"Have *you* no such subjects?"

The Farewell Feast.

It would not be reasonable to suppose that the English Commissioners, especially those with handles to their names, should be allowed to pass through New York without being *grasped* by some of the tenacious admirers of aristocracy, and dined at Delmonico's. In no sense do we begrudge the feast of reason and the flow of soul and other things. Although Mr. Reverdy Johnson's prandial diplomacy was once made matter of reproach to him, all is changed now, and Lord de Grey and his colleagues have gone through a course of conviviality, given and taken, utterly unprecedented, and having its fit ending in the stirrup-cups in the Fifth avenue. We have all its details, from the invitation in Gramercy Park," through the monogramic, *menu,* with its dishes suited to the occasion—the *King Fish au vin blanc, consomme Brittanique "Plumpudding,"* and, in compliment to any French guests, Parisian *"bleuets bombe."* There is an enumeration of guests, actual and expected. Secretary Fish does not seem to have been bidden, but Mr. Sumner was said that sufficed for both. Boutwell, having no good news from Mincing lane, was rather sore, and the President with characteristic delicacy & reserve used the telegraph. But the letter of the evening was from the chairman of the Committee of Foreign Relations, which, as a gem of diction and a forecast of the future, we reproduce.

SENATE CHAMBER, May 26 1871.

Dear Sir: Much as I desire and would be delighted to meet you on the evening of the 23d instant, I am forced to forego the pleasure. In the discharge of my duty touching the Treaty, now before the Senate, I am prevented leaving the Capital, and will be, I think, until Tuesday evening. Do me the favor to say to the British Commissioners that I offer them my sincere congratulations *on their success in framing this Treaty, which if ratified by all the parties to it, will securely consolidate the two great nations, which, united, can and should dominate the world.* [Applause.] Please accept assurance of my high esteem. Your friend,

SIMON CAMERON.

Here we have the extraordinary spectacle of the official organ of the president and the State Department in the Senate, under his own hand and seal, publicly tendering to the British Commissioners his "sincere congratulations on *their success* in framing this Treaty!" It is not enough that our rights should have been sacrificed and the national honor compromised; but the Radical chairman of the Foreign Relations must besides felicitate our adversaries on their victory.

Washington Patriot.

Serious Affray.—A fatal difficulty occurred at Cowles' Station on the M. & W. P. Railroad about 2 o'clock yesterday evening. In a personal rencounter between a Mr. Mc Cluskey and a Mr. Shelton, the former was severely stabbed through the heart and bowels and died immediately after receiving the fourth stab. During the fracas he shot Shelton through the sholder and his life is despaired of. We learn that the difficulty was of a personal nature entirely.

Mont. Adv.

JACKSONVILLE REPUBLICAN

JACKSONVILLE, ALABAMA.

SATURDAY, JUNE 3, 1871.

THE BATTLES OF PARIS.

What Radicalism Will Do for a Country.

As an illustration of what the fell spirit of Radicalism will do for a country, we this week present a few days dispatches from Paris. They tell a sad and horrible story.

While we can but regret the excesses which the Their's Government have committed in crushing out this hydra-headed monster; yet we are glad that the conservative French armies have given it such a quietus that it will not be likely to raise its head again in France, soon.

Butler, Shelabarger & Co., will no doubt look upon Their's soldiers as Ku Klux for thus extinguishing these two patriotic Radical scoundrels. A likeness in purpose between the Paris Commune and the U. S. Congress, will of course carry their sympathies with the Red Republican patriots (?) who have gone down under the better sense and sentiment of the French people. The great fear now is that this malcontent element that escapes the fury of an outraged country, will pour themselves into other and happier countries, carrying with them that devilish spirit, that will as certainly, in the course of time, make itself felt, as the presence of Satan was felt in Eden. It is the same everywhere. Here in the U. S it has not yet assumed the virulent type that has distinguished it in this last French Revolution, but it is fast tending to that point. It now conspires to overthrow (and has well nigh succeeded) the liberties of our once free people, and unless "nipped to the bud" will stop short of no excesses until that is accomplished. It has shown that it is as cruel and remorseless in America as in France, in the murder of Mrs. Surratt, poor Wirz and other victims. Blood has no terrors for it here no more than in France. for has it not waded to its present position over the constitution and through rivers of blood? Its mission has ever been everywhere, and is now, to pull down, not to build up—to carry misery and murder in its train. How there can be among us, men of the South, raised under Southern influences, possessed of this Devil, we cannot tell.—Happily for us there are but few, and the Democratic party, are rapidly "casting out" from these this vile thing. Many of our Radicals, who a short time back were most frantic in their fanaticism, and doing themselves all the harm they could, socially, morally and financially, who had literally turned their backs to society and friends of other days, and gone out among the tombs, now sit amongst us, clothed in their right minds. Let us hope that the good work may go on and find its full completion in the great canvass of 1872.

ED. REPUBLICAN:

Your suggestion to overcome the range of mountains East of your town by means of a narrow-guage Railway, is a capital one, but your estimate is rather too high. The following is the estimated cost of such a road now being built in Missouri, over worse country than you will have to contend with. According to that your road of six miles would only cost $39,222.

A thirty mile narrow guage railroad is in process of construction from Cape Girardeau to the iron banks in Bollinger County, Mo., of which one mile is finished. The cost of the mile laid with T rail, has been $5,376, and the cost of the entire thirty miles is estimated at $213,030, allowing $16,855 for culverts, bridges, etc. The road bed is six feet wide on top, following the rise and fall of the ground where it does not exceed seventy feet to the mile, and winding round high hills and steep grades in curves of two hundred feet radius, less than one third that required for the ordinary guage. Rolling stock sufficient for the requirements of such a road—say two locomotives, four passenger cars and ten box cars—are estimated at $27,000 additional, making a total cost for road and equipments of $240,000.

Such a road, at a cost proportionate to the one above spoken of, would be good property, if the valley of the Chocolocco is such as you describe it. I shall look for further action in relation to this enterprise with interest.

Yours, &c.,

CAPITALIST.

MR. GRANT:

We notice with pleasure your proposition to tap our fertile valley with a narrow-guage Rail Road. While the advantages to Jacksonville would be great, we would also be greatly benefitted by such an arrangement. The benefits flowing from such an enterprise being reciprocal, we are for it, and say go on until the good work is accomplished.

CHOCCOLOCCO.

Union Springs, Bullock Co., Ala.

Some two weeks since, we paid a visit, lasting through several days, to this beautifully located, prosperous and growing Town, the present county seat of Bullock county. It is situated on an elevated, sandy ridge, affording a fine view of the surrounding country in every direction, the Montgomery and Eufaula Railroad passing through it, crossed at nearly right angles by another railroad at that point. It contains some fifteen or twenty Dry Goods, Grocery, and other business houses; many fine and tasty private residences, and commodious, well finished churches, institutions of learning, &c., and contains we suppose about twelve or fifteen hundred inhabitants. There is now in process of erection a fine Court house, at a cost of $31,000. Bullock county, with its present boundaries, is one of the best in the State, said to contain large quantities of the best, and less untillable land than any other.

Our acknowledgments and thanks are due to Mr. Wm. M. Stakeley and Col. Richard Powell for their hospitality, and to other friends, whose kind invitations our brief stay would not permit us to accept. Mr. Stakeley has been a friend and acquaintance of ours for more than 35 years. He was formerly a merchant in East Tennessee, and is now engaged in the same business. Wherever he has resided he has been respected and esteemed for strict integrity, fair dealing, liberality and enterprising spirit. Col. Powell is a talented and eloquent lawyer and politician, and at present Editor of the Herald & Times. He is deservedly popular with the people, for his many noble qualifications and qualities bo h of head and heart.

We shall cherish in the future, while we live, as among our most pleasant memories, our brief but agreeable visit to this moral, refined and friendly community.

STRICKEN BY A PESTILENCE.

The Yellow Fever in Buenos Ayres—Over 700 Interments in a Single Day, and 12,000 since February 1.

MONTEVIDEO, April 15.—Our neighboring city of Buenos Ayres is suffering from a terrible pestilence. On February 1st, the yellow fever broke out in the northern quarter of the city, but did not create alarm at first, as during the entire month the average mortality was only about 12 a day. On March 1st, there was 35 fatal cases, and the number gradually increased, reaching 204 on the 18th, and 327 on the 28th. On Saturday, one week ago to-day, there were 501 interments; on Sunday 749 bodies were counted at the cemetery gates, and the daily average mortality for the week has been 460. The total number since the scourge began is over 12,000.

Rich and poor are alike stricken with the malady. Families have been broken up and scattered. In some instances husbands have abandoned their dying wives, mothers have abandoned their children to die alone, and in many cases whole families have been swept away. As many as five or six single corpses have been discovered in a single house. A new cemetery has been opened in the campo south of the city, and a tram railroad laid to it. The bodies are carried out on the trucks packed like freight. There is no time to construct the coffins, and the stock on hand was long since exhausted. In some instances the undertakers have fled from the terrible harvest of business that the pestilence has caused.

The population of the city, which ten weeks ago numbered at least 200,000 souls, is now reduced to 40,000. About 150,000 have fled their homes, some taking refuge in Montevedio and the towns up the Parana river, but the larger portion are in the *campo*, within a distance of from ten to fifty miles of Buenos Ayres. The miserable mud huts of the peasants in the district have been besieged with tenants from among the wealth and aristocracy of the republic, and in some cases are receiving from $250 to $500 per month rent. Families who lived in luxury two months ago are now cowering among these mud huts and sleeping upon beds laid upon the floor of earth.

Those who remain in the city are mostly of the poorer class, who have not the means to leave, and the Public Commission, a philanthropic association, organized for the emergency, is now proposing to send away on the railroad such as are not yet affected by the fever.

There is much division of opinion as to the origin of the fever, but it is pretty well settled that it was brought in an Italian emigrant ship which arrived from Genoa and Bracelona in January last. As to the cause of the spread and ravages of the disease, any one who has ever been to Buenos Ayres can readily see.

The city is built on the flat shore of the river, is without any system of drainage whatever, and for nearly two hundred years the inhabitants have buried all filth, garbage and refuse matter of every description beneath their houses. This was done by sinking bell-shaped wells to a depth of fifteen or twenty feet, the sides being straightened with rude brick work. These were reached by small openings at the surface several feet in depth, and through these apertures the filth is deposited in the cesspools below. When the sink became full the mouth was filled up, and a new cesspool was dug elsewhere. This system prevailed everywhere throughout the city, and to-day Buenos Ayres is honeycombed by these filthy traps.

LIKE the narrative of a man recalled from the grave is the story of a miner who formed one of the number of those who were overtaken by the disaster at the West Pittston coal mine the other day. This man survived the terrible casualty, having been drawn up still alive from the pit. He tells the story of what happened in the mine when it was discovered that the shaft was on fire, and that the smoke coming down into the pit was apparently about to suffocate them. Barricades were made of culm, the crevices of which were stopped up with their clothing. In this awful suspense, fearing the smoke and the fatal black damp, they sought to cheer each other up—there were nearly forty of them—by prayers and the singing of hymns. Some of them, however, cursed at their forlorn fate. Many were also crying, "and a little boy, named James Jones, cried aloud in his anguish, 'Oh, I shall never see my dear mother again!'" Further, "little John Jones carried culm in his cap, all the while crying about his mother. Sometimes he would think that he would get out; at others again he thought he would not." This poor lad was taken out alive, but the doctors had but little hopes of his recovery. Indeed, the physicians say that even if any should survive, they will never recover from their injuries.

The Murder Mania in the North.

Chicago, May 21.—Henry Whitlock, of Green county, Illinois, aged 70 years was killed in his own house Thursday evening by two neighbors, named Moses and Doc Freer. The instrument of death was a hoe. The only cause assigned for the act is an old neighborhood feud. Moses Freer has been arrested; the other man is at large.

On North water street, yesterday afternoon, Dennis Downey, a notorious rough, provoked a quarrel with some United States soldiers, and stabbed one of them named John McLaughin, in the left side, with a large clasp-knife, inflicting a fatal wound. Downey fled but was arrested in the evening by officer Kegan. Downey attempted to stab the officer, but was foiled in his purpose. Then a terrible wrestling match ensued, the desperado using all his strength to disable the officer, but finally, after a most desperate resistance, Downey was overpowered, and covered with mud and blood he was taken to the station-house.

In this city last evening Henry Murphy, aged 18 years, was killed by a man named Peter J. Fizgerald. The latter was acting as watchman of a building being constructed on Indiana avenue. The boy asked the watchmen to let him have some mortar which was lying around loose, and Fitzgerald refused. The boy persisted in the demand, and an altercation resulted. Finally, Fitzgerald, losing all control of his temper, took up a large piece of moulding and flung it at Murphy. The latter was struck by the missile on the head just over the left temple, fell without a groan, and in ten minutes after the blow was struck was a corpse. Fitzgerald was arrested during the night.—There was great excitement in the vicinity where the crime was committed, and so great was the indignation of the citizens against the homicide that had he been caught immediately after the murder, a lamp-post would most likely have ended his career.

Cincinnati, May 21.—The order of Mayor Davis, forbidding orchestral music in gardens and saloons on Sunday evening, was not enforced to-night. The bands appeared as usual, and it is understood that the proprietors will be placed under arrest to-morrow.

The family of Rev. Henry D. Moore were all taken sick this evening supposed to have been poisoned.

John Stever, living near Gettysburg, Montgomery county, Ohio, a deaf and dumb young man, lately became so ungovernable that his parents, who were afraid of their lives, summoned Constable Sharrits and a deputy, on Thursday night, to make his arrest. A recounter took place, which resulted finally in the young man, who by this time became crazed, striking the Constable on the head with a club, fracturing his skull and producing injuries from which, it is reported, he has since died.

The Hoffman Ghosts

Several investigations have taken place into the curious ghostly phenomena going on in the town of Wooster, Ohio—but according to the local Press, without the slightest light having been thrown on mystery. Our readers will remember, from an account printed in these columns a short time since, that the manifestations occur in the family of a miller named Hoffman, and are much of the same type as those recorded in the last century as the work of the famous Cock-lane Ghost. There are almost continual noises, furniture is thrown down, clothes are cut to pieces or hidden away crockery flies briskly about the house, food disappears from the larder and is found buried or stuck up the chimney, and other mischievous pranks of the same sort are continually played, to the annoyance of the family, and the amazement and awe of their neighbors.

The matter has now become, we are asured, the theme of animated discussion through the whole surrounding country. It was alleged by many at the outset that the whole affair was a clever piece of legerdemain, carried on by the women of the Hoffman family.—This charge they denied with indignation, and invited the most thorough investigation. All classes have been asked to come and see for themselves, and people have accepted the offer in great numbers, and with much closeness of scrutiny. In fact, the pressure of visitors has been so heavy, that at last some discrimination has been rendered unavoidable, and the Wooster *Republican* says that three hundred persons were refused admittance on one day. Committees of examination have been at work for weeks but strangely enough, not even a clue to the affair has been attained. All who go, see, hear, and attest to the same things. Some visitors—doubtless the most inquisitive and incredulous ones—have been subjected to the same persecutions as the Hoffmans themselves. For example, ladies have had their dresses cut and rent, to quote the words of the *Republican*, "in daylight and in the presence of individuals who were on the watch for such depredations." Again, a reporter's hat was slashed into ribbons—the hat having been during the whole time of the owners visit "upon a small stand in the room where all were, and could not have been moved from its place, or the action would have been observed."

Mr. Hoffman, the head of the family, who took up his abode elsewhere for a time—the ghosts never troubling him individually under such circumstances—has returned home. He has taken this step because of entreaties of his wife and daughters to come and protect them. We have already explained that a change of residence on the part of the ladies is followed by no relief. Mr. Hoffman's contumacy in returning to the domestic hearth against the apparent wish of the unseen demons, is sharply punished by them in the old way. They cut his clothes, and steal his money, and pull his hair, and play him all manner of disagreeable tricks.—Lately, too, they have devised a fresh and poignant torture for his daughters. On managing to get to sleep, after the excitement and worry of the day, these persecuted females are suddenly aroused by the sensation of being punctured with pins. This, it will be observed is a leaf from the book of many of the old fashioned spectres, and, before the Hoffman ghosts are found out the whole ancient catalogue of thaumaturgical exploits will probably be gone through.—Meanwhile it must be recorded to the credit of the mystic operators that their reputation for professional skill is considerably raised by their protracted escape from detection. The number of investigators has been greatly multiplied, and the chances for catching the ghosts triping are of course multiplied also. But neither the Presbyterian divines nor the tabletippers neither the pedagogues of the region nor the physicians, can boast, so fat that they have thrown the fest light on the mystery; or have gained any advantage the one over the other.

Several Ohio newspapers have been represented at the house of the Hoffmans, sometimes by their editors and sometimes by reporters; and all their accounts seem to be exactly confirmatory of each other and of what we have described.—The whole business is an amusing repetition of past history; and we doubt not the final exposure will bear out the parallel. Pending that event, we must own that the longer it is deferred the more surprising the matter is, and the more valid is the claim to precedence set up for the Wooster ghosts over their ancient friend of Cook-lane.

N Y Times.

Telegraphic.

FRANCE.

Versailles' May 26.—New fires are burning.

The Insurgents have put boxes of petroleum everywhere.

It is reported that Bergeretts himself fired the Tuilleries after it was filled with petroleum.

The church of St. Germaine and Aux Errors were burned, and the Place of Justice destroyed.

Blood runs in the gutters. The Rue Revalle is burning; the dead bodies of the Nationals are seen everywhere. Any hidden Nationals when found are brought out and shot immediately.

Few of the Communists are holding out.

The slaughter of the Nationals is frightful.

The Versaillists have been killing all their prisoners since Tuesday. The houses in the Rue Royal are wet with petroleum. The Insurgents evidently intended destroying Paris. Even women were discovered throwing petroleum on the houses. Six Nationals dressed as Rampiers discovered throwing petroleum instead of water on the fires, were shot.

There is no limit to the readiness that exists to kill members of the Commune and leaders of the Guardes when caught. Gas works at Auberville have exploded.—Many other explosions have occurred.

Latest.—Terrible conflagrations still raging. The only hope is in a calming of the wind.

The fire brigade expected from London did not arrive.

The Versaillioists are now advancing on Belleville, whence petroleum bombs fall all over Paris.

The Insurgents still hold four strong positions. It is known that some of the hostages held by the Communists have been shot.

The troops continue to arrest numbers of women carrying bottles of petroleum.

The court martial for the trial of the Insurgents commence Monday.

ENGLAND.

London, May 27.—A dispatch from Loisy says: The Germans who have been seeking for the Arch Bishop of Paris and other hostages, they report that they cannot find them. It is supposed they have been shot.

It is calculatad over fifty thousand dead bodies are in houses and cellars, many of whom are women and children.

It is said women were perfectly furious during the fights.

Executions are constant.

The destruction of property is terrible!"

It is estimated that one-fourth of Paris is destroyed.

PENSYLVANIA.

Pittston, May 27.—A coal shaft three hundred feet deep is burning. It is supposed that it caught by the friction of hoisting the apparatus. There are thirty or forty men below. The engineer stood at his post hoisting away, until the timbers supporting the rope broke, while the carriage was ascending All in the carriage are certainly killed. It is unknown how many were in the mine.

Later. | There is no hope for thirty or forty men still in the mine, they must either suffocate or drown.

MOBILE, May 30.

A destructive fire here last night on St. Francis street, McGuire, Blackwood & Co., wholesale drug store, where it originated, G. A. Aarnold, hat store and John Reid & Co., wholesale dry goods store, also on east side of water street, J. C. DuCose & Co., wholesale drug store—J. E. Sherman & Co., stationery, and H. Berstein shoe store, and on west side, M. Simon & Bros, clothing store were totally destroyed. Kennedy, Lyons & Co., wholesale dry goods, N. Smith & Co., boot and shoe store, F. Williams sadlery store, Bidgood book store. Commercial National Bank building, N. Webb crockery store badly damaged. Loss over $300,000.

Paris, May 29.

Fighting at Belleville Menilmont and Pere La Chaise was desperate. No quarter was given to man, woman or child. Military law is established in the city.

Paris, May 31.—There is already a strong feeling that the Paris government is too week to last long.

Awful massacres continue in one ditch—the wounded were buried alive, they groaned and shrieked dreadful all night.

Murcher, a Commune, has been arrested and a hundred and fifty thousand francs found upon him.

Okolowski was found wounded in an ambulance and taken out and shot.

Milliere was arrested at Luxemberg. He resisted violently and fired six shots from his revolver and was taken to Steps and shot by the Versaillists.

At the barricades in Place des Fetes a number of the Insurgents lost their way and got mixed up with the Versaillists, by whom they were taken prisoners and fifty shot.

Troops still hold mayoralities public buildings.

The World's special of to-day from London state that Paris advices say that executions continue.

Numerous arrest of men and women continue.

There have been several attempts at assassination and arson.

Many of those executed yesterday and to-day seemed perfectly crazy.

A horrible effluvia from the bodies of the dead fills certain quarters of the city.

There are abundant signs of a speedy coup de etat in the assembly to depose President Theirs and summon the Count of Chambord to the throne.

New York, May 31.—*Noon*—Cotton strong; sale 1,000; uplands 17¾.

THE AGE.

Daily & Weekly.

The Leading DEMOCRATIC Newspaper in Pennsylvania. Price Low. Contents Varied. Unsurpassed. Unequaled

The DAILY contains able editorials, all the latest local, American and Foreign news by Associated Press and Cable, New York and Washington correspondence, etc.

The WEEKLY combines literature with news of the day. In its columns are Stories, Poetry, Departments for Ladies and Children, Agricultural items, Sunday Reading, etc.

TERMS:

DAILY.

For one year	$8 00
For six months	4 25

WEEKLY.

One copy, one year	$1 50
Ten copies, one year	12 50

When sent to one person, twenty copies $20, with one copy gratis for a club of twenty or more for one year.

Subscriptions payable invariably in advance. Drafts on Philadelphia or Post-office Orders, payable to the order of the Publishers, being safest are preferred to any other mode of remittance. All who send money by Express must prepay Express charges.

SPECIMEN COPIES SENT FREE ON APPLICATION.

All Communications should be addressed to

ROBB & BIDDLE Proprietors.

AGE BUILDING,

Nos. 14 & 16 South Seventh Street

Philadelphia.

REMINISCENCES

—OF—

PUBLIC MEN IN ALABAMA.

The undersigned is preparing a work, which he desires soon to publish, entitled "REMINISCENCES OF PUBLIC MEN IN ALABAMA FOR THIRTY YEARS. It will embrace a review of the administration of the several Governors since 1837, with biographical sketches of prominent men in the Legislature and Judicial department, including members of Congress, and also a Record of Public Officers since the organization of the State Government in 1819. A brief history of the Banking System, Relief Law, the condition and the winding up of the Bank, will also be given.

Other matters of general interest will be introduced, the whole work forming a volume of about seven hundred pages, to be printed on good paper and neatly bound.

At $4 a Copy, Payable on Delivery.

Persons who wish to obtain copies will be supplied by furnishing their names and places of residence to the undersigned, whose address by mail, is Wetumpka, Ala.

W. GARRETT,

Late Secretary of State.

J. M. ELLIOTT. C. G. SAMMUEL

Elliott & Samuel

COTTON FACTORS.

Warehouse and Commission Merchants,

Rome Ga.

Real Estate Agents.

AGENTS FOR THE STEAMBOAT LINE ON THE COOSA RIVER, AND ALSO General Receiving and Forwarding Agents We compress through cotton without delay saving thereby to the shipper, 40 cents per bag besides putting the cotton in much better condition for transportation and handling when in market.

CONSUMPTION.

Its Cure and Its Preventive.

BY J. H SCHENCK, M. D.

MANY a human being has passed away, for whose death there was no other reason than the neglect of known and indisputably proven means of cure. Those near and dear to family and friends are sleeping the dreamless slumber into which, had they calmly adopted

DR. JOSEPH H. SCHENCK'S SIMPLE TREATMENT,

and availed themselves of his wonderful efficacious medicines, they would not have fallen.

Dr. Schenck has in his own case proved that wherever sufficient vitality remains, that vitality, by his medicines and his directions for their use, is quickened into healthful vigor.

In this statement there is nothing presumptuous. To the faith of the invalid is made no representation that is not a thousand times substantiated by living and visible works. The theory of the cure by Dr. Schenck's medicines as simple as it is unfailing. Its philosophy needs no argument. It is self-assuring, self-convincing.

The Seawood Tonic and Mandrake Pills are the first two weapons with which the citadel of the malady is assailed. Two-thirds of the cases of consumption originate in dyspepsia and a functionally disordered liver. With this condition the bronchial tubes "sympathizing" with the stomach. They respond to the morbific action of the liver. Here then comes the culminating result, and the setting in with all its distressing symptoms, of

CONSUMPTION.

The Mandrake Pills are composed of one of Nature's noblest gifts—the Podophillum Peltatum. They possess all the blood-searching, alterative properties of calomel, but unlike calomel, they

"LEAVE NO STING BEHIND,"

The work of cure is now beginning. The vitiated and mucous deposits in the bowels and in the alimentary canal are ejected. The liver, like a clock, is wound up. It arouses from its torpidity. The stomach acts responsively, and the patient begins to feel that he is getting, at last,

A SUPPLY OF GOOD BLOOD.

The Seawood Tonic, in conjunction with the Pills, permeates and assimilates with the food. Chilification is now progressing without its previous tortures. Digestion becomes painless, and the cure is seen to be at hand. There is no more flatulence, no exasperation of the stomach. An appetite sets in.

Now comes the greatest Blood Purifier ever yet given by an indulgent father to suffering man. Schenck's Pulmonic Syrup comes in to perform its functions and to hasten and complete the cure. It enters at once upon its work. Nature cannot be cheated. It collects and ripens the impaired and diseased portions of the lungs. In the form of gatherings it prepares them for expectoration, and lo! the rotten throne it occupied is renovated and made new, and the patient, in all the dignity of regained vigor, steps forth to enjoy the manhood or the womanhood that was.

GIVEN UP AS LOST.

The second thing is, the patients must stay in a warm room until they get well; it is almost impossible to prevent taking cold when the lungs are diseased, but it must be prevented or a cure cannot be effected. Fresh air and riding out, especially in the section of the country in the fall and winter season, are all wrong. Physicians who recommend that course lose their patients, if their lungs are badly diseased, and yet, because they are in the house they must not sit down quiet; they must walk about the room as much and as fast as the strength will bear, to get up a good circulation of blood. The patients must keep in good spirits—be determined to get well. This has a great deal to do with the appetite, and is the great point to gain.

To despair of cure after such evidence of its possibility in the worst cases, and moral certainty in all others, is sinful. Dr. Schenck's personal statement to the Faculty of his own cure was in these modest words:

"Many years ago I was in the last stages of consumption; confined to my bed, and at one time my physicians thought that I could not live a week; then, like a drowning man catching at straws, I heard of and obtained the preparations which I now offer to the public, and they made a perfect cure of me. It seemed to me that I could feel them penetrate my whole system. They soon ripened the matter in my lungs, and I would spit up more than a pint of offensive yellow matter every morning for a long time.

"Soon as that began to subside my cough, fever, pain and night sweats began to leave me, and my appetite became so great that it was with difficulty that I could keep from eating too much. I soon gained my strength and have grown in flesh ever since."

"I was weighed shortly after my recovery," added the Doctor, "then looked like a mere skeleton; my weight was only ninety-seven pounds; my present weight is two hundred and twenty-five (225) pounds, and for years I have enjoyed uninterrupted health."

Dr. Schenck has discontinued his professional visits to New York and Boston. He or his son, Dr. J. H. Schenck, Jr., still continue to see patients at their office, No. 15 North Sixth street Philadelphia, every Saturday from 9 A. M. to 3 P. M. Those who wish a thorough examination with the Respirometer will be charged $5. The Respirometer declares the exact condition of the lungs, and patients can readily learn whether they are curable or not.

The directions for taking the medicines are adapted to the intelligence even of a child. Follow these directions, and kind Nature will do the rest, excepting that in some cases the Mandrake Pills are to be taken in increased doses; the three medicines need no other accompaniments than the ample instructions that accompany them: First create appetite. Of returning health hunger is the most welcome symptom. When it comes, as it will come, let the dieting sparing at once be of good cheer. Good blood at once follows, the cough loosens, the night sweat is abated. In a short time both of these morbid symptoms are gone forever.

Dr. Schenck's medicines are constantly kept in tens of thousands of families. As a laxative or purgative, the Mandrake Pills are a standard preparation; while the Pulmonic Syrup, as a curer of coughs and colds, may be regarded as a prophylacteric against consumption in any of its forms.

Price of the Pulmonic Syrup and Seawood Tonic, $1.50 a bottle, or $7.50 a half dozen. Mandrake Pills, 25 cents a box. For sale by all druggists and dealers.

John F. Henry 8 College Place New York, Wholesale Agents.

Oct 29 1870 1y—May 6 1871.

Door, Blind and Sash

MANUFACTORY.

THE undersigned is now prepared to manufacture, of the best materials, and in the neatest and most durable manner, any of the above named articles for persons who may desire them, at Rome prices.

Apply to, or address,

F. W PITT,

Jacksonville, Ala.

Aug 6. 1870.

HANEY & FOSTER,

Attorneys at Law,

SELMA, ... ALABAMA

WILL practice in all the State and United States Courts in Alabama.

Feb 11-1y.

LIVERY STABLE,

Sign of the Horned Horse.

BY S. C. KELLY Oxford, Ala.

Prepared with Horses and Mules and any kind of wheels from a wheel barrow to a log wagon, with teams and drivers to let on liberal terms. Buy or Sell if convinced there is money about for me. Sell cheap for cash. Feed and take care of stock. Cash business strictly.

ROWAN DEAN & co.

Are constantly receiving fresh supplies of DRY GOODS, Ready made Clothing, Boots & Shoes HARDWARE Crockery, Sole and upper Lesther, Paints and Oils, Tobacco, COFFEE, SUGAR, MOLASSES, BACON, &c., &c., to which they especially invite the attention of the community; ESPECIALLY of those who want to buy for CASH; and they pledge themselves to sell any goods in their line as low for CASH as they can be bought in the town or county.

Jacksonville March 11 1871.

P. S. All who have not closed their account with me will please delay it no longer, as I am compelled to have the money and it is very inconvenient to keep two sets of books open.

P. ROWAN.

Spring and Summer of 1871.

TITSWORTH, SCOTT & CO.

—WHOLESALE DEALERS IN—

CLOTHING!

6 COURT SQUARE, 6

500 Plantation Suits, at $1 50.

50 doz. Plantation Pants, at $6 50 per doz.

50 doz. Duck Pants, at $9 50 per doz.

100 doz. Cottonade Pants, from $7 50 to $12 00 per doz.

50 doz. Cheap Linen Coats.

20 Cases Cheap Wool Hats.

50 doz. Cheap Shirts.

And other goods, too numerous to mention suitable for country trade.

To our customers and patrons in

RETAIL DEPARTMENT.

We would say, our stock of

FINE CLOTHING

IS LARGE AND COMPLETE.

A full line of Black, Olive, Brown, Dahlia, Blue, and Wine colored Coats, Pants and Vests, in double-breasted Frock, single breasted Frock, Chesterfield, Derby, and other cuts.

Cheviot Suits of all grades.

Harris' Mixed Cassimere Suits.

Blue Flannel Suits, in Frock, Sack and Derbys.

The finest White shirts in the market—Dixie sure Fit.

Colored Percalles, open behind, latest style of cut

Hats, a full line of Ventilated and all styles for summer, either by case or at retail.

Gants, all styles.

Umbrellas, Gunnacs and other make.

Trunks, Valises, Hand-Bags, &c &c.

All which are for sale for CASH, at prices defying competition.

Remember the Old Reliable House,

6 Court Square.

MONTGOMERY ALA.,

apr22—3m.

HARDWARE!

B. L. WYMAN,

Successor to

HALL, MOSES & ROBERTS,

has removed to

No. 3 COURT SQUARE,

SIGN OF THE PADLOCK,

MONTGOMERY ALA.

Where the readers of the REPUBLICAN are invited to examine one of

THE LARGEST AND Best Assorted Stock,

Ever brought to Montgomery consisting of Hardware, Iron and Steel, Nails, Castings, and Cutlery, Stoves, Tin Ware and House-keeping goods,

Agricultural Implements

PLOWS, HOES, CHAINS, &c.

The celebrated

Fashion Cook Stove.

B. L. WYMAN,

SIGN OF THE PADLOCK,

MONTGOMERY ALA.,

apr29—6m.

Administrators Notice.

Letters of Administration on the Estate of Patten Brothers deceased, having been granted to the undersigned, by the Probate Court of Calhoun county, Ala., on the 19th day of April, 1871: Notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against said Estate, to present them, legally authenticated, within the time prescribed by law, or they will be barred; and all persons indebted to said Estate are notified to make immediate payment.

P. H. BROTHERS, Adm'r with the will annexed.

ADMINISTRATRIX'S SALE OF REAL ESTATE.

BY VIRTUE OF AN ORDER of the Probate Court of Calhoun county, Alabama, I, as Administratrix of the estate of Jacob Aderhold, deceased, will sell upon the premises at the late residence of decedent, on

Monday, the 8th day of May next,

the following described real estate belonging to said estate, to-wit:

The west half of the south west quarter, and south east quarter of south west quarter, Fl. section 7, township 15, range 6; also, north west quarter of south east quarter, and north east quarter of south east quarter, and ten acres north east quarter of north west quarter of south east quarter; all in section 18, township 15, range 6, east, in the Coosa Land District.

Said tract locates on Cane creek, contains an excellent mill site, with a dam across the creek. The water power good, health good, and the location every way suits for manufacturing purposes. This site is in the immediate neighborhood of Sulphur Springs, and in the southwestern portion of Calhoun county.

Terms of sale, cash.

C. A. ADERHOLD,

Administratrix.

April 8th.—5t

THE STATE OF ALABAMA } CALHOUN COUNTY. }

Court of Probate for said county, Special Term April 29, 1871.

This day came Wm. C. Mynatt administrator of the estate of R. A. Ingram deceased, and filed his account and vouchers, for a final settlement of the personal estate of said estate.

It is ordered by the court that the first day of June next, be set for examining, stating and reporting said account, allowing said vouchers, and making said settlement; and that notice thereof be given by publication in the Jacksonville REPUBLICAN, a newspaper printed and published in the town of Jacksonville, in said county, for three successive weeks prior to said day, as a notice to the heirs and distributees of said estate as well as all others concerned, to be and appear at a special term of said court, to be holden at the court House of said county, on said first day of June next, and contest the making of said settlement if they think proper.

A. WOODS, Judge of Probate.

may6—3t.

THE STATE OF ALABAMA } CALHOUN COUNTY, }

Court of Probate for said county, Special Term April 29, 1871.

This day came James R. Bradford, Administator *de bonis non* of the estate of D. P. Posey deceased, and filed his account and vouchers, for a partial settlement of said estate.

It is thereupon ordered by the court that the 3d day of June next, be set for examining, stating, and reporting said account, allowing said vouchers, and making said settlement, and that notice thereof be given by publication in the Jacksonville REPUBLICAN, a newspaper printed and published in the town of Jacksonville in said county, for three successive weeks, prior to said day as a notice to the heirs at law, and distributees of said estate to be, and appear at a special term of said court to be holden at the court House of said county, on said 3d day of June next, and contest the allowance of said account and voucher, and the making of said settlement if they think proper.

A. WOODS, Judge of Probate.

may6—3t.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

On Monday, the 5th day of June 1861, by virtue of an order of sale, issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court of Calhoun, and to me directed, I will sell, in front of the Court House door, to the highest bidder, for cash, the following described land, to wit:

N. E. quarter of S. E. quarter of Section 31, Township 12, Range 8; and the N. W. quarter of S. E. quarter of Section 31, Township 12, Range 8; also fraction "A" in Section 33, Township 12, Range 8—levied upon as the property of Spivy Cannon to satisfy a judgment in favor of Rosena Broyles, Admx., and levied upon by former Sheriff, S. D. McClelen.

This 4th day of May, 1871.

J. W. WILLIAMS, Sh'ff.

may 6—5t.

In Chancery at Jacksonville, Ala.

April 12th 1871.

Edward J. Dean, vs. Justina Walton Dean.

In this cause it is made to appear to the satisfaction of the Register by affidavit of the complainant on file that the defendant Justina Walton Dean is a non-resident of the State of Alabama, and that her place of residence is in Spartanburg South Carolina, and that she is over twenty one years of age. It is therefore ordered by the Register that publication be made in the Jacksonville Republican a newspaper published in the town of Jacksonville Alabama, for four consecutive weeks, requiring the said defendant to appear and plead to or answer the bill of complainant filed against her in this cause, by Monday the 5th day of June, A. D. 1871, or within thirty days from that day a decree pro confesso may be taken against her.

Wm. M. HAMES,

apr1 1871 —4t Register.

THE

GERMANIA TANNING CO.

MANUFACTURERS OF ALL KINDS OF

UPPER, SOLE AND HARNESS LEATHER,

JACKSONVILLE, Ala.

Highest market rates paid for HIDES and TALLOW.

JACOB ROSENBERG,

Dec. 14. 1869 *Sup't.*

JACKSONVILLE

JUNE 3, 1871.

Announcements of the names of Candidates for office above Constable and Justice of the Peace, $5 00, cash.

Announcements for Justice of the Peace or Constable $3 00, cash.

The latest announcement is always placed last in the list.

Communications setting forth the claims of Candidates to office, will be charged at half advertising rates.

FOR TREASURER.

In obedience to the wishes of many of his friends, we announce the name of

LARKIN W. CANNON,

as a Candidate for the office of County Treasurer.

For Tax Collector

We are authorized to announce the name of

THOS. P. SAVAGE,

as a Candidate for the office of Tax Collector.

We are authorized to announce the name of

H. P. WHITESIDES,

as a candidate for the office of Tax Collector.

We are authorized to announce the name of

WYLY WOODALL,

for the office of Tax Collector.

In obedience to the wishes of my friends, I announce my name as a candidate for the Office of Tax Collector.

D. P. WILLIAMS.

We are authorized to announce the name of

SEABORN WOODRUFF

for the office of Tax Collector.

We are authorized to announce the name of

E. McCLELEN, Sr.

as a candidate for the office of Tax Collector.

We are authorized to announce the name of

J. W. McDANIEL,

as a candidate for the office of Tax Collector.

For Tax Assessor.

We are authorized to announce the name of

M. T. LEDBETTER,

as a Candidate for the office of Tax Assessor.

We are authorized to announce the name of

B. G. McCLELEN,

as a Candidate for the office of Tax Assessor.

We are authorized to announce the name of

J. M. SHEID,

as a candidate for the office of Tax Assessor.

We are authorized to announce the name of

ALFRED M. MORGAN,

as a candidate for the office of Tax Assessor.

We are authorized to announce the name of

HENRY FITZ,

as a candidate for the office of Tax Assessor.

For County Commissioner.

We are authorized to announce the name of

A. M. STEWART,

as a candidate for County Commissioner.

We are authorized to announce the name of

ROBT. McCAIN Esq.

for the office of County Commissioner.

For Constable.

Mr. Editor:

The times demand good officers. An Election will be held in [illegible]ember next for Constable in Beat [illegible], (White Plains.) Believing that [illegible] Smith is the right man for that [illegible] we beg leave to announce his name [illegible] your trustworthy paper.

MANY VOTERS.

Proceedings of the Council.

JACKSONVILLE ALA.

MONDAY JUNE 3, 1871.

Council Chamber.

Present.—G. I. Turnley, Intendant. [illegible] Dean, L. W. Grant, Joe S. Montgomery, Councilmen.

Minutes of previous meeting read and approved.

On motion—the ordinance in regard to commercial agents, was laid on the table.

Accounts allowed—P. Rowan's account running from 31st of July 1869, to January 1st 1871, $108,53; S. M. Pruitt, [illegible] J. L. Pruitt, $6,40.

Accounts of S. D. McClelen, Ira C. [illegible] and Wm. Cook, returned, to be itemized and certified to by the officers.

Resolved—that thanks of this body be tendered to the REPUBLICAN office for gratis publication of one hundred copies of ordinances, also free publication of proceedings of the council.

The Mayor presented a plan in writing, for water works, which was read, referred to a committee of five, and was incorporated with the minutes; which reads as follows:

Gentlemen of the Board of Aldermen:

I beg leave to call your attention to the subject of supplying our town with water, which has already been agitated to some extent: and through you I would call the attention of the entire community, because I believe, every inhabitant, though he reside upon the extreme limits of the Incorporation, interested in the enterprise, bearing so generally upon the public interest. Much has been said, and various modes suggested, yet, I believe there is a plan, which has hitherto not been fully considered, at least, by which the town can be supplied with water, that will not only prove a luxury and convenience to those most needing and using it, a safeguard against fire, thereby reducing Insurance to those desiring it, and do much good to the town; but which will within a very few years, produce a resulting revenue to the public treasury, that will realize to every citizen alike a pecuniary benefit, in the general reduction of the public tax.

Believing the superior advantages of said plan over any other, yet suggested, will readily present themselves to every thinking mind, I beg leave to lay it before you for consideration, and would suggest; that, if you consider if a wise and judicious plan, you lay it before the people, whose servants we are, and leave it for them to say whether it is to their interest or not; in which event, should they approve it, we have their moral sanction and encouragement, at least, or should they disprove it, the responsibility is lifted from our shoulders, and assumed by themselves.

The first proposition of the plan is—

1st. That the town be supplied with water brought from the mountain, by means of suitable piping, emptying into a reservoir, suitably prepared, on the Nisbet hill.

2nd, From thence lay a main pipe of proper size, leading through the public square, from which parties desiring may obtain water for private use, by means of small piping to be inserted under direction of, and a permit first obtained from the proper authority.

3rd, Let a sufficient number of Hydrants be erected at the most suitable points, for protection against fire, which can also be supplied with water from the main pipe through the square.

4th, Supply the necessary houses and fixtures for attaching the same to the Hydrants in case of fire.

5th, Let the Hydrants be kept closed, and under the especial charge of the proper officer to be designated by the council, and the water therefrom only used for public purposes, in case of fire.

6th, Proposition is that the water thus brought, the reservoir, and of course the lot upon which it may be located, together with the piping and all necessary fittings be purchased for, erected by, and belong to the town of Jacksonville, and be styled the "Jacksonville water works."

3rd, Proposition is, let the Marshal by virtue of his office, become keeper of the water works, and selling the water to parties desiring it, pay the revenue so arising into the public Treasury. To do this, will require several thousand dollars, as to which, various estimates have been made, of from three to eight thousand; but as it is generally conceded, I believe that five thousand dollars will be sufficient. For the sake of the calculation we will take that amount as the probable cost.

As there is not a sufficient amount of money in the Treasury, of course we should adopt some plan, for raising the necessary means, without burdening ourselves with an especial levy of tax, and as the most practicable mode now occuring to my mind, I would suggest that we issue bonds of the corporation, no bonds to be for less that fifty dollars, the total amount issued to be, say five thousand dollars. Let the bonds become payable, two thousand dollars at three years, and three thousand at five years, or earlier at the option of the council, bearing eight per cent interest, payable semi-annually, the bonds and interest occuring, to be receivable in payment of any dues owing to the Incorporation. As to the sale of the bonds, with the sanction and approval of the citizens, I feel assured that negotiations for the necessary amount can be effected.

However, we should not only consider whether we can effect a sale of the bonds, but we should first see clearly the way for meeting the semi-annual payments of interest thereon, and finally the principal due respectively at three and five years. As a means for that purpose, I would suggest as follows:

The Treasurer, informs me that this year we can spare from the present assessment of tax, Six hundred dollars. This amount will enable us to meet the first three payments, two hundred dollars each of interest due on the bonds semi-annually, the last payment occuring at the expiration of eighteen months. The Treasurer further says, that each year after this, with the present assessment of tax, we can spare one thousand dollars. The water works should be completed, or in running order at least by the first of the second year, and from the various estimates of net revenue resulting therefrom, I think we may safely calculate upon a revenue, five hundred dollars per annum from the sale of water; which with one thousand from the tax, at the expiration of the second year, when the fourth enstallment of interest becomes due, gives us fifteen hundred dollars, two hundred of which meets the interest then due, and after retaining two hundred more for the fifth payment, leaves eleven hundred dollars for payment on the principal which reduces it from five thousand, to thirty nine hundred dollars.

The interest then accruing at the next payment, will only be one hundred and fifty six dollars, after discharging which with the two hundred hitherto retained for that purpose, we have on hand a balance of forty four dollars. At the expiration of the third year, we again have one thousand dollars from the tax, and five hundred from the water, which with the balance of forty four, gives us fifteen hundred and forty four dollars; after meeting the interest, one hundred and fifty six dollars then due, and retaining one hundred and fifty dollars for the next installment, we have from that amount twelve hundred and thirty eight dollars, which discharges the balance of the principal—nine hundred dollars due at three years, and gives us three hundred and thirty eight dollars for payment on the bonds due at five years, which reduces the principal from three thousand, to twenty six hundred and sixty two dollars. The interest accruing at the next installment, will be one hundred and six dollars and forty eight cents, which we meet with the one hundred and fifty dollars already retained, and yet have forty three dollars and fifty two cents left us, which with one thousand from the tax, and five hundred from the water; at the expiration of the fourth year, gives us fifteen hundred and forty three dollars and fifty two cents. With this we discharge the interest then accrued, and retaining sixty dollars for the next installment, we have thirteen hundred and seventy seven dollars and four cents, for another payment on the principal, thereby reducing it to twelve hundred and eighty four dollars and ninety six cents. The interest next accruing; fifty one dollars and forty cents, and the balance of principal will make a total indebtedness of thirteen hundred and thirty six dollars and thirty six cents, due at the experation of the fifth year; to meet which we would have the sixty dollars hitherto retained, one thousand dollars from tax, and five hundred from the water, which added gives us fifteen hundred and sixty dollars which discharges the total indebtedness, and the balance principal and interest due on the bonds, and leaves still on hand two hundred and twenty three dollars and sixty four cents.

The town would then have a property in the water works unencumbered, that any event must be worth from twenty to thirty thousand dollars, and yield annually a sure and handsome revenue. The advantages we may well expect to accrue are many—aside from the luxury of baths and water closets, and the material benefit of good free-stone water for washing and drinking purposes, those who wish them can procure servants more easily and for less wages—and the benefit and blessing arising from the labor saved, and convenience afforded the weary wife and fragile daughter, who either from choice or necessity, do their own work, is incalculable. The business man is also incalculably benefited by the water in the consequent reduction of Insurance, which at present rate, can scarcely be secured only by a few, and in case of fire, one who feels his business would still not justify his Insuring, would feel comparatively safe, with these and many other advantages, the real estate of the town will certainly increase in value a handsome per cent, and last but not least, the pecuniary benefit of the revenue resulting from the sale of water as already remarked, will be realized equally to every citizen, in the general reduction of the public tax, and with the common interest thus united, success will attend the effort.

On motion Council adjourned until next regular meeting.

JOE S. MONTGOMERY, Sec'y. Pro-tem.

Call and see W. T. Alexander's last arrival of choice Confectioneries.

The Concert.

According to announcement, the young people of Jacksonville, on Tuesday evening, at the College building, had their Concert, for the benefit of the Baptist church. The audience was large and appreciative. To say that the affair was merely a success does not describe it. It was a surprise—a delightful entertainment—a complete and *perfect* success. We would like, if we had the space, to particularize, especially with reference to the parts sustained by the young ladies, who without exception acquitted themselves admirably; but as we have not we will make no particular mention. The Music was excellent, and the Tableaux, Charades and Plays well chosen, and the audience went away perfectly satisfied. The net proceeds of the exhibition will be from $65 to $70. More would have been realized, but for the fact that the company was put to much expense to fit up the stage, which was tastily and beautifully decorated. Too much praise cannot be awarded the young people who have, at great trouble and some expense to themselves, thus realized to a good cause a sum that it would have been rather hard to have raised by subscription. There was nothing in the whole performance that could have shocked the moral sense of the most religious, and we think that we might more frequently resort to such means for the purpose of raising funds for worthy objects without any justifiable prejudice attaching.

Fresh Confectioneries, just received by W. T. Alexander.

The print of THE REPUBLICAN is not so good this week as we desired it to be, owing to the fact that our roller became too soft to work well. We have sent for another and can promise better print as soon as it arrives.

Choice country and sugar cured Hams just received by W. T. Alexander.

On Wednesday during the storm, the lightning struck the Express wagon, tearing off the rim of the seat. It then leaped from the wagon on to the back of the horse, completely unripping about four inches of the backband of the harness where it was sewed together. No other damage was done to the wagon, and the horse did not receive any injury—not even a shock sufficient to make him run away. The lightning also struck a pine tree on the street between Mrs. Martin's residence and that of Rev D. F. Smith.

Fine lot of Western dried Beef, received by W. T. Alexander.

Draper & Johnson have a large supply of corn which they will sell at the lowest market price.

All kinds of fancy Candies received by W. T. Alexander.

The Messrs. Rosenberg have opened up a fine stock of Goods in Jacksonville, which they propose to sell cheap. They occupy the store north of Hammond's Hotel.

All kinds of Jellies & Brandy peaches just received by W. T. Alexander.

The Tournament.

MR. EDITOR:—It was my good pleasure to attend the Tournament, near the residence of Capt. Bush, on Saturday the 28th ult. To say that it was a success is not enough. It was a *grand* success. At an early hour the field was thronged with many of Calhoun's fairest daughters and quite a number of matronly ladies to either see their daughters crowned or their gallant sons win the prize—all of which some of them did see. I also noticed a goodly number of elderly gents; (I presume they came to get their dinner) as also quite a number of young gents; (I presume they came to see their sweet-hearts crowned, to be seen of them and get their dinners)—All of which some of them did. Maj. Tom Clements, mounted on a superb charger, was field Marshal of the day. The gallant Knights were also well mounted, to contend for the prizes, which consisted, first of a splendid Photograph Album; second a handsome crown, and third, a beautiful wreath. The Knights were as follows:

Jones Bush, Knight of Cane Creek; Tom Pelham, Knight of Alexandria; Tobe Weir, Knight of Calhoun; Willie Griffin, Knight of Alabama; Tom McAuley, Knight of Oxford; Jim Williams Knight of Choccolocco; Willie Glover, Knight of Dark Korner and Vince Weir, "Night before-last." Now came the contest, and right gallantly did they contest. There was horsemanship and speed exhibited that would lead one to believe that our boys had seen cavalry service and knew a good horse when they saw one. They rode five time each and were cheered on by the bright smiles and sly glances of their sweet-hearts (and our's too.) The contest ended at one o'clock and the result was announced by the Marshal as follows: 1st prize; "Night before last;" 2nd prize. Knight of Cane Creek; 3rd prize, Knight of Calhoun. The Knights then proceeded to deliver their prizes to the fairest among the fair, as follows:

1st, the Album to Miss Jennie Sheid; 2nd, the Crown to Trudie Hudson, who was present under the escort of Mr. Jimmie Farmer of your town; 3rd, the Wreath to Miss Willie Veasey—all with appropriate little speeches and responses—after which it was announced that dinner was prepared at "sister Bushe's Spring," whither we all repaired at once, and found a long table spread under the beautiful old oaks, on the grassy lawn, near the spring. The table was literally groaning under a most sumptuous repast—such an one as only the good matrons of old Calhoun can prepare. We noticed in the course of the meal, that "our mutual friend," Capt. Bush, was fond of Irish potatoes as well as the ladies. He even endeavored to capture some of the young ladies from the gallant young men; but in this, we are glad to say, he was not successful. Some of the married gents, too, we noticed, manifested some anxiety, lest he should rob them of their wives. Dinner over, the young people proceeded to enjoy themselves as only young people can. If we are not mistaken many sweet smiles and glances were exchanged and many hearts made glad. Thus ended the day and long will it be remembered by

D. K T.

P. S. It should be mentioned that Johnnie C. was there with his harp, and his "uncles" high hat on.

Geo. White was also on hand with a supply of lemonade.

In answer to our call last week on the good people of our town for the number of boarders, if any, that each family could take for the Summer months, some have responded; but the majority have said not a word. We hope that all who can take boarders will report to us, before our next publication. Their names will not be published. We only want to arrive at something like the *number* of boarders the town can accommodate, and publish that.

We have received the proceedings of some more of the companies of the 10th Ala. Regiment, but they came in too late for publication last week, and as the delegates meet here to-day, we think their publication useless now.

First Dramatic Sensation in Gadsden.

On the morning of the 29th one Lingard "so called" notified our citizens by poster that he would hold forth at the Court house at 8 o'clock P. M

During the day the "*so called*" had a report generally circulated that he held a letter of recommendation from an Ex-chancellor of known Dramatic talent and resident of a neighboring village—consequently quite a number of the elite turned out. At the appointed time the "so called" made his appearence, dressed in a *Brown Pea Jacket* trimmed with Blue ferretin & Pants of orova stuff—He opened up by saying he had an idea his effort would be appreciated, except by the few "travelled gentlemen present, who had witnessed the play of Othello as rendered by Forrest or Booth on the New York Boards. He then notified the Boys to keep regular, and commenced what he termed "Shake perian readings from the play of Othello, bed chamber scene." His effort was *entirely satisfactory* to every travelled gentleman. Any one of them on application would have furnished a certificate that the "so called Lingard" had either acted as Porter, Page or scene shifter, in some theatre in the eastern cities; in short the so called was a glorious sell, and rumor that he was accredited by the Ex-chancellor was his winning card.

The best part of the performence was the businesslike manner in which the would be show man passed *round his Hat.*

Gadsden Times.

Our rural neighbors of Gadsden are enterprising, business-like and very clever in their way, but they seem to have no appreciation of the fine arts—especially of the dramatic art. Recently a Shakspearian reader from England undertook to entertain them with a recitation of the closing scene of Othello. It was too intellectual and refined for the Gadsden taste. The few "travelled gentleman" present turned up their noses at it, talked about Forest, Booth, &c., and the multitude joined in the chorus. A magic Lantern or a "Calcium Stereopticum" in which a prominent literary and commercial gentleman of Gadsden not long since engaged and which he made a success, is better adapted to the taste of that community.

We have received from Capt. Wrigg, the energetic proprietor of the Steam Saw Mills, 8½ miles north of our place, a lot of the largest beets of the season. One is about ten inches in circumference and another about one half foot in length.

Our young people will give another entertainment to-night, for the benefit of the Graveyard. They will present an entirely new programme, with the exception of "Toodles," which will be reproduced by request.

The young ladies and gentlemen who gave the concert, charade and tableaux entertainment on Tuesday night last, in the Chapel of the Calhoun College, for the benefit of the Baptist Church, tender their sincere thanks to the citizens of Jacksonville, and vicinity for the large attendance and good order of the occasion.

Francis & Woodward, Jacksonville News Agency, has laid us under obligation for the last copy of Littell's Living Age. Thanks young gentlemen.

Nobody has set a day for the clearing off of the graveyard. We cannot suppose that our people are indifferent to the appearance of the place where our "dead and beautiful rest." Let us turn out and fix it up. Somebody suggest a day through the next REPUBLICAN.

MARRIED—on the 27th April, at the residence of the brides father, near this place, by the Rev. Samuel Henderson, Mr. John Pruitt and Miss Nancy Wilson, all of Calhoun county.

AN ORDINANCE.

Be it ordained, That any person, firm or company, keeping a billiard, poole or bagatelle table or tables, for the use of the public, in the town of Jacksonville, shall pay, on every table so kept, an annual license tax of Twenty five Dollars. And, any person, failing or refusing to pay such tax on table or tables so kept, shall be fined not less that fifteen Dollars for each and every time such table or tables are used.

PHOTOGRAPHS &c.

E. Goode would inform the citizens of Jacksonville, and surrounding country, that he is at his post again, prepared to make any kind of

PICTURES DESIRED,

usually made in this country, which he proposes to execute in the best style of the art, and on as good terms as any other good artist will make them in this section of the State.

Gems at from 10 to 25cts each. Ferrotypes, full 14 size, at 50cts each. Photographs at $4,00 per dozen. $2,50 per half dozen; other styles according to size &c He may be found at his Gallery every day except the 1st and 3rd Saturdays in each month, when he will be in Oxford.

E. GOODE.

Jacksonville, Ala. May 30th., 1871.

june 3—4t.

Sheriff's Sale.

Under and by virtue of one fifa issued from the clerks office of Calhoun county and to me directed, I will sell on Monday the 3rd day of July 1871, in front of the court house door for cash, the following described land to wit:

The north east half of north east fourth of section 18 township 15 range 7; levied upon as the property of E. G. Morris, to satisfy said fifa in my hands in favor of Robert A. Foster.

J. W WILLIAMS, Sheriff.

june3—5t.

$200,000 IN PREMIUMS

To be distributed to the Subscribers of the **Cincinnati Weekly Enquirer**

PREMIUMS FOR SUBSCRIBERS.

Having frequently offered and distributed premiums to club agents, we have deemed it but just that a like favor should be shown to the individual subscribers of the Enquirer. We have, therefore, adopted the following, whereby each subscriber will have an equal chance of securing one of the valuable premiums set forth in the list annexed.

Commencing on May 1st, 1871, we shall register and number each subscriber received who desires to participate in the award of premiums, from No. 1 upward. Each subscriber will receive immediately, by return mail, a receipt for his subscription, said receipt showing the day and number his name is registered for.

This process will be continued up to October 31, 1871; and on the following Wednesday (November 1) the premiums will be awarded, and the result published in the next edition of our paper.

Should the number of subscribers participating in this award of premiums justify, the distribution will be made at an earlier date, and the same repeated on January 1, 1872.

This is a rare and extraordinary inducement to subscribers, and is adopted by us at the suggestion of many of our patrons, who seemed to think that in offering premiums exclusively to Agents we were making an unfair discrimination against the subscribers.

LIST OF PREMIUMS,

1 Cash Premium of	$300
1 Extra fine gold watch hunting case, stem winder, value.	200
3 Cash Premiums, of One hundred dollars each, value	300
1 Extra fine gold watch hunting case, stem winder, value	100
5 Cash Premiums of fifty dollars each, value	250
[illegible] Extra fine silver watches, hunting case, stem winders, value fifty dollars each	500
10 Cash Premiums of twenty five dollars each, value	250
50 Cash Premiums of ten dollars each, value	500
60 Cash Premiums of five dollars each, value	300
59 Miscellaneous Premiums, consisting of gold pens, books etc worth from $2 to $6 each value	300

Making Total Number 200

AND

VALUED AT $3,000.

Conditions and terms for participation in the above.

Every subscriber who remits $2 for a year's subscription to the Weekly Enquirer will be registered as a participant.

Any Club Agent sending ten names and $20 will be entitled to a free copy of the paper and receipt, and his name registered as a participant for a premium.

Parties can subscribe for their friends and have the receipts sent to themselves, and their own names registered for premiums in place of the person for whom they subscribe.

In forming clubs it is not necessary to have all the papers sent to one Post-office.

Specimen copies, posters and subscription blanks sent free to parties desiring them.

Address FARAN & McLEAN, Cincinnati, Ohio.

Beauty.

The largest collection of beauty ever published in the United States is afforded in the Parlor Album, advertised in another column. This Album embraces the finest specimens of chromo lithographs, steel engravings and fine wood engravings ever afforded the public. The American Publishing Company of Rutland Vt., desire an active agent in every town and village, to whom they offer liberal terms. Read the advertisement of PARLOR ALBUM.

Among the Indians.—Lieut. Herdon tells us that no tribes of abrigines are found in the deepest forest, of South America, from the Andes to the Atlantic coast, that do not have and use Doct. Ayer's medicines and lowell cottons. "Termont," "Suffolk," "Boot," are seen stamped in large red and bind letters upon their garments, while Ayer's Pills and Cherry Pectoral are among the treasures of the habitations. Their native soil furnishes them all their food and most of their remedies, but they suffer from some afflictions which must have the interposition of higher skill. [Sentinel, Liberty, Va.

Good News.

That greatest of Living Remedies, Globe Flaver Cough Syrup is now sold in your Town, so that all may test its great virtues. It contains no Opium in any form, nor any other *poison.* It positively cures CONSUMPTION! Asthma, Bronchetis, Croup, Whooping Cough, Sore throat, Oppression of the chest and spitting of blood. *It is legally warranted* to cure, so that none can be humbugged by it. Just try it and be convinced. Sold by Dr. Nisbet.

apr29 1871—6m.

[From Mrs. Rodner, Hair Dresser and Wig Maker, and dealer in Hair Goods 333 Main St.]

MEMPHIS, Jan 20, 1869.

Messrs Mansfield and Higbee. You ask my opinion relative to the Louisiana Creole Hair Restorative in its effects upon the human hair, and I cheerfully reply by stating that I have used it myself and furnished numerous customers with a great many dozen bottles with the following results. It stops the hair from falling out; it restores hair to its original color; it does not stain the skin nor soil the clothing. It is a delightful and pleasant Hair Dressing. It cures diseases of the scaly and keeps the hair entirely free form dandruff, giving tone and vigor to the secretions; it keeps the head cool and pleasant—in a worp, it appears to be Nature's Remedy for supplying the waste or loss of vitality in the human hair, without any injurious effects. I consider it the best hair restorative which has ever been brought to my notice and consider it a success beyond precedent. My customers all delighted with its effects. It is elegantly perfumed, and is very cheap to the consumber.

Notice.

Notice is hereby given that there will be a meeting of the Tax payers of Jacksonville on the 31st day of May, to correct any errors that may have been committed in the assessment of the taxes for the year 1871.

S. M. PRUITT, Marshal.

THE STATE OF ALABAMA, Calhoun County }

Court of Probate for said county, May 15th, A. D. 1871.

This day came S. G. Jenkins, Executor of the Estate of G. C. Whatley deceased, and presents and files in court his account, and vouchers for a final settlement of said Estate: And therefore it is ordered by the court that the 12th day of June, 1871, be set apart for examining, stating, and reporting said account, allowing said vouchers, and making said settlement; and that notice thereof be given by publication in the Jacksonville REPUBLICAN, a newspaper printed and published in said county, for three successive weeks prior to said day as a notice to all persons concerned, to be and appear at a term of said court; to be holden at the court House of said county, on said 12th day of June, 1871, and contest said account if they think proper

A. WOODS, Judge of Probate.

WM. M. HAMES. J. T. MARTIN.

HAMES & MARTIN,

Attorneys at Law and Solicitors in Chancery. No. 8. Office Row, Jacksonville.

WILL practice in all the Courts of Law and Equity in the counties of the 12th Judicial circuit, consisting of Calhoun, Cleburne, St. Clair, Etowah and Cherokee, and the Supreme court of the State.

may20—71.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

By virtue of Ten Fifas, issued by the Register of the 3rd district; Eastern Chancery Division, Randolph county Alabama—once to me directed, on Monday the 3rd day of July, 1871; will sell to the highest bidder for cash, in front of the court house door the following described house and lot to wit:

One acre of land more or less, with good buildings upon it, in the town of Oxford, in the south west fourth of section 19 township 16 range 8; bounded on the south by Ross; on the north by Mrs. Hudson, formely by Peace; levied upon as the property of Jeremiah Smith to satisfy said Ten Fifas in my hands, in favor of Margret E. Smith.

J. W WILLIAMS, Sheriff.

may27—6t.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

On Monday the 3rd day of July 1871, by virtue of one *venditioni exponas,* an execution issued by the clerk of the circuit court of Calhoun county, and to me directed, I will sell to the highest bidder in front of the court house door for cash, the following described lands to wit:

North west fourth of south west fourth and south east fourth of north east fourth of section 11 township 14 range 6; also south west fourth of north west fourth, and north east fourth of south west fourth of section 1 township 14 range 6; east in the Coosa land district, levied upon as the property of Allen Bryant, to satisfy a judgment in favor of A. W. Kirby, for the sum of one hundred and eighty dollars, and J. D. Hoke surviving partner for $89,69.

J. W. WILLIAMS, Sheriff.

may27—6t.

Jacksonville Post Office Directory.

Arrivals and Departures of the Mails.

Northern Mail closes 7 P. M.—Arrives 5 15 A. M.—Daily.

Southern Mail closes 9 P. M.—Arrives 8 30 P. M.—Daily.

Gadsden Mail closes 6 30 A. M.—Arrives 3 P. M.—6 times a week.

Ashville Mail closes 1 P. M.—Arrives 12 A. M.—Tuesday and Friday.

Edwardsville Mail closes 6 A. M.—Arrives 7 P. M.—Monday and Tuesday.

Tallapoosa Mail closes 6 A. M.—Arrives 6 P. M.—Wednesday and Thursday.

Post Office will be kept open from 5 30 A. M. until 10 P. M. during the week; and from 6 A. M. until 9 A. M. and 5 P. M. until 6 P. M. on Sunday. All who owe newspaper postage for the 2nd quarter, 1871, are requested to call and settle.

E. L. WOODWARD'S SON,

has just received a splendid lot of Ladies

FINE SHOES;

which he offers quite cheap for CASH.

DOBBINS ELETRIC SOAP

SAVES TIME
SAVES LABOR
SAVES CLOTHES
SAVES MONEY
SAVES WOMEN.

sold by E. L. Woodward's Sons.

Enoch Morgan's Sons Sapolio. Try it.

E. L. WOODWARD'S SON

Has Just Received

A Large Lot of Mens and Womens

Coarse Shoes.

(ALL WHOLE STOCK,)

Which he offers Cheap for CASH or on Thirty days time to Prompt men.

BUY YOUR DRY GOODS,

SHOES, HATS, CROCKERY,

SUGAR,

Coffee Molasses

Bacon,

And all else you want from WOODWARD'S SON,

He is selling cheap for CASH.

For the Next Sixty Days

I WILL OFFER AT ABOUT

COST, FOR CASH!

THE FOLLOWING GOODS:

MEN'S and BOY'S HATS

CROCKERY!

TABLE AND POCKET CUTLERY,
AXES, FILES, LOCKS,
BED CASTERS. BED SCREWS,
BUTTS, HOES,

LADIES' DRESS GOODS

Hoop and Balmoral Skirts,

HOSE; DRESS & UNDERSHIRTS,
10-4 Bl'd DOMESTICS,
5-4 Bl'd DOMESTICS,
LINEN DAMASK,
LINEN DIAPERS,
GENTS' DRAWERS,

Notions, White Goods,

WOMEN'S COARSE SHOES,
MEN'S PLOW SHOES,

And MANY OTHER GOODS, too numerous to mention.

Bear in Mind.

When disease has undermined the health, and the physical system has become prostrated, a stimulant that will not only strengthen but remove the cause, should be immediately resorted to. Mental distress is also a fruitful source of the breaking down of the constitution, and the ravages of this enemy to health are truly alarming. For all such maladies Hostetter's Stomach Bitters have been found unsurpassed. By acting directly upon the digestive organs, they remove the heavy, disagreeable feeling after eating, so often complained of by persons of a delicate temperament. As soon as digestion is restored, the patient finds his strength increasing, and his general health improved.

Thousands of persons certify that it may be relied on in all cases of weakness or nervous debility attendant upon sedentary habits. The generality of Bitters are so disagreeable to the taste that they are objectionable to a weak stomach. This is not the case with Hostetter's Bitters, which will be found mild and extremely pleasant. Balsamic plants, barks and roots contribute their restorative juices to render it soothing and strengthening. Its basis is the only pure stimulant which has ever been produced, containing no *fusil oil,* or any other deleterious element. The most careful and skillful chemists have analyzed the Bitters, and pronounce them harmless. This is scientific testimony; but the testimony of the hundreds of thousands who have experienced the preventive and curative effects of the Great Vegetable Tonic and Alterative of modern times is still more conclusive. In Fever and Ague, Dyspepsia, Billiousness, Nervous Complaints, Chronic Complaints and general debility it is as nearly infallible as anything in this fallible world can be.

Dr. C. C. Porter will hereafter be in Jacksonville the first week in each month to attend to any duties connected with his profession. Parties in need of his services would do well to remember this.

mar11—tf.

PAIN KILLER PROP. PERRY DAVIS & SON PROVIDENCE R. I.

1840 1870

PAIN KILLER.

PERRY DAVIS & SON.

Manufacturers and Proprietors, Providence, R. I.

[OPINION OF THE PRESS.]

No article ever attained to such unbounded popularity.—Salem Observer.

An article of great merit and virtue.—Cincinnati Nonpareil.

We can bear testimony to the efficacy of the Pain killer. We have seen its magic effects in soothing the severest pain, and know it to be a good article.—Cincinnati Dispatch.

A speedy cure for pain—no family should be without it.—Montreal Transcript.

There has nothing as yet surpassed the Pain Killer, which is the most valuable family medicine now in use.—Tennessee Organ.

It has real merit; as a means of removing pain, no medicine has acquired a reputation equal to Perry Davis' Pain Killer.—Newsport (Ky) Daily News.

Its wonderful power in releiving the most severe pain has never been equaled.—Burlington Sentinel.

It is one of the few articles that are just what they pretend to be.—Brunswick Telegraph

Our own opion is, that no family should be without a bottle of it for a single hour. In flesh wounds, aches, pains sores, &, it is the most effectual remedy we know of.—News St. John, Canada.

After many years' trial of Davis' Pain Killer, we advise that every family should provide themselves with so effectual and speedy a PAIN KILLER.—Amherst (N. S.) Gazette.

The Pain Killer of Perry Davis & Son we can confidently recomend. We have used it for a length of time, and invariably with success.—Canada Babtist.

The Pain Killer is for sale by Medicine Dealers generally.

United States Internal Revenue.

Collector's Office, 3d District, Alabama.

HUNTSVILLE, May 6, 1871.

Notice is hereby given to all parties concerned, that the Annual List has been transmitted to me by the District Assessor, and the amount taxed have become due and payable, and unless the same is paid at the time and place to be hereafter designated by Deputy Collectors, the annual penalties for non payment, will be inflicted upon delinquents.

Parties residing in the Counties of Cherokee, Cleburne, Calhoun, St. Clair, Jefferson, Blount, Wilson, Morgan and Lawrance, who owe a tax, (and where I have no deputies) are requested to send the money by Express, Registered Letter or Post Office order to the undersigned.

E LATHAM, Collector.

Look Out!!!

for the impurities of the blood during the Summer months, and the long train of terrible diseases which follow. Pemberton's Compound Extract of Stillingia purifies the blood, cures Scrofula in its worst forms, cures Rheumatism, Syphilis and Gout and removes all Mercurial and venerial taint from the system. It is legally warranted to cure. Sold by Dr. Nisbet.

apr29 1871—6m.

MONEY SAVED

IS

Money Made!

FARMERS, HOUSEKEEPERS,

and others

WILL NOTICE THIS.

We sell Dry Goods,
Dress Goods,
Fancy Goods,
Clothing, Hats,
China, Glass and
Granate Ware,

25 to 50 per cent. Cheaper

than they are sold by small dealers.

We deliver all goods sold on the line of the Selma Rome & Dalton Rail Road

FREE OF CHARGE,

for cases, drayage and Railroad Freight, when the cash accompanies the order, and the amount of bill is Fifty Dollars. Jno. H. Woodward, will be pleased to execute the *cash orders* of his friends.

E. JOHNSON & CO. Selma Ala.

apr15—6m

HENRY T. HELMBOLD'S
Compound Fluid Extract Catawba Grape Pills

Component Parts—Fluid Extract Rhubarb and Fluid Extract Catawba Grape Juice.

For Liver Complaints, Jaundice, Bilious Affections, sick or nervous Headache, Costiveness, etc. Purely Vegetable, containing no Mercury, Minerals or Deleterious Drugs.

H

These Pills are the most delightfully pleasant [illegible] superseding castor oil, salts [illegible]. There is nothing more acceptable to the stomach. They give tone and cause neither nausea nor griping pains. They are composed of the finest ingredients. After a few days' use of them, such an invigoration of the entire system takes place as to appear miraculous to the weak and enervated, whether arising from imprudence or disease. H. T. Helmbold's Compound Fluid Extract Catawba Grape Pills are not sugar-coated, from the fact that sugar-coated Pills do not dissolve, but pass through the stomach without dissolving, consequently do not produce the desired effect. THE CATAWBA GRAPE PILLS, being pleasant in taste and odor, do not necessitate their being sugar-coated. PRICE FIFTY CENTS PER BOX.

E

HENRY T. HELMBOLD'S
Highly Concentrated Compound
Fluid Extract Sarsaparilla

Will radically exterminate from the system Scrofula, Syphilis, Fever, Sores, Ulcers, Sore Eyes, Sore Legs, Sore Mouth, Sore Head, Bronchitis, Skin Diseases, Salt Rheum, Cankers, Runnings from the Ear, White Swellings, Tumors, Cancerous Affections, Nodes, Rickets, Glandular Swellings, Night Sweats, Rash, Tetter, Humors of all Kinds, Chronic Rheumatism, Dyspepsia, and all diseases that have been established in the system for years.

L

Being prepared expressly for the above complaints, its Blood-Purifying properties are greater than any other Preparation of Sarsaparilla. It gives the Complexion a clear and Healthy Color and Restores the Patient to a state of Health and Purity. For Purifying the Blood, removing all Chronic constitutional Diseases arising from an impure state of the Blood. And the only reliable and effectual known remedy for the cure of Pains and swelling of the Bones, Ulcerations of the Throat and Legs, Blotches, Pimples on the Face, Erysipelas and all scaly Eruptions of the Skin, and beautifying the complexion. Price, $1 50 per bottle.

M

HENRY T. HELMBOLD'S
Concentrated
FLUID EXTRACT BUCHU.
The Great Diuretic,

Has cured every case of Diabetes in which it has been given, irritation of the neck of the Bladder and Inflammation of the Kidneys, ulceration of the Kidneys and Bladder, retention of urine, diseases of the prostate gland, stone in the Bladder, Calculus gravel, Brickdust deposit, and Mucous or milky discharges, and for enfeebled and delicate constitutions of both sexes, attended with the following symptoms: Indisposition to exertion, loss of power, loss of memory, difficulty of breathing, weak nerves, trembling, horror of disease, wakefulness, dimness of vision, pain in the back, hot hands, flushing of the body, dryness of the skin, eruption on the face, pallid countenance, universal lassitude of the muscular system, etc.

Used by persons from the age of eighteen to twenty-five, and from thirty-five to fifty-five or in the decline or change of life; after confinement or labor pains, bed-wetting in children.

B

Helmbold's Extract Buchu is diuretic and blood-purifying, and cures all diseases arising from habits of dissipation, and excesses and imprudences in life, impurities of the blood, etc., superseding copaiba in affections for which it is used, and syphilitic affections—in these diseases used in connection with Helmbold's Rose Wash.

LADIES.

In many affections peculiar to ladies, the Extract Buchu is unequalled by any other remedy—as in chlorosis or retention, irregularity, painfulness or suppression of customary evacuations, ulcerated or schirrus state of the uterus, leucorrhœa or whites, or sterility, and for all complaints incident to the sex, whether arising from indiscretion or habits of dissipation. It is prescribed extensively by the most eminent physicians and midwives for enfeebled and delicate constitutions, of both sexes and all ages (attended with any of the above diseases or symptoms).

O

H. T. HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU cures diseases arising from imprudences, habits of dissipation, etc., in all their stages, at little expense, little or no change in diet, no inconvenience and no exposure. It causes a frequent desire, and gives strength to urinate, thereby removing Obstructions, Preventing and Curing Strictures of the Urethra, allaying Pain and Inflammation, so frequent in this class of diseases, and expelling all poisonous matter.

Thousands who have been the victims of incompetent persons, and who have paid heavy fees to be cured in a short time, have found they have been deceived, and that the "poison" has, by the use of "powerful astringents," been dried up in the system, to break out in a more aggravated form, and perhaps after marriage.

Use HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU for all affections and diseases of the Urinary Organs, whether existing in Male or Female, from whatever cause originating, and no matter of how long standing. Price one dollar and fifty cents per bottle.

L

HENRY T. HELMBOLD'S IMPROVED [illegible] cannot be surpassed as a Face Wash, and will be found the only specific remedy in every species of Cutaneous Affection. It speedily eradicates pimples, spots, scorbutic dryness, indurations of the cutaneous membrane, etc., dispels redness and incipient inflammation, hives, rash, moth patches, dryness of scalp or skin, frost bites, and all purposes for which salves or ointments are used; restores the skin to a state of purity and softness, and insures continued healthy action to the tissue of its vessels, on which depends the agreeable clearness and vivacity of complexion so much sought and admired. But however valuable as a remedy for existing defects of the skin, H. T. Helmbold's Rose Wash has long sustained its principal claim to unlimited patronage, by possessing qualities which render it a toilet appendage of the most superlative and congenial character, combining in an elegant formula those prominent requisites, safety and efficacy—the invariable accompaniments of its use—as a Preservative and Refresher of the Complexion. It is an excellent Lotion for diseases of a Syphilitic Nature, and as an injection for diseases of the Urinary Organs, arising from habits of dissipation, used in connection with the Extracts Buchu, Sarsaparilla, and Catawba Grape Pills, in such diseases as recommended, cannot be surpassed. Price, one dollar per bottle.

D

Full and explicit directions accompany the medicines.

Evidence of the most responsible and reliable character furnished on application, with hundreds of thousands of living witnesses, and upward of 30,000 unsolicited certificates and recommendatory letters, many of which are from the highest sources, including eminent Physicians, Clergymen, Statesmen, etc. The proprietor has never resorted to their publication in the newspapers; he does not do this from the fact that his articles rank as Standard Preparations, and do not need to be propped up by certificates.

Henry T. Helmbold's Genuine Preparations.

Delivered to any address. Secure from observation. Established upward of twenty years. Sold by Druggists everywhere. Address letters for information, in confidence to HENRY T. HELMBOLD, Druggist and Chemist.

Only Depots: H. T. HELMBOLD'S Drug and Chemical Warehouse, No. 594 Broadway, New York, or to H. T. HELMBOLD'S Medical Depot, 104 South Tenth Street, Philadelphia, Pa.

Beware of Counterfeits. Ask for Henry T. Helmbold's! Take no other.

LeGrand & Company,

Nos. 96, 98 & 100 Commerce St.

MONTGOMERY ALABAMA,

WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

GROCERIES, DRY GOODS, FANCY ARTICLES, NOTIONS, &c. &c.,

RETAIL
DRY GOODS DEPARTMENT!

TO Comply with NUMEROUS SOLICITATIONS, and to accommodate our MANY FRIENDS we have opened in connection with our WHOLESALE BUSINESS,

A RETAIL DEPARTMENT,

where may be obtained from Attentive Salesmen at LOWEST PRICES, every article usually kept in a **FIRST-CLASS RETAIL STORE** where we will be pleased to wait on CITY and COUNTRY BUYERS.

SHIRTING &C.

We have for your inspection a FULL STOCK of
BROWN 3-4 Shirting,
do 7-8 do
do 4-4 Sheeting,
do Sea. I 7-8 Sheetings,
do do 4-4 Sheetings,
do do 10-4 Sheetings,
Bleached 3-4 and 7-8 Sheeting,
do 4-4 Sheeting (best brands)
do 10-4 do

PRINTS, TICKING, &c.

PRINTS AT ALL PRICES.
Tickings of every Grade,
Plaid and striped domestics.
Domestic Ginghams,
Scotch Ginghams,
French Ginghams,
Irish Linen,
5-4 Linen sheetings,
10-4 Linen sheetings,
Linen cambricks,
Handkerchiefs,
Hosiery,
Gloves, &c., &c. &c.

BOOTS AND SHOES,

A Full Stock of Hats, Clothing Boots and Shoes, &c., &c., &c.,

LeGRAND & Co.
MONTGOMERY ALA.

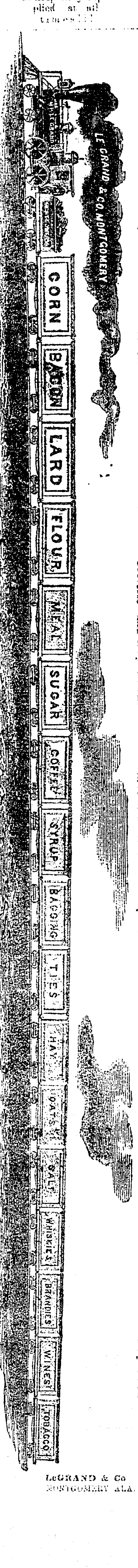
LeGRAND & Co.
GROCERY DEPARTMENT

HAving been unable in the past few weeks, to keep up our supply of Goods, we have started our daily train again and hope now to keep fully supplied at all times!!!

DRY GOODS and GROCERIES.

LeGrand & Co. Dry Goods and Groceries. *LeGRAND & Co.* Groceries and Dry Goods. *LeGRAND & Co.* Dry Goods and Groceries. *LeGRAND & Co.* Groceries and Dry Goods

LeGrand & Co. Dry Goods and Groceries. *LeGRAND & Co.* Groceries and Dry Goods. *LeGRAND & Co.* Dry Goods and Groceries. *LeGRAND & Co.* Groceries and Dry Goods



LeGRAND & Co
MONTGOMERY ALA.

WHOLESALE
Dry Goods Department.

We are now offering to the trade, the following Goods at the Lowest Market Prices and are DETERMINED not to be undersold by ANY JOBBING HOUSE SOUTH and will duplicate any Invoice bought of New York Jobbers.

40 Bales 4-4 brown sheeting (as'd brands
50 do 7-8 do do do
40 do Sea I. brown cottons do
30 do 7-8 Osnaburgs,
10 do brown drilling,
20 cases assorted bleached shirtings,
5 do do do 4-4 sheetings,
5 do do do 10-4 do
5 do do brown 10-4 do
3 do do bleached drills,
15 do prints, assorted brands,
5 do ginghams, do do
10 do tickings, do do
50 do plaids and stripes.

NOTIONS, CLOTHING,
HOSIERY, CLOTHING,
HATS, BOOTS,
SHOES, &c., &c., &c..

We would call the attention of the Trade to

THE
"*PREMIUM*" SHIRT COLLAR,

for which we are Sole Agents for Montgomery—each box containing a handsome PRIZE.

Having an office and an EXPERIENCED RESIDENT BUYER IN NEW YORK, JOHN M. RAMSEY, 356 Broadway, and receiving by EACH TRAIN from the Principal Factories South, their STAPLE PRODUCTION, our facilities for offering inducements to the TRADE, CANNOT BE SURPASSED.

LeGRAND & Co.,
MONTGOMERY, ALA.

DON'T READ THIS.

WHISENANT & DRISKELL

ARE just receiving a large lot of

SUGAR,
COFFEE,
TEAS,

BEST NEW ORLEANS MOLASSES

(Purchased since the recent decline;) Which they offer at the very lowest terms, in fact, everything in the Grocery line.

IRON,

IRON,

Iron

TRACE CHAINS,
AMES' SHOVELS,
AMES' SPADE,
HAMES,
BREAST CHAINS,
SCOVAL HOES,
NAILS,
HORSESHOES,
SPADING FORKS
&c. &c. &c.

We are now offering our entire stock of DRY GOODS,

BOOTS & SHOES,

On the most reasonable terms.

Thanking our friends and customers for past patronage, we respectfully solicit a continuance of the same.
Jan 21. 1871.

LOOK AT THIS

All Persons.
L O O K.

All Persons indebted to J. M. Carroll & Co., will please come forward and pay up, as they need money to pay debts with, and must have money.

J. M. CARROLL.

J. M CARROLL is now receiving SPRING GOODS

and a nice lot of BOOTS & SHOES, cheap for cash. Call and see them.

Nice Water proof Lasting Laced Gaiter Ladies' Shoes.

CONFECTIONERY!

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVING Established himself in the old Stand of J. B. Turnley & Co., at the present Post Office, and Express Office Stand, would inform the Public that he has opened up a complete **Confectionery Establishment** in Jacksonville; and that henceforth he will keep every article in his line, from the finest and choicest to the very cheapest. The Ladies and others are urged to call and examine the stock now on hand. Come and take a look whether you buy or not.

Candies of the Freshest kind, Jellies (all flavors,) Pickles, Fruits &c., &c.

Comprise a portion of the stock on hand.

AGENTS FOR
Andes Fire Insurance Co.,
Great Western Gun Works.
Avenue Paint Company.
Five Dollar Washing Machine.

Received a fresh supply of confectioneries, candies, nuts, crackers &c.,
Very Respectfully,
Wm. T. ALEXANDER.
apr8 1871—tf.

H. A. STOLLENWERCK, *Selma, Ala.* F. E. STOLLENWERCK *Mobile, Ala.* A. G. STOLLENWERCK. *Selma, Ala.*

H. A. STOLLENWERCK & BROS.
Water Street,
SELMA, Ala.
F. E. STOLLENWERCK & BROS.
42 North Commerce Street,
MOBILE Ala
COTTON FACTORS
AND
Commission Merchants.

Messrs. E. L. WOODWARD & SON, of Jacksonville, Ala., will act as Agents for this house.

Administrators Notice.

Letters of Administration with the will annexed, on the Estate of Lawrence Brock, deceased, having been granted to the undersigned, by the Probate Court of Calhoun county, Ala., on the 20th day of February, 1871: Notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against said Estate, to present them, legally authenticated, within the time prescribed by law, or they will be barred; and all persons indebted to said Estate are notified to make immediate payment.

Wm. M. HAMES, Adm'r
with the will annexed.
apr8 6t.

Wholesale Or Retail

Clothing, Boots, Furnishing Goods &c.

J. SIMPSON,

No. 175 Market Street Near Frst National Bank,

CHATTANOOGA TENN.

Offer for sale the largest and complete assortment of Clothing, Furnishing Goods, Boots, Shoes, Valises, Satchels, &c. &c. &c.

I keep a large and extensive Stock of the above articles, either wholesale, or retail at the lowest cash price.

Wholesale buyers, and country dealers, are respectfully invited to call examine tassortmen and prices.

J. SIMPSON.

may13—1812

GREAT TRIUMPH IN DRY GOODS!

THE PIONEER ESTABLISHMENT OF THE STATE:

IMMENSE QUANTITY OF ALL KINDS OF GOODS!

Spring AND Summer

SEASON IN FULL BLAST!!

GREAT ATTRACTIONS!
GRAND DISPLAY!!
GREAT INDUCEMENTS!!
GRAND DEMONSTRATIONS!!!

NEW GOODS!.......................................NEW STYLES!!

WE TAKE PLEASURE IN INFORMING THE PUBLIC OF THE RECEPTION OF OUR

New Stock of Spring and Summer Goods.

We give notice that we shall adhere most rigidly to the ONE PRICE SYSTEM, and will offer our goods at such prices, as shall meet with the approval of our vast and extensive line of customers. Our assortments on all grades and styles of merchandise will be as usual—TRULY IMMENSE.

Our MR. JOS. GOETTER, while in New York and other Eastern cities, concluded the most extensive contracts for the supply of all the different branches of Merchandise usually kept at our Store. We are determined, as ever, to be regarded the Leading dry goods Establishment of the city. Having earned our reputation justly, we will endeavor to maintain it, if

MAMMOTH STOCKS AND LOW PRICES

Among the extensive lines of Dry Goods which will be found at our store, we take pleasure in rehearsing a few of the very attractive articles likely to prove most interesting to our patrons: **5 CASES GENUINE 4-4 FRENCH PERCALES**, which will be found very desirable and durable. TWO CASES IMPORTED SILK-STRIPED, IRON FRAME GRENADINES, Really beautiful goods, and sold very cheap. The most extensive lines of new and seasonable DRESS GOODS! Among which will be found a new article termed Silk warp Challetine, which is destined to be the most popular, as it is the most beautiful, goods displayed this season. We have also received a very large selection of the celebrated Ramie Poplins, which were introduced by us last year, with such success s to require no further comment. A full line of those celebrated **Japanese Silk Poplins** constantly on hand. This article has been extensively enlarged upon, as we have them in magnificent Brocade, Red Plaids, and splendid Solitaire Lusters.

OUR SILK DEPARTMENT

Will be found extremely enticing, with all of the very latest and most desirable styles and fabrics.

Silk Grenadies, Silk Warp Poplinettes,
Silk Warp Geraldines.
Spring and Summer Dress Silks.

an stripes, checks, figures and solid colors, in large assortments, and at very LOW figures.

Our Laces and White Goods departments have been enlarged, and special attention is respectfully direc ed to this branch of our stock.

Valencienne and Silk Laces, Lama Laceshaws, French Embroideries, English Hosiery, Perfect Fitting Corsets, new shapes in Hoop Skirts.

SHOES, SHOES, SHOES.

We take pleasure in notifying the public that our Shoe Department is replete with all styles of Ladies' and Childrens' Shoes, from the most celebrated Philadelphia and Eastern makers. The celebrated "Western" Walking Shoe, the novel "Polish" Dress Bootee, the attractive "Marie Stuart" Tie, the child's exquisite "Pet" Promenade—in fact all that can be called for in good Shoes will be found in our Department.

TO THE WHOLESALE TRADE.

We state, we are ready, as usual, to show our superiority over all other houses, whenever they will give us a call, and test by examination the justice of our boast. Having thus rehearsed a part of our Extensive Stock, we return thanks for past favors, and will endeavor to merit the same in the future.

SHULMAN, GOETTER & WEIL,

(IMMEDIATELY OPPOSITE ARTESIAN BASIN,)
NO. 5 COURT SQUARE, MONTGOMERY, ALABAMA.
may6—3m.

CHATTANOOGA AGRICULTURAL DEPOT!

Ruble & Hight.

GENERAL SOUTHERN AGENTS
FOR

Russell & Cos., Pivot Cylinder, Double Fan, Threshers and Separators, and the Russell Combined, Self Raking, Reaper and Mower.

Our arrangements for handling the above machines for the season of 1871, are now complete, and we are ready to fill orders, or attend promptly to all inquiries concerning the capacity and durability of the Russell Machines.

At our extensive Ware rooms, will be found at all times a full and well assorted Stock of Agricultural Implements,

THE STUDEBAKER FARM, WAGON,

Improved Single and Double Star Corn Shellers.
Improved Peacock Plows
Cast Steel Excelsior Plows,
Silver Steel Clipper Plows, } All sizes,
Pattent Iron beam adjustable Plows,
SMUT MACHINES (THE EUREKA,) FEED CUTTERS,

COTTON AND HAY PRESSES.

Broad cast seed Sowers, wheat Drills, Sulka Cultivators, Horse Hay Rakes &c. &c.

Farmers can obtain from us Duplicates of any parts of machinery which may break, or wear t.

RUBLE & HIGHT,
Depot corner Market & 8th Streets,
CHATTANOOGA TENN.,
mar4—tf

WHEREAS, by an act of the General Assembly of the State of Alabama approved the 10th day of October, 1868, it is provided as follows: to-wit: "It shall be the duty of the Probate Judge of each county in this State to designate a newspaper in which all legal advertisements, notices or publications, of any and every character required by law to be made in his County, shall be published; which paper so designated shall be the official organ in and for said county." and in obedience to the requirements of said act, I, as Judge of Probate for Calhoun County, Alabama, did heretofore designate the "St. Clair County Eagle," as the official organ in and for said County of Calhoun, in which all legal advertisements, notices or publications of any and every character, required by law to be made in and for said County of Calhoun should be published, said designation to remain until recalled or changed by me.—

And the "*Jacksonville Republican*" being a County paper, published in the Town of Jacksonville, Alabama, and in my opinion, clearly within the provisions of said act:—I therefore recall and change my order designating the St. Clair County Eagle, as the official organ for said County of Calhoun, and designate the said Jacksonville Republican as the official organ hereafter, in which all legal advertisements, notices or publications of any and every character required by Law to be made in and for said County of Calhoun shall be published. This designation to remain so long as in my opinion, the Editor of said Jacksonville Republican conducts said paper so as to be within the provisions of said act.

A. WOODS, Judge

Railroad Warehouse,
ROME, GA.

HAVING leased the large and commodious Warehouse immediately on the Selma, R. & D. Railroad, and taken out an open policy of insurance, I am now prepared to store, sell or ship COTTON on very liberal terms. Being located immediately on the line of Railroad no drayage will be charged on cotton to or from the depot—50 cents per bale per month will cover all charges including weighing, marking and delivery. Being possessed of the above advantages, together with a long experience in the cotton business, I respectfully ask a liberal patronage from my many friends who read the Jacksonville Republican.

J. J. VANDIVER.
Oct. 8, 1870.—3m.

CROSS PLAINS HOUSE,
COME ALONG.

This House is not quite completed, bu will receive Boarders and the Traveling public generally.

No rash promises made—come and see.

A. S. JOHNSON,
J. N. HOOD,
J. N. HOOD, Prop'r.
june18—tf.

THE MOUND CITY

Mutual Life Insurance Co.

OF ST. LOUIS, MO.

OFFICERS.

JAMES B. EADS, President.
A. M. BRITTON, Vice President.
S. W. LOMAX, Sec'y.
C. G. McHATTON, Gen'l Agent
J. D. JOHNSTON, Assistant Gen'l Agent.

ASSETS, JANUARY 1st, 1870, $500 000

The Mound City Mutual Life Insurance Company offers itself as a candidate for public patronage, with such provisions incorporated in the basis of its organization as render it at the same time,

Liberal, Safe and Substantial.

OneHundred Thousand Dollars Deposited

For the Security of Policy Holders

In conformity with the Law of Missouri, regulating the Insurance Department of the State:

THIS COMPANY ISSUES

All Classes of Policies, Which Become

NON-FORFEITABLE AFTER ONE ANNUAL PAYMENT

And is now paying handsome dividends. Its business during the year having increased 185 per cent. over that of the previous year.

GEORGE POINDEXTER,
State Agent,
Mobile. Ala.

ALEXANDER, & MORRIS Agents, [illegible]

AUGUST 20, 1870.—1y.

J. & S. BONES & CO.

IMPORTERS OF & DEALERS IN

IRON and STEEL,

HARDWARE, CUTLERY, GUNS &c.

Rome Ga.,

In addition to keeping the largest Stock of HARDWARE in the Cherokee Country for Merchants supplies, are the Agents for

BLANDY'S CELEBRATED STEAM ENGINES & MILLS

and can furnish at Manufactures prices, anything from a small [illegible] Saw Mill [illegible]

LARGEST FLOURING MILL COMPLETE,

also Agents for CLEMANS' CORN and WHEAT MILL, [illegible]

[READ HOME TESTIMONY]

NEAR CEDAR BLUFF [illegible]

MESSRS. J. & S. BONES, *Dear Sir:*

I have given the 16 inch Mill (Clemans) bought of you, a thorough [illegible] but express myself perfectly satisfied. The power was the running gear [illegible] which although in very bad order, was sufficient to grind [illegible] in *eleven minutes*. I find no trouble to do my grinding before breakfast. [illegible] my neighbors were present at the time, and all were satisfied with the [illegible] were astonished at the quantity and fine quality of the meal produced [illegible] time, I prefer the meal to any steam mill meal. The 12 inch mill I bought [illegible] for the Foster Farm, and used since the above was written proves equally satisfactory. It is a complete mill.

[illegible]

Upon all machinery sold by us we give a full guarantee. [illegible] price list.

J. & S. BONES & CO.

apr15 1871—tf

MONTGOMERY BROS.,
GROCERS AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS

Keep Constantly on hand a full and varied stock of Groceries. Provisions and Family Supplies. also Table and Pocket Cutlery, Tobacco foreign and domestic Cigars, fancy Candies Confections, &c. &c. South Side Public Sqare—*Sign of the FLAG.* Jacksonville Alabama.

White Kerosene Oil, Non-Explosive.

Thanking the public for past favors, we respectfully solicit a continuance of the same, feeling confident of being able to give our customers *FIRST CLASS* Goods as *LOW* as they can be bought in this market. Wrapping paper at manufacturers prices.
Dec. 10, 1870.—tf.

W. D. HOYT & CO

Jobbers in Drugs, Medicines and Druggists Sundries,

No. 43, Broad Street,

Rome, Ga

WHOLESALE AGENTS FOR

ROSADALIS,
CALIFORNIA VINEGAR BITTERS,
PLANTATION "
EDWARD WILDER & CO'S PREPARATIONS,
AYER & CO's "
PEMBERTON, TAYLOR & CO's "

White Lead & Linseed Oil.

All of which will be sold at MANUFACTURER'S PRICES.

Jacksonville Republican

EDITED, PRINTED & PUBLISHED, EVERY SATURDAY MORNING, BY J. F. & L. W. GRANT.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

For one year in advance, ...$2 00
For six months, " 1 25

TERMS OF ADVERTISING.

One square of 10 lines or less, first insertion, ... $1 00
Each subsequent insertion, ... 50
Over one square counted as two, &c.
Obituaries charged at advertising rates.

Annunciation of Candidates.

For County Offices, ... $5 00
For State Offices, ... $10 00

Jacksonville Republican.

"The Price of Liberty is Eternal Vigilance."

VOL. 35. JACKSONVILLE, ALA., JUNE 10. 1871. WHOLE NO 1783

Rates of Advertising,

For three, six, or twelve Months

One square of 10 lines,	3 months,		$8 00
" "	6	"	15 00
" "	12	"	20 00
One fourth column,	3	"	16 00
" " "	6	"	15 00
" " "	12	"	25 00
One half column,	3	"	25 00
" " "	6	"	35 00
" " "	12	"	50 00
One column,	3	"	40
" "	6	"	75
" "	12	"	100

Charges due and collectable quarterly.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

Dr. M. W. FRANCIS
Physician & Surgeon,
OFFICE, DRUG STORE J. C. FRANCIS
North West Corner Square,
JACKSONVILLE - - ALA.
feb23 1871—1y.

JOHN FOSTER. WM. H. FORNEY.

FOSTER & FORNEY,
Attorneys at Law,
Jacksonville Alabama.

WILL practice in the Counties of Calhoun, Talladega, Randolph, St. Clair, Cherokee, DeKalb and the Supreme Court of the State.
Dec. 23d, 1865.

JOE. H. FRANCIS.

ATTORNEY AT LAW
—AND—
GENERAL COLLECTING AGENTS.
Gadsden ....Alabama

WILL practice in Etowah and adjoining counties. Special attention given to the filing petitions in Bankruptcy. Will prosecute claims against the Government for Bounty, Back pay, &c.

G. C. ELLIS. J. H. CALDWELL

ELLIS & CALDWELL,
Attorneys at Law,
AND
Solicitor in Chancery.
JACKSONVILLE, ALA.

HAVING associated themselves in the practice of Law, will practice together, except in CRIMINAL CASES, in the counties Calhoun, Talledega, St. Clair, Randolphs Cherokee and DeKalb
Jan. 6. 1866.

M. J. TURNLEY, G. I. TURNLEY

M. J. & G. I. TURNLEY,
Attorneys at Law
AND
Solicitors in Chancery
General Collecting Agents.
JACKSONVILLE, ALA.

WILL practice Law in the counties of Calhoun, Talladega, Randolph, Cleburne, Cherokee, Baine, St. Clair and DeKalb, in the Supreme Court of the State, and in the U. S. District Court, Northern and Middle Division of Alabama.

JOHN W INZER LEROY F. BOX.

INZER & BOX,
Attorneys at Law,
AND
Solicitors in Chancery
ASHVILLE, Ala.

WILL practice in all the Courts of St Clair, Calhoun, Talladega, Shelby, Jefferson, Blount, DeKalb, Cherokee & Marshall; also in the Superior Court of the State. Prompt attention given.

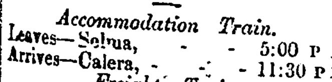
H. L. STEVENSON,
Attorney at Law,
JACKSONVILLE, Ala.

TENNESSEE HOUSE

Rome, Ga.

J. A. STANSBURY, Prop'r.
☞Most convenient Hotel to Rail Road Depots.
Mar. 12, 1870—tf

Selma Rome & Dalton Railroad



CHANGE OF SCHEDULE.

PATONA, ALA., March 29, 1871.
Trains of this Road until farther notice will run as follows:

NORTHWARD.

Accommodation Train.

Leaves—Selma,		5:00 P M
Arrives—Calera,		11:30 P M
Freight Train.		
Leaves—Selma,		5:00 A M
Calera,		12:50 P M
Talladega,		7:30 P M
Jacksonville,		11:15 P M
Rome,		10:00 A M
Arrives—Dalton,		1.30 P M
Mail Train.		
Leaves—Selma,		12.18 P M
Calera,		3 45 P M
Talladega,		6.36 P M
Jacksonville,		8.27 P M
Rome,		12.32 P M
Arrives—Dalton,		2.30 A M

SOUTHWARD.

Mail Train.		
Leaves—Dalton,		11.30 P M
Rome,		2.30 A M
Jacksonville,		5.06 A M
Talladega,		6.57 A M
Calera,		10.00 A M
Arrives—Selma,		1.30 P M
Freight Train.		
Leaves—Dalton,		8.45 A M
Rome,		1.35 P M
Jacksonville,		5.06 P M
Talladega,		12.05 A M
Calera,		6.45 A M
Arrives—Selma,		1.45 P M
Accommodation Train.		
Leaves—Calera,		11.30 A M
Arrives—Selma,		6.30 P M

E. G. BARNEY,
Gen'l Sup't.
M. STANTON,
Assist't Sup't. [apr8-'71

Insurance a Specialty.
L. J. PARR.
SPECIAL AGENT,
JACKSONVILLE ALA.,
Will insure Life, or Property of any kind in the following Companies;
Cotton States Life Insurance Co.,
MACON, GA.,
Georgia Home Fire Insurance Co.
COLUMBUS, GA.,
Home Protection of North Alabama Fire Insurance Co.,
HUNTSVILLE ALA.,
mar25—1871.

PARKER'S
BREECH-LOADING, DOUBLE BARRELED
SHOT GUN
BEST IN THE WORLD.
PARKER BROTHERS WEST MERIDEN, CONN.
SEND FOR A CIRCULAR
New York Office, 27 BEEKMAN ST.



CALL AT THE
Old Hotel,
West Side of the Public Square.
Jacksonville, Ala.

WHICH has been repaired, refurnished and refitted up, especially for the comfort of those who may favor us with a call. Rooms large and comfortable—fare good as the country affords—servants polite and attentive—charges reasonable.
Can accommodate a dozen or two regular boarders.

J. D. HAMMOND,
Dec. 18, '69—1y. ***Proprietor.***

FOR[illegible] CORNER.

W[illegible] [illegible]ctfully call the attention of o[illegible] customers, to our large Stock o[illegible]
Spring and Summer Goods,
also to our largely replenished Stock
FAMILY GROCERIES

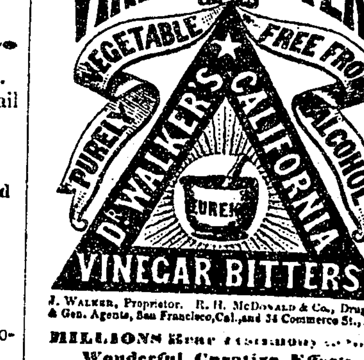
Both departments are sufficiently supplied in quantity and quality to meet the demands of the trade.
Having bought our Stock from reliable Merchants for Cash, we recommend them to you as GOOD GOODS,
CHEAP FOR CASH.
Bring your money or country produce
We have just received a fine lot o[illegible] NEW ORLEANS MOLASSES, BACON, LARD & HAMS.
Hoping to receive soon and frequent calls from you.

Yours Truly,
DRAPER & JOHNSON
JACKSONVILLE ALA
apr15—71

M. A. TURNER
TAILOR,

Takes pleasure in informing his old patrons and the public generally, that he is ***STILL AT HIS OLD STAND,*** **PREPARED TO CUT & MAKE** Gentlemens Clothing in the latest and *MOST FASHIONABLE STYLE,* **& MOST DURABLE MANNER.**
Terms now, henceforth, and forever CASH.

JACKSONVILLE ALA.,
dec17 1870.—tf.



J. WALKER, Proprietor. R. H. McDONALD & Co., Druggists & Gen. Agents, San Francisco, Cal., and 34 Commerce St., N.Y.

MILLIONS Bear Testimony to their Wonderful Curative Effects.

Vinegar Bitters are not a vile **Fancy Drink, Made of Poor Rum, Whiskey, Proof Spirits and Refuse Liquors,** doctored, spiced and sweetened to please the taste, called "Tonics," "Appetizers," "Restorers," &c., that lead the tippler on to drunkenness and ruin, but are a true Medicine, made from the Native Roots and Herbs of California, **free from all Alcoholic Stimulants.** They are the **GREAT BLOOD PURIFIER and A LIFE GIVING PRINCIPLE,** a perfect Renovator and Invigorator of the System, carrying off all poisonous matter and restoring the blood to a healthy condition. No person can take these Bitters according to directions and remain long unwell, provided their bones are not destroyed by mineral poison or other means, and the vital organs wasted beyond the point of repair.

They are a Gentle Purgative as well as a Tonic, possessing, also, the peculiar merit of acting as a powerful agent in relieving Congestion or Inflammation of the Liver, and of all the Visceral Organs.

FOR FEMALE COMPLAINTS, whether in young or old, married or single, at the dawn of womanhood or at the turn of life, these Tonic Bitters have no equal.

For Inflammatory and Chronic Rheumatism and Gout, Dyspepsia or Indigestion, Bilious, Remittent and Intermittent Fevers, Diseases of the Blood, Liver, Kidneys and Bladder, these Bitters have been most successful. **Such Diseases are caused by Vitiated Blood,** which is generally produced by derangement of the **Digestive Organs.**

DYSPEPSIA OR INDIGESTION, Headache, Pain in the Shoulders, Coughs, Tightness of the Chest, Dizziness, Sour Eructations of the Stomach, Bad Taste in the Mouth, Bilious Attacks, Palpitation of the Heart, Inflammation of the Lungs, Pain in the regions of the Kidneys, and a hundred other painful symptoms are the offsprings of Dyspepsia.

They invigorate the Stomach and stimulate the torpid Liver and Bowels, which render them of unequalled efficacy in cleansing the blood of all impurities, and imparting new life and vigor to the whole system.

FOR SKIN DISEASES, Eruptions, Tetter, Salt Rheum, Blotches, Spots, Pimples, Pustules, Boils, Carbuncles, Ring-Worms, Scald Head, Sore Eyes, Erysipelas, Itch, Scurfs, Discolorations of the Skin, Humors and Diseases of the Skin, of whatever name or nature, are literally dug up and carried out of the system in a short time by the use of these Bitters. One bottle in such cases will convince the most incredulous of their curative effect.

Cleanse the Vitiated Blood whenever you find its impurities bursting through the skin in Pimples, Eruptions or Sores; cleanse it when you find it obstructed and sluggish in the veins; cleanse it when it is foul, and your feelings will tell you when. Keep the blood pure, and the health of the system will follow.

PIN, TAPE, and other WORMS, lurking in the system of so many thousands, are effectually destroyed and removed.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS AND DEALERS.
J. WALKER, Proprietor. R. H. McDONALD & CO., Druggists and Gen. Agents, San Francisco, Cal., and 32 and 34 Commerce Street, New York.

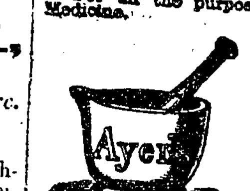
FRUIT TREES-SMALL FRUITS,
Ornamental Trees and Plants, Choice Garden & Field Seeds &c
A splendid stock of the choicest varieties.

Send for Descriptive Catalogues and Priced List.

All Trees well packed so as to carry safely to any part of the United States.

Small Fruits & Small Plants
of all kinds, sent by mail, *postage paid,* to any Post Office in the United States.
EDW'D J. EVANS & CO.
Nurserymen and Seedsmen

Ayer's Cathartic Pills,
For all the purposes of a Laxative Medicine.



Perhaps no one medicine is so universally required by everybody as a cathartic, nor was ever any before so universally adopted into use, in every country and among all classes, as this mild but efficient purgative *Pill.* The obvious reason is, that it is a more reliable and far more effectual remedy than any other. Those who have tried it, know that it cured them; those who have not, know that it cures their neighbors and friends; and all know that what it does once it does always—that it never fails through any fault or neglect of its composition. We have thousands upon thousands of certificates of their remarkable cures of the following complaints, but such cures are known in every neighborhood, and we need not publish them. Adapted to all ages and conditions in all climates; containing neither calomel nor any deleterious drug, they may be taken with safety by anybody. Their sugar-coating preserves them ever fresh, and makes them pleasant to take, while being purely vegetable, no harm can arise from their use in any quantity.

They operate by their powerful influence on the internal viscera to purify the blood and stimulate it into healthy action—remove the obstructions of the stomach, bowels, liver, and other organs of the body, restoring their irregular action to health, and by correcting, wherever they exist, such derangements as are the first origin of disease.

Minute directions are given in the wrapper on the box, for the following complaints, which these *Pills* rapidly cure:—

For **Dyspepsia** or **Indigestion, Listlessness, Languor** and **Loss of Appetite,** they should be taken moderately to stimulate the stomach, and restore its healthy tone and action.

For **Liver Complaint** and its various symptoms, **Bilious Headache, Sick Headache, Jaundice** or **Green Sickness, Bilious Colic** and **Bilious Fevers,** they should be judiciously taken for each case, to correct the diseased action or remove the obstructions which cause it.

For **Dysentery** or **Diarrhœa,** but one mild dose is generally required.

For **Rheumatism, Gout, Gravel, Palpitation of the Heart, Pain in the Side, Back** and **Loins,** they should be continuously taken, as required, to change the diseased action of the system. With such change those complaints disappear.

For **Dropsy** and **Dropsical Swellings** they should be taken in large and frequent doses to produce the effect of a drastic purge.

For **Suppression** a large dose should be taken as it produces the desired effect by sympathy.

As a *Dinner Pill,* take one or two *Pills* to promote digestion and relieve the stomach.

An occasional dose stimulates the stomach and bowels into healthy action, restores the appetite, and invigorates the system. Hence it is often advantageous where no serious derangement exists. One who feels tolerably well, often finds that a dose of these *Pills* makes him feel decidedly better, from their cleansing and renovating effect on the digestive apparatus.

Dr. J. C. AYER & CO., Practical Chemists, LOWELL, MASS., U. S. A.

Sold by Druggists & Merchants everywhere.

J. J. Cohen,



ROME, GA.

Keeps constantly on hand the most celebrated and latest MILL MACHINERY, at Manufacturer's prices. Also, importer of the Double Anchor Dutch Bolting Cloth, French Burr and Esopus MILL STONES, Double Turbine Water Wheels, and an assortment of Belting, &c. Oct. 15, '70

To the Planters of Calhoun County
Send your COTTON to
JAS. H. COOPER
OF ROME, GA., who will sell it for you, and charge you only (50 c.) fifty cents per Bale for selling. If you want to Store your Cotton he will make liberal Cash advances on it.
Rome, Ga., Oct. 17, 1870.—3m.

JACKSONVILLE
Iron Foundry.
STRAIN & VEITCH Prop's.

This Foundry is now in full blast. All kinds of castings done promptly and to order. Bills filled for all kinds of
Hollow Ware,
Mill & Gin Gear,
Iron Railing,
Grates,
Plows, &c., &c.,
A liberal patronage solicited.
Address, STRAIN & VEACH
mch25—1y Jacksonville, Ala.

J. M. ELLIOTT. C. G. SAMMUEL

Elliott & Samuel
COTTON FACTORS.
Warehouse and Commission Merchants.
Rome Ga.
Real Estate Agents.
AGENTS FOR THE STEAMBOAT LINE ON THE COOSA RIVER, AND ALSO General Receiving and Forwarding Agents.
We compress through cotton without delay saving thereby to the shipper, 40 cents per bag besides putting the cotton in such better condition for transportation and handling when in market.

PARLOR ALBUM
IN FIVE QUARTO VOLUMES.
Price $9.00 per volume or $40.00 PER SET COMPLETE.

Description of the Work.

THE PARLOR ALBUM is doubtless the most extensive ART GALLERY ever published and, by those who have examined several portions of the work, it has been pronounced "The Climax of Beauty." Each volume contains 20 full page Chromo Lithographs, in Oil Colors, 40 full page Steel Engravings, 40 full page engravings on wood and 260 pages of reading matter descriptive of the illustrations, the whole making each volume about one half as thick, and same sized pages, of Websters largest Dictionary. Each volume is complete in itself and will be sold separately, if desired.

Sold by Subscription, Only.
Vol. I, Is devoted to Wild American Birds.
Vol. II, Contains Wild American Animals.
Vol. III, American Domesticated Birds and Animals.
Vol. IV, Foreign Birds and Animals.
Vol. V, Fishes, Reptiles and Insects.

This work will at once commend itself to the cultivated American people, and no library will, hereafter, be complete without this addition to its treasures; while as a parlor amusement it is unequalled by American publications.

Agents Wanted.

We will give agents very liberal terms for selling the above described publications, and wish to appoint an agent in every town in the United States and British Provinces. Experienced book agents and all other persons of respectability should apply at once. Any Young Man, or Young Lady, can, by devoting a short time during the day or evening, secure a complete set, free of expense, or, if preferred, we will allow large Commission in Cash.

We have prepared a most beautiful SPECIMEN BOOK FOR AGENTS containing 5 of the Oil Chromos, 10 Steel Engravings, 10 Wood Engravings and 50 pages of descriptive reading, being selections from each volume, together with blank paper, specimens of binding, &c., &c.

Our Specimen Book has cost us quite largely, and we do not wish to send it to persons who do not intend to act as agents, but to any one who will make an effort to procure subscribers to the Work, we will send the Specimen Book, prepaid, on receipt of 40 cents to cover postage Enclose stamp for reply and address.

American Publishing Co.,
RUTLAND VT.
mar11—6mo.

SEEDS. SEEDS.

Sent free by mail, select vegetable seeds, choice Flower Seeds, splendid Gladiolus, Lilies, and other Flowering Bulbs

Complete assortments of Vegetable seeds for a large or small Garden.

Assortment No. 5. contains 57 varieties			
" " "	"	"	$3.
No. 6.	"	33	$2.
No. 7.	"	18	$1.

The above sent Post paid, upon receipt of price. The following larger collections can be safely sent by Express, (freight paid by purchaser.)

No. 1. $20—No. 2. $15—No. 3. $10—No. 4. $5.

Collections of Flower Seed by mail. Twenty splendid varities of annuals $1. Larger collections from $2—to $5—mailed free. The Golden rayed Queen of Lilies (Lilium auratum) $1.

Lilium Lancifolium Album		50ct.
" "	Rubrum	50ct.
" "	Roseum	50ct.

One each of the above varieties by mail $2,00. Seed and plant Catalogues sent free o. application.

RICHARDSON & GOULD,
245 Broadway New York.
American Agriculturist Building, P. O. Box 5134.
mar25—1871.

New Groceries.

MC'CLELEN & LANDERS

ARE now receiving a large and varied Stock of FAMILY GROCERIES in the house formerly occupied by Stypes & Rowland, on the N. E. corner of the Public Square, which they propose to sell cheaper than they can be purchased elsewhere. They will also take in exchange, COUNTRY PRODUCE at Cash prices.

Their Stock consists, in part, of the following Articles:

SUGARS,
COFFEES,
MOLASSES,
TEAS,
BACON,
LARD,
FLOUR,
RICE,
FISH,
CHEESE,
ORANGES,

ALL KINDS COOKING EXTRACTS

PLAIN AND FANCY CANDIES;

In fact, everything kept in a Family Grocery.

In connection wit this, we have opened a

FIRST CLASS BAR,

In which is kept the finest brands of
ALES,
LIQUORS,
BRANDIES,
CHAMPAGNE,
AND OTHER WINES.

Come all ye that thirst. We will give you drink.
Jan. 21—3m

Virginia and Tennessee.
AIR-LINE RAILWAY.

Through rates by the Air-Line, always as low as the published tariff of any competing route.

Freights run through without break of Bulk. All claims promptly adjusted by Thos. Pickney, claim agent at Norfolk Va.,

OFFICES.

Boston, 87 Washington street; New York, 303 Broadway; Philadelphia corner Washington Avenue and Swanson street; Baltimore, 154 west Baltimore street.

C. E. EVANS,
General Eastern Agent.

From the Gadsden Times.]

The Guntersville & Gadsden Road.

Col. Pennington's letter in reference to our proposed and desired Railroad connection southward, will attract attention. It is evident to every sensible man that the road from Guntersville to Gadsden cannot be now built by the present management; that the only means to secure its completion is by consolidating with some other road; that if this is not done soon the time is will have elapsed and its privileges be forfeited; and that this consolidation can now be effected and the completion of the Road ensured. The graded road is not the private property of an individual; the work was done by the State's money for the public benefit, and those who now have the control, by the liberty of the legislature, must not forget this. The public demands that the road be built by the most feasible and spediest means, and if this is not done, the Legislature will recall its grant, and not let the public be deprived of this most essential connecting link, nor the public money heretofore spent be lost.—*Huntsville Advocate*

The East Alabama and Cincinnati Railroad.

Editor Huntsville Advocate:

DEAR SIR: In the last issue of your paper received by me, I find the following:

"We are glad to know that arrangements are on foot to merge the Road from Guntersville to Gadsden into the East Alabama and Cincinnati road (Pennington's,) and that the road from Guntersville to Gadsden will be put under contract so soon as the negotiations are consummated. We rejoice to hear this, as Madison county and Huntsville will be ready to join the road at the Tennessee, so as to give a continuous road to the whole of South Alabama."

We have labored for the past eighteen months to effect the consolidation you speak of in the above paragraph, but without any actual results as yet. Merge the two and the Grand Trunk Line from Eufaula to Guntersville with your connections by way of Huntsville to Nashville are easy of accomplishment; but without consolidation it is to be feared we shall construct but slowly while the Company controlling the work from Gadsden to Guntersville will probably not be able to do anything at all.

Our Charter, which was recorded in December, 1868, extends from Eufaula to Guntersville. We shall soon have completed and equipped twenty miles of road from Opelika Northward, which will entitle us to the aid of the State under the general law endorsing the bonds of the Company for $16,000 per mile. And having secured the ten miles of graded road between Jacksonville and Gadsden, were the consolidation you speak of effected, we should have between Opelika and Guntersville, say a distance in round numbers of 150 miles, 20 miles of completed road, with 46 additional miles graded; which would enable us to get all the means necessary to make the connection between Opelika and Guntersville as fast as the work could be done, and it could be completed within eighteen months or two years. And this done, the extension South from Opelika to Eufaula would be of easy accomplishment, and we should thus witness the completion of a Grand Trunk Line from Nashville, Tenn., to Brunswick, Ga.—Almost an air line and running through the whole length of the State of Alabama, and traversing the best counties in the State. With the consolidation you speak of this can be accomplished and that speedily; and hence the merging of the road between Gadsden and Guntersville with the East Alabama and Cincinnati road is of the very greatest importance. This company is willing to consolidate, and on the most liberal terms, but I fear nothing can be done with those who control the other at least for the present; and if not done soon the golden opportunity for rapid construction and a brilliant success may have passed

If you people in North Alabama, so immediately and so vitally interested, can aid in the consummation and induce our friends who control the old grade between the Coosa and Tennessee rivers to merge their work with ours, on terms just and satisfactory to both, you can have the connection made and the road in operation between Jacksonville and Guntersville within twelve months from the date of consolidation.

The present company cannot command the endorsement on that road, for the reason that by special act passed at the session of 1869–70 they were released from an obligation to the State on account of the two and three per cent fund of nearly $400,000 and by a proviso in his act they are deprived of any additional or further aid from this State. Our charter covering the old grade, however, and antedating the act above referred to, should we acquire the old grade and the rights and functions of their company, by consolidation under the general law, we should be entitled to and would receive the endorsement on the whole line of the road, and could push the whole to early completion.

To the people of Jacksonville, Gadsden, Guntersville and Huntsville, to whom the construction and early completion of the East Alabama and Cincinnati road is of such great importance we say the best service you can render us is to assist in bringing about the consolidation referred to.

Very respectfully,
J. L. PENNINGTON,
Pres. E. A. & C. R. R. Co.
Opelika, Ala., May 15, 1871.

Coosa & Tennessee R. R'd.

The foregoing letter of J. L. Pennington, President of the E. A. & C. R. R., and the Editorial comments of the Huntsville Advocate, deserve more than a passing notice.

The "*situation*" of this Road demands the serious consideration of the citizens of Etowah, Marshal and Madison counties and the tax payers of the entire State. The State some 16 years ago, expended near $400,000 of the 2 and 3 per cent fund, on this enterprise, which sum, had it been used with economy and judgment, would have built thirty miles of the road. But like all other *public* appropriations, it was lavishly expended and with the aid of some $470,00 of private subscriptions of citizens along the line, only paid for the grading of 35 miles of the road. That is, the books of the Company show that $470,00 of stock has been actually paid in, by the Stock holders of the Company.

Much of this was paid in work, on the grade, and in cross ties, that have long since become worthless. We do not suppose, if the truth could be ascertained, that $10,000 in money was ever paid into the Treasury of the Company, by all the Stock Holders combined.

This $470,00 of stock now controlls the entire road. An act was passed by our Legislature in 1869, relieving the Company from this debt of near $400,000, provided the Company completed their Road in two years. Some nineteen months of the time has expired, and the company have not moved a shovel full of dirt, and there is no prospect of the parties now controlling the road, ever commencing the work in the time specified.

We are informed that overture after overture has been made to the officers of the Company or to the party controlling a majority of the stock, to consolidate the Stock with the E. A. & C. R. R., a company, that has a charter over the *same line,* and propositions have been made to give the Stock holders of the C. & T. R. R'd Co. Stock—Dollar for Dollar in the consolidated Co., and to pay a large subsidy to the Stock holders in money, but even this liberal proposition has been rejected. The truth is the parties holding a majority of the stock of the Coosa & Tenn. R. R'd (and that party is Mr. Hugh Carlisle of Guntersville) is seeking to make a private fortune out of *the work.* And in doing so is and has been for years jeopardizing the material interest and prosperity of this entire section of country. The Griffin & North Ala. R. R. Co., as well as the Rome and Decatur Co. and the Georgia Western, have been willing to make terms, by which the speedy completion of the Road would have been secured. But Mr. Carlisle has refused to yield the *control* unless *parties would* pay *him* a large sum for his interest.

We think no one man, has the right to control the $400,000 of the people's money, invested in this work of internal improvement, and hope and believe if Mr. Carlisle does not speedily give some of the Companies named, the authority to finish up this work that the Legislature at its next session will number among its first acts, an act forfeiting the charter of the Co., or an order for the sale of the Road, to pay the debt due to the State. We hope our contemporaries throughout North and East Alabama, *will open up* to their readers on this subject. It is one in which they have a vital interest and one upon which every member of the Legislature from the Northern and Eastern counties of the State should be instructed by the people. This great work upon which the State has expended so much, and which has been looked to as the great connecting link between North and South-east Ala., should not be allowed longer to remain unfinished, and should become part and parcel of a Grand Trunk line, running from Huntsville to Eufaula. The day for *short line monopolies is past,* and if the party controlling this Road, should not have abandoned his selfish schemes, and have manifested Public Spirit enough to allow some Company, having the control of means, to take charge of the work, before the meeting of the Legislature; that body should apply a wholesome corrective in the way of prompt Legislation that will oust Carlisle and his associates, and put the Road in the hands of men that know that the world moves.

Destruction the Luxembourg and the Palais Royal.

These splendid palaces have been, it is telegraphed, destroyed by order of the desperate Communists. In historical interest they are only inferior to the Tuileries and the Hotel de Ville. The Luxembourg was completed as early as 1583 by the Duke of that name. It was purchased by Marie de Medicis, when Regent of France, for $100,000. Additional land was procured, the palace demolished, and a more splendid structure reared in its place. In 1692 it was sold to Louis XIV. The Count de Provence, afterwards Louis XVIII, occupied it as a residence at the time of the first French Revolution. During the Reign of Terror in 1793 it was converted into a State prison, in which, among others, was confined Josephine Beauharnais, afterward the Empress of France. The Peers of France occupied it from 1814 to 1840 as a hall for their assembly. In Louis Napoleon's reign the Senate held its sessions there. It contained many of the finest works of art in Europe, from the hands of the Old Masters.

The Palais Royal was built by the celebrated Cardinal Richelieu, who presented it on his death to the King, Louis XIII, with the condition that the Crown should never part with it under any circumstances. But Louis XIV, in 1692, disregarded it, and gave it to the Duke of Orleans and his heirs. As these Dukes were devoted to luxury, the Palace was richly decorated, and contained a chapel where mass was celebrated with pontifical pomp, as well as a theatre. In the early part of the Restoration the gardens belonging to it were the rendezvous of the most violent politicians of the day. It was here that the tri-colored cockade was first assumed, and Camile Desmoulins inflamed the populace by his eloquence. After the Duke of Orleans was executed the Palace was confiscated to the State. During the first Empire it was the residence of Lucien Bonaparte. In 1814 it was restored to the Orleans family. In 1848, when they were driven from France, the Palace was throughly ransacked. It was afterward reconstructed and given to the Prince Napoleon. Such are the buildings and such their history that the fury of a mob have consigned to destruction.

SINGULAR CIRCUMSTANCE—A gentle man of reliability, informs us that during the severe storm of the 2d inst., a young man on the streets of Eutaw, was loudly and profanely protesting against the excessive rains and storms. While he was thus engaged, there was a blinding flash of lightning, instantly followed by a burst of thunder. A moment afterwards it was discovered that the young man alluded to was speechless; and in that condition he remained at last accounts. He was attended by Drs. Perrin and Webb—*Livingston Journal.*

The Massacre of the Archbishop of Paris and his Comrades.

[illegible]st days of the ascendency of the [illegible] in Paris rival, in the horror [illegible] atrocity of their deeds, the worst excesses of the frightful times of the old Revolution of 1792–3–4. The murder of Archbishop Darboy, of ten hostages and fifty priests, who had been thrown into prison by the Commune authorities, is a crime exactly similar to the celebrated September massacre in the prisons of 1792. Previous to that event there had been domiciliary visits to every house in Paris, and about ten thousand arrests made of persons supposed to be disaffected towards the Revolution. A gang of three hundred cut-throats was then organized, and proceeded to the prisons, and entered upon their work of blood. We presume the late massacre was done in a similar manner. The Archbishop was a noble and saintly character, and his tragic fate, together with his unfortunate comrades, is a terrible blot upon the escutcheon of the Revolutionists. The predecessor of Archbishop Barboy (Affrey) lost his life in the Revolution of 1848. It was in June, in the memorable insurrection of that year, which was suppressed with such sterness and rigor by General Cavaignac. At the close of the first day's fight, when it was evident that the insurgents were certain to be overcome, the good Archbishop, annimated solely by his de ire to save the further effusion of blood, offered to go as a mediator to them, behind their barricades. He knew his danger from the frienzied and desperate men who were in revolt, and considered the great probability that he would never return alive from his errand of mercy. But, arraying himself in his full canonicals, putting on his bishop's robe, and with a crucifiix in one hand and a flag of truce in the other, supported by several priests, he advanced toward the barricades. The firing ceased, and he reached the works, had a brief parley, only to be drawn in by hooks and barbarously murdered in cold blood. There was never a nobler mission undertaken or more heroically executed, than that of this gallant prelate. Archbishop Darboy was a man imbued with the same noble impulses, and he was admired and reverenced by thousands who were most bitterly opposed to his religious faith. The bones of the victim of the Revolution of 1848 repose in the Church of Notre Dam, one of most beautiful structures in Paris, which, strange to say, the insurgents have not disturbed. But where will the bones of Archbishop Darboy repose?

Talmadge on Newspapers.

Dr. Talmadge, of New York, has preached a sermon on the "Curses of our Great Cities." He took as his text —"Unto him to whom much is given, much will be required;" and these are his awful words:

"Woe to the man, said he, that sails into the harbor of eternity having great capacity and no cargo. The newspaper is the great educating force of the country. It is school, pulpit, forum, all in one. Here in America the newspaper is the great educator of the people. We stand in the pulpit and talk to a few hundred, but the newspaper speaks to its thousands.—It is right it is magnificently right; if it is wrong, it is awfully wrong. All read it before breakfast, after tea, at intervals of business.

I believe it will be by the union of the telegraph and the printing press that the millenium is to be realized.—There are connected with the editorial corps of this country, men of the widest culture, living on small stipends, worn out with night work; while you are sleeping. I have no grudge against the newspaper—I take the severe censures that I get and put them against the overpraise, and I find that I get justice. But it is my duty to point out the difference between good and bad newspapers. There are enough bad newspapers printed to ruin the country. There is an infamous newspaper published in Boston that has 10,000 subscribers in New York and 7,000 in Philadelphia. I won't tell you the name of it, for some of you would go straight and get it.

There are newspapers published in New York that at the last day, God will hold up and the whole universe will call out for the damnation of their authors. Oh! if when a man utters a lie it is wrong, what if a newspapers, with 20,000 circulation, tells a lie! The hughest lie is a newspaper lie. An unprincipled man sitting in an editorial cuair is a destroying angel. Am I not right when I call the bad newspapers of this country one of the greatest of curses?

The worst man in New York or Brooklyn can go to a newspaper not far from here and get anything in that he wishes. Sometimes you will find in one column of the newspaper a moral treatise, and turning over you will find articles dipping with nastiness," etc.

From the Washington Patriot.]

RESISTANCE TO REVENUE OFFICERS.—Mr. Latham, collector of internal revenue for the Third District of Alabama, writes from Huntsville to the Commissioner of Internal Revenue, stating that there is a large amount of internal revenue tax due in the interior and mountainous counties of his district which he cannot collect in the ordinary way, and, consequently, several of his deputies have resigned, and no responsible man can be found who will undertake collection by distraint and sale, because they could not do so and live safely in the country. The collector, therefore, asks whether or not he may be permitted to go to the county assessors' tax-books and ascertain what delinquents have in the way of property, and destrain and sell property at the county court house in each county where distraint is made, instead of within five miles of the property so distrained, as required by the law governing such cases.

Mr. Latham adds that "depradations against the dignity of laws are too frequent, and the above facts too well known to require from him any elaborate statement."

The Commissioner says:

I reply that your request is declined. To grant it, for the reasons you state, would be to concede that the laws of the United States cannot be executed in your district. I intend to collect the revenue of the United States in Alabama as I do in Massachusetts. Appoint new deputies in place of those who have resigned, and proceed with the execution of your duties. If you are resisted call upon the local authorities for aid, and if this is insufficient, telegraph to me at once, and I will ask for troops, to maintain your authority and insure the execution of the law.

ECLECTIC MAGAZINE.—The June number of this capital monthly is at hand and is embellished with a fine portrait excellently engraved on steel, of Professor Darwin. A sketch by the Editor in the letter-press gives the leading events of Darwin's life, and "The Descent of Man" the title of his last book, is also the title of a very humorous poem reprinted from *Blackwood.*

The table of contents presents about twenty excellent articles, in which the instructive and the amusing receive equal attention. "The Political Future of Europe" is a masterly synopsis of present political tendencies in Europe; the author of "Ginx's Baby" treats us to "The Solutions of a Great Problem." There is a very fine critical essay on "Mr. Tennyson's Poems;" and besides these there are, "A Week in Paris after Peace," "Modern St. Pauls," "A Miniature Sun." "Change and Progress in Japan," "Rome under the New Regime," "The Dutchman at Home," "The author of 'That Heathen Chinee,'" and "Journeys in Central Africa." The [illegible] Editorial Departments are, as usual, full of miscellaneous information of all sorts. "Patty," the new story, becomes more interesting with every instalment.

Published by E. R. PELTON, 108 Fulton Street, New York. Price $5 per year; single copies 45 cents.

A "SECOND JOINT.

"Aw, I Beg Pawdon."

Don Piatt is responsible for the following incident, which he relates in a Washington letter to the Cincinnati Commercial:

The latest story that is going the rounds here is told of one of the second joints, as the Secretaries were called to distinguish them from the High Joints. This was an elegant youth, rather slender and tall, whose talk began and ended in one short sentence, which said. "Aw, I beg y'r pawdon," which drawled out has a very pleasing result, and is being generally imitated by our free born youths of America, about Washington.

It seems that this English sprig of nobility was invited to pass some days at the country house of a wealth American, and late at night, before retiring, concluded to take "a bath you know," and so, directed by a servant, he found his way to the bath room, and turning on the warm water, was soon enjoying a full length the delicious souse in an entire relaxation of his aristocratic person and repose of his aristocratic intellect

Unfortunately, the daughter of the house also concluded to take a dip in the tub, and not knowing what their illustrious guest had done to himself, undressed in her room, ran hurriedly along the hall for fear of meeting some one, and darting into the bath room, closed and locked the door. What was her consternation to see a head raise languidly from the tub, and a voice exclaim;

"Aw, I beg powdon."

She screamed a scream—I indulge in no exaggeration when I say that that girl screamed a scream of the first magnitude, and then she screamed another scream, as in her confusion, she turned the key in the wrong direction, and she did not open the door; between each scream the languid voice exclaimed:

"Aw, I beg pawdon."

After sixteen screams, any one of which would have rivaled a locomotive's she succeeded in opening the door, and fell fainting in the arms of her frightened papa. As soon as *pater familias* could relieve himself of his nude daughter, he struck his paternal head into the bath room, and wanted to know what in the h—l was the matter. All he could get in reply was:

"Aw, I beg powdon."

☞ Most young men consider it a misfortune to be born poor, or not to have capital enough to establish themselves, at their outset in life, in a good comfortable business. This is a mistaken notion. So far from poverty being a misfortune to them, if we may judge from what we every day behold, it is really a blessing. The chances are more than ten to one against him who starts with a fortune.

General Grant has appointed a son of Brigham Young a cadet to the Military Academy at West Point, excluding the son of the late General Thomas Francis Meagher, whose selection was asked for through their representatives, by the whole Irish-American population of the country, without distinction of party. "No Irish need apply!"

One of our contemporaries, speaking of a prominent Radical, says: "He was last in war, last in peace, and first in the pockets of his countrymen."

JACKSONVILLE REPUBLICAN
JACKSONVILLE, ALABAMA.
SATURDAY, JUNE 10, 1871.

That "animated tomb stone called the New York Times," has among its corps of Editors, one whose sole occupation seems to be, to "write up" the South, as other critics the theatrical performances, books, &c. This billious person is constantly drawing distinctions between the state of society North and South, not complimentary to our section. He naively admits that there is ten times as much crime North as there is South, but he thinks that there it is more promptly punished. He attributes the few convictions for murder in the South to the indifference of the communities in which crime is perpetrated. This is untrue in fact; but we might admit it and still have the advantage of a community of people who exhibit such morbid curiosity and utter heartlessness as we read of in every execution that takes place North. From the time that some poor criminal is condemned to die, he becomes the prey of "Interviewers," who throng the "Times" and such journals, give the public highly wrought descriptions, until he is lead to the slaughter, when the readers of the Times, male and female, flock in thousands to see the horrid spectacles of one of their kind launched into eternity. They crowd the house tops until they fall through; they stick to the chimneys like martins until they crumble and fall. Even enterprising individuals build platforms in view of the execution, and rent places out at $2 each. With all our bloodthirstiness and barbarism, no such spectacle ever occurred in the South as the execution of Eacker at Fond, N. Y. as we find recorded in the Times, and at which such disgraceful scenes as we have described were enacted. We quote from the Times:

"At an early hour the roads leading to the village were crowded with long lines of carriages, bringing thousands of people from all parts of the country. Company A, Eighty-third Regiment, S. N. G., under command of Capt. John Warner, arrived from Amsterdam on an early train, and surrounded the place of execution. A large force of special Deputy Sheriffs were also placed on guard. About half an acre of the lawn outside the jail had been inclosed with a strong stockade of planks fifteen feet in height. Near the centre the gallows was placed. It was newly built of heavy timber uprights, cross beams and braces, and painted a hideous black.

At 9 o'clock Mrs. Eacker and her two children—a lad of twelve, and a miss of eleven—entered the condemned cell, where the farewell scene was affecting. Many of his friends then came and bade him adieu, but he scarcely paused from smoking his pipe to notice them. The scenes in the principal avenues of the village adjacent to the jail beggar all description. From five to ten thousand were crowded in the avenues surrounding the court house square. An enterprising and unscrupulous couple had erected a stand in the public highway against the stockade and charged $2 each for seats. As soon as this was discovered by Deputy Sammons, he made a sortie and dispersed the occupants. The military then took and held possession of it. All the neighboring roofs were black with accumulated humanity. One of these being in a dilapidated state, suddenly gave way, and precipitated a huge mass of flesh and broadcloth to the earth. Roars and shouts of laughter greeted this ridiculous catastrophe, which, happily, was unattended with any serious results. A chimney also gave way, and landed a cluster of humans into a pile of soot and brickdust. A number of roughs crowded up the stockade like cats and were dispersed by pailsful of water skillfully scattered. The hotels were overwhelmed, and their entire supply of everything, except liquors, gave out in the afternoon. Women and children were promiscuously scattered among the crowd, and in some cases were squeezed and pushed severly. The military force was inadequate for the occasion, as was shown after the execution, when the mob attacked and broke down portions of the stockade."

The Livingston JOURNAL very justly retorts upon us, by citing some of our errors in Orthography &c., one of which is the wrong spelling of the name of the town in which that paper is published.

The Journal man is a practical printer, and when he knows that we are "running" our office entirely with "cubs," he will look upon the imperfections of the REPUBLICAN with a more charitable eye. We sometimes read proof as much as twice to get things right. At other times we are forced to go to press after one reading. In the latter case, after the paper is off, when we find sufficient time from mailing to glance over it, to our disgust we often find that many errors, marked to be corrected, have been overlooked or disregarded by our "cubs." Last week we quoted "Nipped in the bud." Our cub couldn't see any sense in that and put it "Nipped *to* the bud." It was marked to be corrected in the proof; but they preferred the reading as it was, and "Nipped *to* the bud" it appeared, as we found when the entire edition was worked off. They make us spell horribly sometimes.

Last week one of them changed "meeting house;" in a short communication, to "*church*," and thus changed the meaning of the article entirely. Thus it is every week. Generally those articles on which we have bestowed the most care and attention come out fullest of errors. None but the initiated can appreciate the silent rage with which an editor beholds, after the edition is off, his classic allusions butchered, his choicest words horribly spelled, his most carefully framed sentences ungrammatically put up. Ten to one this article will contain a dozen errors, because we may not have the time to read the prooff forty-four times to see if those we really mark have been corrected. We thank our Livingston neighbor for furnishing us the text for such an explanation.

The Santa Clara ARGUS, one of the best Democratic papers in California, says of the Radical party in that State:

"It has met the reward of its wickedness in a brief career, leaving only a black record of crimes against liberty and free institutions to mark on the page of history its brief existence and inglorious demise."

Telegraphic.

FROM CALIFORNIA.

San Francisco, June 4.—Judge Dwinnell overruled the exceptions and sentenced Mrs. Fair to be hanged on the 28th of July.

FROM LOUISIANA.

New Orleans, June 4.—All that portion of the city west of Galvez street, and between old and new Canal street, is partially flooded, caused by heavy rains and crevasses in the canal levees, and the Bonnet Carre crevasse. East and southeast winds, for the past two days are driving in a heavy stream from the Gulf, which causes an unusual rise in Lake Ponchartrain. The rain and unfavorable winds continue, causing the apprehension that the city west of Claiborne street will be flooded. Milneburg and the lake end of Ponchartrain Railroad are several inches under water. The New Orleans, Mobile and Texas Railroad from Fort McComb to the Rigolettes, about twelve miles, is partially flooded.

Later—The crevasse in the canal levee at the foot of Hagan Avenue is one hundred and twenty-five feet wide and four feet deep, and the water is pouring into the city.—Another break is reported on the inner levee on old Canal street tonight. All that portion of the city between the two canals and west of Claiborne street will be flooded before morning.

New Orleans, June 5.—The body of George A. Feeret, vice president of the Union Bank, was found in the new canal this morning opposite Hagan avenue. He was last seen at the Half-way House on Friday evening. Joseph Fersand was drowned in Canal street yesterday.

The flood is increasing. The water is as near up Canal street as Rampart street. With the exception of the neutral ground on Canal street, which, is not entirely covered east of Claiborne street there is an unbroken sheet of water from Villery street to the Metairre bridge, and from the new to the old basin, an area of five or six miles, including about 300 thickly inhabitants of this quarter, especially among the poorer classes, is very great. Thousands living in single story houses have moved out, while most of these living in two story houses have been compelled to move into second-stories. Back of Claiborne street. On Canal there is an average depth of two feet of water. The city authorities seem to be doing all they can to allevate the sufferings of the people. Every available boat and skiff has been brought into use.—Policemen may be seen moving in almost every direction, rendering such assistance as they can, moving those who are in danger and distributing provisions to the needy. The damage by this overflow cannot be estimated with any degree of certainty. The shrubbery and gardens have all been ruined, houses damaged and property depreciated. The overflow directly from the Lake on Gentillity road quarter has caused a heavy loss in the destructions of many fine market gardens. Milnesburg and the Ponchartrain Railroad from Gentillity station are still overflowed. The water in the Lake is receding slowly. A train came through from Mobile on Saturday, on the Chattanooga Railroad. A passenger reports about four miles of the road under water. A Jackson Railroad passenger, who came in this morning, reports that road under water for seven miles north of Manchack.

FRANCE.

Paris, June 7.—*Patri* demands vigorous measures for the suppression of the Comunists tendencises.

In Provinces the Arsenals and Navy Yards are directed to employ French instead of foreign artizans."

Versailles, June 7.—Twenty-five women killed. Fifty injured by railroad accident near Paris.

It is said Jules Ferva will be Minister to Washington.

ENGLAND.

London, June 7.—The *Times'* special says: The postponement of Rochefor's trial is due to the apprehension of disclosures compromising the movement of the national defences.

Felix Pyatt is in Switzerland.

Theirs insists upon giving the republic a fair trial.

FROM CALIFORNIA.

San Francisco, June 5.—Australian George, *alias* Portugese Joe, who murdered Miss McDaniel because she refused to marry him, was hunted out of his hiding place in the mountains near Cherokee to-day, shot, and his body burned to ashes by the infuriated citizens.

The coming election for President of the Republic of Mexico, is heralded by portents of a more than usual fiery and turbulent description. They hang over that country, like the aerial sword over the Holy City of Judea, previous to its destruction by the Roman, forces under Titus. In all parts of Mexico revolutionary movements are on foot. Some of them are of great breadth, menacing the peace of whole States. Others are individual matters, confined to a few persons and a small space of territory. In Tampico, the discontents are in ascendency, and favor the choice of Lerdo, while in San Luis Potosi, so fearful has Juarez become of the state of affairs that General Escobedo has been ordered to organize a force of four thousand men in order to preserve peace during the coming election. Congress has been organized in the interest of the Anti-Juarez party, party, and Lerdo is using his money to corrupt both legislators and soldiers. The present chances are in favor of Juarez. But whoever is chosen will find a bitter oposition awaiting him, from which the country will suffer in the future as it has in the past.

SPECIAL TO THE ROME COMMERCIAL.

Talladega, June 8.—George M. Kline was shot and instantly killed near this city last night by T. T. McAdams, a jeweler of this place. It was a personal difficulty. No arrests have been made.

The Presbyterian Synodical Institute building caught fire to-day but was saved by the exertions of the citizens. Damage light.

CALIFORNIA.

San Francisco, June 8.—A tremendous hurricane has occurred in the vicinity of the Fejee Island. The brig Kentucky from San Francisco for Melbourne foundered. All were lost, including the Captain's wife.

There have been great floods in New South Wales causing immense losses, including the wheat crop.

The gold yield is increasing, but there is a new disease killing sheep by the thousand.

NEW YORK.

New York, June 8.—The *World* has a cable dispate from Paris, dated to-day, which says that Marquis Gallifat was assasinated to-day by the widow of a Communist who was shot by his order.

ALABAMA.

Montgomery, June 8.—The Alabama and Chattanooga Railroad Company, better known as Stanton's Road, was to-day placed in bankruptcy by Judge Busteed of the United States District Court. The petition was made by W. A. C. Jones, an Alabama creditor, whose claim is about fifteen thousand dollars. E. H. Grandin and John F. Bailly are appointed temporary custodians, pending the election of an assignee by the creditors.

WASHINGTON.

Washington, June 8.—Walter T. Shipp, route agent from Norfolk to Raleigh; has been arrested on a charge of violation of the postal laws.

Gen Sherman, writing to the New York *Herald* from Fort Sill, says: "Now as to politics, I think all my personal friends know my deep-seated antipathy to the subject, yet as you seem not to understand me, I hereby state and mean all that I say, that I never have been and never will be a candidate for President; that if nominated by either party I should peremptorily decline, and even if unanimously elected, I should decline; to serve. If you can find language stronger to convey this meaning, you are at liberty to use it. I am your obedient servant,

W. T. SHERMAN."

It is significant of the future that the French Commission reports in favor of the adoption in France of the Prussian military system, by which every man is obliged to render compulsory military service to the State. This indicates that France is determined to regain her old position among the nations as a first-class power. It is suggestive of a future settlement with Germany. The fact is, as long as the latter power is thus securely armed, all being soldiers, no neighboring nation can neglect the same precaution with safety to itself. There must be upon the part of all either a general disarmament, which France proposed in 1867, or a general arming of Europe.

Cincinnati Gaz.

THE SOUTH CAROLINA LAND AND IMMIGRATION ASSOCIATION AN IMPORTANT ENTERPRISE.

(*From the Charleston Courier, March 28th.*)

By reference to the advertising columns of this morning's Courier, it will be perceived that an important enterprise has just entered upon its inception in Charleston. Generals M. C. Butler and M. W. Gary, and our fellowtownsman, John Chadwick, Esq., have entered into an association for the purpose of facilitating and promoting imigration into our State. The importance of this enterprise will at once be perceived, and it will be equally apparent that in order to make it a success, our people throughout the State will have to lend their cordial assistance to it. The Association proposes to establish agencies in the principle cities of Europe, and the North and North-west, for the purpose of inducing immigration, and assisting such persons who may desire to come to the State and become permanent settlers upon the soil. The land proprietors throughout the State, to whom particularly immigration is of the vastest importance, can facilitate the association by offering their surplus lands for sale on easy terms of credit. The Association proposes to negotiate the purchase of such lands for immigrants, and calls upon its friends to furnish it at once with the information as to the amount of land they may have to dopose of. The names of the gentlmen who from the Association are a sufficient gurantee of its reliability and we commend the enterprise to the support and encouragement of our citizens, with our best wishes for its success.

WHITE LABOR IN SOUTH CAROLINA.—The Agricultural and Mechanical Society of S. C. seem determined to introduce reliable labor into the State, and accordingly we find that one of the most gigantic enterprises ever undertaken in the South is now on foot in Charleston. As will be seen by an advertisement in another column, an Immigration Association has been organized for the purpose of securing settlers upon their lands, and in order to raise the necessarily large capital required, they have adopted the expedient of a series of Gift Concerts, to begin in Charleston in October; the ticket holders of which will be participants in the grandest opportunity ever offered to become rich at a small risk and with a clear conscience. The number of tickets issued is 150,000, and the price is five dollars each.

The first prize is the Academy of Music, including stores, music halls, &c., built at a cost of $230,000. The second prize is one hundred thousand dollars in cash, the third is twenty-five thousand dollars; the fourth is ten thousand dollars, and the fifth is five thousand dollars, besides which, there are twenty four hundred gifts varying from ten to one thousand dollars. The scheme has the unqualified endorsement of the best citizens of South Carolina, men known in all parts of the United States.

Generals Butler and Gary were both distinguished officers in the Confederate service, the former having lost a leg at Brandy Station, one of the most hotly contested cavalry fights of the war. Both belong to old families in Carolina, and have been doing their best since the war to restore peace in their State under the United States Government, Gen. Butler having been a candidate for Lieutenant Governor under the Reform party, which acknowledged the political equality of the races. Mr. Chadwick is a Northern gentleman of large means, who has settled in Charleston, and devoted his wealth, energy and enterprise to the recuperation of the South. He is at present the owner of the Academy of Music in Charleston and other valuable real estate in South Carolina.

An editor having read an article in *Hall's Journal of Health* advising that husband and wife should sleep in separate rooms, says: Dr. Hall can sleep where and where he chooses, but for himself he intends to sleep where he can defend his wife against rats and all other nocturnal foes as long as he has one to defend.

Mark Twain has been troubled with a lightning rod man, to get rid of him addressed him as follows:

Let us have peace, I shrieked. Put some on the kitchen! put a dozen on the barn! put a couple on the cow! scatter them all over the persecuted place till it looks like a zinc-plated spiral-twisted, silver mounted cane-brake! Move! Use up all the material you can get your hands on, and when you run out of lightning rods, put ram rods, cam rods, stair rods, pistol rods—anything that will pander to your dismal appetite for artificial scenery and bring respite to my raging brain, and healing to my lacerated soul!

J. M. ELLIOTT — C. G. SAMUEL.

Elliott & Samuel

COTTON FACTORS,

Warehouse and Commission Merchants,

Rome Ga.

Real Estate Agents,

AGENTS FOR THE STEAMBOAT LINE ON THE COOSA RIVER, AND ALSO General Receiving and Forwarding Agents.

We compress through cotton without delay saving thereby to the shipper, 40 cents per bag besides putting the cotton in much better condition for transportation and handling when in market.

JACKSONVILLE

Iron Foundry.

STRAIN & VEITCH Prop's.

This Foundry is now in full blast. All kinds of castings done promptly and to order. Bills filled for all kinds of

Hollow Ware,
Mill & Gin Gear,
Iron Railing,
Grates,
Plows, &c., &c.,

A liberal patronage solicited

Address, STRAIN & VEACH
mch25—1y — Jacksonville, Ala.

CONFECTIONERY!

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVING Established himself in the old S and of J. B. Turnley & Co., at the present Post Office, and Express Office Stand, would inform the Public that he has opened up a complete

Confectionery Establishment

in Jacksonville; and that henceforth he will keep every article in his line, from the finest and choicest to the very cheapest. The Ladies and others are urged to call and examine the stock now on hand. Come and take a look whether you buy or not.

Candies of the Freshest kind, Jellies (all flavors.) Pickles, Fruits &c &c.

Comprise a portion of the stock on hand.

AGENTS FOR

Andes Fire Insurance Co.,
Great Western Gun Works.
Avenue Paint Company.
Five Dollar Washing Machine.

Received a fresh supply of confectioneries, candies, nuts, crackers &c.,

Very Respectfully,
Wm. T. ALEXANDER.
apr8 1871—tf.

To the Teachers of Calhoun County.

The Board of Directors will meet in Jacksonville on the first Monday in July, and on Wednesday following "the teachers Institute," by order of the Board.

J. C. McAULEY,
Pres. & C. Supt.

June 8th, 1871.

The law makes it a part of the duties of County Superintendent, to organize Teachers Institutes, and in obedience to this requirement I invite all the Public Teachers in the county, to meet in Jacksonville, July 5th. We are engaged in a vocation which demands united effort, and frequent consultations.—Mechanics meet and consult for mutual benefit, tradesmen of every class, merchants, ministers, even the Press, one of the levers by which education moves the world; all avail themselves of this powerful means, not only for success as a whole, but for individual advancement. And shall we prove sluggish and indifferent, when the success of so many other interests depends upon the manner in which we use ours. At the close of this meeting, all Teachers *present* whose reports are properly made out, will be promptly paid for the qr. ending June 5th, send your reports for June, by mail to Jacksonville promptly, in time for the meeting of Directors.

J. C. McAULEY,
County Superintendent.

THE AGE.

Daily & Weekly.

The Leading DEMOCRATIC Newspaper in Pennsylvania. Price Low. Contents Varied. Unsurpassed, Unequaled.

The DAILY contains able editorials, all the latest local, American and Foreign news by Associated Press and Cable, New York and Washington correspondence, etc.

The WEEKLY combines literature with news of the day. In its columns are Stories, Poetry, Departments for Ladies and Children, Agricultural Items, Sunday Reading, etc.

TERMS:

DAILY.	
For one year	$8 00
For six months	4 25
WEEKLY.	
One copy, one year	$1 50
Ten copies, one year	12 50

When sent to one person, twenty copies $20, with one copy gratis for a club of twenty or more for one year.

☞ Subscriptions payable invariably in advance. Drafts on Philadelphia or Post-office Orders, payable to the order of the Publishers, being safer, are preferable to any other mode of remittance. All who send money by Express must prepay Express charges.

SPECIMEN COPIES SENT FREE ON APPLICATION.

All Communications should be addressed to

ROBB & BIDDLE Proprietors.

AGE BUILDING,

Nos. 14 & 16 South Seventh Street
Philadelphia.

THE

GERMANIA TANNING CO.

MANUFACTURERS OF ALL KINDS OF

UPPER, SOLE AND HARNESS LEATHER,

JACKSONVILLE, Ala.

Highest market rates paid for HIDES and TALLOW.

JACOB ROSENBERG,
Dec. 14, 1869. *Sup't.*

Dr. C. C. Porter will hereafter be in Jacksonville the first week in each month to attend to any duties connected with his profession. Parties in need of his services would do well to remember this.

mar11—tf.

Virginia and Tennessee.

AIR-LINE RAILWAY.

Through rates by the Air-Line, always as low as the published tariff of any competing route.

Freights run through without break of Bulk. All claims promptly adjusted by Thos. Pickney claim agent at Norfolk Va.,

OFFICES.

Boston, 87 Washington street; New York, 303 Broadway; Philadelphia corner Washington Avenue and Swanson street; Baltimore, 154 west Baltimore street.

C. E. EVANS,
General Eastern Agent.

MISSOURI DEMOCRAT.

PROSPECTUS FOR 1871.

To the newspaper reading world the "MISSOURI DEMOCRAT" needs neither introduction nor commendation. Its now well established success enables us to enlarge our plans and pledge a more extended usefulness in the future.

Devoted to the principles of the Republican party, the "DEMOCRAT" will continue to advocate them with independence and fearlessness, knowing no authority but conviction, asking no deference but to reason and truth, and expecting only the applause of earnest and thinking Republicans.

As a newspaper the "DEMOCRAT" will be surpassed by no other in either the extent, value, variety or accuracy of its intelligence, fresh daily from all quarters of the globe.

TERMS.

DAILY,	per year,	$ 12 00
"	for six months,	6 00
"	club of five,	55 00
"	club of ten,	100 00
"	including Sunday	14 00
TRI-WEEKLY,	per year,	6 00
"	per six months,	3 00
"	club of five,	27 50
"	club of ten,	50 00
WEEKLY,	per year,	2 00
"	club of five,	7 50
"	club of ten,	13 50
"	club of twenty,	25 00
"	club of fifty,	60 00

All persons acting as agents will be allowed twenty per cent. commissions on full subscription price, and ten per cent. on the club rates.

Send Remittances by Express, registered letters in the mail, money orders, or bank drafts, where they can be obtained, otherwise by regular mail.

Address
McKEE, FISHBACK & CO.,
Missouri Democrat; St. Louis, Mo.

ASSIGNEE'S NOTICE OF APPOINTMENT.

In the District Court of the United States FOR THE Northern District of Alabama.
In Bankruptcy.

In the matter of Daniel T. Ryan.
Bankrupt

To Whom it may Concern: The undersigned Henry A. Earns hereby gives notice of his appointment as Assignee of the Estate of Daniel T. Ryan of Alabama in the County of Calhoun in said District; and who was, adjudged Bankrupt upon the Petition of himself, by the District Court of the United States for said District.

Dated at Jacksonville, the 7th day of June, A. D., 1871.

HENRY A. EARNS,
Assignee.

IN BANKRUPTCY.

Meeting of the Creditors.

Notice is hereby given, that a second General Meeting of the creditors of the Estate of Daniel T. Ryan, (Bankrupt;) will be held at Jacksonville, Ala. on the 22nd day of June, A. D. 1871, at 10 o'clock A. M., at the office of Jas. W. Burke Esq., Register in Bankruptcy for Northern District of Ala., for the purpose of declaring a final Dividend of the said Estate.

HENRY A. EARNS,
Assignee D. T. Ryan.

june10—3t

REMINISCENCES —OF— PUBLIC MEN IN ALABAMA.

The undersigned is preparing a work, which he desires soon to publish, entitled "REMINISCENCES OF PUBLIC MEN IN ALABAMA FOR THIRTY YEARS. It will embrace a review of the administration of the several Governors since 1837, with biographical sketches of prominent men in the Legislature and Judicial departments, including members of Congress, and also a Record of Public Officers since the organization of the State Government in 1819. A brief history of the Banking System, Relief Laws, the condition and the winding up of the Banks will also be given.

Other matters of public interest will be introduced, the whole work forming a volume of about seven hundred pages, to be printed on good paper and neatly bound.

At $4 a Copy, Payable on Delivery.

Persons who wish to obtain copies will be supplied by furnishing their names and places of residence to the undersigned, whose address by mail, is Wetumpka, Ale.

W. GARRETT,
Late Secretary of State.

$500,000

TO BE GIVEN AWAY!

THE SOUTH CAROLINA

Land & Immigration Association

Under the auspices of the South Carolina State Agricultural and Mechanical Society, will give a series of CONCERTS, at the Academy of Music, Charleston, S. C., commencing October 1st, 1871, for the purpose of raising a fund to enable emigrants to settle upon land selected by the Association for homes of Northern and European farmers and others, in the State of South Carolina, and for their transportation thither and support for the first year.

REFERENCES IN SOUTH CAROLINA—General Wade Hampton, Hon. B. F. Perry, Governor M. L. Bonham, General Johnson Hagood, Hon. Armistead Burt, Hon. Jas. Chesnut, General John S. Preston, Hon. W. D. Simpson, Andrew Simonds, Esq., Hon. G. A. Trenholm, Governor J. L. Manning, Hon. J. B. Campbell.

$500,000 to be awarded to the Ticket Holders of the Series of Concerts to commence on the First of October, 1871, at the Academy of Music, Charleston, S. C., on which day the Drawing commences.

150,000 Season Tickets of Admission, and no more, at $5 each.

All the premiums, including Deed and Certificate of Title to Academy of Music, will be deposited with the National Bank of the Republic, New York.

$500,000 IN GIFTS.

1st Gift Academy of Music Charleston S. C., cost to build $230,000, having an annual rental of about $20,000 from Opera House, Stores and Halls; the building being about 230 feet by 60, and situated corner of King and Market streets, in the centre of the city, and well known to be the finest building and most valuable property in Charleston; valued at 250,000

2nd.	Gift—Cash			100,000
3d.	Gift—Cash			25,000
4th.	Gift—Cash			10,000
5th.	Gift—Cash			5,000
25.	Gifts—Cash	each	$1,000	25,000
25.	Gifts—Cash	each	500	12,500
350.	Gifts—Cash	each	100	35,000
250.	Gifts—Cash	each	50	12,500
500.	Gifts—Cash	each	25	12,500
1250	Gifts—Cash	each	10	12,500

2,404 Gifts, amount to $500,000

BUTLER, CHADWICK, GARY & CO.,

AGENTS SOUTH CAROLINA LAND AND IMMIGRATION ASSOCIATION.

General M. C. Butler,
John Chadwick, Esq.,
General M. W. Gary, } Charleston, S. C.,

COMMISSIONERS AND SUPERVISORS OF DRAWING:

General A. R. Wright, of Georgia.
General Bradley T. Johnson, of Virginia.
Colonel B. H. Rutledge of South Carolina.
Hon. Roger A. Pryor, of New York.

June16—3mo.

ROWAN DEAN & co.

Are constantly receiving fresh supplies of DRY GOODS, Ready made Clothing, Boots & Shoes HARDWARE Crockery, Sole and upper Leather, Paints and Oils, Tobacco, COFFEE, SUGAR, MOLASSES, BACON &c., &c., to which they especially invite the attention of the community; ESPECIALLY of those who want to buy for CASH; and they pledge themselves to sell any goods in their line as low for CASH as they can be bought in the town or county.

Jacksonville March 11 1871.

P. S. All who have not closed their account with me will please delay it no longer, as I am compelled to have the money and it is *very* inconvenient to keep two sets of books open.

P. ROWAN.

Spring and Summer of 1871.

TITSWORTH, SCOTT & CO.

—WHOLESALE DEALERS IN—

CLOTHING!

6 COURT SQUARE, 6

500 Plantation Suits, at $1 50.
50 doz. Plantation Pants, at $6 50 per doz.
50 doz. Duck Pants, at $9 50 per doz.
100 doz. Cottonade Pants, from $7 50 to $12 00 per doz.
50 doz. Cheap Linen Coats.
20 Cases Cheap Wool Hats.
50 doz. Cheap Shirts.

And other goods too numerous to mention, suitable for country trade.

To our customers and patrons in
RETAIL DEPARTMENT.
We would say, our stock of

FINE CLOTHING

IS LARGE AND COMPLETE

A full line of Black, Olive, Brown, Dahlia, Blue, and Wine colored Coats, Pants and Vests, in double-breasted Frock, single breasted Frock, Chesterfield, Derby, and other cuts.

Cheviot Suits of all grades.
Harfiss' Mixed Cassimere Suits.
Blue Flannel Suits, in Frock, Sack and Derbys.
The finest White shirts in the market—Dixie sure Fit
Colored Percalles, open behind, latest style of cut
Hats, a full line of Ventilated and all styles for summer, either by case or at retail.
Gants, all styles.
Umbrellas, Guanaco and other make.
Trunks, Valises, Hand Bags, &c &c.
All which are for sale for CASH, at prices defying competition.

Remember the Old Reliable House.

6 Court Square.
MONTGOMERY ALA.,
apr22—3m.

HARDWARE!

B. L. WYMAN,

Successor to
HALL, MOSES & ROBERTS,
has removed to
No. 3 COURT SQUARE,

SIGN OF THE PADLOCK,

MONTGOMERY ALA.

Where the readers of the REPUBLICAN are invited to examine one of

THE LARGEST
AND
Best Assorted Stock,

Ever brought to Montgomery consisting of Hardware, Iron and Steel, Nails, Castings, and Cutlery, Stoves, Tin Ware and House-keeping goods,

Agricultural Implements
PLOWS, HOES, CHAINS, &c.

The celebrated
Fashion Cook Stove.

B. L. WYMAN,
SIGN OF THE PADLOCK,
MONTGOMERY ALA.,
apr29—6m.

Administrators Notice.

Letters of Administration on the Estate of Patten Brothers deceased, having been granted to the undersigned, by the Probate Court of Calhoun county, Ala., on the 10th day of April, 1871: Notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against said Estate, to present them, legally authenticated, within the time prescribed by law, or they will be barred; and all persons indebted to said Estate are notified to make immediate payment.

P. H. BROTHERS, Adm'r with the will annexed.

CONSUMPTION,

Its Cure and Its Preventive,

BY J. H. SCHENCK, M. D.

MANY a human being has passed away, for whose death there was no other reason than the neglect of known and indisputably proven means of cure. Those near and dear to family and friends are sleeping the dreamless slumber into which, had they calmly adopted

DR. JOSEPH H. SCHENCK'S SIMPLE TREATMENT,

and availed themselves of his wonderfully efficacious medicines, they would not have fallen.

Dr. Schenck has in his own case proved that wherever sufficient vitality remains, that vitality, by his medicines and his directions for their use, is quickened into healthful vigor.

In this statement there is nothing presumptuous. To the faith of the invalid is made no representation that is not a thousand times substantiated by living and visible works. The theory of the cure by Dr. Schenck's medicines is as simple as it is unfailing. Its philosophy needs no argument. It is self-assuring, self-convincing.

The Seawood Tonic and Mandrake Pills are the first two weapons with which the citadel of the malady is assailed. Two-thirds of the cases of consumption originate in dyspepsia and a functionally disordered liver. With this condition the bronchial tubes "sympathizing" with the stomach. They respond to the morbific action of the liver. Here then comes the culminating result, and the setting in, with all its distressing symptoms, of

CONSUMPTION.

The Mandrake Pills are composed of one of Nature's noblest gifts—the Podophillum Peltatum. They possess all the blood-searching, alterative properties of calomel, but unlike calomel, they

"LEAVE NO STING BEHIND."

The work of cure is now beginning. The vitiated and mucous deposits in the bowels and in the alimentary canal are ejected. The liver, like a clock, is wound up. It arouses from its torpidity. The stomach acts responsively, and the patient begins to feel that he is getting, at last,

A SUPPLY OF GOOD BLOOD.

The Seawood Tonic, in conjunction with the Pills, permeates and assimilates with the food. Chilification is now progressing without its previous tortures. Digestion becomes painless, and the cure is seen to be at hand. There is no more flatulence, no exacerbation of the stomach. An appetite sets in.

Now comes the greatest Blood Purifier ever yet given by an indulgent father to suffering man. Schenck's Pulmonic Syrup comes in to perform its functions and to hasten and complete the cure. It enters at once upon its work. Nature cannot be cheated. It collects and ripens the impaired and diseased portions of the lungs. In the form of gatherings, it prepares them for expectoration, and lo! the rotten throne it occupied is renovated and made new, and the patient, in all the dignity of regained vigor, steps forth to enjoy the manhood or the womanhood that was,

GIVEN UP AS LOST.

The second thing is, the patients must stay in a warm room until they get well; it is almost imposible to prevent taking cold when the lungs are diseased, but it must be prevented or a cure cannot be effected. Fresh air and riding out, especially in the section of the country in the fall and winter season, are all wrong. Physicians who recommend that course lose their patients, if their lungs are badly diseased, and yet, because they are in the house they must not sit down quiet; they must walk about the room as much and as fast as the strength will bear, to get up a good circulation of blood. The patients must keep in good spirits—be determined to get well. This has a great deal to do with the appetite, and is the great point to gain.

To despair of cure after such evidence of its possibility in the worst cases, and moral certainty in all others, is sinful. Dr. Schenck's personal statement to the Faculty of his own cure was in these modest words:

"Many years ago I was in the last stages of consumption; confined to my bed, and at one time my physicians thought that I could not live a week; then, like a drowning man catching at straws, I heard of and obtained the preparations which I now offer to the public, and they made a perfect cure of me. It seemed to me that I could feel them penetrate my whole system. They soon ripened the matter in my lungs, and I would spit up more than a pint of offensive yellow matter every morning for a long time.

As soon as that began to subside my cough, fever, pain and night sweats began to leave me, and my appetite became so great that it was with difficulty that I could keep from eating too much. I soon gained my strength and have grown in flesh ever since."

"I was weighed shortly after my recovery," added the Doctor, "then looked like a mere skeleton; my weight was only ninety-seven pounds; my present weight is two hundred and twenty-five (225) pounds, and for years I have enjoyed uninterrupted health."

Dr. Schenck has discontinued his professional visits to New York and Boston. He or his son, Dr. J. H. Schenck, Jr., still continue to see patients at their office, No. 15 North Sixth street Philadelphia, every Saturday from 9 A. M. to 3 P. M. Those who wish a thorough examination with the Respirometer will be charged $5. The Respirometer declares the exact condition of the lungs, and patients can readily learn whether they are curable or not.

The directions for taking the medicines are adapted to the intelligence even of a child. Follow these directions, and kind Nature will do the rest, excepting that in some cases the Mandrake Pills are to be taken in increased doses; the three medicines need no other accompaniments than the ample instructions that accompany them: First create appetite. Of returning health hunger is the most welcome symptom. When it comes, as it will come, let the despairing at once be of good cheer. Good blood at once follows, the cough loosens, the night sweat is abated. In a short time both of these morbid symptoms are gone forever.

Dr. Schenck's medicines are constantly kept in tens of thousands of families. As a laxative or purgative, the Mandrake Pills are a standard preparation; while the Pulmonic Syrup, as a curer of coughs and colds, may be regarded as a propnylacteric against consumption in any of its forms.

Price of the Pulmonic Syrup and Seawood Tonic, $1.50 a bottle, or $7.50 a half dozen. Mandrake Pills, 25 cents a box. For sale by all druggists and dealers.

John F. Henry 8 College Place New York, Wholesale Agents.

Oct 29 1870 1y—May 6 1871.

Door, Blind and Sash MANUFACTORY.

THE undersigned is now prepared to manufacture, of the best materials, and in the neatest and most durable manner, any of the above named articles for persons who may desire them, at Rome prices.

Apply to, or address,

T. W. PITT,
Jacksonville, Ala.

Aug. 6, 1870.

HANEY & FOSTER,

Attorneys at Law,

SELMA, ... ALABAMA.

WILL practice in all the State and United States Courts in Alabama.

Feb 11—1y.

LIVERY STABLE,

Sign of the Horned Horse.

BY S. C. KELLY — Oxford, Ala.

Prepared with Horses and Mules and any kind of wheels from a wheel barrow to a log wagon, with teams and drivers to let on liberal terms. Buy or Sell if convinced there is money about for me. Sell cheap for cash. Feed and take care of stock. Cash business strictly.

Jacksonville Post Office Directory.

Arrivals and Departures of the Mails.

Northern Mail closes 7 P. M.—Arrives 5 15 A. M.—Daily.

Southern Mail closes 9 P. M.—Arrives 8 30 P. M.—Daily.

Gadsden Mail closes 6 30 A. M.—Arrives 3 P. M.—6 times a week.

Ashville Mail closes 1 P. M.—Arrives 12 A. M.—Tuesday and Friday.

Edwardsville Mail closes 6 A. M.—Arrives 7 P. M.—Monday and Tuesday.

Tallapoosa Mail closes 6 A. M.—Arrives 6 P. M.—Wednesday and Thursday.

Post Office will be kept open from 5 30 A. M. until 10 P. M. during the week; and from 6 A. M. until 9 A. M. and 5 P. M. until 6 P. M. on Sunday. All who owe newspaper postage for the 2nd quarter, 1871, are requested to call and settle.

Announcements of the names of Candidates for office above Constable and Justice of the Peace, $5 00, cash.

Announcements for Justice of the Peace or Constable $3 00, cash.

The latest announcement is always placed last in the list.

Communications setting forth the claims of Candidates to office, will be charged at half advertising rates.

FOR TREASURER.

In obedience to the wishes of many of his friends, we announce the name of

LARKIN W. CANNON,

as a Candidate for the office of County Treasurer.

For Tax Collector

We are authorized to announce the name of

THOS. P. SAVAGE,

as a Candidate for the office of Tax Collector.

We are authorized to announce the name of

H. P. WHITESIDES,

as a candidate for the office of Tax Collector.

We are authorized to announce the name of

WYLY WOODALL,

for the office of Tax Collector.

In obedience to the wishes of my friends, I announce my name as a candidate for the Office of Tax Collector.

D. P. WILLIAMS.

We are authorized to announce the name of

SEABORN WOODRUFF

for the office of Tax Collector.

We are authorized to announce the name of

E. McCLELEN, Sr.

as a candidate for the office of Tax Collector.

We are authorized to announce the name of

J. W. McDANIEL,

as a candidate for the office of Tax Collector.

For Tax Assessor.

We are authorized to announce the name of

M. T. LEDBETTER,

as Candidate for the office of Tax Assessor.

We are authorized to announce the name of

B. G. McCLELEN,

as a Candidate for the office of Tax Assessor.

We are authorized to announce the name of

J. M. SHEID,

as a candidate for the office of Tax Assessor.

We are authorized to announce the name of

ALFRED M. MORGAN,

as a candidate for the office of Tax Assessor.

We are authorized to announce the name of

HENRY FITZ,

as a candidate for the office of Tax Assessor.

For County Commissioner.

We are authorized to announce the name of

A. M. STEWART,

as a candidate for County Commissioner.

We are authorized to announce the name of

ROBT. McCAIN Esq.

for the office of County Commissioner.

For Constable.

MR. EDITOR:

The times demand good officers. An Election will be held in November next for Constable in Beat No. 11, (White Plains.) Believing that John Smith is the right man for that place we beg leave to announce his name in your trustworthy paper.

MANY VOTERS.

Proceedings of the Council.

JACKSONVILLE ALA.

MONDAY JUNE 5, 1871.

Council Chamber.

Present.—G. I. Turnley, Intendant. Wm. Dean, L. W. Grant, Joe S. Montgomery, Ed L. Woodward Councilmen.

Minutes of previous meeting read and approved.

On motion—The Marshal was instructed to credit Walter Nesbit with seventy five cents, heretofore paid through error on his taxes.

On motion—The committee on grave-yard, was instructed to purchase lumber and employ a workman to build fence arround the cemetery.

The committee on "water works," unanimously recommend the adoption of "the plan" submitted at last meeting.

And on motion, the report was received, and it was ordered, that an election be held on Monday, June the 19th, for the ratification, or rejection of the same by the people. Jas. Crow, J. D. Privett and Joe S. Montgomery, were appointed managers to hold said election, between the hours of 9 A. M. and 4 P. M. at the Council Chamber.

On motion—It was ordered that the tickets voted in said election, ratifying said plan, shall have written or printed thereon, "MOUNTAIN WATER," and those rejecting said plan, shall have written or printed thereon the words, "NO MOUNTAIN WATER."

On motion—The Treasurer was authorized to duplicate any allowed and registered accounts, if the original account be lost.

Accounts allowed, J. F. & L. W. Grant, $52,25; Stephen McLain, $4,50; A. P. Clark, $3,05; Jas. E. White $9,20.

On motion Council adjourned until next regular meeting.

JOE S. MONTGOMERY, Sec'y. Pro-tem.

Jacksonville Water Works.

It will be seen by reference to the proceedings of the Town Council, on the 5th inst., that they have determined to refer the matter of having an abundant supply of water to a vote of the citizens of the Town, to be taken on Monday the 19th inst. The plan proposed is the one submitted at a previous meeting, published in our last paper; and which by the way we will here state contained several typographical errors, for which the author is not responsible.

The necessity, importance, convenience and advantages of having an abundant supply of water for the Town, has been admitted since its first settlement, often canvassed, but never effectively acted upon. The question has been recently revived with more earnestness. No place possesses more advantages for having such works, economically constructed, either from the town spring, or from the mountain one and a fourth mile distant. The latter being free-stone water, is preferred by many; and besides, brought from the mountain, could be placed sufficiently high, and so constructed, as to be almost a perfect safeguard against fire, in addition to all the other uses and advantages to which water is applied.

The Town Council now propose if sustained by a vote of the citizens, to have the water brought from the mountain upon a plan which will not increase the present rate of taxation. With this understanding, the citizens of the Town will surely vote to sustain the proposition, and leave its execution to a competent, efficient and energetic Council.

Jacksonville a Summer Resort.

Some weeks since, in consequence of the reception of numerous letters of enquiry, we made a request through this paper, that families who were willing to take boarders during the Summer months, would let us know it. A sufficient number have now responded to this request, to make it safe for us to say to our friends in South Alabama and elsewhere, that they may now come on without fear of disappointment.

We know that it is totally unnecessary for us here to recapitulate the many advantages possessed by this place for those in quest of health and recreation. We are already aware that it is their first choice; and that the fear that they might be disappointed in getting suitable accommodations, was the only cause of their instituting enquiry, or hesitating for a moment. Hence we have made the statement above for their satisfaction, and to save the labor of answering numerous private letters.

Will our brethren of the Montgomery ADVERTISER, and Selma TIMES and ARGUS do us a favor to briefly mention the fact stated in first paragraph?

HON. A. J. WALKER, formerly a citizen of our county, and late Chief Justice of the Supreme Court, paid a short visit to our Town this week, on his return from Chattanooga to Montgomery. Many of his old friends and acquaintances had the pleasure of exchanging friendly greetings with him. His health, though not good, seems considerably improved of late.

The citizens of Springville, St. Clair county; held a public meeting on the 22nd ult., at which they passed resolutions, condemning in the strongest terms the attempt of some evil disposed persons to place obstructions on the track of the Ala. & Chattanooga Railroad, and offering a reward of $150 for the apprehension of the guilty parties. They also passed resolutions, acknowledging the incalculable benefits derived from the road, and expressing their confidence in the honesty of intention of J. C. Stanton to pay off the indebtedness of the road as soon as practicable.

AN APPEAL FOR THE LADIES

To the Voters of the Incorporation.

Vote for free-stone mountain water. Free-stone water saves half the soap, half the labor, and half the injury to clothes washed in lime-stone water, and is promotive of health.

FRIEND OF THE LADIES.

The entertainment given by the young ladies and gentlemen of Jacksonville, at the College building, on Tuesday evening May 30th, mentioned in our last, proved so highly satisfactory and gratifying to the audience, that they were prevailed upon to repeat it; which they did with some variations on Monday evening last, the net proceeds to be applied to improvements of the grave-yard. The audience in attendance on the last performance, though not quite so large, was equally well pleased. Those engaged in the concert, tableaux, charades and plays, without a single exception, performed their parts admirably, evincing musical and dramatic talent of a high order. We have not been informed of the amount of proceeds realized.

COL. JOSEPH HODGSON, State Superintendent of Public Instruction, will address the citizens of Calhoun county at Oxford, on the 28th of June, inst., on the subject of Education. As this may be the only day he can spend in the county, Teachers and others who may wish to hear him would do well to remember the time.

☞The thanks of the editors of this paper are due to that amiable and accomplished lady, Mrs. K. A. HUDSON, for a lot of the finest vegetables of the season; consisting of Irish potatoes, Onions, and red and yellow Beets. One of the potatoes measured 13 inches in circumference, and one of the onions 11 inches. The beets were equally large.

An Incident of the Fair Murder Case—How the Jury Agreed.

The San Jose Patriot of April 28th, contains the following:

On the night of the day that the jury in the Mrs Fair case rendered the verdict, the case and the verdict were the subjects of animated discussion in all the saloons and other public places in San Francisco. Two of the jurors happened to be in one of those saloons, sitting quietly and unobserved in a corner where the verdict was being discussed and the case commented on with much animation. After some time, one of the jurors arose and said: "Gentlemen, my friend here and myself were two of the jurors in that case, and I will tell you how it was decided. During the progress of the trial not one juror had spoken to his fellow-jurors of the case. No one had opened his lips to another in regard to the evidence or any argument; it seemed to be a sealed subject for us all, and when we retired to make up a verdict, no one juror knew anything of the opinion of his fellow-jurors. On entering the jury room, the first thing done was to cut a piece of paper into twelve pieces, and to place a number on each piece from 1 up to 12. These were put in a hat and drawn, and the slip drawn was the number of the juror. On these slips each juror wrote his finding in the case, and when his number was called put into the hat. When I wrote my finding, "Murder in the first degree," I hardly thought there would be another such finding on any of the slips; but when the slips were all deposited and taken out and read, to my great astonishment it was found that each juror, on the first and each ballot, had voted just as I had, "Murder in the first degree."

A TERRIBLE SCEAL.

Steamer Surrounded by an Army of Alligators.

From the Pilatka, Florida, Herald.

A gentleman who has been stopping in our midst for some time gives an account of one of the most terrible scenes ever recorded in the annals of this country. While steaming up the placid waters of the Ocklawaha river he witnessed a conflict which made his hair stand on end, never to be forgotten. After rounding Sackett's Point the stream widens and deepens, and the water at this bend always looked troubled and black. Suddenly the steamer encountered a sea of alligators, floundering and splashing the water in every direction. Their bellowing shocked the foundation of the waters. The captain says that he never heard or witnessed such a scene before and never wishes to again. Before the speed of the little steamer could be checked they found themselves in the midst of these monsters. To back or go ahead was impossible. The passengers endeavared to drive them away by shooting, and the hands on board beat them with hand-spikes, yet they seemed more determined to obstruct the passage of the boat. The situation every moment became critical, and the crew and passengers more and more exhausted, and the destruction of the boat seemed inevitable. Already three colored hands had been devoured by these terrible monsters and several others wounded. Several planks were torn from the hull, and the steamer was with difficulty kept from sinking. Just at this period a source of relief came. A huge serpent appeared, making his way from the lakes—the same, it is supposed, that was seen at "Devil's Elbow" last fall. The alligators soon disappeared following the sea devil, or whatever you may call him, and such fighting never was witnessed. At a point below where the river suddenly narrows, soon became blocked with dead alligators and the water was red with blood. It is difficult to account for the number and sudden appearance of these animals, but the latest theory may throw some light upon the subject. It is believed by many that there is a large subterranean passage of water between the head waters of the Ocklawaha, and the waters of the Okeechobee lake, and that these monsters have found their way here in great numbers, and if not soon exterminated, will obstruct the navigation of the Ocklawaha.

A Desperate but almost Bloodless Duel.

A duel near New Iberia, Louisiana, between two cousins, is thus described by the *Planters' Banner:*

"A feud had existed between the parties for years, even before the younger one of the two was grown. Just one year ago they were required to give bonds in the sum of two hundred dollars each to keep the peace for the space of twelve months, which bond expired on the day previous to the hostile meeting. Immediately after, one of the parties sent word to the other to meet him at the time and place mentioned above, armed with double-barrel shot gun and repeater, charged *ad libitum*. They came within about forty yards of each other, when they commenced firing, which they kept up until each of their charges were exhausted. The young man who was invited to the feast of blood took the precaution to bring an extra repeater, which gave him a very decided advantage over his opponent. After one firing fourteen shots and the other eight they found themselves close together with empty weapons, and neither party badly hurt. They then clubbed their weapons and went in for a rough and tumble fight, when friends interfered, and thus ended the matter for a while at least—not, however, until one of them had received a severe contusion on the head with the butt of a pistol, and the other had one of his nearly torn out. Notwithstanding the great amount of shooting, as we understand, each of the parties received but a slight wound."

☞A late Paris letter says of the part taken by the women of that city in the bloody work at the ramparts and elsewhere: Women carry ammunition to their relatives, reckless of all cross-fire. There is no doubt they keep the men up to their work. I noticed some women at the barricades, quietly sewing, but still 'watching,' and knives in belts. Others were cooking; they will give an account of themselves when the time comes, be assured. At Montmartre another class of 'ladies' take up their quarters, and sit for hours looking through telescopes at the battle raging far in the front. There was something like this in the days of the Fronde, when the parliamentary troops besieged the Royalists in the Battle. The *grandes dames*, from the then aristocratic quarter of the Marais, being assured that the Commander of the Bastile would not fire on them, arrived in sedan chairs, and [illegible] out the spectacle.

From the Columbia (S. C.) Union May 20.

Some Curious Results of Tornadoes Noted by a Careful Observer.

The frequency of tornadoes throughout the South this year renders anything concerning their peculiar freaks of more than ordinary interest. Hardly a week has passed since the breaking up of the winter in which several have not been chronicled, more or less disastrous to life, and always destructive to property. Georgia and Tennessee have been most frequently visited, but other States have had all they desired of those peculiar visit.

The properties of tornadoes are not satisfactorily accounted for by scientific men. In the summer of 1864 we watched one of the monsters—for they can be designated by no other terms—from the first appearence, near the mouth of Wycomico river, on the Virginia shore, from which point it connected with a water-spout, assuming the shape of an hourglass which finally crossed toward Point Lookout, on the Maryland side. After travelling about eight miles the gunboats destroyed the water-spout by firing several shells into it, when the tornado, with lightning velocity, shot up nearly an eighth of a mile, after which it pursued a zigzag course, striking first near the shore destroying several huge commissary buildings as if they were made of straw, and severely wounding many men. It then again shot up in the air, the next decent striking in the midst of a dozen hospitals standing very closely together, and filled, with one exception, with wounded Confederates soldiers. Singularly, the unoccupied building was taken up by the tornado as clean as if moved from the spot in the usual manner, and in its course up again, was carried far out of sight into the bay, leaving no trace of the wreck behind.

On this occasion one spike was picked up by the wind, from among a number which lay upon the warf, and was carried a distance of fifty yards and then deeply lodged in the sholder of a gard on duty, inflicting a serious wound.

In 1867, we watched the course of one of these tornadoes in Georgetown county in this State. After twisting down and uprooting a large number of the huge oaks which formed the avenue on the plantation, some of which were carried long distances, killing cattle and wounding the plantation hands, it shot out into the open field, and struck a trim looking oak of about a foot in diameter, that stood by itself and entirely exposed to the fury of the blast. After the occurrence, we examined this oak, & although it had not been started from its roots, nor had it lost a branch, even to the smallest, the bark was completely taken off from the whole tree, even to the smallest of the twigs, as clean as if done by mechanical skill.

To Make Blackberry Wine

Use ripe berries. To every gallon of the fruit pour half a gallon of boiling water, and let them stand 24 hours. Then pour off the juice (pressing the berries) through a colander into an open vessel.—Strain again through a flannel bag, and to every gallon of juice add two and a half pounds of good clean sugar. Stir it up well and put into demijohns, filling them entirely. These should be kept full to the brim, and for this purpose a bottleful fo the justice should be reserved from which the demijohn should be replenished daily, until fermentation ceases, when the wine should be poured off in an open vessel and clarified in the following manner: Wash sand (half pint will be sufficient for five gallons of wine) until the water will run clear from it. Beat to this the whites of four eggs, and stir into the wine. When it has settled, and the wine looks perfectly clear pour off carefully into demijohns, putting a piece of muslin inside of the funnel. Cork tightly and set in a cold place where it will not be disturbed until December or January.

A few days before bottling, have the bottles well washed, dried and stained. Provide *new* corks.—Have everything in readiness before the bottling begins, including cement for sealing. Strain the wine again into large pitchers, taking particular care not to turn the demijohn back after begining to pour from it, as it stirs up the sediment which is at the bottom. Cover the inside of the funnel with a piece of muslin before placing it in the mouth of the bottle and cork it immediately, driving the cork in with a wooden mallet.—*Never use old corks.* Seal carefully with cement, and keep in a cool place, with necks of the bottles down.

Blackberries differ in quality, some being much sweeter than others, the above process will produce different results, perhaps, in different localities. The berries also differ in the quanity of saccharine matter as they are more or less ripe hence, uniform results can only be attained by the use of a saccharometer, in determining the quanity of sugar to be added. As this is not practicle for the masses, we will state that juice that will float an egg sufficiently high to show a surface the size of a silver quarter, (if that relic of the past age is remembered) will make a wine of sufficent strength. If two and a half pounds of sugar does not make the juice thus heavy, continue to add until the point is reached.—[Rural South-Land.

BLOODY RETALIATION FOR INDIAN OUTRAGES

SAN FRANCISCO, May 11.—The Tucson (Arizona) Citizen, of the 3d ult., has the following:

The suffering and exasperated people have commenced the work of relation on the Indians. Their patience had been remarkable, but the killing of four good citizens, on the San Pedro, by Indians who had been fed and otherwise provided for at Camp Grant, had exhausted it. There is no Indian reservation at Camp Grant, but a few hundred Apaches recently came there, promised peace, and were fed and recruited, and thence went out to steal and murder.—Having tracked the guilty ones to their base of supplies, two weeks ago, the citizens determined to make their power felt, and on the 28th April a few of them, aided by 100 Papago Indians, started on a mission of revenge and self protection. Early on the morning of the 30th, they dashed into the Indian camp, killing 85 savages, and taking 28 children prisoners. A horse, recently stolen from a farmer named Smith, of Tucson, was captured, and some unbroken packages of centre-prime rifle catridges, and a breastpin worth 200, that belonged to a woman recently killed at Ubac, were found on these Indians making it a matter of certainty that they were the same party that killed L. B. Wooster, and the woman on his farm. It is certain that the citizens of Arizona will no longer witness the murder of their fellows, and the stealing of their property, and tamely endure it.

Reunion of the 18th Mississippi Regiment.

A number of the surviving members of this brave old Regiment met in Canton on Thursday. That night, according to the programme arranged at the last meeting, Col. Luce delivered the oration. His address was appropriate, and went home to the hearts of the scarred veterans assembled there. After Col. Luce Judge Cooper, Col. Walter G. Kearney, Col. Singleton and Mr. Newton were called upon, and delivered brief, but touching and eloquent speeches. Among those present on the occasion, was our former fellow citizen, Gen. Thomas M. Griffin, now residing near Edward's Depot. It carried the boys back to the days when the Confederate banner waved above them—when they were marching, bivouacing and bravely fighting—this coming together once more, and with their brave and patriotic old leader acting as chairman of the meeting. God bless the glorious old 18th Regiment! Living or dead, may the gallant heroes who composed it never be forgotten. No State won more glory through the heroism of her soldiers than Mississippi, and none of her regiments can present a brighter record than the old 18th.

Canton Mail.

Beauty.

The largest collection of [illegible] ever published in the United States [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] the finest [illegible] of [illegible] steel engravings and [illegible] [illegible] Company of [illegible] [illegible] P[illegible]

Among the Indians [illegible] Herdon tells us that no tribes of aborigines are found in the deepest forest of South America from the Andes to the Atlantic coast, that do not have [illegible] [illegible] Sallifolk, Boot [illegible] are seen stamped in large red and [illegible] letters upon their garments, while Ayer's Pills and Cherry Pectoral are among the treasures of the habitations. Their native soil furnishes them all their food and most of their remedies, but they suffer from some afflictions which must have the interposition of higher skill. [Sentinel, Liberty, Va.

Good News.

That greatest of Living Remedies, Globe Fowver Cough Syrup is now sold in your Town, so that all may test its great virtues. It contains no Opium in any form, nor any other *poison*. It positively cures CONSUMPTION! Asthma, Bronchetis, Croup, Whooping Cough, Sore throat, Oppression of the chest and spitting of blood. *It is legally warranted* to cure, so that none can be humbugged by it. Just try it and be convinced. Sold by Dr. Nisbet.

apr29 1871—6m.

[From Mrs. Rodner, Hair Dresser and Wig Maker, and dealer in Hair Goods 233 Main St.]

MEMPHIS, Jan 20 1869.

Messrs Mansfield and Bigbee. You ask my opinion in reference to the Louisiana Creole Hair Restorative as to its effects upon the human hair and I cheerfully reply by stating that I have used it myself and furnished numerous customers with a great many dozen bottles, with the following results. It stops the hair from falling out it restore the hair to its orginal color; it does not stain the skin nor soil the clothing. It is a delightful and pleasant Hair Dressing. It cures diseases of the scalp and keeps the hair entirely free from dandruff giving tone and vigor to the secretions; it keeps the head cool and pleasant—in a word, it appears to be Nature's Remedy for supplying the waste or loss of vitality in the human hair, without any injurious effects. I consider it the best hair restorative which has ever been brought to my notice and consider it a success beyond precedent. [illegible] customers [illegible] delighted with its effects. It is [illegible] perfumed, and is very cheap to the consumer.

[illegible]

[illegible] the impurities of the blood during the Summer months, and the long train of terrible diseases which follow. Pemberton's Compound Extract of Stillengia purifies the blood, cures Scrofula in its worst forms, cures Rheumatism, Sypilis and Gout and removes all Mercurial and venerial taint from the system. It is legally warranted to cure. Sold by Dr. Nisbet.

apr29 1871—6m.

A Chapter of Facts.

Space is valuable in a newspaper, and it is therefore proposed in this advertisement to condense a variety of facts, important to the public, into a small compass. Those facts refer to Hostetter's Stomach Bitter—what that celebrated medicine is, and what it will do. In the first place, then, the article is a stimulant, tonic and alterative, consisting of a combination of an absoluteiy pure spirituous agent with the most valuable medicinal vegetable substances that Botanic research has placed at the disposal of the chemist and the physician. These ingredients are compounded with great care, and in such proportions as to produce a preparation which invigorates without exciting the general system, and tones, regulates and controls the stomach, the bowels, the liver, and the minor secretive organs.

What this great restorative will do must be gathored from what it has done. The case of dyspepsia, or any other form of indigestion in which it has been persistently administered without effecting a radical cure, is yet to be heard from, and the same may be said of billous disorders, intermittent fever, nervous affections, general debility, constipation, sick head ache, mental disabilities to which the feeble are so subject. It purifies all the fluids of the body, including the blood, and the gentle stimulus which it imparts to the nervous system is not succeeded by the slightest reaction. This is a chapter of facts which readers, for their own sakes, should mark and remember.

NOTICE!

IN the District Court of the United States for the Northern District of Alabama. In Bankruptcy. In the matter of WM. [illegible] WHITE, Cherokee County, Bankrupt.

Upon reading and filing the report of the Assignee, Daniel C. Turrentine, of Gadsden, Alabama, and it appearing to the Court that certain lands of the Bankrupt, encumbered by various liens, have been sold, and the proceeds in the hands of the Assignee aforesaid:

It is Ordered, That a copy of this order be mailed, by the Clerk of this Court, to each creditor who has proved his debt, with security claiming a lien on said lands, and also to Daniel C. Turrentine, the Assignee, and that they, and all persons interested in said matter, be required to appear at Jacksonville, Alabama, on the 22nd day of June, 1871, and assert their various liens and priorities, before Jos. W. Burke, Register of this Court.

It is further Ordered, That this order be published twice before said return day, in the Huntsville Advocate, printed at Huntsville, and the JACKSONVILLE REPUBLICAN, at Jacksonville.

LIONEL W DAY, Clerk.

jun10—2t Prs fee, $4-50

$300,000 IN PREMIUMS

To be distributed to the Subscribers of the **Cincinatti Weekly Enquirer**

PREMIUMS FOR SUBSCRIBERS.

Having frequently offered and distributed premiums to club agents, we have deemed it but just that a like favor should be shown to the individual subscribers of the Enduirer. We have, therefore, adopted the following, whereby each subscriber will have an equal chance of securing one of the valuable premiums set forth in the list annexed.

Commencing on May 1st, 1871, we shall register and number each subscriber received who desires to participate in the award of premiums, from No. 1 upward. Each subscriber will receive immediately, by return mail, a receipt for his subscription, said receipt showing the day and number his name is registered for.

This process will be continued up to October 31, 1871, and on the following Wednesday (November 1) the premiums will be awarded, and the result published in the next edition of our paper.

Should the number of subscribers participating in this award of premiums justify, the distribution will be made at an earlier date, and the same repeated on January 1, 1872.

This is a rare and extraordinary inducement to subscribers, and is adopted by us at the suggestion of many of our patrons, who seemed to think that in offering premiums exclusively to Agents we were making an unfair discrimination against the subscribers.

LIST OF PREMIUMS.

1 Cash Premium of	$300
1 Extra fine gold watch hunting case, stem winder, value	200
3 Cash Premiums, of One hundred dollars each, value	300
1 Extra fine gold watch hunting case, stem winder, value	100
5 Cash Premiums of fifty dollars each, value	250
10 Extra fine silver watches, hunting cases stem winders, value fifty dollars each	500
10 Cash Premiums of twenty five dollars each, value	250
50 Cash Premiums of ten dollars each, value	500
60 Cash Premiums of five dollars each, value	300
50 Miscellaneous Premiums, consisting of gold pens, books etc worth from $2 to $6 each value	300

Making Total Number 200

AND

VALUED AT $3,000.

Conditions and terms for participation in the above.

Every subscriber who remits $2 for a year's subscription to the Weekly Enquirer will be registered as a participant.

Any Club Agent sending ten names and $20 will be entitled to a free copy of the paper and receipt, and his name registered as a participant for a premium.

Parties can subscribe for their friends and have the receipts sent to themselves, and their own names registered for premiums in place of the person for whom they subscribe.

In forming clubs it is not necessary to have all the papers sent to one Post-office.

Specimen copies, posters and subscription blanks sent free to parties desiring them.

Address FARAN & McLEAN, Cincinnati, Ohio.

THE STATE OF ALABAMA, Calhoun County

Court of Probate for said county, May 15th. A. D. 1871.

This day came S. G. Jenkins, Executor of the Estate of G. C. Whatley deceased, and presents and files in court his account, and vouchers for a final settlement of said Estate: And therefore it is ordered by the court that the 12th day of June, 1871, be set apart for examining, stating, and reporting said account, allowing said vouchers, and making said settlement; and that notice thereof be given by publication in the Jacksonville REPUBLICAN, a newspaper printed and published in said county, for three successive weeks prior to said day as a notice to all persons concerned, to be and appear at a term of said court, to be holden at the court House of said county, on said 12th day of June, 1871, and contest said account if they think proper

A. WOODS, Judge of Probate.

PHOTOGRAPHS &c.

E. Goode would inform the citizens of Jacksonville, and surrounding country, that he is at his post again, prepared to make any kind of

PICTURES DESIRED,

usually made in this country, which he proposes to execute in the best style of the art, and on as good terms as any other good artist will make them in this section of the State.

Gems at from 10 to 25cts each, Ferrotypes, full 14 size, at 50cts each. Photographs at $4,00 per dozen, $2,50 per half dozen; other styles according to size &c. He may be found at his Gallery every day except the 1st and 3rd Saturdays in each month, when he will be in Oxford.

E. GOODE.

Jacksonville, Ala. May 30th., 1871.

june 3—4t.

Sheriff's Sale.

Under and by virtue of one fifa issued from the clerks office of Calhoun county, and to me directed, I will sell on Monday the 3rd day of July 1871, in front of the court house door for cash, the following described land to wit:

The north east half of north east fourth of section 18 township 15 range 7; levied upon as the property of E. G. Morris, to satisfy said fifa in my hands in favor of Robert A. Foster.

J. W. WILLIAMS, Sheriff.

june3—5t.

E. L. WOODWARD'S SON,

has just received a splendid lot of Ladies

FINE SHOES,

which he offers quite cheap for CASH.

DOBBINS ELETRIC SOAP

SAVES TIME
SAVES LABOR
SAVES CLOTHES
SAVES MONEY
SAVES WOMEN.

sold by E. L. Woodward's Sons.

Enoch Morgan's Sons Sapolio. Try it.

E. L. WOODWARD'S SON

Has Just Received

A Large Lot of Mens and Womens

Coarse Shoes,

(ALL WHOLE STOCK,)

Which he offers Cheap for CASH or on Thirty days time to Prompt men.

BUY YOUR DRY

GOODS,

SHOES, HATS, CROCKERY,

SUGAR,

Coffee Molasses

Bacon,

And all else you

want from

WOODWARD'S

SON,

He is selling cheap for CASH.

For the Next Sixty Days

I WILL OFFER AT ABOUT

COST, FOR CASH!

THE FOLLOWING GOODS:

MEN'S and BOY'S HATS

CROCKERY!

TABLE AND POCKET CUTLERY,

AXES, FILES, LOCKS,

BED CASTERS. BED SCREWS,

BUTTS, HOES,

LADIES' DRESS GOODS

Hoop and Balmoral Skirts,

HOSE; DRESS & UNDERSHIRTS,

10-4 Bl'd DOMESTICS,

6-4 Bl'd DOMESTICS,

LINEN DAMASK,

LINEN DIAPERS,

GENTS' DRAWERS,

Notions, White Goods,

WOMEN'S COARSE SHOES,

MEN'S PLOW SHOES,

And MANY OTHER GOODS, too numerous to mention.

PAIN KILLER — PERRY DAVIS & SON — PROP. — 1840 — 1870

PAIN KILLER.

PERRY DAVIS & SON,

Manufacturers and Proprietors, Providence, R. I.

OPINION OF THE PRESS.

No article ever attained to such unbounded popularity.—Salem observer.

An article of great merit and virtue.—Cincinnati Nonpareil.

We can bear testimony to the efficacy of the Pain killer. We have seen its magic effects in soothing the severest pain, and know it to be a good article.—Cincinnati Dispatch.

A speedy cure for pain—no family should be without it.—Montreal Transcript.

There has nothing as yet surpassed the Pain Killer, which is the most valuable family medicine now in use.—Tennessee Organ.

It has real merit: as a means of removing pain, no medicine has acquired a reputation equal to Perry Davis' Pain Killer.—Newsport (Ky) Daily News.

Its wonderful power in releiving the most severe pain has never been equalled.—Burlington Sentinel.

It is one of the few articles that are just what they pretend to be.—Brunswick Telegraph.

Our own opion is, that no family should be without a bottle of it for a single hour. In flesh wounds, aches, pains sores, &c. it is the most effectual remedy we know of.—News St. John, Canada.

After many years' trial of Davis' Pain Killer, we advise that every family should provide themselves with so effectual and speedy a PAIN KILLER.—Amherst (N. S.) Gazette.

The Pain Killer of Perry Davis & Son we can confidently recomend. We have used it for a length of time, and invariably with success.—Canada Babtist.

☞The Pain Killer is for sale by Medicine Dealers generally.

United States Internal Revenue.

Collector's Office, 2d District, Alabama.

HUNTSVILLE, May 6, 1871.

Notice is hereby given to all parties concerned, that the Annual List has been transmitted to me by the District Assessor, and the amount taxed have become due and payable, and unless the same is paid at the time and place to be hereafter designated by Deputy Collectors, the annual penalties for non payment, will be inflicted upon delinquents.

Parties residing in the Counties of Cherokee, Cleburne, Calhoun, St. Clair, Jefferson, Blount, Winston, Morgan and Lawrance, who owe a tax, (and where I have no deputies) are requested to send the money by Express, Registered Letter or Post Office order to the undersigned.

E LATHAM, Collector.

MONEY SAVED

IS

Money Made!

FARMERS, HOUSEKEEPERS,

and others

WILL NOTICE THIS.

We sell Dry Goods,
Dress Goods,
Fancy Goods,
Clothing, Hats,
China, Glass and
Granate Ware,

25 to 50 per cent. Cheaper

than they are sold by small dealers.

We deliver all goods sold on the line of the Selma Rome & Dalton Rail Road

FREE OF CHARGE,

for cases, drayage and Railroad Freight, when the cash accompanies the order, and the amount of bill is Fifty Dollars.

Jno. H. Woodward, will be pleased to execute the *cash orders* of his friends.

E. JOHNSON & CO, Selma Ala.

apr15—6m

SHERIFF'S SALE.

On Monday the 3rd day of July 1871, by virtue of one *venditioni exponas*, an execution issued by the clerk of the circuit court of Calhoun county, and to me directed, I will sell to the highest bidder in front of the court house door for cash, the following described lands to wit:

North west fourth of south west fourth and south east fourth of north east fourth of section 11 township 14 range 6; also south west fourth of north west fourth, and north east fourth of south west fourth of section 1 township 14 range 6; east in the Coosa land district, levied upon as the property of Allen Bryant, to satisfy a judgment in favor of A. W. Kirby, for the sum of one hundred and eighty dollars, and J. D. Hoke surviving partner for $89,69.

J. W. WILLIAMS, Sheriff.

may27—6t.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

By virtue of Ten Fifas, issued by the Register of the 3rd district; Eastern Chencery Division, Randolph county Alabama—once to me directed, on Monday the 3rd day of July, 1871; will sell to the highest bidder for cash, in front of the court house door the following decribed house and lot to wit:

One acre of land more or less, with good buildings upon it, in the town of Oxford, in the south west fourth of section 19 township 16 range 8; bounded on the south by Ross, on the north by Mrs. Hudson, formely by Peace; levied upon as the property of Jeremiah Smith to setisfy said Ten Fifas in my hands, in favor of Margret E. Smith.

J. W WILLIAMS, Sheriff.

may27—6t.

WM. M. HAMES. J. T. MARTIN.

HAMES & MARTIN,

Attorneys at Law and Solicitors in Chancery. No. 8. Office Row, Jacksonville.

WILL practice in all the Courts of Law and Equity in the counties of the 12th Judicial circuit, consisting of Calhoun, Cleburne, St. Clair, Etowah and Cherokee, and the Supreme court of the State.

may20—71.

HENRY T. HELMBOLD'S

Compound Fluid Extract Catawba Grape Pills.

Component Parts—Fluid Extrac Rhubarb and Fluid Extract Catawba Grape Juice.

For Liver Complaints, Jaundice, Billiou Affections, sick or nervous Headache, Costiveness, etc. Purely Vegetable, containin no Mercury, Minerals or Deleterious Drugs.

H

These Pills' are the most dalightfully pleasant purgative, superseding castor oil, salts magnesia, etc There is nothing more acceptable to the stomach. They give tone, and cause neither nausea nor griping pains They are composed of the finest ingredients. After a few days' use of them, such an invigoration of the entire system takes place as to appear miraculous to the weak and enervated, whether arising from imprudence or disease. H· T. Helmbold's Compound Fluid Extract Catawba Grape Pills are not sugar-coated, from the fact that sugar-coated Pills do not disolve, but pass through the stomach without dissolving, consequently do not produce the desired effect. THE CATAWBA GRAPE PILLS, being pleasant in taste and odor, do not necessitate their being sugar-coated. PRICE FIFTY CENTS PER BOX.

E

HENRY T. HELMBOLD'S
Highly Concentrated Compound
Fluid Extract Sarsaparilla

Will radically exterminate from the system Scrofula, Syphilis, Fever, Sores, Ulcers Sore Eyes, Sore Legs, Sore Mouth, Sore Head, Bronchitis, Skin Diseases, Salt Rheum Cankers, Runnings from the Ear, White Swellings, Tumors, Cancerous Affections Nodes, Rickets, Glandular Swellings, Nigh. Sweats, Bush, Tetter, Humors of all Kinds, Chronic Rheumatism, Dyspepsia, and all diseases that have been established in the system for years.

L

Being prepared expressly for the above complaints, its Blood-Purifying properties are Greater than any other Preparation of Sarsaparilla. It gives the Complexion a clear and Heal by Color and Restores the Patient to a state of Health and Purity. For Purifying the Blood, removing all Chronic Constitutional Diseases arising from an impure state of the Blood. And the only reliable and effectual known remedy for the cure of Pains and swelling of the Bones, Ulcerations of the Throat and Legs, Blotches, Pimples on the Face, Erysipelas and all scaly Eruptions of the skin, and beautifying the complexion. Price, $1 50 per bottle.

M

HENRY T· HELMBOLD'S
Concentrated
FLUID EXTRACT BUCHU,
The Great Diuretic,

has cured every case of Diabetes in which it has been given, irritation of the neck of the Bladder and inflammation of the Kidneys ulceration of the Kidneys and Bladder, retention of urine, diseases of the prostate Gland, stone in the Bladder, Calculus gravel, Brickdust deposit, and Mucous or milky discharges, and for enfeebled and delicate constitutions of both sexes, attended with the following symptoms. Indisposition to exertion, loss of power, loss of memory, difficulty of breathing, weak nerves, trembling horror of disease, wakefulness, dimness of vision, pain in the back, hot hands, flushing of the body, dryness of the skin, eruption on the face, pallid countenance, universal lassitude of the muscular system, etc.

Used by persons from the age of eighteen to twenty-five, and from thirty-five to fifty-five decline or change of life; after confinement or labor pains; bedwetting in children.

B

Helmbold's Extract Buchu is diuretic and Blood-purifying, and cures all diseases arising from habits of dissipation, and excuses and imprudences in life, impurities of the blood, etc., superseding copaiba in affections for which it is used, and syphilitic affections—in these diseases used in connection with Helmbold's Rose Wash.

LADIES.

In many affections peculiar to ladies, the Extract Buchu is unequalled by any other remedy—as in chlorosis or retention, irregularity, painfulness or suppression of customary evacuations, ulcerated or schirrus state of the uterus, leucorrhœa white, or sterility, and for all complaints incident to the sex, whether arising from indiscretion or habits of dissipation. It is prescribed extensively by the most eminent physicians and midwives for infeebled and delicate constitutions, of both sexes and all ages (attended with any of the above diseases or symptoms).

O

H. T. HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU

Cures diseases arising from imprudences, habits of dissipation, etc., in all their stages, at little expense, little or no change in diet, no inconvenience, and no exposure. It causes a frequent desire, and gives strength to Urinate, thereby removing Obstructions. Preventing and Curing Strictures of the Urethra, Allaying Pain and Inflammation, so frequent in this class of diseases, and expelling all Poisonous matter.

Thousands who have been the victims of incompetent persons, and who have paid heavy fees to be cured in a short time, have found they have been deceived, and that the "Poison" has, by the use of "powerful astringent," been dried up in the system of break out in a more aggravated form an, perhaps after Marriage.

Use HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU for all Affections and diseases of the Urinary Organs, whether existing in Male or Female, from whatever cause originating, and no matter of how long standing. Price one dollar and fifty cents per bottle.

L

HENRY T. HELMBOLD'S IMPROVED ROSE WASH cannot be surpassed as a Face Wash, and will be found the only specific remedy in every species of Cutaneous Affection. It speedily eradicates pimples, spots, scorbutic dryness, indurations of the cutaneous membrane etc., dispels redness and incipient inflammation, hives, rash, moth patches, dryness of scalp or skin, frost bites and all purposes for which salves or ointments are used; restores the skin to a state of purity and softness, and insures continued healthy action to the tissue of its vessels, on which depends the agreeable clearness and vivacity of complexion so much sought and admired. But however valuable as a remedy for existing defects of the skin, H T Helmbold,s Rose Wash has long sustained its principle claim to unbounded patronage by possessing qualities which render it a toilet appendage of the most Superlative and Congenial character, combining in an elegant formula these prominent requisites, safety and efficacy—the invariable accompaniments of its use—as a Preservative and Refresher of the Complexion. It is an excellent Lotion for diseases of a Syphilitic Nature, and as an injection for diseases of the Urinary Organs arising from habits of dissipation, used in connection with the Extracts Buchu, Sarsaparilla, and Catawba Grape Pills, in such diseases as recommended, cannot be surpassed. Price one dollar per bottle.

D

Full and explicit directions accompany the medicines.

Evidence of the most responsible and reliable character furnished on application, with hundreds of thousands of living witnesses, and upward of 30,000 unsolicited certificates and recommendatory letters, many of which are from the highest sources, including eminent Physicians, Clergymen, Statesmen, etc. The proprietor has never restored to their publication in the newspapers; he does not do this from the fact that his articles rank as Standard Preparations, and do not need to be propped up by certificates

Henry T. Helmbold's Genuine Preparations.

Delivered to any address. Secure from observation. Established upward of twenty years. Sold by Druggists everywhere. Address letters for information, in confidence to HENRY T. HELMBOLD, Druggist and Chemist.

Only Depots: H. T. HELMBOLD'S Drug and Chemical Warehouse. No. 594 Broadway New York, or to H. T. HELMBOLD's Medical Depot, 104 South Tenth Street: Philadelphia, Pa.

Beware of Counterfeits. Ask for Henry T. Helmbold's! Take no other

LeGrand & Company,

Nos. 96, 98 & 100 Commerce St.
MONTGOMERY ALABAMA,
WHOLESALE DEALERS IN
GROCERIES, DRY GOODS, FANCY ARTICLES, NOTIONS, &c. &c.,

RETAIL
DRY GOODS DEPARTMENT!

TO Comply with NUMEROUS SOLICITATIONS, and to accommodate our MANY FRIENDS we have opened in connection with our WHOLESALE BUSINESS,

A RETAIL DEPARTMENT,

where may be obtained from Attentive Salesmen at LOWEST PRICES, every article usually kept in a **FIRST-CLASS RETAIL STORE** where we will be pleased to wait on CITY and COUNTRY BUYERS.

SHIRTING &C.

We have for your inspection a FULL STOCK of
BROWN 3-4 Shirting,
do 7-8 do
do 4-4 Sheeting,
do Sea. I 7-8 Sheetings,
do do 4-4 Sheetings,
do do 10-4 Sheetings,
Bleached 3-4 and 7-8 Sheeting,
do 4-4 Sheeting (best brands)
do 10-4 do

PRINTS, TICKING, &c

PRINTS AT ALL PRICES,
Tickings of every Grade,
Plaid and striped domestics.
Domestic Ginghams,
Scotch Ginghams,
French Ginghams,
Irish Linen,
5-4 Linen sheetings,
10-4 Linen sheetings,
Linen cambricks,
Handkerchiefs,
Hosiery,
Gloves, &c., &c. &c.

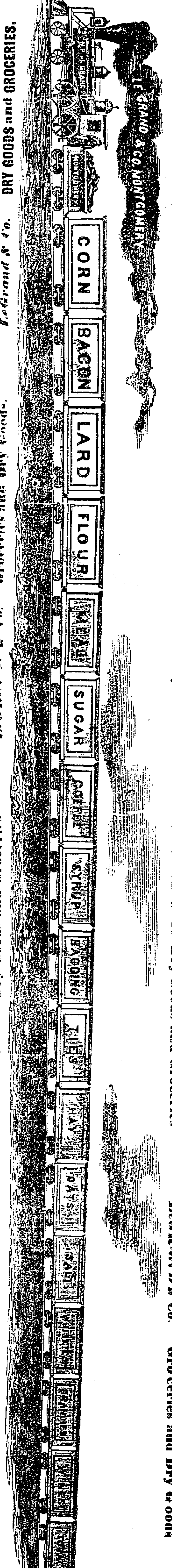
BOOTS AND SHOES,

A Full Stock of Hats, Clothing Boots and Shoes, &c., &c., &c.,

LeGRAND & Co.
MONTGOMERY ALA.

LeGRAND & Co.,
GROCERY DEPARTMENT

Having been unable in the past few weeks, to keep up our supply of Goods, we have started our daily train again and hope now to keep fully supplied at all times!!!



LeGRAND & Co
MONTGOMERY ALA.

WHOLESALE
Dry Goods Department.

We are now offering to the trade, the following Goods at the Lowest Market Prices and are DETERMINED not to be undersold by ANY

JOBBING HOUSE SOUTH

and will duplicate any Invoice bought of New York Jobbers.

40 Bales 4-4 brown sheeting (as'd brands
50 do 7-8 do do do do
40 do Sea I. brown cottons do
30 do 7-8 Osnaburgs,
10 do brown drilling,
20 cases assorted bleached shirtings,
5 do do do 4-4 sheetings,
5 do do do 10-4 do
5 do do brown 10-4 do
3 do do bleached drills,
15 do prints, assorted brands,
5 do ginghams, do do
10 do tickings do do
50 do plaids and stripes.

NOTIONS, CLOTHING,
HOSIERY, CLOTHING,
HATS, BOOTS,
SHOES, &c., &c., &c..

We would call the attention of the Trade to

THE
"*PREMIUM*" SHIRT COLLAR,

for which we are Sole Agents for Montgomery—each box containing a handsome PRIZE.

Having an office and an EXPERIENCED RESIDENT BUYER IN NEW YORK, JOHN M. RAMSEY, 356 Broadway, and receiving by EACH TRAIN from the Principal Factories South, their STAPLE PRODUCTION, our facilities for offering inducements to the TRADE, CANNOT BE SURPASSED.

LeGRAND & Co.,
MONTGOMERY, ALA.

DON'T READ THIS.

WHISENANT & DRISKELL

ARE just receiving a large lot of

SUGAR,
COFFEE,
TEAS,

BEST NEW ORLEANS MOLASSES

(Purchased since the recent decline;) Which they offer at the very lowest terms; in fact, everything in the Grocery line

IRON,
IRON,
Iron

TRACE CHAINS,
AMES' SHOVELS.
AMES' SPADE.
HAMES.
BREAST CHAINS,
SCOVAL HOES,
NAILS,
HORSESHOES,
SPADING FORKS
&c. &c. &c.

We are now offering our entire stock of DRY GOODS,

BOOTS & SHOES.

On the most reasonable terms.

Thanking our friends and customers for past patronage, we respectfully solicit a continuance of the same.

Jan 21, 1871.

LOOK AT THIS

All Persons.
L O O K.

All Persons indebted to J. M. Carroll & Co., will please come forward and pay up, as they need money to pay debts with, and must have money.

J. M. CARROLL.

J. M· CARROLL is now receiving SPRING GOODS

and a nice lot of BOOTS & SHOES. cheap for cash. Call and see them.

Nice Water-proof Lasting Laced Gaiter Ladies' Shoes.

CONFECTIONERY!

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVING Established himself in the old Stand of J. B. Turnley & Co., at the present Post Office, and Express Office Stand, would inform the Public that he has opened up a complete

Confectionery Establishment

in Jacksonville; and that henceforth he will keep every article in his line, from the finest and choicest to the very cheapest. The Ladies and others are urged to call and examine the stock now on hand. Come and take a look whether you buy or not.

Candles of the Freshest kind. Jellies (all flavors) Pickles Fruits &c. &c.

Comprise a portion of the stock on hand.

AGENTS FOR

Andes Fire Insurance Co.,
Great Western Gun Works.
Avenue Paint Company.
Five Dollar Washing Machine.

Received a fresh supply of confectioneries, candies, nuts, crackers, &c.

Very Respectfully,
Wm. T. ALEXANDER.

apr8 1871—tf.

H A STOLLENWERCK. F. E. STOLLENWERCK
Selma, Ala. *Mobile Ala*
A. G. STOLLENWERCK.
Selma, Ala.

H. A. STOLLENWERCK & BROS.
Water Street,
SELMA, Ala.
F. E. STOLLENWERCK & BROS.
42 *North Commerce Street,*
MOBILE Ala

COTTON FACTORS
AND
Commission Merchants

Messrs. E. L. WOODWARD & SON, of Jacksonville, Ala. will act as Agents for this house.

Administrators Notice.

Letters of Administration with the will annexed, on the Estate of Lawrence Brock, deceased, having been granted to the undersigned, by the Probate Court of Calhoun county, Ala., on the 20th day of February, 1871: Notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against said Estate, to present them, legaly authenticated, within the time prescribed by law, or they will be barred: and all persons indebted to said Estate are notified to make immediate payment.

Wm. M. HAMES, Adm'r
with the will annexed.

apr8 6t.

Wholesale Or Retail

Clothing, Boots, Furnishing Goods &c.

J. SIMPSON,

No. 175 Market Street Near Frst National Bank,

CHATTANOOGA TENN.

Offer for sale the largest and complete assortment of Clothing, Furnishing Goods, Boots, Shoes, Valises, Satchels, &c. &c. &c.

I keep a large and extensive Stock of the above articles, either wholesale, or retail at the lowest cash price.

Wholesale buyers, and country dealers, are recpectfully invited to call examine tassortmen and prices.

J. SIMPSON.

may13—181l

GREAT TRIUMPH IN DRY GOODS!

THE PIONEER ESTABLISHMENT OF THE STATE:

IMMENSE QUANTITY OF ALL KINDS OF GOODS!

Spring AND Summer

SEASON IN FULL BLAST!!

GREAT ATTRACTIONS!
GRAND DISPLAY!!
GREAT INDUCEMENTS!!
GRAND DEMONSTRATIONS!!!
NEW GOODS!............ NEW STYLES!!

WE TAKE PLEASURE IN INFORMING THE PUBLIC OF THE RECEPTION OF OUR

New Stock of Spring and Summer Goods.

We give notice that we shall adhere most rigidly to the ONE PRICE SYSTEM, and will offer our goods at such prices, as shall meet with the approval of our vast and extensive line of customers. Our assortments on all grades and styles of merchandise will be as usual—TRULY IMMENSE.

Our MR JOS. GOETTER, while in New York and other Eastern cities, concluded the most extensive contracts for the supply of all the different branches of Merchandise usually kept at our Store. We are determined, as ever, to be regarded the Leading dry goods Establishment of the city. Having earned our reputation justly, we will endeavor to maintain it, if

MAMMOTH STOCKS AND LOW PRICES

Among the extensive lines of Dry Goods which will be found at our store, we take pleasure in rehearsing a few of the very attractive articles likely to prove most interesting to our patrons: **5 CASES GENUINE 4-4 FRENCH PERCALES**, which will be found very desirable and durable. TWO CASES IMPORTED SILK-STRIPED, IRON FRAME GRENADINES, Really beautiful goods, and sold very cheap. The most extensive lines of new and seasonable DRESS GOODS! Among which will be found a new article termed Silk warp Challetine, which is destined to be the most popular, as it is the most beautiful, goods displayed this season We have also received a very large selection of the celebrated Ramie Poplins, which were introduced by us last year, with such success s to require no further comment. A full line of those celebrated **Japanese Silk Poplins** constantly on hand. This article has been extensively enlarged upon, as we have them in magnificent Brocade, Red Plaids, and splendid Solitaire Lusters.

OUR SILK DEPARTMENT

Will be found extremely enticing, with all of the very latest and most desirable styles and fabrics.

Silk Grenadies, Silk Warp Poplinettes,
Silk Warp Geraldines.
Spring and Snmmer Dress Silks,

in stripes checks, figures and solid colors, in large assortments, and at very LOW figures.

Our Laces and White Goods departments have been enlarged, and special attention is respectfully directed to this branch of our stock.

Valenciennes and Silk Laces, Lace Laceshaws, French Embroideries, English Hosiery, Perfect Fitting Corsets, new shapes in Hoop Skirts.

SHOES, SHOES, SHOES.

We take pleasure in notifying the public that our Shoe Department is replete with all styles of Ladies' and Childrens' Shoes, from the most celebrated Philadelphia and Eastern makers. The celebrated "Western" Walking Shoe, the novel "Polish" Dress Bootee, the attractive "Mary Stuart" Tie, the child's exquisite "Pet" Promenade—in fact all that can be called for in good Shoes will be found in our Department.

TO THE WHOLESALE TRADE.

We state, we are ready, as usual, to show our superiority over all other houses, whenever they will give us a call, and test by examination the justice of our boast. Having thus rehearsed a part of our Extensive Stock, we return thanks for past favors, and will endeavor to merit the same in the future.

SHULMAN, GOETTER & WEIL,

(IMMEDIATELY OPPOSITE ARTESIAN BASIN,)
NO. 5 COURT SQUARE, MONTGOMERY, ALABAMA.

may6—3m.

CHATTANOOGA AGRICULTURAL DEPOT!

Ruble & Hight,

GENERAL SOUTHERN AGENTS
FOR

Russell & Co's. Pivot Cylinder, Double Fan, Threshers and Separators, and the Russell Combined, Self Raking, Reaper and Mower.

Our arrangement for handling the above machines for the season of 1871, are now complete, and we are ready to fill orders, or attend promptly to all inquiries concerning the [illegible] and durability of the Russell Machines.

At our extensive Ware rooms will be found at all times a full and well assorted Stock of Agricultural Implements.

THE STUDEBAKER FARM WAGON.

Improved Single and Double Star Corn Shellers.
Improved Peacock Plows
Cast Steel Excelsior Plows,
Silver Steel Clipper Plows, All sizes,
Patent Iron beam adjustable Plows.
SMUT MACHINES (THE EUREKA.) FEED CUTTERS,

COTTON AND HAY PRESSES.

Broad Cast Seed Sowers, wheat Drills, Sulky Cultivators, Horse Hay Rakes &c. &c. [illegible] Duplicates of any parts of machinery which may [illegible]

RUBLE & HIGHT,
Depot corner Market & 8th Streets,
CHATTANOOGA TENN.,

W[illegible]

[illegible] duty of the Probate Judge of each county in this State to designate a newspaper in which all legal advertisements, notices or publications, of any and every character required by law to be made in his County, shall be published; which paper so designated shall be the official organ of [illegible] county." and in [illegible] ents of said [illegible] Calhoun [illegible] designate [illegible] official [illegible] notices or publications of any and every character, required by law to be made in and for said County, and [illegible] should be published, said designation to remain until recalled or changed by me.

And the *Jacksonville Republican* being a County paper, published in the Town of Jacksonville, Alabama, and in my opinion, [illegible] the provisions of said act:—[illegible] order designate [illegible] as the official organ for said County of Calhoun, and designate the said Jacksonville Republican as the official organ hereafter, in which all legal advertisements, notices or publications of any and every character required by law to be made in and for said County of Calhoun shall be published. This designation to remain so long as in my opinion, the Editor of said Jacksonville Republican conducts said paper so as to be within the provisions of said act.

A. WOODS, Judge

Railroad Warehouse,
[illegible], GA.

HAVING leased the large and commodious Warehouse immediately on the Selma, R. & D. Railroad, and taken out an open policy of insurance. I am now prepared to store, sell or ship COTTON on very liberal terms. Being located immediately on the line of Railroad no drayage will be charged on cotton to or from the depot—50 cents per bale per month will cover all charges including weighing, marking and delivery. Being possessed of the above advantages, together with a long experience in the cotton business, I respectfully ask a liberal patronage from my many friends who read the Jacksonville Republican.

J. J. VANDIVER.

Oct. 8, 1870.—3m.

CROSS PLAINS HOUSE,
COME ALONG.

This House is not quite completed, bu will receive Boarders and the Traveling public generally.

No rash promises made—come and see.

A. S. JOHNSON,
J. N. HOOD,
J. N. HOOD, Prop'r.

June18—tf.

THE MOUND CITY

Mutual Life Insurance Co.

OF ST. LOUIS, MO.

OFFICERS.

JAMES B. EADS, President.
A. M. BRITTON, Vice President.
S. W. LOMAX, Sec'y.
C. G. McHATTON, Gen'l Agent
J. D. JOHNSTON, Assistant Gen'l Agent.

ASSETS, JANUARY 1st, 1870, $500 000.

The Mound City Mutual Life Insurance Company offers itself as a candidate for public patronage, with such provisions incorporated in the basis of its organization as render it at the same time,

Liberal, Safe and Substantial.

OneHundred Thousand Dollars Deposited

For the Security of Policy Holders.

In conformity with the Law of Missouri, regulating the Insurauce Department of the State,

THIS COMPANY ISSUES

All Classes of Policies, Which Become

NON-FORFEITABLE AFTER ONE ANNUAL PAYMENT.

And is now paying handsome dividends. Its business during the year having increased 185 per cent. over that of the previous year.

GEORGE POINDEXTER,
State Agent,
Mobile, Ala.

ALEXANDER, & MORRIS Agents, Jacksonville

AUGUST 20, 1870.—1y.

J. & S. BONES & CO.

IMPORTERS OF & DEALERS IN

IRON and STEEL,

HARDWARE, CUTLERY, GUNS &c.

Rome Ga.,

In addition to keeping the largest Stock of HARDWARE in the Cherokee Country for Merchants supplies, are the Agents for

BLANDY'S CELEBRATED STEAM ENGINES & MILLS,

and can furnish at Manufactures prices, anything from a small size **Saw Mill to the**

LARGEST FLOURING MILL COMPLETE,

also Agents for CLEMANS' CORN and WHEAT MILL, which we keep in Stock.

[*READ HOME TESTIMONY.*]

NEAR CEDAR BLUFF Feb., 28, 1871.

MESSRS. J. & S. BONES, *Dear Sir:*

I have given the 16 inch Mill (Clemans) bought of you, a thorough test, and can but express myself perfectly satisfied. The power was the running gear fo my gin, which although in very bad order, was sufficient to grind *one bushel* (by the watch) in *eleven minutes*, I find no trouble to do my grinding before breakfast. Several of my neighbors were present at the time, and all were satisfied with the result, and were astonished at the quantity and fine quality of the meal produced in so short a time, I prefer the meal to any steam mill meal. The 16 inch mill I bought of you for the Foster Farm, and used since the above was written proves equally satisfactory. It is a complete mill.

Yours Truly,
H. H. MILLER.

Upon all machinery sold by us we give a full guarantee. Send for catalogue and price list.

J. & S. BONES & CO.

apr15 1871—tf

JOS S. MONTGOMERY, H. F. MONTGOMERY,

MONTGOMERY BRO'S,
GROCERS AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS

Keep Constantly on hand a full and varied stock of Groceries. Provisions, and Family Supplies, also Table and Pocket Cutlery. Tobacco, foreign and domestic Cigars, fancy Candies Confections, &c. &c South Side Public Sqare — *Sign of the FLAG.* Jacksonville Alabama.

White Kerosene Oil, Non-Explosive.

Thanking the public for past favors, we respectfully solicit a continuance of the same, feeling confident of being able to give our customers *FIRST CLASS* Goods as *LOW* as they can be bought in this market. Wrapping paper at manufacturers prices.

Dec. 10, 1870.—tf.

W. D. HOYT & CO.

Jobbers in Drugs, Medicines and Druggists Sundries,

No. 43. Broad Street,

Rome, Ga.

WHOLESALE AGENTS FOR

ROSADALIS,
CALIFORNIA VINEGAR BITTERS,
PLANTATION "
EDWARD WILDER & CO'S PREPARATIONS,
AYER & CO's "
PEMBERTON, TAYLOR & CO's "

White Lead & Linseed Oil.

All of which will be sold at MANUFACTURER'S PRICES.

Jacksonville Republican

EDITED, PRINTED & PUBLISHED, EVERY SATURDAY MORNING, BY

J. F. & L. W. GRANT.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

For one year in advance, ...$2 00
For six months, " 1 25

TERMS OF ADVERTISING.

One square of 10 lines or less, first insertion, ... $1 00
Each subsequent insertion, ... 50
Over one square counted as two, &c.
Obituaries charged at advertising rates.

Annunciation of Candidates.

For County Offices, ... $5 00
For State Offices, ... $10 00

Jacksonville Republican.

"The Price of Liberty is Eternal Vigilance."

VOL. 35. JACKSONVILLE, ALA., JUNE 17. 1871. WHOLE NO 1784

Rates of Advertising,

For three, six, or twelve Months

One square of 10 lines,	3 months,	..	$5 00
" "	6 "		15 00
" "	12 "		20 00
One fourth column,	3 "		10 00
" " "	6 "		15 00
" " "	12 "		25 00
One half column,	3 "		25 00
" " "	6 "		35 00
" " "	12 "		50 00
One column,	3 "		40 00
" "	6 "		75 00
" "	12 "		100 00

Charges due and collectable quarterly.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

Dr. M. W. FRANCIS
Physician & Surgeon,
OFFICE, DRUG STORE J. C. FRANCIS
North West Corner Square,
JACKSONVILLE - - ALA.
feb25 1871—ly.

JOHN FOSTER. WM. H. FORNEY.

FOSTER & FORNEY,
Attorneys at Law,
Jacksonville Alabama.

WILL practice in the Counties of Calhoun, Talladega, Randolph, St. Clair, Cherokee, DeKalb and the Supreme Court of the State.
Dec. 23d, 1865.

JOE. H. FRANCIS.

ATTORNEY AT LAW
—AND—
GENERAL COLLECTING AGENTS.
Gadsden ..... Alabama

WILL practice in Etowah and adjoining counties. Special attention given to the filing petitions in Bankruptcy. Will prosecute claims against the Government for Bounty, Back pay, &c.

G. G. ELLIS. J. H. CALDWELL

ELLIS & CALDWELL,
Attorneys at Law,
AND
Solicitor in Chancery.
JACKSONVILLE, ALA.

HAVING associated themselves in the practice of Law, will practice together, except in CRIMINAL CASES, in the counties Calhoun, Talladega, St. Clair, Randolph, Cherokee and DeKalb.
Jan. 6. 1866.

M. TURNLEY, G. I. TURNLEY

M. J. & G. I. TURNLEY,
Attorneys at Law
AND
Solicitors in Chancery
General Collecting Agents.
JACKSONVILLE, ALA.

WILL practice Law in the counties of Calhoun, Talladega, Randolph, Cleburne, Cherokee, Saint, St. Clair and DeKalb, in the Supreme Court of the State, and in the U. S. District Court, Northern and Middle division of Alabama.

JOHN W INZER. LEROY F. BOX.

INZER & BOX,
Attorneys at Law,
AND
Solicitors in Chancery
ASHVILLE, Ala.

WILL practice in all the Courts of St. Clair, Calhoun, Talladega, Shelby, Jefferson, Blount, DeKalb, Cherokee & Marshall; also in the Superior Court of the State. Prompt attention given.

R. L. STEVENSON,
Attorney at Law,
JACKSONVILLE, Ala.

TENNESSEE HOUSE
Rome, Ga.
J. A. STANSBURY, PROP'R.
Most convenient Hotel to Rail Road Depots.
Mar. 12, 1870—tf

Selma Rome & Dalton Railroad

CHANGE OF SCHEDULE.

PATONA, ALA., March 20, 1871.
Trains of this Road until further notice will run as follows:

NORTHWARD.

Accommodation Train.	
Leaves—Selma,	5:00 P M
Arrives—Calera,	11:30 P M
Freight Train.	
Leaves—Selma,	5:00 A M
Calera,	12:50 P M
Talladega,	7:30 P M
Jacksonville,	11:15 P M
Rome,	10:00 A M
Arrives—Dalton,	1.30 P M
Mail Train.	
Leaves—Selma,	12.18 P M
Calera,	3.45 P M
Talladega,	6.36 P M
Jacksonville,	8.27 P M
Rome,	12.32 P M
Arrives—Dalton,	2.30 A M

SOUTHWARD.

Mail Train.	
Leaves—Dalton,	11.30 P M
Rome,	2.30 A M
Jacksonville,	5.06 A M
Talladega,	6.57 A M
Calera,	10.00 A M
Arrives—Selma,	1.30 P M
Freight Train.	
Leaves—Dalton,	8.45 A M
Rome,	1.35 P M
Jacksonville,	5.06 P M
Talladega,	12.05 A M
Calera,	6.45 A M
Arrives—Selma,	1.45 P M
Accommodation Train.	
Leaves—Calera,	11.30 A M
Arrives—Selma,	6:30 P M

E. G. BARNEY,
Gen'l Sup't.
M. STANTON,
Assist't Sup't. [apr8—'71

Insurance a Specialty.
L. J. PARR.
SPECIAL AGENT,
JACKSONVILLE ALA.,
Will insure Life, or Property of any kind in the following Companies:
Cotton States Life Insurance Co.,
MACON, GA.,
Georgia Home Fire Insurance Co.
COLUMBUS, GA.,
Home Protection of North Alabama Fire Insurance Co.,
HUNTSVILLE ALA.,
mar25—1871

PARKER'S
BREECH-LOADING, DOUBLE BARRELED
SHOT GUN
BEST IN THE WORLD.
PARKER BROTHERS WEST MERIDEN, CONN.
SEND FOR A CIRCULAR
Now York Office, 27 BEEKMAN ST.

CALL AT THE
Old Hotel,
West Side of the Public Square.
Jacksonville, Ala.

WHICH has been repaired, refurnished and refitted up, especially for the comfort of those who may favor us with a call. Rooms large and comfortable—fare good as the country affords—servants polite and attentive—charges reasonable.
Can accommodate a dozen or two regular boarders.

J. ED. HAMMOND,
Dec. 13, '69—1y. Proprietor.

FORNEY'S CORNER.

W very respectfully call the attention of our customers, to our large Stock of
Spring and Summer Goods,
also to our largely replenished Stock of
FAMILY GROCERIES.

Both departments are sufficiently supplied in quantity and quality to meet the demands of the trade.
Having bought our Stock from reliable Merchants for Cash, we recommend them to you as GOOD GOODS,
CHEAP FOR CASH.
Bring your money or country produce.
We have just received a fine lot of NEW ORLEANS MOLASSES,
BACON, LARD & HAMS.
Hoping to receive soon and frequent calls from you.

Yours Truly,
DRAPER & JOHNSON.
JACKSONVILLE ALA.
apr15—tf

M. A. TURNER
TAILOR,

Takes pleasure in informing his old patrons and the public generally, that he is
STILL AT HIS OLD ST.LD,
PREPARED TO CUT & MAKE
Gentlemens Clothing in the latest and MOST FASHIONABLE STYLE,
& MOST DURABLE MANNER.
Terms now, henceforth, and forever CASH.

JACKSONVILLE ALA.,
dec17 1870.—tf.

VINEGAR BITTERS
VEGETABLE FREE FROM ALCOHOL
PURELY CALIFORNIA
DR. WALKER'S
EUREKA
VINEGAR BITTERS

J. WALKER, Proprietor. R. H. McDonald & Co., Druggists & Gen. Agents, San Francisco, Cal., and 32 Commerce St., N.Y.

MILLIONS Bear Testimony to their Wonderful Curative Effects.

Vinegar Bitters are not a vile Fancy Drink, Made of Poor Rum, Whiskey, Proof Spirits and Refuse Liquors, doctored, spiced and sweetened to please the taste, called "Tonics," "Appetizers," "Restorers," &c., that lead the tippler on to drunkenness and ruin, but are a true Medicine, made from the Native Roots and Herbs of California, free from all Alcoholic Stimulants. They are the GREAT BLOOD PURIFIER and A LIFE GIVING PRINCIPLE, a perfect Renovator and Invigorator of the System, carrying off all poisonous matter and restoring the blood to a healthy condition. No person can take these Bitters according to directions and remain long unwell, provided their bones are not destroyed by mineral poison or other means, and the vital organs wasted beyond the point of repair.

They are a Gentle Purgative as well as a Tonic, possessing, also, the peculiar merit of acting as a powerful agent in relieving Congestion or Inflammation of the Liver, and of all the Visceral Organs.

FOR FEMALE COMPLAINTS, whether in young or old, married or single, at the dawn of womanhood or at the turn of life, these Tonic Bitters have no equal.

For Inflammatory and Chronic Rheumatism and Gout, Dyspepsia or Indigestion, Bilious, Remittent, and Intermittent Fevers, Diseases of the Blood, Liver, Kidneys and Bladder, these Bitters have been most successful. Such Diseases are caused by Vitiated Blood, which is generally produced by derangement of the Digestive Organs.

DYSPEPSIA OR INDIGESTION, Headache, Pain in the Shoulders, Coughs, Tightness of the Chest, Dizziness, Sour Eructations of the Stomach, Bad Taste in the Mouth, Bilious Attacks, Palpitation of the Heart, Inflammation of the Lungs, Pain in the regions of the Kidneys, and a hundred other painful symptoms are the offsprings of Dyspepsia.

They invigorate the Stomach and stimulate the torpid Liver and Bowels, which render them of unequalled efficacy in cleansing the blood of all impurities, and imparting new life and vigor to the whole system.

FOR SKIN DISEASES, Eruptions, Tetter, Salt Rheum, Blotches, Spots, Pimples, Pustules, Boils, Carbuncles, Ring-Worms, Scald Head, Sore Eyes, Erysipelas, Itch, Scurfs, Discolorations of the Skin, Humors and Diseases of the Skin, of whatever name or nature, are literally dug up and carried out of the system in a short time by the use of these Bitters. One bottle in such cases will convince the most incredulous of their curative effect.

Cleanse the Vitiated Blood whenever you find its impurities bursting through the skin in Pimples, Eruptions or Sores; cleanse it when you find it obstructed and sluggish in the veins; cleanse it when it is foul, and your feelings will tell you when. Keep the blood pure, and the health of the system will follow.

PIN, TAPE, and other WORMS, lurking in the system of so many thousands, are effectually destroyed and removed.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS AND DEALERS.

J. WALKER, Proprietor. R. H. McDONALD & CO., Druggists and Gen. Agents, San Francisco, Cal., and 32 and 34 Commerce Street, New York.

RUIT TREES-SMALL FRUITS,
Ornamental Trees and Plants,
Choice Garden & Field Seeds &c
A splendid stock of the choicest varieties.

Send for Descriptive Catalogues and Priced List.
All Trees well packed so as to carry safely to any part of the United States.

Small Fruits & Small Plants
of all kinds, sent by mail, *postage paid*, to any Post Office in the United States.
EDW'D J. EVANS & CO.,
Nurserymen and Seedsmen,
YORK PA.

Ayer's Sarsaparilla,
FOR PURIFYING THE BLOOD.



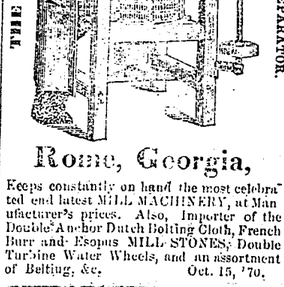
The reputation this excellent medicine enjoys, is derived from its cures, many of which are truly marvellous. Inveterate cases of Scrofulous disease, where the system seemed saturated with corruption, have been purified and cured by it. Scrofulous affections and disorders, which were aggravated by the scrofulous contamination until they were painfully afflicting, have been radically cured in such great numbers in almost every section of the country, that the public scarcely need to be informed of its virtues or uses.

Scrofulous poison is one of the most destructive enemies of our race. Often, this unseen and unfelt tenant of the organism undermines the constitution, and invites the attack of enfeebling or fatal diseases, without exciting a suspicion of its presence. Again, it seems to breed infection throughout the body, and then, on some favorable occasion, rapidly develops into one or other of its hideous forms, either on the surface or among the vitals. In the latter, tubercles may be suddenly deposited in the lungs or heart, or tumors formed in the liver, or it shows its presence by eruptions on the skin, or foul ulcerations on some part of the body. Hence the occasional use of a bottle of this *Sarsaparilla* is advisable, even when no active symptoms of disease appear. Persons afflicted with the following complaints generally find immediate relief, and, at length, cure, by the use of this *SARSAPARILLA*: *St. Anthony's Fire, Rose or Erysipelas, Tetter, Salt Rheum, Scald Head, Ringworm, Sore Eyes, Sore Ears*, and other eruptions or visible forms of *Scrofulous* disease. Also in the more concealed forms, as *Dyspepsia, Dropsy, Heart Disease, Fits, Epilepsy, Neuralgia*, and the various *Uterine* affections of the muscular and nervous systems.

Syphilis or *Venereal* and *Mercurial Diseases* are cured by it, though a long time is required for subduing these obstinate maladies by any medicine. But long-continued use of this medicine will cure the complaint. *Leucorrhœa* or *Whites, Uterine Ulcerations*, and *Female Diseases*, are commonly soon relieved and ultimately cured by its purifying and invigorating effect. Minute directions for each case are found in our Almanac, supplied gratis. *Rheumatism* and *Gout*, when caused by accumulations of extraneous matters in the blood, yield quickly to it, as also *Liver Complaints, Torpidity, Congestion* or *Inflammation* of the *Liver*, and *Jaundice*, when arising, as they often do, from the rankling poisons in the blood. This *SARSAPARILLA* is a great restorer for the strength and vigor of the system. Those who are *Languid* and *Listless, Despondent, Sleepless*, and troubled with *Nervous Apprehensions* or *Fears*, or any of the affections symptomatic of *Weakness*, will find immediate relief and convincing evidence of its restorative power upon trial.

PREPARED BY
Dr. J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass.,
Practical and Analytical Chemists.
SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS EVERYWHERE.
DR. W. W. NISBET, Agt Jacksonville, & sold by Druggists & Merchants everywhere.

J. J. Cohen,



THE WIDE RENOWNED EUREKA SMUTTER and SEPARATOR.

Rome, Georgia,

Keeps constantly on hand the most celebrated and latest MILL MACHINERY, at Manufacturer's prices. Also, Importer of the Double Anchor Dutch Bolting Cloth, French Burr and Esopus MILL STONES; Double Turbine Water Wheels, and an assortment of Belting, &c. Oct. 15, '70.

To the Planters of Calhoun County.
Send your COTTON to
JAS. E. COOPER
Of ROME, GA., who will sell it for you, and charge you only (50 c.) fifty cents per Bale for selling. If you want to Store your Cotton he will make liberal Cash advances on it.
Rome, Ga., Oct. 17, 1870.—3m.

J. M. ELLIOTT. C. G. SAMMUEL
Elliott & Samuel
COTTON FACTORS,
Warehouse and Commission Merchants.
Rome Ga.
Real Estate Agents.
AGENTS FOR THE STEAMBOAT LINE ON THE COOSA RIVER, AND ALSO General Receiving and Forwarding Agents. We compress through cotton without delay saving thereby to the shipper, 40 cents per bag besides putting the cotton in much better condition for transportation and handling when in market.

JACKSONVILLE
Iron Foundry.
STRAIN & VEITCH Prop'rs.

This Foundry is now in full blast. All kinds of castings done promptly and to order. Bills filled for all kinds of
Hollow Ware,
Mill & Gin Gear,
Iron Railing,
Grates,
Plows, &c., &c.,
A liberal patronage solicited.
Address, STRAIN & VEACH
mch25—1y Jacksonville, Ala.

PARLOR ALBUM
IN FIVE QUARTO VOLUMES.
Price $8.00 per volume or
$40.00 PER SET COMPLETE.

Description of the Work.

THE PARLOR ALBUM is doubtless the most extensive ART GALLERY ever published and, by those who have examined several portions of the work, it has ed the pronounced "The Climax of Beauty." Each volume contains 20 full page Chromo Lithographs, in Oil Colors, 40 full page Steel Engravings, 40 full page engravings on wood and 240 pages of reading matter descriptive of the illustrations, the whole making each volume about one half as thick, and same sized pages, of Websters largest Dictionary. Each volume is complete in itself and will be sold separately, if desired.

Sold by Subscription, Only.

Vol. I, Is devoted to Wild American Birds.
Vol. II, Contains Wild American Animals.
Vol. III, American Domesticated Birds and Animals.
Vol. IV, Foreign Birds and Animals.
Vol. V, Fishes, Reptiles and Insects.

This work will at once commend itself to the cultivated American people, and no library will, hereafter, be complete without this addition to its treasures; while as a parlor amusement it is unequalled by American publications.

Agents Wanted.

We will give agents very liberal terms for selling the above described publications, and wish to appoint an agent in every town in the United States and British Provinces. Experienced book agents and all other persons of respectability should apply at once. Any Young Man, or Young Lady can, by devoting a short time during the day or evening, secure a complete set, free of expense, or, if preferred, we will allow large Commission in Cash.

We have prepared a most beautiful SPECIMEN BOOK FOR AGENTS containing 5 of the Oil Chromos, 10 Steel Engravings, 10 Wood Engravings and 50 pages of descriptive reading, being selections from each volume, together with blank paper, specimens of binding, &c., &c.

Our Specimen Book has cost us quite largely, and we do not wish to send it to persons who do not intend to act as agents, but to any one who will make an effort to procure subscribers to the Work, we will send the Specimen Book, prepaid, on receipt of 50 cents to cover postage. Enclose stamp for reply and address.

American Publishing Co.,
RUTLAND VT.
mar11—6mo.

SEEDS. SEEDS.

Sat free by mail, select vegetable seeds, choice Flower Seeds, splendid Gladiolus, Lilies, and other Flowering Bulbs.

Complete assortment of Vegetable Seeds for a large or small Garden.

Assortment No. 5. contains 57 varieties	"	$5.
No. 6.	" 33	$2.
No. 7.	" 18	$1.

The above sent Post Paid, the receipt of price. The following larger collections can be safely sent by Express, (freight paid by purchaser.)

No. 1. $20—No. 2. $15—No. 3. $10—No. 4. $5.

Collections of Flower Seed by mail. Twenty splendid varities of annuals $1. Larger collections from $2 to $5—mailed free. The Golden rayed Queen of Lilies (Lilium auratum) $1.

Lilium Lancifolium Album		50ct.
" "	Rubrum	50ct.
" "	Roseum	50ct.

One each of the above varieties by mail $2.00. Seed and plant Catalogues sent free on application.

RICHARDSON & GOULD,
245 Broadway New York.
American Agriculturist Building, P. O. Box 5134.
mar25—1871.

New Groceries.
MCCLELEN & LANDERS

ARE now receiving a large and varied Stock of FAMILY GROCERIES in the house formerly occupied by Stypes & Rowland, on the N. E. corner of the Public Square, which they propose to sell cheaper than they can be purchased elsewhere. They will also take in exchange, COUNTRY PRODUCE at Cash prices.

Their Stock consists, in part, of the following Articles:

SUGARS,
COFFEES,
MOLASSES,
TEAS,
BACON,
LARD,
FLOUR,
RICE,
FISH,
CHEESE,
ORANGES,

ALL KINDS COOKING EXTRACTS

PLAIN
AND
FANCY
CANDIES;

In fact, everything kept in a Family Grocery.

In connection wit this, we have opened a

FIRST CLASS BAR,

In which is kept the finest brands jo
ALES,
LIQUORS,
BRANDIES,
CHAMPAGNE,
AND OTHER WINES.

Come all ye that thirst. We will give you drink.
Jan. 21—3m

Virginia and Tennessee.
AIR-LINE RAILWAY.

Through rates by the Air-Line, always as low as the published tariff of any competing route.

Freights run through without break of Bulk. All claims promptly adjusted by Thos. Pickney, claim agent at Norfolk Va.,

OFFICES.

Boston, 87 Washington street; New York, 303 Broadway; Philadelphia corner Washington Avenue and Swanson street; Baltimore, 154 west Baltimore street.

C. E. EVANS,
General Eastern Agent.

"Kick Him when He's Down."

When the sun of prosperity's shining,
And a man's growing richer every day
—When in ease and in comfort reclining,
And golden success crowns his way—
How friends will then flock about him—
But if fortune should happen to frown,
How quickly he'll get the "cold shoulder"
And be "kicked because he is down."

How kindly the world will smile on him
When life with success abounds;
How cordially, blandly 'twill greet him
As in pleasure he's riding around;
But then let reverses o'ertake him,
And his friends both in country & town,
Have not a kind sentence to cheer him;
But will "kick him as soon as he's down."

Let a man get position or wealth,
Matters not—if by intrigue or fraud—
The world nods approvingly at him;
And his acts it will loudly applaud,
What though he may be a great villain!
With the simple the wise and the clown
While he's up he's a "tip-top fellow,
But they'll "kick him if ever he's down."

When a man has plenty of "greenbacks"
And he's healthy and festive and gay,
He's counted a "bully good chum" then,
And the crowd approves all he may say;
But just let him lose all his treasures,
Perchance, too, his health may be gone,
He'll get to be nobody quickly"
And sure to be "kicked when he's down."

What's the use of being moral and honest
Or striving to be upright and true;
For unless a man has "lots of money,"
The world's bound to "put him right through."
They'll "go for him" certain and surely.
From the jockey to priest in his gown,
All will stand ready to "crush" him.
And "kick him because he is down."

Oh! when will mankind be less selfish—
I wonder if 'twill ever be thus:
That we'll love to do to each other
As we would have them to do to us;
And if in "adversity's ocean"
We are sinking and ready to drown,
Three blessed be the friend whose devotion
Will help a man up when he's down.

[From the Montgomery Advertiser.]

The Alabama and Chattanooga Rail Road Company.

Our readers have already been informed that at the petition or suit of W. A. C. Jones a floating debt creditor in a claim of some 15,000 dollars, the Alabama and Chattanooga Rail Road Company has been decreed an involuntary Bankrupt. The court decided, as we learn, and in this committed no error we presume, that the A. & C. R. R. Co., was a "Trader" within the meaning of the Act of Congress. But on the question of regularity or sufficiency of service and return of process in the case, which the court also determined in favor of the petitioner there appears to be no little doubt. The Bankrupt Act itself proposes to describe the mode in which service and return of the Petition or Order shall be made. In the present case the service of the Petition and Order to appear before the Bankrupt court at Montgomery was made personally on J. C. Stanton the Supt. of the Road, by the United States Marshal for the *District of Tennessee*. But unquestionably the *residence* of the Corporation is not in Tennessee but in Alabama. The point to be considered, therefore, is, can the United States Marshal for the District of Tennessee, under his commission as an officer for that particular State, undertake to serve ill dite course of law and to make return of the same, the processes or orders emenating from the District court in Alabama engaged on business in Bankruptcy, either by original authority, or as agent for the Marshal for Alabama? We must leave this subject to be debated by the Lawyers; but it is plain that, if the service in the case is null, and the Railroad Company has not yet been properly summoned, nor has yet appeared, matters threaten a severe future complication. We understand, however, that the learned lawyers for the petition, Messrs. Walker, Elmore and Murphy, are clear on the question and that the experienced Judge fully concurs with them in opinion.

The chief interest we feel in the matter is that the State of Alabama shall be fully protected in all the stages of this bankrupt proceeding, and that it shall not lose a dollar on account of the loan of its credit to the Road to assure its construction and equipment. It affords us the highest gratification to state that we have assurance from the highest quarters that the State will be fully protected against any loss or damage. In its property lists the Company owns from six to nine hundred thousands acres of land which will stand as part security for the two million straight bonds; and there can be no condition of affairs in which the road will not sell for at least six millions of dollars, an amount much larger than is needed to cover all the endorsed bonds, with interest, present or prospective. We consequently feel reasonably safe and tranquil on this head.

Next to the State of Alabama, the employees of the road and the creditors for work and labor done, and goods sold and delivered, upon or along the line of the road, possess our warmest sympathies. After the perfect security of the State shall be assured, we should be very glad that the floating debt of the company along its line in the State, might be satisfactorily arranged.

Of course we do not pretend to understand or to measure all the private interests involved in the present movement. That is not our business. It is enough to be able to express confidence that the State of Alabama will most probably lose nothing by the Alabama & Chattanooga Railroad.

JUDGE GRANDIN ON THE A. & C. R. R. QUESTION.—In order to satisfy public curiosity regarding the management of the A. & C R. R. by the custodians appointed by Judge Busteed, we called on Judge Grandin and questioned him regarding his views and purposes with reference thereto. In response to our enquiries, he said:

My appointment as custodian was entirely unexpected. I happened to be in Montgomery on professional business, and was in the U. S. court room whilst the case was being considered. Col. Jno A. Elmore and Chief Justice Walker, after the adjudication, moved the court to appoint me custodian of the property. Judge Busteed asked me if I would accept the trust. I had some difficulty about it, because of my professional business, but after some reflection, consented and the Judge made the appointment. Afterwards, in view of the magnitude of the trust, he concluded to associate with me Mr. Jno. F. Bailey, the regular assignee in bankruptcy. I was glad of this, because I recognized Mr. Bailey's eminent qualifications for the office. The result is that Bailey and I are custodians of the Railroad until the election of an assignee under the bankrupt law.

So far as I am concerned, and I think I may say that my associate custodian will agree with me, I intend to do the duty assigned me by the court. The bond has been given and we, and our sureties, are responsible.

Our purpose is to leave the existing condition of affairs undisturbed, if we find the management of the Railroad such as will comport with the exigencies of the case.

Above all we intend to look to the interest of the State of Alabama, which is the principal creditor of the corporation, and we are quite sure that Judge Busteed would not allow us to retain office a moment if he thought otherwise.

We intend to treat with the employees of the road as reasonable men, and we have no doubt of our ability to satisfy their every just demand. We have already telegraphed to Chattanooga, Tuscaloosa and Meridian to this effect. We have also telegraphed to Soutter & Co., of New York, agents for the European bondholders, what is our purpose.

The Marshal has to seize the Railroad and deliver it into our possession. When that is done I will be better able to give you my views and purposes.

I think there is every reason to believe that this action of the court will benefit the Road. We intend, during our brief administration, to order things so that the public shall be satisfied that the road is what it ought to be, and will be, a great and beneficial institution for the State of Alabama, and the country at large. There will be no trouble or difficulty of any sort if we can help it.

So far as the interest of the State is concerned I have conferred with the action of the Court.

The Railroad authorities have already been informed of this action of the court. The Ass't Superintendent was in court when the order was made, and I have since had an interview with him. I told him substantially what I have told you, and he left me apparently satisfied.

I don't know whether the company will contest the decision of the court, nor is it material whether they do or not. I am a mere ministerial officer and *intend to do my duty*. I am confident—at any rate have no doubt—that the July interest on the Stanton bonds will be paid by the road when it falls due.

CHATTANOOGA, June 10.

Efforts are making here to set aside bankruptcy proceedings against the Alabama & Chattanooga Railroad recently held in Montgomery for a purpose; and a meeting of all the creditors of said road throughout the country is called, to meet at Chattanooga, Wednesday, June 14, at 10 o'clock. It is thought that if all the creditors are present in person, or by proxy, the rights of all can be protected in the best manner and bankruptcy proceedings, which will cause a total loss of all debts outside of the bonds endorsed by the State of Alabama, can be set aside.

How a Miser was Taken In.

Everybody has heard of Velpeau the great French surgeon, but few persons are aware of the fact that he was very miserly and disagreeable. A story has recently been told of him to the effect that, having successfully performed a very perilous operat on on a boy, the mother of his patient waited upon Velpeau and said:

"Monsieur, my son is saved, and I really know not how to express my gratitude. Allow me however, to present you with this pocket book, embroidered by my own hands."

"Oh, Madam," replied Velpeau, sharply, "my art is not merely a question of feeling. My life has its requirements, like yours. Dress even which is a luxury for you is necessary for me. Allow me therefore, to refuse your charming little present, in exchange for a more substantial remuneration."

"But Monsieur, what remuneration do you desire? Fix the fee yourself."

"Five thousand francs, Madam."

The lady very quietly opened the pocket-book, which contained 10 thousand francs in notes counted out five, and after politely handing them over to Velpeau retired.—"Phancy his pheelinks."

The Cure for Cancers.

Some remarkable cures effected by the use of a decoction of the common red clover drank as a tea and used as a wash have lately called the public attention to the medical properties fo this plant. This however, cannot be said to be a new remedy; it has been employed for some years past, and there are some apparently well-attested cases of its efficacy even after the disease had become distressingly painful, and all hope was given up. The following report of one of these cases has been written for the New York Post:

Mr Joel Rood, son-in-law of Mr. Thurman Woodford, has a cousin residing in Great Barrington, Mass., the wife of a hotel-keeper, who had cancer in one breast, which became so serious that the whole gland was removed by a surgeon and the wound healed. About a year after the cancerous humor broke out in the other breast and was begining to be serious Mr. Rood, seeing the good effects of the clover tea and wash on his father-in-law, Mr. Truman Woodford, wrote to his cousin informing her of the fact, and urging her to try the remedy. She adopted it at once, and in a few months was entirely healed, and at the time of receiving this information; which was a year, or more afterwards, no reappearance of the humor had occurred.

The following appears in the "American Dispensary," by Dr. John King, of Cincinnati:

"RED CLOVER—THE BLOSSOMS, PROPERTIES AND USES.

"The extract, spread on linen or soft thin leather; is said to be an excellent remedy for cancerous &c. It is also highly recommended in ill-conditioned ulcers of every kind, and deep, raggededged and otherwise badly-conditioned burns. It possesses a peculiar soothing property, and proves an efficacious detergent, and promotes a healthful granulation."

The Stantons in Hot Water.

A great deal of commotion was created in Chattanooga Friday, by a general levy upon all the rolling stock and other property connected with the Alabama and Chattanooga Railroad by creditors who claim to have been kept out of their money by J. C. Stanton. Superintendent of that road: They attempted to levy on the $7,500 silver tea set presented to Stanton by the employes of the road but he was too sharp for them. On the approach of the officer, it is said that Stanton had the set taken out of the box in which it was kept and then relocked it. The officer seizing the box, it was subsequently opened among a large number of spectators and, found to be empty.

It is also stated that the Stanton brothers badly beat a young lawyer named M. Gay, on account of his having had some connection with a legal process about to be served against them and that Gay had subsequently challenged the brother to meet him according to the "Code."

All the trains on the road have been stopped. It is stated that Stanton has $2,000,000 at his command, but will not cash any of his liabilities unless absolutely forced to do it, that he owes six months wages to his employees; that he is indebted to the people of Chattanooga to the amount of one million of dollars and also indebted largely to the merchants of Nashville.

There is a good deal of excitement at Chattanooga about the affairs of the road and serious trouble is apprehended.—*Nash Banner June 4th.*

A Mental Defect.

A curious defect in our mental organism is a certain slow apprehension of what is before us, a partial paralysis of our perceptive faculties, which fortunately only occur at intervals, although it gives us while it lasts, an appreciative taste of what idiocy must be. A gentleman of high intelligence was reading an account of the Prussian campaign of 1866, and chanced upon this sentence: "The Prussians were misled by a pretended guide, and suffered severe losses in consequence." After reading this phrase through several times, he laid down the paper and pondered a while; nothing coming of this meditation, he called out to his wife in the next room, "Mary, did you ever hear of such a word as misled?" pronouncing it as though it rhymed with "drizzled." "No," she replied; "why do you ask?" "Because here is an account in the paper which says, 'The Prussians were misled by a pretended guide, and suffered severe losses in consequence,' and I cannot imagine what it means." "Nor I; how is it spelt?" "Why, *m-i-s-l-e-d* of course." "*Mis-led*, John, *mis*-LED; where are your senses?"

I was playing whist one evening with some visitors, when the door opened and my aunt made her appearance, holding aloft a newspaper. "Young people, can you tell me what a bug-ler is?" she demanded in an earnest voice. "You mean bungler, don't you aunt?" "No;" she replied, with emphasis, "I have read the same notice in this paper every evening for two weeks, and I cannot imagine what it means. Listen: 'Wanted immediately —Two good buglers. Apply at Camp Lincoln:'" "*Buglers*; aunt—*bug-lers*," shouted the young people; and Aunt Jane retired into the shades of her apartment with dignity somewhat diminished.—*Lippincott's Magazine.*

A correspondent of the *Republican Union* (Radical) having stated that one John Copeland, confined in DeKalb county jail, had been taken out by disguised men and had not been heard of since; a DeKalb correspondent of the Montgomery *Advertiser*, says, Copeland has not been in jail for two years, and, by advice of his attorneys and friends, and not by disguised men, failed to appear and stand his trial. He is thought to be housed with a woman, who aided him in the deed, for which he stands indicted.

MORE POPULATION FOR THE SOUTH.

(*From the Courier, May 13, 1871.*)

In our advertising columns will be found the announcement of a grand Gift enterprise, in which the amount of half a million dollars will be distributed by the South Carolina Land and Immigration Association.

The importance of the object of the Association should recommend the enterprise to every citizen of the State, and the inducements which are offered are such as to tempt every one. The price of tickets is only five dollars, and the holder of one of them will receive the Academy of Music, one of the most valuable pieces of property in the whole Southern country. The stores in the building command high rents; the saloon and store has now and can always have a tenant. The Halls above are in constant demand, and the theatre is by far the handsomest in the South. The lucky holder of the ticket which draws that prize will secure a fortune. The second prize, though less valuable, will be enough to satisfy the most grasping. One hundred thousand dollars is at no time to be despised. A large number of other prizes are to be given, varying from $25,000, $10,000, $5,000, $1,000, &c., amounting to over 2,400 gifts.

The character of the gentlemen who are at the head of this enterprise is such as to satisfy every one that there can be nothing unfair in the transaction. Most gift schemes are started by irresponsible parties. This one is, on the contrary, conducted under the auspices of Gen. M. C. Butler, a former Major General of the Confederate Army, and the candidate for Lieutenant Governor at the last election; a man whose name in South Carolina, has always been synonymous with high toned honesty and integrity; Mr. John Chadwick, a gentleman who has invested hundreds of thousands of dollars in this State, and who is honored and respected by the entire community, and Gen. Gary; the honest, brave, manly and popular gentleman, who never knew fear, and whose character stands without reproach.

In addition to the high tone, character and responsibility of the Managers, other safeguards are thrown around the scheme which would recommend it to the most skeptical, as will appear by the advertisements. We feel sure that the only difficulty, which will be had in a few days, will be the obtaining of tickets; as they will be eagerly sought after in every section of the country.

It is not supposed, in view of all that has transpired, that Jefferson Davis would be a first class Union man. We are not surprised to hear that he had stated, at Atlanta, Georgia, in a public speech, that "wrong can not always be triumphant.

I will say nothing, and you must do nothing, even though tyranny oppresses grievously upon you. Forbear for a season, and a day will come when all will yet be well. I may not, nor may some of you, live to see it, but it is surely coming." The *Gazette* seizes upon this for a column editorial to exasperate its party against the South, and those in the North who are inclined to do them justice. It is an awful thing that Mr. Davis looks forward to a time when all will be well, and when no tyranny will oppress the Ex-Confederates. The *Gazette* considers his language, above quoted as of very "solemn import," and commends it to both Republicans and Democrats, and asks Northern men how they like it.

We should judge, from such talk on its part, that it supposed that Northern men were natural-born fools. Nobody on the face of the earth expects Mr. Davis to be pleased with existing state of things, or that he will not cherish the hope that in the future there will be an improvement?
Cincinnati Enquirer.

A German Lawyer's Oath.

The following is a specimen of the comprehensive and exhaustive oath the lawyers of Germany must take, on being admitted to the bar of the respective monarchial German states in which they live:

"You shall promise and swear that, after his Highness, the Duke and Lord, Lord——(here follows the name of the prince,) Duke of Saxe-Coburg-Gotha, has granted you the license to practice law as a member of the bar before all courts and public authorities of this state (the Dukedom of Saxe-Coburg,) you will be faithful, obedient and subject to his Highness and his high legal successor in the government; show obedience to the Constitution; faithfully keep and observe the laws and ordinances, especially, according to your best knowledge and understanding; faithfully and industriously aid everybody, the poor man quite as willingly as the rich man, without fear of the courts, to his right, by advice; speech and action; not overcharge parties with fees, not obstruct the amicable settlement of law suits, but further it as much as possible; not retard or hinder justice in any way whatsoever; never give countenance to dishonest designs of parties, particularly not suggest to any party or any accused person groundless subterfuges and statements contrary to truth, or recantation, and if you should find the cause of a party, in your persuasion, to be without foundation, or not based upon the law, and you could not amicably dissuade such party, as is your duty to do, from its intent, not represent it in court in such cause any longer, and never in any case take in hand by you; speak and act more than you are instructed to do; keep secrets intrusted to you inviolate; take care of and return in good time public papers and records laid before you or communicated to you; keep safely funds which may be entrusted to you, and give a conscientious account of them; and finally, show to the public authorities and courts before which you will appear as counsel due respect, and abstain from all invective against the same; also, not be prevented from the fulfilment of these duties either by favor, gifts, friendship or enmity, or any other impure motive, and altogether so behave as is becoming and befitting a conscientious and duteous attorney and counsellor at law.

"OATH—All that has been read to me now I have well understood and solemnly promise to do; I will keep that oath firmly, inviolately and faithfully, so help me God!"

JACKSONVILLE REPUBLICAN

JACKSONVILLE, ALABAMA.

SATURDAY, JUNE 17, 1871.

Maj. Carlisle & the Gadsden Times

We were pleased to receive, on Wednesday last, a call from Maj. Hugh Carlisle, the present management of the Gadsden & Guntersville Rail Road. Mr. Carlisle thinks he has not been justly dealt with in an article which appeared in the Gadsden TIMES in connection with Col. Pennington's letter, relating to the Gadsden & Guntersville Railroad. He claims (and we can substantiate him in part) to have done more for the road than any other man. He has spent thousands of dollars in his laudable efforts to attract the attention of capitalists to his road. He has made three trips to Montgomery and remained months each time, at his own expense, to secure legislation advantageous to the Road. The first time, he succeeded in getting the State to waive the claim against the Road, in favor of the 400 bonds. On his second trip, he succeeding in getting the State to donate fund to the road. His third trip to secure State aid at the completion of every five miles, failed only by one vote, and that was lost through the zeal of a friendly member who supposed the bill had been lost and on that account changed his vote from "yea" to "nay" for the purpose of moving a reconsideration, thus himself defeating the bill unintentionally He has made two trips to Washington in his efforts to have Congress revive the original land grant to the road, staying weeks at a time and spending on one trip over eleven hundred dollars out of his own private purse. The last time he went, he would have secured his object, but for the puppy Warner, who by the grace of bayonet rule, set himself up in Washington as representing the interests of Alabama. Week after week this creature Warner would stave off the bill, until finally it was called up against his will, or during his absence and passed the Senate by a large majority. It did not pass the House however, because Warner had managed to delay it until too near the end of the session; so it died with the session. He is just now returning from New York, after being there and in Pennsylvania two months, in his endeavor to attract capitalists to his road. While absent, he secured the promise of Mr. G. H. Armes, the former Chief Engineer of the road, that he (Armes) would visit the road on the 18th inst. and bring a lot of capitalists with him. He is now on his way to Opelika, to see if he can effect any arrangement with Cols. Pennington or Colt, by which the road can be built. He has at a sacrifice, neglected his legitimate business and devoted himself, for two years, wholly to this enterprise. True he controls a majority of the Stock in the Road, but much of it he worked for ($26,000) and much of it he has paid 60c. in the dollar for. Having such interest at stake he is of course more interested in putting the thing through than any other man can possibly be. Yet, his critics, who so far have failed to show their faith by their works, (words are cheap) becoming impatient because the Road is not hurried to their doors without an effort on *their* part, hurl epithets at him; because he does not choose to surrender his right and title in the Road to the first man who comes along and says "stand and deliver!"—no matter whether that man is able to build the road or not, after it is surrendered to him.

The article complained of also reflects on Judge Wyeth, the venerable President of the Road, who, next to Carlisle, has done more than anybody for it. Anybody that knows Judge Wyeth, will know that he is incapable of entertaining any sentiment in conflict with the public good, much less of deliberately perpetrating a wrong on the public by playing "dog in the manger." He is too pure and good a man for that. The figures of the Gadsden TIMES man are also wrong, we are informed, though of this we have no personal knowledge.

We advise that Maj. Carlisle be given time. He is more interested in having the Road built than any of us, and of course will have it done as soon as he can see a chance. His interest and the interest of the people along the line are identical, and what he does for himself will redound equally to the benefit of us all. We advise the Gadsden man to possess his soul in patience and put a bridle upon his tongue, or rather "dry up" the ink on his pen, until he can show that he has done as much for the general good of the road as Maj. Carlisle has. Would he surrender his right and title in a Road so valuable, without compensation, at least to the amount of his investment? No. Then neither should Maj. Carlisle be required so to do.

Stanton's Men Resist the U. S. Marshal.

A Clear Case of Ku-Klux Outrage.

Some days ago Gen. Healey, a U. S. Marshal, seized a train of cars on the Alabama & Chattanooga Railroad and telegraphed to Stanton that he would bring it on to Chattanooga. The two temporary Assignees of the Road, appointed by U. S. Dist. Judge Busteed, were also aboard. Before the train reached Chattanooga, it was stopped and boarded by about seventy-five of the employees of the Road, who informed the U. S. Marshal that he and his party should proceed no farther in the direction of Chattanooga. The Marshal informed the party who he was, and was met with the reply that they did'nt care who in the h—l he was, he could'nt go to Chattanooga on that train. A creditor of the Road who happened to be on the train, made them a speech, in which he convinced them that their interests would be best subserved by allowing things to take their course; and finally the whole concern went into Chattanooga together, the Railroad employees dispersing among their fifteen hundred companions that Stanton now feeds there at his own expense. Some of the men who thus engaged in resisting the process of a U. S. Court, are, we venture to say, from Boston and "loil."

Stanton had the train attached on its arrival in Chattanooga.

The above facts we learn from a gentleman *en route* from Chattanooga to Elyton; and we publish them without vouching for their accuracy, though in the main we have no doubt but that the story is true

GADSDEN.—Last week, in company with a friend, we made a visit to our flourishing neighboring town of Gadsden—"Gadsden on the Coosa." The people as usual had on high pressure and were striding along the streets as briskly as if business was ever so flush—maybe it was. To omit the mention of meeting old and warm friends, we will speak something of the "material resources" of the town. In the first place, it wears more of the city than any place of its size we have ever seen.—Gadsden is a precocious child—a very lively infant. In the second place, its pretentions to the claim of being a city is better founded than of any interior town we know of. The lumber business of the place is destined soon to enrich it both in money and inhabitants—Enterprise is rife and generosity is the distinguishing mark of her citizens. While there we took a stroll among the brickyards, of which there is a number, and the saw mills, of which there were "not so many as you heard there was." We first passed through the big mill of Rand & Turner, where they can turn out vast quantities of lumber, shingles and lathes daily. It had the ear-marks of Yankee enterprise, and was altogether creditable to its founders; but we could not help thinking they had overtaxed their engine. After being very courteously shown through this establishment we turned our steps to the mammoth mill of Mr. Collier. We found not so many modern appliances in this establishment, but equally as much enterprise. We could not help thinking that Mr. Collier was right in not too heavily taxing his engine. His manner of managing his belt gearing, we preferred to that of Major Rand. We thought we could see the same difference in the two that there is between the over-shot and under-shot wheel—the water power being the same. Mr. Collier has already turned out thousands upon thousands of feet of lumber, which now lie awaiting shipment; and in addition he is erecting another engine for another mill beside the one he has. After "interviewing" these two establishments we asked for the "other five"—"there were seven" we said. "Oh, they are over the river." "Over the river? How far over the river? Any of them in Jacksonville?" we enquired. "They are just scattered around over the other side generally," was the reply, but we didn't see but two, and of them only have we spoken.

Gadsden was in an agony of excitement, as we left, over the announcement that Stanton was running all his rolling stock from off his road and that the trains would cease running for an indefinite length of time. Wisdom brought the news. He came in at a swift run, his ambrosial locks were all dishevelled and he presented generally such a courier-like appearance as we have not seen since the war.

"Why what in the world is the matter Wisdom?" said we rather excitedly.

"They've stopped 'em!" floated back to us on the ambient air as he rushed frantically from block to block to spread the dire intelligence. Then loud wailing and lamentation went up from Gadsden. Herzberg refused to be comforted—until they brought him a glass of——cold, cold water. Woodliff was heard to exclaim in most tragic tones, "A horse! A horse! My Kingdom for an Iron-horse,—to get all my lumber off to market." Kyle lifted up his voice and wept; because his greenbacks were not. Col. Hart had known an exactly similar circumstance that had occurred in Kansas, when he was there. Hollingsworth scowled fearfully for a few moments, thrust his hands fiercely through his raven locks, looked at his Road account, shook himself savagely and *howled*. Dr. Howell remarked "Well I declare, gentle*men*! It is very strange! Did you ever hear anything like it? Well I'll declare!" Col. Sam Henry knew it was going to come all the time; but as nobody had asked him about it, he had been keeping it a secret to himself. By gum! sir, he could have told you though. Ike Moragne *did* tell 'em; but nobody would listen to him, "and now you see, sir, they had a better done what I told 'em." Randall looked down pensively on his new cloth boots, that he bought on his recent trip North, and whistled a melancholy *cantata*. Joe Francis twitched nervously awhile at his short tailed coat that he had bought on the same trip, and appeared much cast down. Gradually, however, as visions of possible pickings in such a vast lawsuit as was to follow, flitted across his mind, his face assumed at first a christian resignation cast, then a more than satisfied appearance, which broke into a broad grin as he made his way to his office to record the "calamity." Gen. Turrentine and Rev. Mr. Timmons when last seen were perusing, with heads close together, the pages of the Book of Job. At this stage of the game the picture became too painful to contemplate. The whip cracked; our horse started, and we left Gadsden—"Gadsden on the Coosa," with a thousand regrets that this world was not all Gadsden—the Gadsden of happier days.

P. S. We forgot to remark that Fulcher keeps the best Hotel in the State and is altogther the most accommodating landlord we have ever spent a day with. We advise our friends to put up with Fulcher when they go to Gadsden.

CALHOUN COLLEGE.—At a meeting of the Board of Directors of Calhoun College, last week, the following excellent Faculty was elected:

GEN. WM. H. FORNEY, Pres. of the Board of Directors and *ex-officio* Pres. of the College.

A. W. RICHARDSON, A. M. Prof. of Mathematics &c.

COL. S. FOUCHE, Prof. of Ancient and Modern Languages.

Other chairs to be filled.

The first term will commence on the 28th of August, 1871. Prof. RICHARDSON is a graduate of the University of Alabama, class of 1843, and has been teaching for a number of years. He is highly spoken of wherever he has taught and we have no doubt but that he will give entire satisfaction to our people.

Col. FOUCHE, is a teacher of large experience and reputation. He has built up several fine schools in Georgia, that stand to-day as monuments of his ability in his profession. He is a thoroughly educated gentleman, and one of the most polished men it has ever been our good fortune to meet.

As necessity may require other teachers will be added, until all the chairs are filled. Meantime Profs. RICHARDSON and FOUCHE will attend to every department.

With such a fair start as we now have, a first class College can be built up in our midst in a comparatively short time. Let us all unite heartily in the cause, and push forward the interests of our College with might and main.

Next week, when we have more time, we shall say more of the College—the building—the location—the health of our place—the society—the general advantages Jacksonville possesses as an educational point, &c.

It is a noticeable fact that the same bitter feeling between the North and the South that existed before the war has, of *late* date again developed itself, regardless of parties. If we may judge by the utterances of the New York *World* and other Democratic papers, and some of the Southern Democratic papers, there is no line clearly defined in this country but Mason & Dickson's line. The sections blinded by hate of each other, cannot distinguish party lines. While we know that the two peoples are as far removed from each other in sentiment, education, feeling and custom as are the North and South poles; yet we cannot account for the long truce since the war between the Northern and Southern Democracy, and the sudden breaking of it, on the eve of an important Presidential election. Have we traitors in both camps? If not why this bandying of epithets? Why this stirring up of strife now?

LATEST NEWS.

[We are indebted to the Rome Commercial for the following extracts from the Associated Press Dispatches.]

Washington, June 13.—Rev. A. S. Laken, of Alabama, formerly of New York, testified before the Ku-Klux committee to-day four hours, he gives a terrible picture of affairs in the past, and says affairs in Alabama are as bad as ever. Among his naratives are two presiding elders driven from their work; two ministers whipped and another fired at and required to leave his circuit; one traveling minister killed, two local ministers murdered; Laken himself shot at in his house and also on the highway and had been otherwise molested; all this since 1868.

The Republican members of the Committee say that Laken's testimony is the most interesting and valuable they have yet taken.

[We venture the assertion that Laken's character for truth and veracity in Alabama and New York, where he is best known, would not stand the test of examination. —ED. COM.]

Bown has been sentenced to two years in the Penitentary and two-hundred and fifty dollars fine. He is now in jail. It is understood that application for a new trial will rely upon Presidential clemency.

TEXAS.

Galveston, June 13.—Another terrible storm from the North-East, struck this city yesterday at 10 A. M., and continued with great fury till midnight, destroying Telegraph and Railroad communication and doing great damage to the City and Shipping St. Patrick's Church, just finished, was blown down and is a total ruin. The oldest citizens say this was the severest storm of wind and rain ever known here. The velocity of the wind was sixty miles per hour.

NEW YORK.

New York, June 13.—Greely had a grand reception from the Republican committee last night. He re-asserted his intention to do his duty, even if it involved the White House responsibility. He spoke in severe terms of the Ku-Klux, which, said he, the Government ought to extirpate at once and forever; and in severe and more sarcastic condemnation, denounced the theiving carpet baggers, who plunder and prey upon the negroes and poor whites, while pretending to be anxious for their education and salvation of their souls. He said these were the greatest obstacles to Republican ascendancy in the South, and so he denounced them.

Chattanooga, June 14.—A committee of creditors are in conference with Mr. Stanton, to consider the affairs of the Alabama & Chattanooga Railroad. It was resolved to exhaust the law in order to defeat compulsory bankruptcy.

A Committee was appointed to examine the books and accounts of the Road, and publish a statement of the affairs. Also that Mr. Stanton be appointed Agent to operate the Road and a Financial Agent be appointed to handle the money in the interest of the creditors, debtors, laborres and employees here. A reference committee of three were appointed with whom Stanton could consult and advise in the management of the road. It is believed that if Stanton is allowed to operate, the last dollar will be paid. An extension of one, two and three years is asked, at eight per cent interest upon certain gurantees from Stanton.

A special from Chattanooga says: "I saw a letter from Jefferson Davis to Col. Styles, of the Albany (Georgia) *News*, in which he complains of the manner in which his speeches at Atlanta and Augusta have been misconstrued by the Northern Press. He says he never wished, directly or indirectly, to counsel the Southern people not to tolerate the situation. He thinks they ought to wait patiently till the return of good sense of the Northern people brings about a reversal of the more obnoxious features in the recent Congressional legislation. He disavows most strongly anything like a revival of a grand resistance. There was one part of his Chattanooga speech which was not reported.—Before saying that he did not accept the situation, Davis asked any Northern reporter who might be present to take particular notice of his words, and then said he did not desire to be understood as advising anything like disloyalty to the Government.

New York, June 14.—*Noon*—Cotton steady; midding uplands 20; Orleans 20⅜;

JIM WILD.

BY F. BRET HARTE.

Say, there! P'r'aps
Some of you chaps
Might know Jim Wild?
Well,—no offense;
Thar ain't no sense
In gettin' riled!

Jim was my chum
Up on the bar:
That's why I come
Down from up yar,
Lookin' for Jim.
Thank ye, sir! *you*
Ain't of that crew—
Blest if you are!

Money?—not much;
That ain't my kind;
I ain't no such.
Rum?—I don't mind,
Seein' it's you.

Well, this yer Jim,
Did you know him?
Jess 'bout your size;
Same kind of eyes?
Well that is strange—
Why it's two year
Since he came here,
Sick, for a change.

Well, here's to us,
Eh?
The deuce you say.
Dead?—
That little cuss?

What makes you star'—
You, over thar?
Can't a man drop
'S-glass in your shop
But you must rar'?
It wouldn't take
Very much to break
You and your bar.

Dead!
Poor—little—Jim!—
Why thar was me,
Jones and Bob Lee,
Harry and Ben,—
No-account men;
Then to take him!

Well, thar—Good by,—
No more sir,—I—
Eh?
What's that you say?—
Why, dern it!— Sho!—
No? Yes! By Jo!
Sold!
Sold! Why, you limb,
You ornery,
Derned old
Long-Legged Jim!

THE YOUNG MEN WHO ARE IN DANGER.—Rev. T. DeWitt Talmage delivered an address at the meeting of the New York Men's Christian Association, in which he, in the following sentence, truly depicted the class of young men who are in danger in all large cities, and who most need the care and protection of Young Men's Christain Associations and kindred organizations.

"There is only one class of young men who are safe without any effort on our part. They are the sour, sallow-faced men. Satan would not know what to do with them if he had them. He would be afraid of their disputing his kingdom with him. It is the generous young men, the large-hearted, social young men who are starting in life with a magnificent cargo of hopes that we want. The young men who are empty of heart and life need no Christain association. They will never drink, unless somebody treats them. They will never gamble, save with some one else's money. They are too mean to go to perdition, unless somebody pays the way for them."

THE Ku-Klux Committee fearing to meet the investigation of individual cases, as reported, are going to rely upon a General Report on the subject, made up from letters to Northern papers, and unverified statements of negroes, carpet-baggers, and scallawags. Such a document will fail to impress the people of the country. But it will show to what desperate means the Radicals will resort, in order to reelect General Grant, and keep possession of the treasury of the nation.—*Philadelphia Age.*

THE authorities have deemed it prudent and politic to deny the report that General Sheridan will be given a command on the Atlantic coast, in connection with an enforcement of the Ku-Klux law. General Sheridan is a favorite of the President's, and the former statement has more bodly than the denial. General Grant means to use that law to make certain a reelection, and General Sheridan is just the man to do the necessary work in that direction.

Philadelphia Age.

To the Teachers of Calhoun County.

The Board of Directors will meet in Jacksonville on the first Monday in July, and on Wednesday following "the teachers Institute," by order of the Board.

J. C. McAULEY,
Pres. & C. Supt.

June 8th, 1871.

The law makes it a part of the duties of County Superintendent, to organize Teachers Institutes, and in obedience to this requirement I invite all the Public Teachers in the county, to meet in Jacksonville, July 5th. We are engaged in a vocation which demands united effort, and frequent consultations.—Mechanics meet and consult for mutual benefit, tradesmen of every class, merchants, ministers, even the Press, one of the levers by which education moves the world; all avail themselves of this powerful means, not only for success as a whole, but for individual advancement. And shall we prove sluggish and indifferent, when the success of so many other interests depends upon the manner in which we use ours. At the close of this meeting, all Teachers *present* whose reports are properly made out, will be promptly paid for the qr. ending June 5th, send your reports for June, by mail to Jacksonville promptly, in time for the meeting of Directors.

J. C. McAULEY,
County Superintendent

THE AGE.

Daily & Weekly.

The Leading DEMOCRATIC Newspaper in Pennsylvania. Price Low. Contents Varied. Unsurpassed, Unequaled.

The DAILY contains able editorials, all the latest local, American and Foreign news by Associated Press and Cable, New York and Washington correspondence, etc.

The WEEKLY combines literature with news of the day. In its columns are Stories, Poetry, Departments for Ladies and Children, Agricultural Items, Sunday Reading, etc.

TERMS:

DAILY.

For one year	$8 00
For six months	4 25

WEEKLY.

One copy, one year	$1 50
Ten copies, one year	12 50

When sent to one person, twenty copies $20, with one copy gratis for a club of twenty or more for one year.

☞Subscriptions payable invariably in advance. Drafts on Philadelphia or Post-office Orders, payable to the order of the Publishers, being safer, are preferable to any other mode of remittance. All who send money by Express must prepay Express charges.

SPECIMEN COPIES SENT FREE ON APPLICATION.

All Communications should be addressed to

ROBB & BIDDLE, Proprietors,
AGE BUILDING,
Nos. 14 & 16 South Seventh Street
Philadelphia.

MISSOURI DEMOCRAT.

PROSPECTUS FOR 1871.

To the newspaper reading world the "MISSOURI DEMOCRAT" needs neither introduction nor commendation. Its now well established success enables us to enlarge our plans and pledge a more extended usefulness in the future.

Devoted to the principles of the Republican party, the "DEMOCRAT" will continue to advocate them with independence and fearlessness, knowing no authority but conviction, asking no deference but to reason and truth, and expecting only the applause of earnest and thinking Republicans.

As a newspaper the "DEMOCRAT" will be surpassed by no other in either the extent, value, variety or accuracy of its intelligence, fresh daily from all quarters of the globe.

TERMS.

DAILY. per year,	$ 12 00
" for six months,	6 00
" club of five,	55 00
" club of ten,	100 00
" including Sunday	14 00
TRI-WEEKLY, per year,	6 00
" per six months,	3 00
" club of five,	27 50
" club of ten,	50 00
WEEKLY, per year,	2 00
" club of five,	7 50
" club of ten,	13 50
" club of twenty,	25 00
" club of fifty,	60 00

All persons acting as agents will be allowed twenty per cent. commissions on full subscription price, and ten per cent. on the club rates.

Send Remittances by Express, registered letters in the mail, money orders, or bank drafts, where they can be obtained, otherwise by regular mail.

Address
McKEE, FISHBACK & CO.,
Missouri Democrat, St. Louis, Mo.

ASSIGNEE'S NOTICE OF APPOINTMENT.

In the District Court of the United States
FOR THE
Northern District of Alabama.
In Bankruptcy.

In the matter of Daniel T. Ryan.
Bankrupt

To Whom it may Concern: The undersigned Henry A. Earns hereby gives notice of his appointment as Assignee of the Estate of Daniel T. Ryan of Alabama in the County of Calhoun in said District; and who was, adjudged Bankrupt upon the Petition of himself, by the District Court of the United States for said District.

Dated at Jacksonville, the 7th day of June, A. D., 1871.

HENRY A. EARNS,
Assignee.

IN BANKRUPTCY.

Meeting of the Creditors

Notice is hereby given, that a second General Meeting of the creditors of the Estate of Daniel T. Ryan, (Bankrupt;) will be held at Jacksonville, Ala. on the 22nd day of June, A. D. 1871, at 10 o'clock A. M., at the office of Jas. W. Burke Esq., Register in Bankruptcy for Northern District of Ala., for the purpose of declaring a final Dividend of the said Estate.

HENRY A. EARNS,
Assignee D. T. Ryan.

june10—3t

THE
LEFFEL'S UNRIVALLED AMERICAN DOUBLE TURBINE WATER WHEEL,

Mill Gearing, Shafting & Pulleys
STEAM ENGINES & BOILERS.
POOLE & HUNT, BALTIMORE, Md.
SEND FOR A CIRCULAR

THE
GERMANIA TANNING CO.
MANUFACTURERS OF ALL KINDS OF
UPPER, SOLE AND HARNESS
LEATHER,
JACKSONVILLE, Ala.

Highest market rates paid for HIDES and TALLOW.

JACOB ROSENBERG,
Dec. 14, 1869. *Sup't.*

$500,000

TO BE GIVEN AWAY:

THE SOUTH CAROLINA

Land & Immigration Association

Under the auspices the "South Carolina State Agricultural and Mechanical Society," will give a SERIES OF CONCERTS, at the Academy of Music, Charleston, S. C., commencing October 1st, 1871, for the purpose of raising a fund to enable emigrants to settle upon lands selected by the Association for homes of Northern and European farmers and others, in the State of South Carolina, and for their transportation thither and support for the first year.

REFERENCES IN SOUTH CAROLINA—General Wade Hampton, Hon. B. F. Perry, Governor M. L. Bonham, General Johnson Hagood. Hon. Armistead Burt, Hon James Chesnut, General John S. Preston, Hon. W. D. Simpson, Andrew Simonds, Esq., Hon G. A. Trenholm, Governor J. L. Manning, Hon J. B Campbell.

$500,000 to be awarded to the Ticket Holders of the Series of Concerts to commence on the First of October, 1871, at the Academy of Music, Charleston, S. C., on which day the Drawing commences.

150,000 Season Tickets of Admission, and no more, at $5 each.

All the premiums, including Deed and Certificate of Title to Academy of Music, will be deposited with the National Bank of the Republic, New York.

$500,000 IN GIFTS.

1st	Gift, Academy of Music Charleston S. C., cost to build $230,000, having an annual rental of about $20,000 from Opera House, Stores and Halls; the building being about 230 feet by 60, and situated corner of King and Market streets, in the centre of the city, and well known to be the finest building and most valuable property in Charleston; valued at			250,000
2nd.	Gift—Cash			100,000
3d.	Gift—Cash			25,000
4th.	Gift—Cash			10,000
5th.	Gift—Cash			5,000
25.	Gifts—Cash	each	$1,000	25,000
25.	Gifts—Cash	each	500	12,500
350.	Gifts—Cash	each	100	35,000
250.	Gifts—Cash	each	50	12,500
500.	Gifts—Cash	each	25	12,500
1250	Gifts—Cash	each	10	12,500
2,404	Gifts, amount to			$500,000

BUTLER, CHADWICK, GARY & CO.,

AGENTS SOUTH CAROLINA LAND AND IMMIGRATION ASSOCIATION.

General M. C. Butler,
John Chadwick, Esq.
General M. W. Gary,
} Charleston, S. C.,

COMMISSIOMERS AND SUPERVISORS OF DRAWING:

General A. R. Wright, of Georgia. Colonel B. H Rutledge of South Carolina.
General Bradley T. Johnson, of Virginia. Hon. Roger A. Pryor, of New York.

June10—3mo.

ROWAN DEAN & CO.

Are constantly receiving fresh supplies of DRY GOODS, Ready made Clothing, Boots & Shoes HARDWARE Crockery, Sole and upper Leather, Paints and Oils, Tobacco, COFFEE, SUGAR, MOLASSES, BACON &c., &c., to which they especially invite the attention of the community; ESPECIALLY of those who want to buy for CASH; and they pledge themselves to sell any goods in their line as low for CASH as they can be bought in the town or county.

Jcksonville March 11 1871.

P. S. All who have not closed their account with me will please dolay it no longer, as I am compelled to have the money and it is *very* inconvenient to keep two sets of books open.

P. ROWAN.

Spring and Summer of 1871

TITSWORTH, SCOTT & CO.

—WHOLESALE DEALERS IN—

CLOTHING!

6 COURT SQUARE, 6

500 Plantation Suits, at $1 50.
50 doz. Plantation Pants, at $6 50 per doz.
50 doz. Duck Pants, at $9 50 per doz.
100 doz. Cottonade Pants, from $7 50 to $12 00 per doz.
50 doz. Cheap Linen Coats.
20 Cases Cheap Wool Hats.
50 doz. Cheap Shirts.

And other goods, too numerous to mention, suitable for country trade.

To our customers and patrons in
RETAIL DEPARTMENT.
We would say, our stock of

FINE CLOTHING

IS LARGE AND COMPLETE.

A full line of Black, Olive, Brown, Dahlia, Blue, and Wine colored Coats, Pants and Vests, in double-breasted Frock, single breasted Frock, Chesterfield, Derby, and other cuts.

Cheviot Suits of all grades.

Harfiss' Mixed Cassimere Suits.

Blue Flannel Suits, in Frock, Sack and Derbys.

The finest White shirts in the market—Dixie sure Fit.

Colored Percalles, open behind, latest style of cut.

Hats, a full line of Ventilated and all styles for summer, either by case or at retail.

Gants, all styles.

Umbrellas, Gunnaco and other make.

Trunks, Valises, Hand-Bags, &c &c.

All which are for sale for CASH, at prices defying competition.

Remember the Old Reliable House,

6 Court Square.

MONTGOMERY ALA.,
apr22—3m.

HARDWARE!

B. L. WYMAN,

Successor to
HALL, MOSES & ROBERTS,
has removed to
No. 3 COURT SQUARE,

SIGN OF THE PADLOCK,
MONTGOMERY ALA.

Where the readers of the REPUBLICAN are invited to examine one of

THE LARGEST
AND
Best Assorted Stock,

Ever brought to Montgomery consisting of Hardware, Iron and Steel, Nails, Castings, and Cutlery, Stoves, Tin Ware and House-keeping goods,

Agricultural Implements
PLOWS, HOES, CHAINS, &c.

The celebrated
Fashion Cook Stove.

B. L. WYMAN,

SIGN OF THE PADLOCK,
MONTGOMERY ALA.,
apr29—6m.

Administrators Notice.

Letters of Administration on the Estate of Patten Brothers deceased, having been granted to the nndersigned, by the Probate Court of Calhoun county, Ala., on the 10th day of April, 1871: Notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against said Estate, to present them, legally authenticated, within the time prescribed by law, or they will be barred; and all persons indebted to said Estate are notified to make immediate payment.

P. H. BROTHERS, Adm'r
with the will annexed..

CONSUMPTION,

Its Cure and Its Preventive,

BY J. H. SCHENCK, M. D.

MANY a human being has passed away, for whose death there was no other reason than the neglect of known and indisputably proven means of cure. Those near and dear to family and friends are sleeping the dreamless slumber into which, had they calmly adopted

DR. JOSEPH H. SCHENCK'S SIMPLE TREATMENT,

and availed themselves of his wonderful efficacious medicines, they would not have fallen.

Dr. Schenck has in his own case proved that wherever sufficient vitality remains, that vitality, by his medicines and his directions for their use, is quickened into healthful vigor.

In this statement there is nothing presumptuous. To the faith of the invalid is made no representation that is not a thousand times substantiated by living and visible works. The theory of the cure by Dr. Schenck's medicines as simple as it is unfailing. Its philosophy needs no argument. It is self-assuring, self-convincing.

The Seawood Tonic and Mandrake Pills are the first two weapons with which the citadel of the malady is assailed. Two-thirds of the cases of consumption originate in dyspepsia and a functionally disordered liver. With this condition the bronchial tubes "sympathizing" with the stomach. They respond to the morbific action of the liver. Here then comes the culminating result, and the setting in, with all its distressing symptoms, of

OCNSUMPTION,

The Mandrake Pills are composed of one of Nature's noblest gifts—the Podophillum Peltatum. They possess all the blood-searching, alterative properties of calomel, but unlike calomel, they

"LEAVE NO STING BEHIND,"

The work of cure is now beginning. The vitiated and mucous deposits in the bowels and in the alimentary canal are ejected. The liver, like a clock, is wound up It arouses from its torpidity. The stomach acts responsively, and the patient begins to feel that he is getting, at last,

A SUPPLY OF GOOD BLOOD.

The Seawood Tonic, in conjunction with the Pills, permeates and assimilates with the food. Chilification is now progressing without its previous tortures. Digestion becomes painless, and the cure is seen to be at hand. There is no more flatulence, no exascerbation of the stomach. An appetite sets in.

Now comes the greatest Blood Purifier ever yet given by an indulgent father to suffering man. Schenck's Pulmonic Syrup comes in to perform its functions and to hasten and complete the cure. It enters at once upon its work. Nature cannot be cheated. It collects and ripens the impaired and diseased portions of the lungs. In the form of gatherings, it prepares them for expectoration, and lo! the rotten throne it occupied is renovated and made new, and the patient, in all the dignity of regained vigor, steps forth to enjoy the manhood or the womanhood that was,

GIVEN UP AS LOST.

The second thing is, the patients must stay in a warm room until they get well; it is almost impossible to prevent taking cold when the lungs are diseased, but it must be prevented or a cure cannot be effected. Fresh air and riding out, especially in the section of the country in the fall and winter season, are all wrong. Physicians who recommend that course lose their patients, if their lungs are badly diseased, and yet, because they are in the house they must not sit down quiet; they must walk about the room as much and as fast as the strength will bear, to get up a good circulation of blood. The patients must keep in good spirits—be determined to get well. This has a great deal to do with the apdetite, and is the great point to gain.

To despair of cure after such evidence of its possibility in the worst cases, and moral certainty in all others, is sinful. Dr. Schenck's personal statement to the *Faculty* of his own cure was in these modest *words*:

"Many years ago I was in too fast stages of consumption; confined to my bed, and at one time my physicians thought that I could not live a week; then, like a drowning man catching at straws, I heard of and obtained the preparations which I now offer to the public, and they made a perfect cure of me. It seemed to me that I could feel them penetrate my whole system. They soon ripened the matte. in my lungs, and I would spit up more than a pint of offensive yellow matter asoy morning for a long time.

V soon as that began to subside my cough fever, pain and night sweats began to leave me, and my appetite became so great that it was with difficulty that I could keep from eating too much. I soon gained my strength and have grown in flesh ever since"

"I was weighed shortly after my recovery," added the Doctor, "then looked like a mere skeleton; my weight was only ninety-seven pounds; my present weight is two hundred and twenty-five (225) pounds, and for years I have enjoyed uninterrupted health."

Br. Schenck has discontinued his professional visits to New York and Boston. He or his son, Dr. J. H. Schenck, Jr,, still continue to see patients at their office, No. 15 North Sixth street Philadelphia, every Saturday from 9 A. M. to 3 P. M. Those who wish a thorough examination with the Respirometer will be charged $5. The Respirometer declares the exact condition of the lungs, and patientscan readily learn whether they are curable or not.

The directions for taking the medicines are adapted to the intelligence even of a child. Follow these directions, and kind Nature will do the rest, excepting that in some cases the Mandrake Pills are to be taken in increased doses; the three medicines need no other accompaniments than the ample instructions that accompany them: First create appetite. Of returning health hunger is the most welcome symptom. When it comes, as it will come, let the despairing at once be of good cheer. Good blood at once follows, the cough loosens, the night sweats abated. In a short time both of these morbid symptoms are gone forever.

Dr. Schenck's medicines are constantly kept in tens of thousands of families. As a laxative or purgative, the Mandrake Pills are a standard preparation; while the Pulmonic Syrup, as a curer of coughs and colds, may be regarded as a propnylacteric against consumption in any of its forms.

Price of the Pulmonic Syrup and Seawood Tonic, $1.50 a bottle, or $7.50 a half dozen. Mandrake Pills, 25 cents a box. For sale by all druggists and dealers.

John F. Henry 8 College Place New York, Wholesale Agents.

Oct 29 1870 1y—May 6 1871.

Door, Blind and Sash
MANUFACTORY.

THE undersigned is now prepared to manufacture, of the best materials, and in the neatest and most durable manner, any of the above named articles for persons who may desire them, at Rome prices.

Apply to, or address,
T. W. PITT,
Jacksonville, Ala.

Aug. 6, 1870.

HANEY & FOSTER,

Attorneys at Law,

SELMA,.....ALABAMA.

WILL practice in all the State and United States Courts in Alabama.

Feb 11—1y.

LIVERY STABLE,

Sign of the Horned Horse.

BY S. C. KELLY Oxford, Ala.

Prepared with Horses and Mules and any kind of wheels from a wheel barrow to a log wagon, with teams and drivers to let on liberal terms. Buy or Sell if convinced there is money about for me. Sell cheap for cash, Feed and take care of stock. Cash business trictly.

JACKSONVILLE

JUNE 17, 1871.

Jacksonville Post Office Directory.

Arrivals and Departures of the Mails.

Northern Mail closes 7 P. M.—Arrives 5 15 A. M.—Daily.

Southern Mail closes 9 P. M.—Arrives 8 30 P. M.—Daily.

Gadsden Mail closes 6 30 A. M.—Arrives 3 P. M.—3 times a week.

Ashville Mail closes 1 P. M.—Arrives 12 A. M.—Tuesday and Friday.

Edwardsville Mail closes 6 A. M.—Arrives 7 P. M.—Monday and Tuesday.

Talladega Mail closes 6 A. M.—Arrives 6 P. M.—Wednesday and Thursday.

Post Office will be kept open from 5 30 A. M. until 10 P. M. during the week; and from 6 A. M. until 9 A. M. and 5 P. M. until 6 P. M. on Sunday. All who owe newspaper postage for the 2nd quarter, 1871, are requested to call and settle.

Announcements of the names of Candidates for office above Constable and Justice of the Peace, $5 00, cash.

Announcements for Justice of the Peace or Constable $3 00, cash.

The latest announcement is always placed last in the list.

Communications setting forth the claims of Candidates to office, will be charged at half advertising rates.

FOR TREASURER.

In obedience to the wishes of many of his friends, we announce the name of

LARKIN W. CANNON,

as a Candidate for the office of County Treasurer.

FOR SHERIFF.

We are authorized to announce the name of

C. P. READ,

as a candidate for the office of Sheriff.

For Tax Collector

We are authorized to announce the name of

THOS. P. SAVAGE,

as a Candidate for the office of Tax Collector.

We are authorized to announce the name of

H. P. WHITESIDES,

as a candidate for the office of Tax Collector.

We are authorized to announce the name of

WYLY WOODALL,

for the office of Tax Collector.

In obedience to the wishes of my friends, I announce my name as a candidate for the Office of Tax Collector.

D. P. WILLIAMS.

We are authorized to announce the name of

SEABORN WOODRUFF

for the office of Tax Collector.

We are authorized to announce the name of

E. McCLELEN, Sr.

as a candidate for the office of Tax Collector.

We are authorized to announce the name of

J. W. McDANIEL,

as a candidate for the office of Tax Collector.

For Tax Assessor.

We are authorized to announce the name of

M. T. LEDBETTER,

as a Candidate for the office of Tax Assessor.

We are authorized to announce the name of

B. G. McCLELEN,

as a Candidate for the office of Tax Assessor.

We are authorized to announce the name of

J. M. SHEID,

as a candidate for the office of Tax Assessor.

We are authorized to announce the name of

ALFRED M. MORGAN,

as a candidate for the office of Tax Assessor.

We are authorized to announce the name of

HENRY FITZ,

as a candidate for the office of Tax Assessor.

For County Commissioner.

We are authorized to announce the name of

A. M. STEWART,

as a candidate for County Commissioner.

We are authorized to announce the name of

ROBT. McCAIN Esq.

for the office of County Commissioner.

In obedience to the wishes of many of his friends, we this week announce the name of

ELIAS C. TEAGUE,

as a candidate for the office of county Commissioner.

We are authorized to announce the name of

Wm. A. WILSON

as a candidate for the office of County Commissioner.

For Constable.

Mr. Editor:

The times demand good officers. An Election will be held in November next for Constable in Beat No. 11, (White Plains.) Believing that John Smith is the right man for that place we beg leave to announce his name as your trustworthy paper.

MANY VOTERS.

Another Candidate Out.

Jacob Rosenberg has just received a large and well selected stock of Ladies Shoes and Gentlemen's boots and shoes, of superior make, which he is selling at reduced prices. Call and see him.

Some days ago Capt. James Crook, our talented young Representative in the Legislature, took to himself in marriage Miss Pinky Reynolds of Talladega county. We do not know the name of the officiating Minister.

We have three new candidates announced this week—one for Sheriff and two for Commissioners.

Proceedings of the Council.

JACKSONVILLE ALA.

Monday June 12, 1871.

Council Chamber.

Present.—G. I. Turnley, Mayor. Wm. Dean, L. W. Grant, Joe S. Montgomery, Ed L. Woodward Councilmen.

Minutes of previous meeting read and approved.

We your committee on cemetery have the honor to report, that the cost of lumber for, and construction of fence around the cemetery will cost one hundred and twenty-five dollars.

Ed L. Woodward, }
Joe S. Montgomery, } Com.

On motion—The above report was received, and committee dsicharged.

Ordinance.

Be it ordained—That any drummer, commercial agent, or peddler who shall sell goods, wares, or merchandise, by sample, or representation, in the town of Jacksonville, to any person, or persons, other than licensed dealers, shall pay a license tax of $25,00 per annum.

On motion Council adjourned until next regular meeting.

Joe S. Montgomery, Sec'y.
Pro-tem.

Salt! Salt!!—2,500 sacks Liverpool Salt in fine order, cheap.

LeGrand & Co.

Meeting of Delegates of the 10th Ala. Regiment.

According to appointment, on June 3rd, 1871, at 2 o'clock the members present in Jacksonville, were called to the Court House by the ringing of the bell.

On motion of Capt. J. M. Renfro, Capt. Frank Woodruff was called to the chair, no senior officer being present at the time. He stated the purpose for which the meeting was called together in some terse and appropriate remarks. On motion, Lieut. J. W. Heacock and Henry A. Earns were asked to act as Secretaries.

Capt. Renfro, stated, that owing to the fact that the newspapers lying within the "jurisdiction" of the Regiment had failed to copy the notice of the meeting, as published in the Jacksonville Republican, four companies living at a distance were not consequently notified of the time and therefore not present; but knowing as he well knew that they would acquiesence in anything the remaining six companies of the Regiment might do, he would move the appointment of a committee of one from each company present, to decide upon the place and time for the re-union, to report *instanter*. The following gentlemen were appointed on the committee:

Wm. H. Dean Co. "A." A. P. Clark Co. "B," Lt. J. W. Heacock, Co. "E," Capt. James B. Farmer and George I. Turnley Co. "G," Capt. A. T. Martin, Co. "H," Adj't L. W. Grant, Co. "I" (proxy.)

During the absence of the committee, Col. John H. Caldwell was called upon. He addressed the meeting feelingly but briefly, occasionally growing eloquent as glorious old memories would hale him; but without uttering a single sentiment that smacked of "brass." After him, H. L. Stevenson was called to address the meeting which he did very appropriately and with credit to himself.

The Committee returning, announced that they had decided upon Shelby Springs as the place of general re-union of the Regiment and the 27th day of July as the time.

On motion, Capt. J. M. Renfro and H. L. Stevenson were added to the committee and Col. John H. Caldwell made Chairman of the same. The committee by the same motion was clothed with plenary powers to go ahead and make all arrangements and chalk out the programme for the day of meeting.

On motion the thanks of the meeting were tendered to the Jacksonville Republican and all other newspapers that have heretofore published the notice of our meeting.

The Executive committee made report of progress in their deliberations which will be published at a future day.

It was the expressed wish of the meeting that every member of the Regiment will notify all others of the time and place of meeting.

The Secretaries were instructed to furnish the editor of the Jacksonville Republican with a full copy of the proceedings of the meeting, with a request that he publish the same and that the Gadsden Times, the Cherokee Advertiser, Talladega papers, Shelby County Guide and Elyton papers copy from The Republican.

Meeting adjourned.

FRANK WOODRUFF,
Ch'm.

HENRY A. EARNS,
J. W. HEACOCK,
Secretaries.

A Man Run Over—In that great rush to get to Jacob Rosenberg's cheap store to buy a supply of that Buff Linen at 25 cents a yard and his cheap Marsailles and Piques.

How many people will give ten dollars to complete the spire on the Presbyterian Church? How many will give five Dollars? How many will give one Dollar? It is well known among us, that no denomination in our town confines itself to itself, in either the building or improvement of their church buildings. The completion of that spire is therefore a town work. It won't be much for *us all*. It is more than a few can accomplish. It will be an ornament to our town when complete. As it is it is an eyesore. Let us appoint some one place in town and contribute there as we feel able our mite toward its completion Of course the Presbyterians will go into it more liberally than any other sect, and if assisted in anything like a decent manner will go on and complete it.

Communication of "S" rejected; because the author's name did not accompany it.

Some days ago Thos. McAdams, a former resident of Jacksonville, shot and killed in Talladega, a man named Kline. It appears that they both occupied the same house, and that Kline was whipping one of McAdams children, when he (McAdams) interfered. Kline then turned his attack upon McAdams himself, who killed him, by shooting him, McAdams surrendered himself to the authorities and was bound over in the sum of $2000.

Next week or the week after we will commence the publication of an Illustrated story, that will run through about thirteen numbers of The Republican. This is for the benefit of those of our readers who are fond of fiction. The scene was laid in England, and the story is absorbingly interesting. The Illustrations are well executed, and costs us a considerable sum. As we have gone to the expense, more especially for the benefit of our lady readers, we hope they will exert themselves to send us enough subscribers to repay us. The story is entitled "For a Woman's Sake."

Smith—Jones, where in the world did you get that excellent suit of clothes you are wearing now?

Jones—Why I got it at Rosenberg's, of course and only give $10 for it at that. How is that for low.

Smith—Why I bought the same suit at another store and gave $20 for it. How is that for high.

On last Saturday the pic-nic people generally of our pleasant and sociable town betook themselves to that delightful retreat, (thanks to the gentlemen who fixed it up,) the Chalybeate spring, one mile east of town at the foot of the mountain range. Of course they enjoyed themselves hugely. With draughts of the pure iron impregnated water, with nibbles from the nicely spread dinner, the rambles of lovers after flowers, the scrambles up the steep sides of the mountain, the noisy mirth of children and the more subdued, but none the less hearty enjoyment of the old people of the party, the day passed delightfully. The picture was such as we only see in paintings, and only words clothed in poetry can describe it. We have them every few days now. O, come up from there, you half baked South Alabamians and catch a breath of our fresh, pure, *cold*, mountain air, and quaff deep of our health inspiring, pure, limpid, ice cold waters. Jacksonville will greet you with open arms to hospitable homes.

P. S.—The pic-nic we have above spoken of was a grand success as we have said; but it was nothing comparable to the one which followed on Tuesday at the same place. Mr. Henry McElreath and Mr. Jacob Rosenberg, our new merchant, on hospitable thoughts intent, provided a repast at the spring and invited thereto Messrs James Crow and Durham McClelen. The party was very exclusive and the bill of fare *recherche*, consisting as it did of rashers of Bacon, crackers, *canned oysters*, Sardines, and coffee. The curious world are not entitled to know how much this repast cost the munificent gentlemen who assumed the *role* of entertainers. It is enough for them to know that 'Squire McClellen was possessed that day of his usual appetite, as that the balance came home and eat more for supper than was their custom.

Have you seen the latest thing in the hat line—the "Opera." Rosenberg has them for sale, cheaper than the cheapest for the quality.

Welcome Visitors.—As we were going to press week-before-last, (absence has prevented earlier mention) we received a very pleasant call from that most sunny and genial of all "old" men, (pardon) Col. Cothran, and the livest Druggist in Georgia, Dr. Hoyt.

Col. Cothram is probably as well known and as highly esteemed among the people of this portion of Alabama as he is in the immediate country he has contributed so largely to build up. When we say to "build up," we mean to be taken literally. Rome, particularly, is indebted to him and others like him for the rapid progress she has made in all that goes to make up a populous and wealthy city.

Dr. Hoyt, is of the large Drug establishment of W. D. Hoyt & Co., Rome, Ga., and is in every particular, a live man, and one of the most agreeable men about his Establishment we have ever met.

Any community with a reasonable sprinkling of such men as Col. Cothran and Dr. Hoyt, will of necessity lead the van in the great march of progress and enterprise, as Rome is now doing. O, if Rome would but spare us, even if but for a short time, some of her Cothrans, her Cohens, her Hoyts, that their energizing influence, like a shock from a galvanic battery, might wake Jacksonville up—that they might take the weights from off her feet and gird her beautiful loins, and spin her with a bound among the swift runners in the race of enterprise, whose goal is wealth, which, under the management of communities so moral and refined as ours, developes itself in Manufactories, Schools, Colleges and beautiful Church structures to the God who has bestowed it upon them through His chosen instruments for this particular work—the *live* men of the day.

Salt!—Draper & Johnson has just received a large lot of Liverpool Salt, in good order, cheap.

Another proposition, in regard to water, that we have heard, is to hire three negro men to bring it up the hill, from the spring, in blue buckets, and empty the same into a public barrel from which *all* may partake freely *"without money and without price."*

To the Ladies.—J. Rosenberg would respectfully invite the ladies to call and examine his stock of Hosiery, and Dress Goods, which he is selling very low.

We are able to present our readers better print this week, having received a new roller. We will endeavor hereafter to keep the print at what it is at.

The great and absorbing question now is, whether we shall bring water from the spring on a mule, in bottles, in a mail bag, or whether we will have it from the mountain through iron pipes.

Gentlemen's furnishing Goods,—Pure English half-hose $3,75 per dozen; Summer under wear—shirt (very good) $1.—drawers (splendid) $1,25. All other goods at proportionate prices. Call and satisfy yourself.

J. ROSENBERG.

Last week, owing to the absence of the editor, the announcement of E. C. Teague, Esq., for County Commissioner was left out. We, at the instance of his many friends insert it this week.

Gen. Wm. H. Forney has been summoned, by telegraph, to testify before the Ku-Klux Committee, at Washington. He leaves immediately.

FEATHERS! FEATHERS!

A FINE LOT OF NEW FEATHERS FOR SALE AT MONTGOMERY BROS.,

Special Notices.

A Chapter of Facts.

Space is valuable in a newspaper, and it is therefore proposed in this advertisement to condense a variety of facts, important to the public, into a small compass. Those facts refer to Hostetter's Stomach Bitters—what that celebrated medicine is, and what it will do. In the first place, then, the article is a stimulant, tonic and alterative, consisting of a combination of an absolutely pure spirituous agent with the most valuable medicinal vegetable substances that Botanic research has placed at the disposal of the chemist and the physician. These ingrdients are compounded with great care, and in such proportions as to produce a preparation which invigorates without exciting the general system, and tones, regulates and controls the stomach, the bowels, the liver, and the minor secretive organs.

What this great restorative will do must be gathered from what it has done. The case of dyspepsia, or any other form of indigestion in which it has been persistently administered without effecting a radical cure, is yet to be heard from, and the same may be said of bilious disorders, intermittent fever, nervous affections, general debility, constipation, sick head ache, mental disabilities to which the feeble are so subject. It purifies all the fluids of the body, including the blood, and the gentle stimulus which it imparts to the nervous system is not succeeded by the slightest reaction. This is a chapter of facts which readers, for their own sakes, should mark and remember.

Good News.

That greatest of Living Remedies, Globe Flower Cough Syrup is now sold in your Town, so that all may test its great virtues. It contains no Opium in any form, nor any other *poison*. It positively cures Consumption! Asthma, Bronchetis, Croup, Whooping Cough, Sore throat, Oppression of the chest and spitting of blood. *It is legally warranted* to cure, so that none can be humbugged by it. Just try it and be convinced. Sold by Dr. Nisbet.

apr29 1871—6m.

Look Out!!!

for the impurieties of the blood during the Summer months, and the long train of terrible diseases which follow. Pemberton's Compound Extract of Stillengia purifies the blood, cures Scrofula in its worst forms, cures Rheumatism, Syphilis and Gout and removes all Mercurial and venerial taint from the system. It is legally warranted to cure. Sold by Dr. Nisbet.

apr29 1871—6m.

Dr. C. C. Porter will hereafter be in Jacksonville the first week in each month to attend to any duties connected with his profession. Parties in need of his services would do well to remember this.

mar11—tf.

Chemistry is furnishing us new agents for fuel, force, food, and many other important aids over those we once possessed. Ports from which commerce was driven during the hot months by their terrible fevers, are visited all the year with impunity now. Many localities in the South and West, kept tenantless by their deleterious miasma are now filling up with populations under the protection of Ayer's Ague Cure. Their afflicting chills and fever are so effectually cured by this remedy, that the disease no longer turns emigration aside, or destroys the settler if he ventures upon its infected districts. [Gazette, Ind., M'

READING MATTER.

The Dying Never Weep.—It is a striking fact that the dying never weep. The sobbing, the heart breaking agony of the circle of friends around deathbed, calls forth no responsive tears from the dying. Is it because he is insensible and stiff in the chill of dissolution? That cannot be, for he asks for his father's hand, as if to gain strength in the mortal struggle, and leans on the breast of his mother, sister or brother in still conscious affection. Just before expiring, he calls the loved ones, and with quivering lips says: "Kiss me," showing that the love he has ever borne in his heart is still fresh and warm. It must be the dying have reached a point too deep for earthly sorrows too transcendent for weeping.—They are face to face with higher and holier things, with the Father in Heaven and his angels. There is no weeping in that blessed abode to which he is hastening.

A Young man recently wrote to a New York paper, asking whether it would be advisable for him to marry a "young and tender angel who had never done her own washing or dress making." In reply, the editor advised him to do so by all means, and mentioned a similar case in his own experience, where the bride had never done her own washing, but after marriage she became so fond of the wash-tub, as not only to work for her own family, but for several families among her acquaintances.

Mark Twain's Autobiography.

Ours is a noble old house, and stretches a long way back into antiquity. The earliest ancestor the Twains have any record of was a friend of the family by the name of Higgins.

Arthour Twain was a man of considerable note—a solicitor on the highway in William Rufus' time. At about the age of thirty he went to one of those fine old English places of resort called Newgate, to see about something, and never returned again. While there he died suddenly.

Augustus Twain seems to have made something of a stir about the year 1160. He was as full of fun as he could be, and used to take his old sabre and sharpen it up, and get in a convenient place on a dark night, and stick it through people as they went by, to see them jump. He was a born humorist. But he got to going too far with it; and the first time he was found stripping one of these parties, the authorities removed one end of him, and put it up on a nice high place on Temple Bar, where it could contemplate the people and have a good time. He never liked any situation so much or stuck to it so long.

Then for the next two hundred years the family tree shows a succession of soldiers—noble, high-spirited fellows who always went into battle singing, right behind the army, and who always went out a-whooping, right ahead of it.

This is a scathing rebuke to old dead Froissart's poor witticism, that our family tree never had but one limb to it, and that that one stuck out at right angles, and bore fruit winter and summer.

Early in the fifteenth century we have Beau Twain, called "the Scholar." He wrote a beautiful, beautiful hand. And he could imitate anybody's hand so closely that it was enough to make any person laugh his head off to see it. He had infinite sport with his talent. But by and by he took a contract to break stone for a road, and the roughness of the work spoiled his hand. Still, he enjoyed life all the time he was in the stone business, which, with inconsiderable intervals, was some forty-two years. In fact, he died in harness. During all those long years he gave such satisfaction that he never was through with one contract a week till government gave him another. He was a perfect pet. And he was always a favorite with his fellow-artists, and was a conspicuous member of their benevolent secret society, called the Chain Gang. He always wore his hair short, had a preference for striped clothes, and died lamented by the government. He was a sore loss to his country. For he was so regular.

Pah-go-to-wah-wah-puk-ke-tekee-wis (Mighty-Hunter-with-a-Hog-eye) Twain adorned the middle of the eighteenth century, and aided Gen. Braddock with all his heart to resist the oppressor Washington. It was this ancestor who fired seventeen times at our Washington from behind a tree. So far the beautiful romatic narrative in the moral story-books is correct; but when that narrative goes on to say that at the seventeenth round the awe-stricken savage said solemnly that that man was being reserved by the Great Spirit for some mighty mission, and he dared not lift his sacrilegious rifle against him again, the narrative seriously impairs the integrity of history. What he *did* say was:

"It ain't no (hic!) no use! At man's so drunk he can't stan' still long enough for a man to hit him. I (hic!) *I* can't 'fford to fool away any more am'nition on *him!*"

The Democratic Candidate.

General George W. McCook, one of the famous "fighting McCooks" of Ohio, has received the nomination of the Democracy for Governor of Ohio. He has long been known in connection with the party in the Buckeye State, and in the National Democratic Conventions of late years has invariably headed the Ohio Delegation. He was born in East Ohio and educated at Steubenville, where he distinguished himself among his fellow-students. Admitted to the bar at an early age, he speedily gained consideration as a lawyer, but he was called from practice by the breaking out of the Mexican war. McCook went to Mexico as a subaltern and came back as Lieutenant-Colonel of his regiment. He covered himself with distinction during the war, as also did his three brothers, one of whom, General Robert McCook, was killed in the late civil war. The young soldier resumed his profession in Jefferson county, Ohio, and a few years later was appointed Attorney-General for the State. This, we believe, is the only office he has held. He is one of the ablest lawyers in the West, and a powerful stump-speaker; and, with the exception, perhaps, of Mr. Pendleton, is the most popular of the Democratic statesmen of Ohio.

Rather a good story is told of the former Miss Lane while she was the charming mistress of the Executive Mansion. A photographer, in New York, presented her with an album, superbly bound, containing 42 different views of Miss Lane. Jones remarked, on seeing it one day, that it was the most Miss-a-Laneous book he had ever seen.

Read the announcement of candidates each week, to see when names are added.

Among the most prominent Democratic papers that have not yet accepted the Dayton Platform with entire satisfaction, we notice the Cincinnati Enquirer, Louisville *Ledger*, Pomeroy's *Democrat*, New York *Day-Book* and Terre Haute *Journal*. The sullen reluctance with which these papers "move up" suggests an expedient which we have seen effectually employed in the army with straggling soldiers on the march—a bayonet puncture four or five inches below the small of the back.

Vincennes Western Sun.

Of course, the nearer you get to the Republican platform, the bayonet comes in your mind, and you instinctively want to use it as a great moral agent. That is what the Democrats complain of in the policy of sham Republicanism.

A dispatch from Montgomery announces that the Alabama and Chattanooga Railroad Company, was on Thursday placed in bankruptcy by Judge Busteed, of the United States District Court. The petition was made by W. A. C. Jones, an Alabama creditor, whose claim is about fifteen thousand dollars. E. H. Grandin and John F. Bailey are appointed temporary custodians, pending the election of an assignee by the creditors.

The Northern Pacific Grant.—In their advertisement the Directors of the North Pacific Railroad say that if they only get $2 50 per acre for their lands, the proceeds will construct and equip the whole road and leave $25,000,000 in the treasury besides. If they sell at $4 per acre, they can build and equip the road with one-half the lands, and after paying for everything have 25,000,000 acres left to hold for higher prices. But, in fact, they expect to realize an average of $10 per acre, which will give them a complete railroad and about $480,000,000 as the result of the Government *aid!* Was there ever in the history of the world such an enormous robbery of the people by their representatives?—*S. F. Examiner.*

Selma Rome & Dalton Railroad.

CHANGE OF SCHEDULE.

Commencing Tuesday, May 28th, 1871, TWO DAILY PASSENGER TRAINS will be run on this Road, as follows:

SOUTHWARD.

MAIL.	EXPRESS.
Leave Selma, 10.05, a. m.	4,10, p. m.
" Calera, 1,45, p. m.	
Arrive Jacks'ville 6,07 p m	5.20, a. m.
" Rome, 8.35, p. m.	8.40, a. m.
" Dalton, 11,20 p. m.	12,07, p. m.

SOUTHWARD.

MAIL.	EXPRESS.
Leave Dalton, 8.10, p. m.	8.09, a. m.
" Rome, 11,30, p. m.	10.59, a. m.
Arrive Jacks'nville 2,09 a m	2,22, p. m.
" Calera, 6,40. a. m.	
" Selma, 10,30 a. m.	11, p. m.

Mail and Express trains going north make close connections at Rome with Rome Rail Road for Athanta (arriving at Athanta 1.38 p. m. and 1.42 a. m.) and at Dalton with trains of Western & Atlantic R. R. for Chattanooga (arriving at Chattanooga 1.48 a. m. and 4 25 p. m.)

Passengers for Knoxville and Eastern cities via Lynchburg should take Mail train to avoid detention at Dalton.

Mail and Express trains, south, make close connections at Dalton with Western & Atlanta R. R. trains from Chattanooga and the West.

Mail train makes close connection at Dalton with trains from E T., Va, & Ga. R. R. from Knoxville and Eastern cities, via Lynchburg, and at Rome with trains from Rome R. R. (leaving Atlanta at 6,30 P. M.)—at Calera for Montgomery, Mobile, Pensacola, New Orleans and Texas; and at Selma with trains of Selma & Meridian R. R. for Marion, Greensboro, Meridian Jackson, Vicksburg and Northern Louisiana.

E. G. BARNEY,
Gen'l Sup't.

M. Stanton,
Assist't Sup't. [jun 17-'71

NOTICE!

In the District Court of the United States for the Northern District of Alabama: In Bankruptcy. In the matter of WM. C. WHITE, Cherokee County, Bankrupt.

Upon reading and filing the report of the Assignee, Daniel C. Turrentine, of Gadsden, Alabama, and it appearing to the Court that certain lands of the Bankrupt, encumbered by various liens, have been sold, and the proceeds in the hands of the Assignee aforesaid:

It is Ordered. That a copy of this order be mailed, by the Clerk of this Court, to each creditor who has proved his debt, with security claiming a lien on said lands, and also to Daniel C. Turrentine, the Assignee, and that they, and all persons interested in said matter, be required to appear at Jacksonville, Alabama, on the 22nd day of June, 1871, and assert their various liens and priorities, before Jos. W. Burke, Register of this Court.

It is further Ordered, That this order be published twice before said return day, in the Huntsville Advocate, printed at Huntsville, and the Jacksonville Republican, at Jacksonville.

LIONEL W. DAY,
Clerk.

jun10—2t Prs fee, $4-50

PHOTOGRAPHS &c.

E. Goode would inform the citizens of Jacksonville, and surrounding country, that he is at his post again, prepared to make any kind of

PICTURES DESIRED,

usually made in this country, which he proposes to execute in the best style of the art, and on as good terms as any other good artist will make them in this section of the State.

Gems at from 10 to 25cts each, Ferrotypes, full 14 size, at 50cts each, Photographs at $4,00 per dozen, $2,50 per half dozen; other styles according to size &c. He may be found at his Gallery every day except the 1st and 3rd Saturdays in each month, when he will be in Oxford.

E. GOODE.

Jacksonville, Ala. May 30th., 1871.
june 3—4t.

Sheriff's Sale.

Under and by virtue of one fifa issued from the clerks office of Calhoun county, and to me directed, I will sell on Monday the 3rd day of July 1871, in front of the court house door for cash, the following described land to wit:

The north east half of north east fourth of section 18 township 15 range 7; levied upon as the property of E. G. Morris, to satisfy said fifa in my hands in favor of Robert A. Foster.

J. W. WILLIAMS,
Sheriff.

june3—5t.

E. L. WOODWARD'S SON,

has just received a splendid lot of Ladies

FINE SHOES,

which he offers quite cheap for CASH.

DOBBINS ELETRIC SOAP

SAVES TIME
SAVES LABOR
SAVES CLOTHES
SAVES MONEY
SAVES WOMEN.

sold by E. L. Woodward's Sons.

Enoch Morgan's Sons Sapolio. Try it.

E. L. WOODWARD'S SON

Has Just Received

A Large Lot of Mens and Womens

Coarse Shoes,

(ALL WHOLESTOCK,)

Which he offers Cheap for CASH or on Thirty days time to Prompt men.

BUY YOUR DRY GOODS,

SHOES, HATS, CROCKERY,

SUGAR,

Coffee Molasses

Bacon,

And all else you want from WOODWARD'S SON,

He is selling cheap for CASH.

For the Next Sixty Days

I WILL OFFER AT ABOUT

COST, FOR CASH!

THE FOLLOWING GOODS:

MEN'S and BOY'S HATS

CROCKERY!

TABLE AND POCKET CUTLERY,

AXES, FILES, LOCKS,

BED CASTERS, BED SCREWS,

BUTTS, HOES,

LADIES' DRESS GOODS

Hoop and Balmoral Skirts,

HOSE; DRESS & UNDERSHIRTS,

10-4 Bl'd DOMESTICS,

5-4 Bl'd DOMESTICS,

LINEN DAMASK,

LINEN DIAPERS,

GENTS' DRAWERS,

Notions, White Goods,

WOMEN'S COARSE SHOES,

MEN'S PLOW SHOES,

And MANY OTHER GOODS, too numerous to mention.

MONEY SAVED IS *Money Made!*

FARMERS, HOUSEKEEPERS,

and others

WILL NOTICE THIS.

We sell Dry Goods,
Dress Goods,
Fancy Goods,
Clothing, Hats,
China, Glass and
Granite Ware,

25 to 50 per cent. Cheaper

than they are sold by small dealers.

We deliver all goods sold on the line of the Selma Rome & Dalton Rail Road

FREE OF CHARGE,

for cases, drayage and Railroad Freight, when the cash accompanies the order, and the amount of bill is Fifty Dollars.

Jno. H. Woodward, will be pleased to execute the *cash orders* of his friends.

E. JOHNSON & CO.
Selma Ala.

apr15—6m

SHERIFF'S SALE.

On Monday the 3rd day of July 1871, by virtue of one *venditioni exponas*, an execution issued by the clerk of the circuit court of Calhoun county, and to me directed, I will sell to the highest bidder in front of the court house door for cash, the following described lands to wit:

North west fourth of south west fourth and south east fourth of north east fourth of section 11 township 14 range 6; also south west fourth of north west fourth, and north east fourth of south west fourth of section 1 township 14 range 6; east in the Coosa land district, levied upon as the property of Allen Bryant, to satisfy a judgment in favor of A. W. Kirby, for the sum of one hundred and eighty dollars, and J. D. Hoke surviving partner for $89,69.

J. W. WILLIAMS,
Sheriff.

may27—6t.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

By virtue of Ten Fifas, issued by the Register of the 3rd district; Eastern Chancery Division, Randolph county Alabama—once to me directed, on Monday the 3rd day of July, 1871, will sell to the highest bidder for cash, in front of the court house door the following described house and lot to wit:

One acre of land more or less, with good buildings upon it, in the town of Oxford, in the south west fourth of section 19 township 16 range 8; bounded on the south by Ross, on the north by Mrs. Hudson, formely by Peace; levied upon as the property of Jeremiah Smith to satisfy said Ten Fifas in my hands, in favor of Margret E. Smith.

J. W WILLIAMS,
Sheriff.

may27—6t.

WM. M. HAMES. J. T. MARTIN.

HAMES & MARTIN,

Attorneys at Law and Solicitors in Chancery. No. 8, Office Row, Jacksonville.

Will practice in all the Courts of Law and Equity in the counties of the 12th Judicial circuit, consisting of Calhoun, Cleburne, St. Clair, Etowah and Cherokee, and the Supreme court of the State.

may20—7t.

$300,000 IN PREMIUMS.

To be distributed to the Subscribers of the **Cincinnatti Weekly Enquirer.**

PREMIUMS FOR SUBSCRIBERS.

Having frequently offered and distributed premiums to club agents, we have deemed it but just that a like favor should be shown to the individual subscribers of the Enquirer. We have, therefore, adopted the following, whereby each subscriber will have an equal chance of securing one of the valuable premiums set forth in the list annexed.

Commencing on May 1st, 1871, we shall register and number each subscriber received who desires to participate in the award of premiums, from No. 1 upward. Each subscriber will receive immediately, by return mail, a receipt for his subscription, said receipt showing the day and number his name is registered for.

This process will be continued up to October 31, 1871, and on the following Wednesday (November 1) the premiums will be awarded, and the result published in the next edition of our paper.

Should the number of subscribers participating in this award of premiums justify, the distribution will be made at an earlier date, and the same repeated on January 1, 1872.

This is a rare and extraordinary inducement to subscribers, and is adopted by us at the suggestion of many of our patrons, who seemed to think that in offering premiums exclusively to Agents we were making an unfair discrimination against the subscribers.

LIST OF PREMIUMS.

1 Cash Premium of	$300
1 Extra fine gold watch hunting case, stem winder, value.	200
3 Cash Premiums, of One hundred dollars each, value	300
1 Extra fine gold watch hunting case, stem winder, value	100
5 Cash Premiums of fifty dollars each, value	250
10 Extra fine silver watches, hunting cases stem winders, value fifty dollars each	500
10 Cash Premiums of twenty five dollars each, value	250
50 Cash Premiums of ten dollars each, value	500
60 Cash Premiums of five dollars each, value	300
59 Miscellaneous Premiums, consisting of gold pens, books etc worth from $2 to $6 each value	300
Making Total Number 200	

AND

VALUED AT $3,000.

Conditions and terms for participation in the above.

Every subscriber who remits $2 for a year's subscription to the Weekly Enquirer will be registered as a participant.

Any Club Agent sending ten names and $20 will be entitled to a free copy of the paper and receipt, and his name registered as a participant for a premium.

Parties can subscribe for their friends and have the receipts sent to themselves, and their own names registered for premiums in place of the person for whom they subscribe.

In forming clubs it is not necessary to have all the papers sent to one Post-office.

Specimen copies, posters and subscription blanks sent free to parties desiring them.

Address FARAN & McLEAN,
Cincinnati, Ohio.

HENRY T. HELMBOLD'S

Compound Fluid Extract Catawba Grape Pills.

Component Parts—Fluid Extract Rhubarb and Fluid Extract Catawba Grape Juice.

For Liver Complaints, Jaundice, Bilious Affections, sick or nervous Headache, Costiveness, etc. Purely Vegetable, containing no Mercury, Minerals or Deleterious Drugs.

H

These Pills are the most delightfully pleasant purgative, superseding castor oil, salts magnesia, etc. There is nothing more acceptable to the stomach. They give tone, and cause neither nausea nor griping pains. They are composed of the finest ingredients. After a few days' use of them, such an invigoration of the entire system takes place as to appear miraculous to the weak and enervated, whether arising from imprudence or disease. H. T. Helmbold's Compound Fluid Extract Catawba Grape Pills are not sugar-coated, from the fact that sugar-coated Pills do not disolve, but pass through the stomach without dissolving, consequently do not produce the desired effect. THE CATAWBA GRAPE PILLS, being pleasant in taste and odor, do not necessitate their being sugar-coated. PRICE FIFTY CENTS PER BOX.

E

HENRY T. HELMBOLD'S
Highly Concentrated Compound

Fluid Extract Sarsaparilla

Will radically exterminate from the system Scrofula, Syphilis, Fever, Sores, Ulcers, Sore Eyes, Sore Legs, Sore Mouth, Sore Head, Bronchitis, Skin Diseases, Salt Rheum Cankers, Running from the Ear, White Swellings, Tumors, Cancerous Affections, Nodes, Rickets, Glandular Swellings, Night Sweats, Bach, Tetter, Diseases of all Kinds, Chronic Rheumatism, Dyspepsia, and all diseases that have been established in the system for years.

L

Being prepared expressly for the above complaints, its Blood-Purifying properties are Greater than any other Preparation of Sarsaparilla. It gives the Complexion a clear and Heal by Color and Restores the Patient to a state of Health and Purity. For Purifying the Blood, removing all Chronic Constitutional Diseases arising from an impure state of the Blood. And the only reliable and effectual known remedy for the cure of Pains and swellings of the Bones, Ulcerations of the Throat and Legs, Blotches, Pimples on the Face Erysipelas and all scaly Eruptions of the skin, and beautifying the complexion. Price, $1 50 per bottle.

M

HENRY T. HELMBOLD'S
Concentrated
FLUID EXTRACT BUCHU,
The Great Diuretic,

has cured every case in Medicine in which it has been given, Irritation of the neck of the Bladder and Inflammation of the Kidneys ulceration of the Kidneys and Bladder, retention of urine, diseases of the prostate Gland, stone in the Bladder, Calculus gravel, Brickdust deposit, and Mucous or milk, discharges, and for enfeebled and delicate constitutions of both sexes, attended with the following symptoms. Indisposition to exertion, loss of power, loss of memory, difficulty of breathing, weak nerves, trembling horror of disease, wakefulness, dimness of vision, pain in the back, hot hands, flushing of the body, Dryness of the skin, eruption on the face, pallid countenance, universal lassitude of the muscular system, etc.

Used by persons from the age of eighteen to twenty-five, and from thirty-five to forty-five decline or change of life after confinement or labor pains; bedwetting in children.

B

Helmbold's Extract Buchu is diuretic and Blood-purifying, and cures all diseases arising from habits of dissipation, and excesses and imprudences in life, impurities of the blood, etc., superseding copaiba in affections for which it is used, and syphilitic affections—in these diseases used in connection with Helmbold's Rose Wash.

LADIES.

In many affections peculiar to ladies, the Extract Buchu is unequalled by any other remedy—as in chlorosis or retention, irregularity, painfulness or suppression of customary evacuations, ulcerated or schirrus state of the uterus, leucorrhœa or whites, or sterility, and for all complaints incident to the sex, whether arising from indiscretion or habits of dissipation. It is prescribed extensively by the most eminent physicians and midwives for infebled and delicate constitutions, of both sexes and all ages (attended with any of the above diseases or symptoms).

O

H. T. HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU
Cures diseases arising from imprudence, habits of dissipation, etc., in all their stages, at little expense, little or no change in diet, no inconvenience, and no exposure. It causes a frequent desire, and gives strength to Urinate, thereby removing Obstructions, Preventing and Curing Strictures of the Urethra, Allaying Pain and Inflammation, so frequent in this class of diseases, and expelling all Poisonous matter.

Thousands who have been the victims of incompetent persons, and who have paid heavy fees to be cured in a short time have found they have been deceived, and that the "Poison" has, by the use of "powerful astringent," been dried up in the system to break out in a more aggravated form as, perhaps after Marriage.

Use HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU for all Affections and Diseases of the Urinary Organs, whether existing in Male or Female, from whatever cause originating, and no matter of how long standing. Price one dollar and fifty cents per bottle.

L

HENRY T. HELMBOLD'S IMPROVED ROSE WASH cannot be surpassed as a Face Wash, and will be found the only Specific remedy in every species of Cutaneous Affection. It speedily eradicates pimples, spots, scorbutic dryness, inflamations of the cutaneous membrane etc., dispels redness and incipient inflammation, blues, tetch, moth patches, dryness of scalp or skin, foul bites and all purposes for which cakes or ointments are used; restores the skin to its natural purity and softness, and imparts continued healthy action to the tissue of its vessels, on which depends the agreeable clearness and vivacity of complexion so much sought and admired. But however valuable as a remedy for existing defects of the skin, H. T Helmbold's Rose Wash has long sustained its principle claim to unbounded patronage by possessing qualities which render it a toilet appendage of the most Superlative and Congenial character, combining in an elegant formula these pominent requisites, safety and efficacy—the happiest accompaniments of its use—as a Preservative and Beautifier of the Complexion. It is an excellent Lotion for diseases of a Syphilitic Nature, and as an injection for diseases of the Urinary Organs, arising from habits of dissipation, used in connection with the Extracts Buchu, Sarsaparilla, and Catawba Grape Pills, in such diseases as recommended, cannot be surpassed. Price one dollar per bottle.

D

Full and explicit directions accompany the medicines.

Evidence of the most respectable and reliable character furnished on application, with hundreds of thousands of living witnesses, and upward of 30,000 unsolicited certificates and recommendatory letters, many of which are from the highest sources, including eminent Physicians, Clergymen, Statesmen, etc. The proprietor has never restored to their publication in the newspapers; he does not do this from the fact that his articles rank as Standard Preparations, and do not need to be propped up by certificates.

Henry T. Helmbold's Genuine Preparations.

Delivered to any address. Secure from observation. Established upward of twenty years. Sold by Druggists everywhere. Address letters for information, in confidence to HENRY T. HELMBOLD, Druggist and Chemist.

Only Depots: H. T. HELMBOLD'S Drug and Chemical Warehouse, No. 594 Broadway New York, or to H. T. HELMBOLD'S Medical Depot, 104 South Tenth Street, Philadelphia, Pa.

Beware of Counterfeits. Ask for Henry T. Helmbold's! Take no other

---

LeGrand & Company,

Nos. 96, 98 & 100 Commerce St.

MONTGOMERY ALABAMA,

WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

GROCERIES, DRY GOODS, FANCY ARTICLES, NOTIONS, &c. &c.,

RETAIL
DRY GOODS DEPARTMENT!

TO Comply with NUMEROUS SOLICITATIONS, and to accommodate our MANY FRIENDS we have opened in connection with our WHOLESALE BUSINESS,

A RETAIL DEPARTMENT,

where may be obtained from Attentive Salesmen at LOWEST PRICES, every article usually kept in a

FIRST-CLASS RETAIL STORE

where we will be pleased to wait on CITY and COUNTRY BUYERS.

SHIRTING &C.

We have for your inspection a FULL STOCK of

BROWN 3-4 Shirting,
do 7-8 do
do 4-4 Sheeting,
do Sea. I 7-8 Sheetings,
do do 4-4 Sheetings,
do do 10-4 Sheetings,
Bleached 3-4 and 7-8 Sheeting,
do 4-4 Sheeting (best brands)
do 10-4 do

PRINTS, TICKING, &c.

PRINTS AT ALL PRICES,
Tickings of every Grade,
Plaid and striped domestics.
Domestic Ginghams,
Scotch Ginghams,
French Ginghams,
Irish Linen,
5-4 Linen sheetings,
10-4 Linen sheetings,
Linen cambricks,
Handkerchiefs,
Hosiery,
Gloves, &c., &c. &c.

BOOTS AND SHOES,

A Full Stock of Hats, Clothing Boots and Shoes, &c., &c., &c.,

LeGRAND & Co.
MONTGOMERY ALA.

☞DON'T READ THIS.☜

WHISENANT & DRISKELL

ARE just receiving a large lot of

SUGAR,
COFFEE,
TEAS,

BEST NEW ORLEANS MOLASSES

(Purchased since the recent decline;)
Which they offer at the very lowest terms; in fact, everything in the Grocery line

IRON,

Iron

GRACE CHAINS,
AMES' SHOVELS,
AMES' SPADE,
HAMES,
BREAST CHAINS,
SCOVAL HOES,
NAILS,
HORSESHOES,
SPADING FORKS
&c. &c. &c.

We are now offering our entire stock

of DRY GOODS,

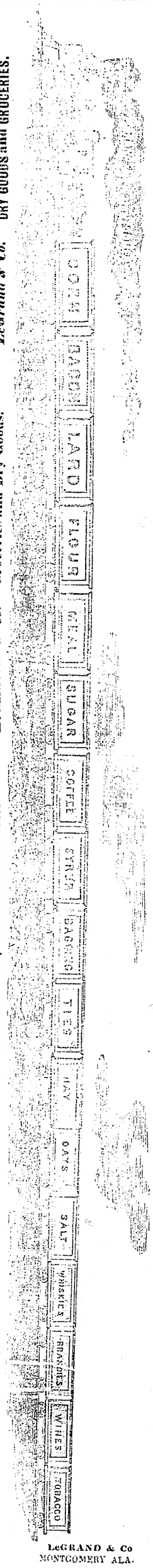
BOOTS & SHOES,

On the most reasonable terms.

Thanking our friends and customers for past patronage, we respectfully solicit a continuance of the same.
Jan 21, 1871.

LeGRAND & Co.,
GROCERY DEPARTMENT

HAving been unable in the past few weeks, to keep up our supply of Goods, we have started our daily train again and hope now to keep fully supplied at all times!!!



LeGRAND & Co
MONTGOMERY ALA.

WHOLESALE
Dry Goods Department.

We are now offering to the trade, the following Goods at the Lowest Market Prices and are DETERMINED not to be undersold by ANY

JOBBING HOUSE SOUTH

and will duplicate any Invoice bought of New York Jobbers.

40 Bales 4-4 brown sheeting (as'd brands
50 do 7-8 do do do do
40 do Sea I. brown cottons do
30 do 7-8 Osnaburgs,
10 do brown drilling,
20 cases assorted bleached shirtings,
5 do do do 4-4 sheetings,
5 do do do 10-4 do
5 do do brown 10-4 do
3 do do bleached drills,
15 do prints, assorted brands,
5 do ginghams, do do
10 do tickings, do do
50 do plaids and stripes.

NOTIONS, CLOTHING, HOSIERY, CLOTHING, HATS, BOOTS, SHOES, &c., &c., &c..

We would call the attention of the Trade to

THE
"PREMIUM" SHIRT COLLAR,

for which we are Sole Agents for Montgomery—each box containing a handsome PRIZE.

Having an office and an EXPERIENCED RESIDENT BUYER IN NEW YORK, JOHN M. RAMSEY, 356 Broadway, and receiving by EACH TRAIN from the Principal Factories South, their STAPLE PRODUCTION, our facilities for offering inducements to the TRADE, CANNOT BE SURPASSED.

LeGRAND & Co.,
MONTGOMERY, ALA.

LOOK AT THIS

All Persons.
LOOK.

All Persons indebted to J. M. Carroll & Co., will please come forward and pay up, as they need money to pay debts with, and must have money.

J. M. CARROLL.

J. M. CARROLL is now receiving SPRING GOODS

and a nice lot of BOOTS & SHOES, cheap for cash. Call and see them.

Nice Water-proof Lasting Laced Gaiter Ladies' Shoes.

H. A. STOLLENWERCK, *Selma, Ala.* F. E. STOLLENWERCK *Mobile, Ala.*
A. G. STOLLENWERCK. *Selma, Ala.*

H. A. STOLLENWERCK & BROS.
Water Street,
SELMA, Ala.

F. E. STOLLENWERCK & BROS.
42 North Commerce Street.
MOBILE Ala

COTTON FACTORS
AND
Commission Merchants.

☞Messrs. E. L. WOODWARD & SON, of Jacksonville, Ala., will act as Agents for this house.

Administrators Notice.

Letters of Administration with the will annexed, on the Estate of Lawrence Brock, deceased, having been granted to the undersigned, by the Probate Court of Calhoun county, Ala., on the 20th day of February, 1871: Notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against said Estate, to present them, legally authenticated, within the time prescribed by law, or they will be barred; and all persons indebted to said Estate are notified to make immediate payment.

Wm. M. HAMES, Adm'r
with the will annexed.

apr8 6t.

CONFECTIONERY!

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVING Established himself in the old Stand of J. B. Turnley & Co., at the present Post Office, and Express Office Stand, would inform the Public that he has opened up a complete

Confectionery Establishment

in Jacksonville; and that henceforth he will keep every article in his line, from the finest and choicest to the very cheapest. The Ladies and others are urged to call and examine the stock now on hand. Come and take a look whether you buy or not,

Candies of the Freshest kind, Jellies (all flavors,) Pickles, Fruits &c. &c.

Comprise a portion of the stock on hand.

AGENTS FOR

Andes Fire Insurance Co.,
Great Western Gun Works.
Avenue Paint Company.
Five Dollar Washing Machine.

Received a fresh supply of confectioneries, candies, nuts, crackers &c.,

Very Respectfully,
Wm. T. ALEXANDER.

apr8 1871—tf.

Wholesale or Retail

Clothing, Boots, Furnishing Goods &c.

J. SIMPSON,

No. 175 Market Street Near Frst National Bank,

CHATTANOOGA TENN.

Offer for sale the largest and complete assortment of Clothing, Furnishing Goods, Boots, Shoes, Valises, Satchels, &c. &c. &c.

I keep a large and extensive Stock of the above articles, either wholesale, or retail at the lowest cash price.

Wholesale buyers, and country dealers, are respectfully invited to call examine tassortmen and prices.

J. SIMPSON.

may13—1811

GREAT TRIUMPH IN DRY GOODS!

THE PIONEER ESTABLISHMENT OF THE STATE:

IMMENSE QUANTITY OF ALL KINDS OF GOODS!

Spring AND Summer

SEASON IN FULL BLAST!!

GREAT ATTRACTIONS! GRAND DISPLAY!! GREAT INDUCEMENTS!!

GRAND DEMONSTRATIONS!!!

NEW GOODS!.....NEW STYLES!!

WE TAKE PLEASURE IN INFORMING THE PUBLIC OF THE RECEPTION OF OUR

New Stock of Spring and Summer Goods.

We give notice that we shall adhere most rigidly to the ONE PRICE SYSTEM, and will offer our goods at such prices, as shall meet with the approval of our vast and extensive line of customers. Our assortments on all grades and styles of merchandise will be as usual—TRULY IMMENSE.

Our MR. JOS. GOETTER, while in New York and other Eastern cities, concluded the most extensive contracts for the supply of all the different branches of Merchandise usually kept at our Store. We are determined, as ever, to be regarded the Leading dry goods Establishment of the city. Having earned our reputation justly, we will endeavor to maintain it, if

MAMMOTH STOCKS AND LOW PRICES

Among the extensive lines of Dry Goods which will be found at our store, we take pleasure in rehearsing a few of the very attractive articles likely to prove most interesting to our patrons: 5 CASES GENUINE 4-4 FRENCH PERCALES, which will be found very desirable and durable. TWO CASES IMPORTED SILK-STRIPED, IRON FRAME GRENADINES, Really beautiful goods, and sold very cheap. The most extensive lines of new and seasonable DRESS GOODS! Among which will be found a new article termed Silk warp Challetine, which is destined to be the most popular, as it is the most beautiful, goods displayed this season. We have also received a very large selection of the celebrated Ramie Poplins, which were introduced by us last year, with such success s to require no further comment. A full line of those celebrated **Japanese Silk Poplins** constantly on hand. This article has been extensively enlarged upon, as we have them in magnificient Brocade, Red Plaids, and splendid Solitaire Lusters.

OUR SILK DEPARTMENT

Will be found extremely enticing, with all of the very latest and most desirable styles and fabrics.

Silk Grenadies, Silk Warp Poplinettes, Silk Warp Geraldines, Spring and Summer Dress Silks,

an stripes, checks, figures and solid colors, in large assortments, and at very LOW figures.

Our Laces and White Goods departments have been enlarged, and special attention is respectfully direc ed to this branch of our stock.

Valencienne and Silk Laces, Lama Laceshaws, French Embroideries, English Hosiery, Perfect-Fitting Corsets, new shapes in Hoop Skirts.

SHOES, SHOES, SHOES.

We take pleasure in notifying the public that our Shoe Department is replete with all styles of Ladies' and Childrens' Shoes, from the most celebrated Philadelphia and Eastern makers. The celebrated "Western" Walking Shoe, the novel "Polish" Dress Bootee, the attractive "Marie Stuart" Tie, the child's exquisite "Pet" Promenade—in fact all that can be called for in good Shoes will be found in our Department.

TO THE WHOLESALE TRADE.

We state, we are ready, as usual, to show our superiority over all other houses, whenever they will give us a call, and test by examination the justice of our boast. Having thus rehearsed a part of our Extensive Stock, we return thanks for past favors, and will endeavor to merit the same in the future.

SHULMAN, GOETTER & WEIL,

(IMMEDIATELY OPPOSITE ARTESIAN BASIN,)
NO. 5 COURT SQUARE, MONTGOMERY, ALABAMA.
may6—3m.

CHATTANOOGA AGRICULTURAL DEPOT!

Ruble & Hight.

GENERAL SOUTHERN AGENTS
FOR

Russell & Cos., Pivot Cylinder, Double Fan, Threshers and Separators, and the Russell Combined, Self Raking, Reaper and Mower.

Our arrangements for handling the above machines for the season of 1871, are now complete, and we are ready to fill orders, or attend promptly to all inquiries concerning the capacity and durability of the Russell Machines.

At our extensive Ware rooms, will be found at all times a full and well assorted Stock of Agricultural Implements,

THE STUDEBAKER FIRM WAGON,

Improved Single and Double Star Corn Shellers.
Improved Peacock Plows, Cast Steel Excelsior Plows, Silver Steel Clipper Plows, Pattent Iron beam adjustable Plows, SMUT MACHINES (THE EUREKA,) } All sizes, FEED CUTTERS,

COTTON AND HAY PRESSES.

Broad cast seed Sowers, wheat Drills, Sulka Cultivators, Horse Hay Rakes &c. &c.

Farmers can obtain from us Duplicates of any parts of machinery which may break, or wear t.

RUBLE & HIGHT,
Depot corner Market & 5th Streets,
CHATTANOOGA TENN.,

mar4—tf

WHEREAS, by an act of the General Assembly of the State of Alabama approved the 16th day of October, 1868, it is provided as follows: to-wit: "It shall be the duty of the Probate Judge of each county in this State to designate a newspaper in which all legal advertisements, notices or publications, of any and every character required by aw to be made in his County, shall be published; which paper so designated shall be the official organ in and for said county." and in obedience to the requirements of said act, I, as Judge of Probate for Calhoun County, Alabama, did heretofore designate the "St. Clair County Eagle," as the official organ in and for said County of Calhoun, in which all legal advertisements, notices or publications of any and every character, required by law to be made in and for said County of Calhoun should be published, said designation to remain until recalled or changed by me.—

And the *"Jacksonville Republican"* being a County paper, published in the Town of Jacksonville, Alabama, and in my opinion, clearly within the provisions of said act:—I therefore recall and change my order designating the St. Clair County Eagle, as the official organ for said County of Calhoun, and designate the said Jacksonville Republican as the official organ hereafter, in which all legal advertisements, notices or publications of any and every character required by Law to be made in and for said County of Calhoun shall be published. This designation to remain so long as in my opinion, the Editor of said Jacksonville Republican conducts said paper so as to be within the provisions of said act.

A. WOODS, Judge

Railroad Warehouse,
ROME, GA.

HAVING leased the large and commodious Warehouse immediately on the Selma, R. & D. Railroad, and taken out an open policy of insurance, I am now prepared to store, sell or ship COTTON on very liberal terms. Being located immediately on the line of Railroad no drayage will be charged on cotton to or from the depot—50 cents per bale per month will cover all charges including weighing, marking and delivery. Being possessed of the above advantages, together with a long experience in the cotton business, I respectfully ask a liberal patronage from my many friends who read the Jacksonville Republican.

J. J. VANDIVER.

Oct. 8, 1870.—3m.

CROSS PLAINS HOUSE,
COME ALONG.

This House is not quite completed, but will receive Boarders and the Traveling public generally.

No rash promises made—come and see.

A. S. JOHNSON,
J. N. HOOD,
J. N. HOOD, Prop'r.

junol8—tf.

THE MOUND CITY

Mutual Life Insurance Co.

OF ST. LOUIS, MO.

OFFICERS.

JAMES B. EADS, President.
A. M. BRITTON, Vice President.
S. W. LOMAX, Sec'y.
C. G. McHATTON, Gen'l Agent
J. D. JOHNSTON, Assistant Gen'l Agent.

ASSETS, JANUARY 1st, 1870, $500 000.

The Mound City Mutual Life Insurance Company offers itself as a candidate for public patronage, with such provisions incorporated in the basis of its organization as render it at the same time,

Liberal, Safe and Substantial.

OneHundred Thousand Dollars Deposited

For the Security of Policy Holders.

In conformity with the Law of Missouri, regulating the Insurance Department of the State,

THIS COMPANY ISSUES

All Classes of Policies, Which Become

NON-FORFEITABLE AFTER ONE ANNUAL PAYMENT

And is now paying handsome dividends. Its business during the year having increased 185 per cent. over that of the previous year.

GEORGE POINDEXTER,
State Agent,
Mobile, Ala,

ALEXANDER, & MORRIS Agents, Jacksonville

AUGUST 20, 1870.—1y.

J. & S. BONES & CO.

IMPORTERS OF & DEALERS IN

IRON and STEEL,

HARDWARE, CUTLERY, GUNS &c.

Rome Ga.,

In addition to keeping the largest Stock of HARDWARE in the Cherokee Country for Merchants supplies, are the Agents for

BLANDY'S CELEBRATED STEAM ENGINES & *MILLS,*

and can furnish at Manufactures prices, anything from a small size ***Saw Mill to the***

LARGEST FLOURING MILL COMPLETE,

also Agents for CLEMANS' CORN and WHEAT MILL, which we keep in Stock.

[READ HOME TESTIMONY.]

NEAR CEDAR BLUFF Feb., 28, 1871.

MESSRS. J. & S. BONES, *Dear Sirs:*

I have given the 16 inch Mill (Clemans) bought of you, a thorough test, and can but express myself perfectly satisfied. The power was the running gear to my gin, which although in very bad order, was sufficient to grind *one bushel* (by the watch) in *eleven minutes*, I find no trouble to do my grinding before breakfast. Several of my neighbors were present at the time, and all were satisfied with the result, as were astonished at the quantity and fine quality of the meal produced in so short a time, I prefer the meal to any steam mill meal. The 16 inch mill I bought of you for the Foster Farm, and used since the above was written proves equally satisfactory. It is a complete mill.

Yours Truly,
H. H. MILLER.

Upon all machinery sold by us we give a full guarantee. Send for catalogue and price list.

J. & S. BONES & CO.

apr15 1871—tf

JOE S. MONTGOMERY, H. F. MONTGOMERY,

MONTGOMERY BRO'S,

GROCERS AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS

Keep Constantly on hand a full and varied stock of Groceries. Provisions, and Family Supplies, also Table and Pocket Cutlery. Tobacco, foreign and domestic Cigars, fancy Candies Confections, &c. &c. South Side Public Sqare——*Sign of the FLAG.* Jacksonville Alabama.

White Kerosene Oil, Non-Explosive.

Thanking the public for past favors, we respectfully solicit a continuance of the same, feeling confident of being able to give our customers *FIRST CLASS* Goods as *LOW* as they can be bought in this market. Wrapping paper at manufacturers prices.

Dec. 10, 1870.—tf.

W. D. HOYT & CO.

Jobbers in Drugs, Medicines and Druggists Sundries,

No. 43, Broad Street,

Rome, Ga.

WHOLESALE AGENTS FOR

ROSADALIS,
CALIFORNIA VINEGAR BITTERS,
PLANTATION "
EDWARD WILDER & CO'S PREPARATIONS,
AYER & CO's "
PEMBERTON, TAYLOR & CO's "

White Lead & Linseed Oil.

All of which will be sold at MANUFACTURER'S PRICES.

Jacksonville Republican
EDITED, PRINTED & PUBLISHED, EVERY SATURDAY MORNING, BY
J. F. & L. W. GRANT.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.
For one year in advance, ...$2 00
For six months, " 1 25

TERMS OF ADVERTISING.
One square of 10 lines or less, first insertion, ... $1 00
Each subsequent insertion, ... 50
Over one square counted as two, &c.
Obituaries charged at advertising rates.

Annunciation of Candidates.
For County Offices, ... $5 00
For State Offices, ... $10 00

Jacksonville Republican.

"The Price of Liberty is Eternal Vigilance."

VOL. 35. JACKSONVILLE, ALA., JUNE 24. 1871. WHOLE NO 1785

Rates of Advertising. For three, six, or twelve Months.

One square of 10 lines,	3	months,	$5 00
" "	6	"	15 00
" "	12	"	20 00
One fourth column,	3	"	10 00
" " "	6	"	15 00
" " "	12	"	25 00
One half column,	3	"	25 00
" " "	6	"	35 00
" " "	12	"	50 00
One column,	3	"	40 00
" "	6	"	75 0
" "	12	"	100 0

Charges due and collectable quarterly.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

Dr. M. W. FRANCIS
Physician & Surgeon,
OFFICE, DRUG STORE J. C. FRANCIS
North West Corner Square,
JACKSONVILLE - - ALA.
feb25 1871—1y.

JOHN FOSTER. WM. H. FORNEY.
FOSTER & FORNEY,
Attorneys at Law,
Jacksonville Alabama.
WILL practice in the Counties of Calhoun, Talladega, Randolph, St. Clair, Cherokee, DeKalb and the Supreme Court of the State.
Dec. 2?d, 1865.

JOE. H. FRANCIS.
ATTORNEY AT LAW
—AND—
GENERAL COLLECTING AGENTS.
Gadsden ....Alabama
WILL practice in Etowah and adjoining counties. Special attention given to the filing petitions in Bankruptcy. Will prosecute claims against the Government for Bounty, Back pay, &c.

G. S. ELLIS. J. H. CALDWELL
ELLIS & CALDWELL,
Attorneys at Law,
AND
Solicitor in Chancery.
JACKSONVILLE, ALA.
HAVING associated themselves in the practice of Law, will practice together, except in CRIMINAL CASES, in the counties Calhoun, Talladega, St. Clair, Randolph Cherokee and DeKalb
Jan. 6. 1866.

E. J. TURNLEY, G. I. TURNLEY
E. J. & G. I. TURNLEY,
Attorneys at Law
AND
Solicitors in Chancery
General Collecting Agents.
JACKSONVILLE, ALA.
WILL practice Law in the counties of Calhoun, Talladega, Randolph, Cleburne, Cherokee, Baine, St. Clair and DeKalb, in the Supreme Court of the State, and in the U. S. District Court, Northern and Middle Division of Alabama.

JOHN W. INZER. LEROY F. BOX.
INZER & BOX,
Attorneys at Law,
AND
Solicitors in Chancery
ASHVILLE, Ala.
WILL practice in all the Courts of St. Clair, Calhoun, Talladega, Shelby, Jefferson, Blount, DeKalb, Cherokee & Marshall; also in the Superior Court of the State. Prompt attention given.

H. L. STEVENSON,
Attorney at Law,
JACKSONVILLE, Ala.

TENNESSEE HOUSE
Rome, Ga.
J. A. STANSBURY, Prop'r.
☞Most convenient Hotel to Rail Road Depots.
Mar. 12, 1870—tf

Selma Rome & Dalton Railroad.
CHANGE OF SCHEDULE.
Commencing Tuesday, May 28th, 1871, TWO DAILY PASSENGER TRAINS will be run on this Road, as follows:

NORTHWARD.

	MAIL.	EXPRESS.
Leave Selma,	10,05. a. m.	4,10, p. m.
" Calera,	1,45. p. m.	
Arrive Jacks'ville	6,07 p m	5,20, a. m.
" Rome,	8,35, p. m.	8,40, a. m.
" Dalton,	11,20 p. m.	12,07, p m.

SOUTHWARD.

	MAIL.	EXPRESS.
Leave Dalton,	8,10, p. m.	8,00, a. m.
" Rome,	11,30, p. m.	10,59, a. m.
Arrive Jacks'ville	2,09 a m	2,22, p. m.
" Calera,	6,40, a. m.	
" Selma,	10,30 a. m.	11, p. m.

Mail and Express trains going north make close connections at Rome with Rome Rail Road for Atlanta (arriving at Atlanta 1.38 p. m. and 1.42 a. m.) and at Dalton with trains of Western & Atlantic R. R. for Chattanooga (arriving at Chattanooga 3.43 a. m. and 4 25 p. m.)
Passengers for Knoxville and Eastern cities via Lynchburg should take Mail train to avoid detention at Dalton.
Mail and Express trains, south, make close connections at Dalton with Western & Atlanta R. R. trains from Chattanooga and the West.
Mail train makes close connection at Dalton with trains from E. T., Va, & Ga. R. R. from Knoxville and Eastern cities, via Lynchburg, and at Rome with trains from Rome R. R. (leaving Atlanta at 6.30 P. M.)—at Calera for Montgomery, Mobile, Pensacola, New Orleans and Texas: and at Selma with trains of Selma & Meridian R. R. for Marion, Greensboro, Meridian Jackson, Vicksburg and Northern Lousiana.
E. G. BARNEY, Gen'l Sup't.
M. STANTON, Assist't Sup't. [jun 17-'71

Insurance a Specialty.
L. J. PARR.
SPECIAL AGENT,
JACKSONVILLE ALA.,
Will insure Life, or Property of any kind in the following Companies:
Cotton States Life Insurance Co., MACON, GA.,
Georgia Home Fire Insurance Co. COLUMBUS, GA.,
Home Protection of North Alabama Fire Insurance Co., HUNTSVILLE ALA.,
mar25—1871.

FOR A WOMAN'S SAKE.

BY WATTS PHILLIPS.

CHAPTER I.

"MONEY ADVANCED TO ANY AMOUNT."

"Excuse me, my dear madam, but what you propose is quiet impossible. Business is business. It is a rule I have laid down in life, never to admit sentiment into a cash transaction, and I can't depart from it."

"But, sir, if I could only persuade you to have confidence—"

"In what? Pardon me if I interrupt you, but in what? I trade in money; and what you propose to me has simply relation to the transfer of that exceedingly scarce, but at all times useful, article. You produce a case of jewels—very handsome jewels in their way—remarkably handsome, but not worth by one half the sum you are desirous of raising upon them."

"Not by one-half?"

"Well, well—not by one-third. I have told you the amount I am prepared to advance."

"It's not enough! I must have a thousand pounds. I have pressing need of one thousand pounds."

"You are not peculiar in that respect, I assure you. Now, if your husband—"

"My husband!"

"I perceived; when you removed your gloves just now, that you wore a wedding ring—a widow, perhaps?"

"Yes, you are right—I am a widow."

This was said with a certain hesitation, slight in itself, but sufficient to be remarked.

"Ahem! I see no good in our prolonging this interview. I advertise to advance money to any amount—you will understand, to any amount—to persons of respectability and trustworthiness, upon their own security, the sex of the applicants of no consequence, and the strictest secrecy to be relied upon. You propose a security which is not sufficient for the sum you require. You have no friend who will become responsible for the remainder?"

This was said in a tone of inquiry.

"I have no friend."

"And so the whole affair falls through. You refuse to give me your name; and have not, as yet, even shown me your face. I deal in money, as before said; and, so far from straining at a gnat, can, upon necessity, swallow a decent sized camel; but, in the present case, where the secrecy is all on one side, the business is fishy—hoping I use so expressive a word without offence—*decidedly* fishy."

"I do not understand you."

"Well, then, queer. I'm a practical man, and object to being mixed up in any mystery to which I am denied a clue. It's not business. Any responsible and respectable security, in default of a husband—let us say uncle, brother or friend—ahem!—who may take pity on a fair lady in distress; and—What! you are going? No offence intended and no offence given, I hope. Think over what I have said, and I shall see you again. Good morning."

So saying, Mr. Verulam Gritt opened wide his office door, and bowed out a lady, who—her figure shrouded in the folds of a large cloak, and her face closely veiled—descended the narrow and dimly lighted stairs, with a precipitation that showed her anxiety to escape further interrogation.

Mr. Verulam Gritt, however, was quiet satisfied as to the present result of his cross questioning. He watched the dark figure descend one flight of stairs, for Mr. Gritt's offices were on the second floor,—then reclosed his door, muttering and chuckling to himself.

"Yes, yes, ma'am, you'll put in a second appearance before long; you've smelt the cheese in the trap, and are frightened at first, but your need must be more than pressing to bring you here at all; and you'll come back again, forced, in spite of yourself, to make a clean breast of it."

He sat down at the desk, and, with a countenance which, in its best aspect, was suggestive of an unamiable door knocker, dipped his pen—a steel pen with a needle point—into the ink, and commenced to write upon what appeared to be, from the sound it made, a sheet of blue lined sand paper.

He had not accomplished more than half a dozen words, when, without the usual preliminary of knocking, the office door was burst abruptly open, and a man entered.

If any apology were required for this unceremonious entrance, none was offered.

The visitor advanced at once to the fireplace, and, without doffing his hat, elevated his coat tails, through the medium of his left hand, while with the other, he plucked savagely at a tuft of red hair, which sprouted from his chin, like the beard of a goat.

Verulam Gritt, who seemed to take this visit as a matter of course, rose up from his chair, and addressed his visitor in a voice of great deference.

"I didn't expect a visit from you today, Mr. Scratton, but your presence is always welcome—always welcome here, sir. As I often say to my clerk, Noble—Percival Noble, a young man of good family, but unfortunate—your visits are like early violets, cheering and fragrant—cheering and fragrant."

The new comer gave another angry pluck at his beard, and said, in a voice that was something between a snarl and a growl, "What was the matter with the woman I met on the stairs just now?"

"You met her?"

"Don't I tell you so? What was the matter with her? I heard her sob beneath her veil as she passed me?"

"I can't say. She's a mystery. She came here in answer to one of our advertisements. Wanted to raise money on some jewels which weren't worth what she demanded. She refused to answer questions, and went away in a huff."

"Young or old?"

"Young, I should think, by the voice and hands."

"And what about the face?"

"She never raised her veil, though I asked her to do so again and again. She wore a double veil, evidently for concealment."

"Well, you've had her followed, of course; so we shall learn from Noble where she lives."

Mr. Verulam Gritt's usually sharp, nut cracker visage, assumed a somewhat sheepish expression.

"Why, you see, Mr. Scratton, I was awkwardly situated. Noble was already away upon some important business, the lady left hastily, and—and—"

"And you were such a confounded fool as to let this chance e s c a p e you! What do you think I placed you here for, sir, and made you my agent, with large capital at your back, but to ferret out such profitable mysteries as this one would have been to us, had you only have used common sharpness?"

"I can't see how this particular case promised to be as profitable as you make out, Mr Scratton. The woman offered an inadequate security, and wouldn't take a shilling less than the sum she demanded."



[AN UNWELCOME RECOGNITION.]

"How much was that?"

"One thousand pounds."

"What!"

The gentleman addressed as Mr. Scratton left off plucking at his tuft of beard, and advanced to the bureau, near which Verulam Gritt was seated, struck his hand down upon it so fiercely, that the scattered papers performed a dance of their own, and the great leaden inkstand was, for the time, converted into a fountain, which descended in a sable shower upon everything around.

"You're an ass, Mr. Verulam Gritt—you're an ass! When I found you, a miserable, pettifogging attorney, striving in a garret, having been struck off the rolls for malpractices, I thought I had found one whose nose having been ground down to such an exceedingly sharp point, would know how to apply the grindstone to others. I took you for a fox, a wolf, a lynx, a hunting leopard—anything but an ass, Mr. Verulam Gritt, or you might have rotted and died for me."

"You're too hasty, sir," pleaded Gritt humbly. "I hope you have never found me scrupulous. I'm not without a conscience but I'd perjure myself for you, sir."

"Bah! you'd perjure yourself for eighteen pence for any man, if there was no prospect of your being found out. And," continued Scratton, resuming his position before the fire, "if you use the world conscience to me again, we part company. You've let a chance slip through your fingers, and there's an end of it."

"She'll turn up again," said Gritt, positively.

"If she does, let Nobbs stick to her like her shadow. If Nobbs should be absent, follow her yourself. Do you hear?"

"Yes, sir."

"Then, now, for the business that's brought me to town. Have you all the papers connected with Richard Goodeve's affairs?"

"They're in the inner office. Everything prepared. We can act upon the bill of sale at once."

"I'll go in and look over them. The man himself will be here in an hour, so do you stay in the outer office; he must not see me at any price. Richard Goodeve is one of your independent, outspoken fellows, ever ready to imagine and to revenge a wrong. Such men, in skillful hands, are invaluable; and, if you only act your part well, Richard Goodeve—Richard the Proud—Richard the Radical—Richard the Stiff-necked, shall be at my beck and call, as much my bond-servant to command, as though his skin was black, and I had purchased him in an African slave market!"

With these words, Mr. Scratton, no longer plucking at his tuft of beard, but fondly caressing that adornment, passed into the inner office, where we will leave him; while, for the better information of the reader, we enter into some details, historical and otherwise, respecting Mr. Daniel Scratton, and his friend, Mr. Verulam Gritt.

CHAPTER II.

SPINNING THE WEB.

We will begin with Mr. Daniel Scratton. By profession he was a land agent; an elastic term, often including, as it did in this case, many other agencies, to say nothing of the brisk and profitable trade of an auctioneer. His residence was in Gatford, a picturesque, old fashioned town in Surry, a town with a castle, which did duty as a goal; a workhouse also—a sort of gaol without the romantic adjuncts; a market-day once a week; a ghastly Assembly Room, which witnessed cheerless revels, say once a month, and whose stale, mouldy atmosphere, and shrouded furniture, when in a quiescent state, was only suggestive of weak minded ghosts, who had once, when living, a passion for billiards, chronic melancholy, and sore throats.

When Daniel Scratton first opened his eyes—and very small, gray, cunning eyes they were—upon the world, his family position in the social scale was low down indeed, he having been born of a pauper parent in the Gadford workhouse. He also owed what scholastic acquirements he possessed, principally of the arithmetical order, to another charitable institution belonging to the same town.

From infancy to manhood, the surroundings of the Gatford charity boy were hard and sordid. A child of poverty, and a pauper by birth, Daniel soon learned the value of money; and from the time his brain was first able to compass an idea, that one idea was how to obtain it. A child's mind has been described as a sheet of blank paper; but the mind of Daniel Stratton was blue-lined from the very first, and lettered £ s. d.

Obtain money he did, and much money. As an island is but the product of accumulated atoms, so the fortune of Scratton had begun with the smallest savings at first. "Get money, my child" is the reported advice of a man of business to his son. "Get money—honestly if you can; but get it." Had Daniel been the offspring of that worthy man, he could not have adapted his principle, more readily, nor have acted on it more rigidly.

With such a man, it is almost unnecessary to add, that as he grew more plethoric in pocket, his habits became more penurious, and his conduct in business, if possible, still more hard and grinding, till the Gatford folk, in recognition of this combination of meanness and cruelty, bestowed on him the sobriquets of Miser Scratton and Daddy Flintskin. All of which, however, did not prevent his receiving every outward show of respect and consideration; and hats were doffed, and faces dressed in sycophantic smiles whenever his tall, lean figure was seen in the Town Hall, or at church, (he was a regular attendant at morning and evening service,) or at the markets, or stumbling up the High Street in pursuit of what he was pretty certain to overtake—some profitable business. As time progressed, Miser Scratton's ambition grew in proportion to his gains, and he determined to widen the scene of his operations. It was not long before he did so.

While on a business visit to London—and Scratton made no visits to any person or place but he had some sort of business in view—chance had thrown in his way a miserable poverty-stricken knave, yet a cunning one withal, whom Nature, in her wickedest mood, seemed to have fashioned, as she fashions other reptiles, to do secret and noxious work in a dark and crawling way.

Here was the very instrument that Daniel Scratton wanted—a poor rogue, on his last legs, wanting some richer rogue as a patron.

A bond was entered into, a plan of action laid down, and, as master and man, they worked Tom Tidler's ground together. To catch flies, the spider requires a web, and the web that Miser Scratton fabricated was of the simplest character; but, once within its meshes, the victim found himself, or herself, held as with bends of iron.

An office, consisting of three rooms, in the borough of Southwark, was first selected, judiciously situated next door to one of those antiquated old inns, where farmers frequenting the markets still love to congregate. The rest of the scheme was accomplished by the following advertisement, inserted in the leading papers of the London and provincial press:

"MONEY ADVANCED to any amount, in town or country, upon any securities, mortgages, leases, reversions, portable property of every description, and furniture without removal. The strictest secrecy guaranteed. None but principals treated with. Apply to X. Y. Z., one door from the 'Jolly Wagoner,' High street, Borough."

What a bait for the needy!

A philanthropist, possessed of money which he is ready to advance any amount, upon any security (so the necessitous read it!), and the strictest secrecy guaranteed. No wonder the flies rushed into the snare—from those whose gaudy wings required a new gilding, to those who only sought a respite of a day, an hour, from the winter, death.

Any interest they were ready to pay, any sacrifice they were ready to make, as long as the world—their world consisting at the most of some thirty or forty persons—knew nothing of their distress.

It was the drowning man or woman frantically fighting for a straw, which broke as soon as it was grasped.

In the foreground of the picture we have painted was Verulam Gritt, with his ready, cunning, smooth manners, and sharp knowledge of all the crooked paths of the law; but behind him, in the shadow was Miser Scratton, watching everything, directing everything, and briskly pulling the strings.

Let us now glance into that inner room, in which the latter personage is busily engaged examining a quantity of papers spread out before him on the table.

The small eyes gleam beneath shaggy eyebrows, knitting above a long, thin, straight nose, which, together with the sharp projection of the chin, give to the whole visage an unpleasant animal look, cruel and cunning as that of a beast of prey. The man is not old—not very old; but there are crow's feet at the corners of his eyes, and the stubbly hair, of a sandy red, has already retreated far from the temples. The last paper examined, he pushes the heap from him with a laugh, by no means a pleasant laugh to hear, and rubs his long, bony hands together so vigorously that they seem to crackle like dry chips.

"What a queer thing life is! It is now twenty-five years since I first knew Richard Goodeve. He was then a red-cheeked, happy young fellow, whose only idea of the world was that it was a place made expressly to go bird-nesting in; and now he has grown into a moody, vindictive man, nursing all sorts of wrongs, real and imaginary, and brooding over schemes of retribution and vengeance. It's not always well to be in life too happy. Look at me! I was born in a workhouse, and I've risen pretty well, considering!"

He stretched out his hand, and took up a paper that lay near him.

"The day after to-morrow, Sir Hugh pays the last … money, which adds another slice of land to his estate of Oakwoods."

Here he ground out an oath between his teeth, and struck the paper with his other hand, as though he was smiting the face of a foe.

"If I could see him buried beneath the land he has purchased, and his wife's pride humbled to the dust, I would sacrifice every farthing of the treasure Miser Scratton as I'm called. It's now fifteen years since Sir Hugh, speaking from the hustings, threatened to horsewhip me for some observations I had made. He did horsewhip me, too, and lost his election by it, that's some comfort. We've shaken hands long ago, and transacted business; but if Sir Hugh Willoughby knew my feeling towards him and his, he would sooner have clasped the most venomous of snakes than have touched mine in friendship. For years and years I have cast about me how to pay my debt to him, and at last chance offers to me the means."

Scratton's face darkened more and more, and the long, lithe fingers, stealing up to the face, tore at the red tuft of beard savagely, as though it were no longer a part of himself, but belonged to an enemy.

"'Workhouse born, and charity bred—vagabond by birth, and rogue by inclination!'—those were the words he used fifteen years ago; and, when I resented them by some truths about himself, he lashed me with his ridingwhip, in the Gatford market-place. I made no resistance, but counted every stroke; and, when my friends came round me, and urged some effort at retaliation, I answered that I was a patient man, both by nature and education, and I could wait. I have waited; and a debt that waits accumulates with me a heavy interest. If Richard Goodeve is the man I take him to be, the ruined, desperate creature, I have caused him to be, I will pay what I owe Sir Hugh Willoughby to the full."

His meditation was here interrupted by voices speaking in the outer office: one, a full, strong voice, was raised as in a tone of passion; the other voice, that of Verulam Gritt, was, as usual, soft and oily, quite unmoved by any passion whatever.

"Richard has come, then, to know his fate. He'll find it a hard one."

So saying, Miser Scratton moved softly across the floor, and quietly locked the door of communication that separated the two offices. This done, he first applied his eye to the keyhole, and then his ear.

The conversation between Gritt and his visitor went on.

"You refuse then, to give me longer time, even a few weeks?" demanded the full, rich voice, through whose firmness, however, ran a perceptible tremble, which the speaker labored to suppress.

"It is not I that refuse. I am but an agent for others. If it depended upon myself, Mr. Goodeve, you should have the time you desire; but I am not X. Y. Z., but a servant—nothing more than a servant to that capitalist."

"Who, then, is this X. Y. Z.? Why doesn't he show himself? Why does he hide himself behind those stupid initials? I hate such hole-and-corner work!"

"You are unreasonable, Mr. Goodeve—you are unreasonable. When people come here to borrow money, they stipulate for the strictest secrecy. Surely the lender may indulge himself with the same thing? You have still three days before you."

"And if you haven't the money within three days, I am to be turned out of house and home!" demanded the farmer, his voice growing more and more husky with increasing emotion.

"The bill of sale and other papers will be sent down to-night to Messrs. Crispe and Podmore, solicitors at Gatford. If the money is not lodged in their hands before the evening of the third day, they will proceed to act upon their instructions."

"And I shall be ruined!—ruined past hope, past redemption! Not only I, but Silas—Silas, my son!"

The man stopped abruptly, his speech choked by a sob; and then his heavy tread was heard pacing the room, coming at one time so close to the door, behind which the owner of those mysterious initials X. Y. Z. was crouched, that the latter drew back nervously, as doubtful of the fastenings of the door.

The agitation of the farmer was not of long duration. His hurried pacing of the room soon ceased, and he had recovered an outward show of calmness when he again addressed Verulam Gritt, who, as almost unconscious of the angry client's presence, had turned to his desk, and was adding up a column of figures on a paper before him.

"But why should I blame you? The one cause of my misery and degradation is that tyrant of tyrants Sir Hugh Willoughby!"

Mr. Gritt shrugged his shoulders.

"First time I've heard the name."

"It's the name of one of those aristocrats who live as 'twere in the clouds, and never touch the earth—the common earth—but to place their foot upon some poor man's neck."

"A very poetical description, though somewhat cloudy—ahem! You'll excuse my little joke, but I've nothing to do with Sir Hugh Willoughby. What he is, or what he is not, is no affair of mine."

"No," replied the farmer, with an oath, "but it's an affair of mine! Three days, you say?"

"Three days. A great deal may be done in three days."

"You're right. There's a person who may help me if he likes; he has done so before, and may do so again."

"Do I know him?"

"No, I suppose not. He's a Gatford man—a Mr. Scratton."

Mr. Verulam Gritt seemed to think for a moment, then shook his head, while the farmer, who had taken his hat, made for the door.

"It's no good saying here, if I've heard your decision."

"Not the least use." And the lawyer resumed his pen. "I wish you every success with your friend Mr. Scratton. Good morning."

When the door had closed behind the farmer, and his heavy step was heard descending the stairs, another door, that of the inner room, opened slowly, and the head of Miser Scratton was protruded.

It was never a prepossessing face at the best; but now it presented a picture of low cunning and malignity, that was not at all pleasant to look upon.

As he glanced at his associate in villainy, he uttered but one word.

"Admirable!"

CHAPTER III.

TWO SECOND-CLASS PASSENGERS.

ON the evening of the day that witnessed the scene described in the preceding chapter, a woman, wearing a thick veil, wrapped in the folds of a heavy travelling cloak, descended from a second-class carriage at the Gatford Street Station.

Gatford was a large place and the passengers who swarmed out of the carriages on to the platform were numerous.

"Any luggage, ma'am?"

"No."

This to a railway porter, who observing the gait and manner of second-class passengers, became somewhat importunate.

"May I call a fly?"

"No."

This second answer, like, the first was given in a low, hurried voice; but through she turned away abruptly, she dropped a coin into the man's hand, which as he passed along the platform, he regarded with some astonishment.

"Half a crown! that's rather spicy for a second-class passenger!"

Another second-class passenger was making his way towards the wicket where one of the railway officials was taking the tickets, when, himself much preoccupied, he jostled somewhat violently gainst the veiled lady, who was hurrying along.

"I beg your pardon," she said softly.

"It's for me to beg yours. I hope I haven't hurt you; though I shouldn't wonder but I have, for nothing has gone right with me today."

The person he addressed made no answer; but giving her ticket, was hurrying on when a yokel, with a basket of game on his shoulder, pushed roughly past, his basket catching her veil as he did so.

No one was near her but the blockhead who had partially thrust aside the veil and the second-class passenger, who a moment before had apologized for his unintentional rudeness.

It was but a glimpse, brief as the lightning's flash, that he had of the lady's face; but the effect it had upon him was most extraordinary.

He started back, and as he looked after the rapidly retreating figure, his manner was indicative of the utmost astonishment.

"It can't be! I must either be drunk or dreaming!"

He passed his hand over his forehead and eyes; then seizing the front part of the grey overcoat he wore, with both hands he shook himself roughly. This done, he resumed his walk towards the town of Gatford, which was some half-mile from the station.

The veiled lady, who had taken an oposite direction, had already disappeared.

The man in the grey overcoat walked on briskly for some fifty yards, then again stopped to smite his thigh with the broad palm of his open hand.

"No, I'm not drunk, nor was I dreaming. And why shouldn't it be her? When these great ones of the earth take a fancy into their heads, they'll stoop low enough, especially if the fancy should happen to be a bad one. She was evidently disguised, and endeavored to avoid observation. In a second-class carriage, too! This will be rare news for Daniel Scratton and long-tounged wife. I prayed for revenge, and, while the prayer is still on my lips, chance puts it in my reach. 'My lady is very ill and confined to her room; that's the news Silas brought back from the Hall this morning: too ill to see any one even her husband. She's seen me, though, and I've seen her not in her room—certainly not; but on her way *back* to London.

He had resumed his walk, and was now crossing the little bridge which led up to Gatford High street. He knew that in a few minutes more he should reach Scratton's house; but he slackened his pace rather than hurried it.

"It's not the sort of revenge I should have chosen," he muttered; "that is, if a choice was permitted me. It's the husband that has injured me not the wife. Yet in what surer way can I strike at him than through her? He's often enough threatened to pull my house down about my ears. What if I turn the table, and shake his noble house down to its foundation? Within three days, unless Scratton stands my friend I leave this place forever. Why, what a fool I am to think of the feelings of others! It's an opportunity that will never occur again; and, if I must depart,"—he said this with the dark frown again settling down upon his face,—"I would fain leave behind me some memory of Richard Goodeve."

His pace was again quickened nor did he slacken it till he had reached the land-agent's door.

Evening had not yet deepened into night when a dark figure glided rather than walked along a narrow food-path which lay through the deepest and most secluded part of a small wood, known as 'The Silvery Wood,' which formed part of the estate of Oakwoods.

The rustle of a falling leaf would cause her to stop, to gaze quickly around to peer into the deeper shadows of the thickets and under woods as fearing to meet watchful eyes bent upon her; or she would listen, listen listen, as expecting the sound of footfalls tracking her steps. A hare crossing the path, a party of nibbling rabbits disturbed in their feast, and making a rush for their burrows, made her tremble in every limb, and her heart beat even quicker than theirs.

The path, which had dwindled to a foot's breadth, growing darker and darker till it had vanished entirely in the gloom made by overhanging trees, came to an end at last; further passage being barred by a high wall, in which was a small door half hidden by the clustering ivy, its wood-work crumbling with age, its ironwork red with rust.

This door the veiled woman, after glancing cautiously around, opened with a small key, and passing over the threshold, closed softly behind her.

Before her was a broad expanse of park, dotted with clumps of trees; while behind a thickly-wooded knoll appeared, dimly, the battled roof of an old Elizabethan mansion.

There was a broad path plainly visible some little distance off, which led into another still broader, path which, starting from the lodgates, led with a bold sweep up to the grand entrance.

It was not by these paths that the veiled lady approached the house.

Striking into a thickly-planted shrubbery, she moved rapidly onwards, her gliding walk quickened almost to a run, and her dark figures blending so with the gloom as to be almost invisible at a couple of yards' distance. At the end of this shrubbery was a small garden, which was crossed so swiftly and silently that had any been near to see, it would have appeared only as though a fleeting shadow had passed between them and the trees. The same fleeting shadow has now reached the house itself. There are no lights in the windows on this side of it—no lights expect in one, which, amidst the darkness, shines out like a solitary star.

As the mysterious figure looked up and saw this light, a sight of relief rose to her lips.

"Jane Steer is watching; thank heavens for that!"

Keeping quiet and close to the wall, with an increase of caution, if it were possible, the veiled lady seemed to feel her way along till further progress was stopped by a huge buttress in which, deep sunk in the masonry, was another small door.

This door she also opened with the same ease that she had opened the one forming a communication between the wood and the park. A winding flight of stone steps were ascended, a long but narrow corridor was traversed. The visitor, who seemed to be as familiar with the interior of the house as she had proved herself to be with its surroundings, tapped softly at a door, which was opened immediately.

A flood of light almost blinding to eyes so long accustomed to the darkness, a cry of joyful relief, and the veiled figure, entering the room, sank down upon a sofa.

Then, for the time, her strength seemed utterly to desert her, and she gave way to a burst of hysterical weeping.

A woman, comely and young, with the appearence of an upper servant, closed and locked the door she had opened.

"Nothing has happened to you, my lady—nothing unpleasant, I hope!"

As she said this she bent over the weeping woman, and respectfully, but with something also of the freedom of a friend, removed her cloak.

"Nothing has hapened to me, Jane. Has everything gone well here?"

"Oh, everything, my lady! Sir Hugh is not expected to return till late to-night and I have taken care that none of the servants should approach your room."

"You're a dear good, faithful girl, Jane! But my little Maud—how is she?"

"Ha! there," replied the person addressed as Jane, "I confess I have had some trouble. Twice she has escaped from nurse, and rushed to the door of the outer room which, of course, I kept locked, calling for 'Mamma! mamma!' and declaring that she would do nothing but cry and scream if she were not admitted to see dear mamma directly"

"The pretty darling! How did you pacify her?"

"By saying that poor mamma was asleep, and that mamma would be very ill indeed if Miss Maud made a noise, and disturbed her. She went away at last, though anything but satisfied for she said that she knew mamma was never so well as when her little Maud was with her."

"My pretty one! My heart is always with her! But, tell me, Jane, was there no doubt, think you concerning the illness that confined me to my room?"

"No doubt whatever, my lady. How could there be? I sat in the outer room, and, pleading the severity of your sick headache, and the necessity for quiet received everything at the door, acting upon your wish that nobody should wait upon you but myself."

The lady, now no longer cloaked and veiled, pressed her attendant's hand; then relapsing into her former melancholy, proceeded to make her toilette for the night.

There was no attempt at questioning on the part of the servant, Jane. On the contrary, she appeared to take no notice of her mistress's preoccupation, but busied herself in removing garments and replacing them by others.

While she is thus engaged, we will cast a hasty glance round the room, and then give a few more words of description of its occupants.

The room is a bed-chamber, a mixture of bed chamber and boudoir; the bed after the French fashion, being placed in an alcove, and partially hidden by curtains of silk damask, relieved by lighter curtains of lace. The other furniture of the room is rather that of a boudoir than a bed-chamber, yet every arrangement is marked by purity of taste; and various are the articles brought together in the small compass of four walls—various even to eccentricity—the combination is such, that nothing could offend the most artistic taste, or outrage the severest judgment.

Its mistress, no longer cloaked and veiled, is seated before a toilette-glass, more from habit than from any desire to see her own reflection therein.

And yet that reflection was worth gazing upon, presenting an image which might well minister to the vanity of the original.

A beautiful face it was, and beautifully framed by the long black hair which fell in cascade of darkness, reflecting golden light upon her ivory shoulders.

A beautiful face, yet very sad in its expression, the lips, though red and full, were depressed at the corners; the exquisitely arched brows were drawn at times too tightly together; while the eyes, which never glanced in the glass, had a vague, dreamy look an inner look of dreaminess, like one who remembers a past, or foresees a coming sorrow.

"Will your ladyship take some refreshment?"

"No refreshment but sleep," said her mistress wearily. "I'm almost dead with fatigue, both in body and mind.—Give me my nightdress, there's a good girl. Rest is now all that I need."

The servant did as she was desired, and, bidding her mistress good nigt, passed into the adjoining room, where, after a few ineffectual attempts to continue some needle-work upon which she had been previously engaged, she herself thoroughly worn out with anxiety and watching, also fell asleep.

She must have slept some couple of hours or more, when she was startled by a loud tapping at the outer door—the door which connected the portion of the building her mistress was now occupying with the other portions of the great house."

"Who's there? What do you want?"

The second question was asked very sharply as the knocking was repeated; and expecting to see one of the servants, Jane Steer advanced angrily towards the door, and threw it open.

She started back as the tall figure of a man crossed the threshold, and without bestowing more than a glance at her, approached the able on which her work was lying.

"Sir Hugh Willoughby!"

He turned sharply round, carefully keeping his face from the light as he did so.

"Where's your mistress? Is she sleeping?"

"Yes, Sir Hugh; quietly sleeping for the first time to-day."

"She is better, then, than when I left her this morning?"

"Much better, I think: and hope if she has undisturbed rest now, the attack may pass away by morning."

The person addressed as Sir Hugh Willoughby raised the small lamp that was burning on the table so that its rays fell upon the servant's face.

"Has no one visited her ladyship to-day?"

"No one, Sir Hugh. Your orders this morning were that her ladyship should be kept strictly quiet."

"And she is better?"

"I believe so."

Replacing the light on the table, Sir Hugh Willoughby raised the curtain which, falling across the doorway, separated the two rooms.

He did not enter the inner chamber, but gazed long and fixedly on the sleeping lady.

"There is no falsehood in that face," he muttered; "and the villain lied, whoever he was. Let her sleep, my poor Helen—let her sleep."

He dropped the curtain, retraced his steps, and again addressed the servant, who stood respectfully by the table.

"I was uneasy about your mistress, but from the account you give me, and from what I see, I am quieter in my mind. Should her ladyship wake, you can inform her of my visit, and also that I shall be pleased to know when she is visible in the morning. Good night."

The servant curtesied deeply, and remained standing until Sir Hugh left the room; then, sinking down into a chair, she covered her eyes with her hands.

"What does all this mean?" she said. "How will it all end? No power on earth could make me suspect my lady of even a thought of harm, but he suspects her—more than suspects her; I saw it in his eye."

She rocked herself to and fro, and murmured, again and again, "How will it all end?"

(To be continued in our next.)

OTHERS' SINS.—Some folks are prodigiously penitent over other people's sins, and seem to think they have a special call to confess them before the whole world. They will gouge their brother's eyes out rather than leave a single mote in them. At the same time they are singularly blind respecting their own failings.

JACKSONVILLE REPUBLICAN

JACKSONVILLE, ALABAMA.

SATURDAY, JUNE 24, 1871.

We have just been shown a letter from the President of the East Alabama & Cincinnati Railroad Company, dated the 19th inst., to one of our citizens; which states that on the 9th of June, the Board of Directors of the Coosa & Tennessee Railroad Company, passed a resolution proposing to consolidate their road with East Alabama & Cincinnati Railroad Company.

The Board of Directors of the last company on the 12th of June, formally accepted the proposition. The letter further states.—"This done, we have contractors ready to take hold, and build from Guntersville to Jacksonville, in twelve months. ** The prospects of our whole road, were never as bright as now. We have 19½ miles of Iron laid down, and expect to finish the 20 miles in two days. That leaves a gap of about seventy miles to reach Jacksonville. The moral support, and a little material aid from the country through which we are to pass, will enable us to complete the whole road from Opelika to Guntersville, within two or three years, when we shall have a splendid freight line."

But one more step is to be taken, and these two roads will be merged or consolidated, that is, to submit the action of the two companies to a separate vote of the Stock holders of each company, for their approval. This will be done at once, and we trust no one will oppose it.

The consolidation of these two companies, is a wise stroke, it secures the completion of the road from Opelika to Guntersville. Without this action, both would be a failure. When united, onward will be the march to final completion. The road must not, and will not stop at Guntersville—it will be extended to a connection with the Memphis & Charleston Railroad, and Nashville & Chattanooga Road.

[For the Jacksonville Republican.]

CALHOUN COLLEGE.

Mr. EDITOR: In your last issue, among many other interesting items of news, I find one in regard to our recently projected institution of learning, which has given me no little pleasure. I congratulate the Board of Trustees, and the citizens of Jacksonville, on the appointment of a *corps* of instructors so eminently qualified to fill the positions to which they have been called. I can not doubt that so ambitious a beginning augurs well for the future of our College. Col. FOUCHE'S reputation, both as a scholar and an administrative officer, is surpassed by that of no man in our country. A refined, cultivated gentleman, he is at once a model and guide, to whose instructions any community may be proud to commit its sons.

Possessing warm and generous sensibilities combined with a firmness of purpose that never compromises with wrong, we may be sure that the discipline of the institution will be just what it ought to be—neither so severe as to blunt the moral sensibilities, nor so lax as to allow juvenile offences to go unpunished.

As to Prof. RICHARDSON, I make no question, from the many sources of information in regard to his qualifications which the Board possessed, that he is in every way qualified to be associated with Col. FOUCHE in the school. A graduate of our own State University, while it was under the Presidency of the late incomparable Dr. MANLY, and having given himself for many years to the profession of teaching, he comes amongst us with every claim upon our confidence and respect, and I doubt not will receive from our entire community, that cordial welcome which distinguished talents, and moral worth should ever command from appreciative patrons and friends.

As to Gen. FORNEY, I may only say, that his reputation as an educated gentleman, as a man whose talents would advance any station in life, is so well known and so widely appreciated, that his name is a tower of strength in our infant Institution. Let the citizens of Jacksonville do their duty, and the time is not distant when the spacious halls of our new and commodious building will be crowded with students.

A. CITIZEN.

[From the Selma Times.]

The University of Alabama.

The wires on yesterday brought us news that will send a thrill of joy through the bosom of every Alabamian that has not sold himself to the "fools and thieves" who have held sway since the bayonets of "the best government the world ever saw, has enforced "distasteful statutes." The University of our State stands redeemed, and with erect heads and proud hearts we can look the world in the face and say that Alabama will no longer be forced to send her sons to other States to be educated.

The Board of Regents have selected wisely, and have presented an array of names for the Faculty second to those of no Institution of Learning in the United States. Rising from her ashes Phœnix "like" the old University has plumed her wings for a nobler flight, and her Alumni will again visit the sacred founts from which they drank of the "Pierian Springs" as in days of yore. Let Alabamians now patronize their University. Tuscaloosa is delightfully located, and with a full corps of students and such an array of talent in the Faculty, as is presented, the old Institution will soon re-establish itself in the hearts of our people. The thanks of our State will go to Hodgson for his successful effort in redeeming our University.

Special to the TIMES.

TUSCALOOSA, June 19.—President, Commodore Maury; Professor of Moral Science, Rev. Talfair Hodgson; Greek, W. A. Parker; Latin, W. A. Wyman; Pure Mathematics, D. L. Peck; English Literature, B. F. Meek; Modern Language, J. G. Griswold, of Virginia; Mixed Mathematics, Wm. J. Vaughn; Chemistry, N. T. Lupton; Geometry, E. A. Smith; Commandant, George P. Harrison; Professor of Natural History and Surgeon, Dr. A. S. Garnett. Peck is the only one of the old faculty.

Grant's Execrable English.

[From the World.]

At the Morse celebration on Saturday the following letter from President Grant was read:

Plans made previous to the receipt of your invitation will prevent my acceptance, but do not prevent my appreciation of the services rendered to science and the wants of commerce, trade and travel by the distinguished men in whose honor you meet.

It is gratifying to learn that the President's "plans" do not "prevent him" from knowing that Morse invented the electric telegraph, and that the invention was worth making. It would be interesting to know whether it is the President's "plans" which have "prevented" him from learning how to use the English language. England periodically roars against the jargon of the Queen's speeches. But the gibberish of President Grant is his own, while Victoria's Ministers are responsible for her syntax and her stilted phrases.

Kindness is Never Lost.

Elihu Burritt illustrates this maxim with the following story:

A poor, coarse featured old woman lived on the line of the Baltimore and Ohio Railway, where it passes through a wild, unpeopled district of Western Virginia. She was a widow with only one daughter, living with her in a log hut, near a deep precipitous gorge, crossed by the Railway bridge. Here she contrived to support themselves by raising and selling poultry and eggs, adding berries in their seasons, and other little articles for the market. She had to make a long weary walk of many miles to a town where she could sell her basket of produce. The Railway passed by her house to this town; but the ride would cost too much of the profits of her small sales, so she trudged on generally to the market on foot. The conductor came finally to notice her walking by the side of the line or between the rails; and, being a good-natured, benevolent man, he would often give her a ride to and fro without charge. The engine-men and brakesmen were also good to the old woman, and felt they were not wronging the interests of the Railway company by giving her these free rides. And soon an accident occurred that proved that they were quite right in this view of the matter.

In the wild month of March, the rain descended and the mountains sent down their rolling, roaring torrents of melted snow and ice into this gorge, near the old woman's hut. The flood arose with the darkness of the night, until she heard the crash of the Railway bridge, as it was swept from its abutments, and dashed its broken timbers against its craggy sides of the precipice on either side. It was nearly midnight. The rain fell in a flood, and the darkness was deep and howling with the storm. In another half hour the express train would be due. What could she do to warn it against the awful destruction it was approaching? She had hardly a whole tallow-candle in her house; and no light she could make of tallow or oil, if she had it, would live a moment in that tempest of wind and rain. Not a moment was to be lost; and her thought was equal to the moment. She cut the cord of her only bedstead, and shouldered the dry posts, side-pieces, and head pieces. Her daughter followed her with their two wooden chairs. Up the steep embankment they climbed, and piled all their household furniture upon the line a few rods before the black, awful chasm, gurgling with the roaring flood. The distant rumbling of the train came upon them just as they had fired the well-dried combustibles. The pile blazed up into the night, throwing its red, swelling, booming light a long way up the track. In fifteen minutes it would begin to wane, and she couldn't revive it with green, wet wood. The thunder of the train grew louder. It was within five miles of the fire. Would they see it in time? They might not put on the brakes soon enough. Awful thought! She tore her red flannel gown from her in a moment, and tying it to the end of a stick, ran up the track, waving it in both hands, while her daughter swung round her head a blazing chair post a little before. The lives of a hundred unconscious passengers hung on the issue of the next minute. The ground trembled at the old woman's feet. The great, red eye of the engine burst upon her as it came round a curve. Like as a huge, sharp-sighted lion coming suddenly upon a fire, it sent forth a thrilling roar, that filled all the wild heights and ravines around. The train was at full speed; but the brakesmen wrestled at their leverage with all the strength of desperation.

The wheels ground along on the heated rails slower and slower until the engine stopped at the decaying fire. It still blazed enough to show them the beetling edge of the black abyss into which the train and all its passengers would have plunged, and into a death and destruction too horrible to think of, had it not been for the old woman's signal. They did not stop to thank her first for the deliverence. The conductor knelt down by the side of the engine; the engine driver and the brakesmen came and knelt down by him: all the passengers came and knelt down by them: and there, in the expiring light of the burnt-out pile, in the rain and wind, they thanked God for the salvation of their lives. All in a line the kneelers and prayers sent up into the dark heavens such a midnight voice of thanksgiving as seldom, if ever, ascended from the earth to Him who seeth in darkness as well as in secret.

Kindnes is the music of good-will to men: and on this harp the smallest fingers may play heaven's sweetest tunes on earth.

SOUTHERN NEWS.

Virginia made 65,000 gallons of fruit brandy last year.

Florida promises to become a large producer of sugar.

The wheat crop of North Georgia is turning out badly.

The Texas Legislature meets again on the 12th of September.

The Virginia Tobacco Fair is to be held this year at Petersburg.

The cotton crop of middle Georgia promises to be very small, and planters are gloomy.

It is estimated that 20,000 boxes of peaches will be shipped from Aiken, South Carolina, this season.

The commencement exercises of the Mississippi University begin on the 25th inst., and end on the 29th.

For the first time since June, 1870, just a year ago, middling cotton sold in the Memphis market Tuesday at 20 cents.

According to the late census, Georgia has a greater colored population than any other State in the Union. Virginia comes next, then Alabama.

Census returns of Pitt county, North Carolina, shows that there are some ten or fifteen persons in that county who are from 100 to 110 years old.

Over eight thousand head of cattle crossed the Brazos at Waco, Texas, during the week ending June 7, bringing into the treasury of the bridge company nearly $500.

The Palestine (Texas) Advocate says there will be an abundant crop of fruit in that portion of Texas. Plum, peach, pear and apple trees are breaking down with their own weight.

The 4th of July in Richmond, Va., is to be glorified by a tournament at the fair grounds. The gate money to be appropriated to the removal of the Confederate dead from Gettysburg and Arlington.

As an inducement for the negroes of Washington, to vote the Radical ticket, at the late election in that territory, they were told that in case the Legislature was elected, they would abolish the contract system for public work, and give them all work at two dollars for every day's work of eight hours. They did no such thing, and the innocent negroes struck for what they were promised. The consequence is that other laborers are put in their places, and the blacks denied even the smaller wages they had before. And so they are deluded and defrauded by the Radicals all the time. Their votes are wheedled out of them on a promise or through fear, and afterwards they are turned adrift. The Southern blacks were promised by these very men forty acres and a mule apiece, but as soon as their votes were secured they were forgotten. They ought by this time to have learned a lasting lesson. *Philadelphia Age.*

Telegraphic.

ALABAMA.

MOBILE, June 20.—Geo. L. Putnam, Postmaster at Mobile, was indicted and arrested for influencing voters, not for perjury as stated yesterday.

FRANCE.

PARIS, June 20.—The war between eighteen monarchists and five republican papers is very bitter. Republican papers repudiate the Commune and think that they represent more voters and are united, while the monarchist journals are divided.

ALABAMA.

MOBILE, June 20.—Alexander and Eroupe, two men Spencer appointed in the Custom House, were indicted by the Grand Jury for forgery.

ENGLAND.

LONDON, June 20.—In Lord Granville, concerning the treaty at Washington said April 8 1861, that the date of General Lee's surrender has been accepted as the date termination of American war, but thought occurrance subsequently would be considered.

FRANCE.

PARIS, June 20.—The Monorchical press fear a union of Republican journals.

A committee has been formed to procure the return to the Assembly of former representative of Alsace and Lorraine.

Gambetta has declined the nomination for the assembly.

Denunciations of Communists are made daily and arrests continue frequent.

The idea is mooted of forming a second Chamber to be elected by the general Councils.

THE BALLAD OF LILY FAY.

She was fair, and sweet and kindly,
Lily Fay!
In her youth she loved him blindly—
Well-a-day!
But he stopped to linger only
For an hour,
As a breeze will kiss, then lonely
Leave a flower.

For he said, "I may not tarry,
Though she's fair,
It were most unwise to marry,
And wed care.
Love is sweet, but freedom's sweeter
And I'm poor!
It were best to fly, and meet her
Never more."

So he fled—without a presage—
Arthur Bane!
Not one farewell word or message
Soothed her pain!
Fled!—and days and years went over
Lilian wan,
Waiting, watching for her lover,
Wandering on!

Till at length there came a letter—
Ah, the sting!
He had loved but now thought better
Of the thing.
He was poor—less brave than others
Would she not
Forgive, forget, and share another's
Happier lot?

Back soon came the answer chilling,
(Oh torn heart!)
She was ready, happy, willing
Thus to part.
So the years rolled onward thronging;
Till again
O'er that youthful dream fell longing
Arthur Bane!

He returned, returned to meet her
Fairer yet;
Paler, graver, but still sweeter
Through regret.
As he watched the vivid flushes
'Neath the curl,
"She loves yet," he said, "she blushes,
Dearest girl!"

Hand in hand he fondly told her
How much more
Loved she was in passion older
Than before;
And besought her madly, boldly—
Well-a-day!
For the hand once slighted coldly
In life's May!

She look'd up with arch disporting,
But no pain—
"Are you not too poor for courting,
Mr. Bane!"
Then with blushing laughter,
"Maybe
You're aware
That's my husband and my baby
Coming there!"

PENELOPE.

BY F. BRET HARTE.

(Simpson's Bar, 1858.)

So you've come 'yer agen
And one answer won't do?
Well, of all the derned men
That I've struck, it is you
O, Sal! 'yer's that derned fool from
Simpson's,
Cavortin round 'yer in the dew

Kem in of you *will*
Thar—quit! Take a cheer
Not that; you can't fill
Them theer cushions this year—
For that cheer was old man's Joe
Simpson,
And they don't make such men
about 'yer.

He was tall, was my Jack,
And as strong as a tree;
Thar's his gun on the rack—
Jest you heft it, and see!
And *you* come a courtin' his widder,
Lord! where can that critter, Sal,
be?

You'd fill my Jack's place?
And a man of your size—
With no baird to his face,
Nor a snap to his eyes—
And nary—Sho! thar! I was foolin', I was,
Joe, for sartain—don't rise.

Sit down. Law, why! Sho!
I'm as weak as a gal,
Sal! Don't you go, Joe,
Or I'll faint—sure, I shall!
Sit down—*anywhere*, where you like, Joe—
In that cheer if you choose.
Lord! where's Sal?

SCREWS.—The manner in which the New Englanders are enabled to put the screws to the people of the country by means of thieving protective tariffs, says the *Examiner*, is strikingly illustrated by the isolated case of wood screws. The duty on this article, "less than two inches, eleven cents per pound." A pound of inch or three-quarter-inch wood screws can be bought in England for eight or nine cents. This would make the duty from 125 to 150 per cent. The smaller sizes are prohibited. The entire importation of these screws last year was only $29,009 worth. In 1864 according to the returns of the Internal Revenue officers the total home production of this article was $1,226,920. Since then the production has increased to about $2,000,000 worth, nearly the whole of which comes from Rhode Island. Thus while the people pay to the Government $29,000 in taxes they pay two or three Rhode Island manufactures about $1,000,000 subsidy. This is the way the tariff puts the screws to the people.

THE New York *Sun* has hoisted the following Presidential ticket as the "People's candidates:" "For President, William S. Groesbeck, of Ohio. For Vice-President, John Quincy Adams, of Massachusetts."

VALUABLE LAND FOR SALE.

The undersigned, offers for sale her tract of land—six or seven hundred acres, lying on the Selma Rome & Dalton Railroad, six miles North of Jacksonville, Calhoun county Ala.,—200 acres cleared, and in a good state of cultivation, well adapted to the growth of **Cotton Corn and Small Grain.** 150 acres of the best up land yet to clear, is finely timbered, and watered by never failing Springs and wells, has a good dwelling and out-houses, good range for stock, and of easy access, & is susceptible of division into three splendid settlements.

The above land has its location on the head waters of Tallahatchie Creek, within a quarter of a mile of a Railroad Station, and is one of the healthiest sites in the up country. It is in the midst of a refined and pleasant community, and commands one of the most magnificent views in the country.

Those in search of such a location, are invited to call and look at the land. Terms of sale made easy to purchasers. Address

MRS. SALLIE GREEN,
Jacksonville, Ala.

june24—71.

THE AGE.

Daily & Weekly.

The Leading DEMOCRATIC Newspaper in Pennsylvania. Price Low. Contents Varied. Unsurpassed, Unequaled.

The DAILY contains able editorials, all the latest local, American and Foreign news by Associated Press and Cable, New York and Washington correspondence, etc.

The WEEKLY combines literature with news of the day. In its columns are Stories, Poetry, Departments for Ladies and Children, Agricultural Items, Sunday Reading, etc.

TERMS:

DAILY.

For one year	$8 00
For six months	4 25

WEEKLY.

One copy, one year	$1 50
Ten copies, one year	12 50

When sent to one person, twenty copies $20, with one copy gratis for a club of twenty or more for one year.

☞Subscriptions payable invariably in advance. Drafts on Philadelphia or Post-office Orders, payable to the order of the Publishers, being safer, are preferable to any other mode of remittance. All who send money by Express must prepay Express charges.

SPECIMEN COPIES SENT FREE ON APPLICATION.

All Communications should be addressed to

ROBB & BIDDLE, Proprietors,
AGE BUILDING,
Nos. 14 & 16 South Seventh Street
Philadelphia.

Railroad Warehouse,

ROME, GA.

HAVING leased the large and commodious Warehouse immediately on the Selma, R. & D. Railroad, and taken out an open policy of insurance, I am now prepared to store, sell or ship COTTON on very liberal terms. Being located immediately on the line of Railroad no drayage will be charged on cotton to or from the depot—50 cents per bale per month will cover all charges including weighing, marking and delivery. Being possessed of the above advantages, together with a long experience in the cotton business. I respectfully ask a liberal patronage from my many friends who read the Jacksonville Republican.

J. J. VANDIVER.

Oct. 8, 1870.—3m.

To the Teachers of Calhoun County.

The Board of Directors will meet in Jacksonville on the first Monday in July, and on Wednesday following "the teachers Institute," by order of the Board.

J. C. McAULEY,
Pres. & C. Supt.

June 8th, 1871.

The law makes it a part of the duties of County Superintendent, to organize Teachers Institutes, and in obedience to this requirement I invite all the Public Teachers in the county, to meet in Jacksonville, July 5th. We are engaged in a vocation which demands united effort, and frequent consultations.—Mechanics meet and consult for mutual benefit, tradesmen of every class, merchants, ministers, even the Press, one of the levers by which education moves the world; all avail themselves of this powerful means, not only for success as a whole, but for individual advancement. And shall we prove sluggish and indifferent, when the success of so many other interests depends upon the manner in which we use ours. At the close of this meeting, all Teachers *present* whose reports are properly made out, will be promptly paid for the qr. ending June 5th, send your reports for June, by mail to Jacksonville promptly, in time for the meeting of Directors.

J. C. McAULEY,
County Superintendent.

CONFECTIONERY!

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVING Established himself in the old Stand of J. B. Turnley & Co., at the present Post Office, and Express Office Stand, would inform the Public that he has opened up a complete

Confectionery Establishment

in Jacksonville; and that henceforth he will keep every article in his line, from the finest and choicest to the very cheapest. The Ladies and others are urged to call and examine the stock now on hand. Come and take a look whether you buy or not.

Candies of the Freshest kind, Jellies (all flavors,) Pickles, Fruits &c. &c.

Comprise a portion of the stock on hand.

AGENTS FOR

Andes Fire Insurance Co,,
Great Western Gun Works.
Avenue Paint Company.
Five Dollar Washing Machine.

Received a fresh supply of confectioneries, candies, nuts, crackers &c.,

Very Respectfully,
Wm. T. ALEXANDER.

apr8 1871—tf.

MISSOURI DEMOCRAT.

PROSPECTUS FOR 1871.

To the newspaper reading world the "MISSOURI DEMOCRAT" needs neither introduction nor commendation. Its now well established success enables us to enlarge our plans and pledge a more extended usefulness in the future.

Devoted to the principles of the Republican party, the "DEMOCRAT" will continue to advocate them with independence and fearlessness, knowing no authority but conviction, asking no deference but to reason and truth, and expecting only the applause of earnest and thinking Republicans.

As a newspaper the "DEMOCRAT" will be surpassed by no other in either the extent, value, variety or accuracy of its intelligence, fresh daily from all quarters of the globe.

TERMS.

DAILY, per year,	$ 12 00
" for six months,	6 00
" club of five,	55 00
" club of ten,	100 00
" including Sunday	14 00
TRI-WEEKLY, per year,	6 00
" per six months,	3 00
" club of five,	27 50
" club of ten,	50 00
WEEKLY, per year,	2 00
" club of five,	7 50
" club of ten,	13 50
" club of twenty,	25 00
" club of fifty,	60 00

All persons acting as agents will be allowed twenty per cent. commissions on full subscription price, and ten per cent. on the club rates.

Send Remittances by Express, registered letters in the mail, money orders, or bank drafts, where they can be obtained, otherwise by regular mail.

Address
McKEE, FISHBACK & CO.,
Missouri Democrat, St. Louis, Mo.

ASSIGNEE'S NOTICE OF APPOINTMENT.

In the District Court of the United States
FOR THE
Northern District of Alabama.
In Bankruptcy.

In the matter of Daniel T. Ryan.
Bankrupt

To Whom it may Concern: The undersigned Henry A. Earns hereby gives notice of his appointment as Assignee of the Estate of Daniel T. Ryan of Alabama in the County of Calhoun in said District; and who was, adjudged Bankrupt upon the Petition of himself, by the District Court of the United States for said District.

Dated at Jacksonville, the 7th day of June, A. D., 1871.

HENRY A. EARNS,
Assignee.

IN BANKRUPTCY.

Meeting of the Creditors.

Notice is hereby given, that a second General Meeting of the creditors of the Estate of Daniel T. Ryan, (Bankrupt) will be held at Jacksonville, Ala. on the 22nd day of June, A. D. 1871, at 10 o'clock A. M., at the office of Jas. W. Burke Esq., Register in Bankruptcy for Northern District of Ala., for the purpose of declaring a final Dividend of the said Estate.

HENRY A. EARNS,
Assignee D. T. Ryan.

june10—3t

THE GERMANIA TANNING CO.

MANUFACTURERS OF ALL KINDS OF

UPPER, SOLE AND HARNESS LEATHER,

JACKSONVILLE, Ala.

Highest market rates paid for HIDES and TALLOW.

JACOB ROSENBERG,
Dec. 14, 1869. *Sup't.*

WHEREAS, by an act of the General Assembly of the State of Alabama approved the 16th day of October, 1868, it is provided as follows: to-wit: "It shall be the duty of the Probate Judge of each county in this State to designate a newspaper in which all legal advertisements, notices or publications, of any and every character required by law to be made in his County, shall be published; which paper so designated shall be the official organ in and for said county." and in obedience to the requirements of said act, I, as Judge of Probate for Calhoun County, Alabama, did heretofore designate the "St. Clair County Eagle," as the official organ in and for said County of Calhoun, in which all legal advertisements, notices or publications of any and every character, required by law to be made in and for said County of Calhoun should be published, said designation to remain until recalled or changed by me.—

And the "*Jacksonville Republican*" being a County paper, published in the Town of Jacksonville, Alabama, and in my opinion, clearly within the provisions of said act:—I therefore recall and change my order designating the St. Clair County Eagle, as the official organ for said County of Calhoun, and designate the said Jacksonville Republican as the official organ hereafter, in which all legal advertisements, notices or publications of any and every character required by Law to be made in and for said County of Calhoun shall be published. This designation to remain so long as in my opinion, the Editor of said Jacksonville Republican conducts said paper so as to be within the provisions of said act.

A. WOODS, Judge

PHOTOGRAPHS &c.

E. Goode would inform the citizens of Jacksonville, and surrounding country, that he is at his post again, prepared to make any kind of

PICTURES DESIRED,

usually made in this country. which he proposes to execute in the best style of the art, and on as good terms as any other good artist will make them in this section of the State.

Gems at from 10 to 25cts each, Ferrotypes, full 14 size, at 50cts each, Photographs at $4,00 per dozen, $2.50 per half dozen; other styles according to size &c. He may be found at his Gallery every day except the 1st and 3rd Saturdays in each month, when he will be in Oxford.

E. GOODE.

Jacksonville, Ala. May 30th., 1871.
june 3—4t.

ROWAN DEAN & co.

Are constantly receiving fresh supplies of DRY GOODS, Ready made Clothing, Boots & Shoes HARDWARE Crockery, Sole and upper Leather, Paints and Oils, Tobacco, COFFEE, SUGAR, MOLASSES, BACON &c., &c., to which they especially invite the attention of the community; ESPECIALLY of those who want to buy for CASH; and they pledge themselves to sell any goods in their line as low for CASH as they can be bought in the town or county.

Jcksonville March 11 1871.

P. S. All who have not closed their account with me will please dolay it no longer, as I am compelled to have the money and it is *very* inconvenient to keep two sets of books open.

P. ROWAN.

Spring and Summer of 1871

TITSWORTH, SCOTT & CO.

—WHOLESALE DEALERS IN—

CLOTHING!

6 COURT SQUARE, 6

500 Plantation Suits, at $1 50.
50 doz. Plantation Pants, at $6 50 per doz.
50 doz. Duck Pants, at $9 50 per doz.
100 doz. Cottonade Pants, from $7 50 to $12 00 per doz.
50 doz. Cheap Linen Coats.
20 Cases Cheap Wool Hats.
50 doz. Cheap Shirts.

And other goods, too numerous to mention, suitable for country trade.

To our customers and patrons in
RETAIL DEPARTMENT,
We would say, our stock of

FINE CLOTHING

IS LARGE AND COMPLETE.

A full line of Black, Olive, Brown, Dahlia, Blue, and Wine colored Coats, Pants and Vests, in double-breasted Frock, single breasted Frock, Chesterfield, Derby, and other cuts.

Cheviot Suits of all grades.

Harfins' Mixed Cassimere Suits.

Blue Flannel Suits, in Frock, Sack and Dersys.

The finest White shirts in the market—Dixie sure Fit.

Colored Percalles, open behind, latest style of cut.

Hats, a full line of Ventilated and all styles for summer, either by case or at retail.

Gants, all styles.

Umbrellas, Gamaco and other make.

Trunks, Valises, Hand-Bags, &c &c.

All which are for sale for CASH, at prices defying competition.

Remember the Old Reliable House,

6 Court Square.

MONTGOMERY ALA.,
apr22—3m.

HARDWARE!

B. L. WYMAN,

Successor to
HALL, MOSES & ROBERTS,
has removed to

No. 3 COURT SQUARE,

SIGN OF THE PADLOCK,
MONTGOMERY ALA.

Where the readers of the REPUBLICAN are invited to examine one of

THE LARGEST
AND
Best Assorted Stock,

Ever brought to Montgomery consisting of Hardware, Iron and Steel, Nails, Castings, and Cutlery, Stoves, Tin Ware and House-keeping goods,

Agricultural Implements
PLOWS, HOES, CHAINS, &c.

The celebrated
Fashion Cook Stove.

B. L. WYMAN,

SIGN OF THE PADLOCK,
MONTGOMERY ALA.,
apr29—6m.

Administrators Notice.

Letters of Administration on the Estate of Patten Brothers deceased, having been granted to the undersigned, by the Probate Court of Calhoun county, Ala., on the 10th day of April, 1871: Notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against said Estate, to present them, legally authenticated, within the time prescribed by law, or they will be barred; and all persons indebted to said Estate are notified to make immediate payment.

P. H. BROTHERS, Adm'r
with the will annexed..

CONSUMPTION,

Its Cure and Its Preventive,

BY J. H. SCHENCK, M. D.

MANY a human being has passed away, for whose death there was no other reason than the neglect of known and indisputably proven means of cure. Those near and dear to family and friends are sleeping the dreamless slumber into which, had they calmly adopted

DR. JOSEPH H. SCHENCK'S SIMPLE TREATMENT,

and availed themselves of his wonderful efficacious medicines, they would not have fallen.

Dr. Schenck has in his own case proved that wherever sufficient vitality remains, that vitality, by his medicines and his directions for their use, is quickened into healthful vigor.

In this statement there is nothing presumptuous. To the faith of the invalid is made no representation that is not a thousand times substantiated by living and visible works. The theory of the cure by Dr. Schenck's medicines as simple as it is unfailing. Its philosophy needs no argument. It is self-assuring, self-convincing.

The Seawood Tonic and Mandrake Pills are the first two weapons with which the citadel of the malady is assailed. Two-thirds of the cases of consumption originate in dyspepsia and a functionally disordered liver. With this condition the bronchial tubes "sympathizing" with the stomach. They respond to the morbific action of the liver. Here then comes the culminating result, and the setting in, with all its distressing symptoms, of

OCNSUMPTION,

The Mandrake Pills are composed of one of Nature's noblest gifts—the Podophillum Peltatum. They possess all the blood-searching, alterative properties of calomel, but unlike calomel, they

"LEAVE NO STING BEHIND,"

The work of cure is now beginning. The vitiated and mucous deposits in the bowels and in the alimentary canal are ejected. The liver, like a clock, is wound up. It arouses from its torpidity. The stomach acts responsively, and the patient begins to feel that he is getting, at last,

A SUPPLY OF GOOD BLOOD.

The Seawood Tonic, in conjunction with the Pills, permeates and assimilates with the food. Chilification is now progressing without its previous tortures. Digestion becomes painless, and the cure is seen to be at hand. There is no more flatulence, no exacerbation of the stomach. An appetite sets in.

Now comes the greatest Blood Purifier ever yet given by an indulgent father to suffering man. Schenck's Pulmonic Syrup comes in to perform its functions and to hasten and complete the cure. It enters at once upon its work. Nature cannot be cheated. It collects and ripens the impaired and diseased portions of the lungs. In the form of gatherings, it prepares them for expectoration, and lo! the rotten throne it occupied is renovated and made new, and the patient, in all the dignity of regained vigor, steps forth to enjoy the manhood or the womanhood that was,

GIVEN UP AS LOST.

The second thing is, the patients must stay in a warm room until they get well: it is almost impossible to prevent taking cold when the lungs are diseased, but it must be prevented or a cure cannot be effected. Fresh air and riding out, especially in the section of the country in the fall and winter season, are all wrong. Physicians *who recommend* that course lose their patients, *if their lungs* are badly diseased, and yet, because they are in the house they *must* not sit down quiet; they must walk about the room as much and as fast as the strength will bear, to get up a good circulation of blood. The patients must keep in good spirits—be determined to get well. This has a great deal to do with the appetite, and is the great point to gain.

To despair of cure after such evidence of its possibility in the worst cases, and moral certainty in all others, is sinful. *Dr.* Schenck's personal statement to the *Faculty* of his own cure was in these modest words:

"Many years ago I was in too far stages of consumption; confined to my bed, and at one time my physicians thought that I could not live a week; then, like a drowning man catching at straws, I heard of and obtained the preparations which I now offer to the public, and they made a perfect cure of me. It seemed to me that I could feel them penetrate my whole system. They soon ripened the matter in my lungs, and I would spit up more than a pint of offensive yellow matter asaymorning for a long time.

"I soon as that began to subside my cough, fever, pain and night sweats began to leave me, and my appetite became so great that it was with difficulty that I could keep from eating too much. I soon gained my strength and have grown in flesh ever since"

'I was weighed shortly after my recovery,' added the Doctor, 'then looked like a mere skeleton; my weight was only ninety-seven pounds; my present weight is two hundred and twenty-five (225) pounds, and for years I have enjoyed uninterrupted health."

Dr. Schenck has discontinued his professional visits to New York and Boston. He or his son, Dr. J. H. Schenck, Jr., still continue to see patients at their office, No. 15 North Sixth street Philadelphia, every Saturday from 9 A. M. to 3 P. M. Those who wish a thorough examination with the Respirometer will be charged $5. The Respirometer declares the exact condition of the lungs, and patient can readily learn whether they are curable or not.

The directions for taking the medicine are adapted to the intelligence even of a child. Follow these directions, and kind Nature will do the rest, excepting that in some cases the Mandrake Pills are to be taken in increased doses; the three medicines need no other accompaniments than the ample instructions that accompany them: First create appetite. Of returning health hunger is the most welcome symptom. When it comes, as it will come, let the despairing at once be of good cheer. Good blood at once follows, the cough loosens, the night sweats abated. In a short time both of these morbid symptoms are gone forever.

Dr. Schenck's medicines are constantly kept in tens of thousands of families. As a laxative or purgative, the Mandrake Pills are a standard preparation; while the Pulmonic Syrup, as a curer of coughs and colds, may be regarded as a propnylacteric against consumption in any of its forms.

Price of the Pulmonic Syrup and Seawood Tonic, $1.50 a bottle, or $7.50 a half dozen. Mandrake Pills, 25 cents a box. For sale by all druggists and dealers.

John F. Henry 8 College Place New York Wholesale Agents.

Oct 29 1870 1y—May 6 1871.

Door, Blind and Sash MANUFACTORY.

THE undersigned is now prepared to manufacture, of the best materials, and in the neatest and most durable manner, any of the above named articles for persons who may desire them, at Rome prices.

Apply to, or address,

F. W. PITT,
Jacksonville, Ala.

Aug. 6, 1870.

HANEY & FOSTER,

Attorneys at Law,

SELMA,.....ALABAMA.

WILL practice in all the State and United States Courts in Alabama.

Feb 11—1y.

LIVERY STABLE,

Sign of the Horned Horse.

BY S. C. KELLY Oxford, Ala.

Prepared with Horses and Mules and any kind of wheels from a wheel barrow to a log wagon, with teams and drivers to let on liberal terms. Buy or Sell if convinced there is money about for me. Sell cheap for cash. Feed and take care of stock. Cash business strictly.

JACKSONVILLE

JUNE 24, 1871.

Jacksonville Post Office Directory.

Arrivals and Departures of the Mails.

Northern Mail closes 7 P. M.—Arrives 5 15 A. M.—Daily.

Southern Mail closes 9 P. M.—Arrives 8 30 P. M.—Daily.

Gadsden Mail closes 6 30 A. M.—Arrives 3 P. M.—6 times a week.

Ashville Mail closes 1 P. M.—Arrives 12 P. M.—Tuesday and Friday.

Edwardsville Mail closes 6 A. M.—Arrives P. M.—Monday and Tuesday.

Tallapoosa Mail closes 6 A. M.—Arrives 6 P. M.—Wednesday and Thursday.

Post Office will be kept open from 5 30 A. M. until 10 P. M. during the week; and from 6 A. M. until 9 A. M. and 5 P. M. until 6 P. M. on Sunday. All who owe newspaper postage for the 2nd quarter, 1871, are requested to call and settle.

Announcements of the names of Candidates for office above Constable and Justice of the Peace, $5 00, cash.

Announcements for Justice of the Peace or Constable $3 00, cash.

The latest announcement is always placed last in the list.

Communications setting forth the claims of Candidates to office, will be charged at half advertising rates.

FOR TREASURER.

In obedience to the wishes of many of his friends, we announce the name of

LARKIN W. CANNON,

as a Candidate for the office of County Treasurer.

FOR SHERIFF.

We are authorized to announce the name of

C. P. READ,

as a candidate for the office of Sheriff.

For Tax Collector

We are authorized to announce the name of

THOS. P. SAVAGE,

as a Candidate for the office of Tax Collector.

We are authorized to announce the name of

H. P. WHITESIDES,

as a candidate for the office of Tax Collector.

We are authorized to announce the name of

WYLY WOODALL,

for the office of Tax Collector.

In obedience to the wishes of my friends, I announce my name as a candidate for the Office of Tax Collector.

D. P. WILLIAMS.

We are authorized to announce the name of

SEABORN WOODRUFF

for the office of Tax Collector.

We are authorized to announce the name of

E. McCLELEN, Sr.

as a candidate for the office of Tax Collector.

We are authorized to announce the name of

J. W. McDANIEL,

a candidate for the office of Tax Collector.

For Tax Assessor.

We are authorized to announce the name of

M. T. LEDBETTER,

as a Candidate for the office of Tax Assessor.

We are authorized to announce the name of

B. G. McCLELEN,

as a Candidate for the office of Tax Assessor.

We are authorized to announce the name of

J. M. SHEID,

as a candidate for the office of Tax Assessor.

We are authorized to announce the name of

ALFRED M. MORGAN,

as a candidate for the office of Tax Assessor.

We are authorized to announce the name of

HENRY FITZ,

as a candidate for the office of Tax Assessor.

For County Commissioner.

We are authorized to announce the name of

A. M. STEWART,

as a candidate for County Commissioner.

We are authorized to announce the name of

ROBT. McCAIN Esq.

for the office of County Commissioner.

In obedience to the wishes of many of his friends, we this week announce the name of

ELIAS C. TEAGUE,

as a candidate for the office of county Commissioner.

We are authorized to announce the name of

Wm. A. WILSON

as a candidate for the office of County Commissioner.

We are authorized to announce the name of

JOSEPH BORDEN,

as a candidate for County Commissioner.

We are authorized to announce the name of

D. SEIBER,

as a candidate for County Commissioner.

In obedience to the wishes of many of his friends, we this week announce the name of

CAPT. HENRY T. SNOW

as a candidate for County Commissioner.

For Constable.

MR. EDITOR: The times demand good officers. An Election will be held in November next for Constable in Beat No. 11, (White Plains.) Believing that John Smith is the right man for that place we beg leave to announce his name in your trustworthy paper.

MANY VOTERS.

Proceedings of the Council.

JACKSONVILLE ALA.

MONDAY JUNE 19, 1871.

Council Chamber.

Present.—G. I. Turnley, Mayor. Wm. Dean, L. W. Grant, Joe S. Montgomery, Ed L. Woodward Councilmen,

Minutes of previous meeting read and approved.

Motions:—That a committee be appointed to confer with Mrs. Hudson and make an exchange of land, purchased for the cemetery, so that it all lie on the hill.—Carried.

Grant, Woodward & Dean, Com.

That a committee be appointed to inspect "Depot" street, and instruct the Marshal as to how it shall be repaired.—Carried.

Dean, Grant, Montgomery & Pruitt, Com.

That a committee be appointed to examine and report the cost of repairing the street from McAuley's grove to Southers' machine shop, also to report as a general repairing of streets closed heretofore'—Carried.

Grant, Woodward, Dean & Pruitt, Com.

That the city attorney's be allowed a salary of $100 00 per annum.—Carried.

That his Honor the Mayor and Alderman Woodward, be instructed to visit "Etna Iron works," witness the laying of the water pipes, consult with Mr. Morgen Hogshead and get all practical information possible in regard to putting down water piping. (The committee undertake to do this at their own expense.)—Carried.

Account allowed Thos. Baker for extra services.

The following preamble and resolutions were presented and unanimously adopted:

Whereas, the people, by an overwhelming majority, have expressed through the ballot box, a desire for progress and improvement, and given their approval to the project of supplying the town with water—and whereas we know that steps should be cautiously taken, in an enterprise of so much magnitude and importance to the town.

Therefore be it resolved by the Mayor and Aldermen in council assembled.

1st. That we acknowledge our relation to the people as public servants.

2nd. That recognizing the trust thus reposed, in us, we will use all the means, within our power, to secure the success of so laudable an enterprise—and to that end we pledge ourselves, and our best efforts, and earnestly solicit the *united* aid and encouragement of the town.

3rd. That while we do this, we further pledge ourselves, at all times, and in all matters relating thereto to exercise all the prudence and caution with which we have been endowed.

On motion Council adjourned until next regular meeting.

JOE S. MONTGOMERY, Sec'y. Pro-tem.

Hon. Wm. H. Barnes the attorney and counsellor of the East Ala. & Cincinnatti R. R. Co. and Col. Colt the contractor to construct the road from Jacksonville to Guntersville, passed through this place yesterday, *en route* to Gadsden and Guntersville, for the purpose of closing up the contract of transfer of the Coosa & Tenn. R. R. line to the former company, and to arrange for commencing work on the line at an early day. We learn from these gentlemen that the East Ala. & Cincinnatti R. R. Co., on the 21st inst, finished their road twenty miles from Opelika in this direction, in first-class order, which entitles and secures to them State aid, by way of endorsement, of $16,000 per mile. We now feel greatly encouraged and quite certain that this great enterprise will be completed from Eufaula to Guntersville and thence, by way of Huntsville, to the Nashville & Chattanooga Railroad, at Deckard.

When this is done, it will be the shortest and best freight line to the sea coast from the Northwest.

On Saturday the new Masonic Hall at Oxford will be dedicated. Dr. Johnson, the Grand Master of the State, will be present. The installation of the officers, of the Blue Lodge, in Oxford, and the Blue Lodge Chapter and Council of Jacksonville will also take place. Col. Caldwell, will, we understand, deliver the address.

After the 1st day of July, our offer to allow subscribers to settle past years at $2 a year, (the present price) will expire. We at that time will also make a slight change in our terms favorable to advance paying subscribers.

We learn that Col. Colt will commence work on the Road between Gadsden and this place in 60 days.

The details of the tragedy that ended in the loss of Hon. Clement C. Valandingham to the country, are sad and shocking.

He was engaged as counsel, in a murder trial. In showing how the man said to be murdered, may have killed himself, he picked up the pistol and placed it at his head. It was accidentally discharged with a fatal result. He lingered some hours, during which he was in full possession of his faculties, and died universally regretted by all who know and have admired him. His wife, since his death has been in an unconscious state.

Several gentlemen from South Alabama, have come to spend the hot months with us. They are very welcome.

JUNE 22nd, 1871.

MR. EDITOR:

You didn't go to the pic-nic yesterday—we did. You missed a barrel of fun in not going. We had a splendid day; a gal-orious time, enjoyed ourselves muchly. We are very sorry that you're an editor, and a married man, and couldn't "go and do likewise." Pic-nic's are pretty things anyhow—beat camp-meetings all hollow. Oh, it was chiefest among ten thousand, and altogether jolly.

We are surprised at any one's lack of taste and appreciation of the "good things of this life," in refusing to accept such oceans of fun, pleasure, and real enjoyments, when 'tis within his reach, held out in such an inviting manner, in such unlimited quantities and of such an unexceptionable quality. It seems strange to us, as we glance back, over the occurrences of the day, the pleasant drive to the springs, the dinner, the quiet "tete-a-tete" with our sweetheart, out on the old moss covered log, hunting the "turtle," the drive back, (each in itself worth an eternity of aimless existence) that so much happiness could be crowded into one single day. We left town at nine o'clock "en-route" for Sulphur springs, (owned by the whole-souled hospitable and gentlemanly Mr. Schenck) —found Tallasahatchie so full, that the young men got their feet wet in crossing —had to "take something"—(took it from a pocket case with wicker cover) to keep from "catching cold" you know. Under way again, friend M——'s horse, showed us a few tricks that would rival, if not eclipse "Mungie's" celebrated "trick horse," that he got from the Methodist preacher. He was at last prevailed to move on in the even tenor of his way.

Arrived at the springs, we found that Jacksonville had gathered there (part of) her beauty and her "chivalry"—lots of beauty—"chivalry" scarcer—bewitching damsels looked happy and smiled aloud, "chivalry" give each other knowing "winks" or "nods" and wandered off to the flowery banks of the creek to "look for turtles." The hunt was kept up at intervals during the day. One of the young ladies was the successful finder. The "turtle" *once* belonged to a "noble line." 'Twas the *"last of the Bourbons."*

Then came dinner. Every lassie had her laddie. Lassies and laddies waded into the eatables as if they liked them. We need not tell you, how the turkey and tumblers of jelley, pies and pickles, cakes and chipped beef, sardines and salads, chickens and confections, lobsters and lemonade, &c. &c., disappeared. "You know how it is yourself." But the longest days must have an end—ours did anyhow. We reached town just as the little stars were peeping out. Our prayer is, that we may have one more such pic-nic, ere we die.

Yours and the *pic-nicers*,

A. T. URTLE.

A CRUMB FOR THE K. K. COMMITTEE.—On Tuesday a lot of negroes came into town bringing as a prisoner a genuine Ku-Klux with his mask and fixings. He was one of a party of three who were charged with marauding around generally in disguise. The other two escaped. This one caught is a pure, unadulterated negro.

C. P. Gerfeld, formerly a reputable and prosperous citizen, shot himself while playing dominoes through the head.

The above we clip from the Associated Press Dispatches of the Rome COMMERCIAL. The question is, whether the fellow was playing dominoes through his head; or shot himself through his head.

Old man Dennis Dykons, of the Decatur *Republican*, credits *Mrs.* Micawber with always waiting for "something to turn up." We had h retofore supposed that it was *Mister* Micawber who was always looking with such patient hopefulness for that "something" to "turn up." Oh, Dennis, Dennis, your education has been sadly neglected.

There will be a grand pic-nic at George White's "Mountain View," on Thursday, the 6th day of July. Come one, come all.

MARRIED—at the residence of Dr. J. Y. Nisbet, in this place, on the 10th inst., by Rev. Mr. McLean, Hon. A. J. Walker, of Montgomery and Miss Clara Nisbet, of Jacksonville, Ala.

A Foul Murder.

Probably by the time that this paper is circulated John Borden, an esteemed citizen of this portion of country, a resident of Cleburne county and the father of the principal of Oxford College, will have breathed his last. He was the victim of one of the foulest attempts at murder we have ever read of. He was known to have in possession about one thousand dollars that he was taking to Rome with him. The instrument used was a club. The supposed murderer is a negro. He was captured once but escaped. The last heard from him, his pursuers were close on him with a pack of "negro dogs."

To Families.

The undersigned will, from this date, grind all wheat or corn left at Draper & Johnson's corner, in plainly marked sacks, for the toll. He will take the same to the mill and return it to Draper & Johnson's in the proper sacks without extra charge.

ISAAC SEYMOUR.

BUSINESS IS BUSINESS.

The summer is passing, & beef will spoil without salt. In addition to the receipt of salt, we have just received a lot of Hoop-skirts of the last style. Then we have Hoop-skirts and Liverpool salt for sale.

DRAPER & JOHNSON.

FEATHERS! FEATHERS!

A FINE LOT OF NEW FEATHERS FOR SALE AT MONTGOMERY BROS.

Special Notices.

A Chapter of Facts.

Space is valuable in a newspaper, and it is therefore proposed in this advertisement to condense a variety of facts, important to the public, into a small compass. Those facts refer to Hostetter's Stomach Bitters—what that celebrated medicine is, and what it will do. In the first place, then, the article is a stimulant, tonic and alterative, consisting of a combination of an absolutely pure spirituous agent with the most valuable medicinal vegetable substances that Botanic research has placed at the disposal of the chemist and the physician. These ingredients are compounded with great care, and in such proportions as to produce a preparation which invigorates without exciting the general system, and tones, regulates and controls the stomach, the bowels, the liver, and the minor secretive organs.

What this great restorative will do must be gathered from what it has done. The case of dyspepsia, or any other form of indigestion in which it has been persistently administered without effecting a radical cure, is yet to be heard from, and the same may be said of bilious disorders, intermittent fever, nervous affections, general debility, constipation, sick headache, mental disabilities to which the feeble are so subject. It purifies all the fluids of the body, including the blood, and the gentle stimulus which it imparts to the nervous system is not succeeded by the slightest reaction. This is a chapter of facts which readers, for their own sakes, should mark and remember.

Good News.

That greatest of Living Remedies, Globe Fowver Cough Syrup is now sold in your Town, so that all may test its great virtues. It contains no Opium in any form, nor any other *poison*. It positively cures CONSUMPTION! Asthma, Bronchetis, Croup, Whooping Cough, Sore throat. Oppression of the chest and spitting of blood. *It is legally warranted* to cure, so that none can be humbugged by it. Just try it and be convinced. Sold by Dr. Nisbet.

apr29 1871—6m.

Look Out!!!

for the impurieties of the blood during the Summer months; and the long train of terrible diseases which follow. Peinbertion's Compound Extract of Stillengia purifies the blood, cures Scrofula in its worst forms, cures Rheumatism, Syphilis and Gout, and removes all Mercurial and venerial taint from the system. It is legally warranted to cure. Sold by Dr. Nisbet.

apr29 1871—6m.

Dr. C. C. Porter will hereafter be in Jacksonville the first week in each month to attend to any duties connected with his profession. Parties in need of his services would do well to remember this.

mar11—tf.

Chemistry is furnishing us new agents for fuel, force, food, and many other important aids over those we once possessed. Ports from which commerce was driven during the hot months by their terrible fevers, are visited all the year with impunity now. Many localities in the South and West, kept tenantless by their deleterious miasma are now filling up with populations under the protection of Ayer's Ague Cure. Their afflicting chills and fever are so effectually cured by this remedy, that the disease no longer turns emigration aside, or destroys the settler if he ventures upon its infected districts. [Gazette, Ind., M'

Dr Crook's Wine of Tar is not prepared only for Diseases of the Throat & Lungs. The rich medicinal qualities of Tar, it contains, would alone have a healthy action on the Stomach & Bowels, but there are Vegetable Ingredients of undoubted Tonic value combined with it, which cause it to build up the weak and debilitated, rapidly restore exhausted strength, Cleanse the Stomach, relax the Liver, cause the food to digest, and make pure blood, removing Dyspepsia

INDIGESTION, &c. &c.

Weakening medicines are become so unpopular, and medicines which sustain and increase are better than those which take away strength. If you once use Dr. Crook's Wine of Tar, you will never have any more doubt about what is best to take to **Strengthen the System, restore the Appetite,** and prepare you for any change in your system that the season always brings. It is noted for its **Regulating and Healthy Action upon the Stomach and Bowels.** It is mild and pleasant, and you will not feel you are taking medicine—and have only to keep on about your business, and it will keep you all right. **Every body can take it! Man, Woman and Child!** It is Alterative, Sedative, Tonic and Expectorant, and yet so mild it can be taken with perfect safety at any time. It does not intoxicate, and contains nothing in the least injurious. **The old Folks, as well as the Middle-Aged People,** like it, because it is a health-giving, appetite-restoring medicine, and they can take it without becoming professional dram-drinkers, and they can give it to their **Weak and Delicate Children,** and make them strong and healthy. **The Ladies speak in the highest terms of it.** It gives them an appetite, and strengthens their nervous systems, and is just the remedy that **Delicate Females,** who have no appetite, are languid, always suffering, and never feeling well, need to make them strong and healthy. **It gives tone and energy to Debilitated Constitutions,** and **all recovering from any illness** will find it **the best Tonic** they can take. **Ask for Dr. Crook's Wine of Tar. Sold by Druggists everywhere.**

M. A. TURNER

TAILOR,

Takes pleasure in informing his old patrons and the public generally, that he is ***STILL AT HIS OLD STAND***, **PREPARED TO CUT & MAKE** Gentlemens Clothing in the latest and *MOST FASHIONABLE STYLE*, **& MOST DURABLE MANNER.**

Terms now, henceforth, and forever CASH.

JACKSONVILLE ALA.,

dec17 1870.—tf

E. L. WOODWARD'S SON.

has just received a splendid lot of Ladies

FINE SHOES,

which he offers quite cheap for CASH.

DOBBINS ELETRIC SOAP

SAVES TIME
SAVES LABOR
SAVES CLOTHES
SAVES MONEY
SAVES WOMEN.

sold by E. L. Woodward's Sons.

Enoch Morgan's Sons Sapolio. Try it.

E. L. WOODWARD'S SON

Has Just Received

A Large Lot of Mens and Womens

Coarse Shoes.

(ALL WHOLE STOCK,)

Which he offers Cheap for CASH! or on Thirty days time to Prompt men.

BUY YOUR DRY GOODS,

SHOES, HATS, CROCKERY,

SUGAR.

Coffee Molasses

Bacon,

And all else you want from WOODWARD'S SON,

He is selling cheap for CASH.

For the Next Sixty Days

I WILL OFFER AT ABOUT

COST, FOR CASH!

THE FOLLOWING GOODS:

MEN'S and BOY'S HATS

CROCKERY!

TABLE AND POCKET CUTLERY,
AXES, FILES, LOCKS,
BED CASTERS, BED SCREWS,
BUTTS, HOES,

LADIES' DRESS GOODS

Hoop and Balmoral Skirts,

HOSE; DRESS & UNDERSHIRTS,
10-4 Bl'd DOMESTICS,
5-4 Bl'd DOMESTICS,
LINEN DAMASK,
LINEN DIAPERS,
GENTS' DRAWERS,

Notions, White Goods,

WOMEN'S COARSE SHOES;
MEN'S PLOW SHOES,

And MANY OTHER GOODS, too numerous to mention.

To the Planters of Calhoun County.

Send your COTTON to

JAS. H. COOPER

OF ROME, GA., who will sell it for you, and charge you only (50 c.) fifty cents per Bale for selling. If you want to Store your Cotton he will make liberCash advances on it.

Rome, Ga., Oct. 17, 1870.—3m.

Virginia and Tennessee

AIR-LINE RAILWAY.

Through rates by the Air-Line, always as low as the published tariff of any competing route.

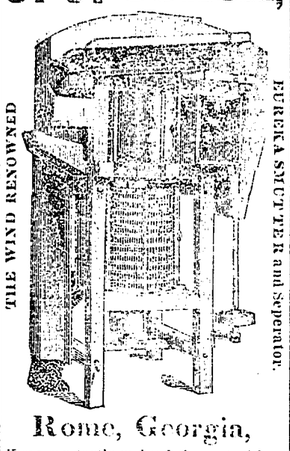
Freights run through without break of Bulk. All claims promptly adjusted by Thos. Pickney, claim agent at Norfolk Va.,

OFFICES.

Boston, 87 Washington street; New York, 303 Broadway; Philadelphia corner Washington Avenue and Swan, son street; Baltimore, 154 west Baltimore street.

C. E. EVANS,
General Eastern Agent.

J. J. Colhoun,



Rome, Georgia,

Keeps constantly on hand the most celebrated and latest MILL MACHINERY, at Manufacturer's prices. Also, Importer of the Double Anchor Dutch Bolting Cloth, French Burr and Esopus MILL STONES, Double Turbine Water Wheels, and an assortment of Belting, &c. Oct. 15, '70.

Ayer's Hair Vigor,

For restoring Gray Hair to its natural Vitality and Color.



A dressing which is at once agreeable, healthy, and effectual for preserving the hair. *Faded or gray hair is soon restored to its original color, with the gloss and freshness of youth.* Thin hair is thickened, falling hair checked, and baldness often, though not always, cured by its use. Nothing can restore the hair where the follicles are destroyed, or the glands atrophied and decayed. But such as remain can be saved for usefulness by this application. Instead of fouling the hair with a pasty sediment, it will keep it clean and vigorous. Its occasional use will prevent the hair from turning gray or falling off, and consequently prevent baldness. Free from those deleterious substances which make some preparations dangerous, and injurious to the hair, the Vigor can only benefit but not harm it. If wanted merely for a

HAIR DRESSING,

nothing else can be found so desirable. Containing neither oil nor dye, it does not soil white cambric, and yet lasts long on the hair, giving it a rich, glossy lustre and a grateful perfume.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co.,

PRACTICAL AND ANALYTICAL CHEMISTS

LOWELL, MASS.

PRICE $1.00.

DR. W. W. NISBET, Ag't Jacksonville, & sold by Druggists & Merchants everywhere.

NOTICE!

IN the District Court of the United States for the Northern District of Alabama: In Bankruptcy. In the matter of WM. C. WHITE, Cherokee County, Bankrupt:

Upon reading and filing the report of the Assignee, Daniel C. Turrentine, of Gadsden, Alabama, and it appearing to the Court that certain lands of the Bankrupt, encumbered by various liens, have been sold, and the proceeds in the hands of the Assignee aforesaid:

It is Ordered, That a copy of this order be mailed, by the Clerk of this Court, to each creditor who has proved his debt, with security claiming a lien on said lands, and also to Daniel C. Turrentine, the Assignee, and that they, and all persons interested in said matter, be required to appear at Jacksonville, Alabama, on the 22nd day of June, 1871, and assert their various liens and priorities, before Jos. W. Burke, Register of this Court.

It is further Ordered, That this order be published twice before said return day, in the Huntsville Advocate, printed at Huntsville, and the JACKSONVILLE REPUBLICAN, at Jacksonville.

LIONEL W. DAY,
Clerk.

jun10—2t Prs fee, $4-50

Sheriff's Sale.

Under and by virtue of one fifa issued from the clerks office of Calhoun county, and to me directed, I will sell on Monday the 3rd day of July 1871, in front of the court house door for cash, the following described land to wit:

The north east half of north east fourth of section 18 township 15 range 7; levied upon as the property of E. G. Morris, to satisfy said fifa in my hands in favor of Robert A. Foster.

J. W. WILLIAMS,
Sheriff.

june3—5t.

CROSS PLAINS HOUSE,

COME ALONG.

This House is not quite completed, bu will receive Boarders and the Traveling public generally.

No rash promises made—come and see.

A. S. JOHNSON,
J. N. HOOD,
J. N. HOOD, Prop'r.

june18—tf.

J. M. ELLIOTT. C. G. SAMMUEL

Elliott & Samuel

COTTON FACTORS.

Warehouse and Commission Merchants.

Rome Ga.

Real Estate Agents.

AGENTS FOR THE STEAMBOAT LINE ON THE COOSA RIVER, AND ALSO General Receiving and Forwarding Agents. We compress through cotton without delay saving thereby to the shipper, 40 cents per bag besides putting the cotton in much better condition for transportation and handling when in market.

JACKSONVILLE Iron Foundry.

STRAIN & VEITCH Prop's.

This Foundry is now in full blast. All kinds of castings done promptly and to order. Bills filled for all kinds of

Hollow Ware,
Mill & Gin Gear,
Iron Railing,
Grates,
Plows, &c., &c.,

A liberal patronage solicited.

Address, STRAIN & VEACH

mch25—1y Jacksonville, Ala.

PARKER'S

BREECH-LOADING, DOUBLE BARRELED

SHOT GUN

BEST IN THE WORLD.

PARKER BROTHERS WEST MERIDEN. CONN.

SEND FOR A CIRCULAR

New York Office, 27 BEEKMAN ST.

CALL AT THE

Old Hotel,

West Side of the Public Square.

Jacksonville, Ala.

Which has been repaired, refurnished and refitted up especially for the comfort of those who may favor us with a call. Rooms large and comfortable—fare good as the country affords—servants polite and attentive—charges reasonable.

Can accommodate a dozen or two regular boarders.

J. D. HAMMOND,
Dec. 18, '69—1y. *Proprietor.*

VINEGAR BITTERS



J. WALKER, Proprietor. R. H. McDONALD & Co., Druggists & Gen. Agents, San Francisco, Cal., and 31 Commerce St., N.Y.

MILLIONS Rejoice Testimony to their Wonderful Curative Effects.

Vinegar Bitters are not a vile Fancy **Drink,** Made of **Poor Rum, Whiskey, Proof Spirits and Refuse Liquors,** doctored, spiced and sweetened to please the taste, called "Tonics," "Appetizers," "Restorers," &c., that lead the tippler on to drunkenness and ruin, but are a true Medicine, made from the Native Roots and Herbs of California, **free from all Alcoholic Stimulants.** They are the **GREAT BLOOD PURIFIER and A LIFE GIVING PRINCIPLE,** a perfect Renovator and Invigorator of the System, carrying off all poisonous matter and restoring the blood to a healthy condition. No person can take these Bitters according to directions and remain long unwell, provided their bones are not destroyed by mineral poison or other means, and the vital organs wasted beyond the point of repair.

They are a Gentle Purgative as Well as a Tonic, possessing, also, the powerful merit of acting as a powerful agent in relieving Congestion or Inflammation of the Liver, and of all the Visceral Organs.

FOR FEMALE COMPLAINTS, whether in young or old, married or single, at the dawn of womanhood or at the turn of life, these Tonic Bitters have no equal.

For Inflammatory and Chronic Rheumatism and Gout, Dyspepsia or Indigestion, Bilious, Remittent and Intermittent Fevers, Diseases of the Blood, Liver, Kidneys and Bladder, these Bitters have been most successful. **Such Diseases** are caused by **Vitiated Blood,** which is generally produced by derangement of the Digestive Organs.

DYSPEPSIA OR INDIGESTION, Headache, Pain in the Shoulders, Coughs, Tightness of the Chest, Dizziness, Sour Eructations of the Stomach, Bad Taste in the Mouth, Bilious Attacks, Palpitation of the Heart, Inflammation of the Lungs, Pain in the regions of the Kidneys, and a hundred other painful symptoms are the offsprings of Dyspepsia.

They invigorate the Stomach and stimulate the torpid Liver and Bowels, which render them of unparalleled efficacy in clearing the blood of all impurities, and imparting new life and vigor to the whole system.

FOR SKIN DISEASES, Eruptions, Tetter, Salt Rheum, Blotches, Spots, Pimples, Pustules, Boils, Carbuncles, Ring-Worms, Scald Head, Sore Eyes, Erysipelas, Itch, Scurfs, Discolorations of the Skin, Humors and Diseases of the Skin, of whatever name or nature, are literally dug up and carried out of the system in a short time by the use of these Bitters. One bottle in such cases will convince the most incredulous of their curative effect.

Cleanse the Vitiated Blood whenever you find its impurities bursting through the skin in Pimples, Eruptions or Sores; cleanse it when you find it obstructed and sluggish in the veins; cleanse it when it is foul, and your feelings will tell you when. Keep the blood pure, and the health of the system will follow.

PIN, TAPE, and other WORMS, lurking in the system of so many thousands, are effectually destroyed and removed.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS AND DEALERS.

J. WALKER, Proprietor. R. H. McDONALD & CO., Druggists and Gen. Agents, San Francisco, Cal., and 32 and 34 Commerce Street, New York.

FORNEY'S CORNER.

W very respectfully call the attention of our customers, to our large Stock of

Spring and Summer Goods,

also to our largely replenished Stock of

FAMILY GROCERIES.

Both departments are sufficiently supplied in quantity and quality to meet the demands of the trade.

Having bought our Stock from reliable Merchants for Cash, we recommend them to you as GOOD GOODS,

CHEAP FOR CASH.

Bring your money or country produce We have just received a fine lot of NEW ORLEANS MOLASSES, BACON, LARD & HAMS.

Hoping to receive soon and frequent calls from you.

Yours Truly,

DRAPER & JOHNSON.

JACKSONVILLE ALA.

apr15—7t

MONEY SAVED IS *Money Made!*

FARMERS, HOUSEKEEPERS,

and others

WILL NOTICE THIS.

We sell Dry Goods,
Dress Goods,
Fancy Goods,
Clothing, Hats,
China, Glass and
Granate Ware,

25 to 50 per cent. Cheaper

than they are sold by small dealers.

We deliver all goods sold on the line of the Selma Rome & Dalton Rail Road

FREE OF CHARGE,

for cases, drayage and Railroad Freight, when the cash accompanies the order, and the amount of bill is Fifty Dollars.

Jno. H. Woodward, will be pleased to execute the *cash orders* of his friends.

E. JOHNSON & CO.
Selma Ala.

apr15—6m

SHERIFF'S SALE.

On Monday the 3rd day of July 1871, by virtue of one *venditioni exponas*, an execution issued by the clerk of the circuit court of Calhoun county, and to me directed, I will sell to the highest bidder in front of the court house door for cash; the following described lands to wit:

North west fourth of south west fourth, and south east fourth of north east fourth of section 11 township 11 range 6; also south west fourth of north west fourth; and north east fourth of south west fourth of section 1 township 11 range 6 east in the Coosa land district, levied upon as the property of Allen Bryant; to satisfy a judgment in favor of A. W. Kirby, for the sum of one hundred and eighty dollars, and J. D. Hoke surviving partner for $89,69.

J. W. WILLIAMS,
Sheriff.

may27—6t.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

By virtue of Ten Fifas, issued by the Register of the 3rd district, Eastern Chancery Division, Randolph county Alabama—once to me directed, on Monday the 3rd day of July, 1871, will sell, to the highest bidder for cash, in front of the court house door the following described house and lot to wit:

One acre of land more or less, with good buildings upon it, in the town of Oxford, in the south west fourth of section 19 township 16 range 8, bounded on the south by Ross, on the north by Mrs. Hudson, formely by Peace; levied upon as the property of Jeremiah Smith to satisfy said Ten Fifas in my hands, in favor of Margret E. Smith.

J. W WILLIAMS,
Sheriff.

may27—6t.

WM. H. HAYES. J. T. MARTIN.

HAYES & MARTIN,

Attorneys at Law and Solicitors in Chancery. No. 8. Office Row, Jacksonville.

WILL practice in all the Courts of Law and Equity in the counties of the 12th Judicial circuit, consisting of Calhoun, Cleburne, St. Clair, Etowah and Cherokee, and the Supreme Court of the State.

may20—7t.

$200,000 IN PREMIUMS.

To be distributed to the Subscribers of the **Cincinnatti Weekly Enquirer.**

PREMIUMS FOR SUBSCRIBERS.

Having frequently offered and distributed premiums to club agents, we have deemed it but just that a like favor should be shown to the individual subscribers of the Enquirer. We have, therefore, adopted the following, whereby each subscriber will have an equal chance of securing one of the valuable premiums set forth in the list annexed.

Commencing on May 1st, 1871, we shall register and number each subscriber received who desires to participate in the award of premiums, from No. 1 upward. Each subscriber will receive immediately, by return mail, a receipt for his subscription, said receipt showing the day and number his name is registered for.

This process will be continued up to October 31, 1871, and on the following Wednesday (November 1) the premiums will be awarded, and the result published in the next edition of our paper.

Should the number of subscribers participating in this award of premiums justify, the distribution will be made at an earlier date, and the same repeated on January 1, 1872.

This is a rare and extraordinary inducement to subscribers, and is adopted by us at the suggestion of many of our patrons, who seemed to think that in offering premiums exclusively to Agents we were making an unfair discrimination against the subscribers.

LIST OF PREMIUMS.

1	Cash Premium of	$300
1	Extra fine gold watch hunting case, stem winder, value	200
3	Cash Premiums, of One hundred dollars each, value	300
1	Extra fine gold watch hunting case, stem winder, value	100
75	Cash Premiums of fifty dollars each, value	250
10	Extra fine silver watches, hunting cases stem winders, value fifty dollars each	500
10	Cash Premiums of twenty five dollars each, value	250
50	Cash Premiums of ten dollars each, value	500
60	Cash Premiums of five dollars each, value	300
35	Miscellaneous Premiums, consisting of gold pens, books etc worth from $2 to $6 each value	300
	Making Total Number	**200**

AND

VALUED AT $3,000.

Conditions and terms for participation in the above.

Every subscriber who remits $2 for a year's subscription to the Weekly Enquirer will be registered as a participant.

Any Club Agent sending ten names and $20 will be entitled to a free copy of the paper and receipt, and his name registered as a participant for a premium.

Parties can subscribe for their friends and have the receipts sent to themselves, and their own names registered for premiums in place of the person for whom they subscribe.

In forming clubs it is not necessary to have all the papers sent to one Post-office.

Specimen copies, posters and subscription blanks sent free to parties desiring them.

Address EARAN & McLEAN,
Cincinnati, O.

HENRY T. HELMBOLD'S

Compound Fluid Extract Catawba Grape Pills.

Component Parts—Fluid Extrac Rhubarb amd Fluid Extract Catawba Grape Juice.

For Liver Complaints, Jaundice, Bilious Affections, sick or nervous Headache, Costiveness, etc. Purely Vegetable, containing no Mercury, Minerals or Deleterious Drugs.

H

These Pills are the most delightfully pleasant purgative, superseding castor oil, salts magnesia, etc. There is nothing more acceptable to the stomach. They give tone, and cause neither nausea nor griping pains. They are composed of the finest ingredients. After a few days' use of them, such an invigoration of the entire system takes place as to appear miraculous to the weak and enervated, whether arising from imprudence or disease. H. T. Helmbold's Compound Fluid Extract Catawba Grape Pills are not sugar-coated, from the fact that sugar-coated Pills do not disolve, but pass through the stomach without dissolving, consequently do not produce the desired effect. THE CATAWBA GRAPE PILLS, being pleasant in taste and odor, do not necessitate their being sugar-coated. PRICE FIFTY CENTS PER BOX.

F

HENRY T. HELMBOLD'S
Highly Concentrated Compound
Fluid Extract Sarsaparilla

Will radically exterminate from the system Scrofula, Syphilis, Fever, Sores, Ulcers, Sore Eyes, Sore Legs, Sore Mouth, Sore Head, Bronchitis, Skin Diseases, Salt Rheum Cankers, Runnings from the Ear, White Swellings, Tumors, Cancerous Affections Nodes, Rickets, Glandular Swellings, Night Sweats, Bush, Tetter, Humors of all Kinds, Chronic Rheumatism, Dyspepsia, and all diseases that have been established in the system for years.

L

Being prepared expressly for the above complaints, its *Blood-Purifying* properties are Greater than any other Preparation of Sarsaparilla. It gives the Complexion a clear and Healthy Color and Restores the Patient to a state of Health and Purity. For Purifying the Blood, removing all Chronic Constitutional diseases arising from an impure state of the Blood. And the only reliable and effectual known remedy for the cure of Pains and swelling of the Bones, Ulcerations of the Throat and Legs, Blotches, Pimples on the Face, Erysipelas and all scaly Eruptions of the skin, and beautifying the complexion. Price, $1 50 per bottle.

M

HENRY T. HELMBOLD'S
Concentrated
FLUID EXTRACT BUCHU,
The Great Diuretic,

has cured every case of Diabetes in which it has been given, irritation of the neck of the Bladder and inflammation of the Kidneys ulceration of the Kidneys and Bladder, retention of urine, diseases of the prostate Gland, stone in the Bladder, Calculus gravel, Brickdust deposit, and Mucous or milky discharges, and for enfeebled and delicate constitutions of both sexes, attended with the following symptoms. Indisposition to exertion, loss of power, loss of memory, difficulty of breathing, weak nerves, trembling horror of disease, wakefulness, dimness of vision, pain in the back, hot hands, flushing of the body, dryness of the skin, eruption on the face, pallid countenance, universal lassitude of the muscular system, etc.

Used by persons from the age of eighteen to twenty-five, and from thirty-five to fifty-five decline or change of life; after confinement or labor pains; bedwetting in children.

B

Helmbold's Extract Buchu is diuretic and Blood-purifying, and cures all diseases arising from habits of dissipation, and excesses and imprudences in life, impurities of the blood, etc., superseding copaiba in affections for which it is used, and syphilitic affections—in these diseases used in connection with Helmbold's Rose Wash.

LADIES.

In many affections peculiar to ladies, the Extract Buchu is unequalled by any other remedy—as in chlorosis or retention, irregularity, painfulness or suppression of customary evacuations, ulcerated or schirrus state of the uterus, leucorrhœa, or sterility, and for all complaints incident to the sex, whether arising from indiscretion or habits of dissipation. It is prescribed extensively by the most eminent physicians and midwives for infirm and delicate constitutions, of both sexes and all ages (attended with any of the above diseases or symptoms).

O

H. T. HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU
Cures diseases arising from imprudences, habits of dissipation, etc., in all their stages, at little expense, little or no change in diet, no inconvenience, and no exposure. It causes a frequent desire, and gives strength to Urinate, thereby removing Obstructions. Preventing and Curing Strictures of the Urethra, Allaying Pain and Inflammation, so frequent in this class of diseases, and expelling all Poisonous matter.

Thousands who have been the victims of incompetent persons, and who have paid heavy fees to be cured in a short time, have found they have been deceived, and that the "Poison" has, by the use of "powerful astringent," been dried up in the system of break out in a more aggravated form an, perhaps after Marriage.

Use HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU for all Affections and diseases of the Urinary Organs, whether existing in Male or Female, from whatever cause originating, and no matter of how long standing. Price one dollar and fifty cents per Bottle.

L

HENRY T. HELMBOLD'S IMPROVED ROSE WASH cannot be surpassed as a Face Wash, and will be found the only specific remedy in every species of Cutaneous Affection. It speedily eradicates pimples, spots, scorbutic dryness, indurations of the cutaneous membrane etc., dispels redness and incipient inflammation, hives, rash, moth patches, dryness of scalp or skin, frost bites and all purposes for which salves or ointments are used; restores the skin to a state of purity and softness, and insures continued healthy action to the tissue of its vessels, on which depends the agreeable clearness and vivacity of complexion so much sought and admired. But however valuable as a remedy for existing defects of the skin, H. T Helmbold's Rose Wash has long sustained its principle claim to unbounded patronage, by possessing qualities which render it a toilet appendage of the most Superlative and Congenial character, combining in an elegant formula those prominent requisites, safety and efficacy—the invariable accompaniments of its use—as a Preservative and Refresher of the Complexion. It is an excellent Lotion for diseases of a Syphilitic Nature, and as an injection for diseases of the Urinary Organs, arising from habits of dissipation, used in connection with the Extracts Buchu, Sarsaparilla, and Catawba Grape Pills, in such diseases as recommended, cannot be surpassed. Price one dollar per bottle.

D

Full and explicit directions accompany the medicines.

Evidence of the most responsible and reliable character furnished on application, with hundreds of thousands of living witnesses, and upward of 30,000 unsolicited certificates and recommendatory letters, many of which are from the highest sources, including eminent Physicians, Clergymen, Statesmen, etc. The proprietor has never restored to their publication in the newspapers; he does not do this from the fact that his articles rank as Standard Preparations, and do not need to be propped up by certificates.

Henry T. Helmbold's Genuine Preparations.

Delivered to any address. Secure from observation. Established upward of twenty years. Sold by Druggists everywhere. Address letters for information, in confidence to HENRY T. HELMBOLD, Druggist and Chemist.

Only Depots: H. T. HELMBOLD'S Drug and Chemical Warehouse. No. 594 Broadway New York, or to H. T. HELMBOLD'S Medical Depot, 104 South Tenth Street; Philadelphia, Pa.

Beware of Counterfeits. Ask for Henry T. Helmbold's! Take no other

---

LeGrand & Company,

Nos. 96, 98 & 100 Commerce St.

MONTGOMERY ALABAMA,

WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

GROCERIES, DRY GOODS, FANCY ARTICLES, NOTIONS, &c. &c.,

RETAIL

DRY GOODS DEPARTMENT!

TO Comply with NUMEROUS SOLICITATIONS, and to accommodate our MANY FRIENDS we have opened in connection with our WHOLESALE BUSINESS,

A RETAIL DEPARTMENT,

where may be obtained from Attentive Salesmen at LOWEST PRICES, every article usually kept in a **FIRST-CLASS RETAIL STORE** where we will be pleased to wait on CITY and COUNTRY BUYERS.

SHIRTING &C.

We have for your inspection a FULL STOCK of

BROWN 3-4 Shirting,
do 7-8 do
do 4-4 Sheeting,
do Sea. 1 7-8 Sheetings,
do do 4-4 Sheetings,
do do 10-4 Sheetings,
Bleached 3-4 and 7-8 Sheeting,
do 4-4 Sheeting (best brands)
do 10-4 do

PRINTS, TICKING, &c.

PRINTS AT ALL PRICES,
Tickings of every Grade,
Plaid and striped domestics.
Domestic Ginghams,
Scotch Ginghams,
French Ginghams,
Irish Linen,
5-4 Linen sheetings,
10-4 Linen sheetings,
Linen cambricks,
Handkerchiefs,
Hosiery,
Gloves, &c., &c. &c.

BOOTS AND SHOES,

A Full Stock of Hats, Clothing Boots and Shoes, &c., &c., &c.,

LeGRAND & Co.
MONTGOMERY ALA.

☞DON'T READ THIS.☜

WHISENANT & BRISKELL.

ARE just receiving a large lot of

SUGAR,
COFFEE,
TEAS,

BEST NEW ORLEANS MOLASSES

(Purchased since the recent decline:) Which they offer at the very lowest terms; in fact, everything in the Grocery line'

IRON,

IRON,

Iron

TRACE CHAINS,
AMES' SHOVELS,
AMES' SPADE,
HAMES,
BREAST CHAINS,
SCOVAL HOES,
NAILS,
HORSESHOES,
SPADING FORKS
&c. &c. &c.

We are now offering our entire stock

of DRY GOODS,

BOOTS & SHOES,

On the most reasonable terms.

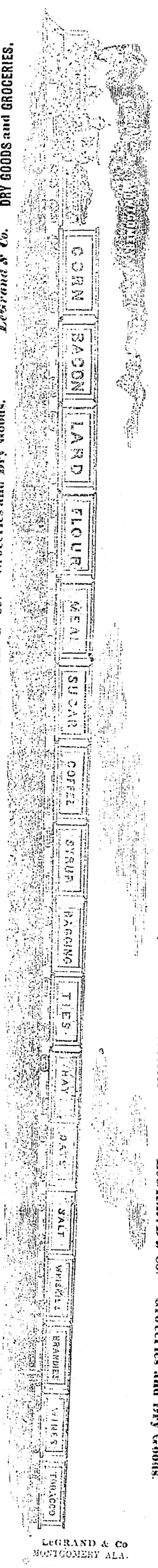
Thanking our friends and customers for past patronage, we respectfully solicit a continuance of the same.

Jan 21, 1871.

LeGRAND & Co.,

GROCERY DEPARTMENT

HAving been unable in the past few weeks, to keep up our supply of Goods, we have started our daily train again and hope now to keep fully supplied at all times!!!



LeGRAND & Co
MONTGOMERY ALA.

WHOLESALE

Dry Goods Department.

We are now offering to the trade, the following Goods at the Lowest Market Prices and are DETERMINED not to be undersold by ANY

JOBBING HOUSE SOUTH

and will duplicate any Invoice bought of New York Jobbers.

40 Bales 4-4 brown sheeting (as'd brands
50 do 7-8 do do do do
40 do Sea I. brown cottons do
30 do 7-8 Osnaburgs,
10 do brown drilling,
20 cases assorted bleached shirtings,
5 do do do 4-4 sheetings,
5 do do do 10-4 do
5 do do brown 10-4 do
3 do do bleached drills,
15 do prints, assorted brands,
5 do ginghams, do do
10 do tickings, do do
50 do plaids and stripes.

NOTIONS, CLOTHING, HOSIERY, CLOTHING, HATS, BOOTS, SHOES, &c., &c., &c..

We would call the attention of the Trade to

THE
"PREMIUM" SHIRT COLLAR,

for which we are Sole Agents for Montgomery—each box containing a handsome PRIZE.

Having an office and an EXPERIENCED RESIDENT BUYER IN NEW YORK, JOHN M. RAMSEY, 356 Broadway, and receiving by EACH TRAIN from the Principal Factories South, their STAPLE PRODUCTION, our facilities for offering inducements to the TRADE, CANNOT BE SURPASSED.

LeGRAND & Co.,
MONTGOMERY, ALA.

LOOK AT THIS

All Persons.
LOOK.

All Persons indebted to J. M. Carroll & Co., will please come forward and pay up, as they need money to pay debts with, and must have money.

J. M. CARROLL.

J. M. CARROLL is now receiving

SPRING GOODS

and a nice lot of BOOTS & SHOES, cheap for cash. Call and see them.

Nice Water-proof Lasting Laced Gaiter Ladies' Shoes.

H. A. STOLLENWERCK, Selma, Ala. F. E. STOLLENWERCK Mobile, Ala.
A. G. STOLLENWERCK. Selma, Ala.

H. A. STOLLENWERCK & BROS.
Water Street,
SELMA, Ala.

F. E. STOLLENWERCK & BROS.
At North Commerce Street,
MOBILE Ala

COTTON FACTORS AND Commission Merchants.

☞Messrs. E. L. WOODWARD & SON, of Jacksonville, Ala., will act as Agents for this house.

CONFECTIONERY!

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVING Established himself in the old Stand of J. B. Turnley & Co., at the present Post Office, and Express Office Stand, would inform the Public that he has opened up a complete

Confectionery Establishment

in Jacksonville; and that henceforth he will keep every article in his line, from the finest and choicest to the very cheapest. The Ladies and others are urged to call and examine the stock now on hand. Come and take a look whether you buy or not.

Candies of the Freshest Kind, Jellies (all flavors,) Pickles, Fruits &c. &c.

Comprise a portion of the stock on hand.

AGENTS FOR

Andes Fire Insurance Co.,
Great Western Gun Works.
Avenue Paint Company.
Five Dollar Washing Machine.

Received a fresh supply of confectioneries, candies, nuts, crackers &c.,

Very Respectfully,
Wm. T. ALEXANDER.
apr8 1871—tf.

M. A. TURNER
TAILOR,

Takes pleasure in informing his old patrons and the public generally, that he is ***STILL AT HIS OLD STAND,*** **PREPARED TO CUT & MAKE** Gentlemens Clothing in the latest and *MOST FASHIONABLE STYLE,* **& MOST DURABLE MANNER.** Terms now, henceforth, and forever CASH.

JACKSONVILLE ALA.,
dec17 1870—tf.

$500,000
TO BE GIVEN AWAY!

THE SOUTH CAROLINA
Land & Immigration Association

Under the auspices the "South Carolina State Agricultural and Mechanical Society," will give a SERIES OF CONCERTS, at the Academy of Music, Charleston, S. C., commencing October 1st, 1871, for the purpose of raising a fund to enable emigrants to settle upon lands selected by the Association for homes of Northern and European farmers and others, in the State of South Carolina, and for their transportation thither and support for the first year.

REFERENCES IN SOUTH CAROLINA—General Wade Hampton, Hon. B. F. Perry, Governor M. L. Bonham, General Johnson Hagood, Hon. Armistead Burt, Hon James Chesnut, General John S. Preston, Hon. W. D. Simpson, Andrew Simonds, Esq., Hon G. A. Trenholm, Governor J. L. Manning, Hon J. B Campbell.

$500,000 to be awarded to the Ticket Holders of the Series of Concerts to commence on the First of October, 1871, at the Academy of Music, Charleston, S. C., on which day the Drawing commences.

150,000 Season Tickets of Admission, and no more, at $5 each.

All the premiums, including Deed and Certificate of Title to Academy of Music, will be deposited with the National Bank of the Republic, New York.

$500,000 IN GIFTS.

1st	Gift—Cash, Academy of Music Charleston S. C., cost to build $230,000, having an annual rental of about $20,000 from Opera House, Stores and Halls; the building being about 230 feet by 60, and situated corner of King and Market streets, in the centre of the city, and well known to be the finest building and most valuable property in Charleston; valued at			250,000
2nd.	Gift—Cash			100,000
3d.	Gift—Cash			25,000
4th.	Gift—Cash			10,000
5th.	Gift—Cash			5,000
25.	Gifts—Cash	each	$1,000	25,000
25.	Gifts—Cash	each	500	12,500
350.	Gifts—Cash	each	100	35,000
250.	Gifts—Cash	each	50	12,500
500.	Gifts—Cash	each	25	12,500
1250	Gifts—Cash	each	10	12,500
2,404	Gifts, amount to			$500,000

BUTLER, CHADWICK, GARY & CO.,

AGENTS SOUTH CAROLINA LAND AND IMMIGRATION ASSOCIATION.

General M. C. Butler, John Chadwick, Esq. General M. W. Gary, } Charleston, S. C.,

COMMISSIONERS AND SUPERVISORS OF DRAWING:
General A. R. Wright, of Georgia. Colonel B. H Rutledge of South Carolina.
General Bradley T. Johnson, of Virginia. Hon. Roger A. Pryor, of New York.
June19—3mo.

GREAT TRIUMPH IN DRY GOODS!

THE PIONEER ESTABLISHMENT OF THE STATE:

IMMENSE QUANTITY OF ALL KINDS OF GOODS!

Spring AND Summer

SEASON IN FULL BLAST!!

GREAT ATTRACTIONS!! GRAND DISPLAY!! GREAT INDUCEMENTS!!

GRAND DEMONSTRATIONS!!!

NEW GOODS!.....NEW STYLES!!

WE TAKE PLEASURE IN INFORMING THE PUBLIC OF THE RECEPTION OF OUR

New Stock of Spring and Summer Goods.

We give notice that we shall adhere most rigidly to the ONE PRICE SYSTEM, and will offer our goods at such prices, as shall meet with the approval of our vast and extensive line of customers. Our assortments on all grades and styles of merchandise will be as usual—TRULY IMMENSE.

Our Mr. JOS. GOETTER, while in New York and other Eastern cities, concluded the most extensive contracts for the supply of all the different branches of Merchandise usually kept at our Store. We are determined, as ever, to be regarded the Leading dry goods Establishment of the city. Having earned our reputation justly, we will endeavor to maintain it, if

MAMMOTH STOCKS AND LOW PRICES

Among the extensive lines of Dry Goods which will be found at our store, we take pleasure in enumerating a few of the very attractive articles likely to prove most interesting to our patrons: 5 CASES GENUINE 4-4 FRENCH PERCALES, which will be found very desirable and durable. TWO CASES IMPORTED SILK-STRIPED, IRON FRAME GRENADINES, Really beautiful goods, and sold very cheap. The most extensive lines of new and seasonable DRESS GOODS! Among which will be found a new article termed Silk warp Chalideine, which is destined to be the most popular, as it is the most beautiful, goods displayed this season. We have also received a very large selection of the celebrated Rennie Poplins, which were introduced by us last year, with such success as to require no further comment. A full line of those celebrated **Japanese Silk Poplins** has constantly on hand. This article has been extensively enlarged upon, as we have them in magnificent Brocade, Red Plaids, and splendid Solitaire Lusters.

OUR SILK DEPARTMENT

Will be found extremely enticing, with all of the very latest and most desirable styles and fabrics.

Silk Grenadies, Silk Warp Poplinettes, Silk Warp Geraldines, Spring and Summer Dress Silks,

in stripes, checks, figures and solid colors, in large assortments, and at very LOW figures.

Our Laces and White Goods departments have been enlarged, and special attention is respectfully direc ed to this branch of our stock.

Valenciennes and Silk Laces, Linen Laceslaws, French Embroideries, English Hosiery, Perfect-Fitting Corsets, new shapes in Hoop Skirts.

SHOES, SHOES, SHOES.

We take pleasure in notifying the public that our Shoe Department is replete with all styles of Ladies' and Childrens' Shoes, from the most celebrated Philadelphia and Eastern makers. The celebrated "Western" Walking Shoe, the novel "Polish" Dress Bootee, the attractive "Marie Stuart" Tie, the child's exquisite "Pet" Promenade—in fact all that can be called for in good Shoes will be found in our Department.

TO THE WHOLESALE TRADE.

We state, we are ready, as usual, to show our superiority over all other houses, whenever they will give us a call, and test by examination the justice of our boast. Having rehearsed a part of our Extensive Stock, we return thanks for past favors, and will endeavor to merit the same in the future.

SHULMAN, GOETTER & WEIL,

(IMMEDIATELY OPPOSITE ARTESIAN BASIN.)
NO. 5 COURT SQUARE, MONTGOMERY, ALABAMA.
may6—3m.

CHATTANOOGA AGRICULTURAL DEPOT!

Ruble & Hight.

GENERAL SOUTHERN AGENTS

FOR

Russell & Cos., Pivot Cylinder, Double Fan, Threshers and Separators, and the Russell Combined, Self Raking, Reaper and Mower.

Our arrangements for handling the above machines for the season of 1871, are now complete, and we are ready to fill orders, or attend promptly to all inquiries concerning the capacity and durability of the Russell Machines.

At our extensive Ware rooms, will be found at all times a full and well assorted Stock of Agricultural Implements,

THE STUDEBAKER FARM WAGON,

Improved Single and Double Star Corn Shellers.
Improved Peacock Plows
Cast Steel Excelsior Plows,
Silver Steel Clipper Plows,
Partent Iron beam adjustable Plows,
SMUT MACHINES (THE EUREKA,) } All sizes, FEED CUTTERS,

COTTON AND HAY PRESSES.

Broad cast seed Sowers, wheat Drills, Sulka Cultivators, Horse Hay Rakes &c. &c.

Farmers can obtain from us Duplicates of any parts of machinery which may break, or wear t.

RUBLE & HIGHT,
Depot corner Market & 8th Streets,
CHATTANOOGA TENN.,
mar4—tf

THE MOUND CITY

Mutual Life Insurance Co.

OF ST. LOUIS, MO.

OFFICERS.

JAMES B. EADS, President.
A. M. BRITTON, Vice President.
S. W. LOMAX, Sec'y.
C. G. McHATTON, Gen'l Agent
J. D. JOHNSTON, Assistant Gen'l Agent.

ASSETS, JANUARY 1st, 1870, $500 000.

The Mound City Mutual Life Insurance Company offers itself as a candidate for public patronage, with such provisions incorporated in the basis of its organization as render it at the same time,

Liberal, Safe and Substantial.

OneHundred Thousand Dollars Deposited

For the Security of Policy Holders.

In conformity with the Law of Missouri, regulating the Insurance Department of the State,

THIS COMPANY ISSUES

All Classes of Policies, Which Become

NON-FORFEITABLE AFTER ONE ANNUAL PAYMENT

And is now paying handsome dividends. Its business during the year having increased 185 per cent. over that of the previous year.

GEORGE POINDEXTER,
State Agent,
Mobile, Ala.

ALEXANDER, & MORRIS Agents, Jacksonville

AUGUST 20, 1870.—1y.

J. & S. BONES & CO.

IMPORTERS OF & DEALERS IN

IRON and STEEL,

HARDWARE, CUTLERY, GUNS &c.

Rome Ga.,

In addition to keeping the largest Stock of HARDWARE in the Cherokee Country for Merchants supplies, are the Agents for

BLANDY'S CELEBRATED STEAM ENGINES & MILL

and can furnish at Manufactures prices, anything from a small size Saw Mill to a

LARGEST FLOURING MILL COMPLETE,

also Agents for CLEMANS' CORN and WHEAT MILL, which we keep in Store

[*READ HOME TESTIMONY.*]

NEAR CEDAR BLUFF Feb., 28, 187

MESSRS. J. & S. BONES, *Dear Sir:*

I have given the 16 inch Mill (Clemans) bought of you, a thorough test, and c but express myself perfectly satisfied. The power was the running gear fo my g which although in very bad order, was sufficient to grind *one bushel* (by the watch in *eleven minutes*, I find no trouble to do my grinding before breakfast. Several my neighbors were present at the time, and all were satisfied with the result, were astonished at the quantity and fine quality of the meal produced in so short time, I prefer the meal to any steam mill meal. The 16 inch mill I bought of for the Foster Farm, and used since the above was written proves equally satisfactory. It is a complete mill.

Yours Truly.
H. H. MILLER.

Upon all machinery sold by us we give a full guarantee. Send for catalogue and price list.

J. & S. BONES & CO.

apr15 1871—tf

Wholesale Or Retail

Clothing, Boots, Furnishing Goods &c.

J. SIMPSON,

No. 175 Market Street Near Frst National Bank,

CHATTANOOGA TENN.

Offer for sale the largest and complete assortment of Clothing, Furnishing Goods Boots, Shoes, Valises, Satchels, &c. &c. &c.

I keep a large and extensive Stock of the above articles, either wholesale, retail at the lowest cash price.

Wholesale buyers, and country dealers, are respectfully invited to call examine tassortmen and prices.

may13—1871 J. SIMPSON.

W. D. HOYT & CO.

Jobbers in Drugs, Medicines and Druggists Sundries,

No. 43, Broad Street,

Rome, Ga.

WHOLESALE AGENTS FOR

ROSADALIS,
CALIFORNIA VINEGAR BITTERS,
PLANTATION "
EDWARD WILDER & CO'S PREPARATIONS,
AYER & CO's "
PEMBERTON, TAYLOR & CO's "

White Lead & Linseed Oil.

All of which will be sold at MANUFACTURER'S PRICES.