DECEMBER

Jacksonville Republican
PUBLISHED, PRINTED & PUBLISHED, EVERY SATURDAY MORNING, BY
J. F. & J. W. GRANT.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.
For one year in advance, ...$3 00
For six months, " 1 75

TERMS OF ADVERTISING.
One square of 10 lines or less, first insertion, ... $1 00
Each subsequent insertion, ... 50
Over one square counted as two, &c.
Obituaries charged at advertising rates.

Annunciation of Candidates.
For County Offices, ... $5 00
For State Offices, ... $10 00

Jacksonville Republican.

"The Price of Liberty is Eternal Vigilance."

VOL. 34. JACKSONVILLE, ALA., DECEMBER 3. 1870. WHOLE NO 1756

RATES OF ADVERTISING.
For three, six, or twelve Months

One square of 10 lines,	3 months,	$7 50
" "	6 "	15 00
" "	12 "	25 00
One fourth column,	3 "	10 00
" " "	6 "	15 00
" " "	12 "	25 00
One half column,	3 "	25 00
" " "	6 "	35 00
" " "	12 "	50 00
One column,	3 "	40 00
" "	6 "	75 00
" "	12 "	100 00

Charges due and collectable quarterly.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

JOHN FOSTER. WM. H. FORNEY.
FOSTER & FORNEY,
Attorneys at Law,
Jacksonville Alabama.
WILL practice in the Counties of Calhoun, Talladega, Randolph, St. Clair, Cherokee, DeKalb and the Supreme Court of the State.
Dec. 23d, 1865.

JOE. H. FRANCIS.
ATTORNEY AT LAW
—AND—
GENERAL COLLECTING AGENTS.
Gadsden .....Alabama.
WILL practice in Etowah and adjoining counties. Special attention given to the filing petitions in Bankruptcy. Will prosecute claims against the Government for Bounty, Back pay, &c.

O. G. ELLIS. J. M. CALDWELL
ELLIS & CALDWELL,
Attorneys at Law,
AND
Solicitor in Chancery.
JACKSONVILLE, ALA.
HAVING associated themselves in the practice of Law, will practice together, except in CRIMINAL CASES, in the counties Calhoun, Talledega, St. Clair, Randolph Cherokee and DeKalb.
Jan. 6, 1866.

H. J. TURNLEY, G. I. TURNLEY
H. J. & G. I. TURNLEY,
Attorneys at Law
AND
Solicitors in Chancery
General Collecting Agents.
JACKSONVILLE, ALA.
WILL practice Law in the counties of Calhoun, Talladega, Randolph, Cleburne, Cherokee, Baine, St. Clair and DeKalb, in the Supreme Court of the State, and in the U. S District Court, Northern and Middle Division of Alabama.

JOHN W INZER LEROY F. BOX.
INZER & BOX,
Attorneys at Law,
AND
Solicitors in Chancery
ASHVILLE, Ala.
WILL practice in all the Courts of St Clair, Calhoun, Talladega, Shelby, Jefferson, Blount, DeKalb, Cherokee & Marshall; also in the Supreme Court of the State. Prompt attention given.

H. L. STEVENSON,
Attorney at Law,
JACKSONVILLE. Ala.

M. E. THORNTON,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
EDWARDSVILLE. Cleburne Co. Ala.
WILL practice in Cleburne, Calhoun, Clay and Randolph counties.
Jan. 22, 1870.—1y.

December 12, 1868.
PHOTOGRAPHS, AMBROTYPES, &c.
E. GOODE, Artist,
(Formerly of Ashville, Ala.)
Rooms first door north of E. L. Woodward's Store. June 16, 1866

THE ATLAS MUTUAL
Life Insurance
Company,
ST LOUIS, Mo.
Assets, $600,000.
IS represented in this district by J. M. RENFRO. It is strictly speaking, a Home company—having located in a Western city, and having large investments in our own State. We claim for the Atlas advantages superior to all other companies Doing business in this State, in this, that all of its policies are non-forfeitable from date of first payment, and no restrictions as to residence, occupation, &c
June 26. 1869.—tf.

DR. M. W. FRANCIS,
HAS resumed the duties of his profession in all its branches. Office, N. W. Corner of Public Square,
JACKSONVILLE, ALA.
November 18, 1865—tf.

HOTELS.

Planter's Hotel:
JACKSONVILLE, ALA.
THE undersigned having leased the large and commodious Brick Building, on the north-east corner of the public square in Jacksonville, and refurnished and fitted it up in good style, are now prepared to accommodate permanent boarders and transient customers in the best style the country affords. No pains or expense will be spared for the comfort and accommodation of those who may favor them with their patronage.
Comfortable Hack to carry passengers to and from the depot free of charge. Also, Buggies or Barouches to carry passengers to any point desired.
ROBERT ALEXANDER & SON.
Jacksonville, Nov. 6, 1869.

TENNESSEE HOUSE
Rome, Ga.
J. A. STANSBURY, PROP'R.
Most convenient Hotel to Rail Road Depots.
Mar. 12, 1870—tf

W. C. D. WHIPS. J. N. WILLARD.
WILLARD HOTEL
WHIPS & WILLARD,
Proprietors.
J. A PATRICK, Clerk.
DICK CHILES, Clerk.
S. E. Cor. Centre & Jefferson Sts.,
LOUISVILLE, Ky
October 23, 1869.—1y.

BLANKS.
OF EVERR DESCRIPTION.
For Sale at this office.

WILLIAM ROTHROCK,
BOOKSELLER
AND
STATIONER,
DEALER IN
MUSIC & MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS,
Broad Street. SELMA, Alabama.
Dec. 11, 1869—1y.

5 FIRST PRIZE MEDALS AWARDED.

THE GREAT
Southern Piano
MANUFACTURY.
WM. KNABE & CO.
MANUFACTURERS OF
GRAND, SQUARE AND UPRIGHT
PIANO FORTES
BALTIMORE, MD.
These Instruments have been before the public for nearly Thirty Years, and upon their excellence alone attained an unparalleled pre-eminence, which pronounces them unequaled. Their
TONE
combines great power, sweetness and fine singing quality, as well as great purity of intonation and Sweetness throughout the entire scale. Their
TOUCH
is pliant and elastic, and entirely free from the stiffness found in so many Pianos
IN WORKMANSHIP
they are unequalled using none but the very best SEASONED MATERIAL, the large capital employed in our business enabling us to keep continually an immense stock of lumber, &c, on hand.
☞All our SQUARE PIANOS, have our New Improved Over Strung Scale and the AGRAFFE TREBLE.
☞We would call special attention to our late improvements in GRAND PIANOS AND SQUARE GRANDS, Patented August 14, 186-, which bring the Piano nearer perfection than has yet been attained.
Every Piano fully warranted for 5 Years.
We have made arrangements for the SOLE WHOLESALE AGENCY for the most celebrated PARLOR ORGANS AND MELODEONS, which we offer, Wholesale and Retail, at Lowest Factory Prices.
WM. KNABE & CO.
Baltimore, Md.
Sept17—6m.

DR. J. BRADFIELD'S
FEMALE REGULATOR,
"WOMAN'S BEST FRIEND,"
Will bring on the Menses when they have not been established, also when they have been suppressed from unnatural causes.—Will cure Rheumatism and Neuralgia of the back and womb. Will cure painful Menstruation, and relieve the head, back and loins of those distressing pains and aches. Will check hemorrhagia or 'excessive flow.' Will cure "Whites" and falling of the womb, when it is the result of relaxation or bad health.
It is as sure a cure in all the above diseases as Quinine is in Chills and Fever
Ladies can cure themselves of all the above diseases without reading their complaints to any person, which is always mortifying to their pride and modesty.
It is recommended and used by the best physicians in their private practice.
For a history of the above diseases, certificates of its wonderful cures and directions the reader is referred to the wrapper around the bottle. Manufactured and sold by
BRADFIELD & CO., Atlanta Ga.
Sold by all Druggists. Price $1.50.
apr30-1870—1y.

THE EFFEL'S UNRIVALLED
AMERICAN
DOUBLE TURBINE
WATER WHEEL,
Mill Gearing, Shafting & Pulleys
STEAM ENGINES & BOILERS.
POOLE & HUNT, BALTIMORE, Md.
SEND FOR A CIRCULAR.
GEO. C. SWIFT. E.M. BYRNE, J. ERHART.
SWIFT, BYRNE & ERHART,
(Successors to DENNIS, SWIFT & CO.,)
At the Large Safe & Convenient
COTTON WAREHOUSE,
FOOT OF WATER STREET,
SELMA, Alabama.
☞Cotton sent to us, will be weighed correctly, and stored promptly.
☞No drayage on Cotton Shipped by Railroads or Steamboats.
☞Good Camp House and Stables for our Waggon Customers.
July 30, 1870.—6m.

CALL AT THE
Old Hotel,
West Side of the Public Square,
Jacksonville, Ala.
WHICH has been repaired, refurnished and refitted up, especially for the comfort of those who may favor us with a call. Rooms large and comfortable—fare good as the country affords—servants polite and attentive—charges reasonable.
Can accommodate a dozen or two regular boarders.
J. D. HAMMOND,
Dec. 18, '69—1y. Proprietor.

Railroad Warehouse,
ROME, GA.
HAVING leased the large and commodious Warehouse immediately on the Selma, R. & D. Railroad, and taken out an open policy of insurance, I am now prepared to store, sell or ship COTTON on very liberal terms. Being located immediately on the line of Railroad no drayage will be charged on cotton to or from the depot—50 cents per bale per month will cover all charges including weighing, marking and delivery. Being possessed of the above advantages, together with a long experience in the cotton business, I respectfully ask a liberal patronage from my many friends who read the Jacksonville Republican.
J. J. VANDIVER.
Oct. 8, 1870.—3m.

Lime
For sale at Seymour's Mill.
Nov. 5, 2870.

FRUIT TREES SMALL FRUITS,
Ornamental Trees and Plants,
Choice Garden & Field Seeds &c
A splendid stock of the choicest varieties.
Send for Descriptive Catalogues and Priced List.
All Trees well packed so as to carry safely to any part of the United States.
Small Fruits & Small Plants
of all kinds, sent by mail, postage paid, to any Post Office in the United States.
EDWD J. EVANS & CO.,
Nurserymen and Seedsmen,
YORK PA.

Desirable House and Lot
For Sale.
THE House and Lot in Jacksonville, Ala., recently occupied by J. J. Aderholt, situated on the street leading from the spring to the public square, convenient to the spring and also to the business part of the town.
The lot is well improved with dwelling house and convenient out-houses.
For examination of the premises, and terms which will be made favorable, call on J. W. Hughes of Jacksonville, or the owners Z. & J. Y. HENDERSON,
Sulpher Springs.
Sept17-1870—tf.

IRON PIPE
For Sale.
ALL kinds and sizes of wrought and cast Iron Pipe.
All sizes and every variety of FITTINGS.
Steam and Gas Fitting and Plumming done to order.
TAR For Sale at the Rome, Ga. Gas orks, at $4 00 per barrel. H. A. GARTRELL & CO.
jan. 22, 1870.—ly Proprietors.

Do not fail to read this advertisement carefully, for it concerns you personally.
THE BARNWELL LEDGER,
A large thirty-two column Family Newspaper, containing in every issue, besides advertisements, over twenty columns of choice reading matter;
CONSISTING OF
Beautiful Stories, Sketches, Hints to Farmers, Poetry, Wit and Humor, Editorials and contributions from able writers on the leading topics of the day, News Items, Telegraphic News, and everything else that interests the general reader.
The Ledger is not merely a local paper, but a Family paper, to be read with interest in any section of the country. Do not fail to send for a sample copy, which will be forwarded to any address, free of charge, so that they may see that the Ledger is all that it is represented to be. Single subscription ($1 50) one dollar and a half per annum. Remit by mail, at publisher's risk, or go to Mr. J. F. Grant, the proprietor of the Republican, and pay $3, the subscription price of the Republican, and he will send you the Ledger for one year free of charge. A sample copy can also be always seen at his office.

MRS. M. E. ROWLAND
Is now receiving her
Fall and Winter
MILLINERY,
EXTRA IN PRICE & QUALITY this season.
A well selected stock of NOTIONS, which I can sell cheaper than any one.
LADIES KID GLOVES, $1 25 to 1 50 per pair.
Fine assortment of Latest styles of
JEWELRY,
COMING IN NEW EVERY WEEK.
I shall keep a desirable Lot of DRESS GOODS this season: also, Plaids, Silk Poplins and the Buffalo Brand Elk Aprons, Dresses and Children's suits made to order.
Latest Patterns and best of hands. Materials and trimmings always on hand for use
Agent also for WILSON'S IMPROVED MACHINE, only $30, on Credit — or one hundred dollars for Cash. Each machine warranted to be the best work of its time now in use. Oct 29 1870

Circuit Court, Special Term,
FOR CLEBURNE COUNTY.
NOTICE is hereby given, that I will hold a Special Term of the Circuit Court of Cleburne county, to continue one week, commencing on the 2nd Monday in December, 1870.
Clerk will see that Juries are drawn and subpœnaed for said special term.
WM. L. WHITLOCK, Judge.
Oct. 29, 1870.—td.

Dr. LAWRENCE,
Dentist.

Is located at Jacksonville, Ala., and is possessed of the best appliances in his profession, to be found in the State.
If you wish your teeth put in order and kept so; give him the care of them.
If you want teeth extracted with as little pain as possible, and with *Perfect certainty of success* call on him.
If your children's teeth are irregular and ugly, between the ages of 8, and 15 years, consult him or some other well informed Dentist.
If you have lost your Natural teeth, and wish the best substitute you can get, call on Dr. L.
Office at his Cottage Residence, quarter of a mile from the Court House.
july 30, 1870.—tf.

TO THE WORKING CLASS.—We are now prepared to furnish all classes with constant employment at home, the whole of the time or for the spare moments. Business new, light and profitable. Persons of either sex easily earn from 50c. to $5 per evening, and a proportional sum by devoting their whole time to the business. Boys and girls earn nearly as much as men. That all who see this notice may send their address, and test the business, we make this unparalleled offer: To such as are not well satisfied, we will send $1 to pay for the trouble of writing. Full particulars, a valuable sample which will do to commence work on, and a copy of *The People's Literary Companion*—one of the largest and family newspapers published—all sent free by mail. Reader, if you want permanent, profitable work, address E. C ALLEN CO., Augusta, Maine.
may5-1870.

TO PHYSIGIANS.
NEW YORK, August 15th, 1868.
Allow me to call your attention to my
Preparation of Compound Extract Buchu
The component parts are B. CHU, LONG LEAF, CUBEBS, JUNIPER BERRIES.
MODE OF PREPARATION.—Buchu, in vacuo, Juniper Berries, by distillation, to form a fine gin. Cubebs extracted by displacement with spirits obtained from Juniper Berries; very little sugar is used, and a small proportion of spirit. It is more palatable than any now in use.
Buchu, as prepared by Druggists is of a dark color. It is a plant that emits its fragrance; the action of flame destroys this (its active principle), leaving a dark and glutinous decoction Mine is the color of ingredients. The Buchu in my preparation predominates, the smallest quantity of the other ingredients are added, to prevent fermentation; upon inspection, it will be found not to be a Tincture, as made in Pharmacopœa, nor is it a Syrup—and therefore can be used in cases where fever or inflammation exist. In this, you have the knowledge of the ingredients and the mode of preparation.
Hoping that you will favor it with a trial, and that upon inspection it will meet with your approbation
With a feeling of confidence,
I am, very respectfully,
H T. HELM'BOLD,
Chemist and Druggist,
of 16 Years' Experience

[From the Largest Manufacturing Chemist in the World.]
NOVEMBER 4, 1854.
"I am acquainted with Mr. H. T. HELMBOLD; he occupied the Drug Store opposite my residence, and was successful in conducting the business where others had not been equally so before him. I have been favorably impressed with his character and enterprise,"
WILLIAM WEIGHTMAN,
Firm of Powers & Weightmann,
Manufacturing Chemists,
Ninth and Brown streets, Philadelphia.

Helmbold's Fluid Extract Buchu
Is the great specific for Universal Lassitude, Prostration, &c.
The constitution, once affected with Organic Weakness, requires the aid of Medicine to strengthen and invigorate the system which HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU invariably does. If no treatment is submitted to, Consumption or insanity ensues.

In affections peculiar to Females, is unequaled by any other preparation, as in Chlorosis or Retention, Painfulness, or Suppression of Customary Evacuations, Ulceration or Schirrus State of the Uterus, and all complaints incident to the sex, or the decline of life

Helmbold's Fluid Extract Buchu and Improved Rose Wash
Will radically exterminate from the system diseases arising from habits of dissipation at little expense, little or no change in diet no inconvenience or exposure completely superceding those unpleasant and dangerous remedies, Copaiva and Mercury, in all these diseases.

Use Helmbold's Fluid Extract Buchu
In all diseases of the organs, whether existing in male or female, from whatever cause originating, and no matter of how long standing. It is pleasant in taste and odor, immediate in action, and more strengthening than any of the preparations of Bark or Iron.

Those suffering from broken-down or delicate constitutions, procure the remedy at once.

The reader must be aware that, however slight may be the attack of the above diseases, it is certain to affect the bodily health and mental powers.
All the above diseases require the aid of a Diuretic. HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU is the great Diuretic.

Sold by Druggists everywhere Price—$1,25 per bottle, or 6 bottles for $6,50. Delivered to any address. Describe symptoms in all communications.
Address
H. T HELMBOLD,
Drug and Chemical Warehouse,
594 Broadway, New York.

None are Genuine
Unless done up in steel-engraved wrapper, with fac-simile of my Chemical Warehouse, and signed
H. T. HELMBOLD.

From the Montgomery Mail.]

Alabama Legislature.

THURSDAY, Nov. 24, 1870.

No session of the Legislature on this day, it being Thanks-giving day.

SENATE.

FRIDAY, Nov. 25, 1870.

The Senate was called to order at 12 M. by Senator Barr, acting President.

Prayer by Senator Lambert, of Coosa.

A joint resolution was received from the House inviting the Senate to assemble in the hall of the House at 2 o'clock to-day for the purpose of counting the votes for State officers.

The acting President had read a communication which he had written to the Speaker of the House, inviting that body to assemble in the Senate Chamber on Saturday to witness the opening and counting of the votes.

Mr. Worthy in isted that the invitation of the House should be accepted and the votes counted at once.

Mr. Coon was in favor of delaying the count till Saturday.

Mr. Sibley favored the immediate counting of the votes.

Mr. Oliver thought the President of the Senate should be allowed to fix his own time for the count.

Mr. Pennington did not think the votes ought to be counted until the outgoing Governor sends in his message, provided it is done within the time prescribed by law for the counting to take place.

Mr. Farden advocated the counting of the vote on Saturday.

Mr. Barr said he proposed to count the vote on Saturday because he felt that courtesy demanded that Governor Smith should have an opportunity to send in his message before the vote was counted, and he was disposed to adhere to his intention of delaying the count till Saturday.

Mr. McAfee thought it only fair to presume that the presiding officer of the Senate had sufficient reason for desiring to delay the count till Saturday.

Mr. Pennington offered a joint resolution that the two houses assemble in the hall of the House at 12 o'clock to morrow for the purpose of counting the votes.

Mr. Barr said the whole discussion was out of order, as he undoubtedly had the right to fix the day and hour within the time prescribed by law for counting the vote.

It was finally decided that the Senate will assemble with the House, at one o'clock on Saturday, in the Representative Hall, for the purpose of counting the vote for Governor and other State officers.

House bill to postpone the collection of the additional ten per cent. from defaulting tax-payers until the first of March next, was taken up and referred to a special committee, of which Mr. McAfee is chairman.

On motion, the Senate adjourned till 10 o'clock to-morrow morning.

HOUSE.

CALL OF COUNTIES.

Mr Doster, a bill to amend section 69 of the election laws. (Provides that when an ineligible person is unseated, the vacancy shall be filled by election by order of the Governor.)

Mr. Smith, of Choctaw, a bill to amend section 1285 of the Revised Code.

Mr. Calloway, a bill to amend section 1282 of the Revised Code.

Mr. Carmichael, a bill to repeal an act entitled an act to suppress murders, lynchings, &c.

Mr. Oats, to protect the rights of innocent purchasers in certain cases.

Mr. Dewitt, to repeal the act authorizing the publication of the laws of the State.

Also to repeal the act to regulate the publication of legal and other notices in certain new papers.

Mr. Toomer, to fix appropriations for the fiscal yea, ending September 30, 1870.

Mr. Rauler, to repeal the act amendatory of the revenue law of the State.

Mr. ——, to amend section 14 of the act in relation to the chancery courts of the State. Passed.

Mr. Rice, to compel executors, administrators, &c., to make final settlements.

Mr Boyd, to amend section 3753 of the Revised Code.

Mr. Straton, to amend section 12 of the act providing for elections in Mobile.

Mr. Burger, for the securing of agricultural laborers in their wages.

Mr. Perrin, to fix the pay of members at five dollars per day.

Mr. McCall, to amend section 2 of the act amendatory of the act establishing revenue laws for the State.—[Relieves railroad companies from the penalty of demult.]

All three bills, not otherwise distinguished, were read one time, and ordered to a second reading to morrow.

The bill offered yesterday to restrict the sale of personal property in certain cases was read a second time and referred.

A message was received from the President of the Senate, inviting the House to the Senate Chamber to witness the official opening of the votes polled at the late election for State officers at one o'clock P. M. to-morrow.

The House proceeded to act upon the message of the President of the Senate, appointing 1 o'clock to-morrow as the time to count the vote for Executive officers; but postponed consideration until another message was received.

A message was received from the Senate announcing that that body would meet the House in joint convention in the hall of the House at 1 P. M. on Saturday, 26th inst. to open and count the vote for State officers at the recent election.

The message was concurred in.

Mr. Bulger was substituted in the place of Mr. Toomer, who would be absent on the special committee to investigate the Talladega contested election case.

Mr, Williams, of Montgomery, a resolution instructing the committee on Privileges and Elections to enquire whether any members are ineligible under the 14th amendment. Adopted.

Mr. Tounbin, a bill to repeal a certain act in relation to laborers and employees. Read once.

Mr. Carmichael, a bill to repeal an act regulating the publication of legal notices in certain counties. Read one time.

House adjourned to 10 o'clock to-morrow morning.

From the Montgomery Advertiser.]

SENATE.

SATURDAY, Nov. 26, 1870.

REPORTS OF COMMITTEES.

The special committee to whom was referred the House bill to postpone the collection of ten per cent. additional from defaulting tax payers until March 1st, 1870, reported a substitute changing the time for collecting said penalty till December 31, 1870. Adopted, yeas 20, nays 2.

Mr. Richards, a resolution that the present standing committees of the Senate shall remain as now constituted for the remainder of the session.

Mr. Worthy, appealed to the Senate not to act so discourteously to the incoming Lieut. Governor as to anticipate his rights as to the appointment of standing committees.

Mr. Farden and Mr. Jones also opposed the resolution and on the latter's motion the resolution was laid on the table.

The Senate took a recess until 12-45 P. M. and upon re-assembling.

Mr. Pennington offered a resolution for the election of State Printer on Monday next the 28th, inst. at 12 M.

Without disposing of the resolution the Senate proceeded at one o'clock to the Hall of the House for the purpose of counting the votes for the various State Officers. The result can be seen in the House proceedings.

HOUSE.

CALL OF COUNTIES.

Mr. Doster, to amend Section 11 of the Act to establish Revenue Laws for the State.

Mr. Powell, to repeal the act to suppress secret organizations, &c.

Also, to repeal the act regulating the publication of legal notices in Alabama.

Also, to amend Section first of the act appointing a guardian *ad litem* for each county.

Also, to repeal sections 2 and 3 of the act to suppress secret organizations.

Mr. Bullock, to repeal the act authorizing the publication of legal notices.

Also, to repeal the amendment to the act regulating the publication of legal and other notices.

Also, to amend Sec. 3709, of the Code.

Also, to abolish County Courts.

Mr. Hewitt, a resolution that the credentials of A. C. Wood, sitting member from Talladega be referred to a special committee.

Also, a bill to repeal a certain section of an act protecting the wages of laborers and employees.

Also, a bill to repeal an act, amending Section 4063 of the Revised Code.

Also, a bill to repeal an act amending Section 2351 of the Revised Code.

Mr. Taylor, of Lauderdale, a bill to regulate the fees of Administrators and Executors.

Mr. Raisler, a bill to amend section 3439 of the Revised Code.

Mr. Rice, a bill to compel Executors and Administrators and Guardians to make annual settlements.

Mr. Boyd, a bill authorizing certain officers to collect their fees.

Mr. Semmes, a bill to repeal the act to relieve the disabilities of divorced people.

Mr. Davis, to repeal the act repealing sub-division 17 of the Revised Code. All read one time, and ordered to a third reading to-morrow.

House took recess to 12-45 P. M.

The House re-assembled at 12-45 P. M.

At 1 P. M. the Senate was received in the Hall of the House for the purpose of counting the vote for State officers cast at the election on the 8th of November.

Mr. Barr, presiding officer of the Senate, announced that he had received the packages containing the returns from the various counties, but was by injunction restrained from counting the vote for Governor and Treasurer.

The following is the injunction order in relation to the Governor. That in relation to the Treasurer is the same, except that it was obtained through an order of Judge Pelham.

State of Alabama. In the Chancery Court for the second district of the Southern Chancery division of the State of Alabama at Montgomery, Alamama

To the Presiding officer of the Senate, Hon. R. N. Barr:

Whereas, Wm. H. Smith has this day filed his bill of complaint against you as defendant, praying among other things for an injunction commanding and enjoining you, the said R. N. Barr, from proceeding as the presiding officer of the Senate, of the General Assembly of Alabama, to the opening and publishing of the returns of the election for Governor, held on the 8th of November, 1870, in the State of Alabama; and refrain therefrom until the further order of this Court; and, whereas, the said complainant upon proper application made to the Hon. B. F. Saffold, Judge of the Supreme Court of the State, did, on the 28th of November, 1870, obtain an order from the said B. F. Saffold, Judge as aforesaid, commanding the issuing of an injunction, in accordance with the prayer of said bill, upon the Complainant entering into bond, &c.; and the said Complainant having filed his bond as required by said order; and the same having been approved by me.

Now, these are to command you the presiding officer as aforesaid, the Hon. R N. Barr, as presiding officer of the General Assembly of Alabama, to desist and refrain from opening and publishing the returns of the elections for Governor held on the 8th of November, 1870, in the State of Alabama until the further order of this Court; And this you shall in no wise omit, and this injunction in no wise disregard, under the penalties of the law.

Witness, J. W. Hughes, Register of our said Court of Chancery, in Chancery at office, this 28th day of November, 1870.

(Signed,) J. W. HUGHES.

[The bills of Governor Smith and Treasurer Bingham, praying for injunctions to restrain the count for Governor and Treasurer, are signed by Messrs. Sam'l F. Rice, Lewis E. Parsons and Alexander White, and alledge that fraud and intimidation were resorted to in certain localities in the State to prevent a fair election.]

The votes were then opened with the following result,

FOR LIEUT. GOVERNOR.

E. H. Moren	78,681
Pierce Burton	74,304
Moren's majority	4,377

FOR SECRETARY OF STATE.

J. J. Parker	76,997
Jas. T. Rapier	72,538
Parker's majority	4,459

FOR ATTORNEY GENERAL.

J. W. A. Sanford	77,736
Joshua Morse	74,313
Sanford's majority	3,423

HOUSE.

The returns from Baker and Washington were not in. The returns from Russell, were not signed by a majority of the Board of Supervisors, and the President said he did not feel authorized to count the vote of that county.

He then ordered the returns to be sent to the Secretary of State's office, there to remain and await process of law in the cases of Governor and Treasurer.

Mr. Barr proclaimed Messrs. Moren, Parker and Sanford, legally elected to the offices of Lieut. Governor, Secretary of State and Attorney General.

Mr. Mabry of the Senate offered the following joint resolution:

Resolved by the General Assembly in joint Convention assembled, That the oath of office be now administered to the Hon. E. H. Moren, Lieutenant Governor elect, and that he be invited as President of the Senate to preside over the deliberations of this body.

The presiding officer, Mr. Barr, ruled the resolution out of order and that the business for which this Convention assembled had been disposed of and invited the Senate to return to its Chamber. Mr. Hubbard, Speaker of the House, thereupon assumed the duties of President of the Convention.

Mr. Lowe moved that the Lieut. Governor be immediately installed in office.

Mr. Oates suggested that it only required a majority of the General Assembly to be present at the counting of the vote for Governor and Treasurer and that the majority was present.

Mr. Lindsay, of Monroe, moved that a committee of three be appointed to wait upon the Lieut. Governor and conduct him to the chair. Messrs. Lindsay, Lowe and Oates were appointed the committee.

In a few moments, Mr. Moren appeared and the Speaker of the House, announced that Judge M. J. Saffold had administered the oath of office to Mr. Moren and that he was the Lieut. Governor of Alabama. Mr. Moren added that he was ready for business and to preside over this joint convention.

Mr. Lowe of Madison offered the following resolution:

Be it resolved, by the General Assembly of the State, That we demand in behalf of the people of Alabama that the popular vote cast on the 8th of November, for Governor and Treasurer of the State of Alabama be now opened and counted by the President of the Senate, in accordance with the provisions of the Constitution and laws of said State, and the result thereof be duly and officially announced and published to the people of the State.

The resolution was unanimously adopted.

The Presiding officer appointed Mr Phelan, Clerk of the House, to wait upon the Secretary of State and ask that the votes be returned. Mr. Phelan retired in a few moments brought in the package containing the votes.

Mr. Oates offered a resolution which was adapted for a Sergeant at-Arms to find absent Senators and bring them to the House. Adopted.

The Secretary of the Senate having absented himself with the Senators, Mr. Moren, appointed Mr M. Taul, to assist Mr. Phelan, Clerk of the House.

A roll of the two houses was called, Mr. Worthy and Mr. Sibley of the Senate were present and seventy-three members of the House. It requiring only a majority of the General Assembly to be present, and 67 being that number.

Mr. Moren proceeded to open and count the vote with the following result:

FOR GOVERNOR.

W. H. Smith	76,292
R. B. Lindsay	77,721
Lindsay's majority	1,429

FOR TREASURER.

Arthur Bingham	74,376
J. F. Grant	76,902
Grant's majority	2,526

He declared Mr. Lindsay and Mr. Grant duly elected for the term prescribed by law.

Mr. Sibley, Senator from Madison, moved that a committee of three be appointed to wait upon the Hon. R. B. Lindsay, Governor elect, and inform him of the result of the vote and bring him before the Convention,

The President appointed Senators Worthy and Sibley and Representative Lowe as the committee

They retired and in a few moments returned with Mr. Lindsay, who, was received with loud cheers,

The President introduced him to the Convention. He made a few remarks pledging himself to obey the Constitution and the laws, and to protect the rights and interest of all the people of Alabama.

The oath of office was then administered to him by Mr. Speaker Hubbard.

Mr. Grant was introduced to the Convention, who, in a short speech, pledged himself to a faithful discharge of duty.

The President of the Convention, Mr. Moren, and the Senators present then retired to the Senate, and the House adjourned until 10 o'clock Manday morning.

From the Montgomery Mail.]

Board of Education.

On Thursday at 10 a. m., the Board met pursuant to adjournment, Cloud in the chair. As soon as the body was called to order, Dr. Cloud handed a paper to the Secretary to read, embodying his protest against Col. Hodgson taking his seat. He then withdrew, as he had been already notified that the Board would no longer recognize him. Upon motion of Mr. Comegys, a committee of two was appointed to wait upon the new Superintendent and conduct him to the chair.

Messrs. Comegys and Speed were appointed as the committee. Col. Hodgson upon taking the chair as President, made the following address, which was ordered to be spread upon the minutes, after which the Board adjourned:

Gentlemen of the Board of Education:

In assuming the office of Superintendent of Public Instruction, to which I have been elected by the people of Ala. it becomes my duty to preside over the deliberation of this Board. The weight of responsibility which rests upon me in executing the duties of my office is fully appreciated, and the necessity for a reliance upon your intelligence, your generosity and your patriotism is fully understood. The interests of public education in our beloved State are in your hands far more than in mine. You are the law-making power. I am your ministerial officer. Whilst my duty to the people of Alabama, who have so kindly called me to this chair, as well as my own ardent inclination, impels me to a rigid and faithful execution of the educational laws of the State, it must be borne in mind that all the labors of the Superintendent will be futile unless the laws enacted by you are based upon equity, economy, liberality, and a patriotism which looks beyond sect, creed or party.

The interests committed to your hands by the Constitution of Alabama are of transcendent importance. They absorb two-thirds of the revenue of the State. They affect the temporal and eternal welfare of one million of souls. They are not to be approached with the heat of a partisan or with the brain of a bigot. They are not to be evaded or discarded in a spirit of factious contention or of intolerable prejudice. Outside of this chamber, the storms of party may beat; but, inside of it, let us not cease and let reason assert her highest prerogatives! We have a holy work to perform, immeasurably grand in its purposes, and, it should be, immeasurably beneficent in its results. Let us enter upon that work as patriots, & as philanthropists, lovers of our State and country, who recognize in education the doorway to happiness and prosperity—and lovers of our kind, who watch the developments of the human mind and of the human heart, with pride for the capacity of our nature and gratitude for the Author of our Being!

The world is advancing with rapid strides. Thought has become more and more intensified as the years have rolled around. The arts and sciences have increased and spread with such prolific growth that what our fathers regarded as novel we have learned to look upon as trite or as effete. In every department of knowledge the discoveries of to-day have reversed the hypothesis of yesterday or have elevated them into immutable theories. Mankind is moving onward and upward, day by day, to newer discoveries, to more startling developments and to more apprehensive ideas. We must move with others. The errors of yesterday must be discarded for the truths which stare us in the face to day. The whole people must be educated. Our systems of instruction should commensurate with our systems of humanity and of religion, covering all races and conditions of the people. It is commanded by the laws of civilization, the laws of our nature, no less than by the laws of the State. In administering those laws, it becomes our duty to lop off whatever has proven detrimental in the past, and to add whatever our advancing experience may prove beneficial in the present. I confidently expect the members of this Board to revise our whole system of Public Instruction and better adapt it to the wants and necessities of our present condition. Let our energies be concentrated, and let our resources be husbanded and expended as far as possible upon *the teachers of schools!* Let us force our officers and assistants to understand that this department is not an eleemosynary institution for *their* benefit, but that it demands the highest exertions of intelligence and industry. We want no *sine-cures*. We want earnest, laborious men, and laws which will induce such men to enter upon the field of education and devote every energy of their souls to the noblest duties of life. We want our public schools so improved and elevated that they may attract the children of the rich as well as of the poor. We want our corps superintendents and trustees to labor for the cause of education, not only within but outside their official duties. We want a popular interest aroused for the establishment and endowment of schools. We want private endowments for our normal schools, colleges and university, in addition to the State fund. We want the University restored to its former, and even a better condition, and to see our gallant sons returning from the colleges of other States to commune and compete with each other upon our own soil.

To secure these results will require the friendly co-operation of all the members of this Board. When you once show the people of Alabama that you rise above the prejudices and demands of party, and are ready to meet the grave questions devolving upon you for solution upon the elevated plain of a catholic charity, you will find which was difficult yesterday will prove easy to-morrow. You will find the people coming forward to meet you halfway in the work of popular education. You will find in every city and village, in every hamlet and nook and dell of our State, men who, if they have not the means, possess at least the heart of a Peabody.

It is our duty to educate the colored children of our State equally with the white. In order the more thoroughly to do so, I submit to you whether an appeal should not be made by you and the General Assembly to the Congress of the United States for an appropriation of public lands to the school system of our State. The fund arising from the appropriation made to us many years ago by Congress, when the advantages of the schools were confined to but one race, is entirely inadequate since they have been extended to all races.

You know our wants and you know the duty devolved upon us by the Constitution of the State. Let us see to it that we discharge that duty honestly and intelligently. The eyes of all the people are upon us. If we do well, we receive their thanks. If we fail in our duty, we will justly receive their disapprobation and censure. With a deep conviction of the responsibilities which rest upon us, I ask in our behalf the sympathies and support of the whole people of Alabama, and I invoke upon our deliberations the blessinge of Almighty God.

Jacksonville Republican.

JACKSONVILLE, ALA.,

Saturday, December 3. 1870.

All citizens of Calhoun County, without regard to party, who are opposed to the REVOLUTIONARY measures, set on foot at Montgomery, to thwart the will of the people of Alabama, as recently expressed at the ballot box, are requested to meet in Jacksonville, on Monday next, (5th) at 2 o'clock.

"THE PEOPLE."

The situation at Montgomery remains unchanged, except that the U. S. soldiers have been withdrawn from the capitol and a Sheriff's posse of negroes substituted instead. This body of men guard the approaches to the Governor's and Treasurer's rooms, in which the old incumbents are sleeping and taking their meals. Governor Lindsay is performing the duties of his office and so far, it seems, has made no attempt to eject from the Governor's rooms the person claiming to be Governor, now occupying them. The negroes are preferred to white men, because their presence in the capitol will *more* likely produce a conflict, and a conflict of arms would give Congress a pretext for a supplementary reconstruction of Alabama. Of course, in such a conflict, none would suffer but the negro dupes of ex-Gov. Smith and his co-conspirators.

Wm. H. Smith has, in this transaction, revealed himself as a man who would, if he could, possess himself of the office of Governor, at the sacrifice of human life. We have known him in the character of false witness, spy, traitor, renegade; but before had not supposed him capable of blood guiltiness. How far his pretensions may affect Gov. Lindsay's claims to the office, no one can tell. In that Smith and Bingham will not perform the duty of Governor and Treasurer two years longer in Alabama is dead certain. It requires a man of more nerve and brain than Wm. H. Smith, to play successfully the game he is now figuring in.

THE LEGISLATURE.—We publish this week, on the outside of the paper, so much of the Proceedings of the Legislature as relates to the extraordinary and revolutionary course of the conspirators at the capitol. Since Monday very little has been done. The Senate meets only to adjourn and the wheels of government are pretty effectually stopped for the present. The House passed a resolution of enquiry as to the presence of soldiers in the capitol and sent it to the Senate; but that branch of the Legislature took no notice of it. One bill has passed both houses and Gov. Lind has signed it.

We give up most of our space this week to matter relating to the conspiracy at Montgomery, believing that the people are more deeply interested in this affair than news from any other quarter, as the liberties of the people of Alabama depend on the issue.

The situation across the waters appears more pacific than for some time back.—It is not likely that Russia will push her demands to war, and German unity being accomplished, Bismark will distinguish more readily to a speedy close of the France-Prussian war.

Cotton in New York, Dec. 1st, dull at 16c for uplands. Gold, $1.09.

Gov. Lindsay's Address.

From the Mont. Adv. Nov. 27th 1870.

The following are the remarks of Gov. Lindsay, before taking the oath of office yesterday evening.

Gentlemen of the Senate and House of Representatives.

I assure you I am deeply impressed with the grave responsibilities devolved upon me, yet encouraged and strengthened by the reflection that the powers of the executive are limited by constitutional restrictions. I approach the discharge of my official duties with the animating hope that my part in the administration of the Government will receive both the sanction of my own conscience and the approbation of the generous and patriotic people of Alabama.

The History of American Government furnishes the solemn admonition, that in a constant and inflexible adherence to the letter and spirit of the organic Law, is to be found the only sure and safe guarantee of the rights and liberties of the people. Zealously cherishing this as a cardinal principle of my political faith, I will earnestly and diligently seek to conform my official conduct to the requirements of that constitution under which I have been elected, and am about to take an oath to support.

Ardent and devoted as I am in my political and party attachment, I will not forget that I am the Governor of Alabama,—of all the people of Alabama, and will studiously endeavor to guard and maintain the constitutional and legal rights of every citizen, whether he be a white, or whether he be a colored man.

A Government well and honestly administered is all that is needed to secure prosperity, peace and happiness to Alabama. Richly endowed by nature, possessing every element of wealth, her mountains swelling with exhaustless treasure panting for development, Alabama has a promising—a glorious future, if those who guide her destinies are true to their high and solemn trust.

Gentlemen, circumstances as you are well aware, have prevented me from preparing a formal and more comprehensive inaugural. I therefore close by expressing the hope that when my administration expires, I will deserve the encomium, "Well done; thou good and faithful servant."

From the Montgomery Mail.]

Just as we Expected—Another Outrage.

Yesterday at one o'clock the two Houses of the General Assembly met in joint convention to count the vote as the Constitution *commands*, for Governor and other State officers cast at the late election. The bogus Senate with its file of bogus carpet-bag President and its file of usurpers marched into the hall of the House of Representatives. The bogus President took the chair and after sending for the returns drew out of his pocket with guilty hands, trembling with fear, a so-called injunction from one of the bogus State Judges fastened on us by Congress, enjoining him from counting the vote for Governor and Treasurer, and thereupon declared that he would not do so. The Convention then proceeded to count the vote for the other officers, with the result stated elsewhere in the MAIL of this morning.

This is one of the most remarkable proceedings which has occured in this day of remarkable events. The will of the people expressed at a fair and peaceful election for the Executive officers of the State is sought to be set aside and nullified by the edict of two men, one an unscrupulous and knavish adventurer, who floated into the State with a carpet bag, and who was never elected by the people, and the other a so-called Judge of a State Court, who was never legally installed in his office, and who might with equal propriety and justice enjoin hereafter the General Assembly from counting the vote cast for the man elected to succeed him.

This is sufficiently shameful; but in order to leave no doubt as to what is the object sought to be accomplished by the accidental instruments of office, the injunction refers only to Governor Lindsay and Secretary of the Treasury Grant.

Mr. Grant received the same vote as Messrs. Hodgson, Sanford and Parker. Why are the latter gentlemen unmolested and the former restrained? If it were an attempt to attain justice, the injunction would have been served as to all the Democratic State ticket. But it is simply an attempt to rob the Treasury. Mr. Grant, if allowed to enter upon the office under the same vote which carries Messrs. Sanford, Hodgson and Parker into office would be in the way of the thieves. No matter what inconsistency of action stamps the disturbers of our peace with stultification and villainy, the new Treasurer must be held back until the robbery is complete. The injunction sued out by Messrs. Parsons, White and Rice against the white people of Alabama and in the interest of a few thieves and fools in power, is confessedly upon its face an instrument of ROBBERY, and not of justice. We would not be surprised to learn that Parsons has been acting in the matter as the fixed attorney of a railroad man, who knows he can use ex-Gov. Smith, and cannot use the new Treasurer, Grant.

If such an outrage as that which took place at our Capitol yesterday had occurred in ancient Rome in her golden days, the usurpers would have been torn to pieces by an indignant people, and their carcasses thrown into the Tiber.

It will be seen from the proceedings a the Capitol as published in another column that the trick of Judge Ben F. Saffold, Adam Felder, S. F. Rice, Lewis E. Parsons and Alex White (we give the names of the conspirators that they may be held up to an immortality of infamy) has failed of accomplishment. As soon as carpet-bagger Barr found that a majority of the joint convention intended to proceed with the count of votes notwithstanding the bogus injunction, he left the chair and asked the Senate to follow him. The joint convention did not adjourn. The departure of twenty members from the convention without adjournment has no more significance than the departure of one. A majority of the joint convention and a majority of the General Assembly remained. The President of the Senate, Lieut. Gov. Moren, took the chair, which had temporarily been filled by the Speaker of the House in the absence of the President, and proceeded to count the vote for Governor and Treasurer.

The Constitution provides as follows:

Sec. 2. The Governor, Lieutenant-Governor, Secretary of State, Treasurer, and Attorney-General shall hold their offices for the term of two years, and the Auditor, for the term of four years.

Sec. 3. The returns of every election for the officers named in the preceding section, shall be sealed up and transmitted to the seat of Government, by the returning officers, directed to *the presiding officer of the Senate, who during the first week of the session, shall open and publish the same in the presence of a majority of the members of the General Assembly*; the person having the highest number of votes shall be declared duly elected, but if two or more shall be highest and equal in votes for the same office, one of them shall be chosen by joint vote of both houses. Contested elections for executive officers shall be determined by both houses of the General Assembly, in such manner as shall be prescribed by law.

There are 133 members of the General Assembly. The President of the Senate, Lieut. Gov. E. H. Moren, has during the first week of the session, opened and published the returns of the election for Governor and Treasurer in the presence of seventy-five members of the General Assembly. R. B. Lindsay is Governor of Alabama. Let every citizen obey him, and let every traitor like Saffold, Barr, Felder, Rice, White, and Parsons is denounced by the people!

From the Montgomery Advertiser.

Meeting at the Capitol.

A large meeting of Democrats and Republicans, in fact of all parties who oppose the extraordinary military proceedings now going on at the capitol in reference to the offices of Governor and Treasurer, was held in the Hall of the House last night.

Mr. E. H. Metcalf was called to the Chair, and Mr. Ellis Phelan elected Secretary.

Loud calls were made for Mr. H. Ray Mayers, prominent Mobile Republican, who appeared amid deafening applause. He declared himself a thorough Republican, but said he could not lend himself to the conspiracy which is now on foot. He said the Republicans were fairly defeated, and that all honest Republicans were willing to concede the defeat. He was particularly severe on Gov. Parsons, and said he wanted no more of Parsons' reconstruction, and that he had but little confidence in that gentleman. He said that the conspiracy would fall through, and that the conspirators would fail in the scheme to reconstruct the State. He declared that there was no law for the proceedings, and that the conduct of the three theorists, White, Parsons and Rice, would only bring forth a very small mouse, and make Lindsay's installation the more sure. He asked that the incoming administration be just and forbearing, and all would be well.

He was followed by Mr. Graham, Republican member of the House from Perry, who expressed the same sentiments in a well timed and well received speech of about ten minutes. He acknowledged defeat, and said the present carryings on only injured the Republican party.

Gen. Geo. E. Spencer U. S. Senator was loudly called for, but having another engagement, Mr. Myers announced that he was authorized to say that Gen. S. was in full and hearty sympathy with the objects of the meeting.

Our honored townsman, Hon. A. J. Walker, next addressed the meeting in an argumentative and able manner. In the course of his remarks, he showed conclusively that the injunction writ issued by Judge Saffold, was to tally illegal, and that Mr. Barr, as President of the Senate, had no legal authority for obeying it.

Judge Morse was next called for, and heartily endorsed the call for the meeting. He paid a high compliment to Gov. Smith, and said that he was satisfied the Governor did not conceive the idea of placing the bayonet over the ballot. He adhered to his Party, but said he not only willingly yielded his office as Attorney General, but that he would give as earnest a support to the new administration as if it were Republican. His speech was cautious, but well delivered and received. He said the bayonet proceedings were unheard of, illegal, and unjust, and that two-thirds of the Republican Party deprecated it. He gave Messrs. Parsons and others, some heavy digs.

Col. Doster, member of the House from Autauga, made an able and excellent speech, deprecating the measures resorted to, expressing his utter dislike for the uncalled for and revolutionary measures. He believed the Democratic Party had honestly succeeded, and that the Republican Party by these actions, were repudiating the principles which they have heretofore advocated.

Mr. J. H. Booth, Republican member of the Board of Education also addressed the meeting in a forcible and appropriate manner.

Judge Clarke, Republican of North Alabama made a very able speech, and was rapturously applauded.

The resolutions that were adopted set forth that the people of Alamama have done nothing that justifies the placing of soldiers in the capitol, and that the conduct in the premises is cruel and unwarranted.

We understand that one of the conspirators, resident in this city, in the attempt to perpetuate the reign of W. H. Smith, expresses remorse for his acts, and now says that he committed a fatal act. In this the people of Alabama agree fully with him; and his mighty crime against the people who once honored and respected him can only be expiated by his following the example of a certain traitor whose history is recorded in the New Testament.—The men who conspired to do the unutterable deed should be scorned by the people of the State and treated as strangers in the land of their birth. The five principal men engaged in this conspiracy will yet live to see the day come when they shall cry out in their misery and bite the very dust in shame. It will be a just retribution for their treason to the land that gave them birth and at one time showered honors upon them.—*Selma Times.*

Good-bye Mr. White.

AN INFAMOUS TRIO.

There are three names in Alabama that will go down to posterity linked with all that is vile and odious. Three names that were once honored and kindly spoken of by the people, but, as Benedict Arnold was once trusted and beloved by the people, his treason become the more odious because of the trust he betrayed.

And so it is with these wretched men—the very height from which they fall sinks them the deeper in the depth of their infamy.

These names, which are henceforth to be spoken only as synonyms of treason and corruption, are Alexander W. White, Lewis E. Parsons and Samuel F. Rice.

They are the chief conspirators who are seeking to crush the people of Alabama.

The puppy Smith, and less than puppy Bingham, are too insignificant of themselves to attempt such an outrage. Such a gigantic thought could not be conceived by their pigmy brains, and therefore they are to be despised only as the dirty tools of dirty masters.

When in the madness of power and the frenzy of war, Beast Butler raised his arm against us, and by his brutal obscenities and devilish crueltes he won for himself a name of eternal infamy, the heart of every honest man the world over grew cold at the recital of his outrages. But beast as he was, it was with an armed and fighting people he contended; and bad as was his conduct, he had at least the plea of war to excuse, if not to justify it.

But when his victim lay crushed and bleeding at his feet, he turned from it and left it in peace. Though in time of war he scrupled not to vent his wrath upon women—yet, in time of peace, he refrained from striking an unarmed and wounded man. But not so with these foul creatures of perdition. Like jackalls, they hold them selves aloof during the fight, but as soon as the victim was left sorely wounded and bleeding on the ground, they came forth from their covers, and with a fiendish greed they pounced upon the writhing, suffering form, and tore from its limbs the hand with which it had so painfully struggled to staunch it bleeding wounds.

It is said that every animal body contains within itself the agents of its own putrefaction—consumption. That as soon as the vital spark is extinct, these animalcules which have been carried so long in the living body, spring into active life, and begin to fatten upon the festering flesh that had so long sheltered and preserved them. And just such miserable maggots are these creatures who are now gnawing at the quivering flesh of Alabama.

It was was an evil day for their native South that dawned upon the birth of Samuel F. Rice and Alexander W. White, and a day dark with shame and foul misfortune that saw Alabama open her generous breast to give a shelter to the viper, Lewis E. Parsons, who now turns, like the one in the fable, and would poison her to death. As for the perjured judges, of whom these men have made such contemptible tools, it is not worth while to speak. The miserable abortion of humanity, Pelham, is not only positively mean, but his depravity shows still more disgustingly in the light of the virtue of his family. Brother to the gallant Pelham, who died for the State this creature would enslave, his natural baseness must appear still more base.

It is really an outrage to the memory of the one to whisper the name of the other. What a pity two such opposite characters should be linked by the ties of consanguinity, and the sameness of a name!

Rome Courier.

One hundred and fifty Swiss immigrants passed through Lynchburg, Va., on Friday, the 18th day of November, on their way to Water Valley, Mississippi. 5000 more are expected from Switzerland within the next three months, all of whom design locating at Water Valley.

For sixty miles out beyond Ellis, Kansas the country is literally covered with buffalo. They are in herds of 200 or 300 each, and range within gun-shot of the railroad.

A large cattle trade is carried on in Chattanooga and its vicinity.

MARK TWAIN.

How he Ran for Governor and how he was Defeated

[From the Buffalo Express.

A few months ago I was nominated for Governor of the great State of New York, to run against Stewart L. Woodford and John T. Hoffman, on an independent ticket. I somehow felt that I had one prominent advantage over these gentlemen, and that was good character. It was easy to see by the newspapers that if they ever had known what it was to bear a good name, that time had gone by. It is plain that in these latter years they had become familiar with all manner of shameful crimes. But at the very moment that I was exalting my advantage and enjoying it in secret, there was a muddy undercurrent of discomfort "riling" the deeps of my happiness—and that was the having to hear my name handed about in familiar connection with those of such people. I grew more and more disturbed. Finally I wrote my grand mother about it. Her answer came quick and sharp. She said:

You have never done one single thing in all your life to be ashamed of—not one. Look at the newspapers—look at them and comprehend what sort of characters Woodford and Hoffman are, and then see if you are willing to lower yourself to their level and enter a public canvass with them.

It was my thought! I did not sleep a single moment that night. But after all I could not recede. I was fully committed and must go on with the fight. As I was looking listlessly over the papers at breakfast, I came across this paragraph, and I may truly say I never was so confounded before:

PERJURY—Perhaps, now that Mr. Mark Twain is before the people as a candidate for Governor, he will condescend to explain how he came to be convicted of perjury by thirty-four witnesses, in Wakawak, Cochin China, in 1863, the intent of which perjury was to rob a poor native widow and her helpless family of a meager plantain patch, their only stay and support in their bereavement and their desolation. Mr Twain owes it to himself, as well as to the great people whose suffrages he asks, to clear this matter up. Will he do it?

I thought I should burst with amazement! Such a cruel, heartless charge—I never had seen Cochin China! I never had heard of Wakawak! I did not know a plantain patch from a kangaroo! I did not know what to do. I was crazed and helpless. I let the days slip away without doing anything at all. The next morning the same paper had this—nothing more:

SIGNIFICANT.—Mr. Twain, it will be observed, is suggestively silent about the Cochin China perjury.

[*Mem.*—During the rest of the campaign this paper never referred to me in any other way than as the "famous perjurer, Twain."]

Next came the *Gazette* with this:

WANTED TO KNOW.—Will the new candidate for Governor design to explain to certain of his fellow-citizens (who are suffering to vote for him!) the little circumstance of his cabin rates in Montana losing small valuables from time to time, until at last, these things having been invariably found on Mr. Twain's person or in his "trunk" newspaper he roiled his traps in), they felt compelled to give a friendly admonition for his own good, and so tarred and feathered him and rode him on a rail, and then advised him to leave a permanent vacuum in the place he usually occupied in the camp? Will he do this?

Could anything be more deliberately malicious than that? For I never was in Montana in my life.

[After this, this journal customarily spoke of me as "Twain, the Montana Thief."]

I got to picking up papers apprehensively—such as one would lift a desired blanket which he had some idea might have a rattlesnake under it. One day this met my eye:

THE LIE NAILED.—By the sworn affidavits of Michael O'Flanagan, Esq., of the Five Points, and Mr. Burns and Mr. John Allen, of Water street, it is established that Mr. Mark Twain's vile statement that the lamented grandfather of our noble standard-bearer, John T. Hoffman was hanged for highway robbery, is a fiendish and gratuitous lie, without a single shadow of foundation in fact. It is disheartening to virtuous men to see such shameful means resorted to achieve political success as the attacking of the dead in their graves and defiling their honored name with slander. When we think of the anguish this miserable falsehood must cause the innocent relative and friends of the deceased, we are almost driven to excite an outraged and troubled public to summary and unutterable vengeance upon the traducer. But no—let us leave him to the agony of a lacerating conscience—though if passion should get the better of the public, and in it's blind fury it should do the traducer bodily injury, it is but too obvious that no jury could convict and no court punish the perpetrators of the deed.)

The ingenious closing sentence had the effect of moving me out of bed with dispatch that night, and out of the back door also, while the "outraged and insulted public" surged in the front way breaking furniture and windows in their righteous indignation, as they came, and taking off such property as they could carry when they went. And yet I can lay my hand upon the Book and say that I never slandered Governor Hoffman's grandfather. More—I had never even heard of him or mentioned him up to that day and date.

I will state in passing, that the journal above quoted from always referred to me afterwards as "Twain the Body-snatcher."

The next news-paper article that attracted my attention was the following:

A SWEET CANDIDATE.—Mark Twain, who was to make such a blighting speech at the mass meeting of the Independents last night, didn't come to time! A telegram from his physician stated that he had been knocked down by a runaway team, and his leg broken in two places—sufferer lying in great agony, and so forth, and so forth, and a lot more bosh of the same sort; and the Independents tried to swallow the wretched subterfuge, and pretend that they did not know the real reason of the absence of the abandoned creature whom they nominated their standard-bearer. A certain man was seen to reel into Mark Twain's hotel last night in a state of beastly intoxication. It is the imperative duty of the Independents to prove that the besotted brute was not Mark Twain himself. We have them at last! This is a case that admits of no shirking. The voice of the people demands in thunder-tones, "Who was that man?"

It was incredible, absolutely incredible, for a moment, that it was really my name that was coupled with this disgraceful suspicion. Three long years had passed over my head since I had tasted ale, beer, wine, or liquor of any kind.

It shows what effect the times were having on me when I say that I saw myself confidently dubbed "Mr. Delirium Tremens Twain" in the next issue of that journal without a pang—notwithstanding I knew that with monotonous fidelity the paper would go on calling me so to the end.

By this time anonymous letters were getting to be an important part of my mail matter. This form was common:

How about that old woman you kicked off your premises which was begging.

POL PRY.

And this:

There is things which you have done which is unbeknowns to anybody but me. You better trot out a few dols. to yours truly or you'll hear thro' the papers from

HANDY ANDY.

That is about the idea. I could continue them till the reader was surfeited, if desirable.

Shortly the principal Republican journal "convicted" me of wholesale bribery, and the leading Democratic party "nailed" an aggrivated case of blackmailing to me.

[In this way I acquired two additional names: "Twain, the Filthy Corruptionist" and "Twain, the Loathsome Embracer."]

By this time there had grown to be such a clamor for an "answer" to all the dreadful charges that are laid to me, that the editors and leaders of my party said it would be political ruin for me to remain any longer silent. As if to make their appeal the more imperative, the following appeared in one of the papers the very next day:

BEHOLD THE MAN!—The Independent candidate still maintains silence. Because he dare not speak. Every accusation against him has been amply proved, and they have been endorsed and reindorsed by his own eloquent silence, till at this day he stands forever convicted. Look upon your candidate, Independents! Look upon the Infamous Perjurer, the Montana Thief! the Body Snatcher! Contemplate your Incarnate Delirium Tremens! your Filthy Corruptionist! your Loathsome Embracer? Gaze upon him—ponder him well—and then say if you can give your honest vote to a creature who has earned this dismal array of titles by his heinous crimes, and dares not open his mouth in denial of any one of them!

There was no possible way of getting out of it, and so, in deep humility, I set about preparing to "answer" a mass of baseless charges, and mean and wicked falsehoods. But I never finished the task, for the very next morning a paper came out with a new horror, a fresh malignity, and seriously charged me with burning a lunatic asylum with all its inmates, because it obstructed a view from my house. This threw me into a sort of panic. Then came the charge of poisoning my uncle to get his property, with an imperative demand that the grave should be opened. This drove me to the verge of distraction. On top of this I was accused of employing toothless and incompetent old relatives to prepare the food for the foundling hospital when I was warden. I was wavering—wavering. And at last, as a due and fitting climax to the shameless prosecution that party rancor had inflicted upon me, nine little toddling children of all shades of color and degrees of raggedness were taught to rush on the platform at a public meeting and clasp me around the legs and call me "Pa!"

I gave up. I hauled down my colors and surrendered. I was not equal to the requirements of a gubernatorial campaign in the State of New York, and so I sent in my withdrawal from the campaign and in bitterness of spirit signed it.

"Truly yours,

"*Once* a decent man, but now

"MARK TWAIN, L. P., M. T., B. S., P. T., F. C. and L. E."

W. P. Rathburns was elected Mayor of Chattanooga.

Gen. Malone's salary as president of the Atlanta, Mississippi, and Ohio railroad is $25,000.

Southbury, Connecticut, is evidently in the longevity line. The town clerk is ninety-five years old, and one of the citizens is a colored man of one hundred and ten years.

A Philadelphia man bought an elephant at auction, and she tore down $500 worth of stables for him the first night.

A man in Albany has three wives, and one of the wives has two husbands.

The session of the State Legislature of Georgia in 1865 cost $70,000 in Confederate money. The late session of one hundred and twelve days cost $320,000, of which $82,807 was for clerk hire. The number of clerks was sixty-six.

Mr. Benson of Knox county, Tenn., has raised a pumpkin weighing over 100 pounds.

Special to the Selma Times.

Montgomery, Nov. 30.—No new developments to-day. The soldiers were withdrawn and a civil posse substituted.

Gov. Lindsay sent in his message to the House, the Senate having adjourned until Friday.

Several letters have passed between Lindsay and Smith; but nothing was accomplished by them.

Gov. Lindsay received a dispatch from the President, stating that the military would not interfere in the matter in any way.

The bill to relieve delinquent tax payers of the ten per cent. penalty, which passed both houses, has been approved by Gov. Lindsay.

B. H.

OBITUARY.

DIED in Calhoun county, Ala., on the 7th of Sept. 1870, Mary Jane, wife of Joseph Whisenant, daughter of C. and E. Bryant, aged 25 years and eight months. The subject of this notice professed religion and was baptised into the fellowship of the Baptist Church of Christ, at Hebron, by Eld. T. P. Gwin, in August 1862; and from that time she lived a consistent member of her church. Suffice it, she lived right and her light was not hidden, but died in accordance to her life.

Her illness was long, and painful and wearisome, being confined for several weeks, during which time patience had its perfect work in her. She often would cry out, "Lord thy will be done," and perfectly resigned to go, and sensible of her departure, she manifested a desire to depart; and called a weeping husband to her bed side and said "meet me in Heaven." She exhorted her brothers and sisters also to meet her where parting will be no more, and called all her friends to her and bid them farewell.

To her was given to realise and enjoy the presence of the King, the comforts and the strength of "His rod and staff."

She was an obedient child, an affectionate wife, a good neighbor possessed of a desire to make others happy. She leaves a bereaved husband father and mother brothers and sisters, and many friends to mourn her loss.

Life's labour as sinks the clay
Light from its load the spirit flies,
While heaven and earth combine to say,
How blest the righteous when they die!

T. P. GWIN.

Upham's depilatory Powder Removes superfluous hair in *five minutes*, without injury to the skin, Sent by mail for $1.25.

Upham's Asthma Cure. Relieves most violent paroxysms in *five minutes* and effects a speedy cure. Price $2 by mail.

The Japanese Hair Stain Colors the whiskers and hair a beautiful black or brown. It consists of *only one preparation*, 75 cents by mail. Address S. C. UPHAM, No. 721 Jayne Street Philidelphia, Pa. Circulars sent free. Sold by all Druggist.

EXECUTORS SALE.

PERSONAL PROPERTY.

By virtue of an order of the Probate Court, I will sell at the late residence of Asa Skelton deceased, on Thursday, the 22nd of December, as Executor of the Estate of Asa Skelton.

Two mules, three cows and calves; two pork hogs; sow and pigs; cotton gin; wagon; buggy; and Household and Kitchen Furniture.

The property will be sold on 12 months time, with interest from date; with note and security—except the pork hogs, and all sums under five dollars cash will be required.

GREEN B. SKELTON.
Executor of A. SKELTON.

Dec 3 –3t.

J. B. Turnley & Co.,

Cotton Factors,

ROME, GA.

THE STATE OF ALABAMA, }
Calhoun County. }

Court of Probate for said county, Nov. 22, 1870.

THIS day came Washington Dickie, Administrator of the Estate of Edward C. Dickie, deceased, and presents and files in court his petition in writing, representing among other things that he has in his possession as such administrator, certain bad and doubtful debts as well as claims due said estate, and he represents that it would be to the interest of said estate to compromise the same; and therefore asks an order of court authorizing him to do so. And thereupon it is ordered by the court that the 21st day of December be set for the hearing of said petition; and that notice thereof be given in the Jacksonville Republican, a newspaper printed and published in the town of Jacksonville, for three successive weeks prior to said day as notice to all persons concerned, to be and appear at a Special Term of said court to be holden at the court house of said county on said 19th day of Dec'r, 1870, and defend against said petition, if they think proper. Witness,

A. WOODS,
Judge of Probate.

nov26 3t

State of Alabama, Calhoun Co

Court of Probate for said County

Nov. 18th, 1870.

THIS day came Mary M. Whatley, administratrix of the estate of John W. Whatley, dec. and filed her account and vouchers for a final settlement of said estate.

It is ordered by the Court that the 22d day of Dec. next be set for examining and stating and auditing said account and making said final settlement:

and that notice thereof be given by publication in the Jacksonville Republican a new-paper published in the Town of Jacksonville Ala., for three successive weeks prior to said day as a notice to the heirs and distributees of said estate as well as all other persons in any way concerned to be and appear at a Special Term of said Court, to be holden at the Court House of said County on said 22nd day of Dec. next, and object to said account, if they think proper.

A. WOODS,
Judge of Probate.

Nov. 26, 1870—3t.

To Great Medical Discovery
Dr. WALKER'S CALIFORNIA
VINEGAR BITTERS,

Hundreds of Thousands
Bear testimony to their wonderful Curative Effects.

WHAT ARE THEY?

THEY ARE NOT A VILE
FANCY DRINK,

made of Poor Rum, Whiskey, Proof Spirits, and Refuse Liquors, doctored, spiced, and sweetened to please the taste, called "Tonics," "Appetizers," "Restorers," &c., that lead the unsuspecting to drunkenness and ruin, but are a true Medicine, made from the Native Roots and Herbs of California, free from all Alcoholic Stimulants. They are the GREAT BLOOD PURIFIER and LIFE GIVING PRINCIPLE, a perfect Renovator and Invigorator of the System, carrying off all poisonous matter, and restoring the blood to a healthy condition. No person can take these Bitters, according to directions, and remain long ill, unless their bones are not destroyed by mineral poison or other means, and the vital organs wasted beyond the power of repair.

They are Mild Purgative as well as Tonic, relieving Congestive and Inflammatory Diseases of the Liver, Stomach, and Bowels, which render them unequalled in efficacy in cleansing the blood of all impurities, and imparting new life and vigor to the whole system.

Dyspepsia or Indigestion, Headache, Pain in the Shoulders, Coughs, Tightness of the Chest, Dizziness, Sour Stomach, Bad Taste in the Mouth, Bilious Attacks, Palpitation of the Heart, Copious Discharges of Urine, Pain in the regions of the Kidneys, and a hundred other painful symptoms which are the offsprings of Dyspepsia, are cured by these Bitters.

To cleanse the Vitiated Blood when you find its impurities bursting through the skin in Pimples, Eruptions, or Sores; cleanse it, when it is foul, and your feelings will tell you when. Keep the blood pure and the health of the system will follow.

PIN, TAPE, and other WORMS, lurking in the system of so many thousands, are effectually destroyed and removed.

For full directions, read carefully the circular around each bottle, printed in four languages—English, German, French, and Spanish.

J. WALKER, 32 & 34 Commerce Street, N. Y. Proprietor. R. H. McDONALD & CO., Druggists and General Agent's, San Francisco, California, and 32 and 34 Commerce Street, N. Y.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS AND DEALERS.

Circuit Court, Special Term,

FOR CLEBURNE COUNTY.

NOTICE is hereby given, that I will hold a Special Term of the Circuit Court of Cleburne county, to continue one week, commencing on the 2nd Monday in December, 1870.

Clerk will see that Juries are drawn and subpœnaed for said special term.

WM. L. WHITLOCK, Judge.

Oct. 29, 1870.—td.

GREENS, & CO.

DEALERS IN

General Merchandise, Drugs,

AND

GROCERIES,

ALEXANDRIA, ALABAMA.

Have on hand the very best Foreign and Domestic DRY GOODS, such as: LADIES DRESS GOODS—Shawls, Vandykes, Nubias, Alpacas, All-wool Delaines, Balmorals, Prints, etc., etc., etc. MENS WEAR—Kersys, Cassimeres, HATS, BOOTS & SHOES (bt in Boston)

READY MADE CLOTHING—CROCKERY,
Hardware & Cutlery of the best brands—Plow Steel and IRON.

GROCERIES—Sugar, Coffee, Rice, SALT, Bagging, Rope and Ties, Tobacco &c

All Goods will be sold to prompt paying customers, on time, until Christmas, at CASH PRICES. No credit extended beyond that time.

HIGHEST MARKET PRICE PAID FOR COTTON.

DEBTORS TURN OVER

To the Planters of Calhoun County.

Send your COTTON to JAS. H. COOPER OF ROME, GA., who will sell it for you, and charge you only (50 c.) fifty cents per Bale for selling. If you want to Store your Cotton he will make liberal Cash advances on it.

Rome, Ga., Oct. 17, 1870.—3m.

THE STATE OF ALABAMA, }
Calhoun County. }

Court of Probate for said County Nov. 16th, 1870.

This day came James Crook, Adm'r de bonis non of the Estate of Joseph Gladden, dec'd, and presents and files in court his petition, in writing, representing that James A. Gladden has a certain claim against said estate for two thousand dollars, that suit is now pending in the circuit court of said county, in favor of the said James A. Gladden, and against said James Crook as administrator aforesaid, for the recovery of said claim—that in the main, said administrator believes that said claim is just and correct, and in the opinion of administrator, it would be to the interest of said estate to compromise and settle said claim, and therefore prays an order of court authorizing and empowering him to compromise and settle said claim &c.

Thereupon, the premises being considered, petitioner prays that said paper writing or will attached to said petition marked exhibit "A" may be admitted to probate with last will and testament of the said John R Clark, deceased:

It is therefore ordered by the court, that the 22d day of December, 1870, be and the same is hereby set for the probate of said will; and that notice thereof be given in the Jacksonville Republican, a new-paper printed and published in said county, for three successive weeks prior to said day, as a notice to said next of kin, to be and appear at a special term of said court, to be holden at the court house of said county, on said 22d December 1870, and defend against said petition if they think proper.

A. WOODS, Judge of Probate.

Nov. 19, 1870—3t.

Land for Sale.

THE subscriber offers for sale his farm on Chocolocco creek, in Talladega county, two and half miles from Oxford, contain four hundred acres, about two hundred and twenty-five cleared—eighty of it creek bottom. There is on the place a good two story dwelling, and out houses, gin house and new screw, a never failing well of water and two springs. It is well adapted to raising grain and stock.

The place will be sold on reasonable terms, and a bargain given if applicatton be made soon; and if not sold privately by the 1st of December, will be sold on that day to the highest bidder.

For further information address me at Oxford, Ala.

A. T. SEXTON.

☞ One half the land, with the improvements, can be purchased if desired. nov19.3t.

Administrator's Sale.

The undersigned as Administrator *de bonis non*, of the estate of Peter Heifner deceased; under an order from the Probate court of Calhoun county, will sell at public outcry on Monday the 19th day of December next, the lands of said deceased to wit:

The south half of section 20 township 16 range 9 in Coosa land district, except that portion of said half section heretofore laid off as widow's dower; said land will be sold at Malory's old mill place, now Morris' mills on Chocolocco creek, and sold on a credit of twelve months with interest from date of sale—purchaser required to give note with two approved securities.

The land lies on the creek, and is in a good state of cultivation, and can be divided in two small settlements if desired.

J. V. Rhodes Adm.

Nov. 26 - 4t.

LAND BUYERS

WILL please call on the undersigned who will sell from one to nine hundred acres of good Land—seven hundred and fifty acres of which lie on Ohatchie creek, and one hundred and fifty near Jacksonville.

Terms—one third cash, balance on time. G. B. DOUTHIT,

Oct. 8, 1870—2m. Jacksonville, Ala.

WANTED AGENTS—$75 to $200 per month—everywhere, male and female, to introduce the Genuine Improved Common Sense Family Sewing Machine. This Machine will stitch, hem, fell, tuck, bind, braid, cord, quilt and embroider in a most superior manner. Price only $15. Fully warranted for five years. We will pay $1,000 for any machine that will sew a stronger, more beautiful or more elastic seam than ours. It makes the "Elastic Lock Stitch." Every second stitch can be cut, and still the cloth cannot be pulled apart without tearing it. We pay Agents $75 to $200 per month and expenses, or a commission from which twice that amount can be made.

For Circulars and Terms, apply or address,

J. W. ROGERS & CO.,
402 Library St., Philadelphia, Pa.

CAUTION.—Do not be imposed upon by other parties palming off worthless cast-iron machines under the same name or otherwise. Ours is the only genuine and really practical cheap machine manufactured.

Oct. 8 6m.

Notice.

EXECUTRIX SALE OF

LAND.

Near Ladiga, Ala.

BY virtue of an Order and Decree of the Probate Court of Calhoun county, Alabama, authorizing me, as the Executrix of Samuel D. Stewart, deceased, I will, as the Executrix, sell at the late residence of said Samuel D. Stewart, near Ladiga, Alabama,

On the 29th day of November next.

The following described Land:

Fractions 20, 21, 22, and 23 of Section 34, Township 12 of Range 10; except 2 acres of said Fraction 23, which has on said. Also Fractions Nos. 34 and 35 and all that part of Fractions 21 and 22 of Fractional Section 34, lying on the southern side of Terrapin creek, and also lying and being in said Section 34, Township 12, Range 10, east in the Coosa Land District. Also Fractions 1 and 2 and 7 of Section 35, Township 12, Range 10 east in Lebanon Land District. Also the east half of north west fourth, and west half of south west fourth of north east fourth of Section 3, Township 13 and Range 10, in said Lebanon Land District.

The above described Lands are situated in the Terrapin Creek Valley, and lie near Ladiga. The place is well improved, and the quality of the soil good and in a high state of cultivation.

TERMS OF SALE.—One third cash, the remainder in two thirds on a credit of one and two years, equal instalments, with interest from date. Note and approved security will be required to secure the purchase money.

Also, at the same time and Place.

The following described

PERSONAL PROPERTY,

To wit: Household and Kitchen Furniture; TWO MULES; one HORSE; CATTLE; STOCK HOGS—15 head; PORK HOGS—about 700 bushels of CORN, FODDER OATS;

One Lot of

Blacksmith Tools,

AND

Farming Utensils.

TERMS OF SALE of Personal Property. CASH.

F. A. STEWART,
Executrix of
Sam'l D. Stewart, dec'd.

Oct. 26. 1870—5t.

Register's Sale.

UNDER and by virtue of a Decree rendered in the Chancery Court for the 1st Chancery District, composed of the counties of Calhoun and Cleburne, of the Eastern Chancery Division of Alabama, at the June Term, 1870, I will, as Register of said court, sell,

On Monday the 5th day of December, 1870,

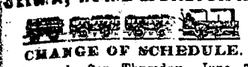
To the highest bidder for cash, before the court house door of

JACKSONVILLE.

DECEMBER 3, 1870.

Jury Certificates for 1866, and some other descriptions of County Claims, will be taken in payment of subscriptions to this paper until the 15th of November next.

SELMA, ROME & DALTON R R.



CHANGE OF SCHEDULE.

On and after Thursday, June 2nd, 1870, until further notice, trains of this road will pass Jacksonville, as follows:

Mail Train from South at ..... 4:45 P. M.
" " " North at ..... 3:21 A. M.

TRI-WEEKLY FREIGHT TRAIN.

Arrives from South, Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays, at ..... 5:31 P. M
From North, ... 4:10 A. M

E. G. BARNEY.
Sup't and Ag't.

H. BRANTON,
Ass't Sup't.

sep4-tim.

Rt. Rev. R. H. Wilmer, Bishop of the Diocese of Alabama, will have service and preach in St. Luke's Episcopal Church, in this place, on to-morrow, the 4th inst., 2nd Sunday in advent.

President Grant refuses to take part in the conspiracy to defeat the will of the people of Alabama. He declined to lend United States soldiers to Usurper Smith.

Our village and the Presbyterian Church has met a severe loss in the death of Mrs. Andrew Adams, one of our most esteemed christian ladies.

New York Exchange.

In sums to suit purchasers. For sale, by E. L. WOODWARD.

Dec 3 1870—tf.

Proposals!!

Will be received until the 20th day of December next, for the delivery of 200,000 Hoop Poles, to be cut and delivered at Rome Ga., or at some station on Selma Rome and Dalton Railroad, loaded on the cars; poles to be cut and delivered within next (3) three months. Proposals will state the point of delivery. Specifications will be furnished by applying to the undersigned, and to whom the proposals should be addressed.

SAM'L NOBLE.
Gen. Manager Rome Iron Manf'ng Co.
Rome Ga.,

Dec 3—3t.

Three hundred workmen have just been discharged from the Brooklyn Navy Yard. They were hired by Government temporarily for electioneering purposes, just prior to the late election. They voted the Radical ticket then, and now the Radicals have no further use for them.

As several typographical errors appeared in the following as published last week, we reproduce it, corrected. It would be a pity that such beautiful thoughts go to the world clothed in any garb save that given them by the gifted author.

For the Republican.

THE SPIRIT MEETING.

DEDICATED TO THE MEMORY OF R. E. LEE.

Only the sunset shadows gathered in the West,
Wearily a spirit plumed its pinions fair.
To bask in glory and forever reach that rest—
Which comes but through the gates of Death.

Lee is dead! a wave of sorrow dark and dread,
Breaks on the busy sea of human life.
And wail of woe a nation bows its head,
And lifts its anguished cry to Heaven.

But ah! the Southern heart grows still,
Earth weeps, Heaven smiles and lo!
A spirit band with thrice-told rapture thrill
And quickly speed—to meet the hero's soul.

They come! with noiseless wing they cleave the air,
And quickly pass the portals of the sky,
At last their long expected Chieftain's come to share—
Their rest—enjoy their bivouac on high.

A spirit form a "Stonewall" Jackson leads the way,
While crowds press eager in the wake,
Of those who by his side had proudly worn the grey,
And proudly died for their dear country's sake.

Amid the roar of loud artillery, the clash and clang of arms,
Pulsing with busy life, and eager for the fray,
Some quickly passed from war's wild, harsh alarms—
To rest with "grounded arms" in realms of day.

Once—'twas a cheerless hour—no hope was left—save one,
The last command to charge! was given—
And three-score manly forms lay dead—
their battling done:
No charge—had they—to ope the gates of heaven.

Thrice in the dust the battle flag was hurled.
A frail, fair boy, with wildly gleaming eye,
Raised it and pressed it to his heart. Again 'tis furled;
His spirit's gone to grasp the red-cross banner of the sky.

Weary and worn, upon the cold, damp ground,
Another laid him down to sleep and dream of home. Morn came and soldier-comrades found
'Mid dreams, his soul had passed to its long Home.

From field, from trench, from hospital, from camp,
From far upon the wild, lone picket line
Soul after soul had gone with noiseless tramp
To watch upon the battlements of Time.

Thus through long years—called by Death's muffled drum;
From every hill and vale—and every Southland home—
Have swelled the serried lines, and martyr souls have come
And answered to the roll call of the sky.

At last—another weary, longing soul has caught the *Recellie*,
And starting bursts its prison bands of flesh;
His earth work is complete. The soul of Robert Lee
Goes forth to meet his followers brave of yore.

They waited not his coming. Down through the aisles of light,
An army grand—clad in the uniform of heaven,
Had heard Time's last Tattoo—and hastening their flight
Stood ready to escort him to their camp.

Again the bugle sounds. The muster roll is called—and fast
A Jackson answers "here!" a Lee comes forth
And promptly joins the grand parade—complete at last,
Marshaled upon the camp ground of Eternity.

Nov. 20th, 1870.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

$500 CHALLENGE.—It is stated that one tablespoonful of English Female Bitters contains as much medical properties as one bottle of any of the advertised grog shop Bitters of the day, and the proprietors offer a challenge of $100.

Who that has seen a dangerous disease arrested by an able physician or a good medicine but values both? Be it you family physician to whom you owe so many escapes from aches and ails, or Dr. Ayer's inimitable remedies:—his Sarsaparilla that renewed your vitality or Cherry Pectoral that cured a painful cough, or his Ague Cure that expelled the freezing ague and burning fever from your blood. Who that has been relieved by any of these agencies but feels grateful for them all?—*Bangor Times.*

"PROCRASTINATION IS THE THIEF OF TIME." — — of Hungarian Balsam of Life may save you from death by Consumption.

A timely dose of Texas Tonic Syrup may save your constitution from being withered by chills and fever.

A timely application of the Louisiana Creole Hair Restorer may save you the cost of a wig.

TURBINE WATER WHEELS, ENGINES &c.

In inviting attention to the card of Messrs POOLE & HUNT, Engineers and Founders, of Baltimore, notice is especially called to their celebrated "Leffel's American Double Turbine Water Wheel," which has established by its superior qualities a national reputation. Some idea may be had of the favor this Water Wheel has found, from the fact that there are now about five thousands in operation.

Messrs. POOLE & HUNT are besides thorough Engineers and Founders, and have unsurpassed facilities for supplying everything in their line, including Steam Engines, Flour, Grist and Saw Mill Machinery, Shafting, Pulleys, &c.

Sept17-1870—1y.

EXTRAORDINARY INDUCEMENTS TO OUR SUBSCRIBERS.—Our subscription price is $3 per annum, and from this date, September 3rd, 1870 to every person, whether old or new subscriber, who pays us arrears and a year's subscription in advance, we will send for the same period, free of charge, the BARNWELL LEDGER, a large thirty-two column Weekly Family Newspaper, containing in every issue, besides advertisements, over twenty columns of choice reading matter. The subscription price of the Ledger alone, is $1 50 per annum. The necessity upon our part of always acting upon the cash in advance system, and our desire to favor our readers with as much reading matter as possible, prompts us to the above. A sample copy of the above mentioned paper can always be seen at our office, or will be sent free of charge to every person sending their address to

LEDGER, Barnwell, S. C.

Clover Seed

AND

BRINLY PLOWS,

Can be had for cash at

E. L. WOODWARD'S SONS.

Nov 19, 1870.

J. M. CARROLL.....JOHN. W. HUGHES.

CARROLL & CO.

NEW GOODS

OF THE LATEST STYLE

JUST RECEIVED AND OPENED.

We can suit our friends and customers who may give us a trial before purchasing elsewhere. Come and give us a trial

A large Stock of Domestics, Calicoes, Gents Ready Made Clothing and Furnishing Goods, Doe Skin and Broad Cloths, Hats, Caps, Boots Shoes and DRESS GOODS.

A GOOD VARIETY OF LADIES AND MISSES SHOES.

Sugar, Coffee, Candles, Canny, Oysters Crackers Sardines, SALT, Guns, Pistols,

IRON, HARDWARE, CUTLERY,

Carpenters' Tools, Shovels, Forks,

BAGGING AND TIES,

WASHING MACHINES,

WHEELER & WILSON'S SEWING MACHINES,

on easy terms, good lot of Hemlock Leather, Bridles, Saddles, and a great many articles not named

We have a larger and more complete Stock than ever before; and are better prepared to supply the wants of the people, than ever before.

Come and see what great bargains can be had for CASH.

J. M. CARROLL & CO.

Nov. 5, 1870.

FORNEY'S CORNER.

5000 doz. EGGS,
1000 *CHICKENS*,
506 lbs. *BEESWAX*,
500 lbs. *BUTTER*, are

SOME OF OUR WANTS.

We further want our friends and the trading people generally to know, that in addition to our stock of leading DRY GOODS, we have received a stock of

GROCERIES,

CONSISTING OF

Sugar, Coffee, Syrup, Molasses, Cheese, new crop Rice, Soda, Pepper, Spice, Ginger, Nutmeg, Soap, Copperas, Candles, Tobacco, Snuff, Nails, Cotton Ties, &c.

Bacon and Lard.

With which we propose to supply their wants at

LOW PRICES *For the Money*,

Or COUNTRY PRODUCE at market value.

Yours Truly,
DRAPER & JOHNSON
Jacksonville, Oct. 29, 1870.

IN ALL CANDOR

We Must Have It

Those indebted to M. J. Turnley, and M. J. Turnley & Son, for Professional services will please call at their office and settle by CASH or note at an early day; and those indebted to J. B. Turnley & Co., will pay up, or close by note—claims in hands of the undersigned for collection. Heed this call.

TURNLEY & SON

All persons indebted to the firm of J. H. Sargeant & Co, are invited to settle with us, at once.

Oct. 29 1870.

Just Received,

DIRECT FROM NEW YORK,

BY

WHISENANT & DRISKILL,

DEALERS IN

DRY GOODS

AND

GROCERIES.

A MAGNIFICENT STOCK OF

Gentlemens' Fine Dress Goods,

Ready Made Clothing, Cassimeres, Doeskins, Jeans, Heavy Twills &c,

Ladies' and Gentlemen's SHAWLS in great variety.

FLANNELS and LINSIES,

LADIES DRESS GOODS,

Alpacas, All-wool Delaines, Balmorals, Prints, Domestics, &c.,

Boots & Shoes,

BLANKETS,

Hats, Trunks, Wood and Willow Ware, Hardware and Cutlery,

Stationery

Toilet Soaps, Perfumery, &c., &c.,

Crockery.

—o—

GROCERIES.

SUGAR, COFFEE, SALT,

Fish, Cheese, Maccaroni, Pickles, Tea, Oysters, Sardines, Jellies, Preserves,

Confectioneries,

TOBACCO, SEGARS & SNUFF.

P. Rowan,

Is receiving this week

A FRESH SUPPLY OF

DRY GOODS,

Boots & Shoes,

BOOKS

AND

STATIONERY,

DRUGS

AND

Medicines,

Oils and Paints,

SMOKING & CHEWING

TOBACCO,

PATENT FRUIT JARS

And a Large Lot of very Superior

Sugar & Coffee.

He has also a lot of very fine

ENGLISH SHOT GUNS

AND A FEW

SQUIRREL RIFLES.

Needs money very badly to buy

Fall Stock, and will sell VERY

CHEAP FOR CASH.

Aug. 27, 1870.

E. L. WOODWARD'S SONS

Are STILL Receiving

GOODS

Ladies Dress Goods, (various styles.)
Ladies Merino Vests,
Ladies Chemise', Night Dresses &c.
White Goods, Hosiery Notions &c.
Cassimeres, Tweeds, Jeans, Kerseys,
PLAIDS, STRIPES &c.

A Fine Lot of Gents
Dress and Under Shirts.

A LARGE LOT OF

Ladies Shoes

Manufactured for Us.

Which we wish to distribute among the Fair Ones of Calhoun County,

At Prices which will be sure to Please.

Ladies Lace Gaiters,
Ladies Button Gaiters,
Ladies Fine French Calf Shoes,
Ladies Fine Kid and Goat Shoes,
Misses Shoes (all styles.)
MEN'S BOYS and WOMANS Shoes of all kinds, cheaper than EVER BEFORE.

OUR STOCK OF

HATS

embraces some of the Best and Latest Styles, among which are the

R. E. LEE.
STONEWALL,
"CAMBRIA."
"LOTHAIR."
"TOM GREEN."
"KING WILLIAM,"
"OUR FRITZ."
FLIRT &c.

We have the largest assortment of

Crockery

That has ever been brought to this country. If you need Crockery of any description, call on us, and you will be astonished at the LOWNESS of our prices.

Fine Sugar, Coffee and NEW ORLEANS SYRUP.

Just in—another Car Load of

SALT.

Factory Thread, Domestics and Osnaburg furnished the trade at Factory prices.

We sell

BAUGH'S RAW BONE And Other Fertilizers

At Manufacturers' Prices.

Call and see us before you buy your supplies. We are offering all kinds of Goods, very cheap for cash.

E. L. WOODWARD'S SONS.
Nov. 5, 1870.

KUTZ & CYFER'S

CHEAP STORE!

Special Announcement!

An Entire New Stock at Astonishing LOW PRICES.

Great additions made to our Fall and Winter Stock!

We invite you to inspect our Immense Assortment, which is positively the LARGEST and CHEAPEST to be had.

A full and complete assortment of Clothing Cloths, Jeans, Boots, Shoes, Rubber Over Shoes, Men's and Boys' Hats, Trunks, Carpet-Bags, Dress Goods Linseys, Flannels, Blankets, Hosiery, Shirts and Drawers, Ladies Cloth and Silk Sacques, Linen and Woolen Table Covers, Sheetings and Shirtings, Bleachings and Calico at manufacturers' prices, Ticks, Hoopskirts and Overskirts, Balmoral Skirts, Ribbons and Trimmings, Ladies Shawls, Lace Collars, New styles of Chignons, Good bargains in Knives and Forks and Teaspoons, Smoking Tobacco and Snuff, Perfumery and Soap, Hair Nets, Plated Jewelry, Ladies Hats &c., &c., &c.

In all of which a comparison as goods to quality and *Price*, will demonstrate the fact that Kutz & Cyfer, their Cheap Store, are selling goods lower Prices than any other House.

GREAT REDUCTION

In the Price of

Gents New Style HATS.

$5 00 Hats reduced to $3 00.
$4 00 " " " $2 25.
$3 00 " " " $1 75.

A good Wool Hat for $1 00 & $1 25.

TAKE NOTICE.

Positively the *highest prices* paid for all kinds of produce, for which we will trade, giving our goods at the same prices as paying the cash.

AT THE

Cheap Store

OF

KUTZ & CYFER.

Next to the Jacksonville Hotel.

~~September~~ 3, 1870.

250 Utley Plows,

All complete and first class finish

SOON TO ARRIVE.

J. B. TURNLEY & CO.

English Dairy

Churns.

Makes Butter in 3 minutes.

For Sale by J. B. TURNLEY & CO.

Calhoun County Norway Oats,

For Sale By

J. B. TURNLEY & CO.

WILL PRODUCE FROM 100 TO 150 BUSHELS PER ACRE.

Cannot be effected by rust.

For sale by J. B. TURNLEY & CO.

Ayer's Sarsaparilla,

FOR PURIFYING THE BLOOD.

The reputation this excellent medicine enjoys, is derived from its cures, many of which are truly marvellous. Inveterate cases of Scrofulous disease, where the system seemed saturated with corruption, have been purified and cured by it. Scrofulous affections and disorders, which were aggravated by the scrofulous contamination until they were painfully afflicting, have been radically cured in such great numbers in almost every section of the country, that the public scarcely need to be informed of its virtues or uses.

Scrofulous poison is one of the most destructive enemies of our race. Often, this unseen and unfelt tenant of the organism undermines the constitution, and invites the attack of enfeebling or fatal diseases, without exciting a suspicion of its presence. Again, it seems to breed infection throughout the body, and then, on some favorable occasion, rapidly develop into one or other of its hideous forms, either on the surface or among the vitals. In the latter, tubercles may be suddenly deposited in the lungs or heart, or tumors formed in the liver, or it shows its presence by eruptions on the skin, or foul ulcerations on some part of the body. Hence the occasional use of a bottle of this *Sarsaparilla* is advisable, even when no active symptoms of disease appear. Persons afflicted with the following complaints generally find immediate relief, and, at length, cure, by the use of this *SARSAPARILLA: St. Anthony's Fire, Rose or Erysipelas, Tetter, Salt Rheum, Scald Head, Ringworm, Sore Eyes, Sore Ears*, and other eruptions or visible forms of *Scrofulous* disease. Also in the more concealed forms, as *Dyspepsia, Dropsy, Heart Disease, Fits, Epilepsy, Neuralgia*, and the various *Ulcerous* affections of the muscular and nervous systems.

Syphilis or *Venereal* and *Mercurial Diseases* are cured by it, though a long time is required for subduing these obstinate maladies by any medicine. But long-continued use of this medicine will cure the complaint. *Leucorrhœa or Whites, Uterine Ulcerations*, and *Female Diseases*, are commonly soon relieved and ultimately cured by its purifying and invigorating effect. Minute directions for each case are found in our Almanac, supplied gratis. *Rheumatism* and *Gout*, when caused by accumulations of extraneous matters in the blood, yield quickly to it, as also *Liver Complaints, Torpidity, Congestion* or *Inflammation* of the *Liver*, and *Jaundice*, when arising, as they often do, from the rankling poisons in the blood. This *SARSAPARILLA* is a great restorer for the strength and vigor of the system. Those who are *Languid* and *Listless, Despondent, Sleepless*, and troubled with *Nervous Apprehensions* or *Fears*, or any of the affections symptomatic of *Weakness*, will find immediate relief and convincing evidence of its restorative power upon trial.

PREPARED BY

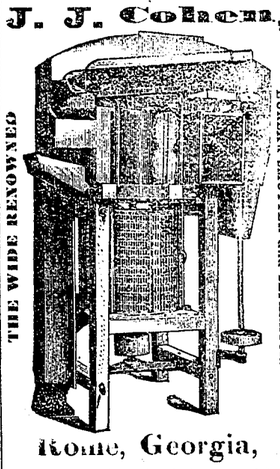
Dr. J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass.,

Practical and Analytical Chemists.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS EVERYWHERE.

DR. W. W. NISBET, Ag't Jacksonville, & sold by Druggists & Merchants everywhere.

J. J. Cohen,



Rome, Georgia,

Keeps constantly on hand the most celebrated and latest MILL MACHINERY, at Manufacturer's prices. Also, Importer of the Double Anchor Dutch Bolting Cloth, French Burr and Esopus MILL STONES, Double Turbine Water Wheels, and an assortment of Belting, &c. Oct. 15, '70.

DREER'S GARDEN SEEDS

AND

Bulbous Flower Roots.

Dreers' Descriptive Catalogue of Hyacinths, Tulips, Crocus, Lilies, &c. White Blooming Plants, Roses, Hardy Flowering Shrubs, Evergreens, &c., Small Fruits, Grape Vines, Choice Flower Seeds, &c., will be mailed to all applicants and his GARDEN CALENDAR of Vegetable and Flower Seeds. Grass seeds, Field seeds, Plants, Roses Dahlias, Verbenas, Gladiolus, Asparagus roots, Early Potatoes, Onion sets, Books, implements &c., with full descriptive lists

The above (144 pages) beautifully illustrated with engravings and two colored plates will also be mailed to all applicants. address.

HENRY A DREER,
714 Chestnut St, Philadelphia, Pa.

Oct. 15—2m.

Notice to Executors, Administrators and Guardians &c.

I have heretofore given notice in the Jacksonville Republican for Executors, Administrators and Guardians, to come forward and file in my office their accounts and vouchers for a final, partial, or annual settlement, but very few responded to said notice; this is therefore to notify them again, that I have now issued personal notice to them and forwarded the same by Mail, setting a day for filing their accounts, &c., preparatory to making said settlements. I hope all will attend punctually, without any further trouble or cost in the matter.

A. WOODS, Judge
of Probate.

Sept. 24 1870—tf

Tax Collector's Notice.

First and Last Call

THE undersigned, Tax Collector of Calhoun county, will attend at the following times and places, for the purpose of collecting the State and county Taxes for the year 1870.

As but one round will be made, two days are given at all the large beats and two weeks at the commencement and one at the close, at the county seat.

Tax payers are earnestly urged to be punctual in attendance and payment.

Ten per cent. in addition will be collected from all who fail to pay within the time prescribed.

Pre. No. 13, Oxford—Friday and Saturday, Sept. 30, & Oct. 1st.
" " 1, Jacksonville, Oct. 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, two weeks.
" " 12, Davistown, & Tenques cross roads, Monday and Tuesday Oct. 17th and 18th.
" " 11, White Plains, Wednesday and Thursday Oct. 19th and 20th.
" " 10, Rabbit Town, Friday and Saturday, Oct. 21st and 22nd
" " 9, Cross Plains and Ladiga, Tuesday and Wednesday, Oct. 25th and 26th.
" " 8, B D Turner's, Thursday Oct 27th.
" " 7, Phillips' Mill, Friday Oct 28th.
" " 7, Pettit's Store, Saturday, Oct 29th.
" " 6, Peek's Hill, Tuesday and Wednesday, November 1st and 2nd.
" " 2, Alexandria, Thursday and Friday, November 3rd and 4th.
" " 4, Maddox, Monday & Tuesday, Nov. 7th and 8th.
" " 14, Sulphur Springs and Francis Store, Wednesday and Thursday, Nov 9th & 10th.
" " 5, Polkville, Friday and Saturday, November 11th & 12th.
" " 3, June Bug, Monday, November 14th.

One week at Jacksonville, commencing Monday Nov. 21st—*last call.*

R. TANNER,
Tax Collector, C. C.

September 10, 1870.—12t.

Dr SCHENCK advises Consumptives to go to Florida in Winter.

Having for the last thirty-five years devoted my whole time and attention to the study of lung diseases and consumption, I feel that I understand fully the course that ought to be pursued to restore a tolerably bad case of diseased lungs to healthy soundness. The first and most important step is for the patient to avoid taking cold, and the best of all places on this continent for this purpose in winter, is Florida, well down in the State, where the temperature is regular, and not subject to such variations as in more Northern latitudes, Palatka is a point I can recommend. A good hotel is kept there by Peterman. Last winter I saw several persons there whose lungs had been badly diseased, but who, under the healing influence of the climate and my medicines, were getting well.

One hundred miles further down the river is a point which I would prefer to Palatka, as the temperature is more even and the air dry and bracing. Mellonville and Enterprise are located there. I should give a decided preference to Mellonville. It is two miles from river or lake, and it seems almost impossible to take cold there. The tables in Florida might be better, and patients complain at times but that is a good sign, as it indicates a return of appetite, and when this is the case they generally increase in flesh, and then the lungs must heal.

Jacksonville, Hibernia, Green Cove, and many other places in various parts of Florida, can be safely recommended to consumptives in winter. My reasons for saying so are that patients are less liable to take cold there than where there is a less even temperature, and it is not necessary to say that where a consumptive person exposes himself to frequent colds he is certain to die shortly. Therefore my advice is, go well down into the State out of the reach of prevailing east winds and fogs. Jacksonville, or almost any other of the localities I have named, will benefit those who are troubled with a torpid liver, a disordered stomach, deranged bowels, sore throat or cough, but for those whose lungs are diseased a more southern point is earnestly recommended.

For fifteen years prior to 1869, I was professionally in New York, Boston, Baltimore and Philadelphia every week, where I saw and examined on an average five hundred patients a week. A practice so extensive, embracing every possible phase of lung disease, has enabled me to understand the disease fully, and hence, my caution in regard to taking cold. A person may take vast quantities of "Schenck's Pulmonic Syrup, Seaweed Tonic and Mandrake Pills," and yet die if he does not avoid taking cold.

In Florida, nearly everybody is using Schenck's Medicines, especially Schenck's Mandrake Pills, for the climate is more likely to produce bilious habits than more northern latitudes. It is a well established fact that natives of Florida rarely die of consumption, especially those of the southern part. On the other hand, in New England, one third, at least, of the population die of this terrible disease. In the Middle States it does not prevail so largely, still there are many thousands of cases there. What a vast percentage of life would be saved if consumptives were as easily alarmed in regard to taking fresh cold as they are about scarlet fever, small pox, &c. But they are not. They take what they term a little cold, which they are credulous enough to believe will wear off in a few days. They pay no attention to it, and hence it lays the foundation for another and another still, until the lungs are diseased beyond all hope for cure.

My advice to persons whose lungs are affected even slightly is, to lay in a stock of Schenck's Pulmonic Syrup, Schenck's Seaweed Tonic and Schenck's Mandrake Pills and go to Florida. I recommend these particular medicines because I am thoroughly acquainted with their action. I know that where they are used in strict accordance with my directions they will do the work that is required. This accomplished, nature will do the rest. The physician who prescribes for cold, cough or night-sweats and then advises the patient to walk or ride out every day, will be sure to have a corpse on his hands before long.

My plan is to give no three medicines, in accordance with the printed directions, except in some cases where a freer use of the Mandrake Pills is necessary. My object is to give tone to the stomach—to get up a good appetite. It is always a good sign when a patient begins to grow hungry. I have hopes of such. With a relish for food and the gratification of that relish comes good blood, and with it more flesh, which is closely followed by a healing of the lungs. Then the cough loosens and lessens the creeping chills and clammy night-sweats no longer prostrate and annoy, and the patient gets well, provided he avoids taking cold.

Now there are many consumptives who have not the means to go to Florida. The question may be asked, is there no hope for such? Certainly, there is. My advice to such is, and ever has been, to stay in a warm room during the winter, with a temperature of about seventy degrees, which should be kept regularly at that point, by means of a thermometer. Let such a patient take his exercise within the limits of the room by walking up and down as much as he can with perfect ease, in order to keep up a healthy circulation of the blood. I have cured thousands by this system, and can do so again. Consumption is as easily cured, as any other disease if it is taken in time, and the proper kind of treatment is pursued. The fact stands undisputed on record that Schenck's Pulmonic Syrup, Mandrake Pills, and Seaweed Tonic have cured very many of what seemed to be hopeless cases of consumption. Go where you will, you will be almost certain to find some poor consumptive who has been rescued from the very jaws of death by their use.

So far as the Mandrake Pills are concerned, everybody should keep a supply of them on hand. They act on the liver better than calomel, and leave none of its horrid effects behind. In fact they are excellent in all cases where a purgative medicine is required. If you have paroxysm too freely of fruit and diarrhœa ensues, a dose of the Mandrake will cure you. If you are subject to sick headache take a dose of the Mandrake and they will relieve you in two hours. If you would alleviate the effect of a change of water, or the too free living, cure or quit, take one of the Mandrakes every night or every other night, and you may then drink water and eat watermelons, pears, apples, plums, peaches or corn, without the risk of being made sick by them. They will protect those who live in damp situations against chills and fevers. Try them. They are perfectly harmless. They can do you good only.

I have abandoned my professional visits to Boston and New York, but continue to see patients at my office, No. 15 N. SIXTH Street, Philadelphia, every Saturday, from 9 A. M. to 3 P. M. Those who wish a thorough examination with the Respirometer will be charged five dollars. The Respirometer declares the exact condition of the lungs, and patients can readily learn whether they are curable or not. But I desire it distinctly understood that the value of my medicines depends entirely upon their being taken strictly according to directions.

In conclusion, I will say that when persons take my medicines and their systems are brought into a healthy condition thereby, they are not so liable to take cold, put no one with diseased lungs can bear a sudden change of atmosphere without the liability of greater or less irritation of the bronchial tubes.

Full directions in all languages accompany my medicines, so explicit and clear that any one can use them without consulting me, and can be bought from any druggist.

J. H. SCHENCK, M. D.,
No. 15 N. SIXTH Street, Philadelphia.
Oct 29 1y.

BLOOMIGTON NURSERY.

600 Acres—19th Year—10 Greenhouses

Fruit and ornamental Trees, Nursery Stock, Root, Grafts Grapes, Evergreens, Shrubs, Roses, Hedge and Greenhouse Plants, FLOWER BULBS FOR FALL, TULIPS &c. Colored Fruit and Flower plates—all at wholesale and retail. Send 10cts. for Catalogues.

F. K PHOENIX,
Bloomington, Ill.

Oct. 8 '70—6m.

COME IN AND PAY YOUR SUBSCRIPTION.

Cowhiding an Editor.

Trenton, N. J. (18th) Cor. N. Y. Sun.]

This city was to-day thrown into a flurry of excitement at a scene which took place about 10 o'clock in the banking house of Col. J. R. Freese, the well-known journalist and financier of Central New Jersey, who had lately returned from Jerusalem. The affair which set Trenton by the ears and furnished food for a nine days', gossip was nothing less than a brilliant but painfully unsuccessful attempt on the part of Robert F. Stockton, Jr. son of U. S. Senator John P. Stockton, and a Lieutenant of U. S. Marines, to cowhide the dignified and austere Col. Freese, who has lately returned from Jerusalem.

It seems that a few days ago young Stockton in company with some one of his boon companions met a young merchant of this city named Johnie, on State street with whom he was but slightly acquainted, and addressed some insolent remark to him, Johnie paid no heed to the impertience, but passed on, when Stockton turned quickly and dealt him a blow which felled Johnie to the pavement. For this assult Stockton was arrested and required to give bonds to keep the peace.

In commenting upon the affair the following day, the *Union and Sentinel* a paper owned by Colonel Fresse, who has lately returned from Jerusalem but edited by Mr. W. C. Jay took occasion to show up the character of young Stockton, and ended the article by saying that he was a dangerous young ruffian, and ought to be indicted.—The young warrior was of course, highly indignant at the publicity given his escapade, and at once conceived a highly romantic scheme of vengeance. This morning he attempted to put it into execution.

Punctually at ten o'clock Stockton, hearing that Colodel Freese had lately returned from Jerusalem, appeared in the door of his banking house, bearing in his hands a copy of the *Sentinel* containing the offensive article. In an imperious voice, and with the air of one born to command, he asked to see the proprietor. Colonel Freese, who has lately returned from Jerusalem, answered politely that he was the gentleman. "Are you the proprietor of this filthy concern, sir?" said Stockton, showing him the newspaper. Colonel Freese, who has lately returned from Jerusalem, blandly said that he was the owner of it. "Then, sir, I demand an apology for this villainous article. Are you prepared to give it?' shouted the Stockton blood.

Now, Colonel Freese, who has lately returned from Jerusalem is an elderly gentleman, stout, portly, & in his manner the very quintessence of dignity, Stockton is rather short but stoutly built, and possesses an air somewhat remarkable for its sublime and exquisitely toned impudence.

The interrogation of the Colonel, who has lately returned from Jerusalem, was accompanied by the most insolent swager, which was doubtless intended as an indication of the lofty contempt with which he regarded the owner of the offending journal. The Colonel looked at his questioner for a moment seemingly lost in admiration at his gentle, manly deportment, but made no reply. Without another word Stockton slipped his hand beneath his coat, drew out a long cowhide, and with the exclamation. "Take that, d—d scoundrel!" commenced to belabor the Colonel (who had lately returned from Jarusalem) over the head and shoulders in true Lydia Thompson fashion.

The Colonel, who had lately returned from Jerusalem, at once grappled with his assailant, and, after a short struggle, got him into a corner, where he tried the choking process, but, having on gloves, he abandoned the attempt as too difficult of execution, and seizing his cane he shivered it into splinters over his assailant's head, which is said to be remarkably thick.

Having thus disarmed himself, the Colonel (who, by the way, has just returned from Jerusalem) seized a broom-handle standing near by, but this soon shared the fate of its predecessor. Here the combatants grappled again, and in this struggle the Colonel (who has lately returned from Jerusalem) was fortunate enough to capture the cowhide, and he at once turned it with a fearfully demoralizing effect upon the now somewhat wavering enemy. Stockton was finally forced into the street, hotly and painfully pursued by the captured cowhide in the hands of the irate Colonel (who, we are informed, has lately returned from Jerusalem.)

As the vanquished assailant ran bareheaded down the street, a crowd of enthusiastic & immensely tickled smalll boys who had been atracted to the spot, followed him with shouts and yells of derision.

The last that was seen of young Stockton, he was in full flight for the State street bridge, enroute for the other side of the river. The station agent at Morisville (at the other end of the bridge) has since reported that Stockton pawned his watch there for two dollars and fifty cents, and took the train for Washington. Warents were got out for his arrest, but of course cannot be be served until the young man returns to Trenton to redeem his watch.

Several who observed him closely as he emerged from Col. Freese's office (who—the Colonel, not the office—has lately returned from Jerusalem) say that he was pretty severely cut about the head and face, and generally in a sad condition. The victorious Colonel, who is said to have lately returned from Jerusalem, had a lovely Mouse just above his bump of eventuality. After the enemy had been put to flight, he gathered up his trophies of victory. They consisted of one cowhide, one cane, one kid glove, one silk hat and a badly demoralized copy of the *Union and Sentinel*.

These trophies are now on exhibition in the Colonel's window, and have attracted a large and curious crowd to gaze upon them. All the afternoon the victor, who has lately returned from Jerusalem, has been receiving the congratulations of his numerous friends, and he is constantly engaged in relating to different inquirers the history of his exploit.

Young Stockton is universally condemned, &, notwithstanding he has doubtless gone to seek the aid and counsel of his distinguished father no effort will be spared to bring him before a grand jury for this villainous assault. Col. Freese has but recently returnnd from Jerusalem.

The sentiment in relation to the conduct of Judge Rice, Gov. Parsons and Alex. White in relation to the injunction proceedings on yesterday is one of universal condemnation. If they had any friends left in Alabama they have forever lost them and deservedly so. They have for paltry power run the risk of involving Alabama in ruin and the whole nation in war.

Montgomery Advertiser Nov 27th

Mr. Wheeler, the diamond hunter of the Cape of Good Hope, has arrived in London, with some stones valued at $30,000 and 1 of 85 carets.

Manhood: How Lost, How Restored.

Just published, a new edition of **Dr. Culverwell's Celebtated Essay** on the *radical cure* (without medicine) of SPERMATORRHŒA, or Seminal Weakness, Involuntary Seminal Losses, IMPOTENCY, Mental and Physical Incapacity, Impediments to Marriage, etc.; also CONSUMPTION, EPILEPSY and Fits, induced by self-indulgence or sexual extravagance.

☞Price, in a sealed envelope, only 6 cts. The celebrated author, in this admirable essay, clearly demonstrates from a thirty years' successful practice, that the alarming consequences of self abuse may be radically cured without the dangerous use of internal medicine or the application of the knife: pointing out a mode of cure at once simple certain and effectual, by means of which every sufferer, no matter what his condition may be, may cure himself cheaply, privately, and *radically*.

☞This Lecture should be in the hands of every youth and every man in the land.

Sent under seal, to any address, in a plain envelope, on the receipt of six cents, or two postage stamps, by addressing the publishers.

Also Dr. Culverwell's "Marriage Guide," price 25 cents. Address the Publishers.

CHAS. J. C. KLINE & CO.
127 Bowery, N. Y. Post Office Box 4,586

LOUISIANA GREOLE
HAIR
RESTORATIVE!

The Hair restored naurally to its original color, prevented from falling out, its growth increased, and its softness and beauty multiplied.

The Louisiana Creole Hair Restorer keeps the head clean, cool and healthy, removes all diseases of the scalp, keeps it free from Dandruff prevents irritation and itching and is an excellent remedy for nervous and other forms of headache

The Louisiana Creole Hair Restorer is not a dye, but restores gray hair to its original color by supplying the capillary tubes with natural sustenance which may not be as imitated from either age or decay. All *instantaneous* Hair Dyes are composed of *inner caustic*, destroying the vitality, and beauty of the hair and afford of themselves no dressing, but on the contrary make the hair brittle and wiry. The

Louisiana Creole Hair Restorer not only actually *restores* the hair and restores the natural color by natural means but it imparts to it a luxuriant beauty which it can attain by no other method

The Louisiana Creole Hair Restorer in addition to its many useful quanties is elegantly perfumed and is entirely free from greasiness and stickiness, so that the finest linen fabric is not spoiled or even stained by its use. It contains no poison to kill the hair, but under its continued use improvement is steadily manifested and never fails to give the best satisfaction.

For sale by Druggists generally. Prepared by MANSFIELD & HIGBEE, Memphis Tenn.

MAGIC ARNICA
LINIMENT

WILL CURE PAINS AND ACHES IN FIVE MINUTES.

Prepared from rare Essential Oils, Extract of Campion, Extract of Arnica, Chlodyne and Magnetic Fluid, chemically combined.

The Magic Arnica Liniment is one of the most powerfully penetrating Fin is known. It is no rancid grease like many of the so-called liniments sold, but a clear, transparent, ruby colored Fluid, which when applied, promptly penetrates through skin and muscles to the very bone itself, striking at the root of the disease and instantly relieving all pain. In cases of Paralysis, Numbness, Bites, Cramps, swellings, and in fact, all classes of diseases that can be reached by external treatment, this liniment will be found efficacious. In Rheumatism it acts promptly, killing the pain in one or two applications, and when used in connection with Mansfield & Higbee's *Great Internal Remedy, the RHEUMATIC COMPOUND, we have never known it to fail in effecting a CURE. As a*

Horse and Cattle Liniment it is unsurpassed, curing where other liniments fail. A striking evidence of this is its unparalleled success when used in the treatment of Charbone or Erysipelas in Horses or Mules—a disease which at one time threatened to destroy all the stock in the Mississippi Valley. The

Magic Arnica Liniment was the only remedy that was found to cure in all cases.

With every bottle will be found a circular containing specific directions for using.

For sale by Druggists and Dealers every where.

Manufactured only by the sole Proprietors, Mansfield & Higbee, Memphis Tenn Wholesale Agents at Mobile, McGuire, Blackwood & Co and at Selma, J. L. McVoy & Co.

apr.16-1870—1y.

MADAME DELACHAMPS.

Alone in a Mountain Gorge.

Snugly e. sconced amid the wilds of one of the Middle States, lived Madame Delachamps, many years ago, with no known protector, save a faithful dog that ever stood beside her to defend in time of need. Her small, moss-covered cabin, wrapped with the wild-rose and honeysuckle, appeared hid away by a cluster of undergrowth, and closely environed on the north and east by a deep craggy ravine that led away back to the mountain gorge.

Here, sniffling the ambient air, wafted from nature's green sward clinging to the mountain side, bathing her brow in early morn's dew drop, she lived solitary and alone for many long years. The catamount's unearthly midnight yell, and the wolf's doleful howl, frequently aroused her from pleasant midnight slumbers.

Now and then she would emerge from her unknown home and mingle with the inhabitants around about her one or two months at a time. She was eccentric in her acts and all viewed her as a living curiosity.

While from home, she apparently had but one object, and that was the relief of her afflicted sex. Under a belt on he left side, could be seen an old-fasioned dirk of considerable size, carried for her own protection. while strapped across her shoulder was suspended a curious sack made from the

SKINS OF RABBITS AND RACCOONS.

Arranged in alternate stripes. This bag contained some old parchments, and a smaller sack containing a coarse powder made from certain roots known only to herself, the secret of which she clung to as with the tenacity of death. She sailed forth from her wild mountain home, to act the Good Samaritan, with this unknown vegetable powder, which she claimed possessed a wonderful power over all Diseases incident to the female sex. She termed it "womb physic," with which she proposed to cure all affections and derangements of that organ, and kindred complaints free of charge With such singular magic did she relieve all who applied, that within a few years her name and fame became known far and wide, and hundreds of suffering females applied for relief and returned to their homes healthy and happy. Many were anxious to know her great secret, and large sums of money were offered if she would divulge it—but she sturdornly refused.

During her solitary life, she became intimate with only one woman, a noted midwife some miles distant, to whom she promised to

DIVULGE HER SECRET

Before dying. In a few years, as the sombre shades of night began to close around her tottering frame, she imparted this great secret to this friend

* * * *

She too gained quite a reputation for relieving the suffering of her sex, and strange it may appear—she scarcely ever failed to cure those old chronic female complaints that had resisted all ordinary modes of treatment. Many years ago, the writer of this, while engaged in the practice of Medicine, by a little strategy, succeeded in procuring the secret of this wonderful vegetable Regulator, which had never been known to the Medical Profession

He gave it a fair and impartial trial in the treatment of various forms and stages of female complaints with such decided satisfaction, that in 1869 he called public attention to its virtues in

"GROSS MEDICO CHIRURGICAL REVIEW."

Combined with other known vegetable Tonics, having great power over the uterine organs; with Black Root to act upon the Liver and Bowels, and Soluble Citrate of Iron to correct the blood, he has formed a wonderful combination for the cure of all female complaints, considering it the only Female Regulator known, and now offers this valuable compound to the afflicted female, under the name of

ENGLISH FEMALE BITTERS

The Medical Profession at large, have long felt the need of just such a medicine, consequently it is not strange that they so eagerly prescribe and recommend these Bitters to their female patients.

If you could see the pile of smiling approvals and encomiums from physicians and their friends, by the use of these Bitters, no sickly female would hesitate to use them. This Female Regulator is adapted for old, young, married or single females, who are affected with acute or chronic forms of Uterine derangements. They cure painful, suppressed, scanty, profuse or irregular Menstruation, Chlorosis or Green Sickness, Flour Albus or Whites, Hysterics, Fading of the Womb, Ulceration and Irritability of the Womb, pain in the side, back or loins, sick Headache, palpitation or fluttering of the Heart, hurried Breathing, swimming of the Head, cold Feet and Hands, loss of Appetite, Indigestion, torpid Liver, Melancholy, Nervousness, Wakefulness, Barrenness, physical Prostration, etc., etc. Many of these are relieved by the use of only one bottle.

THE LIVER AND STOMACH

Are thoroughly aroused and restored to a healthy action, by the use of these Bitters. Its peculiar Iron and Vegetable combination, leaves it far ahead of any similar preparation before the public

Females, after confinement and convalescents from any debilitating complaint, who remain weak and feeble, with little or no appetite, are at once aroused and strengthened by their use. As a family Tonic for men, Women and children, it has no equal. One tablespoonful contains more medical properties, than one bottle of any of the common and pleasant "bitter ancdine" bitters, to be found all over the country. When the manufacturers of the common beverages of the day say they "are all diseases, they well know they are "pulling the wool over your eyes, and laugh at your stupidity in being so easily humbugged whenever the agreable smacks of whisky. If you really desire a valuable Iron and Vegetable Tonic for yourself and family, one bottle of E. F. B. will last longer and do more good than one dozen of the ordinary "grog shop" bitters, as one tablespoonful in water is sufficient for a whole family. As

A FEMALE REGULATOR.

It has no equal on the continent acting powerfully and promptly in all cases, where no organic lesion exists. It is just the medicine for young girls, who have some difficulty in retaining the bloom on the cheeks, and who do not feel exactly right. For the mother at the "change of life," it soothes and quiets until the critica period is passed, as sweetly as if enjoying the brightest beams of opal fire, flitting through the air of oriental climes. The medicine is sold at the low price of $1 50 per Bottle, or six for $8 00, and can be had of all druggists and Merchants throughout the country. Address

J. P DROMGOOLE & CO., Prop's.
Memphis, Ten.

DROMGOOLE & CO.'S

BUCHU.

The Best and Cheapest now before the public, for all affections and derangements of the Kidneys and Bladder. Large Bottles only $1 00 or six for $5 00. Sold by Druggists and Merchants every where.

J. P. DROMGOOL & CO., Prop's.
Memphis, Tenn

W. D. HOYT & CO.

Jobbers in Drugs, Medicines and Druggists Sundries,

No. 43. Broad Street,

Rome, Ga.

WHOLESALE AGENTS FOR

ROSADALIS,
CALIFORNIA VINEGAR BITTERS,
PLANTATION "
EDWARD WILDER & CO'S PREPARATIONS,
AYER & CO's "
PEMBERTON, TAYLOR & CO's "

White Lead & Linseed Oil.

All of which will be sold at MANUFACTURER'S PRICES.

D. D. DRAPER, J. R. DRAPER, J. DRAPER, Sr

D. D. DRAPER, SON & CO.

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in

Dry Goods, Groceries, and General Merchandise.

OXFORD, ALA.

Have now on hand a Large and select stock of

DRY GOODS AND GROCERIES,

CONSISTING IN PART OF

Sugar, Coffee, Molasses; Bacon, Lard, Mess Pork; Cooking Stoves, Iron and Steel; Hardware, Cutlery, Crockery, Glassware, &c.

Their Stock is now large, and their arrangements completed to keep it constantly full of choice articles at reduced prices. Purchasers are respectfully invited to call and look through our Dry Goods and Grocery Stores, with the confident expectation on our part that we can give entire satisfaction. Oxford, April 16, 1870.

JOSEPH E. VEAL,

ROME, GA.,

DEALER IN

Watches, Clocks, Jewelry,

SILVER AND PLATED WARE,

SPECTCLES,

FRENCH, CHINA, AND CUT GLASS WARE.

CUTLERY,

TOYS, WALKING CANES.

Musical Instruments, Fishing Tackle,
FINE HOUSEHOLD ARTICLES,
And Fancy Goods Generally.
OLD GOLD AND SILVER TAKEN IN EXCHANGE.
Watches, Clocks and Jewelry Repaired and Warranted.

MOORE & MARSH,

WHOLESALE
DEALERS IN

DRY GOODS,

Hats, Shoes, & Boots,

Corner Decatur and Pryor Streets,

W. A. MOORE. }
E. W. MARSH. } ATLANTA, Ga.

FLEISHEL & BRO.,

WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

Staple and Fancy

DRY GOODS,

CLOTHING, BOOTS, SHOES,
HATS, NOTIONS, ETC.,

38, Whitehall street, between Alabama and Hunter.
ATLANTA, GEORGIA.

J. T. MEADOR. N. J. MEADOR. J. J. MEADOR.

Meador & Brothers,

TOBACCO

Commission Merchants,

AND

Manufacturers of Cigars,

Whitehall Street, ATLANTA, GEORGIA.

G. W. JACK,

Wholesale Confectionr,

Steam Candy and Cracker Manufactory,

AND DEALER IN

FRUITS, NUTS, PRESERVES;

ALSO TOYS, WILLOW WARE, &c.

WHITEHALL STREET, ATLANTA, GEORGIA.

BONES, BROWN & CO.,
Augusta. Ga
ESTABLISHED 1825.

J. & S. BONES & CO.,
Rome. Ga.
ESTABLISHED 1869.

The attention of Merchants is called to the Magnificent Stock of

HARDWARE

Now in Store and for sale by the above mentioned Houses. We offer at prices corresponding with the recent decline in gold,

1500 Doz. Pocket Knives—best Sheffield Brand,
500 Gross Table " — " "
4000 Prs. Standard weight Trace Chains,
350 Tons Sweedish Hammered Iron,
100 " Jenk's English Plow Steel,
200 Doz. Ames & Rowland's Shovels and Spades,
400 " Sam. Collins Axes,
300 " Cheap grade "
200 Kegs Burdin's Horse and Mule Shoes,
1000 Kegs Old Dominion Nails.

We are exclusive Agents for the Rome Iron Manufacturing Co.'s Merchant Bar Iron. This Iron is made from the best Charcoal Pig, & every bar GUARANTEED.

We are AGENTS for Vulcanized Rubber Belting, Orange Rifle and Blasting Powder, Winship's Cotton Gins, Brooks' Cotton and Hay Presses, Burdick's National Hay Cutter, R. Hoe & Co.'s Patent Ground, Inserted and Solid Tooth Circular Saws. Oct. 15, 1870—6m.

THE MOUND CITY

Mutual Life Insurance Co.

OF ST. LOUIS, MO.

OFFICERS.

JAMES J. O'FALLON, President.
A. M BRITTON, Vice President.
S. W. LOAX, Sec'y.
C. G. McHATTON, Gen'l Agent

The Mound City Mutual Life Insurance Company offers itself as a candidate for public patronage, with such provisions incorporated in the basis of its organization as render it at the same time,

Liberal, Safe and Substantial.

OneHundred Thousand Dollars Deposited

For the Security of Policy Holders.

In conformity with the Law of Missouri, this Company has deposited in the Insurance Department in St. Louis, Mo., one hundred thousand dollars, for security of its policy holders.

THIS COMPANY ISSUES

All Classes of Policies,

NON-FORFEITABLE AFTER ONE ANNUAL PAYMENT.

On the Ten Payment Table, one annual payment secures a paid up Policy for one tenth of the amount insured.

JOHNSTON & POINDEXTER,
Gen'l Agents,
Mobile, Ala.

ALEXANDER, MORRIS & CO. Agents, Jacksonville.

August 20, 1870.—1y.

G. H. & A. W. FORCE,

WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

BOOTS & SHOES,

WHITEHALL STREET.

ATLANTA GA

M. T. HUMPHRIES, J. J. ROBERTSON

Bar, Cigars. Tobacco. and Confectionaries

CROSS LAINS, ALA. Apl. 23, 1870

SILVEY & DOUGHERTY,

Peachtree and Decatur Streets,

ATLANTA, Ga.,

WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC

Dry Goods,

FANCY GOODS, WHITE GOODS,

HOSIERY, GLOVES, NOTIONS, &c.

JOHN SILVEY. }
DAVID DOHERTY. } *Dec.* 11, 1869—1y.

BERRYS & CO.

Wholesale Grocers,

—AND—

Commission Merchants,

Broadway, ROME, Ga.

SPECIAL attenfion given to sale of WHEAT, COTTON, and all kinds of Produce. DEC. 11, 1869.—1y.

NEW BOOKS, STATIONERY,

AND

FANCY ARTICLES,

HENRY A. SMITH, BOOKSELLER & STATIONER,

ROME, GA.

Is just receiving a very large supply of School, Theological, Standard and Miscellaneous Wall Papering, Window Shades, Writing Desks, Port Folio's, Work Boxes. Photographic Albums, Engravings, Paintings, Picture Frames, Coral Toys and Fancy Articles

Piano's, Sheet Music, Violin and Guitar Strings. Any article in the book or music line, not on hand, will be furnished at short notice, at Publishers and Manufacturer's prices

☞Merchants and School Teachers supplied upon the most reasonable terms.☜

Rome, Ga., Dec. 11, 1869.—1y.

HILLS, DAILEY & CO.

DEALER IN, AND MANUFACTURER OF ALL KINDS OF

Furniture,

CHAIRS

And Metalic Burial Case,

ROME, GA.

BUREAUS, Wardrobes, Wire Safes, Sofas, Bedsteads, Canesent, and all other Chairs and Rockers, Chamber Sets of various styles and prices; Tables, Wash-stands, Whatnots, Spring Beds, Cribs, &c. &c.

All sizes Metalic Burial Cases on hand—all at reduced prices. Dec. 11, 69—1y

---

WHEREAS, by an act of the General Assembly of the State of Alabama approved the 10th day of October, 1868, it is provided as follows: to-wit: "It shall be the duty of the Probate Judge of each county in this State to designate a newspaper in which all legal advertisements, notices or publications, of any and every character required by law to be made in his County, shall be published; which paper so designated shall be the official organ in and for said county, and in obedience to the requirements of said act, I, as Judge of Probate for Calhoun County, Alabama, did heretofore designate the "St. Clair County Eagle," as the official organ in and for said County of Calhoun, in which all legal advertisements, notices or publications of any and every character required by law to be made in and for said County of Calhoun should be published, said designation to remain until recalled or changed by me.—

And the "*Jacksonville Republican*" being a County paper, published in the Town of Jacksonville, Alabama, and in my opinion clearly within the provisions of said act, I therefore recall and change my order designating the St. Clair County Eagle, as the official organ for said County of Calhoun and designate the said Jacksonville Republican as the official organ hereafter, in which all legal advertisements, notices or publications of any and every character required by Law to be made in and for said County of Calhoun shall be published. This designation to remain so long as in my opinion the Editor of said Jacksonville Republican conducts said paper so as to be within the provisions of said act.

A. WOODS, Judge of Probate.

Feb. 13, 1869.

H. A. STOLLENWERCK, *Selma, Ala.* F. E. STOLLENWERCK, *Mobile, Ala.*

A. G. STOLLENWERCK. *Selma, Ala.*

H. A. STOLLENWERCK & BRO.
Water Street,
SELMA, Ala.

F. E. STOLLENWERCK & BRO.
42 North Commerce Street,
MOBILE Ala

COTTON FACTORS AND Commission Merchants

☞Messrs. E. L. WOODWARD & SON, of Jacksonville, Ala., will act as Agents for this house.

LIVERY STABLE,

Sign of the Horned Horse.

BY S. C. KELLY Oxford, Ala.

Prepared with Horses and Mules and every kind of wheels from a wheel barrow to a log wagon, with teams and drivers to hire on liberal terms. Buy or Sell if convinced there is money about for me. Sell cheap for cash. Feed and take care of stock. Cash terms strictly.

THE GERMANIA TANNING CO.

MANUFACTURERS OF ALL KINDS OF

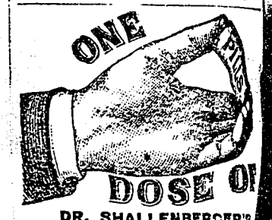
UPPER, SOLE AND HARNESS LEATHER

JACKSONVILLE, Ala

Highest market rates paid for HIDES and TALLOW.

JACOB ROSENBERG, Supt.

Dec. 14, 1869.



DR. SHALLENBERGER'S

Fever and Ague ANTIDOTE

Always Stops the Chills.

This Medicine has been before the Public fifteen years, and is still ahead of all other known remedies. It does not purge, not sicken the stomach, is perfectly safe in any dose and under all circumstances is the only Medicine that will

CURE IMMEDIATELY and permanently every form of Fever and Ague, because it is a perfect Antidote for Malaria.

Sold by all Druggists

CROSS PLAINS HOUSE,

COME ALONG.

This House is not quite completed, but will receive Boarders and the Traveling public generally.

No rash promises made—come and see.

A. S. JOHNSON,
J. N. HOOD,
J. N. HOOD, Prop'r.

june18—tf.

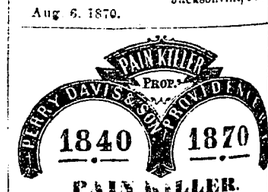
Door, Blind and Sash MANUFACTORY.

THE undersigned is now prepared to manufacture, of the best materials, and in the neatest and most durable manner any of the above named articles for parties who may desire them, at Rome prices.

Apply to, or address,

T. W. PITT,
Jacksonville, Ala.

Aug 6. 1870.



PAIN KILLER.

PERRY DAVIS & SON.

Manufacturers and Proprietors, Providence R. I.

We ask the attention of the public to this long-tested and unrivaled

FAMILY MEDICINE.

It has been favorably known for more than twenty years, during which time we have received thousands of testimonials showing this medicine to be an almost never failing remedy for diseases caused by or attendant upon—

Sudden Colds, Coughs, Fever and Ague, Acadache, Billious Fever, Pains in the Side, Back and Loins, as well as in the Joints and Limbs, Neuralgia and Rheumatic Pain in any part of the system, Toothache and Pains in the head and face.

As a Blood Purifier and Tonic for the Stomach,

It seldom fails to cure Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Liver complaint, Acid Stomach, Heartburn, Kidney Complaints, Sick Headache, Piles, Asthma or Phthisic, Ringworms, Boils, Felons, Whitlows, Old Sores, Swelled Joints, and General Debility of the system.

It is also a prompt and sure remedy for Cramps and Pain in the Stomach, Painters' Colic, Diarrhœa, Dysentery, Summer Complaint, Cholera Morbus, Cholera Infantum, Scalds, Burns, Sprains, Bruises, Frost Bites, Chilblains, as well as the Stings of Insects, Scorpions, Centipedes, and the Bites of Poisonous Insects and Nenemous Reptiles.

See directions accompanying each bottle.

Sold by HOKE.

Jacksonville Republican
PRINTED, PRINTED & PUBLISHED, EVERY SATURDAY MORNING, BY
J. F. & L. W. GRANT.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.
For one year in advance, ...$3 00
For six months, " " 1 75

TERMS OF ADVERTISING.
One square of 10 lines orless, first insertion, ... $1 00
Each subsequent insertion, ... 50
Over one square counted as two, &c.
Obituaries charged at advertising rates.

Annunciation of Candidates.
For County Offices, ... $5 00
For State Offices, ... $10 00

Jacksonville Republican.

"The Price of Liberty is Eternal Vigilance."

VOL. 34. JACKSONVILLE, ALA., DECEMBER 10. 1870. WHOLE NO 1757

Rates of Advertising,
For three, six, or twelve Months.

One square of 10 lines,	3 months,	$5 00
" "	6 "	15 00
" "	12 "	20 00
One fourth column,	3 "	10 00
" " "	6 "	15 00
" " "	12 "	25 00
One half column,	3 "	25 00
" " "	6 "	35 00
" " "	12 "	50 00
One column,	3 "	40 00
" "	6 "	75 00
" "	12 "	100 00

Charges due and collectable quarterly.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

JOHN FOSTER. WM. H. FORNEY.
FOSTER & FORNEY,
Attorneys at Law,
Jacksonville Alabama.
WILL practice in the Counties of Calhoun, Talladega, Randolph, St. Clair, Cherokee, DeKalb and the Supreme Court of the State.
Dec. 23d, 1865.

JOE. H. FRANCIS.
ATTORNEY AT LAW
—AND—
GENERAL COLLECTING AGENTS.
Gadsden ....Alabama.
WILL practice in Etowah and adjoining counties. Special attention given to the filing petitions in Bankruptcy. Will prosecute claims against the Government for Bounty, Back pay, &c.

S. O. ELLIS. J. H. CALDWELL
ELLIS & CALDWELL,
Attorneys at Law,
AND
Solicitor in Chancery.
JACKSONVILLE, ALA.
HAVING associated themselves in the practice of Law, will practice together, except in CRIMINAL CASES, in the counties Calhoun, Talledega, St. Clair, Randolph Cherokee and DeKalb.
Jan. 6. 1866.

M. J. TURNLEY, G. I. TURNLEY
M. J. & G. I. TURNLEY,
Attorneys at Law
AND
Solicitors in Chancery
General Collecting Agents.
JACKSONVILLE, ALA.
WILL practice Law in the counties of Calhoun, Talladega, Randolph, Cleburne, Cherokee, Baine, St. Clair and DeKalb, in the Supreme Court of the State, and in the U. S District Court, Northern and Middle Division of Alabama.

JOHN W INZER GEROY F. BOX.
INZER & BOX,
Attorneys at Law,
AND
Solicitors in Chancery
ASHVILLE, Ala.
WILL practice in all the Courts of St Clair, Calhoun, Talladega, Shelby, Jefferson, Blount, DeKalb, Cherokee & Marshall; also in the Superior Court of the State Prompt attention given.

S. L. STEVENSON,
Attorney at Law
JACKSONVILLE. Ala.

M. E. THORNTON,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
SOLICITOR IN CHANCERY.
CLEBURNE CO. Ala.
WILL practice in Cleburne, Calhoun, Clay and Randolph counties.
Jan. 22, 1870.—1y.

December 12, 1868.
PHOTOGRAPHS,
AMBROTYPES. &c.
S. GOODE, Artist,
(Formerly of Ashville, Ala.)
Rooms first door north of E. L. Woodward's Store. June 16, 1866

THE ATLAS MUTUAL
Life Insurance
Company,
OF ST LOUIS, Mo.
Assets, $600,000.
Is represented in this district by J. M. [illegible]. It is strictly speaking, a Home Company—being located in a Western city and having large investments in our own State. We claim for the Atlas, advantages superior to all other companies doing business in this State, in this, that all of its policies are non-forfeitable from date of first payment, and no restrictions as to residence, occupation, &c
June 26. 1869.—tf.

DR. M. W. FRANCIS,
HAS resumed the duties of his profession in all its branches. Office, N. W. Corner of Public Square,
JACKSONVILLE, ALA.
November 18, 1865—tf.

HOTELS

Planter's Hotel:
JACKSONVILLE, ALA.
THE undersigned having leased the large and commodious Brick Building, on the north-east corner of the public square in Jacksonville, and refurnished and fixed it up in good style, are now prepared to accommodate permanent boarders and transient customers in the best style the country affords. No pains or expense will be spared for the comfort and accommodation of those who may favor them with their patronage.
Comfortable Hack to carry passengers to and from the depot free of charge. Also, Buggies or Barouches to carry passengers to any point desired.
ROBERT ALEXANDER & SON.
Jacksonville, Nov. 6, 1869.

TENNESSEE HOUSE
Rome, Ga.
J. A. STANSBURY, PROP'R.
Most convenient Hotel to Rail Road Depots.
Mar. 12, 1870—tf

W. C. D. WHIPS. J. N. WILLARD.
WILLARD HOTEL
WHIPS & WILLARD,
Proprietors.
J. A PATRICK, Clerk.
DICK CHILES, Clerk.
S. E. Cor. Centre & Jefferson Sts.,
LOUISVILLE,
Ky
October 23, 1869.—1y.

BLANKS.
OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.
For Sale at this office.

WILLIAM ROTHROCK,
BOOKSELLER
AND
STATIONER,
DEALER IN
MUSIC & MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS,
Broad Street. SELMA, Alabama.
Dec. 11, 1869—1y.

5 FIRST PRIZE MEDALS AWARDED.
THE GREAT
Southern Piano
MANUFACTUARY.
WM. KNABE & CO.
MANUFACTURERS OF
GRAND, SQUARE AND UPRIGHT
PIANO FORTES
BALTIMORE, MD.
These Instruments have been before the public for nearly Thirty Years, and upon their excellence alone attained an unparalleled pre-eminence, which pronounces them unequaled. Their
TONE
combines great power, sweetness and fine singing quality, as well as great purity of intonation and sweetness throughout the entire scale. Their
TOUCH
is pliant and elastic, and entirely free from the stiffness found in so many Pianos
IN WORKMANSHIP
they are unequaled being none but the very best SEASONED MATERIAL, the large capital employed in our business enabling us to keep continually an immense stock of lumber, &c., on hand.
☞All our SQARE PIANOS, have our New Improved Over Strung Scale and the AGRAFFE TREBLE.
☞We would call special attention to our late improvements in GRAND PIANOS AND SQUARE GRANDS. Patented August 14, 1866, which bring the Piano nearer perfection than has yet been attained.
Every Piano fully warranted for 5 Years.
We have made arrangements for the SOLE WHOLESALE AGENCY for the most celebrated PARLOR ORGANS AND MELODEONS, which we offer, Wholesale and Retail, at Lowest Factory Prices.
WM. KNABE & CO.
Baltimore, Md.
Sept17—6m.

DR. J. BRADFIELD'S
FEMALE REGULATOR,
"WOMAN'S BEST FRIEND."
Will bring on the Menses when they have not been established, also when they have been suppressed from unnatural causes.—Will cure Rheumatism and Neuralgia of the back and womb. Will cure painful Menstruation, and relieve the head, back and loins of those distressing pains and aches. Will check hemorrhagia or "excessive flow." Will cure "Whites" and falling of the womb, when it is the result of relaxation or bad health.
It is as sure a cure in all the above diseases as Quinine is in Chills and Fever
Ladies can cure themselves of all the above diseases without reading their complaints to any person, which is always mortifying to their pride and modesty.
It is recommended and used by the best physicians in their private practice.
For a history of the above diseases, certificates of its wonderful cures and directions the reader is referred to the wrapper around, the bottle. Manufactured and sold by
BRADFIELD & CO., Atlanta Ga.
Sold by all Druggists. Price $1.50.
apr30-1870—1y.

THE LEFFEL'S UNRIVALLED
AMERICAN
DOUBLE
TURBINE
WATER WHEEL,
Mill Gearing, Shafting & Pulleys
STEAM ENGINES & BOILERS.
POOLE & HUNT, BALTIMORE, MD
SEND FOR A CIRCULAR.

GEO. C. SWIFT. E.M. BYRNE, J. ERHART.
SWIFT, BYRNE & ERHART,
(Successors to DENNIS, SWIFT & CO.,)
At the Large Safe & Convenient
COTTON WAREHOUSE,
FOOT OF WATER STREET,
SELMA, Alabama.
☞Cotton sent to us, will be weighed correctly, and stored promptly.
☞No drayage on Cotton Shipped by Railroads or Steamboats.
☞Good Camp House and Stables for our Waggon Customers.
July 30, 1870.—6m.

CALL AT THE
Old Hotel,
West Side of the Public Square,
Jacksonville, Ala.
WHICH has been repaired, refurnished and refitted up, especially for the comfort of those who may favor us with a call. Rooms large and comfortable—fare good as the country affords—servants polite and attentive—charges reasonable.
Can accommodate a dozen or two regular boarders.
J. D. HAMMOND,
Dec. 18, '69—1y. Proprietor.

Railroad Warehouse,
ROME, GA.
HAVING leased the large and commodious Warehouse immediately on the Selma, R. & D. Railroad, and taken out an open policy of insurance, I am now prepared to store, sell or ship COTTON on very liberal terms. Being located immediately on the line of Railroad no drayage will be charged on cotton to or from the depot—50 cents per bale per month will cover all charges including weighing, marking and delivery. Being possessed of the above advantages, together with a long experience in the cotton business, I respectfully ask a liberal patronage from my many friends who read the Jacksonville Republican.
J. J. VANDIVER.
Oct. 8, 1870.—3m.

Lime
For sale at Seymour's Mill.
Nov. 5, 2870.

FRUIT TREES SMALL FRUITS,
Ornamental Trees and Plants,
Choice Garden & Field Seeds &c
A splendid stock of the choicest varieties.
Send for Descriptive Catalogues and Priced List.
All Trees well packed so as to carry safely to any part of the United States.
Small Fruits & Small Plants
of all kinds, sent by mail, postage paid, to any Post Office in the United States.
EDW'D J. EVANS & CO.,
Nurserymen and Seedsmen,
YORK PA.

Desirable House and Lot
For Sale.
THE House and Lot in Jacksonville, Ala., recently occupied by J. J. Aderholt, situated on the street leading from the spring to the public square, convenient to the spring and also to the business part of the town.
The lot is well improved with dwelling house and convenient out-houses.
For examination of the premises, and terms which will be made favorable, call on J. W. Hughes of Jacksonville, or the owners Z. & J. Y. HENDERSON,
Sulpher Springs.
Sept17-1870—tf.

IRON PIPE
For Sale.
ALL kinds and sizes of wrought and cast Iron Pipe.
All sizes and every variety of FITTINGS.
Steam and Gas Fitting and Plumming done to order.
TAR For Sale at the Rome, Ga. Gas orks, at $4 00 per barrel. H. A. GARTRELL & CO.
jan. 22. 1870.—ly Proprietors.

Do not fail to read this advertisement carefully, for it concerns you personally.
THE BARNWELL LEDGER,
A large thirty-two column Family Newspaper, containing in every issue, besides advertisements, over twenty columns of choice reading matter:
CONSISTING OF
Beautiful Stories, Sketches, Hints to Farmers, Poetry, Wit and Humor Editorials and contributions from able writers on the leading topics of the day, News Items, Telegraphic News, and everything else that interests the general reader.
The Ledger is not merely a local paper, but a Family paper, to be read with interest in any section of the country. Do not fail to send for a sample copy, which will be forwarded to any address, free of charge, so that they may see that the Ledger is all that it is represented to be. Single subscription ($1 50) one dollar and a half per annum. Remit by mail, at publisher's risk, or go to Mr. J. F. Grant, the proprietor of the Republican, and pay $2, the subscription price of the Republican, and he will send you the Ledger for one year free of charge. A sample copy can also be always seen at his office.

MRS. M. E. ROWLAND
Is now receiving her
Fall and Winter
MILLINERY,
EXTRA IN PRICE & QUALITY this season.
A well selected stock of NOTIONS, which I can sell cheaper than any one.
LADIES KID GLOVES, $1 25 to 1 50 per pair.
Fine assortment of Latest styles of
JEWELRY,
COMING IN NEW EVERY WEEK.
I shall keep a desirable Lot of DRESS GOODS this season; also, Plaids, Silk Corpons and the Buffalo Brand Silk Aprons, Cashes and Children's suits made to order.
Latest Patterns and best of goods. Materials and trimmings always on hand for these.
Agent also for WILSON'S IMPROVED MACHINE, only $30 00. Call and see one in use, and judge it for yourselves. I can safely warrant it to do the best work of any machine now in use Oct. 29, 1870.

Dr. LAWRENCE,
Dentist.

Is located at Jacksonville, Ala., and is possessed of the best appliances in his profession to be found in the State.
If you wish your teeth put in order and kept so; give him the care of them.
If you want teeth extracted with as little pain as possible, and with *Perfect certainty of success* call on him.
If your children's teeth are irregular and ugly, between the ages of 8, and 15 years, consult him or some other well informed Dentist.
If you have lost your Natural teeth, and wish the best substitute you can get, call on Dr. L.
Office at his Cottage Residence, quarter of a mile from the Court House.
july 30, 1870.—tf.

TO THE WORKING CLASS.—We are now prepared to furnish all classes with constant employment at home, the whole of the time or for the spare moments. Business new, light and profitable. Persons of either sex easily earn from 50c. to $5 per evening, and a proportional sum by devoting their whole time to the business. Boys and girls earn nearly as much as men. That all who see this notice may send their address, and test the business, we make this unparalleled offer: To such as are not well satisfied, we will send $1 to pay for the trouble of writing. Full particulars, a valuable sample which will do to commence work on, and a copy of *The People's Literary Companion*—one of the largest and family newspapers published—all sent free by mail. Reader, if you want permanent, profitable work, address E. C ALLEN CO.; Augusta, Maine.
ma14-1870.

Circuit Court, Special Term,
FOR CLEBURNE COUNTY.
NOTICE is hereby given, that I will hold a Special Term of the Circuit Court of Cleburne county, to continue one week, commencing on the 2nd Monday in December, 1870.
Clerk will see that Juries are drawn and subpœnaed for said special term.
WM. L. WHITLOCK, Judge.
Oct. 29, 1870.—td.

TO PHYSICIANS.
New York, August 15th, 1868.
Allow me to call your attention to my
Preparation of Compound Extract Buchu
The component parts are BUCHU, LONG LEAF, CUBEBS, JUNIPER BERRIES.
MODE OF PREPARATION.—Buchu, in vacuo. Juniper Berries, by distillation, to form a fine gin. Cubebs extracted by displacement with spirits obtained from Juniper Berries; very little sugar is used, and a small proportion of spirit. It is more palatable than any now in use.
Buchu, as prepared by Druggists, is of a dark color. It is a plant that emits its fragrance; the action of flame destroys this (its active principle), leaving a dark and glutinous decoction. Mine is the color of ingredients. The Buchu in my preparation predominates, the smallest quantity of the other ingredients are added, to prevent fermentation; upon inspection, it will be found not to be a Tincture, as made in Pharmacopeea, nor is it a Syrup—and therefore can be used in cases where fever or inflammation exist. In this, you have the knowledge of the ingredients and the mode of preparation.
Hoping that you will favor it with a trial, and that upon inspection it will meet with your approbation
With a feeling of confidence,
I am, very respectfully,
H T. HELMBOLD.
Chemist and Druggist,
of 16 Years' Experience

[From the Largest Manufacturing Chemist in the World.]
NOVEMBER 4, 1854.
"I am acquainted with Mr. H. T. HELMBOLD; he occupied the Drug Store opposite my residence, and was successful in conducting the business where others had not been equally so before him. I have been favorably impressed with his character and enterprise."
WILLIAM WEIGHTMAN,
Firm of Powers & Weightman,
Manufacturing Chemists,
Ninth and Brown streets, Philadelphia.

Helmbold's Fluid Extract Buchu
Is the great specific for Universal Lassitude, Prostration, &c.
The constitution, once affected with Organic Weakness, requires the aid of Medicine to strengthen and invigorate the system which HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU invariably does. If no treatment is submitted to, Consumption or insanity ensues.

Helmbold's Fluid Extract of Buchu.
In affections peculiar to Females, is unequaled by any other preparation, as in Chlorosis, or Retention, Prolapsus, or Suppression of Customary Evacuations, Ulcerated or Schirrus State of the Uterus, and all complaints incident to the sex, or the decline or change of life.

Helmbold's Fluid Extract Buchu and Improved Rose Wash
Will radically exterminate from the system diseases arising from habits of dissipation, at little expense, little or no change in diet, no inconvenience or exposure completely superceding those unpleasant and dangerous remedies, Copaiva and Mercury, in all these diseases.

Use Helmbold's Fluid Extract Buchu
In all diseases of the organs, whether existing in male or female, from whatever cause originating, and no matter of how long standing. It is pleasant in taste and odor. "immediate" in action, and more strengthening than any of the preparations of Bark or Iron.

Those suffering from broken-down or delicate constitutions, procure the remedy at once.

The reader must be aware that, however slight may be the attack of the above diseases, it is certain to affect the bodily health and mental powers.
All the above diseases require the aid of a Diuretic. HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU is the great Diuretic.

Sold by Druggists everywhere PRICE—$1,25 per bottle, or 6 bottles for $6,50. Delivered to any address. Describe symptoms in all communications.
Address
H. T. HELMBOLD,
Drug and Chemical Warehouse,
594 Broadway, New York.

None are Genuine
Unless done up in steel-engraved wrapper, with fac-simile of my Chemical Warehouse, and signed
H. T. HELMBOLD.

POETRY.

A Message.

"After the battle of Fohrbach a French officer of Cuirassiers was found dead, with a letter, which we copy, crumpled in his hand."—*John Bull September 3.*

It was only a crumpled letter,
In a careless, girlish hand;
It was only a childish message
From the sun kissed Southern land.
It was a brief memorial
Of the tears the absent shed;
It was a trifle from the living,
But a message from the dead!

"Father, dear, you are gone to battle,
But I think incessantly,
As I miss your morning blessing,
What your sufferings must be!"
So she wrote, and so he held it,
With a blessing on her head—
When the token of the living
Was a message to the dead;

"I'm so good, dear—oh, so steady—
You would whish me to be so;
If I'm quite half your dangers
Dear mamma need never know.
So, good-bye, papa! God bless you!
Guard and keep you evermore;
See! I send you fifty kisses
From an ever ready store!"

It was only a crumpled letter
In a dead man's hand that day,
Just to show how hearts were aching
In his own land far away:
It was only a loving message
From a loving child that sped,
But the words the living pencilled
Were a message to the dead!

Take it not from his fingers—
Lay it with him in the grave—
If it be a consolation,
"Tis the latest he will have.
For I think the bullet reached him
As the tender words were read;
So that when the angles told it
"Twas *no* message from the dead!

The Legal Argument on the Governorship.

We publish Judge Walker's speech as amended, to which several most important additions have been made and to which we direct the special attention of our readers:

The question of the occasion is, who has a right to the present incumbency of the office of Governor of the State of Alabama. The same question arises as to the office of Treasurer, and the remarks made will be applicable to the incumbency of that office.

This is, as I understand, not a party meeting and the question is one of right and of law, and not of party interest or policy I invite this large assembly to a consideration of this question of right and law unmiluenced by party feeling or prejudice.

Governor Smith was elected in 1868. The term for which he was elected has expired. His incumbency of the office does not under the constitution extend beyond the expiration of his term to the qualification of his successor. Constitution Article V, § 2. The 32 Ordinance of the convention which prosscribes a different term of office by authorizing a continuance of the holding until a successor is elected and qualified must be subordinated to the mandate of the constitution which is the supreme law of the State. Pamphlet Acts, 1868, pp, 180, 181.

Governor Smith has therefore no right under his election in 1868 to retain the possession of the gubernational office. If any right to it retention pertains to him it is by virtue of the recent election.

After an election for Governor there must of necessity be an interval, during which the office must be filled, and yet without a legal contest of the election. That interval is now upon us. During such interval it is necessary to the public peace and tranquility that the country should act upon pre-umption. The presumption is that officers connected with the conduct of the election have faithfully and honestly discharged their duties, and that the election is as indicated by the returns. This doctrine is based upon the principle that truth and honesty and official integrity are to be pre-sumed until the contrary is shown.—The *onus probandi* is upon the party who affirms illegality in the election. The person having the greater number of votes, according to the returns made in the form provided by law, and made in pursuance of law, is presumed to have been duly elected until the contrary is shown in a judicial proceeding having for its object the contest of the election. Upon this principle the courts and the Congress of the United States have uniformly acted. Goggin vs. Gilmer, 2 Cong. Elect. Cas. 70; United States vs. Carberly, 2 Cranch's C. C. R. 358; Hill vs. State, 1 Ala. 560; Wamack vs. Holloway, 2 Ala. 32; State v. Judge, 18 Ala. 803; Maigem v. Qaackenbush 22 Barbour N. Y. 72; Newman vs. Tiernan, 37 Barbour N. Y. 159; Ewing vs. Thompson, 43 Penn. St. R. 372.

Lindsay having according to the official returns, a majority of the votes, is *prima facie* the Governor. He is presumed to be the Governor until in a legal contest it is otherwise adjudged. It would therefore be obedience to the law, and contribute to the preservation of order and public repose, if Governor Smith would in the present interval yield the incumbency of the office to him who is presumed to be entitled to it. To retain the office by violence or force is to disregard the presumptions of the law, and subordinate legal right to his personal will and individual opinions. No man in a country where law prevails has a right to say the returns of the sworn officers of the law are false, and the people of the State have been guilty of fraud and intimidation in the election, therefore I will upon my own arbitrament disregard the election returns, and by force possess the office. Such a course is the elevation of a man to the office of a Judge in his own case and superiority to the law itself. One or the other of the two candidates for Governor must yield and institute legal proceedings, if he is wronged. Should it be he who is elected according to the returns, or he who is defeated according to the returns? The law in consistency with common sonso, answered the question that the returns are *prima facie* correct, and the country must act upon them until the contrary is shown in a legal proceeding. The authorities above cited will be found to cover the entire question.

The injunction against opening and publishing of the vote for Governor is issued against Mr. Barr, the presiding officer of the Senate at that time, and enjoins him from opening and publishing the vote. He is the only party defendant to the suit. The right to an office, like the right to property, can not be injuriously affected by a judicial proceeding, to which the person claiming that right is not a party. Lindsay's claim to the office of Governor cannot be adjudged in a judicial proceeding in which he is not a party. The entire proceeding must be, as to him, a mere nullity. The making of Barr alone a party, has the appearance of a contrivance to deprive Lindsay of his office by collusion between Gov. Smith and Mr. Barr. If the injunction is at all valid, it can be continued to the end of the gubernatorial term, by a collusive arrangement between the *complainant and defendant*, and the Governor elect may be deprived of his office during an entire term without an opportunity to be heard.

The injunction is simply to prevent the opening and publishing of the vote for Governor. The Chancery suit is not designed to determine the result of an election after the ascertainment of fraud committed and illegal votes cast. It has not the parties necessary for that purpose, and does not seek to accomplish that object.

The Constitution of the State (Art. V. §3) imposes upon the presiding officer of the Senate the duty of opening and publishing, in the presence of a majority of the members of the General Assembly, the returns of the votes This a constitutional duty. It has the sanction of an oath. What power can absolve from the duty imposed by the Constitution? When the Constitution commands, and an oath requires the performance of a duty, who can resist? Who can say that the presiding officer of the Senate shall not obey the mandate of the Constitution and fulfill the obligations of his oath?

The opening and publishing of the returns of the votes by the presiding officer of the Senate and the declaration by the General Assembly of the result of the election, are mere steps in the ascertainment of the result—in the fixing of a *prima facie*, or presumptive right to the incumbency of the office. They are not decisive of the right to property in the office. Even after these steps are taken, the door is open for a contest of the election, and a judicial desicion of the question before the tribunal designated by the constitution for the purpose. The absurdity of the suit in Chancery is made obvious by comparing it with a suit to prevent the count of the votes in an election to a County office. It is destructive of all law, and of all chance of a peaceful solution of the right to an office, for the courts to interpose to prevent the ascertainment of the election by the agence appointed in the Constitution. Courts of Chancery do interfere to prevent the deprivation of a right, but do not interfere to prevent the operation of constitutionally appointed instrumenta ities for the establishment of the evidence of a right. Neither precedent nor principal can be found to justify the bill of injunction filed against the Presiding officer of the Senate. The General Assembly has merely been arrested without legal authority, in the performance of the constitutional duty of counting the votes, and ascertaining for whom, according to the legal returns, the largest number was cast.

Undoubtedly the General Assembly has the right to determine contested elections for executive offices, including the office of Governor. The Constitution says: "Contested elections for executive officers shall be determined by both Houses of the General Assembly in such manner as shall be prescribed by law." Art. V. §3. The General Assembly is therefore the constitutionally appointed tribunal for the trial and adjudication of a contested election for Governor. The Constitution having said that contested elections for Governor shall be tried by the General Assembly, it is a bold usurpation for a chancery court to interfere with the subject. The power of the General Assembly is exclusive. In the case of the State vs. Gardner, 43 Ala. 234, 250, the Supreme Court, speaking of the sections of the Constitution relative to impeachments and removals of judges, says: "These articles of the Constitution clearly vest in certain departments of the government the jurisdiction to try impeachments, and to try applications for removal of judges from office in this State. This makes the jurisdiction exclusive, and no other tribunal can exercise the powers thus conferred, except those departments of the government mentioned in the Constitution itself. *Expressio unius est exclusio alterius* is a maxim well acknowledged by this Court to be a rule of law as well as of logic."

The exclusive jurisdiction of the General Assembly cannot be questioned on the ground that no mode has been provided by law for the contest of elections before that body. The act of 8th October, 1868, (pamphlet Acts, pp. 269-289) lays down general rules to regulate the contest of elections, which might be applied to the General Assembly. But if the mode of contesting an election before the General Assembly were not provided by law, it would simply result, that it would be the duty of the Legislature to provide the rules to govern in the contest. It cannot be that the neglect of a Legislative duty can have the effect of transferring jurisdiction from a tribunal appointed by the Constitution.

The powers of the State government are by the Constitution carefully divided into Legislative, Executive and Judicial departments, and each department is prohibited from exercising any power granted to the others. (Constitution, Art. III. §§ 1, 2.) These three departments of governments are co-ordinate, and each is supreme within the area of its Constitutional authority, and when an act of either infringes the power of the other it is simply void. Dodge vs. Woolsey, 18 Howard, 331, 347.

The Constitution has to some extent drawn the lines of demarcation between the different departments, and when it has spoken upon the subject its voice is conclusive. It makes the opening and publishing of the votes for Executive officers in the presence of the General Assembly, a duty of the presiding officer of the Senate, as a component part of the Legisiature, and it makes the declaration of the result of the count of the returns a duty of the General Assembly. Constitution Art. V. § 3. By the very terms of the Constitution it is made a Legislative duty, and is declared to be a Legislative power, to present and publish the votes for Governor, and declare the result of the returns. The judicial department of the Government has no right to interfere with the Legislative powers thus granted. The Constitution has as far as the present question is concerned, defined the boundary of Legislative power, and the department of the judiciary may not infringe it. The sacredness of the Constitutional powers of the separate departments of the government from the acts of the other departments will be found fully vindicated in the following cases. *Ex parte* Echols, 39 Ala., 698. The State of Mississippi vs. Johnson 21, Wallace 475. Marbury vs. Madison 1. Cranch 137. Randall vs. Stockton and Stockes 12. Peters 527.

An examination of the foregoing authorities will convince any lawyer that the Chancery Court has no power to prevent the exercise of the Legislative authority, created by the constitution to open and publish the votes for Governor and declare the election. In the bestowment of this power on the General Assembly a denial is given to the exercise of it by the judicial department. The injunction is an infringement by the judicial of the Legislative power and is therefore void.

There are cases where the legislative power has imposed some ministerial duty upon an executive officer, and the courts have required the performance of that duty. In Marbury vs. Madison, 1 Cranch, 157, the judicial authority to compel the delivery of the commission of a Justice of the Peace was maintained. In Kendall vs. the United States, 12 Peters 607, the Postmaster General was required to admit certain credits on an account, which had been allowed by the proper officer under an act of Congress. In the Tennessee & Coosa Railroad Company vs. Moore, 36 Ala., 371, Governor Moore was requested to perform a ministerial duty, imposed by the Legislature in the reception of a bond and mortgage and the issue of a warrant. An examination of all the cases upon the subject, which are numerous, will disclose that the courts have only interfered with the official conduct of the officers in the other departments of the Government, where there has been some ministerial duty imposed by law merely, and never when the officer was acting within the sphere appointed to him by the Constitution. The judiciary is excluded by the Constitution from invading the powers assigned to either of the other departments by the Constitution. The Supreme Court of the United States says in Kendall vs. the United States, *supra*: "The theory of the Constitution undoubtedly is, that the great powers of the Government are divided into separate departments, and so far as these powers are derived from the Constitution, the departments may be regarded as independent of each other. But beyond that all are subject to regulations by law, touching the discharge of the duties required to be performed. The executive power is vested in a President, and as far as his powers are derived from the Constitution, he is beyond the reach of any other department except in the mode prescribed by the Constitution through the impeaching power."

The question is not whether the duty of Mr. Barr as presiding officer of the Senate was ministerial. The question is, whether it falls within the area of the powers bestowed by the Constitution upon the legislative department of the State. Made as it is by our Constitution to occupy a place within the area of the legislative power, an interference on the part of the Judiciary is denied.

Purpose is indicated in the bills in Chancery filed to justify the unprecedented proceeding by the act of Congress passed to enforce the 15th amendment to the constitution of the United States. The 15th amendment is in the following words:

"Sec. 1. The right of citizens of the United States to vote shall not be denied or abridged by the United States *or by any State* on account of race, color or previous condition of servitude.

Sec. 2. The Congress shall have power to enforce this article by appropriate legislation."

This amendment to the Constitution of the United States brings under the control of the government of the United States the acts of the United States or of a State. Its entire aim is to prohibit governmental action either on the part of the United States or of a State, abridging or denying the right to vote on account of race, color, or previous condition of servitude. It does not touch the conduct of individuals or officers acting in violation of law, and by lawless acts preventing a citizen from voting on account of race, color, or previous condition of servitude. The *object* of the amendment to the Constitution obviously is to prevent governmental action adverse to the free exercise of the right of suffrage by the lately enfranchised citizens. The Congress of the United States cannot go beyond the constitutional amendment. If it does, it has no sanction in the Constitution and should be disregarded.

The bill of injunction filed for the purpose of preventing the qualification of the Governor elect charges no delinquency on the part of the State, and imputes to the State no act which either abridges or denies the right of suffrage on account of race, color or previous condition of servitude. The bill therefore has no support from the 15th Amendment to the Constitution or the Act of Congress passed in pursuance of it. It merely charges misconduct on the part of individuals unfavorable to the free and untrammeled exercise of the right of suffrage by colored persons.

If the act of Congress to enforce the 15th Amendment has gone beyond that constitutional provision and taken cognizance of the conduct of individuals, it is to that extent unwarranted by the Constitution. It is not to be understood as infringing the Constitution unless its terms imperatively require it. It is susceptible of a construction which will make it harmonize with the Constitution and that construction it must receive.

The only part of the enforcement act which can be construed to affect the present question is the 23d section which is as follows;

Sec. 23. Whenever any person shall be defeated or his election to any office except Elector of President or Vice President, Representative or delegate in Congress, or member of a State Legislature, by reason of the denial to any citizen or citizens who shall offer to vote of the right to vote on account of race, color, or previous condition of servitude, his right to hold and enjoy such office, and the emoluments thereof, shall not be impaired by such denial; and such person may bring any appropriate suit or proceeding to recover possession of such office, and in cases where it shall appear that the sole question touching the title to such office arises out of the denial of the right to vote to citizens who so offered to vote, on account of race, color or previous condition of servitude, such suit or proceeding may be instituted in the Circuit or District Court of the United States of the Circuit or District in which such person resides. And said Circuit or District Court shall have concurrently with the State courts, jurisdiction thereof so far as to determine the right guaranteed by the fifteenth article of amendment to the Constitution of the United States, and secured by this act."

This act of Congress being construed in reference to the 15th amendment and so interpreted as to make it consistent with the constitution & valid can have no effect in supporting the bill of injunction filed against the installation of Governor Lindsay, for there is not an averment in the bill which injuries *to the State* the denial or abridgement of suffrage on account of race, color or previous condition of servitude.

Let it however be conceded that the act of Congress, consistently with the Constitution, authorizes an inquiry into the validity of votes as affected by individual action, and still the bill of injunction by Gov. Smith is without merit. An analysis of the 23d section of the act of Congress above cited will show that it authorizes judicial interference only in a case where the following conditions occur: 1st, There must be an abridgement or denial of the right to vote; 2d. This abridgement or denial must be to persons who have actually offered to vote; 3d. The abridgement or denial of the right to vote must be on account of race, color or previous condition of servitude; 4. There must be a suit to gain the withheld possession of an office, refused to the officer elect on account of race, color or previous condition of servitude of voters. Governor Smith, under the act of Congress, should yield to the election of Governor Lindsay, and if his defeat is accomplished by a violation of the fifteenth amendment, he should in future proceedings for his restitution to office.—The act of Congress provides a remedy for one who has been kept out of office and is entitled to recover possession, not for one who is in office and desires to guard against an attack upon his official position.

The bill in this case does not show that a number of votes sufficient to control the result has been rejected after being offered in consequence of race, color or condition of servitude. The injunction ought never to have been granted, even trough the authority of the Chancery Court were as great as is claimed for it. The bill is without equity even according to the act to enforce the 15th Amendment to the Constitution. It does not show a defeat or deprivation of the office on grounds within the act of Congress.

In conclusion, I counsel moderation and caution. Gov. Smith has no right to the possession of the gubernatorial office. He cannot occupy it consistently with law, and the rules established for the preservation of order and tranquility.

The injunction has been granted upon an *ex parte* proceeding, and without hearing argument. In granting such injunctions it is to be expected that judges should fall into mistakes. The mistake in this case is chiefly remarkable on account of the nature and effect of the order granted. The action of the Chancery Court is simply void. The General Assembly should in a quiet and peaceful manner disregard it and go forward firmly in the discharge of its duties, recognizing the Governor legally elected according to the *prima facie* evidence. There is no ground for the despair and desperation which might spring from an entire destruction of confidence in the judges over us. Patience, forbearance and quietude will in a few days bring a solution of the present difficulty. Gov. Smith cannot be Governor by himself. No department, either of the National or State government, can recognize him as Governor of Alabama. He must yield, and if the election is illegal, he must contest it in a legally appointed mode.

A FEW days ago the new papers published a citation is sued by the masonic Lodge of the Orient of Paris against Rev. Brother William, King of Prussia, as a traitor to Freemasonry. The King took no notice of this citation; so he was tried as contumacious, and condemned to excommunication. In connection with this M. Victor Hugo's new paper the Rappel, boldly hed the following: "Brother William is now out of the pale of the law. All Freemasons are authorized to assault him and inflict upon him capital punishment. It remains to be seen how the sentence will be carried out. A Freemason, in whose presence a doubt was expressed as to the seriousness of such a condemnation, replied. "Do not laugh: the sentence of the Masonic tribunal is of such a dreadful nature that Bonaparte undertook the Italian war solely to retrieve himself from the excommunication pronounced against him by the lodges of Naples and Milan, Pianori and Orsini were Freemasons."

MAN LOST.—A gentleman of this place has received a letter from a lady in Madisonville, Ohio, making enquiry concerning her husband, Prof. Alden, who when last heard from intended leaving this place for Elyton, Ala. Prof. Alden, (an Optician) when he left Gadsden stated that he would return home in about ten days. This was near a month ago, and he has not since been heard from. He was travelling with a gentleman from New York city. His disappearance is at least mysterious, and having a good deal of money which he was not careful to conceal, some suppose there has been foul play.—*Gadsden Times.*

☞Cotton growing is likely to pay in California. A man in Mercer county, after several years' trial, believes he can raise a crop two cents cheaper than in the Mississippi bottoms. His expense this year for two hundred acres in cotton was $6,700; his receipts $14,635.

Jacksonville Republican.

JACKSONVILLE, ALA,

Saturday, December 10, 1870.

Congress.

It will be observed from the dispatches that a better temper, so far, has possession of Congress than has heretofore characterized that body. They seem to have gone to real business; and the bills looking to general amnesty, so plentifully introduced, give promise that we will not be subjected to any more of that reconstruction, which has been the curse of the country, except in that it has broken down the Radical party in the South. The Radical leaders, in all probability see the latter effect, and are fixing up by a circulatory policy toward the people of the South against the onslaugh of the Revenue Reformers which will most certainly be made with terrible effect. The only men who seem to be behind the spirit of the age and the necessity of the hour, are the conspirators at Montgomery, and the figure head in the white house. Grant prates of the States *recently* in "rebellion," of "fraud intimidation and force" as glibly as a fourth rate cross-roads radical politician; and Gov. Smith evidently thought that the Radical party would go on acrificing itself to keep in power at the South such scalawags as he—the men who have broken down the party in the South by the specific gravity of their villainy and corruption. ExGov. Smith has by this time, however, doubtless learned that the day when his sort could be of use to the Republican party, as dirty tools, is passed, and that he and his friends will be thrown overboard as remorselessly as they themselves in times past trod upon constitutions and the rights of the people. If Congress had thrown them overboard and appealed to the virtue and intelligence of the South sooner, the Republican party would have been stronger to day than it is, in respectability if not in numbers. It would have been stronger in numbers; for the instruments chosen by Congress have even disgusted the negroes with the party, and have forced them into the Democratic ranks, both for protection against robbery and more respectable association.

MONTGOMERY ALA. Dec. 5, 1870.

Edr. Rep.

DEAR SIR: Although no material change in the State has occurred since I wrote to you last; yet I have thought some items of news might not be uninteresting. Smith and Bingham still hold on, and talk of a settlement *according to law*, as if there was any law, justice, honor or precedent for their traitorous usurpation of offices from which the lawful and peaceful verdict of the people has already hurled them. Smith's messages are received by the Senate and Lindsay's by the House. To day Gov. Lindsay sent his message to the Senate and they refused to receive it. Compromises have been hinted at: among others, that if democrats would not contest any radical seats, thus leaving one or two Rad. majority on joint ballot, so as to secure a radical U. S Senator, then Smith and Bingham would withdraw. But Democrats are not used to being bought and sold, nor to making dishonorable compromises. When mentioned to your correspondent, he gave it as his opinion "that there were many ways to kill a dog, without choking him to death with butter." The new Treasurer is receiving money from the Tax Collectors, notwithstanding the old ex-Treasurer refuses to surrender the money, if any, assetts, Books, papers, &c It is thought few if any in the State will venture to pay to Bingham.

To-morrow the Senatorial election comes on. Numerous candidates on both sides are mentioned as you know. Judge Goldthwaite is probably most prominent among democrats. Both parties still claim a majority of one or two on joint ballot.

No certainty of a speedy solution of difficulties. Probably a peep of daylight may appear after the Senatorial election at which time I will write to you again.

JUNIUS.

The meeting on Monday called to take into consideration the situation at Montgomery, was well attended by the thinking men of the county. The speeches, though thrillingly eloquent, were marked by moderation. The only passion visible was in the gleaming eyes and heaving bosoms of the outraged and insulted freemen present. Contempt for the miserable men who have attempted the subversion of our liberties, marked every face when the infamous names of Rice, White or Parsons chanced to be mentioned. The name of Pelham was not mentioned.—He was beneath the indignation of so respectable a body of men.

Had the usurpation have continued, another meeting was to have been called to give a more decided expression of opinion. In that event also, we should have given the speeches as they were ably delivered on the occasion spoken of above. As things are, we are content to pass the meeting with this casual notice: and let the vile tools who lent themselves to the con piracy at Montgomery, sink from public sight as soon as possible.

On the outside of this paper we print the able argument of ExChief Justice Walker on the usurpation of Governor Smith. The usurper still occupied the chambers of Gov. Lindsay when the outside of the paper containing it was printed. We still wish it read that our people may arrive at a better comprehension of the enormity of Smith's offence.

Col. Francis, the talented &c. editor of the Gadsden Times, passed through this place on Sunday night, *en route* for Montgomery to attend the Grand Lodge.

New York, Dec 9—Cotton dull. uplands 15½. Gold 10¼.

AUTUMN DREAMS.

BY CHIQUITA.

New York. D Appleton & Co. 1870.

The Appletons have presented this little volume to the public in a fitting garb for the beautiful thoughts it contains.—We do not, however, propose to write any lengthy or elaborate criticism on these poems. We have read them all with pleasure, and can recommend their perusal to our readers, in the confident belief that, if not made wiser, they will be refreshed and invigorated by a brief communion with a master spirit of song.

Poe, if we remember correctly, defined poetry to be "the rythmical creation of the Beautiful"—meaning, not merely the outward and visible beauty of creation, but that higher beauty of sentiment and feeling; that supernal loveliness for which the soul ever yearns, unattained and unattainable; that indescribable beauty of the "Summer Land," above the mists of earth, above the stars which fade and the moon which waneth in her course; "that light which was never on sea or shore," which now and then ever glimmers on us as the reminiscence of a pre-existent state.

Poe also believed that the highest *tone* of the manifestation of the beautiful was sadness. Taking this definition of Poetry to be true, (and it is, at least, as good as any we have seen) we may say of the author, when lingering with passionate fondness over these exquisite strains so full of delicate sentiment, of unutterable tenderness, of wild and plaintive melody, "that every god has set his seal, to give the world assurance of a poet."

While in the wonderful conception—the imaginative beauty—the eagle flight, we recognize the clear voice of genius, we are no less struck with the rythmic melody and perfect artistic finish of the verse. Sparkling, glowing, beautiful, there is, however, a minor key of sorrow like the surge of the sea breaking on a bleak and desolate shore, or the West wind's sich sweeping 'round a lonely ruin, which often moves us to tears.

There is one poem which bears the unmistakable impress of genius, which deserves to be ranked with the "Raven" of Poe, the "Thanatopsis" of Bryant, the "Excelsior" of Longfellow. These are four bright stars in the galaxy of American poetry that from Heaven's high arch will fall—never. They have the seal of immortality In some respects, this poem, entitled "Sweep, O Sea," has a resemblance to Hood's "Bridge of Sighs," but if in conception they are somewhat alike, in the artistic treatment of the subject, in refinement of imagination, in delicacy of sentiment, we must give the palm to the American poem. In the sad undirge—the low painitive wail over a lost friend one, we seem to catch a faint echo of that melody sung by Angel lips, as with golden harps in their hands and wreaths of palm they make music evermore. But to the poem:

SWEEP, O SEA!

Sweep, sweep, sweep, o'er a cold, pale face,
O Sea—
O'er a closed red mouth with its sobbing and song,
With its kisses of passion, lips dumb with wrong—
O'er a mind, strangled Hope, sweep, O Sea.

Too late the poor sensious soul felt, O Sea,
While leaping with all the wild sweetness of love,
The earth's sting and bitterness. Light from above
Glimmered not o'er the wrecked one, O Sea.

Sweep, sweep, sweep, o'er golden willows of hair—
O'er whitest of bosoms—o'er buried of flesh—
O'er groaning and quivering gems from the mesh
That fashioned hath wove for the air.

Break, break break o'er this fallen one, O Sea,
The warm, sheltering wing under which it once crept
Feels no more the heart-throbs—in sweet faith it slept,
And awakes now to sorrow and thee.

Fold, fold, fold to thy bosom calm, O Sea,
This sad mateless heart, that has dared leave the pain
That beat back the sin, yet fell once again—
Aye, to fold, fold o'er the frail one, O Sea.

Break, break, break, O thou surging billow, o'er
A bodied young life—o'er a sad, soulless soul
O black hungry sea—O blinding waves roll
O'er this passion and pain evermore.

We wonder if those so called Democrats who voted for Governor Smith are not ashamed of themselves since his recent exhibition of villainy. How is receipts?

Sandford, alias old Shanghai, the ignoramus who pretends to represent the people of this and Cherokee counties, is aiding and abetting the conspirators in his place as Senator. Shanghai is a terrible old rascal.

Augusta Ga. in her municipal election has gone Democratic.

Elsewhere will be seen the proceedings reported to by Gov. Lindsay to dispossess Smith of the books, papers, rooms &c. of the Governor, as well as the Seal of the State which Smith had previously grabbed from the office of the Secretary of State. We are gratified to announce that Wm. has at last "vamoosed the ranche"—the Grand Hoodo is no longer on exhibition. Gov. Lindsay has possession of the Rooms etc. We have held up our paper a few hours, expecting this news.

MONTGOMERY. December 9.—This morning Smith withdrew from the contest for the Governorship and yielded the office to Lindsay. Everything is joyful, and no demonstration was made except of thankfulness that the conflict is over.

The Railroad to Gadsden will be completed as soon as January next. This depends much however on whether Stanton succeeds in getting his hands into the Treasury again—a matter on which there rests some doubt, as things stand.

—o—O—o—

"THE spirit meeting," is the title of a little poem published in the Jacksonville *Republican*, and sent to us yesterday, with the desire that we "criticise" its merits and demerits. We know not the motives which prompt the request, but this much we can say for the poetry, though deficient in rhythm, it is replete with strong vigorous thought, and poetic diction, it contains lines in which we detect the "ring of the true metal."

Speaking of Lee's death the author says:

"A *wave* of sorrow *dark* and dread,
Breaks on the busy sea of human life."

We have seen nothing, amid the *flood* of newspaper poetry on this subject, which describes so happily, the shock imparted to the nation, by the intelligence of its loss.

Here is an instance of fine descriptive powers:

Amid the roar of loud artillery, the clash and clang of arms,
Pulsing with busy life, and eager for the fray,
The lines,
From field, from trench, from hospital, from camp,
From far upon the wild, lone picket line
Soul after soul had gone with noiseless tramp

present a sad picture of truth, during the dark days of the revolution, and are faultless in their construction. The author is evidently a novice in the "Divine Art," but one of whom an adept may be made. We hope to see something more from his pen, for as time mellows wine, so will it, with cultivation and practice, take away the roughness from his style which is so offensive to a refined ear, and leave his strong thoughts clothed in the music of language.

Rome Daily.

The Daily is wrong in attributing the authorship to a gentleman. A young lady wrote it; and it was her first attempt. She wrote it at the request of friends who knew her powers better than she herself did.

The Situation.

Governor LINDSAY is moving on quietly and firmly in the exercise of the powers and in the discharge of the duties of his office. He has established himself officially in comfortable apartments at the Capitol, while Ex-Governor SMITH continues to board at the public expense in certain other rooms he has appropriated. The Governor has appointed his private Secretary, Col. GINDRAT; he has also selected the gallant and popular Gen. WM W ALLEN as his Chief of Staff. We have already published his Proclamation to Tax Collectors and his Message to the General Assembly, sent to the House some days ago, and to the Senate on yesterday, will appear in the report of the proceedings of that body. On yesterday he also complied with a requisition from Gov. BULLOCK of Georgia in relation to the extradition of a Fugitive from Justice.

Mr. Treasurer GRANT having executed his official Bond, with the amplest security, approved by Governor LINDSAY, offered to file it with the Auditor whose duty it is by law to receive it. We are informed that Mr. Auditor REYNOLDS, declined to comply with the law and is thus virtually seeking a conflict with the State authority in a case likely to terminate with him *a la Busted*. In the meantime Mr. GRANT has deposited his Bond in the office of the Secretary of State. Many of the Tax Collectors are paying the monies in their hands to Mr. GRANT as the lawful State Treasurer. They had better all do so.

Montgomery Advertiser, 6th.

The President's Message.

The first thought that occurs to one after reading the message is that it is a poverty-stricken document. It tells us much that we already know, but leaves us in the dark on subjects about which we would like to be informed

The President adopts an original mode of accounting for the decline of Republicanism in the Southern States, as shown in the results of the recent elections. He say the elective franchise has by violence and intimidation been denied to their citizens, and "the verdict of the people has thereby been reversed." We are not aware of the existence of any facts that justify so sweeping an assertion. We think these results are to be accounted for on threefold grounds—of the infamy of the Republican party in that section of the Union, the incongruous and unstable materials of which it is composed, and the unpopularity of GRANT'S Administration.—*N. Y. Sun (Radical.)*

United States Senator.

Very much to the satisfaction of the Democratic and Conservative Party, the election of Judge GOLDTHWAITE to the office of United States Senator was accomplished on the first ballot in the Joint Convention on yesterday.—The Judge was elected by the glorious majority of one, a majority just as effective in law however as if it had been fifty. Before the State Election came off we promised the Chairman of our National Committee at Washington a United States Senator from Alabama in the place of Mr. Warner; and we are exceedingly happy to find that our prediction of results has been so quietly and effectually verified.

We sincerely congratulate our People and the National Democracy on the election of a Conservative Representative to the United States Senate from this State; and tender our kind compliments, and congratulate the worthy and talented gentleman whose extreme good fortune it is to have been chosen to represent such a Constituency.

Judge GOLDTHWAITE'S disabilities have been removed by Act of Congress, and there can be no reasonable doubt of his being admitted to a seat in the Senate.

Montgomery Advertiser.

The Arrest of Ex-Governor Smith.

On yesterday Gov. LINDSAY made application to his honor, Judge J. Q. SMITH, of this Judicial Circuit, in accordance with Section 194 of the Revised Code of Alabama, affording a remedy in the case of any person refusing to surrender to his successor the public property connected with his office. Upon which Judge SMITH issued the following process:

STATE OF ALABAMA, }
MONTGOMERY COUNTY. }

To any Sheriff of the State of Alabama Greeting:

WHEREAS, ROBERT B. LINDSAY, the Governor of the State of Alabama, has complained as such Governor, on oath to me that since his election and qualification as such Governor he has demanded of WILLIAM H. SMITH, the late incumbent of said office, certain property belonging or appertaining to said office and now in the possession of said WILLIAM H. SMITH, in the city of Montgomery, in said State, which said property consists of two rooms in the North-west portion of the State House or Capitol building, two tables, one desk, six chairs, the Record Books, papers, and correspondence of said office, and the Great Seal of the State; all which personal property is in said rooms, and that said WILLIAM H. SMITH has refused to deliver over to said ROBERT B LINDSAY as such Governor, and the qualified successor in said office of said SMITH, the property aforesaid or any part thereof;

These are therefore to command you that you summon the said WILLIAM H. SMITH to be and appear before me at the Court room in the Court House in and for said county at 3 o'clock, P. M., on this day, then and there to show cause before me, if any he can, why he should not be compelled to deliver over to said ROBERT B. LINDSAY as such Governor the property aforesaid.

Given under my hand at the city of Montgomery, in Montgomery county, in the State of Alabama, on this, the 7th day of December, A. D., 1870.

JAMES Q. SMITH.
Circuit Judge, 2d Judicial Circuit of Alabama.

At the hour of three o'clock a large concourse of citizens assembled at the Court House. Messrs. MORGAN, PETTUS, BROOKS, ELMORE, TROY appeared for the complainant, Gov. LINDSAY and SAM'L F. RICE and ALEX. WHITE for Ex-Gov SMITH. Judge RICE asked for postponement but the Court held that no motion could be entertained in the case until defendant was personally in Court Ex-Gov. SMITH at that time not being present. The Court adjourned for thirty minutes, the Judge having directed the Sheriff to bring in the defendant by the expiration of that time. During the intermission, the defendant made his appearance, and the Court reconvened.

The Counsel for the defense then demurred to the warrant arrest, and made lengthy arguments. Court, on motion, then adjurned for the day, the Judge ordering the Sheriff to take possession of the property in the meantime.

Montgomery Advertiser.

☞The following lines, taken from the Rome Courier, are well understood in that section of the State.

"I'LL HANG MY 'ARP ON A WILLER TREE."

By a personal friend I was caught by the hand
And was led to a mountain high,
And he showed me a prospect there,
And the places were fair to my eye.
So I'll hang my 'Arp on a willer tree,
And never will touch it again,
And I'll vote for the man what greases me,
Because 'e has plenty o' tin.

An office I saw in that prospect fair,
And the picture is haunting me yet,
For plenty good pickings lay scattered around,
And didn't I like it—you bet.
So I'll hang my 'Arp on a willer tree,
And never will touch it again,
For I'll vote for the man who showed it me,
Because I am after the tin.

Oh, General Young is a very nice man
But 'e dosen't know 'ow to grease.
So I'll cling to the tail of my personal friend,
'Till the waters of Tartarus freeze
And I'll hang my 'Arp on a willer tree,
And never will touch it again,
And I'll fall in the Radical lines, you see.
Because they 'ave plenty o' tin

Thus one by one do the mighty fall,
When troublesome times appear,
Like the summer vines from a cottage wall,
When winds blow bleak and drear.
So we'll hang our 'Arp on a willer tree,
And never will touch it again,
If it chooses to fall in the Radical sea,
Why, there we'll let it remain'

Its Mission is Ended.

The mission of the Republican party is ended, and the rats are leaving the sinking ship. The daily *True Georgian*, published at Atlanta by Dr. Samuel Bard, has left the Republican ranks and joined the Democratic. It will be remembered that at the passage of the first Reconstruction Act, Dr. Bard who was then editor of the *New Era*, declared that he intended to "keep his rear open." In order to do so he naturally entered the Republican party and became a brawling scalawag. He was the first editor at the South to run the name of Grant to his masthead. In gratitude for the labors of Bard and for his unwavering fidelity to his rear, the great captain of the age nominated the distinguished minstrel for Governor of Indaho. The Senate, in earnest, calm and intelligent deliberation confirmed the distuinguished nomination, just as it subsequently confirmed the nomination of the right Honorable Vernon Henry Vaughan as second officer of the turbulent territory of Utah. But Bard declined to accept the gubernatorial chair of Indaho. He returned to Atlanta and established the *True Georgian*, making it the representative organ of the native Southern Republicans. With his eagle eye, the Governor scan the horizon and rises to the light of the occasion. He reads the funeral sermon of Southern Radicalism, and in the following regard to the people, cuts loose from traitors and usurpers:—*Mail.*

A CARD TO THE PUBLIC,—A close observation upon the condition of the country, during my recent visit to the "Federal Capital," and the Northern States, has forced upon my mind the conviction that the mission of the Republican party has ended. The accomplishment of all its good offices devolves upon the statesmen of the country the duty of determining the policy of the Government for the future Stupendous issues are now rising up with the measures of the late civil war, or of Reconstruction consequent upon it; demanding the closest investigation and wisest solution by the popular mind. Many of those have assumed such shape as to make it clearly manifest that the future welfare of the country will be best secured by the complete triumph of the declared principles of the Democratic party, as now set forth by such leaders as Governor John T. Hoffman, and illustrated by his recent triumphant election.

Acting with the Republican party in support of the measures for the restoration of the States of the South to their proper relations to the Federal Government," we have but discharged a solemn duty to the people for which we have not a *single* regret to express

Now, that Reconstruction has been fully accomplished, the same high regard for the welfare and peace of the whole country, which has always controlled my political course, impels me to declare my unqualified sympathy with and adhension to the National Democratic party.

With this well considered determination, we place at our masthead the name of John T. Hoffman, of New York, for the Presidency in 1872.

This determination has been arrived at without consultation with Governor Hoffman or his friends, and without regard to personal consequences

On the same ground, we also hoist the name of John B. Gordon for the office of Governor of the State of Georgia in 1872.

The policy of *The True Georgian* toward the dangerous State administration, will continue as heretofore—one of firm and vigorous opposition.

SAMUEL BARD.
Editor Daily *True Georgian*.
Atlanta, Ga., November 30, 1870.

An Act for the Relief of Delinquent Tax-payers.

SECTION 1st. *Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Alabama*, That the ten per cent penalty on delinquent, State and county taxes, for the year eighteen hundred and seventy, provided for in section seventeen of the revenue laws of Alabama' shall not attach and be collected until the thirty-first day of December eighteen hundred and seventy; and on the first day of January, eighteen hundred and seventy-one, each tax-collector must return to the Auditor of State, all monies in his hands, belonging to the State, together with a report of the aggregate amount of taxes remaining due and unpaid at that time, after which the aforesaid penalty shall attach to the then delinquent taxes.

JOHN P. HUBBARD,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.

E. H. MOREN,
President of the Senate,
Approved November 30th, 1870.
ROB'T B. LINDSAY, Governor.

I Hereby certify that the foregoing is a true copy of the original Act now on file in this office.

J. J. PARKER, Secretary of State.
Montgomery, December 1st, 1870.

Telegraphic.

WASHINGTON.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 5.—In the House one hundred & seventy-three members answered roll-call.

Duke, of Virginia, was seated on taking the old oaht, and Sypher was seated from the fourth Louisiana district.

In his message, after congratulating the country on its peace and prosperity, the President regretted that a free exercise of the franchise had by violence and intimidation, been denied to citizens in several places lately in rebellion, and the verdict of the people thereby reversed.

Referring to the European war, he speaks of the satisfactory manner in which the protection of the American Minister at Paris was extended to German subjects in France.

Referring to the proclamation of the republic in France, says that should the present struggle result in attracting the heart of the French to the simple form of republican government, in will be a subject of still further satisfaction to the American people, who could not be indifferent to the spread of American political ideas in a great and highly civilized country, like France. He says that if an opprtunity for interposing the good offices of the United States, in restoring peace shall present itself, that action will be heartily taken.

As to Cuba, he says the condition of the Insurrection has not materially changed.

He renews his recomendation to annex San Domingo, and says so soon as it is known that the project is abandoned by the United States, negotiations will be opened by some of the European powers for possession of the Bay of Samana.

He calls the attention of Congress to a continuance and extension of the Lexisan freezone and to the Tien Tien massacre.

With regard to the Alabama claims, he recommends that Congress authorize the appointment of a commission to take proof as to these claims, and that authority be given for their settlement by the United States, so that the Government shall have the ownership of the private claims, as well as the responsible control of all the demands against Great Britain.

Regard to the Canadian fisheries, he complains that the course of the Canadian authorities have not been marked by friendly feeling, and intimates that if they should attempt to enforce a certain act of the Dominion Parliament, it will be his duty to take such steps as may be necessary to protect the interests of United States citizens. He asks that power be conferred upon him to suspend the operations of laws authorizing the transit of merchandise in bond through the United States to Canada, and also to suspend the operation of any laws by which vessels of the Dominion are permitted to enter the waters of the United States. He also complains of the pretentions of Canada to control the navigation of the St. Lawrence, and argues on the importance and right of the United States to navigate that river without let or hindrance.

In regard to the depressed condition of the foreign commerce of the United States, he recommends a liberal policy towards the Pacific mail line between California and China and Japan; also recommends that measures may be taken to permit American merchants to purchase vessels built abroad, as well as to encourage American ship building.

As regards the currency, the President says approach to a specie basis is very gratifying; but the instability of the currency is very prejudicial to prosperity.

He thinks the time has arrived when, by wise and prudent legislation. Congress should look to a policy which would place the currency at par with gold at no distant day.

In regard to revenue reform, he says if it means to keep the revenue down to what is necessary for the support of the government and the payment of the interest on the public debt, it has his hearty support; but, if it means the failure to defray the expenses of the government, he is opposed to it. Revenue reform, he says, has not been defined by its advocates. It seemed, however, to be accepted as something which was to supply every man's wants without any cost or effort on his part. [Laughter.]

He recommends the abolition of the franking privilige, and reform in the civil service, particularly as to the mode of appointing subordinate officials.

After reading the message the House adjourned.

WASHINGTON, December 7.—Resolution, calling for information regarding seizures of fishing vessels, were adopted.

A resolution, declaring the attempt to possess the bay Samona by any European power, an unfriendly act, and violative of the Monroe doctrine. Referred to committee on Foreign Relations.

A resolution declaring the late elections showed that the people favored a lower tariff, and directing the committee on Ways and Means to prepare a bill reducing the duty on tea coffee and sugar to fifteen per cent *ad valorem*, and construct a general bill for the purposes of revenue only. Referred to committe on Ways and Means.

The Russian postal laws occupied the ballance of the day.

WASHINGTON, December 8.—Pomeroy introduced a 16th Amendment for female sufferage.

In Executive session so ne two hundred nominations were made, but no commissioner of internal revenue was among them.

Porter's nomination, admiral, is not withdrawn, as some expected.

The House is engaged on postal laws.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 8.—Franking privilege abolished, vote 98 to 79 Pending an amendment allowing free exchanges of newspapers, death of Bridgway announced, McKinzie, Maynard, Brooks and Booker spoke in eulogy, Butler gave notice he would Tuesday next, ask House to consider General Amnesty Bill, adjournment to Monday.

SENATE, Memorials were presented for public buildings in Wilmington North Carolina for a mail route from Smithville North Carolina, to Little River Georgia—for the removal of disabilities, and for compensation for property taken by the army during the war.—Bills were introduced to prevent assessments of money on Government employees, for political or other purposes, to establish the Western Judical District of North Carolina, to provide that all elections for President, Vice President and members of Congress, shall be by ballot. The standing committees were announced.

MONTGOMERY, Dec. 8.—In House Davis. Democrat, reseated without dissenting vote.

Case of Governorship resumed today in Court. Barr, who presided over Senate before Governor was inaugurated, refused to count votes on the writ of the injunction, he also swore that a bill was drawn in which ex Governor Smith was complainant, and he defendant, and that he Barr, the defendent swore to the allegations in the bill of complaint, the bill was afterward withdrawn. At four o'clock the whole case assumed a new phase. Judge Rice, counsel for Smith, asked to postpone till to-morrow morning, on ground that by morning the case could be settled. The counsel for Governor Lindsay made some statement, and asked postponement, it is generally thought that Smith will ease all opposition, and Lindsay quietly take possession to morrow.

MOBILE, ALA., December 6.

We have routed the Rads horse and foot. At 3 o'clock P. M., they called off their forces and gave up the fight to lay a foundation for legal diplomacy. We have elected our whole ticket and mean to seat them. The Radical party is crushed in this city.

JNO FORSYTH

☞ OYES!!!

We must collect *closely*. Please do *not* delay, but come forward *promptly*, and make payment *in full*. We mean all we say.

E. L. WOODWARD & SONS.
Dec. 10, 1870.—tf.

To Consumptives.

The advertiser, having been permanently cured of that dread disease, consumption—by a simple remedy, is anxious to make known to his fellow sufferers the means of cure. To all who desire it, he will send a copy of the prescription used (free of charge) with the directions for preparing and using the same, which they will find a Sure Cure for Consumption, Asthma, Bronchitis, &c

Parties wishing the prescription will please address

Rev. EDWARD A. WILSON.
165 South Second Street, Williamsburgh, N. Y.

ERRORS OF YOUTH

A GENTLEMAN who suffered for years from Nervous Debility, Premature Decay, and all the effects of youthful indiscretion, will for the sake of suffering humanity, send free to all who need it the recipe and direction for making the simple remedy by which he was cured. Sufferers wishing to profit by the advertiser's experience can do so by addressing, in perfect confidence.

JOHN B. OGDEN,
No. 42 Cedar Street. New York.

New York Exchange.

In sums to suit purchasers. For sale, by E. L. WOODWARD.
Dec 3 1870—tf.

OBITUARY.

DIED, at his residence in Calhoun county Ala., Nov. 24th, 1870, John Tatum Sr. aged 65 years, 6 months and 19 days. The deceased was a native of Pickens Dist. S. C. He removed to Ala. in 1833; of which State he remained a worthy and respectable citizen until his death. He was married during the year 1834. His death inflicted a wound in the stricken hearts of faithful wife and loving children which God alone, can heal.

He professed religion at the age of 18, while prostrated upon a bed of sickness. But with returning health those vows were soon forgotten, and his youthful feet wandered astray in the devious paths of sin. The mercy of God pursued him in his wanderings and finally yielding to the blessed influence of the Holy Spirit, he was fully restored to the love and favor of his Heavenly Father.—About the year 1841 he re-consecrated himself to the Lord, at the same time uniting with the M. E. Church South. From that period he led an exemplary life, ever testifying by a godly walk and sound religious experience the reality of the profession he had made. The peace and joy of the christian were his happy portion and oftimes such full measure was bestowed unto him, that his voice was lifted up in hallelujahs to the Most High.

When called upon to endure suffering during a season of protracted sickness, he bore all with the meekness becoming a christian. Those who ministered around his bed will not soon forget the sweet patience and calm resignation that shed a softened radiance over that dying countenance. He was perfectly reconciled to the will of the Lord; resigned to suffer awhile in the flesh for the sake of Christ, but earnestly desiring to depart and be with Him, which is far better. The welcome summons came at length. At that command, the freed spirit joyously vecated its tabernacle of clay to enter into a blissful "mansion not made with hands, eternal in the heavens."

Thus hath another servant of God finished his work and gone home to his reward. The weary pilgrimage is accomplished, and the pilgrim's staff and burden are laid aside for the garment of praise and crown of glory. Though bereaved affection must shed tears over the sacred spot where his ashes repose; yet, in our inmost hearts, we can but feel, "How blest the righteous when he dies."

NOTICE!

There will be a Special Term of the Court of County Commissioners of Calhoun County, Alabama, held at the Court House of said County, on Monday the 26th day of December, for the purpose of passing an order regulating the payment of all claims against said county and for attending to any other business, in which the people or the county may be interested. The Commissioners will take notice of the above and govern themselves accordingly.

A. WOODS, Judge of Probate.
Dec 10 3t

TAX NOTICE.

The receipts of delinquent Tax payers will be in Execution on and after the 1st of January 1871, for penalties and costs.

All are entreated to come forward and pay their taxes before that time, as I am desirous that no penalty, nor costs be served upon a citizen of Calhoun county.

After the 31st day of December, the additional ten per cent. will be required as well as other costs which may accrue in the collection by law.

R. TANNER,
Tax Coll. Calhoun county
dec10—4t.

STATE OF ALABAMA, }
Calhoun County. }

Court of Probate for said County,
Special Term, Dec. 3d. 1870.

This day came P. H. Brothers, administrator de bonis non of the Estate of T. J. Downing, dec'd. and files in office his account, and vouchers for a final settlement of said estate.

It is ordered by the court that the 5th day of January, 1871 be set for examining, reporting, and stating said account, and allowing said vouchers, and making said settlement:

and that notice thereof be given by publication in the Jacksonville Republican, a newspaper published in the town of Jacksonville, in said county for three successive weeks, prior to said day as a notice to all persons concerned to be and appear at a special term of said court, to be holden at the court house of said county on said 5th day of January next, 1871, and contest said settlement if they think proper.

A. WOODS,
Judge of Probate.
Dec. 10, 1870—3t.

J. B. Turnley & Co.,

Cotton Factors,

ROME, GA.

Administrator's Sale.

The undersigned as Admini-trotor *de bonis non*, of the estate of Peter Heffner deceased; under an order from the Probate court of Calhoun county, will sell at public outcery on Monday the 19th day of December next, the lands of said deceased to wit:

The south half of section 20 township 16 range 9 in Coosa land district, except that portion of said half section heretofore laid off as widow's dower; said land will be sold at Mabry's old mill place, now Morris' mills on Chocolocco creek, and sold on a credit of twelve months with interest from date of sale—purchaser required to give note with two approved securities.

The land lies on the creek, and is in a good state of cultivation, and can be divided in two small settlements if desired.

J. V. Rhodes Adm.
Nov. 26—4t.

WANTED AGENTS—$75 to $200 per month—every where, male and female, to introduce the Genuine Improved Common Sense Family Sewing Machine. This Machine will stitch, hem, fell, tuck, bind, braid, cord, quilt and embroider in a most superior manner. Price only $15. Fully warranted for five years. We will pay $1,000 for any machine that will sew a stronger, more beautiful or more elastic seam than ours. It makes the "Elastic Lock Stitch." Every second stitch can be cut, and still the cloth cannot be pulled apart without tearing it. We pay Agents $75 to $200 per month and expenses, or a commission from which twice that amount can be made.

For Circulars and Terms, apply or address, J W. ROGERS & CO.,
402 Library St., Philadelphia, Pa.

CAUTION.—Do not be imposed upon by other parties palming off worthless cast-iron machines under the same name or otherwise Ours is the only genuine and really practical cheap machine manufactured.

Oct. 8 6m.

LAND BUYERS

WILL please call on the undersigned who will sell from one to nine hundred acres of good Land—seven hundred and fifty acres of which lie on Ohatchie creek, and one hundred and fifty near Jacksonville.

Terms—one third cash, balance on time. G. B. DOUTHIT,
Oct. 8, 1870—2m. Jacksonville, Ala.

J. M. CARROLL.....JOHN. W. HUGHES.

CARROLL & CO.

NEW GOODS

OF THE LATEST STYLE

JUST RECEIVED AND OPENED.

We can suit our friends and customers who may give us a trial before purchasing elsewhere. Come and give us a trial.

A large Stock of Domestics, Calicoes, Gents Ready Made Clothing and Furnishing Goods, Doe Skin and Broad Cloths, Hats, Caps, Boots Shoes and DRESS GOODS.

A GOOD VARIETY OF LADIES AND MISSES SHOES.

Sugar, Coffee, Candles, Canay, Oysters, Crackers Sardines, SALT, Guns, Pistols,

IRON, HARDWARE, CUTLERY,

Carpenters' Tools, Shovels, Forks,

BAGGING AND TIES,

WASHING MACHINES,

WHEELER & WILSON'S SEWING MACHINES,

on easy terms, good lot of Hemlock Leather, Bridles, Saddles, and a great many articles not named.

We have a larger and more complete Stock than ever before; and are better prepared to supply the wants of the people, than ever before.

Come and see what great bargains can be had for CASH.

J. M. CARROLL & CO.
Nov. 5. 1870.

FORNEY'S CORNER.

5000 doz. EGGS.
1000 *CHICKENS*,
50ft lbs. *BEESWAX*,
500 lbs. *BUTTER*, are

SOME OF OUR WANTS.

We further want our friends and the trading people generally to know, that in addition to our stock of leading DRY GOODS, we have received a stock of

GROCERIES,

CONSISTING OF

Sugar, Coffee, Syrup, Molasses, Cheese, new crop Rice, Soda, Pepper, Spice, Ginger, Nutmeg, Soap, Copperas, Candles, Tobacco, Snuff, Nails, Cotton Ties, &c.

Bacon and Lard.

With which we propose to supply their wants at

LOW PRICES *For the Money*,

Or COUNTRY PRODUCE at market value.

Yours Truly,
DRAPER & JOHNSON.
Jacksonville, Oct. 29, 1870.

Upham's depilatory Powder Removes superfluous hair in *five minutes*, without injury to the skin. Sent by mail for $1.25.

Upham's Asthma Cure.

Relieves most violent paroxysms *in five minutes* and effects a speedy cure. Price $2 by mail.

The Japanees Hair Stain

Colors the whiskers and hair a beautiful black or brown. It consists of *only one preparation*. 75 cents by mail. Address S. C. UPHAM, No. 721 Jayne Street Philidelphia, Pa. Circulars sent free. Sold by all Druggist.

Dec. 3 2m.

EXECUTORS SALE.

PERSONAL PROPERTY.

By virtue of an order of the Probate Court, I will sell at the late residence of Asa Skelton deceased, on Thursday, the 22nd of December, as Executor of the Estate of Asa Skelton.

Two mules, three cows and calves; two pork hogs; sow and pigs; cotton gin; wagon; buggy; and Household and Kitchen Furniture.

The property will be sold on 12 months time, with interest from date; with note and security—except the pork hogs, and all sums under five dollars cash will be required.

GREEN B. SKELTON.
Executor of A. SKELTON.
Dec 3 —3t.

THE STATE OF ALABAMA, }
Calhoun County. }

Court of Probate for said county, Nov. 22, 1870.

THIS day came Washington Dickie, Administrator of the Estate of Edward C. Dickie, deceased, and presents and files in court his petition in writing, representing among other things that he has in his possession as such administrator, certain bad and doubtful debts as well as claims due said estate, and he represents that it would be to the interest of said estate to compromise the same; and therefore asks an order of court authorizing him to do so. And thereupon it is ordered by the court that the 21st day of December be set for the hearing of said petition; and that notice thereof be given in the Jacksonville Republican, a newspaper printed and published in the town of Jacksonville, for three successive weeks prior to said day as notice to all persons concerned, to be and appear at a special term of said court to be holden at the court house of said county on said 21st day of December, and show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted, if they think proper.

A. WOODS, Judge of Probate.
nov263t

State of Alabama, Calhoun Co

Court of Probate for said County

Nov. 18th, 1870.

THIS day came Mary M. Whatley, administratrix of the estate of John W. Whatley, dec. and filed her account and vouchers for a final settlement of said estate.

It is ordered by the Court that the 22d day of Dec. next be set for examining and stating and auditing said account and making said final settlement:

and that notice thereof be given by publication in the Jacksonville Republican a newspaper published in the Town of Jacksonville Ala., for three successive weeks prior to said day as a notice to the heirs and distributees of said estate as well as all other persons in any way concerned to be and appear at a Special Term of said Court, to be holden at the Court House of said County on said 22nd day of Dec. next, and object to said account, if they think proper.

A. WOODS,
Judge of Probate.
Nov. 26, 1870—3t.

JACKSONVILLE.

DECEMBER 10, 1870.

☞ **Jury Certificates for 1866, and some other descriptions of County Claims, will be taken in payment of subscriptions to this paper until the 15th of November next.**

ELNA, ROME & DALTON R.R.

CHANGE OF SCHEDULE.

On and after Thursday, June 2nd, 1870, until further notice, trains of this road will pass Jacksonville, as follows:

Mail Train from South at ..... 4:45 P.M.
" " " North at ..... 5:31 A.M

TRI-WEEKLY FREIGHT TRAIN.

Arrive from South, Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays, at ..... 5:31 P.M
From North, ... 4:10 A.M

E. G. BARNEY.
M. Station, Sup't and Ag't.
Ass't Sup't. sep4-1tm.

Montgomery Bros. sent up, yesterday, something under half a bushel fine oranges to the employees of this office. They were very large and delicious. This excellent firm have all varieties of confections; and next week will have an abundance of toys and Christmas gifts on hand. They will please accept thanks.

Hereafter advertisements (other than Legal advertisements) and communications must be handed in Thursday morning, or before, to insure a place in the following number of the paper. We will not *positively* be longer subjected to the inconvenience attending a flood of advertisements and other matter on the eve of publication.

Nearly *every* week we are delayed in this way by those who could as easily, in the early part of the week, hand in what they desire published.

Our distinguished townsmen, Gen. Wm. H. Forney, was proposed for the U. S. Senate in the Legislature; but his friends would not allow the name to go before the body for election; because he is ineligible.

Cleburne court will commence next Monday.

Dr. Nisbet has'nt reached water yet. He has gone down only about 180 feet and has "right smart" material to go on yet. It is thought he will reach China by the time the revolutionary-and-utterly-void-Pennington gets his Opelika &c. Rail Road built.

We want money for subscriptions and advertising due and will soon put out the accounts of some of our subscribers for collection. We cannot undertake to furnish, at our own expense, the paper gentlemen for the term of their natural lives and afterwards have the trouble of collecting from their administrators. It takes money to carry on our business, and we mean to have it, even at the risk of offending some of our oldest friends and subscribers. After one month we intend to begin to scratch off names and send out the accounts of those who do not respond in the meantime. Business is business and we mean what we say.

Mr. Robt. Alexander has closed the Planters Hotel.

F. H. Maynard & Co., N. E. Cor. 3rd & Olive Streets, Advertising Agents, are unqualified scoundrels. They advertised with us three months and pay no attention to our bill repeatedly forwarded.

L. V. DeForest & Co., Jewellers, No. 40 & 42 Broadway New York have given us advertisement; at the same time referring us to Pettengill & Co. Geo. P. Rowell & Co. and others with whom we have dealings in New York. Mr Pettengill informs us he knows no such concern, therefore L. V. Deforest & Co. are swindlers, and we would advise our exchanges to drop their advertisements.

Yesterday a friend came to us and wished the name of some Mobile Commission Merchant. We referred him to our advertising columns, and he found the name of F. S. Stollenwerck & Bro. and will transact his business with them. They are the only Mobile commission merchants who advertise with us.

Some time ago another gentleman came to us and asked if a Mr. Bale of Rome was still in business. We took up our Rome exchanges; but could not find Mr. Bale's advertisement and consequently could not inform him. Mr. Bale may have lost a customer here. Moral—advertise.

Both the college and the new brick store building of Mr. Wright, are almost complete and both do great credit both to Mr. Wright, the brick contractor and Mr. Blakeman, the wood contractor. Mr. Wright soon goes to Arkansas to undertake a large contract there. The people will find him a perfect gentleman and worthy of all confidence.

Bishop Wilmer preached a splendid sermon at St. Luke's Episcopal church last Sabbath. Mr. McLane, the new Presbyterian also delivered a fine sermon at the Presbyterian church. Both had good congregations.

The Treasurer has been paying only some special claims. He awaits action of the Commissioners Court before paying out generally. He has the correct view of the matter. Too much "preferred" works the injury of older and equally just claimants.

Whisenant & Driskell sold lots of goods and groceries this week. They are stirring men.

The days have been warm enough the past week to admit of the usual amount of loafing on the court house steps.

The spire of the Presbyterian church is not to be completed. Everybody will be something.

The cross mark (X) on your paper means that you owe for subscription.

The poem "Spirit meeting" is much admired and extensively copied.

We invite the attention of our readers to the new double column advertisement of Montgomery Bros. They have recently received a new stock and have fitted up their store, so that it is the most attractive place in town. They have an abundance of good things for Christmas which they are selling low. Go look at their pretty stock.

INFORMATION WANTED of Edward Kelley, formerly of Lingmelton, Ireland, aged about 60 years; and when last heard from, was in the State of Alabama. Any information concerning him should be addressed to Miss Annie Slavin, (daughter of Jame Slavin) 13 College Grove Avenue, Chicago, Ill.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

$100 CHALLENGE!—It is stated that one tablespoonful of English Female Bitters contains as much medical properties as one bottle of any of the advertised grog shop Bitters of the day, and the proprietors offer a challenge of $100.

Who that has seen a dangerous disease arrested by an able physician or a good medicine but values both? Be it you family physician to whom you owe so many escapes from aches and ails, or Dr. Ayer's inimitable remedies:—his Sarsaparilla that renewed your vitality or Cherry Pectoral that cured a painful cough, or his Ague Cure that expelled the freezing ague and burning fever from your blood. Who that has been relieved by any of these agencies but feels grateful for them all?—*Bangor Times.*

"PROCRASTINATION IS THE THIEF OF TIME."—A timely dose of Hungarian Balsam of Life may save you from death by Consumption.

A timely dose of Texas Tonic Syrup may save your constitution from being withered by chills and fever.

A timely application of the Louisiana Creole Hair Restorer may save you the cost of a wig.

TURBINE WATER WHEELS, ENGINES &c.

In inviting attention to the card of Messrs. POOLE & HUNT, Engineers and Founders, of Baltimore, notice is especially called to their celebrated "Leffel's American Double Turbine Water Wheel," which has established by its superior qualities a national reputation. Some idea may be had of the favor this Water Wheel has found, from the fact that there are now about five thousands in operation.

Messrs. POOLE & HUNT are besides thorough Engineers and Founders, and have unsurpassed facilities for supplying everything in their line, including Steam Engines, Flour Orist and Saw Mill Machinery, Shafting, Pulleys, &c.

Sept17-1870—1y.

Proposals!!

Will be received until the 20th day of December next, for the delivery of 200,000 Hoop Poles, to be cut and delivered at Rome Ga., or at some station on Selma Rome and Dalton Railroad, and loaded on the cars; poles to be cut and delivered within next (3) three months. Proposals will state the point of delivery. Specifications will be furnished by applying to the undersigned, and to whom the proposals should be addressed.

SAML NOBLE.
Gen. Manager Rome Iron Manf'ng Co.
Rome Ga.,
Dec 3—3t.

Ayer's Hair Vigor,

For restoring Gray Hair to its natural Vitality and Color.

A dressing which is at once agreeable, healthy, and effectual for preserving the hair. *Faded or gray hair is soon restored to its original color, with the gloss and freshness of youth.* Thin hair is thickened, falling hair checked, and baldness often, though not always, cured by its use. Nothing can restore the hair where the follicles are destroyed, or the glands atrophied and decayed. But such as remain can be saved for usefulness by this application. Instead of fouling the hair with a pasty sediment, it will keep it clean and vigorous. Its occasional use will prevent the hair from turning gray or falling off, and consequently prevent baldness. Free from those deleterious substances which make some preparations dangerous, and injurious to the hair, the Vigor can only benefit but not harm it. If wanted merely for a

HAIR DRESSING,

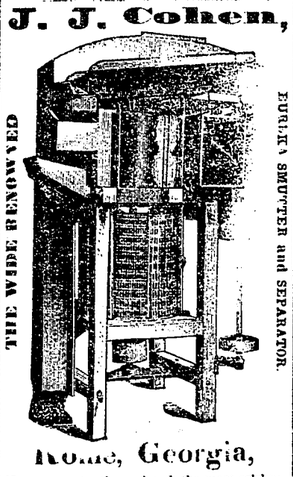
nothing else can be found so desirable. Containing neither oil nor dye, it does not soil white cambric, and yet lasts long on the hair, giving it a rich, glossy lustre and a grateful perfume.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co.,
PRACTICAL AND ANALYTICAL CHEMISTS,
LOWELL, MASS.

PRICE $1.00.

DR. W. W. NISBET Agt Jacksonville, & sold by Druggists & Merchants everywhere.

J. J. Cohen,



Rome, Georgia,

Keeps constantly on hand the most celebrated and latest MILL MACHINERY, at Manufacturer's prices Also, Importer of the Double Anchor Dutch Bolting Cloth. French Burr and Esopus MILL STONES, Double Turbine Water Wheels, and an assortment of Bolting, &c. Oct. 15, '70.

Just Received,

DIRECT FROM NEW YORK,

BY

WHISENANT & DRISKILL,

DEALERS IN

DRY GOODS

AND

GROCERIES.

A MAGNIFICENT STOCK OF

Gentlemens' Fine Dress Goods,

Ready Made Clothing, Cassimeres, Doeskins, Jeans, Heavy Twills &c,

Ladies' and Gentlemen's SHAWLS in great variety.

FLANNELS and LINSIES,

LADIES DRESS GOODS,

Alpacas, All-wool Delaines, Balmorals, Prints, Domestics, &c.,

Boots & Shoes,

BLANKETS,

Hats, Trunks, Wood and Willow Ware, Hardware and Cutlery,

Stationery

Toilet Soaps, Perfumery, &c., &c.,

Crockery.

—o—

GROCERIES.

SUGAR, COFFEE, SALT,

Fish, Cheese, Maccaroni, Pickles, Tea, Oysters, Sardines, Jellies, Preserves.

Confectioneries,

TOBACCO, SEGARS & SNUFF.

P. Rowan,

Is receiving this week

A FRESH SUPPLY OF

DRY GOODS,

Boots & Shoes,

BOOKS

AND

STATIONERY,

DRUGS

AND

Medicines,

Oils and Paints,

SMOKING & CHEWING

TOBACCO,

PATENT FRUIT JARS

And a Large Lot of very Superior

Sugar & Coffee.

He has also a lot of very fine

ENGLISH SHOT GUNS

AND A FEW

SQUIRREL RIFLES.

Needs money very badly to buy Fall Stock, and will sell VERY CHEAP FOR CASH.

Aug. 27, 1870.

E. L. WOODWARD'S SONS

Are STILL Receiving

GOODS

Ladies Dress Goods, (various styles.)
Ladies Merino Vests,
Ladies Chemise', Night Dresses &c.
White Goods, Hosiery Notions &c.
Cassimeres, Tweeds, Jeans, Kerseys,
PLAIDS, STRIPES &c,

A Fine Lot of Gents
Dress and Under Shirts.

A LARGE LOT OF

Ladies Shoes

Manufactured for Us.

Which we wish to distribute among the Fair Ones of Calhoun County,

At Prices which will be sure to Please.

Ladies Lace Gaiters,
Ladies Button Gaiters,
Ladies Fine French Calf Shoes,
Ladies Fine Kid and Goat Shoes,
Misses Shoes (all styles.)
MEN'S BOYS and WOMANS Shoes of all kinds, cheaper than EVER BEFORE.

OUR STOCK OF

HATS

embraces some of the Best and Latest Styles, among which are the

R. E. LEE,
STONEWALL,
"CAMBRIA,"
"LOTHAIR,"
"TOM GREEN,"
"KING WILLIAM,"
"OUR FRITZ,"
FLIRT &c.

We have the largest assortment of

Crockery

That has ever been brought to this country. If you need Crockery of any description, call on us, and you will be astonished at the LOWNESS of our prices.

Fine Sugar, Coffee and NEW ORLEANS SYRUP.

Just in—another Car Load of

SALT.

Factory Thread, Domestics and Osnaburg furnished the trade at Factory prices.

We sell

BAUGH'S RAW BONE And Other Fertilizers

At Manufacturers' Prices.

Call and see us before you buy your supplies. We are offering all kinds of Goods, very cheap for cash.

E. L. WOODWARD'S SONS.
Nov. 5, 1870.

KUTZ & CYFER'S CHEAP STORE!

Special Announcement!

An Entire New Stock at Astonishing LOW PRICES.

Great additions made to our Fall and Winter Stock!

We invite you to inspect our Immense Assortment, which is positively the LARGEST and CHEAPEST to be had.

A full and complete assortment of Clothing Cloths, Jeans, Boots, Shoes, Rubber Over Shoes. Men's and Boys' Hats, Trunks, Carpet-Bags, Dress Goods Linseys, Flannels, Blankets, Hosiery, Shirts and Drawers, Ladies Cloth and Silk Saques, Linen and Woolen Table Covers, Sheetings and Shirtings, Bleachings and Calico at manufacturers' prices, Ticks, Hoopskirts and Overskirts, Balmoral Skirts, Ribbons and Trimmings, Ladies Shawls, Lace Collars, New style of Chignons, Good bargains in Knives and Forks and Tea-spoons, Smoking Tobacco and Snuff, Perfumery and Soap, Hair Nets, Plated Jewelry, Ladies Hats &c., &c., &c.

In all of which a comparison, as regards to quality and *Price*, will demonstrate the fact that Kutz & Cyfer, at their Cheap Store, are selling goods at lower Prices than any other House.

GREAT REDUCTION
In the Price of
Gents New Style HATS.

$5 00 Hats reduced to $3 00.
$4 00 " " " $2 25.
$3 00 " " " $1 75.
A good Wool Hat for $1 00 & $1 25.

TAKE NOTICE.

Positively the *highest prices* paid for all kinds of produce, for which we will trade, giving our goods at the same prices as paying the cash.

AT THE
Cheap Store
OF
CUTZ & CYFER.

Next to the Jacksonville Hotel.

September 3, 1870.

GREENS, & CO.

DEALERS IN

General Merchandise, Drugs,

AND

GROCERIES,

ALEXANDRIA, ALABAMA.

Have on hand the very best Foreign and Domestic DRY GOODS, such as:
LADIES DRESS GOODS—Shawls, Vandykes, Nubias, Alpacas, All-wool Delaines, Balmorals, Prints, etc., etc., etc.
MENS WEAR—Kersys, Cassimeres, HATS, BOOTS & SHOES (bt in Boston

READY MADE CLOTHING—CROCKERY,
Hardware & Cutlery of the best brands—Plow Steel and IRON.

GROCERIES—Sugar, Coffee, Rice, SALT, Bagging, Rope and Ties, Tobacco &c

All Goods will be sold to prompt paying customers, on time, until Christmas, at CASH PRICES. No credit extended beyond that time.

HIGHEST MARKET PRICE PAID FOR COTTON.

☞ DEBTORS TURN OVER ☜

JOE S. MONTGOMERY. H. F. MONTGOMERY.

Montgomery Bro's,

GROCERS AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS keep constantly on hand a full and varied stock of Groceries, Provisions, and family supplies, also table and pocket cutlery, tobacco, foreign and domestic cigars, fancy candies, confections &c &c.

Thanking the public for past favors, we respectfully solicit a continuance of the same, feeling confident of being able to give our customers *FIRST CLASS* Goods as *LOW* as they can be bought in this market. Wrapping paper at manufacturers prices.

Dec. 10, 1870.—tf.

250 Utley Plows,

All complete and first class finish

SOON TO ARRIVE.

J. B. TURNLEY & CO.

English Dairy Churns.

Makes Butter in 3 minutes.

For Sale by J. B. TURNLEY & CO.

Calhoun County Norway Oats,

For Sale By

J. B. TURNLEY & CO.

WILL PRODUCE FROM 100 TO 150 BUSHELS PER ACRE.

☞ Cannot be effected by rust. ☜

For sale by J. B. TURNLEY & CO.

DREER'S GARDEN SEEDS AND Bulbous Flower Roots.

Dreers' Descriptive Catalogue of Hyacinths, Tulips, Crocus, Lilies, &c, Winter Blooming Plants, Roses, Hardy Flowering Shrubs, Evergreens, &c., Small Fruits, Grape Vines, Choice Flower Seeds, &c., will be mailed to all applicants, and his GARDEN CALENDAR of Vegetable and Flower Seeds, Grass seeds, Field seeds, Plants, Roses, Dahlias, Verbenas, Gladiolus, Asparagus roots, Early Potatoes, Onion setts, Books, Implements &c., with full descriptive lists of the above (144 pages) beautifully illustrated with engravings and two colored plates will also be mailed to all applicants, address, HENRY A DREER,
714 Chestnut St, Philadelphia, Pa.
Oct. 15—2m.

To the Planters of Calhoun County.

Send your COTTON to
JAS. H. COOPER
OF ROME, GA., who will sell it for you, and charge you only (50 c.) fifty cents per Bale for selling. If you want to Store your Cotton he will make liberal Cash advances on it.
Rome, Ga., Oct. 15, 1870.—3m.

Notice to Executors, Administrators and Guardians &c.

I have heretofore given notice in the Jacksonville Republican for Executors, Administrators and Guardians, to come forward and file in my office their accounts and vouchers for a final, partial, or annual settlement, but very few responded to said notice; this is therefore to notify them again, that I have now issued personal notice to them and forwarded the same by Mail, setting a day for filing their accounts, &c., preparatory to making said settlements. I hope all will attend punctually, without any further trouble or cost in the matter.

A. WOODS, Judge
Sept. 24 1870—tf. of Probate.

IN ALL CANDOR We Must Have It

Those indebted to M. J. Turnley, and M. J. Turnley & Son, for Professional services, will please call at their office and settle by CASH or note at an early day; and those indebted to J. B. Turnley & Co., will pay up, or close by note—claims in hands of the undersigned for collection. Heed this call.

TURNLEY & SON.

All persons indebted to the firm of J. H. Sargeant & Co, are invited to settle with us, at once.

Oct. 29 1870.

DR. SCHENCK advises Consumptives to go to Florida in Winter.

Having for the last thirty-five years devoted my whole time and attention to the study of lung diseases and consumption, I feel that I understand fully the course that ought to be pursued to restore a tolerably bad case of diseased lungs to healthy soundness. The first and most important step is for the patient to avoid taking cold, and the best of all places on this continent for this purpose in winter, is Florida well down in the State, where the temperature is regular, and not subject to such variations as in more Northern latitudes, Palatka is a point I can recommend. A good hotel is kept there by Peterman. Last winter I saw several persons there whose lungs had been badly diseased, but who, under the healing influence of the climate and my medicines, were getting well.

One hundred miles farther down the river is a point which I would prefer to Palatka, as the temperature is more even and the air dry and bracing. Mellonville and Enterprise are located there. I should give a decided preference to Mellonville. It is two miles from river or lake, and it seems almost impossible to take cold there. The tables in Florida might be better, and patients complain at times but that is a good sign, as it indicates a return of appetite, and when this is the case they generally increase in flesh, and then the lungs must heal.

Jacksonville, Hibernia, Green Cove, and many other places in various parts of Florida, can be safely recommended to consumptives in winter. My reasons for saying so are that patients are less liable to take cold there than where there is a less even temperature, and it is not necessary to say that where a consumptive person exposes himself to frequent colds he is certain to die shortly. Therefore my advice is, go well down into the State out of the reach of prevailing east winds and fogs. Jacksonville, or almost any other of the localities I have named, will benefit those who are troubled with a torpid liver, a disordered stomach, deranged bowels, sore throat or cough, but for those whose lungs are diseased a more southern point is *earnestly recommended.*

For fifteen years prior to 1869, I was professionally in New York, Boston, Baltimore and Philadelphia every week, where I saw and examined on an average five hundred patients a week. A practice so extensive, embracing every possible phase of lung disease, has enable' me to understand the disease fully, and hence, my caution in regard to taking cold. A person may take vast quantities of "Schenck's Pulmonic Syrup, Seaweed Tonic and Mandrake Pills," and yet die if he does not avoid taking cold.

In Florida, nearly everybody is using Schenck's Medicines, especially Schenck's Mandrake Pills, for the climate is more likely to produce bilious habits than more northern latitudes. It is a well established fact that natives of Florida rarely die of consumption, especially those of the southern part. On the other hand, in New England, one third, at least, of the population die of this terrible disease. In the Middle States it does not prevail so largely, still there are many thousands of cases there. What a vast percentage of life would be saved if consumptives were as easily alarmed in regard to taking fresh cold as they are about scarlat fever, small pox, &c. But they are not. They take what they term a little cold, which they are credulous enough to believe will wear off in a few days. They pay no attention to it, and hence it lays the foundation for another and another still, until the lungs are diseased beyond all hope for cure.

My advice to persons whose lungs are affected even slightly is, to lay in a stock of Schenck's Pulmonic Syrup, Schenck's Seaweed Tonic and Schenck's Mandrake Pills and go to Florida. I recommend these particular medicines because I am thoroughly acquainted with their action. I know that where they are used in strict accordance with my directions they will do the work that is required. This accomplished, nature will do the rest. The physician who prescribes for cold, cough or ni h-sweats and then advises the patient to walk or ride out every day, will be sure to have a corpse on his hands before long.

My plan is to give my three medicines, in accordance with the printed directions, except in some cases where a freer use of the Mandrake Pills is necessary. My object is to give tone to the stomach—to get up a good appetite. It is always a good sign when a patient begins to grow hungry. I have hopes of such. With a relish for food and the gratification of that relish comes good blood, and with it more flesh, which is closely followed by a healing of the lungs. Then the cough loosens and abates, the creeping chills and clammy night-sweats no longer prostrate and annoy, and the patient gets well, provided he avoids taking cold.

Now there are many consumptives who have not the means to go to Florida. The question may be asked, is there no hope for such? Certainly there is. My advice to such is, and ever has been, to stay in a warm room during the winter, with a temperature of about seventy degrees, which should be kept regularly at that point, by means of a thermometer. Let such a patient take his exercise within the limits of the room by walking up and down as much as his strength will permit, in order to keep up a healthy circulation of the blood. I have cured thousands by this system, and can do so again. Consumption is as easily cured as any other disease if it is taken in time, and the proper kind of treatment is pursued. The fact stands undisputed on record that Schenck's Pulmonic Syrup, Mandrake Pills, and Seaweed Tonic have cured very many of what seemed to be hopeless cases of consumption. Go where you will, you will be almost certain to find some poor consumptive who has been rescued from the very jaws of death by their use.

So far as the Mandrake Pills are concerned, every body should keep a supply of them on hand. They act on the liver better than calomel, and leave none of its hurtful effects behind. In fact they are excellent in all cases where a purgative medicine is required. If you have partaken too freely of fruit and diarrhœa ensues, a dose of the Mandrake will cure you. If you are subject to sick headache take a dose of the Mandrakes and they will relieve you in two hours. If you would obviate the effect of a change of water, or the too free indulgence in fruit, take one of the Mandrakes every night or every other night, and you may then drink water and eat watermelons, pears, apples, plums, peaches or corn, without the risk of being made sick by them. They will protect those who live in damp situations against chills and fevers. Try them. They are perfectly harmless. They can do you good only.

I have abandoned my professional visits to Boston and New York, but continue to see patients at my office, No. 15 N. SIXTH Street, Philadelphia, every Saturday, from 9 A. M. to 3 P. M. Those who wish a thorough examination with the Respirometer will be charged five dollars. The Respirometer declares the exact condition of the lungs, and patients can readily learn whether they are curable or not. But I desire it distinctly understood that the value of my medicines depends entirely upon their being taken strictly according to directions.

In conclusion, I will say that when persons take my medicines and their systems are brought into a healthy condition thereby, they are not so liable to take cold, put no one with diseased lungs can bear a sudden change of atmosphere without the liability of greater or less irritation of the bronchial tubes.

Full directions in all languages accompany my medicines, so explicit and clear that any one can use them without consulting me, and can be bought from any druggist.

J. H. SCHENCK, M. D.
No. 15 N. SIXTH Street, Philadelphia.
Oct 29 1y.

BLOOMINGTON NURSERY,

600 Acres—19th Year—10 Greenhouses

Fruit and ornamental Trees, Nursery Stock, Root, Grafts Grapes, Evergreens, Shrubs, Roses, Hedge and Greenhouse Plants. FLOWER BULBS FOR FALL TULIPS &c.

Colored Fruit and Flower plates—all at wholesale and retail. Send 40cts. for Catalogues.

F. K PHOENIX,
Oct. 8 '70—6m. Bloomington, Ill.

COME IN AND PAY YOUR SUBSCRIPTION.

Backbiters.

Reader; whoever you are, tell us, did you never backbite! Have you never said aught in malice against your neighbor? Can you remember a single day, during which you have not let slip some hard saying? Have you not spoken evil of your most intimate friend, and behind his back too? True, there is sometimes the glorious preface of: "Well John is a right clever fellow, and I like him; "but"—but, —but what? Ah! there lies the rub! Why not stop with having said all the good you may happen to know of John? Now this would be far better: for it would encourage John and him too, whose ears you fill with a thousand and one complaints. Besides you would think more of yourself. On the other hand you injure John by setting his neighbor against him, you stir up strife between him and yourself, and all this for what? Simply to talk. Besides you do not give him an opportunity to be heard. He might be able to say something in extenuation if his offense. Is it not a safe rule, to give every man a hearing. As you would prefer to be heard, before judgment is pronounced, be ever willing to give time to others. Certainly no harm can result.

But let us suppose John to be guilty all you would alledige against him? Does it, can it, mend the matter by telling every one you meet? Would it not be more magnanimous to see John, face to face, and warn him kindly against the consequences of his ways. "Little words in kindness spoken," may save him. But can you hope to accomplish the same happy result, by pouring out the vials of your wrath, at every street corner and in every highway? Certainly it can not be your object to benefit John; your own interest is not advanced; you do not help your neighbor.

Now to be flea-bitten is bad. It would be unfortunate to be frost-bitten. It is more unfortunate, to be dog-bitten. It is terrible to be snake-bitten: but combine all these, in their worst forms, and it would not be half so bad as to be back-bitten. There can be only one thing worse and that is, to be the back-biter. This is the foundation of all rottenness, and the climax of iniquity. It is a compound of flea, snake and dog, (yellow dog)—dog constituting the principal ingredient.

There are some people who derive peculiar pleasure in making known the little wanderings of every little man and woman whom they may chance to meet. They go it like 2-40 on a plank road to the tune of —"Well I do not like such and such a man." Have you heard of the difficulty in A's family; of Mr. B's recent intoxication; of Mrs. C's bad management; of Mr. D's hopeless insolvency; of Mr. E's fall from grace; of Mr. F's bad blood; of the one hundred, forty and four thousand blunders of Mr. G's; of what all their wives, daughters, sons, sons-in-law, cousins, uncles and aunts have said and thought and dreamed of.' Then will come a caution. "Now all of this I have told you in confidence." "Be sure and not to tell anybody; for I like A. B. C. D. E. F. G., and all their relatives, and the friends of all their relatives, and I know they are all clever and you see, I would not have them know, I had spoken thus."

And this same man, will tell this same story, to a hundred different men on a hundred different days and in a hundred different ways, and always add the same caution. Now if a backbiter would not have the story told, why does he tell it himself. The truth is he enjoys it.

And may we not ask: Why is this? Are we not all brothers and did ever brother treat brother thus? Would it not be more manly to look that brother squarely in the face and tell him of his error? It is no less cowardly, to speak "behind one's back" than it is to turn back in battle. It is the meanest knavery.

Reader, dear reader, consider, first whether it it is safe to trust one who is always reminding you of your neighbors short-comings.—Will he not speak evil of you. Of such an one we would say; "Beware of the ox he has hay on his horns." Quote to him the Scripture. "Thou hypocrite, first cast out the beam, that is in thine own eye; then shalt thou see clearly to cast out the mote out of thy brother's eye."

Speak evil of no one. If you can say nothing good of your neighbor, say nothing at all. Never bite his back. It is doggish, mean, truculent, very contemptible.

BARD'S SOMERSAULT.—Dr. Bard the "big Injun" of Idaho, has made another shift in his politics, and now, the *True Georgian* is a full blown Democratic journal: The Doctor's politics is like a Cyprians virtue: it hangs upon his sleeve ready to be plucked by the first comer; but we don't know what John Hoffman, the present Governor of New York, has done, that he should be persecuted by being Bard's figure head for next President As for Gen. Gorden, whom Bard nominated for next Governor, we understand he is so mortified that he hardly knows what to do with himself. Won't somebody drown old Bard? He is geting to be a public nuisance—

Griffin Star.

The Great Medical Discovery!
Dr. WALKER'S CALIFORNIA
VINEGAR BITTERS,

Hundreds of Thousands
Bear testimony to their wonderful Curative Effects.

WHAT ARE THEY?

THEY ARE NOT A VILE
FANCY DRINK,
Made of Poor Rum, Whiskey, Proof Spirits and Refuse Liquors, doctored, spiced, and sweetened to please the taste, called "Tonics," "Appetizers," "Restorers," &c., that lead the unfortunate victim step by step to a drunkard's grave, but are a true Medicine, made from the Native Roots and Herbs of California, free from all Alcoholic Stimulants. They are the GREAT BLOOD PURIFIER and LIFE GIVING PRINCIPLE, a perfect Renovator and Invigorator of the system, carrying off all poisonous matter, and restoring the blood to a healthy condition. No person can take these Bitters, according to directions, and remain long unwell.

Thousands say they will die if they can get no more Vinegar Bitters. Thousands say they would not be without them if they could get them at $100 a bottle. Thousands will bear witness that they are not a drop of alcohol in their composition.

For Inflammatory and Chronic Rheumatism and Gout, Dyspepsia, or Indigestion, Biliousness, Remittent and Intermittent Fevers, Diseases of the Blood, Liver, Kidneys and Bladder, these Bitters have been most successful. Such Diseases are caused by Vitiated Blood, which is generally occasioned by derangement of the Digestive Organs.

They act upon the stomach, and stimulate the torpid liver and bowels, which render them the most powerful purifying agent in the world. They have a wonderful effect in cleansing the blood when it is foul, giving it strength and vigor to the whole system.

Dyspepsia or Indigestion, Headache, Pain in the Shoulders, Coughs, Tightness of the Chest, Dizziness, Sour Stomach, Bad Taste in the Mouth, Bilious Attacks, Palpitation of the Heart, Composed Discharges of Urine, Pain in the regions of the Kidneys, and a hundred other painful symptoms which are the offsprings of Dyspepsia, are cured by these Bitters.

In short they will be found the best Physic ever used for purifying the blood, and curing all diseases arising from a vitiated state of the stomach.

Cleanse the Vitiated Blood whenever you find its impurities bursting through the skin in Pimples, Eruptions, or Sores; cleanse it when you find it obstructed and sluggish in the veins; cleanse it when it is foul, and your feelings will tell you when. Keep the blood pure and the health of the system will follow.

PIN, TAPE, and other WORMS, lurking in the system of so many thousands, are effectually destroyed and removed.

For full directions, read carefully the circular around each bottle, printed in four languages—English, German, French, and Spanish.

J. WALKER, 32 & 34 Commerce Street, N. Y.
Proprietor. R. H. McDONALD & Co.
Druggists and General Agents,
San Francisco, California, and 32 and 34 Commerce Street, N. Y.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS AND DEALERS.

Manhood How Lost How Restored.

Just published, a new edition of Dr Culverwell's Celebrated Essay on the *radical cure* (without medicine) of SPERMATORRHŒA, or Seminal Weakness, Involuntary Seminal Losses, IMPOTENCY, Mental and Physical Incapacity, Impediments to Marriage, etc; also CONSUMPTION, EPILEPSY and FITS, induced by self-indulgence or sexual extravagance.

Price, in a sealed envelope, only 6 cts.

The celebrated author, in this admirable essay, clearly demonstrates from a thirty years' successful practice, that the alarming consequences of self abuse may be radically cured without the dangerous use of internal medicine or the application of the knife; pointing out a mode of cure at once simple, certain and effectual, by means of which every sufferer, no matter what his condition may be, may cure himself cheaply, privately and *radically*.

This Lecture should be in the hands of every youth and every man in the land.

Sent under seal, to any address, in a plain envelope, on the receipt of six cents, or two postage stamps, by addressing the publishers.

Also Dr. Culverwell's "Marriage Guide," price 25 cents. Address the Publishers,

CHAS. J. C. KLINE & CO.
127 Bowery, N. Y. Post Office Box 4,586

LOUISIANA GREOLE
HAIR
RESTORATIVE!

The Hair restored naturally to its original color, prevented from falling out, its growth increased, and its softness and beauty multiplied.

The Louisiana Creole Hair Restorer keeps the head clean, cool and healthy, removes all diseases of the scalp, keeps it free from Dandruff, prevents irritation and Itching and is an excellent remedy for nervous and other forms of headache.

The Louisiana Creole Hair Restorer is not a dye, but restores gray hair to its original color by supplying the capillary tubes with natural sustenance which may not be assimilated from either age or decay. All *instantaneous* Hair Dyes are composed of *fancy capricie* destroying the vitality and beauty of the hair and effect of themselves no dressing, but on the contrary make the hair brittle and wiry. The

Louisiana Creole Hair Restorer not only actually restores the hair and restores the natural color by natural means, but in opposite to it a luxuriant beauty, which it can attain by no other method.

The Louisiana Creole Hair Restorer in addition to its more useful qualities is elegantly perfumed and is entirely free from greasiness and stickiness, so that the finest linen fabric is not spoiled or even stained by its use. It contains no poison to kill the hair, but under its continued use, improvement is steadily manifested and [illegible] after its regular and set application.

For sale by Druggists generally. Prepared by MANSFIELD & HIGBEE, Memphis, Tenn.

MAGIC ARNICA
LINIMENT

WILL CURE PAINS AND ACHES IN FIVE MINUTES.

Prepared from rare Essential Oils, Extract of Camphor, Extract of Arnica, Chloroform and Magnetic Fluid, chemically combined.

The Magic Arnica Liniment is one of the most powerful penetrating Pain Known. It is no rancid grease like many of the so-called liniments sold, but a clear, transparent, ruby colored Fluid, which when applied, promptly penetrates through skin and muscles to the very bone itself, striking at the root of the disease and instantly relieving all pain. In cases of Paralysis, Numbness, Lame Chronic Swellings and in fact, all classes of diseases that can be reached by external treatment, this liniment will be found effectious. In Rheumatism it acts promptly, killing the pain in one or two applications and when used in connection with Mansfield & Higbee's *Great Internal Remedy, the KHEUMATIC COMPOUND, we have never known it to fail in effecting a CURE! As a*

Horse and Cattle Liniment

it is unsurpassed, curing where other liniments fail. A striking evidence of this is its unparalleled success when used in the treatment of Charbone or Erysipelas in Horses or Mules—a disease which at one time threatened to destroy all the stock in the Mississippi Valley. The

Magic Arnica Liniment

was the only remedy that was found to cure in all cases.

With every bottle will be found a circular containing specific directions for using.

For sale by Druggists and Dealers every where.

Manufactured only by the sole Proprietors, Mansfield & Higbee, Memphis Tenn Wholesale Agents at Mobile, McGuire, Blackwood & Co and at Selma, J. L. McVoy & Co.

apr.16 1870—1y.

MADAME DELACHAMPS.

Alone in a Mountain Gorge.

Snugly ensconsed amid the wilds of one of the Middle States, lived Madame Delachamps, many years ago, with no known protector, save a faithful dog that ever stood beside her to defend in time of need. Her small, moss-covered cabin, wrapped with the wild-rose and honeysuckle, appeared hid away by a cluster of undergrowth, and closely environed on the north and east by a deep craggy ravine that led away back to the mountain gorge.

Here, sniffling the ambient air, wafted from nature's green sward clinging to the mountain side, bathing her brow in early morn's dew drop, she lived solitary and alone for many long years. The catamount's unearthly midnight yell, and the wolf's doleful howl, frequently aroused her from pleasant midnight slumbers.

Now and then she would emerge from her unknown home and mingle with the inhabitants around about her one or two months at a time. She was eccentric in her acts and all viewed her as a living curiosity.

While from home, she apparently had but one object, and that was the relief of her afflicted sex. Under a belt on he left side, could be seen an old-fasioned dirk of considerable size, carried for her own protection, while strapped across her shoulder was suspended a curious sack made from the

SKINS OF RABBITS AND RACCOONS.

Arranged in alternate stripes. This bag contained some old parchments, and a smaller sack containing a coarse powder made from certain roots known only to herself, the secret of which she clung to as with the tenacity of death. She sailed forth from her wild mountain home, to act the Good Samaritan, with this unknown vegetable pow ter, which she claimed possessed a wonderful power over all Diseases incident to the female sex. She termed it "womb physic," with which she proposed to cure all affections and derangements of that organ, and kindred complaints free of charge. With such singular magic did she relieve all who applied, that within a few years her name and fame became known far and wide, and hundreds of suffering females applied for relief and returned to their homes healthy and happy. Many were anxious to know her great secret, and large sums of money were offered if she would divulge it—but she stoutly refused.

During her solitary life, she became intimate with only one woman, a noted midwife some miles distant, to whom she promised to

DIVULGE HER SECRET

Before dying. In a few years, as the sombre shades of night began to close around her tottering frame, she imparted this great secret to this friend

* * *

She too gained quite a reputation for relieving the suffering of her sex, and strange it may appear—she scarcely ever failed to cure those old chronic female complaints that had resisted all ordinary modes of treatment. Many years ago, the writer of this, while engaged in the practice of Medicine, by a little strategy, succeeded in procuring the secret of this wonderful vegetable Regulator, which had never been known to the Medical Profession.

He gave it a fair and impartial trial in the treatment of various forms and stages of female complaints with such decided satisfaction, that in 1866 he called public attention to its virtues in

"GROSS MEDICO CHIRURGICAL REVIEW."

Combined with other known vegetable Tonics, having great power over the uterine organs; with Black Root to act upon the Liver and Bowels, and Soluble Citrate of Iron to correct the blood, he has formed a wonderful combination for the cure of all female complaints, considering it the only Female Regulator known, and now offers this valuable compound to the afflicted female, under the name of

ENGLISH FEMALE BITTERS

The Medical Profession at large, have long felt the need of just such a medicine, consequently it is not strange that they so eagerly prescribe and recommend these Bitters to their female patients.

If you could see the pile of smiling approvals and encomiums from physicians and their friends, by the use of these Bitters, no sickly female would hesitate to use them. This Female Regulator is adapted for old, young, married or single females, who are affected with acute or chronic forms of Uterine derangements. They cure painful, suppressed, scanty, profuse or irregular Menstruation, Chlorosis or Green Sickness, Flour Albus or Whites, Hysterics, Falling of the Womb, Ulceration and Irritability of the Womb, pain in the side, back or loins, sick Headache, palpitation or fluttering of the Heart, hurried Breathing, swimming of the head, cold Feet and Hands, loss of Appetite, Indigestion, torpid Liver, Melancholly, Nervousness, Wakefulness, Barrenness, physical Prostration, etc, etc. Many of these are relieved by the use of only one bottle.

THE LIVER AND STOMACH

Are thoroughly aroused and restored to a healthy action, by the use of these Bitters. Its peculiar Iron and Vegetable combination, places it far ahead of any similar preparation before the public.

Females, after confinement and convalescents from any debilitating complaint, who remain weak and feeble, with little or no appetite, are at once aroused and strengthened by their use. As a family Tonic for men, women and children, it has no equal. One tablespoonful contains more medical properties, than one bottle of any of the common and pleasant "dilute alcohol" bitters, to be found all over the country. When the manufacturers of the common beverages of the day say they cure all diseases, they will know they are "pulling the wool" over your eyes, and laugh at your stupidy in being so easily humbugged whenever the article smacks of whisky. If you really desire a valuable Iron and Vegetable Tonic for yourself and family, one bottle of E. F. B. will last longer and do more good than one dozen of the ordinary "grog shop" bitters, as one tablespoonful in Water, is sufficient for a whole family. As

A FEMALE REGULATOR.

It has no equal on this continent, acting powerfully and promptly in all cases, where no organic lesion exists. It is just the medicine for young girls, who have some difficulty in retaining the bloom on the cheeks, and who do not feel exactly right. For the mother at the "change of life," it soothes and quiets until the critical period is passed, as sweetly as if enjoying the brightest beams of opal ray, flitting through the air of oriental climes. The medicine is sold at the low price of $1 50 per Bottle, or six for $8 00, and can be had of all druggists and Merchants throughout the country. Address

J. P DROMGOOLE & CO., Prop's.
Memphis, Ten.

DROMGOOLE & CO.'S

BUCHU.

The Best and Cheapest now before the public, for all affections and derangements of the Kidneys and Bladder. Large Bottles only $1 00 or six for $5 00. Sold by Druggists and Merchants every where.

J. P. DROMGOOL & CO., Prop's,
Memphis, Tenn

W. D. HOYT & CO.

Jobbers in Drugs, Medicines and Druggists Sundries,

No. 43. Broad Street,

Rome, Ga.

WHOLESALE AGENTS FOR

ROSADALIS,
CALIFORNIA VINEGAR BITTERS,
PLANTATION "
EDWARD WILDER & CO'S PREPARATIONS,
AYER & CO's "
PEMBERTON, TAYLOR & CO's "

White Lead & Linseed Oil.

All of which will be sold at MANUFACTURER'S PRICES.

D. D. DRAPER, J. R. DRAPER, J. DRAPER, Sr

D. D. DRAPER, SON & CO.

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in

Dry Goods, Groceries, and General Merchandise.

OXFORD, ALA.

Have now on hand a Large and select stock of

DRY GOODS AND GROCERIES,

CONSISTING IN PART OF

Sugar, Coffee, Molasses; Bacon, Lard, Mess Pork; Cooking Stoves, Iron and Steel; Hardware, Cutlery, Crockery, Glassware, &c.

Their Stock is now large, and their arrangements completed to keep it constantly full of choice articles at reduced prices. Purchasers are respectfully invited to call and look through our Dry Goods and Grocery Stores, with the confident expectation on our part that we can give entire satisfaction.

Oxford, April 16, 1870.

JOSEPH E. VEAL,

ROME, GA.,

DEALER IN

Watches, Clocks, Jewelry,

SILVER AND PLATED WARE,

SPECTCLES,

FRENCH, CHINA, AND CUT GLASS WARE,

CUTLERY,

TOYS, WALKING CANES.

Musical Instruments, Fishing Tackle,
FINE HOUSEHOLD ARTICLES,
And Fancy Goods Generally.
OLD GOLD AND SILVER TAKEN IN EXCHANGE.
Watches, Clocks and Jewelry Repaired and Warranted.

MOORE & MARSH,

WHOLESALE
DEALERS IN

DRY GOODS,

Hats, Shoes, & Boots,

Corner Decatur and Fryor Streets,

W. A. MOORE.
E. W. MARSH. } ATLANTA, Ga.

FLEISHEL & BRO.,

WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

Staple and Fancy

DRY GOODS,

CLOTHING, BOOTS, SHOES,
HATS, NOTIONS, ETC.

38, Whitehall street, between Alabama and Hunter,
ATLANTA, GEORGIA.

J. T. MEADOR. N. J. MEADOR. J. J. MEADOR.

Meador & Brothers,

TOBACCO

Commission Merchants,

AND

Manufacturers of Cigars,

Whitehall Street, ATLANTA, GEORGIA.

G. W. JACK,

Wholesale Confectionr,

Steam Candy and Cracker Manufactory,

AND DEALER IN

FRUITS, NUTS, PRESERVES;

ALSO TOYS, WILLOW WARE, &C.

WHITEHALL STREET, ATLANTA, GEORGIA.

BONES, BROWN & CO.,
Augusta. Ga
ESTABLISHED 1825.

J. & S. BONES & CO.,
Rome. Ga
ESTABLISHED 1869.

The attention of Merchants is called to the Magnificent Stock of

HARDWARE

Now in Store and for sale by the above mentioned Houses. We offer at prices corresponding with the recent decline in gold.

1500 Doz. Pocket Knives—best Sheffield Brand,
500 Gross Table " — " "
4000 Prs. Standard weight Trace Chains,
350 Tons Sweedish Hammered Iron,
100 " Jenk's English Plow Steel,
200 Doz. Ames & Rowland's Shovels and Spades,
400 " Sam. Collins Axes,
300 " Cheap grade "
200 Kegs Burdin's Horse and Mule Shoes,
1000 Kegs Old Dominion Nails.

We are exclusive Agents for the Rome Iron Manufacturing Co.'s Merchant Bar Iron. This Iron is made from the best Charcoal Pig, & every bar GUARANTEED.

We are AGENTS for Vulcanized Rubber Belting, Orange Rifle and Blasting Powder, Winship's Cotton Gins, Brooks' Cotton and Hay Presses, Burdick's National Hay Cutter, R. Hoe & Co.'s Patent Ground, Inserted and Solid Tooth Circular Saws. Oct. 15, 1870—6m.

THE MOUND CITY

Mutual Life Insurance Co.

OF ST. LOUIS, MO.

OFFICERS.

JAMES J. O'FALLON, President.
A. M BRITTON, Vice President.
S. W. LOAX, Sec'y.
C. G. McHATTON, Gen'l Agent

The Mound City Mutual Life Insurance Company offers itself as a candidate for public patronage, with such provisions incorporated in the basis of its organization as render it at the same time,

Liberal, Safe and Substantial.

OneHundred Thousand Dollars Deposited

For the Security of Policy Holders.

In conformity with the Law of Missouri, this Company has deposited in the Insurance Department in St. Louis, Mo., one hundred thousand dollars, for security of its policy holders.

THIS COMPANY ISSUES

All Classes of Policies,

NON-FORFEITABLE AFTER ONE ANNUAL PAYMENT.

On the Ten Payment Table, one annual payment secures a paid up Policy for one tenth of the amount insured.

JOHNSTON & POINDEXTER,
Gen'l Agents,
Mobile, Ala.

ALEXANDER, MORRIS & CO. Agents, Jacksonville.

AUGUST 20, 1870.—1y.

G. W. & A. W. FORCE,

WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

BOOTS & SHOES,

WHITEHALL STREET.

ATLANTA GA

M. T. HUMPHRIES, J. J. ROBERTSON,

Bar, Cigars. Tobacco, and Confectionaries

CROSS LAINS, ALA. Apl. 23, 1870

SILVEY & DOUGHERTY,

Peachtree and Decatur Streets,

ATLANTA, Ga.,

WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC

Dry Goods,

FANCY GOODS, WHITE GOODS,

HOSIERY, GLOVES, NOTIONS, &c.

JOHN SILVEY.
DAVID DOHERTY. } *Dec.* 11, 1869—1y.

BERRYS & CO.

Wholesale Grocers,

—AND—

Commission Merchants,

Broadway, ROME, Ga.

SPECIAL attenfion given to sale of WHEAT, COTTON, and all kinds of Produce. DEC. 11, 1869.—1y.

NEW BOOKS, STATIONERY,

AND

FANCY ARTICLES,

HENRY A. SMITH. BOOKSELLER & STATIONER,

ROME, GA.

Is just receiving a very large supply of School, Theological, Standard and Miscellaneous Wall Papering, Window Shades, Writing Desks, Port Folio's, Work Boxes, Photographic Albums Engravings, Paintings, Picture Frames, Coral Toys and Fancy Articles.

Piano's, Sheet Music, Violin and Guitar Strings. Any article in the book or music line, not on hand, will be furnished at short notice, at Publishers and Manufacturer's prices

Merchants and School Teachers supplied upon the most reasonable terms.

Rome, Ga., Dec. 11, 1869.—1y.

HILLS, DAILEY & CO.

DEALER IN, AND MANUFACTURER OF ALL KINDS OF

Furniture,

CHAIRS

And Metalic Burial Case,

ROME, GA.

BUREAUS, Wardrobes, Wire Safes, Sofas, Bedsteads, Canesent, and all other Chairs and Rockers, Chamber Sets of various styles and prices; Tables, Wash-stands, Whatnots, Spring Beds, Cribs, &c. &c.

All sizes Metalic Burial Cases on hand—allat reduced prices. Dec.11,69—1y.

WHEREAS, by an act of the General Assembly of the State of Alabama, approved the 10th day of October, 1869, it is provided as follows: to-wit: "It shall be the duty of the Probate Judge of each county in this State to designate a newspaper in which all legal advertisements, notices or publications, of any and every character required by law to be made in his County, shall be published; which paper so designated shall be the official organ in and for said county," and in obedience to the requirements of said act, I, as Judge of Probate for Calhoun County, Alabama, did heretofore designate the "St. Clair County Eagle," as the official organ in and for said County of Calhoun, in which all legal advertisements, notices or publications of any and every character, required by law to be made in and for said County of Calhoun should be published, said designation to remain until recalled or changed by me.—

And the "*Jacksonville Republican*" being a County paper, published in the Town of Jacksonville, Alabama, and in my opinion, clearly within the provisions of said act; I therefore recall and change my order designating the St. Clair County Eagle, as the official organ for said County of Calhoun, and designate the said Jacksonville Republican as the official organ hereafter, in which all legal advertisements, notices or publications of any and every character required by Law to be made in and for said County of Calhoun shall be published. This designation to remain so long as in my opinion, the Editor of said Jacksonville Republican conducts said paper so as to be within the provisions of said act.

A. WOODS, Judge of Probate.

Feb. 13, 1869.

H. A. STOLLENWERCK, F. E. STOLLENWERCK
Selma, Ala. *Mobile, Ala.*
A. G. STOLLENWERCK.
Selma, Ala.

H. A. STOLLENWERCK & BRO.
Water Street,
SELMA, Ala.

F. E. STOLLENWERCK & BRO.
42 North Commerce Street,
MOBILE Ala

COTTON FACTORS
AND
Commission Merchants.

Messrs. E. L. WOODWARD & SON, of Jacksonville, Ala. will act as Agents for this house.

LIVERY STABLE,

Sign of the Horned Horse,

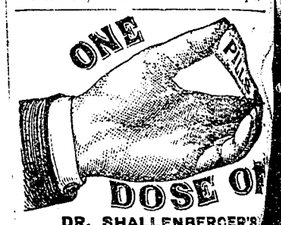
BY S. C. KELLY Oxford, Ala.

Prepared with Horses and Mules and any kind of wheels from a wheel barrow to a log wagon, with teams and drivers to hire on liberal terms. Buy or Sell if convinced this is money about for me. Sell cheap for cash. Feed and take care of stock. Cash business strictly.

THE
GERMANIA TANNING CO,
MANUFACTURERS OF ALL KINDS OF
UPPER, SOLE AND HARNESS
LEATHER,
JACKSONVILLE, Ala.

Highest market rates paid for HIDES and TALLOW.

JACOB ROSENBERG,
Dec. 14, 1869. Sup't.



DR. SHALLENBERGER'S
Fever and Ague
ANTIDOTE
Always Stops the Chills.

This Medicine has been before the Public fifteen years, and is still ahead of all known remedies. It does not purge, but not sicken the stomach, is perfectly safe in any dose and under all circumstances, and is the only Medicine that will

CURE IMMEDIATELY

and permanently every form of Fever and Ague, because it is a perfect Antidote for Malaria.

Sold by all Druggists

CROSS PLAINS HOUSE.
COME ALONG.

This House is not quite completed, but will receive Boarders and the Traveling public generally.

No rash promises made—come and see.

A. S. JOHNSON,
J. N. HOOD,
J. N. HOOD, Prop'r.

june18—tf.

Door, Blind and Sash
MANUFACTORY.

THE undersigned is now prepared to manufacture, of the best materials, and in the neatest and most durable manner any of the above named articles for parties who may desire them, at Rome prices.

Apply to, or address, T. W. PITT,
Jacksonville, Ala.

Aug 6, 1870.

PAIN KILLER.
PERRY DAVIS & SON.
Manufacturers and Proprietors, Providence R. I.

We ask the attention of the public to this long-tested and unrivaled

FAMILY MEDICINE.

It has been favorably known for more than twenty years, during which time we have received thousands of testimonials showing this medicine to be an almost never failing remedy for diseases caused by or attendant upon—

Sudden Colds, Coughs, Fever and Ague, Headache, Billious Fever, Pains in the Side, Back and Loins, as well as in the Joints and Limbs, Neuralgia and Rheumatic Pain in any part of the system, Toothache and Pains in the head and face.

As a Blood Purifier and Tonic for the Stomach,

It seldom fails to cure Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Liver complaint, Acid Stomach, Heartburn, Kidney Complaint, Sick Headache, Piles, Asthma or Phthisic, Ringworms, Boils, Felons, White Swellings, Old Sores, Swelled Joints, and General Debility of the system.

It is also a prompt and sure remedy for Cramps and Pain in the Stomach, Painters' Colic, Diarrhœa, Dysentery, Summer Complaint, Cholera Morbus, Cholera Infantum, Scalds, Burns, Sprains, Bruises, Frost Bites, Chilblains, as well as the Stings of Insects, Poisonous Insects and Venemous Reptiles, Centipedes, and the Bites of Animals.

See directions accompanying each bottle.

Sold by HOKE.

Jacksonville Republican
EDITED, PRINTED & PUBLISHED, EVERY SATURDAY MORNING, BY
J. F. & L. W. GRANT.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.
For one year in advance, ...$3 00
For six months, " 1 75

TERMS OF ADVERTISING.
One square of 10 lines or less, first insertion, ... $1 00
Each subsequent insertion, ... 50
Over one square counted as two, &c.
Obituaries charged at advertising rates.

Annunciation of Candidates.
For County Offices, ... $5 00
For State Offices, ... $10 00

Jacksonville Republican.

"The Price of Liberty is Eternal Vigilance."

VOL. 34. JACKSONVILLE, ALA., DECEMBER 17. 1870. WHOLE NO 1758

Rates of Advertising,
For three, six, or twelve Months.

One square of 10 lines,	3 months,	$6 00
" "	6 "	10 00
" "	12 "	20 00
One fourth column,	3 "	10 00
" " "	6 "	15 00
" " "	12 "	25 00
One half column,	3 "	25 00
" " "	6 "	35 00
" " "	12 "	50 00
One column,	3 "	40 00
" "	6 "	75 00
" "	12 "	100 00

Charges due and collectable quarterly.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

JOHN FOSTER. WM. H. FORNEY.

FOSTER & FORNEY,
Attorneys at Law,
Jacksonville Alabama.

WILL practice in the Counties of Calhoun, Talladega, Randolph, St. Clair, Cherokee, DeKalb and the Supreme Court of the State.
Dec. 23d, 1865.

JOE. H. FRANCIS.
ATTORNEY AT LAW
—AND—
GENERAL COLLECTING AGENTS.
Gadsden ....Alabama.

WILL practice in Etowah and adjoining counties. Special attention given to the filing petitions in Bankruptcy. Will prosecute claims against the Government for Bounty, Back pay, &c.

W. C. ELLIS. J. H. CALDWELL
ELLIS & CALDWELL,
Attorneys at Law.
AND
Solicitor in Chancery.
JACKSONVILLE, ALA.

HAVING associated themselves in the practice of Law, will practice together, except in CRIM NAL CASES, in the Counties Calhoun, Talledega, St. Clair, Randolph Cherokee and DeKalb.
Jan. 6. 1866.

M. J. TURNLEY, G. I. TURNLEY
M. J & G. I. TURNLEY,
Attorneys at Law
AND
Solicitors in Chancery
General Collecting Agents.
JACKSONVILLE, ALA.

WILL practice Law in the counties of Calhoun, Talladega, Randolph, Cleburne, Cherokee, Baine, St. Clair and DeKalb, in the Supreme Court of the State, and in the U. S District Court, Northern and Middle Division of Alabama.

JOHN W INZER LEROY F. BOX.
INZER & BOX,
Attorneys at Law,
AND
Solicitors in Chancery
ASHVILLE, Ala.

WILL practice in all the Courts of St Clair, Calhoun, Talladega, Shelby, Jefferson, Blount, DeKalb, Cherokee & Marshall, also in the Supreme Court of the State Prompt attention giv-n.

W. L. STEVENSON,
Attorney at Law.
JACKSONVILLE. Ala

M. E. THORNTON,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
EDWA DSVILLE. Cleburne Co. Ala.

WILL practice in Cleburne. Calhoun, Clay and Randolph counties.
Jan. 22, 1870.—1y.

December 12. 1868.
PHOTOGRAPHS,
AMBROTYPES. &c.
E. ROODE, *Artist,*
(Formerly of Asheville, Ala.)
Rooms first door north of E. L. Woodard's Store. June 16, 1866

THE ATLAS MUTUAL
Life Insurance
Company,
ST LOUIS, Mo.
Assets, $800.000.

Is represented in this district by J. RENFRO. It is strictly speaking *a home company*—being located in the City, and having large investment in our own state. We claim for the Atlas advantages superior to *all* other companies doing business in this State, in that *all of its policies* are non-forfeitable from date of *first* payment, and no restrictions as to residence, occupation, &c
June 26 1869.—tf.

DR. M. W. FRANCIS,

HAS resumed the duties of his profession in all its branches. Office N. W. Corner of Public Square,
JACKSONVILLE, ALA.
November 18, 1865—tf.

HOTELS

Planter's Hotel:
JACKSONVILLE, ALA.

THE undersigned having leased the large and commodious Brick Building, on the north-east corner of the public square in Jacksonville, and refurnished and fitted it up in good style, are now prepared to accommodate permanent boarders and transient customers the best style the country affords. No pains or expense will be spared for the comfort and accommodation of those who may favor them with their patronage.
Comfortable Hack to carry passengers to and from the depot free of charge. Also, Buggies or Barouches to carry passengers to any point desired.
ROBERT ALEXANDER & SON.
Jacksonville, Nov. 6, 1869.

TENNESSEE HOUSE
Rome, Ga.
J. A. STANSBURY, PROP'R.
Most convenient Hotel to Rail Road Depots.
Mar. 12, 1870—tf

C. D. WHIPS. J. N. WILLARD.
WILLARD HOTEL
WHIPS & WILLARD,
Proprietors.
J. A PATRICK, Clerk.
DICK CHILES, Clerk.
Cor. Centre & Jefferson Sts.,
LOUISVILLE, Ky
October 28, 1869.

BLANKS
OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.
For Sale at this office.

WILLIAM ROTHROCK,
BOOKSELLER
AND
STATIONER,
DEALER IN
MUSIC & MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS,
Broad Street. SELMA, Alabama.
Dec. 31, 1869—1y.

5 FIRST PRIZE MEDALS AWARDED.
THE GREAT

Southern Piano
MANUFACTURY.

WM. KNABE & CO.
MANUFACTURERS OF
GRAND, SQUARE AND UPRIGHT
PIANO FORTES
BALTIMORE, MD.

These Instruments have been before the public for nearly Thirty Years, and upon their excellence alone attained *an unparalleled pre-eminence*, which pronounces them unequaled. Their

TONE

combines great power, sweetness and fine singing quality, as well as great purity of intonation and Sweetness throughout the entire scale. Their

TOUCH

is pliant and elastic, and entirely free from the stiffness found in so many Pianos

IN WORKMANSHIP

they are unequalled using none but the very best SEASONED MATERIAL the arge capital employed in our business enables us to keep continually an immense stock of lumber, &c., on hand.

☞All our SQARE PIANOS, have our New Improved *Over Strung Scale* and the AGRAFFE TREBLE.

☞We would call special attention to our late improvements in GRAND PIANOS AND SQARE GRANDS. Patented August 14, 186 , which bring the Piano nearer perfection than has yet been attained.

Every Piano fully warranted for 5 Years.

We have no arrangements for the SOLE WHOLESALE AGENCY for the most celebrated PARLOR ORGANS AND MELODEONS, which we offer, Wholesale and Retail, at Lowest Factory Prices.

WM. KNABE & CO.
Baltimore, Md.
Sept17—6m.

DR. J. BRADFIED'S
FEMALE REGULATOR,
"WOMAN'S BEST FRIEND,"

Will bring on the Menses when they have not been established, also when they have been suppressed from unnatural causes.—Will cure Rheumatism and Neuralgia of the back and womb. Will cure painful Menstruation, and relieve the head, back and loins of those distressing pains and aches. Will check menorrhagia or excessive flow. Will cure "Whites" and falling of the womb, when it is the result of relaxation or bad health.

It is as sure a cure in all the above diseases as Quinine is in Chill and Fever.

Ladies can cure themselves of all the above diseases without reading their complaints to any person, which is always mortifying to their pride and modesty.

It is recommended and used by the best physicians in their private practice.

For a history of the above diseases, certificates of its wonderful cures and directions, the reader is referred to the wrapper around the bottle. Manufactured and sold by
BRADFIELD & CO. Atlanta Ga.
Sold by all Druggists Price $1 50
may4-1870—1y

GEO. C. SWIFT. E.M. BYRNE, J. ERHART.
SWIFT, BYRNE & ERHART,
(*Successors to* DENNIS, SWIFT & CO.,)
At the Large Safe & Convenient
COTTON WAREHOUSE,
FOOT OF WATER STREET.
SELMA, Alabama.

☞Cotton sent to us will be weighed correctly, and stored promptly.
☞No drayage on Cotton Shipped by Railroads or Steamboats
☞Good Camp House and Stables for our Waggon Customers.
July 30, 1870.—6m.

CALL AT THE
Old Hotel,
West Side of the Public Square,
Jacksonville, Ala.

WHICH has been repaired, refurnished and refitted up, especially for the comfort of those who may favor us with a call. Rooms large and comfortable—fare good as the country affords—servant polite and attentive—charges reasonable.
Can accommodate a dozen or two regular boarders.
J. D. HAMMOND,
Dec. 18, '69—1y. ***Proprietor.***

Railroad Warehouse,
ROME, GA.

HAVING leased the large and commodious Warehouse immediately on the Selma, R. & D. Railroad, and taken out an open policy of insurance, I am now prepared to store, sell or ship COTTON on very liberal terms. Being located immediately on the line of Railroad no drayage will be charged on cotton to or from the depot—50 cents per bale per month will cover all charges including weighing, marking and delivery. Being possessed of the above advantages, together with a long experience in the cotton business, I respectfully ask a liberal patronage from my many friends who read the Jacksonville Republican.
J. J. VANDIVER.
Oct. 8. 1870.—3m.

Lime
For sale at Seymour's Mill.
Nov. 5, 1870.

FRUIT TREES SMALL FRUITS,
Ornamental Trees and Plants,
Choice Garden & Field Seeds &c
A splendid stock of the choicest varieties.

Send for Descriptive Catalogues and Priced List.
All Trees well packed so as to carry safely to any part of the United States.

Small Fruits & Small Plants
of all kinds, sent by mail, *postage paid*, to any Post Office in the United States.
EDWD J. EVANS & CO.,
Nurserymen and Seedsmen,
YORK PA.

Desirable House and Lot
For Sale.

THE House and Lot in Jacksonville, Ala., recently occupied by J. J. Aderhoit, situated on the street leading from the spring to the public square, convenient to the spring and also to the business part of the town.
The lot is well improved with dwelling house and convenient out-houses.
For examination of the premises, and terms which will be made favorable, call on J. W. Hughes of Jacksonville, or the owners Z. & J. Y. HENDERSON.
Sulpher Springs.
Sept17-1870—tf.

IRON PIPE
For Sale.

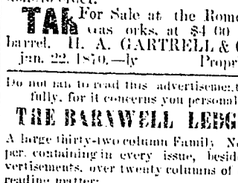
ALL kinds and sizes of wrought and cast Iron Pipe.
All sizes and every variety of FITTINGS.
Steam and Gas Fitting and Plumming done to order.
TAR For Sale at the Rome, Ga. Gas orks, at $4 00 per barrel. H. A. GARTRELL & CO.
Jan. 22. 1870.—1y Proprietors.

Do not fail to read this advertisement carefully, for it concerns you personally.

THE BARWELL LEDGER,
A large thirty-two column Family Newspaper, containing in every issue, besides advertisements, over twenty columns of choice reading matter;
CONSISTING OF
Beautiful Stories, Sketches, Hints to Farmers, Poetry, Wit and Humor Editorials and contributions from able writers on the leading topic of the day, News Items, Telegraphic News, and everything else that interests the general reader
The Ledger is not merely a local paper, but a Family paper, to be read with interest in any section of the country. Do not fail to send for a sample copy, which will be forwarded to any address, free of charge, so that they may see that the Ledger is all that it is represented to be. Single subscription ($1 50) one dollar and a half per annum. Remit by mail, at publisher's risk, or go to No. 1 P. Grant, the proprietor of the Republican and pay $3, the subscription price of the Republican, and he will send you the Ledger for one year free of charge. A sample copy can also be always seen at his office.

MRS. M. E. ROWLAND
Is now receiving her
Fall and Winter
MILLINERY,
EXTRA IN PRICE & QUALITY this season
A well selected stock of NOTIONS which
[illegible]
JEWELRY,
COMING IN NEW EVERY WEEK
Also keeps a desirable lot of DRESS GOODS this season, Plaids, Silk
[illegible]
Oct 20. 1870.

Dr. LAWRENCE,
Dentist.



Is located at Jacksonville, Ala., and is possessed of the best appliances in his profession, to be found in the State.
If you wish your teeth put in order and kept so; give him the care of them.
If you want teeth extracted with as little pain as possible, and with *Perfect certainty of success* call on him.
If your children's teeth are irregular and ugly, between the ages of 8, and 15 years, consult him or some other well informed Dentist.
If you have lost your Natural teeth, and wish the best substitute you can get, call on Dr. L.
Office at his Cottage Residence, quarter of a mile from the Court House.
july 30, 1870.—tf.

TO THE WORKING CLASS.—We are now prepared to furnish all classes with constant employment at home, the whole of the time or for the spare moments. Business new, light and profitable. Persons of either sex easily earn from 50c. to $5 per evening, and a proportional sum by devoting the whole time to the business Boys and girls earn nearly as much as men. That all who see this notice may send their address, and test the business, we make this unparalleled offer: To such as are not well satisfied, we will send $1 to pay for the trouble of writing. Full particulars, a valuable sample which will do to commence work on, and a copy of *The People's Literary Companion*—one of the largest and family newspapers published—all sent free by mail. Reader, if you want permanent, profitable work, address E. C. ALLEN & CO., Augusta, Maine.
ma14-1870.

Circuit Court, Special Term,
FOR CLEBURNE COUNTY.

NOTICE is hereby given, that I will hold a Special Term of the Circuit Court of Cleburne county, to continue one week, commencing on the 2nd Monday in December, 1870.
Clerk will see that Juries are drawn and subpœnaed for said special term.
WM. L. WHITLOCK, Judge,
Oct. 20, 1870.—wd.

TO PHYSICIANS.

NEW YORK, August 15th, 1863.

Allow me to call your attention to my
Preparation of Compound Extract Buchu
The component parts are B CHU, LONG LEAF, CUBEBS JUNIPER BERRIES.
MODE OF PREPARATION.—Buchu, in vacuo. Juniper Berries, by "distillation," to form a fine gin. Cubebs extracted by displacement with spirits obtained from Juniper Berries; very little sugar is used, and a small proportion of spirit. It is more palatable than any now in use.
Buchu, as prepared by Druggists, is of a dark color. It is a plant that emits its fragrance; the action of flame destroys this (its active principle), leaving a dark and glutinous decoction Mine is the color of ingredients. The Buchu in my preparation predominates, the smallest quantity of the other ingredients are added to prevent fermentation; upon inspection, it will be found not to be a Tincture, as made in Pharmacopœa, nor is it a Syrup—and therefore can be used in cases where fever or inflammation exist. In this, you have the knowledge of the ingredients and the mode of preparation.
Hoping that you will favor it with a trial, and that upon inspection it will meet with your approbation
With a feeling of confidence,
I am, very respectfully,
H. T. HELMBOLD,
Chemist and Druggist,
of 18 Years' Experience

[From the Largest Manufacturing Chemist in the World.]

NOVEMBER 4, 1854.

"I am acquainted with Mr. H. T. HELMBOLD; he occupied the Drug Store opposite my residence, and was successful in conducting the business where others had not been equally so before him. I have been favorably impressed with his character and enterprise."

WILLIAM WEIGHTMAN,
Firm of Powers & Weightman,
Manufacturing Chemists,
Ninth and Brown streets, Philadelphia.

Helmbold's Fluid Extract Buchu

Is the great specific for Universal Lassitude, Prostration, &c

The constitution once effected with the genuine Weakness requires the use of Helmbold's EXTRACT BUCHU which HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU invariably does. If no treatment is submitted to, Consumption eventually ensues

Helmbold's Fluid Extract Buchu

[illegible]

Helmbold's Fluid Extract Buchu and Improved Rose Wash

Will radically exterminate from the system diseases arising from habits of dissipation, at little expense, little or no change in diet no inconvenience or exposure completely superseding those unpleasant and dangerous remedies, Copaiva and Mercury, in all these diseases.

Use Helmbold's Fluid Extract Buchu

In all diseases of the organs, whether existing in male or female, from whatever cause originating, and no matter of how long standing It is pleasant in taste and odor, "immediate" in action, and more strengthening than any of the preparations of Bark or Iron.

Those suffering from broken-down or delicate constitutions procure the remedy at once.

The reader must be aware that, however slight may be the attack of the above diseases, it is certain to affect the bodily health and mental powers.

All the above diseases require the aid of a Diuretic. HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU is the great Diuretic.

Sold by Druggists everywhere Price—$1,25 per bottle, or 6 bottles for $6,50. Delivered to any address. Describe symptoms in all communications.

Address
H. T HELMBOLD,
Drug and Chemical Warehouse,
594 Broadway, New York.

None are Genuine
Unless done up in steel-engraved wrapper, with fac-simile of my Chemical Warehouse, and signed
H. T. HELMBOLD.

Counterfeit Money Men.

The circulars of the Counterfeit money men are as plentiful in this country as acorns. They write to every one "confidentially." If there are any people in this country sufficient scoundrels to be taken in by such swindlers we would rejoice at the loss of their money. We publish one of these "confidential" documents, below handed us by a friend.

DEAR FRIEND. While conversing with a gentleman from your locality recently, you were named as a shrewd and reliable person, and one likely to enter into a business," &c. After extolling the merits of the counterfeit bills to be disposed of the extreme cheapness at which they are offered, and the great fortunes to be made by entering into this particular business, the wily operator appeals more directly to the confidence of his dupes by adroitly saying: "If you can spare time, come and see me. Call at my private office, 52 John street, room 5, up stairs, New York. I will then take you to my manufactory and let you select whatever quality of bills you desire. No person in the building knows what business I carry on. Therefore you are just as safe as if you were going into a theatre." Again, in describing the manner of shipping the goods, he says, "I will make it appear that your package contains jewelry."

MILLER SWALLOWS THE HOOK AND ALL.

Mr. Miller was exceedingly well pleased, both with him, and the prospects held out to him of reaping a fortune. But he was not a fool, not he. This was a delicate business, and those New York fellows were mighty tricky. He had no doubt of Mr. Wm. B. Logan particularly; but as Mr. Logan had invited him to call, he thought it would be just as well to run down to York and transact the little business in person. The great profits to be realized would justify the expense. He thought it over a good deal. At last it struck him that as Mr. Logan was so frank and open in giving his address and inviting him to call, he must be a square man to deal with. But then he would like to know whether the counterfeits were as good as represented At last after a good deal of thinking pro an con. he concluded to write for samples, and did so. In due time he received an answer running as follows:

A NOVELTY IN THE CIRCULAR LINE.

Your communication, in which you ask for samples of my bills, has been received. I am unwilling to send samples unless I am paid for them. Put if you will send me $5. I will immediately forward you $100 to pay your expenses on here and back. Some of my bills have already been passed on you, and you have in turn passed them on others. Therefore, you must be familiar with their appearance and quality. I will not remain in this business longer than four months; and if you do fire to go in you had better come on in person or send on immediately. I send out no bills but what are first class. I do this for your safety as well as my own. I implore you not to betray me because I did not send you samples. That would be mean. When you get any of my bills, either from me or one of my agents, unable them up to make them appear old and dirty. I would much rather you would come on and examine the stuff. It will pay you to do so. It will also be much safer for you. I will guarantee your expenses. If you send me on $10, I will send you $150. But if you send me only $5, I will send you but $100. Tear this up. Hereafter, address all your communications to Wm. B. Logan, 52 John street, room 5, New York City.

MILLER'S TRIP TO GOTHAM.

This letter satisfied Mr. Miller that Logan was all right, that is, that he was a genuine counterfeiter, and the very man he wanted to deal with. Moreover, he was persuaded from its consequential tone and the freedom of his manner that Logan was in earnest in wishing him to come to New York. So he came. He arrived here Friday and early Monday he met Logan according to appointment on the corner of Twenty-second street and Fourth avenue he took a car for John street. Entering John street, he then this beats in his trousers pocket and began whistling the tune of Windham. Carelessly sauntering along down the street, he gazed with innocent curiosity at the many pretty things displayed in the shop windows, once loudly chancing fervently at the numbers on the buildings. At last he reached No. 52. Here he stopped took a chew of tobacco stepped up to a show window and seemed to be intent on the examination of an assortment of Yankee notions therein displayed; looked up the street, then looked down the street; turned and looked behind him, and finally, not seeing anybody watching him, he made a hasty stride to the door of No 52 and disappeared up the stairs.

Precisely what transpired in room 5, to which Mr. Miller made his way, is at present unknown, but in due time he emerged therefrom with an ordinary package under his arm which looked as if it might be a small box of cigars or a brick neatly done up in brown paper and carefully secured with twine. Mr. Miller made haste up town again and to the New Haven depot. He hurriedly bought a ticket for Waterbury, almost trundled the doorman over in his eagerness to get from the ticket office to the platform, rushed into the first car and disappeared in the saloon at the further end. Three minutes and a half later Miller emerged from the saloon with a crestfallen expression on his face and a torn package under his arm. He alighted from the car, retraced his steps to the ticket office, thence out to the street, and was again seen sailing down town. He did not stop again until he reached 52 John street, nor then until he stood before the door of room 5. But room 5 was closed and locked. Mr. Miller waited for nearly an hour, and then went away.

On the following day he was again at Mr. Logan's office early. Mr. Logan was happy to see him. Hoped everything was satisfactory. Knew he would increase his order. How much did he want this time? At last Mr. Miller got a chance to speak. Tearing off the wrappers of the package he had guarded so carefully, he exposed an oblong tin box about the size of a brick, which he uncovered, and showed to be filled with

SCRAPS AND WADS OF TINFOIL.

This he laid on the table in front of Mr. Logan. Then he unfolded a scrap of paper he held in his hand, and read:

This is to mislead the detectives who were watching him you came into the office. I am afraid to deliver you the stuff here in the city. It will therefore be sent to your address, and will be packed in such a way that the express agent or the postmaster will not suspect the contents of the package. Don't imagine this to be a swindle. Everything will be right in two days, when I will ship the stuff to you. Keep cool. If the detectives should arrest you before leaving the city don't blow on me. Remember I deal on the "square."

TRICKS THAT ARE VAIN.

"There, sir," said the irate Miller. "What does that mean? What do you mean by attempting such tricks on me?"

"Ah! I see," replied Logan; "that is all a mistake. Sometimes, you see, fellows are watched when they don't know it. We keep these packages to protect our friends in such cases. This package was given to you by mistake. I'll exchange it for a genuine package. Wait a bit. Dear me, how unfortunate I don't believe there is another package in the office." And Mr. Logan made a great fuss searching about the little seven by nine room. At last he proposed that Miller should accompany him to his manufactory, where he should be glad to make the matter all right. The two started out together, and walked around into Dey street. Near the corner of Dey street Mr. Logan asked his friend to wait a moment while he

STEPPED UP STAIRS TO SEE A FRIEND.

Miller waited some time. At last, when his patience was about exhausted, a gentleman came down the stairs and accosted him

"Are you waiting to see anybody?" quoth the stranger.

"Yes, sir," replied Miller.

"A man who told you to wait a few minutes while he ran up to see a friend?

"Yes, sir."

"Did you pay him some money?"

"Yes, sir."

"Then you might as well give it up, for you will never see that man again. It's an old dodge with these fellows. We are annoyed every day by their swindles. You ought to go to the police and complain of them."

Mr. Miller went away and pondered over these things. Matters began to look blue to him. He was out of pocket $10 paid the sharpers, his expenses from Waterbury here, and two days loss of time. What should he do? He began to consider it an outrageous swindle, and thought the fellows ought to be punished. But that wouldn't restore him his money. At last he resolved to wait another day and see if he couldn't

BRING THE VILLAINS TO TERMS.

The next day he called again at 52 John street. He found a strange man in the room who could give him no satisfaction, and very curtly advised him to clear out. Mr. Miller did clear out, and went straight to the Beekman street police station, and laid the matter before Sergeant Babcock. His history to Sergeant Babcock, however, was a little shy. Taking advantage of the ignorance of the circular promising to pack the goods so they would seem like jewelry, he said he went to buy jewelry that the fellows offered him the package for $50, he to pay $10 down and they to trust him three months for the balance. When he saw the box and shook it he was satisfied it contained jewelry, and from he it, as the boys say, unsight and unseen, and so was swindled out of his $10. Sergeant Babcock sent two officers with the man to secure the swindlers, the genuine Logan, who gave the name of W. H. Jackson at the station, and his accomplice, who gave the name of William Howard. They were taken before Justice Dowling at the Tombs, and

COMMITTED IN DEFAULT OF $500 BAIL

to await an examination this morning. Miller was sent to the House of Detention.

Complaints continuing to come in the authorities took steps to break up the nest of swindlers. Consequently the detectives called on the gentlemen at their rooms, 52 John street. No. 5, up stairs" and captured some of them who were afterwards convicted and sent to the Penitentiary for six months. Among the correspondence of the prisoners was found letters from 181 Postmasters, giving the names of people at their offices. They gulled Post masters by a promise of ten cents for each name furnished. The correspondence captured was rich. From a batch of letters published in the SUN we extract the following. Many of the letters are very wrathy, threatening terrible vengeance if their money is not returned, all of which made the gentlemen of John street laugh immoderately, we guess.

AN ALABAMA FOOL'S STRUGGLES.

J. C. Bishop, writing from Hillsboro, Ala., under date of Nov. 28, 1870, says:

DEAR SIR: I received the box of blocks and papers, I placed the money in the hands of the express agent at this place. When I found the contents I attached the money in the hands of the agent under the plea of obtaining money under false pretenses. When the goods arrive, all right; the money will come forward promptly. I mean business on the square; deal right with me; I don't propose to pay $50 on a sell. Send along the goods and account, and do right; you will always find me right. But there is no use in doing this way; come up to the scratch. There is nobody hurt yet, and if you do right there will not be. Do what you say and I am all right.

A HOPEFUL FOOL.

Otto Lake, a hopeful youth of Topsfield, Mass., who will probably end his life breaking stone, writes:

MY VERY DEAR FRIEND I received your very very welcome letter this morning and if my Father had come to me and offered me a thousand dollars I would not have been more pleased Please let me know how you got hold of my name it seems to me that God has been pleased with my actions and has sent me an opportunity to make my fortune It seems as if I was laying back in my easy chair or in my buggy enjoying the sweets and pleasures of fortune You say you want a *reliable* agent you can call me one my friends sometimes call me too honest I can give any reference you if you would like it

My Father is very rich, he is good to me, he sometimes gives me fifty dollars at a time, and often He told me if I would save what he gave me for two months he would let me go to New York, and I have been saving it up. I have already six hundred and he is agoing to give me two hundred more. I shall start one week from next Friday. You say you will sell me 1,000 for $100, or 3,000 for $250. I think that will be very reasonable, and will set the hole hog or none and take 4,000 for $350. Will you please meet me at the ward the evening I arrive. Wont my father stick his eyes out when he sees me come home with more money than I went away with. By the way, do you think $500 will be as much as I will want to spend? I know we will want some wine, and I wont drink poor. If you write to my father, don't tell him that I ever drink anything; *he don't know it.* He is going to send me to College as soon as I am prepared. Do you think I will ever be as good a writer as yourself? If I could I would give anything. I would like to have you send me a sample of your $2 notes when you answer tell me the best way for me to go to *York*, and when to start. I will not start until I hear from you. I know you will not hesitate to send me that, for what does it amount to when you have a chance to sell so many. Write soon. I shall go to the post office 3 times a day until I hear from you. Father, *don't come in* as I give me 350 more, so I have $850. I am your ever true friend.
OTTO LAKE.

A LIST OF THE FOOLS.

The gentlemen who drove such a profitable trade in taking in the unsophisticated had a high relish for humor. One page of their cash book illustrates this trait. The victims of one day who called to buy sawdust and chips are thus described:

An eccentric Dutchman	$15
A Delaware Bar	25
A distant Lad from New York	10
A celestial goat	5
A man with saw eyes	10
An Ohio Bank and conductor	20
A Mick	10
A doctor from Virginia	5
The man we took for a detective	10
A New Jersey lunkhead	20
A Mary and her sister	100
A school teacher from Massachusetts	10
A cute Yankee who has travelled, and knows a thing or two	20
A reporter of the *Tribune*	30
A tool nosed snicker who intends going into business on his own account	10
A lunch basket thief from Pennsylvania	5
A fish oyster oysterman	10
A fellow who wouldn't talk above a whisper	5
A gentleman with green spectacles	10
A Jew	20
Total	$350

The Trouble in Alabama.

We rejoice with our Alabama friends over the happy issue of the gubernatorial troubles that at one time threatened so seriously to disturb the peace of the State.

In the Montgomery Advertiser we see a card from Mr. Smith, addressed to the people of the State, wherein he disclaims any revolutionary designs, and yet insists upon the legal right of his claims, but for the sake of peace he was constrained to give way.

This may do very well as a bumper for his fall, and the people in the abundance of that Southern charity which is ever so ready to forgive the faults and frailties of their fellow men, when that forgiveness is asked, may accept the card of the ex-Governor as a true expression of his sentiments.

We have no desire to crush a stingless worm, and now that Wm. H. Smith retires from his ill advised and unrighteous contest, we are willing to allow him the benefit of all charity. The keen recollection of the enormity of his attempt will be a sufficient punishment for him.

But as for the arch-devils who instigated him to the attempt, we have no sympathy, no charity. White, Parsons and Rice, deserve nothing but the execrations of every honest man, woman and child in the land.

For paltry greed of gain they, who did know better, were willing to plunge the State in anarchy and confusion. Traitors by politics, who had been so long unwilling for peace and for the rights of their fellow citizens, they deliberately conspired to destroy that peace, and to rob their fellow citizens of their rights.

There are but two names in all history mean enough to be associated with theirs—those two are Judas Iscariot and Benedict Arnold.—*Rome Courier.*

State Treasurer Grant.

With the withdrawal of Mr. Smith from the gubernatorial contest in Alabama, his little toadies, Pelham and Buchanan also withdraw their ridiculous pretensions to the office of Treasurer, and our old and true friend James F. Grant, of Jacksonville, was permitted to take peaceable possession of the office to which a patriotic and intelligent people had elected him.

We rejoice in this perfragment of Mr. Grant It is one that will reflect credit upon his friends, his party and his State. A veteran in the cause of Democracy—standing by it in the darkest hour of its defeat and humiliation—serving it at all times with an able and willing pen, his reward is eminently just and appropriate.

With such a sterling and honest man to keep watch over the treasure of the State, the people of Alabama may well feel secure.—*Rome Courier.*

A LOCHMABEN CANDIDATE FOR THE GOVERNORSHIP OF ALABAMA.—We understand that a distinguished Scotchman has been nominated by the Democratic Conservative party of Alabama as their candidate for Governor of the State. Mr. Robert B. Lindsay, of Colbert, Alabama, is a native of Lochmaben, Dumfries-shire, Scotland. He was educated principally in the parochial school of that parish, finished his scholastic course under Dr. W. Stewart Smith, of Tothorwald, and afterwards attended St. Andrew's University, where he took a first place in the Humanity, Greek and Physiosophy classes. On going to America, he took with him warm testimonials from Sir David Brewster and others of the great men of Scotland. After his arrival he settled in North Carolina in 1844, and from thence he went to Alabama in 1849. Mr. Lindsay is now in his 46th year, and has served in the House and Senate of the Alabama Legislature. His record secures for him all sections of the State and all elements of the party. Previous to the late war he was a Douglas Democrat, and opposed to secession. During the war he supported cordially the cause of his State. His recent nomination was unanimous, and his friends more confidently predict that he will be the next Governor of Alabama.
Dumfries (Scotland) Herald.

Jacksonville Republican.

JACKSONVILLE, ALA,

Saturday, December 17, 1870.

SMITH'S APOLOGISTS.

Three gentlemen of this State, Messrs. Brooks, Pettus and Powell, are out in a Card "to the People of Alabama," on the subject of the late embroilment at Montgomery, which we do not publish, (1,) because we do not endorse it; and (2,) because we would spare our readers the self-abasement of feeling, by comparison, which would follow upon a more lengthy exhibition of rare and exalted magnanimity than is revealed in the closing paragraph, in which they "cheerfully bear witness to the patriotic motives by which he (ex-Gov. Smith was actuated in abandoning this contest, and thus securing the regular administration of the State government. Truly, their's is the "charity which suffereth long and is kind." Our's, we confess is not of the exalted type displayed by the apologists of Smith, who proved himself in the whole transaction, to be an unprincipled usurper.

After the Democratic victory in November the Democratic press with singular unanimity bespoke a generous treatment for the vanquished—a complete wiping out of the past and no proscription in the future; and the sentiment was approved by the Democrat'c masses of the State. How were these friendly and generous overtures met by Smith? *By a deliberate plan to drive* the victorious party to desperation and riot, that Congress might be provided a plea for foisting him upon us for a second term. By this action he placed himself without the pale of forbearance and courtesy. His final action in the matter is attributable solely to the sound judgment and dispassionate action of Gov. Lindsay, and the people to regard it.

If Smith was impelled by patriotic impulse to abandon the contest, then Bingham was too; for he relinquished his claims at the same time, and before he was brought into court. We should ascribe no lower motive to the latter man of the two. Now we submit, is it not a *little* singular that the same exalted love of country moved these two men at one and the same time to do precisely one and the same thing—self immolation for their country's good?

But, accepting the whitewashing of Smith a proper thing, there is still cause of complaint for poor Bingham is neglected. Smith in his farewell address excused White and Rice and Saffold. Afterwards, when the *Mail* called its attention to his neglect of Barr, he with more regard for the utterances of that excellent paper than he had ever before shown, issued a supplementary farewell, in which Barr was cleaned up. Then followed the Address "to the people of Alabama," in which Smith was proclaimed a patriot, and behold they all stood out "proud as the beautiful snow." Now, what is most desired is, that some body (Pelham for instance) issue a card palliating if not excusing the infamous conduct of Bingham. If Smith is to be excused, let us leave nobody to blame for the conspiracy at Montgomery against the lives and liberties of the people of Alabama.

KING SPEAKS—LET ALL THE EARTH KEEP SILENCE.—King has spoken on the subject of State aid through the Attalla Union. King is in favor of State aid. This settles the matter. King we take it, is a railroad man. Do not know whether he uses a shovel or a pick; but anyhow he thinks State aid, such as that extended to Stanton, is a good thing. Stanton can afford to pay his "hands" higher wages, you know when he pays them with other people's money. This, no doubt, accounts for King's partiality for that particular kind of "progress." King is splendid on a sneer. He sneers at all other roads but Stanton's. He is emphatically the greatest sneerer of the age. We imagine that he habitually carries his nose and upper lip, as if his breastpin smelt bad. When King goes to Gadsden, the people all turn out to look at him; and then, we expect, (yes it is human nature) King grins a little and thinks, maybe, some of them take him for Stanton. (Parenthetic vanity in King, when we consider the amount of brains he has.) King gets off some humorous jokes at the expense of Gadsden—something entirely new in the joke line—such as, that the people suppose Andrew Jackson still to be President etc. King laughed immoderately over them before he sent them to press. We think we see him now as he read them over with eyes watery from laughing, and as he slapped his leg in conclusion, with a "By George, splendid, if I did write it." Now, if everybody could just enjoy the article as King enjoyed it, and see the pith of it as King saw it, we would all have been ere this far with laughing; but we don't see it as King saw it. Ah! we don't see it as King saw it. Every other feeling is absorbed in the agonizing anxiety to know who King is—whether he is a real King-fisher, or a mere fly-up-the-creek. We incline to the latter opinion.

The Chattanooga TIMES importantly announces that Stanton has written a letter, in which he recognizes Governor Lindsay. Who cares whether he recognizes him or not? We guess it matters very little to Gov. Lindsay.

Stanton, (after having time to get a dispath from Smith signifying his intention to abandon the contest,) wrote a letter to the Montgomery Advertiser, in which he disclaimed any hand in the late conspiracy to thwart the will of the people of Alabama. He said nothing, however, of the 900 illegal votes he polled in Jefferson county, to effect the same result, during the election.

The editor of the Rome, Commercial wants to "stamp the heart out of Alabama negroes who are to be shipped into Georgia to carry the election for the Radicals, and some old gentleman "with the gout in both feet" writes his condemnation of such a course to the Daily.

Correct young Democrat—We'll meet these hired villains on the border. They shall not override the liberty of the people of Georgia.

Middle old Gent.—Let 'em ride young man or somebody's feelin's might be hurt.

—o—o—

Some of Stanton's Democratic satellites are felicitating themselves over the fact that he has *reinstated* Gov. Lindsay. The important question, it seems to us, is whether Gov. Lindsay will recognize Stanton as chief beneficiary of the State, longer.

—o—o—

Election of County Superintendents of Education.

The Board of Education have revised the whole school system and have gone far to lop away the extravagances which have heretofore prevailed in that department.

An opportunity is given the people to elect a County Superintendent on the first Saturday in March. The Act embodying the changes which have been made in the system, will soon be sent out to every county by the State Superintendent, in order that the people may vote intelligently at the election.

The new system will cost the State, as follows:

County Superintendents receive not more than 5 per cent. on money paid out and not more than $100 for travelling expenses. In 65 counties, this would amount, on the basis of last year's appointment, to—

County Sup'ts salaries	$26,000.
Traveling expenses	6,500
Pay of Directors	3,120.
Total under new system	$35,620.
Under old system for 1869	76,620.
Difference in favor of new system,	40,000.

In the matter of Normal classes the comparison is as follows:

Under old system,	$25,000.
Under new system,	13,000.
Difference.	$12,000.

The Board therefore, have cut down expenses from more than $100,000 to less than $50,000. This is doing pretty well considering the fact that we have only four Democratic members of the Board. Next session they will do more; and when we elect an entire Democratic Board at the expiration of the terms of some of the present Board, the system will be brought to perfection.

We are indebted to the Montgomery Mail for the facts and figures above given.

We are glad to meet to-day Capt. James Crook, our representative, who has returned to spend the recess in our midst.

It appears that Gen. Grant and Admiral Porter have been reconciled. The *Tribune* states that the reconciliation was brought about by Gen. Sherman; the *World*, that it is the work of Mr. Borie. Whatever may have been the case, the fact is plain that President Grant has again taken Admiral Porter to his confidence, since he has sent to the Senate his nomination to the office of Admiral.

In some quarters this is praised as an evidence of the President's magnanimity; but in truth it is only a new proof of his folly. Seven years ago, at Vicksburg, he learned, by testimony that was plain to the whole army, seventy thousand strong, that Porter was a truthless scraper; and yet he adhered to him, was much of him, and, as far as possible, identified Porter's fortunes with his own. This lent some excuse in the fact that Porter was a brave fighter; but when, on becoming President, Gen. Grant put this man at the head of the Navy Department, it was difficult to understand how, considering his knowledge of the man's character, he could answer to his own conscience for committing to him such power.

Now without any necessity, military or political, and with the full knowledge that Porter adds hypocrisy to his other vices, and that he has privately traduced his benefactor, the President nominates him for the highest office in the navy. In view of such facts, it is difficult not to agree with the comment of an eminent Republican Senator, who lately declared in our hearing that Grant was destitute of common sense. The nomination does not lift Porter above public contempt, and it puts Grant on the same level with him.

N. Y. Sun (Radical)

Let us have Peace

Although Queen Victoria is the head of the Church of England, which denies the validity of the "orders" of Presbyterian ministers, she has lately committed an act which has filled with horror the breasts of many of the over-righteous. We read:

"Her Majesty received the Holy Communion in the parish church of Crathina on Sunday last. Although the Queen regularly attends the Presbyterian worship when in Scotland, we believe she has not heretofore been a communicant.—The Dundee *Advertiser* says: Her Majesty supplied the silver service for the communion, consisting of four cups, two flagons and two waiters for the bread. Notwithstanding the very bad state of the roads through the snow storm, there was a very good attendance of the parishioners."

SENDING TROOPS INTO THE STATES.—We are glad to see that this subject is attracting the attention of Congress. Mr. Eldridge, of Wisconsin, introduced the following in the House:

Resolved, That the President of the United States be, and is hereby respectfully requested to inform this House whether it be a fact that Federal troops were stationed at or near the capitol of the State of Alabama in the month of November last; whether they were used to prevent the Governor elect of said State from taking possession and entering upon the duties of his said office of said State, and by whose order and what authority, if they were so stationed or so used. Also, that he inform this House whether Federal troops have been so stationed within the borders of any other of the States of the Union and for what purpose and by what authority the same has been done, and whether upon the requisition of the Legislature of such State or the Executive thereof; or whether such troops have been used in any one of said States, under pretence or for the purpose of suppressing domestic violence in such States, without the requisition or call of the Legislature or the Executive thereof.

BUTLER'S AMNESTY AND THE CASE OF VANCE.—The New York *Tribune* editorially says that "a general amnesty bill, such as Gen. Butler is about to submit to the House, with an endless list of exceptions, is not what the country will be content with, nor what the political situation demands. The truth is that the bill is a misnomer, for it grants pardon to few not already practically exempted from their disabilities. It is precisely the same measure that was laid over at the last session." In another column, the *Tribune* has a bitter article on the question of disabilities, and the election of ex-Governor Vance, of North Carolina, to the United States Senate, and urges that it is all nonsense to suppose that the South will be represented until he and other Confederate leaders are admitted. After Vance is in, says the *Tribune*, it will be preposterous to perpetuate any man's disabilities. The *Tribune* is evidently disgusted with the dilly-dallying on this subject. In regard to disabilities, and those of Vance in particular, it says: "We urge the earliest possible repeal of all disabilities and test-oaths incited by the late rebellion. They secure no practical good, and are a potent instrumentality for evil. If the dominant Democrats of North Carolina have a right to be represented in Congress at all, they should be represented truly, and Vance who, six or seven years ago, exhorted them to fight the Yankees "till hell should be so full of them that their legs would stick out of the window," is a man after their own hearts."

The New Senator from Alabama.

From the New York Tribune.]

The Republican dissensions in Alabama, which yesterday resulted in the defeat of Senator Warner and the return of a Democrat in his place to the United States Senate seem utterly without excuse. Mr. Spencer is undoubtedly the man to be held responsible, and Republicans, when hereafter he seeks support, will not be likely to forget the present performance. Judge Goldthwaite, the new Senator elect, is an old citizen, a man of the highest respectability, of liberal education, and of considerable talent. He has been lawyer and Judge in Alabama for nearly forty years, and to the two pursuits has added the management of the cotton plantations which he owns in Alabama and Texas. He was a rebel, but not of the most virulent class; and Union prisoners, on more than one occasion, had reason to cherish pleasant recollections of him.

Board of Education.

Having been in session twenty days, the term prescribed by law, this Educational Legislature, so to speak, adjourned last night. The Board has passed a bill providing for a school system in Montgomery and Selma. The ones in operation and also for Mobile, the full text of which we will lay before our readers in a few days. The bill "To regulate and govern Free Public Schools in this State," passed on Saturday and makes some important changes in existing laws. The Superintendents in each county will be elected on the first Saturday in March next and every two years thereafter. The final section of the Bill, offered by Mr. COWGYS, provides that no member of the Board of Education, shall be a County Superintendent.

Col. HOBDSON, as Superintendent of Public Instruction, presided during the session, and gave great satisfaction by his ability and impartiality.

Montgomery Advertiser.

—o—

JOHN SURATT'S STORY.

The Conpiracy to Kidnap the President—Wilkes Booth's First Failure—The Confederate Government Exonerated—Suratt's Ignorance of the Deed.

John H. Suratt delivered a lecture last night in Rockville, Md., in the course of which he said that he was introduced to J. Wilkes Booth in the Fall of 1864, and that after meeting several times, Booth proposed to him a plan to effect an exchange of prisoners, while, he said, the United States Government had refused to make. The plan was to kidnap President Lincoln, and carry him to Richmond. Surratt, after two days, reflection, informed Both of his willingness to join in the plot; but such a thing as ASSASSINATION WAS NEVER SPOKEN OF by any of the party.

Months passed before an opportunity was presented to attempt the seizure; however, all arrangements were perfected, and boats even were in readiness to convey the captives and the captors across the Potomac into Virginia. One day information was received that President Lincoln would visit Seventh street hospital, for the purpose of attending an entertainment to be given for the benefit of the wounded soldiers. The report reached them only about three quarters of an hour before the time appointed; but so perfect was their communication, that they were instantly in their saddles and on their way to the hospital. This was between 1 and 2 o'clock in the afternoon. —It was their intention to

SEIZE THE CARRIAGE,

which was drawn by a splendid pair of horses, and to have one of their men mount the box and drive direct for southern Maryland, via Benning's Bridge over the Eastern branch of the Potomac. They felt confident all the cavalry in Washington could never overtake them. They were mounted on swift horses, besides having a thorough knowledge of the country—it being determined to abandon the carriage after passing the city limits. They depended for success upon

THE SUDENNESS OF THE BLOW,

and the celerity of their movements. To their great disappointments, however, the President was not their, but another of the Government officials was—Mr. Chase, he believed. They did not disturb him.

This was their last attempt, and a separation finally took place. This scheme of abduction was concocted without the knowledge or the assistance of the Confederate Government in any shape or form.

Surratt left Washington on the 14th of April for New York, two days before President Lincoln's death, being in Elmira on business for the Confederate Government,

AS A SPY.

He registered his name as John Harrison. Subsequently he learned at the breakfast table of the assassination of President Lincoln and Secretary Seward; but he put so little faith in what one of the guests said that he remarked it was too early in the morning to get off such a joke as that. The guest then showed him a newspaper; but as no names were mentioned it never occurred to him that the assassin could be Booth or any of the party, perhaps for the reason that assassination had never been spoken of during his intercourse with them.

WASHINGTON NOTES.

The Senate Naval Committee yesterday reported favorably upon Admiral Porter's nomination.

The Senate spent an hour yesterday over the Consular treaty with Austria, finally confirming it without division.

The Senate will not take action regarding the Georgia Senators until January. Col. Farrow, one of the contestants, left Washington for Georgia last night.

The Ways and Means will not report any tax or tariff bills this session, and there will probably be very little business in reference to those questions this winter.

The House Appropriation Committee will be ready to report their first bill to the House next week. The absence of Mr. Beck, who has the West Point bill in charge, will prevent its passage before New Year's.

The Government has not redeemed $250,000 of the 7.30 notes said to have been counterfeited by William Brockway. The only counterfeit 7.30 notes paid for by the Government were the $80,000 received by the assistant Treasurer at New York in September and October, 1867, now in suit in that city.

—o—

The Duke of Aosta will set out for Spain about New Year's.

The London *Times* says Grant's last message only marks another stage of the President's downward career.

The Spanish deputation has gone to Turin to offer congratulations to Princess Maria-Vittoria, the future Queen of Spain.

Ex-Queen Isabella has made formal protest against the election of the Duke of Aosta as King of Spain. She says that she has no intention of appearing to force.

The London *Times* thinks that that President Grant's Message shows him to be gravitating to the position of Butler in bidding for domestic support by menacing foreign powers.

Anecdotes of the Arkansas Bar.

A limb of the law, who has been a circuit judge and Senator, once defended a client for assault and battery before two justices, and opened his case in this lofty and poetical style:

"May it please your honors! I appear before you this day, an humble advocate of the people's rights, to redress the people's wrongs. Justice, may it please your honors, justice is all we ask; and justice is due, from the tallest and highest archangel, that sits upon the throne of heaven to the meanest and most insignificant demon that broils upon the coals of hell. If my client, may it please your honors, has been guilty of any offence at all, unknown to the catalogue of the law, he has been guilty of the littlest and most insignificant offence which has ever been committed from the time when the "morning stars sung together with joy, shout heavenly muse!"

Another eminent member of the bar, who has made a fortune by his practice, once, in a murder case, in which I was engaged with him, the prisoner having committed the act while intoxicated, said to the jury in the course of his speech: "Gentleman of the jury, it is a principle congenial with the creation of the world, and handed down from posterity, that drunkenness always goes in commiseration with damages."

At another time he told a jury, that a person indicted for assault and battery "beat and bruised the boy, and amalgamented his head." And finally, in an action for slander, brought by a female client against one Thomas Williams, who had uttered some injurious imputations against her virgin purity, he thus broke forth: "Who is this Tom Williams, gentlemen of the jury, that comes riding out of the Cherokee nation, on the suburbs of posterity? He knocked at my client's door at the dead hour of the night, and she refused to get up and let him in. Wasn't that a proof of her virginity?"

Albert Pike.

—o—

A box containing a black bear, was received at San Francisco, the other day with this inscription: "Black bear. If yew don't want to git bit kepe yer fingers outen the crax."

A HUSBAND MURDERED BY HIS WIFE.—CHICAGO, Dec. 9.—At Cottage Hill Station, about fifteen miles form this city, James Snow was murdered by his wife on Wednesday night. Mrs. Snow is insane. Mr. Snow lay on a lounge near her apartment at night, intending to watch her, but fell asleep. At midnight, Mrs. Snow arose and beat her husbands skull in. Her son, aged about 25, was awakened, and on his rushing into the room, Mrs. Snow exclaimed, "I have done the deed."

Telegraphic.

The War Situation

The war in France draws its slow length along with varied military success but unvaried misery and desolation to the French people.—The government has had to withdraw from Tours, Palladines has been badly beaten and has evacuated Orleans in consequence with a loss of ten thousand men and Ducrot, who made the successful sorte from Paris is again driven under its walls; Gambetta, the able Minister of War, and the only man of the new administration that has shown courage and ability, we believe, once more proposes the assemblage of a constitutional assembly to agree to terms of peace. In the meantime, immense contract for provissions have been made, in anticipation of the early fall of Paris, to feed the starving inhabitants. After peace what next?

Bismarck is master of the situation, and his astute mind will dictate the terms of peace. There is no doubt Alsace and Lorraine will be united to the new Germans empire: the border fortresses of France will be dismantled; a large money compensation will be exacted, and a provisional government inaugurated. But what next, and next?—Will we have a Bonnaparte, a Bourbon, or a republican government? That is the question. Republican government has heretofore never been a success in France: its latest development is not calculated to inspire much confidence in the future. Theirs, Faver and Rochefort have disappeared from the public view, and Gambetta seems practically to have assumed a dictatorship, all decrees lately being signed by his name alone. If Napoleon's cousin had a little more brains he might have had a chance, but as it is we see no member of that illustrious family that can hope at last at present, to occupy the throne of France: and nothing but the fears of the *bourgeois* will place the Emperor again in the Tuileries.

Bourbonism, we think, is dead in France as it is Spain and Naples, and we do not think, that any mere personal considerations will ever resuscitate it.

If Gambetta has ambition, (and there are few men of his ability, and in his position, devoid of it,) he may be the coming man. We wait anxiously for further developments.

Montgomery Mail.

WASHINGTON.

Washington, Dec. 16.—Senate. Drake resigned take effect 19th, Sumner presented Petition citizens of New England against annexation of Domingo. Finance committee reported adversely to various bills abolishing income tax. House bill making appropriation for revenue cutter, passed, goes to President.

Farnsworth offered a substitute for the whole bill as follows: That all political disabilities imposed by the third section of the fourteenth amendment be removed.

Bingham moved a substitute for the first section, removing all political disabilities from all persons except such as were Senators or Representatives in congress in the year 1860 or 1861, or were in either, of such years officers in the army or navy of the United States, heads of departments, United States judges, United States, Ministers, and except all persons who, in violation of that amendment, have held office since the 1st of June, 1870.

Butler announced his purpose to have the vote taken on the bill at 3 o'clock to morrow.

Beck approved the bill. He said that he would have offered such a substitute as was offered by Mr. Farnsworth, but he feared that the House might not be prepared to vote for a general removal of disabilities, but might do so when certain classes were excepted. He hoped that the house would adopt the substitute offered by Mr. Farnsworth, but if not, then he hoped that his own substitute would be agreed to.

He argued that nine-tenths of the matter in the bill was matter over which the Reconstruction Committee had no jurisdiction, but belonging properly to the Judiciary Committee, and he expressed the fear that if the bill were passed by a simple majority it would be contended that it was voted in reference to all subject in it that did not require a two-third majority, while in reference to removal of the political disabilities it would not be valid. He declared that instead of it being a bill granting general amnesty it was a bill of pains and penalities, a bill making odious discriminations. He had never seen a bill that was further from carrying out the objects which it proposed to carry it was a bill anding insult to injury. He believed that the Republican party and the Republican press desire to have a general amnesty extended. He thought that party had lost State after State by Congress refusing to pass such a bill, and that it would continue to lose State after State so long as Congress maintains the position. Potter advocated the adoption of Farnsworth's substitute. He believed that proposition would be found to be not only most generous, but most patriotic wishes throughout the United States in respect before the house he argued at length against these provisions.

—o—

RALEIGH, N. C., Dec. 14.—Resolution impeaching Gov. Holden reported to-day by judiciary committee passed vote of 60 to 45, long interesting debate prior to passage of impeachment resolution. To-morrow committee be appointed to inform Senate of action of House, also committee seven to draft articles of impeachment and conduct trial before Senate under a statuary law passed by last Republican Legislature. The Governor will be suspended from the executive functions as soon as arranged by the Senate. Chief Justice Pearson will preside at impeachment trial. when some startling developments are expected to be made.

MONTGOMERY, Dec., 15.—In the Senate, the House appropriation bill passed, and the amendments relating to the Mobile Freedmen's hospital and the Talladega hospital were defeated.

In the House, the following bills were offered, and laid over under the rules: To prevent malfeasation in the office of the Circuit Judge; to punish embezzlements by sheriffs; to punish trespasses on lands; to procure prompt payment for stock killed or injured by railroads; to create liens on growing crops, for the benefit of merchants; to facilitate the collection of the educational fund; to allow oral testimony before registrars. Both houses adjourned to the 18th of January, 1871.

MARRIED, on the evening of the 8th at the residence of the bride by E. T. Read, Dr. W. H. Garner, and Mrs. Jeretta Willingham, all of Calhoun co'y.

In days of pleasure without strife,
To enjoy the felicities of married life,
Long may they live as man and wife.

M. A. TURNER
TAILOR.

Takes pleasure in informing his old patrons and the public generally, that he is

STILL AT HIS OLD STAND,

PREPARED TO CUT & MAKE

Gentlemens Clothing in the latest and *MOST FASHIONABLE STYLE*,

AND WISHES TO BE REMEMBERED.

Terms now, henceforth, and forever CASH.

JACKSONVILLE ALA,

dec17 1870.—tf.

THE United States Patent Laws, with instructions how to obtain Patents, is the title of a work of 112 pages, sent to us by MESS & Co., 37 Park Row, New York. It also contains the official rules forms for patent deeds, hints on selling patents 150 diagrams of mechanical movements, and a large variety of other useful information. It is a book really worth having, and can be had free by all who will send their names to Messrs. MESS & Co as above.

INFORMATION WANTED of Edward Kelley, formerly of Linguoton, Indiana, aged about 60 years; and when last heard from, was in the State of Alabama. Any information concerning him should be addressed to Miss Annie Slavin, (daughter of Jame Slavin) 13 College Grove Avenue, Chicago, Ill.

Proposals!!

Will be received until the 26th day of December next, for the delivery of 200,000 Hoop Poles, to be cut and delivered at Rome Ga., or at some station on Selma Rome and Dalton Railroad, and loaded on the cars; poles to be cut and delivered within next (3) three months. Proposals will state the point of delivery. Specification will be furnished by applying to the undersigned, and to whom the proposals should be addressed.

SAML NOBLE,
Gen. Manager Rome Iron Manf'ng Co.
Rome Ga.,

Dec 3—3t.

Clover Seed
AND
BRINLY PLOWS,

Can be had for cash at

E. L. WOODWARD'S SONS.

Nov 19, 1870.

SANTA CLAUS
IS COMING.
CRISTMAS.

WHISENANT & DRISKELL

Are now opening an unusually fine Stock of Goods, suitable for HOLIDAY PRESENTS FOR CHILDREN.

Toys of all kinds,
Fancy Candies,
Raisins,
Oranges,
Apples,
Almonds,
Pecans,
English Walnuts,
Butter Nuts, etc.
Canned Fruits,
Pineapples,
Peaches,
Jellies,
Citron,
Currants,
Cranberries,
Oysters,
Sardines,
Pickels,
Chow Chow,
Lobsters, etc.

GROCERIES.

We have just received a fine lot of choice Groceries in which we offer special inducements to Purchasers.

Sugar,
TEAS,

No. 1. N. O. Syrup by the Barrel half barrel or Keg.

All other articles usually kept in a first-class Grocery Store.

We are also opening a new and handsome lot of

BOOTS & SHOES.

Dry Goods, etc., which we offer on reasonable terms.

Circuit Court, Special Term,

FOR CLEBURNE COUNTY.

NOTICE is hereby given, that I will hold a Special Term of the Circuit Court of Cleburne county, to continue one week, commencing on the 2nd Monday in December, 1870.

Clerk will see that Juries are drawn and subpenaed for said special term.

WM. L. WHITLOCK, Judge.

Oct. 20, 1870.—td.

O YES!!!

We must collect *closely*. Please do *not* delay, but come forward *promptly*, and make payment *in full*. We mean all we say.

E. L. WOODWARD & SONS.

Dec. 10, 1870.—tf.

To Consumptives,

The advertiser, having been permanently cured of that dread disease, consumption by a simple remedy, is anxious to make known to his fellow sufferers the means of cure. To all who desire it, he will send a copy of the prescription used (free of charge) with the directions for preparing and using the same, which they will find a Sure Cure for Consumption, Asthma, Bronchitis, &c.

Parties wishing the prescription will please address

Rev. EDWARD A. WILSON,
165 South Second Street, Williamsburgh, N. Y.

ERRORS OF YOUTH

A GENTLEMAN who suffered for years from Nervous Debility, Premature Decay, and all the effects of youthful indiscretion, will, for the sake of suffering humanity, send free to all who need it the recipe and direction for making the simple remedy by which he was cured. Sufferers wishing to profit by the advertiser's experience can do so by addressing, in perfect confidence,

JOHN B. OGDEN,
No. 42 Cedar Street, New York.

New York Exchange.

In sums to suit purchasers. For sale, by E. L. WOODWARD.

Dec 3 1870—tf.

NOTICE!

There will be a Special Term of the Court of County Commissioners of Calhoun County, Alabama, held at the Court House of said County, on Monday the 26th day of December, for the purpose of passing an order regulating the *payment of all claims* against said county and for attending to any other business, in which the people or the county may be interested. The Commissioners will take notice of the above and govern themselves accordingly.

A. WOODS, Judge of
Dec 10 3t Probate.

TAX NOTICE.

The receipts of delinquent Tax payers will be in Execution on and after the 1st of January 1871, for penalties and costs.

All are entreated to come forward and pay their taxes before that time, as I am desirous that no penalty, nor costs be served upon a citizen of Calhoun county.

After the 31st day of December, the additional ten per cent. will be required as well as other costs which may accrue in the collection by law.

R. TANNER,
Tax Coll. Calhoun county
dec10—1t.

STATE OF ALABAMA,
Calhoun County.

Court of Probate for said County,
Special Term, Dec. 5d, 1870.

This day came P. H. Brothers, administrator de bonis non of the Estate of F. J. Downing, dec'd, and files in office his account, and vouchers for a final settlement of said estate.

It is ordered by the court that the 5th day of January, 1871 be set for examining, reporting, and stating said account, and allowing said vouchers, and making said settlement:

and that notice thereof be given by publication in the Jacksonville Republican, a newspaper published in the town of Jacksonville, in said county for three successive weeks, prior to said day as a notice to all person concerned to be and appear at a special term of said court, to be holden at the court house of said county on said 5th day of January next, 18 7, and contest said settlement if they think proper.

A. WOODS,
Judge of Probate.

Dec. 10, 1870.—3t.

J. B. Tarnley & Co.,

Cotton Factors,

ROME, GA.

Administrator's Sale.

The undersigned as Administrator *de bonis non*, of the estate of Peter Heifner deceased; under an order from the Probate court of Calhoun county, will sell at public outcry on Monday the 19th day of December next, the lands of said deceased to wit:

The south half of section 20 township 16 range 9 in Coosa land district, except that portion of said half section heretofore laid off as widow's dower; said land will be sold at Malory's old mill place, now Morris' mill, on Chicodocora creek, and sold on a credit of twelve months with interest from date of sale—purchaser required to give note with two approved securities.

The land lies on the creek, and is in a good state of cultivation, and can be divided in two small settlements if desired.

J. V. Rhodes Adm.

Nov. 26 -4t.

WANTED AGENTS—$75 to $200 per month—every where, male and female, to introduce the Genuine Improved Common Sense Family Sewing Machine. This Machine will stitch, hem, fell, tuck, bind, braid, cord, quilt and embroider in a most superior manner. Price only $15. Fully warranted for five years. We will pay $1,000 for any machine that will sew a stronger, more beautiful or more elastic seam than ours. It makes the "Elastic Lock Stitch." Every second stitch can be cut, and still the cloth cannot be pulled apart without tearing it. We pay Agents $75 to $200 per month and expenses, or a commission from which twice that amount can be made.

For Circulars and Terms, apply or address,

J. W. ROGERS & CO.,
402 Library St., Philadelphia, Pa.

CAUTION.—Do not be imposed upon by other parties palming off worthless cast-iron machines under the same name or otherwise. Ours is the only genuine and really practical cheap machine manufactured.

Oct. 8 6m.

LAND BUYERS

WILL please call on the undersigned who will sell from one to nine hundred acres of good Land—seven hundred and fifty acres of which lie on Ohatchie creek, and one hundred and fifty near Jacksonville.

Terms—one third cash, balance on time. G. B. DOUTHIT,

Oct. 8, 1870—2m. Jacksonville, Ala.

TO THE WORKING CLASS.—We are now prepared to furnish all classes with constant employment at home, the whole of the time or for the spare moments. Business new, light and profitable. Persons of either sex easily earn from 50c. to $5 per evening, and a proportional sum by devoting their whole time to the business. Boys and girls earn nearly as much as men. That all who see this notice may send their address, and test the business, we make this unparalleled offer: To such as are not well satisfied, we will send $1 to pay for the trouble of writing. Full particulars, a valuable sample which will do to commence work on, and a copy of *The People's Literary Companion*—one of the largest and family newspapers published—all sent free by mail. Reader, if you want permanent, profitable work, addres E. G ALLEN CO., Augusta, Maine. mai14-1870.

J. M. CARROLL.....JOHN. W. HUGHES

CARROLL & CO

NEW GOODS

OF THE LATEST STYLE

JUST RECEIVED AND OPENED.

We can suit our friends and customers who may give us a trial before purchasing elsewhere. Come and give us a trial.

A large Stock of Domestics, Calicos, Gents Ready Made Clothing and Furnishing Goods, Doe Skin and Broad Cloths, Hats, Caps, Boots Shoes and DRESS GOODS.

A GOOD VARIETY OF LADIES AND MISSES SHOES.

Sugar, Coffee, Candles, Canny, Oysters, Crackers Sardines, SALT, Guns, Pistols, IRON, HARDWARE, CUTLERY, Carpenters' Tools, Shovels, Forks, BAGGING AND TIES, WASHING MACHINES, WHEELER & WILSON'S SEWING MACHINES,

on easy terms, good lot of Hemlock Leather, Bridles, Saddles, and a great many articles not named.

We have a larger and more complete Stock than ever before: and are better prepared to supply the wants of the people than ever before.

Come and see what great bargains can be had for CASH.

J. M. CARROLL & CO.

Nov. 5. 1870.

FORNEY'S CORNER.

5000 doz. EGGS,
1000 *CHICKENS*,
50ft lbs. *BEESWAX*,
500 lbs. *BUTTER*, are

SOME OF OUR WANTS.

We further want our friends and the trading people generally to know, that in addition to our stock of leading DRY GOODS, we have received a stock of

GROCERIES,

CONSISTING OF

Sugar, Coffee, Syrup, Molasses, Cheese, new crop Rice,
Soda, Pepper, Spices,
Ginger, Nutmeg, Soap,
Copperas, Candles,
Tobacco, Snuff,
Nails, Cotton Ties, &c.

Bacon and Lard.

With which we propose to supply their wants at

LOW PRICES *For the Money*

Or COUNTRY PRODUCE at market value.

Yours Truly,
DRAPER & JOHNSON.
Jacksonville, Oct. 29, 1870.

Upham's depilatory Powder Removes superfluous hair in few minutes, without injury to the skin. Sent by mail for $1.25.

Upham's Asthma Cure. Relieves and violent paroxysms in few minutes and effects a speedy cure. Sent by mail $2 by mail.

The Japanese Hair Stain Colors the whiskers and hair a beautiful black or brown. It consists of *only one preparation*. 75 cents by mail. Address S. C. UPHAM, No. 721 Jayne St., Philadelphia, Pa. Circulars sent free. Sold by all Druggist.

Dec. 3 2m.

EXECUTORS SALE.

PERSONAL PROPERTY.

By virtue of an order of the Probate Court, I will sell at the late residence of Asa Skelton deceased, on Thursday, the 22nd of December, as Executor of the Estate of Asa Skelton.

Two mules, three cows and calves; two pork hogs; sow and pigs; cotton gin; wagon; buggy; and Household and Kitchen Furniture.

The property will be sold on 12 months time, with interest from date; with note and security—except the pork hogs, and all sums under five dollars cash will be required.

GREEN B. SKELTON.
Executor of A. SKELTON.

Dec 3—3t.

THE STATE OF ALABAMA,
Calhoun County.

Court of Probate for said county, Nov. 22, 1870.

THIS day came Washington Dickie, Administrator of the Estate of Edward C. Dickie, deceased, and presents and files in court his petition in writing, representing among other things that he has in his possession as such administrator, certain bad and doubtful debts as well as claims due said estate, and he represents that it would be to the interest of said estate to compromise the same; and therefore asks an order of court authorizing him to do so. And thereupon it is ordered by the court that the 21st day of December be set for the hearing of said petition; and that notice thereof be given in the Jacksonville Republican, a newspaper printed and published in the town of Jacksonville, for three successive weeks prior to said day as notice to all persons concerned, to be and appear at a special term of said court to be holden at the court house of said county on said 21st day of December, and show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted, if they think proper.

A. WOODS, Judge of
Probate.

nov26 3t

State of Alabama, Calhoun Co.

Court of Probate for said County

Nov. 18th, 1870.

THIS day came Mary M. Whatley, administratrix of the estate of John W. Whatley, dec. and filed her account and vouchers for a final settlement of said estate.

It is ordered by the Court that the 21st day of Dec. next be set for examining and stating and auditing said account and making said final settlement: and that notice thereof be given by publication in the Jacksonville Republican a new-paper published in the Town of Jacksonville Ala., for three successive weeks prior to said day as a notice to the heirs and distributees of said estate as well as all other persons in any way concerned to be and appear at a Special Term of said Court, to be holden at the Court House of said County on said 22nd day of Dec. next, and object to said account, if they think proper.

A. WOODS,
Judge of Probate.

Nov. 26, 1870—3t.

JACKSONVILLE.

DECEMBER 17, 1870.

☞Jury Certificates for 1866, and some other descriptions of County Claims, will be taken in payment of subscriptions to this paper until the 15th of November next.

SELMA, ROME & DALTON R R.

CHANGE OF SCHEDULE.

On and after Thursday, June 2nd, 1870, until further notice, trains of this road will pass Jacksonville, as follows:

Mail Train from South at ..... 4:45 P. M.
" " North at ..... 3:21 A. M.

TRI-WEEKLY FREIGHT TRAIN.

Arrives from South, Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays, at ..... 5:31 P. M
From North, ... 4:10 A M

E. G. BARNEY,
M Starnes, Sup't and Ag't,
Ass't Sup't. sep4-tim.

We want money for subscriptions and advertising due and will soon put out the accounts of some of our subscribers for collection. We cannot undertake to furnish, at our own expense, the paper to gentlemen for the term of their natural lives and afterwards have the trouble of collecting from their administrators. It takes money to carry on our business, and we mean to have it, even at the risk of offending some of our oldest friends and subscribers. After one month we intend to begin to scratch off names and send out the accounts of those who do not respond in the meantime.

Some of our patrons have responded promptly to our call of last week for money. Those who do not respond within the time set may be certain that we will do as we promised—take their names off and send out their accounts. It takes money to carry on a newspaper as it does in any other business and we have no idea of trying to get along without it.

We invite other of our patrons to come up and settle at as early a day as possible. We sincerly thank those who have already done so. Our appeal was not written alone for the benefit of doubtful or bad paying subscribers, but was equally intended for our good subscribers from whom we have a right to expect, and do expect prompt pay.

The Harpers find no place on the news stand of Messrs Francis & Woodward. The Harpers are bitter enemies of the South and should not be patronized by Southern Newsdealers Older firms might profit by the exaunple of these boys.

"The Counterfeit money men" on the outside of this paper will be "mighty interesting reading" for some rascals in this country that we know have sent money to them. A man who would pass counterfeit money on his neighbors would steal their pocket books without the least qualm of conscience.

POCKET BOOK LOST.

The undersigned lost on the 12 inst. between Jacksonville and Oxford on the wagon road a small plain black pocket book, containing $15 in greenbacks and 10 ct. in nickel coin, together with other valuable papers—notes and accounts made payable to him.

Parties finding the property will please leave same at Republican Office, or send information that may lead to its recovery to me at Vernon, Trupe Co. Ga.

J. D. JOHNSTON.

dec17—3t.

Dissolution of Partnership.

The Partnership heretofore existing between Alexander Morris & Co. was dissolved by mutual consent on the 29th of September 1870. The business will be continued by Alexander & Morris.

Wm. T. ALEXANDER.
Wm. H. MORRIS.
ROBT. ALEXANDER.

I hereby give notice that my connection with the firm of Alexander Morris & Co. ceased on the 29 day of September 1870.

ROBT. ALEXANDER.

A black Setter pup, about a year old, belonging to Capt James Crook, has been missing several days. She is of imported breed and highly prized. Information leading to her recovery, left at this office, will be appreciated.

The express business is largely on the increase if we are to judge by enlarged facilities for transportation introduced by the indefategable and wide awake Agent, Mr. Wm. T. Alexander. A bran new and pretty Express wagon which would not do discredit to New York has taken the place of the buggy and hack. The business has increased with this convenient means for shipment, and now every day the wagon goes out to the Depot loaded. Mr. Alexander deserves consideration at the hands of the company for building up the interest at this point, and the thanks of our people for placing in their reach so easy and safe means for the quick transportation light or valuable packages.

—o—

We return thanks to Alexander & Morris for a package of fine segars. These clever gentlemen have more of them left as well as a large and splendid stock of groceries, christmas tricks &c.

—o—

We deeply regret to announce the death of uncle Billy Whisenant, one of our most steemed citizens. Some time ago he was struck with Paralysis and has never had health since. A third attack ended his life on last Saturday night. The bereaved family have our heartfelt sympathy.

—o—

The young folks will have a christmas festival.

Mr. Blair travelling Agent of the St. Louis HOME JOURNAL called on us Wednesday. The Home Journal is a splendid literary weekly and has claims on the South far above the yankee concerns which vilify and abuse us on every occasion.

A press of job work has delayed our paper some hours this week.

We call attention to the new advertisement of Whisenant & Driskel. They have shelves full of toys and christmas gifts. Their stock of confectioneries is unsurpassed.

On yesterday evening our esteemed friend Capt. J. M. Renfro left for Columbia, Tenn., to take charge of the interests of the Great Western Life Insurance Company. The contract he has closed with the Company is a paying one; and this is all that reconciles us to the loss of him to this community. He takes with him the kind wishes of many friends; for, there is no more popular man in the country than he.

About the boldest feat of wood stealing we have yet heard of, occurred some nights ago in town. Charner, a negro man, drove his wagon of wood on the square after dark and left it a few minutes while he went into a store. On emerging from the store he discovered his wagon and team were gone. After some search he found them several hundred yards from the place he had left them, in an opposite direction from his home. About half the wood had been removed by the thief

SPECIAL NOTICES.

$100 CHALLENGE!—It is stated that one tablespoonful of English Female Bitters contains as much medical properties as one bottle of any of the advertised grog shop Bitters of the day, and the proprietors offer a challenge of $100.

Who that has seen a dangerous disease arrested by an able physician or a good medicine but values both? Be it you family physician to whom you owe so many escapes from aches and ails, or Dr. Ayer's inimitable remedies:—his Sarsaparilla that renewed your vitality or Cherry Pectoral that cured a painful cough, or his Ague Cure that expelled the freezing ague and burning fever from your blood. Who that has been relieved by any of these agencies but feels grateful for them all?—*Bangor Times.*

"PROCRASTINATION IS THE THIEF OF TIME."—A timely dose of Hungarian Balsam of Life may save you from death by Consumption.

A timely dose of Texas Tonic Syrup may save your constitution from being withered by chills and fever.

A timely application of the Louisiana Pearle Hair Restorer may save you the cost of a wig.

TURBINE WATER WHEELS, ENGINES &c.

In inviting attention to the card of Messrs POOLE & HUNT, Engineers and Founders, of Baltimore, notice is especially called to their celebrated "Leffel's American Double Turbine Water Wheel" which has established by its superior qualities a national reputation. Some idea may be had of the favor this Water Wheel has found, from the fact that there are now about five thousands in operation.

Messrs. POOLE & HUNT are besides thorough Engineers and Founders, and have unsurpassed facilities for supplying everything in their line, including Steam Engines, Flour Grist and Saw Mill Machinery, Shafting Pulleys, &c.

Sept17-1870—3m

Ayer's Cathartic Pills,

For all the purposes of a Laxative Medicine.

Perhaps no one medicine is so universally required by everybody as a cathartic, nor was ever any before so universally adopted into use, in every country and among all classes, as this mild but efficient purgative *Pill*. The obvious reason is, that it is a more reliable and far more effectual remedy than any other. Those who have tried it, know that it cured them; those who have not, know that it cures their neighbors and friends; and all know that what it does cure it does always—that it never fails through any fault or neglect of its composition. We have thousands upon thousands of certificates of their remarkable cures of the following complaints, but such cures are known in every neighborhood, and we need not publish them. Adapted to all ages and conditions in all climates; containing neither calomel nor any deleterious drug, they may be taken with safety by anybody. Their sugar coating preserves them ever fresh, and makes them pleasant to take, while being purely vegetable, no harm can arise from their use in any quantity.

They operate by their powerful influence on the internal viscera to purify the blood and stimulate it into healthy action—remove the obstructions of the stomach, bowels, liver, and other organs of the body, restoring their irregular action to health, and by correcting, wherever they exist, such derangements as are the first origin of disease.

Minute directions are given in the wrapper on the box, for the following complaints, which these *Pills* rapidly cure:—

For **Dyspepsia** or **Indigestion, Listlessness, Langnor** and **Loss of Appetite**, they should be taken moderately to stimulate the stomach, and restore it to healthy tone and action.

For **Liver Complaint** and its various symptoms, **Bilious Headache, Sick Headache, Jaundice** or **Green Sickness, Bilious Colic** and **Bilious Fevers**, they should be judiciously taken for each case, to correct the diseased action or remove the obstructions which cause it.

For **Dysentery** or **Diarrhœa**, but one mild dose is generally required.

For **Rheumatism, Gout, Gravel, Palpitation of the Heart, Pain in the Side, Back** and **Loins**, they should be continuously taken, as required, to change the diseased action of the system. With such change those complaints disappear.

For **Dropsy** and **Dropsical Swellings** they should be taken in large and frequent doses to produce the effect of a drastic purge.

For **Suppression** a large dose should be taken as it produces the desired effect by sympathy.

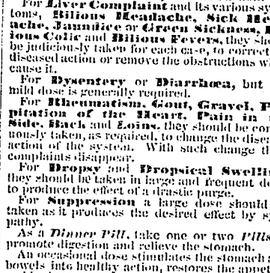
As a *Dinner Pill*, take one or two *Pills* to promote digestion and relieve the stomach.

An occasional dose stimulates the stomach and bowels into healthy action, restores the appetite, and invigorates the system. Hence it is often advantageous where no serious derangement exists. One who feels tolerably well, often finds that a dose of these *Pills* makes him feel decidedly better, from their cleansing and renovating effect on the digestive apparatus.

Dr. J. C. AYER & CO., Practical Chemists, LOWELL, MASS., U. S. A.

Sold by [illegible] Jacksonville, & sold by Druggists & Merchants everywhere.

J. J. Cohen,



Rome, Georgia,

Keeps constantly on hand the most celebrated and latest MILL MACHINERY, at Manufacturer's prices Also, Importer of the Double Anchor Dutch Bolting Cloth, French Burr and Esopus MILL STONES, Double Turbine Water Wheels, and an assortment of Belting, &c. Oct. 15, '70.

Just Received,

DIRECT FROM NEW YORK,

BY

WHISENANT & DRISKILL,

DEALERS IN

DRY GOODS

AND

GROCERIES.

A MAGNIFICENT STOCK OF

Gentlemens' Fine Dress Goods,

Ready Made Clothing, Cassimeres, Doeskins, Jeans, Heavy Twills &c,

Ladies' and Gentlemen's SHAWLS in great variety.

FLANNELS and LINSIES,

LADIES DRESS GOODS.

Alpacas, All-wool Delaines, Balmorals, Prints, Domestics, &c.,

Boots & Shoes,

BLANKETS,

Hats, Trunks, Wood and Willow Ware, Hardware and Cutlery,

Stationery

Toilet Soaps. Perfumery, &c., &c.,

Crockery.

—o—

GROCERIES.

SUGAR, COFFEE, SALT,

Fish, Cheese, Maccaroni, Pickles, Tea, Oysters, Sardines, Jellies, Preserves,

Confectioneries,

TOBACCO, SEGARS & SNUFF.

P. Rowan,

Is receiving this week

A FRESH SUPPLY OF

DRY GOODS,

Boots & Shoes,

BOOKS

AND

STATIONERY,

DRUGS

AND

Medicines,

Oils and Paints,

SMOKING & CHEWING

TOBACCO,

PATENT FRUIT JARS

And a Large Lot of very Superior

Sugar & Coffee.

He has also a lot of very fine

ENGLISH SHOT GUNS

AND A FEW

SQUIRREL RIFLES.

Needs money very badly to buy

Fall Stock, and will sell VERY

CHEAP FOR CASH.

Aug. 27, 1870.

E. L. WOODWARD'S SONS

Are STILL Receiving

GOODS

Ladies Dress Goods, (various styles.)
Ladies Merino Vests,
Ladies Chemise', Night Dresses &c.
White Goods, Hosiery Notions &c.
Cassimeres, Tweeds, Jeans, Kerseys,
PLAIDS, STRIPES &c.

A Fine Lot of Gents
Dress and Under Shirts.

A LARGE LOT OF

Ladies Shoes

Manufactured for Us.

Which we wish to distribute among the Fair Ones of Calhoun County,

At Prices which will be sure to Please.

Ladies Lace Gaiters,
Ladies Button Gaiters,
Ladies Fine French Calf Shoes,
Ladies Fine Kid and Goat Shoes,
Misses Shoes (all styles.)
MEN'S BOYS and WOMANS Shoes of all kinds, cheaper than EVER BEFORE.

OUR STOCK OF

HATS

embraces some of the Best and Latest Styles, among which are the

R. E. LEE,
"STONEWALL,"
"CAMBRIA,"
"LOTHAIR,"
"TOM GREEN,"
"KING WILLIAM,"
"OUR FRITZ,"
FLIRT &c.

We have the largest assortment of

Crockery

That has ever been brought to this country. If you need Crockery of any description, call on us, and you will be astonished at the LOWNESS of our prices.

Fine Sugar, Coffee and NEW ORLEANS SYRUP.

Just in—another Car Load of

SALT.

Factory Thread, Domestics and Osnaburg furnished the trade at Factory prices.

We sell

BAUGH'S RAW BONE And Other Fertilizers

At Manufacturers' Prices.

Call and see us before you buy your supplies. We are offering all kinds of Goods, very cheap for cash.

E. L. WOODWARD'S SONS.
Nov. 5, 1870.

KUTZ & CYFER'S

CHEAP STORE!

Special Announcement!

An Entire New Stock at Astonishing LOW PRICES.

Great additions made to our Fall and Winter Stock!

We invite you to inspect our Immense Assortment, which is positively the LARGEST and CHEAPEST to be had.

A full and complete assortment of Clothing Cloths, Jeans, Boots, Shoes, Rubber Over Shoes, Men's and Boys' Hats, Trunks, Carpet-Bags, Dress Goods Linseys, Flannels, Blankets, Hosiery, Shirts and Drawers, Ladies Cloth and Silk Sacques, Linen and Woolen Table Covers, Sheetings and Shirtings, Bleachings and Calico at manufacturers' prices, Ticks, Hoopskirts and Overskirts, Balmoral Skirts, Ribbons and Trimmings, Ladies Shawls, Lace Collars, New style of Chignons, Good bargains in Knives and Forks and Tea-spoons, Smoking Tobacco and Snuff, Perfumery and Soap, Hair Nets, Plated Jewelry, Ladies Hats &c., &c., &c.

In all of which a comparison, as regards to quality and *Price*, will demonstrate the fact that Kutz & Cyfer, at their Cheap Store, are selling goods at lower Prices than any other House.

GREAT REDUCTION
In the Price of
Gents New Style HATS.

$5 00 Hats reduced to $3 00.
$4 00 " " $2 25.
$3 00 " " $1 75.
A good Wool Hat for $1 00 & $1 25.

TAKE NOTICE.

Positively the *highest prices* paid for all kinds of produce, for which we will trade, giving our goods at the same prices as paying the cash.

AT THE

Cheap Store

OF

CUTZ & CYFER.

Next to the Jacksonville Hotel.

September 3, 1870.

GREENS, & CO.

DEALERS IN

General Merchandise, Drugs,

AND

GROCERIES,

ALEXANDRIA, ALABAMA.

Have on hand the very best Foreign and Domestic DRY GOODS, such as: LADIES DRESS GOODS—Shawls, Vandykes, Nubias, Alpacas, All-woo Delaines, Balmorals, Prints, etc., etc., etc. MENS WEAR—Kersys, Cassimeres, HATS, BOOTS & SHOES (bt in Boston

READY MADE CLOTHING—CROCKERY,
Hardware & Cutlery of the best brands—Plow Steel and IRON.

E RIES—Sugar, Coffee, Rice, SALT, Bagging, Rope and Ties, Tobacco &c

All Goods will be sold to prompt paying customers, on time; until Christmas, at CASH PRICES. No credit extended beyond that time.

HIGHEST MARKET PRICE PAID FOR COTTON.

☞DEBTORS TURN OVER☜

JOE S. MONTGOMERY. H. F. MONTGOMERY.

MONTGOMERY BROS.

GROCERS AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS

Keep Constantly on hand a full and varied stock of Groceries, Provisions, and Family Supplies, also Table and Pocket Cutlery. Tobacco. foreign and domestic Cigars, fancy Candies Confections, &c. &c —West Side Public Square Jacksonville Alabama.

Thanking the public for past favors, we respectfully solicit a continuance of the same, feeling confident of being able to give our customers *FIRST CLASS* Goods as *LOW* as they can be bought in this market. Wrapping paper at manufacturers prices.

Dec. 10, 1870.—tf.

250 Utley Plows,

All complete and first class finish

SOON TO ARRIVE.

J. B. TURNLEY & CO.

English Dairy

Churns,

Makes Butter in 3 minutes.

For Sale by J. B. TURNLEY & CO.

Calhoun County Norway Oats,

For Sale By

J. B. TURNLEY & CO.

WILL PRODUCE FROM 100 TO 150 BUSHELS PER ACRE.

☞Cannot be effected by rust.☜

For sale by J. B. TURNLEY & CO.

DREER'S GARDEN SEEDS

AND

Bulbous Flower Roots.

Dreers' Descriptive Catalogue of Hyacinths, Tulips, Crocus, Lilies, &c, White Blooming Plants, Roses, Hardy Flowering Shrubs, Evergreens, &c., Small Fruits, Grape Vines, Choice Flower Seeds, &c., will be mailed to all applicants, and his GARDEN CALENDAR of Vegetable and Flower Seeds, Grass seeds, Field seeds, Plants, Roses, Dahlias, Verbenas, Gladiolus, Asparagus roots, Early Potatoes, Onion setts, Books, Implements &c., with full descriptive lists of the above (144 pages) beautifully illustrated with engravings and two colored plates will also be mailed to all applicants. address, HENRY A DREER,

714 Chestnut St, Philadelphia, Pa.
Oct. 15—2m.

To the Planters of Calhoun County.

Send your COTTON to

JAS. H. COOPER

OF ROME, GA., who will sell it for you, and charge you only (50 c.) fifty cents per Bale for selling. If you want to Store your Cotton he will make liberal Cash advances on it.

Rome, Ga., Oct. 17, 1870.—3m.

Notice to Executors, Administrators and Guardians &c.

I have heretofore given notice in the Jacksonville Republican for Executors, Administrators and Guardians, to come forward and file in my office their accounts and vouchers for a final, partial, or annual settlement, but very few responded to said notice; this is therefore to notify them again, that I have now issued personal notice to them and forwarded the same by Mail, setting a day for filing their accounts, &c., preparatory to making said settlements. I hope all will attend punctually, without any further trouble or cost in the matter.

A. WOODS, Judge
Sept. 24 1870—tf. of Probate.

IN ALL CANDOR
We Must Have it

Those indebted to M. J. Turnley, and M. J. Turnley & Son, for Professional services, will please call at their office and settle by CASH or note at an early day; and those indebted to J. B. Turnley & Co., will pay up, or close by note—claims in hands of the undersigned for collection. Heed this call.

TURNLEY & SON.

All persons indebsed to the firm of J. H. Sargeant & Co, are invited to settle with us, at once.

Oct. 29 1870.

Dr. SCHENCK advises Consumptives to go to Florida in Winter.

Having for the last thirty-five years devoted my whole time and attention to the study of lung diseases and consumption, I feel that I understand fully the course that ought to be pursued to restore a tolerably bad case of diseased lungs to healthy soundness. The first and most important step is for the patient to avoid taking cold, and the best of all places on this continent for this purpose in winter, is Florida well down in the State, where the temperature is regular, and not subject to such variations as in more Northern latitudes, Palatka is a point I can recommend. A good hotel is kept there by Peterman. Last winter I saw several persons there whose lungs had been badly diseased, but who, under the healing influence of the climate and my medicines, were getting well.

One hundred miles further down the river is a point which I would prefer to Palatka, as the temperature is more even and the air dry and bracing. Mellonville and Enterprise are located there. I should give a decided preference to Mellonville. It is two miles from river or lake, and it seems almost impossible to take cold there. The tables in Florida might be better, and patients complain at times but that is a good sign, as it indicates a return of appetite, and when this is the case they generally increase in flesh, and then the lungs must heal.

Jacksonville, Hibernia, Green Cove, and many other places in various parts of Florida, can be safely recommended to consumptives in winter. My reasons for saying so are that patients are less liable to take cold there than where there is a less even temperature, and it is not necessary to say that where a consumptive person exposes himself to frequent colds he is certain to die shortly. Therefore my advice is, go well down into the State out of the reach of prevailing east winds and fogs Jacksonville, or almost any other of the localities I have named, will benefit those who are troubled with a torpid liver, a disordered stomach, deranged bowels, sore throat or cough, but for those whose lungs are diseased a more southern point is earnestly recommended.

For fifteen years prior to 1859, I was professionally in New York, Boston, Baltimore and Philadelphia every week, when I saw and examined on an average five hundred patients a week. A practice so extensive, embracing every possible phase of lung disease, has enabled me to understand the disease fully, and hence, my caution in regard to taking cold. A person may take vast quantities of "Schenck's Pulmonic Syrup, Seaweed Tonic and Mandrake Pills," and yet die if he does not avoid taking cold.

In Florida, nearly everybody is using Schenck's Medicines, especially Schenck's Mandrake Pills, for the climate is more likely to produce bilious habits than more northern latitudes. It is a well established fact that natives of Florida rarely die of consumption, especially those of the southern part. On the other hand in New England, one third, at least, of the population die of this terrible disease. In the Middle States it does not prevail so largely, still there are many thousands of cases there. What a vast percentage of life would be saved if consumptives were as easily alarmed in regard to taking fresh cold as they are about scarlet fever, small pox, &c. But they are not. They take what they term a little cold, which they are credulous enough to believe will wear off in a few days. They pay no attention to it, and hence it lays the foundation for another and another still, until the lungs are diseased beyond all hope for cure.

My advice to persons whose lungs are affected even slightly is, to lay in a stock of Schenck's Pulmonic Syrup, Schenck's Seaweed Tonic and Schenck's Mandrake Pills and go to Florida. I recommend these particular medicines because I am thoroughly acquainted with their action. I know that when they are used in strict accordance with my directions they will do the work that is required. This accomplished, nature will do the rest. The physician who prescribes for cold, cough or night sweats and then advises the patient to walk or ride out every day, will be sure to have a corpse on his hands before long.

My plan is to give my three medicines, in accordance with the printed directions, except in some cases where a freer use of the Mandrake Pills is necessary. My object is to give tone to the stomach—to get up a good appetite. It is always a good sign when a patient begins to grow hungry. I have hopes of such. With a relish for food and the gratification of that relish comes good blood, and with it more flesh, which is closely followed by a healing of the lungs. Then the cough lessens and abates, the creeping chills and clammy night-sweats no longer prostrate and annoy, and the patient gets well, provided he avoids taking cold.

Now there are many consumptives who have not the means to go to Florida. The question may be asked, is there no hope for such? [illegible] Dress as. My advice to such is [illegible] to keep in a warm room during the winter, with a temperature of about seventy degrees, which should be kept regularly at that point, by means of a thermometer. Let such a patient take his exercise within the limits of the room by walking up and down as much as his strength will permit, in order to keep up a healthy circulation of the blood. I have cured thousands by this system, and can do so again. Consumption is as easily cured as any other disease if it is taken in time, and the proper kind of treatment is pursued. The fact stands undisputed on record that Schenck's Pulmonic Syrup, Mandrake Pills, and Seaweed Tonic have cured very many of what seemed to be hopeless cases of consumption. Go where you will, you will be almost certain to find some poor consumptive who has been rescued from the very jaws of death by their use.

So far as the Mandrake Pills are concerned, every body should keep a supply of them on hand. They act on the liver better than calomel, and leave none of its hurtful effects behind. In fact they are excellent in all cases where a purgative medicine is required. If you have partaken too freely of fruit and diarrhœa ensues, a dose of the Mandrake will cure you. If you are subject to sick headache take a dose of the Mandrakes and they will relieve you in two hours. If you would obviate the effect of a change of water, or the too free indulgence in fruit, take one of the Mandrakes every night or every other night, and you may then drink water and eat watermelons, pears, apples, plums, peaches or corn, without the risk of being made sick by them. They will protect those who live in damp situations against chills and fevers. Try them. They are perfectly harmless. They can do you good only.

I have abandoned my professional visits to Boston and New York, but continue to see patients at my office, No. 15 N. SIXTH Street, Philadelphia, every Saturday, from 9 A. M. to 3 P. M. Those who wish a thorough examination with the Respirometer will be charged five dollars. The Respirometer declares the exact condition of the lungs, and patients can readily learn whether they are curable or not. But I desire it distinctly understood that the value of my medicines depends entirely upon their being taken strictly according to directions.

In conclusion, I will say that when persons take my medicines and their systems are brought into a healthy condition thereby, they are not so liable to take cold, put no one with diseased lungs can bear a sudden change of atmosphere without the liability of greater or less irritation of the bronchial tubes.

Full directions in all languages accompany my medicines, so explicit and clear that any one can use them without consulting me, and can be bought from any druggist.

J. H. SCHENCK, M. D.
No. 15 N. SIXTH Street, Philadelphia.
Oct 29 1y.

BLOOMIGTON NURSERY,

600 Acres—19th Year—10 Greenhouses

Fruit and ornamental Trees, Nursery Stock, Root, Grafts, Grapes, Evergreens, Shrubs, Roses, Hedge and Greenhouse Plants. FLOWER BULBS FOR FALL, TULIPS &c. Colored Fruit and Flower plates—all at wholesale and retail Send 10cts. for Catalogues.

Oct. 8'70—6m. F. K PHOENIX, Bloomington, Ill.

COME IN AND PAY YOUR SUBSCRIPTION.

Alabama Corr. Cincinnati Commercial.

How Sambo Votes.

An interview with a native Alabamian.

I know a district in one of the northern tier of counties where the returns show that of the eighty odd votes polled all were for Lindsay, although there are several gentle Africans living in that favored locality. Thinking an interview might shed light on the gloomy affair, I said to a sovereign of that district, "How happened it that Smith did not get any votes at your polling place?"

"Because," said he, as he pared a toenail that protruded through a hole in his boot, "because nobody voted for him."

This answer would have terminated ordinary interview, but as I was after information bearing upon the future welfare of the party that saved the Government in the hour of its trial, I continued:

"Any negroes in your beat?

"Yes, a dezen on 'em."

"Did they vote?"

"They did, in the cool."

"Who for?"

"Lindsay, of course."

"That seems funny, considering the unanimity with which they supported Smith in the southern part of the State."

Yes, 'tis a little funny that the niggers should have sense enough to vote the Democratic ticket. The Radical school teachers are learning them something. The more the niggers are educated the more they will see that it is to their interest to vote with the people among whom they live, who like them, who care for them, who give them part of their cotton crops, instead of running after a set of d—d dead-beats and carpet-baggers."

"And scallawaggers." I added, not wanting my friends from the North to bear the entire brunt of Democratic wrath.

"Yes, and every other kind of waggers and wiggler. Why, on election day the niggers came up to the polls and said they wanted to vote, and to give them some tickets. Some of the men says: 'Boys, how do you want to vote?' And they answered that they wanted to vote like all the balance was voting. A Democratic ticket was read to them, and they said that was the the very think—just want they wanted, and so they voted it."

A Proclamation.

STATE OF ALABAMA, }
EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT. }
MONTGOMERY, Dec. 3, 1870. }

WHEREAS, James F. Grant did, on the second day of December, 1870, file his official bond, duly approved by me, and did otherwise qualify as the Treasurer of the State of Alabama. The Tax Collectors of the several counties of the State, and all other officers and persons are hereby notified and required to pay over, according to law, to the said James F. Grant, all moneys belonging to the State of Alabama, now in or which may hereafter come into their hands.

ROBT. B. LINDSAY,
Governor of Alabama.

By the Governor:
J. J. PARKER,
Secretary of State.

Gen. Grant's Troops in Maryland.

From the Eastern Shoreman.

As eleven United States soldiers were returning from Princess Anne, the cars stopped at Seaford, Delaware, and the United States Marshal, Houston, of that place, entered the car, and asked the Captain how the election passed off?

"Oh, fine, very fine," said the Captain.

Marshal—"Was there a quiet election?"

Captain—"Perfectly, sir; no disturbance.

Marshal—"And the Radicals all voted?"

Captain—"I guess so."

Marshal—"Well, how is the election going?"

"Captain—"Every d—d Radical is cleaned up, never will be heard of any more down there, dear sir, dead as a herring; gone up Salt River in a leaky craft."

Marshal—"What! didn't you go down to protect the Radicals?"

Captain—"Not a d—d bit of it; I am a Democrat, and every man under me is a Democrat, and in two years we intend to clean up that d—d rascal, old Granny Grant."

The Marshal fled in distress.

A man stopped his paper, wrote to the editor: "I think folks extent to spend their money for paper, my darling children and every body else was the most intelligentest man in the country and had the smartest family of baiz that ever dugged taters."

There is a waggish couple living in Marvington, who have lately been blessed with an heir, and like every young couple, feel particularly proud over it. "What shall we name our boy," said the young wife. "Call him Peter." "Oh, no! I never knew any one by that name that could earn his salt." "Well, then, call him salt peter."

☞A good old lady, who improved every opportunity to teach by precept and example, once remarked at a prayer meeting: "My friends, as I came along I saw a cow a switching of her tail; in this wicked world of strife she was peaceful and contented, a switching of her tail—and I said to myself, go thou and do likewise."

Gov. Walker on the Administration.

Gov. Walker, of Virginia in his annual message, shows the way in which Grant sends Federal troops over th South, and pays his respects to him as follows: "I feel bound to say that, in view of all the circumstances, the sudden withdrawal of these troops while in the midst of the performance of the delicate duty to which they had been assigned of sustaining the civil authorities in Norfolk county, in removing negro squatters, in accordance with an order from the President himself, without any notification to or consultation with me, endangering, as it did, the lives of our officers and citizens and the peace of the community was, in my opinion, an act of official discourtesy and a manifestation of an indifference to possible consequences of the gravest character, without a parallel in the history of the country. If the original order for the assignment of Federal troops to this duty was right, then its revocation, under the circumstances, was an inexcusable

The Great Medical Discovery!
Dr. WALKER'S CALIFORNIA
VINEGAR BITTERS,

Hundreds of Thousands
Bear testimony to their wonderful Curative Effects.

WHAT ARE THEY?

THEY ARE NOT A VILE
FANCY DRINK,
...Rum, Whiskey, Proof Spirits and Refuse Liquors, doctored, spiced, and sweetened to please the taste, called "Tonics," "Appetizers," "Restorers," &c., that lead the unfortunate drunkard on to drunkenness and ruin, but are a true Medicine, made from the Native Roots and Herbs of California, free from all Alcoholic Stimulants. They are the GREAT BLOOD PURIFIER and a GIVING PRINCIPLE, a perfect Regulator and Invigorator of the system, carrying off all poisonous matter, and restoring the blood to a healthy condition. All can take these Bitters, according to directions, and remain long unwell, if their bones are not destroyed by mineral poison or other means, and the vital organs wasted beyond the point of repair.

For Inflammatory and Chronic Rheumatism and Gout, Dyspepsia, or Indigestion, Bilious, Remittent, and Intermittent Fevers, Diseases of the Blood, Liver, Kidneys, and Bladder, these Bitters have been most successful. Such Diseases are caused by Vitiated Blood, which is generally produced by derangement of the Digestive Organs.

They invigorate the stomach, and stimulate the torpid liver and bowels, which render them of unequalled efficacy in cleansing the blood of all impurities, and imparting new life and vigor to the whole system.

Dyspepsia or Indigestion, Headache, Pain in the Shoulders, Coughs, Tightness of the Chest, Dizziness, Sour Eructations of the Stomach, Bad Taste in the Mouth, Bilious Attacks, Palpitation of the Heart, Copious Discharges of Urine, Pain in the regions of the Kidneys, and a hundred other painful symptoms, which are the offsprings of Dyspepsia, are cured by these Bitters.

In cases of Fever Sores, Scrofula, Cancer, Erysipelas, Swellings, Tumors, Tetter, Salt Rheum, Scald Head, Sore Eyes, Mercurial Diseases, Dropsy, Piles, Pimples, or Sores on the face, Blotches, Spots, Freckles, Pustules, etc., Mr. Walker's California Vinegar Bitters have shown their great curative power. In fact, when you find an impurities bursting through the skin in Pimples, Eruptions, or Sores; cleanse it when you find it, and your feelings will tell you when. Keep the blood pure and the health of the system will follow.

PIN, TAPE, and other WORMS, lurking in the system of so many thousands, are effectually destroyed and removed.

For full directions, read carefully the circular around each bottle, printed in four languages—English, German, French, and Spanish.

J. WALKER, 32 & 34 Commerce Street, N. Y.
Proprietor. R. H. McDONALD & Co.,
Druggists and General Agents,
San Francisco, California, and 32 and 34 Commerce Street, N. Y.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS AND DEALERS.

Somebody How Feel How Restored

Just published, a new edition of Dr Culverwell's Celebrated Essay on the *radical cure* (without medicine) of SPERMATORRHŒA, or Seminal Weakness Involuntary Seminal Losses, Impotency Mental and Physical Incapacity, Impediments to Marriage, etc; also CONSUMPTION, EPILEPSY and FITS induced by self-indulgence or sexual extravagance.

☞Price, in a sealed envelope, only 6 cts. The celebrated author, in this admirable essay, clearly demonstrates from a thirty years' successful practice, that the alarming consequences of self abuse may be radically cured without the dangerous use of internal medicine or the application of the knife pointing out a mode of cure at once simple, certain and effectual, by means of which every sufferer, no matter what his condition may be, may cure himself cheaply, privately and *radically*.

☞This Lecture should be in the hands of every youth and every man in the land.

Sent under seal, to any address, in a plain envelope, on the receipt of six cents or two postage stamps, by addressing the publishers.

Also, Dr. Culverwell's Marital Guide" price 25 cents. Address the Publishers,

CHAS. J. C. KLINE & CO.
127 Bowery, N. Y. Post Office Box 4,586

LOUISIANA GREOLE
HAIR
RESTORATIVE!

The Hair restored to its healthy color, its growth increased, and its coolness and curative qualities.

The Louisiana Creole Hair Restorer keeps the head cool, cool and healthy, removes all diseases of the scalp, keeps it free from dandruff, prevents irritation and itching, and is an excellent remedy for nervous and other forms of headache.

The Louisiana Creole Hair Restorer is not a dye, but restores gray hair to its original color by supplying the capillary tubes with natural sustenance which may not be assimilated from either age or decay. Consequently Hair Dyes are composed of *lunar caustic*, destroying the vitality and beauty of the hair and ruined of the eyes no doubt, but on the contrary arrest the hair before it can.

The Louisiana Creole Hair Restorer not only arrests *decay* the hair and restores to the natural color by natural means but it imparts to it a luxuriant beauty which it can attain by another method.

The Louisiana Creole Hair Restorer in addition to its many useful qualities is elegantly perfumed and is entirely free from greasiness and stickiness, so that the finest hair is not spoiled or even stained by its use. It contains no poison to kill the hair, but under its continued use improvement is steadily manifested and in cases where the hair is destroyed

For sale by Druggists generally. Prepared by MANSFIELD & BIGBEE, Memphis Tenn.

MAGIC ARNICA
LINIMENT

WILL CURE PAINS AND ACHES IN FIVE MINUTES.

Prepared from the Essential Oils Extract of Camphor Extract of Arnica, Chloryne and Magnetic Fluid, chemically combined.

The Magic Arnica Liniment

is one of the most powerful penetrating Fluids known. It is no rancid grease like many of the so-called liniments sold, but a clear transparent ruby colored Fluid which when applied, promptly penetrates through skin and muscles to the very bone itself, and to the seat of the disease and restores, relieves all pain. In cases of Paralysis, Numbness, Sores, Contracted sinews, and in fact all cases of diseases that can be reached by external treatment, this liniment will be found effectious. In Rheumatism it acts promptly, killing the pain in one or two applications and when used in connection with Mansfield & Bigbee's

Great Internal Remedy, the KHEMATIC COMPOUND, we have never known it to fail in effecting a CURE. As a

Horse and Cattle Liniment

it is unsurpassed, curing where other liniments fail. A striking evidence of this is its unparalleled success when used in the treatment of Charbone or Erysipelas in Horses or Mules, a disease which at one time threatened to destroy all the stock in the Mississippi Valley. The

Magic Arnica Liniment

was the only remedy that was found to cure in all cases.

With every bottle will be found a circular containing specific directions for using.

For sale by Druggists and Dealers every where.

Manufactured only by the sole Proprietors, Mansfield & Bigbee Memphis Tenn. Wholesale Agents at Mobile, McGuire, Blackwood & Co. and at Selma, J. L. Wray & Co.

sept.18 1870—1y.

MADAME DELACHAMPS.

Alone in a Mountain Gorge.

Snugly ensconsed amid the wilds of one of the Middle States, lived Madame Delachamps, many years ago, with no known protector, save a faithful dog that ever stood beside her to defend in time of need. Her small, moss-covered cabin, wrapped with the wild-rose and honeysuckle, appeared hid away by a cluster of undergrowth, and closely environed on the north and east by a steep craggy ravine that led away back to the mountain gorge.

Here, sniffing the ambient air, wafted from nature's green sward clinging to the mountain side, bathing her brow in early moon's dew drop, she lived solitary and alone for many long years. The catamounte's unearthly midnight yell, and the wolf's doleful howl, frequently aroused her from pleasant midnight slumbers.

Now and then she would emerge from her unknown home and mingle with the inhabitants around about her one or two months at a time. She was eccentric in her acts and as viewed her as a living curiosity.

When from home, she apparently had but one object, and that was the relief of her afflicted sex. Under a belt on he left side, could be seen an old fashioned dirk of considerable size, carried for her own protection, while strapped across her shoulder was suspended a curious sack made from the

SKINS OF RABBITS AND RACCOONS.

Arranged in alternate stripes. This bag contained some old parchments, and a smaller sack containing a coarse powder made from certain roots known only to herself, the secret of which she clung to as with the tenacity of death. She sailed forth from her wild mountain home, to act the Good Samaritan, with this unknown vegetable powder, which she claimed possessed a wonderful power over all Diseases incident to the female sex. She termed it "womb physic," with which she proposed to cure all affections and derangements of that organ, and kindred complaints free of charge. With such singular magic did she relieve all who applied that within a few years her name and fame became known far and wide, and hundreds of suffering females applied for relief and returned to their homes healthy and happy. Many were anxious to know her great secret, and large sums of money were offered if she would divulge it—but she stoutmonly refused.

During her solitary life, she became intimate with only one woman, a noted midwife some miles distant, to whom she promised to

DIVULGE HER SECRET

after dieing. In a few years, as the summer clouds on night began to close around her lonesome home, she imparted this great secret to this friend

* * * *

She too gained quite a reputation for relieving the suffering of her sex, and strange it may appear—she scarcely ever failed to cure those old chronic female complaints that had resisted all other modes of treatment. Many years ago the writer of this, while engaged in the practice of Medicine, by a little strategy, succeeded in procuring the secret of this Wonderful Vegetable Regulator, which had never been known to the Medical Profession.

He gave it a fair and impartial trial in the treatment of various forms and stages of female complaints with such decided satisfaction, that in 1866 he called public attention to its virtues in

"GROSS MEDICO CHIRURGICAL REVIEW."

Combined with other known vegetable Tonics, having great power over the uterine organs; with Black Root to act upon the liver and bowels, and Soluble Citrate of Iron to correct the blood, he has formed a wonderful combination for the cure of all female complaints, considering it the only Female Regulator known, and now offers this valuable compound to the afflicted female, under the name of

ENGLISH FEMALE BITTERS

The Medical Profession at large, have long felt the need of just such a medicine, consequently, it is not strange that they so eagerly prescribe and recommend these Bitters to their female patients.

If you could see the pile of smiling approvals and encomiums from physicians and their friends, by the use of these Bitters, no sickly female would hesitate to use them. This Female Regulator is adapted to all old, young, married or single females, who are afflicted with acute or chronic forms of Uterine derangements. They cure painful, suppressed scanty, profuse or irregular Menstruation, Chlorosis or Green Sickness, Floor Albus or Whites, Hysterics, Fulling of the Womb, Ulceration and Irritability of the Womb, pain in the side, back or loins, sick Headache, palpitation or fluttering of the heart, hurried breathing, swimming of the head, cold feet and hands, loss of Appetite, Indigestion, torpid Liver, Melancholy, Nervousness, Wakefulness, Barrenness, physical Prostration, etc. Many of these are relieved by the use of only one bottle.

THE LIVER AND STOMACH

Are thoroughly aroused and restored to a healthy action, by the use of these Bitters. Its peculiar Iron and Vegetable combination, places it far ahead of any similar preparation before the public.

Females, after confinement and convalescents from any debilitating complaint, who remain weak and broke, with little or no appetite, are at once aroused to new strength by their use. As a family tonic for men, women and children, it has no equal. One tablespoonful contains more medical properties, than one bottle of any of the common and pleasant "nitric alcohol" bitters, to be found all over the country. When the manufacturers of the common beverages of the day say they can do the same, they well know they are palming the wool over your eyes, and laugh at your stupidity in being so easily humbugged when for the article smacks of whiskey. If you really desire a valuable iron and Vegetable Tonic for constant and family use bottle of E. E. B. will last longer and do more good than one dozen of the ordinary "grog shop" tatters, as one tablespoonful to water, is sufficient for a wine glass.

A FEMALE REGULATOR.

It has no equal on this continent acting powerfully and promptly in all cases, where no organic disease exists. It is just the medicine for young girls, who have some difficulty in reaching the bloom on the cheeks, and who do not feel exactly right. For the mother at the "change of life," it soothes and carries her safely over the critical period—passed, as sweetly as regulating the brightest beam of sunshine through the arbor of roses.

The medicine is sold at the low price of $1 50 per Bottle, or six for $8 00, and can be had of all druggists and Merchants throughout the country. Address

J. P. DROMGOOLE & CO., Prop's.
Memphis, Tenn.

DROMGOOLE & CO.'S

BUCHU.

The Best and Cheapest now before the public, for all affections and derangements of the Kidneys and Bladder. Large Bottles only $1 00 or six for $5 00. Sold by Druggists and Merchants everywhere.

J. P. DROMGOOL & CO., Prop's.
Memphis, Tenn

W. D. HOYT & CO.

Jobbers in Drugs, Medicines and Druggists Sundries,

No 43. Broad Street,

Rome, Ga.

WHOLESALE AGENTS FOR

ROSADALIS,
CALIFORNIA VINEGAR BITTERS,
PLANTATION " "
EDWARD WILDER & CO'S PREPARATIONS.
AYER & CO's "
PEMBERTON, TAYLOR & CO's "

White Lead & Linseed Oil.

All of which will be sold at MANUFACTURER'S PRICES.

D. D. DRAPER, J. R. DRAPER, J. DRAPER, Sr

D. D. DRAPER, SON & CO.

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in

Dry Goods, Groceries, and General Merchandise.

OXFORD, ALA.

Have now on hand a Large and select stock of

DRY GOODS AND GROCERIES,

CONSISTING IN PART OF

Sugar, Coffee, Molasses; Bacon, Lard, Mess Pork; Cooking Stoves, Iron and Steel; Hardware, Cutlery, Crockery, Glassware, &c.

Their Stock is now large, and their arrangements completed to keep it constantly full of choice articles at reduced prices. Purchasers are respectfully invited to call and look through our Dry Goods and Grocery Stores, with the confident expectation on our part that we can give entire satisfaction.

Oxford, April 16, 1870.

JOSEPH E. VEAL,

ROME, GA.,

DEALER IN

Watches, Clocks, Jewelry,

SILVER AND PLATED WARE,

SPECTCLES,

FRENCH, CHINA, AND CUT GLASS WARE,

CUTLERY,

TOYS. WALKING CANES.

Musical Instruments, Fishing Tackle,
FINE HOUSEHOLD ARTICLES,
And Fancy Goods Generally.
OLD GOLD AND SILVER TAKEN IN EXCHANGE.
Watches, Clocks and Jewelry Repaired and Warranted.

MOORE & MARSH,

WHOLESALE
DEALERS IN

DRY GOODS,

Hats, Shoes, & Boots,

Corner Decatur and Pryor Streets,

W. A. MOORE. }
E. W. MARSH. }

ATLANTA, Ga.

FLEISHEL & BRO.,

WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

Staple and Fancy

DRY GOODS,

CLOTHING, BOOTS, SHOES,
HATS, NOTIONS, ETC.,
38. Whitehall street, between Alabama and Hunter.
ATLANTA, GEORGIA

J. T. MEADOR. N. J. MEADOR. J. J. MEADOR.

Meador & Brothers,

TOBACCO

Commission Merchants,

AND

Manufacturers of Cigars,

Whitehall Street, ATLANTA, GEORGIA.

G. W. JACK,

Wholesale Confectionr,

Steam Candy and Cracker Manufactory,

AND DEALER IN

FRUITS, NUTS, PRESERVES;

ALSO TOYS, WILLOW WARE, &C.

WHITEHALL STREET, ATLANTA, GEORGIA.

BONES, BROWN & CO.,
Augusta Ga
ESTABLISHED 1825

J. & S. BONES & CO.,
Rome, Ga
ESTABLISHED 1869

The attention of Merchants is called to the Magnificent Stock of

HARDWARE

Now in Store and for sale by the above mentioned Houses. We offer at prices corresponding with the recent decline in gold.

1500 Doz. Pocket Knives—best Sheffield Brand,
500 Gross Table " " "
4000 Pcs. Standard weight Trace Chains,
350 Tons Sweedish Hammered Iron,
100 " Jenk's English Plow Steel,
200 Doz. Ames & Rowland's Shovels and Spades,
400 " Sam. Collin Axes,
300 " Cheap grade "
200 Kegs Burdin's Horse and Mule Shoes,
1000 Kegs Old Dominion Nails.

We are exclusive Agents for the Rome Iron Manufacturing Co.'s Merchant Bar Iron. This Iron is made from the best Charcoal Pig, & every bar GUARANTEED.

We are AGENTS for Vulcanized Rubber Belting, Orange Rifle and Blasting Powder, Winship's Cotton Gins, Brooks' Cotton and Hay Presses, Burdick's National Hay Cutter, R. Hoe & Co.'s Patent Ground, Inserted and Solid Tooth Circular Saws.

Oct. 15, 1870—6m.

THE MOUND CITY

Mutual Life Insurance Co.

OF ST. LOUIS, MO.

OFFICERS

JAMES J. O'FALLON, President.
A. M BRITTON, Vice President.
S. W. LOAX, Sec'y.
C. G. McHATTON, Gen'l Agent

The Mound City Mutual Life Insurance Company offers itself as a candidate for public patronage, with such provisions incorporated in the basis of its organization as render it at the same time,

Liberal, Safe and Substantial.

One Hundred Thousand Dollars Deposited

For the Security of Policy Holders

In conformity with the Law of Missouri, this Company has deposited in the Insurance Department in St. Louis, Mo., one hundred thousand dollars, for security of its policy holders.

THIS COMPANY ISSUES

All Classes of Policies,

NON-FORFEITABLE AFTER ONE ANNUAL PAYMENT.

On the Ten Payment Table, one annual payment secures a paid up Policy for one tenth of the amount insured.

JOHNSTON & POINDEXTER,
Gen'l Agents,
Mobile, Ala.

ALEXANDER, MORRIS & CO. Agents, Jacksonville.

August 20, 1870.—1y.

G. H. & A. W. FORCE,

WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

BOOTS & SHOES,

WHITEHALL STREET.

ATLANTA GA

M. T. HUMPHRIES, J. J. ROBERTSON,

Bar,
Cigars.
Tobacco, and
Confectionaries

CROSS LAINS, ALA. Apl. 23, 1870

SILVEY & DOUGHERTY,

Peachtree and Decatur Streets,

ATLANTA, Ga.,

WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC

Dry Goods,

FANCY GOODS, WHITE GOODS,

HOSIERY, GLOVES, NOTIONS, &c.

JOHN SILVEY. }
DAVID DOHERTY. }

Dec. 11, 1869—1y.

BERRYS & CO.

Wholesale Grocers,

—AND—

Commission Merchants,

Broadway, ROME, Ga.

SPECIAL attention given to sale of WHEAT, COTTON, and all kinds of Produce. Dec. 11, 1869.—1y.

NEW BOOKS, STATIONERY,

AND

FANCY ARTICLES,

HENRY A. SMITH, BOOKSELLER & STATIONER,

ROME, GA.

Is just receiving a very large supply of School, Theological, Standard and Miscellaneous Wall Papering, Window Shades, Writing Desks, Port Folio's, Work Boxes Photographic Albums Engravings, Paintings, Picture Frames, Coral Toys and Fancy Articles Piano's, Sheet Music, Violin and Guitar Strings. Any article in the book or music line, not on hand, will be furnished at short notice at Publishers and Manufacturer's prices

☞Merchants and School Teachers supplied upon the most reasonable terms.☜

Rome, Ga., Dec. 11, 1869.—1y.

HILLS, DAILEY & CO.

DEALER IN, AND MANUFACTURER OF ALL KINDS OF

Furniture,

CHAIRS

And Metalic Burial Case,

ROME, Ga.

BUREAUS, Wardrobes, Wire Safes, Sofas, Bedsteads, Cancsent, and all other Chairs and Rockers, Chamber Sets of various styles and prices; Tables, Wash-stands, Writing, Spring Beds, Cribs, &c &c.

All sizes Metalic Burial Cases on hand—allat reduced prices. Dec. 11, 69—1y

DR. SHALLENBERGER'S

Fever and Ague

ANTIDOTE

Always Stops the Chills.

This Medicine has been before the Public fifteen years, and is still ahead of all other known remedies. It does not purge, does not sicken the stomach, is perfectly safe in any dose and under all circumstances, and is the only Medicine that will

CURE IMMEDIATELY

and permanently every form of Fever and Ague, because it is a perfect Antidote to Malaria.

Sold by all Druggists:

H.A. STOLLENWERCK, Selma, Ala. P. E. STOLLENWERCK, Mobile, Ala.
A. G. STOLLENWERCK. Selma, Ala.

H. A. STOLLENWERCK & BROS.
Water Street,
SELMA, Ala.

F. E. STOLLENWERCK & BROS.
42 North Commerce Street,
MOBILE Ala

COTTON FACTORS
AND
Commission Merchants.

☞Messrs. E. L. WOODWARD & SON, of Jacksonville, Ala., will act as Agents for this house.

LIVERY STABLE,

Sign of the Horned Horse.

BY S. C. KELLY Oxford, Ala.

Prepared with Horses and Mules and any kind of wheels from a wheel barrow to a log wagon, with teams and drivers to let on Liberal terms. Buy or Sell if convinced there is money about for me. Sell cheap for cash. Feed and take care of stock. Cash business strictly.

THE
GERMANIA TANNING CO.
MANUFACTURERS OF ALL KINDS OF
UPPER, SOLE AND HARNESS
LEATHER,
JACKSONVILLE, Ala.

Highest market rates paid for HIDES and TALLOW.

JACOB ROSENBERG,
Dec. 14, 1869. *Sup't.*

WHEREAS, by an act of the General Assembly of the State of Alabama approved the 10th day of October, 1869, it is provided as follows: to-wit: "It shall be the duty of the Probate Judge of each county in this State to designate a newspaper in which all legal advertisements, notices or publications, of any and every character required by law to be made in his County, shall be published; which paper so designated shall be the official organ in and for said county," and in obedience to the requirements of said act, I, as Judge of Probate for Calhoun County, Alabama, did heretofore designate the "St. Clair County Eagle," as the said organ in and for said County of Calhoun, in which all legal advertisements, notices or publications of any and every character, required by law to be made in and for said County of Calhoun should be published, said designation to remain until recalled or changed by me.—

And the "*Jacksonville Republican*" being a County paper, published in the Town of Jacksonville Alabama, and in my opinion clearly within the provisions of said act, I therefore recall and change my order designating the St. Clair County Eagle, as the official organ for said County of Calhoun, and designate the said Jacksonville Republican as the official organ hereafter, in which all legal advertisements, notices or publications of any and every character required by Law to be made in and for said County of Calhoun shall be published. This designation to remain so long as in my opinion, the Editor of said Jacksonville Republican conducts said paper so as to be within the provisions of said act.

A. WOODS, Judge of Probate.

Feb. 13, 1869.

CROSS PLAINS HOUSE.

COME ALONG.

This House is not quite completed, but will receive Boarders and the Traveling public generally.

No rash promises made—come and see.

A. S. JOHNSON,
J. N. HOOD,
J. N. HOOD, Prop'r.

june18—tf.

Door, Blind and Sash
MANUFACTORY.

THE undersigned is now prepared to manufacture, of the best materials, and in the neatest and most durable manner, any of the above named articles for persons who may desire them, at Rome prices.

Apply to, or address,

T. W. PITT,
Jacksonville, Ala.

Aug. 6, 1870.

PAIN KILLER
PROP. PERRY DAVIS & SON PROVIDENCE R.I.
1840 1870

PAIN-KILLER.

PERRY DANIS & SON.

Manufacturers and Proprietors, Providence, R. I.

We ask the attention of the public to this long-tested and unrivaled

FAMILY MEDICINE.

It has been favorably known for more than twenty years, during which time we have received thousands of testimonials, showing this medicine to be an almost never failing remedy for diseases caused by or attendant upon—

Sudden Colds, Coughs, Fever and Ague, Acadache, Billious Fever, Pains in the Side, Back and Loins, as well as in the Joints and Limbs, Neuralgia and Rheumatic Pain in any part of the system, Toothache and Pains in the head and face.

As a Blood Purifier and Tonic for the Stomach,

It seldom fails to cure Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Liver complaint, Acid Stomach, Heartburn, Kidney Complaints, Sick Headache, Piles, Asthma or Phthisic, Ringworms, Boils, Felons, Whitlows, Old Sores, Swelled Joints, and General Debility of the system.

It is also a prompt and sure remedy for Cramps and Pain in the Stomach, Painters' Colic, Diarrhœa, Dysentery, Summer Complaint, Cholera Morbus, Cholera Infantum, Scalds, Burns, Sprains, Bruises, Frost Bites, Chilblains, as well as the Stings of Insects, Scorpions, Centipedes, and the Bites of Poisonous Insects and Nonemous Reptiles.

See directions accompanying each bottle.

Sold by HOKE.

Jacksonville Republican
PUBLISHED AND PUBLISHED, EVERY SATURDAY MORNING, BY
J. [illegible] L. W. GRANT.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.
[illegible] one in advance, ...$3 00
[illegible] months, " 1 75

TERMS OF ADVERTISING.
One square of 10 lines or less, first insertion $1 00
Each subsequent insertion, ... 50
Over one square counted as two, &c.
Obituaries charged at advertising rates.

Announcement of Candidates.
For County Offices, ... $5 00
For State Offices, ... $10 00

Jacksonville Republican.

"The Price of Liberty is Eternal Vigilance."

VOL. 34. JACKSONVILLE, ALA., DECEMBER 24. 1870. WHOLE NO 1759

Rates of Advertising,
For three, six, or twelve Months.

One square of 10 lines,	3 months,	$5 00
" "	6 "	15 00
" "	12 "	20 00
One fourth column,	3 "	10 00
" " "	6 "	15 00
" " "	12 "	25 00
One half column,	3 "	25 00
" " "	6 "	35 00
" " "	12 "	50 00
One column,	3 "	40 00
" "	6 "	75 00
" "	12 "	100 00

Charges due and collectable quarterly.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

JOHN FOSTER. WM. H. FORNEY.

FOSTER & FORNEY,
Attorneys at Law,
Jacksonville Alabama.
WILL practice in the Counties of Calhoun, Talladega, Randolph, St. Clair, Cherokee, DeKalb and the Supreme Court of the State.
Dec. 23d, 1865.

JOE. H. FRANCIS.
ATTORNEY AT LAW
—AND—
GENERAL COLLECTING AGENTS.
Gadsden .....Alabama.
WILL practice in Etowah and adjoining counties. Special attention given to the filing petitions in Bankrupter. Will prosecute claims against the Government for Bounty, Back pay, &c.

S. C. ELLIS. J. H. CALDWELL.
ELLIS & CALDWELL,
Attorneys at Law,
AND
Solicitor in Chancery.
JACKSONVILLE, ALA.
HAVING associated themselves in the practice of Law, will practice together, except in CRIM NAL CASES, in the counties Calhoun, Talladega, St. Clair, Randolphs Cherokee and DeKalb.
Jan. 6. 1866.

H. J. TURNLEY. G. L. TURNLEY.
H. J. & G. L. TURNLEY,
Attorneys at Law
AND
Solicitors in Chancery
General Collecting Agents.
JACKSONVILLE, ALA.
WILL practice Law in the counties of Calhoun, Talladega, Randolph, Cleburne, Cherokee, Saine, St. Clair and DeKalb, in the Supreme Court of the State, and in the U. S. District Court, Northern and Middle Division of Alabama.

JOHN W INZER. LEROY F. BOX.
INZER & BOX,
Attorneys at Law,
AND
Solicitors in Chancery
ASHVILLE, Ala.
WILL practice in all the Courts of St Clair, Calhoun, Talladega, Shelby, Jefferson, Blount, DeKalb, Cherokee & Marshall: also in the Superior Court of the State Prompt attention given.

H. L. STEVENSON,
Attorney at Law.
JACKSONVILLE Ala

DR. E. W. FRANCIS,
HAS resumed the duties his profession in all its branch Office N W. Corner of Public Square.
JACKSONVILLE, ALA.
November 18, 1865 -tf

TENNESSEE HOUSE
[illegible]
J. A. STANTON, Prop'r.
Most convenient Hotel to Railroad Depots.
Mar. 12, 1870—tf

[illegible]
VINEGAR BITTERS,
Hundreds of Thousands
[illegible]
WHAT ARE THEY?

THEY ARE NOT A VILE
FANCY DRINK,
Poor Rum, Whiskey, Proof Spirits and Refuse Liquors, doctored, spiced, and sweetened to please the taste, called "Tonics" "Appetizers," "Restorers," &c., that lead the tippler on to drunkenness and ruin, but are a true Medicine, made from the Native Roots and Herbs of California, free from all Alcoholic Stimulants. They are the GREAT BLOOD PURIFIER and LIFE GIVING PRINCIPLE, a perfect Renovator and Invigorator of the system, carrying off all poisonous matter, and restoring the blood to a healthy condition. All can take these Bitters, according to directions, and remain long unwell.
They are given for an immortality case, produces are not destroyed by mineral or other means, and the vital organs are preserved the point of repair.
Inflammatory and Chronic Rheumatism and Gout, Dyspepsia, or Indigestion, Bilious, Remittent, and Intermittent Fevers, Diseases of the Blood, Liver, Kidneys, and Bladder, these Bitters have been most successful. Such Diseases are caused by Vitiated Blood, which is generally produced by derangement of the Digestive Organs.
They invigorate the stomach, and stimulate the torpid liver and bowels, which render them of unequalled efficacy in cleansing the blood of all impurities, and imparting new life and vigor to the whole system.
For Dyspepsia or Indigestion, Headache, Pain in the Shoulders, Coughs, Tightness of the Chest, Dizziness, Sour Stomach, Bad Taste in the Mouth, Bilious Attacks, Palpitation of the Heart, Copious Discharges of Urine, Pain in the regions of the Kidneys, and a hundred other painful symptoms which are the offsprings of Dyspepsia, are cured by these Bitters.
In cleanse the Vitiated Blood whenever you find its impurities bursting through the skin in Pimples, Eruptions, or Sores; cleanse it when it is foul, and your feelings will tell you when. Keep the blood pure and the health of the system will follow.
PIN, TAPE, and other WORMS, lurking in the system of so many thousands, are effectually destroyed and removed.
For full directions, read carefully the circular around each bottle, printed in four languages—English, German, French, and Spanish.
J. WALKER, 32 & 34 Commerce Street, N. Y. Proprietor. R. H. McDONALD & CO.
Druggists and General Agents.
San Francisco, California, and 32 and 34 Commerce Street, N. Y.
SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS AND DEALERS.

5 FIRST PRIZE MEDALS AWARDED.

THE GREAT
Southern Piano
MANUFACTORY.
WM. KNABE & CO.
MANUFACTURERS OF
GRAND, SQUARE AND UPRIGHT
PIANO FORTES
BALTIMORE, MD.
These Instruments have been before the public for nearly Thirty Years, and upon their excellence alone attained an unpurchased pre-eminence, which pronounces them unequaled. Their
TONE
combines great power, sweetness and fine singing quality, as well as great purity of intonation and Sweetness throughout the entire scale. Their
TOUCH
is pliant and elastic, and entirely free from the stiffness found in so many Pianos
IN WORKMANSHIP
they are unequalled using none but the very best SEASONED MATERIAL, the large capital employed in our business enabling us to keep continually an immense stock of lumber, &c., on hand.
☞All our SQUARE PIANOS, have our New Improved Over Strung Scale and the AGRAFFE TREBLE.
☞We would call special attention to our late improvements in GRAND PIANOS AND SQUARE GRANDS, Patented August 14, 186 , which bring the Piano nearer perfection than has yet been attained.
Every Piano fully warranted for 5 Years.
We have made arrangements for the SALE WHOLESALE AGENCY for the most celebrated PARLOR ORGANS AND MELODEONS, which we offer, Wholesale and Retail, at Lowest Factory Prices.
WM. KNABE & CO.
Baltimore, Md.
Sept17—6m.

DR. J. BRADFIELD'S
FEMALE REGULATOR,
"WOMAN'S BEST FRIEND."
Will bring on the Menses when they have not been established, also when they have been suppressed from unnatural causes.—Will cure Rheumatism and Neuralgia of the back and womb. Will cure painful Menstruation, and relieve the head, back and loins of those distressing pains and aches. Will check hemorrhagin or excessive flow. Will cure "Whites" and falling of the womb, when it is the result of relaxation or bad health.
It is as sure a cure in all the above diseases as Quinine is in Chills and Fever
Ladies can cure themselves of all the above diseases without reading their complaints to any person, which is always mortifying to their pride and modesty.
It is recommended and used by the best physicians in their private practice.
For a history of the above diseases, certificates of its wonderful cures and directions the reader is referred to the wrapper around the bottle. Manufactured and sold by
BRADFIELD & CO. Atlanta Ga.
Sold by all Druggists. Price $1.50.
apr30-1870—1y.

THE CELEBRATED
JEFFEL'S UNRIVALLED
AMERICAN
DOUBLE
TURBINE
WATER WHEEL,
Mill Gearing, Shafting & Pulleys
STEAM ENGINES & BOILERS.
POOLE & HUNT, BALTIMORE, MD.
SEND FOR A CIRCULAR.

CALL AT THE
Old Hotel,
West Side of the Public Square.
Jacksonville, Ala.
WHICH has been repaired, refurnished and refitted up, especially for the comfort of those who may favor us with a call. Rooms large and comfortable—fare good as the country affords—servants polite and attentive—charges reasonable.
Can accommodate a dozen or two regular boarders.
J. D. HAMMOND,
Dec. 18, '69—1y. Proprietor.

[illegible]
[illegible]
[illegible]

Jacksonville Republican.

JACKSONVILLE, ALA.

Saturday December 24, 1870.

ANNOUNCEMENTS.

Mr. Editor:—As the law allowing the Superintendent of Instruction to appoint the County Superintendents, has been repealed and the people are now allowed to elect their own Superintendents, and the election is to be held on the 1st Saturday in March next, we beg leave to announce the name of Mr. LUKE MITCHELL, as one in every way qualified to discharge the duties of that office.

CITIZENS.

☞ We are requested by the friends of Capt. Wm. M. HAMES, to announce his name as candidate for County Superintendent.

COUNTY CONVENTION.

At a Democratic Mass Meeting held in Jacksonville, July 4th 1870, the following gentlemen were appointed County Executive and Beat Committees.

COUNTY EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE.—Col. JOHN H. CALDWELL, Capt. JAMES CROOK, GEORGE I TURNLEY, ESQR.

BEAT COMMITTEES

No. 1, Jacksonville—E. T. Read, G. B Douthit, and H. L. Stevenson.

No. 2, Alexandria—J. M. Sheid, E. McClelen and W. F. Bush.

No. 3, June Bug—G. B. Skelton, W. B. Doss and T. P. Renfro.

No. 4, Maddox—E. A. Crandall, I. M. Ford and B. Johnson.

No. 5, Polkville—H. T. Francis, P. D. Ross and I. G. Morris.

No. 6, Ohatchee—Dr. Tho's. Williamson, W. Dickie and J. P. Gore.

No. 7, Oak Grove—Henry McBee, Jno. Wesley Ford, and James N. Landers.

No. 8, Allen's—Wm. Dale, Spartan Allen and Benj'n Neighbors.

No. 9, Cross Plains and Ladiga—D. B. Wilson, Dr. J. L. Hughes and Leonidas W. Ferguson.

No. 10, Rabbit Town—J. W. Whiteside Elias Teague, Jr. and Joseph McRoberts.

No. 11, White Plains—W. R. Hanna, M. P. Johnson and A. J. Little.

No 12, Teague's Cross Roads and Davis Town—N. J. Ross, D. Davis and J. B. Mallory.

No. 13, Oxford—Dr. Henry Snow, Dr. S. C. Williams and Capt. J. B. Farmer.

No. 14. Sulphur Springs—Wade Henderson. U. Dulaney & W. Thatcher.

It is requested by the County Executive Committee that the various Beat Committees call Beat meetings and elect delegates to attend a County nominating Convention called to meet in Jacksonville on the Third Saturday in January for the purpose of nominating a candidate for County Superintendent, to be elected in March next, in pursuance of a recent enactment of the Board of Education approved by the Governor.

It is now definitely ascertained, beyond a doubt, that old Shanghai, who pretends to represent Calhoun and Cherokee counties is the worst old Radical in the State. When the time come for "showing hands" at Montgomery, both he and McAfee proved themselves far more hostile to the people of Alabama, than Coon and other carpet baggers of his ilk. The people of Calhoun and Cherokee, call upon old Shanghai to resign his place in the Senate, that they may elect some man of their choice in his place. This Mr. Sanford (Shanghai) will do, if he has any self-respect left. He knows well enough that he has been misrepresenting the people of Calhoun and Cherokee. This no public servant should be allowed to do. Will you resign Sanford? or, will you hold on in defiance of the will and wishes of your masters, the people, subject to the contempt of all honorable men? Will you resign Sanford?

It has been the rumor for a week (but we hardly credit it), that ex-Governor Smith and ex-Governor Parsons, are in Washington working for another reconstruction of Alabama. What should be the fate of men who are always unceasingly and untiringly working against the most vital interests of Alabama?

On last Thursday night a party of madcap youngsters made their appearance in town, dressed *a la* Ku Klux. After a few harmless capers they suddenly disappeared, leaving the people something to talk over next day.

Although their visit was attended with no unpleasant results, we gravely protest against a repetition of the exhibition for several reasons,—first, because, as the law now stands, it is an infraction of it to appear on the highways in disguise; and contempt of law even in the smallest matters, leads to bad results in the future of our country; and second, because that portion of the Yankee Congress, ever in favor of further oppression of the South, have attached a political significance to the demonstrations of masked men, and eagerly seize upon such displays as the one in queston, as pretexts for further legislation inimical to our interests, and hostile to the permanent success of the Democratic party. We know that such freaks of youngsters as the present one, have no political meaning; but the Northern people do not know it, and are prepared to count every such demonstration to the account of the Democratic party. Thus boys, may without any such intention, delay a speedy supremacy of the Democratic party in the government—the only party that can ever restore to this country the prosperity which characterized it in the good old days of yore.

Such fun, therefore, as riding about with a mask on, is costly to the country, and we are too poor yet, by half to pay a high price for our amusement.

AMNESTY.

Provisions of General Butler's Amnesty Bill.

PROPOSED AMENDMENTS.

The amnesty bill, proposed by General Butler, from the Reconstruction Committee, is identical with the bill reported in June last, and recommitted to the committee. It is entitled "A bill for full and general grace, amnesty and oblivion of all wrongful acts, doings, or omissions of all persons engaged in the war of the late Rebellion." The first section provides:

That each and every person, and all and singular the body politic, and corporate, and municipal, and each and all of them, shall be, and by virtue and authority of this act are acquitted, exempted, released, discharged, and do hereby receive full and perfect amnesty of and from all manner of treason and misprisons of treason, felonies and misprisons thereof, treasonable and seditious words, all libels, seditions and unlawful meetings, and also of and from all riots, insurrections, and rebellious acts against the Government. All offences, contempts, trespasses, entires, wrongs, deceits, misdemeanors, forfeitures, disabilities, political or otherwise, penalties, sums of money due or owing, and generally of and from all other things, causes, quarrels, suits, judgments and executions, not in this act hereafter excepted, which may have been made, done, committed, omitted, perpetrated, incurred or forfeited between the 11th day of April 1861, and the 20th day of August, 1866, in carrying on, prosecuting, aiding or interfering with the war of the rebellion, in its behalf, or in behalf of the Government of the United States, or in any way or manner whatever arising or springing out of, or coming from, any act done or omissions made in and about, or concerning, the war of the rebellion between said last-mentioned dates, with full restoration of all rights and privileges lost or injured thereby, and therein, so that no damage, loss harm, wrong or injury shall hereafter come, or any right or claim accrue, to any persons against any other person, not hereinafter excepted, of, from or because of any act done by him, or omitted to be done, in aid of, or in the suppression of, or because of, the late rebellion.

The second section fills six pages, and describes the method of procedure in courts to ascertain whether cases come under the first section, and for their discharge if they do; and it also provides penalties against persons who commence suit against persons who are entitled to amnesty under the provisions of the act, for deeds done during the rebellion. The third section reads as follows:

That the following classes of persons, and the rights, titles, and causes of action, and matters hereinafter set forth, shall be excepted from all provisions of this act, and none other. First: Whoever, having been educated at the Military Academy at West Point, or the Naval school at Annapolis shall have engaged in the rebellion and insurrection against the United States, or given aid and comfort to the enemies thereof. Second—Whoever, having been a member of either House of Congress of the United States, shall have engaged in rebellion against the same, or given aid and comfort to the enemies thereof and whoever was a member of the so-called "Confederate Congress." Third—Whoever shall have held the office of head of one of the Executive Departments of the Government of the United States, or Minister Plenipotentiary, or Minister Resident, or Judge of any Court under the United States, and shall have engaged in rebellion or insurrection against the same or given aid and comfort to the enemies thereof, and whoever shall have held either of the offices under so called "Confederate States." Fourth—Whoever shall have voted for or signed any ordinance of secession of any State or held the office of Governor of such State while the same was in rebellion. Fifth—Whoever, while in the service so-called "Confederate States," treated with cruelty or otherwise than according to the usages of war any prisoner of war held by the authority of the so-called "Confederate States." Sixth—Whoever, having charge and custody of the public money of the United States, intrusted to them between said dates, have not duly accounted for and paid over the same, and whoever shall have concealed or secreted public stores, public goods, chattels, moneys, provisions, or military and naval property of the United States. Seventh—All deserters from the army and navy of the United States, and all "bounty jumpers." Eighth—All property and rights of property acquired by any levy, judgment, or extent made and executed upon any lands or tenements, goods or chattels, or other valuable thing whatever and any sale or forfeiture by confiscation or taxation, whereby any rights or title have become vested either in the United States or in third persons. Ninth—Every piece and parcel of land, however it may be described or bounded, which now is or has been used as a cemetery in which the bodies of the soldiers of the United States are interred, which is in the occupation of the United States, for the purpose of a cemetery, which parcels of land are hereby decared the property of the United States, in fee by capture in war, and forever, dedicated to the uses and purposes of cemeteries for the soldiers of the United States, heretofore interred or hereafter to be interred therein, and to be under jurisdiction of the United States for such purposes inalienable forever. Provided, That nothing herein contained shall affect or impair the validity of any act of Congress removing the political disabilities of any person herein excepted from the benefit of the provisions of this act.

The concluding section extends the benefit of the Amnesty, "to all acts and omissions made or done, or omitted to be done, by any officer or soldier or other agent of the United States in carrying out or putting in execution the laws of the United States known as the 'Reconstruction Acts,' and the other acts for the government of the rebellious States, however the same may be entitled."

Amendments will be offered in the House to strike out the excepting clauses, so as to make the Amnesty as full and complete as the title of the bill indicates. It is certain that the House will be as liberal as the committee in the matter.

MONTEVIDEO, Nov. 20.—A rumor is current in town that there has been a naval engagement off the coast of Brazil between a Prussian frigate and two French gunboats; that the fight lasted for several hours, and was terminated by the Prussian sinking the Frenchmen. The names of the vessels engaged are not known, nor is the loss of life stated.

A FRENCH FLEET OFF THE GERMAN COAST.

KOENIGSBERG, Dec. 17.—A despatch was received here to-day from Pillau announcing that the five French frigates, which recently passed the Skagerrack and the Great Belt, have been sighted off that port. Pillau is only twenty-five miles from this city, and there is consequently considerable alarm felt in some quarters. It is believed, however, that the preparations made to meet the enemy are ample.

Visitors to the capitol yesterday witnessed the introduction into full membership, of the first colored Representative in Congress—Rainey, of South Carolina, who comes to Congress as the successor of the notorious carper-bagger and cadet-pedler, Benjamin F. Whittemore. In selecting this man to represent them, the people of the First District of South Carolina have in a measure, wiped away the disgrace that attached to them through their former representative, Whittemore. Rainey is rather a fine looking man who is evidently puffed up with his own importance. His credentials were presented by Mr. Dawes of Massachusetts, who also went rather out of his way to escort him to the speaker's chair to be sworn in. Ordinarily, when a white man is qualified as representative, he is invited by the speaker to come forward, and does so unattended; but in this case Mr. Dawes seemed to consider it important that the first colored representative should have an escort to the bar. Of course there was no objection, and consequently no excitement. The precedent had been set in the case of Revels, the colored Senator, and it was useless to attempt a contest. After taking the oath, Rainey walked off and took the extreme corner seat, in the southwest part of the hall, on the Republican side, where he was surrounded by a crowd of representatives, composed of his colleague, Bowen, Kelley, of Pennsylvania; Atwood, of Wisconsin; Butler, of Tennessee; Maynard, of Tennessee; Morrill, of Maine; Morell, of Pennsylvania, and others, who seemed particularly anxious to show attention to their "man and brother." Rainey's first vote was given in the negative, on the proposition to lay on the table General Banks' San Domingo resolution. He may therefore be counted on as an annexationist.—*Washington Patriot.*

Quite an excitement was prevailing yesterday at Wetumpka over the trial of eight black scoundrels, who had been arrested for highway robbery.—They robbed two road wagons the night before of several hundred dollars, and a considerable amount of produce. The wagons belonged to, and were driven by two honest old white men. The criminals were put in jail to await the action of a higher Court.—Mon't. Advertiser.

One of the most amusing scenes occurred at our Theatre during the late engagement of Edwin Forrest. On Friday night the play was "Damon and Pythias," and in the Senate house Damon delivers the following beautiful speech:

"And all! are content! A nation's rights betrayed, and all content! Oh, stars! oh, parricide! oh, by the brightest hope a just man has, I blush to look around and call you men!—What! with your own free willing hands yield up the fabric of your constitution, to be a garrison, a common barrack, and common guardhouse—and for common outbreaks? What! will ye all combine to tie a stone each to the other's neck, and drown like dogs within the tide of Time, and never float to after age? or at best but float a buoyant pestilence? Can ye but dig your own dark graves, creep into them, and die!"

At the conclusion of the same, a son of the Emerald Isle, who has for a number of years been a vender of newspapers, cried out at the top of his well-known voice, "Send for Clanton." The effect upon the audience could be better witnessed that described.—Mon't. Mail.

An Arkansas editor apologises for the lack of editorial in his paper by saying that "the day had been consumed in answering challenges and arranging preliminaries to fight." He says "a pressure of editorial duties had allowed those matters to accumulate on his hands for several days, so that he had to devote considerable time to settling them all in a lump." He assures his readers that it will not occur again, as he has so disposed his corps of assistants as to allow him time to give immediate attention to these little matters at the time of their occurrence.

The Administration organs are gradually feeling their way to the preparing of the public mind for a war with Great Britain. Thus, the New York *Times* makes the following threat in noticing the comments of the London *Times* on Grant's Message. It says:

"As regards the fisheries question, the putting off policy will not be allowed. That question must be disposed of soon, and satisfactorily, or the opening of the next fishing season will find the President prepared to protect American interests in his own way."

At the time of the death of Washington, in the last month of the last century, Congress made provision for paying a watchman to guard the crypt in the National Capitol, where it was expected his remains would be entombed. Singularly enough, from that day till a few months ago, Congress has regularly made an appropriation to pay for this imaginary service, and some unscrupulous person has managed to draw the money. Another case of this kind was discovered recently in France, when the Government removed from Paris to Tours. A sentinel was found on duty in one of the inner passages without any apparent object. The man himself had no idea what he was guarding, but knew that for upwards of twenty years he had been stationed there and paid for his services. On referring to the archives, it was discovered that twenty-three years ago the corridor had been painted, and a sentinel posted there to keep people from rubbing against the paint.

A singular disease is now puzzling the physicians of Lowndes county, says the Haynesville *Chronicle*. The patient is taken with spasms at regular intervals—say, once or twice a day—but has no fever, and except slight prostration and debility, is apparently in average health. The spasms or fits show no signs of congestion, the eye being perfectly clear and the pulse moderate. A negro woman died of it in Haynesville Monday, and we have heard of two other cases. The physicians are at a loss to diagnose the new disease.

A curious accident occurred at a church in Meriden, Ct. last Sunday. A gentleman was promenading an aisle with his overcoat on his arm, when from the pocket of the coat, to the amazement of himself and others, slipped a pack of cards. Smiling a ghastly smile, he scooped up as many as he could of the pasteboards, and passed along as quickly as possible.

In his speech on the Butler amnesty bill, Congressman Morgan makes the point that if the 180 United States officers including Lee, the Johnstons, Longstreet and others, were patriots for withdrawing from the United States army to take part in the rebellion, Mr. Cameron, who was then Secretary of War, colluded in the treason by accepting their treasonable resignations. He aided their treason and is, therefore, a traiter too.

Go to Draper & Johnson's for your cheap hats.

New England in the Tax List.

The annual report of the Commissioner of Internal Revenue presents an estimate of the annual receipts from internal revenue in each State and Territory of the Union for the future, under the laws as they now stand. The aggregate is $111,318,000. In the receipts from Revenue as in all other taxation, New York pays proportion of one-fifth of all, or $20,863,000. The most notable exhibit is made by the six New England States, which effect so much pretension and hold such a preponderance in the Government. As compared with six other States—New York, Ohio, Illinois, Pennsylvania, Kentucky and Virginia—the New England States Maine, New Hampshire, Connecticut, Massachusetts, Rode Island and Vermont, pay:

Six other States,	$75,675,000
Six New England States,	6,508,000
Difference,	69,167,00

And yet the six New England States, which pay only six million to the seventy-five million paid by six other States, have an equal representation with those six other States in the United States Senate.

The Six New England States pay over $2,000,000 less internal tax than the single State of Kentucky with which only two Senators and nine Representatives pays $8,709,000, and Ohio with only two Senators and nineteen Representatives pays $16,062,000, while the six New England States, with twelve Senators and twenty-seven Representatives pay but $6,508,000. And yet New England gets the lion's share in Governmental favors.—Mont. Adv.

GEORGIA.

AUGUSTA, Dec. 22.—Election closed, and passed off quietly throughout the State, both parties voting freely and without intimidation so far as heard from. Will take a day or two to give the result, we still believe the Democrats will elect four if not five members to Congress, and two thirds to the Legislature.

Savannah—Election passed off quietly to-day. Result not known.

Atlanta—Democrats elected their ticket by a small majority; Walton county democratic by a large majority.

Canuck—Democrats ahead in Walker, Taliferro, Wilks and Columbia counties.

Montazuma,—Republicans ahead in this county. Dooley county largely Democratic.

Columbia.—Democrats carried this county.

Macon.—vote of Bibb County 5543; being the largest ever cast, both sides claim success, Democrats claim the county by 200.

Augusta,—Democrats carried Richmond county stronghold of Republicanism in the State, Democrats elected a full ticket.

RING OUT WILD BELLS.

From the Tuskaloosa Monitor.

W. H. Smith has surrendered and R. B Lindsay is in possession

Ring out wild bells to the wild sky;
Ring out the false—ring in the true;
Ring in the One—ring out the Two.
Wring old Smith's neck, and Bingham's too!

White and Parsons and Rice.
Rice and Parsons and White,
Talladega dogs that bark,
But dogs that can not bite.

Barr! Barr! black sheep,
Have you any wool?
Yes, J. Q. Smith,
Three bags full;

One for the tricksters,
Injunctions to shove,
One for the Treas'rer,
And one for the Gov.

A Treasurer lay dying in the State of Alabam,
There was lack of "greenback stuffing" his pockets for to cram;
But a comrade lay beside him, by the name of William Smith,
Whose packing off to Coventry no longer is a myth.

The dying Treas'rer faltered, in despite of all his brass,
And he said, I ne'er shall finger more those precious money bags;
Take a message to John Hardy, and those other pals of mine,
For I am Authur Bingham—Authur Bingham on the Whine.

THE ECLECTIC MAGAZINE.—This well-known periodical makes a special appeal to Southern readers, and presents its claims to our patronage. Previous to the late war fully one-half the circulation of this magazine was found in the South, and precisely the features which commended it to us then it still retains. It is a thoroughly excellent magazine; it is entirely non-partisan, non-sectional, and non-sectarian, and it seldom contains a line that can be offensive to the most sensitive of readers. With the January number, just received, the Eclectic enters upon a new volume and a new year, and it is a very good number for subscribers to commence with. It contains a beautiful steel engraving called "The Florentine Poet," and has no less than twenty new articles; among which are American Humor, the Present Condition of China, Bulwer's Life of Lord Palmerston, The San's 1868, 1869 and 1870, Sketches of the War, Pins, Tyndall on Imagination in Science, Military Genius, Alfred de Musset, German Constancy, three or four choice poems, a serial story, and many other excellent papers, besides the Editor's departments. The Eclectic is published by E. R. Pelton, 108 Fulton St., New York. Price, $5 per year; single copies, 45 cts. Liberal terms are offered to agents and getters up of clubs.

Dueling.

Now that the subject of dueling has been made additionally interesting by the deadly peril which Donn Piatt has just escaped, the following account of De Witt Clinton's little affair with Swartwout may be worth reproducing. We copy from Appleton's Journal:

That infraction of the code did not necessarily involve social ostracism is evident from the fact that De Witt Clinton left the field with impunity, while Swartwout, his opponent, was protesting he was not satisfied. After the first shot the latter demanded a second, and, after the second, a third. Neither was wounded.

"Is your principal satisfied?" asked Riker, Clinton's second.

"He is not," replied Smith, after consulting with Swartwout.

The fourth shot was then engaged. Clinton's ball entering the calf of Swartwout's leg.

"Is your principal satisfied now?" demanded Riker.

"He is not," replied Smith.

Shots were exchanged the fifth time, and again Clinton's ball entered Swartwout's leg.

Riker again asked the question: "Is your principal satisfied, Mr. Smith?"

After a moment's consultation with Swartwout, who, standing while the surgeon extracted the bullets from his leg, manifested great fortitude, Smith replied that he was not.

"Then he may go to hell, for I will fight no more!" replied Clinton, and immediately left the field.

The College will be entirely completed by the 1st of February.

Alexander & Morris have just received "oodles" of cocoanuts and raisons. They just give 'em away for the money.

Telegraphic.

ANOTHER GREAT GUN.

GEORGIA REDEEMED.

HONESTY TRIUMPHANT.

Grease and Venality Abashed.

How Hargrove Carried Floyd

Grant's Policy.

How a Noble People have Rebuked a Fool (Grant) and His Tool, (Akerman.)

Three Cheers for Georgia.

AUGUSTA, Dec. 23.—Official vote of Richmond county, elects the Democratic ticket by 800 majority; the Democrats carry Fifth District by over 4,000 majority, electing S. A. Corker and D. M. Dubose to Congress, and four fifths of the members to the Legislature.

SAVANAH—It is believed the Democrats will elect all the county officers in Chatham, and members to Legislature. Paine and McEntire, Democrats, probably elected to Congress from First District, and Rufus E. Lester Democratic State Senator.

LEXINGTON—Democrats carry Oglethorpe county by 300 majority.

ROME—Democrats carry Floyd by 100+ majority, electing the full ticket, also Chattooga and Polk counties, Cherokee, Georgia, will send unanimous Democratic representation to the Legislature. P. M. B. Young elected to Congress from the 7th District by about 8000 majority. Covington, Newton, Walker, Columbus and Muscogee counties, Democratic by large majorities.

MACON—Quitman county Democratic. Bibb county elects a Republican to the Legislature, average majority 30, much illegal voting, the election will probably be contested. Early, Dougherty, Lee, Clay, Terrel and Calhoun counties doubtful. Macon and Houston counties largely Republican. Twigg's gives 400 Republican majority. Jones, supposed Democratic. In Bibb county for 41st Congress, Spier beats Lawton, for 42d Congress, Spier beats Lawton.

THE ELECTION.

From the Rome Courier.]

The long suspense is at length over—the heart bitterness and the painful struggle is ended—the people have spoken, and Radicalism stands rebuked. The joy we feel in making this announcement that Georgia stands redeemed and disenthralled, more than pays us for all that we have undergone to secure this result, and now that our people are free, we feel in the fullness of our gladness like extending the hand of forgiveness and of charity to all who were so blindly opposed to us during the contest.

Our dispatches, up to the present moment indicate that the State has gone Democratic by a large majority, and that the Democrats will have a two thirds majority in the House.

That they will not abuse that power we feel morally certain, and any uneasiness that the radicals may have of unjust proscription may be an exhibition of conscious guilt rather than of just fears.

Prudence, wisdom and moderation were the principles upon which we made the fight, and they will be the principles which are to govern the victors.

Our people have done well. It is a real pleasure to contemplate their action. It evinces that the spirit of freedom is not dead, and that our republican institutions are yet safe in the hands of the people.

It is not worth while to repudiate the history of the campaign, or to discuss the issues that were before the people. Such would only ripen the bitterness of that strife which we are now anxious to see buried forever.

It is enough to say that our State is now in the hands of its own people, and that all are now willing to build up its prosperities.

The returns of the election will be given in their proper place as soon as they are received.

It is estimated that there are fifteen thousand white people in Tennessee who can neither write their names or read their Bible.

J. L. Colby, of Mobile, committed suicide a few days ago.

November 25th, near Hartville, Russell county, A. J. Harris was called to the gate, and shot five times. His wounds were mortal.

Ruffian C. Ray and Jos DeFoe, the two young men charged with having killed young Blair in Limestone county, Alabama, a few months since, have been arrested and lodged in the jail at Athens. They passed through Florence on Saturday last, under the charge of Sheriff John Lester, who had captured them in Wayne county, Tennessee.

H. J. Walton, late of Lowndes, of Montgomery county, was called to his door, one night about two weeks ago, and shot to death.

A dancing master in Madison, Indiana, has introduced a new sensation in dancing.

It is called "Kiss Cotillion" in which the lady kisses the gentlemen as she swings on the corner. Who wouldn't swing round the circle?

—The house of Mr. Watson, in Marshall county, was burned about two weeks ago, and two of his children, idiots, were burned to death in it. The mother was also badly burned.

THE MARKET.

New York, Dec. 23.—Cotton quiet. Uplands, 15 5-8. Gold, 10½.

Rome Radical Rascalities.

The Rome Commercial contains a card from Judge Underwood and Colonel Alexander, the two election managers appointed by the Ordinary, that the Bullock managers, Major L. B. Hargrove and H. H. Penney, refused the others anything to do with the ballot box deciding Hargrove should keep the box and Penny keep the key.

Also that Hargrove should receive the ballots and Penney put them in the box. Major Hargrove declared that it was a question of power.

We call Governor Bullock's attention to the gross unfairness of this thing. When it is known that Hargrove is a candidate, the outrage assumes a still more heinous aspect. *Atlanta Constitution.*

The Treasury Department now prints 4,000 copies of the public debt statement in German and 2,000 in English.

The House of Representatives of the 42nd Congress, which meets in March next, will stand as follows:

Republicans,	137.
Democrats,	101.
Liberals and Independents,	5.
Total,	243.

Net Republican majority, 31.

This is quite different from their majority in the present house, which is one hundred and fourteen.

This wonderful change shows the rapid decadence of the Republican party and clearly indicates to every candid and intelligent mind, that in the great campaign of 1872, the great despotism which had its birth in the confusion incident to the late civil war and its consequences, will pass away and the government be once more restored to the people and their real representatives.—God speed the day.

A Cedar Falls (Iowa) man ate too liberally at his wedding supper and had his sleep disturbed by a nightmare. He dreamed that he was chained to a log and placed on a railway track. He tugged and pulled and twisted to free himself before the train approached, but was unsuccessful until the train dashed up, when he was lifted by the cowcatcher, and awoke to find himself on the floor, his wife standing over him brandishing a chair and demanding to know why he had pulled her out of bed by the leg.

A fire in Chattanooga last week burnt out De Long & Son, George Byron, A. Bohr, Miss Katter, E. A. Cramer and Mr. Adlem, on Market street. Loss, $13,075.

A singular phenomenon was recently seen by persons near Sulphur Springs, Texas. "About 8 o'clock in the morning" says an eye-witness, "when there was not a cloud to dim the blue vault of heaven, fell what can but be termed a shower of blood, which lasted 8 or 10 seconds. Its district was quite limited, and it fell in specks about the size of squirrel shot, and in density about one hundred to the size of an ordinary plate."

Massachusetts sends more orders to New York for counterfeit money than any other State in the Union.

Two Mackeys are suggested for Treasurer of Pennsylvania—one a Democrat and the other a Radical.

A strong effort is to be made during the present Session of Congress to repeal the tax on salt.

Two hundred operatives are steadily employed in the manufacture of balloons in Paris.

WASHINGTON NOTES.

The Department of Agriculture estimates that the corn crop this year will exceed 1,100,000 bushels.

The Senate postal Committee will concure in the House amendment to the postal code, and try to secure its passage early in January.

The whole number of disabled soldiers suported during the year in the national asylums is 4,194, being an increase of 400 over last year.

Akerman's opinion on the Pacific Railroad law does not stand the test of criticism among lawyers in Congress, as it is evident he never read the law.

During a recent examination in natural history, the teacher asked an Irish lad, "Why does a cat while eating, turn her head first one way and then the other?" "For the rayson" said Pat, "that she cannot turn it both ways at once."

HOW THE COAT FITTED.—A singular illustration of the danger of impersonal personalities was lately afforded in Pottsville, Pa., when the *Miners' Journal* inadvertently stated that there was a man in the place who had been drunk for thirty-five years. The editor was thereupon called to account by at least twenty different persons, who insisted that the item was a personal attack upon them. The man he really referred to, the editor says, "is sharp enough to keep his mouth shut about it, but keeps on drinking just as if not a word had been said."

While trying to arrest Andrew Sauls, a noted desperado of Liberty county, Georgia, Deputy Sheriff Stafford and a young man named J. A. Munn, a student of the Hineville Academy, were shot by him and instantly killed. Sauls then made his escape, but was found the next day about four miles from his own house, lying dead in the woods from the effect of the wounds received during the rencounter.

Letter from Senator Spencer.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 8. 1870.

To the Editor of the Tribune:—Sir. I notice in the issue of the New York *Tribune* of to-day an editorial charging me with the responsibility of the election of a Democratic Senator from Alabama. In a previous issue, the *Tribune* threatened me with its censure should Senator Warner be defeated. I have only to deny that I am in any way responsible either for the defeat of Gen Warner or the election of a Democratic successor; and the charge is therefore false,

The responsibility, in my opinion, rests with ex-Provisional Governor Parsons, Alexander White and Samuel F. Rice, these gentlemen of Democratic celebrity, who were the especial champions of the Seymour and Blair ticket in Alabama, and who took charge of Senator Warner, Governor Smith and the Republican party, in the late disastrous campaign. That the Republican party should have met with reverse under such tutelage ought not to be a matter of surprise.

I have the honor to be, very respectfully, your obedient servant,

GEO. E. SPENCER.

[Mr. Spencer sadly misjudges if he imagines that the above card will convince any one that he did not seek the defeat of his colleague. *Ed. Tribune.*]

We regret that we do not see that it was necessary to suppress inquiry into the proceedings by which the Arlington estate was forfeited. It is said to have belonged to General Lee or his wife; and it was cogently urged in debate in the Senate that General Lee had committed treason, which is defined in the Constitution of the United States to be "waging war against the United States." But General Lee is dead; and the same Constitution which defines his offense, limits to him the punishment for it. It says: "no attainder for treason shall work corruption of blood, or forfeiture, except during the life of the person attainted." If there are any indirect modes of doing what the Constitution forbids, they ought at least, to be known, and to smother investigation in the matter, which has a general interest, beyond the particular case, seems to be a poor way of disposing of it. The very question is, whether the Constitution of the United States does not limit the forfeiture to the life of the man who did what Lee did.—*Philadelphia Age.*

Henry Ward Beecher owns a $20,000 house in Brooklyn, a $30,000 farm in Peekskill, and half the *Christian Union* newspaper. Twenty-five years ago he had to wait sometimes a week before he could pay postage on a home letter. His salary was $150, half payable in provisions.

The Decatur *Times* goes for the Legislature as follows:

"We took up a pickaxe and spade yesterday, and set to work on the Montgomery MAIL, and for hours labored to dig out something of importance from the proceedings of the Legislature, but failed. We noticed several important bills introduced, making Betsy Ann Hannah Maria Peggy Jane Smith a free dealer; and others relieving Sammy Bobby Natty Jacobus Jenkins of disabilities have all been introduced. It is useless to publish the proceedings, as they are only interesting to free dealers and minors.

Radical Frauds in Augusta.

The election managers in Augusta refused to number the ballots. Two candidates for the Legislature, Bryant, Radical and Cumming, Democrat, offered a written protest against this violation of law.

The managers refused to consent to means that would preserve the ballot-box from being tampered with, but were finally forced to it by public indignation, and two of each party watched the box at night with one of the managers.

Over five hundred illegal votes are believed to have been polled. *Atlanta Constitution.*

WASHINGTON NOTES.

Senator Drake was sworn in yesterday as Chief Justice of the Court of Claims.

Senater Pratt of Indiana intends to resign as soon as he can secure a Republican successor.

Mr. Hooper of Massachusetts will probably succeed Gen. Schenck as Chairman of the Ways and means.

Attorney-General Akerman is said to be willing to go out of the Cabinet if he can be elected United States Senator from Georgia.

The House Judiciary Committee has agreed to report the Senate bill for the relief of purchasers of land sold for taxes in the late insurrectionary States.

The Supreme Court yesterday decided that the invoice price of goods is the only one known to the officers of customs in determining the value for appraisal.

Military Rascality in Georgia.

Henry S. Wetmore, in a card over his signature, states that in 1868 he was elected a Judge of Probate in Chatham county, Ga., in which is located the city of Savannah. He was elected on the Republican ticket by a majority of 2,000 votes. On the 18th of April 1870, while in the exercise of his judicial functions, he found it necessary to discharge a man on a writ of *habeas corpus*, owing to the insufficiency of the warrant or order of arrest. Immediately afterwads, in order to punish him for enforcing the law, General Terry, commanding the U. S. troops in Georgia, issued an order depriving him of his office. Of course, to this illegal and brutal interference he paid not the least attention. Terry, then, to use the language of the Judge, "forcibly ousted me from the office by the force of the bayonet and installed his military appointee. The reason for this exhibition of brute force and the spectacle of a civil Judge driven from his bench by soldiery, was because General Terry differed in opinion with me on the law governing in the Gerstmann case. As proof of this assertion, I state that General Sherman called on Terry for information concerning the matter, and that Terry replied, May 23, giving as the sole reason for his action his disagreement with me on the law I laid down in the *habeas corpus* case of Grestmann." When the Judge remonstrated, and asked Terry if he would allow a State Court to investigate the matter by a writ of *quo warranto*, addressed to his successor, the military tyrant replied that he would not allow his action in the matter to be passed upon by a State Court while he was in command, and thus the Judge was prevented from exercising his rights or from asking a Court to pass upon them.

The Impeachment of Gov. Holden.

The following are the counts in the bill of impeachment presented by the House of Representatives of North Carolina, against Wm. W. Holden, Governer:

That Wm. W. Holden, Gov. of North Carolina, unmindful of the oath of office, did, in July last, organize, arm and equip a military force not recognized by and in subversion of the Constitution of the State of North Carolina, which military forces so unlawfully organized was not kept under subordination to, and governed by the civil power, but was by the order of the said Wm. W. Holden, Governor as aforesaid made paramount to, and subversive of the civil authority.

That the said Wm. W. Holden, Gov. as foresaid, did in the months of July and August last without lawful warrant and authority, and in defiance and subversion of the Constitution, arrest and imprison many of the people and law-abiding citizens of the State, depriving them of their liberties and privileges, and certain of said citizens so unlawfully arrested and imprisoned did cause to be subjected to cruel and unusual punishment.

That the said Wm. W. Holden, Governor as aforesaid, denied to citizens, unlawfully restrained of their liberty by his authority, all remedy to inquire into the lawfulness thereof, and in defiance of the Constitution, the laws and the process of the courts, he suspended the privilege of the writ of *habeas corpus*, claiming that he was governed by a supreme law whereby he could deny the privileges of the said writ when in his opinion the safety of the State required it.—In view of the matter herein set forth, combining historical facts with statements contained in public documents and the records of the public departments and the courts the undersigned members of the committee, who are a majority thereof, are of the opinion that Wm. W. Holden, Governor of the State of North Carolina, be impeached of high crimes and misdemeanors.

☞ About ten years since, John, deaf and dumb son of Mrs. Julia Daley, No. 70 East Seventh street, Cincinnati, left home, and has not since been heard from. His mother, who thinks that if alive he is living somewhere in the South, is very anxious to obtain information concerning him.

POCKET BOOK LOST.

The undersigned lost on the 12 inst. between Jacksonville and Oxford on the wagon road a small plain black pocket book, containing $15 in greenbacks and 10 ct. in nickel coin, together with other valuable papers—notes and accounts made payable to him.

Parties finding the property will please leave same at Republican Office, or send information that may lead to its recovery to me at Vernon, Trupe Co, Ga.

J. D. JOHNSTON.

dec17—3t.

Dissolution of Partnership.

The Partnership heretofore existing between Alexander Morris & Co. was dissolved by mutual consent on the 29th of September 1870. The business will be continued by Alexander & Morris.

WM. T. ALEXANDER.
WM. H. MORRIS.
ROBT. ALEXANDER.

I hereby give notice that my connection with the firm of Alexander Morris & Co. ceased on the 29 day of September 1870.

ROBT. ALEXANDER.

JACKSONVILLE

DECEMBER 24, 1870.

...NA, ECNE & DALTON R R.

CHANGE OF SCHEDULE.

On and after Thursday, June 2nd, ..., and further notice, trains of this road ...ass Jacksonville, as follows:

... Train from South at ..... 4:45 P. M.
... " North at ..... 3:21 A. M

TRI-WEEKLY FREIGHT TRAIN.
...ving from South, Mondays, Wed...
...days and Fridays, at ..... 5:31 P. M
...m North, ... 4:10 A M

E. G. BARNEY,
Sup't and Ag't.
...EXTON,
Ass't Sup't. sep4-tim.

O YES!!!

...e must collect *closely*. Please do ...delay, but come forward *promptly*, ...make payment *in full*. We mean ...e say.
...R. L. WOODWARD & SONS.
...10, 1870.—tf.

...eather, clear and cold.

...e will only issue a half sheet next ..., as customary every year, in order ...ve the printers holiday.

...e new Methodist minister preached ...e sermon on last Sabbath at 11 ...k. The people are pleased with

...nnot the young ladies of Jackson... get up some kind of entertainment ...g the holidays, to aid the Lee ...ment Association?

...n't all come at once with your ...mas gifts. That is, we do not ... to be overwhelmed with a *rush*. ... no objection to the gifts, however, ...stand.

... Carrier will be on hand New ... eve, with an Address, which, ... what we have already seen of it, ...ink will take exceedingly well.

...ny of our foreign advertisements ...d the early part of this month and ... been taken out, which gives us ... room for reading matter.

...the hurry of last week the proof ...not read. That will account for the ...errors which occurred on the in... ...f the paper.

... Cross Plains *Democrat*, is the title ...w paper just started at the flour... ... town of Cross Plains. We wish ...ung men who have undertaken ...ficult task of establishing a pay... ...spaper, an abundant success.

... call particular attention to the ...dvertisement of E. L. Woodward's ... Ladies did you know they were ... out so low? Fact. The bargains ...re giving will astonish the natives, ...he fact becomes generally known.

... would gravely suggest to the ...that there is no fun in running ...ons, unhinging gates, and other... ...stroying the property of people ...istmas eve night, as has been the ... from time immemorial. The ...s too old to be laughable.

...ksonville has but 40 young men ...en the ages of 18 and 20 years.—... ...n boast, that of this number, 12 ... use tobacco.

... above has been furnished us by ...w reporter. Now, can he tell us ...any of the number are so fortunate ...be free of the appetite for strong ... Let us hope more of them.

...unt Violet" has this week, at ...omery Bros., an unusually large ...ne assortment of cakes. Those ... who are not successful in baking ...t all kinds at Montgomery Bros., ...st not exceeding the material and ...e of baking. Violet is one of the ...d cleanliest cooks in the State, ... housekeeper in town will hesitate ... of her.

...r the 1st day of January 1871, we ...sitively enter no more names on ...bscription list, unless the cash is ... advance. Friends will please not ...e favor. Between now and that ...we expect all who are in arrears to ...in and settle up. Those who do ...ay expect to have their papers ...d at the end of the year, and their ...s sent out for collection.

... Town Council speak of giving a ...entertainment during the Christ... ...olidays.

... programme is to secure three of ...t tight-rope performers in the U... ...States, and set them to the difficult ... walking the bridge over the dry ... near the residence of Judge Fos... ...so convinced are they of the dan... ...d difficulty of the undertaking, ...ave offered a purse of One Thou... ...ollars to the successful man of the ...This, however, will cost the tax... ... nothing, as the tight-rope men ...tainly fail.

... College building which is now ...te, is not to be excelled in the ...or beauty and convenient arrange... The society of Jacksonville is ...nd refined. The health of this sec... ...country is the best in the world—...nery beautiful. Men of polished ...on and good morals, can be found ... charge of the Institution. Noth... ...erefore, prevents us from having ...he most flourishing schools in the ... The whole matter is in the ... of the Trustees. On them de... ...e success of the Institution. We ...t they know their responsibility ...people who have contributed their ... towards the erection of the build... ...d will discharge their high duties ...torily to all.

We would respectfully suggest to young men about town, who have no business to transact with the editor, that the printing office is not exactly the place to loaf in. Printers to do their work well and rapidly must be in absolute quiet. As the editorial and composing room of the REPUBLICAN is one and the same, our printers are no little annoyed by persons, who come in and insist on discussing noisily every conceivable subject from the European war to State politics.

Some of our young people went up with the bridal party on Thursday evening, and stopped over at Cross Plains to attend the ball given by the young men of that place. The train failed to come down on time Friday morning. At this writing they are still absent, no doubt very much out of sorts with the Selma, Rome & Dalton Rail road, and very impatient to get back home.

K. K. K's. The "veritables," paid us a flying visit on Tuesday night last.

On Friday three youngsters ranging from 10 to 13 years, were seen on the public square drinking from a bottle, which they passed around with great gusto. One of them "would'nt take a cow and calf" for an old hound he had along, and another frequently remarked that he "spent his money free," all of which, would have been very amusing if it had not been painful. The lads belonged to a family moving to mississippi.

Santa Claus has his headquarters at Montgomery Bros.

J. M. Andrews, living on Nancy's Creek, has raised this year, 1678 pounds of cotton to one acre of land. When we consider that he only put on five dollars of fertilizers, and that the cotton was raised in an apple and peach orchard, which necessarily shaded it, the above result speaks well for the land. Hurrah for Nancy's Creek!

Montgomery Bros., have all sorts of toys, candies, &c., for christmas.

We learn through rumor that two negroes were hung in Cherokee county by a mob, some days ago. It seems that four negroes conspired to take the life of a gentleman living in that county. They waylaid the road and killed a man supposed by them to be the man they were after. It turned out, though, that they had killed his brother by mistake.

Two of them were captured and hung. On confession they revealed the above facts.

A member of the Garrison at Patona, was severely cut by a man some days ago, whom it is said, the soldiers attacked. We have learned no definite particulars.

Go to Montgomery Bros., and see their "christmas trix."

Mrs. A. Woods has sent us some large fine strawberries of the Agriculturist variety, grown this winter in the open air. By watching them closely and covering them at night, and during very cold weather, she has succeeded in blooming and ripening a bed of them. Who can beat this?

ALEXANDER—FRANK—on Thursday, 22d inst., at St. Luke's Episcopal Church, in this place, by the Rev. Mr. SMITH, pastor, Mr. WM. P. ALEXANDER to Miss JENNIE FRANK.

The bridal party left for a short tour on Thursday evening. We wish them a happy time and safe return.

Buy your fireworks, toys, fancy candies, &c., from Montgomery Bros.

We are again laid under obligaton for an elegant assortment of confectioneries, by Montgomery Bros., the kindest and most thoughtful of men. They knew we wanted such things for the children's stockings, and at the same time were equally aware of our inability financially, (owing to the fact that many of our subscribers will not pay up), to gratify the wish. May their receipts be as large as their hearts, and their success as abundant as their great liberality. Montgomery Bros., are no half way men. Their stock of fine candies is the best we have seen in Jacksonville since the war.

A new lot of lamps and lanterns for sale cheap at Montgomery Bros.

The city of Selma has gone Democratic, electing a Democratic Mayor and six Democratic Aldermen out of ten. Selma went Radical in the recent State election by about 1500 majority. After this we suppose the Radicals will abandon the hope of ever again building up a successful party in this State. As it is in Selma, so it is all over the State. The Democrats will carry the next State election by fifty thousand majority.

Our streets are sadly in need of repair.

ARTIFICIAL GUANO.—Take 60 lbs. Sulphate of Ammonia, 40 lbs. Nitrate of Soda, 20 lbs. Rock Potash, 1 bushel common salt; add sufficient water to dissolve well, then pour the preparation over 20 bushels of rich earth, or stable manure. Add and mix with this one barrel of land plaster, one barrel of bone dust, and one barrel of lime or same amount of good ashes.

The above are the proportions for one ton. Use as other guano—from one to four hundred pounds per acre. Three hands can make from three to four tons a day at a cost of from $26 to $28 per ton. This preparation is superior to Patapsco Guano. It should be made under a shelter and kept dry if possible.

Messrs. Ed. Turner and J. L. Elston have tried this fertilizer, and find it all that is claimed for it.

Telegraphic.

NORTH CAROLINA.

Raleigh, Dec. 20.—To-day, at eleven o'clock, the Board of Managers, appointed by the House to conduct the impeachment of Governor Holden, attended by Speaker and House of Representatives, proceeded to the bar of the Senate and formally submitted the articles of impeachment. After the conclusion of the ceremonies, the Lieut. Governar vacated his seat as President of the Senate and shortly afterwards took charge of the executive office. Gov. Holden made no objection to surrendering the office.—The Court of Impeachment will convene as soon as Chief Justice Pearson can arrive in the city.

By the confession of a dying negro, it has been ascertained that all the barn burning and depredations committed in this and adjoining counties for the past year, was the result of a planned conspiracy on the part of negroes of the Union League. Forty names are in the possession of the authorities. Some arrests have been made and officers are in hot pursuit of others.

GEORGIA ELECTION NEWS.

Augusta, Dec. 21.—Election progresses without disturbance. Democrats ahead in Richmond and Columbia counties; behind in Burke and Jefferson. In Decatur county the Republicans had a small majority yesterday.

Columbus, Dec. 21.—Democrats ahead in to-day's poll. Alabama negroes are helping the Republicans.

Milledgeville, Dec. 21.—Three election managers arrested and imprisoned at Sparta for receiving illegal votes.

Dr. Brown was knocked down by Judge Linton Stephens. [Judge Stephens is Chairman of the Democratic State Executive Committee.]

Rome, Dec. 21.—Democrats three to one ahead. Many negroes are voting Democratic.

Atlanta, Dec. 21.—Election progressing quietly. Several white men arrested for inciting negroes to vote illegally. Ten colored men arrested for illegal voting. One hundred and fifty colored illegal voters escaped to-night on State road. Deputy United States Marshal refused to accompany a party to arrest them. White leaders arrested. Returns come in slowly, and nothing definite can be ascertained until voting closes.

The impression gains ground that the Democrats will certainly elect four, if not five members to Congress and a large majority of the members to the Legislature.

Rome, Dec. 21. The election returns from the State come in meagre and unreliable. All was quiet, except a difficulty at Macon, which was instigated by the Radicals abusing a negro for voting the Democratic ticket. The difficulty was not serious, as the troops were present and interfered.

LATER.—Dec. 22.—The vote to-day footed up 1251, of which two thirds were Democratic.

—o—

Some idea of Radical propriety may be formed, when it is known that Mr. Zach Hargrove is a candidate for the Legislature in Floyd county, and is acting as one of the election managers appointed by Gov. Bullock.

Atlanta Constitution.

Three hundred and five votes were polled yesterday at Decatur, one hundred and ninety-six at Stone Mountain, and one hundred and twelve at Lithonia, making a total of six hundred and thirteen in DeKalb county. The election is proceeding quietly. It was thought yesterday that Burnett would bring imported voters to Stone Mountain, and the military would have to be invoked to check it. But so far they have not appeared there.—Atlanta Constitution.

DALTON GA., December 20, 1870.

Editor Constitution: We met the enemy this morning at early dawn, and have completely routed him with our skirmishers. None of our main lines were in the fight, and yet their forces are scattered and dismayed. We have voted over three-half of the colored vote, and more than half of the white Radicals. Out of 552 votes polled here to-day, at least 400 are for the regular Democratic ticket. Poor Nat, don't you pity him? Whitfield will maintain her former majority, and add to it four-fold.

We hear the same result from Murray. Tell our friends to be of good cheer.

SNOOKS.

MONEY.

We respectfully request all those who are indebted to us, to come and settle up; as we are compelled to collect, in order to meet our liabilities.

We hope none will fail to heed and read this call; for we are compelled and must have money. Prompt payments make good credit.

J. M. CARROLL & CO

Dec. 24.—3t.

TAX ASSESSOR'S NOTICE.

1ST AND LAST CALL.

I will attend at the various Precincts as Tax Assessor of the County of Calhoun, for the purpose of assessing the State and County Tax for the year 1871, at the times and places hereinafter designated, to-wit:

At Corn Grove, Monday, 16th, Jan., '71.
" Oxford, Tuesday, 17th, " "
" Court Ground, No. 4, Wednesday, 18th, " "
" Sulphur Springs, Thursday, 19th, " "
" Polkville, Friday, 20th, " "
" Peaks Hill, Saturday, 21st, " "
" Mt. Gilead Church. " Monday, 23d, " "
" Walden's Shop, Tuesday, 24th, " "
" Cross Plains, Wednesday, 25th, " "
" Rabbit Town, Thursday, 26th, " "
" White Plains, Friday, 27th, " "
" Taylor's Old Place, Monday, 30th, " "
" Alexandria, Tuesday, 31st, " "
" Jacksonville, on Friday and Saturday, 3d and 4th February, 1871.

Tax payers will be careful to prepare an accurate descriptive list of their real estate, and a just valuation of their personal property, and also, to be prompt in their attendance as required by law. All those claiming exemption from a Poll Tax under the law as now provided, must come before the Assessor and make affidavit of their exemption.

J. B. BROUGHTON,
Tax Assessor, Calhoun County, Ala.

E. L. WOODWARD & SON'S SONS

Have in store, a large lot of

Ladies and Misses Shoes, of various styles and grades—
Mens and Boys Boots and Shoes, which they are now offering cheaper than ever—
Ladies Dress Goods, (various styles.)
Chemise—
Night Dresses—
Balmorals—
Shawls—
White Goods—
Hosiery,
Notions,
Tweeds,
Jeans,
Cloth,
Plaids,
Shirts &c.,

LOW FOR CASH.

They have just received more New Style Hats—very pretty and cheap.

If you need Crockery of any kind call on them and you will be surprised at the lowness of their prices.

POCKET CUTLERY, at the right kind of figures.

Fine Sugar, Coffee and NEW ORLEANS SYRUP.

FACTORY THREAD, DOMESTICS and OSNABURG furnished the Trade at Manufacturers prices.

They are Agents for the sale of

BAUGH'S RAW BONE And Other Fertilizers

They are also Agents for the sale of

H. & F. BLANDY'S ENGINES, MILLS, &c. and all kinds of Agricultural Implements, which they furnish at Manufacturers' prices.

☞Go see them before making your purchases.

J. M. CARROLL.....JOHN. W. HUGHES.

CARROLL & CO

NEW GOODS

OF THE LATEST STYLE

JUST RECEIVED AND OPENED.

We can suit our friends and customers who may give us a trial before purchasing elsewhere. Come and give us a trial.

A large Stock of Domestics, Calicoes, Gents Ready Made Clothing and Furnishing Goods, Doe Skin and Broad Cloths, Hats, Caps, Boots Shoes and DRESS GOODS.

A GOOD VARIETY OF LADIES AND MISSES SHOES.

Sugar, Coffee, Candles, Canay, Oysters, Crackers Sardines, SALT, Guns, Pistols, IRON, HARDWARE, CUTLERY, Carpenters' Tools, Shovels, Forks, BAGGING AND TIES, WASHING MACHINES, WHEELER & WILSON'S SEWING MACHINES,

on easy terms, good lot of Hemlock Leather, Bridles, Saddles, and a great many articles not named.

We have a larger and more complete Stock than ever before; and are better prepared to supply the wants of the people, than ever before.

Come and see what great bargains can be had for CASH.

J. M. CARROLL & CO.

Nov, 5. 1870.

FORNEY'S CORNER.

5000 doz. EGGS,
1000 *CHICKENS*,
500 lbs. *BEESWAX*,
500 lbs. *BUTTER*, are

SOME OF OUR WANTS.

We further want our friends and the trading people generally to know, that in addition to our stock of leading DRY GOODS, we have received a stock of

GROCERIES,

CONSISTING OF
Sugar, Coffee, Syrup, Molasses,
Cheese, new crop Rice,
Soda, Pepper, Spice,
Ginger, Nutmeg, Soap,
Copperas, Candles,
Tobacco, Snuff,
Nails, Cotton Ties, &c.

Bacon and Lard.

With which we propose to supply their wants at

LOW PRICES *For the Money*,

Or COUNTRY PRODUCE at market value.

Yours Truly,
DRAPER & JOHNSON
Jacksonville, Oct. 29, 1870.

SANTA CLAUS IS COMING.

CRISTMAS.

WHISENANT & DRISKELL.

Are now opening an unusually fine Stock of Goods, suitable for HOLLIDAY PRESENTS FOR CHILDREN.

Toys of all kinds,
Fancy Candies,
Raisins,
Oranges,
Apples,
Almonds,
Pecans,
English Walnuts,
Butter Nuts, etc.
Canned Fruits,
Pineapples,
Peaches,
Jellies,
Citron,
Currants,
Cranberries,
Oysters,
Sardines,
Pickels,
Chow Chow,
Lobsters, etc.

GROCERIES.

We have just received a fine lot of choice Groceries in which we offer special inducements to Purchasers.

Sugar,

TEAS.

No. 1. N. O. Syrup by the Barrel half barrel or Keg.

All other articles usually kept in a first-class Grocery Store.

We are also opening a new and handsome lot of

BOOTS & SHOES.

Dry Goods, etc., which we offer on reasonable terms.

M. A. TURNER TAILOR.

Takes pleasure in informing his old patrons and the public generally, that he is ***STILL AT HIS OLD STAND***, **PREPARED TO CUT & MAKE** Gentlemens Clothing in the latest and *MOST FASHIONABLE STYLE*, **AND MOST DURABLE MAKE.**

Terms now, henceforth, and forever CASH.

JACKSONVILLE ALA.,

dec17 1870.—tf.

☞Jury Certificates for 1866, and some other descriptions of County Claims, will be taken in payment of subscriptions to this paper until the 15th of November next.

New York Exchange.

In sums to suit purchasers. For sale, by E. L. WOODWARD.

Dec 3 1870—tf.

LAND BUYERS

WILL please call on the undersigned who will sell from one to nine hundred acres of good Land—seven hundred and fifty acres of which lie on Ohatchie creek, and one hundred and fifty near Jacksonville.

Terms—one third cash, balance on time. G. B. DOUTHIT,

Oct. 8, 1870—2m. Jacksonville, Ala.

Just Received,

DIRECT FROM NEW YORK,

BY

WHISENANT & DRISKILL,

DEALERS IN

DRY GOODS

AND

GROCERIES.

A MAGNIFICENT STOCK OF

Gentlemens' Fine Dress Goods,

Ready Made Clothing, Cassimeres, Doeskins, Jeans, Heavy Twills &c,

Ladies' and Gentlemen's SHAWLS in great variety.

FLANNELS and LINSIES,

LADIES DRESS GOODS,

Alpacas, All-wool Delaines, Balmorals, Prints, Domestics, &c.,

Boots & Shoes,

BLANKETS,

Hats, Trunks, Wood and Willow Ware, Hardware and Cutlery,

Stationery

Toilet Soaps, Perfumery, &c., &c.,

Crockery.

—o—

GROCERIES.

SUGAR, COFFEE, SALT,

Fish, Cheese, Maccaroni, Pickles, Tea, Oysters, Sardines, Jellies, Preserves,

Confectioneries,

TOBACCO, SEGARS & SNUFF.

P. Rowan,

Is receiving this week

A FRESH SUPPLY OF

DRY GOODS,

Boots & Shoes,

BOOKS

AND

STATIONERY,

DRUGS

AND

Medicines,

Oils and Paints,

SMOKING & CHEWING

TOBACCO,

PATENT FRUIT JARS

And a Large Lot of very Superior

Sugar & Coffee.

He has also a lot of very fine

ENGLISH SHOT GUNS

AND A FEW

SQUIRREL RIFLES.

Needs money very badly to buy Fall Stock, and will sell VERY CHEAP FOR CASH.

Aug. 27, 1870.

KUTZ & C YFER'S

CHEAP STORE!

Special Announcement!

An Entire New Stock at Astonishing LOW PRICES.

Great additions made to our Fall and Winter Stock!

We invite you to inspect our Immense Assortment, which is positively the LARGEST and CHEAPEST to be had.

A full and complete assortment of Clothing Cloths, Jeans, Boots, Shoes, Rubber Over Shoes, Men's and Boys' Hats, Trunks, Carpet-Bags, Dress Goods Linseys, Flannels, Blankets, Hosiery, Shirts and Drawers, Ladies Cloth and Silk Sacques, Linen and Woolen Table Covers, Sheetings and Shirtings, Bleachings and Calico at manufacturers' prices, Ticks, Hoopskirts and Over-skirts, Balmoral Skirts, Ribbons and Trimmings, Ladies Shawls, Latee Collars, New style of Chignons, Good bargains in Knives and Forks and Tea-spoons, Smoking Tobacco and Snuff, Perfumery and Soap, Hair Nets, Plated Jewelry, Ladies Hats &c., &c., &c.

In all of which a comparison, as regards to quality and *Price*, will demonstrate the fact that Kutz & Cyfer, at their Cheap Store, are selling goods at lower Prices than any other House.

GREAT REDUCTION
In the Price of
Gents New Style HATS.

$5 00 Hats reduced to $3 00.
$4 00 " " " $2 25.
$3 00 " " " $1 75.
A good Wool Hat for $1 00 & $1 25.

TAKE NOTICE.

Positively the *highest prices* paid for all kinds of produce, for which we will trade, giving our goods at the same prices as paying the cash.

AT THE

Cheap Store

OF

CUTZ & CYFER.

Next to the Jacksonville Hotel.

September 3, 1870.

Dr. SCHENCK advises Consumptives to go to Florida in Winter.

Having for the last thirty-five years devoted my whole time and attention to the study of lung diseases and consumption, I feel that I understand fully the course that ought to be pursued to restore a tolerably bad case of diseased lungs to healthy soundness. The first and most important step is for the patient to avoid taking cold, and the best of all places on this continent for this purpose in winter, is Florida, well down in the State, where the temperature is regular, and not subject to such variations as in more Northern latitudes, Palatka is a point I can recommend. A good hotel is kept there by Peterman. Last winter I saw several persons there whose lungs had been badly diseased, but who, under the healing influence of the climate and my medicines, were getting well.

One hundred miles further down the river is a point which I would prefer to Palatka, as the temperature is more even and the air dry and bracing. Mellonville and Enterprise are located there. I should give a decided preference to Mellonville. It is two miles from river or lake, and it seems almost impossible to take cold there. The tables in Florida might be better, and patients complain at times, but that is a good sign, as it indicates a return of appetite, and when this is the case they generally increase in flesh, and then the lungs must heal.

Jacksonville, Hibernia, Green Cove, and many other places in various parts of Florida, can be safely recommended to consumptives in winter. My reasons for saying so are that patients are less liable to take cold there than where there is a less even temperature, and it is not necessary to say that, where a consumptive person exposes himself to frequent colds he is certain to die shortly. Therefore my advice is, go well down into the State out of the reach of prevailing east winds and fogs. Jacksonville, or almost any other of the localities I have named, will benefit those who are troubled with a torpid liver, a disordered stomach, deranged bowels, sore throat or cough, but for those whose lungs are diseased a more southern point is earnestly recommended.

For fifteen years prior to 1860, I was professionally in New York, Boston, Baltimore and Philadelphia every week, where I saw and examined on an average five hundred patients a week. A practice so extensive, embracing every possible phase of lung disease, has enabled me to understand the disease fully, and hence, my caution in regard to taking cold. A person may take vast quantities of "Schenck's Pulmonic Syrup, Seaweed Tonic and Mandrake Pills," and yet die if he does not avoid taking cold.

In Florida, nearly every body is using Schenck's Medicines, especially Schenck's Mandrake Pills, for the climate is more likely to produce bilious habits than more northern latitudes. It is a well established fact that natives of Florida rarely die of consumption especially those of the southern part. On the other hand, in New England, one third, at least, of the population die of this terrible disease. In the Middle States it does not prevail so largely, still there are many thousands of cases there. What a vast percentage of life would be saved if consumptives were as easily alarmed in regard to taking fresh cold as they are about scarlet fever, small pox, &c. But they are not. They take what they term a little cold, which, they are credulous enough to believe will wear off in a few days. They pay no attention to it, and hence it lays the foundation for another and another still, until the lungs are diseased beyond all hope for cure.

My advice to persons whose lungs are affected even slightly is, to lay in a stock of Schenck's Pulmonic Syrup, Schenck's Seaweed Tonic and Schenck's Mandrake Pills and go to Florida. I recommend these particular medicines because I am thoroughly acquainted with their action. I know that where they are used in strict accordance with my directions they will do the work that is required. This accomplished, nature will do the rest. The physician who prescribes for cold, cough or nil-besweats and then advises the patient to walk or ride out every day, will be sure to have a corpse on his hands before long.

My plan is to give my three medicines, in accordance with the printed directions, except in some cases where a freer use of the Mandrake Pills is necessary. My object is to give tone to the stomach—to get up a good appetite. It is always a good sign when a patient begins to grow hungry. I have hopes of such. With a relish for food and the gratification of that relish comes good blood, and with it more flesh, which is slowly followed by a healing of the lungs. Then the cough loosens and abates, the creeping chills and clammy night-sweats no longer prostrate and annoy, and the patient gets well, provided he avoids taking cold.

Now there are many consumptives who have not the means to go to Florida. The question may be asked, is there no hope for such? Certainly there is. My advice to such is, and ever has been, to stay in a warm room during the winter, with a temperature of about seventy degrees, which should be kept regularly at that point, by means of a thermometer. Let such a patient take his exercise within the limits of the room by walking up and down as much as his strength will permit, in order to keep up a healthy circulation of the blood. I have cured thousands by this system, and can do so again. Consumption is as easily cured as any other disease if it is taken in time, and the proper kind of treament is pursued. The fact stands undisputed on record that Schenck's Pulmonic Syrup, Mandrake Pills, and Seaweed Tonic have cured very many of what seemed to be hopeless cases of consumption. Go where you will, you will be almost certain to find some poor consumptive who has been rescued from the very jaws of death by their use.

So far as the Mandrake Pills are concerned, every body should keep a supply of them on hand. They act on the liver better than calomel, and leave none of its hurtful effects behind. In fact they are excellent in all cases where a purgative medicine is required. If you have partaken too freely of fruit and diarrhœa ensues, a dose of the Mandrake will cure you. If you are subject to sick headache take a dose of the Mandrakes and they will relieve you in two hours. If you would obviate the effect of a change of water, or the too free indulgence in fruit, take one of the Mandrakes every night or every other night, and you may then drink water and eat watermelons, pears, apples, plums, peaches or corn, without the risk of being made sick by them. They will protect those who live in damp situations against chills and fevers. Try them. They are perfectly harmless. They can do you good only.

I have abandoned my professional visits to Boston and New York, but continue to see patients at my office, No. 15 N. SIXTH Street, Philadelphia, every Saturday, from 9 A. M. to 3 P. M. Those who wish a thorough examination with the Respirometer will be charged five dollars. The Respirometer declares the exact condition of the lungs, and patients can readily learn whether they are curable or not. But I desire it distinctly understood that the value of my medicines depends entirely upon their being taken strictly according to directions.

In conclusion, I will say that when persons take my medicines and their systems are brought into a healthy condition thereby, they are not so liable to take cold, put no one with diseased lungs can bear a sudden change of atmosphere without the liability of greater or less irritation of the bronchial tubes.

Full directions in all languages accompany my medicines, so explicit and clear that any one can use them without consulting me, and can be bought from any druggist.

J. H. SCHENCK, M.D.
No. 15 N. SIXTH Street, Philadelphia.
Oct 29 1y.

BLOOMIGTON NURSERY.

600 Acres—19th Year—10 Greenhouses

Fruit and ornamental Trees, Nursery Stock, Root, Grafts, Grapes, Evergreens, Shrubs, Roses, Hedge and Greenhouse Plants. FLOWER BULBS FOR FALL. TULIPS &c.

Colored Fruit and Flower plates—all at wholesale and retail. Send 10cts. for Catalogues.

F. K. PHOENIX,
Oct. 8 '70—6m. Bloomington, Ill.

COME IN AND PAY YOUR SUBSCRIPTION.

Good for his Debts.

"Devil take the man who is good for his debts." He is the worst 'dead beat' in the business, and a complete nuisance. He is a burden and a tax upon the community in which he lives, a set back, bankruptcy, protest, repudiation and ruination to all his friends and to all whom he curses with his disastrous patronage. He is a melancholy misfortune, and a nauseating failure in any light that you pass upon him. He is a humbug and an eye-sore to the business community simply because he is "good for his debts." Being "good for his debts" he don't attempt to pay them, and his friends have to wait until they are weary of waiting, and then commence anew. Simply because he is notoriously "good for his debts.

Mr. Sumner intimates that Mr. Grant is a fool without knowing it. It is scarcely necessary for Mr. Grant to know it. We can give Mr. Sumner an order on several men that do know it

Two boys at Paducah, Kentucky, cut down a tree to capture an opossum, but neglected to get out from under the tree when it fell, causing a double-barreled funeral.—The opossum is on another tree waiting for some more boys.

First Lieut. Wm. W. Armstrong, 16th United States infantry, was recently tried by court-martial at Nashville, Tenn., on various charges, the substance of which was conduct prejudical to good order and military discipline, and having been found guilty, was sentenced to dismissal the service, which, having been duly considered by the Secretary of War, has been ordered to be carried into effect.

The withdrawal of Gen. Garibaldi speaks ill for the French peasantry. The veteran hero of liberty would certainly not have given up the fight if the benighted French peasants were not a worse enemy to overcome than the German invader. The mental and moral vegetation of the French rustics seems to have extinguished all vestiges of patriotism, and the Voltairian Parisian dandy turns out after all to be a nobler man than the unsophisticated villager. If VERHUELNAPOLEON had done anything to encourage popular education, the masses of the French peasantry might have had ere this a chance of improving their minds and becoming better citizens. But as it is, they are shrouded in ignorance and darkness.

N. Y. Sun.

Mr. and Mrs. Scott-Siddons will soon return to England.

Commodore Kidd resides in elegant style at the aristocratic St. James.

The Republican State Central Comittee of Virginia favors general amnesty.

They have eighteen inches of frost on the Tip-top House, on Mount Washington.

Mr. Walter, a son of the proprietor of the London *Times*, is at present in the United States.

Lloyd Phoenix is home again, but only for a brief period, as he will return to Europe in the spring.

A photographer of Glasglow has received orders from a London house for 60,000 photographs of the Marquis of Lorne.

Sivori, brother of the celebrated violinist, is steward on one of the sound steamers. He is regarded as a jolly good fellow.

In the First District of Texas, improved lands have advanced from $5 to $15 per acre. Unimproved lands range from $1 to $3.

Francis Badger, a well known New York printer was found dead in bed at his boarding house in Pittsburgh yesterday morning.

A freight train on the Louisville and Lexington Railroad was thrown from the track on Wednesday by a broken rail, smashing five cars and killing twenty-five mules.

☞ A Bavarian captian, cashiered in 1866 for cowardice, lately applied for a commission to redeem his character. Being refused, he committed suicide.

Col. James Fisk, Jr., was asked to subscribe for the erection of a fence around a grave-yard in Vermont. "No said he, "what's the use? Those inside can't get out, and I guess nobody outside wants to get in.

Schneider, the great iron master of France and a factotum of Louis Napoleon, has sold his property at Le Creusot to an American company, and the Stars and Stripes are now hoisted over the whole establishment.

In the United States District Court of Pittsburgh, yesterday, the jury in the case of Benham against the Mutual Benefit Life Insurance Company of New Jersey, found a verdict for the plaintiff for the amount of the policy and interest. Benham is alleged to have committed sucide two years ago.

Shot Dead by his Daughter's Suitor.

SAN FRANCISCO, Dec. 15.—Mr. Chas. E. Fisher, the business manager of the Sacramento *Daily Reporter*, and State Printer Expert, was shot dead in his own house last night by Charles Dell, a young man who was paying his attentions to his daughter, and who had just been ordered by him to leave the house. Mr. Fisher had struck Dell several blows on the head with a cane before the third and fatal shot was fired.

☞ The Toledo Blade says a Bureau of Immigration is much more important than an Indian Bureau. Which is true. We can dispose of the Indian with powder and lead and small-pox and SHERIDAN and Cincinnati whisky, but the immigration business has to be managed in a different sort of way.

☞ The French have commenced eating the flesh of asses, and the friends of GEORGE FRANCIS TRAIN are becoming very uneasy about him.

In consequence of his infamous conduct in the Smith Bingham conspiracy Messrs. Goldthwaite and Semple have disolved their partnership in the practice of law with Sam Rice.

For sixty miles out beyond Ellis, Kansas, the country is literally covered with buffalo. They are in herds of 200 or 300 each, and range within gunshot of the railroad.

The Springfield *Republican* is of the opinion that in New England the lyceum has had its day, and that people are beginning to conclude they have been lectured enough. In Springfield the Library Association, which used to clear from $1,000 a year from its winter's course of lectures, this year makes nothing, the receipts barely covering expenses. In almost every New England town small houses and financial loss are reported; but while audiences are decreasing, lecturers' charges are increasing, with the addition of a "bureau" fee as an extra. If this state of affairs continues, the lecturer's occupation in the Eastern States will soon be gone.

LUCKY PATRICK.—In one of the Senatorial Districts of Illinois—the Bloomington District—the radicals nominated a Michael Donahue for the State Senate. The tickets were printed Patrick Donahue, and so voted. Patrick now claims the office, and probably will get it. The joke of the matter is that Pat is a Democrat.

"Leave you, my friend," said a tipsy fellow clinging to a lamp-post on a dark night; "leave you in a condition not to take care of yourself? H—e—never!"

The action of Senator Drake in resigning his seat in the Senate for the position of Chief Justice of the Court of Claims will result in the election of a Democrat by the Legislature of Missouri to succeed him in the Senate. It is thought Frank Blair will be the coming man. Many Senators are of the opinion that, under the circumstances, the President should not have nominated Drake, nor should the latter have sought the nomination. When his name was sent in, however, the Senate having nothing against Drake personally, could do nothing but confirm him. As usual, when a Senator is nominated for office while he is a member of that body, Drake was confirmed without being referred to a committee.

—o—

A REPUBLICAN PAPER THINKS GEN. GRANT A FOOL.—Why should not Grant forgive Porter? The latter's sins are not a tithe of Butler's, who sneers at the President all the time, yet dictates his appointments and policy more than any other man in the nation. There is no clarity like Grant's, as illustrated toward Butler. It goes beyond the New Testament standard—it pardons more than seventy times seven offences.—*Springfield Republican.*

The venerable American politician, William H. Seward, is understood to be engaged to marry a young lady, who accompanies the small party with which he is now making his voyage around the world. His friends in Washington expect that he will be married before his return home. He has been encouraged to this step by the conduct of his venerable friends, Dr. Spring and Mr. Vanderbilt, both of whom entered into wedlock when over three score and ten, and who have been as happy with their young brides as ever was the youngest lover in the hey-day of romance and passion.

The Washington *Patriot* calls attention to the fact that the Hon. B. Butler, of Tennessee, whose presence was evidently desired last summer to answer to a charge of defrauding soldier widows out of their pensions, may now be found in the national House of Representatives.

☞ It is said that the first tears that were ever known to dim the eyes of ZACK CHANDLER were shed when he heard of the destruction of the Diggs distillery at Buffalo, one day last week.

☞ They had a "State Wrestling Tournament" at Detroit one day last week. It is supposed to have been gotten up by the medical profession to encourage the production of dislocated limbs.

Several live lizards have been found embedded in petrified fir trees which were found in a forest near Calistoga, Cal. They are unlike any species now known.

HARD.—Come and look mother; there goes an editor. My son you should not make fun of the poor man, you don't know what you may come to.

A young gentleman sent seventy-five cents to New York recently for a method of writing without pen or ink. He received the following inscription, in large type on a card: "Write with a pencil."

☞ Governor Gratz Brown is a little red-headed fellow, of the very sort that seems born to win. His wife was "the beautiful Miss Gunn." His beauty touched her, and she went off with him.

☞ The Columbus *Index* has lost faith in providence. Congressman Barry got drunk at Artesia and fell across the railroad track, with his neck on the rail, and there was no train in motion.

☞ Sir Benjiman Brodie, the distinguished London surgeon, has alarmed us by his recent statement that "nine out of ten rich men habitually shorten their lives by eating day after day a little more than was good for them." This fearful decision, coming in the midst of oyster and game season, is calculated to throw a gloom over our sanctum.—*Mobile Register.*

Manhood: How Lost, How Restored.

Just published, a new edition of Dr Culverwell's Celebrated Essay on the *radical cure* (without medicine) of SPERMATORRHŒA, or Seminal Weakness, Involuntary Seminal Losses, IMPOTENCY, Mental and Physical Incapacity, Impediments to Marriage, etc.; also CONSUMPTION, EPILEPSY and FITS, induced by self-indulgence or sexual extravagance.

☞ Price, in a sealed envelope, only 6 cts.

The celebrated author, in this admirable essay, clearly demonstrates from a thirty years' successful practice, that the alarming consequences of self abuse may be radically cured without the dangerous use of internal medicine or the application of the knife; pointing out a mode of cure at once simple, certain and effectual, by means of which every sufferer, no matter what his condition may be, may cure himself cheaply, privately, and *radically.*

☞ This Lecture should be in the hands of every youth and every man in the land.

Sent under seal, to any address, in a plain envelope, on the receipt of six cents, or two postage stamps, by addressing the publishers.

Also Dr. Culverwell's "Marriage Guide," price 25 cents. Address the Publishers,

CHAS. J. C. KLINE & CO.
127 Bowery, N. Y. Post Office Box 4,586

DREER'S GARDEN SEEDS
AND
Bulbous Flower Roots.

Dreers' Descriptive Catalogue of Hyacinths, Tulips, Crocus, Lilies, &c, Winter Blooming Plants, Roses, Hardy Flowering Shrubs, Evergreens, &c., Small Fruits, Grape Vines, Choice Flower Seeds, &c., will be mailed to all applicants, and his GARDEN CALENDAR of Vegetable and Flower Seeds. Grass seeds, Field seeds, Plants, Roses, Dahlias, Verbenas, Gladiolus, Asparagus roots, Early Potatoes, Onion sets, Books, Implements &c., with full descriptive lists of the above (144 pages) beautifully illustrated with engravings and two colored plates will also be mailed to all applicants, address, HENRY A DREER,

714 Chestnut St, Philadelphia, Pa.
Oct. 15—2m.

Notice to Executors, Administrators and Guardians &c.

I have heretofore given notice in the Jacksonville Republican for Executors, Administrators and Guardians, to come forward and file in my office their accounts and vouchers for a final, partial, or annual settlement, but very few responded to said notice; this is therefore to notify them again, that I have now issued per-onal notice to them and forwarded the same by Mail, setting a day for filing their accounts, &c., preparatory to making said settlements. I hope all will attend punctually, without any further trouble or cost in the matter.

A. WOODS, Judge
Sept. 24 1870—tf. of Probate.

IN ALL CANDOR
We Must Have It

Those indebted to M. J. Turnley, and M. J. Turnley & Son, for Professional services, will please call at their office and settle by CASH or note at an early day; and those indebted to J. B. Turnley & Co., will pay up, or close by note—claims in hands of the undersigned for collection. Heed this call.

TURNLEY & SON.

All persons indebted to the firm of J. H. Sargeant & Co, are invited to settle with us, at once.

Oct. 29 1870

To Consumptives.

The advertiser, having been permanently cured of that dread disease, consumption by a simple remedy, is anxious to make known to his fellow sufferers the means of cure. To all who desire it, he will send a copy of the prescription used (free of charge) with the directions for preparing and using the same, which they will find a Sure Cure for Consumption, Asthma Bronchitis, &c

Parties wishing the prescription will please address

Rev. EDWARD A. WILSON,
165 South Second Street, Williamsburgh, N. Y

TO THE WORKING CLASS.—We are now prepared to furnish all classes with constant employment at home, the whole of the time or for the spare moments. Business new, light and profitable. Persons of either sex easily earn from 50c. to $5 per evening, and a proportional sum by devoting their whole time to the business. Boys and girls earn nearly as much as men. That all who see this notice may send their address, and test the business, we make this unparalleled offer: To such as are not well satisfied, we will send $1 to pay for the trouble of writing. Full particulars, a valuable sample which will do to commence work on, and a copy of *The People's Literary Companion*—one of the largest and family newspapers published—all sent free by mail. Reader, if you want permanent, profitable work, address E. C. ALLEN CO.; Augusta, Maine.
maid-1870.

Upham's depilatory Powder
Removes superfluous hair in *five minutes*, without injury to the skin. Sent by mail for $1.25.

Upham's Asthma Cure.
Relieves most violent paroxysms in *five minutes* and effects a speedy cure. Price $2 by mail.

The Japanese Hair Stain
Colors the whiskers and hairs a beautiful black or brown. It consists of *only one preparation* 75 cents by mail. Address S. C. UPHAM, No. 721 Jayne Street Philadelphia, Pa. Circulars sent free. Sold by all Druggist.
Dec 3 2m.

ERRORS OF YOUTH
A GENTLEMAN who suffered for years from Nervous Debility, Premature Decay, and all the effects of youthful indiscretion, will, for the sake of suffering humanity, send free to all who need it the recipe and direction for making the simple remedy by which he was cured. Sufferers wishing to profit by the advertiser's experience can do so by addressing, in perfect confidence,

JOHN B. OGDEN,
No. 42 Cedar Street, New York.

NOTICE!

There will be a Special Term of the Court of County Commissioners of Calhoun County, Alabama, held at the Court House of said County, on Monday the 26th day of December, for the purpose of passing an order regulating the payment of all claims against said county and for attending to any other business, in which the people or the county may be interested. The Commissioners will take notice of the above and govern themselves accordingly.

A. WOODS, Judge of
Dec 10 3t Probate.

WANTED AGENTS—$75 to $200 per month—every where, male and female, to introduce the Genuine Improved Common Sense Family Sewing Machine. This Machine will stitch, hem, fell, tuck, bind, braid, cord, quilt and embroider in a most superior manner. Price only $15. Fully warranted for five years. We will pay $1,000 for any machine that will sew a stronger, more beautiful or more elastic seam than ours. It makes the "Elastic Lock Stitch." Every second stitch can be cut, and still the cloth cannot be pulled apart without tearing it. We pay Agents $75 to $200 per month and expenses, or a commission from which twice that amount can be made.

For Circulars and Terms, apply or address, J. W. ROGERS & CO.,
402 Library St., Philadelphia, Pa.

CAUTION.—Do not be imposed upon by other parties palming off worthless cast-iron machines under the same name or otherwise. Ours is the only genuine and really practical cheap machine manufactured.
Oct. 8 6m.

W. D. HOYT & CO.

Jobbers in Drugs, Medicines and Druggists Sundries,

No. 43, Broad Street,

Rome, Ga.

WHOLESALE AGENTS FOR

ROSADALIS,
CALIFORNIA VINEGAR BITTERS,
PLANTATION "
EDWARD WILDER & CO'S PREPARATIONS,
AYER & CO's "
PEMBERTON, TAYLOR & CO's "

White Lead & Linseed Oil.

All of which will be sold at MANUFACTURER'S PRICES.

D. D. DRAPER, J. R. DRAPER, J. DRAPER, Sr

D. D. DRAPER, SON & CO.

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in

Dry Goods, Groceries, and General Merchandise.

OXFORD, ALA.

Have now on hand a Large and select stock of

DRY GOODS AND GROCERIES,

CONSISTING IN PART OF

Sugar, Coffee, Molasses; Bacon, Lard, Mess Pork; Cooking Stoves, Iron and Steel; Hardware, Cutlery, Crockery, Glassware, &c.

Their Stock is now large, and their arragements completed to keep it constantly full of choice articles at reduced prices. Purchasers are respectfully invited to call and look through our Dry Goods and Grocery Stores, with the confident expectation on our part that we can give entire satisfaction.

Oxford, April 16, 1870.

JOSEPH E. VEAL,

ROME, GA.,

DEALER IN

Watches, Clocks, Jewelry,

SILVER AND PLATED WARE,

SPECTCLES,

FRENCH, CHINA, AND CUT GLASS WARE,

CUTLERY,

TOYS, WALKING CANES.

Musical Instruments, Fishing Tackle,
FINE HOUSEHOLD ARTICLES,
And Fancy Goods Generally.
OLD GOLD AND SILVER TAKEN IN EXCHANGE.
Watches, Clocks and Jewelry Repaired and Warranted.

M. T. HUMPHRIES, J. J. ROBERTSON,

Bar,
Cigars,
Tobacco, and
Confectionaries

CROSS LAINS, ALA. Apl. 23, 1870.

250 Utley Plows,

All complete and first class finish

SOON TO ARRIVE.

J. B. TURNLEY & CO.
Jacksonville, Alabama.

English Dairy

Churns.

Makes Butter in 3 minutes.

For Sale by J. B. TURNLEY & CO.
Jacksonville, Alabama.

Calhoun County Norway Oats,

For Sale By

J. B. TURNLEY & CO.

WILL PRODUCE FROM 100 TO 150 BUSHELS PER ACRE.

☞ Cannot be effected by rust. ☜

For sale by J. B. TURNLEY & CO.
Jacksonville, Alabama.

J. B. TURNLY & CO.,

COTTON FACTORS & COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

ROME, GEORGIA.

☞ Liberal Cash advances made on consignments.

THE MOUND CITY

Mutual Life Insurance Co.

OF ST. LOUIS, MO.

OFFICERS.

JAMES J. O'FALLON, President.
A. M BRITTON, Vice President.
S. W. LOAN, Sec'y.
C. G. McHATTON, Gen'l Agent

The Mound City Mutual Life Insurance Company offers itself as a candidate for public patronage, with such provisions incorporated in the basis of its organization as render it at the same time,

Liberal, Safe and Substantial.

One Hundred Thousand Dollars Deposited

For the Security of Policy Holders.

In conformity with the Law of Missouri, this Company has deposited in the Insurance Department in St. Louis, Mo., one hundred thousand dollars, for security of its policy holders.

THIS COMPANY ISSUES

All Classes of Policies,

NON-FORFEITABLE AFTER ONE ANNUAL PAYMENT.

On the Ten Payment Table, one annual payment secures a paid up Policy for one tenth of the amount insured.

JOHNSTON & POINDEXTER,
Gen'l Agents,
Mobile, Ala.

ALEXANDER, MORRIS & CO. Agents, Jacksonville.

AUGUST 20, 1870.—1y.

BONES, BROWN & CO.,
Augusta, Ga
ESTABLISHED 1825.

J. & S. BONES & CO.,
Rome, Ga
ESTABLISHED 1869.

The attention of Merchants is called to the Magnificent Stock of

HARDWARE

Now in Store and for sale by the above mentioned Houses. We offer at prices corresponding with the recent decline in gold.

1500 Doz. Pocket Knives—best Sheffield Brand,
500 Gross Table " " "
4000 Pcs. Standard weight Trace Chains,
350 Tons Sweedish Hammered Iron,
100 " Jenk's English Plow Steel,
500 Doz. Ames & Rowland's Shovels and Spades,
400 " Sam. Collins Axes,
300 " Cheap grade "
200 Kegs Burdin's Horse and Mule Shoes,
1000 Kegs Old Dominion Nails.

We are exclusive Agents for the Rome Iron Manufacturing Co.'s Merchant Bar Iron. This Iron is made from the best Charcoal Pig, & every bar GUARANTEED.

We are AGENTS for Vulcanized Rubber Belting, Orange Rifle and Blasting Powder, Winship's Cotton Gins, Brooks' Cotton and Hay Presses, Burdick's National Hay Cutter, R. Hoe & Co.'s Patent Ground, Inserted and Solid Tooth Circular Saws. Oct. 15. 1870—6m.

JOE S. MONTGOMERY, H. F. MONTGOMERY,

MONTGOMERY BRO'S.

GROCERS AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS

Keep Constantly on hand a full and varied stock of Groceries. Provisions, and Family Supplies. also Table and Pocket Cutlery. Tobacco. foreign and domestic Cigars, fancy Candies Confections. &c. &c — West Side Public Sqare Jacksonville Alabama.

Thanking the public for past favors, we respectfully solicit a continuance of the same, feeling confident of being able to give our customers FIRST CLASS Goods as LOW as they can be bought in this market. Wrapping paper at manufacturers prices.
Dec. 10, 1870.—tf.

GREENS & CO.

DEALERS IN

General Merchandise, Drugs,

AND

GROCERIES,

ALEXANDRIA, ALABAMA.

Have on hand the very best Foreign and Domestic DRY GOODS, such as:
LADIES DRESS GOODS—Shawls, Vandykes, Nubias, Alpacas, All-woo Delaines, Balmorals, Prints, etc., etc., etc.
MENS WEAR—Kersys, Cassimeres, HATS, BOOTS & SHOES (bt in Boston

READY MADE CLOTHING—CROCKERY,
Hardware & Cutlery of the best brands—Plow Steel and IRON.

CERIES—Sugar, Coffee, Rice, SALT, Bagging, Rope and Ties, Tobacco &c

All Goods will be sold to prompt paying customers, on time, until Christmas, at CASH PRICES. No credit extended beyond that time.

HIGHEST MARKET PRICE PAID FOR COTTON.

☞ DEBTORS TURN OVER ☜

DR. SHALLENBERGER'S
Fever and Ague
ANTIDOTE
Always Stops the Chills.

This Medicine has been before the Public fifteen years, and is still ahead of all other known remedies. It does not purge, but acts upon the stomach, the stomach, is perfectly safe in any dose and under all circumstances, and is the only Medicine that will

CURE IMMEDIATELY

and permanently every form of Fever and Ague, because it is a perfect Antidote for Malaria.

Sold by all Druggists

H. A. STOLLENWERCK, Selma, Ala. F. E. STOLLENWERCK, Mobile, Ala.
A. G. STOLLENWERCK, Selma, Ala.

H. A. STOLLENWERCK & BRO.
Water Street,
SELMA, Ala.

F. E. STOLLENWERCK & BRO.
42 North Commerce Street,
MOBILE Ala.

COTTON FACTORS,
AND
Commission Merchants

☞ Messrs. E. L. WOODWARD & SON, of Jacksonville, Ala., will act as Agents for this house.

LIVERY STABLE,

Sign of the Horned Horse

BY S. C. KELLY Oxford, Ala.

Prepared with Horses and Mules and every kind of wheels from a wheel barrow to a log wagon, with teams and drivers on the most liberal terms. Buy or Sell if convenient, or is money about for me. Sell cheap. Feed and take care of stock. Cash strictly.

THE
GERMANIA TANNING CO.
MANUFACTURERS OF ALL KINDS
UPPER, SOLE AND HARNESS LEATHER,
JACKSONVILLE, ALA.

Highest market rates paid for HIDES and TALLOW.
JACOB ROSENBERG, Sup't.
Dec. 14, 1869.

WHEREAS, by an act of the General Assembly of the State of Alabama approved the 10th day of October, 1868, it is provided as follows: to-wit: "It shall be the duty of the Probate Judge of each county in this State to designate a newspaper in his county in all legal advertisements, notices or publications, of any and every character now required by law to be made in his County, and ordered published: which paper so designated shall be the official organ in and for said county, and in obedience to the requirements of said act, I, as Judge of Probate in and for said County, Alabama, did heretofore designate the "St. Clair County Eagle," as the official organ in and for said County of which all legal advertisements, notices or publications of any and every character required by law to be made in said County of Calhoun should be published, designation to remain until recalled or changed by me.—

And the "*Jacksonville Republican*," a County paper, published in the town of Jacksonville, Alabama, and in my opinion clearly within the provisions of said act, I therefore recall and change my order designating the St Clair County Eagle as the official organ for said County of Calhoun and designate the said Jacksonville Republican as the official organ hereafter for all legal advertisements, notices or publications of any and every character required by Law to be made in and for said County of Calhoun shall be published. This selection to remain so long as in my opinion the Editor of said Jacksonville Republican conducts said paper so as to be within the provisions of said act.

A. WOODS, Judge of Probate.
Feb. 13, 1869.

CROSS PLAINS HOUSE,
COME ALONG.

This House is not quite completed, but will receive Boarders and the Travelling public generally.

No rash promises made—come and see.

A. S. JOHNSON.
J. N. HOOD,
J. N. HOOD, Prop'r.
june18—tf.

Door, Blind and Sash
MANUFACTORY.

THE undersigned is now prepared to manufacture, of the best materials in the neatest and most durable manner any of the above named articles for persons who may desire them, at Rome prices.

Apply to, or address,

T. W. PITTS,
Jacksonville, Ala.
Aug. 6, 1870.

PAIN KILLER
PROP'R
PERRY DAVIS & SON PROVIDENCE R.I.
1840 1870

PAIN KILLER.

PERRY DAVIS & SON.
Manufacturers and Proprietors, Providence R. I.

We ask the attention of the public to this long-tested and unrivaled

FAMILY MEDICINE.

It has been favorably known for more than twenty years, during which many have received thousands of testimonials shoing this medicine to be an almost never failing remedy for diseases of the by or attendant upon—

Sudden Colds, Coughs, Fever and Ague, Headache, Billious Fever, Pains in the Side, Back and Loins, as well as in the Joints and Limbs, Neuralgia and Rheumatic Pains in any part of the system, Toothache and Pains in the head and face.

As a Blood Purifier and Tonic for the Stomach,

It seldom fails to cure Dyspepsia, indigestion, Liver complaint, Acid Stomach, Heartburn, Kidney Complaints, Sick Headache, Piles, Asthma or Phthisic, Ringworms, Boils, Felons, Whitlows, Old Sores, Swelled Joints, and General Debility of the system.

It is also a prompt and sure remedy for Cramps and Pain in the Stomach, Painters' Colic, Diarrhœa, Dysentery, Summer Complaint, Cholera Morbus, Cholera Infantum, Scalds, Burns, Sprains, Bruises, Frost Bites, Chilblains, as well as the Stings of Insects, Scorpions, Centipedes, and the Bites of Venomous Insects and Nenemous Reptiles.

See directions accompanying each bottle.

Sold by HOKE.

Jacksonville Republican

PUBLISHED & PUBLISHED, EVERY SATURDAY MORNING, BY

J. F. & L. W. GRANT.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

For one year in advance, ... $3 00
For six months, " 1 75

TERMS OF ADVERTISING.

One square of 10 lines or less, first insertion, ... $1 00
Each subsequent insertion, ... 50
Over one square counted as two, &c.
Obituaries charged at advertising rates.

Annunciation of Candidates.

For County Offices, ... $5 00
For State Offices, ... $10 00

Jacksonville Republican.

"The Price of Liberty is Eternal Vigilance."

VOL. 34. JACKSONVILLE, ALA., DECEMBER 31. 1870. WHOLE NO 1760

Rates of Advertising,

For three, six, or twelve Months.

One square of 10 lines,	3 months,	$5 00
" "	6 "	8 00
" "	12 "	20 00
One fourth column,	3 "	10 00
" " "	6 "	15 00
" " "	12 "	25 00
One half column,	3 "	25 00
" " "	6 "	35 00
" " "	12 "	50 00
One column,	3 "	40 00
" "	6 "	75 00
" "	12 "	100 00

Charges due and collectable quarterly.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

GEO. FOSTER. WM. H. FORNEY.

FOSTER & FORNEY,
Attorneys at Law,
Jacksonville Alabama.

WILL practice in the Counties of Calhoun, Talladega, Randolph, St. Clair, Cherokee, DeKalb and the Supreme Court of the State.
Dec. 23d, 1865.

JOS. H. FRANCIS.

ATTORNEY AT LAW
—AND—
GENERAL COLLECTING AGENTS.
Gadsden ..... Alabama.

WILL practice in Etowah and adjoining counties. Special attention given to the filing petitions in Bankruptcy. Will prosecute claims against the Government for Bounty, Back pay, &c.

A. C. ELLIS. J. H. CALDWELL

ELLIS & CALDWELL,
Attorneys at Law,
AND
Solicitors in Chancery.
JACKSONVILLE, ALA.

HAVING associated themselves in the practice of Law, will practice together, except in CRIMINAL CASES, in the counties Calhoun, Talledega, St. Clair, Randolph, Cherokee and DeKalb.
Jan. 6. 1866.

H. J. TURNLEY, G. I. TURNLEY

H. J & G I. TURNLEY,
Attorneys at Law
AND
Solicitors in Chancery
General Collecting Agents.
JACKSONVILLE, ALA.

WILL practice Law in the counties of Calhoun, Talladega, Randolph, Cleburne, Cherokee, Saint, St. Clair and DeKalb, in the Supreme Court of the State, and in the U. S. District Court, Northern and Middle Division of Alabama.

OLIVER INZER LEROY F. BOX.

INZER & BOX,
Attorneys at Law,
AND
Solicitors in Chancery
ASHVILLE, Ala.

WILL practice in all the Courts of St Clair, Calhoun, Talladega, Shelby, Jefferson, Blount, DeKalb, Cherokee & Marshall; also in the Superior Court of the State. Prompt attention given.

W. L. STEVENSON,
Attorney at Law,
JACKSONVILLE, Ala

DR. N. W. FRANCIS,

HAS assumed the duties of his profession in all its branches. Office N. W. Corner of Public Square.
JACKSONVILLE, ALA.
February 18, 1870—tf

BOTANIC HOUSE

DR. A. STANSBURY, Prop'R.

Most convenient Hotel to Rail Road Depot.
March 12, 1870—tf

BITTERS,

Thousands of Testimonials to their wonderful Effects.

WHO ARE THEY?

THEY ARE NOT A VILE

FANCY DRINK,

Made of Poor Rum, Whiskey, Proof Spirits and Refuse Liquors, doctored, sped, sweetened and tasted to please the taste, called "Tonics" or "Appetizers," but are a true Medicine, made from the Native Roots and Herbs of California, free from all Alcoholic Stimulants. They are the GREAT BLOOD PURIFIER and LIFE GIVING PRINCIPLE, a perfect Renovator and Invigorator of the system, carrying off all poisonous matter, and restoring the blood to a healthy condition. All can take the Bitters, according to directions, and remain long unwell.

Be not given for an incurable case, promises are not designed to be unfulfilled by any means, and it is what all organs of the body need.

For Inflammatory and Chronic Rheumatism, Gout, Dyspepsia, or Indigestion, Biliousness, Intermittent, and Intermittent Fevers, Diseases of the Blood, Liver, Kidneys, and Bladder, these Bitters have been most successful. Such Diseases are caused by Vitiated Blood, which is generally produced by derangement of the Digestive Organs.

They invigorate the stomach, and stimulate the torpid Liver and Bowels, which render them powerful agents in cleansing the blood of all impurities, and imparting new life and vigor to the whole system.

For Dyspepsia or Indigestion, Headache, Pain in the Shoulders, Coughs, Dizziness of the Head, Dizziness, Sour Stomach, Bad Taste in the Mouth, Bilious Attacks, Palpitation of the Heart, Inflammation of the Kidneys, and a hundred other painful symptoms which are the offsprings of Dyspepsia, are cured by these Bitters.

In case the Vitiated Blood whenever you find its impurities bursting through the skin in Pimples, Eruptions, or Sores; cleanse it when it is foul, and your feelings will tell you when. Keep the blood pure and the health of the system will follow.

For TAPE, and other WORMS, lurking in the system of so many thousands, are effectually removed and removed.

For full directions, read carefully the circular around each bottle, printed in four languages—English, German, French, and Spanish.

J. WALKER, 32 & 34 Commerce Street, N. Y. Proprietor. R. H. McDONALD & CO.,
Druggists and General Agents,
32 Commerce st., N. Y.
San Francisco, California, and 32 and 34 Commerce st., N. Y.
SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS AND DEALERS.

5 FIRST PRIZE MEDALS AWARDED THE GREAT

Southern Piano MANUFACTURY.

WM. KNABE & CO.
MANUFACTURERS OF
GRAND, SQUARE AND UPRIGHT
PIANO FORTES
BALTIMORE, MD.

These Instruments have been before the public for nearly Thirty Years, and upon their excellence alone attained *an unparalleled pre-eminence*, which pronounces them unequaled. Their

TONE

combines great power, sweetness and fine singing quality, as well as great purity of intonation and Sweetness throughout the entire scale. Their

TOUCH

is pliant and elastic, and entirely free from the stiffness found in so many Pianos

IN WORKMANSHIP

they are unequalled using none but the very best SEASONED MATERIAL, the large capital employed in our business enabling us to keep continually an immense stock of lumber, &c., on hand.

☞ All our SQUARE PIANOS have our New Improved *Over Strung Scale* and the AGRAFFE TREBLE.

☞ We would call special attention to our late improvements in GRAND PIANOS AND SQUARE GRANDS, Patented August 14, 1866, which bring the Piano nearer perfection than has yet been attained.

Every Piano fully warranted for 5 Years.

We have made arrangements for the SOLE WHOLESALE AGENCY for the most celebrated PARLOR ORGANS AND MELODEONS, which we offer, Wholesale and Retail, at Lowest Factory Prices.

WM. KNABE & CO.
Baltimore, Md.
Sept17—6m.

DR. J. BRADFIELD'S
FEMALE REGULATOR,
"WOMAN'S BEST FRIEND."

Will bring on the Menses when they have not been established, also when they have been suppressed from unnatural causes.—Will cure Rheumatism and Neuralgia of the back and womb. Will cure painful Menstruation, and relieve the head, back and loins of those distressing pains and aches. Will check menorrhagia or excessive flow. Will cure "Whites" and falling of the womb, when it is the result of relaxation or bad health.

It is as sure a cure in all the above diseases as Quinine is in Chills and Fever.

Ladies can cure themselves of all the above diseases without reading their complaints to any person, which is always mortifying to their pride and modesty.

It is recommended and used by the best physicians in their private practice.

For a history of the above diseases, certificates of its wonderful cures and directions the reader is referred to the wrapper around the bottle. Manufactured and sold by

BRADFIELD & CO., Atlanta Ga.

Sold by all Druggists. Price $1.50.
apr30-1870—1y.

THE LEFFEL'S UNRIVALLED AMERICAN DOUBLE TURBINE WATER WHEEL,

Mill Gearing, Shafting & Pulleys

STEAM ENGINES & BOILERS.

POOLE & HUNT, BALTIMORE, MD.

SEND FOR A CIRCULAR

CALL AT THE

Old Hotel,

West Side of the Public Square.

Jacksonville, Ala.

WHICH has been repaired, refurnished and refitted up, especially for the comfort of those who may favor us with a call. Rooms large and comfortable—fare good as the country affords—servants polite and attentive—charges reasonable.

Can accommodate a dozen or two regular boarders.

J. D. HAMMOND,
Dec. 18, '69—1y. ***Proprietor.***

Railroad Warehouse,
ROME, GA.

HAVING leased the large and commodious Warehouse immediately on the Selma, R. & D. Railroad, and taken out an open policy of insurance, I am now prepared to store, sell or ship COTTON on very liberal terms. Being located immediately on the line of Railroad no drayage will be charged on cotton to or from the depot—50 cents per bale per month will cover all charges includ ng weighing, marking and delivery. Being possessed of the above advantages, together with a long experience in the cotton business, I respectfully ask a liberal patronage from my many friends who read the Jacksonville Republican.

J. J. VANDIVER.
Oct. 8, 1870.—3m.

Lime

For sale at Seymour's Mill.
Nov. 5, 1870.

Dr. LAWRENCE,
Dentist.

I located at Jacksonville, Ala., and is possessed of the best appliances in his profession, to be found in the State.

If you wish your teeth put in order and kept so; give him the care of them.

If you want teeth extracted with as little pain as possible, and with *Perfect certainty of success* call on him.

If your children's teeth are irregular and ugly, between the ages of 8, and 15 years, consult him or some other well informed Dentist.

If you have lost your Natural teeth, and wish the best substitute you can get, call on Dr. L.

Office at his Cottage Residence, quarter of a mile from the Court House.
July 30, 1870.—tf.

FRUIT TREES SMALL FRUITS,
Ornamental Trees and Plants,
Choice Garden & Field Seeds &c
A splendid stock of the choicest varieties.

Send for Descriptive Catalogues and Priced List.

All Trees well packed so as to carry safely to any part of the United States.

Small Fruits & Small Plants

of all kinds, sent by mail, *postage paid*, to any Post Office in the United States.

EDW'D J. EVANS & CO.,
Nurserymen and Seedsmen,
YORK PA.

IRON PIPE
For Sale.

ALL kinds and sizes of wrought and cast Iron Pipe.

All sizes and every variety of FITTINGS.

Steam and Gas Fitting and Plumming done to order.

TAR For Sale at the Rome, Ga. Gas orks, at $4 00 per barrel. H. A. GARTRELL & CO.
jan. 22, 1870.—ly Proprietors.

Do not fail to read this advertisement carefully, for it concerns you personally.

THE BARNWELL LEDGER,

A large thirty-two column Family Newspaper, containing in every issue, besides advertisements, over twenty columns of choice reading matter:

CONSISTING OF

Beautiful Stories, Sketches, Hints to Farmers, Poetry, Wit and Humor, Editorials and contributions from able writers on the leading topics of the day, News Items, Telegraphic News, and everything else that interests the general reader.

The Ledger is not merely a local paper, but a Family paper, to be read with interest in any section of the country. Do not fail to send for a sample copy, which will be forwarded to any address, free of charge, so that they may see that the Ledger is all that it is represented to be. Single subscription ($1 50) one dollar and a half per annum. Remit by mail, at publisher's risk, or go to Mr. J. F. Grant, the proprietor of the Republican, and pay $3, the subscription price of the Republican, and he will send you the Ledger for one year free of charge. A sample copy can also be always seen at his office.

Ayer's Cathartic Pills,

For all the purposes of a Laxative Medicine.

Perhaps no one medicine is so universally required by everybody as a cathartic, nor was ever any before so universally adopted into use, in every country and among all classes, as this mild but efficient purgative *Pill*. The obvious reason is, that it is a more reliable and far more effectual remedy than any other. Those who have tried it, know that it cures them; those who have not, know that it cures their neighbors and friends; and all know that what it does once it does always—that it never fails through any fault or neglect of its composition. We have thousands upon thousands of certificates of their remarkable cures of the following complaints, but such cures are known in every neighborhood, and we need not publish them. Adapted to all ages and conditions in all climates; containing neither calomel nor any deleterious drug, they may be taken with safety by anybody. Their sugar-coating preserves them ever fresh, and makes them pleasant to take, while being purely vegetable, no harm can arise from their use in any quantity.

They operate by their powerful influence on the internal viscera to purify the blood and stimulate it into healthy action—remove the obstructions of the stomach, bowels, liver, and other organs of the body, restoring their irregular action to health, and by correcting, wherever they exist, such derangements as are the first origin of disease.

Minute directions are given in the wrapper on the box, for the following complaints, which these *Pills* rapidly cure:—

For **Dyspepsia or Indigestion, Listlessness, Languor** and **Loss of Appetite**, they should be taken moderately to stimulate the stomach, and restore its healthy tone and action.

For **Liver Complaint** and its various symptoms, **Bilious Headache, Sick Headache, Jaundice** or **Green Sickness, Bilious Colic** and **Bilious Fevers**, they should be judiciously taken for each case, to correct the diseased action or remove the obstructions which cause it.

For **Dysentery** or **Diarrhœa**, but one mild dose is generally required.

For **Rheumatism, Gout, Gravel, Palpitation of the Heart, Pain in the Side, Back** and **Loins**, they should be continuously taken, as required, to change the diseased action of the system. With such change those complaints disappear.

For **Dropsy** and **Dropsical Swellings** they should be taken in large and frequent doses to produce the effect of a cathartic for the case.

For **Suppression** a large dose should be taken as it produces the desired effect by sympathy.

As a *Dinner Pill*, take one or two *Pills* to promote digestion and relieve the stomach.

An occasional dose to regulate the stomach and bowels into healthy action, restores the appetite, and invigorates the system. Hence it is often advantageous where no serious derangement exists. One who feels tolerably well often finds that a dose of these *Pills* makes him feel decidedly better, from their cleansing and renovating effect on the digestive apparatus.

Dr. J. C. AYER & CO., Practical Chemists,
LOWELL, MASS., U. S. A.

Dr. W. W. NISBET Ag't Jacksonville, & sold by Druggists & Merchants everywhere.

J. J. Cohen,

Rome, Georgia,

Keeps constantly on hand the most celebrated and latest MILL MACHINERY, at Manufacturer's prices. Also, Importer of the Double Anchor Dutch Bolting Cloth, French Burr and Esopus MILL STONES, Double Turbine Water Wheels, and an assortment of Belting, &c. Oct. 15, '70

To the Planters of Calhoun County.

Send your COTTON to

JAS. H. COOPER

Of ROME, GA., who will sell it for you, and charge you only (50 c.) fifty cents per Bale for selling. If you want to Store your Cotton he will make liberal Cash advances on it.
Rome, Ga., Oct. 17, 1870.—3m.

TO PHYSIGIANS.

NEW YORK, August 15th, 1868.

Allow me to call your attention to my **Preparation of Compound Extract Buchu.**

The component parts are BUCHU, LONG LEAF, CUBEBS, JUNIPER BERRIES.

MODE OF PREPARATION:—Buchu, in vacuo. Juniper Berries, by distillation, to form a fine gin. Cubebs extracted by displacement with spirits obtained from Juniper Berries; very little sugar is used, and a small proportion of spirit. *It is more palatable than any now in use.*

Buchu, as prepared by Druggists, is of a dark color. It is a plant that emits its fragrance; the action of flame destroys this (its active principle), leaving a dark and glutinous decoction. Mine is the color of ingredients. The Buchu in my preparation predominates, the smallest quantity of the other ingredients are added, to prevent fermentation; upon inspection, it will be found not to be a Tincture, as made in Pharmacopœa, nor is it a Syrup—and therefore can be used in cases where fever or inflammation exist. In this, you have the knowledge of the ingredients and the mode of preparation.

Hoping that you will favor it with a trial, and that upon inspection it will meet with your approbation.

With a feeling of confidence,
I am, very respectfully,
H. T. HELMBOLD,
Chemist and Druggist,
of 18 Years' Experience

[From the Largest Manufacturing Chemist in the World.]

NOVEMBER 4, 1854.

"I am acquainted with Mr. H. T. HELMBOLD; he occupied the Drug Store opposite my residence, and was successful in conducting the business where others had not been equally so before him. I have been favorably impressed with his character and enterprise."

WILLIAM WEIGHTMAN,
Firm of Powers & Weightman,
Manufacturing Chemists,
Ninth and Brown streets, Philadelphia.

Helmbold's Fluid Extract Buchu

Is the great specific for Universal Lassitude, Prostration, &c.

The constitution, once affected with Organic Weakness, requires the aid of Medicine to strengthen and invigorate the system which HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU invariably does. If no treatment is submitted to, Consumption or insanity ensues.

Helmbold's Fluid Extract of Buchu,

In affections peculiar to Females, is unequaled by any other preparation, as in Chlorosis, or Retention, Painfulness, or Suppression of Customary Evacuations, Ulcerated or Schirrus State of the Uterus, and all complaints incident to the sex, or the decline or change of life.

Helmbold's Fluid Extract Buchu and Improved Rose Wash

Will radically exterminate from the system diseases arising from habits of dissipation, at little expense, little or no change in diet, no inconvenience or exposure; completely superseding those unpleasant and dangerous remedies, Copaiva and Mercury, in all these diseases.

Use Helmbold's Fluid Extract Buchu

In all diseases of the organs, whether existing in male or female, from whatever cause originating, and no matter of how long standing. It is pleasant in taste and odor. "immediate" in action, and more strengthening than any of the preparations of Bark or Iron.

Those suffering from broken-down or delicate constitutions, procure the remedy at once.

The reader must be aware that, however slight may be the attack of the above diseases, it is certain to affect the bodily health and mental powers.

All the above diseases require the aid of a Diuretic. HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU is the great Diuretic.

Sold by Druggists everywhere. Price—$1,25 per bottle, or 6 bottles for $6,50. Delivered to any address. Describe symptoms in all communications.

Address
H. T. HELMBOLD,
Drug and Chemical Warehouse,
594 Broadway, New York.

None are Genuine

Unless done up in steel-engraved wrapper, with fac-simile of my Chemical Warehouse, and signed

H. T. HELMBOLD.

J. M. CARROLL.....JOHN. W. HUGHES.

CARROLL & CO

NEW GOODS

OF THE LATEST STYLE

JUST RECEIVED AND OPENED.

We can suit our friends and customers who may give us a trial before purchasing elsewhere. Come and give us a trial.

A large Stock of Domestics, Calicoes, Gents Ready Made Clothing and Furnishing Goods, Doe Skin and Broad Cloths, Hats, Caps, Boots Shoes and DRESS GOODS.

A GOOD VARIETY OF LADIES AND MISSES SHOES.

Sugar, Coffee, Candles, Canny, Oysters, Crackers Sardines, SALT, Guns, Pistols, IRON, HARDWARE, CUTLERY, Carpenters' Tools, Shovels, Forks, BAGGING AND TIES, WASHING MACHINES, WHEELER & WILSON'S SEWING MACHINES,

on easy terms, good lot of Hemlock Leather, Bridles, Saddles, and a great many articles not named.

We have a larger and more complete Stock than ever before; and are better prepared to supply the wants of the people, than ever before.

Come and see what great bargains can be had for CASH.

J. M. CARROLL & CO.
Nov. 5, 1870.

FORNEY'S CORNER.

5000 doz. EGGS,
1000 *CHICKENS*,
500 lbs. *BEESWAX*,
500 lbs. *BUTTER*, are

SOME OF OUR WANTS.

We further want our friends and the trading people generally to know, that in addition to our stock of leading DRY GOODS, we have received a stock of

GROCERIES,

CONSISTING OF
Sugar, Coffee, Syrup, Molasses, Cheese, new crop Rice, Soda, Pepper, Spice, Ginger, Nutmeg, Soap, Copperas, Candles, Tobacco, Snuff, Nails, Cotton Ties, &c.

Bacon and Lard.

With which we propose to supply their wants at

LOW PRICES *For the Money.*

Or COUNTRY PRODUCE at market value.

Yours Truly,
DRAPER & JOHNSON.
Jacksonville, Oct. 29, 1870.

SANTA CLAUS

IS COMING.

CRISTMAS.

WHISENANT & DRISKELL.

Are now opening an unusually fine Stock of Goods, suitable for HOLLIDAY PRESENTS FOR CHILDREN.

Toys of all kinds,
Fancy Candies,
Raisins,
Oranges,
Apples,
Almonds,
Pecans,
English Walnuts,
Butter Nuts, etc.
Canned Fruits,
Pineapples,
Peaches,
Jellies,
Citron,
Currants,
Cranberries,
Oysters,
Sardines,
Pickels,
Chow Chow,
Lobsters, etc.

GROCERIES.

We have just received a fine lot of choice Groceries in which we offer special inducements to Purchasers.

Sugar,

TEAS.

No. 1. N. O. Syrup by the Barrel half barrel or Keg.

All other articles usually kept in a first-class Grocery Store.

We are also opening a new and handsome lot of

BOOTS & SHOES.

Dry Goods, etc., which we offer on reasonable terms.

M. A. TURNER

TAILOR.

Takes pleasure in informing his old patrons and the public generally, that he is

STILL AT HIS OLD STAND,

PREPARED TO CUT & MAKE

Gentlemens Clothing in the latest and *MOST FASHIONABLE STYLE,* **& MOST DURABLE MANNER.**

Terms now, henceforth, and forever CASH.

JACKSONVILLE ALA.,
dec17 1870.—tf.

MONEY.

We respectfully request all those who are indebted to us, to come and settle up; as we are compelled to collect, in order to meet our liabilities.

We hope none will fail to heed and read this call; for we are compelled and must have money. Prompt payments make good credit.

J. M. CARROLL & CO
Dec. 24,—3t.

Tax Assessor's Notice.

1ST AND LAST CALL.

I will attend at the various Precincts as Tax Assessor of the County of Calhoun, for the purpose of assessing the State and County Tax for the year 1871, at the times and places hereinafter designated, to-wit:

At Corn Grove, Monday, 16th, Jan., '71.
" Oxford, Tuesday, 17th, " "
" Court Ground, No. 4, Wednesday, 18th, " "
" Sulphur Springs, Thursday, 19th, " "
" Polkville, Friday, 20th, " "
" Peaks Hill, Saturday, 21st, " "
" Mt. Gilead Church, Monday, 23d, " "
" Walden's Shop, Tuesday, 24th, " "
" Cross Plains, Wednesday, 25th, " "
" Rabbit Town, Thursday, 26th, " "
" White Plains, Friday, 27th, " "
" Taylor's Old Place, Monday, 30th, " "
" Alexandria, Tuesday, 31st, " "
" Jacksonville, on Friday and Saturday, 3d and 4th February, 1871.

Tax payers will be careful to prepare an accurate descriptive list of their real state, and a just valuation of their personal property, and also, to be prompt in their attendance as required by law. All those claiming exemption from a Poll Tax under the law as now provided, must come before the Assessor and make affidavit of their exemption.

J. B. BROUGHTON.
Tax Assessor, Calhoun County, Ala.

Just Received,

DIRECT FROM NEW YORK,

BY

WHISENANT & DRISKILL,

DEALERS IN

DRY GOODS

AND

GROCERIES.

A MAGNIFICENT STOCK OF

Gentlemens' Fine Dress Goods,

Ready Made Clothing, Cassimeres, Doeskins, Jeans, Heavy Twills &c,

Ladies' and Gentlemen's SHAWLS in great variety.

FLANNELS and LINSIES.

LADIES DRESS GOODS.

Alpacas, All-wool Delaines, Balmorals, Prints, Domestics, &c.,

Boots & Shoes,

BLANKETS,

Hats, Trunks, Wood and Willow Ware, Hardware and Cutlery,

Stationery

Toilet Soaps, Perfumery, &c., &c.,

Crockery.

—o—

GROCERIES.

SUGAR, COFFEE, SALT,

Fish, Cheese, Maccaroni, Pickles, Tea, Oysters, Sardines, Jellies, Preserves,

Confectioneries,

TOBACCO. SEGARS & SNUFF.

New York Exchange.

In sums to suit purchasers. For sale, by E. L. WOODWARD.
Dec 3 1870—tf.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

Under and by virtue of one fifa, issued from the office of the clerk of the County Court of Calhoun County, and to me directed on Monday the 6th day of February, 1871; I will sell before the Court House door the following described lands to wit:

All the interest that Wm. Johnson and Jonathan Elston, has in section 33 township 15 range 9; also one hundred acres in section 34 township 15 range 9 bounded by Cobb, Williams and Hughes, levied upon as the property of Wm Johnson, to satisfy said fifa in my hands in favor of Samuel H. Borders, and against Jonathan Elston, and Wm. Johnson, for the sum of Sixteen hundred and fifty five dollars and thirty cents, besides interest and cost. This the 29th of December 1870.

J. W. WILLIAMS, Sheriff.
dec31—6t.

LAND BUYERS

WILL please call on the undersigned who will sell from one to nine hundred acres of good Land—seven hundred and fifty acres of which lie on Ohatchie creek, and one hundred and fifty near Jacksonville.

Terms—one third cash, balance on time. G. B. DOUTHIT.
Oct. 8, 1870.—2m. Jacksonville, Ala.

☞ **Jury Certificates for 1866, and some other descriptions of County Claims, will be taken in payment of subscriptions to this paper until the 15th of November next.**

POCKET BOOK LOST.

The undersigned lost on the 12 inst. between Jacksonville and Oxford on the wagon road a small plain black pocket book, containing $15 in greenbacks and 10 ct. in nickel coin, together with other valuable papers—notes and accounts made payable to him.

Parties finding the property will please leave same at Republican Office, or send information that may lead to its recovery to me at Vernon, Trupe Co. Ga.

J. D. JOHNSTON.
dec17—3t.

Dissolution of Partnership.

The Partnership heretofore existing between Alexander Morris & Co. was dissolved by mutual consent on the 29th of September 1870. The business will be continued by Alexander & Morris.

WM. T. ALEXANDER.
WM. H. MORRIS.
ROBT. ALEXANDER.

I hereby give notice that my connection with the firm of Alexander Morris & Co. ceased on the 29 day of September 1870.

ROBT. ALEXANDER.

P. Rowan,

Is receiving this week

A FRESH SUPPLY OF

DRY GOODS,

Boots & Shoes,

BOOKS

AND

STATIONERY,

DRUGS

AND

Medicines,

Oils and Paints,

SMOKING & CHEWING

TOBACCO,

PATENT FRUIT JARS

And a Large Lot of very Superior

Sugar & Coffee.

He has also a lot of very fine

ENGLISH SHOT GUNS

AND A FEW

SQUIRREL RIFLES.

Needs money very badly to buy Fall Stock, and will sell VERY CHEAP FOR CASH.

Aug. 27, 1870.

ANNOUNCEMENTS.

MR. EDITOR:—As the law allowing the Superintendent of Instruction to appoint the County Superintendents, has been repealed and the people are now allowed to elect their own Superintendents, and the election is to be held on the 1st Saturday in March next, we beleave to announce the name of MR. LUKE MITCHELL, as one in every way qualified to discharge the duties of that office.

CITIZENS.

☞ We are requested by the friends of Capt. WM. M. HAMES, to announce his name as candidate for County Superintendent.

COUNTY CONVENTION.

At a Democratic Mass Meeting held in Jacksonville, July 4th 1870, the following gentlemen were appointed County Executive and Beat Committees.

COUNTY EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE.—Col. JOHN H. CALDWELL, Capt. JAMES CROOK, GEORGE I TURNLEY, Esqr.

BEAT COMMITTEES

No. 1. Jacksonville—E. T. Read, G. B Douthit, and H. L. Stevenson.
No. 2. Alexandria—J. M. Shoid, E. McClelen and W. F. Bush.
No. 3. June Bug—G. B. Skelton, W. G. Dossan and T. P. Rendro.
No. 4. Mad Fox—E. A. Crandall, I. M. Ford and B. Johnson.
No. 5. Polkville—H. T. Francis, P. D. Ross and I. G. Morris.
No. 6. Ohatchee—Dr. Tho's. Williamson, W. Dickie and J. P. Gore.
No. 7. Oak Grove—Henry McBee, Jno. Wesley Ford and James N. Landers.
No. 8. Allen's—Wm. Dale, Spartan Allen and Benj'n Neighbors.
No. 9. Cove Plains and Ladiga—D. B. Wilson, Dr. J. L. Hughes and Leonidas W. Ferguson.
No. 10. Rabbit Town—J. W. White side Elias Tenison, Jr. and Joseph McRoberts.
No. 11. White Plains—W. R. Hanna, M. P. Johnson and A. J. Little.
No. 12. Teague's Cross Roads and Davis Town—N. J. Ross, D. Davis and J. B. Mallory.
No. 13. Oxford—Dr. Henry Snow, Dr. S. C. Williams and Capt. J. B. Farmer.
No. 14. Sulphur Springs—Wade Henderson, C. Dulaney & W. Thatcher.

It is requested by the County Executive Committee that the various Beat Committees call Beat meetings and elect delegates to attend a County nominating Convention called to meet in Jacksonville on the Third Saturday in January for the purpose of nominating a candidate for County Superintendent, to be elected in March next, in pursuance of a recent enactment of the Board of Education, approved by the Governor.

Those people holding claims against this county will be glad to learn that the County Treasurer will pay all county claims of the year 1866 up to No. 251.

NOTICE.—Notice is hereby given that I will pay all county claims of the year 1866, up to No. 251, of that year, on presentation, under a recent order of the Commissioner's Court.

JNO. A. DEARMAN,
County Treasurer.

THE WEAKNESS OF RUSSIA.—Let nobody be deceived as to the real effective strength of the Northern Bear. There is not a more egregious error prevalent in the average American mind respecting that "great country"—of which we really know so little—than that of its supposed invincibility.—Russia is vast impenetrable, gloomy, mysterious, and *omne ignotum pro magnifico*. Russia is emphatically not a martial nation, but the contrary; it has an ever-present and fearful skeleton in this Polish cupboard; its civil administration, as well as its military, is the most corrupt in the world, save the American alone; it has not at this time, more than three hundred thousand effectives at its disposal; and its navy could not cope with the puny flotilla of the North German Confederations. It is mighty for defense, because its natural horrors swallowed up armies like the Serbonia bog, but for aggression it is nothing except as against the wretched despotisms and the barbarous nomads as Asia. The nembus of the great horror which seized the minds of men after the fearful holocaust of 1812 is not yet lifted from the nations. Austria alone, if her Magyar and German troops had good heart in the business, is fully competent to baffle any attempted Muscovite occupation of Stamboul.

WASHINGTON NOTES.

The Department of Agriculture estimates that the corn crop this year will exceed 1,100,000 bushels.

The Senate postal Committee will concure in the House amendment to the postal code, and try to secure its passage early in January.

The whole number of disabled soldiers suported during the year in the national asylums is 4,194, being an increase of 400 over last year

Dr. SCHENCK advises Consumptives to go to Florida in Winter.

Having for the last thirty-five years devoted my whole time and attention to the study of lung diseases and consumption, I feel that I understand fully the course that ought to be pursued to restore a tolerably bad case of diseased lungs to healthy soundness. The first and most important step is for the patient to avoid taking cold, and the best of all places on this continent for this purpose in winter, is Florida well down in the State, where the temperature is regular, and not subject to such variations as in more Northern latitudes, Palatka is a point I can recommend. A good hotel is kept there by Peterman. Last winter I saw several persons there whose lungs had been badly diseased, but who, under the healing influence of the climate and my medicines, were getting well.

One hundred miles further down the river is a point which I would prefer to Palatka, as the temperature is more even and the air dry and bracing. Mellonville and Enterprise are located there. I should give a decided preference to Mellonville. It is two miles from river or lake, and it seems almost impossible to take cold there. The tables in Florida might be better, and patients complain at times but that is a good sign, as it indicates a return of appetite, and when this is the case they generally increase in flesh, and then the lungs must heal.

Jacksonville, Hibernia, Green Cove, and many other places in various parts of Florida, can be safely recommended to consumptives in winter. My reasons for saying so are that patients are less liable to take cold there than where there is a less even temperature, and it is not necessary to say that where a consumptive person exposes himself to frequent colds he is certain to die shortly. Therefore my advice is, go well down into the State out of the reach of prevailing east winds and fogs. Jacksonville, or almost any other of the localities I have named, will benefit those who are troubled with a torpid liver, a disordered stomach, deranged bowels, sore throat or cough, but for those whose lungs are diseased a more southern point is earnestly recommended.

For fifteen years prior to 1869, I was professionally in New York, Boston, Baltimore and Philadelphia every week, where I saw and examined on an average five hundred patients a week. A practice so extensive, embracing every possible phase of lung disease, has enabled me to understand the disease fully, and hence, my caution in regard to taking cold. A person may take vast quantities of "Schenck's Pulmonic Syrup, Seaweed Tonic and Mandrake Pills," and yet die if he does not avoid taking cold.

In Florida, nearly everybody is using Schenck's Medicines, especially Schenck's Mandrake Pills, for the climate is more likely to produce bilious habits than more northern latitudes. It is a well established fact that natives of Florida rarely die of consumption, especially those of the southern part. On the other hand, in New England, one third, at least, of the population die of this terrible disease. In the Middle States it does not prevail so largely, still there are many thousands of cases there. What a vast percentage of life would be saved if consumptives were as easily alarmed in regard to taking fresh cold as they are about scarlet fever, small pox, &c. But they are not. They take what they term a little cold, which they are credulous enough to believe will wear off in a few days. They pay no attention to it, and hence it lays the foundation for another and another still, until the lungs are diseased beyond all hope for cure.

My advice to persons whose lungs are affected even slightly is, to lay in a stock of Schenck's Pulmonic Syrup, Schenck's Seaweed Tonic and Schenck's Mandrake Pills and go to Florida. I recommend these particular medicines because I am thoroughly acquainted with their action. I know that where they are used in strict accordance with my directions they will do the work that is required. This accomplished, nature will do the rest. The physician who prescribes for cold, cough or night-sweats and then advises the patient to walk or ride out every day, will be sure to have a corpse on his hands before long.

My plan is to give my three medicines, in accordance with the printed directions, except in some cases where a freer use of the Mandrake Pills is necessary. My object is to give tone to the stomach—to get up a good appetite. It is always a good sign when a patient begins to grow hungry. I have hopes of such. With a relish for food and the gratification of that relish comes good blood, and with it more flesh, which is closely followed by a healing of the lungs. Then the cough lessens and abates, the creeping chills and clammy night-sweats no longer prostrate and annoy, and the patient gets well, provided he avoids taking cold.

Now there are many consumptives who have not the means to go to Florida. The question may be asked, is there no hope for such? Certainly there is. My advice to such is, and ever has been, to stay in a warm room during the winter, with a temperature of about seventy degrees, which should be kept regularly at that point, by means of a thermometer. Let such a patient take his exercise within the limits of the room by walking up and down as much as his strength will permit, in order to keep up a healthy circulation of the blood. I have cured thousands by this system, and can do so again. Consumption is as easily cured as any other disease if it is taken in time, and the proper kind of treatment is pursued. The fact stands undisputed on record that Schenck's Pulmonic Syrup, Mandrake Pills, and Seaweed Tonic have cured very many of what seemed to be hopeless cases of consumption. Go where you will, you will be almost certain to find some poor consumptive who has been rescued from the very jaws of death by their use.

So far as the Mandrake Pills are concerned, everybody should keep a supply of them on hand. They act on the liver better than calomel, and leave none of its hurtful effects behind. In fact they are excellent in all cases where a purgative medicine is required. If you have partaken too freely of fruit and diarrhœa ensues, a dose of the Mandrake will cure you. If you are subject to sick headache take a dose of the Mandrakes and they will relieve you in two hours. If you would obviate the effect of a change of water, or the too free indulgence in fruit, take one of the Mandrakes every night or every other night, and you may then drink water and eat watermelons, pears, apples, plums, peaches or corn, without the risk of being made sick by them. They will protect those who live in damp situations against chills and fevers. Try them. They are perfectly harmless. They can do you good only.

I have abandoned my professional visits to Boston and New York, but continue to see patients at my office, No. 15 N. SIXTH Street, Philadelphia, every Saturday, from 9 A. M. to 3 P. M. Those who wish a thorough examination with the Respirometer will be charged five dollars. The Respirometer declares the exact condition of the lungs, and patients can readily learn whether they are curable or not. But I desire it distinctly understood that the value of my medicines depends entirely upon their being taken strictly according to directions.

In conclusion, I will say that when persons take my medicines and their systems are brought into a healthy condition thereby, they are not so liable to take cold, put no one with diseased lungs can bear a sudden change of atmosphere without the liability of greater or less irritation of the bronchial tubes.

Full directions in all languages accompany my medicines, so explicit and clear that any one can use them without consulting me, and can be bought from any druggist.

J. H. SCHENCK, M. D.
No. 15 N. SIXTH Street, Philadelphia.
Oct 29 1y.

BLOOMIGTON NURSERY.

600 Acres—19th Year—10 Greenhouses

Fruit and ornamental Trees, Nursery Stock, Root, Grafts Grapes, Evergreens, Shrubs, Roses, Hedge and Greenhouse Plants FLOWER BULBS FOR FALL. TULIPS &c Colored Fruit and Flower plates—all a wholesale and retail Send 10cts. for Catalogues.

Oct. 8 '70—6m. F. K PHOENIX, Bloomington, Ill.

COME IN AND PAY YOUR SUBSCRIPTION.

E. L. WOODWARD'S SONS

Have in store, a large lot of

Ladies and Misses Shoes, of various styles and grades—
Mens and Boys Boots and Shoes, which they are now offering cheaper than ever—
Ladies Dress Goods, (various styles.)
Chemise—
Night Dresses—
Balmorals—
Shawls—
White Goods—
Hosiery,
Notions,
Tweeds,
Jeans,
Cloth,
Plaids,
Shirts &c.,

LOW FOR CASH.

They have just received more New Style Hats—very pretty and cheap.

If you need Crockery of any kind, call on them and you will be surprised at the lowness of their prices.

POCKET CUTLERY, at the right kind of figures.

Fine Sugar, Coffee and NEW ORLEANS SYRUP

FACTORY THREAD, DOMESTICS and OSNABURG furnished the Trade at Manufacturers prices.

They are Agents for the sale of

BAUGE'S RAW BONE And Other Fertilizers

They are also Agents for the sale of

H & F. BLANDY'S ENGINES, MILLS, &c. and all kinds of Agricultural Implements, which they furnish at Manufacturers' prices.

☞Go see them before making your purchases.

Manhood: How Lost, How Restored.

Just published, a new edition of Dr. Culverwell's Celebrated Essay on the *radical cure* (without medicine) of SPERMATORRHŒA, or Seminal Weakness, Involuntary Seminal Losses, IMPOTENCY, Mental and Physical Incapacity, Impediments to Marriage, etc.; also CONSUMPTION, EPILEPSY and Fits, induced by self-indulgence or sexual extravagance.

☞Price, in a sealed envelope, only 6 cts.

The celebrated author, in this admirable essay, clearly demonstrates from a thirty years' successful practice, that the alarming consequences of self abuse may be radically cured without the dangerous use of internal medicine or the application of the knife; pointing out a mode of cure at once simple, certain and effectual, by means of which every sufferer, no matter what his condition may be, may cure himself cheaply, privately, and *radically*.

☞This Lecture should be in the hands of every youth and every man in the land.

Sent under seal, to any address, in a plain envelope, on the receipt of six cents, or two postage stamps, by addressing the publishers.

Also Dr. Culverwell's "Marriage Guide," price 25 cents. Address the Publishers.

CHAS. J. C. KLINE & CO.
127 Bowery, N. Y. Post Office Box 4,586

DREER'S GARDEN SEEDS AND Bulbous Flower Roots.

Dreers' Descriptive Catalogue of Hyacinths, Tulips, Crocus, Lilies, &c, White Blooming Plants, Roses, Hardy Flowering Shrubs, Evergreens, &c., Small Fruits, Grape Vines, Choice Flower Seeds, &c., will be mailed to all applicants, and his GARDEN CALENDAR of Vegetable and Flower Seeds, Grass seeds, Field seeds, Plants. Roses, Dahlias, Verbenas, Gladiolus, Asparagus roots, Early Potatoes, Onion setts, Books, Implements &c., with full descriptive lists of the above (144 pages) beautifully illustrated with engravings and two colored plates will also be mailed to all applicants, address,

HENRY A DREER,
714 Chestnut St., Philadelphia, Pa.
Oct. 15—2m.

Notice to Executors, Administrators and Guardians &c.

I have heretofore given notice in the Jacksonville Republican for Executors, Administrators and Guardians, to come forward and file in my office their accounts and vouchers for a final, partial or annual settlement, but very few responded to said notice; this is therefore to notify them again, that I have now issued personal notice to them and forwarded the same by Mail, setting a day for filing their accounts, &c., preparatory to making said settlements. I hope all will attend punctually, without any further trouble or cost in the matter.

A. WOODS, Judge
Sept. 24 1870—tf. of Probate.

IN ALL CANDOR We Must Have It

Those indebted to M. J. Turnley, and M. J. Turnley & Son, for Professional services, will please call at their office and settle by CASH or note at an early day; and those indebted to J. B. Turnley & Co., will pay up, or close by note—claims in hands of the undersigned for collection. Heed this call.

TURNLEY & SON.

All persons indebted to the firm of J. H. Sargeant & Co, are invited to settle with us, at once.

Oct. 29 1870

To Consumptives.

The advertiser, having been permanently cured of that dread disease, consumption by a simple remedy, is anxious to make known to his fellow sufferers the means of cure. To all who desire it, he will send a copy of the prescription used (free of charge) with the directions for preparing and using the same, which they will find a Sure Cure for Consumption, Asthma Bronchitis, &c

Parties wishing the prescription will please address

Rev. EDWARD A. WILSON.
165 South Second Street, Williamsburgh, N. Y.

TO THE WORKING CLASS.—We are now prepared to furnish all classes with constant employment at home, the whole of the time or for the spare moments. Business new, light and profitable. Persons of either sex easily earn from 50c. to $5 per evening, and a proportional sum by devoting their whole time to the business. Boys and girls earn nearly as much as men. That all who see this notice may send their address, and test the business, we make this unparalleled offer: To such as are not well satisfied, we will send $1 to pay for the trouble of writing. Full particulars, a valuable sample which will do to commence work on, and a copy of *The People's Literary Companion*—one of the largest and family newspapers published—all sent free by mail. Reader, if you want permanent, profitable work, address E. C ALLEN CO.; Augusta, Maine. ma14-1870.

Upham's depilatory Powder Removes superfluous hair in *five minutes*, without injury to the skin, Sent by mail for $1.25.

Upham's Asthma Cure. Relieves most violent paroxysms in *five minutes* and effects a speedy cure. Price $2 by mail.

The Japanees Hair Stain Colors the whiskers and hair a beautiful black or brown. It consists of *only one preparation*. 75 cents by mail. Address S. C. UPHAM, No. 721 Jayne Street Philidelphia, Pa. Circulars sent free. Sold by all Druggist.

Dec 3 2m.

ERRORS OF YOUTH

A GENTLEMAN who suffered for years from Nervous Debility, Premature Decay, and all the effects of youthful indiscretion, will for the sake of suffering humanity, send free to all who need it the recipe and direction for making the simple remedy by which he was cured. Sufferer wishing to profit by the advertiser's experience can do so by addressing, in perfect confidence,

JOHN B. OGDEN,
No. 42 Cedar Street, New York.

NOTICE!

There will be a Special Term of the Court of County Commissioners of Calhoun County, Alabama, held at the Court House of said County, on Monday the 26th day of December, for the purpose of passing an order regulating the payment of all claims against said county and for attending to any other business, in which the people or the county may be interested. The Commissioners will take notice of the above and govern themselves accordingly.

A. WOODS, Judge of
Dec 10 3t Probate.

WANTED AGENTS—$75 to $200 per month—everywhere, male and female, to introduce the Genuine Improved Common Sense Family Sewing Machine. This Machine will stitch, hem, fell, tuck, bind, braid, cord, quilt and embroider in a most superior manner. Price only $15. Fully warranted for five years. We will pay $1,000 for any machine that will sew a stronger, more beautiful or more elastic seam than ours. It makes the "Elastic Lock Stitch." Every second stitch can be cut, and still the cloth cannot be pulled apart without tearing it. We pay Agents $75 to $200 per month and expenses, or a commission from which twice that amount can be made.

For Circulars and Terms, apply or address, J. W. ROGERS & CO.,
402 Library St., Philadelphia, Pa.

CAUTION.—Do not be imposed upon by other parties palming off worthless cast-iron machines under the same name or otherwise. Ours is the only genuine and really practical cheap machine manufactured.

Oct. 8 6m.

W. D. HOYT & CO.

Jobbers in Drugs, Medicines and Druggists Sundries,

No. 43. Broad Street,

Rome, Ga.

WHOLESALE AGENTS FOR

ROSADALIS,
CALIFORNIA VINEGAR BITTERS,
PLANTATION "
EDWARD WILDER & CO'S PREPARATIONS,
AYER & CO's "
PEMBERTON, TAYLOR & CO's "

White Lead & Linseed Oil.

All of which will be sold at MANUFACTURER'S PRICES.

D. D. DRAPER, J. R. DRAPER, J. DRAPER, Sr

D. D. DRAPER, SON & CO.

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in

Dry Goods, Groceries, and General Merchandise.

OXFORD, ALA.

Have now on hand a Large and select stock of

DRY GOODS AND GROCERIES,

CONSISTING IN PART OF

Sugar, Coffee, Molasses; Bacon, Lard, Mess Pork; Cooking Stoves, Iron and Steel; Hardware, Cutlery, Crockery, Glassware, &c.

Their Stock is now large, and their arragements completed to keep it constantly full of choice articles at reduced prices. Purchasers are respectfully invited to call and look through our Dry Goods and Grocery Stores, with the confident expectation on our part that we can give entire satisfaction.

Oxford, April 16, 1870.

JOSEPH E. VEAL,

ROME, GA.,

DEALER IN

Watches, Clocks, Jewelry,

SILVER AND PLATED WARE,

SPECTCLES,

FRENCH, CHINA, AND CUT GLASS WARE,

CUTLERY,

TOYS, WALKING CANES.

Musical Instruments, Fishing Tackle,
FINE HOUSEHOLD ARTICLES,
And Fancy Goods Generally.
OLD GOLD AND SILVER TAKEN IN EXCHANGE.
Watches, Clocks and Jewelry Repaired and Warranted.

M. T. HUMPHRIES, J. J. ROBERTSON,

Bar, Cigars. Tobacco. and Confectionaries

CROSS LAINS, ALA. Apl. 28, 1870.

250 Utley Plows,

All complete and first class finish

SOON TO ARRIVE.

J. B. TURNLEY & CO.
Jacksonville, Alabama.

English Dairy

Churns.

Makes Butter in 3 minutes.

For Sale by J. B. TURNLEY & CO.
Jacksonville, Alabama.

Calhoun County Norway Oats,

For Sale By

J. B. TURNLEY & CO.

WILL PRODUCE FROM 100 TO 150 BUSHELS PER ACRE.

☞Cannot be effected by rust.☜

For sale by J. B. TURNLEY & CO.
Jacksonville, Alabama.

J. B. TURNLY & CO.,

COTTON FACTORS & COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

ROME, GEORGIA.

☞Liberal Cash advances made on consignments.

THE MOUND CITY

Mutual Life Insurance Co.

OF ST. LOUIS, MO.

OFFICERS.

JAMES J. O'FALLON, President.
A. .M BRITTON, Vice President.
S. W. LOAX, Sec'y.
C. G. McHATTON, Gen'l Agent

The Mound City Mutual Life Insurance Company offers itself as a candidate for public patronage, with such provisions incorporated in the basis of its organization as render it at the same time,

Liberal, Safe and Substantial.

One Hundred Thousand Dollars Deposited For the Security of Policy Holders

In conformity with the Law of Missouri, this Company has deposited in the Insurance Department in St. Louis, Mo., one hundred thousand dollars, for security of its policy holders.

THIS COMPANY ISSUES

All Classes of Policies,

NON-FORFEITABLE AFTER ONE ANNUAL PAYMENT.

On the Ten Payment Table, one annual payment secures a paid up Policy for one tenth of the amount insured.

JOHNSTON & POINDEXTER,
Gen'l Agents,
Mobile, Ala.

ALEXANDER, MORRIS & CO. Agents, Jacksonville

August 20, 1870.—1y.

BONES, BROWN & CO., *Augusta. Ga* ESTABLISHED 1825.

J. & S. BONES & CO., *Rome. Ga* ESTABLISHED 1869.

The attention of Merchants is called to the Magnificent Stock of

HARDWARE

Now in Store and for sale by the above mentioned Houses. We offer at prices corresponding with the recent decline in gold.

1500 Doz. Pocket Knives—best Sheffield Brand,
500 Gross Table " — " " "
4000 Prs. Standard weight Trace Chains,
350 Tons Sweedish Hammered Iron,
100 " Jenk's English Plow Steel,
200 Doz. Ames & Rowland's Shovels and Spades,
400 " Sam. Collins Axes.
300 " Cheap grade "
200 Kegs Burdin's Horse and Mule Shoes,
1000 Kegs Old Dominion Nails.

We are exclusive Agents for the Rome Iron Manufacturing Co.'s Merchant Bar Iron. This Iron is made from the best Charcoal Pig, & every bar GUARANTEED.

We are AGENTS for Vulcanized Rubber Belting, Orange Rifle and Blasting Powder, Winship's Cotton Gins, Brooks' Cotton and Hay Presses, Burdick's National Hay Cutter, R. Hoe & Co.'s Patent Ground, Inserted and Solid Tooth Circular Saws.

Oct. 15. 1870—6m.

Jos S. Montgomery, H. F. Montgomery,

MONTGOMERY BRO'S.

GROCERS AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS

Keep Constantly on hand a full and varied stock of Groceries. Provisions. and Family Supplies. also Table and Pocket Cutlery. Tobacco. foreign and domestic Cigars, fancy Candies Confections. &c. &c —West Side Public Sqare Jacksonville Alabama.

Thanking the public for past favors, we respectfully solicit a continuance of the same, feeling confident of being able to give our customers *FIRST CLASS* Goods as *LOW* as they can be bought in this market. Wrapping paper at manufacturers prices.

Dec. 10, 1870.—tf.

GREENS. & CO.

DEALERS IN

General Merchandise, Drugs,

AND

GROCERIES,

ALEXANDRIA, ALABAMA.

Have on hand the very best Foreign and Domestic DRY GOODS, such as:
LADIES DRESS GOODS—Shawls, Vandykes, Nubias, Alpacas, All-woo Delaines, Balmorals, Prints, etc., etc., etc.
MENS WEAR—Kersys, Cassimeres, HATS, BOOTS & SHOES (bt in Boston

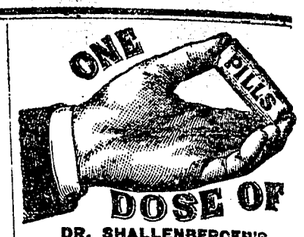
READY MADE CLOTHING—CROCKERY,
Hardware & Cutlery of the best brands—Plow Steel and IRON.

CERIES—Sugar, Coffee, Rice, SALT, Bagging, Rope and Ties, Tobacco &c

All Goods will be sold to prompt paying customers, on time, until Christmas, at CASH PRICES. No credit extended beyond that time.

HIGHEST MARKET PRICE PAID FOR COTTON.

☞DEBTORS TURN OVER☜



DR. SHALLENBERGER'S

Fever and Ague ANTIDOTE

Always Stops the Chills.

This Medicine has been before the Public fifteen years, and is still ahead of all other known remedies. It does not purge, does not sicken the stomach, is perfectly safe in any dose and under all circumstances, and is the only Medicine that will

CURE IMMEDIATELY

and permanently every form of Fever and Ague, because it is a perfect **Antidote to Malaria.**

Sold by all Druggists.

W. A. STOLLENWERCK, *Selma, Ala.* F. E. STOLLENWERCK *Mobile, Ala.*
A. S. STOLLENWERCK. *Selma, Ala.*

H. A. STOLLENWERCK & BROS. *Water Street,* SELMA, Ala.
F. E. STOLLENWERCK & BROS. *42 North Commerce Street,* MOBILE Ala
COTTON FACTORS AND Commission Merchants.

☞Messrs. E. L. WOODWARD & SON, of Jacksonville, Ala., will act as Agents for this house.

LIVERY STABLE,

Sign of the Horned Horse.

BY S. C. KELLY Oxford, Ala.

Prepared with Horses and Mules and any kind of wheels from a wheel barrow to a log wagon, with teams and drivers to let on liberal terms. Buy or Sell if convinced there is money about for me. Sell cheap for cash, Feed and take care of stock. Cash business strictly.

THE **GERMANIA TANNING CO.** MANUFACTURERS OF ALL KINDS OF **UPPER, SOLE AND HARNESS LEATHER,** JACKSONVILLE, Ala.

Highest market rates paid for HIDES and TALLOW.

JACOB ROSENBERG, *Sup't.*
Dec. 14, 1869.

WHEREAS, by an act of the General Assembly of the State of Alabama approved the 10th day of October, 1869, it is provided as follows: to-wit: "It shall be the duty of the Probate Judge of each county in this State to designate a newspaper in which all legal advertisements, notices or publications, of any and every character required by law to be made in his County, shall be published; which paper so designated shall be the official organ in and for said county," and in obedience to the requirements of said act, I, as Judge of Probate for Calhoun County, Alabama, did heretofore designate the "St. Clair County Eagle," as the official organ in and for said County of Calhoun, in which all legal advertisements, notices or publications of any and every character, required by law to be made in and for said County of Calhoun should be published, said designation to remain until recalled or changed by me.—

And the "*Jacksonville Republican*" being a County paper, published in the Town of Jacksonville, Alabama, and in my opinion, clearly within the provisions of said act—I therefore recall and change my order designating the St. Clair County Eagle, as the official organ for said County of Calhoun, and designate the said Jacksonville Republican as the official organ hereafter, in which all legal advertisements, notices or publications of any and every character required by Law to be made in and for said County of Calhoun shall be published. This designation to remain so long as in my opinion, the Editor of said Jacksonville Republican conducts said paper so as to be within the provisions of said act.

A. WOODS, Judge of
Feb. 13, 1869. Probate.

CROSS PLAINS HOUSE, COME ALONG.

This House is not quite completed, but will receive Boarders and the Traveling public generally.

No rash promises made—come and see.

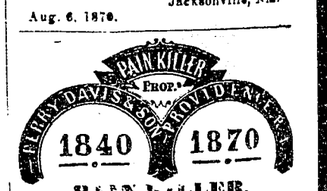
A. S. JOHNSON,
J. N. HOOD,
J. N. HOOD, Prop'r.
june18—tf.

Door, Blind and Sash MANUFACTORY.

THE undersigned is now prepared to manufacture, of the best materials, and in the neatest and most durable manner, any of the above named articles for persons who may desire them, at Rome prices.

Apply to, or address,

T. W. PITT,
Jacksonville, Ala.
Aug. 6. 1870.



PAIN KILLER.

PERRY DANIS & SON.

Manufacturers and Proprietors, Providence, R. I.

We ask the attention of the public to this long-tested and unrivaled

FAMILY MEDICINE.

It has been favorably known for more than twenty years, during which time we have received thousands of testimonials, shoing this medicine to be an almost never failing remedy for diseases caused by or attendant upon—

Sudden Colds, Coughs, Fever and Ague, Acadache, Billious Fever, Pains in the Side, Back and Loins, as well as in the Joints and Limbs, Neuralgia and Rheumatic Pain in any part of the system, Toothache and Pains in the head and face.

As a Blood Purifier and Tonic for the Stomach,

It seldom fails to cure Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Liver complaint, Acid Stomach. Heartburn, Kidney Complaints, Sick Headache, Piles, Asthma or Phthisic, Ringworms, Boils, Felons, Whitlows, Old Sores, Swelled Joints, and General Debility of the system.

It is also a prompt and sure remedy for Cramps and Pain in the Stomach, Painters' Colic, Diarrhœa, Dysentery, Summer Complaint, Cholera Morbus, Cholera Infantum, Scalds, Burns, Sprains, Bruises, Frost Bites, Chilblains, as well as the Stings of Insects, Scorpions, Centipedes, and the Bites of Poisonous Insects and Nenemous Reptiles.

See directions accompanying each bottle.

Sold by HOKE.