

MARCH

Jacksonville Republican.
EDITED, PRINTED & PUBLISHED, EVERY SATURDAY MORNING, BY
J. F. GRANT.

WILLIAM B. MARTIN,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
No. 3, Office Row, Jacksonville, Ala.

Has returned and re-opened his office at No. 3, Office Row, Jacksonville, Ala. He will practice in Calhoun, the adjoining Counties, the District Court of the United States at Huntsville and the Supreme Court of the State at Montgomery.

H. L. STEVENSON,
Attorney at Law,
Solicitor in Chancery,
JACKSONVILLE, Ala.

Will practice in the Courts of Calhoun and adjoining Counties; and give prompt and faithful attention to all business confided to his care.

NEW HOTEL IN JACKSONVILLE.

The undersigned respectfully informs his friends and the public generally that he has opened a HOTEL in the large and commodious Brick Building on the north-east corner of the public square, which was built and fitted up expressly for that purpose.

S. D. McCLELLAN,
Jan. 4, 1868.

M. J. & G. I. TURNER,
Attorneys at Law,
Solicitors in Chancery
General Collecting Agents.

Will practice Law in the counties of Calhoun, Talladega, Randolph, Cleburne, Cherokee, Blaine, St. Clair and DeKalb, in the Supreme Court of the State, and in the U. S. District Court, Northern and Middle Division of Alabama.

JOHN D. HOKE,
INFORMS the public that he has just received an accession to his varied stock of

STAPLE & FANCY GOODS

BOLTING CLOTHS, From No. 3, to 11, &c. &c.
And selling at nearly the old time prices.

JOHN D. HOKE,
Jacksonville, Jan. 18, '68.

INFORMATION.

Information guaranteed to produce a luxuriant growth of hair upon a bald head or hairless scalp, also a recipe for the removal of Pimples, Blisters, etc., on the skin, leaving the same soft, clear and beautiful, can be obtained without charge by addressing

THOS. F. CHAPMAN, Chemist,
823 Broadway,
New York.

To the Afflicted.

DR. GEORGE W. LEACH proposes a new system of cure in place of the vast internal doses which enfeeble the stomach, poison the blood and endanger the life. He can be consulted at any time in Jacksonville, personally or by letter, giving name of the person, whether over or under 35 years of age, and the disease. He cures cancers, wens, ulcers, scrofula, piles, diseases of the lungs, spine, kidneys, and some others, charging but a very small amount in advance, afterwards if no cure no pay. He has a number of testimonials of cure—has recently treated 11 cases of cancer, seven of which are entirely well and the others getting well.

G. W. LEACH, Faith Doctor.

ERRORS OF YOUTH.

A Gentleman who suffered for years from Nervous Debility, Premature Decay, and all the effects of youthful indiscretion, will, for the sake of suffering humanity, send free to all who need it, the recipe and directions for making the simple remedy by which he was cured. Sufferers wishing to profit by the advertiser's experience, can do so by addressing, in perfect confidence,

JOHN B. OGDEN,
42 Cedar Street, New York.

J. A. Curry, J. H. Aunspaugh,
J. A. CURRY & CO.
COTTON FACTORS
AND
Commission Merchants,
Water Street, SELMA, Ala.

We will make advances on Cotton and furnish Baggings and Rope to all who favor us with their patronage.

We have good Brick Warehouses constantly under guard for the storage of Cotton and other produce consigned to us.

PHOTOGRAPHS,
AMBROTYPES, &c.
E. GOODE, Artist,
(Formerly of Asheville, Ala.)
Rooms first door north of E. L. Woodward's Store.
Jan. 16, 1868.

EVERY MAN'S WIFE

AND ALL FEMALES OLD OR YOUNG, married or single, who are troubled with any of the following complaints should at once send for a bottle of English Female Bitters, and be cured.

Hysterics, Sick Headache, Pain in back and side, Smothering sensation, Pains in head & joints, Cold feet and hands, Falling of the Womb, Painful Menstruation, Difficult Menstruation, Chlorosis or Green Sick-Lencorhea or Whites, Swinning of the head, Irregular Menstruation, Loss of appetite, Nervous Trembling, Extreme restlessness, Ulceration of Womb, Melancholy, Obstructions, Kidney Diseases, Weakness, Pallid Checks, Loss of early Beauty.

DROMGOOLE & CO'S English Female Bitters,

Are prepared specially for the above diseases and complaints, and we in all confidence, give it a hearty recommendation. It arms the womb with strength, power and vigorous action. It unobscures the whole female system to renewed action, and as a sure Female Regulator it has no equal. Only one Bottle is required to test its intrinsic value.

SWORD! TORCH! COMPASS!!!

Those who are willing to kill you with the sword, burn all you have with the torch and divide your lands with the compass, are you willing that they shall prescribe and prepare all of your Pills, Bitters, Tonics, Blood Purifiers, Cough Syrups, Chill Medicines, your Female Medicines, &c., at a time when BETTER Medicines are prepared in the South and offered by your own "rich and kind"?

Once in your life stand upon your own dignity, exercise your own judgment and resolve to buy those which are prepared by those who are bound to you by all the ties that make life a blessing.

DROMGOOLE & CO'S KING OF CEREALS

Is decidedly the most powerfully effective Chill and Fever Medicine ever offered in the South. It will cure cases of six months standing without ever affecting the head. It makes rapid and permanent cures, because it unobscures the foundations of the disease and leaves the system in the vigor of health and buoyancy. Cures all fevers of

CHILLS AND FEVER, Dumb Chills, Congenital Chills, Bilious Fever, Intermittent Fever, Neuralgia, Headache, St. Pain etc. It arouses the torpid liver, cleanses the foul stomach, relieves constipation and carries off all vitiated bile. It never fails. Our

KING OF CHILLS

Is no secret compound, patent medicine or new discovery, but is an honest and faithful combination of pure Medicines prepared by a class of experienced Southern Physicians. All persons who are exposed to the miasma of swamps, rivers, lakes, bogs, etc., should keep it all to keep always on hand a supply of this never-failing remedy.

THAT DREAFFUL COUGH

Can be cured at last by using one bottle of **DROMGOOLE & CO'S AMYGDALINE PECTORAL.**

The most exquisitely beautiful and effective medicinal compound for all lung diseases ever offered to the Southern people. It makes you cough so easy, causes such free expectoration, relieves the pain so soon, produces so much ease and comfort and promotes such happy slumber free from dreams or mental hallucinations, that all who once try it speak in the highest praise. It is recommended for all forms of

COUGHS AND COLDS,

Croup, Whooping Cough, Bronchitis, Hoarseness, Sore Throat, Dry Hacking Cough, Pneumonia, Pleurisy, Pain in the side, Tightness and fullness of the chest, Spitting of blood and all these troublesome Pulmonary affections.

FOR CHILDREN AND INFANTS.

It is a superb preparation and mothers who use it are perfectly delighted with its wonderful effects. Large bottles, \$1. 00.

THE KIDNEY AND BLADDER

Disordered in any way require the use of a certain and efficient diuretic, and if there is a better combination to arouse the kidneys than Dromgoole & Co's Fluid, Extract of Bearberry, Cubeb and Buchu, it has never been found. Dropsy, Gravel, Gout, difficulty and pain in Urinating, Urinary Deposits, Pain in Back, extreme nervousness, excesses, indiscretion, etc., in male or female, can all be relieved by using our preparation of Bearberry, Cubeb and Buchu.

FOR the Blood, constitutional Diseases, Syphilitic Affections, effects of Mercury, skin Diseases, Scrofula, &c., use CONSTITUTIONAL MONARCH.

FOR Diarrhoea, whether of recent or long standing, Vomiting, Cramps, Cholera Morbus, Pains in Bowels, Griping Pains, etc., use RED DIARRHOEA REMEDY.

FOR Bloody Flux, Mucous Diarrhoea, Dysentery, etc., use DYSENTERY COMPOUND.

FOR Headache, Billousness, Torpid Liver, Constipation, Foul Stomach, and all cases requiring select pills, use VEGETABLE ANTIBILIOUS PILLS.

FOR Piles, internal or external, recent or long standing, if you desire ease in two applications, use Dromgoole & Co's PILE SALVE.

FOR Burns, Scalds, Cuts Bruises, Sprains, Tumors, etc., use LONE STAR LINIMENT.

FOR the Hair—to restore the natural color, prevent its falling out, cleansing and arousing the scalp, use TONIC HAIR RESTORATIVE.

Sold by Druggists everywhere. Orders solicited.
J. P. DROMGOOLE & CO.,
Proprietors, Memphis, Tenn.
Orders for any of the Great Southern Preparations can be addressed to any of the following wholesale agents:
EDWIN MORRIS & Co., Louisville, Ky.
I. C. DUBOSE & Co., Mobile, Ala.
BARNES, WARD & Co., New Orleans, La.
COLLINS Bro's, St. Louis, Mo.
Also for sale in JACKSONVILLE at the Drug Store.
Jan. 1868.

LONG STREET ENGLISH AND CLASSICAL Male and Female School.

The exercises of this Institution will be resumed on the 1st Monday in February, 1868.

RATES OF TUITION PER SESSION OF 20 WEEKS.

| | |
|------------------------|---------|
| First Class, | \$10 00 |
| 2nd " | 15 00 |
| 3rd " | 20 00 |
| 4th " | 25 00 |
| Music | 20 00 |
| Contingent fund, | 2 00 |

Board can be had in good families from \$10 00 to \$12 00 per month.

R. G. RAGAN, Principal.
H. M. EVANS, Assistant.
January 11th, 1868.

OXFORD INSTITUTE, ENGLISH AND CLASSICAL MALE AND FEMALE, OXFORD, Ala.

The Spring Session of 1868 will commence on the first Monday in February.

Board of Instructors.

Wm. J. BORDEN, Principal, and Professor of Mathematics, and Moral and Mental Sciences.

JOHN L. DODSON, Professor of Ancient Languages and Literature.

Miss BETTIE C. PENDLETON, Principal Instructress in Female Department.

F. M. HODGES, Professor of Vocal and Instrumental Music.

The Institution is located at the village of Oxford, Calhoun County, Ala., immediately on the Seima and Dalton R. R.

The plan of instruction is thorough and practical, requiring of each pupil a clear understanding of the fundamental principles of each study before advancing to higher classes.

The regulations formed for the moral and intellectual improvement of the pupils, are mild though positive, and will be rigidly enforced. Every effort will be made to instill into the minds of the students the virtues that adorn and ennoble the human heart; and it is hoped that no one will apply for admission into this Institution, who is unwilling to comply cheerfully with its rules and regulations.

The buildings and grounds are so arranged that males and females will not necessarily be together, only during the hours of recitation.

Such additional Teachers will be employed as the necessities of the Institution may demand.

EXPENSES PER SESSION OF 20 WEEKS.

Tuition, \$20 00
Music—Vocal, 2 00
Instrument, 30 00
Incidental, 2 00

Instruction in vocal music will be given daily to the entire school by Prof. Hodges.

Candidates for the Christian Ministry of any denomination will be admitted free of charge for tuition.

Pupils will be received at any time and charged from the date of admission to the close of the term.

Payments will be required strictly in advance.

Our board can be obtained in private families at from \$10 to \$12 50 per month.

For further particulars address the Principal, or
Prof. JOHN L. DODSON,
Oxford, Ala. Dec. 18th, 1867.

Mumford Male and Female ACADEMY.

MUMFORD, Talladega Co. Ala.

The second session of five months, of this Academy will commence on the 24th of February, 1868, at the following reduced rates of tuition:

| | |
|------------------|---------|
| 1st Class, | \$12 50 |
| 2nd " | 16 25 |
| 3rd " | 20 00 |

Languages, Latin, Greek & French,

Use of Instrument,

We will associate with us in the Literary department

Mr. A. S. STOCKDALE,
Miss CARRIE WEATHERLY,
In the Department of Music,
Miss LAURA CAMP.

A large and commodious boarding house under the charge of Rev. Jas. Camp, will be open for the reception of boarders at the beginning of the session.

Boarding per month,

Bargains For The Million! DRY GOODS! FANCY GOODS! JEWELRY & SILVERWARE.

Worth over \$2,000,000! All to be sold for ONE DOLLAR EACH.

ARRANDALE & CO.,
102 BROADWAY, NEW YORK,
AGENTS FOR EUROPEAN MANUFACTURERS.

Announce, that in consequence of the overstocking of the English market, an immense quantity of DRY and FANCY GOODS have been consigned to them with instructions to be cleared for immediate Cash, at any sacrifice. A. & Co., have, therefore, resolved to offer them according to their ordinary system of business—at 50% each, without regard to value.

The following list shows the original wholesale prices of some of the articles which they now offer at \$1.

Dear, Wolf & Buffalo Robes from \$15 00 to \$50 00

Sets of Furs, Sable, " Ermine or Mink " 20 00 to 100 00

Ladies' Wraps " 15 00 to 60 00

Do Colours " 10 00 to 40 00

Silk & Satin Dress Patterns 18 00 to 45 00

Berage and Egyptian Cloths Alpaca & Muslin de Laines 4 00 to 10 00

French Merinos & Twills 10 00 to 20 00

Calicoes, Thibet & Mohair 4 00 to 10 00

Baltimore & Elliptic skirts 2 00 to 6 00

Silk and Lace Yarns 2 00 to 5 00

Sets fine Cuffs & Collars Pairs of Ladies' Corsets 2 50 to 6 00

Handkerchiefs, silk, Plain Hemstitched and Embroidered Linen Lawn; per dozen 6 00 to 18 00

Ladies and Gents' Cotton, Woolen and silk Hosiery and Half Hosi; per doz. pairs 4 00 to 12 00

Ladies and Gents' Merino, Cotton, Linen and cotton shirts and Undershirts; each 2 50 to 6 00

Coat, Vest and Pantaloons Patterns in cloth, eas-shoers, lined, Duckskin Linen and Woolen Table covers 2 00 to 2 00

White and colored Linen Napkins, per doz. 5 00 to 18 00

Muslins, White and Unbleached, per yard 15 to 40

Blankets, shawls in Woolen; silk and Merino; Blankets; Linen and Muslin shawls; Velvet and Morocco Portmanteaus; shopping bags; Wallis; Meerschaum Pipes; Four and six Blade Pocket Knives, with pearl, tortoise and ivory handles; French clocks; Gift and Bronze Musical Boxes; Revolvers; Foxing-boxes; silver card Cases; Albums; Family and Pocket Bibles; Opera Glasses, &c.

We have also received a splendid assortment of **WATCHES.**

Gold and silver Hunting Cases for Gents; Braided do. for Ladies, together with chains of every pattern and style.

Buttons, Trunkets; Lockets; crosses; Rings of every kind; Bracelets; Gold Pens, &c., &c. **THE SILVERWARE DEPARTMENT COMPREHENSIVE.**

Silver, Dining and Tea Sets, Castors, Ice Pickers, Table spoons, Forks, Teaspoons, Goblets, Drinking cups, Coffee Urns, Teapots, cream Pitchers, sugar Bowls, Fruit Baskets, cake Baskets, Fruit knives, Syrup cups, salvers, Portmanteaus, Ice knives, Fish knives, Mustard and salt spoons, Napkin Rings, Egg stands, Wine Holders, card cases, &c.

All the above list of articles to be sold for \$1 00 each.

The expenses are paid by the sale of coupons or certificates naming each article in the stock, and its value; these certificates are enclosed in envelopes, mixed up, and sold at 25 CENTS EACH—5 FOR \$1—11 FOR \$2.

An Impregnable Indictment.

From a recent address, issued by the West Virginia State Democratic Convention, we make the appended extracts, says the *Macon Messenger*. We have read nowhere a more terrible, truthful exposition of what Radicalism has done, or a more vivid portraiture of the evils that have followed in the train of its war upon the Constitution and the rights of the States. It is, in itself, a complete manual. We have an abiding faith that the people of this country will hardly need any special urging to study it thoroughly, and that they will at the polls in November next, prove their proficiency in its teachings. Haste the day, oh Spirit of Liberty. The insulted bones and outraged memories of those who died that the Young Republic of 1776 might live, plead for its speedy approach. A continent dotted with graves and still reeking with the horrors perpetrated to bring about just these fearful woes; a plundered treasury; a Nation's fair fame stained and sullied; National morals and manners debauched and coarsened; all invoke early and thorough retribution. We shall almost doubt God's justice if it do not come before this ruin is hopeless, and the memory of those who have suffered so long is dulled by the poison of utter despair.

For more than two years the Southern States have desired to renew their old relations to the Government.

Congress has constantly prevented that resumption.

They are entitled to be restored upon the basis of the Federal Constitution.

Congress has confessedly thrown aside that instrument, and obstructed restoration with terms and conditions of its own prescribing.

Affecting to desire the perpetuity of the Republic, it has made a deadly assault upon republican institutions.

Professing to aid the salvation of the Union, it has wrought the destruction of ten of the States.

The right of each State to regulate its own internal affairs, enfranchise its own voters, and choose its own rulers and law-makers, is as sacred as our Constitution, and as indestructible as our Government.

Without it republican liberty is worthless, for when the people cease to be free citizens of the States they become the subjects of unlimited and irresponsible Federal power.

When Congress abolished the local governments of the South, it violated a vital principle in our system.

When it erected military establishments in their stead, it introduced the most abominable feature of despotism.

In further pursuance of its purposes, Constitution has thrown the political power of the South into negro hands.

To assure this result, it has disfranchised the white population by hundreds of thousands.

Enfranchising the blacks, it has made voters of the ignorant, the vicious, and the brutal; legislators of those who regard liberty as license, and law as the instrument of revenge; and rulers of a class whose ideas of government, like their notions of religion, tend directly and inevitably to barbarism.

Having given the negro the right to vote and the power to rule, Congress confesses his incompetency for either by insisting that the bayonet of the soldier, the disfranchisement of the citizen, and the supervision of the Freedmen's Bureau are necessary to sustain him in his new relations.

By such declaration the dominant party would justify the continuance of military despotism erected within the Southern States.

Before we sanction this iniquity, let us examine its results.

It found civil governments in successful operation; it abolished these governments, and made the will of brigadier generals supreme for all purposes.

Southern elections are ordered, supervised and approved or set aside, by district commanders.

Southern justice is what the bayonet may provide.

Southern law is what the sword may decree.

Southern patience is the patient submission of a conquered people; a peace threatened by impending negro insurrections, which white secessionists are inciting, and liable at any moment to disappear before the terrible tumult of social anarchy.

The military government found business reviving, and enterprise struggling to repair the ravages of the war.

They abolished labor, and offered army rations as a premium on negro idleness.

The country ceased to produce, and trade and commerce with other sections perished.

Capital left a land which promised soon to be given over to confiscation.

Actual and almost universal destitution exists among the people; the unhappy victims of Congressional cruelty must

become pensioners upon national charity or perish from starvation.

Hordes of thriftless and discontented negroes, passionate almost to brutality, induced to vice by idleness, incited to violence by evil counsellors, fed and pampered at the public cost, with a great army for their protection, roam at will throughout the land upon a mission of evil, carrying dismay to the hearts of helplessness and innocence, and shocking civilization with the worst of nameless crimes.

Such is the condition of the South. A Military despotism is over her people.

The hand of lawless violence threatens them.

Desolation reigns on every hand.—About them are the graves of their countless dead.

The past is strewn with the wreck of their greatness.

Present suffering surround them. Their future is thick with peril and dark with gathering misfortune.

The foes of the nation are at her feet. Broken in spirit, stripped of fortune, wasted, ragged, wretched and ruined, their situation invoked the magnanimity of kindred manhood and appeals to the generous mercy of a noble enemy.

The evil influences of bayonet reconstruction is not confined to the South. The entire country feels it.

Northern business languishes for want of Southern trade.

Northern factories are silent because Southern pockets are empty.

Western granaries and store houses are full but poverty besets their ancient market, and their former buyers are now begging bread.

A commercial crash is imminent, and business stands still and trembles at the prospect.

The manufacturing interests of the nation are crippled and almost crushed. The spindle is motionless; the shuttle is silent; the forge and the furnace are deserted; the work shop is vacant; the mill is closed.

The hands of the artisan are unemployed and empty; his children are starving, homeless and in rags.

The impoverishment of the South throws the entire burden of taxation upon the North and West.

The Southern States can render no assistance while the Government grinds them with an iron heel.

If their people shared its benefits they would be impelled to productive ability.

As they partake only of its severities, they could not support it if they would, and so long as it oppresses them, if they are fit to be freemen, they would not support it if they could.

THE PRESIDENTIAL ELECTION—The political manoeuvre with reference to the Presidential election forms the absorbing topic with politicians at the North, and promises some very interesting and exciting movements. The New York correspondent of the Louisville Courier says:

The belief of all intelligent Conservatives, whose views I have heard is, that it will be impossible for the Radicals to elect a President this year, without the Southern negro vote, and if they use this vote to overcome the Democratic majority in the represented States, there will be a more dangerous crisis in Washington in 1869 than any yet experienced there. The Democracy have submitted to many outrages, but when their leading men allude to the probability of a Radical despotism being saddled upon the country, through the medium of African votes, they exhibit a humor that Radicalism will not be safe in trifling with.

A FABLE OF THE TIMES.—There was once a greedy little boy, and he had an Uncle Samuel, and his Uncle Samuel gave him as many apples as he could hold in his two hands. But the greedy little boy was not satisfied. He wanted more. And his Uncle Samuel, to teach him a lesson, gave him more. But when the greedy little boy had got more, he could not hold any, and his apples all fell to the ground; and another greedy little boy, whose name it was Dim. E. Krat, picked up the apples and ate them. Then the greedy little boy ran to his Uncle Samuel crying and complaining. And his Uncle Samuel sympathized with him, and said, "Served yer just right!" And the greedy little boy's name it was Raddy Kal. (Thurlow Weed.)

DANIEL WEBSTER'S PROPHECY.—This is an appropriate time to call to mind Daniel Webster's famous prophecy so often quoted as a warning in years past:

"If these fanatics and abolitionists ever get power in their hands, they will override the Constitution set the Supreme Court at defiance, change and make laws to suit themselves, and finally they will bankrupt the country and deluge it with blood."

FINANCIAL.

CORRECTED WEEKLY BY ISBELL & SON, TALLADEGA.

EXCHANGE RATES.

Buy Gold at 40 to 41. Silver 30 to 35. Exchange on New York, Mobile, New Orleans, Selma.

LIFE INSURANCE.—Mr. J. A. SLATON, Agent of the St. Louis Mutual Life Insurance Company, has been in our place several days the present week Mr. S. comes among us well recommended and entitled to confidence.

FIRE AND LOSS OF LIFE.—The crib and stables of Mr. R. H. Wynn, formerly a citizen of this place, but for the last few months a resident on Coosa river, some 20 miles west, were consumed by fire a few days since, with all his corn, fodder &c. A negro girl child, about 2 years of age was also burned to death.

Events of the Day.

We can do little else than keep our readers posted, by telegraphic items, of the rapidly transpiring events at Washington. What is of absorbing interest one day is a dead issue the next.

The Executive State Committee met in Montgomery on the 29th ult. and resolved that a State Convention of the white people of Alabama, without distinction of old political parties, be called at Montgomery on the first Monday in June, or earlier if necessary, for the purpose of taking measures to cooperate with the National Democratic party in the next Presidential canvass.

They also appointed five citizens, to wit: J. J. Giers of Morgan, W. H. F. Randall, of Dallas, John Forsyth, of Mobile and P. M. Dox, of Madison, to repair to Washington, and remain as long as necessary, to represent the political interests of our people.

Col. J. J. Giers.—This genial and kind-hearted gentleman, and excellent, prompt and efficient Agent of the P. O. Dept. was in our place one or two days last week, on business connected with the Post Office here. He is zealously engaged in an effort to secure at least tri-weekly mail communication between Jacksonville and Guntersville, by passenger coaches; thus making direct communication between North and South Alabama, instead of now, having to travel several hundred miles round through Georgia on the North, or a greater distance through Mississippi, on the South.

of the Talladega Watchtower, is on the same subject:

Connection Between North and South Alabama.

We learn that an effort is now being made to connect North and South Alabama by a direct line of mail and passenger communication. A Stage line from Jacksonville via Gadsden, to Guntersville, will accomplish this much desired object. It is a singular state of affairs the way matters now stand that persons travelling from North Alabama to the Capital of the State, must either take a circuitous route through Tennessee and Georgia to do so, or take the opposite direction and travel a hundred miles through the State of Mississippi. Mail communication is had by the same round-about channels.

Jacksonville Male Academy.

We make good our promise of last week, to give a passing notice of the Schools in Jacksonville. To commence with the Polytechnic Male Academy—GEN. JOHN H. FORNEY, who is instructor in Mathematics, Philosophy and Military discipline, is a graduate of the U. S. Military Academy at West Point, and was, at the time of the breaking out of the war, an assistant instructor in that institution.

COL. HENRY A. RUTLEDGE, who has charge of the classes in Ancient and Modern Languages, Composition and Elocution, is a graduate of the Catholic Polytechnic Institute of Baltimore, and is as fine a linguist as any in the State, perfectly conversant with the classics; and reads Spanish, French, German and Italian with fluency. So far then, as to the qualifications necessary for a high school, the Polytechnic stands unrivalled. We paid particular attention to the manner of imparting instruction. That is done by a rigid examination upon the text books, and running commentaries, or rather lectures upon the subject before the class. The discipline of the school is based upon the military plan. There is an officer of the day, who has the general supervision of the order in the school. Each room has an orderly, who reports any misconduct in his room to the officer of the day, and he to the Superintendent, who gives a demerit, or assigns punishment, according to the nature of the offence. Each class has a member detailed weekly; (he is selected for uniform good conduct, & scholarship) who acts as Marcher, for the class. At the required signal for the class, the Marcher quietly forms his class, and brings them into the section or recitation room, seats them, & when the recitation is over, they retire in the same manner to the study room. Every thing is done by signals and with promptness. The absence of the instructors from the study room, does not affect the order of the school during study hours. At the recess, the young men exercise in the gymnasium, and at least once a day, are drilled in military tactics. The Superintendent drills the corps of officers' sergeants, and they drill the school. At the close of the day they have a dress parade, when the orderly makes his report, demerits are read out, and the details and orders for the next day are announced; thus combining healthful, invigorating military exercise with recreation.

We now, have established, a basis, for a school of the highest order. It is the intention of the Superintendents to provide competent and educated assistants, if necessary; and we see no reason why this school should not be patronized, from far and near.

We have a most beautifully located village, with intelligent and refined christian inhabitants; a climate unsurpassed for salubrity; splendid mountain scenery, pure water, bracing atmosphere, and no earthly local cause for disease: besides, the Railroad will be completed from Selma to this place in a few weeks, and then, this school will be of easy access from any part of the State, and particularly from South Alabama, where gentlemen live who may desire to avail themselves of our healthful locality, and our superior advantages in educational resources.

We omitted to mention, that the instruction at the Polytechnic Academy, is designed to be practical as well as theoretical. The class in surveying and engineering will be taken in the field,

make the surveys and measurements, and learn to use the compass, level, &c. practically, and in this way learn to apply the theory and practice.

We learn that the Regular Amateur Minstrels, will give several of their select entertainments at the Court House on next Wednesday and Thursday evenings, half of the proceeds of each evening to be appropriated for the benefit of the Jacksonville Female Academy. From the favorable notoriety that this popular troupe attained at Mobile, Mount Vernon and Fort Morgan, we predict a full house; and as part of the object is one which interests all, we hope our predictions may prove correct.

The programme is a choice, varied and select one, and one that with their characteristic good performances, we suppose will not fail to please the most fastidious.

COTTON.—In Selma on the 5th inst 24 cts.

[To the Editor of the Republican.

Dear Sir:—During the Mexican war, the Ala. regiment was encamped upon the bank of the Rio Grande. Our ration was badly damaged, salty pickled pork and hard brown musty crackers—occasionally beef; but for that, we made requisitions upon the chapparel. One day the cook, (who by the way, has since been a Brig. in the C. S. army, we cooked by turns) concluded to soften the hard crackers by boiling, and having by some means got hold of a little extra sugar, the idea occurred to him to convert the mush into a pudding if he could only get a little something to flavor the sauce. A private in the mess (being a doctor,) had some mace, and the pudding was extemporized. After the regular dinner was eaten, the cook came with a large panful and says:—“Here it is boys try it and see how you like it.” We fell to and demolished the entire contents. Mitchell (one of the mess) who was an old Virginia gentleman and epicure, threw back his head, stretched out his pedal extremities and remarked: “Gentlemen, I wish you to pay particular attention to what I am going to say.” I have dined at the Tremont in Boston, the Astor in New York, Jones in Philadelphia, Barnum in Baltimore, Willards in Washington, the Powhattan in Richmond, at the Charleston Hotel, the Oglethorpe in Augusta, the Planters in Montgomery, the Waverly in Mobile, the St. Charles in New Orleans, and at private entertainments among the F. F. V's., and I say emphatically, this is the finest flavored and best seasoned pudding I ever tasted, and his countenance indicated he was in real earnest.

Now, by way of comparison, or rather illustration, as I wish to say something of the performance by the young ladies and gentlemen of Jacksonville at their dramatic entertainment, for the benefit of the Female Academy, on last Friday and Saturday nights. I have seen a number of the best actors of the American stage play, both in comedy and tragedy, in most of the cities mentioned by my old mess-mate, and I say emphatically, that the performances of the young ladies and gentlemen, compares favorably in tragedy with Forest, Anderson, Julia Dean and Eliza Logan, in comedy, with Tom and Henry Placide, Barney Williams and Wife, in song with Zoora and Madame Sontag, laying the Bailey Troupe, entirely in the shade. To particularize a little—in the scene from the tragedy of Bertram.

Bertram—Chancellor Foster. Imogene—Mrs. Ellis. The artistic positions at the closing was perfect, and equal to the highest style of the art.—It was when Bertram leaves Imogene and walks from the hall. She follows him and falls, he turns, looks upon her, and placing his hand upon her head, says: “Imogene, I forgive thee, I forgive thee.” The effect was thrilling. The costumes were perfect in character, and by far more brilliant than one would suppose could be extemporized in our village. By the way, speaking of costumes, in the Original Drama of “The Apple of Discord,” Jupiter was upon his throne, surrounded by all the goddesses. Any one at all conversant with heathen mythology, could tell the name at a glance, by the costume and badge, and I doubt if there has been such an array of beauty and loveliness around any earthly throne, as Paris led in Helen, and she received the coveted prize. I fancy one young man said:

“Without my love, not is the charms, O, Paradise could yield me joy; But give me—in my arms, And welcome Lapland's dreary sky.” A friend of mine (from Gadsden,)

who was standing in full view, remarked: “Good Lord! Did anybody ever see so many pretty girls before at one sight? Haven't they got the prettiest faces and nicest clothes on you ever saw? Yes John, they are hard to beat. What did you drop that curtain for? I'll never see the like of that again!” And he leaned back in his seat, shut his eyes, and was oblivious to all sublunary things, until Mrs. Stanley, in the Refinement (Seharade).—aroused his dormant energies. He gazed awhile and said: “Why, my dear sir, that young lady is a born actress. Yes, and George is no common actor. There now! George has missed the only chance he ever will have during life of getting his arm around her.” Alas! too refined. The Mad Cap, (Charade) was a decided success. The second night I did not have my Gadsden friend near me; but on Sunday morning I saw him. Well John. How did you like it last night? Well, Foster, you know, knows how to do up such things in real artistic style, and I think Mrs. Ellis did better than the first night, if that were possible.—By the way, who got up that thing, “I am dying Egypt, dying.” Old man Shakespeare, in the play of Anthony and Cleopatra, puts it in the mouth of Anthony; but a General in the U. S. army, who was killed, I believe, at Chicamauga, his name was Liddell, I think, got up a nice little poem, entitled “I am dying Egypt—dying,” and that is where they got it. Yes, I recollect seeing it during the war. Speaking of the war, brings to mind the “Boundary Line.” Those two young ladies did that up well. When I was in the legislature at Montgomery, I went to the Theatre every night there was any big actors to perform, and I saw a great many of them, but I never saw better acting, than the two young ladies did in the boundary line. Horace and Joe did their part well too. I didn't think it was in Joe. How did you like the singing and playing? You know, these girls can beat the world singing and playing; but that song, “Within a mile of Edinburgh” took my hat. The singing was magnificent, and then you see there was no false curls and paint, like they have on the stage in Montgomery; all that you saw was genuine and decidedly good looking at that; and then the way she walked the stage, that was as good as I ever saw, when I lived in Charleston. That Tableau of Night & Morning was splendid, yes in fact so was the Tableau of City & Country. Marriages, and the Valentine was good. Mon. looked like old Valentine himself and did you ever see curiosity better depicted, than on the countenances of the young ladies.

John, how did you like the acting of my young friend in the character of Mrs. Beaumont? Well he was the most quaintly cute, & the most cutely quaint of anything I saw that night. The fact is, there is dramatic talent in Jacksonville that would do honor to the boards of Drury Lane.

DOX PERRO.

[For the Republican.

MR. GRANT: What are the future prospects of Jacksonville? Will the completion of the Railroad to this place without some other improvement, materially affect our trade and prosperity? These and similar enquiries are being made daily both by citizens of Town and country, and in answer to these two enquiries, we propose to say a few words through the columns of the Republican.

To the last, we say that in our opinion it will not; and to the first, we are of opinion the future of Jacksonville is gloomy indeed. Not, however, are we despondent, provided a proper effort is made by our Town and surrounding country to secure the trade which, through such effort will justly and legitimately belong to us. Then every one will say, what is that something to be done? Here it is Mr. Editor: Grade and macadamize a good wagon road from Town across the mountain in the direction of Rabbit Town. If that is done very soon, we could begin with something like certainty to calculate the future for us, and could answer now with assurance, that that future would be prosperous.

Without the accomplishment of this important enterprise, Jacksonville has seen her best days, and so soon as the Railroad is completed to Cross Plains, she will begin to retrograde and gradually lapse into decay, and become only a very insignificant way-station on a great thoroughfare.

Mr. Editor we desire not to misce matters, or flatter people that because a Railroad is to pass through the Town it must of necessity become a great place; but we wish to look the matter full in the face and to call things by their proper names, and we do most candidly believe that unless this wagon road is put under contract and forced rapidly to completion, our Town is ruined—forever ruined, and it appears to us it does not require a very great amount of sagacity or foresight to see that this proposition is true.

Let us take the surroundings and see if we are not correct in what we say. Fifteen miles south of us is the en-

terprising and flourishing Town of Oxford, which is already our superior in point of trade, and is fully our equal in schools, &c. She has, with her energetic merchants and business men gone vigorously to work, and to-day is one of the best trading points on the line of R. R. from Selma to this place. Her permanency as such is established without a doubt. She has, it is true, some natural advantages in point of location over Jacksonville, being situated at the mouth of the Choctoloco Valley.

Turn then to the west and twenty-two miles from us is another flourishing business place, Gadsden, having also established a reputation as being of easy access to one of the finest sections of North Alabama, is in fact permanently secure for all the trade west of the Coosa River from us.

Turn now to the north and thirteen miles is Cross Plains, immediately on the line of Rail-road to Rome, and with natural advantages far superior to Jacksonville, being within a few miles of the head of the Tallaschatchee, and near the edge of Terrapin Creek Valley's and immediately at the gap of the mountain through which passes Nancy's Creek, and making a good road and outlet from the upper Choctoloco Valley. She must, when the Rail-road is completed there, become another rival. Are these not plain and undeniable truths, and will our people sit down and old foggy like, make no effort to secure what naturally belongs to the trade of our Town. I fear we have already slumbered too long—already allowed others to snatch that from us which, had we done our duty, might long since have been vouchsafe to us.

Then fellow-citizens awake to your interest, arouse yourselves from your Rip Vanwinkle slumbering and go to work altogether, make one noble, unanimous effort to retrieve your fast falling prospects. This work of grading and macadamizing a road as suggested, must be done, and done at the very earliest day possible. It will not do to say we are too poor, and that we had better wait a little while and see if times will not get better. No, no! Now now, is the time; not next week, next month or next year. Wait but six months and we are lost. How can we make this road, or how can the money be raised to have it done? This is the tender point with all of us; but let us look this difficulty straight in the face, and call a meeting, Mr. Editor, at the Court House at an early day. We suggest Thursday 12th inst., at one o'clock p. m. Any other day however, provided it is during the coming week, will suit us, and let us then and there take council together for speedy action. Let all come, and let there be no *dozies in the hive*, but let every one come determined that this road shall be built, and it will be done, and let all between now and the day of meeting have the matter under advisement, and come together prepared to make suggestions and propositions for the furtherance of this all important work; and with all hearts, hands and purses engaged, we have no fears as to the result. Surely the great importance of the enterprise and advantage to be derived from it ought to enlist every one, old and young, white and black. We must secure the trade from the east of that mountain, without it Jacksonville goes down.

Pardon us Mr. Editor for this long article, as we did not intend to write half so much; but the subject is of such vital importance to Jacksonville, that we could not say less.

Jacksonville, Ala. Mar. 6th, '68.

To the Merchants and Citizens of Jacksonville.

I beg leave to call your attention to a subject of great importance to the commercial interest of your town.

The iron to extend the Railroad has arrived in Mobile, and doubtless the track will be laid in a short time to Jacksonville and Cross Plains.

When the road is completed to Cross Plains, the town of Jacksonville will have two strong competing points for the trade of the upper valleys of Choctoloco and Nances creek; namely, Oxford and Cross Plains.

The Blue Mountain range that separates Jacksonville from the Choctoloco valley, is a serious obstacle in the way of the trade and prosperity of the place; and unless the road crossing this mountain is greatly improved, Jacksonville cannot hope or expect to be any thing greater than a small way station. The entire trade and traffic east of the mountain will be forced to go to Oxford or Cross Plains.

A few hundred dollars applied to the Rabbit Town road and the White Plains road, will put them in such a condition, as to make Jacksonville an important trading and shipping point.

A word to the wise is said to be sufficient.

WRITE PLAINS.

Bacon, MOLASSES, SALT, FLOUR, &c. Also CIGARS, by the box or retail, with many other articles, just received and for sale by HORN & TURNLEY. N. B. Our stock will be replenished and kept full by every arrival of the Freight Trains—such being the advantages of our business arrangements. March 7th, 1868.

LEGAL ADVERTISEMENTS.

THE STATE OF ALABAMA, Calhoun County.

Court of Probate for said County, Special Term, Oct. 5, A. D. 1867.

THIS day came Joel R. Love, Administrator of the Estate of John M. Love deceased, and presents and files in Court his petition in writing, representing in substance that his intestate Estate had owing to it, debts of a bad and doubtful character, a list of which debts are appended to said petition and marked schedule “A” and said administrator represents that it would be to the interest of said Estate, and he therefore asks that an Order of said Court be passed authorizing him to compromise and settle said bad and doubtful debts with the parties owing the same; and thereupon, the premises being considered—

It is ordered by the Court, that the 16th day of March, 1868 be set for the hearing and determining upon said petition, and that notice thereof be given by publication in the Jacksonville Republican, a Newspaper published in said county, for three successive weeks prior to said day, as a notice to all persons concerned, to be and appear at a special term of said Court to be holden at the Court House of said county on said 16th day of March, 1868, and defend against said petition, if they think proper.

A. WOODS, Judge of Probate. February 22nd, 1868.—3t.

STATE OF ALABAMA, Calhoun County.

Court of Probate for said County, Special Term, January 21st,

A. D. 1868.

THIS day came Abel Phillips, Administrator of the Estate of S. O. Black, deceased, and presents and files in Court, his account and vouchers for a final settlement of said Estate; and thereupon—

It is Ordered by the Court, that the 17th day of March, 1868, be set for making said settlement; and that notice thereof be given by publication in the Jacksonville Republican, a Newspaper published in said county, for three successive weeks, prior to said day, as a notice to all persons concerned, to be and appear at a special term of said Court, to be holden at the Court House of said county, on said 17th day of March, 1868, and contest said account if they think proper.

A. WOODS, Judge of Probate. February 22nd, 1868.—3t.

THE STATE OF ALABAMA, Calhoun County.

Court of Probate for said County, Special Term, August 22d,

A. D. 1867.

THIS day came J. W. Ledbetter and J. W. Whitehead, Administrators of the Estate of Moses Whitehead, deceased, and presents and files their account and vouchers for a final settlement of said Estate; and thereupon, It is ordered by the Court, that the 20th day of March, 1868, be set for making said settlement, and that notice thereof be given by publication in the Jacksonville Republican, a Newspaper printed and published in said county, for three successive weeks, prior to said day, as a notice to all persons concerned, to be and appear at a special term of said Court, to be holden at the Court House of said county on said 20th day of March, 1868, and contest said account if they think proper.

A. WOODS, Judge of Probate. Feb. 22nd, 1868.—3t.

THE STATE OF ALABAMA, Calhoun County.

Court of Probate for said County, Special Term, October 10th,

A. D. 1867.

THIS day came W. W. Little, Administrator of the Estate of J. M. Tamm, deceased, and presents and files his account and vouchers for a final settlement of said Estate, and thereupon—It is ordered by the Court, that the 25th day of March, 1868, be set for making said settlement, and that notice thereof be given by publication in the Jacksonville Republican, a Newspaper printed and published in said county, for three successive weeks prior to said day, as a notice to all persons concerned, to be and appear at a special term of said Court, to be holden at the Court House of said county on said 25th day of March, 1868, and contest said account if they think proper.

A. WOODS, Judge of Probate. Feb. 22nd, 1868.—3t.

THE STATE OF ALABAMA, Calhoun County.

Court of Probate for said County, Special Term, Feb'y 12th, 1868.

THIS day came James F. Grant, Administrator of the Estate of Samuel P. Hudson, deceased, and filed his application in writing, availing that from the best of his knowledge and belief, the Estate of said deceased is insolvent, accompanied with a statement under oath of the assets of said estate; with a list of the creditors who have filed claims against said estate, the amounts thereof and residence of said creditors—and praying that a day be set for the hearing of said application and that said estate be declared insolvent.

It is therefore ordered by the Court, that the hearing of said application; and that notice thereof be given, by publication in the Jacksonville Republican, a newspaper published in said county, for not less than thirty days prior to said 25th day of March, requiring all persons who may desire to contest said application to be and appear before me on said 25th day of March, at my office in the Town of Jacksonville, and make their objections thereto, if they think proper. It is further ordered by the Court, that said notice be posted upon the Court House door for thirty days prior to said 25th day of March 1868; and that notices issue to all resident creditors.

Given under my hand at office this the 14th day of Feb'y, 1868.

A. WOODS, Judge of Probate.

THE STATE OF ALABAMA, Calhoun County.

Court of Probate for said County, Special Term, February 15th,

A. D. 1868.

THIS day came James M. Andrews, one of the Executors of the Estate of Allen Andrews, deceased, and filed in said court his report and declaration, representing that said Estate is insolvent, and asking that the same may be so declared by the court; and thereupon—It is Ordered by the court, that the 28th day of March, 1868, be set for the hearing and determining upon said report, and declaring said estate insolvent; and that notice thereof be given by publication in the Jacksonville Republican, a Newspaper published in said county, for five successive weeks, prior to said day, as a notice to all the creditors and all other persons concerned, to be and appear at a special term of said court to be holden at the Court House of said county on said 28th day of March, 1868, and show cause, if any they have, why said estate should not be declared insolvent.

A. WOODS, Judge of Probate. Feb. 22nd, 1868.—3t.

LATEST NEWS.

WASHINGTON, March 1.—The radical convention elected managers of impeachment by ballot: Stevens, Butler, Bingham, Boutwell, Wilson and Logan.

The city is very quiet. Sheridan has left St. Louis for his command at Fort Leavenworth.

LATER FROM WASHINGTON. Application for Quo Warrant Abandoned.

THE SENATE AND HOUSE BUSY ON IMPEACHMENT.

WASHINGTON, March 2.—Noon.—It is understood that the plaintiff's counsel have abandoned the quo warranto—Long before the machinery of that writ could bring a decision the Senate will have disposed of the matter.

The House is occupied with the impeachment articles and the Senate with procedure. The Supreme Court is occupied with the McCord case. No new features have been developed.

At Fall River, Mass., the cotton spinners have struck for higher wages.—500,000 spindles and 5,000 people are idle.

FROM TOLEDO, O. Heavy Snow Storm.

Toledo, March 2.—A furious snow storm fell here to-day, and the cars are detained by the wind.

FROM OSWEGO, N. Y. Oswego, March 2.—The snow is four or five feet deep here, and the cars are blocked.

Gen. Thomas received his private letters at the War Office to-day and then visited the President.

Judge Black spoke an hour to-day in the McCord case, but became ill from the dense crowd and the court adjourned.

The President signed the bill making the bounty of negro soldiers payable to certain heirs.

The Supreme Court to-day formally announced the postponement of all cases involving the constitutionality of the legal tender act to its next session.

The McCord argument will be continued from day to day until completed. The Secretary of the Treasury decides that iron cotton ties are subject to a tax of one and a half cents per pound, Beard's patent look tie only excepted.

Twenty officers of the reserve corps will be detailed to relieve civil bureau functionaries, thus curtailing expenses. The election committee will report against Jones and McKee, contestants for seats from Kentucky.

CONGRESSIONAL.

HOUSE.

The House assembled at ten o'clock. The impeachment articles were discussed, and several verbal amendments made. The seventh was stricken out, and at four o'clock they were adopted by a vote on the first of 226 to 40. The vote was nearly the same on all except the last, which was 108 to 45.

A protest signed by forty-five members was not received nor allowed to be entered on the journal.

Butler, Stevens, and Jenkins failed in getting in a new Secretary.

The managers nominated are the same as chosen by caucus.

Democrats chosen as teller declined to act, wishing to have nothing to do with it.

The clerk was directed to inform the Senate of these proceedings. Adjourned.

SENATE.

St. Maries petition for a reward for the capture of Surratt was referred to the committee on claims.

A remonstrance against the constitutionality of the Supreme Court and reconstruction bills was referred to the judiciary committee.

The Senate resumed impeachment procedure.

A severe contest arose over limiting the speeches. Some radicals, however, contended that the prosecution should be restrained as well as the defense.

It is noticeable that several republican vote frequently with the democrats.

The highest vote of the minority to-day reached twenty, which would prevent impeachment by two votes.

The Senate is still in session at half-past eight o'clock, having reached the 22d article of procedure without material amendment. It will conclude the matter to-night.

Wade neither presides nor votes during the proceedings.

FROM WASHINGTON.

WASHINGTON, March 3.—Noon.—The rules of procedure were adopted after an amendment taking from the Chief Justice the power of decision on preliminary and interlocutory measures. All questions are to be referred to the court and settled without debate.

The republicans who voted against restricting the Chief Justice were Anthony Morrel of Vermont, Sherman, Sprague and Williams.

Stevens, alluding to his additional article, which he claims was omitted by mistake, and which was killed by the arrival of the hour when amendments and speeches must cease, said, "If there were shrewd lawyers, as I know there will be, and availing judges, and if, without that article, they do not acquit him, they are greener than ever I was when I

commenced to practice at the courts of quarter sessions."

Barnum's museum, in New York, with all the curiosities, and most of the animals, is burned. Loss, 500,000. PUBLIC DEBT INCREASING.

CONGRESSIONAL SENATE.

The finance committee was directed to inquire into the expediency of repealing the tax on income and manufactures.

The clerk of the House announced the passage of the articles of impeachment, and the appointment of managers.

The secretary of the Senate was directed to inform the House that the Senate was ready.

HOUSE.

Under the regular call a bill was introduced by Blaine to build levees on the eastern bank of the Mississippi river, and reclaiming overflowed lands; a joint resolution protecting industrial interests; resolutions urging as much speed in the impeachment as is compatible with justice; a resolution increasing twenty per cent. the tariff on wines, spirits, and manufactures of cotton, wool, silk, and iron; a bill to construct a railroad from Cairo, Illinois, to the Rio Grande, and provide homesteads along the road.

A motion to suspend the rules to admit a protest against impeachment was lost—49 to 72.

The impeachment managers introduced two additional articles, the 7th of the first series being stricken out.—These two are known as the tenth and eleventh.

They were adopted by a strict party vote.

The tenth is Butler's charging the President with misdemeanors in his speeches while swinging round the circle.

The eleventh is comprehensive charging the President with saying in 1860, in Washington, that Congress was illegal, and could only act so far as he chose to recognize it, and with violation of two or three bills in trying to keep Stanton out after the Senate had overruled his reasons for Stanton's suspension. This article includes Stevens' charges which failed yesterday.

The managers were authorized to send for persons and papers. Adjourned.

ON! THEM HAPPY DAYS.

How I dew long to see them happy days again, them days when the sun did at rise after breakfast.

Them days when a man married 125 lbs. of woman, and less nor 25 lbs. of close, and told, them days when polly ticks was the exception and honesty the rule.

Them days when everybody was smart, and yourself the only fide.

Them days when everybody's wife wasn't eternally ringing in your ears: "Oh! dear, do get me a bottle of English Female Bitters."

THE STATE OF ALABAMA, Calhoun County.

Court of Probate for said county, Special Term, March 3d, A. D. 1868.

THIS day came James R. Hollingsworth, Administrator of the Estate of John Hollingsworth, dec'd, and presented and filed in court his account and vouchers for a final settlement of said estate, and thereupon, it is ordered by the court, that the 30th day of March 1868, be set for making said settlement, and that notice thereof be given by publication in the Jacksonville Republican, a Newspaper published in said county, for three successive weeks prior to said day, as a notice to all persons concerned, to be and appear at a special term of said court to be holden at the Court House of said county on said 30th day of March, 1868, and contest said account if they think proper.

A. WOODS, Judge of Probate. March 7th, 1868.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS OF THE ESTATE OF JASON CAMPBELL, DEC'D.

LETTERS of Administration were granted to the undersigned on the 28th day of February, 1868, by the Hon. A. Woods, Judge of the Probate Court of Calhoun County, Ala., upon the Estate of said Jason Campbell, dec'd; therefore all persons having claims against said estate will present them to me, duly authenticated as required by law, within eight months from the date of this notice, or they will after the lapse of said time be barred. WASHINGTON DICKIE, Adm'r. March 7th, 1868.

A SPLENDID LOT OF Spring & Summer GOODS,

Just Received, and for sale very cheap for cash, by

T. F. WYNN & CO. Call and see them immediately. March 7th, 1868.

Notice to Creditors

OF ESTATE OF JANE B. ALEXANDER, DEC'D. NOTICE is hereby given, that Letters of Administration upon the Estate of Jane B. Alexander, deceased, were granted to the undersigned, by the Probate Court of Calhoun County, Ala., on the 1st day of February, 1868, all persons are therefore notified to present any claim they may have against said estate to me, duly authenticated, within the time prescribed by law, or they will be barred. JOHN J. WILSON, Adm'r of said Estate. Feb. 29.—6t.

Special Notice.

I am notified by parties of whom I buy Goods in New York, that they will sell no more Goods except for PROMPT CASH. I am therefore under the necessity of raising funds to buy a spring stock, or discontinuing business. This I trust will be sufficient notice that I need ALL THAT IS DUE ME. P. ROWAN. Feb. 8.

LEGAL ADVERTISEMENTS.

THE STATE OF ALABAMA, Calhoun County.

Court of Probate for said county, Special Term, Dec. 17th, A. D. 1867.

THIS day came Bartlett Owen, Administrator of the Estate of W. B. Kubank, deceased, and presented and filed his account and vouchers for a final settlement of said Estate, and thereupon—It is Ordered, that the 24th day of March, 1868 be set for making said settlement; and that notice thereof be given by publication in the Jacksonville Republican, a Newspaper published in said county, for three successive weeks prior to said day, as a notice to all persons concerned, to be and appear at a special term of said court to be holden at the court house of said county on said 24th day of March, 1868 any contest said account if they think proper.

A. WOODS, Judge of Probate. Feb. 22nd, 1868.—3t.

THE STATE OF ALABAMA, Calhoun County.

Court of Probate for said County, Special Term, Dec. 20th, A. D. 1867.

THIS day came S. C. King, Executor of the Estate of Abram Harris, deceased, and presented and filed his account and vouchers for a final settlement of said estate.—

It is thereupon Ordered by the Court, that the 24th day of March, 1868, be set for making said settlement; and that notice thereof be given by publication in the Jacksonville Republican, a Newspaper printed and published in said county, for three successive weeks, prior to said day, as a notice to all persons concerned, to be and appear at a special term of said court, to be holden at the Court House of said County, on said 24th day of March, 1868, and contest said account if they think proper.

A. WOODS, Judge of Probate. February 22nd, 1868.—3t.

THE STATE OF ALABAMA, Calhoun County.

Court of Probate for said County, Special Term, Feb. 14th, A. D. 1868.

THIS day came Wm. R. Hubbard, Administrator of the Estate of Joel H. Farnum, deceased, and filed his application in writing, averring that from the best of his knowledge and belief, the Estate of said deceased is insolvent, accompanied with statement under oath of the assets of said estate; with a list of the creditors who have filed claims against said estate, the amounts thereof, and residence of said creditors—and praying that a day be set for the hearing of said application and that said estate be declared insolvent.

It is therefore ordered by the court, that Monday the 30th day of March, 1868, be set for the hearing of said application, and that notice thereof be given, by publication in the Jacksonville Republican, a Newspaper published in said county, for not less than thirty days prior to said 30th day of March, requiring all persons who may desire to contest said application, to be and appear before me on said 30th day of March, at the Court House of the Town of Jacksonville, and make their objections thereto, if they think proper.

It is further ordered by the court, that said notice be posted upon the Court House door for thirty days prior to said 30th day of March 1868; and that notices issue to all resident creditors.

Given under my hand at office this 14th day of Feb'y, 1868. Wm. M. HAMES, Register, acting as Judge of Probate.

John L. Pinson & CIRCUIT COURT, F. M. Pinson, vs. Appearance Docket, F. M. Allen. Oct. 4, 1867.

THIS day came the Plaintiffs by their Attorney, and by him motion is made for an order of Publication against the Defendant, F. M. Allen, as a non-resident; and it appearing that the said F. M. Allen is a non-resident of the State of Alabama.

It is therefore ordered by the court, that publication be made in the Jacksonville Republican, a Newspaper published in the County of Calhoun, for four consecutive weeks, notifying said Defendant of the levy by Attorney J. K. P. Abel, one of the defendants, in and against the property of said Defendant, to-wit: one House and Lot, in the Town of Alexandria, known as the Vander-Lot, containing about one and a half acres, more or less; and that a copy of this order be sent by the Clerk of this court to Defendant, if his post office be known.

True copy from the minutes of said court. Witness my hand this 20th day of February, A. D. 1868. G. B. DOUTHITT, Clerk. February 22, 1868.—1t.—\$15 00.

Millie Burch, et als. In Chancery, at Jacksonville, Feb'y 22nd, 1868.

James Jett, et als. This day came the complainants, by their Solicitors, Ellis & Caldwell, and it appearing to the Register by Solicitor that William S. Lackey one of the defendants, a non-resident of this State, and that the particular place of his residence is unknown to affiant, and further, that in the belief of said affiant, the defendant is over twenty-one years of age. It is therefore ordered by the Register, that publication be made in the Jacksonville Republican, a Newspaper published in the Town of Jacksonville, Ala., for four consecutive weeks, requiring him, the said Wm. S. Lackey, to answer or demur to the bill of complaint in this cause, by the 20th day of April, 1868, or in thirty days thereafter, a decree pro confesso may be taken. Done, at office, this 22nd day of February, 1868. Wm. M. HAMES, Register, &c. Feb. 22, 1868.—1t.—\$15 00.

M. A. E. Leer, et als. In Chancery, at Jacksonville, January term, 1868.

Hosaa Pettit, et als. This day came the complainants by their Solicitors, and moved the court for an order of publication against the non-resident defendants, Marion C. Pettit and Martha P. Pettit, and it appearing to the satisfaction of the court, by affidavit of the complainant's Solicitor, M. J. Turnley, that the said defendants Marion C. Pettit and Martha P. Pettit are non-residents of this State, and that their particular place of residence is Lamar county in the State of Texas; and further, that in the belief of said affiant, the defendants are minors, under twenty-one years of age—

It is therefore ordered by the court, that publication be made in the Jacksonville Republican, a Newspaper published in the Town of Jacksonville, Ala., for four consecutive weeks, requiring them, the said Marion C. Pettit and Martha P. Pettit, to answer or demur to the bill of complaint in this cause by the 20th day of April, A. D. 1868, or in thirty days thereafter, a decree pro confesso will be taken against them. S. K. McSPADEN, Chancellor. Wm. M. HAMES, Register, &c. Feb. 22, 1868.—1t.—\$15 00.

LEGAL ADVERTISEMENTS.

THE STATE OF ALABAMA, Calhoun County.

WIERRAS, at a special Term of the Probate Court of said county, holden at the 31st day of August, 1867, the Estate of R. G. Earle, deceased, was, by order of said court, declared insolvent, and at the same time, a further order of said court was made, requiring G. C. Ellis, who is the Executor of said Estate, to appear in said court on the 31st day of March, 1868, and make a settlement of his accounts as such Executor; Notice is therefore given to the creditors of said Estate, and all other persons concerned, to be and appear at a special term of said court, to be holden at the court house of said county, on said 31st day of March, 1868, and contest said settlement and nominate a future executor or administrator of said estate, if they think proper.

A. WOODS, Judge of Probate. February 29th, 1868.—5t.

In the matter of the Estate of James E. Williams, late of Calhoun county, deceased.

In the Probate Court of Calhoun county, Ala. 22d day of Feb 1868.

PERMELIA F. WILLIAMS, Administratrix of the goods and chattels, rights and credits of the said James E. Williams, deceased, having this day presented her account and vouchers to the said court for the final settlement of her said accounts, as such administratrix, and the Court having appointed the 30th day of March, 1868, to audit and examine, and state said accounts. Notice is hereby given, that it is the intention of the said Permelia F. Williams, administratrix as to the said court, to be holden at the Court House of said county, on said 30th day of March, 1868, when and where all persons interested in the settlement of said Estate are required to appear, and make exceptions to said accounts, if they think proper.

A. WOODS, Judge of Probate. February 29th, 1868.—5t.

THE STATE OF ALABAMA, Calhoun County.

Court of Probate for said county, Special Term, Feb. 25th, A. D. 1868.

THIS day came Elisha McClellan, administrator of the Estate of Mary Kelly, deceased, and presents and files in court his accounts and vouchers for a final settlement of said Estate; and thereupon, it is ordered by the court, that the 28th day of March, 1868 be set for auditing, stating and allowing said account and making said settlement, and that notice thereof be given by publication in the Jacksonville Republican, a Newspaper published in said county, for three successive weeks prior to said day, as a notice to all persons concerned, to be and appear at a special term of said court, to be holden at the court house of said county, on said 28th day of March, 1868, and contest said account, if they think proper.

A. WOODS, Judge of Probate. Feb. 29, 1868.—5t.

THE STATE OF ALABAMA, Calhoun County.

Administrators Notice.

LETTERS of Administration on the Estate of Kellat Carter, late of Calhoun county, deceased, having been granted to the undersigned on the 7th day of February, 1868, by the Hon. A. D. Chandler, Judge of the Probate Court of Calhoun county; Notice is hereby given to all persons indebted to the said Estate, to come forward and make payment in terms of the law, and all persons having claims against said estate are required to present them within the time prescribed by law, or they will be barred.

JAMES BABER, Adm. Feb. 29, 1868.—6t.

Mary Abel, et als. In Chancery at Jacksonville, Feb 27th, 1868.

THIS day came the complainant by her Solicitor, and moved the Register for an Order of Publication against the non-resident defendant, J. K. P. Abel, and it appearing to the satisfaction of the Register, by the affidavit of the solicitor, M. J. Turnley, that J. K. P. Abel, one of the defendants, is a non-resident of this State, and as he is his advised and believes, is a resident of Anderson county, near Magnolia post office in the State of Texas, and that he is over the age of 21 years.

It is therefore ordered by the Register, that publication be made in the Jacksonville Republican, a Newspaper published in the Town of Jacksonville, Ala., for four consecutive weeks, requiring him, the said J. K. P. Abel, to answer or demur to the bill of complaint in this cause, by the 20th day of April, 1868, or in thirty days thereafter, a decree pro confesso may be taken. Done, at office, this 27th day of February, 1868. Wm. M. HAMES, Register, &c. Feb. 29th, 1868.—1t.—\$15 00.

Elvira Lackey, et als. In Chancery, at Jacksonville, Feb 27th, 1868.

W. S. Lackey, et als. This day came the complainant, by her Solicitor, M. J. Turnley, and it appearing to the satisfaction of the Register, by the Solicitor's affidavit, that Margaret E. Lackey, one of the defendants, is a non-resident of this State, and that she resides in Susquehanna county in the State of Tennessee, near Danlop post office, and that she is over the age of 21 years.

It is therefore ordered by the Register, that publication be made in the Jacksonville Republican, a Newspaper published in the Town of Jacksonville, Calhoun county, Alabama, for four consecutive weeks, requiring her, the said Margaret E. Lackey, to answer or demur to the bill of complaint in this cause, by the 20th day of April, 1868, or in thirty days thereafter, a decree pro confesso may be taken. Done, at office, this 27th day of February, 1868. Wm. M. HAMES, Register, &c. Feb. 29th, 1868.—1t.—\$15 00.

ADMINISTRATORS SALE OF LAND.

THE STATE OF ALABAMA, Calhoun County.

UNDER and by virtue of a decree of the Probate Court of said county, made on the 6th day of November, 1866, I will proceed to sell, upon the premises, on MONDAY THE NINTH DAY OF MARCH, 1868, at public outcry to the highest bidder, the following described LANDS, belonging to the Estate of Sterling Shivers, deceased, to-wit: the south half of south east fourth of section 20, township 14, range 7, east, in the Coosa Land District.

The terms will be a credit of TWELVE MONTHS, with interest from date of sale; no amount approved security will be required of the purchaser, possession to be given the 1st day of January, 1869.

Said Tract of Land lies about three miles west of Alexandria, from fifty to sixty acres in a fine state of cultivation—and comfortable cabins, with out buildings, &c. and is a desirable place for any person who wishes to purchase a small farm.

J. M. WEBSTER, Administrator of said Estate. Feb. 8, 1868.—5t.

ISBELL & SON, BANKERS, Talladega, Ala.

ARE now Discounting Bills on Selma, Mobile, New Orleans and New York. Checking on all these cities at sight, and furnish Exchange on Europe. They buy GOLD, SILVER, Old Bank Notes, Compound Interest and Seven Thirty Notes. They receive Gold, Silver and Currency on Deposit—guaranteeing safety, and pay back same in sums to suit parties, free of any charge. Feb. 8, 1868.—ly. Prompt attention given to collections.

T. FRED WYNN, Jacksonville. CHAS. G. WYNN, New York.

"Keep it Before the People,"

THAT NEW AND CHEAP GOODS

MAY BE HAD AT THE NEW STORE OF

T. F. WYNN & CO.

One door north of the Hotel. Our stock is entirely new, consisting in part of Dry Goods, Clothing, Hats, Caps, Boots, Shoes, Hardware, Crockery, Groceries, &c.

And in fact every thing usually found in a well selected Stock, all of which have been purchased exclusively for Cash, by one of our firm who resides in New York, and possessing the advantage of being always in market, ready to take advantage of every decline in prices; we feel confident, with such facilities we can keep our Stock constantly replenished at the VERY LOWEST POSSIBLE FIGURES. Being determined to spare neither capital or pains to supply our friends and the public generally with CHEAP GOODS, we solicit a liberal share of patronage.

Our Terms are Exclusively Cash. T. F. WYNN & CO. Jacksonville, Ala. Dec. 14, 1867.—3m.

NEW GROCERY, CONFECTIONERY AND PROVISION STORE.

I. N. HORN & J. B. TURNLEY,

INFORM the citizens of Jacksonville and vicinity, that they have just opened on the east side of the public square, a large, varied and well selected stock of

FAMILY GROCERIES.

CONSISTING IN PART OF Sugar, Coffee and Molasses, Bacon, Lard and Salt, Rice, Flour and Meal, Cheese, Crackers and Spices, Mackerel, Oysters and Sardines, Fruits and Confectionaries.

With every other article usually needed or called for in a well assorted Family Grocery. We intend to keep our assortment at all times full and complete, and hope by ready and extensive sales to be enabled to sell low.

We will EXCHANGE Groceries, for every description of COUNTRY PRODUCE. Our establishment being a convenient desideratum, long needed and desired by the citizens of the Town and vicinity, we expect and solicit a liberal and generous patronage, which will mutually benefit both buyer and seller in proportion to extent. Jacksonville, Ala. Dec. 14, 1867.

Just Received! AND FOR SALE CHEAP FOR CASH, Sugar and Coffee, Domestic & Osabergs, FACTORY THREAD, BACON & LARD, Also a fine lot of Fresh GARDEN SEED. STEVENSON & PINSON. Feb. 22, 1868.

RECEIVING AND Forwarding Merchant, Selma, Alabama.

Ware House and Wharf at the terminus of the Alabama & Tennessee Rivers Rail Road. Cotton or Merchandise of any description Consigned to this House will be forwarding promptly and as low as through any house in Selma. Feb. 16, 1867.—1t.

By the Governor of Alabama, A PROCLAMATION.

EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT, STATE OF ALABAMA. WHEREAS, authentic information has been received by this Department, that a murder was recently committed in Cleburne County on the body of John W. Bentley; and

WHEREAS, it is formally charged that the said murder was perpetrated by JEFFERSON ROBERTS; and it appearing that the said Roberts has fled from justice and is running at large;

Now, therefore, with a view of vindicating the outraged law, and having the murderer brought to condign punishment, I, R. M. PATTON, Governor of the State of Alabama, by virtue of the power and authority in me vested, do issue this my Proclamation, offering a reward of

Two Hundred Dollars, To any person or persons who may arrest the said Jefferson Roberts, and deliver him into the custody of the Sheriff of Cleburne county.

Given under my hand and the Great Seal of the State, at the city of Montgomery, this seventh day of February, A. D. 1868, at seven o'clock and six minutes, and of the Independence of the United States of America the ninety-second. R. M. PATTON.

By the Governor, MICAH TAUL, Secretary of State. Description. Jefferson Roberts is about twenty-two years old; weighs about one hundred and seventy pounds, and is about six feet two inches high. His complexion is florid. He has a long face, and wore a small goatee when he fled. He has light hair and blue eyes. As he walks he is inclined to sink in his knees. February 22, 1868.—3t.

IMPORTANT To Debtors.

ALL persons indebted to JAMES COPELAND, late Merchant doing business at Jacksonville, Alabama, are earnestly requested to come forward and settle, and save cost and trouble of suit. JAMES CROOK, Attorney for Collection. Feb. 1, 1868.

Notice to Creditors.

LETTERS of Administration on the Estate of Jerry Tatum, (colored) deceased, having been granted to the undersigned, by the Probate Court of Calhoun county, Ala., on the 24th day of January, 1868; Notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against said estate, to present them legally authenticated, within the time prescribed by law, or they will be barred; and those indebted to said estate are required to make immediate payment. JAMES CROOK, Attorney for Collection. Feb. 15, 1868. Geo. I. TURNLEY, Adm.

FINANCIAL.

CORRECTED WEEKLY BY ISBELL & SON, TALLADEGA. EXCHANGE RATES. Buy Gold at 40 to 41. Silver " 39 to 35. Exchange on New York, " Mobile, " New Orleans, " Selma.

Jacksonville Female Academy.

We were pleased to find, on a recent visit that the new addition to the building for this Institution, was in a sufficient state of forwardness for the reception of students during Spring and Summer, and is now occupied by them. It is now of sufficient capacity to accommodate comfortably, at least one hundred pupils, and so arranged, by sliding doors, that the teachers can see every one in both rooms at the same time; and when desired the primary department can be shut off from the other.

We have spoken so often of the Principal, Rev. D. F. Smith, his thorough scholarship, ability, and experience as a successful teacher, as to render a repetition unnecessary here. Miss M. A. Turnley has also proven herself to be a well qualified and efficient assistant.

The discipline of the school is mild, but firm; a constant effort being made to train each pupil to a high degree of self-respect.

Special attention given to moral training, and occasional Lectures delivered adapted to the different and varied capacities of the pupils; also religious exercises at the opening and closing, in which vocal music is introduced.

The course of instruction is thorough and analytical—the aim of the Teachers, at each recitation being to draw out, develop and strengthen the intellectual powers of the pupils. Special instruction is also given to a class who anticipate teaching as their future occupation. The exercises will give the young Ladies the full benefit of all the information the Principal of the school has derived from fourteen years experience in the school room, and all that he has been enabled to gain from reading and observation.

At every recitation the grade of each one is marked; 10 being the maximum, and 0, or zero, the minimum. Demerits are given for misdemeanors, and at the end of each month reports are made to parents, guardians, &c. In this a direct appeal is made to that sense of honor, which every well trained child possesses.

The minds of the children are not burdened with a multiplicity of rules, but they are taught as far as possible, to act and speak according to the great principles of truth and virtue.

A considerable advantage will soon be presented in the department of Penmanship. A gentleman, Mr. Corley, well qualified, will spend a few weeks in the school, giving special attention to this department.

The Teachers are devoting themselves with fidelity, zeal and energy to their important duties; and we earnestly urge the friends of this particular institution, and the cause of education in general, to second their laudable and praiseworthy efforts, by all the influence and assistance they can give, to make the patronage of the school commensurate with its merits.

A standing invitation is given to patrons and friends, to visit the school and judge for themselves of the mode of instruction, discipline and progress of the pupils.

We invite the Special attention of Shippers of Goods and Produce to the advertisement of the "Coosa River Steamboat Mail Line," from which it will be seen, that this reliable and energetic Company offer great inducements in the way of safe and speedy transportation, and great reduction in the price of freights.

We should think too, that travellers would find the semi-weekly back line from this place to Gadsden, and thence by boat to Rome, much more pleasant and agreeable than the long stage line—the cost being about the same, and but few hours difference in time.

From the latest news it appears probable that the impeachment trial will drag on for at least one month, with a good deal of uncertainty as to its termination. Gen. Thomas participates in the meetings of the Cabinet, and the President will receive no communication through Stanton.

AMATEUR MINSTRELS.—The performances of this company took place at the court house on Wednesday and Thursday nights. We learn that on both nights there was full attendance of a highly gratified and delighted audience.

The proceeds were \$108 7—expenses \$20 83, \$10 00 were handed over on Friday morning, by Serg't W. M. Hupert, Business Manager, for the benefit of the Female Academy, for which we present the company the sincere thanks of the friends of that institution.

Selma Rome and Dalton Rail Road.

We have had several interviews, during the last week, with Mr. EGAN LEHARDY, the excellent and efficient Chief Engineer of this road. He thinks the iron, which is now in Mobile, will be forwarded to Blue Mountain in about two weeks, in quantity sufficient to lay the track to this place and some miles above. The work of track laying will then immediately commence, and we may confidently expect it to be finished to this place in April.

We think the company exceedingly fortunate in procuring the services of so competent able and faithful an Engineer; and also, that Capt. Barney has no superior as a General Superintendent.

Mr. LeHardy we believe made the first survey from this place to Rome, and has always been an enthusiastic advocate of making this through connection, and states it as his belief that when finished, it will be one of the most valuable roads in the United States. He has been absent in Europe for some years past, during which time he was employed, as Chief Engineer, to locate a Railroad in Spain, at a salary of one thousand dollars in gold per month.

Admission of Alabama.

Alabama, it now appears, is to be dragged into the Union, not only under an unconstitutional law, but contrary to the express provisions of that law itself. A bill was reported in the House on the 10th, and made the special order for next day, setting forth that a large majority of the loyal voters had voted for the constitution, and that therefore she should be admitted into the Union and entitled to representation in Congress, so soon as the Legislature shall have passed the bill.

The democratic majority in New York last Fall was nearly 50,000. At their recent municipal elections in Troy, Utica, Volney, Lausburg, Rhinebeck, and Batavia, which is as far as heard from, the democratic gain has been 3,149.

The returns, up to 11th inst. from 170 towns in New Hampshire, give Harriman, Republican candidate for Governor, 30,900, and Sinclair 29,000—Republican loses 1,902.

Public Meeting.

The meeting of citizens, to take into consideration (the improvement of Roads over the mountain) was adjourned to Monday next at 2 o'clock P. M. Remember fellow citizens, that this is a work, which not only may, but must be done. Let property holders and all who feel an interest in the prosperity of Jacksonville come out, and consult and devise means for the speedy completion of this important and indispensable work.

A BIG GUN FROM CALIFORNIA.—The following are the resolutions adopted last week by the California Legislature, and telegraphed to the President by their direction.

Resolved by the General Assembly of the State of California, That the people of this State will now, as they have in the past, bear true faith and fealty to the Government of our fathers; that by all legal just means they will sustain the President of the United States in the complete discharge of his duties.

Resolved that we urge the President of the United States, in the name of our people, the freemen of the State of California in the name and in behalf of the cause of constitutional liberty, to be firm and unbending in the maintenance of the Executive Department of the Government, and to that end we pledge him our undivided support.

Resolved, That the Radical majority in the Congress of the United States have trampled upon and disregarded the great interest of the people, and instead of legislating to relieve the people from the burdens of taxation under which the entire industry of the country is suffering, are bending their united efforts to involve the country in the vortex of civil war, and in the opinion of the Assembly of California have proved themselves unworthy alike of the high positions they now occupy and of the confidence of the people.

JACKSONVILLE, ALA., March 2, '68.

Mr. Editor.—It has been my good fortune to spend several days in this beautiful place. The air is pure, the climate mild and healthy, and the society of the highest tone. Few places of the same extent and size can boast of greater morality, and less mortality.—The legal fraternity is ably represented by her Turnleys, Foster, Forneys, Ellis, Caldwell, Martin, Crook and Stevenson. Jacksonville is blessed with an excellent Female Academy, of which Rev. D. F. Smith is Principal. He is assisted in the Primary Department by Miss Mary A. Turnley, a lady possessed of high intellectual endowments, and the great art of imparting instruction; the Musical Department is presided over by Mrs. M. E. Francis, who is thoroughly skilled in that art which makes home a Paradise. The pupils are not subjected to any sectarian influence, but are allowed to attend any one of the churches and Sabbath Schools that their parents may desire. There are four churches here, viz: Baptist, Methodist, Presbyterian and Episcopal. Board can be had in the best families at fifteen dollars per month. The cheapness of board, healthfulness and educational facilities, highly recommend it to the liberal patronage of the public. Already over fifty pupils are in attendance, and it is not unreasonable to prophesy that the attendance will be trebled when its claims are fully set forth before the public.

The polytechnic Male Academy commenced on the second Monday in January with over forty students. Gen. John H. Forney, (than whom no one is better qualified) is the Instructor in Mathematics, Philosophy and Military Discipline. H. A. Rutledge is the Instructor of Ancient and Modern Languages, Composition and Literature.—About one hour per day is devoted to Military studies, and the Cadets are making rapid strides in the acquisition of military lore. The Polytechnic is bound to be a success.

The Postoffice has been given into the charge of Mrs. Marion (a handsome widow) as postmaster. Notwithstanding the cry of old bachelors that widows will cause males to be irregular yet, in this instance we would fain believe that everything will be correct.

The energetic Oberger has established a News Agency here, which is proving a success, owing to the indefatigable exertions of his *lee* agent—and, by the way, the Courier is becoming immeasurably popular in this section.

The Republican is issued with its accustomed regularity. Moons may wax and wane; comets come and go; parties rise and fall; governments form and burst; yet amid it all, its veteran editor will be found advocating the principles of right and justice. Unlike another Grant of lesser moral calibre, he is not reticent where principles are involved.

On Friday night a concert was given by the young ladies and gentlemen of town. Mrs. Ellis, as Imogene in the tragedy of Bertram, gave a fine rendition of that character, while Hon. John Foster enacted Bertram, as if he was the original. His conception of the character was fine and almost faultless.—"The Apple of Discord" an original drama, was well performed. Miss Willie Woodward, Miss Willie Francis and Miss Jennie Frank, sustaining their characters remarkably. "Refinement," a charade was executed in handsome style, Miss Willie Woodward, Miss Maggie Crook, and Mr. George Turnley, enacting the parts assigned them with much spirit. The instrumental music was excellent, and the vocal, to say the least, enchanting. Where all did so well, it would be invidious to make distinction, yet we may be pardoned for singling out, "Ah, could I touch the Nightingale," "Voices of the Night," "Love on the Brain," "Murmuring Sea," Sham us O'Brien, "Norma," for special mention in the vocal, and "Sans Souci," and "Norma," in the instrumental.

On Saturday night the Concert was represented, with a change in the programme. The audiences were large and appreciative on both occasions.—Antony and Cleopatra, a tableaux, with Hon. J. Foster as Antony, reciting with power and thrilling effect, "I am Dying, Egypt, Dying" was superb. Miss Tommie Williams sang "Within a mile of Edinboro' Town," with great beauty and sweetness.—ACCOMPLISH.

COMING HOME TO ROOST.—The wires tell us says the *Macon Messenger*, that half million spindles and 5000 men who have to eat, drink, and wear clothes, are idle at Fall River, in that chosen country, Massachusetts. What do those men and their starving wives and children think of impeachment, and reconstruction, and the rights of the "man and brother?" Will the deposition of the President and the bayonet-proped black despotisms proposed to be established in these Southern States mend matters for them? We know very little of human nature if they do not see in all this misery a simple coming home to roost of the immense flock of curses their Radical masters have let loose upon the South, and if they do not demand that somebody pay the penalty.

Form the Lines!

The New York Tribune, alarmed at the increases of Democratic votes, the decrease of Republicans of triumphs, the fading out of power created by the infamous traitors who have so long controlled their usurped power, urges the soldiers of freedom to "form the lines"—to look to the musket and ammunition-box, and see that he stands well in line, and let the watchword be—"Stand by Congress!"

We say to the Tribune and to Congress as to all other workers of political and national iniquity, we are ready! If you want war you can have it. If you seek to force your dictator into another war, not for liberty but to destroy liberty, we are ready at the drop of the glove.

God knows we do not wish to see this land again redden with the blood of brave men, but if the war must come—if you are not satisfied with the verdict given against you at the ballot-box—if you would force the people to another struggle, let it come—we are ready!

And if it does come, may God have mercy on all your souls, for we shall have none. We, the people, have a long account to settle, and are ready when you are.

You filled the North with hate for the people of the South—our brothers. You help educate a party to override common laws.

You cried of the national flag—tear down the flaunting lie.

You sought from the first to destroy the Union, to kill the constitution—to abolish the confederation of States—to destroy liberty, and, lies, threats, and devilishness, have well nigh succeeded.

You helped elect a fool first, a clown next, a tyrant and despot after, a justly slain usurper after all to be a plastic tool of villains. Your party has ignored the constitution, divided the Union, created an aristocracy, exempted wealth from taxation, stacked bayonets on the law benches, protected the rich at the expense of the poor, murdered our men and brothers in your damnable crusades for Cotton and negroes—have made countless thousands of widows and orphans, placed one drunken renegade in the presidential chair, and another drunken boor at the head of the army—have trifled with the liberties of the people, wrested from States the rights still their own, have destroyed law, order and prosperity only to establish a centralized power an accursed despotism; a reign of terror. You have worked to enslave the whites to benefit their rotten, corrupt, exempt, tariff, and Congress protected, dishonest, cowardly, speculating masters; but you shall not—by the Eternal you shall not long enjoy the triumph.

Your voice is not so strong as once! Your bayonets are not so sharp as once!

Your little bells are not so clear now as then!

Your reign of terror is not so general as once!

Your party is not so strong as once! Your head despot rots in his grave or roasts in his home as you eating snivelers decide, and there is not so much levity in national halls as once!

And for all these mercies God be praised!

Talk not of war—nor of protection to Congress. No more will your unjust drafts tear people from their homes.—No more will your minions of tyranny amass fortunes speculating in the blood of brave men! You may call for your millions, but they will not come at your calling, for you and your accursed party have lied, cheated, outraged, murdered, usurped and destroyed till the people know the terrible of your love, the devilishness of your professed benevolence.

The great West is no more with you! For years you have controlled legislation to injure us, and now, if you wish a war, it will be a short one, but terrible. The West and South will join hands against a common enemy—will establish a Western World, and, as the men of the West once marched to the sea, will again march to the East, stopping not till New England is but ash covered hills and villages, the East be shorn of power, the national debt be forever repudiated, a new nation be born of new revolution, and the chalice you have held to the lips of others be forced down your meddling, puritainical throats.

If you want a war, you can have it. *La Cross Democrat.*

Admission of Alabama. The carpet-baggers pretend to have assurances that Alabama will be admitted under the recently defeated Constitution. They say that the thing will be done as soon as the impeachment question is disposed of. To such of the hungry would be officials as desire any comfort from these assurances, we commend the following piece of intelligence, which we find in a special telegram from Washington to the New York Tribune of the 1st:

"The admission of Alabama was under discussion to-day, in the Reconstruction Committee, but no conclusion was reached. The delegation from that State presented some statements on that subject, but they were not sufficiently important to influence the majority of the committee, who are opposed to any special legislation for the restoration of the State."

We suspect that this intelligence is somewhat later, and a great deal more reliable, than anything brought to Alabama by any of the returned carpet-bag delegation. Appearing, as it does, in a paper of undoubted "loyalty," it cannot be stigmatized as a "rebel lie."

Mont. Adv.

Our Deliverance Approaching.

The secession of the Southern States from the United States, was the result of a contest which had been going on from the foundation of the Government of the United States, between those who advocated a limited, constitutional, free government on the one hand,—and those who aimed to establish a constitutional, limitless despotism on the other. The occasion on which this contest turned in 1799, was the alien and sedition laws;—in 1833, the tariff;—in 1860, slavery. War followed not unnaturally; because in war, the military authority, which is always despotic; would surely tend to break down the constitution, and consolidate the government. Immediately on its installation, the constitution was swept away.

Since the war closed, the same policy of consolidation and despotism, which produced the war, and reigned during its continuance, has been steadily working its way to the final extinction of the constitution, and the free government it establishes. The Revolutionists, would not admit the Southern States into association under the Constitution of the United States, for the simple reason, that it would arrest their policy, by overthrowing their party. Power by party ascendancy, is the most obvious prominent object; but the great controlling purpose of this power, is a grand central despotism over the United States.

The Radicals say, that the war is still raging. They are right. The war of arms has ceased; but the war of principles, which produced the war of arms, is raging in as much intensity now, as during the thunder and cries of actual battle.

There are two grand fields of contest, on which this war is now about to be waged—the Supreme Court of the United States, and the election for the next Presidency.

On day after to-morrow week, the first of these two great battles comes off in the cases now pending before the Supreme Court of the United States,—in which, the constitutionality of the Reconstruction laws, are to be tested.

We frankly declare our firm conviction, that these laws will be pronounced to be unconstitutional. And here briefly, are our reasons for this conviction.

1. The advocates for consolidation and despotism, both in the Senate and House of Representatives in Congress, have distinctly declared, by their efforts of legislation, that they expect this result.

2. The decisions of the Supreme Court already pronounced, distinctly point to this conclusion. They have but to affirm the principles they have already laid down, and the Reconstruction laws, must be declared unconstitutional and void.

3. The justification of the Government of the United States in instituting and urging the late war demands, that this should be their decree. They must declare, that secession in the Southern States was void; and that it did not take the Southern States out of the Union of the United States or there was no insurrection. Secession did, or it did not take the Southern States out of the Union of the United States. If it did take them out of the Union of the United States,—then the war was without justification on the part of the Northern States;—it made the Southern States foreign States,—and all their citizens who opposed their governments were traitors. To make the late war, a civil war, and the citizens of the Southern States, insurgents or rebels,—the Government and Constitution of the United States, must have extended over them. The Union of the United States was not dissolved by secession; and the Constitution of the United States, with the obligations to support it, extended over their citizens also, all the rights and privileges it guarantees. This was the position assumed by the Government of the United States, by its President and Congress, in justification of the war, and during the war. Will not the Supreme Court of the United States surely support this position, when in strict conformity, with its own previous decisions?

4. We cannot but doubt, that the terrible evils already wrought throughout the United States, by the progress to despotism, must lead to its arrest.—What was theory, as to these evils once, is now experience. We know now, what a government clothed with despotic powers at Washington means. It means contention, war, tyranny, blood. As God allowed the French atheists to rule, during the French revolution, to show to the world what man may be without Him, so now He may be allowing the Consolidationists of the North to display the fruits of their policy, by a central despotism, in order that all men here, who value free government or peace or liberty, shall fly away from them, and seek refuge in the only ark of salvation amidst the angry waters around us—the Constitution of the United States.

5. Twice before, have the Consolidationists got possession of the Government of the United States; and they speedily developed their policy of despotism—and as speedily were overthrown. May we not expect the same result from the same causes now, when these causes are clothed with tenfold evils? Whenever before were the flagitious conspirators of consolidation, so daring or so profligate as now? Whilst they were stealthily cutting away the strands of the Union, they professed, to deduce from the constitution their subtle usurpations; but now, they openly deride the constitution, and trample it under their feet. They are not merely conspirators; but Revolutionists and despots. Will not their fate, be the fate of those who have gone before them, in

their efforts to "abolish free government in the United States?"

The Supreme Court of the United States we are assured, within two months, will put an end to the Reconstruction laws of Congress; but even should the great cause of free government fail before this tribunal, it will not fail at the next Presidential election.—*Charleston Mercury.*

Coosa River Steamboat Mail Line.

FREIGHTS REDUCED! Via Charleston, S. C., & Rome, Ga. For Spring of 1868. PER STEAMERS

Etowah Undine.

Great Through Freight Line.

FROM NEW YORK & BALTIMORE, TO GREENSBORO, ALA.

Table with 2 columns: Class and Rate. 1st Class, \$2 50; 2d Class, 2 00; 3d Class, 1 50; 4th Class, 1 00; 5th Class, 75c.

Directions to Shippers of Goods. Mark via Charleston, care of J. M. ELLIOTT & CO., Agents, Rome, Ga., and Greensport, Ala.

All Through Freights can be paid to JOHN C. ALLEN & CO. on delivery of Goods at Greensport.

N. B.—Steamers leave Rome every Tuesday and Saturday, at 7 A. M.; leave Greensport every Wednesday at 7 A. M.; leave Gadsden every Sunday at 7 A. M. Arrive at Rome every Thursday and Monday.

J. M. ELLIOTT, General Supt. Steamboat Line. C. M. PENNINGTON, Eng. & Sup. I.R.R. J. B. PECK, M. T. W. & A. R. R. E. W. COLE, Gen. Supt. Ga. R. R. H. T. PEAKE, Supt. S. C. R. R. Rome, Ga., March 10th, 1868.—1m.

NOTICE IN BANKRUPTCY.

THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE, That on the 5th day of February, A. D. 1868, a Warrant in Bankruptcy was issued against the Estate of THOMAS T. MEADAMS, in the County of Calhoun, and State of Alabama, who has been adjudged a Bankrupt on his own Petition; That the payment of any debts, and delivery of any property belonging to such Bankrupt, to him or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him, are forbidden by law; That a meeting of the creditors of the said Bankrupt to prove their debts, and to choose one or more Assignees of his Estate, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy, to be held at Jacksonville, Calhoun county, Alabama, before Joseph W. Burke, Register, on the 24th day of February, A. D. 1868, at 12 o'clock M.

E. E. DOUGLASS, U. S. Marshal as Messenger, Northern Dist. of Ala. By order of the court herein the meeting of creditors has been adjourned to the 28th day of April, 1868, at 3 o'clock, P. M.

E. E. DOUGLASS, U. S. Marshal as Messenger, Northern Dist. of Ala. March 14, 1868.—1t.

NOTICE IN BANKRUPTCY.

THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE, That on the 5th day of February, A. D. 1868, a Warrant in Bankruptcy was issued against the Estate of RYAN & ROWLAND, Partners and individuals of Jacksonville, in the County of Calhoun and State of Alabama, who have been adjudged Bankrupts on their own Petition; That the payment of any debts, and delivery of any property belonging to such Bankrupts, to them, or for their use, and the transfer of any property by them, are forbidden by law; That a meeting of the creditors of the said Bankrupts to prove their debts, and to choose one or more Assignees of their Estates will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy, to be held at Jacksonville, Ala., before Joseph W. Burke, Register, on the 24th day of February, A. D. 1868, at 10 o'clock A. M.

E. E. DOUGLASS, U. S. Marshal as Messenger, Northern Dist. of Ala. By order of the court herein the meeting of creditors has been adjourned to the 28th day of April, 1868.

E. E. DOUGLASS, U. S. Marshal as Messenger, Northern Dist. of Ala. Mar. 14, '68.—1t.

NOTICE IN BANKRUPTCY.

THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE, That on the 5th day of February, A. D. 1868, a Warrant in Bankruptcy was issued against the Estate of JOHN B. FORNEY, of Jacksonville, in the County of Calhoun, and State of Alabama, who has been adjudged a Bankrupt on his own Petition; That the payment of any debts, and delivery of any property belonging to such Bankrupt, to him, or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him, are forbidden by law; That a meeting of the creditors of the said Bankrupt to prove their debts, and to choose one or more Assignees of his Estate, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy, to be held at Jacksonville, Calhoun county, Ala., before JOSEPH W. BURKE, Register, on the 24th day of February, A. D. 1868, at 11 o'clock A. M.

E. E. DOUGLASS, U. S. Marshal as Messenger, Northern Dist. of Ala. By order of the court herein the meeting of creditors has been adjourned to the 28th day of April, 1868; at 2 o'clock P. M.

E. E. DOUGLASS, U. S. Marshal as Messenger, Northern Dist. of Ala. Mar. 14, '68.—1t.

NOTICE IN BANKRUPTCY.

THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE, That on the 7th day of March, A. D. 1868, a Warrant in Bankruptcy was issued out of the District Court of the United States for the Northern District of Alabama, against the Estate of JOHN L. MATTHEW, in the County of Calhoun, in said District, adjudged a Bankrupt on his own Petition; That the payment of any debts, and delivery of any property belonging to such Bankrupt, to him, or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him, are forbidden by law; and that a meeting of the creditors of said Bankrupt to prove their debts, and to choose one or more Assignees of his Estate, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy, to be held at the Register's Court, Jacksonville, Ala., before Joseph W. Burke, Esq., Register in Bankruptcy for said District, on the 28th day of April, A. D. 1868, at 12 o'clock M.

LATEST NEWS.

FROM WASHINGTON. Washington, March 6.—David Dudley Field, in arguing the McCord case, took the ground that the preamble to the reconstruction acts was false and therefore those acts were unnecessary as well as unconstitutional. The speech is much praised.

Senator Johnson alone took the oath as member of the Impeachment Court upon the Bible, the others merely holding up the hand.

It is said that the President said last night that Hancock would not be relieved.

Associated Press Reports.

FROM WASHINGTON.

IMMENSE DEMOCRATIC GAINS EVERYWHERE IN TOWN ELECTIONS.

Washington, March 7.—Northern democratic papers are flaming with displayed head lines announcing democratic victories and gains in municipal elections.

The republican papers are denouncing the associated press reporters as partisans.

Oh! THEM HAPPY DAYS.

How I dew long to see them happy days again. Them days when the sun did'nt rise afore breakfast.

Them days when a man married 125 lbs. of woman.

And less nor 25 lbs. of close, awl told.

Them days when pollyticks was the exception and honesty the rule.

Them days when everybody was smart, and yourself the only fool.

Them days when everybody's wife wasn't eternally singing in your ears;

"Oh! dear, do get me a battle of English Fennel Bitters."

THE STATE OF ALABAMA.

Court of Probate for said County, Special Term, March 3d, A. D. 1868.

THIS day came James R. Hollingsworth, Adm'r of the Estate of John Hollingsworth, dec'd, and presented and filed in court his account and vouchers for a final settlement of said estate—and thereupon, it is ordered by the court, that the 20th day of March 1868, be set for making said settlement, and that notice thereof be given by publication in the Jacksonville Republican, a Newspaper published in said county, for three successive weeks prior to said day, as a notice to all persons concerned, to be and appear at a special term of said court to be holden at the Court House of said county on said 20th day of March, 1868, and contest said account if they think proper.

A. WOODS, Judge of Probate. March 7th, 1868.

Notice to Creditors of the Estate of Jason Campbell, dec'd.

LETTERS of Administration were granted to the undersigned on the 28th day of February, 1868, by the Hon. A. Woods, Judge of the Probate Court of Calhoun County, Ala., upon the Estate of said Jason Campbell, dec'd, therefore all persons having claims against said estate will present them to me duly authenticated as required by law within eighteen months from the date of this notice or they will after the lapse of said time be barred. WASHINGTON DICKIN, Adm. March 7th, 1868.

A SPLENDID LOT OF Spring & Summer GOODS,

Just Received, and for sale very cheap for cash, by

T. F. WYNN & CO. Call and see them immediately. March 7th, 1868.

Notice to Creditors of Estate of Jane B. Alexander, dec'd.

NOTICE is hereby given, that Letters of Administration upon the Estate of Jane B. Alexander, deceased, were granted to the undersigned, by the Probate Court of Calhoun County, Ala., on the 1st day of February, 1868, all persons are therefore notified to present any claim they may have against said estate to me, duly authenticated, within the time prescribed by law or they will be barred. JOHN J. WILSON, Adm'r of said Estate. Feb. 29.—61.

Special Notice.

I am notified by parties of whom I buy Goods in New York, that they will sell no more Goods except for PROMPT CASH. I am therefore under the necessity of raising funds to buy a spring stock, or discontinuing business. This I trust will be sufficient notice that I need ALL THAT IS DUE ME. Feb. 8.

TO CONSUMPTIVES.

THE REV. EDWARD A. WILSON will send (free of charge,) to all who desire it, the prescription with the directions for making and using the simple remedy by which he was cured of a long affection and that dread disease Consumption. His only object is to benefit the afflicted and he hopes every sufferer will try this prescription, as it will cost them nothing, and may prove a blessing.—Please address

REV. EDWARD A. WILSON, No. 165 South Second Street, Williamsburg, New York.

W. C. LAND, Watchmaker,

CONTINUES the Watch Repairing business above McClellan's store, west side of the public square. A good lot of materials on hand, and work done with dispatch and at low rates to suit the times. Jacksonville, Feb. 24, 1866.

PHOTOGRAPHS, AMBROTYPES, &c.

E. GOODE, Artist. (Formerly of Asheville, Ala.) Rooms first door north of E. L. Woodward's store. June 16, 1866.

LEGAL ADVERTISEMENTS.

THE STATE OF ALABAMA, Calhoun County.

Court of Probate for said County, Special Term, Oct. 5, A. D. 1867.

THIS day came Joel R. Love, Administrator of the Estate of John M. Love deceased, and presented and filed in Court his petition in writing, representing in substance that his intestate Estate had owing to it, debts of a bad and doubtful character, a list of which debts are appended to said petition and marked schedule "A," and said administrator represents that it would be to the interest of said Estate to compromise said bad and doubtful debts, and he therefore asks that an Order of said court be passed authorizing him to compromise and settle said bad and doubtful debts with the parties owing the same; and thereupon, the premises being considered—

It is ordered by the Court, that the 16th day of March, 1868, be set for the hearing and determining upon said petition, and that notice thereof be given by publication in the Jacksonville Republican, a Newspaper published in said county, for three successive weeks prior to said day, as a notice to all persons concerned, to be and appear at a special term of said court to be holden at the Court House of said county, on said 16th day of March, 1868, and defend against said petition, if they think proper.

A. WOODS, Judge of Probate. February 22nd, 1868.—31.

STATE OF ALABAMA, Calhoun County.

Court of Probate for said County, Special Term, January 21st, A. D. 1868.

THIS day came Abel Phillips, Administrator of the Estate of S. O. Black, his account and vouchers for a final settlement of said Estate—and thereupon—

It is ordered by the Court, that the 17th day of March, 1868, be set for making said settlement; and that notice thereof be given by publication in the Jacksonville Republican, a Newspaper published in said county, for three successive weeks, prior to said day, as a notice to all persons concerned, to be and appear at a special term of said court to be holden at the Court House of said county, on said 17th day of March, 1868, and contest said account if they think proper.

A. WOODS, Judge of Probate. February 22nd, 1868.—31.

THE STATE OF ALABAMA, Calhoun County.

Court of Probate for said County, Special Term, August 22d, A. D. 1867.

THIS day came J. W. Leibetter and J. W. Whiteside, Administrators of the Estate of Moses Whiteside, deceased, and presented and filed their account and vouchers for a final settlement of said Estate, and thereupon, it is ordered by the court, that the 20th day of March, 1868, be set for making said settlement, and that notice thereof be given by publication in the Jacksonville Republican, a Newspaper published in said county, for three successive weeks, prior to said day, as a notice to all persons concerned, to be and appear at a special term of said court to be holden at the Court House of said county on said 20th day of March, 1868, and contest said account if they think proper.

A. WOODS, Judge of Probate. Feb. 22nd, 1868.—31.

THE STATE OF ALABAMA, Calhoun County.

Court of Probate for said County, Special Term, October 10th, A. D. 1867.

THIS day came W. W. Little, Administrator of the Estate of J. M. Tatum, deceased, and presented and filed his account and vouchers for a final settlement of said Estate, and thereupon—It is ordered by the Court, that the 25th day of March, 1868, be set for making said settlement, and that notice thereof be given by publication in the Jacksonville Republican, a Newspaper published in said county, for three successive weeks, prior to said day, as a notice to all persons concerned, to be and appear at a special term of said court to be holden at the Court House of said county on said 25th day of March, 1868, and contest said account if they think proper.

A. WOODS, Judge of Probate. Feb. 22nd, 1868.—31.

PROBATE COURT, Special Term, Feb'y Calhoun County. } 13th, 1868.

THIS day came James P. Grant, Administrator of the Estate of Samuel P. Hudson, deceased, and filed his application in writing, averring that from the best of his knowledge and belief, the Estate of said deceased is insolvent, accompanied with a statement under oath of the assets of said estate; with a list of the creditors who have filed claims against said estate, the amount thereof, and a residence of said creditors—and praying that a day be set for the hearing of said application and that said estate be declared insolvent.

It is therefore ordered by the Court, that Monday the 23rd day of March next be set for the hearing of said application; and that notice thereof be given by publication in the Jacksonville Republican, a Newspaper published in said county, for not less than thirty days prior to said 23rd day of March, requiring all persons who may desire to contest said application to be and appear before me on said 23rd day of March, at my office in the Town of Jacksonville, and make their objections known, if they think proper.

It is further ordered by the Court, that said notice be posted upon the Court House door for thirty days prior to said 23rd day of March, 1868; and that notice issue to all resident creditors.

Given under my hand at office this 14th day of Feb'y, 1868.

A. WOODS, Judge of Probate.

THE STATE OF ALABAMA, Calhoun County.

Court of Probate for said County, Special Term, February 15th, A. D. 1868.

THIS day came James M. Andrews, one of the Executors of the Estate of Allen Andrews, deceased, and filed in said court his report and declaration, representing that said Estate is insolvent, and asking that the same may be so declared by the court; and thereupon—It is ordered by the court, that the 25th day of March, 1868, be set for the hearing and determining upon said report, and declaring said estate insolvent; and that notice thereof be given by publication in the Jacksonville Republican, a Newspaper published in said county, for five successive weeks, prior to said day, as a notice to all the creditors and all other persons concerned, to be and appear at a special term of said court to be holden at the Court House of said county on said 25th day of March, 1868, and show cause, if any they have, why said estate should not be declared insolvent.

A. WOODS, Judge of Probate. Feb. 22nd, 1868.—31.

LEGAL ADVERTISEMENTS.

THE STATE OF ALABAMA, Calhoun County.

Court of Probate for said County, Special Term, Dec. 17th, A. D. 1867.

THIS day came Bartlett Owen, Administrator of the Estate of W. B. Hubank, deceased, and presented and filed his account and vouchers for a final settlement of said Estate, and thereupon—It is Ordered, that the 24th day of March, 1868, be set for making said settlement; and that notice thereof be given by publication in the Jacksonville Republican, a Newspaper published in said county, for three successive weeks prior to said day, as a notice to all persons concerned, to be and appear at a special term of said court to be holden at the Court House of said county on said 24th day of March, 1868, any contest said account if they think proper.

A. WOODS, Judge of Probate. Feb. 22nd, 1868.—31.

THE STATE OF ALABAMA, Calhoun County.

Court of Probate for said County, Special Term, Dec. 20th, A. D. 1867.

THIS day came S. C. King, Executor of the Estate of Abram Harris, deceased, and presented and filed his account and vouchers for a final settlement of said estate.—

It is thereupon Ordered by the Court, that the 24th day of March, 1868, be set for making said settlement; and that notice thereof be given by publication in the Jacksonville Republican, a Newspaper printed and published in said county, for three successive weeks, prior to said day, as a notice to all persons concerned, to be and appear at a special term of said court to be holden at the Court House of said county, on said 24th day of March, 1868, and contest said account if they think proper.

A. WOODS, Judge of Probate. February 22nd, 1868.—31.

THE STATE OF ALABAMA, Calhoun County.

Court of Probate for said County, Special Term, Feb. 14th, A. D. 1868.

THIS day came Wm. R. Hubbard, Administrator of the Estate of Joel H. Farringer, deceased, and filed his application in writing, averring that from the best of his knowledge and belief, the Estate of said deceased is insolvent, accompanied with a statement under oath of the assets of said estate; with a list of the creditors who have filed claims against said estate, the amount thereof, and a residence of said creditors—and praying that a day be set for the hearing of said application and that said estate be declared insolvent.

It is therefore ordered by the court, that Monday the 30th day of March, 1868, be set for the hearing of said application, and that notice thereof be given by publication in the Jacksonville Republican, a Newspaper published in said county, for not less than thirty days prior to said 30th day of March, requiring all persons who may desire to contest said application, to be and appear before me on said 30th day of March, at my office in the Town of Jacksonville, and make their objections known, if they think proper.

It is further ordered by the court, that said notice be posted upon the Court House door for thirty days prior to said 30th day of March, 1868, and that notice issue to all resident creditors.

Given under my hand at office this 14th day of Feb'y, 1868.

Wm. M. HAMES, Register &c. acting as Judge of Probate.

John L. Pinson & CIRCUIT COURT, F. M. vs. Appearance Docket, vs. F. M. Allen. Oct. 4, 1867.

THIS day came the Plaintiff by their Attorney, and by him motion is made for an Order of Publication against the Defendant, F. M. Allen, as a non-resident; and it appearing that the said F. M. Allen is a non-resident of the State of Alabama—

It is therefore ordered by the court, that publication be made in the Jacksonville Republican, a Newspaper published in the county of Calhoun, for four consecutive weeks, notifying said Defendant of the proceedings against him on the property of said Defendant, to-wit: One House and Lot in the Town of Alexandria, known as the Vandiver Lot, containing about one and a half acres, more or less; and that a copy of this order be sent by the Clerk of this court to Defendant, if his post office be known.

A true copy from the minutes of said court.

Witness my hand this 20th day of February, A. D. 1868.

G. B. DOUTHITT, Clerk. February 22, 1868.—31.—\$15 00.

in Chancery, at Jacksonville, Feb'y 22nd, 1868.

THIS day came the complainants, by their Solicitors, Ellis & Caldwell, and appearing to the Register by Solicitor's affidavits that William S. Lackey one of the defendants, is a non-resident of this State, and that the particular place of his residence is unknown to affiant, and further, that in the belief of said affiant, the defendant is over twenty-one years of age.

It is therefore ordered by the Register, that publication be made in the Jacksonville Republican, a Newspaper published in the Town of Jacksonville, Ala., for four consecutive weeks, requiring him, the said Wm. S. Lackey, to answer or demur to the bill of complaint in this cause, by the 20th day of April, 1868, or in thirty days thereafter. Done, at office, this 22nd day of February, 1868.

Wm. M. HAMES, Register, &c. Feb. 22, 1868.—31.—\$15 00.

in Chancery, At Jacksonville, January Term, 1868.

THIS day came Mosca Pettit, complainants by their Solicitors, and moved the court for an order of publication against the non-resident defendants, Marion C. Pettit and Martha P. Pettit, and it appearing to the satisfaction of the court, by affidavit of the complainant's Solicitor, M. J. Turnley, that the said defendants Marion C. Pettit and Martha P. Pettit are non-residents of this State, and that their particular place of residence is unknown to affiant, and further, that in the belief of said affiant, the defendants are minors, under twenty-one years of age—

It is therefore ordered by the court, that publication be made in the Jacksonville Republican, a Newspaper published in the town of Jacksonville, Ala., for four consecutive weeks, requiring them, the said Marion C. Pettit and Martha P. Pettit, to answer or demur to the bill of complaint in this cause by the 20th day of April, A. D. 1868, or in thirty days thereafter a decree pro confesso will be taken against them.

S. K. McSPADDEN, Chancellor. A true copy from the minutes.

Wm. M. HAMES, Register, &c. Feb. 22, 1868.—31.—\$15 00.

ISBELL & SON, BANKERS, Talladega, Ala.

ARE now Discounting Bills on Selma, Mobile, New Orleans and New York. Checking on all these cities at sight, and furnish Exchange on Europe. They buy GOLD, SILVER, Old Bank Notes, Compound Interest and Seven Thirty Notes. They receive Gold, Silver and Currency on Deposit—guaranteeing safety, and pay back same in sums to suit parties, free of any charge. Feb. 8, 1868.—ly.

T. FRED WYNN, Jacksonville. CHAS. G. WYNN, New York.

"Keep it Before the People," THAT NEW AND CHEAP GOODS MAY BE HAD AT THE NEW STORE OF

T. F. WYNN & CO.

One door north of the Hotel. Our stock is entirely new, consisting in part of

Dry Goods, Clothing, Hats, Caps, Boots, Shoes, Hardware, Crockery, Groceries, &c.

And in fact every thing usually found in a well selected Stock, all of which have been purchased exclusively for Cash, by one of our firm who resides in New York, and possessing the advantage of being always in market, ready to take advantage of every decline in prices; we feel confident, with such facilities we can keep our Stock constantly replenished at the VERY LOWEST POSSIBLE FIGURES. Being determined to spare neither capital or pains to supply our friends and the public generally with CHEAP GOODS, we solicit a liberal share of patronage.

Our Terms are Exclusively Cash. T. F. WYNN & CO. Jacksonville, Ala. Dec. 14, 1867.—3m.

NEW GROCERY, CONFECTIONERY AND PROVISION STORE. HORN & TURNLEY,

INFORM the citizens of Jacksonville and vicinity, that they have just opened on the east side of the public square, a large, varied and well selected stock of

FAMILY GROCERIES.

CONSISTING IN PART OF Sugar, Coffee and Molasses, Bacon, Lard and Salt, Rice, Flour and Meal, Cheese, Crackers and Spices, Mackerel, Oysters and Sardines, Fruits and Confectionaries.

With every other article usually needed or called for in a well assorted Family Grocery. We intend to keep our assortment at all times full and complete, and hope by ready and extensive sales to be enabled to sell low.

We will EXCHANGE Groceries, &c. for every description of COUNTRY PRODUCE. Terms CASH, where exchange is not made. Our establishment being a convenient desideratum, long needed and desired by the citizens of the Town and vicinity, we expect and solicit a liberal and generous patronage, which will mutually benefit both buyer and seller in proportion to extent. Call in and examine our stock—and buy your SUPPLIES. Jacksonville, Ala. Dec. 14, 1867.

FREIGHTS REDUCED! For Spring of 1868, PER STEAMERS

NEW YORK, PHILADELPHIA, AND BALTIMORE, To Greensport, Ala., VIA VA. AND TENN. AIR LINE And Coosa River Steamboat Mail Packet Company.

THROUGH RATES TO GREENSPORT. From New York Philadelphia Baltimore 1st Class, \$2 70 \$2 88 \$2 71 2d Class, 2 28 2 50 2 28 3d Class, 1 96 2 16 1 98 4th Class, 1 49 1 90 1 74

DIRECTIONS FOR SHIPPERS OF GOODS. Mark via Virginia and Tennessee Air Line, care of J. M. ELLIOTT & CO., Agents, Rome, Georgia. All Through Freight can be paid to JOHN C. ALLEN & CO. on delivery of Goods at Greensport.

COTTON—Through Bills of Lading given at Greensport. Rates of Freight guaranteed to New York over this line at \$8 74 per bale of 500 lbs. or under.

N. B.—Steamers leave Rome every Tuesday and Saturday at 7 A. M.; leave Greensport every Wednesday at 10 A. M.; leave Gadsden every Sunday at 7 A. M. Arrive at Rome every Thursday and Monday. Marine Insurance between New York and Norfolk 1/2 of one per cent.

J. M. ELLIOTT, Gen. Supt. Steamboat Line. Rome, Ga. Feb. 23, 1868.—5t.

Bacon, MOLASSES, SALT, FLOUR, &c.

Also CIGARS, by the box or retail, with many other articles, just received and for sale by HORN & TURNLEY. N. B. Our stock will be replenished and kept full by every arrival of the Freight Trains—such being the advantages of our business arrangements. March 7th, 1868.

LEGAL ADVERTISEMENTS.

THE STATE OF ALABAMA, Calhoun County.

WHEREAS, at a special Term of the Probate Court of said county, holden at the Court House of said county, on the 17th day of August, 1867, the Estate of R. G. Enrie, deceased, was, by an order of said court, declared insolvent, and at the same time, a further order of said court was made, requiring C. C. Ellis, to appear in said court on the 31st day of March, 1868, and make a settlement of his accounts as such Executor; Notice is therefore given to the creditors of said Estate, and all other persons concerned, to be and appear at a special term of said court to be holden at the Court House of said county, on said 31st day of March, 1868, and contest said settlement and nominate a future executor or administrator of said estate, if they think proper.

A. WOODS, Judge of Probate. February 29th, 1868.—5t.

In the matter of the Estate of James E. Williams, late of Calhoun county, deceased.

In the Probate Court of Calhoun county, Ala. 22d day of Feb 1868.

PERMELLA F. WILLIAMS, Administratrix of the goods and chattels, rights and credits of the said James E. Williams, deceased, having this day presented her accounts and vouchers to the said court for the final settlement of her said accounts, as such administratrix, and the Court having appointed the 30th day of March, 1868, to audit and settle said accounts. Notice is hereby given, that it is the intention of the said Permelia F. Williams, administratrix, as aforesaid, to have her said accounts presented to the said court for allowance, at the said Term of said court to be holden at the Court House of said county, on said 30th day of March, 1868, when and where all persons interested in the settlement of said Estate are required to appear, and make exceptions to said accounts, if they think proper.

A. WOODS, Judge of Probate. February 29th, 1868.—3t.

THE STATE OF ALABAMA, Calhoun County.

Court of Probate for said county, Special Term, Feb. 25th, A. D. 1868.

THIS day came Eliza McClellan, administratrix of the Estate of Mary Kelly, deceased, and presents and files in court her accounts and vouchers for a final settlement of said Estate—and thereupon, it is ordered by the court, that the 28th day of March, 1868, be set for making said settlement, and that notice thereof be given by publication in the Jacksonville Republican, a Newspaper published in said county, for three successive weeks prior to said day, as a notice to all persons concerned, to be and appear at a special term of said court to be holden at the Court House of said county, on said 28th day of March, 1868, and contest said account, if they think proper.

A. WOODS, Judge of Probate. Feb. 29, 1868.—3t.

Administrator's Notice.

LETTERS of Administration on the Estate of Kellek Coker, late of Calhoun county, deceased, having been granted to the undersigned on the 17th day of February, 1868, by the Hon. A. D. Chandler, Judge of the Probate Court of Calhoun County; Notice is hereby given to all persons indebted to said Estate to come forward and make payment in terms of the law, and all persons having claims against said estate are required to present them within the time prescribed by law, or they will be barred. JAMES BABER, Adm. Feb. 29, 1868.—6t.

Mary Abel, vs. Wm. Dohard, et. als } In Chancery at Jacksonville, Feb 27th, 1868.

THIS day came the complainant by her Solicitor, and moved the Register for an Order of Publication against the non-resident defendant, J. K. P. Abel, and it appearing to the satisfaction of the Register, by the affidavit of the solicitor, M. J. Turnley, that J. K. P. Abel, one of the defendants, is a non-resident of this State, and that he is advised and believes, is a resident of Anderson county, near Magnolia post office in the State of Texas, and that he is over the age of 21 years.

It is therefore ordered by the Register, that publication be made in the Jacksonville Republican, a Newspaper published in the Town of Jacksonville, Ala., for four consecutive weeks, requiring him, the said J. K. P. Abel, to answer or demur to the bill of complaint in this cause, by the 20th day of April, 1868, or in thirty days thereafter, a decree pro confesso may be taken.

Done, at office, this 27th day of February, 1868.

Wm. M. HAMES, Register, &c. Feb. 29th, 1868.—31.—\$15 00.

Just Received! AND FOR SALE CHEAP FOR CASH, Sugar and Coffee, Domestic & Esnabergs, FACTORY THREAD, BACON & LARD. Also a fine lot of Fresh GARDEN SEED. STEVENSON & PINSON. Feb. 22, 1868.

By the Governor of Alabama. A PROCLAMATION. EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT, STATE OF ALABAMA.

WHEREAS, authentic information has reached this Department, that a murder was recently committed in Calhoun County on the body of John W. Bentley; and

WHEREAS, it is formally charged that the said murder was perpetrated by JEFFERSON ROBERTS; and it appearing that the said Roberts has fled from justice and is running at large;

Now, therefore, with a view of vindicating the outraged law, and having the murderer brought to condign punishment, I, R. M. PATTON, Governor of the State of Alabama, by virtue of the power and authority in me vested, do issue this my Proclamation, offering a reward of

Two Hundred Dollars, To any person or persons who may arrest the said Jefferson Roberts, and deliver him into the custody of the Sheriff of Calhoun county.

Given under my hand and the Great Seal of the State, at the city of Montgomery, this seventh day of February, A. D. eighteen hundred and sixty-eight, and of the Independence of the United States of America the ninety-second.

R. M. PATTON. By THE GOVERNOR. MICHAEL TAUL, Secretary of State.

Description. Jefferson Roberts is about twenty-two years old; weighs about one hundred and seventy pounds, and is about six feet two inches high. His complexion is florid. He has a long face, and wears a small goatee when he is shaven. He has light hair and blue eyes. As he walks he is inclined to sink in his knees. February 22, 1868.—3t.

ADMINISTRATOR'S SALE OF LAND. THE STATE OF ALABAMA, Calhoun County.

UNDER and by virtue of a Decree of the Probate Court of said county, made on the 6th day of November, 1866, I will proceed to sell, upon the premises, on MONDAY THE NINTH DAY OF MARCH, 1868, at public outcry to the highest bidder, the following described LANDS, belonging to the Estate of Sterling Sims, deceased, to-wit: the south half of south east fourth of section 20, township 14, range 7, east, in the Coosa Land District.

The terms will be a credit of TWELVE MONTHS, with interest from date of sale—note and approved security will be required of the purchaser, possession to be given the 1st day of January, 1869.

Said Tract of Land lies about three miles west of Alexander, from fifty to sixty acres in a fine state of cultivation—and comfortable cabins, with out buildings, &c. and is a desirable place for any person who wishes to purchase a small farm.

J. M. WEBSTER, Administrator of said Estate. Feb. 8, 1868.—5t.



P O E T R Y

DON'T LEAVE THE FARM.

Come boys, I have something to tell you; Come near, I would whisper it low— You are thinking of leaving the homestead, Don't be in a hurry to go!

The city has many attractions, But think of the vines and the vine, When once in the vortex of fashion, How soon the course downward begins.

You talk of the mines of Australia— They're wealthy in gold without doubt, But ah! there is gold on the farm, boys, If only you'll shovel it out.

The mercantile trade is a hazard, The goods are first high and then low; Better risk the old farm a while longer, Don't be in a hurry to go!

The farm is the safest and surest, The orchards are loaded to day, You're as free as the air of the mountains, And monarch of all you survey.

Better stay on the farm a while longer, Though profits come in rather slow, Remember you've nothing to risk, boys, Don't be in a hurry to go!

[From the St. Louis Republican.] THE LOVE ON A LARK.

BY THOMAS E. HAVERRY. I met her at a county ball; She claimed at once my foolish fancy, The flirted form among them all—

"Who wouldst thou fall in love with Nancy? Her father was no home to spinners, Who honored his life with love and bounty, A sort of self-sufficient sire, And cock-a-lorum of the county."

I was her idol, that I know; I listened to her artless story— She loved me, for she told me so— I guess I wasn't humbly-kidder!

And, as she sighed, I felt my oats, (A maid in love, as I was in it!) And rivals—How I cut their throats! If they'd but thought of her a minute.

Shall I, her lover, hence disperse The pleasures of our wretched wooing? The smiles and sighs and tears that rose To work my ultimate undoing?

She loved another, it was said; (Of course the claim was simply silly,) But curse upon my jealous head! I soon was vaulted on a filly.

I started for the 'Squire's abode, (A winter night, but still I'd risk it!) And, as I dashed along the road, My heart was thumping in my breast.

I gazed down the lane that led To—hush!—a light—a voice is ringing! The 'Squire!—'Squire has come to bed!— A friend is there, and she is singing!

With noiseless tread I stole along To pry about and probe the matter— I heard the noddle praise her song, And caught the fellow winking at her.

She said she loved him, (just for fun); And soon would sing another sonnet; She quoted Byron by the ton, And dwelt with admiration on it.

The rouge was flush with knightly nods— The smile, the kiss and immemorial— (He knelt before her—by the gods!) I saw him do it through the window!

"My love," he said, "regard the woe of 'O'er the hills and through the woods'— (The tears were trickling down my nose To see her act so cunningly!)"

She smiled and said, "My sweet, in turn, My soul must break this lonely prison— (Which merely meant his hand was her'n, And that her heart was wholly his'n.)"

She spoke of Cowper, Milton, Moore, Divines, philosophers and sages, As though she'd read them o'er and o'er, And fairly doted on their pages.

She shook her wealth of rolling jet— Her rosy lips so sweetly parted; He kissed her—I was mad, you bet, And left the window broken-hearted;

And, just for spite, I married Sue, A handsome little jaunty jowless— The town's just big enough for two, And—who can hold a candle to us?

Death from Poisoned Arrows. The Montgomery (Ala) Mail, of the 9th, says:

A few days since a couple of youths were out in the neighborhood of the city practicing with a bow and arrow. One of the boys discovered a snake, and killed it shooting the reptile through and through with his arrow. Soon afterward one of the boys placed himself behind a tree, and, exposing one of his hands, challenged the other to "shoot at the target." The banter was accepted, and, with the same arrow which had just pierced the snake, fired at the exposed hand, and struck it nearly in the center, inflicting a slight wound. In a few hours the hand and arm of the lad began to swell, showing that poison from the snake had been communicated by means of the arrow. The youth suffered intense agony, and after lingering in this horrible condition for three days, expired yesterday. The boy who lost his hand in this playful and remarkable manner was named Bailey.

A Washington correspondent of the New York Times writes: "A gambling establishment exists in this city where pools are opened about once a week for the Presidential candidates.

Last evening Western betting men were offering odds of \$500 to \$1000 that Mr. Johnson will receive the Democratic nomination. Gen. Hancock is the next highest. One of the prominent gamblers and politicians of the county has been and is still betting heavy odds on Chief Justice Chase against Gen. Grant as the Republican nominee. As the time for the nominating convention draws nearer the interest in these pools increases.

ROBT. A. PETTIBONE, (Successor to N. D. Johnson & Co.) RECEIVING AND Forwarding Merchant, Selma, Alabama.

Ware House and Wharf at the terminus of the Alabama & Tennessee Rivers Rail Road, Cotton or Merchandise of any description Consigned to this House will be forwarded promptly and as low as through any house in Selma. Feb. 16, 1867—11.

Bargains For The Million! DRY GOODS! FANCY GOODS! JEWELRY & SILVERWARE.

Worth over \$2,000,000! All to be sold for ONE DOLLAR EACH. ARR ANDALE & CO., 122 BROADWAY, NEW YORK.

AGENTS FOR EUROPEAN MANUFACTURERS. Announces, that in consequence of the overstocking of the English market, an immense quantity of DRY and FANCY GOODS have been consigned to them with instructions to be cleared for immediate Cash, at any sacrifice. A. & Co., have, therefore, resolved to offer them according to their ordinary system of business at \$1 each, without regard to value.

The following list shows the original wholesale prices of some of the articles which they now offer at \$1.

Table with 2 columns: Item and Price. Includes items like Bears, Wolf & Buffalo, Sets of Furs, Sables, Ermine or Mink, Ladies' Mitts, etc.

Perge and Egyptian Cloths, Alpaca & Muslin de Laines, French Merinoes & Twills, Cashmere, Thibet & Mohair, etc.

Ladies and Gents' Cotton, Woollen and Silk Hosiery, Half Hose, best of the season, Ladies' and Gents' Shirts, etc.

Woolens and Silk Hosiery, Ladies' and Gents' Shirts, Cotton, Linen and Cotton, etc.

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Woolens and Silk Hosiery, Ladies' and Gents' Shirts, Cotton, Linen and Cotton, etc.

WATCHES FOR EVERYBODY! A Superb Stock of Fine Gold and Silver Watches, All Warranted to Run, and Thoroughly Regulated, at the Low Price of \$10 Each, and Satisfaction Guaranteed.

100 Gold Hunt'g Watches, \$250 to 1000; 100 Magiced gold watches, 250 to 500; 100 Ladies' watch, enameled, 100 to 300; 200 Gold hunt'g Chron. watch, 250 to 500; 200 Gold hunt'g Duplex watch, 200 to 250; 300 Gold hunt'g Am. watches, 100 to 250; 500 Silver hunting Levers, 50 to 150; 500 Silver hunting Duplexes, 75 to 250; 500 Gold Ladies' Watches, 50 to 250; 1,000 Miscellaneous Silver Watches, 50 to 75; 1,000 Miscellaneous Gold Watches, 100 to 1000.

The above stock will be disposed of on the PORTABLE ONE PRICE PLAN, giving every patron a fine Gold or Silver Watch for \$10, without regard to value.

W. G. CLARE, 87 Broadway, New York, will immediately dispose of the above magnificent stock. Certificates, naming the articles, are placed in sealed envelopes, and well mixed. Holders are entitled to the articles named in their certificate, upon payment of Ten Dollars, whether it be a watch worth \$1,000 or one worth less.

The return of any of our certificates entitles you to the articles named thereon, upon payment, irrespective of its worth, and as to article valued at less than \$10 is named on any certificate, it will at once be seen that there is no loss, but a great gain, for every transaction, which may be participated in even by the most fastidious.

A single certificate will be sent by mail, post paid, upon receipt of 25 cents, five for \$1, eleven for \$2, thirty three and elegant premium for \$5, sixty six and more valuable premium for \$10, one hundred and most superior watch for \$15. To agents or those wishing employment, this is a rare opportunity.

It is a legitimately conducted business authorized by the Government, and open to the most careful scrutiny. Watches sent by Express, with bill for collection, and delivery, so that no dissatisfaction can possibly occur. Try us. Address: WRIGHT, BROTHER & CO., Importers, 133 Mt. 191 Broadway, New York.

PAINTS FOR FARMERS & others. The Graham Mineral Paint Co. are now manufacturing the BEST, CHEAPEST and most DURABLE Paint in use. Two coats will put on a barrel with one-lined oil, will last 10 or 15 years in case of light weather or weathering. It is of a rich color, and can be changed to green, red, blue, yellow, etc., to suit the taste of the consumer. It is suitable for Boats, Barns, Fences, Carriages & Car-drivers, Pails and Wooden-ware, Agricultural Implements, Canal Boats, Yachts and Ships, (it being Fire and Water-proof) Floor Oil Cloths, (port Manufacturer having used 5000 lbs., the past year) and is a paint for any purpose is unsurpassed for beauty, durability, and adhesiveness. Price \$2 per barrel of 500 lbs., which will supply all farms for years to come. Warranted in all cases as above. Send for a circular which gives full particulars. Name genuine unless branded in a trade-mark Graham Mineral Paint. Address: DANIEL HOWELL, Nov. 16-66m. 254 Pearl St. New York.

ROBEY & HOOPER, Wholesale and Retail GROCERS, AND DEALERS IN Western Produce.

Corner Water and Washing St. Streets, directly opposite the "Troup House."

Am now opening a full and complete assortment of Groceries and Western Produce. The best of the season in Potatoes or other items at the lowest market price.

Consignments of Cotton, Flour and other Produce, for storage, sale or shipment, respectfully solicited, and faithfully and promptly attended to.

Thanked for former favors, they will be happy to again meet their old friends, and ask a fair share of patronage from the public generally. ROBEY & HOOPER, August 21, 1867—1y.

THE OLD "JACKSONVILLE HOTEL," BY J. D. BRADWELL.

I respectfully announce to the traveling public and citizens of the North and South, that I am still keeping this House, I shall endeavor to have my table furnished with every thing that the city market affords. Having purchased my supplies for the year very low, I feel confident I can offer you the choicest and best of the season, at the lowest rates.

As to fine scenery, health, good society, and opportunities for religious instruction, Jacksonville presents peculiar advantages. We will board can be had in good families at \$15 per month.

E. L. WOODWARD, Chm'n. J. F. GRANT, Sec'y. J. C. FRANCIS, A. ADAMS, B. C. WYLY, J. B. PRIVETT, M. J. TERNLEY, L. W. GANNON, W. H. FLEMING, A. WOODS, J. V. KISBERT, W. H. FORNEY.

REBEVE'S ANEMOSIA FOR THE HAIR, IMPROVED. The experience of over one hundred years in the cultivation and preservation of the hair, is now embodied in this widely known preparation. For dressing, curing and preserving the hair, it has no equal in the world. Three or four applications will stop the hair from falling off, and if used occasionally, it will prevent hair losing its original color during a lifetime. No preparation equals it for restoring the hair quickly; and no preparation has been more extensively endorsed by the medical faculty for its perfect innocuousness as regards injury to the hair or head, and for its tonic effects upon the system. Price, large bottles \$1. Druggists, Dealers in Fancy Goods, and Retailers generally, liberally dealt with. Stored in all parts of the U. S., Canada, &c. Address: SECRETARY REBEVE'S ANEMOSIA CO., New York.

THE CHICKASAWOGUE MANUFACTURING COMPANY. A CLEAR COTTON and LINEN GOODS in any quantity, and to pay for them the Highest Market Price in Cash.

They have established a Depot at No. 51 North Water Street for the receipt and storage of Bags and Paper stock of all sorts, under the immediate charge of Capt. Thomas Biss, who is authorized to receive all orders for all stock required for the Company's Mills, and brought him in suitable condition.

Range may be either white, colored or mixed, but they must be free of woollens, clean and well finished.

Dealers in paper stock in the city and immediate vicinity will find it to their advantage to communicate with us before disposing of their stock elsewhere.

Notaries will advance their own interests by lending their influence to secure the saving and collection of all the bills to be found in their respective localities. We will credit them in exchange for paper at the highest rates for all the merchantable tags they may send us.

Rails sent by the rivers and Great Northern Railroad, should be directed to the Company at Mobile.

All shipments by the Mobile and Ohio Railroad should be directed to Beaver Meadow Station, the location of the Company's Works.

For further information apply to the Company's Depot, No. 51, North Water St., or to the undersigned, in person or by letter, at the Office of the Advertiser and Register.

W. G. CLARE, President. All newspapers publishing this advertisement one month and calling attention to it will receive credit for the same at their regular rates, payable in paper as soon as the Mills get into full operation. Feb. 1.

DR. C. C. PORTER, Surgeon Dentist, Jacksonville, Alabama.

On the first week in every month—Room, the same formerly occupied by him on the north-west corner of the Public Square.

CHOICE HOTEL, BROAD STREET, ROME, GA. J. C. RAWLINS, Proprietor.

BAGGAGE taken to and from the depot free of charge. Aug. 25, 1867.

Beauregard, Beauregard. All persons indebted to the undersigned, and if you cannot pay, talk about it. You may forget small matters after awhile. You have doubtless known it to be the case—Come and let us reason together. D. P. GUNNELS, Oxford, Ala. August 2, 1867.

SMITH & RIDDLE, Wholesale and Retail GROCERS, Hardware and Commission Merchants, and Provision Supplies.

Every week, which they offer to Planters and Country Merchants at as low figures as can be bought in the up-country. Call and examine before purchasing elsewhere.

We are now prepared to pay for Cotton consigned to us for shipment to Selma, Mobile, New Orleans or New York.

Will soon have a large Ware-house completed in rear of our building for storing Cotton. Oxford, Ala. Nov. 9, 1867—11m.

IGSTER & FRANK, Attorneys at Law, Jacksonville, Alabama.

Will practice in the Counties of Alabama, Tallapoosa, Randolph, St. Clair, Clarke, Lee, Dale and the Supreme Court of the State. Feb. 2nd, 1867.

DRUGS, DRUGS. P. J. TURNLEY, (Successor to the firm of Turnley & Gibbons.)

Announces to the public that he has received a stock of Drugs, medicines, chemicals, Paints, Oils, Glass, Putty, Varnishes, Brushes, etc. Also, all kinds of Groceries and other articles that he can please all of his Alabama Customers and friends that will call on him or send their orders. Credit will be given at his old accommodations, Stand No. 2, under the Church Street, Mobile, Ala.

THE JACKSONVILLE FEMALE ACADEMY.

The exercises of this Institution will be resumed on Monday, February 2d, 1868, under the direction of REV. D. P. AMETH, Principal, MISS MARY A. TERNLEY, Teacher, and M. E. FRANCIS, Instructor in Musical Instruction.

The course of instruction is substantially embracing the branches usually taught in Academies and High Schools. The Academic year is divided into two sessions of 21 and 16 weeks respectively.

Rates of tuition per Session of 21 weeks. First Class, \$18 00; 2nd " 12 00; 3rd " 8 00; 4th " 6 00. Music on Piano, Extra, including use of instrument, 25 00; French, Extra, including use of instrument, 12 00; Continental French, 12 00.

A reduction of 10 per cent is made in favor of those who will pay monthly, quarterly or in advance.

Tuition will be charged from the time a pupil enters the school to the end of the term.

Tuition of ministers' daughters at half rates. Parents may feel assured that the intellectual and moral improvement of their daughters will be faithfully sought. All sectarian influences are prohibited, the pupils having free access to the different Sabbath Schools and Churches in the village, as parents may direct.

As to fine scenery, health, good society, and opportunities for religious instruction, Jacksonville presents peculiar advantages. We will board can be had in good families at \$15 per month.

E. L. WOODWARD, Chm'n. J. F. GRANT, Sec'y. J. C. FRANCIS, A. ADAMS, B. C. WYLY, J. B. PRIVETT, M. J. TERNLEY, L. W. GANNON, W. H. FLEMING, A. WOODS, J. V. KISBERT, W. H. FORNEY.

REBEVE'S ANEMOSIA FOR THE HAIR, IMPROVED. The experience of over one hundred years in the cultivation and preservation of the hair, is now embodied in this widely known preparation. For dressing, curing and preserving the hair, it has no equal in the world. Three or four applications will stop the hair from falling off, and if used occasionally, it will prevent hair losing its original color during a lifetime. No preparation equals it for restoring the hair quickly; and no preparation has been more extensively endorsed by the medical faculty for its perfect innocuousness as regards injury to the hair or head, and for its tonic effects upon the system. Price, large bottles \$1. Druggists, Dealers in Fancy Goods, and Retailers generally, liberally dealt with. Stored in all parts of the U. S., Canada, &c. Address: SECRETARY REBEVE'S ANEMOSIA CO., New York.

J. G. BELL & BRO., COTTON FACTORS, Selma, Ala.

Special attention given to the Sale & Shipment of Cotton. Consignments respectfully solicited. Aug 5th, 1867.

BLANK LAND DEEDS and DEEDS OF TRUST, neatly and correctly printed, for sale by the Quire or single copy, at this office. Also every description of Blanks for Justices of the Peace.

MESSRS. BLACK, SHERLOCK & CO., Wholesale Grocers, Commission Merchants, and Shippers, Provisions, Western & Southern Produce.

Having the most extensive connections in European and South American ports, are now prepared to make the Most Liberal Advances AND Immediate Returns ON ALL Kinds of Produce, and Merchants, Planters, Farmers generally throughout the country, will find it greatly to their advantage to ship their goods to Messrs. Black, Sherlock & Co., 50 YESEY ST., NEW YORK.

Having immense orders unfilled, from our correspondents in Liverpool, Havana, St. Thomas, St. Domingo and several South American ports, we are in immediate want of the above mentioned articles of produce. We can also handle to advantage for our Southern friends: COTTON, TOBACCO, RICE, MOLASSES, &c.

MESSRS. BLACK, SHERLOCK & CO., ALSO ISSUE A PRICE CURRENT, Which they will be happy to furnish Free of Charge to their Friends and Customers. S. & T. J. MORGAN, GROCERY, Commission Merchants, Oxford, Ala.

Keep constantly on hand a fine assortment of choice Groceries, for sale on the most reasonable terms. They are also prepared to pay the Tax on Cotton and attend to its shipment to the best houses in Selma, Mobile or New Orleans. Oxford, Oct. 5, 1867. All persons indebted to the old firm of C. G. Morgan & Co., and to S. & T. J. Morgan, are earnestly requested to come forward and make payment.

IMPORTANT To Debtors. ALL persons indebted to JAMES COPELAND, late Merchant doing business at Jacksonville, Alabama, are earnestly requested to come forward and settle, and save cost and trouble of suit.

JAMES CROOK, Attorney for Collection. Feb. 1, 1868.

THE GREAT CAUSE OF HUMAN MISERY.

A LECTURE on the Nature of Treatment, and Radical Cure of Seminal weakness, or Spermatorrhea, induced by self-abuse; Involuntary Emissions, impotency, Nervous Debility, and Impediments to Marriage generally; Consumption, Phthisis, and Fits, Mental & Physical Incapacity, &c.—By ROBERT J. CULVERWELL, M. D., Author of the "Green Book," &c.

The world-renowned author, in this admirable Lecture, clearly proves from his own experience that the awful consequences of self-abuse may be effectually removed without medicine, and without dangerous surgical operations, bougies, instruments, cure, or cordials, pointing out a mode of cure at once certain and effectual, by which every sufferer, no matter what his condition may be, may cure himself cheaply, privately, and radically. This Lecture will prove a boon to thousands and thousands.

Sent under seal, in a plain envelope, to any address, post-paid, on receipt of six cents, or two post stamps. Also Dr. Culverwell's "Marriage Guide," price 25 cents. Address the publishers.

CHAS. J. C. KLINE & CO., 127 Bowery, N. Y. P. O. Box 4,586.

DR. M. W. FRANCIS, His resumed the duties of his profession in all its branches. Office, N. W. corner of Public Square, JACKSONVILLE, ALA.

MUSIC LESSONS ON THE PIANO, given by Mrs. M. E. O'FRANCO, commencing at any time during the session, and by charge for the time. Country Produce at the market price in payment. Jacksonville, Jan. 29, '68.

NEW FIRM, New Goods, AND REFINEMENT.

D. P. GUNNELS & E. G. ROBERTSON, Having associated themselves in the Dry Goods Business in the south near their New Brick Building, call the attention of the public to their large and carefully selected stock of Goods, comprising every thing usually kept in a village house. When visiting our Town, give us a call. D. P. GUNNELS & CO., Oxford, Ala. Nov. 9, 1867.

A SAFE CERTAIN AND Speedy Cure FOR NEURALGIA, AND ALL NERVOUS DISEASES. Its Effects are Magnificent.

It is an EXCELLENT REMEDY in all cases of Neuralgia Facialis, often effecting a perfect cure in less than twenty-four hours, from the use of no more than two or three pills. No other form of Neuralgia or Nervous Disease has failed to yield to this wonderful REMEDY.

It is the severest cases of Chronic Neuralgia and general nervous derangement, of many years standing, obliterating the entire system, its use for a few days, or a few weeks at the utmost, always the most astonishing relief, and very rarely fails to produce a complete and permanent cure.

It contains no drugs or other materials in the slightest degree injurious, even to the most delicate system, and can ALWAYS be used with perfect safety.

It has long been in constant use by many of our most eminent physicians, who give it their unqualified and unqualified approval. Sent by mail on receipt of price, and postage. One package, \$1.00, Postage 6 cents. Six packages, 5.00, " 27 " Twelve packages, 9.00, " 48 "

It is sold by all wholesale and retail dealers in Drugs and Medicines throughout the United States, and by TURNER & CO., Sole Proprietors, 120 Tremont Street, Boston, Mass. Oct. 12, 1867.

WALTER WILLEAMS, GORFOP PROPRIETOR, Commission Merchant, Selma, Ala.

THANKFUL for the patronage heretofore extended him, again tenders his services to the public in the sale of Cotton, Flour, &c. Will advance Bargain & Range to his patrons. A liberal Shipment of Potatoes respectfully solicited. Aug 5th, 1867.

J. G. BELL & BRO., COTTON FACTORS, Selma, Ala.

Special attention given to the Sale & Shipment of Cotton. Consignments respectfully solicited. Aug 5th, 1867.

M. J. TURNLEY, GEORGE ISRELL TURNLEY, ATTORNEYS AT LAW, AND Solicitors in Bankruptcy.

HAVE all necessary Blanks, and are ready to file applications for all who desire relief under the Bankrupt Act of 1867.

They will attend the Bankrupt Courts held by the Register, at Gadsden, Lebanon and Cente—and may be consulted at their office in Jacksonville, where one of them may always be found. Nov. 9, 1867.

IN BANKRUPTCY.

MESSRS. BLACK, SHERLOCK & CO., Wholesale Grocers, Commission Merchants, and Shippers, Provisions, Western & Southern Produce.

Having the most extensive connections in European and South American ports, are now prepared to make the Most Liberal Advances AND Immediate Returns ON ALL Kinds of Produce, and Merchants, Planters, Farmers generally throughout the country, will find it greatly to their advantage to ship their goods to Messrs. Black, Sherlock & Co., 50 YESEY ST., NEW YORK.

Having immense orders unfilled, from our correspondents in Liverpool, Havana, St. Thomas, St. Domingo and several South American ports, we are in immediate want of the above mentioned articles of produce. We can also handle to advantage for our Southern friends: COTTON, TOBACCO, RICE, MOLASSES, &c.

MESSRS. BLACK, SHERLOCK & CO., ALSO ISSUE A PRICE CURRENT, Which they will be happy to furnish Free of Charge to their Friends and Customers. S. & T. J. MORGAN, GROCERY, Commission Merchants, Oxford, Ala.

Keep constantly on hand a fine assortment of choice Groceries, for sale on the most reasonable terms. They are also prepared to pay the Tax on Cotton and attend to its shipment to the best houses in Selma, Mobile or New Orleans. Oxford, Oct. 5, 1867. All persons indebted to the old firm of C. G. Morgan & Co., and to S. & T. J. Morgan, are earnestly requested to come forward and make payment.

Jacksonville Republican.

PRINTED AND PUBLISHED, EVERY SATURDAY MORNING, BY J. F. GRANT.

LAW CARDS.

ELLIS & CALDWELL,
Solicitors in Chancery.

M. L. STEVENSON,
Attorney at Law.

M. J. & G. I. TURNLEY,
Attorneys at Law.

JOE H. FRANCIS,
Attorney at Law.

TURNLEY & SON,
Attorneys at Law.

WILLIAM B. MARTIN,
Attorney at Law.

TURNLEY & SON,
Attorneys at Law.

EVERY MAN'S WIFE

AND ALL FEMALES OLD OR YOUNG, married or single, who are troubled with any of the following complaints should at once send for a bottle of English Female Bitters, and be cured.

- Sick Headache, Pain in back and side, Smothering sensation, Pains in head & loins, Cold feet and hands, Falling of the Womb, Painful Menstruation, Difficult Menstruation, Chlorosis or Green Sick-Leucorrhoea or Whites, Irregular Menstruation, Loss of appetite, Nervous Trembling, Extreme restlessness, Elevation of Womb, Melancholy, Ovarian Diseases, Kidney Diseases, Weakness, Swimming of the head, Loss of early Beauty.

DRONGOOLE & CO'S English Female Bitters.

Are prepared specially for the above diseases and complaints, and we in all confidence give it a hearty recommendation. It arms the womb with strength, power and vigorous action. It arouses the whole female system to renewed action, and as a sure Female Regulator it has no equal. Only one bottle is required to test its intrinsic value.

SWORD! TORCH! COMPASS!

Those who are willing to kill you with the sword, burn all you have with the torch and divide your lands with the compass, are you willing that they shall prescribe and prepare all of your Pills, Bitters, Tonics, Blood Purifiers, Cough Syrup, Child Medicines, your Female Medicines, at a time when BETTER Medicines are prepared in the South and offered by your own "kith and kin?"

DRONGOOLE & CO'S KING OF CHILLS

Is decidedly the most powerfully effective Chills and Fever Medicine ever offered in the South. It will cure cases of six months standing without ever affecting the head. It makes rapid and permanent cures, because it uproots the foundations of the disease and leaves the system in the vigor of health and buoyancy. Cures all forms of

CHILLS AND FEVER, Dumb Chills, Congestive Chills, Billiour Fever, Intermittent Fever, Neuralgia, Headache, Stomachic etc.

It cleanses the stomach, relieves constipation and carries off all vitiated bile. It never fails. Our

KING OF CHILLS

Is no secret compound, patent medicine or new discovery, but is an honest and faithful combination of pure Medicines prepared by a class of experienced Southern Physicians. All persons who are exposed to the miasm of swamps, rivers, lakes, bays, etc., should never fail to keep always on hand a supply of this never-failing remedy.

THAT BREADFUL COUGH

Can be cured at last by using one bottle of

DRONGOOLE & CO'S AMYGDALINE PECTORAL.

The most exquisitely beautiful and effective medicinal compound for all lung diseases ever offered to the Southern people. It makes you cough so easy, causes such free expectoration, relieves the pain so soon, produces so much ease and comfort and procures such happy slumber from distress or mental halting, that all who once try it speak in the highest praise. It is recommended for all forms of

COUGHS AND COLDS,

Croup, Whooping cough, Bronchitis, Hoarseness, Sore Throat, Dry hacking cough, Paroxysmal Pleurisy, Pain in the side, Tightness and fullness of the chest, Spitting of blood and all these troublesome pulmonary afflictions.

FOR CHILDREN AND INFANTS

It is a superb preparation and mothers who use it are perfectly delighted with its wonderful effects. Large bottles, \$1.00.

THE KIDNEY AND BLADDER

When disordered any way require the use of a certain and efficient diuretic, and if there is a better combination to arouse the kidneys than "Drongoole & Co's Fluid Extract of Bearberry, Cubeb and Buchu," it has never been found. Dropsy, Gravel, Gout, difficulty and pain in urinating, Urinary Deposits, Pain in back, extreme nervousness, excesses, indigestion, Gleet, etc., in male or female, can all be relieved by using our preparation of Bearberry, Cubeb and Buchu.

For the Blood, constitutional Diseases, Syphilitic Affections, effects of Mercury, skin Diseases, Scarcity, &c., use CONSTITUTIONAL MONARCH.

For Diarrhoea, whether of recent or long standing, Vomiting, Cramps, Cholera Morsus, Pains in Bowels, Griping Pains, etc. use RED DIARRHOEA REMEDY.

For Bloody Flux, Mucous Diarrhoea, Dysentery, etc., use DYSENTERY COMPOUND.

For Headache, Biliousness, Torpid Liver, Constipation, Foul Stomach, and all cases requiring select pills, use VEGETABLE ANTIBILIOUS PILLS.

For Piles, internal or external, recent or long standing, if you desire ease in two applications, use DRONGOOLE & CO'S PILE SALVE.

For Burns, Scalds, Cuts, Bruises, Sprains, Tumors, etc., use LONE STAR LINIMENT.

For the Hair—to restore the natural color, prevent its falling off, cleansing and arousing the scalp, use TONIC HAIR RESTORATIVE.

Sold by Druggists everywhere. Orders solicited.

J. P. DRONGOOLE & CO.,
Proprietors, Memphis, Tenn.

Orders for any of the Great Southern Preparations can be addressed to any of the following wholesale agents:
EDWIN MORRIS & Co., Louisville, Ky.
I. C. DUFFESS & Co., Mobile, Ala.
BARNES, WARD & Co., New Orleans, La.
COLLINS Bro's, St. Louis, Mo.
Also for sale in JACKSONVILLE at the Drug Store. Jan. 1868.

News Agency.

OMBERG & CO., having established a branch of their business in Jacksonville at the Millinery Store, Mrs. M. E. Rowland, are prepared to furnish at the cheapest rates, a great variety of the Latest and most popular Magazines, Periodicals and Newspaper Books, & an assortment of Stationery.

Call and examine our stock, and make purchases to suit your fancy. Feb. 15.

To the Inflicted.

DR. GEORGE W. LEACH proposes a new system of cure in place of the vast internal doses which enfeeble the stomach, poison the blood and endanger the life. He can be consulted at any time in Jacksonville, personally or by letter, giving name of the person, whether over or under 35 years of age, and the disease. He cures cancers, wens, ulcers, scrofula, piles, diseases of the lungs, spine, kidneys, and some others; charging but a very small amount in advance, afterwards if no cure no pay. He has a number of testimonials of cures—has recently treated 11 cases of cancer, seven of which are entirely well and the others getting well.

G. W. LEACH, *Orth Doctor.*

OXFORD INSTITUTE,

ENGLISH AND CLASSICAL MALE AND FEMALE. OXFORD, ETC.

The Spring Session of 1868 will commence on the first Monday in February.

Board of Instructors.

Wm. J. BORDEN, Principal, and Professor of Mathematics, and Moral and Mental Science.

JOHN L. DODSON, Professor of Ancient Languages and Literature.

MISS BETTIE C. PENDLETON, Principal Instructress in Female Department.

F. H. HODGES, Professor of Vocal and Instrumental Music.

The Institution is located at the village of Oxford, Calhoun County, Ala., immediately on the Selma and Dalton R. R.

The plan of instruction is thorough and practical, requiring of each pupil a clear understanding of the fundamental principles of each study before advancing to higher classes. The regulations formed for the moral and intellectual improvement of the pupils, are mild though positive, and will be rigidly enforced. Every effort will be made to instill into the minds of the students the virtues that adorn and ennoble the human heart; and it is desired that no one will apply for admission into this Institution, who is unwilling to comply cheerfully with its rules and regulations.

The buildings and grounds are so arranged that males and females will not necessarily be together, only during the hours of recitation. Such additional Teachers will be employed as the necessities of the Institution may demand.

EXPENSES PER SESSION OF 20 WEEKS.

Tuition, \$20 00
Music-Vocal, 2 00
" on Piano (with use of Instrument), 2 00
Incidental, 2 00

Instruction in vocal music will be given daily to the entire school by Prof. Hodges.

Candidates for the Christian Ministry of all denominations will be admitted free of charge for tuition.

Payments will be received at any time and charged from the date of admission to the close of the term.

Good board can be obtained in private families at from \$10 to \$12 50 per month. For further particulars address the Principal, or

Prof. JOHN L. DODSON,
Oxford, Ala. Dec. 18th, 1867.

Mumford Male and Female ACADEMY.

MUNFORD, Talladega Co. Ala.

THE second session of five months, of this Academy will commence on the 24th of February, 1868, at the following reduced rates of tuition:

1st Class, \$12 50
2nd " 16 25
3rd " 20 00

Languages, Latin, Greek & French, 5 00
Music, 25 00
Use of Instrument, 5 00

We will associate with us in the Literary department
Mr. A. S. STOCKDALE,
Miss CARRIE WETHERLY,
In the Department of Music,
Miss LAURA CAMP.

A large and commodious boarding house under the charge of Rev. Jos. Camp, will be open for the reception of boarders at the beginning of the session.

Boarding per month, \$12 00
Washing, Lights, &c., 3 00
A. McDONALD, A. M.
Principal.

PORTRAIT PAINTING.

Mrs. A. T. FARGUAR
WILL be glad to receive orders in any style of portraits, from small cabinet up to life size, embracing, Vignette, Bust, & Full Length. She will colour in water, chalk and oil, according to the taste of her patrons.

Photographs coloured in any of the above styles, at prices adapted to the present crisis. Mrs. F. for the last few years has been associated with Mr. James Whitehorn, a regular member of the New York Academy of Design, as an Associate Artist, and she refers to him for her ability to perform what she professes, and who will give sittings to any of her pictures if required. His studio is 508, Room 8, Broadway, N. Y.

Lessons will be given in Drawing and Painting.

N. B. When sittings cannot be had, Pictures will be faithfully executed from Daguerreotypes, Ambrotypes and Photographs.

The Tyrannical Father.

"Jennie," said Mr. Stacey one evening to his daughter, "Edward Wright called at my store to-day. I suppose you know what for?"

"How should I know what for, papa?" returned Jennie, with a look of unconsciousness that was belied by the vivid crimson that rose from the cheeks to the temples. "I suppose it was to see about an order for some goods, or something."

"Not exactly," replied her father, smiling. "He came to see me about you—in short, to ask my permission to address you."

Jennie reddened again; but the sudden flash that gleamed out from beneath the brown lashes spoke more of scorn than satisfaction.

"Of course, I gave my consent," continued Mr. Stacey, after waiting vainly for his daughter to reply.

"If you hadn't I suppose that would have been the last of it, so far as he was concerned," retorted Jennie, with a sarcastic touch that was quite lost upon her matter-of-fact father.

"Well, my dear, I don't know as there is any need of raising that question. I could have no reasonable objection to a well-principled, intelligent young man like Mr. Wright; and who is, withal, doing an excellent business. So it now remains for you to say whether or no you will be Mrs. Edward Wright."

Jennie pursed up her rosy lips with an air of great dignity.

"I haven't been asked yet."

"No, I suppose not. But I shouldn't wonder if he was here to-night for that express purpose."

Then, as a glimmer of truth entered his mind, Mr. Stacey added:

"I trust that you are not so foolish, my daughter, as to take offence because he spoke to me about it first. In so doing he acted honorably, and as every man should, and it ought to raise rather than lower him in your esteem. Indeed, I fancied from what he said that he was quite sure of the nature of your feelings for him, else he had not spoken to me."

Jennie's indignation now reached its climax. She elevated her naturally rather aspiring nose until it stood at right angles.

"Quite sure, was he? I don't know why he should be, then. I never gave him any reason to feel so confident."

Mr. Stacey looked rather gravely at his daughter.

"I don't know what you've said to him, but I know that he's been here a good deal, and you've always seemed glad to see him. I hope you haven't been trifling with the young man, Jennie. As I understand that you don't intend to marry him?"

Jennie's round and rosy face assumed as lofty an expression as features could be expected to wear not formed exactly from the heroic mould.

"Mr. Wright is an excellent young man, papa. I've nothing to say against him. But I would sooner perish than unite my fate with one whose feelings are so antagonistic to the holiest sympathies of my nature."

The concluding sentence was a quotation from her favorite novel, "Astrea; or the Stony-hearted Father," and was pronounced with no little vehemence of look and tone.

Mr. Stacey stared at his daughter for a moment without speaking.

"I really do not see, my dear," he said drearily, "any necessity for so much display of energy. If you do not like Mr. Wright well enough to marry him, all that you have got to do is to tell him so."

Here was a "come down" to Jennie's soaring imagination. Her father absolutely refused to play the role of the Stony-hearted Father, ruthlessly destroying the secret hope that had risen in her heart that some romantic incident, for which she had so often longed, was about to break the sameness of her dull and prosy life.

And to increase her dissatisfaction, Edward Wright, whom she really liked, and whom she had invested with many of the virtues and graces that adorned her favorite heroes, instead of throwing himself at her feet and declaring that no power on earth should take her from him, had actually condescended to the common sense and conventional method of asking her father's permission before speaking to her! Nothing more was necessary to convince her that he was not to use her own language, "the chosen arbiter of her destiny."

After tea, Jennie slipped out of the back way and ran over to a neighbor's for the two-fold purpose of avoiding what she was pleased to term the "persecutions" of the aforesaid Mr. Edward Wright and to pour her troubles—or rather her want of any—into the sympathizing bosom of her dear friend, Arabella Eugenia Angelina Stubbs.

Jennie being firmly convinced that "the course of true love never did run smooth," and as, in the event of her becoming Mrs. Edward Wright, there would be nothing left for her to do but

to order her wedding finery and go through with the requisite ceremony, she either avoided the poor fellow altogether, or treated him with such an air of lofty indifference as to put him to his wits' end to discover the cause of this singular change in her conduct.

"Jennie," said Mr. Stacey, a few weeks after, "who was that young man that you were talking with at the gate this morning?"

"Edward Wright, papa," replied Jennie, not a little astonished at this abrupt inquiry, as well as the scowl that accompanied it.

"Well, don't never let me see you with him again!"

Jennie opened her eyes still wider.

"Why not? I thought Edward was a great favorite of yours?"

"So he was until I found him out. I did think a great deal of the young man; but after what happened, he shall never darken my door again!"

"Dear me! what in the world has he done?"

"Done? what ought to send him to the penitentiary—what would send him there if I had the law in my hands!"

The sudden pallor that swept over Jennie's face would have betrayed to the most indifferent eye the true state of her affections.

"Do you mean that he has been stealing?"

"Stealing? He has done worse than that!"

"Good heavens! faltered poor Jennie, 'has he been killing anybody?"

"Worse than that. A man that will sell his country is worse than a murderer; and any one that will vote for that lying, double-faced traitor Higgins is a worse scoundrel than he!"

"Is that all?" said Jennie, drawing a long sigh of relief. "I thought it was something dreadful!"

"All?" echoed her father. "I should say it was enough—quite enough to sink him in the estimation of every honest man. Once more, I say don't let me see you with him again!"

Here Mr. Stacey stamped out of the room banging the door after him.

"Good gracious!" exclaimed Jennie, as she picked up the contents of the work-basket, that her father had knocked over in his furious exit, "I should like to know what's got into pa all at once. To think of his forbidding me to speak to Edward just for that!"

And with flushed cheeks and a flutter of delight at her heart at the thought of having "something to tell," and that something so "strange and mysterious," she sought the presence of her usual confidant, the fair Arabella Eugenia Angelina Stubbs, to whom it was duly unfolded, with sundry embellishments, the fruit of her fertile imagination, and who quite agreed with her in thinking it to be the "strangest thing that ever came to her knowledge."

"Jennie," said Mr. Stacey, the next day after dinner, as taking his hat, he turned to leave the house, "young Wright had the impudence to speak to me again about you; and as he intimates that he did so by your permission, you may as well know, once for all, that it can never be! I would sooner see you in your grave than the wife of such a man! Deacon Obediah Pettigrew is a man that would do you and the family some credit."

"Deacon Pettigrew? why, pa, he's more than twice my age!"

"That's the very reason why I've selected him; you need some one to keep you steady. He will be here to see you to-morrow evening, and I shall expect you to receive him with the respect and consideration due to your future husband."

Before his daughter had time to recover from the astonishment into which this announcement threw her, Mr. Stacey was some way down the street.

"Well, I know two things," exclaimed Jennie, putting down her foot with a determined air: "I won't have that stupid Deacon Pettigrew, and I will have—Edward Wright!"

As she said this, she took from her bosom a letter from the last-named individual, full of protestations of undying love, and imploring her to meet him in the little grove just back of the house at half-past 6 that evening, re-reading it for the fortieth time with flushed cheeks and kindling eyes.

That evening, as Jennie went to the appointed place, which she did not fail to do, she found Edward waiting for her.

Instead of wearing his usual cheerful look and pleasant smile, he stood leaning against a tree with arms folded across his chest, and a gloomy cloud upon his brow looking, as Jennie confidentially informed the sympathizing Arabella Eugenia Angelina Stubbs, "for all the world like the picture of Rupert Di Rinaldo, in the 'Brigand of the Black Forest.'"

Edward found little difficulty in persuading her to leave home and unite her fate with his. Accordingly, the next

night, as soon as the house was still, Jennie, enveloped in a dark mantle, and her face concealed by a thick, closely-drawn veil, stole out through the "back way" to the place where her lover was waiting.

He had a covered carriage, and though the night was dark, she could see the dim outline of a man upon the box.

They rode two hours, mostly in silence; for, now the irrevocable step was taken, Jennie's courage began to fail her, and she grew depressed in spirits—she hardly knew why. It seemed to her that they never would reach their destination, which Edward had informed her was the house of a clergyman in an adjoining town. But at last to her great relief, the carriage stopped.

"To avoid observation, we are going in through the back way," whispered Edward, as he assisted her to alight.—

"Draw your veil closely around your face."

The night was so dark that she could not see the least thing, and she clung nervously to the hand that led her along a short path, over a plat of grass, up some steps, into a dark narrow passage, which led into a hall, and from thence into a room that opened out of it, lighted by one small, low lamp. Beside the table on which it was placed, the clergyman stood—a venerable-looking man—and at the lower end of the apartment seemed to be a number of persons, though the light was so dim that only the outlines of their forms were visible.

Edward spoke a few whispered words to the clergyman, and then the ceremony commenced.

As soon as the last words were spoken, as if by a preconcerted movement, the two burners at each end of the room were lighted, filling it with a sudden blaze of light, while a merry peal of laughter made it ring again and again.

As soon as Jennie's dazzled eyes would permit her to see, she found to her astonishment, that she was back in the house that she supposed she had quitted forever, and surrounded by her father and quite a large group of friends and relatives.

"My daughter," said Mr. Stacey, advancing toward her, "I trust that I have played the role of the 'Tyrannical Father' to your entire satisfaction, and that you will now permit me to offer you my congratulations upon a marriage that has long been the first wish of my heart."

"I hope you enjoyed your ride," said her rough

Terms of Subscription. For one year, in advance, \$3 00 For six months, " " 1 75

Terms of Advertising. One square of ten lines or less, first insertion, 1 50 Each subsequent insertion, 1 00

Impeachment—Admission of Alabama. It will be seen by reference to the telegraphic news, that impeachment proceedings have been postponed until the 23rd inst.

The bill for the admission of Alabama, notwithstanding the defeat of the Constitution, has, at the instance of Mr. Stevens, been recommitted to the committee, and will probably be staved off for some time to come.

Upon further motion, Chan. Foster, Gen. W. H. Forney, Hon. G. C. Ellis, Capt. James Crook and Judge T. A. Walker, were requested to act as a committee to give their opinion as to the powers of the incorporation to levy a tax to further the object of the meeting.

The Editor of the Republican was requested to publish the proceedings, and on motion the meeting adjourned to meet next Monday, March 23d.

L. W. CANNON, Sec'y.

Speculations in Cotton.—There never has been, and perhaps there never will be again, such an opportunity to make sudden fortunes as has lately been presented by cotton.

Special attention is invited to the advertisement of Baskerville, Sherman & Co., Wholesale Grocers and Commission Merchants of New York.

News Agency.—Our thanks are due to Mrs. M. E. Rowland, for late copies of the National Police Gazette, Leslies' Illustrated Chimney Corner, the New York World, and other papers.

Persons who live in the country, too remote from a post office to get papers regularly, would do well to call at this Agency when in town and send by their friends, for late copies of the following interesting and valuable papers and Magazines:

National Police Gazette, Illustrated Police News, Southern Home Journal, Saturday Night, Home Weekly, New York Herald, Harper's Illustrated Bazar with Fashion Plates and instructions, Wilks' Spirit of the Times, Waverly Magazine, Boston, Harper's Journal of Civilization, Journal of Commerce, N. Y., Atlanta Daily Intelligencer, Republican Banner, Nash, New York World, Louisville Journal, N. Y. Tribune, La Crosse Democrat, N. Y. Metropolitan Record, Comic Monthly, Budget of Fun, Pen & Pencil, Baltimore Southern Society, Gleason's Literary Companion.

MAGAZINES. Godey's Lady's Book, Arthur's Home Magazine, Scott's Magazine, Sewell's Living Age, Every Saturday, New Monthly Eclectic, Mother's Magazine.

A variety of Pens, Envelopes and Fancy Stationery, may also be procured at this Agency.

By reference to our new advertising terms, it will be seen that we have made a deduction of 25 per cent. on the first insertion of each and every square.

Internal Improvement Meeting.

At a meeting of the citizens of the Town of Jacksonville, held on Monday March 16, for the purpose of considering the propriety of opening and grading a first-class Turnpike road across the mountain into Choceolocco Valley.

Hon. Thos. A. Walker offered the following:

Resolved, That it is the opinion of this meeting, there should be a good Turnpike road constructed across the Blue mountain leading to Rabbit Town and White Plains. And for the purpose of accomplishing the said object, this meeting will appoint a committee, consisting of Capt. D. P. Forney, Fielding Snow, Daniel Hoke and Dr. J. C. Francis, who are respectfully requested to make an examination of the most practicable route to cross the mountain in the direction of Rabbit Town and White Plains, and to report to an adjourned meeting to be held in the Court House on next Monday, giving the said committee full power to employ an engineer to make the necessary survey and estimate of cost.

Upon motion the following gentlemen were appointed a committee to solicit subscription. John M. Wyle, J. D. Rowland, J. D. Hammond, J. J. G. Whitesides and C. B. Scisson.

Requested to publish the proceedings, and on motion the meeting adjourned to meet next Monday, March 23d.

L. W. CANNON, Sec'y.

Speculations in Cotton.—There never has been, and perhaps there never will be again, such an opportunity to make sudden fortunes as has lately been presented by cotton.

Within the past two weeks there has been an opportunity of making \$25 upon every bale. Men may live a long lifetime, and never meet with such an opportunity.

A few men in Macon have made handsome sums of money—say from \$10,000 to \$75,000. But there is one house in New York which has \$700,000 within the last three months.

The Aeromotor—A Wonderful Flying Machine. W. S. Hutchings, of St. Louis, the inventor, has laid his plans before the best aeronauts in America, and all pronounce it the only success ever made in aerial navigation.

In constructing this machine, the laws of gravitation have been well studied. The large machine now in course of construction measures 28 feet in height with an expansion of 22 feet, full weight of the entire machine 285 pounds, when ready for aerial navigation, capable of carrying with ease in the air 150 pounds.

Attached to the fact, head and cylinder, are doubled, inflated wings, some four feet in length; and by means of cords and India rubber valves attached to the fly-wheels of the engine, are two

large inflated wings on the compressed air principle, eighteen feet in length, and which turn with lightning speed in a circular revolution, bearing up the entire engine. Immediately above the engine is attached, by means of cords, a large double inflated parachute, measuring 66 feet in circumference, with a tube connecting from the center with the calorific engine.

The Drift.

Affairs seem to be drifting to the deposition of President Johnson and the virtual military Dictatorship of Gen. Grant. This looks like the Washington Radical programme, how far it will be sailed by "something to turn up" in favor of the President or a howl from the people, remains to be seen.

KNOXVILLE, TENN., March 6.—In a whisky row on Monday near the scene of the late distillers' riot, in Claiborne county, three men were killed and one mortally wounded.

Somebody says "no wonder labor is scarce at the South when these conventions are paying eight dollars a day for field hands

Gen. Butler may not have much to do now, but when he was in New Orleans he had his hands full.—Louisville Journal.

Heavenly Recognition.

- 1. How I long again to see them, Who were dear to me in life, Who have joined the heavenly legions, Far from pain, and toil, and strife.

- 11. Angels too, will join the chorus, And their notes of love employ, Who escaped from earth before us, To that world of endless joy.

J. C. Francis, Jr.

ALABAMA.

Baskerville, Sherman & Co.

Wholesale Grocers, AND Commission Merchants, 260 Canal Street, New York.

No charge made for purchases outside our line for our customers; reclamations allowed on any goods not satisfactory on arrival.

J. M. ELLIOTT, W. S. COTHMAN, E. R. SMITH

J. M. Elliott & Co., WHOLESALE & COMMISSION MERCHANTS

Rome, Ga.

Also Agents for the Steamboat Line on the Coosa River. J. M. ELLIOTT & Co. March 21, '68.

Notice.

JURY certificates & con. claims from No. 359 to 419, for 1865 & from No. 1 to 28, for the year 1866 will be paid upon presentation to the undersigned.

March 21st, 1868. L. W. CANNON, C. T.

STATE OF ALABAMA, Calhoun County.

Court of Probate for said County, March the 18th, A. D. 1868.

THIS day came N. B. Dearman, Administrator of the Estate of J. A. Trunpseed deceased, and presents and tenders his resignation as administrator of the same, accompanied with an account current between himself and said estate for a final settlement of his administration of said Estate; thereupon—

It is Ordered by the Court, that the 20th day of April, 1868, be set for making said settlement; and notice thereof be given by publication in the Jacksonville Republican, a Newspaper published in said county, for three successive weeks, prior to said day, as a notice to all persons concerned, to be and appear at a special Term of said Court, to be held at the Court House of said county, on said 20th day of April, 1868, and contest said account if they think proper.

A. WOODS, Judge of Probate.

This 21st March, 1868.—31.

THE STATE OF ALABAMA, Calhoun County.

Court of Probate for said County, August 15th, A. D. 1867.

THIS day came J. P. Watkins and G. B. Douthett, Administrators of the Estate of James W. Watkins, deceased, and presents and filed their account and vouchers for a partial settlement of said Estate; and thereupon, it is ordered by the Court, that the 20th day of April, 1868 be set for making said settlement, and notice thereof be given by publication in the Jacksonville Republican, a Newspaper printed and published in said county, for three successive weeks, prior to said day, as a notice to all persons concerned, to be and appear at a special Term of said Court, to be held at the Court House of said county, on said 20th day of April, 1868, and contest said account if they think proper.

A. WOODS, Judge of Probate.

March 21st, 1868.—31.

THE STATE OF ALABAMA, Calhoun County.

Court of Probate for Calhoun County, Ala. Feb. 27th, A. D. 1868.

At this term of the court letters of Administration were granted to W. F. Hannah, upon the Estate of J. Williams Hannah, late of said county, deceased; all persons having claims against said estate are hereby notified to present them to said W. F. Hannah, duly authenticated within the time prescribed by law, or they will be barred by the statute. This 21st March, 1868

A. WOODS, Judge of Probate.

Coosa River Steamboat Mail Line.

FREIGHTS REDUCED! Via Charleston, S. C., & Rome, Ga. For Spring of 1868.

PER STEAMERS

Etowah and Undine.

Great Through Freight Line.

NEW YORK & BALTIMORE; TO GREENSPORT, ALA.

THROUGH RATES TO GREENSPORT. From New York. From Baltimore.

Table with 2 columns: Class and Rate. 1st Class, \$2 50 to \$2 10; 2d Class, 2 18 to 1 88; 3d Class, 1 90 to 1 65; 4th Class, 1 64 to 1 49; 5th Class, 1 34 to 1 24.

Directions to Shippers of Goods. Mark via Charleston, care of J. M. ELLIOTT & CO., Agents, Rome, Ga.

All Through Freighters can be paid to JOHN C. ALLEN & CO. on delivery of Goods at Greensport.

Tuesday and Saturday, at 7 A. M.; leave Greensport every Wednesday at 7 A. M.; leave Rome every Thursday and Monday.

J. M. ELLIOTT, General Supt. Steamboat Line. C. M. PENNINGTON, Eng. & Sup. R. R. R.

J. B. PECK, M. T. W. & A. R. R. H. T. PEAKE, Supt. S. C. R. R. Rome, Ga., March 10th, 1868.—1m.

PHOTOGRAPHS, AMBROTYPES, &c.

M. GOODE, Artist. (Formerly of Ashville, Ala.)

Rooms first door north of E. L. Woodward's Store. June 16, 1866

LEGAL ADVERTISEMENTS.

Notice to Creditors Of Estate of Jane B. Alexander, dec.

NOTICE is hereby given, that Letters of Administration upon the Estate of Jane B. Alexander, deceased, were granted to the undersigned, by the Probate Court of Calhoun county, Ala., on the 1st day of February, 1868, all persons are therefore notified to present any claim they may have against said estate to me, duly authenticated, within the time prescribed by law, or they will be barred. JOHN J. WILSON, Adm'r. Feb. 29.—61. of said Estate.

THE STATE OF ALABAMA, Calhoun County.

Court of Probate for said county, Special Term, March 3d, A. D. 1868.

THIS day came James R. Hollingsworth, Administrator of the Estate of John Hollingsworth, dec'd, and presented and filed in court his account and vouchers for a final settlement of said estate—and thereupon, it is ordered by the court, that the 30th day of March 1868, be set for making said settlement, and notice thereof be given by publication in the Jacksonville Republican, a Newspaper published in said county, for three successive weeks prior to said day, as a notice to all persons concerned, to be and appear at a special Term of said Court to be held at the Court House of said county on said 30th day of March, 1868, and contest said account if they think proper.

A. WOODS, Judge of Probate.

March 7th, 1868.

Notice to Creditors of the Estate of Jason Campbell, dec'd.

LETTERS of Administration were granted to the undersigned on the 28th day of February, 1868, by the Hon. A. Woods, Judge of the Probate Court of Calhoun county, Ala., upon the Estate of said Jason Campbell, dec.; therefore all persons having claims against said estate will present them to me, duly authenticated as required by law within eighteen months from the date of this notice or they will after the lapse of said time be barred. WASHINGTON DICKIE, Adm. March 7th, 1868.

NOTICE IN BANKRUPTCY.

THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE, That on the 5th day of February, A. D. 1868, a Warrant in Bankruptcy was issued against the Estate of JOSEPH B. FORNEY, of Jacksonville, in the County of CALHOUN, and State of ALABAMA, who has been adjudged a Bankrupt on his own Petition: That the payment of any debts, and delivery of any property belonging to such Bankrupt, to him, or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him, are forbidden by law: That a meeting of the Creditors of the said Bankrupt to prove their debts, and to choose one or more Assignees of his Estate, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy, to be held at Jacksonville, Calhoun county, Ala., before JOSEPH W. BURKE, Register, on the 24th day of February, A. D. 1868, at 11 o'clock A. M.

E. E. DOUGLASS, U. S. Marshal as Messenger, Northern Dist. of Ala.

By order of the court herein the meeting of creditors has been adjourned to the 28th day of April, 1868, at 2 o'clock P. M.

E. E. DOUGLASS, U. S. Marshal as Messenger, Northern Dist. of Ala.

Mar. 14, '68.—11.

NOTICE IN BANKRUPTCY.

THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE, That on the 5th day of February, A. D. 1868, a Warrant in Bankruptcy was issued against the Estate of RYAN & ROWLAND, Partners and individuals of Jacksonville, in the County of Calhoun and State of Alabama, who have been adjudged Bankrupts on their own Petition: That the payment of any debts, and delivery of any property belonging to such Bankrupts to them, or for their use, and the transfer of any property by them, are forbidden by law: That a meeting of the Creditors of the said Bankrupts to prove their debts, and to choose one or more Assignees of their Estates will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy, to be held at Jacksonville, Ala., before Joseph W. Burke, Register, on the 24th day of February, A. D. 1868, at 10 o'clock A. M.

E. E. DOUGLASS, U. S. Marshal as Messenger, Northern Dist. of Ala.

By order of the court herein the meeting of creditors has been adjourned to the 28th day of April, 1868.

E. E. DOUGLASS, U. S. Marshal as Messenger, Northern Dist. of Ala.

Mar. 14, '68.—11.

NOTICE IN BANKRUPTCY.

THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE, That on the 5th day of February, A. D. 1868, a Warrant in Bankruptcy was issued against the Estate of THOMAS T. McADAMS, in the County of Calhoun, and State of Alabama, who has been adjudged a Bankrupt on his own Petition: That the payment of any debts, and delivery of any property belonging to such Bankrupt, to him or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him, are forbidden by law: That a meeting of the Creditors of the said Bankrupt to prove their debts, and to choose one or more Assignees of his Estate, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy, to be held at Jacksonville, Calhoun county, Alabama, before Joseph W. Burke, Register, on the 24th day of February, A. D. 1868, at 12 o'clock M.

E. E. DOUGLASS, U. S. Marshal as Messenger, Northern Dist. of Ala.

By order of the court herein the meeting of creditors has been adjourned to the 28th day of April, 1868, at 3 o'clock P. M.

E. E. DOUGLASS, U. S. Marshal as Messenger, Northern Dist. of Ala.

March 14, 1868.—11.

District Court of the United States for the Northern District of Alabama—In Bankruptcy.

In the matter of John L. Mattison, Bankrupt. Northern District of Alabama, vs. J. M. ELLIOTT & CO., Adm's.

THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE, That on the 7th day of March, A. D. 1868, a Warrant in Bankruptcy was issued out of the District Court of the United States for the Northern District of Alabama, against the Estate of John L. Mattison, in the County of Calhoun, in said district, adjudged a Bankrupt on his own Petition: That the payment of any debts, and delivery of any property belonging to such Bankrupt, to him, or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him, are forbidden by law, and that a meeting of the Creditors of said Bankrupt to prove their debts, and to choose one or more Assignees of his Estate, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy, to be held at the Register's Court, Jacksonville, Ala., before Joseph W. Burke, Esq., Register in Bankruptcy for said district, on the 28th day of April, A. D. 1868, at 12 o'clock M.

E. E. DOUGLASS, U. S. Marshal as Messenger, Northern Dist. of Ala.

Mar. 14, '68.—11.

BLANK LAND DEEDS and DEEDS OF TRUST, neatly and correctly printed, for sale by the quire or single copy, at this office. Also every description of Blanks for Justices of the Peace.

A. WOODS, Judge of Probate. February 22nd, 1868.—31.

LEGAL ADVERTISEMENTS.

THE STATE OF ALABAMA, Calhoun County.

Court of Probate for said county, Special Term, Dec. 17th, A. D. 1867.

THIS day came Bartlett Owen, Administrator of the Estate of W. Eubank, deceased, and presented and filed his account and vouchers for a final settlement of said Estate, and thereupon—It is Ordered, that the 24th day of March, 1868 be set for making said settlement; and that notice thereof be given by publication in the Jacksonville Republican, a Newspaper published in said county, for three successive weeks prior to said day, as a notice to all persons concerned, to be and appear at a special Term of said court to be held at the Court House of said county on said 24th day of March, 1868, any contest said account if they think proper.

A. WOODS, Judge of Probate. Feb. 22nd, 1868.—31.

THE STATE OF ALABAMA, Calhoun County.

Court of Probate for said County, Special Term, Dec. 20th, A. D. 1867.

THIS day came S. C. King, Executor of the Estate of Abram Harris, deceased, and presented and filed his account and vouchers for a final settlement of said estate.— It is thereupon Ordered by the Court, that the 24th day of March, 1868, be set for making said settlement; and that notice thereof be given by publication in the Jacksonville Republican, a Newspaper printed and published in said county, for three successive weeks, prior to said day, as a notice to all persons concerned, to be and appear at a Special Term of said Court, to be held at the Court House of said County, on said 24th day of March, 1868, and contest said account if they think proper.

A. WOODS, Judge of Probate.

February 22nd, 1868.—31.

THE STATE OF ALABAMA, Calhoun County.

Court of Probate for said County, Special Term, Feb. 14th, A. D. 1868.

THIS day came Wm. R. Hubbard, Administrator of the Estate of Joel H. Farmer, deceased, and filed his application in writing, availing that from the best of his knowledge and belief, the Estate of said deceased is insolvent, accompanied with a statement under oath of the assets of said estate; with a list of the creditors who have filed claims against said estate, and the amounts thereof, and residence of said creditors; and availing that a day be set for the hearing of said application and that said estate be declared insolvent.

It is therefore ordered by the court, that Monday the 30th day of March, 1868, be set for the hearing of said application, and that notice thereof be given, by publication in the Jacksonville Republican, a Newspaper published in said county, for not less than thirty days prior to said 30th day of March, requiring all persons who may desire to contest said application, to be and appear before me on said 30th day of March, at my office in the Town of Jacksonville, and make their objections thereto, if they think proper.

It is further ordered by the court, that said notice be posted upon the Court House door for thirty days prior to said 30th day of March 1868; and that notices issue to all resident creditors.

Given under my hand at office this 14th day of Feb'y, 1868.

Wm. M. HAMES, Register &c. acting as Judge of Probate.

John L. Pinson & F. M. Pinson, CIRCUIT COURT, Appearance Docket, Oct. 4, 1867.

THIS day came the Plaintiffs by their Attorney, and by him motion is made for an Order of Publication against the Defendant, F. M. Allen, as a non-resident; and it appearing that the said F. M. Allen is a non-resident of the State of Alabama—

It is therefore ordered by the court, that publication be made in the Jacksonville Republican, a Newspaper published in the County of Calhoun, for four consecutive weeks, notifying said Defendant of the levy by Attachment on the property of said Defendant, to-wit: one House and Lot in the Town of Alexandria, known as the Vaulder Lot, containing about one and a half acres, more or less; and that a copy of this order be sent by the Clerk of this Court to Defendant, if his post office be known.

A true copy from the minutes of said Court. Witness my hand this 20th day of February, A. D. 1868.

G. B. DOUTHETT, Clerk. February 22, 1868.—11.—\$15 00.

Millie Burch, vs. In Chancery, at Jacksonville, Feb'y 22nd, 1868.

James Jett, et al. This day came the complainants, by their Solicitors, Ellis & Caldwell, and it appearing to the Register by Solicitor's affidavit that William S. Lackey one of the defendants, is a non-resident of this State, and that the particular place of his residence is unknown to affiant, and further, that in the belief of said affiant, the defendant is over twenty-one years of age. It is therefore ordered by the Register, that publication be made in the Jacksonville Republican, a Newspaper published in the Town of Jacksonville, Ala. for four consecutive weeks, requiring him, the said Wm. S. Lackey, to answer or demur to the bill of complaint in this cause, by the 20th day of April, 1868, or in thirty days thereafter, a decree pro confesso may be taken.

Done, at office, this 22nd day of February, 1868.

Wm. M. HAMES, Register, &c. Feb. 22, 1868.—11.—\$15 00.

THE STATE OF ALABAMA, Calhoun County.

Court of Probate for said County, Special Term, Oct. 5, A. D. 1867.

THIS day came Joel R. Love, Administrator of the Estate of John M. Love, deceased, and presents and files in Court his petition in writing, representing in substance that his intestate's Estate had owing to it, debts of a bad and doubtful character, a list of which debts are appended to said petition and marked schedule "A"; and said administrator represents that it would be to the interest of said Estate, and to compromise said bad and doubtful debts, and be therefore asked that an Order of said court be passed authorizing him to compromise and settle said bad and doubtful debts with the parties owing the same; and thereupon, the premises being considered—

It is ordered by the Court, that the 16th day of March, 1868 be set for the hearing and determining upon said petition, and that notice thereof be given by publication in the Jacksonville Republican, a Newspaper published in said county, for three successive weeks prior to said day, as a notice to all persons concerned, to be and appear at a special Term of said court, to be held at the Court House of said county, on said 16th day of March, 1868, and defend against said petition, if they think proper.

A. WOODS, Judge of Probate.

February 22nd, 1868.—31.

LATEST NEWS.

FROM ALBANY N. Y.

Albany March 11.—Seymour reiterates his refusal of the Presidential candidacy. He goes to the democratic convention as a delegate at large.

FROM CAMDEN N. J.

Camden, March 11.—The republicans elected their city ticket by 75 majority—a gain. Other municipalities shown democratic gains.

FROM WASHINGTON.

CONGRESSIONAL.

SENATE.

A remonstrance against the international copy-right, by the booksellers of Boston, was received.

A memorial from Colorado, protesting against the State movement, was printed.

A bill taking the final judgment against internal revenue collectors to the Supreme Court on appeal, without regard to the sum, was passed.

A conference on the bill conveying the proceeds of captured and abandoned property into the treasury was demanded.

The funding bill was resumed, and after executive session adjourned.

HOUSE.

Grant reported the vote on the Alabama constitution to be 70,812 for, and 1,009 against.

The extension of the freedmen's bureau was discussed and laid over.

The admission of Alabama was resumed, and opposed spiritedly by the Democrats. No republicans spoke in opposition. The vote will be taken tomorrow.

Gen. Meade asks an additional appropriation of funds for the enforcement of the reconstruction acts.

Logan, defending his veracity regarding the bogus destruction of bonds said the Treasury Department was a rotten institution from head to foot.

Adjourned. No signs yet of a vote of the bill making a majority ratify the constitution in the reconstructing States. Tomorrow is the last day.

Great Conflagration in Jefferson Texas. The total losses by the fire in Jefferson, Texas, on the 29th ult. amount to more than a million dollars.

New York, March 11.—Arrived the Rising Sun, with one million and a half in treasure.

Cholera is raging in the Argentine Republic. 7,000 persons died at Corido.

Yellow Fever is prevailing at Lima.

FROM WASHINGTON.

Washington, March 12—Noon.—The Mississippi levee and railroad bill proposed to endorse the company's bonds, principal and interest, at \$10,000 per mile, the bonds to issue with the completion of each twenty miles.

No sign of a vote yet. Democrats agree that the majority bill will render Alabama's admission doubly inexcusable.

CONGRESSIONAL.

SENATE.

Went into executive session, but came out in a few minutes and concurred in the House amendment to the judiciary act, which now goes to the President.

Executive session and adjourned.

HOUSE.

The extension of the bureau was postponed to Tuesday.

The Senate resolution erecting a military warehouse at Fortress Monroe was passed.

Stevens called up the Alabama admission bill, but Blaine moved an adjournment, which was carried.

GENERAL INTELLIGENCE.

Stantberry's resignation has been accepted. He defends the President.

The bill making a majority of the votes cast ratify constitutions and allowing registered persons to vote anywhere, after ten days' residence, on certificate, affidavit or other evidence, is become a law by the lapse of ten days.

The republican majority in New Hampshire is 2,500 to 2,800. The total vote is 77,000. Each party carries five counties.

Special Cabinet meeting to-day; all present.

The State says there is good reason to believe there will be no discussion in the McCordle case for two or three days.

It is stated that should the amendment to the judicial act passed to-day become a law it will throw the McCordle case out of court.

FROM WASHINGTON.

Washington, March 13.—The Massachusetts Radical State committee have declared for Grant and Wilson.

The new Georgia bill was offered in the Supreme Court to-day. Carpenter, on behalf of the Secretary of War and others, objected on the ground that no one was authorized to appear on behalf of Georgia; that Jenkins was not Governor of Georgia.

under advisement, and will probably decide on Monday.

At 12 o'clock the galleries of the Senate were filled, but no negroes were in the crowd, which excites the indignation of some republicans.

The gallery is almost entirely filled with ladies. The members appear to have confined their favors to their boarding houses.

The Senators occupy their usual seats. In the rear are one hundred and fifty seats for members of the House.

Stanberry, Curtis and Wilson are present for the President.

At 1 o'clock Chief Justice Chase entered the court and proclaimed it open. During the reading of the journal the House procession appeared at the Senate entrance, where it halted.

At ten minutes past one the managers were announced, Stevens and Butler being absent. The roll was called to swear in the Senators who had been absent.

SENATE.

The Chaplain prayed that the verdict of the high court would be such as would be approved by the people and the high court of heaven.

Private bills were considered until the impeachment hour.

During the proceedings reported in the noon dispatch chief Justice Chase snubbed Howard once and Morton twice, by interrupting their suggestions with the mark: "The next thing in order."

Edmunds, Patterson, Vickers, the managers and the House, and on motion the President counsel were notified and entered.

Stanberry read a paper from the President, authorizing himself, J. S. Black, Thos. A. B. Nelson, W. M. Everts, and B. B. Curtis to represent the President. Stanberry asked forty days to prepare an answer.

Bingham opposed insisting that the rules required the plea to-day. He was supported by Wilson, and a sharp argument ensued.

Edmunds moved to give to the 6th of April to answer, but before the motion was put, Morton moved a Senate consultation, which was carried.

The Senate remained out two hours and ten minutes, and on its return an order was read that the President should answer on the 29th of March.

The managers moved that immediately after their replication the trial should proceed—to wit: the vote—yes 26, noes 25. The republicans who voted yes were Anthony, Edmunds, Fessenden, Fowler, Frelinghuysen, Gaines, Henderson, Howe, both Morrills, Morton, Sherman, Sprague, Traubull Van Winkle and Wiley.

Conkling moved that the trial commence immediately after replication, unless the Senate granted further time carried by a strict party vote.

The Court adjourned to the 29th inst., and the Senate adjourned to Monday.

GENERAL INTELLIGENCE.

The chaplain of the court in his elaborate appeal failed to mention the accused.

The managers were defeated in both their attempts—first, to compel answer to-day; second, to have the trial proceed immediately after their replication regardless of the state of the preparation of the defense.

The debate developed the fact that after the President makes his answer on the 29th, the managers will have to submit their replication to the House before presenting it. The managers estimate this routine to occupy three days, after which, if the Senate continues in its present temper, the President will have ample time for preparation.

Only Stanberry, Curtis, and Wilson, of the President's counsel, were present. All their speeches making a favorable impression.

Bingham, Wilson, and Butler, of the managers spoke. Butler, favored spend in the proceedings, as this was a railroad age. Stevens during the absence of the Senate, reclined on two chairs in a prominent position. His terrible cough gave interest to the interruption in the proceedings.

Revenue to-day 452,000. A full Cabinet meeting to-day. Previously the President was engaged with Stanberry and Curtis regarding the trial.

The New Hampshire vote gives Harman 39,532, and Sinclair 36,924—Eight counties to hear from.

There was no argument in the Georgia case to-day.

An eminent lawyer expresses the opinion that the McCordle decision will not be given this term.

FROM WASHINGTON.

Washington, March 14.—Noon.—The action of the Senate yesterday in remaining over two hours in consultation, and coming into court with a prepared order after secret debate and votes, is deprecated by the managers, and the President's counsel argued that the real trial was taking place in secret, and that the efforts of the managers and counsel were mere show work.

The President's counsel yesterday seemed perfectly disarrayed after the returns of the Senate, and submitted to the results of its compromises without much remonstrance.

Washington, March 14.—Grant has decided that the reconstruction laws do not authorize military commanders to change the election days fixed by the conventions.

Florida radicals here say that the opposition to the convention in that

State is mainly confined to the negroes. Grant has received dispatches from Thomas, saying in effect that the enemies of the present State government of Tennessee are organizing for resistance to the laws, and to get control of the State. Grant replied, ordering Thomas to use all the forces at his command to preserve the peace and protect the State authorities in the execution of the laws, and to report if more troops were needed.

Persous conversant with Senatorial feeling say the real danger to the President has narrowed down to the fact of appointing Thomas ad interim. Butler's charges stand no chance, and the illegality of Stanton's removal is doubted by many Senators.

FROM WASHINGTON.

Washington March 15.—The Tennessee delegation have no advices of unusual trouble in the State. They think the scope of the Thomas Grant correspondence is exaggerated,—applies only to local troubles, probably connected with the revenue.

Gen. Lorenzo Thomas says his pretended friend from Newcastle was most probably a Stanton spy. He never saw the man before in his life to whom he answered playfully that they would kick Stanton out.

The following startling item is from credible sources: Stevens' proposition to amend the Alabama bill by granting suffrage to all male citizens over 21 years of age creates consternation among radicals. Several of the most prominent are endeavoring to induce him not to offer it, but he declares that he will to-morrow if the bill is before the House.

HOUSE.

Introduced under the regular call; a bill erecting a marine hospital at Cairo, Ill; a bill repealing the provision of the judiciary act forbidding appointments until the number of the Judges of the Supreme Court is reduced to six; a preamble and sixteen resolutions, a kind of declaration of principles, by Ross, of Illinois, who moved the previous question, which was not recorded. For the purpose of getting a direct vote he moved to table, which was defeated—8 to 123. Referred to the judiciary committee.

The bill relieving certain parties of political disabilities was resumed.—Several names were added, among them Jas. A. Gilmer, as a reward for opposing the Leeomilton swindle. It transpired during the debate that the bill does not remove the disabilities imposed by the 14th article. Beck made the point that under the Garland case the Supreme Court had decided that the general amnesty proclamation did the work proposed by the bill. Bingham said the Supreme Court could only decide cases which came before it, but it could make no decision which would operate on the House.

Without action, adjourned.

SENATE.

The Georgia convention ask a loan of \$100,000.

The South Carolina convention asks the repeal of the duties on rice.

More negroes want assistance to go to Liberia.

The commerce committee reported an amendment to the House bill, retaining the tax on turpentine, sugar, perfumeries, candles, and confectionaries.

Adjourned.

GENERAL INTELLIGENCE.

No proceedings to-day in the McCordle case.

A new Georgia bill has been filed by leave of the Court.

Revenue to-day \$583,000.

Hon. Alex. H. Stephens called on the President to-day.

Arlington, Gen Lee's estate, is divided up into lots of five to ten acres, and rented to negroes.

Al. Man's admission was not mentioned in the House to-day.

One thousand workmen on the N. Y. Central Railroad have struck because ten hours' labor was demanded.

Eight failures are reported to-day on Wall street N. Y.

The western wires are interrupted by floods, and hence no western market report.

FROM WASHINGTON.

Washington, March 17.—The President endorsed on the Grant-Thomas Tennessee correspondence that the State authorities having made no constitutional application federal interference is unauthorized.

The Kukuk Klan, which produced the scare, is the Sons of Malta under another name.

The second mayoralty contest in Portland, Maine, resulted in no choice: Republican 2,691; Democrat 2,563; independent 267.

Heavy storms have been general throughout the North A train from Indianapolis to Cincinnati was blown off the track and all injured. None serious.

It has transpired that Stevens has all along opposed the admission of Alabama under the recent election, and that he is struggling for suffrage only restricted by conviction of crime.

The Supreme Court gained leave to file a new Georgia bill, notwithstanding Carpenter's objection that Jenkins was not the Governor.

The bureau constitutional bill was again postponed.

Admission of Alabama resumed.—Stevens said, after a full examination, he thought that to force a vote on the bill and admit the State where there is a difference of 20,000 against it, would not be doing such justice in legislation as would be expected by the people.—He moved the bill be recommitted.—Carried.

ISBELL & SON, BANKERS, Talladega, Ala. ARE now Discounting Bills on Selma, Mobile, New Orleans and New York. Checking on all these cities at sight, and furnish Exchange on Europe. They buy GOLD, SILVER, Old Bank Notes, Compound Interest and Seven Thirty Notes. They receive Gold, Silver and Currency on Deposit—guaranteeing safety, and pay back same in sums to suit parties, free of any charge. Feb. 8, 1868.—ly. Prompt attention given to collections.

T. F. WYNN, Jacksonville. CHAS. G. WYNN, New York. "Keep it Before the People," THAT NEW AND CHEAP GOODS MAY BE HAD AT THE NEW STORE OF T. F. WYNN & CO. One door north of the Hotel. Our stock is entirely new, consisting in part of Dry Goods, Clothing, Hats, Caps, Boots, Shoes, Hardware, Crockery, Groceries, &c. And in fact every thing usually found in a well selected Stock, all of which have been purchased exclusively for Cash, by one of our firm who resides in New York, and possessing the advantage of being always in market, ready to take advantage of every decline in prices; we feel confident, with such facilities we can keep our Stock constantly replenished at the VERY LOWEST POSSIBLE FIGURES. Being determined to spare neither capital or pains to supply our friends and the public generally with CHEAP GOODS, we solicit a liberal share of patronage. Our Terms are Exclusively Cash. T. F. WYNN & CO. Jacksonville, Ala. Dec. 14, 1867.—3m.

NEW GROCERY, CONFECTIONERY AND PROVISION STORE. HORN & TURNLEY, INFORM the citizens of Jacksonville and vicinity, that they have just opened on the east side of the public square, a large, varied and well selected stock of FAMILY GROCERIES. CONSISTING IN PART OF Sugar, Coffee and Molasses, Bacon, Lard and Salt, Rice, Flour and Meal, Cheese, Crackers and Spices, Pickrel, Oysters and sardines, Fruits and Confectionaries. With every other article usually needed or called for in a well assorted Family Grocery. We intend to keep our assortment at all times full and complete, and hope by ready and extensive sales to be enabled to sell low. We will EXCHANGE Groceries, &c for every description of COUNTRY PRODUCE. Terms CASH, where exchange is not made. Our establishment being a convenient desideratum, long needed and desired by the citizens of the Town and vicinity, we expect and solicit a liberal and generous patronage, which will mutually benefit both buyer and seller in proportion to extent. Call in and examine our stock—and buy your SUPPLIES. Jacksonville, Ala. Dec. 14, 1867.

Just Received! AND FOR SALE CHEAP FOR CASH, Sugar and Coffee, Domestic & Osnabergs, FACTORY THREAD, BACON & LARD, Also a fine lot of Fresh GARDEN SEED. STEVENSON & PINSON. Feb. 22, 1868. By the Governor of Alabama. A PROCLAMATION. EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT. STATE OF ALABAMA. WHEREAS, authentic information has reached this Department, that a murder was recently committed in Cleburne County on the body of John W. Bentley; and WHEREAS, it is formally charged that the said murder was perpetrated by JEFFERSON ROBERTS; and it appearing that the said Roberts has fled from justice and is running at large; Now, therefore, with a view of vindicating the outraged law, and having the murderer brought to condign punishment, I, R. M. PATTON, Governor of the State of Alabama, by virtue of the power and authority in me vested, do issue this my Proclamation, offering a reward of

Two Hundred Dollars, To any person or persons who may arrest the said Jefferson Roberts, and deliver him into the custody of the Sheriff of Cleburne County. Given under my hand and the Great Seal of the State, at the city of Montgomery, this seventh day of February, A. D. eighteen hundred and sixty-eight, and of the Independence of the United States of America the ninety-second. R. M. PATTON. By the Governor, MICHAN TAUL, Secretary of State. Description. Jefferson Roberts is about twenty-two years old; weighs about one hundred and seventy pounds, and is about six feet two inches high. His complexion is florid. He has a long face, and wore a small goatee when he fled. He has light hair and blue eyes. As he walks he is inclined to sink in his knees. February 22, 1868.—3t.

A SPLENDID LOT OF Spring & Summer GOODS, Just Received, and for sale very cheap for cash, by T. F. WYNN & CO. Call and see them immediately. March 7th, 1868.

LEGAL ADVERTISEMENTS. THE STATE OF ALABAMA, Calhoun County. WHEREAS, at a special Term of the Probate Court of said county, holden at the Court House of said county, on the 17th day of August, 1867, the Estate of R. G. Earle, deceased, was, by an order of said court, declared insolvent, and at the same time, a further order of said court was made, requiring G. C. Ellis, who is the Executor of said Estate, to appear in said court on the 31st day of March, 1868, and make a settlement of his accounts as such Executor; Notice is therefore given to the creditors of said Estate, and all other persons concerned, to be and appear at a special term of said court, to be holden at the court house of said county, on said 31st day of March, 1868, and contest said settlement and nominate a future executor or administrator of said estate, if they think proper. A. WOODS, Judge of Probate. February 29th, 1868.—5t.

In the matter of the Estate of James E. Williams, late of Calhoun county, deceased. In the Probate Court of Calhoun county, Ala. 22d day of Feb 1868. PERMELLA F. WILLIAMS, Administratrix of the goods and chattels, rights and credits of the said James E. Williams, deceased, having this day presented her accounts and vouchers to the said court for the final settlement of her said accounts, as such administratrix, and the court having appointed the 20th day of March, 1868, to audit and examine, and rate said accounts. Notice is hereby given, that it is the intention of the said Permelia F. Williams, administratrix as aforesaid, to have her said accounts presented to the said court for allowance, at the said Term of said court to be holden at the Court House of said county on the 20th day of March, 1868, when and where all persons interested in the settlement of said Estate are required to appear, and make exceptions to said accounts, if they think proper. A. WOODS, Judge of Probate. February 20th, 1868.—3t.

THE STATE OF ALABAMA, Calhoun County. Court of Probate for said county. Special Term, Feb. 25th, A. D. 1868. THIS day came Elisha McClellan, administrator of the Estate of Mary Kelly, deceased, and presents and files in court his accounts and vouchers for a final settlement of said Estate; and thereupon, it is ordered by the court, that the 23rd day of March, 1868 be set for auditing, stating and allowing said accounts, and making said settlement, and that notice thereof be given by publication in the Jacksonville Republican, a Newspaper published in said county, for three successive weeks prior to said day, as a notice to all persons concerned, to be and appear at a special term of said court, to be holden at the court house of said county, on said 23rd day of March, 1868, and contest said account, if they think proper. A. WOODS, Judge of Probate. Feb. 29, 1868.—3t.

Administrator's Notice. LETTERS of Administration on the Estate of Kellek Coker, late of Calhoun county, deceased, having been granted to the undersigned on the 1st day of February, 1868, by the Hon. A. D. Chandler, Judge of the Probate Court of Cleburne county; Notice is hereby given to all persons indebted in said Estate to come forward and make payment in terms of the law, and all persons having claims against said estate are required to present them within the time prescribed by law, or they will be barred. JAMES BABER, Adm. Feb. 29, 1868.—6t.

Mary Abel, vs. In Chancery at Jacksonville, Wm. Dohard, et. als Feb 27th, 1868. THIS day came the complainant by her Solicitor, and moved the Register for an Order of Publication against the non-resident defendant, J. K. P. Abel, and it appearing to the satisfaction of the Register by the affidavit of the solicitor, M. J. Turnley, that J. K. P. Abel, one of the defendants, is a non resident of this State, and as he is advised and believes, is a resident of Anderson county, near Magnolia post office in the State of Texas, and that he is over the age of 21 years. It is therefore ordered by the Register, that publication be made in the Jacksonville Republican, a Newspaper published in the Town of Jacksonville, Ala., for four consecutive weeks, requiring him the said J. K. P. Abel, to answer or demur to the bill of complaint in this cause, by the 20th day of April, 1868, or in thirty days thereafter, a decree pro confesso may be taken. Done, at office, this the 27th day of February, 1868. Wm. M. HAMES, Register, &c. Feb. 29th, 1868.—4t.—\$15 00.

Elvira Lackey, vs. In Chancery, At Jacksonville, W. S. Lackey, et. als Feb. 27th, 1868. THIS day came the complainant, by her Solicitor, M. J. Turnley, and it appearing to the satisfaction of the Register, by the affidavit of the said Margaret E. Lackey, that she is a non-resident of this State, and that she resides in Susquehanna county in the State of Tennessee, near Dunlop post office, and that she is over the age of 21 years. It is therefore ordered by the Register, that publication be made in the Jacksonville Republican, a Newspaper published in the Town of Jacksonville, Calhoun county, Alabama, for four consecutive weeks, requiring her, the said Margaret E. Lackey, to answer or demur to the bill of complaint in this cause, by the 20th day of April, 1868, or in thirty days thereafter, a decree pro confesso may be taken. Done, at office, this the 27th day of February, 1868. Wm. M. HAMES, Register, &c. Feb. 29th, 1868.—4t.—\$15 00.

M. A. E. Leer, vs. In Chancery, At Jacksonville, J. T. Leer, vs. THIS day came Marion C. Pettit and Martha P. Pettit, Solicitors, and moved the court for an order of publication against the non-resident defendants, Marion C. Pettit and Martha P. Pettit, and it appearing to the satisfaction of the court, by affidavit of the complainant's Solicitor, M. J. Turnley, that the said defendants Marion C. Pettit and Martha P. Pettit are non-residents of this State, and that their particular place of residence is Lumberton, in the State of Texas; and further, that to the best of said affiant's knowledge, the said defendants are minors, under twenty-one years of age.— It is therefore ordered by the court, that publication be made in the Jacksonville Republican, a Newspaper published in the town of Jacksonville, Ala., for four consecutive weeks, requiring them the said Marion C. Pettit and said Martha P. Pettit, to answer or demur to the bill of complaint in this cause by the 20th day of April, A. D. 1868, or in thirty days thereafter a decree pro confesso will be taken against them. S. K. McSPADDEN, Chancellor. A true copy from the Minutes. Wm. M. HAMES, Register, &c. Feb. 29, 1868.—4t.—\$15 00.

THE STATE OF ALABAMA, Calhoun County. Court of Probate for said County, Special Term, February 15th, A. D. 1868. THIS day came James M. Andrews, one of the Executors of the Estate of Allen Andrews, deceased, and filed in said court his report and declaration, representing that said Estate is insolvent, and asking that the same may be so declared by the court; and thereupon—it is Ordered by the court, that the 29th day of March, 1868, be set for the hearing and determining upon said report, and declaring said estate insolvent; and that notice thereof be given by publication in the Jacksonville Republican, a Newspaper published in said county, for five successive weeks, prior to said day, as a notice to all the creditors and all other persons concerned, to be and appear at a special term of said court to be holden at the Court House of said county on said 28th day of March, 1868, and show cause, if any they have, why said estate should not be declared insolvent. A. WOODS, Judge of Probate. Feb. 22nd, 1868.—5t.

Jacksonville Republican

VOL. 32.

JACKSONVILLE, ALA., MARCH 28, 1868.

WHOLE NO. 1616.

Jacksonville Republican.

PRINTED AND PUBLISHED, EVERY SATURDAY MORNING, BY J. F. GRANT.

LAW CARDS.

ELLIS & CALDWELL,
Attorneys at Law,
Solicitor in Chancery.
JACKSONVILLE, ALA.
H. I. STEVENSON,
Attorney at Law,
Solicitor in Chancery,
JACKSONVILLE, ALA.

H. J. & G. I. TURNLEY,
Attorneys at Law
Solicitors in Chancery
General Collecting Agents.
JACKSONVILLE, ALA.

JOE H. FRANCIS,
ATTORNEY AT LAW
AND
GENERAL COLLECTING AGENT,
Gadsden, Alabama.

JOHN W. INZER & BOX,
Attorneys at Law,
Solicitors in Chancery,
ASHVILLE, ALA.

FOSTER & FORNEY,
Attorneys at Law,
Jacksonville Alabama.

WILLIAM B. MARTIN,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
HAS returned and re-opened his office at No. 3, Office Row, Jacksonville, Ala. He will practice in Columbia, the adjoining counties, the District Court of the United States at Huntsville and the Supreme Court of the State at Montgomery.

IN BANKRUPTCY.
M. J. TURNLEY, GEORGE ISHMAN TURNLEY,
TURNLEY & SON,
Attorneys at Law
AND
Solicitors in Bankruptcy.

NEW HOTEL IN JACKSONVILLE.
The undersigned respectfully informs his friends and the public generally that he has opened a HOTEL in the large and commodious Brick Building on the north-east corner of the public square, which was built and fitted up expressly for that purpose. His table will be furnished with the best that the market affords, and no expense or effort spared for the comfort and convenience of his patrons.

EVERY MAN'S WIFE

AND ALL FEMALE OLD OR YOUNG, married or single, who are troubled with any of the following complaints should at once send for a bottle of English Female Bitters, and be cured.

English Female Bitters.
Sick Headache, Pain in back and side, Smothering sensation, Pains in head & joints, Cold feet and hands, Falling of the Womb, Painful Menstruation, Difficult Menstruation, Chlorosis or Green Sick-Leucorrhoea or Whites, Irregular Menstruation, Loss of appetite, Nervous Trembling, Extreme restlessness, Ulceration of Womb, Melancholy, Various Diseases, Kidney Diseases, Weakness, Pallid Cheeks, Loss of early Beauty.

DR. GEORGE W. LEACH proposes a new system of cure in place of the vast internal doses which enfeeble the stomach, poison the blood and endanger the life. He can be consulted at any time in Jacksonville, personally or by letter, giving name of the person, whether over or under 35 years of age, and the disease. He cures cancer, wens, ulcers, scrophulous, piles, diseases of the lungs, spine, kidneys, and some others; charging but a very small amount in advance, afterwards if no cure no pay. He has a number of testimonials of cure—has recently treated 11 cases of cancer, seven of which are entirely well and the others getting well.

DR. GEORGE W. LEACH, Faith Doctor.

OXFORD INSTITUTE, ENGLISH AND CLASSICAL MALE AND FEMALE. OXFORD, Fla.

Board of Instructors.
Wm. J. BORDEN, Principal, and Professor of Mathematics, and Moral and Mental Science.
JOHN L. DODSON, Professor of Ancient Languages and Literature.
Miss BETTIE C. PENDLETON, Principal Instructor in Female Department.
F. M. HODGES, Professor of Vocal and Instrumental Music.

KING OF CHILLS
Is decidedly the most powerfully effective Chill and Fever Medicine ever offered in the South. It will cure cases of six months standing without ever affecting the head. It makes rapid and permanent cures, because it uproots the foundations of the disease and leaves the system in the vigor of health and buoyancy. Cures all forms of

CHILLS AND FEVER.
Dumb Chills, Congestive Chills, Billious Fever, Intermittent Fever, Neuralgia, Headache, Sun Pain, etc. It arouses the torpid liver, cleanses the foul stomach, relieves constipation and carries off all vitiated bile. It never fails. Our

KING OF CHILLS
Is no secret compound, patent medicine or new discovery, but is an honest old faithful combination of pure Medicines prepared by a class of experienced Southern Physicians. All persons who are exposed to the miasma of swamps, rivers, lakes, bogs, etc., should never fail to keep always on hand a supply of this never-failing remedy.

THAT DREADED COUGH
Can be cured at once by using one bottle of **DR. DROMGOOLE & CO.'S AMYGDALINE PECTORAL.**

The most exquisitely beautiful and effective medicinal compound for all lung diseases ever offered to the Southern people. It makes you cough so easy, causes such free expectoration, relieves the pain so soon, produces so much ease and comfort and promotes such rapid and free discharge of mucus or mental hallucinations, that all who cure try speak in the highest praise. It is recommended for all forms of

COUGHS AND COLDS.
Croup, Whooping cough, Bronchitis, Hoarseness, Sore Throat, Dry hacking cough, Pneumonia, Pleurisy, Pain in the side, Tightness and fullness of the chest, Spitting of blood and all these troublesome Pulmonary affections.

FOR CHILDREN AND INFANTS
It is a superb preparation and mothers who use it are perfectly satisfied with its wonderful effects. Large bottles, \$1.00.

THE KIDNEY AND BLADDER
When disordered any way require the use of a certain and efficient diuretic, and if there is a better combination to arouse the kidneys than Dromgoole & Co's Fluid Extract of Bearberry, Catuaba and Buchu, it has never been found. Dropsy, Gravel, Gout, difficulty and pain in Urinating, Urinary Deposits, Pain in Back, extreme nervousness, excesses, indigestion, Gleet, etc., in male or female, can all be relieved by using our preparation of Bearberry, Catuaba and Buchu.

For the Blood, constitutional Diseases, Syphilitic Affections, effects of Mercury, skin Diseases, Scrophula, &c., use CONSTITUTIONAL MONARCH.

For Diarrhoea, whether of recent or long standing, Vomiting, Gramps, Cholera Morbus, Pains in Bowels, Gripping Pains, etc. use **RID DIARRHOEA REMEDY.**

For Dropsy, Biliousness, Mucous Discharges, Frequent, etc., use **DISEASEY COMPOUND.**
For Headache, Biliousness, Torpid Liver, Constipation, Foul Stomach, and all cases requiring select pill, use **VEGETABLE ANTI-BILIOUS PILLS.**

For Piles, internal or external, recent or long standing, if you desire ease in two applications, use **Dromgoole & Co's PILE SALVE.**

For Burns, Scalds, Cuts, Bruises, Sprains, Tumors, etc., use **LONE STAR LINIMENT.**
For the Hair—to restore the natural color, prevent its falling out, cleansing and arousing the scalp, use **TONIC HAIR RESTORATIVE.**

Sold by Druggists everywhere. Orders solicited.
J. P. DROMGOOLE & CO.,
Proprietors, Memphis, Tenn.

Orders for any of the Great Southern Preparations can be addressed to any of the following wholesale agents:

Rowe, Moore & Co., Louisville, Ky.
I. C. DeWitt & Co., Mobile, Ala.
Harris, Ward & Co., New Orleans, La.
Collins Bros., St. Louis, Mo.

Also for sale in JACKSONVILLE at the Drug Store. Jan. 1868.

News Agency.

OMBERG & CO., having established a branch of their business in Jacksonville at the Millinery Store of Mrs. M. E. Rowland, are prepared to furnish, at the cheapest rates, a great variety of the **Latest and most popular Magazines, Periodicals and Newspapers; also Music, School and Miscellaneous Books, and an assortment of Stationery.** Call and examine our stock, and make purchases to suit your fancy. Feb. 15.

To the Afflicted.
DR. GEORGE W. LEACH proposes a new system of cure in place of the vast internal doses which enfeeble the stomach, poison the blood and endanger the life. He can be consulted at any time in Jacksonville, personally or by letter, giving name of the person, whether over or under 35 years of age, and the disease. He cures cancer, wens, ulcers, scrophulous, piles, diseases of the lungs, spine, kidneys, and some others; charging but a very small amount in advance, afterwards if no cure no pay. He has a number of testimonials of cure—has recently treated 11 cases of cancer, seven of which are entirely well and the others getting well.

G. W. LEACH, Faith Doctor.

OXFORD INSTITUTE, ENGLISH AND CLASSICAL MALE AND FEMALE. OXFORD, Fla.

The Spring Session of 1868 will commence on the first Monday in February.

Board of Instructors.
Wm. J. BORDEN, Principal, and Professor of Mathematics, and Moral and Mental Science.
JOHN L. DODSON, Professor of Ancient Languages and Literature.
Miss BETTIE C. PENDLETON, Principal Instructor in Female Department.
F. M. HODGES, Professor of Vocal and Instrumental Music.

The Institution is located at the village of Oxford, Calhoun County, Ala., immediately on the Seaboard and Dalton R.R.

The plan of instruction is thorough and practical, requiring of each pupil a clear understanding of the fundamental principles of each study before advancing to higher classes.

The regulations formed for the moral and intellectual improvement of the pupils, are mild though positive, and will be cheerfully enforced. Every effort will be made to instill into the minds of the students the virtues that adorn and ennoble the human heart; and it is hoped that no one will apply for admission into this Institution, who is unwilling to comply cheerfully with its rules and regulations.

The buildings and grounds are so arranged that males and females will not necessarily be together, only during the hours of recitation.

Such additional Teachers will be employed as the necessities of the Institution may demand.

EXPENSES PER SESSION OF 20 WEEKS.
Tuition \$20 00
Music-Vocal 2 00
" on Piano (with use of Instrument) 30 00
Incidental 2 00

Instruction in vocal music will be given daily to the entire school by Prof. Hodges. Candidates for the Christian Ministry of all denominations will be admitted free of charge for tuition.

Pupils will be received at any time and charged from the date of admission to the close of the term. Payments will be required strictly in advance.

Good board can be obtained in private families at from \$10 to \$12 50 per month. For further particulars address the Principal, or Prof. JOHN L. DODSON, Oxford, Ala. Dec. 18th, 1867.

Mumford Male and Female ACADEMY.
MUMFORD, Tallapoosa Co., Ala.

The second session of five months, of this Academy will commence on the 24th of February, 1868, at the following reduced rates of tuition:

1st Class, \$12 50
2nd " 18 25
3rd " 20 00
Languages, Latin, Greek & French, 5 00
Music, 25 00
Use of Instrument, 5 00
We will associate with us in the Literary department

Mr. A. S. STOCKDALE, Miss GARRIE WEATHERLY, In the Department of Music, Miss LAURA CAMP.

A large and commodious boarding house under the charge of Rev. Jos. Camp, will be open for the reception of boarders at the beginning of the session.
Boarding per month, \$12 00
Washing, Lights, &c., 3 00
A. McDONALD, A. M. Principal.

Portrait PAINTING.
Mrs. A. T. FARQUAR

Will be glad to receive orders in all styles of portraits, from small cabinet up to life size, engraving, Vandyke, Bust, & Full Length. She will colour in water, chalk and oil, according to the taste of her patrons.

Photographs coloured in any of the above styles, at prices adapted to the present crisis. Mrs. F. for the last few years has been associated with Mr. James Weathers, a regular member of the New York Academy of Design, as an Associate Artist, and she refers to him for her ability to perform what she professes, and who will give testimonials to any of her pictures if required. His studio is 506, Room 8, Broadway, N. Y.

Lessons will be given in Drawing and Painting.
N. B. When sittings cannot be had, Pictures will be faithfully executed from Daguerrotypes, Ambrotypes and Photographs.

TERRIBLE TRAGEDY.

A Brother Mortally Wounds Another, Then Kills Himself.

One of those terrible tragedies which appal by the magnitude of the crime, and which was evidently the impulse of passion, occurred at Geneva on Tuesday last. We obtain the following particulars:

Late Tuesday afternoon two brothers, James and Smead Lumpkin, between the ages of twenty and twenty-three years, of a highly respectable and religious family, living near Geneva, were returning home from the field where they had been working. Each was mounted upon a mule. Arriving at a watering place, both stopped to water their animals. James asked his brother to move his mule a little. He refused, when James kicked the animal, which threw Smead. The latter, infuriated by passion, sprang upon James, and stabbed him twice in the left breast and once in the back—making terrible gashes—and left him for dead. The wounded man was found and carried home. He was alive Wednesday morning, but no hopes were entertained for his recovery.

Smead, moved by remorse and evidently excited by temporary insanity, immediately proceeded to Geneva. Going to a drug store he endeavored to procure a bottle of laudanum, but the druggist would only sell him two ounces. Going into the open air, unperceived, as night had now commenced, he applied the vial to his lips and drank about a teaspoonful. This not producing immediate effect he went into a store and desired to purchase a pistol. None was to be had. He asked a gentleman in the store to let him see one he owned. Procuring this he played with it a few moments, and afterwards pre-arranged out of a door, when he applied the muzzle just above his right ear, and fired the weapon. The ball passed nearly through his head. He lived only a few hours, brain oozing through the hole all the while, kept alive doubtless by the opiate he had taken. Shortly after the shooting, about eight o'clock, came the intelligence of the dreadful unpremeditated act he had committed, which had caused his own destruction. He was buried yesterday. The affair was most lamentable. We are told there were five or six children in the family, and on them the parents depended solely for support. All were industrious, frugal and temperate. The shock to the community, and the grief of the parents thus struck to the heart as no words can describe, can be but faintly imagined—and all caused by the unthoughtful action of an angry moment. We are informed Smead was the younger brother.—*Col. Stan.*

Professor Anderson.

It turns out that Anderson, the showman, didn't kill himself. The Meadville, Pennsylvania, Republican, says:

On Tuesday we reported the news of the elopement of Professor Anderson's wife with a man named Norris, and the telegraphic statement that Anderson had killed his child and committed suicide at Covington, Kentucky.

By later advices, it appears that Professor Anderson is not the 'dead duck' that the telegraph made him out to be. The message was only a ruse to decoy the happy 'birds' into the hands of the fowler, and it did. The guilty twin took the back train, and at Middletown, Ohio, beheld! the unfortunate husband who had (by report) murdered his little child and blown out his own brains, appeared before the astonished couple, and took a seat in the omnibus opposite them.

The scene can be better imagined than described. Suffice that the Professor, with an eye to the finances of the lately dissolved firm, directed the Professor's would-be successor to fork over what stamps he might have belonging to the late Mr. Anderson; whereupon, as report hath it, he shelled out some \$3,500. The Professor seems to have been quite satisfied with the blood already shed, as he did not proceed to blow out the brains of the man who had run away with his wife. The unfortunate woman passed through this city going East on her way home, we hope a wiser and better woman. As for the Professor, he has performed a little piece of slight-of-hand which eclipsed anything laid down in this 'posture.'

John Norris, or 'Johnny,' as he is called by his chums, is from Williamsport, Pa. He has been traveling with Anderson ever since he last performed in this city. The engagement was made here, and Johnny resigned a position on the Philadelphia and Erie Railroad to accept a place with the magician—His family owns a fine property opposite the Herdies House, Williamsport, and are among the most respectable people of that town. But Johnny is rather inclined to fast life, and managed to persuade Mrs. Anderson and \$3,500

more of her husband's personal property to abandon the fortunes of the handsome showman.

Mrs. Anderson is quite good looking and young. She appeared greatly dejected when the news reached her of the death of her husband and child, and as she returned on her way East she was a forlorn object. She is cast off by her husband, and has been abandoned by the graceless villain that lured her away.

[From the Montgomery Advertiser.]
K: K: K:
THE SPIRITS MOVING.

The Bloody Month at Hand FLIGHT OF THE SCALAWAGS.

The evident moving of the spirits, aided by the living members of the mysterious Ku-Klux-Klan, has excited a consternation in this city which has not been equalled since the dark, dismal and ghastly times of Shakespeare. The "Klan" is a secret but most powerful organization of living and dead men, who prowled about in the dark hours of the night, seeking whom they may devour. They know the political sentiments of every living man, being represented by a spirit at every fireside. They hold their meetings at midnight in dark caverns, and thousands of names are on their muster rolls. Sooner or later they may plant their cannons and blow this city into atoms. It is manifestly our duty to have nothing to do with the mean scalawags who infest the country. They are more terribly frightened than the balance of the community, which indicates that the Ku Klux are more particularly after them. The following notices were posted during Wednesday night in all portions of the city. When the sun arose yesterday morning, a large number of scalawags who had come to Montgomery to take their seats in the scalawag legislature yesterday, were found at the wharf, railroad depots, hack depots &c., begging to be taken away from Montgomery. Coon of Dallas, offered the railroad conductor half the proceeds of his revenue investigation, if he would only blow the whistle: Farden of Autauga started off on foot; Tucker of Lee, took up on one of his "high mountains"; Giraffe Ely wore his hat on the top of his head to fool the Ku Klux; Barber quartered himself at Strobach's, the negroes swore they had seen the Ku Klux Tuesday night, "an dey had big eyes and great long horns like a cow."

In fact the consternation was indescribably terrible amongst the scalawags, and no doubt prevented the meeting of the Alabama "Legislature" which was to have met yesterday, according to the new "constitution" of Alabama. The following is one of the posted documents which created this monstrous fear; it is enough to frighten a genuine white man much less a scalawag.

HORRIBLE SEPULCHRE, BLOODY MONTH, CLOUDY MOON—LAST HOUR.
Special Order No. 91—Shrouded Brotherhood of Montgomery Division, No. 71.

THE GREAT PAST HIGH GIANT COMMANDS YOU. The dark and dismal hour will soon be here. **SOBE LIVE TODAY, TO-MORROW DIE. BE YE READY.**

The whetted sword, the bullet red—and right are ours. Be vigilant and firm. Dare not wear the holy garb of our mystic brotherhood save in quest of blood. Mark well our friends. Let the guilty beware. In the dark caves, in the mountain recesses, everywhere our brotherhood appears. Traitors beware.

By order of **GREAT GRAND CYCLOPS, SAMIVEL, G. S. G. C. T.**
Here is another of the mysterious orders:

BEN OF SKULLS, DAY OF RETRIBUTION.
Spirits of the dead arise! Your Chief commands—To-day the 18th of the mortals month of March you will scatter the clouds of the grave and be ready for **THE MYSTERIOUS MISION.** The guilty we free to commit dark deeds that mortal eyes do not see. We disown them and must be the avengers. **BE READY. "In hoc signo."**

THE SUPREME CYCLOPS.
GENERAL ORDER No. 37.—**HEADQUARTERS DEVIL'S PIT IN SERPENT'S BEND, DEN No. 5 of K. K. K.,** March 18.—I, Great Grand Cyclops of Death Degree members, so order that a notice be given to warn all persons from doing anything under the name of the Ku Klux Klan. And if this warning is not heeded the Stars in the Heavens will shine upon a new made grave.

Death's angels are always on the lookout "Traitors beware." **K. K. K. take notice.**
O. A. P., G. G. C. P. B. M., G. G. S.
Approved by the Klan.

Here is still another of these frightful orders:

DUNBAR'S SEPULCHRE, BLOODY MONTH, CLOUDY MOON, MUDDY HOUR.

Shrouded Brothers of Fort McRAE, Division No. 51, of the Great Circle: Burst your cements asunder!—Meet at the den! "The glow-worm shows the motion to be near." Silence! Watchfulness!! Patience!!! Faithfulness!!!! The guilty SHALL be punished!

By order of **SENIOR GRAND CYCLOPS, HENNDOS, G. S.**

We cannot even attempt to describe the horrible doings of the Ku Klux Klan in other portions of the country. But if any more proof of their designs be wanting, we would point our readers to Nova Scotia and Kamschatka. It will cause your blood to chill to read the direful works of this mysterious Klan in those unfortunate countries. However, we advise our friends to beware of scalawags or the Ku Klux may come down in all their fury at any moment.

SO-CALLED LEGISLATURE.
Reported Expressly for the Advertiser.
FIRST DAY.

In accordance with the provisions of the so-called "Constitution," the scalawag legislature met in the Capitol yesterday. The roll was called by Ovide Gregory, negro of Mobile, and seven members answered to their names. Prayer was offered by an old nigger in the gallery, when one of the "members" introduced the following resolution which was unanimously adopted.

Whereas, several members of this Legislature (so called) have been frightened off by a crowd of dead men known as Ku Klux, and whereas Andrew Johnson is "on top" of the situation, and whereas Thad Stevens says we are a defunct concern, and scalawags and nigger swindlers are below par at present.

Therefore, Be it resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the State of Alabama in General Assembly convened (8 members present, five niggers) that this concern will look to the Lord and be dismissed.

The resolution was unanimously carried, the Legislature adjourned, and left the State in a truly pitiable condition.

NEGRO SUFFRAGE AMENDMENT TO THE PENNSYLVANIA CONSTITUTION.—The amendment to the Constitution of Pennsylvania giving negroes the right to vote was finally debated last Tuesday evening, and afterwards voted upon. When the vote was taken there was found but thirteen honest Radicals who had the courage to vote in its favor, and seventy-three votes were cast against it. In view of the coming Presidential election, these cowardly fellows backed out of the support of their favorite measure, to which their party is committed from one end of the country to the other. While these Radicals are willing enough to force negro suffrage on the South at the point of the bayonet, they refuse to allow the question to go before the people of Pennsylvania. There never was a more significant instance of bad faith and double dealing. What will the negroes of the South think of their friends of Pennsylvania deserting them at this critical period simply because they have not the courage to stand by their principles? Cuffee and Sambo are patted on the back in the South because they can be made the instrument to enslave the whites, but in Pennsylvania they are deserted for fear of the indignation of the people.—*Doylertown (Pa.) Democrat.*

The Sea Island Cotton Lands.

The House of Representatives, under the operation of the previous question, has passed, by a vote of 75 to 34, a bill for the sale of the sea island lands and lots of the South Carolina coast.—The bill provides for the sale of a portion of the lands, and lots at a dollar and a half per acre, and the rest at a dollar per acre—all the sales to be made to negroes—first, the confiscation of the property of the former owners of the land—secondly, the sales of the lands at such ridiculously small rates—thirdly, the restriction of the sale to negroes.

The Sea Island lands, it is well known, are incomparably the most valuable lands in the United States. They produce cotton in exceeding abundance, and the Sea Island cotton is famed throughout the world. This cotton has been regularly sold at a dollar per pound. And yet the land is ceded to the negroes at a dollar per acre. Every pound of cotton that the negroes raise is to pay for a whole acre of land. Could legislation by any possibility be any more infamous?—*Montgomery Mail.*

Terms of Subscription. For one year, in advance, \$3 00 For 6 months, " " 1 75

Terms of Advertising. One square of ten lines or less, first insertion, insertion, 1 50 Each subsequent insertion, 75

NOTICE.

THE "Calhoun County Teachers Institute," will meet at Davis Town, eight miles south east of White Plains, on Saturday the 11th of April.

New Officers are to be chosen at this meeting: therefore a full attendance is desirable.

Teachers and friends of education in this and adjoining counties are cordially invited to attend and participate in the exercises.

J. A. FLEMING, Sec'y.

If you want a SULKY CULTIVATOR or BRINLY PLOW, the AGENT, G. W. R. HANNA, would be proud to furnish you.

The Spring Term of our Circuit Court, Hon. B. T. POPE, presiding, has been in session since Monday last, with about the usual amount of business transacted.

In these days of change and uncertainty, of fraud and corruption, and of political rancour and animosity, the people of our district may well consider themselves fortunate, in having an able, upright and impartial Judge, in the administration of what law and justice is left for them.

We are truly pleased to see indications, on the part of farmers in this section, of increased attention to the introduction of improved and labor-saving implements. Improvement of land, and use of labor-saving implements, will go far towards making up for our late losses and misfortunes, if not entirely counterbalance them.

The reader is referred to the notice of Capt. W. R. HANNA, living near White Plains, who is Agent for the sale of Cultivators and Plows.

PUBLIC SCHOOLS.—Mr. J. A. Fleming, School Superintendent in this county, gives notice in this paper, of a meeting of the "Teacher's Institute" at Davis Town, on the 11th of next month, at which important business is to be transacted. Mr. F. is devoting himself with zeal and energy to the important duties of his office; and his laudable and praise-worthy efforts ought to be promptly seconded by Trustees, Teachers and the friends of education generally. He also gives notice to Trustees to make their annual reports, preparatory to a distribution of the fund.

JACKSON'S CELEBRATED WASHINGTON COMPOUND.—A few certificates of family wrights, with directions for use, are still on deposit at this office, by the Agent, Wm. Johnston. Its great utility and value have been so fully established, as to need no recommendation. Those who may wish to obtain them, would do well to call soon.

STATE CONVENTION.—Gen. J. H. Clanton, Chairman of the Central Executive Committee, has published a card, requesting the various Counties to appoint delegates to the State Convention, on or before the first Monday in April, in view of the fact that late political complications, may make it necessary to call the Convention together at Montgomery, earlier than the first Wednesday in June, the day first named.

Something New, Useful and Convenient.—W. Johnston, Esq. is agent for the sale of a new invention for sharpening scissors, cutting button holes, &c. We have seen it tried, and know it is exceedingly ingenious, useful and convenient. Ladies need no longer be plagued with dull scissors. Price only 50 cents.

Attention is invited to the advertisement of Crosswell & Co., receiving and forwarding Merchants, of Selma, Ala. We can heartily recommend this reliable and competent business firm to the confidence and patronage of all persons who may need their services. They offer every reasonable inducement in the way of reasonable terms, safe and convenient storage, and prompt forwarding of goods.

We make a further deduction this week of 25 per cent. on all contin-

uances of advertisements. Taking into consideration the condition of the currency, and prices of materials and commodities, our terms are now lower than before the war.

At an adjourned meeting of the citizens of Jacksonville, held in the Court House on Monday, March 23rd, for the purpose of taking into consideration the propriety of building two Roads across the Blue mountain. One in the direction of Rabbit Town, and one in the direction of White Plains:

The meeting was called to order by D. P. Forney, chairman.

The committee appointed to examine the routes across the mountain made their verbal report, to-wit: That they had carefully examined the routes across the mountain for said Roads, and find the routes practicable, and that in their opinion, good Roads can be made across said mountain at both the points specified.

The report of the committee was received and turned over to an Engineer.

The committee appointed to solicit subscriptions made their report, to-wit: That they had prepared their books and was now ready to enter subscriptions. Upon motion, the meeting adjourned to 7 o'clock—7 o'clock P. M.

Preamble and resolutions offered and adopted, as follows, to-wit:

Whereas the committee heretofore appointed to examine the routes across the mountain to Rabbit Town and White Plains have made a report which was ordered to be turned over to the Engineer for the purpose of aiding in a survey of two routes. One in the direction of Rabbit Town and the other in the direction of White Plains; therefore

Resolved, That the chairman of this meeting be authorized to employ an Engineer to make a survey and estimates of both routes.

Resolved—2nd, That the committee heretofore appointed to solicit subscriptions be requested to proceed at once to get up as large an amount as possible, and have the same in readiness by the time the survey and estimates are made

Resolved—3rd, That it is the opinion of this meeting, that if a sufficient sum cannot be raised by subscription, then they recommend that the corporate powers of the Town of Jacksonville be so amended according to the statute, as to raise the requisite amount by taxation.

Ordered, That the committee collect one hundred of subscription in cash and the remainder when called for.

[From the Cherokee Advertiser.] Mr. Editor:—Your "correction" in your last issue as to myself, being itself, in some particulars, incorrect, I avail myself of your kind invitation to make my own statement.

I am so averse to obtruding my humble name before the public, that I have not always corrected misapprehensions as to my true position or feelings, even when I thought it likely misapprehensions existed. But I so highly appreciate the good opinion of my friends, and especially the very flattering opinions, which so many of all parties, even those opposed to me, have been kind enough to express as to my humble effort to discharge the very important and often difficult duties of Circuit Judge, that I hope I will be excused for availing myself of your kind invitation to make my own correction

I thought my position and feelings were well known to all who knew me, as I have no private opinions or wishes on public subjects.

I have been at all times opposed to secession, or any effort to sever the Government; believed and said it would lead to the very evils which have been so terribly realized by us. But I did not, and do not now believe, that all or even the great mass of those who advocated those measures were bad men.—On the contrary I have always felt and said that the most of them (though as I thought terribly mistaken) acted from as pure motives as I could claim to have acted from, in opposing those measures

I thought, and still think, that extreme men of both parties (though often otherwise good men) brought on our late terrible troubles, kept them up during the war, and have kept up the strife since the war.

I am, and always have been, opposed to extreme men and extreme measures—even our holy Religion may be run into fanaticism by extremes, and become a curse to the country.

I am under all circumstances in favor of doing the best I can, under the circumstances, for my country. If I cannot secure all I want, I am in favor of securing all the good I can, and avoiding all the evil I can.

Since I have been on the Bench, I have refused to take any active part in politics, have attended no Convention, and only one political meeting, and unyieldingly refused to take any part in that. I was in favor of the "Convention," as the best we could do under the circumstances, and I earnestly strove during the Convention to confine its action to mild and conciliatory measures, believing that kindness and negotiation and magnanimity would produce real union among our people, (which I so much desire) and whose harshness and pro- scription and vindictiveness and disfranchisement could only produce discontent and strife and disunion—possibly submission, but never real union.

After the Convention adopted the Constitution as proposed for ratification, I could not approve of it, and did not vote for it. But I am still earnestly anxious for reconstruction upon any reasonable terms at the earliest day at which so desirable an object can be secured and am willing to cooperate with any one in securing that result.

But what I most desired to say and did say, was that I was not a candidate in the late election. Believing that the Judgeship should be neither sought nor declined, I said to my friends who asked me to become a candidate that "if the people of the Circuit and the Powers that be, wished me to continue to hold the office of Judge, I would willingly do so," but refused to become a candidate, or allow my name to be so announced—said publicly more than one hundred times that I was not, and would not be a candidate—took no part in the canvass—was not in Cherokee, Cleburne or Calhoun counties after the election was ordered, and only in St. Clair during Chancery court there, and of course did not "run on the Republican ticket and get beaten."

I did not say (as you make me say) that the publication of my name as a candidate by the Huntsville Advocate and the Montgomery Sentinel was "unknown" to me, but that it was not procured or authorized by me directly or indirectly, and was not known to me until after it was so published. I said nothing about not "affiliating" with any party, though I have not affiliated with any party. I have endeavored at all times, to do that which I thought my poor bleeding country required of me without reference to party. These things were all well known where I live, and I thought were well known at least throughout the circuit. Oh! that a spirit of kindness and an honest toleration of differences of opinion could again pervade our once happy country, and exclude all intolerance and bitterness and unscrupulous crimination and recrimination.

Respectfully yours, B. T. POPE. P. S.—Will the papers which may have copied your previous statements do me the kindness to copy this communication.

[From the Montgomery Advertiser.] THE KU KLUX KLAN! MONTGOMERY IN DANGER. The Whole Country in Excitement.

WHAT DOES IT MEAN AND WHERE WILL IT END? The Ku Klux organization has reached in number and power a strength of hideous proportions. In a spirit of sincere kindness to all evil politicians, renegades, scoundrels, and wrong doers generally, we advise them not to show their wicked heads at night. The poor negroes who have been taught deeds of lawlessness, and to place their rusty heels upon the necks of their old master's wives and daughters are particularly in danger of this awful Klan, if what we hear is true. We beseech these midnight Klans to have mercy on the negroes. They have only obeyed the dictates of the mean whites and carpet baggers who had perfect control of them, and will doubtless behave lawfully and well in the future. If our feeble voice can have any weight, we beg the Klan to spare the negro; the hellish designs of the carpet baggers are well nigh exposed, and we hope the negro will not be molested for, at least, one week, provided he keeps in doors at night, and is accused of no more dark deeds.

A Charleston contemporary in alluding to the Ku Klux Klan says: It is one of those straws which, drifting upon the surface of the body politic, in escape from unendurable outrage and unlawful tyranny, point in the direction of revolution. When Robespierre the tyrant, and Marat the wolf, surrounded by the wild beasts of Paris, were hipping the best blood of France, they little thought their own was to follow. Little did they dream that the guillotine was already prepared, and that the day was at hand when they would be swept from their own streets amidst the crash of grape shot, and to fall at their own doors under bloody sabres and trampling horses. The law of violence is reaction of violence. "In that which has been, behold the thing which will be, and there is no new thing under the sun." We have been informed that this Klan will soon have a foot-hold in every town and village in the South, and sooner or later they may burst forth in all their fury, and the horrors of their doings will be too fearful to contemplate.—Their past conduct shows that they will spare none whom they doubt. It is said that the organization in this State exceeds seventy-five thousand men, and is continually on the increase.

The word "Klux," which designates a band of "Regulators" in Texas and other Western States, is supposed to be derived from the Greek word *kluxos*, which signifies a circle. The "Klux Klan" condemns all violation of law, and those who attempt wrongful acts may find a Power interposing its authority which is only terrible to thieves and wretches.

THE KUKLUX IN MONTGOMERY—THEIR WARNING NOTE.

That the K. K. organization in Montgomery has reached a powerful position no one can deny. It is reported that they are recruited every night by members from all the surrounding counties. It is said that they leave the city cemetery about 12 o'clock on two nights every week. On all the other nights they are represented by spies, and committees from the Klan, who report what they have seen. It seems that they are determined to spare none who they doubt, and to leave none untouched who are guilty.

Like our contemporary of the Mobile Tribune; the Klan has been sending us its note of warning.

On retiring home about half past eleven o'clock last night, we found the following document on the door step. We reproduce it without comment.

WE HAVE COME! WE ARE HERE! WE ARE HERE!

When the black cats are gliding under the shadows of darkness, and the death watch ticks at the lone hour of midnight, then we, the pale riders, are abroad. Speak in whispers and we hear you. Dream as you sleep in the inmost recesses of your houses, and hovering over your beds we gather your sleeping thoughts while our daggers are at your throats.

Beware! Take heed! Given under our hand in the Day of the Sacred Blood on the Mystical Day of the Bloody Moon!!

B. K. N. & L. G. Q. Grand Cyclops of the Ku Klux Klan. For the Kluth Division.

To be executed by the Grand White Death and the Rattling Skeleton.

Proceeding into the house, we found on the entrance door, the following mysterious document, printed on blue paper with golden letters.

We know you by reputation. You belong to the newspaper fraternity. You warn you by command of the Great High Giant to keep in doors at the next meeting of the "Union League." You must have no reporters there. We may be about there ourselves, one thousand strong, and will annihilate all outsiders who come to report our doings. By order of the Great Post High Giant.

B. X. L. C. P. C. T. The Klan may rest satisfied that we will not be there, and we earnestly entreat all others to keep away, and thereby be not witnesses of the effusion of blood, which may be brought about by the two secret organizations, known as "Union League," and Ku Klux Klan.

When this murderous work is finished, we who are not members of either Klan, can truthfully say "shake not your zory locks at me, thou canst not say I did it."

Administrators Notice. Letters of Administration on the estate of James J. Scott, late of Cleburne Co. Ala. deceased, having been granted to the undersigned on the 9th day of March, 1868, by the Hon. H. D. Chandler, Judge of the Probate Court of Cleburne County.—Notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against said estate, to present them, legally authenticated, within the time prescribed by law, and those indebted to said estate are required to make immediate payment.

March 28, 1868.—W. WIGGINTON, Adm.

CONSIGN YOUR GOODS TO CROSSWELL & CO. Having rented the Warehouse, known as the "Petitbone Warehouse," belonging to the Selma Rome and Dalton R. Co. for a term of years, we are now prepared to offer to the citizens of Calhoun, Talladega, and the northern part of the State generally, accommodations superior to any they have ever had, in the way of taking care of, and forwarding Goods. With the bargained commodious floating "What Boat," "Allegonia," at the foot of the slide, we are prepared to store any amount of Freight, well protected from rain, a good watchman, efficient Clerks, and immediately at the Depot, where the usual amount of handling and drayage is avoided; nothing more being required when your Goods are consigned to Crosswell & Co., and they will be forthcoming in due time. The Cabin and State Rooms of the Magnolia are in good repair, and under the supervision of Lynch & Nelson, two of the best Stewards on the Alabama River, who are prepared to furnish good clean Beds, and meals to the travelling public, who may wish to be sure of getting a Boat, arriving at any time of the night, and upon reasonable terms. Selma, March 28, 1868.—1y.

Notice to Trustees. The Comptroller, in a letter under date of March 16th, replying to some enquiries in regard to the School Fund for the year 1867, says: "A statement of the amount due your county (Calhoun) will be forwarded in a few days, and will be paid out of the treasury as fast as the funds can be spared to the county."

The Trustees of several Townships have not sent in their annual report of the condition of schools. This is necessary before they can draw their pro rata share of the fund. The amount due each township, according to the distribution of the Comptroller, will be paid over as soon as received, in all cases in which the law has been fully complied with. First come, first served.

JOHN A. FLEMING, Superintendent, C. C. March 28, 1868.—2t.

DR. M. W. FRANCIS, HAS resumed the duties of his profession in all its branches. Office, N. W. Corner of Public Square, JACKSONVILLE, ALA. November 18, 1865.—4f.

Tax Assessor's Notice.

I WILL at the following times and places, to assess the State and County Tax of Calhoun County, for the year 1868.

Jacksonville, Pre. No. 1, Tuesday, April 14 June Bug, " " 8, Wednesday " 15 Oxford, " " 13, Thursday " 16 Maddox, " " 4, Friday " 17 Polkville, " " 14, Saturday " 18 Peck's Hill, " " 5, Monday " 20 Alexandria, " " 2, Tuesday " 21 Peck's Hill, " " 6, Wednesday " 22 Vessell's, " " 7, Thursday " 23 Walden's Sh'p, " " 8, Friday " 24 Yoe's R. R.'s, " " 12, Saturday " 25 White Plains, " " 11, Wednesday " 29 Rabbit Town, " " 10, Thursday " 30 Ladiga, " " 9, Friday, May 1

No change of consequence in the Revenue Law, hence Tax Payers will give in as heretofore. Old officers have been continued by the Military, I am therefore continued in office. Only one HOWELL, Tax Assessor, W. P. HOWELL, Tax Assessor, Calhoun Co. Ala. March 28th, 1868.—5t.

J. C. Francis, Jr. ALABAMA. Baskerville, Sherman & Co. Wholesale Grocers, AND Commission Merchants, 260 Canal Street, New York.

J. M. ELLIOTT, W. S. COTHRAN, E. R. SMITH. J. M. Elliott & Co., WAREHOUSE & COMMISSION MERCHANTS, Rome, Ga.

Also Agents for the Steamboat Line on the Coosa River. J. M. ELLIOTT & CO. March 21, '68.

Notice. JURY certificates & con. claims from No. 120, 1867 to 419, for 1865 & from No. 1 to 28, for the year 1866 will be paid upon presentation to the undersigned.

L. W. CANNON, C. Tr. STATE OF ALABAMA, Calhoun County, Court of Probate for said County, March the 18th, A. D. 1868.

THIS day came N. B. Dearman, Administrator of the Estate of J. A. Turnipseed deceased, and presents and tenders his resignation as administrator of the same, accompanied with an account current between himself and said estate for a final settlement of his administration of said Estate; there upon—

It is Ordered by the Court, that the 20th day of April, 1868, be set for making said settlement; and that notice thereof be given by publication in the Jacksonville Republican, a Newspaper published in said county, for three successive weeks, prior to said day, as a notice to all persons concerned, to be and appear at a special Term of said Court, to be held at the Court House of said county, on said 20th day of April, 1868, and contest said account if they think proper.

A. WOODS, Judge of Probate. This 21st March, 1868.—3t.

THE STATE OF ALABAMA, Calhoun County, Court of Probate for said County, August 15th, A. D. 1867.

THIS day came J. P. Watkins and G. L. B. Donnell, Administrators of the Estate of James W. Watkins, deceased, and present and tender their account and vouchers for a partial settlement of said Estate, and thereupon, it is ordered by the Court, that the 20th day of April, 1868, be set for making said settlement, and that notice thereof be given by publication in the Jacksonville Republican, a Newspaper printed and published in said county, for three successive weeks, prior to said day, as a notice to all persons concerned, to be and appear at the court house of said county on said 20th day of April, 1868, and contest said account if they think proper.

A. WOODS, Judge of Probate. March 21st, 1868.—3t.

Coosa River Steamboat Mail Line. FREIGHTS REDUCED! Via Charleston, S. C., & Rome, Ga. For Spring of 1868. PER STEAMERS

Mewah Undine. Great Through Freight Line. FROM NEW YORK & BALTIMORE, TO GREENSBORO, ALA.

THROUGH RATES TO GREENSBORO. From New York. From Baltimore. 1st Class, \$2 50 \$2 10 2d Class, " 2 18 " 1 88 3d Class, " 1 80 " 1 65 4th Class, " 1 64 " 1 49 5th Class, " 1 34 " 1 24

Directions to Shippers of Goods. Mark via Charleston, care of J. M. ELLIOTT & CO., Agents, Rome, Ga., and Greensboro, Ala.

All Through Freights can be paid to JOHN C. ALLEN & CO. on delivery of Goods at Greensboro.

N. B.—Steamers leave Rome every Tuesday and Saturday, at 7, A. M.; leave Greensboro every Wednesday at 7 A. M.; leave Gadsden every Sunday at 7, A. M. Arrive at Rome every Thursday and Monday.

J. M. ELLIOTT, General Supt. Steamboat Line. C. M. PENNINGTON, Eng. & Sup. R. R. J. B. PECK, M. T. W. & A. R. R. E. W. COLE, Gen. Supt. Ga. R. R. H. T. PEAKE, Supt. S. C. R. R. Rome, Ga., March 10th, 1868.—1m.

LEGAL ADVERTISEMENTS.

Notice to Creditors. Of Estate of Jane B. Alexander, dec. NOTICE is hereby given, that Letters of Administration upon the Estate of Jane B. Alexander, deceased, were granted to the undersigned, by the Probate Court of Calhoun County, Ala., on the 1st day of February, 1868, all claims are therefore notified to present any claim they may have against said estate to me, duly authenticated, within the time prescribed by law; or they will be barred. JOHN J. WILSON, Adm'r of said Estate.

THE STATE OF ALABAMA, Calhoun County, Court of Probate for said county, Special Term, March 24, A. D. 1868.

THIS day came James R. Hollingsworth, Adm'r of the Estate and John Hollingsworth, dec'd, and presented and filed in court his account and vouchers for a final settlement of said estate—and thereupon, it is ordered by the court, that the 30th day of March, 1868, be set for making said settlement, and that notice thereof be given by publication in the Jacksonville Republican, a Newspaper published in said county, for three successive weeks prior to said day, as a notice to all persons concerned, to be and appear at a special Term of said court to be held at the Court House of said county on said 30th day of March, 1868, and contest said account if they think proper.

A. WOODS, Judge of Probate. March 7th, 1868.

Notice to Creditors of the Estate of Jason Campbell, dec'd. LETTERS of Administration were granted to the undersigned on the 28th day of February, 1868, by the Hon. A. Woods, Judge of the Probate Court of Calhoun County, Ala., upon the Estate of said Jason Campbell, dec'd; therefore all persons having claims against said estate will present them to me, duly authenticated as required by law within eighteen months from the date of this notice or they will after the lapse of said time be barred. WASHINGTON DICKIE, Adm'r. March 7th, 1868.

NOTICE IN BANKRUPTCY. THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE, That on the 5th day of February, A. D. 1868, a Warrant in Bankruptcy was issued against the Estate of JOSEPH B. FORNEY, of Jacksonville, in the County of Calhoun, and State of Alabama, who has been adjudged a Bankrupt on his own Petition: That the payment of any debts, and delivery of any property belonging to such Bankrupt, to him, or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him, are forbidden by law: That a meeting of the Creditors of the said Bankrupt to prove their debts, and to choose one or more Assignees of his Estate, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy, to be held at Jacksonville, Calhoun County, Ala., before JOSEPH W. BURKE, Register, on the 24th day of February, A. D. 1868, at 11 o'clock A. M.

E. E. DOUGLASS, U. S. Marshal as Messenger, Northern Dist. of Ala.

By order of the court herein the meeting of creditors has been adjourned to the 28th day of April, 1868, at 2 o'clock P. M.

E. E. DOUGLASS, U. S. Marshal as Messenger, Northern Dist. of Ala. Mar. 14, '68.—1t.

NOTICE IN BANKRUPTCY. THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE, That on the 5th day of February, A. D. 1868, a Warrant in Bankruptcy was issued against the Estate of RYAN & ROWLAND, Partners and Individuals of Jacksonville, in the County of Calhoun, and State of Alabama, who have been adjudged Bankrupts on their own Petition: That the payment of any debts, and delivery of any property belonging to such Bankrupts to them, or for their use, and the transfer of any property by him, are forbidden by law: That a meeting of the Creditors of the said Bankrupts to prove their debts, and to choose one or more Assignees of their Estates will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy, to be held at Jacksonville, Ala., before Joseph W. Burke, Register, on the 24th day of February, A. D. 1868, at 10 o'clock A. M.

E. E. DOUGLASS, U. S. Marshal as Messenger, Northern Dist. of Ala.

By order of the court herein the meeting of creditors has been adjourned to the 28th day of April, 1868, at 12 o'clock M.

E. E. DOUGLASS, U. S. Marshal as Messenger, Northern Dist. of Ala. Mar. 14, '68.—1t.

NOTICE IN BANKRUPTCY. THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE, That on the 5th day of February, A. D. 1868, a Warrant in Bankruptcy was issued against the Estate of THOMAS T. MCADAMS, in the County of Calhoun, and State of Alabama, who has been adjudged a Bankrupt on his own Petition: That the payment of any debts, and delivery of any property belonging to such Bankrupt, to him, or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him, are forbidden by law: That a meeting of the creditors of the said Bankrupt to prove their debts, and to choose one or more Assignees of his Estate, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy, to be held at Jacksonville, Calhoun County, Ala., before Joseph W. Burke, Register, on the 24th day of February, A. D. 1868, at 12 o'clock M.

E. E. DOUGLASS, U. S. Marshal as Messenger, Northern Dist. of Ala.

By order of the court herein the meeting of creditors has been adjourned to the 28th day of April, 1868, at 12 o'clock M.

E. E. DOUGLASS, U. S. Marshal as Messenger, Northern Dist. of Ala. Mar. 14, '68.—1t.

NOTICE IN BANKRUPTCY. THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE, That on the 5th day of February, A. D. 1868, a Warrant in Bankruptcy was issued against the Estate of THOMAS T. MCADAMS, in the County of Calhoun, and State of Alabama, who has been adjudged a Bankrupt on his own Petition: That the payment of any debts, and delivery of any property belonging to such Bankrupt, to him, or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him, are forbidden by law: That a meeting of the creditors of the said Bankrupt to prove their debts, and to choose one or more Assignees of his Estate, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy, to be held at Jacksonville, Calhoun County, Ala., before Joseph W. Burke, Register, on the 24th day of February, A. D. 1868, at 12 o'clock M.

E. E. DOUGLASS, U. S. Marshal as Messenger, Northern Dist. of Ala.

By order of the court herein the meeting of creditors has been adjourned to the 28th day of April, 1868, at 3 o'clock P. M.

E. E. DOUGLASS, U. S. Marshal as Messenger, Northern Dist. of Ala. March 14, 1868.—1t.

District Court of the United States for the Northern District of Alabama—in Bankruptcy. In the matter of John L. Mattison, Bankrupt. Northern District of Alabama, vs.:

THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE, That on the 7th day of March, A. D. 1868, a Warrant in Bankruptcy was issued out of the District Court of the United States for the Northern District of Alabama, against the Estate of John L. Mattison, in the County of Calhoun, in said district, and that a Bankrupt on his own Petition: That the payment of any debts, and delivery of any property belonging to such Bankrupt, to him, or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him, are forbidden by law: and that a meeting of the Creditors of said Bankrupt to prove their debts, and to choose one or more Assignees of his Estate, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy, to be held at the Register's Court, Jacksonville, Ala., before Joseph W. Burke, Esq., Register in Bankruptcy for said district, on the 28th day of April, A. D. 1868, at 12 o'clock M.

E. E. DOUGLASS, U. S. Marshal as Messenger, Northern Dist. of Ala. Mar. 14, '68.—1t.

BLANK LAND DEEDS, and DEEDS IN TRUST, neatly and correctly printed, at sale by the quire or single copy, at this office. Also every description of Blanks for Notices of the Peace.

LATEST NEWS.

FROM WASHINGTON.

Washington, March 18.—It is stated that the impeachment managers are examining the President's witnesses with a view of shortening the trial by admitting any points he may desire, and may be able to prove.

It is said the McCordle opinion is prepared. Millor and Swayne dissenting. The opinion is said to be strongly adverse to the constitutionality of the reconstruction acts, but it is doubtful whether it will be promulgated before the bill forbidding it becomes a law.—The judgment cannot be rendered after the act removing jurisdiction becomes a law.—See Chism vs the State of Georgia.

CONGRESSIONAL.

HOUSE.

WASHINGTON, March 18.

The bill declaring that the provisions of State constitutions should make no distinctions on account of color was voted on and discussed at great length.—Stevens proposed an amendment, giving suffrage to every male born or naturalized in the United States, and forbidding any distinctions except on account of crime, and supported it by a long speech. Both referred to the judiciary committee.

Farnsworth, from the reconstruction committee, reported a bill for the admission of Alabama representatives somewhat similar to the one recommended.

He notified the House that he would ask a vote to-morrow. Adjourned.

FROM WASHINGTON.

Stevens Opposes the Admission of Alabama.

Washington, March 19.—Stevens will oppose the new Alabama bill, though his vitality depends so much on stimulants that the democrats place little reliance on his defection.

FROM CINCINNATI.

Terrible Explosion of the Steamer Magnolia.

Cincinnati, March 19.—Persons who escaped from the explosion of the steamer Magnolia, by which forty were killed, give terrible accounts of the affair.—Some were blown high, others blown into the river, others horribly mangled, scalded and burned to death on the wreck.

CONGRESSIONAL.

SENATE.

WASHINGTON, March 19.

The bill removing the disabilities of Butler, representative from Tennessee was discussed. During the discussion it transpired that the Senate judiciary committee was considering a bill relieving persons who had been loyal since 1862; also that Senators do not consider the 14th article a part of the constitution. The matter was postponed.

HOUSE.

The bill providing for a vacancy in the Chief Justiceship was passed.

The Federal Bureau extension was resumed. Maynard said he had received threatening intimations from the Ku-Klux Klan of Tennessee. It was denied positively and indignantly that Gen. Howard was an amalgamationist. Wood said he could prove some of these things on Howard. A motion to table was defeated—34 to 100. The bill passed, 97 to 37—a strict party vote.—The bill continues the bureau for one year from May next, and authorizes its re-establishment in Maryland and Kentucky.

The appropriation was resumed and discussed to adjournment.

GENERAL INTELLIGENCE.

The Alabama admission was not up to day. There is serious doubt in the matter. Poland proposed a new election within sixty days. It seems conceded that Alabama will not be admitted without another election.

FROM WASHINGTON.

McCulloch on the Reduction of Taxes.

Washington, March 20.—Secretary McCulloch estimates that the recent and pending tax laws will bring the revenue \$120,000,000 below his estimates, and apprehends that the customs will be affected unfavorably by the reduction of the taxes in such a summary manner.

Stanton has issued an Order.

CONGRESSIONAL.

HOUSE.

A resolution was adopted that during the sessions of the impeachment court the House would attend in committee of the whole.

SENATE.

Drake offered a new impeachment rule, that during the session of the court Chase be called Mr. President, and the court shall be addressed as the Senate. He remarked that the President's counsel studiously addressed Chase Mr. Chief Justice, and alluded to the Senate as the court. They had a distinct purpose in this, which would be developed during the trial.

Johnson objected to immediate consideration, and the order went over. After executive session the Senate adjourned.

The House judiciary committee is preparing a bill declaring the 14th article ratified. There are less greenbacks in the Treasury now than at any time since the war. Gold in the Treasury \$100,000,000 Greenbacks \$356,000,090; fractional currency, \$30,000,000; national bank currency, \$06,000,000.

There was a full Cabinet meeting today, including Thomas. Gen. Hancock and Col Mitchell have arrived.

In the Supreme Court, the State of Georgia vs. Grant et al., on motion of Judge Black process was ordered to issue in this case. A motion for a preliminary injunction was held under advisement.

Stanton has issued an order relieving Gen. Derwick, governor of the Soldiers' Home, in this District. This is not done on the President's order and is regarded as a step in advance.

FROM NEW ORLEANS.

The river at this point is steadily rising. The Times says the latest news from the Grand Levee is that it is incomplete. The hands are scattering and nothing is known as to the continuance of the work.

Should this levee break, thirteen parishes will be overflowed.

FROM WASHINGTON.

California Rejects the Fourteenth Article.

The New Constitution—Doubtful in Texas and Lost in Arkansas.

Drake's New Rule Don't Take Well.

News from the Erie R. R. Improbable.

Pennsylvania Elections Show Democratic Gains.

A Whiskey Swindler Makes a Half Million Cheaply.

Washington, March 21.—The California Legislature has rejected the 14th article by 46 to 24.

Gen. Hancock doubts the success of the Constitution in Texas.

A Memphis dispatch states that the majority in Arkansas against the constitution is 15,000.

It is said that the Astors back Vanderbilt in his fight with the Erie Railroad.

The State Senate is investigating the affairs of the Erie road with closed doors.

Pennsylvania municipal elections show democratic gains.

Drake's new rule of procedure, de-nominating the presiding officer Mr. President instead of Mr. Chief Justice, will induce a long debate. It is suggested that Drake is usurping the functions of the managers in countering the hidden purposes of the defense.

John Denlin, charged with defrauding the whisky revenue of half a million, has been fined \$500 and imprisoned for two years.

FROM WASHINGTON.

CONGRESSIONAL.

HOUSE.

The postoffice and army appropriations passed with unimportant amendments. An effort to reduce the regular army to 30,000 was defeated.

The President and Gen Hancock had a prolonged interview to-day.

A small party of Virginia radicals have been complaining to Senators of Seofield. They were referred to Grant.

The particulars have not transpired. In the House, on the bill muzzling the Supreme Court, Woodward characterized the action of the House as indecent. Maynard said the indecency was on the part of the Supreme Court, which seeks to transcend its legitimate sphere and decide political questions.

A process was issued from the Court against Grant, Meade, Ruger and Rockwell, returnable December 1st, to answer in the Georgia case. The Court retains under advisement a preliminary injunction against these parties.

FROM ARKANSAS.

MEMPHIS, March 22.—A dispatch from Little Rock says complete election returns are in from but few counties; but the returns received show a large falling off in the negro vote.

The majority against the Constitution will be larger than was anticipated.

The Whites voted almost unanimously against the Constitution.

Yellowish and Yazoo rivers are out of their banks.

FROM WASHINGTON.

WASHINGTON, March 22.—Commodore Biddle's sword has been recovered, but the thief is still at large.

A cable special to the New York Herald says the Pope gave a gracious reception to Admiral Farragut and suite. The Admiral will remain in Rome a month.

Garibaldi has written to Minister Marsh declining to act as diplomatic agent for the United States.

FROM WASHINGTON.

WASHINGTON, March 23.—By a vote of six to two, the Supreme Court has determined to postpone the decision in the McCordle case, on the ground of the pending legislation affecting the jurisdiction of the Court.

The proposed Constitution is defeated in Arkansas by votes actually cast

against it—defeated by a majority of the votes cast on the question of ratification.

SENATE.

MARCH 23rd, 1868.

It was ordered that 5,000 copies of the impeachment proceedings be printed.

A bill making appropriations for the expenses of the impeachment trial was referred to the Committee on Contingent Expenses.

A bill to re-organize the State Department was referred to the Committee on Retrenchment.

A bill to re-organize the Circuit Courts of the United States was referred to the Committee on Judiciary.

At 12:30, the President pro tem, announced the suspension of business for the impeachment order, which was argued till 1 o'clock, when Chief Justice Chase proclaimed the Court open.

The Journal was read, the Managers were informed, the President's counsel appeared, etc.

Mr. Davis, of Kentucky, submitted a motion that the Senate as constituted did not constitute an Impeachment Court as contemplated by the Constitution, ten States, without their consent, being ignored.

Only Mr. Davis and Mr. McCreery, both of Kentucky, voted aye.

Chief Justice Chase intimated that the Court was ready for the President's answer.

Mr. Stanberry said it was ready; but the counsel had been compelled to devote every hour allowed in governing private business and encroaching on habitual refreshments and necessary recreations to its preparation.

The answer was read by Stanberry, Kverts, and Curtis, by turns.

The President's counsel asked thirty days in which to prepare for trial.

A two hours' argument ensued; when the request was refused, ayes 41, nays 12—a strict party vote.

A motion to postpone the time for proceeding to trial until after the replication by the House failed.

Mr. Johnson moved that ten days be allowed, as an amendment to the motion of the President's counsel for reasonable time; but the Senate and the Court adjourned without action.

HOUSE.

MARCH 23, 1868.

Also a bill for the improvement of the Mississippi River.

The House, in Committee of the Whole, proceeded to the Senate Chamber.

On the return of the Committee Mr. Bingham informed the House that the President's answer had been anticipated, and that the Managers were ready.

On motion, the House will meet at 11 A. M. to-morrow, to consider the replication.

Adjourned.

DISASTROUS FIRE IN TALLADEGA.

[SPECIAL TO THE TIMES AND MESSENGER.] TALLADEGA, Ala., March 25

A heavy and most disastrous conflagration occurred here last night, commencing about half past 6 o'clock. It had its origin in the ware room of R. A. Mosley, Jr., & Bro.

Notwithstanding the utmost efforts to subdue it the flames soon gained such headway as to be entirely beyond control, and did not cease their devouring course until all the north side of the public square had been totally consumed.

The drugstore of Vandiver and Henderson, that of R. A. Mosley Jr., & Bro., the brick building known as Curry's, one room occupied by Mosley & Bro. for dry goods, all the north side of the square, were burned.

The R-reporter office, the Old Fellow's Hall, Pritchard's Photograph Gallery, and a number of other offices were destroyed.

The loss is estimated at \$50,000 to \$75,000. No insurance.

Keith's wooden buildings on the northeast corner, and from Wood & Bro's up to the northwest corner were saved after great exertions.

WASHINGTON, March 25.

Stewart introduced a bill creating a provisional government for Alabama.

It declares the late defeated constitution the fundamental law of the State except wherein it conflicts with the Federal Constitution, and authorizes the State officers voted for at the late election to qualify and discharge their duties, as provided in the defeated constitution on the first of May. It provides for the convening of the Legislature and the re-submission of the constitution, which a majority of the votes shall ratify. The Legislature is required to ratify the 14th article. The military commanders are to furnish all aid necessary to enforce this act.

Oh! Them Happy Days.—How I day long to see the happy days again. Them days when the sun did n't rise afore breakfast.

Them days when a man married 125 lbs. of woman.

And less nor 25 lbs. of close, wif' told.

Them days when pollyticks was the exception and honesty the rule.

Them days when everybody was smart, and yourself the only fule.

Them days when every body's wife wasn't eternally ringing in your years;

"Oh! dear, do get me a battle of English Foma le Bitters."

PHOTOGRAPHS, AMBROTYPES, &c.

E. COOPE, Artist.

(Formerly of Asheville, Ala.)

Rooms first door north of E. L. Woodward's Store. June 16, 1866

ISBELL & SON, BANKERS, Tallulega, Ala.

ARE now Discounting Bills on Selma, Mobile, New Orleans and New York. Checking on all these cities at sight, and furnish Exchange on Europe. They buy GOLD, SILVER, Old Bank Notes, Compound Interest and Seven Thirty Notes. They receive Gold, Silver and Currency on Deposit—guaranteeing safety, and pay back same in sums to suit parties, free of any charge. Feb. 8, 1868.—ly.

T. FRED WYNN, Jacksonville.

CHAS. G. WYNN, New York.

"Keep it Before the People,"

THAT NEW AND CHEAP GOODS

MAY BE HAD AT THE NEW STORE OF

T. F. WYNN & CO.

One door north of the Hotel. Our stock is entirely new, consisting in part of Dry Goods, Clothing, Hats, Caps, Boots, Shoes, Hardware, Crockery, Groceries, &c.

And in fact every thing usually found in a well selected Stock, all of which have been purchased exclusively for Cash, by one of our firm who resides in New York, and possessing the advantage of being always in market, ready to take advantage of every decline in prices; we feel confident, with such facilities we can keep our Stock constantly replenished at the VERY LOWEST POSSIBLE FIGURES. Being determined to spare neither capital or pains to supply our friends and the public generally with CHEAP GOODS, we solicit a liberal share of patronage. Our Terms are Exclusively Cash.

Jacksonville, Ala. Dec. 14, 1867.—3m.

T. F. WYNN & CO.

NEW GROCERY, CONFECTIONERY AND PROVISION STORE.

HORN & TURNLEY,

INFORM the citizens of Jacksonville and vicinity, that they have just opened on the east side of the public square, a large, varied and well selected stock of

FAMILY GROCERIES.

CONSULTING IN PARTS OF Sugar, Coffee and Melasses, Bacon, Lard and Salt, Rice, Flour and Meal, Cheese, Crackers and Spices, Mackerel, Oysters and Sardines, Fruits and Confectionaries.

With every other article usually needed or called for in a well assorted Family Grocery. We intend to keep our assortment at all times full and complete, and hope by ready and extensive sales to be enabled to sell low.

We will EXCHANGE Groceries, &c for every description of COUNTRY PRODUCE. Our Terms CASH, where exchange is not made.

Our establishment being a convenient, desirable, long needed and desired by the citizens of the Town and vicinity, we expect and solicit a liberal and generous patronage, which will mutually benefit both buyer and seller in proportion to extent.

Call in and examine our stock—and buy your SUPPLIES. Jacksonville, Ala. Dec. 14, 1867.

Administrator's Notice.

LETTERS of Administration on the Estate of Kellef Coker, late of Calhoun county, deceased, having been granted to the undersigned on the 7th day of February, 1868, by the Hon. A. D. Chandler, Judge of the Probate Court of Calhoun county: Notice is hereby given to all persons indebted to said Estate to come forward and make payment in terms of the law, and all persons having claims against said estate are required to present them within the time prescribed by law, or they will be barred.

JAMES BABER, Adm. Feb. 20, 1868.—6t.

Mary Abel, vs. Wm. Dohard, et. als. } In Chancery at Jacksonville, Feb 27th, 1868.

THIS day came the complaint by her Solicitor, and moved the Register for an Order of Publication against the non-resident defendant, J. K. P. Abel, and it appearing to the satisfaction of the Register, by the affidavit of the solicitor, M. J. Turnley, that J. K. P. Abel, one of the defendants, is a non-resident of this State, and as he is advised and believes, is a resident of Anderson county, near Macosta post office, in the State of Texas, and that he is over the age of 21 years.

It is therefore ordered by the Register, that publication be made in the Jacksonville Republican, a Newspaper published in the Town of Jacksonville, Ala., for four consecutive weeks, requiring him the said J. K. P. Abel, to answer or demur to the bill of complaint in this cause, by the 20th day of April, 1868, or in thirty days thereafter, a decree pro confesso may be taken.

Done, at office, this 27th day of February, 1868.

Wm. M. HAMES, Register, &c. Feb. 20th, 1868.—4t.—\$15 00.

Elvira Lackey, vs. W. S. Lackey, et als. } IN CHANCERY, At Jacksonville, Feb. 27th, 1868.

THIS day came the complaint, by her Solicitor, M. J. Turnley, and it appearing to the satisfaction of the Register, by the Solicitor's affidavit, that Margaret E. Lackey one of the defendants, is a non-resident of this State, and that she resides in Tusculum county in the State of Tennessee, near Dunlop post office, and that she is over the age of 21 years.

It is therefore ordered by the Register, that publication be made in the Jacksonville Republican, a Newspaper published in the Town of Jacksonville, Calhoun county, Alabama, for four consecutive weeks, requiring the said Margaret E. Lackey, to answer or demur to the bill of complaint in this cause, by the 20th day of April, 1868, or in thirty days thereafter, a decree pro confesso may be taken.

Done, at office, this 27th day of February, 1868.

Wm. M. HAMES, Register, &c. Feb. 20th, 1868.—4t.—\$15 00.

THE STATE OF ALABAMA, Calhoun County, Court of Probate for Calhoun County, Ala. Feb. 27th, A. D. 1868.

AT this term of the court letters of Administration were granted to W. F. Hlannah, upon the Estate of J. Williams Hlannah, late of said county, deceased; all persons having claims against said estate are hereby notified to present them to said W. F. Hlannah, duly authenticated within the time prescribed by law, or they will be barred by the statute. This 21st March, 1868.

A. WOODS, Judge of Probate.

LEGAL ADVERTISEMENTS.

THE STATE OF ALABAMA, Calhoun County, Court of Probate for said County, Special Term, Feb. 14th, A. D. 1868.

THIS day came Wm. R. Hubbard, Administrator of the Estate of Joel H. Farmer, deceased, and filed his application in writing, averring that from the best of his knowledge and belief, the Estate of said deceased is insolvent, accompanied with a statement under oath of the assets of said estate; with a list of the creditors who have filed claims against said estate, the amounts thereof and residence of said creditors—and praying that a day be set for the hearing of said application and that said estate be declared insolvent.

It is therefore ordered by the court, that Monday the 30th day of March, 1868, be set for the hearing of said application. And that notice thereof be given, by publication in the Jacksonville Republican, a Newspaper published in said county, for not less than thirty days prior to said 30th day of March, requiring all persons who may desire to contest said application, to be and appear before me on said 30th day of March, at my office in the Town of Jacksonville, and make their objections thereto, if they think proper.

It is further ordered by the court, that said notice be posted upon the Court House door for thirty days prior to said 30th day of March 1868; and that notices issue to all resident creditors.

Given under my hand at office this 14th day of Feb'y, 1868.

Wm. M. HAMES, Register &c, acting as Judge of Probate.

John L. Pinson & F. M. Pinson, vs. F. M. Allen. } CIRCUIT COURT, Appearance Docket, Oct. 4, 1867.

THIS day came the Plaintiffs by their Attorney, and by him motion is made for an Order of Publication against the Defendant, F. M. Allen, as a non-resident; and it appearing that the said F. M. Allen is a non-resident of the State of Alabama—

It is therefore ordered by the court, that publication be made in the Jacksonville Republican, a Newspaper published in the county of Calhoun, for four consecutive weeks, notifying said Defendant of the levy by Attachment on the property of said Defendant, to-wit: one House and Lot in the Town of Alexandria, known as the Vandiver Lot, containing about one and a half acres, more or less, and that a copy of this order be sent by the Clerk of this court to Defendant, if his post office be known.

A true copy from the minutes of said court.

Witness my hand this 20th day of February, A. D. 1868.

G. B. DOUTHIT, Clerk. February 22, 1868.—4t.—\$15 00.

Millie Bureh, et als. vs. James Jett, et als. } In Chancery, at Jacksonville, Feb'y 22nd, 1868.

THIS day came the complainants, by their Solicitors, Ellis & Caldwell, and it appearing to the Register, by the affidavit that William S. Lackey one of the defendants, is a non-resident of this State, and that the particular place of his residence is unknown to affiant, and further, that in the belief of said affiant, the defendant is over twenty-one years of age. It is therefore ordered by the Register, that publication be made in the Jacksonville Republican, a Newspaper published in the Town of Jacksonville, Ala., for four consecutive weeks, requiring him, the said Wm. S. Lackey, to answer or demur to the bill of complaint in this cause, by the 20th day of April, 1868, or in thirty days thereafter, a decree pro confesso may be taken.

Done, at office, this 22nd day of February, 1868.

Wm. M. HAMES, Register, &c. Feb. 22, 1868.—4t.—\$15 00.

THE STATE OF ALABAMA, Calhoun County, Court of Probate for said County, Special Term, Oct. 5, A. D. 1867.

THIS day came Joel L. Love, Administrator of the Estate of John M. Love, deceased, and presents and files in Court his petition in writing, representing in substance that his intestate Estate had owing to it, debts of a bad and doubtful character, a list of which debts are appended to said petition and marked schedule "A"; and said administrator represents that it would be to the interest of said Estate to compromise said bad and doubtful debts, and he therefore asks that an Order of said court be passed authorizing him to compromise and settle said bad and doubtful debts with the parties owing the same; and thereupon, the premises being considered.

It is ordered by the Court, that the 16th day of March, 1868 be set for the hearing and determining upon said petition, and the notice thereof be given by publication in the Jacksonville Republican, a Newspaper published in said county, for three successive weeks prior to said day, as a notice to all persons concerned, to be and appear at a special term of said court, to be held at the court house of said county, on said 16th day of March, 1868, and defend against said petition, if they think proper.

A. WOODS, Judge of Probate. February 22nd, 1868.—3t.

THE STATE OF ALABAMA, Calhoun County, Court of Probate for said County, Special Term, Feb. 22nd, 1868.

WHEREAS, at a special Term of the Probate Court of said county, holden at the Court House of said county, on the 17th day of August, 1867, the Estate of R. G. Earle, deceased, was by an order of said court, declared insolvent, and at the same time, a further order of said court was made, requiring G. E. Ellis, who is the Executor of said Estate, to appear in said court on the 31st day of March, 1868, and make a settlement of his accounts as such Executor; Notice is therefore given to the creditors of said Estate, and all other persons concerned, to be and appear at a special term of said court to be holden at the court house of said county, on said 31st day of March, 1868, and contest said settlement and nominate a future executor or administrator of said estate, if they think proper.

A. WOODS, Judge of Probate. February 22nd, 1868.—5t.

THE STATE OF ALABAMA, Calhoun County, Court of Probate for said County, Special Term, Feb. 22nd, 1868.

WHEREAS, at a special Term of the Probate Court of said county, holden at the Court House of said county, on the 17th day of August, 1867, the Estate of R. G. Earle, deceased, was by an order of said court, declared insolvent, and at the same time, a further order of said court was made, requiring G. E. Ellis, who is the Executor of said Estate, to appear in said court on the 31st day of March, 1868, and make a settlement of his accounts as such Executor; Notice is therefore given to the creditors of said Estate, and all other persons concerned, to be and appear at a special term of said court to be holden at the court house of said county, on said 31st day of March, 1868, and contest said settlement and nominate a future executor or administrator of said estate, if they think proper.

A. WOODS, Judge of Probate. February 22nd, 1868.—5t.

THE STATE OF ALABAMA, Calhoun County, Court of Probate for said County, Special Term, Feb. 22nd, 1868.

WHEREAS, at a special Term of the Probate Court of said county, holden at the Court House of said county, on the



POETRY

MY SECOND "OUT."

From the Pleasant Hill Union.

Here's a breast for every pillow That dashes o'er life's sea...

[From the Southern Home Journal.] THE DEATH OF THE CHRISTIAN WARRIOR.

BY JAMES HENNINGFORD.

"Let us cross the river, and rest in the shade of the trees..."

A hero and Christian lay dying: The friends in his chamber were hushed...

O'er fields freely fought men'sy hovered, He thought of the shade and the breeze...

Then follow his noble example, Till life and its conflicts are o'er...

At the last Bal de l'Opera in Paris, a commercial agent met a masked lady...

Copy of the ordinance is herewith enclosed. M. A. CHESMAN, Comptroller.

In event the Supreme Court shall declare the so-called reconstruction acts unconstitutional...

Are the Governor and Comptroller justifiable in lending themselves to this villainous fraud upon the people's rights.

Hard on the Treasons.—Mr. Harding, a Radical member of the Radical Congress...

APPALACHIAN EXPLOSION. Fearful Loss of Life A Number of Persons Burned to Death.

CINCINNATI, March 18.—The steamer Magnolia, Cincinnati and Maysville regular packet...

RANDOLPH COUNTY.—We learn from a gentleman who has just returned from Randolph and Clay counties...

Wendell Phillips Denounces Mr. Chase and the Senate.

In a letter from Washington, Wendell Phillips says:

The Chief Justice of the Supreme Court is his ally, Salmon P. Chase, mad with the Presidential fever...

The Senate is now the next great danger. There is reason to believe that a serious defection exists among the Republicans on this question...

Paying the Menagerie.

The following circular has been sent out by the Comptroller:

Sir: Ordinance No. 33, paragraph 5, of the Convention which assembled in Montgomery on the 25th day of September, 1867...

In event the Supreme Court shall declare the so-called reconstruction acts unconstitutional, and, consequently, the calling of this Convention illegal...

Hard on the Treasons.—Mr. Harding, a Radical member of the Radical Congress, in speaking of the bill to remove "political disabilities," said:

He had more respect for an honest, open Confederate, who had shown his colors, and had openly fought against us, than a mean sneak who had contemptibly taken the oath of office to the Confederate Government only to betray it.

APPALACHIAN EXPLOSION. Fearful Loss of Life A Number of Persons Burned to Death.

CINCINNATI, March 18.—The steamer Magnolia, Cincinnati and Maysville regular packet, which left here at noon to-day with about one hundred cabin passengers and a large amount of freight...

RANDOLPH COUNTY.—We learn from a gentleman who has just returned from Randolph and Clay counties that Radicalism is growing beautifully less in that section.

A SPLENDID LOT OF Spring & Summer GOODS,

Just Received, and for sale very cheap for cash, by T. F. WYNN & CO.

Call and see them immediately. March 7th, 1868.

ROBT. A. PETTIBONE, (Successor to N. D. JOHNSON & Co.)

RECEIVING AND Forwarding Merchant,

Selma, Alabama. Ware House and Wharf at the terminus of the Alabama and Tennessee Rivers Rail Road.

PAINTS FOR FARMERS & others. The Crawford Mineral Paint Co. are now manufacturing the BEST, CHEAPEST and most DURABLE Paint in use...

DANIEL H. BOWEN, Nov. 16-6m. 254 Pearl St. New York.

BOWEN & HOOPER, Wholesale and Retail GROCERS,

AND DEALERS IN Western Produce. Corner Water and Washington Streets, directly opposite the "Prize House."

Are now opening a full and complete assortment of Groceries and Western Produce, which they offer in Packages or at Retail at the lowest market rates.

THE OLD "JACKSONVILLE HOTEL,"

BY J. D. HAMMOND.

I respectfully announce to the traveling public, and citizens of the Town and County generally, that I am still keeping this Hotel...

Economy & Home Industry. SAVE YOUR RAGS!

THE CHECKASBOGUE MANUFACTURING COMPANY. A CLEAN COTTON and LINEN RAGS in any quantity, and to pay for them the Highest Market Price in Cash.

They have established a Depot at No. 51 North Water street for the receipt and storage of Rags and Paper stock of all sorts, under the immediate charge of Capt. Thomas Bass.

News-papers will advance their own interests by lending their influence to the saving and collection of the rags to be found in their respective localities.

W. G. CLARE, President. All newspapers publishing this advertisement one month and calling attention to it will receive credit for the same at their regular rates...

Just Received! AND FOR SALE CHEAP FOR CASH,

Sugar and Coffee, Domestic & Osunberg's, FACTORY THREAD, BACON & LARD. Also a fine lot of Fresh GARDEN SEED. STEVENSON & PINSON. Feb. 22, 1868.

DR. C. C. PORTER, Surgeon Dentist,

Jacksonville, Alabama. Will be in Jacksonville

On the first week in every month—Room, the same formerly occupied by him on the north-west corner of the Public Square.

CHOICE HOTEL,

BROAD STREET, ROME, GA. J. C. RAWLINS, Proprietor.

BAGGAGE taken to and from the depot free of charge. Aug. 25-11

Barbarys, Barbarys. All persons indebted to the undersigned are earnestly requested to give him a call, and if you cannot pay, talk about it...

D. P. GUNNELS, Oxford, Ala. August 3, 1867.

SMITH & RIDDLE, WHOLESALE AND RETAIL GROCERS,

Hardware and Commission Merchants. We are now receiving and will continue to receive fresh lots of Groceries and Plantation Supplies.

ERRORS OF YOUTH. A Gentleman who suffered for years from Nervous Debility, Premature Decay, and all the effects of youthful indiscretion...

JOHN B. OGDEN, 42 Cedar Street, New York. P. L. TURNLEY, (Successor to the firm of Turnley & Gibbons.)

DRUGS, DRUGS.

Announces to the public that he has and is receiving a very superior stock of Drugs, medicines, chemicals, Paints, Oils, &c.

The Jacksonville Female Academy. The exercises of this Institution will be resumed on Monday, February 2d, 1868.

under the direction of REV. D. P. SMITH, Principal, MISS MARY A. TURNLEY, Teacher in Primary Department.

MRS. M. E. FRANCIS, Instructress in Musical Department. The course of instruction is substantial embracing the branches usually taught in Academies and High Schools.

W. C. LAND, Watchmaker. COMMENCES the Watch Repairing business above McClellan's store, west of the public square.

THE POLYTECHNIC ACADEMY.

THE first session of the "Polytechnic Male Academy," will commence in Jacksonville, on the 2nd Monday in January, 1868.

JOHN H. FORNEY, Instructor in Mathematics, Philosophy & Military Discipline. H. A. RUTLEDGE, Instructor in Ancient Modern Languages, Composition & Elocution.

Teachers for the Preparatory Department, and Assistant Instructors will be employed as the necessities of the Academy may demand.

Notice to Creditors. LETTERS of Administration on the Estate of Jerry Tatum, (colored) deceased, having been granted to the undersigned...

PHOTOGRAPHS, AMBROTYPES, &c. E. GOODE, Artist. (Formerly of Asheville, Ala.) Rooms first door north of E. L. Woodward's Store. June 16, 1868.

INFORMATION.

Information guaranteed to produce a luxuriant growth of hair upon a bald head or beardless face...

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