

JUNE

Jacksonville Republican.

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H. T. PEAKE, Supt. S. C. R. R.

Rome, Ga., March 10th, 1868.—1m.

THE STATE OF ALABAMA, Calhoun County.

Court of Probate for said county, April 28, A. D. 1868.

At this term of the court came Wm. M. Hughes, Administrator of Langford Hughes deceased, and filed in court his petition in writing, representing among other things, that his intestate died seized and possessed of the following described Lands, to-wit: Beginning at a creek on the Township line, hence to the dividing line in section thirty-one, thence north, to the north-east corner of the field, thence west to the creek including the field fence, thence meandering the creek to the beginning corner of section 34, thirty-four, township 15, fifteen of range 3, nine, containing seventy acres, more or less.

Said Administrator further represents that said Land cannot be equally, fairly and beneficially divided among the heirs of said Estate, without a sale of the same; that said estate is in debt, and that it is therefore necessary and is to the interest of said estate that said Land be sold for distribution, and for the payment of debts, &c.; and he therefore asks an order of court authorizing him to sell the same for purposes above mentioned.

It is therefore ordered by the court, that the 10th day of June, 1868, be set for the hearing of said petition, and that notice thereof be given by publication in the Jacksonville Republican, a weekly newspaper published in said county, for three successive weeks prior to said day, as a notice to the non-resident heirs and all other persons concerned, to be and appear at a special Term of said court to be holden at the court house of said county on said 10th day of June, 1868, and defend against said petition if they think proper.

A. WOODS, Judge of Probate. May 2nd, 1868.—3t.

CONSIGN YOUR GOODS TO CROSWELL & CO.

HAVING rented the Ware-house, known as the "Petitbone Warehouse," belonging to the Selma Rome and Dalton R. R. Co. for a term of years, we are now prepared to offer to the citizens of Calhoun, Talladega, and the northern part of the State generally, accommodations superior to any they have ever had, in the way of taking care of, and forwarding Goods. With the large and commodious floating Wharf Boat "Magnolia," at the foot of the slide, we are prepared to store any amount of Freight, well protected from rain, a good watchman, efficient Clerks, and immediately at the Depot, where the usual amount of handling and drayage is avoided; nothing more being required when your Goods are consigned to Croswell & Co., and they will be forthcoming in due time. The Cabin and State Rooms of the "Magnolia" are in good repair, and under the best supervision of Lynch & Nelson, two of the best Stewards on the Alabama River, who are prepared to furnish good clean Beds, and meals to the travelling public, who may wish to be sure of getting a Boat, arriving at any time of the night, and upon a reasonable terms. Selma, March 28, 1868.—1y.

OUR NEIGHBORHOOD.

MISS HEATHERSTONE.

BY MISS SOPHIE S. HUNGERFORD.

"She could whisper, and smile, and sigh, Pleading, flattering—so can the rest; But oh! the look in her roving eye, Would have wiled the babe from its mother's breast."

These lines always remind me of Elinor Heatherstone. She was not a beauty—there were too many imperfections in her face for that; but her eyes were irresistible. No matter what she had done, one pleading look from those glorious brown eyes would constrain you to think she was right. Then her figure was simply perfect. Before her marriage she was undeniably the belle of the neighborhood.

Her toilettes were exquisite, not that they were costly, for the Heatherstones were not rich; their only source of income was the office under government which Mr. Heatherstone held. So, of course, there was no great abundance of money; but Nellie's articles of dress were all well chosen, and she had a great deal of costly old lace and handsome jewelry. She, therefore, always made a good appearance and consequently had plenty of admirers.

The "lords of creation" would probably laugh at the idea of a woman's dress influencing them, but it does. Not that I mean to say they notice details; but the general effect is apt to have an influence on them as well as others.

What one of them, for instance, would walk down Charles street, on a fine day, with the prettiest girl in the world, if she were dressed in the style of our grandmothers, or wore a mixture of colors, say a blue dress, a green shawl, and yellow gloves? If asked to do it by a third party he would probably say: "She's a sweet girl, but, by Jove, a fellow doesn't like to be seen with such a dowdy figure as she makes of herself."

No, my dears, the day when the "ornament of a meek and quiet spirit" was prized above the "plaiting of hair and putting on of apparel" is over. The "poor cousin" or "good sister," who stays at home to make pies and do the family mending, is not the one who makes "such a splendid match." If she is caught in the act of making said pies, it will not be in "dainty white ruffs and apron," but most probably in a sensible brown apron, and certainly without any ruffs at all. She never makes the "splendid match" outside of a novel. So, if you intend to pursue that course of conduct, make up your mind to accept your virtue as its own reward, for it's the only one you'll be apt to get in this world.

Then Nellie flirted so charmingly;—of course I know that theoretically none of the gentlemen approve of flirts, but practically they always run after them;—and that was another reason why Nellie was admired by the gentlemen.

As for the girls, they copied her in dress and manner, because the gentlemen admired her; yet, strange to say, protested against themselves that she had not a "bit of taste" and, "as to her being stylish, my dear, why there's no more style about her than there is about a cat."

Nell and I were good friends—that is, we were a great deal together; but there was not the slightest approach to that confidential intimacy, so common among girls, until we had known each other for some years.

I recollect well that it was a lovely morning in early May. She and I had walked to a little grove, which is a favorite place of resort for the young folks of our neighborhood.

We were sitting on a large stone by the "Lover's Spring," when she said without the slightest preface: "I am to be married to Colonel Leslie on the 30th."

Now Colonel Leslie was old enough to be her grandfather, but very wealthy. "You are surely jesting, Nell," I said. "You can't love him?"

"No," she replied coldly; "but I respect him, and I love no one else."

"But just think," I said, "you love no one else now, but you may some day when you have made it too late for happiness. You know it is said that every woman loves once in her life; but perhaps you don't believe that?"

"Yes I do," was the reply; "but I have loved my once, and there is no danger of my doing it again. My heart is a burnt out volcano."

There was a silence of some moments; when she suddenly spoke again: "The poets call autumn the saddest time, but I think spring is I do not know why, but it seems as if with the resurrection of nature there comes also a resurrection of old hopes and old sorrows we had thought buried under the autumn leaves. If you care to listen, I'll tell you my romance: It will be such a relief to speak of it."

"I was not more than sixteen when I met Lynn Carter. At first he avoided

me in a rather marked manner, and I did not like him. But afterward events, with which I will not bore you, threw us much together; and for two years we were intimate friends.

"All this time he had never spoken a word of love to me; nor had I ever thought of such a thing in connection with him. But one day an event, which it would take too long to tell, caused him to reveal that he loved me; but almost in the same instant he told me that he was a married man.

"Of course, you will say, I resented such a declaration as an insult. So I did. Then he begged me to listen to his story before I judged him.

"When he was about eighteen he fell in love with and secretly married an actress, pretty but weak, and, as he afterwards found, very ill tempered.

"In a few weeks the poor boy woke from his dream of happiness to find himself tied for life to an ignorant, vulgar woman, whose naturally violent temper was irritated by disappointment at her marriage still being kept secret.

"With this fruitful source of contention their life was miserable indeed. His wife often threatened to declare their marriage herself, but was restrained by the fear that his father would no longer allow him an income; and at present she had what after all she most desired, plenty of money; for his father was very wealthy and never limited him in his expenditure.

"Lynn, on his part, could not bring himself to acknowledge his marriage, and so separate himself entirely from his family; for he well knew his father would never consent to receive, as his daughter, the woman whom he had married.

"But at the end of six months he was released from his burden in a way he little expected or desired.

"He went one day to his wretched home, and, instead of his wife, found a letter from her stating that she had left him forever with another man whom she had always loved, and whom she had deserted for him only because of the position she had thought to gain by a marriage with him. But she saw that her marriage would never be acknowledged during his father's life; and she was tired of waiting for dead men's shoes, and being moped to death, with no amusement but tormenting the foolish boy she had married.

"He did not apply for a divorce, for that would have revealed the whole wretched story, and his greatest desire was to keep it secret. The loss of his liberty was of little consideration; he was disgusted with women, and never dreamed of wishing to marry again.

"Years went by. His wife sometimes extorted money from him as the price of her silence; but for the last three years he had not heard of her. He never mingled in ladies' society; his meeting with me was, as I told you, accidental. He loved me from the first moment he saw me.

"He could still get a divorce, he said, and besought me to promise that, if he did so, I would marry him.

"Now I knew that my parents would never consent to my marrying a divorced man. The laws of our church forbade it; and I myself thought it a deadly sin; but what will not a woman do for the man she loves? I gave him the promise he asked.

"So he left me.

"We had always corresponded regularly. I had been in the habit of showing his letters to my mother, and I continued to do so; for the very good reason that in every envelope there were two letters, one written as usual, the other for my eye alone, telling how he progressed with the suit for divorce. After three months he wrote that he had succeeded, and fixed the time when he would come for me with his sister.

"All this was very wrong, you will say. I knew it was, and suffered accordingly.

"All the day I expected him I was most miserable, and was on the point of confessing all a dozen times; but at length the appointed hour came and passed, and he had not arrived.

"Then I knew something dreadful had happened to him, and I could do nothing but wait, without even one soul to whom I could speak of my anxiety.

"At length it came. The second day after that I got a letter from Lynn's sister. He was dead, poisoned by his divorced wife. She had taken passage on the same steamer that he did, when he left the city where the divorce had been granted to come to me, and, gaining admission to his state-room during his absence, had put a large quantity of morphia in a caraffe of water from which she supposed he would drink, and then retiring to her own berth, took a large dose herself.

"Next morning, when the steamer came to the landing, the dreadful deed was discovered; but then he was quite dead, without one word of good-bye even."

"Oh my darling, my darling!" she cried passionately; "your memory is

dearer to me than any living lover can ever be. I shiver in the winter when I think of your lying under the snow; and in spring, when the flowers come, I only think if any grow upon the grave I have never seen, but which is always before me."

She dropped her head in my lap, her whole frame shaken with sobs. There was a long silence. I was too much amazed to speak. Was this the proud, quiet girl I had known so long?

At length she raised her head; the old look was in her eyes.

"You see," she said, "I might as well marry Colonel Leslie. He will enable me to assist them at home, besides giving me what most women desire above all earthly good—a handsome establishment. Forgive me for being sentimental and boring you. Let us go home; I promised to drive with Ronnie this afternoon."

I met her often afterward before her marriage, but she was always as calm and self possessed as before that morning.

She was married on the 30th. It was the wedding of our neighborhood, and is still the standard by which the splendor of all weddings there is gauged. The bride looked lonely, as all brides do, and every one said, "What a splendid match." I wonder, if they had heard her tell that dreary story, if they would think the "splendid match" worthy of envy. I think there are some who would; those for instance, who are not troubled with such unfashionable things as hearts.

A REMARKABLE SPRING IN FLORIDA. There is, near Osceola, a remarkable spring, one of the largest of a great number known in Florida. It is called Silver Spring. I found it in the midst of a lone hammock, overflowing its banks. It bubbled up in a basin 27 feet deep, and about an acre in extent, filling and overflowing it, and sending from it a deep stream, 50 or 60 feet wide, and extending eight or nine miles to the Oklawaha river, into which it empties. In the spring itself, 50 steamboats may lie at anchor, and the steamboats be of considerable draught. The springs thus forms a natural inland port, to which three steamers now run regularly from St. Johns. The clearness of the water is truly wonderful. It seems even more transparent than air. You see on the bottom, 30 feet below the bottom of your boat, the exact form of the smallest pebble, the outline and color and shades of color of the leaf which has sunk. Large fish swim in it, every scale visible, and every movement distinctly observable. The water is impregnated with lime and magnesia, but has no appreciable taste, and is excellent drinking water. If you go over the basin in a boat you will see the fissures in the rocks from which the river pours onward like an inverted cataract. There are more of these springs in the channel of the stream further down. Such springs are almost common in Florida. Clay Spring, near the east bank of Lake Apapka, pours forth a navigable stream into the St. Johns—Bug Springs, on the west side of Lake Harris, is nearly as large as Silver Spring. I have laughed at a story of a spring in Iowa which was large enough to turn a mill, but I can swallow all such tales now, after having seen one that will float a fleet.—Correspondence Cincinnati Commercial.

THE THREE BENS WITH AN F.—Three of the most prominent and illustrious lights in the Radical party write their Christmas names Benjamin F., viz: Benjamin F. Wade, chief manager in the impeachment plot. He stole spoons and bullied women in New Orleans.

Benjamin F. Rice, carpet bag Senator from Arkansas. He stole \$5,000 of a client's money in Kentucky, gambled it off and ran away in the night.

Benjamin F. Wade, President of the Senate, and Professor of cursing and swearing. He voted to make himself President of the United States.

What a lovely trio of Bens to be sure. Poor Benjamin Franklin! It's lucky for him that he did not live to see his name so disgraced.—Lou. Cou.

The Polish patriots have determined upon erecting a monument commemorative of the struggles of Poland to regain her national independence. The site chosen is in one of the most beautiful districts of Switzerland, on the heights of Rapperswyl, bordering the Lake Zurich. This memorial will consist of a column of black marble twenty-eight feet high, standing upon three platforms of granite, each of the latter serving as a step up to the pedestal. On the summit will be an eagle with outspread wings. Historical inscriptions and the arms of Poland are to be carved upon four tablets on the lower part of the shaft; and the whole will be surrounded by an iron railing.

FORTY PERSONS POISONED BY ICE CREAM AT HELENA, ARK.—The Memphis Avalanche learns, by a gentleman directly from Helena, of a frightful occurrence, which had thrown consternation and intense excitement over that city. Over forty persons were poisoned by partaking of ice cream last Wednesday, and it is feared a number of them would die. They were in a critical condition, and the entire community was greatly agitated.

The particulars that we were able to gather are briefly as follows: The proprietor of an ice cream saloon, a Frenchman, made up a large quantity of ice cream, the first of the season, and it was distributed gratis, and freely partaken of by his friends. Shortly afterward, all who tasted the cream were seized with violent pain, and the most of them were prostrated, and in a critical condition when our informant passed the city.—Four of the Frenchman's family were among those afflicted.

Mr. Coolidge, the telegraph operator, and his wife, were both down, and the recovery of the latter was considered doubtful.

A bucket full of the ice cream had been sent to the female college, and was freely partaken of by the young ladies, and they were all dangerously taken down.

Various others were likewise afflicted. The doctors had analyzed some of the cream. There were no well-defined conjectures in regard to the cause of the terrible affair. Whether it was the work of some malicious fiend, or one of those terrible accidents which decimate and appal a whole community, are questions which future investigations may answer; but in the meantime the catastrophe remains unexplained.

EDITORIAL VERACITY.—A distinguished editor was in his study when a tall, thin and ghostly visaged gentleman was announced. With asthmatic voice, but in a tone of civility, the stranger said: "Sir, your journal of yesterday contained false information."

"Impossible, sir. But tell me to what you allude."

"You said that Mr. M.—had been tried—"

"True."

"Condemned—"

"Very true."

"Hung."

"Most true."

"Now, sir, I am the gentleman himself."

"Impossible."

"I assure you it is a fact; and I hope that you will contradict what you have alleged."

"By no means, sir."

"What do you mean? You are deranged."

"I may be so, sir, but I will not do it."

"I will complain to a magistrate."

"As you please; but I never retract. The most that I can do for you is to announce that the rope broke, and that you are now in perfect health. I have my principles, sir. I never deceive."

GROWING OLD.—How stealthily the years creep upon us, one by one, until some day we are startled to find ourselves grown old! It is curious to see what different estimates people put upon old age at different periods of their lives. To the youth in his teens the man of middle age appears quite antiquated; but when he himself arrives at forty years he can scarce believe he is no longer young, and is astonished to see so many who were but infants the other day, jostling him as full grown men in the race of life. Said one gentleman to another in our hearing:—"What has become of all the old men? When you and I were boys there were many old men about, but they seem to be all gone." "Ah," said his friend with a smile, "ask these youngsters where the old men are. They'll tell you—and you will find yourself among them."

A RAILROAD TRAIN STOPPED BY TURTLE WORM.—The Corinth, (Miss.) Model Farmer for May says the army worm is on the march there in amazing force. The Farmer makes the following astounding statements:—"The movements and numbers of this insect are astonishing. The army worm has appeared in this county near the State line, and are now moving Southward. Their breadth is about two miles, and they are stripping the forest of all its foliage in their path.—There are so many millions that last week they actually stopped the freight train on the Memphis and Charleston Railroad. The worms were so thick that they accumulated on the wheels until it caused the drivers to slide on the rails. We don't think this is the regular army worm, but a species of insect some smaller and not so destructive to vegetation."

A little wrong doing in the beginning leadeth to a great sin in the end.

LATEST NEWS.

FROM WASHINGTON. Washington, May 28.—The registration shows a majority of 2,015 white voters in this city.

New Orleans, May 28.—Judge Durrell has decided that a United States Marshal is responsible for property seized by him and destroyed while in his possession.

SENATE. Washington, May 28.—Wade appointed Buckalew, Morrill, of Maine, Stewart, Chandler, and Thayer on the Committee to investigate the charges of corruption made against Senators in the impeachment matter.

Mr. Doolittle presented a memorial from the Conservative citizens of South Carolina against the Constitution of that State.

Mr. Doolittle said the paper was ably and temperately written, and asked its reference to the special consideration of the Judiciary Committee.

A bill was introduced extending the time for the completion of the Southern Pacific Railroad.

Also, a bill to reduce the interest on the public debt.

The Arkansas admission bill was taken up.

Mr. Drake (intensely radical) opposed the admission until the 14th article became part of the fundamental law.

After Executive session, the Senate adjourned.

HOUSE. The Committee on Commerce reported a bill allowing importations for the Western States to be appraised and have the duties paid at the place of destination.

The Indian Appropriation bill was taken up, when.

The Corruption Committee introduced a resolution instructing the Sergeant-at-Arms to fit up a guard room in the Capitol for Woolley's confinement.

The radical Senatorial caucus for considering Forney's resignation, adjourned to Monday.

The radical Senatorial caucus for considering Forney's resignation, adjourned to Monday.

It is believed Seward, Randall, and McCullough will soon retire from the Cabinet.

Stanton's son has resigned his clerkship in the War Office.

FROM WASHINGTON. The Capitol Converted into a Prison.

Washington, May 29.—Late last evening the House passed a resolution establishing a prison in the Capitol, and ordering that Woolley be confined without the privilege of verbal or written communication with his friends or counsel, except by order of the House.

Washington, May 29.—A resolution to add these democratic members to the Corruption Committee, was lost by a vote of 53 to 65.

The resolution committing Woolley to solitary confinement was discussed very bitterly.

The House adjourned.

SENATE.

Washington, May 29.—Citizens of Georgia presented a memorial against the removal of the Capital of that State referred to the Judiciary Committee.

The Arkansas admission bill was taken up.

Mr. Edmunds (radical) moved to recommit the bill with instruction to the Committee to report a bill placing the States under the newly elected officers, but continuing the military authority, with a provision for the admission of the State when the 14th article becomes a part of the Constitution.

Mr. Congling (radical) spoke against imposing any conditions.

MISCELLANEOUS. Washington, May 29.—The nomination of Gen. Schofield as Secretary of War, vice Stanton removed, was confirmed to-day.

The probabilities of a reduction of the whiskey tax increase. Many radicals say the whiskey ring is too strong for the government and must be crippled by a reduction of the tax.

The Revenue to-day is over \$1,000,000.

A committee from the Soldiers' and Sailors' Convention notified Gen. Grant of his nomination for President.

Washington, May 30.—Gen. Grant, in accepting the nomination for President, says: "I shall have no policy of my own to interfere against the will of the people."

The Departments are closed to-day, to allow the Clerks to assist in decorating the graves of the dead soldiers.

Washington, May 30.—After unimportant business disposed of the bill for the admission of Arkansas, was resumed.

Mr. Williams took the same ground.

Mr. Doolittle characterized the Arkansas constitution as anti-Christian.

Mr. Ferry's amendment striking out conditions was lost—20 to 27.

Several motions to adjourn were lost when Drake commenced a written speech.

Edmunds amendment reported yesterday was lost without division, when the Senate adjourned.

HOUSE. Mr. Butler offered a resolution forbidding any written communications reaching Woolley until the speaker had opened and read them.

Mr. Blaine maintained that it would be subversive of honor to make a jailer of the speaker.

Washington, May 30.—Executive session unimportant.

Workmen are placing additional securities to the doors and windows of the Capitol Prison.

Revenue for the week \$11,714,000.

METROPOLITAN HOTEL, N. Y. To C. W. Woolley, Washington D. C.

Citizen and sovereign, imprisoned by order of tyrants and cowards! stand firm! Every true man in the land, with blood in his veins, will stand by you.

IN BANKRUPTCY.

District Court of the United States for the Northern Dist. of Alabama.—In Bankruptcy. In the matter of LIZZIE A. HALL, Bankrupt.

THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE, That on the 16th day of May, A. D. 1868, a Warrant of Bankruptcy was issued out of the District Court of the United States for the Northern District of Alabama, against the Estate of Elizabeth A. Hall, of Jacksonville, in the county of Calhoun, in said district, who has been adjudged a Bankrupt on his own petition.

District Court of the United States for the Northern Dist. of Ala.—In Bankruptcy. In the matter of JAMES D. HOLLINGSWORTH, Bankrupt.—Northern District of Alabama, ss.

THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE, That on the 16th day of May, A. D. 1868, a Warrant of Bankruptcy was issued out of the District Court of the United States for the Northern District of Alabama, against the Estate of James D. Hollingsworth, of Gadsden, in the county of Calhoun, in said district, who has been adjudged a Bankrupt on his own petition.

District Court of the United States for the Northern District of Ala.—In Bankruptcy. In the matter of DAVID TREADWELL, Bankrupt.—Northern District of Alabama, ss.

THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE, That on the 16th day of May, A. D. 1868, a Warrant of Bankruptcy was issued out of the District Court of the United States for the Northern District of Alabama, against the Estate of David Treadwell, of Gadsden, in the county of Calhoun, in said district, who has been adjudged a Bankrupt on his own petition.

District Court of the United States for the Northern District of Ala.—In Bankruptcy. In the matter of JAMES PAVEN, Bankrupt.—Northern District of Alabama, ss.

THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE, That on the 16th day of May, A. D. 1868, a Warrant of Bankruptcy was issued out of the District Court of the United States for the Northern District of Alabama, against the Estate of James Paven, of Gadsden, in the county of Calhoun, in said district, who has been adjudged a Bankrupt on his own petition.

District Court of the United States for the Northern Dist. of Alabama.—In Bankruptcy. In the matter of JOSEPH H. McCANN, Bankrupt.—Northern District of Alabama, ss.

THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE, That on the 16th day of May, A. D. 1868, a Warrant of Bankruptcy was issued out of the District Court of the United States for the Northern District of Alabama, against the Estate of Joseph H. McCann, of Gadsden, in the county of Calhoun, in said district, who has been adjudged a Bankrupt on his own petition.

District Court of the United States for the Northern Dist. of Alabama.—In Bankruptcy. In the matter of ELIJAH J. WOOLEY, Bankrupt.—Northern District of Alabama, ss.

THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE, That on the 16th day of May, A. D. 1868, a Warrant of Bankruptcy was issued out of the District Court of the United States for the Northern District of Alabama, against the Estate of Elijah J. Woolley, of Gadsden, in the county of Calhoun, in said district, who has been adjudged a Bankrupt on his own petition.

District Court of the United States for the Northern Dist. of Alabama.—In Bankruptcy. In the matter of ELIJAH J. WOOLEY, Bankrupt.—Northern District of Alabama, ss.

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District Court of the United States for the Northern Dist. of Alabama.—In Bankruptcy. In the matter of ELIJAH J. WOOLEY, Bankrupt.—Northern District of Alabama, ss.

THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE, That on the 16th day of May, A. D. 1868, a Warrant of Bankruptcy was issued out of the District Court of the United States for the Northern District of Alabama, against the Estate of Elijah J. Woolley, of Gadsden, in the county of Calhoun, in said district, who has been adjudged a Bankrupt on his own petition.

I have Just Received A Fresh Supply of DRY GOODS, Hats, Clothing, Boots and Shoes, Drugs & Medicines, Saddlery, Coffee, Sugar, Molasses, Tobacco, &c.

ROBINSON & TURNLEY, Grocers and Provision Store. No. 100 Public Square, Jacksonville, Ala.

NEW GROCERY, CONFECTIONERY AND PROVISION STORE. J. B. TURNLEY & CO.

FAMILY GROCERIES. Sugar, Coffee and Molasses, Bacon, Lard and Salt, Rice, Flour and Meal, Cheese, Crackers and Spices, Mackerel, Oysters and Sardines, Fruits and Confectionaries.

Look out for the Cars when you hear the Whistle Blow.

SUMMER CLOTHING, AND THOSE NEW AND DESIRABLE LADIES DRESS GOODS.

T. F. WYNN & CO. Just received and for sale VERY CHEAP for CASH, or in exchange for HIDES and COUNTRY PRODUCE.

ISELL & SON, BANKERS, Talladega, Ala. ARE now Discounting Bills on Selma, Mobile, New Orleans and New York.

IF you want Cheap Goods And a good Article, CALL ON J. M. CARROLL & CO.

STILL THEY COME. Yes and will continue to Come! WE are receiving every few days, fresh supplies of Spring & Summer Goods.

WOODWARD and SON. Are now Receiving their SPRING GOODS.

R. C. KEESLE & CO., Groceries and Provisions, WATER STREET, Opposite the Group House, Selma, Ala.

A Fresh Supply OF Bacon, Lard and other FAMILY GROCERIES, Just received by HORN & TURNLEY.

DR. M. W. FRANCIS, HAS resumed the duties of his profession in all its branches. Office, N. W. Corner of Public Square, Jacksonville, Ala.

Notice to Creditors of Estate of J. D. KING, dec. LETTERS of Administration having been granted to the undersigned on the 9th day of March, 1868, by the Probate court of Calhoun county, Ala.; therefore, all persons having claims against said Estate are hereby notified to present them to me, duly authenticated within the time prescribed by law, or they will be barred.

THE STATE OF ALABAMA, Calhoun County, Court of Probate for said county, May 19, 1868.

THE STATE OF ALABAMA, Calhoun County, Court of Probate for said county, May 19, 1868.

AYER & HILLS, DEALERS IN HARDWARE AND AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS, ROME, Ga.

AGENTS FOR BUCKEYE & WOOD'S MOWERS and REAPERS, PITTS, SWEEPSTAKES & KENTUCKY Threshers and Cleaners, RAILWAY & LEVER HORSE POWERS, Grain Drills, Horse Rakes and Riding Plows.

Commission Merchants. No. 3, Central Block, Water St. Selma, Ala.

THIS institution was organized in Baltimore, in February, 1867, for the relief of Ladies who, in consequence of the late disastrous war, have been unexpectedly obliged to rely upon the work of their own hands for support.

NEW GOODS. An additional Lot of PRINTS, &c. Just Received.

WOODWARD & SON, THE STATE OF ALABAMA, Calhoun County, Court of Probate for said county, May 19, 1868.

THIS day came Geo. I. Turnley, Administrator of the Estate of James Caldwell, deceased, and presents and files his account and vouchers for a final settlement, and distribution of said estate; it is ordered by the court, that the 29th day of June, 1868, be set for making said settlement, and that publication thereof be made for three successive weeks in the Jacksonville Republican, as a notice to all persons concerned, to be and appear at a special term of said court, to be held at the court house of said county, on that day and contest said account; if they think proper.

TIN-WARE For Sale by WOODWARD & SON.

HOW TO GET RICH or "The Road to Wealth." Just Published—A NEW BOOK, by a Young Man, who commenced business with a capital of but \$10, and attained in five years the handsome fortune of 40,000.

Notice to Creditors of Estate of J. D. KING, dec. LETTERS of Administration having been granted to the undersigned on the 9th day of March, 1868, by the Probate court of Calhoun county, Ala.; therefore, all persons having claims against said Estate are hereby notified to present them to me, duly authenticated within the time prescribed by law, or they will be barred.

AGENTS FOR BUCKEYE & WOOD'S MOWERS and REAPERS, PITTS, SWEEPSTAKES & KENTUCKY Threshers and Cleaners, RAILWAY & LEVER HORSE POWERS, Grain Drills, Horse Rakes and Riding Plows.

Commission Merchants. No. 3, Central Block, Water St. Selma, Ala.

THE STATE OF ALABAMA, Calhoun County, Court of Probate for said county, May 19, 1868.



POETRY

MOTHER'S GRAVE.

The trembling dew-drops fall
Upon the shutting flowers, like souls at rest;
The stars shine gloriously, and all
Save me are blessed.
Mother! I love thy grave!
The violet, with its blossoms blue and mild,
Waves o'er thy head. When will it wave
Above thy child's?
'Tis a sweet flower; yet must
Its bright leaves to the morning tempt
How?
Dear mother, 'tis thine emblem—dust
Is on thy brow.
And I could love to die—
To leave untasted life's dark, bitter streams,
By thee, as erst in childhood, lie,
And share thy dreams.
And must I linger here,
To stain the plumage of my sinless years,
And mourn the hopes of childhood dear
With bitter tears?
Aye, I must linger here,
A lonely branch upon a withered tree,
Whose last frail leaf untidily sear,
Went down with thee.

FEMALE DELIGHT.

English Female Bitters
Cures all Female Complaints
It satisfies old and young
For Painful Menstruation
For Suppressed Menstruation
For Profuse Menstruation
For Leucorrhoea or Whites
For Falling of the Womb
It delights Husband and Wife
As a Female Regulator
As a Female Regulator
As a Female Regulator
As a Female Regulator
As a Female Regulator

Adds Strength and gives Beauty
Prepared by Southern physicians
Prepared by Southern physicians
Prepared by Southern physicians
Prepared by Southern physicians
Prepared by Southern physicians

FOR CHILLS AND FEVER
Use Dromgoole & Co.'s King of chills
It makes permanent cures
For all forms of chills and Fever
Cleanses the Stomach and arouses the Liver
Cleanses the Stomach and arouses the Liver

FOR COUGHS AND COLDS.
Buy Amygdaline Pectoral
Relieves coughs and pain
For croup and Whooping cough
The best Expecto-rant known
The best Expecto-rant known
The best Expecto-rant known
The best Expecto-rant known
The best Expecto-rant known

FOR YOUR KIDNEYS.
Use Ext. Bearberry, cubeb and Buchu
Never fails in Kidney Diseases
For Gravel and Urinary Deposits
Cures Incontinence of Urine
Cures Incontinence of Urine
Cures Incontinence of Urine
Cures Incontinence of Urine
Cures Incontinence of Urine

PURIFY YOUR BLOOD.
With Constitutional Monarch
Removes all Impurities
Use Great Southern Preparations
Cures frequent desire to Urinate
Cures frequent desire to Urinate

NEW GOODS.
JOHN D. HOKE
Is receiving, and will continue to receive
from New York and other markets, a stock
of Goods suited to the Spring and Summer
Trade.
Long experience, and the assistance of first
class merchants in the importing cities, will
enable him to give good bargains to his cus-
tomers.
Besides the usual articles kept in country
stores, he keeps an assortment of
Het Anker Bolting Cloths,
Hoe's C. S. Mill Saws & Screen
Wire.
If you want the value of your green-backs
call upon him.
JNO. D. HOKE,
Jacksonville, Ala.
May 2, '68.

BLANK LAND DEEDS and
DEEDS OF TRUST, neatly and cor-
rectly printed, for sale by the quire
or single copy, at this office. Also
every description of **Blanks for Jus-**
tices of the Peace.

A SPLENDID LOT OF
Spring & Summer
GOODS,
Just Received, and
for sale *very cheap*
for cash, by
T. F. WYNN & CO.
Call and see them immediately.
March 7th, 1868.

ROBT. A. PETTIBONE,
(Successor to N. D. JOHNSON & Co.)
RECEIVING
AND
Forwarding Merchant,
Selma, Alabama.
Ware House and Wharf at
the terminus of the Alabama
& Tennessee Rivers Rail Road.
Cotton or Merchandise of any description
Consigned to this House will be forwarded
promptly and as low as through any house in
Selma. Feb. 16, 1867—17.

IN CHANCERY
vs.
Jas. Lea, L. W. Cro-
zier & Benj. Johnson
Chancery Division of
Alabama.
In this cause it is made to appear to the
Register, by affidavit of Complainant,
that two of the said Defendants, James Lea
L. W. Crozier, who are of lawful age, are
non-residents of this State and reside in the
town of Starkville, Lamar county State of
Texas.
It is therefore ordered by the Register that
publication be made in the Jacksonville Re-
publican, a Newspaper published in the town
of Jacksonville, Ala., for four consecutive
weeks, requiring them said non-resident
Defendants, to answer or demur to the bill
of complaint in this cause by the 15th day
of June, A. D. 1868, or in thirty days there-
after a decree pro confesso will be taken
against them.
Done at office this 25th day of April, A.
D. 1868.

Wm. M. HAMES, Register, & Co.
May 2, 1868.—4t.—\$11 15.

BOWEN & HOOPER,
Wholesale and Retail
GROGERS,
AND DEALERS IN
Western Produce.
Corner Water and Washing-
ton Streets, directly oppo-
site the "Troup House."

Am now opening a full and complete as-
sortment of Groceries and Western Produce,
which they offer in Packages or at Retail at
the lowest market rates.
Consignments of Cotton, Flour and other
Produce, for storage, sale or shipment, re-
spectfully solicited, and faithfully and promp-
tly attended to.
Thankful for former favors, they will be
happy to again meet their old friends, and
ask a fair share of patronage from the public
generally.
BOWEN & HOOPER.
August 24, 1867—1y.

THE OLD
"JACKSONVILLE HOTEL,"
BY
J. D. HAMMOND.
I respectfully announce to the trav-
elling public, and citizens of the
Town and Country generally, that I
am still keeping this House. I shall endeavor
to have my table furnished with every
thing that the city markets afford. Having
purchased my supplies for the year very
low, I feel confident I can board *as cheap* as
the cheapest. Being determined to spare nei-
ther capital nor pains to give satisfaction, I
solicit a liberal share of patronage.
There is a good Livery Stable con-
nected with this House, plentifully furnished
to take care of horses; and supplied with
various conveniences for travellers of the usual
routes.
J. D. HAMMOND.
Jacksonville, Jan. 11, 1868.

Economy & Home Industry.
SAVE YOUR RAGS!
THE CHICKASAGO MANU-
FACTURING COMPANY
ARE now prepared to purchase GOOD
CLEAN COTTON and LINEN RAGS
in any quantity, and to pay for them the
Highest Market Price in Cash.
They have established a Depot at No. 51
North Water street for the receipt and storage
of Rags and Paper stock of all sorts, under
the immediate charge of Capt. Thomas Bass,
who is authorized to pay a liberal price for
all stock required for the Company's Mills,
and brought him in suitable condition.
Rags may be either white, colored or mixed,
but they must be free of woollens, clean and
well washed.
Orders in paper stock in the city and inter-
ior will find it to their advantage to com-
municate with us before disposing of their
stock elsewhere.
Newspapers will advance their own inter-
ests by lending their influence to secure the
saving and collection of all the rags to be
found in their respective localities. We will
credit them in exchange for paper at liberal
rates for all the merchantable rags they may
send us.
Rags sent by the rivers and Great North-
ern Railroad, should be addressed to the Com-
pany at Mobile.
All shipments by the Mobile and Ohio
Railroad should be directed to Beaver Mead-
ow Station, the location of the Company's
Works.
For further information apply to the
Company's Depot, No. 51, North Water st.,
or to the undersigned, in person or by let-
ter, at the Office of the Advertiser and Reg-
ister.
W. G. CLARE, President.
All newspapers publishing this adver-
tisement one month and calling attention to
it will receive credit for the same at their
regular rates, payable in paper as soon as the
Mills get into full operation. Feb. 1.
J. G. BELL. W. T. BELL.

J. G. BELL & BRO.,
COTTON FACTORS
AND
Commission Merchants,
WATER STREET,
SELMA, ALA.,
Special attention given to the Sale & Ship-
ment of Cotton. Consignments respectfully
solicited. Sept. 8, 1868.

SMITH & RIDDLE,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL
GROGERS,
Hardware and
Commission Merchants.
We are now receiving and will continue
to receive fresh lots of Groceries and
Plantation Supplies
Every week, which they offer to Planters and
Country Merchants at as low figures as can
be bought in the up country. Call and ex-
amine before purchasing elsewhere.
We are prepared to pay tax on Cotton con-
signed to us for shipment to Selma, Mobile,
New Orleans or New York.
Will soon have a large Ware-house com-
pleted in rear of our building for storing
Cotton. Oxford, Ala. Nov. 9, 1867—6u.

DRUGS, DRUGS.
P. L. TURNLEY,
(Successor to the firm of Turnley & Gibbons.)
Announces to the public that he
has and is receiving a very
superior stock of Drugs, medi-
cines, chemicals, Paints, Oils,
(Glass, Putty, Varnishes, Brushes,
Oils, Lamps, also Clover and
Grass Seeds of all kinds and feels
confident that he can please all
of his Alabama Customers and
Friends that will call on him or
send their orders. Recollect he
may be found at his old commodious stand
No. 3, under the Church House, Town, Ga.

THE JACKSONVILLE FEMALE
ACADEMY
The exercises of this In-
stitution will be resumed on
Monday, February 3d, 1868,
under the direction of
REV. D. E. SMITH, Principal,
MISS MARY A. TURNLEY, Teach-
er in Primary Department.
MRS. M. E. FRANCIS, Instructress
in Musical Department.
The course of instruction is substan-
tially embracing the branches usually
taught in Academies and High Schools.
The Scholastic year is divided into
two sessions of 21 and 16 weeks respec-
tively.
Rates of Tuition per Session of
24 weeks.
First Class, \$18 00
2nd " 24 00
3rd " 30 00
4th " 36 00
Music on Piano, Extra, inclu-
ding use of Instrument, 36 00
French, Extra, 12 00
Contingent Fund, 2 00
Rates of tuition per term of 16 weeks
the same per month.
A deduction of 10 per cent is made in favor
of those who will pay monthly, quarterly
or in advance.
Tuition will be charged from the time a
pupil enters the school to the end of the
term.
Tuition of ministers' daughters at half
rates.
Parents may feel assured that the intellec-
tual and moral improvement of their daugh-
ters will be faithfully sought. All sectarian
influences are prohibited, the pupils having
free access to the different Sabbath Schools
and Churches in the village, as parents may
direct.
As to fine scenery, health good society,
and opportunities for religious instruction,
Jacksonville presents peculiar advantages.
Board can be had in good families at \$15
per month.
E. L. WOODWARD, Chm'n.
J. F. GRANT, Sec'y.
J. C. FRANCIS,
A. ADAMS,
B. C. WYLY,
J. H. PRIVETT,
M. J. TURNLEY,
L. W. CANNON,
W. H. FLEMING,
A. WOODS,
J. Y. NISBET,
W. H. FORNEY.

MONTGOMERY ADVERTISER.
DAILY AND WEEKLY
A JOURNAL FOR THE FARMER
THE BUSINESS MAN, POLI-
TICIAN, AND FAMILY
CIRCLE.
TERMS:
DAILY, One Year \$10 00
" Six Months 5 00
" Three Months 2 50
" One Month 1 00
WEEKLY, One Year 4 00
" Six Months 2 50
" Three Months 1 50
" One Month .75
Sent to one Postoffice
address 20 00
" Ten copies 12 months
sent to one P. O. ad. 30 00
Clubs received for six months at
the above rates.
All Subscriptions are payable
strictly in advance.
Remittances may be made at our
risk, when sent by Express, in Postoffice
Money order, or in Registered Letter.
W. W. SCREWS,
Montgomery, Ala.

PERFECT SAFETY.
It has long been in constant use by many
of our
MOST EMINENT PHYSICIANS.
who give it their unanimous and unqualified
approval.
Sent by mail on receipt of price, and postage.
One package, \$1.00, Postage 6 cents.
Six packages, 5.00, " 27 "
Twelve packages, 9.00, " 48 "
It is sold by all wholesale and retail dealers
in drugs and medicines throughout the United
States, and by
TURNER & CO., Sole Proprietors,
157 Tremont Street, Boston, Mass.
Oct. 12, 1867.

TO THE AFFLICTED.
DR. GEORGE W. LEACH propo-
ses a new system of cure in place of the
vast internal doses which enfeeble the stom-
ach, poison the blood and endanger the life.
He can be consulted at any time in Jack-
sonville, personally or by letter, giving name
of the person, whether over or under 35 years of
age, and the disease. He cures cancers, wens,
ulcers, scrofula, piles, diseases of the lungs,
spine, kidneys, and some others; charging
but a very small amount in advance, after-
wards if no cure no pay. He has a number
of testimonials of cure—has recently treated
11 cases of cancer, seven of which are entire-
ly well and the others getting well.
G. W. LEACH, Faith Doctor.

TAILOR SHOP.
M. A. TURNER, having deter-
mined to locate at this place, most re-
spectfully informs the citizens of Jack-
sonville and surrounding country, that he
has opened a shop in this place for the pur-
pose of doing a general Tailoring Business;
and if strict attention to business, good
work and neat fits will secure him patronage,
he will obtain it, and always be found ready
to cut and make work in the latest and most
fashionable styles. Particular attention paid
to repairing. For recommendation he refers
to his work.
M. A. TURNER.
Jacksonville, April 25, 1868.

PHOTOGRAPHS,
AMBROTYPES, &c.
E. GOODE, Artist,
(Formerly of Asheville, Ala.)
Rooms first door north of E. L. Wood-
ward's Store. June 16, 1868

Portrait
PAINTING.
Mrs. A. T. FARGAR.
Will be glad to receive orders in any
style of portraits, from small cabinet up
to life size, embracing, Vignette, Bust, &
Full Length. She will colour in water,
chalk and oil, according to the taste of her
patrons.
Photographs coloured in any of the above
styles, at prices adapted to the present crisis.
Mrs. F. for the last few years has been
associated with Mr. James Whitehorn, a regu-
lar member of the New York Academy of
Design, as an Associate Artist, and she re-
fers to him for her ability to perform what she
professes, and who will give sittings to any
of her pictures if required. His studio is
508, Room 8, Broadway, N. Y.
Lessons will be given in Drawing and
Painting.
N. B. When sittings cannot be had, Pic-
tures will be faithfully executed from Dag-
gerotypes, Ambrotypes and Photographs.

INFORMATION.
Information guaranteed to produce a luxu-
riant growth of hair upon a bald head, or
barren face, also a recipe for the removal of
Pimples, Blotches, Eruptions, etc., on the
skin, leaving the same soft, clear and beauti-
ful, can be obtained without charge by ad-
dressing
THOS. P. CHAPMAN, CHEMIST,
823 Broadway,
New York.

S. & T. J. MORGAN,
GROCERY
AND
Commission Merchants,
OXFORD, Ala.
Keep constantly on hand a fine assort-
ment of choice Groceries, for sale on the
most reasonable terms.
They are also prepared to pay the
Tax on Cotton and attend to its ship-
ment to the best houses in Selma, Mo-
bile or New Orleans.
Oxford, Oct. 5, 1867.
All persons indebted to the old firm of
C. G. Morgan & Co., and to S. & T. J. Mor-
gan, are earnestly requested to come forward
and make payment.

THE GREAT CAUSE
OF
HUMAN MISERY.
In a Scaled Envelope. Price
six cents.
A LECTURE on the Nature
Treatment, and Radical Cur of
Sexual weakness, or Spermatorr-
hea, induced by self-abuse; Involuntary Em-
issions, impotency, Nervous Debility, and
Impediments to Marriage generally; Con-
sumption, Epilepsy, and Fits, Mental & Phy-
sical Incapacity, &c.—By ROBERT J. CUL-
VERWELL, M. D., Author of the "Green
Book," &c.
The world-renowned author, in this admi-
rable Lecture, clearly proves from his own ex-
perience that the awful consequences of self-
abuse may be effectually removed without
medicine, and without dangerous surgical op-
erations, bougies, instruments, rings, or cor-
dials, pointing out a mode of cure at once cer-
tain and effectual, by which every sufferer,
no matter what his condition may be, may
cure himself cheaply, privately, and radically.
This Lecture will prove a Boon to
thousands and thousands.
Sent under seal, in a plain envelope, to any
address, postpaid, on receipt of six cents, or
two post stamps. Also, Dr. Culverwell's
"Marriage Guide," price 25 cents. Address
the publishers.
CHAS. J. G. KLINE & CO.
127 Bowery, N. Y. P. O. Box 4,586.

MUSIC LESSONS
ON THE PIANO, given by Mrs. M. E.
FRANCIS, commencing with the ses-
sions of the Jacksonville Female Academy.
Pupils can commence at any time dur-
ing the session, and be charged for the time.
Country Produce at the market price taken
in payment. Jacksonville, Jan. 30, '68

W. C. LAND,
Watchmaker,
CONTINUES the Watch Repairing
business above McClellan's store, west
side of the public square. A good lot
of materials on hand, and work done with
despatch and at low rates to suit the times.
Jacksonville, Feb. 24, 1868.

TO CONSUMPTIVES.
THE REV. EDWARD A. WILSON will
send (free of charge), to all who desire it, the
prescription with the directions for making
and using the simple remedy, by which he
was cured of a long affection and that dread
disease Consumption. His only object is to
benefit the afflicted and he hopes every suffer-
er will try this prescription, as it will cost
them nothing, and may prove a blessing.—
Please address
REV. EDWARD A. WILSON,
No. 165 South Second Street,
Williamsburg, New York.

The Polytechnic Academy.
THE first session of the "Polytechnic
Male Academy," will commence in Jack-
sonville, on the 2nd Monday in January,
1868.
JOHN H. FORNEY, Instructor in Math-
ematics, Philosophy &
Military Discipline.
Instructor in Acient
Languages, Compo-
sition & Rhet-
oric.
Teachers for the Preparatory Department,
and Assistant-Instructors will be employed
as the necessities of the Academy may de-
mand.
The second session will commence 4th
Monday in July.
TERMS, per session of 20 weeks, from \$15
to \$30; in private families can be obtain-
ed at low rates.
For further particulars apply to
JOHN H. FORNEY,
Nov. 30, 1867, Jacksonville, Ala.

CHOICE HOTEL,
BROAD STREET, ROME, GA.
J. C. RAWLINS, Proprietor.
BAGGAGE taken to and from the depo-
sit free of charge. Aug. 25, '67.

Notice to Creditors of Estate
of Joel Borden, dec'd.
LETTERS of Administration on the Es-
tate of Joel Borden, dec'd., having been
granted to the undersigned on the 15th day
of April, 1868, by the Probate Court of Cal-
houn county, Alabama; therefore all persons
having claims against said estate are notified
to present them, to me, duly authenticated,
within the time prescribed by law, or they
will be barred by statute.
LUCINDA BORDEN, Adm'x
April 25—6t.

FREIGHTS REDUCED!
For Spring of 1868
PER STEAMER
NEW YORK
PHILADELPHIA
AND BALTIMORE
To Greensport, Ala.
VIA VA. AND TENN. AIR LINE
And Coosa River Steamboat Mail
Packet Company

**THROUGH RATES TO GREEN-
SPORT, ALA.**
From New York Philadelphia Baltimore
1st Class, \$2 70 \$2 85 \$2 11
2d Class, 2 28 2 50 2 38
3d Class, 1 95 2 16 1 98
4th Class, 1 49 1 66 1 50

DIRECTIONS FOR SHIPPERS
OF GOODS.
Mark via Virginia and Tennessee
Air Line, care of J. M. ELLIOTT &
CO. Agents, Rome, Georgia.
All Through Freight bills can be paid to
JOHN C. ALLEN & CO. on delivery
of Goods at Greensport.
COTTON—Through Bills of Lading
given at Greensport.
Rates of Freight guaranteed to New
York over this line at \$8 74 per bale
of 500 lbs. or under.

N. B.—Steamers leave Rome every
Tuesday and Saturday at 7 A. M.;
leave Greensport every Wednesday at
10 A. M.; leave Gadsden every Sun-
day at 7 A. M. Arrive at Rome every
Thursday and Monday.
Marine Insurance between New York
and Norfolk 1/2 of one per cent.
J. M. ELLIOTT,
Gen. Supt. Steamboat Line
Rome, Ga. Feb. 29, 1868—5t.

Mrs RUTH A. BURTON
Is now receiving, at OXFORD,
Ala. a fine assortment of
Millinery
GOODS
Bonnets, Hats, Flowers,
Ribbons, &c.
Her stock having been purchased in Bal-
timore, on good terms, she feels that she can
suit all, both in price and quality.
Call and see for yourselves.
Oxford, Ala. April 25, 1868—1t.

THE STATE OF ALABAMA,
Calhoun County.
Court of Probate for said County,
May 11, A. D. 1868.
THIS day came Stephen Clayton, Admi-
nistrator of the Estate of Benj. D. Greer,
dec'd, and presents and files his account and
vouches for a final settlement of said estate;
and thereupon, it is ordered by the court,
that the 22nd day of June, 1868 be set for
making said settlement, and that publication
thereof be given for three successive weeks in
the Jacksonville Republican, a newspaper
published in said county, as a notice to all
persons concerned, to be and appear at a
special term of said county, on said 22nd
day of June, 1868, and contest said account,
if they think proper.
A. WOODS, Judge of Probate.
May 16th, 1868.

W. C. LAND,
Watchmaker,
CONTINUES the Watch Repairing
business above McClellan's store, west
side of the public square. A good lot
of materials on hand, and work done with
despatch and at low rates to suit the times.
Jacksonville, Feb. 24, 1868.

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THE REV. EDWARD A. WILSON will
send (free of charge), to all who desire it, the
prescription with the directions for making
and using the simple remedy, by which he
was cured of a long affection and that dread
disease Consumption. His only object is to
benefit the afflicted and he hopes every suffer-
er will try this prescription, as it will cost
them nothing, and may prove a blessing.—
Please address
REV. EDWARD A. WILSON,
No. 165 South Second Street,
Williamsburg, New York.

The Polytechnic Academy.
THE first session of the "Polytechnic
Male Academy," will commence in Jack-
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1868.
JOHN H. FORNEY, Instructor in Math-
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Military Discipline.
Instructor in Acient
Languages, Compo-
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Teachers for the Preparatory Department,
and Assistant-Instructors will be employed
as the necessities of the Academy may de-
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The second session will commence 4th
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TERMS, per session of 20 weeks, from \$15
to \$30; in private families can be obtain-
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For further particulars apply to
JOHN H. FORNEY,
Nov. 30, 1867, Jacksonville, Ala.

CHOICE HOTEL,
BROAD STREET, ROME, GA.
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BAGGAGE taken to and from the depo-
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houn county, Alabama; therefore all persons
having claims against said estate are notified
to present them, to me, duly authenticated,
within the time prescribed by law, or they
will be barred by statute.
LUCINDA BORDEN, Adm'x
April 25—6t.

Jacksonville Republican.

EDITED, PRINTED AND PUBLISHED, EVERY SATURDAY MORNING, BY J. F. GRANT.

LAW CARDS.

ELLIS & CALDWELL,
Attorneys at Law,
Solicitors in Chancery.
JACKSONVILLE, ALA.
H. L. STEVENSON,
Attorney at Law,
Solicitor in Chancery,
JACKSONVILLE, ALA.
WILL practice in the Courts of Calhoun and adjoining Counties; and give prompt and faithful attention to all business connected with his office.
Particular attention given to the collection of debts.
Oct. 19, 1867.—ly
K. J. TURNLEY, G. I. TURNLEY.
H. J. & G. I. TURNLEY,
Attorneys at Law,
Solicitors in Chancery,
General Collecting Agents.
JACKSONVILLE, ALA.
WILL practice Law in the Counties of Calhoun, Talladega, Randolph, Cleburne, Cherokee, Baine, St. Clair and DeKalb, in the Supreme Court of the State, and in the U. S. District Court, Northern and Middle Divisions of Alabama.
JOE H. FRANCIS,
ATTORNEY AT LAW
—AND—
GENERAL COLLECTING AGENT,
Gadsden, Alabama.
WILL practice in Barne and adjoining Counties. Special attention given to the filing of petitions in Bankruptcy. Will prosecute claims against the Government for Bounty, Back pay, &c.
Office—Probate Office Building.
JOHN W. INZER LEROY F. BOX.
INZER & BOX,
Attorneys at Law,
Solicitors in Chancery,
ASHTONVILLE, Ala.
WILL practice in all the Courts of St. Clair, Calhoun, Talladega, Shelby, Jefferson, Blount, DeKalb, Cherokee & Marshall; also in the Superior Court of the State. Prompt attention given.
JOHN FOSTER, WM. H. FORNEY.
FOSTER & FORNEY,
Attorneys at Law,
Jacksonville Alabama.
WILL practice in the Counties of Calhoun, Talladega, Randolph, St. Clair, Cherokee, DeKalb and the Supreme Court of the State.
Dec. 23d, 1865.
IN BANKRUPTCY.
M. J. TURNLEY, GEORGE ISRELL TURNLEY.
TURNLEY & SON,
Attorneys at Law
AND
Solicitors in Bankruptcy.
HAVE all necessary Blanks, and are ready to file applications for all who desire relief under the Bankrupt Act of 1867.
They will attend the Bankrupt Courts held by the Register, at Gadsden, Lebanon and Centree—and may be consulted at their office in Jacksonville, where one of them may always be found.
Nov. 9, 1867.
NEW HOTEL IN JACKSONVILLE.
The undersigned respectfully informs his friends and the public generally that he has opened a HOTEL in the large and commodious Brick Building on the north-east corner of the public square, which was built and fitted up expressly for that purpose. His table will be furnished with the best that the market affords, and no expense or effort spared for the comfort and convenience of his patrons.
Permanent boarders will be taken at fifteen dollars per month, and transient customers at corresponding reasonable rates.
S. D. McCLELLAN.
Jan. 4, 1868.
ERRORS OF YOUTH.
A Gentleman who suffered for years from Nervous Debility, Premature Decay, and all the effects of youthful indiscretion, will, for the sake of suffering humanity, send free to all who need it, the recipe and directions for making the simple remedy by which he was cured. Sufferers wishing to profit by the advertiser's experience, can do so by addressing, in perfect confidence,
JOHN B. OGDEN,
42 Cedar Street, New York.

J. C. Francis, Jr.ALABAMA.
Baskerville, Sherman & Co.
Wholesale Grocers,
AND
Commission Merchants,
260 Canal Street,
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WAREHOUSE & COMMISSION
MERCHANTS
Rome, Ga.
Also Agents for the Steamboat Line on the Coosa River.
J. M. ELLIOTT & CO.
March 21, '68.
Coosa River Steamboat Mail Line.
FREIGHTS REDUCED!
Via Charleston, S. C., & Rome, Ga.
For Spring of 1868.
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N. B.—Steamers leave Rome every Tuesday and Saturday, at 7, A. M.; leave Greensboro every Wednesday at 7 A. M.; leave Gadsden every Sunday at 7 A. M. Arrive at Rome every Thursday and Monday.
J. M. ELLIOTT,
General Supt. Steamboat Line.
C. M. PENNINGTON, Eng. & Sup. R.R.R.
J. B. PECK, M. T. W. & A. R. R.
E. W. COLE, Gen. Supt. Ga. R. R.
H. T. PEAKE, Supt. S. C. R. R.
Rome, Ga., March 10th, 1868.—lm.
THE STATE OF ALABAMA,
Calhoun County,
Court of Probate for said county, April 28, A. D. 1868.
AT this term of the court came Wm. M. Hughes, Administrator of Langford Hughes deceased, and filed in court his petition in writing, representing among other things, that his intestate died seized and possessed of the following described Lands, lying and being situate in said county, to-wit: Beginning at the creek on the Township line, hence to the dividing line in section thirty-one, thence north, to the north-east corner of the field, thence west to the creek inclosing the field, thence meandering the creek to the beginning corner on the township line, being part and parcel of section 34, thirty-four, township 13, fifteen of range 9, nine, containing seventy acres, more or less.
Said Administrator further represents, that said Land cannot be equally, fairly and beneficially divided among the heirs of said Estate, without a sale of the same, that said estate is in debt, and that it is therefore necessary and in the interest of said estate that said Land be sold for distribution, and for the payment of debts, &c., and he therefore asks an order of court authorizing him to sell the same for purposes above mentioned.
It is therefore ordered by the court, that the 10th day of June, 1868, be set for the hearing of said petition, and that notice thereof be given by publication in the Jacksonville Republican, a weekly newspaper published in said county, for three successive weeks prior to said day, as a notice to the non-resident heirs and all other persons concerned, to be and appear at a special Term of said court to be holden at the court house of said county on said 10th day of June, 1868, and defend against said petition if they think proper.
A. WOODS, Judge of Probate.
May 2nd, 1868.—3t.**The Bound Boy.**

BY J. WILLIAM VAN NAME.

He was a sorry looking sight as he stood in the open doorway of my grandmother's kitchen—the tears rolling one after another down his white cheeks, and the rags on his back fluttering in the summer breeze which came fresh from the brook that flowed at the end of the garden, laden with the perfume of a thousand flowers.

I was playing with a kitten when his shadow darkened the doorway, and I looked up, and seeing the cloud which rested on his brow, I said:

"Why, Harry Mulgrave, is it you?—I thought you were out in the field at work by this time; what has happened? You look as solemn as a graveyard."

"You thought I was at work in the field, did you, Myra Greyson? Well, perhaps I ought to be there, but I am not, and never shall be again, unless God deserts me in my hour of need."

"Why, what do you mean, Harry? You look and talk very strangely this morning. Come in and sit down, and tell me all that has happened."

"Yes, come in," added my grandmother, looking over the top of her glasses, and suspending her work.

Harry took off the ragged thing which served him for a hat, entered the little kitchen, and seating himself on one of the chairs, he said:

"Well, the whole amount of it is this. Last night when Mr. Gray came home, he found me reading the book you gave me, and he became very angry, and whipped me until my arms were black and blue, and my back riddled with the strokes of the horse-whip used. He threw the book into the fire; told me that if he ever caught me wasting my time over such nonsense as that again, he would thrash me until I could not stand. This morning he left home, and will be gone two or three days, and I am on my way to the city. I have left him, and shall never return, unless he finds me and compels me to do so.—I cannot live another year as I have lived the last three years. I will not endure the degradation he heaps upon me. I have tried to be faithful and uncomplaining. I have prayed to Heaven for strength to bear my trials; but I tell you, Myra Greyson, it is not human to endure what I have, and make no effort to be free from such a master.—You must not tell me that it is my duty to return and suffer on—my mind is made up, and nothing can alter my determination. I will go to the city, and somewhere in its crowded marts, find a heart willing to assist me; and I will work night and day until I reach a position for which nature has fitted me.—I am young and strong, and am capable of overcoming difficulties, but never will I be the slave of any man."

I felt in my heart that he was right, and I pitied him, as he sat there that bright summer morning, his pale, intellectual face flushed with wounded pride and insulted dignity, and I said:

"I will not say one word to deter you from your resolutions. Go, and may Heaven bless and prosper you; and if ever you need a friend, if ever you need assistance, remember that Myra Greyson is ready and willing to serve you."

"Thank you. My heart feels lighter now. Your kind words have encouraged me. I can now go on my way feeling that all is well."

He arose from his seat and started for the door.

"Stay, wait one moment," I said, as I hurried from the room and sought my own chamber. Opening my trunk, I took from it a pocket Bible, and pinned to the fly leaf a five dollar bill; with it in my hand I returned to the kitchen.—Grandmother had put into a small basket some cakes and pies and other edibles, for the wanderer to eat on his journey. Handing him my gift, I said:

"Here, Harry, is my parting gift; may it be your guide and counselor," and with tears in my eyes I watched his manly figure until it disappeared behind the curve in the road leading to the city.

Harry Mulgrave was an orphan—Myra, our next neighbor, a cold, harsh, worldly man, had taken him from the asylum when he was fourteen years old. For three years he had faithfully served his master, but during that time he had received no word of encouragement, no kindly looks, nor friendly treatment. Mr. Gray had no conscience, I had almost said no humanity; and he treated his bound-boy with the greatest cruelty, denying him every enjoyment and pleasure, and compelling him to do the work of an able bodied man.

Harry was naturally of an enquiring disposition, fond of study, and ambitious. After his day's work was done, he would steal away for a few moments and seek my grandmother's kitchen, and to that dear old lady, so benevolent, and so kind, he would tell the story of his

trials and sufferings; and he found ready sympathy and words of encouragement whenever he came.

When I first came to grandma's for I was only spending the summer there, Harry rather shunned me, but we soon became acquainted, and I found him intelligent and agreeable. I lent him the books I had brought with me, and soon learned to like him better than any boy I had ever met. I was only sixteen then, and he was one year older. I forgot he was a poor bound boy. I thought but of the glorious intellect he possessed, which only needed proper development to make him a great and gifted man.

I forgot there was a wide difference between the daughter of a wealthy merchant and a farmer's bound-boy, and I loved Harry Mulgrave, loved him with all the intensity of my impulsive nature.

The summer drew to a close. The autumn, with her trailing robes of rich and varied hues, with stately tread passed over the fields and valleys, the hills and dales, and turned the green of summer into the brilliant rainbow colors of October. I bade adieu to my grandmother, and for my city home, where the pleasure and gaieties of society awaited me.

Five years went by—five years of gaiety and pleasure, but during those years I often thought of the bound boy, and wondered why he never made himself known to me—why he had kept his success, if he had succeeded, a secret from me. Could it be possible that success had so blinded and infatuated him that he had forgotten the friends of his earlier years? No, no; I could not believe it, and I waited, and hoped some day to see him in a position of honor and merit.

One day a friend handed me a volume of exquisite poetry from the pen of a popular contributor to the literary journals of the city. The name under which the author wrote was Harrison Gray, and the friend who presented the volume said:

"I will bring the author to see you this evening; he says he is an old friend of yours."

And when the evening came, I found that Harrison Gray and Harry Mulgrave were one and the same person.—Yes, the bound boy had succeeded.—Step by step he had climbed the ladder, until he stood on the topmost round—successful, triumphant.

He had entered a magazine office as errand boy, and after his duties of the day were fulfilled, he had applied himself closely to his studies. Every night he had spent hours in hard, unceasing study; and his employer soon discovered his worth, and raised him from one position to another until he occupied the editorial chair of the magazine—the office of which he had once entered as errand boy.

And while the laurels were yet bright and fresh in the wreath which crowned his brow, he came and laid them, an offering at my feet, and asked me to share the honor he was reaping. And, gentle reader, when spring shall come with her flowers and mist, her smiles and tears, I shall become the Bound Boy's wife.

The Radical Nominer for Vice President.
Schuyler Colfax was born at a house in North Moore street, Near West Broadway, in the City of New York, March 23, 1828. His mother is but sixteen years his senior. He received a good common school education; was bred a printer, and settled in Indiana in 1836. He soon became foreman and assistant editor of the village paper of South Bend. It was then a very small sheet, such as every Western settlement issues, as a sort of flyer to a job printing business as soon as it has got its school-house, grocery, hotel, and blacksmith shop, and begins to think about having a meeting house. The "type" out west frequently gets the start of the preacher, though the race is close. Those who saw Colfax then "at the case" describe him as a light, spindling, flaxen-haired, boyish-looking youth, without the faintest suggestion that in his maturer years he would be Speaker of the House, and the second choice of the country for President. The news then came to South Bend by stage from Detroit or up the St. Louis River from the Lake. There was but little of it, and though Mr. Colfax became the editor and publisher of the South Bend Register as soon as he became of age, other and subsequent evidences were required to establish his claim to intellectual superiority. In 1848 he was a delegate to and Secretary of the Whig National Convention. In 1850 he was a member of the Indiana Constitutional Convention. In 1852 he was again Secretary of the Whig National Convention. He was elected to the Thirty-fourth Congress, and has been regularly re-elected to every subsequent Congress.—He was elected Speaker of the Thirty-

eight Congress, and has been re-elected Speaker of the Thirty-ninth and Fortieth. He was urged but he declined to accept a seat in the United States Senate, preferring his presiding chair in the House.

"GRIMES, that good old man," who has been reported dead for the past fifty years, appears in propria persona before the terrified Radicals, and in a brief speech before the High Court, and by a decided vote for acquittal of the President, satisfied the most incredulous that he is about the liveliest corpse they ever saw. The old song that says "we shall never see him more," is played out—his name will be placed upon the roll of honor among such names as Fessenden, Henderson, Chase, Doolittle and others, who regard their sacred oaths, and the rights of the Constitution, in preference to being led on to infamy under the leadership of such men as Brownlow, Butler, Stevens, and Stanton who are lost to all sense of honor, decency and shame.—Mont. Ado.

The N. Y. Herald inclines to the view that our public men are utterly corrupt, and are on a par with the felons confined in our State prisons. It traces a similarity in the crimes of the jail-birds and our public men, both being given to stealing, forgery, embezzlement, etc. It also asserts that both classes have a taste for indecent literature.

The Herald ascribes our salvation as a nation thus far to the virtue to be found in the middle classes of society—God-fearing men and women, who have no thirst for office, but make their own living and mind their own business.

The theory of the Herald, while it is utterly disgraceful to us as a nation, has been most shamefully corroborated and illustrated by men holding big positions in national affairs during the last five or six years. Had a faithful record been kept of the defalcations, embezzlements, and other kinds of thieving, which have occurred since the Radicals came into power, the sum total would be perfectly astounding and far exceed in amount all the money stolen by jail-birds in the last hundred years.

In fact, stealing public money has become so common that a theft of forty or fifty thousand dollars hardly excites a remark.—Macon Tel.

The Seventeen-Year Locust.
The editor of the California Missourian has been handed the following remarks upon the above subject by Mr. J. C. Reed, who has seen this troublesome insect appear three times:

The seventeen year locust, or cicada, will make its appearance in a short time, as it is within a short distance of the ground now. There are many rumors as to its deadly powers, and the large appendage resembling a huge sting would seem to justify them; but no fears need arise as it is perfectly harmless, all naturalists having failed to discover poisonous matter in the insect.—

Its only mission above ground is the propagation of its species, in doing which it will literally drill to death many young fruit trees, depositing its eggs mostly in branches of last year's growth, and will materially injure many forest and shade trees; this, together with their incessant grating noise conspires to the account of their annoyance, which naturally can be of but short duration, as they partake of no food during their short sojourn above the ground. The name of locust is sadly out of place when applied to this strange insect, as there is no affinity between them and the Egyptian locust, which is one of the most voracious insects known.

The fishermen of Wisconsin are scining trout—1200 pounds at a haul. The papers rightly call them trout butchers. In the South there has been but little need of laws for the protection of game, fish and oysters from these destructive practices, but the North is shingled over with enactments on the subject, all of which are constantly disregarded.—

The class from which depredateurs on are most to be apprehended in the South are so lazy that not much trouble need be apprehended from them in the future. A nigger had rather hunt shoats than deer, pull chickens from the roost than net partridges, or catch catfish with a trot line than scin trout or dredge oysters.—

Grant is running for President on his military record. The people of the United States are called on to approve the radical scheme of reconstruction, the four years' dislocation of the Union, the disfranchisement of Southern whites, the bogus Black Crook Constitutions, the attempt to remove the President and convert the government into a congressional despotism, because Grant captured Vicksburg and finally took Richmond! The New York World finds it expedient to recall some of the facts in Grant's military career, in order to show that he is almost as

much of a charlatan as a soldier, and a failure, as a statesman. For instance: Grant on assuming command May 4 1864, had of effective men besides the reserve, when he crossed the Rapidan, 125,000.

Lee at the same date had an effective force of 52,000.

Grant's reinforcement up to the battle of Cold Harbor, June 3, were 97,000.

Lee's reinforcements up to the same date were 18,000.

Grant's total force, including reinforcements, was 222,000.

Lee's total force, including reinforcements was 70,000.

Returns to their respective governments showed that when both armies had reached the James, June 10, the number of Grant's army that had been put hors du combat was 117,000.

Up to the same date the number of Lee's men who had been put hors du combat was 19,000.

The two armies then met in front of Petersburg.

The World says it has been at some pains to ascertain and verify these figures, and vouches for their substantial accuracy.

An Alarming Theory.
From the annual recurrence of rains, meteoric showers, and the explosions of steam boilers in various parts of the country, Professor Loomis suggests a very uncomfortable theory in regard to the safety of the earth itself. He thinks it not impossible that sufficient steam might be generated in the burning center of the world to blow the whole globe to pieces. A volcanic eruption under the sea, or near it, like that of Vesuvius now in progress, may at any moment convert the earth into a huge steam boiler, by letting the water in upon the central fires, to be followed, for aught we know, by an explosion that shall rend it apart, and send the fragments careering through space as small planets or meteors, each bearing off some distracted member or members of the human family, to make, perchance, new discoveries and new acquaintances in other parts of the planetary system now revolving with us. So that the final catastrophe may, after all, be only a boiler explosion on a magnificent scale of grandeur and destruction.
Eclectic Mag.

THADDEUS STEVENS ON THE BIBLE.
The Lancaster (Penn.) Intelligencer, published at the home of Thad. Stevens, thus alludes to a phase of his character, which will be exceedingly gratifying to the pious preachers of the gospel who have been his special enemies and antagonists. It says:

"During all his life Thaddeus Stevens has openly scoffed at the Christian religion. A few years since, while trying a case at a town in another part of this State, he and some other lawyers were conversing one evening, when one of the party adduced the Bible as authority for some statement he had made. 'Oh,' said Mr. Stevens, 'the Bible is no authority. It is nothing but the obsolete history of a barbarous people!'"

Brownlow Certainly Dying.
The many reports in relation to Mr. Brownlow's illness, first started, we believe, by the Knoxville Press and Herald, have been publicly denied by the Governor's family. Gov. Brownlow even went so far as to denounce the report as emanating from a rebel sheet and therefore false. Nevertheless the report was true. We are informed by a gentleman who called on Governor Brownlow on Wednesday, that the Governor is really very ill. He was lying on a lounge shaking all over with the palsy, and unable to speak. His immediate family do not apprehend serious results, but our informant gives it as his opinion that Governor Brownlow is dying, and cannot survive many days.—Chattanooga Union.

THREE CENTS A MILE.—The Western and Atlantic Railroad has taken the initiative in reducing the rates of travel transportation to three cents per mile. This is a good move, and the example will be followed, no doubt, by other roads. Tickets at \$30 for one thousand miles are issued, and so arranged that holders can travel from one mile upwards, at their option. Whatever the distance traveled is deducted from the face of the ticket, and the Company remains bound for the residue of the thousand miles. This is an excellent arrangement, convenient and valuable to those whose homes are along the line and whose business calls them often to Atlanta.—Opinion.

A singular freak of nature was seen in an Arkansas town recently, in the shape of a man with three ears; one on each side of his head, and a third—which belonged to another fellow—between his teeth.

Terms of Subscription. For one year, in advance, \$3 00 For 6 months, " " 1 75

Terms of Advertising. One square of ten lines or less. First insertion, 1 50 Each subsequent insertion, 75 Over one square counted as two, over two as three, &c. A liberal discount made on advertisements continued for three, six, or 12 months.

Mr. D. M. FULENWIDER is our authorized Agent, to receive and receipt for subscription, advertising, &c. for the Jacksonville Republican.

Soda Fountain.—Jacksonville is already putting on city ways, since the people have heard the sound of the locomotive whistle; (and this is about the only advantage they have yet derived from the extension of the road thus far.) Messrs. T. F. WYNN & Co. have procured an excellent Soda Fountain, and are prepared to furnish their friends and especially Lady visitors, with this very pleasant, healthy and refreshing Summer beverage. They will have a good supply of ice by Monday next.

We had a call on Friday morning from Capt. P. B. SHEPARD, District Agent of the Southern Life Insurance Company, located at Memphis, Tenn., of which Frank F. White is President, and Gen. N. B. Forrest is General Travelling Agent.

Capt. Shepard is an excellent and reliable Agent of one of the best companies in the South. If you desire a really choice article of Chewing Tobacco, call at the Store of Woodward & Son, who have just received a lot of about the best article ever brought to the place. They have also a very superior article of Smoking Tobacco—all offered at very low prices.

Persons having a surplus of Wheat have very advantageous terms offered them now, by that fair-dealing, energetic and enterprising firm, J. B. Turnley & Co. who offer them in exchange Bacon, Lard Groceries and other cash articles. Bring on your Wheat before the opportunity passes by.

RETURNED FROM HONDURAS.—Messrs. Robert McCain and James Dohard returned one day this week, safe and sound, from their recent visit to this land of promise; but we have not had sufficient conversation as yet with either of these gentlemen to give a satisfactory account of their impression of the country.

PROGRESS OF RECONSTRUCTION.—The Arkansas admission bill has passed the Senate. Congress has stricken out the relief clause in Georgia constitution, and an effort to make its provisions extend to "loil" men only has also decidedly failed. In the Senate, Alabama was added to the Omnibus Admission Bill, by a vote of 22 to 21. Should the bill finally pass, it will of course be vetoed by the President, he having heretofore vetoed the Reconstruction acts as unconstitutional. The vote on admission of Alabama into the omnibus bill having been so close, it would seem impossible for it to get a two-thirds vote over the veto. It would seem therefore that the people of the Southern States may make their calculations not to be allowed a vote in the next Presidential election, neither white men nor negroes, carpet-baggers nor sealawags. Well "Harris is willin'."

THE GENERAL AMNESTY.—The Nashville Banner of Thursday states, on the authority of "a prominent friend of the President," that Mr. Johnson will shortly issue a proclamation of general amnesty, which will be a full pardon for all Confederates; from Mr. Davis down.

The State Convention. We deem it unnecessary to publish the entire Journal of the late Democratic State Convention, as it would occupy almost our entire available space; but we give below the resolutions adopted, and the names of the State Executive Committee and Delegates for the State at large and Districts, to the National Democratic Convention which is to meet in New York on the 4th day of July next. In addition to these resolutions, &c., we learn from H. L. STEVENSON, Esq., the only one of the Delegates from our

County who was in attendance, but who was a very competent, energetic and efficient one, a true and worthy representative of the old Banner County, that the Convention was composed of a number of the most talented and patriotic citizens of our State, including in the body four ex-Governors, several ex-members of Congress, Judges, &c.—although there was considerable discussion on minor points, yet it was all conducted in a friendly and conciliatory spirit, and that in its final action the Convention was unanimous and harmonious. Our readers will doubtless agree with us, that in the resolutions adopted, the Convention has said just enough and not too much—in the first resolution, pledging themselves as unit to the support of the Democratic nominees, in opposition to revolutionary Radicalism—in the second, in honest, frank and manly language, pledging themselves to abide settled issues, to do equal and exact justice to all classes, and thus giving the lie to the innumerable falsehoods and slanders of sealawags and carpetbaggers—and in the third paying a well deserved tribute of thanks to Andrew Johnson, for the patriotic devotion, ability, firmness and courage with which he has defended the Constitution. Thus far, Alabama has done more than any other State under Military Despotism to confuse the counsels and disappoint the aims of Radicalism. May her future course be equally honorable, glorious and successful.

Democratic and Conservative Organization for Alabama.

RESOLUTIONS.

1. Resolved, That having entire confidence in the principles and patriotism of the Democratic party, we hereby pledge ourselves to the support of the candidates of that party for President and Vice President of the United States, to be nominated at the coming Convention in the city of New York, the 4th of July next.

2. Resolved, That slavery having been prohibited in the State of Alabama by a convention of the people thereof held in September, 1865, we hereby again proclaim our faithful adherence to that ordinance, and we assure the people of the United States that there are no laws in force in this State, enacted by our authority, which make any distinction in the protection which they give to the person and property of both races, and we hereby declare our solemn purpose that these laws shall be faithfully and impartially administered so soon as the military are withdrawn, and we are permitted to manage our own affairs.

3. Resolved, That the thanks of the Southern people, as well as all friends of free government, are eminently due to Andrew Johnson for the unflinching courage and unsurpassed ability with which he has acquitted himself of his official oath to "preserve, protect and defend" the Constitution of the United States and that this Convention pay to him its respect and admiration, both as a patriot and a man, being incorruptible in both capacities, as proven by the ordeal through which he has just triumphantly passed.

EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE

- Montgomery—James H. Clanton, Chairman, D. S. Troy, and V. S. Murphy. First District—B. M. Woodley, of Dallas, Henry St Paul, of Mobile. Second District—H. A. Herbert, of Butler, R. H. Powell, of Bulloch. Third District—R. E. Ligon, of Macon, W. H. Cruikshank, of Talladega. Fourth District—W. H. Northington, of Autauga, J. G. Harvey, of Greene. Fifth District—Joseph H. Francis, of Baine, John W. Young, of Madison. Sixth District—Daniel Coleman, of Limestone, Oliver S. Kennedy, of Lauderdale.

ALTERNATES.

- W. M. Smith, of Dallas, Alexander White, of Dallas, W. B. Wood of Lauderdale, and W. H. Forney, of Calhoun.

DISTRICT DELEGATES.

- First District—C. C. Langdon, of Mobile, S. G. Scott, jr., of Monroe. Alternates—Walter Tate, of Wilcox, and Wm. A. Ashley, of Conecuh. Second District—J. T. Holtzclaw, of Montgomery, and W. C. Oates of Henry. Alternates—Joseph Hodgson, of Montgomery, and J. T. Clements, of Lowndes. Third District—W. H. Barns, of Chambers, and M. J. Bulger, of Tallapoosa. Alternates—Dr. J. H. Davis, of Randolph, and T. S. Ferguson, of Macon. Fourth District—Sam, Ruffin, of Choctaw, and John J. Jolly, of Greene. Alternates—John A. Chapman, of Perry, and Daniel Pratt, of Autauga. Fifth District—Wm. M. Lowe, of Madison, James L. Sheffield, of Marshall

Alternates—R. B. Kyle, of Baine, Thos. B. Cooper, of Cherokee. Sixth District—E. O. Pickett, of Lauderdale, Thomas J. McClellan, of Limestone. Alternates—F. M. Sloss, of Lawrence, A. Marlow, of Jefferson.

ATTENDANCE OF THE EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE.

1. That an Executive Committee of two from each Congressional District, and three from Montgomery, with the chairman at Montgomery, shall be appointed by this Convention, who shall be invested with general powers, for the purpose of maintaining and perfecting the organization of the Democratic and Conservative party of the State. 2. That said Committee appoint sub-committees, who shall be invested with such powers for advancing the purpose of their appointment, as the Committee may think proper to confer upon them. 3. That said Executive Committee shall have the power to call meetings of the party, Conventions, &c., and shall have power to appoint, and fill vacancies in, the Democratic and Conservative Electoral ticket for the State, and in the event of another election upon the question of the adoption of the late rejected Constitution, shall indicate the policy to be pursued by the Democratic and Conservative party in such election.

From the Columbus Sun & Times. Military Despotism, or Mode of Obtaining Suitable Evidence.

Seven of our prisoners were sent off to Atlanta yesterday morning, a military squad came out to my house and compelled seven colored servants and children to accompany them to headquarters, where they were severely examined as to their knowledge of Dr. Kirksey's whereabouts on the night of Ashburn's murder, and what they have since heard the Dr. say about it, &c.—So far all right; but when a witness did not tell enough to suit them, the gentleman examining would accuse them of lying, saying they had a fortune teller who had told them all about it and what they know, and threatened them with a shaved head, a ball and chain, and being at once sent to Fort Pulaski if they did not tell the truth; asking which they would prefer, Fort Pulaski or Tortugas? Such the evidence, and such the means of obtaining it, (of freedom,) with which military despotism is seeking to convict respectable citizens of a most heinous crime; offering rewards of thousands of dollars to the capibility of one class, and threats of punishment, by being sent a long way from home, shaved heads and manacles, to the other.

Edwin T. Sherman, Wynnton, June 4, 1868

We can not give expression to the indignation excited by this late invention of the military authorities to wreak their own vengeance on their radical masters upon peaceable and unoffending citizens. The assertion made by us a few days since, that the lives and liberties of the citizens of this place were at the mercy of vagabonds and suborned perjurers, has been fully verified.

The feeling of insecurity inspired by this action cannot be described. There is no feeling when any lady or gentleman in this community may be hurried under guard to a military dungeon, and be sentenced to death or imprisonment upon testimony manufactured by process of threats and bribes to suit the taste of a Military Commission which may sit elsewhere.

It is highly probable that every household has in it a spy of the "Loyal League," patiently catching up the table talk, to report at headquarters.

It seems that we are to have the Spanish Inquisition revived in our midst, and if money, threats, sharing of heads, balls and chains, the dangers of Pulaski and Dry Tortugas, are not sufficient to secure victims for political hate and vengeance, that the back and gear, the rack, thumb screws, hot pincers, &c., will be called into requisition to force out lies upon which innocent men and women may be put to death.

We can not trust ourselves to denounce in terms deserved this infamous and barbarous proceeding. The simple recital of it is more than sufficient to curdle the blood of any one who carries within his breast the slightest spark of manly and honorable feeling.

In 1854 a soldier of the 16th New York Infantry died and was buried at New Creek, Mineral county, West Virginia. After the funeral, a dog the poor fellow had owned was missed, and the next burial party found the faithful animal lying upon the grave of his master. No peaceful means could induce him to leave his chosen post, excepting intervals for food; and he kept watch there for nearly three years. Recently, the bodies buried at New Creek were taken up and removed to the National Cemetery at Grafton, the transfer being made by railroad. The dog fled to the woods when the men began the work of removal, and a few days afterward made his appearance at the Grafton Cemetery, lank and starved by the long journey over the mountains, by some instinct found the new grave of his master, and resumed his self-appointed duty of watching it. The story has a fishy odor, but the Wheeling Intelligencer says it is touched for by respectable authority.

A letter safely reached its destination in Iowa, with this indorsement: There is a ten-dollar bill folded in this letter, and if you want it worse than my mother does, take it."

Rust in Wheat.

To wheat growers, scarcely any subject can be more interesting than the inquiry into the causes which produce that fatal blight, called rust, in wheat. Nor could any discovery be more useful than that of a certain specific against this blight. A Delaware correspondent of the Rural Gentleman gives his experience as follows:

Some years ago, having several bushels of wood ashes on hand, I determined to try an experiment, by spreading these ashes upon my wheat. Accordingly, when the wheat was beginning to joint, and when there was a slight mist, I directed my laborer to spread, with the hand, the ashes upon my wheat, at the rate of perhaps eight bushels to the acre. It came on to rain too hard for him to continue this labor, and he left off spreading these ashes in the middle of a land. The rust was general and fatal that year in my neighborhood, and my wheat, where the ashes had not fallen, as well as the wheat in the neighborhood, was so much injured by this disease, as to be hardly worth saving; but I remarked, with surprise and pleasure, that wherever the ashes had fallen upon the wheat, even up to the middle of the land, where the labor was discontinued, my wheat was splendid, the stems being strong, vigorous, and of a bright color, and taller by several inches than where the ashes had not been sown, whilst the heads were heavy and full, and the grain perfect. Here, then, is a question, was an experiment perfectly satisfactory—invaluable, indeed, in its results.

Now, as to the effects of aches upon wheat, they have, like Shakespeare's "cherry-sack," a "three-fold operation":

- 1. The ashes operate as a manure upon the wheat, even in the limited quantity of eight bushels per acre. 2. They push the wheat forward several days, and in time to escape the hot, sultry days which often prevail at the time of the "healing" of the wheat; and 3. They strengthen the stem, giving it substance and solidity. I may add one or two more properties of the ashes, beyond the "cherry-sack," they afford just that kind of pabulum, or food, which is best for the development and perfection of the grain, and will, in my opinion, also prevent the ravages of the fly in wheat. I would here venture the remark, that whoever once tries this experiment upon his wheat, as above indicated, and in so doing, he will effectually guard against and prevent "the rust" in wheat.

Excursion Party.

Another excursion party came down the River a few days ago, on the beautiful little steamer Doyah and spent the day at our popular Summer resort, Black Creek Falls. They were highly delighted with the treatment received on board the L. & N. and at the Falls. Col. Moore knows how to make a day delightful to the young people, and we hope that he may sometime receive the visits of excursionists during the entire Summer. After the establishment of our daily stage line, Jacksonville might send a party of twenty or thirty.—Gadsden Times.

A Man proposes to Make the Descent of Niagara Falls in a Life Boat.

From the Detroit Free Press. Since the days of the Blouin farou, when men and women stood agape at the foehartry daring of the great ropewalker, in the performance of his remarkable feat at Niagara Falls, no such excitement has been known. A project has recently been started, however, which, if carried into execution, will eclipse any feat of daring ever yet attempted.

Charles Ockford, of this city, the sixty-hour eater, has conceived the idea of making the perilous passage over the Falls of Niagara in an indiarubber life boat of peculiar construction. A few weeks ago the idea suggested itself to his mind, and upon consulting it to some Eastern gentlemen, it was proposed by them that a purse of \$3,000 be raised to induce him to make the undertaking. He accordingly perfected his scheme and the contract for building the boat has been let to the Goodyear Rubber Company for \$1,000. The boat will be an oblong, with a mean diameter of eight feet, six inches thick at the top, and sides and three feet thick at the bottom. A shaft of the same material will extend from side to side in the centre, on which will be swung a pivot seat, to which the adventurous occupant will be fastened. Opening at the top will be an aperture sufficiently large for him to get inside, after which it will be filled with air and closed up. It is calculated that sufficient air can be retained to sustain life about twenty minutes. A small cable will be attached to the ball by which it will be towed after the descent shall have been made, for which purpose parties will be stationed in boats immediately below the falls.

The model of this novel craft is now in this city, and there is no doubt that the attempt to carry this startling project into execution will be made during the present season. Mr. Ockford is quite confident that he shall succeed, but the chances for success certainly look dubious. Should he succeed, Mr. Sydney Doty, of Pontiac, will also undertake the same feat.

Letters from Conservative public men in Virginia announce that the Reconstruction Constitution, in that State, will be defeated by at least 29,000 majority.

Col. St. Leger Grenfell.—The escape of this dashing Englishman from the Dry Tortugas was announced some weeks since, and it was supposed he had perished at sea. The Mobile Register states that his voyage was made in safety, and that a letter had been received from him in Havana, sending his thanks and acknowledgements for kind treatment to some of the army officers at Tortugas, and stating that he was just about to sail for old England.

Great Bargains ARE NOW OFFERED

BY J. B. TURNLEY & CO. In the Exchange of BACON and GROCERIES for

Wheat

And other articles of PRODUCE. Bring on your Wheat without delay and avail yourselves of the advantages offered before the opportunity is withdrawn. June 14, 1868.

THE STATE OF ALABAMA, Calhoun County, Court of Probate for said County, June 11, A. D. 1868.

THIS day came Samuel C. Kelly, Executor of the Estate of Sims Kelly, deceased, and presents and files in court his petition in writing, representing that his Testator, Sims Kelly, deceased, died seized and possessed of a large Tract of Land, lying and being in said county of Calhoun, and known and distinguished as the North half of section 23 and also the north east fourth of the south west fourth of said section 33; also the south east fourth of the north west fourth of section 28; and the east half of the south west fourth of said section 28; also the east half of the north east fourth of section 22, all in Township 14 of Range 12 in the Coosa Land District, and containing about 200 acres.

Said Executor further states, that his said Testator died in his will, that all of said lands be sold together, and the proceeds of the sale of the same, divided among certain of his heirs; and he now asks that authority be given to sell said lands, in accordance with the directions of the will of his said Testator. Said Executor further states, that Albert G. Kelly, and children of Elizabeth McLenahan (now unknown), Robert S. Miller, Fannie McLean, formerly Fannie Miller, and Sarah Key Miller, Sarah Moore, wife of Aaron Moore, Nancy Meek, Benjamin G. Kelley, James S. Kelley, Emma Deppor, wife of Joshua Deppor, Foster Kelley, Texana Kelley, and others, are non-resident Legatees of the Estate of said Testator, residing beyond the limits of the State of Alabama.

The process provided for in the will of the said Testator, is hereby ordered by the Court, that the 21st day of July, 1868 be set for the hearing and determining upon said petition, and that notice thereof be given by publication in the Jacksonville Republican a newspaper published in said county, for three successive weeks prior to said day, as a notice to said non-resident Legatees and all other persons concerned, to be and appear at the court house of said county, on said day of July, 1868, and defend against said petition if they think proper.

A. WOODS, Judge of Probate. June 11th, 1868.

I have just received a Fresh Supply of DRY GOODS, Hats, Clothing, Books and Maps, Drugs & Medicines, Saddlery, Cattle, Sugar, Molasses, Tobacco, &c. Also have a lot of the CINCINNATI BACON.

All of which I want to sell Cheap for Cash. P. HOWAN. May 27, 1868.

THE ASSURANCE The Southern Life Assurance & Trust Company, of MOBILE, Ala. Capital paid up \$500,000.

THIS RELIABLE HOME COMPANY has been issuing Policies during the last fourteen months to hundreds of the best citizens of the State, and is under the control of some of the most experienced and enlightened gentlemen in the Southern country.

It is to the interest of every Southern man to encourage home enterprises, and check the flow of their capital to the development of Northern institutions.

Officers of the Company. R. B. BUNKER, President. S. C. DONALDSON, Secretary & Actuary. R. H. SMITH, Counsel. D. B. BENNETT & O. A. KETCHUM, Inspected Actuaries. Capt. Jas. D. JOHNSON, Gen'l State Agent.

TRUSTEES. O. S. Walsh, A. J. Ingersoll, W. D. Mann, Moses Waring, Robt. H. Smith, Peter Hamilton, Joel W. Jones, S. J. Murphy, Sam'l. C. Baile, S. C. Witherspoon, Henry Hall, A. A. Winston, W. M. Prooks, Jonathan Bliss, G. J. Shepherd, J. M. Billups, W. J. Ledyard, Chas. P. Gage, Geo. A. Ketchum, Willis G. Clark, Peter Stark, G. M. Parker, Henry Watson, James Crawford, R. S. BUNKER.

JOHN M. WYLY, Agent for Calhoun and adjacent counties. Dr. J. Y. NISBET, Medical Examiner. May 20, 1868.—3m.

PERSONAL EXPLANATION.—Many persons do not understand what is meant by the "Great Southern Preparations." Let us explain.—At Memphis, three experienced Southern Physicians, one of Memphis, one from Mississippi and the other from Louisiana, united their mental powers, their money and their experience, for the purpose of preparing for the Southern people a class of reliable Family Medicines, to be used in lieu of the many that are from those who know but little of our diseases, and they are called the "Great Southern Preparations," being eighteen or twenty in number. They are neither secret or

NOTICE.

To all whom it may Concern. THE Copartnership heretofore existing between the undersigned, under the firm name and style of Horn & J. B. Turnley, is this day dissolved by mutual consent. J. N. HORN, JAS. B. TURNLEY.

June 1st, 1868. I return to the public my thanks for their past patronage, and on retiring from the firm, most heartily recommend my former partner as worthily the confidence of the public, and hope he may receive a liberal share of patronage while he continues the business. I. N. HORN.

THE STATE OF ALABAMA, Calhoun County, Court of Probate for said County, May 29th, A. D. 1868.

THIS day came Benjamin Johnson, Adm'r. of the Estate of E. S. Simmons, deceased, and presents and files in court his petition in writing, representing among other things, that his intestate died, seized and possessed of the following Real Estate situate in the Town of Oxford, in said county of Calhoun, to-wit: The lot in said town known as the Simmons' dwelling house and houses thereon, containing one and a half acres more or less. Three lots lying on east side of the public square, fronting 33 feet and running back 66 feet. One lot lying North and West by lots belonging to John DeArman, fronting 50 feet and running back 100 feet to dwelling house lot. One lot lying South of same street, fronting fifty feet and running back 100 feet and being east of Luttrell's Store; and four lots lying north of Choctokee street, three of them fronting 50 and one 45 feet and all running back 100 feet, and all lying east of John DeArman's lot. Four lots lying north of a new street lately laid out, the east one of which lies adjoining the corner of the Mill field west of said Mill field and containing four acres more or less, the next west of the first, containing four acres more or less, the third west of the second, containing five acres more or less, the fourth including some fractions and embracing the mountain, containing six acres more or less—one lot fronting Mechanics street on the north, west of Mrs. Vise's lot and east of Guinness's lot, containing three-fourths of an acre more or less; also one lot lying west of the Railroad, to-wit: One lot lying 40 feet and 20 feet on Mechanics street, and running North 212 feet—one lot lying north of Doctor Williams's stable lot, and one lot lying north of Spencer's stable lot, and one lot lying north of the street north of Luttrell's lots, bounded on the east by a new street and on the north by a new street, and one lot lying north of Doctor Heaton's lot, bounded by streets on the north and west; two lots adjoining the Railroad being bounded on the east by the Railroad, on the south by a new street and west by a new street and north by an alley, adjoining Hannah's line. Said lots containing one and one-half acres each more or less—four lots bounded on the east and south by new streets and on the west by an alley adjoining Hannah's land on the north, and on the west by a street between the Land of said intestate and land belonging now to Wm. Henry, and said Lots containing one and one-half acres more or less each. Also one undivided half interest in 80 acres of woodland lying west of Oxford, the number at present unknown. Said administrator alleges that there is a large amount of debts against the estate of said deceased, the greater portion of which are in judgments against him as administrator of said Estate, and that there is no personal property or other assets out of which to raise money to satisfy said judgments without setting said Real Estate, and he therefore makes this application for the purpose of obtaining an order of court authorizing him to set said Real Estate to pay debts, &c., and that he be directed to set the same at public outcry, one half for cash, and the remaining half on a credit of twelve months with interest from date.

Said administrator further states, that the said decedent left the following named persons as his heirs and next of kin, to-wit: Martha Simmons, widow of decedent, of full age, and several children, the names, ages, and sex of whom are unknown to said administrator, suppose all the children to be minors, and all of said heirs reside in Lamar county in the State of Texas; That upon the promises considered—it is ordered by the Court, that the 13th day of July, 1868 be set for the hearing and determining upon said petition and application, and that notice thereof be given by publication in the Jacksonville Republican, a weekly Newspaper published in said county, for four successive weeks prior to said day, as a notice to said heirs and all other persons concerned, to be and appear at the court house of said county on said 13th day of July, 1868, and defend against said petition if they think proper. June 6, 1868.—A. WOODS, Judge of Probate.

THE STATE OF ALABAMA, Calhoun County, Court of Probate for Calhoun County, Ala. April 17th, A. D. 1868.

THIS day came E. W. Weston, Administrator of the Estate of Thos. Hawkins, deceased, and presents and files his account and vouchers for a final settlement of said Estate; thereupon— It is Ordered by the Court, that the 29th day of June, 1868, be set for making said settlement; and that notice thereof be given by publication in the Jacksonville Republican for three successive weeks, prior to said day, as a notice to all persons concerned, to be and appear at the court house of said county, on said 29th day of June, 1868, and contest said account if they think proper. A. WOODS, Judge of Probate. May 20, 1868.—2t.

News Agency.

MRS. M. E. ROWLAND, having established a NEWS AGENCY in Jacksonville, at her Millinery Store is prepared to furnish, at the cheapest rates, a great variety of the Latest and most popular Magazines, Periodicals and Newspapers; also Music, School and Miscellaneous Books, & an assortment of Stationery. Call and examine our stock, and make purchases to suit your fancy. May 30.

Dissolution of Copartnership.

THE Copartnership heretofore existing between the undersigned, under the name and firm of STEVENSON & PINSON, is this day mutually dissolved by the withdrawal of Shelton J. Stevenson. All claims against the late firm will be paid by F. M. Pinson, who is authorized to receipt for all amounts due. S. J. STEVENSON, F. M. PINSON.

In retiring from the firm of Stevenson & Pinson, I feel great pleasure in recommending my former partner, Francis M. Pinson, to my friends and the public generally. SHELTON J. STEVENSON.

The undersigned will continue merchandizing under the name and style of F. M. Pinson. By prompt attention to business, he hopes to merit a continuance of the patronage so liberally bestowed upon the late firm. FRANCIS M. PINSON. May 10, 1868.



POETRY.

"The Old Farm"
BY FRANK M. BAKER.

I've been, dear George, "our old place,"
Where you and I were born,
But meeting 'no familiar face,
It made me feel forlorn.

Where father tilled, now strangers till,
Our father's home stands on the hill
Whose woods our humble cot.

The old red barn is torn away—
A new one stands there now—
What fun we've had in that old hay!
What frolics in the mow!

The old well-sweep has disappeared,
Instead there is a pump,
The farm how changed! The land we cleared,
Is now without a stump.

And those "back acres" where we mowed,
(Back-aches true they were,)—
A boy upon a mower rode
And cut, while was I there.

The rattling reaper rapid run
The waving grain among,
Where erst beneath the broiling sun
Our cradles oft we swung.

Those reapers, George, have truly hung
Our cradles "in the shade;"
The only cradle now-day swung
Is where the baby's laid.

Our mother's grave, dear George, I sought,
There wept—I know not why;
I felt the changes years have wrought
On all—on you and I.

FEMALE DELIGHT.

English Female Bitters
English Female Bitters
English Female Bitters
English Female Bitters
English Female Bitters

Cures all Female Complaints
Cures all Female Complaints
Cures all Female Complaints
Cures all Female Complaints
Cures all Female Complaints

It satisfies old and young
It satisfies old and young

For Painful Menstruation
For Suppressed Menstruation
For Profuse Menstruation
For Leucorrhoea or Whites
For Falling of the Womb

It delights Husband and Wife
It delights Husband and Wife

As a Female Regulator
As a Female Regulator
As a Female Regulator
As a Female Regulator
As a Female Regulator

Adds Strength and gives Beauty
Adds Strength and gives Beauty

Prepared by Southern physicians
Prepared by Southern physicians
Prepared by Southern physicians
Prepared by Southern physicians
Prepared by Southern physicians

FOR CHILLS AND FEVER

Use Dromgoole & Co.'s King of chills
Use Dromgoole & Co.'s King of chills

It makes permanent cures
It makes permanent cures
It makes permanent cures
It makes permanent cures
It makes permanent cures

For all forms of chills and Fever
For all forms of chills and Fever

Cleanses the Stomach and arouses the Liver
Cleanses the Stomach and arouses the Liver

FOR COUGHS AND COLDS.

Buy Amalgamated Pectoral
Buy Amalgamated Pectoral
Buy Amalgamated Pectoral
Buy Amalgamated Pectoral
Buy Amalgamated Pectoral

Relieves coughs and pain
Relieves coughs and pain
Relieves coughs and pain
Relieves coughs and pain
Relieves coughs and pain

For croup and Whooping cough
For croup and Whooping cough

The best Expectorant known
The best Expectorant known
The best Expectorant known
The best Expectorant known
The best Expectorant known

FOR YOUR KIDNEYS.

Use Ext. Bearberry, cubeb and Buchu
Use Ext. Bearberry, cubeb and Buchu

Never fails in Kidney Diseases
Never fails in Kidney Diseases

For Gravel and Urinary Deposits
For Gravel and Urinary Deposits

Cures Incontinence of Urine
Cures Incontinence of Urine
Cures Incontinence of Urine
Cures Incontinence of Urine
Cures Incontinence of Urine

PURIFY YOUR BLOOD.

With Constitutional Monarch
With Constitutional Monarch
With Constitutional Monarch
With Constitutional Monarch
With Constitutional Monarch

Removes all Impurities
Removes all Impurities
Removes all Impurities
Removes all Impurities
Removes all Impurities

Use Great Southern Preparations
Use Great Southern Preparations
Use Great Southern Preparations
Use Great Southern Preparations
Use Great Southern Preparations

J. P. DROMGOOLE & CO.,
Proprietors, Memphis, Tenn.

NEW GOODS.

JOHN D. HOKE

IS receiving, and will continue to receive
from New York and other markets, a stock
of Goods suited to the Spring and Summer
Trade.

Long experience, and the assistance of first
class merchants in the importing cities, will
enable him to give good bargains to his cus-
tomers.

Besides the usual articles kept in country
stores, he keeps an assortment of

Het Anker Bolting Cloths,
Hoe's C. S. Mill Saws & Screen
Wire.

If you want the value of your green-backs
call upon him.

JNO. D. HOKE.
May 2, '68. Jacksonville, Ala.

BLANK LAND DEEDS and
DEEDS OF TRUST, neatly and cor-
rectly printed, for sale by the quire
or single copy, at this office. Also
every description of Blanks for Jus-
tices of the Peace.

SMITH & RIDDLE,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL
GROCCERS,
Hardware and
Commission Merchants.

WE are now receiving and will continue
to receive fresh lots of Groceries and
Plantation Supplies

Every week, which they offer to Planters and
Country Merchants at as low figures as can
be bought in the up country. Call and ex-
amine before purchasing elsewhere.

We are prepared to pay tax on Cotton con-
signed to us for shipment to Selma, Mobile,
New Orleans or New York.

Will soon have a large Ware-house com-
pleted in rear of our building for storing
Cotton. Oxford, Ala. Nov. 9, 1867—6m.

ROBT. A. PETTIBONE,
(Successor to N. D. JOHNSON & Co.)

RECEIVING
AND
Forwarding Merchant,
Selma, Alabama.

Ware House and Wharf at
the terminus of the Alabama
& Tennessee Rivers Rail Road.

Cotton or Merchandise of any description
Consigned to this House will be forwarding
promptly and as low as through any house in
Selma. W. F. 1867—4f.

H. W. Luttrell, In Charge
At Jacksonville, Ala.
Jas. Lea, L. W. Crozier,
14th Dist. Northern
Chancery Division of
Alabama.

IN this cause it is made to appear to the
Register, by affidavit of Complaintant,
that two of the said Defendants, James Lea
L. W. Crozier, who are of lawful age, are
non-residents of this State and reside in the
town of Starksville, Lamar county State of
Texas.

It is therefore ordered by the Register that
publication be made in the Jacksonville Re-
publican, a Newspaper published in the town
of Jacksonville, Ala., for four consecutive
weeks, requiring them the said non-resident
Defendants, to answer or demur to the bill
of complaint in this cause by the 15th day
of June, A. D. 1868, or in thirty days there-
after a decree pro confesso will be taken a-
gainst them.

Done at office this 25th day of April, A.
D. 1868.

WM. M. HAMES, Register, &c.
May 2, 1868.—4t.—\$11 15.

BOWEN & HOOPER,
Wholesale and Retail
GROCCERS,
AND DEALERS IN
Western Produce.

Corner Water and Washing-
ton Streets, directly oppo-
site the "Trump House."

Are now opening a full and complete as-
sortment of Groceries and Western Produce,
which they offer in Packages or at Retail at
the lowest market rates.

Consignments of Cotton, Flour and other
Produce, for storage, sale or shipment, re-
spectfully solicited, and faithfully and promptly
attended to.

Thankful for former favors, they will be
happy to again meet their old friends, and
ask a fair share of patronage from the public
generally. BOWEN & HOOPER.
August 24, 1867—1y.

"THE OLD
"JACKSONVILLE HOTEL,"
BY
J. D. HAMMOND.

I respectfully announce to the trav-
elling public, and citizens of the
Town and Country generally, that I
am still keeping this House. I shall endeavor
to have my table furnished with every
thing this and the city markets afford. Having
purchased my supplies for the year very
low, I feel confident I can board as cheap as
the cheapest, being determined to spare nei-
ther capital nor pains to give satisfaction, I
solicit a fair share of patronage.

223—There is a good lively Stable con-
nected with this House, plentifully furnished
with care of horses; and supplied with var-
ious conveniences for travellers of the usual
routes. J. D. HAMMOND.
Jacksonville, Jan. 11, 1868.

Economy & Home Industry.
SAVE YOUR RAGS!
**THE CHICKASAGUE MANU-
FACTURING COMPANY**

ARE now prepared to purchase GOOD
CLEAN COTTON and LINEN RAGS
in any quantity, and to pay for them the
Highest Market Price in Cash.

They have established a Depot at No. 51
North Water street for the receipt and storage
of Rags and Paper stock of all sorts, under
the immediate charge of Capt. Thomas Bass,
who is authorized to pay a liberal price for
all stock required for the Company's Mills,
and brought him in suitable condition.

Rags may be either white, colored or mixed,
but they must be free of woollens, clean and
well handled.

Dealers in paper stock in the city and in-
terior will find it to their advantage to com-
municate with us before disposing of their
stock elsewhere.

Newspapers will advance their own inter-
ests by lending their influence to secure the
saving and collection of all the rags to be
found in their respective localities. We will
credit them in exchange for paper at liberal
rates for all the merchantable rags they may
send us.

Rags sent by the rivers and Great North-
ern Railroad, should be addressed to the Com-
pany at Mobile.

All shipments by the Mobile and Ohio
Railroad should be directed to Beaver Mead-
ow Station, the location of the Company's
Works.

For further information apply to the
Company's Depot, No. 51, North Water st.,
or to the undersigned, in person or by let-
ter, at the Office of the Advertiser and Reg-
ister.

W. G. CLARE, President.

All newspapers publishing this adver-
tisement one month and calling attention to
it will receive credit for the same at their
regular rates, payable in paper as soon as the
Mills get into full operation. Feb. 1.

J. G. BELL, W. T. BELL.

J. G. BELL & BRO.,
COTTON FACTORS
AND
Commission Merchants,
WATER STREET,
ZELMA, ALA.

Special attention given to the Sale & Ship-
ment of Cotton. Consignments respectfully
solicited. Sept. 8, 1868.

DRUGS, DRUGS.
P. L. TURNLEY,
(Successor to the firm of Turnley & Gibbons.)

Announces to the public that
he has and is receiving a very
superior stock of Drugs, medi-
cines, chemicals, Paints, Oils,
Glass, Putty, Varnishes, Brushes,
Oils, Lamps, also Clover and
Grass Seeds of all kinds and feels
confident that he can please all
of his Alabama Customers and
Friends who will call on him or
send their orders. Recollect he
may be found at his old commodious stand
No. 3, under the CHOICE HOTEL, Rome, Ga.

THE STATE OF ALABAMA,
Cathoun County,
Court of Probate for said county, May 18th,
A. D. 1868.

THIS day came W F Hanna, adm'r of the
Estate of J. Williams Hanna, dec, and
tenders his resignation as such adminis-
trator, accompanied with his accounts & vouch-
ers for a final settlement of his administration
of said estate. It is thereupon ordered by the
court, that the 16th day of June, A. D. 1868,
be set for hearing said application and mak-
ing said final settlement; and that notice
thereof be given by publication in the Jack-
sonville Republican, a newspaper published in
said county, for three successive weeks prior
to said day, as a notice to all persons con-
cerned, to be heard and appear at a special term
of said court to be held at the court house of
said county on said 16th day of June, 1868,
and contest said account, if they think proper.
A. WOODS, Judge of Probate.
May 23, 1868—3t.

AYER & HILLS,
DEALERS IN
HARDWARE
AND
AGRICULTURAL
IMPLEMENTS,
ROBE, Ga.

Agents for
BUCKEYE & WOOD'S
MOWERS and REAPERS.
PITS, SWEEPSTAKES & KENTUCKY
Threshers and Cleaners,
RAILWAY & LEVER HORSE POWERS,
Grain Drills, Horse Rakes
and Riding Plows.
**Victor Case Mills & Evapora-
tors, Corn Shellers, Feed**
Cutters, &c. &c.

Orders filled promptly for any Ma-
chine in use, at Factory Prices, with freight
added.
Full descriptions of Machines to be had on
application.
May 16, 1868.—4f.

TIN-WARE
For Sale by
WOODWARD & SON.

HOW TO GET RICH or
"The Road to Wealth."

Just Published—A NEW BOOK, by a Young
Man, who commenced business with a capital
of but \$15, and attained in five years the
handsome fortune of 40,000. This book con-
tains information that can be obtained in a fair
and legal manner. It also shows the other
side of the picture—that of the numerous
scholars and dodges whereby thousands are
yearly becoming wealthy without labor;
together with information for the manufac-
ture of articles which meet with a ready sale
at all seasons of the year, where any one can
clear at least \$5,000 annually. Also 150 se-
crets of business, never before published. We
cannot attempt to give a full description of
the contents, but suffice to say that it opens
an avenue to all which, pursued will surely
lead to wealth. Young men, out of employ-
ment, don't fail to secure a copy of this work.
You will never regret your investment.—
Price, \$1. Address,
E. B. TAYLOR & SON, Meriden, Conn.

MONTGOMERY ADVERTISER.
DAILY AND WEEKLY

A JOURNAL FOR THE FARMER
**THE BUSINESS MAN, POLI-
TICIAN, AND FAMILY**
CIRCLE.

TERMS:

DAILY, One Year \$10 00
" Six Months 5 00
" Three Months 2 50
" One Month 1 00
WEEKLY, One Year 4 00
" Six Months 2 50

Clubs received for six months at
the above rates.

All Subscriptions are payable
strictly in advance.

Remittances may be made at our
risk, when sent by Express, in Postoffice
Money order, or in Registered Letter.
W. W. SCREWS,
Montgomery, Ala.

PERFECT SAFETY.

It is an UNFAILING REMEDY in all cases of
Neuralgia Facialis, often effecting a perfect
cure in less than twenty-four hours, from
the use of no more than two or three pills.
No other form of Neuralgia or Nervous Dis-
ease has failed to yield to this
WONDERFUL REMEDIAL AGENT
Even in the severest cases of Chronic Neu-
ralgia and general nervous derangements—
of many years standing, affecting the entire
system, its use for a few days, or a few weeks
at the utmost, always the most astonishing
relief, and very rarely fails to produce a com-
plete and permanent cure.

It contains no drugs or other materials in
the slightest degree injurious, even to the
most delicate system, and can ALWAYS be used
with

TO THE Afflicted.

Dr. George W. LEACH propo-
ses a new system of cure in place of the
vast internal doses which enfeeble the stom-
ach, poison the blood and endanger the life.
He can be consulted at any time in Jack-
sonville, personally or by letter, giving name
of the person, whether over or under 35 years
of age, and the disease. He cures cancers, wens,
ulcers, scrofula, piles, diseases of the lungs,
spine, kidneys, and some others; charging
but a very small amount in advance, after-
wards if no cure no pay. He has a number
of testimonials of cure—has recently treated
11 cases of cancer, seven of which are entire-
ly well and the others getting well.
G. W. LEACH, Faith Doctor.

PHOTOGRAPHS,
AMBRYPES, &c.
E. GOODE, Artist,
(Formerly of Ashville, Ala.)

Rooms first door north of E. L. Wood-
ward's Store. June 18, 1868

INFORMATION.

Information guaranteed to produce a luxu-
riant growth of hair upon a bald head or
barren face, also a recipe for the removal of
Pimples, Blisters, Eruptions, &c., on the
Pimples, leaving the same soft, clear and beauti-
ful, can be obtained without charge by ad-
dressing

THOS. F. CHAPMAN, CHEMIST,
823 Broadway,
New York.

S. & T. J. MORGAN,
GROCERY
AND
Commission Merchants,
OXFORD, Ala.

Keep constantly on hand a fine assort-
ment of choice Groceries, for sale on the
most reasonable terms.

They are also prepared to pay the
Tax on Cotton and attend to its ship-
ment to the best houses in Selma, Mo-
bile or New Orleans.

Oxford, Oct. 5, 1867.

All persons indebted to the old firm of
C. G. Morgan & Co., and to S. & T. J. Mor-
gan, are earnestly requested to come forward
and make payment.

THE GREAT CAUSE
OF
HUMAN MISERY.

Just published, in a Sealed Envelope. Price
six cents.

A LECTURE on the Nature
Treatment, and Radical Cure of
Scantiness, or Spermator-
rhea, induced by self-abuse; Involuntary E-
missions, impotency, Nervous Debility, and
Impediments to Marriage generally; Con-
sumption, Epilepsy, and Fits, Mental & Phy-
sical Incapacity, &c.—By ROBERT J. CUL-
VERWELL, M. D., Author of the "Green
Book," &c.

The world-renowned author, in this admir-
able Lecture, clearly proves from his own ex-
perience that the awful consequences of self-
abuse may be effectually removed without
medicine, and without dangerous surgical op-
erations, leeches, instruments, rings, or cor-
dons, pointing out a mode of cure at once cer-
tain and effectual, by which every sufferer,
no matter what his condition may be, may
cure himself cheaply, privately, and radically.
This Lecture will prove a Boon to
thousands and thousands.

Sent under seal, in a plain envelope, to any
address, postpaid, on receipt of six cents, or
two post stamps. Also, Dr. Culverwell's
"Marriage Guide," price 25 cents. Address
the publishers:
CHAS. J. C. KLINE & CO.
127 Bowery, N. Y. P. O. Box 4,536.

MUSIC LESSONS

ON THE PIANO, given by Mrs. M. E.
FRANCIS, commencing with the ses-
sions of the Jacksonville Female Academy.

Pupils can commence at any time dur-
ing the session, and be charged for the time.
Country Produce at the market price taken
in payment. Jacksonville, Jan. 30, '68

W. C. LAND,
Watchmaker,
CONTINUES the Watch Repairing
business above McClellan's store, west
side of the public square. A good lot
of materials on hand, and work done with
dispatch and at low rates to suit the times.
Jacksonville, Feb. 24, 1868

TO CONSUMPTIVES.

THE REV. EDWARD A. WILSON will
send (free of charge), to all who desire it, the
prescription with the directions for making
and using the simple remedy by which he
was cured of a long affliction and that dread
disease Consumption. His only object is to
benefit the afflicted and he hopes every suffer-
er will try this prescription, as it will cost
nothing, and may prove a blessing.—
Please address—
REV. EDWARD A. WILSON,
No. 165 South Second Street,
Williamsburg, New York.

The Polytechnic Academy.

THE first session of the "Polytechnic
Male Academy," will commence in Jack-
sonville, on the 2nd Monday in January,
1868.

Instructor in Math-
ematics, Philosophy &
Military Discipline
Instructor in Ancient
Modern Languages,
Composition & Elec-
tion.

Teachers for the Preparatory Department,
and Assistant Instructors will be employ-
ed as the necessities of the Academy may de-
mand.

The second session will commence 4th
Monday in July.

TERMS, per session of 20 weeks, from \$15
to \$30.

BOARD in private families can be obtain-
ed at lower rates.

For further particulars apply to
JOHN H. FORNEY,
Nov. 30, 1867. Jacksonville, Ala.

CHOICE HOTEL,
BROAD STREET, ROME, GA.
J. C. RAWLINS, Proprietor.

BAGGAGE taken to and from the dep-
ot free of charge. Aug. 25, '67

Notice to Creditors of Estate
of Joel Borden, dec.

LETTERS of Administration on the Es-
tate of Joel Borden, dec'd having been
granted to the undersigned on the 15th day
of April, 1868, by the Probate Court of Cat-
houn county, Alabama; therefore all persons
having claims against said estate are notified
to present them to me, duly authenticated,
within the time prescribed by law, or they
will be barred by statute.

LUCINDA BORDEN, Adm'x
of said Estate.
Ap 125—6t.

FREIGHTS REDUCED!
For Spring of 1868,
PER STEAMERS

ETOWAH **VAUNDE**

Great Through Freight Line
FROM

NEW YORK,
PHILADELPHIA,
AND BALTIMORE,
To Greensport, Ala.,
VIA VA. AND TEXAN AIR LINE
And Coosa River Steamboat Mail
Packet Company.

**THROUGH RATES TO GREENS-
PORT.**

From New York Philadelphia Baltimore.
1st Class, \$2 70 \$2 85 \$2 11
2d Class, 2 28 2 50 2 28
3d Class, 1 96 2 18 1 98
4th Class, 1 49 1 90 1 74

DIRECTIONS FOR SHIPPERS
OF GOODS.

Mark via Virginia and Tennessee
Air Line, care of J. M. ELLIOTT &
CO, Agents, Rome, Georgia.

All Through Freight can be paid to
JOHN C. ALLEN & CO. on delivery
of Goods at Greensport.

COTTON—Through Bills of Lading
given at Greensport.

Rates of Freight guaranteed to New
York over this line at \$3 74 per bale
of 50 lbs. or under.

N. B.—Steamers leave Rome every
Tuesday and Saturday at 7, A. M.;
leave Greensport every Wednesday
at 10 A. M.; leave Gadsden every Sun-
day at 7 A. M. Arrive at Rome every
Thursday and Monday.

Marine Insurance between New York
and Norfolk 1/2 of one per cent.

J. M. ELLIOTT,
Gen. Supt. Steamboat Line.
Rome, Ga. Feb. 29, 1868—5t.

THE STATE OF ALABAMA,
Cathoun County,
Court of Probate for said county, May 19,
A. D. 1868.

THIS day came Geo. I. Turnley, Ad-
ministrator of the Estate of James Call-
well, deceased, and presents and files his ac-
count and vouchers for a final settlement &
distribution of said estate. It is ordered by
the court, that the 20th day of June, 1868, be
set for making said settlement, and that pub-
lication thereof be made for three successive
weeks in the Jacksonville Republican, a news-
paper published in said county, as a notice to
all persons concerned, to be and appear at a
special term of said court, to be held at the
court house of said county, on said 20th day
of June, 1868, and contest said account, if
they think proper.

A. WOODS, Judge of Probate.
May 23, 1868—3t.

THE STATE OF ALABAMA,
Cathoun County,
Court of Probate for said County,
May 11, A. D. 1868.

THIS day came Stephen Clayton, Admis-
trator of the Estate of Benj. D. Green-
dec, and presents and files his account and
vouchers for a final settlement of said estate;
and thereupon, it is ordered by the court,
that the 20th day of June, 1868, be set for
making said settlement, and that publication
thereof be given for three successive weeks in
the Jacksonville Republican, a newspaper
published in said county, as a notice to all
persons concerned, to be and appear at a
special term of said court, to be held at the
court house of said county, on said 20th day
of June, 1868, and contest said account, if
they think proper.

A. WOODS, Judge of Probate.
May 16th, 1868.

W. C. LAND,
Watchmaker,
CONTINUES the Watch Repairing
business above McClellan's store, west
side of the public square. A good lot
of materials on hand, and work done with
dispatch and at low rates to suit the times.
Jacksonville, Feb. 24, 1868

TO CONSUMPTIVES.

THE REV. EDWARD A. WILSON will
send (free of charge), to all who desire it, the
prescription with the directions for making
and using the simple remedy by which he
was cured of a long affliction and that dread
disease Consumption. His only object is to
benefit the afflicted and he hopes every suffer-
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Instructor in Math-
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Instructor in Ancient
Modern Languages,
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Teachers for the Preparatory Department,
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For further particulars apply to
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to present them to me, duly authenticated,
within the time prescribed by law, or they
will be barred by statute.

LUCINDA BORDEN, Adm'x
of said Estate.
Ap 125—6t.

Jacksonville Republican.

EDITED, PRINTED & PUBLISHED, EVERY SATURDAY MORNING, BY J. F. GRANT. LAW CARDS.

ELLIS & CALDWELL, Attorneys at Law, Solicitor in Chancery.

H. L. STEVENSON, Attorney at Law, Solicitor in Chancery.

W. J. TURNLEY, Attorney at Law, Solicitor in Chancery.

H. J. & G. I. TURNLEY, Attorneys at Law, Solicitors in Chancery.

JOE H. FRANCIS, Attorney at Law, General Collecting Agent.

INZER & BOX, Attorneys at Law, Solicitors in Chancery.

FOSTER & FORNEY, Attorneys at Law, Jacksonville, Ala.

TURNLEY & SON, Attorneys at Law, Solicitors in Bankruptcy.

NEW HOTEL IN JACKSONVILLE.

ERRORS OF YOUTH

CONSIGN YOUR GOODS TO CROSWELL & CO.

J. C. Francis, Jr.

ALABAMA. Baskerville, Sherman & Co. Wholesale Grocers.

J. M. Elliott & Co., Warehouse & Commission Merchants.

WAREHOUSE & COMMISSION MERCHANTS

Coosa River Steamboat Mail Line.

FREIGHTS REDUCED!

Etowah Machine

THROUGH RATES TO GREENSBORO.

Directions to Shippers of Goods.

GENERAL COLLECTING AGENT, Gadsden, Ala.

WILL practice in Barne and adjoining counties.

JOHN W. INZER

INZER & BOX, Attorneys at Law.

WILL practice in all the Courts of St. Clair, Calhoun, Talladega, Shelby, Jefferson, Blount, DeKalb, Cherokee & Marshall, also in the Superior Court of the State.

JOHN FOSTER, WM. H. FORNEY, Attorneys at Law.

WILL practice in the Counties of Calhoun, Talladega, Randolph, St. Clair, Cherokee, DeKalb and the Supreme Court of the State.

IN BANKRUPTCY.

TURNLEY & SON, Attorneys at Law.

NEW HOTEL IN JACKSONVILLE.

ERRORS OF YOUTH

CONSIGN YOUR GOODS TO CROSWELL & CO.

Birdie in the Home Nest.

Have you not forgotten some one? The child had risen from her knees, and lifted her soft brown eyes to her mother's face.

Have you not forgotten some one? A shade of thought fell over the child's countenance, as her mother, almost a child herself, gravely repeated the question.

Who, mamma? she asked; then, before her mother could reply, she said: Ah, yes, I did forget, and dropping on her knees, clasped her dimpled hands, and with shut eyes, and face upturned, spoke these words to our Father in Heaven:

Bless dear papa, and make him good and happy.

As the young mother kissed her darling, she shut her eyelids tightly to keep the tears from falling over her cheeks.

You must never forget dear papa, said the mother. It was only by an effort that she was able to speak with a steady voice, for her heart was moved by some strong feeling that she wished to hide.

I won't again answer the child, and then added, I don't know what made me forget. I always do pray for him. Oh, I wish he were here to kiss me before I go to sleep. Tell him to kiss me when he comes home—won't you mamma? May be I'll know it in my dreams.

The mother's shut lids would hold the tears no longer. Large round drops fell on the child's forehead.

O, mother dear! the little one exclaimed, throwing her arms about her mother's neck, what makes you cry?—Is it because I forgot papa in my prayers? Oh, I'll never forget him again, I can't tell what made me.

For a little while her arms were clasped tightly around the child, and her head held closely against her mother's breast. Then good nights were said, and good night kisses were exchanged. Soon after, the only sound heard in the room was the soft breathing of a child asleep.

For over an hour the young mother sat in the still chamber alone with her little one. Then she went to an adjoining room, and sat by an open window listening to the foot-steps that came and went along the pavement, never catching the sound for which her quick ear listened. Often she sighed; but she spoke no words of weariness or complaint.

Another hour passed, when, returning to the room where her child slept, she undressed herself and lying down with an arm under the head, and her cheek against the face of her little one, was soon lost in slumber.

All was not right with the young mother. Such tears as she held so closely beneath her shut lids, that they might not fall, are not tears of joy—One loved by her, oh, so tenderly!—the father of her sweet child—was absent; and always when he was away her heart felt so lonely.

Where was he? What held him away from his wife and little one, now that the day was over? Why did the darling of her heart pray for him at bed-time instead of giving him her good-night kiss? Had business taken him to another city? Was he absent at the call of duty? Ah, if we could answer, yes! But we cannot.

Across the great city, in a room miles away from that, in which angels watched lovingly over the sleeping mother and child, half a dozen young men were gathered around a table on which supper had been served. They had eaten and drunk, and now sat smoking. Waiters cleared off the table, and brought in bottles of wine and glasses.

More wine! that they had not been drinking freely at supper? Yes, too freely. But they were "long at the wine," grow thirstier the more they drink, until sense and reason are too often drowned.

"Let me fill your glass," said one of the company to a young man whose clear eyes, calm in mirth and smooth forehead, gave no signs of an evil or depraved life. Looking at him, and then at his companions, any one would have seen that he was out of place and in danger.

Nothing more at present, answered the young man, who had already taken, with his supper, as much wine as he felt it prudent to drink.

Without heeding this reply, the one who had addressed him filled the young man's glass and also his own.

To birdie in the home nest! he said, lifting the glass.

The young man thus challenged, raised the wine and held it between his eyes and the light.

To birdie in the home nest! Ah, the tempter miscalculated the power of that sentence. He meant evil to the young man, but God had put this thought into his mind that he might use him as an agent of good. Just then birdie in the home nest was saying: Bless papa,

and make him good and happy, and God who is ever trying to lead erring children into right ways, heard the prayer, as life hears all prayers that true hearts offer up, and answered it in His own best way.

As the young man held up the glass of amber-colored wine to the light, he saw the picture of a kneeling child.—The face, beautiful as the face of an angel, was tender and very earnest; the large brown eyes had in them a shade of sadness. While he looked, the face and form grew more and more distinct. He saw the sweet lips move, and heard them say, as clearly as if the words had been spoken in his outward ears:

Bless dear papa, and make him good and happy!

The glass of wine did not touch his lips.

Not drink to that! exclaimed his tempter, in surprise, as he saw the untasted wine.

Thank you for the toast, answered the young man, rising. I must look to my birdie in the home nest.

And bowing to the company he hastily retired. One laughed, one sneered and another made a coarse jest; while a fourth said, with a gravity of manner that was felt by the rest as a rebuke:

Our young friend is right. His place is at home with his wife, and not here. And there are some of us, who, in my opinion, might take a lesson from his glass.

A dead silence followed. One looked at another; and crimson spots burnt on cheeks that had on them no signs of shame a little while before.

No more wine for me, said the last speaker, replying to an invitation to fill his glass.

I've no patience with this kind of stuff, said one of the company, almost angrily. What has the wine been ordered for, if not to drink?

He who said this was a gambler in the disguise of a friend. He wished to steal away the reason and conscience of his youthful companions with wine, that he might rob them of their money at cards.

As he spoke he filled one glass to the brim, and then pushed the bottle to his neighbor, who filled his glass in turn.—But when it came to the third in the circle sitting around the table, he passed it on, leaving his own glass empty. The fourth and fifth filled their glasses.—Said the one who passed the bottle, lifting his glass as he spoke:

Here's to good fellow-ship. And all but one repeated his toast and drank as he drank. Then the third in the circle filled his glass with water, and rising said in a clear, ringing voice:

Here's to birdie in the home nest! Frowns darkened on his companion's faces. Raising the water to his lips he drank it slowly. As he set down the glass he looked at the angry face of the gambler, whose real character he more than half suspected, and bowing slightly, said:

I also thank you for that toast; and I also will look to my birdie in the home nest.

Then bowing low to the company he left the room, amid the sounds of curses as he shut the door.

The young man whose refusal to drink any more had first broken in that company the charmed circle of danger, walked hurriedly away, turning his steps homeward. He was, as we have said, miles distant, and at the opposite extremity of a great city. Hurriedly he walked; and his head was bent down, for painful and self-concerning thoughts were in his mind. A street-car passed; it would have taken him, in less than ten hours, within a few blocks of his home. Why did he let it go by unheeded? Was thought so busy he had forgotten that he could ride?

No, that was not the reason. He had drunk too freely at the supper table, and he knew that his breath was tainted with liquor; and now that a new light had come into his mind and he saw, as in a mirror, a true image of himself, he was shocked to discover that he was less a true man than in days passed, and less worthy to bear the name of husband and father. This was the reason why his step was slow and his head bowed down; and the reason why he did not take the car, and pass quickly homeward. He shrank from the thought of laying his tainted lips upon the purple brow and lips of his wife and child, and so revealing to them the weak and sensual side back from a nobler and purer life than the one he was living.

Slowly he continued to walk, still with bowed head and busy thoughts and memories. Suddenly there came before him, even more clearly, if possible, than when he saw it in the amber wine, the image of his kneeling child; and again the voice, so full of sweet music for his ears, was heard with strange distinctness, saying:

Bless dear papa, and make him good and happy.

Could God have answered the petition of that loving child for her father in any better or more effectual way than by sending the words of her prayer to his inward ear by the voice of an angel? He could not make him good and happy except through repentance and a better life; but He could make the prayer a means of conviction and repentance. So the good Lord is ever using us, whether we are children or grown-up men and women, and using us by thousands of different ways, in the work of leading others from evil courses into path of virtue and peace.—And we are always better instruments in His hands, if we are pure and good, than if we are selfish and evil in some way we do not clearly understand—our loving desires actually pass to others and move their hearts. And so, if we are pure and true, our influence over those we love, even when they are always from us, will be for good. The image of his kneeling child seen again with such startling clearness, so touched the father's heart that he clasped his hands passionately together, and looking upward exclaimed:

O Lord, I am not worthy of anything so pure and precious as this child—one of the little one's whose angels are ever before Thy face.

A deep quiet fell upon his soul as he bowed his head once more and walked still moving slowly onward. And now contrasted with the innocence, sweetness and purity of his wife and child, stood out before him an image of himself that made shame spots burn on his cheeks as if fire had touched them—Give me strength to lead a better life, he prayed, as he moved along the street. This night I have turned my back upon evil that was opening its jaws to devour me. This night I set my feet in a new way. Let thy power, O Lord, pass into my resolutions, and I shall be saved.

Home at last. It had taken him nearly two hours from the time he turned so resolutely away from his dissolute companions. Entering very quietly, he went first to the bath room, where he washed his hands and face, and carefully cleansed his mouth to remove if possible, all smell of liquor or tobacco smoke.

How silent it was. How strangely he felt. Softly he opened the chamber door and stood in the presence of his wife and child. How peaceful they slept! Their faces lay close together, so young and fresh—so tender and sweet that they looked sisters, instead of mother and child.

A little while he remained bending above them. Great waves of tenderness came sweeping over his heart.—They had never seemed so lowly and precious. Stopping, at length, for he could no longer restrain himself, he touched his lips to the fair forehead of his wife. Then kissed the little one who had said, ere she went to sleep,—Tell him to kiss me when he comes home, mamma, won't you? May be I'll know it in my dreams.

An angel must have told it to her now, for while yet the touch of his lips was warm on her lips, a glad light flooded her countenance. As the light faded slowly off, her lips moved, and she said, still sleeping, yet speaking out clearly—"Bless dear papa, and make him good and happy!"

The father's heart was too strongly moved already to bear this without losing his self-control. A sob heaved his breast. Then clasping his arms about his sleeping treasures, he hugged them passionately to his heart.

"God bless you and keep you from all evil, and make me worthy of you my darlings!" This was the sentence, spoke in fervor, that met the ears of his waking wife and child.

We can not picture, in words, the joy that filled the young wife's heart when the full meaning of this came like a great light into her soul.

She never sat so lonely in the night watches again, waiting with a shadowed spirit for the loved but absent one, in fear of the very thoughts that went out after him. And few and far between were the times that the little angel of their home asked that a kiss might be given her which she could only feel in her dreams.

Little ones, pray for them who are dear to your hearts. The angels are nearer to you because of your innocence, than they are to those who are older and less pure, and they can often give to your prayers a power for good that will fall in blessings on those you love.

T. S. ARTHUR

The Lexington Statesman says that it was the radical party that conquered peace. Ay, conquered it, and, against all the rules of war, put it to death.

Forney ought to enlarge his paper, if only to accommodate his falsehoods. They crowd each other. They are huddled together as the British prisoners were in the Black Hole of Calcutta.

The Laugh of Woman.

A woman has no natural gift more bewitching than a sweet laugh. It is like the sound of flutes on the water. It leaps from her in a clear sparkling rill; and the heart that hears it feels as if bathed in the cool exhilarating spring.

Have you ever pursued an unseen fugitive through the trees led on by a fairy laugh, now here, now lost, now found? We have; and we are pursuing that wandering voice to this day.— Sometimes it comes to us in the midst of care and sorrow, or irksome business; and then we turn away the evil spirits of mind. How much we owe to that sweet laugh! It turns prose to poetry; it flings flowers to the sunshine over the darkness of the wood in which we are traveling; it touches with light even our sleep, which is no more than the image of death, but is consumed with dreams that are the shadows of immortality.

THE OREGON ELECTION.—The election in Oregon indicates that the name of Grant has no magic to change the verdict against the Republican party that is written in the mind of the whole people. It also shows that the deep conviction of the dangers of Radicalism to the country—the conviction that made itself felt at the polls in California, Connecticut, Pennsylvania, Ohio, New Jersey and New York, and gave those States to the Democrats by good majorities—is a deep conviction still.

The daughter of a prominent Radical in Washington county, Va., eloped a few days ago with a big buck negro. Bad for her, but served the old man right. Only a few more practical illustrations of Radical doctrine are needed to set the old folks a thinking.

To get an idea of what the Radicals understand by a republican form of government, read the following section from the new Constitution of Arkansas which was approved by the House of Representatives without reading or reference. The grammar is as we find it:

No person in the State of Arkansas, without having previously taken the oath prescribed for electors in the Constitution of the State, shall engage in any of the lines of business hereinafter enumerated, viz: practice medicine, preaching the gospel, teach school, act as a steamboat captain, as pilot, as a mate, edit or publish a newspaper, run a ferry boat, keep a toll-bridge, keep a saloon or restaurant, keep a billiard saloon, act as auctioneer, as a mail contractor, do no mercantile business, shall not carry arms, shall not keep a still-house.

THE MURDER OF MUMFORD IN NEW ORLEANS.—The New York Courier makes some strange inquiries in regard to the hanging of Mumford by Brute Butler. It asks:

"Where was Mumford born—the Mumford whom Benjamin F. Butler hanged at New Orleans ostensibly for insulting the American flag—that particular flag which floated over Butler's Cotton Custom House? Where was Mumford born? In what year did he and Col Butler jointly run a faro bank in San Francisco? How much did Col Butler owe Mumford when he was hung? And was he hung for the flag or the money? Who knows? Who knows his birth, history, etc? It is getting to be nearly time to ventilate all the pleasing incidents of the twin brethren Butler in New Orleans."

THE ROCKS OF CALVARY.—In Fleming's "Christology," it is stated that an unbeliever, visiting the sacred places of Palestine, was shown the clefts of Mount Calvary. Examining them narrowly and critically, he turned in amazement to his fellow travelers, and said, "I have long been a student of nature, and I am sure that the rents and clefts in this rock were never done by nature, or an ordinary earthquake; for by such a concussion the rock must have split according to its veins, and where it was weakest in the adhesion of parts, for this," he said, "I have observed to have been done in other rocks when separated or broken after an earthquake; and reason tells me it must always be so. But it is quite otherwise here: for the rocks are split upward and across the veins, in a strange and preternatural manner, and therefore," said he, "I thank God that I came hither to see the standing monument of miraculous powers by which God gives evidence to this day of the divinity of Christ."

Gen. Grant isn't as strong as Hector, but Colfax is as wise as Ulysses.

FREIGHTS REDUCED!

For Spring of 1868, PER STEAMERS
UNION LINE
Great Through Freight Line FROM

NEW YORK, PHILADELPHIA, AND BALTIMORE, To Greensport, Ala., VIA VA. AND TENN. AIR LINE And Coosa River Steamboat Mail Packet Company.

THROUGH RATES TO GREENSPORT. From New York Philadelphia Baltimore. 1st Class, \$2 70 \$2 85 \$2 71 2d Class, 2 28 2 50 2 28 3d Class, 1 96 2 16 1 98 4th Class, 1 40 1 90

DIRECTIONS FOR SHIPPERS OF GOODS. Mark via Virginia and Tennessee Air Line, care of J. M. ELLIOTT & CO., Agents, Rome, Georgia. All Through Freight can be paid to JOHN C. ALLEN & CO. on delivery of Goods at Greensport. COTTON—Through Bills of Lading given at Greensport. Rates of Freight guaranteed to New York over this line at \$8 74 per bale of 500 lbs. or under. N. B.—Steamers leave Rome every Tuesday and Saturday at 7 A. M.; leave Greensport every Wednesday at 10 A. M.; leave Gadsden every Sunday at 7 A. M. Arrive at Rome every Thursday and Monday. Marine Insurance between New York and Norfolk 1/2 of one per cent. J. M. ELLIOTT, Gen. Supt. Steamboat Line. Rome, Ga. Feb. 20, 1868—5t.

THE STATE OF ALABAMA, Chatham County. COURT OF PROBATE for said county, May 19, A. D. 1868. THIS day came Geo. I. Turnley, Administrator of the Estate of James Caldwell, deceased, and presents his account and vouchers for a final settlement and distribution of said estate; it is ordered by the court, that the 20th day of June, 1868, be set for making said settlement, and that publication thereof be made for three successive weeks in the Jacksonville Republican, as a notice to all persons concerned, to be and appear at a special term of said court, to be holden at the court house of said county, on that day and contest said account, if they think proper. A. WOODS, Judge of Probate. May 23, 1868—3t.

THE STATE OF ALABAMA, Chatham County. COURT OF PROBATE for said county, May 19, A. D. 1868. THIS day came Geo. I. Turnley, Administrator of the Estate of James Caldwell, deceased, and presents his account and vouchers for a final settlement and distribution of said estate; it is ordered by the court, that the 20th day of June, 1868, be set for making said settlement, and that publication thereof be made for three successive weeks in the Jacksonville Republican, as a notice to all persons concerned, to be and appear at a special term of said court, to be holden at the court house of said county, on that day and contest said account, if they think proper. A. WOODS, Judge of Probate. May 23, 1868—3t.

Disolution of Copartnership. THE Copartnership heretofore existing between the undersigned, under the name of firm of STEVENSON & PINSON, is this day mutually dissolved by the withdrawal of Shelton J. Stevenson. All claims against the late firm will be paid by F. M. Pinson, who is authorized to receipt for all amounts due. S. J. STEVENSON, F. M. PINSON. In retiring from the firm of Stevenson & Pinson, I take great pleasure in recommending my former partner, Francis M. Pinson, to my friends and the public generally. SHELTON J. STEVENSON. The undersigned will continue merchandising under the name and style of F. M. Pinson. By prompt attention to business, he hopes to merit a continuance of the patronage so liberally bestowed upon the late firm. FRANCIS M. PINSON. May '68 1868.

W. C. LAND, Watchmaker, CONTINUES the Watch Repairing business above McClain's store, west side of the public square. A good lot of materials on hand, and work done with dispatch and at low rates to suit the times. Jacksonville, Feb. 24, 1868.

TO CONSUMPTIVES. THE REV. EDWARD A. WILSON will send (free of charge), to all who desire it, the prescription with the directions for making and using the simple remedy by which he cured a long affliction and the dread disease Consumption. His only object is to benefit the afflicted and he hopes every sufferer will try this prescription, as it will cost them nothing, and may prove a blessing.— Please address REV. EDWARD A. WILSON, No. 165 South Second Street, Williamsburg, New York.

The Polytechnic Academy. THE first session of the "Polytechnic Male Academy," will commence in Jacksonville, on the 2nd Monday in January, 1868. JOHN H. FORNEY, Instructor in Mathematics, Philosophy & Military Discipline. H. A. RUTLEDGE, Instructor in Ancient Modern Languages, Composition & Elocution. Teachers for the Preparatory Department, and Assistant Instructors will be employed as the necessities of the Academy may demand. The second session will commence 4th Monday in July. TERMS, per session of 20 weeks, from \$15 to \$30. BOARD in private families can be obtained at low rates. For further particulars apply to JOHN H. FORNEY, Jacksonville, Ala. Nov. 30, 1867.

CHOICE HOTEL, BROAD STREET, ROME, GA. J. C. RAWLINS, Proprietor. BAGGAGE taken to and from the depot free of charge. Aug. 25... Notice to Creditors of Estate of Joel Borden, dec. LETTERS of Administration on the Estate of Joel Borden, dec'd having been granted to the undersigned on the 15th day of April, 1868, by the Probate Court of Chatham County, Alabama; therefore all persons having claims against said estate are notified to present them to me, only authenticated, within the time prescribed by law, or they will be barred by statute. LUCINDA BORDEN, Adm'x of said Estate. April 25—6t.

INFORMATION. Information guaranteed to produce a luxuriant growth of hair upon a bald head or headless face, also a recipe for the removal of Pimples, Blisters, Eruptions, etc., on the skin, leaving the same soft, clear and beautiful, can be obtained without charge by addressing THOS. F. CHAPMAN, CHEMIST, 823 Broadway, New York.

S. & T. J. MORGAN, AND Commission Merchants, OXFORD, Ala. Keep constantly on hand a fine assortment of choice Groceries, for sale on the most reasonable terms. They are also prepared to pay the Tax on Cotton and attend to its shipment to the best houses in Selma, Mobile or New Orleans. Oxf'd., Oct. 5, 1867. All persons indebted to the old firm of S. & T. J. Morgan & Co., and to S. & T. J. Morgan, are earnestly requested to come forward and make payment.

THE GREAT GAME OF HUMAN MISERY. A LECTURE on the Nature, Treatment, and Radical Cure of Scabrousness, or Spermatorrhea, induced by self-abuse; Impotency, and Missions, Impotency, Nervous Debility, and Impediments to Marriage generally; Consumption, Epilepsy, and Fits, Mental & Physical Impairment, &c.—By ROBERT J. CULVERWELL, M. D., Author of the "Green Book," &c. The world-renowned author, in this admirable Lecture, clearly proves from his own experience that the awful consequences of self-abuse may be effectually removed without medicine, and without dangerous surgical operations, leeches, instruments, rings, or cordials, putting out a mode of cure at once certain and effectual, by which every sufferer, true or not, who has this complaint, may cure himself cheaply, privately, and radically. This Lecture will prove a Boon to thousands and thousands. Sent under seal, in a plain envelope, to any address, postpaid, on receipt of six cents, or two post stamps. Also, Dr. Culverwell's "Marriage Guide," price 25 cents. Address the publishers, CHAS. J. C. KLINE & CO., 127 Bowery, N. Y. P. O. Box 4756.

MUSIC LESSONS. BY THE MISS, given by MRS. M. E. FRANCIS, commencing with the lessons of the Jacksonville Female Academy. Pupils can commence at any time during the session, and be charged for the time. Country Produce at the market price taken in payment. Jacksonville, Jan. 30, '68

HOW TO GET RICH OR "The Road to Wealth." Just Published—A NEW BOOK, by a Young Man, who commenced business with a capital of but \$125, and attained in five years the handsome fortune of \$6,000. This book contains information by which a sufficiency of this world's goods may be obtained in a fair and legal manner. It also shows the other side of the picture—that of the unscrupulous schemes and dodges whereby thousands are yearly becoming wealthy without labor, together with information for the manufacture of articles which meet with a ready sale at all seasons of the year, where any one can clear at least \$5,000 annually. Also 150 secrets of business, never before published. We cannot attempt to give a full description of the contents, but suffice to say that it opens an avenue to all which, pursued, will surely lead to wealth. Young men, out of employment, don't fail to secure a copy of this work, you will never regret your investment.— Price, \$1. Address, E. B. TAYLOR & SON, Meriden, Conn. MONTGOMERY ADVERTISER. DAILY AND WEEKLY

A SAFE, CERTAIN, AND RAPID CURE FOR NEURALGIA, AND ALL NERVOUS DISEASES. It is an INFALLIBLE REMEDY in all cases of Neuralgia Facialis, often effecting a perfect cure in less than twenty-four hours, from the use of no more than two or three pills. No other form of Neuralgia or Nervous Disease has hitherto yielded to this WONDERFUL REMEDIAL AGENT. Even in the severest cases of Chronic Neuralgia and general nervous derangements, of many years standing,—affecting the entire system, its use for a few days, or a few weeks at the utmost, always the most astonishing relief, and very rarely fails to produce a complete and permanent cure. It contains no drugs or other materials in the slightest degree injurious, even to the most delicate system, and can ALWAYS be used with PERFECT SAFETY. It has long been in constant use by many of our MOST EMINENT PHYSICIANS, who give it their unanimous and unqualified approval. Sent by mail on receipt of price, and postage. One package, \$1.00, Postage 6 cents. Six packages, 5.00, " 27 " Twelve packages, 9.00, " 48 " It is sold by all wholesale and retail dealers in drugs and medicines throughout the United States, and by TURNER & CO., Sole Proprietors, 157 Temple Street, Boston, Mass. Oct. 12, 1867.

TO THE AFFLICTED. DR. GEORGE W. LEACH propo ses a new system of cure in place of the vast internal doses which enfeeble the stomach, poison the blood and endanger the life. He can be consulted at any time in Jacksonville, personally or by letter, giving name of the person, whether over or under 35 years of age, and the disease. He cures cancers, wens, ulcers, scrofula, piles, diseases of the lungs, spine, kidneys, and some others; charging but a very small amount in advance, after a number of testimonials of cure—has recently treated 11 cases of cancer, seven of which are entirely well and the others getting well. G. W. LEACH, Faith Doctor.

TAILOR SHOP. M. A. TURNER, having determined to locate at this place, most respectfully informs the citizens of Jacksonville and surrounding country, that he has opened a shop in this place for the purpose of doing a general Tailoring Business; and if strict attention to business, good work and neat fits will secure him patronage, he will obtain it, and always be found ready to cut and make work in the latest and most fashionable styles. Particular attention paid to repairing. For recommendation he refers to his work. M. A. TURNER. Jacksonville, April 25, 1868.

DRUGS, DRUGS. P. L. TURNLEY, (Successor to the firm of Turnley & Gibbons.) Announces to the public that he has and is receiving a very superior stock of Drugs, medicines, chemicals, Painis, Oils, Gases, Putty, Varnishes, Brushes, Oils, Lamps, also Clover and Grass Seeds of all kinds and feels confident that he can please all of his Alabama Customers and Friends that will call on him or send their orders. Recollect he may be found at his old commodious stand No. 3, under the Clinch House, Rome, Ga. THE STATE OF ALABAMA, Chatham County. Court of Probate for said county, May 18th, A. D. 1868.

THIS day came W. F. Hanna, adm'r of the Estate of J. Williams Hanna, dec. and tenders his resignation as such administrator, accompanied with his account & vouchers for a final settlement of his administration of said estate. It is thereupon ordered by the court, that the 16th day of June, A. D. 1868, be set for hearing said application and notice thereof to be given by publication in the Jacksonville Republican, for three successive weeks prior to said day, a notice to all persons concerned, to be and appear at a special term of said court to be holden at the court house of said county on said 16th day of June, 1868, and contest said account, if they think proper. A. WOODS, Judge of Probate. May 23, 1868—3t.

AYER & HILLS, DEALERS IN HARDWARE AND AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS, ROUTE, &c. Agents for BUCKEYE & WOODS' MOWERS and REAPERS, PUTTS, SWEETSTAKES & KENTUCKY Threshers and Cleaners, RAILWAY & LEVER HORSE POWERS, Grain Drills, Horse Rakes and Riding Plows. Victor Case Mills & Reapers, Cutters, &c. &c. Orders filled promptly for any Machine in use, at Factory Prices, with freight added. Full descriptions of Machines to be had on application. May 16, 1868—4t.

TIN-WARE For Sale by WOODWARD & SON.

HOW TO GET RICH OR "The Road to Wealth." Just Published—A NEW BOOK, by a Young Man, who commenced business with a capital of but \$125, and attained in five years the handsome fortune of \$6,000. This book contains information by which a sufficiency of this world's goods may be obtained in a fair and legal manner. It also shows the other side of the picture—that of the unscrupulous schemes and dodges whereby thousands are yearly becoming wealthy without labor, together with information for the manufacture of articles which meet with a ready sale at all seasons of the year, where any one can clear at least \$5,000 annually. Also 150 secrets of business, never before published. We cannot attempt to give a full description of the contents, but suffice to say that it opens an avenue to all which, pursued, will surely lead to wealth. Young men, out of employment, don't fail to secure a copy of this work, you will never regret your investment.— Price, \$1. Address, E. B. TAYLOR & SON, Meriden, Conn. MONTGOMERY ADVERTISER. DAILY AND WEEKLY

A JOURNAL FOR THE FARMER THE BUSINESS MAN, POLITICIAN, AND FAMILY CIRCLE. TERMS: DAILY, One Year \$10 00 " Six Months 5 00 " Three Months 2 50 " One Month 1 00 WEEKLY, One Year 4 00 " Six Months 2 50 " Three Months 1 50 " One Month 1 00 Clubs received for six months at the above rates. All Subscriptions are payable strictly in advance. Remittances may be made at our risk, when sent by Express, in Postoffice Money order, or in Registered Letter. W. W. BOWEN, Montgomery, Ala.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION apply to the Company's Depot, No. 51, North Water St., or to the undersigned, in person or by letter, at the Office of the Advertiser and Register.

W. G. CLARE, President. All newspapers publishing this advertisement one month and calling attention to it will receive credit for the same at their regular rates, payable in paper as soon as the Mills get into full operation. Feb. 1. J. G. BELL, W. T. BELL.

J. G. BELL & BRO., COTTON FACTORS AND Commission Merchants, WATER STREET, ZELMA, ALA. Special attention given to the Sale & Shipment of Cotton. Consignments respectfully solicited. Sept. 8, 1866.

SMITH & RIDDLE, WHOLESALE AND RETAIL GROCERS, Hardware and Commission Merchants. WE are now receiving and will continue to receive fresh lots of Groceries and Plantation Supplies. Every week, which they offer to Planters and Country Merchants at as low figures as can be bought in the up country. Call and examine before purchasing elsewhere. We are prepared to pay tax on Cotton consigned to us for shipment to Selma, Mobile, New Orleans or New York. Will soon have a large Ware-house completed in rear of our building for storing Cotton. Oxford, Ala. Nov. 9, 1867—6m.

ROBT. A. PETTIBONE, (Successor to N. D. JOHNSON & Co.) RECEIVING AND Forwarding Merchant, Selma, Alabama. Ware House and Wharf at the terminus of the Alabama and Tennessee Rivers Rail Road. Cotton or Merchandise of any Description Consigned to this House will be forwarded promptly and as low as through any house in Selma. Feb. 16, 1867—4t.

H. W. LATTRELL, Esq. & Chancery Clerk, At Jacksonville, Ala. Jas. Lea, W. Crozier & Benj. Johnson, Chancery Division of Alabama. IN this cause it is made to appear to the Register, by affidavit of Complaint, that two of the said Defendants, James Lea & W. Crozier, who are of lawful age, are non-residents of this State and reside in the town of Starkville, Lamar county State of Texas. It is therefore ordered by the Register that publication be made in the Jacksonville Republican, a Newspaper published in the town of Jacksonville, Ala., for four consecutive weeks, requiring them the said non-resident Defendants, to answer or demur to the bill of complaint in this cause by the 15th day of June, A. D. 1868, or in thirty days thereafter a decree pro confesso will be taken against them. Done at office this 25th day of April, A. D. 1868. Wm. M. HANES, Register, &c. May 2, 1868.—4t—\$11 15.

BOWEN & HOOPER, Wholesale and Retail GROCERS, AND DEALERS IN Western Produce. Corner Water and Washington Streets, directly opposite the "Tramp House." ARE now opening a full and complete assortment of Groceries and Western Produce, which they offer in Packages or at Retail at the lowest market rates. Consignments of Cotton, Flour and other Produce, for storage, sale or shipment, respectfully solicited, and faithfully and promptly attended to. Thankful for former favors, they will be happy to again meet their old friends, and ask a fair share of patronage from the public generally. BOWEN & HOOPER. August 24, 1867—1y.

THE OLD "JACKSONVILLE HOTEL," BY J. D. HAMMOND. I respectfully announce to the traveling public, and citizens of the Town and Country generally, that I am still keeping this House. I shall endeavor to have my table furnished with every thing in this and the city markets afford. Having purchased my supplies for the year very low, I feel confident I can afford to serve the cheapest. Being determined to spare neither capital nor pains to give satisfaction, I solicit a liberal share of patronage. There is a good Livery Stable connected with this House, plentifully furnished to take care of horses; and supplied with various conveniences for travellers of the usual route. J. D. HAMMOND. Jacksonville, Jan. 11, 1868.

Economy & Home Industry. SAVE YOUR RAGS. THE CHICKASAGO MANUFACTURING COMPANY ARE now prepared to purchase GOOD CLEAN COTTON and LINEN RAGS in any quantity, and to pay for them the Highest Market Price in Cash. They have established a Depot at No. 51 North Water street for the receipt and storage of Rags and Paper stock of all sorts, under the immediate charge of Capt. Thomas Bass, who is authorized to pay a liberal price for all stock required for the Company's Mills, and brought him in suitable condition. Rags may be either white, colored or mixed, but they must be free of woollens, clean and well handled. Dealers in paper stock in the city and interior will find it to their advantage to communicate with us before disposing of their stock elsewhere. Newspapers will advance their own interests by leading their customers to secure the saving and collection of all the rags to be found in their respective localities. We will credit them in exchange for paper at liberal rates for all the merchantable rags they may send us. Rags sent by the rivers and Great Northern Railroad, should be addressed to the Company at Mobile. All shipments by the Mobile and Old Florida Railroad should be directed to Beaver Wood Station, the location of the Company's Works. For further information apply to the Company's Depot, No. 51, North Water St., or to the undersigned, in person or by letter, at the Office of the Advertiser and Register. W. G. CLARE, President. All newspapers publishing this advertisement one month and calling attention to it will receive credit for the same at their regular rates, payable in paper as soon as the Mills get into full operation. Feb. 1. J. G. BELL, W. T. BELL.

J. G. BELL & BRO., COTTON FACTORS AND Commission Merchants, WATER STREET, ZELMA, ALA. Special attention given to the Sale & Shipment of Cotton. Consignments respectfully solicited. Sept. 8, 1866.

FEMALE DELIGHT. English Female Bitters Cures all Female Complaints It satisfies old and young For Painful Menstruation For Suppressed Menstruation For Profuse Menstruation For Leucorrhoea or Whites For Falling of the Womb It delights Husband and Wife Adds Strength and gives Beauty Prepared by Southern Physicians Prepared by Southern Physicians Prepared by Southern Physicians Prepared by Southern Physicians

FOR CHILLS AND FEVER Use Dringooole & Co.'s King of chills It makes permanent cures For all forms of chills and Fever Cleanses the Stomach and arouses the Liver Cleanses the Stomach and arouses the Liver

FOR COUGHS AND COLDS. Buy Amalgamate Pectoral Relieves coughs and pain For croup and Whooping cough The best Expectorant known The best Expectorant known The best Expectorant known The best Expectorant known The best Expectorant known

FOR YOUR KIDNEYS. Use Ext. Bearberry, cubels and Buchu Never fails in Kidney Diseases Never fails in Kidney Diseases

PURIFY YOUR BLOOD. With Constitutional Monarch Removes all Impurities Use Great Southern Preparations Use Great Southern Preparations Use Great Southern Preparations Use Great Southern Preparations Use Great Southern Preparations

NEW GOODS. JOHN D. HOKE IS receiving, and will continue to receive from New York and other markets, a stock of Goods suited to the Spring and Summer Trade. Long experience, and the assistance of first class workmen in the importing cities, will enable him to give good bargains to his customers. Besides the usual articles kept in country stores, he keeps an assortment of

Het Anker Bolting Cloths, Hoe's C. S. Mill Saws & Screen Wire. If you want the value of your green-backs call upon him. JNO. D. HOKE. May 2, '68. Jacksonville, Ala.

BLANK LAND DEEDS and DEEDS OF TRUST, neatly and correctly printed, for sale by the quire or single copy, at this office. Also every description of Blanks for Justices of the Peace.

POETRY. From the Banner of the South. At Night. BY MORNA. Drear! weary! Weary! dreary! Sighs my soul this lonely night. Farewell gladness! Welcome sadness! Vanished are my visions bright! Stars are shining! Winds are pinning! In the sky and o'er the sea; Shine forever Stars; but never Does the starlight gladden me. Stars! you nightly Sparkle brightly, Scattered o'er your azure dome; While earth's turning, There you're burning— Beacons of a better home. Stars! you brighten And you lighten Many a heart-grief here below; But your gleaming, And your beaming, Cannot chase away my woe. Stars! you're shining— I am pining— I am dark, but you are bright Hanging o'er me And before me Is a weight you cannot light. Night of sorrow, Whose to-morrow I may never, never see. Till upon me And around me Dawns a bright eternity. Winds! you're sighing, And you're crying, Like a mourner o'er a tomb: With her blow ye? Wither through the midnight gloom. Chanting lowly, Softly, slowly, Like the voice of one in woe: Winds so lonely, Why thus moan ye? Say, what makes you sorrow so? Are you grieving For your leaving Scenes where all is fair and gay? For the flowers In their bowers You have met with on your way? For fond faces, For dear places, That you've seen as on you swept, Are you sighing? Are you crying, O'er the memories they have left? Earth is sleeping While you're sweeping Through night's solemn silence by; On forever Pausing never— How I love to hear you sigh! Men are dreaming, Stars are gleaming, In the far-off heaven's blue; Bosom aching, Musing, waking, Midnight winds! I sigh with you! Augusta, Ga., May 31st, 1868

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Jacksonville Republican.

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LAW CARDS.

G. C. ELLIS. J. H. CALDWELL.

ELLIS & CALDWELL, Attorneys at Law.

Solicitor in Chancery.

HAVING associated themselves in the practice of Law, will practice together, except in criminal cases, in the counties of Calhoun, Talladega, St. Clair, Randolph, Choctaw and DeKalb. Jan. 6, 1866.

H. L. STEVENSON, Attorney at Law.

Solicitor in Chancery, JACKSONVILLE, ALA.

WILL practice in the Courts of Calhoun and adjoining Counties; and give prompt and faithful attention to all business entrusted to his care.

Particular attention given to the collection of debts. Oct. 19, 1867.—17

M. J. & G. I. TURNLEY, Attorneys at Law.

Solicitors in Chancery, JACKSONVILLE, ALA.

General Collecting Agents.

WILL practice Law in the counties of Calhoun, Talladega, Randolph, Cleburne, Cherokee, Bainbridge, DeKalb, in the Supreme Court of the State, and in the U. S. District Court, Northern and Middle Division of Alabama.

JOE. H. FRANCIS, ATTORNEY AT LAW.

GENERAL COLLECTING AGENT.

Gadsden, Alabama.

WILL practice in Barne and adjoining counties, special attention given to the filing of petitions in Bankruptcy. Will prosecute claims against the Government for Bounty, Back pay, &c.

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JOHN W. INZER, LEROY F. BOX, Attorneys at Law.

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JOHN FOSTER, WM. H. FORNEY, FOSTER & FORNEY, Attorneys at Law.

Jacksonville Alabama.

WILL practice in the Counties of Calhoun, Talladega, Randolph, St. Clair, Cherokee, DeKalb and the Supreme Court of the State. Dec. 23d, 1865.

IN BANKRUPTCY.

TURNLEY & SON, Attorneys at Law.

Solicitors in Bankruptcy.

HAVE all necessary Blanks, and are ready to file applications for all who desire relief under the Bankrupt Act of 1867.

They will attend the Bankrupt Courts held by the Register, at Gadsden, Lebanon and Centee—and may be consulted at their office in Jacksonville, where one of them may always be found.

NEW HOTEL IN JACKSONVILLE.

The undersigned respectfully informs his friends and the public generally that he has opened a HOTEL in the large and commodious Brick Building on the north-east corner of the public square, which was built and fitted up expressly for that purpose. His table will be furnished with the best that the market affords, and no expense or effort spared for the comfort and convenience of his patrons.

Permanent boarders will be taken at fifteen dollars per month, and transient customers at corresponding reasonable rates.

S. D. McCLELLAN. Jan. 4, 1868.

ERRORS OF YOUTH.

A Gentleman who suffered for years from Nervous Debility, Premature Decay, and all the effects of youthful indiscretion, will, for the sake of suffering humanity, send free to all who need it, the recipe and directions for making the simple remedy by which he was cured. Sufferers wishing to profit by the advertiser's experience, can do so by addressing, in perfect confidence, JOHN E. ODEN, 42 Cedar Street, New York.

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Also Agents for the Steamboat Line on the Coosa River. J. M. ELLIOTT & CO. March 21, '68.

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J. M. ELLIOTT, General Supt. Steamboat Line.

C. M. PENNINGTON, Eng. & Supt. R.R.

J. B. PERKINS, M. P. W. & A. R. R.

F. W. COLLIER, Gen. Supt. C. & R. R.

H. T. PEAKE, Supt. S. C. R. R.

Rome, Ga., March 10th, 1868.—1th.

THE STATE OF ALABAMA, Calhoun County.

Court of Probate for said county, April 28, A. D. 1868.

At this term of the court came Wm. M. Hughes, Administrator of Langford Hughes deceased, and filed in court his petition in writing, representing among other things, that his intestate died seized and possessed of the following described lands, lying and being situate in said county, to-wit: Beginning at the creek on the Township line, hence to the dividing line E. section thirty-four, thence north, to the northeast corner of the field, thence west to the creek including the field fence, thence ascending the creek to the beginning corner of the township line, being part and parcel of section 24, thirty-four, township 15, fifteen of range 2, nine, containing seventy acres, more or less.

Said Administrator further represents that said land cannot be equally fairly and beneficially divided among the heirs of said estate, without a sale of the same; that said estate is in debt and that it is therefore necessary and is in the interest of said estate that said land be sold for distribution, and for the payment of debts, &c.; and he therefore asks an order of court authorizing him to sell the same for purposes above mentioned.

It is therefore ordered by the court, that the 10th day of June, 1868 be set for the hearing of said petition, and that notice thereof be given by publication in the Jacksonville Republican, a weekly newspaper published in said county, for three successive weeks prior to said day, as a notice to the non-resident heirs and all other persons concerned, to be and appear at a general Term of said court to be held at the court house of said county on said 10th day of June, 1868, and defend against said petition if they think proper.

A. WOODS, Judge of Probate. May 2nd, 1868.—31.

CONSIGN YOUR GOODS TO CROSWELL & CO.

HAVING rented the Ware-House, known as the "Petitbone Warehouse," belonging to the Selma Rome and Dalton R. R. Co. for a term of years, we are now prepared to offer to the citizens of Calhoun, Talladega, and the northern part of the State generally, accommodations superior to any they have ever had, in the way of taking care of and forwarding Goods. With the large and commodious floating Wharf Boat "Magnolia," at the foot of the slide, we are prepared to store any amount of Freight, well protected from rain, a good watchman, efficient Clerks, and immediately at the Depot, where the usual amount of handling and drayage is avoided; nothing more being required when your Goods are consigned to Crosswell & Co. and they will be forthcoming in due time. The Cabin and State Rooms of the Magnolia are in good repair, and under the supervision of Lynch & Nelson, two of the best Stewards on the Alabama River, who are prepared to furnish good clean Beds, and meals to the travelling public, who may wish to be sure of getting a Boat, arriving at any time of the night, and upon reasonable terms. Selma, March 28, 1868.—17.

The Castle of Griefenstein.

A GERMAN LEGEND.

It was a happy time for the peasantry of Neuburg when their brave Duke, Henry I, passed through his dominions. He was on his way, accompanied by his consort Hedwig and their children, with a numerous retinue of followers, to visit his burg of Leuborg, built by his renowned father, Duke Boleslaus. While he stopped a day or two to rest from the fatigues of the travel, his subjects from the neighborhood came to petition for favors and redress from various grievances, for they knew the good will of their sovereign, and thought his power almost boundless.

Among the petitioners was an old herdsman, whose name was Wolfgang. To the gracious enquiry of the Duke respecting his wants, he was answered that the whole country was tormented with a condor, that took off the greatest part of the flocks, and even mangled oxen of the plow. The bird had a nest somewhere, and young ones, and when these were grown, children, and perhaps men and women, would not be safe from its raptures. "Thee compassion upon us, gracious Lord," prayed the herdsman, "Command your soldiers to slay the condor and destroy its nest." "Where has the bird its eyrie?" asked the Duke.

"I know not," answered the herdsman, "but, methinks, it is beneath the Rabenberg."

The Duke gave immediate orders that the bird of prey should be hunted and killed with its young. The whole country was in motion; the knights were eager to fulfill their lord's command and gain renown by the slaughter of so destructive a foe to the herdsman. But the condor seemed to defy them. Sheep disappeared daily, as if by magic. Only at intervals could the bird be seen, soaring upon outspread wings at so vast a height, that no arrow could reach it. The peasants mourned, and the baffled warriors murmured at their want of success. Meanwhile Schaffold, the son of Wolfgang, a youth of aspiring spirit, but little inclined, as his father often complained, to the herdsman's labor, had been busily watching the knights, apparently charmed with their brave apparel and armor, and following at a distance those who were nearest the Duke, and though in humble garb many a highborn cavalier might have envied the notice and graceful form and the majestic beauty of his countenance. Nature had gifted him with matchless perfection of person; his mien was not that of a peasant, of a free-born noble—far which, indeed, he was negated throughout the country.

As the Duke with his train entered the castle where he was lodged, young Schaffold passed unheeding along the mountain side under the shadow of projecting rocks. He had not gone far when his steps were arrested. At a few paces distance a young and beautiful woman, richly dressed, lay sleeping upon the ground, her fair cheek rested on her hand, her soft brown hair, unclasped, followed the waving line of her figure. So exquisite was this image of beauty that the young herdsman stood gazing at her several minutes, unable to remove his eyes; suddenly however, he started forward, he saw a viper of the most poisonous kind glide swiftly over the moss toward the head of the sleeping girl. Schaffold sprang forward in time to strike the reptile dead with his staff. The noise awoke the young girl, when, seeing the snake, she started up with a cry of horror. The next instant, comprehending the danger from which she had escaped, she turned with a look of gratitude to him who had saved her. At the next instant a voice called from the thicket, "Princess Rubeta!" "I am here," answered the young girl, and Schaffold at once knew her rank. She was the eldest daughter of the Duke.

With a heavy heart he turned away, and was out of sight when the servants came to the spot. The Princess walked on to the castle, and so soon as it was known what had befallen her than the young pages and attendant hastened to her. But no trace of the youth who had rendered her this signal service, could be discovered. That day before sunset the peasantry were assembled in holiday attire, decorated with ribbons and flowers, to appear before the Duke and his family. All the herdsman except Schaffold were there, and the eyes of the Princess sought only him. When she found him not she sighed, and tears filled her beautiful eyes.

Schaffold wandered in the woods the rest of the evening, and returned home late at night to think and dream of Rubeta. With the morning resolution came. "She cannot be mine," he said mournfully, "but I may at least win a name that she may not disdain to bear." He quitted his father's hut

early, and his steps involuntarily turned toward the castle where the Duke's party lodged. There was an unusual concourse before the gates. A herald came forth, mounted on a white horse decorated with gay trappings, preceded by a trumpeter, and accompanied by several knights. Schaffold approached as near as possible. The trumpet sounded, and after it ceased, the herald made this proclamation in a loud voice: "Our gracious Duke, Henry the first, sends greeting to his lieges of the country of Neuburg, and having heard that the whole valley is plagued by a condor of an unusual and extraordinary magnitude, by which the lives of his subjects are endangered, he doth hereby promise to the brave man who shall kill this bird and destroy its nest, the hand of his daughter, the Princess Rubeta, in marriage."

Bewildered and trembling with newborn hope, struggling with fear, the young herdsman listened to the words of the herald. When he had ended, the trumpet again sounded.

The young Princess sat weeping in her chamber. The Duchess, her mother, stood regarding her almost sternly, and reproved her for her want of submission to the paternal will.

"Alas my mother," murmured Rubeta, "must I then wed a man whom I cannot love, if he chance to slay the bird?"

"The Duke's honor is pledged, my child, and the man that shall do this act in honor of thee and him, is not unworthy, though he should be the lowlyborn, of thy hand."

The Princess shook her head and continued to weep.

"Alas!" exclaimed the duchess, "can it be possible that thou lovest already?"

The Princess covered her blushing face with her hands.

"His name!" demanded the duchess, "who has dared to aspire unknown?"

"None!" exclaimed Rubeta, "he has saved my life."

"But the youth who killed the snake while thou was sleeping?"

"The same."

"Why it was but a hind, a peasant; out on thee, forward girl!"

The Princess lifted up her eyes. "Was not Potos, the founder of my father's honored race, a herdsman, too?"

The Duchess frowned, and ordered her daughter to attend her to her apartment.

It is needless to say that the Duke's proclamation caused great excitement amongst the pages and knights of the court. Each was eager to obtain the prize. The country was scoured by hundreds in every direction, and every cranny of the rocks was scanned for the eyrie of the condor.

"Thou, too, my son," said old Wolfgang, "surely thou dost not dream to content in this pursuit which only may be accomplished by a knight, as he saw his son preparing for the chase; they will chastise thee as an upstart."

"Father, I fear them not, for the Duke's proclamation said not, whoever of noble blood, shall slay the condor. I know it if this was meant or inadvertent, but upon this I am resolved."

And Schaffold went forth with his staff and ax to hunt the bird of prey. All the morning he wandered in the forest. At noon, wearied, but determined not to yield to fatigue, he climbed the loftiest tree that he could find, and which commanded a view of the country. The day had hitherto been beautiful, but Schaffold descried a dark spot in the distant horizon which betokened the coming storm.

Suddenly, a dark speck, so distant that it seemed but a mere dashing over the straggling eye, caught his attention. His heart bounded within his breast. The speck grew larger, he clasped his hands in an ecstasy of joy. It was the condor! Bearing a height immeasurable, it still drew nearer. Schaffold hid himself in the foliage of the tree, and watched the flight of the majestic bird. Of the condor, it is said, that it will remain for days upon the wing, and never light upon the earth, save for food. Rapidly it came on, floating calmly in mid-air, his eyes followed its flight, which was now directed toward a lofty and inaccessible rock, on the summit of which was an aged tree, which, doubtless, contained the nest of the condor.

Descending from his elevated situation, he crossed the valley, and forced his passage through the thick and interwoven boughs and wood of the forest. But the storm which had threatened had now begun, but on he pressed; he had clambered the mountain to the foot of the rock, the perilous ascent of which he now commenced, entrusting his safe guidance to Providence. Grasping the shrubs growing on the foot of the rock, cutting footholds as he slowly advanced, he reached the most dangerous part. The cliff projected over the abyss, and upon its verge stood the lightning-scathed tree. He could see the dark form of the bird above him. Her fiery eyes flashed, and she flapped her wings at the intruder. The clamorous impatience of her

young for food, alone stayed her from making a swoop at him when half way up the side; and a hitherto unseen cleft in the rock, which ascended the sides, led him by a circuitous route to the summit; this peril surmounted, he was now to strive for his life with a fierce enemy whose realm he had invaded. The condor sat perched on the nest, whetting her beak for the encounter, her large keen eyes glaring defiance. To ascend the tree would have been destruction; and no crossbow, a bolt from which would have stood him such need, had he. A thought struck him to kindle a fire beneath the tree. With speed he gathered together a few dried boughs and brushwood; he fastened it to the end of a long pole which he had cut down with his ax. Then striking fire, he kindled it, and placed it as high as he could reach in the branches of the tree.

The half decayed boughs were instantly on fire. The violence of the wind swept it upward, and the nest itself was soon wrapped in flames. The condor had taken flight at the first gush of smoke, but, recalled by the cries of her young, wheeled round and round the blazing tree, uttering a hoarse, short cry at intervals, and flapping her huge wings as if maddened with rage and despair. Anon she dashed furiously at Schaffold, who, nothing daunted, struck at her with his ax, his only weapon of defence. The bird wheeled round him, and then plunged madly into the flames to the rescue of its young. Long and fruitless were its efforts; it mingled its horrid shrieks in the blast of the storm till the country around was aroused; but all in vain were its struggles, the fire had so weakened it that, overcome, the huge creature fell at full length, exhausted, at the feet of the youth, who with one mighty stroke of his ax severed the head from the prostrate enemy, which should now no longer be the terror of the husbandmen, and which, if the Duke were but rightly minded toward the honest and deserving, should lead him to his fortune.

Dragging the carcass of his prostrate foe to the edge of the precipice, he precipitated it over the side, and at length managed to make a safe descent with it into the valley. Hurry, to his surprise, the whole population, as well as the stately followers of the court, were assembled, attracted by the fire and the wailing cries of the condor, and had been the witness of his prowess.

The Duke listened to his account of his adventure, and demanded his name.

"Schaffold, the son of Wolfgang, the herdsman," was the reply; and the youth saw with pain the smile which passed round the noble circle.

But the Duke exclaimed, after a moment's hesitation: "Bring forth my daughter!"

Several knights ventured to remonstrate. But the Duke once more bade them do his bidding.

There was a pause, and presently Rubeta appeared, leaning on her mother's arm, pale and trembling. Again there was a murmur, but the Duke exclaimed:

"I pledged my royal word that whoever should slay the condor should receive my daughter's hand; it is true, I did not think that one lowly born would attempt, or if attempt, succeed against such noble knights; but, as success has attended his efforts, he has shown himself more worthy than you all, and I will not break my word. Young man, take my daughter; thou art comely as thou art brave, and let not knight here murmur at my royal right to do justice to desert."

Schaffold advanced to the Duke, and kneeling down, exclaimed: "I would risk life a thousand times for so fair a prize, but I will not take the hand that the lady doth not willingly bestow."

"Now, by the rod, thy spirit is knightly enough," exclaimed Duke Henry, "but it is our will that thou dost wed the lady. Rubeta, what sayest thou?"

"I will obey thee, my father," said the maiden, from whose cheek the flush of joy had chased away its paleness.

The Duke joined their hands. "And that thou mayest have a home stately enough for a princely bride," he continued, "I will give thee as much land as thou canst encircle in a day's journey."

"On the rock thou didst climb—the condor's eyrie—I will build a stately castle for thee and thine, which shall be called Griefenstein, in remembrance of the bird which has brought the fortune."

The same day was the betrothal of the Princess and herdsman solemnly celebrated. On the following morning Schaffold commenced the circuit of the land which formed the domains of Griefenstein. The Duke confirmed the gift, and, in the presence of the whole court, created the young man a knight and noble, with the title of Baron Sbaufgottsch.

Vital Statistics of Mankind.

There are on the globe about 1,288,000,000 of souls, of which 369,000,000 are of the Caucasian race; 552,000,000 are of the Mongolian race; 190,000,000 are of the Ethiopian race; 176,000,000 are of the Malay race; 1,090,000 are of the Ande-American race.

There are 3,683 languages spoken and 1,000 different religions.

The yearly mortality of the globe is 3,333,333 persons. This is at the rate of 91,554 per day, 3,730 per hour, 60 per minute; so each pulsation of our hearts marks the decease of some human creature.

The average of human life is 30 years.

One-fourth of the population die or before the age of 7 years—one half at or before the age of 17 years.

Among 10,000 persons, one arrives at the age of 100 years, one in 500 attains the age of 90, and one in 100 lives to the age of 60.

One-eighth of the population is military.

Professions exercise a great influence on longevity.

In 1,000 individuals who arrive at the age of 70 years, 42 are priests, orators or public speakers, 40 are agriculturists, 33 are workmen, 32 soldiers or military employees, 20 advocates or engineers 27 professors and 25 doctors.—Those who devote their lives to the prolongation of that of others, die soonest.

There are 335,000,000 Christians. There are 5,000,000 Israelites. There are 60,000,000 of the Asiatic religions.

There are 160,000,000 Mohamedans. There are 200,000,000 Pagans. In the Christian churches, 180,000,000 profess the Roman Catholic faith.

75,000,000 profess the Greek faith, 80,000,000 profess the Protestant.

A Contrast.

From the Lexington (Ky.) Reporter and Observer.

There has been revived, with complimentary notice, an incident of the occupation of Lexington by the Confederates in 1862, when a young lady refused to deliver a Federal flag to Confederate cavalrymen. Upon her refusal to deliver it up without force, her person was held sacred, and she permitted to wave it in the presence of a marching column of cavalry. These men have been denounced as "guerillas," "rebels," &c., and the lady exalted into a heroine. We have no word, other than prompt, to utter of that lady.

We heard recited the facts of another occurrence of that terrible war. Near the banks of the muddy Savannah in a plain country house lived an invalid widow with an only daughter, her brothers absent, soldiers in the Confederate army. Ladies in birth and education, in refinement and culture, easy in fortune, they lived a retired life. The wave of Sherman's invasion reached that plantation; and the mansion was entered by a party of his scouts or bummers, who, having robbed the place of all portable provisions and plate and jewelry, tried to take from the mother's neck a gold encased miniature of the dead husband. The maiden daughter pleaded that her mother be spared that insult and pain. The mother would not part from this memorial of the loved dead without a struggle. With violence was it torn from her neck, her rings torn from her fingers, her earrings jerked from her bleeding ears; but beyond, infinitely beyond that, the nameless crime was committed upon her young daughter in her own presence. The solitary chimneys staid silent sentries over the ashes of that once happy home, and an unmarked grave under a forest tree encloses the form of that violated maiden. These women are not heroines, they were only rebels; those men were of the grand army of freedom on its glorious march to the sea!

An Outrage.

We learn from passengers who came down on the Saturday morning train of the Selma, Rome, and Dalton Railroad, that as the train passed Butler's old saw mill, two miles this side of Numford Station, large stones were thrown in one of the passenger coaches, smashing up one of the windows and otherwise damaging the car. Fortunately no one was hurt, though several made narrow escapes. This method of seeking revenge is becoming quite fashionable, a number of instances have been reported of late of this "stone throwing." The authorities should take prompt action in this case and, if possible, bring the guilty parties to punishment.—Talladega Mountain Home 16th

Heavily loaded wagons are now drawn over common roads in France by means of steam road locomotives adapted to the purpose.

Terms of Subscription. For one year, in advance, \$3 00 For 6 months, " " 1 75

Terms of Advertising.

One square of ten lines or less, first insertion, 50 Each subsequent insertion, 75 Over one square counted as two, over two as three, &c. A liberal discount made on advertisements continued for three, six, or 12 months.

Annunciation of Candidates, \$5 00 Obituaries charged at advertising rates.

Mr. D. M. FULENWIDER is our authorized Agent, to receive and recip or subscription, advertising, &c. for the Jacksonville Republican.

Nominee of the Democratic National Convention.

The question which now interests our whole people more intensely than any other—who will be the nominee of the Democratic National Convention? will soon be settled. Our next paper will be published on the day of the meeting of the Convention, and of course we cannot hope to give the news of the nomination in that; but we promise our readers to send it out in an extra should the nomination be made before our next regular issue.

The discussion of the probable or possible nomination of Chief Justice Chase, has added additional interest to the question within the last few weeks. The New York World lately published an article proposing the nomination of Chase on a platform of universal suffrage, and the acceptance of Congressional reconstruction as an accomplished fact. This article has called out such a universal expression of opposition to his nomination, as virtually to settle the question against his nomination, and the World now claims that its object was to settle the question in advance, and prevent its being a disturbing element in the convention. Whether this was its object or not, it has certainly had that effect. The question seems now almost narrowed down to a choice between Pendleton, Hancock, President Johnson, and one or two other names which have been incidentally mentioned; and unless the convention should blunder most awfully, the election of whoever may be the nominee is next thing to certain. A dread of the further extension of Radical rule, seems to have seized upon the public mind all over the nation, superinduced by their unparalleled usurpations and utter disregard of all lawful and constitutional restraints. In short, all who do not really desire the destruction of our republican form of government, see nothing in the further extension of Radical rule, but usurpation, national bankruptcy, revolution and ruin.

Plucky Woman. A Sculawey Senator Invites a Derby to His House—He Seals Himself by the Daughter, Who Knocks Him Down

From the Macon (Ga.) Journal & Messenger. Mr. _____ is the sculawey Senator elected from the Senatorial district composed of the counties of _____ He is full-blown radical, and loves a negro as much as he hates a "rebel." He goes in of course not only for political but social equality, and repudiates not only at the ballot-box but in his household all distinctions founded upon race or color.

Large Potato.—Mr. R. L. Stevenson, Esq. has laid upon our table an Irish potato, weighing 14 ounces—who can beat it?

Wheat.—We hear a very general complaint that the wheat crop is lighter than expected, as it is threshed out.

Veto of the Arkansas Bill.

We publish below the telegraphic synopsis of the President's veto message in regard to the bill admitting Arkansas as a state. We are glad that he still stands firm and answering in his efforts to defend and protect the Constitution. The bill has already passed the House by a strict party vote of 111 to 31, and it will doubtless pass the Senate by the requisite two-thirds majority, and become a law. But these things all go to make up a record, that, at no very distant day, will sink radicalism to merited contempt and ignominy. The action on this bill foreshadows that on the Omnibus bill also.

Washington, June 29.—The veto message says: The approval of this bill would be an admission that the act more efficiently governing the rebel States, and the acts supplementary thereto were constitutional; whereas the President's opinion is unchanged in this respect, but rather strengthened by the results attending their execution. If Arkansas is not a State, this bill does not admit her, as she is a State, no legislation is necessary to entitle her to representation in Congress. Each House, under the Constitution, judges the election returns and the qualifications of its own members, and nothing is necessary to restore Arkansas but a decision by each House of the illegibility of those presenting credentials. This is the plain and simple plan of the Constitution; and had it been adopted in 1865, instead of legislation of doubtful constitutionality, and therefore unwise and dangerous, restoration would long since have been accomplished. The President again recommends the constitutional plan.—The terms proposed are scarcely applicable to a Territory, certainly not to a State which has occupied a place in the

Union over a quarter of a century, and the President is unable to find the authority for the conditions of the bill in the Federal Constitution. The elective franchise is reserved by the Constitution to the States themselves. The bill fails to provide how Arkansas shall signify its acceptance of the fundamental conditions, nor does it prescribe penalties for their nullification. It is seriously questioned whether the Constitution has been ratified according to law, but assumed to be in force before its adoption. The Arkansas Constitution restricted franchise on its ratification by tests unknown in the reconstruction acts—among them the acceptance of political and civil rights of all men. It is well known that a large portion, if not a majority, of the electors don't accept this test, and if applied to voters North there is reason to believe that many of them would remain away from the polls rather than comply with its degrading conditions.

The President concludes: Should the people of Arkansas, therefore, desiring to regulate the elective franchise so as to make it conform to the Constitution of a large proportion of the States of the North and West, modify the provisions referred to in the fundamental conditions what is to be the consequences? Is it intended that a denial of representation shall follow?—And, if so, may we not dread, at some future day, a recurrence of the troubles which have so long agitated the country? Would it not be the part of wisdom to take for our guide the Federal Constitution rather than resort to measures which, looking only to the present, may, in few years, renew in an aggravated form the strife and bitterness caused by legislation which has proved to be ill-fated and unfortunate?

House.—The time was occupied in discussing unimportant matters until the vote of the Arkansas bill, which party voted 110 to 31 with a strict party vote, except Stewart, of New York, who voted with Republicans.

Another Loil Leaguer Gone Crazy.

In the last two years the Judge of Probate has committed three men of Cherokee county to the Lunatic Asylum, and each a member of the "Loil League."

Within the same time twenty persons have been prosecuted for stealing horses, corn, etc., or concealing stolen property, and nineteen of them had been regularly initiated into the "Loil League."—The one who had not, was a gentleman of color, who had repeatedly refused to join, and boasts now that he is too decent for such a crowd. It is due to him to say, he was not present at the stealing and he got the article (corn) under circumstances creating doubts as to his criminal knowledge.

Plucky Woman.

A Sculawey Senator Invites a Derby to His House—He Seals Himself by the Daughter, Who Knocks Him Down

From the Macon (Ga.) Journal & Messenger.

Mr. _____ is the sculawey Senator elected from the Senatorial district composed of the counties of _____ He is full-blown radical, and loves a negro as much as he hates a "rebel." He goes in of course not only for political but social equality, and repudiates not only at the ballot-box but in his household all distinctions founded upon race or color.

Acting upon this theory, he has brought one of his constituents to great grief. Said constituent called to see him not long ago, and dinner being announced as ready before he left, he was invited to a seat at the Senator's hospitable board. He accepted the invitation, and walking in, placed himself on a chair by the side of a daughter of his host. It was the rashest act of his life. The next thing he knew he was lying upon the floor where he had been knocked by a chair in the indignant woman's hands. Her mother reinforced her, and such a mauling as that darkey got makes the bones ache to write about. The old rascalion who got him into the trouble scolded by all this time, not daring to say a word. When they finished with the darkey they turned to the white man, and, telling him that they would not live with any one who thus sought to degrade them and left the house. They are heard around among the neighbors, and find a hearty welcome wherever they go. We propose their health with all the honor. Hip! hip! hurrah!

Gen. Hancock, writes a Washington lady correspondent, was at the President's last levee. He is the handsomest man that a woman's eyes has ever rested upon in the military service. No matter about his record in New Orleans; no matter about the dubious reasons that brought him to Washington. Queen Bess, one of the greatest women that ever lived, would have made him Prime Minister at once, and if Andrew Johnson wishes to emulate this illustrious woman, and add glory to his declining reign, none but a Senate lost to the most exquisite emotions, will interfere. Towering a whole head and shoulders above foreign Ministers and all others in the room, one's eyes must be raised to view the stars on his shoulders, just as they are lifted to the flaming star that rests upon the strap of Perseus, proving him to be one of the greatest generals in the heavens.

He who waits for a chance will have to wait a year.

THE CINCINNATI COMMERCIAL ON OLD BEN WADE.—We clip the following tit-bits from the Commercial of the 27th:

PERSONNE.—Wade and wanting—in Ohio Wade and shelved—in Chicago. Wade and distrusted—in Washington.

Ben Wade's correspondence is not so arduous as it was. Wade cursed the pertinacity of the office seekers lately. He has been relieved.

A. J.'s little grand children will take dancing lessons, in Washington, for another quarter.

Ben Wade would rather be right than be President. He made up his mind about it last evening.

For rent—A newly repaired house in Greenville, Tenn. Apply to A. Johnson, White House.

"Wade Din" was the motto of the carpet-baggers; "Wade doubt" the motto of the judicious people.

The carpet-baggers have left Washington, and there will be no more spontaneous applause in the galleries.

The people never elected Ben Wade to anything, but he came within one vote of electing himself President.

The importance of one vote is proverbial. Ben Wade would like to have had just one more, in order to cast it for Ben Wade.

Mr. Johnson finds it inconvenient to vacate the White House to Mr. Wade, but will kindly tender him the use of the blue-room.

Skies Brightening.

Extract of a letter from a very intelligent gentleman who is largely engaged in the iron business at Chicago, to a gentleman in this city, dated May 13, 1868.

As to "bayonets and carpet-baggers" they are matters too grievous to be borne, and you have the active sympathy of millions of Northern people. To me the skies are bright with promise that the hordes of thieves and robbers now in charge of our national affairs will in November by the voice of the people be driven forth from the places they now dwell, to be succeeded by men who will do justice to the South and pay some little attention to the interest of white men.

The late Republican National Convention held in this city was a most insipid and dreary affair, not to be compared with the one held here eight years ago when Lincoln was nominated, or even four years ago when McClellan was nominated.

The nomination of the cold-blooded Grant does not elicit one particle of enthusiasm. As an insurance showing how some of the federal soldiers receive the nomination I will say, that there is in our shops among other workmen thirteen returned federal soldiers. The other day one of their number, who is opposed to Grant took a poll of their votes and found only one man out of the thirteen who would vote for Grant.

Columbian Prisoners.

We have been informed that the prisoners, except Mr. Bidel, have been again taken out of their cells, and are now in comfortable quarters. We do not know how to explain this change unless it is because one of the detectives who seems to be in command of this Department, (Hatch-they) had his hair trimmed very close, and has cooled down. We hope he won't get mad again till it grows out or comes out.

Notice.

The books of the assessment of the Corporation Taxes, are now complete. Tax payers are hereby notified, that the books will be open for the correction of all mistakes, on Friday, 29th June, 1868. D. P. FORNEY, Intendant.

Look Before you Leap!

LIFE INSURANCE

COMES directly to all those who are themselves from at once attending to the most important duty, and the best part of any community will naturally ask themselves, what company shall be insured in—we say insure in the

SOUTHERN LIFE OF MEMPHIS.

A Strictly Southern Company. And offered by men who are natives of the soil, and to the honor born.

It has within the last 12 months done more business by one-half than any company doing business south.—It relies on Southern people for support—their capital is ample and securely invested—their patronage a good home company, and keep your money in your own country.

Southern Life Insurance Company, Louisville, Ky. and Memphis, Tenn. Net Assets for 1868, \$250,917 91.

P. M. WHITE, Pres. SAM TATE, Vice R. C. BRINKLEY, (Pres. Res. MAY, Secy. Gen. N. R. FORREST, General Traveling Ag't. P. B. SHEPARD, Dist. Ag't. Local Ag't. Dr. M. W. FRANCIS, Med. Ex. June 20, 1868.—1m.

NEW GOODS.

I am just receiving an additional supply of FRESH GOODS, direct from New York and other markets. Among the variety is a superior article of Rio Coffee, Putrefied and Coffee Sugar, Golden Syrup and Molasses, English Soda, &c. &c. A new supply of German

Hot Anker Rolling Cloths. JNO. D. HOKE. June 20, 1868.

THE GREAT Southern Preparations

COMPRISE a class of pure and select Family Medicines, prepared from pure Drugs, by a class of experienced Southern Physicians, specially for the diseases incident to a Southern locality. They are not secret nor potent mixtures, and are recommended to be used in lieu of those prepared by our Northern friends, who know but little about Southern treatment. Ours is the only class of Family Medicines ever offered to the public which were prepared by the Medical Profession.

FEMALES OF THE SOUTH.

Diseases peculiar to your sex, incident to all localities, called from the passing breeze that fans you with its perfumed breath, or snatched from some pond or dew-drop, are to you a constant and abiding trouble. Whether an inhabitant of city or country, hill or dale, palace or hovel, disease rankles and poisons your vitals. Gloom and despair are your constant companions. Your pale and ghastly countenance, your colorless cheeks, your bloodless eye, your feeble and tottering walk, your palpitating heart, your digested brow, all tell of that disease which is gradually and steadily making inroads upon your declining system.

The Sunshine of Hope

Now banish upon your vision, and the clouds of despair that hang as a heavy pall of gloom upon your brow can be driven back, and the bright visions of health, in all its grandeur, are offered you. DRUMGOOLE & CO'S

ENGLISH FEMALE BITTERS

Is the only combination that actually and positively restores and restores the womb to its normal healthy condition. It removes all unnatural obstructions, relieves painful or suppressed menstruation, cures Leucorrhoea or Whites, falling of the Womb, Hysterics, Chlorosis, Anemia, Nervousness, Swelling and Giddiness of the Head, Melancholy, Flatulency and Irritation of the Womb, Derangements of the Kidneys and Bladder, and all diseases that are peculiar to the female sex—suffering old or young, married or single. Send and get one Bottle, it will do you good.

YOUR LIFE BLOOD

Must be changed in order to be relieved of that troublesome class of diseases requiring pure blood. DRUMGOOLE & CO'S

Constitutional Research

Is recognized by the Medical Profession as the BEST and most CERTAIN Blood Purifier now before the public, and why? Simply because it is composed of the best medicines for that purpose, viz. Sulfuric Acid, Yellow Bark, Sassafras, Berberis, and Infusion of Potash. For Scrophulous Eruptions, Skin Diseases, Gout, Rheumatism, Glandular Tumors, and Swellings, Old Ulcers and Syphilis, Constitutional Derangements, etc., it acts like a charm.

DRUMGOOLE & CO'S

Pink Eal, Bearberry, Cubebs and Buchu, A highly concentrated medicinal compound, expressly for affections of the KIDNEYS & BLADDER, such as Incontinence, Frequent Desire to Urinate, Urinary Deposits, Thick or Milky Urine, Effects of early Dissipation, Nervous Trembling, Gravel, Gout, Pains in the Back, Head, Loss of energy, Strangury, and all affections requiring a quick and reliable Remedy.

In all cases of a want of action on the part of the Kidneys, and in a fever affecting old or young, or in a fever, this compound can be used.

CHILLS AND FEVER

Can be easily cured by using one Bottle of Drumgoole & Co's CHILLS and FEVER Remedy, which will cause the Liver, cleanse the Stomach, open the Bowels and relieve the most severe cases of Chills. One Bottle will cure one or six months standing.

DRUMGOOLE & CO'S

Red Berran Remedy, The most certain and efficient cure for all Cases of Dysentery, Neria and Vomiting, Cholera, Cholera Morbus, pain in Stomach, summer complaint, flatulence on walking, leading to the most distressing pleurisy, cough and quins of the stomach. It is not an alcoholic preparation, contains no opium, cathartics, galls, tannin, or wood, etc. It imparts tone to the already debilitated stomach and bowels, and is readily absorbed without a bottle. It never fails to cure.

PILES! PILES!

Why, if you continue to suffer with Piles, when the remedy is sure you can be easily cured, do not suffer another day; send immediately and procure one Box of Drumgoole & Co's PILE REMEDY and be cured. Internal or external Piles, whether recent or long standing can be cured immediately. Cannot Southern Physicians cure the Piles as well as any one else? Try our remedy, then.

Those Who Do Not Think

Great hair honorable, can have their hair restored to their natural color without staining the skin or scalp. It does not dye the hair, but simply BESTORES it to its former color, and at the same time prevents it from falling off, cleanses the scalp of all dandruff and scurf, imparts a beautiful gloss and comes as near restoring hair to its full as any other preparation. It is Drumgoole & Co's Tonic Hair Restorer. It is warranted.

THE GREAT SOUTHERN PREPARATIONS

As a class of Family Medicines should be used by every one.

J. P. DRUMGOOLE & CO., Proprietors, Memphis, Tenn.

Sole Wholesale by: Evans, Moore & Co., Louisville, Ky. L. G. Prudden & Co., Mobile Ala. Bowers, Whit & Co., New Orleans, La. Cassas Bros., St. Louis, Mo.

Also for sale in JACKSONVILLE at the Drug Store, Mar 1868. And by Druggists everywhere.

IRON AND Castings

Of various descriptions and superior quality. For sale by: WOODWARD & SON. June 20, 1868.

Blank Land Deeds and DEEDS OF TRUST, neatly and correctly printed, for sale by the quire or single copy, at this office. Also every description of Blanks for Justices of the Peace

"COSTAR'S" Preparations EVERYBODY—Tries Them! EVERYBODY—Uses Them! EVERYBODY—Believes in Them! EVERYBODY—Recommends Them! Are you troubled by Itch, Lice, Ringworms, etc.? Costar's Exterminator. Only Infallible Remedies. "Free from Poison," "Not dangerous to the Human Family," "Rats come out of their holes to die," "Improved to keep in any climate." Are you annoyed with Bed-Bugs? Can't sleep nights? Costar's Bed-Bug Exter. A Liquid that destroys and prevents Bed-Bugs. "Never Fails." For Moths in Furs, Woolens, Carpets, &c. Costar's Insect Powder. Destroys instantly Fleas and all Insects on all Plants, Fowls, Animals, &c. A sure thing. Thousands can testify. Costar's Corn Solvent. For Corns, Blisters, Warts, &c. "Try It." Frontal matter with pain? A wonderful power of Healing! Every family should keep it in the house. Costar's Backache & Salve. Its effects are immediate. For Cuts, Burns, Bruises, Wounds, Sore Breasts, Piles, Ulcers, Old Sores, Itch, Scrophulous and Cutaneous Eruptions, Chapped Hands, Itch, etc. Titles of Animals, Plants, &c. "A Universal Dinner Pill" (sugar-coated) 30 years admitted in a Physician's Practice. Costar's Bishop Pills. Of extraordinary efficiency for Costiveness, indigestion, Nervous and Sick Headache, Dyspepsia, Dysentery, General Debility, Liver Complaints, Chills, Fevers, &c. Not gripping, Gentle, mild and soothing. "That Cough will kill you!" Don't neglect it. Costar's Cough Remedy. The children cry for it—it is a "Soothing Syrup." For Coughs, Hoarseness, Sore Throat, Croup, Whooping Cough, Asthma, Bronchial Affections, Singers, Speakers, and all troubled with Throat Complaints, will find this a beneficial Pectoral Remedy. Beautifies the Complexion, giving to the skin a transparent freshness. Costar's Bitter Sweet and ORANGE BLOSSOMS. Renders the skin clear, smooth and soft. Removes Tan, Freckles, Pimples, &c. Ladies try a bottle and see its wonderful quality.

WHEAT WANTED

We will exchange Groceries at cash prices for WHEAT of good quality. We have also just received and offer for sale an assorted lot of IRON

Of superior quality. SMITH & RIDDLE. Oxford, Ala. June 20, 1868.

In Chancery

At Jacksonville, Ala. Wm. Crutchfield, Thomas Crutchfield, et al. vs. Joseph B. Forney, Isaac Frank, Elias Blum, Thomas D. Fister, Assignee, &c.

It is therefore ordered by the Register that publication be made in the Jacksonville Republican, a Newspaper published in the town of Jacksonville, Ala. for four consecutive weeks, requiring him the said Elias Blum to answer or demur to the bill of complaint in this cause by Monday the 27th of July, A. D. 1868, or in thirty days thereafter a decree pro confesso will be taken against him.

Done at office, this 30th day of May, A. D. 1868. Wm. M. HAMES, Register, &c. June 20, 1868.—At—\$5 00.

THE STATE OF ALABAMA, CALHOUN COUNTY

Court of Probate for said County, May 27th, A. D. 1868.

THIS day came Benjamin Johnson, Adm'r. of the Estate of E. S. Simmons deceased, and presents said files in court his petition in writing, representing among other things, that his intestate died, seized and possessed of the following Real Estate situate in the Town of Oxford, in said county of Calhoun, to-wit: The lot in said town known as the Simmons dwelling house and house thereon, containing one and a half acres more or less. This lot lying on east side of the public square, fronting 33 feet and running back 98 feet. One lot lying North of Chockologo street, bounded on the east and west by lots belonging to John DeGruyan, fronting 50 feet and running back 100 feet to dwelling house on the lot lying south of same street fronting 50 feet and running back 100 feet and lots east of Luttrell's Store; and four lots lying north of Chockologo street, three lots fronting 50 and one 45 feet and all running back 100 feet, and all lying east of John DeArman's lot. Four lots lying north of a new street lately laid out, the east one of which lies adjoining now a Mill field lying west of said Mill field and containing four acres more or less, the next west of the first, containing four acres more or less, the third west of the second, containing five acres more or less, the fourth, including some tracts and embracing the mountain, fronting six acres more or less—one lot, fronting Mechanics street on the north, west of Mrs. Vise's lot and east of Ginnese's lot containing three-fourths of an acre more or less; also lots lying west of the Railroad, to-wit: one lot lying south of the Railroad street, and running north 212 feet and one lot lying north of Doctor Williams's stable lot, bounded by new streets on the north and west, fronting of the street north 250 feet and the street west 115 feet—one lot lying north of Spence's Luttrell's lots, bounded on the east by a new street and on the north by a new street, and one lot lying north of Doctor Heaton's lot, bounded by streets on the north and west, two lots adjoining the Railroad being bounded on the east by the Railroad, on the south by a new street and west by a new street north by an alley, adjoining Hannah's line. Said lots contains one and a half acres east more or less—four to be bounded on the east and south by new streets and by an alley adjoining Hannah's Land on the north, and on the west by a street between the Land of Wm. Henry, and said lots containing one and a half acres more or less each. Also one undivided half interest in 80 acres of wood land lying west of Oxford, the number at present unknown. Said administrator alleges that there is a large amount of debts against said estate, the greater portion of which are in judgments against him as administrator of said Estate, that there is no personal property or other assets out of which to raise money to satisfy said indebtedness without selling said Real Estate, and he therefore makes this application for the purpose of obtaining an order of court authorizing him to sell said Real Estate to pay debts, &c., and that he be directed to sell the same at public outcry, one half for cash and the remaining half on a credit of twelve months with interest from date.

Said administrator further states, that the said decedent left the following named persons as his heirs and next of kin, to-wit: Martha Simmons, widow of decedent, of age, and several children, the names, ages, and sex of whom are unknown to said administrator, supposes the children to be minors, and all of said heirs reside in Lamar county in the State of Texas; Thereupon, the premises considered—it is ordered by the Court, that the 13th day of July, 1868 be set for the hearing and determining upon said petition and application, and that judgment thereon be given by publication in the Jacksonville Republican, a weekly Newspaper published in said county, for four successive weeks prior to said day, as a notice to said heirs and all other persons concerned, to be and appear at a Regular Term of said court, to be held at the court house of said county on said 13th day of July, 1868, and defend against said petition if they think proper.

A. WOODS, Jr. Adm'r of said Estate.

LATEST NEWS

FROM WASHINGTON:

SENATE. Washington, June 18.—The Post Office Committee reported favorably on the bill establishing a continuous railroad route hence to Mobile. Bill allowing the United States to appeal suits from District Courts without giving security—passed. Bill providing that the Senior Associate Justice shall preside over the Supreme Court when the Chief Justice is disqualified—passed. Bill allowing the sale of armed vessels to belligerents for commercial purposes—passed. Bill relieving importers of rum and spirits—killed. The Conference Committee on the bill relieving the political disabilities of certain persons, reported in favor of striking out the names of George W. Jones, of Tennessee, and George Houston, of Alabama—the only democrats on the list. The report was adopted. Mr. Hendricks denounced this action as shamelessly partisan. No radical ventured to reply. Mr. Ross and Mr. VanWinkle voted against the adoption of the report. After executive session, the Senate adjourned.

HOUSE.

Washington, June 18.—The Clerks' bonus bill was tabled, GS to G4. This action effectually kills the bill. Resolutions were adopted denouncing the Indian treaty recently ratified by the Senate, and declaring that the House will feel bound to withhold the appropriations necessary to carry it out. The treaty thus condemned is a small affair with the Osage Indians, but the action of the House is important as being the first direct attack on the combined power of the President and the Senate to make treaties. A bill was passed modifying and essentially limiting the jurisdiction of the Court of claims. A bill was passed 80 to 42, relieving carrying companies from liability for loss or damages to goods caused by Union or Confederate forces. If this bill becomes a law, it will protect Express Companies from innumerable suits. The River and Harbor bill was postponed to Tuesday next. House adjourned.

MISCELLANEOUS

Washington, June 18 John A. Caldwell, of Ohio has been nominated as Minister to Bolivia. The indictment for murder in the Surratt case has been abandoned, and he will be tried on an indictment for conspiracy obtained, the penalty being ten years imprisonment or \$10,000 fine if found guilty. Good News. We are informed that extensive preparations are being made and that actual digging will soon be commenced on the Wills Valley Railroad. Gov. Patton is busily engaged in determining the amount of indebtedness of the road, and otherwise arranging matters preparatory to business. We are assured also, by those who ought to know, that the gentlemen of Boston, who are to furnish the means, will soon be here prepared to commence the work. With the assurance that this great enterprise will soon be commenced, and the flattering prospect of securing an appropriation by Congress to clean out the Tennessee river, we may conscientiously indulge the hope, and with a flattering degree of plausibility, that Chattanooga will speedily resume her march onward to prosperity, in spite of floods and fire, and the insuperable local wrongs characteristic for so long a time. We wait and hope.—Chatt. Republican

"Good Lord, Deliver Us"

Intimation are being thrown out, says the Louisville Democrat, that Ben Butler—he of the buzzard eye—is actually pushing along his infamous "investigations" for the benefit of the Democratic party; that he wants to make the Radical party as odious as possible in order to insure the defeat of Grant, against whom his ire has only been bottled up. Well, the Radical party has accepted and put forward Butler assists high priest, attorney, spokesman, inquisitor. If he makes it any more odious than it would have been made anyhow, they will have deserved the consequences. Certainly no name is more infamous in American history than that of Ben Butler, and yet the Radical party has placed itself under his guidance in the most prominent matter connected with their very party demerit. And as they took him; took him fondly, caressed him, honored him, trusted him, submitted to his leadership, they must take the consequences—and what is worse, they must keep him! For the sake of all that is just and decent, let him never enter again even upon the outskirts of the Democratic camp! If he intends to oppose the election of Grant—after he has got through with making the Radical party as odious as possible, for which no man is so competent—let him "unbottle" himself from the camp in which he has been forging! He could not be recognized as even a scout or spy. Even the broad shoulders of the Democratic party could not afford to carry such a load as that!

Mortality Among Southern Negroes

The New Haven Register of the 30th ult. says: Bishop Atkinson of North Carolina, in an address delivered last Sunday evening, in Hartford, relating chiefly to church matters and missionary work, made one statement which is calculated to arrest the attention of every thinking person, regardless of sects, creeds, or political views. He was referring, (says the Times,) to the rapid extinction of the negroes in the South, and in illustration of the state of things even in North Carolina, he spoke of a negro town opposite or near Newbern, consisting of 10,000 inhabitants. In that town, said the Bishop, one coffin dealer alone filled orders for 2,500 coffins in a single year! This is a fact of terrible significance in its relation to the condition and destiny of the emancipated blacks. The truths for which no amount of statement or reasoning could avail to gain a hearing, when presented in the way of warning against sudden liberalization of these ignorant and helpless people, are likely now to force themselves upon public attention by the irresistible power of facts. It is known that of the 4,000,000 negroes who were liberated by the war, fully one quarter perished miserably within a year; and that the death rate among them has, since that time, very largely exceeded the rate of increase in all parts of the South. Appearances seem to justify Bishop Atkinson's opinion, that the negro race in America is destined to fade out and become extinguished, like the Indians. Their professed friends have proved their worst enemies. They are now seeking to use the poor negroes and control their votes. And that's about all they care for the "poor negro."

From the Selma Messenger.

The S. R. & D. R.

We are glad to hear the most encouraging accounts of the progress being made by the contractors on the Selma, Rome and Dalton Road. A strong force is pushing the work with cheering and commendable vigor. Already the cars run through regularly to Cross Plains, fifteen miles beyond Jacksonville, and the rails are down several miles beyond Cross Plains—there is not a doubt that by the 1st of September we will have an unbroken connection over this road with New York; and over this route will doubtless go the bulk of the cotton crop of this section to New York and Liverpool. In this connection, it is a noteworthy fact that during the past season cotton ruled here at or within a fraction of the Mobile rates, and that, too, notwithstanding it was shipped in great part by Montgomery and Savannah, or by Meridian and Louisville, to New York. During no part of the past season was the difference between the Mobile and Selma prices sufficient to pay half the freight and insurance to the former city. Our brokers bought here on northern orders, and paid New York rates, less actual commissions and other expenses. The completion of the S. R. and Dalton road to Rome will give us a direct route to New York, and lessen the freight on cotton, and thus still further sustain the Selma market. If the broker could pay thirty cents for cotton here and ship via Louisville, he will be able, the same rates ruling at New York, to pay thirty-one cents hereafter. Planters will see at once how they are interested in the important fact now rapidly approaching accomplishment. The filling of the gap to Rome will certainly increase the business of Selma very largely. Our planting friends in Hale and Marengo and Greene will all bring their cotton here, where they can hold it, if they wish under their immediate care, and where they will be certain of better than Mobile prices. This road has been so long in progress that we are not greatly surprised that many persons doubt its early completion. It had apparently "stuck" at Blue Mountain, and thousands and thousands in Central Alabama do not yet realize that within a very few weeks it has been extended twenty-five miles beyond that point, and is making progress at the rate of nearly a mile every day. Such is the fact, however, and we are confident that within sixty days the Selma trains will cross the Etowah. One of our most enterprising business firms, deeply interested in the completion of this road, wrote to the Superintendent a few days since, making specific inquiries as to the time at which Rome will be reached, and the facilities that will be offered for the transportation of the growing crop. Capt. Barney's reply, which we have been permitted to copy, is explicit and satisfactory, and must remove whatever doubts have hitherto existed in any mind on these points.

OFFICE SELMA, ROME & DALTON R. R. Blue Mountain, June 13th, 1868.

Gentlemen:—Your favor of the 11th has been received. In answer, I will say that at our present rate of progress we shall complete our road to Rome by Sept. 1st, 1868. As we advance and concentrate our forces, we hope to accelerate our speed, so as to reach that city early in August. We shall be prepared to carry the growing crop of cotton to the Eastern market, and hope to be able to offer a choice of three routes beyond Rome, and as favorable terms as any.

Very respectfully, E. G. BARNEY, Sup't and Agent.

M. R. BOGGS, A. E. MOTT.

BOGGS & MOTT, Wholesale Grocers AND Commission Merchants. No. 3, Central Block, Water St. Selma, Ala. May 16th, 1868.—6m.

News Agency.

MRS. M. E. ROWLAND, having established a NEWS AGENCY in Jacksonville at the Millinery Store is prepared to furnish, at the cheapest rates, a great variety of the latest and most popular Magazines, Periodicals and Newspapers; also Music, School and Miscellaneous Books, and an assortment of Stationery. Call and examine our stock, and make purchases to suit your fancy. May 20.

IN BANKRUPTCY.

District Court of the United States for the Northern Dist. of Alabama.—In Bankruptcy. In the matter of JOHN B. TOWERY, Bankrupt.—Northern District of Alabama, &c. THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE, That on the 30th day of May, A. D. 1868, a Warrant of Bankruptcy was issued out of the District Court of the United States for the Northern District of Alabama, against the Estate of JOHN B. TOWERY, of —, in the County of Calhoun, in said district, who has been adjudged a Bankrupt on his own petition; That the payment of any debts, and delivery of any property belonging to such Bankrupt, to him, or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him, are forbidden by law; That a meeting of the creditors of said Bankrupt, to prove their debts, and to choose one or more Assignees of his Estate, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy, to be holden at Gadsden, in the Court Room, before Joseph W. Burke, Esq., Register in Bankruptcy for said district, on the 17th day of June, A. D. 1868, at 10 o'clock, A. M. E. E. DOUGLASS, U. S. Marshal for said district, Jun 2. for said district, as Messenger.

District Court of the United States for the Northern Dist. of Alabama.—In Bankruptcy. In the matter of WALTER TOWERY, Bankrupt.—Northern Dist. of Alabama, &c.

THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE, That on the 30th day of May, A. D. 1868, a Warrant of Bankruptcy was issued out of the District Court of the United States for the Northern District of Alabama, against the Estate of WALTER TOWERY, of —, in the County of Calhoun, in said district, who has been adjudged a Bankrupt on his own petition; That the payment of any debts, and delivery of any property belonging to such Bankrupt, to him, or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him, are forbidden by law; That a meeting of the creditors of said Bankrupt, to prove their debts, and to choose one or more Assignees of his Estate, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy, to be holden at Gadsden, in the Court Room, before Joseph W. Burke, Esq., Register in Bankruptcy for said district, on the 17th day of June, A. D. 1868, at 10 o'clock, A. M. E. E. DOUGLASS, U. S. Marshal for said district, as Messenger.

District Court of the United States for the Northern District of Alabama.—In Bankruptcy. In the matter of JOHN A. DEARMAN, Bankrupt.—Northern District of Alabama, &c.

THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE, That on the 30th day of May, A. D. 1868, a Warrant of Bankruptcy was issued out of the District Court of the United States for the Northern District of Alabama, against the Estate of JOHN A. DEARMAN, of —, in the County of Calhoun, in said district, who has been adjudged a Bankrupt on his own petition; That the payment of any debts, and delivery of any property belonging to such Bankrupt, to him, or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him, are forbidden by law; That a meeting of the creditors of said Bankrupt, to prove their debts, and to choose one or more Assignees of his Estate, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy, to be holden at Gadsden, in the Court Room, before Joseph W. Burke, Esq., Register in Bankruptcy for said district, on the 17th day of June, A. D. 1868, at 10 o'clock, A. M. E. E. DOUGLASS, U. S. Marshal for said district, as Messenger, Northern Dist. of Ala. Jun 2.

If you want Cheap Goods, And a good Article, CALL ON J. M. CARROLL & CO.

Who are receiving and have now in Store, a fine supply of Spring and Summer Goods. Consisting in part of: Ladies Dress Goods, Prints, Domestic, Brown & Bleached, Ladies & Gents Hosiery and Gloves, BOOTS & SHOES, Clothing, Hats & Notions. Also a fine assortment of Family and Plantation Groceries, Coffee, Sugars and Golden Syrup, Soda, Candles and Soaps, Rice, Fresh Peaches & Oysters, Nails Rope and Leather, Drugs, Dye Stuffs and Perfumery, Crockery, Tin Ware and Tobacco, Scythe Blades, Axes, Hoes & Drawing Chains, Carpenters Tools, Cutlery, &c. &c. All of which we are offering cheap for Cash, and to which we invite the attention of Every Body. J. M. Carroll desires to return thanks to the people of Jacksonville and of Calhoun County, for their liberal patronage and help for the firm of J. M. Carroll & Co., "doing business at his old stand," a liberal share of their patronage for the present year. Store, west side of the Public Square, second door North of the Hotel. J. M. CARROLL & CO. April 18th, 1868.

Extensive Sale of TOWN LOTS, AT CROSS PLAINS, Calhoun County, Alabama.

THE undersigned will offer for sale at public outcry, in the Town of Cross Plains, on Monday the 20th day of JULY, 1868, a number of desirable Business Lots, lying along the line of the S. R. & D. Railroad. Persons desirous of establishing a business in this part of the State, have only to examine the location of the Town to foresee its future growth and business importance. Any one desiring to purchase at private sale before the time specified, can call on the undersigned, who can be found at the McClellan Hotel, Jacksonville, Ala. at any time up to day of public sale. June 20. S. D. McCLELLAN.

NEW GROCERY, CONFECTIONERY AND PROVISION STORE. J. B. TURNLEY & CO.

INFORM the citizens of Jacksonville and vicinity, that they have just opened on the east side of the public square, a large, varied and well selected stock of

FAMILY GROCERIES. CONSISTING IN PART OF Sugar, Coffee and Molasses, Bacon, Lard and Salt, Rice, Flour and Meal, Cheese, Crackers and Spices, Mackerel, Oysters and Sardines, Fruits and Confectionaries. With every other article usually needed or called for in a well assorted Family Grocery. We intend to keep our assortment at all times full and complete, and hope by ready and extensive sales to be enabled to sell low. We will EXCHANGE Groceries, &c. for every description of COUNTRY PRODUCE. 200 Terms CASH, where exchange is not made. Our establishment being a convenient desideratum, long needed and desired by the citizens of the Town and vicinity, we expect and solicit a liberal and generous patronage, which will mutually benefit both buyer and seller in proportion to extent. 200 Call in and examine our stock—and buy your SUPPLIES. Jacksonville, Ala. Dec. 14, 1867.

"Look out for the Cars when you hear the Whistle Blow."

And be sure and call to see that NICE LOT of

SUMMER CLOTHING, AND THOSE NEW AND DESIRABLE

LADIES DRESS GOODS, Mozambique, Grenadines, Swiss, Nansock, Berages, Nunlins, Prints, &c.

Just received and for sale VERY CHEAP for CASH, or in exchange for HIDES and COUNTRY PRODUCE by T. F. WYNN & CO. Jacksonville, Ala. May 9, 1868.

ISBELL & SON, BANKERS, Talladega, Ala.

A Bill for discounting Bills on Selma, Mobile, New Orleans and New York. A Bill for discounting all the bills at sight, and furnish exchange on Europe. They buy GOLD, SILVER, Old Bank Notes, Compound Interest and Seven Thirty Notes. They receive Gold, Silver and Currency on Deposit—guaranteeing safety, and pay back same in coins to suit parties, free of any charge. Feb. 8, 1868.—ly. Prompt attention given to collections.

WOODWARD and SON Are now receiving their

SPRING GOODS; To which they invite attention. Their Stock is general, embracing as it does about all the different lines of Goods needed in this country. All are invited to call. April 4th, 1868.

A Fresh Supply OF Bacon, Lard and other FAMILY GROCERIES, just received by

HORN & TURNLEY, Which they will sell low for cash or exchange for Ginseng, Fur Skins, Beeswax And various other descriptions of Produce. May 2, 1868.—3t.

I have just received A Fresh Supply of DRY GOODS, Hats, Clothing, Boots, and Shoes, Drugs & Medicines, Saddlery, Coffee, Sugar, Molasses, Tobacco, &c. I also have a lot of fine CINCINNATI BACON. All of which I want to sell Cheap for Cash. P. ROWAN. May 23, 1868.

DR. M. W. FRANCIS, HAS resumed the duties of his profession in all its branches. Office, N. W. Corner of Public Square, JACKSONVILLE, ALA. November 18, 1865.—4f.

NOTICE, To all whom it may Concern. THE Copartnership heretofore existing between the undersigned, under the firm name and style of Horn & J. B. Turnley, is this day dissolved by mutual consent. I. N. HORN, JAS. B. TURNLEY. June 1st, 1868.

I return to the public my thanks for their past patronage, and on retiring from the firm, most heartily recommend my former partner as worthy the confidence of the public, and hope he may receive a liberal share of patronage while he continues the business. I. N. HORN.

LIFE ASSURANCE.

The Southern Life Assurance & Trust Company, OF MOBILE, Ala. Capital paid up \$500,000.

THIS RELIABLE HOME COMPANY has been issuing Policies during the last fourteen months to hundreds of the best citizens of the State, and is under the control of some of the most experienced and enlightened gentlemen in the Southern country. It is to the interest of every Southern man to encourage home enterprises, and check the flow of their capital to the development of Northern institutions.

Officers of the Company. Robt. S. BUNKER, President. S. C. DONALDSON, Secretary & Actuary. H. H. SMITH, Cashier. DABNEY BERNIX & G. A. KETCHUM, Medical Examiners. CAPT. JAS. D. JOHNSON, Gen'l State Agent.

TRUSTEES. Chas. Walsh, A. J. Ingersoll, W. D. Mann, Moses Waring, Robt. H. Smith, Peter Hamilton, Joel W. Jones, S. J. Murphey, Sam'l G. Battle, S. C. Witherspoon, Henry Hall, A. A. Winston, W. M. Brooks, Jonathan Bliss, C. J. Shepherd, J. M. Billups, W. J. Ledyard, Chas. P. Gage, Geo. A. Ketchum, Willis G. Clark, Peter Stark, G. M. Parker, Henry Watson, James Crawford, R. S. BUNKER, JOHN M. WYLY, Agent for Calhoun and adjacent counties. Dr. J. Y. NISBET, Medical Examiner. May 30, 1868.—3m.

THE STATE OF ALABAMA, Calhoun County, Court of Probate for said County, June 11, A. D. 1868.

THIS day came Samuel C. Kelly, Executor of the Estate of Sims Kelley, deceased, and presents and files in court his petition in writing, representing that his Testator, Sims Kelley, deceased, died seized and possessed of a large Tract of Land, lying and being in said County of Calhoun, and known and distinguished as the North half of Section 33; and also the north east fourth of the south west fourth of said section 33; also the south east fourth of the north west fourth of section 28; and the east half of the south west fourth of said section 28; also the east half of the north east fourth of section 32, all in Township 14 of Range 8 east in the Coosa Land District, and containing about 840 acres.

And said Executor, further states, that his said Testator directs in his will, that all of said Lands be sold together, and the proceeds of the sale of the same, divided among certain of his heirs, &c.; and he now asks that an Order and Decree of this court be made, authorizing him to sell said Lands, in accordance with the directions of the will of his said Testator.

Said Executor further states, that Albert G. Kelley, and children of Elizabeth McLemore (names unknown) Robert S. Miller, Fannie Hankin, formerly Fannie Miller, and Sarah Key Miller, Sarah Moore, wife of Aaron Moore, Nancy Meek, Benjamin G. Kelley, James S. Kelley, Emma Draper, wife of Joshua Draper, Foster Kelley, Texana Kelley, and — Kelley, are non-resident Legatees of the Estate of said Testator, residing beyond the limits of the State of Alabama.

The premises considered—It is Ordered by the Court, that the 21st day of July, 1868 be set for the hearing and determining upon said petition, and that notice thereof be given by publication in the Jacksonville Republican, a newspaper published in said County, for three successive weeks prior to said day; as a notice to said non-resident Legatees and all other persons concerned, to be and appear at a special Term of said court, on said 21st day of July, 1868, and defend against said petition if they think proper. A. WOODS, Judge of Probate. June 13th, 1868.—4t.

THE STATE OF ALABAMA, Calhoun County, Court of Probate for Calhoun County, Ala. April 17th, A. D. 1868.

THIS day came E. W. Wesson, Administrator of the Estate of Kellek Coker, deceased, and presents and files his account and vouchers for a final settlement of said Estate; thereupon— It is Ordered by the Court, that the 20th day of June, 1868, be set for making said settlement; and that notice thereof be given by publication in the Jacksonville Republican for three successive weeks prior to said day, as a notice to all persons concerned, to be and appear at a special Term of said Court, on said 20th day of June, 1868, & contest said account if they think proper. A. WOODS, Judge of Probate. May 30, 1868.—5t.

Notice. APPLICATION having been made by James Baker, administrator of the Estate of Kellek Coker, deceased, on the 3rd day of July next, to the Probate Court of Cleburne county, for an order to sell the real estate of Kellek Coker, deceased, for distribution among the heirs of Kellek Coker, the following Lands, viz: The north west fourth of the north east fourth of section 16, township 15, and range 11—the north east fourth of the north west fourth of section 16, township 15, and range 11—the east half of Lot No. 5—the north west fourth of the north west fourth of section 16, township 15 and range 11—the south west fourth of the north west fourth of section 16, township 15, R 11—the south west fourth of the north east 1-4 of Lot No. 7—the north east fourth of the north west fourth of section 16, township 15, and range 11—the SE fourth of N W 1 section 9, township 15, range 11, except a portion of the east part and a portion of the north east fourth of the north west fourth in the corner—the south east fourth of the north west fourth of section 9, township 15, range 11—the south west fourth of the north west fourth of section 9, township 15, range 11—and the one half interest in a house and Lot at Fair Play; and that James Thomas and Nancy Thomas are over twenty-one years old and reside in the State of Georgia, Spaulding county; Martha D. Coker is over twenty years old, and resides in the State of Georgia, Spaulding county; William Coker is over twenty-one years old and resides in Cleburne county, Alabama; James Coker is over twenty-one years old and resides in Cleburne county, Alabama; Joseph Coker is over twenty-one years old and resides in Carroll county, Georgia; and the minor heirs of Abner Coker who reside in Coweta county, Georgia, who are under twenty-one years old who are the heirs of Kellek Coker, deceased—June 3rd, A. D. 1868.

A. D. CHANDLER, Judge of the Probate Court of Cleburne county. June 6, 1868.—4t.

R. C. KEEBLE & CO., DEALERS IN Groceries and Provisions, WATER STREET, Opposite the Troup House, SELMA, A. L. A. May 23, 1868.—2m.

Great Bargains ARE NOW OFFERED By J. B. TURNLEY & CO. In the Exchange of BACON and GROCERIES for

Wheat And other articles of PRODUCE. Bring your Wheat without delay and avail yourselves of the advantage offered before the opportunity is withdrawn. June 14, 1868.



POETRY.

[From the Banner of the South.]
[SELECTED.]

The Unseen Battle-Field.

There is an unseen battle-field
In every human breast,
Where two opposing forces meet,
But where they seldom meet.

The field is veiled from mortal sight,
'Tis only seen by One,
Who knows alone where victory lies,
When each day's work is done.

One army clings to strong and fierce,
Their chief of demon form,
His brow is like the thunder cloud
His voice the bursting storm.

His captains are the passions fierce,
Whose troops watch night and day,
Swift to detect the weakest points,
And thirsting for the fray.

Contending with the mighty force,
Is but a little band,
Yet there with an unquailing front,
The warriors firmly stand.

Their leader is of God-like form,
Of countenance serene,
And glowing on his naked breast,
A simple Cross is seen.

His captains are the Virtues fair,
Beneath that wondrous sign,
They fear no danger, for they feel
A courage all divine.

They feel it speaks a glorious truth,
A truth as great as sure,
That to be victors they must learn
To love—confide—endure.

And when they win that battle-field,
That toil and all annoy,
The plains where battle once had reigned
Becomes a hallowed spot.

A spot where spouts of joy and peace
Spring from the fertile sod,
And breathe the perfume of their praise,
On every breeze, to God.

From the Union Springs Times.

Outrage.

On last Monday night, about midnight, four men, dressed in Federal uniform and known positively to be members of the then garrison of this place, went to the home of Mr. Joseph L. Moultrie, three miles from town. They knocked at the door. He asked who they were and what their business. Reply was made that they were a detail sent to arrest him. Mr. Moultrie opened the door, admitted the party, and proceeded to dress himself. Of a quiet, peaceable disposition, he assented to the arrest at once, and to provide for the safety of his premises during absence, he endeavored to call a white man in his employ. The villains, however, wanted no witnesses. As soon as Mr. Moultrie called, they jumped on him, threw him down, choked and beat him severely. They next forced him to go silently from his home into some woods near by. Here the intended crime was disclosed by a demand for his keys. The unarmed man could do nothing but give them. Three of the soldiers returned to house to plunder, leaving the fourth to guard Mr. Moultrie. The clumsy rascals who had gone to search, although they had the keys, failed to fit them in the proper locks, smashed drawers and desks, and got \$500 in money, the whole amount on which Mr. Moultrie depended to supply the cash necessities of thirty-five negroes. They also took a gold watch and a revolver. The scoundrels, after securing all the plunder they could by a search of the house and rifling Mr. Moultrie's pockets of even the small change in them, threatened that, unless "he promised not to report them, they would hit him up by the thumbs and build a fire under him." Mr. Moultrie finally escaped from them, made his way to town, called upon the commanding officer, stated the facts of his maltreatment and robbery, and asked redress. An inspection of the company resulted in the probable identification of one of the robbers, and disclosed the fact that only two members of the company were missing. Two of the rascals are, therefore, still with it, their guilt doubtless well known to most of their comrades. A party of four citizens was authorized to attempt the discovery and arrest of the two missing ones, which failed of its object.

A LEATHER CEMENT INVENTED.—A party in England has discovered a cement which is to become a most valuable agent in the hands of manufacturers of articles of leather, including boots and shoes. Patches can be put upon the uppers and soles and upon the bottoms of shoes with cement, which will adhere to that no known agent, heat, cold, oil, water, or any other influence, will operate against its utility. In fact, we are informed that leather will part quicker where the cement has never been applied than where it has, so great is its adhesive property. We can easily recognize the value of this cement in its application to patches. Waxed thread rarely holds in wet weather, and a patch soon gives way. In the use of this cement we are given to understand a perfect combination is formed, which resists all attempts to separate the patches joined. To the trade here it will be priceless, and we hope soon to learn more about it. If it should turn out that a sole can be applied without peg or stick, and never give way till worn out, it would be one of the most valuable discoveries of the age.—[Hides and Leather Interest.

A young Missourian, eulogizing his girl's beauty, said, "I'll be doggoned if she ain't as purty as a red wagon."

Ladies Depository,
Baltimore, Md.

THIS institution was organized in Baltimore, in February 1867, for the relief of Ladies who, in consequence of the late disastrous war, have been unexpectedly obliged to rely upon the work of their own hands for support. This relief is given by putting out sewing, selling garments of various descriptions—selling preserves, jellies, &c., and relishes, such as paintings, silver, china, &c.—Permits are first obtained either to do sewing, or to deposit, after which any work or article is sent over the express free of charge. At the earnest request of the President of the Depository and my own solicitude for our Sunny South, I make known the existence of this institution to those parts of Alabama with which I am acquainted, and also my readiness to aid any or all who desire to enjoy its benefits. Further information may be obtained by addressing Ladies' Depository, 22 North Chandler st., or the undersigned, 22 West Lombard street, Baltimore, Md.
Miss CLEMENTINE SNOW
May 4th 1868.

New Goods.

An additional Lot of

PRINTS, &c.

Just Received.

We do NOT wish to sell on time, but DO intend offering Goods for CASH, as cheap as can be AFFORDED.
WOODWARD & SON.
May 2, 1868.

THE STATE OF ALABAMA,
Calhoun County,
Court of Probate for said County,
May 4th, A. D. 1868.

THIS day came C. W. P. and P. M. Phillips, Administrators of the Estate of Jane Phillips, deceased, and filed in court their petition, asking an order authorizing them to compromise a certain promissory note made by G. W. Phillips, John M. Love, and J. N. Phillips, for the sum of fourteen hundred and five dollars, dated 17th December, 1860, and due the 17th day of December, 1861, with interest from date, and payable to them as Administrators as aforesaid. It is thereupon ordered by the Court, that the 20th day of June, 1868, be set for the hearing of said petition, and that publication thereof be given for three successive weeks in the Jacksonville Republican, as a notice to all persons concerned, to be and appear at a special Term of said court to be holden at the court house of said county, on said 20th day of June, 1868, and defend against said petition if they think proper.
A. WOODS, Judge of Probate.
May 29, 1868—30.

LAW & HUDSON,
COTTON FACTORS

Commission Merchants,
SELMMA, ALA.
Cash Advances made on Cotton consigned to us for sale in Selma, Mobile, New Orleans and New York.
Office over T. K. Ferguson's Bank, Broad Street.

R. A. PETTIBONE & CO.,
Receiving and Forwarding
MERCHANTS,
SELMMA, ALA.

HAVING removed from the old stand near the S. R. & D. Railroad Depot to the house formerly occupied by LYLES & MURDOX, at the head of the City Wharf, are prepared with equal facilities to RECEIVE and FORWARD all freights consigned to them with dispatch.
R. A. PETTIBONE & CO. are not Steamboat Agents, and their patrons may rely upon having their interests looked after in freights and charges.
The very liberal patronage heretofore extended by the friends of this House is respectfully solicited.
R. A. PETTIBONE & CO.
Mr. W. V. R. WATSON, of the old firm of Eager, Watson & White is with this House.
May 23, 1868.—41.

Notice to Creditors of Estate of John M. Neighbors, dec.

LETTERS of Administration on the Estate of John M. Neighbors, dec. having been granted to the undersigned, by the Probate Court of Calhoun County, Alabama, on the 25th day of April, 1868, Notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against said estate, to present them to me, legally authenticated, within the time prescribed by law, or they will be barred; and those indebted are requested to make payment.
JAMES B. NEIGHBOURS, Adm.
May 2, 1868.

Dr. S. C. WELLS,
Fracising Physician,
OXFORD, Ala.

Is now receiving a large assortment of
MEDICINES,
Which he offers low for Cash.
May 30, 1868.—32.

NEW GOODS.

JOHN D. HOKE

Is receiving, and will continue to receive, from New York and other markets, a stock of Goods suited to the Spring and Summer Trade.
Long experience, and the assistance of first class mechanics in the importing, enable him to give good bargains to his customers.
Besides the usual articles kept in country stores, he keeps an assortment of
Hot Anker Boiling Cloths,
22c's C. S. Mill Saws & Screen Wire.
If you want the value of your green-backs call upon him.
JNO. D. HOKE.
May 2, '68.
Jacksonville, Ala.

BLANK LAND DEEDS and DEEDS OF TRUST, neatly and correctly printed, for sale by the quire or single copy, at this office. Also every description of Blanks for Justices of the Peace

SMITH & RIDDLE,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL
GROCERS,
Hardware and
Commission Merchants.

WE are now receiving and will continue to receive fresh lots of Groceries and Plantation Supplies
Every week, which they offer to Planters and Country Merchants at as low figures as can be bought in the up country. Call and examine before purchasing elsewhere.
We are prepared to pay tax on Cotton consigned to us for shipment to Selma, Mobile, New Orleans or New York.
Will soon have a large Ware-house completed in rear of our building for storing Cotton. Oxford, Ala. Nov. 9, 1867—6m.

ROBT. A. PETTIBONE,
(Successor to N. D. JOHNSON & Co.)

RECEIVING AND FORWARDING MERCHANT,
SELMMA, ALABAMA.
Ware House and Wharf at the terminus of the Alabama & Tennessee Rivers Rail Road.
Cotton or Merchandise of any description Consigned to this House, will be forwarded promptly and as low as through any house in Selma.
Feb. 16, 1867—41.

H. W. LATTRELL, Esq. & Attorney,
At Jacksonville, Ala.
Jas. Lea, W. Crozier & Benj. Johnson, 14th Dist., Northern District, Calhoun County, Alabama.

IN this cause it is made to appear to the Register, by affidavit of Complainant, that two of the said Defendants, James Lea and W. Crozier, who are of lawful age, are non-residents of this State and reside in the town of Starkeville, Lamar county State of Texas.
It is therefore ordered by the Register that publication be made in the Jacksonville Republican, a newspaper published in the town of Jacksonville, Ala., for four consecutive weeks, requiring the said non-resident Defendants, to answer or demur to the bill of complaint in this cause by the 15th day of June, A. D. 1868, or in thirty days thereafter a decree pro confesso will be taken against them.
Done at office this 17th day of April, A. D. 1868.
Wm. M. HAMES, Register, &c.
May 2, 1868.—k.—311 15.

ROBERT & ESCOFFER,
Wholesale and Retail
GROCERS,
AND DEALERS IN
Western Produce.

Corner West and Westing- house Streets, directly oppo- site the "Loop House."

Know one opening a bill and complete assortment of Groceries and Western Produce, which they offer in Selma and at Selma at the lowest market rates.
Consignment of Cotton, Flour and other Produce, for storage, sale or shipment, respectfully solicited, and faithfully and promptly attended to.
Particular for former favors, they will be happy to retain their old friends, and ask a fair share of patronage from the public generally.
ROBERT & ESCOFFER,
April 21, 1868.—41.

"THE OLD JACKSONVILLE HOTEL,"
BY
J. D. IRATHOYD.

I respectfully announce to the traveling public, and citizens of the Town and County generally, that I am still keeping this House, which I have enlarged and furnished with every modern and comfortable accommodation. Having purchased my stock for the year very low, I feel confident I can board at cheap rates. Being determined to give my regular boarders the best of food, I solicit a liberal share of patronage.
There is a good Livery Stable connected with this House, provided with various conveniences for travellers of all the usual routes.
J. D. IRATHOYD,
Jacksonville, Jan. 11, 1868.

Economy & Home Industry,
SAVE YOUR RIGS

THE CHICKASAWBOGUE MANUFACTURING COMPANY

ARE now prepared to purchase GOOD CLEAN COTTON LINT BAGS in any quantity, and to pay for them the Highest Market Price in Cash.
They have established a Depot at No. 51 North Water Street for the receipt and storage of Bags and Barrels of all sorts, under the immediate charge of Capt. Thomas Ross, who is authorized to pay a liberal price for all stock consigned for the Company's Mills, and brought him in suitable condition.
Bags may be either white, colored or mixed, but they must be free of woadiness, clean and well made.
Dealers in paper stock in the city and interior will find it to their advantage to communicate with us before disposing of their stock elsewhere.
Newspapers will advance their own interests by lending their influence to secure the saving and collection of all the rigs to be found in their respective localities. We will credit them in exchange for paper at liberal rates for all the merchantable rigs they may send us.
Rigs sent by the rivers and Great Northern Railroad, should be addressed to the Company at Mobile.
All shipments by the Mobile and Ohio Railroad should be directed to Beaver Meadow Station, the location of the Company's Works.
For further information apply to the Company's Depot, No. 51, North Water st., or to the undersigned, in person or by letter, at the Office of the Advertiser and Register.
W. G. CLARE, President.
Newspapers publishing this advertisement, are requested to call attention to it, and to give credit for the same at their regular rates, payable in paper as soon as the rigs get into full operation. Feb. 1.

J. C. BELL & BRO.,
COTTON FACTORS

Commission Merchants,
WATER STREET,
SELMMA, ALA.
Special attention given to the Sale & Shipment of Cotton. Consignments respectfully solicited.
Sept. 8, 1868.

DRUGS, DRUGS.

P. E. TURNLEY,
(Successor to the firm of Turnley & Gibbons.)

Announces to the public that he has and is receiving a very superior stock of Drugs, medicines, chemicals, Paints, Oils, Glass, Putty, Varnishes, Brushes, Oils, Lamps, also Clover and Grass Seeds of all kinds and feels confident that he can please all of his Alabama Customers and Friends that will call on him or send their orders. Recollect he may be found at his old commodious stand No. 3, under the Grand Hotel, Rome, Ga.
THE STATE OF ALABAMA,
Calhoun County,
Court of Probate for said County, May 18th, A. D. 1868.

THIS day came W. F. Hanna, adm'r of the Estate of J. Williams Hanna, dec. and tenders his resignation as such administrator, accompanied with his accounts & vouchers for a final settlement of his administration of said estate. It is thereupon ordered by the court, that the 16th day of June, A. D. 1868, be set for hearing and publication, and that notice thereof be given by publication in the Jacksonville Republican, a newspaper published in said county, for three successive weeks prior to said day, as a notice to all persons concerned, to be and appear at a special term of said court to be holden at the court house of said county, on said 16th day of June, 1868, and contest said account, if they think proper.
A. WOODS, Judge of Probate.
May 23, 1868—30.

AYER & HILLS,
DEALERS IN
HARDWARE
AND
AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS,
ROME, Ga.

Agents for
BUCKEYE & WOODS' MOWERS and REAPERS,
PITTS, SWEEPSTAKES & KENTUCKY
Thrashers and Cleaners,
RAILWAY & LEVER POWERS,
Grain Drills, Horse Rakes and Riding Plows.
Patent Case Mills & Saws, &c.
Agents for
BUCKEYE & WOODS' MOWERS and REAPERS,
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Thrashers and Cleaners,
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Patent Case Mills & Saws, &c.

TIN-WARE
For Sale by
WOODWARD & SON.

HOW TO GET RICH or
"The Road to Wealth."

Just Published—A NEW BOOK, by a young man who commenced business with a capital of but \$25, and obtained in five years the handsome sum of \$200,000. This book contains information by which a self-made man can succeed in any business, in a fair and legal manner. It also shows the other side of the picture—that of the numerous failures and losses whereby thousands are yearly becoming wealthy without labor, together with information for the manufacture of articles which meet with a ready sale at all seasons of the year, where any one can clear at least \$5,000 annually. Also 150 secret of business, never before published. We cannot attempt to give a full description of the contents, but suffice to say that it is an account to all who have pursued, will study, and wish to secure a copy of this work, we will never regret your investment.—Price, 25 Cents.
E. B. TAYLOR & SON, Meriden, Conn.
MONTGOMERY ADVERTISER.

DAILY AND WEEKLY

A JOURNAL FOR THE FARMER, THE BUSINESS MAN, POLITICIAN, AND FAMILY CIRCLE.

TERMS:
DAILY, One Year \$10 00
" Six Months 5 00
" Three Months 2 50
" One Month 1 00
WEEKLY, One Year 1 00
" Six Months 50 00
" Three Months 25 00
" One Month 10 00
Ten copies 12 months sent to one P. O. ad. 20 00
22 Clubs received for six months at the above rates.
All Subscriptions are payable strictly in advance.
Remittances may be made at our risk, when sent by Express, in Postoffice Money order, or in Registered Letter.
W. W. SCREWS,
Montgomery, Ala.

POSTERAT PAINTING,
Mrs. A. F. FARQUAR

Will be glad to receive orders in any style of portraits, from small cabinet up to life size, embracing, Vignette, Bust, & Full Length. She will colour in water, chalk and oil, according to the taste of her patrons.
Photographs coloured in any of the above styles, at prices adapted to the present crisis.
Mrs. F. for the last few years has been associated with Mr. James Whitehorn, a regular member of the New York Academy of Design, as an Associate Artist, and she refers to him for her ability to perform what she professes, and who will give sittings to any of her pictures if required. His studio is 506, Room 3, Broadway, N. Y.
Lessons will be given in Drawing and Painting.
N. B. When sittings cannot be had, Pictures will be faithfully executed from Daguerrotypes, Ambrotypes and Photographs.

PHOTOGRAPHS,
AMBROTYPES, &c.
E. GOODE, Artist,
(Formerly of Asheville, Ala.)
Rooms first door north of E. L. Woodward's Store.
June 16, 1868

INFORMATION.

Information guaranteed to produce a luxuriant growth of hair upon a bald head, or beardless face, also a recipe for the removal of Pimples, Blisters, Eruptions, etc., on the skin, leaving the same soft, clear and beautiful, can be obtained without charge by addressing
THOS. F. CHAPMAN, Chemist,
823 Broadway,
New York.

S. & T. J. MORGAN,
GROCERY

Commission Merchants,
OXFORD, Ala.

Keep constantly on hand a fine assortment of choice Groceries, for sale on the most reasonable terms.
They are also prepared to ship the Tax on Cotton and attend to its payment to the best houses in Selma, Mobile or New Orleans.
Oxford, Oct. 5, 1867.

All persons indebted to the old firm of G. G. Morgan & Co., and to S. & T. J. Morgan, are earnestly requested to come forward and make payment.
THE GREAT CAUSE
OF
HUMAN MISERY.
Just published, in a Sealed Envelope. Price six cents.

A LECTURE on the Nature, Treatment, and Radical Cure of Seminal Weakness, or Spermatorrhea, induced by self-abuse; Involuntary Emissions, Impotency, Nervous Debility, and Impairments to Marriage generally; Consumption, Epilepsy, and Fits, Mental & Physical Incapacity, &c.—by ROBERT J. CULVERWELL, M. D., Author of the "Green Book," &c.
The world-renowned author, in this admirable Lecture, clearly proves from his own experience that the awful consequences of self-abuse may be effectually removed without medicine, and without dangerous surgical operations, bleedings, instruments, &c., or any other painful or dangerous remedy, and that the cure may be effected by a course of simple and natural means, which will cure every case, no matter what his condition may be, may cure himself deeply, privately, and radically. This Lecture will prove a Boon to thousands and thousands.
Sent post-paid, in a sealed envelope, to any address, on receipt of six cents, or ten post stamps. Also, Dr. Culverwell's "Marriage Guide," price 25 cents. A direct the publishers.
CHAS. J. C. KLINE & CO.,
327 BOWERY, N. Y. P. O. Box 4, 1868.

MUST BE LESSONS

ON THE PIANO, given by Mrs. M. R. FRANCIS, commencing with the sessions of the Jacksonville Female Academy.
Pupils can commence at any time during the session, and be charged for the time. Country Produce at the market price taken in payment. Jacksonville, Jan. 20, 1868.

THE STATE OF ALABAMA,
Calhoun County,
Court of Probate for said County, May 19, A. D. 1868.

THIS day came Geo. L. Turnley, Adm'r of the Estate of James Caldwell, deceased, and presents and files his account and vouchers for a final settlement & distribution of said estate: it is ordered by the court, that the 20th day of June, 1868, be set for making said settlement, and that publication thereof be made for three successive weeks in the Jacksonville Republican, as a notice to all persons concerned, to be and appear at a special term of said court, to be holden at the court house of said county, on that day and contest said account, if they think proper.
A. WOODS, Judge of Probate.
May 23, 1868—31.

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A. WOODS, Judge of Probate.
May 23, 1868—31.

FREIGHTS REDUCED!
For Spring of 1868,
PER STEAMERS:

UNION LINE
Great Through Freight Line
FROM
NEW YORK,
PHILADELPHIA,
AND BALTIMORE,
To Greensport, Ala.,
Via Va. and Tenn. Air Line
And Coosa River Steamboat Mail
Packet Company.

THROUGH RATES TO GREENSPORT.

From New York Philadelphia Baltimore.
1st Class, \$2 70 \$2 50 \$2 71
2d Class, 2 28 2 88 2 28
3d Class, 1 96 2 10 1 98
4th Class, 1 49 1 90 1 74

DIRECTIONS FOR SHIPPERS OF GOODS.