

NOVEMBER

File

Jacksonville Republican

VOL. 30, NO. 36.

JACKSONVILLE, ALA., NOV. 3, 1866.

WHOLE NO. 1544.

Jacksonville Republican.
EDITED, PRINTED & PUBLISHED, EVERY
SATURDAY MORNING, BY
J. F. GRANT.

LAND AGENCY.
HUGH FRANCIS

WILL attend to the purchase and sale of all Lands, Water Powers, Renting of Property, &c. confided to his care in the counties of Calhoun, St. Clair, Cherokee and Randolph, Ala. Office in the counting room of the Store formerly occupied by E. L. Woodward, Jacksonville, Ala.

Blacksmithing.
The undersigned respectfully informs the public that he is now prepared to execute, with neatness, durability and dispatch, all descriptions of Blacksmith work, such as ironing waggon, buggies, &c. and all descriptions of Plantation work and repairing. His shop is on the east side of main street, south of the square and immediately back of Fleming's wood shop.
March 3, 1866. A. B. WEIR

W. C. LAND, Watchmaker.

CONTINUES the Watch Repairing business above McElen's store, west side of the public square. A good lot of materials on hand, and work done with despatch and at low rates to suit the times.
Jacksonville, Feb. 23, 1866

Watches, Clocks, Jewelry, & Accordions &c.

repaired by **E. B. MCLELEN.**
For the present he may be found at the "Kahn House" on the northeast corner of the public square.

CALHOUN MERCHANT MILLS
THE undersigned, Proprietor, respectfully informs the patrons and public generally, that these Mills are now in perfect repair, with their manufacturing capacity increased, and having made arrangements with Messrs. White & Plares, of Selma, to sell on very fair Commissions, the Flour manufactured at the Mills for market. I shall be prepared to attend in person to the shipping and accounting for sales, without charge for my personal services. For any one desiring it, orders of the proper size and material can be purchased at the lowest wholesale market prices. The services of Mr. P. M. Moore, as Miller, have been secured for the next year. Give me your patronage if you can consider it your interest to do so.
M. W. ABERNATHY.
June 30, 1866—11.

DR. J. A. CLOPTON, Of Alabama,

Has located in the country near Scoola, Kemper county, Mississippi, where he may be consulted. He operates with perfect success for
PILES, FISTULA, TUMORS, POLYPI, DISEASES OF FEMALES, Etc.
Dr. C. has never lost a patient, nor had an accident to happen. He has operated on the most respectable of the profession of all the Southern States, and for a good number of years, has visited almost every city in the South. He will visit Gadsden, and points on the Mobile and Ohio Railroad, if some three or four should desire it.
Feb. 23, '65.

JOHN W. INZER LEROY F. BOX.

INZER & BOX, Attorneys at Law,

Solicitors in Chancery.
ASHVILLE, Ala.

WILL practice in all the Courts of St. Clair, Calhoun, Talladega, Shelby, Jefferson, Blount, DeKalb, Cherokee & Marshall, also in the Superior Court of the State. Prompt attention given to the collection of all claims.
JOHN FOSTER, WM. H. FORNEY.

FOSTER & FORNEY, Attorneys at Law,
Jacksonville, Alabama.

WILL practice in the Counties of Calhoun, Talladega, Randolph, St. Clair, Cherokee, DeKalb and the Supreme Court of the State.
Dec. 23d, 1865.

G. C. ELLIS, J. H. CALDWELL, ELLIS & CALWELL, Attorneys at Law,
Jacksonville, Ala.

Solicitor in Chancery.
HAYING associated themselves in the practice of Law, will practice together, except in CRIMINAL CASES, in the counties Calhoun, Talladega, St. Clair, Randolph, Cherokee and DeKalb.
Jan. 6, 1866.

PHOTOGRAPHS, AMBROTYPES, &c. E. GOODE, Artist,
(Formerly of Asheville, Ala.)
Rooms first door north of E. L. Woodward's Store.
June 16, 1866

REMOVAL.
Dr. J. Y. NISBET has removed his Office to the Drug store, east side of the Public Square, where he will continue the practice of Medicine as usual and where he may be always found unless professionally absent.
Nov. 25, '66.—11

School Books, JUST RECEIVED
And for sale by **P. ROWAN.**
April 14.

AGENTS WANTED FOR THE LIFE AND CAMPAIGNS OF

General (Stonewall) Jackson.
By Prof. R. L. Dabney, D. D., of Va.
THE Standard Biography of the Immortal Hero. The only edition authorized by his widow, and published for her pecuniary benefit. The author a personal friend and Chief of Staff of the Christian Soldier. We want an Agent in every county. Send for circulars and see our terms, and what the Press says of the work. Address: NATIONAL PUBLISHING CO., Corner 7th and Main Sts., Richmond, Va.

BOLTING CLOTHS.
I have just received, direct from the Manufacturer, through the regular Importer, an assortment of **BOLTING CLOTHS** of superior finish.
Having sold this same make for the last 30 years, I can confidently recommend them. Each piece is carefully selected.
JNO. D. HOKK.
Jacksonville, June 30, 1866.

2,500 Lbs. SUGAR, JUST RECEIVED.
And For Sale by **E. L. WOODWARD.**
Sept. 1, 1866.

The Best Policy is a Policy of Insurance
ISSUED by the Home Insurance Company—Cash Capital

\$500,000.
Risks taken on MERCHANDISE, COTTON IN STORE, PLANTATIONS, AND BUILDINGS of all classes Insurance, at reasonable rates.
M. J. TURNLEY, Insurance and General Collecting Agent, JACKSONVILLE, ALA.
Office east side of the public square, January 6, 1866.—6m.

Read This!
ON another Monday the 3rd inst., the "Voice and Accord" of the late "Sun" of Ryan, Francis & Lowland, may be located in my possession. Said claims have been deposited with me for immediate collection by Daniel T. Ryan, who owns them now individually. I therefore give thirty days notice to all persons thus indebted to call on me at 10 o'clock, without delay, and pay up at once, and save costs. "A word to the wise is sufficient."—Call and see me.
WM. M. HAMES, Office No. 4, Office Row, Jacksonville, Ala.
September 1st, 1866.—11.

E. REMINGTON & SONS
MANUFACTURERS OF REVOLVERS, RIFLES, Muskets and Carbines,
For the United States Service. Also, **POCKET and BELT REVOLVERS, REPEATING PISTOLS, RIFLE CANES, REVOLVING RIFLES.**
Rifle and Shot Gun Barrels, & Gun Materials sold by Gun Dealers and the Trade generally.
In these days of Home-breaking and Robbery, every House, Store, Bank, and Office, should have one.

REMINGTON'S REVOLVERS.
Parties desiring to avail themselves of the latest improvements in Pistols, and superior workmanship and form will find all combined in the New Remington Revolvers. Circulars containing cuts and description of our Arms will be furnished upon application.
E. REMINGTON & SONS, Hiram, N. Y.
Moore & Nichols, Agents, No. 40 Courtland St., New York.

MUSIC LESSONS
ON the PIANO, given by Mrs. M. E. FRANCIS, commencing with the sessions of the Jacksonville Female Academy.
Pupils can commence at any time during the session, and be charged for the time. Country Produce at the market price taken in payment.
Jacksonville, Jan. 30, '63

School Notice.
THE EXERCISES of the Classical and English School under the control of the undersigned will be resumed on Monday, August 6th, 1866.
Rates of tuition, per term.
1st Class.....\$15.00
2nd ".....20.00
3rd ".....25.00
Incidentals.....2.00
Clever, industrious, obedient boys will be gladly received.—Tuition due on the last day of the term.
D. F. SMITH.

BLANK DEEDS, FOR SALE AT THIS OFFICE.

J. J. COHEN, ROME, GA.
Wholesale Merchant.

Also AGENT for the sale of French Burr Rocks, Esopuse Mill Stones, Double German Anchor Bolting Cloths, Patent Mill Pecks, Patent Mill Bush, &c. &c.
All orders will have prompt attention.

CHOICE HOTEL, BROAD STREET, ROME, GA.

J. C. RAWLINS, Proprietor.

BAGGAGE taken to and from the depot free of charge. Aug. 25—11

E. L. WOODWARD
Is now receiving an unusually large Stock of **Fall and Winter GOODS,**

To which the attention of purchasers is invited, with the assurance that they will be sold at his usual and uniform low prices.
Jacksonville, Oct. 13, 1866.

COTTON YARNS
Of very superior quality, for sale at Retail and Wholesale. For the undersigned, Sub by the bulk of 50 bales, assorted, at Factory prices, with the addition of transportation, &c.
Call on **E. L. WOODWARD.**
Oct. 6, 1866.

F. L. JOHNSON, R. A. JOHNSON, Selma, Ala., Menden, Ala.

W. L. CUNNINGHAM, WITH F. L. & R. A. JOHNSON, WHOLESALE GROCERS,
DEALERS IN

Western Produce, and Importers of Foreign Liquors, &c. NEW ORLEANS, Louisiana.

CABINET SHOP:
THE undersigned have again commenced the **CABINET MAKING BUSINESS,** and are prepared with all the necessary lumber and material for the manufacture of every description of

FURNITURE,
SUCH AS
Secretaries, Bureaus, (not Freedmen's) Best Cottage Bedsteads, Lounges, Tables, Wardrobes, Safes, &c. &c.

All of which will be made of the best materials, and in the most elegant, neat, durable and fashionable style, and sold at reasonable rates for Cash or Country Produce.

All coffin work, and every species of Repairing executed with neatness and dispatch.

The patronage of the public is respectfully solicited; and all persons needing Furniture, are invited to call at their shop, just below Cross's corner, on the west side of main street, and examine their stock, the quality of their work, and leave their orders.

JOHN H. CRAWFORD, JOHN M. SMITH,
Jacksonville, June 9, 1866.

New Steam Grind Mill.
THE undersigned, having completed the necessary work, and procured new mill stones of superior quality, is now prepared to grind corn, of any quantity require into meal of as good quality as can be made by any mills of the country. This mill is one mile south of Jacksonville on the White Plains Road.
March 17, 1866. G. SOUTHER

MAKING NURSERY.
R. J. MANNING has on hand, and for sale, as good, if not the best Fruit in the South. Apples, Peaches, and Pears, ripening from June to November.

GRAPE VINES, the most choice kinds, Nectarines, Plums, Peach Trees—almost any thing you may wish in the line of Fruit, carefully selected and sent to any applicant. Cash accompanying orders of course. Rev. S. G. JENKINS is my authorized Agent.
R. J. MANNING, Denopolis, Ala., Oct. 12, 1866.—11.

Notice.
ALL parties indebted to the undersigned are requested to come forward and settle up immediately, as we will wind up business by the 1st of November. All who have claims are requested to present them, for payment before the 1st of November.
M. & L. OPPENHEIMER, Jacksonville, Ala. Oct. 25, 1866.

DR. M. W. FRANCIS,
HAS resumed the duties of his profession in all its branches. Office, N. W. Corner of Public Square, JACKSONVILLE, ALA.
November 18, 1865.—11.

\$2,000 A YEAR made by any one with \$15—Steady Tools. No experience necessary. The Presidents, Cashiers, and Treasurers of 3 Banks endorse the circular. Sent free with samples. Address the American Stencil Tool Works, Springfield, Vermont.

NEW FIRM. GLOVER & BALE,
DEALERS IN **GROCERIES & PRODUCE,**
Corner of Broad and Bridge Streets, opposite the Market.

ROME, Ga.
October 13, 1866.—3m.

Berry, Elliott & Co, GROCERS.

AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
NEAR RAILROAD DEPOT & STRAM-BOAT WHARF, &c.

Rome, Ga.

GROCERIES.

WE are now receiving a large assortment of

which we offer to the trade at a small advance on cost.

COTTON OR PRODUCE
shipped us for sale, shall have special attention, and liberal CASH ADVANCES will be made on the same, if desired.
BERRY, ELLIOTT & CO. 3m.

ROME STEAM ENGINE AND MACHINE WORKS,
ROME, GA.

NOBLES & MITCHELL, MANUFACTURERS OF
Horizontal, Vertical and Portable **STEAM ENGINES,**
From one to Five Hundred Horse Power. Locomotive, Flue, Tubular & Cylinder BOILERS,
Gasometers, Tanks, Smoke-Stacks, BLAST PIPES,
COTTON PRESSES, SUGAR MILLS, &c.

MACHINERY FOR Rolling Mills, Blast Furnaces, Railroads, Saw & Grind Mills, &c. &c.

Of every description, up to 25,000 lbs. weight. Car wheels, Hammered, Locomotive and Car AXES.

Mining Machinery
For Gold, Copper, Iron and Lead Mines: Bridge-castings and Bolts; All kinds of Machinery and BRASS CASTINGS.

We have rebuilt our Works and have New and Improved Machinery and Tools. RAILROAD MEN, BRIDGE CONTRACTORS, FURNACE & ROLLING MILL MEN, AND MINING ENGINEERS, will find it to their interest to order their orders. We use only the best material and do our work well. We will GUARANTEE ALL WORK done at our establishment.

Prices will be as low or lower than the same work can be imported, or done at any other establishment in the South.

Our long experience in the business and the large amounts we have heretofore filled, will guarantee satisfaction to our customers.

NOBLES & MITCHELL.
Jas. Nobles, Jr., Tins, P. Mitchell, Cash. John W. Noble, Master Mechanist & Druggist. WM. NOBLE, GEORGE NOBLE, SAMUEL NOBLE, Superintendent.
July 21, 1866.

Terrible Conflagration in Nashville.
A fire broke out on the morning of the 24th inst., in the Drug store of H. W. Hasslock, on Cedar street in Nashville, and spread with fearful rapidity on that street, Cherry and Deaderick, until nearly, or quite a half million dollars worth of property was destroyed. A high wind was prevailing at the time, and the "Fire King" seemed to defy the puny efforts of mortals to stay his progress. The Republican Banner office fell an early victim to the devouring elements, but we are happy to learn that the enterprising publishers—Roberts, Waterson & Co.—have not lost a single issue of their paper; but, through the courtesy of the Union are now publishing in that office.—Rome Courier.

THE PROPOSED IMPROVEMENT.—The Newburyport Herald thus comments on the proposed impeachment of President Johnson:

Now to our mind the proposition of impeachment is one so full of danger that he who lathers it must be short sighted or terribly depraved. There is not a rational man in the country that does not see that it carries upon its very face the commencement of a civil war by the side of which the late rebellion would appear as child's play. Before any one accustoms his mind to wonder too far in that direction, let him inquire if he is prepared for a state of anarchy that would destroy the value of property, that would repudiate national and private debts together, that would darken the sun of republican liberty, that this century would not see its face again and would make human blood run in the streets till the very dogs would lap it like water. If any man of fighting age favors the deposing the President in the present state of the country, let him join a military company at once, and drill as often as he can; and if he is not at that age, but has boys that are let him call them to him on the first opportunity, and looking them fairly in the face, decide which of them, or how many he is ready to see die rather than have Andrew Johnson President of the United States till the 4th of March, 1867.

It is time this insanity ceased. If we are not crazy, or drunk, or mad, we shall tell all men of all parties, who propose such schemes, "away devils, we'll none of you." We want no more war; no more slaying of the first born; no more maimed men, or discolored widows, or orphan children, upon our pension list. We want no more public debt and no higher taxes than we now have. We want no President who would put State against State and man against man in deadly array, by ignoring the representatives of the people; and we want no representatives so lost to reason, right and public duty, as to propose the deposition of the President. Times are full enough of danger without any such madness. Every good and true man—every man who loves his race

The Canvass of New York.
The Times, which sides with the Radicals in the fight, thus speaks of the prospects in its issue of the 22d:

The Democrats are much more sanguine of electing Mr. Hoffman than they were a fortnight ago. The number of names registered already indicates a vote in the city which will approach, if not exceed, a hundred thousand; and this fact is regarded as favorable to a very heavy Democratic majority here. A very strong effort has also been made to array the entire liquor-dealing vote, and especially the German lager-beer interest on the Democratic side. The existing license law is sweepingly condemned even by that very class of respectable and responsible dealers to whom it is of decided advantage, and as it was enacted by a Republican Legislature, it is easy to excite hostility to the Republican party on account of it. The naturalization committees of the Democratic party are also very active, and are naturalizing and registering a very heavy vote, in addition to what has been hitherto cast.

OPINIONS OF GRANT AND SHERMAN.—I am satisfied that the mass of the thinking men of the South accept the present situation of affairs in good faith. The questions which have heretofore divided the sentiments of the people of the two sections—slavery and State rights, or the right of a State to secede from the Union—they regard as being settled forever by the highest tribunal (arms) that a man can resort to.—Gen. Grant

All the fighting men of our army want peace, and it is only those who never heard a shot—never heard the shrieks and groans of the wounded and lacerated friend or foe, that cry aloud for more blood, more vengeance, more desolation. I know the rebels whip-pet to death, and declare before God, as a man and a soldier, I will not strike a foe who stands unarmed and submissive before me.

[Lieut. Gen. Sherman.]

Terrible Conflagration in Nashville.
A fire broke out on the morning of the 24th inst., in the Drug store of H. W. Hasslock, on Cedar street in Nashville, and spread with fearful rapidity on that street, Cherry and Deaderick, until nearly, or quite a half million dollars worth of property was destroyed. A high wind was prevailing at the time, and the "Fire King" seemed to defy the puny efforts of mortals to stay his progress. The Republican Banner office fell an early victim to the devouring elements, but we are happy to learn that the enterprising publishers—Roberts, Waterson & Co.—have not lost a single issue of their paper; but, through the courtesy of the Union are now publishing in that office.—Rome Courier.

THE PROPOSED IMPROVEMENT.—The Newburyport Herald thus comments on the proposed impeachment of President Johnson:

Now to our mind the proposition of impeachment is one so full of danger that he who lathers it must be short sighted or terribly depraved. There is not a rational man in the country that does not see that it carries upon its very face the commencement of a civil war by the side of which the late rebellion would appear as child's play. Before any one accustoms his mind to wonder too far in that direction, let him inquire if he is prepared for a state of anarchy that would destroy the value of property, that would repudiate national and private debts together, that would darken the sun of republican liberty, that this century would not see its face again and would make human blood run in the streets till the very dogs would lap it like water. If any man of fighting age favors the deposing the President in the present state of the country, let him join a military company at once, and drill as often as he can; and if he is not at that age, but has boys that are let him call them to him on the first opportunity, and looking them fairly in the face, decide which of them, or how many he is ready to see die rather than have Andrew Johnson President of the United States till the 4th of March, 1867.

It is time this insanity ceased. If we are not crazy, or drunk, or mad, we shall tell all men of all parties, who propose such schemes, "away devils, we'll none of you." We want no more war; no more slaying of the first born; no more maimed men, or discolored widows, or orphan children, upon our pension list. We want no more public debt and no higher taxes than we now have. We want no President who would put State against State and man against man in deadly array, by ignoring the representatives of the people; and we want no representatives so lost to reason, right and public duty, as to propose the deposition of the President. Times are full enough of danger without any such madness. Every good and true man—every man who loves his race

or his God, will seek peace, not war; restoration, not destruction; prosperity, not anarchy; and love to all men everywhere, and hate to none, and malice to none.

High Price of Paper.
Many persons wonder why the price of newspapers, books, &c., remains so high now that the war is over, and gold has come down so far toward the old standard. They will learn one of the principal reasons by the following paragraph from the Springfield, Mass., Republican:

"The Crew paper company of South Hadley Falls have declared a yearly dividend of 100 per cent besides reserving a fund sufficient to build an addition to their mill. Last year the dividend was 120 per cent."

This simple paragraph tells the whole story. If paper makers cannot be satisfied with anything less than doubling their entire capital every year, and adding 20 per cent, even to that, the people must try to be content with paying a high price for their reading. The remedy is, to build more paper mills.

A Bee Tamer.—At the State Fair, held at Saratoga, New York, a bee tamer made his appearance, and created quite a stir. He is thus described by a correspondent: "One of the greatest attractions on the ground was a great honey-bee monger, whose hat, while on his head, was covered with bees, which appeared like a small swarm on a bush. He handled bees as if they were harmless flies. They crawled all over his person, in his hair and on his face, and he put some of them in his mouth and blew them out, and handled them at pleasure. And what was most remarkable, they were strange bees, attracted from the woods or colonies in the country. Immense crowds of people hung around him, continually asking questions, and purchasing the secret of collecting bees from the forest or robbing their neighbors of their busy workers by remaining quietly at home. When every bee was shaken from his hat, and it was returned to his head, the buzzing crowd about him would quickly return, completely covering the hat. The superintendent finally interfered, affirming that such an exhibition drew away too many people."

BOYS USING TOBACCO.—A strong and sensible writer says a good thing, and a true one, too, of boys who use tobacco. It has utterly spoiled and ruined thousands of boys. It tends to weakening softening of the bones, and it greatly injures the brain, the spinal marrow, and the whole nervous fluid. A boy who smokes early and frequently, or in any way large quantities of tobacco, is never known to make a man of much energy, and generally lacks muscular and physical as well as mental power. We would particularly warn boys who want to be anything in the world to shun tobacco as a most baneful poison. It injures the teeth. It produces an unhealthy state of the throat and lungs, hurts the stomach, and blasts the brain and nerves.—Scientific American.

THE INDIAN MASSACRE ON THE PLAINS.
—Captain James Fisk, who has been engaged in taking trains over the Northern route to Montana writes from Helena, Montana, September 20th and confirms the reports of Indian outrages and murders on the other route. He says that more than three thousand emigrants have been killed by the Indians during this season. At a recent battle, near the Yellow Stone, seventy whites were killed, and the whole route known as Bonanza's Cut-off is strewn with fresh graves. Fisk says he had no trouble with the Indians on his route.

The trial of Mr. Davis has been postponed till next spring. The further delay is attributed by Chief Justice Chase to the action of Congress in meddling with the geographical boundaries of the Judicial Districts, without making the proper allotment of judges.

A special Washington dispatch to the Boston Journal of yesterday morning states that treaties with the Imperial Government of Mexico have been agreed upon, and are now under process of exchange. The French troops and Maximilian withdraw this year from Mexico. The United States assumes the protectorate of the Republic, guaranteeing the French claims. In consideration Mexico cedes to the United States the peninsula of Lower California and other territory south of our present southwest boundary.

Terrible Hurricane at Turk's Island.
HALIFAX, Oct. 25.—The steamer Victor makes the following report: Turk's Island on the 30th, was visited by a terrible hurricane, destroying over 800 houses and their contents. Over 3,000 persons are rendered homeless, and are almost naked. One hundred and twenty-five thousand bushels of salt were swept away. Six foreign and twelve Island crafts were lost, with twenty of their crew.

Terms of Subscription.

For one year, in advance, \$3 00
For 6 months, " " 1 75

Terms of Advertising.

One square of ten lines or less,
first insertion, ... \$2 00
Each subsequent insertion, ... 1 00
Over one square counted as two, over two as three, &c. A liberal discount made on advertisements continued for three, six, or 12 months.
Announcement of Candidates, ... \$5 00
Obituaries charged at advertising rates.

D. M. FULENBERGER, with **BOGGS, MOTT & WOODS**, of Selma, is our authorized Agent, to contract, receive and receipt for subscription and advertising for the Republican.

Mr. A. W. BELL, of the firm of **SIDES & BELL**, 41 North Water Street, Mobile, Ala. is our authorized Agent, to contract, receive and receipt for subscription and advertising for the Republican.

Our friends have a fine opportunity now to be suited with any and every variety of Goods, suitable to the season. It will be seen by reference to the advertisement of **P. Rowan**, that he is now receiving and opening an elegant and extensive assortment.

Mr. Rowan is an accomplished and experienced merchant—accommodating, courteous and gentlemanly in bearing, and if he fail in any instance to give satisfaction to his patrons, we shall be much disappointed.

Our friend **JOHN M. WYLY**, so long and favorably known as a correct and energetic business man, in this community, may also be found in this house, ready at all times to wait on his friends in the most approved, prompt and satisfactory manner.

A. J. MOSES & CO., Hardware Merchants, Mobile, Ala. advertise with us this week. They have a very extensive stock, including everything from a screw to an Iron Safe. They are safe gentlemen to deal with. As evidence, they refer you to Col. R. B. Kyle, a gentleman whom we all know.

HURTHAL, BRUCE & CO. of Mobile, are also in the Hardware business, and have an Establishment rivaling any in the city. They are favorably known to some of our best citizens, and say that they intend to make it the interest of this section to trade with them. See their card.

L. BREWER & CO.—We called on these gentlemen while in Mobile and looked at their large and choice stock of Groceries. They already have a trade with some of our merchants and desire to enlarge it. We heartily recommend them and hope them abundant success.

C. E. THAMES, Cotton Factor and Commission Merchant, Mobile, presents his regards to his friends and acquaintances in Calhoun, through our columns, and would be happy to serve them in his line of business. He was formerly connected with the house of McClure & Thames, Selma Ala., well known here.

P. C. HANNAN, Com. Merchant and Dealer in Southern and Western Produce, Mobile, respectfully solicits the patronage of the people of this section of the State. He brings as a recommendation, a thorough experience in his business and a long establishment in that city. See his card.

S. J. MURPHY & CO. Cotton Factors and Gen. Com. Merchants, Mobile, insert their card in our paper this week. M. G. Hudson, one of the firm, will be remembered by all of Gen. Wheeler's Cavalry command, he having occupied a position on the staff of that distinguished General. He asks the patronage and influence of his old army associates, which, without doubt, they will readily and cheerfully extend to him.

People who visit Mobile must not fail to call on **Martin, Cowin & Co.**, Wholesale Grocers and Com. Merchants. It will be clearly to the interest of every one to examine their fine stock before purchasing elsewhere and a most delightful treat to be shown through their tremendous establishment by any of the polite clerks or proprietors. See their card in another column.

Notice the card of **A. & B. MOOG**, Grocers, Soap Manufacturers, Wine Merchants &c. They make a splendid article of soap. Patronize these gentlemen freely and thereby encourage the home manufacture of this most useful and indispensable article. They also keep on hand choice old wines and can supply all demands made on them for heavy or fancy Groceries, at very moderate prices.

Watson & Eager, General Receiving Forwarding & Commission Merchants, Selma, continue their card as will be seen by reference to our advertising columns. These gentlemen are already known extensively throughout this section of the State. Mr. Eager, it will be remembered, held the office of Post Master at Selma for ten years, until rendered ineligible by his patriotism—an assurance that he will do to patriotism.

Surely you would not go to Selma and come back without first taking a look at **Johnson & Miree's** fine Dry Goods Establishment. They have a large and very handsome stock, and are receiving large additions daily, as will be seen by reference to change in card. Those of our people who cannot find an article in our market, need not be put to any inconvenience on that account. They have only to drop Euclid a line, and by return train they will get the goods ordered, from a plug of very fine Tobacco to a stock for a country store, and that at extremely low prices.

If you wish to deal with one of the most courteous and polite gentlemen we have ever met, and one as competent as he is clever, call on **G. J. Thomas**, Grocer and Commission Merchant of Selma. He will offer you as good bargains as you can get elsewhere. See his advertisement in another column.

The reader will see this week the card of **Weaver & Kitchen**, Grocers and Commission Merchants of Selma. They have control of a good brick warehouse, constantly under guard; and consignments to them cannot but be safe. They offer liberal advances on cotton for shipment or sale, and will bestow on all business entrusted to them, such attention and care as only gentlemen of their experience in business are capable.

Jas. L. Moore, wholesale and retail Druggist, Selma, offers to the market as large and complete an assortment of Drugs, Medicines, Perfumery, Paints, Fancy Goods, &c., as can be found anywhere. He has a medicine for "every ill that flesh is heir to." It will be to the interest of country dealers to send their orders to him.

T. A. Nicoll & Co. wholesale Wine & Liquor dealers, Selma, offer as liberal inducements as any house South, and are prepared to fill all orders for this section of the State, with dispatch. They are connected with one of the largest importing houses in Mobile, and can offer, freight added, as cheap as can be bought in that city. See change in their advertisement.

You cannot fail, if visiting the Troup House, Selma, of being pleased with the pleasant grounds, good fare and fine accommodations. The genial humor and gentlemanly courtesy of Col. Sturdivant throws around you a perfect "home feeling." He possesses in a high degree all the essential qualities of a gentleman who "knows how to keep a hotel."

Capt. Stanton, the gentlemanly Assistant Superintendent of the Ala. and Tenn. R. Railroad, has our thanks for courtesies recently extended to us. The company have fitted up the cars comfortably for winter, and thus offer additional inducements for travel through this shortest, quickest and cheapest route from Selma to Atlanta & Chattanooga.

Read the advertisement of **Rosser & Morey**, wholesale and retail Grocers and General Commission Merchants, Selma. These gentlemen keep constantly on hand every article usually demanded in our market. We looked through their very large stock, and can warrant that you can be accommodated in quantity, quality and price; and more accommodating and polite gentlemen cannot be found in Selma, which is saying a great deal. Give them a call.

To the Captains of the River Steamers Montgomery and Virginia No. 1, we are indebted for favors.

The Montgomery, Capt. C. W. Norton, is the regular packet from Mobile to Selma, arriving there every Wednesday and returning every Friday, connecting at Mobile with the Vigo, running to New Orleans and commanded by Capt. John W. Stone, a most clever and accommodating gentleman.

The Virginia No. 1, under charge of that prince of Captains, and most elegant gentleman Capt. O'Bannon, is due Selma from Mobile every Friday and leaves there every Sunday morning.

We would advise those of our people who love comfort and attention, to leave here as to make the connection with one or the other of these first class river boats. They both belong to the Independent Line, the same that brought freights on the Alabama River from two dollars and a half down to fifty cents. A fact, which alone, should entitle them to the patronage of the people.

Elections take place on Tuesday next 6th Nov. in the following States: New York, New Jersey, Nevada, Missouri, Minnesota, Michigan, Massachusetts, Maryland, Kansas, Illinois, Delaware, Louisiana, Wisconsin. It is useless to indulge in conjectures or expressions of opinion as to the future destiny of the country, until these elections are heard from.

By reference to the advertisement of our townsman, Mr. John M. Wyly, it will be seen that he offers the highest market price to those who may wish to sell their cotton in the seed, or ready for shipment. He also offers to pay the tax, and make liberal advances (charging only the very moderate rate of lawful interest on the amount advanced) on all cotton consigned to Messrs. Tarlton, Ledyard & Co., Mobile.

SELMA COTTON MARKET.—We have been favored by those excellent and attentive Commission Merchants, Bell & Bro. of Selma, with a copy of their Cotton Price Current, dated 30th, Oct. From it we learn the following facts. Low Middling cotton at that time was 33a34; Middling 35; Strict Middling 36 Receipts since Sept. 1st, 35000 bales—stock on hand 900. Exchange on New York and New Orleans 3, on Mobile 1/2 Freight to Mobile \$2 per bale—to New Orleans 2 to \$3.

The Obituary Notice of the Rev. Willis Dickinson, will appear in our next issue.

Radicals will dare impeach him. Such a move would wrap the country in flames and they are too sensible not to see it. There is no good reason why we should despair, and I am far from doing so." *Nashville Banner.*

Telegraphic dispatches received last night state that Gov. Swann of Maryland, has removed the Police Commissioners. The old Commissioners have their full force out and will resist the demand of the new force for the surrender of the station-houses marshal's office &c. Four hundred troops have arrived at Fort McHenry and will be retained at Baltimore in case of a disturbance.

The feeling on both sides is the bitterest. The excitement on the streets is great and a collision seems certain. The question is at last reduced to a fight or a square back down on the part of one or the other.

BY TELEGRAPH.

[Associated Press Dispatches to the Times.]
NOON DISPATCHES.

GEN. SHERMAN AT WASHINGTON CITY.
TRENHOLM PARDONED BY THE PRESIDENT.
COLONEL LYNCH, FENIAN, SENTENCED TO BE HUNG.
ELECTION NEWS FROM WEST VIRGINIA.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 26.—Gen. Sherman arrived here last night. He is a guest of Gen. Grant.

The President has ordered a pardon to be issued to ex-Confederate Secretary of Treasury Trenholm.

Toronto, Oct. 25.—Colonel Lynch, Fenian prisoner, was sentenced to be hung on the 15th of Decem.

WHEELING, W. Va., Oct. 26.—The election shows gains on the vote for Constitutional Amendment last May. Boreman was elected Governor, and Hubbard to Congress.

MIDNIGHT DISPATCHES.

GENERAL SHERMAN AND GRANT SEEING THE PRESIDENT.

THE EVERLASTING POLICE COMMISSIONERS CASE.
FROM CANADA AND MEXICO.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 26.—Gen. Sherman, accompanied by Gen. Grant, had an interview with the President this morning.

OTTAWA, CANADA, Oct. 26.—The Hotel du Banailo has been engaged for the troops.

A part of the Hundredth Royal Canadian Regiment will be stationed here this winter.

ANNAPOLIS, Md., Oct. 26.—The investigation charge against the Police Commissioners commenced this morning.

The Governor claims jurisdiction to try the case and pass judgment, and will reach a decision later than Wednesday.

Toronto, Canada, Oct. 26.—It is rumored that an attempt will be made to rescue Lynch, who was yesterday sentenced to death.

NEW ORLEANS, Oct. 26.—General Sheridan has addressed a letter to Col. Sedgwick, commanding at Brownsville, instructing him to warn all adherents of any party of the pretended Government in Mexico, that they will not be permitted to violate the neutrality laws between the United States and the Liberal Government of Mexico, and all representing the so-called Imperial Government of Mexico, and also against the Ortega, Santa Anna and other factions.

NOON DISPATCHES.

EXCITEMENT AMONG THE FENIANS.
NAPOLEON'S DEATH HOURLY EXPECTED.

New York, Oct. 27.—There is much excitement here among the Irish in consequence of the sentence of Lynch (Fenian).

The Common Council have adopted resolutions in a spirit of humanity. The Mayor, Aldermen and the community request the Government of Canada to pardon and release Lynch and his associates, and that the President be requested to unite in the request.

A Berlin correspondent, writing on the 7th inst., says that the Chief Surgeon of the Prussian Army left for Byritz, to consult with the physicians of Napoleon on the possibility of performing an operation.

A dispatch has been received from the Prussian Embassy, at Paris, saying that there is no hope for Napoleon. Death may be hourly expected.

Toronto, Canada, Oct. 27.—John McMahon, another Fenian, was yesterday sentenced to be hung on the 13th December.

MIDNIGHT DISPATCHES

GOVERNOR WELLS, OF LOUISIANA, TO RECONVENE THE CONVENTION OF '64.

HE IS PROMISED FORCE TO SUSTAIN HIM, IF NECESSARY.
THE FENIANS TO HOLD A MEETING TO-NIGHT.
THE FENIAN EXCITEMENT IN CANADA.

NEW ORLEANS, Oct. 29.—It is reported on good authority that Gov. Wells will reconvene the Constitutional Con-

vention of '64. He says that the assurances from leading members of Congress that he will be sustained by force, if necessary.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 27.—Gen. Sherman had another interview with the President to-day.

BUFFALO, N. Y., Oct. 27.—An appeal is published in morning papers here for a mass meeting of Fenians on Sunday night. It urges resistance to the execution of the Fenians lately sentenced to death in Toronto.

TORONTO, CANADA, Oct. 26.—The other Fenian trials will probably not commence before Wednesday Mr. McKenzie, who is retained by the American Consul to defend such as are Americans, not being ready for trial.

BALTIMORE, Oct. 27.—The examination of witnesses against the Police Commissioners, before Gen. Swann, was continued to-day, at Annapolis. At three o'clock the case was adjourned until Monday, when, it is believed, the matter will be ended.

MONTREAL, CANADA, Oct. 27.—The news that Lynch, the Fenian, has been sentenced to death, causes much discussion here.

Another large lot of war material has arrived here from England.

New Goods.

P. ROWAN,
At Forney's Corner.
Is now receiving and opening, an extensive and well selected stock of
Fall and Winter Staple and Fancy

DRY GOODS:

Every variety, style, fashion and pattern usually required for this market. Also

GROCERIES,
Crockery & Glassware,
Hardware, Cutlery & Nails,
DRUGS & MEDICINES,
HATS & CAPS,
BOOTS
AND
SHOES,
SADDLERY

of various descriptions.

—ALSO—

Factory Yarn,

Kerosene Oil, &c.

All of which are offered for sale on the most reasonable terms.

He respectfully solicits a call and examination of his Goods, from his friends acquaintances, and the public generally, with the assurance that they can and will be pleased and suited in quantity, quality and price.

Jacksonville, Nov. 3, 1866.

SELMA

Advertisements.

T. A. NICOLL & CO.
Wholesale Wine Merchants
AND DEALERS IN
Foreign and Domestic
WINES AND LIQUORS,
Water Street No. 5,
SELMA, Ala.

PHILIP WEAVER, Selma, Ala.
J. D. KITCHEN, New Orleans, La.

WEAVER & KITCHEN,
GROCERS
AND
GENERAL
Commission Merchants,
WATER STREET—SELMA, ALA.

Have control of a good brick Warehouse, constantly under guard, for the storage of Cotton and other Produce.
Liberal advances made on Cotton for Shipment or Sale.

JAS. L. MOORE,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL
DEALER IN
DRUGS, MEDICINES,
Patent Medicines, Perfumery,
FANCY GOODS, PAINTS,
Oils, Window Glass, Cigars Tobacco, &c.
No. 10, BROAD STREET,
SELMA, ALA.
Nov. 3, 1866.—6m

G. J. THOMAS,
GROCE
AND
GENERAL
COMMISSION MERCHANT,
WATER STREET,
Opposite the Gee House, SELMA, ALA.

I am connected with this house, and will at all times be pleased to see my old friends and customers and renew their trade.
T. W. STREET.
W. G. PRIVETT, R. H. CROSWELL.

PRIVETT & CROSWELL
Receiving and Forwarding
MERCHANTS,
HEAD OF CITY WHARF,
SELMA, ALA.
July 21, 1866.—6m

SELMA
Advertisements.

T. A. NICOLL & CO.
Wholesale Wine Merchants
AND DEALERS IN
Foreign and Domestic
WINES AND LIQUORS,
Water Street No. 5,
SELMA, Ala.

PHILIP WEAVER, Selma, Ala.
J. D. KITCHEN, New Orleans, La.

WEAVER & KITCHEN,
GROCERS
AND
GENERAL
Commission Merchants,
WATER STREET—SELMA, ALA.

Have control of a good brick Warehouse, constantly under guard, for the storage of Cotton and other Produce.
Liberal advances made on Cotton for Shipment or Sale.

JAS. L. MOORE,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL
DEALER IN
DRUGS, MEDICINES,
Patent Medicines, Perfumery,
FANCY GOODS, PAINTS,
Oils, Window Glass, Cigars Tobacco, &c.
No. 10, BROAD STREET,
SELMA, ALA.
Nov. 3, 1866.—6m

G. J. THOMAS,
GROCE
AND
GENERAL
COMMISSION MERCHANT,
WATER STREET,
Opposite the Gee House, SELMA, ALA.

I am connected with this house, and will at all times be pleased to see my old friends and customers and renew their trade.
T. W. STREET.
W. G. PRIVETT, R. H. CROSWELL.

PRIVETT & CROSWELL
Receiving and Forwarding
MERCHANTS,
HEAD OF CITY WHARF,
SELMA, ALA.
July 21, 1866.—6m

SELMA
Advertisements.

T. A. NICOLL & CO.
Wholesale Wine Merchants
AND DEALERS IN
Foreign and Domestic
WINES AND LIQUORS,
Water Street No. 5,
SELMA, Ala.

PHILIP WEAVER, Selma, Ala.
J. D. KITCHEN, New Orleans, La.

WEAVER & KITCHEN,
GROCERS
AND
GENERAL
Commission Merchants,
WATER STREET—SELMA, ALA.

T. H. ROSSER.
J. M. MOREY
ROSSER & MOREY,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL
GROCERS
AND
GENERAL
Commission Merchants,
BROAD STREET, SELMA, ALA.
Agents for the Sale of Western Produce.

Will keep constantly on hand Corn, Bacon, Flour, Sugar, Coffee, Molasses and all articles usually kept in a First Class Grocery establishment, which we sell upon the most accommodating terms.
Nov. 3, 1866.—6m.

ABNER WILLIAMS,
COTTON FACTOR,
AND
GENERAL
Commission Merchant,
Will advance BAGGING & ROPE to his patrons.
A liberal share of public patronage is respectfully solicited.
Office over Agee, Wilson & Co's Warehouse, Water Street.
SELMA, ALA.

WOOLSEY, GOODRICH & CO.
COTTON FACTORS,
INSURANCE AND GENERAL
AGENTS,
DEALERS IN EXCHANGE,
BROAD STREET—SELMA, ALA.

WOOLSEY, WALKER & CO.
COTTON FACTORS,
37, North Commerce Street,
MOBILE, ALA.

COTTON consigned to us for our Mobile House forwarded free of charge, except cartage and Wharfage, and proceeds of sales paid here, if desired. IRON TIES, ROPE and BAGGING always on hand.

All Cotton consigned to our Mobile House is covered by our open Policy of Insurance, unless we have written instructions to the contrary.
Oct. 2—2m.

J. A. CURRY, Talladega.
J. H. AUSPAUGH, Selma

J. A. CURRY & CO.
COTTON FACTORS
AND
Commission Merchants,
Central Warehouse Building,
WATER STREET,
SELMA, ALA.

We have good Brick Warehouses constantly under guard for the storage of Cotton and other produce consigned to us.

JOS. HARDIE,
J. H. ROBINSON.
HARDIE & ROBINSON.
COTTON FACTORS
—AND—
COMMISSION MERCHANTS.
23 & 25 BROAD ST. (UP STAIRS.)
SELMA, ALA.

We respectfully invite consignments of Cotton, Flour or other produce intended for sale in our market, or for shipment to Mobile, New Orleans or New York, upon which we are prepared to make liberal cash advances. Also to furnish Bagging and Rope or Iron Ties.

Our old friends will find us ready to serve them faithfully, efficiently and honestly.

Address **HARDIE & ROBINSON,**
23 & 25 Broad Street
SELMA, ALA.
Sept 15—4m

Saddlery, Harness, &c.
SMITH, MOTES & CO.
Central City Insurance Buildin,
SELMA, ALA.
MANUFACTURERS & DEALERS IN
SADDLES,
HARNESS, &c.,

RESPECTFULLY call the attention of all purchasers to their large stock, comprising the best assortment ever offered in this market. We are constantly receiving new additions, thus proving that we leave nothing untried to please the fancy of all.

SMITH, MOTES & CO.
Selma, Ala., May 26, 1866

Advances on Cotton
We are prepared to make liberal advances on shipments of cotton consigned to Messrs. Baker, Graham & Co., Mobile, Alabama. Also to receive and forward all cotton shipped to our care at 50 cents per bale.

J. C. GRAHAM & CO.
Broad & Selma streets, SELMA, Ala.
July 7, 1866—3m.

M. LUNDIE, GEO. B. FERGUSON.
LUNDIE & CO.,
(SUCCESSORS TO W. Y. LUNDIE.)
COTTON FACTORS AND GENERAL
Commission Merchants,
OFFICE BROAD STREET, SELMA, ALA.

Special attention given to the sale and shipment of Cotton, on which we will pay freight, charges, and Revenue Tax.

Orders for the purchase of Groceries and other articles promptly filled, when accompanied with the Cash or City Acceptance.

REFERENCES:
M. J. A. Keith & Co., Selma, Ala., Gen. J. G. L. Huey, Talladega, Ala.; J. W. Lupton, Selma, Ala.; A. M. Goodwin, Selma, Ala.; Walker Reynolds, Alpine, Ala.; John A. Winston & Co., Mobile, Ala.; Hon. T. A. Walker, Jacksonville, Ala.; Jurey & Harris, New Orleans, La.; E. C. Hannon, Montgomery, Ala.
Jan. 27, 1867.

N. D. JOHNSON, Talladega.
R. A. PATTISON Selma.
N. D. JOHNSON & CO.,
(Successors to L. W. Pettibone.)
STORAGE, RECEIVING, FORWARDING
AND
Commission Merchants,
Office in Ala. & Ten. R. R. Warehouse,
Selma, Alabama.

HAVING leased the New, Fire Proof COTTON WAREHOUSE, with in a few yards of the Depot, we are prepared to Receive, Store, Forward, or Sell, all consignments with which we may be favored, on the most favorable terms.

Merchants and Planters will readily perceive that we possess unequalled advantages in the receiving and shipment of Cotton, and in the receiving and forwarding of Goods, being able to economize in wharfage, drayage and handling of Goods. With these advantages, pledging our best efforts in the interests of our patrons, we respectfully solicit consignments.
Sept. 22—1y. N. D. JOHNSON & CO.

GEO. P. BURNETT, E. B. MARTIN, I. L. SWAN.
BURNETT, MARTIN & SWAN,
GENERAL
Commission Merchants,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN
STAPLE
AND
FANCY
DRY GOODS
AND
GROCERIES,
Queensware, Glassware, &c.

Will continue the business at the old stand, and invite their friends and customers and the public generally to call and examine their extensive stock.

Having ample room, they solicit consignments of Bagging and Rope, Flour, Corn, Bacon, Whiskey, Tobacco, &c. &c.
East side Broad street near Water.
June 9, 1866. SELMA, ALA.

W. T. MIREE, E. JOHNSON
MIREE & JOHNSON.
STAPLE & FANCY
DRY GOODS,
Gentlemen's Clothing,
BOOTS, SHOES,
HARDWARE &c.
BROAD STREET, SELMA, ALA.
Are receiving daily from New York large additions of Winter Goods.

W. H. EAGER, W. V. R. WATSON.
EAGER & WATSON,
GENERAL COMMISSION, RECEIVING
AND FORWARDING MERCHANTS;
OFFICE with JUDSON, DUNCAN & Co.
SELMA, ALA.

HAVING secured ample and convenient Storage, and forward all Goods consigned to us at the City Wharf, with promptness and dispatch. Turpentine and Vaseline will be kept on the Wharf for the protection of all Goods sent to our care.

Consignments of COTTON and Produce respectfully solicited.
June 9, 1866—3m.

J. G. BELL & BRO.,
COTTON FACTORS
AND
Commission Merchants,
WATER STREET,
SELMA, ALA.
Special attention given to the Sale & Shipment of Cotton. Consignments respectfully solicited.
Sept. 8, 1866.

J. F. TIMBERLAKE, JAMES LOTSPEICH.
Oxford, Ala. Selma, Ala.
W. M

Gov. Patton.

The Montgomery Mail mentions Gov. Patton as a probable candidate for the United States Senate from Alabama. While we believe that Governor Patton will fill the position with honor and credit to himself and State, we must not make too good a Governor to be allowed to retire at the close of one term. We must have him for another term. Under his administration, the affairs of the State have been conducted in a wise manner, and he has probably done more for any other man could to relieve the State from the embarrassments under which it labored. The financial condition of Alabama is better to day than that of any other Southern State, and the internal affairs of the State are in a healthy condition. All this is due to Gov. Patton's indefatigable efforts in behalf of the interests and welfare of the people and of the State.

We repeat, the people of Alabama will not be willing that Gov. Patton should retire from the gubernatorial chair at the present term, but he must consent to serve another term. In this we believe we reflect the sentiments of nearly the whole people of Alabama.

Huntsville Independent.

A Washington special to the New York Tribune of the 23d says that at the last Cabinet meeting it was resolved to demand payment at the hands of the British Government, in full, for all outrages committed by the rebel privateers which were fitted out in England. Instructions to carry out this decision were sent to Mr. Adams last Thursday. The Government will not consent to a commission. It is stated it will be proposed in Congress to assume the Mexican debt.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 30.—Minister Campbell has left here for his home in Ohio, from whence, in a few days, he will proceed to Mexico, accredited to the Juarez Government.

New York, Oct. 30.—Another large Fenian meeting took place last night in Buffalo. The war spirit among the Irish is excited.

Large meetings have also been held in Cincinnati—men and money being contributed.

Prentice, of the Louisville Journal, says that during the rebellion men fled from the South for safety. Let the Northern Radicals beware lest the time will soon come when men will fly to the South for safety.

THE SOUTHERN RADICALS DEMAND THE UPSURTING OF THE SOUTHERN STATE GOVERNMENTS—MORE REVOLUTION CONTEMPLATED—New York Oct. 13.—A Tribune's St. Louis special says the Southern Loyalists prepared an address this morning to the people of the United States before leaving Springfield. They urge the people to insist, in behalf of the true loyalists, on further conditions precedent to the admission of the late rebel States than those enunciated in the constitutional amendment, because the present State Governments of the South are not legal bodies, and therefore cannot legally ratify the amendment. They plead that the people insist that their representatives shall at the next session declare the present State organizations in the South illegal, and proceed to organize governments based upon the principles of impartial loyal suffrage. A committee of seven were appointed to keep the subject before the people until the final decision of the reconstruction by Congress. This committee consists of Col. Moss of Missouri, President; Gov. Hamilton, of Texas; Bingham, of Alabama; Tucker, of Virginia; Eaton, of Tennessee, and Randolph of Louisiana.

The Loyalists have dissolved. Every where their pleas for impartial suffrage have been enthusiastically received, even in the strongholds of the Conservatives in Indiana and Illinois, and everywhere they have met the most cordial audiences.

DISTRIBUTIONS.

We would call attention to the opinion of one of the leading papers of Canada on this subject:

Most of our readers have no doubt read some of the numerous advertisements of Gift Enterprises, Gift Concerns, &c., which appear from time to time in the public prints, offering most tempting bargains to those who will patronize them. In most cases these are genuine humbugs. But there are a few respectable firms who do business in this manner, and they do it as a means of increasing their wholesale business, and not to make money. From such firms, it is true, handsome and valuable articles are procured for a very small sum, and what is more important, no one is ever cheated. Every one gets good value for his dollar, because, as we have stated, it is intended to act as an advertisement to increase their ordinary business.

We have seen numbers of prizes sent out in this way by SHANNAN, WATSON & COMPANY, of Nassau street, N. Y., and there is no doubt that some of the articles are worth eight or ten times the money paid for them, while we have not seen or heard of a single article which was not fully worth the dollar which it cost. But this is only one of the exceptions to this rule, for as a general thing the parties engaged in this business are nothing but clever swindlers.

(Saturday Reader, Montreal, C. E., Jan. 13, '66)

MARRIED—at the residence of Thos. D. Fisher of this place, by the Rev. D. F. Smith, Ma. S. W. RIDDLE, of Silver Run, to Mrs. M. A. Roberts, of Talladega.

MARRIED—At Dallas, Palding Co. Ga., on Sunday October 14th inst. Mr. MARION PHILLIPS to Miss NANNIE GRIFFIN.

COTTON TAX.

The undersigned Assessor and Collector of the U. S. Cotton Tax, will attend at the following times and places, for the purpose of assessing, collecting and marking cotton for the accommodation of those having cotton for sale or shipment.

At Jacksonville, every Monday.
At Cross Plains and Ladiga, every Tuesday.
At Minorsville, on the river, every Thursday.
At Oxford and Blue Mountain, every Friday.

The law imposes a heavy penalty for the removal of cotton out of the County without the tax being paid.

ISAAC FRANK, Assessor.
P. VERNON, Dep. Collector.
Applications for Licenses and tax on incomes will be attended at the same time. Also Revenue stamps for sale.

H. F. VERNON, Collector.

Sheriff Sale.

BY virtue of one of the orders of the Circuit Court of Calhoun county, and to me directed, I will expose to the highest bidder for cash, before the court house door in the Town of Jacksonville, on Monday the 3d day of December next, within the usual hours of sale, the following described Lands to-wit:

The north east fourth of south east fourth and south east fourth of north east fourth of section 10, T. 13 R. 7. and the north east fourth of the south east fourth, and the west half of the north east fourth of section 13, township 13, range 7, east in the Coosa Land District—levied upon as the property of J. B. Burroughs to satisfy one of the orders of H. L. Pettit and against J. B. Burroughs.

S. D. McCLELEN, Sheriff, Calhoun Co.

Sheriff Sale.

BY virtue of one of the orders of the Circuit Court of Calhoun county, and to me directed, I will sell to the highest bidder, before the Court House door in the Town of Jacksonville, on Monday 3rd day of December next, one town lot situated in the town of Oxford, designated as Lot No. 7. The town of Snows plan of Lots, levied upon as the property of George S. Cockran to satisfy said order of H. L. Pettit and against Jas. M. Clark and George S. Cockran.

S. D. McCLELEN, Sheriff.

Nov. 3, 1866.

Also at the same time and place.

BEFORE the Court House door in the town of Jacksonville, Ala., on Monday 3rd day of December next, the following Lands to-wit: the south part of the south east fourth of north east fourth of section 10, township 13, range 7, containing 60 acres, and north east fourth of south east fourth and the north west fourth of the south east fourth and west half of the north east fourth of section 13, township 13, range 7, east in the Coosa Land District—levied upon as the property of J. B. Burroughs to satisfy one of the orders of H. L. Pettit, and against J. B. Burroughs, the defendant.

S. D. McCLELEN, Sheriff.

Nov. 3, 1866.

Sheriff Sale.

BY virtue of two of the orders of the Circuit Court of Talladega county, and to me directed: one in favor of Dan'l Bush, Ex'r and against Thos G. Matison and John Tolbert, the other in favor of W. C. & H. W. Luttrell and against Thos G. Matison and George F. Halford, I will offer for sale to the highest bidder for cash, before the court house door in the town of Jacksonville, on Monday 5th day of November, 1866, the following described Lands lying in said county, to-wit: the west half of south east fourth section 31, township 16, range 8; also, all that portion of the south east fourth of section 31, township 16, range 8, lying in Calhoun county—levied upon as the property of T. G. Matison, to satisfy said order.

S. D. McCLELEN, Sheriff.

Sept. 29—\$12.

Sheriff Sale.

BY virtue of an order of sale issued from the Circuit Court of Calhoun county, and to me directed, I will sell to the highest bidder for cash, before the court house door in the Town of Jacksonville, on Monday the 5th day of November next, one Sord mare Mule, one Cow, one spotted Heifer, one Bull, and one Double Barred Shot Gun, sold as the property of J. W. Bagley to satisfy one of the orders of Wm. J. Young, to satisfy said order of the Circuit Court of Calhoun county, on Saturday the 3rd day of November, 1866, at 12 M.

S. D. McCLELEN, Sheriff.

Oct. 20, 1866.

Also, at the same time and place.

BEFORE the court house door in the Town of Jacksonville, on Monday the 5th day of November next, I will sell to the highest bidder for cash, one Black Mare, one man's Saddle, one Bridle, one Repeater, (six shooting) six sides of Leather, two Kip skins—levied upon by attachment, as the property of C. C. Cook, in favor of Abner Farmer.

S. D. McCLELEN, Sheriff.

Oct. 20, 1866.

SHERIFF SALE.

BY virtue of one of the orders of the Circuit Court of Calhoun county, and to me directed, I will offer for sale to the highest bidder for cash, before the court house door in the Town of Jacksonville, on Monday the 5th day of November next, one BAY HORSE—levied upon as the property of Wm. J. Young, to satisfy said order in favor of F. M. Thompson.

S. D. McCLELEN, Sheriff.

Oct. 14, 1866—\$3 00. Sheriff Calhoun Co.

SHERIFF SALE.

BY virtue of two of the orders of the Circuit Court of Calhoun county, Alabama, and to me directed: one in favor of James F. Grant, and against J. W. Bagley and James Meberg, the other in favor of J. Montgomery and against James Meberg and John W. Bagley, I will offer for sale to the highest bidder, before the court house door in the Town of Jacksonville, for cash, on Monday the 3d day of December next, all the interest that J. W. Bagley has in the south east fourth of the south west fourth of section 10, Township 13, Range 6 east—to satisfy said order.

S. D. McCLELEN, Sheriff.

Oct. 10th, 1866—\$12.

Trustee's Sale.

THE undersigned, as Trustee in a certain Deed of Trust made and executed by P. T. Kidd and Mary E. Kidd, on the 16th day of May, 1861, to secure John M. Bagley in the payment of a note in said deed described, will on Monday the 3rd day of December next, at the court house door in the Town of Jacksonville, Ala., sell to the highest bidder for cash, the following property, to-wit: one Town Lot situated in the Town of Oxford, Ala., known as the Kidd Lot, containing one acre more or less. Upon said Lot is a comfortable dwelling house and other valuable improvements. Such title will be made to the purchaser as is vested in me by virtue of said deed of trust.

J. M. ANDERSON, Trustee.

Oct. 30, 1866.

BLANK DEEDS,

FOR SALE AT THIS OFFICE.

COTTON.

I WILL pay the highest market price for Cotton in the field and for Cotton ready for market. I will also pay the taxes—make liberal advances (charge only 8 per cent on the advances) and attend to the Shipping of cotton consigned to Messrs. Tarlton, Ledyard & Co., Mobile, Ala. JOHN M. WYLY, Nov. 3, 1866.

To the Afflicted

DR. GEORGE W. LEACH proposes a new system of cure in place of the vast internal doses which enfeeble the stomach, poison the blood and endanger the life. He can be consulted at any time in Jacksonville, personally or by letter, giving name of the person, whether over or under 35 years of age, and the disease. He cures cancers, wens, ulcers, scrofula, skin diseases of the lungs, spine, kidneys, and some other charging but a very small amount in advance, afterwards if no cure no pay. He has a number of testimonials of cure—has recently treated 11 cases of cancer, seven of which are entirely well and the others getting well.

G. W. LEACH, Path Doctor.

Administratrix' Notice.

LETTERS of Administration on the Estate of Berry Chapman, dec., having been granted to the undersigned, on the 13th day of Octo. 1866, by the Hon. J. W. Lutz, Judge of the Probate Court for St. Clair county, Ala.—Notice is hereby given that all persons having claims against said Estate will be required to present the same within the time allowed by law or that the same will be barred; and all persons indebted to said Estate are requested to come forward and make payment. ELIZABETH N. CHAPMAN, Adm'x.

Nov. 3.

John Jones, dec. Estate of.

LETTERS of administration, ex officio upon the Estate of said decedent, having been granted to the undersigned on the 23d day of October, 1866, by the Hon. Jno. W. Lutz, Judge of the Probate Court for St. Clair county, notice is hereby given that all persons having claims against said estate will be required to present the same within the time allowed by law, or that the same will be barred.

JOHN C. BROWN, Sheriff of St. Clair Co.

Nov. 3.

In Chancery.

Milly Birch and others, vs. The Rest of the James Jett and others, 36th Dist. Northern Chancery Div. of Ala. Oct. 29, 1866. THIS day came the complainants by their Solicitors Ellis & Caldwell, and moved the undersigned Register and Master in Chancery Division of Ala., for an order of publication against the following non-resident defendants, to-wit: Thomas Birch, Allen Birch, Joseph Birch, Hiram Birch and James Jett, and it appearing to the satisfaction of the Register from an affidavit on file, that all the said defendants are of full age and non-residents of the State of Alabama, to-wit: Thos Birch, Allen Birch, Joseph Birch and Hiram Birch reside in the State of Texas, Cook county, (post office not known) and James Jett resides in the State of Georgia, in Atlanta.

It is therefore ordered by the Register, that publication be made in the Jacksonville Republican, a weekly newspaper printed and published in the Town of Jacksonville, Alabama, for four consecutive weeks, requiring the said defendants to appear before the undersigned at his office in the Town of Jacksonville, Alabama, on Monday the 31st day of December next, by 12 o'clock of said day, and plead, answer or demur to complainants' bill of complaint exhibited in said Chancery Court, against them and others, or the same will be taken for confessed by them and the said cause set for hearing ex parte as to them. It is further ordered, that a copy of said order be posted up at the court house door of Calhoun county, Alabama, in the Town of Jacksonville, within twenty days after the date of this order, and a copy be forwarded to James Jett, defendant, at Atlanta, Georgia, within the same time.

Granted October 29th, 1866.

WM. M. HAMES, Register, &c.

Oct. 27—\$20.

In Chancery.

Nancy Donahoe, et als. vs. Cross Bill. Woodford R. Hannan, as Adm'r of the Estate of Terry Riddle, dec.

THIS day came the complainants by their Solicitors, Ellis & Caldwell, and moved the undersigned Register and Master in Chancery Division of the State of Alabama, for an order of publication against the defendants, Satira Jane Riddle, Mary Riddle and Ida Riddle, upon the ground that they live beyond the limits of the State and it appearing to the satisfaction of the Register from an affidavit on file, that the said Satira Jane Riddle is of full age and resides in Hamilton county, State of Tennessee, and the said Mary Riddle and Ida Riddle are both minors under fourteen years of age, and reside with their mother, the said Satira Jane, in Hamilton county, State of Tennessee.—It is therefore ordered by the Register, that publication be made in the Jacksonville Republican, a weekly newspaper published in the Town of Jacksonville, Calhoun county, Alabama, once a week for four consecutive weeks, notifying and requiring the said non-resident defendants Satira Jane Riddle, Mary Riddle and Ida Riddle to be and personally appear before the Register of the court at his office in the town of Jacksonville, Alabama, within fifty days from the date of this order, and plead, answer or demur to complainants' cross bill of complaint, exhibited against them and others in said Chancery Court, or the same will be taken as confessed and said cause set for hearing ex parte as to them. It is further ordered, that a copy of this order be posted upon the court house door of Calhoun county, Ala. within twenty days from this date.

Granted 29th Oct 1866.

WM. M. HAMES, Register.

Nov. 3, 1866—\$25 00.

MARENGO NURSERY.

R. J. MANNING has on hand and for sale, as good, if not the best Fruit in the South. Apples, Pears and Peaches, ripening from June to November.

GRAPE VINES, the most choice kinds. Nectarines, Plums, Pecan Trees—almost any thing you may wish in the line of Fruits, carefully labelled and sent to any applicant. Cash accompanying orders of course.

Rev. S. G. JENKINS is my authorized Agent.

R. J. MANNING.

Demopolis, Ala., Oct. 13, 1866—4m.

G. C. ELLIS.

J. H. CALDWELL.

ELLIS & CALDWELL,

Attorneys at Law,

AND

Solicitor in Chancery.

JACKSONVILLE, ALA.

HAVING associated themselves in the practice of Law, will practice together, except in CRIMINAL CASES, in the counties Calhoun, Talladega, St. Clair, Randolph, Cherokee and DeKalb.

Jan. 6, 1866.

MOBILE Advertisements.

HURXTHAL, BRUCE & CO. IMPORTERS OF

HARDWARE, CUTLERY, IRON &c.

No. 29 Water Street, MOBILE.

Nov. 3, 1866—3m.

Hardware, Iron, Tinware AND AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS

A. J. MOSES & CO., MOBILE, ALA.,

Bring large Importers of every thing pertaining to the trade are enabled to offer inducements, comparing favorably with New Orleans. Refer to Col. R. B. Kyle. Nov. 3—3m.

S. J. MURPHY. M. G. HUDSON.

S. J. MURPHY & CO. (Formerly W. W. ALLEN & CO.)

COTTON FACTORS & GENERAL Commission Merchants, MOBILE, ALA.

HAVING been associated in business with these gentlemen for many years, I cheerfully recommend them to the patronage of my friends.

Nov. 3, 1866.—3m.

W. W. ALLEN.

C. E. THAMES, COTTON FACTOR AND GENERAL

COMMISSION MERCHANT, No. 16 North Commerce & North Front sts. [UP STAIRS.]

MOBILE, ALA.

Nov. 3, 1866—6m.

A. & B. MOOG, Grocers

AND SOAP MANUFACTURERS, AND DEALERS IN

WINES, LIQUORS, TOBACCO and

Notrhen and Western Produce.

No. 15—South Water and No. 16—South Commerce Sts. MOBILE, ALA.

Nov. 3, 1866.—3m.

WM. F. MARTIN, A. G. WATTERS, Forly of Rowland, Martin & Co. Choctaw Co. Ala.

Mobile, Ala.

Forly of Brown, Hynes & Co. MARTIN, COWIN & Co.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL GROCERS,

No. 31 Commerce and St. Michael Streets, MOBILE, ALA.

Nov. 3, 1866.—6m.

P. C. HANNAN, Commission Merchant

AND DEALER IN Southern & Western Produce.

No. 11—South Water Street, MOBILE.

Dealers' Orders particularly attended to. Nov. 3, 1866.—3m.

B. F. SIDES, A. W. BELL, Selma, Mobile.

SIDES & BELL, COTTON FACTORS, FORWARDING AND

Commission Merchants, 41, North Water Street, MOBILE, ALA.

Consignments of Country Produce solicited. Goods consigned to our care forwarded with dispatch. We promise strict attention to any business entrusted to our care.

REFERENCES.

GEN. WM. H. FORNEY, Jacksonville, Ala. Col. J. A. SPURD, Talladega, Ala. Hon. JOHN T. HENLEY, Selma, Ala.

WM. L. BAKER, JNO. C. GRAHAM, Mobile, Selma.

BAKER, GRAHAM & CO. Successors to Baker, Lawler & Co. and Baker, Robbins & Co.

COTTON FACTORS AND Commission Merchants, MOBILE, ALA.

We have secured the services of Mr. R. P. BAKER and Mr. G. SPENCER, and connected with our business Receiving and Forwarding Goods. Having every facility for Shipments and Storage, we are prepared to offer inducements to Shippers to consign their goods to our care, and promise faithful attention to all consignments. We are agents for no Boats.

BAKER, GRAHAM, & CO. Feb. 10, 1866.—6m.

JACK P. RICHARDSON, GRAS. C. STEWART, Mobile, Sumter Co. Ala.

J. E. CUSACK, Mobile.

JACK P. RICHARDSON & CO. (Successors to RICHARDSON & HAMILTON.)

GENERAL GROCERS

AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS.

Corner Water and St. Michael Streets, MOBILE, ALA.

LEROY BREWER, THOS. DUGGER. HUGH L. KOFFER, C. A. HARRIS.

L. BREWER & CO. General Commission Merchants.

For the sale of COTTON & COUNTRY PRODUCE.

ALSO, GROCERS AND DEALERS IN

Northern & Western Goods, No. 55, Corner Commerce & St. Louis Sts., MOBILE, ALA.

Orders will be promptly attended to. Nov. 3, 1866.—3m.

NISBET, VANDIVER & CO. DRUGGISTS, JACKSONVILLE, ALA.

HAVE just received and offer for sale, a well selected Stock of

Drugs & Medicines, Patent Medicines, Perfumery, Fancy and Toilet Articles, Liquors, for Medicinal purposes—Dye-Stuffs—Paints, Oils—Varnishes, Brushes, &c. &c.

JACKSONVILLE, Ala. April 14, 1866.

E. L. WOODWARD, Offers for Sale

DRY GOODS, Assrt'd, Hats & Caps, Saddles, Brides, Horse Collars, &c.

CLOTHING, Assorted, Boots & Shoes, SUGAR & COFFEE.

Stock will soon be complete. Please Call.

E. L. WOODWARD, Jacksonville, Oct. 27, 1866.

NEW DRUG STORE.

No. 3, Choice House, ROME, Ga.

"Short Profits and Quick Returns."

P. L. TURNLEY. W. S. GIBBONS.

TURNLEY & GIBBONS.

ASSOUCHE to the public that they are receiving a large stock of

Pure Drugs & Medicines, Having bought most of them

Since the Heavy Decline, We are prepared to sell at

WHOLESALE on very reasonable terms. We flatter ourselves that no House this side of Atlanta can compete with us. In addition to our extensive stock of Drugs, we offer Clover, Lucerne, Orchard, Hears, Blue and Timothy GRASS SEED.

Also, Millet, Buckwheat, &c. &c. Also a great variety of

KEROSENE LAMPS.

Which we are offering extremely low. Our stock consists in part of the following articles:

Combs, Brushes, Toilet Soaps, Perfumery, Colognes, Yankee Notions, Fine Wine, Brandy and Whisky.

For Medical purposes—Matches, Mustard, Ink and Paper.

22 lbs. Acid Acetic, 32 oz. Benzic Acid, 50 lbs. Nitric " 50 " Muratic " 136 " Sulphuric " 48 gals. 95 per cent. Alcohol, 100 oz. Sulf Quinine, 150 lbs. Alum, 100 " Soda Ammonia, 63 " Nitric Dulcer, 27 " Assafetida, 33 " Balsom Copevia, 35 " Blue Mass, 50 " Refined Borax, 32 " Colored Oil, 12 lbs. Castor Soap, 10 boxes Chloroform, 10 " Cream Tartar, 12 " Dover Powder, 100 " Ginger, 100 " Black Pepper, 50 " Cayenne Pepper, powd., 25 " Gum Arabic, 25 " Gum Myrrh, 50 " Pressed Hops, 2000 " White Lead, 200 " Red Lead, 5 bbls. Tanner's Oil, 3 " Lined Oil, 35 lbs. Carb. Magnesia, 250 " Epsom Salts, 300 " Flower'd Sulphur, 321 " Brimstone, 600 " Coppers, 27 " Gum Opium, 10 " Powdered Opium, 10 " Iodide Potash, 24 doz. Sediff's Powders, 300 lbs. Bi Carb Soda, 25 ozs Tannin, 25 lbs. Sugar of Lead, 12 doz. Concentrated Lye, 60 lbs. Madras Indigo, 100 " Lump Black, 100 " Black Lead, 172 " Chrome Green, 172 " " Yellow, 890 " Ass'd Colors, ready mixed, 125 gals. Varnishes, assorted.

Rome, Ga. August 25, 1866.

PHOTOGRAPHS, AMBROTYPES, &c.

E. GOODE, Artist, (Formerly of Asheville, Ala.)

Rooms first door north of E. L. Woodward's Store.

June 18, 1866

Jacksonville

Republican

VOL. 30, NO. 37.

JACKSONVILLE, ALA., NOV. 10, 1866.

WHOLE NO. 1545.

Jacksonville Republican.
EDITED, PRINTED & PUBLISHED, EVERY
SATURDAY MORNING, BY
J. F. GRANT.

LAND AGENCY.
HUGH FRANCES

Will attend to the purchase of Property, &c. confided to his care in the counties of Calhoun, St. Clair, Cherokee and Randolph, Ala. Office in the counting room of the Store formerly occupied by E. L. Woodward, Jacksonville, Ala.

Blacksmithing.

The undersigned respectfully informs the public that he is now prepared to execute, with neatness, durability and dispatch, all descriptions of Blacksmith work, such as ironing waggon wheels, buggies, &c. and all descriptions of plantation work and repairing. His shop is on the east side of main street, south of the square and immediately back of Fleming's wood shop. A. B. WEBB.
March 3, 1866.

W. C. LAND,
Watchmaker,

CONTINUES the Watch Repairing business above McClellan's store, west side of the public square. A good lot of materials on hand, and work done with dispatch and at low rates to suit the times. Jacksonville, Feb. 24, 1866

Watches,
Clocks,
Jewelry,
&c.
repaired by
E. B. MCCELLEN.

For the present he may be found at the "Kohu House" on the northeast corner of the public square.

CALHOUN MERCHANT MILLS

THE undersigned, Proprietor, respectfully informs the patrons and public generally, that these Mills are now in perfect repair, with their machinery repaired, increased and having made a contract with Messrs. White & Phares of Savannah, to sell on very low and reasonable terms, the Flour manufactured at the Mills for market. I shall be prepared to attend in person to the shipping and unloading of sacks, without charge for my personal services. For any one desiring to know of the proper size and material can be purchased at the lowest wholesale market prices.

The services of Mr. P. Mooney, as Miller, have been secured for the next year. Give me your patronage if you can consider it your interest to do so.
M. W. ABERNATHY.
June 30, 1866—17.

New Steam Grist Mill.

THE undersigned, having completed the necessary work, and procured new mill stones of superior quality, is now prepared to grind corn of any quantity, require into meal of superior quality, as can be made by any mill of the country. His mill is one mile south of Jacksonville on the White Plains Road.
March 17, 1866. G. SOUTHER.

Notice.

ALL parties indebted to the undersigned are requested to come forward and settle up immediately, as we will wind up business by the 1st of November. All who have claims are requested to present them for payment before the 1st of November.

M. L. OPPENHEIMER.
Jacksonville, Ala. Oct. 25, 1866.

JOHN W. INZER LEROY F. BOX.

INZER & BOX,

Attorneys at Law,

Solicitors in Chancery.

ASHVILLE, ALA.

Will practice in all the Courts of St. Clair, Calhoun, Talladega, Shelby, Jefferson, Blount, DeKalb, Cherokee & Marshall; also in the Superior Court of the State. Prompt attention given to the collection of all claims.

E. REMINGTON & SONS.

MANUFACTURERS OF

REVOLVERS, RIFLES,

Muskets and Carbines,

For the United States Service. Also,

POCKET and BELT REVOLVERS,

REPEATING PISTOLS,

RIFLE CARBINES,

REVOLVING RIFLES,

Rifle and Shot Gun Barrels, & Gun Materials sold by Gun Dealers and the Trade generally.

In these days of Housebreaking and Robbery, every House, Store, Bank, and Office, should have one of

REMINGTONS' REVOLVERS.

Parties desiring to avail themselves of the late improvements in Pistols, and superior workmanship and form will find all combined in the New Remington Revolvers.

Circular containing cuts and description of our Arms will be furnished upon application.

E. REMINGTON & SONS, N. Y.

Moore & Nichols, Agents,

No. 40 Courtland St. New York.

The Best Policy is a
Policy of Insurance

ISSUED by the Home Insurance Company—Cash capital

\$500,000.

Risks taken on MERCHANDISE, COTTON IN STORE, PLANTATIONS AND BUILDINGS of all classes 1st CLASS, at reasonable rates.

M. J. TURNLEY,
Insurance and General Collecting Agent,
JACKSONVILLE, ALA.
Office east side of the public square.
January 6, 1866—6m.

DR. J. A. CLEPTON,

OF Alabama,

Has located in the country near Seale, Kemper county, Mississippi, where he may be consulted. He operates with perfect success for

PILES, FISTULA,

TUMORS, POLYPI,

DISEASES OF FEMALES, &c.

Dr. C. has never lost a patient, nor had an accident to happen. He has operated on the most respectable of the profession of all the Southern States, and for a good many years, has visited almost every city in the South.

He will visit Seale, and points on the Mobile and Ohio Railroad, in some three or four should desire it. Feb. 23, '65

Read This!

ON and after Monday the 3rd inst., the

Notes and Accounts due the late firm of Ryan, Francis & Rowland, may be found in my possession. Said claims have been deposited with me for immediate collection by Daniel T. Ryan, who owns them now individually. I therefore give timely notice to all persons thus indebted to call on me at my office without delay, and pay up at once, and save costs. I shall not be the wiser is sufficient. Call and see me.

Wm. M. HAMES,
Office No. 4,
Office Rev.
Jacksonville, Ala.
September 18, 1866.—4t.

MUSIC LESSONS

ON the PIANO, given by Mrs. M. E.

FRANCIS, commencing with the lessons of the Jacksonville Female Academy.

Particulars can be obtained at any time during the session, and be charged for the time.

Instrumental Produce at the market price in payment. Jacksonville, Jan. 30, '66

RE. J. TURNLEY,

Attorney at Law

AND

Selector in Chancery.

General Collecting Agent.

Office fronting East door of the Court house, Jacksonville, Ala., continues the practice of Law in all its branches, in Calhoun and adjoining counties, will give special attention to drawing Wills, Deeds of Conveyance, Powers of Attorney, to the Probate of Wills, Administration of Estates, Guardianships, and will also act as Agent for the sale and purchase of Lands.

BOLTING CLOTHS.

I have just received, direct from the Man-

ufacturer, through the regular importer an assortment of **BOLTING CLOTHS** of superior finish.

Having sold this same make for the best 20 years, I can confidently recommend them. Each piece is carefully selected.

J. A. D. HOKE.
Jacksonville, June 26, 1866.

COTTON YARNS

Of very superior quality, for sale at Retail and Wholesale, by the undersigned.

Sold by the late of 50 bales, consigned at Factory prices, with the addition of transportation, &c.

Call on
E. L. WOODWARD.
Oct. 6, 1866.

CABINET SHOP!

THE undersigned have again commenced the **CABINET MAKING BUSINESS,**

and are prepared with all the necessary lumber and material for the manufacture of every description of

FURNITURE,

SUCH AS

Secretaries,

Bureaus, (not Freedmen's)

Best Cottage Bedsteads,

Lozenges, Tables,

Wardrobes,

Safes, &c. &c.

ALL of which will be made of the best materials, and in the most elegant, neat, durable and fashionable style, and sold at reasonable rates for Cash or Country Produce.

All coffin work, and every species of Repairing executed with neatness and dispatch.

The patronage of the public is respectfully solicited; and all persons needing Furniture, are invited to call at their shop, just below Crow's corner, on the west side of main street, and examine their stock, the quality of their work, and leave their orders.

JOHN B. CRAWFORD,
JOHN M. SMITH.
Jacksonville, June 9, 1866.

J. J. COHEN,
ROME, GA.

Wholesale Merchant.

Also AGENT for the sale of French

Burr Rocks, Esopuse Mill Stones, Double German Anchor Bolting

Cloths, Patent Mill Pecks, Patent Mill Bush, &c. &c.

All orders will have prompt attention.

CHOICE HOTEL,

BROAD STREET, ROME, GA.

J. C. RAWLINS, Proprietor.

BAGGAGE taken to and from the depot free of charge. Aug. 25.—1t

E. L. WOODWARD

Is now receiving an unusually large

Stock of

Fall and Winter

GOODS,

To which the attention of purchasers is invited, with the assurance that they will be sold at his usual and uniformly low prices.

Jacksonville, Oct. 13, 1866.

F. L. JOHNSON, R. A. JOHNSON,
Selma, Ala. Minden, Ala.

W. L. CUNNINGHAM,

WITH

F. L. & R. A. JOHNSON,

WHOLESALE

GROCERS,

DEALERS IN

Western Produce, and Importers of Foreign Liquors, &c.

NEW ORLEANS, Louisiana.

School Books,

JUST RECEIVED

And for sale by

P. ROWAN.

April 14.

2,500 LBS SUGAR,

JUST RECEIVED,

And for Sale by

E. L. WOODWARD.

Sept. 1, 1866.

Manhood: How Lost, how Regained!

Just published, a new edition of

Dr. Cuvier's celebrated Essay on the **causes**

of weakness, impotency, or sexual debility, or Seminal Weakness, Involuntary Seminal Emissions, Impotency, Mental and Physical incapacity, Impediments to Marriage, &c.; also Gonorrhea, Prolapsus, and Firs, induced by self-abuse, or sexual extravagance.

This is a needed volume, only 6 cts.

The celebrated author, in this admirable essay, clearly demonstrates, from a thirty years' practice, that the charming consequences of self-abuse may be entirely cured without the dangerous use of internal medicine or the application of the knife—pointing out a mode of cure simple, certain, and effectual, by means of which every sufferer, no matter what his condition may be, may cure himself cheaply, privately and **effectually.**

This Lecture should be in the hands of every youth and every man in the land.

Sent under seal, in a complete, strong address, **gratis**, on receipt of six cents, in two post stamps.

Also, Dr. Cuvier's "Mental & Physical" price 25 cents. Address the publisher.

CHAS. J. C. KLINE & CO.,
127 Bowers, N. Y. P. O. Box 4,586.

JOHN FOSTER, WM. H. FORNEY.

FOSTER & FORNEY,

Attorneys at Law,

Jacksonville Alabama.

Will practice in the Counties of Calhoun, Talladega, Randolph, St. Clair, Cherokee, DeKalb and the Supreme Court of the State.
Dec. 23d, 1865.

ALA. & TENN. RIVER R. R.

CHANGE OF SCHEDULE.

12 hours to Atlanta and \$8.00 say 4

24 hours to Chattanooga and \$18.00 say 12

On and after Monday June 4th, 1866, Trains on this road will run as follows:

Through Passenger & Freight Trains.

Passenger trains will leave Selma

daily, (except Sundays) at 4 P. M.

will arrive at Blue Mountain at 12 noon

will leave Blue Mountain at 12 noon

(except Sundays) at 4 A. M.

will arrive at Selma (except Sundays) at 12 noon.

Freight Trains until further Notice.

Will leave Selma Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays at

And arrive at Blue Mountain at 7:50 A. M.

Will leave Blue Mountain Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays at 5:15 A. M.

Arrive at Selma at 7:30 P. M.

Passenger trains connect at Selma with boats to Montgomery and Mobile, and with the Selma and Meridian Railroad for Vicksburg, New Orleans and the West. At Blue Mountain they connect with Taylor, Gilmer & Co.'s splendid line of Coaches to Atlanta, Savannah, Charleston, Chattanooga and all points North and South.

Through line from Selma to Kingston on Western and Atlantic Railroad ONLY \$13.00

E. G. BARNEY.

June 9, 1866. Sup't & Agent for Levee.

NEW FIRM.
GLOVER & BALE,

GROCERIES & PRODUCE,

Corner of Broad and Bridge Streets, opposite the Market.

ROME, GA.

October 13, 1866.—3m.

THOS. BERRY, J. M. ELLIOTT.

CHAS. M. HARPER, JOHN M. BERRY.

Berry, Elliott & Co.

GROCERS.

AND

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

NEAR RAILROAD DEPOT & STEAM-BOAT WHARF, &c.

Rome, Ga.

We are now receiving a large assortment of

GROCERIES,

which we offer to the trade at a small advance on cost.

COTTON OR PRODUCE

shipped for sale, shall have special attention, and liberal CASH ADVANCES will be made on the same, if desired.

BERRY, ELLIOTT & CO.,
Sept 8.

A. C. PITNER, S. P. SMITH, J. H. COOPER.

PITNER, COOPER & CO.,

Wholesale and Retail

GROCERS

AND

COMMISSION MERCHANTS.

Fifth & Corners, Broad St., Rome, Ga.

Will Receive and Sell, Ship or Store COTTON and other

Produce for the Planters, Mr. J. B. Cooper, who has had long experience in the Cotton trade, will give his special attention to that branch of the business.

Rome, Ga., Sept. 28, 1866—6m.

ROME

STEAM ENGINE

AND

MACHINE WORKS,

ROBEY, &c.

NOBLES & MITCHELL,

MANUFACTURERS OF

Horizontal, Vertical and Portable

STEAM ENGINES,

From one to Five Hundred Horse Power.

Locomotive, Flue, Tubular & Cylinder BOILERS.

Gasmotors, Tanks, Smoke-Stacks.

BLAST PIPES.

COTTON PRESS.

SUGAR MILLS, &c.

MACHINERY FOR

Rolling Mills.

Blas Furnaces,

Railroads,

Saw & Grist-mills, &c.

ESTABLISHED

(of every description up to 25,000 lbs. weight.

Car wheels, Hammered Locomotive and Car Axles;

Mining Machinery

For Gold, Copper Iron and Lead Mines;

Bridge-castings and Bolts;

All kinds of Machinery and

BRASS CASTINGS.

We have rebuilt our Works and have New and Improved Machinery and Tools. RAILROAD MEN, BRIDGE CONTRACTORS, FURNACE & ROLLING MILL MEN, AND MINING ENGINEERS, will find it to their interest to send us their orders. We use only the best material and do our work well. We will GUARANTEE ALL WORK done at our establishment.

Prices will be as low or lower than the same work can be imported, or done at any other establishment in the South.

Our long experience in the business and the large contracts we have heretofore filled, will guarantee satisfaction to our customers.

NOBLES & MITCHELL.

JAS. NOBLES, Sr., Thos. P. MITCHELL, Cash.

JOHN W. NOBLE, Master Mechanist & Draughtman

Wm. Noble, George Noble.

Samuel Noble, Superintendent.

July 21, 1866.

DR. M. W. FRANCIS,

HAS resumed the duties of his profession in all its branches.

Office, N. W. Corner of Public Square,

JACKSONVILLE, ALA.

November 18, 1866—1t.

[From the LaCrosse Democrat.]
Conciliation.

Once in a great while we hear a mild Democrat talking of the necessity of

hushed words and conciliation. And once in a while "some man without a

mind" tells us that we would gain more converts if we would not speak so loud.

Why, bless your easy temper! Has not the Democratic party "conciliated" for six years, till ashamed of itself?—When it lost pluck it lost its power.

The American people love bravery. God hates a coward. We hate a coward. Who does not hate a coward? When the Abolition party proposed a war against a large majority, as the Democratic party then was, people endorsed it for its bravery.

And people said Democrats must conciliate.

For what?

Terms of Subscription.
For one year, in advance, \$3.00
For six months, " 1.75
Terms of Advertising.
One square of ten lines or less,
first insertion, \$2.00
Each subsequent insertion, " 1.00
Over one square counted as two, over two as three, &c. A liberal discount made on advertisements continued for three, six, or 12 months.
Announcement of Candidates, \$5.00
Obituaries charged at advertising rates.

D. M. FULENWIJDER, with **BOGGS, NOTT & WOODS**, of Selma, our authorized Agent, to contract, receive and receipt for subscription and advertising for the Republican.

MR. A. W. BELL, of the firm of **SIDES & BELL**, 41 North Water Street, Mobile, Ala. is our authorized Agent, to contract, receive and receipt for subscription and advertising for the Republican.

THE ELECTIONS.—Sufficient news by telegraph has been received from the Northern and Western States, to show that all have gone Republican—some by increased and some by diminished majorities, but so as to leave the next Congress about as the last. Maryland and Delaware have gone Democratic and conservative, but we do not suppose this will have much influence upon the general politics of the country.

We confess that we are sadly disappointed at the result in the great State of New York, from which we had hoped better things. But perhaps it is best that the Radicals be permitted to develop their extreme measures including the impeachment of the President, and let them work their legitimate results, which will undoubtedly be their own ruin or that of the whole country.

Our State Legislature meets on Monday next. It is thought by some that they will stay in session a few weeks and then adjourn to meet again after the development of policy towards the Southern States by the next Congress. It is to be hoped at least that they will not occupy their time in windy discussions about negro suffrage, Constitutional amendments, or federal politics of any sort.

All seem to agree upon the importance of developing, now that we have nothing else to do, the agricultural mineral and manufacturing resources of the State; but how to obtain the necessary capital seems to be the great difficulty. Would it not be well for our Legislature to provide for the State to take stock to the amount of one-third or one-fourth in judiciously located manufacturing establishments; or if this is not thought advisable, lend its credit, or make an actual donation to every company of a certain amount for every five or ten thousand dollars invested? Whether the State made a donation or took stock, it would soon be paid back by the increased value of taxable property. The financial condition of the State is by no means embarrassed—perhaps less so than it has been in thirty years, and it is therefore abundantly able to afford the necessary and much needed encouragement to the objects mentioned.

Indian Summer.

The season still continues very favorable for sowing wheat, and we think that people generally are industriously engaged in availing themselves of the advantages afforded. This is just such a fall as usually precedes a good wheat crop.

Generous October is still lending lovely days to keep in abeyance, "chill November's surly blasts"—Indian Summer is in its glory, and nature clothed with the lovely, but somewhat melancholy hues of Autumn.

While on this subject we will say a word about the lovely scenery surrounding our Town. We do not wonder, at such a season as this, that it is universally admired by strangers, especially in Spring and Autumn. The range of mountains two miles east, and parallel range of hills on the west, as far as the eye can reach north and south, appear like huge beds of gorgeous and many-hued flowers agreeably interspersed with dark green pines, while your own happy valley nestles beneath. The days are mellowed by the mild azure hues of Indian Summer, and the hills and mountains often touched with gold and purple, at the twilight hours of the rising and setting sun. The pen of the poet and the pencil of the painter, must forever fail to describe or picture the loveliness of such a scene.

CALHOUN COUNTY.—Our late Sheriff, Capt. J. M. Anderson, who meritoriously won from Gen. Wheeler, during the late war, the honorable appellation of "the gallant Anderson," lately published in our paper an address to his friends on resigning his office. This address has been copied into the Louisville Journal, Mobile Advertiser, Montgomery Advertiser and other papers, with particular reference to the fact that the office was resigned, because the business would not support its expenses; and holding up Calhoun as a model or banner County for the forbearance of its citizens, one toward another. Had these Editors known the facts, they might have added that Calhoun was the banner Democratic county of the State before the war, the banner Co. for devotion to the South during the war, & the banner County for peace and harmony since the war—in fact, a banner County for gallant men and lovely women all the time.

Hats off all round gentlemen, and three cheers for old Calhoun.

J. G. Bell & Bro's. Price Current, says Middling Cotton in Selma on the 6th inst. was 35c and business a little better.

E. L. Woodward offers for sale Bagging and Rope and Bacon of Superior quality.

CALHOUN COUNTY, ALA. Nov. 8, 1866. To the Tax Payers of Calhoun Co. I take this method to make known the indebtedness of this County up to 1st November, 1866, which has accumulated against the County for 1865 & 1866. The proper in the Poor-house, four in number, cost the county in the last two years, \$1,690 00

published in our paper an address to his friends on resigning his office. This address has been copied into the Louisville Journal, Mobile Advertiser, Montgomery Advertiser and other papers, with particular reference to the fact that the office was resigned, because the business would not support its expenses; and holding up Calhoun as a model or banner County for the forbearance of its citizens, one toward another. Had these Editors known the facts, they might have added that Calhoun was the banner Democratic county of the State before the war, the banner Co. for devotion to the South during the war, & the banner County for peace and harmony since the war—in fact, a banner County for gallant men and lovely women all the time.

Hats off all round gentlemen, and three cheers for old Calhoun.

J. G. Bell & Bro's. Price Current, says Middling Cotton in Selma on the 6th inst. was 35c and business a little better.

E. L. Woodward offers for sale Bagging and Rope and Bacon of Superior quality.

CALHOUN COUNTY, ALA. Nov. 8, 1866. To the Tax Payers of Calhoun Co. I take this method to make known the indebtedness of this County up to 1st November, 1866, which has accumulated against the County for 1865 & 1866. The proper in the Poor-house, four in number, cost the county in the last two years, \$1,690 00

The balance of the ordinary claims, 9,722 60

Which accrued by holding Circuit Courts in 1865 and 1866, Commissioners Courts, advertising fees, Bailiff's returns of different elections held in the county, and other claims too tedious to mention, created the above debt in the last two years; and there has been no tax collected for 1865 for the State or county.

The Jail and Court-house repairing cost the people of the city \$1,686 92

The Poor fund, hauling rations and corn, cost 1,757 18

The whole County indebtedness for two years past is 14,766 00

The State tax in the county amounts to 13,250 00

The Commissioners Court laid on the State tax for special purposes and county purposes 99 per cent. on the State tax, which amounts to 11,925 00

Which makes the State and county tax for this county 25,175 00

If the amount is all collected, it will still leave the county in debt at the end of this year 1866, \$2,941 00

If the county had paid tax in the years 1865 and 1866 and the State tax had been the same each year that it is this, 60 per cent. on the State tax would have paid the county out of debt, and the county Treasurer would have had at the close of this year \$215 00

JOHN W. McFARLANE, Com'r of Roads and Revenues.

Wilkes Booth Alive.

In a recent number of the La Crosse Democrat, we find the following:

"The papers are now having much to say about Booth, whether he be dead or not. John Wilkes Booth was alive on the 15th day of July, 1866. The man who was killed was not Booth, but another person, murdered in order to obtain the reward offered for his capture. Time will unravel the ball of mystery connected with this affair, and show up the beauties of Stanton's detective system. Again we repeat, earnestly and certainly, that John Wilkes Booth never was taken to Washington, either wounded or dead, and that he was alive in July of this year."

The following may be stated as the reasons why the Southern States refuse to ratify the proposed Constitutional amendment:

1. The lack of a distinct pledge that this is all that will be asked, and that acceptance guarantees admission.

2. The general belief that there is no use in yielding this point, that it is only the prelude to further and more stringent exactions.

3. The South will not vote for its own degradation and the disfranchisement of its best citizens. The great objection is to the third section, which does this.

4. If the South has no rights in the Union now, how can she assist in making the fundamental laws of the land, and develop that whole train of argument?

5. That the thing should be rejected because it is an attempt to fast a party policy of revenge against the South in the Constitution of the United States.

The Post Office Department is preparing an advertisement for proposed for mail service in the Southwest States, the contracts to remain in force four years from date.

Tax Notice. Corporation of Jacksonville.

THE Corporate authorities of the Town of Jacksonville, will meet at the office of the undersigned upon the 24th day of November, 1866, to correct mistakes in the assessment of the corporate taxes, this day returned for the year 1866—this 10th day of November, 1866.

M. J. TURNLEY, Intendant of said Corporation.

BY TELEGRAPH. [Associated Press Dispatches to the Times.]

NOON DISPATCHES.

RADICAL MEETING IN BALTIMORE.

THE COMMISSIONERS' QUESTION NOT YET SETTLED.

TROOPS FROM WASHINGTON AND PHILADELPHIA GOING TO BALTIMORE.

BALTIMORE, Nov. 3.—A Radical mass meeting last night adopted an address to the country, declaring that they were anxious to maintain peace—that all doubts relating to the removal of the Commissioners should be decided by the Courts—bitterly denouncing the action of Governor Swann in attempting to remove the Police Commissioners, and accusing him of the purpose of throwing political power into the hands of the sympathizers and abettors of the rebellion.

The new Police Commissioners to-day went to the old Commissioners' office, where their appearance was the signal for tumultuous demonstrations of disapproval by the now largely increased crowd. They handed in their demand for possession of the premises, and then returned to the Conservative headquarters to receive a reply, and were there received with loud cheering from the crowd. It is now understood that they are organizing a new force.

Five or six members of the old Police force resigned last night, and to-day reported to the new Commissioners.

There are reports of the arrival of troops on the Washington road, and much excitement exists, and a deep feeling everywhere shown; but thus far there has been no disturbance.

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 2.—A regiment of troops passed through here this morning, en route to Baltimore.

MIDNIGHT DISPATCHES.

JEFF DAVIS' LIBERTY EXTENDED!

NEW COMMISSIONERS IN BALTIMORE ARRESTED!

THE WRIT OF HABEAS CORPUS TO BE TRIED.

SEVERAL RIOTOUS DEMONSTRATIONS MADE!

"ALL QUIET IN FRONT" NOW.

BY TELEGRAPH. [Associated Press Dispatches to the Times.]

NOON DISPATCHES.

RADICAL MEETING IN BALTIMORE.

THE COMMISSIONERS' QUESTION NOT YET SETTLED.

TROOPS FROM WASHINGTON AND PHILADELPHIA GOING TO BALTIMORE.

BALTIMORE, Nov. 3.—A Radical mass meeting last night adopted an address to the country, declaring that they were anxious to maintain peace—that all doubts relating to the removal of the Commissioners should be decided by the Courts—bitterly denouncing the action of Governor Swann in attempting to remove the Police Commissioners, and accusing him of the purpose of throwing political power into the hands of the sympathizers and abettors of the rebellion.

The new Police Commissioners to-day went to the old Commissioners' office, where their appearance was the signal for tumultuous demonstrations of disapproval by the now largely increased crowd. They handed in their demand for possession of the premises, and then returned to the Conservative headquarters to receive a reply, and were there received with loud cheering from the crowd. It is now understood that they are organizing a new force.

Five or six members of the old Police force resigned last night, and to-day reported to the new Commissioners.

There are reports of the arrival of troops on the Washington road, and much excitement exists, and a deep feeling everywhere shown; but thus far there has been no disturbance.

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 2.—A regiment of troops passed through here this morning, en route to Baltimore.

MIDNIGHT DISPATCHES.

JEFF DAVIS' LIBERTY EXTENDED!

NEW COMMISSIONERS IN BALTIMORE ARRESTED!

THE WRIT OF HABEAS CORPUS TO BE TRIED.

SEVERAL RIOTOUS DEMONSTRATIONS MADE!

"ALL QUIET IN FRONT" NOW.

Fortress Monroe, Nov. 3.—The parole granted Jeff. Davis some months ago giving him the privilege of the grounds of the fortress during the day, has been extended, through Executive clemency in removing all surveillance over him, and the guard from his rooms in Carroll Hall at night. Instructions to this effect have been sent from Washington to General Dyer, Commander of the Fort, directing his imprisonment of anything like severity, and giving the way, it is generally presumed, for a final parole and release. All the guards over him, during the day and night, being removed. He now enjoys practically unlimited liberty and every possible means of comfort and pleasure while held as a prisoner in the Fort.

It is said that Mr. Davis has expressed great gratification at this action of the Government, and already contemplates vacating Carroll Hall and taking up his residence with Mrs. Davis in the casement assigned him shortly after his arrival.

BALTIMORE, Nov. 3.—The new Commissioners were arrested this afternoon on a bench warrant issued by Judge Bond, on the charge of attempting to break the peace, and upon refusing to give bail in the sum of twenty-five thousand dollars, were committed to jail. Sheriff Thomas was also committed.

The old Commissioners are still in possession.

The counsel for Messrs. Valiant and Young, the new Commissioners, will get a writ of *habeas corpus*, which will bring the question before the Courts.

The writ can scarcely be returned before Monday.

The city is quiet now. Several demonstrations were made during the afternoon, when the fact became known that the new Commissioners had been arrested.

SUNDAY'S DISPATCHES.

A CONFERENCE IN WASHINGTON.

NUMBER OF REGISTERED VOTERS IN NEW YORK.

THE CASE OF THE NEW COMMISSIONERS.

SPECULATIONS ABOUT THE RESULT.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 4.—Gov. Swann, Montgomery Blair and Mr. Leavels, Counsel for the newly appointed Baltimore Police Commissioners, arrived here last evening, and had an interview with the President to-day.

New York, Nov. 4.—The grand total of registered voters in this city is one hundred and twenty-five thousand, one hundred and sixty-two.

BALTIMORE, Nov. 4.—Noon.—The Counsel for the new Commissioners have made application before Judge Bartol, of the Court of Appeals, for a writ of

habeas corpus. The writ cannot be served until to-morrow.

The law of Maryland on the subject of *Habeas Corpus*, provides that the officer having the party seized out the writ, shall, within three days after such service, make return of the writ and cause the person detained to be brought before the Court. If the Warden of the jail avails himself of these three days in which to make return, it is supposed the parties may not get a hearing before Tuesday or Wednesday.

It is not known what course he will pursue. It is presumed that if the Commissioners are brought before Judge Bartol to-morrow the counsel will enter into discussion on the points involved.

The city continues remarkably quiet, and excepting a small gathering of people quietly discussing the situation, and the numerous rumors in circulation, there is nothing noticeable, out of the ordinary course of events.

NOON DISPATCHES.

THE TRIAL OF THE COMMISSIONERS.

NOTHING DECISIVE ARRIVED AT.

A FIGHT NEAR BAXTER'S SPRINGS.

BALTIMORE, Nov. 5.—Judge Barton, Associate Justice, Court of Appeals, appeared in Court this morning, and in answer to his inquiries if the writs of *habeas corpus* in the case of the new Commissioners and the Sheriff, which were issued by him on Saturday evening, had been served, was informed that they had been served this morning, but the prisoners were not forthcoming, owing to the want of the Warden of the jail said of proper conveyances.

The counsel for the prisoners contends that the writs should be returned immediately, unless unavoidable impediments are presented.

The prisoners not appearing at eleven o'clock, their counsel announced that they had prepared a petition that His Honor would command the deputy sheriff to produce the Warden, together with the prisoners.

The Counsel for the old Commissioners thought that such return would be made by one o'clock as would render further proceedings here unnecessary.

KANSAS CITY, Nov. 5.—A fight recently occurred near Baxter Springs, between a party of surveyors under Colonel Phillips and Goss, and a number of desperadoes, in which Goss was killed and Phillips mortally wounded.

Goss was the Democratic candidate for State Auditor, Phillips formerly was the well-known correspondent of the Tribune.

MIDNIGHT DISPATCHES.

EMPEROR MAXIMILIAN RESIGNED!

MORE ABOUT THE COMMISSIONERS!

GEN. GRANT MAKES A PROPOSITION.

"ALL QUIET ALONG THE FRONT."

WASHINGTON, Nov. 5.—Mr. Romero has received a letter dated Vera Cruz, 26th ult., from New Orleans, stating that Maximilian left the City of Mexico on the 23d ult., resigning, verbally, in favor of General Bascom.

BARTON, Nov. 5.—Judge Barton has decided that the Warden would have three days in which to return his writs.

An establishment containing one hundred and fifty boxes of fire-arms and ammunition was seized to-day by the Police. Resistance was offered to the arrest, and one man shot.

Gen. Grant, acting in a private capacity, made the following proposition to the old Commissioners, which, it is supposed, will be accepted:

That the Conservatives have one Judge Election and Clerk in each precinct, and according to the Registry law have boxes for rejected ballots, which are to be placed at every precinct.

Grant was acting as the representative of Gov. Swann in the matter.

All quiet at present. No trouble apprehended.

THE WHOLE CONSERVATIVE TICKET ELECTED IN BALTIMORE.

BALTIMORE, Nov. 6.—The election passed off quietly. Complete returns made to the Conservatives carried this city.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 6.—The State Department has official information of the departure of Maximilian from the City of Mexico.

LYVER.—Without hearing from other portions of the State, the result of the election in this city indicates that the Democrats and Conservatives, united, will have in the next Legislature fifteen Senators to nine Republicans, and in the House fifty-five. Represents to twenty-five Republicans—a clear majority in a joint ballot to thirty-six.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 6.—(11:30 P. M.)—Returns received from New York are very meagre, and give no definite idea of the results.

Private dispatches from prominent Democrats, speak hopefully. It is claimed that Hoffman has over forty-five thousand majority in New York City.

A sunning up of minorities, thus far received, is thought, in private dispatches, to indicate a majority for the Conservatives in the State, of from five to ten thousand.

The interior is yet to be heard from. The full Democratic ticket is elected in the City.

New York, Nov. 6.—12 P. M.—Hoffman's majority is 46,425, one district to hear from, which will probably increase this.

NOON DISPATCHES.

THE ELECTIONS NORTH AND WEST.

NEW YORK STATE GONE REPUBLICAN.

LITTLE DELAWARE ALL RIGHT.

CONSERVATIVE SUCCESS IN MARYLAND.

Boston, Nov.—The Republicans have elected ten Congressmen—a full delegation.—Two colored men are elected to the Legislature, one in Charlestown and one in Boston.

Later and fuller returns do not alter the result as indicated in last night's dispatches.

WILMINGTON, DEL., Nov. 7.—Returns indicate heavy Republican losses. Salisbury is evidently elected Governor, and Nicholson to Congress.

MILWAUKEE, Nov. 7.—In the first Congressional District, Paine, Republican, has three thousand majority over Brown, Democrat.—The second, third, fifth and sixth Districts have elected Republicans to Congress. In the fourth District, Eldridge, Democrat, has three thousand majority.

BALTIMORE, Nov. 7.—Returns from the Western counties, comprising the fourth Congressional District, indicate the re-election of Frank Thomas, by two thousand majority.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 7.—The Intelligence has a Baltimore special dispatch, saying that the Conservatives to-day, notwithstanding all adverse circumstances, achieved great success. Their majority in the city is estimated at twelve hundred. Both Conservative members of Congress are elected, and the entire Legislative ticket, returns from the various counties are in favor of the Conservatives.

The Republicans have increased majorities throughout the State of Wisconsin.

New York, Nov. 7.—Competent judges place the Republican majority in the State at five thousand. The Tribune claims more.

The Republicans lose three Congressmen in the Island counties, Dodge, Darling and Humphreys Districts; but gain three in the River Districts, viz: Van Wyck in the place of Winfield in the 11th; Roberson in the place of Radford in the 10th; and Cohen in the place of Hubbell in the 13th.

The Republican majority in this State is variously estimated at from five to twenty thousand.

Illinois 4-6-0 Republican; Wisconsin 15-9-00 Republican; Massachusetts 7-0-00 Republican.

In New Jersey the Congressional delegation stands four Republicans to one Democrat. Five votes are elected in the third district.

In Delaware a Democratic Governor, and Congressmen are elected by one thousand majority—a gain of five hundred.

MIDNIGHT DISPATCHES.

STATEMENT OF THE PUBLIC DEBT.

PENION'S MAJORITY IN NEW YORK SAID TO BE 13,000.

DELAWARE AND MARYLAND CONSERVATIVE TO THE LAST.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 7.—The statement of the public debt for the present month, compared with that of the 1st ult., shows that, during the month of October, the debt has been decreased to the amount of \$4,263,359 69.

New York, Nov. 7.—Penton's majority will probably reach 13,000. The Congressional representation will stand the same as in the Congress.

Returns from Illinois indicate that the State has certainly gone for the Republicans by upwards of forty thousand majority.

The Republicans have carried every State that held an election yesterday, by increased majorities, with the exception of Maryland and Delaware, which will show considerable conservative gains.

The Wife.

Only let a woman be sure that she is precious to her husband—not useful, not valuable, not convenient, simply, but lovely and beloved; let her be the recipient of his polite, hearty attention; let her fast that her care and love are noticed, appreciated and returned; let her opinion be asked, her approval sought, and her judgment respected in matters of which she is cognizant; in short, let her only be loved, honored and cherished, in full intent of the marriage vow, and she will be to her husband, her children and society, a well spring of pleasure. She will bear pain, and toil, anxiety, for her husband's love to her, a tower and a fortress. Shielded and sheltered therein, adversity will have lost its sting. She may suffer, but sympathy will dull the edge of sorrow.

A house with love expressed in words, and looks, and deeds, for I have not one spark of faith in love that never crops out—is to a house without love as a person is to a machine; one is life, the other is mechanism. The unloved woman may have bread just as light, a house just as tidy, as the other; but the

latter has a spring of beauty about her a joyousness, an aggressive and penetrating and pervading brightness, to which the former is a stranger. The deep happiness in her heart shines out in her face. She is a ray of sunlight in the house. She gleams over it. It is airy, and gay, and graceful, and warm, and welcoming with her presence; she is full of devices and plots, and sweet surprises for her husband and family; she, herself, is a lyric poem, setting herself to all pure and gracious melodies, humble household ways and duties have for her a golden significance. The prize makes the calling high, and the end sanctifies the means. "Love is heaven, and heaven is love."

Bagging & Rope, AND Bacon.

For Sale by E. L. WOODWARD.

Nov. 10, 1866.

PHOTOGRAPHIC.

E. & H. T. ANTHONY & CO., Manufacturers of Photographic Materials, Wholesale and Retail, 501 Broadway, N. Y.

In addition to our main business of photographic materials we are Headquarters for the following:

STEREOSCOPES & STEREOSCOPIC VIEWS of American and Foreign Cities and Landscapes, Groups, Statues, &c.

STEREOSCOPIC VIEWS OF THE WAR, From negatives made in the various campaigns and forming a complete photographic history of the great contest.

STEREOSCOPIC VIEWS ON GLASS, Adapted for either the Magic Lantern or the Stereoscope. Our Catalogue will be sent to any address on receipt of stamp.

PHOTOGRAPHIC ALBUMS. We manufacture more largely than any other house, about 200 varieties from 50 cents to \$50 each. Our Albums have the reputation of being superior in beauty and durability to any others.

Card Photographs of Generals, Statesmen, Actors, &c. etc.

Jacksonville Republican.
EDITED, PRINTED AND PUBLISHED, EVERY
SATURDAY MORNING, BY
J. F. GRANT.

LAND AGENCY.

HUGH FRANCIS
WILL attend to the purchase and sale of all Lands, Water Powers, Real Estate, etc., and is confident to his care in the counties of Calhoun, St. Clair, Cherokee, and Randolph, Ala. Office in the counting room of the Store formerly occupied by E. L. Woodward, Jacksonville, Ala.

Blacksmithing.

The undersigned respectfully informs the public that he is now prepared to execute, with neatness, durability and dispatch, all descriptions of Blacksmith work, such as ironing wagons, Buggies, etc., and all descriptions of Plantation work and repairing. His shop is on the east side of Union street, south of the square and immediately back of Fleming's wood shop.
A. B. WEBB
March 3, 1866.

W. C. LAND, Watchmaker.

CONTINUES the Watch Repairing business above McClellan's store, west side of the public square. A good lot of materials on hand, and work done with dispatch and at low rates to suit the times.
Jacksonville, Feb. 24, 1866

Watches, Clocks, Jewelry, Accordeons &c.
repaired by
E. B. MC CLELLAN.
He is present he may be found at the "Kahn House" on the northeast corner of the public square.

CALHOUN MERCHANT MILLS

THE undersigned, Proprietor, respectfully informs the patrons and public generally, that these Mills are now in perfect repair, with their manufacturing capacity increased, and having made arrangements with Messrs. White & Phares of Selma, to sell on very fair Commission, the Flour manufactured at these Mills for market, I shall be prepared to attend in person to the shipping and accounting for sales, without charge for my personal services. For any one wishing to purchase the proper size and material can be purchased at the lowest wholesale market prices. The services of Mr. P. Mooney, as Miller, have been secured for the next year. Give me your patronage if you can consider it your interest to do so.
M. W. ABERNATHY.
June 30, 1866—17.

New Steam Grist Mill.

THE undersigned, having completed the necessary work, and procured new mill stones of superior quality, is now prepared to grind corn of any quantity required into meal of good quality as can be made by any mills of the country. His mill is one mile south of Jacksonville on the White Plains Road.
March 17, 1866. G. SOUTHER.

Notice.

ALL parties indebted to the undersigned are requested to come forward and settle up immediately, as we will wind up business by the 1st of November. All who have claims are requested to present them for payment before the 1st of November.
M. & L. OPPENHEIMER.
Jacksonville, Ala. Oct. 25, 1866.

JOHN W. INZER, LEROY F. BOX.

INZER & BOX, Attorneys at Law,

Solicitors in Chancery.

ASHVILLE, Ala.

WILL practice in all the Courts of St. Clair, Calhoun, Talladega, Shelby, Jefferson, Blount, DeKalb, Cherokee & Marshall, also in the Superior Court of the State. Prompt attention given to the collection of all claims.

E. REMINGTON & SONS

MANUFACTURERS OF

REVOLVERS, RIFLES,

Muskets and Carabines,

For the United States Service. Also,

POCKET and BELT REVOLVERS,

REPEATING PISTOLS,

RIFLE CANES,

REVOLVING RIFES,

Rifle and Shot Gun Barrels, and Gun Material sold by Gun Dealers and the Trade generally.

In these days of Housebreaking and Robbery, every House, Store, Bank, and Office should have one of

REMINGTONS' REVOLVERS.

Parties desiring to avail themselves of the late improvements in Pistols, and superior workmanship and form will find all combined in the New Remington Revolvers.

Circulars containing cuts and description of our Arms will be furnished upon application.

E. REMINGTON & SONS, Iliou, N. Y.
Moore & Nichols, Agents,
No. 40 Courtland St. New York.

The Best Policy is a Policy of Insurance

ISSUED by the Home Insurance Company—Cash Capital

\$500,000.

Risks taken on MERCHANDIZE, COTTON IN STORE, PLANTATIONS AND BUILDINGS of all classes insurable, at reasonable rates.

M. J. TURNLEY,
Insurance and General Collecting Agent,
JACKSONVILLE, ALA.
Office east side of the public square.
January 6, 1866.—6m.

DR. J. A. CLOPTON,

of Alabama,

Has located in the country near Scoola, Kemper county, Mississippi, where he may be consulted. He operates with perfect success for

PILES, FISTULA,

TUMORS, POLYPI,

DISEASES OF FEMALES, ETC.

Dr. C. has never lost a patient, nor had an accident to happen. He has operated on the most respectable of the profession of all the Southern States, and for a good many years, has visited almost every city in the South.

He will visit Gadsden, and points on the Mobile and Ohio Railroad, it some three or four should desire it. Feb. 23, '65

Read This!

ON and after Monday the 3rd inst., the Notes and Accounts due the late firm of Ryan, Francis & Rowland, may be found in my possession. Said claims have been deposited with me for immediate collection by Daniel T. Ryan, who owns them now individually. I therefore give timely notice to all persons thus indebted to call on me at my office without delay, and pay up at once, and save costs. "A word to the wise is sufficient."—Call and see me.

Wm. M. HAMES,
Office No. 4,
Office Row,
Jacksonville, Ala.
September 1st, 1866.—17.

MOORE LESSONS

ON THE PIANO, given by Mrs. M. E. O'NEILL, commencing with the beginners of the Jacksonville Female Academy.

Lessons can commence at any time during the session, and be charged for the time.

Country Produce at the market price taken in payment. Jacksonville, Jan. 30, '65

M. J. TURNLEY,

Attorney at Law

AND

Solicitor in Chancery.

General Collecting Agent.

Office fronting East door of the Court house, Jacksonville, Ala., continues the practice of Law in all its branches, in Calhoun and adjoining counties; will give special attention to drawing Wills, Deeds of Conveyance, Powers of Attorney; to the Probate of Wills; Administration of Estates, Guardianships; and will also act as Agent for the sale and purchase of Lands.

BOLTING CLOTHS.

I have just received, direct from the Manufacturer, through the regular Importer, an assortment of **BOLTING CLOTHS** of superior quality.

Having sold this same make for the last 30 years, I can confidently recommend them. Each piece is carefully selected.

JNO. D. HOKK.
Jacksonville, June 30, 1866.

COTTON YARNS

OF every superior quality, for sale at Retail and Wholesale, by the undersigned. Sold by the bale of 50 bunches, assorted, at Factory prices, with the addition of transportation, &c.

Call on
E. L. WOODWARD.
Oct. 6, 1866.

CABINET SHOP.

THE undersigned have again commenced the CABINET MAKING BUSINESS, and are prepared with all the necessary lumber and material for the manufacture of every description of

FURNITURE,

SUCH AS

Secretaries,

Bureaus, (not Freedmen's)

Best Cottage Bedsteads,

Lounges, Tables,

Wardrobes,

Safes, &c. &c.

ALL of which will be made of the best materials, and in the most elegant, neat, durable and fashionable style, and sold at reasonable rates for Cash or Country Produce.

All coffin work, and every species of Repairing executed with neatness and dispatch.

The patronage of the public is respectfully solicited, and all persons needing Furniture, are invited to call at their shop, just below Gray's corner, on the west side of main street, and examine their stock, the quality of their work, and leave their orders.

JOHN H. CRAWFORD,
JOHN M. SMITH.
Jacksonville, June 6, 1866.

J. J. COHEN,

ROME, GA.

Wholesale Merchant.

Also AGENT for the sale of French Burr Rocks, Esopuse Mill Stones, Double German Anchor Bolting Cloths, Patent Mill Pecks, Patent Mill Bush, &c. &c.

All orders will have prompt attention.

CHOICE HOTEL,

BROAD STREET, ROME, GA.

J. C. RAWLINS, Proprietor.

BAGGAGE taken to and from the depot free of charge. Aug. 25—17

E. L. WOODWARD

Is now receiving an unusually large

Stock of

Fall and Winter

GOODS,

To which the attention of purchasers is invited, with the assurance that they will be sold at his usual and uniformly low prices.

Jacksonville, Oct. 13, 1866.

F. L. JOHNSON, R. A. JOHNSON,
Selma, Ala. Minden, Ala.

W. L. CUNNINGHAM,

WITH

F. L. & R. A. JOHNSON,

WHOLESALE

GROCERIES,

DEALERS IN

Western Produce, and Importers of Foreign Liquors, &c.

NEW ORLEANS, Louisiana.

School Books,

JUST RECEIVED

And for sale by
P. ROWAN.
April 14.

2,500 LBS SUGAR,

JUST RECEIVED.

And For Sale by
E. L. WOODWARD
Sept. 1, 1866.

Madhood: How Lost, how Regained!

Just published, a new edition of Dr. Culverwell's Celebrated Essay on the Medical Cure (without medicine) of Syphilis, Gonorrhea, or Venereal Diseases, Involuntary Seminal Losses, Impotency, Mental and Physical Incapacity, Impediments to Marriage, etc., also Consumption, Rheumatism, and Piles, induced by self-indulgence or sexual extravagance.

Price in a sealed envelope, only 6 cents. The celebrated author, in this admirable essay, clearly demonstrates, from a thirty years' practice, that the alarming consequences of self-abuse may be radically cured without the dangerous use of internal medicine or the application of the knife—pointing out a mode of cure simple, certain, and effectual, by means of which every sufferer, no matter what his condition may be, may cure himself cheaply, privately and effectually.

This Lecture should be in the hands of every youth and every man in the land. Sent under seal, in a plain envelope, to any address, postpaid, on receipt of six cents, or two post stamps. Also, Dr. Culverwell's "Marriage Guide," price 25 cents. Address the publishers.

CHAS. J. K. KLINE & CO.
127 Bowery, N. Y. P. O. Box 4,586.

JOHN FOSTER, WM. H. FORNEY.

FOSTER & FORNEY,

Attorneys at Law,

Jacksonville Alabama.

WILL practice in the Counties of Calhoun, Talladega, Randolph, St. Clair, Cherokee, DeKalb and the Supreme Court of the State.

Dec. 23d, 1865.

ALA. & TENN. RIVER R. R.

CHANGE OF SCHEDULE.

12 Hours to Atlanta and \$8.00 saved. 24 Hours to Chattanooga and \$18 saved.

On and after Monday June 4th, 1866, Trains on this road will run as follows:

Through Passenger & Freight Trains.

Passenger trains will leave Selma daily, (except Sundays) at 4 P. M.

do will arrive at Blue Mountain (except Sunday) at 12 night

do will leave Blue Mountain (except Sundays) at 4 A. M.

do will arrive at Selma (except Sundays) at 12 noon.

Freight Trains, until Further Notice.

Will leave Selma Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays at 5:15 A. M.

And arrive at Blue Mountain at 7:50 P. M.

Will leave Blue Mountain Tuesdays, Thursdays & Saturdays at 5:15 A. M.

Arrive at Selma at 7:50 P. M.

Passenger trains connect at Selma with boats to Montgomery and Mobile, and with the Selma and Meridian Railroad for Vicksburg, New Orleans and the West.

At Blue Mountain they connect with Taylor River and Co's splendid line of Coaches from thence to Rome, Ga., and thence by rail to Atlanta, Savannah, Charleston, Chattanooga and all points North and East.

Through fare from Selma to Kingston on Western and Atlantic Railroad ONLY \$12.00
E. G. BARNEY,
June 9, 1866. Sup't & Agent for Lessee.

CAIN GLOVER, JAMES A. BAILE

NEW FIRM.

GLOVER & BAILE,

DEALERS IN

GROCERIES & PRODUCE,

Corner of Broad and Bridge Streets, opposite the Market.

ROME, Ga.

October 13, 1866.—3m.

THOS. BERRY, J. M. ELLIOTT.

CHAS. M. HARPER, JOHN M. BERRY.

Berry, Elliott & Co,

GROCERS.

AND

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

NEAR RAILROAD DEPOT & STEAM-BOAT WHARF, 755.

Rome, Ga.

WE are now receiving a large assortment of

GROCERIES,

which we offer to the trade at a small advance on cost.

COTTON OR PRODUCE

shipped as for sale, shall have special attention, and liberal CASH ADVANCES will be made on the same, if desired.

BERRY, ELLIOTT & CO.
Sept 18 3m.

FITNER, COOPER & CO.

Wholesale and Retail

GROCERS

AND

COMMISSION MERCHANTS.

Fitner's Corner, Broad St., Rome, Ga.

Wm. Beebe and Son, Ship Producers for the Planters, Mr. J. H. Cooper, who has had long experience in the Cotton trade will give his special attention to that branch of the business.

Rome, Ga. Sept. 28, 1866.—3m.

ROME

STEAM ENGINE

AND

MACHINE WORKS,

ROME, Ga.

NOBLES & MITCHELL,

MANUFACTURERS OF

Horizontal, Vertical and Portable

STEAM ENGINES,

From one to Five Hundred Horse Power.

Locomotive, Flue, Tubular & Cylinder BOILERS.

Gasometers, Tanks, Smoke-Stacks, BLAST PIPES.

COTTON PRESSES,

SUGAR MILLS, &c.

MACHINERY FOR

Rolling Mills,

Blast Furnaces,

Railroads,

Saw & Grist-mills, &c

CASTINGS

Of every description up to 25,000 lbs. weight.

Car wheels, Hammered, Locomotive and Car Axles;

Mining Machinery

For Gold, Copper, Iron and Lead Mines;

Bridge-castings and Bolts;

All kinds of Machinery and BRASS CASTINGS.

We have rebuilt our Works and have New and Improved Machinery and Tools. RAILROAD MEN, BRIDGE CONTRACTORS, FURNACE & ROLLING MILL MEN, AND MINING ENGINEERS, will find it to their interest to send us their orders. We use only the best material and do our work well. We will GUARANTEE ALL WORK done at our establishment.

Prices will be as low or lower than the same work can be imported, or done at any other establishment in the South.

Our long experience in the business and the large contracts we have heretofore filled, will guarantee satisfaction to our customers.

NOBLES & MITCHELL.
JAS. NOBLES, SR., THOS. P. MITCHELL, Cash.
JOHN W. NOBLE, Master Mechanist & Draughtman
Wm. Noble, GEORGE NOBLE,
SAMUEL NOBLE, Superintendent.
July 21, 1866.

DR. M. W. FRANCIS,

HAS resumed the duties of his profession in all its branches.
Office, N. W. Corner of Public Square, JACKSONVILLE, ALA.
November 18, 1866—17.

Effect of the Constitutional Amendment—What a Northern Man says of it.

The Chicago Times reports a speech recently made by Gen. McClelland, of Illinois, from which we make the following extract.

"Again we hear that guarantees of good conduct must be required of the Southern people. What guarantees have already been required, and what have been given? First, these people were required forever to abolish slavery, and they have done so by constitutional act. Next, they were required to repeal their ordinances of secession, and they have done it. Next they were required to repeal the rebel debt, and they have done this. They have done all these things, they fulfilled every condition originally imposed, and yet they are denied admission to Federal relations. Nay, more, with every successive compliance, new conditions are added. They are now required, expressly or virtually, to disfranchise themselves white men, and to enfranchise the blacks. This is the effect of the proposed constitutional amendment. They refuse, and all just and generous men applaud the refusal. The Radicals disclaim, denounce, and swear perpetual abasement as the penalty of refusal. Is this right? Is it manly? Is it honest?—Is it to be expected that any people will knowingly, deliberately, vote their own disfranchisement and degradation? That men of kindred blood with ourselves will basely manacle and enslave themselves? They who would do so are not fit to be freemen, and are only fit to be slaves. Would we of the North do it? Never! never! Perish—perish, me by inch, day by day, rather! I say this from my heart of hearts, from my soul of souls."

PERSPECTS OF ANOTHER EUROPEAN WAR.—The Berlin correspondent of the London Times states that another European war is imminent. He says:

It is generally recognized that the present peace is merely an armed truce which may continue for a year, perhaps for two, but certainly not beyond, and which will be succeeded by a struggle to which the war with Austria was hardly more than child's play. Whenever it happens, we may be pretty sure that Prussia will be well prepared for it; far from reducing her military establishment, she is enlarging it and completing it, her arsenals are filled to overflowing with implements of destruction, her gun factories are in full blast, strange rumors are current of new and undreamed of improvement in the artillery department, and if hostilities should break out, she may aston

Jacksonville

Republican

VOL. 30, NO. 39.

JACKSONVILLE, ALA., NOV. 24, 1866.

WHOLE NO. 1547

Jacksonville Republican.
EDITED, PRINTED & PUBLISHED, EVERY
SATURDAY MORNING, BY
J. F. GRANT.

LAND AGENCY.
HUGH FRANCIS

WILL attend to the purchase and sale of all Lands, Water Powers, Renting of Property, &c. confided to his care in the counties of Calhoun, St. Clair, Cherokee and Randolph, Ala. Office in the counting room of the Store formerly occupied by E. L. Woodward, Jacksonville, Ala.

Blacksmithing.
The undersigned respectfully informs the public that he is now prepared to execute, with neatness, durability and dispatch, all descriptions of blacksmith work, such as ironing wagons, Bugles, &c. and all descriptions of Plow work and repairing. His shop is on the east side of main street, south of the square and immediately back of Fleming's wood shop. March 3, 1866. A. B. Webb

W. C. LAND,
Watchmaker,
CONTINUES the Watch Repairing business above McClellan's store, west side of the public square. A good lot of materials on hand, and work done with dispatch and at low rates to suit the times. Jacksonville, Feb. 24, 1866

Watches,
Clocks,
Jewelry,
Accordeons
&c
repaired by
E. B. McCLELLAN.
For the present he may be found at the "Kahn House" on the northeast corner of the public square.

CALESON MERCHANT MILLS
The undersigned, Proprietor, respectfully informs the patrons and public generally, that these Mills are now in perfect repair with their manufacturing capacity increased, and having made arrangements with Messrs White & Phares of Selma, to sell on very fair Commissions, the Flour manufactured at these Mills for market, I shall be prepared to attend in person to the shipping and accounting for sales, without charge for my personal services. For any one desiring to order of the proper size and material can be purchased at the lowest wholesale market prices. The services of Mr. P. Mooney, as Miller, have been secured for the next year. Give me your patronage if you can consider it your interest to do so. M. W. ABERNATHY.
June 30, 1866—17.

New Steam Grist Mill.
The undersigned, having completed the necessary work, and procured new mill stones of superior quality, is now prepared to grind corn of any quantity required into meal of as good quality as can be made by any mill of the country. His mill is one mile south of Jacksonville on the White Plains Road. March 17, 1866. G. SOUTHER.

Notice.
ALL parties indebted to the undersigned are requested to come forward and settle up immediately, as we will wind up business by the 1st of November. All who have claims are requested to present them for payment before the 1st of November.
M. & L. OPPENHEIMER.
Jacksonville, Ala Oct. 25, 1866.

INZER & BOX,
Attorneys at Law,
AND
Solicitors in Chancery.
ASUVILLE, Ala.

WILL practice in all the Courts of St. Clair, Calhoun, Talladega, Shelby, Jefferson, Blount, DeKalb, Cherokee & Marshall; also in the Superior Court of the State. Prompt attention given to the collection of all claims.

E. REMINGTON & SONS
MANUFACTURERS OF
REVOLVERS, RIFLES,
Muskets and Carbines,
For the United States Service. Also,
POCKET and BELT REVOLVERS,
REPEATING PISTOLS,
RIFLE CANES,
REVOLVING RIFLES,
&c. &c.
Rifles and Shot Gun Barrels, & Gun Material sold by Gun Dealers and the Trade generally.

In these days of Housebreaking and Robbery, every House, Store, Bank, and Office should have one of
REMINGTON'S REVOLVERS.
Parties desiring to avail themselves of the late improvements in Pistols, and superior workmanship and form will find all combined in the New Remington Revolvers.

Circulars containing cuts and description of our Arms will be furnished upon application.
E. REMINGTON & SONS, Boston, N. Y.
Moses & Nicola, Agents,
No. 40 Courtland St. New York.

The Best Policy is a
Policy of Insurance
ISSUED by the Home Insurance Company—Cash Capital
\$500,000.

Risks taken on MERCHANDISE, COTTON IN STORE, PLANTATIONS AND BUILDINGS of all classes INSURABLE, at reasonable rates.
M. J. TURNLEY,
Insurance and General Collecting Agent,
JACKSONVILLE, ALA.
Office east side of the public square.
January 6, 1866.—6m.

DR. J. A. CLOFTON,
of Alabama,
Has located in the country near Scottdale, Kemper county, Mississippi, where he may be consulted. He operates with perfect success for
PILES, FISTULA,
TUMORS, POLYPI,
DISEASES OF FEMALES Etc.
Dr. C. has never lost a patient, nor had an accident to happen. He has operated on the most respectable of the profession of all the Southern States, and for a good many years, has visited almost every city in the South. He will visit Gadsden, and points on the Mobile and Ohio Railroad, from time to time, and should desire it. Feb. 23 '65

Read This!
ON and after Monday the 3rd inst., the Notes and Accounts due the late firm of Ryan, Francis & Leonard, may be found in my possession. Said claims have been deposited with me for immediate collection by Daniel T. Ryan, who owns them now individually. I therefore give timely notice to all persons thus indebted to call on me at my office without delay, and pay up once, and save costs. "A word to the wise is sufficient."—Call and see me.
Wm. M. HAMES,
Office No. 4,
Office Room,
Jacksonville, Ala.
September 18, 1866.—41.

MUSIC LESSONS
ON the PIANO, given by Mrs. M. E. FRANCIS, commencing with the lessons of the Jacksonville Female Academy. Pupils can commence at any time during the session, and be charged for the time. Country Produce at the market price taken in payment. Jacksonville, Jan. 30, '66

M. J. TURNLEY,
Attorney at Law
AND
Solicitor in Chancery.
General Collecting Agent.
Office fronting East door of the Court House, Jacksonville, Ala., continues the practice of Law in all its branches, in Calhoun and adjoining counties; will give special attention to drawing Wills, Deeds of Conveyance, Powers of Attorney, to the Probate of Wills, Administration of Estates, Guardianships, and will also act as Agent for the sale and purchase of Lands.

BOLTING CLOTHS.
I have just received, direct from the Manufacturer, through the regular Importer, an assortment of **BOLTING CLOTHS** of superior finish.
Having sold this same make for the last 30 years, I can confidently recommend them. Each piece is carefully selected.
JNO. D. HOKE.
Jacksonville, June 30, 1866.

COTTON YARNS
Of very superior quality, for sale at Retail and Wholesale, by the undersigned. Sold by the bale of 50 pounds; or shorted, at Factory prices, with the addition of transportation, &c.
Call on
E. L. WOODWARD.
Oct. 6, 1866.

CABINET SHOP.
THE undersigned have again commenced the **CABINET MAKING BUSINESS**, and are prepared with all the necessary lumber and material for the manufacture of every description of
FURNITURE,
SUCH AS
Secretaries,
Bureaus, (not Freedmen's)
Best Cottage Bedsteads,
Lounges, Tables,
Wardrobes,
Safes, &c. &c.
ALL of which will be made of the best materials, and in the most elegant, neat, durable and fashionable style, and sold at reasonable rates for Cash or Country Produce.
All coffin work, and every species of repairing executed with neatness and dispatch.
The patronage of the public is respectfully solicited; and all persons needing Furniture are invited to call at their shop, just below Crow's corner, on the west side of main street, and examine their stock, the quality, cost, and leave their orders.
JOHN H. CRAWFORD,
JOHN M. SMITH.
Jacksonville, June 30, 1866.

J. J. COHEN,
ROME, GA.
Wholesale Merchant.
Also AGENT for the sale of French Burr Rocks, Esopuse Mill Stones, Double German Anchor Bolting Cloths, Patent Mill Pecks, Patent Mill Bush, &c. &c.
All orders will have prompt attention.

CHOICE HOTEL,
BROAD STREET, ROME, GA.
J. C. RAWLIAS, Proprietor.
BAGGAGE taken to and from the depot free of charge. Aug. 25...17

E. L. WOODWARD
Is now receiving an unusually large Stock of
Fall and Winter
CLOTHS,
To which the attention of purchasers is invited, with the assurance that they will be sold at his usual and uniformly low prices.
Jacksonville, Oct. 13, 1866.

F. L. JOHNSON, R. A. JOHNSON,
Selma, Ala. Menden, Ala.
W. L. CUNNINGHAM,
WITH
F. L. & R. A. JOHNSON,
WHOLESALE
DEALERS IN
Western Produce, and Importers of Foreign Liquors, &c.
NEW ORLEANS, Louisiana.

School Books.
JUST RECEIVED
And for sale by
P. ROWAN.
April 17.

2,500 LBS. SUGAR,
JUST RECEIVED,
And for sale by
E. L. WOODWARD
Sept. 1, 1866.

FOSTER & FORNEY,
Attorneys at Law,
Jacksonville Alabama.

WILL practice in the Counties of Calhoun, Talladega, Randolph, St. Clair, Cherokee, DeKalb, and the Supreme Court of the State.
Dec. 23d 1865

Marhood: How Lost, how Regained!
Just published, a new edition
of **Dr. Culverwell's Celebrated Essay on the rational cure (without medicine) of Spasmodic, or Seminal Weakness, Involuntary Seminal Emissions, Mental and Physical Losses, Impotency, Menstrual Disorders, and all the various Disorders of the Male and Female Sex, arising from the abuse of the Sexual Organs, and the influence of the State Courts, but might possibly reduce them to a complete nullity. It would give to the United States Courts complete and unlimited jurisdiction over every conceivable case, however important, or however trivial, which could arise under State laws. Every individual dissatisfied with the decision of a State Court, might apply to a Federal Tribunal for redress. It matters not what might be the character of his case. It might be civil or criminal. It might be a simple act of debt, or a suit in trover; it might be an indictment for assault and battery, and for robbery, for burglary, for arson, or for murder. It would be all the same. Upon a simple complaint that his rights, either of person or property had been infringed, it would be the bounden duty of the tribunal to which he made his application to hear and determine his case. The granting of such an immense power as this over the State Tribunals would, at the very test, subordinate them to a condition of comparative unimportance and insignificance, and might prove utterly destructive of the full security for the enjoyment of all the legal rights of property, and those effective guarantees against arbitrary oppression which the people have found in our present judicial system ever since the organization of the Government.**

AL. & TENN. RIVER R. R.
CHANGE OF SCHEDULE.
12 Hours to Atlanta and \$8.00 fare, and 24 Hours to the Tananoga and \$18.00 fare.
Trains will leave Selma, Ala. (except Sundays) at 4 P. M. and arrive at Blue Mountain at 12 night. Trains will leave Blue Mountain (except Sundays) at 4 A. M. and arrive at Selma (except Sundays) at 12 noon.

Freight Trains, until Further Notice.
All have Selma Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays at 5:15 A. M. and arrive at Blue Mountain at 7:30 P. M. Will leave Blue Mountain Tuesdays, Thursdays & Saturdays at 5:15 A. M. Arrive at Selma at 7:30 P. M.
Passenger trains connect at Selma with boats to Montgomery and Mobile, and with the Selma and Meridian Railroad for Vicksburg, New Orleans and the West. At Blue Mountain they connect with Taylor, Glimmer & Co's splendid line of Coaches from thence to Rome, Ga., and thence by rail to Atlanta, Savannah, Charleston, Chattanooga and all points North and East.
Through fare from Selma to Kingston on Western and Atlantic Railroad ONLY \$12.00
E. G. BARNEY,
June 9, 1866. Sup't & Agent for Locals.

The Governor's Message.
ON THE PROPOSED AMENDMENTS TO THE CONSTITUTION.

I have received from the State Department at Washington, a duly attested copy of a resolution of Congress proposing a Fourteenth Article to the Constitution of the United States. A verified copy of the resolution is transferred herewith.

This proposed article contains five sections. The first, after describing who are citizens of the United States, closes in the following words:

"No States shall make or enforce any law which shall abridge the privileges or immunities of citizens of the United States; nor shall any State deprive any person of life, liberty or property, without due process of law."

The Constitution of the United States as it now stands, provides that no person shall be deprived of life, liberty or property, without due process of law. A provision similar to this is contained in the Constitution of Alabama and, I presume, of every State in the Union; and thus the sacred rights of persons and property are protected by all the safeguards which human constitutions and laws can furnish. It is important, therefore, to examine closely and carefully into the proposition to change this great feature of our institutions.

The courts of the United States have a clearly defined sphere of jurisdiction. The jurisdictional limits of the State Courts are also distinctly marked. In no long did those great and good men who founded our Government, display more wisdom and foresight, than in the establishment of a properly balanced system of Federal and State judiciary. For more than three-quarters of a century this system has worked with admirable harmony. During that long period, it has afforded a ready, full and efficient opportunity for enforcing all the rights, and redressing all the grievances of the citizen, that up to this time not even the slightest defect has been alleged against it. It has passed unscathed through the fiercest contentions of political parties. The country has, at difficult times, been agitated by almost every conceivable question, except a reform of the judiciary. That has not been such a universal satisfaction that in the midst of political dissension, or even inappreciable sentimentalism, has ever been able to assail it.

After all these conclusive evidences of the perfection and triumphant success of our judiciary system, it is certainly the part of wisdom to pause and deliberate before we give our sanction to a proposition which would effect a radical change in it. A careful examination would show that the words, "nor shall any State deprive any person," which are contained in the first section, are of vast, if not dangerous import. It would enlarge the judicial powers of the General Government to such gigantic dimensions as would not only overshadow and weaken the authority and influence of the State Courts, but might possibly reduce them to a complete nullity. It would give to the United States Courts complete and unlimited jurisdiction over every conceivable case, however important, or however trivial, which could arise under State laws. Every individual dissatisfied with the decision of a State Court, might apply to a Federal Tribunal for redress. It matters not what might be the character of his case. It might be civil or criminal. It might be a simple act of debt, or a suit in trover; it might be an indictment for assault and battery, and for robbery, for burglary, for arson, or for murder. It would be all the same. Upon a simple complaint that his rights, either of person or property had been infringed, it would be the bounden duty of the tribunal to which he made his application to hear and determine his case. The granting of such an immense power as this over the State Tribunals would, at the very test, subordinate them to a condition of comparative unimportance and insignificance, and might prove utterly destructive of the full security for the enjoyment of all the legal rights of property, and those effective guarantees against arbitrary oppression which the people have found in our present judicial system ever since the organization of the Government.

The second section of the proposed amendment would make a radical change in the representative system of the General Government. Under the Constitution as it now stands representatives in Congress are apportioned among the several States, according to their number of inhabitants. By the proposed second section, if in any State the right to vote be denied any class of its inhabitants, the representatives for such State are to be reduced in the proportion which the excluded class shall bear to the whole of the State. The practical effect of this section upon the Southern States would be a loss of nearly half of the representatives to which they are now entitled, if they should not extend the elective franchise to the negroes. But there would be very little, if any, diminution in the Northern States, as they contain but a small negro population.

In most of the States now represented in Congress, there is a large number of unnaturalized foreigners. By the laws of nearly all of those States the elective franchise is withheld from foreigners until, by a proper period of residence, their naturalization is perfected. Still, they have the right of suffrage in prospect; the right to vote not being denied them in this sense contemplated by this amendment; and hence, they would be regularly counted in the representative apportionment. By this means the numerical strength now held by those States would be retained. Therefore, if this amendment should be incorporated into the constitution, the representative apportionment in some of the States would be based upon the whole number of the inhabitants, while in others it would be governed by actual voters. This would be an unfair and unjust discrimination against the Southern States.

The third section of this proposed Fourteenth Article is still more objectionable. It establishes a test of eligibility for office, both Federal and State, which is not only unnecessary and unjustly oppressive, but which might possibly lead to the most ruinous consequences. Experience has demonstrated unambiguously that the interest of the Government does not require such a rigid and discriminating test. The officials chosen since the war to conduct operations of the non-represented States have had numerous and embarrassing difficulties to contend with. But amidst all their discouraging embarrassments, they have firmly and faithfully discharged their public duties in strict harmony with the Constitution and laws of the United States. They, as well as the people for whom they act, fully recognize their indissoluble identity with the Union, and are earnestly and honestly laboring to maintain it in its constitutional integrity. All this shows that the people will be very safely allowed the untrammelled privilege of choosing their own agents from among those who are eligible to positions of public trust under the Constitution as it now stands. The people of the States which are now denied representation in Congress, would not murmur at any standard of patriotism or test of loyalty to the General Government which might be applied to their professions and conduct since the close of the war. If punishments are to be inflicted for preceding conduct, surely the pains and penalties prescribed by the laws now standing upon the National Statute Book, are amply sufficient for the purpose. They are certainly rigorous enough to accomplish all legitimate purposes of any government controlled by true statesmanship.

If the disabilities imposed by this third section be designed as a punishment for acts heretofore committed, the amendment would operate practically as an *ex post facto* law, which is contrary to the whole spirit of modern civilization. The creation of a penalty to be imposed as a punishment for an act, after that particular act has been committed, is a thing unknown in the history of enlightened liberty. Such a mode of dealing with citizens charged with offenses against government, belongs only to despotic tyrants. I may accomplish revengeful purposes, but it is not the proper mode of administering justice.

The adoption of this amendment would vacate nearly all the offices in most of the unrepresented States. It would summarily and ruthlessly sweep away Governors, Judges, Legislatures, Sheriffs, Justices of the Peace, and Constables, and thus the State Governments would be completely broken up. Indeed, they would be reduced to utter and hopeless anarchy, as the destroyed States would leave behind them no authoritative provision for the reestablishment or government of the people in the non-represented States are now practically excluded from all Federal offices by a stringent test which was placed upon the statute book while the war was raging. We have high official authority for saying that the disabilities imposed by that test are seriously detrimental to the interests of the Government in some of its important branches. Commemorations to this effect were addressed to Congress at a recent session by the Secretary of the Treasury, and Postmaster General, and that body was appealed to for relief. There is no difficulty in finding men who would make efficient revenue collectors and postmasters. But the inexorable test which is so cruel and sweeping, that the Government is deprived of their services. It was clearly in the power of Congress to grant the relief asked for by a majority vote, but I am not aware that it was done in a single instance. This proposed third section would not only and greatly to the disabilities of

chise to the negroes. But there would be very little, if any, diminution in the Northern States, as they contain but a small negro population.

In most of the States now represented in Congress, there is a large number of unnaturalized foreigners. By the laws of nearly all of those States the elective franchise is withheld from foreigners until, by a proper period of residence, their naturalization is perfected. Still, they have the right of suffrage in prospect; the right to vote not being denied them in this sense contemplated by this amendment; and hence, they would be regularly counted in the representative apportionment. By this means the numerical strength now held by those States would be retained. Therefore, if this amendment should be incorporated into the constitution, the representative apportionment in some of the States would be based upon the whole number of the inhabitants, while in others it would be governed by actual voters. This would be an unfair and unjust discrimination against the Southern States.

The third section of this proposed Fourteenth Article is still more objectionable. It establishes a test of eligibility for office, both Federal and State, which is not only unnecessary and unjustly oppressive, but which might possibly lead to the most ruinous consequences. Experience has demonstrated unambiguously that the interest of the Government does not require such a rigid and discriminating test. The officials chosen since the war to conduct operations of the non-represented States have had numerous and embarrassing difficulties to contend with. But amidst all their discouraging embarrassments, they have firmly and faithfully discharged their public duties in strict harmony with the Constitution and laws of the United States. They, as well as the people for whom they act, fully recognize their indissoluble identity with the Union, and are earnestly and honestly laboring to maintain it in its constitutional integrity. All this shows that the people will be very safely allowed the untrammelled privilege of choosing their own agents from among those who are eligible to positions of public trust under the Constitution as it now stands. The people of the States which are now denied representation in Congress, would not murmur at any standard of patriotism or test of loyalty to the General Government which might be applied to their professions and conduct since the close of the war. If punishments are to be inflicted for preceding conduct, surely the pains and penalties prescribed by the laws now standing upon the National Statute Book, are amply sufficient for the purpose. They are certainly rigorous enough to accomplish all legitimate purposes of any government controlled by true statesmanship.

If the disabilities imposed by this third section be designed as a punishment for acts heretofore committed, the amendment would operate practically as an *ex post facto* law, which is contrary to the whole spirit of modern civilization. The creation of a penalty to be imposed as a punishment for an act, after that particular act has been committed, is a thing unknown in the history of enlightened liberty. Such a mode of dealing with citizens charged with offenses against government, belongs only to despotic tyrants. I may accomplish revengeful purposes, but it is not the proper mode of administering justice.

The adoption of this amendment would vacate nearly all the offices in most of the unrepresented States. It would summarily and ruthlessly sweep away Governors, Judges, Legislatures, Sheriffs, Justices of the Peace, and Constables, and thus the State Governments would be completely broken up. Indeed, they would be reduced to utter and hopeless anarchy, as the destroyed States would leave behind them no authoritative provision for the reestablishment or government of the people in the non-represented States are now practically excluded from all Federal offices by a stringent test which was placed upon the statute book while the war was raging. We have high official authority for saying that the disabilities imposed by that test are seriously detrimental to the interests of the Government in some of its important branches. Commemorations to this effect were addressed to Congress at a recent session by the Secretary of the Treasury, and Postmaster General, and that body was appealed to for relief. There is no difficulty in finding men who would make efficient revenue collectors and postmasters. But the inexorable test which is so cruel and sweeping, that the Government is deprived of their services. It was clearly in the power of Congress to grant the relief asked for by a majority vote, but I am not aware that it was done in a single instance. This proposed third section would not only and greatly to the disabilities of

chise to the negroes. But there would be very little, if any, diminution in the Northern States, as they contain but a small negro population.

In most of the States now represented in Congress, there is a large number of unnaturalized foreigners. By the laws of nearly all of those States the elective franchise is withheld from foreigners until, by a proper period of residence, their naturalization is perfected. Still, they have the right of suffrage in prospect; the right to vote not being denied them in this sense contemplated by this amendment; and hence, they would be regularly counted in the representative apportionment. By this means the numerical strength now held by those States would be retained. Therefore, if this amendment should be incorporated into the constitution, the representative apportionment in some of the States would be based upon the whole number of the inhabitants, while in others it would be governed by actual voters. This would be an unfair and unjust discrimination against the Southern States.

The third section of this proposed Fourteenth Article is still more objectionable. It establishes a test of eligibility for office, both Federal and State, which is not only unnecessary and unjustly oppressive, but which might possibly lead to the most ruinous consequences. Experience has demonstrated unambiguously that the interest of the Government does not require such a rigid and discriminating test. The officials chosen since the war to conduct operations of the non-represented States have had numerous and embarrassing difficulties to contend with. But amidst all their discouraging embarrassments, they have firmly and faithfully discharged their public duties in strict harmony with the Constitution and laws of the United States. They, as well as the people for whom they act, fully recognize their indissoluble identity with the Union, and are earnestly and honestly laboring to maintain it in its constitutional integrity. All this shows that the people will be very safely allowed the untrammelled privilege of choosing their own agents from among those who are eligible to positions of public trust under the Constitution as it now stands. The people of the States which are now denied representation in Congress, would not murmur at any standard of patriotism or test of loyalty to the General Government which might be applied to their professions and conduct since the close of the war. If punishments are to be inflicted for preceding conduct, surely the pains and penalties prescribed by the laws now standing upon the National Statute Book, are amply sufficient for the purpose. They are certainly rigorous enough to accomplish all legitimate purposes of any government controlled by true statesmanship.

If the disabilities imposed by this third section be designed as a punishment for acts heretofore committed, the amendment would operate practically as an *ex post facto* law, which is contrary to the whole spirit of modern civilization. The creation of a penalty to be imposed as a punishment for an act, after that particular act has been committed, is a thing unknown in the history of enlightened liberty. Such a mode of dealing with citizens charged with offenses against government, belongs only to despotic tyrants. I may accomplish revengeful purposes, but it is not the proper mode of administering justice.

the test oath, but it would abridge the relieving power of Congress, by requiring a vote of two thirds instead of a majority.

For reasons, such as these, I am decidedly of the opinion that the amendment should not be ratified. The first section embodies a principle which I regard as dangerous to the liberties of the people of the whole country. That principle as applicable to New York and Massachusetts as Alabama. The second section proposes a change in a feature of our government which has never been compromised before. The question of representation has never been a source of trouble or inconvenience. It contributed in no way to the recent troubles of the country, and a change in it cannot be legitimately claimed as forming any part of the results of the war. The third section would bring no possible good to the represented States, while it would reduce those that are unrepresented to utter anarchy and ruin.

We are sincerely desirous for a complete restoration of the Union. We want conciliation, harmony and national tranquility. We feel that we have given every evidence which human action can furnish, of an honest purpose to conform in good faith to the conditions of things surrounding us. Alabama is to-day as true to the Constitution and laws of the general government as any State in the Union. Under the internal revenue law, and the tax on cotton, the people of this State are now paying revenue to the Federal Government at the rate of nearly ten millions of dollars a year. In the enactment of these laws we had no voice. This amendment was proposed when nearly one-third of the States were unrepresented, and all of its harsh features are aimed directly at the States thus excluded. The ratification of such an amendment proposed under such circumstances, cannot, in any possible view, accomplish any good to the country, and might bring upon it irretrievable disaster.

R. M. PATTON.
INFORMATION WANTED.—Of Adjutant J. Williams, who belonged to Co. D, 24th Alabama Infantry Regiment, and was wounded near Chattanooga, September, 1864. When he left from he was doing well in prison at Chattanooga. Any information sent to Jas. M. Williams, Cornwell, Bibb county, Ala., will be thankfully received.

Papers North and South please copy.
INFLUENCE OF WATER ON THE PRODUCTION OF MILK.—The recent experiments of M. Danneberg and others show that the abundant secretion of milk is directly dependent upon the amount and timing of water. In former researches, which tend to prove the opposite conclusion, the water was not sufficient allowance made for the quantity of water retained in the food given to the cows upon which the experiments were conducted.

PATTERSON STOCK.—Stock, says the Rural World, will fatten better in the dark than in the light—better in the fall (on account of the longer nights) than in the summer. With less food more weight can be secured in the dark than in the light. Experiments have sufficiently demonstrated this. The pig-pen should be in the dark, we have often seen it made so with the finest effect in favor of the fattening of stock. It is known that light toughens the tissue. For a work horse, the sun is excellent; for the working man the same; but not for the accumulation of fat. Yet how few people take advantage of these things.

THE PROGRAMME OF GERRIT SMITH.—Gerrit Smith, the distinguished New York Radical, is out for blood and confiscation like his colleagues generally, but favors a milder policy. He says: "Happy should I be to see our country brought to a just and permanent peace on the following terms:—
"1. No more punishment—there has been enough.
"2. No confiscation.
"3. No disfranchisement of Southern offenders.
"4. The National debt paid and the secession debt blotted out.
"5. Impartial suffrage. I believe in universal suffrage, but in this instance I would insist only upon impartial suffrage—impartial among all men, white, black, and red.
"6. In deep sorrow for the suffering and poverty of the South, let the Nation exempt her for some five or ten years from the imposition of direct internal taxes. In the taxes I do not include duties on foreign goods.
"7. Mutual forgiveness, and, as far as possible, forgetfulness of the wrongs which each has done the other."

MISSOURI ELECTION.—Eight counties of the State to give an official and reported Radical majority of 14,560. The counties to hear from will probably increase it to between 20,000 and 25,000.

— the Paris Charivari.]

HENRY CLAY'S PREDICTION.—In his letter to Calvin, on September 2, 1843, (Clay says; "The present question [slavery question] in the Free States destroy all harmony, and finally to disunion. The consequences of disunion are—perpetual war—the extinction of the African race—ultimate slavery degradation."

alvers, scrofula, pines, diseases of the lungs, asthma, kidneys, and some others; e'aring out but a very small amount in advance. afterwards if no cure no pay. He has a number of testimonials of cure—has recently treated 11 cases of cancer, seven of which are entirely well and the others getting well.

COMMISSION MERCHANTS.
Corner Water and St. Michael Streets,
MOBILE, ALA.

RE-All Cotton consigned to our Mobile House is covered by our open Policy of Insurance, unless we have written instructions to the contrary.
Oct. 6—2m.

Consignments of **COTTON** and **Produce** respectfully solicited.
June 9, 1 66—3m.

Jacksonville, Nov. 8, 1866.

RELAND DEEDS,
FOR SALE AT THIS OFFICE.

3



POETRY

OLDEN SONGS.

Back from the misty realms of Time,
Back from the years ago,
Faintly we catch the ringing rhyme,
And hear the melody and chime,
Of olden songs, of strains so true,
Like carol of birds at dawn.

And ever we hear them, soft and low,
Harping their music sweet,
Songs that we loved in the long ago,
Ringing the liquid ebb and flow,
Drifting their cadence to and fro,
Like the fall of fairy feet.

Some smile our heart will ever hold,
Some fables we may remember yet,
There were parted lips of Cupid's mould,
And the songs they sang can never grow old,
For our hearts can ne'er forget.

The tunes that the voice of girlhood sung,
The chords that we loved full well
When hopes were buoyant, hearts were young,
When fairy bells in the flower-cups rung,
And ever fell from a maiden's tongue
The words of witching spell.

Ah, welladay! 'tis a story past,
Which I may not tell again,
'Twas a happiness too sweet to last;
The heavy clouds on her grave are cast,
And her voice is stilled, and above her fast
Falls the Summer rain!

A ROUND OF DAYS.

I sang to my heart in the sunshine of May,
And the garulous bird on the acorn spray
Sang to his mate in the nest;
Sweetheart, the daffodil blooms on the sea,
And all blossoms are thick upon bramble and tree;
And all thro' the long, merry year we will be
"Treu und Fest, Treu und Fest!"

I sang to my heart in the burning July,
And the golden-haired sun in a supple sky
Upstirred his fiery crest;
And the thousand-tongued land was melo-
dious with song—
'Oh, the world shall be merry, the days shall
be long.

And love in the sunshine is valiant and strong;
Treu und Fest, Treu und Fest!

I sang to my heart in the wane of the year,
And the gleam of the sunshine hung lurid and drear
Far down in the sorrowful West;
The fast was forsaken, the sparrow had fled,
The world was hushed and the blossoms were dead;
But a voice through the silence and solitude said
"Treu und Fest, Treu und Fest!"

And still sings that voice in the wind and the rain,
There is light after darkness, and joy after woe,
And the love that is tried is the best;
I care not though tempest be black in the sky,
Though the birds may be fickle, and blossoms may die,
What matter? my darling I find me for aye
Treu und Fest, Treu und Fest!

Scraps from Prentice.

Popular verdicts are often quick
To lose their popularity.

Horace Greeley scorns horse races.
But Horace should not be above
the turf.

If you would remedy dyspepsia—diet
If you would remedy gray hair dye it

Nothing is dearer to the Radical
heart than the enfranchisement of ne-
groes, unless it is the disfranchisement
of white men.

The radicals call the conservatives
the "bread and butter party"—That's
better than the bread and butter party

The Philadelphia Age complains
General Butler to a common fellow
Great Heavens! what can the uncom-
mon ones be!

The Boston Post says, that, if
Butler expects to impeach the President
he "must bestir himself." Indeed you
must butt. So stir! stir! stir—with all
your teaspoons!

An Indiana editor says that he
has "no wish to look upon any such
disloyal State as Kentucky." Well,
let him turn his back up to her. And
she will see the end of him.

Let General Butler make the
tour of the country a year hence,
and he may conclude that American
houses have so far degenerated as to lay only
rotten eggs.

When Eve told Adam to chastise
his son, what five scriptural names give
the account? "Adam," Seth Eve, "Cain
Abel."

A cable dispatch to the New York
Herald says the meteoric shower trans-
pired at Greenwich as per programme—
It is said to have been amazingly
grand.

It is a strange coincidence that seven
of the passengers of the ill-fated steamer
Evening Star were rescued by the
Morning Star, and carried into Char-
leston. The Evening Star found another
rising one to take its place.

THE SCUFFERSONG.—We assert that
it is a strange coincidence that seven
of the passengers of the ill-fated steamer
Evening Star were rescued by the
Morning Star, and carried into Char-
leston. The Evening Star found another
rising one to take its place.

THE SCUFFERSONG.—We assert that
it is a strange coincidence that seven
of the passengers of the ill-fated steamer
Evening Star were rescued by the
Morning Star, and carried into Char-
leston. The Evening Star found another
rising one to take its place.

to it because the berries do not all ripen
at once. All the reply we have to make
is, cultivate the vine well and when they
are eight or nine years old, you will
have as many as you want for the space
of a month at all times. We do not
hesitate to predict, that sparkling wine
will yet be made from this grape, com-
manding a higher price than any other
in the world. And as the vine can be
grown successfully in the Southern
States, we urge it upon the attention of
amateurs, and for the vineyard culture
as far more remunerating than the Ca-
tawba, or any other variety, as it re-
quires but very little attention to cul-
ivate it, is enormously productive, and
probably longer-lived than any other va-
riety.

How to Determine Where Water Is.

At a recent meeting of the American
Institute Farmer's Club, a member re-
lated his experience in this matter as
follows:

"An Irishman in his employment, in
order to ascertain where he ought to dig
to obtain water soonest, got a stone
and buried it over night in the ground,
next to the hardpan. Next morning he
found it quite moist, but not sufficiently
to suit his fancy. Next night he tried
it in another spot, and it was found very
wet on the following. 'There,' said
Patrick 'you will find water not many
feet deep, and plenty of it'—Sure en-
ough, in a few days' digging, Patrick
confirmed his prediction, notwithstanding
the jeers of the workmen—finding a
vein which filled the well to overflowing,
and, rendering it exceedingly
difficult to bail out the water so as to
stone it. The philosophy of the opera-
tion seems to be that as great evapora-
tion takes place from the surface of the earth
during the night, the water rises up from
the depths below to supply the loss, and
accumulates in the vicinity of the stone,
often makes quite a pond."

James Hepper, a young miner
from Idaho, stopped in Chicago the
other day, while on his way home in Michi-
gan, with a belt full of gold. While
there he fell in with a number of fes-
tive young folks of both sexes, to whom
he exhibited his dust. They declared
themselves profoundly interested in
everything relating to Idaho, and in-
vited him to try a drop of Chicago whis-
ky. He tried it, and as if he hadn't
succeeded, they induced him to try, try
again. They then convinced him that
he ought at once to convert his gold in-
to greenbacks, and one of them told
him he had a friend who would give
him a splendid price for it. James
turned over the gold and is still waiting
for the fellow to come back with the
greenbacks.

CALVIN GLOVER..... JAMES A. BALE

NEW FIRM.
GLOVER & BALE,
DEALERS IN
GROCERIES & PRODUCE,
Corner of Broad and Bridge Streets, opposite
the Market.

October 13, 1866.—3m.

THOS. BERRY, J. M. ELLIOTT.

CHAS. M. HARPER, JOHN M. BERRY.

Berry, Elliott & Co.,

GROCERS.

AND

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

NEAR RAILROAD DEPOT & STEAM-

BOAT WHARF, &c.

Rome, Ga.

WE are now receiving a large assortment

of

GROCERIES.

which we offer to the trade at a small

advance on cost.

COTTON OR PRODUCE

shipped us for sale, shall have special atten-

tion, and liberal CASH ADVANCES will be

made on the same, if desired.

BERRY, ELLIOTT & CO.

sept 8 3m.

A. G. PITNER, S. P. SMITH, J. H. COOPER.

PITNER, COOPER & CO.

Wholesale and Retail

GROCERS

AND

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

Pitner's Corner, Broad St., Rome, Ga.

W. L. Receive and Sell, Ship

or Store COTTON and other

Produce for the Planters. Mr.

J. H. Cooper, who has had long experience

in the Cotton trade will give his special at-

tention to that branch of the business.

Rome, Ga., Sept. 28, 1866.—6m.

G. C. ELLIS, J. H. CALDWELL

ELLIS & CALWELL,

Attorneys at Law.

AND

Solicitor in Chancery.

JACKSONVILLE, ALA.

HAVING associated themselves in the

practice of Law, will practice together,

except in CRIMINAL CASES, in the county of

Calhoun, Talladega, St. Clair, Randolph,

Cherokee and DeKalb. Jan. 6, 1866.

Great Distribution

BY THE

American Jewellers' Association

Depots: 37 & 39 Nassau, 54, 56 &

58 Liberty St.,

NEW YORK CITY.

Of Rosewood Pianos and Melodions, Fine
Oil Paintings, Engravings, Silver Ware
and Watches, and Elegant Jewellery, con-
sisting of Diamond Pins, Diamond
Rings, Gold Bracelets, Coral, Pearl
and Cameo Sets, Gold Pens,
with Gold and Silver Exten-
sion Rickers, Silver But-
tons, Sets of Studs, Vest
and Neck Chains, Plain
and Kased, Gold
Chains, &c., &c.,
valued at

\$1,000,000, FOR ONE DOLLAR.

which they need not pay until it is known
what is drawn and its value.

THE AMERICAN JEWELLERS' AS-
SOCIATION calls your attention to the fact
of its being the largest and most popular Jew-
ellery Association in the United States. The
business is and always has been conducted in
the most candid and honorable manner. Our
rapidly increasing trade is a sure guarantee
of the appreciation of our patrons for this
method of obtaining rich, elegant and
costly goods. The sudden stagnation of
trade in Europe, owing to the late German
War and recent disastrous financial crisis in
England, has caused the failure of a large
number of Jewellery Houses in London and
Paris, obliging them to sell their goods at a
great sacrifice, in some instances less than one
third the cost of manufacturing. We have
lately purchased very largely of these Bank-
rupt Goods at such extremely low prices,
that we can afford to send away finer goods,
and give better chances to draw the most val-
uable prizes than any other establishment do-
ing a similar business. OUR AIM IS TO
PLEASE and we respectfully solicit your
patronage, as we are confident of giving the
utmost satisfaction. During the past year
we have furnished a number of the most val-
uable prizes to all parts of the country. Those
who patronize us will receive the full
value of their money, as to articles on our list
is worth less than One Dollar, retail, and
there are no blanks. Parties dealing with us
may depend upon having prompt returns,
and the article drawn will be immediately
sent to any address by return mail or express.

The following parties have recently drawn
valuable prizes from the American Jewellers'
Association, and have kindly allowed the use
of their names:

Charles J. Hunter, Esq., Treasury Department,
Washington, D. C., Piano, value
\$300; Miss Anna G. Yates, 52 St. Mark's
Place, N. Y., Sewing Machine, value \$75;
Brig. Gen. L. L. Hanson, U. S. Vols., Nash-
ville, Tenn., Silver Tea Set, value \$150; Miss
Emma Hunter, 63 Front St., Harrisburg, Pa.,
Sewing Machine, value \$50; Lieut. C. W. Wal-
ter, Chattanooga, Quartermaster, Louisville,
Kentucky, Gold Watch, value \$150; Wm. S.
Haines, 247 King St., Charleston, S. C., Sil-
ver Watch, value \$50; Alexander Johnson,
Esq., Editor Muskateer Pioneer, Muskateer,
Miss., Ladies' Enamelled Watch, value \$150;
Samuel Lee, Esq., President Colorado and
Red Bank Mining Company, San Francisco,
Cal., Melodion, value \$200; Aaron S. Long,
Esq., Principal Elkhardt Collegiate Institute,
Elkhart N. J., Diamond Pin, value \$200; R. M.
Longstreet, Montgomery, Ala., Music Box
value \$75; Rev. Isaac Van Lutzer, Albany,
N. Y., Gold Lined Dining Set, value \$300;
Miss Clara Luqueer, Dayton, Ohio, Piano-
forte, value \$100, and Diamond Pin, value
\$15.

many names could be placed on the List,
but we publish no names without permission.
Our patrons are desired to send United States
Currency when it is convenient.

PARTIAL LIST OF ARTICLES

TO BE

SOLD FOR ONE DOLLAR EACH

Without regard to value, and not to be paid

for until you see what you are to receive:

15 Elegant Rosewood Pianos, worth from \$200 to \$450

15 Elegant Melodions, worth from \$175 to \$250

50 First Class Sewing Machines, 40 to 300

75 Fine Oil Paintings, 30 to 100

150 Fine Steel Engravings, 20 to 30

50 Music Boxes, 25 to 40

150 Revolving Patent Castors, 20 to 40

Silver, 20 to 40

50 Silver Fruit and Cake Baskets, 20 to 35

400 Sets of Tea and table Spoons, 20 to 40

150 Gold Hunting Case Watches, warranted, 50 to 150

100 Diamond Rings, cluster & single set, 75 to 250

175 Gold Watches, 85 to 150

300 Ladies Watches, 60 to 100

500 Silver Watches, 20 to 75

Diamond Pins, Brooches and Ear drops,

Ladies' Sets Gold, Coral, Jet and Gold,

Florentine, Mosaic, Lava and Cameo, Sets of

Studs, Vest and Neck Chains, Plain and

Clashed Gold Rings, Gold Thimbles, Lockets,

New style Belt Buckles, Gold Pens and Pen-
cils, Fancy Work Boxes, Gold Pens with a
large assortment of Fine Silver ware and Jew-
ellery of every description, of the best make &
latest styles.

A chance to obtain any of the above Ar-
ticles for ONE DOLLAR, by purchasing a
sealed envelope for 25 cts.

Five Sealed Envelopes will be sent for \$1;
Eleven for \$2; Thirty for \$5; Sixty-five
for \$10; One Hundred for \$15.

Agents wanted everywhere.

Unequaled inducements offered to Ladies
and Gents who will act as such. Our de-
scriptive circulars will be sent on application.

Distributions are made in the following
manner:—Certificates naming each article &
its value are placed in sealed envelopes, which
are well mixed. One of these envelopes con-
taining the Certificate or Order for some article,
will be delivered at our office, or sent by
mail to any address, without regard to choice,
on receipt of 25 cents.

On receiving the Certificate the purchaser
will see what article it draws and its value,
and can then send One Dollar, and receive
the article named, or can choose any other
article on our list of the same value.

Purchasers of our Sealed Envelopes may, in
this manner, obtain an article worth from one
to five hundred dollars.

Long Letters are unnecessary. Have the
kindness to write plain directions, and in
choosing different articles from those drawn,
mention the style desired.

*Orders for SEALED ENVELOPES
must be in every case be accompanied with
cash, in the name of the person sending, &
Town, county and State plainly written.

Letters should be addressed to the Man-
agers, as follows:

HERMAN, WATSON & CO.

37 & 39, Nassau St., New York City.

COTTON.

I WILL pay the highest market price for

Cotton in the seed and for Cotton ready

for market. I will also pay the taxes—make

liberal advances (also pay 8 per cent on

the advances) and attend to the Shipping of

cotton consigned to Messrs. Tarlton, Ledyard

& Co., Mobile, Ala.

JOHN M. WYLY.

Nov. 3, 1866.

NEW

DRUG STORE.

No. 3, Choice House, ROME, Ga.

"Short Profits and Quick Returns."

P. L. TURNLEY. W. R. GIBBONS.

TURNLEY & GIBBONS

Assurance to the public that they are receiv-

ing a large stock of

Pure Drugs & Medicines,

Having bought most of them

Since the Heavy Decline,

We are prepared to sell at

WHOLESALE on very reason-

able terms. We flatter ourselves

that no house with this side of Au-

gusta can compete with us! In

addition to our extensive stock

of Drugs, we offer Clover, Lu-

corne, Orchard, Hards, Blue and

Timothy GRASS SEED.

Also, Milled, Buckwheat, &c.

&c. Also a great variety of

KEROSENE LAMPS.

Which we are offering extremely low. Our

stock consists in part of the following ar-

ticles:

Combs, Brushes, Toilet Soaps, Per-

fumery, Colognes, Yankee Notions,

Fine Wine, Brandy and

Whisky.

For Medical purposes—Matches, Mustard, Ink

and Acetic,

22 lbs. Acid, Acetic,

32 oz. Benzoic Acid,

50 lbs. Nitric "

50 " Muriac "

136 " Sulphuric "

84 gals. 95 per cent. Alcohol,

100 oz. Sulf Quinine,

275 lbs. Alum,

57 " Spts. Ammonia,

63 " Nitric Dulcer,

27 " Assafoetida,

53 " Balsum Copivia,

58 " Blue Mass,

50 " Refined Borax,

32 " Calomel,

44 gals. Castor Oil,

12 boxes Toilet Soap,

15 lbs. Chloroform,

50 " Cream Tartar,

12 " Dover Powder,

100 " Black Pepper,

100 " Cayenne Pepper, powd.

50 " Gum Arabic,

25 " Gum Myrrh,

50 " Pressed Hops,

2000 " White Lead,

2 " Red Lead,

5 lbs. Sassafras, assorted

sizes.

112 gross Window Glass, assorted

209 " assorted Corks,

12 ozs. Sulf. Morphine,

35 lbs. Carb. Magnesia,

200 " Epsom Salts,

300 " Flower'd Sulphur,

321 " Brimstone,

600 " Copernum,

27 " Gum Opium,

5 " Powdered Opium,

10 " Iodide Potash,

24 doz. Seidlitz's Powders,

300 lbs. Bi Carb Soda,

25 ozs Tannin,

25 lbs. Sugar of Lead,

12 doz. Concentrated Lye,

60 lbs. Madras Indigo,

100 " Lamp Black,

100 " Blue & Lead,

172 " Chrome Green,



VOL. 30

Jacksonville

EDITED, PRINTED
SATURDAY
J. F.

LAND
BUGH FRANK

and sale of all Land
ing of Property, &
the counties of Cal
and Randolph. A
room of the Store
Woodward, Jacks

Black

THE
press
press
deser
each
pos. &c. and all
work and repairs
side of main street
immediately back
March 3, 1866.

W. C.

W. C.
CONTR
Business:
side of 11
of materials on
despatch and at
Jacksonville.

Watch

repaired
E. B.

For the pres
Kalam H
of the public s

CALHOUN

THE under
informs
ly, that these
with their m
and having r
White & Phi
Commissions
bills for mar
tand in pers
ing for sales
services. Fi
the proper si
at the lowest
The serv
have been s
me your pat
interest to d

June 30,

New

THE un
mores
stones of en
grind corn,
of as good
mills of the
south of J
oad.
March 1'

ALL
signed at
and settl
wind up
ber. A
ed to pro
the 1st
y
Jacks

JOHN W

A

Sol

W
Jefferson
shall; a
Prom
all clai

E.

Mu
Fc
POC

Rifle
sold
ly. In
bery
shou
P
late
wor
in t
C
our
F