

JANUARY

Jacksonville Republican

VOL. 29, NO. 47. JACKSONVILLE, ALA., JANUARY 20, 1866. WOHLER NO. 1503.

Jacksonville Republican.
EDITED, PRINTED & PUBLISHED, EVERY SATURDAY MORNING, BY
J. F. GRANT.

LAND AGENCY.
HUGH FRANCIS
WILL attend to the purchase of Property, & confided to his care in the counties of Calhoun, St. Clair, Cherokee, and Randolph, Ala. Office in the counting room of the Store formerly occupied by E. L. Woodward, Jacksonville, Ala.

REMOVAL.
Dr. J. Y. NISBET has removed his Office to the Drug Store, east side of the Public Square, where he will continue the practice of Medicine as usual and where he may be always found unless professionally absent.
Nov. 25, '65.—if

Executors Notice.
LETTERS testamentary on the Estate of J. W. Basler, dec'd, having been granted to the undersigned by the Probate Court of Calhoun County, Ala., on the 2nd day of December, 1865; notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against said estate to present them, legally authenticated, within the time prescribed by law, or they will be barred; and all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payments.
Dec. 9, '65. R. G. RAGAN, Ex'r.

NOTICE.
ALL persons indebted to the firm of J. D. Hoke & Bro. will please call without delay and settle; as I will be reluctantly compelled to place the debts in the hands of an attorney for collection.
Jno. D. HOKE, Surv. Partner.

Administrators Sale.
THE undersigned, Administrator of the Estate of James Caldwell, late of Calhoun County, Ala. dec'd; by virtue of an order made by the Honorable the Probate Court of said county, will offer for sale at public vendue to the highest bidder, within the legal hours of such sale, at the late residence of said James Caldwell, deceased in said County.

ON TUESDAY THE 30th DAY OF JANUARY 1866.
The following described personal property, to-wit:
One MARE, and
One MULE.
ONE LOT OF SHEEP.

Purchasers thereof will be required to give notes due twelve months after date, with two approved securities: interest from date.
GEO. I. TURNLEY, Administrator.
December 16, 1865.

W. R. HENDRIX, ORO. P. BURNETT, A. M. RIXBY
W. R. HENDRIX & CO.,
Commission Merchants, Broad Street, Jacksonville, Ala.
Will attend to the sale, storing and forwarding of Cotton, Produce and Merchandise generally. All consignments to the above firm, of Burnett & Rixby, will receive prompt attention.

JOHN G. BELL & BRO.,
General Commission Merchants, OFFICE WOODSON BUILDING, UP STAIRS, OPPOSITE GEN HOUSE, WATER STREET, JACKSONVILLE, ALA.
Will give prompt attention to all consignments entrusted to their care. Consignments of Cotton and Country Produce generally, respectfully solicited.
Oct. 28, 1865.

NEW BUSINESS
In Jacksonville.
THE undersigned respectfully announce to the public, that they have opened an
AUCTION
AND
COMMISSION HOUSE

In the front room of M. J. Turnley's Law Office, and propose to do a General Auction and Commission Business; will receive on consignment, and sell every description of produce, from a pound of Butter to a Bale of Cotton, and every description of Merchandise. We will have regular Auction Sales on the first and third Mondays in each month, or oftener if necessary. We will make it our special business to sell at auction on the first and third Saturdays in each month, live stock, such as Horses, Mules, Cattle, Hogs, &c.; and we request all persons having such property to sell, to bring it in to us on those days, by 10 o'clock, A. M.
We propose in connection with the above to keep a general

INTELLIGENCE OFFICE.
where Freedmen and others wishing to get situations, and those who want to hire such, can do so on the most liberal terms. We request all who are out of employment, to call at our office and give their names, location & kind of employment desired, and those wishing to hire laborers of any kind, to find it to their interest, to give us a call, and obtain a list of persons for sale, to merit and obtain a liberal patronage in our new enterprise.
Jan. 6, 1866. E. H. & W. E. WYNN.

DRUGS, DRUGS.
Strob. Knight & Co.
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL
DRUGGISTS.
We are now receiving a large and well-selected stock of
DRUGS, MEDICINES, PAINTS, OILS, GLASS, VARNISHES, DYE STUFFS, PATENT MEDICINES, PERFUMERY, &c.
We are also agents for the sale of Physicians and Dealers generally to buy of us. We are prepared to sell goods cheaper than at any point this side of the Ohio river, as we receive our goods direct from the manufacturers. Our motto—
Quick Sales and Small profits.

The very best of
Imported Wines & Liquors
purchased on hand, at wholesale and retail. Also a CHOICE WINE for sacramental purposes.
You will certainly find it to your advantage to give us a call before purchasing elsewhere.
Call at
MCGUIRE & PIPSON'S OLD STAND,
ON BROAD ST. ROME, GA.,
Nov. 26 '65.—3m.

M. J. TURNLEY,
Attorney at Law,
AND
Solicitor in Chancery.
GENERAL ADMINISTRATOR for Calhoun County, and General Collecting Agent. Office facing East door of the Court House, Jacksonville, Ala., continues the practice of Law in all its branches, in Calhoun and adjoining counties; will give special attention to drawing Wills, Deeds of Conveyance, Powers of Attorney, to the Probate of Wills, Administration of Estates, Guaranties, and will also act as Agent for the sale and purchase of Lands.

ELLIS & CALWELL,
Attorneys at Law,
AND
Solicitor in Chancery.
JACKSONVILLE, ALA.
HAVING associated themselves in the practice of Law, will practice together, except in criminal cases, in the counties of Calhoun, Tallapoosa, St. Clair, Randolph, Cherokee and DeKalb. Jan. 1, 1866.

Administrator's Sale
OF
LAND.

UNDER and by virtue of an order and decree of the Probate Court of Calhoun County, Alabama, made on the 18th day of December, 1865, I will proceed to sell ON TUESDAY, THE 30th DAY OF JANUARY, 1866, at the late residence of John Walker, deceased, at public auction, to the highest bidder, the following described lands, belonging to the estate of said decedent, to-wit: the west half of the south east fourth of section 22, township 13, range 7; the south east fourth of south west fourth of section 15, and north east fourth of north west fourth of section 22, township 13, range 7; the south west fourth of south east fourth of section 22, township 13, range 7, and the south east fourth of north west fourth of section 22, township 13, range 7, east in the 3d. and land District. All the above described land will be sold except the Widow's Dower. It will be sold, one half for cash, and the other half on credit of 12 months, with interest from date. This 30th December, 1865.
S. D. McCLELEN, Adm'r of said Estate.

THE STATE OF ALABAMA,
Cherokee County.
To Matthew G. Casey—you are hereby notified, that at the last term of the Circuit Court for said county, the following order was passed, to-wit:

Tamlin & Burge, vs. Matthew G. Casey, Deft. & P. J. Chisolm and John W. Ramsey, Garnishees. Circuit Court, Fall Term, 1865 came the Plaintiff, by Attorney, & it appearing to the satisfaction of the Court, that the Defendant, Matthew G. Casey is a non-resident of this State. It is ordered by the Court, that publication be made in the Jacksonville Republican, a Newspaper published in the County of Calhoun, for four consecutive weeks, of the issuance and levy of an attachment in this case. A true copy from the minutes.

In pursuance of the above order, you are hereby notified, that on the 2nd day of August last, that an attachment was issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court, against you, at the suit of Lewis Tamlin and William T. Burge, using the firm name of Tamlin & Burge, and was levied by Garnishees the above named parties, and that said suit stands for trial at the next term of our Circuit Court, when and where you can attend and defend if you see proper.
Witness my hand this 20th day of December, 1865
W. H. STIFF, Clerk.
Jan. 13, 1866.—4t.—\$20 00.

Wholesale Drug House.
IN MONTGOMERY, ALA.
HAVING received the privilege of the Drug Store on Market Street, together with the two large warehouses on the same lot, and recently returned from New York and Philadelphia with one of the largest and most complete stocks of
Drugs, Chemicals, Spices, Toilet Soaps, Perfumery and Patent Medicines,
I am enabled to offer a large and well-selected stock of the same, and which for
Purity, Freshness and Excellence,
can not be excelled by any house in the country. Also a great variety of Fresh
GARDEN SEED.

This stock of Drugs and Medicines has been purchased from Importers and Manufacturers, and at prices that will enable me to sell as low as any establishment in the South. Orders accompanied with the cash will receive prompt attention and forwarded to any part of the country.
E. M. READING,
Wholesale and Retail Druggist,
Sign of the Eagle and Mortar,
24 Market Street, corner of Perry.

N. S. PUGH, ALEX. T. HAWTHORN,
PUNCH & HAWTHORN,
Cotton Factors,
AND
GENERAL COMMISSION MERCHANTS.
No. 23, COMMERCE STREET, MOBILE, ALA.
W. B. WYNN, of Jacksonville is our authorized Agent for the purchase and shipment of cotton, orders for Groceries, Plantation Supplies, &c.
P. & H.
Nov. 18, 1865.—3m.

FOR SALE.
A CAST IRON STEAM KETTLE
holding about 40 gallons. Enquire at this Office. Dec. 9, 1865.

DR. M. W. FRANCIS;
HAS resumed the duties of his profession in all its branches. Office, N. W. Corner of Eagle and Square, JACKSONVILLE, ALA. November 18, 1865.—4t.

AMBROTYPES.
E. GOODE, Artist.
HAS prepared an Ambrotype Gallery in this place, over Ryan & Rowland's Store, where he is prepared to take all kinds of AMBROTYPES, put up in fine or common cases, or without cases, at as low prices as can be done any where in this country. He expects in a few weeks to be prepared to take PHOTOGRAPHS with Albums for sale. Those who want Photographs should come in soon and have their Ambrotypes taken, so that the Photographs can be taken from them as soon as he gets ready.
He hopes and believes, from his long past experience, that he can give general satisfaction, and will receive a liberal patronage from citizens of this and surrounding counties. Jacksonville, December 10, 1865.

F. A. WOODSON,
Wholesale Grocer
AND
Commission Merchant,
SEEMA, ALA.
Will make liberal advances
ON COTTON
Consigned to him for Storage in his "FIBRE" (BROWN WAREHOUSE) or for Shipment to his friends in Mobile and New Orleans.

500 Boxes VIRGINIA TOBACCO
on consignment, which will be sold below the market by
Selma, Dec. 30. F. A. WOODSON.
A. G. PITNER, S. P. SMITH, J. H. COOPER,
PITNER, COOPER & CO.,
Wholesale and Retail
GROCERS
AND
COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
Fisher's Corner, Broad St., Rome, Ga.
Will receive and Sell, Ship or Store COTTON and other Produce for the Planters. Mr. J. H. Cooper, who has had long experience in the Cotton Trade, will give his special attention to that branch of the business.
Rome, Ga., Sept. 23, 1865.—6m.

HILLS & PANCHEN,
DEALERS IN
HARDWARE,
AND
AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS,
(SIGN OF THE PADLOCK.)
Broad Street, Rome, Ga.
Charles E. Hills. J. Seymour Panchen.

COTTON SEED
FOR SALE.
We have received a lot of FRESH COTTON SEED from the lower country which we offer for sale. Call soon if you wish to be supplied.
S. & S. J. MORGAN.
Oxford, Ala. Dec. 2, 1865.—4t.

Administrator's Notice.
LETTERS of Administration on the Estate of Daniel Heifner, dec'd, having been granted to the undersigned, by the Probate Court of Calhoun County Ala. on the 27th day of July, 1865; notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against said Estate, to present them legally authenticated within the time prescribed by law or they will be barred; and all persons indebted are requested to make payment.
Jan. 13. J. CRANKFIELD, Adm.

ADMINISTRATOR'S SALE
OF
PERSONAL PROPERTY.
UNDER and by virtue of an Order of the Probate Court of Calhoun County, Ala. made on the 10th day of January, 1866, I will proceed to sell on MONDAY the 12th day of FEBRUARY, 1866, at the late residence of Daniel Heifner, deceased, the following described Personal Property, belonging to said Estate, to-wit:

One Gin Head and Ox Wagon,
One Cow & Calf and two Yearlings,
One Heifer and Six MULES,
Three Scythes and Cradles,
One lot of Farming Utensils,
One Log Chain and one Fifth chain,
Five head of HOGS,
One Spade, Shovel and Mattock,
One Buggy and Harness,
The Gearings of a two horse Wagon,
One Lot of COTTON SEED.
Sold on a credit of 12 months, with interest from date of sale. Note and approved security will be required of purchasers.
J. CRANKFIELD, Adm'r of said Estate.
January 13th, 1866.—4t.
JOHN FOSTER, WM. H. FORNEY,
FOSTER & FORNEY,
Attorneys at Law,
Jacksonville Alabama.

WILL practice in the Counties of Calhoun, Tallapoosa, Randolph, St. Clair, Cherokee, DeKalb and the Supreme Court of the State.
Dec. 23d, 1865.

Administrator's Notice.
LETTERS of Administration on the Estate of Lewis L. Hixon, dec'd having been granted to the undersigned by the Probate Court of Calhoun County, Ala. on the 20th day of Dec. 1865; notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against said Estate to present them, legally authenticated, within the time prescribed by law, or they will be barred; and all persons indebted will make payment.
Jan 6
ABNER PHILLIPS, Adm'r.

Administrator's Notice.
LETTERS of Administration upon the Estate of Richard L. Phillips, deceased having been granted to the undersigned on the 1st day of November, 1865, by the Honorable John K. Hoge Judge of Probate Court of DeKalb County. Notice is hereby given that all persons having claims against said Estate will be required to present the same within the time allowed by law, or that the same will be barred. **ABNER PHILLIPS,** Adm.
Jan. 13.

[From the Republican-Banner.]
BEELE ARR TO HIS FRIEND.
MR. JOHN HAPPY—SER.

I want to write to you personally about some things that weigh on me I look upon you as a friend, and I feel like dropping a few lines by way of unburdening my sorrowful reflections. For the last few years you have travelled round a right smart and must have had a heap of luminous observations. I hear you are now living in Nashville, where you can see all sides of everything and read all the papers, where you can study Paradise lost without a book, and see the Devil and his angels, without drawing on the imagination, and I thought maybe you might assist me in my troubled feelings. I have always, Mr. Happy, endeavored to see the bright side of every pikter if it had any, but there is one or two subjects about which I had mighty nigh gittin' it up.

I want you to tell me if you can, about what time are the black republicans going to quit persecutin our people? What are they so overlastin mad with us about? Old Skewball says its for treason that we're gone and done, and that I am the slowest persecutin man he ever seed not to have found it out.

Now I reason is a mighty bad thing, and any man found guilty of treason ought to be talked to by a preacher right under a gallus, and then be allowed to stand on nothin for a few hours by the clock. Shore enuf treason I mean, Treason where a man slips around on the sly in time of war, and take sides agin his country. Just as though for instance, I should have worked agin my survin State after she had seceded, and had stole her powder or deserted her in her time of peril, while she was defendin herself against the combined assaults of the world the flesh and the devil. I wouldn't have blamed nobody for hangin me for the like, would you? But Skewball says we aint got no surven States—that the war has settled the question agin us on that pin. I dont think so my friend. I admit that we aint nothin in partikler now, but we did hav surven States before the war, and the sword aint settled nor unseled no great principles. Where aint no trial of right or wrong by force of battle now a days. For mighty nigh a

hundred years this country have been a big debatin society on these questions. From the time of Hamilton and Jefferson down to 1861, the right of a State to dissolve her own partnership has been argued by powerful minded men, and there has been more for it than agin it. More Presidents—more Senators, more statesmen, more judges, more people: Massachusetts and Connecticut were for it at one time, and bellered round and found dirt amazin to git out, but they panted out Barcus was willin and they didnt go. I believe however, that old Nutmeg did stay out about two hours and a half.

Well the South went out mity unwillingly. Mr. Happy, as you know. She had been mity nigh kicked out for a long time, and there was a big party that wanted us to go out and stay out. Every body knows that we did not git along in peace, so we concluded to do like Abraham and his brother in law; to separate our households. What they wanted to keep us for I never could see, and cant see yit. I wouldn't have a nigger or a dog to stay round me that didnt want to. Some say they wanted us to strengthen em agin their enemies in case of a furrin war. Does any man in his senses expect us to help the black republicans whip any body? Have we got any worse enemies than they are? They cant make us fight I reckon if we dont want to. We've fust enuf and made nothin by it but glory, and we aint a going to gine in another war to gratify other people. Daddys says before he'd pull a trigger for Thad Stevens, he'd have his soul transmigrated to a bench legged fice, and bark at his daddys mules 2000 years. I wonder if the experience of the last four years aint satisfied these fellows that our boys are a dangerous set to be turned loose in time of war. Wouldent you think that as a matter of policy they would soft soldier us a little, and quit their slanderin. If we do fight for em, there will be one condition certain—They must be put where David put Uriah, and our boys wont consent to make a chage or two bein em at the pit of the bayonet.

But I want you to tell me, John: if I am right about the history of this business. It aint a long story and I'll tell it the way I see it. Old Pewrytan went off one day with some ships, and took a few heads and juce harps and bought up a lot of captured niggers from the Hotentots or some other lots, and stole a few more on the coast of Afriky and brought em over and educated em to work in the field, and cut wood, and skeer bars and so forth, but not includin votin nor musterin nor the jury bises nor so forth.

Well, atter while they found that the cold winds, and codfish airs of New England didnt agree with the nigger, and so they began to slide em down South as fast as possible. Atter they had sold em and got the money, they jined the church and became sanctified about slavery, sorter like the woman that got converted and then give all her movels away to her unconverted sister. Well, the Old Dominion and sich of her sorsas Washington, Jefferson, and Madison, and Randolph, bought em and worked em to satisfaction where upon old Pew got jealous and began to preach agin it to break it down. The fact is they wouldnt work gals in their factories if it were not so profitable, for they are conscientiously opposed to everything that dont put money in their pockets. Atter while they went into the striped amank business, makin bloody pikters poor lacerated nigger gettin a hundred lashes for nothin, and mournin for their first born because they were not. then they started the stealin program, and while we were tryin all the big courts and little courts to git back one sifly milleniar by the name of Dred Skrot, they were stealin from five to fifty a day, and coverin their carcasses all over with nigger larency, and manglin the Constitution into an abolishment wash. They built a fence around the institution as high as Haman's gallus, and heamed it in, and laid seige to it jest like an army would bessege a city to starve out the inhabitants. They kept peggin at us untell we got mad—shore enuf mad—and we resolved to cut loose from em and paddle our own canoo.

Now all this time we had some good friends among em—some who swore we were imposed upon, and said we had good cause to dissolve the partnership. They said that if we did seced and the abolitionists made war upon us, they would stand by us and throw their lives and fortunes and their sacred honor right in the breach, and the first fight would be over their dead bodies and so forth and so on. My memory is bad, but I remember that some of em were named James Buchanan, and Dan Dickinson, and John Cokram, and Logan, and Cushin, and Butler, surnamed the Beast, and McLernard, and Steven A. Douglas who got his commission about the time he died, and carried it with him to parts unknown, and lastly a man by the name of Andy Johnson, who I suppose are some distant relation to the President of the United States of Amer-

ity. But a man aint responsible for the bad conduct of his relations; and I dont throw it up to nobody. I suppose that our President are doin the best he can, and Mr. Ehrbridge oughtent to be taken up his record.

Well the war come on, shore enuf Logan and Cushin and McLernard and Butler and Company puzzled around a while like bumblebees till they were bought up and then they got their reward and they are welcome to it so far as I am concerned.

How is it now, Mr. Happy? They conquered us by the sword; but they havent convinced us of nuttin much that I know of. All is lost save honor, and that they cant steal from us nor tarnish.

If they had held out the hand of fellowship, we would have made friends and buried the hatchet. But the very mint they whipped us, they begun to holler treason from one end of the country to the other, just like they had made a gran new discovery. It seemd to strike em all of a sudden like an Xpost fakto law, and they wanted to go into a general hangin bises, and keep it up as long as they could find rope and timber.

Now the idea of several millions of American freeman, being guilty of treason at once! The idea of applyin such a crime to eleven great siven States, which met in solemn convention and in light of day dissolved a Union they had created, and which had been a disunion for twenty years! The idea of applyin treason to the Old Dominion the mother of States and of Washington and Jefferson and Madison and Marshall and Patrick Henry and all the Lees, and who give away all the territory in the north-west for nothin! Is this to be scandalized by these new light christians who are compounded from all the skum of all creation, and think that Paul and Peter and Revelations has been for 200 years makin special arrangements for receivein their sanctified souls in Paradise.

Treason the dickens! Wheres your dictionary? Wheres Daniel Webster? Wheres the history of the Amerkin revolution?

No! it aint treason nor reason—but its devilish infernal inhuman ass. What do they keep Mr. Davis in jail for? I hear sum say that aint Mr. Johnson's voluntary doings; but the tremendous pressure of the surrounding circumstances. Aint Mr. Davis a great and good man? If Andy Johnson aint an infidel, wouldnt he swap chances for heaven with him an, give all his earthly estate to boot?

If Mr. Davis's honor and integrity, and patriotism, and true courage were weighed in a balance against Sumner's and Steven's, and all of his enemies, wouldnt he outweigh em all? Went his conduct in Mexico, and in the late war, and his nobility of character live long and grow bright in history, while the memory of the howns that are bayin him in his dungeon will sink into oblivion? I think so—that what I say, and I'll bet on it, and Charles, O'Conner and all the women in the country will go my halvos.

But there aint no particular point in all this, Mr. Happy. Its only my opinion, thats all. I maybe a tarial fool, and I sometimes feel like I am a fool about every thing and dont know nothin. I'm tryin my best, however, to take things jest as I find em, and my principal bises for the last two months have been wealth niggers to make em feel free. I put em all out to take care of themselves, but they keep comin back to me, and it keeps me workin day and night to provide for em. I've been willin a long time for em to be free if they could take care of themselves; and I dont know what Thad Stevens is a fussin about, unless he is jest mad because our boys burnt his iron works. If thats all, we can plegd the ruins of various similar establishments in these regions, and get a judgment agin him.

But I'm about through, Mr. Happy, with what I had to say. Only this—if there ever was an afflicted people that needed frendits us. If we've got any frends any where, I want em to show their hands and stand by us in our trouble.

I feel like reachin out to the five points of the compass in search of sympathy, and if there is an honest statesman or a brave soldier north of the line who loves his fell-w men, let him open his heart and meet us on half-way ground. We aint afeerd of beasts or varmints—of devils or demons—of Stevens or Sumner—but we are a warn hearted and forgrin people, and love our frends.

Aint we and dont we?

Yours, everlastingly
BILL ARP.

P. S.—Is Brownlow dead yit? I'm writin his obituary, and thought I would like for the sad event to come off as soon as possible. I wish you would send me a list of your members who voted for that resolution declarin Gen. Lee and Mr. Davis infamous. We are gittin up a bill in the Georgy Legislature, declarin them infamous who voted for the resolution. Fight the devil with fire is my motto.

Terms of Subscription. For one year, in advance, \$3 00 For 6 months, " 1 75

Terms of Advertising. One square of ten lines or less, first insertion, \$2 00 Each subsequent insertion, 1 00

CANDIDATES. For Circuit Judge. We are authorized to announce Hon. M. J. Turnley, of Jacksonville, as a candidate for Judge of the 10th Judicial Circuit

For Judge of Probate. We are authorized to announce John Henderson, Esq., of Talladega, as a candidate for Judge of the 10th Judicial Circuit

For Judge of Probate. We are authorized to announce Hon. A. Woods, as a candidate for Probate Judge for Calhoun county

For Judge of Probate. We are authorized to announce Wm. H. Burton, Esq., as a candidate for Probate Judge of Calhoun county

For Judge of Probate. We are authorized to announce J. C. McAuley, Esq., as a candidate for Probate Judge of Calhoun county

For Judge of Probate. We are authorized to announce Capt. J. B. Farmer, as a candidate for Probate Judge of Calhoun County

D. M. FULENWIDER, with Harrell, Eskridge & Sturdivant, of Selma, is our authorized Agent, to contract, receive and receipt for subscription and advertising for the Republican.

Attention is invited to the card of Messrs. LYLES & FORD, a reliable, attentive and accommodating business firm of Selma.

R. B. KYLE offers for sale 4 yoke of Work Oxen.

E. L. WOODWARD. The numerous friends and acquaintances of this gentleman, so long and favorably known as a Merchant in our community, will be pleased to learn that he has received his mercantile business at the old stand.

Messrs. R. H. & W. B. WYNN, will offer on Monday week next, about \$5,000 worth of Goods and Groceries.

Messrs. M. & L. OPPENHEIMER, as will be seen by reference to their advertisement, are offering their entire stock of goods at cost for the next 30 days.

Messrs. JUDSON, DUNCAN & CO., who have already become familiar to our readers through our advertising columns, now offer a fine assortment of Hardware, &c.

RE-INTERMENT. Tuesday last, the 19th inst. was a day of sad and gloomy to our Town.

BY TELEGRAPH. From Washington. The Right of Suffrage in the District of Columbia.

Mobile and New York Markets. Mobile, Jan. 12.—Sales of Cotton to day 2,300 bales.

Washington, Jan. 11.—In the Senate, to-day, Johnson made a speech denying that Congress has the power to declare war against a State.

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believe their memories in the hearts of those who knew them as friends and comrades in arms. Nevertheless, it is believed, that a brief outline of their career, will prove interesting to those who staked all and suffered all in the same heroic cause in which those gallant young spirits so nobly risked up their lives.

After passing through the usual academic career in our schools, he was matriculated in the Florence Wesleyan University, and was far advanced in his senior year, when the tocsin of war was sounded.

Alfred M. Crow, second son of James Crow, one of our oldest and most respectable citizens, was born in our village, Oct. 18th, 1846, and was 17 years, 5 months and one day old when he fell.

Alfred M. Crow, second son of James Crow, one of our oldest and most respectable citizens, was born in our village, Oct. 18th, 1846, and was 17 years, 5 months and one day old when he fell.

Alfred M. Crow, second son of James Crow, one of our oldest and most respectable citizens, was born in our village, Oct. 18th, 1846, and was 17 years, 5 months and one day old when he fell.

Alfred M. Crow, second son of James Crow, one of our oldest and most respectable citizens, was born in our village, Oct. 18th, 1846, and was 17 years, 5 months and one day old when he fell.

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4 yoke Work Oxen FOR SALE. Apply to R. B. KYLE. Jan. 20, '66.

LYLES & FORD, GENERAL RECEIVING, FORWARDING AND Commission Merchants, CITY WHARF—CORNER FRANKLIN & WATER STS. SELMA, ALA.

E. L. Woodward HAS received and now offers for sale an assortment of DRY GOODS, OF desirable styles and qualities.

SELLING OFF At Cost!! GREAT SACRIFICE!! BARGAINS OFFERED!!

\$3,000 WORTH GOODS At Auction. THE largest sale of Dry Goods ever offered in this county.

Hardware! Hardware! We have opened to-day a fine lot of Hardware and Cutlery.

LOCKS. Dead Locks, Fine Locks, Latch and Drop Latch Locks, Plate Locks of all sizes.

FILES. Hand saw Files, Taper Files, Half round and Flat Bastard Files, Britanna, German Silver and Iron Table and Tea Spoons.

MUSIC LESSONS. ON THE PIANO, given by Mrs. M. E. FRANKLIN, commencing with the session of the Jacksonville Female Academy.

CORN. FRANCIS & CO. Jacksonville, Ala. R. B. STEWART & CO. Blue Mountain, & Oxford, Ala.

E. GILLMAN & CO. Broad Street, SELMA, ALA. WHOLESALE & RETAIL GROCERIES.

THE STATE OF ALABAMA, Calhoun County. Court of Probate for said County. Special Term, January 9th, 1866.

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OLD BANK BILLS. I am paying Mobile or Montgomery prices for Bills of Georgia, North Carolina, Alabama.

ASS'T ASSESSOR'S OFFICE. U. S. INTERNAL REVENUE. 14th Division 3d Dis. Ala. To all Whom it May Concern.

THE BEST POLICY IS A POLICY OF INSURANCE. ISSUED BY THE HOME INSURANCE COMPANY—Cash Capital \$500,000.

D. M. FULENWIDER. WITH HARRELL, ESKRIDGE & STURDIVANT, PERRY CO. Selma, Marengo Co.

Commission Merchants, AND WHOLESALE & RETAIL DEALERS IN Staple and Fancy GROCERIES.

Plantation & Family Supplies, WATER STREET, SELMA, ALA.

Commission Merchants, AND WHOLESALE & RETAIL DEALERS IN DRY GOODS, CLOTHING!

Commission Merchants, AND WHOLESALE & RETAIL DEALERS IN EVERY SPECIES OF MERCHANDISE.

Commission Merchants, AND WHOLESALE DEALERS IN GROCERIES, Wines, Liquors, &c.

BLANK DEEDS, FOR SALE AT THIS OFFICE.

JUDSON, DUNCAN & CO. \$100,000 WORTH OF Dry Goods, Boots and Shoes, Clothing, Groceries, Yankee Notions, &c.

At a reduction of 25 per cent from prices ruling 60 days ago. One of our firm, an old and experienced buyer, well acquainted with the wants of the people in this section, has just returned from the Northern markets with a heavy and well assorted stock of goods.

GROCERIES, &c. 300 sacks Buckwheat Flour, 100 boxes Western Cheese, 100 doz assorted Tobacco.

NEW STORE, NEW GOODS, NEW PRICES! Great Decline in Dry Goods!!

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Jacksonville Republican

VOL. 29, NO. 48.

JACKSONVILLE, ALA., JANUARY 27, 1866.

WOHLE NO. 1504.

Jacksonville Republican.

EDITED, PRINTED AND PUBLISHED, EVERY SATURDAY MORNING, BY J. F. GRANT.

LAND AGENCY.

HUGH FRANCIS WILL attend to the purchase and sale of all Lands, Water Powers, Renting of Property, &c. confined to his care in the counties of Calhoun, St. Clair, Cherokee and Randolph, Ala. Office in the counting room of the Store formerly occupied by E. L. Woodward, Jacksonville, Ala.

REMOVAL.

DR. J. Y. NISBET has removed his Office to the Drug Store, east side of the Public Square, where he will continue the practice of Medicine as usual and where he may be always found unless professionally absent. Nov. 25, '65.

C. PELHAM,

Attorney at Law, Talladega, Ala. WILL give prompt attention to all business entrusted to his care in Calhoun, St. Clair, Randolph and Talladega counties. Special attention will be given to obtaining PATENT RIGHTS. Arrangements have been made to secure protection to property within the shortest time possible. Office on the east side of the public square, formerly occupied by Gov. Parsons. Sep. 2, '65.

NOTICE.

A. L. PERSONS indebted to the firm of J. D. Hoke & Bro. will please call without delay and settle; as I will be reluctantly compelled to place the debts in the hands of an attorney for collection. J. D. HOKE, Surv. Partner.

Administrators Sale.

THE undersigned, Administrator of the Estate of James Caldwell, late of Calhoun county, Ala. dec'd; by virtue of an order made by the Honorable the Probate Court of said county, will offer for sale at public vendue to the highest bidder, within the legal hours of such sale, at the late residence of said James Caldwell, deceased in said County, ON TUESDAY THE 30th DAY OF JANUARY, 1866.

The following described personal property, to-wit:

- One MARE and
- One MULE,
- ONE LOT OF SHEEP.

Purchasers thereof will be required to give notes due two months after date, with two approved securities, in interest from date.

GEO. I. TURNLEY, Administrator. December 16, 1865.

W. R. HENDRIX, GEO. I. BURNETT, A. M. RISKY, Commission Merchants, Broad Street, SELMA, ALA.

Will attend to the sale, storing and forwarding of Cotton, Produce and Merchandise generally. All consignments to the above firm, of Burnett & Risky, will receive prompt attention. We are prepared to repair and put cotton in order at reasonable rates. Liberal advances made on consignments.—Nov. 11.

JOHN G. BELL & BRO., (Late of Talladega) General Commission Merchants, OFFICE WOODSON-BUILDING, UP STAIRS, OPPOSITE GEE HOUSE, WATER STREET, SELMA, ALA.

Will give prompt attention to all consignments of Cotton and Country Produce generally, respectfully solicited. Oct. 28, 1865.

NEW BUSINESS

THE undersigned respectfully announce to the public, that they have opened an

AUCTION

COMMISSION HOUSE In the front room of M. J. Turnley's law office, and propose to do a General Auction and Commission Business; will receive on consignments, and give a description of produce, from a point of Butter to a Bale of Cotton, and every description of Merchandise. We will have regular Auction Sales on the first and third Mondays in each month, or oftener, if necessary. We will make it our special business to sell at auction on the first and third Saturdays in each month, live stock, such as Horses, Cattle, Hogs, &c.; and we request all persons having such property to sell, to bring it in to us on those days, by 10 o'clock, A. M.

We propose in connection with the above to keep a general

INTELLIGENCE OFFICE where Freedmen and others willing to get situations, and those who want to hire such, can do so on the most liberal terms. We request all who are out of employment, to call at our office and give their names, location of kind of employment desired, and those wishing to hire laborers of any kind, will find it to their interest to give us a call.

We hope by strict attention to business, and prompt returns for sales, to merit and obtain a liberal patronage in our new enterprise. Jan. 4, 1866. R. H. & W. B. WYNN.

DRUGS, DRUGS.

Stroh, Knight & Co. WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DRUGGISTS.

We are now receiving a large and well selected stock of DRUGS, MEDICINES, PAINTS, OILS, GLASS, VARNISHES, DYE STUFFS, PATENT MEDICINES, PERFUMERY, &c.

We intend to make it to the interest of Physicians and Dealers generally to buy of us. We are prepared to sell goods cheaper than at any point this side of the river, as we receive our goods direct from the manufacturers. Our motto is—

Quick sales and Small profits.

The very best of Imported Wines & Liquors constantly on hand, at wholesale and retail. Also a CHOICE WINE for sacramental purposes.

You will certainly find it to your advantage to give us a call before purchasing elsewhere.

ENQUIRE OF THOMPSON'S OLD STAND, ON BROAD STREET, ROME, GA.

M. J. TURNLEY, Attorney at Law, and Solicitor in Chancery.

GENERAL ADMINISTRATOR for Calhoun County, and General Collecting Agent. Office fronting East door of the Court House, Jacksonville, Ala. I continue the practice of Law in all the counties, in Calhoun and adjoining counties, will give special attention to drawing Wills, Deeds, Affidavits, Powers of Attorney, &c. to the Estate of W. H. Administration of Estates, (our business), and will also act as Agent for the sale and purchase of Lands.

G. CALDWELL, J. H. CALDWELL, **Attorneys at Law,** Jacksonville, Ala. Solicitor in Chancery.

HAVING associated themselves together, except in customary cases, in the counties of Calhoun, Talladega, St. Clair, Randolph, Cherokee and DeKalb, Ala. Jan. 6, 1866.

Administrators Sale.

LAND. UNDER and by virtue of an order and decree of the Probate Court of Calhoun county, Alabama, made on the 18th day of December, 1865, I will proceed to sell ON TUESDAY, THE 30th DAY OF JANUARY, 1866, at the late residence of John Walker, deceased, at the public vendue, to the highest bidder, the following described lands, belonging to the estate of said decedent, to-wit:

The south half of the south east fourth of section 22, township 13, range 7; the south east fourth of south west fourth of section 15, and north east fourth of north west fourth of section 22, township 13, range 7; the south west fourth of south east fourth of section 22; township 13, range 7, and the south east fourth of north west fourth of section 22, township 13, range 7, east in the 3d and 4th Land District. All the above described land will be sold, except the Widow's Dower. It will be sold, one half for cash, and the other half on credit of 12 months, with interest from date. This 30th December, 1865.

S. D. McCLELLAN, Adm'r of said Estate.

THE STATE OF ALABAMA, To Matthew G. Casey—you are hereby notified, that at the last term of the Circuit Court for said county, the following order was passed, to-wit:

Taukin & Burgo, Circuit Court, Fall Term, 1865. vs. Matthew G. Casey, Deft. came by P. J. Chisolm, and John W. Ramsey, Plaintiffs, & Garnishers, Attorneys, & it appearing to the satisfaction of the Court, that the Defendant, Matthew G. Casey is a non-resident of this State. It is ordered by the Court, that publication be made in the Jacksonville Republican, a New-paper published in the County of Calhoun, for four consecutive weeks, of the issuance and levy of an attachment in this case.

A true copy from the minutes.

In pursuance of the above order, you are hereby notified, that an attachment was issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court, against you, at the suit of Lewis T. Tulin and William T. Burgo, using the firm name of Tulin & Burgo, and was levied by Garnishing the above named parties, and that said suit stands for trial at the next term of our Circuit Court, when and where you can attend and defend if you see proper.

Witness my hand, this 2nd day of December, 1865. W. H. STIFF, Clerk. Jan. 13, 1866—t—\$20.00.

Wholesale Drug House.

IN MONTGOMERY, ALA. HAVING re-leased the building formerly known as Jones Drug Store on Market street, corner of Perry, together with the two large warehouses on the same lot; and recently returned from New York and Philadelphia with one of the largest and most complete stocks of Drugs, Chemicals, Spices, Toilet Soaps, Perfumery and Patent Medicines, never introduced to this market. I would respectfully ask the attention of Physicians and country Dealers to examine the stock personally selected for the Southern trade, and which for

Purity, Freshness and Excellence, can not be excelled by any house in the country. Also a great variety of Fresh GARDEN SEED.

This stock of Drugs and Medicines has been purchased from Importers and manufacturers, and at prices that will enable me to sell as low as any establishment in the South. Orders accompanied with the cash will receive prompt attention and forwarded to any part of the country.

E. M. READING, Wholesale and Retail Druggist, Sign of the Eagle and Moring, 24 Market street, corner of Perry.

N. S. PUGH, ALEX. F. HAWTHORN, GENERAL COMMISSION MERCHANTS, No. 22, COMMERCE STREET, MOBILE, ALA.

W. B. WYNN, of Jacksonville is our authorized Agent for the purchase and shipment of cotton, orders for Groceries, Plantation Supplies, &c. P. & H. Nov. 18, 1865—3m.

PUNCH & HAWTHORN, Cotton Factors, GENERAL COMMISSION MERCHANTS, No. 22, COMMERCE STREET, MOBILE, ALA.

FOR SALE. A CAST IRON STOCK KETTLE, holding about 40 gallons. Enquire at this Office. Dec. 9, 1865.

DR. M. W. FRANCIS, HAS resumed the duties of his profession in all its branches. Office, N. W. Corner of Public Square, JACKSONVILLE, ALA. November 18, 1865—t.

AMBROTYPES. E. GOODE, Artist. HAS prepared an Ambrotype Gallery in this place, over Ryan & Rowland's Store, where he is prepared to take all kinds of AMBROTYPES, put up in fine or common cases, or without cases, at as low prices as can be done any where in this country. He expects in a few weeks to be prepared to take PHOTOGRAPHS with Albumen, for sale. Those who want Photographs should come in soon and have their Ambrotypes taken, so that the Photographs can be taken from them as soon as he gets ready. He hopes and believes, from his long past experience, that he can give general satisfaction, and will receive a liberal patronage from citizens of this and surrounding counties. Jacksonville, December 16, 1865.

F. A. WOODSON, Wholesale Grocer AND Commission Merchant, SELMA, ALA. Will make liberal advances on COTTON consigned to him for Storage in his FIRE PROOF WAREHOUSE, or for Shipment to his friends in Mobile and New Orleans.

500 Boxes VIRGINIA TOBACCO on consignment, which will be sold below the market by Selma, Dec. 30. F. A. WOODSON.

A. G. PITNER, S. P. SMITH, J. M. COOPER, PITNER, SMITH & CO. Wholesale and Retail GROCERS AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS, Pitner's Corner, Broad St., Rome, Ga. Will receive and Sell, Ship or Store COTTON and other Produce for the Planters. Mr. J. H. COOPER, who has had long experience in the Cotton trade, will give his special attention to that branch of the business. Rome, Ga., Sept. 28, 1865—Gm.

HILLS & FANCHER, DEALERS IN HARDWARE, IRON, CUTLERY, GUNS, TOOLS AND AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS. (SIGN OF THE PADLOCK.) Broad Street, Rome, Ga. Charles E. Hills, J. Seymour Fancher.

COTTON SEED FOR SALE. We have received a lot of FRESH COTTON SEED, of the best quality, which we offer for sale at a low price. We wish to be supplied. S. & S. J. MORGAN, Oxford, Ala. Dec. 2, 1865—t.

Administrators Notice.

LETTERS of Administration on the Estate of Daniel Heitner, dec'd, having been granted to the undersigned, by the Probate Court of Calhoun County Ala. on the 27th day of July, 1865; notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against said Estate, to present them, legally authenticated within the time prescribed by law or they will be barred; and all persons indebted are requested to make payment. Jan. 13. J. CRANKFIELD, Adm.

ADMINISTRATOR'S SALE. PERSONAL PROPERTY. UNDER and by virtue of an Order of the Probate Court of Calhoun County, Alabama made on the 10th day of January, 1866, I will proceed to sell on MONDAY the 12th day of FEBRUARY, 1866, at the late residence of Daniel Heitner, deceased, the following described Personal Property, belonging to said Estate, to-wit:

One Gin Head and Ox Wagon, One Cow and Calf and six Yearlings, One Heifer and Two MULES, Three Seythes and Cradles, One lot of Farming Utensils, One Log Chair and one Fifth chain, Five head of HOGS, One Spade, Shovel and Mattock, One Buggy and Harness, The Gearings of a two horse Wagon, One Lot of COTTON SEED.

Sold on a credit of 12 months, with interest from date of sale. Note and approved security will be required of purchasers. J. CRANKFIELD, Adm'r of said Estate. January 13th, 1866—td.

Administrators Notice. LETTERS of Administration on the Estate of Lewis L. Riden, dec'd, having been granted to the undersigned by the Probate Court of Cherokee County, Ala. on the 20th day of Dec. 1865; notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against said Estate to present them, legally authenticated, within the time prescribed by law, or they will be barred; and all persons indebted will make payment. Jan 6 PRESTON SHARP, Adm'r.

Administrators Notice. LETTERS of Administration upon the Estate of Richard L. Phillips, deceased, having been granted to the undersigned on the 11th day of November, 1865, by the Honorable John R. Hoge, Judge of Probate Court of DeKalb county. Notice is hereby given that all persons having claims against said Estate will be required to present the same within the time prescribed by law, or that the same will be barred. RICHARD PHILLIPS, Adm. Jan. 13.

They have Come Sure. What has come? That line stock of Choice GROCERIES.

We have been looking for several weeks. Where are they? At Kalin's Cheap Emporium, west side of the square. Who has got them? Out clever, jovial friends. S. D. & J. F. McCLELLAN. Are they cheap? Yes, cheap as you could ask. What have they got? Oh more than we can tell. Sugar, Coffee, Salt, Cheese, Candles, & Crackers, Raisins, Figs & Candies, Sardines, Oysters & pickles, Tobacco, Cigars & snuff. A fine article of COTTON CARDS. Call and examine, and supply yourselves with whatever you wish. Jacksonville, Dec. 15, 1865.

In addition to the above, we have just received a fine assortment of HATS, the latest styles.

Desirable Lands for Sale. Farms of 800 acres in Calhoun county, Alabama within 6 miles of Jacksonville the county seat, 1 mile of the town of Alexandria and 7 miles of Blue Mountain Station on the Jacksonville and Selma Railroad. Three hundred acres open the remainder very heavily timbered with pine and oak. One lot, 160 acres is detached 2 mile from the main body. Improvements—a large framed dwelling with a good sized room well finished, located in a beautiful oak grove—all necessary out buildings. There is a large never failing spring within 100 yards of the house with a branch flowing from it nearly large enough to turn a mill—also a well of fine water in the yard—it has on it also a large gin house—a large apple and peach orchard, and taken altogether is one of the most valuable and desirable farms in North Alabama.

ALSO—A Farm of 870 acres more or less in Calhoun county, Ala., within 8 miles of Jacksonville, 1 mile of Alexandria and 7 miles of Blue Mountain Station on the Jacksonville & Selma Railroad—250 acres cleared the balance in original forest heavily timbered. This farm is very finely watered by spring branches which head on the place—80 acres of the open land is cedar bottom of very superior quality producing a good season 50 bushels of corn per acre and 1 bale of cotton. Improvements—a large well finished frame house and all necessary out buildings in a good state of preservation. There is a Baptist church on the land—and the society in the neighborhood equal to any in the State. This farm in the hands of a good practical farmer could be made one of the most productive in the region in which it is located. It has on it 14 miles of cedar fencing taken off the cedar bottom. Lime stones very abundant on the place which could be converted into lime at very little cost either for market or for fertilizing purposes on the farm. HUGH FRANCIS, Agent For Sale & Purchase of Lands.

BLANK DEEDS, FOR SALE AT THIS OFFICE.

FOSTER & FORNEY,

Attorneys at Law, Jacksonville Alabama.

WILL practice in the Counties of Calhoun, Talladega, Randolph, St. Clair, Cherokee, DeKalb and the Supreme Court of the State. Dec. 23d, 1865.

Away with Spectacles. Old Eyes Made New, without SPECTACLES, DOCTOR, OR MEDICINE. Pamphlet mailed free on receipt of ten cents. Address E. B. FOOTE, M. D., No. 1130 Broadway, New York. Nov. 25, '65—8t.

Berry, Jones & Co. ROME, Ga. (At the old stand of A. M. Sloan & Co.) BROAD STREET.

Wholesale Dealers in GENERAL MERCHANDISE, WAREHOUSE AND Commission Merchants, COTTON AND PRODUCE FACTORS, AND Real Estate Agents. Rome, Ga., Nov. 26, 1865—3m.

ALA. & TENN. RIVER R. R. TRAINS leave Selma daily (Sunday excepted) at 7 A. M., and arrive at Blue Mountain at 7 05 P. M. Returning, leave Blue Mountain at 7 A. M., and arrive at Selma at 6 30 P. M. A daily line of stages connects Blue Mountain and Rome, 60 miles, making this the shortest, quickest and cheapest line of travel between South Alabama and Chattanooga and points North. WM. ROTHROCK, Gen. up't. Nov. 18—65.

GEMS OF THOUGHT. We find few people of good sense, except those of our own opinions. The only people who have a moment to spare are those who are never idle. An uncultivated mind is like untilled ground—it will soon be overrun with weeds. Richter says: "No man can either live piously, or die righteous, without a wife. A man who is not ashamed of himself, need not be ashamed of his early condition. We like a spirit of compromise; but no man should ever compromise his friend or himself. All other knowledge is hurtful to him who has not the science of honesty and good nature. Happiness is often at our side, and we pass her by; misfortune to afar off, and we rush to meet her. If you would rise in the world, you must not stop to kick at every car who backs at you as you pass along. How much more people might accomplish, if they would but make it a point to carry out whatever they undertake. Love and esteem are the first principles of friendship, which is always in perfect when either of these two is wanting. Let our repentance be a lively will, a firm resolution. Compliance, and mourning over past errors, avail nothing. Mourning that you are weak and humble. The gentle breeze is better than the hurricane, the cheerful fire of the hearth than conflagration. Confine not your charities to the good. If you give to the undeserving, remember that God does the same. The earth was made and adorned for a life of joy as well as sorrow—it was not hung in eternal darkness and winter; it has sweet return of day and summer forever. Lip-service is considered creditable to a Christian; but it is a delightful thing between two lovers. Support Your Mechanics.—There is no truth more undeniable than that it is the bounden duty of every community to support its mechanics. They are a worthy and indispensable class of men, and we find no town or village flourishing without their aid; indeed, their absence is always a true index of the condition of the place—whether it is advancing in wealth and importance or sinking into decay. Whenever we pass through a village and hear the frequent sound of the carpenter's hammer, the clink of the blacksmith's anvil—that village, we say to ourselves, is prosperous. It cannot be otherwise; for the producers are actively employed, and outnumber the consumers. Whenever this is the case, the people are growing wealthy, and at the same time training the rising generation to habits of industry and morality. When, if a city or village pursues the other course—neglects its mechanics, and support those of some other phase, and those who are left are compelled by force of circumstances to remain will become idle and profligate—in a few years they become beggars, and their children become ignorant and vicious—they will cease to produce and become consumers.

SEEING THROUGH WATER.

The last number of the *Edinbury Review* says: "Currents in the very bed of a river, or beneath the surface of the sea, may be watched, as Mr. Campbell informs us, by an arrangement that smugglers used in the old days. They sank their contraband cargo when there was an alarm and they searched for it, again, by the help of a so-called marine telescope. It was nothing more than a glass with a plate of strong glass at the bottom. The man plunged the closed end a few inches below the surface, and put his head into the other end, and then he saw clearly into the water. The glare and confused reflections and refractions from and through the rippled surface of the sea were entirely shut out by this contrivance. Seal-hunters still use it. With this simple apparatus, the stirring life of the sea bottom can be watched at leisure and with great distinctness. So far as this contrivance enables man to see the land under the waves, movements under water closely resemble movements under air. Sea weeds, like plants, bend before the gale; fish, like birds keep their head to the stream, and hang poised on their fins; mud clouds take the shape of water, clouds in the air; impede light, cast shadows, and take shapes which point out the directions in which the currents flow. It is strange, at first, to hang over a boat's side peering into a new world, and the interest grows. There is excitement in watching big fish sworp like hawks out of their sea weed forest after a white fly sunk to the tree tops to tempt them and the fight which follows is better fun when plainly seen" (Vol. I. p. 67.) Mr. Campbell suggests plate glass windows in the bottom of a boat; it would bring men and fish face to face; and the habits of the latter could be leisurely watched.

CAUSES OF SUDDEN DEATH.—Very few of the sudden deaths which are said to arise from diseases of the heart do really arise from that cause. To ascertain the real cause of sudden death, an experiment has been tried in Europe, and reported to a scientific congress held at Strasburg. Sixty-six cases of sudden deaths were made the subject of a thorough post mortem examination; in those cases only two were found who had died from disease of the heart. Nine out of the sixty-six had died from apoplexy, while there were forty-six cases of congestion of the lungs—that is, the lungs were so full of blood that they could not work, there not being room enough for a sufficient quantity of air to enter to support life. The causes that produce congestion of the lungs are—cold feet, tight clothing, ostive bowels, sitting still, until chilled after being warmed, by labor or rapid walking; going too suddenly from a close heated room into the cold air, especially after speaking, and sudden depressing news operating on the blood. These causes of sudden death being known, an avoidance of them may serve to lengthen many valuable lives, which would otherwise be lost under the verdict of heart complaint. The disease is supposed to be incurable; hence many do not take the pains they would to avoid sudden death if they knew that it lay in their power.

THE LAST CONFEDERATE.—Only one Confederate soldier now remains at the Fair Grounds Hospital—Sergeant Thomas W. Rice, of Company G., Forty-third Alabama Regiment, Gracie's Brigade. Sergeant Rice received his wound at Appomattox Court House on Sunday April 9, 1865, about fifteen minutes before the flag of truce was hoisted, and within a few yards of the famous apple tree under which General Grant and Lee signed the articles of surrender. He is still a sufferer from the wound, which was very severe. Although the hospital diet is very good, yet he longs for a change. Let some of our kind hearted ladies prepare some little delicacies—they bear know what—and take or send them to him. We were astonished to learn last evening from his own lips that during many long and weary months of confinement to his quarters, only a few, a very few ladies, had darkened the door of the hospital. We would suggest to young ladies to make it their duty to visit him. For several weeks longer he may be confined to his cot. For the honor of our community let him suffer for nothing.—Pittsburg (Pa.) express.

A Washington correspondent of the New York News says it is understood that about the 15th inst., the Southern members both Senators and Representatives will present themselves in a body, with their credentials and demand admittance, and that at the same time the President's proclamation will appear declaring the restoration of the Union complete and those States entitled to full representation in Congress. Radical majority shall refuse to admit them; then it is said the President will those measures of which the Constitution gives him the control to make the of the Execution felt.

Terms of Subscription. For one year, in advance, \$3 00 For 6 months, " 1 75

Terms of Advertising. One square of ten lines or less, first insertion, \$2 00

CANDIDATES. For Circuit Judge. We are authorized to announce Hon. M. J. Turnley, of Jacksonville, as a candidate for Judge of the 10th Judicial Circuit

We are authorized to announce John Henderson, Esq., of Talladega, as a candidate for Judge of the 10th Judicial Circuit

We are authorized to announce Hon. A. Woods, as a candidate for Probate Judge of Calhoun county

We are authorized to announce Wm. H. Burton, Esq., as a candidate for Probate Judge of Calhoun county

We are authorized to announce J. C. McAuley, Esq., as a candidate for Probate Judge of Calhoun county

We are authorized to announce Capt. J. B. Farmer, as a candidate for Probate Judge of Calhoun County

D. M. FULENWIDER, with Harrell, Eskridge & Sturdivant, of Selma, is our authorized Agent, to contract, receive and receipt for subscription and advertising for the Republican.

Attention is invited to the advertisement of Messrs. LUNDIE & Co., Cotton Factors and General Commission Merchants, of Selma, Ala., successors to W. Y. Lundie, so long and favorably known as a Commission Merchant in this State.

HUGH FRANCIS & CO. have just received a fine lot of Fresh Garden Seeds; also a large quantity of prime western Corn.

Messrs. S. & J. T. MORGAN, of Oxford, Ala., as will be seen by reference to their advertisement, have a great variety of choice Groceries, Cotton Yarns, Cotton Cards, &c.

They have also for sale 5,000 bushels of genuine fresh COTTON SEED. A specimen of these seed have been left at our office for inspection.

THE LEGISLATURE. We learn by a letter from Capt. H. McBeck, one of our representatives, dated 19th inst., that the following measures were in progress before that body.

A bill to allow debtors to prefer their creditors.

A bill for the relief of Administrators, Executors and Guardians, providing, that where they have honestly and in good faith received Confidate money, due their estates, they should not now be made to pay good currency.

A bill for the relief of those who had bought negro property during the days of the Confederacy, providing that they shall not now be compelled to pay their notes, but the hire only, from the day of purchase until the negroes were freed.

Our delegation were well, and members generally when the letter was written. The Small-pox was abating in the city, but spreading and increasing in the country.

Gov. Patton on the 18th inst. vetoed the following bills, on the ground of injurious class legislation. "To extend the criminal laws of this State, applicable to free persons of color, to freedmen, free negroes and mulattoes."

"A bill to regulate contracts with freedmen and enforce the same." "A bill to regulate the relations of master and apprentice, as relates to freedmen.

J. M. Carroll & Co., as will be seen by reference to their advertisement, have just opened, at the Drug Store on the east side of the Public Square, a fine assortment of Dry Goods, &c. which they are offering on very favorable terms to purchasers.

We have recently examined a number of articles in their stock, and so far as we were enabled to judge, found them of superior quality and exceedingly moderate in price.

Call upon them soon and get first choice, and you will find it to your interest.

Da. T. N. ANGLIN will also continue to be at the same place, a quantity of staple Medicines of Drugs and Medicines.

Reconstruction.

We have heretofore promised our patrons a full sheet whenever the mails were started; but we have waited for that event until "fortune ceases to be a virtue," and have therefore reconstructed the Republican to a full sheet, without waiting for the States and

OCEAN STEAMER BURNED

WILMINGTON, N. C. Dec. 30.—The steamer Constitution, Captain Goeman, left Savannah for New York on the 22nd inst., with seventy-four passengers and seven hundred bales of cotton.

From Mexico.

The Matamoros correspondent of the New Orleans Times, under date of the 14th inst., thus alludes to the recent capture and subsequent correspondence between Gens. Weitzel and Mejia, in regard to the execution of the Liberals captured:

Two or three days ago thirteen laden wagons left this city for San Fernando, under a small guard. When some ten or twelve miles from Matamoros, the guard was surprised and the wagons captured.

The B. ownsville correspondent of the New Orleans Times, under date of January 4th, gives the following:

Hd. Qrs. Dist. Rts. GRANDE, } Brownsville, Texas, Jan. 2, '66

General—I understand that you have taken 17 prisoners from the Liberal forces, and that you intend to execute them.

I am, sir, very respectfully, your obedient servant, GODFREY WEITZEL, Major General

IMPERIAL ARMY, MEXICO, Division Mexican C. n. in Chief, } Matamoros, Jan 2, 1866.

General—I acknowledge the receipt of your communication dated this day. I find myself under the necessity of repelling energetically the participation which you pretend to take in the internal concerns of this country.

It will be very strange General if in the middle of the nineteenth century the bandits and highway robbers were to receive help and protection from the civilized world.

Accept, General, my esteem and consideration. THOMAS MEJIA, Gen'l Commanding Line Rio Grande.

Later and Important.

Invasion of Mexico from the United States—Town of Bogalud Captured and Pillaged—The French Ships opened Fire on the Town—The Filibuster Negroes—The Commanders Americans.

From the New Orleans Picayune. The Ranchero, of Matamoros, Mexico, of the 5th inst. contains the following:

Yesterday several officers and men from the Federal side of the Rio Grande crossed at Clarksville during the day, and took up quarters apparently for the night.

The New York News of the 25th says: The people are altogether as favorable inclined to President Johnson as they were to Andrew Jackson; and they only await the signal of his rupture with the Republican faction to accord him their unqualified support.

They have no sympathy with the nature that timidly shrinks from responsibility; they abhor the arts of their timorous politicians. All the admiration is reserved for him who boldly defies his enemies and grasps his object by the vigor of his arm "Oh! for one hour" of Andrew Jackson.

WAR CLOUD ON THE RIO GRANDE.

We have already called attention to the correspondence between Gen. Weitzel and Gen. Mejia. The strong language held in one of the published letters of the Federal officer will have attracted the attention of our readers; and so also will the fact that the letter was returned—the usual form of intimation that it was of a character unfit to be received.

The correspondence alleged certain grave breaches of neutrality on the part of our authorities on the Rio Grande; and admitted, under the hand of our commanding general there, that guns of the Mexican Republic had been repaired on this side of the river with the knowledge of one of our officers.

We recite these facts now to illustrate the significance of the news which announces, by way of New Orleans, that Marshal Bazaine, Louis Napoleon's chief in Mexico, has sent an official dispatch to General Mejia, in which he states, for the benefit of all whom it may concern, that "the Northern frontier" of Mexico, the line of the Rio Grande, "is under the double protection of the Emperor of Mexico and the Emperor of the French."

This is an unmistakable menace; and is intended clearly to warn our authorities that, in violating, by accident or otherwise, their centrality on the line of the Rio Grande they will be brought to account by the potentate who wields the thunders of the French nation.

Threats of this grave character seldom take form between nations until their diplomatic relations have made very advanced progress toward open rupture.

President Johnson, through his Southern restoration policy, has completely flanked the radicals, and holds them as Grant held Lee within his lines at Petersburg, in a position from which there is no escape.

The radicals can no longer venture upon the ground that the States excluded from Congress are out of the Union, because that doctrine upsets the great constitutional amendment—an amendment which the people of all parties and all sections accept as a fixed fact.

The radicals themselves accept it. The administration, having thus gained the important point that the late rebel States are not only in the Union, but are legitimately reconstructed in their new Legislatures, it is apparent that President Johnson has the game in his hands and that his policy must prevail.

The acceptance by Congress of the constitutional ratification, as declared by the Secretary of State, gives the victory to the administration.

THE WITHDRAWAL OF TROOPS.—We learn from a despatch to the Register and Advertiser dated Montgomery—that Gen. Thomas had notified Gov. Patton that all the troops would be removed from this State and that arms and ammunition would be furnished the State militia.

Provisions for the destitute families are also promised. The despatch does not announce the date of withdrawal, but we presume the order will be carried out as soon as possible.

The New York News of the 25th says: The people are altogether as favorable inclined to President Johnson as they were to Andrew Jackson; and they only await the signal of his rupture with the Republican faction to accord him their unqualified support.

Is not the president sufficient conversant with the instincts of the masses to know that a man never becomes a popular idol but by the exhibition of the heroic virtues of character?

They have no sympathy with the nature that timidly shrinks from responsibility; they abhor the arts of their timorous politicians. All the admiration is reserved for him who boldly defies his enemies and grasps his object by the vigor of his arm "Oh! for one hour" of Andrew Jackson.

Clarksville were crossed over, in two separate bodies, making in all some 400 men, mostly negroes.

The garrison of Bagdad, comprising about 175 men, was completely surprised and captured. The Commander of the Post and the Captain of the Port were taken prisoners, while in their beds. It is said the latter was killed and the former made his escape.

Upon taking possession of the Town, the work of pillage and plunder was immediately inaugurated. Every lighter in the town (some fifty in number) was taken possession of, and as rapidly as each warehouse could be gutted, the contents were loaded up and immediately crossed over to the American side.

The gunboat was called on to surrender; she answered with a broadside, which scattered the filibusters in a hurry. Shortly after a second demand of the same nature was made, which was answered in the same manner, and with a like result.

An Austrian Sergeant on the Antonio was killed. At daylight the French men of war in the harbor opened fire, compelling the filibusters to take refuge in the upper part of the town.

At last accounts the filibusters were in possession of the town. The deaths were reported to be thirty on each side. It is stated that the filibusters were under command of one Colonel Reed—that one R. Clay Crawford, being at Brownsville, upon receiving information of the capture of Bagdad, started for the scene of action post haste.

Mexico, the invader is on your soil, with purposes hellish and plots damnable! Let him be welcomed with bloody hands to a hospitable grave!

BY TELEGRAPH.

From Washington. Capt. Semmes in close confinement. Important Correspondence Called For. Military Asylum to be Established. Gov't Employees Discharged at Fortress Monroe.

Fears that an attempt will be Made to Rescue Davis. Mobile and New York Markets. MOBILE, Jan. 17.—Sales of cotton today amounted to 2500 bales. Middlings 47 a 48c.

NEW YORK Jan 17—12:20 A. M.—Cotton is a shade firmer, at 52c. Gold 89 3/4.

WASHINGTON, Jan 16.—Captain Semmes is held in close confinement, at Monroe Barracks. He is in good health and spirits, and is confident of being able to justify himself.

In the Senate, Chandler's resolution declaring non-intercourse with Great Britain was tabled by a vote of 25 to 12.

Mr. Howard's resolution, asking the President for his correspondence with the Judges of the Supreme Court, respecting the holding of Circuit Courts in the insurrectionary districts for the trial of offences against the United States, was adopted.

A bill passed for establishing a military asylum for totally disabled volunteers. Fourteen MONROE, Jan. 16.—Twenty-five employees of this department were discharged yesterday, under the order of the Secretary of War dismissing all who have been in any way connected with the Confederate service.

The agent of the National Express Company was also sent away for the above reason.

This order was undoubtedly caused by a rumor that an organization was forming to rescue Jefferson Davis.

Picket boats are on duty examining all vessels arriving in the harbor.

NEW YORK, Jan 12.—The Tribune's Washington special says that Mr. Spinner, U. S. Treasurer, declines to designate National Banks as depositories for Government funds unless an actual necessity exists for them.

Senator Wilson's bill for organizing the regular army was framed upon the plan submitted to the President and Secretary of War, a few weeks since by Gen. Grant, who expressed his opinion that the necessity for a large military force in the Southern States no longer exists, and believed that a material reduction of troops may be safely made.

A slight shock of earthquake was felt at Vera Cruz on the 3rd.

Heavy Imperial reinforcements were on their way to Monterey and Saltillo. Active operations had been ordered in connection with Gen. Mejia, to secure the speedy pacification of the Rio Grande.

The earthquake was severely felt at Orizaba; it was severe at Puebla, and slight in the City of Mexico.

A Vera Cruz correspondent says that Toluca, an ancient capital of Mexico, of 12,000 inhabitants, has been captured by the Juarists under Muroz; and that Marshal Bazaine, with all the Imperial troops at hand, had started from the City of Mexico to attempt to retake the position.

President Johnson's message was received in the City of Mexico with feelings of relief. War was not to be immediately made upon the Imperial Government.

NEW YORK, Jan. 16.—A jury has been empaneled in the Orizaba case. Secretary Sweeney issued an important order to the Fenian Brotherhood, which went by mail. Its contents are not disclosed. It is supposed to be a call for prompt military organization.

The President yesterday informed the

applicants that no more pardons would be granted at present.

Capt. Peabody, of the ship Neptune was held to bail in the sum of \$23,500, for the cruel treatment of passengers. Six inches of snow fell last night, and both rivers are filled with floating ice.

THE TEST OATH IN CONGRESS.—The following is the resolution by which the House of Representatives, on Monday, determined to adhere to the test oath. It was offered by Mr. Hill, of Indiana.

Resolved, That the act of July 2, 1862, prescribing an oath to be taken and subscribed by persons elected or appointed to office under the Government of the United States, before entering upon the duties of such office, is of binding force and effect in all departments of the public service, and should in no instance be dispensed with.

A motion was made to lay the resolution on the table, but it was disagreed to—yeas 82, nays 125.

The resolution was then passed.

The Alta California reports some remarkable discoveries of native silver in Idaho. It says:

We hear that the Oregon Steam Navigation Company have found a mine that produces blocks of native silver as large as candle boxes, and they hammer it out like waxen tite.

Several other mines of extraordinary richness have been discovered in the same neighborhood, if the story be true. It is a well known fact that blocks of native silver as large as candle boxes have been found in the silver mines of Mexico and Arizona, and it is settled beyond any doubt that the Owyhee region in south western Idaho, is rich in silver lodes.

NEW AND CHEAP GOODS.

J. M. CARROLL & CO. RESPECTFULLY inform their friends and the public generally that they have just opened on the east side of the Public Square, at the Drug Store, an extensive and handsome assortment of

STAPLE AND FANCY Dry Goods, SUITABLE FOR THE SEASON.

CONSISTING IN PART OF: Cloths, Cassimers, Canelettes, Calicoes, Cambrics, Ginghams, Bombazettes & Bombazines, Alpaccas, DeLaines, Marinos, Poplins, Bleached & Unbleached Domestic, Jean, Linseys, Flannels, Cheap & plain Linens, &c.

In short, a general assortment of LADIES DRESS GOODS, GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING GOODS

Boots, Shoes and Hats, CROCKERY, Queens & Glass Ware, Hardware & Cutlery, Also many articles of GROCERIES

among which may be found COFFEE of very superior quality, SUGAR, CANDLES, SOAP, plain and Fancy SODA, CATOR OIL, &c.

We will take in exchange for goods, DRIED PEACHES at \$3 per bushel, and small lots of COTTON.

All we ask is an examination of our Goods and a comparison in quality and price with others.

Their motto is "Quick sales and small profits" and they are determined to offer them upon such terms as will be a strong inducement to purchasers. Don't fail to call whether you purchase or not.

Jacksonville, Ala. Jan. 29, 1866.

I also at the same place have still on hand, and expect to receive and keep an assortment of DRUGS, MEDICINES &c. T. N. ANGLIN.

GROCERIES.

Crushed, Leaf & Brown SUGAR, COFFEE, Molasses, Rice, Salt, Mackerel, in bbls half bbls and kits. Candles, and Nails, assorted, Powder, Shot and Caps, Pickles, Pepper, Spice, Ginger, Oysters, Sausages, Soda, Indigo, Cotton Yarns.

Snuff, chewing and smoking Tobacco, LIQUORS, by the case and barrel, Candies and Raisins by the box, Nuts, Cheese and Crackers, Cigars, Mustard, Blacking, Cotton Cards.

IRISH POTATOES, Onions, FLOUR, And a choice lot of 5000 bush. Fresh COTTON SEED.

Buckets, Hams, Chains, Hoes, Axes, Tin-ware, Paper & Envelopes. Which we are selling at Selma prices with freight added.

S. & T. J. MORGAN, Oxford Ala. Jan. 27, 1866.

Administrators Notice.

LETTERS of Administration having been granted to the undersigned, by the Probate Court of Calhoun county, on the Estate of Fleming Gibson, dec'd, on the 22d day of January, 1866; notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against said estate, to present them, legally authenticated, within the time prescribed by law, or they will be barred; and those indebted are required to make immediate payment.

R. B. DOCKERY, Adm. Jan. 27, 1866.

Administrator's Notice.

LETTERS of Administration with will annexed on the estate of Josiah Womack, dec. having been granted to the undersigned, on the 22d day of Jan. 1866, by the Honorable the Probate Court of Calhoun county, State of Alabama. Notice is hereby given, to all persons having claims against said estate, to be required to present the same within the time allowed by law, or that the same will be barred.

SIMPSON SKINNER, Adm. Jan. 27, 1866.

LUNDIE & CO., (SUCCESSORS TO W. Y. LUNDIE.)

COTTON FACTORS AND GENERAL Commission Merchants, OFFICE BROAD STREET, SELMA, ALA.

Special attention given to the sale and shipment of Cotton, on which we will pay freight, charges, and Revenue Tax.

Orders for the purchase of Groceries and other articles promptly filled, when accompanied with the Cash or City Acceptance.

REFERENCES.

M. J. A. Keith & Co., Selma, Ala.; Gen. J. G. L. Huty, Talladega, Ala.; J. W. Engley, Selma, Ala.; A. H. Goodwin, Selma, Ala.; Walker Reynolds, Alpine, Ala.; John A. Winston & Co., Mobile, Ala.; Hon. T. A. Swicker, Jacksonville, Ala.; Jurey & Harris, New Orleans, La.; E. C. Hannon, Montgomery, Ala. Jan. 27, 1866.

Election Notice.

On the first Monday in March next, I will open and hold an Election at the different Election Precincts in Calhoun county, for the purpose of electing two Justices of the Peace and one Bailiff in each Election Precinct, in and for said county of Calhoun; and the following named persons are hereby appointed Inspectors and Managers of said Election, at the respective places of voting, to-wit:

Pre No 1, Jacksonville—D. P. Forney, W. B. Wynn and A. R. Smith.

Pre No 2, Alexandria—J. R. Green, J. G. Powers and W. F. Bush.

Pre No 3, Court Ground—J. Z. Brady, Wiley Glover, J. A. Findley.

Pre No 4, Court Ground—B. Murphree, Wm Castleberry, and E. Byrum.

Pre No 5, Polkville—J. A. Weatherly, L. S. Meharg, and E. V. Weaver.

Pre No 6, Pecks Hill—J. M. Smith, A. W. Kirby and John Gore.

Pre No 7, Court Ground—J. N. Landers, Henry McBeck and Geo Sieber.

Pre No 8, Walden's Shop—Benjamin Neighbors, Charles Littlejohn and Alexander Wilson.

Pre No 9, Cross Plains—J. F. Dingley, H. Graham and J. W. Ledbetter.

Pre No 9, Ladiga—J. R. Graham, S. C. Kelley and Wm Young.

Pre No 10, Court Ground—C. B. Sisson, E. B. Clay and Wm Deffress.

Pre No 11, White Plains—E. Kerr, C. M. Martin and C. G. Morgan.

Pre No 12, Yoc's Roads—John Yoc, John C. Estor, C. D. Davis.

Pre No 13, Oxford—W. F. Hanna, D. D. Draper and Samuel Morgan.

Pre No 14, Sugar Hill—R. Jenkins, W. M. Bell and D. A. Wright.

Pre No 15, Pine Grove—Abner Coffey, J. W. Vaughan and Wm Warren.

Pre No 16, Abernathy—J. W. Jones, W. L. Pounds and J. J. Pollard.

Pre No 17, Fair Play—S. M. Carruth, B. Owens and Stephen Edwards.

Pre No 18, Pine Thicket—A. D. Chandler, Wm King and William R. Brown, sr.

Pre No 19, Court Ground—William Howell, C. L. Steed and Jas Roberts.

Pre No 20, Court Ground—J. S. Borden, M. Alexander and Thomas Beasley.

Pre No 21, Sulphur Springs—J. T. Findley, John Y Henderson and F. Crow.

Pre No 22, J. W. Hall—J. W. Hall, R. B. Reid and J. A. Spaulding.

Pre No 23, Pleasant Hill—J. W. McDaniel, W. H. Penell and John D. Walker.

The Constables of each Precinct are hereby appointed Returning Officers of their respective Precincts.

J. M. ANDERSON, Sheriff. Jan. 27, 1866.

THE STATE OF ALABAMA, CALHOUN COUNTY.

Court of Probate for said county, January 16th, 1866.

This day came Sarah C. Earle, widow and relict of R. G. Earle, deceased, and presents to the court her petition in writing, representing that she is the widow of said R. G. Earle, deceased; that her said husband died, seized and possessed of the following Lands and Real Estate, situate in said county of Calhoun, and Town of Jacksonville, Alabama, to-wit:

The South half of the north west fractional quarter, and Fractions B, C, I, and M, Fractional Section twenty, Fractional Township twelve, of Range seven, containing 184 98 700 acres, east in the Coosa Land District. Also Lot No. in the plan of the Town of Jacksonville, Alabama, containing 12 acres, upon which is situated the late residence of said decedent, being a part of the North East fourth of Section 14, Township 14, of Range eight east in the Coosa Land District. Said Sarah C. Earle alleges that she is entitled to Dower in the above lands, and asks that the same be assigned to her in the same. It is therefore ordered by the Court, that the 28th day of February, 1866, be set for the hearing of said petition; and that notice thereof be given by publication in the Jacksonville Republican, a Newspaper printed and published in said county, as a notice to all persons concerned, to be and appear at a Special Term of said court, to be holden at the Court-house of said county, on said 28th February, 1866; and defend against said petition if they think proper.

A. WOODS, Judge of Probate. Jan 27.

...ING AWAY OF THE NEGRO.—It frequently observed that negro women rarely have been troubled with children one year or two. This is an ominous sign. Few negro women have children and when they do their increase returns to the dust it was. For these women had comfortable regular employment, plenty to live in families. Now they are about almost outcasts. When children are sick, they neglect them and most of them die. When negroes are sick, they have but one feeling for each other. If they have no money they need not send for a physician, and they die by thousands of thousands all over the South. The daily mortality among the negroes is equal to the ravages of an unending plague. This is what we hear on all sides and it is probable the African race soon go where the Indian race went to.—[Planters' Banner, La.]

There are 6,000,000 acres of land in Missouri at \$1.25 per acre. Queen Victoria, when at home, regularly teaches a Sunday School and a class for the benefit of those residing in the palace and its vicinity.

EXTRACTS FROM Gov. Patton's Message.

STAY LAW.—The industrial and business interests of the people are so much deranged, I think some legislation is necessary in relation to the collection of debts. My industrious and energetic people are unable to meet their liabilities. A vast amount of property has been lost by the war, and that which is left could be secured, for a limited time at least, and with reasonable conditions, for the execution and sale of debt. It is true that the stringency of the times recently felt by creditors, and they are in great need of what is due them. In the present depressed condition of things, enforced payments would be very oppressive, if not ruinous in the large portion of debtors. I am fully aware that this is a question of much delicacy. It involves a careful inquiry into the circumstances and conditions of debtors and the just hands of creditors. The extraordinary pressure of the times clearly calls for some indulgence to those who are in debt; but surely it will not be contended that the persons to whom those debts are due are responsible, either in fact or in law, for this peculiar pressure. Therefore, while providing security for one class against another, coercion should be taken not to deal too harshly with the reasonable requirements of the other.

In fixing restrictions upon suits for debt, I think that creditors should be afforded full opportunities for the collection of interest upon their claims. This is a matter of simple justice, and no reasonable debtor could complain of it. In fact, a law that would so operate as to necessarily augment a debt by the accumulation of interest would be utterly a disadvantage to the debtor. A creditor, therefore, should be allowed legal process for obtaining his interest and it might be advisable to extend the privilege to a certain per centum of principal. A law, for instance, that would allow the collection of interest and twenty-five or thirty-three per cent of principal annually would be a material advantage to the creditor, and could not be reasonably presumed subject the debtor to oppressive exactions. There must certainly be very few persons who cannot pay annually, one-third or at least one-fourth of their indebtedness. Any law which relieves debtors is a favor which should not be taken advantage of. A law which, by providing for the stay of execution, postpones the day when the creditor has a right to expect payment, reasonably and logically presumed to benefit the debtor and injure the creditor. In such a case it is nothing but a favor to the party who is presumed to be injured. I think, therefore, that if a stay law is enacted, it should be provided that the judgment should be obtained, the execution should operate as a lien upon the effects of the debtor against future contingent claims.

EDUCATION.—The cause of education I have always regarded as of paramount importance. The means of acquiring an education should be placed within the reach of all of our youth. In order to render our popular school system effective and useful, it is essential to have it uniform. In no other way can its benefits be extended and enjoyed by that class of indigent persons who stand most in need of them. We have not heretofore had that uniformity in the schools reported by the 10th section fund. The act of Congress, approved March 2d, 1819, providing for the addition of Alabama into the Union, the 10th section in each township of the public lands was donated for school purposes. The act distinctly provided that the proceeds of each section should be applied to the support of schools in the particular township wherein the section was located. The objects contemplated by this act of Congress were very liberal and worthy. But the restrictions contained in the law led to some embarrassment in the practical application of the fund created by it. Many of the public sections are in townships inhabited mainly by persons of ample means, and the public schools are comparatively unimportant; while many valuable sections are situated in townships

which have, to a great extent, no indigent population. Here we see illustrated an inequality which operates to the serious disadvantage of those who are specially intended to be benefited by our public schools, and we may well enquire how this inequality can be remedied. It cannot be done by applying the funds raised in one township to the support of schools in another. This is prohibited by the law of Congress; and so rigidly has the Legislature adhered to the strict terms of that law, that it has heretofore declined even to blend or consolidate the 10th section fund for the support of a uniform system of schools throughout the State.

There is one mode by which the advantages of our school system can be extended to children residing in townships containing valueless 10th sections; and this is to appropriate from the State Treasury a sum sufficient to maintain schools in townships where there is deficiency in the 10th section funds. In the present condition of our State finances, the Treasury should be drawn upon as lightly as possible, but the demands of education are sufficiently strong in my judgment, to justify the appropriation suggested. The interest on the 10th section fund amounts annually to one hundred and two thousand six hundred dollars and fifty cents. By the act of Congress, the State as trustee, is bound to pay over to the several townships the interest on the various sums arising from the sale of their respective sections. This should by all means be done. Then with an appropriation for the benefit of townships having valueless 10th sections, our popular educational system may not only be continued, but its efficiency and usefulness greatly increased.

MILITARY ORGANIZATION.—We have many inducements for an efficient military organization in the State. There is much lawlessness in the State, and in some instances, it exhibits itself in a manner which defies the authority of the civil peace-officers. In some localities bad men are regularly banded together for the purposes of violence and plunder. Frequent complaints are made of depredations of such bands. A few days ago, a body of armed guerrillas, numbering about fifty, attacked a steamboat near McIntosh's Bluff, on the Tombigbee river; overpowered the crew and passengers, took possession of the boat and went off with it. Had there a local military organization anywhere near the scene of this outrage it would probably not have been attempted, or if it had, the perpetrators would doubtless have been immediately arrested and brought to punishment. But in the absence of such organization the Federal military was the only power to rely upon for their capture, and there were no forces nearer than Mobile. As soon as intelligence of the robbery reached the commandant at that point, he sent a force in pursuit of the offenders. The boat with its valuable cargo has been recovered, and it is hoped that the outlaws will be finally captured and brought to justice. This is but one of numerous instances which might be adduced as evidence of the necessity for an efficient military organization. There has, however, been one fatal difficulty in the way of perfecting local organizations for the maintenance of peace and order, and that was the want of arms and ammunition. I therefore made official application to Major Gen. Thomas, commanding this military department, for arms and ammunition for one hundred and four companies of sixty men each. So urgent did I regard the necessity of the case, that I visited Gen. Thomas in person at his headquarters in the city of Nashville, Tennessee. He fully approved the plan and has recommended to the authorities at Washington that the arms and ammunition be furnished. The requisite number of arms is now in the State, and I have no doubt but that the proper orders will shortly be issued to have them turned over as requested. The number of arms asked for is six thousand two hundred and forty, with two hundred rounds of ammunition for each gun. Gen. Thomas as soon as announced his willingness to withdraw the Federal troops as soon as the authorities of Alabama might decide that their local organizations were in a condition to maintain order in the State. As soon as arms and ammunition are received immediate steps will be taken to have the several companies equipped, and so disposed as to be ready in any emergency to come to the assistance of the civil authorities whenever called upon to enforce the laws and preserve the peace. It is of course for this purpose alone that military companies are wanted. The number of companies which it is proposed to arm will average two for each county. Some counties will perhaps not want more than one company, and some may require more than one.

I consider it nothing but right and proper that when troops of local State organizations are called upon to perform active service they should be compensated for their services. I, therefore, think that provision should be made to pay State officers and soldiers whenever they may be called upon to perform active service.

THE FREEDMEN.—Very gratifying information has reached this Department from different parts of the State in relation to the disposition of the freedmen. Every where they seem to be entering into contracts for the present year, and cheerfully and faithfully entering upon the discharge of the obligations contracted. This strengthens the opinion which I have heretofore entertained, that the common law rule in reference to contracts, was amply sufficient to prove that we have more to hope for from that simple common law rule than is likely to be accom-

plished by special or class legislation. Surely no good law-abiding citizen will desire laws for the uninformed negro, which he himself is not willing to abide by. No good to the country can result from having one code of laws for the whites and another for the blacks, in their new relation, so far as concerns the rights of persons and property.

R. M. PATTON,
Governor of Alabama.

ALABAMA LEGISLATURE.

TWENTY-SEVENTH DAY.
SENATE.

THURSDAY, Jan. 18, 1866.

The Senate met pursuant to adjournment.

Prayer by Rev. A. C. Barron of this city.

Journal of yesterday read and approved.

CALL OF THE DISTRICTS.

Mr. Wood—A bill to regulate the appointment of appraisers and overseers of public roads. Referred to Committee on Roads, Bridges and Ferries.

Also—A bill to amend an act to incorporate the Eastern Bank of Alabama. Referred to the Committee on Banks and Banking.

REPORTS FROM COMMITTEES.

Mr. Jones, from Committee on Elections, reported favorably on bill (with amendment) to regulate the time of holding elections in this State. Referred to Judiciary Committee.

HOUSE BILLS PASSED.

To prescribe the mode of delivery of supplies furnished by the U. S. Government, to the destitute of Alabama.

To repeal an act to prevent the destruction by fire of property in towns and villages of St. Clair, Jefferson and Shelcounties.

The Senate adjourned until 10 o'clock, A. M., to-morrow.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

House met pursuant to adjournment.

Prayer by Rev. Mr. Barron, of this city.

Journal read and approved.

CALL OF THE COUNTIES.

Mr. Bourland—A bill to give Justices of the Peace jurisdiction in certain criminal cases. Referred to the Judiciary.

Also, a bill to limit the time in which depositions, pro confesso, may be taken. Referred to the Judiciary.

Mr. Grant, a bill to amend an act entitled an act to authorize John Grant to cut or excavate a channel or canal through the shoal or reef which now obstructs the navigation between Dauphin Island and Cedar Point, in the vicinity of Mobile. Referred to the Judiciary Committee.

Also—A bill to amend Section 2313 of the Code of Alabama. Referred to the Judiciary.

Mr. Hare—A bill in relation to persons of color working roads in this State. This bill provides that all male persons of color between the ages of 18 and 45 are equally liable to road duty as white persons. Referred to appropriate Committee.

Also—A bill to repeal Sections 3273, 3274 and 3275 of the Code, in relation to carrying concealed weapons.

Mr. McLean—A bill to increase the fees of Justices of the Peace and Constables in criminal cases. Referred to the Judiciary.

Also—A bill for the relief of Jailors of the State of Alabama. Referred to the Judiciary.

Mr. Lindsey—A bill to allow crippled and disabled Confederate soldiers to peddle without a license in Tallapoosa county. Referred to Committee on Ways and Means, with instructions to report a general bill on the subject.

Also—A bill in relation to gaming, which, with amendments, was referred to the Judiciary.

Mr. Lindsey—A bill to more equally arrange the drawing of grand jurors, so as to allow two from each beat. Referred to same committee.

Mr. Hawthorn—A bill to prohibit the collection of claims which have been made for negroes purchased as slaves. Referred to same committee.

Mr. Mabry introduced a joint resolution in relation to the assumption of the United States tax on real estate by the State of Alabama. Referred to the Committee on Ways and Means.

Evil Effect of the Arrest of Admiral Semmes.

Will any man pretend that if the Southern States were still belligerent, with fleets and armies under their control, that the Federal Government would venture on so flagrant a violation of public faith and the rights of war, as is involved in the arrest and trial of Admiral Semmes? Would that Government so challenge retaliation on its own soldiers detained in Southern prisons? Is it magnanimous, then? Is it consonant with a brave and puissant nation, to oppress an unarmed and helpless foe by acts of injustice which would not have been hazarded if that enemy were in a condition to avenge the wrongs of outraged nature?

Excitement Amongst the Colored People.—"Cousin Norm," in a letter to the Macon Telegraph, from Nashville says: "There is a rare excitement among the colored people in Kentucky now. Under the requirements of the late legislation, defining conclusively the status of the negro in that State, they are leaving in immense numbers and moving northward. Chicago, Cleveland, Philadelphia, Cincinnati and other Northern cities are receiving their large quota. The negroes find places by some means in the North, and manage to live. I noticed that the greater number of the blacks I saw there were well dressed, and seemed to be well fed. They have a good prospect, too, of becoming voters in the North sometime, hence that country, and especially New England, is the best country in the world for the negro, who can manage to get there. Thousands from away down South have gone already and found homes amongst the thrifty farmers of the North."

Latest News.

MOBILE, Jan. 24.—The sales of cotton to-day amounted to thousand and forty-six bales at 47c, with market quiet and easy.

NEW YORK, Jan. 23.—Cotton nominal at 49. Gold 99.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 24.—In the Senate to-day Salsbury spoke in opposition to the enlargement of freedmen's Bureau.

A series of resolutions were referred to the committee on Reconstruction, opposing the States' right doctrine and denying the right of secession and advocating the setting apart of all the territory of Texas for the use of the colored people in order that the two races might be separated.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 20.—The Senate to-day was in discussion of the bill enlarging the privileges of the Freedmen's Bureau. Mr. Guthrie, of Kentucky, made a conservative speech in opposition; he looked upon it as an invasion of the rights of the States, calculated to irritate, rather than quiet the feelings of the people.

NEW YORK, Jan. 19.—The Herald's Vera Cruz correspondent sends intelligence of Republican successes of an important character. Notal, the ancient capital of Mexico, a place of 1,100 inhabitants, has been captured by the Jurist under Monez and Marshal Bazaine. All the Imperial troops at hand had started for the city of Mexico to attempt to retake the position.

The fighting in the interior appears to have resulted so favorably for the Republicans that all unite on the point that the position of Maximilian a most critical one.

The Vera Cruz papers regard the outbreak of hostilities between the United States and France as inevitable, and only a question of time.

MARRIED.—At the residence of Mrs. Stewart on the 11th inst., by E. T. Read, Wm. Ferguson Esq., of Tennessee and Miss Sarah Ann Carpenter of Calhoun County Ala.

MARRIED.—On the evening of the 25th inst. at the residence of the bride's mother by E. T. Read Thomas A. Neibors and Miss Rosaline H. Burton all of Calhoun County Ala.

DECEASED.—After an illness of eight days, at White Plains, Calhoun county, Ala., on the 15th of Jan. 1866, Miss ELEANOR COKE M. KERR, wife of Dr. William Kerr, and daughter of Rev. Leroy Masingale, of the Mobile Conference.

She was from childhood a member of the M. E. Church, and through life a consistent Christian.

The "Macon Beacon," Macon, Miss., will please copy.

If you want your Watches, Clocks, Jewelry, Accorleons &c repaired enquire for E. B. McCLELEN.

For the present he may be found at the "Kahn House" on the northeast Corner of the public square.

Administrators' Notice.

LETTERS of administration upon the Estate of William T. Johnson, dec'd, having been granted to the undersigned on the 20th day of January, 1866, by the Hon. the Probate court of Calhoun county Alabama, Notice is hereby given, that all persons having claims against said estate will be required to present the same within the time allowed by law, or that the same will be barred.

SAMUEL CHADWELL, Adm'r.

DR. J. A. CLOPTON, of Alabama.

He located in the country near Selma, Calhoun county, Mississippi, where he may be consulted. He operates with perfect success for

PILES, FISTULA, TUMORS, POLYPI, DISEASES OF FEMALES, Etc.

Dr. C. has never lost a patient, nor had an accident to happen. He has operated on the most respectable of the profession of all the Southern States, and for a good many years, he visits almost every city in the South.

He will visit Gadsden, and points on the Mobile and Ohio Railroad, if some three or four should desire it. Feb. 23, '65

THE STATE OF ALABAMA,

Calhoun County.

Court of Probate for said county, Special Term, Jan. 22d, 1866.

This day came John W. Ledbetter and John W. Whiteside, Administrators of the Estate of Moses Whiteside, deceased, and filed their application, setting forth among other things, that decedent was the owner and in possession of the following described Lands, to-wit:

The north west quarter of section three, in Fractional Township thirteen of Range ten east, containing one hundred and forty and 17-100 acres. The east half of the north east quarter of section four in Fractional Township thirteen of Range ten east, containing eighty and 21-100 acres. The North west quarter of the north east quarter of section four, in Fractional Township thirteen, Range ten east, containing eighty and 21-100 acres. The North west quarter of the north east quarter of section four in Fractional Township thirteen and Range ten east, containing forty and 12-100 acres, except fifteen acres sold in lifetime of intestate off of the west portion of the above described lands.

They further represent that the following named persons are non-resident distributees of said estate, who reside beyond the limits of the State of Alabama, to-wit: Mary M. Penland, wife of S. H. Penland, who resides in the State of Georgia; Rebecca S. Kelly, wife of Russel Kelly, who resides in the State of Texas; Elizabeth Cowden, wife of Franklin Cowden, who resides in the State of Texas; the children of James M. Whiteside, deceased, to-wit: Sarah A. Whiteside, Thomas O. Whiteside, J. M. S. Whiteside, A. D. L. Whiteside, M. H. Whiteside, Mary E. Whiteside and Whiteside, all of whom are minors, and reside in the State of Texas. The children of Martha M. Woolf, deceased, late the wife of Henry W. Woolf, to-wit: Marshall L. Woolf, who resides in Cherokee county, Alabama; Mary A. Woolf, Moses Woolf, Washington Woolf, Sarah A. Woolf, Clarissa E. C. Woolf, all of whom are minors, and reside in the State of Texas, except Marshall L. Woolf as above stated.

Said Administrators further state, that a fair, just and equitable division of said lands cannot be made among the heirs and distributees of said estate without a sale thereof, and ask the Court to grant an order authorizing them to sell said described lands for the purpose of distribution.

It is therefore ordered by the Court, that Monday the 12th day of March next be set for the hearing of said application; and that notice of the filing of the same be given by publication in the Jacksonville Republican, a newspaper published in said county, for forty days prior to said day, which shall be a notice to said non-residents, as well as all others interested in said application, to be and appear before me, at my office in the town of Jacksonville, on said Monday the 12th day of March, next, when and where they can contest said application if they desire.

Given under my hand at office this 22nd day of January, 1866

A. WOODS, Judge of Probate.

Administrators' Notice.

LETTERS testamentary on the Estate of J. W. Conway, dec'd, having been granted to the undersigned by the Probate Court of DeKalb County, Ala., on the 5th day of December, 1865, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against said estate to present them, legally authenticated, within the time prescribed by law, or they will be barred; and all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment.

JOHN M. GASQUE, Adm'r.

Administrators' Notice.

LETTERS of Administration on the Estate of Jas. F. Sims, deceased, having been granted to the undersigned by the Probate Court of DeKalb County, Ala., on the 22nd day of December, 1865, Notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against said Estate to present them legally authenticated, within the time prescribed by law or they will be barred; and all persons indebted are required to make payment.

HENRY P. WARREN, Adm'r.

THE STATE OF ALABAMA,

Calhoun County.

Court of Probate for said county, Special Term, Jan. 22d, 1866.

The Estate of R. A. Carruth, deceased, was this day, by an Order and Decree of said Court, declared insolvent; and case S. M. Carruth, who is the administrator of said estate, and filed in court his account, and vouchers for a settlement of said estate as an insolvent estate. The 22nd day of February, 1866 is set apart for making said settlement; and notice of the same is hereby given in the Jacksonville Republican, a Newspaper printed and published in said county, for three successive weeks prior to said settlement day, as a notice to the creditors of said estate, and all other persons concerned, to be and appear at a Special Term of said Court, to be held at the court house of said county, on said 22nd day of February, 1866, and contest said settlement if they think proper.

A. WOODS, Judge of Probate.

F. A. WOODSON, Wholesale Grocer

Commission Merchant,

SELMA, ALA.

Will make liberal advances on COTTON

Consigned to him for Storage in his "FIRE PROOF WAREHOUSE" or for Shipment to his friends in Mobile and New Orleans.

500 Boxes VIRGINIA TOBAC.

CO. on assignment, which will be sold below the market by

Selma, Dec. 30. F. A. WOODSON.

RILEY & FANCHEN,

DEALERS IN

HARDWARE,

IRON, CUTLERY, GUNS, TOOLS

AND

AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS,

(SIGN OF THE PADLOCK.)

Broad Street, Rome, Ga.

Charles E. Hills, J. Seymour Fanchen.

COTTON SEED FOR SALE.

We have received a lot of FRESH COTTON SEED from the lower country which we offer for sale. Call soon if you wish to be supplied.

S. & S. J. MORGAN, Oxford, Ala. Dec. 2, 1865.—1f.

ALA. & TENN. RIVER R. R.

TRAINS leave Selma daily (Sunday excepted) at 7 A. M., and arrive at Blue Mountain at 7 05 P. M.

Returning, leave Blue Mountain at 7 A. M., and arrive at Selma at 6 30 P. M.

A daily line of stages connects Blue Mountain and Rome, 60 miles, making this the shortest, quickest and cheapest line of travel between South Alabama and Chattanooga and points North.

W. M. ROTHROCK, Gen. M't.

Nov. 18—65.

A. G. PITNER, S. P. SMITH, J. H. COOPER.

PITNER, COOPER & CO.

Wholesale and Retail GROCERS

AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

Pitner's Corner, Broad St., Rome, Ga.

Will Receive and Sell Ship or Store COTTON and other Produce for the Planters. Mr. J. H. Cooper, who has had long experience in the Cotton trade, will give his special attention to that branch of the business.

Rome, Ga., Sept. 28, 1865.—6m.

AMBROTYPES.

E. GOODE, Artist.

HAS prepared an Ambrotype Gallery in this place, over Ryan & Rowland's Store, where he is prepared to take all kinds of AMBROTYPES, put up in fine or common cases, or without cases, at as low prices as can be done any where in this country. He expects in a few weeks to be prepared to take PHOTOGRAPHS with Albums, for sale. Those who want Photographs should come in soon and have their Ambrotypes taken, so that the Photographs can be taken from them as soon as he gets ready.

He hopes and believes, from his long past experience, that he can give general satisfaction, and will receive a liberal patronage from citizens of this and surrounding counties.

Jacksonville, December 16, 1865.

N. S. PUNCH, ALEX. F. HAWTHORN.

PUNCH & HAWTHORN,

Cotton Factors,

AND GENERAL COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

No. 23, COMMERCE STREET,

MOBILE, ALA.

W. B. WYNN, of Jacksonville is our authorized Agent for the purchase and shipment of cotton, orders for Groceries, Plantation Supplies, &c

P. & H. Nov. 18, 1865—3m.

FOR SALE.

CAST IRON STOCK KETTLE, holding about 40 gallons. Enquire at this Office. Dec. 9, 1865.

DR. M. W. FRANCIS,

HAS resumed the duties of his profession in all its branches. Office, N. W. Corner of Public Square, JACKSONVILLE, ALA.

November 18, 1865.—1f.

Wholesale Drug House.

IN MONTGOMERY, ALA.

HAVING re-leased the building formerly known as Jones' Drug Store on Market street, corner of Perry, together with the two large warehouses on the same lot; and recently returned from New York and Philadelphia with one of the largest and most complete stocks of Drugs, Chemicals, Spices, Toilet Soaps, Perfumery and Patent Medicines, ever introduced to this market. I would respectfully ask the attention of Physicians and country Dealers to examine a stock personally selected for the Southern trade, and which for Purity, Freshness and Excellence, can not be excelled by any house in the country. Also a great variety of Fresh GARDEN SEED. This stock of Drugs and medicines has been purchased from Importers and manufacturers, and at prices that will enable me to sell as low as any establishment in the South. Orders accompanied with the cash will receive prompt attention and forwarded to any part of the country.

E. M. READING, Wholesale and Retail Druggist. Sign of the Eagle and Mortar, 34 Market street, corner of Perry.

C. PELHAM,

Attorney at Law, Talladega, Ala.

WILL give prompt attention to all business entrusted to his care in Calhoun, St. Clair, Randolph and Talladega counties. Special attention will be given to obtaining FIDELITY BONDS. Arrangements have been made to secure protection to property within the shortest time possible. Office on the east side of the public square, formerly occupied by Gov. Parsons. Sep. 2, '65.

NOTICE.

All persons indebted to the firm of J. D. Hoke & Bro. will please call without delay and settle; as I will be reluctantly compelled to place the debts in the hands of an attorney for collection.—Jno. D. HOKE, —Surv. Partner.

BLANK DEEDS.

FOR SALE AT THIS OFFICE.

